

The Mildmay Gazette

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 In Advance.

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MARCH 7th, 1918.

J. A. JOHNSTONE Publisher.

M. FINGER

Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

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Druggist, Mildmay.

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Bruce Stock Breeders' AUCTION SALE

20 REGISTERED SHORTHORNS 20 MARKET SQUARE WAKERTON

THURSDAY, MAR. 7TH AT 1 P. M.

15 Bulls, 6-16 months old. Heifers, 6-18 months.

For particulars and terms see Bills and write for Catalogue.

W. A. TOLTON, N. C. MacKAY, President Secretary Walkerton, R R 3. Walkerton, Ont

LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

Mail Train, northbound 11.14
Afternoon Train, southbound 3.35

NEWS of the WEEK

Items of Interest to Everybody.

Watch for the date of the Mildmay Spring Show.

Floyd Fink is recovering rapidly and will soon be able to resume his duties at the Bank.

Fred Dustow has 300 bushels of barley for sale, suitable for seed. Price \$1.50 per bushel.

Henry Weber's residence next to the public school is offered for sale or rent Apply to J. A. Johnstone.

Mrs. Hy. Stroeder of the 8th concession of Carrick underwent an operation at the Bruce County hospital last week. She is progressing favorably.

Auction sale of farm stock and implements at Lot 33, Con. A., Carrick on Thursday, March 14th. Jacob P. Beninger, proprietor; J. G. Carter, auctioneer.

Wood has been coming to Mildmay in large quantities during the past few weeks. Our citizens are trying to avoid another experience such as they passed through this winter.

Mr. Louis Hoffele of Kitchener, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kuenemann of Hanover Miss Josephine Hoffele of Detroit and Mrs. Kocher of Buffalo were home during the past week.

Clearing sale closes on Saturday, March 9th at Weiler Bros.

The price of hogs at Mildmay this week was \$18.50 per cwt.

Miss Edith Macke of Windsor is home this week visiting her mother.

Miss Alberta Becker was the guest of Miss Becta Hunstein at Cargill over Sunday.

Notice to men—We can save you \$5 to \$6 in ordering your spring suit here. Weiler Bros.

Mr. Robt. Gilmar left on Tuesday for her home at Glevannah, Sask., after spending a couple of months here.

Mrs. L. Beale and Miss M. O'Brien of Stratford are visiting at the home of their brother, Mr. W. E. O'Brien.

We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Mrs. John Darroch of Lakelet. She is suffering from heart trouble.

Orders taken for ladies' suits, spring coats and skirts. You can save money by letting us have your order. Weiler Bros.

The marriage of Mr. Roy M. Wenger of Ayton, to Miss Laura Michlhausen of Elmwood, took place on Wednesday, Feb. 27th

A team of horses belonging to Xavier Hoffele ran away in town yesterday, but beyond smashing a section of fence, no damage resulted.

The roads in the township of Carrick are in a bad condition. There are many bare stretches, while in other spots the snow is piled high.

Mrs. R. Schwalm returned last Friday from Toronto where she attended the millinery openings. She is now preparing for the spring millinery trade here.

Mr. Robt. T. Kahl of Normanby has taken possession of the Voelzing farm on the Elora road, Carrick. Mr. Voelzing moved on Monday to his new farm at Hanover.

Our first spring supply of cameras and supplies should be in this week. Look them over before buying elsewhere and be sure of the best at Seegmillers.

Rev. Thos. Wilson, pastor of the Walkerton Presbyterian church for the past fifteen years, has tendered his resignation. He has made no plans for the future, but intends to take a rest before taking another charge.

The new train service come into effect on Monday morning, and it is anything but satisfactory. It is unfortunate that the G. T. R. did not put the "cut" into effect in January and February, when the train service was not so badly needed.

Pte. Clarence Kramer left last week for Toronto where he will enter a military hospital to receive treatment for his wounded arm. His many friends will be pleased to learn that there is a bright prospect of a complete recovery, so that he will be able to resume his place in civil life again.

Mr. Jos. Hoffele of Rivere Qu'barre, Alta., spent three weeks with old friends and relatives in this section. Mr. Hoffele formerly lived on the Andrew Fortney farm, but nineteen years ago he moved out West. He is located about twenty miles northwest of Edmonton, and has a fine farm, and is doing very well.

A box social, under the auspices of the of the Victory Knitting Club will be held at Inglis's School, S. S. No. 9, Carrick on Friday evening March 8th. A good programme, consisting of dialogues, drills, recitations, vocal and instrumental music is being arranged. Everybody come and enjoy a good evening's entertainment. Admission 25c. Ladies bringing boxes, free.

Miss Glenn of Glenn-Charles, Toronto Canadas Hair Fashion Store, will be in Mildmay, Thursday, March 7th, at the Commercial hotel, with a full line of ladies' and gentlemen's Hair Goods. If you are not satisfied with the appearance of your hair consult Miss Glenn who is an authority on Hair Goods and individual Hair Styles. Free demonstration.

Sunday, Mar. 10th, has been set aside for financial purposes at the Methodist Church. The General Connexion Funds will be placed before you. Some \$35.00 must be raised. We believe the \$35.00 mark can be passed. Give generously. Let us finish this last financial campaign with the spirit that has been manifested throughout the year. The morning subject will be "God's Methods of Finance." At the evening session the pastor will discuss the problem "Should the Christian Tithe, and How?"

BORN.

KACHELE—At Three Hills, Alta., on Feb. 26th, to Mr. and Mrs. David Kachele, a daughter.

Cream taken in any time of the day and any day of the week. Highest price paid for same. Weiler Bros.

Mr. Edward Lobsinger, who has been assistant agent at Lucknow railway station, has put on a suit of khaki, and has gone to London to train.

Mrs. David Weber and Mr. and Mrs. Jos. St. Marie left on Monday afternoon for Vawn, Sask. Messrs. David and Manuel Weber are shipping two cars of settlers effects to Saskatchewan. They expect to get away to-day.

Eddie Schmidt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Urban Schmidt, underwent an operation for appendicitis on Sunday morning at the St. Joseph's hospital, Guelph. It was a very serious case, but we are glad to be able to report that the patient has very bright prospects of recovery.

Mr. Geo. Frank, saddler, is moving this week to the Wagner farm on the 8th concession of Carrick. Mr. and Mrs. Frank have been residents of this village for about three years, and have made many friends here, who wish them success in their new venture.

Raw Furs.

Mink, muskrat, fox and skunk are very high, bring them to Seegmillers.

Another Carrick Farm Sold.

Mr. Jacob P. Beninger has disposed of his farm on the outskirts of the village of Formosa to Mr. Walter Tiede of that place, and will hold auction sale of farm stock and implements on Thursday, March 14th.

Notice to Shed Users.

We, the undersigned, have agreed to make a minimum charge on all shed users that do not patronize the hotels. All others will be exempted from payment. The sheds have to be kept open for the public and it costs a lot of money to do so. Bert Schmaltz, Chas. Buhlmann.

Village Property Sold.

Mrs. Jos. Schnurr of Detroit came over last week to secure a buyer for her property here. This is an especially fine residence, and a number of prospective buyers were rounded up. Mr. Geo. Procknow, who moved to town last week, was the fortunate man, and secured the property at a very moderate price. He assumes immediate possession of the premises.

A Great Sale.

One of the most successful auction sales ever held in this locality was that at Geo. Johnston's last Thursday. The prices realized for live stock were enormous. Twenty-two sheep, including four lambs and a ram, sold for \$7.35, and five fat cattle brought \$700. Brood sows sold from \$75 to \$96. Horses also brought good prices at this sale, being of exceptionally good quality.

50 Acre Farm Sold.

Mr. William Albrecht has disposed of his 50 acre farm on the 8rd concession of Carrick to Mr. Wm. J. Reddon, who owns the farm on the opposite side of the road. Mr. Reddon will use his newly acquired property for grazing purposes. Mr. Albrecht is not in very robust health, and we understand that he is looking for a buyer for the balance of the Albrecht farm lands.

Mildmay Trims Walkerton.

The long looked for hockey match between Walkerton and Mildmay was played off last Thursday evening at the local rink, and the game resulted in a victory for the home team by 13 to 2. It was somewhat of a lopsided exhibition, the home team being much too fast for the visitors, who showed lack of practice. The Walkerton boys have no hockey rink this season, and this no doubt accounts for their lack of form. The game was played in three periods of twenty minutes each, with Wm. Kramer as referee. For the locals, Pete Lobsinger and Herb Weiler scored four goals each, and Chas. Schmidt also made several tallies. The line-up for the locals was as follows:—Goal—Sauer; Defence—Young, Kunkel; Forwards—Schmidt, Weiler and Lobsinger.

SALE REGISTER.

Anthony Wagner will sell by public auction all his farm stock and implements on Friday, March 8th, at Lot 31, Con. 8, Carrick. John Purvis, auctioneer.

Auction sale of farm stock and implements will be held at Lot 5, Con. 9 Carrick, on Monday, March 11th. Geo. Grub, prop., John Purvis, auctioneer.

Auction sale of farm stock and implements, at lot 36, con. D., Carrick, on Thursday, March 7th. Mrs. Macke, prop., John Darroch, auctioneer.

Auction sale of farm stock and implements at Lot 8, Con. B, Culross, on Tuesday, Mar. 19th, Herman Weiss, prop.

Mrs. Philip Lobsinger was taken to Guelph hospital on Tuesday afternoon to undergo an operation for appendicitis. Her husband accompanied her. Mrs. Lobsinger's many friends hope she may have a safe and speedy recovery.

Seed Spring Wheat Available.

Mr. E. Witter has ordered 100 bus. of No. 1 Marquis spring wheat, to be distributed among the farmers of this section for seed purposes. The price is about \$2 75 per bushel. Every farmer who can raise spring wheat is urged to sow a few bushels this spring.

Rented His Farm.

Mr. Albert Haskins has rented his 50 acre farm at Huntingfield for a term of three years to Mr. Thos. Inglis of Howick, and will hold an auction sale between March 20th and 25th. Mr. Haskins is in delicate health, and both of his sons have gone to war, leaving him without help on the farm.

Dustow—Wylie.

A very happy event took place on Wednesday, Feb. 27th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Wylie, Riverdale farm, Howick, when their daughter, Romedia Grace, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Albert Dustow of Yonkers, Sask., son of Mrs. Thos. Dustow of Carrick. Rev. N. R. D. Sinclair performed the ceremony. About twenty of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties assembled in the parlor at 4.30, and to the strains of a wedding march played by Miss Mary Dettmann, was promptly responded to by the appearance of the groom, who took his bride under an arch of evergreens. The bride entered the room on the arm of her father and looked charming in a gown of Battleship grey silk faille adorned with a wreath of lily-of-the-valley in her hair. After the ceremony congratulations followed and then the happy couple proceeded to the dining-room and all partook of a sumptuous wedding supper. The evening was spent in games and music. The presents were numerous and costly, a proof of the high esteem in which the young people are held. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome muff. Mr. Dustow is a prosperous farmer from the west, and the happy young couple intend leaving for the west on March 13th, and will take up residence at Yonkers, Sask., where Mr. Dustow has a fine farm on the beautiful shores of Lake Manitou. Their many friends wish them a long and prosperous wedded life.

Reception to Returned Soldier.

There was a good-sized audience at the town hall on Friday evening of last week when Pte. Clarence Kramer, who has returned recently from France, was given a public reception by the local branch of the Preparedness League. The following address was read, during which Pte. Kramer was presented with a purse of money from the League:—

To Clarence Kramer, returned veteran of the Great War.

Dear Mr. Kramer: There is no honor too great for the Great War Veterans. The people of Mildmay do themselves great honor in welcoming you back from the berils of this terrible war.

Believing it to be your duty, to do your bit in putting down the greatest force for evil that ever menaced the happiness of the world, you volunteered to go, and though turned down again and again you persisted until they permitted you to go. In this redounds greatly to your honor.

Probably the "Old Guard" of Napoleon was the grandest body of troops found in historic records, but the brave deeds of the Canadian troops in Flanders have put them on a par with that grand body. In this honor you rightly share, and we welcome you home as one of these.

You are a living example of the highest ideal of citizenship.

We are sorry that you were so severely wounded and we hope for your recovery as far as is possible.

We ask you to accept this purse as a small token of our appreciation of your honorable and patriotic course in this great crisis.

We again join in welcoming you back, and hope you will long live to enjoy the respect and esteem of your admiring friends.

Signed on behalf of the people of Mildmay and Carrick.

Pte. Kramer replied in a very neat address of 30 minutes duration, during which he gave a very interesting account of the life of the soldiers in the trenches, and relating many personal experiences.

Pte. Kramer cannot be accused of being a boaster, but all through his discourse there was manifest an unmistakable feeling of pride in the Canadian soldiers, who are doing a marvellous work for the Allies. The chair was ably occupied by Mr. Jos. C. Thomson, the local president of the League. The Waechter orchestra rendered a number of splendid selections, the Misses Morrison played a very pretty classical piano duet, and Miss Rannie delighted the audience with two well-rendered solos. The gathering broke up by the singing of the National Anthem.

Mildmay Incorporated.

Mildmay and Carrick Separated by Special Act of Parliament.

ELECTION ON MAY 8TH.

By a special Act of Legislature, introduced by W. D. Cargill, M. P. P. for South Bruce, the village of Mildmay has become incorporated. The matter came up in the House on Tuesday morning, when a deputation of four, comprised of Messrs. L. Doering, W. G. Helwig, D. Robertson and R. McNamara, representing those who favored the scheme, presented the petition praying for incorporation. Mr. Robertson of Walkerton addressed the Legislature setting forth the grounds upon which the application was based, and read a letter written by Dr. J. A. Wilson of Mildmay, stating that 75% of the householders of Mildmay were users of the private water system, and as there is absolutely no drainage, the village is in imminent danger of an epidemic as the result.

Clause 10 of the Act provides that the cost of obtaining the Act will be paid by the said village of Mildmay.

Mr. J. M. Fisher represented those who opposed the measure. The bill reads in part as follows:—

Whereas the unincorporated Village of Mildmay, in the Township of Carrick, in the County of Bruce, has a population of six hundred and twenty-five souls or thereabouts; and whereas the said village is the only village of any extent in the said Township of Carrick, and has several manufacturing industries established in the said village and is a station on the Grand Trunk Railway; and whereas the inhabitants of the said village have, by their petition, represented that they are desirous of becoming incorporated as a village, that there is a great difficulty in equalizing the values of village and farm properties in said township, and that its finances could be better husbanded and used to better advantage, and the enforcement of law and order more systematically carried out if the said village were incorporated;

From and after the holding of the first election under this Act, the inhabitants of the said Village of Mildmay shall be, and they are hereby constituted a corporation or body politic under the name of the Corporation of the Village of Mildmay, apart from the Township of Carrick, in which the said village is situated, and shall enjoy and have all the rights, power and privileges which could have been enjoyed and exercised by the said Village of Mildmay if the same had been incorporated under the Municipal Act, except as otherwise provided by this Act.

The council of the said village to be elected in manner aforesaid, shall consist of a reeve, who shall be the head thereof, and four councillors, and they shall be organized as a council on the same day of the week next following the week of polling, or if there be no polling, on same day of the next week following the week of nomination, and subsequent elections shall be held in the same manner as in villages incorporated under the provisions of the municipal laws of Ontario, and the said council and their successors in office, shall have, use, exercise and enjoy all the powers and privileges vested by the said municipal laws in village councils, and shall be subject to all the liabilities and duties imposed by the said municipal laws on such councils.

The several persons who shall be elected or appointed under this Act shall take the declaration of office and qualification now required by the municipal laws of Ontario to be taken by persons elected or appointed to like office in villages.

At the first election of reeve and councillors for the said Village of Mildmay, the qualification of electors and that of the officers required to qualify shall be the same as that required in villages by the municipal law of Ontario, and the qualification for reeve shall be the same as that of a reeve in a village. The council of the said Village of Mildmay shall be entitled to recover from the said Township of Carrick such share of all moneys on hand, due, owing and of right collectible by and belonging to the said township at and prior to the said time of incorporation or thereafter, if entitled thereto, as shall bear such proportion to the whole as the amount of the assessed property within the limits of the said village as shown by the collector's roll of the year 1917, bears to the whole amount of the assessed property of the said Township of Carrick, each to each, and the said village shall be liable to pay to the said

township a share in the same proportion of all debts and liabilities existing against the said township at the time this Act shall come into force, as the same shall become due and which are fairly and equitably chargeable against the said village, and in case of dispute, the share to be borne by each respectively shall be ascertained and settled under the provisions of the municipal laws of Ontario.

The expenses incurred in obtaining this Act and those of furnishing any documents or copies of papers, writings, deeds or any matters whatsoever required by the clerk or other officer of the said village or otherwise, shall be borne by the said village and paid to any party that may be entitled thereto.

MOLTKE.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seim Sundayed with Mrs. Baetz and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Weigel and family spent Sunday at Drew.

A successful quilting bee was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Kuhl. Mr. Adam Lantz has sold his farm to his father, Mr. H. Lantz and intends to hold an auction sale in the near future. Mr. Lantz is not able to work the farm, on account of poor health.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dahmer of Sask., are visiting friends and relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Con Eidt and Tommy Lucas of Hanover made a flying trip through our burg one day last week.

Mr. August Lantz has moved to his new farm near Orchard.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. are under the doctor's care at present.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baetz, a daughter.

Report of S. S. No 10, Carrick

IV—Marie Scheffer, Eleanor Scheffer, Julia Scheffer, Eugene Schwehr, George Schneider, Zita Weiler, Priscilla Haezle (absent).

III—Eleanor Schwehr, Florentina Schnurr, Alie Reinhardt, Hilda Kuenzig, Rosie Weiler, Frieda Weiler, Loretta Haezle, Katie Schneider.

II—Oswald Schwehr, Frank Schnurr, George Reinhardt, Mary Schneider, Barney Hundt, Gertrude Haezle, Zeno Kempel, Louis Strauss, Joe Moyer, Alphonus Kempel.

I—Albinus Schnurr, Harry Weiler, Josie Schwehr, Johnny Kuenzig, Sam Moyer, (absent) Margaret Haezle, Marie Schumacher, Evelyn Schumacher, Loretta Hundt, Mary Kuenzig, Susie Schneider.

Don't forget the soldiers 25c writing kit at Seegmillers next time you send a box overseas.

Miss Schurter has returned home after spending three weeks, attending the millinery openings at Detroit and Toronto.

Mrs. Moses Filsinger entertained her lady friends at a quilting bee last Wednesday. Mrs. Filsinger's hospitality was appreciated by her guests.

Mr. W. H. Huck, who has been away for the benefit of his health for the past few weeks, arrived home yesterday. He spent the past few days at Cobalt.

Farewell to Voelzing Family.

The Mildmay Evangelical church sustains a very severe loss in the removal of Mr. and Mrs. John Voelzing and family. Last Friday evening the members of the Ladies Aid, the Y. P. A. and the Sunday School class assembled at their home to bid them a formal farewell, and to express their sincere regret at their removal from this vicinity. During the evening the Ladies Aid presented Mrs. Voelzing with a pretty jardiniere, and the Y. P. A. gave Miss Edna Voelzing a cut glass dish and Mr. Dan Voelzing a set of cuff links. Miss Voelzing's Sunday School class also presented her with a cut glass vase and the following address.

Dear Leader— On the eve of your departure from our midst, we, your Sunday School scholars take this opportunity of expressing our sincere regret and endeavour to show our appreciation of your efforts in our behalf.

While under your guiding hand we have learned much which will be useful to us in the future. Your course of Life while among us has always been an influence for us to follow as a true model of a Christian.

In your new home and among new friends which you are bound to make in no small numbers. We wish you God speed and implore His blessing for your future.

We ask you to accept this token in the spirit it is given, not as reimbursement, but as a slight appreciation of your efforts and hope that wherever you will be you will think of your S. S. class at Mildmay.

Signed on behalf of the Class.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs
 Toronto, Mar. 5.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.20; No. 2, do., \$2.20; No. 3, do., \$2.17; No. 4, do., \$2.10; in store Fort William, including freight, \$2.10; Manitoba cross—No. 2 C.W., \$2.10; No. 3 C.W., \$2.05; extra No. 1 feed, \$2.10; No. 1 feed, 59c; in store Fort William, \$2.05; American corn—No. 2 yellow, kiln dried, \$2.05; track Toronto, \$2.05; Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 97 to 99c; No. 3 white, 86 to 97c, according to freights outside.
 Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$2.22; basis in store Montreal.
 Peas—No. 2, \$3.70 to \$3.80, according to freights outside.
 Barley—Malt, \$1.68 to \$1.70, according to freights outside.
 Buckwheat—\$1.73 to \$1.80, according to freights outside.
 Rye—No. 2, \$2.08 to \$2.10, according to freights outside.
 Manitoba flour—War quality, \$11.10, new bars, Toronto.
 Ontario flour—War quality, \$10.70, new bars, Toronto and Montreal freight, prompt shipment.
 Millfeed—Chr. lots—Delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$35; shorts, per ton, \$40; middlings, white, per ton, \$45 to \$46; good feed flour, bag, \$2.10.
 Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18; mixed, \$14 to \$16; track Toronto, \$15; Straw—Cur lots, per ton, \$8.50 to \$9, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale
 Butter—Creamery solids, per lb., 47 to 47 1/2; prints, per lb., 47 to 48c; dairy, per lb., 36 to 38c.
 Eggs—New laid, 49 to 50c.
 Poultry—Dressed chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 25 to 27c; ducks, 23 to 24c; geese, 21 to 22c; turkeys, 30 to 35c.
 Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:
 Cheese—New large, 23 to 23 1/2c; twin, 23 1/2 to 24c; early cheese, 25 1/2 to 26c; large twin, 26 to 26 1/2c.
 Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 41c; creamery prints, 51 to 52c; solids, 49 to 50c.
 Eggs—New laid, 55c; new laid, in cartons, 58 to 60c; No. 1 storage, 61 to 62c.
 Dressed poultry—Milk-fed chickens, 42 to 46c; fowl, 26 to 30c; turkeys, 35 to 40c; ducks, spring, 27 to 30c; geese, 27 to 28c.
 Live poultry—Turkeys, 30c; chickens, lb., 26 to 28c; hens, 30 to 33c; ducks, spring, 26c; geese, 25 to 27c.
 Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bush, \$5.25 to \$5.50; Imp. hand-picked, Burma, \$5.75; Indian, \$6.75 to \$7; Japan, \$8 to \$8.25; Lima, 18 to 19c.

Provisions—Wholesale
 Spiced meats—Hams, medium, 34 to 35c; do., heavy, 35 to 36c; breakfast bacon, 40 to 42c; backs, plain, 42 to 43c; boneless, 45 to 46c.
 Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 25 to 26c; clear hams, 27 to 28c.
 Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 29 1/2 to 30c; tubs, 27 1/2 to 29c; pails, 30 to 31c; compound tierces, 25 1/2 to 26c; tubs, 25 1/2 to 26c; pails, 26 to 27c.

Montreal Markets
 Montreal, Mar. 5.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, \$1.11; extra No. 1 feed, \$1.11; No. 2 local white, \$1.09; No. 4 local white, \$1.08. Flour—New standard Spring wheat grade, \$1.10 to \$1.15. Rolled oats—Bugs, 90 lbs., \$5.60 to \$5.70. Bran \$30, shorts, \$40 to \$42. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17.00.

Winnipeg Grain
 Winnipeg, Mar. 5.—Cash prices: Oats—No. 2 C.W., 97c; No. 3 C.W., 94c; extra No. 1 feed, 84c; No. 1 feed, 82c; No. 2 feed, 81c; No. 3 feed, 80c; No. 4 feed, 79c; No. 5 feed, 78c; No. 6 feed, 77c; No. 7 feed, 76c; No. 8 feed, 75c; No. 9 feed, 74c; No. 10 feed, 73c; No. 11 feed, 72c; No. 12 feed, 71c; No. 13 feed, 70c; No. 14 feed, 69c; No. 15 feed, 68c; No. 16 feed, 67c; No. 17 feed, 66c; No. 18 feed, 65c; No. 19 feed, 64c; No. 20 feed, 63c; No. 21 feed, 62c; No. 22 feed, 61c; No. 23 feed, 60c; No. 24 feed, 59c; No. 25 feed, 58c; No. 26 feed, 57c; No. 27 feed, 56c; No. 28 feed, 55c; No. 29 feed, 54c; No. 30 feed, 53c; No. 31 feed, 52c; No. 32 feed, 51c; No. 33 feed, 50c; No. 34 feed, 49c; No. 35 feed, 48c; No. 36 feed, 47c; No. 37 feed, 46c; No. 38 feed, 45c; No. 39 feed, 44c; No. 40 feed, 43c; No. 41 feed, 42c; No. 42 feed, 41c; No. 43 feed, 40c; No. 44 feed, 39c; No. 45 feed, 38c; No. 46 feed, 37c; No. 47 feed, 36c; No. 48 feed, 35c; No. 49 feed, 34c; No. 50 feed, 33c; No. 51 feed, 32c; No. 52 feed, 31c; No. 53 feed, 30c; No. 54 feed, 29c; No. 55 feed, 28c; No. 56 feed, 27c; No. 57 feed, 26c; No. 58 feed, 25c; No. 59 feed, 24c; No. 60 feed, 23c; No. 61 feed, 22c; No. 62 feed, 21c; No. 63 feed, 20c; No. 64 feed, 19c; No. 65 feed, 18c; No. 66 feed, 17c; No. 67 feed, 16c; No. 68 feed, 15c; No. 69 feed, 14c; No. 70 feed, 13c; No. 71 feed, 12c; No. 72 feed, 11c; No. 73 feed, 10c; No. 74 feed, 9c; No. 75 feed, 8c; No. 76 feed, 7c; No. 77 feed, 6c; No. 78 feed, 5c; No. 79 feed, 4c; No. 80 feed, 3c; No. 81 feed, 2c; No. 82 feed, 1c; No. 83 feed, 0c; No. 84 feed, 0c; No. 85 feed, 0c; No. 86 feed, 0c; No. 87 feed, 0c; No. 88 feed, 0c; No. 89 feed, 0c; No. 90 feed, 0c; No. 91 feed, 0c; No. 92 feed, 0c; No. 93 feed, 0c; No. 94 feed, 0c; No. 95 feed, 0c; No. 96 feed, 0c; No. 97 feed, 0c; No. 98 feed, 0c; No. 99 feed, 0c; No. 100 feed, 0c.

United States Markets
 Minneapolis, Minn., Mar. 5.—Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.78 to \$1.82; Oats—No. 2 white, 92 to 93c. Flour unchanged.
 Duluth, Minn., Mar. 5.—Lined—\$3.91 to \$4.03; arrive \$3.91; May, \$3.91; asked, July, \$3.97; asked, October, \$3.60 bid.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Mar. 5.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12; do., good heavy, \$11.40 to \$11.65; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.25 to \$11.35; do., good, \$10.75 to \$11; do., medium, \$10 to \$10.25; do., common, \$9 to \$9.25; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do., good, \$9.50 to \$10; do., medium, \$9 to \$9.25; do., rough, \$8.50 to \$9; butchers' cows, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do., good, \$9.75 to \$9; do., medium, \$9 to \$9.50; do., rough, \$8.50 to \$9; feeders, \$9 to \$10; canners and cutters, \$8 to \$8.50; milkers, good to choice, \$9 to \$10; do., com. and med., \$65 to \$80; springers, \$90 to \$140; light ewes, \$13.50 to \$14.50; sheep, heavy, \$6 to \$7.25; yearlings, \$11.75 to \$12.75; lambs, \$18 to \$18.75; calves, good to choice, \$16 to \$17; hogs, fed and watered, \$19.50 to \$19.60; do., weighed off cars, \$19.75; do., f.o.b., \$18.50 to \$18.60.
 Montreal, Mar. 5.—Steers, from \$9.50 to \$11.30, according to quality; butchers' bulls, \$8 to \$10.50; butchers' cows, \$7.50 to \$10; canners' cattle, \$5.50 to \$6.50; milk calves, \$13.50 to \$15.50; sheep, \$11 to \$13; lambs, \$13 to \$16; select hogs, off cars, \$19.50 to \$19.75.

SEARCH OF FLORIZEL WITHOUT RESULT.

A despatch from St. John's, N.F., says: Men from the steamer Terra Nova, who boarded the Red Cross liner Florizel after word reached shore that signals had been observed on the rocks near Cape Race, reported that there was no living person aboard.

Every part of the vessel remaining above water was searched and the bodies of five men and one woman were recovered. None, however, was identified. The body of an unidentified woman was washed ashore on Wednesday morning.

Advices to the Government authorities that fisher folk had reported signals from survivors on the Florizel caused the immediate despatch of the Terra Nova to the scene, although agents of the Red Cross line declared that all survivors had been taken off the rescue fleet which returned here Monday with 44 persons, most of them members of the crew.

Of 136 men and women who sailed from this port on the Florizel Saturday night, 92 were lost.

PLOTTERS AGAINST CANADA ARRESTED.

A despatch from Detroit says: Government agents took into custody here shortly before midnight, five men, who, it is charged, have been engaged in manufacturing explosive bombs for use in destroying Canadian plants. The men were arrested near a little town named Brighton, Mich., 35 miles outside Detroit, and brought here under close guard. Their names are withheld for the present.

BRITISH CASUALTIES FOR FEBRUARY SMALL.

A despatch from London says: British casualties for February were smallest since last Winter, aggregating only 19,493, divided: Killed, 4,542; wounded, 11,393; missing, 3,463. Officers' casualties were: Killed, 219; wounded, 411; missing, 94; total, 724. Men's casualties were: Killed, 4,323; wounded, 10,982; missing, 3,463.

RUSSIANS STOP GERMAN ADVANCE

Government Making Stronger Resistance to Foe Invasion.

A despatch from London says: A Petrograd despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company under date of February 27 says it is reported from Luga that the German detachments, which entered that town a day or two ago, are leaving. The Russians, moving to meet them, have turned towards the main railway and occupied three small stations within 12 miles of Pskov. Large Russian detachments are concentrating near Pskov. The railway men are forming partisan detachments along the line.

From Smolensk comes the report that the Germans have met with strong resistance within 16 versts (10.7 miles) from Orsha, and were forced to retire. The Germans have been trying to cross the Beresina River and consolidate the ground in order to begin operations in the direction of Orsha and Gomel. Red Guards concentrated at Kroupi station prevented the Germans from advancing in the direction of Orsha.

AIR RAID ON CITY OF VENICE

Austrians Carry Out Reprisal For Italy's Raid on Innsbruck.

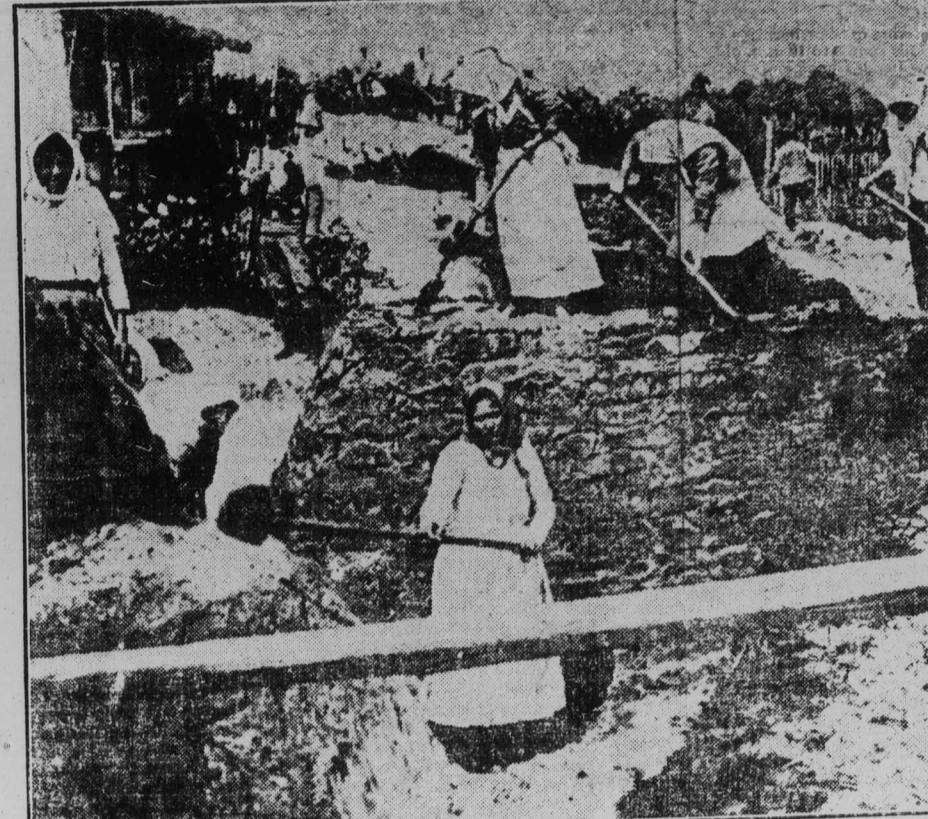
A despatch from London says: Gothas dropped over one hundred bombs on Venice Tuesday night out of a sheer lust for destruction. Bombs fell close to the Ducal Palace, the Bridge of Sighs and Saint Mark's Church. The despatch suggests that these escaped serious damage. Elsewhere the damage is grave. Two convents were struck and nuns were victims. One-third of all the houses in Venice are now reported ruined.

A despatch from Vienna says: The official statement issued at the War Office Thursday night says: "In reprisal for the Italian air raid on the open town of Innsbruck our flying squadrons on Tuesday bombed railway stations and military works of the naval port of Venice. Many hits resulted in fires."

WAR TAX NETS \$127,350 IN MONTH OF JANUARY

A despatch from Ottawa says: The sum of \$127,350 was netted to the Government during the month of February by the war tax, according to the statement issued from the Inland Revenue Department on Thursday. The total revenue from all sources for the month was \$2,555,597.

Remember that brown rice is most wholesome.



Deported to Build Trenches for the Huns. Italian women, captured in the Teuton-Austrian drive last fall, are put to work behind the lines building reserve trenches used as a second line of defense. The women work under the guard of Austrian soldiers.

URGENT REQUEST COMES FOR FOOD

Great Britain Wants All That Can Be Spared, and Quickly.

A despatch from Ottawa says: "Every carload of wheat or flour and bacon or frozen meat that Canada can get to the seaboard is badly wanted." Such is the effect of a cabled message received from the British Ministry of Food by the Chairman of the Canadian Food Board.

"Compulsory rationing of meat, butter and fats came into force on Monday throughout London and the home counties. Fourteen million people are now restricted to about 1 1/2 pounds of meat, 4 ounces of butter or margarine and 1/2 pound of sugar per week. By March 25 compulsory rationing of these foodstuffs will be universal in the United Kingdom. The congestion on the railways in the United States continues to aggravate the already serious situation. Every carload of wheat or flour and bacon or frozen meat that Canada can get to the seaboard is badly wanted.

"The Italian Government Commission states that the food situation there is unchanged, but all the allied countries are naturally affected by the decreased imports reaching them from American ports."

SHIPPING LOSSES SHOW AN INCREASE.

A despatch from London says: Eighteen British merchantmen were sunk by mine or submarine in the past week. Of these fourteen were vessels of 1,600 tons or over, and four were under that tonnage. Seven other vessels also were sunk.

Arrivals, 2,274; sailings, 2,398. Merchantmen unsuccessfully attacked, 9.

The losses to British shipping in the past week show a considerable increase over the previous week, when the vessels destroyed numbered fifteen, twelve of them over 1,600 tons. In the preceding week nineteen British merchantmen were sent to the bottom.

British Releases 817 Prisoners. A despatch from Amsterdam says: Three hospital ships bringing 817 invalid German prisoners from England for repatriation have arrived safely at Rotterdam.

If boiled icing doesn't harden try boiling it longer.

U-BOAT SINKS HOSPITAL SHIP

Torpedoed in Bristol Channel With All Lights Burning.

A despatch from Swansea, Eng., says: The British hospital ship Glenart Castle, which went down at 4 o'clock on Tuesday morning in the Bristol Channel, was torpedoed, according to survivors, 34 of whom were landed here. Nothing so far has been learned of the fate of the others, including Red Cross doctors, nurses and orderlies. There were approximately 200 persons aboard the hospital ship, 150 of whom were members of the crew.

The Glenart Castle went down in seven minutes. The torpedo struck in No. 3 hold. The lifeboats on the starboard side were for the most part smashed by the explosion. Only seven lifeboats could be launched, and these with the greatest difficulty.

DAYLIGHT SAVING IN FRANCE MARCH 9.

A despatch from Paris says: The new daylight saving schedule for the Summer goes into effect throughout France on March 9, two weeks earlier than last year.

It is estimated that the saving made in gas last year was 7 per cent, and in electricity 15 per cent.

Sharing the Honor.

In her life of Lord William Berosford, Mrs. Stuart Menzies tells this story of the generosity of that stout-hearted nobleman.

At a regimental dinner given in his honor shortly after he had won the Victoria Cross he was being carried round the table on the shoulders of his old "pals," when he espied in a corner of the room a doctor wearing the ribbon of the Victoria Cross. The moment he could free himself from the affectionate attentions of his friends he made a dive for the doctor, and, hoisting him on his shoulders, regardless of the man's embarrassed protests, he ran round the room with him while all present cheered lustily.

In the zenith of his pleasure he was thinking of the other man, and wished him to share in the applause and cheers of the evening. With characteristic quick perception and sympathy he had guessed what memories were stirring in the old hero's heart.

Germination tests of all grain to be sown are especially necessary at this time.

From The Middle West BETWEEN ONTARIO AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Items From Provinces Where Many Ontario Boys and Girls Are Living.

Lieut. L. Proctor Chalmers, a Winnipeg man, has been awarded the Military Cross.

Lieut. H. Strachan, Calgary, was presented with the Military Cross and the Victoria Cross by King George at Buckingham Palace recently.

Dr. Norman, the provincial health officer of Alberta, states there is more smallpox in the province than there has been for several years.

The Winnipeg branch of the Red Cross has received from the Public Schools of the city the handsome donation of 1,000 handkerchiefs and 500 wash cloths.

By amalgamating the streets, sewers and scavenging departments, Edmonton hopes to save \$8,313 this year.

It is expected that the present tax rate of 17 mills in Winnipeg will be increased to 23 mills for the current year.

The citizens of Calgary will be asked to contribute \$200,000 to the Red Cross this year.

Regina now has a street car fare of straight five cents. No tickets are being sold on the cars.

An asylum for soldiers who are mentally defective will be opened shortly at Red Deer, Alberta.

Lieut. Meiklejohn, Winnipeg, has been invalided home from the front.

Western municipalities are being empowered to purchase and sell lands to local farmers.

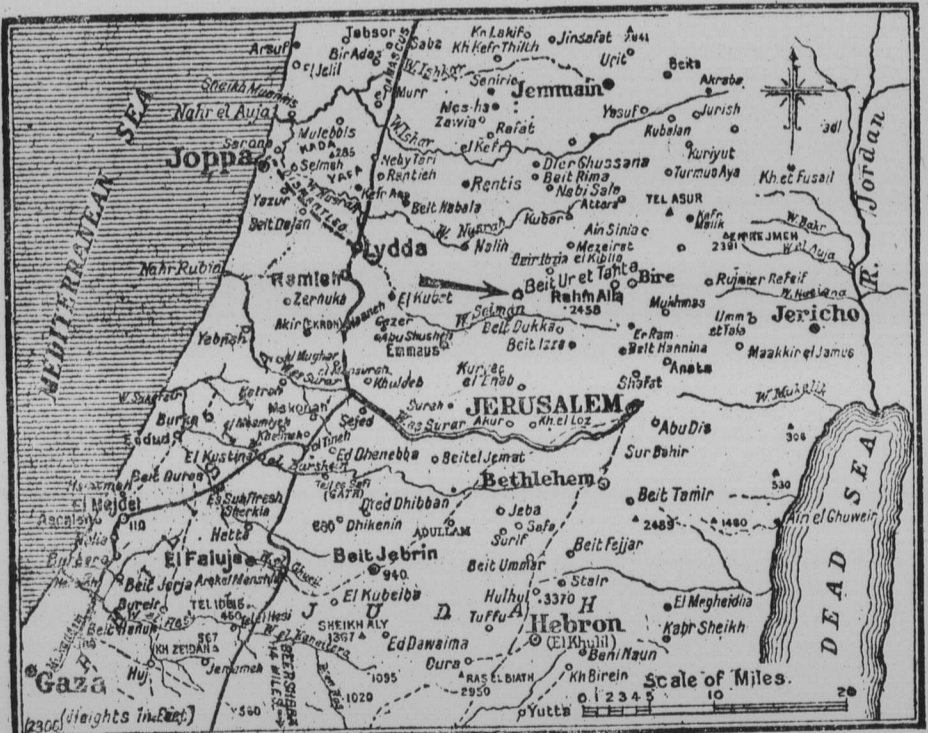
J. Wetmore, Raiford, Ontario, Sask., who was rejected for overseas service with the Canadian forces, has been accepted for service at the British-Canadian recruiting station at Chicago. His two sons fell at the Somme and his wife died through grief.

It is estimated that there are in Winnipeg 10,000 men belonging to "class two" under the Military Service Act.

Manitoba has adopted legislation providing for a purchasing bureau, to be responsible for the purchase of all supplies.

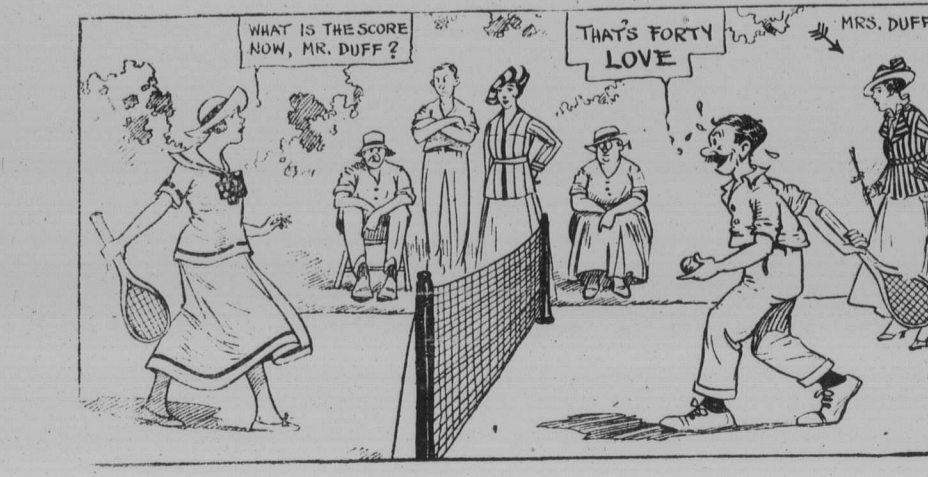
The girls of Manitoba University are preparing to organize for the home gardening and home canning fund this spring.

Major G. S. Robinson, who before enlisting was manager of the Alliance Trust Co., Calgary, has been awarded the Military Cross.



Detail map of Palestine showing Jericho and the line of British advance.

The Doings of the Duffs.



**Shorthorn Cattle
Oxford Sheep.**

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
In Oxford:—
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

J. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Medical College. Member of College of
Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office
and Residence—Elora Street North
MILDMAY.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN
Walkerton

Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on hand on hand.

H. H. Pletsch

R. R. No. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. H. FORTUNE.

AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington, Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements can be made at this office.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member
of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario
has opened up his offices next to C. Schurter's,
Mildmay. Entrances on Main Street. All the
latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits
Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford
every second and fourth Saturday, and New-
tad every second and fourth Tuesday of each
month.

Voluntary enlistment has taken thousands of men from office work. Conscription will take more. Office help is scarce now—will be scarcer very soon. Young women must fill the vacant places and they need training.

**NORTHERN
Business College**
OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

remains open all summer to help to meet the demand for trained office help. Students may enter at any time. No increase in fees. Circulars free on application.

C. A. FLEMING, F. A. O.
PRINCIPAL O. D. FLEMING,
For 35 yrs. SECRETARY

No School ever had truer friends among graduates than

**ELLIOTT
Business College**

Yonge and Charles Sts
TORONTO, ONT.

This is a School of Results—
Splendid Results.

Meritorious work for our students and for the business public has been an active agent in the upbuilding of our famous school. We assist worthy students to get employment. Commence a course now. Catalogue free.

W. J. Elliott, } 794 Yonge St.
Principal. } Yonge & Chas. sts

Stole Paisley Man's Money.

(From Toronto Telegram)
It was only when J. E. Thompson, a young farmer from Paisley, found that there was no "Turf Club" where betting in large figures took place in chambers of North American Life Building that he went to the police with a story that he had been done out of \$2,000. As a result of his visit to the police, Claude Harvey, alias J. W. Thornton, and Chas. Taylor were convicted by Judge Winchester of conspiracy to defraud. Sentence was deferred pending application on behalf of the accused for a reserved case. This morning the Appellate Division heard the application, and after consultation gave judgement.

"With a great deal of hesitation," remarked Chief Justice Mulock, "we have come to the conclusion that the conviction must stand. If I were trying the case myself I think I would have withdrawn it from the jury as unsafe to convict."

Thompson's story was that he had come in from Paisley one day last September and was accosted by a stranger who asked what the new Union Station building was. From that came a query as to where he was going to spend the evening, the stranger, who introduced himself as J. W. Thornton, of Winnipeg, deciding to spend the evening with him.

After going to a show they retired to the same room in the same hotel and by the next day were sufficiently acquainted for the farmer to be quite willing to help his new friend out of a hole when he heard that he would go to the penitentiary at Kingston unless he could meet a \$6,000 cheque which he had given, there being no funds in the bank at the time. The cheque had been given on a bet which he had won, but as a mere form the cheque had to be cashed before he could draw his winnings.

Mr. Thompson was introduced to Charles Taylor, whom they met coming out of the North American Life Building, as the man with whom the bet had been made. The club rooms, he was told, were inside. Thompson was also introduced to a "betting commissioner," and finally went home to Paisley, raised \$2,000 and brought it back to Toronto. This he turned over to his "friend" together with some other money to meet charges.

At the trial Thompson swore that to the best of his knowledge he believed Harvey to be J. W. Thornton, but on cross-examination he said he would not swear that he was. He didn't want to send the wrong man to jail.

To Protect Sheep

Sir William Hearst, Minister of Agriculture, this week introduced a bill in the Legislature providing for a tax on dogs, with the object of protecting the sheep-raising industry. The minimum is to be \$2 on dogs and \$4 on bitches, and municipalities will have the right to increase the amount as they see fit by by-law. Sir William explained that municipalities would be responsible for the full loss of sheep owners in the event of sheep being killed by dogs. Mr. J. C. Elliott, West Middlesex, asked if there was any limit that might be allowed for any individual sheep, and Sir William replied there was none. Mr. Elliott thought there should be some limit to the maximum tax, as some Township Councils might be disposed to make it prohibitive to keep dogs. He asked about arbitrators to determine the value of the sheep destroyed, and the Minister of Agriculture said a number of good arbitrators would be named for different parts of the Province.

Report of S. S. No. 8 Carrick

Jr. IV—Margaret Scheffer 83; Gertrude Gutscher 73; Hilda Gutscher 63.
Sr. III—George Harper 80; Herbert Busby 72; Alfred Filsinger 70.
Jr. III—Thalma Filsinger 79; Hilda Miller 78; Leonard Harper 25; George Mawhinney 17.
Sr. II—Albert Scheffer 100; Annie Huber 97; Annetta Gutscher 84; Jean Scott 73.
Jr. II—Joseph Huber 88; Norman Kamrath 60; Oliver Kamrath 50.
Jr. I—Gordon Filsinger, Florence Gutscher, Adeline Huber, Willie Busby, Rosetta Kamrath.
Primer—Stella Harper, Stella Filsinger.

Priscilla L. Schneider, teacher.

Incorporation of Mildmay.

A largely signed petition is before the Legislature to incorporate the village of Mildmay. If it had population of 750 it would not be necessary to seek private legislation, as the County Council of Bruce could erect the village into a separate municipality. It is very likely the Bill will pass. The agitation to incorporate Mildmay began after the recent municipal election when Dr. Doering who resides in that village was defeated by Mr. Montag for the Deputy Reeve-ship. When Mildmay is incorporated there will be 13 urban and 19 rural members of Bruce County Council.—Chesley Enterprise.

Knechtel's Advance Showing
Of Spring Coats, Suits, Silks, Dress Goods, Etc.
The Question of Spring Clothes and Easter Tunes will soon be uppermost in the minds of all good dressers.

Good Service and Right Prices are the Ideal of this Store.

Our enormous stock makes it possible for us to save you Dollars every time you visit this store.

While prices on many articles seem high in a great many instances the goods cannot be replaced at what we are asking for them.

If we Please You tell Others, If not Tell Us.



Both Coats & Suits
for the coming season show new lines. Our range of Spring Coats are most becoming and show novel ideas in pockets, collars and belts, which add just the right style features. Come in and look them over. It is a pleasure to show them.

House-Cleaning Specialties

Brooms, Brushes, Soaps, Ammonia, etc



Ladies' and Mens' Raincoats

Don't endanger your health these cool wet spring days for lack of a good Raincoat.

Splendid range to choose from at \$4 to 15.00.

Housefurnishings

Spring House-cleaning will reveal many needs in Rugs, Linoleums, Oil-cloths, Stair carpets, etc. Come in and inspect our Quality range of the above lines.

Specials

Ginger snaps 15c lb
War Biscuits 20c and 25c lb
Clarkes soups, reg 15c at 2 for 25c
Easter cakes 30c
Bleached seedless raisins, reg 20c for 15c.

Bring your Cream, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, etc.

KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

The Store for Honest Values

ALL AT HOME SHOULD PREPARE FOR WAR

The first test a man is put through for either war or life insurance is an examination of his water. This is most essential because the kidneys play a most important part in causing premature old age and death. The more injurious the poisons passing through the kidneys the sooner comes decay—so says Dr. Pierce of Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., who further advises all people who are past thirty to preserve the vitality of the kidneys and free the blood from poisonous elements, such as uric acid—drink plenty of water—sweat some daily and take Anuric, double strength, before meals.

An-uric is a discovery of Dr. Pierce, and can be obtained at drug stores. For that backache, lumbago, rheumatism, "rusty" joints, swollen feet or hands, due to uric acid in the blood, Anuric quickly dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce for trial pkg.



Therold, Ont.—"I think Anuric is the best I have ever taken. My kidneys had given me trouble for some time. I would suffer from backaches and also swelling of the limbs. I took Anuric and it has entirely cured me of all my backache and has strengthened my kidneys so I feel safe in recommending it to others who suffer."—Mrs. C. A. Clark, Box 1179, Toronto, Ont.—"For the last eight years I have suffered with kidney trouble and rheumatism. It began with pains in my back and finally left my back and went down into the feet. It developed into a chronic case. I consulted some good doctors, but still I kept on suffering. About a year ago a friend advised me to give Anuric a trial, and am happy to say I am today a well man—never feel any traces of my ailment no matter what the weather conditions may be. Anuric is a real kidney medicine in every sense."—E. F. Garrison, 5 Matilda Street.

Report of S. S. No. 10. Carrick

Jr. III—Hilda Schill, Marie Hoffman, Erwin Schill, Wilfred Wissler.
Jr. II—Melvin Haines, Clarence Schill, Homer Culliton, Otto Wissler.
Sr. I—Sylvester Grub, Irene Kestner, Johnny Schill.
Sr. Primer—Gertrude Grub, Clarence Kestner.

Seventy-one thousand boys and girls of school age last year increased the agricultural output of Ontario to the value of \$125,000. Every farm boy and girl this year should be encouraged to rear a pig, a calf, a batch of chickens or to grow a plot of potatoes, beans, corn or vegetables.

Dope Fiend in Jail.

A dope fiend, giving his name as Hunter was brought to the county citadel here by Constable Cameron of Lucknow last week to serve thirty days as a vagrant. On being searched at the jail he was found to be a walking drug store, being loaded down with packages of morphine, cocaine and similar narcotics, together with a rubber bulb and a hypodermic needle for piercing his skin and shooting the dope into his system. His left arm was marked up like a thimble where he had been taking injections in the past. Although a quarter of a grain of morphine will put the average man asleep, yet this gink will take as many as twenty grains, or eighty times the average dose, and still escape the undertaker's hands. For over seven years a chemist, he has drugged himself until he almost spits dope.

Notice To Creditors

In the matter of the estate of Peter Kuhry, late of the Township of Carrick, in the County of Bruce, Hotel-keeper, Deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario (1914) Chapter 121 Sec. 56 that creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Peter Kuhry, who died on or about the twenty-first day of November A. D. 1917 are required on or before the first day of March A. D. 1918 to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Bernard Beingsener, Formosa post office or George Kieffer, Teeswater post office, the executors of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and description the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts and tenure of their securities (if any), held by them. And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets whose claims thereof to any person of whom claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.
Dated at Formosa the 4th day of February A. D. 1918.
B. Beingsener } Executor
George Kieffer }

Record Hog Prices.

A record in Canadian hog sales was struck on the Chatham market, when a choice shipment of "porkers" sold for \$20.25 per hundred. This is the highest price ever paid in Chatham, or it is believed on any other Canadian market. The cause of this unprecedented price is attributed to the great scarcity and the desperate measures taken by the packers to secure hogs. For the first time in the history of Chatham market, nearly every large Canadian packer had a purchaser on the spot to get a share of the 150 odd hogs offered for sale. The sale opened with a rush, the bidding being brisk from the outset, and in a few minutes the price had been boosted to the maximum figure by the out-side buyers who swept the market.

Report of S. S. No. 13 Carrick.

Jr. IV—O. Lantz, F. Filsinger, L. Hill.
Sr. III—A. Dahms, J. Eickmeier, P. Rueber, E. Ruhl.
Sr. II—G. Lantz, A. Baetz, W. Filsinger.
Jr. II—F. Baetz, S. Ruhl, G. Rueber.
Sr. I—L. Lantz, H. Kuester, A. Hill, E. Weigel.
Primer—T. Hill, E. Lantz, E. Rueber, L. Lantz, N. Ruhl, C. Filsinger, N. Kuester.
W. J. Lippert, teacher.

A Pointer in Postage.

It may not be generally understood by the public that postage stamps of five, seven, ten and twenty and fifty cent denominations are just as easily obtained at the post office as one, two and three cent stamps. For example, a 2 cent stamp, instead of two 1-cent stamps, should be affixed to letters needing two cents postage, and a twenty cent stamp on a parcel requiring that amount of postage will do away with the necessity of plastering the parcel with stamps of a smaller denomination. The use of stamps of the higher denomination will affect a large saving to the government in the cost of producing, transporting and cancelling postage stamps, and will benefit the public by minimizing the number of stamps handled and affixed to mail. The benefit will be especially important to business concerns mailing large quantities of letters and parcels.

Application to Parliament.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly for the Province of Ontario, in Parliament assembled, at the next sittings thereof, for an act incorporating the Village of Mildmay situate in the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, settling the boundaries thereof and making provision for the election of the first Reeve and Councillors and for things necessary for the due administration of the affairs of the said Village when so incorporated.
The lands to be included within the limits of the proposed Village are situate in the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, and contain by admeasurement five hundred and ten acres more or less, and are composed of the following lots namely:—Lots numbers twenty-five and twenty-six and part of Lot twenty-seven, Concession C, Lots numbers twenty-five and twenty-six and part of Lot 27, Con. D, and Lot number eleven, Con. 7, all in the said Township of Carrick, together with all subdivisions of said farm lots.
Dated at Walkerton this 22nd day of January A. D., 1918.
Robertson & McNab,
Walkerton, Ontario,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

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Family Almost Wiped Out By Consumption.

From a hotel in the rear of more pretentious buildings comes a ghastly tale, one that in this fair Province of ours seems almost incredible; yet, to those who know the ravages of consumption, it is but a typical case.
Grief stricken, the mother tells us of her five small children buried from this lowly home during the past three years, of her only remaining child, suffering from a tuberculous hip, and then as though in mockery of their misery, the father, too, was stricken. He is now a patient at the Muskoka Free Hospital, where every endeavour is being made to save his life. The Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives is appealing for help to carry on this fight against the Great White Plague. The money you give will help them seek out these unfortunate families and give them a fighting chance for their lives.
Contributions may be sent to W. J. Gage, Chairman, 84 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, or Geo. A. Reid, Secretary-Treasurer, 223 College St. Toronto.

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The lands to be included within the limits of the proposed Village are situate in the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, and contain by admeasurement five hundred and ten acres more or less, and are composed of the following lots namely:—Lots numbers twenty-five and twenty-six and part of Lot twenty-seven, Concession C, Lots numbers twenty-five and twenty-six and part of Lot 27, Con. D, and Lot number eleven, Con. 7, all in the said Township of Carrick, together with all subdivisions of said farm lots.
Dated at Walkerton this 22nd day of January A. D., 1918.
Robertson & McNab,
Walkerton, Ontario,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

Record Hog Prices.

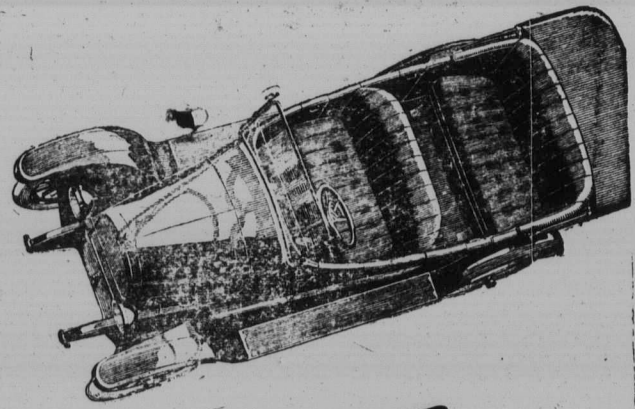
A record in Canadian hog sales was struck on the Chatham market, when a choice shipment of "porkers" sold for \$20.25 per hundred. This is the highest price ever paid in Chatham, or it is believed on any other Canadian market. The cause of this unprecedented price is attributed to the great scarcity and the desperate measures taken by the packers to secure hogs. For the first time in the history of Chatham market, nearly every large Canadian packer had a purchaser on the spot to get a share of the 150 odd hogs offered for sale. The sale opened with a rush, the bidding being brisk from the outset, and in a few minutes the price had been boosted to the maximum figure by the out-side buyers who swept the market.

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We are promised, both by the Union Government at Ottawa and the Hearst Government at Toronto, that the patronage system is to be dispensed with, and all appointments to positions in the public service are to be made on the merits of the applicants, without regard to party or influence. The claiming of the spoils of office by the supporters of the political party elected to party elected to power has so long been a part of our governmental system that a great many who would be pleased to see a change

re skeptical as to the sincerest of the Dominion and Ontario cabinets in their new proposals. However, both houses should be given a little time to demonstrate the workability of their plans. It is to be hoped that the new fabric will prove to be all wool and a yard wide, won't fray out at the edges, nor turn out to be shoddy. A genuine reform of the public service by present day legislators will be a new broom to sweep some of the cobwebs from our political rafters.

Inspectors' Salaries Raised.

County, City and District inspectors have had an increase of salary by the Ontario Government. Hitherto the minimum salary has been \$1,700 and the maximum \$2,000. The new regulation increases the maximum to \$2,500 per annum, the increase to be paid entirely by the Govt. Inspectors usually come in for a lot of censure because they compel trustees to observe the school law, but it must be remembered these inspectors have to make reports to the Education Department and must do their masters' bidding or be brought to task for not adhering strictly to the rules and regulations. The fault lies with the centralizing system of the Education Dept., which suppresses initiative and originality among the teachers.

After the Wolfish Dogs.

While the raising of sheep is considered one of the most advantageous lines of live stock production for the average farmer, particularly so where the land is rolling and dry. The protection of lambs and sheep from destruction in many cases is a difficulty that cannot be overcome, and is the principal reason there are not more flocks in our own section. We know of one farmer who has made good profits for a number of years, but this season is going out of sheep because the foxes would not let his lambs where he has to put them. A great move in favor of the sheep industry that is being made this year is that with regard to the dog nuisance. County councils throughout the Province of Ontario have decided very strongly in favor of stricter legislation for regulating dogs, and the sheep-breeders' associations have unanimously adopted similar resolutions. An increased tax on dogs in general would go a long way toward doing away with the wandering mongrels that at present destroy so many sheep and ruin the flocks that they attack, and if the owner of any dog is forced to tie the animal up at night, then the chance of the dog doing damage will be very much lessened. A tag on each and every dog would help further in the good work, because if the owner were easily traced in each case of sheep-worrying there would be little likelihood of further trouble from the same quarter.

"Spoons" Swipe Jewellery.

A spoony young couple drove up to a local hotel on Monday, had their dinner and after sitting in the public waiting room upstairs for awhile drove away. A short time afterwards a guest who had left a pair of cuffs with valuable gold buttons in a room off the sitting room with the door open, found that the gold buttons had been extracted from the cuffs. He went to the office to report his loss and found the proprietor lamenting the fact that the couple had driven away without paying their bill. Suspicion at once centered around the two "spoons" and if they can be traced they will land in a peck of trouble.

Fine Letter From France.

The following was received last week by a member of the North Carrick Red Cross Society. The writer is a young Frenchman,

Bordeaux on the 31st of Jan.
Mrs. Wm. W. Dickson,
R. R. No. 1 Carlsruhe
Ontario.

You are right, madam, true friends are as rare as diamonds. Your little letter is very nice, indeed, but I am not one of the soldiers who received the socks that you sent. They do not know English those gallant soldiers, but as my sister is at the hospital, St. Francois, she found your little but very nice letter. Everyone in France knows how much you love us, and, of course, our love for our friends on the other side of the Atlantic Ocean is immense. Then, I come to thank you very much for that beautiful gift. I am sorry not to be one of those warm things, madam, for I am only eighteen and a half. I will not say that I shall not be a soldier, no, for in two months I shall go to the barracks in order to become a good soldier, who if it is necessary, will fight for the ideal of your country fellows and our; yes, the boys of my age will fight for liberty as their eldest.

For our soldiers, madam, I thank you again and again, from a French brother.
I remain, madam,
Sincerely yours
R. Bourges
23, rue du Loup, 23
Bordeaux.

Report of S. S. No. 6.

Subjects—Writing, Arithmetic, Nature Study and Spelling.
Jr. IV—Henry Russel 71, Sarah Bickel, 70, Edna Eidt 67, Wesley Hill 65.
Sr. III—Maudie Eidt 63, Henry Hammer 55.
Jr. III—Emerson Losch 62, Luella Russel 60.
Jr. II—Arthur Juergens 65, Wilfred Kaufmann 59.
Jr. I—Adeline Kreuger 70, Eldon Kreuger 69, Rueben Russel 67, Arthur Losch 64.

Peanuts are Scarce

Scarcity of peanuts is the latest threatened horror of the war and rationing may be introduced in the monkey cages in the zoos and in the grand stands at baseball parks during the coming summer. All this confusion is the direct result of some enterprising individual discovery that oil extracted from this luscious and popular nut, is useful to the military authorities for some purpose as yet not generally known. Baseball fans, who formerly made a hearty meal on peanuts, pop and baseball enthusiasm, will now be forced to go hungry to supply the military needs.

Charged With Non-Support.

Wm. Craig, Jr., of Toronto, a former Walkerton boy, was arraigned before Col. Derison in Toronto on a charge of non-support and cruelty to his wife, on Thursday, Feb. 21st, and the Colonel decided she should not live with him, but ordered the delinquent hubby to pay her \$7.00 per week. Craig has agreed to pay the weekly fee.

A Rotten Train Service.

Next Monday the new train schedule on the branch lines north of Palmerston goes into effect and there will be only one mail and passenger train each day. The service to Palmerston will be just as before and the profitable feeders will be cut off. There will be only the early train each way each day. Under the old system it was possible to do considerable business in Toronto, Hamilton, or London and get back the same day. After this week it will be necessary to spend at least 2 nights in any of these cities before returning in order to transact any business with firms during working hours. The fuel situation is said to be held responsible for this but the dinky engines that haul the passenger trains would be of little use on heavy freight trains. A conductor informed us that there were 135 passengers from Palmerston on the four branch lines one night and as this is only a fair average it goes to show what a daily inconvenience it means to us north people who bonused these railway lines and are now cut off with a half service. No fewer than 23 mail clerks will be tied up in Palmerston over Sundays unable to reach their homes. It is currently reported this change will last for March and April only and in the meantime there will be very little travelling on the branch lines. If it continues longer the heads of municipalities should arrange a meeting to protest against the inadequacy of the train service on the branch lines.—Chesley Enterprise.

More Useful on Farm.

Believing that it would be more expedient, in the national interest, to suspend sentence and allow Peter Meihm to return to his farm rather than place him behind the prison bars. Magistrate Graydon, of London, decided on such action when the man appeared Friday for sentence for desertion. Meihm admitted he left the service because of an affection of his foot prevented him from marching. When arraigned in court a week ago, Meihm pleaded guilty and stated he had been farming continuously for over a year and had assisted in producing a quantity of foodstuffs in that time. After being arrested two weeks ago he was examined by the military medical board and found in "E" category. Major Osborne at the time of Meihm's appearance in court a week ago asked for a severe sentence. "I do not care to place a man behind the bars who can produce food and thus assist in that way in winning the war," said the magistrate. Meihm was handed back to the military authorities.

Every one will tell you that it is bad luck to pass a pin without picking it up. The Vancouver Sun relates that a man who believes in that stopped to pick up one in front of the post office and, while he was stopping, his hat fell off and rolled into the gutter. Two suspender buttons gave way, his collar split and his artificial teeth fell and broke on the sidewalk.

It is reported from Ottawa that there is no doubt whatever but the Government intends to take over the whole of the Grand Trunk Railway, along with the Canadian Northern, the Intercolonial and the Transcontinental, and combine them into one system, also that the C. P. R. will be included in the scheme sooner or later. It is a colossal undertaking, but on that would be in the future interests of the Dominion.

Village Property for Sale.

Desirable residential property in Mildmay, consisting of Lots 44 and 45, Ellen street. On the premises are a brick house, kitchen and woodshed, a good stable, two driving sheds, good orchard and garden. One of the best residences in Mildmay and will be sold at a snap. Apply to J. M. Fischer, Mildmay.

Bargains In - -

Watches,
Clocks,
and Jewelry,

Silverware, China and Glassware, Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Smoke pipes, Purses, Corbs, Gold filled Rings, Cuff links, Tie pins and Locketts at less than half regular price.

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Farmers' Business.

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We are prepared to extend you every aid within legitimate banking practice. Come in any time and talk over your affairs with us.

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W. J. Elliott
President.
D. A. McLachlan
Principal.

Deserters who, immediately after apprehension or surrender, are found to be medically unfit for service may be immediately discharged. This announcement, made in London camp orders Monday, stated that in addition to those who were unfit, those who are found to be in need of sanatorium or other prolonged treatment, on completion of which their physical conditions would not permit them to be sent overseas, may also be discharged immediately after they have surrendered or have been apprehended.

Little Dorothy Harley, a bright little six-year-old girl of Hanover, has been "doing her bit" to help the soldiers, or at least one soldier, her cousin, Chester Cunningham. She has been looking forward happily to the day when she would send the first pair of socks to Chester. She had one finished, perfectly done too, and the second one half complete, when the sad news came that her heroic cousin had fallen in battle.

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J. M. Fischer
Agent - Mildmay

A farmer from Nichol township was in Guelph last week with a load of pigs. The market is down a little now to what it has been, and it can keep on coming down for a while yet, and still be high enough. He had one sow five years old, a Yorkshire. When the sale was thru and the cash arranged for the deal, it was found that the farmer had within a few cents of \$117 for this one pig. It weighed 730 pounds, and as the fashion sheet says, had a waist measurement of 77 inches. It was a mother and a grand-mother several times in the years it spent in Nichol, at one time being able to call the roll for 17 wee porkers at meal hours. When pigs are romping into the three figure class, it's time we found another name for them, and taught them to quit rooting in the mud and grunting all the time.—Guelph Mercury.

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Growing Beans and Parsnips.

Nothing is to be gained by planting the bush beans outdoors too early, as they are very tender and one light frost may either kill or retard them more than a week or more's later planting. Of course, if you are equipped to cover or otherwise protect them and are sure to attend to it, you can get an earlier crop by taking some risk. But, in any case, it will not be wise to plant until the ground is warm and the weather somewhat settled, as beans planted in cold or soggy soil are likely to rot in the ground.

The Various Varieties

Beans naturally divide themselves in the following classes: The dwarf green and yellowpodded, the dwarf shell beans, which are matured, and beans shelled out for winter use; the tall, or pole, green and yellow podded, and the tall shell beans for winter. Few persons grow any of the shell beans in small home gardens, and we will not further consider them here.

For beans the soil should be rich and mellow. To get them tender at picking time they should have quick and continuous growth, and this is best assured when they are planted in a warm, rich, porous soil, well-drained and given plenty of water. Well-rotted manure, dug into the trench, is best; and the soil should be made fine with the shovel when digging and finished with the rake.

Beans are planted in two general ways: In hills and in furrows or drills. Cleaner cultivation can be given by the hill system, but more can be grown in the same space of garden by the drill plan.

By the hill system you can hoe all around them, but when planted in drills, if you have many weeds, it will require hand-weeding along the rows where the hoe cannot reach.

As some beans, for different reasons, do not germinate, it will pay to plant them rather thickly, and thin out in the drills to four inches apart. Make the drills as far apart as may be convenient. If to be worked entirely with the hoe, eighteen inches apart will do; if to be worked with the wheel cultivator, make them two feet apart between the drills.

When using the hill system of planting, drop four to six beans to a hill, making the hills a foot apart. When fully up, thin out to three or four to a hill.

Beans require frequent cultivation, always drawing the soil up around the plants. If the wheel cultivator is used it will be well to go over them with the hoe to get the soil well up

to the plants. Work them when the crust forms after rains, and at all times when necessary to keep down the weeds.

Parsnip a Valuable Food

As a solid dinner vegetable the parsnip is welcomed on the tables of the rich and poor alike. Boiled with meat it makes a whole meal, and it is just as much relished when cooked in any of the many ways in which it can be served.

It is the sugar content which makes the parsnip so valuable as a food. It is heavy with sugar, and it is to get into it so much of this valuable quality that we give it the very best soil and cultivation.

A great deal of the value of the parsnip also lies in its good keeping qualities. It may be taken up in the fall and stored in pits, or cool cellars in sand, or it can be allowed to remain in the open ground over winter, which will improve its flavor and make a good vegetable for use in the early spring when such are scarce.

As they are an all-season vegetable, they can be planted eighteen inches apart, and the space between inter-planted with radishes, lettuce and other smaller vegetables.

Best results will be obtained by digging into the soil as much well-rotted manure as it will take, using it in the trench in preference to spreading it on top. As is the case with all large-growing root crops, the soil should be made porous and mellow, so that the roots can grow and expand easily.

Parsnip seed is of rather easy germination, on which account it should not be covered more than a half inch with fine soil. A gentle wetting down of the drills will pack the soil and the seeds together sufficiently that compacting with the foot will not be necessary.

Requires Much Water

When the young plants are two inches high they should be thinned out to three inches apart.

Early small-growing parsnips which are pulled out for bunching can be left stand at three inches apart, but if you plant the long winter varieties, they should be thinned out to six inches apart, as their foliage is very heavy and will crowd even at that distance. The largest varieties had better be thinned out to eight inches.

Parsnips, like all root crops containing large quantities of sugar, require a great amount of water, and it should be given them regularly; but be sure that the ground they are growing in is well drained so that it does not get boggy.

Verses 25 to 34 relate the episode of the healing of the afflicted woman who touched the hem of the Saviour's garment.

35. Thy daughter is dead: why troublest thou the Teacher any further?—The announcement was seemingly an unfeeling breaking of the sad news to the father and is simply the conclusion of the people that it was no use to take the Master's time for a case already beyond earthly skill. Jesus not heeding the word—Literally, "overhearing the word," which was not addressed to him, but to the father.

36. Fear not, only believe—Jesus paid no attention to the interruption, but did notice the effect of the announcement upon the father, whom he now seeks to comfort.

37. Suffered no man to follow, save Peter, and James, and John—The trio of disciples most responsive to him and nearest his heart.

38. A tumult, and many weeping and wailing—A true picture of Oriental grief, which grows more intense at the time of the funeral, when hired mourners rend the air with their wailings.

39. The child is not dead, but sleepeth—This is the only account of the raising of the dead given by all of the Synoptic Gospels—Matthew, Mark, and Luke.

40. They laughed him to scorn—Those who were mourning quickly turned to derision upon his command for silence. Put them all forth—He would have no curious and unsympathetic hired mourners at such a sacred moment. Takeeth the father of the child and him—We may well conjecture that the intense and pathetic moment as the little company stood about the bier of the little girl.

41. Talitha cumi—The Aramaic words in the language spoken by Jesus. This is one of the few places where i. given the very language used by Jesus. The phrase means, Damsel, arise.

42. Straightway the damsel rose up, and walked—The single word "arise" was enough. For she was twelve years old—This is an explanation of her walking. They were amazed with a great amazement—This is a sort of climax to Jesus' mighty works by the lakeside.

43. Charged them that no man should know this—For the reason that it would stir up the populace to such a pitch that it would kindle mistaken and premature expectations which would not help his work, but would greatly impede it. Commanded that something should be given her to eat—This shows Jesus' consideration, attention to details. The child's immediate need was not overlooked.

The Dairy

There can be no successful dairying which does not rest upon an appreciation of the fact that a cow is first of all a mother. A cow's ability to bring forth strong and vigorous offspring and to provide abundantly for the nourishment of such is the corner stone of the dairy business.

There are those who call the cow a machine, who figure painstakingly the amount of foodstuffs she should have to produce her utmost, and who go about their business upon the basis that, as in the case of other machines, production is simply a matter of how much raw material can be turned in a given time into finished product.

It is, of course, unjust to the cow to call her a machine. Machines do not possess nerves, whereas a cow has an intricate system of them. And the relation between this system and the milk pail is so intimate that any condition which affects the cow's nervous system reacts at once upon the milk-producing system. An undue disturbance of normal, tranquil conditions diverts the blood supply from the milk glands and the cow either "holds up her milk" or gives a lessened quantity. It is not without reason that Swiss peasants sing or yodel softly to their cows at milking time.

If calves are weaned they should be fed whole milk until they are one month old, when they should be changed to skim milk. They should be fed skim milk until they are six months old. While they are on milk they should be given some grain and alfalfa hay.

A good mixture for grain feed is four parts of corn chop, one part of oil meal, and two parts of wheat bran. After taking the calf off the milk, increase the grain gradually to two pounds a day in addition to silage and alfalfa hay.

The heifers should be bred so as to calve when from twenty-four to thirty months of age, depending upon the breed and growth of the animal. If bred so as to calve earlier than this, their growth is apt to be injured.

Donald Smith of Red Deer received for some fine beef cows what is reported to be the highest price ever paid for this class of beef in Western Canada \$9.45 per hundred.

Bacon contains about 7 per cent. bone, dressed beef 20, mutton 20 and veal 25. That is one reason why bacon is so much desired for shipment to Europe under present conditions of shipping.

Like produces like, and to get good crops without planting good seed is next to impossible.

MOTHER-WISDOM

Some of the Reasons Why Our Children Ought to Play

By Helen Johnson Keyes

Have you ever noticed how hard at work children seem to be when they are playing? They do not act in the way men and women do who are being amused at a concert or a social.

The play of children and the recreation of grown-ups are absolutely different the one from the other. They are not entered into from the same motives or followed in the same spirit. A grown-up seeks a good time for the sake of recovering from the fatigue of work and of forgetting worries; a child is not conscious of any motives, for his play is instinctive but the purpose of nature in making him play is to educate him.

This difference is so important and fundamental that every mother ought to realize it and have it constantly in mind. A child educates himself through his play. A man named Groos, who has studied this matter very deeply, believes that one reason why the period of childhood is so much longer in human beings than it is in animals—who attain almost at once about as much intelligence as they ever have—is in order that they shall have a long educational course of play to prepare them for the very great difficulties of adult human life. We parents must realize, then, that if we do not give our youngsters opportunities to play, we are making cripples of them, sending them out into manhood and womanhood lame, blind and deaf as it were, unable to march in the ranks of success, unable to see life and people as they truly are or to understand the demands which the world makes upon us.

What are some of the lessons, valuable in after life, which play teaches to children?

(1) Justice. When tots begin to play together each one seeks to grab for himself the most attractive toys. Gradually, however, the necessity of sharing is impressed upon the little brains. By and by the age of games comes and then this lesson is repeated. Finally, those great sports, baseball, football, basketball, are entered into which teach, with a power which no sermon can ever attain, the lesson of fair play and cooperative action. What an example there is in the incident of the tennis player who had an opportunity to win the national championship by a fluke if his opponent made but who, instead, intentionally made the same fluke himself on the next ball so as to win—if he could—by his own skill and not on his opponent's misfortune. Would you not trust that man's fair play in any business deal? No very young boy, I think, would be equal to such a sacrifice but through play—and only thus—he will acquire that desire to give every man his due and of winning fairly and squarely in all the relations of life or not at all.

(2) The Power to Decide Wisely and Act Quickly. Did you ever see play

that was slow, hesitating, undecided? Not often, I think, for play is born of thoughts that are winged and which transform themselves instantly into acts. From the infantile game of puss in the corner right through high-school sports a good judgment put into swift execution is what wins. Is it not so in life, also?

(3) The Power to Control Consequences. Probably too often for the moral growth of our children, do we mothers protect them from the results of their deeds. Often it is even necessary for their survival or health that we should. But in play they must meet squarely the consequences of what they do. The lesson is sometimes painful, sometimes joyful but it is always plain and undisguised: "You did that, there fore you get this." Must not the realization of this truth educate young people away from those happy-go-lucky, careless deeds, violations of natural and moral laws, which usually bring with them a trail of ill health, failure and misery?

(4) Courage. Very young children whimper over the bumps they get in play, quarrel over their bad luck in games and brag of their successes. By the time the fourth or fifth grade is reached, however, no more of that cowardly or boastful manner is tolerated. The youngsters have learned, through playing, to take the bumps and blows in silence and to abide by the laws of the game and the decisions of the umpire.

They began in the days of their little childhood as soreheads but play has made them honorable sportsmen. Did you ever see success come to a grown-up sorehead? I never have. The spirit which wins in life is the spirit of sportsmanship—courage to get hurt, if necessary, for a good cause, to lose cheerfully and to win without bragging. The child who does not play may learn this lesson too late to take his place honorably when he plays in the great game of life.

The country offers every opportunity for play and sport but farming is a difficult and anxious business and too often those who are engaged in it, laboring ceaselessly for those immediate results on which their living depends, forget the educational value of free play and team sports to children, giving them longer and harder labor than their ages justify. The result is that these Jacks and Jills, although they may be very capable machines, are a little slow to understand the larger and more complicated demands which life makes upon us all, those moral and social demands, I mean, which are becoming more and more exacting as community life advances to greater and greater perfection on our farms. Play will teach teamwork—the great principle of our new rural life.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M. D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not it will be answered personally. If stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed, Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnoses. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Blood Pressure.

Blood pressure is an important subject, insurance companies lay stress upon it and doctors who keep abreast of the progress of the times find it necessary to be skillful in determining it.

It means the degree of force which the blood current in the arteries exerts against their wall under the influence of the contractile force of the heart muscle.

It is measured by the height of a column of mercury in a capillary tube.

It should be remembered that the heart is a pump and the arteries a series of elastic tubes proceeding from a great trunk vessel attached to the heart, and dividing and sub-dividing until every portion of the body has been traversed by them.

Any artery can be used to determine the blood pressure, if the system is in good working order, but one of moderate size is more convenient than one which is very large or very small.

It is also desirable to choose an artery near the surface, which can easily be got at.

The arteries of the body are subject to disease like any other tissue or organ and such disease is often an important symptom of disease elsewhere.

Changes in the structure of the arteries may take place at any time, but there are certain changes which ordinarily occur in them after middle life and in old age which are characteristic, so that we are accustomed to say that a person is as old as his arteries.

Hardening or arterio-sclerosis is a change which occurs naturally in the arteries during old age.

This means that the connective tissue which holds together the cells composing the arterial wall, is increased, making them more or less rigid and inelastic instead of resilient as they are in early life.

Sometimes during old age the arteries absorb salts of lime from the blood, and may become brittle like pipe-stems, and they are apt to snap if subjected to unusual strain or pressure.

They may also be softened by a process which is known as atheroma and this also makes them very susceptible to rupture or breaking.

If rupture should occur in arteries

like those of the brain we have the condition known as apoplexy which is almost always serious and very frequently fatal.

All this shows the necessity of keeping track of the arteries for when they become unusually hard or unusually soft the condition becomes one which is dangerous.

It is therefore easy to see how desirable it is to determine the blood pressure from time to time and find out the condition of the arterial wall.

One form of instrument measures this pressure, as I have already stated, by the height to which a column of mercury is raised in a capillary tube and another by the registry of an indicator upon a circular dial plate as the result of pressure upon a spring, but these springs vary in their resisting power and the column of mercury is therefore more accurate and reliable.

A certain number on the scale of the instrument indicates the blood pressure as the ventricle of the heart contracts and sends out the column of blood into the arteries.

This is the maximum and is obtained when the pressure of the dilated rubber bag, which is a part of the instrument, over the artery at the elbow which is chosen for the measurement, obliterates the flow of the blood current within it.

The minimum is indicated on the register when the pressure of the rubber bag is released and the current again flows within it as indicated by the return of the pulse at the wrist.

The differential between the maximum and the minimum is known as the pulse pressure.

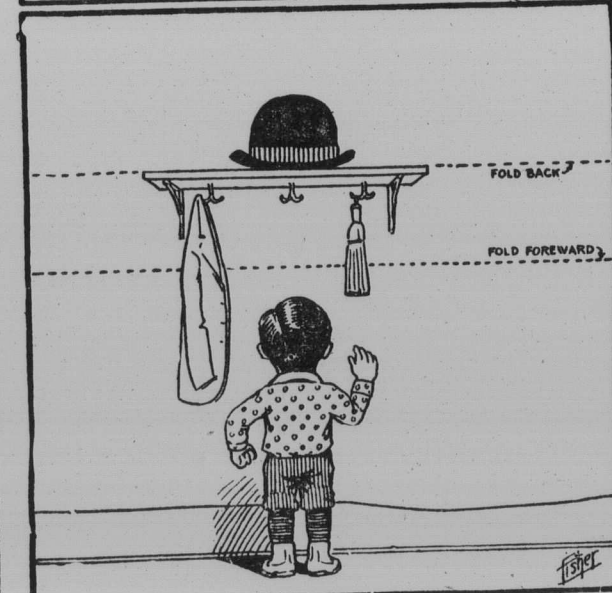
QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

O. A. L.—Kindly tell me whether the use of sodium phosphates, calcium phosphate, and compound syrup of the phosphates, will lead to kidney disease—particularly to stone in the kidney.

Answer—I do not think that the disease you refer to can result from the use of the medicines you mention; but do you think it desirable to take such a quantity of medicines? Of course I do not know whether you are taking it under the advice of a physician, or not; but if you were under my care, I should not think it advisable to dose you with so many medicines.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



Willie longed for papa's hat, despite his tender years; but when he put it on—Alas! It covered up his ears.



INTERNATIONAL LESSON MARCH 10.

Lesson X.—Jesus Restoring Life and Health—Mark 5. 21-23, 35-43. Golden Text, Matt. 8. 17.

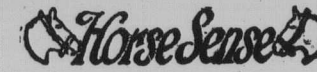
Verses 21.—We do not know where he landed, probably at Capernaum, which lay in a north-westerly direction from the country of the Gerasenes, about an eight-mile sail. A great multitude was gathered unto him—We read between the lines that his recent mighty works in Capernaum and vicinity had immensely augmented his fame, so that immediately upon his landing the crowd of sufferers surged about him in increasing numbers.

22. One of the rulers of the synagogue, Jairus—The synagogue, or local church of the Jews, was found in every town. Its services were very simple. A "ruler" was one of the chief men having direction of its affairs. In Capernaum was a notable synagogue, built, we infer, by a large-minded Roman centurion. On the present site of Capernaum there might have been seen a few years ago the ruins of a synagogue—huge marble blocks, sculptured and bearing Jewish emblems. While the Jewish leader might have hesitated to endorse the great Teacher, the possibility of help for his sick daughter impelled him as a last resort to appeal to Jesus. This case is one so clearly fixed in the mind of the writer that his very name, Jairus, is given. Faleth at his feet—The Oriental attitude of the suppliant.

23. Beseecheth him much—A word implying the most urgent entreaty for the life of his child. The expression "at the point of death" is to be read literally, "has finally," that is, has come to the last of life and is just on the verge of slipping away. Lay thy hands on her—Luke omits this, but Matthew gives it. The laying on of hands in case of healing is mentioned several times in Mark, also in Acts.

Verses 24 tells how Jesus' compassionate heart responded to the troubled heart of the appealing father.

Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer



The feed a colt gets the first eighteen months, and especially the first winter, determines to a great extent the size of the colt at maturity. The size of a horse determines its value very largely. Good breeding gives wonderful possibilities, but it takes feeding if these possibilities are to be fully realized. The best-bred colt will be no better than a scrub if it is fed upon a starvation ration.

A draft colt makes one half of its development by the time it is one year old, hence the importance of a good start. The colt should be taught to eat grain before it is weaned, and after being weaned should be allowed a liberal ration of alfalfa or clover hay with other available roughage, such as corn fodder, kafir butts, cane hay, and straw. The colt should be fed sufficient grain to keep it in good growing and thrifty condition.

If the colt is fed properly, one should never be able to see its ribs. A ration of from six to eight pounds a day should be fed for each 1,000 pounds of live weight. Oats is an excellent feed, but at the present price is so high it is not practical. A good substitute is corn 70 per cent, bran 20 per cent, and oil meal 5 per cent by weight. Colts should have access to a pasture or a large lot so as to have plenty of exercise.

A collar should be fitted to the horse, and not the horse to the collar. The collar that is too large should not be used on a horse in the hope that he will grow large enough so it will eventually fit. A collar that fits well in the spring may not fit at all in the fall.

When one is fitting a horse with a collar, the animal should be standing in a natural position, on level ground, with his head held at the height maintained while at work. The collar, when buckled, should fit snugly to the side of the neck, and its face should follow closely and be in even contact with the surface of the shoulders from the top of the withers to the region of his throat. At the throat there should be enough room for a man's hand to be inserted inside the collar.

The style of horse collars are created mostly by the use of different kinds of materials in their construction. Such materials as heavy duck, ticking, and leather are used either alone or in various combinations. All metal collars may also be bought, but are not so much used.



More pigs are ruined at weaning time than at any other stage of their existence. They should have access to corn and other grain when they are with their mother, so that they will know how to eat and will not miss the milk.

Skim milk or buttermilk is desirable feed for pigs at weaning time. The milk should be fed in the same condition at all times—either sweet or sour—otherwise the digestive system will be impaired.

Usually the pigs are large and thrifty enough to wean at the age of six to eight weeks. They should have access to green forage, such as alfalfa, rape, clover, or sorghum, at all times. The feeding trough should always be kept clean.

Care should be taken that the pigs are not overfed. Overfeeding causes feverish conditions and will stunt the growth of the pigs.

Machinery for Bean-Raising.

Beans may be expected to do well on any well-drained soil, but they seem to prefer a sandy or gravelly loam of fair fertility. Too rich a soil will favor the growth of too much vine and the beans will not ripen uniformly. The seed is usually planted with a grain drill, but when the crop is to be grown in hills it is best to use a corn planter equipped with a bean plate. A shovel cultivator is needed for the three or four cultivations the crop requires. For harvesting there are several kinds of machinery, of which a special bean harvester is best, though a mower equipped with a bunching attachment may also be used. The only satisfactory method of threshing bean crops of considerable size is a bean thresher, which may also be used for peas. They are made in various sizes some of which may be operated with two men and a small gas engine. Such a thresher will thresh from about eight to twelve bushels of beans an hour, depending on the amount of vines.

"The blue of Heaven is larger than the cloud."—Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

FERTILIZER PAYS
Better than ever. Write for Bulletin
ONTARIO FERTILIZERS, LIMITED
WEST TORONTO CANADA

ALMOST HELPLESS FROM RHEUMATISM

Only Able to Move About on Crutches—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Activity.

Inflammatory rheumatism, acute rheumatism and rheumatic fever are different names for practically the same thing. It comes on with hardly any warning. The pain is excruciating, and there is a tendency of the disease to attack the heart, when it may have fatal results.

Any one who has suffered from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism knows that the usual treatment is highly unsatisfactory. External applications of hot cloths and liniments and internal doses of salicylates to relieve the pain are not enough, for they do not drive the poison from the blood, and the sufferer is liable to renewed attacks whenever exposed to cold or dampness.

To cure rheumatism so that it will stay cured the rheumatic poison in the blood must be driven out, and the blood made rich and red. When the blood is pure there can be no rheumatism. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills build up the blood, make it rich, red and pure and in this way cure the most obstinate cases of rheumatism. Mr. George Harbottle, R. R. No. 1, Fever-sham, Ont., is one whose cure through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is most striking. His mother gives the particulars of his attack and cure as follows:—Some years ago while my son was working as a blacksmith in a Michigan lumber camp he was attacked with rheumatic fever. He was at once taken to a hospital at Marsenat, and was there under medical treatment for four months with but little or no relief. He then decided to go to Mount Clemens, where he took the baths for three weeks, but did not find any benefit from them. By this time he felt that his case was hopeless and decided to return home. When he reached home he could only move around by the use of a crutch and a cane. One knee was so stiff that he could not bend it, and most of his joints were swollen out of shape. He could neither dress nor undress himself and had to be helped like a child. I urged him to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and finally he consented to do so. He had only been taking the pills a few weeks when he could limp about, without the crutch, and his appetite greatly improved. This gave him new courage and as he continued the use of the pills he showed constant improvement, and was able to walk about outside. He continued to use the pills for some four months, by which time every symptom of the trouble had disappeared, and he went to his work in Michigan a cured man. His case was well known to the neighbors around here and his cure was looked upon as marvelous, for everyone thought that at the best he was doomed to be a rheumatic cripple.

It is because they have made such wonderful cures as Mr. Harbottle's world wide reputation, and are the only medicine used in thousands and thousands of homes. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. From The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MADE MUNICIPAL TREASURER

Soldier Given Responsible Position in City Government.

Corporal Troughton, a returned soldier invalided home from the front last year, and trained in municipal accounting by the vocational branch of the Military Hospitals Commission in Saskatchewan, has been made secretary-treasurer of Chaplin, Saskatchewan, with the annual salary of \$1,000.

Corpl. Troughton returned from the front with heart disease of a nature which would not allow him to pursue heavy work, and the future looked black for his little family. He had been in several small businesses, before he went overseas, but his capital had all gone to support his family during his absence and the lack of funds prohibited him from setting up anew.

A course in accounting was offered him by the vocational branch and he took it eagerly. He worked hard, long beyond the prescribed hours, and the instructors as well as his fellow-students in the training class rejoiced over his good fortune in securing the Chaplin appointment.

Minard's Lintment Cures Garget in Cows
Plenty of Credit.

Mr. Butterworth, the grocer, was looking over the credit slips one day. Suddenly he called to the new clerk:

"Did you give George Callahan credit?"

"Sure," said the clerk. "I—"

"Didn't I tell you to get a report on any and every man asking for credit?"

"Why, I did," retorted the clerk, who was an earnest young fellow. "I did get a report. The agency said he owed money to every grocer in town, and, of course, if his credit was that good I knew that you would like to have him open an account here!"

Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer

The Weekly Fashions



Dress the small lad in a middy suit and he will be perfectly happy. McCall Pattern No. 7776, Boy's Middy or Sailor Suit. In 4 sizes, 2 to 8 years. Price, 15 cents.



Simple and effective is this attractive dress. McCall Pattern No. 7537, Ladies' Dress. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. Price, 15 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

STORMY WEATHER HARD ON BABY

The stormy, blustery weather which we have during February and March is extremely hard on children. Conditions make it necessary for the mother to keep them in the house. They are often confined to overheated, badly ventilated rooms and catch colds which rack their whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will not fail to break up colds and keep the health of the baby in good condition till the brighter days come along. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Shortage of Feed.

According to a recent statement made by Mr. R. E. Prothero, President of the Board of Agriculture, there were only enough oats available in Britain to feed working horses on reduced rations after making allowance for milling stocks. There was no concentrated food for cattle feeding and this shortage would continue for at least a year, he declared. He was afraid that all carriage horses which had not been sent out to grass would have to be killed, while hunters would have to be sent to grass and kept there.

MURINE Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Not Eye Comfort at Your Disposal or by Murine Eye Remedy mail, 10¢ per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25¢. For Book of the Eye—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago 3

State corn cake may be used in crumb bread.

The food problem, which is the fundamental problem of the war, can be met only by the regular farmer. However commendable amateur efforts may be, they never can and they never will supply our armies or our Allies abroad. Only the farmers can do it, and the responsibility rests with him.

Are Popular West of the Great Lakes

Mrs. W. J. Vale Talks of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

She Also Tells How Her Dyspepsia Was Cured By Using Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Pandora, Alta., Feb. 25th.—(Special) "We are never without a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house." That's what Mrs. W. J. Vale, a well-known and highly respected resident of this place has to say of the great Canadian kidney remedy. "My husband suffers from lumbago, and they always help him," is the reason that she gives.

"I must also tell you," Mrs. Vale continued, "what Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets did for me. They cured me of a very bad attack of dyspepsia. I have also derived great benefit from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

It is evidence like this that proves that the Dodd's remedies have gained a permanent place in the family medicine chests of the West. Dodd's Kidney Pills are particularly popular. The success with which they have been used to treat all kinds of kidney ills from backache to rheumatism and Bright's disease have earned for them the gratitude of thousands of people on this side of the Great Lakes.

A TALKING COCONUT.

Philippine Natives Were Frightened By Clever Artifice.

"While in the United States government employ in the Philippines," says a writer in the Electrical Experimenter, "I was stationed on the Island of Pasilan, which is a small island in the Sulu Archipelago.

"We frequently had the natives entertain us with their native dances, and in turn would fill them with wonder and awe with a phonograph which we had in our outfit. We found it necessary to put up a telephone line between two buildings that were a little distance apart, using two magneto sets.

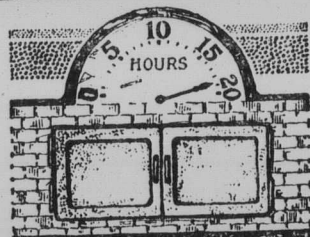
"One day I found a rather large coconut under a tree near the bamboo shed we were living in, and conceived the idea of making a coconut talk. So I emptied its contents and hung it on the outside of the house opposite the phone, so arranged that we could put the receiver through the grass wall and drop it into the coconut.

"We invited some of the natives to see the wonderful coconut that we could make talk, and with the aid of an interpreter at the other phone who understood their language we had a lot of fun. Some of the natives were so frightened they left the village. Next day a delegation returned and directed us to destroy the talking coconut, under penalty of immediate attack. They did not like to have so uncanny a thing around. There was much rejoicing when we consigned it to the flames."

Quarter Pound Diamond

One of the world's largest diamonds may come to the United States as Americans are among those dickering for that superior quality amber colored stone, weighing 442½ carats—about a quarter of a pound—found recently in the Du Toits Pan mine in South Africa. The stone is the most valuable ever found in Griqualand West, although it is not a record as regards weight.

The most famous diamonds in the world and their weights in carats are: Cullinan, now called the Star of Africa, part of the British crown jewels, 2,032; Excelsior, 969; Koh-i-noor, 900; Regent, 410; Orloff, 193, all cut, and the Great Mogul, 280, cut.



A Baked Cereal Food

Different from the usual run of toasted or steam-cooked cereals.

Grape-Nuts

is baked in giant ovens—baked for nearly twenty hours under accurate conditions of heat, so that the whole wheat and malted barley flours may develop their full, rich sweetness.

You don't need sugar on Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

FERTILIZER

ONTARIO FERTILIZERS, LIMITED WEST TORONTO CANADA

A LITTLE FRENCH HEART.

"Madame la Presidente:—Permit a little French heart to come and present to you his wishes the most sincere. My parents join with me in sending their best compliments for the New Year, and in thanking you for your great kindness. I thank you all, dear good ladies, for the nice things you have put in with the clothing addressed to my dear Papa. Every evening in my prayers I ask God to spread his blessing over you. Receive again Madame la Presidente and all the ladies, the best wishes of your little protege.—Charles Opdebeck."

This little letter has just been received in Toronto, by the President of the "Friends of France," who knows what interest it will have for many people in every part of Canada, who have so generously sent help to the hospitals and refugees. Charles and his mother were repatriated from the North of France not long ago, and find themselves with little or nothing to live on. During their captivity the mother was struck by a shell, and lost a leg. The father is an ambulance driver for a hospital in Calais, and this is what he says: "Dear and Good Ladies:—I thank you so much for the parcel that has just come. It contained 4 pairs of socks, a flannel shirt, chocolate, sugar, soap, cocoa and soup. If you knew how happy we are to have these things, for now it is so hard to live that my poor wife can never get anything nice. She is so happy to be near me at Calais, but unfortunately the 'cochons de Boche' come often to bombard us. On Monday they threw a dozen bombs, there was only material damage happily, but since my wife was struck, she has such a terrible fear. We hope that the Boches will soon have finished their crimes, and we can be happy again in our dear country. God watches over us and will protect us. Receive, good ladies, my affection and thanks the most sincere.

Le Soldat Arthur Opdebeck.

The "Friends of France" heard of this family through one of the hospitals that they help near Calais, which is visited daily by scores of refugees. The nurse in her last letter says: "Without Canadian and American help we could not exist. Many hospitals have had to shut down. The cost of living is so high and the government can give us so little. Many of our wounded are very ill, and need nourishing food. One egg costs 13 cents and butter and meat are \$1.00 a pound. Just now enormous numbers of refugees are arriving from the North of France, in a state of exhaustion of which you can truly form no idea. It is especially at the beginning that these families need help, when they are so weakened and demoralized. It is a question of material help to revive their morale, because after a time they pick up wonderfully, and in a few months gather together a little home less sad. All the second-hand clothing you send, which is so good, finds owners immediately."

The "Friends of France" is an incorporated society under the War Charities Act. Its headquarters are 216 Poplar Plains Rd., Toronto, and the President, Mrs. Wells, will gladly receive and acknowledge gifts in money or kind, such as clothing, food and hospital supplies.

Community rat hunts will make your county or town a rat-free place. This will reduce living costs and disease.

Maple Sugar Wanted. Every pound of maple sugar produced this spring adds to the food stock of the country at a time when every pound of foodstuffs is needed. Maple sugar makers are sure of a market for every pound of pure maple sugar and syrup they produce.

MONEY ORDERS Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Manseville, June 27, '13. Minard's Lintment Co., Limited, Yarmouth, N. S.

Gentlemen,—It affords me great pleasure and must be gratifying to you to know that after using 36 bottles of your Lintment on a case of paralysis which my father was afflicted with, I was able to restore him to normal condition. Hoping other sufferers may be benefited by the use of your Lintment, I am, Sincerely yours, GEO. H. HOLMES.

Official. Corporal (to soldier reporting sick): "What's the matter with you?" Tommy Atkins: "Pain in my 'habdomen."

Corporal: "'Habdomen be 'anged, Stomick, you mean. It's 'eonly 'abdomen as 'as 'habdomen."

Minard's Lintment Cures Colds Etc.

To start the early hatch in good condition it is necessary to have a good standard, reliable incubator, and follow the directions of the manufacturer for its successful operation.

Fat in Food. Nowadays we must not eat for pleasure, nor must we eat because a mealtime has come round for the sake of eating. We must eat for nourishment alone, and to do that we should study the needs of the body, and choose our food accordingly.

At least a third of the body's food should be fat. A man doing sedentary work requires three ounces of fat daily in some form. Ordinarily, bread contains from 1½ to 2 per cent of fat; in war bread the percentage is much higher. Butter is practically a pure fat, but potatoes contain none at all. Cocoa is the only popular beverage which contains fat.

We are told that there is a famine in fat in Germany, which, according to experts, is a more terrible thing than a famine in bread. Before the war the Germans consumed more fat per head than any other European nation. To-day they recognize its value, and housewives are ordered to hand over to the authorities all the dripping they may have.

Peanut Cornmeal Biscuits. One cupful yellow cornmeal, two teaspoonfuls salt, two teaspoonfuls peanut butter and one cupful water.

Put meal into a shallow pan and heat in oven until it is a delicate brown, stirring frequently. Make the peanut butter into a nut cream by mixing with one cup water and heating. It should be the consistency of thick cream. Stir the cornmeal into this cream while hot and beat thoroughly. Mixture should be just stiff enough to drop from spoon. Add water if too thick, bake in small cakes twenty-five minutes.

Minard's Lintment Cures Distemper.

The War in Africa. The war has from the first been brought right home to Africa. The four German colonies, over which the war extended, have an area more than four times as great as Germany; and there has been long and hard fighting in all of them except in Togo. Outside and within these areas of actual warfare live thousands of whites who are intensely interested in the European struggle. Many of these whites, even in the depth of the news every day. Even the Sahara desert is now partly belted by a telegraphic line, a French enterprise, with wireless extension in Timbucto. Thus this once mysterious city of Sudan is now in touch with the great events of the day. The Belgian Congo is efficiently served by the French cable to Libreville and the land line to Stanley Pool, where navigation to the upper Congo begins. The news is then wired up the Congo to the mouth of the Congo, and then by wireless to Stanley Falls, 870 miles above the Kasal.

GIRLS! WHITEN SKIN WITH LEMON JUICE

Make a beauty lotion for a few cents to remove tan, freckles, sallowness. Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply you with three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle, then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier known. Massage this fragrant, creamy lotion daily into the face, neck, arms and hands and just see how freckles, tan, sallowness, redness and roughness disappear and how smooth, soft and clear the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless, and the beautiful results will surprise you.

Red Cross Must Save.

The executive of the Red Cross Society of Regina has asked that the advice of the Food Controller be carefully observed at all gatherings in the interests of the Red Cross and that if the hostess really wishes to serve food she should at least be careful not to use the commodities most needed overseas.

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Minard's Lintment Cures Distemper.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES



The best yeast in the world. Makes perfect bread. MADE IN CANADA. E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT. WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Pessimism is a black man in a dark closet looking for a black hat that is not there.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN WEST-ERN Ontario. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 82, Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

Doctors Recommend Bon-Opto for the Eyes

Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye troubles and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guaranty by all druggists.

A Cure for Bad Breath

"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclear bowel." If your teeth are good, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Selgel's Curative Syrup at druggists. 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath odor. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine.

Minard's Lintment Cures Colds Etc.

To start the early hatch in good condition it is necessary to have a good standard, reliable incubator, and follow the directions of the manufacturer for its successful operation.

Fat in Food. Nowadays we must not eat for pleasure, nor must we eat because a mealtime has come round for the sake of eating. We must eat for nourishment alone, and to do that we should study the needs of the body, and choose our food accordingly.

At least a third of the body's food should be fat. A man doing sedentary work requires three ounces of fat daily in some form. Ordinarily, bread contains from 1½ to 2 per cent of fat; in war bread the percentage is much higher. Butter is practically a pure fat, but potatoes contain none at all. Cocoa is the only popular beverage which contains fat.

We are told that there is a famine in fat in Germany, which, according to experts, is a more terrible thing than a famine in bread. Before the war the Germans consumed more fat per head than any other European nation. To-day they recognize its value, and housewives are ordered to hand over to the authorities all the dripping they may have.

Peanut Cornmeal Biscuits. One cupful yellow cornmeal, two teaspoonfuls salt, two teaspoonfuls peanut butter and one cupful water.

Put meal into a shallow pan and heat in oven until it is a delicate brown, stirring frequently. Make the peanut butter into a nut cream by mixing with one cup water and heating. It should be the consistency of thick cream. Stir the cornmeal into this cream while hot and beat thoroughly. Mixture should be just stiff enough to drop from spoon. Add water if too thick, bake in small cakes twenty-five minutes.

Minard's Lintment Cures Distemper.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well. My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it. I did so, and in a few days I was able to get on my feet. I had no operation. I had been told that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well. My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it. I did so, and in a few days I was able to get on my feet. I had no operation. I had been told that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well. My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it. I did so, and in a few days I was able to get on my feet. I had no operation. I had been told that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well. My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. 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No matter how much good times are enjoyed, they are soon forgotten unless Kodak serves as the memory jogger.

Keep a picture story of the bright side of life, to cheer up the hours that need cheering.

The part your town plays in these stirring times of 1918 can live between the pages of your Kodak Album

KODAK

and date every negative as it is made. "1918" will have a world of meaning in the years to come.

Autographic Kodaks \$8 and up
Autographic Brownies \$5 and up

At the Sign of The Star.

The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffer

Terms—Cash or Produce.

CARLSRUHE.

It is with regret that we announce the death of Mr. X. Weber which came quite sudden on Tuesday morning at 3.30 a. m. Deceased had been diling for the past three weeks with heart trouble and his sudden death was a shock to the whole community. He leaves to mourn him, six sons, four of them being in Guli Lake, Sask., and two sons at home. Mrs. Jos. Anstead of Pinkerton, Miss Veronica and Mary at home. His wife predeceased him about 18 years ago. The funeral day is at the time of writing not appointed owing to the boys out west.

Leander Schwan, son of Mrs. Dave Schwan, who has attended St. Jeromes College of Kitchener was drafted last week to London, Ont.

Rev. Father T. Spetz of Kitchener is at present assistant priest here with Father Lenhardt.

FORMOSA.

Mrs. Vollmer and daughter of Herson are spending a couple of weeks with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dentinger.

The demand for horses seems to be quite brisk at present. Quite a number of farmers in this vicinity have disposed of one or two at good prices.

Mr. Alph. Zimmer expects to move to his farm on the 10th con. of Culross in the near future.

Mr. Ed. Diehlamm, drygoods traveller for Robinson Little & Co. of London, was in town on business last week. We are always glad to see Ed.

Large quantities of logs are still coming in to Weiler's mill. They are getting in the largest stock they have had for a number of years owing to the high prices being paid.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

In the early part of the day trading at the Union Stock Yards yesterday was pretty slow and with a heavy run, 3296 head all told, the outlook for an early clean up was not very promising, and as a matter of fact there were between 400 and 500 cattle left over, but the prices did not reach so severely as some people were inclined to suppose.

We would say briefly that there was a fairly liberal supply of cattle, with the quality generally common to fair, with a good enquiry for the well-finished class, and with the market for most butcher cattle 25c per cwt. lower. The cow trade was good and bulls were steady with a fair enquiry for stockers and feeders, and with prospects about steady for the balance of the week.

There were individual cases where the decline was more marked and where 25c per cwt. would not be a fair estimate, but taken all round we would say that the market yesterday all round would average up about 25c of a loss from last week, and that's saying quite a bit.

There was a fair run of sheep, lambs and calves, not a big run, 223 calves and 125 sheep and lambs, and the market held steady all round. There were some who thought the calf trade was off from 25c to 40c, but the general opinion and as shown in the sales indicate pretty satisfactory prices all round.

The run of hogs was 1335 head all told, and the price held steady at 13 1/2c fed and watered, and 20c weighed off. There were higher prices paid, one lot of 25 at \$19.90 fed and watered, but that was not a representative sale, and for an extra choice lot. The outlook is for easier prices and the reaction will, it is said, amount to a cut of 50c, but time will tell.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until March 13th, for the construction of a new brick house at Belmore. Plans and specification may be seen at Henry Johann's at Belmore. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Henry Johann, Belmore.

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Kohl, late of the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the revised Statutes of Ontario (1914) chap. 121, Sec. 58, that creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Andrew Kohl, who died on or about the 17th day of August A. D. 1912, are required on or before the first day of more, to send by post prepaid or deliver to George Weiler, Mildmay, P. O., one of the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts and the nature of their securities (if any) held by them. And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said executor will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 1st day of March A. D. 1918.
George Weiler } Executors
Agnes Weiss }

Helwig's Weekly Store News...

We have just finished a very successful eight-days Clean-up-Sale, but find we have overlooked some of the Clearing lines during the Sale rush,

Note the following—

Plain Sheeting

1 piece plain bleached sheeting, 72 inches wide. Special for 38c

Madras Curtain Goods

2 pieces Ecrú Madras Curtaining, 40 in. and 44 inches wide. Reg. 35c for 23c

Union Carpet

Union Carpet, 36 inches wide, extra quality, worth to-day \$1.00.
Price to clear 50c

White Crepe Underskirts

Only a few left of the Underskirts. Clean-up-sale price was 98c.
Balance to clear for 78c

Handkerchiefs

Ladies fancy embroidered handkerchiefs
2 for 25c

Childrens' Drawers

Childs medium weight winter drawers, sizes for ages 1 year to 10 yrs.
Price to clear 25c pr.

Women's Coats

Ladies Winter Coats, dark fancy tweeds
Sizes 34 to 38. Prices 5.78, 7.78, 9.78

Corded Velvets

27 inch wide Corded Velvets, colors—navy, brown, green and cadet.
Reg. 1.00 for 63c

Awningstripe skirting

Colors—Black and white, sky and white, green and white, black and cream, sky and cream, pink and white. Splendid cloth for summer skirts, middles and use as trimmings. Reg. 35c and 50c for 27c

Boys Sweater Coats

Colors—cardinal, navy and khaki, sizes 26, 28 and 30. Reg. 1.50 to \$2 for 1.28

Flowered Crepe

This line comes in black with white also white ground with block pattern or stripe.
Price to clear 17c a yd.

Prints 36 inches wide

6 patterns of 36 inch wide American Prints, all fast colors, at a year ago prices 20c

Misses Coats

Misses Winter Coats, tweeds, velvets and Corduroys. Size 13 to 17.
Price to clear 5.78

TERMS — Cash or Produce.

Bring Us Your Butter, Eggs, Lard, Beans, Cream, etc.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Have finished Stock-Taking and we have a few lines left to Clear at very Low Prices.

Sale Starts Saturday, March 2nd, Ends Saturday, March 9th

Groceries

No. 1 Rio Coffee, reg. 30c a lb; To clear
at 5 lbs for 1.00

Corn and Laundry Starch
Reg 15c a pkg; To clear at 5 for 50c

Corn Flakes, Toasted
Reg. 12 1-2c a pc; To clear at ... 5 for 50c

Laundry Soap
Reg. 8c a cake; To clear at 10 for 50c

Genuine Durham Mustard
Reg. 15c a tin; To clear at 3 for 25c

Your last chance to get 16 lbs of Oatmeal for \$1.00.

Eddy's matches, reg. 7c pc; To clear 9 for 50c

Baking Powders

Reg. 35c a jar for 24c

Reg. 25c " 19c

Reg. 20c a glass 14c

Bring us your Cream, butter, eggs, potatoes, beans, etc.

Dry Goods

Mens' and ladies' Raincoats, regular \$9 to \$10; Clearing at 4.50 to 5.00

Boys' Suits, Latest styles
Reg. \$10 to \$15; Clearing at \$5 to 7.50

Mens' Ready-made Suits
Reg. \$20 to \$22; Clearing at 14.95

1 Only Ladies Coat
Fur collar, curly lined, regular \$28.00; To clear at 14.50

Mens Suits, Made-to-order
Reg. \$28 to 30.00; To clear at 24.00

Gray Woollen Blankets
Reg. 9.50, a snap. Clearing at 6.75

Mens Gray Whipcord Pants
Reg. \$6.00 a pair; To clear at ... 4.50 a pair

Batts for Quilts, etc

Reg. 30c; To clear at 2 for 40c

Reg. 20c; " " 4 for 65c

Phone No. 14

Prompt Delivery

Cash or Produce

Weiler Bros., Prop.

Prepare Now

Get your requirements for—
Sap pails, Sap pans, Sap Spiles

The season for these goods is fast approaching. If you are thinking of using a pan, let us have your order early to make sure of your supply when the time comes.

Seeds! Seeds!

We have a large supply of—
Clovers and Grass Seeds.
(Highest Government Standard)

Red Clover, Mammoth clover, Alsiko clover, Alfalfa, Timothy, Orchard grass, etc.

SPECIAL—We have a limited amount of Red Clover which we are offering at \$22.00 a bus.

Turnip and Mangold Seeds

Our stock comprises all the leading varieties.
Rennies, Steele Briggs and Bruces.

Indications point to a scarcity of Root Seeds so get your supply early.

Liesemer & Kalbfleish
THE CORNER HARDWARE.