

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT

AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. I.—No. 105.]

SATURDAY, 27th OCTOBER, 1838.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

WILLIAM BURKE,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
No. 15, Fabrique Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received from London a choice assortment of articles in his line, among which are black Buck and curried Goat Skins, of a superior quality, for Gentlemen's Summer Boots, which will be made up in the first style, and on the shortest notice.
Quebec, 31st May, 1838.

NEW GROCERY STORE,
CORNER OF PALACE & JOHN STREETS.
H. J. JAMESON,

RESPECTFULLY announces that he has commenced business in the above house, where he has on hand a choice selection of WINES and other LIQUORS, TEAS, SUGAR, COFFEE, and all other articles usually connected in his line, and will dispose of them for the lowest possible profit, and by a strict attention to all orders which may be favoured with, he trusts to merit a share of public patronage.

N. B.—For Sale, at very reduced prices, 8 dozen of superior London Particular O.L.P. and O. L. P. T., warranted eleven years in bottle.
Quebec, Sept. 1838.

GROCERY STORE.
THE Subscriber is returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he is constantly on hand a choice assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Groceries, &c. all of the best quality.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Corner of the Upper Town Market Place
Opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Barracks.



THE Subscribers having just received from England a variety of materials for WHEELER & SUMMER CARRIAGES, selected under the personal inspection of Mr. J. SAVOIS, on the first houses in London and Birmingham, are enabled to execute their work in better style, and much cheaper than any other house in Canada.

SAURIN & CO.
Coachbuilders
Quebec, 29th Sept 1838.

BROWN'S
DEAP CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S
DYES CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 9, outside St. John's Street Gate.

Best quality Cheeses by
aged 4 weeks, and many other articles
sold given in for sale.
Quebec, 28th July, 1838.

TO SHIP-MASTERS.
THE Subscriber begs to inform the Ship-masters trading to Quebec, that the highest prices are paid at his Establishment, for parts of OLD SAILS, CORDAGE, &c. &c.

JAMES S. MILLER,
Commercial Buildings, St. Peter Street.
Quebec, 15th Sept 1838.

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
50 HUNDRED MINOTS PEAS,
10 cwt. Ship Biscuit,
20 bbls. Boston Crackers,
50 lbs. Butter,
20 cases Salad Oil,
40 casks Hull Cement,
Green and Blue Paint.
CREELMAN & LEPPER.

Doctry.

From the *Evansville (Indiana) Journal.*

VICTORIA.

"Behold the crown!
May He that wears the Crown Immortally,
Long guard it thine!"

A glad and glorious thing hath met
Within that ancient fane;
To place the bright Coronet seal
On young Victoria's reign:
Full oft the gorgeous pageant there
Those sacred walls have seen;
But purer, deeper homage erects
That fair young maiden Queen.

And many a voice from distant lands,
His plaudits mingle there—
And many a hand its fealty paid,
Full many a heart its prayer:—
For here Devotion o'er the sea,
A solemn anthem sings—
She lays aside her Crown to kneel
Before the King of kings!

A lofty seat is thine, fair girl!
Whom proudest realms obey;
And borne to earth's remotest bound
The flag is still unfurled;
No day so rife with pride and joy
Can "merry England" claim;
Like this, when they rend the air
With fair Victoria's name.

Sole daughter of the regal line
Whom proudest realms obey;
A Sceptre, gift with care, is thine,
For youthful hands to sway;
But from thy ripe and vigorous mind
Thy Nation's hopes arise;
And may each destiny ye proclaim
VICTORIA—good and wise!

THE DISAPPOINTED AUTHOR.

BY JOHN ST. HUGH MILLS.

In a small room in the middle lane of the Inner Temple, whose cramped window permitted only the eye to wander upon the blue expanse of heaven, or more generally the thick, humid vapour which chokes one even to think of, a London fog, sat a young pale-faced man, thin, haggard and worn with evident excessive mental exertion, his taper, wasted fingers entangled in his neglected nut-brown hair, his large sparkling gray eyes fixed upon a manuscript before him, and his colourless lips quivering moving to the impulse of intense thought; a few books graced a shelf within his reach, a college cap and gown hung proudly from a cobwebbed peg, prima facie evidence of his studies deep and jealous; a glass chipped in the rim, with a few drops of cold water occasionally raised to his lips, showed the simple beverage with which he quenched his thirst. It was Beaumaurice Clarke, the young, learned, excellent, kind hearted, enthusiastic author.

At an early age he was sent to Eton, where after enduring the many pains and penalties which all are subjected to who occupy the English school system, he went to Oxford, where, vigorous, thick and fast bailed upon his well-merited exertions; the advanced, indolent scholar, though poor in purse, was courted by the opulent and powerful, landings and dukings were pleased to have the friendship, or rather acquaintance of excellent Beau, as he was called, because he could materially, and would cheerfully, relieve their pudding-heads of unnecessary exertion—unnecessary, as circumstances placed within their grasp all they desired—books which would take months of unceasing exertion in the talented student; a slight notice in a publication, or a compliment from a professor, would be produced by one of these aristocrats in a few-hunt or uproarious—in others, disgraceful behaviour—the act of misconduct which would condemn the one, would be facetiously shaded and glossed into a joke of the first water, concerning the other. Many months had Beaumaurice devoted to reading for a fellowship, which, upon obtaining, would place him above the common wants and necessities of life. The day arrived for the examination, and, primed with classic lore, he threaded his way to the hall to undergo the

awful ordeal. While passing the rooms occupied by Lord St. Paul, he was hailed by his lordship and boon companions to enter and partake of breakfast, but he declined, alleging as an excuse the lateness of the hour. "Late, indeed!" said his lordship, "why, you are an hour before the time; come in, man, I want your assistance, or I shall be plucked to a certainty." This was sufficient to induce him to accept the invitation, and as he mounted the staircase, his lordship said in an under tone, "Let us endeavour to fuddle him; what a joke it will be."

"If you prevail upon Beau to drink one drop, Paul, you'll accomplish a task of persuasion uncollected in the annals of sporting, ancient or modern!" said one of the company. "What a lark it would be to see him duck-headed at the examination!" said another. "I'll manage it," said Lord St. Paul; "I'll put *cau de vie* in some coffee and give it to him; he will not discover it, for I don't believe he has any palate, except a taste for Græco-latinum et latino-græcum."

"Unpleasant food for me," said another, "I hate the dry stuff."
"That, I suppose, accounts for your immoderate potations," said his lordship.
When Beaumaurice entered, he was surrounded by a dozen young men, whose inflamed eyes told plainly of excess; the table, loaded with viands and the room filled with smoke, showed one of those orgies had been kept, with its usual waste and extravagance, a college breakfast.

"Come Beau, before we discuss crack-brained Greek," said Lord St. Paul, "discuss some breakfast; have a cup of coffee, it will clear your head, if not so transcendently good as usual."

"You flatter me, my lord; however, I recollect neglecting my breakfast, and will accept one cup of coffee," said Beaumaurice.

The beverage had scarcely been swallowed when the fiery poison began to inflame the blood of the inexperienced student, his head felt too light to remain upon his shoulders; and words tumbled glibly from his lips, so exquisitely potent that the surrounding bacchanals drank in the flowery language with greater greed, if possible, than the draughts of wine they had previously. Every moment his excitement increased, till at length his lips strained to its utmost pitch, reached the ears of others who crowded in to hear and see the student—*marotte dictu*—madly inebriated upon the day which was to crown him with honours and emolument. "How did it happen?" asked one. "Who did it?" inquired another. "He will be plucked to a moral!" whispered a third. And so he was. Yes, the gifted, kind hearted, benevolent fellow, from a sportive jest, was dismissed with disgrace from Oxford, for daring to appear in a state of intoxication before the examiners. No apology or excuse could alter the stern decree; the fact was stated to them, by Lord St. Paul, who bitterly regretting his thoughtlessness, candidly acknowledged it, stating truly how it occurred; yet nothing could be received as mitigating the sentence, the reply being, "if one such flagrant act could be forgiven, innumerable excuses would be offered constantly on future occasions."

After his unhappy congee, having the sympathy of all who knew him, the broken hearted student, with unprecedented benevolence, sought hands with the unintentional destroyer of his bright career, hopes and anticipations of honour, fame and opulence, forgetting not with hypocritical appearance, but in his heart, no shadow of animosity existing; tears chased each other silently down the cheeks of the poor fellow, as with reluctant heel he turned from the arena of his glory and defeat, wending his way toward the

"Hastens of men and smoke—for now we come
To—where, coachman?—That, s.r., London."

With scanty purse and suicidal spirits, poor Beaumaurice searched for a suitable lodging upon one street and down another till nearly exhausted; at length a piece of paper stuck against a gate of a Temple, attracted his attention from its peculiar and inviting appearance.

"A hairy attack helegantly situated in the happier parts of these premises—possession immediate—rent in advance, for further particulars apply to Mrs. Chell on the premises, if by letter post-settled. None need apply except principals. Ouse-agents don't trouble yourselves." The referee, a fat, antiquated lady, pointed out the many advantages to be derived from so desirable a locality. "Sir," said she, "the first gentlemen at the bar read and wrote here; and many of them, at one time, could hardly afford to pay their way for this snugery. Sir Edward Pellett studied in this room, Sir Edward Suggden, the lord chancellor for Ireland, Mr. Chitty the great law-writer, and—"

"No doubt all the first men of the age," interrupted Beaumaurice, smiling at the incoherence of the dame.

"Yes, sir, every one almost," said the old lady.

"What is the rental?" inquired Beaumaurice.

"Ten shillings a week, sir, payable in advance; for, since your severe loss, sir, my rule is to make my lodgers pay down before—Land said Mrs. Chell.

"You have had a misfortune?" said Beaumaurice.

"Indeed I have, sir," observed Mrs. Chell, with a melancholy visage. "I let my lodgings, these very chambers, to a Mr. Griffin; a little shabby fellow—Griffin by name, sir," as Mrs. Chell said, "and Griffin by nature. I trusted him the matter of five week's rent and board, when he absconded without paying me a farthing, sir."

Beaumaurice performed the indispensable stipulation and located himself in the attractive residence, determined to follow the path strewn with thorns and misfortunes; a poor author's.

"The spacious West,
And all the teeming regions of the South,
Hold not a quarry to the anxious fight
Of knowledge, half so tempting, or so fair,
As man to man."

To succeed in the world we must place an ostensible value upon ourselves. If we cannot respect our own abilities, although we may possess great erudition and unceasing energy, our talents will little avail us. Self confidence renders acquisitions available, without it they are useless. Persius says, "scire tuum nihil est, nisi to scire hoc sciat alter"—the knowledge you may possess is as nothing, unless it is known to others that you possess it—and Bulwer, with his thorough acquaintance of the world, asks, "how can we expect others to think well of us, if we (who best know ourselves) appear not to do so." This is obvious, & the great precept of "knowing thyself," we are convinced was not merely intended to check our vanity, but also that we might comprehend our worth.

The great fault of Beaumaurice was his diffidence and want of confidence; often would a rival in his class, possessing little else than assiduity, or indeed, impudence, eclipse his splendid talents, and reap the honours which otherwise would have been his—so much does success depend upon appearance rather than worth. We would say to a man—look wise, rather than be so and appear ignorant.

With assiduity he commenced his first production, the "Artist's Daughter." Every word was carefully weighed and duly considered, every sentence smoothed and polished, all the feeling expressed in the glowing colours which alone can be painted by the vivid imagination of a poet. With pride he surveyed the completed work, and as his last sheet was turned from the desk, his palpitating heart beat loud and quick, as the thought flashed across his brain of the praise that would be lavished upon him. "Yes," said he—"I shall succeed; my misfortune at college will be no injury to me—it may be even for the best," and he laughed that inward, heart-stirring laugh, which only proceeds from real substantial gratification.

The manuscript was carefully tied and sealed, that no impertinent eye might survey its hidden beauties, save that for which it was formally intended—the editor of the *Magazine*. It was committed to undergo the ordeal of acceptance or rejection, accompanied

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by a letter, stating it was a first attempt, hoping the faults would be corrected with unparagoning pruning, and trusting it would be found worthy of insertion. As the day of publication neared so did his anxiety increase, his thoughts bent totally upon the subject—appetite he had none—to sleep he was a stranger—and his brain in raven with hopes, doubts and fears—the small room paced over and over—incapable of rest in thought and action. The day arrived anticipated with such mingled feelings, and away hurried Beaumaurice to learn the tidings of his fate at the office of the publisher—the magazine was seized with avidity, and its pages read asunder to search for the article—but a such insertion as the "Artist's Daughter" could be found—disappointment spread over the features of the author as each leaf was scanned—when his eye caught "Notice to Correspondents"—"The Artist's Daughter is left at the office: we beg to hint to the author that he need not make our eyes ache again with his twaddle." The work dropped from his hand. As he concluded the fat which hurried his high-flown hopes to the ground, tears trickled from his eyes, and sobs irresistibly escaped his lips, as he returned to his solitary chamber to ponder over his continued misfortunes; everything appeared against him, not nothing to cheer his almost broken spirits. "What can I do?" exclaimed he, "I shall starve, literally starve; and I will, rather than ask assistance from any one!" A loud knock at the door started him from his unpleasant reverie, and, opening it, he discovered his old college-chum, Fitzgerald. In a moment his miseries were forgotten, and he heartily greeted the companion of his labours and confident of his hopes.

Fitzgerald, of course, knew of the heart-rending occurrence of Beaumaurice's expulsion, and with that praiseworthy generosity which occasionally is found in the selfish, grasping disposition of man—as the beneficial sun, wishing to turn the black storm into beaming smiles—was ready to delicately assist the needy, distressed, and unfortunate. How seldom is this kind part acted in the drama of life; the heart, contracted with the constricting cares of life, rarely expands to others afflictions—the affections are chilled—the fresh feelings of youthful tenderness and its sympathy are forgotten, and with cold indifference man contemplates the destruction of happiness in others, and selfishly congratulates himself that he is not the sufferer.

Beaumaurice recounted briefly the refusal of his article, and handed it to Fitzgerald to peruse, who, upon completing it, expressed his high approbation of the composition, adding "we must give it a new title and I will send it in as my production, for I am a regular contributor, and heavens knows the truth, that I never wrote anything half so interesting or beautiful."

"But," said Beaumaurice, "it will be recognized as my rejected article."
"Ha, ha, ha!" laughed Fitzgerald, "do you imagine they, editorially speaking, read your article—not a word save the title was glanced at, and that only to address a notice to the publisher of Blessington, the Hon. Mrs. Norton, or Lord Fiddleslick, it is inserted as a matter of course; if from Mr. Smith, Brown, Clarke, (or any unknowns,) equally certain of refusal and being called twaddle—stuff—nonsense—or fudge?"

"Hear me," said Beaumaurice. "I had no idea you must be known previous to getting productions published. I thought they were examined, and received or rejected according to their merits."

"Not at all with the editor of the Magazine; he gives himself no such trouble, as you will see; this article, which has been condemned unseen, I shall have in the next number the most conspicuous place—the post of honour—and twelve guineas for your reward Bean; so commence another as soon as you please, and your name shall be flourished with flaming honors, bringing food for your stomach, and food for your vanity."

Beaumaurice glowed with pleasure at this consoling intelligence, and the hours passed, as all do that are free from care, much too quickly with his friend who turned his sorrow into joy; the night was spent rationally and cheerfully, and the one retired knowing he had blotted out a canker from the acute sensibilities of his unhappy friend; the other, that he had yet hope and prospect of ultimate success in his undertaking, though arduous and almost insurmountable.

Fitzgerald performed his promise, and the rejected article was in due time published, with compliments to the supposed author; while the absolute one, happy in knowing

he was deserving of them, and reaping the weighty consideration and benefit, satisfied both his ambition and his requisites. In a short time, it was known who really was the writer of the much admired production, Fitzgerald readily acknowledging it, and offering quick and liberal showers from various quarters, requesting the pleasure of receiving contributions from the pen of the young aspirant to literary fame—report soon reached the ears of his once fellow-colleagues of the sensation created by the "expelled"—and Lord St. Paul, both from feelings of regret that he should have marred the prospects of the author so irremediably, or tainting upon him lasting and unextinguishable disgrace, and fearing it might be remembered that he was alone the cause, procured, with little difficulty, a sinecure of three hundred a year, to be presented to Beaumaurice; who, from the dregs of poverty and refined distress, found himself exalted far above even his most sanguine expectations. After thanking his benefactors with the sincerity of a grateful, happy man, he determined to absent himself from his country for a brief while, when the still, low voice of memory would be hushed, and the unremembered stain which tarnished his character buried in oblivion.

DIFFERENCE IN TASTE.—It is curious to observe with what interest particular members listen to the speeches of other honorable gentlemen, to which the members generally pay no attention, when the subject chances to be a favourite one with those particular members. If, for example, there be any thing highly imaginative in the speech of an honorable gentleman, Mr. Edward Lytton Bulwer is sure, if in the house, to be all attention, however listless all other members may be around him. The philosophy, again, which would either send most other members out of the house, or set them talking with their next neighbours, would rivet Mr. Grote to his seat, and secure from him the most attentive hearing. Just mention the word "economy," and you are sure of a most willing auditor on the part of Mr. Hume, however inattentive other M.P.'s may be; but give your speech an arithmetical complexion, and that moment Mr. Hume pricks up his ears, even should he have been dozing before—as if you were pointing out him some way in which, without trouble to himself, his fortune might be doubled.

THE TRANSCRIPT
IS PRINTED ON THE MORNINGS OF
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.
At the Office No. 12, St. John Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
In Town, by Post, 10s per annum.
When sent by Post, 12s per annum.

Advertisements, Communications, &c. may be left at the Office, and at the Book-Store, No. 26, of the Mountain Street, at which places the papers can be had immediately after publication.

Printing of every description executed with neatness and despatch, and on moderate terms.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 27TH OCT. 1838.

LATEST DATES.

From London, Sept. 19	From New York, Oct. 20
From Liverpool, Sept. 27	From Halifax, Oct. 20
From France, Sept. 27	From Toronto, Oct. 21

New York papers received by mail this morning, are without news.

A private letter received yesterday states that a band of sympathisers has been discovered on an island near French Creek, no doubt with an intention of obstructing the navigation of the St. Lawrence. It is said that a Government schooner and party have been sent from Kingston to dislodge them.

From the following paragraph in the *Burlington Sentinel*, it would appear probable that Theller and Dodge have effected their escape to the States—

"Burlington, 21st October.—We have been informed on good authority that Theller and Dodge have succeeded in making their escape to this side of the lines, nothing the worse for their exploit, except the fatigue of having travelled so great a distance with so much rapidity."

Nearly the whole of the paid corps of Volunteers in Quebec and Montreal are about to be again called into service; and we understand that Major Sewell has been directed to embody the unpaid Volunteers in Quebec.—The *Montreal Gazette* states that Capt. Dyer,

of that city, has been directed to re-organize the Volunteer corps which he commanded last winter, to consist of four companies of one hundred each. In Upper Canada, Volunteer companies are being formed at Kingston, Cornwall, Prescott, Brockville, and Belleville; and at Toronto Major Webb is advertising for recruits for a Volunteer Company, intended for service on the Niagara frontier.

Mr. O'Sullivan, the Solicitor General, has been appointed Chief Justice of Montreal, and the Solicitor-Generalship has been conferred on Mr. Andrew Stuart.

The St. George's Society of Quebec, at a general meeting held on Wednesday last, resolved to present an address to His Excellency the Governor General, and to accompany His Lordship, with their banners, &c., to the place of embarkation, on the day of his departure for England.—We understand that His Excellency has become a life member of the Society.

The Literary and Historical Society of Quebec has determined on presenting a complimentary address to the Governor General.

We are requested to state that a Meeting will be held in the Court House this day, at 4 o'clock, respecting the establishment of a Lyceum or a Lecture Room, in this city.

The troopship *Athol*, having on board five hundred officers and men, drafts for the several regiments serving in Canada, arrived yesterday, in thirty days from Plymouth.

The telegraph reports Transport No. 12, with troops, at No. 2 Station.

From the *Montreal Correspondent of the Quebec Gazette*.

Montreal, Tuesday evening, Oct. 23.—Sir John Colborne arrived this morning in the *John Bull*, and saw the whole troops in Garrison, including Artillery and Cavalry, not on duty, at the Priests' Farm, at 10 o'clock.

Montreal, Wednesday evening, Oct. 24.—E. E. Rodier, one of the rebel refugees, for whom a reward was offered last winter, returned to town this day.

Mr. Colborne Sir John Colborne will leave in the *John Bull*, to-morrow evening for Quebec. His Excellency left town this morning for St. John, and the military posts in that part of the country, on a tour inspection.

The Sunday New York mail, which arrived this day, brought nothing new. The *Royal William* sailed on Saturday afternoon with 28 passengers, and an unprecedentedly large number of letters.

Halifax papers of the 13th, and Toronto of the 17th inst., contain nothing of interest. Sir George Arthur, although he does not believe in any serious attempt against the Upper Province, relaxes nothing of his precautions, and we believe the same course is pursued in this Province. The regular enlistments of colonial corps subject to the articles of war of the British army, will probably prevent some of the mischievous irregularities which prevailed in parts of both Provinces last winter, and which materially contributed to spread disaffection.—*Gazette*.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRANSCRIPT.

SIR,—In the absence of all constitutional control over the conduct of the Judges in the administration of justice, I avail myself of the only means left of making public the following facts—

In the case of John Stevin vs. W. L. Filton, (No. 2055.) the Court of King's Bench for the District of Quebec, on the 20th October inst., after having heard the defendant's counsel. The four Judges were present, and assented to the judgment pronounced by Mr. Justice Bowen. When the judgments were all rendered, and after the Hon. Jonathan Sewell had left the Bench, and taken his farewell of the Court for ever, the plaintiff's attorney also left the Court with his client. During the absence of the plaintiff and his attorney, the defendant's attorney, as I am informed, addressed the Court upon the subject of the judgment they had just rendered, and, strange to say, obtained *ex parte* statements of facts. The first judgment having been acquiesced in by the Hon. the late Chief Justice of the Province, it would have been but decent, previous to annulling it, to have made known the facts to the Chief Justice, and thereupon obtained his approval or disapproval of the second judgment. But such was not the case; and in the absence of the Hon. the Chief Justice, the

plaintiff and his counsel, the Court reverse the judgment the four Judges had rendered but a brief half-hour before. By this means the defendant will avoid the payment of £14, (the sum demanded), till the month of February next,—a debt which stands admitted and acknowledged in his own proper hand writing a short time previous to the institution of the action, and which he offered, on the 30th September last, to pay, if the plaintiff would charge him with the costs, and give him money. Mr. Aylwin was the counsel for the defendant, and Mr. Justice Bowen was the Judge who delivered the judgment. The circumstances may be perfectly accidental, of course; but I cannot but notice what appears to me to be rather a singular coincidence,—that a year or two ago I obtained judgment against Mr. Alexander Simpson as *tiers saisi*, he having neglected to appear and declare. Mr. Justice Bowen, on that occasion, in the absence of the plaintiff's attorney, and without his knowledge or consent, reversed the judgment he had already pronounced against the *tiers saisi*, upon the *ex parte* statements again of Mr. Aylwin, who appeared as Mr. Simpson's counsel.

The recent appointment of the Hon. James Stuart to be Chief Justice of the Province, will, we trust, tend to correct the flippancy and familiarity of counsel, neutralise the defects of the Bench, and revive the confidence of the public in the administration of justice.

MEM.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE PROVINCE, Quebec, 24th October, 1838.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments:—
James Stuart, Esquire, Chief Justice of and in the Province of Lower Canada, and in the office aforesaid Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of King's Bench, of the District of Quebec, in the room and place of Jonathan Sewell, Esquire, who hath resigned the said office.
George Herman Ryland, Esquire, Clerk of Her Majesty's Executive Council and for the Province of Lower Canada, in the room and stead of the Honorable Herman Willis Ryland, deceased.
Pierre Edouard Leclerc, Esquire, to be Inspector and Superintendent of the Police for the City of Montreal, in the Province of Lower Canada, under the Ordinance intitled, "An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police, in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal."
Joseph Dequise, Gentlemen, to be a Public Notary, for the Province of Lower-Canada.

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF MILITIA, Quebec, 24th October, 1838.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Volunteer Force of this Province:—

ROYAL QUEBEC VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Wm. B. Lindsay, Esq. to be Major Commanding, by Commission dated 1st October, 1838.

To be First Captains.

E. H. Bowen, Esq.	1st	do.	do.
Geo. Desbrosses, do.	2nd	do.	do.
And. Stuart, jr. do.	3rd	do.	do.

To be Second Captains.

W. D. Dupont, Esq.	1st	do.	do.
Simon Leclerc, do.	2nd	do.	do.
Isaac R. Eckart, do.	3rd	do.	do.

To be First Lieutenants.

Horatio A. Wicksteed, Gent.	1st	do.	do.
Andrew J. Maxham, do.	2nd	do.	do.
John A. Panet, do.	3rd	do.	do.
Thomas Hamilton, do.	4th	do.	do.
Henry LeMarsier, do.	5th	do.	do.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Francis Colley, Gent.	1st	do.	do.
James Motz, do.	2nd	do.	do.
Hy. T. Phillips, do.	3rd	do.	do.

Paymaster—2d Capt W. Dupont, 1st do. do.
Adjutant—1st Lieut T. Hamilton, 4th do. do.
Qu. Master—3d Lieut. Jas. Motz, 2nd do. do.
Surgeon—Jas. A. Sewell, M. D. 1st do. do.

By command,
E. W. R. ANDREWS,
Lieut. Col. A. A. G. R.

COMMERCIAL.

AUCTION SALES TO TAKE PLACE.

THIS DAY.
By J. M. FRASER & Co.—Nails, Groceries, &c. at their Store, at one o'clock.
By G. D. BALABANTEL.—Books—this evening a half-past six o'clock.

ON MONDAY.
By THOS. HAMILTON.—Coal, on Irvine's Wharf, at two o'clock.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.
October 25th.
Brig Diana, Miller, 16th August, Leven, Moon Brothers, general cargo.
Brig Queen Victoria, 15th do. Aberdeen, Ryan Brothers, ballast.
30th.
H. M. Troopship *Athol*, Bellamy, Commanded 30 days from Plymouth, with troops.
Bark Clifton, Warman, 18th August, Kinzie, Price & Co. ballast.

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Bark Lloyds, 27th do. Southampton, Le Mesurier & Co. ballast.

CLEARED.

12th October.
Bark Ocean, Slattery, Waterford, Price & Co.
Brig Purita, Handford, Newport, do.
Brig Araric, Hick, Swansen, Pemberton.
Brig Guadians, March, Scario, Chapman & Co.
Bark Edward, McKenzie, Plymouth, Mattland & Co.
Bark Speculator, Harvey, Gloster, Chapman & Co.
Ship Georgians, Griffith, Dublin, T. Curry & Co. 21th.
Bark Sair, Bellard, Liverpool, Sharples & Son.
Bark Prince, Renault, London, Le Mesurier & Co.
Brig D'Arcy, Phillips, Sunderland, A. Hamilton.
Bark Cyrus, Bae, London, Price & Co.
Brig Loyal Briton, Storey, Hall, Gilmore & Co.
Brig Hope, Symmes, Treginnoth, do.
Brig Ocean, Wilkinson, Annan, do.
Brig Thetic, Baker, London, Price & Co.
Brig Foucaux, Smith, do.

PASSENGERS.

In Her Majesty's packet Skylark, from Palmarth, arrived at Halifax—Lieut. the Hon. Mr. F. Villiers, (son of Earl Jersey), to join his regiment, the "Fauillers"; and Lieut. John Russell, R. N. to join H. M. steam ship Medea.

PALACE WARD.

Departure of Lord Durham.

AGREEABLY to a Resolution of the Executive Committee of Palace Ward, the Members and all other LOYAL SUBJECTS, who may be pleased to associate with them, are invited to meet at the ALBION HOTEL, on THURSDAY, 1st November, and join in the Procession, as part of the escort of the Earl of Durham on his departure from Quebec.

Appropriate Flags and Banners will be provided for the occasion.

By appointment, JAMES THOM, Sec'y. pro. temp.

25th October. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!!!

FOR SALE.

THIRTEEN Hogheads superior U.C. Leaf Tobacco,

- 100 Catty Boxes Young Hyson } Tea.
- 10 Chests Souchong
- 10 Half-Chests do.
- 2 Boxes Pouchong

Also, Pork—Mess, Prime Mess and Prime.

And daily expected, 16 hhd. Gallipoli Oil.

HENDERSONS & CO. St. Peter Street.

ROBERT CAIRNS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

20, MOUNTAIN STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has received per the *Vesforty*, and *Eleutheria*, a select assortment of articles in his line, comprising some of the best superfine Milled and Pilot Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings ever imported; Regulation Swords, Belts, Sashes, and Military Goods, Staff and Navy Lace, Braid, Department Buttons, &c. &c.

23rd October. St. Peter Street.

FURS.

W. ASHTON & Co.

1, MOUNTAIN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO PRESCOTT GATE,

HAVE MANUFACTURED throughout the summer, and now offer for sale a stock of

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S FURS,

which for neatness of style and quality of materials they feel proud to offer for competition.

Their having for some years past secured, during the summer season, probably the best Hat Trade in the Province, enables them to undersell any house depending on the winter trade for twelve months' support; this, together with the advantages they have over every other furriers in this city by importing their own materials direct, are the only hints they think necessary to drop.

All description of Furs made to order, and returned if not approved of.

In repairing any article, or altering it to the present fashion, W. A. & Co. pledge themselves that their charges will be on the most moderate scale, and will forfeit the value of any article when promised to be done at a certain time, in which there may be a single hour's want of PUNCTUALITY.

NO SECOND PRICE.

Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

THE Subscribers have just received a large supply of the following celebrated Medicines, viz:

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, HAY'S LINIMENT FOR Piles, Rheumatism, &c. HEADACHE REMEDY.

A fresh supply of DOFFATS LIFE PILLS and PINKENK BITTERS.

BEGG & URQUHART, 13, St. John Street, and 5, Notre Dame St., L. T.

25th October. WANTED in a retail store, an active lady, who understands both languages, Apply at this Office.

Quebec, 25th Oct.

THE FAMOUS BRITISH LUSTRE FOR BEAUTIFYING STOVES, GRATES, &c. &c.—A small Lot for Sale; apply in time to P. GRACE & CO.

25th October. JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, 20, 1, FABRIQUE STREET,

SUPERIOR SILVERED BLACK LEAD, for Stoves, &c. W. LECHÉMINANT.

9th October, 1838.

OLD ESTABLISHD STAND, No. 4, FABRIQUE STREET,

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, (Military and Civil), in Quebec and vicinity, that he has opened the above concern with an extensive and carefully selected stock, all purchased from the best houses in England within the last three months, and on such terms as will permit them being sold at very low prices for CASH.

The Walking and Evening Dresses, Shawls, Scarfs, and other Fancy Goods, are the newest styles and fine qualities.

The assortment of Irish Linens, Shirtings, Doeskins, Buckskins, Pilot Cloths, Wool Vests and Pantalons, Mufflers, Overalls, Gloves, &c. &c. are large and good.

The Carpetings are a very choice selection.

Quebec, 22nd Oct. 1838. A. MACNIDER.

AUCTION SALES.

EVENING SALE OF BOOKS.

THIS EVENING, (Saturday,) the 27th instant, at HALF-PAST SIX o'clock precisely, at his Saie Rooms, positively without reserve—

A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF BOOKS, on Law, Literature, Science, Voyages, &c. Catalogues may be obtained of the auctioneer.

27th October. G. D. BALZARETTI.

SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, RICE, FRUIT, TOBACCO, &c.

Will be sold, on TUESDAY next, the 30th instant, at the Stores of JOHN YOUNG, Esq., Godie's Wharf:

The Sale to take place positively without reference to the weather.

36 BOXES Young Hyson, } Tea.
56 catty boxes do,
13 chests } Souchong,
48 boxes } do.
6 tierces Rices,
13 kegs and 10 half kegs Plug Tobacco,
20,000 Cigars,

24 barrels roasted Coffee,
25 do. Java do. superior quality,
230 do. Upper Canada Apples, Greenings, Green, Pippin, Pommes grises.

10 boxes Pine Apple Cheese,
20 barrels Spirit Turpentine,
25 baskets Champagne, "Van Buren brand,"

20 kegs Grapes, } Crop 1838.
40 boxes Bunch Raisins,
20 casks Muscavado Sugar.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

P. SHEPPARD, A. & B.

25th October.

COALS.

Will be Sold on MONDAY, the 29th instant, at TWO o'clock, on Irvine's Wharf, in lots to suit purchasers:

750 TO 1000 CHALDRONS, warranted best Newcastle Grate Coals.

TERMS: Purchasers under £30, Cash on delivery;—over £30, 90 days credit, on furnishing approved notes.

25th October. THOS. HAMILTON.

SADDLERY.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his Friends and the public generally that he has received per *Joseph*, a large assortment of goods in his line, among which are—

Whips of all sorts and patterns; Japanned Steel Portable Box, and other Spurs, Harness Mountings of the latest patterns, Husar and Hunting Saddles, Horse Clothing, Blanket Rugs, Patent and Harness Leathers, &c. All of which he offers for sale on very moderate terms. Also, Portmanteaus, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.

J. E. OLIVER, 2, Fabrique Street.

13th October.

CHAMPAGNE, CHABLIS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Messrs. DAMOTTE & CHEVALIER, of Tonnerre, Agent for the sale of their WINES in this City, invites the attention of the public to a consignment just received.

JOHN YOUNG, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, 2nd Oct. 1838.

LANDING,

Ex Schooner "Mary la Pique," TWENTY-FOUR TIERCES RICE, 18 casks Sperm Oil

Ex Schooner "Esperance" and "Farewell," 500 barrels No. 1 Herrings, 70 do. Pickled Codfish, 3000 gallons Cod Oil.

H. J. NOAD, Hunt's wharf.

Quebec, 2nd October, 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

A FEW barrels superfine Flour, (Welland Canal Mills.) Ship, Pilot, Cabin and Navy Biscuit, Crackers and Water Biscuit.

A. GLASS, 1, St. Peter St.

Quebec, 13th October, 1838.

THE Subscribers are daily expected to receive per schooner SWIFT, from Malaga, a cargo consisting of

MUSCATEL RAISINS, ROFF SHELL ALMONDS, NUTS, GALAPOLI OIL.

Which they will offer to the Trade.

Wm. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 9th October, 1838.

APPLES.

RECEIVED from New-York, EIGHTY Barrels POMME GRIS, in large sized barrels, and for sale by JOHN FISHER.

15th Oct. 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: JUST RECEIVED,

Per Brig "Robert," from Jamaica, 81 PUNCHONS Jamaica Rum, superior flavour and good strengths, 41 Casks 5 Hhds. Fair Sugar.

258 Quarter Boxes very superior "Cuba" Cigars.

WM. PRICE & CO.

Quebec, 17th Oct. 1838.

J. HOBROUGH,

MERCHANT TAILOR, BEGS leave to announce to his friends that he has received his

FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, consisting of Cloths and Vestings of the finest descriptions and newest fashions.

ALSO:

Pilot and Buckskin Cloth, for Winter Top Coats, which he will make up according to order, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

General Wolfe, corner of Palace and St. John Streets, Sept. 20th.

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE No. 52, ST. JOHN STREET.

THE Subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have always on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionary, as usual.

SCOTT & M'CONKEY,

Quebec, 1st May, 1838.

BUSTS OF THE QUEEN.

AT the request of several friends, a mould has been made from a true likeness of

HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA,

just arrived from Liverpool; and a few BUSTS are now finished and for sale at the stores of

M'KENZIE & BOWLES, St. John Street.

ALSO,

A handsome PEDESTAL, which will answer either for this or other figures to stand on. Quebec, 2nd October, 1838.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SCOTCH & KIDDERMINSTER CARPETS.

HORATIO CARWELL,

No. 4, Fabrique Street,

HAS just received per RESOURCE, from London, a large assortment of Single Milled and Double Milled Welsh, Lancashire, and Saxon Flannels.

An extensive lot of 3-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, 13-4, 14-4, and 15-4, real Witney Blankets, including a few of a quality superior to any hitherto imported—price \$18 per pair.

20 pieces Scotch and superfine 4-4 Kidderminster Carpets.

These goods having been purchased on very advantageous terms, H. C. conceives that he will be enabled to offer them quite moderate, if not lower, than any other in the market.

DAILY EXPECTED:

A large collection of MANUFACTURED FURS, made up to order, and of the very newest style, with his usual assortment of rich AUTUMN GOODS.

Quebec, 20th Sept. 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND OFFER FOR SALE,

THEIR supply of Stationary, consisting of superfine Writing Papers of various sizes, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Lead Pencils, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Paper Cases, with and without locks, Water Colours and Hair Pencils, superior Drawing Pencils, Drawing Paper and Card Paper, Stumps, Chalk, Indian Rubber, Porte-Crayons, embossed Music Paper, Music Pens, Visiting Cards, plain, gilt and enamelled, Pink Sausers, Thermometers, Chinese Japanned Tea Caddies, Scraper Handles, Slates, Inkwells, Patent India Rubber, Office Lead Pencils, Bond's and Reeves & Son's Marking Ink, Screw Top Inks, Red Tape, Coloured Scraps for Albums, large and small Pewter Inkstands, rough Drawing Paper, Wedgewood Inkstands, Bookbinders Gold Leaf &c., &c.

ALSO—

Bibles and Prayer Books, School Books, French, English, Hebrew and Latin, Woodbridge and Olney's Atlas and Geography, Huntington's Geography and Atlas, and Daventry's Gazetteer.

W. COWAN & SON, 13, John's Street.

13th October.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

W. COWAN & SON,

THE Pickwick Papers, 1 vol. plates, Sayings and Doings of Sam Slick, first and second series, Lockhart's Life of Sir Walter Scott, 7 v. Shakespeare's Works, complete in 1 vol., with plates,

Moore's Poetical Works, 1 vol., Alice, or the Mysteries, by Bulwer, Leila, by do., Hannah More's Private Devotion, Comstock's Young Botanist, plates, do. Young Chemist, do.

Preston's Book-Keeping, Lévizac's French Grammar, Perrin's Elements of French Conversation, Parley's Geography for Children, Hall's Geography for Children, Cramer's Instructions for the Piano Forte, &c., &c., &c.

18 October.

TO THE LADIES OF QUEBEC.

G HANN can with confidence recommend his present Stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's made up FURS, which for workmanship and quality will be found far superior to those sold by interlopers in the Fur Trade.

RECENTLY RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,
SALMON, in hardwood Tierces and Barrels.
 Dry Codfish; and Cod and Seal Oil, in Barrels.
 E. ENEZEVAIR, DR.
 Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
 A LARGE SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE just received, and for sale
 MÜSSON & SAVAGE, Chemists
 Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
 JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
 LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's
INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.
 FREDK. WYSE,
 No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.
 Quebec, 23d Sept. 1838.

MADERIA WINE.
 A FEW CASKS Howard, March & Co.'s MADERIA WINE—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by
 JOHN GORDON & CO. St. Paul Street
 Quebec, May, 1838.

BALDNESS.
 A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR is the grandest ornament belonging to the human frame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recoil at being unloved, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintances; the remainder of their lives consequently spent in retirement. In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking youth, with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair.—To avert all these unpleasant circumstances, OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA shows the hair from falling off on the first application and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eyebrows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning gray, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm are shown by the proprietors.

Read the following:
 ROBERT WHARTON, Esquire, late Mayor of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, to the high character of the following gentleman:
 The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. Oldridge, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative.
 WM. THATCHER, sen., Methodist Minister in St. George church, No. 86 North Fifth st.
 JOHN P. INGLISH, 334 Arch st.
 JOHN D. THOMAS, M. D. 163 Race st.
 JOHN S. FUREY, 101 Spruce st.
 HUGH MCCURRY, 243 South 7th st.
 JOHN GARD, Jr., 123 Arch st.
 It will certainly raise its virtues in the estimation of the public, when it is known that three of the above signers are more than 50 years of age, and the others not less than 30.

From the Mayor.
 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, City of Philadelphia.
 I, ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor of said city of Philadelphia, do hereby certify that I am well acquainted with Messrs. J. P. English, John S. Furey, and Hugh McCurry, whose names are signed to the above certificate, that they are gentlemen of character and respectability, and as such, full credit should be given to the said certificate.
 In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the city to be affixed, this sixth day of December, &c.
 [L. S.] ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.
 CAUTION.—Observe that each bottle of the genuine Balm has a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is represented the Falls of Niagara, the agent's name, &c.
 Sold wholesale and retail by
 J. J. SIMS, MÜSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

VICTORIA HOUSE.
 (RUE SOUS-LE-FORT—QUEBEC.)
 GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR.
 IS now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who may favour him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Boat Wharves, and Custom House, offers great advantages; and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive Salon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, whenever required, be converted into one magnificent apartment of 70 feet by 32 feet, and 15 feet high; a dimension which renders it a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbour of Quebec and the surrounding country.
 The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the first order; refreshments of all kinds may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.
 GEO. ARNOLD.
 Quebec, 27d June, 1838.
 Notice.—Lumber Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United State.

PILES, DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, RHEUMATISM. It is absolutely asserted on the most positive proof that the above complaints are arrested and cured by the timely use of Hay's Lintiment. It is impossible to find room in this paper to present those proofs which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length as below.
 The true article has a splendid engraved wrapper with agents' and proprietor's name, and may be had of
 I. I. SIMS, MÜSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

HEADACHE.
 DR. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of NERVOUS and SICK HEADACHE, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently this distressing complaint. There are many families who have considered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable family complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and labouring under distress which they might not only alleviate, but actually eradicate by the use of his remedy. It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a different character from advertised patent medicine, and is not unpleasant to the taste. To be had of
 I. I. SIMS, MÜSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.
 Sept. 1838.

SHIP-BUILDERS TAKE NOTICE.
 THE Subscriber will furnish full Gangs of Rigging, fitted complete to order, warranted equal to any that is imported, in every respect—also, a very superior article; Blocks made of the best seasoned timber by patent machinery, and as cheap as the common blocks made by hand; and has constantly on hand a general assortment of Cordage, Chains, Anchors and Ship Chandlery. Those now building, or intending to build vessels this winter, will find it their interest to call and leave their orders.
 S. C. SALISBURY, Agent.
 Store on Atkinson's Wharf, Office, 40, St. Peter Street.
 Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

DR. BRANDETH requests a perusal of the following article:—
LIFE AND DEATH,
 Every thing has two distinct principles to its nature; one

THE PRINCIPLE OF LIFE
 THE OTHER
THE PRINCIPLE OF DEATH.

So long as the principal of Life predominates, Health is enjoyed. When the principle of Death, Sickness takes place. How is this accounted for?

By the principle of Death, I mean the principle of decomposition of decay, which is each hour going on in the human frame from the hour of birth, to that of our final exit. While the natural outlets—the pores—the bowels—and all other directories of the body, discharge these decayed particles as fast as they are generated, we are in a state of health; we are free from the presence of the disease.

When, from breathing an impure atmosphere, living in a vicinity of swamps, or where we are in the constant habit of coming in contact with bad swells—effluvia arising from obnoxious accumulations of animal or vegetable bodies in a state of putridity, being infected from a living body under the influence of disease in a malignant state; or secondary occupations; or, in short, any cause which promotes decomposition faster than the stomach and bowels and the other excretories can remove, naturally, we are then in a state of disease. And should the cause which produces this state of the body remain, and nothing be done to drive the accumulated and accumulating impurities out of the body, the principle of death or decomposition, will become permanent, and the last glimmering of life depart from the once animated clay.

How then, shall we counteract these death disposing influences? How?

PURGE!—Yes—Isay Purge!
 The magic in that word shall yet be understood, if this hand or brain can accomplish so mighty an explanation. Yes, purged be that pain in the head, the back, the bowels, the foot, the stomach, the side, the throat. Does it arise from internal or external cause,—I still say purge!—For know this self-evident truth, that pain cannot exist, save by the presence of some impurity—some deposit of decomposed particles upon the organ or part where the pain is seated. And purging discharges this impurity by the bowels, and continuing the practice daily will cure every complication of disease; and will prevent any one from becoming seriously indisposed; even when in constant contact with the most malignant fevers which cannot by possibility seriously affect the body, if we are continually careful to preserve it in a pure state, by frequent and effectual purgation. Hippocrates says, "Purgation expulses what must be expelled, and patients find relief; if, on the contrary, they are tormented by purgation, it is a proof there are yet matters which must be expelled."

The subscriber of this has resided in every variety of climate, and by always purging on the first appearance of sickness, has enjoyed for the last ten years, uninterrupted health. For we may call such the state of him who never sick more than 6 or 8 hours, about the time it takes to secure the effect of a purgative. The purgative I make use of is my grand-father's pills, and therefore, to my certain knowledge, the most judiciously balanced purge in existence. I have used them for 8 months daily, in doses of from 2 to 16 pills per day, to satisfy myself as to their innocency. It therefore, cannot be doubted. It is my opinion, that any person, be he ever so prostrated by disease, provided he is capable of taking exercise at all, may lengthen his life to 60 years, by continuing to assist his natural functions with the BRANDETH VEGETABLE PILLS. Death never can take place until the Principle of Decomposition puts out the lamp of life. And that would seldom be before 60 or 70 years, was this principle of purgation always resorted to on the first appearance of sickness.

In the hope that these remarks may be of some service, I am the public's obedient servant,
 D. BRANDETH, M. D.

Great caution is required to procure the genuine Brande's Pills. Druggists and Chemists are never in any place appointed Agents by Dr. B. All his

authorised Agents have an engraved certificate of agency, signed by himself; unless this certificate can be shown, do not purchase. This caution is absolutely necessary to guard the public against spurious Pills.

DR. BRANDETH'S PILLS
 CAN BE OBTAINED GENUINE OF
 FREDERICK WYSE,
 No. 3, Palace Street, Upper Town,
 Foot of Mountain Street, Lower Town,
 Who is the only authorised Agent for Quebec.
 Dr. B.'s principle office, 241, Broadway, New York.
 Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA.
 AN invaluable remedy for Rheumatism, A Scrofulous, and Ulcerous Diseases, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood, for sale by
 MÜSSON & SAVAGE, Chemists and Druggists,
 Quebec, 16th Aug. 1838.

MÜSSON & SAVAGE, CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS, UPPER TOWN.
 HAVE just received a supply of MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS & PHENIX BITTERS.
 Quebec, 10th Aug. 1838.

PILES, & C. HÆMORRHOIDS—NO CURE NO PAY!
 Price \$1—Hay's Lintiment—No Fiction.

THIS extraordinary chemical composition, the result of science and the invention of a celebrated medical man, the introduction of which to the public was invented with the solemnity of a death-bed bequest, has since gained a reputation unparalleled, fully sustaining the correctness of the lamented Dr. Gridley's last confession, that "he dared not die without giving to posterity the benefit of his knowledge on this subject," and he therefore bequeathed to his friend and attendant, Solomon Hays, the secret of his discovery.

It is now used in the principal hospitals and the private practice in our country, first and most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also so extensively and effectually as to banish credulity, unless where its effects are witnessed externally in the following complaints:—

- For Dropsy—Creating extraordinary absorption at once.
- All Swellings—Reducing them in a few hours.
- Rheumatism—Acute or Chronic, giving quick ease.
- Sore Throat—By cancers, ulcers or colds.
- Croup and Whooping Cough—Externally, and over the chest.
- All Bruises, Sprains and Burns—Curing in a few hours.
- Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sore.

Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs, and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the parts has been surprising beyond conception. The common remark of those who have used it in the Piles, is "it acts like a charm."

THE PILES.—The price \$1 is refunded to any one who will use a bottle of Hay's Lintiment for the Piles, and return the empty bottle without being cured. These are the positive orders of the proprietor to the Agents, and out of the many thousands sold, not one has been unsuccessful.
 We might insert certificates to any length, but prefer that those who sell the article should exhibit the original to purchasers.
CAUTION.—None can be genuine without a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is my name, and also that of the Agents.
 I. I. SIMS, MÜSSON & SAVAGE, BEGG & URQUHART.
 Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE PROPRIETOR, W. COWAN & SON, At the Office, No. 13, St. John Street, Upper Town, (opposite Palace Street.)