4 P. M. EDITION

London Advertiser

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JAPS REOPEN PLEASANTRIES IN MANCHURIA; ATTACK AND COUNTER ATTACK ALONG HUN; RUSSIANS ON TOP IN HEAVY ENGAGEMENT

Japs Move to Battle on Hearing of the Russian Revolt.

Mikado Hurries to Build a More Powerful Navy.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — General Kuropatkin, under date of Jan. 25, telegraphed as follows to Emperor Nicholas: "The advance has commenced of our right flank against the enemy. We have occupied Khailatosa and Kheigoutaya."

Russian Headquarters, Huan Mountain, Manchuria, Jan. 27. — 6 p.m. — After three months of quietude, the Japanese have resumed activity, attempting to force back the Russian right wing. A stubborn fight began Jan. 25 and is continuing today, Jan. 26, which may be a curtain-raiser for the spring campaign.

According to reports the Japanese attacks were repulsed and a Russian counter attack was so energetically pressed that a village within the former Japanese lines of some strategical importance was taken. It is rumored that several Japanese guns were taken. There was no fighting at the center or on the left flank. The Japanese advance is believed to have been inspired in part by the news of the Russian internal troubles, intelligence of which reached the Russian army at dawn, on Jan. 25.

Following a sudden return of winter weather, cannon began booming far westward, and through the morning fog and mist the Japanese unexpectedly advanced. The riflemen on the Russian right flank were so vigorously employed in the fighting line that by the evening they had met the Japanese attack by a brilliant counter-attack.

The Japanese at once began to retire, abandoning and setting fire to a village. Throughout the night and all day firing was heard along the line toward the Hun River in the vicinity of the villages of Heksutail and Liudiutun. In the center, the Japanese firing occasional shots to get the range of the Russian positions.

The troops all along the line were under arms the night of Jan. 25. The skies were lit up by the glare of a conflagration, evidently caused by the burning of a village beyond the Shakhe River, south of Poutiloff (Lone Tree) Hill.

A bitterly cold wind is blowing, snow is falling and heavy frosts prevail.

Gen. Kuroki's hearquarters, Jan. 26.—The military attaches, who spent a week at Port Arthur, have returned. While at Port Arthur they were permitted to visit the forts and to take photographs freely. Col. Macpherson, British medical attache, remained at Port Arthur to study the scurvy, of which there are thousands of cases reported in hospitals. Prince Anton Von Karl also spent several days at Port Arthur and Dalny.

General Kuroki's Headquarters, Jan. 26.—A heavy and continuous artillery roar has been heard to the westward all day. Apparently the largest engagement since October is being fought.

Reports received here are to the effect that the Russian force has crossed the Hun River on the Japanese left wing. A Japanese force advanced against the Russians, making an attack.

The fighting must be attended with great suffering from the cold. A snowstorm began on Monday, following a long period of remarkable mildness. The temperature is below zero and the plains are covered with several inches of snow. The ground is too hard for rapid trenching.

Today's move by the Russians is the first important one since General Mistchenko's recent raid.

London, Jan. 27. — The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent asserts that General Kuropatkin has telegraphed to the Emperor that his offensive power is seriously hampered by the obstinate reluctance of his troops from the European provinces to advance against the enemy. Whilst the Cossacks and Siberians are full of dash, the European argue that now that Port Arthur has surrendered, there is no object in continuing the war.

The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says that Japan is making enormous war preparations. Besides immediately laying down a battleship of 19,000 tons at Yokosuka and the contemplated building in Japan of a 12,000-ton cruiser, large additions to her torpedo and submarine flotillas, two cruisers already have been started building at Kure. All future ships will be armed heavily, but guns below the 10-inch caliber will be discarded. The fifth army is being organized under command of Lieut.-Gen. Kawamura, the correspondent says, who is calling out more reservists. Conscripts are expected. All men under 40 years of age are being drilled.

The blockading of Vladivostock is imminent. A fleet of cruisers is leaving for the south, and Admirals Togo and Kamimura will follow with battleships. Three cruisers and several torpedo boat destroyers are near Borneo. A division has been landed in Formosa. It is now evident the cruiser Takasago was lost. The names of her crew from the commander down, are now officially published as killed. Negotiations continue for the purchase of a Chilian cruiser. Fifteen new submarine boats will be provided this year. Ten recently arrived under control of American inspectors.

FINANCIAL TERMS FOR NORTHWEST

Expense of Administering the New Province Will Be Very Great.

Ottawa, Jan. 27. — From the conferences which have so far taken place between representatives of the Federal and Territorial Government it seems clear that reasonable generosity must govern the settlement of the financial terms upon which Provincial autonomy is to be conceded to the Northwest. It must be borne in mind that the difficulty and expense of administering a large and sparsely-populated area are far greater than where there is a population concentrated within a comparatively small district. In the Northwest two provinces of 160,000 square miles each could be easily formed, and while the population is scattered over an immense area, it is growing very rapidly, the influx of settlers from without being almost at the rate of 150,000 yearly. Hence it would seem the territories merit better terms than any of the provinces already in confederation, the conditions now being entirely dissimilar from those which have heretofore had to be met. In the other provinces, too, the per capita tax is limited to a certain proportion of the population. While that might be a safe and proper thing to do where the growth and maximum number of the population could approximately be foreseen, it would hardly perhaps be statesmanlike proceeding where the population is increasing by leaps and bounds as in the case of the Northwest, and so it would appear to those who have given thought to the question that the territories may get better treatment than any of the older provinces, and that there will not be the same limitation as to the number of population earning the capitation allowance of 80 cents per head. At none of the conferences has the subject of the territorial claim to lands been considered; apparently this will not be dealt with until the return of Hon. Mr. Sifton, who is expected here next week.

The matter of the titles to be bestowed upon the two new provinces is an interesting one. Local sentiment will perhaps favor the selection of two of the names now applied to organized districts in the territories. It would be a pity if means were not taken in this way to preserve names that are so closely identified with Canadian history.

ATROCIOUS MURDER

Man, His Wife and Four Children Beaten to Death.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 27. — The little farming community of Wauchula, in Polk county, was plunged into excitement Thursday at the discovery of a crime equaling in horror the tragedy at Statesboro, Ga., last year. The home of John Kirby, a farmer, who moved there last October from Alabama, was found in ashes and in the ruins were found the bodies of Kirby, his wife and four children.

The skulls of each of the victims, except that of Mrs. Kirby, had been crushed in by some heavy weapon. A hammer was the only weapon found in the ruins which could have inflicted the wounds. A coroner rendered a verdict that the family came to their death by fire or some other means unknown.

Old Man to Die.

Buffalo, Jan. 27.—Charles Bonier, convicted of the murder of Frank Frehr, in November, 1903, was sentenced today by Justice Kruse to be electrocuted at Auburn prison in the week beginning Monday, March 13, of this year. Bonier, who is 76 years of age, was also indicted for the murder of Mrs. Frehr, and for forgery in connection with the deed of the Frehr house, which he was occupying when arrested.

SWINBURNE TO CZAR.

London, Jan. 27. — The following poem by Algernon Charles Swinburne, entitled, "Czar! Louis XVI.! Absit Omen!" appeared Wednesday in the Pall Mall Gazette:

"Peace on his lying lips, and on his hands
Blood, smiled and cowered the tyrant, seeing afar
His bondslaves perish and acclaim their czar.
Now sheltered scarce by Murder's loyal hands
Clothed on with slaughter, naked else he stands—
He flies and stands. Not now the blood red star
That marks the face of midnight. As a scar
Tyranny trembles on the brow it brands.
And shudders toward the pit where deathless death
Leaves no life more for liars and slayers to live.
Fly, coward, and cower while there is time to fly.
Cherish awhile thy terror-shortened breath.
Not as thy grandsire died, if Justice give
Judgment, but slain by Judgment thou shalt die."

FOUR MILLIONS TO BETTER ROAD

C. P. R. Will Spend That on Double-Tracking and Other Improvements.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—The C. P. R. directors propose to spend upwards of $4,000,000 in betterments this year. The larger part of this vast sum will be given over to the west, and Mr. William White, who has charge of that part of the system, left tonight for Toronto on the way to Winnipeg. Before Mr. White left, however, a decision was arrived at as to the expenditures under his jurisdiction.

The contract for the second track of the main line from Fort William to Winnipeg will not be announced until Mr. White arrives home.

Five hundred miles of new standard rails will be laid between Montreal and Vancouver during the year. Bridges will be replaced and removed, grades improved and terminal facilities increased. In every way possible the intention is to work towards the shortening of the passenger timetables on the main stretches, and to add to the equipment for handling freight in general and wheat from the west in particular.

THEIR ENGINE RAN AWAY

Train Crew Have a Narrow Escape From Terrible Death

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 27.—A train crew on the Dominion Atlantic had a thrilling escape from death on a runaway engine yesterday. The engine, with a snowplow, left Annapolis for Digby yesterday morning. The plow jumped the track and toppled over. The engine cab was partly torn away and the driver was hurled off.

The engine ran away at terrific speed, and covered several miles. Escaping steam and hot water nearly scalded to death the fireman and brakeman, who could not reach the throttle to stop her. The engine did not stop until the steam was exhausted.

The driver, who was dragged by the wreckage of the cab several car lengths, was considerably injured, but managed to reach the railway fencing and crawl on it half a mile to the nearest station.

NO MENTION OF MR. ADAM BECK

Toronto World Outlines Whitney's Cabinet and Gives Gamey a Boost.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—The World (Con.) has the following: Ontario is now listening for the sound of the hammer. Mr. Whitney will be called by the Lieutenant-Governor in a few days, and as soon as he is intrusted with the responsibilities of government he will require to select his timber and build his cabinet. Indeed, he may have already made his choice.

As the cabinet is at present constituted there are seven portfolios. The portfolios are:

Provincial treasurer.
Provincial secretary.
Attorney-General.
Minister of agriculture.
Minister of crown lands.
Commissioned of public works.
Minister of public works.

To these will have to be added the portfolio of minister of mines, to which Mr. Gamey says, Mr. Whitney has committed himself.

Who will fill these portfolios will be settled on the day Mr. Whitney accepts the keys of office from the hands of the Lieutenant-Governor. But these are among the names heard wherever the politicians gather together:

James P. Whitney, lawyer, Dundas.
James J. Foy, lawyer, Toronto.
Col. Matheson, lawyer, S. Lanark.
W. J. Hanna, lawyer, W. Lambton.
I. B. Lucas, lawyer, C. Grey.
J. W. St. John, lawyer, W. York.
Finlay G. Macdiarmid, farmer, W. Elgin.
Thomas Crawford, cattle dealer, W. Toronto.
J. B. Duff, farmer, W. Simcoe.
Col. J. S. Hendrie, contractor, W. Hamilton.
George Pattinson, manufacturer, S. Waterloo.
Dr. Nesbitt, physician, N. Toronto.
W. H. Hoyle, undertaker, N. Ontario.
Dr. Willoughby, physician, E. Northumberland.
J. P. Downey, journalist, S. Wellington.
Dr. Reaume, physician, N. Essex.

There are doubtless others of ability and ambition on the opposition side. R. R. Gamey has undoubted ability, and would make a competent minister of mines, knowing the conditions existing in the north country thoroughly. Mr. Whitney, however, has stated in one of his addresses that he had another in mind for this portfolio, and the name of Andrew Miscampbell has been suggested. He, too, knows the resources of New Ontario as few men in the newly-elected legislature know. There is the possibility that Mr. Whitney may have had another portfolio in his mind for Mr. Gamey. He did not say that Mr. Gamey would not be in his cabinet—merely that he would not be minister of mines.

"DOWN WITH THE CZAR"

French Socialists Take Up the Cry in Chamber of Deputies.

Paris, Jan. 27.—An unexpected incident occurred in the Chamber of Deputies, while M. Rouvier was reading the declaration of policy of the new ministry. The declaration contained a favorable reference to the active observance of the Franco-Russian alliance. As the Premier made this announcement he was interrupted by cries from the Socialist Extreme Left of "Down with the Czar" mingled with cries of "Assassins!" The President of the house, M. Doumer, suppressed the demonstration, declaring, amid applause, that the chamber would not listen to such words.

Election Cases Dropped.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 27. — It was learned at Osgoode Hall this morning that the North Grey and North Norfolk election cases had been quietly dropped. The Wentworth case will come up at Hamilton on Feb. 1.

Cities Ask Parliament To Amend 'Phone Charter

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—A delegation from Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Ottawa, London and Winnipeg and the leading municipalities of Canada waited on the Government today, asking that legislation be passed by the Dominion Parliament providing that no telephone poles be erected or conduits constructed on any street or highway in a municipality without the consent of the local council upon such terms as the council may approve. The delegation pointed out that under the recent decision of the judicial committee of the Privy Council the Bell Telephone Company of Canada were held to have the right to erect poles and string wires thereon and carry conduits along streets everywhere in Canada without the consent of the municipal council, subject only to the right of the municipality to direct and supervise the work and the location of the poles.

The municipalities are opposed to any private corporation having such powers, more especially as the municipality is liable for the condition of the roadway by reason of the poles being placed thereon. In cities, the city council is unable to preserve the streets.

The delegation asked that to remedy these matters an amendment should be made to the Bell Telephone charter or that a general act be passed.

BERGS MENACE ATLANTIC LINERS

SS. London City Passes Immense Ice Floes Off Coast of Newfoundland.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 27.—A St. Johns, Nfld., dispatch says the Furness liner London City, fourteen days from Liverpool for St. Johns, has arrived, after a tempestuous passage with her cargo shifted and her engines damaged. She will require repairs. Her captain reports a tremendous area of heavy Arctic ice floes 120 miles off St. Johns, with three large bergs, a remarkable fact so early in the season and involving great menace to ocean steamers, because the floating ice is directly in the shipping routes.

UNCLE SAM'S ETERNAL WAR

Will Make Another Big Effort to Subkue the Ladrones.

Manila, Jan. 27. — At Governor-General Wright's request Major-General Corbin, U. S. A., will send to the Province of Cavite the first battalion of the Seventh Infantry Regiment, to assist the insular forces now fighting the Ladrones there. The situation at the front is reported improved.

Four Trainmen Killed.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 27. — Four trainmen were killed and several persons injured in a collision today between a north-bound freight and south-bound passenger train on the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, near Tullahoma, Tenn.

Ramsay Not Resigning.

New York, Jan. 27. — The Associated Press was informed today on the highest authority that President Ramsey, of the Wabash Railroad system, is not about to resign, as has been reported.

FREE TRADERS TAKE ANOTHER

North Dorset Bye-Election Is Won by Anti-Chamberlain Candidate.

London, Jan. 27. — The Free Traders captured another parliamentary seat in the bye-election held in North Dorset yesterday. A Liberal, A. W. Willis, defeated the Conservative candidate, Sir Randolf Baker, by a majority of 903. The vacancy was caused by the death of John Wingfield-Digby.

LONDON TEAM TOO SLOW

Y. M. C. A. Basketball Five Trimmed by Detroit Club.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 27. — The Detroit Y. M. C. A. basketball team scored a 2 to 1 victory over the Y. M. C. A. five from London, Ont., in the local gymnasium last evening, the final score being 33 to 17. The game proved to be a very interesting contest between teams that were well matched as to height and weight. London did not have as much speed as the Detroiters, but they had plenty of stamina.

LABROSSE OR EVANTUREL?

Some Doubt as to Which Has Carried Prescott Country.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 27.—A rumor is afloat today that Hon. Mr. Evanturel has won out in Prescott County by five majority. The figures as tabulated, however, show 82 majority for Labrosse, the regular Liberal nominee.

The official count will be made by the sheriff at L'Orignal on Tuesday next, and unless the figures have been transposed at some poll, it looks as if there would be no change from the first returns.

Dukes, Not Czar, Blamed By Novelist Meredith

Wants Englishmen to Aid Reformers—Sees Bureaucracy's Downfall.

London, Jan. 27. — George Meredith, the author, in the course of an interview given to the Chronicle yesterday, expressed a strong conviction that the "Long reign of despotism, which blocks Eastern Europe, is slowly but surely coming to an end."

"The Emperor is a poor, weak creature," said Mr. Meredith, "We must all pity him in his fall. He has no will of his own; but as for the grand dukes, they are the enemies of human kind. Nobody in the world will regret their disappearances. They are the real authors of the terrible events in St. Petersburg and Moscow. We know now that it is the bureaucracy with the grand dukes at its head that rules Russia. By meeting the petitioners, the Emperor might have averted bloodshed and delayed revolution for a few years, but nothing, I imagine, can now prevent the early downfall of the Government. I do not think the rising will be immediately successful. The revolutionaries are scattered and have few leaders. The poor creatures can not hope to resist the troops. If the latter remain loyal to their superstition the revolution will be crushed now, but not killed. I think events will take the following course:

The strike will stop preparations for carrying on the war, the necessity of dragooning the people into submission will prevent reinforcing the army in Manchuria; Kuropatkin, with reinforcements and supplies cut off, will have no choice but to attempt a stroke, which I am convinced, will fail; the failure will send a wave back on St. Petersburg, which will overwhelm the Emperor and the grand dukes. In that way the revolution will be effected.

In conclusion, Mr. Meredith contended that it is impossible that Russia can long escape the spirit of liberalism that has overswept Europe: The Emperor's message, like himself, is weak: It means nothing after the appointment of such a man as Trepoff. Sympathizing Englishmen should give practical support in the shape of money to the Russian reformers, concluded the novelist.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fair and Cold.

London, Friday, Jan. 27.
Sun rises...7:40 a.m. Moon rises...12:01 a.m.
Sun sets...5:21 p.m. Moon sets...11:28 a.m.

Toronto, Jan. 26—8 p.m.

Snow has fallen heavily in the Maritime Provinces, accompanied by gales. Elsewhere the weather has been fine, and in Ontario and Quebec very cold.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 50 below—40 below; Victoria, 42—48; Edmonton, 10 below—12; Qu'Appelle, zero—8; Winnipeg, 2 below—16; Port Arthur, 12 below—22; Parry Sound, 16 below—4; Toronto, 7 below—12; Ottawa, 12 below—6; Montreal, 8 below—2; Quebec, 6 below—18; St. John, 2—20; Halifax, 10—28.

FORECASTS.

Friday, Jan. 27—8 a.m.

Today—Strong southwest to northwest winds tonight; local snowfalls today.

Saturday—Fair and decidedly cold again.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	4	0	Cloudy
Winnipeg	—14	—16	Clear
Parry Sound	22	0	Fair
Toronto	20	8	Snow
Ottawa	— 4	— 6	Snow
Montreal	2	— 2	Cloudy
Quebec	8	— 8	Cloudy
Father Point	10	2	Cloudy

The sign — indicates below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

Another marked cold wave is spreading over the Territories and Manitoba, and another disturbance is developing over the lakes. Consequently the outlook is again decidedly cold. During the storm now subsiding in the Maritime Provinces, the snowfall in some localities amounted to 34 inches.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Thursday were: Highest, 19 above; lowest, zero.

SNOWPLOW SMASHUP

Big Machine Hits Snowbank and the Engines Are Derailed.

Tweed, Ont., Jan. 27.—The Bay of Quinte snowplow and two engines ran into a snowbank about five miles from Tweed last night, both engines leaving the track. The snowplow is badly smashed up. Consequently traffic will be delayed for some hours. The snowstorm is still raging in this vicinity. The mail clerk was the only one hurt in this morning's accident.

WIFEBEATER SUICIDES

Drives Spouse From House and Then Hangs Himself.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 27.—William Groons committed suicide last evening following a row with his wife. After supper Groons pummelled his wife, knocking her down and tearing her hair. The woman fled from the house in terror, and when she returned to the house with friends, found Groons hanging from the balustrade. Evidently Groons after placing the noose about his neck, vaulted over the railing, breaking his neck by the shock. He was about 23 years of age and a hard-working, steady man.

Killed at Crossing.

Shakespeare, Ont., Jan. 27. — A man named G. Queerbrigg was killed while crossing the G. T. R. two and a half miles east of this place, last night. His horse and cutter were all torn to pieces. Queerbrigg was about 60 years of age and unmarried.

MANY STRIKERS SHOT DOWN IN MOSCOW AND RIGA

Troops and Workmen Again Clash, Forty-Four of the Demonstrators Being Ruthlessly Murdered.

AUTHORITIES PROMISE REFORMS FOR THE WORKMEN

London, Jan. 26.—A dispatch to a news agency from Riga, Russia, filed at 5:30 p.m., says the strikers in the suburban factories there today attempted to enter the town, but were opposed by troops, who fired, killing or wounding many persons. The strikers were dispersed.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Riga confirms the previous announcement of a collision there between strikers and troops. Thirty workmen were killed or wounded, and a sub-chief of police and two soldiers were mortally wounded.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg, timed 9:26 p.m., to a news agency, reports that Pahl's factory and a large cotton mill have been set on fire, and are burning fiercely.

A Moscow Massacre.

Moscow, Jan. 26.—In a fight between strikers and soldiers last night, fourteen persons were killed and a number wounded. The struggle began through the attempts of strikers to assemble in the Red Square. The Cossacks attacked them with whips and flats of swords. Some of the strikers had revolvers, and began firing on the troops, who thereupon replied, with serious results. The strikers then retreated. The Kremlin, in the heart of the city, is equipped as a fortress, and has been supplied with artillery and troops, under direct guidance of the Governor-General, who has made his headquarters there. Today passed with complete quiet, the strikers generally remaining indoors. The Tverskaia and other principal thoroughfares have resumed their normal appearance. Several mills are reported to have offered an increase of wages to their employes. No factories are in operation in the whole region south of the river, with the exception of one large establishment, which was amply guarded in order to prevent possible intimidation of workmen, but there was no attempt at such intimidation.

Tranquil, Says Trepoff.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26, 6:25 p.m. — Governor-General Trepoff, who received the correspondent of the Associated Press this afternoon at the former's headquarters in the winter palace, manifests complete confidence that the crisis is over, and that public order and the safety of the city are assured Further than this the Governor-General takes an optimistic view of the situation in the provinces. He said:

"As you see the city is perfectly tranquil. There have been no disorders since Sunday, and there will be none, in spite of the exaggerated alarmist reports with which foreign countries have been flooded. I am in a position to guarantee the peace and safety of the city. The workmen have already begun to return to work, but it is hardly possible for a general resumption of work to occur before Monday. You have read my proclamation. The vast majority of the workmen were deceived into associating themselves with a political movement. The Government intends to do everything possible under the law to see that they receive justice."

"What of the future? People talk of a revolution or an era of bomb-throwing."

"I am an optimist. I have no fear of a revolution. As for bomb-throwers they are few in number. They may attempt something, but nothing will be accomplished in that fashion."

"There are stories of wholesale arrests?" it was suggested.

"There have been no arrests since I assumed the governor-generalship yesterday. The Government cannot permit conspirators against it to plot and agitate as they please."

"Is Maxim Gorky under arrest?"

"He is not in St. Petersburg, which is the extent of my jurisdiction."

"Where is Father Gopon?"

"I cannot tell you."

In conclusion, Governor-General Trepoff said the Government had nothing to conceal. He was ready at all times to answer proper questions.

Three hundred employes of the Baltic works returned to their employment today. It is expected that work at the Neva shipbuilding yards will recommence tomorrow.

Moscow, Jan. 27.—There is every prospect of a termination of the strike without bloodshed. Only now is the political side of the movement coming to the surface. Assistant Chief of Police Roudneff has also posted a proclamation, pointing out that the Government's action will be a reduction of the hours of labor, etc., declaring that the preservation of order is indispensable, and urging the workmen to return to work. Although this is payday, the employers, at the request of the authorities, have posted notice at the closed factories that the men will not be paid until work is resumed, the fear being that if they are paid while idle they will indulge in vodka, and precipitate trouble, which the employers and the authorities are seriously trying to avoid. Troops are still posted at various points in the city, but so far as possible they are kept out of sight, in order to avoid irritating the workmen.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27—1:50 p.m.—Early reports from all over Russia indicate that the strike situation is flattening out. The authorities regard the danger of a general tieup of Russian industries as practically over, and declare that the attempt to turn the movement into a general political revolt has failed. The Government's promise of shorter hours of labor has been proclaimed in Moscow and other cities, and seems to have had an effect upon the workmen. The political side of the movement is again sinking beneath the surface. When and in what form it will again break out, only the future can determine. The authorities everywhere seemingly are attempting to treat the workmen, whose aspirations are purely economic, without harshness, and are appealing to their patriotism by pointing out the benefit which will accrue to the Japanese by a suspension of work at the arsenals, dockyards, etc.

On the other hand, the authorities are putting down the revolutionists with a stern hand. The latter have again been forced to cover, meetings being almost impossible. Many foreign correspondents are flocking in, to find that the acute stage is past, and some of them have been driven to repeating the horror stories of Sunday, while others are indulging in the wildest inventions, particularly about the intrigues and terror

Continued on page 3.

BOTH CLAIM WEST HURON

All the Polls Heard From But Some Are in Dispute.

Goderich, Jan. 26.—In West Huron all the polls have been heard from, but some are in dispute. Official returns cannot be given until the declaration is made by the returning officer. Mr. Holmes claims a tie, and Mr. Cameron claims four of a majority.

HUNGARIAN ELECTIONS

Budapest, Hungary, Jan. 27. — The defeat of the Government at the recent election appears to have been complete. The Opposition secured 171 seats out of the 318 results so far known. One hundred and eighteen of these are members of the Kossuth party.

FRESH BATCH FOR SIBERIA

Trepoff Starts Punishing Prisoners Without Trial—He Is Jailing Thousands.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — While outwardly the capital is resuming its normal appearance, the shops reopening, the newspapers reappearing, and the troops partly vanishing from the streets, there is quietly going on a stern repression of the revolution by wholesale arrests. Gen. Trepoff's agents, working at night, raid the homes of those whose names are marked down in the Governor-General's bureau, and seize the occupants even from their beds. It is believed that some five thousand persons have been thus transferred to prison, a large number being of the professional class. More than 150 of them are women, many of them ladies of refinement, and education, who were surprised in their beds. They were compelled to dress forthwith and accompany the officers. A hundred of the prisoners are lawyers, who were instantly started for Siberia without the pretense of a trial. It may be assumed that these wholesale seizures are not only for the object of intimidating the people, but also, if necessary, to furnish the Government with hostages in future contingencies.

A Heavy Sentence.

Toronto, Jan. 27. — James Ryan, a letter carrier, convicted of stealing a post-letter, was this morning sent to the penitentiary for five years.

STATE OWNED 'PHONES

Manitoba to Study Question During the Current Year.

Winnipeg, Jan. 27.—There were two important features in yesterday's sittings of the Legislature. The first was in connection with the report of the committee on private bills, which recommended that the applications of the Northwest and the Independent Telephone Companies for incorporation should not be proceeded with.

In this matter Hon. Robert Rogers stated that there could be nothing to prevent the Government undertaking owning and operating a system of its own. The ministry would accept the responsibility of the recommendation of the committee, and during the year would make a close examination of the advantages of a Government-owned telephone system throughout Manitoba.

ROUVIER ADOPTS COMBES' POLICY

New French Minister to Prosecute Separation of State and Church.

Paris, Jan. 27.—The Rouvier ministry held its first formal council at the Elysee Palace today under the presidency of President Loubet. Premier Rouvier submitted his declaration of policy, which was approved. Later the Premier presented the declaration to Parliament. It follows the policy of the late Premier Combes, the main features being an income tax, the separation of church and state, workingmen's pensions and a reduction of the term of military service. The declaration severely condemns the system of secret reports of the lives of army officers, which brought about the downfall of the Combes cabinet. The first actual work of the new cabinet was its approval of the dismissal of Commandant Degnicourt from the Legion of Honor for making secret reports and relieving Gen. Peigne from membership in the superior council of war for similar reports.

Foreign Minister Delcasse reported that the situation in Morocco had greatly improved.

Satolli Ill.

Rome, Jan. 27. — Cardinal Satolli, who as announced yesterday is suffering from an illness which may develop into pneumonia, is better today. His temperature is 100. The Pope inquires twice daily about Satolli's condition, and all the cardinals have called at the sick prelate's residence.



"Seal Brand" Coffee

is the choicest blend, put up by the world's largest coffee distributors. If you have never tasted this rich, aromatic coffee, the first cup will be a revelation.

In 1 and 2 pound tins. At all grocers.

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OAK HALL



The Facts Are These:

That the people have come to know when we advertise a sale, it is a sale in the full meaning of that much-abused word. The prices in the store are exactly as we state in the papers.

We sell Clothing —not clothing and the customers too, just the Clothing.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS AT $4.95.

By actual count we have about 30 young men's long pant S. B. Sack Suits, in all wool tweeds, light and dark shades, splendid linings and trimmings, were regular $8 00, $10 00 and $12 00 —majority of them sold at $10 00. Choice of this lot Saturday $4 95

ONLY EIGHT LEFT AT $2.95.

We have now only eight suits left of those 36 size skirt tweeds. We clear them out on Saturday at $2 95

BOYS' REEFERS AT $1.50.

We have about two dozen Boys' Storm Reefers, in 22 and 23 sizes only. Brown frieze, dark gray frieze, blue nap and blue beaver, sold regular at $3 00, $4 00 and $5 00. Choice Saturday $1 50

Great Snaps also in Men's Suits and Overcoats, Youths' Suiths and Overcoats. OUR BIG WINTER SALE IS ON. That's the reason

MEN'S WOOL-LINED GLOVES.

Kid and Mocha, all sizes, gusset wrist, silk stitched, regular $1 00 and $1 25, Saturday for 65c

All Ties, puffs, flowing ends, bows, shields, knots and four-in-hands, both dark and light patterns. Regular 25c, Saturday..... 15c

OAK HALL

LOVE A DISEASE

Experts Say Kissing Is a Mild Form of Insanity.

New York, Jan. 27. — The affections are being made a test of a child's sanity in the public schools by the board of education.

If flaxny Flossie, with her flaxen curls and laughing eyes, walks past the desk of Tom, Dick or Harry without a single mother's son gazing adoringly at her, then these boys are O. K'd. And, in their turn, if every girl bids her beating heart be still when Dick stands on his head behind the teacher's back, or Reginald reaches the head of the spelling class, then she need fear no more to be dropped into the backward class.

But if, on the other hand, Tom is unable to subdue his increasing fondness as day after day passes, and in a moment of forgetfulness, puts his arm about Flossie's yalst and kisses her, his time has come, and to the "backward class" for him.

This has been the fate of scores of unfortunate youths of the New York public schools. For four years the test has been tried, and classes are rapidly increasing.

It is each teacher's business to make note of every display of this kind that she sees, and to report it to Dr. Brann, of the board of education. Dr. Brann's sole business is testing children's sanity and classifying them.

"Affection," said Dr. Brann yesterday to a reporter, "in a super-abundant proportion, is a sure sign of feeble-mindedness. If a child rushes wildly into a room and throws his arms about the teacher, declaring his most violent love for her, then that child needs watching. It is an unnatural performance.

"For this reason we have had to segregate the boys and girls of the backward classes. Boys sometimes love the girls almost to distraction. In the middle of a recitation a boy will jump from his seat for some indefinable reason and embrace his pretty little neighbor-girl. This is really one of our strongest proofs of feeble-mindedness."

Dr. Brann is not alone in his belief that over affection and insanity go hand-in-hand. The same opinion, was expressed only two days ago by a Paris scientist, Dr. Maurice Fleury, who astonished the medical world by his discovery that love was a disease and should be treated as such.

NECESSARY INGREDIENTS.

The ingredients necessary for the successful treatment of consumption are combined in Angier's Emulsion. That is why it is particularly adapted for the cure of chronic coughs, weak lungs and wasting diseases. It makes breathing easy, relieves irritation and soreness of throat and lungs, improves weight and strength.

To cure any headache take one Hedrite tablet. If necessary, repeat dose in an hour. To get the quickest results, take with hot water.—Daily Hints for Common Ills.

Ecuador has given the nuns in the country the option of retiring to public hospitals, where they will be cared for at the expense of the cities and towns, or of leaving the country. In the event that they decide to leave the country they will receive an indemnity of about $2,400 in gold each. The convents and other property are being confiscated.

PROF. HICKS' MENU FOR FEBRUARY

Sleet Squalls, Warm Weather and Blizzard or Two.

ALSO AN ELECTRICAL STORM

Famous Prognosticator Promises All Sorts and Conditions of Weather for Coming Month.

St. Louis, Jan. 27.—Rev. Irl R. Hicks, has issued his bulletin of prognostications for the month of February, from which the following data is extracted:

The first regular storm period for the month is central on the 3rd, covering the 1st to the 6th. During a storm period the first thing to be expected is a change to warmer in western parts of the country. The barometer begins to fall at the same time and in the same sections. These conditions begin to move eastward, and cloudiness soon appears over wide areas, followed by precipitation and storminess. By the central day of the period storm areas, as a rule, are clearly developed and well on their march eastward into more central parts of the country. During the last half of the period storm perturbations reach their culmination stages in regions along the great central valleys, and through the regions eastward toward the Atlantic. Before the change to warmer, with falling barometer and rain or snow have completed the march eastward, the barometer is rising in the west, storms have assumed the guise of cold waves and blizzards, ending in clearing and very cold weather westward, often before the first stages of the storm period reach the eastern extremes of our continent — and all these within the limits of a regular storm period.

A progressive warm wave with falling barometer will appear first; cloudiness with rain, turning to snow will follow, and these, attended with more or less storminess, will pass central to eastern parts of the country from about the 3rd to the 5th. Meantime a high barometer with winter winds and change to much colder northwestern sections in due time and regular order to displace the storm areas and spread to eastern extremes.

By the 8th and 9th all the foregoing phenomena of the first storm period will have nearly or quite disappeared, except the cold in Eastern States. Change to warmer and falling barometer, followed by return to cloudiness and rain and snow will again be advancing from western parts. On and touching the 8th and 9th look for rains, with electrical storms probable, especially southward. As these conditions move out of the way to the eastward, high barometer, cold winds with squalls of snow and clearing weather will follow progressively to the eastward.

The next storm period is central on the 14th, extending from the 12th to the 16th. The passage of regular winter storm conditions, from west to east in progressive order, may be counted on at this period. First, February rains, turning to snow and sheet squalls, winding up with rising barometer and cold wave.

The 19th, 20th and 21st will bring general and very active winter storms. The first stages of these storms will be warm and tropical — rains with lightning and thunder, especially on and touching the 21st. But in quick order look for change to colder with blizzardous visitations from west and north. Decided cold will spread eastward behind progressive storms.

The last storm period for February runs from the 25th into March. On and touching the 27th and 28th, growing change to falling barometer, warmer and cloudiness will merge into widespread rains, fringed on the west and northwest tangents by snow, high winds and much colder. In due time and order these conditions will reach most parts of the country, involving the first day or two of March.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Jan. 26.—At New York—Rotterdam, from Rotterdam; Victorian, from Liverpool; Germania, from Marseilles; Moltke, from Hamburg; Calabria, from Leghorn; Menominee, from London; Neapolitan Prince, from Genoa.

At Genoa—Princess Oscar, from New York; Montserrat, from New York; Sicilian Prince, from New York.

At Liverpool—Corinthian, from Halifax; Lake Champlain, from Halifax; Majestic, from New York; Saxonia, from Boston.

At Greenock—Siberian, from Philadelphia.

At Havana—Princessin Victoria Luise, from New York.

At Gibraltar—Carpathia, from New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

The annual consumption of salt in England is 40 pounds per head. France consumes 30 pounds, Russia 18 pounds, Austria 16 pounds, Prussia 14 pounds, Spain 12 pounds and Switzerland 8 pounds.

THERE IS NOTHING equal to Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

The queen of a beehive does not rule; she lays eggs. She does not mind the babies. She does not even do her own digesting, let alone getting the food. The attendants that surround her feed her with bee milk, secreted by glands in their heads. She has to be fed continually, for at certain periods she has the power of producing from 2,000 to 3,000 eggs a day, twice her own weight —four times, indeed, for more than half her weight is eggs. In her lifetime a prolific queen will lay 1,500,000 eggs.

SLEEPLESSNESS.—When the nerves are unstrung and the whole body given up to wretchedness, when the mind is filled with gloom and dismal forebodings, the result of the derangement of the digestive organs, sleeplessness comes to add to the distress. If only the subject could sleep, there would be oblivion for a while and temporary relief. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will not only induce sleep, but will act so beneficially that the subject will wake refreshed and restored to happiness.

By direction of the United States Secretary of War orders have been issued carrying into effect the recommendations of the general staff making changes in the uniforms of the army. It is also prescribed that no decoration received from foreign governments shall be worn by officers and men while on duty with United States troops.

P. McINTOSH & SON'S "SWISS FOOD."

P. McIntosh & Son, Toronto, makers of "Swiss Food," report a large increase in sales—quality tells; 15 cents package.

HANDS OF CZAR ARE TIED FAST

Russia's Ruler Is the Tool of Designing Men.

THE DUCAL CABAL HOLDS SWAY

One Familiar With Court of Romanoffs Says That Corruption Is Widespread.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Theoretically the Czar of Russia is able to do exactly as he pleases at all times and to exercise his own will in all matters concerning himself and the 150,000,000 souls who occupy his dominions. Theoretically everything within the limits of the great Russian Empire belongs to him, to use at his pleasure, including the lives as well as the property of his subjects. He can order armies and fleets to any part of the earth whenever he desires; he can declare war or make peace, according to his individual judgment; he can spend all the money in the treasury for any purpose and nobody has the right to question his acts or his wisdom. Practically, however, the Czar is a prisoner, surrounded by a group of relatives and officials more or less honest, vicious and corrupt, who control his acts, his words and his thoughts by the various influences they are able to bring to bear upon him. He may read the European or American newspapers and periodicals; he may occasionally see a book that discloses the condition of affairs in the empire, and sometimes a disinterested and candid subject may secure an audience with him and give him accurate information. But, as a rule, all of his knowledge of public affairs and every other subject is filtered through groups of designing men, the most of whom have evil reputations and are believed to practice habitual deception upon their sovereign for their own benefit or the advantage of their friends. At the same time Nicholas II. has better advantages and greater opportunities for knowing the truth than any of his predecessors, and his personal responsibility for conditions and events in Russia is greater than that of his father or grandfather, or any other man who ever sat on the throne of the Romanoffs.

There is a decided difference of opinion as to the personal character and disposition of the Czar. Those who had an opportunity to study him before he ascended the throne and passed beyond the close observation of the public represent him to be sympathetic, affectionate, sincere, modest, conscientious and kindly disposed, but with a deep, melancholy strain, a short memory, limited moral courage, a tendency to shrink from responsibility, a weak will, inability to retain impressions, easily imposed upon and apt to be influenced by the last person who sees him. His strongest characteristic is religious superstition, which he inherited from his father and which has made him the plastic tool of M. Pobiedonostseff, procurator of the holy synod, the Torquemada of the Russian Empire, the most bigoted reactionary and the cruelist of all the influences by which he is surrounded. Pobiedonostseff would massacre all the Jews in Russia; he would send to the stake every man, woman and child who questioned the divine authority of his sovereign, and would consign to the icy mines of Siberia every man who differed from his opinions.

The Czar takes a childish delight in the supernatural. He believes in miracles; in the direct influence of sprits, and for two or three years has been receiving messages from the invisible world through a French adventurer, M. Phillippe, who is both a hypnotist and a medium and has played upon his perplexities and superstitions in a most extraordinary manner. Through him the Czar has been able to obtain the advice and counsel of his father, the late Alexander III., for whom he has the greatest veneration, and the spirits of various other saints and ancestors in whose judgment he has confidence. M. Phillippe predicted the birth of an heir to the throne six months before that event of supreme gratification occurred and convinced the Czar that it was accomplished through the intercession of a certain St. Seraphim, a holy man to whom barren peasant women pray for children. Philippe's influence surpassed that of any other man at court; the Czar would go nowhere without him, and kept him busy communicating with the other world until the charlatan betrayed himself one day by having the spirit of Alexander III. recommend the employment of certain contractors by the Government. That suddenly ended his career; he fled from St. Petersburg and has disappeared. It is generally understood that with the gifts of the conspirators he served and the generosity of his victim, he acquired a considerable fortune.

Another adventurer, who is said to have been largely responsible for the war with Japan, is a certain Captain Bezobrazoff, formerly an officer of the Imperial Guards, master of the imperial hounds and an illiterate but very shrewd and tactful man, who in some way or other wormed himself into his majesty's confidence and for months was his most trusted confidant and adviser. It was Bezobrazoff who organized the syndicate of grand dukes and princes to develop the timber interests along the Yalu River, and he succeeded in inducing the Czar to take a large number of shares. Having completed his organization in 1902, he was sent to Manchuria to look after the interests of the company, carrying with him a letter written in the Czar's own hand, which gave him unlimited authority over everybody and everything in the east. It was he who secured the appointment of Admiral Alexieff as viceroy of Manchuria, and he is credited with having accomplished the overthrow of M. De Witte, the great minister of finance, because the latter attempted to counteract his influence and expose his schemes.

The grand ducal ring, or cabal, as it is usually called, is composed of the brothers, uncles and cousins of the Czar, who are very numerous and form a sort of executive family council. The inventory of grand dukes is very long. The imperial relatives have large families. Most of the sons hold important honorary military and civil positions, in which they obstruct rather than promote public business, because the most of them are not willing to perform the labors and assume the responsibilities attached to their positions, and leave everything to their favorite subordinates. The latter, in many cases, are incompetent, mercenary and corrupt, and are responsible for the scandals that are constantly occurring in official circles. A gentleman who is familiar with the court at St. Petersburg said the other day:

"The grand dukes are not all as bad as they are painted. Some of them are able, honest and conscientious men, but they are reactionaries, opposed to all progress and believe in sustaining the autocracy and preventing reforms. Others are vicious, corrupt and altogether wicked, but are more liberal in their views and advocate a broader policy than has been followed by the Government. A third class are both vicious, corrupt and reactionary, and would be a curse to any nation in which they might live. They have been guilty of most atrocious acts and responsible for the most direputable scandals, and, knowing their character and disposition, the public is ready to accept any story that may be told against them. Many escapades are attributed to them of which they are not guilty. Stories manufactured in Berlin and Vienna find their way into the newspapers that are often entirely fictitious or founded upon gross misrepresentations and exaggerations, or else have been committed by someone else. At the same time they are continually mixed up in dirty scandals. I have never believed the stories about the grand dukes robbing the Government or stealing supplies, because they have plenty of money without doing those things. But it is true that most of them are surrounded by corrupt and impecunious favorites, whom they protect in all kinds of rascality."

According to general repute, the family of the Grand Duke Vladimir, the senior uncle of the Emperor, are the worst. Their immorality is common gossip among the peasants, and the two sons, Boris, who visited the United States two years ago, and Cyril, who had a narrow escape at Port Arthur, are notorious for their scandalous escapades.

The Grand Duke Alexis, who visited the United States in 1872 and had a buffalo hunt with Gen. Sheridan, is the most liberal, broad-minded and progressive in political views of all the family; but his life is given up to dissipation and he has lost all sense of propriety and self-respect. His mistresses are known to every gossip at the capitol, and one of them, a French actress, is accredited with being the most powerful influence in the affairs of the Russian navy. Alexis is captain high admiral, the autocrat of the Russian navy; but he pays very little attention to his duties, leaves everything to favorite subordinates, who have authority to speak and act in his name, and control the expenditure of vast sums of money for which there is no way to compel them to account. It is an open secret that the navy department is the constant scene of frightful corruption, which must be known to Alexis and permitted by him.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. zxv

GILLETT'S GOODS ARE STANDARD ARTICLES

IT IS TO THE ADVANTAGE OF EVERY HOUSEKEEPER IN CANADA TO USE THEM

Magic Baking Powder.
Gillett's Perfumed Lye.
Imperial Baking Powder.
Gillett's Cream Tartar.
Royal Yeast Cakes.
Gillett's Mammoth Blue.
Magic Baking Soda.
Gillett's Washing Crystals.

MADE FOR OVER 50 YEARS. (ESTABLISHED 1853)

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.



THE WEATHER TODAY.—Clearing and very cold.

Clearing Sale of Fancy Ribbons.

We have a number of very special bargains in Fancy Ribbons. Wide widths for neckwear and fancy work. We cannot fully describe these bargains, but you have a choice of all popular colors. They sold as high as 25c a yard. Clearing now at only..... **10c**

Special Sale of Wool Blankets

Regular $2.75, for Only $1.95.

Three weeks ago we sold 100 pairs of these Blankets and could have sold more. This small lot of 30 pairs has come in since, but though the weather is cold and likely to be colder, we will let this lot go at the same low price. Those who called late and were disappointed should come early tor these. They are great value, are brand new, and should go out with a rush Saturday morning.

30 pairs only Fine White Wool Blankets—Large size (66x86), good weight, unshrinkable. A splendid washing Blanket. Our regular price $2.75 each. Sale price Saturday..... **$1.95**

We also have a few Cotton and Eiderdown Comforters to clear at very special prices. This is a special opportunity to get a good Comforter at a low price.

Special Sale of Hosiery==

These Are Bargains Worth Your While Coming After at Once.

Regular 25c Ribbed Wool Hose for Ladies and Children, clearing at 19c pair, or 2 pairs for..... **35c**

12 dozen left of Children's Pure Cashmere Hose, tan shade, double heel and toe. Regular 45c and 50c pair. Sale price **25c**

Regular $5.00 Trimmed Hats for Only $1.95.

This is your chance to get one of our Stylish Hats at a very low price. Clearing all our Silk Velvet Hats and Bonnets, and also a few Black and Colored Shapes. By coming early you have a better choice.

Two Special Bargains in Good Silks.

We have a few Specials in Silks that are on sale at special low prices. Look after them at once.

$1.00 Cream or White Peau de Soie, one of the most reliable wearing Silks. On sale at, yard... **85c**

SPECIAL—3 pieces only 22-inch Heavy All-Silk Taffeta, 65c value. On sale at, yard..... **50c**

Secure these offerings now. If you put it off it may be too late.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

While Sleighing Is Good

FARMERS DRAW YOUR

Fence Wire

Coiled Spring,
Barb Wire,
American Field Fence.

A. WESTMAN,

121 DUNDAS STREET,

Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Michigan Central

The Niagara Falls Route

Cheap Round Trip Winter Tourist Rates

—TO—

ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$33 20
CHARLESTON, S. C.	47 40
EL PASO, TEX.	76 05
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.	49 70
NEW ORLEANS, LA.	48 15
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.	35 00

For tickets, time tables and all information apply at city ticket office, 395 Richmond street. 'Phone 205.

JOHN PAUL, C. P. & T. A., London, Ont.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. A., Chicago.

The Wabash Railroad

is the great winter tourist route to the south and west, including Old Mexico, the most interesting country on the face of the globe; Texas and California, the lands of sunshine and flowers. Round trip tickets on sale daily at greatly reduced rates. The Wabash is the great trunk line between the east and the west, and runs the finest equipped trains in America.

For time tables and descriptive folders and other printed matter, address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 171f

CANADIAN PACIFIC

4 Tourist Cars

every week without change to the

NORTHWEST AND PACIFIC COAST.

Fully equipped with bedding, cooking range, etc. Porter in charge. For use of first and second class passengers. Payment moderate; berth rates.

From Toronto, Tuesdays and Saturdays; from North Bay, Sundays and Thursdays. Train leaves Toronto 1:45 p.m.

Full particulars from any Canadian Pacific agent. W. FULTON, C. P. and T. A., London; C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., Toronto.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

FEBRUARY AT THE

Winter Resorts

The most popular month of the year. For winter pleasure or health travel, California, Mexico or Florida offer attractions difficult to find in any other part of the world. Delightful, restful, health-restoring climate, luxurious hotels.

Round trip tourist tickets to all Southern resorts are on sale daily.

Those who cannot take advantage of the above resorts should spend a few days or weeks at "Nearby Winter Resorts," St. Catharines Mineral Springs, Mount Clemens Mineral Baths, and Preston Springs.

All situated on Grand Trunk.

Call at city office, Clock Corner, Richmond and Dundas streets, for tickets and full information.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

WHY CANADA'S FAMOUS TRAIN, THE

"Maritime Express"

Leaving Montreal 12:00 o'clock, noon, daily, except Saturday,

DOES THE BUSINESS

Between Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys, with connection for Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

BECAUSE

Its Dining and Sleeping Car Service is unequaled.

THAT IS WHY.

Write for time-tables, fares, etc., to

TORONTO TICKET OFFICE,
51 KING STREET EAST.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

From Montreal and Quebec, every Friday, to Liverpool, via Moville.

First cabin, $50 and upwards. Second cabin, $30 and upwards. Glasgow service —First cabin, $40; second cabin, $27 50. Third class, to or from Liverpool, Derry, Belfast and Glasgow at lowest fares.

E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, F. B. Clarke, agents.

WHITE STAR LINE

United States and Royal Mail Steamers.

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool.

MAJESTIC	JAN. 18, 10 A.M.
BALTIC	FEB. 1, 3:30 P.M.
TEUTONIC	FEB. 8, 10 A.M.
OCEANIC	FEB. 15, 2 P.M.
MAJESTIC	FEB. 22, 10 A.M.

First, second and third class at very low rates.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS — NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN 10 CENTS

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.—Two cents per word each insertion.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

ARTICLES FOR SALE, TO LET, HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC.—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.—One cent per word each insertion; six insertions for price of five; twelve for nine; eighteen for price of thirteen; one month for price of seventeen.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND — TOMORROW — MAT. 2:5 EVE. 8:5
Messrs Klaw & Erlanger Present
FORBES ROBERTSON
—IN—
LOVE AND THE MAN
Prices: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1 50. Seats on sale.

LONDON VAUDEVILLE THEATER
SHOW EVERY NIGHT.
Prices: 10c, 15c, 25c and 35c.
Matinees, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 2:30 p.m. Prices: 10c and 15c.

HOSPITAL CONCERT
In Aid of Furnishing the Nurses' Home,
At the Grand Opera House, Tuesday evening, Jan. 31, 1905, under the auspices of the Hospital Trust and the Ladies' Advisory Board. Artistes: Miss Hope Morgan, soprano, London, England; Mr. Frank Blachford, violinist, Toronto; Mr. Cyril Dwight-Edwards, baritone, London; Mr. W. H. Hewlett, accompanist, Hamilton. Seats, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Tickets may be had from members of the Trust, Ladies' Advisory Board, and others. 21i

6th Pop— Admission, 10 cents; reserved seats, 5 cents extra. Plan opens Friday, at 9 a.m. 'Phone 50.
Next Saturday Evening.
Excellent Programme. b

HOCKEY TONIGHT AT JUBILEE RINK
Final O. H. A. junior championship game, Ingersoll vs. Hortons.
Admission, 15 and 25 cents. b

PRINCESS — HOCKEY TONIGHT, Princess League; two games, one admission. Tickets, 25 and 15 cents. b

Cunard Steamship Etruria sails from New York to Liverpool, Saturday, Feb. 4. For further particulars and rates apply F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street.

WESTMINSTER RINK—FIRST HEAT city championship race tonight. Cadet Band. Admission, 15c. b

OPEN AIR RINK, CLARK'S BRIDGE—Skating every afternoon and evening. Band Saturday afternoon. Admission, 10c. b

DANCING — BEGINNERS' CLASSES now forming. Gentlemen, Monday; ladies, Tuesday evening. Pupils may start any time. Competent teachers. Easy terms. 'Phone 1,774. Dayton & McCormick.

POSTPONEMENT—ADVANCED CLASS meets Thursday evening, next, instead of Wednesday. All other classes, regular nights. Pupils may start any time. 'Phone 1,774. Dayton & McCormick.

LONDON DANCING ACADEMY, 212 Dundas. Gentlemen, Mondays; ladies, Tuesdays. Dawe & Gruber. 'Phone 1,050.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY Mr. R. E. Millard. Waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching; low rates; lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 345 Princess avenue.

TONY CORTESE — THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1,570.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS, DUNDAS street west. Open Saturdays until 9 p.m.; Sunday, until 1 p.m. A. P. Yeo.

625 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY music last year. Mr. Barron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1,265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

MEETINGS.

REGULAR CONVOCATION OF ST. George's R. A. Chapter, No. 5, in Masonic Temple, this (Friday) evening, at 8. General business. Visitors welcome. C. C. Reed, Scribe E.; Stephen Grant, Z. b

LONDON COUNCIL, NO. 233, ROYAL Arcanum, will meet this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock, in Duffield block. Samuel M. Jepson, secretary. b

COME TO THE EVANGELISTIC meetings now being held by Mr. Robertson, of Scotland, in Gospel Hall, corner Colborne and Horton streets, every evening this week, from 8 till 9, Saturday excepted. 19k

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP AND TOOLS for sale; power in shop for running machinery; also house and four lots; will be sold cheap. For particulars address Box 34, Advertiser, London. 20n-xyz

WANTED.

PROPERTY WANTED — A HOUSE situated in either north or south end; three or four bedrooms; state lowest spot cash price. Box 38, Advertiser. 22c

WANTED—RESIDENCE IN THE CITY of London, to exchange for a good 100-acre farm. Apply Box 244, London. 22c

WANTED—BOARD AND LODGING for family of six. Address R., this office. 20c

WANTED — SECOND-HAND BRICK and tile machine, in good repair. Address, with full particulars, Box A, Wardsville, Ont. 19m

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED fire insurance business, in some good Western Ontario town; also a coal and wood business, that will stand investigation. Box 33, Advertiser. 19l

WANTED — AGRICULTURAL, CANADIAN and Ontario Loan Companies' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont. 'Phone 693.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—HOUND DOG, WITH COLLIC on back of neck, answering name "Spot." Reward, 68 Albion street, West London. 22c

LOST, PROBABLY ON BELT LINE car or Albert street, gold ring, engraved with hand and dagger. Reward on return to 186 Albert street. 22c

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOLS.

SUCCESS DEPENDS ON CAPABILITY —A course of instructions at the London Cutting School assures proficiency in cutting to measure, and copying ladies' costumes. Correspondence solicited. Address 243½ Dundas street, London.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY JUNIOR teacher, second or third class certificate; give age, description and particulars; high-class place. Address Box 266, Wingham P. O., Ont. 22n

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—WOMAN to take family washing home. Apply 438 Adelaide street. 22c

WANTED AT ONCE—DINING-ROOM and upstairs girl. Apply Britannia House. 22n

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT; small family; no washing. Apply Mrs. Masuret, 72 Elmwood avenue. 21c

WANTED—WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, by a farmer, with four small children. Apply Box 44, Ferguson P. O. 20k

CHAMBERMAID WANTED. APPLY Hodgins House. 19tf

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. Fred White, 389 Queen's avenue. 19c

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD COOK; NO laundry work; family of three; $12. Apply to Mrs. Furness, 652 Talbot street. 13tf

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOYS WANTED TO LEARN THE manufacturing jewelry business. Apply Stevenson Bros. & Baker, 115 Carling street. 22c

WANTED—OFFICE ASSISTANT, AGE about 18; must be good penman and quick and accurate at figures. Box 36, Advertiser. 21c

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — GOOD scale-maker and adjuster; good wages; constant work. The Pritchard-Andrews Company, Ottawa. 20c

WANTED—THE CANADA FOUNDRY Company, Limited, are open to make an agreement for a year's employment with a certain number of lathe, boring-mill, planer and slotter hands, also fitters and erecters, toolmakers and brass finishers; must be first-class mechanics, steady and reliable. Apply, stating qualifications and giving reference to Employment Bureau, Canada Foundry Company, Limited, 14 King street east, Toronto. 19n

AS A PROSPECTIVE STUDENT OF telegraphy you should remember that ours is the only genuine, thoroughly-equipped telegraph school in Canada in which a really competent staff of teachers is employed. In from four to seven months students are qualified for good positions on Canadian railways at from $40 to $60 per month with splendid prospects for advancement. Day and evening classes. Our fine new illustrated telegraph book gives full particulars. We mail it free. Dominion School of Telegraph, 9 East Adelaide street, Toronto.

CANVASSERS WANTED. APPLY 355-357 Clarence street, London.

WHO'S YOUR TAILOR? WE'RE TOP of heap in trouser game. Try us. English Woolen Mills Company, 150-152 Carling.

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

TWO FRONT BEDROOMS, WITH clothes closets, furnished, with or without board; good locality; private family. Address Box 35, this office. 21c

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. APPLY 423 Park avenue. 20k

COMFORTABLE ROOMS AND GOOD board for workingmen. 564 King street. 19k

ROOMS AND BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED for two gentlemen, also married couple, at reasonable prices. Call at 478 Park avenue.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

"SAFETY RAZOR GUARDS" — YOU can't cut yourself if you shave with one. They fit your own razor, and do as good work as an expensive Safety Razor. Send 35c to Box 37, this office, and receive one by return mail, postpaid. 22tf

TO CLEAR — BALANCE OF FOOT-FRAMER'S OUTFIT FOR SALE—BORING machine, with four bitts, broadaxe, cant-hook, adze, chisels, mallets, crowbar and other articles. 303 Cheapside. 22c

STOOLS at 35c, at Patton's, upholsterer, 247 Dundas street.

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS, SEAL dies and stencils made to order at Horton's, 179 Dundas.

ALL KINDS OF GAS ENGINES AND machinery repaired at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 298 Richmond. 'Phone 1,141.

FIVE-STATION CASH CARRIER SYSTEM—Good order, $25. J. H. Cunningham, 664 Dundas street, city.

ROOF LADDER OR CHEAPEST FIRE escape—Get the Pickerell. Manufactured of steel by J. W. Smith, corner Richmond and Maple.

SUNGLEE — GREATEST HAIR RESTORER. At leading drug stores or James T. Gleason, 205 Dundas.

FISH OF ALL KINDS FRESH DAILY —Phone your order to F. S. Onn, Fish Market. 'Phone 1,296.

TRUNKS, VALISES, TRAVELING goods. Trunks initialed free. J. Darch, 379 Talbot.

BASEBURNERS, RANGES AND ALL kinds of cook stoves and second-hand furniture at Keene's, 141 King street.

GO TO GREEN & CO., COAL AND wood dealers, 495 York street, for the best quality of hard and soft coal; good hardwood, in blocks or split; good mixed wood, $1 60 per load. 'Phone 1,391.

FOR SALE — ONE SECOND-HAND cutter. Collis Wagon Company, corner Oxford and Adelaide. 'Phone 1,812.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., EAST END COAL and wood dealers. Hardwood blocks, soft wood and slabs. 'Phone 1,312. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER — LARGE colored pictures of the Premier, in tubes ready for mailing, only 5c. For sale at the business office of The Advertiser. 29tf

ONE LARGE FULL-SIZED ROSEWOOD piano, 7 1-3 octaves, guaranteed 5 years. $100, payable $3 per month until paid; $50 organ for $25, payable $2 per month. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE LONDON STUDIO OF ELOCUTION, Vocal and Physical Culture. Miss Mydra I. Lent, 288 Princess avenue.

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 349 Princess.

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, 422 TO 426 Wellington, opposite Y. M. C. A.—Rubber-tired hacks, coupes, Victorias, light livery. 'Phone 503. A. G. Stroyan.

DYER'S LIVERY, NEXT ADVERTISER —Telephone 1,277. Coupes, hacks, etc. Open day and night.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY— ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

G. CRADDOCK, ARCHITECT—ALBION building, London.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT— Bank Commerce building, second floor. 'Phone 1,557.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

DRESSMAKING.

PLAIN AND FANCY DRESSMAKING done by Misses Spencer & McVicar, 194 Dundas.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NEW MEDIUM-SIZED brick residence, with all modern improvements, and in fine location. Call at my office for full particulars. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN — LARGE AND small amounts to loan at 5 to 5½%. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, 420 Talbot street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 418 Talbot street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4¾ to 6½% on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN — EASY TERMS, lowest rates. Avery Casey, barrister, 93 Dundas street (upstairs), London.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

E. W. GOETHE QUANTZ, ORGANIST New St. James'. Singing, piano, organ, theory. 435 Oxford street.

J. W. FETHERSTON, ORGANIST WELLINGTON Street Church. Teacher singing, organ, piano, theory.

A. J. STONE, 381 CENTRAL AVENUE— Organist St. John Evangelist Church. Piano, organ, theory.

W. E. BLUETHNER, TEACHER OF piano and harmony. Studio, Nordheimer's.

ROSELLE POCOCKE, ORGANIST AND choirmaster, King Street Presbyterian Church. Teacher of voice, violin and piano. 379 King street.

LILLIAN G. WILSON—VOICE AND piano. Concert soprano. Soloist Dundas Center Methodist Church. 356 King. 'Phone 1,270. 99tf

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING, concert, oratorio and opera. J. Parnell Morris, 466 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,561.

GEORGE C. PHELPS, ORGANIST First Presbyterian Church — Organ, piano, harmony, accompanying. Studio, 321 King street. Telephone 999.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST St. Andrew's Church — Piano, organ, harmony, singing. Studio, 429 Waterloo. 'Phone 1,527.

JAS. CRESSWELL, VIOLIN TEACHER, director Grand Opera House Orchestra. Studio, 523 King.

CYRIL DWIGHT-EDWARDS, BARITONE, late London, England—Instruction in art of absolute voice production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 341 Dundas.

BUSINESS CARDS.

'PHONE 1,905, CHIVAS BROS.' CONFECTIONERY—Try our new chocolate cake, 10c each. All orders promptly delivered.

W. H. ROUGHLEY, FELT AND gravel roofer, 290 South street. Telephone 888. Repairing a specialty.

ARTESIAN WELL DRILLING—LONG experience; satisfaction guaranteed. Hodgson Bros., Lucan.

JOHN TOM—LAUNDRY, 312½ DUNDAS. Satisfaction guaranteed. Cheapest rates. Goods called for and delivered. Silk handkerchiefs for sale. 'Phone 1,809.

T. EDWARDS & SON—FURNITURE etc., packed, removed or stored. Furniture repaired, refinished. 85 Bruce street.

H. BONSER, WOOD TURNER—SHOP at Dyment, Baker's. Wood turning done to order.

STRATFOLD & BAWDEN, CONTRACTING Plasterers. Agents Paristone Hard Wall Plaster. 'Phone 1,450. Henry Stratfold, 427 Waterloo; George Bawden, 191 Grey.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST— Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 173 Dundas street. 'Phone 975.

DR. E. PALMER SMITH, DENTIST, Edge block—Special attention preservation natural teeth. 'Phone 1,778.

DR. M. M. McGAHEY, HONOR GRADUATE Toronto University, 169 Dundas street. 'Phone 885.

DR. M. A. ROSS THOMAS, 310 DUNDAS, ground floor.

DR. HARRY SILK, DENTIST, 185½ Dundas street. Terms, cash. Telephones: Office, 1,248; residence, 1,244.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST—CHICAGO, post-graduate in Crown, Bridge and Porcelain work. Philadelphia, post-graduate, Porcelain. Masonic Temple, first floor.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—COSTUMES FOR MASQUERADE balls and carnivals. 206 Richmond street. b

THE HOTELS OF THE CITY OF LONDON have raised their stable rates: One horse, to hay, 15c; one horse, to hay and oats, 25c; two horses, to hay, 25c; two horses, to hay and oats, 50c. 21c bw

MILLER'S HAIR STORE—WIGS, TOUPEES, Bangs, Pompadours, Waves. Combings made into Switches. 223 Dundas street.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

AT 214 DUNDAS STREET, MY PRIVATE office. Young's Jewelry Store. C. D. Johnston.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

ACCOUNTANTS.

JAMES McMILLAN, ACCOUNTANT and auditor, 10 St. George street, London.

TOILET ARTICLES.

DR. CHRISTIAN'S FRENCH TOILET articles for sale. 200 Colborne street, after 7, evenings, Monday excepted. zxv

HOTEL CARDS.

ORIENTAL HOTEL, 400 CLARENCE— Wines and liquors unsurpassed. Courteous treatment. T. M. O'Hagan, proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE — ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

OFFICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT— Choice wines, liquors. Meals, all hours. 378 Richmond St. W. J. Wright, prop.

DERMATOLOGY.

LADIES AFFLICTED WITH COMPLEXIONAL, scalp or skin trouble are invited to consult us, free. We treat these successfully. Our method of electrolysis permanently removes superfluous hair, moles, birthmarks, etc. We also do manicuring and chiropody. Miss Braden, 443 Park avenue. zxv

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, facial blemishes, removed by electrolysis. Manicuring, shampooing, scalp treatment. Butler's Dermatological Parlors, 235½ Dundas.

NOTICE!
PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD
Commencing Monday, Jan. 30, the Pere Marquette Railroad will put on an extra train from London to St. Thomas, leaving London at 6:30 p.m., city time, daily, except Sunday. 21n

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET—TEN ROOMS, MODERN; brick house, corner Hellmuth avenue and Grosvenor. Apply Mrs. Walsh, 235 King street. 21c

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR OFFICE, 418 Richmond street (late The Advertiser office). Apply to London Hat and Cap Company. 18tf

TO LET—LORNE AVENUE, STORY and half brick, modern, $14 and water rates. Maryboro Place, two-story brick, $19. Immediate possession. Apply Thos. C. Knott, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 8tf

FOREST CITY MOVING VANS, 357 Talbot street. Residence, 554½ Waterloo. Telephone 1,444. William Broughton.

IMPROVED VANS, BEST STORAGE, private rooms. Furniture for storage carted free. H. Potter & Co., 97 Carling. 'Phones 1,162 and 1,167.

FOR RENT—738 COLBORNE, $6; 785 Colborne, house and stable, $6; 42 Dundas, $8; 6 Wilson avenue, $7; 8 Wilson avenue, $8. Houses for sale on monthly payments. Scarrow, 283 Dundas. 74tf

A. HENDERSON, PROPRIETOR PEOPLE'S Moving Vans, largest in city. Corner Colborne and Cheapside. 'Phone 1,724.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS. Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

LEGAL CARDS.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

STUART & GUNN, BARRISTERS, ETC. Office, 112 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; George C. Gunn.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, etc., 83 Dundas street, London; 'phone 99. Money to loan; lowest rates. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., London, Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

R. M. C. TOOTHE, BARRISTER, ETC., Robinson Hall, opposite Court House. Specialty, office work and consultations.

CRONYN & BETTS, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public, etc. Huron and Erie buildings.

EDMUND WELD— Barrister, 425 Richmond Street.

MEDICAL CARDS.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England)—Office, 287 King street. Telephone 829.

J. H. DUNN, MAGNETIC SPECIALIST— Rheumatism, St. Vitus dance, neuralgia, asthma, sleeplessness, stammering and all nervous diseases successfully treated. 553 Colborne street. 11tf

DR. BAYLY, 211 QUEEN'S AVENUE— Specialty, diseases of children. 'Phone 827.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S. (England)—Specialist, surgical diseases only. 439 Park avenue. 'Phone 324.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—'Phone 1,019. Office, 225 Queen's avenue. Residence, 191 Queen's avenue.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, 473 Park avenue, London, Ont. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. McLELLAN, SPECIALIST—EYE, ear, nose and throat only. Office, corner Maple and Talbot streets. 'Phone 1,789.

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., 587 RICHMOND street. 'Phone 388.

DR. J. B. CAMPBELL, 380 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4 and 6 to 8.

DR. KINGSMILL, MEMBER ROYAL College Surgeons and Licentiate Royal College Physicians, corner Park and Queen's avenues.

DR. G. McNEIL — OFFICE, 260 Queen's avenue. Telephone 266.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh), 461 Waterloo. Special attention diseases women and children. 'Phone 258.

DR. JOHN H. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 11:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. BALFOUR, QUEEN'S AVENUE, opposite St. Andrew's Church—Diseases of women and children. 'Phone 22.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street. 'Phone 510. Special attention diseases of women and surgery.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY'S GARMENT CARE— Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, repairing. 392 Clarence. 'Phone 1,721. Wagon calls.

OLD STANDARD CLEANING WORKS, 343 Clarence—Pressing, cleaning, etc. No contract work. No chemicals used.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

W. R. KINCAID, VETERINARY SURGEON—Twenty years' experience. Office, 117 King. Residence, 365 Ridout. Telephone 455.

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 351 Talbot; 'phone 965. Residence, 354 Oxford; 'phone 763.

TENNENT & BARNES, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King; residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. 'Phones 638 and 278. Treatment of dogs a specialty.

OSTEOPATHY.

PROF. A. G. ADAMS & WIFE— Osteopathic and suggestive therapeutics for chronic diseases. Consultation free. 284 King street, London.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. 'Phone 1,573.

HOUSE MOVING.

W. WATSON, HOUSE-MOVER—WORK promptly attended to. 194 Hamilton road.

VIAVI.

VIAVI COMPANY, 31 TORONTO BANK building, 9 to 12 a.m., 1:30 to 5 p.m.

A QUIET DAY IN THE HOUSE

No Private Members' Business So Estimates Were Proceeded With.

Ottawa, Jan. 26. — Today was private members day in the House, but as there was no private business to proceed with, work was continued on the estimates.

Mr. Ames (Montreal West), asked as to the alleged illegal stamping of letters in the Montreal postoffice, by which one Thibault, an employe, had endeavored to obtain information from the Conservative committee rooms for use by the Liberals.

Sir Wm. Mulock, in reply, produced a report on the subject from the deputy postmaster of Montreal in which that official corroborated the statement that Thibault had stamped the letters without authority, and had stated that he did so not knowing that he was violating any rule of the service. The Postmaster-General quoted also the terms of a memorandum from the postoffice department, which showed that Thibault's conduct had been brought to the attention of the public works department. The latter had been asked whether it considered Thibault, in view of these disclosures, was a fit and proper person to be continued in the position. This communication to the public works department was sent Dec. 19, and Mr. Ames complained that it had not been acted upon before this, Thibault being still employed.

Sir William Mulock's explanation was that the letter only reached the public works department just before the Christmas holidays, when the acting minister, Mr. Hyman, was absent from Ottawa. The matter, however, would no doubt receive immediate attention.

The Postmaster-General, replying to Mr. Bergeron, said that contracts for the tubes for the pneumatic systems in Montreal and Toronto had been let. He declared, in the course of the discussion, that it was altogether premature to talk of a rural mail delivery in Canada. It would involve millions upon millions of expenditure. He believed that the United States would gladly recede from its rural delivery system if it were possible to do so. It was costing enormously, and it was found impossible to meet the demand for extensions of the service.

Mr. Foster concurred in the wisdom of the Postmaster-General's conclusions.

Postoffice estimates were then dropped for the time, and several votes for the Indian department passed.

Replying to a question by Mr. Sloan (Commox-Atlin), Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the Government had no information that the imperial authorities intended to abandon Esquimalt as a naval station.

Mr. Lefurgy was informed that the Marconi apparatus on the Government steamers Stanley and Minto cost $1,550 each, and the arrangement was very successful.

Mr. Smith was informed that the British Columbia act to regulate immigration passed in 1904 had been disallowed because it was ultra vires, and interfered with Dominion policy.

NIP DISEASE IN THE BUD.—It is difficult to eradicate a disease after it has become seated, therefore it is wise to take any ailment in its initial stages and by such remedies as are sufficient, stop it in its course. Cold is the commonest complaint of man, and when neglected leads to serious results. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will cure the severest cold or most violent cough.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

PERSONAL.

FOR YOU—THE DESIRE FOR LIQUOR and tobacco entirely removed. Consult J. H. Dunn, 553 Colborne street. 17tf

Tenders for Carpenter Work, Painting, Glazing and Papering

Tenders for the above works required in certain alterations at City Hall will be received up to 4 o'clock on Thursday, Feb. 2.
A. O. GRAYDON, City Engineer.
ALD. JOHN FORRISTAL, Chairman No. 2 Committee. 20c-xvz

NOTICE!

An application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an act to incorporate a railway company under the name of The London and St. Clair Railway Company, with power to construct, operate and maintain a railway from a point on the line of the Ontario and Quebec Railway, west of London, to Sarnia or to some convenient point on the St. Clair River, between Sarnia and Lake St. Clair, with such powers as are usually given to railway companies incorporated by the Parliament of Canada; and that the said works be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada. A. T. THOMPSON, solicitor for the applicants. Cayuga, 1st December, 1904. 92n-v



"Walla Walla"
Don't Hold You Up.

It holds UP the temperature of the home—holds UP the standard of home comfort—it holds DOWN the work of the cook, making it easier for her by making a brighter, hotter, easier controlled fire—it holds DOWN the coal bills for the very good and very simple reason that "Walla Walla" lasts 20 per cent longer than ordinary coal.

Don't hold up your order for it.

BOWMAN & CO.
295 Clarence St., LONDON.

CABINET MEETS FOR LAST TIME

Govt. Likely to Resign Without Any Delay.

MINISTERS GATHER AT TORONTO

Latest Returns Give Whitney Majority of Forty—Mr. Dryden to Retire From Public Life.

Toronto, Jan. 27. — A meeting of the cabinet will be held this afternoon, when the Government will decide when the formal notification of resignation will be made to the Lieutenant-Governor. That this will not be long delayed is certain. All the ministers, it is understood, are anxious to have the matter disposed of as quickly as possible. There will not be a full attendance at today's meeting, however, the only minister in town being the Premier and Messrs. Harcourt, Dryden, Graham and Charlton. Mr. MacKay may arrive this afternoon. Messrs. Gibson, Latchford and Evanturel are not expected. The Premier was at the buildings this morning, and as usual, had a large number of callers. He declined, however, to see any newspapermen, who were informed, as on Thursday, that he had "no news today." His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor was equally uncommunicative.

Toronto, Jan. 27. — The drifting snow along the concession lines and the zero weather that has prevailed all over Ontario are responsible for the many incomplete returns of Wednesday's battle. The guesses that had in several cases to be made on Wednesday night have, however, all been justified, except in the case of two seats—Port Arthur and Rainy River and Parry Sound. Mr. Milton Carr (Liberal) was defeated in Parry Sound by Mr. John Galna (Conservative), but, as an offset to this loss, Mr. H. W. Kennedy (Liberal), reported as having been beaten in Port Arthur and Rainy River by W. A. Preston, has carried the seat by 50 majority.

The party standing is, therefore, still 69 Conservatives and 29 Liberals, which will, no doubt, be regarded by Mr. Whitney as a safe working majority. There may be changes yet. It is nip and tuck in West Huron for Mr. M. G. Cameron, who, with all the returns in, claims 4 majority. Mr. Holmes, the Conservative opponent, says the vote is a tie. The official declaration will be necessary to settle the doubt.

The rumors in circulation yesterday to the effect that the Premier had already notified the Lieutenant-Governor that his Government had resigned, has no foundation. His honor said last night that he had no news to give out. It is certain that Mr. Ross would consult his colleagues before taking any such step as that rumored.

Mr. Dryden to Retire.

To a reporter, who saw him at the Parliament buildings, Hon. Mr. Dryden said: "As far as I can see now my services for the public are finished. I am too old a man to commence afresh. I have been no idler, and can fairly claim to have given the country as good a service as I knew how to give. So far as my work is concerned I have never heard it attacked, and it has been a source of gratification to me to have encomiums in that regard from men on both sides of politics. I have been Minister of Agriculture since September, 1890, long enough to have seen the splendid results of the policy of the department. I do not think I am claiming too much credit in saying that to the lead given by the department is largely due the advancement made in agriculture throughout the Province."

Mr. Gibson Going South.

Hon. Messrs. MacKay, Graham, Latchford and Evanturel are expected in the city today or tomorrow. Hon. Mr. Gibson, who is still confined to his home at Hamilton, is recovering from his severe illness, and it is expected he will be able to leave on Saturday for a sojourn in the Southern States.

Hon. Mr. Harcourt reached town yesterday afternoon, and was at the Parliament buildings for a short time. He was very busy with a mass of departmental correspondence that had piled up during the time occupied by the latter part of the campaign, and had not time to discuss the result. "I shall have more time tomorrow, I hope," he said to a reporter, "and may then be able to talk politics."

MANY STRIKERS SHOT DOWN

Continued from page 1.

prevailing at the court. The latest sensational report is that the Emperor and the imperial family have fled to Livadia.

There were only two Russian newspapers out of the four which appeared this morning. Their accounts of the Sunday tragedy are colorless, and their editorials are only able, with great circumlocution, to indicate the feeling of popular indignation.

The morgue still contains many unidentified dead. The hands of some of the victims are white, and on their fingers are diamond rings, the supposition being that they are Liberals of gentle birth, in sympathy with the strike movement, who dressed up as workmen and took part in the demonstrations.

Situation Less Acute.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27, 2 a.m. — Although the strikers in Reval, Libau, Kieff, Odessa, and a few smaller places are extending, the situation is nowhere acute. An increasing number of workmen are out in Moscow, but there is no general tie-up or disorder there. The whereabouts of Father Gopon still remains a mystery, although it is believed the priest is in Moscow. The Russian capital presents almost a normal appearance, and the authorities are confident that the backbone of the strike has been broken. Some factories and mills already have resumed and a general resumption of operations is expected on Monday. The authorities expect the failure of the strike here will have a discouraging effect upon the workmen in other cities to which the troubles have been spreading, and believe that there is no longer danger of a complete suspension of all the industrial concerns of Russia. Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky has promised a delegation of editors who called upon him that he will investigate the arrest of several prominent writers who are now confined in the St. Peter and St. Paul fortress and secure their release as soon as possible.

At Libau a gendarme was shot dead today while in the act of wresting a flag from a strike leader. Troops are now patroling the town, but no collision with the strikers has occurred. The telegraph and telephone lines have been restored.

Promises to Help.

Kovno, Russia, Jan. 27. — The governor, in receiving a deputation of workmen, today, promised assistance in improving their relations with their employers. On the governor's initiative the latter met and drew up a scheme for the amelioration of the workers' position.

A proclamation has been posted by the governor urging the strikers to resume work and promising all legitimate help towards obtaining a satisfactory settlement of their just demands, at the same time announcing that he would have recourse to the troops in the event of street disorders.

Returning to Work.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — 11 a.m. — All was quiet during the night. Traffic in the streets this morning is practically normal. Here and there small groups of workmen are reading Governor-General Trepoff's proclamation. Four papers were published this morning. Their offices were guarded by police patrols all night long. Most of the compositors will resume work today. The troops have disappeared from the streets. The press administration has sent a circular to the newspapers prohibiting the publication of news or comment regarding the strike.

Quiet Night at Moscow.

Moscow, Jan. 27. — 10 a.m. — The night passed quietly. Work was resumed this morning in some of the factories of the Samoskwartschje quarter. The prefect has issued a proclamation declaring that the demands of the workmen will be examined and satisfied within legal limits when work is resumed. The men are urged to resume their employments without delay and are threatened with arrest if they attempt to incite a spread of the strike.

The master printers and newspaper proprietors at a meeting just held have resolved to act unitedly and not to increase the pay of the compositors.

To Aid Insurrection.

New York, Jan. 27.—A Milan, Italy, dispatch to the Herald says: The Lombard Union of the International Peace Society has published a protest against the methods of repression used in St. Petersburg. Following its protest the union announces that having originally signed the international petition to the Czar and the Emperor of Japan, praying for a cessation of war in the far east, it now withdraws the petition.

The money which would have been spent for the victims of the war is now to be devoted to the victims of the St. Petersburg disorders.

A Geneva dispatch to the Herald says revolutionary meetings have been held in Lausanne, Zurich, Berne and Geneva, and violent speeches against Russia have been made by prominent citizens at Geneva. A signed notice has been sent to the revolutionists that they must preserve order.

Pamphlets are being prepared and every means are being used to augment the discord in Russia.

Did He Propose To You?

To accept some other preparation for the teeth when you asked for Odontine (C. & L.)? If so, beware of such a druggist. There is no substitute for fragrant Odontine; it is unsurpassed for its antiseptic qualities, and will absolutely prevent and arrest decay. It keeps the teeth pearly white, the breath sweet and the gums healthy. Always ask for Odontine, and see that it bears the name Cairncross & Lawrence.

Evening Dress.

The season of social functions, where this attire is indispensable, is now on.

We are also here with the correct materials, imported direct from Great Britain.

We take particular pains to have the style and fit faultless, and our charges are moderate.

J. H. DEEKS
Direct Importer,
393 RICHMOND STREET.

MANY CHANGES IN THE STAFF

Twenty-Sixth Regiment Will See Them This Year—New Headdress Adopted.

The annual meeting of the officers of the Twenty-sixth Regiment was held yesterday afternoon at the Tecumseh House, with Col. T. B. Welch in the chair, and a large majority of the officers present.

This year will be an important one in the history of Middlesex County's regiment, as numerous changes in the stoff of officers are to be made. Capt. Kerrigan, who has been acting paymaster, is now junior major, and a new paymaster will have to be named. Adjutant Becher has resigned to take a commission in the reorganized London Field Battery. Lieut. Mills and Lieut. Cameron are also to go with the battery (the former as commanding officer), thus creating four vacancies.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon, various designs of headdress were considered, the officers finally approving of the latest naval pattern adopted for the British army.

It was announced that the rank of brevet major had been granted to Surgeon Captain Berdan.

The following committees were appointed for the next camp: Mess—Col. Welch, Captains Robson, Routledge and Colerick; band, Col. Welch, Major Kerrigan and Lieuts. Stevenson and Furness.

London Advertiser.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Job Department 175

LONDON, FRIDAY, JAN. 27.

The Aftermath.

Mr. Whitney's majority is so ample that he is, for the time being, master of the situation. He will have a free hand in constructing his cabinet. He can deal without fear or favor with the horde of hungry office-seekers already knocking at the door, and he is in a position to extinguish the undesirable elements which have attained a bad eminence in his party. He has made use of them in mounting to power and has encouraged expectations which he cannot fulfill, unless he brazenly disregards his own professions. The preferment of certain of his lieutenants would be interpreted as proof that their claims could not be disallowed, because of some chapter in the party's record from which they might remove the seals. This is particularly true of the member from Manitoulin, whose re-election is a reproach to the people of his riding, and whose elevation to the cabinet would be an intolerable scandal. The crop of aspirants for ministerial positions is a large one, but with a majority of forty behind him, Mr. Whitney can afford to disappoint a good many, and choose his colleagues on their merits, unless he is "held up" by the men who possess some guilty secrets.

The new Premier will have plenty of assistance from the press and the politicians in framing his cabinet. Mr. Foy will undoubtedly be his attorney-general. He is the ablest lawyer in the Conservative contingent and has been seven years in Parliament. He is the only competent man, with experience, to whom Mr. Whitney can appeal. Mr. Hanna, of West Lambton, is a new hand, but he is a good speaker, and is said to be slated as Minister of Crown Lands, the duties of that office being quasi-judicial. The main problem will be in assigning the portfolios of agriculture and education. Mr. Thomas Crawford, of West Toronto, has been mentioned for the former. He is a worthy man, a cattle buyer by occupation, but he will never fill Mr. Dryden's shoes. Those who have heard him speak will understand the reason. The Minister of Agriculture must take an active part in agricultural conventions and assemblies and be prepared to discuss every branch of husbandry, but Mr. Crawford is not a farmer and has some difficulty in handling words. Mr. McDiarmid, of West Elgin, is mentioned as the alternative, but the position requires an older head. For a Minister of Education, Mr. Whitney may have to look outside the present House. The name of Mr. St. John has been coupled with the post, but this is obviously a jest. It would not be surprising if Mr. Whitney took the department under his own care. Col. Matheson has been the financial critic of the Opposition for many years, and will expect the treasurership, but Mr. Whitney will be justified in placing it in other hands. The colonel is a useful member of the public accounts committee, but reaches his limit there. Mr. Isaac B. Lucas, of Center Grey, is among the most promising of the Conservative colts, and is probably marked for promotion. Mr. Hendrie, of Hamilton, a man of wealth and social station, may be chosen for the public works department. A Minister of Mines is to be added to the cabinet, and Mr. Whitney has promised a surprise.

The defeat of Hon. John Dryden is a heavy loss to the Legislature. The new Government would have had the benefit of his criticism and advice on agricultural matters, its weakest spot. The defeats of Mr. Gibson, Mr. Latchford, and Mr. Charlton are to be deplored for the same reason. There is no man on either side of the new House with Mr. Gibson's grasp of municipal law. Next to the Premier, no member of the ministry was more maligned than the former Attorney-General, but his name is written on a great body of legislation which will endure and he will always rank among the foremost of Canadian public men. The public need not look for anything revolutionary from the new regime, which will accept the policy of the late Government, ready-made, and endeavor to carry it out, though in a bungling way, it is to be feared. There will be no abrogation of the Soo guarantee bill, which the Conservative party so bitterly denounced. There will be no change for the present in the method of administering the crown lands. There will be no radical departures in the school system. There are no abuses calling for redress. New problems will arise with the growth of the Province, and as the policy of a Government must be one of adaptation to changing conditions, those at the head of affairs must be open to new ideas. It is probable, as we said before, that the Conservative party, for self-preservation, will call new men to its councils.

In Russia.

The revolutionary spirit in Russia is to some extent a product of the new industrialism of the empire. M. De Witte planned to encourage the growth of manufactures, so as to diversify production and render the people less exclusively dependent upon the soil. He invited the investment of foreign capital and adopted a rigid system of tariff protection. No doubt his policy has stimulated industrial development, although the position of the peasantry appears to be growing worse. The artisan class is above the masses, and being concentrated in a comparatively few cities, it can be easily reached by the propagandists, and can think and feel as a unit. In Great Britain the rise of the factory system was attended by terrible abuses, which are being reproduced in Russia's new industrial life, so that the discontent of the working classes takes a political form. The industrial centers become the hotbeds of Nihilist and Socialist agitation, but the greatest force against the bureaucracy is the liberalism of the professional and educated classes. These are not revolutionary or republican; they realize that an unbridled democracy is impossible while the Russian people are on their present low plane; but they demand that some form of representative government shall replace the odious and tyrannical bureaucracy, of which the Czar is the mere puppet.

The proletariat of St. Petersburg appears to be overawed and the authorities are throwing distinguished liberals into prison for the crime of passing resolutions. Among these is Gorky, Russia's greatest literary light, next to Tolstoi. It will be inferred from this that the reactionists are in complete control for the time being. Will the Emperor throw himself into their arms again, or will he listen to wiser counsels and forestall revolution by reform? He is blown hither and thither when a strong man might ride the whirlwind and direct the storm.

Now that the election is over everybody can see how it happened.

A new broom sweeps clean, but the Whitney ministry will find no dirt to clean up.

Have our Conservative friends any complaint against the election machinery this time?

Of course, the first act of the new Government will be to pass Mr. Pettypiece's railway taxation bill.

Our local contemporary alleges that hundreds of Conservatives were dismissed from the civil service in 1896. Perhaps our l. c. will oblige us with a few names.

Mr. Gibson fought his campaign from a sick-bed and was defeated by only 85 majority. It is no secret that he has wished for some years to retire from the ministry, but loyalty to his leader kept him in the fight to the last.

Liberals hope that Mr. Ross can see his way clear to remain at the head of the party. But they cannot complain if his years and his physical infirmities incline him to take life easier. He has proved that he is not a "quitter," and will live in the grateful memory of his party.

Keats' Opinion of Hamlet.

[From a Keats Autograph Letter Sold in London.]

The middle age of Shakespeare was all covered over; his days were not more happy than Hamlet's, who is, perhaps, more like Shakespeare himself in his common everyday life than any other of his characters.

Not So Original.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer.]

"I thought I had discovered an original idea in shopping when I went down town immediately after a 7-o'clock breakfast yesterday morning."

"Well?"

"Well, I found that at least 10,000 shoppers had thought of the very same thing."

The Parrot the Scapegoat.

[Detroit Free Press.]

Father—What did the teacher say when she heard you swear?

Small Boy—She asked me where I learned it.

Father—What did you tell her?

Boy—I didn't want to give you away, pa, so I blamed it on the parrot.

Only One.

[Puck.]

"So ye attended Rafferty's wake. Was anybody sober?"

"Nobody but Rafferty."

Did Anna Bite Him?

[Flint Cor. Fenton (Mich.) Courier.]

Louis Delisle was bitten on the right leg Wednesday morning while delivering an order of meat to Miss Anna E. Kelleher, on Church street.

Evidently They Are Married.

[Track City (Tenn.) Times.]

Prof. Lewis Rollings and Miss Pearl Cox, after several months of heart-to-heart conversation on the perfumed sweet avenue of love, passed under the roseate Archway of Hymen, where soul meets soul on waves of ecstatic feelings.

The Meals for Poets.

The breakfast party became fashionable in the early decades of the last century. Samuel Rogers being one of the principal hosts. Round his table gathered all the wits and celebrities of the day. At his house in St. James' Place, Byron and Moore first came together "over a mess of potatoes and vinegar." It was in his dining-room that Erskine told the story of his first brief, and Grattan that of his last duel, while the Iron Duke described Waterloo as a "battle of giants." Rogers asked people, it was currently reported, by way of probation for dinner, but his breakfast parties were more social than his dinners, which, comparatively speaking, were affairs of necessity or form. His invitation notes were models of penmanship and conciseness. "Will you breakfast with me tomorrow?—S. R.," was the pithy invitation to a celebrated wit. "Won't I?" was the congenial response. He was fond of quoting Rousseau's profession of un gout fin pour les dejeuners—the time of day when we are quietest and talk most at our ease. Greville, in his "Memoirs," notes one of these breakfasts in 1831. "Sydney Smith, Luttrell, John Russell and Moore excessively agreeable. I never heard anything more entertaining than Sydney Smith—such bursts of merriment and so dramatic. Breakfasts are meals for poets. I met Wordsworth and Southey at breakfast. Rogers's are always agreeable."—Chambers' Journal.

Grammar.

There is no word so seldom matched with its proper companion as "same." "Same—as" (for the "as" implied) is the necessary fulfilling of the phrase. "Same which" is altogether inadmissible. "Blackwood," protesting against the Shakespeare monument, says to the actors of today: "They may recite his works with the same restraint of gesture, intonation and adornment which interpreted his works in his own day." How few and how simple and how neglected are our grammatical laws! And to think that the poor Indian and the equally poor Tuscan observe their own complex and delicate syntax in every point!—London Chronicle.

Great Lace Sale Still Continues. **WOODS' FAIR** 25c Ash Sifters On Sale at 15c Each.

WOOLEN HEAD AND SHOULDER WRAPS

Three hundred travelers' samples, no two alike, also Child's Jackets, Child's Mitts, Boottees and Mufflers. These beautiful goods are in perfect condition, and no two alike, and will be offered at specially reduced prices. See assortment in west window.

Child's Bootees, in pink, blue and white, red and white, and mauve, and white, at 5c, 10c, and 15c
NO TWO PAIR ALIKE.

Babies' Crochet Shoes, in white, pink and white and blue and white, at 25c and 35c
NO TWO PAIR ALIKE.

Infants' Mitts in white, pink and white, plaid, gray, and blue and white, at 10c and 15c
NO TWO PAIR ALIKE.

Babies' Jackets, in white, pink, blue, red and white, pink and white, blue and white, at 25c, 45c, 65c and 75c
NO TWO ALIKE.

Silk Shawls, in fancy Roman stripe, pink and white, black and white, and blue and white, at 95c, $1 25 and $1 50
NO TWO ALIKE.

Ice Wool Umbrella Shawls, in blue and white, pink and white, white and brown, and white, at 95c, $1 25 and $1 35
NO TWO ALIKE.

Wool Fascinators, in white, blue and white, pink and white, at 85c, $1 00 and $1 25
NO TWO ALIKE.

Wool Honeycomb Shawls, in different designs, at 65c, 95c, $1 00, $1 25, $1 35 and $1 75
NO TWO ALIKE.

Wool Scarfs, in pink and white, blue and white, red and brown, white and brown, at 25c, 40c, 65c and 75c
NO TWO ALIKE.

35c Snow-Shovels Going at 25c each. **WOODS' FAIR** See our new line of Corsets at 50c.

NO FOREIGN BOATS THERE

Hull Trawlers Tell of Cannonade by Russia's Mad Dog Squadron.

Paris, Jan. 27. — The international commission to inquire into the North Sea incident, resumed its sittings yesterday, with diminished attendance and interest, owing to the many fishermen witnesses repeating practically the same story.

Captain Whapton, of the trawler Mine, described the terrific cannonade of the Russian warships. Twelve shots struck the Mine, one going through her galley and another cutting her rigging.

Counsel for Russia, by cross-examination of the witness, endeavored to establish the fact that the weather was foggy and that the witnesses were unable to tell whether Japanese torpedo boats were present.

Baron Taube, the Russian judicial adviser, asked: "If the night was dark and foggy it is impossible for you to affirm that no foreign boats were among your fleet?"

Answer—I don't believe it. We certainly would have seen them.

Baron Taube—Then you cannot affirm it positively?

"I can only give my belief."

J. E. Hame, a sailor, also described the violence of the cannonade.

Wm. Smith, a wounded sailor of the trawler Crane, told a moving story, which produced an impression. He described the formidable effect of the Russian fire which killed the captain of the Crane, tore off the mate's hand, killed a sailor, and finally sunk the trawler after everyone on board except one man had been killed or wounded.

Admiral Fourier (France) complimented Smith on his courageous attitude during the firing.

A witness named Green said that following the cannonade he temporarily mistook the Crane for a torpedo-boat and so remarked to the engineer of his vessel, but he soon detected his mistake.

Counsel for Russia asked how many others mistook the Crane for a torpedo-boat.

The witness replied that he alone made the mistake, being blinded by the searchlights.

Smirke, another witness, said he saw a trawler attempting to cross the Russian fire.

Smirke's captain said: "Look, it is a torpedo-boat.

Smirke replied, "No it is a trawler."

They went to the vessel's assistance and took the dead and dying from her. The trawler then sank.

The witness reasserted that the vessel was a trawler, but counsel for Russia was not satisfied, and a long discussion ensued between the British and Russian lawyers.

Paris, Jan. 27.—At today's session of the International Commission inquiring into the North Sea incident, counsel for Great Britain said he desired to secure the testimony of a witness named Fletcher concerning the action of two Russian agents in seeking information among the fishermen at Hull.

Hugh O'Beirne (first secretary of the British embassy at Paris and agent of Great Britain before the commission) said: "We consider the action of the agents to be blameworthy, but we have not heard that these agents acted under orders from the Russian Government."

M. Nekliedoff, in behalf of Russia, raised the question whether such evidence bore upon the issue before the commission.

Mr. O'Beirne maintained that it would explain the evidence of some of the fishermen.

Admiral Fournier (France) ruled that the commission would privately consider the question, in the meantime hearing other witnesses. The latter then continued their testimony which was practically the same as that of the preceding witness.

Women Agree Not to Kiss.

A little red button worn by some 300 women, old and young, married and indifferent, among the leading social sets of the City of Mexico, marks a new departure, or rather a new step, in progress. This little, round red button signifies membership in what is known as the Anti-Kissing League. Members of the league take solemn pledge not to kiss each other, in public or private, but put it on the ground that kissing is pontagious, or, rather, the means of conveying contagious diseases from one fair lip to another.

There is nothing visible to the naked eye in the constitution of this league against kissing other than members of the female persuasion, and, in fact, the practice, aside from the supposed danger of infection, is decidedly, to the male sense, not only deplorable, but unnecessary. When one woman takes two or three minutes of time in a street car to kiss three or four other women before alighting from the car, she certainly violates the golden rule by making all those passengers wait. How far this new league will conduct its offensive and defensive campaign remains to be seen.—Los Angeles Times.

C. O. F. BANQUET

Court Middlesex, No. 118, Held Its Annual Gathering.

The annual banquet of Court Middlesex, No. 118, C. O. F., held in the City Hotel last evening, was a most successful affair. Bro. E. T. Essery occupied the chair, and a large number of brethren were present, including representatives from other lodges.

After a sumptuous repast, "The King" was loyally honored, and the following toasts followed: "High Court, C. O. F.," Bros. Galpin and D. Tripp; "Canada," Mr. W. G. R. Bartram; "Sister Societies," Bro. R. K. Cowan, P. G. M. of the I. O. O. F.; "Mayor and Corporation of London," Ald. Saunders; "The Ladies," Bro. Albert Evans.

During the evening songs and instrumental selections were rendered by Bro. J. W. Fletcher, Mr. Murtagh and Mr. McConnell, and were much enjoyed. The following committee had charge of the arrangements; Bros. S. Smith, E. A. Reed, C. Taylor, J. McCormick, Robert Thomas, J. Sutton and R. Annett.

The following were among those present: Bro. William Stone, C. R.; Bro. King, V. C. R.; Bro. Annett, P. C. R.; Bro. Sutton, S. W.; Bro. Young, J. W.; Bro. Taylor, S. B.; Bro. Reardon, J. B.; Bro. Reed, financial secretary, and Bro. Evans, recording secretary. The officers from other lodges included D. D. H. C. R. Bro. Tripp, Court Robin Hood; Bro. Gilbert, treasurer, Court Orient, and A. R. Galpin, high chaplain, Count Defiance.

Bayonetted the Japs.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — Gen. Kuropatkin adds: "No details have been received of the losses at Khalatosa, and Kheigoutaya, which are seven versts southwest of Sandepas. We occupied Khalatosa without firing, the Japanese being bayonetted. Kheigoutaya was bravely defended, but we finally occupied it at 10 o'clock at night. Our cavalry pursued two regiments of Japanese dragoons, which fled southeastward.

"On our left flank a detachment repulsed the Japanese and occupied a defile between Khandiensan and Expansan. Another detachment sent against the enemy's flank near Hindkecheng, forced the Japanese to retire and captured 200 cattle."

Sore Throat and Coughs
A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in
Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets
They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.
10c. All Druggists 400

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of London intends to undertake the following works or improvements, and to assess and levy the cost thereof by means of a special rate, to be so assessed and levied as an annual rate according to the frontage thereof upon the real property immediately benefited by such works or improvements, according to the provisions of "The Consolidated Municipal Act, 1903," namely: Cement sidewalks on the following portions of the following streets of the City of London:

NO. 1 WARD.

1. West side of Clarence street, King street to York street. Width 8 feet.
2. West side of Thames street, Dundas street to King street. Width, 6 feet.
3. South side of Bathurst street, Thames street to Ridout street, Width 5 feet.
4. East side of Clarence street, South street to Nelson street. Width 5 feet.
5. West side of Ridout street, York street to Bathurst street. Width 5 feet.
6. East side of Clarence street, Simcoe street to Hill street. Width 5 feet.
7. West side of Clarence street, Grey street to Simcoe street. Width 5 feet.
8. North side of Grey street, Richmond street to a point 400 feet west of Richmond street. Width 5 feet.
9. West side of Wellington street, Simcoe street to Wellington street Bridge. Width 6 feet.
10. West side of Wharncliffe road, Riverview avenue, to a point 400 feet north of Riverview avenue. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
11. South side of Riverview avenue, Wharncliffe road, to a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 12, south Riverview avenue. Width, 4 feet.
12. North side of Riverview avenue, Wharncliffe road, to a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 14 north Riverview avenue. Width 4 feet.
13. South side of Becher street, Horn street to Perry street. Width 5 feet.
14. West side of Wharncliffe road, Byron avenue, South to city limits. Width 5 feet.
15. South side of Byron avenue, Wharncliffe road to Teresa street. Width 5 feet.
16. West side of Cynthia street, Askin street to Bruce street. Width 5 feet.
17. East side of Cynthia street, Bruce street to Askin street. Width 5 feet.
18. South side of Askin street, Wharncliffe road to Cynthia street. Width 5 feet.
19. North side of Elmwood avenue, Edward street to Brighton street. Width 5 feet.
20. North side of Elmwood avenue, Marley Place to Wortley road. Width 5 feet.
21. West side of Edward street, Briscoe street to Langarth street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
22. South side of Langarth street, Wharncliffe road to Cathcart street. Width 5 feet.
23. East side of Cathcart street, Briscoe street to Duchess avenue. Width 5 feet.
24. North side of West avenue, Ridout street to Wortley road. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
25. West side of Ridout street, Elmwood avenue to a point opposite northerly limit of Chester street. Width 5 feet.
26. West side of Ridout street, Craig street to Victoria Bridge. Width 6 feet.
27. East side of Wellington street, Clarke street to Weston street. Width 5 feet.
28. North side of Weston street, Wellington road to a point opposite the easterly limit of lot 7, north of Weston street. Width 4 feet.
29. North side of Evergreen avenue, from a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 13, north side of Evergreen avenue to a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 18 north Evergreen avenue. Width 5 feet.

NO. 2 WARD.

30. West side of Richmond street, Grosvenor street to St. James street. Width 6 feet.
31. West side of Wellington street, Pall Mall street to Hyman street. Width 6 feet.
32. North side of Piccadilly street, Richmond street to St. George street. Width 6 feet.
33. South side of John street, Richmond street to St. George street. Width 5 feet.
34. West side of St. George street, Central avenue to John street. Width 5 feet.
35. West side of St. George street, Grosvenor street to St. James street. Width 5 feet.
36. South side of Cheapside street, St. George street to Richmond street. Width 5 feet.
37. East side of St. George street, Carling's Creek to Ann street. Width 5 feet.
38. West side of Gunn street, Saunby street to Oxford street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
39. North side of Wyatt street, Wharncliffe road to Douglass avenue. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
40. South side of Wyatt street, Wharncliffe road to Douglass avenue. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
41. South side of Mount Pleasant avenue, Douglass avenue to a point opposite the westerly limit of lot 30 south, Mount Pleasant avenue. Width 5 feet.
42. North side of Empress avenue, St. Andrew street to a point opposite the easterly limit of lot 43 north, Empress avenue. Width 5 feet.
43. South side of Paul street, Wharncliffe road to west end of Paul street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
44. North side of Grosvenor street, Wellington street to Richmond street. Width 6 feet.
45. West side of Richmond street, Kent street to Maple street, Width 9 feet.
46. East side of Richmond street, Dufferin avenue to Princess avenue. Width 10 feet.
47. South side of Oxford street, Richmond street to Wellington street. Width 6 feet.
48. South side of Piccadilly street, Richmond street to Wellington street. Width 6 feet.
49. East side of Wharncliffe road, Dundas street to Beech street. Width 4 feet.
50. South side of Piccadilly street, Richmond street to St. George street. Width 5 feet.

NO. 3 WARD.

51. West side of Eva street, Dundas street to Florence street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
52. South side of Mary street, Egerton street to Eva street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
53. South side of Mabel street, Egerton street to city limits. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
54. North side of Mabel street, Egerton street to city limits. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
55. West side of Sackville street, Dame street to Hamilton road. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
56. West side of Rectory street, Hamilton road to Walker street. Width 4 feet.
57. West side of Dreaney avenue, Hamilton road to Nelson street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
58. North side of South street, William street to Maitland street. Width 5 feet.
59. North side of Phillip street, William street to Maitland street. Width 4 feet 6 inches.
60. North side of Nelson street, William street to Maitland street. Width 5 feet.
61. South side of Lovett street, Rectory street to Chesley avenue. Width 5 feet.
62. South side of Simcoe street, Adelaide street to Rectory street. Width 5 feet.
63. South side of King street, Colborne street to Burwell street. Width 6 feet.
64. East side of Waterloo street, South street to Hill street. Width 5 feet.
65. East side of Waterloo street, Horton street to G. T. R. Company's tracks. Width 6 feet.
66. East side of Wellington street, York street to King street. Width 6 feet.
67. East side of Wellington street, South street to Hill street. Width 6 feet.
68. North side of Hamilton road, Maitland street to Burwell street. Width 5 feet.
69. South side of Bathurst street, Maitland street to Burwell street. Width 5 feet.
70. North side of Hamilton road, Adelaide street to William street. Width 6 feet.
71. East side of Colborne street, Nelson street to South street. Width 5 feet.
72. East side of Adelaide street, Nelson street to Trafalgar street. Width 5 feet.
73. West side of Adelaide street, South street to Nelson street. Width 5 feet.
74. East side of Egerton street, Pine street to Trafalgar street. Width 5 feet.
75. West side of Egerton street, G. T. R. Company's tracks to Trafalgar. Width 5 feet.

NO. 4 WARD.

76. North side of Dundas street, English street to Elizabeth street. Width 8 feet.
77. North side of Dundas street, Quebec street to city limits. Width 6 feet.
78. North side of Queen's avenue, Quebec street to Ontario street. Width 5 feet.
79. South side of Lorne avenue, Ontario street to Quebec street. Width 5 feet.
80. South side of Oxford street, Adelaide street to Elizabeth street. Width 5 feet.
81. East side of Elizabeth street, Queen's avenue to Central avenue. Width 5 feet.
82. East side of English street, Lorne avenue to Central avenue. Width 5 feet.
83. West side of English street, Central avenue to Elias street. Width 5 feet.
84. East side of Adelaide street, Central avenue to Rattle street. Width 6 feet.
85. West side of Adelaide street, Grosvenor street to St. James street. Width 5 feet.
86. West side of William street, Pall Mall street to Central avenue. Width 6 feet.
87. West side of Maitland street, Regina street to Pall Mall street. Width 6 feet.
88. West side of Maitland street, Oxford street to Piccadilly street. Width 6 feet.
89. West side of Maitland street, Grosvenor street to St. James street. Width 5 feet.
90. East side of Colborne street, Pall Mall street to Regina street. Width 6 feet.
91. East side of Colborne street, Oxford street to St. James street. Width 5 feet.
92. East side of Waterloo street, Princess avenue to Central avenue. Width 6 feet.
93. East side of Waterloo street, Cheapside street to Victoria street. Width 4 feet.
94. West side of Waterloo street, Cheapside street to Grosvenor street. Width 5 feet.
95. East side of Thornton avenue, Oxford street to St. James street. Width 4 feet.
96. West side of Thornton avenue, St. James street to Oxford street. Width 4 feet.
97. South side of Princess avenue, Prospect avenue to William street. Width 6 feet.
98. South side of Oxford street, Waterloo street to Colborne street. Width 6 feet.
99. South side of Oxford street, William street to Adelaide street. Width 5 feet.
100. North side of Oxford street, Adelaide street to Maitland street. Width 5 feet.
101. South side of St. James street, Maitland street to William street. Width 5 feet.
102. North side of St. James street, Wellington street to Waterloo street. Width 6 feet.
103. South side of Grosvenor street, Waterloo street to Colborne street. Width 5 feet.
104. South side of Grosvenor street, William street to Adelaide street. Width 4 feet.
105. North side of Cheapside street, Waterloo street to Wellington street. Width 5 feet.
106. North side of Cheapside street, Maitland street to Colborne street. Width 5 feet.
107. North side of Partridge street, William street to Maitland street. Width 4 feet.
108. South side of Princess avenue, Elizabeth street to English street. Width 5 feet.
109. North side of Princess avenue, Ontario street to English street. Width 5 feet.
110. South side of St. James street, College street to Waterloo street. Width 5 feet.
111. West side of William street, Queen's avenue to Dundas street. Width 6 feet.

1. Tile Sewer—Oxford street, St. George street to Richmond street.
2. Tile Sewer—Cartwright street, Princess avenue to Central avenue.

Each work or improvement, as numbered above, to be a separate work or improvement, and that the number of such annual special assessments will be ten.

AND TAKE NOTICE that unless the majority of the owners of such real property to be benefited thereby (to be ascertained under the provisions of "The Consolidated Municipal Act, 1903" and Bylaw No. 780 of the City of London, passed on the 4th day of August, 1890, as amended), representing at least one-half in value thereof, petition the said Council against the same within one month after the last publication of this notice in the London Advertiser and the London Free Press newspapers, published in the City of London, the Council will undertake the said works or improvements, and proceed with the same under the provisions of Section 669 and the other Sections of "The Consolidated Municipal Act, 1903" relating to Local Improvements applicable thereto.

City Clerk's Office, 20th January, A. D. 1905.

S. BAKER, City Clerk.
16-uv

SATURDAY SHOPPERS

"SPECIAL BARGAINS AT SPECIAL PRICES."



Laces and Veilings.

Lace Ends for Dress Trimmings less than half price.

Cotton Laces at bargain prices.

Pure Linen Laces from 3c to 25c yard.

Large assortment of Guipure and Net Laces and Insertions, in white, cream and ecru.

The newest Veiling—a great variety for a variety of tastes.

Ladies' Underwear at a Bargain.

Children's Fleeced Vests, in sizes 1 to 6, at 17c, 20c, 23c and 25c each.

Children's Fleeced Drawers, all sizes, from 22c to 35c pair.

Children's Fine Wool Vests and Drawers, from 42c to 62c each.

Children's Union Combination Suits, in 4 sizes, at 67c, 72c, 78c and 84c each.

Ladies' Fleeced Vests and Drawers, only 25c each.

Ladies' Union Vests and Drawers, 50c each.

Special line Ladies' Pure Silk Vests, sleeveless and short sleeves, in shades of fawn, black, pink and cream, were $1.25, to clear 63c each.

Ladies' $3.00 Walking Skirts for $1.99

Special selection of only 18 Ladies' Walking Skirts, in colors of navy and oxford, go on sale Satuday morning at a bargain. Regular price of these Up-to-Date Skirts is $3.00. On sale Saturday for..... $1.99

Glove Specials.

Ladies' Black Kid Gloves, in 5¾ and 6, for 25c.

Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, in beaver, tan, gray and white, 69c.

Ladies' 2-clasp Cashmere Gloves, silk lined, black and gray, 30c.

New Prints.

Best selection of New Prints now on sale at popular prices.



Gents' Furnishings.

Boys' 45c Heavy Shirts, in colors of blue and gray, on sale Saturday for 32c.

65c Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers, heavy weight, Saturday for 48c.

Travelers' samples of Men's Undershirts at half price.

$1.50 Cardigan Jackets for $1.00

50 Way's Mufflers, striped, all wool, on sale Saturday 29c.

"What We Advertise Is So."

KINGSMILL'S
DRY GOODS STORES,
130 DUNDAS AND 131 CARLING STREET.
LARGEST CARPET HOUSE IN CANADA
CARPET HOUSE 128 AND 130 CARLING STREET

Specials for Saturday Only.

172, 174 BAYLEY'S DUNDAS ST.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR SPECIALS

Tomorrow we put on sale some real good things in Hosiery and Underwear. Have you a need?

Ladies' Heavy Plain Cashmere Hose, fashioned, very special, worth 35c, for 25c
Boys' and Girls' Heavy Bright Worsted Hose, all sizes, worth 40c, for .. 25c
Ladies' Fine Rib Vest (drawers to match), worth 35c, for 25c
Heavy Rib Vests, very special, worth 50c, for 35c

GREAT UNDERSKIRT SALE, still in progress. Have you seen the magnificent bargains? It will pay you.

BAYLEY'S

DUKE VLADIMIR "THE BUTCHER"

Russia's Man of Iron Who Herded Helpless Strikers to the Slaughter.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. — Above all other figures in the great tragedy in the streets of St. Petersburg stands the Grand Duke Vladimir, uncle of the Czar, head of the Russian army.

"Vladimir, the Butcher" he is called now; a man of steel, heartless and indomitable in his overbearing character. Vladimir it was who ordered the police to stand aside and watch the progress of the revolution; to make no move to arrest any of the principals. This was done in order that the strikers might be shepherded into the streets of St. Petersburg and there slaughtered in the shambles.

This was to be the blow that was to break the courage of the rioters. It was to be made as cruel as possible, as great in carnage as could be, in order that there never would be another uprising of this character.

The Grand Duke Vladimir was the man who prepared this stroke. He is as unlike the weak and faltering Czar as can be imagined. He has no doubts as to what is to be done, or how it is to be done.

The characteristics of Vladimir have been explained strikingly by J. A. Fowler, of Fowler, Wells & Co., phrenologists, who have written this detailed description of the Grand Duke's mental traits:

"Vladimir, uncle of the Czar, and head of the Russian army, possesses a strong, bold, vindictive, courageous, stern and crafty disposition, and as a matter of comparison he differs greatly from the Czar. He is a past master in tactics for securing his own end.

"The top of the head shows a strong development of firmness, giving will power, determination of mind and inclination to carry everything before him. The width of the head at the base indicates that he is a man of force of character, of energy of purpose, and of executive ability.

"He is not a man to be pacified, nor to pacify others. All the developments around the base of the skull indicate force, pluck, resourcefulness and diplomacy. The organ of secretiveness is especially large. His sense of justice is under the control of his other faculties. Thus he would be able to reason himself into the belief that any expedient plan was justifiable.

"He is an autocrat of the highest type. There is no sympathy, tenderness or generosity expressed by the contour of his head or the expression of his face. The eyes are cold and heartless. The sternness of the will is here seen to the fullest extent. There are no rays of geniality, comradeship or friendliness. He is the Napoleon of Russia, but he has not the greatness of Wellington, nor the honorableness of a Washington.

"The nose, from its length and width, indicates that he is a man of executive business capacity, and the slight rise in the upper portion indicates a warlike disposition and the courage of the old Romanoffs, with something of the personality of Peter the Great.

"The mouth indicates a selfish tendency of character. The jealous under lip, which is curved outward, is to be found in those characters engaged in intrigue and sometimes in schemes of hatred and revenge.

"The chin is the strongest type that could complete a face representing a strong iron will. It is square and firmly set, and long and broad enough to indicate a hardness of mind and lack of affection."

HOLLOWAY'S CORN CURE is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of 25 cents.

They have a queer way of holding auctions in Japan, and these affairs are entirely without noise. The auctioneer puts up the object to be sold and asks for bids on it. Each bidder then writes his highest price on a bid and deposits it in a box. The box is opened and the object given to the one who has offered the most for it.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Fac-Simile of Wrapper. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THIS TOT BORN IN A PRISON

Frightened When Taken Into the Open Air—Her Mother Condemned Murderess.

New York, Jan. 27. — Alma Greason will be 4 next July. She has never been outside of jail walls. The other day they took her to the front door of the Berks County Prison.

She looked up into the blue sky, then at the trees, the birds, the flowers, the horses and carriages and the street cars. Then she ran back into the prison, crying that she was afraid, and never wanted to go out again. It was her first sight of the outside world.

Her mother, Kate Edwards, is to be hanged on Feb. 16 next. So is her reputed father, Samuel Greason. They were convicted of murdering John Edwards, the woman's husband.

The woman is white, Greason is colored. Their wretched story has just one feature to make it different from other stories of degradation and brutality.

Edwards, a farm laborer and quarryman, given to drink, suspected his wife. He threatened her with death if the child she was soon to bear should prove to be colored.

For months the woman lived in terror of this threat. She wrote appeals to be taken away from her husband's wrath. Then, on the night of July 3, 1901, Edwards' skull was crushed with a hammer while he lay in a drunken sleep and his body was thrown into a cistern.

The wife and Greason were arrested. A week later Alma was born in jail. She is a mulatto.

The woman and Greason were found guilty of murder in the first degree. After a struggle of four years in the courts, in the State Legislature and in the board of pardons, both are to hang next month.

All these years Alma has been in prison. What kind of child should she be, with such parentage and such bringing up?

The other evening some visitors were in the jail parlor and Alma was brought in by one of the under keepers. The child is the pet of the prison. She was dressed in white nun's veiling and her skirts were trimmed with lace.

She was conspicuously neat and looked for all the world like a large mulatto doll. Her hair, like her mother's, is raven black, and falls in straight black curls, about six inches long. The longest curl was fastened with a white ribbon bow at the top of her head.

Her face is large, and when she laughs two dimples are in her cheeks. Her eyes are large, dark and lustrous. Her white teeth stand apart. She is plump, quick, active, restless and pert.

The first impression of the child is very pleasing, but she is ever restless, never still. Her mind is as active as her body and limbs. She is full of order. Not a chair in the room is allowed to be out of place when she is around, nor a bit of paper to lie on the floor.

The next characteristic is her quick change of mood. One moment she may appear pleased and kindly disposed, and the next she will playfully strike at a friend with just a shade of malice or passion and then run away. She is given to this half passionate tapping of any one she knows and then running away.

The upper half of her face is the exact picture of her reputed father. Her firm, promient chin belongs to her mother.

The other evening the death warrant was read to Kate Edwards. The woman wailed in her agony of despair, and wept far into the night. As usual, Alma was with her. The child told her visitors how her mother had cried.

"And did you cry, too, Alma?"

"Yes, I dit," she answered, for she speaks in the broad Pennsylvania German-English.

"Did you cry because you had a pain, Alma?"

"Yes, it dit hurt me, here," she answered, placing her little hand over her heart.

Of course, Alma knows nothing of the tragedy before her birth, neither does she know that her parents are to die on the scaffold together. In a few days she will be taken away from the prison for the first time and put in a home far from the place of her birth. It is planned that she shall grow up among those who know little, if anything, of her past.

Occasionally Alma toddles out from her mother's cell and over to the grating of Greason's cell door and peers in, but does not know him as her father. Mrs. Edwards and Greason have not seen each other for nearly three years, since they stood up together and were sentenced to death by Judge Ermentrout, April 26, 1902.

For a child born under the foregoing conditions, those who know say that Alma Greason is certainly remarkable. She has reasoning power far beyond her years. She is in most excellent health. Her nervous temperament, her occasional resentful moods and her seemingly resistless desire to strike at people, apparently without intention to do harm, all point, perhaps, to the circumstances under which she was born.

Balfour's Policy.

London, Jan. 26.—Premier Balfour, speaking at Manchester tonight, reviewed his previous speeches on the fiscal question, in order, he said, that there might be no room for doubt on his attitude, which had remained the same throughout.

Mr. Balfour dismissed the rumors of dissolution of Parliament, with saying that so long as the party of which he is temporarily the leader showed confidence in him, he had to carry on the work to the best of his ability.

Big Fire at Havana.

Havana, Jan. 27. — The Gomez building, a one-story structure, occupying a square facing Central Park, and containing 30 shops and cafes, was gutted by fire today. Loss is above $100,000.

TEN MEN WILL POSSESS THE U. S.

Lawson Says It Is But Matter of Few Years.

AMERICANS ARE LEGAL SLAVES

Asserts That the "System" Is Worse Than the Lottery, Latter Being Played on the Square.

New York, Jan. 27. — "It is only a matter of simple mathematics to ascertain the day, and that only a few years away, when ten men will be as absolutely and completely the owners of the entire United States and all there is of value in it as John D. Rockefeller today is the absolute legal owner of a large section of it. When that day is here, the people legally will be the slaves of these ten men."

This is the keynote of Thomas W. Lawson's latest attack on the Wall street "system," published in the current issue of Everybody's Magazine. The article is "The Story of Amalgamated." It is merely the introductory chapter—prefaced by a review of the financial events of the last month.

Mr. Lawson refers to his advertised warning to Amalgamated stockholders, which was followed by a break in the market, and says the promoters attempted to recoup their losses by again unloading on the public the stock which they had been forced to buy at top-notch prices. He reprints Colonel W. C. Green's letter, threatening to annihilate the Boston financier, and declares that Greene, speaking for the "System," failed to answer any of his charges.

"I simply republish is vituperation," says Mr. Lawson "to show how the 'System' goes about silencing those who dare protest against its villainous methods. It has inaugurated a war of mud-slinging and vilification, which is directed by the New York Commercial, Henry H. Rogers' own paper, which printed the mean statement that I was crazy.

"I have not space here to reproduce these several mud broadcasts, which really are more valuable as evidence of the doddering imbecility and fatuous weakness of the so-called great men of finance than interesting or informative. Since my personality is the issue, I propose to give my readers some testimony of a different character, gathered by experts in the heat of battle."

Mr. Lawson presents a comparison between the Wall street financiers of today and the Louisiana Lottery of years ago. The methods of both are bad, he says, but the lottery suffers none by the comparison. He says:

"In the height of its prosperity the Louisiana Lottery only took from the people a paltry ten or twenty million dollars a year, while today there are single groups of banks, trust companies, corporations, and trusts which take from the people by might, by trick, and by theft hundreds of millions each year, and there are scores of such groups.

"The sugar trust has been the instrument of gathering, in one year, a hundred millions of the people's savings, and the steel trust, alone, has robbed the people of more than five hundred millions of dollars in a single twelve months.

"On certain days the Louisiana Lottery sold its tickets, which the people bought with their savings. On a certain day the drawing took place, at which all those who had parted with their dollars expected to receive them back, together with immense profits, and upon that day disappointment was spread broadcast among the many and unhealthy joy among the few. So with the 'System.' On certain days the public is sold their stock, bond and insurance policy tickets. Upon other days they look for their savings and profits. On the contrary they learn that these have decreased in value or have been wiped out.

"Between the two the difference is in favor of the Louisiana Lottery for both are gambles and the lottery game was square. Those who ran it had for their trouble a fixed percentage of the profits, an enormous percentage, it is true, but the general fund was never encroached upon by the controllers. Who is to say what percentage the votaries of the 'System' take in their game? It depends on how much their victims have to lose.

"A few millions each year satisfied the lottery owners; the votaries of the 'System,' among whom the 'swag' must be divided, demand millions upon millions each. The tickets of the lottery had a definite value at all times until the drawing took place. The stocks and bonds of the 'System' have no rigid or unalterable value when issued or at any other time, and do not represent a fixed ownership in all the savings of the people which have been paid for them.

"Morally, legally, or ethically, the Louisiana Lottery, with all its attendant curses, was a far better institution for the people to bump up against every month than is the 'System' against which the whole people are now directly or indirectly dealing every working day of the year."

Mr. Lawson devotes one chapter to the trusts by which, he says, the people are surrounded today. "The head of our nation," he says, "is talking of regulating the trusts, when, as a matter of fact, a 'trust' is top, sides, bottom, outsides and insides, an absolutely illegal institution, created outside the law, existing outside the law, and having for its purpose the performance of those things, and only those things, which the law says cannot be performed legally.

"Imagine our lawmakers gravely meeting to make laws for the control and regulation of the pickpocket or burglar or counterfeiting industry, or endeavoring to prescribe legally the times, places and amounts of national bank defalcations, or the kind of ink, paper and pens which must be used by forgers in the pursuit of their profession—imagine it."

Special Notice.

Cushions! Cushions! Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each. Goose feather pillows, mattresses, springs, beds, brass and iron beds from $3 each. Bedroom suites, sideboards, spring couches, fancy chairs, rockers, children's tables, at Hunt & Sons, Mattress and Feather Pillow Manufacturers, 593 Richmond street north. 'Phone 997.

THE FLAGGING ENERGIES REVIVED.—Constant application to business is a tax upon the energies, and if there be not relaxation, lassitude and depression are sure to intervene. These come from stomachic troubles. The want of exercise brings on nervous irregularities, and the stomach ceases to assimilate food properly. In this condition Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a recuperative of rare power, restoring the organs to healthful action, dispelling depression and reviving the flagging energies.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

GRIM PT. ARTHUR WON BY HEROISM

Whole Regiment of Japanese Wiped Out.

FORTS MODELS OF DEFENSE

Col. Edward Emerson Describes the Big Battlements That Surmount Hills.

Tokio, Jan. 27.—To capture Port Arthur has cost Japan more in blood and money than the whole war with China, which first brought the place under Japanese influence.

In the first general assault, before the Japanese surprise attack of July 30, General Nogi's losses are admitted to have been more than 10,000. In one night attack on a single fort on Shahku Mountain the Japanese casualties were 1,400.

In the ineffectual general assault from Aug. 19 to 24, supported by no fewer than 400 big guns, the Japanese lost 10,000 men. One regiment alone lost 2,500, leaving only six officers and 200 men after the fight.

To these and many more casualties from actual fighting must be added losses from disease. From July to September the hospital records showed 16,000 cases of beri-beri.

The most fearful losses for both sides resulted from the long prolonged fight for the famous signaling position on 203-Meter Hill. When the first direct assault on this position was attempted Sept. 20 almost an entire Japanese regiment, the second of the line, was wiped out.

Among the outlying hills of Port Arthur two now bear the name of Japanese regiments which practically were annihilated while attempting to storm them—Takayama and Okasaka Hill—both names of localities in Japan from which these regiments had been recrufted. Okasaka is the municipal district of Tokio in which the American legation stands.

Some idea of the severity of the fighting around these hills can be gained from the fact that they were the scene of the only flagrant instance of disobedience and flunking by Japanese soldiers which ever came to my knowledge. The story, as it was told me by a young officer before Port Arthur when his tongue had been unloosened by sake, was this:

A regiment of reserves was ordered to take the place of a regiment that had been cut to pieces while attempting to rush a fort under a fierce machine fire. The order to renew the attack meant certain death.

Seeing the hesitation of his men, the colonel appealed to their devotion to the Emperor and their country, ordered the colors forward and gave the order for the bugler to sound the assault. Not a man stirred. The colonel in desperation made another impassioned speech, appealing to their sense of honor and their courage as soldiers. Waving his sword, he shouted:

"I lead you on and if you don't come I will go alone."

The colonel rushed forward, followed by his adjutant. Both officers fell, riddled with bullets. All the officers of the regiment, headed by the major, made a final passionate appeal to the men to do their duty, then rushed forward in a body, with the men still hanging back. Two-thirds of the officers were stretched on the ground by bullets.

At last, when some of the surviving officers crept back weeping with rage and humiliation, the men suddenly pulled themselves together and made a rush forward, led by a few subalterns. They were swiftly driven back by a deadly hail of the Russian machine fire, leaving several hundred dead and wounded, and could not be induced to advance again. In truth, the Russian defense at this point was too strong for human flesh.

After this fight the Russian officers who participated in it told me in Port Arthur that it had been the worst fight of the siege. Their men, they said, had been forced to grapple with the Japanese in hand-to-hand conflict, bayoneting, clubbing their muskets, hurling hand grenades and stones before the assailants could be forced down.

One officer's eye was torn out by a Japanese soldier, who attempted to strangle him. Another, while rolling over and over in fierce embrace with a Japanese whom he already had run through with his sword, was bitten in the face so as to be disfigured for life.

These scenes I learned later were repeated with four-fold ferocity during the final Japanese assault on 203-Meter Hill, which resulted in its capture early in December. Then the great strength of the fortifications was revealed more than ever before.

Almost as strong as the huge guns were the powerful searchlights played from high positions, together with star lights and rockets, that effectually interfered with most of the Japanese night attacks. During these night attacks the Russians' covered positions were mostly in total darkness, while the Japanese had to move out into the open with blinding searchlights in their eyes and bursting starlights in their rear, uncovering the positions of the machine guns attempting to support them.

When I was in Port Arthur in September and October big shells from Nogi's siege guns constantly were dropping into the harbor and into the crowded portions of the old and new city. The mere fact that the Russians could reply only at half-hour intervals to the Japanese fire from the big guns becoming every five or ten minutes was sufficiently ominous.

I was not surprised when a Russian staff officer told me General Stoessel's chief dread was that he soon would be reduced to no ammunition. Already I noticed they were short of ammunition for their six-inch guns.

In the outer fortifications the living lay buried in trenches and the dead lay unburied on the plain. Even in the best defended positions it looked as if the Japanese might get in at any moment. They had gained some points which the Russians had firmly believed impregnable.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove ON EVERY BOX, 25c.

California Excursions.

The Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern Line runs through first-class Pullman and Tourist sleeping-cars to points in California. Personally conducted excursions from Chicago, every week. Lowest rates. Choice of routes. Finest scenery. Special attention given to family parties. For maps, illustrated folders and rates, address B. H. Bennett, general agent, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. 101 v

Coughs, colds, hoarseness and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets. Ten cents per box. All druggists.

GRAY & PARKER Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money Phone 1182

ALL ODDS AND ENDS MUST GO.

Make the most of these offerings—take time by the forelock—come early—get you friends out early. Prices for Friday and Saturday almost reach the ridiculous point—they will tempt you, and if you buy you will have more and better value for your money than you can possibly secure elsewhere.

Soiled Whitewear at Special Bargain Prices.

LADIES' FINE WHITE CAMBRIC GOWNS, SOILED, ODDS AND ENDS SALE.
Worth 98c, for 69c
Worth 85c, for 58c
Worth $1.25, for 97c

LADIES' FINE CAMBRIC SKIRTS, SOILED, ODDS AND ENDS SALE.
Worth $1.25, for 98c
Worth $1.00, for 79c
Worth 98c, for 63c

HEMSTITCHED RIBBONS. For Ladies' New Style Ties, pink, sky, reseda, black, navy. Special, per yard... ..... 25c

GLOVES. LADIES' WINTER GLOVES 25c for 20c.

HOSIERY—Boy' Worsted Hose. 8 dozen only, Ribbed Black Worsted Hose, sizes 6 to 10, and worth to 40c. Odds and Ends Sale, at per pair. 25c

1905—Advance Showing Ladies' Dainty Silk Blouses—1905

The most dainty styles of Japanese Silk Waists, made with tucks, hemstitched, box plaited, have leg-o'-mutton sleeves and fancy stock collars, very dainty styles. These waists are plain colors, ivory, brown and black of the most effective styles shown for spring. See special display Saturday and Saturday night. Waists put up in white boxes, at..... $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50

GRAY & PARKER, 150 DUNDAS AND CARLING.

RECAPITULATION OF MAJORITIES

Returns in Details From the Elgins, Kents, Essexs, Middlesex North and Others

Kent West (Majorities.)

	McColg.	Clancy.
Chatham City	136	..
Raleigh	21	..
Tilbury East	117	..
Romney	49	..
Tilbury Center	23	..
Chatham Township	..	104
Dover	..	81
Wallaceburg	8	..
Totals	354	185

Majority for McColg (Liberal), 169.

Toronto's Largest.

Toronto, Jan. 27. — The majorities for the Conservative candidates in the city of Toronto were the largest in its history. Despite the fact that the return of the four gentlemen was known to be a certainty, the people went to the polls in large numbers. The returns are:

Toronto North.	
Nesbitt (Conservative)	5,163
Blain (Liberal)	3,760
Simpson (Socialist)	211

Nesbitt's majority, 1,403.

Toronto West.	
Crawford (Conservative)	4,894
Hunter (Independent Liberal)	1,724
Peel (Socialist)	199
Galbraith (Prohibition)	154
Noble (Indepenent)	26

Crawford's majority, 3,170.

Toronto South.	
Foy (Conservative)	5,376
Hunter (Liberal)	2,320
Thompson (Socialist)	169

Foy's majority, 3,056.

Toronto East.	
Pyne (Conservative)	3,567
Edmonds (Liberal)	1,198
Gribbell (Socialist)	184

Pyne's majority, 2,369.

Perth North (Majorities.)

The summary of the vote in Perth North so far as can be learned is as follows:

	Torrance.	Brown.
Stratford	106	..
North Easthope	..	290
Ellice	81	..
Elma	165	..
Mornington	5	..
Listowel	72	..
Milverton	15	..
Wallace	150	..
Totals	594	290

Majority for Torrance (Conservative), 304.

Elgin East (Majorities.)

	Sinclair.	Brower.
Yarmouth	..	27
Malahide	3	..
Bayham	..	109
South Dorchester	..	13
Aylmer	51	..
Port Stanley	..	29
Springfield	5	..
Vienna	7	..
Totals	66	178

Majority for Brower (Conservative), 112.

Hamilton by Wards.

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 26. — Following is the recapitulation of the wards:

	Carscallen.	Griffin.
Ward 1	529	489
Ward 2	392	379
Ward 6	1,106	990
Ward 7	1,187	888
Totals	3,214	2,698

Majority for Carscallen, 528.

	Hendrie.	Kerr.
Ward 8	396	285
Ward 3	1,062	742
Ward 4	995	879
Ward 5	726	787
Totals	3,089	2,666

Hendrie's majority, 423.

North Middlesex (Majorities.)

	Hodgins.	Taylor.
Parkhill	48	..
Lucan	101	..
Biddulph	222	..
McGillivray	67	..
Ailsa Craig	..	11
West Williams	..	13
East Williams	..	90
Lobo	..	223
Adelaide	..	18
Totals	438	355

Majority for Hodgins, 83.

Essex South (Majorities.)

	Auld.	Anderson.
Amherstburg	147	..
Colchester South	66	..
Malden	15	..
Essex	5	..
Kingsville	..	15
Leamington	..	72
Tilbury North	100	..
Gosfield North—		
Subdivision 1	..	19
Subdivision 2	..	12
Gosfield South—		
Subdivision 2	72	51
Subdivision 3	..	17
Mersea—		
Subdivision 1	..	4
Subdivision 2	..	48
Subdivision 4	35	..
Totals	226	105

Majority for Auld (Liberal), 214 (estimated).

Essex North (Majorities.)

	Girardot.	Reaume.
Windsor	..	484
Sandwich Town	91	..
Anderdon	..	38
Belle River	37	..
Maidstone	..	33
Rochester	35	..
Sandwich South	25	..
Sandwich West	..	34
Sandwich East	..	154
Walkerville	..	220
Totals	188	965

Majority for Reaume (Conservative), 777.

Elgin West (Majorities.)

	Macdiarmid.	Stalker.
St. Thomas	529	..
Aldboro	91	..
Southwold	38	..
Dunwich	..	178
Dutton	..	4
Totals	658	182

Majority for Macdiarmid (Conservative), 476.

The returns from West Midlesex are not complete, but an estimate is made that Mr. Stewart will not lead Mr. Ross by more than 58 in Metcalfe township, in which event the ex-Premier will have a majority of 120. The majorities:

In West Middlesex.

	Ross.	Stewart.
Caradoc	126	..
Strathroy	19	..
Newbury	1	..
Ekfrid	50	..
Mosa	30	..
Metcalfe	..	58
Glencoe	..	25
Wardsville	..	8
Delaware	..	15
Totals	226	106

Majority for Ross, 120.

They act like Exercise. Cascarets -for the Bowels Ten Cents 650 All Druggists

THE J.C. McLAREN BELTING CO. OAK EXTRA TANNED ESTD 1856

BELTING THE GRADE TO BUY

MONTREAL AND TORONTO

Sold by A. Westman, 121 Dundas st.

BIRTHRATE AWAY DOWN

Roosevelt Deplores Lack of Children and Avoidance of Marital Ties.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Right Rev. W. C. Doane, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Albany, and a committee of the interchurch conference on marriage and divorce, called on the President today to confer with him as to some of the results of their deliberations. Bishop Doane, speaking for the committee, delivered a brief address to President Roosevelt, who in the course of his reply said: "Questions like the tariff and the currency are of literally no consequence whatever compared with the vital question of having the units of our social life, the home, preserved. It is impossible to overstate the importance of the cause you represent. If the average husband and wife fulfill their duties toward one another and toward their children, as Christianity teaches them, then we may rest absolutely assured that the other problems will solve themselves; but if we have solved every other problem in the wisest possible way, it shall profit us nothing if we have lost our own national soul, and we will have to insist that we have the question of the relations of the family put upon the proper basis. While I do not know exactly what it is that you wish me to do, I can say in advance that so far as in me lies, all will be done to co-operate with you toward the end that you have in view. One of the most unpleasant and dangerous features of our American life is the diminishing birthrate and the loosening of the marital tie among the old native American families. It goes without saying that for the race as for the individual, no material prosperity, no business growth, no artistic or scientific development will count if the race commits suicide. Therefore, bishop, I count myself fortunate in having the chance to work with you in this cause for the national welfare."

THERE IS ONLY ONE ECLECTRIC OIL.—When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular, imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their own merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil have been numerous, but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off with a substitute, but demand the real thing.

The Sick Prince.

Potsdam, Prussia, Jan. 27.—The physicians of Prince Eitel Friederich issued the following bulletin at 9 a.m: "The prince was disturbed during the first half of the night by high fever an drecurring coughing. This morning his skin is somewhat moist. Temperature 102¾, pulse 112, respiration 28. The inflammation has extended to part of the upper lobe of the left lung. The prince takes somewhat more nourishment."

A cough medicine over sixty years old

This must mean merit, solid, genuine merit. It certainly must be true that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, asthma. Ask your own doctor to explain why it strengthens weak throats and heals inflamed lungs. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ASK FOR Labatt's PORTER (LONDON)

Proved to be the best by analysis of four chemists, and by awards of the world's great exhibitions, especially *Chicago 1893*, where it received ninety-six points out of a possible hundred, much higher than any other porter in the United States or Canada.

F. H. BUTLER, STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margins. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.



THE CANADIAN PACKING CO. LONDON

AND BEEF FLUID

Lead All Other Brands

LATEST MARKETS

LOCAL MARKETS.

London, Friday, Jan. 27.

Business was brisk for what was offered at the market today.

There were 30 loads of hay offered; sales were brisk, as there were only a few loads sold on the previous two days of this week; prices ruled higher, at $8 50 and $8 75 per ton for choice and $7 75 to $8 per ton for inferior hay.

Several loads of straw sold at $6 per ton.

Oats were in good demand; there were only 4 loads offered, and sales were made at $1 to $1 01 per cwt; there will be a good demand for oats at Saturday's market.

STOCK MARKETS.

H. C. Becher, stock broker, Bank of Commerce building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today:

New York, Jan. 27.—Noon.—There has been an increase in commission business, but none in the pressure to sell in today's market. Transactions in Erie have reached large volume, and there is thought to be steady absorption of it by banking house interests, but above 43 the supply has been very large. American Locomotive enjoyed an advance, the buying being based upon the recent purchase of the Rogers Locomotive Company, by which the most important competitor of the American Locomotive Company has been absorbed. The movement in Illinois Central was caused by buying by brokers representing important interests. Union Pacific was sympathetically strong, Northern Securities advancing to the highest point on record on the curb. Predictions are made that there will be a sharp upward movement in Steel, preferred, between now and Tuesday, the day on which the statement of the corporation is to be published. Sales to noon, 502,400.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 27.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	133	132⅝
Canadian Pacific, new	130	129
Montreal Street Railway	213	212½
West India	65	45
Toronto Street Railway	104¼	104⅛
Halifax Street Railway	107	106¼
Twin City Transit	106¼	105½
Richelieu & Ontario	63	61
Montreal Telegraph	163	160
Bell Telephone	160	159
Dominion Steel, com	18½	17¾
Dominion Steel, pfd	64	62¾
Montreal Power	79¼	79
Nova Scotia Steel, com	65	64
Detroit Railway	76¾	76¼
Laurentide Pulp	102½	101½
Montreal Cotton	101	..
Montreal Railway, new	213	211
Mackay, com	38	37¼
Montreal Railway, bonds	104½	103
Dominion Coal, com	60½	60
International Coal	..	75
Winnipeg Railway, bonds	105	104¾
Soo, com	98½	98¼
Bank of Montreal	258	254
Bank British N. America	..	130
Molsons Bank	225	223
Bank of Toronto	..	230
Merchants' Bank	..	169
Ogilvie Flour, com	133	130
L. W. M. Co., bonds	..	110
Royal Bank	225	211
Union Bank	..	140
Bank of Commerce	..	158½
Hochelaga Bank	134	133
Dominion Steel	82	81
Heat and Light, bonds	101	99
Toledo Railway	23⅛	22¾

SALES: C. P. R., 50 at 133⅛, 50 at 133; Power, 50 at 79¼, 10 at 79⅛, 53 at 79; Toronto Railway, 10 at 104, 50 at 104⅛, 5 at 104; Soo, common, 50 at 98, 50 at 98¼, 125 at 98½, 100 at 98, 100 at 98¼, 300 at 98⅞, 425 at 99, 25 at 98½; Sao Paulo, 25 at 116⅜, 25 at 116¼, 25 at 116¼, 25 at 116; Iron, common, 215 at 18; Montreal Railway, 250 at 212½; Detroit Railway, 25 at 76¾, 5 at 77, 75 at 76½; Iron, preferred, 2 at 62, 5 at 63, 50 at 63¼, 10 at 63; Halifax Railway, 19 at 106, 6 at 107; Switch, common, 12 at 70; Switch preferred, 18 at 101; Ogilvie, preferred, 1 at 130; Canadian General Electric, 25 at 169⅝; Bell Telephone, 1 at 160, 2 at 159½; Bank of Commerce, 8 at 159; Bank of Montreal, 9 at 255; Iron, bonds, 4,000 at 81½, 1,000 at 81; Winnipeg Railway, bonds, 1,000 at 105.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 27.

	Ask.	Off.
Ontario Bank	135⅞	135½
Bank of Toronto	238	..
Bank of Commerce	..	158¾
Imperial Bank	239	235
Dominion Bank	251	248¾
Bank of Hamilton	218½	218
Bank of Nova Scotia	271	..
Ottawa Bank	220	215
Traders' Bank	..	132½
Imperial Life	..	149
Consumers' Gas	211	210
Ont. & Qu'Appelle Land	..	100
C. N. W. Land, pfd	..	99
C. P. R. stock	133¼	132¾
C. P. R., new	130	128
Soo, com	98⅞	87½
Toronto Electric Light	152	150½
Canadian General Electric	169⅝	169
Dominion Telegraph	..	120
Bell Telephone	160	158
Toronto Railway	..	104¼
Twin City Railway	106	105¾
Winnipeg Street Railway	142	139¼
Sao Paulo Tramway	116¾	116⅜
Dominion Steel, com	18	..
Dominion Coal, com	..	59½
Nova Scotia Steel, com	64¾	64
Crow's Nest Coal	350	..
Mackay, com	38	37¼
Mackay, pfd	74	73¾
Salt	114	109½
British Canadian L. & I.	95	90
Canada Landed	..	100
Canada Permanent	122½	122
Canadian Savings & Loan	..	120
Central Canada Loan	..	170
Dominion S. & I.	..	70
Hamilton Provident	..	119
Huron & Erie L. & S.	..	185
Landed Banking & Loan	..	119
London & Canada L. & A.	..	98½
Manitoba Loan	..	95
Ontario Loan & Debenture	..	120
Toronto Savings & Loan	..	130
Dominion Steel, bonds	82	80½

SALES: Ontario Bank, 33 1-3 at 135½, 20 at 135⅞; Bank of Commerce, 5 at 159, 218 at 159; Imperial Bank, 25 at 235; Dominion Bank, 20 at 248¾, 314 at 249; Canadian General Electric, 25 at 169, 25 at 169⅝; C. P. R., 100 at 133¼; Nova Scotia Steel, preferred, 10 at 110; Toronto Electric Light, 37 at 151; Sao Paulo, 100 at 116¾, 75 at 117, 25 at 116½, 100 at 116¾, 25 at 116¾, 2 at 116½, 150 at 116⅞, 150 at 116⅝, 15 at 116⅞, 10 at 116¾, 25 at 116⅝, 25 at 116½, 10 at 116⅝, 25 at 116⅝, 25 at 116¼, 15 at 116¼, 25 at 116¼, 100 at 116⅜, 100 at 116¼, 2 at 116⅜, 2 at 116⅜, 2 at 116½, 25 at 116⅜; Dominion Steel, 5 at 117⅛, 5 at 117½; Twin City, 100 at 106, 25 at 106⅛, 10 at 105⅞, 10 at 106, 15 at 106; Mackay, common, 75 at 38, 20 at 37¾; Mackay, preferred, 25 at 74, 145 at 73¾, 50 at 73¾; R. and O., 25 at 62¼; Niagara Navigation, 10 at 112½.

NEW YORK.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

New York, Jan. 27.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Amal. Copper	73	73¼	72¼	72⅞
American Sugar	141¾	141¾	141	141
Amer. Locomotive	35½	37⅛	35½	36⅞
American Foundry	33	34½	32½	34¼
American Refining	85¾	85¾	85	85
Atchison, com	87⅝	88	87¼	87½
Atchison, pfd	100⅞	..	..	..
Baltimore & Ohio	102	102¾	101¾	102
Brooklyn Transit	61⅜	61½	60½	60⅝
C. P. R.	132⅞	133⅛	132¾	133⅛
Ches. & Ohio	48½	48½	48⅛	48¼
Chicago G. Western	22⅞	23	22⅞	22⅞
Col. Fuel & Iron	45	45⅞	45	45½
Consolidated Gas	202½	203	202	202

C. N. SPENCER. Stock Broker

Correspondents the O'Dell Stock and Grain Company (established 1895). Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margins. 'Phone 180. Office, Market Lane.

Delaware & Hudson	182½	183	182½	183
Erie	43	43¼	43	43
Erie, pfd	80⅝	81¼	80¾	80¾
Illinois Central	156½	158	156½	157⅞
Kan. & Tex., com	32¼	32¼	32	32
Kan. & Tex., pfd	65⅝	65¾	65	65¾
Louisville & Nash	137	137½	136¾	136¾
Manhattan	170¼	..	..	..
Metropolitan St. Ry.	116¼	116⅝	116¼	116¼
Mexican Central	22⅞	23	22½	22½
Missouri Pacific	106¼	106⅝	106¼	106½
N. Y. Central	144	145⅜	144	144½
Norfolk & Western	78⅞	79⅜	78⅞	79
Ontario & Western	44⅞	45	44⅝	44⅝
Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	43½	44½	43½	44
Pennsylvania	136¾	137	136⅝	136⅝
People's Gas	107¼	107⅝	106⅝	106¾
Reading	87¾	88¼	87½	87⅞
Republic I. & S.	15⅞	16	15⅞	16
Rock Island	36	36	35⅝	35⅝
Southern Railway	34⅜	34½	34	34¼
Southern Ry., pfd	97	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	67	67⅛	66½	66⅝
St. Paul	174¾	175⅛	174¼	174⅝
Texas	34¼	34¾	34⅛	34¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	70⅝	70¾	70½	70½
Union Pacific	119	119⅝	118⅜	118⅞
U. S. Leather	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13⅞
U. S. Leather, pfd	102	102	101⅞	102
U. S. Rubber	36¼	36¾	36¼	36¾
U. S. Steel	30	30¼	29¾	30
U. S. Steel, pfd	94⅛	94⅜	93¾	93¾
Wabash, com	22	22	21¾	21¾
Wabash, pfd	44¼	44½	43½	43½

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, Jan. 27.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	1 16¾	1 16⅞	1 15⅝	1 15¾
July	98⅞	99	98⅝	98⅝
Corn—				
May	45¼	45⅜	45¼	45¼
July	45⅝	45¾	45⅝	45¾
Oats—				
May	31	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛
July	31	31⅛	30⅞	30⅞
Pork—				
May	12 95	13 00	12 95	12 95
Lard—				
May	7 02	7 02	7 00	7 02
July	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 12
Short Ribs—				
May	6 87	6 90	6 87	6 85
July	7 00	....	....	7 00

N. S. WILLIAMS, Broker,

113 MASONIC TEMPLE.

Correspondent W. F. DEVER & CO. (established 1890). Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton bought and sold for cash or on margin.

ENGLISH MARKETS

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 1 California, 7s ½d. Futures steady; March, 7s 1⅝d; May, 7s 1d; July, 7s ⅞d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 1d; do, old, 4s 11d. Futures steady; March, 4s 1⅜d; May, 4s 2½d.

Peas—Canadian steady, 5s 9½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 9s 9d.

Hops (in London)—Pacific coast firm, £7 10s to £8 8s.

Beef—Extra India mess steady, 66s 3d.

Pork—Easy; prime mess western, 61s 3d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 41s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, steady, 36s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, steady, 37s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, steady, 37s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, steady, 37s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, steady, 36s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, steady, 35s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 42s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, steady, 32s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, steady, 35s 9d; American refined, in pails, steady, 35s.

Butter—Nominal.

Cheese—American finest white, steady, 52s 6d; do, colored, steady, 51s 6d.

Rosin—Common firm, 7s 4½d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6d.

Linseed Oil—Steady, 15s 6d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 38s 3d.

Tallow—Prime city steady, 23s; Australian (in London) easy, 25s 9d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days were 485,000 centals, including 8,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days were 200,800 centals.

Weather—Dull.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 25.—Oil opened and closed at $1 42.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 25.—Butter—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 4,937 pkgs. Cheese—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 1,615 boxes.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 25.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 19c to 29c; dairies, 18c to 24c. Cheese—Steady to firm, 11c to 12c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—Farmers and drovers were too busily occupied with the elections yesterday to ship their cattle into the market, and as a result receipts this morning at the city yards were exceptionally light. The demand for butcher cattle having improved considerably since Tuesday, the bidding was keen for the very meager offerings, and as a result a much firmer tone developed and prices advanced from 10c to 15c per cwt. On the other hand, there was very little inquiry for small meats, and prices of sheep and lambs were lower. Hogs were unchanged. Receipts were 32 loads, comprising 381 cattle, 342 sheep and lambs, 500 hogs and 31 calves.

Butchers' Cattle—There was an excellent demand for good beeves, and as there were not enough cattle offered to go around, prices advanced, one sale of a picked lot of steers, averaging 1,050 lbs each, being reported at $4 60 per cwt.

Export Cattle—There were very few shipping cattle offered, but the demand was good, and a couple of odd lots were purchased by Mr. Dean at $5 per cwt; this represents a small advance, when compared with Tuesday.

Stockers and Feeders—Trade was rather slow and prices are unchanged.

A few of the day's transactions follow:

W. J. McLellan bought 1 load of 950-lb cattle at $3 40 to $3 60 per cwt.

Zeagman & Sons bought 2 loads of mixed butchers and stockers, 600 to 950 lbs, at $3 to $3 60 per cwt.

A. W. Pringle bought 25 butchers, averaging 900 at 1,100 lbs, at $3 50 to $4 25 per cwt.

W. L. Jifkins bought 34 butchers, 1,050 to 1,200 lbs, at $3 25 to $3 40 per cwt.

H. McRae bought 30 cows, 1,200 lbs, at $3 per cwt.

Corbett & Henderson sold 6 choice steers, 1,150 lbs, at $4 per cwt; 24 butchers, 900 to 980 lbs, at $3 25 to $3 70; 7 cows, 1,050 to 1,300 lbs, at $2 85 to $3 15, and 2 milch cows at $45 each.

Maybee & Wilson sold 4 very choice butchers, averaging 1,050 lbs, at $4 60 per cwt; 40 butchers, 960 to 1,200 lbs, at $3 70 to $4 20, and 9 cows, 1,150 lbs, at $3 25.

Crawford & Hunnisett sold 2 loads of exporters, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs, at $4 40 to $4 55 per cwt; 8 butchers, 1,100 lbs, at $3 35 to $3 60, and a number of export cows, 1,350 lbs, at $3 40 to $3 75.

Harry Murby bought 50 light cattle, 800 to 1,050 lbs, at $3 25 to $3 90 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Jan. 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; moderate demand; steady; prices unchanged. Veals—Receipts, 350 head; active, 25c higher, $4 50 to $9 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 7,800 head; fairly active, 10c lower; heavy, $5 10; mixed, $5 05 to $5 10; Yorkers, $5 to $5 10; pigs, $5 to $5 05; roughs, $4 20 to $4 50; stags, $3 to $3 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000 head; active; native lambs, $6 50 to $7 75; Canada lambs, $7 40 to $7 50; yearlings, $6 50 to $6 75; wethers, $5 75 to $5 85; ewes, $5 to $5 50; sheep, mixed, $2 50 to $5 60.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; market slow; good to prime steers, $5 50 to $6 20; poor to medium, $3 60 to $5 45; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $4 10; cows, $1 25 to $4 25; heifers, $2 00 to $5 10; canners, $1 25 to $2 55; bulls, $2 to $3 90; calves, $2 75 to $7 40.

Hogs—Receipts, 45,000; market 10c lower; mixed and butchers, $4 65 to $4 85; good to choice heavy, $4 80 to $4 90; rough heavy, $4 60 to $4 70; light, $4 65 to $4 75; bulk of sales at $4 70 to $4 80.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; sheep steady to weak, lambs weak to lower; good to choice wethers, $4 90 to $5 55; fair to choice mixed, $4 to $4 80; native lambs, $5 65 to $7 60.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Jan. 26.—Live cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb; refrigerator beef, 9c to 9¼c per lb.; sheep, 12c to 13c per lb.

Economical Baking Powder.

There is every element of economy in buying Strong's Baking Powder. No better powder could be made at any price, and yet we sell it for just half what other good baking powders cost—25c per pound at

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 DUNDAS STREET.

Free to housekeepers on application: Our new Cook Book on the Art of Cooking.

PRODUCE MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—Wheat—Firmer; Ontario, $1 05 for red and white; spring, 97c to 98c; goose, 88c; Manitoba steady; No. 1 northern, $1 09; No. 2, $1 05; No. 3, $1, at Georgian Bay ports, and 6c more grinding in transit. Flour—Quiet; 90 per cent patents, $4 20 to $4 35, in buyers' sacks, west; 15c to 20c higher for choice; Manitoba, $5 40 to $5 60 for first patents, $5 to $5 30 for second patents, and $5 to $5 20 for bakers. Millfeed—Unchanged, at $14 for bran in bulk, and $16 to $16 50 for shorts, east and west; Manitoba, $19 for shorts and $18 for bran for export. Barley, 45c for No. 2, 43c for No. 3 extra, and 41c for No. 3 malting, outside, Toronto freights. Rye, 75c to 76c for No. 2. Corn—New Canadian yellow, 41½c to 42c; mixed, 41c to 41½c, f. o. b., Chatham freights; new American, No. 3 yellow, 51c to 51½c; mixed, 51c, on track at Toronto. Oats—Scarce and higher, at 36c to 36½c for No. 1 white, east, and 35c to 35½c middle freights; No. 2, 35½c to 36c, low freights, and 35c to 36c, north and west. Rolled oats—Hard to get, on account of the scarcity in oats; $3 90 for cars of bags an $4 15 for barrels, on track at Toronto; 25c more for broken lots here and 40c more outside. Peas, 66c to 67c for No. 2. Buckwheat, 52c to 53c west. Butter—The market is fairly active; receipts of dairies are fair; prices unchanged. Eggs—Steady, at 20c for fresh and 18c to 19c for limed.

THE CZAR'S EARLY FALL FORETOLD

A High Russian Official Says Government Is Doomed.

URGES THE ROPE FOR NOBLES

Diplomat Discusses the Crisis Which Makes Romanoff Throne Totter.

Washington, Jan. 27.—"This is revolution, or the beginning of revolution, in my country. My Government will be overthrown. The grand dukes and the men responsible for this awful, this fatal blunder, should be taken out and hanged at once."

These remarks were made to me the other day by a Russian who holds a high official post at Washington. His identity cannot be disclosed. He spoke with remarkable frankness, and the conversation was a most remarkable one. It would create a genuine sensation were I at liberty to give the Russian's name. I am further informed that late last night Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador to Washington, received important dispatches from his Government. On reading them the count was greatly agitated. His face turned white. It was only with the greatest difficulty he could speak. He wrung his hands and walked the floor, muttering imprecations upon those in authority who had, through their criminal blundering, brought this awful woe upon his country.

The Russian with whom I talked held the view that his nation was irretrievably ruined. He said if revolution did not come at once, it would come soon. This was the beginning of the end. He blamed the grand dukes and others in authority about the palace. They had kept the Czar in ignorance of what was going on. They had made the Czar believe his life was in danger and had spirited him away and placed him in hiding. They had given orders to the troops to fire upon the men, women and children, innocent people, who were doing no wrong, who were meditating no crime of destruction, and they had thereby sealed the fate of the empire.

This Russian official, himself an aristocrat and one of the governing class, with all his sympathies on the side of autocracy, and a man of the best information as to the condition of his Government and his country, took the gloomiest possible view of the future. He said the rivers of blood that had flowed in St. Petersburg would in the end, if not speedily, overwhelm the Russian throne. If the Czar's advisers and the palace party had permitted him to meet the deputation of workmen and had restrained the troops from firing upon them, all might have been well. The crisis could have been passed. "The people long ago lost faith in the Government," he said. "Now they have lost faith in the Czar. Every Russian is taught to reverence the Czar. He is not only the head of the state, but the head of the church. He is 'the little father.' Till now they have believed he would do no wrong. The character of the present Czar has helped the people to retain their faith in the throne. The common people believed him to be just and merciful. Now they see that they have been mistaken or that he is so completely dominated by the grand dukes, the reactionaries and the military party that there is no hope."

Sadly, but frankly, the high Russian official went on to speak of the future. He thought his Government, if it survived the shock of current events, would be compelled to make peace on such terms as it could get with Japan. It would be impossible, he said, to carry on an unpopular and unsuccessful foreign war with revolution threatening at home. He pointed out, from his full knowledge, that France now held Russia in her hands. If the French bankers, and people who have invested hundreds of millions in Russian securities, become alarmed, as well they may, and refuse to advance more money and press for repayment of loans already advanced, it will be simply out of the question for Russia to prosecute the war.

My Russian informant thought the disorder in St. Petersburg would quickly extend throughout the empire. He expected to hear of serious rioting in all of the large cities, also, in Poland and Finland. He even went so far as to say that it would be necessary to recall troops from the far east to deal with the situation at home. He feared, also, that the moral effect the news of the massacre would have upon the armies at the front. It will take some time, he said, for Kuropatkin's soldiers to get the news, but when they do get it, and learn that while they are fighting in the field, their brothers, fathers and mothers have been shot down in the streets by order of the Government, no one can tell what the effect will be.

GRAND TRUNK SAID TO BE MAKING SIGNIFICANT MOVE IN LONDON

Company Are Alleged To Be Bonding Bathurst St. Property From Ridout St. East.

It is understood that agents of the Grand Trunk Railway in this city are seeking to bond the property lying south of the company's tracks along the Bathurst street front, from Ridout street east to Wellington street.

This story has renewed the rumors that the Grand Trunk will this year make some very important changes in London, and it is said that the property referred to above, if secured, will be used as yard room by the company in case it is decided (which is now said to be very probable) to build the new depot on the present depot site.

Though nothing of an official nature has passed between the city and the company this year relative to the new depot, it is expected that before many weeks the G. T. R. will lay some important matters before the council. The Clarence street subway, it is expected, will be included in these proposals.

It is also said that the Grand Trunk will this spring raise the level of the Cove bridge by 13 feet 6 inches; that the Wharncliffe road crossing will be converted into a level one, and that the archway over the Wortley road will be raised to a height corresponding to that of the tracks at the Wharncliffe road.

If all this is done it will necessitate the raising of the company's tracks in this city by several feet.

The company is also credited with entertaining the idea of abandoning the present route between London and Hyde Park, and of carrying the railway nearer to the line of the C. P. R. It is said that this plan would be the cheaper in the long run, and would occasion the company no delay in the raising of the roadbed. If it is decided to raise the present tracks, it is understood the company will construct trestles of the proper height, lay the rails upon them and then fill in the road, allowing the trestles to remain in the earth.

600 TREES HAVE BEEN REMOVED!

Work of Park Commissioner Pearce to Beautify City Is Proceeding This Winter

Park Commissioner Pearce reports that he has thus far this season marked for removal 600 trees on the boulevards of London, and by the end of the winter he will have marked about 1,200 trees. Last year 1,600 trees were removed.

Mr. Pearce also states that though the demand for the trees was not active before Christmas, latterly many people have been found who are very anxious to secure them for fuel. Last year very many people objected to having their trees cut down, but this year, having noticed the great benefit occasioned through the removal of superfluous trees, citizens are disposed to depend entirely upon Mr. Pearce's judgment, and but few protests are now heard.

Mr. Pearce intends asking the board of works to purchase about 100 enameled labels, giving the names of the different trees, which he will attach to the trees in Victoria Park, so that people may pass the time away in the park in an intelligent study of forestry. As the labels will cost but about ten cents apiece, it is scarcely likely his request will be refused, the idea being one which commends itself to all lovers of nature.

ALLOWED TO GO

Election Celebrators Let Off Easily—Disorderly Boys Fined.

There was quite an assortment of charges on the police court docket this morning, but none of them were of a serious nature. There were several election celebrators, who were allowed to go, and quite a batch of persons who did not pay their statute labor tax promptly also appeared. Of eight of the latter, four paid, two were granted adjournments and one case was withdrawn. Three young boys, accused of being disorderly, paid $2 each.

FUN ON THE ICE

Shamrock Hockey Club's Carnival Was a Complete Success.

The carnival at Clark's Bridge Rink under the auspices of the Shamrock Hockey Club last evening proved to be quite a success. The weather was fine and there was a large attendance. Those in fancy dress were:

Miss Ivy Campbell, "Snowflake"; Maud Westhead, "Irish Washwoman"; M. Powell, "Red Ridinghood"; W. Powell, "Star Girl"; Nellie Moon, "Old Mother Hubbard"; Miss Ross, "Snowflake"; Maggie Watson, "Egyptian Queen"; Edith Finch, "Egyptian Queen"; Leoana Boyce, "Princess"; Mrs. Wilkinson, "Butterfly"; Miss Simpson, "Spanish Queen"; Jack Madsley, "Happy Jim"; Harry Parsons and J. Pawlitzki, "Twins"; Fred Parsons, "Biddy"; E. Thompson, "Leading Lady"; Hollonds, "The Sailor"; McKenzie, "Mr. Dooley"; G. Marsh, "Mrs. Doodley"; E. Muscle, "Prince"; Leonard Berry, "Weary Sam"; E. Mountjoy, "Bugle Boy"; W. Walton, "Foxy Grandpa"; B. Clark, "Jessie James"; G. Redfern, "Soldier"; G. Tanner, "Tramp"; W. Wilkinson, ——.

The prize-winners were: Ladies—Miss Finch, 1st; Mrs. Simpson, 2nd; Leoana Boyce, 3rd. Gentlemen: Mr. E. Muscle, 1st; Mr. C. Brown, 2nd.

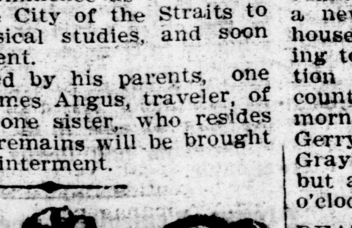
DEATH OF GEORGE ANGUS

Well-Known London Violinist Succumbs After an Operation.

The death occurred in Detroit at 11 o'clock this morning of Mr. George Angus, eldest son of Mr. George Angus, of the London Asylum staff. Mr. Angus, jun., had been ill for upwards of two weeks, and a few days ago it was found necessary to perform an operation. The latter was of a very critical nature, but it was recognized by the physicians in charge that if it was not undergone there was not the slightest chance for the patient's recovery.

Before taking up his residence in Detroit several years ago, the deceased lived in this city, where he attained considerable prominence as a violinist. He went to the City of the Straits to pursue his musical studies, and soon became prominent.

He is survived by his parents, one brother, Mr. James Angus, traveler, of this city, and one sister, who resides at home. The remains will be brought to London for interment.



"LOVE AND THE MAN."

There is said to be a touch of loyalty for people near his own kin in Mr. Forbes Robertson's selection of Canada for the opening performances of "Love and the Man," the new drama by Henry V. Esmond, which is to be seen for the first time in this city, at the Grand Opera House, tomorrow, matinee and night, and which had its premier production in Toronto last week. No actor in London today of the comparatively younger members of the stage, is held in as high esteem as is Mr. Robertson.

SUDDEN DEATH FROM APOPLEXY

Mr. Wm. H. Cale Falls in the Street and Expires Before Aid Could Reach Him.

About 1:45 this afternoon, Mr. William H. Cale, an old gentleman, residing at 328 Simcoe street, dropped dead at the corner of Simcoe and Wellington streets.

Mr. Cale, who had been enjoying the best of health, was proceeding to the store of Mr. R. J. Wood, and he had just reached the car tracks in the center of Wellington street, when he fell to the ground and expired. Assistance reached him quickly, but he was beyond help. Dr. Waugh, on making an examination, pronounced that death was due to apoplexy.

Mr. Cale was about 82 years of age, and moved to this city about two years ago, taking up his residence on Simcoe street. He is survived by several grown-up children, among them being Mr. Arthur Cale, of the shipping department at McClary's.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Robt. Jamison, veteran, 205 Central avenue, has received his location ticket from the crown lands department.

—Mrs. T. J. Hutchinson (nee Moore) will be at home at 509 English street every first and third Thursday after Feb. 1.

—Attention is called to the notice of classes in cooking under the auspices of the Young Women's Christian Association. The ladies having this matter in hand have secured the services of Miss Butchart, who will conduct both day and evening classes in the residence, 510 Wellington street.

DISTURBERS WERE FINED.

A fine of $1 was imposed on two boys by the police magistrate this morning. The charge against them was of disturbing a religious meeting at the Christian Church on Dundas street east.

LUMBER THIEF ABROAD.

It has been reported to the police that on Wednesday night someone driving a sleigh went to the lumber yard of D. H. Gillies & Co. and took about 500 feet of basswood lumber. The lumber was quite valuable.

LEG AMPUTATED.

Today Drs. English and Drake found it necessary to perform an operation on Wm. Johnston, the Toronto man, who was injured at the old roundhouse of the G. T. R. here, a week or so ago. Johnston's leg was so badly crushed that it had to be amputated. Johnston will recover.

DELINQUENT BORROWER.

A lends an implement to B, who wants to buy it at a stated price, but never pays for the same nor offers to give it up. What action can A take against B to recover his property? Ans.—He can sue B for the price stated as the value of the implement which B has converted to his own use.

JEWELERS SCORE AGAIN.

A good-sized crowd witnessed a fast game of hockey at Jubilee rink on Thursday evening between Diamond Hall team and a picked team from the druggists of the city. The jewelers proved themselves to be a little strong for their opponents, who played a very hard game. The score at full time stood 6 to 0.

ST. JOHN'S AT CLINTON.

The St. John's O. H. A. team will go to Clinton tonight to play their scheduled game. They will play their home game on Monday night, when there should be a large attendance. The line-up will be as follows: Goal, Munnoch; point, Hueston; cover, Casselman; rover, Thomson; center, T. Woolley; left wing, Beech; right wing, W. Woolley.

ROADS STILL SUFFER.

On account of the tremendous snowstorm in the northeastern states, the New York trains are unable to reach the Niagara River on anything like schedule time. The Grand Trunk is, therefore, running trains from the falls without making connections with the New York lines. The trains in Western Ontario are now running very nearly on time. Considerable snow has fallen in Hamilton, Toronto and other cities to the east.

NEW REGISTRY OFFICE.

At the meeting of the board of works last night, it was decided to wait on the council today for the purpose of ascertaining from that body if the county will permit the city to build a new registry office on the court house square, or if the county is willing to go in with the city in the erection of a new office where city and county deeds may be registered. This morning Acting Chairman Wyatt, Ald. Gerry and Garratt and City Engineer Graydon waited on the county council, but an adjournment was made until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

DEATH OF MRS. DEELY.

The death of Mrs. Sarah Deely, widow of the late Charles Deely (who died five years ago), occurred at her residence, 529 Ontario street. The late Mrs. Deely was born in Buckinghamshire, Eng., her maiden name being Sarah Parsons. She is survived by three daughters and two sons—Misses Alice and Elizabeth, at home; Mrs. A. Turney, who resides on the old homestead in Buckinghamshire, Eng.; Charles T., of the London Pant and Overall Company, city, and Frederick, contractor, also of this city. The funeral, which will be private, will be held on Monday morning. Rev. Canon Dann will conduct the services.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

City Clerk Baker has received a communication from the secretary of the tion of funds for a monument to Laura

tion of funds for a monument to Laura Secord, the patriotic Canadian girl, who carried the information to Lieut. Fitzgibbon in 1812 that the Yankees were approaching, and which enabled the British to rout the enemy. It is proposed to erect a $6,000 monument at Queenston, on the Niagara frontier. Thus far, however, but $400 has been collected, and the committee now asks the city of London to contribute.

While the scheme is a very laudable one, it appears to be the impression in civic circles that before London contributes towards any monuments in outside places the city will see that a proper monument is erected to the memory of the London soldiers who died in the South African war.

Regarding this monument it has been suggested that it be erected in Victoria Park, but now it is declared that the monument should be build at the intersection of two streets, or else in front of St. Paul's Cathedral on Richmond street.

Burned In His Store.

Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, Jan. 27.—During Wednesday night a store belonging to William Leslie, at Bruderhill, 16 miles east of here, was burned to the ground. Yesterday it was discovered that Leslie himself had been burned, the body being almost entirely consumed. Leslie, who lived alone and was unmarried, was one of the oldest settlers in the district.

MAJORITY IN EAST RIDING IS 140

Official Declaration Slightly Reduces George Neely's Lead Over Dr. Routledge.

The official count of the ballots cast in East Middlesex was made by Sheriff Cameron this morning in his office at the courthouse. The majority for Mr. George Neely is 140, which is somewhat of a reduction on the figures given out on the night of the election. Mr. J. R. Vining, B. A., was present for the Liberal party today. Owing to the fact that Mr. John Sutherland, D. R. O. of division 8, London township, neglected to sign the returns in the polling-book of his booth, the sheriff was unable to make his official declaration today, but will probably do so tomorrow, when the book is signed. Only 30 ballots were spoiled in East Middlesex, and the returns show that the Government officials acted with the utmost care and conscientiousness. Six of the rejected ballots were cast in Pottersburg, and were spoiled by the voter leaving some mark upon his ballot, from which his identity could be inferred. The majority of these ballots were cast by Conservatives. It will be noticed that Dr. Routledge received the same number of votes in London township as he did in Westminster. Below are the official returns:

LONDON TOWNSHIP.

	Neely.	Routledge.
Division No. 1	65	53
Division No. 2	43	62
Division No. 3	87	35
Division No. 4	68	117
Division No. 5	76	49
Division No. 6	79	57
Division No. 7	135	122
Division No. 8	85	68
Division No. 9	97	44
Division No. 10	82	34
Division No. 11	71	34
Division No. 12	86	19
Division No. 13	81	63
Division No. 14	73	56
Totals	1,128	813

Majority for Neely, 315.

WESTMINSTER.

Division No. 1	43	68
Division No. 2	40	101
Division No. 3	21	59
Division No. 4	18	86
Division No. 5	7	60
Division No. 6	57	77
Division No. 7	26	101
Division No. 8	64	80
Division No. 9	65	77
Division No. 10	44	104
Totals	385	813

Majority for Routledge, 428.

WEST NISSOURI.

Division No. 1	66	34
Division No. 2	95	34
Division No. 3	66	43
Division No. 4	45	37
Division No. 5	34	27
Division No. 6	43	43
Division No. 7	44	52
Division No. 8	23	64
Totals	416	334

Majority for Neely, 82.

NORTH DORCHESTER.

Division No. 1	67	55
Division No. 2	94	47
Division No. 3	54	31
Division No. 4	78	41
Division No. 5	27	49
Division No. 6	73	57
Division No. 7	76	35
Division No. 8	65	48
Totals	534	363

Majority for Neely, 171.

RECAPITULATION.

London	1,128	813
West Nissouri	416	334
North Dorchester	534	363
Westminster	385	813
Totals	2,463	2,323

Majority for Neely, 140.

There were 5,769 names on the list, 2,370 being in London township, 1,418 in Westminster, 933 in West Nissouri and 1,048 in North Dorchester. The votes polled totaled 4,786.

A VICE-REGAL MANSION

Movement in Montreal Towards Establishing Residence There.

Montreal, Jan. 27.—A movement for permanent vice-regal residence in Montreal is now under way, and is likely to be strengthened by the popularity which Earl and Countess Grey have achieved since their arrival here. It is proposed to buy a vacant mansion on Sherbrooke street and fit it up in suitable manner as a residence that will always be in readiness for their excellencies, and it is hoped by this means to have frequent visits from them.

The vice-regal party paid another round of visits to Montreal institutions. In the morning they visited and inspected the Montreal General and Royal Victoria Hospitals. At the latter institution Earl and Lady Grey expressed their regrets at the recent fire. From the Royal Victoria Hospital the vice-regal party proceeded to the historic Convent of Ville Marie. On their arrival they were welcomed by the sister superior at the grand entrance, situated in that portion of the building once occupied by Lord Elgin. Their excellencies then went through the historical building and displayed much interest in its associations. Later the vice-regal party was entertained at luncheon at the Hunt Club, and visited Laval University. In the evening they attended the charity ball.

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George Peters' Cakes.

The best will cost you no more than inferior makes.

Tired Eyes

will find rest and comfort in the use of our Eyeglasses. Try our modern method of selecting lenses. Test our ability to fit you with comfortable, becoming spectacle frame or eyeglass mounts.

The Staz-on

is the newest style of eyeglass ware. Our range of mounts is large enough to fit any case that can use eyeglasses.

JOHN S. BARNARD

170 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

DINNER SETS

VERY SPECIAL.

Excelsior Prints, 97 pieces....$ 6 00
Colonial Flown Blue, 98 pieces 8 00
Dresden Rosebud, 97 pieces... 10 00
Golden Madras, 97 pieces...... 12 00
(Traced Gold.)
Florence, A, in dainty colors, 98 pieces 14 00
Flaxman, CROWN DERBY COLORS 17 00
Johnston Bros.' Famous Dinner Sets—"It is the ware that wears."

The London Crockery Co

'Phone 919. 169 Dundas St.

TWO YEARS FOR KENNEDY

Was Acquitted of the Charge of Killing Irene Cole.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—Joseph Bennett, who pleaded guilty this afternoon before Judge Winchester to assaulting Mrs. Margaret Perry by striking her with a pick handle on Dec. 31 last, is the John Kennedy, who was acquitted at Brantford of the charge of murdering little Irene Cole. The prisoner admited this to a detective when questioned today. He was sentenced to two years in Central Prison less one day. Kennedy or Bennett was acquitted of murder because of evidence of the caretaker of the Y. M. C. A. building at Brantford. Since then the janitor has been tried and sentenced to Kingston for perjury. It is understood that the Cole case may now be retried.

Watching San Domingo.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 27.—The navy department today issued the following statement: "On Jan. 19 orders were issue dto Rear-Admiral Sigsbee, authorizing him to send the Dixie with 200 marines from Panama to Guantanamo, where she will be held in readiness in case additional marines are needed in San Dominican waters. No other orders have been issued to the Dixie, no hurry orders of any kind, and so far as the navy department knows there are no disturbances in San Domingo. This leaves 350 marines on the isthmus."

Recovering From Storm.

New York, Jan. 27.—Recovery from the great storm of Wednesday was practically complete today. Railroads and trolley lines had resumed operations almost under normal conditions, and ferry boats were running very near their regular schedules. The wind had decreased from a gale to hardly more than a gentle breeze, and the temperature had risen from zero to almost 20 degrees above.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 26.—Sugar—Raw quiet, refined quiet. Molasses—Steady.

LONDON.

London, Jan. 26.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 17s, nominal; Muscovado, 16s; beet sugar, January, 15s 11¼d.

FLAXSEED.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Flaxseed—Northwest, $1 22; southwest, $1 15; January, $1 15; May, $1 10.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—Oil opened and closed at $1 42.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Jan. 26.—Credit balances, $1 42; certificates, no bid; shipments, Pennsylvania, 76,975 barrels.

LONDON.

London, Jan. 26.—Petroleum, American refined, 8s 1½d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Jan. 26.—Petroleum, 18 francs 75 centimes.

BREMEN.

Bremen, Jan. 26.—Petroleum, 6 marks 35 pfennings.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 26.—Butter—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 5,538 pkgs. Cheese—nominally unchanged; receipts, 238 boxes.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 19c to 29c; dairies, 18c to 24c. Cheese—Steady, 11c to 12c.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 26.—Baled hay is steady in tone, at $8 per ton for No. 1 timothy, and $6 50 to $6 75 for No. 2 and mixed clover.

Baled straw is quoted unchanged at $6 to $6 50 per ton for car lots on track here.

The United States employed 10,555 men in distributing mail last year. The cost, distributed among 1,400 lines, was $64,594,000. In 373 accidents to mail-cars 18 clerks were killed and 78 seriously injured.

There is no Salt for table use that can compare with WINDSOR SALT. It is absolutely pure, never cakes, and is always the same perfect quality.

SWEET CAPORAL



CIGARETTES

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

ALL FOR HER

"Three weeks! Three weeks!" she moaned. Then she rose with a desperate laugh and sang softly, with the delight in self-torture which a woman alone can feel:

"If you had loved me years ago,
When Time was young and Fate was free,
What hapipness we now should know!
Love came too late for you and me."

The announcement of Olivia's approaching marriage caused almost as much excitement as the news of her engagement.

She had insisted upon the ceremony being as quiet as possible, and for a wonder Bartley Bradstone assented.

At least a score of young ladies were desirous of acting as bridesmaids upon so famous an occasion, but Olivia desired to limit the number to two, and chose Annie and Mary, much to their delight and Aunt Amelia's chagrin.

"My dear Olivia," she remonstrated, in her most dignified manner, "Only two bridesmaids! Why, the veriest pauper has three or four! Let me beg of you to remember your position and what is due to it. I've nothing to say against Annie and Mary, but I cannot forget that there are others who have a claim upon us. For instance, there are those six dear girls of the duchess'. Now, why, I ask, why cannot you choose them?"

But Olivia remained as firm over this point as she did upon the question of her trousseau. Aunt Amelia had looked forward to a visit to town, resulting in an extensive outfit in which costly lace, and still more costly furs and tailor-made dresses should figure largely, and was proportionately disgusted when Olivia announced that she intended buying her things at Wainford, and evidently meant to confine her purchases to very narrow limits.

"Really, my dear Olivia," said Aunt Amelia, "one would think your father hadn't a penny to bless himself with! I call it ridiculous. If you have no proper pride in your own appearance you might at least show some regard for him!"

And Olivia, with an aching heart, had to meet the old lady's reproaches with a smile.

On one thing at least she was resolved—that she would not spend one single sovereign more than was absolutely necessary of the money which she knew her father could so ill spare, and perhaps the sharpest pang she endured was felt by her on the morning when he called her into the study and gave her a handsome set of pearls.

"This is my present, dear," he said, his eyes dwelling on her with tender love and pride. "Your mother's jewels are yours by right, and I shall give them to you on the morning of your marriage, but this is my present. It is not"—he faltered for a moment—"it is not so rich as I should like, but——"

She stopped him by putting her arms around his neck and drawing his worn face to hers.

"Why did you buy me anything, dear?" she murmured. "I only want what I've got—your love!" and she strained him to her with an almost protecting embrace. But though the squire's eyes filled with tears as he bent over her, hers were dry and hot, and wore a restless, feverish expression.

Restless would indeed best describe her state of mind since the day had been fixed for the wedding.

As Aunt Amelia said reproachfully, it seemed as if she could not remain in one place for five minutes together, or settle to any one occupation. She wandered about the house and the grounds during the day, and paced her room at night, her eyes fixed with a restless unquiet upon vacancy. But she wore the mask before the world so well that not even Faradeane could read the anguish and misery which tortured her; and if at times the ordeal through which she must pass seemed too terrible to be endured, the thought of her father and the peace she would purchase for him nerved her for the sacrifice.

Meanwhile Bartley Bradstone had filled the Maples with an army of upholsterers, and new and luxurious as the place was already, it was to be made still more gorgeous for the reception of his bride.

Two days before the wedding, which was to take place on the Wednesday, it suddenly occurred to him that he had not yet got a best man; and prompted by a malicious desire to make the most of his triumph, he proposed that Faradeane should occupy that position.

They were sitting at lunch, and Faradeane had walked across to the Grange and allowed himself to be persuaded to stay.

"I want you to be my best man on Wednesday, Faradeane," said Bradstone, in an offhand way and with a sidelong glance at Olivia. She kept her eyes fixed upon her plate, and did not see the swift change which came over Faradeane's face. For a moment he was silent and Bartley Bradstone, taking it for consent, went on airily, "It isn't a difficult part, I believe; anyway, you'd play it capitally—wouldn't he, squire?"

The squire looked at the grave face, which had grown paler even than usual, but was perfectly calm and self-possessed.

"Will you, Faradeane?" he said in his quiet way.

Faradeane, carefully avoiding looking in Olivia's direction, shook his head.

"I feel honored by Bradstone's request, sir, but I am sorry to say that I am engaged on Wednesday."

"What!" exclaimed Bartley Bradstone. "You don't mean to say that you are not coming to the wedding? Why, I should fancy you will be the only man in the county who won't be there—won't he, Olivia?"

She made a slight gesture which might mean anything, but did not raise her eyes.

"Then my room will be more acceptable than my company," said Faradeane, with a smile. "You will have no difficulty in getting someone to fill so honorable a post, Bradstone. I am sorry I cannot."

"Oh, but you must manage to come to the wedding and the breakfast — or whatever they call it now; it can't be very well a breakfast at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon. You must come, Faradeane—mustn't he, Olivia?"

She looked up for a moment, and past Faradeane, avoiding his eyes.

"Mr. Faradeane says he is engaged," she said quietly.

"Oh, but——" began Bradstone; but Faradeane stopped him with a certain compression of the lips which Bartley Bradstone remembered seeing on his face when he seized him by the arm outside the terrace.

"It is impossible," he said, almost curtly.

Bartley Bradstone shrugged his shoulders.

"I counted upon you," he said. "But if you can't, you can't, and there's an end of it. I'm awfully disappointed, and so's Olivia, I'm sure."

Olivia said nothing; but directly lunch was over, rose to leave the room. As she did so Faradeane took a morocco case from his pocket.

"You must be quite tired of presents, Miss Vanley," he said, "but I have ventured to bore you with one, if you will accept it," and he placed the case in her hand and turned aside to speak to Bradstone.

"Eh?" said the squire, "let us see what it is, my dear," and he put up his eyeglasses.

She opened the case, her hands trembling and her color coming and going, and revealed a superb necklet of gems in an antique setting.

It was no "wedding present" of the commonplace type, but evidently a rare and costly, and, perhaps, priceless, specimen of ancient jewelry.

The squire uttered an exclamation.

"Why, Faradeane, this is—isn't this rather too big a present for my little girl?" he said, with a smile, but a grateful and affectionate look in his eyes. "If she had been a princess instead of the daughter of a country squire, you could not have been more generous."

"Miss Olivia is a princess to all of us, sir," he said in the half-sad and melodious voice which rendered even his commonplaces significant. "It is an old relic I have had by me for some time, and I thought that Miss Vanley would forgive me for its old-fashionedness."

"Which I expect increases its value; and that must be great, apart from the antiquity of the thing. These stones are very large and very lustrous. Look at this, Bradstone."

"Yes?" said Faradeane carelessly. "I am no judge of gems. None could be too pure for Miss Vanley."

"Yes, very jolly," said Bartley Bradstone. "Put it on and let Faradeane see how you look in it." She did not offer to comply, but stood with the necklet in her hands; and he took it from her and put it round her neck, and struck an attitude. "What do you think of it, Faradeane?" he exclaimed.

Faradeane looked at her for a moment and smiled.

"The old gems were never so honored before," he said, and though he tried to speak lightly, there was a perceptible quiver in his voice.

"They are very beautiful," said the squire. "Take care of them, my dear. I am sure they are extremely valuable, although Mr. Faradeane treats them so cavalierly."

Olivia put up her hands to unfasten the necklet, but could not do so.

"Let me try," said Bradstone. "They like you so well that they don't care about parting from you. I can't do it! Where's the spring, Faradeane, do you know? Just come and see, will you?"

Faradeane came slowly forward, and as he did so Olivia put up her hands again.

"I—I think I can do it," she said, with a strange tremor in her voice.

"Don't you try," said Bradstone with a malicious enjoyment of her embarrassment. "Let Faradeane do it; he knows the trick of the fastening, I daresay."

"It is very simple," said Faradeane; "will you allow me?" and he forced his voice into a tone of ordinary politeness.

She bent her head and he touched the hidden spring lightly; but as the necklet parted his fingers touched her, and her face and neck grew crimson as she raised her eyes to his face.

Then she took the necklet from his hands, and without waiting to put it in its case, left the room.

Bartley Bradstone thrust his hands into his pockets and looked after her, and then at Faradeane's pale, set face.

"What ingratitude!" he said, half-mockingly, and with a loud laugh. "She didn't even say 'Thank you.'"

Olivia went up to her own room, her heart beating, her neck still burning where Faradeane's fingers had touched, and as she opened the door she started and uttered an exclamation. But it was only Bessie who rose to meet her.

"Bessie!" she exclaimed. "How you startled me!" and she sank into a chair, panting.

Bessie looked at her gravely, and brought her a bottle of sal volatile from the dressing-table, but Olivia put it away with a faint laugh.

"No, no, I am not so badly frightened as that," she said, "but I did not expect to see anyone, and," with a piteous little smile, "I have grown nervous lately, Bessie."

"I am so sorry, miss," said Bessie, meekly. "They told me to come upstairs and wait as usual——"

"Yes, yes; quite right," said Olivia, quickly, "and I am very glad to see you. Take your things off and let us have some tea. Have you come to say good-bye to me, Bessie?" and she smiled again.

"No, not good-bye, miss," replied Bessie. "I've come to ask you to take me with you."

"To take you with me! Why——"

"Yes, miss," she went on, with downcast eyes; "I am going out into service and I've come to ask you if you'll engage me for your maid."

"Why, Bessie!" exclaimed Olivia, catching at her arm and drawing her toward her. "You are going out to service! I thought your father could not spare you?"

[To be Continued.]

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS.

SICK KIDNEYS,

The Bladder, Rheumatism and the Blood—all these diseases yield at once and are quickly and fully cured. Price only 25 cents a box.

A CURE at the People's Price.

My Kidney book and a sample Package sent Free to any address.
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To cure Constipation, Sick Headache and Biliousness in one night, use Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills. Only 25 cents at dealers.

ALL GENUINE SIGNED

Sure Bladder Cure.

Worcester, Mass. 58 Woodland St.,

"Your letter received and will say, That after taking three boxes of your Pills I am very much better. When first commenced taking them I was obliged to get up ten or twelve times during the night, now it is only two or three times."
Mr. JESSE SHIPPEE

A PROFUSION OF SOUTHPAWS IN THE AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago, Jan. 23.—If there is anywhere that the American League shows a decided superiority over the National League it is in the caliber and number of its southpaw twirlers. In this respect the American is unusually strong. In fact, it is doubtful if any league was ever so strong in this important department of a team's make-up. Take, for instance, the Chicago White Sox. Comiskey has "Dr." White and Nick Altrock, two of the very best that throw with the wrong arm. White always has been a winner, and his work last season, when he established a record of five straight shut-outs, shows that he has lost none of his cunning.

Altrock did not develop until a year ago last fall, but last season he was one of the best in the league. Then, one will go a great many miles before they will run across a better pair of southpaws than Philadelphia possesses in "Rube" Waddell and Eddie Plank, the Gettysburg guide. In fact, the "Rube" is the most famous pitcher in the business, not only in consequence of his eccentricity, but because of his great work in fanning the opposing batters. No pitcher in the harness today has the "Rube's" speed, and, in fact, the only twirler that has ever equaled him in this respect is Amos Rusie. Plank does not have Waddell's speed, but for cunning there are few his superior. In fact, Cleveland has a more wholesome respect for his ability than it has for Waddell's.

Washington has a couple of good ones in Case Patten and Jacobson, both of whom would shine with greater brilliancy were they backed by a superior team. The Boston champions have but one left-hander, but they don't make any better than Jesse Tannehill, who led the Boston twirlers last season, and whose illness nearly caused Collins' men to lose the championship. New York is also provided with but one who hurls the sphere with his larboard arm. That one is Alonzo Puttmann, the Cincinnati boy, who showed real class when at last, late in the season, Griffith gave him a chance to show what he could do. Early in the year, Grif was depending almost entirely upon Chesbro and Powell, and Puttmann didn't have any opportunities. His chance came when the Highlanders arrived at Chicago upon the last trip of the season. Chesbro had been knocked out of the box, and young Puttmann was sent in against Dr. White, who had won eight straight games, five of them having been shut-outs. How Puttmann secured a great victory over White is now a matter of history. Later, in New York, he also received another trial, and this time the Boston champions were his victime.

Cleveland has Hess as its representative among the southpaw artists. Tom is one of those happy-go-lucky twirlers with never a care on earth, but whom Jimmy McAleer declares is the equal of the great Waddell as a pitcher. Next season he will receive his regular turn in the box and Manager Lajoie looks for him to establish a great record.

Detroit has but one, the cool Mr. Killian, whom Cleveland turned adrift only to have him shine with the Tigers. There are twirlers who have more speed than Killian, pitchers who have had more experience, etc., but when it comes to pitching good, consistent ball there are few who have anything on the Three-I League graduate. His great battle with Cy Young last spring, when Boston won by a score of 1 to 0 in fifteen innings, will live long in the memories of both Boston and Detroit fans.

Unless some of the recruits throw with the wrong arm St. Louis is practically destitute of southpaws, Eddie Seiver having been sold to Indianapolis. Hynes is a southpaw, and while he pitched a couple of games for the Browns last season, he is liable to be used as an outfielder again this year.

RAMBLERS LOSE ANOTHER GAME WITH STRATFORD'S FAST SEVEN

Londoners Were Outclassed at the Classic City—Scored Only Two Goals.

The Ramblers lost their second game with Stratford last night at the latter place. The score was 12 to 2, but in spite of the good margin, the Stratford seven were given a fairly good fight. Stratford had a much faster team, and won on their merits.

The score at half-time stood 5 to 0, Stratford having things pretty well their own way. Reynolds, in goal for the Ramblers, stopped many shots, which were billed to score.

In the second half the slaughter was even more decisive, although London managed to place a couple of counters in the nets. Stratford put seven to the good in this half.

Wettlaufer, of Berlin, refereed the game satisfactorily.

The line-up:

Reynolds	Goal	Woods
Gauthier	Point	McNichol
McGuffin	Cover	Forbes
Carrothers	Left wing	Hern
Underhill	Right wing	Lloyd
McMahen	Center	Farquharson
McLennan	Rover	Edmunds

Referee—H. E. Wettlaufer, Berlin.

Kingston, Jan. 26. — Before a small crowd of people here last night Queen's II. and Strollers played a junior O. H. A. game. The half-time score was 1 to 0 in favor of Queen's. In the second half each team added one goal, making the score 2 to 1 in favor of Queen's.

Ayr, Ont., Jan. 26.—Before a fair attendance Galt defeated Ayr by a score of 6 to 3 in an O. H. A. intermediate game played here tonight. The game was evenly contested, standing two all at half-time.

Prescott, Ont., Jan. 26.—In a go-as-you-please match of the senior series, O. H. A., the local seven tonight defeated Iroquois by a score of 21 to 2. At no time was there real hockey, Referee Carrol Shannon had an cinch, no one even trying to be the least strenuous.

Peterboro, Ont., Jan. 26. — Belleville defeated Peterboro tonight by a score of 6 to 2 in the junior series, O. H. A. The game was lacking of any of the up-to-date artistic work that should be in the game. The Peterboro boys appeared to be all asleep from start to finish and the Belleville bunch were well aware of the fact. It was one of the poorest exhibitions of hockey played here for some time.

Victoria Harbor, Ont., Jan. 26. — In one of the fastest games ever seen on the home rink Victoria Harbor succeeded in defeating Barrie tonight by a score of 5 to 3 in the junior series, O. H. A.

Markham, Ont., Jan. 26.—A very exciting game was played here tonight between Newmarket and Markham in an intermediate O. H. A. match. Final score, Markham 7, Newmarket 4.

Toronto, Jan. 26. — In the junior O. H. A. series tonight Parkdale defeated the Waverleys by 10 to 4.

Worry Goes To The Stomach

Tears down the little Telegraph Lines that Operate and Control the Digestive Processes.

How To Repair These Telegraph Lines.

I will gladly give any Stomach Sufferer a Full Dollar's Worth of my Remedy Free to Try.

I ask no deposit—no reference—no security. There is nothing to risk—nothing to pay, either now or later. Any stomach sufferer who does not know my remedy may have a full dollar's worth free if he merely writes and asks.

I willingly make this liberal offer, because Dr. Shoop's Restorative is not an ordinary stomach remedy. It does not, indeed, treat the stomach itself. It goes beyond—it treats the nerves that control and operate the stomach. The nerves that wear out and break down, and CAUSE stomach trouble. For stomach trouble is really only a symptom that there is serious nerve trouble inside. That is why ordinary remedies fail. That is why my remedy succeeds. That is why I can afford to make this offer.

Yet do not misunderstand me when I say "nerves." I do not mean the nerves you ordinarily think about. I mean the automatic stomach nerves over which your mind has no control. I have not the space here to explain to you how the nerves control the stomach, or how they may be vitalized and restored. When you write I will send you a book which will make these points clear. But this much is certain—ailing nerves cause all forms of stomach trouble—indigestion, belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, dyspepsia. No stomach treatment will cure these ailments. Only nerve treatment will do that. No other remedy than Dr. Shoop's Restorative even claims to reach these nerves.

What ails the stomach nerves? Worry, probably. Mental anguish destroys their tiny fibers and tears down the telegraph lines, without which the stomach has no more self-control than a sponge. Overwork will do it. Irregular habits will do it. Overeating will do it. Dissipation will do it. But the effect is the same—stomach failure.

No matter how these nerves became impaired—I know a way to rebuild their strength—to restore their vigor. It is a remedy which took thirty years of my life to perfect—a remedy which is now known in more than fifty thousand communities—in more than a million homes—as Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

If you have stomach trouble and have never tried my remedy, merely write and ask. I will send you an order on your druggist, which he will accept as gladly as he would accept a dollar. He will hand you from his shelves a standard-sized bottle of my prescription, and he will send the bill to me. This offer is made only to strangers to my remedy. Those who have once used the Restorative do not need this evidence. There are no conditions—no requirement. It is open and frank and fair. It is the supreme test of my limitless belief. All that I ask you to do is to write—write today.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle you must address Dr. Shoop, Box 41, Racine, Wis.

State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

WATERLOOS PLAY TIE AT AYLMER

Led in the First Half but Were Overtaken in the Second.

The Waterloos of this city made a trip to Aylmer yesterday and played the Aylmer Seniors a tie game before a large crowd of spectators. The game was full of exciting plays, and was clean throughout, only one man being ruled off. It opened with a rush, Pascoe, the speedy Aylmer center, landing the puck in Waterloos' nets in two minutes. The Waterloos then braced up, and for the next few minutes it was all hard, fast playing. At length Confield landed the puck in the nets, scoring the first goal for the Waterloos, and a few moments later Harry Marshall scored again for the Waterloos. The Aylmerites then awoke, and Taylor, their speedy wing man, scored one. However, a few minutes after, Nicholls scored one more for the Waterloos, making the score at half time, 3 to 2 in favor of the London boys.

In the next half both teams battled desperately for supremacy, and at the close it was found the Waterloos had scored 3 and Aylmer 4, making the score 6 to 6—a tie. It was decided by both teams to let the tie stand until some future date.

For Aylmer, Taylor and Pascoe played an excellent game, while for London, Canfield, Marshall and Jackson played good, and, in fact, the whole team played splendidly.

The boys speak very highly of the courteous, gentlemanly treatment of the Aylmer management and team, and also of the fine rink they have at Aylmer, it being well lit and large enough for plenty of the larger towns.

DETROIT AND PORT ERIE STAKE EVENTS

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 26.—The Highland Park Club today announced the stakes for their running meetings at the Highland Park and Fort Erie tracks.

The Frontier stakes at Highland Park, 1⅛ miles, for 3-year-olds, has been increased from $2,000 to $2,500; the International steeplechase has been increased from $1,000 to $1,200, and a new stake has been created, the Detroit, $1,500, for 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs. In addition there are for the meeting here the Highland Park selling stake, $1,500, for 3-year-olds, and the Michigan stake, $1,500, a handicap, for all ages, 6 furlongs, and the Royal Oak Farm stake, $1,500, for 2-year-olds, 4½ furlongs.

The Grand Canadian steeplechase at Fort Erie has been increased from $1,000 to $1,200, and the other stakes at Fort Erie are as follows: The Canadian Derby, $3,000, a sweepstakes, for 3-year-olds, 1¼ miles; the Canadian Sportsmen's handicap, $1,500, for 3-year-olds and up, 1 1-16 miles; the Fort Erie stake, $1,500, for 3-year-olds and up, 7 furlongs; the Buffalo stake, $1,500, selling, for 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile; the Iroquois Hotel stake, $1,500; handicap, for 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs; the Hamilton stake, $1,500, for 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs.

THE TURF.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At New Orleans — Kernel 15 to 1, April Shower 9 to 2, Homestead 15 to 1, Phil Finch 3 to 1, Reveille 2 to 1, Barca 6 to 1.

NO JAPS ABOARD

Says Trawler Captain Before the North Sea Commission.

Paris, Jan. 27. — The International Commission to inquire into the North Sea incident began hearing witnesses Wednesday.

The first witness was Capt. Wood, of the steamer Zero, plying between Hull and Copenhagen. Capt. Wood testified that he saw a strange steamer during the afternoon. She appeared to belong to a trans-Atlantic line, and had two masts and one funnel. It was a type of ship not frequently seen in those waters.

Rear-Admiral Beaumont (Great Britain) appeared to be specially interested in this statement, requiring the witness to repeat it.

George Beeching, manager of the Trawlers Company, presented a miniature model of a trawler. The court examined it minutely, and also the signal lamps and flags used by the trawlers. Mr. Beeching lengthily described the fishing ship. Admiral Fourner (France) mildly remonstrated against extraneous evidence.

Counsel for Great Britain asked: "On the night in question had any of your boats embarked torpedoes or other engines of warfare?"

Answer—Not at all.

Question—Were any Japanese on board?

Answer—I never heard them spoken of, and never heard a reference to any Japanese warships being in the neighborhood.

Counsel for Russia cross-examined the witness for the purpose of bringing out, if possible, the resemblance of a trawler to a torpedo boat.

Question—Is it possible to confound a torpedo boat with a trawler without sails?

Answer—No; that is impossible.

The witness added that the company at Hull received constant reports from the fleet. No report showed that any strange boat had joined the trawlers.

William Shears, steward, and Thomas Carr, vice-admiral of the trawling fleet, gave testimony practically the some as that given before the board of trade investigation. The Russian counsel sought to show that there were discrepancies between their present and former evidence. Shears was positive that there were no Japanese apoard any of the trawlers, and Carr gave a vivid description of the approach of the Russian warships, the play of their hearchlights and the cannonading.

"A GRAND MEDICINE" is the encomium often passed on Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and when the results from its use are considered, as borne out by many persons who have employed it in stopping coughs and eradicating colds, it is more than grand. Kept in the house it is always at hand, and it has no equal as a ready remedy. If you have not tried it, do so at once.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.
"THE BUSY STORE"

Cleaning-up Sale of Men's Furnishings

This department has taken decisive measures to effect a quick cleaning-up before stock-taking. One-quarter to one-third has been taken off the prices of all small lots—Yellow Price Tickets will point these out—a few are mentioned below:

Important Underwear Mark-downs.

Men's 50c Underwear at 35c. Men's 75c Underwear at 49c. Men's $1 Underwear at 68c.

10 dozen Men's Woolen Underwear, Scotch knit, sateen trimmed Undershirts and Drawers. Regular 50c garment, cleaning-up sale price..... **35c**

14 dozen Men's Heavy Ribbed Underwear, pure wool, thoroughly elastic and unshrinkable, nice soft finish. Regular price 75c garment, cleaning-up sale price..... **49c**

12 dozen Ellis Spring Needle Underwear, very elastic and positively unshrinkable, sizes 32 to 40. One of the best dollar garments on the market. Clean-up sale price **68c**

Cleaning-up Sale of Fur Caps.

Men's Fur Caps in Russian Lamb and German Otter, were $5, half price..... **$2.50**
Children's Gray Lamb Caps, were $5, half price..... **$2.50**

Men's Gloves---Low Cleaning-up Sale Prices.

Men's Mule and Sheepskin Gloves, warranted waterproof; worth 40c pair; cleaning-up sale price, **25c**

Men's Mocha Gloves, wool lined, with dome fastener; regular 75c; cleaning-up sale price, **50c**

Men's Lined Mocha Gloves, gray and tan, two dome fasteners and gusset wrist; were $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50. **93c**

Men's and Boys' Heavy Woolen Mitts; worth 18c pair; cleaning-up sale price, **10c**

Men's Lined Mocha Mitts, in different shades of tan; worth $1; cleaning-up sale price, **79c**

Men's Heavy Working Shirts.

Men's Fleeced Working Shirts in blue and red, usually sold for 90c each. Cleaning-up sale price, each..... **59c**

Four dozen Men's Heavy Working Shirts, including flannels, serges, miltons and tweeds. Worth $1 and $1.25, cleaning-up sale price, each..... **69c**

A SOCK BARGAIN—Men's Heavy Worsted Wool Socks, ribbed, good value at 25c pair; cleaning-up sale price **19c**

MUFFLERS—Black and navy, Way's Wool Mufflers, worth 35c, for **22c**

A SOCK BARGAIN — Men's Heavy Woolen Socks, pure wool, plain or ribbed, splendid value at 35c. sale price **26c**

HANDKERCHIEFS — Red and blue Colored Handkerchiefs, 10c each, sale price, 6¼c, four for **25c**

Men's Cardigan Jackets.

Men's Worsted Wool Cardigans, English make, good value at $1. Cleaning-up sale price, each..... **83c**

FIVE MILES IN 3 MIN. 17 SEC.

Young McDonald, of England, Makes New World's Record at Ormond Beach.

Ormond, Fla., Jan. 27.—In a trial automobile race here against time, Arthur E. McDonald broke the world's record by covering five miles in the marvelous time of three minutes and seventeen seconds, flat. His machine was a 90 horse-power Napier car. His average speed per mile for the wonderful run was 39 2-5 seconds, only two-fifths of a second under the official world's record for a single mile, held by William K. Vanderbilt, jun.

The broken record for five miles was held by Mr. Vanderbilt, and was made here last year, standing at 3 minutes 31 1-5 seconds, the machine also being one of 90 horse-power.

Mr. McDonald is a young Englishman who came here especially for the meet through which his honors won may remain with him. Many are wondering whether he had his car all on, or was merely driving to get inside the record. The McDonald record, by the by, will be a sad blow to those English writers who last year insisted that the salt air got into the watches here and affected them badly, when they caught 39 seconds for Vanderbilt. McDonald's average of 39 2-5 today was without wind in his favor, whereas Vanderbilt had considerable wind.

McDonald's feat gave a sensational turn to what would otherwise have been a tame initiation of the annual Ormond-Daiona Beach Tournament. The first day's races over the stretch of beach from Daiona southward consisted only of stock car contests, with few of the events filled sufficiently to create interest. The races were witnessed by fully 10,000 persons, strung along the beach, who were wildly enthused as it became apparent that McDonald was out for a surprise. It seemed quite like New York, with automobiles lined up for half a mile, nine-tenths of them machines brought from the North at great expense.

McDonald first made an attempt at the five-mile record, and finished in 3:32. He did not let his car out in that, and asked to go again. Owing to the races not having filled, several were postponed, and there was room for the Englishman, and, incidentally, for some excitement, things being so dull. When on his second trial McDonald crossed the tape there was little doubt of his speed. He had gotten under way up the course a mile or more, and when the tape was crossed the huge Napier car was "traveling some," as one enthusiastic Britton shouted in glee. The pistol on the timing stand was fired at the start, and its report at the finish was eagerly waited for.

Suddenly, and long before it was expected, there was a report, and the crowd along the stretch either ran for the timer's stand in front of the club, or stood still to await the announcement, which came with a shout from those nearest the stand. Then the crowd bunched and listened to the report. Cheer followed cheer, and McDonald's appearance was eagerly looked for. He came into sight and was met with cheering which continued long after he had arrived at the stand.

Arrayed in a white linen suit, seated well back of the hood of his green car, and with his goggles on his batband, he looked business. To the cheers he nodded his head, and within a few minutes retired up the stretch.

The big car was handled with consummate skill throughout the ride, according to Dr. Stetson. The course was in good shape, and there was little bouncing. There was practically no wind, and with wind it is thought that McDonald may lower his record several seconds. Others will also endeavor to beat it, and it is now certain that the hottest sort of a competition is coming. At the side of the course Edward R. Thomas, B. Stevens, A. C. Webb, Charles Deplus, H. L. Bowden and many more who are to compete, watched McDonald, and thought of the ordeals in store for them.

McDonald took his honors modestly, and would not say whether he had reached top speed. The car he drove is distinctive, as the front is pointed and flattened out to cut the wind, the radiator extending from the point along the sides and back to the body. It does not present the face to the wind that the other cars offer, excepting the cars of Oldfield and Ford, and is therefore on lines that will be distinctive in the future.

FORECAST BY ASTROLOGER

Told of Present Troubles in Russia and Says More to Come.

London, Jan. 27.—The present upheaval in Russia was foretold by Raphael, a London astrologer, six months ago. In his forecast for 1905, published early last fall, he foreshadowed a revolutionary uprising in the Czar's empire, which he predicted will continue until November of this year.

Of the Czar and of Russia he said: "The year 1905 will be a black one in the annals of Russian history. Revolutionary movements will increase by leaps and bounds, and this war, entered into with so light a heart, may turn out to be the herald of liberty for the Russian people."

The planetary influences affecting the Czar are evil, he says.

His predictions for nearly every month of the year contain prophecies of direful events in Russia. In January he says Russia is under most "malefic influences." For February great political upheavals are predicted. For March he writes:

"Russia is under a cloud, and at home events will occur which will stir the hearts and souls of patriots and just people." In June he says the planets are especially hostile to Russia's welfare. September is to be the most tragic month of all, and then not Russia alone, but other great powers are to suffer. "Kings and emperors," he prophesies, "will be slain."

Pursued by Wolves.

Chelmsford, Ont., Jan. 26.—A logging man named Ernest Moquin, coming from the Morgan Lumber Company's camp, had a narrow escape from being devoured by wolves. He reports the wolves being so close upon him that he had to light a fire. They renewed the attack further on, but having supplied himself with birch bark, he managed to keep off the bloodthirsty fiends until he reached the railway, and a passing train put them to flight.

Customs Regulations.

London, Jan. 27.—Recently the Burnley chamber of commerce drew the attention of the colonial secretary to the new customs regulations of Canada re certifying the market value of goods exported. The colonial secretary has been in communication with Lord Minto, and his reply states that the minister of customs does not deem it expedient to enter into a defense of the law, further than to say it was no doubt considered by the Parliament of Canada to be in the best interests of the country. He does not think they will have the effect of diminishing trade between the two countries.

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Have you any Magazines or old Books that require binding? Bring them to us.
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A NEW STOMACH and No Medicines.
Pepsins give only temporary relief.
Catharties have injurious results.
Stomach washing does no lasting good.
Physical culture is only an aid.
LIFE CHIPS, above all foods, imparts abundant life to the system without any tax on the stomach. It is predigested enough to give the stomach an almost total rest, while its food virtues flow almost instantly to the NERVES, the MUSCLES and the BRAIN. Served alone or with pure cream or fruit.

Canadians In London.

London, Jan. 27.—The Canadian Society of London formerly held a monthly luncheon, that is now changed to a dinner, the first of which takes place on Feb. 2 at the Criterion, when the principal guests will be D. M. Stewart and John Forbes. The former speaks on banking, the latter on art.

Louis Tas, one of the best known diamond brokers, estimates the output of the De Beers mines annually at $10,000,000, and of other mines at $4,500,000. Add to this the cost of labor, the profits of the syndicates, etc., and he thinks that the annual output of diamonds is worth about $25,000,000.

WE DON'T DENY IT
That we sell American fine Footwear as cheaply as they are sold in the United States.
Why pay 75c extra for ladies' $3 shoes, when you can buy the Hoag Walden and the Orne and Grover women's fine footwear in all new and popular styles at $3?
All advertised American shoemaking is sold at 25 per cent more in Canada than in the United States.
Hundreds of customers have been convinced at our store every month, and we would like to convince YOU on your next pair.
Pocock Bros.
OPPOSITE MARKET LANE.

You Need Not Worry
About the Disposition of Your Estate if You Appoint As Your Executor
The Canada Trust Co
London, Ont.

ROSS' 196 Dundas St.

FURS
Great reductions in all kinds of Furs, everything being sold at clearing prices.
1 only large Natural Mink Stole. Sale price $57 50
1 only Natural Mink Scarf. Sale price $33 00
1 only Natural Mink Scarf. Sale price $29 00
1 only Natural Mink Muff (Empire). Sale price $26 00
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1 only large Sable Fox Muff, Empire style. Sale price $12 75
Natural Sable Muffs at ..... $9, $9 50 and $10 00
Great bargains in Ladies' Fur Jackets.



Over the Teacups
you can spend many an hour in pleasant conversation.
When your friends come you must serve them with the best Tea the market affords.
There are Teas of high and low degree — some of the lowest grades sell for the highest prices —there's much deception in Teas.
Our Teas
Are selected especially for their drinking merits—we offer them at prices less than their real value.
If you really want a grade of Tea that will not only please your taste, but be the same today as yesterday, and tomorrow, and every day, as the day before—first, last and all the time the same reliable Tea, we have it right here in the store, and await your order.
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A first-class Set of Teeth..... $6 00
The best Whites or Justi..... 8 00
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DR. FRED L. WOOD,
181½ DUNDAS STREET.
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Wedding Gifts.
Our stock of Wedding Gifts was never so fine as we are showing now. See our well-assorted stock. Finest quality and lowest prices predominate.
W. G. Young
DIAMOND HALL, 214 DUNDAS.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—A. J. Trolley, of Alvinston, is visiting friends in this city.

—Mrs. and Miss McKellar, of Ingersoll, are visiting with friends here.

—Mr. John Munro, Alvinston, visited in London for a few days of this week.

—Miss L. Wighard, of Port Huron, has returned from visiting friends in this city.

—Ald. Greenlees is confined to his home in South London with an attack of inflammation.

—The board of works held a brief meeting last night, only routine business being transacted.

—Conductor Warren Watters is ill with an acute attack of la grippe at his residence, 150 Simcoe street.

—The match at the Westminster Rink tonight will be contested by five or six of the crack skaters of the city.

—Messrs. R. and J. M. Donnelly, of Lucan, have purchased the south half of lot 18, con. 6, Biddulph, from Mr. John Coyne, 50 acres, for $2,550.

—The Hodgins property, consisting of 25 acres, on con. 4, London township, was sold by Auctioneer Hunt yesterday to Mr. Thomas McGeagh, of Chicago, for $2,590.

—Mrs. Robert Wallace, of 425 Pall Mall street, is in Hamilton, having been called there owing to the death of her mother. The funeral is to take place at Niagara Falls.

—The death occurred recently of Mrs. Isabella Stoddard, of North Dumfries, mother of Mr. George Wrigley, of Winnipeg, formerly of this city. Mrs. Stoddard was 84 years of age.

—White Lodge, No. 471, A. O. U. W., held its installation of officers on Tuesday evening, Jan. 24. The Deputy Grand Master Workman, assisted by Brothers McCallum and Saunders, P. M. W., of Westminster Lodge, conducted the work. Subsequently the ladies served refreshments.

—Mr. Charles H. Eakins, bookkeeper for the Smith Plumbing Company, has severed his connection with the firm, to assume a position in Toledo, Ohio. The other evening the employees united on Mr. Eakins and presented him with a purse of gold, as a token of friendship, wishing him every success in the future. Mr. Eakins replied in a suitable manner.

—A number of the congregation of Trinity Church, Shannonville, Ont., gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. I. R. Eppes on Christmas Eve, when the wardens, on behalf of the congregation, presented Mr. and Mrs. Eppes with a handsome dinner set and a purse of money in token of their appreciation of Mr. Eppes' services as organist. Mr. Eppes has been organist in the church for a number of years, and with his musical ability has been of great service in the church and to the community. Mr. and Mrs. Eppes have many friends in London and vicinity.

A GOOD MOVE.

Beginning Monday next the Pere Marquette will run another train daily to St. Thomas, leaving London at 6:30, arriving in St. Thomas at 7:10 p.m. The train will carry both passengers and freight, and will enable the company to handle the traffic and freight for Windsor and other points in a much more satisfactory manner than at present.

EVENING OF SCOTTISH SONG.

The evening of Scottish song given in St. James Presbyterian Church last night was enjoyed by a large gathering. Sheriff Cameron was in the chair, and the following were among those who took part: Master Eastwood, piper; Mrs. Zwicker, Miss Pauline Mowat, Mr. Ed. Webster, Miss E. McLeod, Miss Wright and Mr. E. W. G. Quantz, in vocal solos; Mrs. Gauld, a reading, and Miss Albright, instrumental solo.

PRESENTED WITH UMBRELLA.

A very pleasing event took place at the residence of Mr. William Gurney, Rectory street, on Tuesday evening, when his class of young ladies from the Egerton Street Baptist Sunday School met and presented him with a gold-mounted umbrella. Miss Rose read a beautifully-worded address, while Miss McDonald made the presentation. After spending the evening in conversation, interspersed with music, the company dispersed, all feeling encouraged to begin the work of another year.

RECEIVED LAND GRANTS.

The following, formerly members of the old Victoria Rifle Company (which is now No. 1 Company of the Eighth Royal Rifles), have been granted each by the Ontario Government 160 acres of land in the township of Mann, 40 miles west of Lake Abitibi. This grant is for their services at Windsor, from January to May, 1865. The Quebec Victoria Rifle Company was made No. 2 Company of the First Administrative Frontier Battalion, commanded by the late Lieut.-Col. W. Osborne Smith: James Guthrie Scott, Quebec; Peter E. Wright, Quebec; P. C. Lacasse, Quebec; Beverley Rioux Eppes, Quebec; Steven Beverley Heward, Montreal; Edward A. Barton, Montreal.

3 THINGS
About our repair department—thoroughness—moderate prices—and promptness—remember.
SUMNER,
The Jeweler,
380 Richmond Street

ALWAYS THE PLACE OF PLACES
To Buy High-grade Groceries.
French Cherries, from, per bottle, 35c to $1 25
Olives, from, per bottle, 10c to 75c
Tartare Sardines, per tin .. 15c
Malaga Grapes (tinted), per pound 30c
High-Colored Tangerines, per dozen 50c
Grape Fruit, each 10c
FOR SATURDAY — Rhubarb, Cucumbers, Crumpets, Muffins, Sally Lunns and Bread.
JOHN LAWSON,
GROCER, ETC.,
Phone 565. 261 Dundas St.

Selling Out Furs
At Reduced Prices.
We have some of the finest Mink and Sable pieces, just in from the factory.
There are some of the best values in Jackets ever shown in the city.
BELTZ.

SERVICE AT ST. PAUL'S

Held In Connection With the Cathedral's Seventieth Anniversary.

Those who attended the service in St. Paul's Cathedral last evening listened to a most eloquent and instructive sermon by Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick, rector of Windsor. Mr. Chadwick took as his text the first verse of Psalm cxxi. "Lift up your eyes unto the hills, from which cometh your help," showing how these words primarily referred to the hills of the city of Jerusalem, on which were situated the temple, and which were the center of the religious life of the Jews, the speaker went on to point out the prophetic and Christian significance of his text for Jews and Gentiles alike. Christ was the hill from which comes all our help, he said, and, in association with this idea, he dwelt upon the life of Christ, pointing out several "hills" in the Savior's history which were full of import for the Christian: The hill where Christ endured forty days' temptation, the hill into which he retired to pray for the church; the Mount of Olives where Christ prepared for the work of salvation; the hill of the transfiguration, which the speaker called the hill of success; the hill of Calvary and, lastly, the ascension of Christ.

The public meeting in Cronyn Hall this evening will be one of great interest, not only to the congregation, but to members of other denominations.

Prompt service.—Hueston's Livery.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF COMPANY "B"

Party of Sixty Has a Pleasant Evening a Downtown Restaurant.

Company B of the Seventh Regiment held its annual banquet at a downtown restaurant last evening, and the affair was one round of merriment and good fellowship from start to finish. Capt. H. C. Becher was in the chair, and about 60 guests enjoyed the good things that were provided. In addition to the officers and men of the company, who were almost all in attendance, many guests from other military organizations were present. A very informal and most enjoyable programme of toasts and musical selections was carried out, interspersed with many a jest and happy remark. Lieut. Gregory spoke as "one who knows" to the toast of "The Armories, Past and Present." Corp. Lind had some pleasant things to say in reply to the toast of "The Ladies." The representatives from the other companies of the Seventh and Drum-Major Cockburn replied to "Sister Corps." Sergt. Hanna gave the company some valuable "shop talk." Surgeon-Major Becher rendered some songs in a way that was heartily appreciated, and gave a talk upon the Dominion of Canada.

Capt. Becher spoke of the unity and good-fellowship which was characteristic of Company B, and pointed to a most successful past, and great things for the future. Pte. Murphy's readings were also much enjoyed, as were also the selections rendered by the company's quartet. The gathering did not break up until after midnight.

Try our new Livery, 480 Richmond St. If more convenient—Hueston & Sons

HELP HISTORICAL STUDY

Advice to Teachers and Pupils in Middlesex - A Series of Prizes.

Mr. John Dearness, president of the London and Middlesex Historical Society, writes to The Advertiser:

"Probably in this, as in former years, a considerable number of new teachers went on duty in the township schools at the opening of the term. These teachers may not be aware of the announcement made last fall by the London and Middlesex Historical Society. The society desires to encourage in the schools a useful kind of historical study, and at the same time to obtain hitherto unwritten records of facts known only to people, who, in the course of nature, will not be many more years with us.

"In the announcement the society offered to preserve and index for future reference any original historical composition, which, in the teacher's judgment, may seem worthy of preservation if such paper be sent to its secretary (London postoffice). As a further incentive the society offered a series of prizes to the pupils and young people for the best histories of pioneer families received before the end of March. Full particulars of these and the prizes for township histories will be supplied on application to the secretary.

"One kind of exercise of which we have had a good report is the writing of a history of the farm upon which the pupil lives. Histories of families, farms, schools and churches should offer excellent practice for third and fourth classes. Indeed it is almost the only way that the nature-study method of purposeful, personal investigation can be worked into the study of history. Teachers are invited to send to the secretary reports of their efforts along this line of work. The fact that both the county inspectors recently participated in the research of the history of the jail in Middlesex, among other stronger reasons, insures to the teachers and pupils their sympathetic and efficient co-operation."

"Shimose," named after the inventor, Professor Shimose — is considerably more destructive than either gun-cotton or dynamite. According to some particulars given in a Japanese technical journal a small quantity of shimose exploded on a sheet of iron one and one-half inches thick will force a hole through the plate; whereas a shell with a bursting charge of the ordinary compounds is broken into a number of small fragments, the majority of which are scattered through a very limited area. Shimose scatters the projectile into from 2,000 to 3,000 pieces, which are driven in every direction with equal force, so that nothing could live in the vicinity.

MIGHT HAVE SAVED IT

A Lot of Trouble From Too Much Starchy Food.

A little boy of eight years whose parents did not feed him on the right kind of food, was always nervous and suffered from a weak condition of the stomach and bowels. Finally he was taken down with appendicitis and after the operation the doctor knowing that his intestinal digestion was very weak, put him on Grape-Nuts twice a day.

He rapidly recovered and about two months thereafter, his father states, "He has grown to be strong, muscular, and sleeps soundly, weighs 62 pounds, and his whole system is in a fine condition of health." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

It is plain that if he had been put on Grape-Nuts at an earlier period in his life, and kept from the use of foods that he could not digest, he never would have had appendicitis. That disease is causd by undigested food decaying in the stomach and bowels, causing irritation and making for the growth of all kinds of microbes, setting up a diseased condition which is the active cause of appendicitis, and this is more marked with people who do not properly digest white bread.

Grape-Nuts is made of the selected parts of wheat and barley and by the peculiar processes of the cooking at the factory, all of the starch is turned into sugar ready for immediate digestion and the most perfect nourishment of all parts of the body, particularly the brain and nerve centers.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," found in each package.

DON'T SAY THAT YOU DO NOT LIKE PRUNES OR APRICOTS TILL YOU TRY THE KIND WE SELL
Our sale for these fruits increases every year, as those who use them right along know that we import the cleanest and most select fruit packed.
PRUNES, 2 pounds for 25c, and 3 pounds for 25c
APRICOTS, pound, 20c and 25c
NECTARINES, pound 20c
PEACHES, pound 20c

Maple Syrup.
We bottle this ourselves from the finest Quebec syrup, sent direct to us from the sugar bush. Bottle, 30c; gallon tins $1 25

Orangeate.
A tasty and appetizing marmalade made from ripe California navel oranges, glass 30c

PRESERVED FIGS and SPICED FIGS, glasses and tins 50c
PRESERVED APRICOTS, tin 30c

Olives.
We have the choicest Olives and the greatest assortment to choose from. Olives for every occasion.
QUEENS, 25c to 35c
STUFFED, 15c to 25c
PITTED, bottle 40c
MANZANILLAS, bottle 15c
CHOICE OLIVES, quart 50c

Fancy Biscuits.
Our biscuit department contains over 50 varieties of the most dainty biscuits. Sweet, plain and salted, including 5 o'clock Teas, Festinos, Nabisco, Butter Wafers, Macaroons, Water Ice, Cigarette Wafers, Oswegos, Reception Wafers, Cheese Wafers, etc.

'Phone 317, and your orders will be carefully filled.
T. A. ROWAT & CO
234 DUNDAS ST.

THEME IS MORBID; GHOSTS AT GRAND

Ibsen's Play Witnessed by a Fair-Sized Audience—A Very Capable Cast.

"Ghosts," Henrick Ibsen's famous play, drew a fair-sized audience to the Grand last night. As is well known to all reading and theatergoing Londoners, the theme of the play is diseased and morbid. It is but the relentless presentation of one of the cruel truths of life—that the sins of the father are visited upon the children. The play itself reads a great and convincing lesson to the young, that life cannot be trifled with and that the sins of youth may be followed by the penance of age. The beliefs of Oswald Alving, as to the marriage state are open to contradiction, but the morality of the play is saved by the reasonings of Pastor Manders, the clergyman friend of the family.

In brief, the play presents the story of an estimable woman who marries a military roue without being aware of the character of the man until after she is wedded. The couple have one son, and the mother, when the child is a couple of years of age, sends him away, so as to keep him from the evil influences of his degraded father. The father dies, and the mother misinforms the child as to the real character of his father, always lauding the dissolute parent. The son grows up to be a great artist in Paris, but one day he comes home ill. He tells his mother, after many pathetic attempts to keep the truth away from her, that his mind is leaving him, and that an eminent specialist in Paris has told him that the sins of the father are being visited on the son. It is at this point that the overwhelming tragedy of the play occurs. The boy wants to marry a servant in his mother's family. The mother deems it a whim, but as he persists, she is compelled to tell him that the girl is his half-sister, though the secret has always been kept to shield his father. The son, fearful of a lingering life of lunacy in an asylum, compels his mother to consent to poison him with morphine tablets if he should be taken ill again with the dreaded mental disease. After the awful night spent with her son, the mother imagines he is growing quieter, and she feels relieved to think that her promise has at least soothed him. She goes to the window and raises the blind. The early morning sun throws a bar of light across the room, and, as she turns around, floods the face of her son in the chair. It is the crucial moment for her, for he is a jibbering lunatic. She approaches him to carry out her promise, but the mother's love weakens her, and she falls in hysterics on the floor, and then the curtain is rung down.

The play was in excellent hands last night, for it is not probable that a truer impersonation of the mother of the affected boy is possible than that of Miss Adelaide Fitzallen. In her railings against society and against heaven itself for the cruel affliction which has overtaken her, Miss Fitzallen does the mother's part full justice; in her solicitude for the welfare of her boy, in her utter despair when she sees his mind has gone, every emotion is depicted with an artistic strength known only to those actresses of the highest class. It is indeed no idle flattery to say that Miss Fitzallen is a woman of extraordinary capabilities—a finished artist in every sense.

Mr. Claus Bogel as Oswald Alving, presented the character of the young artist, with all his misgivings and fearful dread of insanity, in truly artistic manner. The morbid broodings, with their sudden changes in moments of relief, were all portrayed with a master touch, the earnestness of Mr. Bogel's portrayal being fearful at times.

Mr. Allen Daveuport as Pastor Manders, Mr. George R. Bell as Jacob Engstrand, and Miss Ada Curry as Regina Engstrand, are all deserving of praise for exceptionally clever work.

The company carried no scenery whatever, and the stage properties were so cheap, and in such vulgar taste, that the effect of the play was largely lost through its inappropriate surroundings. Had it not been for this defect the presentation would have been almost perfect.

Tempting Reductions for the Closing Days of
SCREATON'S PRE-INVENTORY SALE
An Array of Articles That Should Attract Attention.

IT LOOKS AS THOUGH THE SEASON FOR
Winter Blankets and Comforters
was only just approaching, and, in the face of a further demand for these winter necessities, we are placing at your disposal a list of wanted goods at just about mill prices.

For the Remaining Four Days of January:
3 only Elderdown Comforters, full, large size, best quality sateen coverings, closely quilted, ventilated, ruffled edge, and buoyant filling; $7 50, now, each $6 15
8 only English Satin Counterpanes, patent satin finish, large size, splendid value, at $2 50; sale price, each $1 95
2 pairs only, English Pure Wool Blankets, made from best stock and thoroughly scoured, pink and blue borders; whipped ends; weigh 10 pounds; size 78x98 inches; $6 50, for, pair $4 85
2 pairs only, English Wool Blankets, best stock and thoroughly cleansed; weight 9 pounds, size 74x94 inches; $6 00, for pair $4 25
1 only pair English Wool Blankets, same as above lines; weight 8 pounds, size 68x88 inches; $5 25, for pair $3 85
2 pair only Mattress Covers, extra heavy, English make, weight 11 pounds, size 82x86 inches; regular $8 00, for pair $6 00
1 pair only Canadian Wool Blankets, extra super stock, weight 8 pounds, size 66x86 inches; regular $4 50, for pair $3 40

Special-- We have for rent a 16x33 foot DANCING CRASH. 'Phone 792 for cost of having it laid, its use and its return.

A. Screaton & Co
London's Best Carpet and Housefurnishing Store.

New Books at Library.

Morrison—Flood-Tide. Sermons.
Curry—The Red Blood of Oddfellowship.
Doubleday—Stories of Inventors.
Okakura—The Ideals of the East. With special reference to the art of Japan.
Atkinson—English Architecture.
Mullins—Primer of Sculpture.
White—How to Make Pottery.
Duval—Artistic Anatomy.
Wyllie—Marine Painting in Water Colors.
Burton — Photographic and Photo-Mechanical Printing.
Gamble—Wet Collodion Photography. An introduction.
Matthay—The Act of Touch: Pianoforte Tone-Production.
Doherty—Lawn Tennis.
Huntington—Our Big Game.
Cody—Good English Form Book in Business Letter Writing.
Repplier—Compromises.
Cox—The Brownies in the Philippines.
Paterson—Rio Grande's Last Race; and Other Verses.
Bell—Among the Women of the Sahara.
McIntyre—The Canadian West.
Guardia—Cuentos Ticos. Stories of Costa Rica.
Morris—Present Irish Questions.
Bain—The Descent of the Sun.
Bain—A Digit of the Moon.
Bain—A Heifer of the Dawn.
Connor—The Prospector.
Foss—The Gentleman from Everywhere.
Hume—The Wheeling Light.
Watson—Captain Fortune.
S. Levett Yeats—Orrain.

Clearing Out at Cost-Price for Four Days Only.
Horse Blankets, Sleigh Bells, Robes.
All these goods are of BEST QUALITY at 25 per cent. Cheaper than REGULAR PRICE. Come early and get your choice.
The Purdom-Gillespie Hardware Company,
118 Dundas Street. Phone 461.

ELECTIONS OVER, THE COUNTY COUNCIL GETS DOWN TO BUSINESS

Requests Received for Grants to the First Hussars and the Middlesex Regiment.

The newly-elected county council met at 2:30 yesterday afternoon, with Warden R. M. Piper in the chair, and commenced the business of the year. There was a full attendance of members, and an unusually large bulk of business to be considered.

The statement of receipts and expenditures from Jan. 1, 1904, to Jan. 23, 1905, was submitted by County Treasurer McEvoy. The total receipts were $157,703 29, and the expenditure $176,321 90, making an excess of expenditures of $18,628 61.

A large number of communications were read. Archibald Graham, night watchmon of the jail, applied for an increase of salary. Referred to finance committee.

D. A. Cameron, secretary of the board of the Dutton High School, submitted the account for $39 52 for Middlesex County's pupils who attended during 1903 and 1904. Referred to finance committee.

The council of Glencoe again submitted an account which had been presented before without any action being taken. It amounted to $25, being the cost of sending an insane indigent, Arabelle Currie, to the asylum. Referred to the finance committee.

County Registrar John Waters reported the payment of $215 60, as the county's share of the registry fees.

A very interesting communication from the executive of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Consumption and Other Forms of Tuberculosis was read. It pointed out that there were about 270 persons suffering from tuberculosis in Middlesex, on an average, of whom about 54 die annually. There were about 8,000 deaths in Canada and 2,696 in Ontario every year from the same disease. The sanatorium treatment of tuberculosis, continued the report, was now universally recognized as a necessary and efficient means in assisting in the struggle against it. The establishment of sanatoria in various parts of the country was advisable, and the association recommended that the council petition the Provincial Government, asking that at least one sanatorium be established in Ontario. In an appendix were submitted statistics showing the value of these institutions and the great need of them in Canada. Referred to the petitioning committee.

A circular was received from G. A. Aylesworth, secretary of the School Trustees' Association of Ontario, saying that it was hoped that all county councils which had not yet sent trustees to the association's annual meeting would do so next April, when the association meets at the University of Toronto. Referred to the educational committee.

The board of the Ingersoll Collegiate Institute sent a statement of the council's account with the school for the attendance of Middlesex County pupils, which amounted to $391 61. The number of county pupils was 23, their aggregate attendance 2,484 days, and their cost of maintenance $765 17, which is partly paid by the pupils' fees. Referred to the educational committee.

A communication was received from the Stratford Collegiate Institute and was treated in the same way. The sum due was $50 74.

County Solicitor Elliott sent a letter asking that the board take further action in regard to the dispute over the amount due to the St. Mary's High School. Referred to the finance committee.

Chief Turnkey Donohue, of the county jail, sent a communication asking that he be allowed, as he was by the last council, to draw the salary of jailer while acting in that capacity, and also that his salary as head turnkey be raised in the event of the appointment of a new jailer. High Constable McLoud also petitoned for an increase of salary. Both communications were referred to the finance committee.

Major McCoomb, of the First Hussars, applied for a grant of 25 cents per day for each man of "B" squadron while at the annual camp. Col. Welch, of the Twenty-sixth Regiment, was present and asked for a renewal of the grant to his regiment, saying that it had been most beneficial in keeping the regiment up to its full strength at the camp on Carling's Heights.

A letter from County Commissioner Ansley, of Huron County, stated that the council of Huron had agreed to act in conjunction with Lambton and Middlesex Counties in building a 100-foot span bridge across the Aux Sauble River if the latter counties would also consent. To the finance committee.

The council's account with the St. Mary's Collegiate Institute was submitted. It showed that the total number in attendance during 1904 was 54, their aggregate atendance 4,347 days, and the total amount paid $242.

Mayor Urquhart, of Toronto, inclosed a copy of the petition which the municipalities are sending the Dominion Government, asking that the charters of the telephone companies be amended so that the poles of such companies could not be erected upon any highways without the consent of the municipality in which it was situated. Sent to the petitioning committee.

A copy of the petition which is being sent to the public works department of the Dominion Government by the county of Kent was submitted. It pointed out the damage caused by the spring overflow of the river, and suggested that the department construct a cut through Elgin County to divert the overflow water into Lake Erie.

A motion was carried to the effect that all new members of the council not already supplied with copies of the statutes should be supplied with same at the county's expense.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment