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London, Monday, March 16.

THE OTTAWA GOVERNMENT AND ITS POLICY.

[From Hon. Edward Blake's Letter.]

(a) The Canadian Conservative policy has failed to accomplish the predictions of its promoters.

(b) Its real tendency is towards disintegration and annexation instead of consolidation and the maintenance of British connection.

(c) It has left us with a small population, a scanty immigration and a Northwest empty shell.

(d) It has left us with enormous additions to our public debt.

(e) It has led to an extravagant system of expenditure and an unjust and oppressive tariff.

(f) It has left us with restricted markets and a host of evils arising therefrom.

(g) It has diverted trade from its natural into forced channels, and therefore into less profitable channels.

(h) It has left us with unfriendly relations and growing tariff walls, estranging us from the mighty English-speaking nation to the south, with whom we ought to be, as it was promised we should be, living in generous amity and liberal intercourse.

(i) It has left us with debauched consciences, and corrupted and corrupting classes.

(j) It has left us with lessened self-reliance and increased dependence on the public chest and on legislative aid.

(k) It has left us with a subservient Parliament, an autocratic executive, and a corrupt and corrupting class.

(l) It has left us with debauched consciences, and corrupted and corrupting classes.

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pugnance. The Methodists of that day had to confront riotous fury and endless abuse. They were frequently pelted with stones, and beaten with sticks, and on two occasions a baited bull, set on by dogs and dog-like men was driven into the midst of their congregation.

Out of persecution arose strength; not the strength of a merely doctrinal movement, but of a great spiritual force. It is one of the crowning glories of Methodism that it has been predominantly evangelistic; not indifferent to doctrine, but habitually keeping the assertion and advocacy of a theological system behind the preaching of repentance and faith. The ideal of the early Calvinism was that of a waiting church looking to God to do all the work in his own good time and way; and it waited until it became dead and powerless. The ideal of the latter Calvinism is that of a working church, which knows itself to be the instrument of God in redeeming the world. In the statement that this better and more fruitful method of Calvinism has been constantly stirred up to zeal and good works by its Wesleyan rival, which from the first has been a missionary and evangelistic system.

The religion of Wesley was wholly practical. His gospel was the gospel of genuine godliness, and his one aim to "spread scriptural holiness over the land." He preached heart conversion, justification by faith and the doctrine of sanctification, which he described as a "gradual work," beginning "at the time of our being born again," making us "more and more dead to sin," and "more and more alive to God."

As to the results. If Wesley had done nothing more than to establish the Methodist Episcopal Church, with its more than 2,000,000 communicants, its 14,000 pastors, its missions in all parts of the world, its Sunday schools, academies, colleges and other great institutions, the extent of its work would be difficult for the mind to grasp, but the millions of Methodists in other organizations with their multiplied appliances for the evangelization of the world all form parts of the mighty results. The number of actual church members in the Canadian Methodist Church implies a constituency of nearly 1,000,000 in the Dominion of Canada, whose entire population is a little less than 5,000,000. There are no important divergencies as to belief in the various divisions of the Methodist Church. Methodism doctrinally is one. Many of the divisions were due to the desire for lay representation; others to illiberality in matters of administration; others to slavery or sectional or geographical causes. These causes in most instances have been removed.

Wesley is not only an object of admiration to the widespread Methodist family, but to all the world beside, for he, like every other truly great man, belongs to the church universal. It is a sign of the growth of that Christian Union which shall shortly be, that all churches now laud and venerate the founder of the Methodists.

OLD CANADA.

The weight alike of votes and debating power from the two old Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada is against the Ottawa Government. The smaller outside Provinces have been bought up with promises to implement which means another huge drain on Ontario and Quebec. Up to date, the boasted Confederation has brought us nothing but a series of humiliations. This Province no advantage in any respect whatever, but our burdens have been growing greater and greater with every year. There is a limit to the patience of Old Canada—a limit to the patience of this Province.

LOOK AT W. R. MEREDITH. FOR INSTANCE.

"Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn in no other," is an old and a true proverb. It has appropriate application to these eight Liberals who resigned their seats in the legislatures of the lower provinces for the chance of being elected for the House of Commons. It was contemptuous treatment of their constituents, and it met its just reward of humiliation. Liberals too big for their shoes in the Provincial assemblies must have been idiots to imagine that the practical men who elected them would elevate them to the Federal Parliament without better proof of suitability than their own conduct and content for the narrower sphere. Conservatives are men of a different stamp. They do their best work wherever they are placed. Look at W. R. Meredith, for instance. In his position in the Ontario Legislature never sinks his many independent nor vexes his constituents by pining for the higher plane of action for which his abilities so well fit him.—[Toronto Empire.]

Well, let us "look at Mr. W. R. Meredith for instance." We are assured that he "never sinks his manly independence."

What! never?

Was it an assertion of his manly independence when, in every great fight for the Provincial rights and territory of Ontario he sided with the invading Dominion Government?

The lack of manly independence of Sir John Macdonald has been Mr. Meredith's special fault—a fault which more than any other has kept an otherwise amiable man in his present backward position.

Then, it seems, according to the paternal Empire, that the good little Toronto boy never "vexes his constituents by pining for the higher plane of action for which his abilities so well fit him." We have heard differently, and that when he next runs it will be for Toronto, of which place he is now a respected citizen, and that it will be for the House of Commons.

We have nothing but good will for our former townsman, be he Toronto's representative in the Ontario Legislature or in the Dominion Parliament.

As for London, our next representative in the Provincial Assembly will be one of whom it can be said truly that "he never sinks his manly independence" by surrendering his better judgment to the political needs of Sir John Macdonald.

MR. MOWAT ALL RIGHT.

Our esteemed local co-temporary thinks Mr. Mowat clearly convicted of falsehood in saying that Mr. Blake's letter read to his West Durham constituents did not contain one word on any political question.

Mr. Mowat's statement was strictly accurate. The first letter read, while containing Mr. Blake's declination, promised at an early date thereafter to explain at length the reasons why he did not see his way at this time to be a candidate.

While on questions of veracity, will our contemporary kindly let the public know what it thinks of a Dominion Premier putting the statement into a governor-general's mouth that a reciprocity treaty was being negotiated, when as a fact the statement was absolutely devoid of truth?

LAURIER!

No name in Canada today stands higher with friend and foe than that of Wilfrid Laurier. No man in Canada stands forth more as the type of a high-minded, Christian gentleman. There is something serene and lovable and chivalrous in the very appearance of Mr. Laurier, and what he looks like. With many old and new friends in every Province, in no Province is he more enthusiastically admired than in Ontario. He ought to be often among us. He will always be welcome. Mr. Laurier is a strong, far-seeing man, and the most charming speaker in our public life.

As a leader of men Mr. Laurier has proved exceptionally capable. Full of the sense that comes of kindliness of heart combined with sincerity, if the ADVERTISER were a Member of Parliament instead of a newspaper, there is no leader in public life, past or present, under whom we would rather serve than the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier.

MR MEREDITH AND THE ONTARIO GOVERNMENT.

As will be seen elsewhere, Mr. T. G. Meredith, voicing his brother, the member for London in the Ontario Legislature, addressed the city against seeking any necessary legislation from the Legislature respecting the L. & P. S. R., on the ground that, in the Meredith opinion, the city will not get justice from the Provincial Parliament.

This is an uncalculated statement, and one which should not have been made. As for the question of jurisdiction, it will probably be found to reside, if tested, with the Provincial Legislature after all.

MORE ELECTRO-PLATE KNIGHTS.

It is stated that Sir John Macdonald proposes to make another batch of electro-plate knights.

Wesley, Sir John Macdonald proposes; for all except children know the Queen has no more to do, except as to the mere final ceremonial, with the selection of Canadian electro-plate knights, than the Emperor of Timbuctoo.

We consider this creation of an artificial, electro-plate aristocracy in our democratic country as objectionable as the creation of a standing army—which, by the way, is being gradually accomplished.

The price of a Senatorship for several years past has been placed at a \$10,000 contribution to the Ottawa Government's corruption fund. The price of a knight-hood is understood to be \$25,000.

We think it decidedly objectionable that any class of Canadian citizens should be allowed to accept honours or political rewards other than those distinctly Canadian. The result is that the enemies of the people, the opponents of privilege, on both sides of the Atlantic, naturally combine in opposition sometimes open but often covert to government of the people, by the people, for the people.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Fifteen thousand of the cream of United States teachers hold convention in Toronto next summer. This does not look as if they had unfriendly feelings towards Canada.

—Mr. G. R. Patullo writes an able letter on the political situation, in the course of which he states that Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, recently interviewed, strongly favours Continental Free Trade.

—The Scottish American gets it about right. Quoth: "While protection has benefited some it has injured far more; and the result of this election demonstrates that the bulk of the people of the Dominion desire not limited reciprocity, but unfettered free trade at least between their country and the United States."

OTHER NEWSPAPERS.

A LAND OF FREE SPEECH.

Winthrop Tribune.
There is one thing, however, which Mr. Blake's letter accomplishes. It introduces into the arena of practical politics the issue of political union with the United States, and by the fair, dispassionate, Canadian self-interest with which the issue is put, it is divested of many of its alarming features and left in such a position that it can be examined and discussed without occasioning a mental panic or rendering people liable to the charge of treason.

"NO CEASER MUST THEY GO."
Montreal Witness.

The Conservatives profess to believe that Mr. Blake's judgment in regard to Canada's true policy is of the first importance, and they also declare that their loyalty to the British connection is such that they would not support any policy which endangered it for a moment. We would, therefore, call their particular attention to Mr. Blake's opinion in regard to the effect of Canada's protective policy. Mr. Blake says:

"The Canadian Conservative policy has failed to accomplish the predictions of its promoters. Its real tendency has been, for the last twenty years ago, towards disintegration and annexation, instead of consolidation and the maintenance of that British connection of which they claim to be the special guardian."

Those who have hailed Mr. Blake as a Daniel come to judgment will not surely disregard his declaration that Canada has been and is being separated from the Empire and driven into annexation by protection. Conservatives have appealed to Mr. Blake as to Caesar, and to Caesar they must go.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Forfeiture of a \$25,000 Mortgage on a Railway—Fulmaran for Australia.

When the Hungarian Government took the operation of the railways in hand it reduced rates 82 per cent. By the purchase of commutation tickets a 50-mile trip costs 53 cents, and more than one can go on a look together. The increase in traffic amounts to 1,600 per cent.

George M. Pullman has closed a contract for furnishing a number of passenger coaches and sleepers for the Government railway of Australia. The different parts of the cars will be made at Pullman, Ill., and then the sections will be shipped to Australia all ready to be put together. About April 1 a detachment of men from the Pullman works will start upon the long journey, taking with them eighteen cars, which they will put together and finish at Melbourne. The present contract involves \$250,000, and is the first one ever made by the Pullman Company in Australia.

Judge Caldwell, of the United States Circuit Court, at Kansas City, Mo., has affirmed the decree of foreclosure in the case of the Rock Island and Chicago and North Western Railway, and the latter line is now to be disposed of at public sale to satisfy the Rock Island's mortgage of \$28,000,000.

The case has been hotly contested for over a year. A well-authenticated story is current at Watertown, N. Y., to the effect that Mr. Webb and the other Central officials who were at that place on Thursday received telegrams from President Dewey, directing them not to take any definite action until they received a second message and to wait there. The second message is said to have given directions for them to return to New York immediately, which they did. Mr. Webb's subscription of \$30,000 to the Watertown fund for the right of way had been made, however, before he received the first dispatch.

Poisoned by Eating Moldy Cheese.

LOGANSBORO, Ind., March 14.—On Wednesday evening the family of John Geppert, of this city, after partaking of supper, were taken violently sick. The character of their ailment indicated poisoning. Early yesterday morning, Mrs. Lucile Wood, one of the family, died in horrible agony. The remaining four members of the family, although improved, are by no means out of danger. The cause of their fatal sickness was the consumption of cheese, which was today analyzed and found to be moldy.

NASAL BALM.

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Stomach, and all the ailments arising therefrom.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING. Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure impossible.

Many ailments, such as colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, asthma, hay fever, and all the ailments arising therefrom, are cured by this balm.

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Stomach, and all the ailments arising therefrom.

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The Great Blood Purifier.

A Word to the People. "Truth is Mighty, and will prevail."

THE remarkable effects and most satisfactory results, in every variety of disease arising from IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, which are experienced and made manifest from day to day, by those who have taken NORTHPROP & LYMAN'S VEGETABLE DISCOVERY, for complaints which were pronounced incurable, are surprising to all. In many of these cases, the persons say their pain and sufferings cannot be expressed, as in cases of Scrofula, where apparently the whole body was one mass of corruption.

This celebrated medicine will relieve pain, cleanse and purify the blood, and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying many remedies, and having suffered for years. Is it not conclusive proof that if you are a sufferer you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the BLOOD, the Circulating Fluid. It can truly be called the

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

The great source of disease originates in the BLOOD, and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention. When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, NORTHPROP & LYMAN'S VEGETABLE DISCOVERY will remove the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

The conviction is, in the public mind as well as the medical profession, that the remedies supplied by the VEGETABLE KINGDOM are more safe and more effective in the cure of diseases than mineral medicines. The Vegetable Discovery is composed of the juice of most remarkable roots, barks and herbs. It is pleasant to take, and is perfectly safe to give an infant. Allow us to ask you a candid question—Do you need it? Do not hesitate to try it. You will never regret it. All druggists have it for sale.

Mr. JOHN C. FOX, Olinda, writes:—"Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery is giving good satisfaction. Those who have used it say it has done them more good than anything they have ever taken."

IN ITS WORST FORM.—Miss FRANK A. PRUETT, Toronto, writes:—"I had Dyspepsia in its worst form for over a year, but after taking three bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, a perfect cure followed. I take great pleasure in recommending it to anyone suffering from Dyspepsia."

Mr. W. THAYER, Wright, P. Q., had DYSPEPSIA FOR TWENTY YEARS. Tried many remedies and doctors, but got no relief. His appetite was very poor, had a distressing pain in his side and stomach, and gradual wasting away of flesh, when he heard of and immediately commenced taking Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. The pains have left, and he rejoices in the enjoyment of excellent health; in fact he is quite a new man.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers at \$1.00 per Bottle.

SPRING SUITINGS.

(New Designs and Shades.)

TROUSERINGS, OVERCOATINGS,

(New Designs and Shades.) (The Latest Shades.)

Black and Blue Cheviots,

(Soft Finished Checks.)

Black and Blue Serges,

(Rough and Smooth Finishes.)

Black and Blue Worstedes,

(In Fine Twills and Whales.)

We have just received via the S.S. Umbria 10 cases of new

Spring Fabrics in all the latest shades and designs.

We guarantee fit and entire satisfaction in workmanship and

trimmings. Our stock is now complete, and we invite inspection

from one and all.

Burns

THE HIGH-CLASS TAILORS.

LONDON MANUFACTURING TRADE

PAPER BOXES

C. R. SOMERVILLE,

644 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

CHAS. CHAPMAN

Bookbinder, Account Book Manufacturer

AND DEALER IN

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

BIRTHS.

HARRISON—In this city on March 9, 1891, the wife of S. Harrison, of a daughter.

JOHNSON—In this city, on March 7, 1891, the wife of Geo. B. Johnson, 200 Adelaide street, of a son.

WINLOW—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday, March 11, by the Rev. H. N. Grant, Mr. Chas. J. Winlow, of London, to Katherine G., eldest daughter of J. B. Benson, Esq.

DIED.

STATE—In London township, on March 13, 1891, James State, aged 71 years.

CALLARD—On March 13, at 133 Richmond street, Mary Alice Callard, third daughter of John and Emily S. Callard, aged 13 years.

DICKINSON—On Friday, March 13, at the family residence, Wharncliffe road, Emma, wife of Thos. Dickinson.

Funeral this (Monday) afternoon at 3 o'clock; service at the house at 230. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation.

New Wall Papers

O. B. GRAVES

Is receiving daily the newest things in Wall Papers, Ceilings, Decorations and Room Moldings.

O. B. GRAVES,

222 Dundas Street.

Samples mailed on application.



USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY

227 York Street.

Telephone 113.

NEW RAZORS.

English Army Razors only 25 cents each at

Brook's Gunshop, 192 Dundas Street.

R.K. Cowan

Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce, London.

DID YOU?

Call at Shuff's City or East End Drug Store and get that bottle of "Shuff's Pectoral" you intended to try for your cough? Remember no cough can remain where it is used.

CORN. CORNS.

CASE'S CORN CURE

Removes all kinds of Hard and Soft Corns, Warts, etc., without pain or annoyance. It is a safe, sure and effective remedy, and there is no corn existing it will not cure, destroying every root and branch. Once used never will be repeated. Refuse all substitutes. Full directions with each bottle. Price, 25 cents. Prepared only by

CASE MEDICINE COMPANY, HAMILTON

Sold by Cairncross & Lawrence, 236 Dundas Street.

W.H. HEARD & CO.

189 Dundas Street.

Sinks, Baths, Pumps, Hydrants, Lead Pipe, Traps, Closets, Wash Basins, Iron Pipe.

We are the headquarters for plumbing materials. Call and get our prices and make money. 189 Dundas Street

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Mantels, Tiles, Grates, Mirrors, Bric-a-brac, Fret Work.

ART FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.

Bicycles, 1891

New patterns and Catalogues sent on application.

Telephone 672.

WM. PAYNE, LONDON, ONT.

New Carpets, New Cotton, New Prints

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—AGENT FOR—

The Citizens' London and Lancashire, Atlas, National and Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Albion Buildings. Telephone, 735.

Ground floor, No. 437 Richmond Street.

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THE WEATHER PROPHET.

Toronto, Ont., March 15-11 a.m.—An area of depression which has traveled with great rapidity from the Rocky Mountain slope is now located north of the lower lakes and the pressure is high along the Atlantic States and in Manitoba. The weather has been fair generally. Maximum and minimum temperatures: Calgary, zero-32; Q'Appelle, 5-29; Toronto, 10-24; Montreal, 10-25; Quebec, 5-20; Halifax, 24-32.

Local temperature—Highest, 30° above zero; lowest, 10°.

TODAY'S PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, March 15-1 a.m.—The indications for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region governing the temperature and as far east as Belleville are: Fresh to strong westerly to northwesterly winds; fair, with snow flurries in some localities, turning to a little drizzle.

German Shirts

The best Dress Shirts in the country, with or without collars, all sizes

N. WILSON & CO.

112 Dundas Street,

NEAR TALBOT.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers:

137.....Business Office.

134.....Editorial Rooms.

176.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—The main hall of the Tecumseh House is being refitted.

—The Dragoon Club have issued invitations to their closing ball on April 3.

—Mrs. Malcolm Coleleigh, formerly of this city, is visiting Mrs. George Taylor, of Talbot street.

—Dr. Ferguson's postponed lecture on "Eysenight" will be given in Knox Church this evening.

—Mr. Alex. Tait, of this city, has been called to Mitchell, where his father lies hopelessly ill.

—Rev. Principal Miller, of Huron college, preached in St. James' Church, South London, Friday evening.

—The Bishop of Huron was announced to preach at Thebanic yesterday but his illness prevented him.

—No. 3 G. T. R. express from the east, due about 11:30 a.m. was detained three hours owing to snow Saturday.

—Mr. Sam Griggs, of this city, has subscribed generously to the new Salvation Army barracks fund at Wingham.

—In March, 1890, the number of prisoners in the county jail was 53, while at present only 10 are incarcerated there.

—A little daughter of Mr. Robert Lewis, of Lovett street, died on Friday from scarlet fever. The house has been placarded.

—Rev. W. J. Clark, of the First Presbyterian Church, will deliver a lecture in the Union Presbyterian Church, Brucefield, on March 19.

—Separate School Inspector Donovan is in the city and will remain for a week. This is his first visit since his appointment to the Western district.

—Since the police have assumed control of the shop and vehicle licensing they claim to have collected \$40 more for junk shops than the city ever had before.

—The new brass sliding poles at the Central Fire Station have proved a great convenience and time-saver. Four seconds will suffice to slide from the top story.

—By the recent action of the Police Commissioners Chief Williams will have to look after about one-third of the licenses in the city, including the livery, second-hand, cab and dray licenses. Inspector Bell will look after the remainder of the licenses.

—At a meeting of St. George's Society held on Thursday evening, it was decided to celebrate St. George's Day April 23, by a banquet, and attend divine service the preceding Sunday. A strong committee was appointed to carry out the arrangements.

—There was no business at the Police Court Saturday.

—Residents of the northwestern portion of the city complain that the snow plow did not make a clearance of the sidewalks until 9 o'clock Saturday morning.

—A few sparks from the chimney of a Blackwell's house, 510 York street, caused a slight blaze in the attic Saturday. The fire brigade answered the alarm, but had the trip for nothing.

—Miss L. Race, of London, Ont., who for so many years kept the art store in the Temple of Music, has returned to this city and for the present is visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Wells.—(Pueblo, Col., Chiefman.)

—The special services held every night last week in Wesley Hall will be continued this week, and on Tuesday and Thursday afternoons. Conductor Sailer will be present at some of the meetings, which have hitherto borne good results.

—The lively stock of Mr. John Fletcher was auctioned off Friday and brought a good price, the heaviest purchasers being Messrs. Heston and Perkins, of this city. Mr. Fletcher is going exclusively into the riding school business and will build a stable opposite his old premises on Dundas street.

—C. Irving, Canadian superintendent for Bonnet's, has issued a neatly printed record of business failures in Canada and the States during 1890. The work goes to show, among other things, the increased risk of failure where business is begun without sufficient capital.

—The Macleanian Edinburgh Concert Company has been booked for a performance in this city on Monday, March 22. The company has been in Toronto for three nights, and was given splendid receptions by the large audiences. Admirers of Scotch musical selections should mark the date.

—The Ridgeway Standard says: "We regret to learn that Mr. C. Gamble, the well known photographer, has decided to move to London, and will leave Ridgeway in a month. He is a popular, genial good fellow and a first class artist, thoroughly understanding every branch of his profession. He will be succeeded here by Mr. Norton, of London."

—Mr. W. D. Taylor, of the R. S. Williams Piano Manufacturing Company, London, Ont., has issued an extended visit with Mr. F. A. Wells. Mr. Taylor and Mr. Wells were boys together in the factory about twenty years ago. Mr. Taylor is now a well known and successful manufacturer of Pueblo, Colorado, Chiefman.

—The concert to be held in the Opera House on Monday, March 22, will be patronized, as the talent secured for the occasion and the attractive numbers on the programme will open an evening's enjoyment for the many who are fond of the Irish citizens will doubtless be especially well pleased to hear of Ireland's festival day, a most appropriate reminder of the event.

—The Ottawa correspondent of a Toronto paper telegraphs: "Dr. Roome, M.P. for West Middlesex, is in the city, and it is reported that he is to be given a Government appointment in order to open a constituency in which Mr. Carling, Minister of Agriculture, may present himself. Dr. Roome is here, but the rest of the report is unlikely, as should West Middlesex be represented in the House of Commons, it would be a most appropriate reminder of the event."

—Inspector Bell complains that Chief Williams misrepresented him in the Police Court Friday morning. "It is not my duty to serve summonses," said Mr. Bell, "but if it was I would serve them without grumbling. The Inspector cited was the first occasion when the policeman failed to find the man wanted. There were but five summoned and some of them have already paid up and proceeded against them were withdrawn. It is the chief's duty to attend to the summoning."

—Mr. C. J. Winlow, of the Free Press staff, returned to the city Friday after a few days absence in Ontario. A transformation has been wrought in the popular Charles. While away he deserted the ranks of the bachelors, having become married on Wednesday to Katherine G. Benson, eldest daughter of Mr. J. B. Benson, of that place. A large circle of friends and acquaintances in this city will join in wishing the gentleman and his wife some little long and happy wedded life.

—On Thursday afternoon in St. Andrew's Church Bible class-room, Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Murray, wife of the pastor, was the recipient of an address from the W. F. E. and aid societies, expressing thankfulness for her restoration to health, and as an evidence of the place she occupied in their affections. The address was accompanied by a beautiful basket of flowers. Rev. Mr. Murray replied suitably on behalf of his wife. An excellent supper was served, a large number of the lady workers of the congregation being present.

—Judge Davis began the work of recounting the names of the North Middlesex election at noon Saturday. Candidate Hutchins was attended by Mr. A. B. Aylesworth, Q.C., of Toronto, and E. A. Bayly, Esq., of this city. Mr. T. S. Purdon, Q.C., and Mr. W. McDermid, of Lucas, looked after the interests of Candidate Taylor. The work proceeded slowly, and was not concluded at a late hour in the afternoon. So after seven divisions were counted, an adjournment was made until to-day at noon. As far as counted Mr. Hutchins loses one ballot originally counted.

A High Appointment.

Mr. Lee Bapty, of England, brother of Mr. Harry Bapty, of this city, and who was manager of the grand Edinburgh Exhibition received such universal commendation, has received a significant recognition of his ability by being appointed to take charge of the great Jamaica Exhibition. The commercial press speaks highly of the selection.

Mr. Kilgour's Side.

It was not the fact, as some seem to suppose, that Mr. Kilgour was in the recent Division Court case as a principal. He was there merely as a witness and entitled to protection. He still asserts that Mr. Reedy did use the word "perjury" in reference to him. While he admits that the courtroom was not the place for personal chastisement, he says his Scotch blood could not brook the insult, and he thinks any person of self-respect would have resented it as warmly as he did.

Ontario Underwriters.

At Friday's session of the Underwriters' Association in Toronto, President John Beattie, of Ferris, in the chair, the suggestion brought before the convention on the first day as to the amendment of one of the statutory conditions inserted in insurance policies was again brought before the meeting. It was decided to have a deputation wait upon the Attorney-General and confer with him as to the advisability of striking out the objectionable clause. The deputation appointed waited upon the Premier, Hon. Mr. Hardy and Hon. Mr. Fraser. After having explained the object of their visit, Mr. Mowat said that the statutory conditions that they wished to be amended had been established by the judges, but he thought that a deputation set would relieve their wants and promised to consider the matter and act accordingly. In the afternoon officers for the ensuing year were appointed as follows: President,

ELECTED.

A Handsome Majority.

Friends, voters and Canadians, lend me your ears. "The evil that men do lives after them. The good that men do, never grows beyond the borders of the grave." To come from love of right and home country, come with the thousands that have already marked their ballots, and thus declared that in medicines there are no preferences, no favoritisms, and no choice, save names be it known, reputation, flavor, odor or color, commends itself to the intelligent and only in proportion as it meets the requirements of the particular cases for which it is recommended; for instance, a patient was suffering from pulmonary diseases of long duration and associated with general debility the most suitable preparation for his case would doubtless be an Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. The late Mr. Harkness was in possession of an excellent formula containing the nutritive properties of these popular remedies in their fullest form, very pleasing to the taste and easily digested, and is highly recommended by the medical faculty. In addition to this he was possessed of many other valuable formulas, prominently among which are his Bronchial Syrup for coughs, colds and all spasmodic affections, a specific for Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and all spasmodic aches and pains, and all cases where a liniment is required. Kampoone will be found to have a specific merit. Then there is Harkness' Antibilious Pills, Harkness' Sarsaparilla, and very many other valuable formulas, which our space will not admit of commenting upon here; but we must mention that valuable preparation which has attained so much popularity, not only in the treatment of pulmonary diseases, but in the treatment of all cases of nervous debility or any disease whatever, needs something in the shape of a nutritive tonic to help nature to recuperate. Such a preparation is Harkness' Beef, Iron and Sarsaparilla. It contains the nutritive elements of beef, iron and sarsaparilla, and is a most valuable and effective remedy, and is highly recommended by the medical faculty. It is a most valuable and effective remedy, and is highly recommended by the medical faculty. It is a most valuable and effective remedy, and is highly recommended by the medical faculty.

John Beattie, Ferris; vice-president, G. J. Doyle, Owen Sound; secretary-treasurer, Hugh Black, Rockwood; Executive Committee, D. C. Macdonald, London; C. Davidson, Guelph; J. T. Hobson, Guelph; Chas. Packard, Stratford; and Wm. Turnbull, Brantford; auditors, Seneca Jones, Hamilton, and Isaac D. Smith, London.

The House called to order at 7:30 p.m. The statutory clause was that steam threshers be placed not less than 100 feet from barns, stacks, etc. The convention adjourned to meet in at Owen Sound on Monday, March 23.

London's School Population.

In the Minister of Education's annual report the school population of London is 7,659, with a total number attending of 5,318-2,760 boys and 2,558 girls. The average attendance was 3,191-4 per cent. below the average of Provincial cities. In the Forest City Union is 744 children. Separate school supporters, 422 of whom attend school. The public school enrollment was \$6,234, for the county of Middlesex in 1890, and to London \$1,038, in 1889-90 the London Art School sent 24 pupils up for primary examination, and 20 proficiency certificates were granted in the advance class. There were 22 applicants for certificates and 20 were successful.

An extract is printed in the Minister's report from the report of the late Inspector Doyle on the London schools, which says that the salaries paid the teachers here is small even to the verge of injustice in most cases, and attributes it to the plethora of inspectors looking for positions.

W. C. T. U. Social.

As proof of the heroic quality of the stuff of which temperance women are made, it need only be said that in spite of the fury of the elements a grandly numbered number of the members of the union, accompanied in numerous cases by their husbands and sons, assembled Friday night in the basement of St. Andrew's Church. The proceedings up to 9 o'clock were calculated to remind the observer of a standard sentence in the French grammar: "With the mouth eat, we drink and we talk." It is needless to say that all three processes were greatly enjoyed. The meeting was called to order by Miss Thelma, and the union was then opened by singing by the audience and prayer by Rev. Trotter Carr, there was a solo by Mrs. Hiscott, and a solo by Mr. Murray, which were very well received. Various members of the union were then called upon, each of whom read an interesting item regarding the evils of intemperance or the good done by the union. The evening followed a duet by Miss Hiscott and Miss Courtney. Several bright and pithy speeches were made by gentlemen present—honorary members and others. The enthusiastic letters W. C. T. U. were variously interpreted to mean "Women Constantly Troubling Us," and "We'll G. T. U." The programme, which was a very good one, was closed by a solo by Miss Smythe, thus ending a most enjoyable evening.

An Assurance for the Ladies.

It should prove cheering to the ladies of Canada, when one of their number considers it to be a duty to speak favorably of Paine's Celery Compound, which is conferring benefits and blessings wherever it is used.

A St. John, N. B., lady writes as follows: "For four years I have been a sufferer from nervous debility and dyspepsia. I was also at times troubled with severe headache, which would not allow me to sleep at night. I often went to bed at night weary and worn out, and remained awake until morning. My medical adviser could not give me any permanent relief, and at times I thought life was worthless. Hearing of Paine's Celery Compound, I determined to try what a bottle would do for me. Before I had used the first bottle, I was convinced I had found something that had brought me relief. I kept on using it, and in a month's time I found I could sleep better, my appetite was stronger. Up to this date I have used six bottles, and I consider Paine's Celery Compound worth the efforts of a dozen physicians. I will always be pleased to recommend it to my friends."

The ladies of Canada will surely see that this great remedy is particularly suited for them in all difficulties.

Every housekeeper should use Strong's Baking Powder. Test its merit by securing a free sample package at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas Street. This powder is sold at 25 cents per pound, and is unequalled in purity and strength.

Boys, for the cheapest livery in London try W. Lindsay, Dundas street, London West.

Furniture repaired and re-upholstered, lounges made to order, mattresses made, carpet laying, etc.—Geo. L. DANFORTH, corner Dundas and Wellington streets.

Florida bitter oranges for marmalade. A. Mountray, City Hall.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Mather's glove cleaner. Sold only by J. C. HADLEY, 116 Dundas street, at factory prices; repairing a specialty. M. SCARLE, 47.

WHERE TO BUY FOR SPRING

A PRACTICAL STORY

Divided Into Short Chapters,

WHICH WILL PROVE

Interesting to You!

CHAPTER I.

ON—

SILKS.

10 pieces Pure Silk Black Mervellieux at 50c.

4 pieces Black Pongee Silks at 45c.

8 pieces Black Pure Silk Surahs at 55c.

12 pieces extra heavy Pure Silk Mervellieux at 75c.

18 pieces Colored Pongees at 35c.

18 pieces Colored Surahs at 45c.

32 Shades Colored Bengallines at 45c.

CHAPTER IV.

ON—

TRIMMINGS.

Whether for a dress, a jacket or a hat we have them all in bewildering varieties. We show thousands and thousands of Laces of every conceivable kind, make and fabric at prices less than wholesale. Every intending purchaser should see our new lot of Cimps and Fringes, every width from 1/2 inch to 44 inches, from 10c to \$3 with other prices in between. 23 shades Colored Silk Fringes at 50c a yard.

CHAPTER II.

ON—

Black Dress Goods.

We have tried our best this season to procure something different to what we have ever shown before, and our efforts have been crowned with an assortment of styles and values unapproached by any house in this vicinity.

Black Nuns' Veilings, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c, 27c. Black Grenadines, 46 inch, at 67c; Black Brocades, 46 inch, at 55c; Black Brocades, extra fine, 46 inch, at 80c; 60 pieces, extra value, in Black Henrietta, worth \$1 25, at 80c.

CHAPTER III.

ON—

Colored Dress Goods.

Upon our dress counter can be seen the choicest designs and makes for evening, house and street wear. We would call especial attention to a magnificent range of PolkaDot and Brocade Suitings; only 15 yards of a kind. Another lot is an exceptionally pretty assortment of Check Suitings, at 65c and 75c; also a line of 45-inch all wool, at 50c per yard. 22 Colorings of 45 inch, all wool De-Beige, worth 60c, selling at 48c a yard.

CHAPTER V.

ON—

RIBBONS.

Our variety is too immense to enumerate. Suffice it to say, if you want to match a color come to us; we have it. Our assortment can only be seen by visiting our front counter, where we show:

185 pieces Satin Edge Failles, No. 5, at 5c.

130 1-2 pieces Satin Edge Failles, No. 9, at 7c.

112 pieces extra quality Failles at 10c.

92 3-4 pieces various fancy at 15c.

168 1-2 pieces Double Satin, fancy, No. 5, at 5c.

388 pieces Double Satin, No. 2 at 7c.

72 pieces various fancy, from 40 to 75c.

CHAPTER VI.

ON—

MANTLE CLOTHS.

All our new Spring Goods are now to hand, and will be found to be the correct thing. Cut free of charge and made at lowest prices consistent with good work.

KINGSMILL'S

130 Dundas Street

129, 130 and 132 Carling Street.