Board of Works

THE Maritime Farmer.

AGRICULTURE THE PRIME BASIS OF A NATION'S WEALTH

LORAN C. MACNUTT, Editor and Proprietor. FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1889. VOL. X., NO 21

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure Liver ills and remove all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and your life is saved. One box will do more to purify the blood and ward off sickness than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

WE are prepared to insure all kinds of Insurable Property in the City and County, at the lowest current rates, in any of the following old and MOST RELIABLE Companies:—

THE IMPERIAL, of London, England;
THE NORTHERN, of London, England;
THE ÆTNA, of Hartford;
THE HARTFORD, of Hartford;
THE FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, (Limited) of London, England;
THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited) of London, England;
"THE MUTUAL LIFE," of New York.

Representing in Capital and Assets upwards of $100,000,000

Detached Dwellings and their contents in Town and Country, insured on the THREE YEARS plan, at very low rates. In case of loss, a FAIR and satisfactory adjustment guaranteed, and the amount PROMPTLY PAID.

BLACK & HAZEN, Agents.

MONEY TO LOAN On Real Estate security at low rate of interest. BLACK & HAZEN.

New York Life Insurance Co'y,

ESTABLISHED 1845.

Condition January 1st, 1888:

Cash Assets,	$83,079,845.00
Surplus,	11,846,793.00
Annual Income,	23,052,787.00
New Risks Assumed,	106,749,295.00
otal Risks in force,	358,935,536.00

H. A. AUSTIN,
General Agent for N. B.

HENRY G. ESTEY,
Agent for York County.

L. P. LaFOREST

Offers BARGAINS in all lines of his business.

TINWARE

in all lines a specialty.

FURNACES AND PLUMBING,

of all kinds. Prompt and satisfactory work guaranteed.

Phœnix Square, North Side, Fredericton

NOTICE.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES R. HOWIE,

Practical Tailor.

I BEG to inform my numerous patrons, that I have just opened out a very large and well selected stock of NEW SPRING CLOTHS, consisting of English, Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suitings. Fine Corkscrew and Diagonal Suitings, Light and Dark Spring Overcoatings, and all the latest designs and patterns in Fancy Trouserings from which I am prepared to make up in FIRST CLASS STYLE, according to the latest New York Spring and Summer Fashions, and guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

PRICES MODERATE.

Mens' Furnishing Department

My stock of Mens' Furnishing Goods cannot be excelled. It consists of Hard and Soft Hats of English and American make, in all the novelties and Staple Styles for Spring Wear. White and Regatta Shirts, Linen Collars, Silk Handkerchiefs, Braces, Merino Underwear, Hosiery and well selected assortment of Fancy Ties and Scarfs, in all the latest patterns of English and American designs

☞ Rubber Clothing a specialty.

JAS. R. HOWIE,

192 Queen St., Fredericton.

BURDOCK PILLS

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

D. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS. SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

HARD COAL.

500 Tons

BEST ANTHRACITE COAL,

in Broken Stove and Chestnut sizes.

200 Tons

Best Sydney Coal

200 Tons Joggins House Coal.

E. H. ALLEN,
18 Regent Street.

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

BROWNE'S Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips, at NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

THE ENTERPRISE MEAT CHOPPER at NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

THE LITTLE GIANT MEAT CUTTER at NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE

Fredericton, November, 28.

DAVIS'

DRUG STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER returning thanks for the liberal patronage of the past, and soliciting a continuance of the same, takes this opportunity of informing the public that he is in a better position than ever before to supply them with everything in his line. His stock comprises all the leading

PATENT MEDICINES,

PURE DRUGS,

Fancy Goods, Fancy Articles,

HAVANA CIGARS,

PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS

—AND—

SPICES,

Diamond Dyes and Diamond Stuffs of all Kinds.

Hair, Cloth and Tooth Brushes,

and everything to be found in a first-class drug-store. The Dispensing of Physicians Prescriptions receives my personal attention, and nothing but Pure Drugs used in compounding.

☞ REMEMBER THE OLD STAND.

GEORGE H. DAVIS',

DRUG STORE,

Cor. Queen and Regent Sts.

FREDERICTON.

November 28,

WILEY'S

DRUG STORE,

196 QUEEN STREET.

Sponges;
Sponge Bags;
Mirrors;
Hair Brushes;
Combs;
Florida Water;
Perfumes;

—JUST RECEIVED BY—

JOHN M. WILEY,

Opposite Normal School.

October 17

CHEAP CLOTHING.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT for Men, Youths, Boys and Children all sizes from 5 years upward, best valued ever offered,

Child's Suits from.....	$1.40	to	$3.00
Boys " "	2.00	"	4.00
Youths " "	3.00	"	6.50
Mens " "	5.00	"	12.00

Bargains in Overcoats.
Bargains in Coats, Pants, and Vests.
Bargains in Jumpers and Overalls.

All Clothing made up in latest styles equal to best custom work, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Inspection Invited.

SIMON NEALIS.

Best of All

Cough medicines, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is in greater demand than ever. No preparation for Throat and Lung Troubles is so prompt in its effects, so agreeable to the taste, and so widely known, as this. It is the family medicine in thousands of households.

"I have suffered for years from a bronchial trouble that, whenever I take cold or am exposed to inclement weather, shows itself by a very annoying tickling sensation in the throat and by difficulty in breathing. I have tried a great many remedies, but none does so well as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which always gives prompt relief in returns of my old complaint."—Ernest A. Hepler, Inspector of Public Roads, Parish Terre Bonne, La.

"I consider Ayer's Cherry Pectoral a most important remedy

For Home Use.

I have tested its curative power, in my family, many times during the past thirty years, and have never known it to fail. It will relieve the most serious affections of the throat and lungs, whether in children or adults."—Mrs. E. G. Edgerly, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

"Twenty years ago I was troubled with a disease of the lungs. Doctors afforded me no relief and considered my case hopeless. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, before I had finished one bottle, found relief. I continued to take this medicine until a cure was effected. I believe that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—Samuel Griggs, Waukegan, Ill.

"Six years ago I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and soon developed all the alarming symptoms of Consumption. I had a cough, night sweats, bleeding of the lungs, pains in chest and sides, and was so prostrated as to be confined to my bed most of the time. After trying various prescriptions, without benefit, my physician finally determined to give me Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took it, and the effect was magical. I seemed to rally from the first dose of this medicine, and, after using only three bottles, am as well and sound as ever."—Rodney Johnson, Springfield, Ill.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry.
500 PAGE BOOK on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

NOS.—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation.
A. A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B. B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D. D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E. E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F. F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G. G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H. H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I. I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J. K.—Diseases of Digestion.

Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Witch Hazel Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Price, Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - .60
Sold by Druggists; or Sent Prepaid on Receipt of Price.
Wells & Richardson Co., Agents, 64 McGill St., Montreal.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Wells & Richardson Co., Agents, 64 McGill Street Montreal.

BEST ON EARTH
SURPRISE SOAP
THE GREAT SELF WASHER TRY IT

Send 33 Surprise or Sun Foam wrappers to us and get either the beautiful picture or 3 doz. Surprise lead pencils. A marvel of economy in time, labor and money. Ask your Grocer for SURPRISE Soap and take no other. The St. Croix Soap Mf'g Co., St. Stephen, N. B.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 97 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

SECRETS OF LIFE SENT FREE

A Private Treatise and Adviser in five languages; 24 illustrations. To young men only, and those contemplating marriage should not fail to send for it.
DR. LUCAS' PRIVATE DISPENSARY,
68 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

☞ OVER 3,000,000 people believe that it pays best to buy Seeds of the largest and most reliable house, and they use

Ferry's Seeds

D. M. FERRY & CO. are acknowledged to be the Largest Seedsmen in the world. D. M. FERRY & Co's Illustrated, Descriptive and Priced SEED ANNUAL For 1889 Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last year's customers without ordering it. Invaluable to all. Every person using Garden, Field or Flower Seeds should send for it. Address

Earliest Cauliflower in existence.

D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

Miscellaneous

ADVICE.

Marry not for riches, lest they vanish in an hour;
Marry not for beauty, 'tis but a fading flower;
Marry not if sickly, better ever wait;
Marry not too youthful, marry not too late;
Marry not the one too short, nor the one too tall;
If you're truly happy single, marry not at all!

The people who never get right in this world are those who get left.

Pleasant as Syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The great worm destroyer of the age.

Happiness is often at our side and we pass her by; misfortune is far off and we rush to meet her.

Leading physicians recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Old and young take it with perfect safety. It cleanses the blood, strengthens the nerves, and vitalizes the system. Popular experience has long placed this medicine at the head of tonic alternatives.

The present is a bright spec between the darkness of the future and the twilight of the past.

A man with a new idea cannot be too careful with it. It may get away from him and become original with some one else.

PREMONITIONS OF APPROACHING DANGER, in the shapetof digestive weakness, lassitude, inactivity of the kidneys, pains in the region of the liver and shoulder blades, mental depression coupled with headache, furred tongue, vertigo, should not be disregarded. Use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, and avert the peril to health. It removes all impurities and gives tone to the whole system.

This is a very obliging and accommodating world at times regarding money. When a man wants a little it offers no objection—it lets him want.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address.

Respectfully,
DR. T. A. SLOCUM,
Toronto, Ont. 37 Yonge Street.

Lady—who has just discovered that she has been sitting on a newly-painted seat—"Oh, dear, there's all the paint come off on to my dress." Painter—"Never mind; it don't matter, mam. I can soon paint the seat again."

The Experience of Mrs. Peters.

Mrs. Peters had ills,
Mrs. Peters had chills,
Mrs. Peters was sure she was going to die;
They dosed her with pills,
With powders and squills,
With remedies wet, and with remedies dry.
Many medicines lured her,
But none of them cured her.
Their names and their number nobody could tell;
And she soon might have died,
But some "Pellets" were tried,
That acted like magic, and then she got well.

The magic "Pellets" were Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets (the original Little Liver Pills). They cured Mrs. Peters, and now she wouldn't be without them.

"You are much taller than you were a year ago," said a gentleman to a friend. "Yes; I have reformed; that makes me taller." "And how is that?" "Well, as I have reformed, I have become necessarily more upright."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Acuated by this motive add a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp naming this paper W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*—1 yr., eow.

An English paper says that the magnitude of the rabbit pest in Australia and New Zealand may be estimated from the fact that up to the present time 70,000,000 rabbit skins have been exported from New Zealand alone. The destruction necessary to secure these skins has not perceptably lessened the number of rabbits.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents,—I certify that MINARD'S LINIMENT cured my daughter of a severe and what appeared to be a fatal attack of diphtheria after all other remedies had failed, and recommend it to all who may be afflicted with that terrible disease.

JOHN D. BOUTILIER.
French Village, Jan'y, 1883.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents,—I suffered for seven years from bronchitis. Nothing gave me relief till I tried MINARD'S HONEY BALSAM. Six bottles made a complete cure, and I firmly believe it to be the best cough mixture made.

JAS. F. VANBUSKIRK.
Fredericton, July, 1887.

A dentist says he had an odd experience the other day. A man came into his office and told him he wanted a tooth pulled. After he had been seated in the dentist's chair he said:—"Now, don't pull it all at once; pull it a little, then ease up on it, and punish the pesky thing, punish it—it has been punishing me for a month."

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflamation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. Feb. 1, 1y.

Nothing takes the conceit out of an adoring young man like a pretty girl, and nothing inspires conceit in a pretty girl so much as an adoring young man.

ANOTHER MONTE CRISTO.

Colonel North, the Nitrate King, Gives a Wonderful Ball in London.

A very remarkable ball was given at the Hotel Metropole, London, Friday night. It was not only remarkable in size and lavish expenditure, the cost being $40,000, but it furthermore punctuated strongly the gradual rise of finance in England over the old aristocracy. It was given by Colonel John T. North, familiarly known as the Nitrate King. Colonel North is a Yorkshire boy who went out to South America some twenty years ago and saw an opportunity. To-day he is the most talked of man in England. He is worth from forty to sixty millions of dollars, and lately has been using his knowledge of the stock market to better the fortunes of certain well-known people. Lord Randolph Churchill was the first to benefit from Col. North's power, and his profits are variously named in the tens of thousands. Lord Randolph arranged a dinner lately, at which Col. North met the Prince of Wales, and the result is that Wales was given 2000 shares in a late allotment of new stock, which now stands at $35, making $350,000 for the heir apparent. As the Prince has lately been selling off the stock at Sandringham on an economical basis, the money is perhaps timely.

These circumstances and the extent to which various members of the aristocracy have profited lately in stock ventures lent unusual interest to the ball. The Colonel, whose delight it is to be lavish, hired everything in the Hotel Metropole that was vacant. The Whitehall suit of ball-rooms, reception-rooms, etc., was added to by 100 bed-rooms for country guests. There were 1400 invitations and 1400 guests, ranging in the social scale from the old aristocracy to popular theatrical people. It was mixed to the last degree, but, being a fancy dress ball, all social lines were lost. Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill ruled the occasion and Arthur Roberts, a grotesque actor of the Avenue Theatre, made the fun. The whole first floor of the hotel was used and the refreshment rooms before supper vied with the grand salon itself. Champagne flowed like spring water. All the waiters and hotel employees were in fancy dress at Colonel North's expense, and nothing so strange in attendance and lavish outlay has been seen in London since a similar ball given by Lord Rothschild.

It was generally expected that the Prince of Wales would be there. He did not come, however, and the general opinion was that he is ungrateful. His absence made little difference in the fun, however, and the costumes, rooms and accessories simply beggared discription. Colonel North was in Henry VIII costume and took Lady Randolph Churchill, who wore a costume of black lace, covered with diamonds, and a blazing diamond star on her forehead, into dinner. Lord Randolph took in Mrs. North, who was in a pompadour costume, which was also magnificent. The ball lasted until 5.30 A. M., and is the talk of the town.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION

To Chamberlain and his Bride at Birmingham.

The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain and his bride, formerly Miss Endicott of Boston, were given a cordial greeting by the people of Birmingham on the night of the 8th inst. The reception to the distinguished couple was held in the town hall, which had been converted into a salon and beautifully decorated. The gathering was a large and representative one. Until the arrival of the guests of the evening, the time was occupied in listening to a concert and viewing the presents intended for the bride, for which the citizens of Birmingham had subscribed £700. The entrance of Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain, who were accompanied by Mr. Chamberlain's sons and daughter, Lady Mandeville and others, was the signal for great cheering, which was again and again renewed, the organist meanwhile playing a wedding march. Handsome bouquets were presented to Mrs. Chamberlain, who was greatly pleased at the heartiness of the reception, and repeatedly bowed her acknowledgments. The bride was dressed in pink satin and her ornaments were diamonds and sapphires. The presentation of the wedding gifts and accompanying addresses followed. The gifts consisted of a pearl necklet, with a diamond clasp from the citizens and a brilliant diamond brooch containing 55 gems in the shape of a six-pointed star, the gift of the women of Birmingham.

Mr. Chamberlain in replying to the addresses, said they surpassed his expectations in the warmth of their greeting to his wife, whose ancestors left England over 250 years ago. Although he neither hoped nor expected to lessen her love for the country of her birth, he knew that she was prepared to take up life among them in all its fullness and that she would say with Ruth: "Thy people shall be my people." Referring to the feeling of kinship with America expressed in the address just presented, he said that that was no new feeling in Birmingham. At the time of America's greatest trial—the crisis of the Union—the eloquent voice of John Bright, was raised again and again in that very hall to defend the integrity of the republic. The same feeling permeated the whole country. It was now admitted on all hands that a serious quarrel with America would be the greatest national calamity. Differences were certain to arise from time to time, but the democracies of both countries were determined that they should be amicably arranged. He was glad to say that even that august body, the American Senate, had nothing to say about his private negotiations, which his hearers had just ratified by their presence. He again tendered his own and his wife's heartfelt thanks for their kindly reception and beautiful gifts. When Mr. Chamberlain and his wife took their departure, the crowd that had been waiting outside the hall cheered them enthusiastically.

The Salvation Army in India.

I had a visit from Major Tucker of the Salvation Army, says the Bombay correspondent of *Christian World*, who appears to be making an experiment in Bombay which, if it succeeds, will revolutionize missionary work in India. He has placed under Major Ajest Singh 60 European and 10 native missionaries, and as soon as the Europeans have acquired the language a determined effort will be made to evangelize Bombay. These "Salvation" heroes and heroines have thrown up all earthly affairs, and have devoted themselves heart and soul to their work. They receive no wages. They live upon bread, curry and rice, tea being their only luxury. They wear the native dress, and go barefoot, begging their curry and rice from door to door, a course of action, which they contend, enables them to get at the people as in no other way. The average yearly cost to the Salvation Army is about £5 per head per annum. The average cost of a Protestant missionary has hitherto been about £400 a year. It is impossible to doubt the consecrated self-denial of these men and women, whatever opinion may be held as to their wisdom. So far the other missions have failed to get together 1,000 communicants in all the city of Bombay, with its population of nearly a million.

Public Speakers, Actors and Vocalists find, and state that *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* relieves hoarseness and irritation in the throat better than remedies specially advertised to relieve that difficulty. This Oil has a wide scope, since it cures external hurts, corns, sores, frost-bite, piles, and a variety of other unhealthy conditions.

York Municipal Council.

Opening of the January Session.

(*Continued from last week.*)

(By our own Reporter.)

The committee appointed to examine the Sec'y-Treas. accounts, reported: That they have had before them the accounts for the fiscal year ending 30th November, 1888, and also a statement of the receipts and expenditures in detail from that date up to and including 14th of January, 1889, with vouchers for all payments. Your committee find the balance on hand Nov. 30th last, as stated in the Auditor's report, to be..... $488 10

and the amount of money received by the Sec'y-Treas. from 30th Nov., 1888, to Jan. 14th, according to the statement submitted, to be.. 3,518 63

Which together amount to.. $4,006 73

The payments from 30th November, 1888, to January 14th, 1889, as per statement submitted, amount to..... 1,757 05

Leaving a balance of... $2,249 68 in favor of the Municipality on January 14th, 1889, the said balance being made up as follows:—

Cash in Peoples Bank to the credit of Sec'y-Treas., on Jan. 14th, 1889, as per certificate of the Cashier.... $2,089 37

Amounts paid twice by mistake and to be refunded to County..... 78 40

Cash in hands of Secretary-Treasurer..... 81 91

$2,249 68

Respectfully submitted,

LUKE LAWSON,
JOHN MOWATT,
DAVID CROPLEY,
THOS. H. COLTER,
A. A. NASON.

On motion of Coun. Rowley, seconded by Coun. Fullerton, the report was adopted.

Coun. Jamieson submitted a report on behalf of the assessment committee, recommending that the following amounts be assessed on the County for 1889:

Railway Debentures....	$900 00
Contingencies.....	3,000 00
Making in all.....	$3 900 00

Coun. Scott moved, and Coun. Ebbett seconded, that the report be adopted. Carried.

On motion of Coun Rowley, seconded by Coun. Goodspeed, it was ordered that $500 be assessed on the parish of St. Marys for the support of the poor for the present year.

Coun. Sloat moved, seconded by Coun. Burtt, that the name of Thomas Morris, as appearing in the report of 1885, as well as the name of Robert Haines, in the report of 1874—both of Bright—be struck out of the report, and that a copy of this resolution be handed to the Auditor. Carried.

Coun. Graham moved, and Coun. Henry seconded, that the assessors and collectors of Prince William receive five per cent. for assessing and collecting, and making out road list; and that $21 be paid the assessors for extra work in 1887 and 1888. Carried.

On motion of Coun. McElroy, seconded by Coun. Cropley, the list of parish officers for North Lake was confirmed.

Coun. Fisher moved, seconded by Coun. Nason, that the collector of New Maryland receive five per cent. for collecting school and county rates for 1889; and that the assessors receive three per cent. for assessing school and county rates, and two per cent for road tax. Carried.

Coun. Fullerton moved, and Coun. Hinchey seconded, that $350 be added to the assessment of Stanley for the support of the poor for this year, and that smaller sums be added for other purposes set forth in the resolution. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Fullerton, seconded by Coun. Hinchey, the Stanley list of parish officers was confirmed.

On motion of Coun. Nason, seconded by Coun. Fisher, $1 was added to the assessment for New Maryland for parish clerk for the ensuing year.

Coun. Fullerton moved that the Assessors of Stanley receive four per cent for assessing, and that the collectors receive five per cent—not to include road tax. Carried.

The Audit Committee reported as follows:—

In Peoples' Bank to credit of County on January 14th, 1889, according to certificate received by us from cashier, the sum of $2,089 37. In the hands of Sec'y-Treasurer in cash the sum of $187 14, making a total to the credit of County of $2,276 51.

LUTHER GOODSPEED,
JOHN MOWATT,
FRANK BIRD.

On motion of Coun. McElroy, seconded by Coun. Hinchey, the report was adopted.

Coun. Colter moved, and Coun. Rowley seconded, the following resolution:

Whereas, by the provision of the law as it now stands, the Municipality of York has to pay the expenses of Coroners' inquests held in the City of Fredericton, as well as in the County of York;

And Whereas, it appears to the County that the City of Fredericton should pay the expenses of inquests held in the City of Fredericton;

Therefore Resolved, that the Sec'y-Treas. be directed to prepare a bill to be submitted at the next session of the Legislature, to regulate the expenses in regard to Coroner's inquests, so that the City of Fredericton pay the expenses upon persons found dead within the said city, and the county the expense of inquests on those found dead within the limits of the county. Carried.

Coun. Colter moved, seconded by Coun. Rowley, the following:

Whereas, by reference to the Public Accounts, it appears that the expenses of lunatics from the city and county has to be defrayed by the county;

And Whereas, it is fair and reasonable that the City of Fredericton should defray the expenses connected with the lunatics in its jurisdiction;

Therefore Resolved, that this Council ask our Sec'y-Treas. to prepare a bill and so frame it, and cause it to be laid before the next session of the legislature asking that honorable body to pass an act to compel the City of Fredericton to pay their share of the expenses of all lunatics sent from their jurisdiction. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Cropley, seconded by Coun. McElroy, it was resolved that $206 be assessed upon North Lake—$200 of the amount being for the support of the poor.

Coun. Rowley moved that William Wilson, M. P. P., be re-elected Sec'y-Treasurer, seconded by Coun. Cropley and carried unanimously.

Coun. Fisher moved and Coun. Nason seconded that Mr. John Black be re-appointed Auditor. Carried unanimously.

On motion of Coun. Sloat, seconded by Coun. McElroy, Mr. Peter Haining was re-appointed constable and janitor.

On motion of Coun. Lawson, seconded by Coun. Jamieson, the Parish list of officers for Canterbury, was confirmed.

On motion of Coun. Mowatt, seconded by Coun. Little, it was resolved that $134 be assessed upon Manners-Sutton, $125 of the amount being for the support of the poor.

Coun. Rowley moved, seconded by Coun. Goodspeed, that the St. Mary's list of Parish officers be confirmed. Carried.

Coun. Mowatt moved and Coun. Little seconded, that the Assessors of Manners-Sutton receive 3 per cent for assessing poor and county taxes, $150 each for assessing road tax, also that four per cent be assessed for collecting poor and county and school taxes. Collectors to receive same as last year. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Fisher seconded by Coun. Nason, the New Maryland list of Parish officers was confirmed.

Coun. Murray moved seconded by Coun. Essensea, the adoption of the Kingsclear list of Parish officers. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Murray, seconded by Coun. Essensea, it was decided to assess Kingsclear $400 for the support of poor; that the collectors receive four per cent; and the Assessors five per cent.

On motion of Coun. Graham seconded by Coun. Henry, the list of Parish officers for Prince William was confirmed.

Coun. Ebbett moved seconded by Coun. Scott, the adoption of the Dumfries list of Parish officers. Carried.

Coun. Jamieson moved that the Assessors of Canterbury receive three per cent. and the collectors five per cent. Seconded by Coun. Lawson and carried.

On motion of Coun. Cropley, seconded by Coun. McElroy, it was decided to pay the assessors and collectors five per cent.

Coun. Colter on behalf of the Committee on Public Buildings, reported: That the expenditure on the public buildings for the past year has been much less than the year previous, and it would not have been so large if it had not been for the Board of Health ordering certain work to be done on the cess pools, vaults and sinks of the Jail, which the Board are authorized to do by law. That your committee see no reason why the expenditure for the coming year should not be less. In addition to the Chairman, Councillors Goodspeed and Little signed the report.

On motion of Coun. Fisher seconded by Coun. Fullerton, the report was adopted.

The following communication was received from Government House:—

"Lady Tilley would be very much gratified if the County Councillors could make it convenient to go through the Hospital at 12 o'clock to-day. As there have been several patients from the county, possibly they would like to know how they have been cared for. Lady Tilley will be happy to show them them through the Hospital, and explain any matters they would like to know. An answer will oblige."

On motion of Coun. Sloat, seconded by Coun Colter, it was decided to accept the invitation of Lady Tilley.

Coun. Sloat moved, seconded by Coun. Bird, that John Sharp, commissioner of highways of Bright, pay Mrs. Allen Pickard $1.60, being an over assessment for roads in 1887 and 1888. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Jamieson, seconded by Coun. Lawson, it was resolved that the following amount be assessed on the Parish of Canterbury $225 in support of poor, and $5 for parish clerk.

Coun. Pinder moved and Coun. Lockhard seconded the adoption of a by-law relating to the polling districts in Southampton for the election of County Councillors. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Burtt, seconded by Coun. Colter, the Douglas list of parish officers was confirmed.

Coun. Bird moved, seconded by Coun. Sloat, the adoption of the Parish list of officers for Bright.

Coun. Sloat moved, seconded by Coun. Bird, that Moses Mitchell of Bright, be refunded the amount of his assessment less his poll tax being made on him for 1888—he being not the owner. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Lockhard, seconded by Coun. Pinder, the Southampton list of Parish officers was confirmed.

Moved by Coun. Henry, seconded by Coun. Graham, that $70 be assessed upon Prince William for support of the poor, and $10 for contingencies. Carried.

On motion of Coun, Jamieson, seconded by Coun. Lawson, a bye-law was conformed relating to the running at large of cattle in the parish of Canterbury.

A letter was read from Dr. Currie asking the Council to take steps to appoint a Board of Health.

Coun. Lawson from the public accounts, presented a report, recommending the payment of a number of bills. On motion of Coun. Murray, seconded by Coun. Jamieson, the report was received and adopted.

Coun. Sloat moved, seconded by Coun. Bird, that the bills for all expenses incurred by Parish officers for Bright for extra services, for which the committee does not provide remuneration, be not paid by the Sec'y-Treasurer until after they be presented to the committee on public accounts in items and ordered to be paid by this council. Carried.

On motion of Coun. McElroy, seconded by Coun. Jamieson, it was ordered that the Sec'y-Treasurer be authorized to advanced $75 to the overseers of the poor for North Lake out of the county funds in his hands, and charge the same to the Parish of North Lake.

Coun. Murray moved at the request of the Warden, and in the absence of Coun. Murch, that the Queensbury list of Parish officers be accepted. The motion was seconded by Coun. Pinder and carried.

Moved by Coun. Murray seconded by Coun. Pinder, that the Assessors of Queensbury receive 5 per cent. and the collectors 4 per cent. Carried.

Coun. Bird moved seconded by Coun. Sloat, that $150 be assessed on Bright for the support of the poor, and that the Assessors receive 4 per cent. and the collectors 5 per cent. Carried.

The committee appointed to examine into the accounts of the late Alexander Hay, Collector of Manners-Sutton, reported: That the returns being incomplete, the committee had no data to show how much poor and county moneys the said collector had not properly accounted for. The committee find that there is a small amount of wild land tax to be accounted for, which it would be very difficult to collect on account of the death of Collector Hay, and to attempt to collect from the bondsmen, would cost more than the amount at stake. The committee, therefore recommended that all reference to the accounts of the late Alex. Hay be struck from the Auditor's report. Adopted.

A letter was read from Mayor Hazen enclosing the resolutions passed at the citizens meeting *re* the Short Line, and asking the co-operation of the Council in the matter.

The resolutions having been read, it was moved by Coun. Colter, seconded by Coun. Henry, that the Council heartily concur in the resolutions. Carried

Coun. Pinder moved, seconded by Coun. Lockhard, that $100 be assessed upon Southampton for the support of the poor, and $100 for other purposes. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Burtt, seconded by Coun. Colter, it was ordered that $175 be assessed upon Douglas for the support of the poor and $25 for other purposes; also that the assessors of the Parish receive 3 per cent, and the collector's 5 per cent.

Coun. Rowley moved, seconded by Coun. Burtt, that the Sec'y-Treasurer be instructed not to pay any bills that are chargeable to the County without being signed by the chairman of the Department that the said bills are chargeable to. Carried.

Coun. Jamieson submitted a supplementary report from the Assessment Committee, recommending that $2,400 be assessed to pay railway debentures falling due this year.

Coun. Colter moved, seconded by Coun. Burtt, the adoption of the report.

On motion of Coun. Pinder, seconded by Coun. Lockhard, it was resolved that the assessment be not increased beyond the $1,500—amount of the sinking fund.

On motion of Coun. Jamieson, seconded by Coun. Fisher, the question of appointing a Board of Health was postponed till next meeting.

Committees were appointed as follows:—

Public Buildings—Colter, Goodspeed and Little.

Administration of Justice—Pinder, Sloat and Fisher.

Audit—Rowley, Hinchey and McElroy.

Printing—Sloat, Nason and Essensea.

On motion of Coun. Bird, seconded by Coun. Sloat, it was ordered that the Sec'y Treasurer be instructed to procure from Mr. T. G. Loggie a statement of the quantity of Wild Land liable to assessment for Wild Land tax in Bright.

A communication was read from York County inmates of the Victoria Hospital asking the Council for a grant in aid of that institution.

On motion of Coun. Pinder seconded by Coun. Rowley, it was resolved that the Sec'y-Treasurer prepare a bill enabling the Council to vote a sum not exceeding $200 a year in aid of the Hospital. Carried.

Coun. Goodspeed moved, seconded by Coun. Rowley, that the assessors of St. Marys receive 2 per cent, and the collectors 4½ per cent. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Bird, seconded by Coun. Sloat, a by-law passed establishing an additional polling place in the Parish of Bright.

On motion of Coun. Goodspeed, seconded by Coun. Rowley, the name of Ebenezer Johnson was added to the list of constables for St. Marys.

On motion of Coun. Colter, seconded by Coun. Burtt, a former resolution on the subject was rescinded, and it was ordered that Douglas be assessed $400 for the support of the poor, and $25 for the other purposes; also that the assessors be assessed 3 per cent. and the collectors 5 per cent.

DIPHTHERIA.

"Last January," says J. N. Teeple of Orwell, Ont., "there appeared diphtheria in our neighborhood. Doctors ran night and day, but I kept right to Hagyard's Yellow Oil and brought my children through all right." Yellow Oil cures all painful complaints and injuries.

A bullet fired into a Tennessee negro who was stealing a pig struck him in the right arm, ran up to his shoulder, passed down to the left side, twisted around two ribs and dropped at his feet.

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., January 23, 1889

The Electric Light Question.

At the elections for Aldermen in the different Wards on the 28th inst., a plebiscite or popular vote will be taken on the question of lighting the city by electric light. Each elector on coming to the polls will be asked if he will approve of an increased assessment for the purpose of street lighting, and according to his answer he will be recorded as voting yea or nay. In this matter, a great responsibility rests upon the electors, and it will be well if they intelligently and carefully consider the facts of the case. The present cost of lighting the streets by gas is about $1,200 a year. For this sum, a gas lamp is placed at every corner, and in some cases in the middle of the blocks. Early last spring the City Council asked for tenders for lighting the streets by electric light, and the lowest tender received for twenty-eight 2000 candle power lights was $1,985 per year. The twenty-eight lights would give a light at about every other corner. For instance, on Queen street there would be lights at the corners, say of Regent, York, and Northumperland streets, and so on throughout the city. The main question for consideration by the electors is, if they think it necessary to have an increased assesment for streets lighting, and if so, if in their opinion, twenty-eight electric lights will give as general a diffusion of light throughout the city as the gas lights now do. The way in which the City Council last year viewed the matter was, that twenty-eight lights would not give satisfaction, and that such pressure and influence would be exerted by ratepayers in certain localities in the city that twelve or fifteen additional lights would have to be added, thus increasing the assessment for street lighting over what it is at present by $1,800, or $2,000 a year.

The matter is one in which the citizens should give a general expression of opinion on the 28th instant.

Dismissed.

The office of collector of customs at Halifax, is vacant, Hon. Wm. Ross who has held the position for thirteen years having been dismissed for permitting an American schooner to tranship her cargo of fresh fish from Halifax to the United States, against the regulations of the department of customs under the treaty rights. The deliverance of the Minister of Customs concludes with the recommendation that Collector Ross be called upon to forward his resignation as Collector of Customs at the port of Halifax, he having shown that he cannot be safely entrusted with the management of the important position—a position especially requiring under the present state of the fishery question, the greatest judgment, caution and discretion.

Ross is a native of Cape Breton and is 63 years old. He sat in the Nova Scotia Assembly for Victoria from 1859 till the union, and from that time in the commons, until he retired from political life. He was Minister of Militia in the McKenzie Government. The collectorship was worth $3,000 a year.

"It pays to hold a brief from Mr. Mercier," says the *Empire*. "Mr. Langelier went to argue the crossing case on behalf of Quebec at the Supreme Court, and by the official report of the proceedings we find that when the Chief Justice asked him if he had anything to say, his reply was:

"No, your Lordship, I have nothing to add to what my learned friends have said."

By our Quebec despatches this morning it appears that the Premier is going to pay him $3,000 for his services. Of course it is the people's money, and Mr. Mercier can afford to be generous; but three thousand dollars for fifteen words, or two hundred dollars per word!"

The *Gleaner* abuses Capt. Howe, the late Scott Act Inspector, and says he showed political partizanship in the administration of his office. Is it not possible that our contemporary labors under the impression that it was Inspector Howe who laid the information against its alleged editor's drug store?

POLITICAL STABBING.

(Special to the Daily Telegraph.)

FREDERICTON, Jan. 22—In view of the reports of a pending general Dominion election, the *Gleaner* of this evening renews its attacks upon Attorney General Blair. Among other things it says:—"Mr. Temple hoped, through Mr. Blair's manipulations, to be elevated to the Senate some time before the expiration of the natural life of the present parliament, but later than next summer; a vacancy was to be made for him by the resignation of either one of the three senators. Senator Odell was to be first consulted, and in the event of his declining to accept the position or the offer of money, a Senator from Sunbury was to be offered $5,000 to resign. Failing in this another New Brunswick Senator was to be approached with the same offer. It was confidently expected that one of the three would take the bait. The vacancy thus made in York, Mr. Blair was to have been the Tory candidate with a portfolio or an independent candidate with a substantial promise of a portfolio at an early day."

The *Gleaner* in the same article also says: "In the meantime, however, Mr. Blair's prospects for Ottawa as a Tory are not as bright as he would like them to be, or as promising as he believed them to be when he coolly sacrificed the Liberals of York during the bribery prosecution." The persistency with which the *Gleaner* and the certain clique associated with it are using the Attorne-General's name, as having committed himself to an alliance with the Conservative party, seems to have grown more out of a determination on the part of these people, if possible, to get him out of the way of the twice defeated candidate than from any evidence in anybody's possession of a change really having occurred in Mr. Blair's opinions. He may not be considered, and is not, in sympathy with that section of the party which favors annexation or the belittling of Canada, and he has manifested at all times since his leadership of the present local government a disposition to treat both parties who may be supporting him in a fair spirit, and has not allowed his official position to be used for partisan purposes in a dominion sense.

The above quotations from the *Gleaner's* article contain a tissue of misrepresentations. In the first place Mr. Blair has not been directly or indirectly in communication with any member of the Senate to procure a vacancy in that body to which Mr. Temple might be elevated, nor has he been manipulating with a view to bringing about Mr. Temple's resignation and his own election to the Commons. His most intimate friends affirm that he has no desire to exchange his present position either for a seat in the Commons or in the Dominion Cabinet, and that neither the *Gleaner* nor those who are behind it are able to point to a single act of his in support of their repeated misstatements.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

A Summary of Foreign, Dominion, and Provincial Happenings.

Gathered from every Quarter.

The Haldimand election takes place January 30th.

John Grant has been re-elected mayor of Victoria, B. C.

The Montreal Carnival opens Feb. 4th, and continues five days.

Neven, liberal, was elected to the Commons last week in Joliette, Quebec, by 144 majority.

O'Connor, the Toronto sculling champion, and Gaudaur, are matched for a race at San Francisco, March 1st.

Lieut. Hon. E. Stanley and his bride are expected to arrive in Canada during the Montreal carnival week.

LeCanadien charges Geo. Stewart, junior editor of the Quebec *Chronicle*, with being a literary impostor and pirate.

Mrs. Wesley Gerow of Rossmore, Ontario, accidentally smothered her four months old baby whilst driving one day last week.

J. N. Sheffield, the pullman car superintendent of the C. P. R., who was shot by Chandler in Montreal, still lives and may possibly recover.

J. B. Lynch of the audit office, Ottawa, formerly of Woodstock, and son of B. Lynch of that town, has been appointed accountant of the department of agriculture.

James Potter, who recently died at Bear River, Annapolis, made all arrangements for his funeral years ago. His burial dress and coffin awaited his demise many years.

While Charles Anderson of London, Ont., was emptying a tin of ashes a sudden breeze blew a lot of ashes into his eyes. One of the optics was badly burned, and but slight hopes are entertained by his medical adviser of being able to preserve the sight.

A reconstruction of the Ontario cabinet took place last week. Hon. Mr. Pardee, commissioner of crown lands, retiring on account of ill health, was succeeded by Hon. A. S. Hardy, provincial secretary, and the latter's portfolio was taken by Mr. Gibson, M. P. P. for Hamilton.

Owing to the mild weather Thursday, the entire western side of the Montreal ice palace for the carnival crumbled and fell. During the first seventeen days of January, 1887, at Montreal, the average temperatsre was 3 degrees below zero, in 1888 4 degrees above, and 1889 26 degrees above.

A terrible accident occurred Friday morning at the Albert Copper Company's mine, Capelton, Quebec, by which Dennis Couture and Joseph Noel were killed. They were endeavoring to thaw out a stick of dynamite which exploded, blowing both men to atoms. Couture's head has not yet been found.

The Short Line meeting at Moncton, Friday, was unanimous in favor of sending delegatas to Ottawa in concert with Halifax and Fredericton. The delegates appointed were Mayor McKenzie, Councillor Welch and H. T. Stevens, and it was decided to telegraph John L. Harris, now in Ottawa, to join the delegation.

Some time in December A. W. Blovin, grand ranger of the Illinois Catholic order of Foresters, arrived at Montreal and has since been organizing lodges in that city. Quite a sensation was caused Sunday, when Father Dowd of St Patrick's church, acting upon orders from the administrator of the diocese, absolutely forbid the faithful joining the organization.

A London cable says: "Sir Charles Tupper's hopeful references, at the banquet to the American minister, to Anglo-American disputes, have excited much interest. Public opinion, so far as matured on the subject, seems to be with Sir Charles, who declared that the treaty of 1888 will form the basis of a fair and honorable settlement. Sir Charles Tupper was well received.

Mr. M. Adams of Newcastle, has raised a new point in connexion with the Scott Act, before the municipal council, contending that the council has no warrant of law for ordering the payment of private information for services as such out of any moneys received by the secretary-treasurer from Scott Act prosecutions; that such moneys can only be paid to inspectors appointed by councils or other properly constituted bodies.

The Deputy Minister of Militia has had advices from England stating that the authorities are extremely well satisfied with the military knowledge possessed by the graduates of the Royal Military College who received commissions last year. In consequence of this the graduates are absolved from entering upon certain initiatory studies which they would otherwise have been obliged to go through.

Sunday morning the body of John Mc Cluskey was found on the road leading to Millidgeville, St. John, near Connor's rope walk. McCluskey, it is presumed, while under the influence of liquor, on Saturday night, started to walk to Millidgeville and fell on the roadside. He was too drunk to realize his position in the extreme cold of the night and was frozen to death. Mc Cluskey was a widower about 65 years of age and leaves two daughters.

A son of William Nickerson of Lower Woods Harbor, Shelburne, N. S., was extracting a cartridge from his gun, when it exploded. The charge of duck shot lodged in the thigh and leg of his sister, making a terrible wound, from the effects of which she died in a few hours. She was twenty years of age. He had another cartridge in his hand at the time, which he let drop on the stove. This exploded and nearly killed another man who was standing there.

Among the visitors to the Governor-General at Ottawa is Count Gleichen, of the Grenadier Guards, who is a son of Prince Victor Hohenlohe, the Queen's first cousin, who was formerly an admiral in the German navy, but is now Governor of Windsor Castle. Count Gleichen was gazetted to a commission in the Grenadier Guards in 1881. He served with distinction as an officer on the Guards Camel corps during the Soudan campaign, and has written a work on the Nile expedition.

On Saturday W. J. Camp, electrician of the C. P. R. telegraph company, tested the wires between Fredericton Junction and Montreal and found everything in satisfactory working order. To-day the work of putting up the poles through the streets of St. John to the Domville building was commenced. It is confidently hoped that the C. P. R. will be opened for business before the first of the month. Satisfactory progress is being made on the line into Fredericton, only some five and a half miles of wire having to be stretched to complete the connection.

"Joe Beef" is dead, and there is mourning amongst the wharf rats at Montreal. Few strangers went to Montreal during the past twenty years without visiting the famous canteen on Commissioner street, kept by Charles McKiernan, a retired sergeant of the Royal Artillery, but commonly known all over Canada and the United States as "Joe Beef." His establishment was the home of dancing bears, broken down sailors, chattering monkeys and clumsy buffaloes, and although deceased probably performed many kind acts to the shivering wretches who crowded around his bar, he gloried in being known as the wickedest man in Montreal, as John Allen had been in New York. Joe's death arrived suddenly and he has probably left a good deal of property. The widow is a fine-looking lady and is credited with being a good woman in every sense of the word. When McKiernan's first wife died several years ago, the disconsolate husband engaged the services of a brass band, and as the funeral procession wended its way around the base of Mount Royal the solemnity of the occasion was relieved by the inspiring air of "The Girl I Left Behind Me."

James P. Williams, a St. John carriage trimmer, who settled in Roxbury, recently fell in love with a Boston Highlands widow named Taylor and promised to marry her, but when the wedding was all arranged skipped to St. John last week, bringing with him $150 of the widow's money. Mrs. Taylor followed, registering at the Royal Hotel, Saturday. Shortly after her arrival she met Williams face to face on King street and conversed with him a moment, and the same afternoon she consulted C. N. Skinner, and had a bailable writ issued for Williams' arrest. He was not to be found however, and now it is asserted Mrs. Taylor will bring an action for breach of promise. Williams acknowledges having been engaged to Mrs. Taylor and said that the invitations were out for the wedding. Mrs. Taylor's servant girl told him something concerning his intended, and desiring to ascertain the correctness of the story he intervied the medical men in attendance on Mrs. T., and they, he says, admitted the truthfulness of the servant girl's story. He then made up his mind that the marriage could not take place, and sooner than face her he decided to take a trip to St. John to let the matter blow over. Mrs. Taylor has returned to Boston. She is said to be worth $12,000.

The Farmers' Association.

The Business and Discussions of Last Week's Session.

A Very Successful Meeting.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the provincial Farmers' Association opened in the Church Hall Wednesday afternoon, the attendance being unusually large. Before the opening session a reception was held in the city Council chamber, when a large number of gentlemen were introduced to Dr. Twitchell, editor of the *Maine Farmer*, Prof. Saunders, superintendent of government farms, Ottawa, and Col. Blair, manager of the experimental farm at Nappan, and to Sir Leonard Tilley and the Mayor. Afterwards the delegates enjoyed a drive to Marysville and were shown through the cotton mill by Mr. Gibson.

Among the gentlemen present at the sessions of the Association, were the following:

Fredericton—J L Inches C H Lugrin, Capt Cropley, Judge Steadman, James Hamilton, John R Reid, Henry Lowell, John Bebbington, A F Randolph, Thomas Temple, M P, Fred S Hilyard, J H Barry, B C Foster.
Woodstock—Lieut Colonel Baird, Andrew Stevenson.
St John—Wm Hawker, Jas S McGivern, B E Patterson, B S A, E H Turnbull.
Dumfries—G W Ebbett.
Nackawick, York County—Richard Bellamy, M P P.
Ottawa—Prof Saunders.
Chipman—Andrew Brown, (president Chipman Agricultural society).
Sussex—S C McCully, Henry M Campbell, Hammond Vale—Warren Fowler.
Kingsclear—W C Gellibrand, Chas Murray, John Murray, John Campbell, Capt Powys, A E Cliff, John C Gilman, B D Sewell, Eaton Gibson.
Dorchester—W J Gilbert.
Hampstead—S L Peters, Peleg Smith.
Hampton—Thos A Peters, G J Harris.
Sackville—Jos L Black, M P P, W W Fawcett, Abner Smith, Josiah Anderson.
Douglas—W H McAdam, Chas McGibbon.
Gloucester Co—Wm Ferguson.
Harvey, York Co—John Rutherford.
Bliss ville—Thos H Kelly.
Gladstone—D H Smith.
Jacksonville—H Emery, James Good, John Harper.
Andover—Geo E Baxter.
St Marys—Dr J H Bridges.
Fredericton Junction—T L Alexander
Waterville, Carleton Co—J T Fletcher.
Lincoln, Sunbury Co—Alex Neilson.
Botsford—Jas Ferry.
Gagetown—Thos Gilbert.
Falmouth, N S—F C Black.
Westmorland—Harvey Allen.
Sheffield—E M Gilbert.
Carleton County—E M Shaw, S E Campbell, W J Owens.
Simonds (St John)—Alex F Johnston, Robert McLeod.
North Lake, York Co—David Cropley.
Prince William—W W Graham.
St Stephen—Judge Stevens.
Oromocto—W W Hubbard.
Gagetown—H S Hall.
Fairfield, Me—Dr Twitchell.
Nappan—Col Blair.
Coverdale—Ezra Steeves.
Elmhurst, Kings Co—Edwin J Peters.
Amherst—Herbert F Page.

President S. L. Peters occupied the chair at the opening session, and made an address in which he expressed pleasure at seeing a largely increased representation present. There were gentlemen here from a distance, who were in various ways intimately associated with the agricultural interests of the Dominion. He extended a hearty welcome to all. References was then made to the agriculture institutes held recently. The speaker knew of no better plan for disseminating knowledge than by these institutes. Although the past season had not been a good one, no murmur of discontent had been heard from our people. New Brunswick occupied a very favorable position, as, on account of her nearness to the seaboard, her exports could be shipped at small expense compared with those of other portions of Canada. The soil of the province was fertile, producing various kinds of grain, fruits and vegetables of the finest quality, and with good cultivation yielding an average per acre scarcely excelled by the most favorable portion of Canada. The president here spoke of the stock importations made by the government and said the action of the government was highly commendable. The St. John gentlemen, who were connected with the movement for the organization of a permanent exhibition association, were congratulated and wished every success in their efforts. Then the president spoke briefly of the aims and objects of association. In closing Mr. Peters referred to the annexation question, and said it is the opinion of all Canadians, without regard to party, that we are the fortunate possessors of a country that is destined to occupy a very prominent position in the history of the world. Although young, Canada is giving bona fide evidence of the great proportions she means to assume under the protecting care of old England. Guided by her patriotic and astute statesmen, our people are devotedly attached to the Queen and British institutions. They have great and abiding faith in the resources of the Dominion, but have no time to discuss visionary notions of commercial union or annexation.

SIR LEONARD TILLEY

was then introduced. His honor delivered a brief address, welcoming the association to Fredericton. He was glad to see present the visitors from various parts of the province and state of Maine. Among those assembled were many aged men who still felt sufficient interest in agriculture to be here. He saw many young men who were very largely the life of the institution, and who would soon be its very life. Farming was the highest occupation except those of the minister of the gospel and the teacher of the youth of the country. One way to make young men remain on the farms and to induce others to take up farming was to prove to the people that it was a paying business. Many young men left agricultural pursuits because their fathers could not give them farms on which they were satisfied to settle, and they were not in a position to purchase farms for themselves. Farmers should endeavor to make their business more profitable, in order to give their sons good farms. The agricultural interests of the various provinces were of the highest importance to the Dominion.

THE EVENING SESSION

opened at 7.30 o'clock. Mr. Lugrin announced that Judge King and S. S. Hall of St. John could not be present, as they had intended. He stated that F. P. Sharp of Carleton county, who was to have read a paper on Fruit Culture, was unable to leave home on account of illness, but he would send his paper.

Mr. Lugrin said he was glad to see such a representative gathering. The government desired him to do all in his power to further the objects of the society.

Judge Stevens of St. Stephen was called upon and spoke in an interesting manner for a few minutes. He pointed out that farmers were raising the profession of agriculture to the standard that it took in other countries. God had given us a magnificent country and he could only say, perish the man who cried it down.

MR. CHARLES MCGIBBON

of Douglas, York County, was requested to read a paper he had prepared on fruit growing. The paper was very interesting and instructive. He said apples would grow anywhere between Florida and the Arctic circle but we must have different varieties for different places. The apples that grow well in Nova Scotia did not yield as well in this province. The soil must be rich in lime and potash or apples could not be raised on it. It was not necessary to drain an orchard. Mr. McGibbon then gave a list of the varieties of apples that had proved profitable with him: Red Astrachan, Maiden's Blush, New Brunswicker, Alexander, Wealthy, Twenty Ounces, Fameuse, Swar Scot's Winter Red, Peabody Greening, Honey Pink, American Golden Russett, Tulman Sweet, Eckles apple, Ben Davis and Gideon.

A LENGTHY DISCUSSION

followed. Prof. Saunders of Ottawa said bark lice could be killed by spraying the trees with an emulsion of soap, milk or albumen. Apple trees could not be raised on wet ground and every orchard should be properly drained. Compost should never be put into the hole in which the trees is planted as an attempt to stimulate growth was to invite failure. He mentioned three varities of apples that grew well in Quebec, namely Longfield, Arabka and Yellow transparent. An alkaline wash applied to trees made the insects which deposited eggs from which the the borer come avoid them.

The president in some remarks suggested that a fruit growers' association should be formed. He said Bishop Pippin apples could be grown in York, Sunbury, Queens and Kings as well as in Nova Scotia.

THURSDAY'S SESSIONS.

Thursday morning the session was opened by reading and approval of the minutes of last meeting. Mr. Howard [illegible] moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Sharp:—

Whereas, It is clear from the discussion here last night that New Brunswick can at least raise apples enough to supply the home demand, which of itself would be a very great gain to the province; therefore

Resolved, That this Association urge upon farmers generally to give more attention to the cultivation of this fruit.

President Peters referred in fitting terms to the excellence of the work of Secretaries Hubbard and Hall, and to the interest they have taken. To them and their untiring efforts, he said was due largely the success of the convention. Both gentlemen have taken the course at the Ontario Agricultural college.

OUR DAIRY INDUSTRY AND ITS FUTURE.

In Mr. George Baxter's paper on the above subject, he noted the lack of united effort on the port of the dairymen to develop their business as it is developed in other parts of the Dominion. There should be concerted action among the farmers to improve the stock, and their products, which would greatly increase the nation's wealth. He showed by figures that by proper management cows now paying $20 per year would pay $50 income. The N. B. markets are not large enough to develop the dairy industry to any great extent, nor can we send to the other provinces. The United States markets are desirable, easy of access and not easily glutted, but to enter them we have to pay a duty of 4 cents per lb. on butter. It is the best market for hay, horses, sheep, lambs, cattle, potatoes, fruit and eggs. He said unrestricted reciprocity would do more to develop the agricultural resources of New Brunswick than any special legislation, and that unless better markets are opened the tendency will be for a political union with the United States. [There were marked expressions of dissent from this proposition.] He would like to see a convention of the Dominion dairymen at which the proposed course would be discussed. Mr. Baxter closed his excellent paper by referring to the many natural advantages New Brunswick has to make her a famous dairy country.

Mr. Black, secretary of the Dairymen's Association of Nova Scotia, said he was in favor of consolidating the Nova Scotia Dairymen's Association with that of New Brunswick. He regretted that the farmers were slow and adhered to all old practices with reverence; every innovation was regarded by them as productive of disaster. Once convince them, however, that a thing will pay they will stick to it with bull-dog adhesiveness. Selling hay was profit in the present and loss in the future. Too many farmers rest during winter when they might make money by dairying and increase the farm's fertility. In the winter more time is available and the produce is more valuable. Feeding properly was the keynote to success.

Dr. Twitchell said dairying is the only salvation for the farmers of Maine. He noted the cheapness of silo; as the process becomes more thoroughly understood less expense and labor is expended. He did not think that silos were going into vogue extensively. In wet seasons they were good, but dry food was cheaper so far.

Col. Blair said that some farmers succeeded better by silaging whole stocks than by cutting. He did not tramp any, but covered the mass with strawboard and a foot of earth. The silage was dark green in color and good in quality. He referred to Mr. Page's extensive work at Amherst, and the thoroughness of his breeding. Corn should not be sown thickly, the sun must get in to the foliage.

Prof. Saunders said that some points in ensilage are not fully understood. The corn, he said, lost a little by silaging. Variety of food is necessary and ensilage is good for breaking the monotony of dry winter feeding. In England they preserved corn in stacks outside by pressing it by screws and boards. It is a good plan to grow mixed crops for silaging. Air should be expelled to ensure preservation. In stock silos the silage is said to be sweet owing to the formation of an aldehyde rather than acetic acid. He referred to some interesting experiments conducted at the Ottawa station with corn, the results of which was compiled for the bulletin.

Dr. Twitchell said that many farmers found it better to cut the corn than to silage it whole, and that the best time to cut corn is just when the ears are fit to eat.

Mr. Arthur Turnbull asked for some information concerning feeding our crops.

Mr. Baxter said he grew turnips, but they require work, and there is trouble from frost. He gave one feed per day of turnips. He found the refuse from smutting machines good; it costs 75c. per 100 pounds. He fed, also, hay and bran, cut, buckwheat bran.

THE DAIRY.

Mr. Herbert F. Page of Amherst, read an interesting paper, subject, "The Dairy." With our rich intervale and marsh land giving heavy crops of good grass, New Brunswick is especially adapted to successful dairy practice, where tried dairying has always paid well. Study the business thoroughly, and all available literature should be read and the experience of others noted and used to advantage. If we have not got good animals they should be bred; using a bull of a long established milking strain. Using scrub bulls is a thing of the past. When the calves come feed them regularly and liberally, avoiding excessive fat, and when 15 to 18 months old may be bred. This brings them in at two years. Test the cows occasionally. Have some green food over to help the grass. In hot weather when the flies are troublesome, it may be better to stable the cows rather than allow them to stay outside. Have the calves dropped from August to November, and milk when it is most valuable. In speaking of the silo, Mr. Page said the age of costly silos is past; $40 will erect one 10x12 and 18 feet deep, with a capacity of about 40 tons, sufficient to keep 10 cows 200 days, 40 pounds per day. In filling, tramp well around the sides; heavy weighting is not necessary.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

President Peters introduced Hon. Mr. McLellan, commissioner of Agriculture, who regretted his inability to be present at the previous sessions. He would like the members to discuss the subject of an agricultural college for the province. There is a difference of opinion concerning the necessity of such an institution. He would like some one to give an idea of the expense and nature of one. He felt that important results would follow the importation of the stock, and thanked the farmers for the hearty manner in which they had accepted the horses. He predicted we would soon be able to make extensive shipments of good horses. He pointed out the profit of horses over stock raising, and said that a three-year-old draught colt will cost no more, and be twice as valuable, as a four-year-old steer.

Mr. Gilbert's paper on Dairying, touched chiefly on points connected with butter production. He had taken an active part while at the Ontario agricultural college in making that butter which, when sent to the Colonial and Indian exhibition, materially improved the reputation of Canadian dairy products. In indicating the proper course to pursue, he followed the methods adopted at that creamery, which are identical to good dairy practice.

Dr. Twitchell spoke of the ability of New Brunswick, and said that if we boomed our St. John river valley as they did the west we should be flooded with settlers. In speaking of dairying and agriculture he said the dairy men are more prosperous and their sons stay on the farm. Butter factories or creameries need not very expensive establishments. In some places where a few families co-operate $50 will defray the expenses. He said that no man should put the work of butter making upon the weak shoulders of his wife, it was too laborious. You cannot make dairying a success if you start with a cow that is of a beefy nature. The bull should be the ideal. The barns must be in good condition; cleanliness in all the processes of butter making should be enforced. Never change the milking hour. If this is done the cow will not come to her usual flow for 48 hours; feed regularly and within moderation. If cattle are allowed to stand shivering in the cold a great loss of food will ensue. Feed turnips at noon, after morning and before night milking. Dr. Twitchell gave a very instructive and interesting discourse upon the best methods of making superior butter. He exhibited several samples of butter made in different ways some of which was perfection.

Mr. J. L. Inches was called upon and noted the success and enthusiasm of the present convention.

Mr. Pickard of Westmorland, made a few interesting remarks about the butter market and feeding cows.

Mr. T. A. Potters, by request, gave a description of his methods of making butter and breeding.

EVENING SESSION.

This was opened to a full house, great interest being taken in the subject upon which the gentlemen were to speak. The president introduced Col. Baird of Woodstock, who addressed the audience for a few moments, after which Col. Blair of

THE MARITIME EXPERIMENTAL FARM,

at Nappan, N. S., spoke. When he took possession of the farm it comprised land of every nature; 50 acres were cropped this summer, draining and green manuring being partly done. The principal crops were some [illegible] and some wheat for experimental purposes of the Russian varieties, Onga Ladogr, a variety rich in gluten; some [illegible] barley of different kinds and 10 kinds of oats. Twenty-four acres were under-drained with tiles about 22 feet apart, with the main drains five inches in diameter; on this ground there are five miles of drains about three feet deep and costing about $58 per acre. He hoped next year to see the difference in the length of season Round tiles are best without collars. The grain was drilled and the soil treated to different quantities of different fertilizers. During the next two years he intends to find the exact value of chemical fertilizers to the farmers; 54 varieties of apple trees have been set, also pears, plums, cherries, grapes, currants, gooseberries, raspberries and crabapples. He had found out that tillage was manure. The grapes have done remarkably well the Concord bearing some good fruit. He would send samples to different farmers to test and collect their reports. The idea that they were going to teach farming is erroneous. He favored the establishing of an agricultural college about the border to provide for New Brunswick and Nova Scotia students.

PROF. SAUNDERS

complimented the Association upon its excellence, saying it was ahead of anything he had ever attended. The origin of experimenting in agriculture arose from a desire to step the sale of bogus seeds by seedsman. Year by year the work was extended, and special farms allotted for the enterprise. He cited the birth of the experimental farms act providing for farms in Ottawa, Nova Scotia, British Columbia, Manitoba and the North West. Each director is a practical farmer. An important branch is the testing of seeds of doubtful purity or vitality. Grains are being imported from India and expected to be satisfactorp. Indian corn, potatoes (251 varieties) are being tried at Ottawa. There is a chemist who analyses the different grains, march and mussel mud, the results of which will be published in bulletins. The values of different grasses will be ascertained. A botanist and entomologist gives his attention to the destructive insects and remedies for their ravages. Fruit culture will be extensively investigated. Forestry is important to the Northwest, and attempts are being made to get trees suitable for the prairies. On closing he hoped the farmers would be benefited by the establishment, and if so the aim of its promoters would be accomplished.

A vote of thanks was unanimously accorded Prof. Saunders and Col. Blair.

(To be continued next week.)

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. COUNCIL

Votes for the Repeal of the Scott Act.

M. Adams appeared before a committee of the Northumberland Municipal Council, Saturday, to whom were referred the application of the Scott Act committee for payment of costs of prosecutions out of the fines collected, and argued that the fines could be appropriated only for the payment of expenses incurred by an official inspector.

Secretary-Treasurer Thomson replied in a written opinion, which he subsequently said had been submitted to the Attorney-General and endorsed by him, that the fines could be applied to the payment of expenses incurred in prosecuting violators of the Canada Temperance Act, no matter whether the prosecutions were conducted by official inspectors or private persons. He also said it was the law that fines could not be used for the payment of inspector's salaries.

The committee reported against paying the bills of the committee, and recommended that the balance of fines on hand be handed over to the county contingent fund.

This report was adopted after a short discussion—12 to 10.

It was then moved that Jared Tozer be appointed inspector at $500 a year, and it was moved in amendment that a committee of seven be appointed to prepare petitions for the repeal of the Canada Temperance Act and procure signatures thereto, the expenses to be defrayed out of the Scott Act fund.

The last clause of the amendment was withdrawn, and it was carried.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Newsy Notes and Notions of Everything.

"Keep to the left" is a sign to be found upon all French highways as a caution to drivers.

Thursday, a sneak thief got away with $7,600 from the Hull, Quebec branch of the Ville Marie Bank.

Montreal consumed 4,912,375,270 gallons of water during 1888, or a daily average of 13,521,927 gallons.

An omnibus run by electricity, has been making successful trips in London. It will run on any kind of a street without the use of rails.

The Hindoo God, thousand of years old, largely composed of gold and precious stones, was lately sold by auction in London, and fetched £2,450.

London has a poor relief society that receives as contributions garments instead of money. Each member is obliged to contribute two garments a year.

Every French bank has a photograph of every employee, and in the case of the more responsible ones they are under the surveillance of private detectives most of the time.

A new role for women in London, England, is that of serving write. A pretty young woman there is said to find doors open to her, which to nearly every other sheriff's officer are shut fast.

The household of the Emperor of China consists of five hundred persons, including thirty fan bearers, thirty physicians and surgeons, seventy-five astrologers, seven chief cooks and sixty priests.

At Lucknow, India, where so many were murdered during the Sepoy rebellion thirty years ago, 2,000 children, many of Hindoo or Mohammedan parentage, recently marched in a Sabbath-school procession.

Wm. L. Ritchie, a brother of Solicitor General Ritchie and a clerk in the freight department of the I. C. R., St. John, died Monday evening after a comparatively short illness. He leaves a widow and one child.

Gov. Schultz of Manitoba, was thrown from a conveyance Monday morning at Winnipeg, and had his left arm broken. The governor is in a low condition, physically, and it is feared the accident may result seriously.

That beautiful glossy sheen, so much admired in hair, can be secured by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. There is nothing better than this preparation for strengthening the scalp and keeping it free from dandruff and itching eruptions.

A German has invented a pavement of which rubber is the basis. It is entirely noiseless, is not affected by heat or cold, is not slippery, is more durable than asphalt, and does not cost more. It has proved a perfect success in Berlin.

Strawberries sold for $10 a quart in New York last week, and if one was satisfied with three specimens of the fruit he could get them for 75 cents. A spring lamb brought $15, cucumbers sold for 50 cents each, and four tomatoes went for $1.

Crows have become so numerous in Maine, that it is estimated that they cost the State yearly, $100,000 in corn, potatoes, fruit, grain and the like. The next Legislature will be asked to pass a law giving a bounty of ten cents for every dead crow.

The oldest timber in the world, which has been subjected to the use of man, is that found in the ancient temple of Egypt, in connection with stonework which is known to be at least 4,000 years old. This, the only wood used in the construction of the temple, is in the form of ties, holding the end of one stone to another.

Mr. George Toles, Druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., writes: "My customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure say that it has done them more good than anything they have ever used," It has indeed a wonderful influence in purifying the blood and curing diseases of the Digestive Organs, the Liver, Kidneys, and all disorders of the system.

Monday the liquidators of the Maritime Bank commenced the payment of the second dividend of 30 cents to noteholders. The first dividend of 50 cents was paid in October and the last dividend of 20 cents will be paid in a few months. It is expected there will be a small balance left after redeeming the notes of the defunct bank, but it will be so small that the depositors may entertain little hope of receiving any benefit of consequence.

The outcry recently raised as to the condition of the British navy might give one the idea that the strength of the fleet was not being increased. This would be an error, for the construction of great cruisers goes on continually. The cruiser Narcissus, will shortly be ready for sea. This vessel will be a tremendous engine of war. In the course of a few months six new cruisers will be ready—the Australia, Immortalite, Undaunted, Galatea, Aurora and Narcissus. Each of the [illegible] nearly £300,000, [illegible] vessels cost [illegible]

Very Valuable,

"Having used B. B. B. for biliousness and torpid liver, with the very best results I would recommend it to all thus troubled. The medicine is worth its weight in gold. Tillie White, Manitowaning, Ont.

January 23rd.

:o:

EVENING SILKS!

JUST OPENED,

A BEAUTIFUL LINE

—OF—

Figured Pongee Silks!

NEWEST STYLES

—FOR—

EVENING WEAR.

John J. Weddall.

JANUARY, 1889.

CHEAP SALE OF

WINTER DRY GOODS,

Remnants, Etc.,

TENNANT,

DAVIES & CO.

202 Queen St. Fredericton.

We have placed on our Counters, several lots of

WINTER GOODS,

DRESS GOODS,

FURS,

Knit Wool Goods, Etc.,

marked in many instances at less than

HALF-PRICE.

—ALSO—

A LARGE LOT OF

REMNANTS,

of all kinds.

which must be sold regardless of cost.

☞ Inspection Invited.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

January 9, 1889

STOCK-TAKING

SALE.

ULSTER CLOTHS,

Black and Colored,

Astrakans,

Jacket Cloths

—AND—

Dress Goods,

at a Great Reduction.

REMNANTS.

The Remnants that have accumulated the last six months are now placed on the counter and are marked down to sell.

DEVER BROS.

January 9, 1889

212

DRESS GOODS,

in all the New Shades.

Plum Foule Cloth;
Melton Cloths;
Jersey Cord;
Colored Cashmere;
Ulster Cloths, striped and plain;
Astracan Cloth;
Kurl Cloth;
Sealette;
Jackets,
Skirts;
Ribbons;
Plushes.

JOHN HASLIN.

Still Another Lot.

We have opened another lot of those Cheap (Lined)

WOOL PANTS,

which gave such satisfaction to our Customers before.

—ALSO,—

A LINE OF CHEAP

Cardigan Jackets,

TOP SHIRTS

AND

WOOL UNDERWEAR.

The CHEAPEST and BEST goods in the market.

C. H. THOMAS & CO,

224 Queen Street.

LADIES

CALL AND SEE OUR

Large and Splendid Assortment

—OF—

GENTLEMEN'S

FINE SLIPPERS,

—IN—

Goat,
Velvet,
Plush, Etc.,

Opera & Everett Styles

SUITABLE FOR

CHRISTMAS PESENTS.

A LOTTIMER,

210 Queen St., Fredericton.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we have leased our Mine and Works at Lake George to Mr. William Rapsey. We will not be responsible for any debts contracted by him.

[illegible] Mass., this 14th day of December, 1888.

Dated at Boston, [illegible]

tf. BRUNSWICK ANTIMONY CO.

BARGAINS

—IN THE—

CARPET

ROOMS

This Week

—AT—

EDGECOMBE'S.

THOS. W. SMITH

HAS COMPLETED HIS STOCK OF

Fall and Winter

CLOTHS,

CONSISTING OF

Melton, Knapp,
Beaver, Pilot,

—AND—

WORSTED OVERCOATINGS.

English, Scotch, and

CANADIAN TWEEDS,

French and German

Suitings.

He feels confident that he can get up the Cheapest and Best Fitting Overcoats, Reefers and Suites of Clothes, that can be had in this city.

In Ready-Made Overcoats, Reefers and Suites, he is selling Overcoats from $5.00, up; Reefers from $4.00, up; Suites of Clothes from $5.50, up; Pants and Vests at the same rate. Knit Overshirts 50 cents each.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods marked down to the very lowest prices—no second price.

☞ Inspection of stock respectfully solicited, and will be cheerfully shown.

THOS. W. SMITH.

Fredericton, October 3.

NOW IN STOCK FOR

FALL TRADE.

—AT—

WM. JENNINGS',

Merchant Tailor,

WIDE WALE

WORSTED OVERCOATINGS,

in a great Variety of Patterns.

—ALSO,—

A FINE SELECTION OF

Fashionable Trouserings and Suitings.

WM. JENNINGS,

Cor. Queen St. and Wilmot's Alley

September 12

GREAT RUSH!

New 5 and 10 Cent Store,

Queen St., Fredericton.

JUST OPENED:

A large Stock of New Goods consisting of:

Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware, Hardware, Jewelry, Soaps, Pictures, Tops and thousand of Useful and Fancy Articles, at

5 and 10 Cents Each.

Harness Oil,

JUST RECEIVED direct from the manufacturer, 24 Boxes Harness Oil, put up in square tins, convenient size, very handy and very cheap and for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Town and Country.

Aldermanic elections next Monday.

☞ Evening silks at John J. Weddell's.

Mr. Geo. E. Fenety and family have gone to Florida for the winter.

☞ Wanted—a nurse girl. Apply to Mrs F. B. Edgecombe, King street.

The FARMER is sorry to hear that Col. John Robinson is ill at his residence George street.

Mr. Geo. E. Stopford has accepted a position with the Chicgnecto Marine Railway Company.

The "mumps" last week made an attack on the Infantry School Corps, sending several men to hospital.

Mr. Geo. C. Hatt has received an appointment in the C. P. R. Telegraph Office to be established here in a few days.

Mayor Hazen and Sheriff Sterling of the Fredericton Short Line delegation left for Ottawa Monday, via the I. C. R.

Miss Jennie Perkins has engaged with the Wizard Oil Company as accompanist, and went to Houlton with them Monday.

Dr. Twitchell through illness, was compelled to cancel his engagements down river, and leave for his home Saturday morning.

Mr. Jackson Adams is still suffering from an injury to his leg received last April which has laid him aside from active work ever since.

Mrs. J. P. Burnham, for several years landlady of the Queen Hotel, died at Portland, Maine, on the 9th inst., after a lengthy illness.

It is said that Mr. G. R. Parkin is due in Australia next April, when he is to commence his work there in connexion with the Imperial Federation agitation.

Mr. Bliss Carman's poem "Death in April" in commemoration of Mathew Arnold, will appear in the April number of the *Atlantic Magazine*.

It is reported that an old man named Hill, a well known pedlar on the road between Fredericton and Grand Lake, died Saturday night on the Little River road from exposure.

☞ We have on hand a few more complete files of the FARMER dating from Dec. 12, 1888, at which date our new story was commenced, which will be sent to new subscribers.

It is generally believed that the N. S. Telephone company have sold out their interests in this province to the N. B. company, and that an amalgamation of the business will speedily follow.

☞ Fred. B. Edgecombe has just opened a beautiful lot of fancy mikado silks for evening wear and tea gowns. The ladies will pronounce them just too lovely. "Better see them at once."

Mr. T. Murphy's Texan broncho got rid of his driver below town Friday, and before he was captured ran eight miles up the Kingsclear road. Horse driver and sleigh escaped uninjured.

Tenders will be received by the Department of Public Works until the 2nd February next, for the rebuilding of the Penniac bridge across the Nashwaak stream. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Department.

John McKenzie, a former employe in the FARMER office, died on Wednesday from consumption, and being a member of the 71st Batt. he was buried Friday with military honors, the band of the Batt. leading the cortege.

A pie social will be held at the Rev. Wm. Downey's on Tuesday evening, 29th inst., under the auspices of "Vesuvius" Lodge I. O. G. T., on which occasion the members will appear in full regalia. The public are invited to attend.

The alarm of fire on Sunday evening was caused by a burning chimney in Mrs. Sampson's residence on King street, setting fire to some woodwork. A burning chimney in Lee's livery stable at the same time caused a commotion.

Walter Brown, a boy employed in the Gibson cotton factory, had one of his hands severely mangled by being caught in a carding machine Thursday afternoon, and Dr. Sharp found it necessary to amputate four of the fingers.

There will be a public installation of the officers of "Vesuvius" Lodge, I. O. G. T. of Keswick, on Friday, 1st February. Among the speakers will be Attorney General Blair, Wm. Wilson, Eeq., M. P. P., and the Rev. Dr. McLeod.

Warden McNally, Sec'y-Treasurer Wilson and County Auditor Black, entertained the members of the Municipal Council and many other guests to an oyster supper at Leek's Thursday evening, the hours passing very pleasantly with speech and song.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hatt of Marysville, celebrated their wooden wedding Friday evening at the residence of Mr. James Gibson. Gifts of every conceivable form were presented. Mr. and Mrs. Hatt received the hearty congratulations of the large company of friends, which included a number from the city.

Capt. Powys sails for England by the *Sarmatian* Saturday, with his daughter Miss Florence Powys, who will spend some time at school there, and the Capt. will return in April accompanied by Miss Ethel Powys now in England. The numerous friends of the Capt. and his family will wish them safe voyages.

Jefferson Mount, aged 20 years, received serious injuries in George I. Gunter's stable, Sunday. He was working near one of the horses, when the animal kicked him in a very delicate part of the body. The young man was taken home and Dr. Currie summoned. For a time it was feared that he could not live, but his symptoms now are more favorable.

John Bartlett the champion Sunbury bear killer on the 7th inst., near his home at Maugerville, shot a mother bear and despatched her three cubs with his axe, in almost as short a time as it takes to tell the story. He brought the hides to Fredericton selling them to the Messrs. McGoldrick for $40, and it is said that some of the bear steak was eaten at more than one Fredericton table.

Capt. Cropley of the *Capital*, finding the demand upon his time so great in connexion with his binding and publishing establishment, has decided to close his book and stationery business about May 1st. Captain Cropley's bookstore has been one of the institutions of Fredericton, having been opened nearly a quarter of a century ago. The new departure will enable Capt. Cropley to give more attention to the *Capital*.

Among the successful stories which have appeared in the Ave Maria during the past year, says the Boston *Republic*, are a number from the pen of Miss Mary Crowley. These, together with an interesting sketch called "A Family Frolic," furnished by the same writer to the Ladies Home Journal of Philadelphia, are, we are happy to announce to be issued in book form, early in the spring. [This book will be on sale at the well known bookstore of T. O'Brien & Co., St. John.]

There is not much stir in the Aldermanic elections this year. In Wellington Ward Alds. Parker and Macpherson have no opposition; in St. Anns Ward Ald. Tabor retires, and Ald. Gilman and J. W. McCready will be returned by acclamation; in Carleton Ward the candidates are Ald. Estey, P. Farrell and M. S. Hall; in Queens Ward Ald. Macnutt and John Moore are the only candidates who have yet issued their cards, and in Kings Ward there is no opposition to Alds. Richey and McKay.

Court St. Marys, No. 145, I. O. O. F., held their monthly meeting at St. Marys, Tuesday evening 22nd inst., when the following officers were installed for the ensuing term, by the S. V. C. R., H. C. Creed, assisted by the Officers of the High Court of N. B.:—S. Mc Farlane, C. R.; A. Boone, V. C. R.; W. R. Boutilier, R. S.; B. Dayton, F. S.; R. Staples, Treas.; A. Howell, Chaplain; Dr. Crocket, Physician; F. Clynick, S. W.; Oscar Boone, J. W.; J. Gilbert, S. B.; A. Henry, J. B.; W. H. Walker, P. C. R. After the installation the members and visitors enjoyed a social spread in their Court Room, after which speeches relating to the Order of Foresters were delivered by S. V. C. R., and other members of the High Court.

The Calais correspondent of the *Courier*, says: Our community was somewhat agitated on Sunday last, and more or less since, over the disappearance of a young man named Clendennin, belonging to Fredericton, N. B., and up to the time of writing, no tidings of the missing youth had been obtained. Young Clendennin, with his parents and two brothers, had been here for several weeks on a visit to a relative, and the family were about to return to St. John when the sad occurrence took place. Searching parties were then organized and search made in all directions, but as yet no clue of the missing one had been obtained. A deranged mind is supposed to be the cause of his disappearance. A reward of $50 has been offered by the parents for the recovery of the young man dead or alive.

A "death" meeting was held in the Salvation Army Barracks last Sunday evening. Many touching death-bed scenes were given by the members of the Army. To-night they hold a "narrow escape" meeting, which, no doubt, will be interesting to those who will attend. Capt. Jewer expects the Household Troops' Band, 26 strong, here about the 26th February. They have been received with crowded houses everywhere in their tour in the Dominion, and they are pronounced by the press a fine musical organization.

The magic lantern entertainment by Rev. J. O. Titcombe in the Church Hall, will be repeated this evening, and the price of admission has been reduced to 10 cts. for adults and 5 cts. for children. Ticket holders of last night will be admitted free. The views this evening will be an entire change from last night's. The entertainment is well worthy of patronage and the Hall should be packed this evening. Music will be given during the evening by the young ladies of the Mission Band under whose auspices the entertainment is to be held.

This is the way a lady correspondent of the Lewiston *Gazette*, writing from Calais, writes about society growth on the St. Croix:—"Miss Smith's party Wednesday evening was a charming success. It was given in honor of Mr. Herbert Tilley, son of Sir Leonard Tilley of the Provinces. 'A room full of pretty girls,' was the verdict of all present. It was generally conceded that Miss McNicol, daughter of Hon. A. McNicol, was the belle on this occasion. She is a tall, slight, fair girl, with a mass of golden hair, a pleasant girlish face, and quiet, easy manners. She sings like a lark."

The Fredericton Curling Club have chosen the following rinks to play against the Thistles of St. John:—

W. E. Miller,	T. C. Allen,
G. W. Hodge,	R. Inglis,
J. S. Neill,	A. F. Street,
W. K. Allen, skip.	E. H. Allen, skip.
R. S. Barker,	H. B. Atherton,
D. L. Babbitt,	G. W. Hoegg,
J. H. Hawthorn,	F. S. Hilyard,
J. B. Grieves, skip.	H. C. Rutter, skip.

The following have been elected skips for the St. Andrews match: E. H. Allen, W. K. Allen, J. S. Neill, H. C. Rutter, J. H. Hawthorn, A. F. Street.

There ought to be a large attendance at the Scotch concert in the Old Kirk, Friday evening. Those who have not heard Miss Beverly read will have an opportunity of hearing her at this concert. The following is the excellent programme prepared for the occasion:—

1 Piano Solo, ...
2 Solo, ...Mrs. C H B. Fisher
3 Reading, ...Daisey Beverly
4 Solo, ...Miss Richards
5 Song, ...Mr. H. V. Bridges
6 Reading, ...Supt. Crocket
7 Solo, ...Miss Birss Stanger
8 Solo, ...Mrs. Black
9 Reading, ...Rev. A. J. Mowatt
10 Solo, ...Mrs. H. S. Bridges
11 Quartette, ...Messrs. Winter, Crewdson, Macnutt and Crewdson.

The members of the Farmers' Association were entertained at supper at the Queen Hotel, by the agricultural society, district 34, Friday evening. The dining hall of the Queen presented a magnificent appearance, the tables being well arranged and decorated with flowers. The supper was an enjoyable affair. President Inches of the local society presided, having on his right Sir Leonard Tilley and on his left President Peters of the Association. The vice chairmen were Harry Beckwith and M. Tennant. The following toasts were honored: The Queen, the governor general, the lieutenant governor (responded to by his honor) the Provincial Farmers' Association (responded to by President Peters), the government of the province (responded to by R. Bellamy, M. P. P.), the bench and bar (responded to by Judge Stevens and Geo. F. Gregory), agricultural interests (responded to by C. H. Lugrin), the mayor and corporation (responded to by Mayor Hazen), the municipal council (responded to by Coun. Finder), the ladies (responded to by Mr. Gellihrand, Mr. Hubbard and Mr. Hall). The dinner was a great success and the speeches were excellent.

Mr. E. S. Williams, the Superintendent of Construction C. P. R. Tel. Co., arrived at Fredericton Junction yesterday morning, and at once set to work putting in the office into Mr. Shehan's hotel, and by seven o'clock in the evening connection was made with Montreal, when a spirited conversation was kept up with the different operators along the line, in which all were pleased at the early completion of the work, many enquiries being made as to where Fredericton Junction was. The new line works very finely, showing it to be constructed in first-class order, good insulation, and reflects great credit on Mr. Williams, who is much pleased with the result. Mr. J. T. Buchanan manipulated the key at Fredericton Junction, assisted by Mr. J. Small, the Fredericton Agent of the C. P. R. The office is now opened for business at Fredericton Junction, this being the first office in New Brunswick. To-day Mr. W. J. Camp, chief electrician, accompanied by Mr. F. Richardson, will arrive from St. John to commence the fitting up of the office here. Mr. Geo. C. Hatt will be Mr. Small's assistant. It is the intention of the company to place an office in the Parliament buildings during the session.

The death is announced of Mr. Thomas Wetmore Bliss at Richibucto, on the 17th inst. He was a native of Fredericton, and brother of Mrs. G. G. Roberts. He has been practising as a Barrister and Notary at Richibucto for a great many years, and has also filled the local offices of Registrar of Probates and more recently of Stipendiary Magistrate, with great acceptance to the people. At one time he also acted as Sheriff of the county. In his early life, Mr. Bliss was one of the most active, as he has ever been one of the most earnest advocates of temperance in New Brunswick. In 1852-3, he filled the office of Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Grand Division of S. of T., when that Society was a great power in the land, and both by precept and example has constantly endeavored to advance the work. Kind, courteous, hospitable and warm hearted, all who knew him will be sorry to hear of his demise. Like his brother, the late Clerk of the House of Assembly, Mr. Bliss died suddenly. He had not been very well for a day or two, but was able to go about as usual. On Thursday night at nine o'clock, he was stricken with apoplexy and he died at eleven. Mr. Bliss was a widower. His wife, who was a Miss Taylor of Fredericton, died some years ago. He leaves three sons, two of whom live in Kent, and the third is in the west. He was about 70 years old.

Halifax Curlers.

Preparing for the Bonspell.

(Halifax Mail.)

A special meeting of the Halifax curling club was held last evening in the rink. There was a large number in attendance. The following named were decided upon to play in the bonspeil on the 5th, 6th and 7th of February next:—

J. G. Morris,	S. Howe,
L. R. Kaye,	A. C. Edwards,
J. P. Dillon,	H. P. Fidler,
C. J. Kerr,	J. Muirhead,
Aubrey Smith.	

The last two were appointed skips.

The following places will be represented in the match:—St. Stephen, Fredericton, St. John (2 clubs), Moncton, Truro, New Glasgow, Stellarton, Pictou and Halifax.

Committees were appointed as follows:

Reception—Hon. Wm. Rose, J. Symons and Aubrey Smith.

Ice—Ald. Pickering, Sheriff Archibald, W. H. Neal, Jr., A. Brown, Aubrey Smith and H. B. Fidler.

Stones—L. D. Wier, C. W. Tupper and J. G. Siewert.

Sir John Ross and Lieut. Governor McLelan were elected honorary members. A number of names were added to the membership roll.

The cup offered by the Halifax club for the winning team in the bonspiel, has arrived and is on exhibition in M. S. Brown & Co.'s store window, Granville street in that city. The trophy consists of a very handsome punch bowel, in the form of a full sized curling stone of polished silver, with a belt of satin relief and ebony handle; the tap is of rustic silver and the spigot in the form of a thistle. The bowel is supported by two pairs of crossed besoms of whitened silver, each pair joined with a ribbon of polished silver, the one in front bearing the words "a canns draw." The name of the winning team will be inscribed on the other ribbon; under the bowel is silver lamp. The whole is mounted on a base of polished silver. The cup was imported by Brown & Co., who have given the Halifax club the greatest satisfaction in the splendid selection they have made, and (says the *Chronicle*) visiting curlers will be delighted when they behold the magnificent prize which goes to the lucky winning club.

Over 1,000,000 acres of land held by companies for grazing purposes, has been thrown open for lease or settlement by the government, the companies having failed to comply with regulations.

A CARD OF THANKS.

(To the Editor of the Farmer.)

DEAR SIR.—Will you kindly allow me space to express my heartfelt thanks to the many generous friends through whose benevolence my dear son was supplied with all needful comforts during his long illness, and buried at last with every token of respect and love. For the christian sympathy which cheered him on his bed of sickness, and which comforted me in my bereavement, and for the help which has so lightened my heavy burden, I can find no fitting words to express my gratitude to *all* the kind friends God sent me in my time of need, but I think it my duty to name one, Mr. A. L. F. Vanwart, the Undertaker, who, free of all charge, furnished a beautiful casket and performed all the necessary duties of his office with as much care as he could have done for his wealthiest patron. May God reward all who for the love of Christ our Lord, have been "a strength to the needy" in the time of distress and trouble.

ANN MCKENZIE.

Fredericton, Jan. 21, 1889.

The Electric Light Question.

(To the Editor of the Farmer.)

SIR.—I read, with interest, a "Heavy Taxpayer's" letter in the FARMER of the 9th inst. I hope the citizens will give no uncertain sound on this electric light question. Our assessment is already heavy enough without adding $2,500 or $3,000 additional to it for something that is not wanted. Our city is now lighted well enough. We are an orderly community, not like a seaport town, and people now have no difficulty in getting around the town at night. If extra money is to be spent I would prefer to see it go on the roads and sidewalks where necessary repairs are required. Of course both electric light companies will endeavor to have as large a vote polled in favor of the adoption of their light as they can, so it is the duty of every citizen to go to the polls and vote against this extravagant and unnecessary expenditure. If they do not do so, they will have themselves to blame for an increase in their taxes.

ST. ANN'S WARD.

Fredericton, Jan. 21, 1889.

What Electric Lights for the City will Cost.

(To the Editor of the Farmer.)

SIR,—On Monday next the ratepayers of this city are asked to go to the polls in their respective wards and record their names in favor or against the lighting of the streets of this city with electricity. Believing that the great majority of the people do not understand what the proposed change really means, I wish to point out the difference in cost of the two systems of lighting. There are now 53 gas lamps on our streets at an annual cost of $1,300. The tenders for electric lighting of the streets, submitted to the City Council last year, were at the rate of $73.20 per light for one year. I am reliably informed, however, that should electric tenders again be invited, the price will be at least 25 per cent. greater, which would bring the cost of each light up to $91.50 a year. At this rate 88 lights, (a sufficient number to put a lamp on every corner on Queen street and one on every alternate corner over the remainder of the city) for one year, would amount to $3,477, or $2,177 more than it now costs to light the city with gas. But even if this were done, just one half the people would be dissatisfied, and there would soon be a general demand for a light on every corner, which sooner or later would be complied with. To substitute each of the 53 gas lamps with an electric light would increase the cost to the city from $1,300 to $4,850, over one tenth of the whole assessment, and nearly as much as it now takes to pay the annual interest on our water debentures. I do not wish to occupy your space further, and have stated the above facts in order that the ratepayers may not be hoodwinked by such misleading articles as have appeared in some of the papers. If you do not want your taxes increased ten per cent. vote against electric light on Monday next.

TAX.

Fredericton, Jan. 22, 1889.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Inspector Howe Tenders His Resignation to the County Council.

At last week's meeting of the County Council, Scott Act Inspector Howe presented the following as his report for the year ending December 31st, 1888:—

Total number of complaints made,	36
Number of convictions,	19
Withdrawn,	3
Dismissed,	14
	36

Of the above, two were imprisoned, and a warrant of commitment was in the constables hands for another. Six fines and costs on 16 convictions were paid, amounting to $425; 10 fines stand over for good behaviour.

W. T. Howe to York Co. Council, Dr.

Total amount received from Sec'y-Treasurer,		$1,098 85
Do. from Police Magistrate,		170 00
		$1,268 85
Amount of salary,	$500 00	
Constable Hawthorne,	219 85	
" J. Smith,	22 00	
" A. Long,	40 00	
" C. Peterson,	10 00	
" D. Forbes,	15 00	
Witnesses fare,	20 00	
" costs,	10 00	
Wm. Wilson, pleading,	25 00	
J. A. VanWart's account,	205 00	
Police Magistrate's costs,	170 00	
A. Freeze, pleading,	3 00	
		1,239 85
Balance,		$29 00

Total amt. paid Sec'y-Treasurer,		$1,241 10
Amount paid out,	$1,098 85	
Balance,	142 25	
		$1,241 10

Inspector Howe was heard before the Board and made a very lengthy speech showing how certain newspaper reports had interfered with the success of his labors. He entered into minute details of certain cases to prove that he had not been a partisan officer, as charged in certain quarters.

Coun. Colter made a lengthy speech, concluding by asking Inspector Howe if he would resign if a majority of the Council desired him to do so.

Mr. Howe replied that he would give a definite answer next morning.

On the following day Inspector Howe was again heard before the Board, and brought his remarks to a close by handing to the Warden the following communication:—

I hereby tender my resignation as Scott Act Inspector of the County of York,

W. T. HOWE,
Scott Act Inspector.

On motion of Coun. Colter, seconded by Coun. McElroy, the resignation was accepted.

At a later stage of the meeting Coun. Nason moved seconded by Coun. Rowley, that the Council do agree to order to be paid out of the Scott Act fines, all legally incurred and properly audited accounts of expenses for enforcing said Act, the claims of parties who have secured convictions to be first in order considered—said claims to be passed upon at the first session of this Council after they have been incurred. The resolution was carried.

A good deal of excitement has been caused by a military arrest which occurred at the Quebec Citidal shortly after church parade at the English cathedral on the 13th inst. The Protestant members of "B" Battery, Royal School of Artillery, and of the Cavalry School parade together for church, and it is said that the present difficulty is the outcome of jealousy between the officers of the two schools. Major Short, who is commandant of "B" Battery, and second in command in the citidal to Col. Montizambert, is said to have failed to salute or report to Col. Turnbull, of the cavalry corps, the senior officer on parade, when the men of the two corps formed up after divine service on Sunday morning in the cathedral. At all events, Col. Turnbull turned and said to Short: "Consider yourself under arrest, sir." The gallant major who is well known for his exploits in the Northwest, handed over his sword to Captain Farley, and has been confined to barracks ever since. Meanwhile on Major Short's appeal, the whole affair has been reported to Ottawa for the decision of the general commandant. The Department of Militia is waiting for Major Short's version, General Middleton says he will settle the matter when he receives a reply from Major Short. He supposed it would not be a serious matter. There had been a little outburst of temper in the case, and it would not mean a hanging affair for either officer.

Don't Hawk, Spit, Cough,

suffer dizziness, indigestion, inflammation of the eyes, headache, lassitude, inability to perform mental work and indisposition for bodily labor, and annoy and disgust your friends and acquaintances with your nasal twang and offensive breath and constant efforts to clean your nose and throat, when Dr. Sage's "Catarrh Remedy" will promptly relieve you of discomfort and suffering, and your friends of the disgusting and needless inflictions of your loathsome disease?

Buildings to the value of $3,447,000 were erected in Montreal last year.

By an accident on the Northwestern Railway in Michigan, Monday, Governor Macdonald of that State a native of Nova Scotia, was almost instantly killed.

Monday's gale was so great in Digby basin that it caught up one of the spans of the new iron bridge being erected over Bear river and blew it into the water. The span was 127 feet long.

For Rickets, Marasmus, and all Wasting Disorders of Children

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is unequalled. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful. "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Rickets and Marasmus of long standing. In every case the improvement was marked."—J. M. MAIN, M. D., New York. Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

India is not merely competing with other grain-growing countries for the supply of the British markets with cereals, but is also threatening to become a very formidable rival to both British and American manufacturers in the production of cotton goods. The number of factories which have been established in Bombay and the surrounding districts is already large and is rapidly increasing. The supply of cheap labor is practically unlimited and much skill is being developed among the native operatives.

First Class English Fire Insurance Companies.

The North British and Mercantile, of Edinburgh, Liverpool & London & Globe of London, Royal of Liverpool, Phœnix of London, Commercial Union of London, and National of Dublin, Ireland, are represented here by

MORRISON & FREEZE.

The rates are as low as any, and some special advantages are given to the best class of business. Farmers and others having detached buildings, can insure for 3 years at very low rates. Over $36,000 paid for losses in York County in 1886. Office Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B., opposite the Post Office, next door below Telegraph Office.

PURE GOLD FLAVORING EXTRACTS BAKING POWDER

—WHOLESALE BY—

Jas. Hodge & A. F. Randolph & Son.

Retail by all Grocers.

Births.

At the Methodist Parsonage, Victoria, B. C., on the 2nd Jan., the wife of Rev. J. W. Wadman, formerly of Fredericton, of a daughter.

In this city, on the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. L. P. LaForest, of a son.

Marriages.

At Keswick, York Co., Jan. 16th, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. F. D. Crawley, Mr. Dudley G. Clayton of Bearmouth, Deer Lodge County, Montana, to Miss Bertha Dunphy of Keswick.

Deaths.

In this city, on the 16th inst., of consumption, John, third son of Donald and Ann Mc Kenzie, aged 21 years and 9 months.

☞ St. John papers please copy.

In this city, on the 19th inst., William J. Estey, son of the late H. S. Estey, in the 28th year of his age.

In this city, on 22nd inst., James Wright, aged 79 years. The deceased was a resident of this city for upwards of forty years.

☞ Funeral to-morrow, Thursday, from his late residence, Charlotte street, at half-past 2 P. M. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

At Burton Hill, Sunbury Co., on the 17th inst., Mary Isabella Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Judge Wm. Hubbard, one of the loyalists of 1783, in the 77th year of her age.

At his residence, Royal Road, Douglas, on Thursday, 17th inst., Benjamin Evans, in the 65th year of his age.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN.

SABLE ISLAND PONY, with sleigh, cart and harness.

☞ Apply to

COLONEL MAUNSELL,
The Barracks.

Fredericton, Jan. 23, 1889—2ins

CONFECTIONERY.

Just Received from Boston.

BUTTERCUPS, Assorted Rock; Twist, Fancy Cream, Cream Dates; French Nougat and Chocolate Jelly. Also a full assortment of Stewart's Confectionery from St. Stephen.

GEO. HATT & SONS.

January 23.

Iron. Iron.

1 CAR LOAD Bar and Bundle Iron.—733 Bars and 28 Bundles just received and for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Fredericton January 23, 1889.

BY ONE MAN. Greatly improved. Also TOOL for filing saws whereby those least experienced cannot make a mistake. *Sent free with machine.* To others, for common cross-cut saws, by mail $2.00. Hundreds have saved $ to $ CORDS daily. We want all who burn wood and all interested in the timber business to write for our Illustrated Free Catalogue. We have exactly what you want, the greatest labor-saver and best-selling tool now on earth. First order from your vicinity secures agency. It's duty to pay. We manufacture in Canada. FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 305 to 311 So. Canal Street, Chicago, U. S. A.

Shovels. Shovels.

6 DOZEN Steel Shaw Shovels. 5 dozen Fowler's Axes, just to hand.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Fredericton, Jan. 23.

CHOCOLATE,
BROMA,
COCOA,
COCOANUT,
MACARONI.

—FOR SALE LOW BY—

JAMES HODGE.

January 23

American Steam Laundry.

HAVING been appointed Agent for this first-class Laundry, I am now prepared to receive orders for laundry work of every description. Ladies' and Gent's apparel laundried in first-class style.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods called for and delivered.

F. QUARTERMAIN,
Carleton Street, Fredericton, N. B.

Fredericton, Jan. 9th, 1889—1m.

TO RENT.

THE STORE on the corner of Queen and Regent streets, at present occupied by H. A. Cropley.

Possession 1st May. Apply to

A. A. STERLING.

Fredericton, January 21st, 1889—4ins.

FOR SALE.

THOSE Valuable Leasehold Properties situate in Fredericton, on the corner of Charlotte and Westmorland streets, belonging to the estate of the late Franklin Robinson.

To close an estate a bargain may be expected. Apply to JOHN LAWSON, Fredericton, or to

WINSOLW & JORDAN.

Fredericton, January 22, 1889—4ins

House for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale the house on Queen Street, opposite Messrs Hatt & Sons grocery store. Terms of payment will be made to suite purchaser. For further particulars apply to

WILLARD KITCHEN.

Fredericton, January 16, 1889.

For Sale or to Lease.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE for a term of years that desirable property owned and occupied by the Subscriber, near upper end of Charlotte Street. Possession given when required. Perfect title. Terms easy. For further particulars enquire of

N. T. WHEELER.

Fredericton, Jan. 9th, 1889—3mos.

SEALED TENDERS

MARKED "Tenders for Plumbing," will be received at the office of Public Works, Fredericton, until FRIDAY, the 25th January inst., at noon, for Plumbing and Gas Piping in the Departmental Building, Fredericton.

Plan and Specification can be seen at the Public Works Office, Fredericton, and at the office of R. C. John Dunn, architect, St. John.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works, or cash, equal to five per cent. of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering refuses to enter into a contract when requested.

P. G. RYAN,
Chief Commissioner.

Department Public Works,
Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 16th, 1889.

TO THE ELECTORS OF

QUEENS WARD.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

I shall be a candidate for Queens Ward on the 28th of January inst., for re-election to the City Council.

During the two years I have had the honor of representing you, I have striven, I hope with some degree of success, to honestly discharge the duties pertaining to the position, and I respectfully ask a continuation of your confidence, promising, if elected for the ensuing term, to faithfully guard the best interests of the city, and to see that Queens Ward receives fair treatment.

I am Ladies and Gentleman,
Your obedient servant,

LORAN C. MACNUTT.

Fredericton, January 14, 1889

Tea and Coffee.

TEAS, in Congo, Souchong, Oolong, Hyson, Pekoe Japan and India.

COFFEES, in Moka, Java, Mixed Moka and Java, Dandelion and Maltavia.

—ALSO—

COCOA, BROMA, CHOCOLATE.

GEO. HATT & SONS.

January 16

MOLASSES, MOLASSES,

—IN—

Barrels and Hogsheads.

QUALITY CHOICE. PRICE LOW.

500 lbs. Choice Dairy Butter,

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. H. VANWART'S.

January, 16, 1889

HARVEY'S PHOTOS

In all the Latest Styles.

STUDIO,

164 Queen Street,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Large Sized Heads a Specialty.

January 16

NEW STORE!

The Subscriber has opened

A NEW STORE,

—CORNER OF—

Queen and Westmorland Sts.,

with a well assorted stock of

GROCERIES

—AND—

PROVISIONS,

All New and Fresh,

which will be sold as CHEAP as any house in the trade.

All goods delivered free in the city.

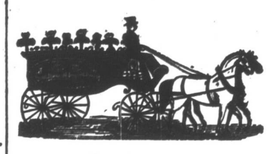
☞ Country Produce a specialty.

W. T. ESTEY.

Fredericton, Nov. 28, 1888—3m.

JACKSON ADAMS,

Principal Undertaker,



County Court House Square,

OPP. QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

☞ Orders from City or County promptly attended to, day or night.

Residence over Warerooms.

May 30

STOVES

—AND—

Steam Engines

FOR SALE.

WE have on hand, a very large stock of STOVES, comprising Cook, Cylinder, Close and Parlor. These Stoves are all FIRST-CLASS, and will be sold very low for Cash for the remainder of the year. Also, Four Steel Hot Air FURNACES, which will be sold at a Bargain to clear. We have also on hand, two small Steam Engines, one eight and one ten horse power, which we will sell very cheap. All sorts of mill repairing done in first-class style.

GEO. TODD & SON,

Fredericton, July 25—tf.

OH YES! OH YES!

ALWAYS ON HAND:

Hay, Straw, Oats, Corn;
Bran, Shorts, Middlings;
Cracked Corn, Buckwheat;
Chopped Barley, Oats and Peas;
Cotton Seed and Oil Cake Meal;
Seeds and Fertilizers, Lime;
Land and Calcined Plaster and Cement.

Hard and Soft House Coal,

BEST GRAND LAKE

—AND—

SYDNEY BLACKSMITH COAL.

Office and Storehouses, Campbell, St., above City Hall.

JAMES TIBBITS.

JANUARY, 1889.

MOCCASINS.—in Moose Hide, Oil Tan, and Indian Tan.

SNOWSHOES.—in Cow Hide, Calf Skin, and Carribou Hide.

An immense assortment at Low PRICES.

We would also call attention to our stock of

Bedroom Setts,
Chairs,
Tables,
—AND—
Lounges.

LEMONT & SONS.

January 9, 1889

ENGLISH OAK

FALL GOODS,

—IN—

Toast Racks,
Biscuit Jars,
Salt, Mustard
—AND—
Pepper Boxes.

The above Goods are beautifully finished, and of Latest Designs, the only Goods of the kind in the City, and will be sold at a Small Profit.

—JUST RECEIVED—

WORK AND GLOVE BOXES

IN PLUSH,

SOLD AT A LOW FIGURE.

F. J. McCAUSLAND.

Corner Queen and Carleton Streets,

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Nov. 6, 1888.

SECOND TO NONE!

"Second to none" so far as LIBERAL TERMS go, but far ahead of all, in ASSORTMENT, GOOD VALUES and QUALITY of our goods.

NEW GOODS.

Just opened a complete stock of

TASTY NOVELTIES!

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

CLOCKS, BRONZES, ETC.,

our stock of these goods is now complete

GOLD GOODS.

Diamond Rings,
Solid Gold Sets,
Solid Gold Tie Pins,

A fine line on hand, all choice patterns.

S. F. SHUTE,

302 QUEEN STREET.

Fredericton, October 24.

'88 WINTER '89.

Seasonable Goods Large Stock and Low Prices at

OWEN SHARKEY'S,

Sharkey's Block.

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Cashmeres and other Stuff Goods

all shades, qualities and prices.

Wool Plaids, Checked Wineeys and Meltons;
Plushes, Velvets, Shawls, Gossamers;
Fur Caps, Kid Mitts, Kid Gloves;
Hose and Corsets, Ulster and Jacket Cloths;
Prints, Swanadowns, Grey and White Cottons
Tickings, Towellings, Flannels in all colors;
Grey and White Blankets;
Mens Youths and Boys Ulsters;
Overcoats, Reefers, Coats, Pants;
Vests and Under Clothing;
Fur Caps in Persian Lamb, S S Seal;
Plush and Astrakan, Woolen Gloves
Kid Gloves and Mitts, Cardigans;
Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs;
White and Fancy Shirts;
Collars, Ties and Braces;
A large stock of Homespuns, Tweeds;
Diagonals, Cork Screws;
Cords and Overcoating;
Table and Floor Oil Cloths;
Wool and Hemp Carpets;
Horse Blankets, Sleigh Robes, Trunks,
Valises, Rubber Coats, Wall Paper, Etc.,

all of which will be sold at LOWEST PRICES for Cash.

☞ Remnants of all kinds always on hand.

OWEN SHARKEY.

Fredericton, December 5, 1888.—Rep.

1888. 1888.

FALL AND WINTER.

Joseph Walker,

PRACTICAL TAILOR,

I have just opened one of the finest stocks that has ever been placed before the public in this City in the Tailoring Trade. All the latest designs in the following goods:

WIDE WALE OVERCOATING,
Cork Screws, Meltons,
Beaver, Naps.

Fancy Trouserings a Specialty.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Always a FIRST-CLASS fit guaranteed.

PRICES MODERATE.

JOSEPH WALKER,

Next door above W. H. Vanwart's Grocery Store, Queen Street, Fredericton.

Fredericton, October 17

Buckwheat Meal, Etc.

PURE Grey Buckwheat Meal, (freshly Rolled Oatmeal, Standard and ground); Wheaten Grits [illegible] Oatmeal; Hominy, Cerealine; [illegible], Graham, Tea-a-Lake; Boston Brown Bread.

GEO. HATT & SONS.

January 15

A FEW WEE

MR. GE

THAT TALENTED PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIS weeks

GEO. W. SCHLEYER

GIVE HIM

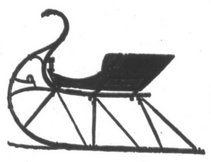
PRICES: Cabinets, per, Cards, Large Heads, Panels, per d

FREDERICTON,

ESTABLISHED O

JOHN EDGECO

STE

Carriage  Sleigh Factory.

☞ Call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

All work accompanied by a three years' guarantee.

We use nothing but the very best American Stock.

☞ Send for Illustrated Catalogues and Price List.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY!

☞ The Largest and Oldest Factory in the Dominion.

First Prize awarded for Fine and Durable Workmanship at the Dominion Exhibition held at St. John in 1883.

19 TO 33 YORK, 131 TO 137 KING STREETS.

BEAUTIFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENT

—AT A—

GREAT BARGAIN!

THE CELEBRATED

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Literature.

DOUBLE DEALING.

CHAPTER XIII.

"FIRST IN TIME, FIRST BY RIGHT."

Everett Mapleson advanced toward the young couple with all the assurance imaginable.

He nodded indifferently to Geoffrey, simply saying in a patronizing tone:

"How are are you, Huntress?" and then turned to Gladys with his most alluring smile. "The signal for dancing has been given Miss Huntress; may I have the pleasure of doing the opening set with you?"

Gladys' cheeks were very red, for she resented his manner toward Geoffrey. What right had he to assume such insolent superiority over him, whom she knew possessed by far the nobler nature of the two?

But she said politely, though with a little secret feeling of triumph in refusing him:

"You are a trifle late, Mr. Mapleson, as I have already promised the first dance; but if you come to me later, you shall write your name upon my card."

The young man frowned slightly, for he could never endure to have his wishes denied, but he was obliged to bow acquiescence, and turned away to seek a partner elsewhere.

But he managed to station himself where he could watch the young couple incessantly, and not a movement, not a smile or glance escaped him.

"They love each other," he muttered, "at least he loves her, and it would not take much to make them acknowledged lovers. I shall have to be both watchful and diligent. I wish I knew the secret of the fellows life. It cannot be possible that he is anything to our family, and yet I am dusedly annoyed by the mystery."

When he went later to claim Gladys' promise to dance with him, he exerted himself more than he had ever done to be entertaining and agreeable.

He told her about his Southern home and the life he led when there. He described the luxuriant beauty which surrounded "Vue de l'Eau," his father's estate, and so called from the broad, sweeping view which they had of the beautiful James River, which lay right beneath them. He told her something of his courtly father and his stately, beautiful mother, and was really eloquent in this description of the spot that had given him birth.

"I wish you could come to 'Vu de l'Eau' sometime, Miss Huntress; I am sure you would agree with me that there is nothing finer in the way of scenery, even on your far-famed Hudson," he said in conclusion.

"Thank you, Mr. Mapleson; your descriptions are surely very enticing," Gladys replied with a smile. "I suppose your parents are both natives of the South?"

"Yes, they were both born in Richmond, and my father was a colonel in the Confederate army at the time of our civil war; but as it happened his estate was not harmed, and it has since increased greatly in beauty and value."

"Do you remember much about the war?" Gladys inquired.

"No, I knew very little about it at the time, of course, I was very young—only about eight years of age—and besides, my father sent my mother and me abroad where we remained until the war was over."

"I suppose some of your people still feel antagonistic toward us Northerners," Gladys remarked.

"I presume there is a feeling of bitterness to some extent, among the veterans; but as to the generation that has been growing up since, I think we all feel that we are one nation and our interests are with and for the Union. But if I had been ever so bitter toward Northern people, that feeling could not have possibly continued to exist after my present experience with them," and Everet Mapleson's glance told the young girl that for her sake alone he would have been willing to waive all past grievances, however aggravating.

Her cheeks flushed her eyes drooped.

"It is better to put aside all bitterness—the war was a terrible thing, and there were mistaken on both sides, and now that peace has been restored it is far better to let by gones be by-gones. Have your parents ever been North?"

Gladys tried to speak in a general and unconscious way, but it was very hard with those admiring eyes fixed so earnestly upon her.

"No; they have been in Europe, and my father has been on the Pacific coast several times, but they have yet to visit this portion of the country."

"Without doubt they will improve the opportunity to do so when you leave college. It would be natural for them to desire to be present when you take your honors."

"Those will be very few, I fear," young Mapleson replied, with a blush. "I am not a good student."

He did not love study, although he was quick to learn, and brilliant in recitation when he chose to apply himself.

I do not believe you really mean that, Gladys said.

She could not believe that anybody could be a poor student who so closely resembled Geoffrey, who excelled. She imagined that he must be like him mentally as well as physically.

"Do you think it pays to get a reputation for scholarship?" he asked.

"Perhaps not the reputation alone, but the knowledge pays. If I was a college boy I believe I should strive to attain the top round of the ladder."

"It is not every one who can do that."

"True, but every one can at least try to excel, and even if one does not, he has the satisfaction of knowing that he has done his best."

"Are you going to be first in your class at Vassar, Miss Huntress?" Everet Mapleson asked, studying her eager face earnestly.

Gladys flushed again and laughed.

"I am doing my utmost, Mr. Mapleson, to come forth from my school an honor to my class; and Geoffrey is bending all his energies toward the same object, indeed, I surmise that he is trying to gain a year by his being so zealous for study during the recesses."

A startled look shot into Everet Mapleson's eyes.

If Geoffrey Huntress did gain a year he would graduate at the same time with himself, and the thought was anything but pleasant to him.

"He will have to be very smart to do that," he said, with a skeptical curve of his lips.

"Geoffrey is smart; he has achieved wonders during the last few years, and I predict for him a brilliant college career. I am very proud of him."

The beautiful girl's face glowed, and her eyes gleamed as she said this, while her glance rested more fondly than she was aware, on the manly form that was standing beside his hostess, quietly conversing with her while they watched the dancers.

Her companions was so nettled by this, that for a moment he could not control his voice to reply.

"I should judge that the young man must be a prodigy," he said at length, with a covert sneer.

Gladys lifted her eyes searchingly to his face.

His tone was not pleasant to her, but he looked as innocent as if he had spoken in all sincerity.

"Why!" she said, after a moment's thought, "if Geoffrey does gain a year he will take his degree when you take yours!

"Yes."

A little ripple of roguish laughter issued from the fair girl's red lips.

"Then let me warn you," she said, with a merry glance," to look out for your honors, Mr. Mapleson, for Geoffrey is bound to go to the front, and I have fully made up my mind to hear him deliver the valedictory at Yale two years hence."

Again the young Southerner had to pause for self-control; it was very hard for him to conceal the rage that was well nigh overmastering him.

But all at once he bent towards Gladys, and speaking in a low, resolute tone, said:

"Miss Huntress, you have inspired me with an ambition which I never before possessed. I would give more than you can conceive to merit such praise from your lips as you have just bestowed upon another, and from this hour, my purpose shall be to 'go to the front,' as you have expressed it. I shall deliver the valedictory two years from next summer."

Gladys laughed gleefully.

She never dreamed of the fierce enmity and jealousy that lay beneath all this, and she was delighted to think that she had aroused his desire to excel in his class.

"It will be a worthy contest," she said; "and I honor you for your resolutions. I shall watch the rivalry with a great deal of interest, I assure you."

"Will you wear my colors if I succeed, Miss Huntress?" the young man asked, in a low, almost passionate tone.

"That depends——"

"Upon what?"

"Upon whether Geoffrey takes his degree at the same time; if he gains his year and leaves with your class, I think I shall have to be loyal to him, even though he should suffer defeat," Gladys replied, though in her heart she felt sure that he would not fail to do himself honor.

"That is hardly fair," urged her companion; "to the victor belongs the spoils you know."

"Yes; but you'll have your own friends to rejoice with you, and I could not desert dear old Geoff, though he should fail a hundred times," she returned, a tender glow overspreading her face.

"Happy Huntress!" sneered the exasperated young man, for a moment forgetting himself.

"Why, Mr. Mapleson, I hope you are not offended with me," Gladys said, with surprise, and not once suspecting that this venom was aimed at the object of their conversation; then she added: "Perhaps, however, his colors and yours will be the same, and then I can honor you both."

Everet Mapleson was glad that supper was announced just at that moment, and saved him the necessity of replying.

The mere thought of sharing any honors with his rival made him white with anger, and her praise of him had driven him nearly frantic.

He saw Geoffrey approaching them, and surmised that he contemplated taking Gladys in to supper, which was just then announced.

He resolved that he should not; so, turning to her with a smile, as he laid her hand upon his arm, he remarked:

"That is no doubt a pleasing announcement to everybody. Shall we follow the hungry crowd?"

"Thanks; but I see Geoffrey coming for me; pray find some one else, Mr. Mapleson; I have already occupied more of your time and attention this evening than I ought," the fair girl responded.

"I could not bestow it more acceptably to myself anywhere else," he replied, in a low, earnest tone, and detaining the hand which she would have withdrawn from his arm.

At that instant Geoffrey bowed before them.

Excuse me for interrupting your chat, he said, courteously; "but are you ready to go into supper, Gladys?"

"Excuse me, Huntress," young Mapleson interposed before Gladys could reply, and bestowing a haughty glance upon his rival, "but I must claim the privilege of taking Miss Huntress in by virtue of the old saw '*prior tempore, prior jure*'—first in time, first by right."

Geoffrey colored more at his tone and look than at his words, but returned, with a genial smile:

"That will apply to my case exactly, Mr. Mapleson, since I secured Miss Huntress' promise, more than an hour ago, that she would give me the privilege you claim."

"But possession is nine points in law, Miss Huntress," said Everet, addressing Gladys and ignoring Geoffrey entirely.

"Really, Mr. Mapleson, you will have to excuse me. I have given my promise, as Geoffrey says, and since he leaves for New Haven again to-morrow morning, I must say all I have to say to him to-night.

Everett Mapleson instantly released her with a low bow of acquiescence.

"Your wish is sufficient," he said, with significant emphasis, and turned abruptly away to seek some one else, but not before he had shot a revengeful glance at his successful rival.

"He shall have his pay some day," he muttered, as he moved down the room; he maddens me beyond all endurance with his assumption of affability and his high bred civility. He goes back to New Haven to-morrow, does he! Well, I'll improve the remainder of this recess to cultivate to the utmost my acquaintance with *ma belle* Gladys."

He found a young lady to whom he had been introduced early in the evening, and solicited her companionship during supper, but he was careful to station himself where he could watch every look and movement of the girl whom he was fast learning to adore.

After supper Gladys and Geoffrey stole away to a quiet corner where they could have a little confidential chat before they separated, for each had much to tell the other about school and various other matters.

Geoffrey had been much disturbed inwardly to see how devotedly attentive young Mapleson appeared to Gladys.

He did not bear him any ill-will on account of the hazing to which he had been subjected so long ago, but he instinctively felt that he could not be a very noble minded man to allow himself to be so controlled by passion as he had been at that time, and Gladys was too precious a treasure to be willingly yielded to one unworthy of her.

He wondered what opinion she had formed of him, and he meant to find out before he left her; and after they had chatted awhile he asked, smilingly:

"Well, Gladys, what do you think of my double?"

"I think it is the most remarkable resemblance in the world; but why have you never written us anything about him; she asked.

"I have had so many other things to write and think about, that I suppose it escaped my memory; besides, I seldom meet Mapleson, as he is not in my class. I am very glad, though, that he does not belong in New York," Geoffrey concluded with a wistful glance at his companion.

"Why?"

"Because I fear you might often make the same mistake that you did the other day in the cafe, and—I think I should hardly care to share your favors with him.

Gladys shot a quick, inquiring glance into the youug man's face, and saw it was clouded.

"Isn't he nice, Geoff?"

"I have heard that he belongs to a good family, and I feel that I have no right to say one word against him; still, where you are concerned, Gladys, I feel very jealous lest any ill should come to you," he returned, earnestly.

"I think I could never again mistake him for you," Gladys said, thoughtfully.

"What makes you think that?" was the eager query.

"There are certain expressions in your face that I do not find in his, and vice versa; while somehow a feeling of antagonism, a barrier, almost amounting to distrust, comes between us when I am with him. Perhaps it is because I do not know him as well as I know you; it would be natural to differently regard one who had alpays been like a brother, Gladys replied, gravely.

A painful thrill shot through Geoffrey's heart at those last words.

"Does she feel nothing but sisterly affection for me?" he thought; and I love her—oh! not with a brother's love; Heaven help me if I fail to win her by and by. She is dearer than my own life, and yet I dare not tell her so? I have no right to win the heart of the child of my benefactor until I can make a name and position worthy of her acceptance."

But he allowed nothing of this conflict to appear. He changed the subject, and they chatted pleasantly of other matters until Mr. and Mrs. Huntress came to tell him that they were going home. He then bade her good night and good bye, and went away, loving her more fondly than ever, but with a heavy burden on his heart.

CHAPTER XIV.

A CONFESSION.

There was not much sleep for Geoffrey that night. He lay through the long hours thinking of his love for Gladys, and half believing, yet hardly daring to hope that she was beginning to return it.

Her manner toward him during the evening, her glad, even joyful greeting when he entered Mrs. Loring's drawing room, her shy, sweet glances, while talking with him, and the ever ready color which leaped into her cheeks beneath his fond gaze, all thrilled him with the blissful conviction that she was indifferent to him. And yet this only increased his unhappiness—to feel that he might win her, and yet could not without being guilty of both treachery and ingratitude toward the man from whom he had received such lasting benefits, and who had stood in the place of a father to him.

"But my life will be ruined if I cannot win her," he said, a sort of dull despair settling down upon his heart at the mere thought. "I haye always been determined to make the most of my advantages for her sake—that I might be worthy of her; I have resolved from the first that no one should excel me, and that when I should be through with my college course I would battle, with all the energy I possess, for a high position in the world to offer her. But what will it all amount to, if, in the meantime, some one else steals my darling from me!—if, while my own lips are sealed, from a sense of honor, some other man wins the heart I covet and I have to see her become his wife? Good heavens. I could not bear it—it would ddstroy my ambition—it would make a wreck of me."

He tossed and turned upon his pillow in an agony of unrest and apprehension, the future looking darker and more hopeles to him with every waning hour, and when at last morning dawned he arose looking haggard and almost ill from the conflict through which he had passed.

When the breakfast bell rang he shrank, with positive pain, from going below to meet his kind friends with this burden on his heart. But he stopped suddenly while in the act of crossing the threshold of his room, his eye lighting, a vivid flush rising to his brow, as some thought flashed upon his mind.

"I will do it," he murmured, resolute lines settling about his mouth. "I will go directly to Uncle August and confess my love for Gladys in a manly, straightforward way, and if he does not oppose me—if he betrays no repugnance to such a union, I will no longer conceal my feelings from her, although it may be years before I shall dare to ask her to share my fortunes. I know if I can have before me the hope that she will some day become my wife, that no goal will be too difficult for me to attain. I shall be able to remove mountains for her dear sake. But if he shrinks in the least from giving me his only child, I will sacrifice every hope I will go away and hide myself and my despair from every eye, rather than he should think me ungrateful for all tha he has done for me."

Having made these resolutions a new hope seemed to animate him, the clouds cleared from his brow, his heart grew lighter, and he descended to the dining room looking more like himself.

Still Mr. Huntress noticed his paleness and the unusual gravity of his manner, and wondered at it, for he had seen remarkably cheerful, even gay, the previous evening at Mrs. Loring's.

"The boy is working too hard," he said to himself, anxiously: "he has too much ambition for his strength," and he resolved to caution him anew before he left. As they arose from the table Geoffrey looked at his watch.

"Uncle August," he said, a hot flush mantling his cheek, "I have an hour just before I need to go. Can I see you alone for a little while on a matter of business?

"Business, Geoff!" laughed his uncle. "I imagined that your mind was filled with literary pursuits to the exclusion of all else. I had no idea you could combine the two."

"I should not have called it business; the matter upon which I wish to speak is far more vital than any business could possibly be," Geoffrey replied, gravely.

"I'll wager the boy is borrowing trouble over his resemblance to that chap whom we met last evening; he doubtless believes that he is on the verge of some important discovery, and wants me to help him ferret out the truth," Mr. Huntress mused, as he led the way to his library.

"Now, Geoff, I'm ready to listen to whatever you may have on your mind," he said, seating himself comfortably, and motioning the young man to another chair.

"Uncle August," Geoffrey began, after pausing a moment to collect his thoughts, "you know, do you not, that I am truly grateful to you for the unexampled kindness which you have shown me ever since you found me, such a pitiable object, in the streets of New York?"

"Why, my boy," said Mr. Huntress, looking astonished over this unexpected speech, "I have never stopped to think whether you were grateful or not; you have always shown that you loved me and desired to please me and that was enough.

"I have loved you—I do love you; if I should ever discover my own father I do not belisve that I could give him the deep affection which I cherish for you. But Uncle August, I have a confession to make to you this morning, which may cause something of a change in your feelings toward me."

"A confession!" repeated Mr. Huntress, looking up quickly and anxiously. "Surely, Geoff, you haven't been getting into any trouble at college?"

"No, sir; what I have to tell you, you may regard as far more serious than any college scrape—it may alienate your affection for me far more, but——"

"Out with it, Geoff, don't beat about the bush; I fancy you won't find me very obdurate, no matter what you have done." Mr. Huntress interrupted, although he believed Geoffrey was making a mountain out of some mole-hill.

"I will, sir; confession is the only honorable course open to me, and yet if I offend you I shall dread to look my future in the face."

"Good heavens, Geoffrey! you begin to frighten me; speak out—what have you been doing that is so dreadful?" exclaimed his friend, now looking thoroughly alarmed.

"I have dared to—love Gladys, sir."

"You have dared to love Gladys! Well of course, who could help it?" said August Huntress, his astonishment increasing, and not, on the instant, comprehending the full import of the words.

"But—but—Uncle August, you do not understand; I love her as a man loves the woman whom he wishes to make his wife," said Geoffrey, with a very pale face, for the die was cast now, and he waited the result with fear and trembling.

"Humph! and this is your confession?"

"Yes, sir; I hope you will not regard me as a viper that turns and stings the hand that nourished it," the young man pleaded, with emotion.

August Huntress did not reply for a moment. He thoroughly comprehended the situation now, and a great sigh of relief came welling up from his deep chest, for he had imagined from Geoffrey's grave looks and ominous words that he had got into some difficulty at college which might hamper him through the remainder of his course.

But it was only a love affair, after all, and he had long ago surmised that some such result might follow the intimate association of these two who were so dear to him. His eyes began to twinkle as he regarded the handsome fellow, sitting there before him with downcast eyes and troubled countenance, and yet he knew that the struggle which had driven him to this confession must have been a severe one, and he appreciated, too, the sense of honor and the nobility which had also prompted it.

"Have you told Gladys anything of this?" he asked.

"No, sir; it was my duty to come to you first for your approval or rejection of my suit. I could not forget that I am a nameless waif, whom your goodness alone has redeemed from a blighted life. I could not forget, either, the fact that when I shall have finished my education, I shall have nothing to offer her whom I love, save my heart, an empty hand, and a name that is mine only by adoption.

Mr. Huntress was touched by his frankness and honor.

"I can vouch for the heart, Geoff," he said; "it is large, and generous, and noble. Empty hands are no disgrace if they are honest and willing hands, backed by energy and a resolute spirit, both of which I know you possess. As for the name, it is above reproach but not more so than the manly fellow upon whom I have bestowed it, and of whom I am very proud; I know he will never dishonor it."

"Thank you, Uncle August," Geoffrey replied, with a suspicious tremor in his voice; "but heart, hands, name, and even life itself will not amount to much with me if I am denied the love I crave—the world would be nothing to me without Gladys."

"It would be rather dark to all of us without her; she has been the light of our home and the pride of our hearts for a good many years; and Geoff, to speak the truth, I believe nothing would please me better than to have you two marry, if you love each other well enough."

Geoffrey looked up with a transfigured face.

"Oh, Uncle August, do you mean that?" he cried.

"Of course I mean it, or I should not have said it. Your confession, although it startled me a trifle at first, as it would any father, to be asked to give away his only child, was not wholly unanticipated, for I have not been blind during the last few years, and it has proved your nobility better than almost anything else could have done, and if you can win Gladys I shall give her to you with my sincere blessing. You have grown very dear to me, Geoff. I have been building great hopes upon you ever since I adopted you as my son, and now nothing would satisfy me so well as to have you become more closely allied to me, and thus cement even more strongly the bonds that already unite us.

"But—" Geoffrey began, then stopped short, a burning flush rising to the roots of his hair, although his heart had thrilled with joy to every word his uncle had uttered.

"Well, out with it; surely you are not going to argue against your own cause, when you can have everything your own way—that is, as far as I am concerned," Mr. Huntress said, laughingly.

"But I wish you to consider the matter in all its bearings," the young man responded, very seriously, "You must not forget that you are utterly ignorant of my parentage. I may even be the child of some unfortunate woman, and was cast adrift in order to conceal the story of her shame. If we should ever make such a discovery, and you should then regret having given me my heart's desire, it might make misery for us all in the future."

"Geoffrey," August Huntress responded, in just as serious a tone. "I confess that such a discovery would pain me exceedingly, but more on your account than my own. Still, if I knew at this moment that you could honorably call no man father, if I knew that your mother had committed an irremediable error, it could not detract from my affection for you nor my pride in you. I hope, however, if such is the story of your origin, that you will never know it. The name that I have given you will be sufficient to aid you to an honorable position in the world; it is your character, what you are yourself, that is chiefly to be considered, and I could give you Gladys—provided she was willing to give herself to you—without a demur. Heaven bless you, Geoff. Go and win your bride if you can!"

He held out his hand as he concluded and Geoffrey seized it in a transport of joy.

"Uncle August, you are a royal gentleman." he cried, earnestly; and now you have crowned all the past goodness to me with this great, this priceless gift I am the happiest fellow in Christendom!"

"Well, then, don't come to me with any more confessions," returned his companion, jocosely, though there were tears in his eyes. "I declare, my blood actually run cold when I looked into your solemn face and thought, perhaps, you had been sent home from college in disgrace for some unheard of misdemeanor. Still," he added, more seriously, "I might have known better, for you have been studying too hard to have much time for mischief."

"Indeed I have; Uncle Auguse, I am going to gain my year without any difficulty," the young man said, with shining eyes.

"Well, I like to have you smart, only don't work so hard that you will break down; I'd much prefer to have it take you a year longer to get through than to have you injure your health."

"I shall not; I am as strong as a giant and now, with this new hope to brighten my life, I believe I could accomplish almost anything. I want to get through with my course in the next two years and then I must turn my mind to business, for I have my fortune yet to make, you know."

"Yes, I should advise you to choose something to do when you get through college; it is better for every man to have some business or profession, no matter how much money he may have. I may as well tell you, Geoff, and I do not believe it will do you any harm to know it, that I have made a handsome provision for you, and if you desire to get into something promising by and by I shall be glad to anticipate my will and help you to it. I have plenty my boy." he continued, confidentially, "and if it were not for this habit of business that is on me, like a sort of second nature, I might retire and take my ease for the remainder of my life."

"I think you deserve to take your ease," Geoffrey replied, "you at least might have a few years of travel and sight seeing."

"I should enjoy that if I could do all my travelling by land I don't take to the water very well, and perhaps, by the time you and Gladys are through college we will all like to run about a little. But," he added, looking at his watch, if you're going on that nine o'clock train you will have to be off, and," with a sly smile, "since you are obsolved from all your sins you can go with a light heart and an easy conscience."

Geoffrey smiled and flushed.

"I think, Uncle August, I can manage to spare another day," he said, "and if you do not object, I believe I will run over to New York again, and escort Gladys home. She said something about returning to-day."

August Huntress laughed aloud at this change in the youngs man's plans.

"You do not intend to lose any time in your wooing, I perceive," he said, then added, more thoughtfully. "As a rule I should say it was better not to mix love with Latin, Greek, and the sciences, but you and Gladys are so set upon your studies, I imagine it won't hurt you to season them with a little sentiment. Go along, you rogue, and good luck go with you! However, I imagine you need not tremble very much for your fate."

"Do you think that Gladys cares for me?" Geoffrey asked, eagerly.

"Go and find out for yourself. I'm not going to betray any of Gladys' secrets," Mr. Huntress retorted, with an assumption of loyalty, but with such a mischieveous gleam in his eyes, that Geoffrey set off for New York with a strangely light heart.

(*To be continued.*)

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Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon. 300 pages, 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 23 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Specialty, Diseases of Man. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch St. May 16-1y.

ROSSMORE, L. O. L. No. 21.

Meets at Foresters Hall, St. Marys Ferry, on the first and third THURSDAY of each month, at 7.30 P. M.

Visiting Brethren cordially welcomed.

ROBT. COCHRAN, *W. M.*
T. FANCUTT, *Rec.-Sec'y.*

February 1

Fish! Fish!!

ECONOMY No 1, Mess Shad;
Labrador Herring, Mackerel, Bloaters;
Kip Herring, Finnen Haddies;
Fresh Cod, Smelt, Boneless Cod;
Prime Table Salt Cod, Scaled Herring.

GEO. HATT & SONS.

Fredericton, January 16, 1889.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets The Original LITTLE Purgative LIVER Pellets PILLS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a **laxative, alterative,** or **purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Headache.**

Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."

THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2902 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

'88 Winter Arrangement '89

On and after MONDAY, November 26th, 1888, the Trains of this Railway will run daily, (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Trains will leave St. John:

Day Express,	7.30
Accommodation,	11.20
Express for Sussex	16.35
Express for Halifax & Quebec,	18.00

A Sleeping Car will run daily on the 18.10 Train to Halifax.

On TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

Trains will arrive at St. John:

Express from Halifax & Quebec,	7.00
Express from Sussex,	8.35
Accommodation,	15.30
Day Express,	19.20

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

RAILWAY OFFICE,
Moncton, N. B., Nov. 20th, 1888.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY CO.

ALL RAIL LINE.

Arrangement of Trains—In effect Jan. 7th, 1889.

LEAVE FREDERICTON:

(*Eastern Standard Time.*)

7 00 A. M.—Express for St. John, and intermediate points.
8 45 A. M.—Express for Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points West; St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston, and points North.
12 50 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John, and points East.

ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON:

11 35 A. M.—From Fredericton Junction, St John, and points East.
3 10 P. M.—From Fredericton Junction, Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points West; St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock.
6 30 P. M.—Express from St. John, and intermediate points.

LEAVE GIBSON:

6 50 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock and points North.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON

4 45 P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and points North.

H. D. McLEOD, Sup't Southern Division.
F. W. CRAM, Gen'l Manager.
A. J. HEATH, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.

GEORGE W. ALLEN,

Barrister-at-Law,

Winslow's Building, St. John St.,

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, October 24, 1888.

F. J. SEERY, M. D., C. M.

Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh;
Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh;
Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow.

Special Certificate in Midwifery.

OFFICE:
Fishers' Building, Cor. Queen and York Streets.
RESIDENCE—109 Brunswick Street.

TO LET.

Possession given 1st February, 1889

THE SHOP at present occupied by J. D. Reid, Harness Maker. Apply to

MISS HOGG,
On the premises.

Fredericton, Nov. 7, 1888

TO LET.

THAT pleasantly situated House and premise at the upper end of George Street, formerly occupied by the late F. P. Robinson.

Furnace and frost proof cellar, and Garden in good state of cultivation.

May be seen at any time by applying to

W. H. ROBINSON,
At Bank of Nova Scotia,

Fredericton, Jan. 15, 1889.

PIANOS. ORGANS.

ORGANS. PIANOS.

I have now on hand a large stock of Pianos, including the

NEW HEINTZMAN AND NEW BELL PIANOS,

GRANDS, SQUARES AND UPRIGHTS.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Handsome cases of double Veneered Rosewood, Mahogany, Blistered Walnut and French Burl.

All Pianos guaranteed three unisons. In style, beauty, finish, workmanship, grandness, brilliancy and purity of tone and durability they are unequalled.

ORGANS IN GREAT VARIETY.

New England Bethoven and Bell Organs,

Suitable for Churches, Lodge and Concert rooms, and Parlors.

Cases of the best material. Beautifully finished throughout. Tone full, grand, clear and sweet. Don't be led astray by false representations of agents but come and see for yourself. Buying for Cash I am thus enabled to give better value for the money than any other dealer in the Province.

Sold on easy terms—Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

D. McCATHERIN, - - - Phœnix Square, Fredericton.

FREDERICTON, December 12, 1888

THE "ORIGINAL" WOOD COOK!

First-Class in Design;
First-Class in Workmanship;
First-Class in Operation.

THE ORIGINAL is the ONLY FIRST-CLASS WOOD COOK that has an individuality of its own, distinguishing it from the every day construction offered in First-Class Stoves.

The ORIGINAL fulfils every pledge that is made for it, and stands to-day unequalled as a marvel of beauty and practical utility.

Modern ideas and new improvements, make it the most economical and convenient stove ever placed on the market. It has the largest High Oven, largest top, largest reservoir, largest fire box and flues. Its value is apparent at sight, and builds its own reputation.

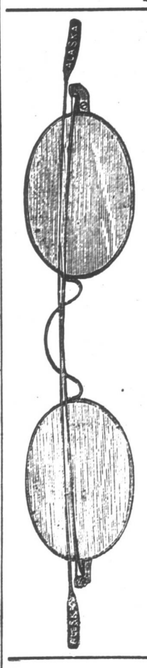
The lower oven door drops and forms a substantial flush oven shelf, while the upper one retains the heat that is wasted from every swinging oven door Cook Stove.

I also keep the NOVEL STANDARD, the latest and most modern COAL COOK in the market. The points of construction are similar to the Original Cook, and a sister stove for burning coal.

CALL AT

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE,

AND SEE THEM.



NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

Spectacles and Eye Glasses,

in Gold, Nickel, Steel and Rubber Frames.

SOLE AGENT IN FREDERICTON FOR

LAZARUS CELEBRATED SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

JAMES D. FOWLER,

Watchmaker, Jeweller and Optician, - - Opp. Post Office.

A. L. F. VANWART,

UNDERTAKER!

COFFINS and CASKETS of all sizes and prices in Wood, Cloth, Walnut and Metallic Robes, and Brown Habits of superior make and quality, constantly on hand.

Particular attention given to laying out and preserving bodies from disc