

Laurier Abandons His Western Tour

Parliament Opening Changes Plans
Sir Wilfrid to Continue Meetings in Ontario a Week Longer
Fighting Session Expected—Naval Bill Likely the First of the Government's Measures—A Lengthy and Important Programme is Looked For.

Special to The Telegraph. Ottawa, Sept. 23.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, back from his tour of northern Ontario, will spend this week in Ottawa, starting out again next week on a tour of the other parts of the province, beginning at Cornwall on Monday.

Regarding execution renewals, he thought it was more convenient not to charge for them. The practice of remission of fines for testifying in Scott act cases was adopted by Chief Ritchie. Witness never brought the matter before the police court committee.

REXTON PERSONALS
Rexton, N. B., Sept. 19.—The Swedish-Canadian Lumber Company's mill is closed down a week for repairs.

BOSTON STOPS WORK TO WELCOME RED SOX
Vast Crowds Line the Streets to Greet the Champions, Not One of Whom Belong to the Hub—Mayor and Other City Officials Address the Team on the Common—Giants Still Shy Four Victories.

Chipman Notes
Chipman, N. B., Sept. 18.—Dr. and Mrs. Abbott and child, of St. John, spent last week visiting friends in this vicinity. They returned to St. John on Saturday.

Western Grain May Rot in the Fields

Growers' Organ Has Pessimistic Article
Railways Unable to Handle the Immense Crop and There is Not Enough Storage Room—Barred from American Market, an Outlet to Southern Ports is Demanded—Wants Government to Act Quickly.

Canadian Press. Toronto, Sept. 23.—Some interesting evidence was given today at the opening session of the police commissioners' enquiry into the conduct of Inspector of Detectives Walter Duncan in connection with Farmers' Bank case.

IRISH PROFESSOR COMMITS SUICIDE
London, Sept. 23.—Stewart Dickey, aged twenty-five, who came here from Belfast, Ireland, a month ago to be professor of anatomy in the Western Medical College, committed suicide today by shutting himself in the bathroom in his boarding house and turning on the gas. He left several notes.

VANDERBILT BABY BORN IN ENGLAND
Alfred G. and His New Wife Have a Boy—Will Be Heir to Not Less Than \$50,000,000.

BUMPER CROPS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD
Washington, Sept. 22.—Crops generally throughout the world this year are bumper crops. This is shown by figures in a cablegram received by the Department of Agriculture from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, Italy, giving the preliminary estimates of the average production of wheat, rye, barley, oats and corn.

CHEER UP! FLOUR HAS DROPPED IN PRICE IN OREGON
Portland, Ore., Sept. 23.—A reduction of 20 cents a barrel on patent flour became effective here Saturday. The cut is due to the decline in the price of wheat. The new quotation, \$6.40 per barrel, is the lowest that has prevailed in the northwest for several years.

Belgium Faces a General Strike

Socialists Plan to Tie Up Industries
Half a Million Tollers Preparing for a Long Struggle
Are Husbanding Resources and Curtailing Output of Mines and Factories to Prevent Employers Stocking up—Will Send Children to France to be Cared For.

Canadian Press. Brussels, Sept. 23.—A great general strike is projected by the Socialists of Belgium in support of a universal suffrage amendment to the constitution.

Chester Jordan Electrocuted in Boston Prison
Actor, Who Killed His Actress Wife and Dismembered Body Four Years Ago, Pays the Penalty.

LIVELY TIMES AT NEW YORK POLICE INQUIRY
Head of Civil Service Board, Who Recommended Crooks for the Force, Denounces the Investigation as Republican Trickery—Lays the Blame on Appointing Criminals.

RUSSIA'S FOREIGN MINISTER CONFERS WITH KING GEORGE
London, Sept. 23.—The Russian minister of foreign affairs, Sergei Sazonoff, went to Balmoral Castle tonight. He will have an audience with the king, with whom he will discuss Anglo-Russian relations and the situation in the near east. He was accompanied by the Russian ambassador, Count Beckendorff, Prince de Ligne, Turkish ambassador and the Bulgarian and other Balkan representatives.



BELFAST COUNCIL ENDORSES ANTI-HOME RULE PLEDGE
Unionist Demonstrations Continue Throughout Ulster, and Crowds Attend.

Canadian Press. Belfast, Sept. 23.—The Ulster Unionist council today confirmed the text of the covenant against home rule to be signed by the Unionists throughout the province on Sept. 28.

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SOREL TORIES TO BANQUET HAZEN
Montreal, Sept. 23.—Hon. J. D. Hazen is to be tendered a banquet by the Liberal-Conservative Association of the town of Sorel on Oct. 2.





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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers These newspapers advocate: British connection Honesty in public life Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion. No graft! No deals! "The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose and the Maple Leaf forever."

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPTEMBER 25, 1912.

THE OTHER NATIONS

The death of Count Nogi and his wife, who followed the Japanese Emperor into the unknown in order that their spirits might wait upon his in that other world to which he had been removed, is an incident which has set the world to thinking upon the iron quality that marks the Japanese character, and not the iron quality alone but the imagination that goes with it.

Nor do we know China. The western world has maintained a contemptuous attitude toward China, as if believing its people were all coolies or laundrymen.

The western world is too prone to regard the Italian nation with a certain degree of contempt because so many Italians come to the new world having taken up the means of labor. To judge Italy by the day laborers we see in this country is like judging China by the laundrymen we encounter.

The authorities were trying to bring to justice not merely a small band of assassins they already had caged. They were trying to overturn the secret methods of a long organization for blackmail and murder, which numbered among its members persons in official life, and which had successfully intimidated many officials not affiliated with it.

one Abbatemaggio, a former Camorrist who had turned statesman, evidence to save his neck, and who continually faced threats of future vengeance in case he persisted in giving his damning testimony.

In these days of cheap cables the world has grown smaller, and we are beginning better to realize what an interesting globe it is.

MAKING THE DEAF TO HEAR

The faculty with which Helen Keller, the blind deaf-mute, adapts herself to conditions as if she could hear and see, and speak continues to surprise even the scientists.

He sat down and played the piano while she leaned against it and placed one hand flat on the lid. First he played a simple melody in four-four measure, the rhythm of which he specially accentuated.

The professor then tried her with different selections, with the same satisfactory results. When he played the "Blue Danube" waltz, she was visibly agitated.

THE SOCIAL PROGRAMME

One secret of Mr. Roosevelt's strength is in the social programme he offers the people. And the strength of his social agitation lies in the fact that the enormous developments of recent years have enabled the strong man in the United States to stride his community like a Colossus.

The social reformers, idealists and enthusiasts are being swept along by the Third Party movement, and many of them imagine that they are on the eve of realizing their social programme. The basis for this hope is twofold. First there is the basis in resources; industrial progress justifies them in the hope that poverty may be banished from the world.

He is to bring labor and capital to see that their interests are mutual, that each depends upon the other for its own welfare. The idle rich, who live on the proceeds of invested capital, while they may be exempt from productive work, are no longer to be exempt from service to society.

social and moral culture. Capital, labor and administration, the three elements in all modern production, are to proceed in mutual confidence and goodwill, without either trying to get the advantage of the other.

But what is the matter with the Intercolonial rates? Mr. Blair frequently told his critics, who complained that the Intercolonial was losing money, or did not earn enough to pay for the proper upkeep of the line, that if he were to put in force rates equal to those charged by the G. P. R. and Grand Trunk, he could easily show an actual surplus of a million or more yearly.

THE INTERCOLONIAL

The Montreal Herald opposes the sale of the Intercolonial to a private company, pointing out that "the time may come, if the machinery were to be constantly devised for the purpose of controlling the privately owned railways should fall to keep within bounds the power they exercise, when we may find our ownership of this great line a most efficient safeguard."

MANUFACTURING IN THE WEST

How can Manitoba carry on manufacturing in competition with Eastern Canada? Protectionists would suppose that the western Canadians could not establish industries successfully unless they had "protection" against Ontario and Quebec.

It is not in another way. The population of Manitoba in 1910 was 6.92 per cent. of the total population of Canada, and 4.61 per cent. of all the manufacturing done in Canada comes from Manitoba factories.

"To what may be attributed this rapid increase in manufacturing in Winnipeg? "Protection," will be the answer of many. Protection against whom, against what? The chief competition against which the Winnipeg manufacturer has to contend is that of his Eastern Canadian rivals.

NATURE AND THE SCIENTISTS

The first International Eugenics Congress met recently in London, and the first president of the Congress was the son of the great naturalist, Charles Darwin.

Only a little over twelve per cent of the land in England is devoted to useful purposes, and this waste of soil has produced an enormous overcrowding in the great cities. These cities have been sucking the life of the country districts, and turning them out in the third or fourth generation crushed, distorted, battered into futility by perpetual struggle toward no rational end.

er be allowed to retain his present margin of protection under the tariff while he persists in tolling the western farmer that he must not sell his goods in the United States without encountering the tariff?

numbers must be corrected. Conquered by law, they are to be killed by science. The scientist never thinks of the advantages that would accrue from his own extinction, but always from the extinction of the other fellow.

There is little to be gained in following the scientist in this direction. This marks the parting of the ways between the eugenicist and the ordinary reformer. Chatterton says: "The eugenicist will follow the course long so disastrous in Ireland; claiming that because we have mismanaged everything, we must manage something more; that we need more power over the poor, because our power has been a curse to them. Those who think as I do will pray God for less power over the poor; will pray that they may be equal to being enemies and friends; and that in such prime matters as the love of women they may be free and not less free."

BOASTING OF INCAPACITY

It is, no doubt, a great advantage to have done nothing, but one must not abuse even that advantage. That Mr. Borden is unopposed in the face of the situations that confront him is one thing, but for his friends and party organs to boast of his serene incapacity, is quite another thing.

NOTE AND COMMENT Sir Wilfrid concluded his address at Colbat with a reference to the naval question, and an exposition of his policy of a Canadian navy.

France maintains its leadership in aerial navigation. During the recent French army manoeuvres, which extended over two weeks, sixty aeroplanes were employed consistently without the loss of a single life.

REGULATING COMBINES

What is the remedy for present industrial ills? Industrial magnates are building up great combinations and narrowing the scope of competition in nearly every activity. Governments in their attempts to modify their strength will go to the assumption that competition is the supreme law of trade.

Canada has a new publication, called "The Canadian Countryman," an illustrated weekly magazine form, designed for town and country circulation. Sir Edmund Walker and Mr. Z. A. Leach are among the directors. With these exceptions the directorate is composed of farmers. The editor is Mr. A. L. McCredie, B. S. A.

in their worldly career by their virtues, so are they, and perhaps quite as often by their vices; by servility and sycophancy, by hard-hearted and close-fisted selfishness, by the permitted lies and tricks of trade, by gambling speculations, not seldom by downright knavery.

The trouble with the system that is being displaced by the present industrial combinations is that it puts every manufacturer and employer who would be just as the mercy of those who would do anything for gain. This is the very fact that is causing it to fall to pieces.

The tendency toward concentration and industrial monopoly is inevitable and commendable. Competition will always result in combination among the strongest in any given industry, other things being equal. Although governments are trying through the Sherman law and other regulations, to put back the hand of the dial, they must fail.

HERE'S A BEAR STORY FROM YORK COUNTY

Two Hunters Called a Moose and Bruin Walked Up to Them and Was Promptly Shot.

Fredericton, Sept. 21—Special—Charles and Alex. Myhrvall, of Hanwell, had an unusual experience this week while moose hunting. They were calling a moose just as dusk and heard an animal approaching. They remained silent for some time and were astonished to see a enormous black bear walk within fifteen feet of them.

COLD, WET WEATHER RETARDS THRESHING OPERATIONS IN WEST

Winnipeg, Sept. 22—The cold, rainy spells hang over the western provinces tonight and it looks like retarded threshing operations again tomorrow.

MACO'S BAY TEMPERANCE LECTURE

Mace's Bay, Sept. 20—An illustrated temperance lecture was given in the hall here Thursday evening. The speaker was Rev. R. N. Staver, grand worthy patriarch of the Sons of Temperance.

ABE MARTIN

Several Conservative newspapers which have been praising Mr. Borden's naval policy have been challenged to say just what that naval policy is. Mr. Borden himself says no one will know what it is until after Parliament has met, and that if any policy is then formulated it will be submitted to the country before it is carried into effect.

Mr. William Ireland, collector of customs at Parry Sound, was dismissed from office by the Borden government a few weeks ago on a charge of "offensive personality." Several Conservative newspapers have commented unfavorably upon this action, and appear to accept Mr. Ireland's statement that he has shown no partisanship since he accepted office.

Although Canada lost the Palma trophy the Americans were only eight points ahead in the total score. The Toronto Globe points out that although Canada has only one-twelfth the population of the United States from which to select marksmen for this match, which the commanding of the American team described as the greatest shooting contest he ever saw, the margin of victory was exceedingly small.

Canada's wheat production this year will be in the neighborhood of 200,000,000 bushels. The Manitoba Free Press says the crop will easily be doubled within two years, and it would then be sufficient for a population of 60,000,000 of people.

WILL KE... ARE TO HAVE A

Halifax, Ont., Sept. 21—Sir Wilfrid Laurier spent a busy day enjoying his trip de kaming was somewhat unkindly disagreeable weather. The private car conveyed the opposition and his delegation to Colbat after they were entertained at Guay.

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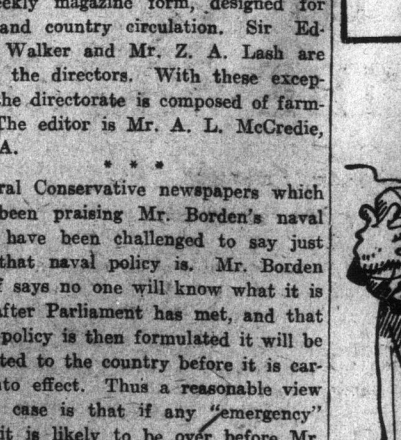
In view of the large number of people permitted to remark the grow and wax stragions of Empire-ave thought that any or prescriptions will be when you pin them, as disinterested as hire, we suppose it fles what there is fault to find with it to reform, say the of things for the lot our nostrums, you But we have a gentlemen, and they nance they are so a

ABE MARTIN

Lafe Bud says he hardly ever buys a new suit 'cause his wife 'll want one. 's known as a grouch is the next best thing 't goin' armed.

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THESE GUYS GOT A SECRET! THEY'VE GOT FIVE MEDALS CUTS OF BEEF



ABE MARTIN

Lessons Learned from Ontario Agricultural Shows

At the Canadian National Agricultural Show, Toronto, the Ontario Agricultural Society had a display of field crops valuable in field crops parts of Canada. Arch windows were bunched, barley and Mammoth two leading varieties of O. A. C. No. 77 oat was produced last year, and an interesting sample of Dawson's Gold and a row of hybrid winter wheats shown, which is similar to Red, with bearded heads, has produced grain with the highest yield of bushels of flour.

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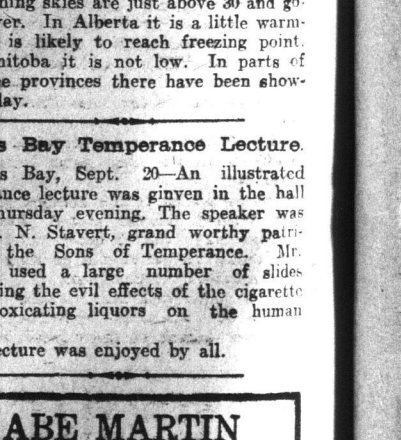
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# INTERESTING AGRICULTURAL FEATURES FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

## GENERAL

### POINTERS ON FIELD CROPS

#### Lessons Learned from Experiments at Ontario Agricultural College.

At the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, the Ontario Agricultural College had a display of field crops that furnished valuable information for farmers in all parts of Canada. Arobed over two large windows were bunches of O. A. C. No. 21 barley and Mammoth White Winter rye. Two leading varieties of these grains. The O. A. C. No. 72 oat was shown; it was introduced last year, and promises to be a winner. An interesting feature was a sample of Dawson's Golden Chaff wheat and a row of hybrids from it. Among the winter wheats shown was American Wonder, which is similar to Dawson's Golden Chaff and has taken the lead in productivity. A red wheat shown, the Crimean Red, with bearded head and white chaff, has produced grain which is the highest yield of bread from a definite amount of flour. The college now has crosses of these two varieties in an endeavor to get a combination of their good qualities.

In spring wheat nothing will surpass in any marked degree the old Red Eye variety which stands at top of list and is known as the O. A. C. No. 11 and has recently been introduced to the farmers through the Experimental Unit. Out of 18 varieties of hull-less barley tested at the college, Boy Mayle takes the lead, and it has also made a good record throughout the province. At the college experiments in the production of mixed seed are being conducted, and some of the seed produced was shown. Most of this seed is imported from Europe, and generally it germinates poorly. Prof. Zavisz finds that it can be grown better in this country, but the labor question probably will not permit the industry to become extensive.

A number of samples of millets were shown, three of the best being Japanese Panicum, Japanese Baryard and Giant No. 92. For fodder purposes, the first named has given best results in experiments. Millet will stand late seeding, and this year it has been particularly valuable. Three varieties of alfalfa were shown, common yellow, red-top and white clover. The latter is the best for Ontario; it is a cross between the common violet-flowered variety and the native yellow-flowered alfalfa of Russia. The variegated alfalfa of Ontario, according to Professor Zavisz, is the result of a natural cross between the varieties mentioned, which have been grown in that province for forty years, and has through natural selection become very hardy, and will survive our winters, while common western alfalfa will practically all winter-kill in severe seasons.

This is an important point for eastern farmers to observe. Many varieties of beans formed a part of the display. Best results in this class of the college have been given by Pearce's Improved Tree, a white bean, fairly large, somewhat flattened, a heavy yielder (about 28 bushels per acre), and of upright growth. "In peas," said the professor, "Early Brittain, a brown-sided variety of excellent quality, has given the largest yield of grain at the college and over Ontario in co-operative experiments. The New Canadian Beauty, a large white pea and a good yielder, is a very adaptable variety. Speaking of mixtures of grains for green feed and hay, the professor said: "Two bushels of peas and one bushel of oats mixed together is admirable for the purpose, especially Prussian Blue or Golden Vine peas mixed with Siberian or Banner oats. The crop usually stands up well, the grains ripen together and give a large yield of feed of good quality. For grain production, it has been found that one bushel of oats, such as Daubigny and one bushel of barley, such as Manchester, have given the best results, yielding fully 2000 pounds of grain per acre more than either one grown alone. This is the actual result of 10 separate experiments.

One of the most striking demonstrations in the exhibit was the result of sowing oats, barley, spring wheat and peas, each in a different date in the spring of the year. The first seeding took place as early as in spring as land was dry enough to work to good advantage. One week was allowed between each two dates of seeding, and experiment was conducted in duplicate in each of five separate years, so that the results give the average of 10 distinct tests, and show that in spring wheat and barley the highest yield was obtained from the first date of seeding; in oats there was but little difference between the first two dates; in peas, the best results were obtained from the second date of seeding, and in fact the yield from the fourth date was equal to that from the first. It is, therefore, important to sow spring wheat, barley, oats and peas in the order here given, and as early in the spring as the land will allow. Anything such as under-drainage, which will hasten the season naturally will increase the yield. As an important result of the experiment might be noted that for every single day's delay in seeding after the first week was passed there was a decrease of 50 pounds of oats, 32 of barley, 28 of spring wheat, and 22 of peas per acre.—A. B. C.

Too many people wait until winter before they start to get ready for winter eggs, and then they are over before their hens are ready to start laying. We should see that our pullets are fed on proper feed right now and get our houses ready if we have not already done so. Have the houses facing south if possible so that they will get the sun during the greater part of the day. Winterize the draft proof but properly ventilated. Pay attention to the feed and see that they have what they require. They must have animal food supplied in some shape or form, and plenty of shell and grit, also green food. Ground green bone is the thing par excellence for egg production if you can get it, but if not to be had, use beef scrap. For green food there is nothing better than sprouted oats. We get the best results by getting ready seven boxes, one for each day in the week. In the case of each day. We use a box each day and start it again at once so that it is always ready. Spread the oats about an inch

for another year. If the party you engage them to will keep them until November, it would be better to wait until then to bring them home. If possible get yearling ducks, better get two-year-olds than take this season's hatching. Then get young drakes, this year's batch if hatched in April or early May. Get all thoroughbred if you can, but strain a point to get pure-bred drakes. The best drakes are those that are well proportioned; do not get fewer than one drake to each five ducks, and this is enough if the drakes are vigorous and healthy. Select from the brood you like best. If there is no choice, select Pekins, if wanted mostly for selling on the market. If it is the brood selected, pick the ducks having long, deep bodies, slim necks and bright eyes; once quick in motion. Try to have the Leghorn shape, as much as it is possible for a duck to have this. The drakes should also have long bodies, wide rather than deep; a thicker neck, comparatively, than the duck, but with bright eyes and fairly quick motions. Ducks that are sluggish should be avoided. The best ones, when this sluggishness is their general habit. To be sure, there will be occasional "off-days" with them.

Don't keep the brood's fat; in fact, it is not possible to keep them fat if good breeders, and fed on the right sort of food. Give bran or a mash mostly composed of different dates in the spring of the year. The first seeding took place as early as in spring as land was dry enough to work to good advantage. One week was allowed between each two dates of seeding, and experiment was conducted in duplicate in each of five separate years, so that the results give the average of 10 distinct tests, and show that in spring wheat and barley the highest yield was obtained from the first date of seeding; in oats there was but little difference between the first two dates; in peas, the best results were obtained from the second date of seeding, and in fact the yield from the fourth date was equal to that from the first. It is, therefore, important to sow spring wheat, barley, oats and peas in the order here given, and as early in the spring as the land will allow. Anything such as under-drainage, which will hasten the season naturally will increase the yield. As an important result of the experiment might be noted that for every single day's delay in seeding after the first week was passed there was a decrease of 50 pounds of oats, 32 of barley, 28 of spring wheat, and 22 of peas per acre.—A. B. C.

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deep in the box, which must be porous enough to let the water out. Sprinkle them daily with water and place in a dark warm place and in a week they will be ready to use. We prefer them when the sprouts are young and tender. Some use them only when the sprouts are six or eight inches long. More depends upon the man and management than on the hen. Use her right and she will lay you right. Don't expect hens to lay on corn three times a day, but only when it rains, so without shell or grit until spring, and then lay six eggs every week, because if we do we will get very weak.

Feed her properly, keep her comfortable and she will lay her best all right and help us with care.—Maritime Poultry Supply Co., Moncton.

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## ERE'S A BEAR STORY FROM YORK COUNTY

Hunters Called a Moose and Bruin Walked Up to Them and Was Promptly Shot.

Fredricton, Sept. 21—Special—Charles Alex. Myhrhall, of Haswell, had an unusual experience this week while moose hunting. They were calling a moose just ahead and heard an animal approaching, remained silent for some time and as astonished to see an enormous black bear walk within fifty feet of them. They opened fire and bruin fell dead in his tracks.

## OLD, WET WEATHER RETARDS THRESHING OPERATIONS IN WEST

Vinnepz, Sept. 22—The cold, rainy day hangs over the western provinces and it looks like retarded threshing operations again tomorrow. In Saskatchewan the temperatures under western skies are just above 30 and gloomier. In Alberta it is a little warmer but likely to reach freezing point. Manitoba it is not low. In parts of three provinces there have been showers.

## WILL KEEP UP BATTLE FOR WINTER MARKETS

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Calls on Conservatives to Provide a Substitute for the Reciprocity They Spurn—Declares the Unrest in the Prairie Provinces Must Be Alayed if We Are to Have a United Canada.

Halifax, Oct. 20, Sept. 20—Sir Wilfrid Laurier spent a busy day yesterday. The enjoyment of his trip down Lake Temiskaming was somewhat marred by exceedingly disagreeable weather. The private car conveying the leader of the opposition and his friends was brought to Cobalt after the meeting there on Wednesday night, but his formal entry into Halifax was made at ten o'clock yesterday morning. He was greeted by the civic reception committee, augmented by delegations from Ville Marie, Fabre, Quebec, St. Leonard and Newville and the Buckle townships. The liberal visitors and down the lake to Ville Marie, where they were entertained at luncheon by Mr. Giguere.

An informal meeting was held in the afternoon with a large crowd of French residents of Ville Marie and the other towns of North Pondas, Quebec, forming an appreciative audience. Several speeches were made, the majority in the French language. Haliburton was reached on the return trip this afternoon and the visitors were the guests of C. A. Foster, secretary of the Temiskaming Liberal Association at dinner.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier addressed a large audience in the local roller rink on the evening. In the course of his address last night, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that his attention had been directed to an article criticizing his references to reciprocity in the northern Ontario visit. The paper tells me," he said, "that the people of Canada in September last pronounced against it, the debate was closed

## POULTRY DUCKS FOR NEXT SEASON

Now is Best Time to Plan and Prepare for Another Year.

It is not to early to begin thinking of next season's duck crop. If your breeding stock has given satisfaction this year, I would keep them over, unless you know each day in the week. In the case of each day. We use a box each day and start it again at once so that it is always ready. Spread the oats about an inch

for another year. If the party you engage them to will keep them until November, it would be better to wait until then to bring them home. If possible get yearling ducks, better get two-year-olds than take this season's hatching. Then get young drakes, this year's batch if hatched in April or early May. Get all thoroughbred if you can, but strain a point to get pure-bred drakes. The best drakes are those that are well proportioned; do not get fewer than one drake to each five ducks, and this is enough if the drakes are vigorous and healthy. Select from the brood you like best. If there is no choice, select Pekins, if wanted mostly for selling on the market. If it is the brood selected, pick the ducks having long, deep bodies, slim necks and bright eyes; once quick in motion. Try to have the Leghorn shape, as much as it is possible for a duck to have this. The drakes should also have long bodies, wide rather than deep; a thicker neck, comparatively, than the duck, but with bright eyes and fairly quick motions. Ducks that are sluggish should be avoided. The best ones, when this sluggishness is their general habit. To be sure, there will be occasional "off-days" with them.

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## STOCK FEEDING SHEAF OATS

With regard to the feeding of oats in the sheaf I have practiced the plan on a small scale for several years and find it is by far the most economical way of utilizing the grain. The only objection to it is the wholesale destruction of it by the weevils.

These little pests can be kept in check by proper precautions be taken, however. A good plan is to keep one or two good mother cows, which are obedient, in the barn. Avoid petting them and supply them with a dish of milk twice a day. If you pet them or pay any attention to them to remove their heads in water they want to drink, and deep into the water they will get their heads in; wooden pails, or tin buckets, gallon size, are all right for water vessels.—A. S.

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ING P. GRADES

honor That Borden Govern- Ontario Section a "Camel Must Not Be Permitted— n That Cause He is Figh-

Wilfrid referred to the running of the grades on the transcontinental railway. There were whispers which led to their ears and through the public that the men now responsible for the finance of the construction of the rail were contemplating a degrading of the level of the road.

V-FIVE PETITIONERS

- 29-Convicted for being drunk. 30-Convicted and served time in Gaol for violating the C. T. A.; and no charge pending. 31-Convicted for violating a by-law of the C. T. A. 32-Convicted for being drunk. 33-Convicted for being drunk. 34-Convicted for selling cigarettes. 35-Convicted a number of times for violating the C. T. A.; for being drunk and for wife beating. 36-Convicted for being drunk. 37-Convicted for being drunk. 38-Before the court for violating C. T. A. 39-Convicted for being drunk. 40-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 41-Before the court for violating C. T. A. 42-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 43-Convicted and served nine months in Gaol for indecent assault on girls. 44-Convicted and served three months in the Western Penitentiary. 45-Convicted for being drunk. 46-Convicted for violating a by-law of the C. T. A. 47-Before the court charged with selling a constable. 48-Convicted a number of times for being drunk. 49-Before the court for violating C. T. A. 50-Convicted a great number of times and served time in Gaol for violating C. T. A. 51-Convicted for being drunk. 52-Convicted for being drunk. 53-Convicted a number of times for violating the C. T. A. 54-Convicted a number of times for violating the C. T. A.; for being drunk and for selling cigarettes. 55-Convicted for being drunk. 56-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 57-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 58-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 59-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 60-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 61-Convicted for being drunk. 62-Convicted a number of times for violating the C. T. A. 63-Convicted and served time in Gaol for violating the C. T. A., and for selling cigarettes to minors. 64-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 65-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 66-Convicted for violating the C. T. A. 67-Convicted for interfering with a constable. 68-Convicted for being drunk. 69-Before the court on a charge of being drunk. 70-Convicted for keeping a bawdy house, and is at present a fugitive from justice. 71-Convicted and served time in Gaol for violating the C. T. A. 72-Convicted and served time in Gaol for violating the C. T. A. 73-Convicted for being drunk. 74-Convicted for being drunk. 75-Convicted for being drunk. 76-Convicted for being drunk. 77-Convicted for being drunk. 78-Convicted for being drunk. 79-Convicted for being drunk. 80-Convicted for being drunk. 81-Convicted for being drunk. 82-Convicted for being drunk. 83-Convicted for being drunk. 84-Convicted for being drunk. 85-Convicted for being drunk. 86-Convicted for being drunk. 87-Convicted for being drunk. 88-Convicted for being drunk. 89-Convicted for being drunk. 90-Convicted for being drunk. 91-Convicted for being drunk. 92-Convicted for being drunk. 93-Convicted for being drunk. 94-Convicted for being drunk. 95-Convicted for being drunk. 96-Convicted for being drunk. 97-Convicted for being drunk. 98-Convicted for being drunk. 99-Convicted for being drunk. 100-Convicted for being drunk.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA TO OBTAIN PERSIA?

Arrangement Made Says Times

Much Hostile Criticism from Influential Quarters

Manchester Guardian Says It Means Increased Military Forces - Government Believes This Solution Will Mean Peace in the Near East.

London, Sept. 21.—The practical division of Persia between Great Britain and Russia appears almost secured as a result of the conference which Sergius Sazonov, the foreign minister, had with British statesmen.

All the newspapers which are in the closest touch with the foreign office, particularly the Times—looked upon recently as Sir Edward Grey's mouthpiece—are forecasting this arrangement and are apparently preparing the public mind for it.

The Manchester Guardian and other Liberal papers oppose the project bitterly. They regard it as a betrayal of the principles of the Entente, and as a step towards the partition of Persia.

Since the signing of the Anglo-Russian convention of 1907 for the maintenance of Persia's independence and integrity, and incidentally for the division of the country into British and Russian spheres of influence, there has been a steady growth of this influence and a corresponding shrinkage of independence in Persia.

The representatives in London of Bulgaria, Serbia, Greece and Montenegro are watching closely the progress of the negotiations which began in London today and which are continued at Balmoral Castle on Monday.

There is no confirmation here of the reported alliance of the four states to make common cause against Persia, but it is acknowledged an approach exists for their protection.

Mr. Jennings Here in Connection With New Marine Depot—Recalls Historic Event.

St. John, Sept. 21.—(Special)—The marine and fisheries department, Ottawa, was in the city yesterday in connection with the plans for the marine depot which is to be built on the site of the old shipyard in Charlottetown, near Navy Island.

Mr. McLaughlin, who is a county councillor in Kings, is interested in several projects by which he hopes the natural resources of his county will be developed.

NUMBER OF WORDS A CHILD USES (From Answers)

Take a paper and pencil, follow the child for several days, noting down every word that is uttered. And when the word "child" is used, it is not to refer to a boy or girl of seven or eight, but one of three.

An investigation recently made by following a child at that age and noting what words he used showed that he had memorized 1771 different words. They covered practically everything with which the child came in contact, and were words he had never heard before.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMS. BEGIN NOV. 11

Majority of the Successful Ones Will Start on \$500 a Year—Over 10,000 Regular Employees Now on the Inside and Outside Service.

Ottawa, Sept. 22.—Civil service reform under the Borden government evidently does not mean any economy in the way of the cutting down of the staff of the inside service. Instead, it is being very largely increased.

After the new year over two hundred new appointments are to be added to the inside service, and probably as many more to the outside service.

The semi-annual civil service examinations for candidates for the outside and inside services will be held throughout Canada under the direction of the civil service commission on November 11 and 12.

For the inside service, where salaries are as a rule a little higher and positions are permanent, the positions to be filled by competitive examination include seventy-five clerkships for men and five clerkships for women in the lowest division with an initial salary of \$500 per annum; fifteen positions as stenographer and typist for men and forty for women in the same division, and with the same initial salary, and forty clerkships for men in subdivision B. of the second division with an initial salary of \$800 per annum.

Over 10,000 Employees. The rate at which the staff of Canada's civil service is growing is not generally known. There are now over 10,000 regular employees on the payroll of the outside and inside services, not counting post-offices, temporary employees, etc.

George Drummond urged that the Canadian manufacturers establish themselves in the western provinces, so that the needs and views of east and west might become more similar.

BIG SUMMER HOTEL AT YARMOUTH LAD IN WASHES

Yarmouth, N. S., Sept. 19.—The four story hotel known as the Bay View, on Bay View Park, across from the town, was reduced to ashes early this morning.

John E. McAuley, of Lower Millstream, who was at the Victoria restaurant, was very enthusiastic over the future of that portion of Kings county near his home.

At the start of the fire an attempt was made to get in touch with the town by telephone, and later an attempt was made to get in touch with the town by telephone, and later an attempt was made to get in touch with the town by telephone.

Conductor John Wade, of the C. P. R., left last night for Boston on a week's vacation.

BIBLE STILL THE BEST SELLER. (Christian Intelligencer)

The New York Bible Society reports for the month of July an increase of over 100 per cent in the distribution of Scriptures above that of any preceding month.

The up-to-date housewife taboos all heavy cooking utensils. These of light aluminum, granite and double-lined tin are great savers of energy.

DR. EDWARD CARSON HAD A CLEAR CALL

Warmer's Death Recalls Mary Celeste Mystery

Capt. Deveau, Who Brought the Abandoned Vessel to Port, Passed Away at His Digby Home.

Digby, N. S., Sept. 19.—By the death of Capt. Oliver E. Deveau, which occurred at his home in Brighton, Digby county, at the age of 76 years, the last survivor of the brigantine Mary Celeste mystery has passed away.

The death of this well known deep sea navigator recalls to memory this strange tale of the sea, which has called forth during the past forty years columns of newspaper stories, magazine articles and even time novels.

On November 15th, 1872, Captain Oliver E. Deveau called from New York for Gibraltar, chief officer of the large ship Del Norte. After a rough passage he called forth six days, they reached the Western Isles, and after that the weather became very moderate.

Mr. Deveau then spoke of his visit to England and said "I told the people of Great Britain that we in Canada had sharply distinguished between two questions: First, that of grave conditions confronting the liberal people which demanded certain consideration and certain action on our hands, while the other was the more complex and difficult, the question of permanent cooperation in the defence of the empire which would be brought about in that regard."

It was thought that Captain Deveau and his men would be well paid for their services in saving the Mary Celeste and her valuable cargo, but the whole affair got involved in litigation, and the captain's share was a small one.

The captain of the strange vessel had his wife and child on board, besides his crew of eight men. The sewing machine had been recently used. The captain's clothing had been hanging up in his stateroom. The vessel's boat and papers were gone. The entire crew appeared to have left in great haste, taking practically nothing with them.

DR. BYRNE CASE ADJOURNED AGAIN

Chatham, N. B., Sept. 20.—(Special)—The Dr. Byrne case was again adjourned for a short session this morning to be resumed on Friday next. In the meantime efforts will be made to find the defendant. The witness were on hand, but the defendant was absent and not even represented by his counsel, Hon. L. J. Tweedie.

To Present Nelson Shields. Moncton, Sept. 22.—(Special)—Tuesday evening will take place in Aberdeen school the presentation of Lord Strathcona's Nelson shields to the Moncton Y.M.C.A. club. The shields will be presented and he will also deliver an address.

SCHOONER ASHORE. Saturday, Sept. 21. The schooner J. M. Harlow, of Tremont (Me.), is ashore at Quaco and if the gale continues will go to pieces on the rocks.

Carson Talks on Treason. Coleraine, Ireland, Sept. 21.—(Clare has never yet been conquered and never will be." This was the keynote of the speech of Sir Edward Carson, Unionist leader, who addressed a big meeting here today in opposition to home rule. Ulster would be said, had been accused of plotting treason, but they would sign the covenant, and not caring supped whether it was treason or not, they would keep it, and he was sure Ulster would win the fight against home rule.

William O'Brien Fears Liberals Have Wrecked Home Rule Bill by Enacting Insurance Law—Anti-Demonstrations Continue in Ulster. Londonderry, Ireland, Sept. 20.—Sir Edward Carson, former solicitor general for Ireland, today continued his campaign in Ulster County against home rule in Ireland.

Anglo-American Takes a Hand. Armagh, Ireland, Sept. 20.—Most Rev. John Baptist Crozier, Primate of All Ireland, the Irish Unionist, today threatened to signet next Sunday and the days following it, including Saturday, "Ulster Day" as "days of special intercession and prayer on behalf of the only British island." During the week the following special collect will be read: "Deliver us, we pray thee from these great and imminent dangers that threaten the welfare of our church and country. Grant that all that is said or done this week may tend to the glory of Thy great name and the welfare of the church and the world, so that truth, justice, religion and piety may be established among us for all generations."

Troops Held in Readiness. Belfast, Sept. 20.—The third great North of Ireland anti-home rule demonstration was held at Londonderry today. Thousands of Orangemen cheered the watchword "Ulster will Fight."

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Mr. Keith P. Rogers, McGill med. '14, who has been travelling in the province during the summer vacation, arrived here on Friday...

ALMA

Alma, N. B., Sept. 18.—Dannie O'Connor brought down the first bull moose of the season on the 16th...

PORT ELGIN

Port Elgin, Sept. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Turner and the Misses Ruby and Mary Read returned from Halifax Monday...

HARTLAND

Hartland, N. B., Sept. 19.—Coleman Shaw, of Florenceville, is moving to Calgary, having sold his farm here...

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The business will depend on what the drift shows after a thorough prospecting has been completed...

Charles Johnson, who has been living at Riverside, has moved his family into the residence at Hopewell, owned by Capt. P. R. Hingley...

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 20.—The American three-masted schooner Bessie C. Beach, with latta shipped by I. C. Prescott...

At high water tonight, the vessel was towed to the Fire Pathon Hole. She is not supposed to be stranded badly...

James Carraway, C.E., is spending his vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Carraway...

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leave on Friday afternoon for Edmonton (Alta.), after a pleasant vacation spent with their parents here...

Miss Bell, Rogers, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Guy Alder...

Mr. and Mrs. Albert McAuley returned to their home in Boston this week, after spending some time with relatives here...

Norton, N. B., Sept. 21.—A barn owned by Benjamin Eldon, and situated a short distance from the village, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon...

Dr. A. J. Campbell, who lives at the house where she first saw the fox, succeeded in getting the horse out, but a pig perished in the flames...

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FOUND WOMEN WITH ANIMALS' SOULS

Plucky English Explorer Tells of Strange Tribes of Darkest Africa

WIFE WAS WITH HIM

P. Amaury Taylor, British Administrator in Nigeria, Relates Some Hair-raising Experiences Among Cannibals and 'Juga' Worshipers—Amazons Have the British Suffragettes Beaten to a Frazzle.

London, Sept. 12.—Native poisoners would make Catherine de Medici and Lucretia Borgia look like amateurs, human beings with the 'souls' of elephants and buffaloes, and magicians to whom men are but slaves...

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Ekoï tribe, whose women rule the roost and who have reduced the use of poison to a fine art.

The Nigerian district, of which Mr. Talbot is commissioner, is in the heart of the Ekoï country, where a firm belief in witchcraft and the power of strange deities rules...

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BUILDING ACTIVITY IN ST. JOHN

The above shows a portion of the new sea wall that runs from the old P. R. elevator to Blue Rock. This building is being rapidly smoothed out...

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WANTED—GURIS wanted to learn business, D. F. Bro...

WANTED—An assistant room girl at Rot School. Apply by letter...

WANTED—Sept. 1st, to Netherwood, N. B. Apply to Miss Toes, North...

WANTED—Sewers want both work in their clothing sewing and machine work...

WANTED—A competent nurse and assist work. Apply to Mrs. M. 28 Coburg street.

AGENTS WANTED—WANTED IMMEDIATELY agents, good pay, exclusive stock and territory...

FOR SALE—FOR SALE—Gasoline fish on top 26 feet, length 5 ft 6 in, depth 23 in...

MILL machinery for sale. I will sell the following machinery in good order...

RELIABLE representative to meet the tremendous fruit trees throughout the province...

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BUILDING ACTIVITY IN ST. JOHN

Work has been going on there for some time and everything is now ready for the foundations of the elevator which will consist of 90 odd concrete piers sunk through the sand and mud to bed rock.

SITE FOR C. P. R.'S. NEW 1,000,000 BUSHEL ELEVATOR.

The above shows the site for the new C. P. R. million bushel elevator, which lies on the shore of the cove between the old elevator and Blue Rock. That portion of the harbor front has been shut in by a sea wall, which extends from the old elevator round to Blue Rock, and which is about 2,000 feet long and 20 feet in height.

HOW NEW BRUNSWICK FARMERS WOULD BE BENEFITED BY RECIPROcity

It may be of interest to farmers who voted against reciprocity to note that the prices of farm produce are much higher in Boston than in this city. With the heavy duty on natural products removed, the farmers of New Brunswick would have reaped great benefit by being able to send produce to Boston and other cities across the line.

SERGt. CAMPBELL RESIGNS FROM THE POLICE FORCE

Saturday, Sept. 21. As a result of the investigation into the police department by Mr. McLellan, commissioner of public safety, some radical changes are taking place in the ranks of the force, Sergeant James Campbell, last night resigned and handed in his uniform to the chief of police. He was present at roll call, and went out on the beat with his men, but after an hour and handed his resignation to the chief, who accepted it.

WEDDINGS

Mollins-Swanson. A happy event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Swanston, Douglastown, on Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 11 o'clock, when their daughter, Jean Hutchison, was united in marriage to Mr. Leslie J. Mollins, of the C. T. White Co., Alma, Albert county. Rev. E. C. Simpson officiated at the altar. The bride was in white, and the groom, in a navy blue tailed coat suit. After the ceremony dinner was served. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for Montreal, and on their return they will reside in Alma. The presents were numerous and costly. The choir of St. Mark's Presbyterian church, of which the bride was a member, presented her with an address and a beautiful cut glass bowl. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Mollins, mother of the groom, Montreal; Mrs. Leonard Martin, Alma; Mrs. J. E. M. Carnwath, Riverview; Mr. and Mrs. John Swanston, Moncton; Miss Ethel Swanston, Moncton school staff.

Trenholm-Matheson.

Winnipeg, Sept. 19. The marriage was celebrated in St. John's Cathedral at 3 o'clock this morning. The bride, Miss Elizabeth Matheson, second daughter of the Archbishop of Rupert's Land, and first daughter of all Canada, and Harold Wynne Trenholm, third son of Mr. Justice Wynne, of the supreme court, Montreal, were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dean Coombs. The bridesmaids were the Misses Adele and Norma Matheson and C. A. Richardson was groomsmen. Mr. and Mrs. Trenholm left on a trip to Chicago, Montreal, Toronto and Boston.

Carpenier-McAlpine.

Monday, N. B., Sept. 18. A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McAlpine, Lower Camps (N. B.), when their daughter, Hazel L., was united in marriage to Burton G. Carpenier, of Carpenier (N. B.). The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. Pincombe, in the presence of a large circle of friends. The parlor and dining rooms had been handsomely decorated with flowers for the occasion.

Harcourt, Sept. 21.

The home of Mrs. James Buckley was the scene of a very pretty wedding Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, when her daughter, Miss Sarah, was united in marriage to Daniel McDonald, of New Glasgow. The ceremony was performed and nuptial mass celebrated by Rev. Father Gaudet. The wedding mass was played by Miss Annie Barriault, and during the ceremony a number of appropriate and beautiful hymns were rendered by Misses Beatrice and Evangeline Saulnier. The bride looked very charming in a beautiful gown of white satin, with trimmings of lace and orange blossoms. She wore a white felt hat with white veils and carried a shower bouquet of white asters. The bride was given away by her

brother, W. P. Buckley, Mrs. H. Barriault, of Moncton, sister of the bride, acted as matron of honor, the groom being attended by Mr. Barriault. After the ceremony the bride and groom entered the dining room where breakfast was served, only the immediate relatives being present. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald left on the Ocean Limited for Halifax. They will reside in New Glasgow. The bride's going away gown was a tailored suit of champagne broadcloth with trimmings of brown and hat to match.

Patrick Callaghan.

Monday, Sept. 23. At his home, 61 Richmond street, Saturday morning, Patrick Callaghan, for many years in the employ of the Eastern S. S. Company, passed away after an illness of more than a year. He was survived by his wife, one brother and one sister.

Mrs. Harry Saunders. St. Stephen, N. B., Sept. 22. (Special)—The death of Mrs. Harry Saunders occurred at her home, 140-142 street, Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Saunders had been in failing health for some months. She leaves a husband, who is an engineer on the C. P. R., and two sons, Arthur and William, and two daughters, Mrs. Charles Mc-Gibbon, Fredericton, and Mrs. Fred Baker, Nova Scotia, and two brothers, Fred Davidson, Woodstock, and William Davidson, Fort Fairfield (Me.). The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2:30, interment in the rural cemetery.

Wm. McLean. Monday, Sept. 23. William McLean, a well-known resident of the city, passed away early Saturday evening at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. J. H. Short, 71 Short street. He was in the 60th year of his age and had been ill for only a few days. He was, perhaps, the first man who grew vegetables in a hot house here, and sold them in the market. He was a member of the A. S. Ashburn. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from his late residence in short street.

OBITUARY

Mrs. J. O. Morrell. Friday, Sept. 20. After patiently suffering for more than two years, Clara Ann, wife of Jacob O. Morrell, was called to her rest yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Morrell was born in Springfield, Kings county, more than eighty years ago and was a daughter of the late George Sprague. She was twice married. She lived at Kays, Kings county, for some time, moving to this city twenty-five years ago.

Lauchlan McInnis. Halifax, N. S., Sept. 19.—Lauchlan McInnis, of Scotch descent, died at his home, and father of Hector McInnis, C. C. K. register of Halifax, died at four o'clock this morning as the result of falling over a wharf at Pictou, last night. Mr. McInnis was eighty-five years of age. His son, Peter, was on duty in a late train after a visit to his son here. Instead of going up town from the station he walked down the wharf and overboard into the water. The crew of the steamer Lady Sybil heard his cries and he was lifted and resuscitated. He was taken to a hospital, where he died from pneumonia.

James K. MacLaren. Saturday, Sept. 21. James K. MacLaren, one of the oldest and most faithful members of the police force, passed away yesterday afternoon at his home, 154 King street, West St. John, after a lingering illness. During his twenty-five years of service in the police department he proved a most valuable, capable and faithful official. He was a model for policemen to follow, and his fine and genial disposition made him a close and trusted friend of every man in the force. His death will be sincerely regretted throughout the city. He was in the 68th year of his age.

Clark-Robertson. Richibucto, Sept. 19.—A quiet but interesting marriage took place on Tuesday morning, when Miss Kate S. Robertson was united to James W. Clark, of Kouchibouguette. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. D. Archibald, in the presence of a number of guests. The bride wore a white dress with a black and white picture hat. Mr. and Mrs. Clark left on the 5 o'clock train for Fredericton and other marriage trips. Many beautiful and costly presents testified to the popularity of the young couple. The groom's present to the bride was a handsome diamond ring. The happy pair will reside in St. John.

Clark-McBeath. On Wednesday evening, Sept. 18, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Eliza Clarke, of Inchby, Queens county, was the scene of a pretty wedding, when their only son, Charles O. Clarke, was united in marriage to Miss Annie Gertrude, youngest daughter of Mrs. Wainly A. and the late Charles McBeath, of Public Landing, Kings county. The ceremony was performed by Rev. David Patterson, of Central Hamstead. The bride looked well in a blue broadcloth tailored suit and a hat with white plumes. The home was nicely arranged for the happy event. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke will make their home at Inchby, Queens county, after their wedding trip.

McDonald-Buckley. Harcourt, Sept. 21.—The home of Mrs. James Buckley was the scene of a very pretty wedding Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, when her daughter, Miss Sarah, was united in marriage to Daniel McDonald, of New Glasgow. The ceremony was performed and nuptial mass celebrated by Rev. Father Gaudet. The wedding mass was played by Miss Annie Barriault, and during the ceremony a number of appropriate and beautiful hymns were rendered by Misses Beatrice and Evangeline Saulnier. The bride looked very charming in a beautiful gown of white satin, with trimmings of lace and orange blossoms. She wore a white felt hat with white veils and carried a shower bouquet of white asters. The bride was given away by her

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There were numerous costly gifts received by the bride, who is one of Harcourt's most popular young ladies.

Davidson-Denville. Great interest was taken in the wedding in the Anglican church, Rothney, on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 22, when Miss Elizabeth Denville, daughter of Hon. Senator Denville, and John W. Davidson, Rothney, who is connected with the firm of T. McAvity & Sons, of Montreal, were united in marriage. The bride was in white, and the groom, in a navy blue tailed coat suit. After the ceremony dinner was served. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for Montreal, and on their return they will reside in Alma. The presents were numerous and costly. The choir of St. Mark's Presbyterian church, of which the bride was a member, presented her with an address and a beautiful cut glass bowl. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Mollins, mother of the groom, Montreal; Mrs. Leonard Martin, Alma; Mrs. J. E. M. Carnwath, Riverview; Mr. and Mrs. John Swanston, Moncton; Miss Ethel Swanston, Moncton school staff.

At the home of the bride's brother, 238 City road, Eida May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ingram, was united in marriage to the Rev. W. Foster, both of St. John. The bride was in white, and the groom, in a navy blue tailed coat suit. After the ceremony dinner was served. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for Montreal, and on their return they will reside in Alma. The presents were numerous and costly. The choir of St. Mark's Presbyterian church, of which the bride was a member, presented her with an address and a beautiful cut glass bowl. The out-of-town guests were Mrs. Mollins, mother of the groom, Montreal; Mrs. Leonard Martin, Alma; Mrs. J. E. M. Carnwath, Riverview; Mr. and Mrs. John Swanston, Moncton; Miss Ethel Swanston, Moncton school staff.

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SUPREME COURT ST. JOHN MARKETS LEAVES NOTE; THEN TAKES HIS LIFE

Friday, N. B., Sept. 20.—Judgments were delivered by the Supreme Court this afternoon in several cases.

A new king was ordered in case of the King v. Marsh ex parte Washington. In the matter of the expropriation of lands by the St. John & Quebec Railway, an order for the publication of notice was granted.

In the matter of the expropriation of lands by the Est. River, Light, Heat & Power Company, payment of \$70 to each of the Dow heirs, who are of age, was ordered and the payment of a like amount to the remaining heir on coming of age or to his guardian.

Ex parte Derosier—A writ of prohibition was granted to prohibit the liquor license commissioners from granting licenses to certain persons in the license district of Madawaska.

Guns, Ltd., vs. Dugay—Appeal allowed for the plaintiff, setting aside a judgment for the defendant.

In the supreme court today, in the case of the Grand Falls Co., Ltd., Fred R. Taylor moved for a rule nisi to quash an assessment made against the applicant by the Grand Falls, a bond of the company, with Colonel McLellan as surety, was presented to answer for costs. The rule was granted.

Some men from this section have already gone to the lumber woods. Wages range from \$30 to \$35 a month.

The funeral of Thomas L. Morris took place this morning under auspices of the St. John's church, at 10 o'clock. Services in St. Dunstan's church and interment was made at the Hermitage.

Neither Sir Percy Girouard nor J. P. Davidson, both representatives of the St. William Armstrong Shipping Co., seemed backward in expressing an opinion after making an inspection of the development work in Courtney Bay yesterday morning. Sir Percy expressed surprise at the enormous amount of money for carrying on development work in so restricted a space as the present scope of the works. Mr. Davidson coincided with Sir Percy's remarks and expressed the opinion that after the work is completed it will be impossible for ships the size of the Mauritania and Lusitania to manoeuvre comfortably inside the breakwater. They both felt that the breakwater should have been constructed farther down the bay.

It is understood that Mr. Warren and the visitors held a long discussion on the plans in the office of the company. They left the city by the noon train. Sir Percy is a Canadian who made a name for himself in Egypt and Sudan, and has now given up his military career to join the Armstrong firm.

In spite of the disagreeable weather, the visitors made a very close inspection of the works. They were accompanied by P. R. Warren, chief engineer.

THEY WERE DISAPPOINTED

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NORTH SHORE MAN FATALLY SHOT IN MISTAKE FOR DEER

Chatham, N. B., Sept. 23.—Word of a fatal shooting accident this morning at Silvikers, about four miles above Redbank, has reached here. William Travis, a store-keeper of the place, and about 1500 yards from the shore, was shot and killed while out in the woods looking for moose, by Robert Hamilton, another resident of the vicinity.

The mistook Travis for a deer and fired at him with fatal results.

BROTHERS WENT INSANE OVER AN INVENTION TO CURE INSANITY

Corwall, Ont., Sept. 23.—Two brothers, named Eperf, after working together for months to perfect an electrical invention which they expected would eliminate insanity, became insane simultaneously. They became violent, and were taken to the township of Omaburro, where they were held under a reign of terror for two days while they raved.

The two unfortunate were captured by Constable McEwen after a hot chase and are now in the Brockville asylum.

WINTRY CONDITIONS IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA

Lethbridge, Alta., Sept. 23.—The first snow storm of the season struck southern Alberta on Sunday evening after rain which had lasted the greater part of the day. At midnight the thermometer registered within one degree of freezing and fears were entertained for the safety of the flax crop. Only a small portion has been cut as yet. The storm will delay shearing several days.

The use of contrasting fur is shown in nearly all the separate coats of fur. Chinabilla is a novelty that is being used for trimming sealskin coats. The long coats have the outway line at the low side, linings are very beautiful. Some of the fur coats are lined with a soft velvet, others with broadcra or heavy plain satin in rich colorings.

W. H. Wilds Declares He is Tired of Life

Monday, Sept. 23. "May God have mercy on my soul, I can't bear the agony of this life any longer. Bless and take care of my dear children and may their life be smoother than my past has been. Goodbye to all." (Signed) "W. H. WILDS."

SHOOTS HIMSELF

Body Found in West Side Hotel Yesterday—Coroner Decides No Inquiry Necessary as Case in Plain One of Suicide.

Tuesday, Sept. 24. "This was the contents of a note found yesterday morning in a room in the Western House, Carleton, beside the dead body of the writer, W. H. Wilds, who was at the present Grand St. John exhibition displaying some clever hirc bark work which he had met with fair success at the exhibition here. He was again called, but this time he had no answer. A carpenter at work on the house, looking through the bedroom window, saw his lifeless body stretched across the bed, and at 1 o'clock he had died from a shot through the right temple, and had been dead about three hours after he had committed the act. The unfortunate man had been drinking beer, and his display had attracted considerable attention, but he had not come home since the fair closed. He had been searching the Western House, in Carleton, and here, as at the fair, his pleasant and genial manner won him many friends.

About 9 o'clock yesterday morning he was called and answered that he would get up soon, but did not do so, and at 1 o'clock he had died from a shot through the right temple, and had been dead about three hours after he had committed the act. The unfortunate man had been drinking beer, and his display had attracted considerable attention, but he had not come home since the fair closed. He had been searching the Western House, in Carleton, and here, as at the fair, his pleasant and genial manner won him many friends.

Very little is known about the man. That he has a family is evident from the fact that he had a pocket watch which was a native of Kent county, England, and wore a Masonic ring. It is thought that he was about sixty years of age. A number of cartridges were found in his pocket. There is no doubt that the death was evidently a case of suicide.

INTERCOLONIAL ORDERS MEET IN MONCTON

Moncton, N. B., Sept. 23.—(Special)—John Johnson, assistant foreman of the I. C. R. roundhouse here, left today for Sydney, where he will take charge of the round house as foreman. His place here has been filled by the promotion of Chas. W. Blakely, the well known machinist.

The joint committee of the B. of R. T. and O. R. C., composed of N. Groulx, River du Loup; Joseph Robit, Lewis; William Kingdon, St. John; J. H. Higgins, Prince Edward Island; J. W. R. Hiberts, Halifax; P. J. Keyes, Sydney; L. G. Kennedy, Truro; J. B. Dube, St. Flavie; and Elias White, of Amherst, arrived in the city today and convened this afternoon, and tomorrow will meet the I. C. R. board of management.

It is understood that the revision of the schedule will be brought up and the charge or suspension of railway employees a few months ago will also be taken up and discussed. Other matters of vital interest to railway men; it is stated, will be considered.

Two girls of tender years, who belong here but who have no home and have given the police considerable trouble, were today sent to Boston, where they will be placed in the care of the chief of police enclosing money for their transportation.

WANTS QUANTITY NOT QUALITY

"If the disease once got into the soil we would never be any more free from it than we are of the scolding moth, which has lost for us much of our apple crop; the boll weevil, which attacks cotton, or the San Jose scale, which came from the north of Canada, and has destroyed entire orchards along the Niagara river."

"The chestnut bark disease, which came from the Nile country, will result in a total loss of the chestnut tree in America, and this disease is due to the former lax methods of this country in failing to afford required protection by law."

It has been estimated that it costs the American people annually \$1,000,000 as the result of the damage done by the importation of pests from foreign countries in the loss of crops.

"I consider the Simmons bill giving American fruit growers and farmers protection against an invasion of pests from foreign lands the most important piece of legislation since the passage of the Morrill bill in 1890, giving government aid in building up agricultural colleges, or the home-stead act, allowing citizens to take up 160 acres of land in the west. I can't conceive of any legislation so valuable to the country as one which will protect its future food supply."

Mr. Grubb raises between 30,000 and 40,000 bushels of potatoes a year. He and his neighbors largely supply the Pullman police car service. He has found time when not exalting the potato to run his office, being defeated for state senator by the narrow margin of seventeen votes.

Incidentally he is a Mormon elder, he says, and just now is enjoying himself hugely, seeing the sights in New York, which, he says, is some potato.

A very important real estate transfer has been made in the southern side of King street. The property is the large three-story building occupied by F. J. Holman & Co., and Arthur S. Goddard. It has been purchased from the present occupant by E. E. Holman, who intends to occupy it as his permanent business home in the business section of the city within the last few days. On Saturday the sale of the Oak Hall building and the present building in Charlotte street was announced.

Bishop of Edinipe Pulpit, Rush of Foreigners That Anglo-Saxon

Winnipeg, Sept. 23.—of the Anglican Mission brought a number of from Great Britain movement in western of Edinburgh delivered mon last night at Holy the course of which dency of the flood of to overwhelm the Ang "Let us remember," cities and millions of often sources of relief pointed to the United tional character had the advancing tide of "If we look over th "do we not hear reg New England stock erson and Longfelloo Virginian race, which ington and a General appeared? This is a t should be active and in building up the ar "Canada wants mo bleans and noble aspira monacle appeal of the Newcombe Hotel.

VOL. LI.

NEW PULP

Railways Their Application

Made for to D

Government Selling for the Problem fronts Them

ican Mills Plants in Ca

Special to The

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—problem now before the demand of manufacturers for a duty on pulpwid in The political difficul the imposition of the from the antagonism from the tens of thou ars of pulpwood lands, ally be obtained by a get practicable altert emanating from the m Application has be way commission for pe the present compara pulpwood carries to th the railway company through rates on export profitable and are usi road-sharing conditions roads across the line. Further more the Quebec, Ontario and r to haul the pulpwo and paper factories, they also get the ad finished product. If we get a single digh American mills to in this, the result will be of pulpwood higher to since he must get his in any case.

It is economic cou courage the manufactu in Canada near to th If it is made still mo American mills to in duct from Canada it is a steady increase in transfer of the Amer side the line and the Canadian mills.

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Newcastle, N. B., John D. Buckley, m chased the Commercial Kane. It is understo run by Thomas Foley, Miramichi, but go to James P. Wh