

The Northwest Review.

"AD MAJOREM DEI GLORIAM."

VOL. 2.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1886.

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ANDROMEDA.
They chained her fair young body to the cold and cruel stone!
The beasts begot of sea and slime had marked her for his own.
The callous world beheld the wrong, and left her there alone.
Base traitors who belied her, false kinsmen who denied her.
Ye left her there alone

My Beautiful, they left thee in thy peril and thy pain
The night that hath no morrow was brooding on the main
But lo! a light is breaking of hope for thee
Tis Perseus' sword, a-flaming, the dawn of day proclaiming
Across the Western main.
O Ireland! O my country! he comes to break thy chain!
—James Jeffreys Roche

THE POOR GENTLEMAN
CHAPTER XI.

"I have something to do too, Lenora. Professor Delsaux gave me some pieces of music to copy for his pupils, which will give me four francs in a couple of days. And now be quiet a while, my dear child; my nerves are so shattered that if we talk I shall make mistakes and spoil the paper."

"I may sing, father; may I not?"
"Oh, yes, that won't annoy me; your song will please my ear without distracting my attention."

The old gentleman went on writing, while Lenora, with a rich and joyous voice, repeated all her songs and poured forth her heart in melody. She sewed meanwhile diligently, and from time to time, glanced at her father to see whether the cloud had fallen again over his face and spirit.

They had been a considerable time engaged with their several occupations, when the parish clock struck; and, putting down her work hastily, Lenora took a basket from behind the stove and prepared to go out. Her father looked up with surprise as he said,—
"What! already, Lenora?"

"It has just struck half-past eleven father."
Without making any other remark, De Vlierbeck bent his head again over the music paper and continued his task.

Lenora soon returned from her walk with her basket full of potatoes and something else tied up in a paper, which she hid beneath a napkin. Then, pouring some water in a pot which she placed beside her chair, she began to sing and threw in the potatoes as she peeled them. After this she kindled a fire in the stove and set the pot of potatoes to boil. After the fire, burned well she put a skillet, with a little butter and a good deal of vinegar, over the coal.

Up to this moment her father had not looked up nor intermitted his work; he saw her getting dinner ready every day, and it was seldom that any variety of food appeared on their table. But, hardly had the potatoes begun to boil, when an agreeable perfume was diffused through the chamber. De Vlierbeck glanced up from his writing, a little reproachfully as he exclaimed,—
"What! meat on Friday, my child! you know very well we must be economical. Don't be angry, father," answered Lenora; 'the doctor ordered it.'
"You are trying to deceive me, are you not?"
"No, no; the doctor said you required meat at least three times a week, if we could get it; it will do you more good than any thing else in restoring your strength."
"And yet we are in debt, Lenora!"
"Come, come, father, let our debts alone, everybody will be paid and satisfied. Don't trouble yourself about them any more; I'll answer for them all. And now be so good as to take your paper, so that I can lay the cloth."

De Vlierbeck got up and did as he was asked. Lenora covered the deal-boards with a snowy napkin and placed on it two plates and a dish of potatoes. It was indeed a humble table. At which all was extremely common; yet every thing was so neat, fresh, and savory that a rich man might have sat down to it with appetite. They took their places and asked a blessing on the meal; but, before the prayer was finished, Lenora started suddenly and interrupted her father. With eyes staring toward the door and head leaned forward, she listened eagerly, motioning her father with her hand to be silent.

There was a sound of footsteps and voices on the staircase, and as they approached, Lenora thought she recognised the tones. She bounded to the door with a sharp cry, and, closing it, leaned against the board to prevent any one from entering.

"For God's sake, child, what are you afraid of?" cried her father.
"Gustave! Gustave!" whispered Lenora, with pale and quivering lips. "He is there! he is there! I hear him. Take away that table quickly. Of all the world he is the last who should see our misery!"

De Vlierbeck's face grew dark, his head became erect and fierce, and his eyes flashed with their ancient fire. Advancing silently to his daughter, he drew her from the door. Lenora fled to a corner of the room, and covered her face, which was red with mortification.

Suddenly the door opened, and a young man rushed into the chamber with an exclamation of joy as he advanced open armed, toward the trembling girl, whom he would have pressed to his breast had not the hand and look of her father arrested his steps.

For a moment he stood like one stupefied, glancing from the wretched board to the miserable dress of the old man and his daughter. The sight affected the intruder, for he covered his eyes as he exclaimed, in subdued and despairing tones, "Oh, God! has it come to this?"

But he did not allow himself to remain long under the influence either of his feelings or of her father, and, advancing anew to Lenora, seized and pressed both her hands ardently.

"Oh! look at me, Lenora! Let me see thy heart has preserved the memory of our love!"

Lenora's eyes met his at once and with affection. It was a look that completely revealed her pure and constant soul.

"Oh, happiness!" cried Gustave, enthusiastically; "thou art still my dear and tender Lenora! Thank God, no power on earth can ever separate me again from my betrothed? Receive, receive the kiss of our union?"

He stretched his arms toward her, Lenora, trembling with agony and happiness, stood dumbcast and blushing, as if awaiting the solemn kiss, but; before Gustave could accomplish the act, De Vlierbeck was by his side, and, grasping his hand, held him motionless.

"Monsieur Denecker," said her father severely. "Have the good sense to moderate your transports. We are certainly glad to see you once more but neither you nor I can forget what we are. Respect our poverty!"

"What do you say?" cried Gustave.
"What you are? You are my friend,—my father. Lenora is my betrothed. Oh heaven! why look at me so reproachfully?"

He seized the hand of Lenora again, and, drawing her toward her father, rapidly continued;—
"Listen! My uncle died in Italy and left me the heir of all his property. He commanded me on his death bed to marry Lenora. I have come, sir, to ask the reward of my sufferings, I lay my fortune, heart, and life at your feet and in exchange. I implore the happiness of leading Lenora to the altar, Grant me that favor; O my father! Grinselhof awaits you, I bought it for you. Every thing is there again. The portraits of your ancestors are in their places on the wall; and everything that was dear to you is restored. Come let me watch your old days, your declining years, with the veneration of a son. let me make you happy again;—oh, how happy!"

The old man's expression did not change, yet a tear moistened his eye.
"Ah!" continued Gustave, "nothing on earth can ever separate me from her—not even a father's power, for I feel that God himself has given her to me? Yet pardon me, father, for my rashness, and bestow your benediction."

De Vlierbeck seemed to have utterly forgotten the young man and his transports: for he stood with clasped hands and eyes raised to heaven, as if addressing his Maker in fervent prayer. At length his words began to be heard distinctly:—

"Oh, Margaret. Margaret, rejoice on the bosom of God. My promise is fulfilled—thy child will be happy."

Gustave and Lenora stood before him hand in hand, and, as he threw his arms around the young man,—
"May heaven bless you for your love continued he. 'Make my child happy. She is your wife.'
"Gustave, Gustave—my husband," exclaimed Lenora, as they threw themselves into each other's arms, and the first kiss of love—the first consecrated kiss—was exchanged on the breast of that happy father who went over and blessed his children.

And now gentle reader I must inform you that I have had my own reasons for concealing the situation and even the true name of the chateau of De Vlierbeck. None of you will, therefore, even know where Gustave and Lenora dwell I know Monsieur and Madame Denecker intimately, and have taken many a walk around Grinselhof with two charming little children and their venerable grandfather. I have often beheld the beautiful picture of peace, love, and domestic happiness that is seen in the old house beneath the grim ancestral portraits or in the fresh air under the trees. I will not say who told me the story of this family. Let it suffice that I know all the persons who have played a part in it and that I have often chatted with Farmer John and Dame Bess while they poured forth their gossip about "The poor Gentleman" and his trials.

MR. BAKER'S DOMESTIC SYSTEM.

From the Irish Monthly.
Mrs. Ball and Mrs. Baker had put the little Balls and the little Bakers to bed, and for the first time during the winter season were spending an evening together. It seemed very cosy and sociable to sit down in front of the fire with its bed of glowing coal, and talk familiarly of matters interesting to wives and mothers. And so thought Mrs. Ball, who affirmed that her little ones had been so cross and wayward that day, that she needed just such a quiet period to calm her irritated nerves; which remark was seconded by Mrs. Baker, who added that Frank, Frederick and Fanny had behaved shockingly all day, wearying her patience sadly, and preventing her from sewing, reading, or even thinking.

"I don't know that my boy and girls differ from other boys and girls, but I get very tired with the care of them all the day," said Mrs. Ball, sighing softly.
"And so do I; yet my husband thinks the duty a very slight one," returned Mrs. Baker, sympathetically.

"That I do!" said the person alluded to, emphatically, abruptly entering. "That I do; and as soon as I get on my slippers, I'll give you a good reason for it, Good evening Mrs. Ball. I didn't intend to be a party to your innocent remarks, but the last one of my wife's I couldn't avoid hearing; an assertion, by the way, which I am ready to make again."

"As she rendered your views so correctly, I presume no harm is done," laughingly returned Mr. Ball.

"Discussing children, were you not, and the tremendous burden of care and trouble they impose upon tender mothers inquired Mr. Baker, half seriously.
"We stand convicted of the heinous crime. Pray, what have you to say against it?" retorted both Mrs. Ball and Mrs. Baker.

"Nothing, certainly, of the right of every lady to talk about what pleases her; but a great deal against the erroneous opinion you maintain. The truth is Mrs. Ball, the truth is, wife, you magnify your motherly duties; you look at them through a glass which increases their dimensions wonderfully. You make a mountain of a molehill and then imagine you are climbing up its rugged side when you are simply walking on level ground. You complain because it has become habitual; you talk of fatigue and nervousness because every other mother mother does the same. There isn't one woman in ten who knows how to take care of children properly."

"Have you any experimental knowledge of the matter," asked Mrs. Ball.
"No, indeed! he knows nothing at all about it," cried Mrs. Baker.

"I see I am in the minority, but I don't mean to be frightened out of my argument," quoth Mr. Baker. "In the first place, I advance that women don't understand children."
Mrs. Ball and Mrs. Baker looked voluminously.
They make, he continued, undaunted by two pair of sharp eyes, "a great fuss about a very little matter. Children do not need continual talking to, one word is as good as ten, if rightly applied. Begin right, and there need be no trouble in managing them. When the cry, make them be quiet, when they want anything make them wait on themselves."
"What if they can't walk. There is supposed to be a period in a child's life when its feet are of no possible service," remarked the listening wife, in a tone the least bit malicious.
"As I have two such critical listeners it behooves me to choose my words more carefully. To amend my remark, teach children to wait upon themselves as soon as they can walk."
"A difficult theory to put into practice said Mrs. Ball, with the air of one confident of the soundness of her position.
"Not at all I assure you nothing easier,"
"Did you ever try it?" pursued the lady, surveying her masculine theorist as though she compassionated his ignorance.
"Why—no—not exactly," he stammered, "but that doesn't militate against the facts of the case. I'm confident I can take care of children without tiring myself, or thinking it a burdensome duty, I should start right, Mrs. Ball."
The man in the dressing gown and slippers contemplated the fire with great apparent satisfaction.
"Then why not take your wife's place to-morrow; and let her spend the day with me," queried the mother of four little Balls. "She needs relaxation; and as you maintain that children are no trouble when rightly managed, they will not interfere with your happiness in any degree. You can 'start right,' and I have no doubt everything will go on swimmingly. What say you to my proposal?"
Mr. Baker eyed her attentively for a moment, then slowly replied:
"I don't know it's reasonable. Should you like it?" he added, turning to his wife, who had been exchanging glances with Mr. Balls.
He received a hearty assent.
"Then it's settled. I'll keep house, and you shall go visiting. I'm not particularly wanted at the business premises, and it will be a fine chance to write several letters and look over a book of accounts, I'll wager a new bonnet against a new hat—and the bonnet with your permission, shall belong to Mrs. Baker—that I will get through the day grandly, without fretting and scolding or worriment and weariness," was the brave rejoinder.
"You hear, Mrs. Baker—a beaver again at a two-guinea bonnet. I wish I was as sure of new velvet as what you are," exclaimed the merry Mrs. Ball.
"Don't be too positive! A hat may be called for before you are aware of it; briskly retorted Mr. Baker. "I'll demonstrate my system, or confess myself in error."
Mrs. Ball smiled in a peculiar way, spoke a few words in an under tone to her ally, and bade her friends good night.
Mr. Baker was awakened at a late hour the following morning by baby Fanny, who was amusing herself by pulling his whiskers. Glancing at his watch he found it was past eight o'clock. Where was Mrs. Baker? Why were not the older children dressed and out of the way, instead of jumping about the room, clamoring for their clothes. Mr. Baker did not make a very elaborate toilet. He ran down stairs, found a good fire in the stove, a pot of hot coffee and the table spread; but the party instrumental in bringing about this comfortable state of things was non est. He went through the rooms glanced into the parlor, looked into the outhouse in to the cellar, and called 'Ellen several times. No response been given, he was driven to the conclusion that his better

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Continued on Fifth Page

POPULAR SCIENCE NOTES.

Several Russian explorations to Central Asia are sanctioned for the coming summer. Among others, Messrs Ignatieff and Kras now are to explore the Khan Tegri Mountains, which are little known.

The skull resists the ravages of time better than any other bone, and the reason for it is a question which puzzles naturalists. The fact has been noted on opening the graves of mound builders while the skulls of buffalo, elk and other animals on the western plains are in a fair state of preservation long after the other bones have entirely decayed.

A French physician asserts that he has discovered a soporific whose effects can be exactly limited to the time required. This, will, he says, enable travellers to sleep comfortably and confidently during a journey.

Considerable interest attaches to the results attained by various American and foreign scientists in their attempts to ascertain, by careful and prolonged observations, the daily increase of the earth's mass from the falling upon it of meteors and cosmical dust. Briefly, these observations, indicate that about four hundred and fifty thousand meteors fall upon the surface of the whole earth every hour, the average weight of these bodies being about five grains each, the total representing nearly five thousand pounds per hour, or a fraction short of sixty tons every twenty-four hours.

A DIPLOMAT'S FIRST LOVE

How the New Spanish Minister Once Sought the Mary Mr. Corcoran's Daughter.

The New Spanish Minister, Senor Muruga, who has recently taken charge of the legation here, is an old timer and has many acquaintances in the city. He was educated at the Jesuit College in Georgetown, D.C., and was subsequently secretary of legation there, as his father was before him.

The young lady sent for her lover and admitted him into the house through the back door, but their interview was interrupted by Mr. Corcoran, who was informed by a servant of what was going on. Leaving his books he hurried home and when his daughter saw him coming she got her lover to conceal himself under the piano.

But the young couple got tired of their engagement in due time, and the young lady married Mr. George Eustis, a member of Congress from Louisiana, and an uncle of the present senator from that state.

THE SCHOLAR OF THE ROSARY

A sweet legend tells us of a guileless boy who grieved much because he could not compete with his fellow students in the composition of verses; not that he deemed the art of any intrinsic value, but that notwithstanding his proficiency in other studies, his deficiency in this particular branch deprived him of the

literary honors for which he was ambitious solely for the sake of his dear mother, whose hopes all centered in him as her only child. Into the heart of that gentle mother he poured the sorrowful tale of his repeated trials and attendant failures of his master's displeasures and his companions taunts; of his humiliation and disappointments, and from her loving lips he learned where lay his remedy.

"WISE, LIBERAL, PRUDENT."

The Praise Which Leo XIII., Competes From Protestants.

The celebration of the Sacerdotal Jubilee of Leo XIII., otherwise of the fiftieth anniversary of the ordination of the Pontiff as a priest, will, our correspondent at Rome informs us, be organized and conducted by a committee which includes the noblest names of the Roman aristocracy. One can hardly conceive of any Roman, whether aristocrat bourgeois or plebeian, who would refuse to do homage to Leo XIII., if only permitted to take that course.

the uniformly displayed, the union of zeal with modesty, the combination of activity and disinterestedness that disarm criticism and secure the suffrages of the neutral.

A man cannot be "wise, liberal and prudent" for fifty years without acquiring a considerable store of useful experience; and Leo XIII., having watched the ways of men and governments for half a century, has brought his accumulated sagacity to bear upon the problem how to reconcile the interest of the church over which he presides with the somewhat exacting demands of modern society and modern ideas.

The Romans will therefore do well to celebrate the Sacerdotal Jubilee of such a Pontiff with all the fervor and honors at their disposal.



NOTICE.

To Millers and Others in the North-West Territories and in Manitoba West of the Principal Meridian only.

SEALED TENDERS, accompanied by One Hundred Pound Samples, and endorsed "Tender for Flour," will be received at the undermentioned Indian Agencies, in the North-West Territories, up to noon of Thursday, the twenty-ninth of April, 1886.

Table listing agencies and agents: H. Martineau (The Narrows, Lake Manitoba), J. A. Markle (Birtle), A. McDonald (Crooked Lakes), W. S. Grant (Assiniboine Reserve), P. J. Williams (File Hills), J. B. Lash (Muscowpetung Reserve), H. Keith (Touchwood Hills), J. M. Rae (Prince Albert), J. P. Wright (Battleford), J. A. Mitchell (Victoria), W. Anderson (Edmonton), S. B. Lucas (Peace Hills), W. Pocklington (Fort McLeod), M. Begg (Blackfoot Crossing), W. C. de Ballinhard (Sarcee Reserve).

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of the flour required, may be had on application to any of the above named Agents, or from the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West Territories, Regina; and no tender will be entertained which is not made out on one of the forms in the hands of the Agents or of the Indian Commissioner for distribution to intending tenderers.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion of the whole quantity of flour required at any given point.

Tenderers residing near one Agency but desiring to tender for delivery within another Agency further distant, may deposit the tender and sample for the most distant at the nearest of the Agencies specified above, or with the Indian Commissioner at Regina.

Samples of flour will be returned, if desired, to unsuccessful tenderers on their application, and the sample submitted by a successful tenderer may be counted by him as a delivery on account of his contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for their flour to be forwarded at once from railway stations to its destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily accepted. L. VANKOUGHNET, Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 30th Jan., 1886.

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Every Department will receive special attention and will supply the latest and most instructive intelligence under the different heads.

The NORTHWEST REVIEW will be mailed free to any address for \$2.50 per annum strictly in advance. The price is slightly in excess of that charged for other papers published in the Northwest, but our friends will readily understand that there are great difficulties to be met with in issuing a Catholic paper, especially so in this new country, and we trust that the extra fifty cents will not deter any of our friends from giving their warm support to the only paper in the Northwest published in the interest of Catholics in the English Language.

The REVIEW will be made the equal of other papers published here and as soon as circulation warrants it our readers may confidently expect that the annual subscription price will be readily reduced.

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COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

Table comparing various baking powders: ROYAL (Absolutely Pure), GRANT'S (Alum Powder), BUNFORD'S, HANFORD'S, REDHEAD'S, CHARM (Alum Powder), AMAZON (Alum Powder), CLEVELAND'S, PIONEER (San Francisco), CZAR, DR. PRICE'S, SNOW FLAKE (Groff's), LEWIS', PEARL (Andrews & Co.), HECKER'S, GILLET'S, ANDREWS & CO. 'Regal', BULK (Powder sold loose), BUNFORD'S (when not fresh).

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVY, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MONTROSE, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York; and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

EXERCISE

Every healthy person, man or woman should be a good walker, able at any time to walk six or twelve miles a day at least and double that when gradually brought up to it. The points to be attended to are, to see that the walk be brisk and vigorous, not a loitering or dangling kind; that there be some object in the walk besides its being a routine constitutional—i.e., not like the staid promenade of the orthodox ladies' school—and is possible in pleasant company, that there be no tight clothing, whether for the feet or body, which will constrain or impede the natural movement of the limbs and trunk and that the walk be taken as far as possible in the fresh country air. Whenever an opportunity presents itself for a little climbing in the course of a walk, it should be taken advantage of. We gain variety of muscular action, as well as increase the exertion, and we get into the reams of purer air and fresher breeze at the same time. What may be considered the weak point in walking as a mode of exercise is the comparatively small play which it gives to the muscles of the shoulders and chest while it is still less for those of the arm. This should be compensated for by the use of light dumbbells or Indian clubs, or some other form of exercise which brings in play the arms and shoulders. One of the forms of exercises which requires the action of the muscles of the arms and shoulders, as well as those of the trunk and legs, is swimming. This, however, for many reasons, can not be used as a means of exercise except by a few and at certain seasons of the year, but where possible it should always be practiced. The great pity is that boys and girls do not learn it as a rule, while at school. Every large town should be well provided with swimming baths, and if it could be made compulsory for scholars at a certain age; say, 12, to learn to swim, it would be a great advantage to all, and also be the means of saving many lives.

DEFINITIONS

Man—A bubble on the ocean's rolling wave. Life—A gleam of light, extinguished in the grave. Fame—A meteor dazzling with its distant glare. Wealth—A source of trouble and consuming care. Pleasure—A gleam of sunshine passing soon away. Love—A morning dream whose memory gilds the day. Faith—An anchor dropped beyond the vale of death. Hope—A lone star beaming o'er the barren heath. Charity—A stream meandering from the fount of love. Revelation—A guide to realms of endless joy above. Religion—A key which opens wide the gates of heaven. Death—A sword by which the ties of earth are riven. Earth—A desert through which pilgrims wend their way. Grave—A house of rest where ends life's weary day. Resurrection—A sudden waking from a quiet dream. Heaven—A land of joy, of light and love supreme.

DON'T SPOIL THE CHILDREN.

A child's truest and best happiness does not consist in making his individual well being the pivot upon which the whole household machinery turns. He will be the better, not the worse, for a little judicious letting alone occasionally, and for being taught that there are other people to be considered before himself. While a mother should always have quick and hearty sympathy for all juvenile trials and perplexities, she should at the same time exact from the child a corresponding consideration for her own occupations and annoyances. The sympathies, like every other spiritual development, require diligent cultivation.

HOW TO SELECT MEAT.

The majority of the people who buy meat depend as to its quality upon the statements of the man who sells it to them. A rich piece of meat, in their eyes, is no different from a poor piece. A tough steak or roast is not discovered until it comes on the table. And yet the quality of meat can easily be told by running the finger over it. People can educate themselves in meat as well and as successfully as they can in art matters.

"If people would investigate this subject," said an expert, "they need never ask a butcher's opinion. Regard should be had for three things—color, grain and the lines of fat. The color should be bright and red; the grain close, so that when the finger passes over it a smooth, even surface presents itself, and the fat lines should be fine and run all through the red flesh.

WORTH OF A NEWSPAPER.

There is a rejoicing among the people when the price of a great paper is reduced from five to four, from four to three and from three to two cents, or

from two to one cent, and there are no doubt men who would like the price to go down to one half cent. I never rejoice at such a time, because it means penury, domestic privation, starvation! No newspaper in the land can afford to be published for less than five cents a sheet.—[Rev. Dr. Talmage.

ROUND SHOT AT INGERSOLL

A number of students attending a college at Albany N. Y. went to hear Ingersoll lecture, and were so captivated by the 'Great Infidel's' subtle sophistries that they propounded the following question to their professor, Prof. Gouge D, D, LL, D.
Dear Professor.—Are not Ingersoll's arguments unanswerable? What are you going to do about it?

Several Students.

The Professor's reply was sarcastic logical and to the point. His description of an amateur infidel is given here for the benefit of our home 'agnostics.' The Professor in the 'course of a long article in reply to the students' interrogatory said:

'But you say there are so many infidels. Boys you are mistaken. An infidel is an abnormal growth. Nature feels funny once in a while and creates a freak—the living skeleton, the fat woman, the two-headed girl. So there is about one infidel to a million sane men. He is a freak, and he pays, Men pay to hear Roberts abuse religion as they do to see Simms wind up his watch with his toes, not that a watch is any better for being wound up with his toes but it isn't every slouch that can do it. A genuine infidel is a moral monstrosity worth seeing.

The most of those noisy fellows are amateur infidels. They talk Ingersoll in fair weather and pray themselves hoarse every time it thunders. A well developed case of cholera morbus will knock their infidelity out of them and leave them in a cold sweat, like a china dog in an ice house. I know them. The most of them are like the boy who runs away from home and comes back to sleep with father nights. These men are only playing 'I spy' with their consciences, and you can find them every time. They are no more genuine infidels than a news boy is an editor. They only retell somebody else's ideas. They are striving against their natures as the model farmer who thought his beans were coming up wrong end to, God knows best, and he has not made a failure of the face. Then, again, boys take a look around you when you invest another fifty cents in liberty, and compare the crowd with the kind of people you find in almost any church. Is it the odor of sanctity you smell? Hardly, boys, hardly. But you can eat peanuts there and choke on the shells while you applaud the funny jokes about the heaven where you know in your hearts you hope your mother is, or hear the humble Nazarene ridiculed who you think and always will think, gave a home to your weary old father when he left the earth. The kind of liberty Ingersoll retails is very expensive and comes out in blotches, so I have heard.

Yes, boys, his argument are unanswerable, and I think the seasons will come along and the church will continue to boom, and all nature will most exasperatingly and calmly perform her functions if Robert is not answered. You know then the first steamer crossed the Atlantic a great philosopher was delivering a most conclusive argument to prove that by no possibility could a steam vessel cross the ocean. And he proved it, too. And no man could answer it either, and that provoking steamer came snorting, sizzling and splurging right into the harbor.

Boys, so will God's children go right on praying and preaching and dying and going to heaven in spite of argument. They can't help it. They were made so I suppose."

RELIABLE RECIPES.

A Light Tea Cake.—One cup of sugar; two eggs; half a cup of melted butter, one and a quarter cups of milk; two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar and one teaspoonful of soda. Add flour enough to make a stiff batter. Bake twenty minutes in a good oven.

Minced Ham.—Mix half a pound of cracker crumbs with an equal quantity of fine minced lean boiled ham; moisten this mixture with a little stock or water and butter, adding salt to taste. Put the mixture in a baking dish, make depressions in it the size of an egg and break an egg in each hollow. Bake a delicate brown in a good oven.

Veal Stew.—Take cold roast veal, cut into mouthfuls, add any gravy you may have left; season well, adding a dash of curry powder and some mace and a very

little boiling water; stew for a half an hour, then add a good half pint of milk; stew a while longer and serve. Jellied veal may be made the same as jellied chicken, and is most delicious.

Nice Ways of Cooking Veal.—Take a fillet of veal, have it boned, then stiff it with a dressing made of bread crumbs moistened with boiling water. Add a generous supply of butter, season with salt, pepper, the grated rind of a lemon and the juice of the same. Put your meat in the dripping pan, sprinkle with salt and pepper, squeeze over it a little lemon juice; roast well; allowing fully twenty minutes to a pound. Make a rich gravy, and serve with sliced lemons.

THE WAY THE FRENCH GIRLS IN WOODED.

I remember, just before the Franco-Prussian war, a Mlle. Pairier, a very witty and intelligent girl of 18, attended the day school in which I was teaching. She had passed her examinations at l'Hotel de Ville. but was so fond of her school that she protested she would not leave it until it was time for her to be married. She was a privileged character among the teachers and pupils—a sort of parlor boarder. One day she came running to us and said, 'Mamma has seriously gone to work to find me a husband! I saw a candidate last night at the theatre! but I don't like him! He squint!' I am going to see another at the Opera Comique to night. The next morning our first question was 'How did you like him!' 'Can't like him papa heard that his property was entailed, and that his father died of some hereditary disease.' Thus, every morning to our amusement, she would come with a new story told in her own sprightly way. Once she told us that one of her mother's horses was lame; she supposed that he the horse was heartily tired running after a husband for her. At last she found the right one, or rather the right one was found for her. She then at once stopped joking; and, with the dignity she at once assumed as a fiancee, she forbade us to do. Her husband is a rich manufacturer of cloth at Elboeuf.

THE JOURNEY OF A WEDDING RING

The occurrence that gave rise to Schiller's famous poem of 'The Ring of Poly crates,' says a German paper, has been acted over again in our days—with this exception, that the animal which swallowed the ring and a wedding ring moreover was this time a calf instead of a fish. It happened to a cattle dealer in Labes (Pomerania, who coaxed a young calf to drink by allowing it to suck his finger, on which occasion the animal, sucked the ring from the finger without its master noticing the loss at the time. He sold the animal and to his great surprise about a week thereafter The Butcher's Gazette informed him of the remarkable fact that in the stomach of a calf slaughtered in Berlin his wedding ring minutely described, had been found.



Tenders for a License to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for a timber berth," will be received at this office until noon on Monday 10 day of May next, for a berth of two square miles each situated on the Columbia River line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in the Province of British Columbia. Sketches showing the position approximately of these berths together with the conditions on which the will be licensed may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown timber offices, Winnipeg, Calgary, and Victoria British Columbia.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

D. HALLEN
FIRST-CLASS TAILOR AND CUTTER.
Repairing a Specialty.
Prices Most Reasonable.
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AT VERY LOW RATES.

Passengers travelling by the All Rail Route can purchase their Through Tickets at our Winnipeg Agency, 233 Main Street, where Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables and full information may be obtained.

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Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor and Notary Public.
Commissioner for Quebec and Manitoba
25 LOMBARD STREET WINNIPEG.

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Excellent Board and Rooms may be obtained in a good and central locality and at reasonable rates. Apply corner Notre Dame street west and Dagmar streets. nv21

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PERRY DAVIS PAIN KILLER

TAKEN INTERNALLY it cures Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cramp and pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaint, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Sudden Colds, Sore Throat, Coughs, &c.

USED EXTERNALLY, it cures Boils, Felons, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores and Sprains, Swellings of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, Chapped Hands, Frost-bitten Feet, &c.

The PAIN-KILLER is sold by Medicine Dealers throughout the world. Price 25c. and 50c. per bottle.

CHAMPAGNE
RECEIVED IN 1879,
49,312 Cases.



22.526 Cases More than of any other brand.

CAUTION.—Beware of impositions! Beware of mistakes, owing to the great similarity of caps and labels, under which various brands of Champagne are sold. In ordering G. H. MUNIER & Co. Champagne, see that the label and cork bear its name and initials.

Ecclesiastical Directory

PROVINCE OF ST. BONIFACE.

This Province was erected by His Holiness Pius IX Sept. 22, 1871, and comprehends 1st. The Archdiocese of St. Boniface. 2nd. The Diocese of St. Albert. 3rd. The Vicariate Apostolic of Athabaska Mackenzie. 4th. The Vicariate Apostolic of British Columbia.

ARCHDIOCESE OF ST. BONIFACE.

Comprising the Province of Manitoba, and a portion of the N. W. Territories, and of the District of Keewatin.

First Bishop—Rt. Rev. J. N. Provencher first Bishop of the country now forming the ecclesiastical Province of St. Boniface, d. June 7, 1853.

Arch. Most Rev. Alexander Tache, O. M. I., D. D., cons. Bishop of Arath, and coadjutor of Bishop Provencher, nov. 23, 1851, translated to St. Boniface June 7, 1853; nominated Archbishop of St. Boniface, the day of the erection of the metropolitan See, Sept. 22, 1871

CHURCHES AND CLERGY.
St. Boniface Cathedral, Rev. F. A. Dugas, P. P., J. Messier, curate; A. Malouneuve, O. M. I., agent for Rt. Revs. Bps of N. W. T. George Dugas, chaplain of the academy Joseph McCarthy, O. M. I., secretary.

St. Vital, attended from St. Boniface, St. Mary's Winnipeg; Revs. M. Ouellette, O. M. I. P. F. and F. Cahill, O. M. I. Curate.
Church of Immaculate Conception, Winnipeg; Rev. J. A. Charrier.
Provincial Penitentiary, Rev. C. Cloutier, Rat Portage, Rev. T. L. Baudin, O. M. I., St. Patrick's Church, Selkirk and Peguis, Rev. J. Allard, O. M. I.
St. Norbert—Rev. J. M. Ritchot.
St. Gathe—Revs. C. Samoisette and P. Pelletier.
St. Francois Xavier, Rev. F. X. Kavanagh, Baie St. Paul, Rev. Fortier.
St. Charles, Rev. Dandurand, O. M. I.
St. Anne des Chenes and St. Joachim, Rev. Girard.
Lorette, Rev. J. Dufresne.
St. Laurent and other missions of Lake Manitoba, Revs. F. Camper, O. M. I. H. Gascon, O. M. I. J. Campeau, A. Dupont, O. M. I. and Bro. Mulvehill, catechists.
Lake Qu'Appelle, Fort Ellice and the missions West, Revs. L. Labret, O. L. B. Decroix; O. M. I. J. Hugonard, O. M. I. Magnan and LePage.
St. Jean Baptiste de la Riviere aux Prunelles, Rev. D. Fillion.
St. Joseph, Rev. M. Pelletier.
St. Pierre de la Riviere aux Plats Rev. J. Joly, St. Pie and Emerson J. N. Jutra.
St. Fort Alexander, Rev. A. Madore, O. M. I. an. Bro. J. R. Doyle.
St. Mary's Lake and other Missions, East Lake Winnipeg, Rev. J. Marcoux, St. Leon, Rev. C. Bittche.
St. Alphonse and, M. D. de Lourdes Rev. L. Campeau
St. Charles Portage la Prairie, Rev. J. McCarthy, O. M. I.
Brandon, Rev. J. Robillard
Regina, attended from St. Boniface
Wood Mountain, Moose Jaw, and Medicine Hat Rev. P. St. Germain, O. M. I.

EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS

Theological Seminary and Collège of St. Boniface. Teaching staff: Rev. Fathers Lory S. J. (director), Drummond, S. J.; French S. J. Lusier, S. J.; Blain, S. J.; O'Brien, S. J.; Belliveau S. J.; Paquin S. J.; Rev. J. Cloutier and J. F. Rome. Ecclesiastical Students—Messrs. Cameron, Gils, Montreal, Dubois, Turcotte, Langlois, Brothers Gaudet S. J.; Fortier S. J.; Blouin, S. J.; Leleuvre S. J.
Course of Studies—Theology, Classics, and commercial course in English and French.
St. Mary's Institute, Winnipeg; two houses—Brothers of the Congregation of Mary Bro-William (director), Pupils 130.
St. Boniface Academy for Young Ladies Sisters of Charity (Gray Nuns), Boarders 60; day scholars 120.
St. Vital's school, for day scholars—Sisters of Charity, Pupils 60.
St. Norbert's school—Sisters of Charity, Boarders 20; day scholars 60.
St. Francis Xavier's school day scholars—Sisters of Charity, Pupils 55.
St. Mary's Academy (Winnipeg) day scholars and boarders—Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary, Sister superior Mary John of Good. Boarders 60; day scholars 150.
School of Immaculate Conception (Winnipeg)—Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary, Pupils 70.
St. Joseph's Convent, (Brandon)—Sisters Faithful Companions of Jesus, Sister M. A. Sup. Pupils 150.
Sisters of Charity (Gray Nuns) Sister Lamy sup.
St. Boniface Hospital Sister Shaughnessy, directress.
Orphan Asylum Sister Boire directress; Orphan girls 38.

DR. CLARKE

NO FEE! Established 1851. 186 So. Wabash Street CHICAGO, ILL. Clerk St.

The regular old established Physician and Surgeon DR. CLARKE, who continues to treat with his usual skill all private, chronic, nervous and special diseases, is the oldest Advertising Physician, as files of Papers show and all old residents know. Age and experience important.
Nervous diseases (with or without dream) or debility and loss of nerve power treated scientifically by new method, will never fail to cure. It makes no difference what you have taken or who has failed to cure you.
Young men and middle-aged men and all who suffer should consult the celebrated Dr. Clarke at once. The terrible poisons of all bad blood and skin diseases of every kind, name and nature completely eradicated. Remember, that one horrible disease, if neglected or improperly treated, causes the present and coming generations. Diseases discharged cured promptly without hindrance to business. Both sexes consult confidentially. If a trouble, call or write. Delays are dangerous. "Frustration is the chief of time." A written warranty of cure given in every case undertaken.
Send two stamps for celebrated works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. You have an exhaustive symptomatology, by which to study your own cases. Consultation, personally or by letter, free. Consult the old doctor. Thousands cured. Offices and parlors private. You see no one but the Doctor. Before consulting your case consult DR. CLARKE. A friendly letter or call may save future suffering and shame, and add golden years to life. Medicines sent everywhere—secure from exposure.—Hours, 9 to 5; Sunday, 9 to 12. Address: Dr. CLARKE, 186 So. Wabash St., Chicago, Ill.

SEALED Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for a Timber Berth," will be received at the office until Monday the 3rd day of May next for a timber berth of eight square miles situated on the North side of the Saskatchewan River in the Provisional District of Alberta, in the North West Territories.

Sketches showing the positions approximately of these berths, together with the conditions on which the will be licensed, may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown Timber offices at Edmonton.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

"The Northwest Review"

IS PUBLISHED AT

No. 13 Owen Street., Winnipeg

Every Saturday morning.

SUBSCRIPTION:—One year, \$2.50; Six months \$1.50. Clubs of five, \$2.00. Strictly cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

1st Column, 12 months \$200 00
" " " 6 " 120 00
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Half Column 12 months 120 00
" " " 6 " 75 00
" " " 3 " 45 00
Quarter Column, 12 months 75 00
" " " 6 " 45 00
" " " 3 " 30 00
One-Eighth Column, 12 months 45 00
" " " 6 " 30 00
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Transient advertising, 12 cents per line per insertion; 10 cents each subsequent insertion.

Orders to discontinue advertisements must be sent to the office in writing.

Special Notices, set in nonpareil type, leaded and located on the eighth page immediately over the city news, 10 cents per word each insertion. No notice inserted for less than \$1.

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Notice of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents each insertion.

Correspondence conveying facts of interest will be welcomed and published.

J. J. CHADOCK, Editor and Publisher

THE PRESS—THE PEOPLE'S DUTY.—If you wish to have an honest press you must honestly support it.—Archbishop MacHale.

CALENDAR FOR MAY.

- The month of special homage to the Blessed Virgin Mary.
- 1. Saturday. Of the Octave.
- 2. Sunday. First Sunday after Easter.
- 3. Monday. Finding of the Holy Cross.
- 4. Tuesday. St. Monica. Widow.
- 5. Wednesday. St. Pius V. Pope and Confessor.
- 6. Thursday. St. John before the Latin Gate.
- 7. Friday. St. Stanislas. martyr.
- 8. Saturday. Apparition of St. Michael the Archangel.
- 9. Second Sunday after Easter. The Holy Sepulchre.
- 10. St. Antoninus, Bishop and Confessor.
- 11. Tuesday. St. Mark, Evangelist (transferred from 25 April).
- 12. Wednesday. St. Nerius, St. Achilles and the Companions. martyrs.
- 13. Thursday. St. Philip and St. James Apostles transferred from 21st April.
- 14. Friday. St. Anselm, Bishop and Doctor transferred from 21st April.
- 15. Saturday. St. Isidore Agricola Confessor.
- 16. Sunday. Third Sunday after Easter. Patronage of St. Joseph.
- 17. Monday. St. Paschal Babylon, Confessor.
- 18. Tuesday. St. Venantius. Martyr.
- 19. Wednesday. St. Peter Celestian, Pope and Confessor.
- 20. Thursday. St. Bernadine of Sienna. Confessor.
- 21. Friday. St. Ubaldo Bishop and Confessor. Transferred from 18 May.
- 22. Saturday. St. Athanasius Bishop and Doctor, transferred from 2nd May.
- 23. Sunday. Fourth Sunday after Easter.
- 24. Monday. The Blessed Virgin Help of Christians.
- 25. Tuesday. St. Gregory VII, Pope and Confessor.
- 26. Wednesday, at Philip Neri Confessor.
- 27. Thursday. St. Mary of Pazzi. Virgin.
- 28. Friday. St. Augustine of Canterbury Bishop and martyr.
- 29. Saturday. St. Gregory Nazianzen Bishop and Doctor, transferred from May 9th
- 30. Sunday. Fifth Sunday after Easter.
- 31. Monday. The Rogations. Our Lady of Mercy

NOTS AND COMMENTS.

At the last meeting of the National League in Ireland, it was announced that the subscriptions received from America during the past fortnight toward the Parliamentary fund amounted to \$60,000.

Leo XIII has, according to the Figaro, congratulated Cardinal Guibert on his letter to President Grevy. The Cardinal has also received congratulations from most of the French prelates, and several English clergymen.

The Rev. Father Drummond, of St. Boniface College, will preach in St. Mary's Church at both High Mass and vespers to-morrow. In the morning the blessing of three magnificent statues, that of St. Patrick, St. Joseph and St. Jean Baptiste, will take place.

The opening words of the Advertiser (a new weekly which made its first appearance on Wednesday last), are that it inaugurates a new departure. Perhaps it does, for it says that people pay five cents to read the advertisements in the papers published in this city. We have always understood that a paper was read for the news it contained.

The government of France has ordered that the item of religion be omitted in the present census. They say the infidels are afraid to show their weakness by a comparative census. In the census of 1876, according to results of that year we find 35,387,703 Catholics; 580,757 Protestants; 49,429 Jews, 3071 be longing to other non-Christian religions and 81,651 without any known religion—infidels.

F. M. Healy, nationalist member of Parliament for South Londonderry, at the fort night meeting of the National League said that Lord Hartington's assertion that the British Parliament was incompetent to deal with the question of home rule

told "still more strongly against the bribed ruffians in the Irish Parliament who originally voted away Irish rights and liberties."

On the 12th instant the Dublin Express published the following despatch from Col. Eraire:

The Orangemen of Ulster are enrolling as volunteers all members between the ages of 18 and 30 years, that the men will be supplied with arms and will be drilled by army and navy and police officers, and that it is hoped their numbers will be augmented by volunteers from England, Scotland, and Canada. Arrangements are also being made to obtain arms and ammunition.

To this bluster of the Orange cohorts Mr Morley has answered by introducing a bill to revive the Irish Arms Act, Mr. Morley's respect for the loyalty of Ulster is evidently of a very practical kind.

The importance of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway to this country may be gleaned from the following remarks of the Hon. Mr. Girard made in the senate:

This is certainly one of the most important roads in the Province of Manitoba. It is a large feeder of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and I think before long it will extend to the limits of the province, and thence, in another year, will be extended to Prince Albert, the seat of the late troubles.

It is to be hoped that the government will grant to this company the concessions sought and for which Manitoba's representative in the upper chamber is working so nobly.

It is evident that all the 'Glory hallu jah's' and the most enthusiastic 'amens' of the Methodist 'missionaries' are not relished by the Chinese at home. The missionaries find it hard to 'convert' the heathen 'Chinee.' They have been working some thirty years in China, and the result of their labours and enormous expenditure of money is a membership of one hundred and sixty three. The Rev. Julian C. Brown very frankly acknowledges that this crop, which is hinted has been gathered from the most unworthy classes, is a poor return for so many years of singing and praying and talking and giving. It is calculated that at the present rate of progress it would require some two hundred millenniums to 'convert' the population of the Chinese Empire to Methodism; and even then the work would not be fairly done, Mr. Brown thinks it is time for the Methodist 'to quit the miserable experiment.' The signs are against them; the figures are against them; and Heaven does not smile upon them under Mongolian skies.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Toronto World, in alluding to Archbishop Taschereau's mandement says:

It is comparatively easy matter for Mgr. Taschereau to fulminate against the Knights in order to prevent the French Canadians from entering the Association for as yet very few of that nationality are in it. But for the prelates of the States and of English-tongued Canada to come out against the Order is to place themselves in direct antagonism with large numbers of their flocks who are already Knights and bound to be Knights.

The labor problem is the great issue of the day and workmen will organize to further their views in regard to it. Moreover they intend to band themselves together in secret, and to avail themselves of engines questionable in their method and effect. Labour has a lot to gain, and it is going to gain it, many abuses to right and it is going to wipe them away; but in doing these things there will be much friction and not a few unjustifiable acts; in the end they will triumph to the extent at least of an improvement in the condition of the laborer all along the line. Can the Church then afford to oppose labour in this struggle! Archbishop Lynch says his sympathies are with the laborer, man or woman. And many of his brethren will say the same. What the Church will do we cannot pretend to say. It must deal with its own children and mete out its own discipline. It remains to be seen how the motto of Rome, 'Semper Eadem' will stand the jar of such a crisis as seems to be at hand.

It is not astonishing that the World cannot believe that the Church never makes any concession of principle. That at all times, in all places and under all circumstances her doctrines never change. It is true that circumstances may require a modification of discipline; but doctrine, never. Her adherence to principle is inflexible. She has always condemned secret societies of a certain character. If the rules and constitution of the Knights of Labor be finally condemned the Holy Father will put forth his claims upon the children of men charitably but firmly, and his faithful flock, being convinced of his inflexible adherence to justice and his calm and careful deliverance will hearken to his

universal voice. The Catholic Church has always been the friend and sympathizer of the humble and oppressed; the consoler of the afflicted and has encouraged every legitimate effort of the working man to ameliorate his condition. But if unlawful means be resorted to she condemns without hesitating to consider whether she can or cannot, as the World puts it, 'afford to antagonize the movement.' The labor problem is certainly a 'great issue,' but it can be solved without the wage earners banding together in secret as the World suggests. That is unnecessary. They can work just as effectively for better pay, shorter hours of labor and the general improvement of their social standing without incurring the displeasure of the Church.

THE DESTINY OF THE HOME-RULE BILL

It would appear from the tone of our 'great dailies' that Mr. Gladstone's scheme is doomed and that defeat is inevitable. It is sufficient for the Manitoban, for instance, that Mr Gladstone is the leader of the Liberal or Reform party to warrant it in predicting the failure of the Bill, as if the Reform party in England bore any resemblance to its counterfeit in this country. But such is the case, the press of this city has time and again assured its readers that the measure is irretrievably doomed, but the Winnipeg public writers are not very trustworthy in gauging the political opinions of the old country, in view of Wednesday's despatches which directly contradict their confident assertions. Mr. Gladstone is reported to have gained a signal victory over his opponents, and in most of the important political centres resolutions of confidence in the premier have been passed enthusiastically. The Liberal press in Manchester, Liverpool, Leeds and most of the large cities accord him unequivocal support and strongly denounce the bolters. Together with this the grand old man has been assured the universal approval of the American people in his scheme. Our daily conferees should not so often essay the role of prophet.

Another supposition which the wisecracks on the daily papers throw out with their accustomed thoughtlessness is that a coalition will be formed by Lord Hartington and Mr Chamberlain to defeat the premier. How they would bring the somnolent-intellect of Hartington (who has been styled in British politics the 'Grand Old Woman') to harmonize with the vigorous mind of Chamberlain is hard to understand. But aside from this great barrier to such a move, if it were possible, we do not believe that it would receive favor with the British people. Those who believe in such a scheme being effectual have a poor idea what the English call 'fair play' and about which they are so much wont to bluster. It would be a death blow to popular liberties in as much as it would be to acknowledge that it was permissible to ignore the popular voice of the people. The Irish people have most unanimously asked for self-government and to spurn their claim would be to challenge the advocates of constitutional liberties, a policy which we do not think would find favor with the English people to day.

AN APPEAL.

Some of our subscribers may possibly receive bazar tickets from the Rev. Father Allain, of Uxbridge Ont. who is organizing a Grand Fancy Fair and drawing of prizes to take place in August.

Five years ago Father Allain was sent to one of the most difficult parishes of the diocese of Toronto. There were heavy debts on the place and vast improvements required. His parishioners were few, scattered and generally poor. However with hard work he paid the debts and greatly improved the place.

Besides Uxbridge he has to attend Markham and Port Perry, in the latter place a new church was necessarily needed to replace the old frame one which threatened to fall; it having been hurriedly and temporarily put up after the first one had been maliciously burnt down. A year ago last March the Methodists of Port Perry advertised for sale a very handsome brick church. Father Allain at once communicated with the board of committee and having obtained the authorization of His Grace the Archbishop purchased it to the great advantage of the Catholics of that mission.

He now appeals to his friends and all charitably disposed Christians to help him to pay off the debt which, though considerably reduced is still heavy. Every Catholic who can afford it (and few they are who cannot) should make it a duty to help Father Allain in his worthy

undertaking. Our readers will please take notice of his circular and the letters of approbation from his Grace the Archbishop which accompany the books of tickets.

FROM OTTAWA.

The bill to establish experimental farms passed its third reading without amendment.

Colonel Scott and Mr. Royal will wait on Hon. Mr. Carling in reference to the early establishment of an experimental farm in Manitoba.

Mr. Royal asked to-day whether the mission of the Alert is to ascertain the navigability of Hudson's Bay or in order to collect the information of the stations established there.

On the bill to amend the Inland Revenue Act, the clauses referring to oleomargarine and butterine were struck out, as the Government proposed to bring in a measure prohibiting their manufacture and sale.

Geological survey operations will be carried on extensively this year. Amongst other employers, Bell will go to the Severn district, Hudson's Bay; Lowe west of the Severn district; McConnell, Bow River and Kicking horse passes, making geological section of Rocky Mountains; Tyrell, from Rocky Mountains House to Pitt, and Lawson Lake of the Woods and Rainy River districts. Several have already left for their work.

Sir John on moving the second reading of the bill respecting the representation of the Northwest Territories said he proposed that there be four representatives two for Assiniboia and one each for Saskatchewan and Alberta. It might be contended that the population was too small for four representatives, but the various districts might have different interests and might require different modes of legislation, and perhaps administration, so that following the example set in giving representation to Manitoba when it had been a very small population it was proposed to give four representatives. The same franchise would be adopted as for members of the Northwest Council. The council was now composed of 16 members, but when it reached 21 members it would become a legislative body, which he hoped would occur before long. Messrs. Cameron and Mills objected to the bill but Mr. Royal made a vigorous speech in support of the measure after which it passed its second reading

VANCOUVER.

The baby city of Vancouver, B. C., seems to be growing very fast. It is claimed that there are two thousand permanent residents there now and hundreds are arriving every week. Eastern Canadians are interested in the growth of the Pacific terminal city, for if it becomes permanently great and prosperous it will be the result of a healthy trade between the east and the west. It is to be hoped, however, that the prospects of the place will not be blighted by a premature boom. Vancouver will not rival San Francisco for many years to come and it will be a mistake to fix the price of lots too high. High rents and high prices do not help the growth of a town. Vancouver will probably be a great city some time; but it is well to be cautious. The collapse of the Winnipeg boom ought to be a warning to Canadians. Still it is better to be too hopeful than too pessimistic.

MISTAKES OF LIFE.

Somebody has condensed the mistakes of life, and arrived at the conclusion that there are fourteen of them. Most people would say, if they told the truth, that there was no limit to the mistakes of life; that they were like the drops in the ocean or the sands of the shore in number, but it is well to be accurate. Here, then, are fourteen great mistakes: "It is a great mistake to set up our own standard of right and wrong, and judge people accordingly; to measure the enjoyment of others by our own; to expect uniformity of opinion in this world; to look for judgement and experience in youth; to endeavor to mould all dispositions alike; to yield to immaterial trifles; to look for perfection in our own actions; to worry ourselves and others with what cannot be remedied; not to alleviate all that needs alleviation as far as lies in our power; not to make allowances for the infirmities of others; to consider everything impossible that we cannot perform; to believe only what our finite minds can grasp; to expect to be able to understand everything."

The French Government has notified the Vatican that it will be impossible for France to approve of the appointment of a Papal Nuncio at Pekin, for the reason that the establishment of such an office there will prejudice the present position occupied by France, of being the sole and exclusive protector of Catholic missions in China. This notification however, has not closed the controversy.



TENDERS for a license to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the District of Alberta, N. W. T.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked 'Tenders for a timber berth,' will be received at this office until noon on Monday, 5th day of July next, for two timber berths of eighteen and nineteen and one-half square miles respectively, situated on the head-waters of the Bow River, in the district of Alberta.

Sketches showing the position approximately of these berths, together with the conditions on which they will be licensed, may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown Timber offices at Winnipeg and Calgary.

A. M. Burgess, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.



Tenders for a License to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALD TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and marked 'Tenders for a timber berth,' will be received at this office until noon on Monday, 10 day of May next, for any next for a timber berth of two square miles each situated on the Columbia River about eight miles west of Donald station on line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in the province of British Columbia. Sketches showing the position approximately of these berths together with the conditions on which they will be licensed may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown timber offices, Winnipeg, Calgary, and Victoria British Columbia.

A. M. BURGESS, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.



NOTICE.

Weights and Measures

The following balances only are to be admitted to verification: A. Balances having equal arms and on which the load is suspended below the fulcrum. B. Roman Balances commonly known as steelyard or Roman Balances, having equal arms. C. Weigh Bridges. D. Balance with equal arms and on which the load is placed above the fulcrum. E. Hydrosstatic balance for weighing coal

By Order, W. HIMS WORTH, secretary, Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, Feb 24th, 1882

ST. BONIFACE ACADEMY

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY.

This institution, under the distinguished patronage of HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF ST. BONIFACE, is conducted by Sisters of Charity. The latter would respectfully direct the attention of parents and friends of education in general to the condition of well-being and comfort in which they begin this school- year. The new edifice, situated a few steps from the old one, is equal to any establishment of the kind in Canada or elsewhere. Spacious apartments, well lighted and ventilated; comfortable class-rooms; vast dormitories, bath-rooms, and the most improved system of heating, and perfect security against fire; gardens and play-grounds, laid out in the most salubrious and agreeable sites; such are some of the principal advantages afforded by the new building. The course of studies followed by the pupils, under the direction of HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP TACHE, comprehends religious instruction, the usual branches of English and French education, pleasing arts and domestic economy. It has received the approbation of most competent authorities. Difference of religion is no obstacle to admission, but external compliance with the rules is required from all. The St. Boniface Academy counts thirty-seven years of existence. Reports of conduct and progress of each pupil will be sent occasionally to the parents and guardians.

TERMS.—Entrance fee (once for all), \$5.00. Board and Tuition, per month, \$10.00. (A deduction is made when two or more of the same family are sent.) Music and use of Piano, per month, \$3.00. Drawing, per month, \$1.00. Bed and bedding, per month \$1.00. Washing, per month, \$2.50. Payments to be made every two months in advance. Pupils coming from other institutions must furnish certificates of good conduct from the establishment they left. Every pupil should be provided with sufficient underclothing, a plain toilet case, a table knife and fork, spoons and goblet, six able napkins and a napkin ring. The uniform, strictly obligatory, is a black morido dress, and a mantilla of the same color, a straw hat trimmed in blue for summer, and a white hood for winter, a white veil of plain net. Parents are invited to inquire at the Institution for certain particulars before preparing the uniform. When desired it can be furnished in the establishment, as also articles for toilet, drawing and fancy work, but payment in advance is required. School books and stationery are furnished at current prices. Other books and letters are subject to the inspection of the Directress. No deduction for pupils withdrawing before the end of the two monthly term, unless in case of sickness or for other urgent reasons. Pupils receive visits of their parents, near relatives and guardians, on Sunday between the hours of divine service and after Vespers, until 5:30 and on Thursday from 1 to 5:30 p.m. No other visitors are admitted unless they are recommended by parents or guardians.

D. HALLEN, FIRST-CLASS TAILOR AND CUTTER. Repairing a Specialty. Prices Most Reasonable. 45 McDermott, St., Winnipeg

MR. BAKER'S DOMESTIC SYSTEM.

Continued from First Page

half had taken an early departure for the mansion of Mrs. Ball; leaving him to get a 'Right start' without her interference. He was rather unprepared for this punctual introduction to domestic life, but being somewhat of a philosopher, Mr. Baker set about having the best of it; He was reflecting upon the propriety of refreshing the inner man when two small voices were heard at the top of the stairs, 'I want to be dressed—I want to be dressed!'

These were certainly reasonable requests, and hurrying up to the chamber he collected together an armful of juvenile garments, and bidding the little ones follow, he went back to the warm room below. He was progressing very slowly enrobing the miniature men for Mr. Baker like many other husbands, had but an imperfect idea of children's needs, when a scream caused him to drop a boy suddenly and run to the assistance of baby Fanny, who, indignant at being left alone, had crept from the low bed and started to descend the stairs but an unlucky mishap caused her to come down on her head and shoulders to the dismay of her father. Fortunately she was not much hurt; a little sugar soon dried up her tears.

I wonder why children can't stay where they're put! thought Mr. Baker as he wrapped a blanket about the baby and sat her in a high chair, preparatory for breakfast. 'But I'll get started right directly.'

He went on with the dressing business so summarily disturbed. What a number of small shirts, dresses, pinafores socks and shoes the young Bakers wore; And the pinning and buttoning that his awkward fingers so bunglingly achieved, was by no means a trifling item. And then Frank and Freddy helped him by 'turning round' the wrong way; and thrusting their arms every where but into the right sleeve. The shoes seemed several sizes too small for the feet they were to cover yet, by much pulling and working the task was completed. Meantime Miss Fanny was occupying her leisure moments by strewing the sugar about, crumbling the bread; and spreading butter on the cloth.

'How can a man look behind him, I wonder!' muttered Mr. Baker, surveying the disordered table; but the complaints of the two older boys (who now made their appearance) that they should be to late for school, made eating a paramount duty. Ranging his five charges about they family board, he stationed himself at the head to attend to their wants. He had no previous experience in the department, and therefore, was astonished at the number of pieces of bread he was called upon to 'spread,' and the quantity of drink he was requested to prepare.

'And Mrs. Baker does this three times a day? Why I shan't get a chance to eat a mouthful!' mentally ejaculated the husband and father, going to the closet to replenish the butter plate. When he returned, three of his heirs were quarrelling over the last piece of bread. Mr. Baker thought it time to 'lay down' his rules and 'get a good start' for the day.

TO BE CONTINUED

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Canadian Pacific Erecting Hotels at Vancouver and in the Rocky Mountains. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company have contracted for the erection of a large hotel at Vancouver, B. C., the young town which is destined to be the terminus of the railway. The hotel will accommodate 300 guests. The company also intend to erect two other hotels, one at the famous sulphur springs at Banff, the other in the Selkirk range. The first sale of the Vancouver town lot took place on Tuesday and \$75,000 was realized on the first days sale.

The Company are concentrating all their new rolling stock in Montreal, including their new palace cars, which are admitted to be the finest in the world, for the opening of the route, which is expected to be on the Queen's birthday or by the end of the month. It is understood that as many members of the two Houses of Parliament as can be spared will be invited to the first trip. The company are now hard at work on the time schedules, which will probably be issued next week. The service will be open to the general public the first week in June. The only cause of delay is the erection of water tanks in the mountains for the locomotives. The annual statement issued at yesterday's meeting, is most favorably received by the street, and confidence in the future of the company is general. Credit is given to the energetic, hard working vice president and general manager and his assistant for the speedy termination of the work.

NEWS AFTERMATH.

A circular has been signed by the leading doctors of England inviting M. Pasteur to London to describe his experiments in rabies.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to a congratulatory telegram from the Premier of Nova Scotia, expresses cordial and respectful thanks on behalf of his Cabinet.

The Niagara Park State Reservation Committee met yesterday afternoon. The question of appointing a landscape architect was laid over to a future meeting. The amount of money now in hand was reputed to be \$12,700. The receipts from all sources from January 1 to May 1 were \$1,400.

Mr. R. Campbell Bannerman, War Secretary, in reply to Mr. Healy, said the statement made by Mr. William Johnston, Loyalist member for South Belfast, that Gen. Wolsey had declared that if Home Rule were granted Ireland and he were ordered to suppress a Ulster rebellion, he would resign and with a thousand other British officers join the Ulster rebels, was an absurdity. The secretary added that Gen. Wolsey authorized him to formally contradict any statement that he (Gen. Wolsey) had ever uttered.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, who completed her sixtieth year a few days ago, in wretched health. Neither the German baths and spas which she visited, nor her residence on the shore of the Mediterranean, appears to have benefited her. The Queen, whose good will grief stricken lady never wavers, has offered her the use of Abergeldie Castle for a month or two this summer, in the hope that the health giving Highland air may invigorate the enfeebled frame of her friend. The invitation has been accepted, and the ex-Empress will spend next month in Scotland.

An official announcement has received from Rome confirming Archbishop Taschereau's election to the Cardinalate. The news was received with delight by the Catholics of Quebec, who gave vent to their feelings by illuminating their residences, displaying bunting and holding special services in the various Roman Catholic Churches. During the evening the pontifical zouaves called upon His Eminence and presented him with an address of congratulation. A grand pyrotechnic display was made by different citizens. The beretta is not expected to arrive until June 10, when the grand festivities will take place.

Cardinal Taschereau, has sent out a circular letter promulgating the decision of His Holiness, Pope Leo XIII, forbidding the use of all spirituous and fermented liquors at bazars, and also forbidding the holding of bazars on the Sabbath.

A new line of clipper ships will commence running on June 10 from Yokohama, Japan, to the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Victoria, British Columbia. The rates for through freight are stated to be very moderate, and will compete successfully with any other route.

The trial of Father Galeste, the priest who assassinated Monsignor Iquiro, Bishop of Madrid, on Palm Sunday, in front of the Cathedral, has been set down for the end of May. The prosecutor will ask, besides the death penalty against the prisoner that the sum of \$10,000 be granted as an indemnity to the family of the Bishop.

The situation in the Columbian Republic just at present is particular. The old constitution has been suspended and no other has been substituted for it, so that the country is without laws and there is nothing to prevent anarchy but the patriotism of the people. This is probably about as near to Nihilism as any civilized country will ever come.

The Government Saturday granted Court D'Esterhazy's request for a grant of land in the Qu'Appelle Valley for an Hungarian colony. The Court proceeded to Toronto to meet fifty families en route for settlement, and expects five hundred families. For the next few months he will expend \$15,000 in farm stock and implements for the new settlers, and further sums as needed. The colonization will proceed strictly from date.

The ocean fleet which the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is said to contemplate purchasing to run from Vancouver across the Pacific in connection with their transcontinental line, was this morning described to our reporter as consisting of four or five boats now laid up in a British port, and which were formerly run by an Anglo-Spanish Company now in liquidation. These steamers are described as good passenger boats, and fairly fast. As such they will probably get the Imperial Government Mail contract between London and Japan.

There is a rumor to the effect that the Canadian Pacific are contemplating an Atlantic line of steamers also, these to have a share of the mail contract, but nothing more than a mere rumor could be made out of it.

EYES.

Eyes speak all languages. Some are bold as lions; they are not conversational; they wait for no introduction. What inundation of thought is discharged from one soul into another through them. We look into the eyes to see whether this other form is another self; and the eyes will not lie. There are eyes to be sure, that give no more admission into theirs than berries; his very certain though, that nearly every man carries in his eye the exact indication of his rank in the immense scale of men, and we are always learning to read it.—Emerson.

CANADIAN PROSPERITY.

The London 'Standard' on the Canadian Exhibit at the Colonial Exhibition. The London Standard says in its issue of April 23d.

Representing as it does an area of two and a half million square miles, a large space is necessarily devoted to the Dominion of Canada. Her leading exhibits are naturally in the main agricultural. A fine trophy of corn and fruit and vegetable produce at the head of the court presents at one view the prime elements of Canadian prosperity. It may be safely assumed that one effect of this exhibition will be to bring into increasing prominence the vast territory of Manitoba and the Northwest now being opened to the world by the Canadian Pacific Railway. The corn, the fruit, and perhaps most of all the roots displayed from all the newly opened territories are striking evidences of fertility. Some very fine agricultural implements and machinery of Canadian manufacture are shown. They are so good as to render it doubtful whether the Canadian manufactures need any longer be doubtful objects of protection for these essentials of their greatest industry. Of the mineral produce British Columbia sends a trophy in the shape of an obelisk showing the quantity of gold found in the colony during the last twenty-five years. It is estimated at £10,000,000 in value. Nova Scotia contributes a smaller obelisk showing that her yield of gold has been \$7,250,000 dollars or about £1,450,000. In both these lands, and particularly in British Columbia, gold mining has received an impetus recently. More important than the precious metals is the reserve of coal, of which Nova Scotia sends some fine samples. At present the Dominion of Canada draws us supplies largely from the United States but the coal seams of Nova Scotia at no distant date will add largely to its wealth.

HUDSON'S BAY RAILWAY.

At a meeting of the special committee to consider the question of aid to the Hudson's Bay railway, it was decided in favor of granting the terms requested by the company; that is as to the Province guaranteeing the interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum upon \$4,500,000 of the bonds of the company for a period of 25 years, provided no payment shall be made on account of such guarantee until an all rail route is completed from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway, within the province of Manitoba, to a port on Hudson's Bay. The necessary legislation to carry this into effect will be introduced without delay, and the bill authorizing it will probably contain a provision that the province shall have one representative on the directorate of the company.

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No Deception. Call and Judge For Yourselves.

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No trouble to show Goods. The finest and cheapest assortment of Pants ever shown in Winnipeg Remember the Place: BLUE STORE, 426 MAIN ST.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Through Trains with Sleeping Cars attached will be run daily between Winnipeg and St. Paul as follows: Leaving Winnipeg at 8.45 a.m. (via St. Vincent, Crookston, Barnesville, Breckenridge and Morris) arriving in St. Paul at 7.30 a.m. Returning leave St. Paul at 7 p.m. (via same route) arriving in Winnipeg at 8.25 p.m. For full information and tickets to all points in Canada and United States, also Ocean Tickets to and from any place in Europe at LOWEST RATES and by the BEST LINES.

Apply to the City Ticket Office of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway 363 Main Street, Winnipeg. H. G. McMICKEN, Agent.

AGENCY FOR THE FOLLOWING STEAMSHIP LINES: ALLAN, ANCHOR, CUNARD.

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The Central Depot for Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil Delivered Free to Any Part of the City.

PARLOR LAMPS! NEW ELECTRIC LAMPS! PARLOR LAMPS NEW ELECTRIC LAMPS LARGEST STOCK OF PLATED WARE IN THE CITY Suitable for Wedding Presents.

Rodgers Guaranteed Quality Knives, Forks, Spoons and Bar Glassware a Specialty.

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Call on us and we will convince you that we sell the Cheapest and Best Groceries, Wines, and Spirits, canned Goods and Cured Meats.

TRY OUR BUTTER!

Whave contracted with some of the very best butter makers to supply us with only the choicest of the season.

TEAS AND COFFEES A SPECIAL

unlike any other, it is superior in quality and has

TRY OUR BEST BLEND OF ALL BRANDS.

SEE OUR BASS' ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT, \$3.00 PER DOZEN.

Before purchasing elsewhere. Free Delivery to all parts of the city. Be cautious to customers and strict attention to business will lead to the best.

Cor Princess and Market Streets

REV. FATHER LABELLE'S

National Lottery

OF COLONIZATION

Established under the Provincial Act, Quebec, 22 Vic., Cap. 38

VALUE OF LOTS:

FIRST SERIES - \$50,000.00 Highest Lot : \$10,000.00 SECOND SERIES - \$10,000.00 Highest Lot : \$2,500.00

GRAND FINAL DRAWING

OF PRIZES

in this Lottery, will take place

Wednesday, August 11th.

The Large Prizes at this Drawing

FIRST SERIES - \$100 SECOND SERIES - \$5

Send five cent stamps for mailing and registering the tickets asked for. (8 cents United States)

To obtain tickets apply personally; or by registered letter addressed

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Cheap Cash Store.

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Butter and Eggs a Specialty.

OUR MOTTO Small profits and quick turns. Free Delivery.

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Importers and Dealers in

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FRUITS.

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FRESH VEGETABLES & G.

Constantly Arriving

Oysters Our Specialty

in Cases or Bulk. Prices as Low as the Lowest and Stock Always A1 and Don't Forget it

420 MAIN ST. WINNIPEG

KILDARE.

On April 20 a very serious accident occurred on the branch line of the Great Southern and Western Railway near Naas. Mr. Alexander Byrne was in the act of crossing the line for his farm when he was struck by a waggon which was being shunted at the moment, and knocked down. The wheel passed over his leg, which it almost completely severed. He was promptly removed to the Infirmary hospital.

KILKENNY.

On April 20 Judge Warren fixed the trial of Condon vs. Keating, an action to try the validity of the alleged will of the late Mr. Francis Kiernan, solicitor formerly of Dublin, for the 10th of May before the court and a city special jury.

KING'S.

The Baacknal N. L. recently elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Edward Campion, secretary; John Conlan, treasurer, Rev. L. Dillon, P. P. president, Rev. M. Tracy, vice president.

LONGFORD.

Mounting Acting Sergeant Glancy arrested at Longford, on April 17th one Edward Whelan alias Connell on suspicion of being accessory to the murder of Catherine Dunne, at Birr. on the 24th of March last. The prisoner is fifty years of age and discharged from the army. The prisoner was remanded for eight days.

LCUTH.

At a meeting of the St Peter's Dispensary Committee, Drogheda, on April 20 Mr. Egan a Protestant Nationalist, was re-elected chairman of that body.

Mr. Nicholas Hallsigan Brangan, has unsolicited, given his tenants a reduction of ten per cent. on judicial rents.

CAVAN.

Mr. Biggar, M. P., has taken an action against the High Sheriff and the Sub-Sheriff of Cavan for alleged overcharges in connection with the last election for West Cavan. Messrs D. B. Sullivan and T. M. Healy, M. P., have been retained by Mr. Chance, M. P., as counsel for the plaintiff.

GALWAY.

On April 22 evicting forces under the command of Mr. Brady, R. M. left Carna for the townland of Letterard, which lies near the bay, opposite Roundstone. Twenty families were evicted on the townland, and of these thirteen were admitted as caretakers.

At the first meeting of the Oughterard new board John H. Joyce, Nationalist, Oughterard was unanimously elected chairman, Thomas F. Joyce, Leenane, vice-chairman; and A. L. Lemin, deputy.

Richard J. Kelly, only son of the late Jasper Kelly, of Tuam, has been called to the bar.

LEITRIM.

At the Leitrim Assizes there was only one case to go before the grand jury and even that one was sent by mistake.

DUBLIN.

On April 17, the Lord Lieutenant opened a new block of buildings erected by the Dublin Artisans, Dwellings Company. He delivered a brief address in the course of which he referred to the great importance of providing such dwelling for the poorer classes, and said that he had been carrying on similar work in Scotland.

LIMERICK.

An encounter between moonlighters and police took place between Athes and Abbeyfeath on the night of April 17. Shots were exchanged but no one was hurt. Five arrests were subsequently made.

A rather singular outrage is reported from Newcastle west. A few nights ago an undertaker's (Michael O'Shaughnessy's establishment was broken into, a number of coffins taken away, some of which were placed against the doors of residents in the town. A horse and cart were also stolen. The police arrested three persons whom they found driving about in the latter.

TIPPERARY.

A great football and hurling tournament took place at Thurles on Sunday April 25. Report in our next.

Mr. George Bolton, who figured in such an unenviable manner during the unspoken Dublin Castle trials has come to amicable terms with Mr. D. McGrath of Nenagh.

WATERFORD.

At the Waterford Quarter Sessions there was no criminal business to go before the Grand Jury.

some money to a friend to buy her a cow. Near where this boy lived is what is called the Salmon Leap, and over this Shanly determined to go, as it was much the shorter route. When near the middle of the river he slipped and fell headlong on the side the water falls. Death must have been instantaneous.

The wholesale evictions on the estate of the Countess of Kingston, at Kilkonan have been stayed for the present, and the large police escort of 250 men have been sent back to their respective stations.

TYRONE.

A new bell weighing 22 12 hundred weight has been put in position in Stokestown Church.

On April 20 a melancholy case of drowning occurred at a place called the Clayholes, in the River Mourne between Strabane and Lifford where almost every season for many years past persons have been lost by drowning. The latest victim is a little fellow named John Mullen aged about eight years, and employed by Mr. McKelhinney in herding some stock in the field adjoining the river.

James McCutchen, Omagh, died on April 17 from the effects of a dose of narcotic poison administered in mistake by his sister.

At Dungannon Petty Sessions Henry Tweedy, a shop assistant in the employment of Mr. George Sythes, was remanded for trial at the assizes charged with attempting to set fire to his master's premises on the 8th inst.

CORK.

James Flanagan of Fermoy, ironmonger has been adjudged a bankrupt.

MAYO.

The trustees of Mr. Nathaniel P Symes, landowner in the Westport district of Mayo, have offered to sell the land to the tenants at twelve years, purchase calculated at the present Poor-law valuation.

Rev. J. Butler has been transferred to Ross: and replaced by Rev. P. Mulloy.

Mathew Newell, of Ghurley; shopkeeper, has been adjudged a bankrupt.

WESTMEATH.

The death is announced of the Rev. Thomas Fagan, P. P. Turin. Father Fagan was the brother of the Rev. Edward Fagan, P. P. Ardeath, for some time curate of St. Mary's, Drogheda. Like Father Edward, Father Tom, as he was popularly called, was most gentle and winning in his manner.

DONEGAL.

Great distress still prevails in many sections of this country. The Rev. Francis Thomas Cannon, O. S. B. died at Killbogs on April 21. The remains were interred in the new cemetery.

DOWN.

On April 21 in the probate suit of Hardman vs. Chambre, Judge Warren established the will of Miss Mabella Chambre, deceased of Newry by which property valued between 3,000 pounds and 4,000, pounds, subject to the life use of the mother and brother of testatrix was left in trust for 'preaching the Gospel, in such mode as the trustees (who are Protestants) might deem best.

MONAGHAN.

Information is wanted of Ann Quinn and Mary Kiernan natives of Carriekma, cross, Co. Monaghan, Ireland. Last heard of about five years ago. Were then in New York City. Anyone knowing their whereabouts will please address their cousin, Mary Clark, Lilly avenue, Lowell Mass.

WHAT NON-CATHOLICS THINK OF COOK.
The following is from the "Christian Register":
'The "Interior," speaking of the Rev. Joseph Cook's lectures, says, "They remind one of what was said of the prose style of Milton—that it was heavy with jewels and gold." We should hardly have thought of comparing Mr. Cook to Milton. There is undoubtedly much jewelry in his discourses; but as to the metal of which they are composed, we should say about two thirds copper and one third zinc.

THE BODY AND ITS HEALTH.
A disinfecting compound for purifying the atmosphere of the sick room has been presented to the Berlin Medical society. Oils of rosemary, lavender and thyme, in the proportions of ten, two and a half add two and a half parts, respectively, and mixed with water and nitric acid in the proportion of thirty to one and a half. The bottle should be shaken before using and a sponge saturated in the compound and left to diffuse by evaporation. Simple as it is, the vapor of this compound is said to possess extraordinary properties in controlling the odors and effluvia of offensive and infectious disorders.

The Use of Tea—British Medical Jour-

nal makes this slash at tea; "In all our large towns there are thousands of operatives who drink tea three and four times a day daily, and take little in addition except the innutritious white bread supplied by the bakers. For a time they enjoy an illusory sense of satisfaction but soon their strength begins to fail dispesia sets in, functional derangement of the heart is excited, and they present themselves at the outpatient departments of our hospital in an advanced stage of exhaustion, which is really merely a modification of starvation. Nothing but good food and rest for the overworked and underfed organism will permanently benefit these cases, but such treatment will produce surprising results in a very brief space."

Longevity.—The subject and facts of longevity have been made almost a life's study by Professor Humphrey of London. His investigations show that in the first year of life the mortality among males is much greater than among female—the latter, therefore have the start of former at the very beginning, in inherent vitality. The average height of women he has found to be five feet three inches and of men five feet six inches: in pulse and respiration also the women have the advantage, showing eighty nine in comparison with the men's seventy three while the latter's respiration is nineteen as against twenty two of the weaker sex. The bones of men and women which, up to maturity, increased in weight, after that period lost considerable, though with no decrease in size, but more often an increase, to which latter fact may be attributed the bony appearance presented by many old people. The average number of teeth in men and women above eight years of age was six and three respectively. The greater proportion of these old lived people, Professor Humphrey found, came of long-lived families.

Leave Winnipeg...	9:45 a.m.
Arrive Minneapolis...	7:30 a.m.
Arrive St. Paul...	5:30 a.m.
Arrive Chicago...	4:30 a.m.
Arrive St. Louis...	3:30 a.m.
Arrive Memphis...	2:30 a.m.
Arrive New Orleans...	1:30 a.m.
Arrive Mobile...	12:30 a.m.
Arrive Savannah...	11:30 p.m.
Arrive Charleston...	10:30 p.m.
Arrive Richmond...	9:30 p.m.
Arrive Washington...	8:30 p.m.
Arrive New York...	7:30 p.m.
Arrive Philadelphia...	6:30 p.m.
Arrive Baltimore...	5:30 p.m.
Arrive St. Louis...	4:30 p.m.
Arrive Chicago...	3:30 p.m.
Arrive Minneapolis...	2:30 p.m.
Arrive St. Paul...	1:30 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg...	12:30 p.m.

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TRAVEL BY THE FAVORITE
TO ONTARIO AND THE EAST.

USE YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!
and advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.
THE TEST:
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER.
DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
IN MILLIONS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
IN A MILLION HOMES FOR A QUARTER OF A CENTURY IT HAS STOOD THE CONSUMER'S RELIABLE TEST.
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
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Oysters, Confectionery, Cigars, &c
MAIN STREET

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Post Master General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday the 19th of February, 1886, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twenty four times per week each way, between Rat Portage Post Office and Railway Station from the 1st April next.
The conveyance to be made on foot or in a suitable vehicle.
The courier to leave the Post Office and Railway Station with the mails, on such days and such hours as may be from time to time required; to deliver the mails at the Railway Station within ten minutes after leaving the Post Office and at the Post Office within ten minutes after the arrival of each mail train.

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STATIONERY, TOYS
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Blue Store,
426 MAIN STREET.
Suits Worth \$12 at \$7.50;
Suits Worth \$18 at \$10
Suits Worth \$22.50. \$12
Overcoats a Specialty.

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Wholesale and Retail
M. HUGHES & CO
275 to 285 Main Street
A Large Stock of
School Desks
—AND—
OFFICE FURNISHINGS &C
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UNDERTAKING
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ONLY FRENCH-CANADIAN HOTEL IN WINNIPEG.
EVERYTHING STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS;
Private Rooms in connection with the Bar and Billiard Saloon.
EXCELLENT YARD AND STABLEING;
Wines, Liquors, and Cigars
Z. LAPORTE, PROP.
P. O. Box 526. LATE OF OTTAWA.
Still takes the cake for the cleanest yard in the city

THE BEST & CHEAPEST MEATS
IN THE CITY AT
PENROS & ROCAN!
—BUTCHERS!
289 Main Street & City Market
Cash paid for Hides, Cattle Bought and Sold. Telephone connection.

THINKS LOVE IS PAY ENOUGH

In all our marriage services, if I remember rightly, some such stipulation is made as that we shall "love our husbands." It is, as I understand it, the principal part of the contract...

Love took up the harp of life and smote on all its strings with might: smote the chord of self that trembling passed in music out of sight.

The wife who values her labours for her husband at so many dollars and cents has not lost self in her love for him. She has not yet experienced the holy joy of giving all and asking nothing.

THE LAWS OF REASON.

Whatever our theories, the immediate question does not present itself in a form which is capable of broad generalization. The conditions vary with the varying trades and industries.

HUMOROUS

Paternal advice of Brother Gardner to a member of the Lime Kiln Club setting out on his travels: '1, De kivered Kyars won't git dar' any sooner by puttin yer head outter de winder...

RATION FOR COWS.

Prof. E. W. Stewart, in the "Country Gentleman," says: "Wheat, bran and middlings are sweet and well flavoured as a part of the ration for butter. Oatmeal has always been found to produce well flavoured milk and butter..."

SPRING CARE OF CATTLE

This is the trying season of the year—'between hay and grass.' See that your neat stock is not permitted to loose flesh. One pound lost now cannot be restored at a cost less than that of two pounds.

RETAIL MEAT MARKET.

Table listing various meats and their prices per pound, including Beef, Pork, Mutton, and Lamb.

WHOLESALE MEAT AND CATTLE MARKET.

Table listing wholesale prices for cattle and other meats.

FISH.

Table listing prices for various types of fish.

VEGETABLES.

Table listing prices for various vegetables.

HAY AND STRAW.

Table listing prices for hay and straw.

GRAIN.

Table listing prices for various types of grain.

NOTICE.

Weights and Measures. The following balances only are to be admitted to verification: A. Balances having equal arms and on which the load is suspended below the fulcrum...

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IMPORTERS OF WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS. 477 MAIN STREET.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

Directed by the Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary. WINNIPEG, MAN. The Sisters are happy to inform their Friends and the Public that the new and commodious Building which they have recently erected will enable them to bestow additional care upon the education of their Pupils.

ST. BONIFACE COLLEGE

The College of St. Boniface, incorporated by an Act of Parliament and situated to the University of Manitoba, is, since the 19th of August, 1885, directed by the Fathers of the Society of Jesus, under the high patronage of His Grace the Archbishop of St. Boniface. Its course of studies comprises the Greek, Latin, French and English languages and literature; History, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, higher Mathematics, mental Philosophy, Natural Sciences and Theology.

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Advertisement for 'A FARM OR SELL' featuring a circular logo and text about farm listings and mail services.

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The Central Depot for Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil. Delivered Free to Any Part of the City.

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OVENS AND COMPANY, Wholesale & Retail Grocers.

Call on us and we will convince you that we sell the Cheapest and Best Groceries, Wines, and Spirits, canned Goods and Cured Meats.

TRY OUR BUTTER! Whave contracted with some of the very best butter makers to supply us with only the choicest of the season.

TEAS AND COFFEES A SPECIAL.

TRY OUR ALES AND PORT OF ALL BRANDS. SEE OUR BASS' ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT, \$3.00 PER DOZEN. Before purchasing elsewhere. Free Delivery to all parts of the city.

REV. FATHER LABELLE'S National Lottery

OF COLONIZATION. Established under the Provincial Act, Quebec, 32 Vic., Chap. 35. VALUE OF LOTS: FIRST SERIES - \$50,000.00. HIGHEST LOT - \$10,000.00.

GRAND FINAL DRAWING OF PRIZES

in this Lottery, will take place Wednesday, August 11th. The Large Prizes at this Drawing: FIRST SERIES - \$100,000.00. SECOND SERIES - \$25,000.00.

Cheap Cash Store. Corner Notre Dame & Ellen Sts., WINNIPEG.

Advertisement for A. Anderson, Groceries, featuring various food products and a 'Small profits and quick turns' motto.

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Importers and Dealers in Foreign, Domestic & California. FRUITS. Confectionery, Etc. FRESH VEGETABLES & OYSTERS OUR SPECIALTY.

CHURCH NOTICES.

CATHEDRAL, ST. BONIFACE.

Sundays—Masses at 7.30 and 10 a. m. Vespers at 3 p. m. Week Days—Masses at 6.30 and 7.30

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

Situated on the corner of St. Mary and Argrave Streets. Rev. Father Ouellette, Rector; Rev. Father Cahill, assistant.

Sundays—Masses at 7.00 8.30, and 10.30, a.m.; Vespers at 7.15 p. m. Catechism for perseverance at 2.30 p. m. Week Days—Masses at 6.15 and 7.30 a. m.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

Situated in Point Douglass. Rev. Father Cherrier, rector.

Sundays—Masses at 8.30 and 10.30 a. m. Vespers at 4.00 p. m. Week Days—Mass at 7 a. m.

SATURDAY, MAY 22 1886

CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS

Queen's birthday on Morning.

The session in Ottawa will not close much before the 5th of June next, as there is still important business before the House.

Mrs. Senator Girard and Madame Dubuc are now asking for subscriptions in aid of the new Hospital shortly to be erected in St. Boniface.

Gen. Supt. Egan says that the name of the 2nd crossing of the Columbia has been changed from Farwell to Angus.

Two new locomotives arrived yesterday for the Manitoba Northwestern Railway, they were turned out of the Rock Island shop.

The council of the Board of Agriculture has been summoned to meet in the Legislative buildings on Wednesday, June 9, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make final arrangements for the holding of the Provincial Exhibition.

The Manitoba and Northwestern Railway Company have awarded to Mr. D. Mann the contract of building their extension beyond Birtle this season.

Enquiry in the Department of Agriculture elicits the fact that already there is a large influx of desirable immigrants by every steamer that Quebec.

Parliament here prorogue to-day, May 22nd. Elections will take place probably not before December next.

Mr. Van Horne, in a private interview with Mr. Mulvey, said that 50 miles would be built on their Southwestern road this summer.

The first cargo from Yokohama is expected to pass through Winnipeg between the 10th and 15 of July.

The Birtle by law to raise \$1,000 will be voted on June 16. The whole existing debt of the town does not exceed five thousand dollars.

A by law of the municipality of Saskatchewan to raise \$10,000 for bonusing a flouring and woolen mill will be voted on June 8. The municipality has no present debt.

The new asylum for the insane at Selkirk is now finished and the new patients will be removed there on Tuesday the 25th from the present temporary quarters at Lower Fort Garry.

Application has been made to the Dominion Government for letters patent to incorporate a company to be called "The Canadian Anthracite Coal Company for the purpose of mining and extracting coal in the Dominion of Canada, especially anthracite coal, with a capital stock of \$500,000; head office to be in the city of Ottawa, with branches in other places in Canada.

A Deputation from the directors and shareholders of the Winnipeg and Hudson Bay Railway company consisting of Messrs Joseph Mullholland, Andrew Strang J. H.

Sutherland, C. S. Hoare and J. S. Tupper who were accompanied by Thomas Green way, M. P. P., and W. F. Luxton waited on Mr. Norquay on Monday. Mr. Tupper on behalf of the company asked that the Government guarantee for twenty five years the interest on the company's bonds to the extent of \$4,500,000 at the rate of four per cent.

M. & N. W. T.

Mr. F. H. Brydges, who has returned to Winnipeg from England, is naturally very pleased with the result of his trip. The satisfactory floating of the bonds has already been referred to in The Review.

MAN. AND N. W. T.

Brandon, May 19.—Parrish's warehouse opposite the city hall was burned last night. The adjoining dwellings were badly scorched.

Fanny Fowler has disappointed her trainers and is considered out of the races on the 24 th. The track is fine.

Portage la Prairie, May 18.—A half-breed named Sayer, who was arrested here on Friday on a warrant issued six months ago for selling liquor to Indians broke out of the police station during the night and escaped.

Two Englishmen named Pugsley, who bought Dr. Hagarty's farm here for \$17,500 are buying all the cattle offered for sale in this district and are paying as high as \$10 for little calves and \$80 for two and three year old heifers.

Gleichen, N. W. T., May 10.—after a week of cold, rough weather, which the weather clerk has generously bestowed on us a week of pleasant mild weather brought out the crops and grass in good style.

Traffic on the C. P. R. is very lively at present. Three or four trains at a time is no unusual occurrence; consequently business is brisk and lively.

Mr. Patrick is expecting six carloads of young heifers in a few days, which he will place on his ranch here.

Mr. Charles Moriarity, road master was in town this week.

Brandon—Preparations for the celebration of the 24th are going forward. A number of horses from as far west as Calgary have entered.

A new Conservative paper is about to be started here. It will be managed by Robinson of Portage la Prairie.

Regina May 12th—Mr Assistant Commissioner Reed left this morning on a visit to the Moose Mountain Indian Reserve.

Chief Piapot came into town from his reserve to attend the lecture given by Mr. Davin in aid of the school on his reserve. He was attired in a new black

suit for the occasion, and sported a snow white blanket for the occasion. At the close of the lecture the chief mounted the platform and addressed the audience in most eloquent terms.

Everybody here is going to Qu'Appelle on the Queen's birthday to attend the 'fetes' that is if the C.P.R. can be got to run down a car on the early morning of the 24th.

Mr Sydney Swinford, of Winnipeg has been appointed agency clerk at Crooked Lake reserve near Broadview.

Mr S W Chambers, of Birtle has been appointed farming instructor to the Indians on the Blood reserve. Mr Chambers is a farmer of much experience and well qualified for the position.

Carman, May 10.—Mr. Robert Kennedy, living about one mile east of this place, had a narrow escape from death by poisoning last week.

Mr. Durant returned on Friday from Toronto, where he had been under treatment by Dr. Ryerson during the past four months for disease of the eyes.

Shoal Lake, May 13.—Arbor day here has seen large numbers of trees planted among those who planted most are Messrs Thompson Eyer and Claridge.

Mr. J. G. Waldock has given his patron notice that he will have the cheese factory ready for business on the 24th inst.

Birtle, May 19.—Gen. Supt Baker and Messrs. Allan, Boyle, Brydges and Luxton paid this town a flying visit last night. They left on the regular train this morning.

Judge Walker of Brandon was in town yesterday holding county court. There were not many cases.

Rat Portage Musings. Rat Portage, May 18.—Mr. John M Egan, General Superintendent Canadian Pacific Railway Company arrived here from Port Arthur on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Ryan, of St. Paul, is here for a few days. He is largely interested in the Minnesota and Ontario Lumber Co.

A large number of American capitalists have arrived here, interested in mining matters. The town has a lively appearance and mining will boom this summer.

The Fleewing arrived here on Sunday from Port Francis on Monday afternoon with the steam tug 'Thistle.'

The steam tug Wendygo which had a slight accident last week, is now in full working order.

The private residences of Messrs Brydon and Ferguson overlooking the bay of the Lake of the Woods are beautifully situated.

Judge Lyon has refused a new trial to W. J. Macaulay in the suit recently tried before a jury of McCracken v Glenn and McCauley.

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba RAILWAY. THE ALL RAIL ROUTE TO ONTARIO, QUEBEC, UNITED STATES.

Passenger Trains, Palace Sleeping Cars Attached, Leave Winnipeg Daily for St. Paul, Without Change, where close connections are made for the South, East and West, at 9.45 a.m.

AT VERY LOW RATES. Passengers travelling by the All Rail Route can purchase their Through Tickets at our Winnipeg Agency, 388 Main Street, where Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables and full information may be obtained.

H. G. McMicken

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. Image of a tin of Royal Baking Powder.

This powder never varies—a marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alums or phosphate powders.

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