

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. II. No. 288.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1915.

Price: 1 Cent.

Outport Men in the City Can Vote at the Seaman's Institute. The Booths Will Be Open Until 8 o'clock.

ALLIES ARE RUSHING AID TO SERBIA

British and French transports arrive daily at Salonika. Troops as they land are sent up country immediately to check enemy.

BULGARIAN ARMIES NEARING NISH

Opinion amongst Allies is that Roumania will allow Russian troops to move across her territory—Russians win another victory over Germans.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The vigorous support which Asquith and Briand have promised to Serbia is seemingly about to be realized. Besides the Anglo-French troops, including British cavalry, who already are in southern Serbia, British and French transports arrive daily at Salonika. The troops from them are being sent up country immediately, to attempt to check the Bulgarian march from Velestina toward Monastir. Other transports have landed troops at Kavala, on the Aegean Sea, near the Bulgarian border. At the same time diplomats continue their efforts to secure the support of Greece and Roumania for Serbia, who fought with them in their last Balkan war.

As time passes, Serbia's position grows more critical. The Austro-German drive from the north is proceeding slowly, but surely, while two Bulgarian armies are approaching Nish from which place the Serbian Government has moved to Mirovitza near the Montenegrin frontier. The Serbians are fighting stern, defensive battles. From German accounts it is apparent that their main armies are making good their retreat leaving as the Russians did in Galicia and Poland, very little.

There is no further news of the Russian expedition, several days ago reported off Varna. The opinion is held in the Entente Allies countries, that Roumania, where there is continued agitation in favor of intervention on their side, will allow the forces of Emperor Nicholas to move across her territory. If this decision is reached, it is believed it will be influenced by the activity of the Russian army in Galicia, where, according to Russian official reports, General Ivanoff has won another victory over the Teutons on the Stripa River.

Further north, in Volhynia, also is heavy fighting. The Russians claim to have checked an Austro-German offensive, which had for its object the capture of Czartorysk. In fact all along the Eastern front the Russians, according to the German official report, are making a series of attacks from the Gulf of Riga to Roumania. It is admitted that the Germans were compelled to withdraw their lines in the lake district, but other Russian attacks were claimed to have been repulsed.

In the west unfavorable weather is interfering with operations. Both British and French submarines are now in the Sea of Marmora, where the French submarine Turquoise was recently sunk by the Turks.

Landing at Karala Harasses Bulgars

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Reports of the landing of Allied troops at Kavala are hailed here as a success. The operation is considered to be an excellent piece of offensive strategy.

Kavala not only is the great tobacco port for Turkey, but is the terminus of three important highways, by one of which the Greeks, in 1913, outflanked the Bulgarians and forced them to retire out of Macedonia and virtually won the war.

The occupation of Kavala by the Entente Allied troops will necessitate it is believed here, several new distinct defensive concentrations by the Bulgarians.

Carson Will Act As Criticism Leader

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The "Daily News" lobby correspondent says that Carson had counted on Andrew Bonar Law resigning with him on the specific issue of the Dardanelles organization, but that an audience Mr. Law had with the King on Oct. 18, when Carson's resignation was impending, directed his mind into another channel.

Many of the papers discuss the Dardanelles, but none draw from them the inference that it is the intention to withdraw the expedition. It is generally believed that as a result of the debate in the Commons there will be no further Cabinet resignations and that Churchill will remain as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Carson's position, henceforth, will be probably that of the leader of a considerable body of Unionists and some radicals who will act as a parliamentary opposition in the Commons, devoting themselves to criticism, with a view to keeping the government up to the mark and well informed on the country's view regarding the conduct of the war.

Bulgars Active Desperate Fighting

PARIS, Nov. 3.—According to despatches from Salonika, the Bulgarians are advancing beyond Velestina and have occupied part of the defiles of Babuna, after desperate fighting, but the Serbians still hold the principal part of the defiles near Perlepe.

The Bulgarians have not repeated their attacks upon Krivolak, which is held by the French.

The evacuation of Monastir by the Serbians is denied.

A French man-of-war yesterday bombarded a Bulgarian supply train between Xanthi and Dedeaghat.

Kitchener Asked To Join the Army

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Field Marshal Kitchener early this week received one of Lord Derby's invitations, which are being largely circulated among men of military age, to join the army.

This amazing blunder was disclosed by Lord Derby himself, who, while addressing a meeting of middle aged recruits, said that nobody should be surprised if they received invitations, as one had been actually sent to the Minister of War.

OFFICIAL

AUSTRIAN. ROME, Nov. 4.—Austrian counter-attacks, undertaken with augmented forces in an effort to retake positions lost by them, have failed, according to an official statement issued today at the headquarters of the Italian General Staff.

GREEK. SALONIKA, Nov. 3.—The Bulgarians who are invading southern Serbia appear to have encountered a check at Vor, a defile north-west of Krivolak where the Serbians are strengthening their trenches.

GERMAN. BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The city of Usitee, in North-western Serbia, has been captured by the Germans. This announcement was made by the War Office today.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Super-Submarine Trapped by British

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 3.—The "Daily Post" published the report of the capture of one of Germany's latest super-submarines, 250 feet long, carrying in addition to torpedo tubes, four guns of fairly large calibre. The submarine was launched at Stettin a fortnight ago.

The "Post" states that within a few hours after leaving the base she was caught in one of those traps which have so skilfully laid for these craft somewhere in the German Ocean. The crew are said to have been made prisoners.

Allies Bombard Tchesme, Asia Minor

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Four allied torpedo boat destroyers bombarded the sea port of Tchesme, in Asia Minor, forty miles south-west of Smyrna.

A message from Athens said that the Turkish forts, custom buildings, government residence, old barracks, and a large part of the Turkish quarter was destroyed.

British Prince Goes Ashore

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 3.—The steamer British Prince, 5770 tons, Cape-town to Ludritz Zubot, in German South-West Africa, is ashore on Possion Island. There are 32 persons aboard, with mails and valuable cargo.

The ship is said to be in no immediate danger.

King George's Health Improving

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The "Lancet" says it is in a position to state with authority, that the accident to King George resulted in a severe shock, with much bruising and pain, but that there has been no more serious outcome of his dangerous mishap. There is no evidence whatever of any visceral lesion or any fracture, although His Majesty is still confined to his bed. This is necessitated solely by muscular stiffness, following bruising.

Peace Talk On Talk of Peace

ROME, Nov. 3.—The "Messaggero" asserts that Count Eberensward, Swedish Minister to Switzerland is taking a principal part on behalf of these Germans who favor peace negotiations, in an effort to bring them about.

The "Messaggero" says the Count, sometime ago, organized a league of neutral states for defence, and that these interests are now using their influence in favor of peace counting on the support of Switzerland.

Another Credit Will Be Asked For

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Another vote of credit will be introduced into the Commons next week. Announcing this fact to-day the Premier did not mention the amount.

It is expected to be £25,000,000 or £1,250,000,000.

'Can We Hold Out' Asks German Paper

GENEVA, Nov. 3.—Owing to the high price of food in Germany neutrals are leaving the country for Switzerland. Under the heading "Can we hold out" the "Neue Zeitung" says, "Hardly had we crossed the threshold of the second year of war when the question became settled; another anxiety then faced us, namely the dearth of food, the necessities in the matter of food. Will our enemies succeed in defeating Germany by famine?"

Lost and Found

LONDON, Nov. 3.—In one of the battles around Ypres, the 13th battalion of Canadians lost a Colt machine gun recently. A German aeroplane was brought down within the British lines, having a pilot and observer, both dead; and the lost machine gun was on board.

The aero fell only twenty yards from the trenches then occupied by the 13th Battalion.

Posted at Lloyd's As Missing

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The British steamer Eastington, Sydney, N.S., Sept. 24, for St. John's, is posted at Lloyd's as missing.

by 515 To 1

PARIS, Nov. 3.—A resolution expressing confidence in the new Briand Ministry was adopted to-night by a vote of 515 to 1.

Socialists Speech Cham. of Deputies Brings Protest

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The Ministerial declaration made by Briand, the new Premier, today, was most favorably received both in the Chamber of Deputies and in the Senate, and a vote of confidence of 515 to 1 was given the Government amid great applause.

The Premier's announcement of the government's decision to obtain a guarantee of durable peace before laying down arms was also greeted with great enthusiasm.

M. Renaudel, Socialist leader, in a speech, declared that France should annex none of the territory captured from the enemies of France. This was taken to mean that the Socialists were opposed to the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine. The deputy's utterances brought forth violent protests. When order had been restored, there came another outburst of enthusiasm, following a reply to Renaudel by Deputy Andre Maginot, who is still suffering from a wound received in battle. In the name of the soldiers at the front, he declared that Renaudel had no authority to speak for them.

New Solicitor General

LONDON, Nov. 3.—George Cave, Unionist member of parliament, has been appointed Solicitor General, succeeding Sir Frederick Edward Smith, who has taken the portfolio of Attorney General.

Floods Threaten Rome

ROME, Nov. 3.—Rome is again threatened with floods following the experience of last winter, when the Tiber overflowed its banks with unprecedented frequency.

Thus far, no loss of life is reported.

Will He Make Good?

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Sir Cecil Spring Rice gave notice to the State Department to-day that both Britain and France were about to extend recognition to General Carranza in Mexico.

GREEKS WILL FIGHT BULGARIANS IF LATTER THREATEN GREECE

British Forces At Gievgeli

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The first British contingent arrived on Friday at Gievgeli, in the Serbian war theatre, according to despatches filed on Saturday at Salonika, but delayed. The British force will act as a separate unit, but in collaboration with the French troops.

Gievgeli is just across the Greek border, 40 miles north-west of Salonika.

General Sarrail, commander of the Allies' expeditionary forces in Serbia, returned on Friday from a hasty inspection of the front from Gievgeli to Krivolak. He was favorably impressed with the French positions, which are strongly held on the heights of Babrovo, Gradek, Domir, and Kopou.

The French forces, advancing north-west from the Greek frontier, have not yet effected a junction with the hard-pressed Serbian army in the vicinity of Velestina. Fighting in this district has been desperate and the Serbs once recaptured Velestina, after it had fallen to the Bulgars, only to lose it again on October 31.

Anti-Serbian Movement Now In North Albania

ROME, Nov. 4.—Albanians living in Suhagera and Krusovo districts of Serbia have revolted, according to a despatch to the National News Agency. A desperate battle between the Serbians troops and the rebels has been fought north of Tirna. The anti-Serbian movement has spread into Northern Albania.

Press Censorship And Newspaper Attacks

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The London morning papers see a threat of drastic extension of press censorship in the speech in the Lords by Sir Stanley Buckmaster, former head of the Press Bureau who said:

"We must have stringent censorship if newspaper attacks are to be concentrated first on one particular Minister and then on another. It may be a matter for consideration whether the existing powers should not be extended."

British Submarine Again Active in Baltic

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Copenhagen says that the German steamer Souz was sunk by a British submarine yesterday off Karlskrona, Sweden, in the Baltic.

The crew landed at Sweden to-day. One man was wounded by a shell splinter.

OFFICIAL

The Following Additional Information Respecting Casualties of the First Newfoundland Regiment Already Reported Has Been Received To-day, Nov. 3rd

814—Corporal Fred. Moore Sellers, 62 Barter's Hill; wounded. Arrived in London.

796—Private Harold Scott Butler, Burin; wounded. Arrived in London.

859—Private Roy Spencer, Fortune; dysentery. Arrived in London.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Greek People Favor Allies But Have no Desire to Plunge Country Into War—Have Confidence in King Constantine and Country Will Fight if Compelled to do so on Her Own Account

PARIS, Nov. 4.—An Athens despatch to the Havas News Agency says King Constantine and the Greek Government are considering the present situation from a strictly military viewpoint and are firmly resolved not to launch out on an adventure the result of which is far from clear. They are determined to avoid a conflict with the Central Powers.

In other words, Greece will take up arms against Bulgaria only, if she finds herself in any way threatened by the latter country, but Greece, if she fights, intends to do so on her own account, but not on that of either of the European groups.

The German efforts to induce Greece not to give facilities to the Entente Powers, so far, have failed. The King is his own adviser, and that constitutes the basis of Greece's present policy.

Popular sentiment is in favor of the Allies in general and France in particular, but the people have no desire to plunge their country into the horrors of war. The last struggle in the Balkans is still present in their memory. They regard Bulgaria as their hereditary enemy, but they have implicit confidence in their King to do the right thing at the right time.

The situation in Macedonia certainly causes anxiety, but that anxiety is diminished somewhat by the presence of the Allied troops, which is considered a guarantee against Bulgarian invasion. The view held in official circles is that the landing of the Allies in Macedonia was not effected with the object of serving Greek efforts, but rather of stopping the German advance on Constantinople, which is a vital question for the Allies.

French Success In West Africa

PARIS, Nov. 3.—Additional victories for the French in Kamerun are announced. A French column in Kamerun captured on October 25th a post on the Soudo-Durda-Yaunde railway. The enemy loss was heavy. The French loss among Europeans was light. Twenty-six natives were killed and seventy-nine wounded.

Continuing their march the French took Esekia on Oct. 30. The railway which had been partially destroyed by the enemy has been completely repaired.

Lords in Session

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Cabinet responsibility for the conduct of the war and the censorship, were discussed, criticised and defended at a short sitting of the Lord this evening.

Coming Home

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Brand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, has cabled the State Department that he was preparing to return to the States for a vacation on account of ill health.

British Submarine Sinks German Steamer

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—A despatch from Copenhagen says the German ship Gedania was sunk by a British submarine in the Baltic to-day.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Established, 1908.

President—W. F. COAKER, M.H.A.
Vice-President—ANDREW BROADERS.
Sec.-Treasurer—W. W. HALFYARD, M.H.A.

District Chairmen

- Port-de-Grave, Geo. Grimes, M.H.A.
- Harbor Grace, A. Morgan.
- Conception Bay, W.F. Coaker M.H.A.
- Bay-de-Verde, A.G. Hudson.
- Trinity, J. G. Stone, M.H.A.
- Bonavista, R. G. Winsor, M.H.A.
- Fogo, W. W. Halfyard M.H.A.
- Twillingaté, W. B. Jennings, M.H.A.

Number of Local Councils—240.
Membership—20,000.
Disaster Fund—\$6,000.
Reserve Funds—\$11,000.

Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd.

Cash Capital Subscribed and Reserve—\$125,000

Managing Director—W. F. COAKER, M.H.A.
Secretary—W. W. HALFYARD, M.H.A.
Inspector of Outport Stores—J. G. STONE, M.H.A.

Head. Offices, Warerooms, and Water Front.
Premises, 167 Water St. ST. JOHN'S.

BRANCH STORES IN OPERATION:

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| PORT-DE-GRAVE | CLARK'S BEACH |
| BAY ROBERTS | BAY-DE-VERDE |
| WINTERTON | PORT REXTON |
| CATALINA | BONAVISTA |
| KEELS | GREENSPOND |
| NEWTOWN | CAT HR. |
| DOTING COVE | SELDOM |
| TILTING | JOE BATT'S ARM |
| MAIN TICKLE | NORTH END |
| (Change Islds.) | (Change Islds.) |
| HERRING NECK | BOTWOOD |
| LEWISPORTE | TWILLINGATE |
| EXPLOITS | NIPPER'S HR. |

PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the electors of the Electoral District of St. John's, Western Division, that Polling Stations herein set forth will be open from 8 a.m. until 8 p.m. on THURSDAY, 4th day of the month of November, 1915 in the following places, viz:—

- No. 1—SOUTHSIDE SECTION.**
BOOTH 1—At the house of Mrs. Roberts for electors only residing between Fort Amherst and Job's Bridge.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Michael Stafford, for electors only residing between Job's Bridge and Waterford Bridge.
- No. 2—BLACKHEAD SECTION.**
BOOTH—At the house of Joseph Healey.
- No. 3—PETTY HARBOR SECTION.**
Maddox Cove.
BOOTH 1—At the house of Mrs. Madden.
North Side.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Mrs. Kielly.
South Side.
BOOTH 3—At the house of Mrs. Nehemiah Chafe.
- No. 4—GOULDS SECTION.**
BOOTH—At the house of Mrs. Cox.
- No. 5—KILBRIDE SECTION.**
BOOTH—At the house of Michael Ryan.
- No. 6—TOPSAIL ROAD OR BOGGY HALL SECTION.**
BOOTH—At the house of Jeremiah Brennan.
- No. 7—FRESHWATER VALLEY SECTION.**
BOOTH—At the house of Mrs. Cramp.
- No. 8—ST. PHILIP'S SECTION.**
BOOTH 1—West Side—At the house of Mrs. Lavinia Squires.
BOOTH 2—East Side—At the house of David Tucker.
BOOTH 3—Old Broad Cove Road—At the house of Mrs. King.
BOOTH 4—Thorburn Road—At the house of Mrs. Hogan.
- No. 9—ST. JOHN'S SECTION.**
No. 1 Ward.
BOOTH 1—At the house of Mrs. Kane, 355 Water Street, West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C D E F G H I J K and L.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Phillip Healey, 345 Water Street, West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y and Z.
- No. 2 Ward.**
BOOTH 2—At the house of John Mullenwey, 297 Water Street West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C D and E.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Edward Kavanagh, Water Street West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters F G H I J K L and M.
BOOTH 3—At the house of Mrs. Hayes, 186 Water Street West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters N O P Q R S T U V W X Y and Z.
- No. 3 Ward.**
BOOTH 1—At the house of Patrick Hart, 138 Water Street, West, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C and D.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Mrs. Crowley, 49 Hutchings Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters E F G H I J K and L.
BOOTH 3—At the house of Mrs. Locke, 238 New Gower Street for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters M N O P and Q.
BOOTH 4—At the house of Mrs. Wall, 226 New Gower Street for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters R S T U V W X Y and Z.
- No. 4 Ward.**
BOOTH 1—At the house of James Mansfield, 219 New Gower Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C and D.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Patrick Flynn, 111 New Gower Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters E F G H I J and K.
BOOTH 3—At the house of Mrs. McGrath, 97 New Gower Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters L M N O and P.

BOOTH 4—At the house of Patrick Hagerty, 15 Queen Street, for electors only whose surnames begin with the letters Q R S T U V W X Y and Z.

No. 5 Ward.
BOOTH 1—At the house of Mrs. Finn, 32 Adelaide Street; upper flat, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C and D.
BOOTH 2—At the house of Mrs. Finn, 32 Adelaide Street; lower flat, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters E F G H I J K and L.
BOOTH 3—At the house of John Kean, No. 1 Adelaide Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters M N O P and Q.
BOOTH 4—At the house of Charles Truscott, No. 9 New Gower Street, for electors only whose respective surnames begin with the letters R S T U V W X Y and Z.

F. J. DOYLE, Returning Officer.

WARD BOUNDARIES, ST. JOHN'S WEST

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given for the information of the Electors in the Electoral District of St. John's, Western Division, that the Boundaries of the Wards in which Electors will record their votes in the District of St. John's West, are as follows, viz:—

- No. 1 WARD shall extend from the east side of Waterford Bridge and Molloy's Lane to the west side of Leslie Street and vicinity.
- No. 2 WARD shall extend from the east side of Leslie Street to the west side of Patrick Street and vicinity.
- No. 3 WARD shall extend from the east side of Patrick Street to the west side of Springdale Street and vicinity.
- No. 4 WARD shall extend from the east side of Springdale Street to the west side of Queen's Street, Barter's Hill and vicinity.
- No. 5 WARD shall extend from the east side of Queen's Street and Barter's Hill to the west side of Beck's Cove, Carter's Hill, Freshwater Road and vicinity.

The Southside is a separate Section, and Electors living between Fort Amherst Lighthouse and Waterford Bridge will vote at the Booths on the Southside.

Ballot Paper

The ballot papers for the purpose of the voting under this Act shall be in the following form:
Are you in favour of prohibiting the importation, manufacture and sale of spirits, wine, ale, beer, cider, and all other alcoholic liquors for use as beverages? YES NO

Directions for the Guidance of Electors in Voting.

EACH Elector, on entering the room where the Poll is to be held shall declare his name, surname and address.
After so doing he shall receive a Ballot Paper in the above form.
Each elector, if required by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk or one of the agents shall, before receiving his Ballot Paper, take an oath of qualification.
After receiving his Ballot Paper, the Voter shall go into one of the compartments and with a pencil there provided, place a cross to indicate his vote on the question at issue. An affirmative vote on the question submitted shall be made by placing a cross (thus X) in the space after the word 'Yes' and a negative vote by placing a similar cross in the space after the word 'No'.
The voter will then fold the Ballot Paper, so as to show a portion of the back only, with the initials of the Deputy Returning Officer and shall hand it folded up to the Deputy Returning Officer, and the Deputy Returning Officer, shall, without unfolding it, ascertain that it is the Ballot Paper which he furnished to the elector, and then immediately place it in the Ballot Box. The voter shall forthwith leave the Polling Station.
If a voter inadvertently spoils a Ballot Paper he may return it to the Deputy Returning Officer, who shall give him another.
If a voter places any mark on the Ballot Paper by which he can afterwards be identified, his vote will be void and will not be counted.
If a voter takes a Ballot or Ballot Paper out of the Polling Station, or fraudulently puts any other into the Ballot Box than the Paper given him by the Deputy Returning Officer, he will be subject to be punished by a fine of Five Hundred Dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding Six Months, with or without hard labour.

PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Electors of the Electoral District of St. John's, Eastern Division, that the Polling Stations herein set forth will be open from 8 a.m. until 8 p.m. on Thursday, the 4th day of the month of November, 1915, in the following places, viz:—

- No. 1 Ward.**
No. 1 Booth—At the house of Widow Morrissey, No. 8 Duckworth St. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C D.
No. 2 Booth—At the house of Widow Porter, 34 Gower Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters E F G H I J K.
No. 3 Booth—At the house of Patrick Grace, No. 12 York Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters L M N O P Q R.
No. 4 Booth—At the house of Widow Doran, No. 41 Duckworth Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters S T U V W X Y Z.
- No. 2 Ward.**
No. 1 Booth—At the house of Widow Hayes, No. 10 Bond Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C.
No. 2 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Chas. Hannon, No. 8 Prospect Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters D E F G H I J.
No. 3 Booth—At the house of Widow Nicholls, No. 28 1/2 Bond Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters K L M N O P.
No. 4 Booth—At the house of Widow Kielly, No. 3 Knight Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters Q R S T U V W X Y Z.
- No. 3 Ward.**
No. 1 Booth—At the house of Widow Ryan, No. 72 Long's Hill. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C D E F G H I J K L.
No. 2 Booth—At the house of Jas. Myron, No. 126 Bond Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z.
No. 4 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Elizabeth Cooper, No. 21 Field Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C.
No. 2 Booth—At the house of Mrs. England, No. 27 Field Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters D E F G.
No. 3 Booth—At the house of Miss Anastasia Murphy, No. 20 Livingstone Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters H I J K L.
No. 4 Booth—At the house of Wm. Armstrong, No. 110 Queen's Road. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters M N O P Q.
No. 5 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Carew, No. 54 Field Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters R S T.
No. 6 Booth—At the house of Miss Carroll, No. 22 Livingstone Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters U V W X Y Z.
- No. 5 Ward.**
No. 1 Booth—At the house of Widow Walsh, No. 47 Mullock Street. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters A B C D E F.
No. 2 Booth—At the house of Widow Delton, No. 63 Hayward Ave. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters G H I J K L M.
No. 3 Booth—At the house of Widow Eagan, No. 12 Hayward Avenue. Those Electors only shall vote whose respective surnames begin with the letters N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z.
No. 4 Booth—At the house of Mrs. L. Greene, Allendale Road. Those Electors only shall vote whose reside north of Circular Road in the said Ward.

John B. Wadland, Returning Officer.

WARD BOUNDARIES, ST. JOHN'S EAST.

No. 1 WARD shall be bounded by a line commencing at Cuckhold's Head, and running along the boundary between St. John's section and Quidi Vidi section to commencement of the road on Logy Bay road (near Cook's) running from Logy Bay road to the Torbay road; thence along the boundary between the St. John's section and the Major's Path section to the Portugal Cove old road; thence along the centre of the last-mentioned road to the lane leading past the eastern side of the late Mr. J. O. Fraser's house; thence along the centre of Circular road to Bannerman road; thence along the centre of Bannerman road to Military road; thence along the centre of Military road to the top of Cochrane street; thence down the centre of Cochrane street to the harbour of St. John's; thence following the windings of the seashore to point of commencement at Cuckhold's Head.
No. 2 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing at the termination on the shore of the harbour of St. John's of the western boundary of No. 1 Ward, thence following the said western boundary of No. 1 Ward to the bridge crossing Rennie's River at the commencement of the Portugal Cove old road; thence turning south up the centre of Rennie's Mill road to Rawlin's Cross; thence down the centre of Prescott street and Hunter's (Job's) Cove to the harbor of St. John's; thence along the northern shore of the said harbor to point of commencement at foot of Cochrane street.
No. 3 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing on the waters of St. John's harbour at Hunter's (Job's) Cove, thence following the western boundary of No. 2 Ward to Rawlin's Cross; thence along centre of Military road to Garrison hill; thence along centre of Garrison hill to Newtown road; thence along centre of Newtown road to north-eastern corner of Parade ground; thence across the Parade ground following the line of the fence enclosing Fort Townsend on the westward, to a point on Harvey road opposite the Tavern kept by one Wm. Farrel; thence westward along the centre of Harvey road to the top of Long's Hill; thence down the centre of Long's Hill to its junction with Church Hill; thence down the centre of Church Hill to Duckworth street; thence along the centre of Duckworth street to Market House Hill; thence

Torbay Section—North.
Booth 1—At the house of Widow Thorne.
Booth 2—At the house of Widow Gosse.

Torbay Section—South.
Booth 1—At the house of Mrs. Cullen.
Booth 2 (Piperstock)—At the house of Jas. Kelly.

Flatrock.
Booth—At the house of Mrs. Thos. Hickey.

Outer Cove.
Booth—At the house of Mrs. Cath. Coady.

Logy Bay.
Booth—At the house of Mrs. Edson.

Middle Cove.
Booth—At the house of John Kin-sella.

Pouch Cove—North.
Booth—At the house of Frank Ryan.

Pouch Cove—South.
Booth 2—At the house of William Evans.

Biscayan Cove.
Booth—At the house of Ambrose Rosa.

Bauline.
Booth—At the house of Mrs. Jos. King.

Winsor Lake.
Booth—At the house of Mrs. Mary Murphy.

Portugal Cove West.
Booth 1—At the house of Thomas Hanlon.

Portugal Cove—East.
Booth 2—At the house of James Harding.

Bell Island—Lance Cove.
Booth 1—At the house of James Hiscock.

Bell Island—Freshwater.
Booth 2—At the house of George Parsons.

Bell Island Front—Main St.
Booth 3—At the house of Mrs. Rd. Lambwood.

Bell Island—East Mines.
Booth 4—At the house of Oliver Bennett.

Bell Island—Central Mines.
Booth 5—At the house of P. A. O'Brien.

Bell Island—West Mines.
Booth 6—At the house of Jabez Butler.

Bell Island—East Mines.
Booth 7—At the house of Patrick Fitzgerald.

JOHN B. WADLAND, Returning Officer.

WARD BOUNDARIES, ST. JOHN'S EAST.

No. 1 WARD shall be bounded by a line commencing at Cuckhold's Head, and running along the boundary between St. John's section and Quidi Vidi section to commencement of the road on Logy Bay road (near Cook's) running from Logy Bay road to the Torbay road; thence along the boundary between the St. John's section and the Major's Path section to the Portugal Cove old road; thence along the centre of the last-mentioned road to the lane leading past the eastern side of the late Mr. J. O. Fraser's house; thence along the centre of Circular road to Bannerman road; thence along the centre of Bannerman road to Military road; thence along the centre of Military road to the top of Cochrane street; thence down the centre of Cochrane street to the harbour of St. John's; thence following the windings of the seashore to point of commencement at Cuckhold's Head.
No. 2 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing at the termination on the shore of the harbour of St. John's of the western boundary of No. 1 Ward, thence following the said western boundary of No. 1 Ward to the bridge crossing Rennie's River at the commencement of the Portugal Cove old road; thence turning south up the centre of Rennie's Mill road to Rawlin's Cross; thence down the centre of Prescott street and Hunter's (Job's) Cove to the harbor of St. John's; thence along the northern shore of the said harbor to point of commencement at foot of Cochrane street.
No. 3 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing on the waters of St. John's harbour at Hunter's (Job's) Cove, thence following the western boundary of No. 2 Ward to Rawlin's Cross; thence along centre of Military road to Garrison hill; thence along centre of Garrison hill to Newtown road; thence along centre of Newtown road to north-eastern corner of Parade ground; thence across the Parade ground following the line of the fence enclosing Fort Townsend on the westward, to a point on Harvey road opposite the Tavern kept by one Wm. Farrel; thence westward along the centre of Harvey road to the top of Long's Hill; thence down the centre of Long's Hill to its junction with Church Hill; thence down the centre of Church Hill to Duckworth street; thence along the centre of Duckworth street to Market House Hill; thence

down the centre of Market House Hill and of Clift's Cove to the waters of St. John's harbour; thence along the northern shore of the said harbor to point of commencement at Hunter's (Job's) Cove.

No. 4 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing on the waters of St. John's harbour at Clift's Cove, and following the western boundary of No. 3 Ward to its termination at the northeastern corner of Parade ground at Newtown road; thence eastward along the said road to its junction with Allendale road to bridge over Rennie's river at the foot of Long pond; thence along the centre of the road which skirts the property of R. G. Rendell at North Bank, and leads to the Three Pond Barrens to the point on the said road where the Southern boundary line of the Major's Path section interests the said road; thence along the western boundary of the said Major's Path section to its termination at Windsor Lake; thence along the northwestern boundary of the St. John's section to Broad Cove old road at Hughes' Electoral Divisions of St. John's East and West to its termination on the waters of the harbor at Beck's Cove; thence along the northern shore of the said harbor to the point of commencement at Clift's Cove.

No. 5 WARD shall be bounded as follows, viz:—By a line commencing at Rawlin's Cross on Military road; thence running along the centre of Rennie's Mill road to the bridge over Rennie's river at the commencement of Portugal Cove old road; thence following the western boundary of No. 1 Ward to its termination at the junction of the Portugal Cove road and the road around Kenny's Pond; thence along the boundary of Major's Path section to commencement of the path described above leading from the Portugal Cove road to the Three Pond Barrens road; thence southwardly along the eastern boundary of No. 4 Ward to the junction of Allendale and Newtown roads; thence along the centre of Garrison Hill to Military road; thence along the centre of Military road to point of commencement at Rawlin's Cross.

PUBLIC NOTICE

WHEREAS by Section 33 of the Election Act, 1913, it is provided that in addition to the polling stations appointed in the several Electoral Districts outside of St. John's District, the Governor, by Proclamation, shall appoint, in the town of St. John's, one or more polling stations for each of the said Electoral Districts, each of such polling stations to be under the control and supervision of the Returning Officer of its respective Electoral District, and for the purposes of the Election Act, to be deemed a polling station within the Electoral District for which it is appointed:
AND WHEREAS under Proclamation of date October last it was ordered that in the town of St. John's there shall be opened the following booths, namely:—
For the District of St. Barbe—One Booth.
For the District of Twillingate—Two Booths.
For the District of Fogo—One Booth.
For the District of Bonavista—Two Booths.
For the District of Trinity—Two Booths.
For the District of Bay de Verde—One Booth.
For the District of Carbonear—One Booth.
For the District of Harbor Grace—One Booth.
For the District of Port de Grave—One Booth.
For the District of Harbor Main—One Booth.
For the District of Ferryland—One Booth.
For the District of Placentia and St. Mary's—Two Booths.
For the District of Burin—One Booth.
For the District of Fortune Bay—One Booth.
For the District of Burgeo and LaPoile—One Booth.
For the District of St. George—One Booth.
NOTICE is hereby given to all parties concerned that the said booths, as above set forth, will be opened in that Building known as the "King George V. Seaman's Institute," Water Street, on the 4th day of the present month of November, from the hour of eight o'clock in the morning until eight in the evening for the purpose of receiving the votes of Electors of the several Districts duly qualified to vote at the ensuing Poll under the provisions of the Prohibition Plebiscite Act, 1915.
Dated at St. John's the 1st day of November, 1915.
JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

WAR MESSAGES

Vsice Captured By the Germans

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The gradual enveloping movement, whereby the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians hope to surround the retreating Serbian army and cut off its line of retreat into Montenegro is brought into clearer view by despatches printed in morning papers, if Berlin telegrams received by way of Amsterdam are correct.

The Bulgarians are now threatening Pristina, which provides an opening into Montenegro, probably less than seventy miles wide, for the Serbian retreat. At the other end of their long crescent-shaped front, the Bulgarians are within sight of Nish from the top of the water-shed between the Svrlij and Nishava Rivers. Twelve miles from Nish, on Plesh mountain, they are within gunshot of the Nish electric works at Svetapetka, in the valley below. Heavy fighting is reported near Bela Palanka, a little further east, in the centre of the crescent.

The threatened Bulgarian advance from Veles towards Monastir, has been arrested by the timely arrival of Allied reinforcements, but news of a Bulgarian column creeping round by way of Kalkandelen and Krushovo to take Monastir in the rear has thrown the inhabitants of that city into a fresh panic.

The most important feature of the Austro-German advance is considered to be the strengthening of their hold on Western Moravia by the capture of Usice, on the railroad, which is the chief trans-Serbian line. Usice and Pristina may be regarded as the northern and southern points of the pincers which the enemy are endeavouring to close on the Serbian army.

The express with the Kyle's mails and passengers arrived here at 2 p.m. to-day.

Greek Ministry May Resign

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The Government was defeated in a discussion of foreign policies in parliament today and is expected to resign, says a Havas despatch from Athens.

A discussion of proposed military laws, the correspondent says, raised the question between the Minister of War and the majority of the party of former Premier Venizelos. On this issue Premier Zaimis decided to ask for a vote of confidence. The discussion then turned to the foreign policy of the government. M. Venizelos declared it was impossible for his party to longer sustain a government whose policy, he considered, was harmful to the interests of the country. All party leaders engaged in the discussion. The final vote was 147 against the Government, to 114.

German Aggressive Operations Halted

PETROGRAD, Nov. 4.—Col. Shumsky, military critic of the 'Bourse', telegraphing from the Russian headquarters, says:

"A strategic calm has set in along the entire Russian front. The Teutons are compelled to suspend their aggressive operations, and are everywhere preparing for a positional campaign on their present lines.

British Steamer Sunk

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The British steamer Friarage, 264 tons gross has been sunk. Five survivors have been landed.

Will Not Make Separate Peace

ROME, Nov. 4.—Italy adheres to the agreement signed by the Allies at London not to make a separate peace, says the 'Messagero.'

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

OFFICIAL

CASUALTY LIST

FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOVEMBER 4, 1915
82—Private Wm. Joseph Collins, 1 Flower Hill. Died of Dysentery, Oct. 28.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

Russians Tax Theatres

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Petrograd correspondent of the 'Mail' says the Russians have imposed a war tax of from 5 to 50 cents on every theatre ticket.

Train Notes

The train which left here at 6 p.m. yesterday had a mishap just west of Topsail when the engineer and four freight cars left the track. The engine after a while was jacked up on the rails, and the passengers coming from Hr. Grace and other points on the Shore line to the city transferred to the outgoing train's passenger coaches and arrived here at 11 o'clock. The outgoing passengers transferred to the Hr. Grace train which went that way with them.

Police Court News

Judge C. Hutchings, K.C., presided to-day.
A drunk was discharged, an assault case withdrawn and a drunk and disorderly in his own house was held so that his case might be enquired into.

The Nickel Programme Culled From the Very Best the World Affords

THE WORLD'S FUNNIEST COMEDIAN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "THE FACE ON THE BAR-ROOM FLOOR."

"THE TREY O' HEARTS." "COUNTESS VESCHI'S JEWELS."

13TH EPISODE OF THIS WONDERFUL SERIES. A THRILLING TWO-ACT SOCIAL DRAMA.

Vitagraph present a Broadway Star 3-part feature.

"HOW CISSY MADE GOOD."

Brought face to face with all the players and directors of the Vitagraph Company, she runs the gauntlet of their pranks and makes good. You will meet the entire cast of Vitagraph players in this novelty three-part comedy.

NOTE.—SHOWING EVERY NIGH UNTIL 11 P.M.—THE NICKEL THEATRE.

Florizel Arrives

Had Stormy Trip From New York To Halifax.
The S.S. Florizel, Capt. W. Martin, arrived here at 10.30 this morning from New York via Halifax. She made the run here from the latter port in 48 hours, and from New York to Halifax in 52 hours. On this part of the trip she had a gale of N. W. wind with a big sea, the deck cargo consisting of barrelled goods, hay &c. got aright and she had to be kept away before the sea and wind so that it could be secured. A few packages went overboard and some damage was done about the decks. She brought the largest cargo ever carried in the ship, and her passengers were:

Mrs. A. S. Ferguson, Miss E. A. Hollands, J. W. Campbell, H. T. Bell, Thos. Cole, John Cole, T. Kenny, F. Bray, P. Morrissey, W. Deady, Wm. Barry, L. Gardner, L. Gallisshaw, Jas Patton, E. Whiteway, H. J. Norberg, J. R. Grieson.

The S. S. Coban arrived here this morning early from Lousberg with a cargo of coal to the Reid Nfld. Co.

Prohibition Meeting At Lamaline

LAMALINE, Nov. 3rd.—Big Prohibition meeting here today and another to-night. Reverend Lench, Rev. Kirby and Clyde Lake of Fortune gave strong addresses; every Union man stronger for Prohibition.

Gales and Snow On Labrador

To-day messages were received by the Marine and Fisheries Department saying that a strong N. E. wind prevailed along the Labrador coast from Molton to Venison Tickle with heavy snow squalls. At Battle Harbor it is cold and dull.

Big Flour Cargo

The S. S. Mammoth arrived here to-day from Montreal and Gulf Ports to Campbell & McKay with a cargo of 15,000 barrels of flour and other goods. The ship had a good run down, is discharging at the Furness piers and is a lake boat like the ships which preceded her here.

Beothic Takes Cruise

About 10 a.m. to-day the S. S. Beothic which is about to be sold left port to take a cruise to demonstrate her speed and sea-going qualities for the representative of her new owners. Besides these gentlemen three were also on the ship, Mr. F. C. Crane representing Job Bros. & Co., and H. W. LeMessurier Esq., with one or two others. The ship took a five-hours' run which is usual under such conditions and did not require a Customs clearance or a pilot. Capt. Faulke, her commander, was in charge, and she no doubt—as she is one of our finest ships—realized the anticipations of her prospective owners.

LOCAL ITEMS

A woman, a native of Western Bay, will arrive here by the shore train to-night for the Lunatic Asylum. She has been insane for some time past.

A young woman a resident of Church Hill became ill at her home yesterday evening and the Health authorities think she is developing diphtheria.

Messages to the Marine and Fisheries Department to-day say that herring are still scarce at Bonne Bay.

SHIPPING

The Fogota left Seidom at 10 a.m. to-day.

The Portia left St. Joseph's at 8.45 a.m. to-day going west.

The schr. Benjamin C. Smith which loaded at Goodridge & Sons sails tomorrow for Oporto with 3274 qtls cod fish.

The Prospero left Conche at 7 a.m. to-day bound South.

The S. S. Sheba, now loading freight at North Sydney for the Reid Nfld. Co. will take a cargo 3000 tons for this port.

The Beothic which returns from her cruise thisafternoon will go on the dry dock for an overhaul, as well as the San Meltamora.

Wm. Grant of Holyrood, a farm servant with Mr. F. Steer, was taken to Hospital last evening ill of pneumonia. A girl a resident of Carbonear ill of an interal malady was also taken to Hospital by Mr. Whiteway.

ROSSLEY'S EAST END THEATRE.
St. John's Leading Vaudeville, Dramatic and Picture Theatre.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE OF

Atlantis—Fisk and Jack

A bewildering array of Beautiful Dances, in Magnificent Costumes and Electrical Effects. "Butterfly, Lily, and Serpentine Dancing, Donald Fisk, in Mysterious Act.

NEW PICTURES—HER FATHER'S SIN, in 2 Parts. MUTUAL WEEKLY, LATEST WAR NEWS. THE LITTLE POSTMISTRESS; and others.

NOTE—There will be a double contest Friday night. After the usual contest, Miss Atlantis will offer a prize to any person who can lift her off her feet. This never fails to cause lots of fun. There will be three big money prizes to the singers and dancers. Monday—The Greatest Irish Act ever seen, by the famous Carroll and Ellor, singing, dancing and Irish sketches.

OURS—Rossley's West End Theatre.

5 COMPLETE NEW FILMS.
All New. Never seen anywhere.
The finest in town.

Miss Aneta, Latest New York Songs

2 Shows Nightly—7.30 and 9 p.m. prompt

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.

"The Hermit of Bird Island,"
A Masterly Sea Drama produced in 3 Reels by the Lubin Co.
"POET AN DPEASANT"
A Domestic Drama with Lottie Briscoe and Arthur Johnson.
"THE FABLE OF THE BACHELOR AND THE BACK PEDAL"
A George Ade Comedy.

DAN DELMAR, The Popular Crescent Vocalist,
SINGING NOVELTY SONGS AND BALLADS.

Good Music, a Comfortable & well Ventilated Theatre

COMING—WILKIE COLLINS' GREAT STORY—
"THE NEW MAGDALEN."

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

Nov. 4.
"Times" registered, J. W. McCoubey, proprietor, 1836.
(This old-time establishment is now being conducted by our popular fellow townsman, A. E. Wright.)
"Telegraph" registered, J. T. Burton, proprietor, 1840.
Nomination day in St. John's (general elections); Teaster, Fenelon and Scott returned for the West End by acclamation, 1840.
Polling day (general elections), 1882
Kitchener presented with the free

dom of the City of London, after return from Khartoum, 1888.
"House" and barn, belonging to A. Brace, destroyed by fire on Hamilton Ave., 1888.
Grover Cleveland elected President of the United States, 1892.
Patrick Walsh, Augustin McDonald and Duncan McEneaney, drowned in St. George's Bay, 1890.
Result of election in St. John's 1882—East—Kent, 1,094; Dearin, 1,060; Parsons, 1,012; O'Mara, 891; Callahan, 823. West—Scott, 1,206; White, 1,081; J. J. Callahan, 946; Dooley, 653.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE
READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

NEW GOODS

Continually arriving keeps our stock fresh and up-to-date. We have lately received a large variety, which are selling at our usual LOW PRICES.

<p>Men's Winter Caps With deep wool-knitted backfold. 80c up. Made from good quality skins in Whaler and Greek styles, from \$2.50 up.</p>	<p>Men's Lined Buckskin Gloves Superior Quality, with Buckle and Patent Button Wristlet. \$1.10 per pair. \$1.80 per pair.</p>	<p>Men's Tan Leather Slippers 75c. pair.</p>
<p>Bed Comfortables In a Variety of New Designs, in different sizes; in the low-priced, medium and better grades.</p>	<p>Hearth Rugs Fine Wool Pile face Rugs, in rich designs and colourings. Excellent wear. From \$1.50 up.</p>	
<p>SPECIALS! In the Little Things that Count. 2 cakes of good quality Toilet Soap for 8c. Ivory Combs, medium size, 7c. Safety pins, 2 dozen on card, 3c. card. Patent Boot Button, 1 dozen on card with hook, 3c. card. Boot Polish, large tin, 8c. each. Gold Plated Beauty Pins, 2 on card, 5c. card. Rolled Gold Lace and Tiepin, 20c. each. Satin Ribbons, in a variety of colours, from 4c. yard up. 6 yards Torchon Lace for 8c. Silverine Purse with Chain, 15c. each.</p>	<p>New Arrivals In Black and Navy Dress Serge. NEW RANGE of a choice selection of BLOUSE FLANNELETTE 15c. per yard. LADIES' TRIMMED and Semi Trimmed Felt Hats All Moderately Priced.</p>	<p>Stationery Items Empire Writing Tablet (Ruled), 8c. each. Strong White Wave Envelopes, 4c. pkt. of 25. 1 dozen good Penholders for 4c. Pen Nibs, 3c. dozen up. 1 oz. bottle of Good Black Ink, 4c. Pen and Ink Erasers, 1c. each. Strong Safety Ink Wells, 10c. each. Writing Compendium (Paper and Envelopes combined), 20c. each. Box of medium grade Slate Pencils, 5 to box, 2c. each. Noiseless Rulers, 7c. each. "Fleet" Fountain Pen, Easy Writer, \$1.10 each.</p>
<p>Ladies' All Wool Underwear 85c. Garment.</p>	<p>Ladies' Sealette Hats 75c. each.</p>	<p>Ladies' Corsets 60c., 70c., \$1.10 each with Suspenders attached</p>

Fishermen's Union Trading Co.

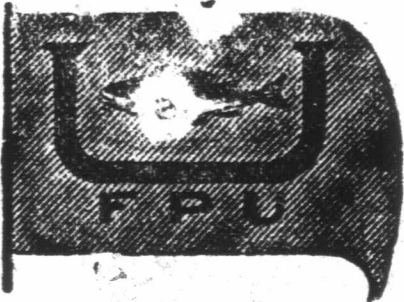
ON CONSIGNMENT

Two Cars Best P.E.I. HAY.

Buy Now as the prices must advance owing to increase of freights.

J. J. ROSSITER
Real Estate Agent

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



"To Every Man His Own."

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.
Editor and Business Manager
JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., NOV. 4th., 1915.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

Meetings At Port-de-Grave And Brigus

LAST EVENING President Coaker, accompanied by Messrs. Grimes and Geo. Soper, motored to Brigus, where a Prohibition meeting had been arranged to open at 7.30. At 7.45 the meeting opened, Capt. Wm. Bartlett presiding. Rev. Wm. Maddock, Rev. Mr. Cldwell, Magistrate Thompson and most of the leading people being present.

The toilers were there in full strength. They came from Burnt Head and Cupids as well as Brigus. The Academy Hall was chinch ed, the stair entrances were packed and the entrance was packed. There must have been 400 voters present.

Mr. Coaker spoke from 7.45 to 9, when he finished, in order to motor to Port-de-Grave where he was addressing a meeting there at 9.30. The reception tendered Mr. Coaker and the grand send off he received when leaving the platform was as warm and as enthusiastic as he had received on his Bonavista tour, and Capt. Wm. Bartlett asked Mr. Coaker if he might ask for a test vote on the subject discussed by the meeting. Mr. Coaker assented, and in response every man present in that large audience stood as an indication of his determination to vote for Prohibition to-day. We have no doubts that a large vote will be cast at Brigus to-day for Prohibition.

Mr. Geo. Soper, of the Trading Co's. staff here, was the next speaker, and delivered a splendid address of 30 minutes, which was highly appreciated by the audience. Mr. Soper is a fluent and forcible speaker and a strong defender of democracy and the F.P.U. movement and he will likely be often heard from the public platform in the future.

Brigus meeting closed amidst great enthusiasm and it was felt that the last word had been spoken and the citizens would today do their duty in the interests of Right, Righteousness and Humanity which was so strongly impressed upon them by Mr. Coaker. At Port-de-Grave the Rev. Mr. Severn presided, attended by the Rev. Mr. Rodgers. Mr. Grimes had gone there to open the meeting and for over an hour discussed the issue before a packed hall. The reception accorded him was extremely warm and at the close of his address he was tendered a warm ovation. He discussed most of the anti-arguments in an effective manner.

At 9.30 Mr. Coaker arrived and was received with cheers and great outward demonstrations of joy. It was difficult to gain access to the hall as the entrance and stairway was so packed. The Rev. Mr. Severn brought the meeting once more to order and called up

on the band to render some music which was done with much effect.

Mr. Coaker began his address and spoke for 75 minutes, delivering one of those forcible addresses he so well know how to deliver with tremendous effect. There will be a solid vote cast there to-day.

Rev. Mr. Severn delivered a splendid closing address.

Mr. N. Patten proposed a vote of thanks to the speakers which was ably seconded by Rev. Mr. T. J. Pitt, who warmly urged all to stand solid to-day and wished Mr. Coaker's work for democracy every success.

The singing of the National Anthem brought this long to be remembered meeting to a close, when Mr. Coaker opened a Union meeting which did not close until two o'clock this morning.

Refreshments being partaken of at Mr. J. B. Mugford's residence, the start for home was made at 2.30 and the city was reached at 5.30. Mr. Thos. Roberts, Chairman F.P.U. at Brigus, accompanied Mr. Coaker to Port-de-Grave.

Thus closed the campaign for Prohibition at Brigus and Port-de-Grave, and as that district will likely be the first to be heard from, we venture to predict a vote of about 1000 as Port-de-Grave's District contribution towards destroying King Alcohol in Terra Nova.

THE WORLD'S PRESS

Heavier Toll of Sacrifice

London Daily Express.—The signs are in our favor, but the final act of the greatest of all world dramas is still far off. Complete German triumph has been impossible since the battle of the Marne, but that has not prevented prolonged German advances and many German victories. We have now entered a new phase of the war, a phase that must see the weakening of the enemy and the hastening of the end, but the end means breaking the might of the enemy once and for all, and a heavier toll of sacrifice must still be paid before that is accomplished.

The Business of Britain

London Daily News and Leader.—The men we ask for in this emergency are not for home defence but for foreign service. And in spite of all the obstacles put in the way of recruiting, the free spirit of the nation has provided an army without parallel in the history of this or any country. It has done this while keeping the seas of the world open to the Allies and closed to the enemy, while providing from its industrial resources for the needs of Russia, and France, and while carrying on that great commerce upon which the motive power of the Allies ultimately depends. The business of Russia primarily is to provide men; the business of France is to provide men and munitions; the business of this country is to provide money, munitions and men. If we are to keep that triple task in due balance there must be no rude hands laid on the activities of the country.

No Exaggerated Alarms

Westminster Gazette.—The military authorities of the Allies will, of course, do their best to prepare for all eventualities, but, when these circumstances are considered, it is not necessary to yield to any exaggerated alarms about a great new German adventure in the Balkans. We will not enter into the much-debated subject of German reserves of men except to say that, unless all estimates are at fault, it is highly improbable that the Germans and Austrians can both continue their advance into Russia and at the same time provide the half million of men which is the very least that the new enterprise would demand. Evidently the Austrians have not men enough to withstand the Russian counter-thrust in Galicia, and the varying fortunes of the battle elsewhere suggest that the Germans have none to spare farther north, and not enough for the grandiose schemes that were attributed to them a few weeks ago. The Russian successes in Galicia are likely to have a steady effect in the Balkans, and the mobilization of Greece will check hopes founded on the mobilization of Bulgaria.

If you want the best light, burn "Britestite" Kerosene. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

We advise trappers to send their furs to Newfoundland Fox Exchange.

AN ADDRESS OF WELCOME

Presented to President Coaker by the Bonavista Local Council of the F.P.U., on the Occasion of His Recent Visit.

Dear Mr. President,

It is with the greatest of pleasure that we extend to you another hearty welcome to this, our native town.

Words fail us when we attempt to describe the confidence you have caused us to place in you. Your undaunted courage "regardless of friend or foe" in tolerating right and endeavouring to relieve your fellow-countrymen from the yoke of oppression, commands the loyalty and respect of all fair-minded people, and we in this town of Bonavista, equally as much as in any other place where your labours have had its desired effect, have every reason to be indebted to you.

In reviewing your labours since you started this great movement in our Colony, we are convinced that you have proved yourself to be a hero in every sense of the word.

One can very plainly see that you are endeavouring with all your might to put down any dastardly attempt to trample righteousness in the mire, and the liberty to expose fraud and corruption.

Your chief opponents who have put forth every conceivable effort at their command to besmirch your character, and sully your reputation have met their Waterloo. And to-day, instead of having you hurled in an abyss of defeated disdain, we find you marching upward to the highest round in the ladder of popularity; and we, one and all, rejoice in your ascent, wishing you God-speed to a greater altitude.

At this present juncture, when the manhood of our Island Home is appealed to, requesting an effective blow to abolish from our shores, neck and crop, the greatest evil on the face of the earth, and the mightiest enemy of God and man, and at a time when obstacles, extraordinary in the

extreme, and stumbling blocks unusual, are obstructing the road to victory, so much so that a number of dead men are indirectly engaged in the conflict. We are proving your stability, ability and manhood when we find you laying aside your enormous amount of work in this, the most busy time of the year, and coming to our town, and other outport settlements and acting a man in the hour of need, thus wielding a mighty influence for good, which will go a long way toward dethroning King Alcohol, and setting up Prohibition, while many so-called conspicuous people, who profess to be burning and shining lights in the firmament of reformation, are hiding their candles under a bushel, and lolling themselves at ease in the atmosphere of "I Don't Care," just living in isolation on the throne of their own individuality and forgetting that there is no such a thing as unrestricted liberty.

We would be very ungrateful indeed if we did not show our admiration for you in this respect.

We appreciate your intentions to remove the Union headquarters to Catalina. This will no doubt meet the approval of all Unionists in this district, as well as in the district of Trinity.

The marine slip and electric power which you intend to establish at Catalina, will prove another great benefit to all concerned.

By the establishment of an electric plant at that place this town of Bonavista, as well as the town of Trinity, will enjoy the modern blessing of electric light.

There is nothing gives us more pleasure than the knowledge of the fact that your daily, untiring efforts are entirely devoted to the betterment of the toiling masses. This fact enables us to be loyal and true to you, under all circumstances, ever

remembering that you are fighting our battles.

We wouldn't feel justified if we concluded this Address of Welcome without mentioning the recent Kean Libel Case, and the treatment dealt out to you by the Judge and Jury of St. John's, who tried that case.

We may say that after careful consideration of the matter, we have unanimously decided the verdict as an unfair one, and we sincerely believe that its outcome was in no small degree due to prejudice against you, and our organization.

Nearly all our people here hold Capt. Abram Kean responsible for the cause of the death of the poor fellows who died from exposure, and those that were crippled for life on March 31st and April 1st, 1914; and we are sure, sir, that in any other civilised country under Heaven, save Newfoundland, Capt. Abram Kean would not be permitted to take charge of another steamship, but right here in this country, where classism and oppression seem to be rampant, he is given the best ship and sent to the icefields in defiance of thousands of his fellow countrymen.

We request you, sir, to accept of the sum of One Hundred Dollars, recently collected by our Council, to be given you at this visit to help swell the fund which has been started in order to meet the demands of the Kean Libel Case.

Please accept it as a recognition of our loyalty to you, and with the assurance that we will stand at your back when opposing forces assail. Finally, please accept our best wishes for the future. We trust that an All Wise Providence may guide and direct you in all your doing.

Signed on behalf of Bonavista Local Council of the F.P.U.
RICH. ABBOTT, Chairman.
JOSEPH STAGG, Secy.

Address of Welcome

Presented President Coaker on His Recent Visit to Catalina. Presented With Purse of Gold as a Token of Toilers' Esteem and Appreciation of His Services Past Six Years.

ESTEEMED PRESIDENT.—

It is with great pleasure we welcome you once more amongst us. We extend to you a warmer welcome than ever. We welcome you so warmly at this time because of the treatment recently meted out to you at the hands of judge and jury at St. John's, that verdict we consider unfair, unreasonable and prejudiced, one-sided and aimed to injure the Union and you, and no sensible man can properly claim that the verdict was according to the evidence or the circumstances surrounding the case.

If St. John's can't see no further than their nose regarding the F.P.U. and your efforts to uplift they must thank themselves for what comes, for we are now determined to work out our own salvation independent of St. John's interests.

The Outports have long enough supplied the cream for St. John's, and thanks now to Kean and John S. Munn our eyes have been fully opened and we see how to apply the remedy. We must exert our best efforts to establish here at Catalina a centre of trade that will supply the wants of the Northern fishermen. We have the harbour, the proper

situation and the natural facilities to build up a large flourishing Union town where the F.P.U. can work out its own salvation without the hindrance of our enemies at St. John's.

Catalina will do its full part in this work. We are a strong body of men here and we will do the bulk of the labour which the building up of a trade centre entails and will leave the bulk of the value of such labour in the Company taking shares therefor. We will encourage all who care to settle here by offering parts of our homesteads at a cheap rate as you have recommended.

Our words concerning Kean we back by presenting you herewith with a purse of gold. This is the most effective way to convince St. John's of our determination to stand by you in a manner such as no man in this Colony or in public life was ever before supported. New conditions have arisen and the fishermen acclaim you, sir, as the greatest benefactor of this Colony ever produced in our history. To expect that petty annoyances prompted by bitter opposition to the changes your ideals and work entail, will influence us to go back on you, is nonsense and

foolishness, for we see in such actions the great worth of your efforts, for if they were not aimed and operated for our benefit those men would not so bitterly oppose you.

Falter not, sir, but continue to walk the path you have so brilliantly travelled the last six years. Let onward and upward be forever your sole aim. It has been in the past and it will be in the future for you will now receive the whole hearted support of the toiling masses who have tested you and found you true and sincere and raised up to accomplish this great work.

We thank you for all your efforts on our behalf and our sincere hope is that you will live many years and be blessed with good health to enable you to stabulate and extend your work on behalf of his people.

Assuring you of our warmest support in this Prohibition Campaign and of our deepest confidence and esteem.

We are, on behalf of Catalina Local Council of the F.P.U.

Yours sincerely,
JOSEPH TIPPETT, Sec'y.
DUG. WHITE, Chairman.

Reid-Newfoundland Co.
Heart's Content Branch.

Until further advised, Schedule will be as follows:

LEAVE	ARRIVE
12.30 p.m.	9.15 a.m.
12.42 "	9.07 "
1.30 "	8.02 "
1.45 "	8.06 "
2.02 "	8.17 "
2.15 "	8.05 "
2.25 "	7.55 "
2.31 "	7.48 "
3.00 "	7.30 "
3.30 "	7.00 "
ARRIVE DAILY	LEAVE DAILY
ex SUNDAY	ex SUNDAY

NOTICE:

THE SEVENTH Annual Convention of the Supreme Council of the F.P.U. of Newfoundland will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th of NOVEMBER next. All Councils, District and Local are expected to send Delegates.

By order of the President,
W. W. HALFYARD,
Secretary F.P.U.
St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

NOTICE:

THE FOURTH Annual Meeting of the Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on THURSDAY, the 25th of NOVEMBER next at 7.30 p.m.

Notice is hereby given that at the said meeting Resolutions will be submitted to increase the authorized capital of the said Company from \$100,000 to \$250,000.

W. W. HALFYARD,
Secretary.
St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

NOTICE:

THE First Annual Meeting of the Union Export Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S on the afternoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next.

W. W. HALFYARD,
Acting Secretary.
St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

NOTICE:

THE Fourth Annual Meeting of the Union Publishing Co., Ltd., will be held at ST. JOHN'S in the forenoon of the 25th Day of NOVEMBER next.

W. W. HALFYARD,
Secretary.
St. John's, Oct. 25, 1915.

NOTICE:

FOGO DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

W. W. HALFYARD,
Chairman.

NOTICE:

BONAVISTA DISTRICT COUNCIL of the F.P.U. will hold its Fifth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

R. G. WINSOR,
Chairman.

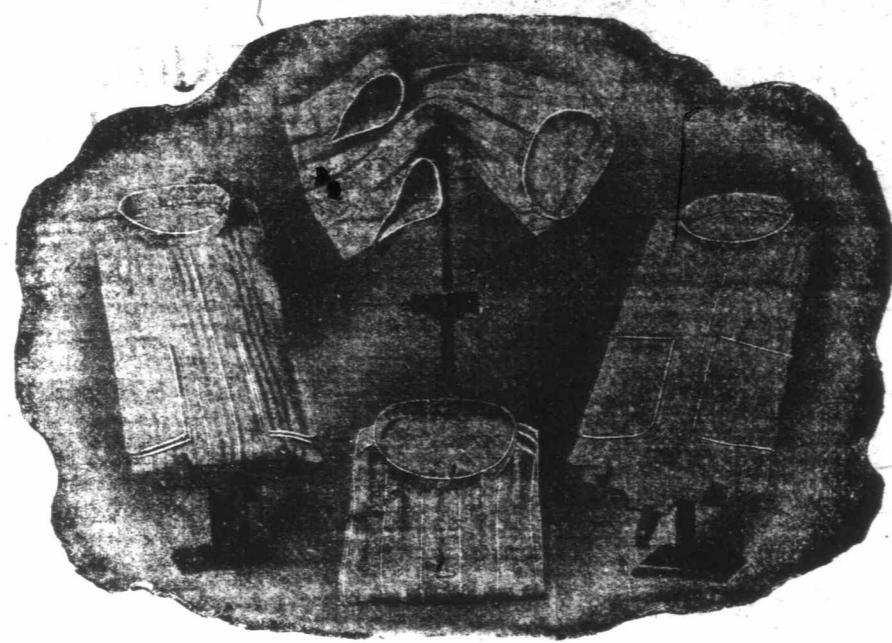
NOTICE:

TWILLINGATE District Council of the F.P.U. will hold its Sixth Annual Meeting at ST. JOHN'S during Convention week. All Local Councils will please arrange to send a Delegate.

W. B. JENNINGS,
Chairman.

GENTS' FURNISHING:

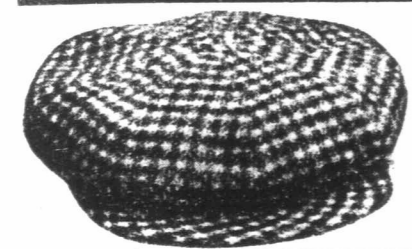
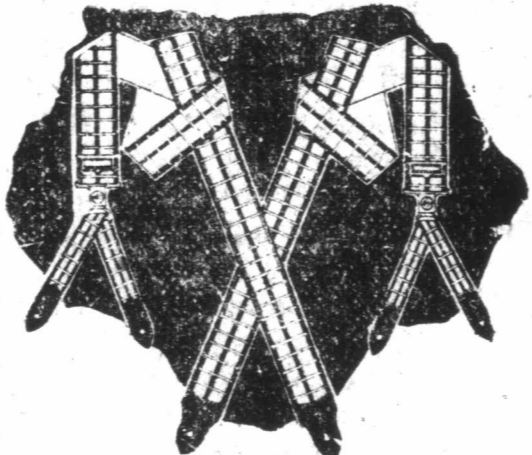
New Shirts, Ties, Caps, Braces, Gloves, Etc.



Shirts
 Fancy Soft Front Tunic Shirts with Soft or Stiff Cuffs. English and American—60c. to \$1.40.
 Fancy Striped Flannel Shirts, with or without collar—\$1.00 to \$2.00.
 Grey Flannel Shirts, with or without collar—\$1.00 to \$2.00.

BRACES

Good Strong Police and Fireman's Braces. 25c., 30c. and 35c. per pair.
 American Workman Braces. 40c. per pair.
 Fine Duplex Braces. 30c. per pair.
 President Braces. 50c. per pair.



NEW ENGLISH GOLF CAPS, Light and Dark, 40 cents to \$1.00 each.
KNITTED and FUR BACK WINTER CAPS, 60 cents to \$2.00 each.

Special Line of

SOFT FELT HATS

in Brown, Green, Grey, Navy, Slate & Black
 Price: **\$1.50** each.



TIES and SCARVES, American wide end—25c., 30c., 35c. and 40c.
 HALF HOSE, GLOVES, ARM BANDS, and GARTERS.

STEER Brothers

Superb Fur Like Seal Sets.

THESE splendid sets of Fur-Like, Black, Coney Seal, are made of a fabric that perfectly resembles the famous South Sea Seal—the fur of which throws off beautiful radiating, soft, deep, lustrous, velvety, black and maroon tones, that compel us to centre our attention, and at once crave to possess a garment made of such a rich fur.

Look at the illustration and notice the excellent contour of this fashionable and comfortable Muff and Throwover—apart from the style and comfort the smart dressy appearance it give to the wearer will be a source of pleasure as long as the set lasts.

These sets are well made, and richly lined with Black Silk, and styles exactly as illustrated are finished with silk medallions, and long fine, silk-thread tassels, truly marvellous value. These are copies of real, South Sea Seal, one-hundred-dollar-sets. Price for this Muff and Throwover exactly as illustrated. A Set—\$7.00.

Price of Similar Coney Seal Sets in black, finished with wide, knotted, fine, silk-thread fringe. A Set—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Price of Black Coney Seal Sets finished without fringes—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Remember these are often copied, but never equalled. You buy right, when you buy here. See them to-day, or mail your order to-day—mail now, we have many to choose from.



Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

AMERICAN PRESS UNANIMOUSLY CONDEMNS GERMAN SAVAGERY IN THE CASE OF EDITH CAVELL

Majority of Papers Say it Was Coldblooded Murder and a Positive Affront to the United States—The Deed Will Cost Germany More Than if They Lost a Army Corps

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The execution of Edith Cavell by the Germans is denounced this morning by every English language paper in New York save "The American." That paper is editorially silent on the case. So also is the Staats-Zeitung.

"Worse than a crime," is the heading under which The World says in part:—"It is worse than a crime; it is a blunder," said Fouché de Napoleon's summary execution of the young Duc D'Enghien. "This action of the German military authorities in Belgium, who executed Edith Cavell, an English nurse, belongs likewise to the class of blunders that are worse than crimes."

"Everybody who is not a German knows that the Germans might better have lost an army corps than to have shot this woman for the comparatively trivial offence that she committed. Her blood will blot the honor of the German army and the German government for generations to come. It is one of those stains that cannot be erased, and centuries hence German historians will be apologizing for the ruthlessness of a military commander who was unable to see that common sense is mightier than the letter of military law."

Has Done Germany Harm.
 Miss Cavell's execution, in the opinion of The Times, has done Germany immeasurable harm. "Germany," says the Times, "has brought herself into a position where the world turns from her in horror and dreads nothing so much as the success of her arms. The executioners of Edith Cavell but carried out the spirit and purpose of the Imperial military policy. They did their part in the working of the brutal, monstrous engine. It is because of this spirit, of these purposes, of such deeds as that at Brussels, that Germany has lost her standing among civilized nations devoted to the ideals of humanity and of progress; it is because of these things that the prayer goes up in all the peaceful countries of the earth that her enemies may triumph, to the end that such a ruthless rule may not be established in power upon the earth."

The Tribune says:—"Americans will feel a deeper sympathy for Miss Cavell because an American minister's own words certify to the enormity of German inhumanity. For us there is a plain case, testified to by one of our own countrymen; the facts are clear, the facts, be it said, not of illegality, but of inhumanity, surpassing brutality, unbelievable stupidity. Looking at the courage, the heroism of a British woman, is it possible to believe that British men will fall where their women have succeeded gloriously?"

Always a Bitter Memory.
 Von Bissing can never be a hero to the rank and file of the German army in the opinion of the Sun. "Nothing is more pathetic in the Cavell case than the unfortunate woman's realization that mercy was not to be expected from the military governor of Brussels," says the Sun. "She admitted her offence, the aiding of wounded British, French and Belgian soldiers to escape; concealed nothing, equivocated nothing, disdained to show weakness in the presence of her judges, and met her fate without faltering. To all Germans who have not been corrupted by Prussian militarism the hurried, stealthy shooting of hapless Edith Cavell in the dead of night behind prison walls will always be a bitter memory. More than all the counts in the Bryce report of atrocities in Belgium will weigh in the scale of judgment, for it has struck the world with horror."

Something there is of enduring grandeur in this woman's sacrifice. It is an act that mobilizes all that is real, enduring, noble in a race. The results will be found in all the days hereafter, until the great day, when Europe at last frees herself from a tyranny which is both brutal and stupid, and in its stupidity has sealed its doom."

Snub to Uncle Sam.
 The Herald sees a direct snub to the United States in the way the case was handled.

"There might as well have been no American legation in Brussels," says the Herald. "It will be noted that the German government, subsequently sent a despatch to the Spanish government stating that the carrying out of the death sentence in the case of two French women for whom the Spanish minister was pleading joint-

ly with the American legation has been deferred. There is no record that it sent any communication to anyone connected with the government of the United States.

"Count Reventlow has given the explanation. Judging from the general tone of the German press, this country is to be judged as a friend or foe of Germany entirely by its dealings with Great Britain. It is to be expected that resentment will be shown in other ways, even perhaps to the extent of reviving the 'friends of peace' and the German-American alliance on American soil."

"The press of the United States is unanimous in condemning the German rulers of Belgium for their killing of Edith Cavell is shown by the following editorials:

The Boston Transcript: "It was an atrocious exhibition of the barbarism of the German military law and of the savagery of the German military character. The nauding of the case and the treatment of the pleas of the American and Spanish ministers for clemency in Miss Edith Cavell's case show the utmost contempt, not only for these gentlemen and their governments, but for the humane sentiment of the civilized world."

"The deed explains, as Louvain and the Lusitania had explained before it, why America condemns and hates German militarism. In the light of the full and clear statement of Minister Whitlock and Secretary Gibson this shocking affair brings forward into the light not only a brutal piece of woman-killing but a positive affront to the United States in the person of a diplomatic representative Mr. Whitlock, whose disinterested service for humanity has been as the shadow of a great rock in a weary blood-stained land. Will President Wilson have something to say about this affront?"

Inviting Censure.
 The Boston Traveller: "The German authorities in shooting Miss Cavell have added one more to their list of shocking offences committed against humanity. The shooting of Miss Cavell cannot but serve to increase the censure which Germany seems deliberately to invite from the humane, civilized peoples of all lands."

The Chicago Herald: "The execution of Miss Cavell, the British nurse by the German military authorities in Belgium, was a gigantic blunder. It will send a wave of indignation around the world. It will give credibility to the earlier reports of German atrocities. If the spirit of military discipline and bureaucratic cold-bloodedness had deliberately tried to pick a victim whose death would be surrounded with circumstances calculated to shock and appal the world's best instincts it could not have achieved that result more perfectly."

Feel a Shudder.
 The Chicago Tribune: "The execution of Miss Cavell has sent another thrill through this country. People who have taken little exception to Germany's determination to write new international and military law to suit her needs cannot but feel a shudder at this latest development.

"This should and may be the cause of mental awakening on the part of those who have hitherto remained obstinately secure in the face of a world of terrors. Civilization is bearing faster and faster. How far the sword and torch will sweep no man can prophesy but this we know—the American nation as a nation has given to the German empire an offense greater than that furnished by Belgium, and has not as yet taken any step to protect itself from retribution."

It's Up to Mr. Wilson.
 The Philadelphia Public Ledger: "The administration has a duty in this matter, which it should not overlook. Miss Cavell, as a British subject, was under the protection of the American legation. The American minister made both an official and personal request that her life be spared. This request was not only refused; it was treated with contempt. Mr. Gibson's report is scrupulously restrained in language, but his indignation may easily be read between the lines.

"The sentence of the court was carried out with a haste that emphasizes the insult to the United States; the procedure from the beginning was marked by insolence to its representatives.

"To let the matter drop here would be a confession that this country can neither protect its citizens' interests nor those of other nations whose interests it has undertaken to guard. Is the patience of even the president equal to this strain upon it?"

EVEN CARNEGIE CAN'T TRUST HIMSELF TO SAY WHAT HE THINKS OF IT.

Men and women prominent in many organizations are strong in their condemnation of the Cavell murder.

"Only the allied forces and such a navy as America has stands in the way of the thing being done here as was done in Belgium by the Germans," said Maurice Leon, the international lawyer. "Miss Cavell has not died in vain. The world now may read for itself what has happened in Armenia."

"It is so awful, I don't know what to say," declared Miss Florence Guernsey, president of the City Federation of Women's Clubs. "It is the most inhuman, the most monstrous thing that has happened since the outbreak of the war."

Andrew Carnegie said he would not trust himself yet to say what he thought of Miss Cavell's execution.

Miss Olive Carpenter, a leader of the women's peace party, compared the fate of Miss Cavell to the treatment accorded Mrs. Herbert by the British authorities after her conviction as a spy. Mrs. Herbert was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Hopes "YES" Will Win

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
 Dear Sir,—Having enjoyed reading the columns of your most highly esteemed paper, written in favour of Prohibition, I have decided to try my pen, although I have never written any paragraph for a newspaper before.

Very seldom does any man step into a saloon for a glass of liquor with the intention of becoming a drunkard. But one glass of that intoxicating liquor will in a great many cases tempt a man to another, and another, until he becomes a real drunkard.

All we need do is sit in our quiet room and consider the sin caused by drink in our little Island Home. I think of the disgrace, poverty, suffering and the neglect of homes which could be happily if there was no liquor. Many a poor child and mother on this Saturday evening is destitute of a comfortable home; a good many with no food, but a morsel of bread and very scant clothing.

I heard of a young man who spent the past summer fishing on this coast and caught \$70.00 worth of fish, and from that he brought home one barrel of flour, the rest he wasted in buying liquor.

I think it a sin myself for any person to vote against Prohibition. Surely any man with common sense will vote for Prohibition, as thousands of sins too numerous to mention are committed by alcohol. Take an account of diary events which happen through alcohol, and think of the suffering caused by it.

May God grant that Prohibition will be carried in dear old Terra Nova.

Wishing The Mail and Advocate every success.

—ONE INTERESTED.
 Petley, Oct. 30, 1915.

Bulgars Seize British Nurse

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Word was received in London last week that the daughter of Gen. Sir Arthur Paget, who has been nursing the Serbian wounded, has been taken prisoner by the Bulgarians at Uskub, together with a number of American doctors and nurses.

St. John's Municipal Council PUBLIC NOTICE

Within the next two weeks the water will be let into the New Pipes, which will result in greatly increased pressures.

Householders are therefore strongly advised to get their Plumbing Fixtures placed in good order, otherwise leaks and damage are likely to result.

By order,
 JNO. L. SLATTERY,
 Secy.-Treas.
 nov, 4, 11

OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

A. S. WADDEN wishes to announce to his Patrons and the General Public, that his New Store 368 Water Street West (2 doors West of old stand) is now open with a full line of Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Fruits, Confectionery, etc. All orders personally attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. S. WADDEN
 368 Water Street West



ARE YOU PARTICULAR
 about the quality, freshness, delicate flavor and tenderness of the MEATS

you buy and eat? If so, we invite you to our up-to-date market where absolute sanitation prevails. Let us send you a choice cut for to-morrow's dinner, so that you can prove, by eating, the superiority of our Meats.

M. CONNOLLY,
 Phone 420. Duckworth St.

J. J. St. John

To Shopkeepers:

100 dozen
ROYAL PALACE
 Baking Powder at
 50c dozen tins.

500 Dozen
TOILET SOAP
 1 dozen in a Box,
 35c dozen.

500 Dozen
BLACK PEPPER, at
 10c lb.

150 Dozen
ELECTRIC PASTE,
 the best Blacklead
 on the market,
 48c dozen.

J. J. St. John

Duckworth St & LeMarchant Ed

At Lowest Prices

Gasolene
"Veedal"
Motor Oil

In Casks and 1 and 5 gallon Tins.

SMITH CO. Ltd.

To Fishermen and Builders

WE have 500,000 (Five Hundred Thousand) of LUMBER on hand which we are selling at a reduced price to clear off the old stock as one of the Shareholders, G. H. Burry, died last fall, and we want to clear off the old stock to fix up the Estate. Quality of stock being No. 1, II, III, Matched; Clapboard (dressed) and Rough Scantling, all sizes. Boat and Schooner Plank also. Mill running all the fall; anything sawn to order any time. Fishermen having any logs to saw can bring them along with them.

Baxter Burry,
Govertown, B.B.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

- 2 Cases ENGLISH DRESS MELTONS JUST ARRIVED!
- 1 " BLACK AND COLORED SATEEN
 - 6 " COTTON BLANKETS
 - 2 " AMERICAN ZEPHYRS
 - 4 " AMERICAN FLANNELETTE REMNANTS
 - 6 " POUND MOTTLED FLANNEL
 - 2 " TOWELS
 - 2 " CALICO

Which we are offering at lowest prices.

GARNEAU, LTD.,

104 New Gower St. P.O. Box 36.

TO THE READING PUBLIC!

To keep in touch with the War, Politics and the many other questions of present moment, the Outport man needs a good paper, a daily paper to report the news, a weekly paper to interpret the news. The weekly edition of THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, official organ of the Fishermen's Protective Union, will be sent to any address in Newfoundland and Canada, from now until the end of 1916 for FIFTY CENTS.

Can you afford to be without this Paper?

F. UNION TRADING CO., LTD.

Provision Department

IN STOCK:

- 500 Brls. H. B. PORK,
- 500 " BEST FAMILY BEEF,
- 100 " F. B. PORK,
- 100 " MESS PORK,
- 100 " FLANK BEEF,
- 100 " BEEF CUTTINGS,
- 500 " PURITY FLOUR,
- 500 " VINOLA "
- 500 " VICTORY "
- 100 SACKS BEANS.

Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

FIERCE FIGHTING IN MESOPOTAMIA

A Glimpse of the Battle-Ground in Asia

LONDON, Oct. 28.—A correspondent writing from Mesopotamia, says: Trade in this country of infinite possibilities has faltered for many years under the oppressive rule of the Turk. Revenue to the Government was often assessed at half the produce of the land, and the only saving clause was that some of the more powerful landowners were accustomed to refuse to pay revenue at all. Still, the Turkish Government had their own methods of joggling the memories of the recalcitrant, and there are few Sheikhs or large landowners who have not served terms of imprisonment in Constantinople, varying in length from two to 20 years, for arrears of revenue, often contracted by their predecessors. The production of grain, where every essential for its successful production exists, was discouraged by strangling taxation, and the frequent action of the Turkish Government in placing an embargo on export did not tend to encourage trade in grain or in any other commodity.

The export of dates to Europe and America is the chief source of wealth on the lower stretches of the river. Picking and packing the dates occupies two or three months of the year, and the season is in full swing during September. Profits are large, and as the dates need little care of cultivation, and a sufficient livelihood is easily come by, a more than ordinary dislike of work characterizes the inhabitants of this part of the country, and an independence which is rarely to met with in other highly-populated countries of the East.

During the first half of the year excessive floods inundated all the country in which operations were taking place. An amphibious sort of warfare was the result, where soldiers of the British and Indian Armies and sailors of the Royal Navy met one another halfway in a form of fighting which at least had this merit—that no official text-book has ever been published on the subject.

The floods have subsided now, and north and west of the marshes which surround Kurna the country opens out into a valley of luxuriant pasture land, where herds of cattle and horses and flocks of sheep meet the eye wherever it turns. To the east, faintly outlined in blue, the Perso-Bakhtiari Hills are visible. Canals intersect the great Tigris valley in all directions, while every now and then ruins of an ancient work bear record of some long past civilization. Encampments of wandering Beduin are dotted about here and there, and hordes of naked children play along the banks of the canals.

Before the war the Arabs used to vary the monotony of their peaceful lives by firing on trading steamers as they passed up and down the great waterways. They have learnt to treat with more respect the armed boats which ply there now, but among the Expeditionary Force it is still an axiom of the art of preserving life that an Arab shall never be allowed to approach too close. We have lost too many good men from Arab treachery to forget the lesson.

An \$80,000,000 Shell Order Soon

OTTAWA, Oct. 25.—Orders amounting to \$80,000,000 for shells are about to be placed by Imperial authorities through the shell committee and prominent steel men and manufacturers from all parts of Canada are here in connection with the matter. The shells now about to be ordered are 6, 8 and 9.10 in size. Heretofore orders have been placed at a fixed rate. It is now intended to go on the competitive principle, this plan being proposed by the British representatives of the Minister of Munitions. It is understood that the manufacturers do not look with favor upon this innovation, but all of them are submitting prices.

With this \$80,000,000 order, Canadian factories will have contracted for about \$250,000,000 worth of munitions in the form of shells and their component parts.

That the Russians are in retreat before the Germans, we are forced unwillingly to admit, but we take great pleasure in saying that in many homes hordes of Germans are in full retreat before White Russian Soap. Try it. It is equally good for both laundry and bath. The Cleveland Trading Company are agents.—aug.1,iv,11

Terrific Bloodshed On Serbian Fields

Defenders and Invaders Alike Pay Frightful Cost—Serbian Children Die on Battle Fields Alongside Their Parents—The Bloodiest Conflict of the War

ROME, Oct. 26.—Warfare that makes even the seasoned veterans of Russian campaigns shudder, is being waged in Serbia. It is hardly warfare—it is annihilation.

From German sources comes the story of how stubbornly the Serbians are defending their country against the invaders. They are fighting like fatalists. Women are fighting side by side with the men. Boys and girls are dying beside their parents. The Serbian army has been augmented by practically every private citizen, male and female, capable of bearing arms. Few prisoners are taken. It is a fight to death.

Inch by inch what is gained by Teuton and Bulgar is captured at a frightful cost—as deadly to the invaders as to the defenders. All of the energies of General Mackensen are being put to the test. His Gallician campaign was child's play compared with this desperate attempt to cross Serbia.

Twice the German commander has asked for reinforcements. Three new army corps, 120,000 men, have already arrived from Germany. But they are not really reinforcements—they merely suffice to fill up the gaps that have been made by the Serbians in their desperate defence.

The Germans losses have been enormous but those of the Serbians are probably greater. The pitiable part of it is that among their dead left on the battlefields are many women, girls and boys.

The fight for possession of the town of Vranja was one of the most bloody in warfare—ancient or modern. The Bulgarians finally occupied it, but after frightful cost. The Serbs defended the place until practically the last man died fighting. The defence was completely wiped out. The victory cost the Bulgars ten thousand lives. The town was little more than a mine field, and defendants and assailants were often blown up together.

CIVILIANS BEING HELD FOR COURT MARTIAL IN LONDON

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Two men, whose names are not given, were delivered today by the civil authorities into the hands of the military for court martial. They are charged with giving signals from the roof of a hotel at the time of a recent Zeppelin raid over the London area.



Newfoundland Patriotic Association

THE MEETING of the Patriotic Association advertised for this Monday evening has been postponed until MONDAY next, November 8th, at 8 p.m., in the Board of Trade Building.

By order,
V. P. BURKE,
Hon. Sec.

PUBLIC NOTICE

PERSONS claiming exemption from service on juries, persons who claim to be qualified to serve on a panel different from that on which they are entered, and all persons who have objections to offer to the panels or either of them are hereby notified that a Court of Revision of the Jury Lists for St. John's will be held in the Magistrate's Office from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY of Next week, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY of the week following.

Police Court, 29th October, 1915.
CHAS. H. HUTCHINGS,
Justice of the Peace.

Why Do They Call?

Where will you look, sonny, where will you look.
When your children yet to be clamor to learn the part you took in the war that kept men free?
Will you say it was naught to you if France stood up to her foe or faked?
But where will you look when they give the glance
That tells they know you faked?
Why do they call, sonny, why do they call?
For men who are brave and strong? Is it naught to you if your country fall?
And right is smashed by wrong? Is it football still, and the picture show.
The pub, and the betting odds, When your brothers stand to the tyrant's blow
And Britain's call is God's?

What will you lack, sonny, what will you lack,
When the girls line up the street, Shouting their love to the lads come back
From the foe they rushed to beat? Will you find a strangled cheer to the sky,
And grin till your cheeks are red? But what will you lack when your mate goes by
With a girl who cuts you dead?

How will you fare, sonny, how will you fare,
In the far-off winter night, When you sit by the fire in the old man's chair
And your neighbors talk of the fight? Will you shirk away as it were from a blow,
Your old head shamed and bent? Or say: "I was not with the first to go,
But I went, thank God, I went."

Communication By Phone Between States and Paris

PARIS, Oct. 27.—The experiments which resulted in the successful transmission this week of the human voice by wireless telephone between Arlington, Virginia, and the Eiffel Tower, here, were begun last June at the request of the Naval Bureau at Washington.

Lieut. Commander W. R. Sayles, Naval Attache at the American Embassy to France, conducted the experiments on this side of the ocean and he was assisted by H. S. Shreve of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company who brought the apparatus from the United States.

Although the Eiffel Tower is constantly in use for military telegraphy, the French Government readily agreed to suspend all communication both from the Eiffel Tower and from other French wireless stations at intervals, so as to give the Americans every opportunity. The experiments even went on during the battle of Champagne.

Col. Ferris, an electrical specialist in the French army, has given much time personally to watching the experiments and he made a suggestion, which is said to have undoubtedly resulted Wednesday in the receipt from Washington of messages of considerable length with the utmost clearness.

Quite Right.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—"The wall of a church is not an appropriate place to perpetuate hatred," was the reason given by Sir Philip Wilbraham, chancellor of the diocese of Chester when refusing to permit a memorial tablet to a victim of the Lusitania by the Germans.

The word "murdered," Sir Philip said, would have to be taken out of the tablet. The chancellor then suggested that the inscription should read, "who lost his life when the Lusitania was torpedoed by the Germans." This was agreed to.

CALGARY, Alta., Oct. 28.—"Japan will assist on the European continent, as soon as the necessity exists," said Kabauchi, Japanese Consul of Vancouver, who is visiting Calgary.

"Japan can send several hundred thousands of the very best equipped soldiers to Europe when the time arrives and it seems needful. The transportation problem is a great one, but it can be solved."

"When the time comes Japan will be on the job. What Japan will do to help her Allies when the time comes will astound the world," he added.

SPECIAL TO OUTPORT SHOP-KEEPERS

It will cost you only a few cents to send us a letter. It may save you many dollars. It is to your advantage to find out about the splendid line of POUND GOODS that we carry. We have every thing you need in this line AND OUR PRICES ARE UNEQUALLED, but best of all the quality is such that you will have no remnants left over. All will sell at a good profit.

ROBERT TEMPLETON,
333 Water Street.

WHY BRITISH SUITS EXCEL!

BECAUSE:—We produce the best ready to wear suits in that they not only fit and hang well when you put them on but continue to do so until they are laid aside.

To turn out such suits it is necessary to have everyone experts in their line—Knowing their work thoroughly—Having a taste for their work—Qualified by Experience and Observation—and trained to do such splendid work.

Such Experts are to be found only in our Factory trained by a manager who has had over 25 years Experience in the Chief Clothing Centres of the world.

BECAUSE:—We select only the highest grade wool cloths in each particular class having an eye to such patterns and designs as will satisfy each individual taste.

BECAUSE:—We have Expert cutters and give careful attention to Linings, Trimmings, and inner Constructions.

BECAUSE:—British suits are the ones with the best fit and longest life of any suits sold in Newfoundland.

INSIST ON BRITISH SUITS.

THE BRITISH CLOTHING Co., Ltd.
Sinnott's Building, St. John's.

THE BEST IS CHEAPER IN THE END

Order a Case To-day
"EVERY DAY" BRAND
EVAPORATED
MILK



Job's Stores Limited.
DISTRIBUTORS

Write For Our Low Prices

- Ham Butt Pork
- Fat Back Pork
- Boneless Beef
- Special Family Beef
- Granulated Sugar
- Raisins & Currants

All Lines of General Provisions.

HEARN & COMPANY

St. John's, Newfoundland.

The Largest Shipment of one Brand of Flour ever Imported Into Newfoundland Due To-Day

15,000 Barrels

VICTOR FLOUR

Be Sure the **CARIBOU HEAD** is on the label.

WINTER COATS!

Ladies Heavy Tweed & Black Winter Coats,

Prices from **\$5.00 to \$16.00**

These Coats were bought at Sample Prices, and we want to give our Customers the privilege of getting a Good Coat, CHEAP.

JERSEYS & SWEATERS

We have a large Sample lot of Men's, Women's and Childrens. Wool Jerseys and Sweaters. Selling Cheap to clear.

LOCAL YARN

90c. per pound (16 oz.)

Nicholle, Inkpen & Chafe

Limited.

315 WATER STREET 315

Agents for Ungars Laundry & Dye Works,



New "GRAY" Engines.

A good engine at a reasonable price with the factory guarantee behind it.

"FERRO" Kerosene Engines

Fulton Self Sparking Engines.
Britannia 4 Cycle Engines.

The largest stock of
K. W. Coils, Spark Plugs, Wire, Tools,
Lubricating Oil, Etc.

Call and see us. Open every night.

A.H. Murray

BOWRING'S COVE.

BRITISH ARMY SINGING PRAISES OF THE GUNS AND PLANES

In the Bombardment of Loos the Roar of the Guns Had the Power of Niagara Falls—Wave of Men Swept From British Trenches Toward the Enemy

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS, France
Oct. 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Since the taking of Loos all the army is singing the praises of the guns and the planes. No such bombardment has ever been heard on the British front as that which preceded the attack.

There seemed no interval between the reports of the guns; not even those of the beat of a snare drum. The roar had the power and continuity of Niagara Falls. House windows in the surrounding country kept up a continuous rattle.

"It is the sweetest sound in the world," said one of the surviving veterans of the retreat from Mons. "It means you will get into the German trench and have a fair fight of it and you won't charge into the play of the machine guns or be hung up in the barbed wire. A year ago when we held the Germans back from the Channel ports we were doing it with flesh and blood against the outnumbering German artillery. The most comfortable sight in the world is an eight inch howitzer; and next to that it is a motor truck loaded with high explosive shells."

As morning approached after the bombardment, officers on the British front were looking at their wrist watches. In front of Loos the figure six making half hour—half past six—was the goal of the creeping minute hand. At that moment a wave of men rose from the first line British trenches, and the volume of shell-fire was lifted from the first line German to the second line as the stream from a hose is lifted from one flower bed to another. Meanwhile every man in the charge tries to outrun every other man. The sooner they were in the German trench the less likelihood of the Germans coming out of their dugouts and recovering their senses after the bath of shells and firing on the advance. If only one machine gun can be manned before the charge goes home, the charge may be stopped in that immediate section. It is all a matter of wrist watches, of speed, team play and of seconds.

Birds of War.

With the first flush of dawn the birds of war had come from their aerodromes. The shell-fire and the planes were all that the onlooker might see.

I should think that we had eight planes that day to one of the Germans," said an aviator. "We had concentrated planes as well as guns."

Only when the secret of the point of concentration is kept can such an attack succeed against a modern defensive position. The Germans had learned that the British were preparing an attack; for their soldiers called out from their trenches to the British: "When are you coming?" to which one Briton replied: "I'll let you know as soon as Sir John French tells me."

Attacks were made that morning at several places; but the Germans expected the real attack elsewhere than Loos.

"There has been a good deal of talk," said a staff officer, "to the effect that the element of surprise has disappeared from war. It is as vital as it ever was. Only concealment was never so difficult."

Troops and guns had to be moved at night when the German planes might not note the concentration. British planes must ward off German planes by day.

In infinite labor and pains in detail are required of hundreds of thousands of men for such an attack. That of the medical corps alone is stupendous. On the morning of the attack beds were ready; and the countless ambulances and the clearing stations and all the intricate organization for caring for the wounded ready.

Flock of Planes

At the attack proceeded a veritable flock of planes was cutting circles and dipping and turning over the battlefield as if in an exhibition of air-manship. They appeared to be in contact with the battle; but no participant was more busy or intent than they. All the panorama of action was beneath them; they alone could really "see" the battle if they chose. But each aviator stole only passing glimpses of the whole; for each one was intent on his part which was to keep watch of whether the shells of the battery to which he reported were on the target or not.

To distinguish whose shell-burst in the midst of that cloud of dust and smoke over the German positions seemed as difficult as to separate the spout of steam from one pipe from another when a hundred were making

Every youth in England apparently wants to get into the aerial service. So the corps has its pick. Promotion is rapid; the romance and the excitement of the work appeal. It is easy to learn to fly in the very stable latest types of machine which, as the saying goes, are "fool-proof." It takes only two months to train a man with aptitude to do the routine work of reconnaissance. But he must be young. Men do not learn readily after they are thirty with few exceptions, and they are very poor pupils indeed after they are thirty-five. It is not difficult to spot shells when only a few batteries are firing, but when perhaps a hundred guns are dropping shells on a half mile front of trench a highly trained eye is required. Occasionally a plane was observed to slip down like a hawk which had located a fish in the water. At all hazards that intrepid aviator was going to identify the shell bursts of the batteries which he represented. The Germans might have him in rifle range but they were too busy trying to hold back the English infantry to fire at him.

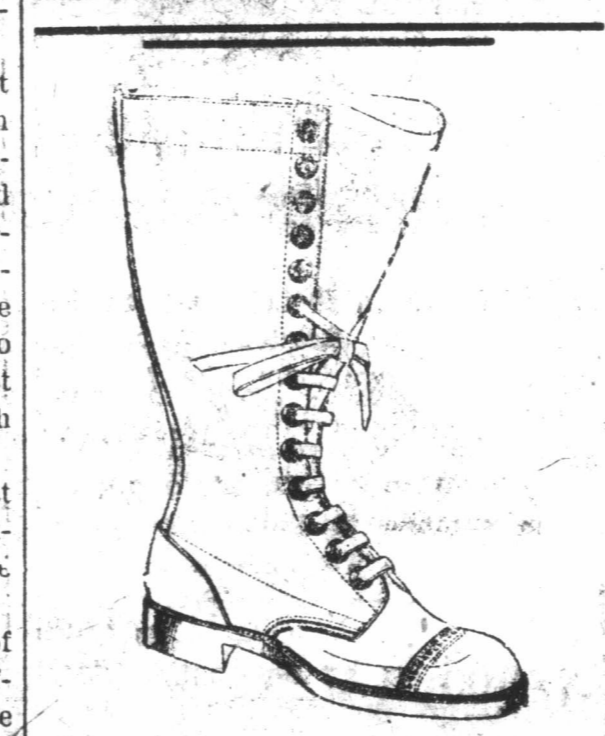
Bombs and Trains

Other planes were dropping shells on railroad trains and bridges, to hinder the Germans once they had learned where the force of the attack was to be exerted from rushing reinforcements to the spot. For that kind of work as for all long reconnaissances aviators like low-lying clouds. They dip down out of these to have a look around and drop a bomb and then rise to cover before the Germans can bring their anti-aircraft guns to bear.

The first thing was to hold what was taken in this advance. All the labor of turning the wrecked German into British trenches, of making new dugouts, traverses and parapets and laying out barbed-wire had to be done before the German concentrating swept back in a counter attack which was expected and which came. A Niagara of German gunfire added to that of the British announces another German effort. So far the British have held their new positions; and when the Germans were attacking in one part of the line the British repulsed the Germans attack and took five hundred yards from the German in an adjacent part.

We have a splendid stock of **Ferro, Gray, Fulton and Meitz & Weiss Kerosene Motor Boat Engines, spark coils and all repair parts.** A. H. MURRAY, Bowring's Cove.—Oct 19, 1915

Hand Made!



Our Hand-made Waterproof Boots, for Fall and Winter wear, are now ready. We are showing as usual, good honest footwear. Mail orders receive prompt attention. All orders filled same days as received.

Men's 16-inch Bellows Tongue Boots, Price \$6.50
Men's 14-inch Bellows Tongue Boots, Price \$6.00
Men's 12-inch Bellows Tongue Boots, Price \$5.00
Men's 10-inch Bellows Tongue Boots, Price \$4.60
Men's 8-inch Bellows Tongue Boots, Price \$4.40
Men's 6 1/2-inch Ordinary Tongue Boots, Price \$3.00
Boys' 16-inch Waterproof Boots, Price \$4.00
Boys' 8-inch Waterproof Boots, Price \$3.50
Boys' 7-inch Ordinary Waterproof Boots, Price \$2.50
All Hand-Reged and Hand-Sewn \$1.50 extra.

F. Smallwood,
The Home of Good Shoes.

Buy GOODS Manufactured in NEWFOUNDLAND & keep the Fathers at work

Temperance Topics

How can the exponent of liquor temperance fix his race to offer prayer to God?

How can he even quote the Lord's prayer from a sincere heart?

How can he say, "Hallowed be Thy name," when he favors the continuance of a business that does more to render that name unhallowable than all other evils combine?

How can he plead, "Thy kingdom come," when his ballot is a practical bid for the continuance of the kingdom of Satan?

How can he pronounce the words "Thy will be done," when he has done all he can to establish a system which subverts the divine order and arranges humanity against the benevolent and gracious purposes of the Almighty?

How can he ask, "Give us this day our daily bread," when he has authorized unprincipled men to wrest from the needy, the suffering wives and children of drunkards, the last crusts which would keep them from starving?

How dare he request, "And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive them that trespass against us," when he has gone his political length to keep alive an institution which leads to more trespassing and wrong-doing than any other that subverted the rights of mankind?

How can he muster courage to ask God to "lead him not into temptation," when he has done all he could to place temptation in the way of his fellows, or at least has done nothing through the most sacred agency of his citizenship to remove temptations out of the way?

And how can he add, "But deliver us from evil," when his voice and vote counted for the continuance and prosperity of the greatest evil under the sun?

Let men of sense think on these things.

Where is our consistency? What are we thinking about anyway? Or are we already helpless in the grip of the enemy?

Have we so far degenerated that the religious spirit of our forefathers has died out of our hearts, or at least is no longer a forceful quantity in the practical conduct of public affairs?

We will not believe it.

The Christian men of this nation could have things pretty much their own way if they only knew, and would make known in a practical manner what their own way is.

The policy which has so long dominated many church members, viz., that in politics they have no need of religious convictions, ought to be annihilated at a stroke, and all Christians of whatever name should be found in solid phalanx against our common enemy.

It is a sin against high heaven to fail to carry our religious convictions into politics.

He that keeps the whole law, and yet offends at one point is guilty of all.

Men have no more liberty to tolerate a political wrong than any other wrong.

Their political affiliations and actions should be just as unimpeachable as any other affiliation and actions.

They should feel it to be just as serious an offense to keep alive the whiskey devil through political agencies as to keep that devil alive thru any other agency under their control or support.

What if the liquor traffic were kept alive by the church direct? Yet if a political union of all church members and sympathizers would crush that traffic, are we not responsible if we fail to come together?

Every Christian must be governed by his own conscience which will permit his own to work an evil by his ballot which it would not allow him to work in any other way, needs a vast deal of enlightenment—Michigan Christian Advocate.

U.S. Picture & Portrait Company,
House Furnishers.

Reliable Furniture for Outport Buyers.

WE desire to draw the attention of our innumerable customers around the Island to the tremendous display of fine Furniture we have in our Show Room. This has just been replenished by some two or three shipments from the best English and American makers.

Our stock includes the largest assortment of Bedsteads, Bedroom Suites, Bureaux, Dining Tables, Chairs, Lounges and Sideboards in the Island.

If you are furnishing your house, one or two rooms, or if you require any single article for some special need, and you want good, solid, well-made Furniture at the most reasonable prices, you can't beat the

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U.S. Picture & Portrait Company,
House Furnishers.

HAVING enjoyed the confidence of our outport customers for many years, we beg to remind them that we are "doing business as usual" at the old stand. Remember Maunder's clothes stand for durability and style combined with good fit.



John Maunder
Tailor and Clothier
281 & 283 Duckworth Street

RED CROSS LINE.

S. S. STEPHANO and S. S. FLORIZEL

INTENDED SAILINGS.

FROM ST. JOHN'S:	FROM NEW YORK:
Stephano, October 30th.	Florizel, October 29th.
Florizel, November 6th.	Stephano, November 9th.

Passenger Tickets to New York, Halifax and Boston.
Fares including Meals and Berths on Red Cross Steamers:

	First Class	Return	Second Class
To New York	\$40.00	\$70 to \$80	\$15.00
To Halifax	20.00	35.00	9.00
To Boston (Plant Line)	29.00	51.00	18.00
To Boston (D.A.R.)	30.00	51.00	18.00

CONNECTIONS AT HALIFAX FOR BOSTON:
PLANT LINE - Midnight Saturday.
DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY: Through the beautiful land of Evangeline to Yarmouth and thence by the Boston and Yarmouth S.S. Co. Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Luxurious accommodation and excellent cuisine by either route.
Full particulars from:

HARVEY & COMPANY, Ltd.
Agents Red Cross Line.

"VICTORY" FLOUR-- THE HIGHEST GRADE MILLED

Last Night's Meeting

Big Prohibition Rally Last Night in T. A. Hall--Big Vote Expected to be Cast To-day

The St. John's Prohibition Committee held its final meeting last night in the Casino theatre, which was attended to the full capacity of the hall. Dr. Mosdell acted as Chairman and after a few brief remarks introduced Hon. R. Watson who, in a speech of about twenty minutes, epitomized the whole situation. Mr. Watson showed that all denominations were working in a common cause, that co-operation with St. John's was evidenced on every side and that jointly a majority vote would be recorded in favor of the measure. He strongly protested against arguments brought forward, that the movement was opposed to church teachings, and hoped that such would not be considered as a reason for not voting YES.

Mr. Hickman, M. H. A., followed, and quoted statistics that were not only reasonable but convincing. The different government institutions, contained a class of people that were directly or indirectly the victims of alcohol. Prohibition would not under these conditions forthwith, but after years would prove the benefit.

Mr. W. J. Ellis, President of the T. A. B. S., the speaker, made a strong plea why all should vote for Prohibition. He elaborated his remarks on the work of Father Mathew, and defended the position of the T.A.B.S. Society, which as an institution was strongly in favour of killing the evil that had such a hold on the community.

Mr. W. White, who considered the matter from the position between employer and employee proved absolutely that the drinker, was not only a weakening in the workshop, but that also his services were a danger and a menace to the more competent worker. He cited instances where in the city the man taking drink, had lost his employment, to the detriment of his wife and family, and this because the inducement was dangling before them to "come in and have a drink."

Mr. Halfyard, M.H.A. took advantage to speak to the outport voters present, and asked all to follow the principle that the F. P. U. had decided upon, and vote for Prohibition. He was sure that in the outside districts a majority vote would be rolled up, and he asked that the outport men in the city go to the booths and record their votes, and record them in favour of Prohibition.

J. F. Downey Esq., M.H.A., on being introduced said: We shall find King Alcohol's forces strongly entrenched, but if we enter into the engagement to-morrow with tactfulness and in deadly earnestness we shall secure the victory. There must be no slackers if we are to reach the 25,000 required. It was a great opportunity and if Prohibition was secured we should enter upon a new era--if failure then the man who did not vote would not have a satisfied conscience; it would haunt him every time he saw the poor drunkard in the street, it would be one of his family and it would surely give him remorse of conscience in the hereafter, if he did not do his duty now.

Mr. Soper, the indefatigable Secretary was then called on and gave some cheering accounts of the reception given him and his colleagues Devine and Callahan in Placentia Bay. An army of men seemed to spring up. They heard them gladly, promised to vote, and he hoped for success. But still every man's vote was required. It was true every village almost in the island had been reached by literature, but it was the living voice that our outport men wanted to explain things to them, then they understood the question better. Mr. Soper continued an eloquent appeal to all to help to save our fellow men and our boys. A vote of thanks was moved by J. M. Devine Esq., and seconded by Rev. Dr. Curtis.

In doing so Dr. Curtis spoke very hopefully of a heavy vote northward, and said the words of the lamented Rev. Father Roe came back very forcibly to him as they returned to the city by the train, shortly after that great victory for Local Option in Harbour Main. He, Rev. Father Roe, had said to his people at that election--"This is a great evil, it must be put down. We can do it."

"TWENTY ONE" MAY VOTE

The question has been asked, "May any male person 21 and over on the 4th inst., who is not on the revised list of 1913 vote in the Prohibition Election?" Yes! Certainly!

The W.P.A. Xmas Gift Fund For Our Soldiers and Sailors

November 3rd.	
Amount acknowledged	\$210.00
Maurice and John Blackburn	10.00
James Jardine	5.00
Ed. Thomas	5.00
James Pratt	2.00
Miss Florence Pratt	2.00
Miss Nellie Pratt	2.00
Lady Outerbridge	1.00
G. W. B. Ayre	25.00
Mrs. Duncan	5.00
Mrs. A. T. Ryan (Placentia)	1.00
Mrs. John Leamon	10.00
Max Lindsay	2.00
Mrs. C. Emerson	2.50
Mrs. Fred Emerson	1.00
Mrs. Fred Moore	5.00
Gower Soper	2.00
Mrs. J. H. Edgar	1.00
Mrs. Hayward	1.00
Miss A. Hayward	1.00
Mrs. Thos. Hammond	3.00
A. Friend	1.00
Hepburn Ellis	2.00
Sclater Ellis	2.00
Miss Harris	2.00
Mrs. Frank Martin	5.00
Mrs. R. B. Job	20.00
Mrs. H. E. Knight	5.00
	\$341.50

Only \$94.00 received yesterday which brings the total amount subscribed to date up to \$435.50. So that each of our 2900 Soldiers and Sailors serving should have a small remembrance from home at Xmas, an average of \$145 a day for the next 17 days must be sent in. All small amounts as well as large gratefully accepted. Have YOU sent your contribution? If not, please do so TO-DAY.

November 4th.	
Amount acknowledged	\$341.50
Mr. Samuel Heath	1.00
Mrs. Samuel Heath	1.00
Master Samuel Heath	1.00
Mr. J. E. C. Garden	5.00
Miss Dorothy Ayre	5.00
Mrs. P. J. Fortune	1.00
Mr. Fitzgerald (Mobile)	1.00
M. M.	2.00
Mr. J. Shannon Munn	25.00
Mr. Alex. Brown	5.00
Miss Southcott	1.00
Miss Nellie Roper	3.00
Geoffrey, Elizabeth and Anthony Goodridge	6.00
Mr. H. Outerbridge	5.00
B.S.H.	2.00
Mrs. Pitts	20.00
Mary MacKay	10.00
	\$435.50

MARY MACKAY, Hon. Treasurer.

Particulars of Casualties

Lieut.-Col. R. de H. Burton is the officer in command of the Regiment at the Dardanelles. Evidently he is a leader, facing danger like an officer and a British gentleman.

Private John Patrick MacDonnell left with the First Contingent. His father is Magistrate MacDonnell of St. George's.

Private Lawrence Griffin belonged to Company E and was transferred to the Regiment on active service. He is a son of Mr. Thomas Griffin of Harbour Grace.

Use "Bristelite" Kerosene Oil.

and if we don't how can we face God? Dr. Curtis repeated the deceased clergyman's words, "If we don't do it, how can we face God?" and we believe this last word, should cause every voter to decide how he will cast his ballot--Daily News.

"TWENTY ONE" MAY VOTE

Any man of 21 may vote on Thursday, if two years a resident of this Colony.

Have You Done Your Duty?

To-day an election is being held which will be more important in its results to you and your family, than any election ever held in Newfoundland.

The question upon which you will have to vote, is whether you want to have Intoxicating Liquors banished from Newfoundland. If you do, make sure to go to the booth to-day and mark your ballot with an X opposite YES on your ballot paper.

We depend you to use your influence with your friends in favor of Prohibition. The Rum Traffic will be snowed under by the free votes of an intelligent people. For more than a hundred years it has held sway in Newfoundland. Its history is a record of waste, misery, and crime. It has sent to his death many a good man. It has stolen the money of the wives and children. It has been a hindrance to every good work.

The time has now come for the people of Newfoundland to act. They will have their opportunity to-day.

For the sake of the Boys and Girls that are growing up about you, do not neglect. Vote YES.

If you want a Ferro Kerosene Engine call at A. H. MURRAY'S demonstrating room, Bowring's Cove.--oct9,10i

WILL YOU DO IT?

Will you vote for Prohibition to-day? Now do not be hasty and say that you will not. Think it over and cast your vote in all seriousness of temper, and just such a vote as you would have returned to you at the Judgment Day.

There is only one verdict on the Liquor Traffic to-day. Every thinking man in science, in business, in political economy, and in religion, says that the Liquor Traffic is the greatest, the most far-reaching, and direct evil of our modern civilization. There is not one argument in its favor. There are one thousand arguments against it. Permit us to say that it is your duty to assist in removing this evil.

You do not live as an individual, you are part of a social whole. You are a member of a social organism. Some members of the body are suffering, you are expected to aid in removing the cause of that suffering. Will you do it?

You are a Christian man. There are other Christian men who are victims of the drink habit. They cannot resist the temptation to drink. They want you to save them from the temptation. Will you do it?

There are wives and children who are being robbed of the food and clothing and comforts of home through the habits of intemperance prevailing with their husbands and fathers, and they ask you in God's name to succour them from the toils of evil. Will you do it?

The liquor business is a bad business. It is bad for the man who sells it, depriving him of that sense of self-respect that a legitimate business gives a man. It is bad for the man who drinks, hurting him in body and soul, and resulting in the defrauding of his family of their lawful comforts. It is bad for the business of the community, and is a decided stumbling-block to the highest welfare of religion and morality.

For the sake of the Boys and Girls that are growing up about you Vote YES.

If you have so far neglected to vote do so now. The Booths are open till 8 p.m. Vote now--Vote YES.

Man Accidentally Shot

Yesterday evening Magistrate Fitzgerald had a wire from Grand Falls saying that a man named Alfred Lane had been accidentally shot at Gambo while out in the woods. The shooting was done by a man named Peter Sullivan. The injured man was taken to Grand Falls after the accident where he died shortly after his arrival. The Magistrate will hold an enquiry.

OUR THEATRES.

ROSSLEY'S EAST END

At the big double contest Friday night Miss Atlantis will offer a prize to any person who can lift her off her feet. The lady weighs one hundred and twenty pounds, she will not hold on to anything or be fastened in any way; this will be a wonderful sight to see the strongest man in town try to do. Mr. Fisk will show how the submarines go after the liners, the big guns at work--a marvelous mechanical novelty. Don't miss this show, you may never see such wonderful effects again. At Saturday's matinee Miss Atlantis has something special for the children. On Monday Carroll and Ellor, the great Irish comedy sketch artists.

THE CRESCENT

The Crescent Picture Palace still retains the position it holds for first class subjects in moving pictures. Yesterday's change of performance was an illustration of this fact. One of the most interesting domestic subjects we have ever witnessed was "The Hermit of Bird Island," a powerful sea story in 3 reels. A very pleasing domestic drama is the "Poet and Peasant" and a George Ade comedy of a most amusing kind compels hearty laughter. Dan Delmar is a vocalist who has taken from the start with St. John's theatre goes and nightly his singing of novelty songs and ballads is enthusiastically received. Wilkie Collins' great story, "The New Magdalen" will soon be featured.

Mechanics' Fair Concluded

Last evening and night the rooms of the C. C. C. band were thronged with people in attendance at the Mechanics' Fancy Fair, which came to a successful conclusion last night. The booths were all cleaned out and the articles which they held and the little remaining were sold at auction at 9 o'clock and quickly disposed of. Excellent prices were realized and after the sale a grand dance was held. Fully 200 couples were present at this and to the music of the C.C.C. band all thoroughly enjoyed themselves until morning.

The refreshment tables did a good business. To the ladies and the energetic committee of members who worked so assiduously the great success of the Fair is due, and we congratulate the Mechanics' Society on its very satisfactory outcome.

Lieut. Shortall Heard From

A resident of the city by last mail received an interesting letter from Lieut. Richard Shortall of the Newfoundland Regiment.

He tells his friend that our boys are as good as the best and relates a thrilling experience which he himself had. On his first day in the Dardanelles he had been speaking to an Australian officer when suddenly a shrapnel shell came from the enemy, burst over them and killed the officer instantly. Some of the missiles it contained tore the uniform of Lieut. Shortall, but he escaped further injury.

He is well and wishes to be remembered to all his friends and chums.

The schr. Alameda owned by Mr. Jas. Miller arrived here yesterday afternoon after a run of 18 days from Oporto. She made the run over from here 21 days, and but for 8 days of bad weather Oporto would have made a record voyage.

All kinds of raw furs bought by Nfld. Exchange, at 276 Water St.

The Norwegian steamer, S.S. Prima is now at Clarendville loading pit props for England.

"TWENTY ONE" MAY VOTE

Go to the proper Polling Station on Thursday, and VOTE, if you are 21 years old that day or before.

Rev. Canon Smith On Prohibition

Editor Daily News:

Dear Sir--If for the conquest of evil and in defence of public safety, the sons of men are not to use the power of God has given them for that very purpose, why, then, are we waging war against the Germans? Mr. Blackall's argument against Prohibition tells quite as much against the Liquor License Act as it does against Prohibition. For that Act is as much an Act of man's device for the protection and benefit of his fellow men as is Prohibition itself. Why should the publican be regulated and restrained in the pursuit of this trade any more than the vendor of tea and sugar, molasses and flour? And should not the public have access to his saloon at any hour of the day or night that he may choose to keep it open for them?

Can't we trust him and his patrons to the influence of the Christ teaching to keep them from evil? The declaration that "Prohibition was conceived in cunning and will result in shame" is an unhappy statement. The use here of the word cunning is not intended to indicate the presence of wisdom in the cunning one, but of a vicious kind of shrewdness. If it be true--and jurists tell us it is true--that a man who willingly consents to the killing of another, must be as guilty of murder as the person who first conceived the crime and struck the fatal blow, then I, as an upholder of Prohibition, must be among the number of the "cunning ones"; so also, must be my Bishop, for he, too, will vote for Prohibition.

When properly administered, alcohol is a good medicine; but, its use as a mere beverage does no good to anybody, and much harm to many.

I hold that prohibiting all use of alcohol, except for strictly religious, medicinal, mechanical and scientific purposes, will hurt nobody, will save from ruin not a few, and will be decidedly beneficial to the whole community. Consequently I vote for Prohibition. The present Prohibition Act, can, and will be amended. In the presence of the Act regulation Pharmacies, the suggestion that grog shops may become drug-stores, is not wit, but foolish fiction.

WALTER R. SMITH, St. John's, Nov. 3, 1915.

The Installation Meeting of Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. O'tway, will be conducted by Lieut.-Colonel Smeaton of Toronto, in the S. A. Hall, New Gower Street, on Friday, November 5th, at 8 p.m. A hearty invitation is extended to all.--nov4,2i

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"TWENTY ONE" MAY VOTE

The man who has attained 21 on or before Prohibition Day has only to present himself at the proper polling station, give his name and address, be placed on the Supplementary List, get a ballot paper, and vote.

OBITUARY

MR. B. MILLER.

The death occurred at 12.15 this morning of an old and esteemed citizen in the person of Mr. Benjamin Miller. The deceased was a tidewater in H. M. Customs for 18 years past and was a prominent figure in the Masonic, S. U. F. and L. O. A. Societies. He was a man noted for his kindness and affability, and his death occurred after an illness of three weeks. He leaves to mourn him, a widow and one son, Mr. H. J. Miller of Knowing's office, besides eight daughters--Mrs. M. Ewen, in Mexico; Edith, Althea and Beatrice in New York; Mae, nurse in the General Hospital here; Stella, a teacher at Port de Grave; Alberta, stenographer at Knowings, and Sybil. To the bereaved family The Mail and Advocate extends its condolence.

DANIEL J. WALL

There died at Badger Brook on 30th October Daniel J. Wall of this city. For many years the subject of this notice was in the employ of the Reid Nfld. Co. on the Bruce and Argyle as steward. His health failing him he gave up the sea and for a while was in care of billiard rooms, City Club; leaving that he went to Farmdale in the interests of Harry J. Crowe, from where he joined the Anglo Nfld. Dev. Co. employ as caretaker and steward of their lumberman's Staff house at Badger Brook.

Mr. Wall was well liked by his employers, the lumbermen who stayed at his residence and all who had dealings with him. After a protracted illness his expected demise came on Friday evening last; the remains were brought to town by Monday's express being looked after by Undertaker Martin. The funeral was attended by a guard of honor from the Star or the Sea Association.

Rev. Fr. Ryan read the burial service at the Cathedral. Interment was at Belvedere alongside his brother who predeceased him about two months. To his wife, brother and relatives The Mail and Advocate sympathizes in their bereavement.

Our brand of Kerosene is "Bristelite." Ask your dealer for P. H. COWAN, Importer.

The schr. Marjorie McGlashen, from Sydney, with coal, and the Lella Bleannitt, from Halifax, with tar felt, etc. are now on the way to this port, consigned to Mr. Colin Campbell.

We will pay good prices for all kinds of raw furs. Nfld. Fox Exchange, 276 Water Street.

Poultry Show, 1915.

(Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Lady Davidson.)

The 4th Annual Poultry Exhibition

will be held in the Prince of Wales Rink, on Nov. 24th, 25th, 26th.

This show promises to be the best ever held in Nfld. You should see it. Exhibitors can obtain Entry Forms from the Secretary, F. J. CALVERT, Duckworth Street. Entries will close Nov. 17th. General Admission, 10c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Bad Coal is dear at any price. Good N.S. Screened Coal is better at any price.

NORTH SYDNEY COAL NOW AFLOAT!

A splendid cargo now landing at Franklin's wharf, ex S.S. "Bonaventure. A good opportunity for schooners to get their COAL supplies.

Place your order with us and get satisfaction.

THE UNITED COAL CO. Water Street West.

Subscribers to the Prohibition Fund

Amount previously acknowledged	
W. C. Job	100.00
M. M. O. S.	50.00
A. Friend	20.00
A Northern Friend	20.00
Well Wisher	10.00
Chas. Courtney	5.00
R. C. McDonald	10.00
E. Lindzey	25.00
F. Wood	10.00
Well Wisher	25.00
Geo. R. Forsy	5.00
W. J. Adams	1.00
David Kelly	1.00
Samuel Short	10.00
South Side	34.00
W. H. Ferret	1.00
J. Milley	7.30
Collected per P. K. McLeod	4.00
" " G. V. Pike	17.10
" " Young & Ross	23.70
" " Penny & Johnson	26.55
" " F. R. Clarke	55.00
" " John Redmond	76.00
" " C. Myler	25.50
" " A. Martin	55.60
" " G. Coughland	36.00
" " W. Soper	26.40
Norman Fisher	2.00
Dr. Procuiner	5.00
Hy. J. W. Bishop	2.00
Solomon Roberts	10.00
Capt. Montgomerie	30.00
G. M. Goddard	5.00
J. B. Wheeler	5.00
Peters & Sons	50.00

Newfoundland Fox Exchange at 276 Water Street pays highest prices for raw furs.

The S.S. Earl of Devon arrived here yesterday from White Bay. She met bad weather on the trip North but had it fine returning and brought a good freight.

St. John's Municipal Council

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Water will be shut off the Eastern Supply Mains From 7 p.m. TO-DAY until 6 a.m. TO-MORROW.

JNO. L. SLATTERY, Sec'y.-Tresa. nov4,1i

FOR SALE--One Live Female Silver Black Fox. Apply to ISRAEL BISHOP, Doting Cove, Fogo.--nov2,3i

FOR SALE--8 or 10 Horses, 9 to 14 cwt. C. F. LESTER, 49 Hamilton St.--nov27i

WANTED--A position as HOUSEMAID, reference. Apply to "A.B.C." this office.