

The Mildmay Gazette

Vol. 17.

MILDMAY, ONT., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1908.

No. 9

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864

Capital paid up \$6,000,000 Reserve \$4,267,400.

Chartered by the Dominion Government. 120 Branches throughout the Dominion.

FARMERS' BUSINESS **MONEY ORDERS**
Given Special Attention. Money to Loan for buying Cattle, Feed Etc. Issued at lowest rates payable at par at any point in the world.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
One Dollar opens an Account. Interest paid Four times a Year.

MILDMAY Branch. A. A. WERLICH Manager.

Saws and Axes.

Our Leader, the celebrated "BUFFALO BILL" cross cut saws. Hundreds in use throughout the township. Every saw fully guaranteed.



AXES.

We have a large assortment of Axes: Weights 3 1-2 to 5 lbs., at prices 75 cts to \$1.25.

Take a look through our stock. We are sure to please you.

C. Liesemer, - Corner Hardware

New Tailor.

New Suitings.

New Styles

Doesn't spring give you the feeling that you want to be decked out in a stylish new suit? Of course it does! Give the new tailor an order for your next suit and you will be pleased—there's not a doubt about it. A large stock of this season's most fashionable Suiting to select from,—the styles are correct, the prices very reasonable, and we guarantee a right fit. Call and see us.

R. MACNAMARA,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

MILDMAY DRUG STORE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Fine stationery in boxes, writing pads and envelopes, Fountain Pens, Christmas Cards and booklets, Hand Mirrors, Hair brushes and combs, cloth and tooth brushes, hand bags and purses, Perfumes in all sizes and in bulk. Elegant jewelry in brooches, rings, charms, lockets, crosses, vest chains, fobs, collar and cuff buttons, neck chains, cuff and scarf pins.

Jno. Coates, - Druggist
MILDMAY.

MILDMAY'S SADDLER

Now is your time to buy
ROBES & BLANKETS.

BARGAINS
FROM NOW UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

A full line of Dr. Hess's Stock Food on hand. No trouble to show goods.

H. W. PLETSCH

Shop old stand next door to Commercial Hotel.

BORN.

STROEDER—In Carrick on Feb. 22, to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Stroeder, a daughter.

SCHMIDT—In Carrick, on Feb. 22, to Mr. and Frank Schmidt, a son.

VOGAN—In Howick, on Sunday, Feb. 23 to Mr. and Mrs. D. Vogan, a daughter.

HIS VALENTINE.

The curious epistle published below was received on St. Valentine's Day by a bachelor friend of the editor who evidently has been neglecting his opportunities and failing to live up to the ideal of at least one of his fair friends. It was handed us for publication by way of acknowledging its receipt and with the hope that the writer would follow up the campaign so vigorously opened. The recipient would like the writer to know that her kindness is appreciated and that he has no intention of putting up the money. The letter follows:—

Oldmaidsville, Lonesome County,
Leap year—1908.

My dear and most respected Sir,
I send you this your love to stir.
You know I promised first of all,
To make on you my maiden call.
Your heart and hand I ask in haste,
And hope you grant my fond request,
And send me back without delay
An answer saying "Yes or Nay."
And if your heart does not incline
With me in wedlock hands to join,
The Leap Year claim you must obey,
And down a 5 pound note must pay,
Likewise, Sir, a handsome dress
I ask no more—I'll take no less.
You'll think my letter rather funny
But I must have a man or money.
So after long consideration,
Of the great inclination,
To become a relation,
I thought by speedy navigation,
To change my habitation
To a new situation.
If this application
Should merit your approbation,
You would confer an obligation
From generation to generation.
An answer to this oration
Would relieve my palpitation
And give me consolation.
Yours in desperation,
Miss Observation.

—Dr. Clapp, M. P. P. will likely have a bill before the Legislature to give any county so desiring, the power to prohibit the use of automobiles on country roads during certain days of the week, say Saturday, Sunday and Monday. This bill is the result of lengthy petitions from Dr. Clapp's constituents in Brant township.—Star.

FORMOSA.

There was a pretty fair attendance at Graf's ball last Thursday.

Mr. Tony Voisin of Culross has been laid up for some time with a slight stroke of paralysis.

Mr. Isidore Groerer will take part in a concert to be held in the Enniskillen school house on Friday night. The Formosa orchestra will also assist.

Mr. Wm. Weiler of Guelph is spending a few weeks at his home here on account of the pipe foundry where he is employed having been shut down.

Fred Brick and Tony Graf opened up their butcher business on Saturday in the building formerly used as a harness shop in the centre of the village.

Chas. and Henry Mosack, who have been running the Morgan house in Kindardine, are reported to have sold out. Henry intends moving to Formosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Heisz returned from their honeymoon trip last week, and commenced house keeping in their house near the brewery.

YOKISSIPPI CLUB.

The Yokissippi Mutual Improvement Society held Monday evening, Feb. 24, was largely attended. The debate, "Resolved that Reading is more Educational than Travelling" was well handled. Mr. George McKee, Misses Bethea Darling and Jean Inglis supported the affirmative, while Mr. George Lowry, Misses Janet Inglis and Mabel McKee took the negative. The judges, Messrs. W. Peterman, P. Doig and A. Darling, gave their decision in favor of the affirmative. A good musical programme was also much enjoyed. This Society, although quite recently organized has become quite popular, having now a membership of almost sixty. It was unanimously agreed by the members to hold the meetings weekly for the balance of the winter instead of fortnightly as heretofore. The debate for next Monday evening is "Resolved that local option is preferable to the license law."

THE INSPECTOR'S HOLIDAY.

The following was written by one of the pupils of the Mildmay public school:—

The Inspector as we know comes and visits the school twice a year to see how things are going on and how the teachers are getting along. The last time the Inspector came the Mildmay P. S. he found the teachers doing good work, which pleased him very much, so much that he granted us a half holiday to take whenever we thought would be suitable to have a good half day's sport.

The principal, Mr. Kidd thought of a bright idea, which was to secure the rink whenever we thought would be suitable for the occasion. To this all the scholars agreed and declared that we would take it on Wednesday, 19th of February.

It proved to be a suitable day, good and cold so that the ice was the best of the season. We got on the ice at half-past one in the afternoon and had a good game of hockey lasting for about a half an hour. Then we stopped a half an hour so as to give the girls a chance skate. Then we went at the hockey again keeping the same sides all the way through. It was pretty rough and sides were about equal. When the game was about half done the score was 3 to 1, but the other side soon caught up making the score 6 to 6, neither side winning. We then had another half hour's skating till four o'clock came and then went home quite contented and pleased after the good afternoon's sport.

—Mrs. J. O. Hymmen is in Toronto this week.

—W. W. Beitz, has leased the American hotel at Fergus. Mr. Beitz has been living in Guelph since leaving here.

—Bishop Dowling has announced the following changes in the Hamilton diocese:—Rev. J. Kelly from Walkerton to Mount Forest; Rev. Dr. Walter from Markdale to Walkerton; Rev. A. J. Savage from Hamilton to Markdale.

—Mr. Robert Morrison, travelling agent for the Toronto World was in town a couple of days this week. He is a son of R. J. Morrison, the implement agent.

LAKELET.

Still it snows and blows and blusters, roads are heavy, bush work impossible and every one wishing for the time to come when the snow will be taken in the state of affairs round here.

Mr. Alex. Clegg is having an auction sale on Friday, 28th inst., on the old Carson homestead. G. W. Walker of Gorrie will be auctioneer. Mr. Clegg is going west.

Quite a number from this vicinity are invited to the Hockley-Scott wedding on Wednesday at Drew station. Both of the contracting parties are well known here, the prospective groom having worked for a number of years with Mr. J. J. Gregg, and the bride-to-be lived right in the suburbs till they moved to Drew Station a few years ago.

Judge Doyle who presided at the appeal suit of R. Ferguson against the award of the engineer on what is known as the Ruttan drain gave his decision the other day and sustains the engineer's award.

Miss Edna Bushfield, teacher in Minotownship, was up to see her parents on Friday and Saturday, returning on Sunday. Miss Dobson, teacher here, after a stay of three weeks, got to her home on Friday night and returned Sunday evening. Miss Maud Bushfield of the Wingham High School came home on Friday and will remain to help in the store. Miss Maggie Bushfield left for Toronto on Monday to attend the millinery openings there.

The old chopper in the mill here played out and a new one was ordered three weeks ago, but it has not yet arrived. As a consequence the mill is closed and the farmers are forced to go to Clifford and Fordwich with their grain to get it chopped.

Hugh Douglass sold 6 nice cattle to Mr. Trench of Gorrie last week at \$4.25 per cwt., and Hy. Dickett two at \$4.35 per cwt. These are the best sales we have heard, and we think the price low enough for good cattle.

Mr. Jas. Wright, who took the contract of delivering the stones at the school, is working at them, but owing to the deep snow and the ice coated stones, the work is exceedingly disagreeable.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Hamilton, jr., of Gorrie, came up on Saturday night and spent Sunday at the home of R. G. Nay.

Mr. Bushfield sold a cow to Jno. Lewis of Clifford the other day at \$45.00. She is a good one and well worth the money.

AMENDMENT TO THE ELECTION LAW.

A new election law has been introduced into the Legislature which repeals all previous legislation dealing with this matter. The chief object in the law is to make the Ontario election legislation correspond with that of the Dominion and to provide the same machinery for elections in both cases. The language of the Act has been made as simple as possible. The Dominion secret ballot has been adopted without change or modification, the poll book as formerly used has been abolished, and for a substitute the polling list is extracted from a certified copy of the revised voters' list; this last is to be final, and the person whose name does not appear has no vote, thus doing away with the tendered ballot. The franchise is to be extended to Indians other than those living on reserves. The temporary absence of a voter from home, even if not in pursuance of his occupation, will not disqualify him. Applications for or a promise of a Government job is to be made a corrupt practice. It is also to be made a corrupt act to supply conveyances, which are ordinarily used for hire, for the carrying of voters to the polls.

Additional Locals.

—John Hunstein went to Toronto this week.

—During this period of big snowstorms and bad roads, those who can manipulate snowshoes are very fortunate. Some Carrick young men use this method of going to see their sweethearts. A farmer on the 2nd concession came across some snowshoe tracks last Sunday and followed them through fields and woods and over creeks, but could not tell whether they came from the B line or the 10th concession.—Com.

AN INCREASE IN SMALLPOX

What the Comparative Figures of the Province of Ontario Show.

A despatch from Toronto says: In the annual report to the Ontario Board of Health Dr. Hodggets, Secretary of the board, draws attention to the fact that during 1907 there was an increase of smallpox compared with 1906. Commenting upon the position, he says that the total of 833 cases reported fails to represent the actual number of cases. As the result of inquiries made by the officers of the board it has been found that large numbers of cases of smallpox have occurred without medical attendance being called in owing to ignorance of the true nature of the disease from which the patients were suffering. In other instances cases had been concealed on account of fear of quarantine. This has resulted in the spread of the disease. In many municipalities the disease was not recognized, but was diagnosed as chickenpox or impetigo. Local health authorities

were therefore again cautioned that when a case of eruptive disease is known to exist no time should be lost in ascertaining its true character. Diphtheria shows little difference as compared with 1906, and 283 deaths resulted. Only about half the number of cases of enteric were reported last year as in the previous twelve months, but the disease was of a more severe type, and it was responsible for 425 deaths, as against 697 for the preceding year. Dr. Hodggets remarks with satisfaction that the increased interest shown by local authorities in health questions is evidenced by the fact that the returns made to his department report on 92 per cent. of the estimated population of the Province. There has been an increase in the number of cases of measles and scarletina notified, but the outbreaks were of a mild type.

THE LANCASTER BILL.

The Measure to Regulate Speed at Crossings Amended.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In the Senate Railway Committee on Thursday morning the Lancaster Bill for the protection of railway level crossings in the thickly settled portions of cities, towns and villages was amended by the adoption of an amendment proposed by Senator Beique. The bill in its new form provides that "no train shall pass over any highway crossing, at rail level, in any thickly populated portion of any city, town, or village at a greater speed than 10 miles an hour, unless such crossing is constructed and thereafter duly maintained in accordance with the orders, regulations, and directions of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council, or of the Board in force, with respect thereto, or unless such crossing is properly protected in accordance with such orders, regulations, and directions, or unless permission is given by some regulation or order of the board. The board may, from time to time, fix the speed in any case, at any rate that it deems proper. "The company shall have until the first day of January, 1909, to comply with the provisions of this section."

DEAD AGED 108.

Former Peterborough County Woman Passes Away in West.

A despatch from Peterborough says: Information has been received here of the death at Nesbitt, Manitoba, of Mrs. Argue, a former resident of Peterborough County, who passed away at the age of 108 years. Her maiden name was Margaret Jameson, and she was born in Ireland on Aug. 15th, 1800. She came to Canada in the early part of the century and settled in Caven Township, Peterborough County. She moved to Manitoba with her grandson in 1886 and had resided there since. The family records showed that she would have been 108 years of age next August. Some of her relatives claim that Mrs. Argue was 111 years old.

THE LOST HAND AND EYE.

Thomas Leroy Badly Injured in Cobalt Explosion.

A despatch from Cobalt says: Whilst making an upraise to connect with the surface from the east drift, Thomas Leroy, a Frenchman, aged 56, and a native of Buckingham, fell into the Kendall shaft on Tuesday. In some manner not yet explained he caused some loose powder to explode. He had one arm badly lacerated, lost two fingers and a thumb and had to have an eye removed. Leroy, who is a married man with a large family, now lies in a precarious condition at the local hospital.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA ACT

Will Be Disallowed By the Dominion Government.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Canadian Government have sent instructions to the agent of the Justice Department in British Columbia to promptly take legal action either by habeas corpus proceedings or otherwise to restrain the Provincial authorities from any attempt to enforce against Japanese immigrants the penalties imposed in the Natal act, just passed at Durban. Under the act the Province is empowered to allow Japanese immigrants who land educationally to be employed in any way to interfere with the rights of Japanese subjects in Canada, as guaranteed by treaty.

It is clearly ultra vires, the courts can at once grant the release of any immigrant whom the Province attempts to penalize, and recourse for damages for illegal arrest may be had against the Province. As soon as an official copy of the act reaches Ottawa it will promptly be disallowed. Meanwhile assurances have been sent by cable to the Japanese Government that the action of the British Columbia Legislature will not be allowed in any way to interfere with the rights of Japanese subjects in Canada, as guaranteed by treaty.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.19; No. 2 northern, \$1.15; feed wheat, 66c; No. 2 feed, 61c, lake ports.
Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 95c to 96c outside; No. 2 red, 95c to 96c; No. 2 mixed, 95c; goose, 91c to 92c.
Barley—No. 2, nominal around 70c.
Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 63½c to 64c, Toronto freights. Old corn, about 72c; none offering; inferior, 62c to 63½c.
Peas—85c to 86c.
Rye—No. 2, 81c outside.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 65½c to 66c.
Oats—No. 2 white, 51c to 52c outside, 53c to 54c on track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 49c to 50c outside.
Flour—Prices of the leading Manitoba grades are very firm, as follows: Patents, special brands, \$6; seconds, \$5.40; strong bakers', \$5.30. Winter wheat patents very dull, around \$3.60.
Bran—Full cars, when they can be obtained, are not sold less than \$24 per ton. When part of a car the price ranges from \$22.50 up.
Shorts—The price is now \$24, buyers' bags.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Poultry—
Young turkeys, extra choice . . . 13c to 15c
Young geese 9c to 11c
Young ducks 9c to 11c
Chickens, choice 9c to 11c
Old fowl 6c to 8c
Inferior chicks and fowls . . . 5c to 7c
Butter—
Creamery, prints 30c to 30c
do solids 28c to 30c
Dairy prints 25c to 27c
do large rolls 23c to 24c
do solids 22c to 23c
Inferior 20c to 21c
Eggs—Storage, 21c to 22c per dozen, in case lots; selects, 25c to 26c; new-laid, 29c to 30c.
Cheese—Steady at 13½c for large and 13c for twins, in job lots here.
Beans—\$1.70 to \$1.75 for primes and \$1.80 to \$1.85 for hand-picked.
Potatoes—70c to 75c per bag in car lots on track here.
Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails, and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.
Baled Straw—\$10 per ton on track here.
Baled Hay—Timothy, \$16 to \$17 in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$22 to \$22.50 per barrel; mess, \$18 to \$18.50.
Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 12c; pails, 12½c.
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 9½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 14c to 15c; hams, large, 12½c to 13c; backs, 16c to 17c; shoulders, 40c; rolls, 40c to 45c; breakfast bacon, 14c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Feb. 18.—Eastern Canada No. 2 white oats, 53c; No. 3, 50c; No. 4, 48c; rejected, 47c, and Manitoba rejected, 49c to 49½c per bushel, ex-store.
A steady volume of trade is being done in flour. Choice spring wheat patents, \$3.10; seconds, \$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.75; straight rollers, \$5.50; do., in bags, \$2.67; extra, \$2.05 to \$2.10.
The local millfed market is very active. Manitoba bran, \$23 to \$25.50; middlings, \$27 to \$29 per ton, including bags; milled meal, \$28 to \$32, and pure grain meal \$35 to \$37 per ton.
Rolled Oats and Corn—Rolled oats, \$2.75; corn, \$1.60 to \$1.70 per bag.
The firm undertone in the local cheese market is being well maintained. September westerns are selling at 13c to 13½c for white, and 13½c to 13¾c for colored.
Butter—Grass goods, 29c to 30c; current receipts, 28c to 29c.
Eggs—Newly-laid, 32c to 33c; select, 26c to 27c; No. 1 limed, 20c to 22c; No. 2, 15c to 17c.
Provisions—Barrels short cut-mess, \$22.50 to \$23; half-barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.25, clear fat back, \$23.20 to \$24.50; long cut heavy mess, \$21 to \$24; half-barrels do., \$10.50 to \$11.25; dry salt long clear backs, 10½c to 11½c; barrels plate beef, \$13.50 to \$15; half-barrels do., \$10 to \$11; half-barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 10c to 11c; pure lard, 12½c to 13c; kettle rendered, 12½c; Windsor bacon, 13c; hams, 12c to 13½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; fresh killed abattoir dressed, \$8.50 to \$8.75; alive, \$6.25 to \$6.50.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Not many export cattle were offered; a few picked ones sold as high as \$5.20. Other choice exporters sold for \$4.75 to \$5.15.
There were plenty of good butchers' cattle offered and prices eased off a bit, \$5 being the highest price for picked butchers'. Straight leads of choice cattle brought from \$4.50 to \$4.90, medium \$3.90 to \$4.40 and common from \$3.40 to \$3.70.
Medium and common cows were stronger, medium selling at \$3.25 to \$3.50 and common at \$2.50 to \$3.25. Very few stockers were on the markets. A lot of 50 sold for \$3 to \$3.60.
There was a good supply of calves, and, while prices did not decline, trade was slow. Sheep were steady at former prices, and were in good demand.

POLICE FIRED ON THE MOB

Five Sunnites Killed and Twenty Injured at Bombay.

A despatch from Bombay, India, says: Serious rioting occurred here on Thursday evening during the course of the celebration of the Muharram, the first month of the Mohammedan year, arising from dispute between the Sunnites or orthodox section and the Shi'as, the second great division of Mohammedans. The police arrested several Sunnites and the mob demanded their release, which demand was refused. The mob thereupon stoned the police, injuring two of them. The police commander and other European officers fired upon the rioters, killing at least five of them and injuring forty, twenty of whom were seriously wounded.

It is believed that others were killed and their bodies moved by relatives, for during the course of the afternoon and evening several similar clashes occurred. Eventually the 7 troops were called out and are now camping at night in the streets. The native quarter, however, is abnormally quiet.

EIGHT PERSONS KILLED.

Big Four Passenger Train Struck an Electric Car.

A despatch from Toledo, Ohio, says: Eight people were killed and a dozen injured when a Big Four passenger train struck a Toledo & Western electric car at the Michigan Central crossing in West Toledo on Saturday night. According to an eye-witness, the conductor stopped at the crossing to flag the car across. Seeing the train coming, he motioned to the motorman to stop, but the signal was either misunderstood or not heeded, for the car came ahead and the collision followed.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

Freedom of London to be Conferred on Famous Nurse.

A despatch from London says: The Corporation of the City of London will confer the freedom of the city on Florence Nightingale, the organizer of the nursing in the Crimean War, and who has otherwise made herself beloved by her charities to soldiers. She is now in her 89th year.

GREAT MEETING OF MAYORS.

Earl Grey Will Address Chief Magistrates of Ontario.

A despatch from Toronto says: His Excellency the Governor-General will visit Toronto the first week in March for the purpose of addressing a gathering of all the Mayors of Ontario, who are to be invited here by his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.

EIGHTY THOUSAND IDLE.

Distress Becoming Acute in Berlin — Socialists Demand Relief.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: More than 80,000 workmen in this city are without employment, and a Council of Ministers was held a few days ago to provide measures for their relief. The Socialistic party in the Reichstag is very insistent that something shall be done and the Ministry had to face the situation. No practical conclusions were reached.

MEN OVER 65 TO QUIT.

Grand Trunk Issues Orders — Some May be Re-engaged.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Orders have been issued to the heads of the Grand Trunk Railway System instructing them immediately to retire from the service all employees who have reached the age of 65 years. This is in accordance with the new pension rules. Provision is made for any of those who are over 65 but still active. On application for a renewal of their term consideration will be taken of their claim.

A German lawyer asked the court to impose a sentence of 1,461 years in prison on a man found guilty of selling foreign lottery tickets.

A British expedition against the Afridis, on the northwestern frontier of India, has captured the tribe's most important stronghold.

The trade in lambs, both grain-fed and common, was slower, but prices were unchanged.

The price of hogs is reported unchanged. The market is weak, owing to the large numbers offering.

SCALDED TO DEATH.

Engineer and Fireman on a Grand Trunk Train.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The passenger train from Montreal on the Grand Trunk Railway due here at 10.30 on Saturday night left the track after passing Eastman Springs station through a broken rail. The engine, after going a car's length on the ties, fell over on its side, carrying the baggage car along with it. The passenger cars all kept the track. William Robertson Martin, fireman, was scalded to death, and Alfred Parks, engineer, died in the hospital here on Sunday from the injuries received. Both resided in Ottawa East. Parks was 43 years of age and leaves a widow and family. Martin was married about three months ago. Those in the baggage car received some scratches and bruises, but nothing serious. There were none of the passengers injured.

RIDING MOUNTAINS GAS.

Prospects of Obtaining an Abundant Supply.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: There are prospects that an abundant supply of natural gas will soon be secured from Riding Mountains district equal to that now available at Medicine Hat. The Government outfit has been working eighteen miles north of Neepawa for some time, and last week they were down 150 feet. At that depth they struck gas in such quantity that when lighted paper was thrown down the well the gas burned and flames shot twenty or thirty feet in the air and the roaring could be heard for a long distance. The gas, however, burned out after a short time, but experts have examined the situation and say that when the shaft is put deeper there will be plenty of gas.

PANIC IN A THEATRE.

Several People Trampled Upon, but no One Killed.

A despatch from Medicine Hat, Alberta, says: The moving picture machine in the "Idle Hour Theatre" blew up on Thursday night when the place was densely crowded. Fire broke out and a panic ensued. Coats and hats were lost in a wild rush for the door, and several of the audience were trampled upon, but all escaped serious injury, with the exception of the lessee, Charles Ness, whose hands were badly burned, and who is at present in the hospital. The theatre was gutted and a new piano destroyed.

Three officials of the Big Six, a New York branch of the International Typographical Union, were fined \$250 each and sent to jail for twenty days for disobeying an injunction.

VICTIM MADE GREAT FIGHT

Wounded Ten Lynchers Before He Was Overpowered.

A despatch from Valdosta, Georgia, says: Attacked by a mob of lynchers just across the Florida line on Tuesday, Jack Long, a white man, fought his assailants desperately, wounding ten of them and forcing the others to kill him in the fight.
Long was accused of killing James Sapp, a wealthy citizen. A son of Sapp had killed a brother of Long's and escaped.
Long saw the father of the slayer and shot him to death. Long was arrested, and fifty men visited the prison and

took the prisoner out to hang him. A spectator says Long fought the mob to a standstill in the prison, but was knocked down with a club as he ran out of the door. Then another fight ensued, in which the combined strength of the men were required to subdue the prisoner. A start to a place four hundred yards distant was made, but Long fought every inch of the way, the path being marked with splashes of blood.
It is said he was beaten to death before he was finally hanged. Four of the members of the mob were wounded so badly that they may die.

THE SACRIFICE;

OR
FOR HER FAMILY'S SAKE.

CHAPTER XXXIV.—(Continued.)

Lora in the mean time went from picture to picture, but she saw nothing. A perfect storm of emotions was raging within her.

She stood on the steps of the high altar and listened to a long lecture from the Madonna, but she did not understand a word. She only heard that voice that she had never expected to hear again, as it came up to her from below.

The gentlemen, in eager conversation, walked toward the door. When he reached the door the general looked round for Lora. She hurried up and went out past them into the narrow street, and the others slowly followed. The doctor seemed unable to keep his eyes off the slender figure before him, as if he must make up for the time she had been lost to him.

She seemed to feel this gaze, and she opened her parasol and laid it over her shoulder, though the sun was shining in her face.

At length she stopped before the Palazzo Madama. "I am very tired, uncle," she said.

"You had better drive home, then, and I will trot after you," replied the old gentleman, looking anxiously at her pale face. "I have company; do you lie down and rest." And he called for a carriage.

"Yes—good-bye!" She nodded pleasantly, and the carriage rolled away.

At home she lay down obediently, and closed her eyes, which burned like fire. She longed so for rest, but her heart beat and throbbed horribly. If she only need never have seen him again!

"If only uncle will not bring him home to dinner," she thought; "I cannot bear it." And yet she hoped for it.

No, the old gentleman came alone. But they had made an appointment for the following day, to visit the Lateran Museum.

But Lora would not go out the next morning. What ailed her? She was not usually so capricious. The general went away alone, grumbling. He had appointed a meeting with Schonberg at a restaurant on the Ciro, and he turned his steps thither.

Lora sat down by the open door of the balcony, for the sun was shining outside, and filled the little court with delightful warmth. She had taken up a piece of work, and as she looked at herself under her hands, she thought of her own fate and that of her family, only to arrive at the same conclusion as ever, that all happiness was over forever for her, for there was no one in the world for her but him, and he stood on the other side of Katie's grave, and that quiet, green mound was raised between them—an insuperable obstacle. She was so deep in thought that she did not hear Gemma's voice in the corridor: "The signora is at home."

A moment later he was standing before her, tall and stately, in his simple gray travelling costume, and the sunlight that streamed through the whole room played about his brown hair and made the eyes that were gazing at her more brilliant than usual.

"I have missed your uncle," he said, drawing up a chair. "Will you allow me to rest for the walk has tired me a little; this Rome is very fascinating. How happens it that you are not out in the sun and air, too?"

She sat opposite him, surprised and confused.

"I felt tired, too," she replied.

"I hope I am not disturbing you, Lora?" he said gently, calling her by her name, which he had hitherto avoided. "Confess that you wish me a thousand miles away—isn't it so? Shall I go?"

"Yes," she said frankly, "go." And she drew a long breath.

"Only a few words more, Lora. Who knows when we shall see each other alone again? I wanted to ask you to let the past be forgotten."

She looked at him with anger in her eyes. His speech sounded foolish to her. As if one could blot out the past from one's memory at a word!

"Oh," she said slowly, and her voice sounded bitter rather than ironical, "why should we bring up all that? You told me long ago that you had forgotten, though you did not say it in words." And she remembered how she had received the announcement of his engagement here on this very spot.

"I have expressed myself badly; I meant to forgive instead of forget. And I swear to you, Lora, that I do not bear malice against you, that you—"

She turned her head away proudly. "It is very kind of you. You think, then, that I gave you up for a mere whim, from a desire to be a rich woman, for Heaven knows what—some incomprehensible reason—that—"

"I do not think anything of the sort, for I know that you—I have forgiven, and I do not blame you any more, but you ought to forgive, too, Lora."

"Accept the assurance of my full pardon, though I do not know what it is for."

"What for?" He looked at her sorrowfully. "Is it not a grave fault in me to have offered your sister my hand, without the slightest affection for her? I had not even the excuse of accomplishing a good work by it, as—"

"Not another word!" she cried trembling. "It is easy indeed to declare of the dead that you never gave her your heart. Katie's lips are dumb—"

He flushed deeply, but he did not take his eyes from her face.

"I repeat it," he said firmly, "I did not love your sister."

"Let us drop the subject," she said shortly.

He obeyed, and was silent.

She sprang up and went hastily across to the fireplace, in which the last coals were glimmering. She poked at them aimlessly with the tongs, and looked up the little bellows without using them. At last she came back, and standing before him in the brilliant sunshine, which showed him so plainly the fine lines that grief had made in her face, she said gently:

"We will not quarrel about the old story, it would do no good; and I am ready to accept your proposition—let us be friends. We have each given pain to the other only with this difference, that I was not my own mistress, that I nearly died in—but we will not speak of that, only do not try to comfort me with fictions that I do not believe. Leave the dead her rights."

"Lora, you are unjust to me. I did not know, then, that you were forced into your marriage; and, deeply injured by your desertion, I rushed headlong—oh, don't ask me about it!"

"Well, then, let us be friends," she said, ignoring his words.

"Yes, good friends," he repeated, and a sad smile flitted over his face, unseen by her.

And then they sat together and talked of matters that were very remote from their thoughts, and as they talked their eyes met constantly with a searching, inquiring look, as if they were looking for a single ray of that happiness which had once shone for them. It was so very quiet up here that nothing disturbed them in the questions and answers that at first came quickly, and then more and more slowly.

The general seemed, to-day, to have forgotten the dinner hour. Gemma, tripping about on tiptoe, had noiselessly laid the table and brought in fine soup.

Lora asked Ernest in a few nasty words to stay. They sat opposite each other like a young married couple at their first dinner; possibly the comparison may have suggested itself to both. For one moment her eyes met his, full of all the old faithful affection; then she suddenly turned away her head, and two great tears ran down her face.

They did not speak much more during the little meal.

"To our good friendship!" he said once touching his glass to hers. Then he asked if she would not go to walk, and as she assented he conducted her, leaning on his arm, through the streets of Rome, and she thought how she had once dreamed of wandering here like this with him, and that it had now come to pass, and yet how differently!

(To be Continued.)

WITH TRAGEDY ON TRAGEDY.

Emperor Francis Joseph Has Not Had a Happy Reign.

Fifty-nine years ago, on December 2nd, 1848, the Emperor Francis Joseph ascended the throne of Austria.

The Hapsburg family might well be called a house of tragedy. With the chief events in the aged Emperor's life our readers are doubtless well acquainted, but the same fate seems to have haunted other members of the family.

Francis Joseph's brother Maximilian, who was married to a sister of King Leopold of Belgium, became Emperor of Mexico. He was supported by Napoleon III, who afterwards deserted him. The United States Government ultimately seized Maximilian, and he was shot as a traitor.

After the tragic death of the Crown Prince Rudolph, Archduke John Salvator, one of the heirs-presumptive to the throne, renounced his rights. Adopting the name of John Orth, he set out for America, but the vessel in which he sailed was never heard of again, and the archduke's fate is unknown to this day.

These are only two of the dramatic stories encircling the house of Hapsburg. It would seem as though grief, hatred, and unhappiness were the inevitable lot of members of this Royal house.

WHY HE SOBBED.

There was a young fellow named Harry, Whom a coy girl invited to tarry. She said, "This leap year Let us wedded be, dear."

But he sobbed out, "I don't want to marry."

The Farm

PIG BREEDING.

There is every probability that the supply of hogs for the market next summer will be short, and prices high. Owing to the scarcity and high price of feed, many breeding sows have been sent to the butcher's market, and the stock of pigs reduced to a lower limit than usual; and, unless the coming spring proves unusually favorable for the expected litters, there is sure to be a shortage of suitable sows for the packing-houses. As a rule, April is a safe month in which to have the litters come, as they need not be long confined to close quarters, and are much safer to thrive if allowed to run out on the ground for exercise in fine weather. The period of gestation in the case of the sow is generally sixteen weeks to a day or two, no other class of stock producing so nearly within the allotted time. To facilitate the service where a large, heavy sire is in use, or, indeed, in any case, whether the boar be large or small, a breeding crane kept in his pen is a great convenience and saving of time, and those who have adopted it would not think of doing without it. As a rule, one service is sufficient, and as effectual as more, though, in the case of sows that have proved difficult to settle, a second service at a later day of the period of heat may prove successful. The sow, after service, should be kept quiet in a pen alone for a day or two, or until her heat has passed.

Success in securing litters depends largely on the treatment of the pregnant sow. Regular exercise, and plenty of it, is essential, and to this end the feed should be, to some extent, whole grain, scattered upon the ground or upon a plank platform, to keep the sows on their feet. A raw mangel or sugar beet thrown on the ground to scoop, will also tend to keep them employed. Gold, sloppy feed fed to the sow is believed to have a bad effect on the pigs she is carrying and if meal is fed, it is safer to give it dry, the water or swill being given in a separate trough. A mixture of pulped mangels and cut clover or clover leaves, with a little meal sprinkled over it, is ideal feed for a brood sow.

A dry bed in an open shed, or one with an open door to the barnyard, where she can go out at any time, is a better arrangement than keeping the sow in a close pen where regular exercise is not easily available. If a litter is due to come in the winter months, provision should be made to secure sufficient warmth. The sow should become accustomed to her quarters a couple of weeks before she is due to farrow. If the pen is not considered warm enough, it may be improved in that respect by putting up extra studding by the outer walls, tacking rough lumber on them, and filling in between with straw or horse manure. A second covering overhead of a temporary character will also help to make the place warmer. The sow's feed at this time should be relaxing, in order to avoid constipation. Root's and bran slop will tend to keep the bowels open. The bedding should be of dry, short straw, and not too plentiful. It is well to keep watch over the sow when her time is up, and to see that the little ones do not get away from her side. As a rule, it is not wise to interfere more than is necessary with the sow, but if she is restless, and gets to rising often, it is well to have a basket at hand, covered with a blanket, in which to put the pigs till all are born and the sow is quiet, when they should be placed beside her, and, if necessary, helped to find the needed nourishment. The sow should not be disturbed for feeding for twelve hours after farrowing, and only a warm drink of bran slop given. Her feed for the first two or three days should be light, and gradually increased.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Gather the eggs three or four times a day, or they will chill. Eggs should be kept in a temperature not below 50 degrees if intended for hatching.

The farmer's horse in winter, if not hard worked, will do better, and his coat look better, if wintered on bright straw and two quarts of oats night and morning, than if fed all the good timothy hay he will eat.

Do not keep the cows too closely confined, let them become accustomed to remaining out every day that is not stormy. Unless ventilation and sanitation be perfect, confining cows all the time weakens their constitution, and their health is liable to be damaged. Cows in this condition are much more liable to disease.

You often hear it said that "like begets like." As a rule this is true; yet it is on the deviation from this rule that our hopes for improvement depend. Some of the offspring will be better than their progenitors; others not so good. Breed only from the best. If you breed from a good dam, and a sire whose dam is good, you have a strong point in breeding. Do not make the mistake of trying to breed for the greatest yield of milk, butter, cheese and beef in the same animals. Breed for a purpose. There is no such thing as a general-purpose cow, horse or hen. The cow that produces 900 pounds of but-

A Broken Vow;

OR
BETTER THAN REVENGE.

CHAPTER I.

"Turn your face towards London! What do you see?"

The man on the bed was too weak to turn, and kept his gaze fixed upon the ceiling above him. The woman who sat beside the bed, with her elbows propped on her knees and her chin supported in her palms, stared before her as though she could look straight through the wall of that upper room in the Hotel of the Three Skaters in the good city of Antwerp. Very slowly, as though she saw a vision afar off, she answered the weak voice that had asked the question.

"I see—in that London to which I am going—a girl," she said, speaking grimly enough through her teeth. "All the beauty and the brightness of life that should have been mine have been hers; all the love that has never touched this barren, desolate heart of mine has belonged to her. Child of a father whose name has been a byword, she has grown up in ignorance; she does not understand how she is hated and despised; she is to understand it now."

"Good—very good," came the whisper from the man in the bed. "You have not been taught your lesson for nothing, Olive; you do not bear your mother's name for nothing. The shadows are closing fast about me. It is written in the great Book of Life and Death that my life is to go out here, like the smoke of a poor blown-out lamp. Before I go let me be sure that you understand what you are to do; let me know that all I have prayed and hoped for through so many years will not come to nothing now, when my life closes. Say the words I taught you—on the grave of your young mother—years ago. Say them now!"

A white, thin hand had come out from among the bed-clothes; the hand groped for and reached that of the woman sitting beside the bed. Holding it in both her own, and never relaxing her gaze straight at the wall before her, she spoke very slowly and deliberately:

"In the great London that holds her—young and bright and pure, and unspotted from the world—I am to find her—to give her your message—to fulfil that message. This is it, 'Even as he—your father—robbed and ruined me and mine, so in the time to come I will rob and ruin you, who bear his name. There is no other lesson I have learnt; strongly as that; there is no lesson I know so well. I will trick you and yours, as he tricked those who were mine. I will humble you to the dust, as he humbled mine. I will bring you to want and shame and misery, as he brought me and mine. Is that right?'"

"You have not forgotten; you are not of the stuff to forget, Olive. There is a God of vengeance; he shall speak through you. My journey ends here; here yours begins. And you will not fail."

There was silence for a long time in the room—a brooding silence on the part of the woman; silence on the part of the man, because he was at grips with Death, and was facing its approach as sternly as he had always faced Life. After a time he spoke again, without moving:

"You are not afraid, Olive?"

She laughed quietly; over her fine, strong face swept for a moment a little wave of contempt. "Afraid? I have been brought up and trained too strongly for that, father. I never had a girlhood; I don't think I was ever a child. The God I have worshipped has been one who hid his face and was always angry with the world that belonged to Him. You taught me to hate when I was a baby—to hate all sorts of things that seemed good and pleasant. You made me take this oath as regards Lucy Ewing when I was quite a girl. My mother was something to be spoken of in hushed whispers before I could understand what wrong she had done. No; I have not been trained to be afraid of anything. The stuff of which you have made me does not breed emotions."

This was the end of a long journey. To this quaint, quiet little Hotel of the Three Skaters in Antwerp had come a man not yet old—Daniel Varney—and a woman older than her years—his daughter Olive. This was the end of the journey, because Death had stepped in, and stopped it. It was to have ended in London; it was to have finished with a young girl crouching before the indignant figure of this grey-haired man, denouncing her; it was to have been a matter of an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth. Dying, the man left all that bitter business to his daughter, who had been trained carefully enough to follow out that which he had started. It had begun some fifteen years before; and it had begun in this fashion:

Daniel Varney—the man who now lay

at the point of death in the little hotel in Antwerp—had married comparatively late in life, and had married for love. His wife had been a mere girl, and he had not understood her. A grave and elderly man even for his years, he had set about to make her grave an elderly too, before she had done with the bright and pretty things of her girlhood. Gradually he had set up a heavy barrier of distrust and misunderstanding between them; gradually he had driven her further and further away. Even the advent of her girl-baby had not tended to improve matters; it had become a light between the two as to which should hold the child—a poor struggle, bad for themselves and worse for the girl.

It had gone on until the girl was fourteen or fifteen years of age, and the unhappy mother and father were travelling with her from place to place on the Continent. Daniel Varney was a rich man at the time, and was able to give them, in his own stern, grudging fashion, all that they needed; but love, in the best sense, he gave to no one.

At the moment when his hard theories in regard to the education of the girl had clashed most strongly with those of his wife, there came into the story another element.

That element had been Mr. Roland Ewing—bright, happy-go-lucky, worthless—and a widower. He had left behind in England a child of five—a girl. He was travelling in order to overcome a very natural grief at the loss of his wife. Mrs. Daniel Varney was a young woman still, and a pretty one; and she had a desperate heartache, born of fifteen years of coldness and misunderstanding and neglect. They drifted together—and the man was very, very sorry for her, and seemed all at once to be the one being who could understand all that she had missed.

Poor Olive Varney could remember a night when a familiar figure was gone from the house, and from her life; a night when her father stood, like a thing turned to stone, and read a letter in which his wife bade him farewell for the last time. Olive was fifteen then; she was frightened, and did not understand. Unhappy as her life had been, she had always turned instinctively towards the young and pretty mother who had been the brightest thing she had known. That mother was gone, without even a word to herself; and she had gone in such a fashion that her name was never again to be mentioned.

(To be Continued.)

BITS OF INFORMATION.

Interesting Items of Knowledge About "Most Everything."

There are about 600,000 people employed in Italy rearing silkworms.

An express engine consumes on an average ten gallons of water per mile. In Chicago loaves of bread must bear the weight and the name of the baker. Lake Huron is dotted with over 3,000 islands. This is more than any other lake has in the world.

According to bakers, people eat 25 per cent. more bread when the weather is cold than when it is mild.

Every year the sacred shrine of Mecca, the "Caaba," is re-covered with a costly carpet sent by the Sultan. A single one of these coverings has cost \$75,000.

Santa Rosa, California, has a church capable of seating 200, all built out of the timber sawn from a single redwood tree.

Embroidered Belts

NEW belts of white scrim are heavily embroidered in padded roses of embroidery cotton. They are quite a novel fashion, and the loosely woven scrim is such an excellent material for the purpose.

Beltting may also be embroidered in the same way, though for the latter, flatter flowers—forget-me-nots, primroses, daisies—are more satisfactory.

Belts are so small and narrow that it takes very little time to ornament them in most elaborate designs, and they may be carried around so easily that no time need be wasted, for the work may always be on hand.

VERSE ADVICE.

A gentle word, gently spoken, O! saves your face from being broken.

Alaska babies do not cry. They try it and then give up the bad habit from choice. To this desirable end they are gently persuaded by their mothers. When a baby begins to cry the mother takes a pot of water, fills her mouth with the liquid, and squirts it into the face of the weeping infant. If the cry increases in force, so does the stream of water. No word is spoken, no blow is struck, but the victory is sure. Very soon the infant begins to connect weeping with the squirting of water in its face. Becoming firmly convinced that the two things are connected, the child

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF EAST BRUCE AND EAST HURON.

Terms:—\$1 per year in advance; Otherwise \$1.25.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	One Year.	Six months.	Three months.
One column.....	\$30	\$18	\$10
Half column.....	15	9	5
Quarter column.....	8	5	3
Eighth column.....	4	3	2

Legal notices, 50 per line for first and 40 per line for each subsequent insertion.
Local business notices 50 per line each insertion. No local less than 25 cents.
Contract advertising payable quarterly.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.

Ruined His Feet—Used a ten cent corn Selve—for a quarter he could have cured his corns with Putman's Painless Corn Extractor. Use the best—"Putman's."

Set a pitcher of water in a room and in a few hours it would have absorbed all the gases in the room, the air will be pure and the water utterly filthy. The colder the water is the greater the capacity to hold these gases. Impure water is more injurious than impure air. This demonstrates the fact that any water for drinking purposes carried into the sleeping room should be bottled or well covered and placed in the open window when possible.

The majority of the members of the Ontario Legislature have presented to the House petitions from churches of all denominations, temperance societies and kindred organizations in all parts of the province calling upon the government to alter the three-fifths clause in the local option section of the liquor license act while others go further and ask for the total abolition of the public drinking.

The custom of ladies having the privilege of offering marriage in leapear is taken from an old Act of the Scottish Parliament, passed in the 13th century whereby it was "Ordonit that during the rein of her maist blessid Majestie Margaret, ilka maiden laidee of baith high and low estait, schale hae libertie to speak the man she likes. If he refuses to tak her to be his wyf, he schale be mulct in the sum of one hundred pounds or less, as his estait may bee, except an alwas gif he can mak it appear that he is betrothit to another woman, then he schale be free."

Cure For Sick Women—When pains gather around the hips and lodge in the small of the back—when to stoop or bend seems impossible, when dizzy spells and bearing down pains are ever present—that's the time to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Irregularities disappear, vital energy is restored, back trouble is forgotten. The ailing sick woman gains strength, improves in looks, increases in spirit by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They cure the conditions that rob of health and vigor. No medicine so helpful as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25c. at all dealers.

The Toronto Globe tells of a romantic though rather melancholy aspect given to a funeral near Allandale on Sunday by reason of the snow blocking of the roads. Rev. A. J. Paul, who was in the city told of how after he had conducted a burial service the procession started for the Union cemetery at Barrie, but when at the Roman Catholic cemetery, about a mile and a half from their destination, the roads became impassible. The pallbearers then lifted the casket out of the hearse and, placing it on a toboggan, strapped on snowshoes and drew it the rest of the way to the grave, where the interment took place, the mourners standing about on their snowshoes and muffled up in their great coats while the coffin was lowered into the ground.

With a sharp-pointed steel drill in his stomach, Mr. Andrew Bowlby, one of Windsor's best-known citizens, is moving about gingerly and wondering what will happen next. While in a dentist's chair the other day a small drill used for boring into a diseased tooth became detached, and before it could be caught, had slipped down Mr. Bowlby's throat and presumably into his stomach, where it now resides. The doctors may use the X-rays to locate the drill.

Is Your Throat Husky?—This is the first step towards Catarrh. Everything depends on your remedy. A cough mixture slips quickly over the weak spots, drops into the stomach and does little but harm digestion. It's altogether different with Catarrhzone—it cures because it gets right at the trouble. You inhale Catarrhzone, breathe in the vapor of healing balsams that strengthen and restore the weak throat tissues. You'll not have colds or coughs—Throat Trouble and Catarrh will disappear with the use of Catarrhzone. At all dealers 25c. and \$1.00. Get it to-day.

Last week the Review told of a telegraph lineman who started on Monday to dig down to reach a telegraph line which he was sent out to repair and as he shovelled down he came across another lineman who had been sent out a week before and who was industriously digging up to reach the wire. This story is eclipsed by a Huron man who says he was walking over the snow banks when he fell into a hole and landed in the motive.

INVESTIGATE
Into the merits of the

CENTRAL Business College
STRATFORD, ONT.

It is the most successful business training school in Western Ontario. Our Commercial, Shorthand and Telegraphic Departments are in the charge of able instructors of experience. All our courses are thorough, up-to-date and practical. We have become one of the largest business training schools in the province. Get our free catalogue and learn what we are doing. Commercial schools as well as business men employ our graduates. Students are entering each week. Enter Now.

Elliott & McLaughlin,
PRINCIPALS.

J. J. Daly, a land swindler, formerly of Guclph and well remembered by many farmers in Western Ontario to their deep regret and financial loss, is again under arrest in Toronto for a new swindle attempt, after getting out of central prison by some bogus process.

Stop that tickling Cough! Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure will surely stop it, and with perfect safety. It is so thoroughly harmless, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers to use nothing else even with very young babies. The wholesome green leaves and tender stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to injure or suppress. Demand Dr. Shoop's Take no other. J. Coates.

We notice by the London Free Press that Aggie Thomas, who was tried here last fall on the charge of shooting Philip Gilbert of Warton, is again in trouble. She was tried on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, and was sent up for 6 months. Unless Aggie changes her ways she runs a big chance of coming to a bad end.

Have you Nervous Dyspepsia?—How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds real misery to life. Not the stomach but nerves are affected. Starved nerves cause the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone because it's a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich red blood. This is the savings bank of health. The richer the blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the nervous system, invigorates the digestive organs and presto! the nervous disturbance disappears. You'll try Ferrozone, 50c. per box at all dealers.

The private telephone system running from Fordwich to points in the townships of Howick and Wallace has been connected at Fordwich with the Bell Telephone Lines, so that an exchange of conversations over the two systems is now possible.

Alliston has struck an idea to help along the good work of getting new industries. The council will pay \$50 to any ratepayer of the town through whose efforts there is a concern, employing thirty hands or more, but finally locates there, the grant not to be payable until the factory in operation.

The Centre Bruce Liberal convention was postponed owing to the stormy weather of last week. The report now is to the effect that Mr. W. R. MacDonald, reeve of Huron, may contest the Riding as an Independent. He is a popular young farmer, well versed in municipal affairs and a son of John S. Macdonald, formerly patron member for the Riding.

Paralyzed by Lumbago—Manual labor or even light exercise is impossible with lumbago. The muscles stiffen out like steel—to move means agony. Only a powerful remedy can penetrate deep enough to help. The surest relief comes from rubbing in Nerviline. It sinks into the very root of the trouble—penetrates where an oily liniment cannot go. To prevent lumbago returning put on a Nerviline Porous Plaster which removes inflammation and strain from the muscles, and acts as a guard from drafts and exposure. Nothing will so quickly cure these remedies. All dealers sell Polson's Nervilnd and Nerviline Porous Plasters. Refuse all substitutes.

The notorious wild cat or lynx that has been out in Redpath's swamp for several winters and has been seen by many people time and again (in their minds) is an exploded myth. The cat that created the yelps and yowls was a simple device invented by some mischievous school boy, by attaching a piece of smooth and thinly shaved elm to a whip he could make the most unearthly noises in the swamp at night. He did it first to frighten the schoolmaster, against whom he had a grudge, and the teacher got so scared he would not avoing go, but went at the end of the term. The device was such a success that a curfew bell was not a candle to it. Nobody went out after dark and men it is stated used to go after the cows at milking time on horseback.

THE
CORNER STORE, MILD MAY.

20 per cent. off all

Fur Coats

Fur Caps

Fur Caperines and Stoles.

20 per cent. off all

Men's and Boys' Overcoats

Men's and Boys' Pea Jackets

Ladies' and Childrens' Jackets

New Prints

Though advanced in the wholesale price, our price is still the popular price

12 1-2c for the best quality.

TERMS—CASH OR FARM PRODUCE.

J. O. HYMMEN

General Merchant.

EVERY PALE WOMAN.

READ THIS AND LEARN THE WAY TO GOOD COLOR AND BETTER HEALTH.

Pale people have pale blood. In other words the blood is watery and lacks red corpuscles.

The stomach is poor and food is not changed into blood. Naturally the system is robbed of vitality, lacks strength and reconstructive power.

Don't slip from vigor into weakness. Don't allow the appetite to fail, but instead use Ferrozone.

You're bound to feel rejuvenated and strengthened at once. Appetite is braced up, digestion is stimulated, vigor imparted to the stomach. Everything you eat is transformed into nutriment that supplies what your thin weak system needs.

Vital, life-giving blood that makes the cheeks rosy and dancing eyes—that's the kind that Ferrozone makes.

The strength and buoyancy that defies depression and tiredness, that's the sort you get with Ferrozone.

Every pale woman can transform her bleached out appearance with Ferrozone.

Not only will it improve looks and spirits, but by rebuilding all weak, tired organs, Ferrozone establishes a soundness of health that's surprising.

For women and girls who want to feel well, to look well and stay well, nothing known in the annals of medicine is so certain as Ferrozone.

Won't you try Ferrozone? Concentrated cure in tablet form, that's Ferrozone, 50c. per box or six for \$2.50 at all dealers.

A Tara man slipped while carrying in wood and had his collar bone broken. This is what comes of men attempting to do house work.

Grippe is sweeping the country. Stop it with Preventics before it gets deeply seated. To check early colds with these little Candy Cold Cure Tablets is surely sensible and safe. Preventics contain no Quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Pneumonia would never appear if early colds were promptly broken. Also good for feverish children. Large box, 48 tablets, 25 cents. Vest pocket boxes 5 cents. Sold by J. Coates.

If you have Catarrh, rido yourself of this repulsive disease. Ask Dr. Shoop of Racine, Wis., to mail you free, a trial box of his Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. A simple, single test, will surely tell you a Catarrh truth well worth your knowing. Write to-day. Don't suffer longer. J. Coates.

Wingham, Ont., Feb. 23.—A costly wreck occurred in the Canadian Pacific station yards here yesterday, almost demolishing the station buildings and badly damaging and derailing engine, tender and freight cars. When the afternoon express was arriving, a freight train which had been shunting in front of the station got foul of the main line, and the express crashed into it immediately in front of the baggage room, breaking up the platform and only stopping a few feet from the ticket office. No person was injured, there were many narrow escapes. The line will probably be cleared by to-morrow. The engine of the freight train was utilized to take the express to Teeswater.

A German of thrifty habits was in ill health. His family physician could do nothing for him and advised him to see a specialist. In the waiting room of the specialist he found a large number of patients each anxious for his turn with the famous doctor. The sick man was very much impressed with the lucrative practice which this physician have, and was growing a little nervous at the possible size of his fees. Turning to a gentleman sitting beside him he said:

"I suppose sir, that this doctor charges very high fees."

"Yes," said the gentlemen, "he charges \$50 for the first consultation and \$10 for each additional visit."

Nothing further was said, but when it came the thirty one's turn to be ushered in he met the doctor and grabbing his hand said:

"How do you do doctor. You see, here I am again."

The recount of the local option ballots in the Township of Howick came off in the Township Hall, Gorrie, on Tuesday and there was practically no change in the former figures. The Judge disallowed one ballot on each side. G. F. Blair of Goderich for the Local Optionists and R. Vanstone of Wingham for the appellants. The By-law received its third reading on Wednesday and will come into force on May 1st, 1908. It is said there were some of the returning officers guilty of some slight irregularities, but it is thought these will not upset the by-law, even though it is tested in the courts.

A deputation from Warton and the Peninsula went to Toronto last week to urge the Ontario Government to assist in building a good centre road from Warton to Tobermory. The distance is about 50 miles. The people of the North have been waiting for better communication a long time and there is no doubt the right thing to do is the completion of a good central road between the points mentioned.



First—It's the highest grade Mocha and Java Coffee that grows. Second—We blend them so the full strong flavor of one and the rich mellowness of the other mingle perfectly. Third—Our process of roasting brings out all the delicious qualities of the coffee bean.

GREIG'S WHITE SWAN COFFEE

Packed hot from the roasters in sealed parchment and again sealed in tins so it keeps fresh and strong. Ask for White Swan Coffee.

The Robt. Greig Co., Limited, Toronto

**LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
TORONTO.**

Receipts of live stock up to 2 p. m. on Tuesday, as reported by the railways, were 77 carloads, composed of 1315 cattle, 828 hogs, 524 sheep and lambs and 175 calves.

Early in the day there was a fair trade for all good cattle, but in the afternoon about 30 loads of belated stock arrived too late for the day's market. A few sales were reported late in the day at prices 10c to 15c per cwt. lower than were paid in the morning. The market closed dull and draggy, and should there be heavy receipts again on Wednesday and Thursday, prices will certainly go lower.

Exporters—There was nothing doing in the export line, excepting a few bulls, which sold at lower quotations, from \$3.50 to \$4.25 per cwt.

Butchers—Out of 1313 cattle on sale there were only 16 that were reported as selling at \$5 or over; loads of good, \$4.65 to \$4.85; and there were few of this class; medium, \$3.75 to \$4; good cows \$3.50 to \$4; medium cows \$3 to \$3.50; common cows \$2.50 to \$3.

Milkers and Springers—Altho there was a large number of milkers and springers on sale, the bulk of them were of common to medium quality, and these sold at lower quotations. There was a good demand for good quality cows. The best four cows on the market sold at \$59 each; and 36 others were quoted at \$40 to \$50 each. This goes to show that the best sold at fair prices. Common to medium cows sold all the way from \$30 to \$40 each, and inferior at \$25 to \$30 each.

Veal Calves—The good prices paid last week had the effect of fetching in a lot of trashy, inferior calves that sold at lower prices, but good quality calves were in excellent demand. Inferior to common sold at \$3 to \$4.50 per cwt; good at \$5.50 to \$6.50; and prime new milk-fed calves at \$7 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes, \$4 to \$4.75 per cwt; yearling ewes and wethers sold at \$5 to \$5.25 per cwt; rams \$3.50 to \$4; lambs at \$5.50 to \$6.50 per cwt; picked ewe and wether lambs at \$7 per cwt.

Hogs—Mr. Harris quoted the market easy at \$5.15 for select, fed and watered, and \$4.90 at country points, f. o. b. cars, as the ruling prices.

ONTARIO WHEAT.

What caused the decline in the price of Ontario wheat? What has kept the price down so low that many of our farmers stopped raising any wheat? Primarily, the farmers themselves. With the development of the West, came the introduction of wheat flours into our Province. And our farmers fell into the trap. They bought western hard wheat flours, not realizing that every dollar spent for such flour meant a dollar out of their own pockets and nothing in return. As the demand for Manitoba wheat increased, the demand for Ontario wheat decreased.

However, a few years ago, some of our millers began to experiment with wheat, and finally found that by blending Ontario wheat with a little Manitoba wheat, the resulting flour was far better for both bread and pastry, than flour made from any single kind of wheat.

Throughout the Maritime Provinces and in Toronto and other large cities, these Ontario blended flours have driven western wheat flours out of the market in many instances. Our millers have done their part, by proving that Ontario wheat—when combined with a little Manitoba wheat—makes the finest flour in the world. Now, let our farmers back up the millers by using only blended flours in their own homes. The money which they spend for flour, will then be returned to them for their Ontario wheat. The demand for Ontario wheat will thus increase prices, and the farmers will be the ones most benefited.

Prof. Mavor points out in the Financial Post that the cost of living in Toronto was 67 per cent higher in 1907 than in 1897. That is to say, \$1.67 would go only as far last year as a dollar would ten years ago. The greater proportion of the increase has been rent value of houses. In some cases rents have advanced 113 per cent. Food prices rose 46 per cent in the decade full 26 per cent and clothing 40 per cent.

A Scotch sailor and an Irishman once had a quarrel. They agreed upon a hand-to-hand encounter, to be fought to a finish, and the one who wished to acknowledge himself beaten had to shout out, "Sufficient."

After a full hour's hard pugilistic work the Irishman at last roared out "Sufficient."

"Ma conscience!" said the Scotchman "if I havena been thinkin' o' that word for the last half hour but couldna ken it for the life o' me!"

**HAZLEWOOD
BROS.**

Are selling

**OATS
CORN
BRAN
SHORTS &
FEED WHEAT**

At Special prices in round lots at the

CLIFFORD MILLS

SAVE THIS ANYWAY.

Here is a simple home-made mixture as given by an eminent authority on Kidney diseases, who makes the statement in a New York daily newspaper, that it will relieve almost any case of Kidney trouble if taken before the stage of Bright's disease. He states that such symptoms as lame back, pain in the side, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, painful and discolored urination, are readily overcome. Here is the recipe; try it.

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Shake well in a bottle and take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

A well-known druggist here in town is authority that these ingredients are all harmless and easily mixed by shaking well in a bottle. This mixture has a peculiar healing and soothing effect upon the entire Kidney and Urinary structure and often overcomes the worst forms of Rheumatism in just a little while. This mixture is said to remove all blood disorders and cure the Rheumatism by forcing the Kidneys to filter and strain from the blood and system all uric acid and foul decomposed waste matter, which cause these afflictions. Try it if you aren't well. Save the prescription.

On Thursday night of last week part of the second storey floor in the Hepworth mills gave way allowing about 10,000 bushels of wheat to escape to the floor below, and preventing access to the office. The Mill was not running at the time on account of a shortage of material, due to the blocked condition of the railroad. No one was injured. The millers did some tall hustling next day digging a way to the office, and say they do not care to repeat the experience for some time.

St. Catharines, Ont., Feb. 24—Some of the humors of the poor relief work here are coming to the surface. A well-known local gentleman of means is maintaining a free soup kitchen at his own expense. Feeling that some of the men who were taking advantage of the free meals were not really in need, the gentleman went to the "kitchen" at meal time recently and in a voice loud enough for everybody to hear asked if anyone could change a ten-dollar bill. Immediately a brawny Armenian seated at the table called up "I can," and he pulled out a roll of bills as big as his arm and solemnly counted out the change. Other men who have been given work shovelling snow by the relief committee have taken in the theatre at night. It is said on excellent authority that a man went to the home of a manufacturer and pleaded that himself and family were starving. He was given food, clothing and money. That night the manufacturer and his wife went to the theatre and were not a little surprised to see the poor man and his wife sitting in front of them in the next row.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Estate of JOHN YOST SCHMIDT, late of the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, Yeoman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1897, Chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Yost Schmidt who died on or about the 2nd day of January, 1908, are required on or about the 5th day of March, 1908, to send by post prepaid to or deliver to Mrs. M. Bilger, Walkerton P. O., Ont., and to Mrs. Wm. Hacker, Deemerton P. O., Ont., one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their christian and surames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of their accounts and the nature of securities, if any, held by them.

And further Take Notice that after such last mentioned date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and that the said Executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

MRS. MOSES BILGER
MRS. WILLIAM HACKER } Executors
Per Robertson & McNab, their solicitors.
Dated at Walkerton this 4th day of Feb. 1908.

VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

That desirable property, lot 10, on the north side of Absalom street, in the Village of Mildmay, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. On the premises are a good brick house and frame kitchen and good garden. Everything in good repair. Better known as the H. E. Liesemer property. Apply for particulars to B. RULAND, Deemerton.

SHORTHORNS FOR SALE.

A choice lot of young cows, heifers and bull calves by Young Macbeth (imp.) at astonishing low prices.

JAS. THOMSON.

J. J. WEINERT

NEUSTADT, ONT.
Money to loan at the lowest possible interest to farmers. All kinds of conveyancing promptly, cheaply and correctly done.
Any person contemplating having an auction sale should consult him first as he is an experienced auctioneer in the counties of Grey and Bruce, and speaks both the English and German languages.

FRANK SCHMIDT.

Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Bruce, will conduct sales of all kinds, and guarantee satisfaction. All orders left with B. Ruland, Deemerton, will be promptly attended to.

AUCTION SALE.

An Auction sale of Farm Stock, Implements, etc., will be held at Lot 13, Con. D, Carrick, on Monday, March 9th, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m. Following is a partial list:—1 horse, 12 yrs old, 2 cows in calf, 1 heifer 2 yrs old, 1 heifer 1 yr old, 2 seated carriage, Top buggy, Cutter, about 25 hens, About 2 tons hay, Cupboard, Sugar kettle, Table and other small articles. TERMS—All sums of \$5 and under cash. Over that amount 10 months credit will be given on furnishing approved joint notes. 5% discount for cash. J. J. Weinert, auctioneer.

MONICA BENNINGER, Prop.

PUT YOURSELF IN HIS PLACE.

A certain man, living in a New England village, lost a horse one day, and, failing to find him, went down to the public square and offered a reward to whoever could bring him back.

A half-witted fellow who heard the offer volunteered to discover the whereabouts of the horse, and, sure enough, he returned in half an hour leading him by his bridle. The owner was surprised at the ease with which his half-witted friend had found the beast, and on passing the five dollars to him, he asked:

"Tell me, how did you find the horse?"
To which the other made answer:
"Wall, I thought to myself, where would I go if I was a hoss, and I went there, and he had."

A Hanover young man says it would be no more than fair for the brides to pay the ministers for services rendered during leap year. That sounds fair enough.

I wish that I might talk with all sick ones about the actual cause of Stomach, Heart and Kidney ailments. To explain in person how weak Stomach nerves leads to Stomach weakness, I am sure would interest all. And it is the same with weak Hearts or weak Kidneys. This is why my prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—so promptly reaches ailments of the Stomach, Heart, and Kidneys. It is wrong to drug the stomach or stimulate the Heart or Kidneys. These weak inside nerves simply need more strength. My Restorative is the only prescription made expressly for these nerves. Next to seeing you personally, will be to mail you free, my new booklet entitled, "What To Do." I will also send samples of my Restorative as well. Write for the book to-day. It will surely interest you. Address: Dr. Shoop, Box 8, Racine, Wis. Sold by J. Coates.

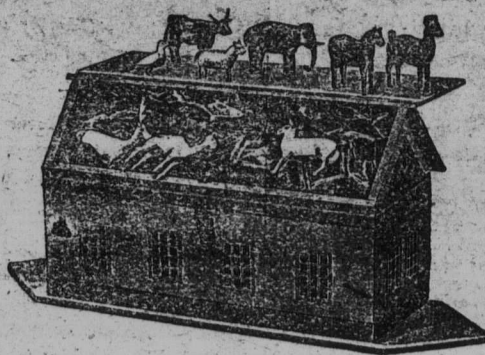
LEARN DRESSMAKING BY MAIL

In Your Spare Time at Home, Or Take a Personal Course at School.
To enable all to learn, we teach on cash or instalment plan. We also teach a personal class at school twice a month—class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment, from the plainest shirt and suit to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over 7,000 dressmakers and guarantee to give \$500 a woman who cannot learn between the ages of 14 and 45. You cannot learn dressmaking as thorough as this course teaches it if you work in shops for wages. Beware of imitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada, and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have cut our rate one-third for a short time. Address:

SANDERS DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL
21 Erie Street, Stratford, Ont., Canada.

WANTED AT ONCE—We have decided to instruct and employ a number of smart young ladies to teach our course in Dressmaking, having one teacher for the six nearest where they live—age 20 to 35. Those who have worked at dressmaking, or likes drawing preferred. Please do not apply unless you can devote your whole time. Address—**THE SCHOOL.**

Santa Claus Headquarters.



Our fine display of holiday goods is opened and ready, the newest Novelties, the best selections. The most appropriate prices for one and all and at fairest prices.

Do not fail to come in and see our Xmas attractions in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Toilet and Jewel Cases, Japanese China, Fancy Glassware, Albums, Photo Frames, Toys, Dolls, Picture Books, etc.

Whatever your wants may be we can meet them with beautiful and appropriate selections at lowest prices.

**CHAS. WENDT, - Jeweler,
MILDMAY.**
A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL.

TWO LEADERS.

The Bell Organ—the tone wonder of the century in reed organs with the famous Seraphone reeds.



The Bell Piano with Imitable Quick Repeating Action and clear rich tone.

Also agent for the Newcombe, Dominion and Karn Instruments and the famous Raymond Sewing Machines
THOS. YOUNG, - Walkerton.

The Western Real Estate Exchange.

LIMITED.
OF LONDON, ONT.
Phone 696.

Sell and exchange farm, town, and all kinds of properties, all over Ontario if you wish to dispose of your property quickly, don't fail to see or write us or our agents. No charge unless property is sold.

A Brick house and lot with stable, in Mildmay, good location, everything in good repair.

Farm of 170 acres, 12 acres bush, 2 story brick house, bank barn, orchard, windmill, and well fenced and watered. Cash, balance to suit the purchaser.

Brick house with 13 acres, barn, orchard, well fenced, watered by spring, 1 mile from Mildmay, can be bought right.

304 acres on the 4th con. Elderslie Tp. 4 miles from Paisley, 6 miles from Chesley. About 200 acres in grass and hay, 2 bank barns, 2 silos in same, 2 good brick houses, good orchard, windmill on well, and spring creeks as well. Well fenced and everything in good shape for only \$14000. Easy terms. These farms will be sold separately if denied.

300 acres in Greenock Tp., five miles west of Carrick, first-class bank barn and frame house, good orchard, windmill, and plenty of water, well fenced. This is a first-class stock and grain farm, only \$9000, easy terms.

Money to loan on Real Estate Security.

For other farms and properties surrounding Mildmay, or any part of Bruce or Ontario, see or write
W. M. Bush
General Agent
or Geo. Rosewell
Walkerton, Ont.
Mildmay, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

The desirable farm property, lot 31, concession D, Carrick is offered for sale. This is one of the best farms in Carrick, contains 78 acres of excellent land, has good buildings, and is just 1 1/2 miles from Mildmay. Apply for terms to James Kidd, proprietor, Brandon, Man., on to J. A. Johnston, Mildmay, Ont.

R. E. CLAPP, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE, Toronto University and member of College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Residence, Elora St., nearly opposite the Electric light plant. Office in the Drug Store, next to Merchants' Bank
MILDMAY.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University of Medical College, Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Opposite Skating Rink.
MILDMAY.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST, MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University of Medical College, Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Has opened up Dental Parlors in Carrick Block, Mildmay. Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday of each month.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

PAIN

Pain in the head—pain anywhere, has its cause. Pain in congestion, pain is blood pressure—nothing else usually. At least, so says Dr. Shoop, and to prove it he has created a little pink tablet. That tablet—called Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets—coaxes blood pressure away from pain centers. Its effect is charming, pleasingly delightful. Gently, though safely, it surely equalizes the blood circulation.

If you have a headache, it's blood pressure. If it's painful periods with women, same cause. If you are sleepless, restless, nervous, it's blood congestion—blood pressure. That surely is a certainty, for Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets stop it in 20 minutes, and the tablets simply distribute the unnatural blood pressure. Bruise your finger, and doesn't it get red, and swell, and pain you? Of course it does. It's congestion, blood pressure. You'll find it where pain is—always. It's simply Common Sense. We sell at 25 cents, and cheerfully recommend

**Dr. Shoop's
Headache
Tablets**
J. COATES.

DRINK PLENTY WATER

TELLS HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM AND THE KIDNEYS.

Gives Readers Advice—Also Tells of a Simple Prescription to Make a Home-Made Mixture.

Now is the time when the doctor gets busy, and the patent medicine manufacturers reap the harvest, unless great care is taken to dress warmly and keep the feet dry. This is the advice of an old eminent authority, who says that Rheumatism and Kidney trouble weather is here, and also tells what to do in case of an attack.

Get from any good prescription pharmacy one-half ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce Compound Karger, three ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Mix by shaking in a bottle and take a teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime. Also drink plenty of water. You can't drink too much of it. Just try this simple home made mixture, and don't forget the water, at the first sign of Rheumatism, or if your back aches or you feel that the kidneys are not acting just right. This is said to be a splendid kidney regulator, and almost certain remedy for all forms of Rheumatism, which is caused by uric acid in the blood, which the kidneys fail to filter out. Any one can easily prepare this at home and at small cost.

Almost any druggist in the smaller towns can supply the ingredients named, as they are commonly used in the prescription department.

PERIL AHEAD FOR ENGLAND.

Will Have Trouble in Colonies and Egypt, Astrologers Predict.

If astrologers, especially those who foretell the happenings of a year before its birth, really believe their own predictions, they must have none but the gloomiest of outlooks for the year 1908, and must, indeed, be miserable men. Decrease in trade, increase in the price of money, wars and rumors of wars, sedition and revolt, political ups and downs, earthquakes, international troubles, disease, and other troubles, are all predicted for the coming year. The price of wheat will be high, says an astrologer, and there will be a failure of root crops.

"Sopheria," editor of the "Forecast," and a new weekly, "Futures," was asked recently in London to calculate a special horoscope for the year, and some of the more interesting of the predictions are given below.

"The year 1908 is likely to prove one of the most fateful in the history of England. Three major planets, Neptune, Uranus, and Saturn, will hold cardinal signs, and be responsible for the development of great political crises. On the 3rd of January there will be a total eclipse of the sun in the sign of Capricorn. This falls close to the position of Mars in the Royal horoscope, and as Capricorn rules India, we may look for an outbreak of sedition and revolt in the peninsula.

"Uranus continues in the sign of Capricorn and in opposition to Neptune in Cancer during the next two years, the result being that New Zealand and British South Africa, India and Egypt will perhaps be the scenes of sedition and revolt.

"The position of the Government will be tremendously assailed and effectually undermined in the Spring of 1908. Joseph Chamberlain will effect some signal successes in July, and given a continuance of the present improvement in his health. I judge that he will be a most prominent figure in the administration of affairs. Saturn will then be stationary in the horoscope of the present Government."

MICROBE MENACE.

Still discontent is knocking at our door; Complaint is loud and strong. The fierce mosquito scarce is gone before The grip germ comes along.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion*.

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.



NAVY TO BE INCREASED

EARLY ANNOUNCEMENT OF BRITISH PROGRAMME.

Different Views of Naval Experts, as Expressed Through the Papers.

The question which is agitating all parties in England at the present time, or which certainly is causing more speculation than any other, concerns the answer which England is to make to Germany's new naval programme, says a London correspondent.

Everywhere the forthcoming naval estimates are discussed, and it is confidently expected that an early announcement on the subject will be made as soon as Parliament reassembles.

The speech of Sir Edward Grey, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, at Alnwick, the other day, seems to make it clear that the Government is quite prepared to fulfil its promise. In this connection, he said, in speaking of naval programmes of other nations:

"If they are carried out in their entirety it will undoubtedly become necessary for us, not only in the interest of the Empire, but for the preservation of our independence, and for our own safety at home, to make further increases in our own navy."

As it would be futile to assume that Germany will not actually and speedily build the vessels projected in the new law, this is as good as a declaration that this country in its turn will largely increase its

NAVAL EXPENDITURE.

Moreover, Mr. W. T. Stead, in the Review of Reviews, and elsewhere, has already begun to prepare the peace party which he represents for a demand for a large increase of naval strength. His formula, two British battleships for every one laid down in Germany, is generally believed to be a reflection of the views of Admiral Sir John Fisher.

While the Morning Post maintains that there should be no relaxation of effort in the building of capital ships, the Standard condemns Dreadnoughts and asks for ten armored ships of smaller dimensions. The former paper represents the views of a small group of students of naval strategy, of which Vice-Admiral Sir Reginald Custance is the principal exponent. They have now apparently accepted the Dreadnought as the type for battleships of the future and are agitating for cruisers of about 4,000 tons displacement as a reply to the German ships of the Koenigsberg type.

FEWER GUNS IN SHIPS.

The Standard is also believed to be inspired by an officer serving in the Channel fleet, but the school of thought he represents contends that a greater tilting figure of merit per gun can be obtained by placing no greater number than four in one ship, and, arguing therefrom, he holds that instead of building six Dreadnoughts it would be better to build ten smaller ships for the same money, leaving the balance of £2,000,000 to expend on improvements in war study and experiments tending to improve the torpedo and gunnery services of the fleet as well as to provide medium cruisers and destroyers. He would arm his battleships with four 12-inch guns for fleet fighting and twelve 6-inch guns for defence against destroyers.

ADMIRALTY'S PROGRAMME.

Some further signs of the intention of the Admiralty have since appeared, and from these, in conjunction with the estimates of what the foreign powers are likely to turn out from their yards in an effective condition, it is possible to forecast the probable character of the British programmes which will be announced.

The programme for 1908-9 is one of the Dreadnought class of battleship, one of the invincible class of cruising battleship, six Edgars, first-class armored cruisers; three Boadiceas, protected, speedy scouts, to work with destroyers; twelve destroyers of the Tribe class, six torpedo boats of the Insect class and six submarines of the No. 6 type.

The programme for 1909-10 is six Dreadnoughts, two Boadiceas, three Swifts, twelve destroyers of the Tribe class, six submarines of the D type, improved.

SECRETS OF THE UPPER AIR.

Ballooning Leads to Discoveries on Physical Conditions and Bird Flight.

The growth of ballooning has led to many curious investigations touching the atmosphere and its inhabitants. By the use of anchored balloons with self-registering instruments some of the experiments of deep sea sounding have been repeated aloft. At Strassburg sounding balloons have been sent to a height of nearly 26,000 yards, and 19,000 to 20,000 yards is not an uncommon height. One of the astonishing things said to have resulted is the discovery of an isothermal zone in which, contrary to experience up to that height, temperature does not diminish with recession from the earth.

One of the most interesting studies is that of the flight of birds. The observation of aeronauts appears completely to dispel the old time notions that some birds soared to stupendous heights. Humboldt having credited the condor with over 7,000 yards, and others believing that birds of passage flew at heights of 3,000 to 5,000 yards and in exceptional cases 10,000 to 12,000 yards. Balloon voyaging, however, establishes the fact that birds never rise to anything like these distances above the earth. Prof. J. Poeschel of Frankfurt records as altogether unusual the passage of a balloon in which he was through a flock of birds at night at a height of 2,200 yards. The birds dashed against the basket of the balloon and generally acted as if they had lost their bearings.

Bird flight at the great elevations formerly assumed is now regarded as physically impossible. The rarefaction of the air is too great to permit of flight without terrible exhaustion, especially as breathing would be difficult. Besides, the cold is too extreme at a height of 10,000 yards, for instance, the thermometer dropping to 60 degrees below.

The observations of balloonists show that the vast majority of birds keep within 1,000 yards of the earth, and the vast majority of these indeed within a couple of hundred yards, even in long flights. Crows, however, were frequently observed at a height of 1,400 yards, a lark was once encountered at 1,900 yards, and an eagle is on record at 3,000 yards.

RINGWORM.

Stubborn Case Healed by Zam-Buk.

The most troublesome and obstinate of all scalp troubles is Ringworm. Mrs. H. Girdlestone of 108 Rawdon St., Bramford, Ont., says: "My daughter had ringworm very bad, so bad that I was compelled to have her hair cut off. I obtained a preparation from the druggist to paint the sores, but instead of curing, the Ringworm developed into nasty sores matting and smelling badly. I saw Zam-Buk advertised in the newspaper and immediately sent for a box. After several applications I could see a great improvement, and as I kept up the Zam-Buk treatment daily the disease was soon checked. The nasty sores were thoroughly cleaned and healed and all trace of Ringworm banished from the child's scalp in a few weeks after commencing with Zam-Buk. I cannot recommend Zam-Buk too highly."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, chapped hands, cold sores, itch, ulcers, eczema, running sores, catarrh, piles, bad legs, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, abscesses and all diseases of the skin. Of all druggists and stores, 50c., or post paid upon receipt of price, from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 6 boxes \$2.50.

SILENT MAXIM GUN.

The Clever Invention of an Indian Official.

A remarkable apparatus has been invented by an Indian official, which seems likely to revolutionize machine gun fire. The object of the invention is to silence the tell-tale noise of the machine gun, thus increasing its value in the field.

The inventor is Mr. Alfred Thompson, who is serving on the Indian establishment as chief examiner of machine guns.

The insistent crack of the Maxim is reduced by the invention to a slight detonation, which is indistinguishable beyond a range of 500 yards. At present machine gun fire can be heard thousands of yards off, and, no matter how good or rapid it may be, the field batteries discover the guns and retreat before they can become a danger.

The role of the machine gun is, therefore, one of secret opportunity to strike a body of troops by surprise with 600 shots per minute, as with the Maxim, and then lie low. But if the gun can operate in silence its possibilities are sensibly widened, not only by reason of its demoralizing effect, but because a steady, non-overheating discharge of 100 a minute can be maintained from time to time throughout an action.

Mr. Thompson's apparatus can be attached to a Maxim in a couple of minutes. It weighs 10 pounds, and is less than a foot in length. The Maxim authorities have submitted it to the home Government.

She—"Did you ever stop to figure out how many hats in a year you could buy with the money you throw away on cigars?" He—"I have, dear. I could buy about fifty for myself, but only about three for you!"

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reign Supreme in the Commercial World.

Subscriptions to the Veterans' Relief Fund now amount to £11,000.

Lambeth Guardians decided to emigrate thirty pauper children to Canada.

A London firm proposes to run motor-cars in Newcastle at an early date.

Aged 78, Thomas Bentham, a Crimean veteran, has died in Preston workhouse.

Robert Sootrick, an Indian mutiny veteran, died at Boston, Lincolnshire, aged 75.

A Spalding boy, while working in a brewery, fell into a vat of hot beer and was drowned.

Fatal accidents to the number of 1,156 occurred last year in coal mines in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Dickens, K. C., Recorder of Maidstone, and son of Charles Dickens, celebrated his 59th birthday.

Over 24,000 men have been helped by the Soldiers' and Sailors' Aid Society in the past four years.

The Islington Borough Council has decided to expend \$118,530 in extending the electric lighting plant.

Great Yarmouth's town council conducts the annual races at that town, and made a profit of £1,818 from them last year.

In Shorehitch the Borough Council has, by a majority of votes, decided to provide free breakfasts for necessitous school children.

A block of bath stone containing a number of bees was found at Exeter recently. The bees were enclosed in the solid stone.

The Lord Mayor of London has unveiled a bronze tablet to 125 men of the Royal Fusiliers who lost their lives in South Africa.

During last year 15,319 cats were received into the London Institution for Lost Cats, Camden Town, as compared with 13,314 in 1906.

During December the weight of meat delivered at the London Central markets was 37,214 tons. At Billingsgate 11,593 tons of fish arrived.

John Williamson, a South Wales miner, known far and wide for his heroic behavior at the great mine disaster at Fardale years ago, is dead.

The Hensley Borough Council has abandoned the plan for erecting model dwellings at Highgate at a cost of \$98,000. The site will be sold.

Before a man was sentenced for fraud at the Middlesex Sessions it was stated that the indictment comprised fifteen counts and was 20 feet long.

A Chatham mother discovered a cat asleep on the face of her infant daughter. On pulling the animal off the child was discovered to be dead from suffocation.

St. Andrew's Church, Ilford, has been broken into by thieves and completely ransacked, the offertory boxes being emptied and the valuable altar cross stolen.

A meeting of the East Ham Council was broken up recently, all those present being taken with violent attacks of sneezing. Some one had sprinkled snuff on the floor.

By a majority of 1,000 the ratepayers of Leeds have decided to proceed with projects in regard to sewerage and tramways, involving \$6,385,000 and \$450,000 respectively.

QUAINT SPANISH CEREMONY.

Granting Grandee Ladies Privilege of Sitting in Queen's Presence.

A ceremony characteristic of the court of Spain took place at the Royal Palace recently for the first time in the reign of the present King and Queen.

As is well known, the grandees of Spain have the privilege of keeping their hats on in the presence of the monarchs. Grandee ladies of Spain have the privilege of remaining seated before the monarchs, and the ceremony of obtaining this privilege is called "tomar la almohada" or taking the cushion, as it consists in sitting on a cushion of red damask before the Queen.

The ceremony took place at 6 o'clock in the evening. The Queen was surrounded by ladies who have already "taken the cushion." As customary, the Queen on entering the salen ordered them to be seated. The ladies who are about to receive the highest honor in the court of Spain are led by a sponsor. The lady presented courtesies three times, and the Queen courtesies in return and says, "Sit down, please." The lady then sits down on a cushion before the Queen and speaks to her.

There is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

That is

Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLIC IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

MEAL TIME MISERIES

Indigestion Can be Cured by the Tonic Treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is only one way to cure indigestion and that is to give your system so much good, red blood that the stomach will have strength enough to do its natural work in a healthy, vigorous way. Many dyspeptics dose the stomach with tablets, syrups and other things alleged to assist in digesting food, but these things merely give temporary relief—they never cure indigestion—and the trouble grows worse and worse, until the poor dyspeptic is gradually starving. In a case of indigestion a half dozen boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are worth all the mixtures and so-called pre-digested foods in the country. These pills cure indigestion because they strengthen and tone the stomach, thus enabling it to do the work nature intends it should do.

Mr. Paul Charbonneau, St. Jerome, Que., says: "For months I suffered tortures from indigestion. After every meal the misery was intense, so that I finally ate most sparingly. I tried several so-called indigestion cures, but they did me no good. My general health began to run down. I suffered from headaches and dizziness and pains about the heart. Often after the lightest meal I would be afflicted with a smothering sensation. Finally my mother induced me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Under the use of this medicine the trouble began to disappear, and in less than a couple of months I had completely recovered my health and can now enjoy a hearty meal as well as any one."

It is because they make new, rich blood that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills always cure indigestion, anemia, rheumatism, heart palpitation, neuralgia, sciatica, St. Vitus dance and the headaches, backaches and other indescribable ills of girlhood and womanhood. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MARRYING AT FORTY.

The Age at Which Men Marry is Being Steadily Put Forward.

"At present," says the London Graphic, "though a man is too old for many things at forty, it is not generally held that he is too old to marry."

"Far from that being the case, the increasing standard of comfort of the white races and the increased cost of living are steadily pushing forward the marrying age."

"A paper read by Dr. Louise Robinson at the Congress of Psychiatry at Amsterdam suggests another reason for comparatively late marriages."

"From a study of seventy-four biographies of eminent men—writers, painters, musicians and soldiers, she found that more than 80 per cent. of them were born of middle-aged parents. Napoleon, Benjamin Franklin, Coleridge, Balzac, Rembrandt, Rubens, Sir Joshua Reynolds, Wagner, Schumann and Schubert were all the youngest children of large families, and their parents were at least middle-aged when the genius of the family was born."

"This may not be a precise argument in favor of late marriages, but it may encourage the hope in bachelors who have reached middle age without doing anything famous themselves that matrimony may recompense them for their own failure."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS, A SMILE IN EVERY DOSE.

The mother who, in her gratitude for what Baby's Own Tablets have done for her child, said that "There's a smile in every dose," coined a very happy and very true phrase. The tablets cure all the minor ailments of babies and young children, and make bright, smiling, happy little ones. Mrs. John Young, Auburn, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for more than a year and I think they are the best medicine that can be given a baby. They are splendid at teething time, and for stomach and bowel troubles. You don't need a doctor if you keep Baby's Own Tablets in the house." That's about the highest praise a mother can give and it's true, every word of it. You can get the Tablets from any medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Rev. T. W. Devenley, recently instituted at Parr, Lancaster, has worked for a day in the coal mines in order to get in touch with his parishioners.

M
O
S
T
O
F
T
H
I
S
P
A
G
E
M
I
S
S
I
N
G

SURPRISED THEM.

Of all places, the most difficult in which to preserve one's gravity, when an absurd incident happens, is church. The worshippers in a certain chapel had some trouble to keep their faces straight a short time ago. During the service some commotion was caused by a gentleman who accidentally ignited a box of wax matches in his pocket, and was trying to put them out, while his alarmed neighbors struggled equally hard to help him. The minister, being short-sighted, could not make out the reason of the disturbance, and thinking to diplomatically cover the incident he innocently said:—
"Brethren, there is a little noise going on. Until it is over, let us sing, 'Sometimes a Light Surprises.'" Some of the congregation were unable to sing.

It takes a woman graciously to permit a man to apologize for some injury she has done him.

A CHANGE IS NEEDED.

Through the long winter one needs a change. Why go South when "The Welland," St. Catharines, offers an environment at moderate cost which will minister to tired nerves and worn out bodies? Try the tonic influence of "The St. Catharines Well" and the restful influence of "The Welland." Apply the manager, St. Catharines, or any Agent of Grand Trunk Railway System.

MISSED.

Bess—There's one pleasure denied the rich.
Tess—What's that?
Bess—They can't go bargain hunting.

Mild in Their Action.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

BADLY TANNED.

"Ever been in Siberia?" asked the reporter.
"Er—yes," answered the distinguished Russian refugee. "I took a knouting there last summer."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wellford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

UNUTTERED THOUGHTS.

Windig—Say, I understand you told Knox that I was a liar.
Biffkins—You have been misinformed, old man. That is one of my thoughts I have never put into words.

Like little volcanoes of disease, the eruptions of eczema pour out discharges. Bad blood causes the trouble. The local remedy is Weaver's Cerate, and Weaver's Syrup will drive the poison from the blood.

VERY LITTLE FEELING.

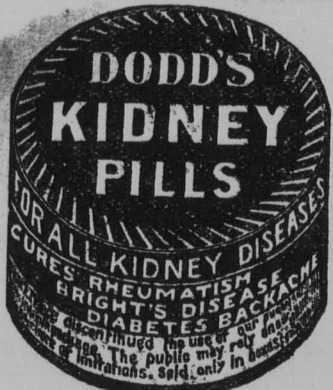
Tom (at the musicale)—"Don't you think Miss Screecher sings with considerable feeling?"
Jack—"Not so I can notice it. If she had any feeling for the rest of us she wouldn't sing at all."

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The cotton handkerchiefs provided for French soldiers have printed upon them a number of sanitary precepts to be observed on the march and during a campaign, and are further decorated with medallions containing pictures of officers of all grades, the different uniforms being so distinctly portrayed that a French private can tell at once to what grade any officer he may see belongs.

A railway through the mountains north of the Adriatic Sea, constructed by the Austrian Government to build up the trade of Trieste, though only 130 miles long, has 679 bridges and viaducts. It also runs through forty-nine tunnels.

The more money a man has the less he is willing to admit he has.



FREE
Send us your name and address for 12 pieces of Jewelry to sell at 10 cents each. When sold send us the \$1.00 and we will send you these TWO SOLID GOLD FILLED RINGS. We trust you with the jewelry and will send it all charges paid. Just send us your name and address.
STAR MFG. CO., PROVIDENCE, R. I., U. S. A.

ISSUE NO. 8-08.

COUGHS AND COLDS, HOARSENESS and Bronchial affections due to irritation of the mucous surface, are quickly relieved by

VIRGIN OIL OF PINE

This preparation possesses all the medicinal properties of pine, being a compound of the active principles of forest trees. Every precaution is taken in its composition, to insure purity and freshness. Its action on the kidney is highly beneficial, and usually relieves a case of ordinary lame back in a day or two.

Be sure to get the genuine Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, prepared only by Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, and put up for dispensing through druggists only in 1/2 oz. vials, each vial securely sealed in a round wooden case. Properties, uses and directions with every vial.

DONT.

The Dentist—"Now, Johnny, brace up, I'll be all over in a minute."
Boy—"Yes, but—gee, think of the minute."

A bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumption Syrup, taken according to directions will subdue a cough in a short time. This assertion can be verified by hundreds who have tried it and are pleased to bear testimony to its merits, so that all may know what a splendid medicine it is. It costs you only 25 cents to join the ranks of the many who have been benefited by its use.

There may be hypocrites in church—but think of the vast number outside of it.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

FAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure cases of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c

The trouble with most true stories is that it is necessary to add a few facts in order to make them interesting.

You need not shed any tears if you will purchase "The D & L" Menthol Plaster on that lame back and be convinced.

It's the easiest thing in the world not to become a bloated bondholder.

They are a Powerful Nerve—Dyspepsia causes derangement of the nervous system, and nervous debility once engendered is difficult to cure with. There are many testimonials to the efficacy of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in treating this disorder, showing that they never fail to produce good results. By giving proper tone to the digestive organs, they restore equilibrium to the nerve centres.

Mrs. Buxom—"That hateful Mr. Knox made a very mean comment on my age to-day." Mr. Buxom—"What she say you were getting old?" Mrs. Buxom—"No, indeed! She said I looked quite young."

A matter of importance to all those who run down and debilitated is the fact that "Ferrovin" is the best tonic ever compounded. It gives strength and builds up the system.

AT CROSS PURPOSES.

"Poor Mrs. Mixem has good intentions, but she certainly does make some bad breaks when she undertakes to give good advice."

"What has she been saying now?"
"She told one young fellow in my class who is as cross-eyed as he can be, to look straight ahead in life, and another, who has lost both his legs, to be careful and always put his best foot forward."

Shiloh's Cure Cures Coughs and Colds QUICKLY

Use Shiloh's Cure for the worst cold, the sharpest cough—try it on a guarantee of your money back if it doesn't actually CURE quicker than anything you ever tried. Safe to take,—nothing to hurt even a baby. 34 years success commencing with Shiloh's Cure 25c., 50c., \$1.

A rural melodrama should at least have a grass plot.

The exclusiveness of some families is a fortunate thing for the neighborhood.

The average man would rather possess half a dozen grudges than one debt.

Occasionally a man is compelled to stretch the truth in order to make both ends meet.

Immaculate Housewife—"My good man, did you ever take a bath?"
Washed Tramp—"No, mum; I've never looked anything bigger'n a silver spoon."

There isn't much hope for the man who is unable to convince himself that he isn't just a little better than his neighbor.

Great Medicine—Tonti, one of the pioneers of French Canada, lost a hand and wore an iron hook as a substitute. He was in the habit of boxing the ears of refractory Indians with this iron hand, and they have remarked that it was "great medicine." Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is great medicine; it takes hold of pain with an iron hand and knocks it out of the system.

M
O
S
T

O
F

T
H
I
S

P
A
G
E

M
I
S
S
I
O
N
G

The Leading Store

Prices make our store the busy one.

We are busy just now opening up

BEAUTIFUL - NEW - GOODS

For the Spring buying.

There is something intensely interesting in watching the hearty, active growth of a successful business. Last year's business showed a big increase which must be attributed to conditions which are a part of our business methods:

- I.—Merchandise of unequalled quality, correctly priced.
- II.—Broad and liberal buying to keep assortment complete.
- III.—Having satisfactory store service.

We meet this Spring's business with confidence that it will bring us still greater measure of success.

We are placing into stock this week piles of NEW SPRING MERCHANDISE for your inspection.

New Dress Goods, Suitings, Vestings, Blousings, Dress Trimmings, piles of new Wash Fabrics, new Wrapperettes and Flanelettes, Muslins, Lawns, Silks, Cretons and Art Sateens, Table Linens & Napkins, New Ribbons, Veilings, Gloves, Hosiery Ladies' Fancy Collars and Ties, Floor Oils and English Linoleums, beautiful designs.

We call special attention to the beautiful finish and superior quality of our

New Prints.

We extend an invitation to our many Customers. You will not be asked to buy, but we are anxious that you should see that when WE advertise, we mean what we say.

John Hunstein.



It's easy to buy FROST FENCES

Our prices for Frost Fence are only as much as the best fence in the world is honestly worth. And we make the terms so easy that every farmer and stockman can take advantage of them.

Here's the way we will let you buy all the Frost Fence you need:—One third cash on delivery. One third by note, due Oct. 1st, '06. One third by note, due March 1st, '07.

Five per cent. discount for cash if paid within 60 days from date of invoice.



And remember—should FROST FENCES go wrong, from mechanical defects or workmanship in building, they are repaired, free of charge.



X. WEBER - Karlsruhe

High Grades

At Fair Prices

Is the best business proposition that a merchant can possibly make you. We make it. Why are superior articles the best to use?

Because they give better results, are more healthful and go much farther.

Take, for instance, our Long Island Select Oysters. They are a trifle higher in price but you get a larger and better oyster, no water and full imperial measure.

Try them once and we feel sure that you will be satisfied.

The price is 60 cents per IMPERIAL Quart.

THE STAR GROCERY.

Highest Price allowed for Farm Produce

J. N. Schefter