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Lorigan & Burns.

TRADE OF 1886.

EL & BOYD.

White COTTONS.

Gibson Grey Cottons.

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St. Croix Shirts.

Fancy Gingham.

Tweed, Cottons.

French Canvas.

COATINGS in Cotton.

Diagonals, &c.

Dotons, every shade.

on Threads.

ols, and Fine Combs.

slery.

EL BOYD, London House.

21st, 1885.

VE, VICTORIA.

OPLES.

ERMOON, OCEAN.

UDA, SIMON PURE.

WHITE PIGEON.

BEAVER.

OLIVE BRANCH.

HOWLAND'S.

AMAZON.

EA ROSE, &c.

of these brands of FLOUR.

HARRISON & CO.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING,

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WEEKLY SUN, ST. JOHN.

The Freeman and Sun. VOL. 8. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1886. NO. 10

ANOTHER YEAR. BY MARTIN BUTLER. Another year is mine To use as best I may, Another year to mine In which to work and play.

MADLINE'S FATE. "Why where is it?" cried Pearlle, stopping short within a few days. The sample medal was distributed in a few days.



helped things along by sitting down and crying as though her heart would break. It had been quite an expensive wedding-gown for Pearlle, who was only the daughter of a retired sea-captain, not any richer than the majority.

was sorry that he had to leave so sudden, but he had been unexpectedly ordered aboard. "Then he said he hoped she would wait patiently for him, for he would surely be home again in two months. Poor lad! Whatever had become of the message we never knew, but poor Mad had spoken to the captain finished, Frank spoke through the bushes, and silence that followed.

There was a man in the room who was called Pearlle, and he was a very good-looking man, and he was a very good-looking man, and he was a very good-looking man.

sober old minister, causing his respectable gold-rimmed glasses to topple over his nose, and was bowing to the bridegroom. "So you have come back to me, dear-oh, dear-oh, back to marry me. Glad to see you. Hal hal hal! You have made a mistake, lady fair; you're in the wrong place. Come away," dragging Pearlle from her lover's embracing arms.



away under the sea." The once bright reefs were now cold and white in the reposed folds of the sea. "Well, she's gone at last to meet him," said Captain Gray huskily as they drove on.

UPPER CANADIAN NEWS. MONTREAL, Jan. 11.—Corporal Joseph Taylor of the Isolation police committed suicide by blowing his brains out with a revolver, at his residence, on Saturday evening.

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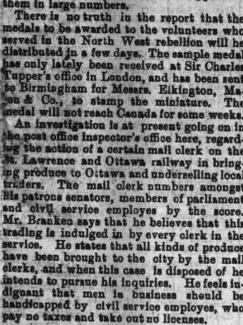
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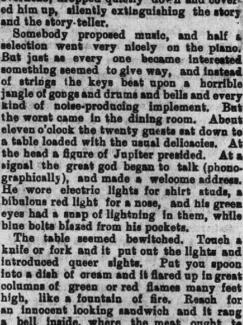
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AN INTERESTING TABLE. Stations With a Record of 2.30 or Better With Other Interesting Information to Horsemen.

Table with columns: Name of Steeple, Record, Name of Steeple, Record. Lists various steeplechase events and records.

AN ELECTRIC SUPPER. THE LITTLE SURPRISES MR. HAMMER PROVIDED FOR HIS GUESTS.

William Hammer, of Newark, gave an electric supper to a few old classmates on the 17th inst. Mr. Hammer has been associated with Edison, the great electrician, for a long time, and has become so steeped in electricity that it fairly oozes out of his finger tips.

On Thursday evening Mr. Hammer had all the hidden wires about his house connected as far as outward appearance went the parlors and the dining room looked like any other well-furnished apartment.

There are thirty thousand colored people in New York.

pillow the gas fifteen feet away, is extinguished, and, by pressing a knob at the foot of the bed it is lit again. Outside the door a clock work attachment sounds a drum at the proper waking time, and, if the occupant does not get up after fifteen minutes grace, the bed rises on its hind legs and dumps the sleeper out on the floor.

In the parlors the guests who had come early stood about in little groups. Nobody sat down, although ottomans and sofas and chairs were scattered through the room. Every new comer was cordially greeted and a chair pushed toward him. If he sat down—as he usually did—the chair either doubled up on him or started for the door with him, or disappeared, or completely exploded.

Somebody proposed music, and half a selection went very nicely on the piano. But just as every one became interested something seemed to give way, and instead of strings the keys beat upon a horrible angle of brass and drums and bells and every kind of noise-producing implement. But the worst came in the dining room. About eleven o'clock the twenty guests sat down to the table loaded with the usual dinner. At the head a figure of Jupiter presided. As a signal the great god began to talk (phonographically), and made a welcome address.

After supper electric fireworks and photographic experiments and a luminous and phantasmagoric show of the most brilliant and horrid nature were presented. The guests had a jaded feeling that somehow they had been living half a century ahead of the new era.

A New York Belle's Bed Room. HOW PROBABLY AND COMFORTABLY A MILLIONAIRE'S DAUGHTER SLEEPS.

By Phyllis Wainwright How Kule. (From the Chicago News.)

The Weekly Sun

SAINT JOHN, N. B., JAN. 20, 1886.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

MR. BLAKE AS A RIELISTE.

The diversity of opinion on Mr. Blake's recent speech is doubtless in part due to the diversity in the reports furnished. The Sun's report was exact as far as it went and our deductions from the language used are fully substantiated by consideration of the full and authorized report which appears in the Toronto Globe.

Mr. Blake begins his discussion of the execution of Riel by stating that the Quebec agitation has been "greatly misrepresented," with "the deliberate design on the part of the Ontario Tories to create and intensify a war of race and creed."

Next Mr. Blake explains that as a rule there should be no criticism of the exercise of the prerogative of mercy. This rule, however, did not apply to the Government in this case. It was proper to criticize the Government's course in permitting Riel to be hanged.

After some general statements capable of wide interpretation, Mr. Blake comes again to particulars. He says that the country requires an explanation "as to why if it was intended to execute the sentence, Riel was not put on trial for murder."

He then refers to General Middleton's letter to Riel and wants to know if it was on account of it that the Government tried Riel for a "political offence." He wants to know more of "the circumstances connected with that letter so far as to judge of the weight to be attached to it."

The letter in question was the one sent to Riel during the fight at Batouche in reply to a message from Riel. General Middleton called on Riel to surrender and promised in that case to protect his life until he should be handed over to the court for trial.

Mr. Blake's allusion to the letter is that the Rielites have declared that Riel was induced by this letter to give himself up on the understanding that he should not be put to death. Neither the Rielites nor Mr. Blake think it necessary to say that Middleton only promised to protect Riel from lynch law, or that Riel did not surrender but continued fighting and was captured sometime afterward.

Mr. Blake goes on to speak of the trial itself. He does not censure the counsel engaged but he did not quite approve of the court. He held that "the arrangements for the administration of justice originally rude and primitive had become by time less applicable to the circumstances of the country and were not well suited to such a case as Riel's."

These are Mr. Blake's words and we leave our readers to judge whether they are not an endorsement of the Rielite platform. But this is not all. The judge himself comes in for an attack at the hands of the Opposition leader. He says:

"The choice of the judge is another matter. If I rightly understand Mr. Richardson, he sides by a magistrate and a member of the North West council was the paid legal adviser, the political law officer, so to speak of the executive of the North West, and I think explanations are required or such a choice for the trial."

The insinuation is that Judge Richardson is not a fair man, which is precisely what the Rielites maintain. As Mr. Blake was a member of the government which established the court and which appointed Judge Richardson to the position he holds, he might have refrained from casting imputations either on the court or the judge.

The Rielites impugn the tribunal, the judge and the jury. Mr. Blake also is not pleased with the tribunal or the judge. Concerning the jury he remarks that he intended to say something, but that on one material point he yet lacks knowledge. "I think it better," he says, "not to suggest in this respect a hypothetical criticism and therefore I abstain." This is calculated to leave the impression that there was something bad about the jury which will be brought out as soon as "knowledge on a material point" is obtained.

Mr. Blake is reluctant to believe that Riel was the mercenary character described in Sir Alexander Campbell's memorandum. We quote his remarks on this point:— "As Government states the case, Riel's attitude was base and venal, and a strong impression has naturally been produced. But the statement is involved in contradictions, for I find in the memorandum the following extract from the evidence:—

"He [Riel] said also to me that he had the \$25,000 he demanded of the Government would go into the United States and start a paper and raise other agitators in the States. He said before the press in this country 'I will see come and destroy the North West and possession of our land West.'"

Now, however wicked, absurd, or offensive a discarded mind may have been, these words, addressed to the man he was plotting, were inconsistent with venality. The statements in the first place, the statements of Riel as to what he proposed to do with the money were not "addressed to the man he was plotting." And if they were, who but a decided Rielite finds anything "inconsistent with venality" in them? This

LOCAL MATTERS.

AMERICAN CAPITALISTS are investigating the character of the York Co. anthracite mines, with an eye to investment therein. The congregation at Cole's Island recently purchased a handsome organ for the church. JOHNSTON, QUEBEC CO.—The superior school taught by W. A. Somerville is flourishing, and the recent examination was one of the best ever held. Inspector Wetmore on his last visit highly complimented the standing of the school.

VICTORIA Co Reform Association will hold a political meeting on Wednesday 20th inst.; subject for discussion—Is the local government meeting the wants of the country in reformation and reform? HAYKOV JONES.—A Toronto despatch of the 17th inst. to the Quebec Chronicle says: "Jones, of Haykov colony, was arrested here this afternoon at the request of Chief Ensign of St. Thomas, where his presence is required to answer a charge of fraud."

THE BAPTIST CHURCH of Digby has purchased the house occupied by the Refractory Episcopal church, painted it outside, grained the inside and fitted it up with new pews and furniture. The building is now a very fine one, and is dedicated to the service of God on Sunday, 19th inst. CAMPBELLTON.—Rev. W. Caspary Vincent, at present in charge of a church at Long Island, is to assume charge of the new Baptist church at Campbellton on the first of February. Rev. Mr. Vincent resided for a number of years in Carleton and taught school on this side of the harbor. He is a young man and is an exceptionally able preacher.

UPPER KING CO.—Kings Co. L. O. R., No. 44, has elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—E. O'Donnell, W. M.; A. J. McGarity, D. M.; W. Wilson, Chaplain; J. H. Wilson, secretary; Thos. Hemphill, E. S. J. B. Buxton, treasurer; W. Baxter, D. of C. G. Snodgrass, lecturer; G. Tuckie, E. of C. G. Fletcher, W. Robinson, D. Elliptick, J. Baxter, committee.

BAITING SEMINARY.—The Messenger and Visitor states that the seminary reopened after the holidays with six new students. One of them having the ministry in view. The last meeting of the directors was largely attended, which to the M. and V. shows the impulse given by the convention. The board delegated to capable committees the questions of the seminary, and have obtained views of an agent to canvass for subscriptions to stock. The M. and V. appeals for a liberal support, saying, "We hope that the directors will be prepared to do their part when the time comes, and it is very near, so that they may have success written across it, instead of failure."

"No distance breaks the tie of blood—Brothers are brothers evermore." Among the very many congratulatory telegrams received by Hon. Mr. Foster before his departure for Ottawa was one from Robert McLeod, John M. Keith, Geo. W. Fenwick, Arthur Keith and Thompson T. McLeod, Kings county boys, now of Missoula, Montana. These young men, who are all making their mark in their distant home, telegraphed enquiring the result of the election and hoping that Mr. Foster would be largely elected. They were congratulated by their fellow Kings county boys on their success.

COLONIAL EXHIBITION.—Messrs. J. & J. D. Howe are now pushing forward the work upon the New Brunswick "wood trophy" for the Colonial Exhibition, and have obtained very fine specimens of wood for the various sections. They are, however, anxious to improve upon the specimens now on hand and any person having lumber with any attractive features, such as fine grain, &c., will do well to communicate with them at their office, 105 Water Street, by nine or 18 inches of elm, and four feet by nine inches of birch, maple, curly maple, or any other wood, and have obtained very fine specimens of wood for the various sections. They are, however, anxious to improve upon the specimens now on hand and any person having lumber with any attractive features, such as fine grain, &c., will do well to communicate with them at their office, 105 Water Street, by nine or 18 inches of elm, and four feet by nine inches of birch, maple, curly maple, or any other wood, and have obtained very fine specimens of wood for the various sections.

THE P. E. I. DELEGATION.—Our Charlottetown correspondent informs us that two members of the P. E. Island government are about to proceed to England on business connected with water communication between the province and the mainland. It is claimed on behalf of the province that the agreement entered into by the Dominion to provide "continuously steam communication" has not been carried out. There is no doubt that communication has not been continuous, in an absolute sense. The question before the house is, has the Dominion Government carried out the agreement in the spirit in which it was made? Have all reasonable outlays been made and all proper care taken to provide such service for the island? The Northern Light is not a success, but the cost a good deal of money more than should be expended again in any uncertain undertaking. The Prince Edward Island delegation will not make much headway unless they are able to point out what they want the Dominion Government to do. They will perhaps, prefer the reasonable request that the Dominion Government should examine Senator Howland's subway project and see if it is a practicable scheme. The purpose sought is in one commends itself to every person. In old times isolation did not mean extinction, now it does.

The Montreal smallpox epidemic cost the city \$145,000. The cost does not cover private losses from decrease of business, suspension of industries, &c. Of the amount stated, \$9,388 is the cost of the anti vaccination riots, damages to property being \$2,034 and volunteers pay list \$7,952.

AN OLD RESIDENT GONE.—Benj. Goodspeed, an aged and highly respected resident of Penikese, New Brunswick, passed away on Tuesday last. Mr. Goodspeed had reached a ripe old age, and leaves a number of relatives and a wide circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn his loss. He was a native of the province, but came from his celebrated cheese, known as "Goodspeed cheese" that was manufactured from his dairy. For many years he has been a deacon of the Free Baptist church in that place, and has always long been known as Deacon Goodspeed.—Frederick Gleason.

Moncton News Budget. (FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.) MONCTON, JAN. 18.—There is considerable sickness in Moncton just now, especially among consumptive patients, due to the changeable weather. Several deaths of consumptives have been reported within a few days. One funeral of a consumptive took place on Sunday, and another death occurred in the vicinity about the same hour, both young people. Marshal Thibodeau went to Dorchester today with Mrs. Sarah Grant and a girl named Lavina Spencer, sentenced to four months and thirty days respectively. Mrs. Grant for assault, and the girl for being an inmate. They are a hard pair. A young man named Stewart was before the Magistrate yesterday on a charge of disturbing a disturbance in the Salvation Army barracks. The Salvation officers did not appear against him, and he was allowed to go after paying a fine for drunkenness. Senator Howland of Prince Edward Island, is in town today with a model of the famous subway. He was met here by a number of influential citizens. The senator has the greatest confidence in the practicability of the scheme, and believes the work will be commenced before very long. If constructed the subway would be a great benefit, not only to P. E. Island but to the eastern and northern sections of New Brunswick.

The Country Market.

The cold weather and good sleighing have made the country market present a lively appearance. Since last Tuesday the markets have all been good and the farmers brought in poultry, meat, eggs, butter and lard in large quantities. Smoked meats have been extensively sold this season by the farmers, which may be accounted for by the fact that pork ruled low, and sooner than sell at the market price the farmers cut it up, salted it and smoked it. While the supply in all lines is large, the prices are about the same as last week, but the quality of the articles offered is better. The poultry on sale is all fresh and of fair quality. Fresh codfish, because of the cold weather not permitting them to be brought in.

The quotations are: Country beef, 4 to 6; butchers' beef, 6 to 7; lamb, 5 to 7; mutton, 5 to 7; pork, 6; butter, 18 to 20; roll do., 22; eggs, 18 per doz.; chickens, 25 to 30; turkeys, 40 to 50 per pair; turkeys, 13 to 14 per lb.; geese, 60 to 70; hams, 10 per lb.; shoulders, 8 per lb.; rabbits, 10 per pair; celery, per doz., 40 to 50; carrots, 30 to 40; peas, 50 to 60 per doz.; radish, 50 to 70; turnips, per barrel, 60 to 70; parsnips, 50 to 60; onions, 50 to 60; early rose, per barrel, 50; kidneys, 60 to 80; blackwell, rough, \$1.70 to \$1.90 per cwt.; grey do., \$2 to \$2.25 per cwt.

Grand Manan.

HEBRING AIN VERY COARSE NOW. The can buoy that was placed at Net Point, at the entrance of Freg's Cove, broke adrift Sunday morning, and was blown to sea, and drifted half a mile from the shore. The fisherman Winlaw Winchester, who fell from his bark last week ago, died on Sunday morning after suffering great pain to the last. He was buried from his late residence, Castalia. The funeral was largely attended by friends of the deceased. Rev. W. S. Covey conducted the services, and the Rev. Mr. Winchester presided. A very appropriate sermon on the occasion at the Church of the Assumption.

PARROBRO. The Shackville Post's correspondent writes: I have just seen Miss Stinchy, daughter of the late Jonathan Stinchy, American consul agent's place. It is said that a scheme is on foot to build a railway from Parrobro to Londonderry, in the event of the iron mines passing into the hands of the British Government. The scheme would be greatly benefited, Spring Hill would supply the coal required at the iron mines—helping Cumberland right through.

Militia Matters. The Canada Gazette contains the following information of interest to the militia of this province:— Permanent Corps.—The following is added as sub-section (2) to paragraph 469, regulations and orders for the militia, 1885, viz: "In order to provide for medical supervision, in cases where the only surgeon under pay, at a military station, is incapacitated from illness from the duties of his office, the commanding officer may, in his discretion, employ a medical attendant for ten days, application may be made to headquarters for the appointment of a paid medical attendant, who shall be paid at the rate of ten dollars per month, and the remainder of the period of the incapacity consequent upon the illness of such surgeon."

CONFIRMATION OF BANK.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Russell Armstrong, R. E. S. A., No. 1, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery, was confirmed on 22nd November, 1885. Captain George Biles Seely, R. S. A., No. 1, Battery, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery, was confirmed on 22nd November, 1885. Lieutenant Edward Jewett Scammell, R. S. A., No. 5, Battery, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery, was confirmed on 22nd November, 1885. Lieutenant Wm. Murray Bonford, R. S. A., No. 3, Battery, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery, was confirmed on 22nd November, 1885. Lieutenant Geo. West Jones, R. S. A., No. 4, Battery, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery, was confirmed on 22nd November, 1885.

CERTIFICATE GRANTED.—Gunner W. J. Stephenson, Woodstock Field Battery, Gunner T. Storn, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery; Corp. W. Good, Woodstock Field Battery; Gunner C. Nugent, Woodstock Field Battery; Sergeant T. Richardson, Woodstock Field Battery; B. G. A.; Sergeant A. Watters, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery; Captain G. B. Seely, 2nd Lieut. W. M. Bonford, 2nd Lieut. G. W. Jones, Sergeant J. E. Liatt, E. J. Scammell, New Brunswick Brigade Garrison Artillery.

Grand Falls Ripples. (FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.) GRAND FALLS, JAN. 18.—The C. P. Railway car arrived on time and was visited by groups of admiring people. The artistic arrangement of the car was conceded by all, and that there was a pride in the car, the time spent in making it in this vicinity is very small. The fish being from 50c. to 60c. per hundred. Mr. DALEY and his son Wislaw arrived from the hunting grounds on Tuesday evening last, bringing four rounds of moose meat. Mr. Daley reports the lakes and grounds in bad condition for successful hunting.—Digby Courier.

THE HAMPTON and Norton Bible society will hold their annual meeting in the Agricultural hall at the village on Thursday evening next, commencing at 8 o'clock. A very large union choir will be present and addresses will be delivered by the resident clergymen and others.

AN USUAL phenomena by the action of the fog, happened at the office of Mr. O. Shreve, O. C. on Friday night last. On raising the window curtain Saturday morning, with the glass were seen letters finely embossed with frost about a sixteenth of an inch thick, spelling the words "Mr. Shreve's Office," which are gilded on the blind. There was no frost on any other part of the glass, and the letters were as distinctly stencilled as if painted.—Digby Courier.

Fire at Hampton. HAMPTON, JAN. 15.—About 5:30 this morning the residents of Hampton station were aroused from their slumbers by shouts of fire. It was a very cold morning, but the people roused out quickly and in large numbers, to find the ill of H. J. Fowler's residence on fire. Most of the furniture was removed from the house, but after a while, by the exertions of willing hands, the flames were got under control. The ill was badly damaged. A small dog kennel stood alongside the house and it is supposed from the appearance of the kennel, that the dog that caught in it and burned through into the house. The building was insured in Messrs. Fairweather's office. The claim was settled this afternoon, which speaks well for the company.

OUR FISH TRADE

With the Upper Provinces and the West.

What Some of the Principal Dealers Have to Say. There is pretty tangible evidence in our fish packing establishments and in the fish trade way freight depots that St. John's fish trade with the upper provinces has considerably increased in magnitude since the abrogation of the fishery treaty with the United States, and in the opinion of several parties interested no good reason exists why in some lines at least, St. John should not eventually monopolize the fish trade with the Upper Provinces and the West. Others again, take a different view, believing that we are handicapped by distance and climate conditions, and all agree that the opening of the Short Line to Montreal is absolutely necessary to the legitimate development of our fish trade with the upper provinces. The amount of fish sent to Montreal is absolutely necessary to the legitimate development of our fish trade with the upper provinces. The amount of fish sent to Montreal is absolutely necessary to the legitimate development of our fish trade with the upper provinces.

LEONARD'S REPORT. of South wharf, are doing a heavy business in packing boned and prepared fish for the upper provinces. A number of the fish trade is visiting their establishment yesterday, was surprised at the extent of the work going on, the average amount put up each week being about 100,000 lbs. The boned fish is put up in 5 lb., 25 lb., and 40 lb. boxes, and the manufacturers of boned fish, which is done by the Messrs. Jewelling, is quite an industry. The fish which was prepared for boxing looked well and tempting. The higher grades are wrapped in wax paper before being boxed, a device which ensures perfect protection from the air and keeps the fish sweet and sound for a long time. The fish trade with the upper provinces may be gathered from the fact that they ship the fish in the carload to a fish factory in Port Hope, Ontario.

Since the first of August, 1885, said Mr. Leonard, we have shipped 400,000 lbs. of boned fish to the upper provinces. Of fish haddies we have shipped 43,800 lbs. of smoked herring, 11,000 boxes of blotters, 1100 boxes of fresh herring, 170,000. The fish trade has been very quiet against operations so far this season, and the fresh fish business is now really only commencing, but without any doubt there will be more fresh fish shipped in the next few months than there has been sent forward since last July.

What do you send your fish? asked the reporter. All over Canada. We have filled three large orders for Winnipeg. The fresh fish trade covers a wide field. We send mostly to Montreal, but also do quite a stroke with Toronto and Hamilton, etc. We expect a renewal in the fish trade with the upper provinces in the next few months than there has been sent forward since last July.

I don't see any reason, said Mr. Leonard, why we can't do as well as the boned fish trade with the upper provinces as the Americans have done in the past. True, freight rates are somewhat against us, but the duty on American prepared fish made more makes up for that. It was our fish, too, that the Yankees sent up there. Now we can do the preparing of fish for the upper provinces, and we can do our own fishermen but provides work for operators, packers, box makers, etc. We have reason to fear any competition that can be brought against us, provided we have low freights and rapid transit to the places of consumption.

G. L. TOUGS, one of the largest fish dealers in the maritime provinces, was visited at his establishment, Lower Cove. He had nothing to say as to the effect of the abrogation of the treaty on the upper province markets, as his trade in that direction had been for years as large as he could carry, and he was well satisfied with it as it stood. "Two effects of the present state of our relations with the States were referred to by Mr. Tougs:—There is more fishing haddock than ever before by local fishermen, and many vessels are now busy, which under the old state of affairs would have been laid up. They also get about half a cent a pound more for their fish here than if the treaty had not been abrogated."

LEONARD AND SON, of South wharf, when approached on the subject said that while the special fish tariff granted by the I. C. B. was a great improvement on that of the past, the St. John dealers hardly found it low enough to enable them to compete with the rates given to Americans from Portland and Boston to the upper provinces. While the Boston to the upper provinces had been out of it, it was the opinion of the firm that a large quantity of pickled fish had gone up by the St. Lawrence route to Quebec province. It is the opinion of the firm that this is the Labrador cod fish which was an unusually large one, and which had the effect of driving the fish trade into the hands of the operators in Montreal, from which point they have been distributed all over the upper provinces. Labrador herring has been sold in Montreal as low as \$3 per barrel.

HARDING AND HATHAWAY, of the South wharf, took the ground that the Gloucester fish trade had decreased \$100,000 by reason of the abrogation of the fishery treaty—that it had failed to refer to the fact that one fish trade with Upper Canada for five years, and particularly for the last two years, had developed to large proportions. The progressive loss of the fish trade to the fishery industry of cut fish were two important factors in the development. Before the abrogation of the treaty, Ontario got its bright cod and cut fish from Gloucester, Mass., but this was now being done by our own folks, who find a ready market for these goods in Montreal, Toronto, &c. The Canadian demand for pickled herring is not so good, due, the firm stated, to Labrador's fish catch which in October flooded the upper provinces. They also pointed out that the Gloucester had neglected to state that all parties holding stocks of duties on fish sent them to the States before the term ended. One firm in Carleton alone sent some \$12,000 worth across the line, which will not admit the superiority of any of the products to those grown upon our own soil. Victoria county, almost without an exception, can and does grow better grain than any on exhibition in the car.

The Severidge brothers have arrived at Andover, the home of their youth. Old friends were pleased to meet them again. Their present home is in Wisconsin.

A new paper, called the Chronicle, has arrived at Grand Falls. It is published in St. John, by Geo. W. Day, and is in the interests of the Episcopal church. A paper of this kind in this province, though they did not look upon the welfare of the church should sustain it financially and otherwise.

His Lordship the Bishop of Chatham, with his usual watchful care over priests and flock, has sent an assistant to Rev. Father O'Leary. For seventeen years the faithful priest through storm and tempest, has carried comfort to the sick and dying. Two hundred families were in his church and a thousand in the midst of poverty and innumerable obstacles, unaided and alone, he has almost at the expense of his own health, on this great work, and only those who resided at the Falls before his advent can appreciate his efforts in the line of religious moral.

The winter so far has been delightfully mild, with extra good travelling. A slight storm was experienced on Friday night, but it was not so bad as it was feared. There is a good opening now at the Falls for an M. D. One resident M. D. has gone into the drug business, preferring that to country practice.

A corps of detectives from a temporary adjutant in Queen Victoria's household. They are employed for the sole purpose of discovering the purveyor of illicit intelligence for the government of London.

An Ingevald, Ost, factoryman will exhibit at the London Colonial exhibition two cheese weighing 1,238 pounds, which contained in making 12,380 pounds of milk, taken from 228 cows. He will also exhibit ten smaller ones, weighing about 67 pounds each.

LABORER'S HERRING

from the States, but locally business has been light, as most buyers are well stocked up. Green and salt fish generally have been neglected. Fishmen haddies have been more plentiful and in better demand at 70 to 80c. for the lot of herring command 25c to 30c over quotations.

LABORER'S HERRING. Care of the States, but locally business has been light, as most buyers are well stocked up. Green and salt fish generally have been neglected. Fishmen haddies have been more plentiful and in better demand at 70 to 80c. for the lot of herring command 25c to 30c over quotations. Laborer's herring, 18 lbs. \$3.00 @ 3.10; Care of the States, 18 lbs. \$3.00 @ 3.10; Dry cod, 18 lbs. \$3.00 @ 3.10; Green cod, 18 lbs. \$3.00 @ 3.10; N. S. salmon, No. 1, 18 lbs. \$3.00 @ 3.10; N. S. salmon, No. 2, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Lake trout, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Sea trout, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Mackerel, No. 1, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 1, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 2, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 3, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 4, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 5, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 6, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 7, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 8, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 9, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 10, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 11, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 12, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 13, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 14, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 15, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 16, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 17, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 18, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 19, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 20, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 21, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 22, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; 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Herring, No. 123, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 124, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 125, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 126, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 127, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 128, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.60; Herring, No. 129, 18 lbs. \$2.50 @ 2.6



The Weekly Sun.

SAINT JOHN, N. B., JAN. 20, 1886.

A "REFORMER" HEARD FROM.

M. C. Cameron, M. P., has been making a speech, in which he denounced in the usual form of the corruption of the Dominion Government and of the Tory party.

WINDSOR'S FAMOUS SHIPBUILDER AND MILLONAIRES.

PARSED OVER TO THE MAJORITY—SECTOR OF HIS LIFE AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF SHIPBUILDING IN THE CLASSICAL OLD TOWN.

Bennett Smith was a rather remarkable man. He did as much, perhaps more, to make Nova Scotia famous as a shipbuilding and ship-owning country as any other man of his generation.

WHAT YARMOUTH WAS DOING, WINDSOR COULD DO.

They worked together, formed a partnership, and they did it. They could manage themselves, obtained loans from the bank, and built a brig—the Matchless.

LEAVING TIMBER LIMITS, MR. CAMERON PROCEEDED TO TELL SOME FALSHOODS ABOUT CERTAIN MONIES PAID OUT FOR LEGAL SERVICES.

Speaking from memory the substance of my campaign was as follows. In 1871 they might have amounted to \$15,000, but I do not charge my mind with \$5,000 or \$3,000 in election matters.

MR. BLAKE IS TO MAKE HIS GREAT SPEECH TOMORROW.

Mr. Blake is to make his great speech tomorrow. His friends are waiting with much anxiety to know whether he accepts the position taken by his leading supporters and the organ of his party on the Riel matter.

THE REFORMERS' CONSTITUTION IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO SECURE ABSOLUTE AUTONOMY TO EACH PROVINCE.

The reformers' constitution in such a fashion as to secure absolute autonomy to each province, and that federal power, delegated by the provinces to the central authority at Ottawa, instead of being supreme over the provinces.

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LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Logic of the "Telegraph."

To the Editor of the Daily Sun: Sir—The editor of the Telegraph prides himself, next after his ability as an orator of other men's grammar, upon his power as a wielder of logic.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN.

SIR—In reading over this morning's Telegraph I noticed very particularly the following:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN.

SIR—Permit me to say that the statement made by Deputy Simpson, that I ordered Mr. Lawson out of the dock of my hall is altogether false.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN.

SIR—I am greatly pleased, as are, indeed, all the good folks in this out-of-the-way district, to observe that the newspapers in St. John take so lively an interest in the colonial exhibition, which is to be held in the mother country next spring.

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WHITE MOUNTAIN GRAMMAR.

This is for the above. "Take one cupful of sugar, one-third cupful of water, white of one egg, one teaspoonful of yeast, and one cupful of grated cocoanut."

VEGETABLES A LA JARDINIERE.

One can of French peas or one pint of fresh peas; one pint each of carrots and turnip roots; one-half pint of green peas; three gills of any kind of stock, three tablespoonfuls of butter, three teaspoonfuls of sugar, three teaspoonfuls of salt.

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