The Monetary Times

Trade Review and Insurance Chronicle

WINNIPEG LONDON

OF CANADA

VANCOUVER MONTREAL

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TORONTO

December 30, 1911

10 Cents

BUSINE'S FOUNDED 1795

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY

Engravers and Printers

BANK NOTES, POSTAGE STAMPS, SHARE CERTIFICATES, BONDS, DRAFTS, CHECKS, LETTERS OF ETC., FOR CORPORA-AND GOVERNMENTS CREDIT, TIONS

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HALIFAX MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG

INCORPORATED 1866

BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY

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MO. TREAL Branches: TORONTO No. 2 Place d'Armes Square 701-3 Traders Bank Bldg.

GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION LIMITED

OF PERTH, SCOTLAND CAPITAL £1,000,000

PELEG HOWLAND, Chairman, Canadian Advisory Board D. R. WILKIE, Vice-Chairman, Canadian Advisory Board

T. H. HALL, Manager for Canada Toronto Agents: SZELISKI & McLEAN,

GENERAL ACCIDENT

ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA. Property Damage Personal Accident Liability Health

Steam Boiler Insurance Manager for Canada, J. J. DURANCE

CANADIAN CASUALTY

A BOILER INSURANCE COMPANY

"38"

is the number of our January Investment List

And it is now ready. If you have \$100, \$500, \$1,000 or \$10,000 or more to invest; if you are interested in Municipal Debentures, Public Utility Stocks or Bonds, Corporation Stocks or Bonds, you should send for one of these lists if your name is not on our mailing list. When writing, simply ask for List No. 38 and one will be sent you at once.

B. McCurdy & Co.

HALIFAX ST. JOHNS, Nfld. CHARLOTTETOWN

SYDNEY ST. JOHN, N.B. SHERBROOKE, Que.

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CHARTERED BANKS

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817 Incorporated by Act of Parliament

Paid up Capital - \$15,413,000.00 Rest 15,000,000.00 Undivided Profits 1,855,185.86

Head Office. MONTREAL

Sumeld, Alta.
Weyburn, Sask.
Winnipeg, Man.
"Ft. Rouge
"Logan Ave.
British Col.

Analmer
Chilliwack
Cloverdale
Enderby
Greenwood
Hosmer
Kamloops
Kelowna
Merritt
Nelson
New Denver
Nicola
Penticton
Port Haney
Prince Rupert
Rossland
Summerland
Vancouver
"Main Street
Vernon
Victoria

Board of Directors
Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mt. Royal, G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O.,
Hon. President
R. B. Angus, President
Sir Edward Clouston, Bart., Vice-President
Sir William Macdonald
Hon. Robt. Mackay
Sir Thos. Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O. David Morrice
A. Baumgarten
H. V. MEREDITH, General Manager
A. Macnider, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches
C. Sweeny, Supt. of Br. B.C.
Maritime Prov. and Nfld. Branches
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F. J. Cockburn, Supt. of Quebec Branches
E. P. Winslow, Supt. of North West Branches
F. J. Hunter, Inspector Ontario Branches
D. R. Clarke, Inspector Maritime Provinces and Newfoundland Branches
Ontario

BRANCHES IN CANADA

Ontario

Ontario
Alliston
Almonte
Aurora
Belleville
Bowmanville
Brantford
Brockville
Chatham
Collingwood
Cornwall
Deseronto
Relinton

Deseronto
Eglinton
Fenelon Falls
Fort William
Goderich Guelph Hamilton Barton-Vict.

Holstein King City Kingston Lindsay London Mount Forest Newmarket Oakwood

Perth Peterboro

Perth
Peterboro
Picton
Port Arthur
Port Hope
Sarnia
Sault Ste. Marie
Stiriling
Stratford

Westmount
Quebec
"St. Roch
"Upper Town
Sawyerville
Sherbrooke
St. Hyacinthe
Three Rivers

BRANCHES IN CANADA
Toronto

"BathurstSt. Bathurst
"Carlton St. Chatham
"Dundas St. Edmundston
"Queen St. Yonge St. Grand Falls
Trenton
Tweed Marysville
Wallaceburg Moncton
Waterford Perth
Shediac St. John
Quebec
Buckingham

BRANCHES IN CANADA

New Brunswick Lethbridge, Alta.
Magrath, Alta.
Moose Jaw, Sask.
Oakville, Man.
Outlook, Sask.
Portage La Prairie,
Man.
Raymond, Alta.
Regina, Sask.
Rosenfeld, Man.
Saskatoon, Sask.
Spring Coulee, Alta.
Suffield, Alta.
Weyburn, Sask.
Winnings, Man.

Cookshire Danville Nova Scotia Fraserville Grand Mere Amherst "Ft. F Bridgewater Loga Canso British Glace Bay Armstrong Halifax Athalmer Levis Megantic

Megantic Glace Bay
Montreal Halifax

" PapineauAve. Lunenburg
" Peel St. Mahone Bay
" Pt.St.Charles Port Hood
" Seigneurs St. Sydney
" Ste. Anne de
" Bellevue
" St. Henri
" West End
" Westmount
Quebec Island

Prince Edward Island Charlottetown N.-W. Provinces Port Hope Sawyerville Sherbrooke Sarnia Sherbrooke Sault Ste. Marie St. Hyacinthe Stratford Stratford St. Mary's Sudbury Hyacing High River Alta. Gretna, Man. High River Alta. Gretna, Man. High River Alta. Gretna, Man. High River Alta. Stratford High River Alta. Stratford St. Many Street West Summerland In NewfoundLand—St. John's—Birchy Cove—Grand Falls.

IN GREAT BRITAIN—London: 47 Threadneedle Street, E.C. F WILLIAMS TAYLOR, Manager.

THE UNITED STATES-New York-R. Y. Hebden, W. A. Bog, J. T. Molineux, Agents, 64 Wall St. Chicago. Spokane.

Molineux, Agents, 64 Wall St. Chicago. Spokane.

In Mexico—Mexico, D. F.

Bankers in Great Britain—London—The Bank of England. The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd. London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd. The National Provincial Bank of England, Ltd. Liverpool—The Bank of Liverpool, Ltd. Scotland—The British Linen Bank, and Branches.

Bankers in the United States—New York—The National City Bank, National Bank of Commerce in New York, National Park Bank, Boston—The Merchants National Bank, Buffalo—The Marine Natl. Bank. San Francisco—The First National Bank. The Anglo and London Paris National Bank.

THE QUEBEC BANK

Founded 1818. Incorp' 1822
HEAD OFFICE QUEBEC.
Capital Authorized...\$5,000,000
Capital Paid-up . 2,500,000
Reserve . 1,250,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Gaspard Lemoine, W. A. Marsh, Thos. McDougall, G. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred, R. Mac. D. Paterson. B. B. Stevenson, General Manager. Province of Branch St. Valier St. Ville Marie, Co. Bulyea Govan La Tuque Montreal St. Valier St. Province of Saskaton St. Valier St. Province of Saskaton Shawinigan Falls Ottawa St. Catherine St. E. Stanfold Sturgeon Falls Alberta Company Ouebec, St. Romuald Toronto Province of Agents—London, Eng.—Bank of Scotland. Paris, France—Le Credit Lyonnais. United States—Chase National Bank, Philadelphia, Pa.; First National Bank, Minneapolis, Minn.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Head Office

TORONTO

Established 1867

Paid-up Capital Reserve Fund

\$11,000,000 9,000,000

Board of Directors:

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT.

Z. A. LASH, Esq., K.C., LL.D., VICE-PRESIDENT.

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John Hoskin, Esq., K.C., LL.D.
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J. W. Flavelle, Esq., LL.D.
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Wm. McMaster, Esq.
G. F. Galt, Esq.

ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER. JOHN AIRD, ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER.

241 branches throughout Canada and in the United States, England and Mexico.

This Bank, with its large number of branches, offers unsurpassed facilities for the transaction of every description of banking business in Canada or in foreign Countries.

Travellers' Cheques and Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of the world.

Drafts and Money Orders issued on the principal cities and towns throughout the world, drawn in the local foreign currency.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANAD

Capital Subscribed -Capital paid up Reserve Fund

\$ 6,000,000.00 6,000,000.00 6,000,000.00 72,000,000.00

D. R. WILKIE, President. Wm. Ramsay, of Bowland Stow, Scotland

Total Assets

Hon. RICHARD TURNER, Quebec Wm. Hamilton Merritt, M.D., St. Catharines

DIRECTORS

Hon. ROBERT JAFFRAY, Vice-President. CAWTHRA MULOCK W. J. GAGE

HEAD OFFICE - - TORONTO

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

E. HAY. Asst. General Manager.

W. MOFFAT, Chief Inspector.

BRANCHES Province of Ontario

Amherstburg
Belwood
Bolton
Brantford
Caledon East
Cobalt
Cochrane
Cottam |
Elk Lake
Essex

Brandon

Arrowhead Chase Cranbrook

Province
Fonthill
Fort William
Galt
Hamilton
Harrow
Humberstone
Ingersoll
Jordan-Vineland
Kenora
Listowel
London

Marshville
New Liskeard
Niagara Falls
Niagara-on-the-Lake
North Bay
Ottawa
Palgrave
Porcupine
Port Arthur
Port Colborne
Port Robinson

Ridgeway Sault Ste. Marie South Woodslee St. Catharines St. David's St. Thomas Thessalon Toronto Toronto Welland Woodstock

Winnipeg

Strathcona Wetaskiwin

Province of Quebec

Montreal Province of Manitoba Quebec Province of Saskatchewan

Saskatoon Wilkie

Fort Qu'Appelle North Battleford Regina Moosejaw Prince Albert Rosthern Province of Alberta Athabaska Landing Banff

Calgary Lethbridge Edmonton Red Deer Province of British Columbia

Revelstoke Michel New Michel Nelson Vancouver Victoria SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed on deposits at all Branches of Bank from date of Deposit.

BANKS CHARTERED

THE -ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

\$6,200,000 Capital (paid up) 7,200,000 Reserve and undivided Profits 110,000,000 Aggregate Assets

Board of Directors

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E. Wiley Smith, Esq.,
W. Thompson, Esq.,
W. H. Thorne, Esq.,
W. H. Torrance, Supt. of Branches.

E. L. Pease, General Manager; W. B. Torrance, Supt. of Branches.
C. E. Neill and F. J. Sherman, Assistant General Managers.

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Edmundston Fredericton Grand Falls Jacquet River

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Fort William
Galt
Guelph
Hamilton
Hanover
Ingersoll & Putnam

Elmwood
Kenilworth
London
Niagara
Oshawa
Ottawa (3)
Pembroke
Ingersoll & Putnam
Peterborough

Sault Ste. Marie South River Tillsonburg Toronto (3) Welland

QUEBEC

Joliette and Rawdon

Montreal (9) NEW BRUNSWICK

Moncton Newcastle Rexton St. John

St. John, North End St. Leonards Sackville Woodstock Shubenacadie Springhill Stellarton

Sydney Sydney Mines St. Peter's

Quebec

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Antigonish
Arichat
Barrington Passage
Bear River
Berwick
Bridgetown
Bridgetown
Bridgewater
Dartmouth
Digby

Glace Bay
Guysboro
Halifax (4)
Inverness
Kentville
Lawrencetown
Liverpool
Lockeport
Londonderry
Londonderry
Louisburg
Lunenburg
Mabou

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Maitland
Meteghan River
Middleton
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New Waterfor
North Sydney
Parrsboro
Pictou
Port Hawkesbury
Port Morien
Sherbrooke NOVA SCOTIA

Truro
Weymouth
Whitney Pier
Windsor
Wolfville
Yarmouth NEWFOUNDLAND Trinity St. John's
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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND Charlottetown Summerside Tignish

Winnipeg Athabasca Landing Lacombe & Bentley Lethbridge Edmonton Magrath Brandon Plumas

Medicine Hat Morinville Vermilion Saskatoon

SASKATCHEWAN

Bethune Craik Davidson Abbotsford Alberni Chilliwack Courtenay Cranbrook Cumberland and Union Wharf Eburne

Grand Forks Hope Kamloops Kelowna Ladner Ladysmith Nanaimo

Lipton Lumsden Luseland

Moose Jaw Prince Albert Regina BRITISH COLUMBIA

Nelson New Westminster North Vancouver Port Alberni Port Moody Prince Rupert Rosedale

Rossland Salmo Sardis Vancouver (10) Vernon Victoria Victoria West

Scott Swift Current

BRANCHES-CUBA, BRITISH WEST INDIES, ETC.

Antilla Caibarien

Mayaguez BAHAMAS

Nassau

Camaguey Cienfuegos Cardenas Guantanamo

BARBADOS

Bridgetown

Havana (2) Manzanillo Matanzas

Sagua Puerto Padre Sancti Spiritus Santiago de Cuba

PORTO RICO

Ponce JAMAICA

San Juan TRINIDAD Port of Spain, San Fernando

LONDON: 2 Bank Bldgs., Princes St.

Kingston NEW YORK: Corner William and Cedar Sts.

The DOMINION BANK

Toronto, Canada E. B. Osler, M.P., President W. D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President

- -5,700,000 Capital 70,000,000 Reserve A Branch of this Bank has been established in London, England, at

73 CORNHILL, E.C. This Branch issues Letters of Credit and Drafts on all important points in Canada, negotiates Bills sent for collection, makes telegraphic transfers, and transacts every description of banking business.

Information furnished on all Canadian matters. A special department has been provided for the use of visitors and bearers of our Letters of Credit.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager

The Commercial Bank of Scotland, Ltd.

Head Office: EDINBURGH Established 1810

Paid-up Capital £1,000,000 Reserve Fund - £900,000
Pension Reserve Fund - £110,000

ALEX. BCGIE, General Manager Jas. L. Anderson, Secretary Lombard Street, E.C. LONDON OFFICE

ALEXANDER ROBB and GEORGE S. COUTTS, Joint Managers

General Banking Business transacted. Circular Notes, Drafts, and Letters of Credit issued payable at banking houses in all parts of the world. With the 165 Branches located all over Scotland, the bank is in a very favorable position to deal with remittance and all other banking transactions able position to de on the best terms.

The bank undertakes agency business for Colonial and Foreign Banks.

THE BANK OF **BRITISH NORTH AMERICA**

Established in 1836.

Paid-up Capital \$4,866,666.66

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840

Reserve Fund \$2,652,333.33

HEAD OFFICE-5 GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C. W. S. GOLDBY, Manager A. G. WALLIS, Secretary.

ARY.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

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ELL, Esq.
H. J. B. KENDALL, Esq.
FREDERIC LUBBOCK, E
FREDERIC CUBROCK, E
C. W. TOMKINSON, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—5 GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

A. G. WALLIS, Secretary.

W. S. GOLDBY, Manager
COURT OF DIRECTORS.

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J. H. MAYNE CAMPBELL, Esq.
J. H. J. B. KENDALL, Esq.
J. H. J. B. KENDALL, Esq.
G. D. WHATMAN, Esq.
G. D. WHATMAN, Esq.
H. B. MACKEZIE, Supt. of Branches,
H. B. MACKEZIE, Supt. of Branches,
J. McEACHERN, Supt. of Gentral Branches,
Manilton, Ont.,
Westinghouse Ave.
Hedley, B.C.
Alexander, Man.
Asknorft, B.C.
Hedley, B.C.
Hedley, B.C.
Rossland, B.C

DRAFTS ON SOUTH AFRICA AND WEST INDIES MAY BE OBTAINED AT THE BANK'S BRANCHES

ISSUES CIRCULAR NOTES FOR TRAVELLERS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. AGENTS IN CANADA FOR COLONIAL BANK, LONDON AND WEST INDIES.

The Standard Bank of Canada

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 85

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN Per Cent. Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1912, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City, and at its branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of February, 1912, to Shareholders of record of 20th January, 1912. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 21st February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE P. SCHOLFIELD.
General Manager.

CHARTERED BANKS

The Merchants' Bank

Capital Paid-up \$6,000,000

ESTABLISHED IN 1864

\$5,458,878

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Bir H. Montagu Allan, President Jonathan Hodgson, Vice-President T. Long, Alex. Barnet, A. A. Allan, C. M. Hays, F. Orr Lewis, K. W. Blackwell, C. C. Ballantyne

E. F. Hebden, Gen. Manager
T. E. Merrett, Supt. of Branches and Chief Insp'r

Finch Fort William Galt Gananoque Georgetown Glencoe Glencoe Gore Bay Granton Hamilton Hanover Hespeler Ingersoll Kincardine

ONTARIO Kingstor Oakville
Lancaster Orillia
Lansdowne Ottawa
Leamington Owen Sound
Little Current Parkdale Little C... London "South

Perth Prescott Preston Renfrew Lucan
Lyndhurst
Markdale
Meaford
Mildmay
Mitchell
Mitchell
Michell
Mic

Tara
Thamesville
Tilbury
Toronto
" Parl't St.
" Dundas St.
Walkerton
Wallaceburg
Watford
West Lorne
Westport
Wheatley
Williamstown
Windsor
Yarker

Napanee QUEBEC

Montreal, Head Office: St. James St.

1255 St. Catherine St. E.

320 St. Catherine St. W.

1330 St. Lawrence Blvrd.

1866 St. Lawrence Blvrd.

Beauharnois

Bury Lachine Quebec "St. Sauveur Rigaud Shawville

Sherbrooke Ste. Agathe des Monts St. Jerome St. Johns St. Jovite NOVA SCOTIA Halifax

NEW BRUNSWICK

ALBERTA

Botha (sub)
Brooks Daysland
Calgary Edgerton
, 2nd St. E. Edmonton
Camrose "Namayo Av.
Castor Edson

Brandon

Griswold

Carberry Gladstone

Hartney Macgregor Morris

MANITOBA Napinka Neepawa Oak Lake

Islay Munson
Killam New Norway
Lacombe Okotoks
Leduc Olds
Lethbridge Pincher Stat'n
Mannville Red Deer
Medicine Hat

Stettler Strome (sub) Tofield Trochu Vegreville Viking Wainwright Wetaskiwin Portage la Prairie Russell Sidney Winnipeg "Banner-man Av.

SASKATCHEWAN

Antler Gull Lake Oxbow
Arcola Kisbey Regina
Carnduff Maple Creek Saskatoon
Probisher Melville Unity
Gainsborough Moose Jaw Whitewood

BRITISH COLUMBIA Sidney Victoria Nanaimo Chilliwack Elko V Vancouver N " Hastings St. New Westminster

New York Agency—63 and 65 Wall Street.

Bankers in Great Britain—The London Joint Stock Bank, Limited.

Toronto Branch—A. B. PATTERSON, Manager.

BANK OF HAMILTON

HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON

\$2,750,000 Paid-up Capital... Reserve and Undivided Profits............ 3,250,000 Total Assetsover. 40,000,000

DIRECTORS

HON. WILLIAM GIBSON, President.
J. TURNBULL, Vice-President and General Manager.
C. A. Birge. Geo. Rutherford. W. A. Wood.
Col. the Hon. J. S. Hendrie, C. V. O. C. C. Dalton, Toronto.

BRANCHES

ONTARIO

Ancaster Atwood Beamsville Berlin Blyth Brantford Burlington Chesley Delhi Dundalk Dunnville Fordwich Ft. William Georgetown Gorrie
Grimsby
Hagersville
Hamilton
"Barton St.
"Deering
"East End
"North End
"West End
Jarvis Listowel Lucknow Midland Milton Milverton

Mitchell
Mitchell
Moorfield
Neustadt
New Hamburg
Niagara Falls
Niagara Falls
Orangeville
Owen Sound
Palmerston
Paris
Port Elgin
Port Rowan
Princeton Princeton Ripley Selkirk

Simcoe Southampton Teeswater Toronto "Queen & Spadina "College & Ossington "Yonge &

" Yonge & Gould " Gould " Bathurst Arthur West Toronto Wingham Wroxeter

MANITOBA

Franklin Gladstone Hamiota Kenton Killarney La Riviere Manitou

Mather Miami Minnedosa Morden Pilot Mound Roland Snowflake

Starbuck Stonewall Swan Lake Treherne Winkler Winnipeg "Princess St.

SASKATCHEWAN

Aberdeen Abernethy Battleford Belle Plaine Bradwell Brownlee Creelman

Bradwardine Brandon Carberry Carman Dunrea Elm Creek Foxwarren

Carievale Caron Dundurn Estevan Francis Grand Coulee ALBERTA

Heward Loreburn Marquis Melfort Moose Jaw Mortlach

Osage Redvers Rouleau Saskatoon Tuxford Tyvan

Nanton Parkland Stavely Taber Vulcan Blackie Carmangay Cayley Champion Granum

BRITISH Fernie Kamloops Milner Port Hammond Penticton

COLUMBIA Salmon Arm Vancouver E. Vancouver N. Vancouver S. Vancouver

CORRESPONDENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN. National Provincial Bank of England, Ltd.

CORRESPONDENTS IN UNITED STATES.

New York—Hanover National Bank and Fourth National Bank. Boston—International Trust Co. Buffalo—Marine National Bank. Detroit—Old Detroit National Bank. Chicago—Continental National Bank and First National Bank. Philadelphia—Merchants National Bank of Commerce. San Francisco—Crocker National Bank. Pittsburg—Mellon National Bank. Minneapolis—Security National Bank. Collections effected in all parts of Consider agreements and Cenarly.

Collections effected in all parts of Canada promptly and cheaply.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

INCORPORATED 1832

Capital Paid-up, \$3,930,000 Reserve Fund, \$7,215,000 HEAD OFFICE

HALIFAX, N. S.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN Y. PAYZANT, President Chas. Archibald, Vice-President R. L. Borden G. S. Campbell J. W. Allison Hector McInnes N. Curry J. H. Plummer

GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.

H.A. RICHARDSON, General Manager D. WATERS, Assistant General Manager Geo. Sanderson, C. D. Schurman, E. Crockett, Inspectors BRANCHES:

Nova Scotia—Amherst, Annapolis, Antigonish, Bridgetown, Canning, Dartmouth, Digby, Glace Bay, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, New Glasgow, North Sydney, New Waterford, Oxford, Parrsboro, Pictou, River Hebert, Springhill, Stellarton, Sydney, Sydney Mines, Thorburn (sub. to New Glasgow), Trenton (sub to New Glasgow), Truro, Westville, Whitney Pier, Windsor, Yarmouth. New Brunswick - Campbellton, Chatham, Fredericton, Jacquet River, Moncton, Newcastle, Port Elgin, Sackville, St. Andrews, St. George, St. John, St. John (Charlotte Street), St. Stephen, Sussex, Woodstock.

St. John, St. John (Charlotte Street), PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—Charlottetown and Summerside.
ONTARIO—Arnprior, Barrie, Belmont, Harrietsville (sub to Belmont), Berlin, Brantford, Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Peterborough, Port Arthur, St. Catharines, St. Jacob's, Toronto, Bloor St. W., King St. and Dundas St., Don Br., Queen and Church Sts., Bloor & Spadina, Welland, Woodstock, Weston.

St., Don Br., Queen and Cinteriors, Bloor & Spadina, Welland, Woodstock, Weston.
QUEBEC — Port Daniel, Montreal, New Richmond, New Carlisle (sub to Paspebiac), Paspebiac, Quebec.
MANITOBA—Winnipeg.
ALBERTA—Calgary, Edmonton.

St. Stephen, Sussex, Woodstock.

Saskatchewan—Regina, Saskatoon, Prince Albert.

British Columbia— Vancouver, Granville St., Vancouver, Victoria.

Newfoundland—Bonavista, Burin, Carbonear, Harbor Grace, St. John's, Grand Bank, Twillingate.

West Indies—Jamaica: Kingston, Mandeville, Montego Bay, Port Antonio, Port Maria Savanna-la Mar, St. Ann's Bay, Black River.

Porto Rico—San Juan.

Cuba—Cienfuegos, Havana.

United States—Boston, Chicago and New York.

The Bank of Vancouver

Head Office: VANCOUVER, British Columbia
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$522,900.00 CAPITAL AUTHORIZED \$2,000,000
DIRECTORS—
R. P. MCLENNAN, Esq., President, McLennan, McFeeley & Co., Wholesale
Hardware, Vancouver, B.C.
M. B. CARLIN, Esq., Vice-President, Capitalist, Victoria, B.C.
HIS HONOR T. W. PATERSON, Lieutenant-Governor British Columbia.
L. W. SHATFORD, Esq., M. L.A., Merchant, Hedley, B.C.
W. H. MALKIN, Esq., The W. H. Malkin Co., Ltd., Wholesale Grocers,
Vancouver, B.C.
ROBT. KENNEDY, Esq., Capitalist, New Westminster, B.C.
J. A. MITCHBLL, Esq., Capitalist, Victoria, B.C.
B. H. HEAPS, Esq., Capitalist, Victoria, B.C.
Columbia Trust Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.
J. A. HARVEY, Esq., K.C., Formerly of Cranbrook, B.C., Vancouver, B.C.
A general banking business transacted.
A. L DEWAR, Gen. Man.

A general banking business transacted. A. L DEWAR, Gen. Man.

The Weyburn Security Bank

Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of shareholders for the election of directors and other general business of the Bank, will be held at the Banking-house, in the Town of Weyburn, Sask., on Thursday, the fourth day of January next. The chair will be taken at 2 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board, H. O. POWELL.

General Manager. Weyburn, Sask., 20th November, 1911.

BANKS CHARTERED

THE BANK OF TORONTO Capital

Incorporated Head Office:

Can. TORONTO \$4,600,000

\$5,600,000 Rest

W. G. GOODERHAM, Vice-President J. HENDERSON, 2nd Vice-President W. H. Beatty Robert Reford Hon. C. S. Hyman F. S. Meighen THOS. F. HOW, General Manager T. A. BIRD, Inspector Vibank Wolseley Yorkton

THOS. F. HOW.	General Manage
	BR
ONTARIO	London
Toronto	(4 offices)
(10 offices)	Lyndhurst
Allandale	Millbrook
Barrie	Milton
Berlin	Newmarket
Bradford	Oakville
Brantford	
Brook	Oil Springs
Brockville Burford	Omemee
Cardina	Ottawa
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Collingwood	Porcupine
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 Paid up
 £1,000,000
 \$5,000,000

 Uncalled
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 \$20,000,000

 Reserve Fund
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 \$4,500,000

 Head Office
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Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of nine per cent. (9%) per annum upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Bank for the current quarter will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after the Second day of January next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 31st December, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board, Sherbrooke, Dec. 1st, 1911.

J. MACKINNON, Gen. Mgr.

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Highgate
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Kingsville
Kirkton
Lambton Mills
London
Lucknow
Meaford
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Meatord
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Morrisburg
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Ottawa
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Port Arthur
Ridgetown
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Bedford
Chicoutimi
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Fraserville
and Riviere du
Loup Station
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Reserve Fund Reserve Liability of Proprietors

THE STERLING

OF CANADA

A Six Months' Comparative Statement

Compiled from Government report showing increases in Deposits and Assets-a tribute to careful and conservative management.

DEPOSITS

Beginning of Bank's Year

May	-		-		-	\$4,491,638.53
June		-		-		4,506,461.12
July	-		-			4.634,305.26
Aug.		-		-		4,722,558.22
Sept.	-		-		-	4,792,310,28
Octob	er	-		-		5,096,297,63

ASSETS

Beginning of Bank's Year May June July

- \$6,782,232.29 6,851,100.40 - 7,022,990.33 7,172,988.50 - 7,270,543.14 7,707,370.12 Aug. Sept. October

THE BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK

HEAD OFFICE - ST. JOHN, N.B.

Capital (paid-up) \$900,000. Rest and Undivided Profits over \$1,600,000.

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R. B. KESSEN, General Manager

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€2,817,660 1,872,695

2,817,660

€7,508,015

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LONDON BRANCH-29 Threadneedle Street, E.C.

The Bank has 319 Branches and Agencies, viz.:—159 in New South Wales, 37 in Victoria, 47 in Queensland, 5 in South Australia, 11 in West Australia, 54 in New Zealand, 3 in Fiji, 2 in Papua, 1 in London, and has Agentr and Correspondents all over the world.

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Correspondence solicited.

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VESTMENT AND LOAN COMPANIES

CANADA PERMANENT

MORTGAGE CORPORATION

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Notice is hereby given that the Dividend of TWO PER Notice is hereby given that the Dividend of IWU PER CENT. for the current quarter, being at the rate of EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM on the paid-up Capital Stock of this Corporation, has been declared, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, the second day of January payable on the Shareholders of record at the close of business on the Fifteenth day of December. Fifteenth day of December.

By order of the Board.

GEO. H. SMITH, Secretary.

Toronto, November 29th, 1911.

The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Co.

Notice is hereby given that a Quarterly Dividend of Two and One-half per cent. and in addition thereto a bonus of One per cent. (making a total distribution for the current year of eleven per cent.) have been declared and will be payable at the Company's offices in London on and after Tuesday, January 2nd, 1912, to shareholders of record on the 15th December, 1911.

By order of the Board,

London, Nov. 29th, 1911.

HUME CRONYN, Manager.

THE STANDARD LOAN COMPANY

We offer for sale debentures bearing interest at FIVE per per annum, payable half-yearly. These debentures offer cent. per annum, payable half-yearly. These debentures offer an absolutely safe and profitable investment, as the purchasers have for sample the company. have for security the entire assets of the company.

Capital and Surplus Assets, \$1,350,000.00 Total Assets, \$2,700,000.00

J. A. KAMMERER

W. S. DINNICK, Toronto R. M. MacLEAN, London, Eng.

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Dividend No. 83

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. on the paid-up (Capital Stock of this Company for the six months ending December 31st, 1911 (being six per cent. for the year), has this day been declared, and that 1911 (being six per cent. for the year), has this day been declared, and that 1911 (being six per cent. for the year), has this day been declared, and that 1911 (being six per cent. The transfer the same will be payable on and after the 2nd January next. The transfer the same will be closed from the 19th December, 1911, to the 1st January, 1912, be held at the Company's offices, 51 Yonge Street, Toronto, on Wednesday, 1st February, 1912. Chair will be taken at noon.

21st February, 1912. Chair will be taken at noon.

By Order of the Directors,

W. B. WADSWORTH,

Manager

The Toronto Mortgage Company

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent, being at the rate of seven per cent, per annum, upon the paid-up capital Stock of this Company, has been declared for the current Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable on and after Tuesday, 2nd quarter, and that the same will be payable on the Books of the Company, January, 1912, to Shareholders of record on the Books of the Company, at the close of business on the 16th inst.

By order of the Board,

WALTER GILLESPIE, Manager.

The Hamilton Provident and Loan Society

HALF-YEARLY DIVIDEND No. 81.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of seven per cent, per annum has been declared for the half-year ending Dec 31, 1911, upon the paid-up Capital Stock of the Society, and that the same will be payable at the Society's Head Office, Hamilton, Ontario, on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1912.

1912. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 31st December, both days inclusive. By order of the Board,

C. FERRIE. Treasurer.

Hamilton, 20th Nov., 1911.

The RELIANCE Company of Ontario TORONTO 84 King Street East -

JAMES GUNN N. H. STEVENS H. WADDINGTON C. R. HILL Secretary

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LONDON

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NATHANIBL MILLS, Manager

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The Monetary Times

Trade Review and Insurance Chronicle

Vol. 47-No. 27

Toronto, Canada, December 30, 1911

Ten Cents

272I

The Monetary Times

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Representative. Phone M. 1001.

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AUSTRALIA'S COMMONWEALTH BANK.

Some interesting experiments along various lines are being made in Australia with more or less success. The latest proposal is the establishment of a Commonwealth bank. The bill in connection therewith has had its first reading, and information to The Monetary Times from a correspondent at Melbourne says that the legislation, with possibly some amendments, will be carried, as the government has a majority in both Houses. For more than twenty years, the establishment of a State bank has been before the people of Australia, and has had the approval of at least one great party in each State. The Australian Prime Minister considers that those who have been contending for such a bank have proved their case. It is proposed that the bank shall carry on ordinary banking business, such as making advances of advances, discounting bills, receiving money on deposit and borrowing money, but it will not have power to issue bills account to the beautiful to the beautifu bills payable to bearer on demand. That has been purposely forbidden, because it is the policy of the government to continue the present Australian note issue. The bank will get notes on the same terms as other banks. The capital of the bank is to be £1,000,000, and it will be raised by the issue of debentures. The Auditor-General will make periodical audits of the bank's books and statements to the treasurer regarding the condition of the account. Quarterly, half-yearly and annual statements will be published.

If the bank makes profits, and the Prime Minister says it will, one-half of the net profits will be placed at the credit of the bank reserve fund and the other half to a redemption fund. The former fund is to be available for the payment of any liabilities, and the latter will be used in payment of "any money advanced to the bank by the Treasurer or in the redemption of the debentures

or stock issued by the bank, but if the fund exceeds the amount of debentures and stock in circulation the excess may be used for the purpose of the redemption of any Commonwealth debts or State debts taken over by the Commonwealth."

Recent Fires
Forest Fire Waste

Fire Insurance Results

Answering his own question, "Is there any necessity for this bank?" the Prime Minister thought there was. The banking returns were growing rapidly, and the population of the country was also increasing. He would take the returns of four banks-the Australasia, New South Wases, Commercial Banking Company of Sydney, and the Union. In 1910 their paid-up capital amounted to £7,100,000, and their reserve £6,130,000, making a total of £13,230,000. The dividends amounted to £850,-000, and the amount paid to reserves to £1,170,000, or over 16 per cent. on the capital paid up, and nearly 9 per cent. on the combined capital and reserve. These banks had fixed deposits in Australia amounting last year to £40,000,000. It had been pointed out that if they paid 1/2 per cent. on all deposits they would still have 131/2 per cent. left on the paid-up capital, or 71/4 per cent. on the combined capital and reserve. In these circumstances there was certainly room for a Commonwealth State bank.

The bill also provides for the establishment of a savings bank system in connection with the scheme. The bank has power to establish saving banks wherever it thinks fit, and this part of the bill, although following the general lines of the various savings banks already in operation throughout the various States, has some novel features. Clause 46 provides that, where a person being illegitimate dies intestate leaving a deposit in the savings bank, the bank may pay the money to such natural relative of the deceased as in the opinion of the governor has the best claim thereto. Another clause provides that when a savings bank depositor dies with not more than £100 to his credit and no probate or

letters of administration or notice thereof is produced to the bank within two months of the death, the money may be applied (a) in payment of the funeral expenses of the deceased, and (b) in paying the balance to the widow or some relation of the deceased, and it is stipulated that no person shall have any claim against the bank by reason of its doing any of these things.

In the discussion of the bill in the Australian House of Representatives, some interesting points were made. The proposed bank will be under the management of one person, who will be called the Governor. This is a recognition of the principle that one must trust the general manager. The Prime Minister did not think there would be any danger in placing the management in the hands of one man. On the contrary, he thought it would make the poition of the institution stronger and safer. An important decision is the fact that the Australian Parliament will itself remedy any wrong that may arise from incompetence on the part of the management of the Commonwealth bank or from other causes. Other countries will watch with interest the result of this financial experiment, especially as it is far easier to operate a bank in theory than in practice.

PROBLEM OF WINTER EMPLOYMENT.

A correspondent truly suggests that one of the greatest drawbacks to the prosperity of Canada, especially in the what we may term the thoroughly cleared parts of Ontario, is the want of profitable employment of farm laborers during the winter season, which makes it impracticable for the employers to keep the proper number of laborers to do the work which accumulates and become emergent during the other three seasons of the year, and makes this labor very expensive, thus deterring enterprise. What appears to be lacking is a new and distinct industry. The discovery and propagation of such an industry would be of wonderful value. More intensive cultivation of the land would do this by increasing the acreage yield, by conservation in silos and cold storage warehouses, by keeping more live stock, requiring more attention in buildings instead of roaming on scanty pastures.

This means the use of more capital than is ordinarily possessed by the farmers and more enterprise than now exists amongst them. Capital would be rebuired for cottages on farms, because the only way to keep a good man is to let him have a home and permanent employment. But under proper supervision as to outlays, it should not be difficult for the provincial or Dominion government to arrange a system of credits. If one township were taken as a test locality, our correspondent believes the demonstrated benefit would induce the extension of the plan, and the wealth of the province would be quadrupled in ten years, whilst we would have a population of sturdy, healthy, happy and prosperous people, who would not be tempted to any other promising part of the world.

The problem of winter employment undoubtedly will become more marked in years to come. If we can solve that problem intelligently, the Dominion should be able to escape many undesirable social compications. The Monetary Times would be pleased to hear from its readers who are thinking along these lines.

AN EXISTING DANGER.

Fire Commissioner Latulippe and Fire Chief Tremblay, of Montreal, have expressed definite opinions repecting fire precautions and regulations in that city. These, they say, are extremely lax, and will bring home

the responsibility for fires in cases where buildings are used for purposes for which they are not designed. The fire commissioner says that if the city were more watchful the number of fires in Montreal could be halved. The fire chief describes the present by-laws as farcical. These points were brought out at the investigation into the fire which occurred at the premises of a garage.

Chief Tremblay stated that the building was in no way adapted for a garage, and was not intended when erected to be put to that use. If such a fire had occurred in any of the great cities of Europe under circumstances of this kind, the parties connected with it would have been amenable before the law. The chief also expressed the opinion that the city by-laws in regard to motor garages were useless, and further, that the system of enforcement of the existing by-laws was not sufficient.

At the conclusion of the taking of evidence, Fire Commissioner Latulippe expressed the opinion that a fire of this kind made it clear that if the city authorities were a little more strict in regard to fire rules and regulations, one-half the fires that occurred might be eliminated. He was in favor of a by-law being passed which would render it a penal offence to provide a building that might prove a fire-trap, or to use a building in such a way as was obviously dangerous in view of the fact that it was put to a use for which it was not intended when built. Such a by-law, suggested Mr. Latulippe, should be made to hold liable all concerned in its construction and use, the architect, contractor and the owner, a provision which would result in enhanced care and greater scruples on the part of all concerned, and would thereby materially diminish the heavy fire bill of the city.

These are matters which cannot be left for innumerable adjourned discussions. It is the duty of the Montreal civic authorities to deal immediately with such a serious phase of the fire waste.

SMALL CHANGE.

Canada is singularly free from labor troubles. This is a pleasing sign of the times, especially in view of the socialistic tendencies of the age.

Sir William Meredith is to be congratulated on the thoroughness with which he is conducting the Ontario inquiry into the question of workmen's compensation. We trust he will be able to recommend in his report the advisability of a conference of the various provincial authorities on the matter or the desirability of a Dominion Act.

On Monday, the ratepayers of Toronto will be asked whether or not they are in favor of the expenditure of \$5,000,000 on three miles of tube railways. There is every sound reason for voting against the proposal. The tubes would not be completed for five years, thus giving no immediate relief to the traffic problem in Toronto. The proposal is but the thin end of the wedge for a tube railway scheme to cost \$23,000,000, and to be completed in 1921. The city has a population of less than 400,000, and its area is greatly extended. Conditions generally are not favorable to the successful and remunerative operation of underground railways. For the \$5,000,000 which Toronto citizens are asked to expend on tube railways, the city authorities could build 100 miles of civic car lines, which would give almost immediate relief to the traffic congestion, and at the same time prove an asset when the Toronto Street Railway Company's system is expropriated.

CANADIAN THE OF MILEAGE WESTERN RAILWAY. PACIFIC

Development and Increase Have Been Steady-All Departments Are Extended.

By H. M. P. Eckardt.

Canadian Pacific's recent announcement of a new stock issue of \$18,000,000, which will bring \$27,000,000 into the company's treasury, draws attention to the yearly additions to Canadian Pacific Railway mileage in western Canada. The imminatian Pacific Railway mileage in western Canada. The immigration movement, which assumed its especial importance five gration movement, which assumed its especial importance five gration movement, as incidentally, been inperity. This immigration movement has, incidentally, been instrumental in inducing the railways to increase their western strumental in inducing the railways to increase their western mileage. Then, in turn, the policy of active construction of new branch and main line of railroad, has induced more immigration and more prosperity. By means thus of action and reaction, western progress has been steady and rapid. It will be interesting to study the extent of the Canadian Pacific Railinteresting to study the extent of the Canadian Pacific Railway's yearly construction work west of Lake Superior during the period 1905 to 1911.

Development of the Mileage.

Before detailing the additions made to the western portion of the system, it will be well to trace the development of the mileage of the whole system. In the following table the summary for the size of the system. mary for the six years is given:

mary for the	six years is give	35'1-000	Mileage	
	Mileage in	Mileage	wr 7 '	
	C.P.R. Traffic	Other Lines	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total.
Year.	Returns.	W OIR Car	481.4	9,481.4
1905	8,568.0	438.0	923.7	10,138.6
1906	8,776.9	438.0	823.0	10,239.3
1907		262.4	708.4	10,396.5
1908		261.7	403.2	10,543.4
1909		261.7	471.4	11,003.7
1910		261.7	983.3	11,756.1
1911	10,480.9	291.9	the company,	exclusive

In the six years the total mileage of the company, exclusive of that pertaining to the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway, and the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway, increased 2,268.7 miles, or an average of 378.1 miles per year.

How Capitalization Has Increased.

In connection with this increase of mileage it is interesting to review the increase of capitalization concurrently taking

prace.		
$\begin{array}{c cccc} (Thousands \ omitted) . & & & & & & & \\ \hline Common & & & & & & & & \\ Year. & Stock. & & & & & & \\ 1905 & & $98,738 & & & & & \\ 1906 & & 105,995 & & & & & \\ 1907 & & 121,680 & & & & & \\ 1908 & & 141,534 & & & & \\ 1909 & & 150,000 & & & & \\ 1910 & & 173,530 & & & & \\ 1911 & & 180,000 & & & & \\ \end{array}$	4% Cons. Mortgage. Deb. Stock. Bonds. \$89,200 \$55,238 101,519 41,738 106,045 40,238 115,657 39,621 128,930 39,621 136,711 39,621 142,861 38,648	Total. \$281,029 291,971 311,899 345,615 371,247 405,478 418,585 the Can-

Incidentally this table shows one respect in which the Can-Incidentally this table shows one respect in which the Canadian Pacific Railway finances are exceedingly strong. The portion of the capitalization represented by mortgage bonds is relatively insignificant; and it grows smaller every year. In the tively insignificant; and it grows smaller every year. Canadian Pacific Railway's case there is no danger of decrease. Canadian Pacific Railway's case there is no danger of decrease the property passing into the hands ing prosperity resulting in the property passing into the hands of the holders of mortgage bonds. More than nine-tenths of the whole capitalization consists of stock in three classes.

Western Canada's Steady Increase.

Proceeding now to the matter of additions to the mileage in western Canada, we get the follofing table:

western C	Canada, we get the	e Ionorms	Pacific Div.	Total.
Year.	Central Div.	Western Div. 1,270.7	951.7	5,351.6
1905	3,129.2	1,369.3	953.9	5,849.6 5,896.6
1906	3,526.4	1,364.9	1,093.6 1.077.9	5,999.8
$1907 \dots 1908 \dots$	*3,438.1 2,938.5	1,983.4	1,077.9	6,130.2
1909	2,905.9	2,146.4 2,509.1	1,070.4	6,513.7
1910	2,934.2	2,000.1		

*Decrease due to the disappearance from the table of mileage of Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Saskatchewan Railway, 253.6 miles, formerly worked by the Canadian Pacific Railway for account of owners.

In the annual report for June 30th, 1911, the mileage is grouped under the new style—according to provinces. It appears as follows: Manitoba Division, 2,353.7 miles; Saskatch-pears as follows: Manitoba Division, 1,677.9 miles; ewan Division, 1,878.8 miles; Alberta Division, 1,677.9 miles; ewan Division, 1,170.4 miles; Total, four western British Columbia Division, 1,170.4 miles; Total, four western britished of the system in the six years amount to 1,729.2 miles. The extensions in the West, constitute more than 76 per cent. of the extensions effected for the whole system.

It should be remembered that the Canadian Pacific Railway expends a portion of its newly raised capital and its accumulated earnings in other things than construction and purchase of lated earnings in other things than construction and purchase of new mileage. The steady additions to the steamship fleet absorb a considerable amount of funds; the extensions and improvement of stations and terminal property—notably the enlargement of the Windsor Street Station in Montreal—have required much funds. The building of new hotels, and the extensive irrigation works in the neighborhood of Calgary, should also be mentioned, and the constant increase in number and capacity of the locomotives, cars, and other equipment.

The balance sheet as at June 30th, 1911, showed the company's treasury to be in good condition. There was cash on hand, \$34,371,550; temporary investments in government securities, \$10,088,734, and current assets (consisting of agents' and conductors' balances, net traffic balances, and miscellaneous accounts received by a country to \$8,040,800. These items of the conductors' balances, net traffic balances, and miscellaneous accounts receivable) amounting to \$8,049,899. These items of the quick assets made up a total of \$52,510,183. On the other side of the balance sheet were: Current liabilities (consisting of audited vouchers, pay rolls, and miscellaneous accounts payable), \$17,203,651; coupons due 1st July and accrued fixed charges, \$1,392,316. The surplus of available assets as at 30th June last therefore amounted to \$33,914,216. This, however, represents a fall of about \$16,000,000 as compared with the surplus of such assets shown on June 30th, 1910. That perhaps explains the new issue of common stock. The payments on the new stock are to pass gradually into the treasury. Judging from the record of extensions above given, western Canada will have the benefit of a considerable part of the expenditures based upon the increase of capital. crease of capital.

DOMINION SAWMILLS AND LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

Advices from the Old Country are to the effect that there may be an investigation into alleged over-valuations in connection with the flotation of the bonds of the Dominion Sawmills & Lumber, Limited, which were placed on the London market in the summer of 1910. This concern was organized by Mr. Cecil Ward, who some years ago started a company on Trout Lake, but which has been discontinued for some time. The capitalization of the latest flotation was \$5,000,000, \$4,000,000 of which was issued at six per cent, repayable in 25 years. Timber limits and mills in the vicinity of Revelstoke were absorbed. In placing the debentures before the British public it was pointed out and mills in the vicinity of Revelstoke were absorbed. In placing the debentures before the British public it was pointed out that on the 90,000 acres held by the company there were two and a half billion feet of timber, valued at \$3 per thousand. Among the directors named at that time were Lord Desborough, F. C. Selous, London; Elihu Stewart, formerly Dominion government superintendent of forestry; Alex. McRae, Revelstoke; W. E. Hodges, Vancouver, and S. A. Mundy, Three Valley.

Criticism has been made by London publications of land

Hodges, Vancouver, and S. A. Mundy, Three Valley.

Criticism has been made by London publications of lumber and timber flotations in the Old Country, in respect to the feature of over-valuation. Suggestion has been made from more than one quarter that instead of a value per acre being put on timber, that the estimate should be so much per thousand on a stumpage basis. When E. H. Heaps & Co., and the Canadian Pacific Lumber Company successfully sought the London market, some of the criticism was given in these columns for the guidance of future promoters. In The Monetary Times of December 9th, it was discussed generally in relation to statements made in connection with Canadian flotations in London.

Old Country financial papers have written the Dominion

Old Country financial papers have written the Dominion Sawmills & Lumber, Limited, lately, one stating that it had certain information which might result in an investigation.

tain information which might result in an investigation.

A timberman, with an experience of many years in British Columbia and Ontario, states that an estimate of two billion and a half for 90,000 acres is foolishly large for the Interior. That would mean almost 28,000 feet to the acre. On the coast where the timber is thicker and larger, a fair average estimate is 20,000 feet an acre, though there are cases where it is higher; but not for a large area. Moreover, \$3 a thousand valuation for timber anywhere in British Columbia is beyond anything paid. The average run of sales in interior timber has been 25 to 50 cents a thousand feet, and \$1 would be the highest. On the coast, it never goes to \$3, and \$2 is the limit. The average is much lower. Over-valuation of this kind will spoil lumber and timber flotations in the London market. flotations in the London market.

The matter has come before Vancouver timbermen by the offers of a New York syndicate to sell their Interior timber at \$1. Considering the price they paid, they figured a profit at only \$1, one-third of the valuation of the holdings referred to. In this case it was pointed out that \$1 was too high, and the retort was that \$1 was a reasonable quotation since the Dominion Sawmills & Lumber, Limited, valued theirs at \$3 per thousand thousand

The Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, Limited, have decided to construct a large milling plant at some central point west of Winnipeg. The initial capacity of the new mill will be 2,000 barrels per day; elevator capacity, 300,000 bushels; the flour warehouse will allow the storage of 100,000 bags of flour.

NOVEMBER BANK STATEMENT

Indicates Substantial Business Growth—Current Loans Establish a New Record

				Year's	Months
	November, 1910.	October, 1911.	November, 1911.	Inc. or Dec.	Inc. or Dec.
Deposits on demand	\$289,759,025	\$331,953,562	\$341,712,265	+ 17.9	+2.9
Deposits after notice	551.113.835	586,451,045	588,942,142	+ 6.4	+0.4
Current loans in Canada	677.617.478	768,492,008	770,356,419	+13.6	+ 0.2
Current loans elsewhere	42,396,585	36,962,543	38,991,698	- 8.03	+5.4
Call loans in Canada	62.866.513	69,088,467	72,033,493	+ 14.5	+4.2
Call loans elsewhere	96,404,136	88,722,640	87,489,665	— 9.3	-1.3
Circulation	90,165,730	105,855,021	101,943,056	+ 13.06	- 3.7

Substantial growth of business upon a sound basis is the outstanding feature of the November bank statement. Nearly all the principal items exhibit gains, the largest being current loans elsewhere, which increased 5.4 per cent. Call loans in Canada appreciated 4.2 per cent., and demand deposits 2.9 per cent. Decreases are noted in circulation of 3.7 per cent., and foreign call loans 1.3 per cent.

The following table shows the course of the loan accounts during the past thirteen months:

	Current	Call
Loans.	in Canada.	in Canada.
1910—November	\$677,617,478	\$62,866,513
December	677,064,829	63,983,912
1911—January	682,506,695	60,200,781
February	689,234,781	59,132,692
March	710,604,072	58,369,712
April	712,032,758	57,832,690
May	708,093,677	57,709,853
June	717,869,386	61,507,268
July	723,765,358	65,339,288
August	734,683,962	65,106,110
September	749,007,607	67,717,991
October	768,492,008	69,088,467
November	770,356,419	72,033,493

During the year domestic current loans show an increase of During the year domestic current loans show an increase of \$92,738,941, or 13.6 per cent., and domestic call loans \$7,471,852, or 4.2 per cent. It is interesting to note that during November domestic current loans reached a record figure, which reflects on the business prosperity of the Dominion. It also shows a gratifying interest by the banks in the development of the country. The following table gives the position of the loan accounts during the past five years:

	Nov., 1907.
Current loans in Canada	\$570,896,776
Current elsewhere	23,576,315
Call in Canada	45,733,765
Call elsewhere	41,198,293

Foreign current and call loans show decreases over November, 1910, of \$3,404,887 and \$8,914,471, respectively. In November, 1907, domestic current loans were approximately \$571,000,000, and last month \$770,000,000, an increase of \$199,000,000. Domestic call loans have increased nearly \$26,000,000 during the past five years.

The expansion of the deposit accounts during the past thirteen months is noted in the following table:

	On demand.	After notice.
1910—November	\$289,759,025	\$551,113,835
December	280,910,695	544,220,710
1911—January	270,178,480	549,774,479
February	268,360,503	551,424,373
March	278,171,792	553,032,466
April	281,964,369	555,822,930
May	298,784,206	562,209,148
June	309,804,854	564,867,554
July	316,973,780	570,789,435
August	311,111,668	575,740,956
September	313,584,893	577,591,045
October	331,953,562	586,451,045
November	341,712,265	588,942,142

Demand deposits increased approximately \$10,000,000 during the month, while for the past thirteen months the increase is \$62,000,000, which is extremely gratifying. Savings deposits increased fully \$2,000,000 and \$37,000,000 during the year.

The following table shows the steady increase of deposits during the past five years:

November.	On Demand.	After Notice.	Total.
1907	\$160,529,719	\$408,902,274	\$569,431,993
1908	206,315,809	419,920,274	626,236,083
1909	264,285,803	493,253,823	757,539,626
1910	289,759,025	551,113,835	840,872,860
1911	341,712,265	588,942,142	930,654,407

The demand and after notice deposits during April totalled approximately \$930,000,000, which gives the large increase of \$361,000,000 during the past five years. For the same period the demand deposits appreciated \$181,000,000 and after notice

deposits \$180,000,000.

As an evidence of the general prosperity of the whole Dominion, the November bank statement is an interesting docu-

WILL STOP REAL ESTATE GAMBLING.

Following the commendable action of the Edmonton Board of Trade in deprecating officially the undesirable land gambling in Canada, the real estate section of the board passed the following resolution recently:-

resolution recently:—

"That in the opinion of this meeting, legislation should be enacted which will prevent:

"(1) Any person from offering for sale, property in a city or town in the province of Alberta in connection with which there is no registered plan, except however, legal subdivisions when sold as a whole.

"(2) The publishing of plans or offering for sale property of which plans have not been registered.

"(3) The publishing of plans of subdivisions in connection with which there is no key plan showing the distance from the recognized centre of the city or town, or from the central post office of such city or town; or which does not show the contour of such subdivision. This is not intended to prevent the publishing of a map of the whole of a city or town.

"And further that the legislation make it a criminal offence to publish in any newspaper, pamphlet or poster, misleading state-

The legislation make it a criminal offence to publish in any newspaper, pamphlet or poster, misleading statements or inferences, in connection with the offering for sale of an real estate. And that it be recommended that no plans of subdivisions within two miles of the present limits of any city or town be approved by the inspector of surveys until it has been approved of by the Commissioners or Council of the city or town near which is is situated.

"And that it be further recommended that these regulations be made applicable, as far as practicable, to property situated.

be made applicable, as far as practicable, to property situated without the province of Alberta, but offered for sale within the

Nov., 1908.	Nov., 1909.	Nov., 1910.	Nov., 1911.
\$515,695,476	\$590,291,944	\$677,617,478	\$770,356,419
27,899,016	35,358,214	42,396,585	38,991,698
42,730,261	57,875,677	62,866,513	72,033,493
85,220,634	134,836,591	96,404,136	87,489,665

CANADIAN WOOD IN BRITAIN.

The November wood market at the West of England was fairly steady and values well maintained, with moderate stocks all through the month. Demand, however, not active, as a rule. At Manchester there was a large import of first-class waney pine timber, mostly on contract; very little square pine, and no red. Oak and elm have come in small quantities on contract; prices of both are maintained. There has been a fair consumption of pine deals at current values. Stocks are apple at both prices of both are maintained. There has been a fair consumption of pine deals at current values. Stocks are ample at both Liverpool and Manchester; red pine deals in moderate stock. Of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick spruce and pine deals values are unchanged. A steady demand has existed for birch logs and planks at improved prices. British Columbia and Oregon pine dull, with small imports; values are firm. Good inroads have been made on the Mersey; large stocks of pitch pine, and values have improved as the stock on hand grew moderate. moderate.

The financial statement of the electrical department of London, Ont., shows that buildings and land cost \$21,000; plant equipment, \$44,000; distribution system and municipal street lighting, \$193,000, which, with other expenditures on capital account amounted to \$350,000. The statement of revenue and account amounted to \$350,000. The statement of revenue and expense is the most interesting, as there had been some doubt as to whether there might not be a deficit the first year. The total receipts were \$78,892.16, including street lighting and other municipal business. The expense for power and operation was \$55,692.07, leaving a gross revenue of \$23,200.09. Out of this the sum of \$16,807.93 has to be taken, this being the amount estimated by the City Council as necessary to cover interest and sinking fund charges on debentures for distribution system, leaving a net surplus of \$6,392.16. Included in the expense and sinking fund charges on debentures for distribution system, leaving a net surplus of \$6,392.16. Included in the expense account is an item of \$7,477.98 for the promotion of business. While some municipalities are allowing five years to pay this, London decided upon four and \$6,000 was to have been carried forward to be written off in the future, but on account of the excellent showing made already it was decided to write off the full amount this year. Had this \$6,000 been added to the assets, the total surplus would have been \$12,392.16.

LARGEST BANK MERGER IN CANADA.

Eastern Townships Bank Retains Part Autonomy-Terms of the Agreement.

As briefly noted in last week's Monetary Times, the largest bank amalgamation which has taken place in Canada will be consummated when the shareholders ratify the agreement entered into by the distance of the Eastern Townships Bank

tered into by the directors of the Eastern Townships Bank and the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

This union will result in the creation of a bank with a paid-up capital of \$15,000,000, and a reserve of over \$12,500,000. The aggregate assets will exceed \$210,000,000, while the teritory of the united banks will cover every portion of the Dominion, including the Yukon. The number of branches will be over 330, with representation in London, England, New York, San Francisco and Mexico City. This union has the merit of Preventing duplication of branches, inasmuch as the Eastern Townships Bank is strongly entrenched in Quebec, whereas the Bank of Commerce thoroughly covers Ontario, the Maritime Bank of Commerce thoroughly covers Ontario, the Maritime Provinces, the Northwest Provinces, British Columbia, and the Yukon. The branches of the Eastern Townships Bank through-Yukon. The branches of the Eastern Townships Bank through-Yukon Bank of Commerce, with which is united the Eastern Townships Bank."

Terms of the Agreement.

The following letter, which explains the agreement, has been mailed to each shareholder of the Eastern Townships Bank:

"For some time it has been apparent to your directors that if the expansion of the Eastern Townships Bank were to keep pace with the increased development of Canada, a material enlargement of carity and the conserve together with a marked

if the expansion of the Eastern Townships Bank were to keep pace with the increased development of Canada, a material enlargement of capital would be necessary, together with a marked argement on the occasion of the visit which was made to apparent on the occasion of the visit which was made to apparent on the occasion of the visit which was made to last. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the country delast. There we saw that while the growth of the west. There we saw that while the growth of the West. The development of the West. The same of the Eastern Townships Bank is offered two each shareholder of the Eastern Townships Bank is offered two each shareholder of the Eastern Townships Bank is offered two each share being \$50, whereas the par value of ours is \$100. Their shares being \$50, whereas the par value of ours is \$100. Their shares being \$50, whereas the par value of ours is \$100. The canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their Canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with it on equal terms, two shares of their canada to unite with the Eastern Townships Bank would everywhere be retained in the Eastern Townships. The whole concept the saked to act in an advisory capacity with reference to busibe asked to act in an advisory capacity with reference to busibe a

Canadian Bank of Commerce would ensure.

"In recommending to the shareholders the acceptance of the offer above outlined, your directors would point out these the offer above outlined, your directors would point out these facts: The capital and reserve of the Canadian Bank of Comfacts: The capital and reserve of the Eastern Townships merce are \$21,455,095, while those of the Eastern Townships Bank are \$5,400,000. The assets of the Canadian Bank of ComBank are \$182,389,983.73; those of the Eastern Townships Bank merce are \$182,389,983.73; those of the Eastern Townships Commerce are \$145,965,734.76; those of the Eastern Townships Commerce are \$145,965,734.76; those of the Canadian Bank Bank being \$19,509,998.21. The earnings of the Canadian Bank of Commerce for 1911 were \$2,305,409.42, while the correspond of Commerce for 1911 were \$2,305,409.42, while the correspond of Commerce for 1911 were \$2,305,409.42, while the correspond of Commerce for 1911 were \$2,305,409.42, while the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank. On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911, the market price of the Canadian Bank On November 30, 1911

Will Save Administration Expenses.

"Your directors also have in mind that the tendency of banking development, both in Europe and America, is to combine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such a way as to save expense in administration, bine capital in such as the character of sauld banks. They have decided to attend the standpoint of sound business.

"In taking this position your directors have carefully considered the standing of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, as well sidered the standing of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, as well sate that character of its directors and officials, and they are of as the character of its directors and officials, and they are of as the character of its directors and officials, and they are of as the character of its directors and officials, and they are of as the character of the Bank will be served by this amalgamation."

Bank will be served by this amalgamation."

The state of the Eastern Townships Bank will be members of the new board of directors.

The shareholders of the Eastern Townships Bank will meet directors. on February 14th, to consider the agreement.

FORTY-THREE NEW COMPANIES

Have Been Incorporated-Many are Small Concerns.

With an aggregate capitalization of \$12,396,500, forty-three With an aggregate capitalization of \$12,396,500, forty-three new companies have been incorporated. Five of the concerns chartered have capital of a million dollars and over, as follows: Acme Gold Mines, Toronto, \$3,000,000; Tate-Sellen Motors, Toronto, \$1,000,000; Southam Press, Hamilton, \$1,000,000; Ford Motor Co., Sandwich East Township, \$1,000,000; Prairie Coal Co., Regina, \$1,000,000. The new companies by provinces are: Ontario, 16; Quebec, 10; Saskatchewan, 10; Manitoba, 7.

A license has been issued to the Wolseley Tool & Motor Car Company, a British firm, to start a branch industry in Ontario.

Ontario.

The capital stock of the Canadian Malleable & Steel Range Manufacturing Company, Limited, has been increased from \$50,000 to \$200,000. The Urban & Rural Telephone Company, Limited, has been authorized to increase its capital from \$4,000 to \$8,000. The corporate name of Messrs. J. M. Archibald Company, Limited, has been changed to that of the Archibald Cereal Company, Limited. The charters of the Fisher Company, Limited, and the Chatham Waggon Co., Limited, have been surrendered. rendered.

The following is a list of the charters granted during the past week. The head office of each company is situated in the town or city mentioned at the beginning of each paragraph. The persons named are provisional directors:

Anglia, Sask.—Anglia Hall Company, \$1,500. Weyburn, Sask.—W. H. McCallum & Company, \$10,000. Quill Lake, Sask.—Middle West Land Company, \$25,000. Saskatoon, Sask.—Great West Investment Company, \$50,-

Swift Current, Sask .- Saskatchewan Land & Investment

Company, \$100,000.
Wellington, Ont.—W. P. Niles, \$100,000; W. P. Niles, J. E. \$100,000.

Noxon, J. Macdonald.

Dorion, Ont.—Wiener Company, \$25,000; J. Wiener, K. Wiener, J. McMillan.

Moose Jaw, Sask .- Western Investments, \$20,000; Ottawa

Real Estate Company, \$10,000. Morrisburg, Ont.—Kinnell Manufacturing Co., \$50,000; A. Flynn, W. W. Flynn, H. Lamble.

Brandon, Man.-McDiarmid & Clark, \$150,000; A. R. Mc-Diarmid, J. Clark, J. McDiarmid.

Windsor, Ont.—Major Mining Company, \$25,000; J. A. Mc-Andrew, W. H. Irving, H. H. Davis.

Hamilton, Ont.—Southam Press, \$1,000,000; H. Ford, J. Couzens, Detroit; W. R. Campbell, Windsor.

St. Jovite, Que.—St. Jovite Power & Electric Light Company, \$20,000; C. E. Marchand, S. Magnant, J. Bessette.

Sandwich East Township, Ont.—Ford Motor Company, \$1,000,000; H. Ford, J. Couzens, Detroit; W. R. Campbell, Windsor. Regina, Sask.—Western Construction Company, \$250,000; Modern Apartments Company, \$40,000; Prairie Coal Company, \$1,000,000.

Ottawa, Ont.—Halliday & Sproule, \$40,000; W. Y. Denison, E. F. Holcomb, R. G. Code. Rosemont Realty, \$250,000; C. J. Booth, G. P. Brophy, E. F. Fauquier.

Booth, G. P. Brophy, E. F. Fauquier.

Winnipeg, Man.—Matthews-Wrightson Loan & Investment Company, \$500,000; F. D. Williams, Montreal; Hon. C. H. Campbell, W. J. Wilcox. Western Farmers' Lumber Company, \$250,000; W. Tregillus, E. J. Fream, Calgary; R. Railton, Winnipeg. Waverly Investment Company, \$500,000; F. W. Louthood, R. S. Jenkins, G. A. H. Dysart. Lloyd's Investment Company, \$40,000; R. Purdon, P. Shearer, R. L. Purdon. Transcona & Winnipeg Realty Company, \$100,000; B. C. Cockshott, W. A. Cockshott, C. Shenk. Flax Decorticating Company, \$500,000; A. C. Miller, R. W. Wydeman, E. B. Wilkenson. W. Wydeman, E. B. Wilkenson.

W. Wydeman, E. B. Wilkenson.

Toronto, Ont.—Canadian Mining & Finance Company, \$500, 000; J. B. Holden, G. A. Grover, D. W. O'Sullivan. Tate-Sellen Motors, \$1,000,000; J. B. Holden, G. A. Grover, D. W. O'Sullivan. Anglo-Canadian Exploration & Development Company, van. Anglo-Canadian Exploration & Development Company, \$250,000; H. Riley, W. B. Stirrup, W. H. Walter. Wood Guthrie Company, \$100,000; L. M. Wood, G. H. Gordon, T. C. Wood. Chantler-Moss, \$40,000; L. R. Chantler, Mrs. E. Moss, J. A. Moss. Acme Gold Mines, \$3,000,000; J. B. Holden, G. A. Grover, D. W. O'Sullivan. Marchment, \$40,000; S. W. Marchment, Mrs. A. A. Marchment, W. Hurst. Land Owners, \$40,000; F. J. Pickman, H. I. Easton, L. E. Edwards. man, H. I. Easton, L. E. Edwards.

man, H. I. Easton, L. E. Edwards.

Montreal, Que.—Columbia Land Company, \$50,000; J. A. Smart, Lachine; A. H. McEnroe, B. Lefebvre, Montreal; Augustin Comte & Cie, \$50,000; A. Comte, L. P. Deslongchamps, P. M. Girard. Industrial & Manufacturing Company, \$250,000; W. M. Girard. Industrial & Manufacturing Company, \$250,000; W. M. GKeown, L. Barry, E. A. Barnard. A-B Stove Company of Canada, \$50,000; F. G. Bush, G. R. Drennan, M. J. O'Brien. North American Lock & Tool Company, \$50,000; S. W. Jacobs, A. R. Hall, G. C. Papineau-Couture. Industrial and Explosives Company, \$600,000; A. Girard, E. R. Dufresne, L. G. Balcer; de Desbarats Realty Company, \$100,000; W. A. Desbarats, E. Desbarats, C. H. Desbarats. Canadian Steel Pipe Company, \$200,000; J. H. Dillon, P. A. Degroseilliers, T. A. W. P. Mercier. Duchess Amusement Company, \$20,000; S. W. Jacobs, A. R. Hall, G. C. P. Coutre. G. C. P. Coutre.

MONTREAL TELEPHONE RATES.

Finances of Montreal Street Railway System.

Monetary Times Office, Montreal, December 27th.

The situation with respect to complaints against the Bell Telephone Company seems to have altered altogether at the City Hall. When the city decided to bring the whole question of service given by the Bell Telephone Company and prices charged to the attention of the Railway Commission, the City Attorney requested the people to send in any complaints they wished to register against the company. Among the particular objections mentioned by the city was the charge of \$35 per year for private 'phones and \$55 per year for business 'phones, as against a charge of \$30 and \$50, respectively, in Toronto. Practically no complaints were registered, although there are 34,000 telephones in use in Montreal. This number compares with about 38,000 in Toronto, and one of the reasons for this anomalous state of affairs—Montreal being a much larger city than Toronto—was that telephones cost more per year in Montreal than in the The situation with respect to complaints against the Bell that telephones cost more per year in Montreal than in the Queen City. Many subscribers have registered their protests against the service on the local lines.

Subscribers Complain of Overcharge.

Some of the subscribers who are registering the complaint Some of the subscribers who are registering the complaint against the additional charge of \$5, give a comparative schedule of prices prevailing in Montreal and other large Canadian and American centres. They complain not only of the overcharge, but of the service given by the company, while others find a grievance in the method followed by the company in dealing with calls entered at public telephones. It is the intention of the city to combine all complaints into a volume and submit them to the Commission when the case comes up for considerathem to the Commission when the case comes up for considera-

The City Attorney's final statement may dampen the ardor

The City Attorney's final statement may dampen the ardor of a number of those who have registered complaints against the company. He states that all will be notified, through the press, of the receipt of their complaint, and will be requested to put in an appearance before the Commission, when the complaint of the city against the company is taken up.

Montreal South has also joined in this matter of complaint against the telephone charges. At the last meeting of the Town Council a complaint was made that the cost of telephones in the town, being \$26 per annum, was more than for neighboring municipalities. A committee was appointed to interview the Bell Telephone Company, with a view to adjusting the grievance.

Finances of Montreal.

A summary of the Montreal Budget has been issued from the office of the City Comptroller, showing a total revenue of the city, for the coming year, of \$8,185,000, consisting as follows:

Assessments Water rates Business taxes	\$5,225,287 935,873 699,394
Total Other revenue	\$6,860,554 1,424,446
Total Curtailment for possible reductions	\$8,285,000 100,000
Total Revenue	\$8,185,000

Every item in the list of expenditure shows an increase, one of the largest of which is school taxes, being \$1,250,000, or \$215,000 more than a year ago. The police department also receives an increase of \$150,000, bringing the amount up to \$767,664. The roads' department, notwithstanding the constant objections of Montrealers, as well as of visitors, to the condition in which the roads are kept, receives an increase of about \$50,000, bringing the total expenditure on roads in Mo ntreal to \$696,000. Interest and sinking fund receives \$2,300,000, which is only about \$140,000 more than a year ago. The total appropriations for the year amount to \$8,185,000, being about \$1,000,000 more than a year ago.

Montreal Street Railway.

Montreal Street Railway.

It is generally allowed that the complaints which began to be heard some time ago against the Montreal Street Railway were probably the outcome of the change of ownership of the railway. There is no denying that the service is becoming gradually less effective, and that, at the present time, it is less satisfactory perhaps than ever before since its electrification. During the last fiscal year of the company, the number of tickets and transfers amounted to upwards of 150,000,000, this being an increase of some 15,000,000, or 10 per cent. on the number collected in 1910. During the same period it is hardly likely that the efficiency of the railway increased ten per cent, so that though the company operated fully as many cars and as good cars as during the last year of the old regime, and operated them as rapidly as the previous year, the congestion would still be approximately ten per cent. greater. It is not thought that the company added to its rolling stock and otherwise increased its efficiency proportionately with the increase in population. In

reality, this question of increase in population in Montreal raises some very serious considerations. The price of real estate has advanced considerably design the has advanced considerably during the past year, which one must attribute in large part to incoming population.

Tramway Work is Made Difficult.

In the vicinity of Montreal houses are being erected in all directions, extending for miles out into the country wherever any sort of tramway connection can be had. This makes the work This makes the work sort of tramway connection can be had. This makes the work of the tramway company much more difficult than it was a few years ago. The fear in Montreal seems to be that some considerable of the contract of erable expenditure may be put out upon schemes for more rapid transit, which will become almost totally inadequate before they are finished. Meantime nothing is being done, and the car lines become more crowded daily and the citizens experience everincreasing difficulty in getting accommodation.

A resolution was adopted by the special civic committee having charge of this street railway question during the past week, by which it is proposed to ascertain how many large cars the tramway company is employing on its routes, the total number of cars available, and the contract of cars available, and the cars available and the cars avail ber of cars available, and the number of improved cars which have been added during the past five years. Certain questions concerning less frequent stops will be asked, and suggestions will be made as to new streets and new plans to facilitate the operation of cars. Among citizens, the inadequacy of most of these suggestions to meet the situation which is growing up, is keenly felt. keenly felt.

Quebec Electric Light Contract.

The announcement that the Dorchester Company had secured the electric lighting contract for Quebec did not create any considerable consternation among the shareholders of the Quebec Railway; Light, Heat and Power Company. It was felt that Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., would not have allowed the Dorchester Company to obtain anything he really wanted. Subsequently it was announced that the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company had secured the water powers on the River Saguenay, a short distance above Chicoutimi, and that work will be begun in the spring on the development of power and the construction of a power house with a capacity for work will be begun in the spring on the development of power and the construction of a power house with a capacity for 50,000 h.p. It is manifest that the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company requires more power, and this may quite possibly furnish the explanation for its apathy concerning the contract for the city of Quebec. The company may be able to dispose of all the current available at better prices than the city was prepared to pay. The new development will be of very great importance in furnishing power for the operation of cars down to Ste. Irenee and Murray Bay.

Telephone Amalgamation is Announced.

It is announced from Sherbrooke, Quebec, that an amalgamation is about to take place between the People's Telephone Company and the Bell Telephone Company. The proposition apparate the ently is not that the Bell is to take over the People's, but that the ently is not that the Bell is to take over the People's, but that the two systems in that vicinity will be merged into a new company, to be known as the Eastern Townships Telephone Company. It is argued that now that the Railway Commission is taking charge of the matter of rates to be charged for telephones, there is not the same occasion for opposition between different companies which previously existed. The opposition offered by the Peoples' Company to the Bell Telephone is that it has for years kept prices at a very reasonable level in the vicinity of Sherbrooke. The rates to be charged by the new company are those which hitherto have been charged by the Bell.

The large contracting firm of Messrs. Peter Lyall & Sons, which has had a greater success than any other firm of this

The large contracting firm of Messrs. Peter Lyall & Sons, which has had a greater success than any other firm of this character in Montreal, and perhaps even in Canada, during the past decade, has been turned into a joint stock company, to be known as Peter Lyall & Sons Construction Company, Limited. The bond issue on the new concern is \$1,250,000, carrying interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The common stock issue amounts to \$1,750,000, and the 7 per cent. preferred issue, which is being entirely taken by the former partners, amounts to \$1,300,000. The entire issue was underwritten almost as soon as announced, and the public issue will be made some time before the end of January. The entire bond issue will be available as working capital, and it is the intention of the company to double its present capacity. The new company is capitalized at \$400,000. Behind the bonds is said to be Winnipeg real estate with a value of \$650,000, besides about \$500,000 of stock in the new transportation building in Montreal, in addition to the company's equipment. The directors are Messrs. Peter, William and Trail Lyall, J. N. Greenshields and H. W. Beauclerk.

COBALT ORE SHIPMENTS.

The following are the shipments of Cobalt ore, in pounds, for the week ended December 23rd:—La Rose, 145,736; McKinley-Darragh, 109,254; Crown Reserve, 42,200; Trethewey, 52,733; Cobalt Townsite, 55,251; Coniagas, 63,743; Chambers-Ferland, 64,000; Drummond, 60,000; Temiskaming, 63,260; Kerr Lake, 63,580; total, 719,757 pounds, or 359 tons. The total shipments since January 1st are now 49,695,530 pounds, or 24,847 tons.

In 1904 the camp produced 158 tons, valued at \$316,217; in 1905, 2,144 tons, valued at \$1,437,196; in 1906, 5,129 tons, valued at \$3,900,000; in 1907, 14,040 tons; in 1908, 25,700 tons; in 1909, 29,751 tons; in 1910, 34,041 tons.

AMERICAN PAPER INDUSTRY FACES SERIOUS COMPETITION FROM CANADA.

Newsprint Made in Canada From Freehold Wood Goes Into the United States Free of Duty and Canadian Production Will be Increased.

Quiet now prevails among the paper manufacturers of the United States in marked contrast to the excitement during the last session of Congress, says the Wall Street Journal. Although the reciprocity agreement died an ignominious death in Canada, the result of its passing by Congress is being felt by paper makers in this country. Paper made in Canada from timber makers in this country. Paper made it ess than four cents a grown on freehold land, and valued at less than four cents a grown on wenters this country free of duty. For section 2 of pound, now enters this country free of duty. For section 2 of the reciprocity bill went into effect immediately the President's the reciprocity bill went into effect immediately the President's the reciprocity did not can be repealed only by act of Consignature was affixed, and can be repealed only by act of Consignature was affixed, and can be repealed only by act of Consignatures, other nations claim that under the favored nation facturers, other nations claim that under the favored nation clause of the United States tariff law they are entitled to the same right of free import granted to Canada. Quiet now prevails among the paper manufacturers of the

But despite their troubles, present and to come, paper interests are grinding wood and making little noise. Still waters run deep. Perhaps one reason for the lack of protest is that run deep. Perhaps one reason for the lack of protest is that run deep the state of the lack of protest is that those interested feel that if Congress could pass a bill calculated those interested feel that if Congress could pass a bill calculated the state of the paper industry of the United States in the face of the facts brought to its attention last spring, there is little hope of a readjustment—at present.

hope of a readjustment—at present.

The case of paper makers is, briefly, as follows: There is invested in the paper industry in the United States about invested in the paper industry in the Canada, to-day, has a \$250,000,000. In national timber resources Canada, to-day, has a \$250,000,000. \$250,000,000. In national timber resources Canada, to-day, has a decided advantage over the United States. In its report, submitted while Congress was in session this spring, the Tariff Board stated that it cost \$5.35 a ton less to make newsprint in Canada stated that it cost \$5.35 a ton less to make newsprint in Canada than in this country. The average cost in Canada is \$27.53 a than in the cost of raw materials. Practically all this difference ton, as compared with \$32.88 here. Practically all this difference is in the cost of raw materials. The duty on newsprint, and other paper in this class, was formerly \$3.75 a ton, leaving an other paper in this class, was formerly \$3.75 a ton, leaving an other paper in this class, was formerly \$1.60 a ton to Canadians even before the duty advantage of \$1.60 a ton to Canadians even before the duty advantage of \$1.60 a ton to Canadians even before the tuty advantage of \$1.60 a ton to Canadians even before the suppose large market opened to her, it is only reasonable to suppose that Canada will rapidly increase her production of paper.

The paper makers further contend that the ultimate result of the present status is not difficult to imagine. Unless the American paper industry is granted fair protection, they say it will cease to exist, or, at any rate, to prosper. There was, in any case, a natural trend northward, but the free admission of Cancase, a natural trend northward, but the free admission of Canadian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian newsprint would seem to hurry this move on the part of adian provides against the facture about the same as here. Canada provides against the facture about the same as here. Canada provides against the export of her timber by provincial export taxes on all wood cut on Crown lands.

Most of the paper made in Canada is from timber grown on government lands. But there is no reason why the paper for domestic consumption cannot be made from this timber, and the domestic consumption cannot be made from this timber, and the surplus for export from freehold wood. If the American moves surplus for export from freehold wood. If the American moves a surplus for export from freehold wood, and the cannot canada now he will start on an even basis with the Caninto Canada now he will start on an even basis with the Caninto Canada will show a large increase and the tion of paper in Canada will show a large increase and the manufacturer in this country be called upon to meet dangerous competition. competition.

This is the condition that paper manufacturers now face. As was remarked before, they are not, at the present time, saying much. They undoubtedly have cause for thought. And one of the thoughts uppermost in the mind of the American paper maker is that he has been unfairly treated.

CAPITAL APPLICATIONS IN LONDON.

The London Economist in its quarterly compilation of new capital applications in London, shows that during the three months ended September 30th, a marked decrease occurred in amount as compared with the previous quarter and with previous years. The figures compare as follows:—

figures compare as follows:— Quarter. 1911 1st. £61,245,000 2nd. 56,238,800 14,914,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1910. \\ \mathfrak{L}99,355,600 \\ 88,721,400 \\ 28,111,600 \\ 51,250,500 \end{array}$	1909. £64,238,400 56,835,200 27,694,400 33,588,800
4th	267,439,100	182,356,800

SOMETHING WORTH WHILE.

It is something worth while, and deserves sincere compliment, when a commercial body commemorates a birthday by publishing so handsome a quarto as that which we receive from La Chambre de Commerce Francaise. This inviting volume bears the title "Le Canada et la France, 1886-1911." Its main purpose is to make Canada better known and appreciated in France, and to assist in drawing the two countries together in closer relations. in drawing the two countries together in closer relations.

It is difficult to select from the facts, figures and illustrations with which 230 of its pages are filled, portions which may be termed most interesting. It is well to notice, however, that it is divided into two parts, and that one of these is very sensibly devoted to describing Old France, its production, its commerce, its financial power, its moneyed institutions, its colonies. Probably the portion of this part which will attract most attention is that devoted to the foreign possessions of France; Algeria, Madagascar, Guiana, Guadeloupe, French India, St. Pierre and Miquelon. These diverse and widely scattered countries deserve more attention than they usually receive.

In a chapter on the foreign trade of Canada, covering pages In a chapter on the foreign trade of Canada, covering pages 133 to 1,400, appears a comparsion of our imports and exports from Germany and France respectively, for a series of years. A practical thing for readers in Bordeaux, Nantes, Marseilles, Paris, is the lengthy list of French products exported to Canada in 1910 and 1911. This list shows, that besides the great sum which we send to France for silk, cotton, woolen goods and laces, we buy great quantities of her drugs, chemicals, wines, precious stones, jewelry, gloves, conserves.

The Canadian railways and waterways receive much publicity in these pages. Her factories, too, receive mention. Her riches of pulp and paper, fur, fish, fruit, minerals, receive treatment after the lengthy discourses on grain and cattle production. At page is devoted to Canada's climate, which the editor ingeniously heads with an extract from Voltaire's Candide upon the quelques arpents de neige (a few acres of snow), upon which the French monarch of that day spent more than all Canada was worth. The illustrations are admirable. There are many outside the province of Quebec who will prize the portraits given of men prominent in the French Chamber of Commerce of Montreal, notably MM. Obalski, Galibert and Chouillon.

the French Chamber of Commerce of Montreal, notably MM. Obalski, Galibert and Chouillon.

A word is due as to the editorial arrangement of the book. It is characterized to a larger degree than is common in such compilations by an occasional lightness of touch which saves it from appearing to the reader merely a catalogue or an itinerary. For instance, he has put at the head of some of the chapters little sparkling, unexpected bits like this from the Intendant Talon: "Canada is of vast extent; towards the north I do not know its bounds," a prediction on page 52 from Le Grand Monarque himself; and a rebuke by Chateaubriand at a later day of his country for ever letting go of Canada. M. Maurice Trembly, the chief editor, and his collaborators for so valuable an assemblage of statistical and other matter, so agreeably conveyed. The larger part of the book is in the French language (it is to circulate in France), but the interesting review of 25 years of the Chamber de Commerce, by M. Revol, the president, is in English and French.

SCOTCH BANKER PLEASED WITH CANADA.

"When I left Toronto I visited the Gow Ganda camp under the kind auspices of the Canadian Northern Railway, afterwards Sudbury and Port Arthur. At the latter place I made an ex-haustive enquiry into the wheat elevator business and am quite satisfied that given a well conducted elevator company—the grad-ing and weight being certified without any doubt advance satisfied that given a well conducted elevator company—the grading and weight being certified without any doubt—advances against wheat are amongst the safest and most remunerative methods of lending money to be found in the country, and moreover at the same time the greatest service our country can render to the Canadian agriculturists." So writes Mr. John Ferguson, of the National Bank of Scotland, in a letter to The Monetary of the National Bank of Scotland, in a letter to The Monetary Times. "From Port Arthur," he continues, "I went to Winnipeg, and thereafter to Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary, Vancouver and Victoria. With many friends in these cities, I discussed various matters touching upon the financial requirements of Westvarious matters touching upon the financial requirements of Westvarious matters touching upon the financial requirements of Westvarious matters touching upon the financial world that while there was a somewhat strong feeling of optimism prevailing in certain quarters regarding, for instance, real estate values, yet amongst those holding high official positions in the financial world and therefore entitled to express their opinions, no dubiety existed as to the future, and I left Canada with the firm conviction that the occasion having certainly found the men, the money for the country's development would easily be found too, and we sincerely hope that the greater part of it may come from the Old Country.

"I should like to add a personal note and say how much I appreciated the great courtesy and kindness shown to me by the bankers and men of affairs whom it was my privilege to meet during my tour. More frequent exchanges of visits between the business men of countries so closely allied would doubtless tend to strengthen the bonds of respect and esteem for each other which must always underlie the successful and progressive intercourse of nations as well as individuals."

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHT INSURANCE COMPANIES

Are Doing Business With a Dominion Charter—Large Amount is Held by the Receiver-General.

At present 148 insurance companies are doing business under the supervision of the Dominion Department of Insurance at Ottawa. The nature of the business transacted by them is as follows:

Insurance.	No. of Companie
Insurance.	Doing Business
шпе	56
assessment plan	A.
THE	50
Accident	22
Guarantee	14
Steam boiler	
Plate glass	
Plate glass	13
Burglary	9
negistered mail, etc	9
DICKHESS	93
Title	1
Tornado	
Live steel	6
Live stock	2
Weather and hail	2
Automobile	8
Sprinkler leakage	

Amount Held by Receiver-General.

The deposits for the protection of policyholders, held by the Receiver-General in trust for these companies, at July 3, 1911, amounted to \$57,243,741.61 in securities, as follows:

amounted to \$57,245,741.61 in securities, as follow	S:	
Canadian government securities	\$2,174,424	50
Canadian provincial securities	6,802,172	
Dritish government securities	1,430,800	
British colonial securities	1,308,646	
United States bonds	250,000	
New York State bonds	78,000	00
Massachusetts bonds	1,805,000	00
Japanese government bonds.	84,631	
Montreal narpor bonds	566,000	00
Municipal securities	33,425,542	99
Dank Stock	20,000	00
Loan companies' debentures	422,599	99
Railway securities, guaranteed	8,678,023	92
District of Columbia bonds	140,000	00
French rentes	57,900	00

For Protection of Policyholders.

The distribution of the total sum of \$78,528,529.38 held, as above mentioned, for the protection of policyholders among the different classes, is as follows:

Fire			 \$15,813,695	40
Life			 59,087,640	
Accident, guaran	itee, plate g	lass, etc	 3,627,293	54

\$78,528,629 38

The total amount of premiums received in Canada in 1910 for all forms of insurance was \$56,035,725, of which \$29,087,391 was received by Canadian companies, and \$26,948,334 by British and American. The following summary shows the distribution of the premiums to the various classes:

Fire	\$18,725,531
Tornado	588
Automobile	
Life	80,446
Life (assessment)	29,771,903
Personal aggidant	2,249,703
Personal accident	1,815,571
Guarantee	298,940
Plate glass	151,399
Steam boiler	111,532
Burglary	55,934
Sickness (so far as separate return made)	603,274
Inland transit	114,371
Contract	72,939
Employers' liability	1,644,252
Sprinkler leakage	18,548
Title insurance	2,898
Live stock	86,645
Hail and weather	231,250
	231,230
Total	\$56,035,724

Canadian, British and American Companies.

Or dividing them according to the nationalities of the companies:

Fire Tornado Life Life assessment Accident Guarantee Plate glass Steam boiler Burglary Sickness Inland transit Contract	Canadian Companies. \$4,334,612 19,952,162 2,249,703 1,056,085 108,876 66,490 101,884 38,541 486,219 4,208	British Companies. \$10,243,235 1,580,255 442,241 120,695 20,072 79,826 62,897	American Companies. \$4,147,684 588 8,239,486
Contract Employers' liability Title insurance Live stock Automobile Sprinkler leakage. Hail and weather Total	362,769 2,898 40,071 51,623 231,250 \$29,087,391	967,358 46,574 \$13,563,153	72,932 314,125 28,823 18,548 \$13,385,181

TRAINING THE CANADIAN BANK CLERK.

Rapid Promotion Makes It Necessary — What An American Critic Says.

The training of the bank clerk, the manager-to-be, has been the subject of considerable discussion for many years, but without practical or extensive results. It is known that several of the general managers of the most prominent Canadian banks are in favor of the proper preparation of the junior for the higher positions. This is a day of rapid promotion, and the accountant in November becomes the branch manager in December

Professor Johnson, of New York University, dealt with this question in his monogram on Canada's banking system, written for the National Monetary Commission of the United States. As a teacher he regretted the seeming indifference of Canadian bankers with regard to the education of their employees. "When a boy," he said, "at the age of 15 enters a Canadian bank, he leaves all hope of education behind. He will learn a great deal by doing and by contact with strong and successful men, but he will have little chance to improve his mind by systematic study or through attendance upon lectures. His hours will be long and, from the American point of view, his pay will be small. If he has an iron constitution, sound nerves, and an inconquerable stomach, together with a clear head, a steady will, and a good character, he will some day be manager of a branch and perhaps a general manager.

men, but he will have little chance to improve his mind by systematic study or through attendance upon lectures. His hours will be long and, from the American point of view, his pay will be small. If he has an iron constitution, sound nerves, and an inconquerable stomach, together with a clear head, a steady will, and a good character, he will some day be manager of a branch and perhaps a general manager.

"But he will have to work out his own salvation without the aid or encouragement of the world's best thought and experience. It is to be hoped that the older bankers of Canada will get a conviction of sin on this subject and through their Bankers' Association make some provision for the intellectual growth of the young fellows in their employ. If they fail on this score, the time may come when the staffs of the Canadian banks, despite their prestige, may no longer contain men of the quality necessary to the making of a first-class general manager."

The course in modern banking given through the Shaw Correspondence School at Toronto is one of the first practical methods to attain the desired end. This course is divided into introductory and advance sections, the former embracing commercial arithmetic, penmanship, bank geography, English composition and bank correspondence, commercial law, bookkeeping, practical banking, economics, current financial events, and the latter including commercial arithmetic, rapid calculation, commercial law, bookkeeping and accounts, bank correspondence, practical banking, bank organization and management, economics, auditing, and current financial events. The Monetary Times is in favor of all good media having for their object the training of the young bank clerk, and therefore has no hesitation in recommending this or any similar course, properly conducted.

Until further notice United States Collectors of Customs will continue to collect the former rate of duty upon wood pulp and print paper from foreign countries. President Taft and his advisers feel that there is some question whether Congress in enacting Canadian reciprocity law actually intended to make Section 2 of the Act operative independent of the fate of the measure.

Mr. Lee of Minneapolis, and Mr. Patterson and Mr. Walla of Winnipeg, are representing the entire insurance liability involved in the recent Moose Jaw, Sask., fire. Mr. Walla has said that he would like to go on record as saying that the fire system of Moose Jaw must be improved immediately; otherwise the thirty-five insurance companies whose interests he represented will see no other course than that of doubling every insurance rate in the city.

WESTERN CANADA.

Brisk Holiday Trade — Winnipeg Buys American Cement-In the Wheat Markets.

Monetary Times Office, Winnipeg, December 26th.

Winnipeg, December 26th.

At this late date farmers all over the West are still threshing, the weather for the past month being mild and favorable, enabling them to get much of their crop threshed that many people expected would be a total loss. The movement of grain continues to be heavy, and money is reaching the farmers' hands in larger amounts every day, and payments are being made somewhat better as the year closes.

Loan companies report that payments of interest have also been fair. There is a good demand for money on farm property, and a good many of the local companies have placed all the funds at their disposal, while several of the larger companies have ample money for all requirements. General business in have ample money for all requirements of the West has Winnipeg and throughout the larger centres of the West has been good, the holiday trade being considerably better than been good, the holiday trade being considerably better than satisfied.

Last week the Board of Control in Winnipeg accepted the tender of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company of Chicago for 25,000 barrels of cement to be delivered as required in 1912. The tender of the Lehigh Company the lawest of five submitted will 25,000 barrels of cement to be delivered as required in 1912. The tender of the Lehigh Company, the lowest of five submitted, will give Winnipeg its cement supply for next year at a net price of 60 cents per 100 pounds net weight, laid down in Winnipeg, excluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be returned at the cost of the manuexcluding sacks, which will be company has agreed that if than the price submitted, as the company has agreed that if the city will be given the benefit of reduction. This, it is under the city will include the rebate of two cents per barrel on sacks

stood, will be given the benefit of reduction. This, it is understood, will include the rebate of two cents per barrel on sacks returned to the United States, which it is expected can be collected, and if this is done will increase the saving over last year's prices to 16 cents per barrel.

The Hall of Industry.

The Winnipeg Development and Industrial Bureau have un-The Winnipeg Development and Industrial Bureau have undertaken another commendable work, in planning and paving the way for a Hall of Industry to be built in the western metropolis. Last week work was commenced on this project, and the ruins of the old Manitoba Hotel, which have been an eyesore on Main of the old Manitoba Hotel, which have been an eyesore on Main Street, are being torn down, and will be the site of the new hall. The building provides a long-felt want in adequate space for bureau offices, and a central, economical and effective means for bureau offices, and a central, economical and effective manufacturers publicity and business. A large number of local manufacturers and business firms have already taken up most of the available space in the building for exhibits, assuring the success of the project.

In our Winnipeg market prices finish the week practically unchanged, after advancing 1c. The United States visible supply made an increase last week of 1,350,000 bushels, and is now up to 71,738,000 bushels. The general opinion is that the large visible is at the expense of invisible reserves, which, it is believed, are very much less than usual. In the last few days the lieved, are very much less than usual. In the last few days the primary receipts of wheat in the United States have shown a considerable falling off compared with a year ago, and if this primary receipts of wheat in the United States have shown a primary receipts of wheat in the United States have shown a considerable falling off compared with a year ago, and if this becomes permanent for the season it will not be long before the large visible will show liberal weekly decreases. World's shiplarge visible saysage is down to 29,096,000 bushels, against tity on ocean passage is down to 29,096,000 bushels, against 133,088,000 bushels a year ago. Since July 1st to December 16th 33,088,000 bushels appeared to 247,030,000 bushels of porting countries have been equal to 247,030,000 bushels of porting countries have been equal to 247,030,000 bushels of of 1,558,000 bushels less this year than last. The European or 61,558,000 bushels less this year than last. The European or 61,558,000 bushels less this year against 113,600,000 bushels visible supply is 85,608,000 bushels, against 113,600,000 bushels less that year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less. All over Western America last year, or 27,992,000 bushels less this year than last. done to a certain extent, although not in a very satisfactory fashion. And it has enabled the railways to keep up the largest movement of grain that has ever occurred at this time of year in Canada.

in Canada.

In our Winnipeg market trade continues good in face of very large receipts induced by the favorable weather, which is more like the approach of spring than the fourth week in December. There is still a large demand from Europe for all grades cember. There is still a large demand from Europe for all grades under No. 2 Northern, and a great amount of wheat has been sold for January, February and March shipment. Atlantic vessel space is so much in demand that it is stated vessel agents are space is so much in demand that it is stated vessel agents are space is so much in demand that it is stated vessel in these ports. This rate being highly remunerative to vessels in these ports. This rate being highly remunerative to vessels in these out will attract plenty of ocean space before long. Prices in days, it will attract plenty of ocean space before long from a our market for cash wheat are practically unchanged from a

week ago, except on the lower grades, which are in such extra-ordinarily abundant supply.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Outlook is Bright-Oil Shale Areas Will be Developed -More Industries for St. John.

(Staff Correspondence).
Saint John, New Brunswick, December 26th.
The close of 1911 finds the people of St. John and of New Brunswick animated by a greater spirit of hopefulness and confidence than at any former period in the history of the province. fidence than at any former period in the history of the province. There have never been at any one time before as many large projects under way, nor as bright an outlook for the development of the resources of the province. Premier Flemming stated recently that \$20,000,000 would be spent in the province within the next five years. If we include the expenditure for harbor development at St. John, the Premier's estimate is too small. The St. John Valley Railway will cost \$9,000,000. The harbor works at East St. John will cost nearly \$8,000,000. There will be another \$1,000,000 or more spent at West St. John. The railway from Fredericton to the Queen's County coal fields will cost \$1,000,000. The Grand Trunk Pacific will expend consider

railway from Fredericton to the Queen's County coal fields will cost \$1,000,000. The Grand Trunk Pacific will expend considerable money, and there will also be the development of the oil shales of Albert County, the iron mines of Gloucester, and other enterprises of importance.

In view of the brighter outlook, the province will make a more determined and effective bid for immigrants than ever before. The St. John Board of Trade has agreed to subscribe \$5,000 to establish a branch of the Imperial Home Re-union Association, which provides funds to enable immigrants already in the province to bring out their families. Branches will be formed in other centres, and the Provincial Immigration Department will co-operate in the work. In addition an agreement has been reached by representatives of the Provincial and Federal governments, under which the Federal government will undertake to induce immigrants to come in larger numbers to New Brunswick, and the Provincial government will undertake to look after them when they arrive.

More Industries for St. John.

More Industries for St. John.

A Washington concern is willing to erect at St. John a branch factory for the manufacture of paper bottles, provided some local capital is invested in the industry. The Board of Trade has taken up the matter, and it is believed satisfactory negotiations will be concluded.

The government of New Brunswick is negotiating with the Canadian Pacific Railway to have agricultural trains town the

The government of New Brunswick is negotiating with the Canadian Pacific Railway to have agricultural trains tour the province next spring and summer, giving demonstrations at various points on the modern science of farming, as is already done in the west and in the United States. Such matters as dairy and fruit farming, stock raising and seed selecting, will be given special attention.

Development of East St. John.

While the contract for extensive developments at East St. John has not been signed, the government press publishes semi-official statements to the effect that the contract will be awarded to Norton Griffiths & Company, and that in the spring they will begin work on the breakwater, dredging, wharves, and drydock, which together will cost about \$8,000,000. The work will cover a period of about five years.

While frozen halibut from British Columbia is being sold on the St. John market years large quantities of frozen smaller.

on the St. John market, very large quantities of frozen smelts are being shipped from New Brunswick to the American market.

are being shipped from New Brunswick to the American market.

The American lumber market has improved considerably, and orders are being received by local shippers.

The St. John City Council has adopted resolutions providing for a reduction of the assessment on improvements by 50 per cent., and an increase in the assessment on land, especially on vacant lots.

Purchase of Oil Shale Areas.

Purchase of Oil Shale Areas.

Sir William Mackenzie has purchased one hundred and ninety-two square miles of property in the oil shale areas of Albert County, and he intends to erect there a retorting and distilling plant, such as is used in the shale areas of Scotland. This great project, if carried out, will give employment to thousands of men, and with the natural gas and oil wells and the plaster quarries, will prove a source of enormous wealth in Albert County. The fact that the Canadian Northern Railway interests are investing in the province is in itself regarded as a yery significant fact.

regarded as a very significant fact.

The exports by the winter steamships from St. John thus far this season are larger than those for the like period last year, and as usual a considerable portion of the exports are American goods brought to the Canadian port for shipment. The Canadian-Australian line will make five voyages from St.

John this winter.

The Kent Northern Railway, which runs twenty-seven miles from Richibucto to Kent Junction, on the Intercolonial Railway, has been purchased by a Toronto syndicate. A local paper says the price was about \$100,000. The line is one of the profitable short branches of the Intercolonial.—W. E. A.

Chartered Banks' Statement to the

		CAPITAL					
NAME OF BANK.	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.	Amount of Rest or Reserve Fund.	Rate per cent. of last Dividend Declared.	Notes in Circulation.	Bal. due to Dom. Gov after deducting advances.
D. C.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	s	\$
1 Bank of Montreal	16,000,000	15,490,200	15,392,680	15,000,000	10	15,273,044	7,378,815
9 Bank of New Brunswick	1,000,000	937,000	937,000	1,665,386	13	863,111	123,823
a Quebec Bank	5,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	1,250,000	7	2,148,709	26,487
4 Dank of Nova Scotia	5,000,000	4,000,000	3,929,330	7,216,542	14	3,681,655	461,009
5 Dank of British North America	4,866,666	4,866,666	4,866,666	2,652,333	7	4,503,283	35,241
Bank of Toronto	10,000,000	4,673,900	4,608,050	5,608,050	11		35,449
Molsons Bank	5,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,600,000	11	4,862,432	41,187
8 Eastern Townships Bank	5,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,400,000	9	3,615,977	21,901
Banque Nationale	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,300,000	7	2,946,385	16,461
Merchants Bank of Canada.	10,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	5,400,000	10	1,836,521	350,939
Banque Provinciale du Canada	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	425,000		6,351,230	16,428
Union Bank of Canada	8,000,000	4,928,500	4,914,120	3,057,060	5 8	1,060,768	73,693
Canadian Bank of Commerce	15,000,000	11,861,550	11,697,275	9,757,820		4,490,963	515,504
1 Royal Bank of Canada	10,000,000	6,200,000	6,200,000	7,000,000	10 12	12,004,649	219,765
Dominion Bank	10,000,000	4,787,700	4,662,251	5,662,251	12	6,275,181	
Bank of Hamilton	3,000,000	2,871,900	2,869,400	3,300,000	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	4,711,463	47,62° 80,12°
Standard Bank of Canada	5,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,500,000	111	3,028,160	20,999
Banque d'Hochelaga	4,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	12	2,393,777	
Bank of Ottawa	5,000,000	3,500,000	3,500,000	4,000,000	9	2,156,324	28,009
Imperial Bank of Canada	10,000,000	6,000,000	5,998,174	5,998,174	11 12	3,743,395	63,96
Traders Bank of Canada	5,000,000	4,367,500	4,354,500	2,300,000	8	5,749,261	107,937
Sovereign Bank of Canada	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Nil.	8	4,138,815	
Metropolitan Bank	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,250,000	10	34,800	
Home Bank of Canada	2,000,000	1,368,400	1,274,205		10	949,252	
Northern Crown Bank	6,000,000	2,207,500	2,207,500	425,000	6	1,350,430	10.00
Sterling Bank of Canada	3,000,000	1,040,600	972,559	150,000	6	2,032,700	19,804
Bank of Vancouver	2,000,000	1,169,900	749,608	281,616	5	954,341	
Weyburn Security Bank	1,000,000	602,600	301,300	Nil.		365,645	
Banque Internationale du Canada	10,000,000	10,000,000	1,037,940	Nil. Nil.		275,415 145,370	
Total	169,866,666	117,873,916	107,472,558	95,699,232		101,943,056	9,705,647

							ASSETS					
	NAME OF BANK.	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Deposits with Dom Gov. for security of note circula- tion.	Notes of and Cheques on other Banks.	Loans to other Banks in Canada secured.	Deposits made with and Balances due from other Banks in Canada.	Balance due from agents of Bank or from other banks, etc., in United Kingdom.	Balance due from agents of the Bank or from other Banks or agencies abroad.	Dominion and Provincial Govern- ment Securities.	Canadian Municipal Securities, and British, or Foreign or Colonial Public Securities (other than Canadian).	Railway and other bonds, deben- tures and stocks.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1	Bank of Montreal		10,811,328	700,000	5,628,841	252,934	74,432	16,943,603	4,815,629	606,625	871,295	
	Bk. of New Bruns'ck			42,500	197,291		125,484	6,093	406,692	129,000	72,567	233,936
3	Quebec Bank	406,619					5,046	145,780	286,213	49,750	255,446	1,017,286
4	Bank of Nova Scotia						51,204	988,021	1,105,358	587,271	1,553,333	3,785,068
5	Bk. of Br. N. Amer	933,006						121,968	901,632		1,552,154	130,628
6	Bank of Toronto	809,057				170,766			1,785,230	111,386	14,356	1,478,865
7	Molsons Bank	438,065					362,903	557,155	658,426	476,269	752,470	1,635,294
8	E. Townships Bank	461,563		137,000	919,768	109,269			1,146,502	167,073	522,067	439,596
9	Banque Nationale	185,197		100,000			46,586	19,828	595,308	4,000	446,482	656,434
10	Mer. Bk. of Canada.	2,149,007							368,514	597,579	521,631	4,955,757
11	Bk. Prov. du Canada			52,000	530,756		551,771	46,451	134,836		898,666	1,141,757
12	Union Bk. of Canada			190,000			276,403	64,971	372,508	620,707	434,935	1,552,089
13	Canadian Bk. Com Royal Bk. of Canada			475,000 310,000			6,854		6,982,375	440,615	11,895	11,088,582
14	D D . 1-	1,520,200		190,000			45,748	788,153		593,562	1,448,426	9,104,051
15	TO A CAT IL	668,272		140,000			454,764 7,546	402,616		450,418	634,918	5,830,456
16	Standard Bk. of Can.	529,186		100,000		31,037		09 670	551,415	305,664	3,115,632	427,176
		304,873		112,100	1,893,106	31,037	285,090	23,678 $193,098$	157,306	606,654	1,334,849	884,099
18	Bank of Ottawa	1,005,178		175,000			2,202,920	63,615	1,198,443 855,499	899,974 1,346,566	1,145,246	115,600 797,775
19	Im. Bk. of Canada	1,570,218		245,430			1,145,170	2,822,089	3,813,834	516,096	1,403,115 2,946,041	888,470
-	Traders Kk of Can	545,118		197,395	2,313,976			9,138	2,275,768	542,316	643,412	1,164,263
00	Sov. Bk. of Canada			37,460				5,100	2,210,100	012,010		1,104,200
02	Metropolitan Bank	131,131	550,457	50,400	321,327		131,314		244,475	45,193	314,089	1,157,101
01	Home Bk. of Canada	73,867	968,929	55,000	622,975		896,076		211,110	40,100	38,988	295,455
OF	Northern Crown Bk.	220,427	982,716	98,800	2,101,045		237,718	110,230	42,441	65,000	140,292	659,118
26	Sterling Bk. of Can	34,203	472,929	45,500			10,997	6,015		00,000	234,791	437,063
27	Sterling Bk. of Can. Bank of Vancouver. Weyburn Sec'ty Bk.	26,740	163,811	30,272			135,923					46,095
28	Weyburn Sec'ty Bk	9,914	74,191	5,079			63,948					
29	Banque Int. du Can.	895	303,432	5,000	32,817		298,222	34,304	77,838			
	Total	39,032,004	99,300,852	5,809,961	57,912,119	876,451	8,597,079	23,346,806	31,909,591	9,161,718	21,307,096	64,214,978
		Section 1										

Bank of Nova Scotia. The latest returns received from Twillingate, Nfl'd Branch, are dated November 15th and the figures thereof are incorporated herein.

25th Nov., 1911. Asset No. 22 includes Bullion, \$339,879.

Canadian Bank of Commerce. Asset No. 22 includes Bullion, \$119,901.

Dominion Government---November, 1911.

Balance due to Provincial Jovernments. Deposits by the Public, Devenments. Deposits by the Public, Devenments. Deposits by the Public, Devenments. Secondaria Devenments. D					LIABII	LITIES.				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	O Provincial	by the Public, payable on demand in	by the Public, payable after notice or on a fixed day in	Deposits elsewhere than in	Deposits made by and balances due to other Banks in	Balances due to Agencies of the Bank, or to other Banks or Agencies in United	to Bank Agencies or other Banks or Agencies out of Canada or	not included under foregoing		amount of Notes in circulation at any time during the
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	8	\$	\$ 150	1.803,231	\$			197,229,155	16,553,547
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			93,636,511	23,904,150	3,986		4,101			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			6.025,299		111,821					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		3,775,862	9,453,778	11 834 432						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		25,740,230	6,014,380	1 977 150						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		11,179,997	21,135,470	1,011,200	100,367			120,000		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23,099	15,628,514	25,439,600		109,378	12,808				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	258,818	9,312,653	25,429,651			170,120				1,987,201
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		4,667,039	14,699,500	717,081	216,834	210.080		152,179	70,470,083	7,039,340
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			10,795,416	107,044	1,356,976		101,112	3,427	9,917,399	1,192,173
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			36,239,078				60.543		50,152,802	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,526,218	6,085,195	382,030				290,961		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,843,145	17,951,639		15 943,946		090,001		2,062		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		57,798,830		18,299,401	555,032	780 387				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		22,586,970		99,205	120,057					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			31,193,102			100,110				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			24,012,022		0,200			294,388		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		6,566,667			227	3.678	28,749			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		5,120,301								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			00- 67)		17 420	494.599	582,007			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		17,783,790			. 17,420			4,110,002		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	438,930	12,006,790			51 784	372,215		109		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	**********				84					
883,080		2,858,958					. 162,538			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2,770,300								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0,380,900			. 00,022					
436,061 421,496 214,019 383,362 421,496 383,362 421,496 421,496 383,362 111,943,580			603,565					. 21,730		
	51,510		153,559				. 383,362		1,104,249	254,820
73.264,439 5,744,229 4,555,786 5,496,972 10,413,787 1,173,438,230 111,343,330		430,00	214 010						1 170 400 000	111 042 500
73,204,400		421,490		TO 004 420	5.744.229	4,555,786	5,496,972	16,415,787	1,173,438,296	111,943,580
	25,657,904	341,712,26	5 588,942,142	73,264,439	0,123,220					

ASSETS

Call and short loans on stocks and bonds in Canada.	elsewhere than	Current Loans in Canada.	Current Loans elsewhere than in Canada.	Overdue Debts.	Real Estate, other than Bank premises.	Mort- gages on Real Estate sold by the Bank.	Bank Premises.	Other Assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total Assets.	Aggregate amount of Loans to Directors, and firms of which they are partners.	Average amount of specie held during the month.	Average amount of Dominion Notes held during the month.	
841,69	700,000 3 4,270,652 7,456,302 7,456,302 7,456,302 5 9,091,612 5 2,750,000 6 8,420,602 9,516,938 4 382,800 7 8 8 301,28 15 74 16 75 17 74 17 75 18 7	25,596,147 27,302,854 40,034,758 30,187,136 19,321,081 12,689,097 247,283,388 4,130,835 36,469,941 2103,706,114 2103,7	50,000 5,135,704 3,809,583 127,660 1,155,096 6,395,482 12,068,073 2 2 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	59,057 78,549 1,030,581 87,811 257,059 103,921 38,890 112,216 25,111 69,766 293,240 213,690 205,790 117,000 243,540 57,88 95,01 61,722 280,34 5,18 53,37 113,02 22,58 27,10 38,20	3,300 76,925 3,935 315,965 129,376 59,326 38,517 16,147 117,033 117,033 124,40 42,43 80 76,88 0 55,75 2,86 9 5,69 7 101,655	1,345 4,570 7,107 25,548 21,038 10,837 13,992 525,776 347,091 8 16,920 9 98,981 0 2,250 9 18,591 5 162,561 7 113,598 4 24,950 3 46,231 20,100	71,211,453 3,142,487 2,658,967 2,070,000 1,929,029 857,783 418,499 1,247,786 1,731,738 2,296,310 294,010 235,988 370,57 223,25 49,43 91,84	139,909 417,064 38,694 7,994,531 260,931 40,342 68,907 142,925 296,565 78,774 202,814 252,716 2111,836 38,353 236,294 3,753,51 211,266 51,070 58,84 6271,976 5,78	20,631,718 81,928,961 11,521,533 58,434,822 182,389,983 108,703,313 69,031,523 44,732,133 52,7002,553 72,133,98 451,680,30 4,790,97 12,045,20 12,514,09 19,201,64 17,375,44 66 2,570,35	34,240 406,751 563,822 32,205 1,194,347 374,607 271,575 391,056 359,237 577,516 4431,209 547,624 120,244 267,782 468,377 682,665 6442,773 100,244 267,782 110,244 267,782 246,377 682,665 642,615 141,000 8 129,900 64,855 17,45 7	4,130,428 1,502,633 658,931 531,135 2 299,533 7 970,654 5 1,671,562 5 549,000 2 129,292 7 71,800 0 224,320 3 33,303 8 18,736 4 8,344	500, 233 618, 396 3, 932, 685 3, 142, 485 4, 762, 766 3, 212, 550 1, 378, 375 896, 400 7, 517, 900 132, 019 3, 299, 631 12, 044, 000 8, 242, 839 5, 790, 233 2, 210, 553 1, 583, 250 1, 641, 818 3, 496, 875 8, 717, 833 4, 322, 000 2374, 987 700, 800 938, 800 451, 307 104, 692 375, 941 77, 946	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 21 22 23 24 25 7 26 6
72,033,49	93 87,489,66	[5] 770,356,41	9 38,991,00					. 1					

WHAT CANADA WILL SPEND AND WHY.

(Summary of Balances of Estimated Expenditure for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 1912.)

Service.	Appropriations, 1910–11.	Estimates, 1911-12 previously submitted.	Authorized by Statute.	Total	Voted, 1911–12	To be Voted 1911-12.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Public Debt, including Sinking Funds	14,442,029		15,431,554	15,431,554		
Charges of Management	326,400	323,900		323,900	134,958	188,941
Civil Government	4,863,829	4,926,361	267,066	5,193,428	4,703,014	219,029
Administration of Justice	1,312,983	115,783	1,235,175	1,350,958	48,243	67,131 51,916
Police	64,501	89,000		89,000	37,083	345,975
Penitentiaries	528,500	593,100		593,100	247,124	472,502
Legislation	1,754,278	810,004	801,500	1,611,504	337,501	1,360,625
Arts, Agriculture and Statistics	1,336,000 $253,000$	2,855,500		2,855,500	1,494,874	93,333
Quarantine	1,360,801	1,276,250		189,000 1,276,250	95,666	87.500
Pensions	223,116	23,498	228,001	251,500	1,188,750 10,887	12,611
Superannuation	352,000	20,100	400,000	400,000	10,001	
Militia	7,126,265	8,121,850	21,600	8,143,450	4,311,604	3,810,245
Railways and Canals—Income	811,577	964,047	55,000	1,019,047	954,422	9.629
Public Works—Income	13,088,640	18,599,030	15,000	18,614,030	10,396,540	8,202,489
Mail Subsidies and Steamship Subventions	2,065,158	1,786,600	273,000	2,059,600	1,582,103	198,663
Naval Service	3,696,500	3,976,500		3,976,500	1,656,875	2,319,625
Ocean and River Service	980,900	1,258,600		1,258,600	1,258,483	040
Lighthouse and Coast Service	2,872,850	3,014,000		3,014,000	2,819,050	194,949
Scientific Institutions	408,500	417,900	*********	417,900	411,833	6,066
Marine Hospitals and sick and distressed seamen	73,000	73,000		73,000	73,000	
Steamboat Inspection	53,300	54,000	100,000	54,000	54,000	510,708
Fisheries	1,010,223	915,500	160,000	1,075,500	404,791	310,70
Subsidies to Provinces	9,277,518 $387,400$	502,300	9,092,471	9,092,471 $502,300$	014 701	257,508
Mines and Geological Survey	103,300	62,300		62,300	214,791	201,0
ndians	1,592,996	1,815,449		1,815,449	62,300 897,099	918,349
Royal Northwest Mounted Police	771,149	783,000		783,000	783,000	
Government of the Northwest Territories	8,800	8,800		8,800	3,666	5,13
Government of the Yukon Territory	305,000	303,000		303,000	155,416	147,58
Dominion Lands and Parks	1,904,914	2,369,334		2,369,334	1,427,997	941,336
Miscellaneous	1,163,988	544,062	200,500	744,562	298,150	244,744
Customs	2,232,500	2,732,500		2,732,500	1,138,541	1,593,958
Excise	730,700	762,700		762,700	317,791	444,908
Weights and Measures, Gas and Electric Light Inspection	188,466	198,016		198,016	82,506	115,509
Adulteration of Food, etc	30,000	32,500		32,500	13,541	18,958
Minor Revenues	2,155					
Railways and Canals—Collection of Revenue	11,207,966	11,241,670		11,241,670	11,241,670	363,066
Public Works—Collection of Revenue	615,450	622,400		622,400	259,333	105,100
Post Office	8,075,766	8,670,830		8,670,830	8,565,729	100,10
rade and Commerce (including Inspection of Staples and Culling Timber)	412,800	418,400		418,400	174,333	244,066
Total Consolidated Fund	98,015,227	81,450,689	28,180,869	109,631,558	57,886,681	23,552,283
	22 000 417	40.040.001		10 040 001	10.050.000	01 000 500
Railways and Canals—Capital	33,220,415	40,046,621		40,046,621	18,658,093	21,388,528 2,820,999
Public Works—Capital	3,354,363 1,130,000	4,836,000 1,580,000		4,836,000 1,580,000	$2,015,000 \\ 658,333$	921,666
Total Capital	37,704,778	46,462,621		46,462,621	21,331,426	25,131,194
Grand Total	135,720,006	127,913,310	28,180,869	156,094,180	79,218,107	48,683,478
Redemption of Debt			8,153,133	8,153,133		

Note:—Cents have been omitted from the above table, but their aggregate in even dollars has been included in the totals-

NEWS AND NOTES.

The Chilliwack Canning Company, putting up small fruits, reports a prosperous season in 1911.

Mr. S. Palco, an Italian from Shanghai, has arrived in Vancouver to start the manufacturing of spices.

The towns of Dundas and Arnprior, Ontario, will apply for legislation consolidating their respective floating debts.

Local men are behind a scheme in Vancouver to erect a modern hotel at a cost of half a million dollars. There will be 505 rooms and 250 bathrooms.

There is more talk of a steel plant for Burrard Inlet, but the only definite statement being that the Columbia Trust Company is the fiscal agent of the new corporation, whatever its name is.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is planning extensive expenditures on the Pacific coast during the coming year. A new depot is to be erected in Vancouver, with an addition to the Empress Hotel at Victoria.

Victoria, B.C., has in hand the construction of a large water works system that will ensure a sufficient supply for half a century. A pipe line 22 miles long will be built to Sooke Lake, and a reservoir to hold 130,000,000 gallons constructed.

Shawinigan shareholders have authorized the new \$500,000 issue of debentures, bringing the issue up to \$4,000,000. Mr. J. E. Aldred was in the chair and explained the reasons for the new issue, which was all sold in London at par and interest.

On a charge of arson, Mr. James Bovain was found not guilty at Toronto. The charge was made by another man, who claimed to be an eye-witness, and stated that Bovain had threatened to shoot him if he told. Malice, because of a refusal to loan money, is said to be the cause of the action.

Mr. Reginald C. Brown, of Vancouver, sued Doctors Brydone-Jack, Munro and Cummings for half interest in what they made out of the sale of the Dunsmuir Collieries to Mackenzie & Mann. The plaintiff alleged that owing to the dilatoriness of the doctors he lost the sale. The case was tried in Victoria, but dismissed.

FOREST FIRE WASTE.

Half of the Original Timber Supply Has Been Destroyed by Fire.

An important phase of Canada's fire waste was discussed by An important phase of Canada's fire waste was discussed by Mr. Percy Robertson, insurance broker and fire prevention engineer, at a recent meeting of the Toronto Insurance Institute. His address was illustrated with storeopticon views.

His address was illustrated with stereopticon views.

As an illustration of the extent of past losses by fire in As an illustration of the extent of past losses by fire in our forests, he referred to estimates made by the Dominion Forestry officials in their last report, who state that more than one-half of the original timber supply has already been destroyed by fire; that government stumpage dues at the moderate stroyed by fire; that government stumpage dues at the moderate rate of 50c per 1,000 feet on the timber destroyed would have rate of a revenue of \$1,000,000,000; and that for every foot of timber ever cut in Canada, seven have been destroyed by fire. Serious forest fires continue to occur, and such a state of affairs Serious forest fires continue to occur, and such a state of affairs demands the adoption of vigorous and intelligent preventive measures. measures.

Question of Reforestration.

Reforestration cannot be of much use in a district which is Reforestration cannot be of much use in a district which is still subject to disastrous forest fires, and unfortunately its need is not generally felt at present, as Canada has the distinction of being the only remaining large exporter of lumber which does not cut in excess of its annual growth.

Neither is the amount now being cut a serious factor, although the manner of conducting our lumbering operations is an important matter, since on this largely depends the future fire hazard of the district cut over.

In Canada, lumbering operations have been carried on with regard only to economy in getting the timber to the mill, and no attempt has been made to safely dispose of the slash or debris, which have been cut over, the so when fire occurs in limits which have been cut over, the ground condition facilitates the spread of the fire as well as increases the damage.

The causes to which most forest fires are attributed are sparks from locomotives and logging engines, camp fires left smouldering, fires set by settlers to clear land and getting beyond control lightning and control lightning and control lightning and control lightning and control control control lightning and control control control control control control control lightning and control contro control, lightning and general carelessness of prospectors, campers and settlers.

Fire waste is a direct loss of wealth to the community, and in the case of forest fire waste the loss does not stop at the actual loss of timber and of the advantages of finally manufacturing and disposing of the products; there are serious indirect actual loss of timber and of the advantages of finally manufacturing and disposing of the products; there are serious indirect damages. For instance, where fire has passed the subsequent growth is of an inferior character and in some cases the land growth is of an inferior character and in some cases the land seemed to consume the entire soil in some places, leaving the rock bare. Moreover, there are hundreds of thousands of acres in northern Ontario in this condition.

Again, the forest floor when burnt over loses much of its Again, the forest floor when burnt over loses much of its run off, they carry away a larger percentage of soil. The failure run off, they carry away a larger percentage of water and tends to retain moisture affects the storage of water and tends to produce freshet or flood conditions, and the soil which is carried away is deposited in our water sheds and navigable streams.

Surface Fires Feed on Shrubs.

Surface Fires Feed on Shrubs.

Damage to water flow and by erosion is much less where the Damage to water flow and by erosion is much less where the timber is merely cut than where the ground is burned over, the trees themselves being a comparatively unimportant factor in retaining the moisture. Forest fires are divided into three main classes. Ground fires burn in the forest floor, which is often of a peaty nature. These fires burn slowly, and while very persistent, do not travel repidly.

Surface fires feed on the shrubs and surface debris and not only cause numerous crown fires, but do great damage to the

Crown fires burn in the tops or crowns of the trees, but seldom reach large proportions, except in high winds, when they travel rapidly and are the greatest factor in the spreading of fires, owing to the burning debris from them being carried with the wind and starting surface fires. the wind and starting surface fires.

Need of Effective Organization.

The Dominion and some of the Provinces have made efforts The Dominion and some of the Provinces have made efforts to improve conditions; but there is urgent need of an effective organization, provided with sufficient funds, and above all, free from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the political interference which so hampers the effective from the plane protecting for statements. Moreover, the occupation of the plane protecting from t and not requiring any special knowledge or application.

Fortunately for Canada, the forestry course at the University of Toronto, under the able and enthusiastic direction of Dean Fernow, is turning out a body of men whose training makes them both able and anxious to assist in solving this question. Other institutions have already followed suit, and when tion. Other institutions have already followed suit, and when influence of this educated body is felt we may look for intelligent handling of this important problem.

Germany and other continental countries appear to have Germany and other continental countries appear to have eliminated already the risk of serious fires in their forests. Some effective work has been done in the United States, both by the government and by owners of timber limits; several public bodies on this continent, including conservation commissions and the National Fire Protective Association, have interested themselves in the problem and the publicity given to their reports will, without doubt, he heneficial. out doubt, be beneficial.

WESTERN CANNERIES COMPANY STILL LIVES.

The following note appeared in The Monetary Times of December 16th:

"The last echoes of Malcolm's Western Canneries, or the Central Packing Company, are being heard. Two accountants have examined the books of these companies, and, having compared the items charged to Mr. F. H. Malcolm, the promoter, with the cheques and vouchers authenticating the charges, they found that the amount standing to the debit of Mr. Malcolm's account should be reduced by items aggregating \$2,816. This reduced the amount standing at Mr. Malcolm's debit to \$1,734, which the auditors say is represented by a mortgage for \$2,400. reduced the amount standing at Mr. Malcolm's debit to \$1,734, which the auditors say is represented by a mortgage for \$2,400. At the conclusion of the auditors' statement it is noted that the amount of \$1,734 was subsequently duly paid. This is well, as far as it goes, but the fact remains that \$72,000 were spent in organizing a company which never got out of the promotion stage. In view of that, we do not quite understand the object of securing the accountants' report noted above.'

The following letter has been received from J. H. Menzies, of Messrs. Clarkson, Cross & Menzies, chartered accountants,

"As one of the auditors referred to in your issue of 16th inst. as having examined Mr. Malcolm's account in the cominst. as having examined Mr. Malcolm's account in the company's books, please allow me to explain that this was done nearly three years ago, the award being dated May 7th, 1909. Mr. D. A. Pender, the other auditor concerned, had been auditor for the company, but this was my first appearance; and my examination was undertaken at the urgency of Mr. Malcolm (whom I had never seen before), who complained to me that his personal account with the company had been improperly charged with items he could not understand. I therefore looked into the account for him, limiting my view, of course, to that, without any reference to the organization expense account, to which you also refer. In result, with the concurrence of Mr. Pender, the debit balance against him was reduced by \$2,816, as you state, but you have been misled by an ambiguous sentence Pender, the debit balance against him was reduced by \$2,816, as you state, but you have been misled by an ambiguous sentence in the authority from which you quote as to its being 'noted at the conclusion of the auditors' report that the balance of \$1,734 had been subsequently duly paid.' The auditors did not add that note. I have to this day no knowledge of any such payment having been made.

repayment naving been made.

"Equally with you I do not understand the object of publishing the auditors' report now, which is an impudent thing to do without my consent, seeing that for what I did for Mr. Malcolm, he has never had the grace to see me since or try to pay me a single penny piece. But an object, no doubt, there is, and I hope you will kindly afford me in this way, in precaution a means of dissociating myself entirely from Mr. Mal

and I hope you will kindly afford me in this way, in precaution, a means of dissociating myself entirely from Mr. Malcolm and any project of his. Yours, etc., J. H. Menzies."

The Western Canneries Company is famous for what it has failed to do since 1906, and it is to be revived again. The shareholders have lost money. A sum of more than \$72,000 was wasted in organization, and the company should have been wound up long ago. New managers and new interests have from time to time become identified with the company, and twice have securities of the company been hawked in England. We advise shareholders to sever their connection with one of the most badly conducted and irrepressible promotions ever the most badly conducted and irrepressible promotions ever started in Canada.

CANADIAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY.

The shareholders of the Canadian Locomotive Company The shareholders of the Canadian Locomotive Company will meet at Kingston on January 3 to vote on a proposal to remove Wm. Harty, of Kingston, from office as a director of the company, and to appoint or elect another person in his stead. This is a special meeting called by order of the board and so involves a majority of the directorate. A separate letter signed by a majority of the directors has also been sent to shareholders, explaining the situation, and asking for their proxies in support of the change. The Canadian Locomotive Company in June this year increased its capital by the issue of Company in June this year increased its capital by the issue of \$1,500,000 of preference stock, carrying bonus of 25 per cent. common stock, the promotion being managed by Mr. Aemilius Jarvis, of Toronto, who is now one of the directors. At the time of reorganization Mr. A. W. Wheatley, of Dunkirk, New York, was engaged as general manager, and it is understood that present plans include promotion of Mr. Wheatley to the directorate. The proposed changes are apparently due to differences of opinion, including probably the question of removing the company's plant from Kingston.

FIRE INSURANCE RESULTS.

Review of the Past Twelve Months' Operations in Canada-Meagre Profit and in Some Cases, a Deficit.

By W. B. Meikle.

[The following article, reviewing fire insurance conditions in Canada during 1911, is from the pen of Mr. W. B. Meikle, general manager of the Western Assurance Company, Toronto, and appears also in the New York Journal of Commerce.—Editor Monetary Times].

The fire insurance business can only show a year of meagre profit and to a number of companies an actual deficit, and it profit and to a number of companies an actual deficit, and it would be difficult to find reasons for forecasting any improvement in the new year. The year 1910, by the returns of the companies reporting to the Dominion Government, gave a loss ratio of 58 per cent., this embracing paid and outstanding losses occurring in the year, and the year 1911 will be no better. Owing, however, to the difference in underwriting methods, the experience will be diverse. The companies having the bulk of their business in the western provinces will show a better record than those whose premium income is drawn mainly from the east.

We have had our usual conflagrations in the large cities and towns, our ever recurring forest fires in the new sections of the country, and our many individual losses which might have been small if properly handled.

Many Big Fires.

There has been a large number of fires during the year, in which heavy losses have been experienced, and the following is a list of those amounting to \$100,000 or over:

a sist of those unforming to 4100,000 of over.	
January.	
Quebec, P.Q.—Dry goods stores	\$110,000
Winnipeg, Man.—Wholesale stores	300,000
Middletown, N.S.—Business section	115,000
February.	
Montreal, P.Q.—Bedstead factory	100,000
April.	
Vancouver, B.C.—Shingle mill	130,000
May.	
Quebec, P.Q.—Roller rink, carriage and corset factories	170,000
June.	
Winnipeg, Man.—Garage	125,000
Montreal, P.Q.—Church	150,000
July.	
Sarnia, Ont.—Lumber yard	200,000
Eganville, Ont.—Business section	225,000
Porcupine, Ont.—Mining towns and standing timber.	2,500,000
Calumet, P.Q.—Pulp and saw mills	600,000
Farnham, P.Q.—Business section	150,000
Sellwood, Ont.—Lumber mill and yard	135,000
Aylmer, P.Q.—Lumber yards	400,000
September.	
Nelson, B.C.—Brewery and smelter plant	500,000
November.	
London, Ont.—Business section	500,000
Regina, Sask.—Implement warehouse	125,000
Arrow Lake, B.C.—Lumber mill and yard	100,000
December.	
Owen Sound, Ont.—Grain elevators	750,000
London, Ont., confectionery works	175,000
Moose Jaw, Sask.—Flour mill and elevators	400,000

For an exceptionally favorable year in Canada the insurance interests would have to look for a year in which the seasons were abnormal by the climate being mild in winter and wet in summer, in which the public authorities were alive to their duties in preventing fire waste, and in which fires were confined to the buildings where they originated.

Increased Expenses and Falling Rates.

As if it were not bad enough to have an unduly high loss experience, the year has been burdened by increased expenses on the one hand and falling rates on the other. The increased expense is mainly due to the American companies, who have influenced the introduction of the graded scale of agency commissions into the Province of Ontario. But the restrictions placed upon the agents before they can receive the increased commissions have been objected to by about half of their numbers and further have given gauge four irritation to the province. ber, and further, have given cause for irritation to the provincial mutual companies. These mutual companies have permitted their agents to represent Association companies, and it is to be regretted that such agents are now to be penalized, since the mutual companies have always had their own method of com-

pensation, and this is not recognized by the new graded scale, even though it is in most cases no higher. In addition the companies are facing discontent from the agents in the other provinces, who also naturally desire to obtain increased commissions. Hitherto Canada has followed the good, old British policy to "live and let live," but the monopolistic ideas of our Southern friends will in time bring to us the same unpleasant legislation they now bemoan.

The reduction in rate is largely due to improvements made to escape additional charges in the rating schedules. But the weakness of the system of schedule rating is in that it presumes that fires will all be unit losses, whereas in a country like Canada we experience an abnormal number of fires which extend over many buildings. It is interesting to compare the average rate of premium and the average percentage of loss during each of the past ten years with that of the United States, and the following table gives this:

			Т	ate !	or E	emit	ım.				Average for the
Canada U. S	1.42	1.47	1.50	1.60	1.60	1.53	1.50	1.50	1.41	1910 1,36	10 years 1.48 1 13
				Lo	ss R	atio.					

Canada... 70.29 40.55 50.94 107.76 43.30 46.73 54.02 60.77 50.46 58.40 U. S. 59.10 52.48 48.61 61,78 47.89 96.80 46.42 54.84 48.12 49.74 10 year 56.87 56.62

Average Rate of Premium.

The average rate of premiums is higher in Canada than in the United States, but notwithstanding this, the average rate of fire loss to premium is and has always been higher in Canada. It is clear, therefore, that the value of insurable property destroyed by fire in Canada is proportionately much greater than in the United States. It is also evident that the insurance companies in the Dominion give rates closer to actual cost than are given in the United States. given in the United States. And even more strikingly apparent do these points become when it is borne in mind that the normal loss average of the United States during the past decade has been greatly increased by many serious conflagrations, including the unparallelled disaster at San Francisco in 1906.

The question of the expense of the business is one to which the companies in Canada should give serious attention. Nothing the companies in Canada should give serious attention. Nothing has been done to meet the public demand for economy in this direction; but, on the contrary, the cost of the business has recently been increased by the higher commissions paid to the agents in the country towns of Ontario. True, the companies in the United States have also increased the agents' commissions in their country towns, but, on the other hand, they have offset this increase by reducing the brokerage and agents' commissions in the large cities. May we hope that we may soon be able to extend congratulations to the American companies for showing us as a result of their experience in their larger field how economies instead of increased expense can be brought into our business. business.

Unlicensed Insurance.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association fought the insurance companies two years ago when the proposed bill to regulate and tax unlicensed insurance was before Parliament, and they have since found it difficult to square the views then expressed with the protection they demand for the capital invested in their own trades. The insurance interests have an equal right to demand protection for their capital and for just the same reasons. There is however some truth in one of the statements. sons. There is, however, some truth in one of the statements which have been made from time to time—that the commissions paid for the business in large cities are unduly high, and it is necessary that the insurance companies should bring this item of expense to a more reasonable figure.

There has been no insurance legislation by the Dominion

There has been no insurance legislation by the Dominion Parliament during the past year, but three provincial Legislatures—British Columbia, Manitoba and New Brunswick—have passed Acts with the object of better regulating fire insurance in their provinces, and on lines which commend themselves to both companies and policyholders.

The Praying of Outprie is new policy a service of its

their provinces, and on lines which commend themselves to both companies and policyholders.

The Province of Ontario is now making a revision of its Insurance Act, and has given all interested parties every opportunity of pressing their views, and the result will doubtless be to improve the Act to the general satisfaction for another decade. If the New York Standard policy form could be adopted in Ontario instead of the present one, in which the obligatory conditions may be altered or added to by variations, and if the insurance companies, both tariff and non-tariff, could get together and organize a bureau for the adjustment of losses, as is now done in most of the large cities in the United States, whereby a corps of capable and disinterested adjusters attend to the settlement of claims to the satisfaction of both the policyholders and the companies, we would have copied from the

to the settlement of claims to the satisfaction of both the policyholders and the companies, we would have copied from the States two features at least of improvement to our business. It is important and interesting to review the work done in other countries on the subject of fire waste prevention and to compare this with the present condition in Canada.

In the United States some measure of enlightenment is now noticeable in the efforts of the Legislatures and public bodies to reduce the terrible fire waste in that country. Improved building laws are being offered in very many cities. In many States one day a year, known as Fire Prevention Day, has been

appointed, when an attempt is made to clean up the basements and back yards of all the business places. The children in many schools are given instruction in regard to the excessive fire waste of their county. of their country and how it may be lessened. Fire marshals to investigate suspicious fires and to inspect and carry out improvements in descriptions. ments in dangerous buildings, are now added to the public service in most of the States.

After two important legislative commissions which were appointed by the States of Illinois and New York to investigate the question of fire waste prevention and fire insurance, had the reported, the result showed that the fire companies had at their two expenses done were then Legislatures or any other public own expense done more than Legislatures or any other public bodies towards the reduction of fire waste by means of their laboratories and inspection bureaux. And the New York report singles out for accompanies the retermaking body known as the laboratories and inspection bureaux. And the New York report singles out for commendation the rate-making body known as the New York Board of Fire Underwriters and the inspection body known as the National Board of Fire Underwriters, by the remark: "The committee commends them to the Legislature for the useful work they have already done along this line."

Reports by the British Fire Prevention Committee (a body composed of architects city and other engineers, surveyors and

Reports by the British Fire Prevention Committee (a body composed of architects, city and other engineers, surveyors and fire brigade chiefs), state that after a visit to Germany they summarize their impressions as follows:

"That the public authorities, as headed by the German Emperor and the Empress, take a very great interest in questions Emperor and the prevention and the fire service, and cerappertaining to fire prevention and the fire protective meastainly realize the necessity of systematic fire protective measures.

"That the substantial character of the construction of domestic and business premises, the interior of which is subject to detailed control, accounts for the comparatively limited extent of fires in the central area of the cities visited.

"That questions of fire protection on the structural side are dealt with to a considerable extent by the superior officers of the various professional fire brigades.

are dealt with to a considerable extent by the superior officers of the various professional fire brigades.

"That much is being done in Prussia to instil into the minds of children at an early age the necessity of exercising great are in the use of fire and artificial light. The general result care in the use of fire and artificial light. The general result this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is that children at an early age are taught by lesson, of this is at an approaching fires, when approaching fires, when using matches and open lights, when approaching fires, dangers of petrol and also of such materials as celluloid, etc.

"That where there has been loss of life at fires, where a fire may be either of technical interest or of interest as an example for the prevention of similar fires, or where there is example for the prevention of similar fires, or where there is example for the prevention of similar fires, or where there is a suspicion of arson, short informal inquiries are held by a suspicion of arson, short informal inquiries are held by a suspicion of arson, short informal pullidings control department, a representative of the municipal buildings control department, and where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson susand whe

and where serious neglect is ascertained or possible arson suspected, the facts are laid by these officials before the public prosecutor, to take what action he deems advisable."

Following a visit to Austria, Hungary and Bavaria, the National Fire Service.

committee remark:

"The general national fire service appeared to be of a very high standard, far in advance of what we are at present used to. Architects, engineers and public officials were found used to take a greater interest in questions of fire present vention than is the rule at home. The codes of general build-vention than is the rule at home. The codes of general build-ventions and special fire presentive regulations were ing regulations and special fire presentive character. In everywhere found to be of a very comprehensive character. In Bavaria and in the Rhenish cities visited the control of minute details appeared remarkable."

In a report on Italy they state:

"The King of Italy evinced his great interest in fire preven-"The King of Italy evinced his great interest in fire preventive matters generally and showed a remarkably detailed knowledge of the fire protection questions of Italy, as also of other countries. The superior officers of the various professional fire countries were without exception either military officers (generally Royal Engineers and Artillery) or civil engineers or architects by training."

As regards Switzerland, the statement is made:

As regards Switzerland, the statement is made:

"The various public services established for the public welfare, such as the general control of building operations, the protection of building of the stablishment of fire and salve

welfare, such as the general control of building operations, the protection of buildings, etc., the establishment of fire and salvage services, etc., afforded a remarkable lesson as to what could be attained in the public weal, the community being willing."

In Great Britain the wooden building and the shingle roof are unknown and the skyscraper is not permitted. Fires of are unknown and the skyscraper is not permitted. Fires of are unknown to the service of the insurance rates are about heavy loss are so infrequent that the insurance rates are about one-fourth of those in Canada, and those who have fires, which cannot be clearly traced to accident, are looked upon with suspicannot be clearly looked u

Fire Waste in Canada.

The insurance companies in Canada, through their associa-The insurance companies in Canada, through their associations, have done all within their power to reduce the fire waste, but in nearly every case they could only obtain results by bartering with the authorities for improvements in water supply tering with the authorities for improvements in insurance or brigade equipment in return for a reduction in insurance

rates. But the finest system of water supply, the most complete installation of hydrants in the streets, and the most up-to-date fire brigade, will never give the public any relief from the constant menace of conflagrations. Before such relief can be secured, better building laws must be enforced by legislation in all the cities, towns and even villages throughout the Dominion. Recently the city authorities in London, Ontario, demanded a reduction in insurance rates owing to improvements in water supply, but within a fortnight after the insurance companies had given a reduction that city had the most serious conflagration a reduction that city had the most serious conflagration given a reduction that city had the most serious conflagration in its history. A fire broke out in a leading retail emporium and extended over seven large retail stores, causing an insurance loss of about \$500,000. It was found that the party walls between the buildings were of such indifferent construction and so thin that the falling of the burning roofs led to parts giving every and the flames spreading.

away and the flames spreading.

A deputation of business men in the Toronto Board of Trade visited the Porcupine district in New Ontario last summer and were about to agitate for a reduction in the insurance rates in the new mining towns in that district, but the terrible conflamention which accounted shortly after their visit revealed the fact gration which occurred shortly after their visit revealed the fact that the buildings were little better than rows of packing cases that the buildings were little better than rows of packing cases in which stoves were used for heating for over half the year. Indeed they were even worse than the buildings in some semicivilized countries, in which flattened-out oil tins are used by the natives in their construction. This Porcupine conflagration has also directed attention to the fact that a number of towns might be affected by one forest or bush fire, as this one extended over an area of ten miles long by eight miles wide, and wholly or partially destroyed the mining towns of Cochrane, South Porcupine, Kelso, Pottsville and Golden. Nothing had been done to protect these towns from the great peril of fire from the surrounding woods or from fires occurring in the buildings them to protect these towns from the great peril of fire from the surrounding woods or from fires occurring in the buildings them-selves. The insurances were largely placed with unlicensed com-panies, and it is reported that a large amount of the insurance loss cannot be recovered.

How serious the loss of property in our large cities is may be illustrated by comparing the city of Toronto, which has a population of about 380,000 and has varied industries, with metal working predominating, with an English city of like industries—Birmingham is about the most appropriate—and whilst its population is 580,000, the average yearly value of property destroyed by fire in Birmingham during the past ten years was only \$237,000, and it has never had a conflagration to treat as an exceptional experience. But the yearly value of property destroyed by fire in Toronto averages \$534,000 a year during that period, and this excludes the \$10,000,000 conflagration which it had in 1904.

that period, and this excludes the \$10,000,000 conflagration which it had in 1904.

To show that civic authorities are to be blamed for the negligence of fire which exists in many cities, it is only necessary to take as an illustration the following extracts from the last report of the Montreal Fire Brigade:

"In many factories, schools, etc., the lives of hundreds of employees, students, and the public in general, are daily jeopardized by the carelessness of employers and others. Our by-laws respecting fire escapes and public safety are overlooked by a large number of property owners. Fire escapes are often inadequate, whether not extending to either roof or ground or of difficult access; windows leading to them are sometimes barred or blocked with goods, etc., or too high up. In factories, doors are locked during working hours. Waste paper and refuse chutes, dumb waiters, etc., are very dangerous for the rapid spreading of flames throughout buildings. Open elevators are often surrounded by winding stairways, thus in case of fire people coming down the staircase are exposed to the heavy draught coming up the elevator shaft and run great risks.

"Garages are established in buildings which are anything else than fit for that purpose, although the dangers attending the storage and handling of large quantities of gasoline and other highly combustible materials have often been emphasized. Several of them have been established without any permit and are situated in thickly populated places and liable to start very

other highly combustible materials have often been emphasized. Several of them have been established without any permit and are situated in thickly populated places and liable to start very bad fires at any moment. Another evil rests with that class of buildings advertised as of fireproof construction, and which burn like tinder at the first outbreak of fire, as was the case with the Bishop Street Apartments, etc. We have too many of those "fireproof" buildings; whenever a building is intended to be fireproof, let it be strictly so. Tenants or occupants should not be made to believe they are perfectly safe in such places when they are so far from such immunity.

they are so far from such immunity.

"Conditions in Montreal's moving picture theatres have not improved, and they remain, at least for several of them, real fire traps. The aisles are narrow and allowed to get overcrowded; exits are inadequate or blocked. Most of them are operated under dwellings, stores or boarding houses, while they should occupy separate buildings altogether."

Indifference and Selfishness.

Must we wait for some dreadful holocaust to force the auth-Must we wait for some dreadful holocaust to force the authorities and the public to recognize the fact that conditions in many parts of our large cities are just as bad as they were found to be in New York after the terrible shirt-waist factory fire in March last?

It cannot be stated that any Governor-General, any Premier, be he Dominion or Provincial, or any leading statesman, has

evinced any particular interest in awakening public bodies and the people to their obligations in making their towns safer the people to their obligations in making their towns safer against the great danger of destruction of property and human lives by fire, and to reduce the enormous waste of \$20,000,000 of property annually. We can only hope that the Legislatures will awaken to their duty and place a check upon the indifference and selfishness of those who profit by the rapid filling up of our cities and towns. And that the public will realize the truth of the economic law that the monetary value of all property destroyed by fire is lost forever to the community. Further perty destroyed by fire is lost forever to the community. Further, that the insurance companies do not re-incarnate destroyed property, but merely act as distributors of the loss amongst their policyholders.

[A number of articles of interest to fire underwriters will appear in next week's Annual Review of The Monetary Times.—Ed. M. T.]

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. W. Miller, of Winnipeg, has been appointed City Clerk of Calgary.

Mr. John C. Kerr, for many years City Clerk of Brandon, Man., died at Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. J. A. Macdonald will address the Life Underwriters'

Association of Toronto at their meeting on Friday.

Mr. H. C. Wright, formerly of a Toronto branch of the Sterling Bank of Canada, has been appointed manager of the Jordan Station branch, Ont.

Mr. Andrew A. Allan has been elected a director of the Merchants Bank of Canada, in place of Mr. Hugh A. Allan, who is now residing in Great Britain.

Mr. E. A. Hope, F.S.I., has been appointed manager for Regina of the National Finance Company, Limited. Mr. Hope is a chartered surveyor of Great Britain and a man of considerable and varied experience.

Mr. P. M. Block, of Portland, Maine, announces that early in the spring he will erect at St. John a branch factory for the manufacture of blockite, an explosive for which there is already a considerable market in the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. George L. Cains, of Greenshields, Limited, has been elected a director of the Prudential Trust Company, and also a member of the executive. Mr. Gilbert W. Ganong, manufacturer, of St. Stephen, New Brunswick, has also been elected a director.

Mr. Wm. M. MacPherson, of Quebec, president of the Molsons Bank, has been elected a director of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. Mr. MacPherson is also the Quebec representative of the White Star-Dominion Line, one of the important steamship connections of the Grand Trunk.

Mr. W. B. Tennant has secured a controlling interest in the stock of the St. John cotton mills. It is not known who are his principals, and there is a rumor that they are closely identified with Canadian Cottons, Limited. Mr. Tennant declines to make a statement other than that the mills will continue to be operated under the present management, and that next year considerable money will be spent in improving the equipment.

CANADA'S BALANCE SHEET.

Year Ending December 31, 1911.

Assets.

Bank deposits growing. Bank clearings larger. Investment market active. Railroad earnings bigger. Industrial conditions excellent. Trade increasing Crop area expanding. Western crop a new record. Immigration volume good. Inflow of capital continu-

ing. Railroad and other construction active. Mineral production increas-

ing. Mergers eliminating unneecssary competition.
Labor troubles lacking.
Commercial failures fewer.
Money market favorable. Stock exchanges active. Bankers' conservatism. Cheap mining shares market dull. Wealth per capita increas-

Liabilities. Real estate gambling. Watered stock issues. Insufficient discretion merger promoting. Stock selling of worthless companies. Indiscriminate use of wellknown names. Lack of proper selection of London issues.

PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Street Railway and Telephone Company are Being Criticized—Grand Trunk Pacific Agreement Rescinded.

(Staff Correspondence).

Vancouver, December 23rd.

The British Columbia Electric Railway Company operates in The British Columbia Electric Railway Company operates in Vancouver and New Westminster, with suburban and interurban lines on the lower mainland. It owns the light and gas franchises in Vancouver and the lighting franchise in New Westminster, also in Victoria, where it has the lighting franchise. It has a power plant on the mainland, another near Victoria, on Vancouver Island, and is the biggest company in the West. The British Columbia Telephone Company's charter enables it to have systems throughout the province, but its main operations are in Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster and between these points.

these points.

The telephone company has had its own troubles to give an The telephone company has had its own troubles to give an adequate service in Vancouver, which has grown so rapidly. There have been complaints regarding service, and suburban districts have complained also of the rates. There is a suggestion to have the provincial government take over the telephone system. The latest public body to recommend this is the combined board of trade of Richmond and Point Grey. The statement was made at the meeting that while the rates might be about the same, the service would be better. The telephone in company has had to increase its rates for business telephones in Vancouver and Victoria, and this will bring further criticism. Vancouver and Victoria, and this will bring further criticism.

Vancouver Complains of Street Railway Service.

The difficulties that beset the telephone company are infinitesimal compared with those of the British Columbia Electric Railway Company. The Point Grey by-law, giving the company power to operate in Point Grey, has been dismissed in the courts, and all construction and service has been discontinued in that suburb of Vancouver. The company has stood strictly upon its rights, and naturally will have nothing to do with any compromise proposals.

compromise proposals.

The City Council unanimously agreed to see if the company's franchise in Nanaimo cannot be cancelled, because of the persistent ignoring of requests for a better service. Certain it is that in many points which tend to the comfort and convenience of the people, the company has been deficient. In some cases passengers have to wait fifteen minutes for connecting cars. After the action or the city this week, to seek annulated the company has been deficient. ing cars. After the action of the city this week, to seek annulment of the franchise, the company, which by the use of passes keeps criticism out of the papers, gave figures to show that the number of cars used were as large in proportion as on street railway systems in other cities. It based its calculations on the population of Vancouver proper, allowing so many cars to these people. The real facts are that 30,000 to 40,000 more people are served, and Vancouver proper cannot be considered by itself, for all the people in the districts immediately adjoining work in the city and come and go morning and evening.

in the city and come and go morning and evening.

It is reasonable to suppose that because conditions are such that the company cannot adequately cope at present with the situation, the government will not allow cancellation of the franchise. The company has at least been sincere in its general attempts, and if it has been overwhelmed by circumstances, the fault is not altogether its own. All these inconveniences are incidents of sudden and enormous growth in the city.

Grand Trunk Pacific Agreement Rescinded.

On Monday night the Council dismissed the proposed agree ment recommended by the Board of Works to give the Grand Trunk Pacific berthing rights for five years covering a large portion of the street end of Gore avenue, and almost rescinded a former resolution are resolution. former resolution approving of the transfer of the existing lease at the street end from the Sechelt Steamship Company to the Grand Trunk Pacific. The Council resolved that at the end of two years, when the lease expired, no extension would be considered. General sentiment is against allowing large corporations to monocilize the council resolved that at the end of two years, when the lease expired, no extension would be considered. sidered. General sentiment is against allowing large corporations to monopolize the street ends on the waterfront, as all the wharfage room is now so held that the water cannot be reached except large tolls are paid.

An event of importance to Vancouver Island was the inauguration of a regular service over the new line of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Nanaimo, on the east coast, to Alberni, on the west coast. This is the first line to cross the island, the trip hitherto being made by stage.

Swift & Company at the Coast.

The Swift Company is gradually establishing itself throughout western Canada. Two or three years ago it erected a large plant at Edmonton, and now, after acquiring a controlling interest in the British Columbia Market Company, the contract has been let for the construction of a warehouse in Vancouver. This will in all respects be a Swift branch house, with sausage

manufacturing and meat curing departments.

Acting on the suggestion of Mr. T. T. Langlois, the Vancouver City Council has approved the suggestion to allow joint stock companies to have a vote at municipal elections.



HE following letter is typical of many constantly being received from satisfied owners of the Russell Car;

Respectfully submitted:

RUSSELL MOTOR CAR COMPANY, Hamilton Branch.

Dear Sirs:

I had delivery of your Model R, five passenger car, a short time ago, and I have given it a fairly good trial, and I wish to say that I am delighted with it in every way.

I had a 1909 model of the same car in use until now, and it gave me very good satisfaction. You know I had a 1909 model of the same car in use until now, and it gave me very good satisfaction. You know I had a 1909 model of the same car in use until now, and it gave me very good satisfaction. You know I had a look and any ways, running more smoothly, more noiselessly, and easier of operation. You know I have had considerable experience with several makes of cars, and I believe your 1911 Model is the host control of the money.

e pest car to-day for the money. You are quite at liberty to make whatever use you desire of this letter. is the best car to-day for the money.

Russell Model R, \$2,350, equipped

(Signed) S. D. BIGGAR,

BIGGAR & TRELEAVEN,

Barristers,

Hamilton, Ont-

Russell Motor Car Co., Limited

Makers of High Grade Automobiles

Factory: West Toronto. Branches: Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver, Melbourne, Aust.

RECENT FIRES.

Monetary Times' Weekly Register of Fire Losses and Insurance.

Clinton, Ont.—December 26th.—Business section de-

stroyed. Loss and origin unknown. High River, Alta.—December 23rd.—Prairie fire does

Considerable damage in Mosquito Creek Valley. Moncton, N.B.—December 20th.—Business section destroyed. Loss about \$30,000. Origin unknown.

Oakburn, Man.—December 24th.—General store of Mr. Origin un-W. A. Finlay destroyed. Loss about \$6,000.

Magrath, Alta.—December 22nd.—Latter Day known. Church destroyed. Loss about \$5,000. Origin, gasoline ex-

Trenton, Ont.—December 26th.—House of Mr. Geo. Robinson, a few miles west of Marmora, destroyed. Loss and Origin under

Golden City, Ont.—December 28th.—Town fire swept, Origin unknown. 20 business places destroyed. Loss about \$100,000. Origin

Belleville, Ont.—December 27th.—Summer resort near the town destroyed. Loss about \$3,000. Origin, supposed incendiaging incendiarism.

Frankford, Ont.—December 27th.—Village fire swept and 2 hotels, 8 stores, and 6 dwellings were destroyed. Loss and Canora, Sask.—December 24th.—Store of Mr. Origin unknown.

Fawcett and adjoining stores destroyed. Loss about \$15,000. Brockville, Ont.—December 27th.—Business section destroyed, including Strathcona Hotel. Loss about \$85,000.

Windsor, Ont.—December 27th.—Grocery store of Messrs.
John Scott & Company, destroyed. Loss about \$2,000.
Origin, rats nibbling at matches.

Brighton, Ont.—December 25th.—Barns of Mr. Samuel
Brighton, Ont.—December 25th.—Barns of oats,
Humphrey, Stony Point, destroyed, also 200 bushels of oats,
thumphrey, Stony Point, destroyed, also 200 bushels of oats,
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Windsor, Ont.—December 21st.—Barn owned by Mr. John Smith destroyed, also 9 horses, 12 cows, several hogs, and season's crops. Loss estimated at \$10,000. Origin, supposed incendiarism.

Hastings, Ont.—December 22nd.—Clarendon Hotel block damaged. Loss about \$12,000. Origin unknown. The following companies are said to be interested: Caledonian, Hartford, Commercial Union, Manitoba, Phoenix of London, Atlas, Union, and Northern.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING FIRES ALREADY REPORTED.

Owen Sound, Ont .- The companies interested in the Owen Sound, Ont.—The companies interested in the recent elevator fire are as follows:—Acadia, \$3,000; American Mutuals, \$30,000; British American, \$5,000; Connecticut, \$3,000; Employers' Liability, \$6,000; German-American, \$5,000; Hartford, \$25,000; Home, \$8,000; Lloyds of London, \$240,000; Liverpool & London & Globe, \$24,000; London & Lancashire, \$10,000 National of Pittsburg, \$5,000; New York Underwriters, \$25,000; Northern, \$10,000; Phoenix of London, \$24,000; Protector Underwriters, \$4,000; Queen, \$8,000; Royal, \$16,000; Royal Exchange, \$5,000; Scottish Union and National, \$7,500; Springfield, \$5,000; Union of Paris, \$7,500; Western, \$45,000; total, \$521,000; Union of Paris, \$7,500; Western, \$45,000; total, \$521,000; loss, total.

London, Ont.—The D. S. Perrin Company sustained of about \$200,000. Insurance as follows:—Acadia, \$7, London, Ont.—The D. S. Perrin Company sustained loss of about \$200,000. Insurance as follows:—Acadia, \$7,000; Aetna, \$7,500; Alliance, \$7,500; British America, \$5,000; British Crown, \$5,000; Caledonian, \$3,000; Central Canada Manufacturers, \$10,000; Canadian, \$2,500; Continental, \$10,000; Economical, \$2,500; Employers' Liability, \$7,500; Fidelity Underwriters, \$10,000; General of Perth, \$2,500; German-American, \$5,000; Gore, \$6,000; Guardian, \$10,000; Hand-in-Hand, \$5,000; Hartford, \$7,500; Home, \$7,500; London Mutual, \$5,500; Manitoba, \$1,500; New York Underwriters, \$20,000; North British, \$10,000; Northern, \$15,000; Pacific Coast, \$2,000; Perth Mutual, \$2,500; Phenix of Brooklyn, \$7,500; Phoenix of London, \$10,000; Rimouski, \$15,000; Pacine Coast, \$2,000; Perth Mutual, \$2,500; Phenix of Brooklyn, \$7,500; Phoenix of London, \$10,000; Rimouski, \$5,000; Rochester-German, \$5,000; Royal Exchange, \$22,500; Sovereign, \$5,000; Springfield, \$2,500; Sun of London, \$5,000; Union of London, \$10,000; Waterloo Mutual, \$2,500; Yorkshire, \$7,500; total, \$260,000; loss, 66 per cent.

LIFE INSURANCE FROM AN ACTUARY'S STANDPOINT

By A. F. Hall

The following table shows the net amount of insurance in force, i.e., the gross amount less the amount of re-assurances in force in the Canadian, British, and American companies and the percentages of the total held by each group. Both ordinary and industrial policies and also bonus additions are included but not the foreign business of Canadian companies.

Net amounts of life insurance in force in Canada:-

Year	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	Total.
1900	267,151,086	39,485,344	124,433,416	431,069,846
1905	397,946,902	43,809,211	188,578,127	630,334,240
1910	565,669,110	47,801,798	242,629,174	856,100,082

How well the insurance agent has done his work, notwithstanding the disturbing influence of the investigation, is realized when we consider the amount in force per capita. Taking 5,350,000 as the population on December 31st, 1900, the life insurance in force at that time averaged \$80 for every man, woman and child of the population. At the end of 1910 the average amount was \$122 for a population of 7,000,000. Without the complete census figures it is impossible to make such a comparison considering only persons of insurable age, but it is unlikely that the proportion of such persons changed to any extent during the ten years.

Increase Small But Steady.

There has been a small but steady increase in the proportion carried with the Canadian companies, and a corresponding decrease in that held by the British, while the proportion with the American companies remains just slightly less at the end of 1910 than at the end of 1900. During the first five year period under consideration, the total amount in force increased over 45%, but during the second only about 35%. For the Canadian companies only, the corresponding increases were 49% and 42% respectively. We may compare these figures with the growth of the foreign business of the Canadian companies. In 1900, there were civen to the contract of the canadian companies. ness of the Canadian companies. In 1900 there were six companies doing business in foreign fields, and at the close of that year they had \$35,859,762 in force. At the end of 1905 the amount had increased to \$89,677,177 in force, with seven companies, and at the end of 1910, to \$141,831,115, in force with ten companies. There was thus an increase of over 150% during the first quinquennial, and of 58% during the second.

It will be remembered that the investigation of the life insurance companies by the Royal Commission took place in 1906, and the disturbing influence of that investigation may best be shown by its effect on the amount of new policies written before and after it took place.

In 1900 there were 17 Canadian Life Insurance Companies actively engaged in writing new business, 9 British and 10 American, or 36 altogether. In 1905 there were 41, of which 21 were Canadian, 8 were British and 12 American. In

1910 the number had increased to 44, with 23 Canadian, 9 British and 12 American.

Industrial and Monthly Policies in Canada.

The following table gives the amount of new policies including industrial and monthly policies written in Canada and reported as taken by each group of companies.

	Amount of in	surance effe	cted in Canada	:-
	Canadian	British	United States	
Year.	Companies.	Companies.	Companies.	Total
1900	\$38,545,949	\$3,717,997	\$26,632,146	\$68,896,092
	55.9%	5.4%	38.7%	
1901	38,298,747	3,059,043	32,541,438	73,899,228
	51.8%	4.1%	44.1%	
1902	45,882,167	3,324,317	31,346,482	80,552,966
	57.0%	4.1%	38.9%	
1903	55,169,104	3,132,904	33,265,797	91,567,805
	60.2%	3.4%	36.4%	
1904	59,051,113	3,109,778	36,145,211	98,306,102
	60.0%	3.2%	36.8%	
1905	67,539,141	3,881,980	34,486,215	105,907,336
	63.8%	3.7%	32.5%	
1906	62,450,253	4,472,426	28,090,526	95,013,205
	65.7%	4.7%	29.6%	
1907	61,838,766	3,501,743	25,042,423	90,382,932
	68.4%	3.9%	27.7%	
1908	69,029,583	3,389,757	27,476,866	99,896,206
	69.1%	3.4%	27.5%	

				278
1909	79,121,977	3,930,230	48,686,871	131,739,078
	60.0%	3.0%	37.0%	8
1910	90,777,566	4,170,562	58,229,280	153,177,408
	50.3%	2.7%	38.0%	

The amount issued increased fairly uniformly from 1900 to 1905 inclusive. In 1905 the investigation across the line seems to have had little effect on the amount of policies is sued in Canada, but the same thing cannot be said about the investigation here. In 1906 the amount issued was nearly \$11,000,000 less than in 1905, and there was a further decrease of about \$5,000,000 in 1907 owing largely, no doubt, to the monetary stringency of that year. Although the business of the American companies suffered in 1905, the business of the Companies suffered in 1905, the ness of the Canadian companies improved. In 1905, the Canadian and American companies showed a decrease, while the British companies showed an increase. The rapid increase during the past two years is partly owing to the activities of a large Hair 1 Court of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of a large Hair 1 Court of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of a large Hair 1 Court of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of a large Hair 1 Court of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of a large Hair 1 Court of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the past two years is partly owing to the activities of the past two years is partly owing to the past two years is partly owing to the past two years is partly owing to the past two years is partly owing the past two ye tivities of a large United States Company which commenced operations in Canada in 1909, and also explains the decrease in the proportion of policies issued by the Canadian com-Commencing from 1901, the proportion of policies issued in Canada by the Canadian companies steadily increased from 51.8% in that year to 69.1% in 1908, increasing rapidly during the year immediately following the investigation. ing rapidly during the year immediately following the investigation. If we omit the business of the American company referred to above, the Canadian companies wrote 66.3% of the balance in 1909 and 67% in 1910.

Percentage of Policies Issued in Canada.

Industrial policies form a large part of those issued in Canada by the American companies. In 1900 over one-quarter of the amount issued by the American companies consisted of industrial policies. This increased to one-third in 1905 and in 1910 very nearly one-half the policies issued in Canada, by these companies, were industrial.

In the exhibit of policies those issued are divided into the three groups—Life, Endowment, and Other policies. This exhibit was not included in the company reports for 1900, but the percentage in each class is given for the years 1905 to 1910 and the effect of the investigation, on the class of policies issued, is most strikingly shown. It will be understood that re-insurance policies are included.

Percentage of policies issued in Canada by the Canadian, British and American companies in different classes of insurance.

	Life.	Endowment. per cent.	All Other.	B.A.
1905			5.6	.8
1906		33.0	6.4	.2
1907		23.0	7.3	.6
1908	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	23.8	7.0	.7
1900		23.0	8.0	.2
1910		21.8	11.1	.8

Compared with the endowment policies, the less expensive forms of insurance, i.e., the life, limited payment life, and even the term policies are now more popular than they were five years ago. Whether this is a permanent change or only temporary, it would be difficult to say, but the same condition is shown by each group of companies. The change is more marked with both the British and American companies than with the Canadian. During the five years the proportion of endowment policies written by Canadia companies has decreased from 25.9% to 21.4%, while the British and American companies showed decreases from 47.8% to 23.1% and from 49.7% to 22.5% respectively. In 1906 the American companies issued 54.9% of their policies in Canada on endowment plans.

Average Amount of Each Policy.

Omitting industrial and monthly policies, the average amount of each policy issued by the British companies is larger than is the case with either the Canadian or American companies. The average amount for each policy issued by the American companies has declined and is now less than that of the Canadian companies, which have been issuing policies of an increasing average amount. Excluding industrial policies, with each group of companies, policies of largest amount are issued on the cheapest plans, i.e. term and all other. The life, and limited payment life policies come next, with the endowment policies of the smallest average amount.

Turning now to those factors which govern the premiums which the policyholder must pay for his insurance, and also the surplus of dividends which he will receive, we shall endeavor to ascertain if any improvement has been shown in this respect during the period under review. These factors are the rate of mortality, the rate of interest and the rate of expense.

Only the Canadian companies have been considered. The British and American companies operate under entirely different conditions, and the volume of business in force with

INVESTMENTS FOR JANUARY DIVIDENDS

We have just issued a new Debenture List containing full particulars of high-grade Canadian Debentures. A number of the Securities offered therein will be particularly interesting to Insurance Companies who require BONDS FOR DEPOSIT

We will be glad to mail a copy of our List on request.

SUMMARY

Wood, Gundy & Company

14 Gornhill London, England 6 King Street West Toronto, Canada these companies compared with the amount of new policies issued is greater than is the case with the Canadian companies. Naturally this would result in a higher death rate and would also reduce the rate of expense compared with the premium income.

Comparisons of Actual Mortality.

The ratios employed are not suitable for comparing one company with another. The object in the present instance is to obtain ratios which will form a fairly satisfactory basis for comparing one year with another.

In his annual report the Superintendent of Insurance gives a table which represents the actual mortality among insured lives in Canada as accurately as can be gathered from the returns of the companies, but they are hardly permissible for definite conclusions as to the trend of the rate of mortality. To arrive at the saving from this source, recourse must be made to a comparison of the actual mortality on net amount at risk with the expected mortality on net amount at risk.

As these figures are not available for the Canadian companies, we cannot do better than make use of those given in the Superintendent's report. They are shown in four groups, viz., those for active companies writing ordinary policies, for active companies writing Industrial policies, for nonactive, and retired companies as well as for assessment and fraternal societies.

Death Rate.

		Non-active and
	Active	Retired
	Companies.	Companies.
.1900	11.226	40.182
1901	11.213	40.544
1902	10.301	39.221
1903	10.998	34.269
Ordin	ary. Industrial.	
1904 9.50	6 12.850	46.930
1905 8.56	58 12.406	39.128
1906 8.23	32 12.044	43.884
1907 8.61	7 12.054	46.440
1908 8.37	75 11.935	52.643
1909 8.23	12.086	36.766
1910 7.83	30 12.561	30.216

Calculating the Rates.

It is explained that in calculating these rates, the mean number of policies in force and the number of policies terminated by death during the year have been admitted as approximations to the mean number of lives exposed to risk and the number of deaths during the year, respectively.

For the years 1900-1903 inclusive, the industrial policies have been grouped with the ordinary, which explains the decrease during 1904. As showing the effect on the rate of mortality of the inclusion of a body of lives recently examined for insurance, the table is most useful. It shows that in the absence of a comparison of actual with expected mortality on net amount at risk, no attempt should be made to compare the rate of mortality experienced by two companies, as the proportion of recently selected lives may vary considerably.

DUTY OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS

Towards Hostile Legislation - State Rate-making an Interesting Question.

In the main, the purpose of hostile legislation concerning fire insurance companies is openly declared to be, or, in the final analysis, results in, a reduction in the rates of fire insurance. Therefore, I venture to submit the results of the transactions of thirty-eight leading agency companies, from 1866 to 1910, inclusive—a period of forty-five years—which demonstrates conclusively, it seems to me. that this ground of complaint and alleged cause and justification for

so much legislation has no foundation in fact.

The above statement was made by Mr. J. D. Browne, president of the Connecticut Fire Insurance Company at the recent meeting of the Fire Underwriters of the North West held at Chicago.

Continuing, Mr. Browne said: These figures show that from 1866 to 1870—five years—on a premium income of \$114,000,000, the margin of profit was 7½ per cent.: from 1866 to 1875 (ten years) on a premium income of \$280,000,000, the profit was 3 7-10 per cent. For fifteen years, ending 1880, on a premium income of \$450,000,000, the profit was 6¼ per cent. For the twenty years, ending 1885, on a premium income amounting to \$676,000,000, the profit was 61/3 per cent. For the twenty-five years ending 1800, with a \$953,000,000 premium, the profit was 6.35 per cent. For

thirty years ending 1895, with a premium income of \$1,318, 000,000, the profit was 5¾ per cent. For the thirty-five years ending 1900, on a premium income of \$1,690,000,000, the percentage of profit was 54-10 per cent. For the forty years ending 1905, on a premium income of \$2,218,000,000, the profit was 6½ per cent.

Aggregate Losses and Expenses are Heavy.

For the entire period of forty-five years, ending and including 1910, the premium income was \$2,906,154,162. losses paid were \$1,709,122,537, or 58 4-5 per cent.; the expenses were \$1,024,462,515, or 35¼ per cent. The aggregate losses and expenses were \$2,733,585,052, or 94.06 per The aggre-

gate losses and expenses were \$2,733,505,052, or 94.00 cent.; the trade profit, \$172,569,110, or 5.94 per cent.

If this data is substantially correct, it appears to me to take from under the complainants and the law-makers the chief ground upon which their action rests; and the conclusion reached is that the only way to relieve the public of this burdensome tax must be in providing some way to reduce the fire loss or the cost of transacting the business—or the fire loss, or the cost of transacting the business-or

Unreasonable and unjust laws for the supervision and control of railroad companies, which are now in force and being enacted with ruthless hand, cause a direct loss and damage to insurance companies. The twenty-eight companies which I have cited have assets amounting in round numbers to \$295,000,000. Of this, \$154,000,000, or more than 50 per cent., are invested in railroad stocks and bonds.

State Rate Making an Interesting Question.

Arbitrary direction and control by incompetent officials, and criminal prosecutions under the Sherman law by the Federal government, must of necessity seriously impair the market value of such securities and correspondingly affect the financial interests of the corporations investing in the same. There is no doubt that many investors of corporation funds, and individuals as well, are to-day anxiously inquiring how long this fitful fever will run, and whether or not it will end in government ownership, or a return to sense and sanity.

The burning question of the present time is State rate making, which involves the right of an insurance company to make a contract of indemnity against loss and damage by fire, and whether or not the State shall determine the obligations of a contract and prescribe the consideration for assuming such obligation. It is revolutionary and destructive. It is the duty of underwriters to resist such an attempt. we do our duty it seems to me the attempt must fail.

Check Progress and Prevent Further Legislation.

It is no time to "Lie supinely upon our backs and hug the delusive phantom of hope." The attempt is an indictment of the companies for incompetency or dishonesty, or both. That any agent, local or special, or general, should aid and abet, or acquiesce, in such an undertaking on the part of the State, is new and strange and discouraging. To the stockholder it means in its logical result the withdrawal of capital from the business.

The most important duty we have to perform at this time is to check the progress and prevent further legislation of such a drastic and destructive character. The members of this association, particularly the special agents, coming in contact as they do with agents everywhere, and with the public in the adjustment of losses, and in various other ways, can exert a far-reaching and powerful influence in that direction.

BOND TENDERS INVITED.

Monetary Times' Weekly Register of Information for Bond Dealers and Municipal Officials.

Tillsonburg, Ont.—On January 1st the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to raise \$9,000.

Waseca, Sask.—In January tenders will be asked for \$800 7 per cent. 10-year sidewalk debentures.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont .- On January 1st by-laws aggregating \$202,000 will be submitted to the ratepayers.

Carleton Place, Ont .- On January 1st a by-law will be voted on to raise \$200,000 for waterworks system.

Brantford, Ont .- On January 1st the ratepayers will vote

on a by-law to raise \$85,000 for hospital purposes.

Imperial, Sask.—The village will borrow \$2,500 for permanent improvements. J. G. Hobman, secretary-treasurer.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—On January 1st the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to raise \$2,500 for new fire apparatus, etc.

Port Gredit, Ont.—On January 1st the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to raise \$7,500 for Hydro-Electric purposes.

St. Boniface, Man.—The following by-laws have been passed:—\$220,000 and \$333,500 for school and general purposes.

Increased Income By Re-investment

We offer several issues of industrial bonds—denominations \$100, \$500 and \$1,000—at 100 and interest, to yield 6%, and will accept in exchange the undernoted bonds, which now show appreciation over issue prices:—

P. Burns & Company, Limited, First Mortgage 6's, due 1924.

Western Canada Flour Mills Company, Limited, First Mortgage 6's, due 1928.

Wm. Davies Company, Limited, First Mortgage 6's, due 1926.

Or we are willing to take other standard securities satisfactory to us, for which current market prices will be paid

If you are interested, permit us to submit a proposal of exchange.

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CANADA LIFE BLDG. MONTREAL.

CANADIAN AGENCY, LIMITED THE

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Government, Municipal & Corporation Bonds and Debentures Bought and Sold.

BANKERS

Bank of Montreal

Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Waseca, Sask.—The village has been authorized to borrow \$1,500 for permanent improvements. W. Goodridge,

Harris, Sask.—Tenders are being called for \$1,500 permanent improvement debentures. H. W. Ashton, secretary-treasurer

Wallaceburg, Ont.—On January 1st the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to loan \$20,000 to the Wallaceburg Glass

Tyvan, Sask.—Tenders are being called for \$1,000 permanent improvement debentures. J. B. L. Brown, secretary-treasurer

Hubbard, Sask.—Tenders are asked for \$3,000 permanimprovement debentures. W. H. Black, secretarytreasurer. ent improvement debentures.

Wynyard, Sask.—Tenders are being called for \$7,000 permanent improvement debentures. F. A. Hulks, secretary-

Steelton, Ont.—Until January 16th for \$82,000 30-year treasurer. sewer and \$32,000 20-year cement walk debentures. J. Robin-

St. Mary's, Ont.—On January 1st the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to bonus the North Midland Electric Railway

Earl Grey, Sask.—The village has been authorized to borrow \$1,500 for permanent improvements. E. Brown, secretary-treasurer.

Salvador, Sask .- The village has been authorized to borrow \$2,300 for permanent improvements. J. T. Roper, secretary-treasurer.

Vibank, Sask.—The village has been authorized to borrow \$400 for permanent improvements. J. J. McCarthy, secretary-treasurer.

Brooklands S.D. No. 1440, Man.—On January 6th a by-law to raise \$20,000 will be voted on. J. Turner, secretarytreasurer, Dickens P.O., Man.

Kingston, Ont.—On January 15th the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to fix the assessment of the Canadian Locomotive Company at \$100,000 for the next 10 years.

La Broquerie Rural Municipality, Man .- On January 10th the ratepayers will vote on a by-law to raise \$1,800 for school purposes. J. O. Beaupre, secretary-treasurer, La Broquerie.

Yorkton, Sask.—Until February 1st for \$108,300 5 per cent. 20 and 30-year debentures. T. F. Acheson, secretary-(Official advertisement appears on another page). treasurer.

Assiniboia Rural Municipality, Man .- On January 6th a by-law will be voted on to issue \$20,000 school debentures. Frank Newss, secretary-treasurer, Kirkfield Park P.O., St.

Charles. Dundas, Ont.—Application will be made to the Provincial Legislature for authority to issue \$4,000 20-year debentures for dredging the Desjardins Canal. The present existing debenture debt of the corporation is \$145,500, of which no part of principal or interest is in arrear.

West Zorra Township, Ont.—The corporation will apply to the provincial legislature for an act to confirm a by-law to provide for the issue of debentures for \$30,000 to pay \$23,-043 taxes of the township for 1910, lost by the failure of the Farmers Bank, and \$6,957 promissory notes issued by the township. The existing debenture debt is \$37,974. Wallace, Woodstock, is solicitor for the municipality.

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The real estate mortgage is the oldest form of security known to man. And not only that—it was the safest for centuries. With the possible exception of government bonds, it is still the most conservative.

During the past year loan company funds increased over \$15,000,000 on the prairies alone. There is an immense field in British Columbia.

Our loans are placed on improved revenueproducing property in Vancouver and New Westminster. Valuations are made by experienced men and are very conservative, being finally passed on by our board of directors.

No loan is made for more than 50% of appraised value. All titles are searched and certified to by our solicitors. We attend to the many small details which are so often a cause of annoyance to the purchaser.

If you have any funds available, we will guarantee a net return of SIX PER CENT. Our entire assets is your security. We collect both principal and interest and remit yearly or half yearly as desired. Advise us how much you would like to invest just now. We will submit a list suitaeble to your requirements.

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Have you an investment whose yield is unsatisfactory? If so, write us and we may be able to make some suggestions that will benefit you.

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An interesting feature regarding the First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds of this consolidation of four old-established carriage factories is that while they are not due until April, 1940, they are subject to redemption at 110 and accrued interest after April, 1920. The coupons are payable 1st April and October at Royal Bank of Canada, Montreal.

Each Company carries on its business separately, but under the direction of the Executive of Carriage Factories, Limited. The economies in purchasing, manufacturing and selling have been very marked.

PRICE: 100 and interest.

Descriptive circular, containing full particulars about the Company will be mailed on request.

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4½% Debentures

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Bonds of this character are growing more popular with bond investors because they permit of the investment of small amounts to return a satisfactory rate of interest.

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SCIENTIFIC VALUATIONS FOR INSURANCE, FINANCIAL AND OTHER PURPOSES.

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Montreal Toronto

REVIEW OUTLOOK O

O have given in this issue a condensed review of commercial operations during the past year" was the aim of John Malcolm Trout, then editor of The Monetary Times, as expressed in his leading editorial for

the week of January 12th, 1872.

The Monetary Times was started as a national weekly paper in August, 1867, just six weeks after Confederation. For five years previous to 1872, The Monetary Times had printed in the first or second weekly issue of each year a review of trade and financial matters for the twelve months just ended. Such statistics as the monthly prices of bank stocks, weekly prices of all other securities dealt with in the Canadian market, fluctuations in the gold premium, real estate transactions, insurance summaries, prices of commodities, bond reports, railway figures and other interesting annual review tables and articles were presented.

But in 1872 the "year-beginning" issue was first recognized as a good advertising medium. Several pages were added to accommodate a number of special advertisements, which included four double-page inserts, four full-page displays, three half-page advertisements and a number of smaller ones. And a few hundred extra copies of the issue were printed to supply an expected demand.

During the forty years elapsing since the 1872 Annual Review Number, The Monetary Times has devoted ever-increasing space to the presentation of a quick balance sheet of the country's prosperity as soon after the close of the year as presses, type and human effort can print the pages. The Annual Review Number has become more and more popular as an advertising medium for those desiring to reach the business men and investors in Canada and those in other countries who are interested in Canada. The orders for space and the demands for copies of the issue have grown so greatly in the past forty years that it is planned hereafter to separate the Annual Review Number completely from the regular issue of The Monetary Times.

It will be printed simultaneously with the regular weekly issue for January 6th, 1912, and will contain between 180 and 190 pages. It will be divided into eight sections, and will be thoroughly indexed with eleven index tables. It will prove a most entertaining, instructive and valuable issue, and will undoubtedly be kept for reference throughout the year 1912 by every business man who gets a copy. That is why every firm supplying securities, real estate, insurance, safes and other needs of men who have money should advertise in this number.

ADVERTISING RATES

(Size of type page to be same as that of this issue)

Full Page

Half Page

Quarter Page

"OLD AS CONFEDERATION"

Principal Authors of The Monetary Times' Annual Review, to be Printed Jan. 6, 1912

In addition to articles and statistics by the following well-known men, the Premier of each Province in Canada has contributed his views on the outlook. Fred. W. Field and the staffs of The Monetary Times at Toronto, Winnipeg and Montreal have also prepared numerous articles and most of the statistics.

Sir William Whyte, Director Canadian Pacific Railroad Sir George Ross, ex-Premier of Ontario

Sir Edmund Walker, President Canadian Bank of Commerce Sir William Mackenzie, President Canadian Northern Railroad Hon, Clifford Sifton, Chairman of Dominion Conservation Commission Prof. H. E. T. Haultain, Professor of Mining, University of Toronto Mr. N. Curry, President Canadian Manufacturers' Association Mr. H. M. P. Eckardt, Canadian Financial Writer

Volume 47.

Mr. F. W. Taylor, Manager at London, Eng., for the Bank of

Mr. H. V. F. Jones, Manager at London, Eng., for the Canadian

Henry Lye, Insurance Adjuster, Vancouver
R. H. Coats, Department of Labor, Ottawa
A. L. Crossin, Oldfield, Kirby & Gardner, Winnipeg

R. L. Crossin, Oldfield, Kirby & Gardner, Whithpeg
L. K. File, Actuary, Canada Life Assurance Co.
Kingman Nott Robins, Secretary Associated Mortgage Investors
N. Lambert, Canadian Home Market Association
J. B. Laidlaw, Manager Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
F. W. Moore, National Finance Co., Toronto
C. H. Burgger, Pand Berker, Toronto Mr. J. G. Colmer, formerly Secretary to Lord Strathcona
Mr. Chauncey D. Snow, Tariff Expert, U. S. Dept. of Commerce
and Labor

Mr. C. H. Burgess, Bond Broker, Toronto
Mr. Thomas Bradshaw, Hon. President Toronto Insurance Institute
Mr. W. E. Anderson, Secretary Board of Trade, St. John, N.B.

Mr. A. Lindback, Manitoba Fire Commissioner
Mr. W. H. Orr, formerly Manager for Canada, Aetna Life Assurance Co.
Mr. H. Pollman Evans, President Union Life Assurance Co.
Mr. Henry Lve. Insurance Adjuster Vancouver

Mr. George Weir, London Guarantee and Accident Co., Toronto
Mr. A. S. Barnstead, Industrial Commissioner, Province of
Nova Scotia
Mr. James Hedley, Vice-President THE MONETARY TIMES

Nova Scotia

Mr. James Hedley, Vice-President THE MONETARY TIMES

Mr. R. R. Hedley, Mining Engineer, British Columbia

Mr. E. A. James, Consulting Engineer, Toronto

Mr. J. F. Chipman, Editor "The Grain Growers' Guide," Winnipeg

Mr. E. B. Biggar, Editor "Pulp and Paper Magazine," Toronto

Mr. T. G. Galbraith, Commercial Editor, "The Mail and Empire,"

Mr. T. K. Dickinson, Financial Editor, "The Herald," Montreal

Mr. T. C. Allum, Financial Writer, Montreal
Mr. A. E. Boyle, Journalist, Winnipeg
Mr. R. B. Bennett, City Editor "The News-Advertiser," Vancouver

Send 31c. in Stamps for a copy Mailed Postpaid.

See Page 2764 for List of Principal Contents.

Eight Sections Thoroughly Indexed :: 180 Pages **Attractive Advertisements**

Of the 180 pages printed, only 50 will be advertisements. Every advertisement will be on a right-hand page, opposite reading, but will be so arranged that the proper sequence of the text will not be disturbed.

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Vancouver British Columbia Permanent Loan Co., Vancouver Brown & Co., Edward, Winnipeg Browne & Co., W. G., Montreal

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Montague Aldous & Laing, Winnipeg

London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., National Securities Corporation, Teronto Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co., Toronto

> Oldfield, Kirby & Gardner, Winnipeg Ontario Securities Corporation, Toronto Osler, Hammond & Nanton, Winnipeg Ottawa, Ont., City of

Port Arthur, Ont., City of Prudential Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg

Reliance Loan & Savings Co., Toronto Riley's Ltd., Calgary Royal Bank, Montreal Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation, Montreal Royal Securities Corporation, Montreal

St. Cyr, Gonthier & Frigon, Montreal Skeith H. J. H., Lethbridge Sproatt, Alan, Saskatoon Standard Loan Co., Toronto Stark & Co., John, Toronto

Sterling Bank, Toronto Sun Life Assurance Co., Montreal

Toole, Peet & Co., Calgary Toronto General Trusts Co., Toronto Traders Bank, Toronto

Many Illustrations

Union Life Assurance Co., Toronto

Vancouver Trust Co., Vancouver

Western Assurance Co., Toronto Western Union Fire Insurance Co., Vancouver Westminster Trust & Safe Deposit Co.,

New Westminster
Whitaker & Co., J. G., Calgary
Willoughby Sumner, J. H. C., Saska-

Winnipeg, Man., City of Wood, Gundy & Co., Toronto

Yorkton, Sask., Municipality of

Your Firm's Name to this List!

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Monetary Times of Canada Head Office: Church and Court Streets, Toronto

Montreal Winnipeg

Vancouver

London, Eng.

NOTICES DIVIDENDS AND

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Canadian Bank of Commerce for the election of directors and for other business will be held at its Banking House in Toronto on Tuesday, the 9th day of January next. The chair will be taken at twelve o'clock noon.

ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager.

Toronto, 27th November, 1911.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office

DIVIDEND No. 10

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the half-year ending December 31st, 1911, being at the rate of six per cent, per annum, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in this city and at all its branches on and after the second day of January next, to shareholders of record of the fifteenth day of December, 1911.

By order of the Board.

By order of the Board,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,

General Manager.

Winnipeg, Nov. 17th, 1911.

Guelph and Ontario Investment and Savings Society

(Incorporated A.D, 1876)

Authorized Capital		-		-		-		-		-	\$1,000,000.00
Subscribed Capital	-		-		-		-		-		820,000.00
Paid-up Capital -		-		-		-		-		-	444,000.00
Reserve Fund -			-		-		-		-		300,000.00
Total Assets -		-		-		-		-		-	2,689,752.44

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a dividend for the current half year sufficient to make a total dividend of NINE PER CENT. (9%) for the year, on the paid-up Capital Stockof this Society has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Society's Office, Corner Wyndham and Cork Streets, Guelph, Ont., on and after TUESDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1912.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st of December, both days inclusive.

J. E. McELDERRY,

December 4th, 1911.

Managing Director.

The Royal Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 97

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three per cent. (being at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum) upon the paid up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the current quarter, and will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next, to shareholders of record of 15th December.

By order of the Board,

E. L. PEASE, General Manager.

Montreal, P.Q., November 14, 1911.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Annual Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Montreal, on Thursday, the 18th day of January next. The chair will be taken at Eleven o'clock a.m.

By order of the Board,

E. L. PEASE,

General Manager

Montreal, December 1, 1911.

The Winnipeg Mercantile Trust Co.

DIVIDEND No. 3

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. per annum has been declared for the year ending 31st December, 1911, and will be paid upon the paid-up capital stock of the Company at the Company's Head Office, in the City of Winnipeg, on and after the 2nd day of January next.

The ransfer books will be closed from the 26th to the 31st day of December, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

J. CRICHTON, Managing Director.

Winnipeg, 22nd December, 1911.

MAPLE LEAF MILLING COMPANY - LIMITED

DIVIDEND NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (13%) has been declared on the Pre-ferred stock of Maple Leaf Milling Company, Limited, for the quarter ending January 4th, 1912, payable January 18th, 1912, to shareholders of record January 4th, 1912.

Transfer Books will be closed from January 4th to January 17th inclusive.

By order of the Board,

J. CARRICK, Secretary

COMPANY, Limited

DIVIDEND NO. 23

CROWN-RESERVE MINING

Notice is hereby given that a monthly dividend of 2 per cent, for the month of December, 1911, and a bonus of 3 per cent. for the same period, making a total payment of 5 per cent., has been declared and will be payable on the 15th January, 1912, to shareholders of record the 30th December, 1911.

In accordance with provision of By-Law No. 54 Transfer Books will be closed from the 2nd to the 24th day of January, 1912, both days inclusive, for the purpose of preparing shareholders' list and getting ready for the annual meeting.

By order of the Board.

JAMES COOPER. Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, December 11th, 1911.

School Debentures

It is generally admitted that, for their high standard of security and fair rate of income,

LONG TERM SCHOOL BONDS

form a very desirable investment. We are offering some choice and attractive

WESTERN ISSUES

in our DECEMBER LIST, and we shall be pleased to mail a copy on request.

NAY & JAMES

Bond Exchange Building, REGINA, Canada

WE OWN AND OFFER:

\$11,000

School Commissioners of St. Leo, of Westmount, Que.

5% 40 YEAR BONDS

Denomination: \$1,000 At an attractive price

St. Cyr, Gonthier & Frigon
103 St. Francois Xavier St. - MONTREAL

BELL TEL.: 519 & 2701

Profitable Investments

GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

YIELDING 4% TO 51/2%

Rate

	Per (Cent. Due
Amount	Commity	1938
\$15,573.34	Now Brunswick Province	14 1931-1921
72,810.00	a tot Out	41/2 1941
35,000.00	Dallaville Ont.	1941
10,000.00	Galt, Ont	4½ 1931-1925
32,800.00	St. Catharines, Ont	5 1912-1941
20,500.00	Simcoe County (guarantees	4 1933
5,000.00	Port Hope, Ont	41/2 1912
8,883.55	Dout Hone Ont	4 % 5 1913-1923
21,136.90	TTT:-door ()nt	2 1920-1923
4,685.02	Owen Sound, Ont	4½ 1912-1931
6,000.00	Normanby Tp. (guaranteed)	5 1912-1941 5 1912-1940
2,500.00	Goderich, Ont	5 1912-1940
15,759.00	Smith's Falls, Ont	-010 1041
39,398.00	Fort Erie, Ont	- nin 1031
12,000.00	Stirling, Ont	1010 1031
5,000.00		1041
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28,040.60		1912-1929
3,423.90		1002-1932-3-4
9,689.43		5 1951
26,000.00		5 1912-1961
86,000.00		5 1912-1925
82.891.7	- II - GOEK	
2,333.3	1 Daniel	REQUEST

FULL PARTICULARS ON REQUEST

Ontario Securities Company, Limited

TORONTO - ONT.

Sherwin-Williams Co. 6% Bonds

Due July, 1941. Denoms. \$100, \$500, \$1,000
Assets \$4,005,013. Bonds issued \$2,450,000
Net Earnings over 3½ times Bond Interest Charges
PRICE: Par and Interest, yielding 6%

A. E. AMES & CO. Investment Bankers 53 King St. W., Toronto

THE SAFEST INVESTMENT

Bonds are acknowledged to be the safest form of investment. Let us send you a list of bonds combining safety with a good interest return.

J. A. Mackay & Company

Limited

160 St. James Street - MONTREAL TORONTO TORONTO

INVESTORS!

At present prices Canadian Municipal Debentures yield an unusually high interest return. We have a range of carefully selected issues yielding 4½% to 6%, and suitable for the investment of large or small amounts. Write for particulars.

C. H. BURGESS & CO.

Traders Bank Bldg.

- Toronto, Canada

Advertisements under this heading will be accepted hereafter at the following rates: "Position Wanted" advs., one cent per word each insertion; "Men or Agents Wanted" advs., two cents per word each insertion; "Agencies Wanted" advs., two cents per word each insertion. A minimum charge of fifty cents per insertion will be made in every case. This rate will not apply to advs., which are displayed, nor to any advertisements excepting those coming under the above three classifications.

WANTED.—For the City of Regina, the agency for Fire Insurance Company (Tariff); a good volume of business guaranteed. Address, Compton & MacNeill, Box, 546, Regina, Sask.

WANTED.—Agents throughout the Canadian North-West, who can write a good volume of high-class business for a leading Western Fire Insurance Company. Apply to Box 473, Monetary Times.

A young man to take charge of the policy department of a young Western Life Company, preferably one who has passed his first actuarial examination. Reply stating salary expected to P.O. Box 2156, Winnipeg, Man.

UNDERWRITERS WANTED.

For an issue of \$100,000 7 per cent. preferred stock, with a bonus of common, in a Canadian company taking over the business of a United States corporation, which has a successful business record and is in a strong position financially. Principals only will be dealt with. Apply in first instance to Box 469, Monetary Times, Toronto.

DEBENTURES FOR SALE

TOWN OF YORKTON.

DEBENTURES FOR SALE.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for debentures," will be received up to 8.00 p.m. Thursday, February 1st, 1912, for the purchase of the following debentures of the town of Yorkton:-

Concrete walks	\$13,500.00
Sewer Extensions	\$ 8,500.00
Gravel Pit	\$38,000.00
on waterworks, sidewalks, and sewage system	\$22,000.00
Reimbursing General Account loss on debentures. Reimbursing General Account paid for real pro-	\$ 4,850.00
perty	\$ 4,750.00
Town's share of concrete walks	\$ 1,200.00
Completing Electric Light System	\$ 5,100.00
Waterworks extensions	\$ 9,500.00
Total	\$108,300.00

All the above bear 5 per cent. interest, and all except concrete walks mature in 30 years. The concrete walks debentures mature in 20 years. Full information will be furnished on application to the undersigned.

> T. F. ACHESON. Secretary-Treasurer.

It is understood that Mr. Fred. Murray Smith, accountant in the Board of Trade branch of the Bank of Toronto, Montreal, has been offered the position of manager of the Investment Trust Company, Montreal. Mr. Smith has been in the employ of the bank for fifteen years. His father, the late Mr. Murray Smith, was in its employ for forty years and Mr. Murray Smith, was in its employ for forty years, and was one of the best known bankers in Montreal. He succeeded Mr. Duncan Coulson as manager of the Bank of Toronto, in Montreal, when Mr. Coulson became general manager, and removed to Toronto. Upon his death he was in turn succeeded by Mr. Thomas How, who, in turn also, became general manager, and removed to Toronto. Mr. Fred. Murray Smith is a young man, and has made a great many friends in the Montreal financial world during his service with the bank. His banking experience should be of great service to him in his new capacity.

DIVIDENDS AND NOTICES

A. E. Rea & Co., Ottawa, Limited

SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3\frac{1}{2}\%, being at the rate of 7% per annum upon the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, now issued and outstanding, for the current half-year to Shareholders of record on the transfer books of the Company on the 31st day of December, 1911, has been ordered paid by the Board.

GEO. A. WANLESS,

Ottawa, Dec. 20th, 1911.

Secretary.

The Shawinigan Water & Power Co.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. $(1\frac{1}{4}\%)$ upon the paid-up Capital Stock of the Shawinigan Water & Power Company has been declared for the quarter ending December 31st, 1911, payable January 20th, 1912, to shareholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on January 8th.

By order of the Board,

W. S. HART,

Montreal, December 27th, 1911.

Secretary.

Imperial Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND No. 86

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of Twelve per cent. (12 p.c.) per annum upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st January, 1912, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after Thursday, the 1st day of February next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st January, 1912, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE.

Toronto, 27th December, 1911.

General Manager

Union Trust Company

DIVIDEND NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, being at the rate of TEN PER CENT.

per annum upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, 1911, and the same will be payable at the Offices of the Company, Bay Street, Toronto, on and after January 2nd, 1912.

J. M. McWHINNEY, General Manager

MISCELLANEOUS

Study of Leading Canadian Companies

Our Statistical Department has prepared a comprehensive booklet entitled "STANDARD CANADIAN SECURITIES." This publication was not issued with a view of drawing attention to any particular securities but of affording information not generally obtainable with regard to the companies dealt with and of giving an unbiased view of the position of their securities.

Among others it contains studies of the following companies: N. S. Steel & Coal Ogilvie Flour Mills Canadian Car & Foundry Canadian Pacific Ry. Toronto Railway Detroit United Ry.

Copy mailed free on request.

CO. BROS. & McCUAIG

Members Montreal Stock Exchange

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OTTAWA

SHERBROOKE

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CANADIAN

Public Service Corporation **BONDS**

Yielding from 4½ to 5¼%

Montreal Tramways Co. Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co. Hamilton Electric Light & Cataract Power Co. Dominion Power & Transmission Co. (Hamilton)

Full information on request

N. W. HARRIS & CO.

35 Federal Street, Boston, Massachusetts

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following are the figures for the Canadian Clearing Houses for the weeks ended December 29th, 1910; December 21st and December 28th, 1911, with percentage change: Change

ber 21st and December 200			0/
Del Zist and 2		*Dec. 28, '11.	%
	1100 211	- Dec. 201	+12.2
*Dec. 29, '10.	Dec. = 7 216	\$38,557,825	
0 . 260 152	\$51,971,216	32,593,514	+21.2
Montreal \$34,360,452	11.501,921	32,393.5	+51.4
26.882,335	31,265,141	26,451,557	
150 020	31,205,14	9,360,746	+15.2
Winnipeg 17,459,93	12,898,220	9,50	+31.8
Vancouver 8,123,827	5,729,956	3,971,034	
- OTT 807	5,729,95	4,597,090	+45.3
Ottawa 3,011,007	5,266,974	2,495,814	+25.3
Calgary 3,163,340	3,159,304	2,495,024	+39.2
000074	3,139,5	2,576,837	
Quebec 1,909,974	2,979,174	2,660,267	+36.6
Victoria 1,850,641	3,269,075	2,000,207	+ 5.9
	2,179,331	1,591,550	
Hamilton 1,947,093	2,179,55	1,494,863	+20.2
Halifax 1,501,79	1,738,469	1,494,000	+85.5
C+ Tohn 1,242,400	- 916 214	2,581,075	
- 000 100	3,040,541	1,408,509	+12.8
Edmonton 1,390,109	1,634,874	6-0	+26.0
London 1,247,676	000 281	1,42/,000	
- TOT 785	1,093,-	696,709	+20.4
Regina 1,131,703	750,783	10	+ 4.8
Brandon 578,608		550,50	
TOO	733,97	1,352,989	+74.1
Lethbridge . 532,100	2,130,224		
Saskatoon 777,720			1272
	200 208 266	\$134,376,523	+25.3
0 101 682	\$174,038,266		
Total\$107,191,682	550,324	3 6	
Brantford	1,147,126	955,220	
	1,14/,120	483,396	
1110030 14	270,200	403,39	
Fort William			
- 410			OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

*Five days only—Christmas Day.

Now READY, DECEMBER ISSUE, 4TH EDITION

ANALYSIS CANADIAN STOCKS

A handy, accurate and comprehensive guide for investors. Copies mailed on request. Address Department "F."

Greenshields & Company (Members Montreal Stock Exchange)

16 St. Sacrament St. LONDON MONTREAL

PARIS

DEBENTURES AWARDED.

Waldren, Sask.—\$5,000 6 per cent. 15 years, to Messrs. Ontario Securities Company, Limited, Toronto.

Hardisty, Alta.—\$3,000 6 per cent. 7 years, to Messrs. Ontario Securities Company, Limited, Toronto.

Kinistino, Sask.—\$2,700 6 per cent. skating rink debentures, maturing 1927, awarded to Messrs. W. L. McKinnon & Company Toronto. & Company, Toronto.

NOTES OF BIDDING.

Nine Toronto bond firms bid for the \$45,000 4½ per cent. 20-year street debentures of North Toronto. As previously noted, the award was made to Messrs. Goldman and Company.

Six bids were received from Toronto bond houses for the \$6.600 5 per cent. 20 year local improvement debentures of Lanark, Ont. The offer of Messrs. Brent, Noxon & Company, was accepted.

For the Sheffield Township, Ont., \$3,500 5 per cent. 20-year school debentures, eight bids were received, seven from Toronto bond firms and one from the Sterling Bank of Canada. As previously noted, the award was made to Messrs. Brent, Noxon & Company.

ROYAL BANK WILL ABSORB COLONIAL BANK.

Negotiations for the absorption of the Colonial Bank of London, England, by the Royal Bank of Canada have been in progress for some time. The directors of both banks have reached an agreement, and all that is required to complete the matter is ratification by the shareholders of the Colonial Bank. The agreement will shortly be submitted to them, and if approved, the transfer will probably take place about April

The Toronto City Council have transferred to the Board of Harbor Commissioners the lands owned by the city along the

Mr. Ford A. Mansell, promoter of the defunct Canadian Wire Screen Manufacturing Company, was found guilty of false pretences in connection with the flotation of stock.

West Zorra Township will apply to the Ontario Legislature for permission to raise \$30,000 to cover, among other things, the loss sustained by the township through the failure of the Farmers Bank. The township lost \$23,043, the taxes for 1910, which were on deposit with the defunct bank.

The annual banquet of the Life Underwriters' Association of Kingston and district was held recently. This being the annual visit of the Dominion Association's president, Mr. Vipond was the principal speaker, and his address was an inspira-tion to all that heard him. Short speeches were delivered by several of the local members, testifying to the value of the association's work.

Messrs. R. C. Matthews & Company, bond dealers, have moved from the Royal Bank building to larger offices in the new Standard Bank building, King Street West, corner of Jordan Street, Toronto.

AND RONDS-MONTREAL STOCKS

MI	NI	NG STOC	KS
Cap. in thou'ds Sub-scribed	Par Value	COMPANIES	Price Dec. 28 1911
	-	Cobalt	
2,000 900 2,500 5,000 8,930 1,000 1,500 2,500 7 3,000 2,247 2,500 405 1,685 1,403 1,600 1,500	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Bailey Beaver Con Buffalo Cham. Ferland City of Cobalt Cobalt Central Cobalt Lake Foster Gifford Great Northern Gould Green-Meehan Hudson's Bay Kerr Lake Little Nipissing McKinDarr'gh Nancy Helen Nova Scotia Ophir Ophir Otisse Peterson Lake Right of Way Rochester Silver Leaf Silver Leaf Silver Queen Union Pacific Temiskaming Wettlaufer	2½ 2 45 43½ 160 140 11½ 10¾
	••••	Wettlaufer	30 81
		Porcupine	
3,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 200 1,500 2,000	5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Apex Coronation Foley-O'Brien Detroit Hollinger Moneta Pearl Lake Pre't'n E. Dome Porc. Tisdale. Porc. Central. Porc. Central. Porc. Canada. Porc. Northern United Porc Vipond West Dome Rea Cons Mines	12 9 50 47 1380 1370 12 40 35 12 40 35 100 85 70 66 3 28 100 70 175 173

Quotations for Coniagas, Crown Reserve, La Rose, Nipissing and Tr'th'wey will be found among the Toronto Ex-change figures.

STOCKS AND BONDS-TABLEINOTES

(u) Unlisted. †Canadian Consolidated Rub-†Canadian Consolidated Rubber Bond Denominations, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. Steel Company of Canada, \$100, \$500, \$1,000.

†Quarterly.

Prices on Canadian Exchanges are compared for convenience with those of a year

Quotations of Cobalt and Porcupine Mining Stocks are those of Standard Stock and Mining Exchanges.

Montreal Steel stocks are commonly termed "Switch" on the Exchange. They are quoted as Montreal Steel in our tables. tables.

All companies named in the tables will favor The Monetary Times by sending copies of all circulars issued to their shareholders, and by notifying us of any errors in the tables.

Montreal prices (close Thursday) furnished by Bur-nett & Company, 12 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

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	Sub- scribed	Paid- up	Rest	Par Value	BANKS	Dividend	Price Dec. 191	29	Pri Dec. 191	21	Pric Dec.	28 e	Sales Week ended Dec28	Pridec.	29	Pri Dec.	21	Pri Dec 19	. 28	Week ended Dec28
	4,787 3,000 2,871 2,500 1,368 6,000 6,000 1,000 4,000	11,697 4,662 3,000 2,869 2,500 1,274 5,998 6,000 1,000 4,000 15,392 2,000 937 2,207 3,500 6,200 2,500 6,200 4,608 4,608 4,608 4,608 4,609	1,250 4,600 15,000 1,665 150 7,216 4,000 425 1,250 2,500 281 5,608 2,300	50 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	British North Am. Commerce Dominion Eastern Townships Hamilton Hochelaga Home Bank (u) Imperial Merchants Bank Metropolitan Bank Molsons Montreal Nationale New Brunswick (u) Northern Crown (u) Nova Scotia Ottawa Provincial Bank (u) Quebec Royal Bank Standard Sterling (u) Toronto Traders Union Bank	12 9 6 12 10 10 11 10 7 13 6 14 11 5 7 12 13 5 11 8	222	205 224 246 278 210	227 199 246 208	222 199½ 204½ 276½ 235 226 204	229 226 199½ 246 208	209½ 276½ 235 232 	79 118 118	170 187 245 270 282 243	167 1543 185 2205 244 265 281	217 234½ 204	171	2111 199½ 204½ 260½ 278 209 133½ 228 	212 170 198 204 241 125 260 4 276 276 204 143	2- 254 209 42- 29- 44- 152- 2- 12- 3- 5- 5- 42- 8
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	30, 1911.	NO	AN	ND	WE	STE	CRN	CAI	FALLANCE
ro	RONT		TORON	то	MONT		ales	NIPEG STOCK	
har Dark Quid-	Industrial (Continued)	POIDA	rice Price 29 Dec.21	Price Week ended Dec28	Price Dec. 29 1916 Price 1911 1911	Dec. 28 er 1911 D	Veek thou'ds thou'ds scribed	LISTED	Price Dec. 11 Dec. 19 1911
1,733 7,581 100	Can. Converters Can. Gen. Electric Can. Loco	7 100	108½ 33 92½	108½ 32½ 17 88½ 88 334		891 80	2 000	\$50 Can. Fire 100 Canada Landed 100 C.P.R 100 City & Pro. Ln.	6 8 125 127 127 115 120
6,534 100 9.088 100 500 100 565 100	Can. Machinery	f. 7 8 n. 2 37	100 36 104 58 100	94 i04 7 60 i00 35	65	45	1,000 1,350 2,398 825	100 C.P.R	7 110 110 15 300 325 290 315 126 127 124 125 8 138 141 138 144
450 100 6,212 100	Crow's Nest Pass Dia. Flint Glass Dominion Canners pr	7. 78	65 1043 3 101 102	105 · · · · 105 · · · · 103 · · · · 50	$102\frac{1}{2}$ $102\frac{1}{4}$ $102\frac{1}{2}$.		158	North. Cert Nort. Mort. 20% pd.	100 103 97 98 110 133 133
35,277 10 5,000 10	0 Dom. I. & S. Co pr 0 Dom. Coal Co pr 0 Dom. Park. 0 Dom. Steel Corp'n. 0 Dom. Textileco	ef. 7		58	601 601 581 63 611 581 991 981	67 68 67 101 46	375 78 1 6,00	Northern Table S. African Script 0 50 Standard Trusts 0 100 Winnipeg Electric	12 162 156
1,500 10	0 ECan. P. & P	ef. 6 6	35		75 62 139½ 125	102	VA	NCOUVER STO	CK EXCH'GE.
500 10 219 10 2,100 10 1,500 10	00 Elec. Dev. of Ont. pr Gould Mfg. Co	ef. 7	1384 274 26	28 271	139½ 125 170 165¾ 158	162 156 140 138	Cap. ithou'd	ls la LISTED	Dec. 15 1911 1911 Bd. Ask Bd. As
894 1	Maple Leaf Milling	ref. 7	52 491 62 61 95 913 99 9	$\frac{63}{2}$ $\frac{62}{983}$ 3	137 129	54 54 52	g 2,0	00 1 Alberta Can. Oil	4
0,000 1	OU MONE. I Cathone I	ref 4	853 95 9	95 94	25 862 118 130	:::: ::::	190	1 International Cl.	120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00 N. S. Steel & Coal 00 00 Ogilvie Flour	ref. 8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 38½ 81 88½	127 1243 1242 60 59		2,3	98 105 Great West Per 600 25 Lasqueti I. Min. Nugget	32 36
50 650 1 50 2,150 1 75 1,075 30 937	Montreal Cottons P 000 Mont. Steel	om. 4 oref. 6 om. 10	59½ 83 85 197½ 110	85 3	20 85 83 3			200 1 Bitter Creek 500 50 Glacier Creek 500 1 Portland W'dr. 500 1 Red Cliff	31 37 351
30 937 00 900 00 800 00 800	100 100 Russell M.C 100 Sawyer-Massey	oref	91 103½ 10 38	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 37½		1, 140 1, 140 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	20 1 Stewart Land 270 100 B.C. Pack. pd 511 100 B.C. Pack. Com	135 130
					75 79	334	25 6 1 260 3	Northern Cert . Morthern Cert . Morthern Cert . Morthern Cert . Morthern Cert . Morthern Cert .	98 104 96 1
00 11,500 96 6,496	Shredded Wheat. Smart Bag Co Steel of Can Tooke Bros. West Can. F.M. Windsor Hotel.	pref com pref. 7 com	34 90	33\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	165 40 89	393 8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500 100 Can. Consol.	25 5½ 30 30 504
000 1,000	West Can. F.M Windsor Hotel	8 5	600 550 700	685 650 305 295	55 1690 271 2692 280	300 29	5500	,000 1 Royal Col S.A. Script	920 960
000 000 500 500 000 6,000 000	Mining 5 Coniagas	;6†9 8 5†2½ 25	272 271 455 450 1085 1075 119 118	0					THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN
000 000 899 Due 1925	Int. Coal & Coke. BONDS Boll Tel. Can. Car. Fdy. Can. Car. Fdy. Can. Col. Cotton.	5 6	78	$3i\frac{1}{2}$ $3i\frac{1}{2}$	103 101½ 77 104 983	1033 10	03½ tho 31 1000 S 6900 scr	ub- ibed A LISTED	Dec. 15 Dec. 191 Bd. Ask Bd.
800 7046	Can. Car. Fdy Can. Cement Can. Col. Cotton. Can. Con. Rubber	6	983	i00 i00 i	99½	98	97 5500 \$	2,000 1 Alberta Can. 0 1,000 1 Am. Can. 0il. 2,500 1 Alberta Coal.	Oil
000 1940	Can. Nor. Rly Com'l Cable Dominion Canner 500 Dom. Coal	rs 6 5 6 5		931	97 96½ 9 101 100 10 96 95 98 95½ 98 95½	98 102 102 1	972 101 5000 93 4000 1750 102	3,000 1 Dia. Vale C. & 5,500 100 Granby	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
758 1925 758 1925 162 1925 1,000 1925	1000 Dom. Iron & Stee 100 Dom. Textile a 100 b 5 100 " 5 100 "	6		90, 90, 90,	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 96 81	95 1000	10,000 100 B.C. Perm. L 2,000 100 Dominion Tru 2,398 100 Great West P 20 1 Stewart Lan S.A. Script Share Creek	erm. 9 $121 \dots 120$
1,500 1930 1,500 1930 1,000 1930 600 1910 7,823 1950	E. Canada P. &. 500 Elec. Dev. of On 1000 Halifax Elect 1000 Havana Elect	t	81 902		102	80	1000	200 1 Bitter Creek. 500 .50 Glacier Creek. 500 1 Main Reef 1,000 .25 Portland Can 1,500 1 Red Cliff	14 2 13 14 12 13 14 12 13 14 12 13 14 12 13 14 12 13 14 14 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
750 191 1,000 192 1,200 192	Kaministiquia 6 500 Keewatin Flour 3 1000 Lake of Woods 0 1000 Laurentide Pape	Mills Mill	66 108 66 108 .87 5 87 86 87 92 92	108 108 91½ 92½ 191½	108 186½ 90 .99½	86½ 94 100½	110 84 893 1304	1,500 1 Red Cliff Stewart M. 8 1 Nugget Gold Lasqueti	\$D 32
0,000 198 10,000 198 1,500 198 1,500 199 1,960 199	35 100 Mex. Efec. Light 33 500 Mex. L. & P 32 100 Mont. L. H. & P. 22 100 Mont. St. Ry 59 188 N. S. Steel & Co	al	0 4½ 4½ 5 6	93 93	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1123		
1,000 750 3,500 193 3,000	1000 Ogilvie Milling. 32 1000 B Ontario Loan Penmans Porto Rico		4 91 ³ / ₄ 91 5 85	101½ 101½ 91 92½ 92 	16500 86 .843 85 84½	79 ½ 80	90¾ 2000 79½ 48300	MONET BOOK D	ARY TIMES EPARTMEN Canadian Banking
471 19 2,500 19	Int. Coal & Coke. BONDS Boll Tel. Can. Car. Fdy. Can. Car. Fdy. Can. Car. Fdy. Can. Col. Cotton. Can. Col. Cotton. Can. Col. Cotton. Can. Com'l Cable. Dominion Cannel Dom. Torn & Steel 1000 Dom. Textile a. 1000 Dom. Textile a. 1000 Dom. Textile a. 1000 Jown. Textile a. 1000 Log. 1000 Haiffax Elect. 1000 Haiffax Elect. 1000 Hayana Elect. Kaministiquia 1000 Laurentide Paps 1000 Mort. L. & P. 1000 Mort. Steel & Co. 1000 Call West Elec. Light 1000 Mort. Steel & Co. 1000 Mort. Steel &	H. & P.	5 85 5 983	1018 1021 102	500 98 96	100	98	Practice. E Capital Inv Canada. B	estments in y Fred. W. Field.
7,500 19 600 19	100 Rich. & Ont. N: 35 100 Windsor Hotel 331 100 Windsor Hotel 335 100 Winnipeg Elect	ms	5 6 5 4½	994	90 96 107	89 ³ 89 ³ 99 103	78 898 96 12 1034 10000	These two us	eful volumes for \$5
1.000 19	931 100 Windsor Hotel 935 100 Winnipeg Elec	t. Rly				10 5			

CANADIAN SECURITIES IN LONDON

Dom., Prov. & Mun. Government Issues	P.c.t	Pric Dec.		Railroads		rice c. 14	Railroads-(Cont'd)		c. 14	Miscellaneous—(Cont'd)	Dec	rice c. 1
Dominion				Alberta and Gt. Waterways	110	114	Shuswap & Okanagon 4% bds	80	82	Canada Car and Foundry	62	6
nada, 1913 Ditto, 1909 ⁻ 34	31		102	Alberta Pailway \$100	112 145	114 150	Temiscouata, 5% pr. lien bds Ditto, committee certs	32	102 35	Ditto, 7% pref. stock Ditto, 6% debs	1074	10
Ditto, 1938	3	891	901	Do., 5% deb. st'k (non-cum.)	102	104	Toronto, Grey & Bruce, 4% bds	101	103	Canadian Collieries, 5% debs	901	
Ditto, 1947	34	771	78½	Do., 5% deb. st'k (non-cum.) Algoma Central 5% bonds. Algoma Eastern 5% Bonds. Atlantic & NW. 5% bonds.	902	*96½ 95	Toronto, Grey & Bruce, 4% bds White Pass & Yukon, sh., £10 Ditto, 5% 1st mort. deb. stk Ditto, 6% deben	94	97	Can Cotton Bonds	90	11
Ditto, Can. Pac. L.G. stock Ditto, debs. 1912			101	Atlantic & NW. 5% bonds.	112	114	Ditto, 6% deben	86	89	Can. Gen. Electric ord., \$100 Ditto, 7% pref. stock	118	12
Ditto, 1930-50 stock	31	98 1	LUU	Atlan. of St. Law., 0/0 Sh res	147	149				Can.Min'r'l Rub'r,6%deb.st'k	94	8
Ditto, 1912 stock Ditto, 1914-19	33	991 1	$\frac{100_{\frac{1}{2}}}{102}$	Buffalo & L. Huron, 1st mor. 5½% bds	133	135	Banks			Can. N. Pac. Fish 5% deb. stock Can. Pacific Sulphite, £1	82	
Provincial			102	Ditto, 2nd mor. 5½% bonds	133	135	Bank of Brit. North Am., £50	74		Can. Steel F'nd's 6% 1st mor		10
berta, 1938	4	99 1	101	Ditto, ord. shares, £10 Calg. & Edm'n. 4% deb. st'ck	123 101	$\frac{127}{103}$	Can. Bk. of Commerce, \$50	£20½	$21\frac{1}{2}$	Can. W.L'mb'r,5% Deb.stock		
ritish Columbia, 1917	3	101 1	103	Con Atlantia 40/ Cald hands	41	96	Land Companies			Cascade Water & Power 4½% bonds	861	1
Ditto, 1941	5		87 110	Can. Arianne, 4% obtained bonds Do., 4% (Man.) guar. bonds Do., 4% (On.D.) 1st m. b'ds Do., 4% (Dom.) guar. stock Do., 3% (Dom.) guar. stock Do., 4% Land Grant bonds	101	103	Land Companies			Col. Rr. Lumber 5% deb. Sk		
Ditto, 1928	4	99 1	101	Do., 4% perpetual deb. st'k	98	100	Brit. American Land, A, £1.	91	111	Dom.Iron & Steel,5%con.b'ds Dominion Sawmills, 6% debs		
Ditto, 1947 Ditto, 1949	4		102	Do., 3% (Dom.) guar. stock	100	$\frac{84\frac{1}{2}}{102}$	Brit. Col. Fruit Lands, £1 Calgary & Edmonton Ld., 1s.	1 8	1 ls 1 ls	Elec. Develop. of Ont., 5% debs	901	
Ditto, 1950 stock	4	100 1	102	Do., 4% Land Grant Bonds Do., Alberta, 4% deb. stock		100	Canada Company, £1	26	28	Imp'l Tobacco of Can.,6%pref	18	1
Brunswick, 1934-44	31	98 *1	100 92	Do., Saskatchewan, Do.	98	100 96	Can. North-West Land, \$1 Can. City & Town Properties	88	.93	Kaministiquia Power 5% gold bd's	102	1
ova Scotia, 1942 Ditto, 1949	3	79	80	Ditto 3½% stock Ditto 5% Con. deb. stock	102	104	pref. 12/6	39/-	39/6	Lake Superior, common Ditto, 5% gold bonds	26 95 ³	*
Ditto, 1954	31	90	92	Ditto Alberta, deb. stock	94	95	Can. North. Prairie Lands, \$5 Canadian Wheat, £1	2	2	Lake Superior Iron,6% bonds		
ntario, 1946 Ditto, 1947	4	100% 1	$101\frac{1}{2}$	C. N. Ont., 3½% deb. st'k. 1936 Do., 3½% deb. stock, 1938. Do., 4% deb. stock.	90	92	Hudson's Bay, £10	2998	100	LakeSuperior P'p'r 6% gd bds	901	
iebec, 1919	42	101 1	103	Do., 4% deb. stock	93	95	Land Corp. of Canada, £1	28	27	Mex.Elec.Lt.,5%1stmort.bds Mexican Light & Power	88	
Ditto, 1912 Ditto, 1928		101 1	103	Can. Nor. Que., 4% deb. st'ck	94 91	96	Manitoba & N.W., £1 N. Sask, Land 6% Bonds	15 87	89	Ditto, 7% pref. stock Ditto, 5% 1st mort. bonds		
Ditto, 1934	4		102	Do., 4% 1st mort. bonds Canadian Pacific, 5% bonds	1041	106	Scottish Ont. & Man. L'd £3		4.7	Ditto, 5% 1st mort, bonds		
Ditto 1027	. 3	82	84	Ditto, 4% deb. stock	100	100	£2 paid	2	4½ 24	Mexico Tramways Ditto, 5% 1st mort. bonds. Ditto, 6% bonds		
askatchewan, 1949 Ditto, 1951 stock	4		102	Ditto, Algoma 5% bonds Ditto, 4% pref. stock	112 100%	114 1013		1031		Ditto, 6% bonds		•••
MUNICIPAL				Ditto, shares \$100	6102	210	West. Can. Invest.5% pref.£1	18	1 13	Mond Nickel, 7% pref., £5 Ditto ord., £1	21	
	41	00 1	100	Central Counties, 4% debs	90	92 109	Western Canada Land, £1 Ditto, 5% deb. stock	102	104	Monterey Rly., Power 5% 1st	31 193	
arnaby, 1950	41/2	104 1	00	Cen. Ont., 5% 1st mor. bonds Daw. Grand Forks, 6% d. st'k	14	17				mort. stock Montreal Cotton, 5% debs	$90\frac{1}{2}$ $96\frac{1}{2}$	
Ditto, 1928-37	41	102 1	04	Detroit, Grd. Haven, equip.	1 2 2 20	111	Loan Companies.			Mont. Lt Heat & Power. \$100	101	1
imonton, 1915-47	5 41	102 1	08	6% bonds Ditto, con. mort. 6% bonds	107	111	British Can. Trust, £5 $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ £5 pref.	47	5	Montreal Street Railway	226	2:
Ditto, 1917-29-49 Ditto, 1918-30-50	11		05	Dom. Atlan. 4% 1st deb. st'k	98	100	Brit. Emp. Tr'st, pref. ord.£1	1	1	Montreal Street Railway Ditto. 4½% debs Ditto, ditto (1908)	101	1
ort William, 1925-4	11/2		.03	Ditto, 4% 2nd deb. stock	98 93	100 95	Can. & American Mort., £10.	12 23	142	Mont. Water, &c., 45% pr. lien	04	5
amilton, 1934 Ditto, 1930-40	4		00	Duluth, Winnipeg, 4% d. st'k G.T.P., 3% guar. bonds	82	83	Ditto, ditto, £2 paid Ditto, 4½% pref. £10 Ditto, 4% deb. stock	94	94	North'n Lt.& P'r. 5% gold bds Nova Scotia Steel,5% bonds.	41	
aisonneuve, 1949	41	101 1	03	Do., 4% m. b'ds (Pr. Sec.) A	95 95	97 97	Ditto, 4% deb. stock	97 2 93	902	Ocean Falls, 6% bonds	014	(
oncton, 1925	3		79	Do., 4% 1 m.b'ds(L.Sup.br.)		941	Can. & Empire Trust Do., 5% pref, stock	98	101	Ogilvie Flour Mills Ont. Lands & Oil,6% pref.,£10	133	13
Ditto, 1932	4	100 1	02	Do., 4% deb. stock Do., 4% b'ds (B. Mountain)	94	96	In. Cor. of Can. £10, £7 10s.pd	63	71	Ditto, of nary, £10		
Ditto. 1933	$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{2}}$	89	91 91	G.T.P., Br'nch Lines, 4% b'ds G.T., 6% 2nd equip. bonds	90	100 115	L'dn & B. N. Am. Co. £7,10spd N. Brit. Can. Inves.,£5, £2pd	17	2計	Penmans. 5% gold bonds Richeli u & Ont. Navig., new	94	
Ditto, 1942 Ditto, 1948	4 4	101 1	03	Do., 5% deb. stock	126	128	N. of Scot. Can. Mortgage,		- "	5% (1s	97	
Ditto, 1950 Ditto (St., Louis)	4	101 1	.03	Do., 5% deb. stock Do., 4% deb. stock	100	101 126	£10, £2 pd	5g 99	101	Rio de Inneiro Tram & Light	P. 100	
Ditto (St., Louis)	41/3	99 1	08 01	Do. N of Can . 4% deb. st k	100	102	Ditto, 4% deb. stock Ditto, 3½% deb. stock			Ditt 1st mort. bonds Dit: 5% bonds		
w Westminster, 1931-61.	4½ 4½	101 1	03	Do., Mid. of Can., 5% b'nds	100	102 117	Ditto, 3% deb. stock			Roya' Elec. of Montreal, 4½%	99	i
tawa, 1913	4	1001 1	01 01½	Do., W., G'y & Br'e, 7% b'ds	913	924	Trust & Loan of Canada, £20 £5 pd	58	55	dets	186	*1
rt A.t ur 1930-40	4½ 4½ 4½	102 1	04	Do. 4% guar. stock Do., 5% 1st pref. stock	109	110	Ditto, do., £3 paid	3	02	Ditto, 5% 1st deb Ditto. 5% deb. stock	102	1
ebec City, 1914-18	4	101 1	03	Do., 5% 2nd pref. stock Do., 4% 3rd pref. stock	98½ 55½	99½ 55¾	Ditto, do., £1 paid	8	11/8	Ditto. 5% deb. stock Shawinigan Water & Power		-
Ditto, 1923 Ditto, 1958	4	100 1	02	Do ord stock	20%	268	Mining Companies.			\$ 100	HOM	1
Ditto, 1962	$\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{1}{2} \\ 4 \end{array}$	89 *	91 02	G. T. Junction, 5% mort. bds G.T. West'n, 4% 1st mort.bds	108	110	Casey Cobalt, £1	38	58	Ditto, 0% bonds	$102\frac{1}{2}$	1
Oitto, 1961	5	106	09	Ditto 4% dollar honds	20	98	Cobalt Town Site Silver, £1. Hall Mining & Smelting, £1.	11/4	12	Ditto, 4½% deb. stock Standard Chemical of Toron-	971	
Ditto, 1962. Ditto, 1961. gina City, 1923-38. Ditto, 1940-50. Catherine's, 1926. John, N.B., 1934. Ditto, 1946. SkatoonCity, 1938. Ditto, 1940. erbrooke City, 1933. uth Vancouver, 1961. ronto, 1919-20.	41/2	103 1	05	Manitoba S. West'rn, 5% bds	110	112 46	Hollinger, \$5 Kerr Lake, \$5	28	25	t- 50/ charle	102	1
Catherine's, 1926	4	98 1	99	Mexico N. West. com. stk. Ditto,5% 1st mort. bonds	821	831	La Rose	1	14	Toronto Power, 42% deb. stk	100	1 1
Ditto, 1946	4	97	99			1091	Le Roi, No. 2, £5	5	1	Toronto Railway, 41% bonds	87	
skatoonCity, 1938	5	100 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 09 \\ 02 \end{array}$	mort. bonds (Atlantic) Ditto, 1st cons.mort,4%bds	1022	1032	North. Ont. Exploration. £1	1	4	Toronto Suburban Rly deb stk West Can. Collieries. 6% debs	001	
erbrooke City, 1933	42	100 1	02	Ditto, 2nd mort, 4% bonds.	100	102	Vancouver Copper, £1			W. Kootenay Power & Light.	1061	1
ath Vancouver, 1961	4	94	96	Ditto, 7% pref., \$100	148	153 139	Miscellaneous Co's.		100000	6% bonds	102	1
onto, 1919-20	4	99 1	08 01	Ditto, common, \$100 Ditto, 4% Leased Line stk.	91	93	Acadia Sugar Refining. ord			W. Can. Flour Mills, 6% bds. W. Dom. Collieries, 6% debs.	81	
oitto, 1909-13	4	99 1	01	Nakusp & Slocan, 4% bonds.	99	101 113	£1	15/	15/6	Win'p'g Elec. 4½% per.d'b.stk	104	
Ditto, 1929	32	92	94 02	New Bruns., 1st m't. 5% bds. Ditto, 4% deb. stock	101	103	Ditto, pref.,	1	18			
Ditto, 1944-8	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	100 1	02	Ont. & Que., 5% deb. stock	125	127	Bell Telephone 5% Bonds		1002	Newfoundland Securities		
Ditto, 1932	4	100 1	02	Ditto, shares, \$100 6%	145	148	B.Col. Electric Ry., 4½% debs. Do, 4½% perp.cons.deb. stk.		102 104	Newfoundland Gov'm't. 3½% bds, 1941-7-8 and 1951	91	
Ditto, 1926-47	4	100 10	$\begin{array}{c c} 02 \\ 02 \end{array}$	Qu'Appelle, Long Lake, 4% deb. stock	96	98	Do, Vanc'v'r Pow'r, 42% d'bs	104	106	Ditto, 4% ins. stock, 1913-38	101	1
Ditto, 1947-48	4	100 1	02	Q. & L. St.J., 4% pr. lien bds. Ditto, 5% 1st mort. bonds.		92	Ditto, 5% pref. ord. stock .	118	122	Ditto, 4% ins. stock, 1935	107	
Ditto, 1951	4	100 10	$\begin{array}{c c} 02 \\ 01 \end{array}$	Ditto, 5% 1st mort. bonds. Ditto, income bonds	62	64	Ditto, def. ord. stock Ditto, 5% pref. stock		142 112	Ditto. 4% cons. stock, 1936	80	
estmount City, 1920-60	4	97	99	Que. Central, 4% deb. stock.		103	Calgary Power, 5% bonds	$96\frac{1}{2}$	981	Ditto, 3½% ins. stock 1945.	98	
innipeg, 1914	5	102 1	04	Que. Central, 4% deb. stock. Ditto, 3% 2nd deb. stock	86	88 127	Canada Cement, ord	271	28½ 91	bds, 1941-7-8 and 1951 Ditto, 4% ins. stock, 1913-38. Ditto, 4% ins. stock, 1935 Ditto, 4% cons. stock, 1936 Ditto, 3% bonds, 1947 Ditto, 34% ins. stock 1945 Ditto, 34% stock, 1950	98	
	4	100 10	02	Ditto, income bonds	121			89		Anglo-Newfoundl'd Development, 5% deb. stock * Ex Dividend	100	1
Ditto, 1913-36 Ditto, 1940 Ditto, 1940-60	4	1011 10	0211	Ditto, shares, £25 St. L'rence & Ot'wa, 4% bds.	$26\frac{1}{2}$	$27\frac{1}{2}$	Ditto, 6% 1st mort. bonds.	101	103	ment, 5% deb. stock	100	

GOVERNMENT FINANCE

PUBLIC DEBT	1911	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON AC- COUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FUND	Total to 30th Nov,1911
Payable in Canada. Payable in England Bank Circul'n Redemp. Fund Dominion Notes. Savings Banks. Trust Funds.	263,121,429 64 4,654,276 95 103,482,942 20	Customs Excise Post Office Public Works, including Railways. Miscellaneous	6,100,000 00
Province Accounts	11,920,582 42 22,414,519 38	Total	87,886,848 67
Debt	177,305,063 37		47,784,009 85
Assers— Investments—Sinking Funds	11,768,001 23	Expenditure on Capital. Account, Etc.	
Other Investments	29,101,851 20	Public Works, Railways & Canals.	15.661,716 23 173,478 59
Total Assets	161,868,431 04		
Total Net Debt 30th Novm'ber Total Net Debt to 31st Octob'r			
Decrease of Debt	3,157,291 82	Total	15,835,194 82

UNREVISED STATEMENT of IN-

LAND REVENUE (NOV.,	1911)
Source of Revenue	Amounts
Excise—	s cts.
Spirits Malt Liquor Malt Tobacco Cigars Manufactures in Bond Acetic Acid Seizures. Other Receipts	906,453 56 7,004 93 128,578 18 773,431 11 47,292 17 5,434 55 1,269 66 41 45 9,338 54
Total Excise Revenue	1,878,894 15
Hydraulic and other Rents Ferry Inspection of Weights and Measures Gas Inspection Electric Light Inspection Law Stamps Other Revenues	50 00 9,909 40 3,988 60 6,329 30 511 00 7,989 84
Grand Total Revenue	1,907,672 29

TRADE OF CANADA BY COUNTRIES.

		MONTH OF	AUGUST			VE MONTHS EN	1911.	And the second s		
	-040	The second secon	1911		1910		77777			
Countries	1910		Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.		
	Imports.	Exports.	s	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$	\$	\$	\$		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	\$	\$	11,055,633	14,991,443	45,784,855	51,684,472	45,983,557 234,397	55,280,210 1,232,258		
British Empire.	10 696,722	9,911,844	41,050	332,130	275,840 5,443	1,373,622 159,081	4,679	118,343		
	54,000	376,164 35,238	1,849	17,857	9,443			F 410		
ited Kingdomstralia	37		24	2,297	197,610	1,292	34	5,412 985,686		
muda	5,000	483	34 181	257,018	104,865	760,969	96,740	11,769		
tish Airica:—	37,770	163,413	101	1,596	3,382	6,487 55,948	1,890,115	104,259		
East South West tish East Indies. Guiana West Indies		1,265 12,524	363,078	5,569	1,650,003 868,660	220,245	1,112,967	185,627		
West	316,927	35,880	376,142	55,126 336,804	4,036,784	1,673,882	3,753,163	1,511,169 29,227		
tish East Indies	485,787 557,937	35,880 345,764	770,313	9,612	104,765	39,105	315,738	252,109		
West Indies.	9,393	18 479	36,766	96,935	190,625	157,502 1,273,304	791,502	1,513,683		
	46,245	3,450 263,225	249,884	314,744	675,209 291,350	339,491	267,447	376,018		
ng Kong	215,505	133,167	36,987	125,009	4,171	15,026	6,943	21,321		
ng Kong wfoundland.	19,750	4,692	515	8,189	54 193,562	57,760,429	54,457,352	61,627,091		
wfoundland w Zealander British Colonies	1,652	11,335,588	12,932,,432	16,554,329	34 130,002					
er British Colonies	12,446,730	11,000,000					-	1 000 100		
Totals, British Empire			100 050	376,292	667,943	1,213,402	567,521 444,944	1,293,489		
T : Countries.	132,874	277,935	120,658	1.224	654,958	48,309	1,580,316	8,429 1,607,994		
	91,179	1,758	89,951 337,609	1,224 254,566	1 720,150	1,324,024 246,401	249,664	191,762		
entine Republic Stria-Hungary gium	263,804	241,618	33,984	75,093	128,752	33,475	135,349	47.751		
gium	36.546	93,946 8,928	1,580	6,265	71,966 179,424	200,732	139,701	135,610		
giumazil	8,261 38,691	4.897	67,164	99,973 33,153	300.806	101,361	241,264	57,603 731,587		
azil htral American States	38,691	44,654	47,500 70,718	189,115	572,226	728,271	354,155 10,793	178,387		
ina	103 279	164,314	607	28,986	59,107	146,589	681	4,881		
ile	103,279 993	36,345	001	446	519,635	5,705	468,804			
autral American States. ina ile. ba immark in. W. Indies. itch E. Indies. itch Guiana ypt. ance.		2,551	216,859		. 319,000	14.208	4,473	28,997		
In. W. Indies	215,365	4,595		10,046	15,228	8,686	15,210	1,011,248		
atch E. Indies	4,325	19	1,940	286,928	4,788,852	1,165,433	4,491,979	128,853		
itch Guiana	1,244,402	92,117	1,185,554	955	1,502	3,845		2,628		
ypt. ance.	514	1,379	1	1,238	3,596,081	1,375,435	4,429.464	1,776,89		
		247,746	1,127,900	268,060	78,784	68,415	105,533	3,91		
ench Africa ench West Indies	932,913	67,815	16,521	1,462	12,291	42,279	9,176	10,80		
ench West Indies Fraany Feece awaii avti	12,222	15,538	1,878	1,656		9,155	962,794	622,33		
eece	. 1,100	1,347	197,425	137,558 31,318	718,613	684,824 125,543	527,395	51,48		
awaii	225,338	174,970 66,901	97,367	31,318	421,850 926,406	199,106	852,032	89,47		
Olland	105,070	25,261	168,662	17,794		814,013	505,280	113,96		
awaii ayti olland aly	260,984	23,537	86,117	8,400 36,701		110,202	125,335	168,09 82,59		
aly 	63,045	19,779	55,134	23,718		101,876	167,136	5,44		
exico	41,000	29,459	36,610	319	64.024	28,212	10,701	1,3		
orwayanama		22,937	511	375		17,887 132,014	156	269,7		
		36,728	3	83,346	04.011	41,627	96,461	34,1		
eruhilippine Islands		2,732	28,137	32,960		82,470	583	24,50		
		38,780	40	0,01	2 036	7,320	94,974	125,8		
ortugal ortugese Africa oumania			7,034	9,38	138,977	141,176 9,018	686,967	15,4		
ortugese Africa	45,311	15,773 4,102	160,193	4,21	90,212		4,694	66,0		
oumania		0.050	3,917	18,47	000 454		267.039	70,4		
an Domingo	201	2,586	49,333	25,11 3,14	81,701	62,320	139,345	70,0		
t. Pierre	60,030	4,372	33,357	58	0 1.157,882	3,219	1,254,642 132,363	5,0		
ottugese Africa oumania ussia an Domingo t. Pierre pain	301,267		323,177 18,938	5	9 162,072		141 174 915	44,333,0		
weden	15,405	11 050 185	34.649,401	10,455,35	5 112,339,200	271,856	71,080	204,		
pain weden witzerland urkey nited States Alaska	21,937,833	11,250,165	35.942	90,90	9,32	24,624	27,480	1.0		
Inited States	6,27	1,358	8,551	14,11	8 6,19	28,607		64,		
nited States	0,219	685		3,43	39 47,52	6,759		20,9		
S. of Colombia	14,249		241	3,91	16 88,90			53,707.		
Venezual	32,270	15,749			79 130,409,40					
Alaska J.S. of Colombia Jruguay Penezuela Other foreign countries	26,244,96	5 13,160,238				5 111,214,816	215,067,93)	110,00,4,		
Other foreign countries Totals, foreign countries	38,691,69					~	\$33	0,402,426		
Totals, foreign countries	30,002,00	~	\$8	1,370,654	\$2	95,817,781	200			
Grand Totals	\$6	3,187,521								

DOMINION GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANKS Statement of the Balance at Credit of Depositors on Nov. 30th, 1911.

Debogrees		1		
BANK	Deposits for Nov. 1911	Total Deposits	Withdraw- als for Nov. 1911	Balance on Nov. 1911.
300		s cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Manitoba:-	\$ cts.	771,842.75	23,256.11	748,586.64
Winnipeg	14,495.00			1,159,831.24
British Columbia:- Victoria	43,246.00	1,206,893.24	41,002.00	
New Brunswick: Newcastle	1,145.00 151,192.99	299,836.55 5,639,460.32	1,448.66 76;819 43	298,387.89 5,562,640.89
Prince Edward Island: Charlottetown	26,102.(10)	2,156,625.3	5 26,841.47	
Nova Scotia:— Acadia Mines. Amherst. Arichat. Barrington Guysboro'. Halifax	288.00 1,933.10 33,524.05 8,206.13	391,525.7 135,037.7 150,290.9 124,218.7 2,391,995.1 261,631.3	1 1,437.8 1,437.8 486.2 10 2,095.6 15 32,632.9 6,785.4 72 2,561.1	381,770.43 133,599.88 149,804.72 122,123.03 2,359,362.18 254,845.93 419,077.61
Lunenberg. Pictou. Port Hood. Shelburne.	138.00 2,630.00 620.00	115,884.3 211,880.3 89,451.	10 10 567.4 1,579.2	210,269.90 88,883.70 121,417.14
Wallace		14,529,102.		14,294,327.47
		The same of the		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT (OCTOBER 1911).

DR.			CR.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.
BALANCE in hands of the Minister of Finance on 30th Sept., 1911	3,259,218.89	WITHDRAWALS during the month	1,117,340.24
DEPOSITS in the Post Office Savings Bank during month	997,378.07		
Transfers from Dominion Gov- ernment Savings Bank during month:—			
PRINCIPAL INTEREST accrued from 1st April to date of transfer			
TRANSFERS from the Post Office Savings Bank of the United Kingdom to the Post Office Savings Bank of Canada	10,756.52		
INTEREST allowed to Depositors on accounts closed during month	9,278.4	BALANCE at the credi of Depositors' ac counts on 31st Oct 1911	
	44,276,631.9	0	44,276,631,9

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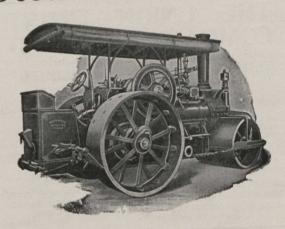
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TRUST COMPANIES

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation

DIVIDEND No. 62

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Two per cent. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Corporation has been declared for the current quarter (being at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum), and that the same will be payable on and after

TUESDAY, THE 2nd DAY OF JANUARY NEXT.

The Transfer Books will be closed from Saturday, the 23rd of December, 1911, to Tuesday, the 2nd of January, 1912, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

J. W. LANGMUIR,

Managing Director

Dated Toronto, 5th December, 1911

BRITISH AMERICAN TRUST CO., Limited

A. C. FLUMERFELT,

H. N. GALER, Vice-President.

W. L. GERMAINE, Vice-Pres. ar Gen. Man.

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Reserve Fund

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Notice is hereby given that a half-yearly Dividend at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM

has been declared for the six months ending December 31. 1911, upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Company, and the same will be payable at the offices of the Company on and after January 2nd, 1912. The Transfer Books will be closed from December 20th to December 31st, both days inclusive.

JAS. J. WARREN, GENERAL MANAGER Toronto, November 20, 1911

The Sterling Trusts Corporation

HEAD OFFICE: REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN.

Capital Authorized

\$1,000,000

Capital Subscribed

640,000

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BANK BURGLARIES AND FORGERIES.

Mr. Jacques J. Lauzon, claiming to be the son of J. B. Lauzon, ex-member of Parliament for La Verendrye, Manitoba, was zon, ex-member of Parliament for La Verendrye, Manitoba, was arrested at Montreal recently on a charge of obtaining money from the Dominion Bank on false pretences. \$1,550.50 is the amount he is said to have secured. The strange feature of the case was that twenty carloads of cattle for which the supposed Lauzon represented himself as agent acting for his father, were actually in Montreal, his father being one of the millionaire cattle dealers of the West. With this knowledge, and on these representations, he went to the bank and presented a supposed buyer, on which transaction he received first \$210.50, and then \$1,350 on a second visit. The bank knew his father's standing, and had verified the fact that the shipment were in existence, and so they advanced the money for certain expenses. and so they advanced the money for certain expenses.

The pluck of Mr. Arthur Bibbs, junior clerk in the Northern The pluck of Mr. Arthur Bibbs, junior clerk in the Northern Crown Bank at Central Park, a suburb of Vancouver, British Columbia, saved the institution from robbery recently. Mr. Bibbs sleeps in the bank, and was preparing for bed when he heard someone trying the rear door. With a revolver in his hand he opened the door and commenced firing at two masked robbers. They fired several shots, one of which went through Mr. Bibbs' hand. In a few moments the robbers ran away down an alley and disappeared. and disappeared.

Six months' imprisonment was the sentence given Mr. Hersix months' imprisonment was the sentence given Mr. Herbert Ingelfield at Regina, Sask., who was charged with obtaining money under false pretences. About a month ago Ingelfield was married, and he gave the reverend gentleman a cheque for \$30, which subsequently proved to be worthless. He persuaded the hotel clerk to cash a cheque for \$40, which proved to be worthless, as well as the one given for his board.

On a charge of forgery Mr. Norman Page was arrested at St. Catharines. It is said that he cashed a cheque on the Bank of Nova Scotia, Woodstock, at Smithville, also that he had been arrested at Woodstock for false pretences, but escaped.

Mr. Wm. Stephenson, of Glencoe, Ontario, has been arrested on a charge of forging the name of Mr. Alex. Dunkinson to a

The Western Trust Co.

Head Office, WINNIPEG :: Branch Office, Regina, Sask.

Authorized Capital\$2,000,000 Subscribed 1,005,000 Paid-Up 580,000 Subscribed Paid-Up

ALAN J. ADAMSON. President Hon. R. P. Roblin, Vice-President

Acts as Trustee, Administrator, Executor, Assignee, Guardian, etc. Receives money for investment in mortgages under guarantee of principal and interest, or otherwise, on such terms as may be arranged. Undertakes the management and sale of Real Estate. Correspondence invited.

Canadian Guaranty Trust Company

Authorized Capital \$1,000,000. Sub. Capital \$500,000. Head Office, Brandon, Man. Branch Office, Regina, Sask.

Executors, Administrators, Trustees Every class of business of a fiduciary nature transacted Guaranteed mortgage investments a specialty

Correspondence solicited

JOHN R. LITTLE, Managing Director

cheque for \$23. About two years ago Stephenson served a $\rm ter^m$ in the Central Prison, Toronto, for a similar offence.

For some time the Montreal Canada Assurance Company have been at a loss to account for certain risks that have been turned in to them without any cash return. The matter was placed in the hands of the Thiel Detective Service and following an investigation Mr. George Beaupre, special agent, has been arrested.

Charged with forgery involving an amount of \$312, Mr. Charles Fronas, of Fort William, was arrested recently.

Mr. Walter Cobbe has been arrested on a warrant charging with misappropriating \$843 from the Canadian Northern Railway office at Sifton, Man., of which he was in temporary charge.

While on a visit to Winnipeg Mr. James Cunningham, of Wilkie, Sask., was arrested on a charge of forgery.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier, Postmaster-General, and Hon. George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, have completed arrangements for the transfer of the annuity branch to the Post Office Department from Trade and Commerce.

At the annual meeting of the Ottawa Fire Insurance Agents' Association, recently held, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Honorary Presidents, Messrs. H. K. Egan, Robert Stewart, Charles King, Edward King and C. H. Carriere; President, Mr. Cecil Bethune (re-elected); First Vice-President, Mr. C. A. Douglas (re-elected); Second Vice-President, Mr. C. H. Scott; Executive—Messrs. J. E. Fraas, A. D. Stewart, Charles Stewart, C. S. Shaw, H. Richard, and Colonel Courtney; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. W. Y. Denison. The secretary reported that there were thirty-eight regular members of the associathat there were thirty-eight regular members of the association and twenty-seven sub-agents registered. There were ten general meetings of the association during the year and twelve meetings of the executive. The treasurer's statement showed a balance on hand of over \$200, and there is every indication of the coming year being even more prosperous than the past

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direct attention to their highclass residential sub-division at Moose Jaw as meeting the requirements of those-

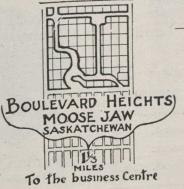
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Saskatchewan.

Verna, No. 195, \$1,500. H. Fisher, Verna.
Henke, No. 100, \$1,000. H. Henke, Morse.
Ceylon, No. 351, \$3,500. F. Shupe, Ceylon.
Brady, No. 234, \$1,200. R. Jukes, Artland.
Brady, No. 2706, \$2,500. H. K. Warren, Amulet.
Amulet, No. 2706, \$2,500. H. Goodall, Zealandia.
Zealandia, No. 1613, \$5,000. H. Goodall, Zealandia.
North Bend, No. 2729. J. F. Sparrow, Lloydminster.
North Bend, No. 386, \$1,500. W. H. Decker, Fillmore.
High Prairie, No. 386, \$1,500. N. P. J. Lawman, Raymore.
Raymore, No. 2611, \$1,500. N. P. J. Lawman, Raymore.
Raymore, No. 2808, \$1,200. H. A. Marchant, Shellbrook.
Rayside, No. 2808, \$1,200. M. E. Reed, Standard Hill.

The Bank of Ottawa has moved into new quarters at the corner of Seymour and Hastings streets, Vancouver. The block is one of the most handsome in town, the entrance being the finest. The interior finishings are very ornate and were supplied by Canadian firms.

by Canadian firms.

Mr. N. Curry, president of the canadian Car & Foundry Company, Limited, may take the presidency of the new Candaian Metal Products Company, Limited, which will be established as a result of the visit which several Montreal gentlemen lished as a result of the visit which several Montreal gentlemen lished as a result of the visit which several Montreal gentlemen lished as a result of the visit which several Montreal gentlemen lished to College Point, about twelve miles from the city of New made to College Point, about twelve miles from the city of New made to College Point, about the United States Metal York, whre they inspected the plant of the United States Metal Products Company, which has a capital of \$8,000,000, with 2,000 Products Company, which have a representative on the board of the Company, which will have a representative on the board of the Company, which will have a representative on the board of the Company, which will have a representative on the board of the Company, which will have a representative on the board of the Company, which will be given at once to several hunsia of the company. The machinery to be installed is worth about home company. The company will be given at once to several hunsia of the company will manufacture all kinds of dred skilled hands. The company will manufacture all kinds of dred skilled hands. The company of buildings, both large and small.

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NEW WESTMINSTER

BRITISH COLUMBIA

INDUSTRIAL SITES ON FRASER RIVER

S. F. MARK, Real Estate and Financial Broker

Reference: Bank of Montreal

WESTERN REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS.

A block of \$80,000 of stock in 800 shares of \$100 each of the Canada West Securities Corporation, Limited, is being issued at 105. The primary object of the company is to take advantage of the opportunities for the profitable investment of capital in western Canadian real estate. The company's charter confers wide powers, including the purchase of land, the construction of buildings, the selling and leasing of lands and houses, and the directors think that the company eventually will be able to engage profitably in such business. The immediate object, however, is the purchase of vendors' equities in agreements for sale of real estate. Farm lands and city properties are sold in the majority of cases under agreements for sale, providing for moderate cash payments with the balance of the price payable in instalments spread over several years and carrying interest at 7 or 8 per cent. until settlement. The vencarrying interest at 7 or 8 per cent. until settlement. The vendispose of his title to the property and his interest in the deferred payments at a substantial discount for cash. A company carrying on such a business on a large scale should be pany carrying on such a business on a large scale should be able to secure the full benefit of such investments. The success of the Canada West Securities Corporation, Limited, and of other such companies, depends entirely upon strictly honest and businesslike management. The managing director is Mr. H. Melvin; the president, Mr. E. H. Nichols, and the other directors, J. H. Alexander, A. Auriol, E. D. Benson, D. S. McCutcheon, and H. P. O. Savary, all of Calgary.

While boring for water at Castor, Alta., a strong flow of natural gas was struck at a depth of 280 feet.

The Western Assurance Company and the British America Assurance Company will apply to the Dominion Parliament for acts amending their acts of incorporation by extending and defining their powers and authorizing them to carry on the following classes of business throughout Canada and elsewhere: Fire, lightning, explosion, cyclone and tornado, ocean and inland Fire, lightning, explosion, cyclone and tornado, ocean and inland marine, inland transportation, plate glass, sprinkler leakage, automobile, insurance of rent, use and occupancy, express power to accept and give off re-insurance, power to enter into profitsharing arrangements, partnerships and the like with other companies or underwriters, and for other purposes.

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OUICK

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SIX PER CENT. BONDS



REAL ESTATE SECURITY

The Canadian Real Estate Bond Corporation offers for sale its ten-year six per cent. bonds. The bonds are offered and issued at par in denominations of \$100. \$500, and \$1,000

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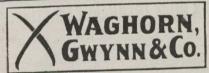
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Policies issued on all approved plans

TOTALS

of The Great-West Life Business for 1911 show:

Applications received, over \$17,000,000 Assets December 31st, ,, 10,000,000 ,, 66,500,000 Insurance in Force,,

In all respects, the year is in line with the notable successes so long reported by

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HEAD OFFICE - - - WINNIPEG

Ask for the new booklet, "Profits, 1912."

The Home Life Association of Canada

Head Office: Home Life Building, Toronto

Issues all POPULAR PLANS of Life Insurance, Free from Restrictions, with Liberal Pri-vileges and Generous Guaran-

Write for illustrative pamphlets. H. POLLMAN EVANS, President J. K. McCUTCHEON, Managing Director

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for your family, at this season of the year, none is more suitable than a policy in the

MUTUAL LIFE of Canada

It will stand as An Evidence of your love and foresight for those dear to you when other more transient gifts shall have been forgotten!

Policies in force, exceeding - \$70,000,000
Assets, all safely invested - 18,000,000
Surplus over liabilities - 3,000,000 3,000,000 Surplus over liabilities

Agencies in every City and Town in Canada. WATERLOO, ONT. HEAD OFFICE .

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INSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office

Winnipeg

Authorized Capital \$1,000,000 00 Capital Subscribed 900,000 00 6,000,000 00 Insurance in force over

We have one or two good openings for energetic agents alive to the opportunities of Western Canada.

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Agents of character and ability wanted to represent this old established Company in Western Canada. To the right men liberal contracts will be given. Apply to

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THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Betablished 1889.
Dec. 31st, 1910—Insurance in force
Available Assets
1910 WAS A BANNER YEAR
Yet for the first ten months of 1911 Insurance applied for increased
\$615,000. Expense Ratio decreased 15%. Death Claims decreased 35%.
Excellent Openings for First-Class Field Men.
Agents Wanted: To give either entire or spare time to the business.
B. MARSHALL, General Manager.
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At 31st December 1910

\$38,164,790 37 Surplus over all liabilities, and Capital
Hm 3½ and 3 per cent. Standard
Surplus Government Standard
Income, 1910 3.952.437 54 5,319,921 18 9,575,453 94 143,549,276 00 Assurances in Force

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Sun Life Policies are easy to sell

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Good Men for a Good Company in a Good Territory

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Head Office

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INCOME, 1910, \$2,176,578

ASSETS, \$11,388,773 NET SURPLUS, \$1,174,768

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J. F. MAINE, Inspector, Industrial Agencies
from E. E. REID, Assistant Manager

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Year, Drenium and Dec. Interest Income. 1897 . \$37,416 09 . \$336,247.89 . \$4.01% . \$1,185,725.00 1901 . \$360,180.95 . 1,344,127.61 . 5.40% . 10,524,731.00 1905 . 800,034.84 . 2,840,725.23 . 5.52% . 19,672,664 00 1910 . 1,370,560.38 . 6,147,329.99 . 6.52% . 30,455,859.00 First and Paramount - Absolute Security to Policyholders

The Company will be pleased to enter into negotiations

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LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND LIMITED, OF LONDON, ENGLAND

FIRE LIFE \$14,750,000

Capital Fully Subscribed 36,000,000

Total Annual Income exceeds 63,596,000

Life Fund and Special Trust Funds 11,000,000

Total Assets exceed 11,000,000

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Head Office - - TORONTO

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Investments under Canadian Branch 16,000,000
Deposited with Canadian Government and Government
Trustees, over 7,600,000
Revenue, over 40,850,000
Bonus declared 142,950,000
Claims paid D. M. McGOUN, Mgr. CHAS. HUNTER, Chief Agent Ont.

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1910

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Our Death rate was small, showing careful selection, and was paid for twice over by our Interest income.

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