The Morning Courier.

FOR THE COUNTRY.

Optimus est Reipublicæ status, ubi nihil deest nisi licentia perendi.—SENECA.

VOL. II. MONTREAL, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1836. No. 67.

Poetry.

Past and Present.

From Blackwood's Magazine for August.

I saw a little merry maiden,
With laughing eye and sunny hair,
And foot as free as mountain fairy
And heart and spirit light as air;

And hand and fancy active ever,
Devising, doing, striving still;
Defeated oft—despairing never—
Up springing strong in hope and will.

I saw her bounding in her gladness,
On a wild heath on dewy morn,
Weaving a glittering wild-flower garland
With clusters from the scented thorn,

I saw her singing at her needle,
And fast and well the work went on,
Till song and fingers stopt together,—
Not for and thought of fair days gone;

But that of fairer still, a vision
Rose to the happy creature's sight,
And to a fairy world of fancy
The mind was gone, more swift than light.

I saw her smiling in her slumbers,
The blissful day-dream not gone by;
I saw her weep—but beam smiling
Broke out before the tear was dry.

I saw her, "troops of friends" encircling,
Read kind good-will in many a face—
With a bright glance, that seemed exulting,
"Oh happy world! oh pleasant place!"

I saw a dim-eyed dark browed woman
Declining in the vale of years?
Pale streaks among the dull locks glanning,
That shaded then her deep-worn with tears.

I saw her wandering in her lonesome
Among the tombs at even-tide,
When autumn's winds with hollow murmurs,
Among funeral branches sighed.

I saw the sere leaves falling round her,
When o'er the dead those dark boughs wave
I heard a voice—I caught a murmur,
"Oh weary world! Oh peaceful grave!"

I thought upon that merry maiden—
I looked upon that woman lone;
That form so buoyant—this so drooping—
O time! O change!—were one—my own.

Tailors.

What profession in civilized life is most important? Unquestionably that of a tailor. What class of men most contribute to our comfort and happiness? Tailors again. Who bestow serenity of mind, ease of body, and the most extatic self-satisfaction? Tailors, most indubitably. Who secure us from the contempt of our superiors;—the commiseration of our equals, and the ridicule of those below us? Tailors, beyond a question. Who furnish us with the only essential requisite for gentility, the only necessary passport to the best society—the only means of captivating the fair? Should we ask such questions forever, the response would still be TAILORS.

A man's tailor is his only indispensable. Education compared with him is of no importance—its want is never seen or felt—or rather the man who has a good tailor and knows how to wear a fashionable coat, possesses the only science necessary to enable him to shine in the *beau-monde*, the only world worth living in.

Without tailors, the world would be a den of savages; without tailors men would be little better than Ourang-outangs.—Every thing valuable in life has been brought about by the magic of a tailor's yard-stick. What, with out tailors would be statesmen, philosophers, orators, poets, warriors, and all that ever shone in the halls of learning and legislation? Where but for tailors would be the whole structure of society? Where the intercourse which constitutes its value?

It is the tailor's needle which has stitched society together—his goose that has pressed it to its present perfection of form and swiftness! Let tailors be banished, and it would fall to pieces as fast as the garments of their making—coats and character would grow ragged together, the rents of our clothing would but shadow forth the tearing asunder of social relations, and our moral habits would degenerate with those which envelope our persons!

Would you destroy a man's principles? take away his wardrobe. Would you corrupt his mind? oblige him to wear shabby garments. Would you render him completely despicable? first render him completely ragged.

To lose his credit with the whole world, a man has but to lose it with his tailor!

To dress elegantly is a moral duty—perhaps we ought to say *the* moral duty, for by its performance, a man is fitted to perform every other.

Our individual happiness demands that we make the most of tailors. A good dress insures a good *ad*-dress. A good dress gives unbounded confidence in one's self, than which, no quality is more necessary to success in life. It gives buoyancy to the feelings, elasticity to the step, and grace and dignity to the whole manner.

When well dressed, we look around with pride, and are looked upon with pleasure. The bright eye of beauty beams benignantly on the workmanship of a fashionable tailor, and nods, and smiles, and the warm grasp of friendship greets the wearer of garments of exquisite form and texture.

Tailors are the most useful of men, and next to those to whom we owe our existence, should we respect and honor those who make us what we were intended to be, the ornaments of society. Every gentleman considers a tailors bill a debt of honour.—*Balance.*

MATRIMONY AND LONGEVITY.—A curious calculation has been made by a learned physician of Berlin, Dr. Casper, of the comparative mortality of persons in married and single life. Whether the doctor was himself very blissfully hymenialized, or whether, as a statistical practitioner, he had any professional reasons for making a strong plea for matrimony, we know not. But it is quite certain that he has supplied all those who perpetrate a wedding, with a highly original ground of defence. He asserts that, in the case of females, the mean duration of life for the married woman of 25, is about 36 years: while for the unmarried it is 30 1-2. At 30, there is a difference of four years in favour of the married; at 35, two years, and so on. With respect to men he asserts from Deparcieux's and the Amsterdam tables, that the mortality of those from 20 to 45 years of age is 67 per cent. for the unmarried; but it is but 42 for the married; and that for 41 bachelors who attain the age of 40, there are 78 married men. The difference becomes still more striking as age advances: at the age of 60, there are but 22 unmarried men alive for 44 married: at 70, eleven bachelors for twenty-seven married men; and at 80, for the three bachelors who may chance to be alive, there are nine benedicts. The same proportion very nearly holds good with respect to the female sex; 73 married women, for example, attain the age of 45, while only 58 unmarried reach the same term of life. M. Casper, in conclusion, considers the point as now incontestibly settled, that, in both sexes, marriage is conducive to longevity. Let, then, all who would live as long as they can, get married as fast as possible.

"Oh! wedlock's a very fine thing;
Blessings be on the beginning o't;
For though your neck break with the string,
Sweet at least is the spinning o't."

Morning Courier.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 28, 1836.

The New York papers of Wednesday evening are before us, and still no arrivals from Europe.

Our parliamentary intelligence from Toronto is very scanty. The Assembly had been engaged, in Committee of the whole House, for two days, on the Provincial Bank Bill. The Committee reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again. It is pretty generally supposed by our Upper Canada contemporaries, that the Bill will become Law, but whether the scheme will be tried with all its present imperfections on its head, is highly problematical. It is, we believe, a hobby of Mr. HAMILTON MERRITT's, some of whose chimerical notions on the subject of Banking, and the credit system, as published in his address to the electors of Haldimand, we some time ago exposed.

A Report recommending the appropriation of £77,000 for the improvement of the Trent has been adopted by the House by a large majority.

The House intended to adjourn on the 22nd instant until the 2d January next.

The Hon. Mr. ELMSLEY, as was anticipated, has resigned his office as Executive Councillor; and Mr. DRAPER, the Representative for the City of Toronto, has just been raised by His Excellency to that honour. The *Toronto Patriot*, in alluding to the circumstance, says:—"We understand it is the "desire of His Excellency very much to extend the number of members in both the "Executive and Legislative Councils, which, "without doubt, will greatly strengthen the "hands of Government, and greatly gratify "the people."

What we formerly said of Mr. ELMSLEY's peculiarities of character is confirmed by the *Constitution*, which speaks of him thus:—"He (Mr. E.) is an excellent man of business—is acknowledged by all parties to possess both tact and talent—but his principles are to us a puzzle. We dont understand him."

Some misapprehension has, we understand, existed touching certain remarks that appeared in last Friday's *Courier*, on the proceedings at the meeting on the 12th instant. They have been construed to refer exclusively to the Members of the Executive Committee, and to all of them without exception. Neither supposition is correct.

Premising that the words "so much" in the fourth line of the second sentence, should have been, as originally written, "the most," the individuals alluded to as being placed in an unpleasant position by the publication of Mr. FRASER's letter, are those members of the Committee, whose principles are understood to be opposed to those avowed in the public Declarations, as well as those members of the Association, who are similarly circumstanced. It may be as well to add, that the expression "a complete dissection of the whole affair" has reference, solely, to the proceedings at the Meeting, which forms the subject matter of the article in question.

Our attention has been drawn to this matter by a joint letter from the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the late Executive Committee, the Hon. P. McGILL and Dr. ROBERTSON. We respectfully differ with these gentlemen, in the interpretation they have put upon the article in question, and beg to assure them that our strictures were never intended to have the signification they have applied to them.

The health of the President, the latest accounts from Washington state, is again on the decline. He was not able to see his most intimate friends.

We lay before our readers to-day an outline of the twelfth, or last, of Dr. BARBER's lectures on education. In taking a retrospective glance for a moment at the whole course, we cannot help expressing our satisfaction at the admirable manner in which the subject has been discussed, and at the effect the truths elucidated have had on the public mind. Had, indeed, the intellectual abilities, knowledge, and eloquence of the lecturer been less than they are, it is certain we should not have witnessed the gratifying spectacle, of a truth rare in Montreal, of a numerous audience, composed of individuals of conflicting politics, different religious creeds, and various origins, listening with the greatest attention and sympathy, at one time to scientific details, at another to the maxims of rigid truth, and at another to the unfolding of those prospects for the human family, that require for their realization the full and continued play of all that is most noble and benevolent in man. Dr. BARBER may well feel proud of an achievement of this nature, in a community like ours, where distractions so much prevail, and simply to mention the fact, is no mean eulogium on him as an effective public lecturer. We are confident that abundant and valuable fruit will be hereafter reaped by the public from the seeds of sound principles, which he has sown with a liberal hand.

The last lecture of Dr. BARBER's course was devoted to a consideration of the Laws of Hereditary descent, or the circumstances in the condition of parents, which influence the bodily constitution and minds of their offspring.

Dr. B. dwelt at some length on the importance of a knowledge of these laws, and of the danger of ignorance or neglect of them. He showed that children do participate in the bodily form and constitution of their parents, also in their disposition and talents. That the cultivation of the flower, the tree or the plant, always proceeds upon this principle.—Man observes the circumstances favorable to the improvement of the natural qualities of each, and reaps always in proportion to his obedience to the natural laws, the fruits of his observation and labour. Colonel HUMPHREYS has, by selecting a particular stock, and avoiding all intermixture, procured a flock of sheep, all of which have deformed bones. The same causes operate in man, and to them we may safely impute many local peculiarities found in particular districts, and which have hitherto been imputed to the water, and other localities. The laws of hereditary descent continue to manifest themselves notwithstanding our ignorance or obstinate neglect of them. A handsome face, and a fine skin, or a handsome fortune, or a high standing in society, are frequently considered of very superior importance to a sound constitution, an active body, an intelligent mind, and a really benevolent heart.—So long as this continues to be the case the penalty will be exacted, and gout, scrophula, consumption, epilepsy, a tendency to disease of the brain and insanity will be propagated from parents to children. If persons knowing this, choose to entail misery on themselves and their families, who is to blame!—The children of healthy parents resist the causes of disease, while those of delicate, sickly ones, are overpowered by the least unfavourable circumstances, and the parents mourn over their unlikely graves—a provision by which the Creator provides a remedy for his violated institutions, and thus abridges the term of human misery and degradation. These things, the Lecturer contended, ought to be impressed on the minds, of all young persons.

He then proceeded to show the evil of too early marriages—of too great a disparity of age between the parties—of continued intermarriages in a family or small circle—with persons subject to hereditary disease, or with ill-formed brains. Each of these points were illustrated by the testimony of distinguished writers and by facts. One of these was a very interesting account by Dr. ADAM CLARKE, of a striking likeness between JOHN WESLEY and one of his sisters, in person and in disposition—and also of the misery entailed upon the latter by a marriage with a man of entirely different organisation. Many others were given, but we cannot attempt to enter into details.

Dr. B. concluded by expressing the gratification he had felt in the manner in which his lectures had been received. He had been led by his subjects to express opinions,—how to many of his audience,—he had done it freely and boldly, not from any desire to appear singular, but from a deep conviction of the importance of the truths to the community. He had been listened to with candour, and the sight of so numerous an audience to his concluding lecture, was, in the highest degree, flattering and cheering to him. He trusted they would give him credit for sincerity in the assertion—that if any thing he might have said had caused pain to any individual it would be a matter of regret to him; he had no intention of alluding to individuals or parties in any remarks he might have made, and exposed errors in principles and practice only in the hope of assisting to remove them.

At the close of the lecture a paper was given to Dr. B. to read to the audience, announcing that the Committee had made arrangements with Dr. B. for a course of popular lectures on Phrenology, to commence after Christmas.

The *Knickerbocker* for December, we have been prevented, by various circumstances, from noticing before now. It is the closing number of the eighth volume, and fully sustains the well established reputation of this periodical, as a vehicle of instruction and amusement of the most unexceptionable kind.

The proprietors, in announcing the continuance of the Magazine, state:—

"Not only will the same exertions be continued, which have secured to their subscription list an unexampled increase, but their claims upon the public favour will be enhanced by every means which unceasing endeavour, enlarged facilities, and liberal expenditure, can command. The proprietors appeal, with confidence to every reader of the *Knickerbocker*, whether they have not heretofore exceeded any promise made to the public, in regard to their work, both in the matter and manner of its execution. In the quantity of reading furnished, during the last year, they have given more than *four hundred pages* beyond the amount which they were bound, by their printed obligation, to present. Embellishments inferior to those of no American periodical, and although not expected by any subscriber, have also been given; while in the value and variety of the literary contents of the work, the publishers have greatly exceeded their own original expectations."

Messrs. ARNOUX and RAMSAY are the Agents in this City for the *Knickerbocker*.

We thought as much.

The Editor of the *Montreal Herald*, perceiving a *hiatus* in the Solicitor General's speech which brought on the altercation between him and Mr. Cameron relative to the *Montreal Courier* very naturally supposes that it was incorrectly reported. We are authorised by the Reporter who took it, to say, that the fault lies not with him, but with the *Royal Steadard* newspaper which published it, leaving out the sentence in which reference was made to the *Courier*. It is to be regretted for the sake of the speakers, the reporters, and the public, that such of the debates as appear first in that paper, and from which they are copied by others, should be so incorrectly printed. A little more care in correcting the proof sheet by the copy would remedy this, and we hope the proof-reader of the *Standard* will profit by this hint.—*Christian Guardian.*

Some persons have crossed the River St. Lawrence on the ice opposite Lanoraie.

The Montreal Hunt will meet tomorrow at two o'clock on the *Place d'Armes*, to drive.

Montreal Chess Club.

EXERCISE FOR BEGINNERS.

Position No. 3.

Red..	P on	Q's R's 3d square.	
K	" adv's	Q	B's 4th "
R	"	Q	K's B's "
White K	"	Q's K's 4th square.	
R	"	Knt's	"
P	"	" 3d	"
P	"	" B's 2d	"

Red has the first move.
Which will win, and by what moves?—*Saturday's Gazette.*

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

SIR,—Having seen in the *Gazette* of Saturday, a proposition from the Montreal Chess Club, I beg to offer the following solution. It will be seen that the White has a forcing game throughout.

MOVES.

Red K from adv's Q's B's 4th square to adv's Q's B's 3d square.
White R from Q's Knt's square to K's B's square taking Red R.
Red K from adv's Q's B's 3d square to adv's Q's B's 2d square, taking White P.
White R from K's B's square to K's B's 3d square.
Red K from adv's Q's B's 3d square to adv's Q's 3d square.
White K from Q's B's 4th square to Q's B's 3d square.
Red K from adv's Q's 3d square to adv's K's 3d square.
White R from K's B's 3d square to Q's B's 3d square.
Red K from adv's K's B's 3d square to adv's K's 3d square.
White R from Q's 3d square to Q's 2d square.
Red K from adv's K's B's 3d square to adv's K's B's 2d square.
White R from Q's 2d square to K's B's 2d square, checking Red K.
Red K from adv's K's B's square to adv's K's Knt's 3d square.
White R from K's B's 2d square to K's 3d square.
Red K from adv's K's B's 3d square to adv's K's B's square.
White R from K's B's 3d square to K's B's 2d square giving check mate.

I am, &c.

AN AMATEUR AND NOT A MEMBER.

Dec. 26, 1836.

"The Red K might move to K's B's square, when the moves would be as follows:—
White R from K's B's square to K's B's 3d square.
Red K from adv's K's B's square to adv's K's B's 3d square.
White R from K's B's 3d square to K's Knt's 3d square.
Red K from adv's K's B's 3d square to adv's K's B's square.
White R from K's Knt's 3d square to K's K's 3d square, giving check mate as before.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

SIR,—Having noticed a communication in your paper of this morning, signed "A MEMBER," stating that I am still in error, I would thank him to name by what *fair* moves he check mates.

The white cannot be said to have a forcing game throughout. I am, your's, &c.

AN AMATEUR, BUT NOT A MEMBER.

Dec. 27, 1836.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

SIR,—Among a few of Dr. BARBER's lectures on Education, which I had the pleasure of listening to, was the one on the study of languages. As his views on this subject seemed novel and startling, to many of his auditors, I beg to hand you an extract from "BOYLE's Satire upon the abuse of Human Learning," showing that such notions have been held before, and by persons of celebrity, who never heard of phrenology: so that this could not be the source of their heretical opinions.

Dr. BARBER may, perhaps, object to satire as an improper instrument, in his endeavors to convince the understanding; but, I fully believe that if he had repeated the following quotation, in his usual masterly manner, he would have made an impression upon some, that all the sober arguments in the world could not have done.

"No sooner are the organs of the brain,
Quick to receive, and steadfast to retain
Best knowledge, but all's laid out upon
Retrieving of the curse of Babylon,
To make confounded languages restore
A greater drudgery than it bare'd before:
And, therefore, those imported from the East
Where first they were incurr'd, are held the best,
Although conveyed in worse Arabian pochooks
Than gifted tradesmen scratch in sermon note-books;
Are really but pains and labour lost,
And not worth half the drudgery they cost.
Unless like rarities, as they've been brought
From foreign climates, and as dearly bought,
When those who had no other but their own,
Have all succeeding eloquence outdone;
As men that wink with one eye see more true,
And take their aim much better than with two:
For the more languages a man can speak,
His talent has but sprung the greater leak;
And for the industry he has spent upon't,
Must fall as much some other way discount.
The Hebrew, Chaldee, and the Syriac,
Do, like their letters, set man's reason back,
And turn their wise that strive to understand it
(Like those that write the characters left-handed);
Yet be that is but able to express
No sense at all in several languages,
Will pass for learneder than he that's known
To speak the strongest reason in his own."

Dec. 26. H.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

SIR,—Education is of such importance to the world, and has so much in itself to recommend it to all classes, that I need not state its value to the enlightened part of our city. I am aware, however, that my remarks on the subject will find a ready welcome in your columns. I was invited the other day to attend an examination of the School conducted by Mr. FRASER, in Quebec Suburbs. The number of children assembled was one hundred and thirty-four. I could not but admire the orderly and tasteful manner in which the children were arranged on each side of the School, together with their neat and intelligent appearance. I am almost a total stranger to the Teacher, but I admire his method of conducting his School. The classes in, reading, writing, arithmetic, and English grammar, gave most satisfactory evidence of a proper intellectual education, and the readiness with which they answered the various questions put to them, would do honour to any School in the city. This School was only commenced in May last, and should its future progress continue as it has done, I am confident that every parent will join with me in the hearty wish—that it may long continue to be the seminary, looked blessing to these Suburbs, and I am, Sir, the Teacher's best friend.

A PARENT.

Montreal, Dec. 26, 1836.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

MY DEAR MR. EDITOR,—I am emboldened to address you, by the favourable reception which you gave to JULIA FAIRLOCKS and LIZZY GERMBOUT. I am not, however, about to tease you with complaints of being shut up in the house, nor of the neglect of young men who have not sense enough to discover my merits, for I have been so brought up by a judicious and affectionate mother, that I can be left to decide for myself what exercise I require in the open air; and as to the young men, those of them worthy of notice, I have never yet found unkind or forgetful.

But I wish, Mr. Editor, to enlist your influence, if possible, in what strikes most heavily upon female sympathies, and yet most strongly assists the very delight of the other sex, I mean cruelty to animals. The gentlemen of the Fox Hunt may well say that the ladies are opposed to their sport. Mind my friends Anne, and many others of my friends who are all great favourites with the gentlemen, positively declare that they will never marry a man who takes pleasure in tormenting or frightening animals, whether it be either in fair chasing, turkey shooting, or tying the poor to dogs' tails.

Fanny says that the weaker sexes pay her in mind of the blood of the helpless fox, shot by a pack of relentless hounds, urged on by the hootings and yells of their masters; and that she cannot separate this idea from them. And MARIA, who has tender nerves and is fond of reading poetry, says that she fully agrees with COWPER, and—

"Would not number, among her list of friends,
The man, who needlessly sets foot upon a worm."

Indeed the gentleman need not think that any young lady of proper feelings can either sanction their sport in the field, or will be at all envious of their pink coats in the street, whatever the "FAIRLOCKS" or "GARBOUTS" may say.

ANNE wishes me to ask you whether any person has ever hinted to you the impropriety of stuffing turkeys, geese, and pigs, by cutting them up for a month to shoot at on a Christmas or New Year's day; or whether we are really falling back into those times of barbarism, when every finer feeling was lost in a callousness to the sufferings of either man or brute.

I beg, Mr. Editor, that you will not attribute the above to any want of a proper sense of propriety; for I have strong feelings of delicacy in appearing publicly, although to vindicate my sex from indirect charges of frivolity and bad taste, I will therefore subscribe myself, your's, &c.

AMELIA.

P. S.—MARIA wishes that Dr. BARBER might examine ——'s head, and ascertain what bump is absolutely wanting; that he should use the same tool to destroy foxes in summer, and the quiet of young ladies in winter.

Dec. 26.

Lower Canada.

The two large American (Texas) Oxen which were slaughtered on Thursday by Mr. A. A. Burns, of Stall No. 2, Upper Town Market, were put up for sale this morning, and presented a very fine show of superior beef. They have been fed in stalls since the early part of November, at which time they are supposed to have weighed 900 pounds each, and when slaughtered exceeded 1100 pounds.—The average weight of fore-quarters 203 lbs.—hind do 203 lbs. Each ox yielded about 70 lbs. of tallow.—*Quebec Mercury.*

At St. Francis (Rivière-du-Sud), on Wednesday the 21st instant, at about two o'clock, P. M. a fire broke out in two barns full of corn, &c. which were consumed in a few hours. One of them belonged to the Widow Rabeau and the other to one Bilodeau. This accident was occasioned by the fire which rushed out from a chimney in blaze, and whose sparks were conveyed by the wind to the said barns. Five or six barns were also blown down by the impetuosity of the wind.—*Ib.*

United States.

GANNESVILLE, (S. C.) *Dec. 3.—Fatal Accident.*—A young lady by the name of Crowder, daughter of Mr. John Crowder, who resides sixteen or seventeen miles above this place, lost her life on Saturday evening last, through the unpardonable carelessness of her brother. We understand that Miss Crowder had been absent several days on a visit to a neighbour, and when within a short distance of home, met her brother, (eighteen or twenty years old) who had been out to muster, and he had his rifle upon his shoulder. He jokingly remarked to his sister that he had a good mind to shoot her for being gone so long—raised his gun and pointed it at her at the same time; spring the trigger, when the rifle fired, and the ball entered her side, just above the hip. When he found that he had wounded her, he became very much alarmed, and hurried home for assistance. The father rushed to the spot, found his daughter lying upon her face, raised her in his arms; but she never spoke, but gave a few groans, and expired a few times, but never spoke after his arrival—her spirit had taken its everlasting flight.—What a scene for a family to be thus suddenly called upon to witness! Let this awful catastrophe be another warning to all those who are in the habit of using fire arms.—*Pennsylvania.*

Commercial.

REVIEW OF THE NEW YORK MARKETS FOR THREE DAYS PRECEDING.

WEDNESDAY, *Dec. 21.*

ASHES.—For Pots a steady demand continues, and considerable sales have been making at $6, 50; Pearls are now readily obtained at $6,75, and at that rate the demand experienced for them is rather limited.

FLAX SEED.—A sale of 350 bushels tough, in bulk, was made yesterday for crushing at $2; sales in tierces have also been made at $1,50. Clean is held at $1,5, but at present there are no buyers at that rate.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market for every description continues in a very heavy state, but prices have undergone no essential variation: sales of common brands Canal at $10; fancy, $10,25; Ohio, via Erie Canal, $9,37½ @ $10; and Georgetown, $10,75 @ $11.

GRAIN.—The arrivals of Foreign are still quite limited, and the Wheat now in market is held at prices above those previously obtained. We have no sales to report. A parcel of 1000 bushels Dutch Rye sold for distilling at $1,46, 90 days.

PROVISIONS.—The demand for Beef and Pork is limited, and the sales have been mostly confined to the ship trade at former prices. Lard declined; the best in market can now be had at 16 cents. Other articles remain as before in price, and with but a trifling demand.

TALLOW.—About 100 casks city rendered and country have been sold at 11 cents, cash. A parcel of Buenos Ayres, and the only lot of foreign in market, is held at 11½ cents.

EXCHANGE.—Some sales on England for the London Packet were made at 7½ @ 7¾ per cent. cash, which is a further reduction.

BIRTHS.

On the 25th inst. Mrs. Tom Pelican of a daughter.
At Amherst, on the 19th instant, Mrs. Gauld of a daughter.

DIED.

In this city, on Sunday, the 18th inst. at the age of 20 years, Miss Sophia Gother, first daughter of Mr. A. Gother.

On Friday week, at the residence of her father, Wells's Cove, Lunenburg, Mrs. Fancy, of Mr. Michael Dolsover, aged 6 years and 2 months.

At River Chaudière, on the 17th, after a lingering illness, Mr. Joseph Gauvreau, formerly Chief Surgeon in the army.

At St. Denis, on the 15th instant, aged 28, Benjamin Chartier, Esq.

At Sorel Vale, N. H. on the 4th instant, the Hon. Gideon Ellery Ranney, a Member of the Legislative Council in that Province, aged 52.

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Poetry.

He never said he Loved.

He oft hath said that I was fair
As lily or as rose;
He culled for me, in summer time,
The sweetest flower that blows.
He twined with care the virgin wreaths,
And smiled if I approved:
But though he cast them at my feet,
He never said he loved!

He seemed to feel, when at my side,
The rapture of delight;
His eyes were lit with joyousness,
When mine were glad and bright!
He watched me in the festive hall,
He trembled if I moved:
But softly though his whispers fell,
He never said he loved!

He left his home for sunny climes,
Full many years had past;
And the hopes that fanned my spirit flame
Had faded all at last.
He came; the wealth of other lands
Had crowned him as he roved;
A star was shining on his breast,
And then he said he loved!

The Indian Summer.

A glimmering haze upon the landscape rests—
The skies have on a milder robe of blue—
And the slant sunbeams glisten softly through
The floating clouds that list their pearly crests
'Mid the pure currents of the upper air;
The fields are dressed in Autumn's faded green
And trees no more their clustering foliage wear;
Yet nature smiles all lovely and serene.
How sweetly breathes this life inspiring gale,
Stirring yon silver lake's transparent wave!
Could we but dream that Winter, sternly pale
Might never o'er this scene of beauty rave,
Or touch these waters with his icy spear,—
Oh, would these golden hours be half so dear?

THE MARRIAGE OF BELPHEGOR.

As Pluto was taking his rounds one day in the infernal regions, to see that all was right and miserable, he thought he observed a parcel of fellows, in a particularly hot corner, giggling and making merry. Upon looking more narrowly, his astonishment was confirmed: the rogues had discovered his presence, and changed the expression of their countenances to a most doleful and hypocritical sorrow.

Pluto sent for his chief overseers. "Gentlemen" said he, "here is a very extraordinary case," and related what he had seen. The overseers looked at each other in confusion, for in fact they had noticed some such phenomenon themselves, but had scarcely dared to think of it. They did not know what comfort might happen, if enjoyment was to be found even in Tartarus.

As the case, however, was not to be compromised, it was agreed, after much consolation, to examine the offenders apart. The examination took place after the ordinary forms of law; but nothing appeared to account for their behaviour. They protested, upon oath, that they had no secret about them for escaping pain. They were put to various torments described in Dante, and gave proofs of what they said; only the familiars observed, that in the midst of all their sufferings, there certainly was an irrepressible something about the mouth, which looked like self-congratulation.

A chief councillor was now directed to compare the examinations, and see if by narrow inspection he could make any thing out of them. He did so, for the space of three days and nights, and reported that he could discover nothing. The prisoners had indeed offended on earth like other men, thought hell unfair, &c. &c.; "but" said the lawyer, "I can find nothing which at all explains the enormity in question, unless it is (and here he put on the facetious smile, usual on such occasions) unless it is, my lords, that they have all been married."

The court laughed at this sally; but one of Minos's under-clerks begged leave, with great deference, to offer himself to their lordships' attention, having a few words to say which nothing but the urgency of the question could have compelled him to intrude upon their consideration. He said that the learn'd gentlemen had laughed, and that learned gentlemen might laugh; but that, with great submission, it was no laughing matter. The learned gentleman modestly supposed that he had uttered nothing but a common-place joke; and he would concede (if he might use the expression) to that learned gentleman's modesty, that the joke was common-place; nay, emphatically so. "But," continued he, "let me ask your lordships, with all becoming humility, how such a very ungallant and unconjugal jest came to be common-place; and whether in the discovery of that secret, we might not discover the muse important secret now before us.

"This address made a considerable sensation. The counsel, who had inspected the examinations, was the only one on whom it seemed to make no impression. He rejected with a dignified impatience the compliments paid to his modesty, and yet was proceeding to throw out some other sarcasms in a style equally condescending, when Minos, who had fallen into a study, told he had a proposition to make, which would settle the matter beyond all doubt or equivocation. It was this, that some ingenious devil should be selected and sent on earth, with injunctions to enter into the state of matrimony, and in due time come back and report the consequences. Rhadamanthus suggested, that the task should be assigned to one of the criminals, both on account of his previous knowledge, and as the best punishment that could be awarded to his offence. But the suggestion was over-ruled. The criminal, it was argued, however loth he might be to undergo the return to his wife, would not dare, even under all the circumstances, to affect a disinclination, conscious that the rest of the offenders would insist upon his becoming a sacrifice to the general welfare, and that he had the certainty of coming back to his old quarters. To keep such offenders upon earth always was impossible, or humanity must change its nature, and Pluto would lose subjects. Besides, marriage might be altered, and so make a heaven upon earth, and then the very damned would become blest; which was a thing too profane to be thought of.

Unfortunately, a new dilemma now occurred; for the devil having got about, no devil was found hardy enough to undertake the adventure. No, no, said they; we have a bad life enough of it here; and it has long been a good diabolical maxim, to let ill alone. Promises of as many enjoyments as possible were lavished in vain; wine, riches, rank, beauty, influence, knowledge, and jest every day. Some started at the bait; but on reflection, they agreed with the rest. The prisoners, they said, had experience of all these, and yet they preferred the hell under the earth to their hell upon it. As a last temptation they were promised a considerable amendment of their condition upon returning and as this they again hesitated, till Pluto unluckily offered to ratify the promise by his royal word; upon which they immediately shook their heads, and declined pursuing the question any further.

At length, a very daring, ambitious devil, of the name of Belphegor, said he would go. The whole infernal public were astonished; but they agreed that if it were possible for any devil to do such a thing, Belphegor was he. It was thought that he had a private commission from Proserpine, and that Pluto was not sorry to wink at the cause of his departure. He was a sprightly devil, who could play on the serpent, and wrote verses with a great deal of fire: accomplishments which got him occasional admittance to Pluto's table. He would make experiments upon the flames about him; and was suspected of holding an heretical opinion upon the possibility of getting used to any thing.

The credit of his orthodoxy was not strengthened by his actually setting out. Pluto conferred on him the shape, in which a devil of his agreeable turn of mind would have appeared had he been a man. It was something between jovial and melancholy,—very amiable. He looked like one of the most agreeable gentlemen of the time. The public waited with some impatience for his appearance out of Proserpine's apartments, whither he had gone to kiss hands on leaving Pandemonium. At last my gentleman comes forth. The spectators set up a shout, like that of a myriad of coal-heavers. Belphegor takes off his hat, with an air as if he had been used to it all his life; and it is observed universally, that if Belphegor is not happy in wedlock, there must be something worse than the devil in it.

It was settled, in order to do every thing fairly, 1st, That if our hero lit upon a wife more than usually wifely, she should die with reasonable celerity, and leave him another chance; 2dly, That he should not return to hell without orders, upon pain of some rare punishment; and 3dly, That he should emerge in England, as the place where marriage was held in the gravest repute. Accordingly, he made his appearance in the British metropolis, as a young gentleman of fortune; and soon found that an alliance with him would be regarded in a very estimable point of view.

After admiring the beauty of the women, which he thought nevertheless a little too cold, looking (a fancy at once odd and pardonable in a devil,) the thing that most astonished him in this exemplary and very married nation, was to find, that the sarcasm of Pluto's counsel was as common here as elsewhere,—that nothing was of such ordinary occurrence as the ridicule of wedlock, sometimes bitter, sometimes merry, often between both. A grave and seemingly approving ear was lent in public when it was praised;—a panegyric on it in a sentimental comedy met with applause; but the applause was double, when another comedy abused it. Husbands and wives joked each other upon their bonds, with the air of people who break the force of a satirical truism by meeting it. In the shops were pictures of before marriage and after marriage, the former exhibiting a lover helping his mistress over a style, the latter the same gentleman walking on, and leaving the lady to get over herself. Belphegor overheard a knot of persons one day disputing whether this was a caricature; but they all agreed that the spirit of it was like enough. "Generally like," said one. "eh, Jack?" Jack seemed to be the melancholy wag of the party, and said, that the present company always excepted, he thought, for a general resemblance, it was particularly like.

These symptoms were not at all encouraging to our hero; so that having been told to do what others did, he availed himself of the letter of his instructions somewhat beyond the spirit of their intention, and amused himself as much as possible in the character of a bachelor. He dressed, dined, lounged in the coffee-houses, went to the theatres, and visited in the most reputable circles. It was even supposed probable that he had scattered a considerable portion of misery about town, without at all diminishing his respectability among the said circles; a phenomenon, which in so grave and reputable a nation he would have placed to the account of an error of charity, had he not observed, as we have just hinted, that if the most serious ladies shewed no contempt for himself, they evinced a good deal for the class whom he was thought likely to have increased. He also saw, that they would expect very different conduct from him, should one of them honour him with her hand; and that if he might like the worst, and deceive the very best of the sex now, it would go hard with him should he then desire to evince a grateful sense of the most admirable of women.

Captain Lovell however, (for he had purchased a company under this name) had received a due portion of man's nature with his shape; and he was induced to hasten the period of matrimony, partly by an express from Pluto, and partly by his falling in love with a young lady of reasonable beauty and accomplishments, who appeared to him as likely as any body "to render the married state happy,"—a phrase indeed which was often in the mouths of her parents.

The Captain married; and for three or four months was the happiest devil existing. He met with occasional instances of petulance and self-will; but these, he thought, were pardonable in one who made him so happy in the main; and he was resolved not to be the first to create a rupture. If the lady could not bear him out of her sight, it only proved the excess of her fondness; and if she began by degrees to bear it better, he was convinced that she did it solely for his comfort, by the sweetness with which she received the new dresses and trinkets he bestowed upon her to make amends.

You must know that Captain Lovell, being a devil, (as the ladies occasionally started his ear by calling him) had acquired by dint of suffering what humanity often attains to by the same means. He hated monopoly, and loved to see fair play both in the distribution of pains and pleasures. The first thing that gave him a seriously uneasy sensation about his wife, was to see so gentle a creature capable of scolding her servants. He remonstrated, and was scolded himself. The next night he stayed out longer than usual, and was welcomed home with a long lecture which perfectly stunned him. The words he could chiefly distinguish, all but one were, creatures—honest wife—is this usage!—tender heart—plagues of servants—other women (with great stress on other)—my husband (with still greater stress on my)—duty—decency—lawful—cruel fate—defy any body—religion—and virtue. He afterwards found that whenever she charged him with any vice, or was guilty of any herself, she had a special taste for repeating the last synonym. If he looked with fondness on any lady with a frank good humoured face, his wife was sure to doubt the lady's "virtue," and to remind him of her own. If she exhibited any pretty selfishness in eating and drinking, or laying out money, or exacting too much of others, and suspected that he had observed it, she sighed at the fate which denied the least privilege or consolation to "virtue." If she was a little insincere with him, or petish with others, and he reproved her for it (for he began now to reprove, on his own side,) she delighted to tell him, with a very malignant aspect, that poor poetry would not be found with any body but a person of "virtue." If she was in the mood to be fond with him, and he had not quite got over her last generation, she wept and said that love was no longer considered a duty; no longer a holy tie; no longer the reward of "virtue." He was one day so provoked by her harping upon this favourite word, that he turned on his heel, and exclaimed, with great gusto of utterance, "Damn virtue!"

Captain Lovell fell into conversation with his brother officers on the subject of this virtue. He had laid as much stress on it as any man, particularly as he had led a very gay life, and thought it very difficult to keep. But he now began to suspect, that the difficulty was no such great matter, if ladies made up for it with all those privileged vices;—that if it were, it put on a very unpleasant aspect, so managed;—and that at all events, the system deserved inquiry, which made so many virtuous men and women disagreeable as well as respectable, so many vicious women pleasant and despised, and such numbers of both descriptions extremely miserable. He started the question at the mess, but the officers, though incorrigible profligates, were equally inexorable in their theories of virtue. If their wives they said, were not faithful, they could shoot them through the head. "But," said Lovell, "suppose they become disagreeable." "Oh," said the Colonel, "there are plenty of agreeable women, for that matter;" upon which they all laughed.

Lovell went home, much more ruffled than became a demon of his vivacity; but his earthy nature clogged him, and he began to wish himself heartily rid of it. He sat down opposite his wife, and though he had a grudge against Milton for what he called his truckings about Pandemonium, could not help repeating after him,

Oh shame to men! Devil with devil damned
Firm concord hold, men only disagree.

The lady did not at all relish this apostrophe; but she had been unexpectedly softened by his coming home so soon; and asking him to read a little to her out of that "truly divine poet," she went to the book-case and took down a volume of him, intending (we must own) that he should shame himself with reading the conjugal loves of Adam and Eve. Unluckily, she happened to hit upon one of his prayers instead of poetical works; and what was more unlucky, the Captain, opening it at random, hit upon a passage in his Doctrine and Discipline of Divorce, where in spite of his divinity, he says that the best grounds are for separation, ill temper and other vices of antipathy. After sitting dumb with astonishment at hearing such a quotation from Milton (which the Captain maliciously shewed her, to convince her eyes) the lady ended a long and vehement dispute by charging him with wishing to corrupt her virtue. There had been little peace before. There was now an uninterrupted cannonade of hard words. The gentleman was "the most wonderful, the most amazing, the very meanest of mankind;—she was astonished at him—she was overwhelmed;—she—in short, for the first time in her life, she wanted words." On the other hand, the lady was "the most provoking of women for eternally beginning the question, to indulge her own silly mistakes, cursed ill humours, spleen, vanity, envy, hatred, and malice, and all uncharitableness."

The Captain not having been used to this sort of torture in the other world, had much the worst of it. His wife could talk, though she said nothing. She also piqued herself more than ever upon her "virtue," whereas he had nothing to boast on that score. By degrees, he neglected his affairs, and grew melancholy and slovenly. His creditors came upon him; but the lady would not go out of the house, because she said he did it on purpose to get rid of her. At length he sold his commission, and absconded.

Our hero looked hard at every person he met in black, hoping that he brought him the summons to return to hell; but he was disappointed. He was therefore obliged to content himself with hiding from his creditors; for though he had lived so long in the infernal regions, he could not bear the idea of bailiffs and lock-up houses. One day, being hot pressed with the pursuit, he made known the earthly part of his history to a countryman. The peasant, in spite of his deaf wife's objections, who saw she knew but half the secret, concealed him faithfully; and the Captain in return, undertook to make his fortune. The rustic laughed at this. "Nay, nay, Master Lovell," said he, "there's no making a silk purse of sow's ear. I judge I beeze better able to make fortunes nor you; and God he knows, I'm as poor as Job; and for that matter," added he, winking towards his wife, "as patient too; eh, Captain?" Belphegor (for so we shall again call him) did not so much relish this sally, for obvious reasons; not to mention that his natural pride as a devil, began to return upon him from a comparison with mortals. However he adhered to his promise. He therefore disclosed his real quality to the terrified countryman, whom he had much ado to encourage. A good deal of ale, and some toasts given to the church (which made the man think him too good natured a devil, considering the tithes) succeeded in reassuring him. Our hero undertook to go to the continent, and possess a German prince, whom the former was to follow and cure. The latter gave out, that in consequence of some experiments with dogs, he had found a marvellous remedy for disorders connected with phrensy; and as a previous step, Belphegor pitched himself into a censorious old lady in the village, who began talking of the farmer with such extraordinary fondness, that it was thought better to send for him in his new capacity. He came accordingly, and wrought a cure which was reckoned the more surprising, inasmuch as the old lady, from that day forward, became extremely charitable in her discourse. On the day of the cure, Belphegor crossed sea, and pitched himself into the German prince. His Majesty was taken with a very odd fancy. He was a huge, fat man, very profligate; and yet fell into long discourses on his exceeding thinness and integrity. Nothing relieved him so much as making him presents of shoes and gloves too small for him, measuring waists to see which was the larger, and making bold to say, that, if any thing, he was somewhat too slender and unsizable for a man. He had already been seized with a notion, that his wife (a sort of harum-scarum, but excellent-hearted person) was not as genteel and virtuous as himself; and for this Belphegor had a pique against him, both on account of the mistake, and of the man's making it so ridiculous. He accordingly entered him in all triumph, and rendered his behaviour so exceedingly fantastic and absurd, that his very courtiers were ready to die with laughter.

The rustic doctor, as he anticipated, was sent for. His fame had spread rapidly by means of the newspapers; and his second cure, being upon a prince's understanding, of course outdid in reputation his first. His method electrified the physicians. He merely approached the royal ear; whispered something in it which nobody heard; and the evil spirit departed. His words were these:—"Captain, I am come to remember your promise."—"I do," answered the spirit; "and to make you still richer, I shall go and possess the Czar of Muscovy, who undertakes to be a moral fop, and is my aversion." "Good," said the peasant, who was growing rich with prosperity; "but have a care, my dear Captain, that you don't bell'an any of your theories, as you calls 'em, or you'll never get at 'us."

Now the reader must know, that our hero, besides the pride abovementioned, had a vice in him more befitting in practice, if not in the theory, a good orthodox Christian; which was revenge. Besides, his temper had been embittered by his earthly sojourn. He therefore descended to be piqued with the farmer's airs of superiority; he was also annoyed by the sight of a happiness which he could not taste; and he determined upon ruining the poor dolt. The Czar of Muscovy doated at such an extravagant rate, that the famous English doctor was sent for with all speed. He came, dressed in the extremity of the medical fashion, humming and hawing with great pomposity. Belphegor chuckled at the sight. The farmer whispered as usual; but what was his astonishment, when the Czar read him a grave lecture on his presumption! He entreated his dear Captain, his excellent Mr. Lovell, his kind good master, &c. &c. all to no purpose. Belphegor would not move, and the Czar went on, making both himself and the mock-doctor ridiculous. The poor peasant, whom despair rendered ingenious, remembered hearing from the village pulpit, that the devil could not abide the presence of a clergyman. He requested that four priests might be sent for. They were, and mass performed to boot, after the fashion of the Greek Church; but Belphegor was inexorable. He even made the Czar fall a laughing, to His Majesty's own exceeding terror. The farmer was now giving himself up for lost, when a buffoon came bursting through the crowd, mimicking the poor doctor's manner so irresistibly, that the assembled thousands could not refrain from bursting into shouts of laughter and approbation. "What the devil's that?" said Belphegor. "Oh my dear Captain," answered the peasant, "there is your wife coming in search of you."—At these words, Belphegor, without waiting even to kick the Czar and the Doctor, leaped out of the royal person, and in the teeth of his instructions to the contrary, made the best of his way to hell.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We do not think "SOPHIA" is happy in her reply to "AMELIA"

Mr. EVANS' "*Address to the Farmers of Canada,*" we are reluctantly compelled to defer publishing till to-morrow.

Morning Courier.

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, DEC. 29, 1836.

Latest Dates.

London	Oct.	24
Liverpool	Do.	25
Paris	Do.	15
Havre	Do.	15
New York	Dec.	22

The *New York Express*, of Thursday, under the head of City News, says:—

"During almost all this day, the wind being fair, we have been expecting a packet ship, but in the afternoon the wind veered round to the north-west, and almost every thing in sight was blown off. The weather is cold, and we have quite a severe touch of winter, but as yet no snow, though there is snow far south of us, and good sleighing up the River. It is now hoped that the packet ships of the latest dates expected would arrive about the same time, so that whatever news having any effect on the Money or Cotton market coming by the first, may be counteracted, or be well understood by the last."

We expect that the following Circular from the Colonial Office, which was sent down to the Assembly of Upper Canada, on the 19th instant, will stand in the way of some of the banking schemes that have been mooted there. But what avails shutting the door after the steed is stolen? Witness the Currency Bill of last Session.

DOWNING STREET, *Aug.* 31, 1836.

SIR,—The particular attention of His Majesty's Government, has been called to measures adopted by various Colonial Legislatures, for revising and altering the rates at which different coins should pass current, and be a legal tender, with reference to local monies of account.

These regulations have obviously, considerable influence upon the transactions of those departments which are concerned in the collection of duties imposed by Acts of Parliament, more especially upon transactions of the Military Chest, and as material inconvenience has already been experienced in these respects, it is desirable to adopt such measures as may prevent the recurrence of such inconvenience, and thereby avoid the necessity of revoking such enactments, as may be deemed objectionable, after they shall have been promulgated, and carried into effect.

With this view, I have to desire, that you will not permit any Act or ordinance, or proclamation, or regulation, to come into operation, in the Colony under your Government, relating to the local Currency, and circulating medium; or to the rates at which coins should pass current, or be a legal tender, or to the circulation of Promissory Notes, or other papers, either by the local Government, or by any Corporate bodies, or individuals, without having first received His Majesty's sanction conveyed to you, by the Secretary of State. I have, &c.

GLENELG.

A true Copy.
J. JOSEPH.
Lieut. Governor, Sir F. B. Head, K. C. H.

Dr. JOHN ROLPH's speech, in support of Mr. NORTON's Bill for the appropriation of the Clergy Reserves for educational purposes, though eloquent and distinguished by other merits, is too long for any thing. The Doctor is apparently fond of citing authorities; one good reason on the subject is worth a dozen such. This bowing to the opinions of men of former generations, we thought, had got pretty much out of fashion.

The New York Emigrant, in alluding to the current report, that within the last few weeks, no fewer than ten thousand Emigrants have taken passage from the Port of New York alone, on their return to Great Britain, or to Ireland, thus attempts to account for this unusual reflux:—

"Whether the prospect of an American winter such as is so fresh in every recollection, and which has been probably depicted in every hue and form that heated imagination could call up, whether the contemplation of the unexampled prices demanded for every sumptuary article in the markets, and which in truth, far exceed those of the most densely populated cities in Europe, or whether they have been determined to give the most practical refutation that could be given, to the calumnious inuendoes that have been made respecting emigrant paupers, it is impossible to say. It is probably from a combination of these causes, in different degrees, to which it may not be a very straining supposition to add, some lurking desire to see again the dear haunts of childhood, or to commiserate once more with the friends whose hearts beat in unison with their own."

We believe that vast numbers of mechanics and labourers from Europe were tempted to visit New York last summer, from the prospect of very high wages being obtained in consequence of last year's conflagration, and with no intention of making it their permanent place of residence. With a little care they could save as much of their earnings during the summer months, as cover their expenses out and home, and still leave a balance in their favour from their speculative trip.

We give our readers this morning "the renowned tale of Belphegor," as Mr. DUNLOP justly calls it. It came originally from a Latin manuscript, and has been told in various ways by the Italian novelist BRETTO, by the famous MACHIAVELLI, by LA FONTAINE, and many of the old English Dramatists.—We suppressed many passages not important to the piquancy of the satire, and which we conceived somewhat objectionable. We are sure our fair readers will not take any offence at the story; indeed we expect on the contrary that all amiable women, and good wives in particular, will be pleased and amused.—To the fastidious we would quote a translation of two lines from ARIOSTO's preface to a story in the Orlando—

"Ladies, and you who hold the ladies dear,
I prithee, take no notice of this story."

In a few days we shall make the *amende* by giving an article on the "inducements to marriage, and instances of conjugal affection."

We understand that the Free Chapel will be well lighted and heated tonight, and expect Dr. BARBER's lecture on Elocution will be very interesting.

The number of handsome shops in town, has been encreased by the opening of a splendid establishment at the corner of the Place d'Armes and Notre Dame Street, by Messrs. CARTER & M'DONALD, Druggists.

It was piercingly cold yesterday. In the morning, the Thermometer ranged about 16 degrees below zero.

There was crossing in Cariole at Long Point yesterday.

We see it reported that the money, supposed to be $108,000, which was recently stolen from the Utica Bank, has been recovered. It was found, it is said, in the possession of a person in Albany, whose arrest was effected through information derived from a female. The report needs confirmation.

A Bill has been introduced in the Pennsylvania Legislature for printing the laws of that State in German. It is supposed that it will pass.

As a proof of the depreciation of landed property it is averred, that a man, "down east," gave another a dollar an acre to take a township the other day, and threw in two mountains, four rivers, six ponds, and ten swamps!!

The following *cutting* pun was perpetrated last week:—A facetious gentleman was met by a friend in the street, who remarked, "I have just cut Mr. ——." "Have you," said he, "I did not think you were such a *sharp blade*."

Extract of a letter from an enterprising and influential Gentleman in Upper Canada, dated 24th November, 1836.

"I feel highly gratified with my exploring trip, and the plan of connecting Lake Huron with the ocean is not only practicable, but very easy; and if it should be made a Ship Canal, it will do more to cement the connection between these Colonies and the Mother Country, by assuming the command of the great Lakes, than any measure which has been brought forward."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER

SIR,—I make the preceding extract for the information of the public, but more particularly for the commercial portion. I indulge the hope that it may awaken, to the great business of internal improvement, a few minds that now are slumbering; though the noise and clangor of gigantic public works throughout the United States render it wonderful how any mind in this Colony can sleep over the subject. I shall be happy if the publication of the extract should be the cause of three or more gentlemen undertaking themselves for the purpose of arousing the country from the leaden sleep in which it is sunk. An apathy and a torpor envelope this land, which, in truth, should make the cheeks of Englishmen, Scotchmen and Irishmen, tingle with shame. Nature has placed us in a position which enables us to dictate to the trade of this continent; if with the intelligence of Britons, we should determine on action, the energy and the spirit of Britons would bring the commerce of the vast lakes captive to our feet. To the merchants of Montreal, I would say, "call a public meeting—let all the town attend, for all are interested, and there exhibit before your fellow-citizens a picture of future prosperity, which to secure, needs merely a bold hand and an energetic spirit." If this public spirit can be once aroused, all will be right; Montreal will then go a-head as fast as any city of the adjoining Republic. I have heard the observation repeatedly, that "there is no use of starting any project here, unless some half dozen Mr. Somebody's place themselves at its head;" if this observation be true the Merchants of Montreal must be a far less intelligent body of men than I take them for. Some men, it is true, have more capital than others, but I have yet to learn that mere capital entitles a man to precedence. Intelligence, I admit, and I will make way for that—capital it will make its own way; and if the aforesaid half dozen Somebody's are really the most intelligent, they should be at the head of this project; but, nevertheless, there must be more "Somebody's" in Montreal than six, and I hope that the extract I now send you will spur them out, and if the old Somebody's won't do, why they must be made Nobody's of. You obedient servant,

Eco

Montreal, Dec. 28, 1836.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER

SIR,—If your correspondent, "AN AMATEUR" will make his first move in *No. 2*—

White R to adv's K's R's 2d square,

The rest will all appear plain enough to him.

In his solution of *No. 3*, he might have saved type by saying (what any one would realize on receiving) that after the White's first move the game was decided.

This position from the *Club* is simplicity itself; and I am certain is not what it was intended to be.

Dec. 29. A MEMBER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER

SIR,—I shall be glad to see a list of the subscribers to the fund for the House of Industry and also a list of the amount subscribed by each individual.

I will not disguise my motive: it is to obtain how much has been obtained from the French Canadians. Your obedient servant,

QUIZ

Dec. 29, 1836.

House of Industry
Dec. 26, 1836.

Admissions for week ending this day:—

Men	19	Irish	27
Women	8	Scotch	10
Boys	11	English	3
Girls	7	Canadian	3
Infants	4	German	1
	49		49

J. H. MAITLAND.
On behalf of Com. of Admission.

The Superintendent of the House of Industry acknowledges receipt of two chests of old clothes from Messrs. J. Torrance & Co. value £12 10s. together with a note of £12 10s. making £25, from Mrs. M'Donell Poudrier, by the hands of two friends of the Institution.

Lower Canada

Yesterday and to-day we have had the third easterly snow storm within the last ten days, and it has twice rained hard. The Thermometer has been two below zero, and 48 degrees above it. The depth of snow on the 16th instant was not above two or three inches. It is now upwards of two feet.—*Quebec Gazette.*

On Saturday night about twelve o'clock, one of the patrolers on the Upper Town Market Place, Barnard Mullen, was struck on the head with a bludgeon by two persons who were committed. The man continues ill of the wound he received.—*Ib.*

Commercial.

United States Markets.

CINCINNATI MARKET, Dec. 13.

PORK.—The market has become settled at from $6.25 @ $6.50, according to size. The market may be said to be well supplied.

LARD.—Holders are asking 12 cents, but meet with few purchasers at that price. We have only heard of but one large sale at that rate.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Dec. 20.

FLOUR.—We continue to quote sour fresh wagon $9 50; stores $9.75 @ $10 nominal.

WAGON PORK.—Owing to competition among the buyers, the wagon price of Pork went up to $7.70 at the latter part of last week; yesterday several dealers declined buying, and the price fell again to $7 50 @ $7.62½ for best lots—inferior $7 @ $7.50.

BALTIMORE MARKET, Dec. 20.

FLOUR.—Howard Street remains as last quoted, without change, and very little doing. City Mills continues dull and is held at $6. We have heard of no sales.

GRAIN.—A few sales of Maryland Wheat have been made at $2 for strictly prime; other qualities range from $1.50 @ $1.90. Rye Maryland $1.20 @ $1.25. Corn has advanced a trifle; sales of new yellow at 75 @ 78, as to condition; new white, 73 @ 75 cents; old Corn is scarce. Oats, 46 @ 48 cents.

BIRTHS.

At Toronto, on the 14th instant, Mrs. D. Cramford, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On the 24 instant, by the Rev Mr. Stewart, Mr. Samuel Lee, to Miss Jane Taylor.

DIED.

At Belleville, on the 18th instant, Stephen Benson, Esq. aged 64.

LECTURE ON ELOCUTION.

DR. BARBER will LECTURE THIS EVENING, on ELOCUTION, in the FREE CHAPEL, at HALF PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK. Admittance 7½. 237
December 29.

EXCHANGE on ENGLAND, for sale at the Office of the AGRICULTURAL and St. HYACINTHE BANK AGENCIES, 116, *St. Paul Street.* 237
Dec. 29.

THE AGENCY for the "PEOPLE'S BANK" of Upper Canada, will be transacted at the Office of the AGRICULTURAL and St. HYACINTHE BANK AGENCIES, 116, *St. Paul Street.* 237
Dec. 29

Auction Sales.

BY CUVILLIER & SONS.
THIS DAY.
CHOICE BOTTLED WINES, &c. &c.

T Messrs. R. F. MAITLAND & Co.'s WINE VAULTS, will be Sold, on THURSDAY, the 29th inst,

☞ Sale at HALF-PAST-ELEVEN o'clock.

00 doz very superior old Port, Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe and Vidonia,
10 doz rich Tinta Madeira,
10 do do Constantia,
46 do first quality Champaigne,
60 do first growth Clarets,
30 do superior Hocks,
10 do do Barsac,
12 do old Hermitage,
24 do Vin de Rivesaltes Mo
10 do Liqueurs.

—ALSO,—

1 hhd superior Brown Sherry per butt,
1 hhd curious Brown do
4 qr casks very fine E. I. Ma
do rich old Port,
octaves first quality L. P. Te
cases Scheidam,
doz old French Brandy,
jars Grapes,
cases London Jams,

Particulars of the age, descriptions, and qualities of the Wines, will be made known by print. circulars.

CUVILLIER & SONS.

& W. ROY have received, per late arrivals, a fresh supply of Table Linen, in Cloths and Pieces, with Napkins to match; Table Covers, Sheetings, Linen Bed Tick, Irish Linens, Lawns, Diapers, Threads, &c.

—ALSO,—

A general assortment of SCOTCH and ENGLISH GOODS, suitable to the season, which will be sold at their usual low prices.

Place d'Armes, Oct. 31, 1836.

FOR SALE.—A grand piano made of *German Walnut*, very best description. To be seen at HART'S, PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTORY, *St. Louis Suburbs*, nearly opposite the Hôtel Dieu.
Dec. 12.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers,
200 brls North Shore Herrings,
60 do St. George's Bay do
96 do Mackerel, No. 1
60 do do No. 3
10 do Shad
200 do Green Codfish
3 do Cod Sounds
4 do Halibut
150 cwt Dry Table Codfish
300 do Midling Size do
20 brls Seal Oil
25 do Cod do
12 do Blubber do
40 puncheons Jamaica Rum
20 do Leeward Island do
25 qr casks Peppermint
12 do Sherry
75 do White Wine Vinegar

Cognac Brandy, Martell, Otard, Dupuy's and other brands, in pipes, hogsheads and quarter casks, Geneva, in pipes and hogsheads do in cases, Bischburn East India Porter in hhds and qr. casks, (imported by the subscribers), &c. do in pipes, L. P. Madeira, old hhds (Bruno's brand,) Port, Common Sherry, Wines, London Porter, in casks of 3 and 4 dozen each, Refined Sugars, Muscovado do, Indigo, Starch, Soap, Candles, Spanish Brown Paints, assorted sizes &c.

—ALSO,—

100 baskets superior Champagne, part and pint bottles, of the well known and the Harp brands, with their usual assortment of Sherry, Madeira, Hock, Sauterne, Hermitage and Claret Wines, in bottles.

LAROCQUE, BERNARD & Co.
Dec. 19. 229

FOR SALE:—
1200 brls Upper Canada Flour
400 do and half brls Pork
500 do do Beef
400 kegs Upper Canada Butter, packed for family use
10 brls Lard
10 do Pot Barley
250 do Pot and Pearl Ashes

—AND,—

500 sides Sole Leather
200 do Upper
100 do Harness
100 dozen Kip Skins
50 do Calf Skins

—ALSO,—

An extensive assortment of Manufactured DRY GOODS.

WILLIAM
Dec. 21.

FOR SALE:—
250 boxes Valentia Raisins
50 casks do
20 do Prunes
10 carroteen Currants
5 cases Epsom Salts
50 boxes Starch.

BEGLY, KNOX & Co.
Dec. 3, 1836. 216

FOR SALE:—
5000 bushels Liverpool Salt
150 sacks Fine do
450 cwt. Dry Codfish
250 brls Pickled do
300 do Mackerel, No. 2 and 3
250 do N. Shore Herrings, No. 1 & 2
150 half brls do
30 brls Sea Bass, No. 1
225 boxes Digby Herrings
40 casks Pale, Seal and Cod Oil

—ALSO,—

100 kegs and tennets Table Butter
16 hampers Gloster and Fine Auch Cheese
250 brls and half brls Superfine Flour
45 brls Mess, Prime and Prime Pork
With their usual assortment of Wines and Groceries.

W. M. B. PR
Dec. 19.

FRESH FRUIT, &c. Figs, bags Raisins in boxes, half boxes, in jars at 1s. 2d. per lb., or by the single lb. at 6d.; Soft Shell Almonds in bags of 50 lbs. at 9d. or by the single lb. at 10d.; superior Raisins in casks at 5d. or by the single lb. at 6d.; Leaf Sugar 8½d. by the loaf; *Lemin & Co's Port Wine; Newton, Garden & Co's Madeira*; with a variety of other Wines in wood and bottle; London Porter in bottle.

—ALSO,—

Various kinds of Teas, &c. &c.

C. FARQUHAR & Co.
64, Notre Dame Street.
Entrance to the Stores opposite King, Cossman & Co.
Dec. 29. 236a

Auction S

BY A. LAFRAM
THIS DA

TOYS, PORCELAIN F
&c.—At the Stores
BERNARD & Co., will be
DAY next, the 29th instant,
the contents of THREE CA
elegant assortment of Porce
and Toys, of all descriptions
worthy the attention of Tr
line of business.

☞ Sale at ELEVEN
236 ALEXIS L

For the purpose of filling a v
mittee of Management. Th
ken at NOON, and the Ba
ONE o'clock, P. M.

By order,
CHAS. H
Dec. 23.

MONTREAL & QU
GREEN STAG

Fare Four D

THE Subscribers, grate
in the
Tray
Table S
Tiro
A-
ance
post
wardes
bec,
T. MARIOTTE, Dorch
J. PERRAULT, Montre
Montreal, Nov. 28.

A TEMPERA
WILL take place on
ING, the 3d JAN
LONG-ROOM, MANSIO
menced at HALF PAST
Addresses, Singing, Decor
appropriate. Coffee, Cake
served round, about EIGH
Tickets, 2s. 6d.; and Doubl
to be had of Messrs. M'L
Booksellers.
December 27.

SHOOTING N

TO THE FASHIO
Ladies' and Gentle
Cutting and Dre
M'GILL STREET,
W. H. CLIFFORD t
of informing the
men of Montreal and its vic
gaged a young man of Ar
above branches, and from
London, he will ensure the
Ladies' French and Doub
Braids, long Bands, plain
sets, Ringlets, Puffs, T
Gentlemen's Dress W
Dec. 27.

2000 Superior
Sale by
WILLI
Dec. 27.

FOUR GENTLEMEN
dated with BOARD
the house of a respectable
there are no children. Eve
paid to make them comfort
be required. Apply at th
Dec. 20.

Public Record Office Reference C.O. 47/42
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od, or to communicate once more with
ends whose hearts beat in unison with
wn."

believe that vast numbers of mechanics
bourers from Europe were tempted to
New York last summer, from the pros-
f very high wages being obtained in
quence of last year's conflagration, and
o intention of making it their perma-
lace of residence. With a little care
ould save as much of their earnings
the summer months, as cover their
es out and home, and still leave a
e in their fa[redacted]

is no use of starting any project here, unless some half dozen Mr. Somebody's place themselves at its head;" if this observation be true, the Merchants of Montreal must be a far less intelligent body of men than I take them for. Some men, it is true, have more capital than others, but I have yet to learn that mere capital entitles a man to precedence. Intelligence does, I admit, and I will make way for that,—indeed it will make its own way; and if the aforesaid half dozen Somebody's are really the most intelligent, they should be at the head of my project; but, nevertheless, there must be more [redacted]mebody's" in Montreal than six, and I shall [redacted]hat the extract I now send you will bring [redacted]t, and if the old Somebody's wont act, [redacted]ey must be made Nobody's of. Your [redacted]t servant,

Eco.

[redacted]treal, Dec. 28, 1836.

[redacted] THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

[redacted]—If your correspondent, "AN AMATEUR," [redacted] will make his first move in *No. 2*—

White R to adv's K's R's 2d square,

The rest will all appear plain enough to *him*.

In his solution of *No. 3*, he might have saved type by saying (what any one would readily perceive) that after the White's first move the game was decided.

This position from the *Club*, is simplicity itself; and I am certain is not what it was intended to be.

A MEMBER.

Dec. 29.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER.

SIR,—I shall be glad to see a list of the Sub[redacted]ers to the fund for the House of Industry, [redacted]o a list of the amount subscribed by each [redacted]ual.

[redacted]ll not disguise my motive: it is to ascer[redacted]ow much has been obtained from the [redacted] Canadians. Your obedient servant,

QUER[redacted]

[redacted].29, 1836.

House of Industry,
Dec. 26, 1836.

Admissions for week ending this day:—

Men	19	Irish	27
Women	8	Scotch	10
Boys	11	English	8
Girls	7	Canadian	3
Infants	4	German	1
	49		49

J. H. MAITLAND.
On behalf of Com. of Admission.

The Superintendent of the House of Indu[redacted]try acknowledges receipt of two chests of old clothes from Messrs. J. Torrance & Co., and £12 10s. together with a note of £12 10s., making £25, from Mrs. M'Donell Poudrier, by [redacted]nds of two friends of the Institution.

Lower Canada

[redacted]terday and to-day we have had the third [redacted]y snow storm within the last ten days, [redacted] has twice rained hard. The Thermometer [redacted]en two below zero, and 48 degrees above [redacted]he depth of snow on the 16th instant was [redacted]ove two or three inches. It is now upwards [redacted] feet.—*Quebec Gazette.*

[redacted] Saturday night about twelve o'clock, one [redacted] the patrolos on the Upper Town Market Place, Barnard Mullen, was struck on the head with a bludgeon by two persons who were committed. The man continues ill of the wounds he received.—*Ib.*

Commercial.

United States Markets.

CINCINNATI MARKET, DEC. 13.

PORK.—The market has become settled at from $8.25 @ $8.50, according to size. The market may be said to be well supplied.

LARD.—Holders are asking 12 cents, but meet with few purchasers at that price. We have only heard of but one large sale at that rate.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, DEC. 20.

[redacted]ORK.—We continue to quote sour from [redacted]s $8 50; stores $8.75 @ $10 cash.

[redacted]NDIAN PORK.—Owing to competition amongst [redacted]uyers, the wagon price of Pork went up to [redacted] at the latter part of last week; yesterday [redacted]al dealers declined buying, and the price [redacted]gain to $7 50 @ $7,62½ for best lots.—[redacted] $7 @ $7.50.

BALTIMORE MARKET, DEC. 20.

FLOUR.—Howard Street remains as last quoted, without change, and very little doing. City Mills continues dull and is held at $[redacted]. We have heard of no sales.

GRAIN.—A few sales of Maryland Wheat have been made at $2 for strictly prime; other qualities range from $1.87 @ $1.95. Rye, Maryland, $1.20 @ $1.25. Corn has advanced in price, sales of new yellow at 75 @ 78, as in condition; new white, 73 @ 78 cents; old Corn is scarce. Oats, 46 @ 48 cents.

BIRTHS.

At Toronto, on the 14th instant, Mrs. D. Crawford, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

[redacted] the 24 instant, by the Rev Mr. Stewart, [redacted]amuel Lee, to Miss Jane Taylor.

DIED.

[redacted] Belleville, on the 16th instant, Stephen [redacted]n, Esq. aged 64.

[redacted]ECTURE ON ELOCUTION.

[redacted]R. BARBER will LECTURE THIS [redacted] EVENING, on ELOCUTION, in the [redacted]E CHAPEL, at HALF PAST SEVEN [redacted]OCLOCK. Admittance 7½d. 237

December 29.

EXCHANGE on ENGLAND, for Sale at the Office of the AGRICULTURAL and St. HYACINTHE BANK AGENCIES, 116, *St. Paul Street.* 237

Dec. 29.

THE AGENCY for the "PEOPLES BANK" of Upper Canada, will be transacted at the Office of the AGRICULTURAL and St. HYACINTHE BANK AGENCIES, 116, *St. Paul Street.* 237

Dec. 29

Auction Sales.

BY CUVILLIER & SONS.

THIS DAY.

CHOICE BOTTLED WINES, &c. &c.

AT Messrs. R. F. MAITLAND & Co.'s WINE VAULTS, will be Sold, on THURSDAY, the 29th inst.

☞ Sale at HALF-PAST ELEVEN o'clock.

400 doz very superior old Port, Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe and Vidonia,
10 doz rich Tinta Madeira,
10 do do Constantia,
46 do first quality Champaigne,
40 do first growth Claret,
30 do superior Hocks,
10 do do Barsac,
12 do old Hermitage,
24 do Vin de Rivesaltes Mousseaux Doux,
10 do Liqueurs.

—ALSO,—

1 hhd superior Brown Sherry, cost £87 strg. per butt,
1 hhd curious Brown do cost £100 do do.
4 qr casks very fine E. I. Madeira,
9 do rich old Port,
12 octaves first quality L. P. Teneriffe,
20 cases Scheidam,
30 doz old French Brandy,
16 jars Grapes,
2 cases London Jams.

Particulars of the age, descriptions, and qualities of the Wines, will be made known by printed circulars.

236 CUVILLIER & SONS.

J. & W. ROY have received, per late arrivals, a fresh supply of Table Linen, in Cloths and Pieces, with Napkins to match; Table Covers, Sheetings, Linen Bed Tick, Irish Linens, Lawns, Diapers, Threads, &c.

—ALSO,—

A general assortment of SCOTCH and ENGLISH GOODS, suitable to the season, which will be sold at their usual low prices.

Place d'Armes, Oct. 31, 1836. 187.tuths

FOR SALE.—A grand PIANO-FORTE, made of *German Walnut*, warranted the very best description. To be seen at Mr. REINHART'S, PIANO-FORTE MAKER, *St. Louis-street, St. Louis Suburbs*, nearly opposite Mrs. SEE-ROUS.

Dec. 12. 223.tuths

FOR SALE by the Subscribers:—

200 brls North Shore Herrings, No. 1
60 do St. George's Bay do
86 do Mackerel, No. 1
60 do do No. 3
10 do Shad
200 do Green Codfish
3 do Cod Sounds
4 do Halibut
150 cwt Dry Table Codfish
300 do Middling Size do
20 brls Seal Oil
25 do C-d do
12 do Blubber do
40 puns Jamaica Rum
20 do Leeward Island do
25 qr casks Peppermint
12 do Shrub
75 do White Wine Vinegar

Cognac Brandy, Martell, Otard, Dupuy's and other brands, in pipes, hogsheads and quarter casks, Geneva, in pipes and hogsheads, do in cases, Blackburn East India Madeira, in pipes, hhds and qr. casks, (imported in 1833.) Offerings, &c do in pipes, L. P. Teneriffe, in pipes and hhds (Bruce's brand,) Port, Benecarlo and Common Sherry Wines, London Porter, Leith Ale, in casks of 3 and 4 dozen each, Muscovado and Refined Sugars, Muscatel Raisins, Coffee, Indigo, Starch, Soap, Candles, White, Green and Spanish Brown Paints, Window Glass, assorted sizes &c.

—ALSO,—

100 baskets superior Champaigne Wines, in quart and pint bottles, of the well known Anchor and the Harp brands, with their usual assortment of Sherry, Madeira, Hock, Sautern, Hermitage and Claret Wines, in bottles.

LAROCQUE, BERNARD & Co.

Dec. 19. 229

FOR SALE:—

1200 brls Upper Canada Flour
400 do and half brls Pork
500 do do Beef
400 kegs Upper Canada Butter, packed for family use
10 brls Lard
10 do Pot Barley
250 do Pot and Pearl Ashes

—AND,—

500 sides Sole } Leather
200 do Upper }
100 do Harness }
100 doz Kip Skins
50 do Calf Skins

—ALSO,—

An extensive assortment of Seasonable British Manufactured DRY GOODS.

WILLIAM BRADBURY.

Dec. 21. 230.u.tuths

FOR SALE:—

250 boxes Valentia Raisins
50 casks do do
20 do Prunes
10 carrotees Currants
5 cases Epsom Salts
50 boxes Starch.

BEGLY, KNOX & Co.

Dec. 3, 1836. 216

FOR SALE:—

5000 bushels Liverpool Salt
150 sacks Fine do
450 cwt. Dry Codfish
250 brls Pickled do
300 do Mackerel, No. 2 and 3
250 do N. Shore Herrings, No. 1 & 2
150 half brls Do
30 brls Sea Bass, No. 1
225 boxes Digby Herrings
40 casks Pale, Seal and Cod Oil

—ALSO,—

100 kegs and tennets Table Butter
16 hampers Gloster and Pine Apple Cheese
250 brls and half brls Fine and Middling Flour
45 brls Mess, Prime Mess and Prime Pork

With their usual assortment of Spirits, Wines and Groceries.

WM. S. PHILLIPS & Co.

Dec. 19. 229.6m

FRESH FRUIT, &c. FOR SALE.—Malaga Raisins in boxes, half and qr. of Grapes in jars at 1s. 3d. ℔ lb., or by the single lb. at 1s. 6d.; Soft Shell Almonds in bags of 50 lbs. at 9d. or by the single lb. at 10d.; superior Raisins in casks at 3d. or by the single lb. at 4d.; Loaf Sugar 8½d. by the loaf; *Lewis & Co's Port Wine; Newton, Gordon & Co's Madeira*; with a variety of other Wines in wood and bottle; London Porter in bottle.

—ALSO,—

Various kinds of Teas, &c. &c.

C. FARQUHAR & Co.
64, *Notre Dame Street.*

Entrance to the Stores opposite King, Cossmacke & Co.

Dec. 20. 230.o

Auction Sales.

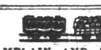
BY A. LAFRAMBOISE.

THIS DAY.

TOYS, PORCELAIN FLOWER VASES, &c.—At the Stores of LAROCQUE, BERNARD & Co., will be Sold on THURSDAY next, the 29th instant, *in one single lot*, the contents of THREE CASES, comprising an elegant assortment of Porcelain Flower Vases and Toys, of all descriptions.—The whole well worthy the attention of Trades-people in that line of business.

☞ Sale at ELEVEN o'clock, A. M.

236 ALEXIS LAFRAMBOISE.



CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a SPECIAL MEETING of the STOCKHOLDERS in the CHAMPLAIN and ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Company's Office, *Commissioner Street*, on WEDNESDAY 11th January next, for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the Committee of Management. The Chair will be taken at NOON, and the Ballot Box closed at ONE o'clock, P. M.

By order,
CHAS. E. ANDERSON.

Dec. 23. 233

MONTREAL & QUEBEC DAILY

GREEN STAGE LINE.

Fare Four Dollars.

THE Subscribers, grateful for past favors, have done all in their power to give entire satisfaction to Travellers, by providing themselves with careful Drivers, good Horses, and new and comfortable Stages.

The Stage will leave both cities at 6 o'clock every morning (Sundays excepted), and meet the same evening at Three Rivers, where Mr. GAUNON will attend as Agent regularly at Ostrom's Hotel. Mr HANSON, at Berthier, will have the superintendance. Covered Carioles will be kept at each post for extras; and Parcels, &c., will be forwarded with care.

M. GAUVIN, Quebec, } *Proprietors*
T. MAGOTTE, Dorchambault }
J. PERRAULT, Montreal, *Agent.*

Montreal, Nov. 28. 212.tu

A TEMPERANCE SOIREE

WILL take place on TUESDAY EVENING, the 3d JANUARY next, in the LONG ROOM, MANSION-HOUSE, to commence at HALF-PAST SIX o'clock. The Addresses, Singing, Decorations, &c. will be appropriate. Coffee, Cakes, Fruit, &c. will be served round, about EIGHT o'clock. Single Tickets, 2s. 6d.; and Double Tickets, 3s. 9d.; to be had of Messrs. M'LEOD and GREIG, Booksellers.

December 27. 235

SHOOTING MATCH.

CHRISTMAS and New Year's Day falling this year on Sunday, there will be a SHOOTING MATCH the day succeeding each at the CANAL TAVERN, namely, on MONDAY the 26th December, and MONDAY the 2d January.

A number of fat Turkies and Geese, and twelve Figs, will be Shot at, or Rolled for on the Ten-pin Alley.

Rifles 130 yards—Smooth bores 100 yards.

GEORGE MUSSELBROOK.

Dec. 15. 226

TO THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fashionable Hair Cutting and Dressing Establishment,

M'GILL STREET, MONTREAL.

W. H. CLIFFORD takes this opportunity of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of Montreal and its vicinity, that he has engaged a young man of first-rate ability in the above branches, and from his experience in London, he will ensure their satisfaction.

Ladies' French and Double Grecian Plaits and Braids, long Bands, plain Fronts, English Frizets, Ringlets, Puffs, Ladies' long hair Wigs, Gentlemen's Dress Wigs and Scalps, of every description, on hand or made to order.

Ladies and Gentlemen attended at their own residences if required, at a moderate charge.—Families and Boarding Schools attended within five miles of the city.

English and Foreign Perfumery of every description and of superior quality, Hair Cloth, Tooth and Nail Brushes, with Combs, and a variety of other fancy articles.

Dec. 28. 236.1m

NEW GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT,

NOTRE DAME STREET.

THE Subscriber (late with Mr. ROBERT HICKS) respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above business in the new premises opposite Messrs. Gibb & Co., where he will have constantly on hand a choice assortment of the best articles in the trade, at the most reasonable prices, and hopes thereby to receive a share of public favor.

EDWARD HOWELL.

Montreal, Dec. 24, 1836. 234

JUST received, direct from Malaga, and for sale by the Subscribers:—

Muscatel Raisins, in boxes, half do and qr do
Bloom do do
Jordan Almonds, in small cases
Valencia do in bags

LEMESURIER, routh & Co.

Nov. 19. 204

JUST Landed and for Sale:—

300 brls Mackerel, No. 3
100 do North Shore Herrings, No. 1
80 do Sea Bass
1800 North West Beaffile Robes

VALLEE, BOYER & Co.

August 24. 129

MESS PORK.—Just received, and for sale, by the Subscriber.

Oct. 21. 179 H. STEPHENS.

2000 Superior CORN BROOMS for Sale by

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.

Dec. 27. 235

TOUR GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING, in the house of a respectable Widow Lady, where there are no children. Every attention will be paid to make them comfortable. References will be required. Apply at this office.

Dec. 20. 230.2w,w

For Sale.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at his Shop, in *Notre Dame Street*, CUVILLIER'S Buildings, next door to the Nunnery Gate, a splendid assortment of all kinds of TOYS, suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts to children, at most reasonable prices.

C. P. LEPROHON.

Dec. 6. 218.1m,mf

FOR SALE:—

100 brls Mustard, No. 2
90 do do No. 3
100 do North Shore Herrings
200 boxes Digby Herrings
200 quintals Dry Codfish
Cod, Seal, and Whale Oils, in brls

—ALSO,—

3 casks Honey

JOHN T. BADGLEY & Co.

Nov. 14, 1836. 199

R. F. MAITLAND & Co. offer for Sale the remainder of the cargo of the *Eliza*, direct, from Malaga—

40 bags Barcelona Nuts
40 jars Grapes
750 boxes Bunch Raisins
150 half do do
250 boxes Bloom do
120 kegs Lexia do
10 mats Soft Shelled Almonds
5 cases Jordon do
20 chest Lemons
30 baskets } Marseilles Oil
30 cases }
10 pipes } Superior Olive Oil.
16 hhds }

—ALSO,—

10 carrotels Currants
120 boxes Valentia Raisins
40 casks Chessni Red do.

Dec. 9. 221

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, *at low prices*:—

30 hhds. Loaf Sugar,
15 puns. Molasses,
30 puns. Demerara Rum,
35 do Jamaica do.
11 pipes } Superior Port Wine,
8 hhds }
25 pipes White Brandy,
8 pipes } best Cognac Brandy (Otard & Co.)
6 hhds }
20 hhds Pale do do (assorted brands)
7 pipes } Holland Gin, (Key brand,)
5 hhds }
15 pipes Hamburgh Gin,
100 casks Malaga Raisins,
50 boxes London Wax Wick Candles,
1 pun. Scotch Whiskey.

—ALSO,—

600 draughts Large Green Cod Fish,
50 do Small do do do
400 barrels do do do do
300 quintals Small Dry Cod do
80 do Large Table do do
25 casks Cod Oil,
17 do Blubber do.

CUVILLIER & SONS.

December 14. 2 15.5w,tuths

FOR SALE:—

50 tierces and barrels Salmon
100 barrels Green Codfish
400 do Herrings, No. 1
200 do Mackerel, No. 3
300 cwt. Dry Codfish
50 barrels Prime Mess and Prime Pork

—ALSO,—

50 pipes and hhds very superior Benecarlo Wine
10 pipes and 10 hhds Port Wine
25 hhds Hollands Gin
125 casks Nails, 3½ @ 3½d

JAMES LESLIE & Co.

Dec. 14. 225.tuths

FOR SALE by the Subscriber:—

300 chests Twankay Tea
30 hhds Refined Sugar
10 do Muscovado do
18 puns Demerara Rum
100 kegs Virginia Plug Tobacco, 6's
50 barrels Rosin.

H. STEPHENS.

July 1. 83

FOR SALE:—

IC and IX Tin Plates
Frying Pans
Canada Plates
Wheat Sacks, &c.

WILLIAM BAIN & Co.

Nov. 14. 199

JUST LANDED:—

50 boxes I. C. } Tin
75 do I. X. }
20 do I. X. W. } do
25 do D. C. & D. X. } do
200 do Canada Plates.

CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN.

Oct. 24. 181

A DOUBLE SLEIGH, of the most modern fashion, with or without Furs, late the property of Sir JOHN COLBORNE, for sale, by

T. THOMAS,
Fancy Store, Notre Dame Street.

Dec. 22. 232.f

FOR SALE, by GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & Co.:—

25 hhds Bright Muscovado Sugar.

Nov. 3. 190

LOCHFINE HERRINGS, warranted, for sale by

JAMES R. ORR,
St. Paul Street, corner of St. Jean Baptiste St.

Oct. 24. 180

FOR Sale by the Subscribers:—

200 quintals of BISCUIT, of excellent quality
20 dozen Superior Basil Skins

JOHN T. BADGLEY & Co.

Sept. 15. 148

RUSSIA BASS MATS, for Sale by

ROBERT FROSTE & Co.

Dec 24. 234

FOR SALE:—

20 baskets } assorted Superfine Liqueurs
5 cases }

LEMESURIER, routh & Co.

Dec. 26. 236

RIFLE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, an excellent Twisted Barrel RIFLE, complete with Shot Mould, Flask, Punch, &c., made by BAKER, of London. May be seen at the *Courier Office.*

Dec. 8. 220

FOR SALE, *ex Good Intent*, from Halifax:—

86 barrels Cod Oil
5 do Pale Seal do.

CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN.

Nov. 2. 189

THE Subscribers have for Sale:—

40 hhds Muscovado Sugar
200 puns Leeward Island Rum
50 do Jamaica

FORSYTH, RICHARDSON & Co.

Dec. 8. 198.1m

For Sale.

J. H. HOWELL, grateful to his friends and to the public, for their favour to him in business through the past year, begs leave to inform them that he has OPENED his NEW STORE, opposite WILLIAM BRADBURY, Esq's. Notre Dame Street, where he will constantly keep a general assortment of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, which he will dispose of at very moderate terms.

Montreal, Dec. 19, 1836. 229.1m,mf

THE undersigned offer for Sale, the CARGO of the *Roseland*, direct from Canton, consisting of the following description of TEAS, all fresh, and of a superior quality:—

Hyson, in boxes,
Young Hyson, in chests, half chests, and catty boxes,
Twankay, in do do do
Hyson Skin, in do do do
Pekoe, in half chests,
Pouchong, in do,
Souchong, in do,
Congou, in do,

And remaining of the *Britannia's* Cargo, well known to the trade:—

80 chests and boxes of Imperial and Gunpowder.
250 chests very superior Bohea.

Sample packages are open at their stores in *St. Paul Street.*

—ALSO,—

500 barrels Mess and Prime Mess Pork.
300 do superior quality Pickled Codfish and Herrings,
100 do Lake Ontario White Fish, of superior quality,
Cognac Brandy, Martell, Otard & Co's brands.
Newton, Gordon & Co's. Madeira Wine.

PETER M'GILL & Co.

Dec. 12. 223.1m,mf

FOR SALE by the Subscribers:—

Salmon, in tierces barrels and half barrels
Trout, in barrels and half barrels
Dry Cod Fish
Digby Herrings
Whale Oil.

GOLDSWORTHY, WURTELE & Co.

Dec. 5. 217

CHAMPAGNE.—A few baskets very superior, just received and for sale by

BURNET & HEWARD.

St. Peter Street,
Nov 1, 1836. 188

FOR SALE:—

300 barrels Mackerel, No. 1, 2, & 3
500 do No. 1 Herrings
100 tierces, brls. and half brls. Salmon
100 do do pickled Codfish
100 barrels Cod Oil
200 do Dry Codfish
Mess and Prime Mess Pork, Beef
Russia and American Tallow, &c. &c.

—ALSO,—

A general assortment of LEATHER, as usual.

ORLIN BOSTWICK.

Nov. 14. 1836. 199.3m,mf

THE Subscribers have for Sale:—

200 brls Fine and Middling Flour
50 do Mess, Prime Mess and Prime Pork

LAROCQUE, BERNARD & Co.

Dec. 19. 229

FOR SALE, at the Subscribers, 150 barrel of the first choice Niagara Falls APPLES,

—ALSO,—

30 barrels of real Pomme Gris.

L. ROY PORTELANCE.

St. Sacrament Street,
Nov. 19, 1836. 204

APPLES.—Greenings, Newton Pippin, Seek no Farther, and a variety of other superior Table and Baking Apples, for Sale by

D. W. EAGER,
Bottom of M'Gill Street.

Dec. 24 234

FOR SALE, at the HOUSE OF REFUGE, *St. Charles Barromee Street, St. Lawrence Suburbs*, a large quantity of RAGS of various sizes and qualities.

All kinds of PLAIN SEWING and KNITTING done, on most reasonable terms.

Dec. 5, 1836. 217

FOR SALE by the Subscribers:—

200 boxes T D Pipes, and
100 half do.

—ALSO,—

60 brls. of Cod and Whale Oil.

G. & J. TIFFIN.

Dec. 5. 217.tuths

FLUSHINGS, Pilot Cloth, Petershams, Grey Kerseys, Cambletts, and Blankets, the contents of 35 bales, at the lowest market price.

JEAN BRUNEAU.

South corner of the Old Market Place.

Dec. 3. 216.1m.tuths

FOR SALE by the Subscribers, a general assortment of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.

—ALSO,—

50 pipes very superior Benecarlo Wine
10 puns strong Jamaica Rum
500 brls No. 1 Arichat Herrings
25 hhds Refined Sugar

—AND,—

10 tons Swedish Iron
150 boxes Canada Plates
250 Single and Double Stoves, from 20 to 36 in.

BELLINGHAM & DUNLOP.

Nov. 19. 204.tuths

HORATIO GATES & CO.'S ESTATE.

THE Creditors are hereby notified, that a Dividend of Two Shillings and Sixpence in the Pound, upon the amount of their respective claims against the late HORATIO GATES & Co., will be paid, *on demand*, at the office of the undersigned, in *St. Paul Street.*

T. FOLLETT,
For the Trustees of late Horatio Gates & Co.

Montreal, Dec. 27, 1836. 235.1

TO LET, *possession the 1st May next*, the extensive STORES (now occupied by Messrs. BRAMSMAN and DENNING) situated on *Commissioner Street*, and fronting the Harbour. The rent will be moderate.—Apply to, or address

C. LAMONTAGNE,
St. Helen Street, in rear of the Recollet Church.

Dec. 28, 1836. 236.4

NOTICE.—WANTED, immediately, a SADDLER & HARNESS MAKER.—Enquire at the Office of the *Morning Courier.*

December 27. 235

WANTED, TWO CHAIR MAKERS at the Montreal Chair Manufactory.

LEVI HODGKINSON.

July 20. 99

WANTED, Three good BLACKSMITHS, and Two first-rate BOILER-MAKERS. Testimonials required. Apply to

JOHN MOLSON & SONS.

St. Lawrence Steamboat Cofe. Office.

Nov. 19. 204

New Publications.

ANNUALS, &c. &c.

SUITABLE for Christmas and New Year's Presents. H. C. M'LEOD, *Notre Dame Street, opposite the Court House*, has lately received:—

The English Annual for 1837.

In its graphic and literary contents, as well as in its outward appearance, this Annual is superior to the one for the preceding year, and eminently deserving of public patronage.

The Geographical Annual,

containing an Universal Gazetteer, and nearly 100 beautifully coloured Steel Engravings of all the States, Kingdoms, and Empires throughout the world,

The Oriental and English Annual for 1836.

A few copies only.

Heath's Picturesque Annual,

with 26 beautifully finished engravings.

The Christian Keepsake,

with 17 beautiful Plates, dedicated by special permission, to the Princess Victoria.

Illustrations of the Bible,

containing 96 beautiful engravings by Westall and Martin, with descriptions by the Rev. H. Cauuter.

The Juvenile Scrap-Book,

by B. Barton, with 20 engravings.

The Cabinet Gallery of Pictures,

by the first Masters of the English and Foreign Schools, in 72 line engravings, with Biographical and Critical Dissertations, by Allen Cunningham.

Paris and its Environs,

displayed in a series of Picturesque Views. The drawings made under the direction of Mr. Pugin, and engraved under the superintendance of Mr. C. Heath.

Views

of the Remains of Ancient Buildings in Rome and its Vicinity, with a description and historical account of each subject, by M. Dubourg.

The Boy's Own Book,

a complete Encyclopædia of all the Diversions, Athletic, Scientific, and Recreative of boyhood and youth.

The Girl's Own Book,

By Mrs. Child.

The Picture Testament,

for the young, containing a Harmony of the Gospels, and the Acts of the Apostles, illustrated by engravings.

—ALSO,—

A variety of LITERARY and RELIGIOUS BOOKS, among which are beautifully bound Pocket Bibles, Testaments, and common Prayer Books, Oxford Editions, Polyglot Bibles, English and Greek Polymicrion Testaments, finely bound, small Books suitable for presents, and a great variety of Children's Books, including Toy Books, &c. &c., all of which will be Sold at a moderate advance on the cost prices.

Dec. 19, 1836. 229.1w,2w,tuths

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS, TOYS, CHINA AND SPAR ORNAMENTS, CABINET AND TUNBRIDGE WARE, &c. &c.

H. C. M'LEOD, *Notre Dame Street, opposite the Court House*, has recently received, and ready for sale, at moderate prices, an elegant assortment of Derbyshire Spar, China, and Biscuit China Ornaments, among which are a variety of handsome sets of Chimney Ornaments, plain and flowered Vases, Ink Stands, Wafer Boxes, and Spell Cases, Tulip Vases, Candlesticks, Tapers, Necklaces, Plates of Pickles, Onions, Eggs, Apples, Peaches, Pears, Lemons, Oranges, and an innumerable variety of small Fancy Ornaments.

—ALSO,—

A Gentleman's Rosewood Dressing Case, handsomely furnished, an elegant article; Tunbridge, Rosewood, and other descriptions of Ladies' Work Boxes; elegant Tea Chests and Caddies; Backgammon Boards; Chess Men; Chess Boards; Card Cases; Screens, and Screen Handles; Fancy Cushions; Pearl Emeries; Ivory Tablets; Dissected Maps and Puzzles; Magic Lanterns; Camera-Obscuras; a large elegant Rocking Horse.

—AND,—

An extensive assortment of handsome and well selected Toys, suitable for the season.

Dec. 21. 231.1w,2w,mfs

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

FOR SALE, by WILLIAM GREIG, in for 1836 and 1837, Books in fancy bindings; Juvenile and Toy Books, Sunday School Library and Reward Books, about 700 different kinds from 4½ per dozen to 2s. 6d. each; Toys, Fancy Articles, &c.; a select printed catalogue of which may be had on application at the Book Store, 197, *St. Paul Street.* 232.f.tuths

FANCY STORE,

No. 62, NOTRE DAME STREET,

Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts.

THE Subscriber has received from London and New York, a handsome assortment of ANNUALS for 1837, viz:—The GIFT, CHRISTMAS BOX, PARLOUR SCRAP BOOK, VIOLET, RELIGIOUS SOUVENIR, UNION ANNUAL, JUVENILE SCRAP BOOK, LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, and YOUNG LADIES' BOOK. Bibles and English Prayer Books in handsome Arquebusade Morocco; Napoleon's Book of Fate; with a variety of Books bound for Presents—Coloured Toy Books; Albums and Scrap Books.

Cabinet Ware, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases, from 15s to £5.

Writing Desks and Work Boxes, from 4s to £3 5s; Tea Caddies and Liquor Cases, of Rose, Satin, Mahogany and Maple Woods; Accordions, Backgammon Boards and Chess Men, Geographical Drawing and other Slates, Dissected Maps and Games, Magic Disks and Lanterns, Globes and other Instructive Toys and Games, China Vases and Chimney Ornaments, Water Colours, Card Cases, Tortoise Shell, Ivory and Leather Pocket Books and Wallets, Address Cards, Basket do., Plain, Embossed, Gilzed and Printed in Gold, Engravings and Coloured Scraps, Drawing Boards and Cards, Scent Bottles and Perfumery; with a variety of articles, too numerous to mention.

WRITING PAPER.

Large Bath Post, 6d per Quire @ 5s per Ream
Fine do do 8d per do @ 12s 6d do
Super fine Extra Thick do 1s 6d @ 17s 6d do
Foolscap Fine Wove 1s 6d @ 17s 6d do
Do Fine Thick Laid 1s 6d do @ 22s do

S. SHARPLEY.

Dec. 21. 231.2w,tuths

THE public will take notice that MEDORE LACROIX is no longer in my employ.

JAMES YOUNG.

Dec. 22. 232

New Publications.

ANNUALS, ILLUSTRATED WORKS, LINE ENGRAVINGS.

THE Subscribers have lately received a most valuable and extensive collection of ANNUALS & ILLUSTRATED WORKS, adapted for GIFTS at the approaching CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR season.

ENGLISH ANNUALS.

Flowers of Loveliness, with twelve groups of Female Figures, emblematic of Flowers. Volume for 1836 edited by Countess of Blessington, illustrated by F. T. Parris. That for 1837, edited by T. H. Bayley, illustrated by Miss Corbaux, and other celebrated artists.

Oriental Annual for 1837, edited by the Rev. H. Cauuter, with 22 illustrations by W. Daniel.

Jenning's Tourist in Spain for 1837—Biscay and Castile; ditto for 1836—Andalusia; edited by Thomas Roscoe, illustrations by David Roberts.

Friendship's Offering and Winter's Wreath, for 1837, 11 engravings.

Forget-me-Not, for 1837, edited by F. Shoberl, 11 engravings.

Juvenile Forget-me-Not, edited by Mrs. S. C. Hall, 10 engravings.

Book of Christmas, with numerous illustrations by R. Seymour.

Angler's Souvenir, edited by F. Fisher, tastefully illustrated.

AMERICAN ANNUALS.

The Magnolia for 1837. Edited by H. W. Herbert, 13 engravings.

Parlour Scrap Book for 1837. By W. G. Clark, with 16 illustrations of Eastern scenery, 4to.

The Gift for 1837. Edited by Miss Leslie, 10 engravings.

The Violet for 1837, (Juvenile.) By Miss Leslie, 6 engravings.

The Fair Book for 1837, with numerous wood cuts.

ILLUSTRATED WORKS AND LINE ENGRAVINGS.

A list of these will be found, on reference to the *Gazette*, where they are advertised at length. They will be found unequalled in value and extent by any assortment of these articles, hitherto imported by any house in the trade.

JUVENILE BOOKS.

A great variety of BOOKS, adapted as PRESENTS to YOUTH, during the HOLIDAYS, of all prices, from 1d. to 7½d., and from 1s. 3d. to 10s.

ARMOUR & RAMSAY.

Dec. 23. 233 *St. François Xavier Street.*

SCHOOL BOOKS, &c.

JUST Received by the Subscriber:—

8 cases Books, consisting of—
Carpenter's Spelling Books,
The French Alphabet,
Pennock's Catechism,
Lennie's Grammar,
Murray's do.
With 80 dozen Juvenile Books,
1 case Lead Pencils, 1 do. Fancy Sealing Wax, 2 dd. Night Lights, 1 do. Lucifers, 1 do. Patent Pen Holders, and 1 do. Steel Pens,—all of a superior quality.

The Subscriber will continue his Evening Sales of miscellaneous articles during the winter, commencing at SEVEN o'clock precisely.

JAMES HEATHER.

Dec. 21. 231

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has made very extensive additions to his LEATHER MANUFACTORIES here, and in New Glasgow, and has fitted up a part of his Establishment in town for the manufacture of MORROCCO in all its branches, which is equal to any imported, and has in Store and his Manufactories, now for Sale:—

12,000 sides Sole Leather
4000 do. Harness do.
200 do. Mill Belt do.
500 do. Brown Bridle and Skirting
2000 do. Large Slaughter Upper do.
1000 do. do. Spanish do.
4000 do. Calentia Kips
250 dozen Calf Skins
150 do. Dress, Undress, and coloured Morocco Skins
100 do. Split Leather.

—ALSO,—

5000 pairs Mens Fur Boots and Shoes
3000 do. Ladies' Gaiter Boots and Prunella Shoes
2000 do. do. Morocco
3000 do. Youths' and Children's Boots, assorted
2000 do. Women's Stout Boots and Shoes

As the above has been manufactured by him from the raw hides, they will be sold on more favourable terms than any imported.

46.u.mf WILLIAM GALT.

JUST Received per *Robertson*, from Liverpool:—

115 chests Twankay Tea, of a very superior quality.

CUNNINGHAM & BUCHANAN.

Oct. 28. 183

LIVERPOOL SOAP.—Just received and for sale by the Subscribers, 150 boxes.

BURNET & HEWARD.

Nov. 28. 211

SWAIM'S PANACEA.

JUST received and for Sale:—40 doz. SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA.

WM. LYMAN & Co.

June 25. 78

PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The Subscriber offers for Sale the Lot forming the corner of *St. Urbain and Lagauchetiere Street, St. Lawrence Suburb*, on which there is a Two Story House, occupied as a Bakehouse below and a Dwelling above, Out-house, &c. The lot is 120 feet on St. Urbain and 85 on Lagauchetiere Streets. For terms apply to James COCHRAN, *St. George Street*, or to

WILLIAM LEISHMAN.

Nov. 8. 194

FOR SALE, in HAMILTON, U. C., a commodious FAMILY HOUSE, two stories high, with convenient Kitchen, &c. adjoining the Post Office, and situated in *Argyle Street* between *James* and *Caroline Streets*. The proximity of the lot to the Post Office and the Railway, renders it an extremely eligible situation, and worthy of the attention of those who are desirous of becoming residents in the flourishing town of Hamilton. Apply to

J. O'REILLY, Esq.
Solicitor, Hamilton.

July 7. 66

FOR SALE, that eligible and convenient Farm RIDEAU BANK, within 2½ miles of Bytown, by an excellent road, situate in the *Gore of Gloucester*, Lot 22 on the *Rideau River*, containing upwards of 200 Acres, about 85 acres of which are cleared, with

Wanted.

WANTED.—A Young Lady, who is competent to teach a Class in GEOGRAPHY and HISTORY; can have, in *return*, any fashionable branch of education she is disposed to study. Apply at Mrs. FRINGLE'S Seminary, *Chamouille Street*.—Dec. 15. 226.a.w

WANTED.—A smart, active Boy, to wait on Table and do the indoor work of a small family. None need apply but one who has had some experience. Liberal wages will be given. Apply at this Office.
Dec. 16. 227

WANTED.—A TANNER and CURRIER, who is sufficiently qualified in all its branches to act as Foreman. None need apply but such as have unquestionable testimonials as to character and qualifications. Inquire at the office of the *Morning Courier*.
Oct. 3. 163

NOTICE.—The Advertiser offers his services as an ACCOUNTANT, or to keep a Merchant's or Tradesman's Books, settle the affairs of Bankrupt Estates, &c. The most respectable references will be given, and security, if required, for the due performance of any trust reposed in him. Apply at the *Courier* Office to
WM. CLEGHORN.
October 22. 180

WANTED, by a steady, active, middle aged man, recently from England, a SITUATION in a Store, Warehouse, or on a Wharf—in any capacity where he can be actively engaged, and useful to his employer. No objection to any part of the Canadas. Satisfactory references and testimonials as to integrity and industry will be given. Apply at this office.
Nov. 1. 168-o

MORICE HAY.
MERCHANT TAILOR,
PLACE D'ARMES,
West of England Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c.

Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloth, served on the shortest notice, and on moderate terms. 63.w

HYDROMETER.

DISTILLERS, Brewers, and others are informed that HYDROMETERS (SIKES'S) and SACCHAROMETERS are made and repaired by JAMES ADAMS, 17, *St. Joseph Street, Recollet Suburbs*, near J. & J. DONEGANI.

The Hydrometer has been submitted to the Montreal Committee of Trade, and their letter to the maker may be seen as above.

ALSO, MAKER OF A
Letter COPYING MACHINE, which performs its work more effectually and with as little trouble as those at eight or ten times the price.
July 20. 99.mf

MONTREAL TRANSCSIPT.

WANTED, well recommended and responsible Persons to act as AGENTS for the MONTREAL TRANSCRIPT, in LOWER and UPPER CANADA, to whom the most liberal encouragement will be given. Letters (post paid) addressed to the Subscribers, *St. François Xavier Street*, will be punctually attended to.

The TRANSCRIPT is published three times a week, and delivered to town Subscribers at ten Shillings per annum, payable in all cases six months in advance. For Country Subscribers the terms will be Fifteen Shillings per annum, (including postage) likewise paid half yearly in advance.

No religious or political discussions are admissible into the *Transcript*.

Rates of Advertising the same as the other Montreal papers.

Every description of Book and Job Work done neatly, expeditiously, and on reasonable terms—the Subscribers having an assortment of TYPE inferior to none in the Canadas.
LOVELL & M'DONALD.
Montreal, Dec. 5, 1836. 60

MAMMOTH SHEET.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the *Saturday News*, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertion, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c. can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, prestwork, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprise. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention. It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 364 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of Miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprise and resources we yield to no other publisher in this city or elsewhere, and we we determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to match chances. Not will it be the only effort.—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

The *Saturday News and Literary Gazette* is published every Saturday, for the small sum of two dollars per annum, payable in advance.—Subscriptions will be received at the *Morning Courier* Office, where a specimen may be seen.
L. A. GODEY & Co.
Philadelphia, Dec. 3, 1836.

Property for Sale.

FOR SALE.—That extensive SQUARE BLOCK of LAND, called the *Hobby*, situated at a short distance from the town of William Henry, consisting, with the addition of a late Concession for a Road, of 370 Acres, more or less, on which a roomy DWELLING HOUSE has lately been erected. The property is well Wooded and Watered. The Wood consisting chiefly of Sugar Maples, and the Water being of the purest quality and fit for any culinary purpose. Throughout the whole extent of the lower grounds, Marl may be found within a foot of the surface. As the terms of the purchase will be Cash, or instalments at short intervals, the property will on that account be sold low.
JOHN JACKSON,
Rector of William Henry.
William Henry, April 19. 26

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, intending to reside in the country, offers to dispose of his present DWELLING HOUSE, situated in the most pleasant and airy part of the City, and commanding a fine view of the Mountain and rising ground in view of the town, which cannot be interrupted by other buildings. This House having been erected expressly for his own accommodation, is built of the very best materials and workmanship. The interior arrangements combine elegance of architecture, with every possible convenience for a private Dwelling House, and is painted throughout in the most modern style. The Lot is 200 feet deep, bounded by a street in view, on the line of which the Stables and Out-Houses are built, which are completely separated from the Yard of the Dwelling House by a Grass-plot and Fence, giving it the appearance and many of the advantages of a Country House, within the City. The proprietor has spared no pains either in the interior or exterior arrangements to make the whole establishment complete in every respect, such has seldom if ever been offered for sale within the City, and presents an excellent opportunity for those who have not the time to spare that is required in superintending the building of a new house.

The Subscriber also offers for sale the whole or half of the adjoining Lot, measuring about 60 feet front by 200 in depth, bounded by a street in front and rear, and on each side by party walls, large enough for two first class houses.

The House, if not sold before February next, will be leased for a short term of years, provided a suitable tenant offers.

Terms of payment—liberal, if required.

For particulars, apply to the Subscriber, who will be ready at any time to show the premises.
J. REDPATH.
Nov. 9. 1836. 195-4m,mf

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF LORD GOSFORD AND SIR FRANCIS BOND HEAD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of Montreal and its vicinity, that he has opened a FANCY STORE, No. 130, *St. Paul Street*, opposite the *Hôtel Dieu Chapel*, and has now on sale—Elisian Odour, or Lord Gosford's Handkerchief Essence and Toilet Soap, Sir FRANCIS BOND HEAD'S Toilet Perfume and Soap, with all kinds of Perfumery and Soaps; a general assortment of Brushes; Shell and Imitation Combs; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases and Writing Desks; a great variety of Toys and Fancy Articles, too numerous to insert.
Sept. 2. 138.mf H. EPHRAIM.

WINDOW GLASS, PAINT, &c.
100 crates Crown Glass, Nos. 123
500 boxes Window Glass, from 7½ x 8½ to 14 x 22
Paints, Oils, &c.
For Sale by the Subscribers,
WILLIAM WHINFIELD,
Second door from the Court-House, Notre Dame Street.
Jan. 26. 239.u,w

FOR SALE by the Subscriber, a large quantity of FIRE WOOD, such as MAPLE, BEECH, BIRCH, &c. &c. Apply to
LOUIS HEBERT, *Bailiff.*
St. Dominique Street, St. Lawrence Suburb.
Sept. 15, 1836. 148.u,tuths

BULWER'S NOVELS.

INDUCED by the extraordinary sale of his beautiful edition of Marryatt's Novels, the publisher of those works will, on the first day of July, commence in the same faultless style, an edition of the celebrated

BULWER NOVELS,

COMPRISING,

Pelham,	Paul Clifford.
Disowned,	Last Days of Pompeii,
Rienzi,	Falkland,
Devereux,	Pilgrims of the Rhine;
Eugene Aram,	

Making an uniform edition of nearly fifteen hundred pages—four hundred more than Marryatt. They will be published in semi-monthly numbers, each of which will contain one complete work, with title-page and cover. The whole series will be completed in eight numbers, and will be furnished to Subscribers at the extraordinary low price of Three Dollars and fifty cents payable in advance. They will be sent by mail, carefully packed, to any part of the United States or Canada.

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Removals.

G. SCRIPTURE, *Dentist*, has REMOVED his Office to *St. Henry Street*, opposite St. Henry Hotel.—July 16. 96

THE Subscribers have REMOVED to the premises adjoining Messrs. LEMESURIER, ROUTH & Co., in *St. Francois Xavier Street.*
JOHN WRAGG & Co.
May 19. 46

MR. WAUGH, *Artist*, begs respectfully to acquaint his friends and the public, that he has REMOVED to RASCO'S HOTEL, for a short time, previous to his leaving this City.
Nov. 16. 201.0

WILLIAM RITCHIE & Co. have REMOVED to No. 220, *St. Paul Street*, the premises lately occupied by Messrs. C. L. OGDEN & Co. and DEMPSTER & RODGER.
May 16. 43

PROSPECTUS
OF
A HISTORY OF THE CANADAS,
FROM THE CONQUEST DOWN TO THE PRESENT DAY.

THIS History will bring before the public eye, an impartial account of all affairs transacted in, or relating to these Colonies, Civil, Political, Ecclesiastical, tracing all the great measures and movements—which have exerted any material influence—to their effects and authors, with an estimate of the merits or demerits of all our public and leading men, who may have acted a prominent part on the political stage, rigorously analysing the motives and views, personal or party, patriotic or selfish, by which they shall appear to have been actuated, that so we may be enabled to distinguish, who have been the real friends of the country, and the promoters of its prosperity: and who have sought their own ends and interests, at her expense and to her detriment. It will be the particular aim of the author—to unmask the real character, not only of Individuals, but of Parties, that have made a conspicuous figure—to scan their principles and views—to calculate the influences or effects, good or bad, which they have severally produced—without fear or favor, and this, more especially, as the History approaches to the present eventful crisis.

This History, it is proposed, shall exhibit in connection, cotemporaneous events and transactions, in both Provinces, with such reference to the affairs of the Parent Country, of the United States, and of the sister Colonies, as may be necessary for their full elucidation.

But the main object of this undertaking is to exhibit the origin and progress of our present distractions—to deduce the consequences of them, from their first beginning, to their consummation in the present crisis, and by instituting a severe inquisition into the authors and causes of these distractions—to point out the proper remedial course to be followed, and to hold out, warning to all, who, either now or hereafter, may be placed in situations of public responsibility, of that retribution which faithful history has in store for them. This work, it is hoped, may not be without effect, in opening the eyes of the country, to the true characters of public men and of political parties, to correct the false or partial estimates of the mere of successive Administrations, both at home and in the Colony; and to impress upon the people the imperative obligation of more strictly scrutinizing the characters and acts of many, in whom they have heretofore reposed a too implicit confidence—of acquiring a more perfect knowledge, than they seem at present to possess, of their true interests—and in fine, of acting in future, more independently of their leaders and mentors, than they have as yet ventured to do.

The author being possessed of ample materials, derived from the most authentic sources, and being himself placed beyond the reach of personal and party malice and persecution—from such as may think themselves aggrieved by the indignant language of truth and justice—is further supported and animated in the strenuous prosecution of his design, by the persuasion, that the greatest service will be rendered to the interests of these Colonies, placed at such a distance from the watchful superintending eye of the supreme Government, by realising to the feeling sense of the actors in our political drama, the verdict of impartial history upon their character and merits, and the figure which they must make, not only in the eyes of posterity, but of their immediate cotemporaries throughout the world.

As it is the intention of the author to continue this Historical Repository, publishing its successive volumes at short intervals, he feels it a duty to advise all, who are now taking an active part in the politics of Upper and Lower Canada, whatever may be their personal rank or party influence, that his eye is upon them in all their movements; and he begs to apprize the great majority of our Patriots, Demagogues, Agitators, Cliquemen, Constitutionalists, Tories, Whigs, Radicals, and High Churchmen, that their personal and private, as well as party views and aims, are no secret to him—that he has been enabled to disentangle their real motives and designs, from all the perplexity of patriotic and plausible pretences in which they have vainly sought to involve and disguise them—and that they may expect in a short time to see their true image broadly reflected to the public eye in his capacious mirror, and thereby to receive that retribution which is meet.

The author has no doubt that the vast utility and importance of his work, more especially in the present crisis, will be duly appreciated by all the real friends of these Colonies, by all honest and disinterested men—He has long felt surprised that no one has yet conceived the plan of such a work, calculated, above all other means, if executed with power and with an inflexible regard to truth, to strike a wholesome terror into the factious and unprincipled, and to impose an awe and a restraint upon all, to whom are committed the interests of the community. Were public men to contemplate the certainty of having their retribution while they live—of standing forth to the public eye in their true colours, and of receiving the meed of their country's praise or condemnation, while they are acting their part upon the stage, it is obvious that such an impression must exercise a restraint over all their actions, as salutary as it would be powerful. Until history hold up her impartial mirror to the present, the living generation—until she dispense compensation as well as punishment—until she ostracise—until she impale alive the political parasite and knave, the pseudo-patriot, the chameleon courtier—until she can pillory and gibbet the political felon while he is fresh from his plunder, from his treason—she will be, in a manner, impotent for the correction of evil. She cometh late, when she comes—to judge—to censure, after men have paid the debt of nature, and she "doll cold out of death" in leaf alike to censure and to flattery. Let her lift up her trumpet voice—let her hold forth the terrors of her power to the living—let them quail beneath her awful frowns. And then—vice ashamed will lie low, crime will be no more, and virtue—true glory and happiness will crown, a regenerated land.

Montreal, Aug. 11, 1836. 118

AN additional PRESS having been imported, Pamphlets, Circulars, Hand and Foreign Bills, Cards, &c. &c. can be printed at the MORNING COURIER OFFICE, with neatness and dispatch, and on reasonable terms.

LITERARY UNION:
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AND
LADIES AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

THE PROPRIETOR of the LADY'S BOOK grateful for the unceasing patronage which he has received, announces to the Ladies who have so generously sustained their *own "Book,"* that he has made new arrangements for their gratification. Convinced that he could not in any way more effectually promote the interests, or realize the wishes of his numerous subscribers, he has secured the valuable aid of

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of Boston, to whose superintendance the literary departments of the *Lady's Book* will hereafter be committed. For many years Mrs. Hale has conducted the *American Ladies' Magazine*—a periodical of uncommon merit, which will be merged in the *Lady's Book*. Her abilities are familiar to her countrywomen, and on both sides of the Atlantic she enjoys a high reputation as one of the most graceful, vigorous, and accomplished of our female writers.

Under the judicious management of Mrs. Hale, the Lady's Book will not only maintain the excellent character it has already acquired, but it is confidently expected that it will be rendered more eminently worthy of the support of those to whose interests and amusements it has been, and will continue to be, especially devoted. The superior talents and fine taste of the editor will give the work a new impulse; while her own contributions, and those received from her personal friends, and other correspondents, of whom a number have already promised, will render it almost entirely original. Amongst others who are expected to furnish matter for the Book may be mentioned,

Mrs. S. J. Hale, Editor,	Morton M'Michael,
Mrs. L. H. Sigourney,	Robert T. Conrad,
Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.	Alexander Dimitry, A. M.,
Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz,	H. E. Hale,
Mrs. E. F. Ellett,	E. Burke Fisher,
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The Proprietor of the Lady's Book is determined to use every means to maintain the superiority which his publication has obtained. For years he has gone steadily on in the course of improvement, and he flatters himself that his facilities are such as to give his work eminent advantages over his competitors. His very ample subscription list enables him to be liberal in his expenditures upon it, and whatever can be accomplished by enterprise and cost he is resolved to effect. Besides the persons above-mentioned as contributors, he has expectations of receiving original articles from several distinguished female writers in Europe; and as an inducement to writers of our own country, he is willing to pay for every article adopted by him as suitable to his publication, as high a rate of remuneration as will be given by the proprietors of any other periodical in the United States.

The mechanical portion of the Lady's Book will likewise be improved. The typography will be most elegant, and the paper of a better quality. During the year portraits, engraved on steel, of several eminent ladies will be given; and every second month a coloured plate, illustrating the prevailing fashion, will be furnished. Other embellishments, calculated to enhance the appearance and increase the value of the work, will be introduced; and generally, everything will be done that the most untiring purpose of making the Lady's Book pre-eminently entitled to patronage can suggest. With the experience he has acquired during a long course of years devoted to the business, and the aid to be derived from the distinguished lady who will henceforth be associated with him, the Publisher is confident that he will be able to render the amplest satisfaction to all who may become his patrons. He, therefore, with a just reliance on his claims to support, respectfully solicits a continuance of that liberal encouragement which has so kindly been bestowed on his endeavours.

The terms of the Lady's Book are Three Dollars per annum, payable in advance. All orders must be addressed to
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As the Publisher of the Lady's Book is connected with other popular periodicals, he suggests for the convenience of remittance, the following system of

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SIR WALTER SCOTT'S NOVELS.

A premium of all the Novels by this celebrated author will be given to any person furnishing ten subscribers and the cash, $30, to the publisher of the Lady's Book, free of postage: or one half of the Novels for five subscribers and the cash, $15.

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Journals and Commercial Communications from more than one Hundred Places in the United States; from Brazil, Buenos Ayres, Mexico, and every other State of South America; and also from the principal Ports, Cities, and Commercial Towns of France, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Hamburg, and other parts of Continental Europe.

It is therefore humbly presumed, that no existing Establishment offers a combination of advantages so eminently desirable for Gentlemen visiting the Metropolis on Commercial Business; the Proprietor ventures to flatter himself, that experience may justify the pretensions on which he most respectfully solicits the patronage and favours of the Commercial World.—Terms moderate.

N.B. The Captains of all the American Ships are to be sent have Judy.
JAMES DAVIES, *Proprietor.*
London, Sept. 1, 1836. 171

PROSPECTUS.

Some pious and intelligent friends, of other denominations, having proposed to the proprietors of the CANADA RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCER *to unite with them in establishing a paper on a more extended basis, the Baptist friends who engaged first in the undertaking, have consented to this Union, and now issue in their joint capacity the following*

REVISED PROSPECTUS
OF THE
Canada Religious Intelligencer.
TO BE PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE utility of Periodical Literature, in the influence it exerts upon a community by the diffusion of useful knowledge, is too obvious to be disputed. While publications of this character furnish to the man of study and research an agreeable employment in the moments of relaxation, they contribute to the improvement of those classes of society who have neither the leisure nor the capacity to master profound and learned treatises. Of all subjects claiming the attention of rational and immortal man, Religion is confessedly the most important; and yet scarcely any other has been so completely overlooked or neglected. The want of a Religious Journal in this Province has been long felt, and the establishment of one much desired. In the Upper Province, the CHRISTIAN GUARDIAN, conducted by the respectable Society of Methodists, has been well supported, and productive of much good in their *own* and other denominations. That which is now about to be submitted to the public, will collect and communicate intelligence of general interest to every section of the Christian community, and its continual aim will be the advancement of pure and undefiled religion, as equally contributing to the happiness of individuals, and the prosperity of states. This paper will, therefore, advocate every sentiment, measure, and institution which may contribute to the extension of Christian truth, and the mental, moral, and spiritual improvement of all classes throughout the Colony, in the Upper as well as in the Lower Province.

The principal objects in the view of the Conductors of this Journal, are, to promote the spread of true religion and piety, by presenting to its readers the practical and experimental doctrines of the Bible; to enlarge their hearts and fire their zeal in this cause by advocating Bible and Tract Societies, Sabbath Schools, and Missionary efforts, and giving from time to time a copious view of these efforts and their success in every part of the world; to increase benevolence and good-will among men by inculcating temperance, peace and industry, by encouraging Hospitals, Asylums, Houses of Industry for the Poor, work-day Schools, and every means calculated to do good and promote the well-being of men in time and eternity. For the attainment of these ends, the columns of the INTELLIGENCER will be open to the communications of all who may wish to advance them—the Conductors reserving to themselves the right of deciding what shall be admitted, and what excluded.

With Political discussion this Journal will not intermeddle, except in so far as any measures adopted or pursued shall have a tendency to abridge or injure the cause of Religion; but the grand principles of Religious Liberty and Equality will be stoutly and unflinchingly contended for. The paper will be open to all parties for the discussion of that important question, on the sole condition of abstaining from intemperate or abusive language. The supporters of this paper having no wish to injure the public journals of the Province, every thing will be excluded which would interfere with them, except a brief notice of the general news of the day, for the benefit, principally, of country readers who may not be able to subscribe to a political paper in addition to this.

Agriculture, so important to the welfare of the Colony, will meet with the attention it deserves. Information on all subjects connected with it will be carefully selected, and occasionally inserted; while communications will be earnestly desired from all who are interested in its progress. Articles of Domestic interest will be readily admitted; and to adapt the paper more completely to Family use, the improvement of the youthful mind will be kept in view, and the principles of social happiness and duty enjoined and illustrated by examples.

Advertisements will be inserted on the same terms as in other journals; but a careful discrimination will be exercised, and none will be admitted which relate to the sale of intoxicating liquors, or to theatrical amusements, or to any thing inimical to public morals or to the best interests of the community.

The Paper will be published every Thursday morning, on good paper and type, at $2 delivered in town; or, when sent by mail, $2, postage included.

All communications to be addressed (*post paid*) to Mr. W. GREIG, at the *Montreal Depository for Religious Publications*, No. 197, St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Newspapers in the Upper and Lower Province are respectfully requested to give the above a few insertions.

MONTREAL, *August* 17, 1836.

PRIZE MEDALS.

THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY of Montreal offer THREE PRIZE MEDALS for the three best ESSAYS that may be presented on the following subjects:—

1. On the connection between the language and the character of a people.
2. Of the physical history of rivers in general, and of the St. Lawrence in particular.
3. On the circumstances which affect climate in general, and the climate of Lower Canada in particular.
4. On the comparative adaptation of prairie and forest to the settlement of a new country.
5. The changes that have taken place in the habits of exotic plants cultivated in the northern parts of America, particularly as regards the changes induced on their agricultural and horticultural properties.

The conditions are:—

1st. The Essays shall be presented on or before the 20th of Feb., 1837.

2d. The Essay may be in French or English.

3d. The names and residences of the Authors must be concealed; to every which, each Essay shall have a motto, and shall be accompanied by a sealed note superscribed with the same motto, and containing the name and residence of the author. This note shall only be opened in the case of the Essay being declared worthy of a prize, otherwise it shall be destroyed.

4th. The successful Essay shall remain the property of the Society.

5th. The Society reserves to itself the right to withhold the Prize, should no one of the Essays on any particular subject appear deserving of it.

The Essays are to be addressed to J. S. M'Cord, Esq., Corresponding Secretary of the Society.
ANDREW H. ARMOUR,
August 2. 110 *Recording Secretary.*

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PROSPECTUS

Of an interesting work, now in preparation

TO BE ENTITLED

HOCHELAGA DEPICTA:
OR,
THE HISTORY AND PRESENT STATE OF
THE ISLAND AND CITY OF
Montreal.

ILLUSTRATED BY A PLAN OF THE CITY, AND NUMEROUS VIEWS DRAWN ON PURPOSE FOR THE WORK.

OF this City, second in political consequence and first in extent of population, among the British Dominions in America, no memorial exists, in a separate volume, relating its past history and describing its present state.

That the inhabitants of a city so important, so "beautiful for situation," and so strikingly increasing in commercial enterprize and intellectual cultivation, are indifferent to these points, is not to be supposed; and the Publisher therefore feels a confidence, that this attempt to supply the desideratum, will not fail to receive adequate encouragement and patronage.

To travellers who visit the city from motives of curiosity, or for the purposes of amusement, such a volume will prove an interesting guide and companion.

The Work will comprise a brief Sketch of the early History of the Island and City, and an account of their public buildings, both Ecclesiastical and Civil; and will be illustrated by an accurate Plan of the City in its present state, and numerous Views of its Edifices, and of the beautiful Scenery in its Environs. Some account will also be given of the various Institutions in the City—Religious, Benevolent, Literary and Political; with occasional suggestions for their improvement.

The Views will be drawn by Mr. DUNCAN, to be engraved by Mr. CHRISTIE. The Editor's matter to be prepared by a gentleman long conversant with the productions of the press in England, and engaged in the composition of several of them; and who has promised to render the fruit of his researches as interesting and attractive as possible to the readers of the work. In seeking the accomplishment of these objects, assistance from others will be most desirable, as many sources of information may be in the possession, or within the knowledge, of individuals which may be unknown to the Editor, or which he cannot gain access, without such aid. Any gentlemen, therefore, who may possess scarce and valuable writings, either in print or manuscript, relating to the Colony, and who throw light upon the history of the Island, or the City, or that will assist in forming a correct estimate of their present state, will confer a favor upon the Editor and Publisher, by the use of such documents, which will be carefully preserved and faithfully returned to their owners. From others also, who may be favorable to the design, they will be happy to receive such communications as may contribute to the accuracy and completeness of their undertaking.

The Work will be printed on good paper, with new and beautiful types cast by WILSON, and the impressions from the Plates will be taken on fine tinted paper. The whole, it is hoped, will be ready for publication in May or June next.

All communications to be addressed (*post paid*) to the Publisher, W. GREIG, 197, St Paul Street, Montreal.
Sept. 9. 145

The following Journals are respectfully requested to insert the above Prospectus occasionally during the winter, and the Publisher pledges himself to present each of them with a bound copy of HOCHELAGA DEPICTA, when completed: *Morning Courier, Montreal Herald, Gazette, Vindicator, Irish Advocate, Minerve, and L'Ami du Peuple, Kingston Chronicle and Gazette, Toronto Courier, Quebec Mercury, and Niagara Gazette.* It is requested that each will send a copy of the paper containing the Prospectus.

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EVERY Man, who values such an consideration, should send his RAZORS to
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Tailors' Shears, Scissors, Pen Knives, &c. Ground and Set with accuracy and dispatch.
Montreal, June 23, 1836. 76

MONTREAL:—Printed for the Proprietors, by ROLLO CAMPBELL, St. François Xavier Street. The *Morning Courier* is published daily, (*Sundays excepted.*) Terms, Six Dollars per annum, in town, and Eight Dollars if sent by Mail, *payable in advance.* No Subscription taken for a less period than Six Months. Advertising, Six Lines and under, first insertion, 2s. 6d. every subsequent insertion, 7½d; Six to Ten Lines, first insertion, 3s. 4d., every subsequent insertion, 10d; above Ten Lines, 4d. per line first insertion, and 1d. per line every subsequent one. All orders to be in *writing.* Advertisements unaccompanied with written orders, will be inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.

The *Courier* for the Country, containing all the reading matter of the *Daily*, is published on Mondays and Thursdays, at *Four Dollars* per annum in Town, and Five if sent by Mail, *payable in advance.*

Subscriptions and Advertisements received by the following Agents:—

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