

Special In- and UR

the furniture in the... considered to be... \$15,000. The stock... upon which it is a... taxes can be col-... royalty on the same... been paid the sum... of \$20,000. The... board was reconsti-... tuted by T. G. Wilson... was enlarged until...

War Item. Oct. 12.—Lord Kitchener... was office from... today's date, this... has captured Gen-... eral, but does not... er's command, who... in Cape Colony, was... not. The British have... for a couple of weeks... self was so ill that... to travel in a buggy...

AS PRODUCED AT... SQUARE THE... YORK, AT THE NE...

Building

ES TRIG LIGHT

ICE

ATI'S, LOCATION

able

rcial Co.

P., to 50 H.-P., Pumps, Pumps,

g, and Heaters, Hose

hovels, celbarrows

er & Co.

Dawson

The Nugget Dawson's Illustrated Daily

Vol. 2 No. 260

THE DAILY KLONDIKE NUGGET.

All the News The Day It Happens

DAWSON, Y. T., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1901

PRICE 25 CENTS

WORK OF BOARD COMPLETED

Equalizers Dispose of Their Labors so Far as Hearing Testimony is Concerned—Number of Cases Under Adjudication—Decisions Will Be Announced Later.

The board of revision after sitting for the past eight days completed its work last night and there remains only the handing down of a number of decisions in the more important cases in which decision has been rendered and the work of the assessor for the current year will be finished. The total reduction will amount to a matter of conjecture. It will be granted those who have been assessed one per cent, and possibly the amount necessary to carry municipal affairs for the ensuing year estimated at \$120,000. The first case taken up last night was that of T. G. Wilson, who applied for the assessment on his personal property at \$250,000. Until August 15, when he moved into his new room, no stock book was kept. On that date his goods on hand amounted to \$82,358. In January he had probably \$100,000 worth of stock. During month of August he sold goods to the amount of \$10,000 and imported \$128,725. In September he sold \$92,885 and received \$100. Since that date he has received between \$18,000 and \$20,000 additional, his sales for the same month amounting to \$75,000 or \$80,000. The greatest stock ever on hand was more than \$174,000. The value of stock was in May last—\$100,000. The total amount of goods imported this year aggregates about \$1,000,000. Has no other personal property other than the stock in his hands. Reserved.

The adjourned case of the N. C. Co. followed. Mr. McGowan going into the details of the goods imported by the company as shown by the books of the customs department. A letter was read from Collector of Customs at Seattle in which he said he had carefully checked up the books showing imports and found the statements made by himself at the previous meeting to be absolutely correct. Mr. Davis also explained that the sum of \$60,000 which he said represented the duty paid by the N. C. Co. during the present year extended back to October 1, 1900, included a large amount of duty paid during the winter upon goods in the bonded warehouse which had been imported the previous season, and also duty paid by the A. C. Co. prior to the amalgamation. There at present was \$200,000 worth of goods in the bonded warehouse upon which there was \$45,000 due in duty payable when the articles were taken out. Mr. McGowan contended that the duty should not be assessed until the same is paid. His company has a right to ship out goods at the opening of navigation, returning them to the stations on the lower river if it is so desired and thus escape paying any duty, the articles not being sold or distributed here. Dawson has better facilities for storing goods than any other point and heavy shipments are not infrequently made early in the spring before the river is open at St. Michael. The goods now in the bonded warehouse will not be taken out until spring and some will doubtless be returned down the river.

Concerning the sale of the A. C. Co. to the present company. The transfer is dated April 6, and it actually took place July 18, including in addition to the stock and real estate in Dawson the stock and store at Fortymile, and all other stations in Alaska, plant at St. Michael and Nome, shipyards at Andreafast, and the steamers and barges, good will, etc., the consideration being \$2,750,000. At the time of Manager Mizner's departure for the outside he carried with him to the home office a detailed statement of the stock on hand prepared from the company's books by O. S. Lanning, chief accountant, which showed the total stock October 1 to have been \$1,480,400. Sales during the month amounted to \$325,000. Mr. Lanning identified a press copy of the statement taken out by Mr. Mizner, saying he had made it at the manager's request. P. Charmon was sworn. Is a customs broker and has acted as same all season for the N. C. Co. Was for two years formerly chief clerk in the customs department under Mr. Davis. Identifies and attests to the correctness of the schedule made by the collector. Was with Mr. Davis during the day and assisted in checking up the books. Everything imported during the season by the N. C. Co. had been checked by witness as customs broker. Mr. Davis' figures as to the good in the bonded warehouse were correct. Canadian goods imported during the year amounted to \$200,000. He placed a total value of \$625,000 upon the year's importations upon which \$200,000 freight should be added and the approximate figures previously given in evidence concerning the firm's imports would be arrived at. F. A. Medoret, stock clerk, testified that all goods received have been entered in the stock book, including the method of figuring out costs was shown also invoices as received from the home office. The system maintained here is as perfect as could be desired. L. R. Fulda reiterated statements previously made concerning the value of the buildings, had looked over them again and saw no reason for changing his opinion. W. H. Fairbanks considered a deduction of 25 per cent. for profits very fair, though he was sure the end

Continued on page 4.

Metaline Bushed Sheaves.

These Sheaves are specially adapted for use in the mines in cold weather. They are run without the use of Oil or Grease and are the

Only Self Lubricating Sheave on the Market. Sizes, 4, 6, 8 and 10 inches.

McL., McF. & Co., LIMITED



TEDDY AND BOOKER WILL EAT.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SOGGS

To Be Held Tomorrow at Green's Undertaking Parlor.

The funeral of Mrs. Amelia L. Soggs, who died yesterday morning at St. Mary's hospital, will be held tomorrow at Green's undertaking parlor. The deceased was taken ill three weeks ago and for ten days was cared for in the tenderest manner possible at the Soggs' home on the Klondike. About a week ago her condition became so serious that upon the advice of the attending physicians, Drs. McArthur and Cassell, she was removed to the hospital. Every care and attention possible was administered to the sick woman but without avail. Mrs. Soggs was born at Chikotla, Ohio, and while still a young girl her parents removed to Lima, New York. While living there she first met Mr. Soggs, and on October 8, 1878, the two were married. One child was born of the union but died in infancy. In 1888 Mr. and Mrs. Soggs removed to Binghamton, New York, where they remained until the Klondike excitement occurred, when Mr. Soggs joined in the first rush to Dawson, reaching this place in the fall of 1897. His wife remained in Binghamton until June of this year, when she joined her husband in Dawson. She enjoyed the few months she was here exceedingly, and though suffering from a complication of diseases to which she has been subjected for several years, she seemed at first to improve under the stimulating influence of our healthful and invigorating summer climate. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and the funeral services will be conducted by the Rev. Hetherington, pastor of the local M. E. church.

Mr. Soggs was preparing to spend the winter on Mint creek, where he had built and furnished a cabin. He is well known as having been one of the pioneer jewelers of Dawson and possesses many friends, all of whom join in extending to him their warmest sympathy in his hour of sad bereavement.

45 Gold Run. Messrs. Whalley and Skinner, who are working a lay on No. 45 Gold Run, are hard at work drifting on the claim and have begun already taking out pay dirt. They have been drifting for a week and state that they have made very satisfactory progress. They boys are hard workers and before spring will have out a good, big dump. They have a cosy cabin on the claim, and before starting their operations for the winter made every possible preparation. They have everything necessary in the way of an outfit for winter and expect to shove 45 up among the big producers on Gold Run before the clean up arrives again.

Send a copy of Goetzman's Souvenir to outside friends. A complete pictorial history of Klondike. For sale at all news stands. Price \$2.50.

FREIGHTERS ARE ANXIOUS

For Sufficient Snow to Flake the Roads More Passable.

Considerable apprehension is felt by the freighters at present over the outlook for good roads during the winter. At present the roads are practically bare of snow, the only sledging between Dawson and Dominion, Sulphur or Gold Run, being a few miles on the north side of the Dome. There is no snow on the road between Dawson and Grand Forks and none between Dawson and Gold Bottom on the Hunker road. A week ago there was snow from the Dome to Gold Run, but a gentleman who came in yesterday on a wheel says that portion of the road is now bare.

Freighting by wagon is laborious work with the roads in their present condition, they being very rough in some places and slippery in others, four horses or mules, being required to transport what on bobs on a good road would be only half a load for one team.

It is feared by some that, owing to the advanced season, the weather may suddenly turn too cold to snow and that the roads may be left in their winter condition, thus precluding all possibility of conveying heavy machinery from Dawson to the distant creeks.

FOUND—Vest memo book with papers, belonging to D. H. Holder. Apply Nugget.

SEE SVENALI AT NEW SAVOY.

"DEL MONTE" J. W. Marchbank, Proprietor. Drinks and Cigars - 25 Cents Only First-Class Goods Carried in Stock. First Street - Opp. Yukon Dock

NOMINATIONS WERE MADE

For New A. B. Officers at Last Night's Meeting.

At a meeting of Camp Dawson, No. 4, Arctic Brotherhood, held last night nominations of candidates to be elected next Tuesday night to fill the various offices for the ensuing term of six months were made as follows: Arctic Chief—Emil Mohr, C. E. McDonald, R. A. Kalenborn, John Gilson, J. A. Greene and E. B. Condon. Vice Arctic Chief—C. E. McDonald and Emil Mohr. Arctic Recorder—Dr. Edmunds. Keeper of Nuggets—J. A. Green. Camp Alchemist—F. A. Atwood. Camp Chaplain—Wm. Sheridan. Five trustees were also placed in nomination. The next meeting of the camp will be held in its new hall.

GOOD THING TO EAT

Can Be Obtained All Winter at a Small Cost.

Lon Griffin of the Northern Cafe reports business to be better with him this fall than at the same period last year. "Whether this is due to the general reduction made by him in the prices on his bill of fare, or whether there is more money in circulation now than before, he is unable to say. At any rate times are good with him and he is satisfied with the future outlook.

This winter, Mr. Griffin says, will show more variety of fresh vegetables and fine meats in the restaurants of Dawson than has been seen in the history of the country. Fresh Lowney's candies. Kelly & Co., druggists.

NOT SO COLD AS IT FEELS

Official Thermometer Marked Above This Morning.

After walking four or five blocks in the wind this morning a cheecko who arrived on the Emma Knott—20 days from Texas, 10 to Whitehorse and 10 from there on to Dawson, offered to bet me that the river would stop before night. He was taken in by a friend before some sour dough bread him.

Although this has been the most disagreeable day of the early winter, it has been owing to the strong north wind that has blown continuously since shortly after midnight. Sergeant-Major Tucker's never ending official instrument this morning showed the degree of cold to be four above zero or one degree warmer than yesterday morning, the coldest of the season when it was down to three above. On the 15th of last January the thermometer showed the weather to be just 72 degrees colder than it was this morning. This statement is not made to discourage late arrivals who felt cold this morning, but merely for the reason that it is a true-a cold fact, so to speak.

SECRETARY OF STATE

Honorable John Hay Acknowledges Dawson's Telegram.

Upon the "last mail" Mr. Justice Dugas, as chairman of the meeting held by the citizens of Dawson for the purpose of sending the condolence of the people of the Yukon to Mrs. McKinley upon her recent great bereavement, received the following acknowledgment from Secretary of State Hay. The letter bears the autograph signature of the secretary, the paper and envelope being surrounded by a border of the deepest black.

Department of State, September 28, 1901. Dawson, Y. T. Sir,—Among the many messages of grief, and of sympathy with Mrs. McKinley and the other members of the late President's family in their overwhelming trouble, received by the Government and acknowledged by me on their account, and among the multiplying expressions of profound respect for President McKinley's unselfish devotion and great service to his country, together with a wide and increasing testimony to his exalted character and gracious personality, from every part of the United States—indeed from all parts of the world—I have the honor to acknowledge with sentiments of sincere appreciation, your telegram of the 21st inst. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, JOHN HAY.

FOR SALE—The best located roadhouse on Hunker creek. Apply Nugget office.

CITY FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

Will Be Inaugurated as Soon as Certain Fitures Expected to Arrive Tomorrow Can Be Placed in Position—Will Be 16 Boxes Which Will Be Well Distributed.

Within the next two weeks Dawson will be equipped with as complete a fire alarm system as will be found in any city double the size throughout the Dominion. The boxes have been here for some time and would have been installed ere this had the indicators which go in both fire-halls likewise been on hand. Several weeks ago when it was decided to put in the system the additional apparatus needed was ordered at once from the outside, and word has been received that it is on the Flora and will arrive tomorrow. Immediately afterwards the boxes will be put up and the system will be in working order in a comparatively short time, thus affording much greater protection from fire. At present when a fire is discovered it is necessary to either carry the word to the fire department or send it in by telephone, in either event much valuable time is liable to be lost. With the new system all that will be necessary is to open the door of the little box and take down the hand phone from its hook. Releasing the hook sends in the alarm instantly; the indicator in each hall showing the number of the box from which the alarm has been sent. Each box has telephone connection with the fire halls so that if it is desired the exact location of a fire may be given, otherwise in responding to a call the department will repair directly to the box from which the alarm has been received. The phone connection from each box may also be of much service in being able to communicate directly with the fire halls during the progress of a fire. Each one of the autophones will be engaged in a small box painted red bearing the words "Fire Alarm," and will be fastened to convenient telephone poles. There will be 16 of the boxes, which will be distributed throughout the city, bringing every section within quick communication with the department. The location of the boxes and their numbers are as follows: No. 1—Bridge street and Eighth avenue. No. 2—Dugas street and Fifth avenue. No. 3—Northwest corner of Police Square. No. 4—Northwest corner Church street and Fifth avenue. No. 5—Northwest corner Harper street and Second avenue. No. 6—Northeast corner Princess street and Second avenue. No. 7—Southeast corner Queen street and Third avenue. No. 8—Northeast corner Queen street and Fifth avenue. No. 9—Southwest corner King street and Second avenue. No. 10—Northwest corner King street and Sixth avenue. No. 11—Northwest corner York street and Third avenue. No. 12—Southeast corner Duke street and First avenue. No. 13—Northwest corner Duke street and Sixth avenue. No. 14—Southeast corner Albert street and Third avenue. No. 15—Northwest corner Edward street and Second avenue. No. 16—Judge street on the bluff.

FLOURISHING NEW LODGE

Local Odd Fellows Take in Some Good People.

The lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows recently instituted in Dawson is already beginning to extend its good influences and principles by lumbering on its membership roll many names of new members who are from the rank of Dawson's very best and most substantial men. At the last meeting Dr. Edwards, Dr. Sutherland, R. A. Kalenborn and J. L. Sale were initiated and at the meeting tonight five others will enter the lane that leads to Jericho. With the vast army of Odd Fellows already here from all parts of the States and Canada, the order can muster more members in Dawson than any other secret order. It is one "chain gang" to which it is an honor to belong.

Strange, Is't It?

"Queer she never got married. She's so capable and resourceful a woman—so earnest and forceful." "Is she?" "Oh, yes, indeed. She's the kind of a woman who can look out for herself. Why, she knocked a man down once when he tried to flirt with her. She took a horsewhip to a fellow who spoke of her in a derogatory manner, and she drove a peddler four blocks with a mop." "Yes, yes," he returned, thoughtfully, "it is strange that no one ever has seemed to want her for a wife. Isn't it?"—Chicago Post.

NEW SAVOY PRESENTS "TRILBY" TONIGHT.

BUSINESS WILL RESUME

In Water Company Circles at 9 O'Clock Tonight.

Since 8 o'clock last night the water has been shut off from the water company's mains and the wagons have been kept busy hauling the city's supply from the Klondike. Workmen were engaged all night in lengthening the suction pipe, great difficulty being experienced in lowering the water in the well sufficiently so that the work could be carried on. At the start there was four feet in the well and it required hours of continuous work with an 8-inch pump before it could be lowered. It is the intention of the company while they are about it to deepen the well some six or eight feet, hoping thereby to increase the supply, providing, of course, that they are able to do so. There is at present about a foot of water in the well and it is impossible for the pump to further lower it. In addition to digging out the gravel it will be necessary to crib the excavation with heavy timber, and should the dow at any time increase it would be necessary to abandon the work. In that particular locality even though at a depth of 40 feet, the gravel is soft. Mr. Buchanan of the water company has given out the statement that he hopes to turn the water on again by 9 o'clock this evening.

LOST—A Gordon setter bitch, Sunday, Oct. 29th, on Bonanza Creek. Finder return to or notify Walter Seward, care Nugget office. Name Brownie.

Subscription Reduced. Beginning October 16th the subscription of the Daily Nugget will be reduced to three dollars per month, delivered by carrier to any address within the limits of Dawson. This reduction is made by reason of the facilities which we now enjoy for turning out a modern up-to-date journal at a minimum cost, the Nugget now possessing a plant which cannot be excelled in any city of the world of a similar size. Our readers will notice that while we have reduced the price of the paper we have increased its size, and are now publishing an eight column metropolitan journal, equal in text, matter and typographical appearance to the up-to-date dailies on the outside. The Nugget will be delivered to your door for \$3.00 per month in the future.

Ames Mercantile Co. Great Overcoat Sale... Men's Fur Coats in Astrachan, Persian Lamb, Russian Lamb, Walloby, Raccoon, Wombat, Marmot and Bulgarian Lamb. Handsome Fur Lined Beaver Cloth Coats, small sizes, \$33.00. Black Bulgarian Lamb Coats 30.00. A Great Special in Fur Coats at \$25.00. Ask for Our \$15 Storm Ulsters.

The Klondike Nugget

ISSUED DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY. GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily. Yearly, in advance \$30.00...

NOTICE. When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation."

LETTERS. And Small Packages sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hanker, Bonanza, Gold Hut, Sulphur, Quartz and Canyon.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER, 30, 1901

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET.

MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP.

Dawson's fire department is clearly in a demoralized condition. At the beginning of winter when a well-organized department is absolutely essential to the protection of the city, from fire, the discovery is suddenly made that the firemen and the chief of the department are at complete loggerheads.

The former served notice upon the committee of the council, having the fire department in charge, that they will serve no longer under the present chief. The committee upon investigation has found that no reasons exist for removing the chief, and in consequence, the men with one accord have tendered their resignations.

The status of the affair briefly summed up amounts to this: Either the chief must go, or the men must go, or the difficulty must be covered by making a clean sweep of everyone.

In the opinion of this paper the last proposition defines the course which should be pursued. The interest of the Nugget in the matter is the interest of the public generally. We are desirous of seeing the city provided with fire protection which will as nearly as possible minimize the risk that every property owner assumes in this city.

So far as the members of the department are concerned, they submitted their ultimatum to the fire committee which left that body scarcely any choice but to take the action noted above.

In consequence the firemen have resigned in a body and have asked to be relieved immediately. The Nugget believes that their wishes should be complied with, and further, is of the opinion that a change in the head of the department should be made at the same time.

The fact that the entire department has resigned rather than serve any longer under the present chief is proof positive that whatever the latter's other qualifications may be, he is not a success in the matter of handling men.

We submit therefore that the time is ripe for a reorganization of the department from the chief down. There is altogether too much at stake to waste time endeavoring to settle differences which events have already proven cannot be satisfactorily adjusted.

The fire department needs new blood and the sooner a complete and radical change in the organization is made the better will the interests of the city be served.

Mr. Sam Dunham, the well-known journalist who for several years represented the United States census bureau in Alaska, has given some strong evidence against Judge Noyes, whose official acts at Nome have been the occasion of such widespread comment. Dunham is probably as well posted as any one concerning the circumstances connected with Judge Noyes' administration of affairs at Nome and as he is known to be a man who possesses the courage of his convictions, his evidence will, without doubt, carry much weight.

If there has been no hitch in the program, Assassin Czolgosz has this paid the penalty of his crime. He was to die on the 28th inst. at 7 o'clock in the morning. The system of determining the date upon which criminals condemned to death in New York actually meet their death is peculiar. They are ordered to be executed during the week beginning at a certain date, and the exact day and hour is not known to the criminal until the actual time arrives. It is altogether probable that Czolgosz did not know when he was to die, until within an hour or two of the time.

THE CEDING OF LOUISIANA

By Napoleon to America Was a Measure to War

To Prevent Its Passing Into the Hands of England and to Give the latter Maritime Rival.

When the treaty ceding Louisiana territory to the United States was negotiated in 1803, the three ministers conducting the negotiations were Monroe and Livingston, representing the United States, and Barbe-Marbois, who had been selected by Napoleon to represent France Marbois' relations with Napoleon at that time were close and confidential, and the current traditions of Napoleon's attitude throughout the negotiations is a more or less inaccurate version of the report made by Marbois in his "History de Louisiana," written after the Bourbon restoration and published in Paris by the Didots in 1829.

The original edition, now rare in the United States, contains one of the earliest, if not the earliest, of the French maps of "the territory added to the United States by the treaty and its consequences," but interesting as this is, it scarcely compares in importance with the summary of the situation then existing as Marbois gives it and with his reports to Napoleon's conversations and speeches on the subject.

Marbois defines Livingston's mental state at this time as one of exasperation. He had been evaded and put off in what he considered a treacherous manner, until he was ready to make demands which no one thought France would consider among others, as Marbois records it, "for the whole of the vast territory north of the Arkansas."

To understand the attitude of Napoleon, it must be recalled that in becoming first consul, he had announced himself as a pacificator of the world, and after attempting to conciliate the powers in the treaty of Amiens, had continued vigorously the attempt to reconstruct France in accordance with his own ideas.

This is the situation which Marbois defines, and it explains the stimulus in reaching the decision that there must be a radical change in the attitude of France toward the United States. After the revolutionary war France had hoped to hold the United States as a ward under an informal French protectorate, and had cooperated with Spain to that end.

Before calling this conference he had denounced the claims of England to be "mistress of the seas" and had said, "To free the world from the commercial tyranny of England is the necessary to oppose to her a maritime power which will, one day become her rival. It must be the United States. The English aspire to dispossess of all the rights of the world. I will be useful to the entire universe if I can prevent them from dominating America, as they dominate Asia."

It appears that after announcing at the Tululeries that the United States must be thrust forward as a rival for England, Napoleon brooded over the matter, as was his habit; and then, after he had really made up his mind, he called his advisers to him and asked them for their opinion. "Perhaps it may be objected," he went on, "that the Americans will be found too powerful for Europe in two or three centuries. But my foresight takes no count of terrors at a distance. Moreover, you can look to the future for dimensions in the bosom of the Union. The confederations which are called perpetual only endure until one of the parties to the contract finds reason to break it. It is against present danger, to which we are exposed by the colossal powers of England, that I wish to provide a safeguard."

When Marbois says that the three negotiators—Monroe, Livingston and himself—"felt a sentiment superior to glory" in closing his review of Napoleon's action throughout the negotiations, Marbois says that "the following words (spoken when the signing of the treaty was announced) are enough to demonstrate what thought then dominated the first consul: 'This accession of territory,' said he, 'assures (after) forever the power of the United States, and I have given England a maritime rival which sooner or later will humble her pride.'"

"TRILBY" AS PRODUCED AT THE MADISON SQUARE THEATRE, NEW YORK, AT THE NEW SAVOY

W.B. Corsets. A Full Line in Colors and Sizes Just Received. J. P. McLENNAN. 237 FRONT STREET.

Doige Felt Shoes, First Quality, \$6.00. Second Quality, 4.00. Slater's Felt Shoes, 5.00. Meccasins, 1.50. Wool Socks, 4 Pairs for 1.00. SARGENT & PINSKA. SECOND AVENUE, Opposite S-Y. T. Co.

THE CEDING OF LOUISIANA

By Napoleon to America Was a Measure to War

To Prevent Its Passing Into the Hands of England and to Give the latter Maritime Rival.

When the treaty ceding Louisiana territory to the United States was negotiated in 1803, the three ministers conducting the negotiations were Monroe and Livingston, representing the United States, and Barbe-Marbois, who had been selected by Napoleon to represent France Marbois' relations with Napoleon at that time were close and confidential, and the current traditions of Napoleon's attitude throughout the negotiations is a more or less inaccurate version of the report made by Marbois in his "History de Louisiana," written after the Bourbon restoration and published in Paris by the Didots in 1829.

The original edition, now rare in the United States, contains one of the earliest, if not the earliest, of the French maps of "the territory added to the United States by the treaty and its consequences," but interesting as this is, it scarcely compares in importance with the summary of the situation then existing as Marbois gives it and with his reports to Napoleon's conversations and speeches on the subject.

Marbois defines Livingston's mental state at this time as one of exasperation. He had been evaded and put off in what he considered a treacherous manner, until he was ready to make demands which no one thought France would consider among others, as Marbois records it, "for the whole of the vast territory north of the Arkansas."

To understand the attitude of Napoleon, it must be recalled that in becoming first consul, he had announced himself as a pacificator of the world, and after attempting to conciliate the powers in the treaty of Amiens, had continued vigorously the attempt to reconstruct France in accordance with his own ideas.

This is the situation which Marbois defines, and it explains the stimulus in reaching the decision that there must be a radical change in the attitude of France toward the United States. After the revolutionary war France had hoped to hold the United States as a ward under an informal French protectorate, and had cooperated with Spain to that end.

Before calling this conference he had denounced the claims of England to be "mistress of the seas" and had said, "To free the world from the commercial tyranny of England is the necessary to oppose to her a maritime power which will, one day become her rival. It must be the United States. The English aspire to dispossess of all the rights of the world. I will be useful to the entire universe if I can prevent them from dominating America, as they dominate Asia."

It appears that after announcing at the Tululeries that the United States must be thrust forward as a rival for England, Napoleon brooded over the matter, as was his habit; and then, after he had really made up his mind, he called his advisers to him and asked them for their opinion. "Perhaps it may be objected," he went on, "that the Americans will be found too powerful for Europe in two or three centuries. But my foresight takes no count of terrors at a distance. Moreover, you can look to the future for dimensions in the bosom of the Union. The confederations which are called perpetual only endure until one of the parties to the contract finds reason to break it. It is against present danger, to which we are exposed by the colossal powers of England, that I wish to provide a safeguard."

When Marbois says that the three negotiators—Monroe, Livingston and himself—"felt a sentiment superior to glory" in closing his review of Napoleon's action throughout the negotiations, Marbois says that "the following words (spoken when the signing of the treaty was announced) are enough to demonstrate what thought then dominated the first consul: 'This accession of territory,' said he, 'assures (after) forever the power of the United States, and I have given England a maritime rival which sooner or later will humble her pride.'"

W.B. Corsets. A Full Line in Colors and Sizes Just Received. J. P. McLENNAN. 237 FRONT STREET.

Doige Felt Shoes, First Quality, \$6.00. Second Quality, 4.00. Slater's Felt Shoes, 5.00. Meccasins, 1.50. Wool Socks, 4 Pairs for 1.00. SARGENT & PINSKA. SECOND AVENUE, Opposite S-Y. T. Co.

Doige Felt Shoes, First Quality, \$6.00. Second Quality, 4.00. Slater's Felt Shoes, 5.00. Meccasins, 1.50. Wool Socks, 4 Pairs for 1.00. SARGENT & PINSKA. SECOND AVENUE, Opposite S-Y. T. Co.

Flings of Famous Folks.

The face of Oliver Cromwell was disfigured with moles, pimples and warts. He must have been very proud of them, however, for when his portrait was being painted by Sir Peter Lely he swore he would not pay for it unless all these facial disfigurements were quite clearly shown.

Hogarth, the famous painter, had a prominent scar on his forehead, which was the result of an accident in his early days. He made this appear still more prominent in a portrait of himself which he painted with his own hand.

The great Napoleon was subject to epileptic seizures, one of which it has been said lost him the battle of Waterloo, although most people believe his defeat was accomplished by the Duke of Wellington.

Lord Nelson lost one of his eyes, and his left arm had to be amputated as the result of a wound sustained in one of his numerous engagements. These deformities do not appear to have affected the great admiral's abilities, and on one famous occasion he found his blind eye particularly useful.

Viscount Wolsey, the late commander-in-chief, has the use of only one of his eyes. He was deprived of the sight of the other in the Crimean war, a few days before the capture of Sebastopol.

As is well known, the Emperor William of Germany suffers from semi-paralysis of the left arm; and his father, the Emperor Frederick, died of a chronic affection of the throat. Few people are aware of the curious throat trouble from which Lord Brougham, the eminent Lord Chancellor, was a constant sufferer.

Lord Byron, who was otherwise a magnificent specimen of a man, had a club-foot, of which he was anything but proud. It, however, detracted from his appearance and hindered his comeliness. It did not hamper his genius. Byron was possessor of a morbid fear of going out of his mind. Indeed, all poets are said to be more or less mad. Cowper was certainly subject to fits of lunacy, as was likewise Chatterton, who killed himself in a fit of derangement. The same is true of Rousseau, Cervantes, Southey and Swift.

Alexander Pope was a hunchback, with a very caustic tongue, which once resulted in his being as good as told that he was "a crooked little thing that asks impudent questions."

Throughout his life Sir Walter Scott could only walk with a limp. He was afflicted with partnership, which left him permanently lame.

The late James Payn, the novelist, was extremely deaf, in which respect he resembled Edison, the world-renowned electrician and inventor.

Milton was totally blind when he produced the masterpiece of his mature genius. From his youth up he suffered acutely from gout, which was the primary cause of the loss of his eyesight.

As anybody could gather from his works, Thomas Carlyle was a chronic dyspeptic. A state of irritation appears to have been his normal condition, and although in the absence of his peculiar ailment he might have been a far more amiable being, his writings would certainly have lost some of their most prominent characteristics.

Like Demosthenes, Charles Kingsley was afflicted with stuttering, but he did not cure himself of the failing, as did the famous Athenian orator, by practicing speaking with pebbles in his mouth.

Perhaps the most famous of European surgeons was also the most nervous. This was Billroth, of Vienna, whose hands were subject to violent trembling. But he operated with such celerity that his hand had no opportunity of trembling.

An anecdote concerning Mr. Moberly Bell, the manager of the London Times, who was in Canada the other day, is worth recording. He was passing through Buffalo after the shooting of President McKinley, but before a fatal termination of the President's illness was deemed certain, Mr. Bell left his car at the Milburn residence, and prepared to depart. He was recalled by Mr. Milburn, himself who asked him to enter the house. Being ushered into the library The Times editor met the members of the Cabinet, and was welcomed without reserve by the highest officials of the United States.

This mark of confidence was doubtless paid more to the newspaper than to the individual. One reason why The Times can get inside information is the knowledge that of all the

Make a Guess

When the River Freezes.

To the one coming nearest the exact time when the river closes in front of Dawson we will give the following outfit:

- A Fine Coat, Value \$60.00
A Beaver Cap, Value 20.00
A Pair of Dolge Shoes, Value 7.00
A Pair of Fur Lined Gloves 3.00
A Suit of Heavy Underwear 10.00

Total \$100.00

SEND IN YOUR GUESS.

newspaper in the world it is the most responsible, and can be trusted to act with due regard to the principles of honor and good faith. Other newspapers are similarly conducted but they have not been in existence as long and lack the prestige and wonderful corps of writers which distinguish The Times. Perhaps the most serious error in judgment ever made by the managers of the paper was the use of the Piggott forgery in connection with the Parnell case. Before committing suicide the wretched confessed that the letter he had palmed off on The Times was being signed by Parnell was written by himself. There is no reason to doubt that the paper acted in good faith and was imposed upon.

A curious after-incident which seems to have attracted no attention is contained in the autobiography of the late W. J. Stillman, published just before his death a few months ago. Mr. Stillman, a well-known American literary man and journalist who resided for many years in Europe, acted on several occasions as Times correspondent. In his autobiography he makes the charge that while the Piggott letter was a forgery there was a similar letter really written by Parnell which The Times failed to discover, though its existence was well known—Canadian Printer and Publisher.

We fit glasses. Pioneer drug store.

Canada, Yukon Territory.

We, Jack Smith and John W. Marchbank, formerly members of the firm of Smith & Marchbank, carrying on business as saloonkeepers at Dawson, in the Yukon territory, Canada, under the style of Smith & Marchbank, do hereby certify that said partnership was on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1901, dissolved by mutual consent.

Said John W. Marchbank is to assume all debts and is to collect all outstanding accounts. Witness our hands at Dawson, this twenty-ninth day of October, A. D. 1901.

Signed, sealed and executed in the presence of

JACK SMITH, J. W. MARCHBANK.

WINTER TIME SCHEDULE

The Orr & Tukey Co., Ltd.

We have made the following winter schedule for our stage lines, to go into effect as soon as winter roads are practicable. Grand Forks stages, week days Leave Dawson 9 a. m., 2 p. m. and 5 p. m., returning leave 7 a. m., 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Grand Forks stages, Sundays—Leave Dawson 9 a. m. and 3 p. m., returning leave 7 a. m. same time.

Gold Run, Dominion, Williams, Dome, Carmacks, Grand Forks, daily, except Sundays. Leave Dawson 7 a. m., Williams 10 a. m., and Carmacks 12 m. Hunter and Dominion stage to 3 below Lower Discovery, Dominion, daily except Sundays—Leave Dawson 9:30 a. m., returning leave 3:30 p. m. for Dawson, via Hunter, 7:30 a. m., connecting at Carmacks for Williams, Dome, Carmacks and Grand Forks.

A tri-weekly stage will leave Grand Forks Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays on arrival of Dawson about 10:30 a. m. for Quartz, Montana and Eureka creeks.

All stages used on these lines are new throughout, spacious and well upholstered, have black seats, wool cushions and containing plenty of robes for the comfort of the traveling public.

Four-horse teams will be used on all stages running over the divide and good time is guaranteed. THE ORR & TUKEY CO., LTD.

SOCIETIES.

THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF Yukon Lodge, No. 79, A. F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic hall, Mission street, monthly, Thursday or on next full moon, at 8:00 p. m. C. H. WELLS, W. M. J. A. DONALD, Sec'y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

WADE, CONDON & AIKMAN - Advocates, Notaries, etc. Office Building. PASTILLO & RIDLEY - Advocates, Notaries, Conveyancers, etc. Office, Rooms 7 and 8 A. C. Office Bldg.

FULL LINE CHOICE BRANDS

Wines, Liquors & Cigars. CHISHOLM'S SALOON. 704 CHISHOLM, PHOEN.

Heinz Chutney

AT F. S. DUNHAM'S THE FAMILY GROCER. Corner 2nd Ave. and 6th St.

The ice is now running in the river

and each succeeding day brings us nearer to the big event.

THE CONTEST CLOSES THE LAST DAY OF THIS MONTH, OCT. 31st.

HERSHBERG, CLOTHIER

AMUSEMENTS

The Standard Theatre

Beginning October 16th the subscription of the Daily Nugget will be reduced to three dollars per month, delivered by carrier to any address within the limits of Dawson. This reduction is made by reason of the facilities which we now enjoy for turning out a modern up-to-date journal at a minimum cost, the Nugget now possessing a plant which cannot be excelled in any city of the world of a similar size.

Lady of Lyons

Send a copy of Grotzman's Souvenir to outside friends. A complete pictorial history of Klondike. For sale at all news stands. Price \$2.50.

If You Pay In Gold Dust

AT \$15 You Will Come Out Ahead. Ac Shaw's Meat Market. 1234 YUKON ST. NEAR BARRICK.

Iowa Creamery Butter

L. A. MASON, Agent, Second Ave., Rear of Fairview.

Subscription Reduced

Beginning October 16th the subscription of the Daily Nugget will be reduced to three dollars per month, delivered by carrier to any address within the limits of Dawson. This reduction is made by reason of the facilities which we now enjoy for turning out a modern up-to-date journal at a minimum cost, the Nugget now possessing a plant which cannot be excelled in any city of the world of a similar size.

Our readers will notice that while we have reduced the price of the paper we have increased its size and are now publishing an eight column metropolitan journal, equal in text, matter and typographical appearance to the up-to-date dailies on the outside.

The Nugget will be delivered to your door for \$3.00 per month in the future.

STANDARD FREE READING, WRITING, SMOKING, CHESS AND CHECKER ROOMS.

LIBRARY WORKINGMAN'S LUNCH, DINNER AND REPAIRMENT ROOM.

The White Pass & Yukon Route

Operating the following Finest Passenger Service between Dawson and White River: "Victoria" "Columbia" "Gardner" "Selkirk" "Dawson" "Yukon" "Zetlandian" "Sybil" and "The White Pass". A daily steamer each way, commencing with "Victoria" at White Horse, Thursday, October 31st, for Dawson. Passengers checked and ticketed through.

Travel by the Best Route and Avoid Trouble and Delay. Reservations Ask at Once.

C. HAWKINS, Gen'l Mgr. W.P.&Y.R. F. LEE, Gen'l Mgr. B.N.C. Co. Traffic Manager.

C. G. Wilson, Importer

FEED, PROVISIONS, FOOD PRODUCTS. THIRD AVENUE. All Stored in the New Two Story Brick. Call and Get Prices in Quantities.

STAGE LINES THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd.

TO GRAND FORKS—Daily each way, Sundays included. 7:00 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. TO HUNKER—Daily (Sundays included). 10:30 a. m.

ALL LEAVE OFFICE R. C. CO. BUILDING. TELEPHONE 100.

By Using Long Distance Telephone

You are put in immediate communication with Billings, Butte, Denver, El Paso, Grand Rapids, Houston, Los Angeles, New York, San Francisco, Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria, Wash. D.C., and other cities.

By Subscribing for a Columbia in Town

You can have a Columbia in town for only \$20.00 per month. Includes all long distance calls.

Yukon Telephone System. GENERAL OFFICE 704 CHISHOLM ST.

Malatesta

So much has been said about Malatesta that it is almost unnecessary to say anything more about him. There is reason to believe, however, that Malatesta is not only a man of great ability, but also a man of great courage. He has been written about in many places, and his name has never been forgotten. He is a man of great ability, and his name has never been forgotten. He is a man of great courage, and his name has never been forgotten.

the

bring

LAS

31st

RG,

OT

Cast

Dawson

THE ST

SCENI

of Grot

Friends

of Klond

by K

stands

At Sha

Meat M

near B

er

reduc

are no

al in

to-date

your

The

FRAN

TERE

CHIC

VIS

OD I

PA

CRE

FRO

CAPO

ng

the

run

dep

# Malatesta, the "Stormy Petrel" of Anarchy.

So much has been written lately about Malatesta that one needs a special excuse for saying more about this remarkable anarchist. The excuse offered here is that much of what has been written about him wasn't true, and also that much that is significant has never been told although it is true.

There is reason to suppose that this Italian, whose name is Malatesta, who has been living in London for many years, occupies a much more important position than has generally been assigned to him and is considerably more than Emma Goldman about the murder of President McKinley.

Malatesta—his name invariably has been printed Enrico, which is considered by the "Department of Criminal Investigation" as Scotland Yard to be the real name of the organized anarchists in London, numbering between 3,000 and 4,000 members. He is also known to be in close touch with anarchist organizations in America, France and Italy, and he is suspected by the London police of being the head and moving spirit of international affiliations of anarchists. He has a few intimate friends outside of anarchist circles and, from talks with some of these, I gather that they fully believe Malatesta to be the anarchist leader.

He is not only watched continually by the police today, but anyone who wishes to see him is followed by the police. He has been in London for four years and has been so cautious that no charge of meeting to violence has been brought against him, but his liberty is not so great in London and Italy, and in either of these countries he would be arrested if he could be caught.

The talk concerning this Italian anarchist, his wealth and title, his suspected of weaving plots while detectives representing at least four nations look on with interest in vain for some one on whom to hold him are more dramatic than any of the things that have been written about Malatesta in his own name and which are respected in Italy today. As Malatesta has inherited the title of baron and would have come into a considerable property if his family had not disowned him on account of his revolutionary tendencies. He has

a brother Henry, who is in the public service in Italy today.

Malatesta was intended by his father to be a scientist, and after an excellent education under tutors was sent to Milan University to prepare for the study of medicine. He was a turbulent, headstrong youth, and soon became the leader of the more restless spirits at the university. Before he had time to graduate he was arrested as the leader of a revolutionary movement and, although his family managed to get him out of jail, they informed him that thenceforth they would have nothing to do with him unless he changed his views about the iniquity of all forms of government. Malatesta promptly refused and was invited by the family to go and be hanged.

He plunged into all sorts of plots against the Italian government after that, and for this complicity in the riots of 1893 was imprisoned again. After his release he went to America. He seems to have spent most of his time there in quiet conferences with anarchist leaders. Emma Goldman and Johann Most were his intimates, but, unlike them, he kept himself in the background as much as possible.

Malatesta came to London three years ago, and his headquarters ever since have been at 112 High Street, in the rather squalid district in the north of London known as Islington. His place is not far from the lodgings of the famous organ grinder, who is unquestionably the oldest son of the late Earl Poullet, and who is trying to establish his claim to the title.

High Street, in the neighborhood where the famous anarchist's lair is situated, narrows down into a shabby little lane flanked by unimpressive shops and a few shabby dwellings. It is in a room over a little wine shop with the name Defendi over the door that Malatesta lodges.

Defendi is said to be an intimate friend of the anarchist leader and is declared to be a revolutionary exile from Italy, and his son, a boy of 17, has been informally adopted by Malatesta and is his closest companion.

Two women who live opposite Defendi's shop positively declined to allow our photographer to obtain a picture of the shop from their first-story windows, though they were obviously poor and the request was accompanied by an offer to pay for the privilege. One of them said:

"They are queer people and I don't want to do anything to get their ill will. They seem peaceful enough, but we all know what they are, and if we don't know what they might do if they took a grudge against any one

than likely to lead to surveillance by Scotland Yard officials."

Malatesta's shop is a bare little place with one or two broken bicycles about, odds and ends of lead pipe and a few old gas meters. He is a keen student of chemistry and electricity, and is said to have made one or two electrical inventions that would have brought him money if he had not been opposed to the idea of patents. If he had not been so busy promoting anarchy he might have been as useful a citizen as his fellow countryman Marconi.

Those who believe most firmly that this man is the leading spirit of the anarchists all over the world deny strenuously that he gets a penny of salary. "He works too hard to be on salary," observed one of them. His hard life and prison experience make him look much older than he really is. Whereas his age usually has been given as 50, I am told that he is only 38. He has a heavily-lined face, jet-black hair and beard, and piercing black eyes. He is a teetotaler, or the next thing to it, and has vigorous views on the subject of strong drink. His only dissipation, so far as is known, is a cheap pipe.

To all seeming he is one of the most quiet, mild and peaceable of men. He is known to have expelled from authority among London anarchists one or two men who talked too violently. His voice is soft and pleasant, and it is said of him that he wouldn't personally kill so much as a fly. His former roommate at Defendi's, a chum of his at college and a companion in many revolutionary adventures, was dropped by him and requested to move elsewhere because he kicked up a row in Soho one night, flourished a revolver and talked about slaying somebody.

No, the soft-voiced Malatesta declares that he doesn't believe in killing people. He disappeared from London last before King Humbert was slain, and turned up in Italy, although the police there didn't know of it then. He was back in London by the time Bresi had freed his fatal shot. Malatesta, of course, disavowed all knowledge of this deed, but had to admit that he was well acquainted with Bresi, for the fact was generally known. He was watched by London detectives and all sorts of traps were laid for him, but nothing could be found that definitely connected him with the crime.

In the same way detectives did their best to connect him with the murder of the empress of Austria. He was known to have been in touch with her slayer, but there was nothing to prove that Malatesta had planned

this crime from his little back room in Islington.

Did Enrico Malatesta plot the death of President McKinley? It is safe to say that no document will ever be found to prove it. But this soft-spoken anarchist seems to have had an especial grudge against the conditions in America, apparently because of the number of rich men there. He declared recently to one of my informants that there were more anarchists in America today than in any other country in the world, and that the number would increase steadily. He ranted bitterly about oppression there. He was especially solicitous about the Filipinos, and said President McKinley was as much an imperialist as any European monarch. "There is in America," he said, "a despotic monarchy that rules by gold," and went on with exactly the sort of talk that is familiar in the columns of yellow journalism. "America," he said, "is producing more real anarchists than any other country." In Malatesta's view, a "real" anarchist is one who acts and doesn't talk.

It would be interesting to see whether Emma Goldman denies that she was as much influenced by Malatesta as Czolgosz declared himself to be influenced by Emma Goldman.

Despite the best efforts of the London police, Malatesta and Emma Goldman were in frequent close communication during her stay in London, as they were when she was in New York.

I was told yesterday on what seemed rather good authority that in my informant's opinion Malatesta made the time of his visit to America at the time of his visit to America. That was four or five years ago, and owing to the youthfulness of the assassin, the statement seems improbable, but the bare possibility of its being true makes it worth giving. If it could be proved, its importance obviously would be great indeed.

This Italian, whom no self-respecting London journalist ever mentions in print without calling him "the stormy petrel of anarchy," seems to be as crafty as Prof. Moriarty in "Sherlock Holmes." The Italian police are even more anxious than the Scotland Yard folks to get a hold on him. At the Italian embassy in London it was admitted in answer to my queries that the man has been under constant surveillance in their behalf ever since he came to London. In spite of this, however, he not only slipped over to Italy just before King Humbert's death, but three years ago he had gone over and even taken with him his adopted son. By the time the detectives got on his track, however, he was back safe and sound in London. Some time ago the embassy was notified that Malatesta had

gone to Canada, but satisfied itself that he had not left England.

The secretary said that the various Italian ambassadors had orders to keep under surveillance such notorious countrymen of theirs as Malatesta, and added that the consul at New York kept a careful watch over several of them. He said, too, that the Italian government, since the assassination of King Humbert, has increased the rigor of its precautions against anarchists and that he is able to state that the ministry is preparing to adopt drastic measures to wipe them out. The staff of detectives whose business it is to guard the king has been greatly increased.

The secretary of the embassy confirmed the statement that the Malatesta family was one of the oldest and most honored in Italy. He refused to say definitely that the anarchist was a scion of the family, but assurance on that point is hardly needed.

Although Malatesta keeps profoundly secret whatever connection he may have with the violent side of anarchy, he makes no mystery of his adherence to the philosophical side of it. He even wrote an article on it not long ago in the hope of getting it printed in one of the most staid and dignified of the English magazines. The magazine, however, wasn't going in for that sort of thing, and the article never got into print. It was not rejected for lack of literary ability, however, as one may judge from this concluding paragraph of it, which I copied from the original manuscript:

"We anarchists regret violence and deplore its sickening consequences, but we don't shut our eyes to the true condition of the struggle. We only ask for liberty of propaganda and organization, expecting the triumph of our ideas not by a coup de main, but by the employment of force, but by the full consent of the people. Let us have liberty, it will be the safest way for all concerned."

Since the murder of President McKinley Malatesta has been watched more closely than ever, and for the last week or two has rarely stirred from his room. He sits there alone most of the time, reading and meditating.

CURTIS BROWN.

Deposit Place for Ransom.

Berlin, Oct. 12—According to reports received here from Sofia, the captors of Miss Stone demand that the ransom shall be deposited at Semakoff, Bulgaria.

A Bulgarian cattle drover, who was an eye-witness of the kidnapping, has been arrested upon suspicion of complicity in the outrage, at the instance of the United States consul.

**"YOU'RE NOT SO WARM!"**

But that you may need another heater.

If so, call on

**Dawson Hardware Co., Ltd.**

Store, Second Ave. Phone 36. Tin Shop, 4th St. & 3rd Ave.

---

**Pacific Packing and Navigation Co.**

Successors to Pacific Steam Whaling Co.

FOR

**Copper River and Cook's Inlet**

YAKUTAT, ORCA, VALDEZ, HOMER.

FOR ALL POINTS In Western Alaska Steamer Newport Sails From Juneau on First of Each Month

OFFICES SEATTLE Cor. First Ave. and Yeater Way. SAN FRANCISCO No. 30 California Street

---

Special power of attorney forms for sale at the Nugget office.

**Wall Paper**

FROM 50 CTS. UP.

**ANDERSON BROS.**

SECOND AVENUE

---

**Photo Supplies**

For Amateurs and Professionals.

A COMPLETE STOCK

\*\*\*\*\*

**Goetzman** PHOTOGRAPHER

Field and Marine Glasses

Scales and Supplies Phone Branch Office

---

**Bay City Market**

Are supplied with meats which for taste and nutrition are not equalled by any other market in this country. Try us and prove this assertion.

BOYSUVT & CO., Props.

---

**Pacific Coast Steamship Co.**

Affords a Complete Coastwise service, Covering

Alaska, Washington California, Oregon and Mexico.

Our boats are manned by the most skillful navigators. Exceptional Service the Rule.

All Steamers Carry Both Freight and Passengers

...Note...  
The Following Specials

# N. A. T. & T. COMPANY

...Note...  
The Following Specials

**Delicacies, Luxuries, Necessities, Gathered From the Four Corners of the Earth!**

**"NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR THE KLONDIKER."**

<p><b>Franco-American Soups</b></p> <p>TERRAPIN, MOCK TURTLE, OX TAIL, CHICKEN, CREME TURTLE.</p> <p><b>Fancy Groceries</b></p> <p>PATTI DE FOIS GRAS, CREME DE BRIE CHEESE, FROMAGE, ROQUEFORT, CAPOTS (Cross &amp; Blackwell's) SNYDER'S CATSUP,</p>	<p><b>DURKIE'S SALAD DRESSING, HEINZE'S PICKLES, ANCHOVIES "Couteaux," ANCHOVIES AND OLIVES, TOBASC0, (Louisiana),</b></p> <p align="center"><b>Cereals</b></p> <p>CARMEL CEREAL, GRAPE NUT, MALT BREAKFAST FOOD, RALSTON'S BR'KST FOOD, CRACKED WHEAT, SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUITS,</p>	<p><b>"QUAIL" KILN DRIED OATS, "TWIN BROTHERS" MUSH, GERMEA.</b></p> <p align="center"><b>Case Liquors</b></p> <p>MOUNTAIN DEW SCOTCH, DHULOGH SCOTCH, DEWAR'S EXTRA SPECIAL SCOTCH, SEGRAM'S RYE WHISKY, CANADIAN CLUB RYE WHISKY, RUNNYMEDE RYE WHISKY, HENNESSY *** BRANDY,</p>	<p><b>UNITED VINEYARD BRANDY, FROMY &amp; ROGEE, VERMOUTH (French), GIN, OLD TOM "BOOTH," GIN, DUKEYPER'S.</b></p> <p align="center"><b>Hardware</b></p> <p>CUTLERY, KITCHEN UTENSILS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, GLASS, PUTTY, STOVE FURNITURE</p> <p align="center">SPECIAL <b>Cole's Hot Blast Heaters</b> FOR COAL</p>
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**N. A. T. & T. COMPANY**

the river brings us

LAST 31st.

RG, OTHIER

beginning on Monday, Oct. 28 at 8:15

Cast Ever Put Dawson.

THE STAGE. SCENIC EFFECTS.

of Goetzman's Soprano friends. A complete of Klondike. Price 12.50.

At Shaw's Meat Market

er Better Than Any

uced

the Daily Nugget, delivered by Dawson. This reach we now enjoy at a minimum ch cannot be ex-

duced the price are now publish- al in text, mat- o-date dailies on

your door for

RY KINGMAN'S CH, DINNER AND SHMENT ROOMS.

kon Route

Reservations Made in Advance

Traffic Manager, Agent

porter

VISIONS, OD PRODUCTS.

by Brick.

ities.

FREIGHTERS

, Ltd.

Telephone No.

ing Distance

put in immediate con- tion with Boston, do, Hunker, Dominion, an or Sulphur Creek.

ing for a Telephone

have at our Super- er 200

Telephone Sys. Co.

# ECONOMY IS WEALTH

## GREAT REDUCTION IN CANNED MEATS

Soft Wheat Flour, per Sack	\$3.50	Roast Mutton, 2s, Per Dozen	\$4.50
Sugar, per Pound	.12	Corned Beef, 2s, Per Dozen	3.50
Roast Beef, 2s, Per Dozen	4.00	Choice Honey 12 Half Gal. Cans, Case	8.00

Don't Overlook This Opportunity.

### NORTHERN COMMERCIAL COMPANY

Take Advantage of This Special Inducement to Consumers and

# SAVE YOUR MONEY!

### FIRST STAKER GETS CLAIM

Although it Was First Recorded by Another.

Gold Commissioner Senkler yesterday rendered a decision in the case of T. F. Senclair against George W. Mitchell, the ground involved being No. 19 on Conglomerate pup. The claim was staked by both men, Senclair locating first but not applying for record until after Mitchell had staked and also received his grant. The commissioner holds that Mitchell's staking holds good and Senclair's grant must be cancelled. The findings are as follows:—

"The facts in this case are as follows: The plaintiff first staked the ground in question on the 2nd day of September last. Subsequently, he again staked the same ground upon the 12th day of the same month, by changing the date of location. The defendant staked the ground in question upon the 22nd day of September, and obtained a grant the next day. The plaintiff did not apply for record until the 24th day of the same month and as far as his second location is concerned, his application was made within the time required under the regulations, as this ground is some 40 odd miles from Dawson.

"The only doubtful point in the case is whether a man having once staked the ground, is entitled to again locate in the way the plaintiff did in this case. I think it depends altogether upon the circumstances in each case, and in this one I am inclined to think that the plaintiff located the ground again under the bona fide belief that he only had ten days within which to apply, and in his so doing, he did not in any way interfere with the defendant, whose rights to the property accrued subsequent to the second staking by the plaintiff.

"I must hold that the plaintiff is entitled to a grant for the ground in question, and the defendant's grant must be cancelled. The plaintiff is entitled to the costs of the action."

### SUCCESSFUL DEMONSTRATION

'Killfire' All That is Claimed by Agent Ashby.

The demonstration of the wonders of "Killfire" as a fire extinguisher yesterday afternoon at the corner of King street and Third avenue was convincing to each member of the large crowd who witnessed it. A roaring fire fed by gallons of kerosene the flames of which rolled 20 feet high, were almost instantly extinguished by the application of not over half a can of the wonderful powder known as "Killfire." As an extinguisher of incipient fires, and all fires have an incipient stage, "Killfire" is the most successful composition of the age. See Agent H. E. Ashby with Standard Commercial Co., Second avenue.

#### All About Garters.

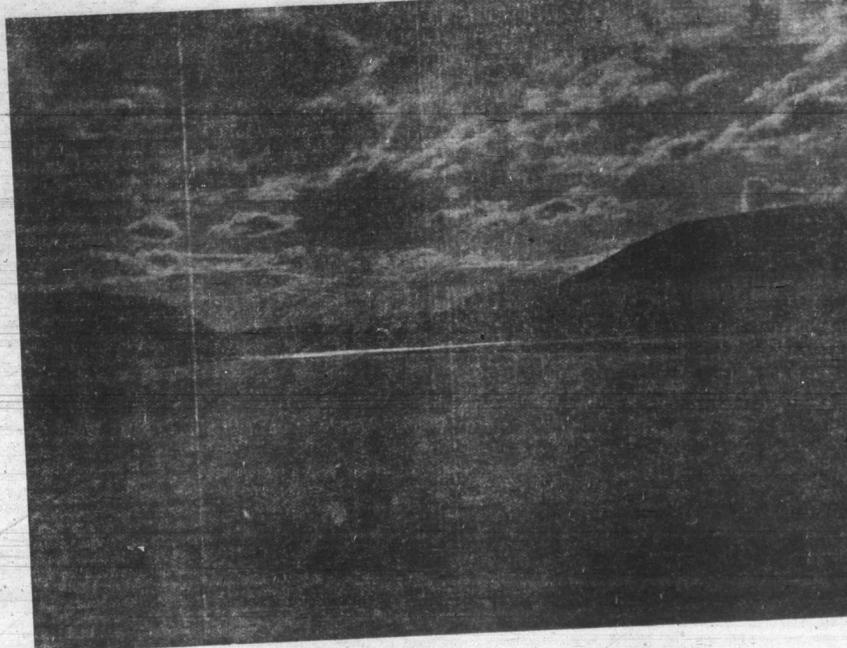
A young lady visiting town dropped into one of our stores the other day and said: "It is my desire to obtain a pair of circular elastic appendages capable of being contracted or expanded by means of oscillated burnished steel appliances that sparkle like bits of gold leaf set with Alaska diamonds, and which are utilized for keeping in position the habiliments of the lower extremities, which delicacy forbid me to mention."

"Such a modest young lady would probably use up several dictionaries and then not find words adequate to express herself when she had to buy a suit of cold weather lingerie. Modesty is delightful when it is not slapped on with a whitewash brush. When it is, it resembles a pained black eye, or a swelled neck touched with iodine.—Lowery's Claim.

#### Repatee.

He—How do you feel when I beat you at whist?  
She—Not quite as bad as you feel when your friend Jenkins beats you at poker.—Ohio State Journal.

SEE "TRILBY" AT NEW SAVOY



SUNSET ON LAKE LE BARGE.

### THE SINGLE TAX THEORY

Has Able and Sincere Exponents in This City.

Views of a Business Man Who Thinks That All Taxation Should Be Levied on Land Values.

The single tax idea in a mild form has made its appearance in Dawson and seemingly the theory has some very pronounced supporters in this city.

A prominent merchant of Dawson expressed the idea that the method of taxation would be much more impartial than the present system of assessments were levied almost entirely upon land values.

"It is almost impossible," said he, "for an assessor to arrive at anything approaching a just valuation of what is ordinarily spoken of as personal property. A man cannot go into a merchant's store and by a cursory examination place a fair estimate on the value of the stock carried or on the fixtures. Naturally the assessor must rely to a great extent upon the figures given by the owner of the goods himself, and consequently the fairness of the taxation rolls is largely determined by the individual honesty of the taxpayers.

"The same theory is true of household furniture and in fact everything which is considered as being personal property.

"Again the present system of taxation is discouraging to the man who desires to extend his business and improve his property and works directly in favor of the owner of real estate who does not expend a dollar in making improvements thereon.

"In other words, an individual, or company who spend their money in extending their business or improving their property are taxed by the government merely on account of their enterprise. On the other hand the man who allows his land to lie idle and makes no expenditures for the purpose of improving his holding derives all the benefit from the present system.

"For instance a vacant lot often will be located in a city, as is the case in a number of instances in Dawson, between two highly improved pieces of property. By virtue of the improvements on the two adjoining properties the vacant lot enjoys a marked increase in value although its owner has simply done nothing but allow it to lie idle.

"My theory is that the improvements should not be taxed at all and that the entire assessment should be levied on the ground and that the improved and unimproved lots should be taxed alike. In this way the owners of the unimproved lot would be forced to do something with their

### CONTINUING THIS WAY

Mail Passed Stewart at 3 O'clock This Morning.

The Use of River Water Attended With Danger.

The canoe which is bringing down several hundred pounds of mail as reported by telegraph to have reached and passed Stewart river at 3 o'clock this morning and is expected to reach Dawson sometime tomorrow forenoon.

The steamer Flora, also said to be bringing a consignment of mail, passed Selwyn at 8 o'clock this morning, but owing to the low stage of the water, is not expected in until sometime tomorrow forenoon.

It was reported around town today that the steamer Nora was to leave Whitehorse this evening with passengers and mail for Dawson, but in inquiry of Acting Agent Miles failed to confirm the report. The rapidity with which the ice has thickened in the Yukon within the past 24 hours does not look favorable to navigation after the next day or two.

The bishops of Montana, Central Pennsylvania, Lexington, Washington and the coadjutor bishop of Virginia were appointed to act with a similar number of presbyters and laymen on a committee to nominate a board of managers for the board of missions.

It was agreed to amend the former rule, now a part of the constitution, which provided that a bishop retired by reason of advanced age or bodily infirmity arising therefrom, shall be entitled to an honorary seat in the house of bishops, by striking out the words "arising therefrom" so that bishops incapacitated by other causes than age might not be barred.

The bishops, on adjournment, proceeded to the house of deputies to sit with that body in hearing the report of the joint committee on Christian education.

St. Andrew's Ball.

A meeting will be held in the McDonald hotel on Thursday night, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, to make arrangements for St. Andrew's ball. All who are interested are asked to attend.

A. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

### CONTINUES TO FLOOD

Waves from High Tide of Morality Sweep Dawson.

Work of Board Complete

And still Dawson is swept by the flood tide of morality which leaves the prisoner's bench at police court where dark brown tasses were once wont to line up in the morning like crows on a limb washed clean of all occupants. It now takes two weeks to enter as many 'd' and 'd.' charges as were formerly booked in one day. This condition is not due to lack of vigilance on the part of the police, for Sergeant Frank Smith and his men are as diligent as the patrol force has ever been in the past. It is possible that there has been an improvement in the quality of "oil of joy and gladness" dispensed in Dawson or that more hoodlum gauges are now being used than formerly. At being used now than formerly, the amount of drunkenness and disorder in Dawson there once was. For two years the Nugget's police court reporter has advised putting a squirt of James' in it, and it is now evident that the advice has been adopted and is generally practiced.

House of Bishops.

San Francisco, Oct. 12.—The house of bishops this morning voted in favor of the appointment of a joint committee to consist of three bishops, three presbyters and three laymen, to consider the subject of prohibited degrees of marriage. On the part of the house of bishops the bishops of South Dakota, Delaware and Iowa were appointed as members of this committee.

The bishops of Montana, Central Pennsylvania, Lexington, Washington and the coadjutor bishop of Virginia were appointed to act with a similar number of presbyters and laymen on a committee to nominate a board of managers for the board of missions.

It was agreed to amend the former rule, now a part of the constitution, which provided that a bishop retired by reason of advanced age or bodily infirmity arising therefrom, shall be entitled to an honorary seat in the house of bishops, by striking out the words "arising therefrom" so that bishops incapacitated by other causes than age might not be barred.

The bishops, on adjournment, proceeded to the house of deputies to sit with that body in hearing the report of the joint committee on Christian education.

### WORK OF BOARD COMPLETE

Continued from page 1.

Continues to Flood

of the year, would not show a net profit of that much.

In concluding his case Mr. McGowan expressed regret that he was unable to procure the evidence of Mr. Matheson concerning the value of the buildings of the company. If the board were not satisfied with evidence already adduced upon that point, the company will gladly accept the appraisal of Dominion Architect Fuller.

Case reserved.

Colin Chisholm, proprietor of the McDonald hotel, desired to appeal from the assessment made upon the income of the hotel, but when informed of no such assessment had been made he withdrew.

W. H. Parsons for the Amos Mercantile Co. appealed from the assessment of 100,000 made on the company's personal property. He stated that they never at any one time had had so extensive stock and submitted a schedule showing the amount of goods received and sales during the season. Importations during the year amounted to 1172 tons. Reserved.

Dr. Cook was again heard concerning the assessment of 250,000 levied against the personal property of the Lague Co. He is thoroughly familiar with the stock carried by his company, an inventory being taken twice a year, and at no time has the stock exceeded \$120,000. Goods received from the outside during the year amounted to \$19,000, upon which \$58,800 was paid in freight. Will receive a rebate of \$10,000 on the latter. Stock now has been reduced to \$50,000. Reserved.

Palmer Bros. appealed from the assessment of \$200,000 on their personal property. Albert Lavery, bookkeeper, testified their stock June 15 involved \$55,190. During the year

Goetzman's Magnificent

# Souvenir OF THE Klondike

IS NOW BEING CLOSED OUT AT

## .. \$2.50 EACH ..

This Work Is Without Exception the Finest Production Ever Published Showing Views of This Country. The Work Is Handsomely Bound With an Illuminated Cover and Contains

### 80 PAGES OF ILLUSTRATIONS OVER 200 VIEWS.

Printed on Heavy Coated Book Paper.

Former Price \$5.00, NOW \$2.50

Copies, While They Last, Can Be Obtained at All Book Stores or at

## Goetzman's Photograph Studio

Corner First Avenue and Second Street

### BEWARE OF FEVER GERMS

The Use of River Water Attended With Danger.

On occasions like the present, when the city water works retire from business, if even a day, the physicians say people should abstain from drinking water that is taken from either the Klondike or Yukon rivers, for the reason that fever germs lurk in every drop of river water at this season of the year, and what doctors do not know about fever germs will not be learned by holding a glass of water up to a light like candleing an egg. A germ may sit on the edge of the glass and bark at the imbiber of aqua without being either seen or heard, yet after being swallowed it may pour the system and leave disease in its wake which a whole drug store will not eradicate.

Water taken for domestic purposes these days of suspended animation on the part of the water company should be either boiled, sifted or put through a coffee mill before being introduced into the labyrinths of the human system. Mawter rifles are not in it compared with germs.

Only the best brands of case goods served. Drinks and cigars 25c. Pete McDonald, Bank saloon.

### ST. ANDREW'S BALL

A meeting will be held in the McDonald hotel on Thursday night, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, to make arrangements for St. Andrew's ball. All who are interested are asked to attend.

A. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

### LOST—Doubledgold band ring

chain between hands. Take address at the Nugget office. Liberal reward.

### PAUL POTTER'S DESTRUCTION OF THE GREAT NUGGET

"TRILBY" AT NEW SAVOY

Send a copy of Gutzman's Souvenir of the Klondike to the publisher, Paul Potter, at all news stands. Price 25c.

### How They Came This

A clergyman's wife was making clothes for the boys when one of her daughters called in to have a chat. It was not long before the visitor's eye was attracted by a basket more than half filled with buttons. The visitor could not help remarking that there seemed to be a good supply of buttons. "Where did you get them?" she suddenly exclaimed. "Here are two buttons exactly the same as those my husband had last winter suit. I thought I should get them anywhere."

"Indeed," said the minister's wife quietly, "I am surprised to hear of this. All these buttons were made in the collection bag I thought I would well put them to some use."

### PAUL POTTER'S DESTRUCTION OF THE GREAT NUGGET

"TRILBY" AT NEW SAVOY

Send a copy of Gutzman's Souvenir of the Klondike to the publisher, Paul Potter, at all news stands. Price 25c.

**DAWSON FIRES**  
Can be Prevented or Equipped with

**KILFYRE**

A dry powder, composed of never freezes and ready for use. Has been used all over the Klondike. In all the Standard Oil Co. is all the warehouses. These fires were house being equipped two years ago.

Leave Orders at Office of

**STANDARD COMMERCIAL CO.**  
SECOND AVENUE.

### N. C. Co. Office Building

RENT INCLUDES STEAM HEAT - ELECTRIC LIGHTS JANITOR SERVICE

NO FIRE RISKS, BEST ACCOMMODATIONS, BEST LOCATION

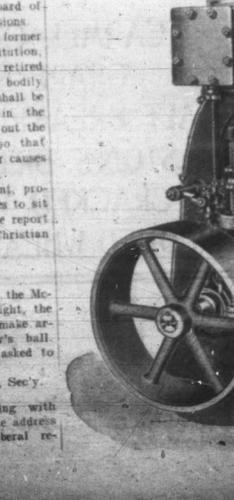
Rents Reasonable

For Terms Apply to

## Northern Commercial Co.

Holts, 5 to 12 H.-P., Boilers, 8 to 50 H.-P., Buffalo Duplex Pumps, Moore Steam Pumps, Pipe Fittings, Ranges, Stoves and Heaters, Granite Steam Hose, Silver Dollar Shovels, Pan-American Wheelbarrows

Holme, Miller & Co.  
107 Front Street,



The Nugget

Vol. 2. No. 261

UNPREPARED

Sweep the V

Breaking

White

Sou

they Came

a's wife

boys who

ed in to

is not lo

was attract

than Tril

visitor coul

at there

turn the

turned:

two butto

my husb

re. I

said the

an surpris

tions wen

g. I thou

to some

slagway, Oct.

might arriv

one of the

history of Al

Queen Char

was encount

FIRST C

slagway, Oct.

weather of the sea

today, a strong

obviously.

SAME H

slagway, Oct. 31

may there av

arrive in Skagway

KING'S HE

IS VE

All Reports of U

Hearsay of U

New York, Oct.

the reports regard

king, the Lou

the Tribune edito

There has been a

an unfavorable

condition, h

the gain, based

the court's

original purpose

ing authoritative

ing is materially

has been Lou

There has left a

emistic talk in

these relating to

on have not all

data reported for

of serious

Preparations for

progress, and the

and healthy

and. Those who

ation with him

to strong and

ptions of any

mind be clear,

with and, except

use of irritabil

as it was

of his reig

ness reported

declining h

ing will speed

place the c

and will con

of Gortz

Special Punct

EMPIRE

The Finest Ho

AD Mojave

AGUAN

Wheels

Rambie

SHINDI

H.-P.,

8 to 5

ex Pu

m Pur

tings,

and

eam H

r Sho

Wheel

Mc

ler