Weather Forecast
Milder

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION

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GERMANY MAY DECLARE WAR ON UNITED STATES

Eavestone a Warship, May Be German Alibi

RAID BY CANADIANS AT LENS A BRILLIANT FEAT

WILL TARNOWSKI REPLACE BERNSTORFF AS CHIEF OF GERMAN 'SYSTEM' IN U.S.?

Fight Raging at Washington Over Credentials of the Austrian Minister—Signs That the U. S. Will Nationalize all American Shipping—Sharp Attack on Bryan by Mills of Minnesota.

BY E. J. ARCHIBALD.
(Special to The Advertiser.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5.—Monday was a day of stagnation for those who sought sensational developments in Washington. It was a day of quiet and intense work in the departments, and of reticence in departmental heads. The one thing that declares itself most emphatically is the Government's action in forbidding the transfer of American tonnage to an alien flag. The measure is largely precautionary, but it leads straight to a bigger issue.

May Nationalize Shipping.

American losses on the high seas have been practically nil so far, but if a declaration of war comes no one can say how great they will be. What they are speculating on here is whether the initial step already announced does not mean the nationalization of American shipping sooner or later, and sooner rather than later. Uncle Sam does not control one flag of the merchant marine more than he needs. Given the inevitable vantage of war, and the margin as his control will be slender indeed, and it may well need a central control to give efficient management to an essentially important service. It is not supposed that a policy of nationalization can be considered immediately, but today's move means more rigid conservation and it would surprise no one "in the know" here if more radical steps followed in due course.

What of Tarnowski?

What is to be done with Tarnowski, the newly arrived Austrian ambassador. Around the person of this unknown factor in the diplomatic life of Washington there is raging a silent but none the less intense battle.

When the Imperial reign of terror started in the United States a year or so ago it was discovered that two men were at the head of it. Von Papen and Boy-ed of the German embassy. Dumba, over at the Austrian embassy, did his best, but he was a poor third. Von Papen and Boy-ed were given their walking papers, and Dumba was sent to join them. Up to that time von Bernstorff at the German embassy has officially kept out of things, but his right hand men were caught, and it is a public secret that many incriminating documents were gathered in with them. He was left at the head of the "system" here. Now he is ordered to

Continued on Page Eleven.

INTERNED LINERS NOW MERE HULKS; ENGINES SCRAPPED

$30,000,000 Worth of Machine Ruined by Crews ON ORDERS FROM BERLIN

Ships Now Absolutely Useless to United States, Declares The Sun.

Honolulu, Feb. 6.—Engines and boilers of all nine German merchant vessels tied up on the Hawaiian Islands have been disabled by their crews.

The crews of the North German Lloyd steamers Pommern and Prinz Waldemar have been formally taken into custody, and crews of the other seven vessels are detained at the immigration station. Territorial authorities have requested their removal to the naval base at Pearl Harborn. The request was referred to Washington.

New York, Feb. 6.—According to the Sun this morning, engines in every German and Austrian ship imprisoned in New York harbor by the British navy have been deliberately wrecked. Officers of German blood who know the truth estimate that $30,000,000 worth of irreplaceable marine machinery was smashed to useless junk in the ports before Count von Bernstorff delivered to the Government of the United States the defiant message from Germany.

Without a Parallel.

Sabotage on a scale so magnificent is without parallel in history. Without the slightest hesitation, and on the mere hint from high officials whose hints are never slighted, the persons in authority delivered to axe and crowbar the finest products of the marine machine shops of Hamburg and Bremen. There was no questioning or reluctance. The ruin was ordered as a duty to be endured for the good of the fatherland.

German "Patriotism."

The German conception of patriotism was the impelling motive for the fright-

Continued on Page Three.

SOME U. S. GERMANS DESERT THE KAISER

Middletown, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The German-American Alliance, an organization of naturalized Germans, held a meeting here and dissolved organization. It is stated that owing to the breaking of the relations between the United States and Germany they feel they must give up collecting funds for the injured in Germany and at the same time renew their pledges of allegiance to President Wilson and the United States.

TREES CUT, HAULED TO CITY, SAWED AND BURNED WITHIN DAY

Result of Acute Shortage of Coal Supply.

DEALERS REFUSE ORDERS

And Farmers Are In With Sleighs, Getting Any They Can.

The coal shortage situation today, according to several dealers interviewed by The Advertiser, is growing from bad to worse, and so near is the city bordering on a coal famine that many dealers today refused to accept orders.

Their stocks having become depleted notwithstanding the fact that they have been delivering only in half-ton lots during the past few days, the dealers are all awaiting shipments expected daily.

Burning Green Wood.

Many families in this city today are burning green wood, cut in the woods within the last three days, a situation that many never dreamed they would be compelled to face. As a last resort one firm sent out its teams and men to the woods yesterday, cut the timber, brought it into the city, sawed it into proper stove lengths, and is delivering it today to families who have never before burned a stick of wood.

Farmers After Coal.

Farmers from all sections of the county have been coming to the city with sleighs and getting what quantities of coal they could procure. They claim that dry wood in the majority of the counties is an unknown quantity.

In some sections where the old rail fence of other days still exist on parts of farms, the wood in the rails is looked upon as the next best firewood, and many farmers claim they will tear down the fences for the wood for fuel if unable to procure coal.

Fuel firms in the city which have always had an ample supply of hard dry wood other winters have had their supply of good wood exhausted some days ago.

First Come, First Served.

More than 100 anxious people gathered at the office of a local coal dealer

Continued on Page Three.

TRAIN ROLLED DOWN TEN-FOOT EMBANKMENT

Two Score Persons Injured by Railway Wreck In Iowa.

Walnut, Iowa, Feb. 6.—Two score persons injured, three probably fatally, when Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific train westbound, Chicago to Denver, was wrecked two miles east of here last night, were taken to a hospital at Atlantic, Iowa, today. The train was rounding a curve at 45 miles an hour when the rails spread, and five coaches and the engine plunged a 10-foot embankment into a ditch. The wreckage took fire from a stove in the smoking car. While the train crew and uninjured passengers aided those caught in the wreck to escape, a fire company from Walnut succeeded in extinguishing the flames after the farming equipment had been partly burned. Many occupants of the two Pullman cars were exposed to a below zero temperature, clad only in their night clothes.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—MILDER.

Toronto, Feb. 6—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Fresh west and southwest winds; fair today and on Wednesday, and becoming milder.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	48	40	Cloudy
Calgary	50	16	Clear
Winnipeg	4	0	Cloudy
Port Arthur	18	6	Cloudy
Parry Sound	13	—12	Clear
Toronto	20	16	Snow
Ottawa	12	4	Fair
Montreal	14	10	Snow
Quebec	18	6	Cloudy
Father Point	16	6	Cloudy

Minus (—) means below zero.

Weather Notes.

The disturbance which was centred near Nantucket yesterday morning has moved northeastward to Newfoundland, and fair weather now prevails in nearly all parts of the Dominion, and in the Western Provinces it has become quite mild.

BERLIN MAY DECLARE WAR IN REPLY TO U.S. MESSAGE

Washington Officials Believe Final Step Is Inevitable.

WITHIN A FEW HOURS

Germany May Base Move On Wilson's Note To the Neutrals.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
By Robert J. Bender.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Germany's answer to President Wilson's notice of a diplomatic break in expected within 24 hours. It may be a declaration of war. Belief is rapidly crystallizing among officials that this final step is inevitable, and it would cause no surprise if Germany took it now.

Significant Words.

This belief was strengthened by a receipt of Berlin press dispatches quoting Foreign Minister Zimmerman as saying, "There is no step backward" contemplated, following President Wilson's action. Possible action of this kind by Germany took precedence in the discussion of officials today.

Should Germany make the war declaration, some officials believe she will base her declaration upon President Wilson's active efforts to align all neutral Governments in a break.

Some More Hopeful.

Some officials, however, in spite of the German declarations to the contrary, believe she may modify her U-boat campaign before a greater crash results.

Meanwhile the government moved rapidly on inaugurating, completing and perfecting details of war preparation in all parts of the country, especially on the Atlantic and Pacific sea coasts.

GRAVENHURST, ESSEX HAVE COSTLY FIRES IN EARLY MORNING

Nightwatchman Burned To Death When Factory Is Destroyed.

Gravenhurst, Ont., Feb. 6.—The foundry and machine shop of the E. Long Manufacturing Company of this town was destroyed by fire about three o'clock this morning, and John Stoner, night watchman, aged 65 years was burned to death. The plant was valued at about $20,000 with insurance of $10,000.

FIRE AT ESSEX.

Essex, Ont., Feb. 6.—Early this morning fire of unknown origin destroyed the one-story building owned by Joseph Jenkins and occupied by W. Kenefeck who had a grocery and butcher shop. The fire spread to the store next door, owned and occupied by G. F. Loucks, baker. The larger part of the Jenkins building and one-half of Louck's building were destroyed. Loss on both buildings and contents is partly covered by insurance.

COUNT PLUNKITT WINS IN NORTH ROSCOMMON

Elected Over Devine, the Nationalist Candidate.

New York, Feb. 6.—A special cable to the World from London says:

"Count Plunkitt, the Sinn Fein candidate for North Roscommon, has been elected to Parliament to fill the seat made vacant by the death of James O'Kelly.

His opponent, Devine, of the Nationalists, was defeated by a nearly two-thirds vote. This party's managers offer two excuses for Plunkitt's election: First, that the whole constituency is snowbound, preventing the proper canvassing from getting to the farming vote, while Plunkitt's supporters reside mainly in small towns and were able to record their votes in them. Secondly, Devine was a local man, and was not personally popular, and in consequence a large number of Nationalists abstained from voting.

AMERICANS IN GERMANY RUSHING FOR PASSPORTS

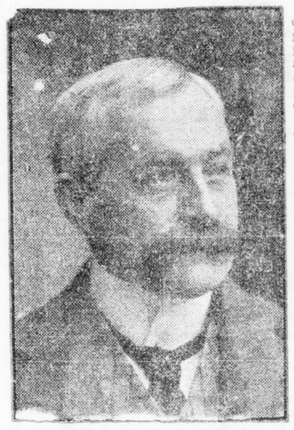
Crowds at United States Embassy Anxious To Get Out of Germany.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—Via London, Feb. 6.—The scene at the United States embassy this morning recalled the memorable days of August, 1914. Crowds of anxious Americans blocked the corridors and secretarial rooms, seeking the renewal of passports and, above all, advice for their future course and in regard to the possible routes back home.

Several secretaries and attaches of the embassy were stationed in the corridors to answer questions, and the passport department worked at full speed extending and renewing passports without resorting to the hitherto prescribed reference to Washington.

Plans for the departure of Ambassador Gerard and his staff are still unsettled. It will perhaps be a matter of several days before they will leave Germany. The ambassador will return directly to the United States.

"It Is Magnificent!"—Sir George Gibbons



SIR GEORGE GIBBONS.

"You may say that everyone is entering into the spirit of the campaign in a manner to make one proud of his native city. It is magnificent," said Sir George Gibbons this morning in regard to the patriotic fund campaign that is now developing to proportions beyond the fondest expectations of everyone.

No announcement of subscriptions will be made until the meeting of next Friday night, when it is expected that the news to be given citizens will evoke enthusiasm of the highest order, and stir citizens with an esprit de corps that has been unknown before.

"There are lots of good people in London, and this campaign will do, and is doing, more to bring them together than anything in my memory," added Sir George.

"We have plans that are designed to reach everyone, and to apportion the amount of giving in a fair manner. I feel that people will rejoice when they learn what has been done, and that they will sweep the movement to a climax that will rejoice the heart of every Londoner."

BEWILDERED BOSCHES NO MATCH FOR CANUCK DASH

Perfect Co-operation of Artillery, Infantry and Machine Guns Made Raid at Lens One of Achievements of the Campaign in the West.

London, Feb. 6.—Via Reuter's Ottawa agency—The following communique is issued by the Canadian war records office:

The very successful raid of the Canadians upon the German trenches before Lens on the 17th instant calls for a more extended description than it has hitherto received. It was one of the most brilliantly planned and executed of these operations, of which the Canadians are the inventors and in which they peculiarly excel, and it possessed certain novel features in the manner in which the several forms of barrage, smoke, gas, artillery and machine gun fire were worked in combination.

A Special Triumph.

This barrage was continuous and in tremendous volume, and it effectually walled up all the intervals between the bursting shells. It is perhaps not too much to say that the operation may be characterized as a special triumph for our machine gunners, though this, of course, in no way detracts from the praise due to all the other services involved.

For the ten days immediately preceding the operation our artillery and trench mortars had been steadily at work cutting the German wire in sections along a front of between three and four thousand yards. The actual raid was to be made on a front of some seven hundred and fifty or eight hundred yards, but the Germans were kept in tension all along the line, not knowing where the blow would fall.

Wire Blown to Pieces.

The wire here was very heavy and deep, but it was found everywhere completely blown to pieces, so well had our gunners done their work. For all our precautions, however, the enemy was not caught napping.

We exploded a mine and immediately put up a furious barrage behind it. Immediately our raiding parties, which had been waiting in their trenches for the result of this manoeuvre, sprang out and darted across their zone of "No Man's Land" practically without opposition.

Taken by Surprise.

It was now 7.45 a.m., and broad daylight, but the Germans, who had been prevented from showing a head above their parapets by a continuous hail of machine-gun fire, were thoroughly taken by surprise.

Our men were into their trenches and around doors of dugouts with bayonet and grenade before they could organize any effective resistance. One hundred and one prisoners were gathered in and our parties set themselves to the work of blowing up the trenches, dugouts and machine-gun emplacements. In this task they were not disturbed, as the area in which they were working was inclosed by the steady "carrumping" of our howitzers along the German communication trenches. The time allotted them for the job was just an hour, and

Continued on Page Three.

AMERICANS TAKEN BY RAIDER ARE RELEASED

Washington Officially Notified by the German Government.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Official notice of the release by Germany of 64 Americans held prisoner in Germany for having taken pay on board British armed merchantmen captured by the German sea raider, was received at the state department today in a delayed dispatch from Ambassador Gerard. The prisoners were released, Germany claims, because at the time of their enlistment they did not know Germany had planned to treat all armed ships as war vessels. This seems to indicate to officials here that Germany decided to treat such vessels as warships as far back as when the men taken into port by the Yarrowdale took out their service papers, in some cases, several months ago.

No details were given in the dispatch as to the method of release of the prisoners. Ambassador Gerard's dispatch today, announcing their release, appears to have been sent before he had requested his passports.

DAILY TOLL OF THE SUBS

London, Feb. 6.—The British sailing vessel Belford (1,905 tons gross) has been sunk, Lloyds Shipping Agency announced today.

Lloyds also announces that the Norwegian bark Tamara, of 453 tons, is believed to have been sunk.

The Tamara sailed from Black River, Jamaica, on December 6, for Fleetwood, according to marine reports.

Lloyds later announced the sinking of the British steamship Floridian, of 4,777 tons gross. Sixteen members of the crew were landed.

The Floridian was built at Sunderland in 1913 and was owned by F. Leyland & Co., Limited, of Liverpool. She was 385 feet long and had a beam of 51 feet.

TWO GERMAN RAIDS FAILED TO SECURE FRENCH TRENCHES

Effort of Enemy on Verdun Front Is Without Success.

Paris, Feb. 6.—Noon.—Two German raids last night on the Verdun front at Louvemont and Eparges, gained no success, the war office reports. An attack on French trenches near Farray forest reached the first line, but the Germans were ejected immediately by a counter-attack.

In the region of Aspach, in Alsace, three French reconnoitering parties penetrated the German lines, destroying shelters and returned without losses.

CREW OF RELIEF SHIP NOT YET HEARD FROM

Sunk While Carrying Supplies to Belgian Refugees.

London, Feb. 6.—Nothing is yet known regarding the fate of the crew of the Belgian relief steamer Lars Kruz, which was sunk by a torpedo or mine near the Belgian coast yesterday. The ship touched at Las Palmas on January 20, and in the ordinary course would have made some British port before arriving at Rotterdam, where she was due about February 10.

The Lars Kruz carried the flag of the Belgian relief committee, and was marked as arranged by the commission with the German Government. It had not received a safe conduct from Germany, as such passports had been refused the relief ships by Berlin.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 14; lowest, 2 below.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 13; lowest, 10.

U. S. CONSUL REPORTS KILLING OF AMERICAN BY SUB PIRATES; WASHINGTON AWAITS FULL STORY

Steamer Eavestone May Have Been in Service of the British Admiralty, Which Would Make Sinking a Legal Act—Wilson Considering Calling of a Conference of Neutrals—War and Navy Departments Are Getting Ready For a Conflict.

Washington, Feb. 6.—An official report of the sinking of the steamer Eavestone and the killing of an American seaman, reached the state department today from Consul Frost at Queenstown. The ship was a provisional British collier.

The consul's message said: "Provisional British collier Eavestone sunk by shellfire from German submarine in vicinity of Fastnet yesterday (February 4). American negro, able seaman, Richard Wallace of Baltimore, killed during shelling of boat, just after left Eavestone. Details not yet available."

MAY HAVE BEEN WARSHIP.

Consul Frost's dispatch describing the Eavestone as a provisional collier leads to the possibility that the destroyed vessel might be classed as a warship. If at the time of the sinking the Eavestone was in the admiralty service no possibility of trouble with Germany on that score opens up.

Ambassador Page has been instructed to send on further details.

In any case officials say it is doubtful if any inquiry will be addressed to Berlin.

Washington, Feb. 6.—With prospects for another day of waiting for development of the ruthless submarine campaign that may bring war between the United States and Germany, immediate interest had centred today upon the destruction of the British steamer Eavestone, in which an American seaman lost his life. Apparently officials are confident that this incident will not prove to be the overt act that will cause hostilities, but nevertheless complete reports are awaited with grave anxiety.

The Eavestone Case.

Earlier in the war the state department received several similar reports of the shelling of vessels by submarines and the injury of passengers or crew in lifeboats, but investigation in each instance lead to the conclusion that the vessels were resisting or trying to escape. If this is found to be the case with the Eavestone, the act will not be regarded as illegal.

Neutrals May Confer.

Meanwhile a conference of neutral nations is being discussed, on suggestion of one of the European neutrals most severely affected by the war, and although it is believed the idea has been favorably received by President Wilson, there is no definite indication that the plan will mature.

Relations With Austria.

Relations with Austria are not on sound foundation, owing to the known adherence of the dual monarchy to Germany's submarine war program, but certain differences in her announced intentions make it uncertain just what the United States Government may decide to do.

The Senate today was ready to adopt a resolution indorsing the president's action in breaking off relations with Germany, and the House is expected to place itself on record in a similar way.

Getting Ready.

The war and navy departments continue to formulate plans for mobilization of industrial and commercial forces, as well as military, so that these might be placed in operation under government direction on short orders. The navy department issued a list of manufacturing companies which have offered their services in case of war. Appropriation measures and bills to clear a legal path for freer and speedier action by army and navy agencies were given close attention in both Houses of Congress.

Bernstorff's Departure.

Count von Bernstorff, his staff and all German consuls in the United States, composing a party of more than 200, will sail next Tuesday from New York on the Scandinavian liner Frederick VIII. for Christiania, and the state department feels assured of guarantees of safe conduct for them from the Allies.

Can't Transfer Ships.

President Wilson's proclamation forbidding transfer of American ships to foreign registry, although recommended by the shipping board before the present international crisis developed, is expected to have a highly important effect in the retention of tonnage which would be needed in case of war.

Will Not Convoy.

Indications in official circles are that the Government will not undertake to convoy merchantmen through the proscribed war zone, or to arm them for defence, although no intensive consideration of these subjects is believed to have been undertaken by government agencies. A statement on the shipping problem is being prepared today.

PICTURE OF GIRL FOUND IN TRENCHES BY W. ONTARIO MAN



Advertiser Illustration.

One of Cynthia Grey's readers sends the picture from which the above engraving has been made. A Western Ontario soldier found it in the Canadian trenches, and believing that it might be traced to the owner asked that it be inserted in The Advertiser. He gave it to the husband, who sent it to his wife for The Advertiser. The girl in the picture, it will be seen, is feeding a pet pig, and the novelty of the picture should lead to its early identity.

LONDON SURROUNDED BY DRILLERS AFTER NATURAL GAS WELLS

Expected To Be Centre of Boom This Year.

MANY COMPANIES BUSY

North, South, East and West Supplies Are Being Sought Eagerly.

London will be the centre of quite an extensive natural gas boom this year, according to reports. From information received, wells by the score will be drilled at or near London, to secure a supply. Many more will be sunk close to the city, in order to tap the pockets supposed to lie near here.

There are several concerns interested, and others are being formed. If the United States and Germany go to war, it is possible that some of the development will be halted. However, many wells will be drilled no matter what happens.

Many Firms In Field.

Several firms are in the field. The Chatham and Buffalo firm, represented here by R. L. Brackin, which has a proposition for London, has extensive holdings southeast of London, to Tillsonburg. About 30,000 acres are leased, and some good wells have been struck, according to information received. More are under construction. This gas is a pure gas, with no sulphur odors whatever. The company will offer Tilbury gas for manufacturing purposes.

A St. Catharines firm has leased a lot of land northeast of London, in West Nissouri, and is sinking a well. Contracts for three other wells have been let, and the rigs will be set to work at an early date, as soon probably as the weather moderates.

A Pittsburg firm has holdings east of London, in the vicinity of Crumlin. Two wells were drilled there. One showed gas, but water trouble caused an abandonment of the hole. Later another well came in, and proved to be a dry hole. Another is now being sunk.

Driller Wilson is still operating in the Delaware field. He has sunk several holes, with but indifferent results so far. It is stated, but he is hopeful of getting better results.

More Leases Taken.

T. H. Balliet of Hamilton is in the vicinity getting leases on farm lands for natural gas. He is operating north and west of the city, where he has secured a considerable area, according to reports. It is expected that drilling will be started this spring. Some Londoners are supposed to have money invested in this scheme.

The Southern Ontario Gas Company spent $200,000 last summer in preparing for new wells. Some fine flows were struck in the Tilbury district. That the company will sink others is certain. This company has much gas, and sells nearly 400,000,000 cubic feet of gas a month, Hamilton, Brantford, Woodstock, and other cities, being supplied.

This company has made offers to London for a supply, but such have never been entertained for some reason or other.

The Chatham company has a proposition ready for the council, and will present it at an early date. R. L. Brackin claims that the company will have plenty to supply London, at a reasonable price.

However, there have been attempts made to get natural gas for London for lo, these many years, without avail.

The pessimistic souls expect that London will be forever without it, while other cities profit by this natural fuel.

UNCLE SAM BUSY BUYING ARMY SUPPLIES

Washington, Feb. 6.—Immediate purchase of reserve quartermaster's supplies for the United States army up to the limits of available appropriations was ordered today by Secretary of War Baker. Purchasing agents have been sent into the market to carry out the orders in the shortest possible time.

CARRANZA GREETS GERMAN WAR LORD

London, Feb. 6.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam quotes the Telegraaf as saying that a wireless telegram has appeared in the German papers stating that Gen. Carranza has sent his best wishes to the German Emperor from Querétaro.

Swiss Will Not Follow U.S. Lead Against Germany

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Information that Switzerland will not adopt President Wilson's suggestion, that, in the interest of world peace other neutrals follow the lead of the United States and break off diplomatic relations with Germany, was received here today. So far as known this is the first response.

GERMAN SUB VICTIMS PERISH OF HARDSHIPS

Spanish Sailors Adrift Many Hours After Ship Was Torpedoed.

Brest, Feb. 6.—The captain and twelve men of the Spanish steamer Algorta, which was sunk by a submarine, have been landed here by a steam trawler. They were adrift for 46 hours before being rescued, and two sailors, Bartholemo Paregan and Jose Urvos, died as a result of their privations. Soon after being taken aboard the trawler. The other refugees had their hands and feet frozen, and are in the Seamen's Hospital.

WAR CABLES

GERARD LEAVES BERLIN.

London, Feb. 6—12:40 p.m.—The Central News says it understands Ambassador Gerard departed from Berlin today, and is now in Switzerland in the course of the day. No confirmation of this report has been received.

SPIES IN FRANCE.

Dijon, France, Feb. 6.—The newspaper Noroeste today prints a transcript of a telephone message alleged to have been sent from here to the German consul at Madrid advising him of the departure of a ship for Bilbao to load iron ore for a foreign port.

The newspaper also alleges the existence of a concealed wireless station supply information to German submarines regarding the movements of ships.

THE SPANISH NOTE.

London, Feb. 6.—Reuter's Madrid correspondent cables that the note of the Spanish government to the Central powers will be delivered today and published in Madrid tomorrow.

A Madrid dispatch last night said the note was understood to be an energetic protest against Germany's new measures of naval warfare, proclaiming the right of Spain to free use of the seas and commercial intercourse with foreign countries.

KAISER TO DECORATE COUNT VON BERNSTORFF

London, Feb. 6.—Count von Bernstorff, dismissed German ambassador to the United States, has been granted the Iron Cross with the white ribbon by the German Emperor, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting a report from German headquarters. This decoration is one conferred on civilians for services rendered in time of war.

Of course, you can

buy cheaper teas, but

"SALADA"

is undoubtedly the most economical and what appears to be 'cheap' in price will prove to be extravagant in use. The fresh young leaves of "Salada" will yield you generous value for your money. B115

MRS. BESSIE KNIGHT LEADS IN BIG PHOTOPLAY RACE

Whole City Is Taking Keenest Interest in the Most Novel Contest Yet Held in London.

MRS. BESSIE KNIGHT WHO IS LEADING IN PHOTOPLAY CONTEST



Intense interest prevails all over the city as the big photoplay competition at the Majestic Theatre progresses. The leaders are running very close and the race is an exciting one that is being watched with great interest. For the part of Dot, the leading lady, Mrs. Bessie Knight has made a sensational gain from the bottom to the top. Miss Jean MacGregor is second, and Marie Coughlin is a close third.

Among the men, Vincent Perry still retains the lead, but is being closely followed by Jack Nopper, who has reached this position overnight, and Henry Green is running third. Little Tootsie MacAuley and Irene Anderson are in the lead of the kiddies.

Done Good Work.

Mrs. Bessie Knight is one of the popular candidates in this big competition and will be remembered by many for the splendid work she has done in several local sketches that were given for charity. Mrs. Knight has a host of friends who are rallying to her support and it is expected that she will make a very strong race for this envious part in the big local photoplay. All the other candidates are putting forth every effort to be the first across the line at the end.

New to London.

Although there have been various competitions in this city the present one promises to surpass all others in every respect. Mr. Logan, manager of the Majestic Theatre, when asked if the feature was going as well as he thought it would, said that it had met with success far beyond his expectations, and he feels more than repaid for the expense of having it put on, as his idea was to give the young people something that would be novel and interesting, and he now realizes that this was just what they have been wanting.

How To Enter.

It is not too late to enter, and if you would like to take part or know of some friend that you would like to see in the movies, send the name to the Photoplay Manager, Room 3, Majestic Theatre Building, or call and see him in person. Below is the standing of the candidates to date. The Advertiser will publish daily a list of the candidates and their standings, so watch the list daily to see how your favorite is running.

For Leading Lady—Dorothy Anderson 1,850, Vera Blanchard 7,950, Mrs. T. Barnard 1,180, Freda Boyce 5,220, Grace Bond 1,140, Isabel Coles 7,460, Dorothy Cole 5,380, Marie Coughlin 8,450, Clauda Cochran 6,350, Violet Crawley 1,410, Helen Cleary 1,080, Mary Forbes 1,100, Edith Nash Hourd 8,380, Violet Hunt 1,140, Bessie Knight 10,560, Beatrice Kerr 1,130, Pearl Lewis 5,520, Emma Lily 2,330, Jean McGregor 8,540, Alice Orr 4,150, Florence Pipe 6,920, Jessie Rae 1,080, Lena Shore 7,840, Gladys Smith 1,120, Myrtle Tory 4,410, Hilda Tune 1,080, Gladys Wright 4,780, Miss Alma Lansen 1,000, Miss Ella McKay 1,000, violet McDonald 1,210.

For Leading Man—Earl Britton 1,130, Bert Hanley 1,210, Henry Green 7,040, Frank Johnson 4,830, Frank Kennedy 3,210, Roy Lyons 1,220, Stanley Meredith 6,710, Wilber Marsh, 4,120, Jack Nopper 7,530, Vincent Perry 8,810, Niven Judd 1,310, W. A. Pestill 1,210, A. Allister Ward 3,580, Roy Lyons 1,110, William Richardson 1,080, Harold Thompson 1,100, Vernon Ford 1,140, Charles Brown 1,420.

For Leading Kiddie—Tootsie McAuley 2,840, Irene Anderson 2,220, Josephine Vice 1,160, Hyman Johnson 1,090, Gladys Weston 1,190, James Smith 1,070, Hilton Gilbert 1,000, Mildred Kelly 1,180, Stephane Silverman 1,120, Mildred Kelly 1,000, Sam Munro 1,000.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

IN POLICE COURT

For six consecutive Tuesdays, the names of three persons have appeared on the police court book, each charged with drunkenness. Today one of the trio who appeared said he was a Scotsman and only took a drink when he had a headache. He stated that he was a returned soldier, and still connected with the force, but Chief Williams stated that he was not, and asked that the prisoner be remanded until Wednesday in order to call Major Osborne as a witness. A large quart bottle marked "Glengarry rye," was found in his possession. He said a returned soldier had brought it all the way from Scotland.

The second refused to take up the time of the court. He arose to his feet and said, "Guilty, how much is it?"

"Ten dollars and costs," said the magistrates.

The third had appeared before the court opened, and paid the minimum fine, $10 and costs.

COL. BRUCE BACK.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 6.—Among the arrivals here from overseas was Col. H. A. Bruce, formerly director of medical supplies for the Canadian troops in England, and who has been in the public eye of late as the result of charges made against his department. Col. Bruce left by special train for Montreal with other Canadian officers. He is at present on furlough, but will return to assume duties as a consulting surgeon to the British forces in France.

For Pile Sufferers



Sample Package of the Famous Pyramid Pile Treatment Now Offered Free to Prove What It Will Do for You.

Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all rectal troubles, in the privacy of your own home. 50c a box at all druggists. A single box often cures. Free sample for trial with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send us coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY,
529 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.
Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name ....
Street ....
City.............. State........

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

The Colored Soldier's Appeal.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I notice that the colored people of Windsor, Ont., have, through the columns of the Observer, lodged a protest because of unfair treatment by the military authorities to Construction Battalion, No. 2 (colored), and their protest seems to have in it the elements of justice. In the first place, they claim that the recruiting officers promised the colored people that any colored man who was qualified would receive a commission. This I myself know to be true, as the same promise was made at the recruiting meeting here in London by the commanding officer. He further stated that they had already sent a number of colored men to military schools, that they might be prepared to hold offices in the battalion.

They claim that the battalion is about up to its full strength; that all of the commissioned officers (except one) have been appointed but that no colored man is among those thus commissioned. Further, they claim that they have been given to understand recently that there would be no commissioned officer of color.

They claim that the commission yet to be filled is that of medical officer, and this they claim should be given to Dr. Ligoure or to some other colored physician. As to Dr. Ligoure's fitness they claim: "The doctor is a graduate of Queen's University, taking first the M. B. course, later the M. D. C. M. and later the L. M. S., P. M., B. N. S. at that university."

In summing up their grievances they state: "When a commission was granted Dr. C. C. Ligoure the race as a whole felt satisfied that recognition had been given them, and they overlooked the reception that was meted out to them when they endeavored to enlist in the Empire's cause at the beginning of the war, and immediately answered the call to the colors."

Although he was refused admission when he first attempted to join the colors, and, though he was promised many commissions in recruiting times, yet and still he enlisted and would be satisfied with only one commissioned officer. And therein lies the great failing of the Canadian negro. He is too easily satisfied with simply the things which are parceled out to him. He does not think of demanding every right, every privilege, and every opportunity which his Empire guarantees all of its citizens regardless of color or previous condition. If he demanded more of his rights he would get more.

We believe it a bad thing to find fault with our government, nor yet would we assume to advise any branch of it, and still we feel constrained to call the attention of the military authorities to the fact that colored men form a large part of the army of the United States, that because of their excellent character and their many splendid feats of valor they have risen as high in the ranks as majors.

Canadians, like all true Britons, are great people, but Canada, also like Britain, cannot discern merit when it is covered by a dark skin. The British nation is truly a great nation, but it can never reach the acme of that greatness which nature seems to have destined it, it can never realize its true self until it forgets the existence of the color line.

In the year 1829 a deputation of free colored men came to Canada to find out how their people would be received here as citizens. Said the Governor of Upper Canada to them: "Tell your people I extend to them a cordial welcome. Tell the Republicans on your side of the line that we do not know men of their color." Are the colored Canadians more or less today? Are the white Canadians better or worse today? Respectfully yours, J. F. JENKINS.

95 Glenwood avenue, London, Ont., February 3, 1917.

RED CROSS CONCERT AT JUNCTION BIG SUCCESS

A most pleasing concert in aid of the Red Cross Society of London Junction was held, by permission of Dr. Robinson, in the amusement hall of the London Asylum for the Insane.

A. E. Silverwood, who acted as chairman, introduced the program, which consisted of delightful solos by Mrs. Charles Wheeler and Miss Annie Clark, a pleasing duet by Miss Jessie Clark, and Mr. Summers, and readings by Miss Myrtle Tory and Miss Rice, while the Munro children pleased the audience with their clever dances. The program also included a drill by eight boys, and a tableau of the nations by a number of young ladies. The accompanists for the musical numbers were Miss Helen Angus and Miss Jessie Clark.

A novel feature of the program was the raffle of a very handsome doll, from which the net proceeds were $26.25, while the receipts from the sale of tickets of admission is already over one hundred dollars, with a number of reports still outstanding.

The ladies of the Red Cross appreciate very much the kind assistance of the artistes who helped to make the concert an artistic as well as financial success.

LONDON ASYLUM IS EAGER TO PROCURE NATURAL GAS FUEL

Has Serious Difficulty in Obtaining Coal Supply.

MAY ASK DEPARTMENT

Provincial Authorities Might Make Connections Without Asking the City.

The London Hospital for the Insane is anxious to secure a supply of natural gas from the Southern Ontario Gas Company, the lines of which pass within three miles of the institution.

The hospital has had a serious experience this winter in the matter of securing coal. More than 20 tons a day are used to heat the place and at times there has been barely enough on hand to keep the boilers going. Coal has been seized on the sidings by the mayor in order to prevent the hospital from suffering a complete fuel famine.

Department May Act.

Dr. Robinson, the superintendent, has been negotiating with the natural gas interests in an endeavor to secure the gas, and in the event that he is successful in having the provincial authorities take action, it is believed that a line of pipe could be constructed within a short space of time, before the present winter is past.

It is said that the necessary authority to make the connection can be secured from the provincial secretary's department without reference to the city's interest. It is not believed that the city would stand in the way of the hospital, in view of the serious aspect of the situation.

Victoria Fortunate.

Victoria Hospital has been fortunate in regard to its coal supply. The report that coal seized by the mayor was sent to Victoria was erroneous, as that institution has never experienced a shortage and at present has a supply sufficient to last several weeks. Best of all, the contractor has stuck to his agreement to furnish coal at $3.75 a ton, although he could have sold his entire supply at more than $7.00. While the hospital would have recourse to law for breach of contract, it is not now a difficult matter for a dealer to plead that he cannot secure a supply.

SEES START AND END OF GREAT DOG TEAM RACE

J. M. McEvoy Witnesses Thrilling Spectacle While on Western Visit.

J. M. McEvoy, barrister, has just returned from a trip to the Canadian West. While in Winnipeg he saw the commencement of the great dog team race, and when he arrived at St. Paul he stayed over in order to see the conclusion. It was a thrilling spectacle to see the teams go away on their journey of 550 miles in zero weather, but few were left at the finish, and both dogs and men were almost worn out. The stamina of men and dogs was what impressed Mr. McEvoy. "All wire and whipcord," was the way he expressed it.

The London barrister found conditions on the up-grade in the West. Everyone seemed sanguine for good times after the war.

PHOTOPLAY NEWS

THE BUGLER OF ALGIERS.

Of the Bluebird play, "The Bugler of Algiers," now being shown at the Lyric Theatre, it has been said, "It's a gem." This is true; it is a gem, and a rare one. It tells the history of two French soldiers, the brother and sweetheart of Gabrielle Picard, who is separated from them by the fortunes of war, and the lovers do not meet again for many years. Gabrielle's brother, who performed a brave deed when a young soldier, is lying dead, and his comrade goes in Anatole's place to receive the old bugler's decoration. The story is thoroughly French in spirit, and breathes the French love of country and devotion to duty.

There are scenes of battle in African sands, with thrill galore, and scenes of French life, both public and official. The acting is Bluebird, and that is about as much as can be said for any film play, and everyone who appears on the screen is an artist.

In addition to this film, the Lyric bill includes one of the Frank Daniels' comedy plays and a decidedly good singing act by Gertrude Gardiner.

The "Patricia" will open on Thursday of this week, and will be London's latest and best in movie picture houses. Manager Stewart has provided some vaudeville in addition to the "Prince of Graustark." A group of Russian dancers of the Imperial Russian ballet, which delighted New York and Chicago audiences during the last stage season, appear in "The Prince of Graustark," filmed in five acts by Essanay. Classic dancers also appear in numerous scenes. For these parts of the picture unusual backgrounds, one of them a beautiful estate on Chicago's north shore, were obtained. Bryant Washburn and Marguerite Clayton appear in the leading roles. The photoplay is taken from George Barr McCutcheon's famous novel, which is a sequel to his "Graustark," also filmed by Essanay.

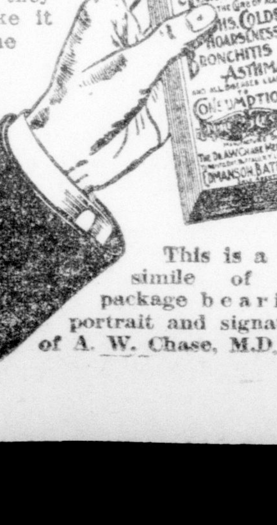
RESERVE SEATS AT PATRICIA.

From the large number of inquiries, the new moving picture house, The Patricia, which opens on Thursday of this week, will be sold out. So many applications have ben received for reserved seats that the manager, W. L. Stewart, decided to reserve the opening night and the seats will be sold at the Patricia box office at 7:30 p.m., Wednesday and continue until the show opens. Astonishing alterations have been made within this last few days and the interior has now assumed the appearance of a model theatre and the appointments have been well looked after by Manager Stewart. Those who wish to attend the opening performance should see that seats are reserved. After the opening night there will be no reserves.

Flattering to the Original

But Imitations Only Disappoint

There are many imitations of this great treatment for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis and whooping cough. They usually have some sale on the merits of the original, but it should be remembered that they are like it in name only.



This is a facsimile of the package bearing portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D.

HOSPITAL OVERDRAFT OF $13,000 WILL BE SETTLED BY COUNCIL

Many Important Matters Discussed Last Evening.

GAS BYLAW LAID OVER

Industrial Proposition for $100,000 Goes in City of London Bill.

The city council staged its best long-distance debate of the year to date last evening, numerous subjects calling for a myriad of speeches from some of the aldermen. It was possible for the nimble-footed to catch the last cars home.

The longest session was over a clause in the board of control's report that a clause be inserted in the City of London Bill to determine the facts that the 15-mill tax rate in the annexed district include the school tax. There was a large deputation from that section of the city, which presented its case in strong terms. Rev. Mr. Cooper, Rev. Mr. Olivant, ex-Controller W. W. Gammage, J. W. G. Winnett, W. N. Manning, James Homister and others spoke. They claimed that any attempt to interfere with the agreement might break it. Also that it was stated that no single institution could be singled out for an increase in the tax without affecting all, which would be a hardship on the small property owners in that section.

Made Agreement.

"We made an agreement in good faith," said W. N. Manning. "The city was satisfied, and so were we. That agreement should be lived up to."

"We have no desire to hear any quibbles," said Mr. Cooper. "The agreement is plain, and should be carried out in good faith."

"If the city treated other manufacturers the way it treated the Spramotor Company, it is a wonder that there are any manufacturers left," said Mr. Winnett.

Ald. Ashplant, who was prime mover in the agitation to define what the tax rate meant, pointed out that he was only endeavoring to make some of the manufacturers pay more, that the bargain was iniquitous, and should not be lived up to.

"You had better destroy the whole agreement, and send us into the county where we were before," said a delegate.

Ald. Rose moved that the clause be struck out of the City of London Bill, and it was carried almost unanimously. Controllers Shaw, Little and Saunders protested against any attempt to break a bargain, even if it should happen to be a bad bargain.

Was Laid Over.

The effort of the McClary Manufacturing Company to get natural gas was laid over. Controller Shaw opposed the deal, declaring that the pipes could not be taken from McClary's without interfering with the supply of gas, which would give the company a franchise.

"The agreement is for a year only, and surely the city solicitor will protect us," declared Controller Saunders.

"The coal shortage is very serious," said Controller Little. "We must do something for our manufacturers, and protect the city."

However, the council by a vote of 12 to 4 decided to lay the request over. In the meantime, tenders for a natural gas supply will be called for at once.

The council voted almost unanimously to give the hospital trust $13,000 to pay the overdraft from 1916. The opinion of the aldermen was that the accounts must be paid, and that the hospital had been managed economically.

"The people did not protest against the management of the hospital," said Dr. Cunningham. "The increase in expense could not be foreseen, and in my judgment, the trust did some excellent buying, conditions considered."

Ald. Moorhead moved that it be paid, and the motion was carried, with practically no dissension. Mayor Stevenson urged that the hospital be placed under the control of the city council.

Check Is Welcome.

The council received the check for $6,526.17 from the Dominion Government for land rentals for militia purposes last summer. Mayor Stevenson explained that the city paid out $7,999, and an effort will be made to collect the balance.

The resolution of J. W. Cahill, calling upon the council to take steps to get fish at the prices paid by American dealers, was sent to the special committee dealing with the high cost of living.

In connection with this, the council passed a resolution to the effect that a clause be inserted in the City of London bill giving the municipality the right to purchase goods on a commission and sell them to retailers and citizens. Controller Shaw was sponsor for the motion, and took the ground that by this means living could be reduced to a considerable degree. London was a very expensive place in which to buy supplies, when it should be the cheapest, owing to its situation. It was the playground of the speculator, with the result that the citizens had to pay through the nose for goods.

Debentures for $60,000 for waterworks purposes, $50,000 for hydro extensions, $80,000 for soldiers' insurance, $25,000 for the Byron Sanatorium, and all patriotice debentures, will be ratified by the City of London bill.

Ald. Copp wanted aldermen elected for two years, six to be returned each year. His suggestion was sent to No. 1 committee to be threshed out.

The suggestion of the Ontario Safety League for protecting automobilists was sent back to No. 1 committee for further consideration.

Will Lease Square.

The council decided to call for tenders for leasing the Federal Square property, in order to obtain revenue from the vacant land.

Ald. Moorhead succeeded in having the council call for tenders for heating the East End Hall, and putting it in shape. The cost is estimated at $3,500. It was suggested that the matter stand in abeyance until the estimates are struck.

The industrial bylaw, which failed to get the necessary two-thirds vote to guarantee the bonds of the London Industrial Association for $100,000, will be included in the city of London bill, in an effort to see whether or not the Legislature will allow the city to go ahead with the proposition.

The board of control was authorized to call for tenders for a motor service truck for the use of the fire department.

Ald. Ashplant presented a motion to make it compulsory to have the utilities commission's books audited by the city auditors was passed, and the Legislature will be asked to amend the water works act to provide for that. There is some doubt as to the right of the city to audit the books of the commission.

Can't Be Done.

City Solicitor Meredith advised the council that it would be impossible to include in the city of London bill, such clauses as follows: To make it compulsory for the council to submit any question to the people on a petition signed by 10 per cent of the ratepayers, to place the London Street Railway under the direct control of the city council, to amend the bread sales act, to increase the penalty for violations, and to allow the inspector to publish the names of those disobeying the law, to bring all boards such as the utilities commission, hospital trust, etc., under the direct control of the council, and to allow the public schools to be used for polling purposes, as these were covered by general acts, covering all municipalities, and amendments must be made to these general acts. The Legislature will be memorialized to make the necessary amendments.

Re Rodder, and others, asked the council to cancel the junk area license of Gootson Bros., as that firm was now in liquidation. This will be done, if the firm has really gone out of business.

Lively Repartee.

The debates at times were lively. After Ald. Ashplant had made one of his numerous speeches, Controller Saunders said, "Get a Jew's harp." "I can make enough music," retored Ald. Ashplant. "Yes, chin music," shot back Controller Saunders.

Just at the close of the session there was a lively set-to between Controller Shaw and Mayor Stevenson. The former accused his worship of trying to get the military hospital constructed on the grounds of St. Joseph's Hospital, and as the head of the municipality this put the city in a wrong light.

"I never did any such thing," answered the mayor.

"You wrote a leter to that effect, so I am told," declared Controller Shaw, "and I would like to see a copy of it. Is it in City Clerk Baker's hands?"

"I have written some private letters, which I do not have to present to the council."

After some debate it was decided to name Ald. J. J. Dyer, Controller Shaw and Mayor Stevenson a deputation to go to Toronto again if necessary, to urge upon the hospital commission to establish a hospital here.

"And that the deputation pay its own fare," suggested the mayor.

"I go on city business, and the city should pay me," retorted Controller Shaw.

The latter continued to accuse the mayor of not attending to city business, and there was some evidence of a lively time, when the debate closed.

Ald. S. R. Manness presented a motion to have the Legislature amend the hospital act, to provide that Victoria Hospital be placed under the control of the city council, but he failed to get a seconder, and the motion was consequently not put.

BRILLIANT SOLOIST.

The Musical Art Society, in presenting the New York Symphony Orchestra next Monday evening in the Winter Garden will introduce as the soloist one of the most brilliant of young Russian violinists, Ilja Schkilnik. The following extract from a press notice of his recent recital on January 8 in Aeolian Hall, New York, is of interest: "Mr. Schkolnik's attainments at present serve to place him among the most notable of the younger violinists that the season has brought to notice. A tone of exceptional roundness, warmth and beauty, a large technical equipment, pure intonation, and great charm of phrasing, are among his outstanding assets, and unfailing poetic appreciation and distinction characterize his work at every turn. To encounter an artist of such qualifications as Mr. Schkolnik's is among the musical privileges of the concert season." — Musical America, January 13.

MISS MARY MOORE HAS LEGACY AWAITING HER

Chief of Police Williams received a communication today from the major in command of the soldiers' estates branch of the militia department, Ottawa, asking that the local force assist in securing information as to the whereabouts of Miss Mary Moore.

She is named as the only heir to the estate of Pte. John Moore of the 110th Battalion, who died recently. Communications should be addressed to Chief Williams.

She Does Her Bit In Patriotic Work

And Tells of Benefit Received From Dodd's Kidney Pills

Mrs. H. A. Standish Strong, Hearty and Enthusiastic at Sixty-two, Advises Others To Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Ayers Cliff, Stanstead County, Que., Feb. 5—(Special).—One of the most enthusiastic patriotic workers in this district is Mrs. H. A. Standish. Though sixty-two years of age, her splendid health enables her to keep house for three hearty men and still have time and strength to devote to the welfare of the boys in the trenches. And Mrs. Standish will tell you she owes that abundant health to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I must say that Dodd's Kidney Pills are very good for sick kidneys," Mrs. Standish states. "I have recommended them many times for rheumatism as they helped me very much for that disease. You can say for me that Dodd's Kidney Pills are beneficial for everyone who is troubled with bad kidneys."

The kidneys are the keystone of woman's health. Keep the kidneys right and the rest will be right. Dodd's Kidney Pills keep the kidneys right.

CASCARETS SELL TWENTY MILLION BOXES PER YEAR

Best, safest cathartic for liver and bowels, and people know it.

They're fine! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy or constipated.



Enjoy life! Keep clean inside with Cascarets. Take one or two at night and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand. Your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath right, stomach sweet and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store and straighten up. Stop the headaches, bilious spells, bad colds and bad days—Brighten up, Cheer up, Clean up! Mothers should give a whole Cascaret to children when cross, bilious, feverish or if tongue is coated—they are harmless—never gripe or sicken.

You Can't Brush or Wash Out Dandruff

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.—Advt.

VALENTINE SALE

This Valentine sale does not refer at all to the usual lacey paper missives that are carried by Dan Cupid upon the 14th of February. It is a sale of many things of the more practical kind, to be given as valentines or for decorative purposes for social events on this occasion.

In these articles mentioned you will find that all are dear to the feminine heart and are more appreciated than the missives that have become so associated with this day, and many are offered at special prices.

Make this year a year of practical valentine giving—candies, stationery, silk hosiery, gloves, blouses, etc.

We draw your attention this week especially to the stationery department for valentine decorative supplies.



Get Your Valentine Decorations and Other Supplies While Stocks Are Complete

Valentine Decorated Lunch Sets in crepe paper for twelve people, one large table cover in valentine design, twelve crepe paper valentine table napkins, twelve doilies and twelve plates. Price....75c set

Valentine Decorated Table Covers, size 63x84 inches, with red rose and heart design. Price ....35c each

Valentine Decorated Crepe Paper in cupid design, also heart and silhouette designs, 10 feet long, 20 inches wide. Price 22c fold

Large Red Sheets of Matstock for cutting out valentines ....15c sheet

Also large sheets of White Matstock ....12c sheet

Crepe Paper Colored Caps in several designs and colors for parties. Price 7c each

Valentine Table Napkins in two designs ....8c dozen

Valentine Plates, nine inches in diameter ....45c dozen

Valentine Plates, six inches in diameter ....35c dozen

Valentine Place Cards..15c and 20c dozen

Valentine Cutouts for decorating for table use ....15c box

Valentine Red Garlands, ten feet long, with cupids and arrows for decorating ....35c each

Valentine White Garlands, ten feet long ....15c each

Valentine Cutouts in red cupids in three sizes ....10c package

Valentine Cutouts in red cupid and heart, red arrows, gold arrows, red heart ....10c package

Valentine Seals in several different designs, 50 in a box ....10c box

Valentine Invitations with envelopes to match ....50c dozen

Valentine Post Cards ....5 for 5c

Valentine Post Cards ....2 for 5c

Stationery Specially Priced for Valentine Week

We offer this week a splendid assortment of Stationery—Papeteries, Tablets, Envelopes, Correspondence Cards, etc., many specially priced lines for Valentine week, which is most essentially a stationery event.



About 50 boxes Good Linen Boxed Papeteries in note paper and envelopes. Special purchase ....15c box

Folding Linen Writing Tablets, in good quality linen. Special ....14c each

Chester Lawn Notepaper in pound packages. Our special,' 100 double sheets. Special ....28c and 30c

Chester Lawn Envelopes to match, 75 in box. Special 28c

London (the Forest City) View Books, all new views of residences, parks, public buildings, nicely arranged in book form and put in envelopes to match. Price.........50c

Italian Narrow Black Bordered Notepaper and Envelopes now in stock, 18c quire and ....18c package

Mourning Correspondence Cards in kid finish, 24 cards and envelopes in each box. Price ....50c box

"LUX"—For washing fine woolens and silk fabrics, three packages 25c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

"PALMOLIVE" — The Queen of toilet soaps. 10c, or 3 for 25c. At Toilet Counter.

BACKYARD GARDENING

Expert Tells All About Buying Seeds and Transplanting.

An illuminating talk on "Intensive Backyard Gardening" by James Boucher was the chief feature of a well-attended meeting of the Women's Gardening Association yesterday afternoon in St. Peter's Hall.

The speaker, out of his own wide experience, gave valuable suggestions in regard to the buying of seeds, transplanting, etc., and all manner of useful hints for the amateur gardener. Advice was also given in regard to keeping vegetables for winter, and light thrown upon the subject of growing tomatoes successfully by the lecturer. Pictures drawn on the blackboard, illustrating roots, leaves, etc., were much appreciated. Samples of vegetables were also shown for illustration purposes, such as endive root blanched in the cellar.

At the conclusion, a number of questions were asked, the answers bringing forth further valuable information from Mr. Boucher's apparently inexhaustible storehouse. Miss Carling presided.

PATRIOTIC WARWICK WOMEN.

FOREST, Feb. 5.—The women of Warwick Township are continuing their patriotic activities with great zeal. A concert given by the Women's Institute for Red Cross work realized $60. A splendid program was given, including an address by Major C. O. Fairbank of Petrolea, who told of his experiences in England and in the trenches in France.

A number of women who met at Mrs. Newell's in the afternoon did considerable knitting and sewing. A parcel containing three suits of pyjamas and a quantity of old linen was sent to Hyman Hall, London. Another parcel containing eleven pairs of socks was sent to Mrs. McPhedran in Toronto.

The Women's Patriotic League weekly meeting was held the following afternoon at Mrs. Thos. Brush's. A bale was packed containing 18 shirts, 1 helpless shirt, 15 pairs of pyjamas and six pillow cases, to be forwarded to the Red Cross Society in London. Twenty-six ladies were present, and a collection of $12.75 was taken.

A quilt disposed of last week by Mrs. I. Pickering and Mrs. Robt. Taylor realized $33, this amount being divided between the Red Cross fund and the L. O. L.

SCHOOL REPORTS

PUTNAM.

The January school report of Putnam school is:

Senior IV.—Lloyd Stenabaugh 86, Arthur Sovereign 73.

Junior IV.—May Huggins 84, Erwin Wallis 75, Gladys Moran 64, Grace Fifield 53.

Senior III.—Harold Upfold 84, Elmer Rath 81, Teddy Connor 77, Harry Upfold 71.

Junior III.—Harold Skinner 83, Dora Wallis 79, Edna Couch 77, Alberta George 69, Jean Dundass 60, Willard Phillips 58, Orval Boxall 56.

Senior II.—Herbert Sovereign 85, Russell Hutcheson 82, Audrey Stenabaugh and Robert Clendenning 81, Ralph Clifford 73, Angus Wallis 69, Frank Rath 68, Lilla Couch 66.

Junior II.—Joe Rath 68, Bruce Lovell 63, George Lovell 61, Amerson Fishleigh 51.

Senior I.—Fred Clifford 85, Jean Mutch 84, Harvey Upfold 78, Hazel George 73, Gladys Phillips 72, George Fishleigh 41.

Primary C.—Alice Couch, Caroline Mutch.

Primary B.—Ruby Wallis, Florence Deines, Helen Rath.

Primary A.—Allan Skinner and Mildred George (even); Alex Wallis.

N. M. VENNING, N. A. TRIBE, Teachers.

LAMBETH.

LAMBETH, Feb. 5.—Miss Brown of Cairngorm is a visitor with her sister, Mrs. Eber Kelly.

Miss Minnie Bluett is visiting with Mrs. Heber Ryckman, Delaware.

Miss Clare Banghart of Strathroy and Mrs. Tulley of London were recent visitors with Mrs. A. R. Routledge.

Mrs. Hutchinson and daughter returned to Niagara today after a month's visit with relatives here.

Mr. Shaver of Des Moines, Iowa, left on Sunday for his home, having attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. M. Robinson.

The Verdun Club fancy dress carnival promises to be quite a fete if the weather is good. All of the club are to be in costume.

USE "TIZ" FOR SORE, TIRED, ACHING FEET

No More Puffed-Up, Burning, Sweaty, Calloused Feet or Corns.

Just take your shoes off and then put those weary, shoe-crinkled, aching, burning, corn-pestered, bunion-tortured feet of yours in a "Tiz" bath. Your toes will wriggle with joy; they'll look up at you and almost talk and then they'll take another dive in that "Tiz" bath.

When your feet feel like lumps of lead—all tired out—just try "Tiz." It's grand—it's glorious. Your feet will dance with joy; also you will find all pain gone from corns, callouses and bunions.

There's nothing like "Tiz." It's the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up your feet and cause foot torture.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" at any drug or department store—don't wait. Ah! how glad your feet get; how comfortable your shoes feel. You can wear shoes a size smaller if you desire.

Applying This Paste Actually Removes Hairs

(Beauty Notes.)

Merely applying an inexpensive paste to a hairy surface, say beauty specialists, will dissolve the hairs. This paste is made by mixing a little water with some powdered delatone; after about 2 minutes it is rubbed off and the skin washed. This simple method not only removes every trace of hair, but leaves the skin free from blemish. To insure success with this treatment, be careful to get real delatone.—Advt.

HAS BUTTER EATING DECREASED GREATLY? DEALERS DISAGREE

Makers Say Sales Are Keeping Up Well.

GROCERS FIND DECREASE

Some Say Their Turnover Has Been Cut in Three This Winter.

Are citizens of London exercising thrift through the reduction of the quantity of butter used on their tables?

While information to this effect has reached The Advertiser from individuals who have been trying the experiment of doing without butter for one meal in the day, and others who have referred to such substitutes as syrup and honey, a wide difference of opinion exists among dealers in regard to the matter.

A representative of one large butter-making plant in the city today declared: "People aren't buying one bit less butter. This is our experience, at least."

Another creamery manager admitted a slight falling off in sales for some weeks past, attributing this to the fact that a large amount of dairy butter is being brought into the city.

A third creamery, which formerly exported butter, has had such a large local demand that its entire stock has gone to Western Ontario trade.

Drop in Creamery.

A long-established firm of downtown grocers has been selling as much butter as formerly, but less creamery butter in the past few weeks, attributing this to the fact that dairy butter is "moving freely," and the difference in price is a strong argument in favor of the latter in face of the high cost of all commodities.

"There are always some people," said the head of the firm, "who insist upon creamery butter, and others who will have nothing but dairy butter."

A leading Dundas street grocer who caters to what might be termed an "exclusive" trade, at least a trade which doesn't require to worry over every penny, had noticed a slight falling off in butter sales. He believed this could be largely accounted for by the increase of the amount of dairy butter coming into the market.

Heavy Falling Off.

Another view of the question was given by a west-end grocer with a mixed trade. "There has been a decided falling off in our sales of butter," he said. "We now sell perhaps a little more than a third of the quantity we formerly did. We used to sell three or four boxes of creamery butter a week. We now sell one and a half. These boxes contain 45, 50 or 60 pounds, so you can see what a falling off there is in consumption.

"We don't find that this economy in butter is confined to any one class of customers. Of course, for some people of very small incomes, it is practically prohibitive at present prices; but we find even our customers of plenty of means are buying less. Comparing notes with other grocers from different sections of the city, I have found that their experience is similar to my own. Their customers are, in many cases, buying substitutes. Syrup is one, though the advance in price in that has been 35 per cent."

A grocer located in the heart of a well-to-do district in South London answered promptly when asked regarding butter sales: "Where we formerly sold eleven boxes of butter a week, we are now only selling three." His conclusion was that people were simply going without lubricator for their dry bread.

HEAVY SNOWFALL DELAYS TRAINS SEVERAL HOURS

Trains With Two Engines Preceded by Plows Encounter Difficulties.

Heavy snowfalls in the northern and eastern sections of the province caused late train arrivals again today on the G. T. R. The trains from Owen Sound and Wingham arrived two hours late, each train drawn by two locomotives.

The Owen Sound train brought in one-half of the 153rd Battalion, quartered at St. Thomas, the men having been to their homes on the regular four-day monthly leave.

The snowplows preceded both trains, and at some points along the line encountered the greatest difficulty in forcing a passage.

The ice blockade at the Detroit River has held up trains from that district for hours. Should the trouble continue the company will consider the advisability of starting these trains from Windsor instead of Detroit.

The train from New York arrived three and a half hours late.

SAYS REAL ARAB HAS NO LOVE FOR THE TURK

Dr. Evans Tells About Life and Customs of the Desert Man.

"Love, Courtshipp and Marriage in Bible Lands," was the subject of an interesting lecture by Dr. J. G. Evans, formerly of Arabia, in the Dundas Centre Methodist Church Monday night. The lecture was given by Dr. Evans in the costume of an Arab sheik, or chief.

He stated that all arrangements for marriage in Arabia were made by the parents or the nearest male relative of the woman who was to be married. This was similar to the custom prevalent among the Isrealites.

Polygamy prevailed today among the Arabs, and the men were not responsible for it. As soon as the first wife sees that she is only a domestic slave she wants another wife to shoulder the drudgery, and then wife No. 2 soon wants wife No. 3 for the same reason. Thus a harem is developed. The husband is the lord and master, the wife obeys him and works for him.

Divorce was obtained for flimsy reasons. If divorced, the wife had to return to her family or nearest male relative.

The real Arabs of today were pro-ally and opposed to Turkish participation against Britain. They had taken the sacred city of Mecca and Medina, Mohammed's burial place, and had set up a government independent of Turkey. The Arabs of the Upper Desert had also refused to side in with the Turks.

The Turk was of the same faith as the Arab, but the latter had no use for the Turk, and would not support him.

Dr. Evans will speak tonight on "The Land of the Cross in the Hands of the Turks," in the Colborne Street Methodist Church, when he will exhibit about 200 views taken by himself.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Harry Smythe Charged With Unlawfully Entering Employer's Rooms.

Harry Smythe, a youth whose home is in Kingston, and who worked for some time for Norman Stuart of Caradoc, appeared before Squire Chittick today charged with unlawfully entering rooms in the hous of his employer during the latter's absence.

He was committed for trial, and his case will be disposed of before one of the county judges at an early date.

The evidence of his former employer was to the effect that the youth had forced the doors leading into certain rooms of the house that he was forbidden to enter.

His brother, who resides in Kingston will be communicated with during the next few days.

PERSONAL MENTION

Brigadier Rawling, officer in command of the London Division of the Salvation Army, has returned from St. Marys, where he held an inspection, and also conducted special services on Saturday and Sunday.

LOCAL NEWS

The fire department was called to the C. P. R. depot last evening. The alarm, however, was a false one.

APPOINTMENT CONFIRMED.—The provisional appointment of Lieut. R. W. Garrett, 7th Field Company, Canadian Engineers, has been confirmed.

AWARDED MEDAL. — Color-Sergt. Alfred Abel of the 32nd (Bruce) Regiment has been awarded the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal.

DR. WEEKES ILL. — Dr. W. J. Weekes, who was taken ill on Thursday last, is still confined to his home, but is progressing favorably.

OFF THE STRENGTH.—Lieut. G. P. MacNaughton, deputy assistant provost marshal at Galt, has been struck off the strength, owing to his appointment to the Royal Naval Air Service.

EXECUTIVE TO MEET.—The executive of the Red Cross will meet at Hyman Hall at 10:30 tomorrow (Wednesday) morning. A full attendance is requested.

AUDITORS BUSY—County Auditors C. W. Hawkshaw and A. P. McDougall are at work on the 1916 county audit, which will be completed within a few days.

SAVES LIGHT; PAYS FINE.—Frank Clegg was fined $2 and costs by the police magistrates today because of his failure to have his auto lamp lighted while the car was left standing on a public street after dark.

NEEDS $2,700.—County Clerk Stuart has made a requisition for $2,700 to cover the Middlesex patriotic checks for this for this month. Five new dependants were added to the county list on Saturday.

ON MILITARY BOARD.—Capt. H. L. Douglas and Capt. J. J. Walters, both of the A. M. C., have been detailed for duty with the medical board of Military District No. 1.

RECEIVED $20.—The National Council, Y. M. C. A., through the local treasurer, John S. Moore, acknowledges the receipt of $10 each from Miss A. C. Kelso and Miss M. C. MacPherson on account of the overseas work undertaken by the Y. M. C. A.

TWO WRITS ISSUED.—Two writs have been issued in the supreme court this week. The Consolidated Trust Corporation is the plaintiff in an action against Henry Depper, and A. B. Greer is the plaintiff named in a writ issued against Thomas Patterson.

MORE DISCHARGED.—Ptes. O. H. Rummerfield and A. Molnar of the 122nd Overseas Battalion, and Ptes. A. Humphreys, W. H. Zink, A. E. Thomson, F. E. Mathews and F. Burdan of the 149th Battalion, have received their discharges as medically unfit.

"CANADA'S RAILWAY PROBLEM"—The London Liberal Club has arranged for an address by T. Stuart Lyon of Toronto, to be given Tuesday evening, February 13th, at Hyman Hall. Mr. Lyon's subject will be "Canada's Railway Problem."

TWO TRANSFERS.—Among recent transfers are mentioned Sergt. J. Perrin from "F" Unit, Military Hospitals Commission Command to No. 1 Special Service Company, and Sergt.-Major W. J. Barrett from No. 1 Special Service Company to the 257th Overseas Battalion.

NURSES APPOINTED. — The appointment of Misses Ada Lillian Buckle, Nina Kathleen Copeman, Daisy May Copeman, Helen Abel, Annie Mae Ferguson, Eva Louise Boyden and Lillian May Armstrong, as supernumerary nursing sisters in the Army Medical Corps, has been approved.

SURPRISE VISIT.—Mr. and Mrs. Yates were surprised when members of the Knollwood Park Presbyterian Church numbering about 50, drove in on Wednesday evening, January 31. The evening was spent in music and games, E. Webster and Mr. Simpson rendered solos, and a selection was given by Mr. and Mrs. Yates.

LECTURE ARRANGED—At a meeting of the executive of the Women's Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church on Monday, arrangements were made for a lecture to be given by Rev. D. C. MacGregor on behalf of the auxiliary in St. Andrew's Hall a week from Thursday night.

HAVING EXCITING TIME.—Writing to friends on the staff, Lieut. Bert Perry, former sporting editor of The Advertiser, now training in the Royal Flying Corps, says that he is putting in some rarely exciting training stunts in preparation for going to the firing line or the naval service. He adds that he gets "the old sheet" regularly and that it is a God-send.

PATRIOTIC DONATIONS.—Mrs. H. A. Boomer acknowledges with sincere thanks the following donations to the Local Council of Women's Belgian Relief Fund: From the dollar chain of the Farmers' Advocate, a further contribution of $25; Miss H. B. Gibson, $2; Mrs. Reason, sen., $5; and for the Sailors' Shelter, Miss Stanley, Victoria Hospital, $5.

LECTURE THIS EVENING.—"The Bible and the War" is the subject on which Rev. Dr. Law of Toronto will speak this evening at the annual meeting of the Western Ontario Bible Society branch in the First Methodist Church. Charles E. Wheeler, F.C.G.O., is giving an organ recital for half an hour previous to the opening of the meeting, from 7:30 to 8 o'clock.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—The regular quarterly meeting of the official boards of Centennial Methodist Church was held on Monday evening. A resolution was passed expressing their appreciation of their pastor. Rev. Mr. Ferguson replied in his usual happy manner, referring to the cordial relations between himself and the church people. On Sunday fourteen joined the church, some by letter, and some by profession of faith.

SAYRE SENTENCED.—Sidney Sayre was sentenced Monday by Judge Macbeth to a term of not less than three and not exceeding eighteen months in the Burwash Industrial School at Sudbury, Ont. He was sent to this institution because the Guelph Prison Farm authorities refused to admit him on account of his appetite for drugs. He pleaded tearfully to have his sentence lessened. Judge Macbeth informed him he would be released any time after three months when he regained control.

SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED.—About fifty returned soldiers, convalescing in the city, were entertained by the Young People's Association of the Cronyn Memorial Church in the Sunday school last night. A varied program of music and moving pictures made the evening a pleasant one. Rev. R. W. Norwood, rector of the church, addressed the men, and a reply was made by Sergt. Struad and Sergt. Josephs. Miss Torrie contributed several numbers to the program, as well as Ed. Webster and Michael McKeogh.

TEN PRISONERS IN JAIL, ONLY TWO CAN WORK

Most of Them Spending Winter in Their Own Peculiar "Florida."

Although there are ten prisoners at the county jail only two of this number are capable of doing any hard work.

Three of the number are aged men who were committed to jail upon vagrancy charges each upon his own request in order to have a home for the winter.

One told the magistrates in police court some weeks ago that his winter home for the past fifteen years had been in some jail and he asked to be sent down for three months. His request was granted.

Another aged man, who always was given a three months' term, stated that he had but one thing to blame for his condition, drink.

The third aged individual is a sufferer from locomotor ataxia.

The other five prisoners unable to work have a peculiar range of ailments.

One has a "musical heart" two have rheumatism, a fourth has a bronchial affection and the fifth is a victim of dope.

The two "huskies" that are able to work have plenty to do, and are certainly earning their board.

EARLY ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY GATHERINGS IMPORTANT EVENTS

Past Years and Their Records Now Recalled.

GAMES WERE FEATURED

Present Members Anticipate Similar Successes For the Society During 1917.

The re-organization last night of the St. Andrew's Society recalls to many Londoners the early days of this institution.

The first society of which there appears to be any record had among its members ... John Wilson, W. S. Moncrief, George Ma... M.P., William Love, father of the former police magistrate, Robert Reid, Col. Moffatt, James Dunbar, William Dunbar, Archibald McPhail, Donald McPhail, Donald Currie, Alexander Campbell, Alexander Purdom, John Ferguson, Alexander Tytler, Andrew Chisholm.

There is an account given of a banquet in the Tecumseh House in the "50's" at which, Colonel, afterwards, Judge Wilson presided and speeches were made by W. G. Moncrief, William Love and others.

This society continued with varying prosperity, but reached a low ebb in the early "60's". There was a revival toward the end of the "60's", the most prominent members at that time being Robert Reid, Col. Walker, Col. Moffat, Donald Currie, the McPhails, and other native Scotsmen.

New Organization Formed.

Toward the end of the "70's" a new organization was formed, known as the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society. A new set of rules was adopted, drafted by John Dewar, then city editor of the London Free Press.

This association had, as its guiding spirit, John Fairgreaves, for many years a coal merchant here and until recently smoke inspector for the city of Detroit. He was probably the greatest enthusiast for Scottish games that London ever had.

Caledonian games were held several times in succession and noted athletes such as Duncan C. Ross were brought here. Once or twice the attendance reached 20,000. The games were held in the old fair grounds, east of Richmond street, north of Central avenue, west of Waterloo street and south of the C. P. R. tracks. The hollow there was usually filled with water and was known as Lake Horn.

Active members of the committee in charge of the games were Robert Reid, John Ferguson, William Howie, Francis Love, John McIntosh, John W. Jones, T. H. Purdom and Thomas A. Brown.

Games Were a Feature.

At this time Professor Moon established classes for teaching Scottish dancing, and quite a number of boys and girls connected with the society became expert dancers. Scottish concerts were quite common, where singing and dancing, particularly dancing, were popular. It was at these that the Riddell family and Donald C. Matheson, well-known Scottish dancer and piper of Sarnia, attended with singers of the past, such as the late Dr. Sippi and the late John Marshall and John Dromgole. The concerts and games covered a period of several years, and formed a feature of everything Scotch that took place in this district at that time.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society dropped out of existence, and the present St. Andrew's Society was formed and flourished for a time under the energetic president, John Pringle. Mr. Pringle gathered around him every one of Scottish national instincts. The picnics and banquets during that time proved the best ever held by the St. Andrew's Society.

Some of the best speakers in Canada were brought to London, including Sir George W. Ross Rev. Dr. Clark, Rev. Dr. Johnson. These three all appeared at one dinner. It would be difficult to get three better speakers on one platform at one time. There were many other eloquent speakers brought from time to time since then. In fact St. Andrew's Society at its banquets has always featured good speaking.

There are few who ever heard Dr. Sippi sing "The Harp That Once Through Tara's Hall," or John Marshall "Scotland Yet" and the "Laird of Cockpen," will ever forget the pleasure experienced. These were the days, too, of the famous Kennedy family, and David Kennedy visited London more than once.

In time those associated with Mr. Pringle in the management of the society dropped out, one by one, either dying or removing from the city. John Fairgreaves removed to Detroit, and death took Robert Reid, Francis Love, J. W. McIntosh, Thomas A. Brown, John W. Jones, and many others.

It looked as if with the death of J. W. Jones, the native Scotsmen had dropped out altogether. A. Tytler, John Ferguson Sen., William Howie were the only few left.

One of the most faithful through all the various organizations died recently, Walter Fairbairn. One of his last public appearances was when Ed. Reid presided at a banquet in Hyman Hall. Mr. Fairbairn had visited Scotland the year before, and he gave those who attended the banquet the benefit of his experiences. Though an old man, his efforts were much appreciated and praised.

There appears to be a strong desire again to revive the society, and there appear to be more native Scotsmen in London than was supposed.

There is an abundance of good singers still in London, and there are still some fine dancers. A revival of the memory of Scotland may be anticipated. In the past each effort has brought good and no ill and the magnificent part being played by Scotland is proving to the world that Scotland stands where she always did, in the forefront of the battle for human rights and freedom. Scotland is still true to its motto, "Memo ne impune lacessit." No one wounds me with impunity.

It is suggested that it looks now as if the United States of America, in replying to Germany, has adopted Scotland's motto.

JAPANESE NEWSPAPERS PLEASED WITH RUPTURE

Severance of U. S.-Berlin Relations Made Profound Impression at Tokio.

Tokio, Feb. 6.—The severance of relations between the United States and Germany has made a profound impression here. The foreign office has expressed satisfaction at the action of President Wilson, declaring that it was the only logical step.

The Yokohama stock and silk exchanges have suspended their sessions after heavy declines. Brokers fear an interruption of silk exports to the United States.

The American embassy and consulates have discontinued their representation of Germany in Japan.

The newspapers welcome the rupture, declaring that if war comes the United States will be of immense moral and material aid to the Entente Allies and hasten the collapse of Germany.

PTE. WM. SANT KILLED IN ACTION JANUARY 29

The first report for some time of a Londoner killed in action was received in an official telegram from Ottawa today by A. H. Sant, 34 Wellington road. The message states that Pte. William Sant of an infantry unit was killed in action on January 29.

WEDDING BELLS

HILL—STOCKING.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Askin Street Methodist parsonage Monday, when Miss Annie Laura Stocking of Newbury was united in marriage to George Murray Hill of Bothwell. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. H. S. McDougall. The young people were attended by the bride's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ritchie of Byron avenue.

WINS COMMISSION AFTER TWO YEARS IN TRENCHES

Lieut. Peter Moore Has Escaped Without Wound—In All Big Engagements.

Winning his commission in the trenches after having enlisted as a private, Lieut. Peter Moore, son of Dr. C. S. Moore, is now again in France after taking his course and securing his certificate.

Lieut. Moore went to the war in 1914 with a Vancouver regiment, and gradually won his stripes up to a sergeantcy. Then he was given the promotion and sent to England to qualify. He has never been wounded, although in the trenches two years. He has been buried by shell explosions, and fought in all the great engagements of the Canadians.

His brother, Lieut. Charles Moore, was not so fortunate. He was shot through the lungs while in France, and sent home invalided. He returned some time ago, and recently is believed to have left for France to rejoin his regiment. Both of the Moore boys are known as sterling Young Canadians, the type that has kept the line strong and developed a wonderful resourcefulness.

SENIOR OFFICERS OF 135TH COMING BACK

Lieut.-Col. Robson and Major Somerville Have Sailed For Canada.

A special cable received last night announces that Lieut.-Col. Bart Robson and Major A. E. Somerville have sailed from the Old Country for Canada. They were commanding officer and major respectively of the 135th Battalion of Middlesex. Col. Robson had great success in the recruiting of his battalion and was assured that it would go to the front as a unit with its officers. However, in England it met the fate of many other units. Both Col. Robson and Major Somerville spent some time at the front before being returned.

The party with which they sailed consists of some 500 officers. Major Hamilton Gault, founder of the Princess Patricias, is one of the number. He has twice been wounded and now wears an artificial leg. Lieut.-Cols. W. E. Knowles, R. W. Smart and Majors K. G. Lech, J. G. Stanbury, W. J. Moffatt and J. H. Armstrong are others returning.

MUST GIVE BOSCHES BLOW BETWEEN EYES

London, Feb. 6.—Arthur Neville Chamberlain, director-general of the British National Service, outlining the scheme for national service today, said: "Let nobody suppose that because Count Bernstorff has been given his passports, there is nothing else to do. Germany intends to starve us. The answer must be a blow straight between the eyes, which will beat the enemy down and bring him to his senses."

NO TUNGSTEN LAMPS ON HAND OR TO BE OBTAINED

Utilities Manager Says Old-Style Globes Will Have To Be Used.

There is no supply of Tungsten lamps in the city, and none can be obtained. General Manager E. V. Buchanan of the utilities commission stated today that the commission's supply was exhausted, and there were no more lamps to be had.

"I do not know what we will do," he said. "I suppose the old style lamps will have to be used. The Tungsten comes from Holland, and the new war conditions make it certain that little of the supply there will come across. We have some offers of delivery of the lamps in four months' time, but I doubt very much if we can get that now. We will simply have to make the best of a bad situation."

OWEN SOUND CONSTABLE COMES FOR PRISONER

W. J. Baker Wanted There for Assault on Resident—Jumped His Bail.

A member of the Owen Sound police force arrived in the city this morning and returned this afternoon, taking with him William J. Baker, wanted there on a charge of assault preferred by the Owen Sound police. It is alleged that he made a vicious attack on Azra Lymburner, and gave him a severe beating, because, Baker said, Lymburner had thrown Baker's father out of a shop, years ago, when the latter was drunk. He appeared in police court at Owen Sound, and the case was adjourned, Baker being released on $1,000 bail to appear Monday morning. He failed to appear and Chief Foster wired surrounding towns.

Baker was arrested at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon at the Grand Trunk station on the arrival of the G. T. R. train.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

GIVE MILITARY HONORS.

J. D. Howden, a returned soldier, who died in Stratford on Friday, was buried at Woodland Cemetery here today with full military honors.

The band of the 149th Battalion accompanied the gun carriage on which the coffin was borne to the cemetery. A firing party was supplied by the 149th Battalion, and a bugler from that unit sounded the last post. Capt. McGillivray, chaplain of the battalion, conducted the sermon.

Owing to the fact that officials of the Returned Soldiers' Association here did not learn of the death until late last night it was impossible to arrange for the returned men to attend in a body.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SKINNER.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma S. Skinner, whose death occurred on Saturday last, was held from the residence of her son, William Skinner, of 326 York street, at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

The services were conducted by Rev. A. J. Thomas of Dundas Centre Methodist Church.

The pallbearers were Andrew Dale, Melville Dale, W. E. Saunders, Sergt. Harold Skinner, Ernest Ruse and W. E. Sanborn.

DEATH OF MRS. REIDY.

The death of Mrs. James Reidy, 108 Cavendish street, on Monday, removed one of the oldest residents of London. Mrs. Reidy came here from Scotland in 1855 and has resided here ever since. Her husband, John Reidy, predeceased her by several years. Six children survive her. They are Michael, Joseph and Charles, all of this city, Mrs. J. H. Cole, Chicago, and Mary and Catherine Reidy at home.

The funeral will be held on Thursday at 8:30 o'clock to St. Peter's Cathedral, where requiem high mass will be sung. Interment will take place in St. Peter's Cemetery.

SOLDIERS RETURNING.—A party of 27 invalided and wounded soldiers, five of the party being local men, will arrive in the city tomorrow via C. P. R. at 11:15 a.m. The men came over on the steamship Metagama.

"CAP" STEPHENS ILL. — Capt. Harry J. Stephens, who went overseas as medical officer of the 70th Battalion is seriously ill with pleuro-pneumonia at Hastings, England, according to a cable which reached his wife in the city today. Before enlisting he was attached to the faculty of the Western University, being in charge of the football team. On his arrival in England, with the 70th he was transferred to the Tubercular Convalescent Hospital at Hastings, and has been stationed there for some time.

SHARP BREAK AT WAR RUMOR ON NEW YORK 'CHANGE

New York, Feb. 6.—Rumors widely circulated in the financial district at noon today that Germany had declared war upon the United States caused a sharp break in the stock market.

Prices, already somewhat irregular, gave way 1 to 3 points, with a special weakness in shippings, munitions and equipments. United States Steel dropped two points from its best price of the previous hour, and other industrials lost as much and in some instances more.

The rumor probably accounted for the concurrent decline in exchange to Germany and Austria, marks or bills on Berlin being quoted at 66⅝, very close to the minimum, while remittances to Vienna fell to 10.52, the greatest discount yet reported. The market soon recovered part of its loss, but continued extremely nervous.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

New York, Feb. 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
March	15.80	15.80	15.40	15.52
May	15.90	15.99	15.40	15.76
July	15.95	16.02	15.50	15.80
October	15.50	15.60	15.27	15.37
December	15.68	15.69	15.68	15.69

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Feb. 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Baltimore & Ohio	76	76	74¾	74¾
Erie, com	27⅜	27⅜	26½	26⅜
Great Western	11¾	..	..	..
Illinois Central	101½	101¾	101½	101¾
New Haven	39	39¼	38⅝	39
N. Y. Central	95⅛	95½	94⅞	94⅞
Rock Island	27½	..	..	..
St. Paul	82¼	82⅜	80¼	80¼
Wabash, com	13	13	12¾	12¾
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com	102¾	103	102½	103
Canadian Pacific	155⅜	155⅝	153⅛	154¼
Col. Southern	21½	..	..	..
Northern Pacific	104¼	104¼	103½	104
Southern Pacific	93	93	92½	92½
Southern Railway	29¼	29¼	28⅜	28⅛
Union Pacific	135⅞	135⅞	134	134⅝
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	59⅞	59½	59¼	59⅛
Lehigh Valley	74¾	74¾	74⅛	74⅛
Norfolk & West	129	129½	128⅛	128⅛
Ontario & West	23¾	23⅞	23½	23½
Pennsylvania	54¾	54⅛	54½	54⅛
Reading Railway	93	93¼	90¾	90⅞
Tractions—				
Brooklyn Transit	66½	66½	65½	66½
Interboro, com	13⅞	13⅞	13	13
Industrials—				
Am. Beet Sugar	97¼	99⅜	97¼	98
American Can	43⅞	45	43	44⅛
American Car	64	64	63	63¼
Am. Locomotive	70¼	71¼	69⅝	70
American Sugar	107¼	107½	107¼	107½
Am. Smelters	99¼	99⅜	98⅜	99¼
Am. Tel. & Tel	125⅞	125⅞	125¼	125¼
American Wool	44½	47¼	44½	46
Baldwin Loco	50½	51	50½	50⅞
Central Leather	81½	84	81¼	82
Corn Products	20½	20⅜	20½	20⅝
Consolidated Gas	125½	125½	125⅜	125⅜
Distillers	25	26	25	26
General Electric	165	165½	165	165
General Motors	105	107½	105	107½
Goodrich Rubber	54⅜	54⅜	54¼	54¼
G. Northern Ore	32⅜	32⅜	32	32
Inter. Nickel	42	42	41⅛	41⅛
Ice Securities	26	26	25½	25½
Maxwell Motor	52	52	51¾	52
Marine, com	22¼	22¼	21¼	21¼
Marine, pfd	69	69	64⅝	64⅞
Studebaker	99¾	100¼	99½	99½
U. S. Rubber	55¼	55¼	55	55
Virginia Chemical	39¾	..	..	..
Westinghouse	51½	51¾	50½	50½
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	77	77⅜	75¼	75¼
Butte & Superior	45⅝	45⅝	43⅜	44⅞
Chino Copper	54	54¼	53¼	53¼
Inspiration	56	56¼	55½	55½
Miami Copper	37¼	37¼	36¾	36¾
Nevada Con	23⅜	23⅜	22⅝	22⅞
Ray Consolidated	26	26	25	25⅜
Utah Copper	110½	111	107⅞	109⅛
Oils—				
Am. Linseed Oil	17¼	..	..	..
Cal. Petroleum	23½	23½	23	23
New Mexican	89¾	91⅛	88½	88½
Texas Oil	211	211	210	210
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel	405	..	..	..
Crucible Steel	61	62⅝	60¼	62
Lackawanna	78⅛	79	77¼	77¼
Pressed Steel Car	77¼	77¼	77	77
Republic Steel	77¾	77¼	75¼	75½
Railway Steel	47¼	47¾	47	47
Sloss-Sheffield	58¼	60	58¼	58⅞
U. S. Steel	108	108⅜	106½	108⅛
U. S. Steel, pfd	118¼	118¼	118	118
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	91⅞	91⅞	91¾	91¾

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montreal, Feb. 6.—Sales: Brazilian, 135 at 43¼ to 44; Steamships, 35 at 31¼; do., pfd., 85 at 93¼ to 93; Civic Investment, 479 at 81; Detroit, 619 at 122 to 120; Quebec Railway, 1,735 at 27 to 26; Shawinigan, 14 at 126 to 127; Toronto Railway, 170 at 79 to 80¼; Twin City, 50 at 93¼; Ames-Holden, 25 at 18; Canadian Car, 65 at 30; do., pfd., 245 at 74½; Canada Cement, 220 at 60¼; do., pfd., 10 at 92; Canadian Cottons, 20 at 51¼ to 51⅞; General Electric, 15 at 109; Smelting, 509 at 31; Dominion Steel, 985 at 61B to 60⅞; Dominion Bridge, 30 at 140 to 142; Laurentide, 200 at 182¾ to 184; Montreal Cottons, 34 at 50¼ to 50¼; Riordan Paper, 50 at 119¾; Scotia, 210 at 105; Sherwin-Williams, 3 at 59; Spanish River, 225 at 16; do., pfd., 44 at 52 to 55; Steel of Canada, 2,105 at 60 to 59¾; Ogilvie, pfd., 32 at 111 to 110; War Loan, $4,200 at 98¼ to 97¾. Bonds: Asbestos Corporation, $600 at 70½ to 72; Bell Telephone, $500 at 99; Cedar Rapids $200 at 90; Steel of Canada, $2,000 at 97; Wayagamack, $1,000 at 87½.

STANDARD STOCK AND MINING EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Toronto, Feb. 6—Noon.

	Bid.	Ask.
Apex	10¾	11
Dome Extension	29	29¼
Dome Lake	30	30½
Foley-O'Brien	70	..
Hollinger	650	660
Imperial	4	4⅛
Jupiter	31½	33
McIntyre	182	183
New Ray	116	120
Porcupine Crown	..	70
Porcupine Vipond	49	51
Preston East Dome	5½	6
Teck-Hughes	..	77
West Dome	31½	31¾
Bailey	..	7
Beaver	43½	44
Chambers-Ferland	13½	14¾
Crown Reserve	..	38½
Foster	3¼	..
Gifford	4	4⅞
Gould	⅛	⅜
Great Northern	11	13
Hargraves	17½	17¾
Hudson Bay	..	58
Kerr Lake	450	475
Nipissing	775	..
Peterson Lake	10	11¼
Right of Way	5	..
Rochester	..	4
Seneca-Superior	½	..
Shamrock Consolidated	19	20
Temiskaming	56½	57½
Trethewey	15	19
Wettlaufer	7½	8
Boston Creek	114	115
Tisdale	3¾	4
Tommy Burns	30	40
Vacuum Gas	..	47

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Morning Sales: Apex, 500 at 11¼, 100 at 11½, 1500 at 11; Davidson, 500 at 75, 500 at 76; Dome Extension, 2000 at 28½, 300 at 28¾, 8500 at 29, 500 at 29¼; Dome Lake, 1000 at 31½, 700 at 31, 300 at 30, 130 at 29½, 2000 at 30½; Dome Mines, 100 at 20½; Hollinger, 50 at 655; Jupiter, 600 at 31½; McIntyre, 900 at 182; New Ray, 500 at 117; Porcupine Crown, 100 at 68; Preston, 3500 at 5¾, 500 at 5⅞; Schumacher, 300 at 69½; Thompson-Krist, 500 at 26, 1000 at 25¼; Tisdale, 1000 at 3¾; Vipond, 1300 at 47, 1000 at 48¼, 2287 at 49, 3000 at 49½, 2500 at 51, 1000 at 51½, 5100 at 50, 50 at 49¾; West Dome, 100 at 31, 4700 at 31¼, 2200 at 31¾; Beaver, 1800 at 44; Boston Creek, 1350 at 115; Chambers, 1500 at 14; Crown Reserve, 100 at 40, 100 at 39, 1000 at 38; Gifford, 500 at 4½; Hargraves, 1800 at 17½, 1000 at 17¾; McKinley, 500 at 50; Nipissing, 15 at 810; Peterson, 500 at 11¼, 500 at 11, 500 at 10¾; Right of Way, 500 at 5; Temiskaming, 400 at 57; Vacuum Gas, 500 at 42.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 70⅞; July, $1 73.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Kansas City, Feb. 6.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 71; July, $1 43⅝.

IMPORTANT GAINS FOR THE BRITISH ON TIGRIS FRONT

London, Feb. 6.—The British offensive on the Tigris front has made further important gains, according to an official announcement given out here today. The statement follows:

"As a result of our successful assault on February 3, the enemy has evacuated the whole south bank of the Tigris east of the Hai-Tigris junction, which ground we now occupy. West of the Hai the enemy has evacuated his trenches to a line running due west from the licorice factory which is situated northeast of the Tigris-Hai junction.

"Further evidence points to the enemy having suffered very severely in the recent fighting, 500 dead having been already counted as result of our assault on the 3rd. Our cavalry returning from the raid operated against Shumran, shelling enemy camps and trenches with good effect."

Eleven Perish In Rail Wreck In Newfoundland

Curling, Nfld., Feb. 6.—Eleven persons lost their lives in a wreck on the Reid-Newfoundland Railroad ner Glenwood, an interior settlement, yesterday, according to passengers who arrived here today. Three cars of a passenger train were derailed, one of which caught fire. Only 19 of the 30 passengers in the burned car are known to have escaped, they said. Four of the dead have been identified.

Reports last night stated that only four persons were killed.

MILITIA REGIMENTS TO RECRUIT TO STRENGTH

Rumor Says If This Is Not Done Militia Act Will Be Enforced.

While it is expected that the plans for using the militia regiments in this district as depot battalions for training and draft-giving purposes, will be approved, no definite information has been received by local military officials regarding the matter.

According to rumors, the militia regiments will be required to recruit up to full strength for purposes of training and home defence, and, if suficient men are not forthcoming for the success of the plan, that the men will be called up under the provisions of the militia act.

Although no trouble is anticipated, in case the United States should declare war against Germany, the mere presence of a reasonably large force of trained and equipped men in Canada, would act as a preventive measure, and would likely deter any enterprising Hun from planning or attempting mischief.

LONDON AS CENTRE FOR ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

London is becoming a great centre for electrical supplies, several big concerns establishing headquarters here.

All have established wholesale centres here and are making great efforts to secure the trade of Western Ontario. It was thought that the big companies were out to beat the hydro shops, but this is denied.

"The great electrical development in the electric field in Western Ontario has caused these companies to establish headquarters here," said General-Manager E. V. Buchanan of the utilities commission. "London is admirably situated to deal with municipalities, and the companies are on the job to get the business. They are all dealing in a wholesale way, and, of course, do not affect the hydro shop in any way. We are doing a big business, and it is increasing all the time."

SEVERAL "HIT TRAIL" AT TORRIE REVIVAL SERVICE

There was an exceptionally good service in the South London Baptist Church last night and a number of people were converted.

The chorus of girls and whistling boys rendered two selections from the Billy Sunday book "Keep On Singing" and "Help the One Next to You," which added interest to the service. The senior choir also rendered a number.

Evangelist Torrie spoke on "The Story of How a Fallen Woman Was Saved." He took as his text Luke, vii., 50. The speaker pointed out that it is at the feet of Jesus where is found sorrow for sin, sovereign grace and salvation by faith. After the service there was a short testimony meeting, in which many took part.

Tonight Evangelist Torrie will speak on "Can You Know Positively You Are Saved." The service is going to be good and a large attendance is expected. The song service begins at 7:45 o'clock.

Continued From Page One

BEWILDERED BOSCHES

it was sufficient. At 8:56 our men were all back in our own line with their prisoners and their spoils.

Good to Prisoners.

The following incident of the raid will serve to illustrate how patient and indulgent our men can be toward their enemies once they have them well beaten. One of our officers with a handful of bombers stood at the mouth of a deep dugout crowded with bosches. In his best German, such as it was, he ordered them to come out and surrender as he was going to blow up the dugout.

A voice replied in excellent English: "Yes, we're coming."

He waited, but no one appearing, he repeated the order more emphatically. He got the answer: "Yes, yes, one minute, please."

Again he awaited and still no one came forth, but time was short, and he had more work to do. Once again he summoned them, adding that his next summons would be a bomb in their midst. Then at least and just in time, the Bosches came clamboring out obviously much relieved, and in a great hurry to surrender. Finally appeared their officer with dignity and deliberation. "I had to wait to burn my papers," he explained apologetically. The Canadian glared at him indignantly, then his face relaxed in approval: "All right," said he, "we'll call it square, but two seconds more and you'd have been in kingdom come."

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, Feb. 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
Sept.	136½	139½	135⅞	137	135
May	173½	176¼	170⅝	173⅜	167
July	148	150¼	146	147⅝	144⅜
Corn—					
May	100½	101⅞	100⅝	101	98⅜
July	99	100¼	98⅝	99⅜	97¼
Oats—					
May	54⅞	55½	53⅜	54⅝	53¼
July	53⅜	53⅜	52½	53⅝	52⅞

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, Feb. 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pork—				
May	$29 90	$29 97	$29 60	$29 62
July	29 50	29 55	29 25	29 27
Lard—				
May	16 57	16 57	16 58	16 60
July	16 67	16 67	16 67	16 61
Ribs—				
May	15 52	15 55	15 47	15 50
July	15 65	15 65	15 65	15 65

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Winnipeg, Feb. 6.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—					
May	172¾	175⅜	171¼	173	167⅞
July	171	174	176½	171⅛	166⅝
Oct.	138	141¼	138	138	137⅛
Oats—					
May	57	58⅜	50⅞	57⅜	56½
July	57½	58½	57⅛	57½	56⅜
Flax—					
May	260½	260½	260½	260½	261½







Continued From Page One

TREES CUT

yesterday on receipt of news that he had received a large supply of coal. The dealer sold the coal as quickly as possible, for cash, and on the principle of "first come, first served." He would not book any advance orders, saying that coal would be sold over his counter to those who come for it. The fairness of his arrangement appealed to the would-be buyers.

The worried housewife called her coal dealer.

"Please send me some coal; I have only a shovelful left," she pleaded.

"Why, the idea, you got some on Friday—500 pounds," said the dealer.

"Yes, but that was chesnut for the kitchen range," she replied.

"I guess I'll have to send you a sack or two, but don't press me too hard," said the dealer. "I've just refused ten people who got 500 late last week."

And when the coal man arrived he looked carefully into the cellar before dumping the few bags. It is stated that the coal dealers are going to ask for cellar search warrants, and one dealer said that some people are hiding their coal in their vegetable cellars as a duck ... with her nest.

Continued From Page One

INTERNED LINERS

ful destructiveness that obtained in the engine-room caverns while members of the United States neutrality squad and policemen patrolled the piers of Hoboken and Manhattan as unaware of what was going on as if they had been in Alaska.

Liners Now Hulks.

The German powers that be glanced far ahead of the hour when a state of war may be declared to exist between the central powers and the United States perceived the probability, or at least the possibility, that their merchant fleet here would be used to carry food and supplies to England, and promptly did their best to make the big ships no better than hulks. The work of destruction was signalled and executed secretly, smoothly and effectively.

Ordered By Code.

Long before the telegraph flashed from Washington on January 31 the news that thrilled the nation, German shipping interests here were aware of the purport of what von Bernstorff was to hand to the secretary of state and were under no illusions as to probable consequences. In apprehension of just such a situation—of a time when the engines had to be put out of commission if opportunity was not to be surrendered permanently—a code had been arranged.

It was impossible to use the telephone The persons with the right to give orders were aware that the telephones to the steamships are under espionage. Wireless plants, of course, had been sealed or dismantled long before. It was necessary to convey the order directly and by voice.

Ordered To Scrap Engines.

Last Wednesday, therefore, a German in street clothes stepped quietly aboard every Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd liner in the port, chatted with officers a few minutes quite openly on deck, went below for a half litre or beer, drank to the health of the kaiser and as quietly reappeared on deck and went ashore.

These quietly-moving visitors that boarded the ships at Hoboken, the five ships tied up off 135th street in the North River, the ships at South Brooklyn, were the messengers of destruction, each bearing a code word that meant scrapping $30,000,000 worth of splendid engines.

They had scarcely left the ships when the smashing commenced. The Sun has information from men of unquestionable veracity and honor as to the extent of the dismantling and as to the general methods employed.

Pyjama Suits
Soft and Warm, $1.25 to $2.00 per suit.
Graham Bros.

OLD FALSE TEETH
ACTUAL VALUE PAID
Bought in any condition, full or broken sets, also bridges, crowns, etc. Mail or bring direct to
DOMINION TOOTH CO.
Room 12, Dominion Bank Bldg., Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets.
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MILITARY ORNAMENTS, SERVICE MIRRORS, SOUVENIR ENAMEL JEWELRY.
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Buy Screened
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Kodaks and Eastman Non-Curling Films
J. H. BACK & CO.
210 DUNDAS STREET.

"My Experience as a Nurse"

has been that there is nothing known to medical science that can compare with Zam-Buk for the treatment of skin troubles or injuries." This is the opinion of Miss J. Keith, professional nurse, of Olds, Alta. She continues: "I have tested Zam-Buk personally, and have used it for my patients in a great number of cases—always with the same satisfactory results.

"Speaking professionally," Miss Keith concludes, "my advice to all sufferers from eczema or any other skin trouble is: Cleanse the affected parts thoroughly, and apply Zam-Buk freely and regularly. I am confident that this treatment will be found sufficient to cure even the most stubborn cases."

Zam-Buk, being composed solely of herbal essences, is so refined that it penetrates to the underlying tissues, which is where skin diseases have their roots. Unless a salve is capable of penetrating to the root of the disease it cannot permanently heal. This is why ordinary ointments which, owing to their coarse ingredients, never get deeper than the surface, either do not heal at all or only heal over the outer skin, with the result that the disease breaks out again. Zam-Buk cures, on the contrary, stay cured.

Zam-Buk is also unequalled for cuts, burns, scalds and all skin injuries. When Zam-Buk is applied, there is no danger of festering, and nothing ends pain and heals so quickly.

Zam-Buk should be used for ringworm, ulcers, abscesses, blood-poisoning, piles, boils, pimples, and all skin injuries and diseases. All druggists 50c. box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

Free Box. Send this advertisement, name of paper, and 1c. stamp and receive trial box.

ZAM-BUK QUICKLY HEALS!

BRITISH OCCUPY 500 YARDS TRENCH LINE AND TAKE PRISONERS

Successful Operations North-east of Gueudecourt.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The British official communication issued tonight says:

"Three hostile raids which were attempted by the enemy last night and this morning on the Somme front were beaten off. We secured a few prisoners.

"The local operations carried out by us last night northeast of Gueudecourt were entirely successful. We occupied some 500 yards of a hostile trench and captured a machine gun and 70 prisoners, including two officers. Two enemy counter-attacks during the night were repulsed.

"Our troops entered the enemy's lines last night at three points, in the neighborhood of Bouchavesnes, Pys and Grandecourt.

Four Foe Attacks Fail.

"During the past 24 hours the enemy made four unsuccessful counter-attacks against our new front east of Beaucourt. Our positions there have been consolidated. A further 39 prisoners, including one officer, were captured by us as a result of our raids and these counter-attacks.

"A party of the enemy succeeded in reaching our lines yesterday morning northeast of Vermelles, but was immediately ejected. The enemy blew a mine this morning opposite LaBassee.

"Three German airplanes were destroyed yesterday in air fighting and six others were driven down damaged. One of our machines is missing."

NEW PAPER MILL AT THREE RIVERS OPERATING

Test Made at Half Capacity is Entirely Satisfactory.

MONTREAL, Feb. 5. — The new paper mill of the St. Maurice Pulp and Paper Company at Three Rivers, Que., has begun operations, and the first run on one of the two 50-ton units on Saturday proved entirely successful. The capacity of the mill will be 100 tons, and the second unit of 50 tons will be ready for operation in a few days.

A sulphite mill, which has been built in connection with the newsprint mill, has been in operation for several weeks. The St. Maurice Pulp and Paper Company is a subsidiary of the Union Bag and Paper Company, an American concern.

GERARD TOLD TO LEAVE.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—Via London.—United States Ambassador James Gerard this morning received instructions to request his passports. His plans for departure are not yet decided.

OXO CUBES have proved of remarkable value in the Great War

They are equally valuable in the home. They yield warmth and sustenance in a moment.

An OXO CUBE to a cup

IN 10c. AND 25c. TINS

DOLLAR DAY

THE SIGNPOST TO ECONOMY

Next Saturday Barnard's Offer 500 Special Bargains!

Necklets
Bar Pins
Brooches
Fountain Pens
Candlesticks
Candle Shades
Bon-Bon Dishes
Berry Spoons
Cold Meat Forks
Bric-a-Brac



JOHN S. BARNARD

Jeweler,

194 Dundas Street.

PARDEE TAKES UP CASE OF SOLDIERS; COMMONS WILL ACT

Problem Will Be Tackled During the Adjournment.

THE MATTER IS URGENT

W. Lambton Member Secures Formation of Investigating Body.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Parliament is not going to have an idle adjournment. It is to name a committee from its membership to study the welfare of the returned soldiers.

The need for this was brought to the attention of the Government this afternoon by the chief Liberal whip, Fred Pardee of West Lambton. He backed his demand with reasons and arguments taken from the case of many soldiers who have already returned.

The prime minister recognized the merit of the request and granted it. So while Sir Robert Borden is in London sitting for Canada upon the Imperial war conference; while Parliament is upon its two months' adjournment; there will be a capable committee sitting at Ottawa studying the needs of the man who has been to the front, who has soldiered and suffered injury, who has come back to Canada with his injuries, and how to fit him into civil life again. The Liberal whip not merely obtained Government acceptance for his proposal, but he received approving commendations from members upon both sides of the House. He made out a real case for the cause he is championing.

Soldiers' Case Urgent.

Mr. Pardee brought the case of the returned soldier before the house at the opening of the sitting as "a matter of urgent public importance."

Uppermost in the minds of members upon both sides, Mr. Pardee declared, was the problem of winning the great war. For the gallant men who left comfortable Canadian homes and profitable employment to go overseas to fight our battles he asked for large-hearted and efficient national action, when they returned injured. Proudly had Canada cheered the departure of these men, proudly had Canada read of their achievements, Canada must as proudly undertake to fittingly care for such of them as returned broken and maimed. The stand of Canadians at Ypres had thrilled the country, but the Canadian spirit of proud enthusiasm must have practical expression.

Objects of Charity?

"Our men did not go to fight for the love of fighting, they went with a serious sense of duty and a high sense of loyalty. They went to fight not for agrandizement and conquest, but to preserve liberty, to maintain justice for their country and the Empire. Some of them have come back broken. Is the future of these men to be dependent upon charity?"

An aged father, with all of his numerous sons at the front, had written Mr. Pardee a letter upon this question. The father of soldiers pointed out that there were many well-intentioned efforts by individuals to meet the problem; there were advertisements of special collections, of concerts and bazaars to raise money to provide help for the returned soldier, but it appeared that so far about all that the Government had done was to authorize aid to commissioners in the soliciting of charity.

Want No Charity Business.

"We want no charity business for such men as these; it is degrading to the men, and degrading to Canada. We, who have been protected by these men, whose sacrifice has allowed us to live at home in peace, should not be asked to pay—we should be made to pay, we should be required to pay gratefully and according to our ability to pay."

Mr. Pardee asked the Government action at once. There were 300,000 men overseas, 10,600 had returned wounded or with broken health, 12,000 were in hospitals in England, being returned at the rate of 2,000 a month. The chairman of the soldiers' commission had stated frankly that the commission was already at the end of its tether. Individuals and organizations were doing splendid voluntary work, but this did not suffice.

Arrive Poorly Clad.

The dispatches in the press told stories of soldiers being landed at Quebec without overcoats and gloves. One man had his hands frozen as his welcome home to Canada. The pension system was good as far as it went, but it did not fully meet the situation. These men left Canada sound and capable; they had to pass the doctor. They were not the sort of men who would be content to return and retire upon small pensions. Britain and France were actively dealing with this problem. Canada demanded that it should be actively dealt with by her. It was a big problem, but Canada could and had risen to big things, that there was nothing too great where the soldier was concerned.

Good Use for Recess.

Then Mr. Pardee pointed out that Parliament was about to begin a two months' adjournment, and said that during these two months much might be done by a capable committee. It should be able to have a plan ready for the adoption of Parliament upon the close of the adjournment. He suggested that there be appointed a federal commission, with agents in every provincial capital, and at all other points where there has been large recruiting, and where, therefore, large numbers of returned soldiers might be expected. Sound and prompt action in dealing generously with this task would be the best stimulus that recruiting could have. The Liberal whip was cheered heartily.

Committee is Promised.

The prime minister was prompt with his reply. He arose as Mr. Pardee was taking his seat, and agreed with all that Mr. Pardee had said. He promised that the Government would forthwith appoint the committee Mr. Pardee had asked for, and that it should begin its work the day the House adjourned.

The Government was ascertaining how other countries were dealing with this problem, and when he reached Britain one of the things to which he would give early attention would be to learn from the British Government what immigration Canada might expect from the motherland upon the conclusion of the war. He believed that Britain would be anxious to retain as many as possible of the men, but he felt also that there would be a desire that those who wished to leave should go to some part of the Empire.

A Great Problem.

The demobilization of the Canadian forces would provide a great problem. The national service board, he said, was now obtaining from men overseas a statement of their vocations, and whether they desired to return to these vocations or to settle upon the land on their return. At the same time an industrial survey was being made of Canada to ascertain the opportunities of employment for the Canadian soldiers after the war. The military hospitals commission had already done much good work in dealing with the returned soldier, but it was not claimed that this organization had yet reached perfection. A majority of the funds collected to aid returned soldiers had been gathered in good faith, and well spent, but there was an opportunity for fraud which must be guarded against.

No Idlers From Ontario.

The military hospitals commission had the following statement of the returned soldiers:

Province.	Employed.	Unemployed.
Prince Edward Island	16	5
Nova Scotia	307	15
New Brunswck	190	60
Quebec	1,438	6
Ontario	1,760	0
Manitoba	633	0
Saskatchewan	424	0
Alberta	621	23
British Columbia	517	39

150 Positions Waiting.

Sir Robert said that there were now in Ontario 150 positions waiting for returned soldiers to fill them, and conditions were good in the other provinces, but it was becoming increasingly difficult to find places for returning men as their number increased. There had been many positions given in the Government service to returned soldiers. He agreed with all that Mr. Pardee had said in praise of the patriotism and the valor of the Canadian soldier, and agreed that the country should do all within reason for the men on their return from the front.

Injustice Here, Surely.

Hugh Guthrie, South Wellington, said that in many quarters there was the feeling that the returned soldiers were not being dealt with properly and generously. There was the case of a Guelph man discharged from a hospital in England with $100. When he paid his way to Canada he was without a dollar. His family had been put to such dire straits they had to sell all of their belongings. He had heard of other unfortunate cases, and was therefore glad to learn that there were positions open in Ontario for returned men. Two men would at once, on his recommendation, apply for positions.

W. F. Nickle, Kingston, told the House that no one could walk through the hospitals of England and see the torn bodies on the beds there without appreciating the terrible problem which would confront Canada in looking after them. He said that it would take the best brains of the country to provide adequately and fairly for those who have gone from us to do their duty by the Empire.

Matter Long Delayed.

Hon. Frank Oliver, Edmonton, said that he had this criticism to offer: The Government, instead of dealing with a problem which had actually arisen, had treated it as one which was actually with us. Delay of preparations for the handling of injured men had caused much suffering by men who deserved other treatment. This delay had injured the patriotic enthusiasm of many parts of the country. Instant and more vigorous action was essential.

Thus the debate closed. It is expected that the prime minister will announce the committee after a conference with Mr. Pardee and Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

SPAIN AND BRAZIL HAVE MADE PROTEST TO "SUB" WARFARE

Madrid, via Paris, Feb. 6.—There are still a number of Spanish vessels at sea which cannot possibly reach home ports before the time set in the German note. The minister of marine has instructed the authorities at all ports to allow no ship to clear unless provided with proper appliances for saving life in the event the vessel is sunk.

The cruiser Catalonia is guarding the entrance to Las Palmas Bay to prevent the German and Austrian ships moored there from leaving. No vessel is allowed to enter or leave port between sunset and sunrise.

MADRID, Feb. 5.—Via Paris, Feb. 6.—Count Romanones, the premier, announces that Spain's reply to the German note on submarine warfare will be handed to the German ambassador tomorrow and communicated at the same time to the Spanish ambassadors at Berlin and Vienna.

While the exact text of the note is not known, it is understood to be an energetic protest based on the rules of international law and the London Declaration and proclaims the Spanish right to the freedom of the seas and to commercial intercourse with foreign countries.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 5.—Brazil's answer to Germany in the matter of unrestricted submarine warfare has been completed.

All the ministers expressed themselves as in accord with the terms of the note, the moderate and firm tone of which evidences that the attitude of Brazil will safeguard its rights and interests menaced by the submarine campaign. The text of the note will be made public after it has been communicated to the various chancelleries.

COL. MARLOW QUITS BECAUSE DISABLED MEN ARE NEGLECTED

Assistant Director of Medical Service Angry With Government.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—Col. F. W. Marlow, assistant director of medical services for No. 2 Military District, will shortly resign as a protest against the inadequate provision made by the Dominion Government for care and repatriation of returned, disabled soldiers, it was learned tonight.

Last October Marlow was appointed by Gen. Sir Sam Hughes to investigate and report on the military hospitals of Canada. It is said he found conditions so bad that his report was never made public. His report was presented at the same time as that of Col. Herbert Bruce regarding conditions in Canadian hospitals in England.

Col. Marlow will not talk for publication, but his friends say the Dominion Military Hospitals Commission is incompetent, and that machinery for dealing with returned wounded soldiers is badly clogged.

TO REPRESENT GERMANY.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—A Reuter dispatch from Berne says that Switzerland is ready to represent German interests in the United States, should occasion arise.

THE VICTIMS OF LA GRIPPE

Every winter la grippe sweeps over Canada like a scourge, leaving behind hundreds of health-wrecked victims. Ask any of those who have been attacked by la grippe what their present condition of health is and most of them will answer: "Since I had the grip I have never been well." This trouble leaves behind a persistent weakness of the limbs, bad digestion, shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart, caused by the thin-blooded condition in which grip almost always leaves its victims after the fever and influenza have subsided. They are at the mercy of relapses and complications, often very serious. This condition will continue until the blood is built up again, and for this purpose nothing can equal a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. From first to last dose these pills make new, rich, red blood, which reaches every organ and every nerve in the body. Thus the lingering germs are driven from the body, and the weak, despondent victims of la grippe are transformed into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

250,000 Hibernians Pledge Loyalty to U.S.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—"The unswerving loyalty of 250,000 Hibernians in any conflict that might arise between this and any nation in the world," was pledged today to President Wilson by Joseph McLaughlin, national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in New York.

AMERICAN KILLED IN BOMBARDMENT BY A GERMAN SUBMARINE

Boats Shelled After Steamer Eavestone Is Sunk.

STATEMENT IS OFFICIAL

Dutch Ship Bound Between Neutral Ports Sent to the Bottom.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The British steamer Eavestone, of 1,791 tons, has been sunk and the captain and four members of the crew killed.

It is officially announced that Richard Wallace, an American seaman, belonging at Baltimore, was killed in the shelling of the boats which left the sinking steamer Eavestone.

The official statement says that the survivors of the Eavestone which arrived today reported that their ship was sunk by shell fire from a German submarine, that the crew abandoned the sinking vessel and that the submarine then shelled the boats in which the crew took refuge, killed the captain and three seamen and seriously wounded the second mate.

Danish Steamer Sunk.

The Danish steamer Lars Kruse, of 1,460 tons, is believed to have been sunk, Lloyd's Agency also states.

The Russian four-masted bark Garnet Hill, of 2,272 tons gross, is believed by Lloyd's Shipping Agency to have been sunk.

Dutch Ask Explanation.

A Reuter dispatch from The Hague says:

"The foreign office has learned that the Dutch steamer Gamma was first shelled and then sunk by bombs. The foreign minister immediately asked an explanation from the German Government."

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, dealing with the same case, says:

"Berlin denies that the Gamma was torpedoed without warning as a result of the recent new submarine instructions. It adds that the steamer could only have been sunk in cruiser warfare for carrying contraband to England."

The admiralty, reporting that the Dutch steamer Gamma, bound from New York for Amsterdam, with a cargo of oil cake for the Netherlands Government, was fired upon by a German submarine, and subsequently sunk by bombs, adds:

"It will be interesting to learn what distortions of international law the German Government will employ to justify this action. The Gamma was a neutral, proceeding from one neutral country to another, and carrying a cargo consigned to the Government of that country."

The only previous announcement indicating that the Gamma had met with disaster was contained in a report made by Lloyd's Friday that the crew of the steamer had been landed. The Gamma registered 2,198 tons, and was owned in Amsterdam.

Germany Must Give Up Ghost Early in Spring

Americans Off Yarrowdale Tell of Dire Straits in German Empire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The Tribune this morning publishes the following:

London, Feb. 5.—According to two Americans sailors, Charles Henry Green and David Quinn, members of the released crew of the steamer Yarrowdale seized by the German raider, the admission is general throughout Germany that the Empire has neither food nor money to outlast the spring. The two seamen reached London today from Germany.

"On reaching Germany," the men said, "we found everyone downhearted and despondent. The commandant of the barracks where we were interned told us frequently that Germany had only sufficient food and money to last until the beginning of spring. After that, he said, the Germans would have to quit.

"Nobody seemed to have enough to eat. Our food was not only of the scantiest, but was bad. Breakfast consisted of a small quantity of coffee made from acorns. For dinner we had stew, in which ten pounds of beef was allotted to 500 men. For supper we got nothing but the thinnest gruel."

The United States consulate had made arrangements for the men's comfort while in London and their earliest repatriation.

TURK GRAND VIZIER QUITS.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The Turkish grand vizier has resigned, according to a Reuter dispatch from Constantinople, received by way of Amsterdam. Ill health is given as the reason for his resignation.

Talaat Bey, who has held many portfolios in the cabinet, has formed a new ministry, with Enver Pasha as minister of war; Nehsimy Bey, as foreign minister, and Sassaskiam Ecendi as shiekel-Islam.

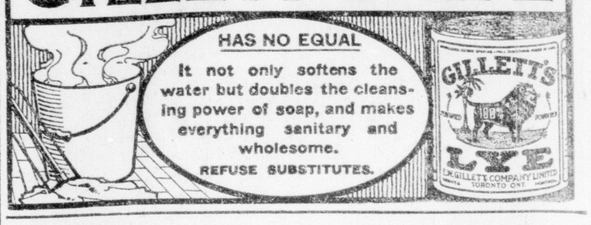
ADVICE TO DYSPEPTICS WELL WORTH FOLLOWING

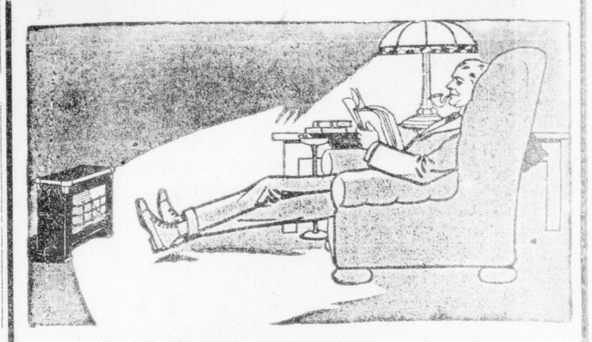
In the case of dyspepsia, the appetite is variable. Sometimes it is ravenous, again it is often very poor. For this condition there is but one sure remedy — Dr. Hamilton's Pills—which cure quickly and thoroughly.

Sufferers find marked benefit in a day, and as time goes on improvement continues. No other medicine will strengthen the stomach and digestive organs like Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They supply the materials and assistance necessary to convert everything eaten into nourishment, into muscle, fibre, and energy with which to build up the rundown system.

Why not cure our dyspepsia now? Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. 25c per box, at all dealers.

GILLETT'S LYE





Keep Off the Sick List by Using A GAS HEATER

THE WEATHER IS TREACHEROUS AND COLDS ARE PREVALENT.

A damp, cold room is frequently the lurking place for the germs that cause that "disagreeable chilly feeling" that precede a heavy cold or serious illness. No matter how small or how large your bedroom or office a Gas Heater or Gas Steam Radiator will prove effective for heating.



We Sell Gas Heaters From $3.75 and Up

The Gas Appliance Company

Phone 922. 213 Dundas Street.

The Right Way Is the Gas Way.

Tremendous Sale of Electrical Goods at Great Reductions

Sale Commences Wednesday Morning for Remainder of Week

The Western Ontario Electric Company has puchased the entire retail stock of the former Rogers Electric Company away below cost price. They now offer it to the people of London and district at extraordinary prices. When you realize the high quality stock carried by the Rogers Company, you will instantly conceive the wonderful savings in store for those who take advantage of these phenomenal bargains.

During February we will wire your house for 10 per cent above exact cost of material and labor. We employ only expert electricians.
All Fixtures put up free of charge during this sale.
Phone 419 and get an expert to give prices on wiring, etc., free of charge.

No reserve; everything will be sold. If you should not want Electric Goods now, pay a small deposit and we will put the article away. But buy NOW, for never again will you get a chance to buy Electric Goods at these prices.

Look! $9.00 ELECTRIC PORTABLE HEATER. $6.65
Only two of them on sale.

WHILE THEY LAST

25-Watt Tungsten Lamps, 500 on Sale
3 for $1.00

60-Watt Sunbeam Mazda, 250 on sale. Regular 55c each,
3 for $1 25

FLASHLIGHTS

Vest Pocket Size ..... $1.15 complete
Large Sizes ..... $1.38 complete

BUY DOMES NOW!



18-Inch Square Opaline Glass Dome, chain drop, brush brass or ivory enamel. Worth $15, including installation and tungsten lamp.
$9 90

3 only, Large Octagon Chain-Drop Domes, beautiful fringe. Worth $18 installed and including tungsten light,
$11 90

WATCH OUR ADVERTISEMENT ON FRIDAY FOR OUR SPECIAL SALE ON DOLLAR DAY SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10.

FOR THE BOYS

$3.50 Electric Toy Transformers, 6 different voltage points $2.89
$7.50 Large Toy Transformers $5.95
Toy Motors 98c, $1.35, $1.90

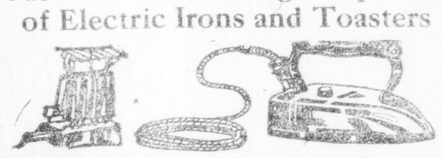
1,000 Electric Shades

Worth 50c to 75c.

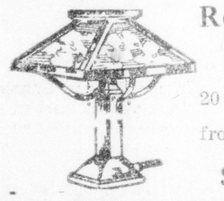
200 different varieties, including Tiffany, Clusterettes, Alba, Phoenix, etc. Only two to a customer.

23c Each

Just Arrived! A Large Shipment of Electric Irons and Toasters



Canadian Beauty Toaster (guaranteed), $4.00
Canadian Beauty Iron (guaranteed), ...$4.00



Reading Lamps at Sacrifice Prices

20 Reading Lamps, worth from $7.50 to $15, on sale
$4.75 to $11.75

A SMALL DEPOSIT PUTS ANY ARTICLE AWAY DURING THIS SALE.

THE WESTERN ONTARIO ELECTRIC CO.

We positively will not supply other electrical dealers at above prices.

A. H. B. KEENE. 125-7 KING STREET, OPP. MARKET. E. L. CAMPBELL, Manager



February FURNITURE Sale

Our Big February Furniture Sale

NOW IN FULL SWING!

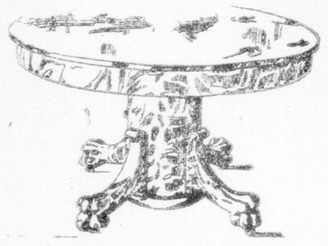
On account of the inclement weather many people were unable to attend last week. But there are thousands of dollars worth of bargains left yet.

A WELCOME AWAITS YOU

London's Finest Furniture Store, five floors teeming with dependable Furniture, Rugs, Draperies, etc. reduced from 15 per cent to 50 per cent. Your acquaintance with our store will be worth while. Our huge buying capacity on a strictly cash basis has enabled us again, in spite of increased costs, to offer an unlimited selection of household furnishings at prices absolutely away below today's factory prices.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES AND COMPARE

This $27.50 Extension Table $18.50



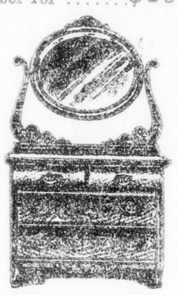
Made of selected quarter-cut fumed or golden oak, solid one-inch plank tops, extending to 6 feet; 45-inch tops. Thursday, special $18.50

This $45.00 Colonial Buffet . . $34

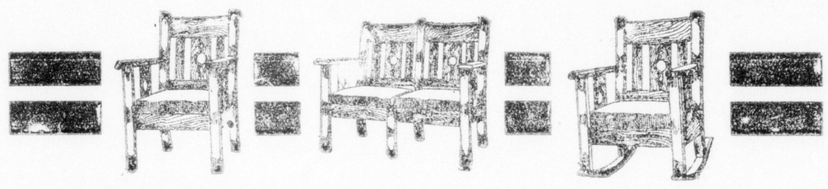


This Massive Colonial Buffet, in selected Canadian white oak with double doily drawers and large roomy desk cupboards. Regularly worth $45.00. Special $34.00

$22.50 Dresser for $16.90



25 only, Choice Empire Oak Dressers with large, circular British plate mirrors, with 2 long and 2 short, easy-running linen drawers. These are cheap at $27.50, Thursday's special $16.50



Solid Fumed Oak Living-Room Set

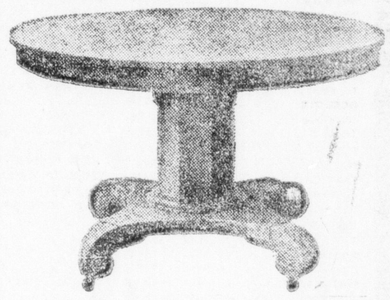
Four only sample Three-piece Suites, as illustrated, in solid quarter-cut fumed oak frames, upholstered in No. 1 Spanish leather or genuine English wool tapestries, full spring seats with stitched edges. **$24.50**

COME EARLY FOR THESE THREE PIECES

$31.00 BUFFET For..... $24



This Massive Colonial Buffet, in fumed oak, like cut shown, has large British plate mirror back, and is fitted with linen and cutlery drawers and large dish cupboard. Special $24.00



This $32.50 Extension Table $24.50

The greatest bargain in Ontario for the money, of selected quartered oak, with heavy 14-inch octagonal pedestal; 48-inch top. This is much lower than the manufacturer's price today.

$49.00 DAVENPORT $39.50



Massively designed as illustrated, with upholstered spring seats in imitation Spanish leather, separate bed spring and comfortable felt mattresses. Special, while they last $39.50



$27.50

This Four-Piece Living-Room Suite

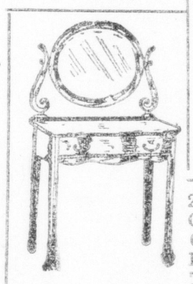
Finest black walnut and upholstered in brown Spanish Bradley leather. It is a handsome William and Mary design. Worth $40.00.

This Big Brass BED SET



$17.95 Complete

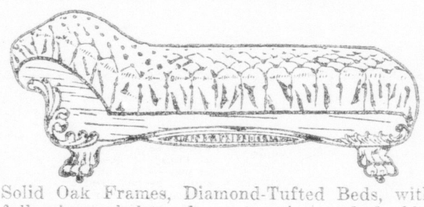
This Bed outfit consists of an All-Brass Bed, with two-inch pillars and five fillers with heavy rod ends, in best quality English lacquer. Our celebrated Comfort Mattress in heavy art sateen ticking, closely-tufted and stitched and closely-woven wire spring with heavy hellical supports and four-ply wire strengtheners throughout. We have only a limited number of these outfits, so get them at once. Regularly sold for $26.50.



25 SOLID QUARTER-CUT OAK DRESSING TABLES

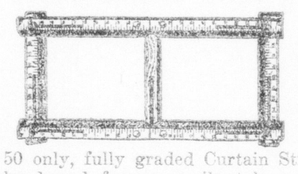
25 only in solid quarter-cut oak, with best British plate mirrors, in three designs. Regular $14.95. **$9.95**

COUCHES



Solid Oak Frames, Diamond-Tufted Beds, with full wire upholstered construction and double-cone springs. Usual $20.00 .....$14.50
A heavier line in Pantasote leather, $22.50, for $16.50

Curtain Stretchers



99c

50 only, fully graded Curtain Stretchers, strong hardwood frames, easily taken apart. Regular price, $1.50. Our special 99c

WE HAVE 11 FURNISHED ROOMS ARRANGED IN EXACTLY THE SAME WAY AS THEY WOULD APPEAR IN YOUR HOME.

$4.95—Coil Spring guaranteed for 20 years. Regular $6.50.

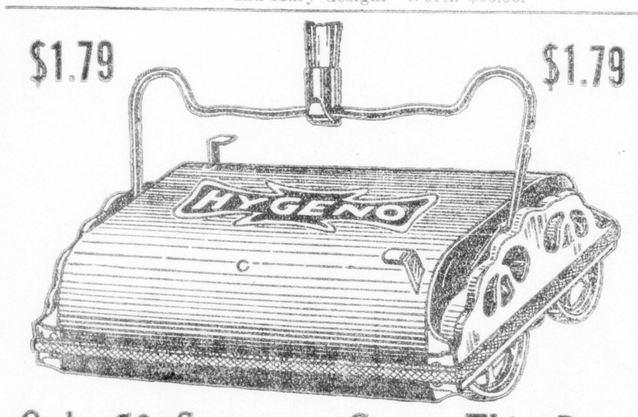
$5.95 — Felt Mattress, covered in best sateen ticking. Worth $10.00.

$1.49 — 75 pairs Feather Pillows. Regular $2.50.



$2.49 — 200 guaranteed $4.00 Woven Wire Springs to clear at $2.49

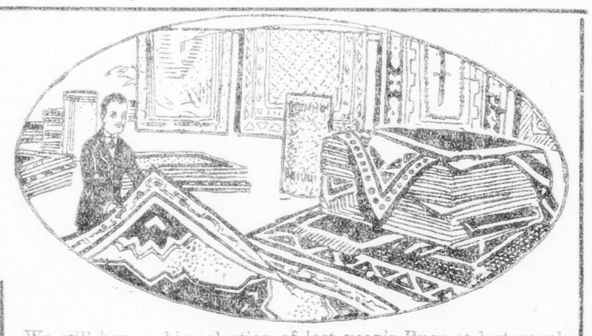
$1.79 **$1.79**



Only 50 Sweepers Go at This Price

This is purely an advertisement, as these Sweepers cost us more than we are selling them for. They have our name stenciled on them, and we are willing to pay you a fair price to have our name in your home as a reminder that this is a wide-awake store. **$1.79**

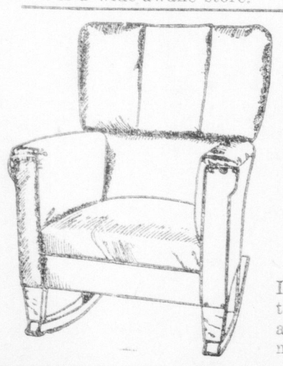
RUGS AT OLD PRICES. LINOLEUMS, OILCLOTHS, ETC.



We still have a big selection of last year's Rugs at last year's prices. Have these put away for you if not required at once. It will mean a saving of at least 25 per cent to 35 per cent to you. We cannot emphasize too strongly the difference in the prices now and a little later.

ASK FOR THE OSTER-MOOR MATTRESS.

A 33 1-3 PER CENT DISCOUNT OFF ALL CHINTZES, CRETONNES, VOILES, SCRIMS, LACE CURTAINS, ETC. LAMP SHADES MADE TO ORDER AT SAME DISCOUNT.

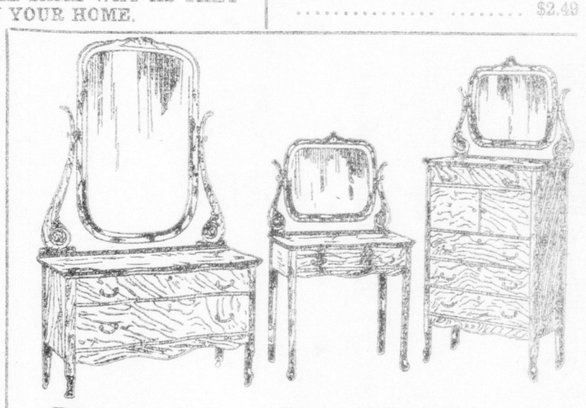


STUFFOVER ROCKERS

IN THREE DESIGNS $10.95

REGULAR $14.50

In five designs, upholstered in best imitation Spanish leather, with deep, comfortable seats, fully-sprung interiors. A chair made expressly for hard, honest use.



Dressers

In genuine mahogany or oak, with one long and two short drawers, best British plate mirror, beautifully finished interiors, with oval or shield-shape mirrors. Worth $30. Now $21.50

Dressing Tables

Dressing Tables to match in quartered oak only, with 34 and 36 inch tops, with neatly-carved frames and shaped standards. Usually sold for $15. Now $9.95

Chiffoniers

Chiffoniers beautifully designed cases with full-shaped fronts in African mahogany or quarter-cut oak, large 34-inch tops, with four long and two short drawers. Worth $28.00. Now $19.50

The Ottawa Furniture Co.

226-230 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

BISHOPS' PASTORAL MAY SERVE GOOD PURPOSE, SAYS ORANGE LEADER

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—"If this letter would lead the French to learn the constitutional limitations of this language, it will serve a good purpose," declared H. C. Hocken, editor of the Orange Sentinel, this morning, speaking of the pastoral on the bilingual question read in all the Roman Catholic churches yesterday. The letter urged obedience to "just laws," declared that regulation 17 had been subject to misunderstanding, and advocated sympathy on the part of the majority for the minority.

"I think I speak for all Orangemen," said Mr. Hocken, "when I say that we are as anxious to have harmonious relations established between the provinces as any class of men in the Dominion, but this harmony must rest on recognition of the constant right of the people of this province to determine the character of the schools that are being maintained by taxation."

WATERPROOF BOOTS ROUT "TRENCH FEET"

ST. JOHN, N.B., Feb. 5.—A number of wounded soldiers have reached here from England.

Capt. Hamilton of Uxbridge, Ont., one of the returned men, was awarded a military cross for gallantry on the battlefield. He was attached to a R.A.M.C. unit at Saloniki, and was one of the officers who assisted to drive back a large force of Bulgarians.

Major C. E. Long of Ottawa, home on furlough after months with the 1st Contingent Ammunition Column in France, said that the Canadian boys were doing great work. Out of the entire first Canadian contingent only twenty-seven men fell victims to typhoid. He said that there are no more "trench-feet," as the men are being supplied with long waterproof boots.

EMBARGOES ON EVERYTHING AT NORTH BAY BY G. T. R.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—The Grand Trunk Railway has placed an embargo on all cargoes at North Bay, whether carload or less. Traffic way-billed February 4 will be excepted.

BRITISH FREIGHTER CALLS TO HALIFAX FOR AID

Several Steamers and Government Craft on Way to Scene.

HALIFAX, Feb. 5.—A small British freight steamer is in distress about five miles south of Sambro today, according to a wireless message received by Marine and Fisheries Agent Harvey here. Immediate assistance was asked by the steamer, No. 2 hold of which was reported full of water.

Within half an hour several steamers were on the way to the scene, and the Dominion Government steamer Lady Laurier was prepared to leave as soon as possible. The steamer in distress was bound here from New York

London Advertiser

Member Audit Bureau of Circulation.

MORNING EDITION.
City. 10c per week. $5.00 per year. Outside City, By Mail. $3.00 per year.

NOON EDITION.
$3.00 per year by mail.

EVENING EDITION.
City. 10c per week. $5.00 per year. Outside City, By Mail. $3.00 per year.

3670 TELEPHONE NUMBERS. Private Branch Exchange. From 10:00 p.m. to 9:00 a.m., and holidays, call 3670, Business Department; 3671, Editors; 3672, Reporters; 3673, News Room.
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THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY, LIMITED.

London, Ont., Tuesday, Feb. 6.

FIRST BLOOD.

AN AMERICAN has been killed by an atrocious German murder on the high seas. An official statement last night declared that after the British steamer Eavestone had been torpedoed, the boats containing members of the crew were fired upon, and a number killed, including a man from Baltimore.

President Woodrow Wilson will necessarily have to accept the British version of this incident. There can be no more request for explanations from Berlin. One American life sacrificed is the spark that may fire the tinder, and set the wheels of Uncle Sam's war machine in motion. What will Washington do? The question no longer is, "What will Washington say?"

OVERWORKED WORDS.

IT'S A GOOD WORD, but it is carrying an awful burden. That is "service." Everyone is talking service these times. The altruistic in business has come to the front and counted out shabbiness and shystering. There can be no doubt that "service" has done much to crystallize the movement toward cleaner business and nobler effort, yet just as other words when overworked have injured the movement they represent, so will the good word "service" soon commence to tire people.

The danger of over-usage is one that is recognized. Take the word "booster." It's a good healthy word. It is the antonym of "knocker." Yet it has become so overworked that the public hesitates to use it, and it has all but passed out of conversational style. It has taken along with it the companion word—the converse term—meaning "knocker."

"Efficiency" is a term that most orators are loth to make use of. It has been talked to death. It has left something in its train, but at the same time in some quarters it has forced a reaction against the very methods it represented. Of course no one word has ever done more good to humanity than that same single word. If it has passed from general usage, from use as the name of a new science which it described, it has left much behind it as a monument. It was the one word that stood for the great new thought in business, the elimination of waste in time, energy and material. But if it had not been given such general popularity the public would not so quickly have dropped it. It has become hackneyed in a year or two, for the simple reason that instead of coining new words or phrases and looking up synonyms, in almost every public address made for several years poor old "efficiency" had to be trotted out and given a run, with the result that it is jaded and wind-blown at the present time.

"Safety First" was a wonderfully expressive phrase which has all but fallen by the wayside. It was worked to death in a marvellous burst of speed, and then turned out in the verbal boneyard. It would be difficult for a railway company to renew the enthusiasm that followed the coinage of that striking combination. The phrase was plastered over everything and the novelty was all too quickly exhausted. It will require a new movement, and a new word or words to sound again such a widespread warning message.

We grasp too quickly at the novelty of words and phrases, and they are thin things that need careful nurturing. Let it be hoped that the good word "service" will be given a rest sufficient to recuperate and to give further service in the future. Look up a few new ones, Messrs. Orators and Advertisers. Don't kill the oral geese that lay the golden thoughts.

WHAT CANADA MIGHT HAVE DONE.

AN AMERICAN WRITER, H. E. Gregory, in the last number of the National Geographic Magazine, Washington, tells his people what the Australian fleet has done in this war—the fleet that was developed on the same plan as the one that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government set out to build for Canada. In reading the record it should be borne in mind that Australia's population is only about half of that of Canada.

Australia with its population of less than five millions all told sent out "its little fleet of five cruisers, three torpedoboat destroyers and three light gunboats, built and manned at the nation's expense, which, within two months after war was declared, had occupied the German Pacific Islands of Samoa, Marshall, the Carolines, Pelew, Ladrones, New Guinea and New Britain, had captured eleven of the enemy's vessels, had forced twenty-five others to intern, and prevented the destruction of a single British ship in any Australian water. In the third month of the war the Emden, lying in wait for Australian transports, met its fate before the guns of the cruiser Sydney. Later the watchful Australian fleet played its part in driving von Spee's squadron from the Pacific into the trap set by Admiral Sturdee at the Falkland Islands.

Had the evil day not come when Premier Borden left the Canadian fleet to be scuttled by the "shoot holes" Blondins Canada might today be as proud of her record at sea as the island on guard between the Pacific and the Indian Oceans.

NATURAL GAS.

EVERY day during the serious coal shortage of the last month and a half more than 13,000,000 feet of natural gas have passed the city of London in pipes and gone to Hamilton and other eastern points to provide fuel for manufacturing. The Advertiser is informed that this is the equivalent of 740 tons of soft coal per day. This amount of coal would fill some 25 cars and make up a coal train of considerable length.

Practically every city in Western Ontario is availing itself of this or some other natural gas supply, a bounty of nature quite as much as a supply of power from Niagara Falls. London has on two occasions refused to treat with the owners of the supply, although other communities have readily accepted the offer, with the result that in many cases industries have been secured and are now dependent entirely upon the natural gas supply. One firm in Hamilton is said to use 3,000,000 feet per day from the supply which passes London within a stone's throw of the city's borders.

When last the question was mooted in this city, a counter-offer was made to the council, and it was decided to wait until other companies, which now have a very small supply, had completed their developments. No one will quarrel with that action, except as regarding its results. The city might have come to an agreement to secure the available gas, though not giving a franchise to any company. At present it may be possible to relieve the coal shortage by securing natural gas for various factories.

For some weeks the McClary Company has been urging the city to grant permission to secure a temporary supply of gas in order that the company may have no fear of closing down, and no decreased production because of coal shortage. It seems to The Advertiser that an emergency meeting of the board of control and council should have been called to deal with this question, and that even at this late hour, the meeting should be called and the privilege granted to the McClary Company without delay. The city seems to be inflicted with a certain disease of tardiness in its handling of vital questions. When action is required the bold spirit to take that action is missing from our civic boards. It is the plainest common-sense to secure gas for those industries which could use it at once. It is not now a question of having natural gas by choice but of being forced to take what is offered in order to relieve a fuel situation that is bad enough now and may quickly approach a sudden drastic climax unless provision for the emergency is made.

Give the McClary Company natural gas on the terms presented. The city does not tie itself down to the granting of a franchise. It merely gives a measure of relief to the city's most important industry. If there was ever a time for a certain kind of industrial preparedness in London that time is the present.

A BLUFF CALLED.

MARK TWAIN once said that poker was the grand American pastime.

Germany after playing Uncle Sam several hands with success sat back and endeavored to bluff the old fellow and to take everything he had.

But when it came time to "call" the voice of Uncle Sam was heard and Germany's bluff was shown up.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Brazil now has an opportunity of acquiring a nice little mercantile marine.

Von Bernstorff is in doubt as to how he shall reach Germany. Where is the Deutschland?

If Mr. Wilson likes the role of hero (the whole world is ringing with his praises), he may go one step farther.

A Brazilian statesman declares that Germany will win in spite of everything. Let's see, isn't that the place where the nuts come from?

It is not surprising to learn that Mr. Rogers is to accompany Mr. Borden to England. He is always on hand to help the premier over the rough places.

Should Pope Benedict become mediator after the war, it would be a curious reversion to mediaeval times when the pope was the mediator of kings, in the settlement of their disputes.

The United States is not old enough to have her national ideas fixed. Hence her doubt about entering the war. Great Britain is nationally mature, and with her there could be no hesitancy.

The city of Lethbridge (Alta.) has bought a coal mine, with the intention of operating it for the benefit of the citizens. Sounds good just now, especially if one could bribe a railway corporation to ship the coal here.

F. F. Pardee, M. P. for West Lambton, did a good day's work for the returned soldiers yesterday in the House of Commons, when he secured the appointment of a committee to inquire into the welfare of men who have served overseas. The premier accepted Mr. Pardee's suggestion in a non-partisan manner, and is to be commended.

The citizens of Sherbrooke (Que.) for some little time have been going to bed early, so that more power, which is owned by the municipality, can be supplied to the local works, busy on munitions. This is a striking example of patriotism on the part of those who stay at home. The light-saving is not compulsory, but nevertheless has been adopted by all the citizens as their little share in the national economy and speedier execution of the war.

HE'S STILL WAITING



—N. Y. Evening Telegram.

Declares Cold Storage Holds Down the High Cost of Living By Conserving Surplus of Food

The following is a verbatim report of the address, entitled, "Patriotic Call to Production," delivered by A. E. Silverwood, of Silverwoods, Limited, before the Rotary Club yesterday:

Surely at this time the burning question in the mind of every citizen of the British Empire should be, "What part can I play to help win this terrible war?"

Thousands of Canada's bravest and best are already to be found fighting in the trenches, and those of us who are not permitted to serve in this way should endeavor to do all we can in our respective vocations to support our boys at the front and our Allies in this conflict. After two and a half years of the most devastating war the world has ever known, engaging, as it has, tens of millions of the world's producers, resulting in their being withdrawn from the activities of production, and converted into consumers, with the consequential loss and waste attendant upon the transportation and supplying of the enormous quantities of foodstuffs under the most extraordinary conditions, and after large areas of the world have been rendered temporarily useless from the standpoint of production, and after enormous quantities of the world's available foodstuffs have been sent to the bottom of the ocean through the agency of Germany's damnable submarine warfare; surely there never was a time when, if from no other standpoint than patriotism, the call to "produce, produce, produce," might be considered as insistent as it is today. In England even the royal parks are to be tilled, and there is no doubt that much of the available areas of England hitherto uncultivated will be requisitioned by the Government, with the object of increasing production during the coming months.

Next to the call to produce might follow close at its heels a similar patriotic call to "conserve" the food products of the world, and in this way eliminate all possible waste.

Patriotic Call to Conservation.

In Canada we are, as yet, more or less indifferent to this insistent demand. It is true that food is steadily becoming scarcer, and, consequently, higher in price, brought about by this extraordinary demand, and the public, too often, without attempting to think through the problem, jumps at any conclusion which appears to feasibly fasten the blame for these unfortunate conditions on any individual or business. No one will attempt to deny that the cost of living has gone high, but surely even in this we can take some measure of comfort, because it should be comparatively easy to prove that of all the countries actively engaged in this war, Canada has suffered the least in this respect. The United States is not at war, and yet statistics will prove that the increase in the H. C. of L. is more pronounced today in the United States than it is in Canada.

What Is Cold Storage and What Part Does It Play in This Direction?

Now, admitting that the cost of living has gone high, and promises to go even higher, let us try to see what the question of cold storage has to do with this.

First of all, it might be well to make clear what cold storage is, and why it is needed. Much of the product of the farm, such as grain, etc., does not require cold storage, though it is possible for the farmer, the miller or the middleman who handles this product, to store it indefinitely, and, so far, without exciting any unreasonable comment from the public; but many of the perishable commodities of the farm, such as eggs, butter, poultry, fruits, etc., cannot be stored in barns or elevators, but must be handled with great skill to prevent partial or entire loss. It has been demonstrated that the only practical method of properly preserving these perishable goods has been by adopting the principles which have been developed from the practical experience of people living in northern climates, who have observed the preservative effect of cold when applied to perishable food products. As a matter of fact, every person who uses a kitchen refrigerator, or who utilizes a cold cellar to hold milk, butter, meats, fruit, or vegetables, is putting into practice the fundamental principles which underlie the operation of an up-to-date cold storage warehouse. The only difference is one of degree, as measured by the temperature employed. Now, the principles of cold storage are simple enough, but the more scientifically they are applied the better the results are likely to be.

Its Necessity as Recognized by the Government.

I would next draw your attention to the fact that the question of cold storage has become, in Canada, a national one. For many years the question was debated in our parliaments, and in 1907 the Dominion Government passed "The Cold Storage Act," which has been amended from time to time, and which made provision for the subsidizing of public cold storages throughout Canada. Up to the present time subsidized cold storages have been erected at a cost to the Government of approximately $700,000, this representing 30 per cent of the total initial cost. These storages have been erected throughout Canada as follows: Prince Edward Island and Manitoba one each, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Alberta two each, Saskatchewan and British Columbia three each, making sixteen public cold storages outside of Ontario. These sixteen cold storages have been bonused by the Government for establishment at strategic points where public cold storages did not previously exist. In Ontario, owing to the larger production, the need was considered greater, and in this province some sixteen cold storages have been subsidized. You will therefore see that our Government has fully recognized the importance of conserving the perishable food products of this country. I would like to point out that they have protected the public in every possible way. I would refer you to certain clauses of the cold storage act of 1907. These clauses read as follows:

"6. The minister of agriculture may order, and cause to be maintained, an inspection and supervision of the sanitary conditions, maintenance and operation of such warehouse, and may regulate and control the temperatures to be maintained therein, in accordance with the regulations to be made as hereinafter provided.

"7. The rates and tolls to be charged for storage in such warehouses shall be subject to the approval of the governor-in-council.

"8. For the effective carrying out of the provisions of this act, the minister of agriculture may appoint inspectors, who shall have access to all parts of such warehouses at all times."

Public Gets Preference.

As many of the individuals or firms interested in these subsidized storages were themselves engaged in the handling of produce, the Government, in 1914, passed the following resolutions, giving them further control:

"Owners or managers of cold storage warehouses with whom contracts have been entered into for the payment of subsidies under the cold storage act:

"(a) Shall give the public the preference in the use of the refrigerated space in such warehouses. It shall be deemed to be a violation of the regulations if the owner of the warehouse refuses to receive goods from the public at the approved rate for storage on the ground of lack of space, when any part of the space is occupied by goods which are the property of the owners of the warehouse.

"(b) Shall not contract or agree to give all the refrigerated space to one or more firms to the exclusion of the general public."

In common with other cities, London has for some fifteen or twenty years enjoyed the advantages of a public cold storage, built by some of London's public-spirited citizens. While London and vicinity enjoy the advantages of this public cold storage, which was built without subsidy from the Government, the district is particularly well served, there being subsidized storages in St. Marys, Chatham, St. Thomas, Windsor, Palmerston and Harriston, as well as storages in such towns as Aylmer, Simcoe, Delhi, etc. As far as we are aware ample storage space has been available for the public at all times, and it has therefore been possible for any individual, either producer or consumer, or any firm, to store, without restriction, at the usual storage charges, any quantity of perishable foodstuffs. While our firm is in no way interested in the London Cold Storage, but has been a large customer, we feel free to say that we do not think there has ever been a time when they have not been in a position to supply the demand of the public without any required service. I do not know of any cold storage in Canada that has made more than a fair earning on its investment, while a number of them have gone into liquidation, and even several of the bonused cold storages have been dismal failures. Some have stood idle for years, and can be purchased today at a mere fraction over the original cost.

Advantages to Both Producer and Consumer.

I make bold to say that every impartial student of this subject will confirm me in the statement that the effect of cold storage is to lower and steady prices, instead of to raise them. It enables the abundance of one period to be conserved and drawn upon for the relief of the scarcity of another period. It also stimulates a larger volume of production by extending the periods through which perishable foodstuffs can be marketed, and by guaranteeing to the producer a constant demand at a fair price, when, otherwise, the comparatively short period of overproduction would be most likely to produce a glut. The economic effects are correspondingly beneficial to consumers in that these surplus supplies are available for distribution during the periods of extreme scarcity, and, generally, at only a very nominal advance over the original cost, plus carrying charges. I claim, without hesitation, that if cold storages were eliminated today the effect in price during the period of extra production would hardly be noticed, as producers, finding that they were deprived of a reasonably satisfactory demand, would cut down their production to meet same. This would give a little advantage to the consumer at this period, but would work greatly to his advantages during the remainder of the year, and result, in many instances, in producing exorbitant or prohibitive prices. In this connection, the benefits derived from cold storage can be well illustrated in its influence on the egg trade. As nearly as can be estimated, at least two-thirds of the total egg production of the year takes place during the months of April, May and June. Eggs at this season are not only the most plentiful, but of the best quality, as a result of weather conditions. Some years ago, at this period, these eggs, which, as has been stated, were of the best keeping quality, were sold at comparatively low prices, say, 10 to 15 cents per dozen. This price gave no stimulus to the producer to increase production, and resulted in enormous waste throughout the country. There were various, more or less successful, methods of preserving eggs, but during recent years all other systems have been supplanted, commercially, by the use of cold storage. Thus it can be proven beyond question that the use of cold storage has given the producer a fair price for his eggs at the heavy producing season, and has also secured for the consumer an opportunity to secure storage eggs in good condition, and at a reasonable price, during the fall and winter months. No one claims that cold storage eggs are equal to fresh eggs, but the latter are not available in any quantities, and without storage eggs a large proportion of the people would be unable to secure sufficient eggs of any kind during the winter months, no matter what prices they were prepared to pay for same.

The Production of Butter.

Applying this same principle to butter, what do we find? Practically seventy-five per cent of the butter is produced during the six months from May to October, inclusive. This means that only twenty-five per cent is produced during the following six months. It is therefore plain that in order to supply the constant demand of the twelve months, approximately twenty-five per cent of the total production, or one-third of the production of the summer months, which is shown to be in excess of the actual requirements, must then be conserved to supplement production during the six months of scarcity. A few years ago butter was held in cellars, resulting in the quality so depreciating as to make it necessary to market it at an enormous loss to the country. The introduction of cold-storage plants, into which butter is taken as fresh as possible from the churn and held at a temperature of zero or below, makes it possible to give it to the consumer, retaining much of the fine quality of the full grass article and oftentimes far surpassing the quality of the winter-made article, which is so apt to reflect the conditions under which it is produced, one of which is so often described as being a "stabley" flavor. The same reasoning applies here both in relation to producer and consumer, as was applied in considering the egg question.

You will readily see that the same principle applies to poultry and fruit, both of which are marketed during a comparatively short period. Low prices at that time would seriously cut down production, while lack of conservation of the surplus product would result in practically making it impossible to secure either fruit or any lines of poultry during the remainder of the year. Few people realize the importance of this and take without question in the winter, spring and summer months the delicious portions of appetizing chicken, turkey or other fowl, little realizing the impossibility of procuring these from the farm at that particular season of the year. Cold storage alone has made this possible, and in this connection is surely a great boon to the consumer. Many claim that the deterioration in food products in storage offsets the advantages. This, I claim, is absolutely wrong. I am prepared to admit that there are faults in the management of cold storage warehouses as in other lines of business. Cold storage is a comparatively new industry, and in the past has been engaged in by men with little previous experience or knowledge of either the principles or practice of refrigeration. There have been many poorly insulated cold storages constructed, but I am glad to say that this condition is rapidly being remedied through the lessons taught by experience and today most of the storages are modern and the men in charge of them are showing the necessary skill in handling perishable goods intrusted to their care. I hardly think it necessary to refute the claim that these perishable goods are held for profit to a point where serious depreciation is possible. All these lines must be moved in their season, and it would be suicidal from a commercial standpoint for anyone to operate in any other way. Most of the complaint that is heard with reference to storage goods is brought about through the producer not availing himself of the use of cold storage early enough. In other words, much of the depreciation takes place before the goods actually reach the storage. This only goes to demonstrate further the great value of cold storage where properly used. Storage cannot be expected to improve goods of poor quality.

The Universality of Cold Storage.

It is only fair to refer again to the fact that storages have been established pretty generally throughout Canada, and are available for the use of any producer or consumer who wishes to avail himself of this service. Thoughtless parties sometimes leave the impression that the question of storage is only open to a limited few and that these parties may combine to control or restrict the sale of certain perishable goods. Nothing is farther from the truth. There are very few businesses in which the competition is keener than in the handling of these same lines of produce that are required and are consequently on sale in every constituency every working day throughout the entire year. Surely this requires no further argument.

The Real Relation of Cold Storage to the Food Problem.

My claim is that when prices of these commodities rise during the period of short production, it is because there is too little in cold storage rather than too much. Surely those who give the subject any thought will see at once that it is only foolish talk about "the holding of goods in cold storage being responsible for the extreme prices." I claim that it is absolutely the reverse.

It is a fact that in order that cold storage should be of any benefit to a community some one has to buy the eggs or other product, and put same into store, thus tieing up their capital and assuming the risk of loss. There are those who assume that the handler of storage goods always makes a profit. Now it is only fair to state that, while sometimes they get a small profit and sometimes a large profit, very often they make a loss and occasionally and exceptionally severe loss. In fact, losses happen much more frequently than is generally supposed.

The Journal of Commerce of New York published since the first of the year a very important issue dealing with the question, "Is There a Food Crisis, or Is It Magnified." In this connection they obtained opinions from every department of the trade, including wholesaler, retailer, canner, broker, food officials, cold-storage men, etc. Frank A. Horne, president of the American Association of Refrigeration, dealt with the question in a very able way. In part he states:

"The present prices for food supplies, however, do present a real problem to the salaried men, whose income has not advanced with the rising cost of all articles needed for the average family. If there is a crisis, it is at this point. The economic causes for the high cost of living would not seem to be nearly as difficult a problem as the working out of an adequate solution. But as to the cause and remedy, there has been much careless thinking and writing, while public officials have, as usual, rushed in with all sorts of foolish panaceas for the trouble."

The ancient law of "supply and demand" would seem to be the controlling principle involved as a cause.

When it comes to the question of remedy, it is wise to beware of legislative nostrums and quick-cure patent medicines, put out by ambitious public officials, who always find some newspapers ready to advertise their cures in the news columns.

Whenever there is a period of high prices of perishable food products, the cold storage industry becomes at once prominent in the superficial attacks which appear in the public prints, and the activity of a certain type of public official. All this, in spite of the repeated investigations and hearings which have been conducted by the United States department of agriculture and Congressional committees. These inquiries have shown that the public cold storage warehouses are a blessing and not a curse; that they husband the surplus flush production for distribution through the scant time of the year, thus equalizing prices and increasing production.

Losses Not Advertised.

In the very interesting January Bulletin of the National City Bank of New York, the question of price regulation has been particularly well handled. This article deals with the question of keeping in mind any possible government or municipal interference.

I beg to quote as follows:

"In the discussion of food prices much is said in haste, without knowledge of the facts. The storage of perishable food products is a highly speculative and competitive business, involving risk, because the weather is a large factor in the supply. It is an open field. Cold storage warehouses are usually public warehouses, where anybody may rent space. Every few years there is a lot of newspaper publicity over money made by the storage of products, but not so much is said publicly of the losses that occur in the same business.

"When prices are high there is always indignation over the fact that products remain in storage, but how high would prices be if there were no products in storage? The fact that they are there is an influence upon prices, and the more there are there the greater the influence.

The theory of the critic is that the owner holds to make prices go up, but he usually holds because he thinks prices will go up, and it can hardly be said that there is any moral turpitude in that. All commodities are carried forward in the belief that they will be worth more at a late date, and this is a public service, because price and supply are thereby equalized throughout the year. There is no better protection to the public than an open free market. Arbitrary interference, as by official price regulation, is simply another risk to be encountered by the dealer, which must be covered by the margin of profit. It is only justified in some great emergency, when the risks of the business become too great for individual dealers to carry, and the government may properly come forward."

Now in conclusion, I hope it has been made clear that cold storage performs one very important function, namely, conserving the surplus product of one period to supplement the short production of another. I hope also that you will see that cold storage tends to reduce rather than increase the average price of products stored. In fact, that it makes it possible to have many perishable commodities of the farm at reasonable prices at certain seasons of the year when otherwise it would be impossible to obtain them except at prohibitive prices.

The most important call to the people of Canada today, after that of actual military service, is the call to increase the supply of food products, and next to the question of production comes the question of conserving these products. In this connection cold storage should be recognized as playing the most important part, and I make bold to claim that it is performing the most potent influence in retarding the rising "H. C. of L."

1,000 Ladies' House Dresses

Made of Amoskeag Wash Goods, plain, striped and checked materials, light and dark colors, Suitably trimmed, Sizes 34 to 44, Worth $1,50 each,

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At $1.10 Each or 2 for $2.00

See window display, We have made this ridiculously low price with the object of closing the entire lot this week. Mail orders, 5c extra for each dress.

EXTRA SIZE NIGHTGOWNS.

5 dozen extra large size Flannelette Nightgowns, heavy soft make, reinforced yoke back and front, long sleeve, well finished with finishing braid. Worth $2.00. Sale price $1.49

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Fast black seamless Cashmerette Hose, soft and woolly finish like cashmere. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular 35c value. Sale price, per pair 29c

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Flowered Silkoline Cushions, ready made up with form, frill all 'round. Dark and light colors. Worth 50c and 60c. Choice each 39c

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Scarlet, cardinal, grey and brown Brushed and Ribbed Wool Caps for children. Were 25c and 35c. To clear, each ..19c

BATH TOWELS.

Union Linen Bath Towels, dark stripes. A splendid value. 21 x 42 inches. At, each 49c
Large Size Turkish Bath Towels, white or natural. Special at, each 29c

WAIST BARGAINS.

Another special Waist offering for February.
Striped Silk Waists, new spring style, with deep collar, trimmed with lace. Choice of blue, green, tan, mauve and rose stripes $1.98
Striped Seed Voile Waists, with handsome cape collar, lace edged. Pink, blue and black stripes on white. Sizes 36 to 44 ..... 98c

DRESS GOODS.

Navy Blue and Black Dress Goods, including Serges, Cashmeres, Voiles and Lustres, 40 and 42 inches wide. Regular value $1.00. Sale price, per yard 75c
All-Wool Serge Suitings, black and navy blue, 50 inches wide Extra good for tailoring. At, per yard $1.25

MEN'S TIES, 10c EACH.

15 dozen Four-in-Hand Silk Ties, choice of good patterns. Were 25c. Choice Wednesday 10c

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Black and Navy Blue Paillette and Duchess Silks, much favored for spring, at, per yard ..... $1.25 and $1.50

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Wait a Minute!

By J. H. F.

The United States went into the war for selfish reasons, an exchange says, which reasons are about as good as any. The main thing is that they came in right.

* * *

Count von Bumstuff wept, when relations were broken off. He is the original of the hymn—"All dressed up and no place to go."

* * *

Les Darcey, the Australian pug, deserted from Australia to come to the United States. Les is likely to get a regular reception now. Ditto a flock of Canadians who beat it across to get out of service.

* * *

That well-known dove of peace piloted by Bill Bryan is about the most lonesome thing in this wide, wide world.

* * *

The Germans may invade Canada, we hear. They will have rather a pretty time getting away from that United States.

* * *

That Astor baby can't live on $20,000 a year. It will have to live on much less soon.

* * *

Count von Bumstuff may go to Mexico. He should feel quite at home with Villa and Carranza and the rest.

* * *

The German-Americans say they will be loyal to the United States. That's good business and good politics.

* * *

During 1916, 474 persons were killed on railways in New Jersey. Better give the kaiser and his staff a ride on these roads.

* * *

GIVE.

("For it is more blessed to give than to receive.")

We want three hundred thousand for
the patriotic fund,
We know the folks will give it and not
wait to be dunned.
Without urging by collectors each one
will do his part,
And will give, and do it freely, with
sincere, thankful heart.

We've lived quiet here in safety, and
should surely, freely give,
That our soldiers' wives and little
ones in comfort still may live.
It is our bounden duty to tend and
care for those
Whose husbands, sons and brothers
have gone to face our foes.

With no thought, except of service
ready their lives to give,
That their country keep her freedom
and their kin in safety live.
So though we give and give again, which
of us dares to say
That we have ever even dreamed such
sacrifice as they?

No danger e'er will daunt our men
they've proved that to the hilt,
But the bravest one amongst them
with terror, cold, would wilt,
If through his mind, when far away
there ever ran the thought,
That those more dear than life to
him should be with care distraught.

So when patriotic workers come knocking at each door,
Let them be received with kindness
and be given from each one's
store,
So willingly and freely that they'll
find on reckoning day,
They have three hundred thousand
and more to give away.

—THE OLD 'UN.

A PAGE OF GENERAL INTEREST TO WOMEN READERS

The three words that tell the whole story of a perfect cup of coffee, from plantation to breakfast table——
"SEAL BRAND" COFFEE.

In ½, 1 and 2 pound tins. Whole—ground—pulverized—also fine ground for Percolators. Never sold in bulk. 187

CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL.

CANADIAN WOMEN MUST COME HOME

Relations of Canadian Soldiers May Be Sent Home From England.

According to a London cable to the Toronto Telegram the Canadian authorities in England are discussing the necessity of ordering wives and women relatives of Canadian soldiers and officers back to their homes. It is estimated that there are sixty thousand of them in England, and as a great majority are doing nothing of a helpful character and are an extra and needless tax on the food supplies which are none too plentiful, there is no excuse for their remaining longer away from their homes.

Get Army Prices.

It is also stated that the wives of Canadian officers at British base camps are in the habit of obtaining army meat rations at prices far below the market prices. It would seem better policy for these women to come home of their own free will before Government officials take the matter in hand and order them to board ships. It is said that Canadian women are still voyaging over to England, in spite of all warnings to desist, at the average rate of 500 per month or 6,000 per year. If this is allowed to continue for any considerable length of time it will take many months for them to find accommodation for the return journey. It might very well happen that the men and officers would find themselves back in Canada, and their wives and other female relatives would still be tied up in England, by reason of the fact that the very much depleted shipping would be too busy on serious matters to attend to them.—Toronto Saturday Night.

London Advertiser COOK-BOOK

Recipes Supplied By Cynthia Grey's Readers.

Sent by Fussy.

Burnt Leather Cake—Three eggs, all yolks, and 1 white, 1½ cups of granulated sugar, 2½ cups of flour, 1 cup of cold water, 1 teaspoon of soda in water, 1 teaspoon cream of tartar, mixed in flour, 5 teaspoons burnt sugar. Put 1 cup of granulated sugar in a pan and burn till black, then add 1 cup of cold water and keep for use.

Chocolate Cake—Two-third cup of chocolate, ½ cup milk, yolk of 1 egg, 2-3 cup of sugar. Put on stove and let come to a boil for three or four minutes, set to cool, then have ready 1 cup sugar, 2 eggs, ½ cup milk, ½ cup of butter, 2 cups of flour, 1 teaspoon of soda. Bake fifteen minutes.

Great Extension Shoe Sale

--- NOW IN FULL SWING ---

We have saved the people of London and district hundreds of dollars. Many families have secured footwear at prices that cannot be duplicated after this great sale closes. YOUR NEEDS ARE HERE NOW. The prices have never been so low. They won't last long. Hurry. Take advantage of this marvelous money-saving opportunity. We have the largest display of footwear bargains in the city. Come in and look them over. Below we quote only a few of the hundreds of bargains that await you here.

Another shipment of 250 pairs of Men's and Women's High-Grade Rubbers. Now on sale at..... 49c
They won't last long at this price. Secure a pair now.

Big Lot Men's Overshoes; $2.25 values, go at..... $1.69

Big Lot Men's Gunmetal Lace Shoes, nifty style, good fitters; $4.00 value, go at..... $2.98

Big Lot Men's Heavy Felt Fox Shoes; $4.00 value, go at..... $1.49

Big Lot Men's Pure Gum 1-Buckle Rubbers; $2.50 value, go at..... $1.69

Big Lot Women's and Misses' Shoes, go at..... 98c

Big Lot Women's Patent Button Shoes, plain toes, semi-Louis heels, cloth tops; $4.00 value, go at..... $2.98

Big Lot Women's Lace and Button Shoes, go at..... $1.48

Our complete stock of Men's, Women's, Infants' and Children's Felt Slippers are marked far below the actual cost for quick clearance.

KNECHTEL & COMPANY
The Shoe Store That Saves You Money
238 DUNDAS STREET. OPPOSITE MAJESTIC THEATRE.



Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn. No letter can be answered privately.]

She Is Short.

Dear Miss Grey,—Will you please answer a few questions for me?

1. My hair is very curly, short, and thick; what will make it grow longer?

2. I am very short; what will make me grow taller?

3. How long will it take a letter to go from here to a soldier in France?

4. What day did November 30, 1901, fall on?

5. What are the meaning of the following names: Cora, Pearl, Hazel, Orval, Clifton, Henry, Ada, Opal, Howard, Percy, Alonzo?

6. Would you please print some crochet patterns in the paper, lace or insertion?

7. Would you please print the song "When You and I Were Young" in the paper?

Wishing you every success, I remain,
QUEEN OF THE MAY.

P. S.—Please find inclosed 10 cents for war prisoners' fund.—Q. O. T. M.

Ans.—1. Keep the scalp and hair clean, brush every day to stimulate the scalp and give gloss to the hair; clip the ends of the hair once every month or two; all these are helps to encourage growth.

2. If you know "the guid Bulk" as you ought, "Queen," you will recollect the sentence about "No man adding to his stature by taking thought"; so it looks as though your case was hopeless!

3. Ordinarily, from three to four weeks.

4. Saturday.

5. Cora, signifies "a maiden"; Pearl, a pearl; Henry, head of a house; Ada, rich gift; Percival, a stranger; Alonzo, all ready or willing. Do not know the meaning of the other names.

6. We have no direct department for "needle-crafts." If any designs are received, I shall find a corner for their publication some day.

7. Watch the page for it.

Prisoners' fund contribution is credited with thanks.

Can Get Her a Job.

Dear Miss Grey,—Here is "Pat" to take up some of your valuable time. You have no doubt heard the old saying, "Why not think things over before your speak." I am sure it would do some people a great deal of good. For instance, "Lambton's Drummer Girl." I was reading recently a piece in your column written by "Drummer," and we boys sure had one laugh. As for "girl recruiters," don't you think we can manage nicely without them? I think that is beyond reason. How kind she was to mention the old saying, "England expects every man to do his duty." That is true enough. But does it mean they all should fight? I think those that are left behind are doing their duty as well as those at the front. For instance, take the farmers' sons: If they all went, what would become of us all? It would end in starvation. She would have her share to do then all right. I want to tell the "Drummer Girl" if she wants to do her duty, let her go out on the farm, milk ten to fifteen cows, help put in the seed, etc., and then let her crow if she feels like it. I can get her such a position. Also she said, why do not the boys from 16 to 18 go and put on the khaki, instead of standing around saloons, poolrooms, smoking cigarettes, etc.? Where does she get her information? Probably I can go to her to find out such places. She knows all about it. But as truly as it is said the war will never end until we boys put on the khaki and go, I would give anything to go myself, but cannot go for a month as so yet. But I hope to see the front. Now I will shut my trap for this time, and thanking you, Miss Grey, from your good old Irish friend,
PAT FROM IRELAND.

Bit Too 'Starchy."

Dear Miss Grey,—I'm another mate for "Just One Girl," but judging from her letter, she is what I call a little bit too "starchy" to be nice. I think all boys like a girl that can give and take jokes, but I think a girl gives herself away awfully when she allows kissing and hugging. Now, boys, let's hear you crack that joke.

I read in last Monday's paper "A Would-Be Helper" offering her kind help. Can you supply me with "Trouble in the Amen Corner," "Caleb's Courtship, and What Became of It," "The Dead Husband's Wife and the Minister"? Hoping I have not imposed too much on good nature, and may I come next time with help? I sign myself,
AN INTERESTED READER.

Ans.—I hope our page will not become a recitation exchange solely, for they would not prove much more interesting than a Mail-Box full of coupons and naught else. This is just by way of warning, you know. We want our page to be full of interest to ALL.

Was It a Curse?

Dear Miss Grey,—I have just plucked up courage to write to your Mail-Box. In answer to the chain prayer someone was talking about, we received one of these last Tuesday, and took no notice. Well, last night the week was up, and on this same night we had a considerable sum of money taken. Don't you think the curse befell us?

Just one more question: In the nomination contest, can all members of the family vote, or only one? Hoping this does not reach the W. P. B., I remain,
BROWN EYES.

P. S.—I am 16 years old; what do you think of my writing?

Ans.—1. No, dear "Brown Eyes," I do not agre with you that the theft was a judgment because you failed to follow the chain. If it was a Divine command that you write the letters, that would be entirely different.

2. Write to the Photoplay Manager, Room 3, Majestic Theatre Building, for any information of this kind.

3. It is fairly good.

For Bostonian's Bread.

Dear Miss Grey,—I saw in The Advertiser of Saturday, January 27, where "Bostonian" wished to know what was causing her bread to be so long in rising in the loaves. I have sometimes had the same trouble, and have found that it is when I let the sponge rise but too full before kneading into the loaves, and then it never seems to rise so quickly or yet be so light again.

Would advise when you cannot get at the molding into loaves when it has risen pretty well, to give it a knead down, if it is only for a short time, rather than let it rise right out to the full. Never let it rise to the full extent until you have it in the loaves.

Now for one question: What do the letters B. E. F. stand for in a soldier's address?

Hope "Bostonian" will let us know how she gets along. With every good wish,
LIBBIE.

Ans.—"Bostonian" will be pleased to have another response to her plea. I hope she finds your advice just the remedy. The initials B. E. F. stand for British Expeditionary Force.

Your kind wish is heartily reciprocated.

Sympathizes With J. O. G.

Dear Miss Grey,—I have been a reader of your page for nearly three years now, and have often thought I would write, but never could think of anything worth writing about, until in a recent paper I read a "Girl's Problem," and I made up my mind I would write and tell her just how I took it. I was both glad and sorry—glad, because I am not the only one that is slow; sorry, because I know just how to sympathize with her from personal experience. As I read, I thought that is me just to a T.

I like to have a good time just as much as anyone, but I suppose I am considered slow, because I haven't the knack of making fun, like some girls. Seems to me a lot of their fun is nothing but silliness, and I don't see much fun in that.

"Forest City Boys" said it would perhaps do "Just One Girl" good if some young man would put his arms around her and kiss her. I don't agree with them in the least. I would honestly feel ashamed if a young man did that to me "just for fun."

I haven't given up all hopes, "Just One Girl," and I am nearly 22. I wish I knew you personally. Would you write to me? I will leave my address with Miss Grey.

Glad to see the old readers calling again. I will close with best regards to all.
JUNE.

Sounds Like Exam.

Dear Miss Grey,—I'm going to bother you with a few questions, but hope I may be some help next time—that is, if I'm allowed to call again.

1. What battle of the war is known as the battle-glory of Canada?

2. What battle of the war do you consider the greatest, and why?

3. Could any of the readers send in the apple blossom crochet pattern for a yoke? Now, dear readers, don't all pile on to me about crocheting, because I can't knit socks.

4. What do you think of my writing?
I am, DORA.

Ans.—Your first two queries sound so much like examination papers that I am afraid to answer. You see, I never did shine on examination day! Seriously, though, "Dora," just yet I really don't know which battle of the war I consider most glorious or the greatest. So far it just seems like one long, hideous, kaleidoscopic picture, passing rapidly before one's eyes, and from the chaos of which one cannot distinguish events with any clearness. In years to come, when the terrible film is ended, we may then look back and single out "greatest victories," but not now.

3. But you could learn, I suppose? Try a pair of bed socks for a starter.

4. It's rather rambling and schoolgirly as yet.

Hair Is Oily.

Dear Miss Grey,—Would you please print in your column a good prescription for hair tonic? My hair is very oily and full of dandruff. It is very thin and falls out continually. I have used bay rum and quinine, and it did not do any good. I remain, yours truly,
ANXIOUS.

P. S.—How often should I wash my hair?—A.

Ans.—I believe it would pay you to take treatments from a masseuse, or professional scalp "doctor." The charge is not beyond the average purse, and the results might more than recompense you.

This prescription was advised by a chemist and might prove helpful, if rubbed in twice or three times a week: Two ounces witch hazel extract, 2 ounces alcohol, 1 ounce distilled water, 40 grains resorcin.

People with very oily hair often have to wash the hair and scalp once a fortnight or every ten days. Powdered borax is good to use in the rinsing waters.

Powder and Paint.

Dear Miss Grey,—May I say a few words re cosmetics? Really, I think it is a shame the way some girls paint and powder. I see no use for paint at all, and as for powder it is no harm if used properly. But some girls really have about an inch on their faces. Some say, "Oh, I just use powder because it keeps the face from chapping." But that is no excuse, because there are many good face creams which a person can get that when put on the face will go right in and not be noticed.

Now I just imagine I can hear everyone say, "She's a married woman." But you are mistaken, for I am only 16, and am not such a crank on everything as I am re cosmetics. Well, Miss Grey, I think I will close. I sign myself,
IRISH JEAN.

Ans.—It didn't seem fair to put the really interesting part of your letter at the "foot," so I took the liberty of omitting the first part. As I had a copy of the poem, and am mailing it to you, you will not mind, I hope.

DAILY BIBLE QUESTION CLUB

By Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.
(All Rights Reserved.)

The six daily studies for this week constitute the International S. S. Lesson for next Sunday. Read the Bible Story on which this study is based, as you ponder the following questions:

"Jesus and the Woman of Samaria." John, iv., 1-26.

Golden Text—"Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." I. Tim., i., 15.

1. Verses 5-6—Why is God never "wearied," nor hungry, nor thirsty, nor subject to any human frailties?

2. What is the evidence that Jesus, as a man, did not have any more help from God to do his duty, as a man, than we all may have?

3. Verses 7-9—The Jews and the Samaritans were bitterly opposed to each other, why then did Jesus ask this woman for a drink of water?

Advertiser Patterns



A COMFORTABLE PLAY OR SCHOOL DRESS.

1855—Girl's Dress, with Bloomers. Galatea, gingham, seersucker, repp, linen, corduroy, poplin, gabardine, checked and plaid suiting and serge are nice for this design. The bloomers may be of the same material as the dress, or of flannel, linen, sateen, serge or cambric. The dress may be made without the yoke, and the sleeve finished in wrist or elbow length. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. It requires 1¼ yards of 36-inch material for the bloomers, and 3¼ yards for the dress for a 4-year size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Caution: Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is just measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 25 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from date of application.



Fry's Pure Cocoa

Best since 1728

After play or work in the crisp, wintry air nothing tastes so delicious as a cup of FRY'S Cocoa. Baby knows this. Big folk know it too. Fry's is ALL splendid, body-building nourishment; there is no waste, and it is in such soluble form that the system can immediately assimilate it.

Here is just about the cheapest, most enjoyable and most concentrated food you can buy today, but—

Remember, nothing will do but FRY'S

PURITY FLOUR
MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD



We make it good—our customers have made it famous.
14

MIRANDY ON SILENCE

[Dorothy Dix in February Good Housekeeping.]

I can always tell when Sis Tempy, which is de wife of our preacher, Brer Jinkins, is done been given Brer Jinkins de rough side of her tongue, because on dem occasions when Brer Jinkins gits up in de pulpit whar Sis Tempy dassen't answer him back, he preaches a sermon on de faults of women dat makes de back hair of all de sisterns in de congregation stand on end wid horror. Yassum, after one of dem discourses of Brer Jinkins's bout whut po', miserable worms of de dust de female sect is, you goes home dat shamed of bein' a woman you ain't got de nerve to look yo'self in de face.

Yassum, I specs Brer Jinkins an' Sis Tempy is had a awful row—lakly 'bout dat long, stringly Gladys Sue Johnsing whut sings in de choir, an' whut Brer Jinkins sorter casts sheep's eyes at, an' who Sis Tempy can't abide—she bein' short an' fat. Anyway, las' Sunday night he preached 'bout dat Tower of Babel in de Bible whar dey talked wid forty million tongues, an' he say dat he bet ev'y one of dem Babelers was a woman. An' den he went on to say dat most of de trouble in de worl' was made by talkin', an' dat mos' of de talkers was women, an' whut a grand, sweet, lovely, quiet, peaceful time we would have ef ev'ybody in hit would cultivate de virtue of silence. An' whilst he was a-promulgatin' dis doctrine, all de men set up wid deir eyes shut an' a sorter hallelujah look on deir faces, an' kept a shoutin': "Bless Gord for de true word you has given us! Amen! De Lord send de day an' send hit quick!"

But de women set up dat quiet dat you could have heard a pin drap, ef so be anyone had a-drapped hit.

Goin' on home, Brer Jinkins, he walk along wid us, an' he say, "Well, Sis Mirandy, I trusts dat you found de sermon dat I was promulgatin' dis mornin' a edifyin' discourse."

"Well, Brer Jinkins," spons I, "dem dat he cap flits, let 'em wear hit. As for me, I ain't a-disputin' de wisdom of de Lawd, an' when he give woman a tongue dat was hung in de middle an' dat wuked at both ends. I specs dat he knowed whut he was 'bout, an' dat he intended her to use hit. Dat I does.

An' I ain't never let my talent rust in my mouth."

"Dere's many a man been drove to drink by his wife's talkin', Sis Mirandy," says Brer Jinkins, wid a meanin' look.

"An' dere's many a wife been drove to throwin' things by her husband's silence," spons I. "As for me," I goes on, "I don't take no stock in dese heah mummy husbands dat comes home of a night an' sets up des as still an' quiet as a graven image, an' dat you can't git a word out of onless you draws hit out wid a corkscrew. Naw, sir, my idee of spendin' a nice, pleasant, happy evenin' at home ain't setting up opposite a man dat ain't got on mo' conversation in him dan a store dummy, yet I knows forty women dat has to do dat, an' dat ef you'd put a stuffed pillow an' a pair of britches in deir husband's cheer in place of deir husbands, dey never would find out no difference. One of 'em would be just as chatty an' just as pleasant to have aroun' de house as de oddes'.

"An' as for dem husbands what pulls off one of deim silent grouches when anything goes wrong in de family, gives me a man dat swears, an' cusses, an' breaks up de furniture when he gits mad! A wife can deal wid a man who spits hit all out, an' tells her whut she's done dat's riled him, an' she can fight back, or explain, an' de row is soon over an' dey kisses an' makes up. But she can't do nothin' wid a man dat des glooms aroun' de house, an' dat won't tell whut's de matter, or do nothin' but des freeze her to death, wid one of dem silences dat says mo' hateful things dan dere's enough words in de dictionary to tell. Yas, sir, of all de mean husbands in de worl', de meanest is dem silent grouchers.

"Dis heah thing of silence is one of dem things dat sounds better dan dey wuks out, anyway," I goes on. "Who likes a silent pusson? I don't know nobody dat's a-pinin for de s'ciety of one of dem individuals dat you has to wuk lak a dray horse to entertain. You ax 'em a question an' dey says yes or no an' den you ax 'em anodder an' dey says yes or no, an' you ax 'em anodder an' dey says yes or no, an' by dat time you's got to feel lak you is de census man, inquirin' into deir family history, which you ain't got no interest in knowin', an' so you takes you' foot in yo' hand an' leaves 'em.

"Naw, sir, you don't heah 'bout nobody dat's got de gift of silence bein' pressed to come to dinner, or pay anybody a visit. 'Cou'se, maybe dese folks think dat folks will think dey's powerful wise, an' dat's de reason dey ain't got no time to chatter, but dey don't fool nobody. We knows dat de reason dat folks don't talk is dat dey's so stupid dey ain't got nothin' to say. Dey ain't full of surgin' thoughts. Dey's just as empty-halded as a gourd.

"Maybe women talks too much 'bout nothin', but my lan', did you ever go to a house dat had one of dese silent women in hit—one of dem women whut don't peep to de canary bird, nor goo-googly-goo over de baby, an' dat could go to fo' sewin'-societies an' de missionary-meetin', an' come home widout one single piece of news to tell? Talk 'bout de grave! Hit ain't a bit lonesomer, nor stiller, nor duller dan dat sort of a silent woman's house. Nobody ever laughs in dat woman's house. Nobody ever sets roun' de table after supper. Dey des gobbles an' gits as fast as dey can. Nobody else can't talk whar de mistress of de house don't talk, an' you'll always find dat woman's husban' of a evenin' at de corner saloon a-lappin' up conversation dat he was a thirstin' for an' didn't git at home.

"Maybe we women sometimes say cruel things dat stab lak a knife, but dere ain't nothin' on dis earth dat can wound lak silence. Yo' enemy can say dat you is dat mean dat you would steal de pennies off a dead man's eyes. Dat purts, but hit don't hurt lak de silence of you' friend dat stands by an' don't raise his voice in yo' defence.

"I's a woman dat loves to talk an' I suttenly does git cold feet when I thinks dat maybe de Recordin' Angel is puttin' down all de things dat I has said in idleness, an' in temper, an' in nerves, but, you believe me, de things dat I repents of most is not whut I has said, but de things dat I ain't said, an' dat I might have said, dat would have softened de hard way of life for de folks I is met up wid.

"One time my ole man Ike, he got mighty sick an' he go down to de very sidge of de stream whar I could hear de black waters of death jumpin' up 'bout him. An' I set by his bed a-holdin' his hand, dat was limp an' cold in mine, an' my mind got to runnin' on all de long yeahs dat we had been married. An' I thought of de times when I 'spirened dat he was segasuatin' roun' wid dat Mary Jane Jones, an' of de times when he sneaked off to de cern game of a evenin', an' of how I had lambasted him for hit, an' I sholy did repent all de things dat I had said to him on dem occasions. But de thing dat I went down on my knees an' axed his forgiveness for was de fact dat I had kept silent 'bout how much I loved him, an' 'bout how grand an' noble I thought he was, an' dat in my eyes dem heroes dat dey pin medals on ain't got nothin' on de man whut spends his days toilin' for de support of his wife an' chillun, an' dat don't git nothin' out of all of his labor, but des his board an' his clothes—an' dey de hombest in de household.

"Speech is silver, silence is gold, Sis Mirandy," says Brer Jinkins to me.

"Don't you bellebe hit," spons I, "silence is lead, an' hit crushes de life an' de joy out of all of dem that hit falls on."

Whenever the children suffer from earache, think of
COMPASS OIL
Three drops, heated in spoon, and dropped into ear, cures.

LUX Washing Compound
WON'T SHRINK WOOLENS

HORLICK'S
Malted Milk for Invalids
A nourishing and digestible diet. Contains rich milk and malted grain extract. A powder soluble in water.

CEETEE
UNDERCLOTHING
Guaranteed Not To Shrink.

SPINACH, PECK..... 30c
For excellence and delicacy this is the cheapest vegetable now offered.
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TELEPHONE 2831. P. O. BOX 572

EVERYBODY NEEDS PURE, RICH BLOOD

Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the intestines, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia.

Pure blood is required by every organ of the body for the proper performance of its functions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and this is why it is so successful in the treatment of so many diseases and ailments. It acts directly on the blood, ridding it of scrofulous and other humors. It is a peculiar combination of blood-purifying, nerve-toning, strength-giving substances. Get it today.

118TH BATTALION PLAYS SARNIA SAILORS HERE TONIGHT

Kitchener Intermediates Win Group From Preston---Ingersoll Kids Take Round From Brantford---Union Jacks, 4; Stratford, 3

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff May Know Little About Commas and Periods, But He's There On Dashes (Copyright, 1917, by H. C. Fisher, Trade Mark Register in Canada.) *By Bud Fisher*



SPEED AND TRAINED EYE ARE NECESSARY IN BOXING WORLD

Billy Weeks Gives Third Lesson on How to Box to The Advertiser Readers.

[BY BILLY WEEKS.]
Middleweight Champion of Canada.



Speed and a trained eye are two requisites that combine to make a winning boxer. True, there are other essentials needed, but a boxer who commands precision and who is likewise fast with his hands, who can step in and out quickly will often "get by" with little else to recommend him.

It is Mike Gibbons' wonderful speed that makes him the great boxer he is; it was Johnny Kilbane's remarkable swiftness that whipped Abe Attell. It is speed that keeps Freddie Welsh, Jack Britton and other champions at the top in their respective classes.

I will try to explain how one's speed may be improved. If a boxer is fast of foot he is fast with his hands. Speed is seldom acquired. It is largely a natural gift. Shadow boxing, going through imaginary rounds of a contest as fast as one's feet and legs will carry him, is beneficial. Try it. Step in, out, to the side, in again, back and forth across the room as quickly as you can. If you tire rest a bit, then at it again. Constant practice, about four or six rounds each day, will work wonders. In doing this mock boxing assume the exact position, with the feet and hands, that you would if boxing a real opponent.

Sprinting is another excellent practice for the development of speed. Run over a 40-yard course at top speed. Repeat six or eight times. Do this once each day in place of long runs on the road. In the course of a month you will notice a great improvement. This also sharpens the wind.,

At Full Tilt.

I would caution beginners, likewise the seasoned boxer, to make it a practice while training to do all exercising fast. Work at full tilt.

To be able to move about quickly on your feet is one of the best winning points a boxer can be possessed of. Until recent years footwork was an unknown art among men of the ring. In the old days boxers stood toe to toe and swung; the one who could withstand the greatest punishment would win. To move about, to step back or away to avoid a punch was an evidence of cowardice. A boxer today without footwork will have his own troubles.

The first thing to learn in footwork is to lead and getaway. Step in with your left punch then jump back. Try this over and over until you learn to gauge your distance with accuracy. Practice it with your sparring partner. Maintain the original attitude explained in the first lesson.

When you have made your one step back and have grasped the idea, double it, taking one and then the second step back which is necessary if the rush of your opponent is continued on. These two steps should follow one another quickly, almost as one.

Get Your Balance.

Balance is the big thing in footwork. Get your correct balance instantly. This will come to you unless you stride too wide or too little. Practice stepping in and out.

Countering a lead is one of the hardest tricks of scientific boxing to master. The easiest way to learn is to ask your sparring partner to hit out for your face with his left. The moment he starts his punch hit with him, aiming your left at his face. With his lead shift your head to your right eight or ten inches and his blow will slip harmlessly over your shoulder. Unless he blocks or ducks your counter-blow will catch him flush in the face.

The Right Cross.

Here's another one to practice: Your opponent leads for the face with his left. Shift your head this time to your left and shoot your right outside and over his left arm to his jaw. This is often referred to as the "right cross" and is one of the most effective counter-blows known to the ring.

In my lesson one week hence I shall tell something about body blows, swinging and uppercutting.

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CORINTH TAKES CLOSE GAME FROM SPRINGFORD

TILLSONBURG, Feb. 5.—The fastest game yet played in the Southern Counties League was staged here tonight between Corinth and Springford, the former winning the semi-final contest 3—2. The winners scored all their goals in the first period. Springford had all the best of the play in the last two periods, but had hard luck when it came to shooting.

McGregor and Smoke were the class of the winners, while Strausser did excellent work for Springford.

Corinth will play the winner of Wednesday night's game between the Tillsonburg Electrics and Dereham Centre. The final match will be pulled off here Monday night. The teams:

Corinth.		Springford.
Moore	Goal	Hill'ker
Donaldson	Defence	Barnham
Smoke	Defence	Strausser
Brown	Centre	Armstrong
Fewster	Rover	Hicks
Louch	L. wing	B..ol
McGregor	R. wing	Blow

Referee—Dr. Taylor, Tillsonburg.

BOSTON COACH SIGNS.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.—Charles "Heine" Wagner, coach of the Boston American League baseball club, sent his signed contract to President H. H. Frazee today.

GREAT RIVALRY BETWEEN LONDON AND SARNIA TEAMS

Hot Contest Promised for Local Fans Tonight.

The 118th Battalion hockey outfit is ready to make the Sarnia Sailors wish that they were back in the good old Tunnel City where they use imperial oil. Manager Selke whispered in our ear last night that the locals were bound to trim up the visitors at the London Curling Rink tonight, and we believe that he has the right dope. To win this district Sarnia has to beat the locals, which looks to be about as easy as picking up snowballs in July.

Edwards, Hagerman, Hiller & Co. declare that the company will not go into liquidation tonight as confidently expected by Jack Dore and his hockey satellites, but that the local stock will rise until it hits Mars or is on a par with C. P. R.

The 118th will have several new plays to display before the eyes of the natives, and the boys are ready to put up the game of their lives. There is a lot of rivalry between the two teams, and the action of the Sarnia management in playing seven men against five instead of delaying the game for fifteen minutes to enable the 118th to put a full team on the ice last Thursday night has not done anything to decrease this spirit from a London standpoint. It looks like a real hot argument all the way through.

The teams will line up as follows:

118th.		Sarnia.
Joss	Goal	Dwyer
Hagerman	Defence	Dodds
Kelly	Defence	McC rt
Hiller	Centre	Hillman
Arthurs	Rover	Rose
Edwards	Wing	Rock
Lero x	Wing	Dore

Referee—F. H. Sproule, Toronto.

SAILORS HAVE LOTS OF PEP

SARNIA, Feb. 5.—The exhibition tilt with the 149th Battalion on Saturday night served as a splendid workout for the Sarnia Sailors for their game with the 118th Battalion Tuesday night in the Forest City, and put them in shape to put up a strenuous struggle for the district honors.

The claims of the soldier management that the locals won the game in the first period by playing seven men to five, are refuted by the local management, who point to the fact that the locals scored five goals to the visitors' one in the second period when the belated players had arrived and taken their positions on the team, and state that had the soldier septette put their full team on the ice at the start of the contest, the result would have been the same, although there was the possibility of the score being somewhat smaller.

The old fighting spirit, which brought them the championship in 1916, has returned, and the battle between these two sevens will be one worth going miles to see. Sarnia's will present the same line-up as appeared here on Thursday night last.

DETROIT AND HAMILTON BATTLE TO TIE GAME

DETROIT, Feb. 5. — Hamilton R. C. battled Detroit's fast septet to a 2 to 2 tie at the arena tonight in the first of a two-game series. The game was remarkably free from roughness, and the teamwork on both sides was very snappy. The Canadians scored first, when Coir put the disk past Hammellef after three minutes of play.

The line-up:

Detroit.		Hamilton.
Hammellef	Goal	Sloane
Pletsch	L. defence	Parker
Johnson	R. defence	Reise
Holman	Rover	Coir
Black	L. wing	Murray
Shaw	R. wing	Boyd

Score by periods:
Detroit—0 1 1—2 Hamilton—1 1 0—2
Referee, Hamilton, Detroit.

LOVE TAPS

SPORT—

The St. Thomas Intermediate basketball five will take on Art Smith's Western University team at the University gym tonight. The college lads won a close game in the Railroad City some few moons ago and should trim up the visitors properly on the local stamping grounds.

The Liberal Club will put on another of its popular boxing and wrestling entertainments next Friday night as a benefit for the Returned Soldiers Association. A good program is being arranged by R. W. Wray. The last entertainment was one that well deserved the large crowd present. Boxing and wrestling are certainly popular in London at the present time.

Freddie Welsh, lightweight champ pug has been suspended from participating in bouts in Wisconsin for one year. Freddie was charged with "shamming and stalling" in his recent bout with Richie Mitchell. All things come to those who wait, and something like this has been due the English mitt artist for some time. Apparently the Germans of Milwaukee got peeved at paying good shekels to see an Englishman to the light fantastic for their benefit. As a waltzer in the padded arena, Freddie is some pumpkins.

The office boy says that the Sarnia puck-chasers who perform here this P.X., have about as much chance of winning from the 118th Battalion seven as William Jennings Bryan has of being offered supreme command of the United States army. Dicky talks sense occasionally.

Eddie Brennan, boxing instructor of the Liberal Booster Club, who made Al Doty of Canton, Ohio, quit before a home crowd a week ago is in Detroit at the present time. Brennan writes us that he is feeling in great shape and will arrive in London in a few days. He will fight in Cleveland February 26.

Bill Mace, a popular young member of the Liberal Booster Club and captain of one of the fastest teams in the Liberal League, is ill in Victoria Hospital. Bill will be missed around the Liberal Club. He will be laid up for about six weeks.

The London Juniors and the Sarnia N. H. L. hopes have called off their second round of home and home games in the junior league. This is right. Surely one spasm of home and home games is enough to tell which is the better team.

A sample of this bright arrangement is to be seen in the junior O. H. A. series between London and the 153rd Battalion of St. Thomas. The local youngsters demonstrated in the first game of the season that the Railroad City kids were some miles behind them when it came to caging the elusive puck, and consequently a mere baker's dozen were present to watch the visitors get walloped the second time. It means that through this nonsensical arrangement practiced by both the O. H. A. and the Northern League the L. A. A. A. is a long way behind financially, and the members of the new Athletic Club will have to help the youngsters out via the dip route.

Such an arrangement between teams as closely matched as Kitchener and Stratford would prove a success, but in that case they would automatically have to stage another series. The London management was wise in its generation in calling off the second series with the Sarnia juniors.

Bowling

MANUFACTURERS' LEAGUE

OFFICIAL STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Empire Brass	20	4	.792
Hymans	16	8	.667
Whites	14	10	.609
Scott-Chamberlain	13	11	.542
McClarys	12	12	.500
Murray Shoe	7	14	.333
London Manufacturing	7	14	.333
Cowans	4	20	.170

COWANS LOSE THREE.

In three close games in the Manufacturers' League last night, the London Manufacturing five whitewashed Cowans. The last two games were decided by six pins.

W. Jacobs of the winning crew was high man, making a total score of 516 and an individual score with 211.

The teams and scores:

London Manufacturing—				
W. Jacobs	153	152	211—	516
Donaldson	147	113	122—	382
Costello	98	132	103—	333
Davis	111	125	120—	356
Lynn	145	147	134—	426
Totals	684	669	690—	2013
Cowans—				
F. Crummer	177	151	146—	474
Kingsboro	153	118	142—	413
Hare	83	121	118—	322
H. Hawkey	99	112	110—	321
H. Crummer	106	161	168—	435
Totals	618	663	684—	1965

TILLSONBURG FANS TO HAVE HOCKEY GALORE

TILLSONBURG, Feb. 5.—The Tillsonburg hockey fans are closely following the hockey schedule for the next two weeks, when some first class hockey will be witnessed. On Wednesday night the local junior O. H. A. seven will play a return game in Simcoe. The Tillsonburg White Hopes will play an exhibition game at Port Burwell and at the local rink.

The Tillsonburg Electrics will play Dereham Centre on Wednesday night in the semi-finals in the Southern Counties League. Arrangements are about completed for an all star team from St. Thomas to play the local junior O. H. A. team here on Friday evening.

KITCHENER INTERMEDIATES NAIL DOWN GROUP HONORS

KITCHENER, Feb. 5.—In one of the best games seen on local ice for some time the Kitchener Intermediates beat Preston, winning group 7 by a 2 to 0 score. The game was a lightning exhibition throughout, and both the goaltenders had a good deal of work, and were right on the job all the time.

There was no score in the first frame, with the play about even. One minute before the close of the second period Karges scored on a pretty push. In the final period Klaehn scored the final count with a beautiful rush, and pushed the puck in on the rebound. There was a good deal of hard checking throughout, and although there was no kicking against Whitehead's refereeing, he let the rough work go.

The teams lined up as follows:

Kitchener.		Preston.
Johnston	Goal	Short
Leroux	R. defence	Trushinski
Karges	L. defense	I. Bowman
Shirk	Rover	Rupple
Solomon	R. wing	A. Bowman
Krug	L. wing	Schlegel

Referee—Whitehead.

INGERSOLL JUNIORS TAKE GAME FROM BRANTFORD

INGERSOLL, Feb. 5.—In a game characterized by close checking, sizzling rushes, and a few casualties, the Brantford juniors were defeated here tonight, 6 to 0. The visitors were outclassed in all departments. In the first period the locals got away with some great combination play, but for the most part the checking was too close to permit of much being indulged in.

The Telephone City gang held the locals to a tie in Brantford, and Ingersoll wins the round, 7 to 1. Forrester and Stuart were best for Brantford, while Hoppe, Grieve and Hannford were the pick of the locals.

The line-up:

Ingersoll.		Brantford.
Holland	Goal	Stuart
Wilford	Defence	Hayes
Grieve	Defence	Kelly
Hoppe	Centre	Hurly
Hannford	Rover	Adams
Empy	Wing	Forrester
Braby	Wing	Carruth

Referee—Tommy Munro, London.

OTTAWA RACES CLOSE WITH LARGE DEFICIT

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—The annual midwinter race meeting on the Ottawa River wound up here today. Though it had been advertised as a six-day meeting, to conclude Wednesday, officials of the Hull Driving Club announced that it closed with the free-for-all this afternoon, explaining that the new laws passed by the Province of Quebec, which taxed harness meetings heavily, made it impossible to continue. They will have a deficit of about $5,000 on the meeting. One of the directors said the decision of the Quebec Government to collect the new tax meant the death of trotting and pacing in the province, as it was impossible under present conditions to install pari-mutuel machines. No books were operated here, but pools were sold. Only three heats were decided in the free-for-all, but darkness had set in and the judges refused to ask the horses to come out of the barn again. First money went to the Ogdensburg mare, Fern Hal.

Summary:

2:10 trot; purse $400 (two heats Saturday):

Sunday Morning (Potvin)	1	1	3	1	
Magnito (Martin)	4	2	1	4	
Bertina (Jones)	2	4	4	2	
Guers (Crevier)	5	3	2	3	
Baron Layburn (Fraser)	3	7	5	5	
Aubron (Sheldon)	7	6	6 dr.		
The Judge (Bachelder)	6	5 dr.			

Time—2:23, 2:25, 2:26¼, 2:25.

Classified race; purse $300 (two heats Saturday):

Copper Rex (Peacock)	1	2	2	1	1
Billiken (Foster)	2	1	3	3	2
R. F. (Humphries)	3	4	1	4	4
Jane MacGregor (Putnam)	4	5	4	2	4
Lassy Belle D. (Hunter)	6	6	6	5	5
Forest Boy (Ray)	5	3	5 dis.		

Time—2:25, 2:26¼, 2:25, 2:26½, 2:28.

Free-for-all; purse, $400:

Fern Hal, W. MacPherson, Ogdensburg (MacPherson)	2	1	1
Premier Witt, Nat Ray, Toronto (Ray)	1	2	2
Mansfield, J. McDowell, Toronto (McDowell)	4	3	3
Grey Ghost, Dr. Crang, Edmonton (White)	3	4	4
Baby Yaga, A. Beaudoin, Broughton (Beaudoin)	6	5	5
Fred Hal, C. Farrell, Toronto (Farrell)	5	6	6
Fred Norton, Martin, Ticonderoga (Martin)	7	7 dr.	

Time—2:13, 2:18, 2:17¾.

WARREN THOMPSON TROPHY GAMES

Following are the results of the Warren Thomson trophy games played at the Thistle Club last night:

W. H. Rath,		M. Aikenhead,	
Alex. Purdom,		J. Dodds,	
R. W. Youngs,		W. J. Lashbrook,	
John Purdom, skip	12	A. M. Trick, skip	16
J. W. Granger,		F. Ashplant,	
H. J. McCallum,		W. H. Rhodes,	
J. C. McDonald,		F. G. Browne,	
E. L. Morren, skip	14	R. W. Glover, skip	12

WATERLOO RINK WINS IN HAMBURG TROPHY

WATERLOO, Feb. 5.—In the Hamburg trophy curling game at Waterloo today, Skip Seagram's rink defeated R. Mahoney's Royal City rink 29 to 10. The players were:

Waterloo.		Royal City.	
T. G. Hughes		T. Smith	
H. J. Sims		C. Barbour	
W. Hogg		R. Dillon	
E. Seagram, Skip	29	R. Mahoney, Skip	10

G. E. COOMBS' RINK WINS AT LONDON CURLING CLUB

W. T. Strong's Four Second in Monday Night Spiel.

G. Coombs' rink was on top in the Monday evening bonspiel at the London Curling Club last night. Eight ronks took part in the 'spiel, which was played on fast ice. W. T. Strong is generally up among the winners, and last night he skipped his crew into second place, three shots behind Coombs.

The scores:

E. Williams,	R. R. Sutherland,
Ernie Shaw,	F. Snow,
Frank Sage,	W. J. Anderson,
G. E. Coombs, sk. Won 3, plus 12.	Alex. Wanless, sk. Won 1, minus 12.
E. Yealland,	Cy Edy,
J. A. Stone,	P. M. Wood,
M. J. Morrison,	W. Allister,
A. E. Chapman, sk Won 1, minus 1.	W.J.Snelgrove,sk. Won 1, even.
J. M. Hunt,	C. Moore,
C. Brooks,	L. H. Martin,
J. Manning,	F. McKay,
V. Jackson, sk. Won 2, plus 4.	H. H. McColl, sk. Won 1, plus 1.
J. Gilmour,	Chas. Glass,
R. Burridge,	J. Banks,
E. McKenzie,	Doug Wanless,
W. T. Strong, sk. Won 3, plus 9.	F. H. McMahon, sk Won 0, minus 13.

HOCKEY RESULTS

O. H. A. Senior.
Aura Lee 8, 228th Battalion 4.
O. H. A. Intermediate.
Kitchener 2, Preston 0.
O. H. A. Junior.
Kingston 5, Peterboro 2.
Ingersoll 6, Brantford 0.
Kitchener 4, Stratford 3.
Exhibition.
F. H. Baker & Co. 6, C. F. Jones 0.
Detroit 2, Hamilton R. C. 2.
Southern Counties League.
Corinth 3, Springford 2.

GAMES TONIGHT.
Senior.
T. R. and A. A. vs. St. Patricks, Toronto Arena.
Dentals of Toronto vs. 227th Battalion, at Hamilton.
Intermediate.
Sarnia vs. 118th Battalion, at London.

STRATFORD MIDGETS LOSE AT HOME TO UNION JACKS

STRATFORD, Feb. 5.—In one of the best games of the season the local Midgets went down to defeat in the first of the home-and-home games with Kitchener for the district honors, 4 to 3. The game was fast, and although Stratford scored three in the first period they fell to pieces in the last two stages and let their opponents pile in four goals.

Stratford was particularly weak around their own nets. Brickman was easily the star for the Midgets, and time and again got away, but nobody seemed to be there to help him, and Kitchener's defence men broke up his rushes. Team work was not in evidence very much with the locals, while their opponents were aiding each other all the time. Hannenburg, the little centre man for the visitors, played his best game. He was on his man all the time, and in the first stage was the mainstay of his team. Erb made some good rushes, but was watched closely. Erb went back on the defence during the last two periods, sending Hannenburg up in his stead.

The return game will be played in Kitchener on Wednesday, when the locals will have to beat the Union Jacks on their own camping ground by two goals.

The teams:

Kitchener.		Stratford.
Huehnergard	Goal	Malone
Hannenberg	Defence	McDonald
Noval	Defence	McArdle
Jamieson	Rover	Harris
Erb	Centre	Brickman
Gudner	R. wing	Moore
Sattler	L. wing	Whyte

Referee—Hewitson, Toronto.

TIZER DEMONS CHALLENGE SILVERWOOD'S "CHICKENS"

The 'Tiser Demons, having waited these many moons for the Free Press Freezes to come back and be trimmed again, have grown tired of Teddy Dodd's gang of watchful waiters, and, having tasted blood, are out for more.

"Hank" Archer, manager and chief coach of the Demons, has cast his preying eyes around, and has decided that Silverwood's "Chickens" shall be the next victims, and hereby issues the poultry purveyors a dark and gloomy challenge to cross war clubs with the newspaper men.

T. H. BAKER'S JEWELERS WHITEWASH JONES' CREW

Any doubts as to the premier wholesale jeweler hockey gang in London were disposed of at the Westminster rink last night, when the fast aggregation from T. H. Baker's ring-setting edifice whitewashed the engagement ring crew from C. F. Jones' place of business. The score was 6 to 0.

The Carling street jewelers are so chesty after their win last night that they will in all probability challenge the 'Tiser Demons to a game.

The line-up:

T. H. Baker.		C. F. Jones.
Rennie	Goal	Culvert
Evans	Defence	Mott
James	Defence	Jones
Woolley	Centre	Dengate
Heddon	Rover	Beam
Adam	L. wing	Foley
Parker	R. wing	Marshall

Referee——Ken. Taylor.

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HOWDEN'S HARDWARE WINS AT ST. THOMAS

Howden's hockey team visited St. Thomas last night and gave the Ingram & Davey hockey team a bad defeat.

This was the second game played between these two hardwares and the local boys showed some fine speed, defeating the St. Thomas team by the score of 3 to 0.

Coulter, Cottan and Murray were the stars of the game, these boys doing some great work. Whitten also did some good checking.

The line-up:

Ingram & Davey.		Howdens.
Barden	Left wing	G. Cottan
F. Deacon	Right wing	C. Craig
H. Holtham	Rover	K. Murray
L. Davey	Centre	F. Coulter
F. Barrett	Coverpoint	F. Whitten
B. Seely	Point	R. Craig
C. Hetherly	Goal	G. Reid

Boxing

Grant Hugh Brown, styled "the millionaire promoter," who seems to have acquired the lease on Madison Square Garden, is paying Fred Fulton $1,000 a week salary in order to have the first call on the plasterer's services in future fights, and especially in order that he may be the promoter of the Willard-Fulton setto, which is slowly coming to a head. Fulton, in the meantime, is drawing down the princely stipend and doing nothing but foxily awaiting events. He may meet Weinert, he may meet Coffey, two men who have shown themselves not to be exceedingly dangerous.

His chief idea in life is to take no chance of being knocked out. He knows he has the inside track in the race for a bout with Willard for the championship, and his idea of demonstrating to the fans that he would be a worthy opponent of the cowboy is to meet a lot of fighters who have demonstrated beyond doubt that they are second-raters. In his last fights Coffey's glass jaw has been the most prominent exhibit, and Weinert in his most recent encounter couldn't even hold his own with Billy Miske, who can almost qualify as a middleweight.

If Fulton has the courage and the confidence a challenger for the heavyweight championship should have, why doesn't he make an honest effort to meet Miske? Why meet the man that Miske defeated? What can he prove in a bout with Weinert or Coffey? Why not go over to Cuba, as he contracted to do, and engage Frank Moran in a forty-round scrap? Willard whipped Moran—why doesn't Fulton do the same thing?

It may be that the plasterer is all the fine things his manager and press agent say about him. He floored Tom Cowler in a highly satisfactory manner. But if he is good enough to meet Willard, and to justify the fans paying high prices to see him at the task, why isn't he willing to show the fight fans something?

Goodness knows that ring followers are tired enough of Willard as champion—are wearied enough of a champion who in two years has fought one time, and that a ten-round engagement. They are pulling for Fulton, but Fred doesn't seem to be willing to do his share. Is the plasterer timid—or just afraid?

LIBERAL EUCHRE.

At the progressive euchre contest held by the Liberal Booster Club last evening at Hyman Hall, C. Frank carried off the honors of the evening.

The games ended first in a tie between C. Frank and Al Smith by a score of 71 apiece.

In the playoff the former won.

The regular Wednesday evening euchre contest will be played as usual, and a good attendance is requested.

COULON TRIMS SHARKEY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5. — Johnny Coulon of Chicago, former bantamweight champion, outfought Jack Sharkey of this city in a ten-round bout here tonight. The former titleholder fought at a fast pace throughout. Coulon weighed 111 pounds and Sharkey 116.

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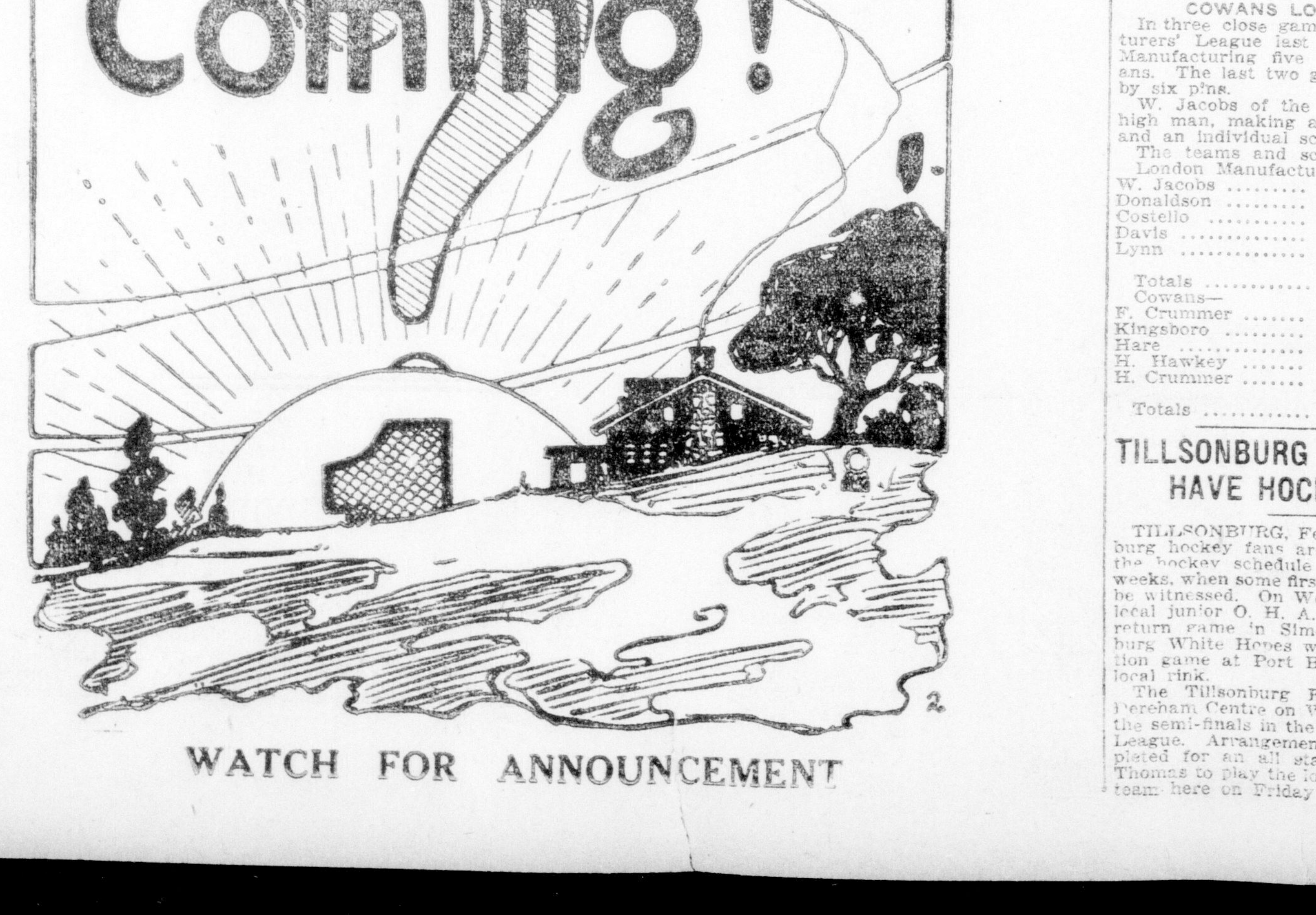
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Sunday cars marked with a star (*)

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EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1.
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Peps

JAP CREW PICKED UP 220 MILES FROM LAND.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 5.—Captain Anderson of the Norwegian steamship Agercon, which arrived here this morning from Gibraltar, reports having picked up on January 5 the captain and crew of 40 men of the Japanese steamship Chinto Maru, 220 miles from the nearest land.

The Chinto Maru had been sunk by submarine shellfire on January 4, according to members of the crew.

A MOTHER'S TROUBLES

A mother's unending work and devotion drains and strains her physical strength and leaves its mark in dimmed eyes and careworn expressions—she ages before her time.

A mother who is weary and languid should take Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil as a strengthening food and bracing tonic to purify her blood and build up her nerves before it is too late. Start Scott's Emulsion today—it is free from harmful drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 16-29

SPLENDID FOR BAD COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS

An Inexpensive Home-Made Remedy—Gives Surest, Quickest Relief.

Anyone who tries this pleasant-tasting home-made cough syrup, will quickly understand why it is used in more homes in the United States and Canada than any other cough remedy. The way it takes hold of an obstinate cough, giving immediate relief, will make you regret that you never tried it before. It is a truly dependable cough remedy that should be kept handy in every home, to use at the first sign of a cough during the night or day time.

Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents' worth). Pour this into a 16-oz. bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 54 cents, and you have 16 ounces of the most effective remedy you ever used.

The quick, lasting relief you get from this excellent cough syrup will really surprise you. It promptly heals the inflamed membranes that line the throat and air passages, stops the annoying throat tickle, loosens the phlegm, and soon your cough stops entirely. Splendid for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a highly-concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, combined with guaiacol and is famous the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment ask for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions, and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded goes with this preparation. The Pinex Company, Toronto, Ont.

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DANDERINE"

Spend 25 cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

W. F. MACLEAN IS AGAINST PAYING FOR ROSS RIFLE

Moves Amendment to Reclaim $2,666,000 Appropriated.

WARM TIME IN HOUSE

Hughes Says Alderson Doesn't Know Anything About a Rifle.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Feb. 5. — A new turn was given to the Ross rifle situation in the House of Commons today by W. F. MacLean, M.P., South York. He noted that there was a two-million-dollar item in the war vote to pay for 80,000 Ross rifles. He said that the British and the Canadian governments, the soldiers and the experts had condemned the Ross rifle. He therefore offered an amendment which provided "that none of the money so voted be used for the purpose of Ross rifles."

Premier Borden stated that the Government could not accept the amendment, as the money was to pay for rifles which have already been ordered.

The finance minister's borrowing bill was given a third reading without discussion.

No Order in Sight.

In committee upon the war vote E. M. MacDonald asked if the Ross Rifle Company had been directed by notice to make over its factory for the production of a new type of military rifle, without being given assurance of orders for the future, which would warrant it undertaking the large expenditure involved in making over the plant.

Sir Robert Borden replied that there had been a notice given the company to prepare for the production of the new rifle; that there had been no order promised. He expressed the belief that the matter would be found to have a satisfactory solution.

Wants Government Arsenal.

W. F. MacLean said that he objected to Canada getting military arms from a private company, and being tied up to a contract. He held that the arms of Canada should be manufactured in a Government arsenal, and added that with the ability Canada had shown to adapt herself to the production of munitions it was absurd to say that it would take two years or one year to arrange for the manufacture of the Lee-Enfield rifle in Canada. In view of the fact that the British and the Canadian governments had condemned the Ross rifle, he objected to another cent being paid the company. There was in the war bill an appropriation of $2,666,000 to pay for Ross rifles. In amendment to the $500,000,000 war vote he moved that "none of the money so voted be used for the purchase of Ross rifles."

Already Contracted For.

Sir Robert Borden said that as the money was to pay for rifles which were already contracted for, the Government could not accept the amendment.

Hon. Frank Oliver said that he would support the amendment. He did not wish the Government to be a party to the breaking of a contract, but in this case it would not be necessary, for the factory could be fitted for the production of Lee-Enfield rifles, and the Government could make good its contract by using the money to pay the Ross Rifle Company for Lee Enfields.

After dinner E. M. MacDonald, Picton, stated that it would hardly be expected that the Ross Rifle Company should go to the expense of preparing for the manufacture of another type of rifle in its factory and order material for new rifles without being assured of business. He wanted to know why the Government stood upon the brink and did nothing. He understood that General Hughes, the former minister of militia, stood by the Ross rifle.

Bogus Report Extant.

"The best in the world—proved so," said General Hughes. He added that in all comparative tests the Ross rifle had come out ahead of the Lee-Enfield, that there was a bogus report on the Ross rifle by General Alderson, which he would like to see.

Mr. MacDonald called the attention of the House to a statement by General Hughes in his correspondence with the prime minister that all sorts of Canadian equipment had been scrapped by the authorities on the other side of the Atlantic without reason. On the other side it appeared they thought themselves omnipotent in matters military.

Millions in Scrap Heap.

Millions of dollars worth of Canadian equipment had been scrapped, and Canada had been asked to accept without a grimace the finding of war officials who thought themselves infallible. The Ross rifle was only one of the many cases where the principle was laid down that where a man wore a British uniform his judgment should not be questioned. Canada sent over battalions with the pledge that they should retain their identity, and British officers came along and regardless of that pledge broke them up. The Canadian overseas minister of militia did not know anything about the status of the Canadian force in England; when any one asked him about it the best he could reply was that he would cable and find out. Canada had been in the war for two and a half years and her people were now being told that they were an inferior people who should not give opinions.

"Who said that?" asked Mr. Edwards of Toronto.

Facts and Sam Hughes.

"Facts speak louder than words," replied Mr. MacDonald. "The minister of militia has said it all through this correspondence."

Mr. MacDonald wanted to know why 2,000 Canadian officers in England were not allowed to go to France, because some one with little experience has decreed otherwise? He wanted to know why some one with small authority should scoff at the pledged word of Canadian ministers and scatter Canadian battalions to the four winds. "The prime minister said this rifle is no good."

"Nothing of the sort; I said it was discarded for reasons given to this House," interrupted the prime minister.

"Then the prime minister says as I do. He does not condemn the rifle, but because it was objected to in England he throws it overboard," said Mr. MacDonald. As Canada had a factory Canada should make rifles, Mr. MacDonald claimed, and added that if the prime minister did not want the Ross he should say what he did want and how many.

Money Gets First Place.

Hon. G. P. Graham held that in time of war the Government could disregard the contract; it could take over the factory; it would be liable for nothing beyond an action for damages. It was apparent that the Government put the question of money loss before that of providing Canadian soldiers with proper equipment. Were the people of Canada going to stand by a government which sent soldiers to the front armed with a rifle which the government itself said was not a proper arm?

Sir Robert Borden interrupted to say that the men were not being sent to the front with the Ross rifle.

"Are the rifles then not to be used at all?" asked Mr. Graham.

"They will be used for certain purposes," replied Sir Robert.

"For war or for peace?" asked Mr. Oliver.

"For training men and probably for different conditions of war," replied the prime minister. "The Ross rifle has many merits," he added.

In conclusion, Sir Robert said that parts of nearly all of the rifles ordered had been made, and it was now only a matter of assembling them. The amendment meant that Canada would have to pay for the rifles and would not get them. Nobody could see reason for that contention.

Germans Own Lee Factories.

Gen. Sam Hughes took the floor in defence of the Ross arm, and said that he had seen both the Canadian political parties make a football of the Ross rifle at the instance of interested parties across the water. In South Africa the Lee-Enfield had jammed repeatedly, and on the records of the British House of Commons was the statement that it was murder to put this rifle into the hands of soldiers. Not only had they jammed, but frequently they burst; the bolt had dropped out, and the sights were bad. The Ross had none of these faults. Gen. Hughes declared that the factories which in England made the Lee-Enfield "were owned by Germans, who had opposed any improvement of that rifle since the war began."

"That is a serious statement to make. Are the British authorities aware that German influence controls these factories?" asked Mr. Lemieux.

"The stock of many factories making Lee-Enfields is owned by Germans. They should know. That is the source of opposition to the Ross rifle," replied Gen. Hughes.

Never Opposed Ross.

"Does the honorable gentleman declare that French and Haig are Germans?" asked Hon. Mr. Oliver.

"Gen. French and Gen. Haig never opposedy the Ross rifle," replied Gen. Hughes.

"What about Gen. Alderson?" asked Mr. Pardee.

"He doesn't know the first thing about a rifle," said Gen. Hughes, amid cries of "Oh! Oh!" from both sides.

Bad Ammunition.

"If I had told a lot of these gentlemen, in the first place," said Gen. Hughes, "to kepe their hands off, things would have been all right. Ten questions were sent around and circulated among the men in the trenches for weeks. What about the retreat from Mons, where British soldiers were murdered on account of bad ammunition? The Munsters were slaughtered, the Gordons were slaughtered, and they all carried the Lee-Enfield, which jammed repeatedly."

"What rifle did the Canadians carry when they were murdered?" asked Mr. Oliver.

"It was not the rifle; it was the ammunition," replied Gen. Hughes.

The ex-minister of militia said that the ten questions he referred to were asked in such a way not one of them could be answered favorably to the Ross rifle.

Will Eat Both Rifles.

He believed that Gen. French had never given the Ross and Lee-Enfield rifles a compartive test; but if he had and the Ross had not been proven the best, then he would eat both rifles. There had been a lot of rot talked about the Ross; but he callenged the prime minister to produce a single report of a test. It had been the same with the Canadian rifle as with the Canadian trucks and everything else Canadian. As for himself he realized now that he had bowed down foolishly and deferred.

Gen. Hughes asked the prime minister how the letter of Gen. Alderson against the Ross rifle had found its way for publication to an Ottawa paper last year. The prime minister told him that the letter had been addressed to Gen. Gwatkin; but that it had been made public without the authority of Gen. Gwatkin. Gen. Hughes wanted to know why Gen. Gwatkin had not been dismissed.

"My honorable friend was responsible for him," replied Sir Robert.

Would Have Fired Him.

"I was not responsible for him; if I had been he would have gone long ago," said Gen. Hughes.

The ex-minister of militia said that the greatest of the Canadian victories, that of St. Julien, had been won with the Ross rifle, and with bad ammunition at that. Gen. Alderson stated that he had had a test made of the two rifles. Gen. Carson had been asked as to this test and had replied that it had been a comparative test of ammunition and not of the two rifles. Gen. Gwatkin had received the Alderson report and the Carson report at the same time. He had given out the Alderson report but had withheld the Carson report.

Part of Knifing Campaign.

This whole thing, said Gen. Hughes, was a part and a parcel of the campaign which was carried on against my administration; yet the gentlemen responsible for it are kept here today. The Princess Patricias, he said, had dropped the Ross and taken the Lee-Enfield, and had been cut to pieces because the rifle jammed. Col. Farquhar had blamed the trouble upon dirt; but the trouble had really been due to the rifle and the ammunition. The Lee-Enfield had been proven weak in Africa and eighteen years ago had been rejected by Japan. In Europe while young whipper-snappers of British officers were condemning the Ross rifle, the British regulars were crawling into the Canadian lines at night to steal the Ross to snipe with. The only trouble had been with bad ammunition, and with that the Ross did not jam as badly as did the Lee-Enfield.

Serious Charges.

J. G. Turriff (Liberal), following, declared that Gen. Hughes had made serious charges against both the Canadian and the British Governments. He held that he knew more than the British authorities; and while he did not agree with him, he could not but admire his courage. The Government was responsible for the Ross; the rifle was responsible for the Ross; the rifle was tampered with in England and injured; with these damaged rifles Canadians had been sent to the front.

Gen. Hughes interrupted with the remark that Mr. Turriff was talking nonsense.

Ruled Out of Order.

The debate was closed in an unexpected manner. Deputy-Speaker Rainville gave, as his first official ruling, that the resolution was out of order for some reason which he did not make clear. This decision was given at a half hour after midnight. Therefore the House was not called upon to divide on the question of whether the Government should continue to pay for Ross rifles.

Parliament will dajourn on Wednesday until April 19 next. This is to enable the prime minister to attend the imperial war conference in London.

OFFICERS TAKE MACAULAY TO NEW YORK FOR TRIAL

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 5.—Alexander P. Macauley of Toronto, who is wanted by New York authorities to answer a charge of having passed worthless checks, and for whom extradition papers were issued by Governor Gardner, started east tonight in custody of two detectives. He also is under $10,000 bond here on a charge of cashing bad checks. Macauley maintained he was a victim of mistaken identity, and insisted he would disprove the charges against him.

MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-tives"

594 Champlain Street, Montreal.

"For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I had frequent Dizzy Spells, and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints, and my hands swollen.

"A friend advised 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset, they did me good. After the first box, I felt I was getting well, and I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me.

"LOUIS LABRIE."

Fifty cents a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

GOVT. BUYS HORSES IN UNITED STATES BUT NOT IN CANADA

Premier Says Spring Will See Local Buying.

MACHINE GUN MONEY

The Amounts Contributed by People Credited to Govt. Expenditure.

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Duncan Ross of West Middlesex was told by the prime minister that the British Government was not purchasing horses in Canada at the present time, owing to the difficulties of looking after horses during the winter months. Purchases were now being made in the United States at the rate of nineteen hundred per week; the total number purchased in Canada from March to November last year was 6,079. Purchase of Canadian horses would be resumed in the spring.

The minister of militia said that since the outbreak of war voluntary subscriptions by the people of Canada for the purchase of machine guns had totalled $1,271,257. The total amount spent by the Government for the purchase of machine guns, spare parts, etc., was $3,527,894. The public subscriptions had all been credited to the amount spent by the Government for machine guns.

A question by Mr. Kyte as to whether the cruiser Rainbow had sunk a German steamer off Bahia Sallans, Costa Rica, in October of last year, elicited the noncommittal reply from the minister of naval affairs, Mr. Hazen, that it was not considered advisable to give any information relative to the movements and activities of his majesty's Canadian ships.

Replying to Mr. Kay, Sir Robert Borden said that ballots for soldiers' voting overseas were ready if a general election were held during the present year.

Mr. Pardee was told by the minister of public works that the cost of the Georgian Bay canal commission had totaled so far $46,164.

MRS. PANKHURST ON HAND TO REPUDIATE ACCUSED PLOTTERS

Women Are Not Members of Social and Political Union.

DERBY, Feb. 5.—The hearing of the case of Mrs. Wheeldon, her two daughters and the husband of one of them, Alfred George Mason, accused of conspiring to murder Premier Lloyd George and Arthur Henderson, a member of the war council, was continued here today. The evidence introduced was in the main confirmatory of the allegation made against the prisoners by Attorney-General Frederick E. Smith, in his opening statement last week.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the suffragette leader, was present, seeking an opportunity to make a public denial of alleged reports that the woman defendants in the case were members of, or were workers, in behalf of the Women's Social and Political Union, or other recognized suffrage societies.

It was learned today that if the grand jury returns a true bill the prisoners will be taken to London for trial by a special jury at the Old Bailey.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

WOUNDED

SIMCOE.

A. S. Wakeford.

KILLED IN ACTION

STRATFORD.

Lance-Corp. Walter Tremain.

GERARD ASKS FOR PASSPORTS.

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—via London.—Ambassador Gerard called upon Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, the German foreign minister, at 1 o'clock this afternoon to ask for his passports.

OBSTINATE COUGHS AND COLDS

YIELD TO

DR. WOOD'S Norway Pine Syrup.

All obstinate coughs and colds yield quickly to "Dr. Wood's" containing as it does all the lung healing virtues of the Norway pine tree combined with the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs and barks.

Mrs. H. F. McCormick, Rodney, N. S., writes: "I had a severe cold one winter, and had been coughing for a month. I could not sleep at night, nor could I speak above a whisper.

After I had taken a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I felt better so I took two or three more and was entirely cured. I have three children and I always give it to them when they have a cough or cold."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup has been on the market for twenty-five years and we claim that it is the best cure for a cough or cold you can possibly procure.

"Dr. Wood's" is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark; price 25c and 50c. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto Ont.

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—Advt.

BRITAIN IS NOT OVER-EAGER FOR STATES TO ENTER

No Pressure To Be Exerted Toward That Result.

PAGE CALLS ON BALFOUR

The Spanish Ambassador Also Talks With American Ambassador.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—United States Ambassador Page had a conference lasting a full hour with A. J. Balfour, the foreign secretary, at the foreign office today, and later another conference lasting more than an hour occurred at the United States embassy between the Spanish ambassador and Ambassador Page.

All the parties to the conference are maintaining a rigid silence, but it is assumed from the length of the discussion that the whole range of the questions growing out of the rupture of diplomatic relations between Germany and the United States was discussed with Secretary Balfour, and that the conference between Ambassador Page and the Spanish ambassador related more particularly to the question of the participation of Spain and of Spanish-American countries in action similar to that of the United States

Interested; Not Anxious.

It is understood that no specific proposals resulted from Ambassador Page's call on Mr. Balfour, as it was chiefly a general discussion of the many questions presented by the new turn of events. Mr. Balfour showed great interest in and sympathy with the position in which the United States is placed, and had many questions to ask, but nothing which showed the slightest desire on the part of the British officials to consider the eventuality of America's entering the war.

This phase is becoming increasingly apparent, for while public and press opinion treats war as inevitable, the official view is scrupulously careful to avoid the appearance of exerting the slightest pressure toward that result. This is even emphasized by the view that America's attitude in dealing with Great Britain and other countries is still that of a neutral. It is pointed out that a nation can be either neutral or belligerent and that its severance of diplomatic relations does not create belligerency. The United States is still dealing with the foreign countries as a neutral.

No Concurrent Action.

Another phase developed through today's exchanges is that for the present there are no proposals or suggestions of any concurrent action between the United States and the Entente Allies. Anything of that kind is regarded as a question for the future, if war is declared, and not for the present a matter for even tentative consideration.

The Spanish ambassador's call at the American embassy came after several London papers had given prominence to a Rome dispatch to the effect that Spain would follow the lead of the United States. But so far as can be learned Senor Merry Del Val, the ambassador, has no definite advices concerning such a purpose. Spanish circles, however, are deeply interested and directly affected, as the new war zones threaten the end of the Spanish fruit trade and many other industries.

Spanish Uneasiness Grows.

The growing Spanish uneasiness is also being increased because of the close relations between Spain, Portugal, the Spanish-Americas and Cuba, all of which are having their trade increasingly jeopardized.

Ambassador Page is also devoting special attention to maintaining Belgian relief, and it is hoped that some agreement in this matter can be reached. Arrangements for taking care of British interests in Germany are also being worked out in detail, including the care of British prisoners, and in this connection it is significant that attention is being directed to the possible necessity for some other government than the United States looking after British interests in Austria-Hungary.

General impressions which prevailed in newspaper circles today were reflected in the afternoon papers that Germany is attempting to prevent actual hostilities with the United States by overtures for a compromise on her war zone policy. The only discoverable ground for such impressions was the news that Germany has offered Holland and the Scandinavian countries "some concessions" for steamers taking to Germany food supplies and mails.

The first direct news received in London from Germany since the severance of relations was the Associated Press dispatch describing the German attitude, which will be published in the British morning papers and is likely to dispel the rumors of a compromise.

Small Neutrals in Limelight.

The greatest interest centers in the reply of the smaller neutrals to President Wilson's suggestion that they follow the American policy. There is no indication in the messages from the Scandinavian countries and Holland, however, that they propose to go to the length of a rupture of diplomatic relations. Holland's relations with Germany have been sharply strained by the sinking of several Dutch steamers under circumstances compelling Holland to file protests and requests for an explanation, but the belief here is that the smaller countries bordering on Germany would fear to align themselves in hostility, for one reason that in the possible event of the central powers winning the war their destiny would be wholly in Germany's grasp.

Spain's New Attitude.

Spain's attitude is different. Only a few weeks ago Spain was listed here as the only distinctly pro-German European nation among the neutrals, except Greece. This attitude was credited by officials in London to an extensive propaganda carried on by Germany in that country throughout the war. Spain's relations with Germany today, however, are considered to be about the same as Holland's. Diplomatic discussions regarding the sinking of several Spanish vessels are afoot. In addition, the establishment of the new war zone affects Spain's supplies and commodities more than those of any other neutral.

Hopes U. S. May Be Neutral.

Lord Northcliffe, owner of the Times, the Daily Mail and other publications, today made the following statement to the Associated Press concerning the severing of relations with Germany by the United States:

"It is generally felt here that when the history of this great world revolution is written, future generations will realize that the United States has exhibited patience and forebearance to a point beyond which national honor and dignity could not go. It is hoped by a majority of the English people that America will not be drawn into the war. The Entente Allies have Prussia well in hand, and its sympathy, moral support and assistance with finance, munitions, and food will be rendering our crusade an immense service.

Can Fight if Necessary.

"If military intervention becomes necessary I do not doubt that the American soldiers will be as brave and as efficient as the American contingent now in the trenches in France, with whom I lately spent an interesting day. Our navy has great faith in yours.

"The Prussian policy is not supported by the other German states, some of which I know are protesting against a continuance of the horrors of the enslavement of women in France and Belgium, and have indicated that Prussia's astounding idea of freedom of the seas is the worst possible kind of propaganda for German kultur.

"There is no possibility of Germany starving Great Britain. Next to yourselves we are the most wasteful people on earth, but figures of our food reserves, with which I am acquainted, show that if we exercise moderate economy the protection of our navy will enable us to carry on the war for an indefinite number of years, if necessary."

Would Be Calamity.

Baron Newton, under-secretary for foreign affairs in an interview regarding the rupture between the United States and Germany said that inasmuch as it deprived Great Britain of America's invaluable work in behalf of the British war prisoners in Germany it was little short of a calamity.

"The cabinet," he said, "is now considering the question as to which neutral state should be asked to carry on that work. We cannot over-estimate the value of the work the United States has thus performed in our behalf. I personally am greatly indebted to the American ambassador in London and his staff, and the whole country feels a debt of gratitude to the United States, whose diplomats gathered a mass of valuable information and built up a gigantic organization, which enabled the expedition of inquiries of a most delicate nature regarding prisoners, without at any time having overstepped the bounds of neutrality."

Best Nerve Specialist in England Was Consulted

But Nervous System Failed to Respond to Treatment Prescribed.

Nervous disorders frequently result from injury to the nerves in accidents or because of the shock to the system.

The writer of this letter was injured in a mix-up with some colts, remained unconscious for three weeks, and in spite of continued treatment in hospital could not obtain restoration of the internal nerves which control teh action of the digestive and other vital organs. He traveled to Europe and consulted England's greatest nerve specialist. Relief was only temporary, in spite of many treatments used.

His letter gives the facts briefly and tells how he was finally cured by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Can you imagine any more severe test of this great nerve restorative?

Mr. Henry F. Venn, Cefu Ranch, Malakwa, B. C., writes: "Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has restored my nervous system and given me new health. Having met with a severe accident seven years ago, from which I was unconscious and which left my nerves in a very sore plight, I was treated by doctors galore and consulted one of the greatest nerve specialists in England, but nothing seemed to do me much good. Hypophosphites and, in fact, all and every kind of nerve mixture in almost every form was used, but never with more than temporary benefit.

"But Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has acted very differently, for it has built up my nervous system until I feel like my old self again. If this medicine will do for others what it has done for me, I shall not regret having written this letter. I have recommended the Nerve Food personally to many, and shall always esteem its great restorative value."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

ECONOMY AND EDDY'S MATCHES

BUYING THE CHEAPEST ARTICLE IS OFTEN THE POOREST ECONOMY.

WE DO NOT CLAIM TO MAKE THE CHEAPEST MATCHES, BUT WE DO CLAIM TO GIVE

THE MOST OF THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY

THEREFORE ALWAYS, EVERYWHERE BUY

EDDY'S MATCHES

Doctor Tells How to Strengthen Eyesight 50 Per Cent in One Week's Time in Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eyestrain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this winderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses, and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear, I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note.—Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists, and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist, and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." It is sold in London by Standard Drug Company, Strong's Drug Store, and other druggists. law r Feb. 17.



HERE'S another dainty, maybe, you have forgotten to serve of late. A big plate of hot, light biscuits will tempt everyone. Use *White Swan Biscuit Flour*—it gives a crisp, golden-brown crust, a snow-white interior. No trouble to make, and the 15c package helps you economize in these days of high prices. Order a package for tomorrow's evening meal.

WHITE SWAN SELF-RISING BISCUIT FLOUR

---A Big Sanitary Package From Good Grocers Everywhere

15c

Saves Time---Saves Money

This wonderful flour is self-rising—you need no further ingredients. No time wasted in mixing—batter ready in a moment by adding milk or water. Just perfect biscuits!—never once a failure. Get a package in for tomorrow's evening meal.

White Swan Spices and Cereals, Limited

156 Pearl Street, Toronto, Canada.



PANCAKES! Golden-brown, crinkly-edged, appetizing pancakes! Made in a minute with White Swan Pancake Flour. A most welcome change in menu—get a package today and surprise the whole family. They'll enjoy these nourishing pancakes. 15c cents.

PORRIDGE! Good porridge that satisfies, never tires the appetite, is made from White Swan Wheat Flakes. Thin-rolled flakes—cook easily, thoroughly, quickly. A real porridge—all the goodness of Canadian White Winter Wheat, 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS LECTURES.

CAKE WALK

INTRODUCING WALKIN' THE DOG
MR. AND MRS. PARKINSON.

Tonight

3-Grand Prizes-3

ONE-STEP, TWO-STEP, WALTZ
ELECTRICAL RAINBOW EFFECTS

Winter Garden

ADMISSION ALWAYS 10c. b

PRINCESS
Winter Garden

MONDAY, FEB. 12, AT 8:15 P.M.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Course and single tickets on sale at McPhillips' and Heintzman's. b

LYRIC

MONDAY-TUESDAY-WEDNESDAY.
2:30. 7:15. 9:00.

"THE BUGLER OF ALGIERS"

IT'S A BLUEBIRD. 86c

The PATRICIA

HIGH-CLASS PHOTOPLAYS.
4—ACTS—4

Refined Vaudeville

OPENS THURSDAY NIGHT. b

TONIGHT.

DR. J. G. EVANS

Formerly of Arabia, in

"Love, Courtship and Marriage in Arabia."

Tuesday night, Colborne Street Methodist Church; illustrated lecture, "The Land of the Cross in the Hands of the Turk." Wednesday night, Askin Street Methodist Church; the same subject.
Open to the public. Silver offering. Auspices Y. M. C. A. b

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS' DINNER

Under Auspices London Motor Club. Tecumseh House, Friday, Feb. 7, 1917, at 6 p.m. Tickets $1.00.

All owners of automobiles should attend. Matters of vital importance to all car owners will be discussed.
George M. Reid, President. E. S. Little, Treasurer. A. H. B. Keene, Secretary.
Tickets may be had at Tecumseh House or from members of the Executive Committee. 861

GROUP CHAMPIONSHIP

HOCKEY

TONIGHT.

JUBILEE RINK

LYLE STREET.

SARNIA

1916 Champions, vs.

118th Battalion

London.

Reserved seat plan at Wallace's Drug Store. Admission 25c. Reserved 25c and 50c. 86u

SIMCOE STREET RINK — BAND TONIGHT. 87c ywt

SKATING TONIGHT — GARLAND Rink. Band in attendance. Penwarden Bros., proprietors. 68tf-ywt

TONY CORTESE & SON, ORCHESTRA, original, 161 Maple. Phone 1570. Violins and wood instruments repaired. Bows rehaired.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

Patricia

London's Newest Photo Play House Opens Thursday Night

Owing to many requests, the opening performance only will be sold as reserved tickets. Patricia box office opens at 7:30 Wednesday evening. Don't wait, but come and reserve your seat for the opening. 87u

Huron and Erie Shares

Why lend money as an individual on mortgage, and have the trouble collecting interest? Let the loan company do that, and buy Huron & Erie shares, which pay you more interest. You get your interest quarterly. No trouble.

F. B. CLARKE,
416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ontario.
Office phone 658. Residence 3742. ywt

WESTMINSTER RINK—SKATING TONIGHT. Hussars' Band Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights. b

DANCING LESSONS, PALACE ACADEMY—Strictly a school, not a public dance hall. Private lessons any time. Five expert instructors. Popular club dances every Wednesday and Saturday evening. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

CENTRAL ICE RINK—SKATING every afternoon and evening. Take Normal or North Belt cars. 83n

IROQUOIS HOTEL BILLIARD PARLOR—Soldiers in khaki 30c hour.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist—Concert engagements accepted. Care The Purdom Hardware Company, London.

ELITE MANDOLIN AND GUITAR Orchestra. Concert engagements. Gordon Donaghy, 470 Dundas. Phone 5553.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers. 122 Queen's avenue.

MASSAGE AND BATHS—HYDROTHERAPY a specialty. Scientific masseuse and masseur. London Mineral Baths. Phone 2198.

ROBERT HANNAH, ELOCUTIONIST and entertainer. Concert engagements accepted. Address, 367 Princess avenue. Telephone 3735.

VINCENT G. PERRY, ELOCUTIONIST —Concert engagements accepted. Humorous and dramatic repertoire. 578 King street. Telephone.

CONDENSED ADS.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Meetings — When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, 50 cents; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms To Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.

An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

BORN.

MARTIN—To Mr. and Mrs. George Martin, 837 Dufferin avenue, Feb. 3, 1917, a son. b

MORGAN—On Feb. 5, 1917, at St. Joseph's Hospital, London, a daughter (Marion Elizabeth) to Mrs. W. C. Morgan, wife of Capt. Walter Morgan, Canadian Garrison Duty Depot, Hastings, England. b

DIED.

McKENZIE—On Sunday, Feb. 4, 1917, at his late residence, 264 Talbot Street, Edward McKenzie, very dearly beloved brother of Isabella McKenzie, and son of the late Dr. Andrew McKenzie.
Funeral on Wednesday, Feb. 7, from the above address at 3 o'clock; service at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. Interment at Oakland Cemetery. 86c

REIDY—In this city, on Monday, Feb. 5, 1917, at her late residence, 109 Cavendish street, Jane Reidy, relict of the late John Reidy, in her 85th year.
Funeral from the above address on Thursday morning, Feb. 8, at 8:30 a.m. to St. Peter's Cathedral. Requiem high mass at 9 a.m. Interment at St. Peter's Cemetery. 87u

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

TONIGHT!
Evangelist TORRIE

in South London Baptist Church. Subject, "Can You Know Positively You Are Saved?" Large chorus. Famous Billy Sunday hymns. Come. b

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. HOCKEN, CORNER ADELAIDE and Dundas streets. Phone 2463. Consultation by appointment.

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST—Over McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

DR. JARVIS, SPECIALIST—EXTRACTION and pyorrhea. Painless method. 213 Dundas street.

DR. WESTLAND — POST-GRADUATE crown and bridge work, Chicago, Philadelphia; post-graduate, Toronto, 1914. Office and residence, Queen's avenue.

DR. JOHN HUTCHISON, 300 QUEEN'S avenue, opposite Princess Winter Garden. Phone 1373.

DR. B. E. EAID, DENTIST, DUNDAS and Richmond, Dominion Bank Building. Phone 5660.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

150 ACRES, CHOICE LAND, IN TOWNSHIP of West Nissouri, soil clay loam, 10 acres bush, first-class buildings, windmill, drilled well, store tank, water in house and all through stable, large silo, rural mail and telephone, 200 rods to school, 3 miles to village of Thorndale, and in first-class dairy locality. For particulars, apply to A. V. Johnson, Room 104, Dominion Savings Building, London. 87n

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE — 100-ACRE farm close to Rodney. For full particulars apply W. B. Reid, real estate, 419 Talbot street. 86u

SPECIAL.

75-ACRE FARM IN DELAWARE TOWNSHIP

Fine brick house, bank barns, good class soil, clay and sand loam mixed, in prosperous neighborhood, 10 acres of good timber, no waste land. A nice home for someone.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
78 Dundas Street, London, Ontario. 86c

EAST END—Good story-and-a-half brick veneer house with modern conveniences. Price reduced to $2,650; $500 cash, and balance on easy terms. Call on

THOS. C. KNOTT

117 Dominion Savings Building. yw

We Have Several Large and Small Farms

near city for sale. Will consider city property in exchange on some of them. Some modern houses in city at a bargain for quick sale. Also houses for rent.

ARGYLE LAND COMPANY, LIMITED.
176 Dundas Street. Phone 4. 85tf yt

STORY AND HALF RED PRESSED BRICK,

modern conveniences, central location, will sell $300 down, balance easy terms. Apply
T. H. JANES,
Ontario Loan Bldg. Phone 514, 3663. ywt

FARM IN NEW ONTARIO — 200 acres; 50 acres in hay; 5 miles from railway. J. W. G. Winnett, barrister. ywt

FOR SALE — GOOD FARM — 3½ miles from Clinton; 94 acres, 7 bush and small orchard; good house, barn and outbuildings; windmill and cement tank; convenient to school and church. John Thomas Crich, Clinton, Ont. 86n

SMALL FARM

Fifteen minutes' walk from street car. To exchange for small house in city.

Anderson & Co.

12 Market Lane, London, Ontario. zyxwv

MEETINGS

HEAR DR. LAW TONIGHT, FIRST Methodist Church. Choir 125 voices. Organ recital, 7:30, by Mr. Charles Wheeler. b

REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Corinthian Lodge, No. 330, A. F. and A. M., will be held in the Blue Room of the Masonic Temple, Queen's avenue, this (Tuesday) evening, Feb. 6, for the purpose of general business and second degree. H. C. Ives, W. M.; H. C. Simpson, secretary. P

CANADIAN FORESTERS — DEFIANCE, No. 7, meets this (Tuesday) evening in Sherwood Hall, Dundas and Market Lane. Installation and rate discussion. All members requested to attend. Visitors welcome. W. A. Reid, secretary. P

A REGULAR MEETING OF KING Solomon Preceptory, Royal Black Knights of Ireland, will be held on Wednesday, Feb. 7, at 7:45 p.m. sharp. Visitors welcome. J. Ward, W. P.; C. F. Coulter, Reg. P

B.P.O. Elks

DOMINION OF CANADA

London Lodge, No. 35, meets tonight, Carling Block (Richmond and Carling streets). John Bridge, Exalted Ruler; Syd F. Sims, Secretary. Visitors welcome. P

I. O. O. F.—EUREKA LODGE, NO. 30, meets tonight. Every member requested to attend. Visitors welcome. Bert Moore, N. G. P

SITUATIONS WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, open for engagement; graduate in English. Phone 555. 87c

MARRIED MAN, CANADIAN, EXPERIENCED, wants work on farm, by year, with house, garden, milk, fuel. References. Robert McAdams, 713 Elias street, London. 86c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — BLACK AND WHITE FOX-TERRIER, with brier crest on collar. Reward. Ontario Spring Bed and Mattress Company, 90 York street. 87c

WILL LITTLE GIRL WHO DROPPED purse containing money two weeks ago in Knechtel's shoe store please call and get same? Knechtel & Co. 87c

LOST—WILL PERSON WHO PICKED up grey robe on corner of Talbot and King streets, Saturday morning, kindly return to C. H. Tune, Limited. 86c

LOST—ON STANLEY STREET OR Wharncliffe road south, lady's silver wristwatch, Thursday evening. Reward on returning to No. 159 Wharncliffe road south. 86u

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRL, FOR WHOLESALE office; must be quick and accurate at figures, write a legible hand, and operate a typewriter. Give age, experience, if any, and state wages wanted. Apply Box 120, Advertiser. 87c

EXPERIENCED COOK - GENERAL, also nurse housemaid; state qualifications and wages expected. References required. Apply Box 314, Advertiser. 87c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL, FOR LIGHT housework; two in family. 862 Wellington street. 86c

RELIABLE WOMAN TO MIND TWO children two or three afternoons and evenings a week. Phone 1776. 86c

WOMAN, TO WORK HALF-DAYS, EXCEPT Sunday. Apply mornings, 312 Queen's avenue. 85c

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK —Small family. Good wages. Phone 5126. 85c

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to keep house for elderly gentleman in the country. Apply Box 114, Advertiser. 85k

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER — State age, experience and salary. Box 329, Advertiser.

WANTED — PARLORMAID — APPLY Miss Gibbons, 257 Dufferin avenue. 81n

MALE HELP WANTED.

DRIVER, FOR BREAD WAGON, wanted. B. F. Brighton's, Emery street. 871

APPRENTICE FOR ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT—Must have special ability for drawing. Apply Lawson & Jones, Limited, Clarence street. 87c

WANTED — HONEST BOY TO WORK on commission. 346 Maitland street. 87c

PAPER CUTTER — MAN WANTED with experience in running paper-cutter and folding machine. Steady position. Daily News, Chatham. 87n

WANTED — EXPERIENCED AUTOMOBILE salesman. McLaughlin Motor Cars Company, Richmond and Bathurst streets, city. 87n

Good Positions High Wages

First-class toolmakers and machinists wanted, who have served their time at the trade. Apply—

TAYLOR-FORBES COMPANY
GUELPH, ONTARIO. 87n

WANTED — A GOOD, STEADY MAN to drive city bread wagon. Apply Box 119, Advertiser. 87c

BOY WANTED—TO WORK IN OFFICE. Apply Advertiser Job Printing Office, corner York and Wellington. 86c

FIREMEN, BRAKEMEN, BEGINNERS $125-$150; no strike. Railway, care Advertiser. zyx F. 28.

WANTED—JUNIOR OFFICE BOY, for large manufacturing concern; good chance for advancement. Apply Box 112, Advertiser. 85c

WANTED—MALE STENOGRAPHER. Apply to Northern Canada Power Company, Limited, Drawer 5, Timmins, Ontario, stating age, experience and salary expected. 85n

MAN WANTED FOR LINOLEUM DEPARTMENT. Apply Smallman & Ingram, Limited. 85c

WANTED — JOB COMPOSITOR — With two or three years' experience. Good opening for capable man, with opportunities for advancement. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company, Limited. 84n

YOUNG MEN WANTED NOW TO train as station agents, telegraphers, freight and ticket clerks, for Canadian railways; great demand; positions guaranteed. Day and mail courses. Write Dominion School Railroading, Dept. O, Toronto. 30tf-vy

WANTED AT ONCE — EXPERIENCED sole leather roller. Good wages and steady position. Apply The Breithaupt Leather Company, Limited, Woodstock, Ont. 83n

Boy Wanted

Aged 15, to make himself generally useful around store and eventually learn business. Must be of good appearance and furnish references. Apply in person between 4 and 6 p.m.

Mason & Risch Piano Company

80tf

A RELIABLE SALESMAN WANTED in every town and district in Western Ontario where not represented. Spring planting list now ready. Send for terms and new catalogue. Start now at best selling time. Stone & Wellington, the Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. 25tf

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

FIVE-ROOMED COTTAGE; IMMEDIATE possession. Apply 519 Maitland street. 87c

COSY ROOM FOR ONE OR TWO gentlemen. Phone and piano. 361 Dundas street. 37c

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, WITH private family, modern conveniences. Use of phone. Apply 133 Maple street. 85c

PERFECTLY-APPOINTED APARTMENT, right down town, to party taking small quantity new furniture. Bargain. Immediate possession. Apply 206 Central avenue. 85n

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2036.

TO LET—LARGE SEVEN-ROOMED brick cottage; partly modern; 394 Oxford; immediate possession. 85c-tyw

BRIGHT AND COMMODIOUS STEAM-HEATED offices on first floor, Fitzgerald Block, 169½ Dundas street (near corner Richmond), with use of office furniture if desired. Apply W. L. Fitzgerald, 293 King street. Phone 3072. wty F.20

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254; residence, 460 King.

TRY DIXON'S MOVING VAN — FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. Phone 2339.

ON MOVING DAY, REMEMBER "DAY, the Mover." Moving vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence 480 Maitland; phone 2887. H. F. Day.

BROUGHTON, THE MOVER—SPECIALTY crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

WANTED.

WANTED—BY TWO SOLDIERS' wives, 7-roomed house, all conveniences. Box 121. 87u

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle; will pay $2 to $5 for live animals. London Fertilizer Company. Phone 638.

WANTED — WOMAN LIVING IN North End to take washing home. 101 Cheapside. 87u

WANTED TO RENT — SMALL MODERN house for first-class client; March 1 or earlier. Anderson & Co., 12 Market Lane. 85c

An Expeienced Auto Salesman

With good city connection. Applications strictly confidential.

APPLY BOX 111, ADVERTISER. 85c

WANTED TO PURCHASE — UPRIGHT piano, suitable for practice work. Apply Box 93, Advertiser. 85n

WANTED — 1½-STORY BRICK house, all modern conveniences, northeast preferred. Will pay cash. Apply Box 103, Advertiser. 84n

WANTED

1,000 heavy live hens, 1,000 young cockerels. Special prices.

C. A. MANN & CO.

73 KING STREET, LONDON, ONT.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

GRAND PEN WHITE ROCKS; OWEN Farm strain; also Buff Orpington cockerels. Apply J. Arthur, 731 Lorne. 871

RECORDS, 75c; HEINTZMAN & CO. piano, $150; Williams Piano, $150; Mason & Risch, $165. Easy terms. At C. Crawford's Piano Store, 326 Dundas street.

GRADE JERSEY COW WITH CALF; good milker. 75 York street. 86c

McKIM'S AUCTION, 357 TALBOT street—Three-cornered oval china cabinet, oak; some good beds, dressers, etc. Phone 4820.

FOR SALE — PIANO PARTLY PAID for must be disposed of. Trustworthy party can have it by taking over contract and paying balance of monthly payments. Address Box 110, Advertiser. 85n

CAR OF SEED GRAIN AT ILDERTON —$1.40 per cwt. 85c

FOR SALE — FOUR-PASSENGER Overland coupelet, used a short time; all new tires, non-skid on rear, and electric lights. Car is heated for winter use, and has disappearing windows, making an ideal summer car; cost $1,600. Must be sold at a sacrifice of $375; party leaving city. Apply Iroquois Hotel. 85c

BARGAIN — HAND-CARVED MANTEL, for sale cheap; furniture and stoves. Must be sold at once. The Stove Store, King street.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS AT about half-price, fully guaranteed. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas street.

I WILL TRUST ANY HONEST PERSON with the latest spring wearing apparel, ladies or gentlemen. Clothing of all description, as well as furniture and house furnishings. Call, write or phone. Max Lerner, 502 Hill street. Phone 1267.

FOR SALE—FOUR ROSE-COMBED Ancona cockerels. Geo. Thompson, Byron P. O. 85c-tyw

FOR SALE—CANNEL COAL, FOR grates, and furnace wood, 12 and 16 inch, for grates. Phone 1782. Yard, 138 Fullarton. 82n

TWO CABINET PHONOGRAPHS — At Keene's Antique Store, 242 Talbot street.

WE BUY AND SELL SECOND-HAND clothes and shoes. We pay the highest price. 341 Dundas.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS—Thoroughly rebuilt. Look like new, wear like new; guaranteed five years; less than half manufacturers' prices. Free trial without obligation. Send for proposition. Arthur Secord Company, Limited, Brantford, Ont.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, renovated. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

WINTER FRUITS—SPECIAL FRIDAY and Saturday, fresh navel oranges, 15c dozen and up; grapefruit, Malaga grapes, apples. C. Franks, 318 Dundas. Phone 4841.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

RELIABLE SECOND-HAND GOODS, housefurnishings, also household goods stored, at Lewis', 101½ King.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL the latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job.

BELTING, REPAIRING AND LEATHER supplies. Phone 1061. Mills, belt manufacturer, 152 Carling.

MISS B. LARKIN, 158 CLARENCE —Exclusive millinery. Open Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday evenings.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET, 525 Richmond street. Phone 1510. Fresh fish every day.

Best Cocoanut, 25c a lb. Tyler, Tea Importer, 355½ Clarence. Telephone 1203. y

HOT AIR HEATING, EAVESTROUGHING, roofing, stacks, repairing. Phone 4911. W. G. Arnold. y

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word with cash order. Subscriptions: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR THE PRINCIPAL pruning of grapevines; pamphlets with instruction, 10 cents. Fifty varieties of flowering shrubs; ornamental, fruit and shade vines. Chas. Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

THE JOY-FUL SMOKE—SMITH'S "Joy" 10-cent cigar. S. Smith, manufacturer, London.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES—SPECIALTY, first-class photo finishing. McKenzie, over Star Theatre.

SPECIAL!

For Sunday dessert or Sunday afternoon tea, nothing quite takes the place of ICE CREAM. Order one of our Week-End Specials. Delivery Saturday afternoon. Packed to keep until the next day.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED.

USED CARS

ONE 1916 FORD TOURING CAR.
ONE HUPP "20" SPEEDSTER.

These cars have been completely overhauled and will be sold at low prices.

J. W. McLaughlin

FORD DEALER.
Phone 3168. 297-299 Dundas St. 85c

PHONE 3449.

When you are ready to have your bicycle stored for the winter and thoroughly cleaned and overhauled.

F. BENSON & CO.
260 DUNDAS STREET.

USED CARS.

Hudson Touring	$900
Hudson Touring	$.00
Studebaker Touring	$700
Oakland	$800
Delivery Car	$500

These cars have been overhauled and are in first-class condition.
ONTARIO GARAGE & MOTOR SALES, LIMITED. PHONE 2431. ywt

LADIES' AND MEN'S CLOTHING ON Credit—I will sell you anything in wearing apparel of the latest fall styles, and will gladly arrange easy terms of payment. Call, write or phone J. Wolf (formerly Wolf Bros.), 321 Lorne avenue. Phone 3208.

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS made to order. Chamberlain weather strip. Phone 1504.

POPCORN

Popcorn, 10c package. Corn Popper and package of Popcorn only 25c. Catnip Balls and Catnip, 10c package, at
MORGAN'S 100 Dundas St. Phone 1428. ywt

SMITH FORM-A-TRUCK

ATTACHMENT.

FOR FORD CARS

makes a guaranteed one-ton truck. Price of attachment, $450. Bodies built to order.

BARTON & RUMBLE
596 HAMILTON ROAD. PHONE 4004. ywt

FIVE CENTS

Buys a Large-Sized Package of

Matchless Ammonia

at any store.
IT CAN'T BE BEATEN. ywt

SOUTHCOTT COAL COMPANY

Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers. Phone 1083, 275 Clarence street. Prompt delivery and courteous treatment. ywt

Accuracy, Dispatch

and reasonable prices for first-class machine work at

London Machinery Repair Co.
74 Fullarton Street. ywt Phone 4284.

MAJESTIC LEATHER AND JEWELRY HOUSE

245 Dundas St., 1 Door East Chapman's. We can save you money in Leather Novelties, Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry Novelties, Suitcases and Trunks. Jewelry repaired at reduced prices. Open evenings. ywt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SAUERKRAUT

WE HAVE THE BEST MADE.
Quart, 15 cents.
Weiners, our own make, per lb. .. 17c

ANDERSON'S

THE BIG STORE.

SUPPLY YOUR CUSTOMERS WITH free air—Air compressors bring trade. We install them. Superior Machinery Company, 151 York street. ywt

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH, OYSTERS, poultry, twice daily. 143 King street, opposite market. Phone 1206.

WE DO POLISHING AND UPHOLSTERING—Charles M. Quick, 725 Richmond street. Phone 1479. y

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER IN PERFECT running order. Bargain for quick sale. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES—Large sizes; also home tables. Wartime prices. Write for catalogue. Canadian Billiard Table Company, 183 King west, Toronto.

Lumber, Cedar Posts

and Shingles. Best place in city to buy Builders' Supplies of all kinds.

R. H. SMITH LUMBER YARD,
191 Wharncliffe Rd. South. Phone 2988. ywt

Cars Washed—50c

to people leaving cars for storage, either transient or monthly.

Central Garage

New Location: 342-344 Ridout Street. ywt

AUTO TIRE CHAINS.

We stock them in every size. Now is the time to purchase before the advance in prices. Wholesale and retail.

CANADA AUTO DEVICES COMPANY,
330 Dundas Street, Opp. Armories. Phone 3876. ywt

WEGNER

THE MAN WHO MADE THE DOLLAR FAMOUS

Look for the biggest bargains in Western Ontario
ON DOLLAR DAY.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10 b

USED CARS

We have just received a few bargains in used cars. They are in good condition, and will give excellent value at our price.

1 1914 FORD TOURING CAR
2 1915 FORD TOURING CARS
1 CHEVROLET TOURING CAR
1 McLAUGHLIN TOURING CAR

Demonstration by Appointment.

A. B. GREER & SON

YORK AND TALBOT. PHONE 643. ty

LEGAL CARDS.

JOHN F. FAULDS, BARRISTER—Money to loan. 59 Dundas street. Phone 907.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—OAK HALL BUILDING.

PURDOM & PURDOM—DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING First Floor Corner of Richmond and King Streets.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.; Leonard C. Jarvis.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, Bank British North America, 2 Market Square.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc. 59 Dundas street.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS—Barristers, etc., Imperial Bank Building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

GENTLEMAN WANTS WARM, NICELY-FURNISHED room, in a private family of refined people; breakfast and supper only, and hot and cold running water in or near room. Please state terms. Box 117, Advertiser. 86u

BY YOUNG MAN, ROOM WITH breakfast, in private home. Box 118, Advertiser. 86c

PATENTS.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ont.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Musical Art Society

Tonight, Orchestral Rehearsal

Strings Only. Collegiate Institute.

PROF. P. VENUTA—TWO MEDALS and diplomas. Teaches all instruments, harmony, transposition, reading. Music arranged. Terms moderate. 512 Talbot.

LUTA LAYMON, TEACHES SINGING—Soloist First Methodist Church. Pupil A. D. Jordan. Studio, 144 Waterloo. Phone 3726.

GWENDOLYN ANTHISTLE, TEACHER of reading and dramatic art. Studio, 264½ Dundas street. Concerts accepted. Phone 698.

BERT WEIR, ORGANIST CENTENNIAL Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ, theory, and vocal. 492 Adelaide street.

PARNELL MORRIS, CONCERT tenor; vocal instructor Alma College, St. Thomas. London studio, 445 Colborne. Phone.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.G.O.—Elementary and advanced tuition, organ, piano, singing, harmony, counterpoint. Studio, 429 Waterloo. Telephone.

GUITAR, MANDOLIN, UKULELE, and steel guitar instruction. Thomas Shuter, 470 Dundas street. Phone.

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GLADYS ANDRUS, CONCERT PIANIST and accompanist. Pupil of A. D. Jordan. Concert engagements and pupils accepted. Phone 4032.

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DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, PARK avenue, corner Queen's — Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas stret.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S (England). 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, REMOVED to corner Richmond and Hyman streets. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND street—Specialty, skin diseases, medical electricity, X-rays. Has resumed practice.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 326 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

DR. MEEK, 330 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM—CORNER KENT and Talbot streets. Phone 2250.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. PINGEL, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street. Hours, 1 to 3, and 7 to 8.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 244 Queen's avenue. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery.

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SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY AND Phrenology—Accurate, scientific and reliable advice on business, health, love, marriage, travel, investments, changes, choice of occupation, etc. When in doubt, consult Mrs. Morris, 565a Queen's avenue. Hours of consultation, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Saturday to 5 p.m.

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ARCHITECTS

H. C. McBRIDE, MEMBER ONTARIO Association of Architects, etc. Edge Block. Phone 262.

ARTHUR E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT—Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 656.

WATT & BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects—Bank of Toronto Building, London; Lister Chambers, Hamilton.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT Dominion Savings Building, top floor. Phones: Office 1557, house 1584.

JOHN M. MOORE,
Architect and Civil Engineer,
415 RICHMOND STREET.

L. E. CARROTHERS, ARCHITECT—Member Ontario Association Architects. Room 58, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MADAME ZEDDA — DEMONSTRATING palmistry at 18 Kain street, St. Thomas, until Feb. 22. Also photos read. 86a

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WEDNESDAY, FEB. 7—77 DUNDAS STREET.
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BANKRUPT STOCK.

Large stock of choice ladies' ready-to-wear goods, bought at low rate on the dollar. Stock of Davidson's Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, St. Thomas, Ont., including ladies' silk dresses, suits, coats, hats, feathers, etc. Come to this big bargain sale. Morning sale. Sale at 10 o'clock.

C. N. Cooper, Auctioneer and Valuator. Phone 1332. 85u ty

EXEXECUTORS' SALE.
of farm and farm stock of the late George Wood, Thursday, Feb. 22, 1917, at lot 11, con. 1, West Zorra. The farm consists of 88 acres in a good state of cultivation; brick house and fair outbuildings, being the west part of lot 11, con. 2, West Zorra, 3 miles from Embro. Terms of sale made known day of sale or by applying to the executors.
Alex. Rose, auctioneer. Wm. L. Sutherland and J. D. Wood, executors.
F. 6, 10, 17, 20.



Desirable Apartments

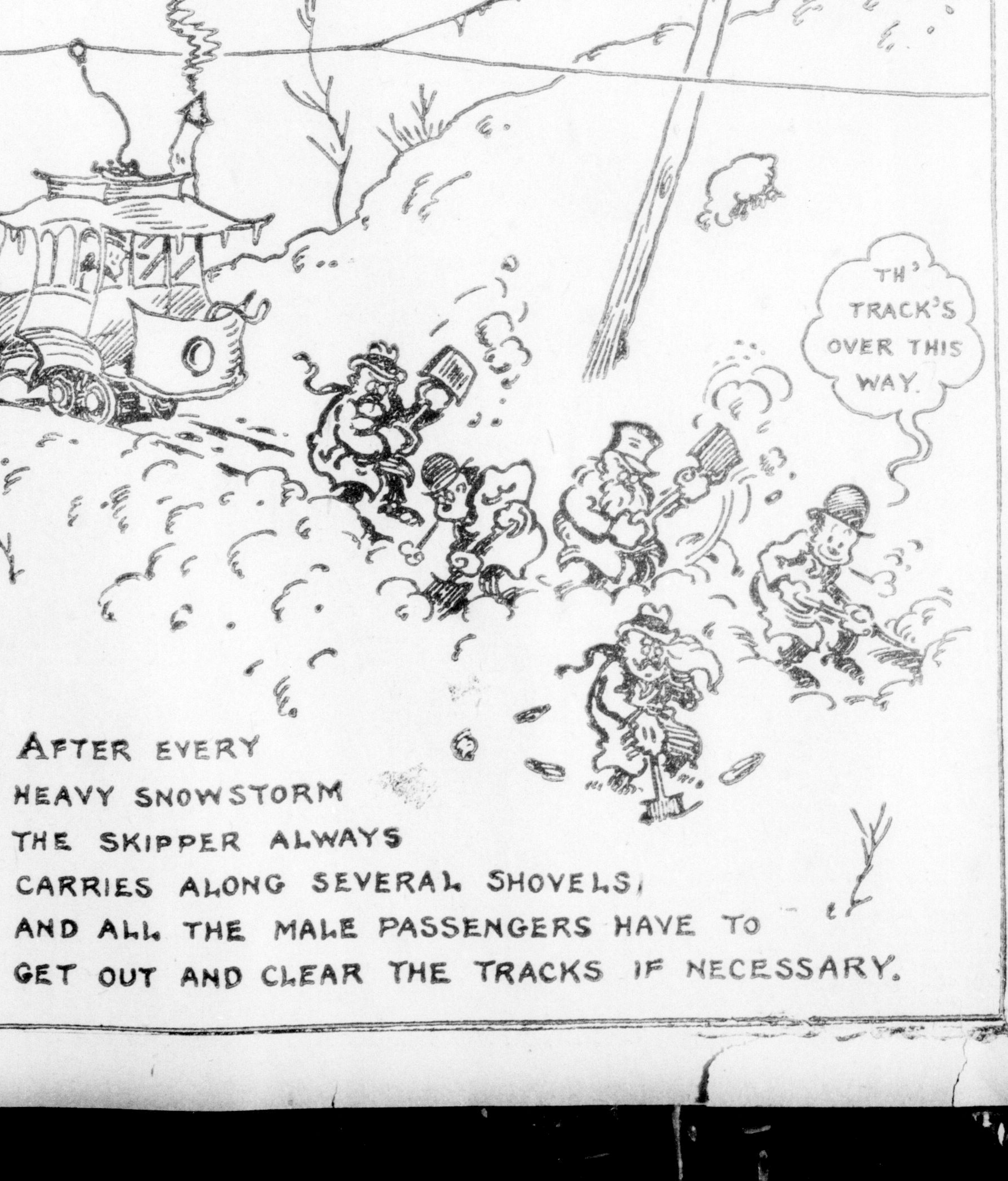
are secured only by keeping close tab on the "Flats and Houses for Rent" columns of The Advertiser classified pages.

How much more sensible it is to follow this course than to walk all over town in an AIMLESS and nine times out of ten FRUITLESS search for the apartment you want.

Both owners and real estate men depend upon Advertiser "For Rent" ads to find desirable tenants. The wise tenant looks to these same columns for the latest and most complete list of vacant apartments.

The Toonerville Trolley That Meets All the Trains.

BY FONTAINE FOX.—Copyright, 1916, by the Dominion News Bureau, Ltd.



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A JOINT Account may be opened in the names of two or more persons. Whichever one can most conveniently reach the bank can then deposit the joint funds or withdraw the cash needed. It saves time and trouble.

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AUTO AND TRUCK REPAIRING and painting by experts. Prices right. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets.

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$4,500—GROCERY AND HARDWARE stocks and fixtures; doing good cash trade; will sell or exchange for farm or city property. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

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MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

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MISS CHEETHAM, PRACTICAL nurse, open for engagements. Apply 72 Byron avenue. Feb.20

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FOR SALE—ALL MY UNREDEEMED overcoats that I have in stock at the lowest prices, from $2 up, to clear out. Julius Siskind, pawnbroker, 338 Richmond street.

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DR. MACFIE, CHIROPRACTOR—REMOVED to Room 212, Dominion Savings Building, corner King and Richmond. Phones: Office, 4710; residence, 5710.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings Building (first floor up).

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Paving The Way

Systematic saving—if only a few dollars each week—paves the way to independence, and gives one a feeling of confidence and self-assurance.

May we assist you in achieving success? Start at once by opening a savings account with the Ontario Loan & Debenture Co. You will be given a passbook and each deposit will be credited to you. Be systematic in making your deposits—say weekly—and you will be surprised how quickly your account grows.

We add 3½% compound interest to your savings. Make a start when you get your next pay-envelope.

The Ontario Loan & Debenture Co.

A. M. Smart, Manager

Cor. Dundas Street and Market Lane, LONDON, CANADA. 39

TABLOID NEWS OF CANADA, THE WAR AND THE WORLD

WESTERN ONTARIO

John McClary, a 14-year-old boy of Woodstock, Ont., was seriously injured about the face through an accident while struggling with another boy for possession of a revolver.

O. C. Whitely, former treasurer of the I. O. O. F. at Goderich, has been sent to trial charged with the misappropriation of the lodge's funds. He pleaded guilty before the magistrate.

Firemen of St. Thomas have been granted an increase in pay.

Brigden carried the hydro bylaw with but one vote registered against it.

The Detroit River ferries are again ice-bound by the great jam.

In order to stop a verbal row in the council chamber the mayor of Sarnia threatened to call in the police. The heated discussion arose over the request that the council aid a sick employee of the Mueller Manufacturing Company.

CANADIAN

Damage estimated at $50,000 was done to the interior and furnishings of Grace Methodist Church, Winnipeg, at noon yesterday by fire, which started from an overhead wood stove. A $15,000 pipe organ was practically destroyed.

J. G. Taylor, general superintendent of the C. P. R. for Saskatchewan from 1912 to 1916, died at the home of his son Herbert in Edmonton at the age of 55 years, after a long illness. He was one of the best known railway men in the west. He was forced to give up his work early last year because of ill-health.

It was announced that the directors of the St. John Railway have recommended that the property be sold to a local corporation to be known as the New Brunswick Investment Company, which has been formed to take it over. The purchase price is $1,300,000, and an additional $100 a share for each share transferred. The shareholders will thus get a net price of $140 a share.

Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings from January 22 to 31, 1917, were $1,564,660. In 1916 for the same period, $1,459,499, an increase of $105,161.

Four persons were burned to death by an accident on the railway near Glenwood Newfoundland. The dead are Mr. and Mrs. Moses Rodway, Jos. Watts and Philip Hounsell.

In an address at Montreal Sir Edmund Walker urged that the people adopt thrifty methods of living.

Mayor Church of Toronto in the council chamber yesterday charged that a combine existed to keep up the price of coal. He said the relations of the Canadian and American railways should be investigated.

AMERICAN

Carrying a provision to empower the president to take over railroads in time of war, the administration railway labor bill was reintroduced in the United States House yesterday without the compulsory arbitration feature.

The supreme court recessed yesterday until March 5 without deciding the Adamson law test case.

WAR

"Artillery actions of a limited nature have occurred on the Trentino front," says yesterday's Italian war office announcement. "On the Tonezza plateau our batteries dispersed some enemy parties. On the upper Degano on Saturday night, after brief but violent artillery fire, the enemy attempted a raid between Monte Navagiust and Ombladet Pass. He was instantly driven back."

The president of the Russian Duma says Wilson's message sounds the death knell of the Germans.

U. S. Senate passed the immigration bill despite the veto of the president, who warned them against getting into trouble with Japan.

The U. S. is rushing work on ten new battleships.

The Prussian minister of war says that victory is now the only thought of Germany.

The mouth of the Hai River, opposite Kut, is now under British control.

U. S. Government has forbidden the transfer of American shipping to foreign registers.

Two Jap cruisers are seeking the German raider in the Pacific.

Pennsylvania is weeding out the undesirables in munitions plants and public works.

Switzerland will not depart from neutrality.

Vienna reports says that news of the rupture with the U. S. did not cause surprise at the Austrian capital.

New York Sun says that the U. S. should act as a supply depot for the Allies.

Swiss newspaper opinion supports the stand taken by President Wilson.

Berlin newspapers say that Wilson has failed to grasp the real significance of the situation in Europe, and that he misunderstands the German-American situation.

GENERAL

Seven survivors of the Shackleton Antarctic expedition who were stranded on Elephant Island have been rescued by the relief steamer Aurora, which arrived at Cape Evans on January 10. Captain Mackintosh and two other men of the stranded party perished. Captain Mackintosh and V. G. Hayward attempted to cross Hut Point to Cape Evans last May and were caught in a blizzard and lost their lives. Another member of the expedition, A. P. Spencer-Smith, died of scurvy.

SIGNS

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS—Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

WAKELING SIGN COMPANY—Signs, showcards, scene painting and pictorial advertising. 296½ Dundas. Phone 2183.

McCLARY COMPANY WANTS NO PERPETUAL FRANCHISE

Nothing In Agreement With Southern Gas Company to Suggest This.

"We want no perpetual franchise, and there is nothing in the agreement we offered to give the Southern Ontario Gas Company on entry into the city whereby they could not be forced out," said Lieut.-Col. W. M. Gartshore of the McClary Manufacturing Company in reference to the action of the council in further delaying the application of the company to connect with the pipes of the gas company.

"I should think that the city solicitor would be able to protect the interests of the city. We do not care from which company we secure gas, so long as we get it. We need it badly. Of course, it would not give us immediate relief, and there is certain to be a considerable delay now, sufficient to keep the gas from us until spring. At first we planned to bring the pipes in over the ground and the line could have been built in a week. Now we would likely wait until the frost was out of the ground. The delay puts us up against a serious possibility. We have coal enough to last ten days. We have been told that we cannot secure any more, but how true that is remains to be seen. We will make and are making every effort to get a supply. If we fail, it means that we will have to close down our works. I trust that no such contingency will arise. It applies, I believe, not only to us, but to a number of other manufacturers. It has been a serious emergency and citizens will have to judge as to how it has been handled."

Statement Confirmed.

F. B. Tomb of the Southern Ontario Gas Company confirmed the statement of Col. Gartshore, and stated that the company made an agreement with the McClary Company for natural gas, and it was understood that this agreement could be terminated.

"We are asking no rights in the city at all," he said. "We simply agreed to give the company gas at a price. If the council sees fit not to grant the company the right, that is its privilege. I can assure you that there is nothing whatever ulterior in our motives. Our cards are all on the table. It would be a great thing for the company to have gas, and we were willing to help the firm out. We did not expect that there would be such opposition. The McClary Compny could cut off our supply at any time, so I cannot see where the city would be so badly off."

"Controller Shaw and some of the other members of the council saw red, however, when the agreement of the McClary Company came up for consideration. There was a clause to the effect that the company wanted an agreement to lay pipes, and would hand them over to the city at any time, provided the supply was not interfered with. The controller thought that this meant a perpetual right for the Southern Ontario Company, which is beside the question altogether.

Council's Failure.

"The council do not seem to realize the seriousness of the coal shortage," said Controller Little. "It is very serious, and will be more serious as time goes on. There does not seem to be any prospect of a betterment.

"The McClary Company simply wanted to protect itself in the matter of a fuel supply. It offered to lend the city money to put down the pipes, so that it could have gas, the pipes to be owned by the city, and the money to be turned back at the city's convenience. Of course, it had a clause inserted to the effect that its supply should not be cut off. That simply means that if the city or any other company took over the gas lines the company should always have gas at a price not to exceed the amount agreed upon. That is a fair proposition. We are doing a great deal of harm to our industries by this policy of opposition."

"The McClary Company is in a bad way, and we want to help it," said Controller Saunders. "The city solicitor will safeguard the city's interests. We will not be doing ourselves any harm, but we will be doing a great favor to the manufacturers."

"There was nothing in the objection that I could see," said Ald. F. E. Harley. "We pay the city solicitor to protect us, and he will do so. What more can we want. The city needs natural gas."

Objectors' Reasons.

"The Southern Ontario Company wants to take over the cream of the business," said Controller Shaw. "The clause which I object to is the one that says the supply must not be interfered with. That simply gives the Southern Ontario Gas Company a franchise, through the McClary Company. Let every manufacturing establishment enjoy the same privileges as the McClary Company. Let us get all the natural gas we want for all purposes."

"I am in favor of helping the McClary Company out," said Ald. Copp. "That is our duty. The agreement did not seem clear enough to protect the city, and that is the reason it was sent back."

"The city should prepare the agreement, and submit it to the McClary Company," said Controller J. M. Moore. "We are holding the company back by these dilatory tactics."

Others spoke along the same lines, and it is expected that efforts will be made to have a special meeting to deal with the situation early this week. The agreement may yet be closed in time to allow the McClary Company to put in the mains as soon as spring opens.

$3,500,000 PULP WOOD CONTRACT IS AWARDED

Black Sturgeon Reserve, 1,000 Miles Square, Disposed Of.

TORONTO, Feb. 5.—That S. Marks of Nipigon has been awarded the right to cut the pulpwood and timber of the Black Sturgeon River reserve, was announced today by Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, minister of lands, forests and mines. The price offered by Mr. Marks will bring into the provincial treasury at least $3,500,000, according to the estimates. For the concession Mr. Marks offered a flat rate of 70 cents as a bonus of all classes of pulpwood. This means that for the spruce pulpwood the Government will receive $1.10, and for all other classes of wood, 90 cents a cord.

The Black Sturgeon River reserve, which is situated at the southwest of the Nipigon forest reserve, is approximately 1,000 square miles in extent, and is about seventy or eighty miles northeast of Port Arthur.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is preparing for a record tourist traffic to Alaska this summer, it was announced today.

The "Charlotte," one of the largest of the Pacific boats now operating between Vancouver and Seattle, will be requisitioned for two extra trips.

The first real effort to attract tourists to Alaska was made by the company last year. So successful was the initial effort that with the additional facilities completed by the railway, the tourist business to Alaska is expected to increase each season.

On account of the war, which has curtailed tourist traffic to Europe, American tourists welcome the opportunity to "tour Alaska," the passenger officials assert. Many points of interest are in pleasing contrast to European tourist centres.

Inquiries for information regarding the route to Alaska centre on Alert Bay, B.C., where American tourists desire to see the activities of the Indians. Here are many of the most elaborately carver totems in America. The Indian village of Bella Bella also is prominently mentioned in inquiries from tourists.

Alaska, during the tourist season, which extends from June 15 to August 15, is not, as is generally believed, a bit of sea ice here, a snowy mountain there, a stunted pine or a polar bear to relieve the monotony, but a combination of the fjords of Norway and the Alps of Switzerland.

Skagway, Alaska, is 1,000 miles from Vancouver. In addition to its novel and interesting attractions, Atlin, one of the places of call on the trip, the climate is such that it is believed it will become one of the world's greatest summer health resorts.

ZIMMERMAN LIKES SOME SECTIONS OF WILSON'S MESSAGE

"Appreciates" President's Desire To Avoid Conflict.

REGRETS SUB MEASURES

Hopes U. S. Govt. Will See the Matter as Germany Reasons It.

London, Feb. 6.—2:55 p.m.—A wireless dispatch received here today quotes the semi-official Overseas News Agency of Berlin to the effect that Foreign Secretary Zimmermann declared in an interview that Germany joined with President Wilson in the wish that there may be no conflict, and that the German Government, after a minute examination of the president's speech to Congress, appreciate "those words of a non-hostile character."

Berlin, Feb. 4.—By Wireless to Sayville, Feb. 6.—Although late this afternoon no official confirmation had reached Berlin that relations with the United States had been broken off, the text of President Wilson's address to Congress removed all doubt, in the minds of the general public as well as in the official world, as to the exactness of earlier private information. Foreign Secretary Zimmerman made the following statement to the Overseas' News Agency:

Zimmerman's Plea.

"We regret this measure taken by President Wilson, all the more since, against all traditions and all international law, we are cut off from all direct communication and regular intercourse with the trans-Atlantic world. We also remember that American diplomats during the last months and years of the war have cared for German interests, by proxy, in several hostile countries with efficiency and great success.

"The text of the president's message, in the absence of other official documents, has therefore been examined most minutely. Having no real reason for hostility the United States, remembering the traditional friendship which has existed between the countries practically from the first days of the United States, we naturally appreciate the words which among others of a different character, are found in that message, as transmitted by Reuter's. In them President Wilson gives assurance that he wishes no 'hostile conflict' with Germany, and I can add that we appreciate this and other paragraphs in the message, joining in this respect with President Wilson's note.

"While we think to a certain extent that we can see by what reasons the United States Government was prompted to its present attitude, on the other hand we expect that President Wilson to the same extent may recognize the reason which prompted us to take our decision."

BERLIN'S WIRELESS CAUGHT BY ALLIES SHOWS SUBTLETIES

London, Feb. 6.—New York Times Cable.—Two German wireless dispatches intercepted by the British Admiralty are regarded here as instances of German sublety in the working of the propaganda in neutral countries.

One wireless message, which it is believed was intended for consumption in Holland, Switzerland, Scandinavia, and other neutral countries, to whom Germany has been promising "concessions" in regard to the so-called blockade, suggested that Germany should recede from her declared submarine policy in so far as it affected neutral rights. The second wireless, consisting of an Associated Press dispatch from Berlin intended for consumption in America, spoke of Germany's inability to withdraw from the position she had taken.

Here this difference of statement is taken as an evident indication of a German effort to prevent the European neutral nations giving support to President Wilson's attitude.

CANARIES STARVING BY SUB CAMPAIGN

Desperate Situation Prevails in Islands Belonging to Spain.

Madrid, Feb. 5.—Via Paris, Feb. 6.—Prince Max von Ratibor, German ambassador to Spain, personally called today on Former Premiers Maura and Dato and Former Minister of the Interior Juan De La Cierva, and explained to them Germany's submarine note, with the object of convincing them of Germany's good intentions, says El Pais.

"This direct intervention by the German ambassador with the leaders of the opposition," says the newspaper, "is a lack of respect both to the Government, which alone is qualified to judge the German note and reply to it, and to the opinion of the country, which has given to the Government its full confidence."

"The situation in the Canaries, which was grave before the declaration of the blockade, is now desperate. The Port of Las Palmas is paralyzed. Certain articles of first necessity are entirely lacking and the prices of kerosene, soap and flour have increased 150 per cent. Bread costs ten cents a pound. The population is without resources or work, and is reduced to begging almost. The Government has been approached with a view of having transatlantic liners going to America call at Las Palmas and complete their cargoes with local produce."

Had Awful Attacks of Heart Trouble

FOR 5 OR 6 YEARS

Diseases and disorders of the heart and nervous system have become frightfully prevalent of late years.

One can scarcely pick up a paper but he will find recorded instances of sudden death through heart failure, or of prominent men and women unable to prosecute their ordinary business or profession on account of a breaking down of the nervous system.

We do not desire to unnecessarily alarm anyone, but to sound a word of warning.

When the heart begins to beat irregularly, palpitates and throbs, has shooting pains through it, it is time to stop and think.

To all sufferers from heart and nerve troubles Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills can give prompt and permanent relief.

Mrs. Frank Arseneau, Newcastle, N. B., writes: "I had awful attacks of heart trouble for the past five or six years, and as I had tried many kinds of medicine without getting any better I decided to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a trial, and to my surprise I found ease from the second dose. I continued taking them until I had used six boxes, and now I feel as well as can be.

"At the present time my sister is using them for nervousness and finds great comfort from their use."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c or three boxes for $1. 25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THE LOCAL MARKET

London's market is still in a state of isolation, more because of the extreme cold than because of road conditions. Only one load of hay was brought in on Monday, the price remaining steady at $12 to $13 a ton. Straw is equally scarce at $9 to $10 a ton.

Oats are firmer at $2 to $2.10 a cwt., but wheat is unchanged at $1.60 a bushel.

Potatoes are firmer, none selling for less than $2.50 a bag. Other vegetables are still scarce. Apples are selling for $1.25 a bushel.

Butter prices are steady, with no indications of going higher for some time. Dairy butter is retailing for 42c a pound, in rolls, and for 40c to 41c a pound, in crocks. Creamery butter retails for 46c a pound. Eggs are selling for 55c to 60c a dozen, retail.

Live hogs are firmer at $13.25 to $13.50 a cwt., but dressed hogs are unchanged at $18 a cwt. Other butchers' meats are steady, and the hide and wool market is quiet.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Oats, per cwt	$2 00	to	$2 10
Barley, per cwt	2 35	to	2 35
Wheat, per cwt	2 66	to	2 67
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Oats, per bu	68	to	70
Wheat, new, per bu.	1 60	to	1 60
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, per peck	50	to	50
Potatoes, per bu	1 50	to	1 60
Potatoes, per bag	2 50	to	2 50
Cabbage, per doz	60	to	1 00
Dry onions, per bu	2 25	to	2 50
Green onions, doz	40	to	40
Parsley, per doz	30	to	40
Carrots, per bu	90	to	1 00
Celery, per doz	40	to	60
Parsnips, a bu	1 10	to	1 25
Turnips, a bu	50	to	60
Lettuce, per doz	40	to	50
Beans, per bu	6 00	to	6 50
Rhubarb, doz	1 00	to	1 00
Fruit.			
Apples, per bu	1 25	to	1 25
Spy apples, per bbl	4 25	to	5 25
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	12 00	to	13 00
Straw, per ton	9 00	to	10 00
Dairy Produce, Retail			
Butter, creamery, lb.	46	to	46
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	42	to	42
Butter, crocks, lb	40	to	41
Eggs, per doz	55	to	60
Honey, 10 lbs	1 20	to	1 40
Honey, sections, doz.	2 40	to	2 50
Dairy Produce. Wholesale.			
Butter, creamery, lb.	43	to	43
Butter, dairy, in rolls	40	to	40
Butter, store lots, lb.	35	to	35
Eggs, crate, doz	48	to	50
Wholesalers to Farmers.			
Butter, dairy, lb	38	to	39
Eggs, basket, doz	44	to	48
Eggs, crate, doz	45	to	46
Chickens, per lb	13	to	15
Old fowl, lb	11	to	13
Poultry, Alive, Wholesale.			
Chickens, per lb	22	to	25
Old fowl, per lb	15	to	15
Geese, per lb	19	to	20
Poultry, Dressed, Wholesale.			
Chickens, per lb	26	to	22
Ducks, per lb	20	to	20
Old fowl, per lb	16	to	16
Geese, per lb	19	to	20
Poultry, Dressed, Retail.			
Chickens, per pair	1 70	to	2 00
Geese, per lb	21	to	22
Live Stock.			
Hogs, per cwt	13 25	to	13 50
Fat sows, per cwt	10 00	to	10 50
Small pigs, pair	5 00	to	7 00
Butchers' Meats.			
Dressed hogs, cwt	18 00	to	18 00
Veal, per cwt	15 00	to	16 00
Beef, per cwt	12 00	to	14 00
Heifer beef, cwt	13 00	to	14 00
Lamb, per cwt	18 00	to	20 00
Hides and Wool.			
Wool, unwashed, lb	32	to	32
Wool, washed, per lb.	40	to	44
Cow hides, No. 1	21	to	21
Cow hides, No. 2	19	to	19
Calfskins, per lb	30	to	35
Lambskins, each	1 00	to	1 75

LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 650; active; steady to strong.

Veals—Receipts, 200 head; active, at $5@16.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,000 head; active; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $13 25@13 30; light yorkers, $12 25@13; pigs, $12@12 25; roughs, $12 15@12 25; stags, $10@11.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,000 head; active and steady; lambs, $11@15; yearlings, $9 50@13 75; wethers, $11 50@11 75; ewes, $6@11; mixed sheep, $11@11 25.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—Receipts of live stock were again meagre at the Union stockyards. Trade was firm in all departments. Hogs were higher. Receipts, 714 cattle, 44 calves, 241 hogs and 57 sheep. Quotations:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $9 75@11; butchers, choice, $9 50@10 20; do. medium, $7 75@9 25; do. common, $6 75@7 50; butcher cows, choice, $7 75@8 50; do. medium, $6@7 50; do. canners, $4 25@4 50; do. bulls, $5 50@9; feeding steers, $6 75@7 25; stockers, choice, $6@6 75; do. light, $5 50@6; milkers, choice, each, $50@100; springers, each, $50@100; calves, $5@14.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $9 50@10 25; bucks and culls, $7@9; lambs, $8 50@14 50.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $14 25@14 35.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The run of cattle at the Union stockyards today was light and prices were stronger. Small stuff firm, hogs steady. Receipts, 1,633 cattle, 183 calves, 379 hogs and 77 sheep. Quotations:

Choice weighty steers	$10 50	to	$11 00
Choice weighty steers	$10 50	to	$11 00
Do. medium	9 75		10 25
Butchers choice handy	9 50		10 25
Do. good	8 75		9 25
Do. medium	7 75		8 50
Do. common	6 75		7 50
Butchers choice cows	7 75		8 50
Do. good	6 75		7 50
Do. medium	6 00		6 50
Butchers bulls choice	7 50		9 00
Do. good	6 75		7 25
Do. medium	5 75		6 50
Do. bologna	5 00		5 50
Feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs.	6 75		7 60
Do. med. 700 to 800 lbs.	6 00		6 40
Stockers, 700 to 900 lbs.	6 25		6 60
Do. com., light	5 00		5 75
Cutters	4 50		5 25
Canners	4 25		4 50
Milkers, good to choice	80 00		100 00
Do. com. to med	50 00		70 00
Springers	55 00		100 00
Calves, veal, choice	13 50		14 00
Do. medium	8 00		10 50
Do. common	5 00		7 50
Do. grass	5 00		6 00
Spring lambs, choice	14 00		14 50
Do. culls	8 50		10 50
Sheep, ewes, light	9 50		10 25
Do. heavy and bucks	7 50		9 00
Do. culls	4 00		7 00
Hogs, weighed off cars	14 25		14 50
Do. fed and watered	14 00		14 25
Do. country points	13 50		13 60

less $2.50 to $3.50 on sows; less $5 on stags; less $2 on light; less $1 on heavies; less ½ per cent Government condemnation.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; market strong; beeves, native, $7 90@12 25; western steers, $7 90@10 30; stockers and feeders, $6 10@9 35; cows and heifers, $5 15@10 50; calves, $10 25@14 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; market strong and higher; light, $11 65@12 25; mixed, $11 80@12 45; heavy, $11 85@12 50; rough, 11 85@12; pigs, $9 75@11; bulk of sales at $12 10@12 40.

Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; market was weak; wethers, $10 50@11 85; lambs, native, $12 10@14 75.

YESTERDAY'S CASH GRAIN RANGE

WINNIPEG.

Cash grain: Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1.68⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.65⅜; No. 3 northern, $1.60⅜; No. 4, $1.51⅜; No. 5, $1.30⅝; No. 6, $1.05⅜; feed, 94c.

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 54⅜c; No. 3 Canadian western, 52⅝c; extra No. 1 feed, 52⅝c; No. 1 feed, 51⅝c; No. 2 feed, 50⅜c.

Barley—No. 3, 91½c; No. 4, 86½c; rejected, 72c.

Flax—No. 1 N. W. C., $2.54½; No. 2 Canadian western, $2.51½.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Cash grain: Wheat No. 2 red, nominal; No. 3 red, $1.65¼; No. 2 hard, $1.74@1.85; No. 3 hard, $1.69¼@1.71.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, $1; No. 4 yellow, nominal; No. 4 white, 96c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 53¾@55c; standard, 54½@55½c.

Rye—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, $1.37@1.38.

Barley—$1@1.27.

Timothy—$3.50@5.50.

Clover—$12@17.50.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, Feb. 5.—Cash wheat closed: No. 1 hard, $1.84@1.90½; No. 1 northern, $1.77½@1.81½; No. 2 northern, $1.74½@1.80½.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 97½@98½c.

Oats—No. 3 white, 52@53¼c.

Bran—$31@32.

DULUTH.

Duluth, Feb. 5.—Wheat closed: No. 1 hard, $1.75⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.78⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.75⅝@1.76⅝.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Sharp declines in the wheat market took place today, owing to a considerable extent to news of the killing of an American seaman by German submarine gunfire. The fact that shorts had largely covered their trades during yesterday's advance left the market without one of the usual sources of support, and there was no decided influx of buying until the market had fallen 3½c to 3¾c. Rallies ensued, but the bulls were hampered by the prospect that the new submarine attacks had brought war nearer than ever.

Opening prices, which ranged from ½c to 2¼c down, with May at $1 72½@1 73½, and July at $1 47@1 48, were followed by a fall that carried May off to $1 70½, but later by recoveries which raised May to $1 73⅞.

FLOUR.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Flour—Winter patents, 47s.

HOPS.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £4 15@5 15s.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Hams—Short cut, 115s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 111s; clear bellies, 118s; long clear middles, light, 113s; do, heavy, 112s; short clear backs, 113s; shoulders, square, nominal.

Lard — Prime western, in tierces, 115s 3d; American refined, in boxes, 114s.

CHEESE.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, 150s; do, colored, new, 148s.

Montreal, Feb. 6.—Cheese is quiet but strong.

Cheese—Finest westerns, 26@26½c; finest easterns, 25@25½c.

New York, Feb. 5.—Cheese firm; receipts, 3,523 boxes; state, whole milk flats, held specials, 25¼@25½c.; do. average fancy, 24¾@25c.

Liverpool, Feb. 5.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, 148s; do, colored, new, 147s.

OILS.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 55s.

Turpentine Spirits—54s.

Rosin—Common, 24s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 2¼d.

Linseed Oil—54s 6d.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 49s.

London, Feb. 6.—Calcutta linsed, February and March, strong, 115s; linseed oil, 55s.

Sperm Oil—£52 10s.

Petroleum—American refined, 1s 2d; spirits, 1s 3d.

Turpentine Spirits—56s 4½d.

Rosin—American strained, 27s 6d; type G, 28s.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 6.—The money market was well supplied with funds today. Discount rates were steady.

The tone of the stock market was good, but business was cautious, pending developments in the political world. Neutral stocks recovered yesterday's setback, and there was sufficient business to maintain home rails and gilt-edged securities, while oil shares, Russian mines and Marconi were strong. Shipping shares were inclined to ease off. American securities were firm, but only a small business was transacted.

Closing prices were:

Consols, for money	51⅛
New 4½ per cent War Loan	99⅞
Anaconda, £10 shares	£17 5s
Atchison, com.	107¼
Baltimore & Ohio	80
Canadian Pacific	169¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	62
Chicago Great Western	13
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	89
De Beers	13⅞
Denver & Rio Grande	15
Erie, com.	30½
Erie, 1st pfd.	42
Grand Trunk	9⅞
Illinois Central	106
Louisville & Nashville	132
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	9
New York Central	99¾
Norfolk & Western	136
Ontario & Western	27
Pennsylvania Railway	57⅜
Rand Mines	3½
Reading Railway	97¼
Southern Railway	31½
Southern Pacific	97½
Union Pacific	142½
United States Steel	115

WALL STREET.

New York, Feb. 6—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Practically all the market leaders moved to higher levels at today's opening, United States Steel again pointing the way with a substantial fractional advance, which soon increased to 1¼ points. Coppers were next in speculative favor, with oils, shipping issues, Central Leather, Pittsburg Coal, Industrial Alcohol and American Can. The market became decidedly irregular before the end of the first half hour on the heaviness of rails, New Haven making a new low record of 38⅝, with weakness in other transportation shares, including Canadian Pacific, which fell over 2 points, and Northern Pacific. Motors and Beet Sugar also were reactionary.

Noon.—Unsettlement in rails affected the balance of the list for a brief period, many early advances being surrendered, but renewed buying of Steel and active specialties brought about a partial readjustment. American Can's advance of 2 points was simultaneous with the publication of record earnings for 1916. Bethlehem Steel was almost the only recognized war stock to hold back, losing 15 points. Trading fell away and became more irregular towards noon on selling of shipping shares. Bonds were lower on further declines in foreign issues. Government bonds also made slight concessions, presumably in anticipation of a new issue for emergency purposes.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]
Toronto, Feb. 6.

	Ask.	Bid.		Ask.	Bid.
Am Cy.	..	27	SWheat	139	..
do pfd.	54	49	Spanish.	16¾	16
Barcel.	12¾	12⅜	do pfd.	57	54½
Brazilian	44	43¼	Stl Can.	59⅞	59¾
B C Fish	60	..	do pfd.	95½	94
Bell Tel.	152	149	T Paper.	..	72½
Burt, c.	79	75	Tor Ry.	81	79
do pfd.	91	..	Tucketts	21	19½
C Bread.	18	16½	do pfd.	89	..
do pfd.	86	85	Tw City.	94	93½
C Car.	31	29½	Win Ry.	..	78
do pfd.	74	72	Banks—		
Cement.	60⅝	60	Com'rce.	..	186½
do pfd.	93	90	Dom.	..	212
CG Elec.	110	107½	Hamil'n.	..	191
C Loco.	58	56	Imperial.	199	197
do pfd.	90	89	Ottawa	202	..
C P R.	155	154	Royal.	..	211½
C Salt.	135	120	Toronto	192	190
ConLife	335	320	Union.	..	139
Contag.	425	410	Loans, etc.—		
C Smelt.	31	30½	C Land.	..	159
Canners.	22	21	C Perm.	..	170
Con Gas.	165	164½	C Invest	..	75
Detroit.	122	120	H Prov.	..	141
D Steel C	60½	60¼	H & E.	..	209
Dom Tel.	..	90	20% pd	..	196
Duluth.	49	47	OntLoan	..	175
Mackay.	86½	86	T Trusts	..	211
do pfd.	67	65½	T Mort.	..	140
M Leaf.	100	97	Bonds—		
Monarch	41	40	C Bread.	93½	93
do pfd.	81	..	C Loco.	95	..
NStl Car	16½	15½	Mex Elec	30	..
do pfd.	61	60	M L & P	45	35
Nipis'g.	810	775	Penmans	..	84½
NSSteel	106½	104½	Quebec.	69	67
P Burt.	29	28	Rio Jan.	..	85¾
do pfd.	..	80	S Paulo.	..	82
Petrol.	1225	1175	Spanish.	88	..
P Rico.	..	39	Stl Can.	..	97
Quebec.	28½	25½	War Loan,		
Riordon	117½	115	1925.	97¾	97½
Rogers.	..	76	War Loan,		
do pfd.	93	90	1931.	97¾	97⅝
Russell.	82	78			
do pfd.	112	108			

COTTON.

New York, Feb. 5.—Thomson & McKinnon wire their local office as follows: "The cotton market continues to move in a very violent fashion. Enormous fluctuations occur without any particular reason for it. When shorts attempt to cover, the market advances a cent a pound as easily as it ordinarily does 20 points; when longs attempt to sell, the market gives way as if cotton was worth nothing. Under such conditions it becomes extremely hazardous to trade. We do not think any opinions are justified at this time, because the market will be subjected to many shocks that are to be expected almost any time under the abnormal conditions prevailing, and any attempt by bulls to revive speculation in cotton may prove very disastrous. World conditions do not justify it. Without free exporting, the burden will be on the owners of cotton to care for it until normal conditions shall again be established."

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
March	15 20	15 87	14 45	15 86
May	15 35	16 61	15 03	15 99
July	15 30	16 10	15 07	16 04
Oct.	14 85	15 63	14 80	15 62
Dec.	15 00	15 64	15 00	15 63

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Cotton—Futures closed steady; February, 9.99d; February and March, 9.96d; March and April, 9.96d; April and May, 9.92d; May and June, 9.91d; June and July, 9.86d; July and August, 9.82d; August and September, 9.62d; September and October, 9.41d; October and November, 9.29d; November and December, 9.22d; December and January, 9.19d; January and February, 9.16d; February and March, 9.16d.

MONEY.

London, Feb. 6.—Bar silver, 37 7-16d per ounce.

Money, 4¾ per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills and three months, 5@5⅛ per cent.

New York, Feb. 6.—Bar silver, 77c per ounce.

Continued From Page One

WILL TARNOWSKI

go, but it is interesting to note that as he gets his walking papers Tarnowski of the Austrian embassy arrives on the scene with his credentials. Now the fight centres around this man. They are pointing out here that the central empires organization in this country needs a head, or, as they grimly phrase it, "first grave digger." Tarnowski may be the man for the job if only he can get himself accredited.

May Follow Bernstorff.

The state department has, it is declared, received notification that Austria is prepared to subscribe to Germany's unlimited sea murder campaign. If so, Tarnowski must follow in Bernstorff's footsteps, but Ambassador Penfield has notified Washington of Vienna's desperate resolve only unofficially and, since that is so, Tarnowski must be put up with pro tem, and the German influences here are striving desperately to have his credentials accepted. For his own sake though he will be well advised to walk warily for the present. His position is a most delicate one.

Ford's Offer.

There is much sincere gratification over the offer of Henry Ford and his associates to turn their great plants over to the Government for war purposes with no thought of profit. Certain optimists vision a similarly altruistic offer from all other manufacturers, and an end to all profiteering thereby.

It is being pointed out that there is already an excellent casus belli in the field even with the sinking of the Housatonic removed. If Germany has in any sense a chip on her shoulder she can easily interpret the president's appeal to neutrals as having effectually knocked it off. The president not only himself breaks off relations with the Imperial Government, but asks all the other neutrals to do so too. Germany might be fully justified in interpreting this as a conspiracy against herself, and in taking steps accordingly, and so far as I can find nobody here cares much whether Germany sees her dignity offended or not. The interest in a possible protest on these grounds is largely an academic one.

Out for Bryan's Scalp.

There was an interesting outburst in the House of Representatives this afternoon. The House was droning through a half-day of private bills with merely a corporal guard in attendance when suddenly Mills of Minnesota got the floor. Nobody knew exactly what he was after until he started out to collect William Jennings Bryan's scalp. Mr. Mills pointed out that there had been traitors in every crisis, royalists during the war of Independence, copperheads during the Civil war, and W. J. Bryan today. The recent meeting he fathered in New York was sheer treason, and why should not Mr. Bryan go to an internment camp along with others of his ilk.

Bryan's Stock Low.

The House gasped, but much of it applauded. Somebody wanted to reply but under the beautifully simple rules they have here he was choked off when objection to such course was lodged by several members. There may be those in the House who would defend Bryan, but certainly the great pacifist's stock has never been so low as it is at present.

As has already been said, nothing very definite need be expected from here for several days. The fight over the Tarnowski credentials is going to last for some time. Germany's actions of today tend to show that she is none too anxious to press for trouble, and in the absence of such pressure Washington is willing to stand pat on past performances.

Pleurisy Pains Vanish! Chest Colds Cured!

Nerviline Has Never Failed to Cure.

Don't suffer!

Nerviline is your relief.

Nerviline just rubbed on, lots of it, will ease that drawn, tight feeling over your ribs, will destroy the pain, will have you smiling and happy in no time.

"I caught cold last week while motoring," writes P. T. Mallery, from Linden, "My chest was full of congestion, my throat was mighty sore, and I had the fiercest stitch in my side you could imagine. As a boy I was accustomed to have my mother use Nerviline for all our minor ailments, and remembering what confidence she had in Nerviline, I sent out for a bottle at once. Between noon and 8 o'clock I had a whole bottle rubbed on, and then got into a perspiration under the blankets. This drove the Nerviline in good and deep, and I woke up next morning fresh as a dollar and absolutely cured. Nerviline is now always part of my travelling kit, and I will never be without it."

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HOLLAND PRESENTS A STRONG PROTEST OVER SUB ORDERS

Comes Out Against German Unrestricted Sea Warfare.

DUTCH COUNCIL MEETS

Conference of Import Held by Rulers of The Hague.

The Hague, Feb. 6—Via London.—It is known that Holland has protested strongly against Germany's decree of unrestricted submarine warfare, but the press is silent as to the Government's action. The foreign office refuses to give any details as to the course adopted by the Administration.

The Niewe Rotterdamsche Courant, while expressing the fullest confidence in the Government, complains that the country does not know what the standpoint of the Administration is. The Courant expresses surprise at President Wilson's statement in regard to other neutral powers following the example of the United States, and asks whether the president's expectation is based on foreknowledge or merely supposition. It adds:

"We do not know the attitude nor the action of our Government on the question of ruthless submarine warfare, but it may conceivably view matters from a different angle to that of the United States."

The Courant then compares America's abundance of grain, coal and steel with Holland's scarcity of these articles, all of which she must import. A comparison is also made between Holland's contiguous position to Germany, with an open eastern frontier, as compared with America's remoteness from the war arena, and the paper concludes that the Dutch Government must consider factors which do not exist in America, and which may modify its decision.

The Courant adds that as the telegram was not clear, some of the shipowners have gone to The Hague to seek an explanation.

DUTCH COUNCIL MEETS.

London, Feb. 6.—Extraordinary councils of the ministers were held on Saturday and at noon Monday, according to a Reuter dispatch from The Hague. The conferences, while a continuation of sessions not concluded owing to the late closing of Parliament, also dealt with the developments in the foreign situation. It is semi-officially stated that these councils need not cause any uneasiness.

A CONCESSION.

Amsterdam, via London, Feb. 6.—The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant says that several shipowners have received the following telegrams from The Hague: "The naval staff announces that the German admiralty has informed them that Dutch ships, which had already left North America on February 1 for English ports, will be allowed to pass thereto, but cannot leave those ports without risk."

SPANISH FRUIT SHIPS CAN GO TO ENGLAND

But Cannot Return According to Ruling of the Germans.

London, Feb. 6.—A Reuter dispatch from Madrid says that the Correspondencia de Espana announces that Germany has consented to allow Spanish fruit ships, now on their way to England with safe conducts, to reach their destinations, but cannot allow them to return to Spain.

The Correspondencie learns that the Spanish note to Germany has been drawn up and shown to the leaders of the Opposition. The note will be read at a cabinet meeting, and made public today.

FRENCH WHEAT CROP.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The forecast for France's wheat crop is now 53,000,000 quintals from the autumn sowings and 10,000,000 to 11,000,000 quintals from the spring sowing. The country's annual consumption is from 80,000,000 to 85,000,000 quintals.

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Food For Thought

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Are both stylish and comfortable. We have them in a variety of new shapes at very moderate prices.
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Your Nerves
Supply the vital force that runs your cosmic dynamo.
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Absorb a large amount of this nerve energy.
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Speedily exhausts the supply, and the voltage quickly drops.
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Stop the leak and bring the boiler pressure to normal.
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"Snowdrift" Bread!
EVER TRIED IT?
That dainty, snow-white wrapped loaf that's so delicious. If you have not been fortunate enough to learn of its goodness, ask your neighbor. She'll know, or better still, order a trial loaf today.
20 Loaves for $1
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Waltham Watches
The watch you should buy is the Waltham Watch. This is the best of all American watches. It has maintained its reputation for years. The name Waltham on any watch is your assurance of watch-protection in every detail.
We offer a very extensive selection in the latest models for men and women, including the new models of Wrist and Bracelet Watches, from $10.00 to $85.00.
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TWO STORES:
Official Watch Inspector for C. P. R. and G. T. R.
170 DUNDAS. 674 DUNDAS.

Johnston Bros.
—JERSEY CREAM
—HOMEMADE
—VIENNA
—WHOLE WHEAT
Try these kinds for a delicious change
XXX Bread

QUARANTINE

[Being the Lament of London Boy of 63rd Battery, Who Knows.]

"Ed" Harrison of the 63rd Battery, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Harrison, Simcoe street, and a grandson of Inspector Joseph Sanders of the Children's Aid Society, has taken the following means of informing his family that he and several of his comrades have been in quarantine in England.

The writer of the poem was born in London, and attended the Simcoe Street School, where his ready wit and ability to see the funny side of life made him a favorite. Upon enlisting with the 63rd Battery, he was nick-named "Napoleon" by the men of the unit, a mouthful which was soon shortened to "Nopie":

QUARANTINE.

A man named "Falls" went up one day
To see the Doc, and right away,
On our door, they tacked a sign
And placed a guard there for a time.

Three weeks we spent in quarantine,
A more tiresome bunch was never seen;
Good times were few and far between
For us poor boys in C 19.

Physical "Jerks" came every day,
Which helped to pass the time away,
Along with cards and many smokes,
Ending the day with several jokes.

Our daily grub is "Mulligan stew,"
Potatoes, sometimes, pudding, too;
We spread our bread with "margarine,"
Such things as butter are never seen

On Christmas Day we had no kick,
The cookhouse men sure did the trick;
The turkey was good, the pudding fine,
But it isn't the way we usually dine.

About our meals enough we've said.
At half-past nine we go to bed;
We go to bed and try to sleep,
But then the lice begin to creep.

Our agony ends in dreams sublime,
Unconscious of torture for the time.
Snores are heard, and if we could
We'd stop that sound of sawing wood.

Now we are sure that you can see
That this is murdering poetry.
War may be hell, but quarantine
Seemed worse to the boys of C 19.
—"Nopie" Harrison.

NEGLECTED OPPORTUNITIES.

Almost every day, in a city of this size, there are opportunities to save money on the purchase of necessities. Very often these are overlooked in the daily occupations, but some people make it a point to be on the alert and buy almost everything they need at bargain prices. Bargains are attractive, but it is well to discriminate and only buy at bargain prices what you can see to be exceptional value for the reduced figure asked. Just now, we are offering some $5, $6 and $7 shoes at $2.39. Drop in and see them. Be fitted and save money. Casselman Bros., The Shoe Shop of Quality, Value, Service, 171 Dundas street.

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WOMEN WILL HELP RAISE $300,000 FOR PATRIOTIC PURPOSES

Accept Share of Responsibility in Big Campaign.

COMMITTEES ARE NAMED

Three Hundred Volunteers To Go Into the Homes of London.

Plans for the patriotic fund campaign were laid before a representative gathering of London women yesterday afternoon in Cronyn Hall at a meeting called for the purpose of enlisting their co-operation in the grand three-days' canvass of this month.

Col. A. M. Smith, chairman of the special committee appointed to approach the women's organizations on the subject, presided, and businesslike addresses were delivered by Sir George C. Gibbons, K.C., and Chairman A. E. Silverwood of the campaign committee, and Rev. Dr. Tucker, rector of St. Paul's Cathedral.

Sir George Gibbons urged the necessity for continuing and increasing patriotic effort. In the present campaign the object is to raise $300,000 for patriotic purposes. The success of the campaign, he declared, will depend upon making every man, woman and child in the city feel a responsibility towards it. It will depend upon reaching every individual, and enlisting one and all as contributors in proportion to their means.

Help All You Can.

"The general committee is trying to be just," said Sir George. "We are not asking anyone to give too much. We are asking you to assist all you can for the cause of Canada, Great Britain and civilization."

Owing to the magnitude of the undertaking, the speaker stated the general committee believed that the campaign could only be a success through the practical co-operation of the various women's organizations.

Going more into detail, Mr. Silverwood asked for 300 women volunteers to canvass the homes, and get into touch with all the women and children of the households.

The general committee, he stated, has already secured fifteen teams of men to canvass the factories and other business centres during the three days of the campaign, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, February 19, 20 and 23, following a grand mass meeting to be addressed by Sir Herbert Ames in the Princess Winter Garden, Friday evening, February 16.

May Raise $30,000.

He suggested that the residential district be canvassed according to the division of wards, which in turn might be sub-divided. He advised the appointment of a general for each ward, and a captain for each sub-division. A suggested objective for the women to reach was $30,000.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Silverwood's address, Sir George Gibbons called for a motion from the women present, pledging co-operation and practical assistance. In this connection, he urged united effort and the sinking of organization lines of difference in the interests of the great cause.

Mrs. C. R. Somerville, acting president of the Red Cross Society and president of the Canadian Woman's Contingent Association, on behalf of the organizations she represented, moved that the women accept the share of responsibility offered them, and named as members of a committee the following from the Red Cross and C. W. C. C.: Mesdames Somerville, George T. Brown, E. C. Bowker, Frank Leonard, A. E. Cooper and E. E. Reid.

Seconding the motion, Mrs. T. H. Smallman, first vice-regent of the Municipal Chapter, I. O. D. E., named as associates with herself on the committee, representing the order: Mesdames R. W. Puddicombe, W. D. I. Wright, Allan McLean, E. B. Smith, Greenaway, and A. L. Galbraith.

Bespeaking the co-operation of the Women's Canadian Club, Mrs. Donald McLean suggested the names of Mesdames F. H. Purdom, A. B. Greer, A. T. Edwards, A. Wismer, and John Stevely and Miss McColl as representatives from the organization of which she is president.

Council of Women.

Mrs. Yarker spoke on behalf of the Local Council of Women; Mrs. F. W. Hughes for the Union Mothers' Club; Miss Yeates for the Woman Teachers' Guild, and Miss Armstrong for the Women's Music Club. Representation will be specially asked from the Catholic Women's Club and other organizations not represented yesterday.

Another meeting will be held in the same place next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the general committee will have the details of the campaign fully worked out, and be in a position to give all information required. In the meantime the women's committee is entrusted with the mission of securing 300 volunteer canvassers among the women's organizations which they represent, or others willing to assist.

Referring to the objective of $300,000 set for the London campaign, Dr. Tucker declared that amount might easily be saved on automobiles and amusements alone. "Consider," he said, "what we in London, Canada, have been spared. We have been spared the atrocities of war. One bomb dropped on the city, say in its most traversed section, would cost London more than $300,000. Yet this is what other cities and peoples have had to endure, and far more, right in England.

"Business was never so prosperous in Canada as at the present time. And think what our men have done at the front! What are a few thousand dollars or a few hundred dollars, compared with the sacrifice of life?"

AUTOS IN COLLISION.

Two automobiles, a Chalmers roadster, owned by J. Beechey, and a Ford, owned by the Bayliss taxi service, collided on Dundas street between English and Rectory streets Sunday afternoon.

The Chalmers car going west turned out to pass a street car, and in so doing moved along in the south car tracks. On seeing the taxicab, the driver of the Chalmers tried to turn out, but his wheels were fast in the tracks. Both drivers then tried to stop, but the larger car continued to skid forward after the brakes were set, and the head-on collision resulted. A front fender was smashed on the Chalmers, while a bent front axle, a broken fender and other damages were done to the Ford.

According to George D. Dixon, vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad who discussed the relation of freight rates to the cost of food to the consumer, at the annual convention of the commission merchants in Philadelphia, "the freight charges on food products are so small that it is generally conceded that retail prices, in the overwhelming majority of cases, would not be affected at all if the railroad transportation costs were wiped out altogether. Take the case of milk, for instance, a thing which is very expensive and difficult for railroads to handle, and for which they provide the very highest character of transportation service. We haul milk to Philadelphia for about one-half cent per quart. It retails at 10 or 12 cents, and even more for some brands. Suppose the freight rates on milk were cut in half, is it likely the reduction of a quarter of a cent per quart would be reflected by any change in the retail price? So, too, in the case of fruit, the high cost of living does not depend on freight rates. "California oranges," says Mr. Dixon, "go to New York for $1.15 per 100 pounds, which is less than one cent for bringing you an orange 3,000 miles away. Southern Florida grapefruit cost 60 cents for 100 pounds to bring 1,000 miles to Philadelphia.

"A 27-pound Georgia watermelon is delivered in this city at a transportation charge of 11.3 cents, arriving by a fast freight running practically on passenger schedule. Early peaches from the same state cost 34.9 per crate, 42 pounds to haul—a very small fraction of a cent per peach. Philadelphia gets Southern New Jersey peaches for 5½ to 5.9 cents a crate of 40 pounds, which must contain a good many peaches. The charge for carrying Rocky Ford cantaloupes to New York, three-quarters of the way across the continent, is 23.2 cents a crate, weighing 23 pounds, probably in the neighborhood of a cent for each cantaloupe."

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Pleases People Who Are Particular.
50c per pound
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ASKS BETTER SERVICE ON HURON AND BRUCE

Council Asking Railway Board to Restore Former Schedule.

The city council at its session last night unanimously passed a resolution, asking the Dominion railway commission to restore the former service on the London, Huron & Bruce.

Controller Little pointed out that the present arrangement was not only a hardship on the city of London, but a very serious handicap to the small towns and villages along the line. Children were unable to attend the high schools, and in other ways, it was very difficult to do business with the outside world.

The resolution was carried as follows:

Whereas the Dominion railway commission has ordered the curtailment of railway service on the London, Huron & Bruce, and caused the Grand Trunk Railway to temporarily discontinue the morning train service on this line;

And whereas, the regular service before curtailment supplied only the barest necessity in the way of accommodation in the section through which the railway passes;

And whereas, application has been made for an extra train each way to adequately serve legitimate requirements and the board has ordered the railway companies "that every section of the country has the necessary passenger movement both in and out."

And whereas the corporation of the city of London and other municipalities along the London, Huron & Bruce right-of-way bonused this line to the extent of $240,000, $100,000 of which was provided by the city of London, entailing at least the moral obligation on the part of the system to supply adequate service throughout a territory which trades almost exclusively from this centre;

Be it resolved that this council petition the Dominion Railway Commission to immediately restore the train service on the London, Huron & Bruce, including the daily morning train which has been removed by the order of the board;

And that the city clerk be authorized to place a copy of this resolution in the hands of the board of trade, which, along with the Commercial Travelers' Association and municipalities along the London, Huron & Bruce Railway, are jointly petitioning the Dominion Railway Commission to this effect.

ABILITY COUNTS MORE THAN OPPORTUNITIES

Vegetable Growers' Debate Was Very Keenly Contested.

Ability counts more than opportunity it was decided in a debate held at the regular meeting of the London branch of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association, in the city hall.

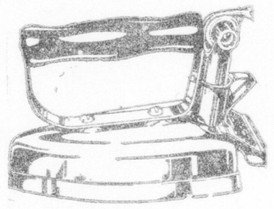
Messrs. Baker, Lucas and Moulton took the affirmative, against Messrs. Davis, Fuller and Dengate on the question "Resolved that opportunity means more for a boy's success than ability."

A fine display of vegetables gave a splendid opportunity of testing the ability of the market gardeners of London to grow first-class vegetables.

Another exhibition of vegetables is to be given in the office of the local department of agriculture on the afternoon of February 7. As these exhibits are put up by rival teams something good may be expected.

"CIVIL SERVICE" TONIGHT.

This famous play of the Middle West has been set down for presentation at St. Mary's Hall, Lyle street, this evening. It is described as a play with a punch on account of the intensely interesting plot which is sustained until the final curtain. The intensity of the plot will be relieved throughout by a pleasing strain of humor. Another capable and well-balanced caste has been selected for this presentation.

FEBRUARY IS "WIRE-YOUR-HOUSE" MONTH
Why not have YOUR house wired this month, and we will give you one of our brand new
$3.50 Hydro Irons for $2.00

This Offer Is Good for February ONLY!
So you'd better see about it right away. We will wire your house on our Easy Payment Plan
FIND OUT ABOUT IT
Estimates given FREE. Write, Telephone or Call.
Your inquiry will have our prompt attention.
THE CITY HYDRO
Phones 250 and 251.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY REORGANIZED AT BIG MEETING LAST NIGHT

Lieut.-Col. W. M. Gartshore Is New President.

ON GOOD BUSINESS BASIS

Opening Gathering Will Likely Be Held Some Time This Month.

St. Andrew's Society is alive in London. It may have been slumbering for a time, but it is now awake, renewed in vigor, and prepared to take a place in the life of the community which will make it a force.

The awakening took place at a reorganization meeting held in the Northern Life Assurance Company's board room in the Dominion Savings Building last night, and if enthusiasm for Scotland and Scottish traditions, characteristics and valor counts for anything, this is going to be an epoch-making year.

The night was wild and stormy, which kept many who had intended to be present from leaving their homes, but there were Scotsmen there in sufficient numbers to elect the officers and put the society on a good business basis. This was done without loss of time, and was followed by informal speeches by the chairman, Alexander Fraser, and Rev. Dr. D. L. McCrae.

The former drew attention to the need of keeping alive in memory Scottish heroes and heroines, and made special reference to Flora MacDonald, "than whom no more heroic figure is known to history."

The Best Citizens.

Dr. McCrae maintained that a man was a better citizen of a new country if he retained his love and respect for his birthplace, or the birthplace of his parents. What would the world think, he asked, of the man who married and immediately on settling in his new home decided to forget and ignore that of his father?

Dr. McCrae offered to give his popular lecture on "The Wit and Wisdom of the Scottish Minister of Olden Times," and the offer was received with acclaim. It was decided to make this lecture the opening feature of the season, and it will be delivered, it is hoped, some time this month, when a suitable hall has been engaged to accommodate the crowd which is certain to attend.

Mr. Kilgour, although 80 years of age, enlivened the proceedings with a Scottish song, and the proceedings closed by all singing "Auld Lang Syne," with hands clasped in good old Scottish say.

Elected Officers.

Among the officers elected was Alexander Tytler, honorary president, believed to be the oldest member of the society in the country, having joined when it was first inaugurated in 1856. His election was an honor paid to him unanimously by all present.

The other officers elected, all unanimously, were: President, Lieut.-Col. W. M. Gartshore; first vice-president, A. A. MacIntosh; second vice-president, C. B. Buchanan; third vice-president, James Gray; treasurer, John Ferguson; secretary, James C. Anderson; pipers, Sergt. MacDonald and others whom he may select.

Membership Committee—A. Fraser (chairman), Messrs. Munro, Armstrong, Prince, Gray, Campbell and others.

Relief Committee—W. B. Waugh, J. W. McCallum and others.

Collector—Mr. Kilgour.

Entertainment Committee — John Pringle and T. H. Purdom, with others to be added.

Auditors — Messrs. Sturrock and Campbell.

NOT ONE CHILD IS ILL

Health of Little Ones in the Home Is Good.

The lack of a quorum necessitated a postponement of the monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Protestant Orphans' Home, which was to have been held at the institution yesterday.

Sickness in the homes of several of the members prevented their attendance. In the home at present are 42 children, all in first-class health, and not a case of illness in the whole institution. The next meeting will be held the first Monday in March.

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ELEVENTH ANNUAL
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See Bargain Tables and North Window for Half-Price Articles.

Special Discount of 20% Off Everything in the Store

Extra Specials
Silver-Plated Knives and Forks in the Louis, rose and plain designs; sell regularly at $5.00. For $2.50

Spectacle Specials
Three dozen pairs Spectacles and Eyeglasses, gold-filled. Sell regularly for $3.00 and $3.50. Going at, pair $1.50

Diamonds at Half Price
$4.00 Genuine Diamond Baby Rings, mounted in 10k gold. Each.... $2.00
$10.00 Genuine Diamond Rings, mounted in 14k gold. Each..... $5.00
$75.00 Lady's Genuine Diamond Ring, Tiffany setting, weight .35.... $37.50
$80.00 Lady's Genuine Diamond Ring, Tiffany setting, weight .37.... $40.00
$110.00 Lady's Genuine Diamond Ring, Tiffany 14k setting, weight .53.... $55.00
$60.00 Three-Stone Diamond Rings, 14k setting $30.00
$80.00 Four-Stone Diamond Ring $40.00
$90.00 Four-Stone Diamond Ring $45.00
$160.00 Gent's Flat Belcher Ring, 14k setting, weight .75 ..... $80.00
$120.00 Lady's Marquise Diamond Ring $60.00
$250.00 Lady's Marquise Diamond Ring $125.00
$30.00 Lady's Onyx Pearl and Diamond Ring $15.00
$14.00 Lady's Belcher Diamond Ring, 14k gold $7.00
$5.00 Lady's Modified Tiffany Diamond Ring, 14k gold $2.50
$50.00 5-Stone Diamond Ring, platinum head $25.00
We will refund the money on any of the above Diamonds within one year of the date of purchase, or exchange for full value at any time.

Pearl and Ivory Handle Goods at Half Price
60c Pearl Handle Jam Spoons, Each 30c
75c Pearl and Ivory Handle Jam Spoons and Bread Forks. Each..40c
$3.50 Half-dozen Pearl-Handle Nut Picks $1.75
$5.50 Half-dozen Pearl-Handle Fruit Knives $2.75
$14.00 Half-dozen Large Pearl-Handle Forks, half-dozen $7.00
$20.00 One roll Half-dozen Knives and Forks, pearl handle $10.00
$15.00 (Four cases) Pearl-Handle, half-dozen Knives and Forks..... $7.50
$16.00 (One case) Pearl-Handle, half-dozen Knives and Forks..... $8.00
$28.00 Half-dozen Pearl-Handle Knives and Forks in case $14.00
$30.00 half-dozen Pearl-Handle Knives and Forks $15.00
$2.50 One 2-piece Game Carvers $1.25
(In Basement)

Specials in Cuff Links
One tray of Cuff Links going at just one-half the regular prices.

Pearl Rings at Half Price
$4.50 Ladies' 3-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $2.25
$6.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $3.00
$12.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $6.00
$15.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $7.50
$10.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Rings, 2 pearls, 1 reconstructed ruby $5.00
$10.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Rings, 1 pearl and 2 reconstructed rubies.... $5.00
$10.00 Ladies' 4-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $5.00
$11.00 Ladies' 4-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $5.50
$15.00 Ladies' 4-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $7.50
$12.00 Ladies' 5-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $6.00
$18.00 Ladies' 5-Stone Pearl Rings, in 14 settings. Each $9.00
$8.00 Ladies' 3-Stone Ring, reconstructed rubies. Each $4.00

Pearl-Handled Nail Files, Cuticle Knives, Corn Knives and Buttonhooks; regular $1.00. Special at, each 50c

Brass at Half Price
$2.75 Four-Piece Brass Smoking Set $1.40
$4.00 Four-Piece Copper Smoking Set $2.00
$1.50 Brass Fern Dish 75c
$2.00 Brass Fern Dish $1.00
$3.00 Brass Flower Basket $1.50
$4.50 Large Brass Tray, with handle $2.25
$3.00 Large Brass Tray, with handle $1.50
$2.00 Round Brass Tray, with handle $1.00
$2.00 Solid Brass Cuspidors, Each $1.00
$1.00 Round Brass Trays, Each.... 50c
$1.50 Round Brass Trays, Each.... 75c
$5.00 Large Copper Vase $2.50
(In Basement)

Silver Plated Goods at Half Price
$16.00 Large English Plated Tray $8.00
$7.00 Bread Tray, English plated $3.50
$25.00 Three-Piece Tea Set, English plated $12.50
$1.75 Silver English Plated Vases.. 90c
$2.00 Silver English Plated Vases $1.00
$3.50 Silver English Plated Card Trays $1.75
$3.75 Silver English Plated Egg Cruet $1.90
$1.25 Silver English Plated Butter Dish 65c
$2.50 Silver English Plated Butter Dish $1.25
$6.50 Five-Piece Cruet $3.25
$10 Soup Tureen, English plated $5.00
$1.00 Pierced Silver Bon-Bon..... 50c
$1.50 Pierced Silver Bon-Bon..... 75c
$2.00 Pierced Silver Bon-Bon..... $1.00

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DEATHS AND FUNERALS

FUNERAL OF GEO. DAWSON.

The funeral of George Dawson, who died on Friday last, was held on Saturday afternoon from the family residence, Glanworth, to the Glanworth Cemetery. Services were conducted by Rev. J. Thorne, rector of Glanworth Anglican Church.

The pallbearers were Richard Rose, R. T. Munro, Robert Millar, John Lock, James Flowers, Duncan McPherson.

FUNERAL OF E. W. HYMAN.

The funeral of Ellis Walton Hyman, nephew of C. S. Hyman, and only son of the late J. W. Hyman of this city, was held Monday from the undertaking parlors of John Ferguson's sons' to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. Dean Davis of St. James' Anglican Church conducted the services.

The death took place at Bridgeport, Conn., on Friday. He was 32 years old and lived here for some years, being connected with the London Electric Company. He was forced to go south because of his health.

His mother and one sister in New York survive him, as well as two sisters in England.

BURIED AT WOODLAND.

The funeral of Clarence Ivan Dufton, 3-year-old son of Charles Dufton, 101 Pipe Line road, was held from Victoria Hospital to Woodland Cemetery Monday.

The little boy died on Saturday from diphtheria.

BURIED AT LAMBETH.

The remains of William Arthur of Lambeth, whose death occurred on Friday last, were interred in Lambeth Cemetery on Sunday afternoon. Services were conducted at 3 o'clock by Rev. Messrs. Anderson, Rigsby and Mason. The pallbearers were George Routledge, J. Brooks, J. Poole, William Tye, G. Vandelinder and A. Sadler.

FUNERAL OF MRS. ROBINSON.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Robinson, widow of Richard Robinson, was held on Saturday afternoon last from the residence of her son, G. M. Robinson of Lambeth to Woodland Cemetery.

Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Messrs. Anderson, Rigsby and Tiffin. The pallbearers were Rev. Walter Rigsby, David Irwin, Wesley Woodhall, Andrew Routledge, Fred Thorncroft and Henry Mann.

DEATH OF VETERAN

Edward McKenzie Served in Northwest Rebellion and Fenian Raid.

Edward McKenzie, who was captain in "A" company of the Canadian Rifles during the Northwest Rebellion in 1885, died Monday at his home, 264 Talbot street. He was 69 years old and served as a soldier during the time of the Fenian Raid also.

He was well-known to Londoners, being for over thirty years a baggageman on the G.T.R. London, Huron & Bruce line. He belonged to Masonic Lodge No. 209S.

One sister, Miss Isabelle McKenzie of this city, survives him. The funeral will be held on Wednesday to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The services will be conducted by Rev. W. J. Knox of First Presbyterian Church.

DR. MORIN'S KIDNEY TONIC
A liquid remedy for all Kidney and Bladder Affections — $1.00 bottles for 49 cents, at
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We sell dependable coal, and give quality and service. A trial will convince you our coal will last longer, and we guarantee weight.
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186 KING—REAR. PHONE 5124