## Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

Canadiana.org has attempted to obtain the best copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below. Canadiana.org a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

	Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
	Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée		Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
	Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
	Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque		Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
	Coloured maps /		Pages detached / Pages détachées
	Cartes géographiques en couleur	$\checkmark$	Showthrough / Transparence
	Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
	Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur	[]	Includes supplementary materials /
	Bound with other material / Relié avec d'autres documents		Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
	Only edition available / Seule édition disponible		Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une
$\checkmark$	Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.		restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.

Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires:

 $\checkmark$ 

Continuous pagination.

# NONETARY IMES TRADE REVIEW. -INSURANCE CHRONICLE-





W. N. ANDRRSON. [General Manager.

Toronto, November 27th, 1874.

Agents in London, Eng .- Bank of Montreal. Agents in New York-Bell & Smithers

A. F. HINCKS, Cashier.



703

704

THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.



-4

Bankers in London-National Bank of Scotland.



4





707

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
The Leading Wholesale Trad of Toronto.	The Leading Wholesale Trade in Toronto.	The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. REMOVED.		
THOMSON and BURNS,	WALKER, EVANS & Co.,			
Shelf & Heavy Hardware, Crockery, China, Glassware,	Manufacturers, Importers and Whole- sale Dealers in	We beg to inform our cus omers and the Trade gene raily, that we have removed to our New Warehouse, 39 Front St. West		
AND DEALERS IN Canadian and American Vanufactures	BOOTS AND SHOES,	We have opened out this week and can show the con tents of		
HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL	No. 15 PHCENIX BLOCK,	410 Packages of New Autumn Goods. Each Department has a full assorted s ock. Merchant visiting the city are respectfully invited to call.		
IMPLEMENTS,	FRONT STREET WEST,	Back orders will now receive immediate attention. TERMS LIBERAL.		
10 & 12 Front Street West, Toronto.	TORONTO.	THOMAS WALLS & CO. 39 FRONT STREET WEST		
GRAY, RENNIE & CO 25 Front Street West, Torontc.	P. G. CLOSE & CO.,	DOBBIE & CARRIE 9 FRONT STREET WEST.		
FOR	WHOLESALE	Stock kept Constantly Assorted		
GENT'S FURNISHINGS, corsets & skirts.	GROCERS,	FRESH ARRIVALS		
General Small Wares,	TORONTO.	NEW GOODS.		
GRAY, RENNIE & Co.,	59, 61 and 63 Front St. East,	DOBBIE & CARRIE. TORONTO.		
An importer of jancy goods and jewellery	cost. The shipments from July 1st to date have	STAMP ACT A SUCCESSION		

An importer of jancy goods and jewellery in Montreal, Mr. James Lear, who was some little time in financial straits and resorted to auctioning his stock, made an assignment a fortnight since. His creditors are mostly in the old countries. As is not unusual, the condition of his affairs now is vastly worse than he thought or protessed at a recent date. Less than a year ago he called himself worth a surplus of £10.000; but now it is doubted if his assets reach that sum, while he owes a much larger amount.

#### Correspondence.

#### OIL MATTERS IN PETROLIA.

## (From our own Correspondent.)

PETROLIA, Dec. 22, 1874. During the entire year the oil business has been flat, and I am sorry to say that now at the end of it the prospect is no better. The producers have to suffer so long as the production exceeds the demand, and this it does to a considerable extent, owing to the low price of refined oil all over the world, making our export trade a dead letter. The consumption of Cana da, in crude, in round figures does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand barrels a year; whilst the production even at present must foot up to double that. Should oil be in demand, or should it rise in price so as to resuscitate export, more than forty old wells now shut down would be made available, and at the same time a great reaction would be had in production, or in other words, the putting down of new wells. The Refiners Association cannot improve the price of crude beyond the amount of oil required, so that more than half of the production has to remain in tanks. During this year Refiners cannot be said to have made money, and two of Cannot be said to nave made money, and two of the largest have had to succumb—Parsons & Co. (Carbon Oil Co.), and Englehart & Co.; the former going into insolvency, and the latter selling out at less than one-third the original cost. The shipments from July 181 to Gale been-Crude. 108 645 brls.; refined, 14,347 brls.. distillate, 1,050 brls. The shipments from Dec. 11 to 17th, both inclusive, are as follows: Crude, 4,375 brls; refined, 1,178 brls; distillate, none: crude is worth from 75 to 85c per brl. Refined at London-2 car load lots, 24c; small lots, 25 to 26c per gallon.

#### THE STAMP ACT, &c.

To the Editor of the Monetary Times. DEAR SIR, In common with similar bodies throughout the Dominion our Board of Trade has again unanimously condemned the Stamp Act, and instructed our representatives to urge upon the Government its repeal. That this measure was framed for the benefit of rogues and scoundrels no better evidence could be adduced than the proceedings in our Courts of Law since the Act came into force debtors to escape payment of their just obligations, pleading in the most unblushing manner, "no stamps," "insufficiency of stamps," or "not properly cancelled." And yet, in the face of these avowed evasions of the law, the Govern-f of in no single instance appears to have pro secuted an offender.

Surely, Mr. Editor, now that we have a Ministry of all the Virtues, we may look for the abolition of so irritating and obnoxious an impost-pray, again lift up your powerful pen in this much needed work of "Reform."

I have frequently noticed your complaints respecting the inaccuracies which constantly appear in the returns furnished by the banks. I think you will be somewhat surprised to learn that one of our local institutions never figures in these statements. If it be the law that all banks acting under charter furnish these returns why is such negligence permitted ?

I am afraid things are not as they should be in our "Audit Office." Again I may say we need more "Reform." Yours truly.

Halifax, December 15, 1874.

SUBSCRIBER.

#### STAMP ACT—A SUGGESTION.

#### To the Editor of the Monetary Times.

SIR,-Your remarks in last issue about bill stamps might have been much stronger than they were. In our business, having to deal more especially with farmers notes, we have continually brought home to us the annoyance and inconvenience of this petty, but harassing tax. Business men may understand what they have to do, and do it, although, even with them there is a perpetual omission, and consequent trouble; with farmers and small dealers, the difficulty of getting the right stamps affixed to notes, and cancelled is immensely increased. Nothing is more common, than the reply to the question "why did you not stamp your note?" "Oh we had no chance to get any nearer than the Post (ffice " (perhaps miles away,); country post offices in fact, are seldom supplied with

any certainty Surely the paltry amount realized by bill stamps, might be obtained in some mode less annoying.

If a petition asking for the abolition of the tax, were circulated, every business man, and every farmer in the rural districts at least, would sign it gladly. Cannot one be got up in Toronto, and copies sent through the country for signatures ? Supposing our legislatures require outside pressure to induce them to remove a prolific source of annoyance, and a clog on the wheels of business.

#### COUNTRY BANKER.

#### PECULATING BANK CLERKS.

#### To the Editor of the Monetary Times.

Referring to an article in a late issue of your paper with the above heading and its unfortunate subject, may I trouble you to make room for an extract from a novel by an eminent author in speaking of the poorly paid class referred to :

"Where men are forever handling heaps of money, it is prudent to fortify them doubly against temptation with self respect and a sufficient salary. It is one thing not to be led



to scratch that book there and who will know? Besides you can always put us back you know." Hundreds and thousands of men take a share in the country's public morality, legislate, build characters and live and die respectable, who would be jail-birds sooner or later if their sole income was the pay of a Banker's clerk, and their even and hands and souls rubbed daily against

eyes and hands and souls rubbed daily against hundred pound notes as his do. I tell you it is a temptation of forty-devil power. Bank directors do not seem to look at matters in this light or see that it costs more for living

in this light or see that it costs more for living now than it did twenty or even ten years ago. Yours truly, Z.

### THE LUMBER TRAD 3.

The annual circular of Messrs. J. B. Forsyth & Co., remarks as follows on the lumber and timber trade of Quebec during the past season.

The total supply of timber during the past season is about equal to that of 1873, the excess in Red Pine and Hardwood making up the deficiency caused by the short supply of White Pine, and the total export 20,649,040 cubic feet, against 16,701,500 in 1873. The export of Deals (Pine and Spruce) 1,613,568 standard more than last year.

The stock wintering (Square and White Pine excepted) is large, and although it may be unnecessary for us to recommend curtailment in the manufacture of Red Pine and Hardwoods, believing that very little will be produced this winter, still we think a word of caution at this season may not be amiss; and even in Square White Pine, looking at the stock here (light as it is) together with the supply in Great Britain, we see nothing to justify any expansion in the production this winter.

The export of Sawn Lumber to the United States continues to be under the average of past years, still it is very large and must increase owing to the depletion of the Pine Forests in the Timber producing States of the Union. We may also mention that the requirements of the Dominion for home consumption is beginning to be very sensibly felt, the quantity of i nmber consumed by some of our large cities being very great.

The trade with South America again shows a decline, and by the Annual Statement for which we are indebted to Messrs. W. M. Freer & Co., Montreal, the total shipments amount to seventeen millions of feet board measure, against twenty-five last year.

The stock of square timber wintering consists chiefly of good timber, with very little common and inferior wood. Rafts of large first class timber are also scarce, the cost and difficulty in procuring this description of Pine becoming more seriously felt every year.

Supply 1874, 7,363,547 square; 1874, 1,829,264 waney; 1873, 10,443,200 square; 1873, 3,966,137 waney.

-Amongst the acts of last session is one incorporating the Huron and Ontario Railway, with the following provisional directors : Sand ford Fleming, John C. Fitch, A. M. Smith, John Smith, W. D. Mathews, Samuel Nordheimer, John Fisken, Herman H. Cook, and David Blain. Power is taken to build a railway from some point on Lake Ontario to some point on Lake Huron.

MIDLAND RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Statement of Traffic Receipts, for the week ending Dec. 7, 1874:—Passengers, \$1,412.00; Freight, \$2,391.77; Mail and Express, \$240.08; Total \$4,043.85. Week ending, Dec. 7, 1873. \$3,552-92; Total Traffic to date, \$292,196.43; Year previous, \$306,682.43; Decrease \$14,486.00.

709

MIDLAND RAILWAY OF CANADA.—Stdtement, of traffic receipts for the week ending Dec. 14th, 1874:—Passengers, \$1,368 22; Freight \$1,976 59; Mail and Express, \$240 08; Total, \$3584, 89. Week ending December 14th, 1873 \$3,760 58; total traffic to date, \$295,781 32; year previous, \$310,443 01; decrease, \$14,661 69.

-On Sunday last a daring attempt was made to rob the Hochelaga Bank, on Francois Xavier St., in Montreal. The cracks around the safe door were stopped with putty, except at points where tin-tubing was inserted, connected with an air pump. The air inside the safe was exhausted and powder sucked in at the bottom by the vacuum created. The explosion by which they hoped to burst off the sate doors, cracked the walls of the building, burst out the windows and generally wrecked the place, but did not force open the safe, the bolts still held, and Edwards, the maker, was able to open it next day, when the contents were found intact. The attempt is believed to have been made by an American gang, whom the police are now after, with some slight clues.

—All Great Western passenger trains are now ferried across the Detroit River on the car ferry steamer to the Michigan Central dock in Detroit. The passenger ferry-boat has stopped running.

Bruce McMurrich & Co. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS MERCHANTS. SHIPMENTS REGEIVED WEEKLY. AND **STOCK IN ALL DEPARTMENTS** WELL ASSORTED. WARBHOUSE-34 Yonge Street, TORONTO. THE MONETARY TIMES. AND 1RADE REVIEW. TORONTO, CAN. FRIDAY DEC. 25, 1874

DECEMBER.

1874

**IMMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION** AGENTS.

No question has a more direct bearing upon the future prospects of this country than the increase of the population by immigration. Our national interests are of the nature of copartnery, every immigrant who comes shares at once in the responsibilities and privileges of the firm, and according to his character and capacity adds to or detracts from the strength of the organization. To adulterate the food of a people is a criminal injury to them. It is a worse one, however, to adulterate the population itself by introducing from without such as are unlikely to form a healthy productive part of it. The old saying that the corruption of the best produces the worst, receives a new significance and illustrative confirmation in the mischief wrought by injecting into a thriving young community any elements of weakness which have been engendered by the chronic social evils and poverty of the old world. We are led to make these remarks because it cannot be doubted that Canada has received injurious additions to her population, and it is doubtful whether the right measures are being taken to protect this country in the future from being overrun with those who have left their country for its good. There is too much reason to fear that the organization, devised and maintained at great cost to provide a population which would add to the nation's aggregate industry and thrift, has added somewhat materially to its laginess, and pauperism too. Complaints often reach us of the increase of able

)

bodied men asking alms, who when shamed into work quickly abandon it on the absurdest pretexts to continue the easy life of a wandering loafer or professional beggar. Our country friends report that more of those roving vagabonds are now seen in a week than formerly in a year ; that as they are helped, they increase ; and that the old experience is renewed here-the more almsgiving the more beggars, for pauperism grows with what it feeds upon. We are always crying out for new industries to develope our latent resources, but it is not a pleasant thing to contemplate that a new one, a very profitable one to those engaged in it, has been found-the trade of the "tramp."

But these are not the most mischievous class of bad immigrants, as they are controllable by law, and are comparatively few in proportion to those who, with a certain willingness to work, seem most unwilling to adapt their powers to the special requirements of our labor market. Numbers of the shiftless loafers who abound in the lower quarters of East London have been sent out: men always as ready for a day "off" as a day "on," who feel poverty no hardship, much less any shame, who work only to secure the joys of a pot-house, and are so accustomed to "wait upon Providence," in the worst sense of that phrase, that they never dream of making provision for the future by such application as will ensure permanence to that which the present provides. These men and their wretched wives and children have been so demoralized by the systematic and ingrained pauperism of the old country that they cannot live amongst They need tending like self-supporters. sheep. Their expatriation is a cruelty to them and a grevious wrong to the country on whose care they are cast. Philanthrophists at home need to learn that there is no atmospheric alchemy which can transmute the base metal of an English loafer into the gold of an industrious Canadian citizen by a mere change of country.

Some part of the evil of a bad class of immigrants arises from our having employed agents, without any regard to their fitness for that position. Their selection has depended, and still depends, chiefly on party exigencies. Some signal service has perhaps been rendered in an election contest which must be rewarded, and as it is inexpedient to have direct recourse to the public treasurv for the purpose, the same object is effected by the indirect means of an emigration appointment. The position of Emigration Agent calls for special shrewdness, tact, and soundness of judgment, and it is doing vital injury to the country to confer again; and get more than the whole of our

it upon political spouters and wire-pullers. It is not to be expected that such men will be guided by principle, or that they will display in a new sphere those qualities of prudence and judgment without which it is impossible to succeed. The principal point with such men is numbers, regardless of quality.

This whole service needs reform. We need agents who command the confidence of the country, and the confidence also of those whom it is desirable to bring amongst us. Such confidence can only spring from uprightness of character, business aptitude, knowledge of our needs, and acquaintance with the habits and capacities of the class we require; along with such tact as will generate in them faith, not merely in the statements of the agent, but in his genuine good will and desire to do them a service. A few men of the stamp of Mr. Taylor would help us more truly than a regiment of political hangers on, as one agricultural laborer who would follow his calling here would do the country more good, would add more to its wealth-creating power, than a ship-load of city loafers.

In the reports of the expenditure of Ontario for the first nine months of the year, we find that there has been charged a sum of \$74.162. This represents an expenditure for the year at the same ratio of nearly \$100,000. In the estimates for the coming year we find the following statements of amounts voted for 1874 :

For agencies in Europe	\$32,164
do. in Canada	20,000
Charges forwarding emigrants to	•
Ontario	25,000
Carriage in Ontario & maintenance	10,000
Reduction of passage money	45,000
Bonuses for 1874	25,000
Incidentals	1,300

#### \$158,464

Of this sum only \$100,000 appears to have been spent. The amount cannot be called large, and if the work were well done, it would even appear very small. The question is whether it is not too little; whether, in fact, the amount paid for salaries to agents is not altogether insufficient to get men who will do their work well. Those who have salaries to pay in mercantile life know by experience that one man may be dear at \$1,000 a year, and another cheap at \$2,000. It makes an immense difference to the future of Canada how this immigration business is managed. We may spend half a million over it in a given term of years, and by bad management do more harm than good. To introduce paupers and loafers is a dead loss. On the other hand, we may spend in another term of years, half as much

710

1874.

money back. Every man who settles down amongst us as a producer, especially if he settles upon land, is estimated to be worth a thousand dollars. There is doubtless some truth in this estimate, though, of course, the figures are only a rough guess. But it is equally true that to introduce men who are not producers, but are burdens on the community, is an absolute loss. Here then we see the vital importance of sending men to Europe who have intelligence and judgment, and the difference of a few thousands in salaries is nothing when we look at the difference of result between good emigrants and bad. One agent, in a single year, may lose to the country twenty thousand dollars or more; another, by good management, may gain twenty thousand. The difference of \$40,000 between one man's work and that of another does not admit of being tabulated in yearly accounts, for it takes time to develope, and it manifests itself in a thousand indistinct ways. But it is real; it exists beyond question, and time surely brings it about.

We do therefore press the question of selecting the right men. And such men cannot be got without two things. There must be a prospect of permanent employment, and there must be sufficient remuneration. Let us have done with the folly of sending mere political hacks on such all important service. It will not do. Neither let us give such mean salaries that only an inferior class of men can be at command. The service is about the most important we have. One really able man should be at the head of it in England. Others in subordinate positions both there and here need nothing more than a fair amount of business sense. But the English post is most important, and it ought to be far better filled than it has been. One good man there would almost ensure the whole business being well done; and if it were well done, the whole country would gain immensely and permanently.

#### THE PERMANENT BUILDING SO-CIETIES.

A Parliamentary blue-book containing miscellaneous statistics of Canada has just come to hand, and in it we find the returns made to the Government by the Permanent Building Societies; for 1873. This useful class of institutions has now become quite numerous as well as important, and contro a very considerable amount of capital, most of which is loaned out upon mortgages on real estate. There is also a portion of their stock and deposits invested in municipal debentures, in loans secured by collaterals, | est in the working of our financial instituand in other ways-the total amount of tions, will find the foregoing statement,

which, however, is under one million of dollars. The term "Building Society" is. so far as most of these institutions are concerned, a misnomer. Most of them are really Loan and Savings Societies, and the largest of them, the Canada Permanent Building Society, some time ago changed its name to that of the Canada Permanent Lean and Savings Company. This is more appropriate, and affords the public a better indication of the kind of business which these Societies transact.

The total amount of capital in the hands of these Societies up to the date of their returns-mostly the 31st of December, 1873 -was \$10,954,482. In 1872, the amount was \$9,225,437, and the previous year (1871) \$8,392,957. These figures manifest a steady growth-not greater, probably, than the general increase in the financial strength of the Dominion, but sufficiently rapid to indicate that capitalists regard these institutions favorably as means of investment. In order to set out the present position, as well as the progress of the Building Societies, during the last two years, we append the following statement of their total liabilities and assets as they were in 1871 and 1873 respectively :---

#### Liabilities.

	Liuviiiies.	
	1873.	1871.
Paid up s'ock	\$6,376,281 58	\$4.877.070 43
Deposits	2,869,381 51	2,399,135 94
Divid rds un-		
paid	171,264 21	137,861 92
Interest on de-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
posits	119.972 71	92,505 75
Miscel ane us B lance, profits	159,959 04	97,202 62
las year	340,660 85	188,194 48
Balance, profits	J4-1J	
previous years	916,962 26	600,986 74
Totals \$	10,954,482 16	\$8,392,957 88
	4 4 .	
	Assets.	
	1873.	1871.
Stockhldr's mort	•	
gages (cash value		<b>\$9,</b> 158,655 44
Other mortgage	8	
(cash value). Loans, with colla		233,603 74
terals (cash va		
lue)		167,464 12
Bank stocks	. 136.607 50	55,433 52
Municipal Deben	•	557755 5-
tures	. 73,908 20	124,042 53
Trustees Commo	n	
Schools		•••••
Cash in bans and hand		for
Real Estate		353,632 50 81,000 77
In arrear on more		51,000 77
gages		92,720 17
Fees and fines in		3-11-2-1
arrear		45,633 73
Miscellaneous	. 133,296 78	8 ,277 21
1		

Totals..... \$10,954,482 16 \$8,392,463 73 Those of our readers who take an inter-

which is in the main satisfactory, some points worthy of their scrutiny and attention. We can safely leave these to their experience, which will readily suggest the points of favorable and unfavorable contrast between the returns of the two years. Next week, if we can find space, we shall publish the full official returns.

The capital of the Societies, it will be observed, increased within a fraction of \$1,-500,000 between '71 and '73, and the deposits nearly \$500,000, or 331 per cent. of the new capital paid in. The balance of profits, as between the two years, rose from \$188,194 to \$340,660; it should be stated, however, that according to the returns this large augmentation took place between 1871 and '72, the balance of profits for that year being set down at \$341,225. This seems a large jump for a single twelve months, but such are the returns as printed. The balance of profits accumulated during previous years, were \$600,986 in 1871, and \$916,962 last year. Turning to the assets, it will be noticed that the investments on stockholder's mortgages have increased over \$2,000,000, besides over \$100,-000 each on other mortgages and loans secured by collaterals. The investments in Bank stocks more than doubled, the arrears in instalments on mortgages nearly doubled, and there was a marked increase in the amount of Real Estate held; this latter item rose from \$81,000 to \$332,362. Whether this rapid increase in Real Estate investment-the result of only two years' operations-was wise and prudent, can only be properly judged by knowing the special circumstances of each case; but at the first blush, it does not strike us favorably, and it is calculated to evoke criticism both on the part of shareholders and the public, who, as depositors, have an interest in these institutions. The Municipal Debentures held by the different Companies decreased by \$50,134, and the cash in the banks and in hand from \$353,632 to \$193,277. This latter fact may be taken to indicate a greater demand for money last year than in 1871.

We need scarcely say there is a great difference in the strength and standing of the different Building Societies, some having a large capital, and others being local and quite small institutions. Twenty-three Societies in all made returns to Government last year, and of these we observe that six commenced operations during 1870 and since. The relative position of these companies will be seen by the following table, which we have prepared, to show their capital, deposits, accumulated balance of profits, dividends, and total assets and liabili. ties at the close of last year :---

Total Assets.	83369,139 811,2794 811,2794 911,5704 911,5405 911,5405 1137,275 776,788 776,788 776,788 776,788 776,57877 776,578777 776,578777777777777777777777777777777777
Dividend.	00100 10000000000000000000000000000000
Accr'ed Profits.	<ul> <li>44,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>64,024</li> <li>66,359</li> <li>6,839</li> <li>6,69</li> <li>60,000</li> <li>13,336</li> <li>14,337</li> <li>14,337</li></ul>
Deposits.	<ul> <li>2,198</li> <li>2,198</li> <li>1177,425</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>869,317</li> <li>861,317</li> <li< td=""></li<></ul>
Paid up Stock.	2020,483 2020,483 2020,483 2020,000 500,000 500,000 11,460,692 2012,400 2012,400 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 63,016 78,132 2020,502 20
Name.	Quebec Permanent Building Society Moutreal Permanent Building Society Freelolde Building Society, Toronto Union Permanent B. & S. Society, Toronto Union Permanent B. & S. Society, Toronto Commercial Building Society, Toronto Canada Permanent B. & S. Society, Toronto Canada Permanent B. & S. Society, Toronto Canada Permanent B. & S. Society, Toronto Pervincial Permanent Building Society, Toronto Pervincial Permanent Building Society, Toronto Oxford Building & Savings Society, Toronto Pervincial Permanent Building Society, Toronto Ottawa Mutual Building Society, Ottawa Civil Savinge & Loan Association Ditavis & Loan Association Building & Loan Association Charle Suing & Loan Association Credit Fonsier, Montreal Building Society, Dondon Credit Fonsier, Montreal Building Society, Detawa Montreal Building Society, Detawa Metropolitan Building Society, Dutawa Metropolitan Building Society, Ottawa

The foregoing is not intended to be taken as an exhaustive statement of the affairs of the companies referred to, but the table will convey to the public some idea of the relative position and standing of the different institutions. That their total assets should now be \$10,954,482, shows their importance from a financial point of view, and the useful part they play in providing means for building and improvement purposes. At the time of Confederation (1867) their total assets were returned as \$4,388,743. This seems a small amount by the side of the returns for 1873, and attests the rapid manner in which their operations were expanded. There is no reason to doubt the future progress and prosperity of these Societies, for in a young and constantly improving country like Canada, there is a constant demand for money either to erect new buildings, improve lands, or carry on new and profitable enterprises of one kind or

another. Judging by the dividends, the stockholders generally have found their investments profitable, and in not a few localities subscriptions of stock for Building Societies are more readily obtained than for Banks or any other similar class of institutions.

Now that these companies have power to issue debentures, as provided by the recent Act of the Dominion Parliament, as well as take deposits, the interest of the general public in their affairs will be greatly increased; and they may fairly expect closer scrutiny of their respective positions and management. This will render more necessary than before the observance of the rules of prudence and of those sound principles of finance by which they ought to be controlled.

### FIRE INSURANCE CONDITIONS.

We observe from an amended Bill which had not reached us at the time of writing last week, that the Ontario Government have receded in a measure from the position assumed in the first place on the subject of fire insurance conditions. In order to place clearly before our readers in juxtaposition the legislation which Hon. Mr. Mowat's Government proposed, and that actually embodied in the Statutes, we give section 2 as in the Bill when first printed and as now amended :

"2. Any condition endorsed upon or affecting a policy of fire insurance hereafter entered into, which the court or judge before whom a question relating thereto is tried holds not to be just and reasonable, shall be null and void."

As amended this clause reads :

"2. A commission is to be issued by the Lieut. Governor addressed to three or more persons holding judicial office for the purpose of determining what conditions of a fire insurance policy are just, and the Commissioners may hear such parties interested as they shall think necessary, and a copy of the conditions approved of and signed by the Commissioners shall be deposited in the office of the Provincial Secretary, and in case after the Lieut. Governor by Proclamation has assented to the said conditions, any policy is entered into or renewed containing any condition other than or different from the conditions so previously approved of, and if the said condition is held by the Court before whom a question relating thereto is tried, to be not just such condition shall be void."

Several of the strongest objections to the measure in question are removed by the amendment of the 2nd clause as above. The companies will now know on what terms they may do business; and if these terms are not such as meet their approval any of them can, of course, close their agencies in Ontario, and confine their operations in Cananda to the other Provinces. It is not improbable that this may be one of the effects of this Act.

It is at least questionable if a commission of "three or more persons holding judicial "office, can be found who, in the absence of previously acquired special knowledge on this very special subject, will so far acquaint themselves with the experience of fire insurance companies 88 to be able to say with equity and truth what conditions are just -- just to the companies and to the insuring public. We venture to predict that if the commissioners are worthy of that responsible post and enter upon it with a desire to do right, they will find some difficulty in arriving at conclusions. Many times and oft has this question been discussed by insurance men, but always with the same result so far as we know-an entire want of harmony in their views. This arises not from any difference as to principles involved, but from the varied and often contrary lessons derived from diversified experience. Hence those who ought to know best admit the theoretical soundness of uniformity of conditions, but doubt the practicability of framing any stereotyped set which will do justice under ever-varying circumstances to all parties. Despite the difficulties of the case, such a set of conditions we are soon to have, for better or for worse ; unless, indeed, the wise action of receding from the untenable ground first taken by the Local Government on the question be followed by the still wiser step of letting the matter drop altogether.

This measure of the Ontario Government teaches us what we may expect in the way of insurance legislation by the various provinces; and points to the serious mistake made by the framers of our constitution in conferring upon the Provincial Legislatures the power to legislate upon the subject of insurance. Nothing is clearer to us than that, like banking, all insurance questions should have been reserved to the domain of the Dominion Parliament. When the other provinces have been aroused by the example of Ontario to the work of meddling with insurance interests, we shall doubtless have some startling statutes. Should the sister provinces each adopt the policy of shaping the conditions and dictating the terms on which alone business can be transacted, according to the notions or prejudices of the ministry of the day, the result will be anything else than beneficial to the community at large. The whole matter will become so entangled that business will be next to impossible.

#### BANKING REVIEW.

The complete prostration which has overtaken the grain trade in Montreal is the inevitable periodic trouble which comes to all forms of business in which there is an excess of the speculative element. This is not the first time this trade has suffered a similar collapse nor will it be the last so lon; as it is conducted on gambling principles. To the operators the sweeping away of the labour of years is, in some cases, a s rious blow but to many it seems to give a zest for and boldness in speculation. It is, however, to the banks that the lesson comes with its chief force, and they are. finding t at had the policy been pursued of resisting the prevalent mode of operating in grain, of stamping it out, that their profits would have been in the long run equal to those gained first and then lost by a less stringent policy. Here matters are better. The trade is generally conducted on a quiet steady commission basis, a gradual working up being aimed at rather than wealth at a bound or the alternative of ruin. The wheat crop, undoubtedly a heavy one, has scarcely moved yet, but will soon be getting forward now that winter is fairly setting in. Although this crop will be sold for low prices, still farmers have done well, as other produce, barley, peas, hay, etc., have ruled high, and dairy products and live stock are dear.

Lumber is closed for the season and thus has ended a poor, hard year. Much has been sold at less than cost, and prospects for next year are not bright. Though production in this district is likely to be lessened it is to be feared that in the Ottawa region it will again be heavy, perhaps even as This is a most undemuch as last year. sirable state of things. It is manifest that operations so extensive are not entered upon without large extensions of credit from the banks, and with such an experience as that of last year such credits would not be granted were there outlets for the money in such business as would be attended with the mere ordinary risks of banking. The inference is clear that the banks are overweighted with capitals in excess of the legitimate needs of the country, and the necessity of making some use of their funds to reach a dividend prevents managers discriminating with sufficient care and restraining as prudence dictates this persistent production of lumber when stocks are so heavy and prospects so dull. The timber trade of Quebec which is more depressed than it has been for some years is likely to improve. The demand for the English market is somewhat better; and it only needs a cessation of production to bring about a capitals on which heavy dividends have duty against Canada, nothing but an excessive

healthy state of trade for next year. And certainly producers have had severe les-The losses this year have swept sons. away the profits of many years of previous hard work.

The following is the last official return of the banks of Ontario and Quebec :---

Nov	. 30, '74.	Oct. 31, '74,
Capital authorized		65.866.666
Capital paid up		57,502.437
Circulation	26,837.931	29.086,128
Government deposits	16,141,125	15,795,120
Public deposits on de-		
mand	34.514,229	32,666,578
Public deposits at notice	28,526,336	27,635,880
Due other banks in Ca-		
nada	1,386,216	1,497,601
Due other banks not in		
Canada	9,615.590	9,010,300
Sundries	149,263	105.832

\$117,170,690 \$115,797,439

ĺ	As	sets.	
	Specie Dominion notes	7,639,532 9,356.247	7,128,938 8,840,746
	Notes and checks of other banks Due from other banks	5,184,415	5,247.338
	in Canada Due from other banks	3,238,526	3,431,405
	not in Canada	11,418,813	11,226.926
Į	Avai'able assets	36,837,533	35,875,423
	Government stock	1,186,594	1,174,427
	Loans to Government	1,919	49,375
į	Loans to Corporations	2,929,810	3,069.519
	Discounts	140,339,921	139,362,710
	Real estate	519,645	491,662
	Bank premises	2,611,448	2,584,349
	ther assets	1,565.404	1,501, <b>86</b> 4

#### \$185,892,374 \$184,109,329

The rapid shrinkage of the circulation by two and a quarter millions in one month, largely in excess of the change last fall, is a remarkable evidence of its elasticity as a currency, a feature which it has displayed increasingly for several years at this season. Discounts have, however, not lessened in the last month near y so much as usual. The decrease in trade discounts is only \$800,000. Last October they dropped \$2,-000,000, the apparent increase in the total sum of discounts in the return arises from a large increase in advances on bonds and bank stocks which have increased respectively \$1,300,000 and \$417,000, a further evidence of that plethora cf funds which has already been referred to. Such a plethora arises almost wholly from exceptional causes. Not only has money been withdrawn from New York, where it cannot be employed profitably but large loans have been negociated in England for various purposes in the Province of Quebec. The proceeds of these loans are lying in banks at interest, and there is of course a preference to employ the funds. Indeed one of the most serious features of the financial con-

been paid heretofore, which dividends it is almost impossible to maintain out of legitimate business, yet which cannot be reduced without serious loss of money to stockholders and of reputation to managers.

PROMISSORY Notes - Uncertainty IN AMOUNT FOR WHICH PAYABLE .--- It is quite clear that the sum for which a note is payable must be fixed and certain. If it is in any way subject to fluctuation, or if the precise amount to be paid at maturity is not definitely ascertained and specified when the instrument is made, it will not be a note but merely an agreement for the payment of money. Thus an instrument promising to pay \$1000 " with exchange not exceeding one half per cent." is not a promissory note, as the sum for which it is payable is rendered uncertain by the uncertainty of exchange, and if the instrument was drawn for the payment of \$1000 "with current rate of exchange on New York" the same rule would apply.

IMPERIAL BANK .- We learn that Mr. D. R Wilkie now Manager of the Toronto branch of the Ouebec Bank, has been appointed Cashier of the projected Imperial Bank, which will have its headquarters in Toronto. Mr. Wilkie is a young man and full of energy, and is possessed of a lengthened experience in banking matters. For five years he had charge of the branch of the Ouebec Bank at St. Catharines, and has filled his present post with efficiency for a considerable term.

#### THE TEA TRADE OF CANADA.

#### [COMMUNICATED.]

We feel that all our readers who take any interest in the mercantile progress of Canada, will regret to learn that any branch of its trade, instead of improving with the gradual advance. ment of the country, is, and has been for some time back, rapidly declining. That such is the case with the tea trade we are assured no one who is at all acquainted with it will for a moment doubt. It would be well, therefore, to inquire into the cause of this decline and endeavor to find a semedy.

The former it is by no means difficult to discover; and as the evil has certainly resulted from the unwise legislation of the present Government in abolishing the ten per cent differential duty against the United States, surely we are entitled to look to the same Government for some abatement of the injury done.

The Government will no doubt argue, and we admit correctly, that their action might become beneficial to the community in as far as it is taken in the interests of free trade, the complete introduction of which in every article of merchandise must reduce the cost of it to the consumer. But, while this view, and its adoption, would be hailed with pleasure and approval by the whole mercantile community, provided dition is the constant pressure of enormous the United States abolished their discriminating

degree of wanton blindness or political devotion to a principle, correct enough no doubt in the abstract, but, in the present state of affairs. disastrous to us in practice, can fail to see that the present tariff is a gross injustice to Cana dian tea merchants, inasmuch as it shuts them out entirely from the United States and makes business even in their own country difficult

C

Surely it is too much to expect that Canada. the smaller community should take the initiative; that to carry out, nay not even to carry out, a principle, but merely to endeavor to introduce one, we should throw our country open to the morchants of the States while they carefully exclude us from theirs. Were the present Government actuated by the principle of doing evil that good might come, we could understand it; but the action is supposed to be in the interest of the country at large as represented by the consumers of tea. Now the advantage to them ought to be considerable to make up for the injury to the trade of the country. But it is not. In this assertion we shall be confirmed by the opinion of not only the wholesale but also of the retail tea trade of the country; and even those who are unacquainted with either can easily see that where inducements to direct importations from China are withdrawn, and the merchants of Canada are thrown into New York for their supplies, the profit made by the American merchant, in his position as an intermediary between the place of growth and Canada, might as well be represented by a small discriminating duty against the States. Were this the case our tea trade need fear no decline, the consumer would pay little or nothing more for the article, and the Canadian mecrhant would reap the benefits now being reaped by the Americans.

Were our neighbors willing to take off their discriminating duty then by all means let matters rest as they are. Until then, however, the tea dealers of Canada have a right to ask Mr. Mackenzie, who is supposed to be the principal exponent of free trade principles in this country: Why the tea trade should be made a scape goat of when he must admit that no attempt could be successful to abolish protection on other articles until the Govenment of the Union by a reciprocity treaty, or some other course, express a willingness to put their coun try on an equal footing with ours?

The action of our Government in this matter shows a degree of generosity that might be commendable if shown by the strong to the weak, but being from the weak to the strong is not only ridiculous but unjust.

We protest against this, and trust that the importers and tea merchants of the Dominion will bestir themselves after the example of the sugar importers at the time when the present Finance Minister endeavored to introduce blundering tariff changes by which refined sugar importing as a business would have been greatly injured if not completely destroyed.

### Insurance.

FIRE RECORD .- Thornbury, Dec 21.- A fire broke out in Martin's cradle factory. Two other buildings, the property of H. D. Burritt, were also burned. There was \$300 insnrance on Martin's building, none on Burritt's. Loss ab ut \$1,500.

Goderich, Dec, 20.—The English Church caught fire in the basement. The damage done amounts to between \$300 and 500; fully insured in the Isolated Risk and Western.

Montreal, Dec. 19.—A fire was discover-ed in the Saw and Planing Mills belonging to Messrs. McGuavran and Tucker in Seigneur Street, near the Canal Bank. It spread with great rapidity through the building and soon communicated to the immense piles of lumber in the yard, which, with very great difficulty were extinguished, but not before damage to the extent of fully \$30,000 had been done. The Machinery which is a total loss is insured in the Royal for \$9,000, and in the London Corporation for \$6,000. The Lumber burnt is valued at \$2,000, covered by insurance in the Royal and British America.

## THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF FIRES AND FIRE INSURANCE.

Professor Bonamy Price, Oxford's Professor of Political Economy, last month laid before the New York Chamber of Commerce his peculiar views regarding the relations of banking to financial panics. According to Pro-fessor P., the true definition of a bank is an institution for the transfer of debts and credits, The business done is a brokerage in purchasing power. It is commonly supposed that banks deal in money. Not at all. An analysis of their transactions shows that only about three per cent, involve any actual transfer of money whether in the shape of coin or its paper representative. For the rest, they loan on comchasing power to D, E, and F. The most characteristic feature of modern trade is that the traders do not furnish their gwn capital, but conduct their business on the capital of others. Goods are bought and sold, not for cash, but for promises to pay, and the pro-mises in turn can only fulfil their functions through the agency of banks applying the credits of others to their discount. Panics result when discounts are refused, and discounts are refused when buyers have drained the banking credits and sellers have not restored the balance, in other words, when purchases have been abundant and sales meagre. So long as the loans are made to traders and producers who, in turn, make ready sales and quick returns of the borrowed credit, panics do not arise. But when the loans are made on permament investments, whose returns cannot be looked for in years, a crisis will in-evitably follow, should the loans infringe on the excess of capital available for this purpose. Crises almost always come from the destruction of property that cannot be replaced. The panic of 1873 was the result of excessive railroad investments that will not replace their outlay in fifty years, and by the same rule the reaction of the last few years may be traced to excessive investments in permanent improvements of all kinds that have failed to be quickly remunerative.

These views of Professor Price concerning banking have a certain applicability to insur-ance. The insurer, no less than the banker, does a broker's business, and loans the collective credit of the policy holders, as a secu-

fit of the brokerage. Whatever the supposed pecuuiary advantages of a State in domestic rather than foreign insurance must of necessity be confined simply to the brokerage. Whatever resources are abstracted on any fair distribution of losses must be confined to this single item. The real drainage of an agency office, located in this or any other city, is measured by the profits and home office expenses. The last item must again be discounted by the necessary cost of maintaining an office staff and office outlay in any locality, and little else is left of this dreadful tax that has rung the changes of so many unfriendly and retaliatory laws than the bare profits of the business, profits of less than two per cent, on the limited capital employed and distributed throughout the country. One has but to balance against this paltry sum the gains of trade from a protection which only foreign capital can give, and the gains from capital at home left free for more lucrative purposes, to see the senselessness of the cry over drainage of money by insurancs.

Trade, of whatever kind, as remarked by Professor Price, rests on a transfer of credits. Money simply restores the balances. The funds collected at a distant agency are not boxed up and expressed to the central office. The funds are deposited in bank and the credit system does the rest, without, perhaps, the transfer of a dollar in cash.

The economic influence of fires on the country at large, too, presents a peculiar phase in the light of the observations made by the celebrated Oxford Professor. Property destroyed by fire is not simply the annihilation of so much material wealth. This of itself need not interfere with the successful progress of a nation's industry. The destruction of Chicago, great as it was, was but a local disaster, and to rebuild Chicago was drawn from active in-dustries, and sunk where it could make no other returns than the burned up capital which it replaced. Far more serious in its ultimate influence on the depression of industry must be such a wholesale absorption of credits than their ordinary diversion to channels where the returns were simply sluggish or delayed. The loss entailed on the underwriter by conflagrations, no less than that entailed on the private citizen, becomes a loss to the nation through the credits withdrawn from active industries. Insurance Monitor.

#### Commercial.

#### MONTREAL MARKET.

#### From our own Reporter.

MONTREAL, Dec. 22th, 1874.

Business continues in much the same inactive state as reported last week, and no improvement need be looked for now till after the holiday season is over. The retail trade has been brisk in all its branches, and is reported as being fully up to the average for this season of the year.

The weather since Friday has been very cold, and a good deal of snow has fallen since this day week, making excellent winter roads, all that is wanted now to have the markets well supplied for Christmas is the "Ice Bridge," which will soon be formed if the present severe weather continues, the water in the river has now risen over the wharves, and a night or two with the prevailing low temperature, will complete the work of forming the Bridge.

ASHES .- Pots. - There has been a fairly active demand this week for firsts, but receipts have been light; prices have ruled very steady at rity or guaranty of protection to each indi-vidual. The profits of insurance are the pro-about 2½ c over our outside quotations, towards \$6.021 to 6.05, some very choice tares bringing

the close of the market, however, prices gave way, and sales of firsts were made at \$5 90 to 5.94: for seconds about \$5.00 was paid, and thirds at \$4.00 with very few offering. Penrls.the amount of business reported was small, prices being steady at \$6.92, no inferior offering. The stocks at present in the Inspection stores are Pots 284 brls; Pearls 917 brls.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- The cold weather has caused some little movement in warm winter goods, but beyond this there is nothing doing. prices are unchanged. We quote Mens stoga boots \$2.25 to 2.50; do Kip do \$2.75 to 3.25; do **French** calf \$3.50 to 3.75; Boys stoga boots \$1.75 to 2.00; do Kip do \$2.00 to 2.25; Womens split boots goc to \$1.10; do Buff do \$1.15 to 1.25; do probled with the second state of th do pebbled grain bals. \$1.20 to 1.50; Misses heavy split boots 75 to g ic; do Buff do goc to \$1.00; do pebbled grain bals \$1.00 to 1.25.

CATTLE .- Market well supplied for Christmas which found ready sale. Extra 6.00 to 6.76 ; No. 1 \$5.00 to 6.00; No. 2 \$4.85. heep were in fair supply. Extra \$6.00 to 10.00; common \$4.00 to 6.00 Very few live hogs in market; slaughtered sell from \$8.50 to 9.00

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- Business has been almost at a standstill and values show very little change tending however downward Bi Carb is still quoted at \$5.25 to 5.50 but for round lots perhaps a shade less would be accepted. Sal Soda has been moved at \$1.80 to 1.85 Salthetre \$8 to 8.50: Soda Ash is easier and difficult to move at 21c; Alum 21c to 23; Owing to the smallness of stocks Bleaching Powder is firm holders asking from 3 to 31c; Brimstone is easier and procurable at \$2.75; Cream Tartar Crystals \$2.75.

DRY GOODS,—Taking Stock seems to be the order of the day with wholesale Houses, little or nothing doing just now. Fancy Goods for Christimas meet with some demand from the City trade but staple goods are not enquired for and the season for Fancy Dry Goods is over. Clothing is dull for the present but prospects for the spring trade are satisfactory. Remittances are improving.

FURS .-- Complaints are made of the smallness of the imports of skins all offering are readily taking up at our quotations, and Dark otter if offered would command a high price. We continue to quote; Beaver, \$1.50 to 1.75; Black Bear \$6 to 10, according to size; Fisher, \$5 to 7 Silver Fox \$25 to 50; Cross Fox \$2 to 5; Red Fox \$1.25 to 1.50; Lynx \$1.50 to 1.75; Dark Labrador Martin \$7 to 8; Pale Martin \$1.25 to 1.75; Prime Dark Mink \$3 to 3.50, out-side quotation for very choice; Dark Mink, 2nd, \$1.50 to 2.00; Fine Dark Otter \$8 to 10; Fall Muskrat 12 to 15c; Winter do 17 to 20c; Spring do 23 to 27c; Racoon 25 to 50c; Skunk 20 to 30c.

FISH .- Market this week has ruled quiet but steady. Labrador Herring's are in fair supply steady. Labrador Herring's are in fair supply and sales are reported at from \$6.25 to 6.50; Dry Cod \$4.75 to 5 00; Green Cod is firm and held at \$7.50 for No. 1 and \$7.00 for No. 2; Salmon No. 2 \$15.50; No. 3 \$14 Mackeral No. 1 \$13; No. 2 \$10 and No. 3 \$8.50. FREIGHTS.—The business doing on this side

in freights to Liverpool via Portland is almost nil, engagements being chiefly made in Liverpool. The present rates are for Heavy Grain 7/6 to 8/6; Pot Ash 50/; Pearl 60/; Pork 7/; Butter and Cheese 65/ per gross ton.

FLOUR.-Receipts for the past week 13,424 brls.; total receipts from 1st January to date 1,047,159 brls.; being a decrease of 24,619 brls. on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1873. The only demand existing just now, is for the supply of local war ts, the only buyers being the city dealers. The want of demand, being the city dealers. The want of demand, and and the accumulating stocks which we recorded last week are keeping down prices, and quota-last week are keeping down prices, and quota-tions, owing to the smallness of transactions, are little better than nominal. The market merlee, \$35.50 to 36.50. Bars per 100 lbs., ruled quiet but steady. Sale of Inspected Mess

to-day closes inactive :-- Superior extra \$5.20 to 5 30; extra superfine \$4.85 to 4.95.; fancy \$4.70 to 4.75; spring extra \$4.40 to 4.50; superfine \$4.10 to 4.20; strong bakers flour \$4.75 to 5.10; fine \$3.80 to 4.85; middli gs \$3 50 to 3.65; pollards \$3.00 3.25; U. C. bag flour \$2.25 to 2.35; oatmeal is quiet and easier \$5.15 to 5.25; cornmeal \$4.00.

GRAIN .- Wheat .- Receipts this week by rail were only 400 bushels; the total receipts by Canal and Rail from 1st January to date were 7 659,691 bush., being a decrease of 1,523,393 bush. on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1873. There are no transactions transpiring on which to base quotations, consethey are entirely nominal. Maize market iquiet with small sales ex store at 821c; Peas market quiet at \$1.011 to 1.02 per 66 lbs; Oats dull with downward tendency, latest sales were made at 41 to 42c; Barley is rather lower than last quoted 95c to \$1.00 being the ruling price. Pot Barley unchanged.

GROCERIES.-Teas.-The market is if anything a shade firmer, and a fair j bbing business has been done, which would have been much larger had the stock of medium grades been as full as desired. Kinds from 35 to 40c would meet with ready sale if in the market, and likely command higher prices. Black and green tea are unchanged, and are difficult to move. Coffee .- Stocks are now sufficient for all wants, but the demand just now is very limited, and no improvement looked for till after the New Year. Java 25 to 26c; Maracaibo steady at 23 to 24c; Rio is limited supply procurable at 21 to 23c; Singapore 22 to 24c. Sugar.-There has been a moderately active demand this week, but prices are a shade easier. Yellow is in better supply and considerable transactions are reported at from 81 to 91c; Canada refined is in demand at our late quotations. Some few small sales of Raw are reported at 81 to 83c. Molasses. -Stocks are very light, and holders are asking prices which buyers will not accede to, con sequently the business done has been trifling. Muscovado 45 to 47c; Trinidad 48c; Porto Rico 50c; Sugar house 40c. Syrups .-- There is a fair demand at the decline noted last week. Spices -The market is quiet, but prices are a shade firmer in sympathy with the English markets. Cloves have been selling to some extent at 48c, the range being 47 to 56c; Nutmegs 95c to 31.10; Black Pepper 17 to 18c; White Pepper 26 to 29; Cassia 20 to 221c; Pimento 81 to 91c. Rice .-In moderate demand at \$4.20 to 4.50 according to sample. Fruit.—We have had a rather quiet market, but prices generally remain firm. Layer raisins small sales at \$2.90 to 3.00; Valencias in considerable lots changed hands at  $9\frac{1}{2}$  to  $9\frac{1}{2}c$ , closing firm at outside quotation; Seedless  $10\frac{1}{2}$ ; Currants 5<sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub> to 6<sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c; Figs 15 to 16c; Tarragona Almonds 15 to 16c; Filberts 11 to 12c; Walnuts 8 to oc.

HIDES AND PELTS .- There is about the usual demand for both hides and pelts the latter being firm at quotations with advancing tendency. We quote No. I inspected hides \$8 to 8 25; No. \$7 to 7 25; No. 3 \$6 to 6.25; Sheepskins and Lambskins \$1.25 to 1.50.

HARDWARE .--- In the absence of any large transactions, prices of heavy gouds are nomiransactions, prices of neavy goods are normanal, nor do we look for any revival of trade until after the holidays. Stocks are low, more especially in Tin plates, Canada plates, and sheet zinc. Most houses are getting well through stock-taking and find no more goods on hand than will be required for the winter trade, which, it is expected, will be fair notwithstanding the cry of hard times which is at present so common both in town and country. Remitt-ances are improving though not by any means satisfactory. We quote ---Pig Iron

Scotch and Staffordshire, \$2.75 to 3.00; best ditto, \$3.00 to 3 20, Swedes and Norway, \$5.50 to 6.50; Lowmoor and Bowling, \$7.00 to 7.50. Canada Plates per box-Glamorgan and Budd, Canada Flates per DOX-Giamorgan and Duco, \$5.50 to 5.60; Arrow, \$5.75 to 6.00; Garth, \$5.50 to 5.75; Hatton \$5.25 to 5.50. Tin Plate per box-Charcoal IC, \$10.50 to 10.75; ditto, IX, \$12.50 to 13.00; DC, \$5.50 to 10.00: Coke IC, \$8.50 to 9.00; 14 x 20, 25c extra. Tinned sheets Charcoal best No. 26 15c. Boiler Plates ordinary brands per 100 lbs. \$3.75 to 4.00. Best brands \$4 00 to 4.25; Galvanized sheets best brands No. 28, 101c. Hoops and Bands brands No. 28, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ C. Hoops and Banas oer 100 lbs., \$3.25 to 3.50; Sheets best brands, \$3.75 to 4.00; Pressed Nails per 100 lbs, \$3.25 to 5.50; Cut Nails 12d to 7 in., 3 75; ditto, 5d to 10d, \$4.00; ditto,  $2\frac{1}{2}d$  to 4d. \$4.50. 2 D Lath, \$5.25. Lead—Pig, \$6.50 to 6.75; do sheets, \$6.50 to 6.75; do Bar, \$6.50 to 6.75, Steel cast, 13 to 14c; Spring \$5.00 to 5.50; best ditto, warranted, \$6 to 6 50; Tire ditto, \$4.75 to 5 Shee \$4.50 to 5.00; Ingot Tin, 25 to 5. Sleigh Shoe \$4.50 to 5.00; Ingot Tin, 25 to 26c; Ingot Copper, \$22.00 to 0. Have share \$5.50 to 5.75. Proved Coil Chain, \$ in., \$7.00 to 7.25. Iron wire 6 per bdl \$2.70 to 2.90; Window Glass, per 50 feet, 4th quality, to 25 added inches \$2.50 to 2,60; to 40 added inches \$2.70 to 2.80; to 50 added inches \$3.00 to 3.10.

LEATHER-The demand continues to be moderate. Manufacturers purchasing only for immediate wants. Receipts are liberal, and assortments pretty complete. The prospects are favourable for a good inquiry after the holidays at present quotations, which are firm and unchanged. We quote Hemlock Spanish sole No. I B. A. 26c; do No. 2 23 to 24c; Buffalo sole No. I 22 to 23c; do. No. 2 19 to 21c; Hemlock slaughter 27 to 30c; waxed upper light and medium 38 to 42c; ditto heavy 35 to 38c; grained upper 37 to 40c; splits large 26 to 32c; ditto small 18 to 25c; Calfskins 27 to 36 lbs, 60 to 75c; ditto 18 to 26 lbs 50 to 65c; sheepskin linings 30 to 39c; harness 27 to 31<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c; buffed cow 14 to 17c per ft.; enamelled cow 18 to 19c; patent cow 191 to 20c; pebbled cow 14 to 17c; rough leather 27 to 281.

LIOUORS .- Brandy-We hear of no large transactions, but there has been a fair jobbing demand. We hear of sales in wood from \$2.55 to 3.10 as to brand. Cases run from \$8.25 to 9.50. Gin-A fair demand from the retail trade sales of DeKuypers in wood at \$1.70 to 1.72; Red Cases \$7.50; Green Cases \$4.00 to 4.10; Howmans in very light demand at \$1.65 in wood, and \$7.00 to 7.121 in Red Cases; \$3.75 in Green Cases. Rum—Is in better demand, Jamaca selling at \$2.45 for 16 op. High-vines-A good business doing at \$1.75 DP.

NAVAL STORES .- For the present we do not give quotations, business for the season is over.

OILS .- Although there is no activity in this market, it is characteaized by a good deal of firmness, and Cod Oil is quoted rather higher than last week 65 to 674 being now the prices offered. Steam refined seal in small supply, quoted at 67<sup>‡</sup> to 72<sup>‡</sup>c with sales reported at our inside quotatious. Boiled Linseed oil 70 to 73c, but very little doing. Raw ditto 66 to 70c; Olive Oil \$1.00; Petroleum is now in good de-mand, and car lots have been changing hands at 28 to 29c; single barrel lots are placed at 30 to 31C.

PROVISIONS .- Butter .- Receipts during the week 629 Kegs, and shipments 203 kegs ; not much doing in shipping parcels, but for choice lots for city consumption the demand is good, we quote store packed western 23 to 24; dairy ditto 24 to 25; townships butter 26 to 28 c. Cheese.—There have been neither receipts nor shipments this week; and the demand has been reported at \$2300 to 23.50; Thin mess \$21.00; Lard quiet at  $15\frac{1}{2}$  to 16c; Tallow  $7\frac{1}{2}$  to 8c. SALT.-We have no movement of any conse-

quence to report. Coarse is steady at 90; fine continues n minal at 75c; and factory filled \$1.40 to 1.50.

WOOL .- In canadian wools there has been no business doing, quotations are nominal and unchanged. Some small sales of Greasy Cape were made on p. t. and Greasy Australian at 30c.

#### TORONTO MARKET.

## TORCNTO, December, 24, 1874.

Trude has continued to be quiet since our last in nearly all the wholesale lines. Produce has been inactive and prices have been weak. Buyers have been few, and these few have been asking concessions which holders have general. ly refused to grant. Stocks of wheat are now very light, having decreased considerably since our last and amount to less than one-fourth of those held last year. Provisions have shown a slight improvement in consequence of Unristmas purchases being made. Groceries have continued to be very quiet and imported goods in much the same condition as at our last.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- There has been but little change in the situation since our last; but little has been done in sorting-up as is usual at this sea on. Travellers are out with spring goods and sending in orders, though not to any great extent. Prices are unchanged.

COAL-Remains in fair demand and steady at former prices

CATTLE-Beeves -- The market has been quiet as butchers are well stocked and receipts have declined somewhat. There was no movement in Christmas cattle but average first-class were in good demand and all offering taken at \$4,75 to 5.00. Second class were quiet and easy at \$4 to 4.25; and third-class neglected with none bringing over \$1.25. Sheep—Have been scarce but with probably as many offering as were wanted. First class are firm at \$5.50 to 6.00 and second-class quiet at \$4 to \$4.75; thirdclass are not wanted nor would they bring over Lambs-Continue to be in good \$3 to 3.50. demand at firm prices. All the first class avail able sell readily at \$4 to 4.50. Second-class are unchanged at \$3.25 to 3.75 and third class inactive and not wanted, but if pressed might bring \$2.50 to 2.75. Calves-Have been almost nominal; but were first-class dressing, not less than 120 lbs., to be had they would sell at \$10 to 12.00 and second-class dressing not less than 75 lbs. would bring \$5.00 to 7.00. Third-class are not wanted. Hogs-Store hogs have been choice quality \$5 75 was paid DRUGS—Have been quiet at unchanged prices.

FLOUR.-Stocks in store on the 21st inst., 7,946 bls., against 7,361 on the corresponding date of last year, and 6,101 last week. The market has been very quiet with little offered, but that little fully equal to the demand, and prices easier. Superior extra and extra have been neglected; for the former \$5 was bid and refused on Tuesday, and the latter sold on the same day at equal to \$4.321 here, being the only sale reported all week. Fancy sold last week at \$4.25 f.o.b. Spring extra changed hands at \$4.10 f.o.b., and equal to that price here last week; but went off at \$4.05 f.o.b., on Tuesday. Superfine has been inactive, but could have found buyers during the last couple of days at \$3.75. The market yesterday closed quiet but w3.75. The market yester as y closed quiet but more steady with sales of spring extra at \$4.05 f.o.b. Oatmeal.—There was a car sold on Tuesday at equal to \$5 here; small lots are down to \$5.25 to 5.50. Bran.—Has been scarce and firm; there was a car sold last week at \$16 bagged and delivered, the equivalent of which would probably still be paid. •

FREIGHTS .- Grand Trunk winter rates on flour from Toronto have been reduced to 40c to Montreal; 65c to Point Levis: 8oc to Portland; 95c to Halifax; goc to St. John, and 85c to Boston. Grain per cental one-half of the above rates. Through rates to England-Flour to Liverpool per Allan line 6s. 3d. stg. per barrel ; wheat 128. 6d. stg. per quarter; boxed meats and lard 80s.; butter and cheese 95s. per ton of 2,240 lbs. Flour to Glasgow via New York \$1.78 per brl., boxed meats and lard 93c per cental; and cheese \$1.15 per cental.

GRAIN.-Stocks in store on the 21st inst., were as follows: Wheat 27.969 bush; barley 66,714 bush; oats 1,415, and peas 16,620 bush : against 153,933 bush of wheat ; 5,725 bush of oats 32,605 bush of barley and 17,640 bush of peas on the corresponding date of last year. Wheat-The demand has been less active than in the preceeding week and buyers have been asking consessions on spring. **There** were sales last week of car-lots of No. 1 spring at 97c f. o. b. of a round lot of No. No. 2 fall. No. I treadwell and No. I spring at 97c f.o.b. all round, and of a lot of 4000 bushels of spring to arrive, half No. 1 and half No. 2, at ozc on t ack. This week the market has been quiet; a car of No 1 spring sold on Tuesdav at 94c in store. The market vesterday closed quiet but steady with a sale of No. 2 at 96 in store, and buyers of round lots of that grade at 98c f.o.c. and of spring at 95c. Street prices 98c to \$r for fall : 95c for treadwell, and 93c for spring Oats .- Have been quiet and easier; car lotsold last week at 43c on the track, but on Monday, sales were made at 42c, and yesterday a car sold at 42<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c on the track. Street prices 42 to 43c. Barley.—There has been scarcely any movement all week as buyers and sellers have been apart in their views. Last week \$1.13 would have been paid for No. 1, and \$1.10 to 1.11 for No. 2., but at present no more could be had than \$1.09 for No. 2 and \$1.12 for No. 1 f.o.c. On the street, prices have been steady at \$1.12 to 1.14. Peas.—Were in active demand during the latter part of last week, when sales of No. 1 were made at 83c, and in one case at 831c f,o.c. On Monday, however, a car sold at 82c f o.c., and on Tuesday the fall in England rendered the market weak. There was no movement reported yesterday, and Ro more than 80 to 82c would have been paid. Street receipts for the week were about 8000 bushels; prices closed yesterday at 79 to 81c. Rye-Is worth 70c on the street; nothing doing in round lots. Corn—There was a car sold on Friday at 72c on on track.

GROCERIES .- Coffee-The demand has shown some improvement; there were sales of small lots at 30c for Java and 271 to 28c for Ceyl n Rio is now to be had at 20 to 22c. Fish-There have been large sales of white-fish at \$4.15 and of trout at \$3.90; stocks of both are very small Labrador Herrings have sold at \$6 62 in round lots, and up to \$7.00 for small lots. Cod is unchanged at \$5.25 to 5.50. Fruit-The movement has been small. New buyers to arrivhave sold at \$2.80, but small lots here bring \$3.00; nothing doing in old. Valencias have been quiet and weak; lots of 50 to 100 boxes have sold at 91c, but round lots could be had lower. Sultanas have been weak at 15c, and seedless firm at 103c Currants have been very quiet ; small lots sold at 61c. Prunes have been active with sales at 8c per lb., for 100 barrels and  $8\frac{1}{2}$  to gc, for small lots. Nuts have solv freelv at rol for filberts,  $8\frac{1}{2}$  to gc for walnuts, and i6c for almonds. Liquors—Brandy seems to be weak; a lot of Hennessy's sold at  $\frac{8}{2}$ . I2. but other sorts are unchanged. Rice-Remains quiet and unchanged at \$4.40 to 4.75, the latter tor small lots of choice quality. *Spices*—No alteration in prices is reported, but the move-ment is small. *Sugar*—There is neither much

lots. The chief movement has been in small parcels of Demerara and Montreal refined, both of which are about a quarter cent easier; the former selling at 91 to 92c, and the latter at 9 to 10c. Dry crushed and ground have sold at  $o_{\frac{1}{2}}$  to  $1o_{\frac{5}{2}}$ c for small lots. Syrups—Are in fair demand for the Country in consequence of the high price of butter; prices are steady, but unchanged. Teas-Low grade Young Hysons are scarce and firm with sales at 281 to 35c in lines, but the finer qualities are weak and neglected. Some lines of Twankay sold at 25c. Japans are firmer; firsts sold at 55 to 6oc; seconds at 48 to 53c. Blacks are steady with sales of Congous at 32 to 39c for thirds; 50 to 55c for seconds and 65 to 70c for choice. The week closes with an improved feeling in consequence of the firmness in New York. Tobacco-Has been quiet as high prices are beginning to check the demand. The feeling, however, is firm and sales of solace have been made at 33c in bond and 53c free.

HARDWARE-Trade is quiet and as stocktaking is going on generally dealers are not pressing sales ; a quiet market is expected during the rest of the year. Lead-Is very scarce and firm ; sheet is quoted at an advance of 25c per cental. Tin Plates-Are quiet but selling fairly well for the season; cable advices report a rise of 3/0 per box in England but the advance has not yet been followed here. Canada plates are unchanged. Galvanized Iron-Is in im-proved supply. Zinc-Is very scarce and prices are very fi m, as in glass also, but no change is yet reported.

HIDES AND SKINS-Hides-Green have continued to be plentiful and to sell at former prices ; rather more enquiry has been heard for cured ; one car sold at 81c and one of selected at 8<sup>3</sup>c. Calfskins-Remain purely nominal. herpskins-Have been very abundant all week; for choice Christmas skins as high as \$1.75 has been pai, but for the usual range of first-class \$1.40 remains the top price.

Hops-There seems to have been rather more enquiry since our last than in the preceding week. Holders are very firm and prices seem to be hardening. Small lots have sold at toc and for single bales 45c is said to have been paid; round lots however could probably be bought at 38c.

LEATHER—Trade is very quiet and no im-provement is expected until after New Year's day. There is nothing doing with cutters and stock-taking checks sales. Prices are in all cases unchanged. Harness and upper are in fair demand. Russets—Are accumulating and seem to be weak. Slaughter Sole—Is quiet and weak.

PETROLEUM-There has been no change in prices which stand at 24c for car-lots at Lonion and 251c here and small lots at 26 to 27c. A fair trade is being done at these quotations which are expected to remain unaltered for some time.

PROVISIONS.-Butter.-Receipts have been large and stocks are increasing; buyers and sellers of shipping lots are apart; some few lots have changed hands at 21 to 22c, but for choice another cent would be paid, and for choice dairy 24 to 25c. Rolls are offering very freely, and selling usually at 22 to 24c, the later for choice only; inferior have sold as low as 181c. Cheese.—Remains unchanged but steady at 14 to 141c. Eggs.—The supply has been large, but as there is a good demand at this season all have gone off at prices ranging from

Pork.-Is quiet, and prices rather unsettled with small sales at \$21.50 to 22.50. Bacon.-Has continued quiet at unchanged prices; round lots of Cumberland might be had it roc, but small lots bring rol to II. Hams. -Are selling quietly at 13 to 131c for smoked in small lots, but round lots could probably be offered nor much wanted ; nothing doing in had lower. Lard.-Is still in good demand ;

lots of tinnets are selling at 141c and small lots at 15c, but buyers are trying to force concessions. Hogs.—Have been active but rather easier in price. Car lots have sold at \$8.05 to 8.20, but packers now seem determined not to pay over \$8. Dried Apples.—Are quiet but firm at 81 to 81 c for small lots.

SALT.-There is not much doing in Liverpool; some small lots of course have sold at \$1.50, and round lots are offered at \$1.40. Goderich remains quiet and unchanged at for mer prices.

WOOL.—The market has been very quiet with little offering and but little wanted. The only movement reported is the sale of about 1,000 lbs. of super at 31c.

DECREASE IN THE PRODUCTION OF PIG-IRON -Representatives of the pig-iron trade held a meeting in Philadelphia on Dec. 10, when the following agreement was adopted: "That we will severally decrease the production at our respective works to a quantity not exceeding one-half the capacity of our several furnaces, and to faithfully continue and maintain such decrease of production for and during the whole of the year 1875, provided this agreement shall not be binding until signed by representatives of at least two thirds of the furnaces, exclusive of charcoal, in the United States; and provided further that the signers of this agreement may withdraw and be released from the same on giving a two months' written notice to the Secretary of the American Iron and Steel Association of their desire and intention to do so.

The Solicitor General has declined to order the extraditi n of Tessemacher, alias the Baron De Somebody, who robbed the English House whom he represented in Paris, to carry on turf and other speculations, and when discovered fled to Quebec. The grounds of refusat are that, whereas his extradition was claimed on grounds of forgery and embezzlement, only the embezzlement has been proved. The amount of his defalcation is some 500,000 The francs.

#### INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMEND MENTS THERETO.

In the matter of Joseph Congdon, of Streetsville. Insolvent.

The Insolvent has made an assignment of his The insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office, No. 14 Adel uide Street East, in the City of Toronto, on Thursday, the fourteenth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to receive statements of his affairs and to appoint an Assignee.

JAS. B BOUSTEAD, Interim Assignee. Dated at Toronto, this 24th day of Dec., A. D. 1874.

#### Insolvent Act of 1869 and Amendments thereto.

In the matter of Edgar Allan Williams, of To-ronto, Insolvent. The Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office, No. 14 Ademide Street East, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to receive statements of his affairs and to appoint an Assignee Assignee.

JAS. B. BOUSTEAD, Interim Assignee Dated ai Toronto, this 23rd day of Dec., A. D. 1874

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869 AND AMEND-MENTS THERETO.

In the matter of Louis, Richey, of Toronto, Insolvent. The Insolvent has made an assignment of bis Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at my office, No. 14 Adelaide Street East, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the thirteenti day of January next, at two o'clock in the atter-noon, to receive statements of his affairs and to ap-point an Assignee. JAMES B. BOUSTEAD, Interim Assignee. Dated at Toronto, this 21st day of Dec., A.D. 1874.





A first and final Dividend Sheet has been prepared, open to object in unit the Sev nth day of January, 1873, after which Dividend will be paid. JAS, B. BOUSTEAD, Accience

Toronto, Dec. 15, 1874.

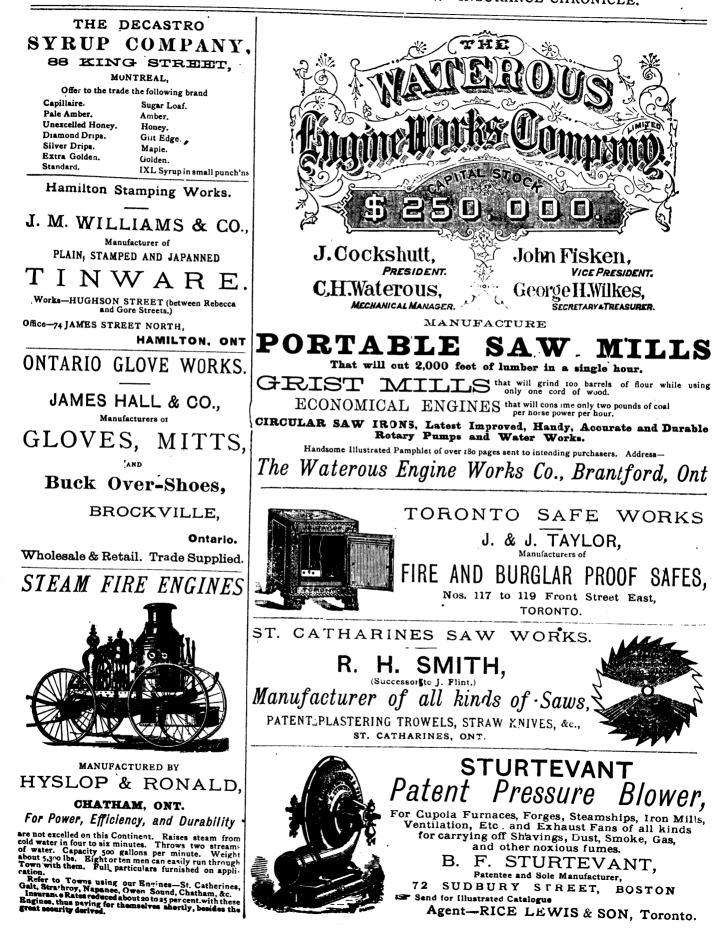
Assignce. Toronto, 14th December, 1874. Dated at Chambers, Toronto, 7th Dec., 1874.

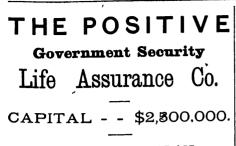
718

719



JAMES B. BOUSTEAD, Assignee.





#### THE POSITIVE PLAN

Is to make the Insurance Clear, Secure, and as little burdensome to the Assured as possible-

By avoiding all Useless and Unfair Conditions.

- By setting apart in Trust a sufficient portion of the Pre-miums and other Assets in Gov rnment Securi ies to meet claims as they fail due.
- By Accepting Moderate Premiums for a Limited Number of Years.

By allowing the Assured the Use, according to his Neces-sities, of a large part of the Premiums, and

By making the Assurance Transferable wit out trouble or Expense through the Medium of the POSIII. Note, which, like a Bank Note, passes from haid to hand without endorsement or other formality.

The age is admitted or ea h policy. The advantage of this to policy holders is great. Po ici s are issued for whole Life, S ort Ferms, Endowment and Joint Lives. For Agencies, Prospectuses, &c. Apply to

#### JAMES AKIN,

(Late of Akin & Ki patrick, Mon real), District Manager for Untario.

OFFICE-84 King Street East, TOKONTO. F. C. IRELAND.

Manager, Montreal.

## SCOTTISH AMERICAN Investment Con LIMITED.

### W. H. LOCKHART GO

		- 1 -
Investment Company,	, SECURITIES.	Toronto
LIMITED.	Canadian Government Debentures, 6 ⊕ ct. stg.           Do.         do.         5 ⊕ ct. cur.           Do.         do.         5 ⊕ ct. stg., 1885	97 08
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance and under authority of an Act of the Parliam:nt of Canada, passed in the thirty-seventh year of der Majes y's leign, chap- ter 49, and intituled. "An Act to authorize Corporations	Do. do. 7 🏶 ct. cur. Dominion 6 🏶 ct. stock. Dominion Bonds	109
and Institutions incorporated vithout the limits of Can- ada to end and invest moneys therein," a License has been issued by the Secretary of State for Can- ada, bear	Montreal Harbour bonds 6g p. c. Do. Corporation 6 伊 ct. Do. 7 伊 ct. Stock Toronto Corporation 6 伊 ct., 20 years	
ing date the third day of November, 1874, authorizing the Scottish American Investment Com any Li nited, a Corporation duly incomporate1 under the laws of the	Toronto Corporation 6 & Ct., 20 years	95 95 981 97
Parlament of Great Britain and reland, and having its Head Office in the City of Edinburgh, in that part of Great & itain called Scotland, to carry on business within	ENGLISH(Quetation on the London Market Dec. 5.) When No. of	AMERICAN.
the Dominion of Canada to transact any loaning busi- ness of any descript on whatsoever within the said Do-	No. Last Shares. Dividend. NAME OF COMP'Y. 4 5 20,000 Agric Shares. Dividend. NAME OF COMP'Y. 5 20,000 Agric Shares. Dividend. 1853 L500 Atma	B OF CO'Y.
Banking excepted, pursuant and in accordance with the conditions specified and contained in the said Act.	No. Last Shares. Dividend. NAME OF COMP'Y LESS LAST 1863 20,000 Agric bares. Dividend. NAME OF COMP'Y LESS 1853 1,500 Etna 1853 1853 1,500 Etna 1850 10,000 Hartf	
W. H. LOCKHART GORDON, Gene. al Manager for the Dominion of Canada. Dated at Toronto, the 19th day of November, 1874.	20,000 8 b 15 s Briton M.&G. Life f10 2 38 C Union F. L. & M 50 5 10 KAIL W	
BUILDING AND LOAN	5,000 IO Edinburgh Life 100 15 31 20,000 6b IO S Guardian 100 50 562 Atlantic and St. I	
ASSOCIATION.	30,000 I5 Lancashire F. & L 20 2 47 Do. do. 6 10,000 II Life Ass'n of Scot. 40 83 26 Canada Southern p.c.	W c. stg. m.
DIVÍDEND NO. 9.	10,000 5 Lon & Lancash. Li Ko I 391,752 Liv Lon & G.F.&L 20 2 68xd New Prov. Certifica	
Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of	40,000 28 North Brit. & Mer 50 64 208 Do. Eq. Bonds	, 2nd charge crence, 5 <b>W</b> c
Nine per cent per Aŋnum has been declared for the half-year ending 30th December next, and that the same will be pryable at the Offices of Lanua	80, 00 10 Scot'h.Commercial 10 1 3 Great Western	ef. Stock, 5 . Stock, 4 🌮 nds, due 1877
the Association, on and after Tuesday, 5th day of Janu- ary, 1875. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to	20,000 10 Scot. Prov. F. & L 50 3 64 Do. 5 \$ c. Deb 10 000 25 Standard Life 50 13 732 International Bridge 6 r	bonds 1890 .
Sist December next. By order of the Buard. ISAAC C. GILMOR.	4,000 { (1,4 153.9d) } Star Life 25 14 13 vildiand, 6 & c. 181 Prei CANADIAN. p. c. Northern of Can., 6 & c. 1	f Bonds
Secretary and Treasurer. Toronto 1st December, 1874.	2,500 5 Canada Life 400 50 Toronto, Grey and Bruc 20,500 5 Canada Life 400 50 Do. 10,0 C None. Citizens F. L 400 25	e, Stock 1st Mor H
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.	5 000 6-12 mos. Sun Mutual Life 100 10 5,000 6 Isolated Ris Fire 100 10 120 Wellington, Grey & Brud	Ron 'r
In the matter of Charles Boak. an Insolvent. A Dividend Sheet has been prepared, open to objection	4,000 12 Montreal Assura'ce £50 £5 6 500 * Provincial F. & M 60 7 2,5*0 10 Quebec Fire 400 130	
until Thursday, Thirty-first December in tant, after which dividend will be paid. A. W, MURDOCH, Assignee.	1,085         10         "Marine         100         40         80         90         Bank on London, 60 day           2,000         10         Queen City Fire         50         10         Gold Drafts do           15,000         10         Western Assura'ce         40         16         140         145         American Silver	
Teres to 14th December, 1874.	7 per cent on fully paid up shares. +From SII to \$60.	

			- 1			JND F		DRT.				
				T		(	1	(	CLO	SINC	PRIC	RS
	NA	м Е.	Shares		Capital	Capital	Rest.	Divideno last				
			Sh Sh		ubscribed	paid-up.		6 Months.	Toron Dec.		Montr Dec.	
	BAN	KS.	[strig	-	*			-				
British	North Ame	rica	£50		4,866,660	4,866,656	1,170,00	∛#*ct. 10 5		1		
Canadia City Ba	in Bank of ink. Montre	Commerce	\$50 80		6,000,000 1,500,000	6,000,000 1,438,660	1,800,00	0 5	1:3] 1	331	133	
Du Peu	ple		50		1,600,000	1,600,000	200,00	4, ю ∡			10 1 110 1	
Eastern	r Township	s	50 100		747,700	969,250	185,00	4 0		·		117
Hamilte	0 <b>n</b>	<b> </b>	1 100		1,000,000	935.78 554,140	55,00 9,49	ю 4 б 4	95	961		104 96
Jacques	Cartier	·····	50		2,000,000 500,000	81,150	75,00		93	308	95 106 1	166
Mercha	n'ts' Bank o	of Canada	100		9,000,000	450,01 7,658.636	1.850.00	- 3			88	85
Metrop	olitan		100	ļ	1,000,000	6×6,900	0,00	0 4	116	in t	116± 1 98±	
Montre	al		50 200	1	1,990,000	1,956,510	350,00	0 7 \$ b 2			115	115
Maritin	ne	••••••••••••••••••••••	1		1,000,000	384,180			1851	1058	1851 1 831	86
Domini	on Bank		50		2,000,000 973,050	1,964,925 945,863	225,00				1	113
Ontario	Bank	••••••	40	{	2,500,000	2,.84,267	450.00	0 <b>4</b>	117 111			116 111
Quebec Royal C	Bank		100		2,500,000	2,407,790 1,969, 65	400,00			.	112	113
St Lau	rence Ban	*	100		805 300	5 8,288			97 No sa	971   les	97 No sa	97
Toront	0		100		1,500,000	1,535,610			189 1	18.9	127 :	188
	MISCELL	ANEOUS.						-			10	1085
Canada	Landed Cr	edit Company avings Company	50 50		625,000 1,500,000	312,000	'	4	118		••••••	•••
Canadia	an Navigat	10n Co	100		576,800			6 4	175	1	65	72
Farmer	's' & Mecha	nics' Bdg socty			250,000		·l	5	105			••••
Huron	Copper Bay	1 Savings Company y Co		.	500,000	25,300	1	5	140	141		•••
Huron	& Érie Sav	ings & Loan Society	50		800,000	700,000		5				
		h Co	40		1,750,000	1,750,000		5	••••	•••••	194	
Montre	al City Pas	senger Railway Co	50		600,000	400,000					1351 1	186
Quebec	Gas Comp	any ion Co	200			710.000	•		•••••	•••••		
Domini	ion Telegra	ph Company	100		750,000	750,000		31	104	10	140	140
Provinc	cial Buildin	g Society	100		350,000		-	4	100			••••
Buildin	a Building	Society	50 25		662,500 600,000			4	104	106	••••••	••••
Toront	o Consume	rs' Gas Co. (old)	50		6.00,000			📥 p.c. 3 m				•••••
		Building Society			250,000		·¦	5	119		• • • • • • •	•••••
w ester	n canada r	Building Society	50		<b>700,00</b> 0		•	5	140		•••••	••••
SECURITIES. Toronto. Montreal.												
		SEC	URITIE	s.				To	onto.	1	Aontres	u
Canadi		nent Debentures, 6	b≫rct.s	atg.			•••••		onto.		Aontres	u
Canadi	Do.	nent Debentures, 6	₩ ct.s	stg.						-	Aontrea	ul
	Do. Do. Do.	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 do. 5	Prot.s Prot.s Prot.s Prot.s	tg. ur. tg.,	1885	·····			7 98			ul
Domini	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 Prot.	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 do. 7 stock	₽ ct.s ₽ ct.s ₽ ct.s ₽ ct.s	stg. ur. tg., ur.	1885	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9			dontrea 109 <sup>8</sup>	
Domini Domini Montre	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ≇ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	₽ ct. s ₽ ct. c ₽ ct. c ₽ ct. c	tg. ur. tg., ur.	1885	•••••			7 98		101 <u>1</u> 10	
Domini Domini Montre	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 P ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	₽ ct.s ₽ ct.c ₽ ct.s ₽ ct.c	tg. ur. tg., ur.	1885			9	7 98		109 <del>2</del> 1011 1 972	••••• •••••
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toronto	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₱ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₱ ct. S o Corporati	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 7 stock	₽ ct. s ₽ ct. c ₽ ct. c	tg. ur. ur.	1885			9	7 98 109 954		109 <del>2</del> 1011 10 972	
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toronte County	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₱ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₱ ct. S o Corporati Debenture	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	<pre></pre>	stg. sur. sur.	1885			9 	7 98 109 95 8		109 <del>2</del> 1011 1 972	••••• •••••
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toronta County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 P ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporati 7 P ct. S o Corporati Debenture hip Debentu	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	₽ ct. s ₽ ct. c ₽ ct. c ₽ ct. c	tg. ur. ur.	1885			9 	7 98 109 		109 <del>2</del> 1011 1 972	••••• •••••
Domini Domini Montre Do. Toronta County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ♥ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporati 7 ♥ ct. § o Corporati Debenture nip Debenture N S U R A	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	P ct. s ct. s ct. s ct. s ct. s ct. s A N I	tg. ur. ur.	1885	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9 	7 98 109 81 95 1 81 95 1 97 1 207 1		109 <del>2</del> 1011 1 972	••••• •••••
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 de ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 de ct. 5 o Corporati Debenture hip Debenture NSURA NSURA	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock bonds 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c. ion 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct tock on 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct res NCE COM P toom on the London	P ct. s P ct. c P ct. s P ct. c Ct. s Ct. c A n i Mark	etg., iur. itg., iur. E > et	1885	Wiien   )		99 	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> 97 <sup>1</sup> 27 <sup>1</sup>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1092 1011 II 972 I 115 I	62] 95 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 de ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 de ct. 5 o Corporati Debenture hip Debenture NSURA NSURA	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock bonds 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c. ion 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct tock on 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct res NCE COM P toom on the London	P ct. s P ct. c P ct. s P ct. c Ct. s Ct. c A n i Mark	etg., iur. itg., iur. E > et	1885	Wuen J org'nizd S	No. ot hares.	9	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>9</sub> A <sup>N</sup> . Par	Vai.	1092 1011 II 972 I 115 I	62] 95 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 de ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 de ct. 5 o Corporati Debenture hip Debenture NSURA NSURA	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock bonds 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c. ion 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct tock on 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct res NCE COM P toom on the London	P ct. s P ct. c P ct. s P ct. c Ct. s Ct. c A n i Mark	etg., iur. itg., iur. E > et	1885	Wuen J org'nizd S	No. of hares. 20,000	9 	7 98 109 95± 97± ^^. Par 'Y. of S	Vai. h'rs. (	1092 1011 II 972 I 115 I	62] 95 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 de ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 de ct. 5 o Corporati Debenture hip Debenture NSURA NSURA	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock bonds 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c. ion 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct tock on 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ct res NCE COM P toom on the London	P ct. s P ct. c P ct. s P ct. c Ct. s Ct. c A n i Mark	etg., iur. itg., iur. E > et	1885	Wnen org'nizd 1863 1853 1819	No. of hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000	9 	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> /2 97 <sup>1</sup> /2 AN 'Y. of S art. I art. I	Val. h'rs. ( 5	1092 1011 II 972 I 115 I	62] 95 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsl	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 de ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 de ct. 5 o Corporati Debenture hip Debenture NSURA NSURA	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	P ct. s P ct. c P ct. s P ct. c Ct. s Ct. c A n i Mark	etg., iur. itg., iur. E > et	1885	Wnen org'nizd 1863 1853 1819	No. of hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000	9 9 9 9 9 MEKIL NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna F.of H Hartford, of	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> AN. Part 1 art. 1 Hart 1	vai. h'rs. ( 5 000 000	1092 1014 II 978 9 115 I Offerd A 	C23 928 155 , , , Asked 194 180
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront County I ENGLIS No. Shares.	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₽ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₽ ct. So Octoorporation Debenture nip Pebenture N S U & A H.H(Queta Last Dividend.	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 7 stock	bar val.	Amount a Amo	1885	Wuen ) org'nizd S 1863 1853 1819 1810	No. of hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000	9 	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> AN. Part 1 art. 1 Hart 1	Val. h'rs. ( 5	1092 1012 1 972 1 115 1 115 1 0fferd A	c2} 92 15 15 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Domini Domini Montre Do. Toront: ENGLIS No. shares. 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 P ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 P ct. S o Corporati Debenture nir Debenture N S U R A H(Qwcta Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. s ct. s ct	Amount is a start of the start	1885  Dec. 5.; Last Sale. £  38 10	Wuen ) org'nizd S 1863 1853 1819 1810	No. of hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 10,000 5,000	9 9 9 9 9 MEKIL NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna F.of H Hartford, of	7 98 109 95 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 97 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> AN. Part 1 art. 1 Hart 1	vai. h'rs. ( 5 000 000	115 I 115 I 115 I Dfferd A 189 I 170 I 149	C21 954 152 , isked 180 152 don,
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront: County Townsi i ENGLIS No. Shares. 20,000 50,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 D ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 Debenture nip Debenture nip Debenture N S U R A H(Queta Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 10	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	P ct. s Ct. s Ct. s Ct. s Ct. s P ct. s P	Amount a start and	1885 Dec. 5.; Last Sale. £ 38 10 31	Wuen ) org'nizd S 1863 1819 1810 1863	No. 01 hares. 20,000 1,500 3,000 5,000 R A I I	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	7 98 109 95± 97± ^^. Par y't. of S art. 1 tart. 1 tart. 1 tAc. 1	Val h'rs. ( 5 00 00 00 01	1092 1011 1 974 1 115 1 Dfferd A 	C23 924 155 , Asked 194 180 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Toront County Townsl i ENGLIS No. shares. 20,000 5,000 20,000 12,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 d t. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 d ct. So o Corporati Debenture nip ∩ebenture nip ∩ebenture N S U R A H(Qwcta Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 10 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh.	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	#         ct. s           #         ct. c           #         c           #         ct. c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c           #         c	trar	1885      	Wnen ) yrg'nizd S 1863 1853 1853 1810 1850 1850 1863 Atlantic ar	No. of bhares. 20,000 1,500 20,000 10,000 5,000 R A I I od St. L	AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERICA	7 98 109 95± 97± AN- Par 97± AN- Par of S art. 1 Hart. 1 Hart. 1 Hart. 1 Hart. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Val	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 115 115 115 115	cz] 95 15 15 15 15 180 152 don, c. 5. 106
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLISS ENGLISS No. Shares. 20,000 5,000 5,000 20,000 12,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ≇ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ¥ ct. § 0 Corporat 7 ¥ ct. § 0 Corporat Debenture nip Debentur N S U R 4 H(Queta Dividend. B b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	# ct. s           # ct. c           # ct. c           # ct. s           # ct. s           # ct. c           # ct. s           # ct. s <td< td=""><td>Amount a start a start</td><td>1885 1885 1885 1885 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</td><td>Wigen         J           Jrg'nizd         S           1863         I           1853         I           1853         I           1863         I           1863         I           Atlantic ar         Do.</td><td>No. 01 hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 k A I I od St. L do.</td><td>AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna F. of H Hartford, of Fravilers' L. WAYS. awrence</td><td>7 98 109 95t 97t AN. Par 'Y. of S art. 1 art. 1 Har tAc 1 tAc</td><td>Val</td><td>1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 115 115 115 115</td><td>cz] 95 15 15 15 15 180 152 don, c. 5. 106</td></td<>	Amount a start	1885 1885 1885 1885 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Wigen         J           Jrg'nizd         S           1863         I           1853         I           1853         I           1863         I           1863         I           Atlantic ar         Do.	No. 01 hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 k A I I od St. L do.	AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna F. of H Hartford, of Fravilers' L. WAYS. awrence	7 98 109 95t 97t AN. Par 'Y. of S art. 1 art. 1 Har tAc 1 tAc	Val	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 115 115 115 115	cz] 95 15 15 15 15 180 152 don, c. 5. 106
Domini Domini Montre Do. Toront County Townsl i ENGLIS No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 d t. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 d ct. So o Corporati Debenture nip ∩ebenture nip ∩ebenture N S U R A H(Qwcta Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 10 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh.	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	#         ct. s           #         ct. c           #         ct. s           #	star. 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1885	When J org'nizd S 1863 1853 1819 1810 1863 Atlantic ar Do, Canada So Do, Do,	No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 3,000 5,000 5,000 R A I I do. uthern do.	AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERIC AMERICA	7 98 109 958 978 978 AN. Par 978 AN. Par of S 8 art. 1 Har 1 tAc 1 tAc 1 tart.	Val h <sup>1</sup> rs. 5 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	1092 1014 1 972 1 115 1 1 115 1 1 115 1 1 115 1 1 115 1 1 1 115 1 1 1 1	cał 39:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 1
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLIS No. Shares. 20,000 50,000 50,000 20,000 10,000 55,862 10,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ≇ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ¥ ct. § 0 Corporat 7 ¥ ct. § 0 Corporat Debenture nip Debentur N S U R 4 H(Queta Dividend. B b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	# ct. s           # ct. c	star. stur. st	1885	Wuen D Jrg'nizd S 1863 1853 1819 1810 1863 Atlantic ar Do. Canada So Do. Jrand Tr	No. 01 hares. 20,000 I,500 30,000 5,000 R A I I od St. L do. uthern do. uthern do.	AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna Vers'L.6 Crav'lers'L.6 Crav'L	7 98 109 95 97 97 97 97 0 f 8 art. 1 Har 1 tAc 1 tart. 1 tart. 5 8 8 97 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Val. h'rs. ( 5 00 00 00 00 100 100	1092 1012 II 972 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	cał 39:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 15:5 1
Domini Domini Montre Do. Torontk EwaLts No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000 12,000 10,000 15,862	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ♥ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ♥ ct. \$i 0 Corporat 7 ♥ ct. \$i 0 Corporat 7 ♥ ct. \$i 0 Corporat N & U & A H	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. c Ct. c	stur	1885	Atlantic ar Do, Canada So Jrand Tr New Pi Do.	No. 01 hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 RAII do. uthern- do. uthern- co. Cer Eq. Cer	AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna F. of H Hartford, of Fravilers' L. WAYS. wwrence 6 & c. stg p.c. rst Mor 6 p.c. Pref tificates issue . M. Bds. ro	7 98 109 109 95t 97t AN. Par y't. of 5 art. 1 art. 1 tart. tart. tart. tart. tart. thar tar.	Val h'rs. ( 5  5  5  5  5  5  60 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 10	ca] 91 131 132 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134
Domini Domini Montre Do. Torontk ENGLIS No. shares. 20,000 50,000 50,000 12,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 d t. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 d ct. So o Corporat Debenture nip ∩ebenture nip ∩ebenture N S U R A H	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 do. 7 stock	Ct. c Ct. c	star. stur. st	1885	W Gen J org'nizd S 1863 1853 1819 1819 1863 Atlantic ar Do, Canada So Do, 'jrand Tr New P1 Do, Do,	No. of hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. st. L do. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	7 98 IO9 958 978 978 AN. Par 978 AN. Par 978 AN. Par 978 AN. Par Par 978 AN. Par Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. Par AN. AN. Par AN. AN. Par AN. AN. Par AN. AN. AN. AN. AN. AN. AN. AN.	Val h'rs. ( 5  5  5  5  5  5  60 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00	1092 1012 II 972 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 115 I 101 102 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 1052 1052 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	cz} 925 151 104 180 don, c. 5. 104 102 102 105
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLISS ENGLISS 20,000 50,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 12,000 55,862 10,000 55,862 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ⅔ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat N S U & A H(Quota Dividend. Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 11 	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	+ ct. s + ct. s + ct. c + c	star	1885	Atlantic ar Do, Canada So Do, 'Jrand Tr New Pi Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do,	No. 01 hhares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 K A I I od St. L do. uthern do. uthern do. uthern Eq. C Eq. C Eq. C First Secon	AMERIC AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna Y Constant G Pc. stg Carlow A Y S. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. AMERICAN Conde, and ch Preference, Stocl Order, Stocl Order, Stocl	7 98 IO9 958 978 978 978 AN- Par 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978	Val h'rs. ( 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1092 1012 II 972 I 973 I 1013 II 974 I 101 103 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	C2} S2 S2 S2 S2 S2 S2 S2 S2 S2 S2
Domini Domini Montre Do. Torontk EweLis No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000 12,000 10,000 10,000 40,000 40,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₽ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ₽ ct. Si 0 Corporat 7 ₽ ct. Si 0 Corporat N S U R A H(Queta Last Dividend. S b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s \$1 p.sh. 15 11 5 20 28 f 6 p.s. 10 16 § bf3	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. S Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	Tri to the service and the ser	1885 	W tien         J           Jrg'nizd         S           1863         I853           1853         I819           1863         I863           Atlantic ar         Do.           Jrand Tr         New Pr           Do.         Do.           Do.         Do.	No. ot bhares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. uthern do. uthern do. uthern Eq. C Eq. C Eq. E First Secon Third	MERIL MAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Constantion of Co Agricultural Maxtford, of Cravilers' L.6 WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. M Bds. ro onds. znd ch Preference, 5	7 98 IO9 958 978 978 978 AN- Par 978 978 978 978 978 978 978 978	Val h <sup>1</sup> rs. ( 5 00 00 00 100 100 100 100 100 100	1092 1012 1 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 101 1 102 1 102 1 104 1 105 2 101 1 104 1 105 2 101 1 105 2 101 1 115 115	Cal 9:4 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLIS ENGLIS 20,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 10,000 50,000 10,000 55,862 10,000 917,52 20,000 917,52 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ⅔ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat N S U & A H(Quota Dividend. Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 11 	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	TET: 95 & TET BE OCT & Amount 12 H H	1885	Wuen     J       Jrg'nizd     S       1863     1853       1863     1853       1863     1863       Atlantic ar     Do.       Canada So     Jo.       'Jrand Tr     New Pi       Do.     Do.       Do.     Do.       Do.     Do.       Do.     Do.       Do.     Do.       Do.     Do.	No. ot bhares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. uthern do. uthern cov. Cer Eq. C Eq. E First Secon Third tern.	9 AMERIC AMERIC Solution AMERIC Solution AMERIC Solution S	7 98 109 109 974 974 974 974 974 974 974 97	Val h'rs. ( 5  100  1000  100 	1092 1012 II 972 I 973 I 101 101 102 103 104 105 104 105 104 105 104 105 104 105 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	22 3 29 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 5 5
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLTS ENGLTS 20,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 12,000 55,862 20,000 10,000 55,862 20,000 40,000 40,000 50,000 50,000 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ⅔ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat Debenture N S U R 4 H(Queta Last Dividend. B b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 22 28 26 p.s. 10 16 b £3 10 16 b £3 10	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	+ ct. s + ct. s + ct. c + c		1885 	Atlantic ar Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 k A I I do. uthern to, Cer Eq. E First Secon Third tern	MERIC MAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna F. of H Hartford, of Frav'lers' L.6 WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. WAYS. M. Bds. r of onds. znd ch Preference, 3 d Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due	7 98 109 95t 97t AN. Par 97t AN. Par 11 27t. of 5 art. 11 tart. 11 tart. 15	Val h'rs. ( 5  100  1000  100 	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 107 149 102 102 104 102 104 102 104 102 104 102 104 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102	Cal 994 152 153 154 154 154 160 152 104 172 55 104 172 55 104 172 55 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLISS No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000000	Do. Do. Do. Do. Son 6 ₽ ct. Son Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ₽ ct. So o Corporat 7 ₽ ct. So o Corporat N S U R A H(Queta Last Dividend. S b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 11 5 20 28 £6 p.s. 10 16 h £3 10 6 b f.3	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	BEIIERIA	1885 1885 1885 1885 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Atlantic ar Do, Tand To New Pr Do, Canada So Do, Srand Tr New Pr Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do,	No. ot bhares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. uthern do. uthern ov. Cer Eq. C Eq. E First St F 5 F c 6 cer	9 AMERIC AMERIC 9 AMERIC NAME OF CO Agricultural Etna L of H Hartford, of frav'lers' L.6 W A Y S. awrence 6 % c. stg p.c. 1st Mor 6 % c. stg Preference, - d Pref. Stock, c. Bonds, due . Deb, Stock and Cent bonds a	7 98 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	Val h <sup>1</sup> 75 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 100 00 00 00 01 100 100 100 100 100 1	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 107 149 102 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	22 3 29 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 5 1 5 2 5 5 5 5
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLTS ENGLTS 20,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 12,000 55,862 20,000 10,000 55,862 20,000 40,000 40,000 50,000 50,000 20,000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ⅔ ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat 7 ∯ ct. Si o Corporat Debenture N S U R 4 H(Queta Last Dividend. B b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 22 28 26 p.s. 10 16 b £3 10 16 b £3 10	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	+ ct. s + ct. s + ct. c + c		1885	Witen     J       Jrg'nizd     S       1863     J       1900     J       1900 <td>No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII ad St. L do. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st</td> <td>9 MERIC NAME OF CC Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Constructural Marcon Constructural C</td> <td>7 98 109 95 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97</td> <td>vai. h'rs. ( 5 5 100 100 100 100 100 100 10</td> <td>1092       1012       11       972       111       113       1149       101       101       101       101       102       103       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       105       101       101       101</td> <td>C23 99% 99% 152 153 154 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10</td>	No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII ad St. L do. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st. st	9 MERIC NAME OF CC Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Constructural Marcon Constructural C	7 98 109 95 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97	vai. h'rs. ( 5 5 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1092       1012       11       972       111       113       1149       101       101       101       101       102       103       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       104       105       105       101       101       101	C23 99% 99% 152 153 154 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 180 155 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Torontk EweLis No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000 12,000 20,000 12,000 10,000 55,862 10,000 50,000 40,000 40,000 80,000 50,000 10,000 80,000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₽ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₽ ct. So Corporation Debenture N S U R A H(Quota Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 6 b 10 s 10 6 b 10 s 11 	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. S Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	Britten	1885 1885 1885 1885 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Atlantic ar Do, Canada So, Tand Tr Do, Canada So, Srand Tr Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do,	No. 01 hares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 K A I I do St. L do St. L do. uthern to. ov. Cer Eq. E First Secon Third tern 5 # C I II F C III C IIII C IIIII C IIII C IIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIIII C IIIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIII C IIIIIIII C IIIIIII C IIIIIIIIII	9 MERIC NAME OF CC Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna F.of H Autford, of Fravilers' L.6 W A Y S. W A Y S. W A Y S. W A Y S. W A Y S. Conds, 2nd ch Preference, d Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due C. First Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due C. First Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due C. First Pref. Stock, C. First Pref. Stock, Second M Second	7 98 109 95 97 97 97 97 109 97 97 97 97 97 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	vai. h'rs. ( 5 5 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1092 1012 1 972 1 115 1 115 1 115 1 101 102 1 101 102 1 101 102 1 101 102 1 101 102 1 102 1 102 1 103 1 105 1	Cal 9:5 1:52 
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLISS No. shares. 20,000 50,000 20,000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000 10,0000000	Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₩ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₩ ct. So 0 Corporat 7 ₩ ct. So 0 Corporat Debenture N S U R A H(Queta Last Dividend. 8 b 15 s 20 6b 10 s £1 p.sh. 15 20 28 £6 p.s. 10 10 5 bo 6 d, 153. gd. 4 -6 mo	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 do. 7 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	Britan	1885	Atlantic ar Do, Canada So, Tand Tr Do, Canada So, Srand Tr Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do,	No. ot bhares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. uthern. do. uthern. do. uthern. do. uthern. do. uthern. do. uthern. do. uthern. S. Secon Third tern 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ for the frant for the	9 AMERIC AMERIC 9 AMERIC 1 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 98 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	Val Val h'rs. ( 5 5 00 00 00 100 100 100 100	1092 1012 11 972 1 1013 1 975 1 1014 1 1014 1 102 102 102 104 104 1052 104 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 104 1052 105 1052 1055 1	C23 995 152 153 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Torontk ENGLISS ENGLISS 20,000 50,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 10,000 55,862 20,000 20,000 50,000 20,000 50,000 20,000 40,0000 40,0000 40,00000000	Do. Do. Do. Do. ion 6 ₽ ct. ion Bonds al Harbour Corporat 7 ₽ ct. Si 0 Corporat 7 ₽ ct. Si 0 Corporat N S U R A H	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	Br	1885 1885 1885 1885 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Atlantic ar Do, Canada So, Frand Tr New Pi Do, Do, Do, Do, Jrand Tr New Pi Do, Do, Do, Jrand Tr New Pi Do, Do, Do, Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Canada So Co Do, Do, Do, Do, Co Canada So Co Canada So Co Co Canada So Co Canada So Co Co Canada So Co Canada So Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Canada So Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co	No. ot thares. 20,000 1,500 30,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do. uthern to, thern to, thern to, thern to, thern to, thern to, to, to, to, to, to, to, to,	MAME OF Co AMERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna F. of H Hartford, of Frav'lers' L.6 W A Y S. awrence 6 @c. stg p.c. 1st Mor 6 @c. Pref bificates issue M. Bds. 1 of onds, znd ch Preference, 3 d Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due Preference, 5 d Pref. Stock, C. Bonds, due W C. Pirst Pri do. Secon Bruce, Stock rat bonds 1 Bruce, Stock	7 98 109 95 95 97 97 AN Par 97 AN Par 97 AN Par 97 AN Par 1 art. 1 Har 1 tAc. 1 Har tart. 5 Har 1 tAc. 1 Har tart. 1 Har Har Har Har Har Har Har Har Har Har	Val 5 5 5 5 5 100 00 00 00 00 00 100 1	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 107 149 102 104 105 104 105 104 105 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	C2] 918 918 151 152 154 154 154 154 152 104 152 104 175 104 175 104 175 104 105 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Toront ENGLIS 20,000 50,000 20,000 10,000 35,862 10,000 35,862 10,000 30,00000000	Do. Do. Do. Do. ion 6 # ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat o Corporat Debenture nip Debentur N S U R A SH (Qweta Last Dividend. B b 15 s 20 10 6 b 10 s \$1 p.sh. 15 10 16 p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 5 bo 5 bo 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 6 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 5 do. 7 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	Britan	1885	Atlantic ar Do, Tand To, Canada So, Tand To, Canada So, Tand Tr New Py Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Canata So, Srand Tr New Py Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Srand Tr New Py Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, D	No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 3,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do St. L do. uthern Eq. (C Eq. E First Secon Third tern 5 \$ First al Brid f Can., 6 Forey and Do. d Nipia	9 AMERIC AMERIC Solution AMERIC Solution AMERIC Solution AMERIC Solution So	7 98 109 109 974 974 974 974 974 974 974 97	Val 	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 101 115 1 101 102 102 102 102 102 102 10	C23 995 152 153 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154
Domini Domini Montre Do. Do. Torontk ENGLISS ENGLISS 20,000 50,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 10,000 55,862 20,000 20,000 50,000 20,000 50,000 20,000 40,0000 40,0000 40,00000000	Do. Do. Do. Do. ion 6 # ct. ion Bonds all Harbour Corporat o Corporat Debenture nip Debentur N S U R A SH (Qweta Last Dividend. B b 15 s 20 10 6 b 10 s \$1 p.sh. 15 10 16 p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 5 bo 5 bo 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 6 f. p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 6 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 28 f f p.s. 10 5 co 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	nent Debentures, 6 do. 5 do. 7 stock	Ct. C Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct. Ct.	stritter	1885	Atlantic ar Do, Tand To, Canada So, Tand To, Canada So, Tand Tr New Py Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Canata So, Srand Tr New Py Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Srand Tr New Py Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Conata So, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, D	No. ot hares. 20,000 1,500 3,000 5,000 5,000 KAII do St. L do. uthern Eq. (C Eq. E First Secon Third tern 5 \$ First al Brid f Can., 6 Forey and Do. d Nipia	9 MERIC NAME OF Co Agricultural Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Etna L of H Carloultural Etna L of H Carloultural Etna L of H Etna L	7 98 109 109 974 974 974 974 974 974 974 97	Val 	1092 1012 11 972 1 115 1 115 1 101 115 1 101 102 102 102 102 102 102 10	Cal 994 152 194 194 180 152 194 180 152 194 180 152 104 17 0 0 100 72 55 55 92 114 104 100 92 104 100 92 104 100 92 100 100 92 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10

+From \$11 to\$60.

foronto. nunireal

91 91

to pr.m

Q 91

In the matter of Charles Boak. an Inso A Dividend Sheet has been prepared, open to objection until Thursday, Thirty-first December in tant, after which dividend will be paid. A. W, MURDOCH, Assignce. Tere: to, 14th December, 1874.

## STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

1,085 Marine 10 to Queen City Fire ... 50 to \$2 Western Assura'ce 40 2,000 15,000 7 per cent on fully paid up shares.

•

MURDOCH & DONALDSON,	1	CORONT	O PRICES CURR	ENTD	EC. 24, 1874.	
43 Front St. East. TORONTO,	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale, Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesal Rates
,	Boots and Shoes : Mens' Calf Boots	\$ c. \$ c. 3 90@4 25	Hardware-continued. Copper: Pig	\$ v. 8 c.	Oils-continued.	\$. c. \$
STORAGE, WAREHOUSING	" Kip Boots,	3 10 3 40	Sheet Cut Nails :	029 033	Machinery Olive, common, & gall.	030040 I00 I10
AND	" Stogas boots, No. 1	2 75 2 85 2 00 2 50	3 inch to 6 inch	A 16 A 26	" salad salad, in bottles, qt., per case	
COMMISSION AGENTS.	" Knee Boots " Cong. gaiters & Bal Boys' Kip boots	3 60 3 90	Shingle Lathe	4 65 4 75	Seal, pale Spirits Turpentine	0 75 0 8
Large and Commodious Premises.	" Stoga Boots " Ga.ters & Bals	I 55 2 20	Galvanized Iron : Best, No. 22 Best No. 24	0 09 0 094	Whale, refined Paints, &c.	0 90 0 0
Goods Stored in or out of Bond, or preceived	Youths' Stogas Womens' Bals & Gat, peg	1 60 1 70	" <u>26</u> " <u>28</u>	0 00 0 10	Oil, # 25 lbs	2 25 2 5
on Consignment.	" Batts	100 135	Horse Nails : Guest's or Griffin's as-		Do. No. 1	1 80 20
BANKRUPT STOCKS sold on Commission.	Misees' Bals "Batts Childs' Bals	0 95 1 35 0 80 1 10 0 70 0 90	sorted sizes E. T. or W. assd. sizes	0 10 0 20 5	White Lead, dry Red Lead.	0 07 0 0
JAMES B. TURNER	" Batts " Turned Cacks	0 65 0 80	Patent Hammered do Iron (at 6 months): Pfg- Gartsherrie, No. 1		Venetian Red, English. Yellow Ochre, French.	0 02 0 0
COMMISSION MERCHANT	Drugs. Aloes Cape	0 14 0 20	Eglinton No. 1	34 00 35 00	Petroleum.	090 10
Insurance and General Agent,	Alum	0 02 0 0 03 2	" No 2	29 00 32 00	(Refined, # gallon.) Delivered at London, Ont	
OFFICE-QUEBBC CHAMBERS,	Castor Oil Caustic Soda Cream Tartar	0 04 0 05	Refined	4 50 5 00	No. 1 5 cars Delivered in Toronto : No. 1 1 car	024000 0254000
St. Peter Street, QUEBEC.	Epsom Salts	0 02 0 03	Swedes HoopsCoopers "Band Boiler Flates	3 50 3 75	No, I, I car "less than car Benzine	0 26 0 2
Address P. O. Box 933. Agent for the Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company of	Indigo, Madras Madder	080 90	Canada Plates :	3 75 4 00	Produce. Grain:	
Montreal and Citizens Accident Ins. Co. of Canada.	Opium Oxalic Acid	0 IQ U 20	Hatton Arrow x Glamorgan	5 50 5 75	Wheat, Spring, 60 lb "Treadwell "Fall, 60 lb	093099
WILLIAM HARE,	Potass Iodide Quinine Soda Ash	2 18 2 2 1	Swansea. Lead (at 4 months): Bar # 100 lbs	5 00 -5 75	Barley,	097103 10911 080082
General Commission Merchant,	Soda Bicarb.		Sheet	0 07 0 07 0 06 0 06 0 07 0 07	Oats	0 42 0 43
HALIFAX, N. OI	Coffees : Java, W fb	0 30 0 31	No. 6. 2 hundle	200 2.46	Clover, choice, 100 th.	0 00 0 0
Agent for the Phænix Fire Insurance and the	Maracaibo Rio	0 00 0 00 0 20 0 22	" 9, " 12, " 16, "	3 30 3 55 3 60 3 85	Timothy, choice, 100 ft Flax	000 000
nsts. Pelican Life Ins. Companies of London.	Fish: Herrings, Lab "Canso "round	6 62 7 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	Powder:	4 00 4 25	Flour (per brl.): Superior extra Extra	4 90 5 1 4 32 4 4 4
Late Consul for the Hanse Towns.	"scaled Mackerel, bris.	0 42 0 45 9 00 10 00	FFF "	4 00 0 00 5 00 0 00 5 25 0 00	Supernoe	4 05 0 00
ESTABLISHED 1845.	White Fish Trout	4 25 4 50 4 0 4 25	Blasting, English FF "loose. FFF "	0 00 0 00 5 00 0 00	Provisions	4 90 5 75
L. COFFEE & CO.,	Salmon, salt water Dry Cod, 🌮 112 ibs Fruit: Raisins, Layer,	5 25 5 5	Pressed Spikes (4 months): Regular sizes 100	5 25 0 00 5 50 6 00	Butter, choice, ap 1b "ordinary	024 02 018 02
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.	"Sultanas Valentias new	0 15 0 16	Extra "	6 50 7 50	Cheese Pork, mess, new , Bacon, Canada	0401. 21502250 000000
No. 30 Church Street, Toronto, Ont.	" Soedless Currants, 18-4	0 101 0 11 6 12 6 75	IC Charcoal	9 25 9 50 10 75 11 00	" Smoked	0 10 0 11
LAWRENCE COFFEE. THOMAS FLYNN	" old Molasses : Clayed, & gall.	5 25 5 75 U 4C U 42	IXX "	4 75 15 00	riams, smoked	0 3 0 19
LeVALLEE & FOX,	Syrups, Standard Golden Rice	0 60 0 62	Hides & Skins, 伊 D.:	9 /5 10 25 0 00 0 07t	Shoulders in sait Lard Eggs	0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, BROKERS,	Soices: Cassia, whole, P 10	- 11	" No. 2 Cured and inspected	0 00 0 061	Beef Hams	C 12 0 12
And Manufacturers' Agents for	Nutmegs	0 52 0 55 0 00 1 20	" cured	0 00 C 10 0 II 2 0 12	Salt, etc. Liverpool coarse	1 40 1 50
Glassware, Kerosene Goods & General	Ginger, ground Jamaica, root Pepper, black	0 32 0 34	Leather, @4 months: In lots of less than	050 140	Goderich	1 15 1 95
Merchandise,	Sugame_(60 daym)	0 18 0 20 0 09 0 00	50 sides, 10 % cent. higher		Wines, Liquors, etc Ale: English, pts	1 95 2 10
No. 3 WELLINGTON ST. EAST, TORONTO	Demerara	0 09 0 0'	Spanish Sole, 1st qu'lity heavy weights, W 17 Spanish Sole retrauction	026 U3I	Brandy: Hennessy's Pgl]	2 80 2 90
BARBER & CO,,	Crushed X	0 09 0 10 none.	Spanish Sole, 1st quality middle, wgts. 1b Do. No. 2,	0 28 0 30	Martell's "Hennes y's cases Martell's "	2 80 3 00 9 50 9 75 8 50 9 00
No. 9 Jordan Street, Toronto,	" A Ground Dry Crushed	0 10 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0	Do. light	0 28 0 30 0 0 28 0 34	OtardDupuy&Co" J. Robin & Co"	9 00 9 25 8 0 8 50
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS	Dry Crushed Extra Ground Teas :	0 13 0 14	Harness, best	0 25 0 28	Gin: DeKuyers & gal	1 85 1 90 4 5º 4 75
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.	Japan common to good. "fine to choicest	0 30 0 45 0 50 0 65	Upper heavy "light Kip skins, French	0 40 0 45 1	Booth's Old Tom	7 75 8 00 6 25 6 50 2 30 2 35
Canadian Woollens and Cottons. Cash advances on Consignments.	Colored, common to fine Congou & Souchong Oolong, good to fine	0 45 0 75 0 30 0 80	English Hemlock Calf (30 to 35	0 05 0 90	Rum: Jampica 6 o. p. Demerara "Whisky :	1 85 2 00
	Y. Hyson, com. to good. Medium to choice	0 45 0 60 0 30 0 38 0 45 0 58	lbs.), per doz Do. light. French Calf	075 095 050 053	Terms (a h. Under a	•
THE COOK'S FRIEND	Extra choice	070 080 035 040	Splits, large, P ID	0 28 0 34	oris., nett.; 5 to 10 bris., 24 p.c. off; 10 bris. and	
BAKING POWDER	" med. to fine fine to finest	0 45 0 **	" small Enamelled Cow, per ft Patent	0 20 0 21	over, 5 p.c. off. The tollowing are out	In Duty Sond Fail
is a Staple Article, in demand everywhere. The Trade supplied on liberal terms.		0 30 0 80 0 35 0 75	Pebble Grain Buff	017 19	Pure Spirits "	0 72 2 02 0 68 2 03
W. D. McLAREN,	Dark 58 & 108 ""Western Leaf	0 47 2 0 52	Kussetts, light	0 35 0 45	" 50 " "	0 °5 1 84 35 0 95
Manufacturer and Proprietor of the Trade Mark.	[good to fine Bright sorts, gd. to fine.]	0 h0. 0 6:	Cod Oil	0 55 0 65	FamilyProof Whisky " Old Burbon " "	43 · 07 0 43 I 07
Union Mills, 55 and 57 College Street,	Solace	0 70 0 80	Lard, extra		" To dy " "	043 I07 03 098 038 098
MONTREAL.	iardware in (four months): Block 20 10		Duncan-Clark & Co's	50 0 55	Domestic Whi ky, 32 u. p.	0 44 0 98
	Block, # 1b Grain	0 28 0 30	Linseed raw		Piece, th.	



This Institution having been ESTABLISHED IN 1847, has long since surmounted all the dangers of the early years of Assurance Companies.

ITS AMPLE CAPITAL AND FUNDS

And its management in the hands of persons of long experience of such business, afford PERFECT SECURITY to Assurers These features, as well as the Company's MODERATE RATES, render the Institution one whose advantages are not surpassed by any other, and explain the fact that it stands at the head of all the Life Companies in Canada.

Detailed Reports and Table of Rates may be obtained at any of the Company's Offices or Agencies.

A. G. RAMSAY,

Managing Director.

R. HILLS, Assistant Secretary.

Agent in Toronto-W. PICKERING.<sup>1</sup>

THE

## SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL INS. CO'Y.

## CAPITAL, ONE MILLION STERLING:

HEAD OFFICE.

GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. E. CRUM-EWING, Junr., Esq., Merchant. RICHARD KIDSTON, Esq., Messrs. A. G. Kidston & Co. JAMES KIRKLAND, Esq., Merchant. JOHN MOFFATT, Esq., Ardrossan. WM. SMITH DIXON, Esq., Ironmaster.

CHAIRMAN—ALEXANDER CRUM, Esq., of Thornliebank. Merchant. rs. A. G. Kidston & Co. ant. n. master. Merchant. HUGH BROWN, Esq., Marutacturet. JAMES KING, Junr., Esq., of Campsie. CHARLES RANDOLPH, Esq., Shipbuilder. D. S. CARGILL, Esq., Messrs. Wm. Milne & Cr MANAGER—FREDERICK J. HALLOWS, Esq.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

OFFICE, NO. 22 STREET EAST. TORONTO. KING HEAD

Chairman of Local Board pro tem,

#### JOHN BLAIKIE, ESG L.

The Company having complied with the laws of the Dominion, and deposited FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS with the Government at Ottawa. is now prepared to effect Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Mercantile, Household, and First-class Manufacturing Risks, on the most favorable terms.

ROBERT MCLEAN. Inspector.

LAWRENCE BUCHAN, Resident Secretary.



## JOSEPH F. KNAPP, PRESIDENT,

JOHN R. HEGEMAN, Vice-President., WM. P. STEWART, Actuary,

R. A. GRANNISS, Secretary,

MAJOR B. R. CORWIN, Manager for Dominion of Canada. Lieut. Governor LEMUEL ALLEN WILMOT, D.C.L., Fredericton, New Brunswick, Resident Director.

THE RESERVE PLANS

Of this Company are the most popular system of Life Insurance ever offered, and are rapidly superceding the old practice.

#### THEIR SALIENT POINTS ARE :

Every Policy, whether on ordinary Life rates, or other, a Cash Endowment to the Insurer.

2. The maximum of Insurance at the minimum of cost.

3. Definite surrender value specified on the face of the Policy.

4. The term for which the insurance is to run elected by the assured.

5. Grace in payment of premiums of from one to six months, determined by the age of the Policy.

6. All the merits of plain Life Insurance, Endowment, and Investment combined in one contract.

By the sworn returns to the Insurance Departments the net increase or decrease of business of each of the Life Companies of the United States for 1873 is exhibited. It will be seen that the METROPOLITAN occupies the handsome position of FOURTH on the list in actual gain of membership, the three companies exceeding it being an average of sixteen years older!! And of the total gain of the business, as done by all the companies of the country for the year, the METROPOLITAN competing with Forty-seven others, supplied ONE-SIXTH.

The total new business of the Company for 1873, exceeded the aggregate of nineteen other companies, as shown by official returns; and the increase over the corresponding business of the previous year exhibits the METROPOLITAN al ead of all the companies in the country, save one. This is a flattering exhibit, and demonstrates that in the management and the Reserve Plans of the Company, it maintains its strong hold on public confidence.

## STERLING AGENTS WANTED AT EVERY UNOCCUPIED POINT,

And a previous experience in the business is not necessery. We want fresh, active, honorable business men. Send for the Company's publications, which will be cheerfully transmitted without expense.

## F. A. MOORE & SON, Toronto,

Superintendents for Ontario and Quebec.

THOS. A. TEMPLE & SON, St. John, N.B.,

Superintendents for the Maritime Provinces.

#### THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONICLE. 725 ANCHOR MARINE INSURANCE CO'Y. CAPITAL, HALF A MILLION DOLLARS. The only Canadian Exclusively Marine Insurance Company HEAD OFFICE-ONTARIO HALL, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO. VICE-PRESIDENT. PRESIDENT. DAVID GALBRAITH. HON. W. P. HOWLAND, C.B. WM. ELLIOT (Elliot & Co.,) Toronto. JOHN STUART (Harvey, Stuart & Co.,) Hamilton. WM. BUNTON, Merchant, Wellington Square. JOHN MACNAB (Macnab & Marsh) Toronto. B. G. BARRETT, Toronto. JAMES TURNER (J. Turner & Co.) Hamilton. HORATIO YATES, M. D., Kingston. THOMSON SMITH, Lumber Merchant, Toronto. H. S. HOWLAND (Vice-President Canadian Bank of Commerce) Toronto. **BANKERS**: THE ONTARIO BANK AND CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. Solicitors-MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY. Manager & Secretary-HUGH SCOTT. OCEAN RISKS COVERED ON CARGOES, FREIGHT, AND RESPONDENTIA INTEREST. INLAND RISKS COVERED ON HULLS, CARGOES AND FREIGHT. AGENTS: ROBERT SPRATT. Montreal. M. MACPHERSON Hamilton. J. J. CHRISTIE, SCOTT & WALMSLEY Kingston. Toronto. CANADIAN UYA INSURAN COMPANY. FIRE & MARINE AUTHORISED CAPITAL **\$**6,000,000. LIMITED LIABILITY. SUBSCRIBED,CAPITAL\$5,000.000. HAVING NEARLY TWO THOUSAND STOCKHOLDERS. FUNDS TO MEET CLAIMS AVAILABLE EXCEED \$800,000. Insure all classes of Risks against Fire at Moderate Rates, which will be paid immediately on the Loss being established. MARINE BRANCH. This Company are prepared to issue Policies on INLAND HULLS and INLAND CARGOES on terms as favorable as any first-class Company. Losses adjusted equitably and paid promptly at the Head Office. OPEN POLICIES issued on SPECIAL TERMS. -0-DIRECTORS. J. F. SINCENNES. President. HON. JOHN YOUNG, Vice-President. ANDREW ROBERTSON. J. R. THIBAUDEAU. JOHN OSTELL. W. F. KAY. M. C. MULLARKY. L. A. BOYER, M.P. ANDREW WILSON. Secretary-ARTHUR GAGNON. DN. Manager Marine Department—CHAS. G. FORTIER. LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE. General Manager-ALFRED PERRY. Bankers-BANK OF MONTREAL. OFFICE-160 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. HEAD

SUN MUTUAL	Insurance.	Insurance.
Life Insurance Company,	Imperial	THE STANDARD
OF MONTREAL.	Fire Insurance Company of London.	Life Assurance
President, Vice-President, THOMAS WORKMAN. T. JAMES CLAXTON. Man. DirectorM. H. GAULT.	No. I OLD BROAD STREET, AND NO. 16 PALL MALL. ESTABLISHED 1803. Canada General Agency,—	COMPANY.
The success of this Company for the first 30 months is without perallel in Canadian Life Insurance. Its report for 1873 shewed:	RINTOUL BROS., 24 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal. TORONTO OFFICE-75 Colborne Street.	ESTABLISHED 1825.
Assurances in force         -         \$1514,300 oo           Cash Assets         -         138,184 38           Security held for Policy-holders         588,184 38           Expenditure for that year only         11,426 95	A. W. SMITH, Agent.	HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA, - MONTREAL. Policies in force, over Eighty Millions of Dollars. Accumulated Fund, over Twenty Millions of Dollars.
Its ratio of Expenditure to I come was much under that of any other Life Company doing usinessin C nad., All its POLI IES ARE NON-FORFEIT BLE, and these by their conditions carry definite values, in eit er cash or paid-up assurance.	Of the County of Wellington.	Income, over Three Millions and a half. Claims paid in Canada, over \$500,000. Funds invested in England, United States, and Can- ada, with the most perfect safety. Deposited at Ottawa, for benefit of Canadi: n policy holders, \$150,000.
its 3.00% rates are lower than those of any other Cana- dian Company. Members enjoy the security of a large capital, and the benefits without the hazard and risk of the burely mutual	President. Secretary.	For information as to Life Assurance, apply to any of the Agencies throughout the Dominion, or to W. M. RAMSAY, L. W. FULTON, <i>Manager, Canada.</i>
pram. In its efforts to obtain business it studiously avoids movelty and its equivalent—ambiguity—basing all its	The Waterloo County	26 Wellington St. East, Agent for Toronto.
transactions on the known equities of the business, thus ensuring justice to all its members. Reports and Table of Rates may be obtained at any of the Company's agencies, or at Head Office.	Mutual Fire Insurance Company. HEAD OFFICEWATERLOO, ONT. ESTABLISHED 1863.	WESTERN Assurance Company,
R. MACAULAY, Secretary. ROBINSON & SWITZER, Agents for Toronto.	THE BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY IS DIVI- ded into three separate and distinct branches, the VILLAGE, FARM, AND MANUFACTURES,	INCORPORATED 1851. CAPITAL
UNITED STATES	Each Branch paying its own losses and its just propor- tion of the Managing expenses of the Company. C. M. TAYLOR, Sec. J. W. WALDEN, M.D., Pres.	FIRE AND MARINE. HEAD OFFICETORONTO, ONTARIO Hon. JOHN MCMURRICH, President.
Life Insurance Company	I. HUGHES, Inspector.	CHARLES MAGRATH, Vice-President. DIRECTORS.
261, 262, 263, and 264 Broadway, N.Y. ESTABLISHED 1850.	Queen FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y	IAMES MICHIE, Esq. NOAH BARNHART, Esq. JOHN FISKEN, Esq. ROBERT BEATY, Esq. A. M. SMITH, Esq. WM. GOODERHAM, Jr. Eso. B. HALDAN, Managing Di ector.
Cash Assets, \$4,000,000   Cash Income, - \$1,500,000 Surplus, as regards Policyholders, \$1,000,000. ANNUAL CASH DIVIDENDS.	OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON. Accepts all ordinary Fire Risks on the most favorable terms	B. HALDAN, Managing Di ector. FREDK G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary. WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector. CAPT. J. T. DOUGLAS, Marine Inspector. JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.
The following classes of Policies are issued by this Company :	LIFE RISKS will be taken on terms that will com pare favorably with other Companies. CAPITAL	INSURANCES effected at the lowest current rates on buildings, Merchandize, and other property, against loss
WHOLE LIFE POLICIES, WITH or WITHOUT participation in Profits, Psyable upon the death of the Insured. The Pre-	CANADA BRANCH OFFICE—Exchange Buildings, Montreal Resident Secretary and General Agent—	or damage by fire. On Hull, Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation. On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sail
miums may be paid annually, half-yearly, or quar- terly during life, or in one, five, ten, fifteen, or twenty payments.	A. MACKENZIE FORBES, Great St. James Street, Monstreal. Wm. Rowland, Agent, Toronto.	or steam. On Cargoes by steamers to British Ports.
ENDOWMENT POLICIES, WITH OT WITHOUT participation in Profits, Payable in ten, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five, thirty, thirty-five, or forty years from date of issue, or at	Canada Farmers'	THE LANCASHIRE Insurance Company.
death, if occurring prior to the end of term. The Premiums may be paid in instalments during the endowment, or in ten, fifteen or twenty payments	Mutual Insurance Company. HEAD OFFICE,HAMILTON, ONTARIO	
ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE AFTER TWO ANNUAL PAYMENTS. OFFICERS:	INSURES ON THE CASH as well as the PREMIUM NOTE SYSTEM, Farm and Household property; also, the usual classes of Risk taken by companies doing a General Insurance business. Has been twenty-two	Capital
JOHN E. DeWITT, President, CHAS. E. PEASE, - Secretary, WM. D. WHITING, Actuary. GEO. W. LIDDELL,	years in operation. THOMAS STOCK, President. RICHARD P. STREET, Secretary	£2,000,000 Stg.
General Agent for the Dominion, 96 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Medical Examiners-W. E. Scott, M.D., Prof. McGill College; Geo. Ross, M.D.	SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.	
John L. Morris, Esq., Legal Adviser. ESTEnergetic Agents wanted throughout the Do- minion, to whom liberal commissions will be allowed. Address GEO. W. LIDDELL, General Agent for the	CAPITAL £1,000,000.	Head Office for Ontario; North-west corner of King and Church Sts., Toronto.
Dominion, Montreal.	Head office for the Dominion, 9 St. Sacrament Ftreet, Montreal. H. J. JOHNSTON, Gen'l Agent.	GENERAL AGENTS, S. C. DUNCAN-CLARK & CO. MANAGER,
The Canadian Mutual	ISAAC C. GILMOUR. Agent, Toronto. McKENZIE & OSBORNE, Agents, Hamilton.	Wm. CAMPBELL.
Fire Insurance Comp'y.	Montreal Assurance Company.	Toronto without reference elsewhere.
HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONT. The Purely Mutual System.	INCORPORATED 1840. CAPITAL (liable to call)	The Victoria Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada.
Farmers' Stock held insured anywhere on owner's premises. The Premium Note System affords a perfect guarantee	HEAD OFFICEMONTREAL A. MURRAY	Insures only Non-Hazardons Property at low rates. BUSINESS STRICTLY MUTUAL.
JOHN BARRY, A. EGLESTON. President. Vice-President.	BRANCH OFFICE-26 Wellington Street, Toronto. Local Secretary and AgentR. N. GOOCH. Iuland Navigation, also Ocean Risks (to and from Ports	GEO. H. MILLS, President. W. D. BOOKER, Secretary.
E. WILDE, Gen. Agt.	Great Britain) covered at moderate rates. 34-6m	HEAD OFFICE

.

Insurance.	Agents' Birectory.	Insurance.
The Ontario	GEORGE T. JEWELL, General Fire, Life, Ma- rine, and Accident Insurance Agent, Dundas Street, next door to the Federal Bank, London, Ont.	<b>ROYAL INSURANCE CO'Y</b>
Mutual Fire Insurance Company. HEAD OFFICELONDON, ONT. THIS COMPANY IS ESTABLISHED FOR THE Insurance of Dwelling-houses and non-hazardous	J. C. NORSWORTHY, General Fire Insurance Agency; District Agent Canada Agricultural; Com- mercial Union; and Imp rial of London, England; Tra- velers' Life & Accident, Ingersoll, Ont.	OF LIVERPOOL & LONDON-FIRE AND LIFE. Liability of Shareholders unlimited.
property in Cities, Towns, Villages, and Country. Applications for Insurance made through any of the Agenta.	<b>ROBERT RUTHERFORD, Fire, Life, Marine,</b> Accident, Insurance, and Real Estate Agent. Money to Loan and invest. Collections made. Stratford.	CAPITAL
S. McBRIDE, President. IAMES IOHNSON Secretary-Treasurer.	JAMES TROUT, Agent for Royal Canadian, Fire and Marine; Isolated Risk and Confederation Life Ins. Cos.; Canada Per. Build. & S. Soc.; London and Cana- dian Loan & Agêncy Co., Meaford.	HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA-MONTREAL. Every description of property insured at moderate rates of premium
HASTINGS MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company,	JAMES DEAN, General Agent for the Beaver and Toronto Fire and Live Stock Mutual Insurance Company, London. Ontario.	Life Assurances granted in all the most approved forms H. L. ROUTH, W. TATLEY, Chief Agents
Having raised a Guarantee Capital, now cover all classes of risks. Applications for agencies are solicited from qualified persons in all places not represented in Ontario.	J. E. THOMPSON, Real Estate Agent & Stock Broker. Agent for the Guardian Ass. Co., Agricultural Mut. Ass. Co., Waterloo Mut. Fire Ins. Co., 24 Adelaide St. East, Toronto.	H. J. MUDOB, Inspector P.Q. TORONTO OFFICE Royal Insurance Bdgs., Yonge St. P. H. HEWARD, Agent.
JAMES H. PECK, Secretary. Belleville, July 17, 1874.	JAMES H. PECK, Agent for Lancashire, Ætna, and JAMES H. PECK, Agent for Lancashire, Ætna, and Hastings Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Belleville, Ont.	Fire and Marine Insurance. THE BRITISH AMERICA
ST. LAWRENCE HALL MONTREAL.	D. W. COWARD & CO., Com. & Produce M r- chants, Agent for the Liv. and Lon. and Globe Fire and Lif., Com. Union Fire and Life, Andes Fire and Marine Ins. Co's, Ottawa	ASSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated 1833. HEAD OFFICE: Corner of Church and Court Streets, TORONTO.
F. GERIKEN, - Proprietor.	WM. MOWAT, Sect. Co. Perth Mutual F. I. Co., Ins. and Real Estate Agt, money invested in first class securities, mortgages in first-class securities for sale. Stratford O.	BOARD OF DIRECTION: Hon G. W. Allan, M.L.C.,   Hugh McLennar, Zan,
Further Improvements effected for this Season's travel.	DIXIE WATSON. Official Assignee, Fire, Life and Ac- cident Ins. Agent. First-class Companies represented. Money loaned, and collections made-Goderich, Ont.	George J. Boyd, Esq., Hon. W. Cayley, Peleg Howland, Esq., Jos. D. Ridout, Esq., Jno. Gordon, Esq. Governor:
CANADA AGRICULTURAL INS. CO'Y.	THOS. MILLER, Official Assignee, Accountant, Insurance-Fire and Life-and Real Estate Agent. Debts Collected. Money to Loan and Invested. Stratford, Ont.	PETER PATERSON, ESQ. Deputy Governor: E. H. RUTHERFORD, ESQ. Fire Inspector: Marine Inspector:
	KERR & ANDERSON, Official Assignees and Ac-	E. ROBY O BRIEN CAPT. R. COURNEEN. KAY & BANKS General A genets

Capital, \$1,000,000.

Office-245 St. James Street, . MONTREAL.

PRESIDENT :

COL. A. C. DELOTBINIERE-HARWOOD, D.A.G. VICE-PRESIDENT : WILLIAM ANGUS, Esq.

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND SECRETARY : " RDWARD H. GOFF, Eso.

INSPECTOR:

JAS. H. SMITH.

Western Branch Office, King Street, Cobourg, Ont. WM. T. FISH, General Agent.

J. FLYNN, Inspector.

This Company is organized for the purpose of insur-ing Farm Property and Private Residences, thus avoid-ing heavy losses from sweeping fires and hazardous risks. An arrangement has been completed by which this Company has the beenefit of the renewals and business of the Agricultural of Watertown, N. Y., which at once places the Company in possession of a large and profit-able business.

able business.

JAS. B. BOUSTEAD, Agent at Toronto. OFFICE-14 ADELAIDE STREET.

CURRIE & THOMSON. GENERAL GRAIN DEALERS

And Manufacturers of

Oat Meal, Corn Meal, Pot Barley, and Split Peas.

Mitchell, Ont-

gages bought. Office, 23 Toronto Street, Toronto.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Fire and Life Insurance Agents and Adjusters, representing first-class Com-panies through the whole of the Ottawa Valley, Ottawa.

GEO. A. COX, General Agent, Canada Life, East-ern Ontario Branch. Also agent for North British & Mercantile, Imperial, Commercial Union, Western and Hartford Fire Insurance Co's., Peterboro.

C. E. L. JARVIS, Insurance and Commission Agent General Agent, Queen Insurance Co. of Liverpool and London. St. John, N.B. 22

**ROBERT MARSHALL**, Notary Public, Agent for the Montreal, British America & Quebec Marine In-surance Co.'s and for the Imperial, Ætna, and Hartford Fire Insurance Companies. St. John, N.B. 22

S. E. GREGORY, Agent for Imperial Fire Insurance Co., Montreal Assurance Co., and General Commercial Agent, Hamilton.

OWEN MURPHY, Insurance Agent and Gommission Merchant, Telegraph Building, (basement) No.26 St. Peter street, Quebec.

JOHN GARVIN, General Agent for the Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., for Western Canada. Office, Toronto street, Toronto.

GEORGE A. YOUNG, Agent Hamilton Branch, Royal Insurance Company, Fire and Life, corner James and Merrick streets.

J. D. PRINGLE, Agent for North British and Mer-cantile; Provincial; Scottish Provincial, Life; Ætna, of Hartford, Inland Marine, Hamilton, Ont.

G. W. GIRDLESTONE, Fire, Life, Marine, Acci-dent and Stock Insurance Agent, Windsor Ontario. Very best Companies represented.

JAMES FRASER, Agent, Liverpool and London and Globe, and Sec'y Metropol'n Perm't Bldg. Soc'y, No. 5 King street West, Toronto.

PETER McCALLUM, Agent for the Lancashire Ins. Co.; Travelers Insurance Co.; Hartford Fire Ins. Co.; Western Ins. Co., of Toronto; St. Catharines, Ont.

F. B. BEDDOME, Fire, Life, Marine and Accident Ins. Agent and Adjuster, Albion Buildings, London, Ont. None but the most reliable Companies represented.

R. & H. O'HARA, Agents for Western, Queen, Andes and Hartford Fire Ins. Co., Travelers' Accident, and Canada Life Ins. Co. Bowmanville, On

sq. Esq., d. Esq; ...... Insurances granted on all descriptions of property against loss and damage by fire and the perils of inland Agencies established in the principal cities, towns, and ports of shipment throughout the Province; F. A. BALL, Manager.

727

#### PROVINCIAL

Insurance Company of Canada.

FOR FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

HEAD OFFICE .... TORONTO STREET .... TORONTO, ORT PRESIDFNT:

The Hon. J. H. Cameron, D. C. L., Q.C., M.P.

VICE-PRESIDENT:

VICE-PRESIDENT: Lewis Moffatt, Esq., of Moffatt, Bros. OTHER DIRECTORS: J. Campbell, Baq., of Campbell & Cassells, To-ronto. V. J. MacDonell, Esq., Pre-sident, Toronto Savings Bank, Toronto. A. R. McMaster, Esq., of A. R. McMaster, Esq., of A. R. McMaster, Esq., of A. R. McMaster, Esq., Vice-President Bank of Com-merce. Toronto. С

viga.ion. ni

- ronto. W. J. MacDonell, Esq., Pre-sident, Toronto Savings Bank, Toronto. A. R. McMaster, Esq., of A. R. McMaster & Bro., To-

President Bank of Com. W. Bay, S. W. merce, Toronto. Manager.-Arthur Harvey, Esq. Geo. A. Hine, Esq.. Asst.-Sec'y. Fire Inspector.-Wm. Henderson, Esq. Gene-ral Agent, Marine Department.-Capt. C. G. Fortier. Bankers.-The Canadian Bank of Commerce. Insurances effected at reasonable rates on all descrip-tion of property. Fairness in settlement and an equitable construction of Insurance contracts, are the invariable rules of the Company. ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

## THE ONTARIO MUTUAL

Life Assurance Company

Lite Assurance company I SSUE Policies on all the most approved methods. This Company is PURELY MUTUAL; its business confined to the Province of Ontario; its rates of Assu-rance are self-sustaining, yet lower than others on the participating plan. There being no Stock-holders, all dvantages go to the benefit of Policy-holders. Dividends declared yearly after Policies are three years old

WM HENDRY, Manager, Waterloo, On



V. P. and Asting General Manager.

Office-No. 64 Church Street, Toronto, Ontario

J. M. TROUT, Eusiness Manager.

728