

DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION, AND AGRICULTURE

VOLUMंE XVI., No. 8 ,
MONTREAL \& NEW YORK, APRIL 15, 1881.
SEMI-MONTHLY, 30 CTS, per An., Post-Paid

## JUST FOR ONCE.

The boys were very thirsty, hot and tired, and there was no cottage or farm-house near, where they could ask for a glass of water or milk, and to be allowed to rest and shelter for a little while from the heat of a mid-day sun. To be sure, they were out for a day's pleasure, and should have counted the cost, or else have provided themselves before starting with refreshments. But drinkables weigh heary, and so their mutton-pies and hunches of bread and cheese had been thrust into their pockets, with the thought, "Surely we can get a draught of water anywhere." The anywhere, however, was an empty dream just when most wanted, or only represented by a small wayside inn, which, accordingly, offered seductions such as had never been felt before by either of our two friendsJoe Morris and Robert Slater. They were steady, well brought-up lads, and had never entered a public house in their lives. Their parents had been cautions to keep them out of the way of temptation, and had never sent them for beer or spirits, in the thoughtless fashion that so many fathers and mothers send their children, seareely thinking of the harm it may lead to. So the boys stood in doubt before the swinging sign of the Red Lion.
"A glass of ale could do one no harm just for once," said Joe. "String us up for the rest of the walk-we've a long pull before us yet."
"Well, no," hesitated Robert, "may be not ; only I'd a deal rather have a good drink of water; but I suppose we could hardly ask for that here-eh?"
"Of course not; and that's what makes me think of the beer. I say, shall we try ?" "Well, I'm that parched, I could drink poison almost., Only they do say as it make's you awful dizzy when you're not used to it. Shall we see if they haven't got gingerbeer?"

Aye, to be sure, that's a good thought now," agreed Joe, who by no means desired the ale more than any other cool drink "Ginger-beer's prime. Only suppose as they have none."
The supposition was unfortunate y true and the landlord pressed his ale as of firstrate quality and worth all the sweet trash in the world. Fine young fellows like his two would-be customers ought to be long past such child's stuff as ginger-beer. There seemed no retreat. It was not alone the temptation of something-let it be what it mignt-to drink, but the host's words and manner that decided the matter, and two glasses of beer were ordered. Joe drank off his "like a man," to quote the landlord's expression; but Robert sipped and sipped in uncertainty. What if the strong beverage should get into his head and make him stupid
and silly. Should he ever recover his selfrespect, or be able to face his mother, after such a result ; let alone the thought of how he could kneel down at night to say his prayers, with the new stain upon his conscience? Better a score of times be thirsty and uncomfortable for an houror so, and even face the ridicule of his host, than permit the possibility of such folly. It cost him an effort to carry out his resolution; but what

ct of self-denial was ever yet accomplished ithout an effort?
"I'll leave the rest; I don't want any more," e said, flushing up under the landlord' derisive laugh.

But Joe, whose thirst was not yet satisfied and on whom the one glass had already exercised its too frequenteffect-a desire for more
was in no humy to be goné. Besides he was fiatteral by being thought manly ; and so it was not without an eye to his host's opinion that he aid waggishly:-
"Oh, there's no call to fluster one's self so. And I think I may as well finish your leavings for you ;"-stretching out his hand toward the half-filled goblet.
"That you sha'n't," said Robert, gaining in
determination at the sight of his friend's
danger ; and he caught up the glass, and, running to the door, emptied the contents on to the road. "Come, there's a good fellow, we've paid, so there's no call to linger." Joe, taken by surprise, and fully sensible too, of the other's wisdom, yielded at once, and with only a hasty, shame-faced "Good day, sir," to his tempter, who, strangely
he was touched by a sense of right, and secretly admired Robert's bravery? Who may say? Oftener than we dream, perhaps, a right action wins approval from the most perverted. Joe affected a little anger at Robert's proceeding when the two were once more on their way.
"I'm not going to ret you serve me in this fashion, I can tell you," he began. "You are not going to make a fool of me before folks just when you choose."
"You'd 'a been making a fool of yourself fast enough, if I'd let you," was the prompt reply. "I say, Joe, lad, you and I aren't going to quarrel over a matter like this, You know I'm right; I can see that plain enough. Why, isn't it reason that there's harm in it when one can't stop one's self easy like, lout has to let another snatch the temptation from one? If you'd finished my glass, next yon'd have been wanting another, and what 'nd have been the end of it? Who knows but you might 'a fiwisked off by turring a reg’lar drunkard, like old Simons? Why, I couldn't stand by and let you risk that, could I ?"
The reasoning seened unanswerable to the candid mind of Joe Morris, and he clapped his friend on the shoulder with a hearty :-
"You're right, old chap, and I owe you no grudge. You've more pluck than me that's about it. - That fellow goaded me on that, and being so dry. But I won't be so easy got over again, I promise you. And look you "-with a laugh-"when we get the chance of a drink of good water, it's you as shall have the first pull."
The chance came presently, and was eagerly caught at by both lads.
"No need to say just for once now," sagely remarked Joe, as he took breath after the first long, refreshing draught ; "eh old fellow $?$ "
"No," was the cordial response. "We won't put our necks in a noose, will we, any more?"
"Me partic"lar," said Joe, humbly ; "I've not your pluck to draw back and stand a laugh. As our teacher would say,- 'No good to pray, Lead us not into temptation and then run straight into it with one's eye wide open.'"-The Adviser.

The" Grimsby News" Says:-"It will be interesting to many to know that General Roberts, who has been doing such great things in Afghanistan, is a staunch teetotaler It is a good omen for the future of the army when generals so popular and so able as Sir Garnet Wolseley and Sir Frederick Roberts are so strong with their advocacy and their practice of temperance. The moral influence of such men must be very great in the army of such men must be
and in the country."


Temperance Department.

## JOE'S PARTNER.

by the author of "the babes in the (National Temperance Society, New York.) Chapter IV.-the unclean spirit.
There was no miraculous blessing on Kate Barber's little store of meal ; Saturday evening had come, and that little store was gone. There must be another trip to town. Something else must be sacrificed, that was plain. The shawl had been lost in the fright and darkness, but Kate had hardly given it
a thought in her joy at her husband's escape a thought in her joy at her husband's escape
and its deep, purifying effect upon his mind. and its deep, purifying effect upon his mind.
She took out her few trinkets; they had She took out her few trinkets; they had
better go than clothing that was really needed.
"You will have to go to town, Kate,"
said Harry humbly. " P dare not trust myself in temptation; you will have a heavy load to bring back-but maybe not so very heavy after all; you may not get an honest bargain."
Joe followed his mother into the inner room ; "I'll go with you and help you bring home the things," said the boy, as if his
little arms had the strength of a man.
Kate did not like to say to her chi
Kate did not like to say to her child that he must stay and watch his father, but she
gave him a significant look which he well gave him a significant look which he well
understoood, as she answered, "No, Joe, you must look out for things at home, and then you can come down to the road and help me
when I come back." when I come back.
"Yes, yes!" said the little boy soberly.
As his mother walked down the half-overAs his mother walked down the half-over-
grown path, he called after her: "Never fear, mother, you'll find it all right when you come home.
Kate hal not been gone long, when Harry, having put aside the few tools that had been used during the day, began to be restless-a no good. "Father," he said cheerfully, " am going into business ; I don't know exactly What kind of business yet; you can't gues Who is to be my partner."
Harry made a feint of guessing all the street-boys of the town-neighborhood where they had lived, and finally blurted out hastily "Don't be foolish, Joe! I don't feel like nonsense to-night."
daunted ; "I'm for work. I wish yothing show me ahout these sums mother set med last night ; I have added them up, but I don't know how to prove them.
Joe had great faith in Ben White's promise, though two days had passed, and nothing had been seen of the fisherman. Joe felt he was on the eve of going into partnership with a very charming young gentleman, and fancied that somehow his improvement in arithmeetic would help to make their business profitable ; now, he had an added motive for labored-over "sums" were right.
A pleased look stole over the little fellow's face, as he saw his father running up column after column with the greatest rapidity, and
really interested in what really interested in what he was about.
"How fast you can add, father," he said. "How rast you can add, father," he said, You must be a jolly book-keeper ; I don't
wouder Mr. Brown wanted your I I should Wonder Mr. Brown wanted you; I should
think anybody would like such a hand at figures; maybe well be keeping our own
shop some day, won't we, father, eh? We bhop some day, won't we, father, eh? We
won't sell any liquor, no, not a drop! If a man comes in and wants anything to drink,
we'll just say, 'We don't keep any such we'll just say, 'We
thing!' won't we?"
"Yes, indeed," said Mollie, who was sitting on the floor, just where she liked best to be, nestled close to "Brother Joe."

## Joe laughed.

"We sha'n't let.girls sell in our shop ; no, indeed. You'll be sitting in the back room,
with your sewing machine going like mad, making the most beantiful thing for ladies, just such as we used to see in the window at the big shop where the wax little girl turns round and round and never gets her hair
out of order. She isn't a bit like you-eh, out of order. She isn't a bit like you-eh,
Mollie ?"' Joe put his hand into Mollie's little
$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { mop of brown curls, which, to say the truth, } \\ & \text { did not look at all like the smooth locks of }\end{aligned}\right.$ did not look at all ilike the smooth locks o special admiration.
While they were talking on so merrily, Harry got up again and began to move about with an uneasy, anxious
bered Joe in a moment.
"Father," said the boy taking his hand persuasively, "Father, there are some awful
long words in my Sunday-school lesson for long words in my Sunday-school lesson for
to-morrow-won't you readit over with me? I sha'n't have a moment to look at it in the morning. It is a good bit of a walk from Harry could not help smiling at the boy manner-half-play ful, half-consequential. "Joe took courage at this hopeful sign and in a moment, and drawing his father to the door-step, he said

Come, we can sit here. And you, Mollie, you be quiet, and make believe you think "A poor minister I should be," thought Harry Barber, but he took the beok in "It's
It's "The fifth chapter of St. Mark," said Joe. "I've got to read it all through, right out in the class. It's my turn to-morrow, and my teacher said she expected me to go
right through it like a man. I've one verse to right throughit like a man. I've one verse to come to it, I'll stand up and say it. You see if I haven't got it perfectly."
Harry Barber had been proud of his reading as a young man, and now he felt a little pleasure in showing his child that
here, at least, his poor father could give him help.
Harry began in a loud voice, and a conscious, pompous manner with pronouncing and as if he was very familiar with the region
In fact, Harry had very little idea where the occurrences related in the Bible took
place. Indeed, he almost fancied it was in some other world thau our own, and by no means in places to which men could now travel and even stand on the very spots our
Saviour once visited in the flesh. Saviour once visited in the flesh.
As Harry read the description
with the unclean spirit, his manner changed into one of deep, unconscious interest. In ite poor victim tormented by the funclean
spirit he seemed to see a picture of tinself. His resolutions and his reformations had hitherto been as the fetters and chains the demon had broken at will, and truly it could have been said of him, "Neither could any man tame him." Yet Jesus had power to had known the poor man, an outcast roaming among the tombs, cutting himself with stones, saw him "sitting clothed and in his
right mind." Would he not have compassion right mind." Would he not
on poor Harry Barber too?
"If I only could beheve He would help me," thought Harry, and absorbed in his wn thoughts, he read on, not thinking of suat he was doing.
father 1 lity little Joe called out, "Stop I know." here comes my verse ; it's the next, Joe sprang to his feet and slowly and
reverently recited: "As soon as Jesus heard reverently recited: "As soon as Jesus heard
the word that was spoken, he saith unto the ruler of the synagogue, 'Be not afraid ; only believe,
is fathertle, earnest, solemn tones were to "is father as a voice from heaven.
"Be not afraid ; only believe.". That was the message for him, and in his heart he "Thank it up as his watchword.
"Thank you, Joe," said his father very gently, so gently that t
into his face in surprise.
"Didn't I say it right?" he questioned, with a puzzled look.

Thank you ; yes, child," said the father again, as he resumed his reading, and then

Harry closed the book
Harry closed the book reverently, and put it himself in the place carefully, as if it were
the casket that contained some precious thing.
Precions indeed to him that night had been the words of Holy Writ. The unclean spirit
that threatened again to triumph within him that threatened again to triumph within him
had been driven out. It might find a home with other poor lost men, but Harry Barber that night was not to be as the brutes who rushed down the steep place and were choked Kate Barber had but poor success in the sale of her paltry trinkets. The wretch
who bought such things not asking whether
they were stolen, or sold in the extremity o want, saw that she was in bitter need, and
would give her but a trifle for what he called
" Would give
So it happened that the wife had but light load comparatively to bring home,
She cheered herself, however, with the thought: "It is but 'daily bread, that God promises us, and He can help us when this little supply is gone."
Her step was weary as she trudged along the turnpike and her heart full of anxiety, Had all gone on well during her absence Would her husband be at home to meet her ? Coming rapidly toward her in the twilight, while yet a mile from home, she saw Harry stepping firmly along, Joe's hand fast in his gay as if it were morning
"Now we'll pretend we are robbers, eh father ?" said Joe, "and we'll take everything away from that woman walking alone on the road. You, Mollie, too; you must let her have it again if she cries like a baby Now, I'm the captain : come on, my boys, Now, m the captain: come on, my boys,"
said Joe with awful fierceness. "Here's luck sar us. Woman, we let no people loaded
for for us. Woman, we let no people loaded
this way pass us on the road. Somebody take the sack. That's right. Now, Mollie. Here give me the basket. Don't be frightened, woman, we won't hurt you. We are good
robbers, aint we, Mollie? We never kill anybody !"
Tired as she was, Kate could not help laughing at the merry party, and Harry with the sack on his back, and the old worn look gone out of his face, looked almost as fresh as his children, as his eyes sparkled to long a Kate smiling-smiling as she used again, as he did in the first days of their marriage.

## (To be Continued.)

## OUR OLD DOCTOR.

## by joy allison.

There wasn't a better doctor, nor a kinder man in a circuit of thirty miles, than Dr Gumison. He was sent for from far and near, and in serious danger all the younge hysicians looked to him for
The temperance movement had just begun at the time of which I speak, and its advo cates would have rejoiced to have Dr. Gun-
nison on their side. But he held himself nison on their side. But he held himself
aloof. He "didn't believe in temperance aloof. He "didn't believe in temperance pledges. A man ought to be able to keep
himself within bounds if he was a man. If not, he might as well go to the dogs."
They were not religious people-the doc or and his lovely wife-and if they had any creed it was made up chiefly of "don't believes." They had no children, and were all As time passel
As time passed on, people began to think and say that it would be as well for the doctor if he did believe in the temperance pledge.
Now and then they saw him oo by, swaying Now and then they saw him go by, swaying
from side to side on his faithful old horse from side to side on his faithful old horse-
as kind and intelligent a beast as ever man rode-or with head bowed low in a halfdrunken stupor. They watched him anxiously as he crossed the ford, which was somewhat difficult and dangerous in some about if bis the horse knew what he was seemed to accommodate his gait to the swaying figure on his back, as he stepped carefully along.

One evening we saw him approaching, in April, and the river was higher than usual, and we saw with alarm that the doctor was less fit to cross than we had ever seen him.
Father sprang for his hat, and ran out and hailed him. The horse stopped-of his own accord, I think-and then father went to the doctor and urged him to come in and stay till morning at our house. He urged the unusual
danger in crossing, and even made so bold as danger in crossing, and even made so bold as
to say, "You know you're not fit to cross to say, "You know y
there to-night, doctor!
He urged in vain, it appeared, for the doctor spurred his horse, and pushed on to the very edge of the strean. There he paused, and at length turned about and rode back to where father stood watching.
"I'll go back and stay with you, if you've will give it to me," he said.
Father could hardly believe his ears, but he answered quite coolly,
"I have one, and I'll give it to you with pleasure.
He led $h$ He led him in and seated him at a table
in the sitting-room, while he came into the kitchen where the supper table was spread,
to speak to mother to make ready a plate for him. When he returned to the doctor he was leaning forward on the table in a heavy sleep. It was vain to try to waken him, so he was left there till all the family wore him to go to bed, and he awoke. He was more himself now.
"Where's that pledge you promised to give ne?" said he
Wondering much whether he was consci and pen and ink, father brought the pledge hand signit. "I can
awhile," said the doctor, with a laue kept it
"And you mean to keep it ?" said father. went to bed leaving the document in father's hands
That pledge he kept faithfully for two years. And the doctor and his wife both seemed to grow younger and handsomer that wif or those years, Again and again out her thanks, my father's hand and poured her husband.

Thank God, madam, not me! And beg said my daily to uphold and guard him," dently ather always. She smiled contidently. They were not praying people. If
they had been, my true story might have had a happier ending. But there were those banded together for evil, who had pledged "good fellowship" by inducing him to break his pledge.
In an evil hour they succeeded. Once ally intoxicated condition. He fell from his horse and was drowned. Ged from knew whether it was accident or suicide. Many believed the latter. The wife went about woe-stricken, paltid, hollow eyed a little while, and then was seen no more.
"Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink: that puttest thy bottle to him, and makest him drunken also."-Watclman.

## A PAINTER WHO ESCAPED THE <br> COITC

Perhaps no artisan does more to put a In thus administering the house-painter. In thus administering to the pleasure and comfort of the people, it is much to be regretted that, as a rule, most painters pay a with lead in them constant confact has laid many a strong man low. In some parts of the country it is the common belief that every painter must submit to this painful disease.
A very pleasing exception to the general Lombard Street. Very extensive alterations Lombard Street. Very extensive alterations
were going on in one of the large banking houses. Whilst waiting for one of the partners, we stood near to a painter. He was a fine, healthy-looking man, and on entering into conversation with him, we found him to be as intelligent as he was good-looking.
"You have, I presume, my friend, had the colic-the painters' trouble ?",
"No, sir, I have not; I have altogether
escaped it."
"Then how long have you beẽn a painter?"
Twenty-one years, sir.
that trouble? I never met keep clear o that trouble? I never met with a twenty-
one year painter who had been free from the one y
"Well, sir, I think that painters often have themselves very much to blame for it.
Many of them go from work direct to their meals, and so are sure to taint the food they handle. Now, sir, I'm very particular in washing my hands and cleaning well under go to work at some gentleman's mansion, $m$ wife is sure to put a piece of soap and some soda into my bag. I can generally get hot
water, and Idissolve the soda in it a thorough wash, so soda in it, and have my hands from the paint, and I then cleanse my meal. There's another thing they had to do, sir, with my good health-both myself and wife are teetotalers. We never touch drink."
"But are you able to stand your hard work, exposed to all weathers, without beer?" out beer than I did work better withyears since I tonch not only in my health, but in Iam better

## THE HOUSEHOLD．

## A CASE OF DISCIPLINE．

It is very important not to allow your punishment to be cumulative－that is，not to heap one thing on top of another．Because
a child has done wrong and been punished， a child has done wrong and been punished，
to Yefuse him his good－night kiss，or some－ thing like that，is to a sensitive nature some times sheer cruelty．Remember that th child has not forfeited your love；you ar not angry with him，but with his offence，and may combine the strongest indignation against that，with the most loving tendernes and yearning over him．The punishmen over，and the child repentant，consider the matter settled，and never allow any one to taunt him with it afterward
Another important thing is to give the child time enough to understand what you do want，and to see the reasonableness o your commands．Don＇t spring at him in a highwayman，your－money－or－your－life fash－ ion ；＂Mind me instantly，or I＇ll thrash you．＂Many a child has been fairly startled into disobedience，by the suddenness of hi parent＇s commands，which aroused his natura resistance before he fairly comprehended what was wanted．Of course a parent must sometimes require instant and unhesitating obedience；but when children are accustomed to see that you have good reasons for your
commands generally，they will obey without commands generally，they will obey without
reasons when it is necessary they should．On reasons when it is necessary they should．On
this account punishments which give them time to think over matters are better than those which simply inflict pain．For in－ stance，if a child meddles mischievously，and you wish to teach him to let things alone， －tie up the offending hands，and make him sit still half an hour．You don＇t hurt him physically at all，as a＂smart whipping＂ would；but the restraint teaches him the
lesson without pain．If he runs away－tie lesson witho
up his feet．
up his feet． by telling you a little incident which happen－ ed in my own family only a few days ago． You know what a quick－tempered，impetu－ ous little whirlwind Mary was．She has wonderfully improved in self－control，and we haven＇t had any＂tantrums，＂as she calls them，for some time．Just before dinner is always a bad time for discipline，for the best－tempered child is apt to be cross when hungry ；therefore avoid the occasion as care－ fully as you would a conflict with your servant girl on Monday．It was at that
unlucky hour that I，unawares，and in the most innocent manner raised the demon temper：Mary passed in front of me as I sat sewing．It is a bad habit of hers，and I pleasantly told her to go back and go behind my chair．To my amazement she flew into a passion，and though she threw herself angrily back into her place by the window，
she absolutely refused to pass out behind she absolutely refused to pass out behind
my chair as I wished．What should I do Here was direct disobedience．She must obey me for her own good ；but how should I make her do it？Punish her till she did？ or appeal to her sense of right in the matter In the calmest voice $I$ could command in my surprise，I said to her：＂Mary，you know that it is perfectly right for mamma to ask you to do this．If you do it pleasantly it won＇t take you a minute；but if you are cross and ugly about it，you will grow crosser and uglier every minute，until by and by mamma will have to punish you severely in some way．＂Reaching over and kissing her forehead，I added，＂Mamma doesn＇t wer to punish you，but you must do as I say now how much better to do it of your own accord．＂But there was no response to this nothing but angry defiance inlook and tone I spoke more sternly this time－＂Now， Mary，you must do as mamma asks you to because it is right you should．Neither mamma nor you can go down to dinner till you are making us both very unhappy be－ cause you are determined not to do right．＂ Still there was no relenting．I arose and made preparations for dinner，showing that I expected she would do what was right－a seated myself again and waited．She was still angrily twisting herself about，and thumping on the window－sill．＂Mary，＂ said I very sadly，＂are you going to oblige me to make you mind me，by punishing you？ Can＇t you obey me because you love me and男保hty spirit in your little heart now That same naughty spirit makes grown－up people do t́ery，very wicked things；are you
going to let it have its own way now ？If
you do，by aend by it will be a great deal you do，by aend by it will be a great deal
stronger than you are．＂ ＂Why don＇t you make me mind you？＂ ＂said sullenly．
＂Because you know yourself just what you ought to do，and I want to give you can＇t wait a very great while．If you don＇t do it of yourself，$I$ shall have to make you do it，beeause，my dear child，God has given you to me that I may teach you how don＇t make you obey me，I shan＇t be obey－ ing Him．＂
ed a few minutes in silence．Sud denly she flounced out and rushed across th oom，passing behind the chair．＂There，I id it，＂she said angrily，＂but not becaus ＂Well wanted me to．＂
and do it because I wan ought to go back nhat to my surprise， what to my surprise，she walked back and
＂Now＂said I very
t come out as you pleasantly，＂will you ot come out as you ought to ？＂
I had arisen from my chair，in response to some call from one of the younger children， and reached my hand toward her．She came directly forward，took my hand and burs in my lap a few in my lap a few minutes，bathed her hot face and eyes，and said a few soothing words to her．The dinner bell rang，and we went the matter then，diverting her nind by some pleasant stories and cheerful conversation， and giving time for her nervous agitation to subside．After dinner，when I saw that she was quite calm，I took her to my own room，and taking her on my lap，had a long talk，telling her why it was we must obey－ everybody had to obey something；she would have obeyed the naughty spirit if she hadn＇t obeyed me．Ever since she has been hadn＇t obeyed me．Ever since she has been
old enough to understand it，we have always， after any naughtiness of hers，had a quiet after any naughtiness of hers，had a quiet talk about it，followed by kneeling down to－
gether and asking help from God to keep her gether and asking help from God to keep her
from doing wrong again；so I was not sur from doing wrong again；so I was not sur－ prised when she whispered in my ear，
＂Mamma，hadn＇t we better tell Jesus about it？＂And when t we better tell Jesus about roken by sobs， 1 heard her penitent voice orry I didn＇t want to mind forgive me and make me always mind her and you too，＂I felt she had learned a lesson in true obedience which she would never forget．－Scribner＇s Monthly．

## CURE FOR STAMMERING

Some years ago a famous professor came to a town where I was then residing，and an－ nounced that he could＂cure the worst cases gical operation．＂ten minutes without a sur－ inveterate case，and I advised him to an upon the wonderful magician．He called， was convinced by the testimonials exhibited， struck up a bargain，paid ten guineas，an soon called at my office，talking as straight as a railway track．
I was greatly astonished，and asked my friend by what miracle he had been so strangely and suddenly relieved of his life－ long trouble．He most provokingly informed me that he had made a solemn pledge not to reveal the process of cure．
I knew two other bad cases，ladies，and calling upon them，reported what had come to pass．They were soon at the professor＇s rooms，came away greatly elated，raise twenty guineas，went the next day，paid the question half an hour were ready，had the a single jerk．

I was soon made acquainted with severa other cures，quite as remarkable，and resolved to put on my sharpest wits，and wait upon he magician myself．He seemed an honest my mind to pay a large fee，and learn the strange art，with the privilege of using it to cure w art，with the puld Those who had been cured by the professor were solemnly bound not to reveal the secret to any one but my contract gave me the privilege of using the knowledge as I pleased．
And now I propose to give the readers of my journal a simple art which has enabled me to make very happy many unhappy failed to effeet the desired result，but in three－ fourths of the cases which I have treated the cure has been complete．The secret is imply this．The stammerer is made to mark done in singing．He is at first to beat on
every syllable．It is best at the first lesson of David＇s Psalms striking the fition，like one of David＇s Psalms，striking the finger on the knee at every word，then read in a newspape beating each syllable．Soon you need only beat on every word．You can beat time by striking the finger on the knee，by simply hitting the thumb against the for
doubt if the worst case of stuttering could continue long，provided the suffere would read an hour or two every day，with forough practice of this simple art，observ ing the same in his conversation．－Lewis Gymnastics．

## PROFIT FROM HENS

There are some farmers who say that it is a losing business to keep hens；but they pro－ duce no statistics to prove their assertion．
From a somewhat extended experience I can From a somewhat extended experience I can produce facts to prove that there is profit in keeping them．
In the year of 1845 I kept twenty－five hens，and the profit from their eggs was was worth seventy－five cents per bushel， and the average price of eggs for the yea was fifteen cents per dozen．Last year kept ten hens，and the profit from them，in eggs，was ten dollars．The average price o eggs that year was twenty cents per dozen while the price of corn was the same as in 1845．In this estimate no account was made of rent for the hen－house or for work in taking care of them，or for the guano－like fertilizer，made from their droppings，which is said to be worth fifty cents a year for each hen．
I
I now have nine hens，and during the 403 eggs．
In regard to hen－house and food，I will simply say that hens take delight in a dry， warm and cleanly apartment．They may be kept free from lice by a plentiful use of wood ashes，as I know from a long experi－ encs．I feed hens with meal of a mixture of oats and corn，boiled potatoes or turnips， in small quantities，green cabbage or early cut hay；In winter，corn，wheat，\＆c．，and little ment，and oyster shells，when they do not have the privilege of roaming in the froms
From
account of the experience and from a stric and the expense of of the product of eggs that there isense of food for hens， 1 know in keeping them．－P．L．Buell，in Phren．

Breast of Mutton Bolled．－Choose
Breast of Mutton Boileed．－Choose
lean breast of mutton，wipe it with a damp cloth，cut out all the bones from the under side，lay the meat，skin down，on a board， follows．Do not let the forcemeat reach within donn an men of the edges or the meat，and inch thick ；after it is placed on the meat roll it up tight a ter it is placed on it around with several pieces of tape or string， Put it into boiling water and boil it gemtly for two hours．Then remeve the strings， lay it on a hot dish，pour over it a little caper sauce or some of the gravy in which the turnips were stewed，and serve it with the turnips．
－Teach The Boys to be Helpful．－You make a mistake，mother，when you teach Jennie always to put her things in their right place，but permit Joseph to leave his lying anywhere．Do not wait so much on the boys．There should be one rule in the household，so far as order is concerned，for sons and daughters，not，as so often there are two very dissimilar rules．Let the boys
learn to make beds，and set the table，to help learn to make beds，and set the table，to help less manly，but more gentlemanly
Forcemeat．－Mix together one cupful of bread crumbs，one level tablespoonful powdered sweet herbs of any kind preferred， one saltspoonful of salt，quarter of a salt－ spoonful of pepper and one egg．－Miss Car son in Christran Union．
To Take Out Tar．－Something useful o know．How to taketar and shoemaker＇s wax out of clothing：Break an egg and take the yolk alone and rub the soiled parts in it water．
To Clean Waste Pipes．－Dissolve four or five pounds of washing soda in boilin water，and throw down the kitchen sink grease．Do this every few weeks．up wit


Find a word describing the first picture emove a letter and transpose the remainde transpose to form the name of the third，and so on until the last，which is one letter only

## EASY HIDDEN FURNITURE

1．May gotatablet for her Christmas present My father walks so fast！3．Such air a we breathe in our sehool－room is hurtful． 5．What ！not going to the party to－pight 6．Vic！Ribbons are out of place on school girls．7．What spool－cotton is the best t girls．7．What spool－cotton is the best to
use？8．Boys，stop that racket！9．Lily made skips going along to school every day．

BOUQUET．－（PARTLY PHONETIC．）
1．The beloved disciple，and an instrument which has been
derful results．
derful result
2．A piece of money and an adjective in 3．One of the formations of
and a 4．Half of a musical instru．

## ignifying to permit．

5．A falsehood and a want．
6．An important luxury of daily consump－ tion，and a prominent ar of Pharaoh＇s chief butler
7．An epithet applied to rigid Quaker－ esses，an
beauty． beauty
8. A
8．A youth celébrated in ancient my－ thology for his beauty and floral transforma－ 9．A
A useful animal，and what one does in
10．A ruling officer in ecclesiastical affairs．

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF APRILI．
Charade．－Crowbar．

## Diagonal Squares．



Astrai
$\operatorname{SPRAP}_{\text {TR }}$
RAP
A Y

## Charade．－Edison

Curtaid and Bohead．－Ban－e，Cur－b，Boa－z


## JOE UNDERWOOD ；

or，worth more than the sparrows．
（By Grace Stebbing．） chapter II．
The child needed no second bidding．The good meal and un－ wonted luxury of a warm bath had made him very tired，and he was soon fast asleep，while his new friend sat before a table with the contents of his purse and pockets spread before him，and a most rueful expression on hisface， which deepened as his eyes fell on the small shaved head lying on his pillow．
＂This comes of trying to be charitable，＂he muttered crossly． ＂Why couldn＇t I leave the little beggar alone，as any one else would have done！＂Although kinder feelings soon returned ing．What
they did not lessen his per－ plexities．This was Tues－ day night，and all that rent， personal extravagance，so－ called generosity to his pub－ lic－houses acquaintances，and his gifts to little Tom，had left him out of his last week＇s wages was a collection of pennies and half－pennies， amounting in all to a shilling and ninepence．If he spent sixpence out of that to bay a cap for Tom，as common justice seemed to demand， there would be one and threepence left to carry him over Wednesday，Christmas Day，Friday，and Saturday morning．He could borrow of his friends，no doubt，but that would bring him with－ in their influence again，and then，he knew well enough， all his fresh resolutions to turn over a new leaf would be broken down．No．It was no use sitting up any longer to think．He would get the boy his cap in the morning， and share with him what was left，and send him off．
＂Please sir，shall I go and make your bed？Missis has gone by the＇parly＇to her friends in the country for Christ－ mas，＂said the small servant，as Joe came down in the morning to go to work，wondering what ex－ cuse he should make for having locked his door．This piece of information made the matter very simple．＂No，＂he replied．＂Wait till I am in，and see that you don＇t make the place in a worse muddle than you find it．＂When he came back，between eight and nine， for a few minutes during the breakfast time，he was quite thank－ ful that he could not wait to do more than wash little Tom，put the cap on his head，and the pence in his hand，hurry him，half－asleep， down the stairs，and out of doors， and bid him a hasty good－bye． ＂And I hope you＇ll have a com－ fortable Christmas，＂he added． ＂A comferble Christmas，＂repeat－ ed the child wearily，as he sank ed the child wearily，as ho sank knew you cond be down upon a doorstep，and leant And there were tears in her eyes， Joe Underwood throughout that day．
＂What became of you last night？＂asked one of his com－ panions as the working day drew to a close．＂Had a headache，＂ said Joe Underwood，which was a true enough answer，as far as it went．＂It is not much better now，＂he added，＂so I＇ll be off horne ；good－night．＂And he took up his wide－a－wake，and hastened away before any one could com－ plain of his want of sociability， ＂Hollo！＂he exclaimed suddenly， as he stopped short in front of a doorway a few yards from his own abode．＂Why，＂he con－ tinued more quietly，＂you look as if you had been sitting here ever since I left you in the morn－
＂I aint doin＇no harm．On＇y watchin＇，I was，to see you once more，when you went in．＂
＂And what have you bought with your pennies？＂
＂Nuffin．I was＇fraid to go away from here fear I shouldn＇t remember your door．＂
＂And you＇ve been sitting here， and had nothing to eat all day， foolish little chap．＂
＂Oh，but I have had something to eat，and some beantiful hot tea too，＂said little Tom，losing his air of weary sadness in a rosy glow of pleasure．＂A young lady came out of your very own door a while ago，and asked me why I had been staying here all day， and when I told her that I was looking for you，and all about how good you have been to me， she said quite low，she always knew you could be very kind．
And there were tears in her eyes，
his cheek in his hand．And his and then she went away in again， attitude and tone remained with and came back with some toast，


## ＂WHY，HE＇S PERFECTLY BALD ！＂

and some hot tea，and this nice warm comforter．And when she took back the cup she said－
＂What did she say？＂asked Joe，whose face by this time was one deep glow of color．The child rose to his feet，and looked wistfully at Joe．P＇r＇aps you won＇t like me to say？＂＂Non－ sense，I ask you．＂＂Well，she said－she said－she hoped you would take care of me for Christ－ mas Day，and then she would give me some plum pudding，and p＇r＇aps some shoes．＂
＂＂Did she， then she shall have to keep her promise．Come along．＂And Joe ran across the road，and in at his own door with a joyous smile on his face almost as bright as that which beamed on the countenance
of happy little Tom．As they
which quickly dispersed all shy－ ness and reserve．The next half－ hour was spent by little Tom in eating an orange and a piece of cake，and by his companions in chat，gay enough at first，but gradually growing graver and full of emotion as Mrs．Williams＇s gentle kindness and earnest sym－ pathy drew from young Under－ wood a full confession of the downward course he had been following during the past few months，the remorse he had felt， as he thought of his mother＇s solitary Christmas，and the full e－awakening of conscience that had followed upon the child＇s terrible request for gin．
＂Who knows，＂said Mrs．Wil－ liams earnestly，＂but what you may have been indeed，as it were， entertaining an angel unawares， $n$ you took the poor little fellow in last night？It is such deeds that our Father loves，and I hope He will give you a fuller measure of His strength in the future． Meantime，＂she continued more lightly，＂you must let me have a little share in your good work，and since you cannot dine with your mother，I hope you and your little companion will dine with me．My married daugh－ ter has sent me up a hamper of good things，and it will be quite a comfort to have some－one to help us eat them． We know no one in Lundon， and Mary and I were won－ dering how ever we should get through them all．＂Thus comfortably melted away one of the chief troubles that had harassed Joe the pre－ vious night，and he and his charge mounted to his room feeling equally content．Mary and Mrs．Williams went out to do a little shopping，which resulted in a present to Tom， the next day，of a pair of crimson stockings，a pair of grey knickerbockers，and a pair of boots ；and with a bit of black velveteen she had by
mounted the stairs，the arawing－ room door opened，and Mrs．Wil－ liams said cheerfully：＂How do you do，Mr．Underwood？Won＇t you come in and sit down for a few minutes？Good Samaritans are not so common that we can afford to gradge them a welcome．＂ So speaking she called in little Tom，and Joe was obliged to fol－ low，blushing and half－blind with confusion at her praises，and the knowledge that Mary＇s eyes were fixed upon him．In putting up his hand awkwardly to take off his hat，he knocked off the child＇s cap．＂Why，he＇s perfectly bald！＂ exclaimed Mrs，Williams invol－ untarily．＂Yes，＂said Tom in his grave quiet way，＂he did that too．＂ And the air with which he seemed to imply that that was the greatest of all his benefactor＇s act，was so irresistibly comic，that the three her，and some blue braid，Mary her，and some blue braid，Mary
manufactured a light and tasteful little covering for his shaved head in doors．The whole four went to church in the morning together，＂as we used to do be－ fore father went to sea，and mother died，＂remarked Tom，his fair face radiant with pleasure at returning to a custom of the by－gone happy days．With a child＇s happy forgetfuiness of paintul things，the past few weeks of cold，and hunger，and misery， and gin－drinking，seemed to fade away，and as he sat by Mary at the merry Christmas meal，his blue eyes sparkling，and his rosy lips rippling over with laughter at the various things she did and said for his amusement，Mrs． Williams felt that indeed he had been cared for by One who has said，＂Suffer the little children said，＂Suffer the
to come unto Me．＂

Christmas Day was bright and enough to be apprenticed, when clear, and after dinner Mrs. Williams sent her daughter out for a walk with grateful Joe Underwood, and Tom. And while Joe made protestations, vows, prayers and promises to blushing, hopeful Mary, little Tom, holding by his patron's hand, sauntered along in a state of dreamy happiness.

After tea Joe fell into silence, his face lost all its sunny brightness, and grew so sad in its expression as the minutes went by, that sympathetic Mary found it an almost impossible task to go on amusing Tom. Mrs. Williams pitied him from her heart, as she guessed at something of the truth, and at last she said gently, "It is better to try and find some remedy for the past, than to give way to hopeless grieving over it, Mr. Underwood." He raised his head with a start, and then exclaimed with passionate remorse, "I have been a downright brute. If I grieved from now to my dying day it would not be enough atonement for having spent to-day in a round of enjoyment when, through my wickedness, the dear old mother will have passed hers in lonely weeping." You are quite right to feel sorrow for the past," replied Mrs. Williams still kindly "But I repeat my adrice to you to cheer up, and see if you can not think of some remedy for it, or some way of comforting your mother for her present pain.
" Although you have no money now, you will have your wages to take on Saturday, and why not send off the price of a return ticket to Mrs. Underwood, and get her to come to you for New year's Day, since your own holiday has been lost? Mary and I can easily find room for her, for two or three nights, if she will let us."

Joe looked at the good and thoughtful speaker for a few moments in the greatest amazement. Then a glad smile broke over his face, and jumping to his, feet he exclaimed, "What a splendid thing it is to be a good thinker If only she will come. But, good-night, she must ; I will spend the remainder of this evening in writing such a letter that the dear old mother will not be able to refuse me.'

And so he did, and on Saturday he sent it off with a post office order inside, and then obliged his master, and earned some extra shillings by completing some pressing work. The New Year's Day party that assembled in Mrs. Williams's room was even happier than that of Christmas, and there was no cloud to dim its evening. Mrs. Underwood was unspeak ably thankful that her boy's affections had been won by a maiden she could so gladly welcome as a daughter, and as for little Tom, he won her heart so far that she took him back with her to the country, and kept him, with Joe's aid, until he was old
enough to be apprenticed, when she brought him up to Joe's master, and made a home for him and herself with Mrs. Williams, the mother of her dearly-loved daughter-in-law. For pretty, gentle Mary had some time since felt she might trust her happiness to Joe's keeping, and the two young people had a quiet, happy home of their own within walking distance of their mother's. - Kind Words.

## JACK WILLARD.

Jack Willard is only a dog, but I'm sure you will think he is a very wise dog, when you read what I am about to tell you.
Jack's master has taught him quite a number of tricks; and, among them, he has learned to go to market alone, and buy his own dinner. Many persons, knowing this, give Jack money; and, as he always trots off to market, it often happens that he has a large pile of bones, and eats more meat than is good for him.

Jack's master did not like this, and, fearing that Jack might be made sick,told the market-man not to sell him meat more than once a day, but to take his money and keep it. Jack was very much surprised at, first, and no doubt thought the man very naughty and dishonest; but he soon learned that he could get meat for his money only once each day. Now, what do you think Jack did?

A gentleman who was very fond of him watched him one day, and saw him go to the stableyard, where he dug a hole near the ice-house, and buried the money. The next day Jack had no money given to him; so he went to the ice-house, and dug up the fire-cent piece which he had hidden, and bought his dinner. He has often been watched sincu then, and always carries his extra money to the same spot, and never forgets that he has money never forget
in his bank.

This is a true story; and the picture is made from a photo graph of Jack himself. He still lives, and still goes to market once each day.

## Aunt Jennie.

## MISSIONARY TOMATOES.

If all did as well for mission as Herbert did with his tomatoes, the treasury of missionary sncieties would be overflowing every month of the year. At the last Sunday school convention in Murphy's, Calaveras County, held in October last, a lad about fourteen years of age came to the superintendent and said, "I've got some home missionary money for you." "Who gave it to you ?" "Oh, I earned it all myself !" was his reply, and his bright eyes shone with joy. "How did you earn it?" "Well, last spring my mother had more tomato plants than she wanted, and I asked her to give me some. I planted them, and when the tomatoes were ripe I sold them and got my money.

"What did you get for them?" Sometimes three cents, and two cents, by and by one cent a pound. Here is one dollar and a half; I want it all to go to missions." "But, Herbert, who told you to do this?" "I told myself." "Didn't your mother ask you?" "No but she encouraged me." "Are you perfectly willing that all this money should go to missions, and none of it for marbles, toys, can dies, \&e.?" "Yes, sir." "How long are you going to keep this up?" "I hope as long as I live." 'One question more ; do you love Tesus? Have you given your heart to Him?" With a modes and serious expression of his sou oming out in his face, he replied, Yes, I have."
Ah, here was the secret. The boy turned aside from just so much playtime, from games and fun with the other boys, to work in the corner of the garden, carefully watching and tending the
vines till they yielded the bright red fruit, then selling it from house to house, because he loved Christ his Saviour.

Herbert and his mother belong to a home missionary church which has struggled for years to maintain the Gospel. He sees and feels already the need of selfdenial and work to sustain the Gospel in California, and so he has resolved to do his share as long as he lives. Will you do yours?-Word and Work.

## A MOTHER'S INFLUENCE.

I read a very pretty story the other day about a little boy who was sailing a boat with a play. mate much larger than he was. The boat had sailed a long way out into the pond, and the big boy said,
"Go in, Jim, and get her. It isn't over your ankles, and I've been in after her every time."
"I dare not," said Jim. "I'll carry her all the way home for you, but I can't go in there ; she told me not to."
"Who's she?"
"My mother," said Jim softly.
"Your mother! Why, I thought she was dead," said the big boy.
"That was before she died. Eddie and I used to come here and sail boats, and she never let us come unless we had strings enough to haul in with. I am not afraid, you know I'm not; only she didn't want me to, and I can't do it."

Wasn't that a beautiful spirit that made little Jim obedient to his mother even after she was dead?-Sunday School Messenger.

## "TWO CASH IS NOT ENOUGH!"

In organizing a missionary society in Kin-Kiang, one of the women, after hearing how much of the home missionary money is earned, said with tears in her eyes, Two cash a week is not enough. I want to give fire hundred cash a year! God has been very good, and taught me to repent of worshipping idols. Two cash is not enough!"
This woman was a widow, and had a bad mother-in-law, who demanded all her wages; and could scarcely keep enough money to dress herself comfortably, and was sometimes obliged to pawn a garment to meet the requirements of this heathen relative.
"And Jesus sat over against the treasury, and beheld how the people cast money into the treasury, and there came a certain poor widow," \&c.-Word and Work.

Three Things Christ Jesus is doing for us: 1st, "He has gone to prepare a place for us." (John xiv. 2.) 2 nd , "He ever lives to make intercession for us." (Heb. vii. 25 ) 3rd, "He appears in the presence

## 6

The Family Circle.
"BOUGHT WITH A PRICE."
Lord Jes:1s !
Alas! I seem far more mine own Than Thine, though Thou hast purchased me
Strong in weak self, I struggle on
Reckless of what was paid by Thee
That ransom price of flowing blood,
Outpoured to bring me to my God,
Wholly Thine own!

## Lord Jesus !

I have not many days to live,
Would that
Would that those days were spent with
Thee ; Thee ;
I have not any gifts to give,
Yet, Lord, Thou wilt accept
Yet, Lord, Thou wilt accept from me
The love this thankful heart woul pour
Into Thi
Into Thine own deep, boundless store.
This would I give!
Lord Jesus !
Take me, and make me wholly Thine My walk Thy walk, my thoughts Thy thoughts,
My words Thy words, in all I say Do thou, dear Lord, possess the whole. Make Thy will mine

## THE MINISTER WHO PLAYED

BY A, J. GORDON, D, D.
It will sound strange to hear even the suggestion that a croquet-mallet could prove a stumbling-block in the path of a minister of the Gospel. Perhaps it rarely could ; but the instance in question gives a curious
illustration of a little pleasure becoming a illustration of a
great obstruction.
It was in a pleasant country town, much resorted to by summer visitors. The young and cultured minister, fresh from his studies, and fond of congenial association, fell naturally into a large acquaintance with those
who spent the season in this beantiful resort who spent the season in this beautiful resort. pleasure-seeking; and in his calls among them he naturally conformed to their ways; and so it came about, in a little while, that the most constant and most conspictuous opera-
tor on the principal lawns of the village was the new minister.
Nobody, that we are aware of, raised the question of the propriety of his engaging in
this pleasant recreation ; but there was the this pleasant recreation; but there was the meet its demands; the poor and the sick and the neglected to be cared for ; and great
hopes had been entertained in the coming of hopes had been entertained in the coming of the new minister. The farmers, working
from sunrise to sunset, with not a moment from sunrise to sunset, with not a moment
to spare, cast questioning looks at the pastor as, passing to and fro about their work, they saw him constantly absorbed on some elegant lawn. The poor people, with rarely a day for recreation and clean clothes, used to wish their lot were easier as they saw the preacher so neatly attired, and so free and happy in
his out-of-door pleasures. One member of his out-of-door pleasures. One member of
the church-who, after his hard day's work as a vegetable farmer, was accustomed to walk several miles to hold a prayer-meeting
in an unprivileged locality, and of whom it was said that he had probably visited and prayed with every family for miles around his home-was noticed many times to cast a grieved look at the pastor, as he saw him of players, though no one ever heard him utter a word of censure. A pious lady of the church-whose daughter had been deeply vious winter and attending evangelistic services there-had invited the minister to tea, in the hope that he would take the opport to of flecision ; but the daughter and bring the church, with tears, how that, instead of the religious talk for which she had been so anxious, a game of croquet was proposed,
after tea, which continued till dark, with not
a word nor a a question about
ant theme.
heall
11 import
Thus matters went on. There was no harsh censure, no bitter carping about the new preacher, that we could learn of ; but thinking and the conviction had become by eroqut that the by croquet ; that the innocent sport had become, with him, an actual business, absorbing
his time, his interest, his enthusiasm, his energy, to stuch an extent that the seriou duties of his calling seemed really to have be The vegatal.
The vegetable farmer, of whom we just
spoke, was as remarkable spoke, was as remarkable for his discretion as for his zeal. He was a man of rare mental and spiritual endowments, and every one in the church conceded that his ability to say the right word at the right time was unsurpassed.
About this time the minister received from one of his parishioners the following letter :-
"Reverend Sir:-You may be somewhat surprised to learn that I, last week, cut down the splendid elm-tree that stood near my house, and which you so much admired when you were here. It cost me a real trial to put the axe to it, but I have done it. The reason is this: I have found that the garden, on which I depend largely for raising the vegetables which I carry to market, has been growing more and more unproductive year
by year. I could not account for this, since I have taken great pains to fertilize and till it ; but a few months ago I was speaking of it to an old neighbor of mine, who said, Why, friend Davis, don't you know the reason? It's that elm-tree. A flourishing elm-tree will ruin any garden for vegetables. You'll find, if you dig down deep enough, that it has been running its roots all under your garden, pushing them farther and farther every year, till now it is prepared to
suck the life and nourishment all out of the soil. I never saw a garden yet that held ont long if there was an elm-tree in it. It is sure, in the end, to get the life sucked out
of it.' On examining into the matter found it even so. The soil was completely interlaced with roots. There was hardly
a square foot where there was not a square foot where there was not a root
sucking. And I hadn't noticed it before because I had not dug deep enough. So, as I could spare the tree, and could not spare the garden, I concluded to out it down
"My dear pastor, I have learned a lesson from this, on which I have been thinkin much of late. May not we, as Christians, let some innocent pleasure grow up in the Lord's vineyard, that we are set to cultivate, which, though small at first, may soon be come very deep-rooted and wide-spreadin -which, before we know it, willsteal all th life out of our religion? And may it not be that the reason why the Lord has so littl fruit in our lives, is that so much of the vitality of our affections is drawn off and urned into the wood and bark and cluded that the Lord can get along withour cluded that the Lord can get along without ornamental trees in His garden, but He must
have fruit; and I never realized before how nuch meaning there is in those words of Scripture, 'And now the axe is laid unto the roots of the troes; therefore, every tree which bringeth not forth good fruit is hewn down and cast into the fire.' And I have prayed God that if there is any pleasure-tree in my life that is stealing the sap and nourishment that ought to go to bringing forth the fruits of righteousness and true holiness,
I will cut it down. And I have thought on I will cut it down. And I have thought on
the subject so much that I could not hel writing and telling you my experience Perhaps it may furnish you a suggestion for a sermon.

Yours, in the faith of the Gospel,
Davis Gardner."
We have no knowledge of the immediate
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{r}}$. Mr. - , as he read it; but in a sermon to it, thonohtis arter, he certainly alruded alluded to him. He preached upon amusements, and spoke, with a severity and bitterness very unusual for him, of those strait young every innocent enjoyment. He the very earnest as he pictured "the religion the future," as that which is destined to give scope to every natural delight, lifting up and out-door sport, and teaching men at and the great lesson, "how to make the beat of both

Meanwhile, croquet went on with almost desperate earnestness ; and Sunday after
Sunday there were sermons on, "The Duty of Cheerfulness in Religion; "The Dangers of Asceticism ;" "Rejoice, O Young Man, from Youn, from any apparent need in the congregation, and at the same time proceeding, so evidently from the preacher's own standpoint
that one text might have served as a fitting that one text might have served as a fitting
motto for all,-" "He, willing to justify himself.
The summer passed, and with it the tide of city visitors receded. The green lawns grew sere and gray as the frosts of winter
came on. In the church there was great came on. In the church there was great
sorrow over the prevailing spiritual deadness, unrelieved, as yet, by a single token of reviving, and, it must be said, by a single pungent, heart-searching sermon from the pulpit.
At one of the Friday-evening meetings however, a startling event happened. To the surprise and astonishment of all, the young lady of whom we just spoke arose, and, with to-night to declare my purpose to follow Christ as my Saviour. I have long felt this to be my duty, and I have wished so much for months that some one would only speak to me and tell me what to do; but no one has. Last night, however, as I was walking past the house of a member of this church, he left his work in his garden, and came to way so plain, and urged my duty so kindly that I promised I would decide for Christ, and confess Him. I do accept Him, and acknowledge Him now as my Saviour." This testimony, from one so well known, but whose interest in spiritual things up to this
time had been so unknown, broke at once the formalism that had so long prevailed in the prayer-meeting. All hearts melted and confession fter confession follor prayer and succession; voices that had not been heard for months broke forth into penitent ac knowledgment.
The minister sat, in the midst of it all, mouth was at last opened a dimb; hi mouth was at last opened, and his real Such a confession as he poured out! The fory which everybody knew-how a trivial mnocent recreation had so fascinated him did drawn the whole current of his life into its channel, absorbing his interest, his time his energy, that he utterly forgot every thing
else; how the kindest admonition of Christian friends liad failed to break the spell, and the work of the Lord had lain idle while the servant of God was at play. "And now," he added, "since I have been so beguiled and intoxicated and defrauded by this re-
creation, I can only think of it with dissust creation, I can only think of it with disgust,
and it seems as though I could never touch it again." "That was going to a useless extreme," you may say. "You need not But that, alas! is the penalty which we sometimes have to pay for the misuse of innocent pleasures; we are obliged to disuse hem, because we foolishly misused them. But we do not propose to discuss this never heard a better or more discriminatin sermon on amusements than one preached by our minister a year or more after this croquet experience, from the text, Prov. much as is sufficient for thee lest Eat so filled therewith and vomit it."-The Watchword.

## THE LADY'S GIFT

A few years ago a lady was walking along a solitary road, when two men of very disreputable appearance approached her. As for hip near, she anxiously looked around the dreary moor spread out on all sides, without one habitation upon it-escape was impossible, her heart died within her, and she bitterly reproached herself for having walked in that direction alone.
At that moment, when fear was at its lose b, a bird suddeny arose from the ground bright blue blossoms of the "forn, and the which clustered along the edge of the burn at her feet, met her gaze, and recalled her the wilderness belong whom the beauties of the wilderness belong. The flower brought a message of peace to her he
walked forward with calmness.
The inen soon came up, aud, as she ex-
pected, asked for charity
with me,"
"But we must have something," they said their eyes fixed upon her gold watch. The lady at once took out her pocke Bible and handed it to them. They looked surprised, glanced at each other, and with a polite bow returned the Book, and were
going away, when the lady in her turn begoing away, when the lady in her turn besaid, "I must entreat you to take this, it is of more value than silver or gold, for,
'What shall it profit a man, if he shall gain 'What shall it profit a man, if he shall gain
the whole world, and lose his own soul?'" She put it into their hands, and hastened away.
Tim

Time passed on, and the circumstance had nearly faded from the lady's remembrance, when a fearful accident happened at a neigh-
boring quarry. A large block of stone fell. boring quarry. A large block of stone fell; others very much hurt. As the "quarry village" was at some distance from her residence, the lady did not go to see the able chareter one day called upon her and asked her to go and see her husband, who, she said, was very ill, and the doctor did not think "he was long for this world." She accordingly went, and with some disgust ntered the filthy hovel pointed out to her. The loud angry voices, and the strong smell f whiskey which assailed her, before her eyes could recover from the blinding effects of the smoke that escaped through the door lone, almost induced her to turn. however, stood still for a few moments, and oon discovered a few tattered rags in the He raised himself on his elbow extended. He raised himself on his elbow as she approached, and holding out her old pocket It has indeed been more precions to ther that It has indeed been more precious to me than silver or gold ; it has told me of Christ and The lad
The lady gazed at his death-like features, the could not be mistaken, she remombered the man who in his days of strength had forgotten God, and who now, in the midst of ungodly acquaintances, seemed to be con-
fessing Him. She was much overcome, but seeing his time on earth was drawine, very near its close, she said, "Thank God, my friend, if this Book has told you of
Christ; but what has it teld you of yourChrist,
self ?"
"It
It has told me I am a vile sinner."
"And do you feel yourself a sinner?" she sked.
"Feel myself a sinner ?" he replied. "Oh, was there ever such a one out of hell-such a drunkard, such a swearer, such a Sabbathbreaker! Oh, I am indeed the chief of sin-
"And in what, then, is your hope?" enquired the lady.
" My hope is in Christ," replied the dying shown me my sins, but He has also shown me His* own righteonsness-in Him is my hope, and in Him is my salvation. loubted, but rejoiced the lady had ne longer had been lost, but was found again. After some further conversation, she enquired after some further conversation, she enquired after
his companion who had been with him when his companion who had b
she gave them her Bible.
"Ah, that is the sad thing, my lady; his i the sad story, poor man."
fell ?" exclaimed the lady. fell?" exclaimed the lady.
"Oh no, far worse than that. May God He seemed unwilling to speak, but when the room was somewhat cleared of its many thing is this. We took little thought of yon blessed book for awhile after you gave it, and we kept on in our wicked courses, till John, poor lad, took ill, and then he began understand the I thought his brain was turned; but I took the book myself, and soon I saw it was his heart was turned, not his hear. Oh, blessed be the God and Saviour of us both !"
"Well," said the lady, "that is indeed a matter of thankfulness. I do not under
"Ah, John, poor lad, you see, after both began to read, the girls there (meaning John's and his own wife) and the lads began to talk, and his riverence got hold of it, and Tim O'Neal was killed, and many more was not mauch better, myself one of them ; and after that his riverence came up, and said it
book without his leave. He left the house saying that he would bring us to justice, and
would tell the laird that we were poachers would tell the laird that we were poachers,
and so, my lady, we were, before the Lord and so, my lady, we were, before the Lord
in His love taught us better; and, to be sure, they have taken away poor John. They
could not take me, for 1 was badly ; and could not take me, for 1 was badly; and
when they ask him about it, he will have to say that it is all true, for you know he cannot now say wne word that God may not
The lady felt deeply for this trial of poor John's principles, but comforted his friend ly saying that if he was indeed the child of
God all things must work to ether for his good, and that she would pray for him. "Ah, prayer is the thing, my lady," the man - "prayer is the thing for dying
simners. Oh, pray for me too, that the Lord sinners. Oh, pray for metoo,
may be with me to the end!",
The lady paid several subs
her dying friend, and on each occasion visits to her dying friend, and on each occasion found him more and more confirmed in the faith. He lived to see "poor John" delivered from prison, and commence a quiet, sober, and
industrious life. He left his precious Bible industrious life. He left his precious Bible
to John, and with his last breathdesired him to John, and with his last breath desired him
to love that book above silver or gold. "For to love that book above silver or gold. "For
mind," saia he- "mind, 'What shall it profit a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and
lose his own soul $?$ "'Sunday Teachers' lose his
Treasury.

## BE COURTEOUS.

Sermons generally begin with a text, and so to-night I will give you a text, a little short text of two words only, which you will have no difficulty in remembering: these two
words are, "Be courteous."

You all understand what
teons; it is to be polite, and to think of other's needs. It is a part of good manners to be courteous to one another, and when
we see any one rude and forgetful in his behavior, we say of him that he has never
learnt manners learnt minners. But courtesy is even more
than this ; it is a part not only of good manthan this; it is a part not only of good man-
ners, hut also of religion. The Bible teaches us a great deal about courtesy in deed and word. It tells us to be getsle in speech and
manner, to be patient with one another manner, to be patient with one another, not
to answer again ; not to think only of our
own pleasures, nor to own pleasures, nor to choose out the best
places for ourselves. If in all such little places for ourselves. If in al such little
things as these we think not of ourselves, but of other people, then we shall be truly
courteous: fur courtesy is, in fact, " courteous ; fur con
ishness in trifles."
One day, at a crowded crossing, an old man was standing hesitating, afraid to venture
over. Just at that nommet a passed by, with her Prayer-look a youdg girl
arm, on her way to church. She sow the arm, on her way to church. She saw the old
man's dificulty, and, coming up to him, she took him by the hand and guided him carefully across the dangerous road. Then, with a pleasant simile, she turned back and went
on her way again. It was but a little thing, on the watch to help others.
Perhaps the time when we have most need ing ourselves the most. Our minds are then so full of our own pieasure that we are in
danger of being off our guard danger of being off our guard, and forget-
ting about other people's enjoyment. If ting about other people's enjoyment. If
thereis a treat of any kind-a magic-lantern thiereis a treat of any kind-a magic-lantern
or fireworks, or the like-we are tempted to push ourselves forward into the places where
we can see best, without a thought of the little ones, who perhaps are prevented from seeing at all.
It is impossible to say how much good
may not be done by one courteons deed Not long ago I read of a heathen soldier in India who was serving under an English captain. This captain was a very good man,
who by his unfailing kindness to his men made limself so beloved by them that any one of them would have been ready to die
for "the father of their regiment" as they for "the father of their regiment", as they
used to call him. Our soldier, like all the rest, admired the uprightness and unselfishness of this good man's whole life, and began
to wonder what was the secret of it. At last he thought that it must be his religion which made him what he was, and he said to himself, "Surely this man must have the true
religion." He longed to ask him about it but did not venture to do so, and though he twice went to his house, and was both times
kindly welcomed by the captain,still he could not bring himself to tell him what was in his mind. "I will make one trial more," he re-
solved. "I will go to him at dinner-time,
when when he is engaged, and then he will certainly
send me off." He went accordingly,
timed though his visit was, he still found his captain as kind as ever.
This patience, this courtesy, made a great impression upon the man, and he felt more encouraged to speak freely to one who had shown himself so kind a friend. Still, however, he delayed from day to day, and before he had persuaded himself to conquer his shyness, he was taken dangerously ill and
carried off to the hospital. As he lay there suffering and wretched, the door opened and in walked the captain, come on purpose to visit his sick scldier. He sat by his bedside Saviour. The man hardly understood what Saviour. to he man hardly understood what
was said to him, for his mind was full of his was said to him, for his mind was full of his
captain's kindness in thus remembering him and coming to visit him. As soon as be was well again he went to the captain's house and
asked him that question which he had deasked him that question which he had de-
layed so long- "What is your religion?" "I am a Christian," he replied. The soldier did not know much about Christianity, but he thought that the religion which made a man so good and brave and unselfish must be the true religion. He wished, he said, to become a Christian himself; and so, after he had been carefully trained and taught, he was baptized. To the end of his life he showed himself a true Christian, and died at last happy in the
thought of his Saviour's love. Thus the thought of his Saviour's love. Thus the
courtesy and unselfishness of one man led courtesy and unselfishness of one man led a
heathen soldier to believe, and brought hin out of darkness into light.
It is a great mistake to fancy that so long as we are courteous to grown-up peopie and
those above us, we may behave as we will to our companions and brothers and sisters. It is true that we may say and do to them many things that it would not be fitting for us to say and do to an elder person; but still we be courteous we begin to be selfish. A boy who is truly courteous will not say what he knows to be vexing to another or join in teasing him, because he will see that, though it may be amusing to himself, it is causing pain to another. So, too, he will not insist choven when he has the power-upon always choosing the games that shall be played at, or on forcing his own wishes upon the others just as if it were his own."
Lastly, be courteous in word as well as in a question taker you are spoken to or asked answer. It is as enoy to answer politely to answer rudely, and how differently every one feels toward any one-whether he be a rouble a grown-up person-who takes the answer pleasantly, ond one who answers carelessly or rudely! No one knows, until in their power to give to others, just by peaking pleasantly and courteously, for that "good words are worth much, and cost little." F. E. Arnold-Forster, in Sunday Magazine.

## BEING A TRUSTEE.

"Mr. Smith, I called to see if you would Trustee ! my dor insticution?
Trustee ! my dear sir, I have already as upon me since the death of Mr. Blank, and I was just looking about for help, not to undertake any more."
"Oh, we do not want your time or services; it need not give any trouble. Only "Trustee ; let me see" and I turn to the dictionary and read thus:
egally committed in trust, whom property is legally committed in trust, to be applied for the benefit of specified individuals, or for
public uses. One who is intrusted with propublyc uses. One who is benefit of others.
the integrity, veracity, justice, triendship, or the integrity, veracity, justice, friendship, or
rather sound principle of another person. Confidence. Reliance."
"Now, my friend, you see that is an insti-
tution of importance. You tution of importance. You have a large income, have you not " needed.
"And you ask me to become one of those public uses, with confidence that it will be properly applied, and yet tell me that I shall
have nothing to do. 'Only my name.' How am I to
applied ?"
the a
him.
"Yes, and the public trusts me. Suppose Mr. Sharpe does his duty by proxy, and takes the position without the work. How are we to know?"
soon find out. Besides, all these thinguld managed by one man. The trustees seldom have much to do with them."
"Then, my friend, let them be in the name of one man, and let the public look to "OH, but the public will not believe in a thing in the name of only one man. They want names they know."
my name to this man, of whom I know my name to this man, of whom 1 know so faith of the people. Lef me see: I am
worth a few thousand dollars. Would I worth a few thousand dollars. Would I hand
over the management of this money to Mr. over the management of this money to Mr.
Sharpe with no check of security, on the ground of my faith in him? Would you? I think not."
"But we have a treasurer."
"Yes, and he pays over moneys as expended by your trustee, for he is the only trustee, in fact, with written vouchers, to be
sure ; but who shall assure him that the money has been properly expended?"
"Oh, well, Mr. Smith, we will not urge you, if you object. Our list of trustees is
nearly full, and we wanted two or three more. You see we have many good names, and they have consented to act, without any trouble."

To act. To stand, rather, you should say. Wonder if they ever read the definition confidence in dictionary. A man to put My friend oft moth
My friend left me, and found other"names" without any difficulty, with which the public
was satisfied. Not long.
Not long after, there came to my knowledge a practical exposition of this trust. A
friend came to me for my help in looking friend came to me for my help in looking
into the affairs of an institution with which he was nominally connected, "For," said he, "they used my name and put me in without my knowledge, and the first notice I had of the appointment was the seeing of my name in print. It was too late to decline then, ns it had gone forth in all the reports ; so I mean to make the best of it and do my Sueh
and shouldered the whole had gone forward and shouldered the whole thing, controlled
the funds, managed the business, conducted the affairs, managed the business, conducted he aflairs, lived out of the concern, mismanaged as he chose; and whether he was very
honest and simple, or very shrewd and deep honest and simple, or very shrewd and deep
we never could quite determine. One thing we never could quite determine. One thing wasted; things generally in a bad state, and now came the time for the trustees. Instead
of being the officers and crew of the ship, of being the officers and
soon find it out." So said my friend Green, in his own persuasive manner. So when a ship is on a lee shore, you soon find it out; but if it had been your duty to keep it off
the lee shore, what then? the lee shore, what then?
I gave the assistance he requured to the
man who had been made trustee in spite of man who had been made trustee in spite of
himself, and we worked hatd and saved the ship. She was a good deal damaged, lost sails and spars, and it cost both time and money to refit; still she was not a total
wreck. But it taught mealesson, and you wreck. But it taught me a lesson, and you
will never find me elected trustee, except where I accept the trust and do my share of the duty.
I see plenty of institutions, monetary and charitable, religious and secular, where trustees give their names, and nothing else. And
there are cases where names are used with there are cases where names are used with-
out the consent of the owners. We are too careless. A poor widow came to me in great distress, having no one whom she could trouble for advice. She put some of her
money into an enterprise where she sow money into an enterprise where she saw the
names of men she had faith in, as trustecs names of men she had faith in, as trustecs.
The whole went to the dogs, and she lost her money; and when she went to one of these men, he told her he knew nothing of the management ; they used his name and gav him some stock, and he supposed it was all
right; he had never done anything. And right ; he had never done anything.
this man was called honest, as times go.
It is not long since a flagrant case came to light in one of our cities, where poor orphan asylnm for the orphan. Very likely it is go ing on. In this case the names of individual who were well known had been used without
ively forbidden it; and in other, cases entirely without the knowledge of those who Hut best right to the names
But this is. not nearly as bad as consenting tion of assuming the duties of the position. $-N . Y$. Observer.

Great Mischief often springs from a ittle neglect. For want of a nail the shoe was lost ; for want of a shoe the horse was
lost ; and for want of his horse the rider was lost; and all for the want of a little care about a horse-shoe nail.

## Question Corner.-No. 8.

Answers to these questions should be sent in as soon as It is not and adaressed Editor Norkhera MesmanarrThe number of the question and the answer. In writing
the ne mive merely letters always give clearly the name of the place where youlive
situated.

## BIBLE QUESTIONS

85. By what were the wise men guided to
86. How did the shepherds of Bethlehem know that Christ was born?
87. Who asked the wise men to bring him word where the young child was, and Why did they not do so
hat is the only incident in the boyhood of Christ mentioned in the Bible? re how many days and nights did Jesus
fast?
88. In what place was Christ when the people tried to cast him over the brow of a hill?
89. What miracle is connected with the call of Peter, James and John?
90. At what pool did Christ heal a man who had had an infirmity for thirty-eight

What city of Egypt was the birth-place of Paul's co-laborer, Apollos?
What woman did Peter raise from the dead?
95. What was the name of the mother of Timothy and of his grandmother 3 . 0 whom did Jesus first appear after his
resurrection? (

## bible acrostic

One born a prince and heir despised his crown,
For hunger made him dare to lay it down. This city merchant heard the gospel word, Lord.
This man at eventide did meditate Before he met his bride and knew his fate, He was a perfect man, and, fearing God Though tried by Satan's plan, could kiss the rod.
Of this Jehovah said, He can speak well She stood and silent prayed her grief to
My primals, he who seemed a stern, bold
Once fled because he feared a woman's rage.
bible questions in no.
They were destroyed by a plague. Num. xv. 36, 37.
62. The earth opened and swallowed them up. Num, xvi. 32.
63. Two hundred and fifty. Nunı. xvi. 35 plague was sent among them and died. Num. xvi. 49.
65. They murmured because they had no thing to eat but the manna, and as a punishment they were bitten by fiery serpents. Num. xxi. 5, 6.
67. Aaron, Eleazar. Num. xx. 25, 29. e passage of the Jordan. Joshua iii 68. Jericho. D
69. Jerob. Deut, xxxiv. 3.
70. Uzziah, for offering to burn incense in the temple. 2 Chron. xxvi. 16, 21. ylijh Ink of Elijah.Lukeiv. 25.1 Kings xvii. CORRECT ANSW ERS RECEIVED.
To No. 6.-James A. MeNaughton 11; F. J Grogan, $10 ;$ Frederick J. Priest, 10.
To No. 5 . Maggie Butherland, 12 ac ; Thos, F.
Neeland, 12 . Phebe A. Gertridge, $12 \mathrm{ac} ;$ M11a
Seymour, 12 ; Frederick J. Priest, 12 ; Fannle J. Seymour, 12; Frederick J. Priest, 12; Fannie J,
Grogan 12 Hizzie Ross, 12 ; Mary E. Coates, $12 ;$
Carry Hatileld, 12 Jacques Rene, 11 ac;
Richard W. Barnes, 11 ; Sarah Fowley, 11 Lizale at

## SCHOLARS' NOTES.

From the International Lessons for 1881, by Eavinn
W. Rice, as issued by American Sunday--school
$W$. Rice,
Union.)

## -

APriL 24.]
LESSON IV. [Abont 27 A.D.
COVETOUSNESS.
Luke 12: 13-21.
Сомmit to Memory vs. 13-15.
13. And one of the company said unto him,
Master, speak to my brother, that he.divide the Inherit thee with me
14. And he said unto him, Man, who made me
a judge or a divider over yon? 15. And he said unto them, Take heed, and be-
ware of covetousness: for a man's life consisteth Ware of covetousness: : $\begin{aligned} & \text { nor a man's life consisteth } \\ & \text { not in the abundance of the things which he pos- } \\ & \text { sesseth }\end{aligned}$ 16 Anc
16. And he spake a parable unto them, saying,
The ground of a certain rich man bronght forth plentifully
17. And he thought within himself, saying,
What shall I do, because I have no room where
to bestow w my fruits ?
18. And he said, This will 1 do 1 will pulldown
my barns, and bulld greater: and there will I be-
stow all my fruits and my goods. stow all my fruits and my goods.
19. And I will say to my soul, Soul, thou hast
much goods laid up for many years; take thine 20. But God said unto him, Thou fool, this
night thy soul shall be required of thee: then night thy soul shall be required of thee, : then
whose shall those things be, which thou hast pro-
wided 21. So is he that layeth up treasure for himself,
and is not rich toward God.

GOLDEN TEXT
Take heed, and beware of covetonsness.
LUKE 12:15.

## CENTRAL TRUTH.

If we love the world, we do not love God.

## InTronuctory. - The previous part of the chapter, vs. 1 1-1, contains a warning against hy- pocrisy, and the succeeding section

 against worley solicitude.
hie folly of depending upon worldly y possessions
for lasting comfort and happiness. The double conjecture has been made that the questioner
was unjustly treated by his older brother and
that he asked for more than his legal share. But that he asked for more than his legal share. But
the narrative simply tells us that he had mis-
taken the mission of Christ. taken the mission of Christ.
EXPLANATIONS.
Leesion Topics.-(I.) Unsatisfying Riohes
(Ii). Deceithul Riches. (111.) True Riohes. UNSATISFYING RICHES.- (13-16.) com-
PANY, the multitude listening to Christ, 1 , PANY, the multitude listening to Christ, v. 1 ;
WHO MADE ME, Christ did not come into the
World to settle disputes about lands; JUDGE, the
Rabbis settled dispntes. The questioner regarded World to settle disputes about lands; JUDGE,
Pabbis settled disputes. The questioner regarde
Jesus as a mere rabbi; ;NTO TH EM, he addresse
the parable to the crowd; coverousiess, forbid
den in the Tenth Commandment the parable to the crowd; coverou
den in the Tenth Commandment. 11. DECEITFUL RIOHES,--( $16-20$.$) THOUGHT$
reasoned $;$ WHITAT SHALL 1 Do, to preserve m
wealth reasoned Wirat shall 1 Do, to preserve my
wealh. He ought to have asked, "How shall
use it in the service of God ?" Jesus answers the use it in the service of God?" Jesus answers the
question, v. 33 , "Sell that ye have and give
alms." His mind was filled solely with thought
about the accumulation of wealth and its safe
lite about the accumulation of wealth and its safe
keeping; BUILD GREATER, he enlarged his barns,
but his heart became more narrow: MUCH GooDs..... MANY YEARS, he congratulated him-
self upon his large possessions and deceived him self with the notion that they would last him for
a long period. HIL. TRUE RICHES, (21.) FOR HMMsELF, he
Was selfish, and abused God's gifts. AII the riches
of the world cannot profit us to save our souls; was selfish, and abused God's gifts. All the riches
of the world cannot pooft us to save our spls;
HICH TowARD GoD, sich riches are neither un-
certain nor micm
certain nordeceltful. They are are neith and love
The meaning of the parable is well expressed Prov. 13: 7, "There is that maketh himself rich,
yet hath nothing; there is that maketh himself
poor yet hath yet hath nothing; there is t
poor yet hath great riches."
Practical Questions Suggested by tine
Lesson:- - 1. .) Why cannot riches add years to
our life? (2.) Why can we not takeriches beyond LEssov:- (1.) Why cannot riches add years to
our life? (2.) Why can we not take riches beyond
the grave ? Ps. 49:17. (3.) Where is the mine of
unsearchable riches? unsearchable riches ? Eph. 3:8. (4.) Whatdoes
he who is rich toward God gain by death? Phil.
$1: 21$.

## MAY 1.] <br> LESSON

LOST AND FOUND.
Luke 15: 1-10.
Commit to Memory

1. Then drew near unto him all the publicans
and sinners for to hear him. 2, And the Pharisees and
2. And the Pharisees and scribes murmured,
saying, This man receiveth sinners, and eateth
with them. ing, And he spake this parable unto them saying, What man of you, having an hundred sheep,
if he lose one of them, doth not leave the ninety
and nine in the wildernet and go after the and nine in the widderness, and go after that
which is lost, until he find it? 5. And when he hath found it, he layeth it on
his shoulders, rejoicing. 6. And ylien he come
gether his friends and
ther, his friends and neighborr, saying unto
them, Rejoice with me: for I have found my
sheep which was lost. 7.1 say unto you, that likewise joy shall be in
heaven over one sinner that repenteth, heaven over one sinner that repenteth, more
than over zinety and nine just persons, which
need no repentance. 8. Either what woman having ten pieces of sit-
ver, it she lose one plece, doth not light and sweep the house, and seek diligently till she
find it?
3. And when she hath found it, she calieth her
friends and her neighbors together, saying, Re-
joice with me; for I have found the piece which
I had lost.
4. Like presence of th
hatrepenteth.

I say unto you, there is joy in the
angels of God over one sinner

* GOLDEN TEXT.

Likewise, I say unto you, there is joy in
the presence of the angels of God over one the presence of the angels of tod ove
sinner that repenteth.-LUKE $15: 10$.

CENTRAL TRUTH.
God seeks and saves the lost.
Intronuctory.-The three parables of this
chapter, the Lost Sheep, the Lost Coin, and the cost Son, have all this in common, that something whables depict more especially the active effort put forth in finding that which was lost
The parable of the Prodigal Son describes the course and feelings of a wayward son, and the
courteous and warm love of the father who welcomes him back. The general object of the three
parables is to portray the love of God for the parables is to portray the love of God for the
penitent sinner. An excellent way of bringing
out the thoucht of the parables in this lesson is penitent simner. An excellent way this lesson is
out the thought of the parables in thent, Sought, Found
by representing the Sinner as Lost and Rejoiced Over.
NOTES.-PARABLE, in the New Testamenta
story or narrative used by our Lord to illustrate
religious truths story or narrative used by our Lord to illustrate
religious truths, There are thirty-one in the
Gospels.- $\$$ HEPHERD, a very ancientoccupation Gospels. - SHEPHERD, a yery ancient occupation,
Abel was a keeper or feeder of sheep." Gen. 4 :
2 , and the wealth of the patriarchs seemis to have 2, and the wealth of the patriarchs seems to have
consisted largely in their flocks and herds. The
shepherd leads the flock out from the fold over shepherd leads the flock out from the fold over
the narrow ways, seeks out good pastures,
the cherishes the feeble lambs, and guards them
against the attacks of wild beasts, as David did of
old, $15 \mathrm{~m} .17 ; 34-36$. These abound in Palestine old, is m. 17; 34-36. These abound in Palestine,
and not infequenty do the shepherds lose thei1
iife in the struegle. life in the struggle. Our Lord calls himself the
"Good Shepherd," John $10: 14$. For an excellent
description see Thomson's Land and Bock, Vol. 1., pp. 301-305.

## EXPLANATIONS.

Lesson Topics.-(1.) The Sinner's Friend.
(11.) THE Lost SHEEP. (111.) THE Lost Coin.
I. THE SINNER'S FRIEND.- (1, 2.) ALL, pecially sinners who had been guilty of the more
flagrant violations of the moral law, Luke $7: 39$; TO HEAR HIM, they were attracted to Jesus, be-
cause while he condemned their sins, he treated cause while he condemned their sins, he treated
them Kindly as men whom he had come to
Save PHARISEES AND SCRIBES, spurned rather Save; PHARISEES AND SCRIBES, spurned rather
than made effort to help the fallen; RECEIVETH, spoken in reproach. This was one
charges brought against the Saviour.
1I. THELOST SHEEP--(3-7.) WHAT MAN OF
vou, an appeal to that universal feeling which You, an appeal to that universal feeling which
impels us to seek what is valuable and lost; onk
of THEM, a single one is valuable and worth epof THEM, a single one is valuable and worth ef
fort, GO AFTER, Ohrist came to the earth to save
lost souls ; TILT HE FIND TT, persistent seeking LAAKETH IT ON HE HIS SHOULDER, does not punish
it, but carries it. So Christ hath borne our arie I, but carries it. So Christ hath thorne ourld to con-
Isa. $53: 4,5$, and came not into the wor but to save it, John $3: 17$; Lost, simers
dem are in a lost and undone condition when gra
finds them, Matt. $18: 11$; JUST, righteons. O Lord here refers to all such as are
their own estimation and think they do not need
to repent. The Pharisees might take this to to repent.
themselves.
III. THE LOST COIN.-(8-10.) TEN PIECES o IIV. THE drachme; ONE PIECE, equal to about 1s or stamp of the emperor, perhaps. So the sin-
the stand although lost, sall bears the image of God;
ner, ner, although lost, still bears the image of God,
DIIGENTLY, an earnest, painstaking search
Matt. $2: 7$, ANGELS OF GoD, it would sem from
this that the angels know what takes place on this tha
earth.
Learn these Lessons :
Christ came to call sinners to repentance.
Every soul is of great value in the sight of
Eot Every soul is of great value in the sight of
There is much joy in heaven over the penitent
oul. Christ is the Good Shepherd and giveth his life
for us. Iflus
Illustration.-Hope for the lost. "Lad. runtingdon was trying to lead To hor urgen
brother of Whitefield to Christ. To her
entreaties he answered, 'Oh, it is of no use! entreaties he answered, Oh, it is of no use!
am lost 1 am lost! 'Thank God for that'' sait
she. 'Why!' exelaimed the man in astonish ment. 'Because,'sald Lady Huntingdon, 'Christ
came to save the lost; and, if yon are lost, he is
jum came to save the lost ; and, if y
just the one that can save you

## A SIGNIFICANT STORY,

A wealthy banker in one of our large cities, who is noted for his large subscriptions to
charities, and for his kindly habits of private charities, and for his kindly habits of private
benevolence, was called on by his pastor one evening lately and asked to go with
him to the help of a man who had attempted him to the help of a man who had attempted
suicide.
They found the man in a wretched house in an alley, not far from the banker's dwelling. The front room was a cobbler's shop behind it, on a miserable bed in the kitchen,
lay the poor shoemaker with a gaping gash in his throat, while his wife and ehildren wer gathered around him.
"These people are starving," exclaimed the banker as soon as he caught sight of thei pinched, wan faces; and while the doctor was busy sewing up the cobbler's wound,
hurried away to procure fuel and food.
"We have been without food for days,"
said the woman when he returned. "It'
said the woman when he returned. "It"
ing, sober man. But he could neither get
work, nor pay for that which he had done To-day he went for the last time had done. a debt due him by a rich family, but the gentleman was not at home. My husband was weak from fasting, and seeing us starv ing drove him mad. So it ended that way,"
turning to the fainting, motionless figure on turning

The banker, having fed and warmed the family, hurried home, opened his desk, and took out a file of little bills. All his large
debts were promptly met quarterly, but debts were promptly met quarterly, but
he was apt to be careless about the accounts he was apt to be careless about the accounts
for milk, bread, \&c., because they were so petty.
He f
He found there a bill of Michael Goodlow' for repairing children's shoes, ten dollars. the banker's unpaid debt which had brought these people to the verge of the grave, and driven this man to degperation, while at the thousands in charity,
The cobbler recovered and will never want a small unpaid bill banker lives, nor will table.-Youth's Companion.

STAY IN THE COUNTRY
The Western Rural, published at Chicago Ill., in giving advice to young men not to "Octions say
the young man from the country find a desirable opening in the city and begin a desirable opening in the city, and begin a
successful career. The city is full to overflowing. There is no business that is not greatly overdone, and there is no business which cannot at any time be supplied with more help than it needs. There is no position now competency as it now is, and at a much less salary than the present occupant is receiving, almost at a moment's notice. Employer are usually willing to pay what services are help. Otherwise there is not a man or woman employed in Chicago to-day wo wonld filled have the som prosperons. Business is at its noontide of the marts of tha now ; and yet, while this is true, we have hundreds of young men who are either working for starvation wages or are wholly idle."

## THE TURNING POINT.

Some fifty years ago, in a revival at Yale College, a young man of promising talents became deeply serious. His father, who was a man of infidel principles, hearing of it, sent for his son to come home. He did not care summons was obeyed; he went home. And impressions, and remained unconverted. In impressions, and remated, studied law, and commenced practice in that profession. But ais life was a failure. He became a sceptic, acquired a taste for intoxicating a drunkard, and his father and friends came to support him and his family.
It might have been different. Had he remained in college under the influence of that revival, with many of his rellow-stuecrated he might have become alent to Christ, and have been useful in his talent to Christ, and have
his service.-American Messenger.

## JACK.

Jack is a boy who loves to please. It is hard for him to say "No," but he does say it when he cannot do right if he says "Yes." One day Ned Jones came to him
"No," said Jack, "not I! I hate to see a an smoke, and it's worse for a boy."
"Why ?" said Ned.
"'Beause a boy ought to have a clea mouth and a sweat breath," said Jack.
That's true, Jack, and so ought a man, but he will not if he learns to smoke while he is a boy. Yes, it is worse to see a boy smoke than a man, for it shows what the
man will come to be!-Band of Hope Review.

FOURFOLD RESTORATION.
One day a Kaffir girl in South Africa went a missionary and dropped four sixpences
You don't owe me anything," replied
You don
teacher.
"I do," she answered, "and I will tell you mised a sixpence to any one in the class I mised a sixpence to any one in the class I
was in who would write the best specimen on was in who would write the best specimen on
a slate. I gave in my slate and got the sixa slate. I gave in my slate and got the six-
pence; but you did not know then that pence; but you did not know then that another person wrote that specimen for me.
Yesterday you were reading in the church Yesterday you were reading in the church
about Zacchens, who said, 'If I have taken anything from any man by false accusation, I restore him fourfold.' I took from you one sixpence, and I bring ysi back four."-
Word and Work.

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us isur
cise efous use of such artiolls of dile up until strong
tution may be gradually buit
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weak point. We may escape many a atal shant
by keping ourselves well tortified with pin by keeping ourselves well tortified with pure
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