#### NEA A BOX." Sleepy. If a man is drowsy n the day time

xely to see again in man, self-sacrificing

d have adorned any

God being heard in

s, cathedral, or any

who ever denied it nd what I think few

leny, is that a church

the church that our

when he prayed,

one as Thou, Father, e. that they also may

world may believe

And also when he andment, "That ye

ve loved vou."

PERCIVAL JENNS.

As to the fine Dr. Helmcken con-

after a good night's sleep, there's indiges tion and stomac disorder.

noving the waste r which is clog-ure all Bilieus rders, and will leadache. nd Soluble Coating

ons, Ld. Montrea

# e Meekly Colonist.

and a B.C.B.G.A. parade.

NELSON.

(From the Nelson Tribune.)

rders from Ottawa.

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

Opening of the Session-An Incident-

The Debate on the Ad-

dress.

Newfoundland and the Dominion-The

Claims of B. C. Sealers

Brought Up.

ing. There were great crowds on Parlia-

ment Hill. The day was beautifully fine

ing, and it was certainly a lack of foresight

the parliament buildings. The Governor-

General, aides, troopers and flunkeys were

all well covered with dust. His Excellence

got a pretty cool reception on Parliament Hill, but not more so than his predecessors. An

enthusiastic Englishman, near the main

'Three cheers for His Excellency,'

ower of the Parliament buildings, called out

with no response. For the next five minutes

this presumptuous individual attracted

about as much attention in his vicinity as

the Governor-General himself. People

the Governor was reading the speech in French there was quite a buzz of conversa-

tion through the chamber. It was exceed-

ingly bad form not to listen to His Ex-

speech, "I won't read another word unless this talking stops." Black Rod walked

sharply the entire length of the chamber.

beautiful. It is questionable whether a sad

task of this kind has ever been better done

in parliament. They were the two pieces

Dominion. Ministerialist and Opposition

led to an important announcement on

oratory of the day. As for the rest there was not much debate in it. It was mostly talk. Mr. Laurier had some good humored

ness. It was a painful incident.

but met

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY: MAY 3 1895.

THE VANCOUVER MURDER.

Poor Pomelreau's Brains Mashed Into May Day Celebration at Westminster a Pulp and Then Fire Applied to the Body.

Smooth Faced Unknown Who Slept an Englishman in Sad Case-Mining in the Dead Man's Blankets and Left Money.

VANCOUVER, April 25.-(Special)-The Louis Pemelreau inquest was continued today, when a good deal of significant evidence was elicited. Officer Grady told that the axe supposed to have been used by the murderer was found in the Andrews cabin, and that Andrews said the fire in front was

were tied up ready to be moved, and as Pomeireau had said he was going to leave that day witness thought he was coming back for them. Frank Pidgeon, who formerly lived with them, came along and witness told him that he had better go to see if Pomelrean was getting on the train, because he had Pidgeon's watch. Pidgeon went to the station, and two hours later came back, saying he had not seen Pomeireau. Pidgeon then got the key of the cabin, and in about five minutes came back with his duties and the duties of the men. clothes all packed up and jumped on a street car and was gone. Next day he came ack and took Pomelreau's blankets, saying that he thought Pomeireau's blankets, saying that he thought Pomeireau took the train at Westminster the day before. Seven weeks ago Pomeireau got \$50 from home to bring him there, to St. Bernard, P.Q. He and witness spent the money for drinks, in two or three days, all but \$18, and since then Pomelreau spent \$5 or \$6 for washing and different things; and he said he intended to go to Seattle by boat and work his way back along the railways the best way he could. On Tuesday night witness went to Mrs. Turgeon's and asked if Pomelreau left any clothes there, being told in answer that he had left his good clothes. Witness then made up his mind that Pomelreau had not gone, and therefore.

reau had not gone, and therefore notified policeman Johnson that something must have happened. The policeman told him to look for Pomeireau, and at six o'clock next morning he got up to do so, finding the missing man dead a few wards from the In the chamber itself there was the usual for overwil in the galleries. Swelldom, for some unexplained reason, wis not as well some the processor of the chamber. A brilliant sufficient of the chamber of the property of the property

immediately after death, as shown by the blisters on the legs.

After further evidence, without retiring, the jury returned a verdict that "Said Louis Pomelreau was murdered by some party or parties unknown." Andrews was taken to the lockup and will be detained as a material witness.

Frank Pidgeon, mentioned by Andrews in his testimony is being looked for by the lockup and shares being his pro-

in his testimony, is being looked for by the police. He said when he left town that he perty.

of one of the most horribly brutal murders that has ever taken place in British Colum-

BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA.

London, April 25 .- Admiral Stephe commanding the warships in the harbor of Corinto, has telegraphed to the admiralty that other war vessels are on their way to join his fleet at Corinto, and that he is prepared to land 400 blue jackets at daybreak

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Postponed-Death of a Nanai. mo Pioneer.

Notes From the Nelson District.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER. VANCOUVER, April 25 .- An Englishman who arrived here with some £500 sterling and took a ranch between here and Westminster has gone through it all. He has no

com. Ald. Gallagher occupied two hours of the country.

The War Eagle recommenced shipping ore on the 9th inst. The I X L. tooks better than ever. Between thirty and forty tons of concentrates are awaiting shipment.
Work has been resumed on the Pilgrim and
Monita ground. A good body of fine looking ore has been struck on the Eldorado. quiry was continued until at the suggestion of the Mayor an adjournment was taken. Nothing sensational or of any importance was brought out during the investigation of the Chief's conduct as head of the police, and the crowd dispersed. The Chief's eviation of the conduct as the conduct as the chief's eviation of the chief as the 

VANCOUVER, April 26.—Numerous theories have been advanced in connection with the Pomelreau murder. Some are of the opinion that the murder having been committed with an axe, an Indian committed the deed. Others suspect a man who had a grudge against Pomelreau. Pidgeon has not contact the local description of the local description of the local description. Pidgeon has not contact the local description of the local description of the local description. The local description of the local descri Crown intimated that it was necessary in the interests of justice to retain him in jall. He expects to be back at Revelstoke by the Andrews declared he was quite willing to 15th of May with the pipe and other plant to work the hydraulic ground he purchased remain in custody.

H. W. Kent, manager of the Mainland

Hochelega, a suburb of this city. The fire, which started in the main building, made rapid progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and in a short time the whole a part of the progress and the p oould be made out. The officers had always obeyed him and the sergeant. There
was not one instance of disobedience. He
knew of no coal or electricity belonging to
the city being wrongfully used by the sergeant. It was quite right to accept rewards tendered by anyone outside the city.
The money for tearing down the shacks came
from ontside the city. which had been detained by the captain.
The second mate ordered them off and upon
their refusing to go, forcibly hurried their
departure. Police officers then went on obard the Howse, remaining there until she left port.

Yesterday morning Richard Richardson, one of the pioneer miners who came from England in 1854, died. He had been ill for some time,

WESTMINSTER. New Westminster, April 25 .- An at-New Westminster, April 25.—An attempt was made by auctioneer Trapp on constitution battled strongly against his ail-Wednesday to sell the immense acreage of

Hon. Timothy W. Anglin has been appointed Clerk of the Surrogate court in succession to the late Sir James L. Robinson,

leco, coroner's jury has returned a verdict of

VOLUME XXXVII. NO. 21 accidental death in the case of William Bears, killed by the discharge of a gun at

ter is determined to celebrate the Queen's birthday as well as the 10th of May. There will be a championship lacrosse match, a championship bicycle race Col. Baker and the British Columbia Members Doing Good Work.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Patrick Smith, guard at the penitentiary, who had been suspended from duty for a breach of discipline, has been reinstated by

Manitoba Legislature to Be Disselved

—Cost of Dominion Voters' -Cost of Dominion Voters' List Revision.

The colachan run is prodigious. In one haul a single net contained 7,500 fish, or 50 buckets fall, which readily sold at 25 cents (From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, April 25.-Hon. Col. Baker is stilizing his time here to good advantage. He to-day visited the Provincial Normal The Hall Mines are calling for tenders for school for the purpose of inspecting the their tramway. The work is to be done workings of the kindergarten class. During

Prospectors are getting out on both sides of the Kootenay river below the town, attracted by the known auriferous character

W. J. Gage, of Toronto, is here to urge the government to grant aid towards erecting a national hospital for consumptives.

Dr. McLeed's minority report pronounces strongly in favor of prohibition. It says Canada's drink bill annually amounts to \$143,000,000.

Hon. Mr. Foster has promised his budget speech for next week.

Mr. Reid's bill to amend the civil service act proposes to wipe out the present board

The total cost of the revision of the voters' lists will be about \$200,000. The proceedings in the house to-day were very flat and uninteresting.

HUDSON'S BAY RAILWAY.

the deed. Others suspect a man who had a grudge against Pomelrean. Pidgeon has not been found; it is thought he has gone East. George Andrews, the material witness in the case, was brought before the police magistrate this morning. Officer McLeed stated that Andrews had been living with Paralrean before he was murdered. The TORONTO, April 25.—(Special)—The con-Sutherland president, and Donald Grant, of Faribault; Foley Bros. and Mr. Guthrie being connected with him. Under the terms of the contract the first 125 miles to work the hydraulic ground he purchased must be completed in a year and the entire last fall. Mr. Atkins is confident that 250 miles be ready for traffic before January

The steamer Lytton is again running be-tween the Wigwam and Northport. Last Tuesday she took 30 tons of ore from Trail Tuesday she took 30 tons of ore from Trail to Northport and 60 tons yesterday. As ore is coming down from Rossland to Trail at the rate of 40 tons a day, even now when the road is in bad condition, the steamboat company will have to get a hustle on to take a pretty good rustler, and the chances are he will keep all the ore that is offered moving. The Kootenay will probably have all the Siecan ore moved within ten days.

The No. 1 mine Alpayorth is running. DETROIT. April 25.—The Detroit authorian operation. The prosecuting attorney, after sifting all the evidence, has come to the conclusion that he would be unable to make a sufficient showing to ask for the extradition of Rev. Mr. Bell on a oriminal extradition of Rev. Mr. Bell on a criminal charge. The evidence, it is said, shows that while Bell was responsible for Miss Hall's condition, and sent money to relieve her, it does not show that he actually procured the commission of an abortion.

#### AYER'S Hair VIGOR Restores natural color to the hair, and also prevents it falling out. Mrs. H. W. Fenwick, of Digby, N. S., says: "A little more than two years ago my hair beg a n to turn

one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. FENWICK, Digby, N. S.

Growth

board the Howse, remaining there until she

extend over some months and he will be ac-

George T. Hawley, ex. M. P., has been ap-pointed successor to the late Sheriff Pruyn

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder

so pure or so great in leav-

ening power as the Royal.

of Hair.

"Eight years ago, I had the varioloid, and lost my hair, which previously was quite abundant. I tried
a variety of preparations, but without beneficial result, till I began to
fear I should be permanently bald.
About six months ago, my husband
brought home a bottle of Ayer's
Hair Vigor, and I began at once to
use it.—In a short time, new hair
began to appear, and there is now began to appear, and there is now every prospect of as thick a growth of hair as before my illness."— Mrs. A. Weber, Polymnia St., New

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S. A. Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headach

During the first two or three weeks of the session when the house has time to consider them, the bills are not ready, consequently short sittings of the house are in order. Then when every bill has been printed in both languages and can be considered, the government perhaps steps in and grabs the day upon which such bills may be discussed. The suggestion has have made eartain progress one session, provided it be not the first session of a new parliament and the member in charge of it still holds his seat, such bill should be taken up by the house at the stage at which it OFFAWA; April 20.—Parliament is once up by the house at the stage at which it stood on prorogation day the session before. This would save a good deal of time and work for many weeks to come. Speculation would facilitate the progress of many excelis rife as to its possible duration, but those lent bills. By universal consent it seems that the

who spend their time in this way do so to who spend their time in this way do so to no advantage, as it is impossible to foretell how long the country's legislators will be of the Manitoba legislature is announced in here. Since last session there have been that the matter was one which called for the May. Those who spoke yesterday conceded that the matter was one which called for the carries of wise statesmanship on the part of the Manitoba government and legislature. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was one which called for the carries of wise statesmanship on the part of the Manitoba government and legislature. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was one which called for the carries of wise statesmanship on the part of the Manitoba government and legislature. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was one of the Manitoba government and legislature. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was one of the Manitoba government and legislature and heard alone and is too weak and sick to work his land. He says he has no relations to help him, and is calmly waiting to see what Providence will do for him.

It is care of James Bates the charge of the cause." There was a disposition to find fall at the language of the remedial order and are being rapidly put into position. The atmosphere was suffocating the cleak of their late leader a beautiful dead of the course of the Kootenay river below the town, as the matter was one of the Manitoba government and legislature. And results and bread alone and is too weak and sick to work his land. He says he has no relations to belp him, and is calmly waiting to see the said that the matter was one of the Manitoba government and legislature. And the matter was not relations to the formerly occupied by Pomelreau. G. L. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was not relations to the formerly occupied by Pomelreau. G. L. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was not relations to the formerly occupied by Pomelreau. G. L. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matter was not relations to the formerly occupied by Pomelreau. G. L. Andrews, who was next called, said that the said the matter was not relations to the formerly occupied by Pomelreau. G. L. Andrews, who was next called, said that the matte floral emblem with the words "His memory green." The opposition were not slow to emulate the action of the ministerialists with regard to their old colleague. Mr. tion. One cannot but admire the ease with which he glides out of dangerous places. Geoffrien, the deceased member for Ver-The opening day's proceedings passed off without any extraordinary incident happen-As yet he is unpledged and uncommit-ted. He wriggled out of his quandary yesterday by stating that while he was amyesterday by stating that while he was ambitions enough to advise His Excellency yet he was not going to advise the advisers of His Excellency. With this and a few other observations of a slippery nature Mr. Laurier left this ticklish subject, and neither of the ministers who spoke after him entered and warm, and this doubtless contributed in a large measure to the success of the outdoor proceedings. Last week Ottawa was revelling in mud; this week the dust is fly. on a discussion of the question on its merits.

Col. Prior has not lost any time in bringon the part of the civic authorities not to have sent out a watering cart and sprinkled the roadway from Government House up to ing before the government the claims of the C. sealers, who for years have been waiting for the money justly due them on account of the losses sustained by the sefzures in 1886 87. Mr. Earle will heartily cooperate with Col. Prior in the repre tions which he proposes to make to the gov-ernment. If the Imperial authorities decline to advance the sum of \$425,000 by way of loan to the sealers, the two members from Victoria will strongly back up the re-commendation of the B. C. Board of Trade

looked at him as if he had just escaped from vance the money. From present appearances the government intends to rush business. The bill of fare presented in the Speech from the Throne is not a very elaborate one. Consequently there will be no difficulty in facilitating the In the chamber itself there was the usual

that the Canadian government should ad-

after 6 o'clock this evening flames were discovered in Macdonald's tobacce factory, the largest of its kind in Canada, covering several acres of ground on Ontario street in cellency, but the crowd were simply para-lyzed when they heard the representative of Her Majesty interpolate this sentence into the middle of the French version of the Hochelaga, a suburb of this city. The fire, calling out in strident tones, "Silence in the galleries." A pin could have been heard drop on the floor, so deathlike was the stillress. It was a painful incident.

From present appearances the debate on the Address is going to last several days. Six members spoke on it yesterday, and I am free to confess that the speeches were not of a very high order. The eulogies pronounced upon the late Sir John Thompson by Mr. Laurier and Mr. Foster were beautiful. It is questionable whether and

chaff at Sir Charles Tupper, and he was fol-lowed on the same line by Sir Richard Cart-wright. The reliability of the ministerial press came in for comment, and every time an opposition speaker referred to Sir Charles Tupper's reported expressions in regard to the Ottawa correspondents it was great pie for the Opposition. To an old resident of the Capital and one who has sat in the galpresentation of his position with reference the Capital and one who has sat in the gal-lery to the right of Mr. Speaker for many years, it was gratifying to hear Sir Charles Tupper say that he had never given utter-ance to the expressions attributed to him, but on the contrary the interview was the work to that subject, says: "The Premier evidently desired Manitoba to take the ques-Tupper say that he had never given utterance to the expressions attributed to him, but on the contrary the interview was the work of some imaginative Grit newspaper man, who evidently had no love for his Conservative confreres at the Capital.

Certainly the most important topic mentioned in the whole debate was the admission of Newfoundland into the Canadian Dominion. Ministerialist and Opposition stage be reached. In whatever share it stage be reached. In whatever shape it comes up, the opposition cannot divest itself of its own responsibility in the premises. It thrust the question into parliament and it must vote upon it." expressed their willingness to receive the lagging colony into the Dominion. Mr. Laurier's observation that the French shore question should, however, be first disposed

of, led to an important announcement on the part of Mr. Foster, viz: that negotiations had so far progressed that, with the approbation of France, legislation would be passed by the Newfoundland assembly at its lumber company with a million dollars capitation. be paved for the settlement of this tiresome on Lake of the Woods limits. Prominent

matter. It is surmised that this is one of the ease of the Pooles limits. Prominent the reasons why no announcement has up to the present been made as to the progress of the negotiations which have taken place along with Newfoundiand. In a very short sime, however, all the papers will be presented to parliament, and we shall soon know what the papers will be presented to parliament, and we shall soon know what the papers will be prospected are for rounding off the confederation by adding another "Gateway" to our great House of the Dominion.

A Port Artiur dispatch says the local matter to get the Dominion.

A Port Artiur dispatch says the local matter to get the papers will be presented to be an exceedingly difficult but it seems to be an exceedingly difficults matter to get any public bills through unsers they are taken in hand by the government.

In the belief that it will afford, time for the good offices which Ambassador Bayard is understood to be instructed to exert in Long of the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the sale of the subject to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant to understood to be instructed to exert in Long on the usual \$200 grant for two secure an extension of the description to ecure an extension of the subject to the subject to the subject to the

pared to land 400 bine jackets at daybreak to morrow if the British demands are not complied with by midnight to-night. The warehips are lying close to the shore in order to protect the landing party, which the admiral says he will cover with 29 guns.

Washingron, April 25.—Advices from Managua at midnight indicated that Nicaragua will probably not pay the indemnity to-night, when the three days' grace expires, but will allow the British forcast to occurs.

Wednesday to sell the immense acreage of land known as the Foord estate. The land was offered in five sections. That between the Fraser river and Brunette street was offered at 40 per cent, below the assessment of 1894; that portion on Brunette river at 40 per cent, that portion on Pitt river at 40 per cent, that portion on Pitt river at 40 per cent; the Lulu island property at 40 per cent; the Lulu island property at 40 per cent, that portion on Pitt river at 40 per cent; the Lulu island property at 40 per cent;

ragua will probably not pay the indemnity to-night, when the three days' grace expires, but will allow the, British forces to occupy Corinto. This course will probably be taken in the belief that it will afford time for the good offices which Ambassador Bayard is understood to be instructed to exert in London to secure an extension of ten or fourteen than to make up any deficiency in the salary

pointed successor to the late Sheriff Pruyn in the county of Lennox.

The body of Robert Claxton, a machinist, who disappeared from his home a couple of weeks ago, was found in the bay yesterday. It is supposed to be a case of suicide in consequence of ill health.

## The Colonist

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1895. A GOOD MOVE.

Everyone who knows anything about the Island of Vancouver desires that the E. & N. railway should be extended to Comox. Such an extension would open up a large has the only graving dook on the Pacific Coast of America, the defences of the place, which are now being pushed on rapidly. trade and the settlement of this part of the Prevince. The E-quimalt & Nanaimo Rail-the Warspite in 1892 3 occupied the single way Company are prepared to go on with dock for three months, its inadequacy

of the grant being given and requesting the surroundings, it attracts numbers of holiday Dominion members to take steps to secure it with California has perhaps had something during the present session of Parliament. with California has perhaps had someoning to do with raising the rate of wages and The members of the Board know that the cost of living. Here we see the Far West extension of the road will be a benefit to the begin to merge into the Far East. At whole community. We are guite appet that whole community. We are quite sure that their fellow citizens are of the same mind, and we hope that they will attend the meeting to be held on Monday in force. A strong backing of the electors of the city strong backing of the electors of the city strong backing of the most strong backing of the electors of the city with the advanced guard of that Chinese host which many believe only steady resistance can prevent from in the Dominion house, Hon. Mr. Laurier paid the following tribute to the leader of the house, Hon. G. E. Foster: "I have now a more agreeable task to perform. I will give myself the pleasure of extending to the Minister of Finance my sincere congratu- back laid about him vigorously, and told that anyone is perfectly justified in questions." whole community. We are quite sure that | Victoria, we meet with the advanced guard and the country will materially held Messrs.

Earle and Prior in the work they are asked to do. We are quite sure that ninety-nine to do. We are quite sure that ninety-nine to do the position he now occupies. I am not surplied to the finited space to do the position he now occupies. I am not surplied to the poc would energetically back up the Board of of Mr. Parkin's standing and ability will do Trade and the Dominion members in their more good to this city than all the disparageffort to procure aid for the extension of the ing remarks of jealous and mercenary oritics E. & N. line. It is not to be supposed can do harm. The "Studies" appeared that the Company will be greatly or immediately benefited by the construction of the extension of the line. No one expects best class of readers in the Empire, and his best class of readers in the Empi

#### THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

very slow in commencing the construction of he is regarded by those who are in a position the Nicaragua Canal. The undertaking is so to form a correct estimate of his work as a clearly needed, and the great advantages to most reliable authority on all that relates to ginning to end, and asking where the indis-United States so manifest that it is most difficult to conjecture what it is that is holding back the Government of the United States and its men of enterprise. That and the Manitoba School question came besome powerful influence has been exerted to fore the representatives of the people for hinder and to retard this great work is the discussion, the Leader of the Opposition conclusion at which everyone who gives the would come out manfully and state his opinproject serious consideration must arrive. ions on the subject. Those who believed What that influence is, and how it works, this had no idea of the wonderful political is with many still a matter of conjecture. and rhetorical agility of the Leader of the It is now known that the administration is Liberals. If there was ever an "Artful favorable to the construction of the Canal Dodger" in the world he is one. If he is with the help and under the auspices of the Government of the United States. If any doubt existed as to this a letter reasonably addressed to Dr. Guzman.

Dodger" in the world he is one. If he is determined to evade a subject and to refrain from expressing himself upon it clearly and definitely there seems to be no one in Parture addressed to Dr. Guzman.

Dodger" in the world he is one. If he is determined to evade a subject and to refrain the United States. If any definitely there seems to be no one in Parture addressed to Dr. Guzman.

Dodger" in the world he is one. If he is determined to evade a subject and to refrain the United States. If any definitely there seems to be no one in Parture addressed to Dr. Guzman.

Laurier said the order was too dictator.

Laurier said the order was too dictator.

Dodger" in the world he is one. If he is determined to evade a subject and to refrain the usually current coin, softer, and weighed more or contained more gold than the usually current coin, softer, and weighed more or contained more gold than the United States coin. Here is a chance for crazy numismatics! It is, however, as

interoceanic canal under distinctively American auspices and in the interest of dependent states of this hemisphere and of the world's commerce, is a necessity, the importance of which is shown to grow more istence. vital with each passing year. In the President's judgment the speedy realization of the work is one of the highest aims toward which the two governments can move in friendly accord, and no effort will be wanting on our part to bring about so desirable a result, with due regard to all the vast in-

It can easily be seen from this that if President Cleveland possessed the power to is very seldom that the man who is qualified legislature, in spite of the defiant expressions previously used, to warrant them of this, that or other kinds of the defiant expressions previously used, to warrant them of this, that or other kinds of the defiant expressions previously used, to warrant them of this, that or other kinds or o President Cleveland possessed the power to power of the President of the United States worker. Slipperiness and strength do not proper course. In their calm and cool Constitution says nothing. Scheming men possessing immense wealth outside the deals with the school question is a marvel men who have contrived to obtain seats in any definite expression of opinion. He the Legislature, when they combine, can criticises and carps, and chaffs and finds frustrape the best intentions of the Presi- fault, and does everything but say what, in the Dominion, instead of giving it that calm dent and his Cabinet, and prevent the nation his opinion, the Government ought to do in and cool consideration it demands, comes obtaining advantages which it badly needs. the matter. His final dodge, which is real. down to Haldimand, gets upon the stump, But unpatriotic factions and combinations ly an excuse for his slipperiness and inde-But unpatriotic factions and combinations by an excuse for his slipperiness and indewill not always prevail in the United States. Siniteness, is wonderfully clever, because it When common sense and true patriotism get is so exceedingly plausible. After asking form in the country. will be constructed.

#### AN APPRECIATIVE VISITOR.

A good many Victorians believe that there is a powerful influence at work to injure their city. Disparaging remarks are made about it whenever an opportunity offers, and it is, they say, often ignored altogether. Jealousy of Victoria and determination to prevent its advantages and its beauties from being known, they say, are and not, we submit, the language which a sides of the house if they could make out, from the few sentences with which the hon. gentleman had finished his tirade on

Those accused of traducing and belittling merbidiy sensitive. However that may be, what he could to place obstacles in their ed faces of his colleagues he thought they Victoria has had a visitor, and he a very inflaential one, who is not disposed either to

who is not disposed either to

who is not disposed either to finential one, who is not disposed either to difficult.

sprang into importance when gold was uncovered on the Fraser River. The wealth then gained has been increased by the mining, sealing and fishing industries and by its being the chief central of wholesale supply for the In this Province. In this last particular it still holds its own against the rivalry of Vancouver. The immediate vicinity of E-quimalt with which it is connected by tram. the extension, provided they can get the meet the prior rights of the navy and the opponent? usual Dominion subsidy of \$3,200 a mile.

We are glad to see that the Board of lish look. With a climate like that of the Trade have taken the matter up, approving warmest parts of Devonshire and picturesque

of the extension of the line. No one expects it one compared in the line construction will no doubt be read extensively in both Europe and indirect benefits which its construction will confer on the population of the whole Island. There are few better writers or confer on the population of the whole Island. They take more and greater risks than the other inhabitants of the Island, and are not other inhabitants of the Island, and are not so sure of receiving a corresponding benefit.

They take more and greater risks than the other inhabitants of the Island, and are not other inhabitants of the Island, and he has visited every so sure of receiving a corresponding benefit.

They take more and greater risks than the other inhabitants of the Island, and are not other inhabitants of the Island, and are not so sure of receiving a corresponding benefit.

They take more and greater risks than the other inhabitants of the Island, and are not other inhabitants of the Island, and are not of Island. The Dominion of Canada is to him an open book. He is a native of New Brunswick, and he has visited every so are in the history of the world. (Applause) This was duties of his office with as much credit to the world in the last twenty-five years in the history of the world. (Applause) This was duties of his office with as much credit to be judged in this respect. It have faint hope and no faith whatever. I may depression that had occurred in the last twenty-five years in the history of the world. (Applause) This was duties of his office with as much credit to be judged in this respect. It have faint hope and no faith whatever. I may depression that had occurred in the last twenty-five years in the history of the world. (Applause) This was duties of his period what he wy depression that had occurred in the last twenty-five years in the history of the world. (Applause) This was duties of his period what he world in the last twenty-five years in the history of the world. (Applause) Is an isolate one.

Before taken one.

Before taken description of Victoria that he is careful and accurate and not given to over state-There are many on the Pacific Coast who ment. This is well known now, both here wonder why it is that the Americans are so and in the mother country, and this is why

#### ARTFUL DODGING.

It was thought that when Parliament met

Laurier has exercised in evading subjects, and in befogging them, but the day may come when they will find that Mr. Laurier's ability to deal with a difficult and an unpleasant subject is not at all proportionate to his skill and agility in avoiding it. It

The passage in Mr. Laurier's speech that Legislature, and designing and mercenary of evasiveness. Never once does he go near the upper hand in the Republic, the Canal what the Government's message to the Manitoba Legislature means, he goes on to say :

" Until this is settled I may be pardoned if I allude to my own self. I read the Conservative papers and paper after paper has done me the honor of calling upon me to

Hon. Mr. Poster in criticising lion, Mr. Laurier's speech on the address thus speaks of Mr. Laurier's delightful indefiniteness: advise the advisers of His Excellency. I confess I am ambitious, perhaps though unworthy, I may be told, to advise His Excel- definite maledictions, and begun to talk

visers of His Excellency." shown in a hundred ways, some of them patriotic statesman ought to hold when protection, as to what should be the pandealing with a subject of great difficulty and try. (Hear, hear.) Instead of plunging great importance. If the Government succeeds in settling this Manitoba difficulty Victoria deny very emphatically that they do anything of the kind. They wish well to this distribution of the kind. They wish well to the declare, and speak well of the settling this Manitoba difficulty and day, his non, iriend had indusped in a good deal of persifting with reference to the amusing instances, he being the authority, which were taking place and had taken place in this city, they declare, and speak well of when he reflects that the settlement was her whenever they have a chance. The ineff-cted and the danger averted without his had alluded to the wars between two facjustice and the injury done her exist only assistance; that instead of aiding the Gov. in the imagination of some of her citizens who are unjustly suspicious and
do not mistake, he promised to do—he did

Bowever that may be

assistance; that instead of aiding the Gov.
eroment to do what is right—which, if we
do not mistake, he promised to do—he did

and as he looked on the happy and content-

their support and sympathy to the Governtheir support and sympathy to the Government of the day. The spirit they evince was shown in the London Times the other day when it commented upon the way in which Lord Kimberly replied to a deputation of Lord Kimberly replied to a deputation of sympathizers with the oppressed Armenians. The reply of Lord Kin berly," said the Times, "to the deputation which waited commend itself alike to the good sense and to the conscience of the nation " This from a friend would be very high praise; what are we to say of it as coming from an

Can anyone, we ask, Conservative or the Hon. Mr. Laurier has dealt and is dealing with the Manitoba School Question, will commend itself alike to the good sense and conscience of the people of Canada?

#### WELL MERITED TRIBUTE.

#### THE SCHOOL QUESTION. During the discussion on the address in

the Dominion House of Commons Hon. Mr.

Foster defended the government against Mr. Laurier's charge that they had been indie creet in issuing a remedial order by a review cretion came in. Mr. Laurier had touched the subject very gingerly. He complained of ministers making decided utterances and talking a great deal. Certainly that criticism did not He had not Mr. Laurier himself. been talking much. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) Mr. Laurier had spoken of leaving the Conservatives to fight out their own family quarrels, but where? In the old Liberal stronghold of Haldimand. This excuse was too thin to put before the electors. As to there being two versions of the order, there were no two versions. There was only one order and it spoke for itself. People might come to different concludefinitely there seems to be no one in Parthe Nicaraguan Minister in Washington, by Secretary Gresham would dispel it. That letter contained the following passages:

I can add little to what has been so ably and earnestly said on many cocasions here-tofore touching the deep conviction felt by

definitely there seems to be no one in Partha Laurier said the order was too dictator, and samply the act of a sheriff passing on an assigned for stopping the mint was assigned for stopping the mint was assigned for stopping the mint was too dictator. It is not the point. It requires a great deal of skill and more effrontery of a certain kind than almost anyone possesses to do this. But Mr. Laurier can dodge an issue longer and more skilfully, we verily believe, to force touching the deep conviction felt by

two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is, however, as for crasy numismatics! It is, however, as well to let them know "that only about two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is not only about two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is not only about two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is not only about two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is now well to let them know "that only about two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is, however, as well and not mine. Had I advances and abourd the force as a stable to the them know "that only about two of the stable to the unit was stable to be them know "that only about two of these pieces were made," but these and are scattered abroad I have all two views among the Liberals. Mr. Laurier said the order was too dictator. It is not the unit was the did not mine the United States coin. Here is a chance of the value of the united States coin. Here is a chance of the value of the value of the value of the united States coin. Here is a chance of the than any man living; and when he has succeeded in keeping clear of the point and of concealing his thoughts he can face his audiconcealing his thoughts he can face his audimaking a clear statement of his own post concealing his thoughts he can face his audience as innocently and as smilingly as if he were the most open and artless person in existence.

There are many who appear to admire the There are many who appea degree at this present time. On that socount I deprecate the action of a member of the Manitoba government in the province of Ontario within the last ten days. The difficulty arises in Manitoba; it can only be cured completely by Manitoba herself. The but in lieu thereof there was merchandize of order was considered grave and serious enough by the Manitoba government and which, in my view, is a very wise and tween the blankets, shirts, grey cotton, noments they are to deliberate upon the question, to come to conclusions and to the currency did not change, the articles formulate their decision. Yet the Attorney General of that province, one of the cabinet who has to take the matter into grave consideration and come to a conclusion which involves the peace and prosperity not only of that province, but of all other parts of

#### LAURIER'S DELIGHTFUL INDEFIN ITENESS.

lency, but I am not ready to advise the ad. about the remedy, how delightfully indefinite. He appealed to gentlemen on both

deal more with actualities. Then the hon. Some provincial trade. It is not disposed either to ignore her or to treat her unjustly. That visitor is Mr. George R. Parkin, one of the most eminent of Canadian literary men. In a book which he has lately published, "The Great Dominion; Studies of Canada," Mr. Great Dominion; Studies of Canada," Mr. Parkin dees iustice to British Columbia.

Darkin dees iustice to British Columbia.

difficult.

Mr. Laurier professes to be an admirer of gentleman had spoken of the elections of the often been said that "srade follows the flag," but a more important factor in trade of Mr. Dobell, and to prove his contention and read the principal planks in that gentleman's platform, which, in the main, had been the creed of the Liberal Conservative of the Liberal Conservative of the less than the principal planks in that gentleman's platform, which, in the main, had been the creed of the Liberal Conservative of the less than the United States, and this after a circular of Mr. Dobell, and to prove his contention and repid transportation.

Our people generally regret and wonder why the now famous Kootenay mining countries.

Victoria, B.C., April 27, 1895.

very wisely favored an increase

ment of the internal resources of the country. (Hear, hear.) The hon. gentleman had made much f the ofact that Mr. Dobell favored a fair reciprocal treaty with the United States. (Hear, hear.) That was Can anyone, we ask, Conservative or what the Conservative party had assistance of our representatives, in having Liberal, honestly say that the way in which favored for years. (Hear, hear.) But Mr so potent a factor to an increase of our trade Dobell had not said that he was in favor of unrestricted reciprocity (hear, hear and applause) or of having trade relations with any country which involved disrimination against the rest of the world. Hear, hear.) Although he had favored owering the tariff in so far as it could con-

> depression, they would ask him by-and bye me an injustice, and I venture to think that for a satisfactory explanation of his theories if he will read his own letters and my reand to point out why it was that in the plies carefully he will find that the gravagreatest and almost the only free trade men of the charge is that I do understand. ountry in the world there was to-day and The calculations I made and referred to had been for the last four or five years a were clear and plain. They disproved Mr. series of depressions in agriculture unknown Wilson's statements. But I went further, in the previous history of that island, and and, besides disproving his calculations and which were exercising more serious thought comparisons, I directly attacked the system among the statesmen and economists of he adopted in arraying those figures

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA CURRENCY.

To THE EDITOR :- Your leader in re currency in this (27th) morning's Colonist parison was a proper one. It is unnecessary brought to mind a particle of the almost forgotten past. Did ever anyone see the twenty and ten dollar gold pieces coined in British Columbia (i.e. N. w Westminster) in the year 1862? The \$20 pieces had surrounding a simple "crown" the words "Government of British Columbia," and at the heat "1962." On the words of British Columbia, and at the lattice of business in the lattice of the same of the lattice of business in the lattice of the latti the base "1862" On the reverse "20 dol-

and, I think, went to Cariboo to crush "gold quartz," to bring the mines of quartz into notices. To this day the search for gold reefs has gone on—but with little pay ing success. It scarcely need be said previous to the formation of the celony of Vancouver Island "money" did not exist, various kinds-in other words, barter. The b'anket" was considered the standard, of this, that or other kind. There was a relative value bepowder, shot, vermillion, looking glasses, muskets and so forth. Although perhaps

be purchased therewith did, for various reasons, vary, and so more or less was purchased with the "blanket." At the formation of the colony current coin of the realm was a curiosity. The truck system prevailed -a mere matter of accounts—a very bad system. Soon this was rebelled against by traders in Victoria in opposition to the Hudson Bay Co. (fur trade), and the Hudson Bay Co. in England were asked to send out money—which they did not do. It was not long before this

question settled itself, for from California American coin was brought in abundance in exchange for goods of various kinds. At this time, and for a pretty long period after, American coin was the circulating medium of the colony, but nothing less than "two bits" was ever looked at, save for postage and such like. Many people remember the florins sent from England to pay the "Engineers." They would not circulate and in the end went back again, or were bought up at a low figure. Even after Confederation a large num-

ber of small silver coins were sent from Canada, but the people did not use them, so they were also returned. Of the modern circulating medium and currency nothing need be said. Let me add, however, that shells called hiquas were currency in and about Colville. They were an article of value, as well for ornament as otherwise, Horses and what not could be bought with these shells, and they were and are still to be found on the West Coast of Vancouver sland, but are of no value now. J. S. HELMCKEN.

#### CLOSE COMMUNICATIONS NECES SARY.

of your influential paper I wish to state a times and the effect upon Canada as comfew facts of paramount importance to the pared with the United States, ample statis

This is how he notices Victoria:

Among the towns Victoria, though not on the mainland, still holds the foremost place.
Originally a Hudson Bay trading post, it

tions of great importance to the nation. They have the greatness of mind and the party for these thirteen or fourteen years.

(Applause and derisive cries of hear, hear.) He said that Mr. Dobell favored the increase of foreign trade, so did the Liberal
tions of great importance to the nation. They have the greatness of mind and the party for these thirteen or fourteen years.

(Applause and derisive cries of hear, hear.) He said that Mr. Dobell favored the increase of foreign trade, so did the Liberal
try is not in touch with them, and that the said that Mr. Dobell favored the increase of foreign trade, so did the Liberal
try is not in touch with them, and that the said that Mr. Dobell favored the increase of foreign trade, so did the Liberal-

scene of activity is from the Coast just send in the foreign trade—a trade which had been continually increasing under the regime of Conservatives and which under the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had a letter by our mails and ask for an immediate way, makes Victoria practically our naval base for the North Pacific. As E quimals the condition of has the only graving dook on the Pacific Coast of America, the defences of the place, deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will construct the Liberal regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late deployable massacres in that country, will be a second from \$200,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late decreased from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime, from 1874 to 1878, had decreased from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late decreased from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime, from \$204,000,000, to \$154,000. On the late decreased from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime, from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to the trade that regime from \$204,000,000 and which had again been increased to trations. (Applause) The foreign trade us; and if we do not look alive and insis could not be increased except by a development of the internal resources of the coun. our existence, with our shelves full of time worn goods?

Let the Board of Trade assert itself and every influence be brought to bear, with the provided with the least possible delay, otherwise the channels must surely grow more and more defined against the possi bility of turning them this way, when the trade will be lost to us forever.

prised. I offer my own congratulations and with a national debt that was crushing their transparently fallacious and erroneous.

The I have no desire to charge Mr. the Liberal party. (Cheers.) I am not surprised at his promotion. Since the day he entered this house his advance has been did claim, and which was based on the extended and standard and

Great Britain than any other question to attempt to make them prove which was before the public. (Cheers.) assertions; and I have no doubt that Mr. Wilson's real complaint is not that I did not understand, but that I exposed. No amount of personal reference to me, will convince anyone that Mr Wilson's system of comnow to go over the same ground again. If

> Mr. Wilson does not dispute my calculataining the relative volume of business in Canada and the United States in proporstantiate it; but the boot is on the other foot. And when he advances an absurdly supply them before he presumes to require that his conclusions should be considered

reliable. It can be no fault of mine that his argument is defective in a vital point. With considerable skill in the manipulation of figures Mr. Wilson compares the liabilities of Canadian failures for 1894 and to March 1895, with the liabilities of the failures of the United States for the same period, omitting the year 1893, no doubt because by leaving ou 1893, he is able, as he says: "To make the worse appear the better reason.' Even then he omits a modest sum of \$318,-999,000 from the United States total, this being the amount of railway foreclosures for 1894 in the United States as shown by Bradstreet's. I am unable at the mom to check the other figures he gives, and therefore presume for the sake of the argument that they are correct, and his c parison should therefore be \$149 594 000 lus \$318 999 000 for the United States total, \$468 594,000), to \$230,412 000 for Canada, or, stated as a substantive p oposition, the liabilities of United States failures for 1894 exceeded the liabilities of Canadian

It may seem to Mr. Wilson to be well that he should attempt to cover up his retreat by attempting to belittle Mesars.

Earle and Prior in respect of their attitude on the British Pacific railway project. Mr Wilson persists in ignoring the fact that the Federal parliament have got been gone to by the promoters of the British Pac way company, and then a condition preof any such request, it would be futile, and would, under present circumstances, be simply exposing themselves to ridicale. In thus denouncing Messrs. Earle and Prior we witness Mr. Wilson's unacquaintance with well known parliamentary usage. I submit that it will be to act when the promoters place themselves in a position to receive the aid, and, when that time comes, I have no doubt Messre. Earle and Prior will be only too glad to use their every influence towards the end we all so much desire, and this is not only my own opinion, for they have each and both repeatedly given voice to their approval of the undertaking.
Finally, as Mr. Wilson well knows, I did

not open this controversy. He thought fit to notice some of my remarks before the Liberal Conservative Association by a letter to the Times challenging my statements. Those statements I have fully substantiated. and now it is to be remarked that Mr. Wilson steals away from the trade policy of the country to attacks on the sitting members of To the Editor :- Through the columns state of trade, and the depression of the



Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Folliness, Swelling after Heals, Dizziness, Drousiness, Chills, Flush, lings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Creath. Costiveness, Science, Scientifics of the Creath. Costiveness, Science, Eletches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightial Dreams, All Revous and Trembing Senations, and Irregularities Incidental to Ladies. Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Conting Wholesale Agts. Evans & Sons, Ld. Montrea For sale by all cruggists.

answer to many inquiries by post (in B. C. and other parts) concerning the price of Walthan, Elgin, Dueber, Columbus, Rock ford and other brands of celebrated

the following schedule will show that the price of our firm are Rock Bottom Prices: MOVEMENTS.

Waltham Watch Co., stemwind, 7 jewels, gilt..... Ditto, 15 jewels, P. S. Bartlett .. Ditto, ditro, 15 jewels, fine Dames-keened nickel movement... Ditto, Appleton. Tracy & Co. 15 ruby jewels in gold settings. Breques hair spring, gold screw. compensation balance adjusted to heat and cold and position.

Ditto, non-magnetic ..... SILVER CASES.

Engraved..... Ditto, gold inlaid with subjects, Wood Chopper, Locomotive, Stag, etc.. GOLD FILLED CASES. Open face, from......\$5.00/to \$12 Ditto, hunters ..... 6.50 to 15

Ten to twenty-one years warrants to wear Fourteen karat Solid Gold Cases, 90 cents dwt. A 50-dwt Case is strong enough to last century.

Prices of other movements to follow.
Goods sent C.O.D., with permission to inspect on paying express carriage
WATCH JOBBING, no matter how difficult, can be done at our establishment at most reasonable rates. We can refer you to customers all over British Columbia.

#### S. A. STODDART, 68 Yates Street. - Victoria, B.O.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S my contention is correct (and mark you that CHLORODYNE Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne that the whole story of the defendant Freemawas literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 18 1844.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN
REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTH
MA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA
RHEUMATISM, &O.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitieners. Of course it, would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, Jan. 12, 1885.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholara. Dysentery

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery,
Diarrhosa, Colice &c.

CAUTION — None genuine without the
words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne,"
on the stamp, Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer. J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell
St., London. Sold at 1s. 14d., 2s. 9d., 4s.

au30-1y



Ontario Institution for the Blind.

THE Government desires to make known the receipt of a communication from the authorities of this Institution intimating that they would willingly entertain any applications calculated to give blind young persons failures for the same period, on a like basis in this Province the benefits afforded by the of population, by the proportion of over two

Provincial Secretary's Office, 19th April, 1895. an96.den-wit

#### WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN) "OWN CA-ED" Very Old

BLACK BOTTLE

HISKY Please see you get it with

Metal BLUE ..... One Star.
PINK ..... I wo Stars.
GOLD ..... Three Stars.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.-C. BAY & CO, LONDON.

#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that in 30 days after date I intend to apply to the chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 40 acres of meadow land on Meldrum Estate Creek, commencing at a stake marked T.M., S.E. corner, thence west 30 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence east 2" chains, thence south 30 chains to point of cemmencement.

Chilcotin, April 1, 1895.

nol6-6m

POR SALE—At Somenos, near B & N.
Railway, a farm containing 130 acres; 30 acres cleared, fenced and cultivated, usual building, etc., and good orchard of large and small fruits. Price, \$7,600. For terms, etc., apply C. J., this office. TOR SALE OR TO LE SE-In town of Have you ever noticed how your system seems to crave special assistance in the spring?

Just the help required is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

H Dunca s, a honse and lot; good opening for bakery and restaurant, as there is at present nobody in business in that line in the town. Price \$1,250, liberal terms; or rent for Sarsaparilla.

BRITAL The Unit

British M

WASHING day the Nic advices as Nicaraguan ish ultimate last night in mediate of manda, Ni her national in full. It can be made equal to the ity will be p An intima land, one wl tatively and dent about t says this g of the Ame

the necessit fering to pre similar to He declares year ago the monstrated permit the when Americ Bluefields an Bayard, our instructions f in deterring claimed right any nation of of the United now as firm government shoulder eve American re getting into measure, attr reliance on thi their impetud frequently ir

to take up all one it would h greater question ezuelan bound It was his ur difficulty with settled and all however, that ernment to pre ence and her u territory, was r ed States would vent any atten

government to Secretary Gr that he thought Britain the me landing. He a ers received the from Mobile on in which Nicar ultimatum exp LONDON, Ap

print to-mer sul," which say Nicaragua States were at diplomacy. T some day made special a view to cont British influen do not doubt of the Unite speaks favorab nate inhabitant friendly to for men, "but th bad." He add with foreign po while they cont prey of intrigue behoves the Eu England, to kee

influences."

Neither the

office had receiv

midnight. The period of the ul s regarded at p now occupy Cor Admiral Stepher The Standar marines will be minister in Was rom Managua t rnment would 000 indemnity The Globe obtain from expension of G Vicaragua, and egarding the in A dispatch fr withstanding th nothing has bee States government England should

ions, it is again Bayard, on the 2 weeks in which ondon instead The Pall Mall stand taken by favorable augur between the Un ain upon the Chi asserts England will teach South The Westmir inforcement of

Nicaragua will n nidnight to-nigh statement can CoLON, April 2 state that Res

midnight, sent a the Port of Corin cupy Corinto April 27. The r

PDERS. he. Wind and Pain in the Fulfaess. Swelling after siness, Chills, Flush-Sceny, Listches on the , Frightful Dreams, All Sempations, and Irof to Ladies.

ers and Soluble Coating. & Sons, Ld. Montrea l

will show that the prices

MENTS.

stemwind, 7 7 00 , fine Damas-& Co ,15 ruby

15 00 20.00 CASES.

.....\$ 4 00

ubjects, Wood re, Stag, etc... ED CASES.

...\$5.00 to \$12 ..... 6.50 to 15 ars warrants to wear Gold Cases, 90 cents strong enough to last

ents to follow. ith permission to in-carri ge o matter how difficult. o matter how difficult blishment at most rea refer you to customers

DDDART. Victoria, B.O.

# BROWNE'S

PAGE WOOD Stated Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE ventor of Chlorodyne he defendant Freema d he regretted to say to.—Times, July 13

NE'S CHLORODYNE JGHS, COLDS, ASTE NE'S CHLORODYNE urse it would not

pular did it not "sup-ll a place."—Medical NE'S CHLORODYNE

enuine without the crowne's Chlorodyne," elming medical testi-bottle. Sole manufac-RT, 33 Great Russell. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 46.



ICE

for the Blind.

res to make known munication from the ion intimating that tertain any applicablind young persons efits afforded by the

DRINK THAN IN & SONS' Very Old

et it with

... I wo Stars. ... Three Stars ts to J. J. & S .-W & CO. LONDON.

... One Star.

 $\mathbf{CE}$ 

hat in 30 days after to he thief Com-orks for permission v land on Meldrum at a stake marked e west 20 chains. ence east 2 chains oint of commence IAS MELDRUM.

Send as your address

e, ne r E & N.
sining 130 acres; 30
Cu tivated, usual
chard of large and

For terms, etc. SE\_In town of

Over the Action of Great Britain.

BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA.

British Marines to Land in Corinto Until the Demands are Complied With.

WASHINGTON, April 26.-Up to noon today the Nicaraguan minister was without advices as to the decision reached by the Nicaraguan government regarding the British ultimatum. His advices at a late hour last night indicated there would not be immediate compliance with the British deity will be provided. An intimate friend of President Cleve-

land, one who is entitled to speak authoritatively and who has talked with the Presider the striking advance of the preceding advance of the prece dent about the present crisis in Nicaragua, says this government, while fully alive to the necessity of maintaining the autonomy of the American states against foreign encroashments, can find no warrant for interfering to prevent Great Britain or any other countries requiring reparation for an offence year ago he United States had fully denonstrated its determination not to permit the sovereignty and integrity of Nicaregua to be assailed, when American was ships were stationed at Bluefields and when the energy of Mr. Bayard, our ambassa for to England, under instructions from this government, succeeded in deterring England from exerting her long claimed right to exercise a protectorate over any nation of this continent. The attitude of the United States on this question was now as firm as ever it was; but this government could not undertake to shoulder every quarrel of the Spanish American republics whose faculty for getting into hot water seemed, in some measure, attributable to their excessive reliance on this country's help as well as to their impetuous temperaments and their frequently irresponsible and autocratic rulers. If the United States were compelled to take up all such quarrels as the present one it would have no time to devote to the

greater questions arising, such as the Venzuelan boundary dispute. It was his understanding that Nicaragua's difficulty with England would be promptly settled and all the more quickly because of our position in the matter. He declared, however, that the determination of this govence and her undisturbed control over her territory, was unchanged and that the United States would forcibly, if necessary, pre-

LONDON, April 26 -The Standard will print to-merrow a letter signed "Ex-Consul," which says: "During my residence in Nicaragua the intrigues of the United States were at the bottom of all Nicaraguan diplomacy. The States regarded the proteges, tral American countries as their proteges, annexed. They some day to be annexed. They made special exertions in Nicaragua with a view to controlling the canal and expelling British influence from the Mosquito coast. I do not doubt that Nicaragua's recent action is due to the suggestion, if not the direction, of the United States." The ex-Consul speaks favorably of "Nicaragua's unfortunate inhabitants," whom he always found friendly to foreigners, especially Englishmen, "but the system of government is the consulate was guarded last night by a patches, which was foreshadowed in last week's dispatches, would undoubtedly occurred if Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour had not promised to go to the country with a programme embodying the social with foreign powers because they submit their affairs to utterly inexperienced men while they continue always to be the easy prey of intrigues of skilled diplomatists. It

row, also that Senor Guzman, Nicaragua's ninister in Washington, received a dispatch from Managua to-day saying that the government would not be able to pay the \$75,-

000 indemnity by midnight.
The Globe says Bayard has sought to obtain from the foreign office a few hours extension of Great Britain's ultimatum to Nicaragua, and has also made suggestions

regarding the indemnity.

A dispatch from Washington says notwithstanding the reports from London that nothing has been heard from the United States government indicating the desire that England should be less harsh in her exactions, it is again positively asserted that Bayard, on the 24th inst., was instructed to ask Barl Kimberley to give Nicaragua two weeks in which weeks in which to pay the indemnity in London instead of under duress at Corinto. The Pall Mall Gazette says the courteous stand taken by the United States in connection with the Nicareguan episode is a favorable augury for a close understanding between the United States and Great Britain upon the Chinese Japanese question. It

will teach South American republica better The Westminster Gazette asserts that the inforcement of the British demand upon Nicaragua will not be put into effect until midnight to-night. No confirmation of the statement can be obtained at the foreign

Colon, April 26. - Advices received here state that Rear Admiral Stephenson, at midnight, sent a note to the commander of the Port of Corinto, that he proposed to occupy Corinto at 1 o'clock this morning, April 27. The republic has been declared under martial law. Many residents are eaving Corinto.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day. South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. The first dose greatly benefits. Sold in Victoria by D. E. Campbell.

NEW YORK, April 26.-R. G. Dun & Co. The United States Greatly Exercised say: "Neither the rising in the speculative markets nor the steady gain of industries has ceased and it is wholesome that there are fewer signs of hesitation in the speculative industries than in speculative prices. Wages strikes grow more numerous and cause some trouble, and the retail demand lags behind wholesale sales and

BUSINESS REVIEW.

obbing purchases behind production some branches; but through many conflicting reports the fact shines out the industries are gaining, not with a rush and a whirl but more safely. The The bank clearance exchanges in April thus far interior and a larger demand for commercial mands. Nicaragua has not the money in towns in New England and from importers. loans appears, especially from manufacturing mands. Nicaragua has not the money in towns in New England and from importers. The failures in eighteen cities in April showed liabilities of \$5,595,592, of which showed liabilities of \$5,595,592, of which by force of arms but in the field of diplom-pression was that Germany had plunged considerably into a dangerous policy. against 26 last year.

week. Perhaps the most relentless ad vance has been in hides, being two cents within ten days. There is a firmer undertone in nearly all lines of trade. There is some increase in activity among manufacturers in Montreal, owing to the opening of countries requiring reparation for an offence similar to that charged against Nicarague. In avigation, but general trade there, as at Toronto and Halifax, has not expanded in the minimum of the Japanese claims is volume. The bank clearings at Winnipeg, Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal and Halifax amount to \$17,935,761 this week, a sharp gain over last week, when the total was \$15,133 000

#### CORINTO OCCUPIED.

Marines Landed by Admiral Stephenson, Britain's Demands Not Having Been Complied With.

Great Excitement in Nicaragua, Which Decidedly Refuses to Pay the Indemnity.

London, April 27.-A dispatch from Managua says: "Shortly after 2 o'clock in the morning 22 boats filled with marines and seamen were lowered from the British warships and immediately after the vessels a great crowd at the pier, no hostile demonernment to preserve Nioaraguas's independ stration was made. The landing party marched without opposition to the custom work which has been done in Japan within house and hoisted the British flag thereon. vent any attempt on the part of a European A part of the marines occupy the pringovernment to establish itself on this continent.

cipal quarter of the city. Rear-Admiral has lately been employed in the intelligence department of the war office to report upon declared martial law. A large Secretary Gresham told a friend to-day that he thought Nicaragua would pay Great Britain the money it time to prevent a forced by the fact that he had been supported by the state of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare for the coming is wise she will prepare for the coming that the state of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare for the coming that the state of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare for the coming is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of China is inevitable. If England is wise she will prepare the interest of the Chinese army, says: "The partition of Chinese army, says: "The par Britain the money it time to prevent a forced landing. He admitted that he had never had any other impression since General Barrios was in Washington.

The Nicaragua canal engineer commissioners received their instructions from Gresham to day and decided to feave for New York this evening. They have planted to sail the respected, and that they might move the lower end of the bown. Order is maintained by the maintained by the maintained by the marines who patrol the streets. The populace is quiet. The landing party was commanded by Capt. French of the Royal Arguer and decided to feave for New York this evening. They have planted to sail the respected, and that they might move the lower end of the scramble. In the meanting the interest lies in the success of Japan. It is my belief that Russia will not remain content until she gets an all the year round open port in the Pacific and aportion of Manchuria. Germany will act merely as a cuckoo to place her

in which Nicaragua is to reply to England's that any act of hostility would be opposed ultimatum expires this evening. thereon. Corinto is entirely deserted. A bombardment is momentarily expected. Colon, Colombo, April 27.—Advices just

received state that the populace at Managua held a mass meeting yesterday, at which resolutions were adopted urging the government to refuse to accept England's ultimatum. A mob headed by a milti-

is aroused. Their hatred of England cannot

provided for not only the payment of the in its comments on Balfour's speech, deindemnity, but further that a joint commission shall be established to fix the damage which resulted to British subjects from their arrest and expulsion from Nicaragua. In the British ultimatum it is stated that the ments which the Conservative leader expunsion to pass on the British claims. commission to pass on the British claims pressed were those of a majority of the shall not contain a representative of any American republic. Nicaragua, it is claimed, will not submit the matter to a

commission unless a representative of the United States is placed thereon. The Nicaraguan minister, Dr. Guzman, received two cabine from Managua to-day. Other dispatches stated unequivocally that Sir Julian Pauncefote informed the United Press representative to-night that he had

received no news concerning the landing of British troops in Corinto. He hoped the trouble would be ended soon, to the mutual satisfaction of all parties interested.

Advices were received at Esquimalt yes terday of the occupation of Corinto, Nicara-gua, by Admiral Stephenson.

BEHRING SEA PATROL.

WASHINGTON, April 27 .- Part of the U.S. patrol fleet started to-day for Behring Sea. fleet later in the season. Two of these cutfleet later in the season. Two of these cut-ters will be the Perry and the Grant. Capt. Hooper will command the fleet. Final secret instructions to Hooper will be telegraphed him at Port Townsend. Secretary Carlisle had a conference to day with the President regarding the instructions. They will as far as possible cover every case that may arise.

CABLE LETTER.

British Government and the Treaty of The Kaiser Believed to Have Planned Peace-Its Conditions Cannot Be Reduced.

Mr. Balfour's Speech at the Primrose His Desire to Demonstrate His Faith-League-The Standard and Mr. Chamberlain.

London, April 27.—The final decision of Berlin, April 27.—Germany's decision to

fairs, has received assurances from the British representative in Tokio, that the present Japanese ministry are experiencing their last days of existence as a composite body, and the British agent expresses his belief that the conditions of the treaty of peace, as already published, are incapable of reduction is respect of their exactions and that greater than before the war, when, as a matter of fact, an accession of territory was the chief aim of the Mikado's government. It is represented by the British agent at Tokio that Count Ito, president of the Japanese council of ministers, will be unable govern much longer, owing to the tactics of the opposition in the Diet in rejecting war measures and refusing to vote supplies, virtually bringing the legislative machinery to a standstill. Although the complete success of the war has greatly subdued this spirit, there is no doubt that the Ito party

will be overthrown if they accede to the demands of Russia. the same view of the situation as that which Viscount Curzon, M.P., outlined on the eve of the war, that if the Ito ministry should fall it would be a genuine calamity not only to Japan but to the European powers. The British government ascribe the early and papacity in spite of the clamor of a vast majority of the people that Japanese troops shall occupy Pekin. In view of this feeling the British and other European reprecame round bows on and advanced in a line sentatives in China and Japan have advised towards the government pier. Each large that any proposal that Japan surrender any ligations to Russia. launch carried a machine gun. There was part of the ceded territory at the bidding of the European powers would be likely to jeopardize the Japanese constitution and do the greater part of the progressive

the last quarter of a century. Mr. Pickering, who has served long and faithfully in the British service, and who to day and decided to leave for New York this evening. They have planned to sall from Mobile on the Montgomery on May 7.

It is definitely stated that the three days in which Nicaragua is to reply to England's plitimatum expires this avaning.

The proclamation also contained a warning that any act of hostility would be opposed with the full force of the fleet.

Pacific and aportion of Manchuria. Germany that Japane will act merely as a cuckoo to place her young in the nests of others, so as to make money cut of our markets and under sell is expected to try the self-restraint of the Japanese nation very severely. The government will find it difficult, if not impossible to complex with the full force of the fleet. a tool for the attainment of its own ends.

is regarded generally as a mere form to sat-The English press devotes column upon column of space in comment upon the speech of Mr. Balfour at the annual assembly of the Primrose League yesterday. The utterances tum. A mod headed by a military band paraded the streets and the light of a great victory, inasmuch as the attempted to attack the Britary band to be a street and be between the Tories and Unionists, which was foreshadowed in last week's dispatches, would undoubtedly occurred if Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour had as bearable. Several governors and some of the generals opposed submission to the Nicaraguan military force, and every precaution was taken to prevent any violent demonstration. The enthusiasm of the people With the personal followers of Mr. Chamberlain advocates. is aroused. Their hatred of England cannot berlain, together with the support of the be eradicated. The government is using all Moderate Liberals and Lord Salisbury and

behoves the European countries, especially England, to keep a watchful eye on hostile infuences."

Neither the admiralty nor the foreign office had received news from Nicaragua at midnight. The Morning Post says: "The period of the ultimatum having expired, it is regarded at probable that the British will be reased. Great excitement is reported to exist at Nicaragua, which, it is said, not modified the ultimatum nor directed Mill not pay the indemnity demanded by England, in which event the occupation of The Standard is informed that British provided for not only the payment of the meaning is that he (Mr. In Chamberlain) will be the next chancellor of the exchequer, and that the Duke of Devonshire will also be in the cabinating scheme of Irish local government, which Mr. Gladstone overruled in 1885, reproduced with alterations made in accordance with Mr. Baifour's experience in Ireland during his term as Chief Secretary.

The Standard is informed that British provided for not only the payment of the comments on Balfour's speech, de-

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the Colonist.) WYOMING, April 26 .- J. Boltsford, of

NAPIERVILLE, April 26 .- Mrs. F. Girard, aged 60, temporarily insane, wandered away from her home last night and was this morning found drowned in the river. KINGSTON, April 26,-Up to this morning no trace has been found of ex-city engineer

J C. Innes, who has been missing since Sunday last. TORONTO, April 26 .- A statement issued by the city treasurer shows the gross de-benture debt of the city to be \$20,366,911, the net general debt \$16,674,811.

WINNIPEG, April 26 .- A carload of Nor wegian settlers numbering fifty-three per-Other revenue outters will join the patrol sons including children, arrived from Crookston, Minn., this afternoon by the Great Northern. They left on the Pacific express for the Bella Coola colony in British Colum-bia, accompanied by Richard Farrell, travel-

GERMANY AND JAPAN.

the Programme-Has He

fulness to Russia as

the British government to refrain from join Russia and France in the protest meddling with the Eastern question as re- against the Shimonoseki treaty surprised bank clearance (achanges in April thus far average daily 11 6 per cent, more than last year; but 16 3 per cent, less than the advice, strongly put, of the British diplomats in Pekin and Tokio. It is likely that from the Empire's policy of non-interventhe conditions of the treaty of peace when tion, that at first the report was discredited. acy. The reports made after the Chinese considerably into a dangerous policy. equal to the amount, for which ample securible week have been 230 in the United States New Year indicated that Japan was deter- Many persons expressed doubt that the mined to dictate in Pekin terms far more cautious and experienced Hohenlohe had rigorous than those exacted at Shimonoseki. decided to move. In the last three days the Lord Kimberly, secretary of foreign af. belief has grown that the Kaiser planned and directed the new move personally, so as to identify himself with Russia's foreign policy and to show the court of St. Petersburg his approval of the Czar's managing nal politics to his own taste. He probably aims also to demonstrate to the Czar how much better it is to have a faithful ally like Germany instead of a selfish one like England, which is likely at any time to slip away and look after her own interest without stopping to assist others who are less sagacious. This explanation of the Emperor's conduct is supported by the persons most intimately acquainted with the Czar's peculiarities.

Ever since his tour through China and Japan, Nicholas II has regarded himself as an expert judge of Oriental politics. Japan's ers complained of the growing tendency to swift progress has impressed him and per-haps frightened him a little. He has had forward with all possible speed with a view a strategetic railway, and thus enable Russia to play the arbiter of affairs in the Yellow

Japan's friends in Berlin say that the British government ascribe the early and Czar is nursing an absurd grievance against successful close of the war to his tact and Japan. They assert that he wished Japan to postpone the war until Russia could be fully prepared to demolish the victor and dictate the whole treaty of peace. They criticise partly the Emperor's exertions to confirm the Czar in his peculiar views of Japan's ob-

The Frankfurter Zeitung's St. Petersburg correspondent says that Prince Lobanoff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has assured several diplomats that he is con-vinced that the united action of France, Germany and Russia in regard to the China-Japan treaty will not cause any serious com-plications. The correspondent asserts that M. Hanotaux, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, tried to exclude Germany from the alliance, and only yielded to Russia's insist-ence that the united action of the three gov-ernments be confined to certain limits. The feeling in St. Petersburg, according to the correspondent, is that the danger of an armed conflict is very remote.

YOROHAMA, April 27.—The demand by pack horses. He will start from there for A Colon dispatch says the Nicaraguan forces at Corinto withdrew, crossing the lagoon separating the town from the mainland, and are now strongly entrenched thereon. Corinto is entirely described a tool for the attainment of its own ends. ment will be constrained to do its utmost to meet the European views.

London, April 27.—A Pekin dispatch to the Times says it is the cession of Southern Manchuria, as provided for in the treaty of peace, that is chiefly opposed in the Chinese capital. The agreement to this end made by Li Hung Chang grieves the Emperor, beof the Conservative leader are regarded in cause the province of Manchuria is the anpublic proclamation that has been made. Chinese minister, called upon Secretary Gresham at half-past three o'clock to day and half an hour later, with in a few moments after Yang Yu departed the Japanese minister, who came to describe the Japanese minister, who came the disposal of tickets. Rev. Mr. departed, the Japanese minister, who came by appointment, was closeted with the Secretary. Both visits related to the clause in present and future efforts. the treaty of peace relating to the occupa-tion by Japan of the Regent's Sword spring salmon is well known on the coast,

the cession of Liao Tong to Japan as a con-reached. the British forces were in possession of Corinto. No additional details were given beyond the statement that the British flag was flying over the town, and that the Nicaraguan flag had been hauled down.

Nicaraguan flag had been hauled down.

Madison, Ont., an old man who was on his daughter at Point Edward, walked off the car platform near here last night while asleep and received fatal individed her to renounce the possession of amounted to over 200 town of convergence of the British flag walked off the car platform near here last night while asleep and received fatal individed her to renounce the possession of amounted to over 200 town of convergence of the should advise by the peninsula of Liutong. The memoranda of the three governments makes plain that they are presented in the way of friendly advised her to renounce the possession of liao Tong to Japan as a continuous the possession of the new cannery at River's falet is being built under the able management of Mr. Carl Sutter, although laboring under the disadvantage of heavy rains.

The last cargo taken North by the Danube advised her to renounce the possession of liao Tong to Japan as a continuous the government of Japan, advise it to remounce the able management of Mr. Carl Sutter, although laboring under the disadvantage of heavy rains.

The last cargo taken North by the Danube government and are applied to our cargo the possession of late of the cargo taken of the possession of late of th advised her to renounce the possession of this territory. The friendliness of this advice was especially emphasized. The note, it was said, was not intended to be an open or covert menace. The impression grows that Japan can rely upon the friendly counsel and good offices of the United States in pre-

reservoir near Epinal to-day a number of persons were drowned and a large quantity of property destroyed. Forty bodies have already been recovered. The Bouzey reservoir had a capacity of seven million cubic of the English church was held on Easter Japan, and it would be extremely difficults. Hooper will command the fleet. Final secret instructions to Hooper will be telegraphed him as Port Townsend. Secretary Carlisle had a conference to day with the President regarding the instructions. They will as far as possible cover every case that may arise.

Montreal, April 25,—Robert F, Meredises Believed in 38 Minutes.—Gampbell.

Montreal, April 25,—Robert F, Meredises relieved in 30 minutes and quickly come of the Sank of Commerce convinces. Sold in Victoria by D, E.

Campbell.

Northern. Iney ists on the Faunc express for the Bella Coola colony in British Colum. In the Health Columnation of the bella Coola colony in British Columnation of the willage of the wardens for the ensuing year were chosen.

A woman's guild has been started here, was head in the East Wicklew consistency of the Ball on the C. P. R. They wardens for the ensuing year were chosen.

A woman's guild has been started here, the objects of the guild being for the intellectual and social improvement of the native women. The first meeting was held in the encolment of eight members and the election of a president in the mission field.

Campbell.

A woman's guild has been started here, the chert of the native women. The first meeting was held in the members and the election

# MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

Inflammation of all kinds. Lame Back. Caked Breasts, Eruptions Diseased Tendons.

Scalds,

Stiff Joints,

And all Lameness and Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia,

Contracted Muscles.

It quickly cures

Cracks between the Toes

Ulcers,

**Old Sores** 

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Fresh Clues Found to the Vancouver Murder-Evangelistic Work Arrangements.

Fraser River Farmers Progressing With the Season's Work-Accident to an Indian.

> (Special to the COLONIST.) VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 27 .- The Ministeria Association will invite Evangelist Meikle to do evangelistic work here in October. At a meeting of the Trades and Labor Council several sailors, printers and paintmploy non-union labor.

naps frightened him a little. He has had work on the trans-Siberian railway pushed search for Pidgeon within a radius of fifty miles from Vancouver. He has evidently to using it for the transportation of troops to eastern Asia. His opinion is that the left the province. The police have obtained Lord Kimberley and his colleagues take war ought to be postponed, if possible, until the railway shall be ready for all the uses of and a washbasin covered up with potato peelings, and partly burnt garments worn by murderer have been discovered as if thrown on the fire with a view of burning them up with the corpse.

An Indian woman, crazed with grief at the loss of her husband by death, threw herself in front of an approaching train yesterday, when the engine was scarcely a car length away. The air brakes were ap plied and the engine brought to a standstill with a jerk. One foot was taken off the prostrate woman. She cried bitterly when resoued, and said she did not want to live.

WESTMINSTER. NEW WESTMINSTER, April 27. - The amateur "Pirates of Penzance" Co. have given two very successful performances, both in a financial and artistic sense. Favorable reports are continually coming in from along the river. The farmers ar hard at work and things look very hopeful.

The full report as already published of

the special committee of the council chosen

RIVER'S INLEY. RIVER'S INLET, April 24.—The Danube arrived from the North yesterday, completyet gone up at one time by any boat. She called at all the canneries, and left temporary supplies with which to commence work; the bustle of preparing for the salmon pack was everywhere visible. The weather was very unsettled on the up trip, yet netwithstanding this drawback the numerous passengers succeeded in passing many pleasant hours. However, the weather was excellent cestral portion of the empire. There is less opposition regarding the cession of the island of Formosa, which is a new province. The other articles of the treaty are regarded for a big run by laying in a supply of cord-

for a big run by laying in a supply of cord-wood piles and other commodities. At Port Simpson active preparations were washington, April 27.—Yang Yu, the 23rd inst., with the object of securing a bell

promontory and the Korean bay coast from Port Arthur to the Yalu river, to which Russia has so etrenuously objected. It is understood that Russia is endeavoring to induce China to resist this demand which was agreed to by Li Hung in the coast, but at the suggestion of the genial captain of the Danube at Port Essington on the separately interviewed the Japanese vice-minister for foreign affairs under instructions from their respective governments and presented memoranda, in which it was stated the governments of Russia, France It is understood that Russia is endeavoring to induce China to resist this demand, which was agreed to by Li Hung Chang. The United States have declined to be drawn into the controversy to such an extent as to take sides, but will continue its good offices, as in the past, to secure peace weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and the aggregate weight of 1,050 pounds was recorded. A good offices, and which it was stated the governments of Russia, France and Germany upon examining the terms of peace imposed by Japan, and Russia and Germany upon China, found that the possession of the peninsula of Liutong, claimed by Japan, and Russia and Germany upon China, found that the possession of the peninsula of Liutong, claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of Liutong, claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of Liutong, claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of Liutong, claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of Liutong claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of Liutong claimed by Japan, and the good of the peninsula of the A CONSTANT MENACE.

London, April 26.—The Daily News has this dispatch from Yokohama: "The memoranda presented by the Russian, German and French ministers at Tokio, represented the cession of Liao Tong to Japan as a constant season, and the cession of Liao Tong to Japan as a constant season, and the cession of Liao Tong to Japan as a constant season, and the same time would threaten the independence of Korea and render it non-effective. In this sense, and for other reasons, it was stated that it would be a constant menace to the permanent peace of the Far East. Consequently the government of the same time would threaten the independence of Korea and render it non-effective. In this sense, and for other reasons, it was stated that it would be a constant menace to the permanent peace of the Far East. Consequently the government of Japan and Germany, desiring to show their sincere friendship for the government of Japan and with the same time would threaten the independence of Korea and render it non-effective. In this sense, and for other reasons, it was stated that it would be a constant menace to the permanent peace of the Far East. Consequently the government of Japan and Germany, desiring to show their sincere friendship for the government of Japan and Germany and Japan and Germany. in a few hours a first consignment of seven. of China and at the same time would threat-

toria to leave on the Danube to-morrow are Mrs. Hall, Miss Beeching and Miss Hunt. The sloop Annie, from Vancouver, was lost a short time ago while at anchor off Adams river. The orew were camped on the shore during the night, and in the morning found their boat gone. No trace of the missing craft has yet been discovered.

It has been found necessary to enlarge the premises at the Girls' Home, owing to the increased number of girls. Work on the new addition was begun yesterday, and will be pushed through with all possible speed. The splendid weather of late has given

CAPITAL NOTES

the farmers an opportunity of putting in

their crops. The acreage under cultivation this year will be considerably above that of

Insane Convicts to Be Placed in Provincial Asylums—Lady Thompson's Residence.

Redistribution in Quebec Demanded— The Dominion Press Gallery-Red Mountain Railway.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, April 27.—The government propose to take over and transfer insane convicts to the provincial asylums.

Lady Thompson has taken up her resi dence in Toronto. Mr. Mara has presented the petition of the Red Mountain Railway Company for a

Dominion charter. R. M. MacLeod, of the Ottawa Citizen. has been elected president of the parliamentary press gallery.

The Quebec Conservative members are urging the government to introduce a redis-tribution bill affecting the constituencies in

that province. CHINA AND JAPAN.

Washington, April 26.—Careful inquiries to submit an agreement between the city to night confirm in all its material features and the C.P.R. as to right of way, has been the dispatch from London giving substantial foundation for the report of the joint action of Russia, Germany and France in regard to the projected treaty. It is now apparent that while the dispatches sent out from St. Petersburg and other cities in regard to this alleged intervention have been ing a most successful trip, with the largest a basis of fact in the statements. cargo of valuable machinery, etc., that has something the nature of a protest had been yet gone up at one time by any boat. She not, however, against the occupation of "Manchurian territory" as asserted, but against the "absolute and final posse of the peninsula of Liu Tong," otherwise known as the "Regent's Sword," which commands the Gulf of Pechili and the approaches to Pekin, and is substantially the Gibraltar of China. It is tially the Gibraltar of China. It is on this promontory that Port Arthur is situated. The general design of this citadel was devised by Admiral Schufelt, and was by him regarded as impregnable if manfully defended. Obviously the absolute and final possession of the citadel would leave the capital of China at the mercy of Japan. But every advice received here has indicated that Japan had waived her claim to the absolute and final possession of Port Arthur, and has insisted upon holding it as hostage until the indemnity shall have been hostage until the indemnity shall have been

London, April 26.—The latest and most direct information from authoritative sources as to the precise status of the negotiations between Russia, France, Germany and amounted to over 900 tons of cannery supplies, two new canneries in course of conamounted to over 900 tons of cannery supplies, two new canneries in course of construction helping to swell the amount of freight moving just now. the present moment. The governments of Great Britain and Italy have made it plain Japan can rely upon the friendly counsel and good offices of the United States in preventing her being deprived of the fruits of victory.

BELLA COOLA, April 16.—Spring has come and the settlers are busy preparing the ground and planting. For the last two weeks or more the weather has not been very nice and the new settlers are eagerly waiting for a change. On April 6 there was a heavy snow fall, but the hardships of the persons were drowned and a large quantity

BELLA COOLA.

BELLA COOL

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1895.

A NEEDED LESSON.

The Nicaraguans who believed that the readers. uproar made by the jingo journalists of the American editors who prate about the Mon- foundation for it. The editor of the Newsroe doctrine know precious little about that Advertiser should, we think, find some relations of the United States with foreign oredit of the Province. Thanks to the good powers come to be considered, does not management of the Government, neither he sount for much. Those editors, unre- nor any of his party—he himself being the strained by any serious responsibility, on witness—has been able to do it the slightest the most trivial pretext, take an unreason- injury. able stand and use very intemperate language It is altogether different with the United States Government. It has most important duties to perform and its responsibilities are exceedingly great. In his dealings with the people of the United States is beyond all foreign powers the Secretary of State must doubt the currency question. The unweigh most carefully every word he writes, United States exposes its people to all the knows he cannot maintain.

the newspapers. The Nicaraguan authorities ought to have been aware of this, and they should not have allowed themselves to have known that she was in earnest, and have a sold with position and beginning the control of the present of the control of t amount of bullying on the part of the jingoes of the United States.

Lord Kimberly's note of the 18th should have convinced the Government of Nicaragua that Britain was not to be trifled with. This note was in reply to a counter proposiin dispute to arbitration. The Foreign Secsummed up in the sentence : " Her Majesty's Government cannot admit that there is any doubt as to the rights of the British subjects and must adhere to the demands in my pre- by the thousands.

saved from suffering the consequences of their own lawlessness and disregard of the rights of British subjects. But Earl Kimrangements that have been made or that He was not long ago invited by a hundred mitted by boys of former generations as are Australia's varied from 10 to 25 per He was not long ago invited by a hundred mitted by boys of former generations as are may be made for the construction of the Nicaragua canal. She is quite satisfied, if reception to himself and Mrs. Cleveland.

He was not long ago invited by a hundred business men of Chicago to attend a public committed now, and parents and teachers were quite as much at a loss how to deal The Tasmanian rate was from 15 to 20 per to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, division to the Tasmanian rate was from 15 to 20 per to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates a common of England and America in regard to the Times, advocates and the times and the committed now, and parents and teachers to the Times. that canal is constructed under the The President did not consider it judicious, with the offenders as are those of the present cent., and that of Western Australia 12½ per of Finance, has gone to London to float, will far Eastern affairs. The Pall Mall Gazette auspices of the United States, that she or in accordance with the proprieties of his day. It is therefore nonsense, and some- cent. Australian colonies tax each other's be underwritten on the understanding and favors the saggestion. It says America has She wants no more than that, and she is letter declining the invitation is worth more the young people of Victoria to-day are in dustry can command on better terms than satisfied that all she expects will be accorded to the American people than a hundred any respect worse, more ill-behaved and those enjoyed by European cheap-labor com-Britain should even suggest the cession of ablest and most eloquent men in the coun-other places and other days. The propor-Corn Island, which is near the mouth of the try. The words he writes are words in tion of the good to the bad among them is as misleading. It appears under the authority projected canal, the United States would season, and we are convinced that they great as it is anywhere else or ever was at of a gentleman who seeks to become a reprehave a pretext to interfere. "Such action," have now, and will continue to have, an imthe New York Herald's Washington corres. mense influence for good from one end of that the number of the irreclaimable is not of Commons. pondent writes, "would nevertheless be in- the Union to the other. The President's by any means greater. directly the result of coercion on the part of subject is the currency. He wastes no It is the duty of parents, teachers and Great Britain. Hence, as one of the offi- words in unmeaning compliment. His letter trustees not to scold or denounce the chilcials remarked to me to-day, the administra- is business from the first word to the last, dren, but to encourage and reward those of

By insisting on a money payment as an indemnity for the wrongs inflicted on Mr. rency to go unanswered. It is evident that effectively as it can be done requires good been trying to convince its readers that the Bridge, through jealousy shot his klootch. Hatch, Great Britain will avoid all un he observes and deplores the effect they are judgment, firmness, patience, and, above trade of the Dominion under the present man. Constable Gillie, Dr. Sutton and John pleasant and embarrassing complications, having on the people. He says: ment of Nicaragua to their senses. The occupation of Corinto by the Royal Arthur and other ships of war will convince the Nicaraguans that the British Government is Nicaraguans that the British Government is which in this time of misfortune and definding and soolding, and nothing engenders antagonism in parents and teachers, and Niceraguans that the British Government is in earnest, and when they see that the Gov. In this time of misfortune and department in this time of misfortune and department in the geniously pressed with special suggestions, finding and solding, and nothing engenders at all, but this comparison does not extend white man who was passing. The suicide was deliberate, as his feet were touching the ground when the hold was found and he they so richly deserve they will most likely nate condition. come to terms without any further delay else is a plain and simple presentation of the Great Reitain is not disposed to deal harshly argument in favor of sound money. In with them, but her Government is evidently determined to show them that they cannot safely disregard their international oblination which can promise them a continuance of protection and safety only so long gations, and that they must respect the rights of British subjects resident in Nica-

ragua or suffer the consequences. Great Britain it seems has with her in her present action with respect to Nicaragua the sure to be the greatest sufferers from the sympathy of all the commercial nations of commercial disasters which the establish-Europe. The time has come, they believe, ment of a vicious currency system will bring when not only Nicaragua but all the Latin in its train are the workingmen and the Republics of Central and South America must be taught that they must pay due re. being plied with the fallacies and the soph. gard in their dealings with other countries istries of the advocates of an unsound curto the comity of nations. There are as well rency. He speaks of them in his letter in understood rules of courtesy and fair deal. this way : ing between nations in their intercourse with each other, as there are between individuals.

tempted by the assurance that though our currency may be debased, redundant and

We observe that there are necessary to all who are connected with them. The Southern and Central American Republice have an unpleasant habit when

has attached too much importance to the surmises and speculations of the News-Advertiser. The Finance Minister, we are

he can get all the money he needs in London vithout being asked to enter into any such foolish and humiliating obligation. The editor of the News-Advertiser must have made the statement merely for the purpose of amusing himself at the expense of his

We have made some inquiries of persons United States would intimidate Great whom we considered likely to know whether Britain have by this time found that they or not there is any truth in the News-Adwere grievously mistaken. They ought to vertiser's statement, and we cannot find one have known that a large proportion of the who believes that there is the slightest doctrine, and that their influence, when the other subject for his diversions than the

#### A TIMBLY UTTERANCE.

The most important question now before

be influenced in the slightest degree by the utterances of the jingo press of the United availing themselves of their richness—a womanhood in the interval, yet still the ly. If either of them were so malignantly cognizes that free trade will not suit Can-States. They should have known that nation producing the necessaries, the comdoleful lament is made. It has, of course, officious or so injudiciously zealous as to ada," and when we hint that he is not a States. They should have known that when once Great Britain makes a demand forts and the luxuries of life in great abunbeen kept up ever since. Each succeeding make an application to Parliament before consistent follower of a leader the principal she will not recede from it without good
she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it without good she will not recede from it with the projectors considered the right good she will not recede from it without good she she will not recede from it without good reason. When she demanded \$75,000 as merely because they had adopted an unto manage than all preceding batches, so time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time, he would lay himself open to the actual time. reason. When she demanded \$75,000 as indemnity for the injuries which they had adopted an unique system. For the want of a comparatively small quantity of gold in the application of the present terprise and of taking the most effective way become convinced that free trade will not to manage than all preceding batches, so time, he would lay himself open to the author abusive and tries to make itself unpleasant.

In excring rost has unique stated unpleasant.

Now, we want to know if a man who has become convinced that free trade will not be comparatively small complaint the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade with the children of the present terms are trade indemnity for the injuries which they had inflicted on Consul Hatch they ought to inflict the consultation while many this realistic many that if there are any grounds for this period of the present terprise and of taking the most effective way become convinced that free trade will not an Germany. She declares that if she

that the country is pestered with a host of ing generations? financial reformers who believe that they have

Well, let us leave the mothers out, as they

Well, let us leave the mothers out, as they

Wery first to denounce him for injudicious Bostock, but it will take a great China, Siam and Korea will be formed. found a cure for the very serious evils from are beyond controversy partial to the young. which the people are suffering. Many of the sters—particularly their own—and ask any theories advanced by these reformers are sensible man or woman who is not affected tion for the submission of the whole question wild and impracticable in the extreme, but with a defective memory if the children of this unreasonableness does not deter men to-day are in any respect worse than the Times of last evening states that: "The retary's reply, it will be remembered, was from advancing them in the legislature. through the press, and from the platform years ago? We believe that an honest the recent financial crisis there) "following

It is believed that the Nicaraguan Gov. of things with great uneasiness. They see girls had as many and pretty much the same ernment were trying to induce the British trouble ahead for the country if its currency follies and failings as girls have now. And Government to make a demand for a cession is not placed upon a sound basis. But it the little children and the young people of formed. The "fact"—palatable or otherof territory in place of a payment in cash. seems as if they have not been able to get a both sexes of to-day are as attractive, as If they succeeded they no doubt thought favorable hearing from the people. The well-conducted, as were the children and Australian colonies were not "all following that this would afford the United States advocates of impracticable schemes of cur- young people of former days. grounds for interfering, and they would be rency reform appear to have the floor, and. In the good old times, in that mil-

such a trap as that. Great Britain has done in other crises; he has raised his them and was a disgrace and a reproach to to which it had within a few years been in-

will be as free to use it as any other nation. position, to accept this invitation, but his thing worse than nonsense, to assert that goods, and the market which any local into hes as a matter of course. If Great after-dinner speeches, delivered by the harder to manage than the young people of petitors is too small to be profitable.

"What is now more needed than anything

Mr. Cleveland finds that the men who are farmers, and that those are the men who are

"In these restless days the farmer is uncertain, such a situation would improve the price of his products. Let us remind AN INCREDIBLE STATEMENT.

Our respected correspondent Enquirer proclaims are unsubstantial and clusive,

time vexed with vanishing visions of in-creased wages and an easier lot. The pages of history and experience are full of these

"If reckless discontent and wild experiment should sweep our currency from its safe sup-port the most defenceless of all who suffer in that time of distress and national disoredit will be the people, as they reckon the loss in their scanty support, and the laborer and workingman, as he sees the money he has received for his toll shrink and shrivel trickery. in his hand when he tenders it for the necessaries to supply his humble home."

that now exists.

#### JUVENILE DELINQUENTS.

been seized with panic, and business has they? Do their mothers believe that they well deserved, and we are greatly mistaken the slightest regard for truth the follower of danger of an uprising of the people." exceed in wickedness, and pure "cussed- if the men who are now blaming Col. Prior a free trade leader, or a member of a free

tricky and as hard to keep in good order as scribblers." Thinking citizens contemplate this state are those of the present generation, and the

rights of British subjects. But Earl Kimberly did not propose to fall into a serious one, and he does in this what he whose ill-behavior grieved those who loved Wales the general figure was 10 per cent., does not want territory in Nicaragua. She does not want territory in Nicaragua. She voice on the side of sound and reasonable those who were held responsible for their creased from 5 per cent. Queensland's daty conservatism.

Ingun authorities regarding the imprisonment of the ex-Queen. The government have not yet decided what action to take

tion would be compelled to step in and pre- It is, in fact, a war cry, and as such it them who do well, and to try to find judi- Our contemporary believes, as we do, that cious ways of punishing and reforming the trade returns are a reliable barometer The President sees the danger of allowing those who behave badly and are not amenas to the progress of the country and the Monday last a Siwash at the Twenty-Two. By insisting on a money payment as an the advocates of dangerous systems of curable to ordinary discipline. To do this as financial condition of the people. It has half way between Nicola Lake and Spence's all, a love which is deep, active and hope- Administration is decaying. It draws Clapperton, the coroner, started for the ful. Scolding the children and abusing dismal conclusions from the comparison of the mare worse the imports of two months of the present cabin. In the excitement the Signath bad

be ruined for life. Both the boys about whom so much has been said no doubt pos-

UNJUST OR INSINCERE?

We are more than surprised to see Messrs. Earle and Prior blamed for not using their influence in Parliament to obtain a subsidy for the British Pacific. This may be a good electioneering dodge, though we doubt it, but we find it difficult to understand how it

for believing, a time for all things. There years it has very perceptibly decreased. It is to be hoped that the wise and timely is therefore a time to push for aid to a rail. The Dominion taxation for the ten years advice given by President Cleveland will be way and a time to refrain from pushing. ending June, 1893, from customs and excise, followed, and that patriotic men in all parts. Who are the men best qualified to know was as follows: of the Union will follow his good example when the interests of a projected road ought and do all that lies in their power to expose to be advanced in Parliament? The answer the trickery of designing agitators and the is at the end of the tongue of every man of folly of brainless and ignorant enthusiasts sense, "The projectors, to be sure." Have who would have the people increase their the projectors of the British Pacific, we ask, troubles by helping to establish a system of ever said or even hinted that the time had 1889 troubles by helping to establish a system of ever said or even hinted that the time had currency which is much worse than the one arrived in which to apply to Parliament for a subsidy to that road. They have not. 1892. On the contrary the principal projector only a few weeks ago publicly declared that the time had not then arrived. The are not being increased, and we hardly views held in Tokio. Prince Uchtomoky, There are some well-meaning persons who citizens of Victoria know that the project has evils that accompany and flow from sudden are continually asserting that the children not even yet advanced to that stage in which The language used by the Government on and wide-spread commercial disaster. Owing of the present generation are positively the it would be judicious to apply to the local regarded as excessive. In 1881, fourteen The language used by the Government on all important matters in which foreign to want of confidence in the soundness and worst that ever vexed the hearts and tried legislature for help. They must see that it years ago, the Customs taxes were \$4.24 itable. It would be criminal neglect if nations are concerned is in striking the stability of the currency the people of the tempers of parents, teachers, pastors, would be utter folly for either Mr. Earle or per head and the Excise \$1.23. contrast with that of the great majority of the United States have been for years on masters and the community generally. We Col. Prior to ask for a subsidy when the the ragged edge of serious financial trouble. do not like to say how long it is since we men who had the project in hand and were The world has seen the amazing spectacle first heard this complaint; but it was a very doing their best to advance its interests of a people rich in all natural resources, long time ago, and several generations of boys were of opinion that it would do more harm Artemus Ward used to call "an amoosin be influenced in the slightest degree by the length of the slight of the slight

One consequence of this state of things is ness" generally, the children of all preced- for being inactive and silent on the subject trade party? The Times is, we see, very in the House of Commons would not be the careful how it words its denial for Mr.

#### IGNORANT OR DISHONEST?

children of twenty, thirty, forty or fifty Australian colonies were all at the time " (of with the utmost zeal, and more surprising answer would be, "They are not." Boys of the high protection idea, a fact which can still, does not prevent their making disciples former generations were as mischievous, as hardly be palatable to the local protectionist

It is a pity that a writer who has at command such an elegant style as that which the high protection idea," for there was the

#### THAT BAROMETER

It is refreshing to find that we agree with kills all desire to improve, so quickly as conclusions that can be depended upon. To find out whether or not the trade The klootchman will recover. The offences among school boys which of the Dominion is in imminent The offences among school boys which have been made public lately are very serious indeed and deserve severe punishment, but they are not unparalleled. The boys who committed them are not not provided and steady decline or an almost uniform

The klootchman will recover.

The klootchman will recover.

Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence. The Whitewayites, if forced to abandon the plan of confederation, will make an appeal to the United States pork packers and millers who ship pork and flour to Newfoundland's independence.

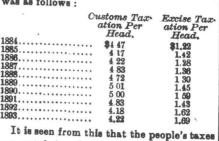
sees capabilities for good, and we hope be- it is seen from this that there has been fore long to hear of their becoming a credit on the whole an advance in the import trade, and one very much more considerable in the We observe that there are persons who export trade. Last year being a year talk lightly of expulsion. This is most un. of depression everywhere there was a decline it suits them of ignoring these rules. bim that he must buy as well as sell; that his dreams of plenty are shaded by the certainty that if the price of the things he has teachers, a confession of failure in a case in trade of \$5.599,000, or \$6.638,000 in the to sell is equally enhanced the cost of things which success is most to be desired and is foreign commerce of the Dominion. This is likely to be followed by the best results. It to be deplored, but it is as nothing compared requires very little attention or skill to keep with the falling off of the trade of the United proclaims are unsubstantial and elusive, and even if they were real and palpable he must necessarily be left far behind in the race for their erj. yment.

"It ought not to be difficult to convince order, but it is difficult properly to train a States was nearly 25 per cent., while the quite certain, would not dream of pledging the wage earner that if there were benefits neglected childs to whom nature as well as decline in the Dominion import trade was a dute certain, would not dream of pledging himself and the Government of British Columbia "not to become involved in fur. ther responsibilities and obligations," and we have the best reasons for believing that must be his portion, while he is at the same of t

dividuels, but when we look back over a THE SHIMONOSEKI TREATY. period of years and find that a substantial advance has been made we have no reason to cry ever a temporary depression.

#### NOT INCREASED.

Some people appear to imagine that the can be seriously done by sensible men who baxation of the Dominion has greatly inare, or ought to be, above that kind of creased of late years. Taxation during the past thirteen or fourteen years has been There is, as we have the best authority nearly stationary, and for the last four



think that the taxation, when the whole of the Dominion is considered, can be justly

#### FUNNY FREETRADERS

deal more skill in word juggling than the Times possesses to convince honest free traders that the man who recognizes that but they may receive orders at Saigon to sail for Madagascar. free trade will not sait Canada is a free trader. There are some honest free traders who placed some faith in the Laurier proplatform. These men must be disgusted shall pay the war indemnity. when they see a candidate who recognizes that free trade will not swit Canada allowed to remain on the Laurier platform and accented as a member of the Laurier party. Canada, and men who sit on the fence and will resume work to-morrow. refuse to say what that policy really does The cruiser Reina Regente, lost in a

condition "that the provincial government pledge itself not to become involved in further obligations and responsibilities." In other words, that the Finance Minister to action on the part of others. British infloat the loan has pledged himself and the government of British Columbia not to assist the British Pacific by any guarantee or enter | passive. into any obligation respecting it in the future. As a government supporter and a believer in the British Pacific I would like to know if any such arrangement has been instructed by his government to proceed to Madrid and furnish the Spanish government with all the into any obligation respecting it in the to know if any such arrangement has been furnish the Spanish government with all the entered into If it be true, the sooner we available information with regard to the know it the better. If not, then such senseless statements should be given their quietus.

ENQUIRER.

#### Victoria, April 25, 1895.

SUICIDE.

could have saved himself had he wished.

boys who committed them are not necestinorease. If during that period the trade of the system of short-hand known as Phonosarily monsters of wickedness. It was, in the Dominion, export and import, has graphy were surprised and pained to day to sarily monsters of wickedness. It was, in our opinion, very ill-judged indeed to prosteadily increased the country is progress. learn that the announcement of his death foundland coast are also expected to help, ceed against the offenders publicly. They ing, and if it has gone on declining the had appeared on Tuesday morning in several with the same object in view. The chances of confederation have decreased greatly in could have been effectively dealt with at people are getting poorer and the country is Canadian papers. It is true that a brother bome and in school. Publicity is calculated to do the lads harm, and will not act as a best. Here is a statement of the imports to others who are visionaly discounted to the lads harm, and will not act as a best. Here is a statement of the imports the weight of 82 years. Sir Isaac Pitman atdeterrent to others who are viciously disposed. The lads, if judiciously treated, may five years:

Insports. Exports. The weight of 82 years. Sir isaac ritman are tended a party at Barnes last evening and a representative of the United Press saw and talked with him at Bath this afternoon. Imports. Exports talked with him at Bath this afternoon. The old gentleman laughed heartily at the dispatch announcing his demise and ventured 123 474,940 117,524,949 really came the sensational new feet and the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really came the sensational new feet and ventured the prediction that when the end really at the control of the United Press saw and the prediction that the prediction really came the sensational purveyors of the " news," who had thus killed him off, would life, the freest government, the profoundest

Japan Elated by the Concessions She Has Gained-Russian Intervention Inevitable.

Germany May Propose to Occupy Wei-Hai Wei-French Squadron Ordered Home.

London, April 25.-The Central News corresponeent in Tokio says the Japanese government watches with keen interest the ourse of the European powers regarding the Shimonoseki treaty. The Japanese diplomatists are not particularly apprehen. sive of the outcome. The refusal of Eng. land to act in concert with Russia, Germany and France has encouraged the Japanese to believe that no strong single policy can be agreed on by the countries that feel their aterests threatened.

The last dispatches from St. Petersburg who accompanied the present Car on his tour in the East, has written a long commu-Russia were to allow Japan to menace Russia's interests in Eastern Asia as is contemplated in the treaty, and he expresses the fear that bloodshed will be necessary before Japan's aggressive spirit can be checked. In commenting upon these opinions the Viedomosti says that if England persists in supporting Japan against other European powers, Russia will retaliate by opening the Pamirs question.

The Central News correspondent in Rome

Tokio telegrams received in Vienna assert that when the Mikado and Chinese Emperor meet the King of Siam will also be

present, and a quadruple alliance of Japan. The News correspondent in Paris says the extra vessels of the French squadron in Chinese waters have been ordered home.

#### CABLE ITEMS.

London, April 25 .- The Paris emulbus If that party is composed of men who will strike has been settled. The company, benot advocate free trade for Canada, men sides conceding several of the points at who recognize that free trade will not suit issue, will reinstate all the strikers, who

promise anything that will induce men to the protection of the United States, theretore England could not apply to the Washington authorities regarding the imprison-

expedition of the insurgent leader Maceo

#### NEWFOUNDLAND'S CONDITION. ST. JOHNS, N.F., April 25 -The White-

way leaders in both branches of the legislature, read a statement this afternoon announcing that the Dominion of Canada was still considering the propositions of the Newfoundland delegates for federation, and advising an adjournment for a fortnight pending the receipt of an answer. This action is surprising to all class es and it is believed that the government has become alarmed at the extent of the opposition which is developing in the country against federation and is trying to arrange an alternative course. The Telegram, a Whitewayite organ, announces a policy of retrench-ment and strict economy, in the hope of preof confederation have decreas the minds of the party followers, though Premier Whiteway strenuously insists upon it, holding that nothing will be left otherwise than bankruptcy. If the colony is unable to meet the interest on the loans due on June 30 next, it must default and the constitution will be abrogated if Rogland is ruling Newfoundland as a crown colony.

Faith is found beside the most refined learn the truth from the papers receiving philosophy, the noblest poetry, the purest humanity.-T. T. Munger.



CHIE THE the resi A DE

passed land by A GE West C

Clayoqu PREPA evening

MESSE Smith, o the Kam Ltd., wit THE ST

found in few night of havin property YESTER notes the Anderson of agricul Troub L

Trout La nay, vice A CHAN of the We ern expre signed the that R. P. former age connect

Тне арр next sittir plication o (defendant cution to McPhillips

MR. J. R. agriculture sioner, stati this provin ing district gener

"THE go make know from the au would willi calculated this provin

> THE Ore has recently and regulat rules which almost entir of Horticul rules prepar considered

AT the James' chur the followin warden, Mr. Mr. C. A. G fenden, Willi T. C. Sorby, W. A. Corny William A Haines; and

JUDGMENT Full court, C McCreight at peal of Bro peal by plaint Justice Creas by McDonald against the c and Jowett, reversed the and allowed J. Taylor for Wilson, Q C., A SERVICE

Ella William W.CT.U., W yesterday afte was largely ferred very the character her bright spin came to her w ssons from sketch of M given by Mrs.

FILIP JACOR Clayoquot of the are going into splendid agricu land adapted t is timbered the grass land, the off the timber. mild, quite equ most snow Mr. six inches, and for a day or tw miles away, is has waited up surveyed for se

ROGER MCIN ish army, died tion hospital of having been the the special char the special char was found on D he 16th inst

SEKI TREATY.

he Concessions She Russian Internevitable.

ose to Occupy Weiench Squadron 1 Home.

-The Central News io says the Japanese with keen interest the ean powers regarding aty. The Japanese articularly apprehen-The refusal of Engwith Russia, Germany raged the Japanese to single policy can be atries that feel their

from St. Petersburg with the sanguine Prince Uchtomoky, present Czar on his ritten a long commuow Viedomosti. He intervention is inevcriminal neglect if Japan to menace Rus n Asia as is contemand he expresses the will be necessary be sive spirit can be ting upon these opinays that if England Japan against other seia will retaliate by estion.

rrespondent in Rome Italy have decided s this dispatch from apan has replied of Russia, France

sclares that if she be exposed to the f the people." ived in Vienna assert and Chinese Em. Siam will also be le alliance of Japan, will be formed. lent in Paris says the cench squadron in en ordered home,

respondent in Ber possibly will propose or some interest until China nnity.

orders at Saigon to

TEMS.

The Paris omnibus The company, beof the points at the strikers, who rrow.

Regente, lost in a past last month, has s of water midway nd Trafalgar. mons to day Foreign waii was not under United States, thereapply to the Wash. ding the imprison The government hat action to take of British subjects. in a letter to the non policy on the nerica in regard to e Pall Mall Gazatte says America has respect from China matic action with prevent stronger thers. British in ne Pacific, in China

is states that the been instructed by ed to Madrid and nment with all the ith regard to the

orbid us to remain

#### CONDITION.

25 -The Whitehes of the legislathis afternoon anion of Canada was positions of the or federation, and for a fortnight nswer. This acs es and it is be ent has become the opposition e country against arrange an alteram, a Whiteway icy of retrench the hope of predependence. The o abandon the make an appeal packers and millr to Newfoundat a loan on good narket in their ne who are en try on the New expected to help. The chances reased greatly in llowers, though usly insists upon vill be left other he colony is unthe loans due on ault and the cond if England is

the most refined the profoundest etry, the pures

rown colony.

EED. ISGO GAL. Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

# ABSOLUTELY PUR

From THE DAILY COLONIST, April 26, THE CITY.

CHIEF OF POLICE H. W. SHEPPARD has in his possession a silver watch for which he is desirous of finding an owner. THE Lieutenant Governor has accepted

the resignation of Mr. James McIntosh as police magistrate of Kamloops. A DETACHMENT of men from Esquimalt

passed through Winnipeg en route to England by the express yesterday. A GENTLEMAN well acquainted with the

West Coast is authority for the statement that there are not ten votes but one only at Clayoquot and that one the vote of the resident storekeeper. PREPARATIONS on an elaborate scale are

being made for the May Day "at home" to be given by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Jubilee hospital at A.O.U.W. hall on evening of Wednesday next. MESSES H. Bostock, of Duck's, R. E.

Smith, of Kamloops, and J. H. Falconer, o Victoria, have secured the incorporation of the Kamloops Canning and Preserving Co. Ltd., with a capital stock of \$10,000. THE small assortment of carpenter's tools

found in the possession of Indian Charley a few nights ago, and which he was suspected of having stolen, have been identified as the property of a Store street blacksmith. YESTERDAY'S issue of the B.C. Gazette

notes the appointment of Mr. James R. Anderson, of this city, as deputy minister of agriculture, and of Thomas Taylor, of Trout Lake, as mining recorder for the Trout Lake mining division of West Koote. nay, vice Andrew Craig, resigned.

A CHANGE has been made in the agencie of the Wells Fargo Co. and the Great North-ern express, Mr. F. H. Worlook having resigned the local management. It is reported that R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., will take the former agency and the express will be run in connection with the Great Northern ticket

THE appeal of the Confederation Life v. McInnes was yesterday adjourned till the next sitting of the Divisional court on application of Mr. L. Crease for appellant defendant), appellant to pay costs and execution to be stayed on defendant giving security for the debt and costs. Mr. A. E. McPhillips appears for the respondents.

Mr. J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture, has received a letter from Prof. J. W. Robertson, Dominion dairy commis sioner, stating that he intends coming to this province for about two weeks in June, and is anxious to visit as many of the farm ing districts as possible with a view to giving general information on dairying.

"THE government of British Columbia," says the Gazette of yesterday, "desires nake known the receipt of a communication from the authorities of the Ontario Institution for the Blind intimating that they would willingly entertain any applications calculated to give blind young persons in this province the benefits afforded by the

THE Oregon State Board of Horticulture has recently adopted a system of quarantine and regulations for preventing the introducand regulations for preventing the introduction into the state of fruit pests. Bhese rules which have just been issued are framed almost entirely on those of the B.C. Board of Horticulture. This goes to show that the

At the Easter vestry meeting of St. James' church, held on Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected: Rector's warden, Mr. E A. Jacob; people's warden, Mr. C. A. Goffia (re-elected); church committee-Messrs. Tom Kains, Colonel Wol. fenden, William Northcott, E. Crow Baker, T. C. Sorby, G. E Parkes, George Jay, jr., W. A. Cornwall, E. Mallandaine, sr., and William Atkins; auditor, Mr. H. B. Haines; and clerk of the vestry, Mr. W. A.

JUDGMENT was yesterday given by the Full court, Chief Justice Davie and Justices McCreight and Drake presiding, in the appeal of Brown v. Jowett. This was an appeal by plaintiffs from a judgment of Mr Justice Crease declaring a bill of sale given by McDonald & Co. to plaintiffs void as against the creditors of McDonald & Co. reversed the decision of the court below and allowed the appeal with costs. Mr. W.

Ella Williams, president of the Dominion of cheap travel between this port and the W.C.T.U., was held in Temperance hall Sound and Alaska are therefore over for was largely attended. Mrs. Spofford re-ferred very feelingly and appreciatively to the character of Mrs. Williams and Alaska are therefore over for a time at least. Already the rate between here and Seattle has shot up from \$5 to \$20. There was some talk of reviving the opposithe character of Mrs. Williams, speaking of tion on a larger scale, but the fact that the her bright spirit and constant readiness to assist the distressed and perplexed who came to her with their difficulties. Valuable essons from her life, it was said, might be taken by W.C.T.U. worker in Victoria. A sketch of Mrs. Williams' life-work was the steamer Homer, which ran to Yaquina Mayor did not enforce the rules and allow

FILIP JACOBSEN, the correspondent at Clayoquot of the Department of Agriculture, is in town. He reports that many settlers are going into that district, and that climate and soil are favorable to making a splendid agricultural success of that part of There are fully 30,000 acres of and adapted to farming, and though some is timbered there is a large amount of good grass land, the result of forest fires burning off the timber. The climate is delightfully mild, quite equal to that of Victoria. The most snow Mr. Jacobsen has seen there is six inches, and that only lay on the ground for a day or two. A road to Alberni, 65 miles away, is needed, and Mr. Jacobsen the steamer Mischief set sail for West Country. mild, quite equal to that of Victoria. Th has waited upon the department on the subject with a view also to getting more land

surveyed for settlers. ROGER McIntosu, a veteran of the British army, died yesterday at the city isolation hospital of hemorrhage of the brain, having been there for several days under the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found an Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found and Ibraeles street on the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found to think this control of the morth was found to the provide with his motion. Still, as all the control of the morth was found to the provide with his motion. Still, as all the control of the morth was found to the provide with his motion. Still, as all the control of the morth was found to t

to the isolation buildings on his malady producing mania. A wound on the side of his head led to the suggestion that he had been assaulted, but this rumor was disproved by

Among the new companies whose incor-poration is noted in the Gazette of yesterlay, are the Birkbeck Investment, S and Savings' Co., of Toronto; the Finch Mining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa.; the Kamloops Canning and Preserving Co.; the Kootenay Gold, Silver, and Copper Mining Co., of Vancouver; and the Vancouver Gold and Silver Exploration and Concessions Co. The otal capital represented is \$5.616,000.

THE remains of George Williams, whos death from paralysis occurred in New Westminster on Wednesday, were brought own for interment here on the R. Rithet last evening. The funeral will be conducted by Victoria lodge No. 1, IOOF., from the residence, No. Michigan street, on Sunday afternoon. Until recently the deceased had been for many years a member of the inland revenue staff here. He was an elderly man, a native of Croyden, England.

A MUCH larger audience than that which heard it on Easter Monday, listened to the delightful programme of music rendered last evening by the choir of the Metropol-itan Methodist church. The choir was five members short—three ladies and two gen-tlemen—nevertheless it acquitted itself with equal success. One feature of the performance was that the choir had not been obliged to call in any outside talent. Mr. Clement Rowlands (the choir leader), Mrs. Rowlands and Madame Laird (vocal soloists), Mr. Fisher (the organist), and Mr. Ernest Wolff violinist), took the prominent parts of the concert and well sustained their reputations, rendering perhaps even greater satisfaction The choruses were, however, hardly as good as on their first presentation. During the vening a collection was taken up.

THE police have not yet succeeded in solving the identity of the mean thief who took Mr. E. W. Bradley's Brantford racer from the Hotel Victoria on Tuesday evening and abandoned its wrecked remains in Oriental alley. It is known that a barroom habitue of unenviable notoriety, who has been very close to imprisonment on several previous occasions, is in possession of the facts of the case, and it is therefore quite probable that the guilty principal will be apprehended and made to pay for the misohief he has wrought—if he is so fortunate as to escape oriminal prosecution. The wheel must have been very roughly handled, to arbitration. indeed, for though the lightest mount in the city, it was a model of excellent work-

SINCE the arrest in San Francisco of Max

Katsauer and half a dozen others, accused of trafficking in forged Chinese entry certifi cates, the business in the California city has been practically dead, and the police there have been congratulating themselves upon or Horticalitars. This goes to show that the rules prepared by the provincial board are considered by the Oregon board the most effective and workable that could be adopted.

At the Easter vestry meeting of St. "that Viotoria has for weeks past been flooded with these forged certificates which agree to deliver the purchaser with a reasonable amount of personal baggage at some convenient point on the American side generally at or near the mouth of the Columbia. A well known Victoria schooner and several smaller craft have in this way been reaping quite a harvest of late, and I understand that it is now proposed to put a little Portland steamer on the route. The certificates are of course simply reserved for emergencies.

## SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

A dispatch of yesterday from San Franagainst the creditors of McDonald & Co. cisco says: "The steamer Farallon, which and Jowett, the assignee. The Full court mode a brief fight against the Pacific Coast Steamship Company for a share of the Puget Sound trade, has been chartered to run here-J. Taylor for appellants (plaintiffs); Mr. C. after between this port and Yuquina bay. Wilson, Q.C., for respondents (defendants). The owners of the Farallon found a rate war with a wealthy corporation unhealthy A SERVICE in memory of the late Mrs. and were compelled to surrender. The days Farallon has been chartered for another purpose disposes of any such project. The steamer will hereafter be run by P. R. Crosby, a well known wheat operator and shipping man. She will take the place of

PASSENGERS BY THE "QUEEN."

Although it was not expected that she would make a second trip for the regular steamer, it was the Queen, not the City of Puebla, that left San Francisco for Victoria yesterday. Her passengers for this port are: L Brown, W. F. Buchanan, A. P. Robertson, Mrs. Gould, J. Munroe, George W. Kennedy, Mrs. C. C. Newberry, Miss Rooney, J. C. Painter, H. Oliver, Miss Browne, Miss Quinn, E. Palmer, C. Mariatt, Mrs. Jones, J. A. Park and wife.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Another Attempt to Get the Powder Magazine Removed From the Park.

lld. Macmillan's Day Labor Resolution Laid Over-Contracts for the Gorge Bridge.

The powder magazine in Beacon Hill park formed the first topic of talk at the city the work at the lake was given out by conletter from Lieut.-Colonel Rawstorne, R.M. Dr. Lang, who witnessed his attack of epilepsy and saw him fall to the sidewalk, thereby cutting his ear. McIntosh was a tenabt of one of Lawson's cabins on Humber of the magazine; and it would be contrary to regulations to allow shrubs to be planted.

A, stating that it was not the intention of the authorities to move the powder from Ald. McLellan, who said he was not going to be a philanthropist with other people's money.

ALD. HUMPHREY did not want to experi the authorities to move the powder from Ald. McLellan, who said he was not going ALD. HALL had understood that there was no powder in the magazine.

THE MAYOR-On the contrary there is a large quantity. ALD. WILLIAMS moved that the attention of the authorities be called to the great site view. danger to the public of having powder stored in the park, and that they be asked to remove the powder at the earliest oppor-

ALD. McLellan in seconding the motion dwelt on the extreme danger of the magazine. A calamity might occur at any time. ALD. WILSON believed that at least a sentinel should be placed over the magazine, as at present it was unguarded. ALD HALL remarked that the building

was altogether out of repair.

ALD. HUMPHREY agreed with Ald. Wilon about a sentinel, and it was decided to make the suggestion to the authorities. Ald. Williams' motion was carried. The caretaker of the Ross Bay cemete

asked for an assistant. Referred to the emetery committee to act. P. Lange and others petitioned sgainet any hack stand being placed on Douglas street north of Yates. The petition was referred to the committee who are prepar-

Tenders for the construction of the Gorge ed on May 25. The Triangles having d bridge were received from W. J. Hall, \$945; Wilson Noble, \$720; W. Rockett, \$780; Thomas B West, \$1,000; H. E Smith, \$840; F. B McLellan, \$800; W. S. Hurst, ing of that body to be held in Vancouver to \$740; J. C. Blackett, \$680; W. J. Leding-ham, \$672 They were referred to the streets committee to award to lowest ten. Club, with the club emblem, the triangle,

The park committee asked for \$200 to enlarge and repair the deer park and to put new seats in the park. The committee also called attention to the destruction of flow ers by dogs running loose in the park. The report was adopted ALD. WILSON thought the park commit-

tee should try and stop the depositing of rubbish on the park waterfront.

ALD. McLELLAN remarked that the scople who had complained to him refused he found anyone out he would have the case 40.35. The second eleven out of a total of

Ald. Macmillan moved, seconded by Ald. Partridge, that in accordance with Mr. Justice Walkem's recommendation, the city Coughlan & Mayo v. the City with a view

ALD. MACMILLAN remarked that since the three, although lo several years' riding on road as well as path it was still staunch and easy running—for all practical purposes the equal of a new mount,

Tesolution had been drawn up he had seen match against a scratch Victoria team. The desociation teams show a marked improvement both with regard to shooting and combination work the scale all practical purposes the equal of a new following alternative to be followed if H. M. S. Royal Arthur in the early part of thought desirable, viz : That the City Engineer be required to furnish this council with a statement of the actual cost of the work upon a cubic yard basis, and the amount of a usual fair profit to a contractor for such work, with a view of offering (without prejudice) the total of such amount to the contractors in settlement of their

claims. ALD PARTRIDGE said he would withdraw his name if the Engineer was to be called in Gowen being in the chair. The organization to make new figures. It was changing the whole resolution

ALD. MACMILLAN maintained that Ald. Partridge could not withdraw his name. On suggestion of Ald. McLennan, Ald. Macmillan laid his motion over. On Aid. Macmillan moving to call for tenders for a street sweeper, Ald Williams thought that first information should be had as to whether one could be used on streets

in the condition of the city streets at pres-ALD. MACMILLAN held that the present method of cleaning streets was primitive and expensive. Ald. McLellan, Hall and Partridge obsoted that it would do away with work that

now gave employment to workmen in the The motion was lost. the position was needless, for when

bridge work had to be done a foreman had ALD. McLELLAN seconded the motion. ALD Brace opposed the motion because it was necessary to have a permanent man indict strictly on maintaining an amateur, and will indict strictly on maintaining an amateur.

ALD HALL defied Ald. McLellan to show status. As far as players are concerned that the city carpenter was unfit to look there is no dearth in respect to fielders, but after bridge work. ALD WILLIAMS wanted the council to be the securing of an efficient battery. There

In the general discussion that followed several aldermen spoke more than once, and several aldermen spoke more than once, and

members to speak once only. The motion was put and lost. ALD BRAGG, seconded by Ald. Williams.

moved that applications be called for the position of general superintendent and chief engineer of the electric light works, applisations to be received up to May 6 In reply to Ald Cameron, Ald. Bragg ex-

Earle, M.P., is starting at Claycquot Sound, the steamer Mischief set sail for West Coast points yesterday. She carried as a passenger Mr. J. H. Langley, formerly of the Findley, Durham & Brodie Packing Co., who has been appointed manager of the new and economically executed by the officers or servants of the corporation."

having been there for several days under the special charge of Dr. Currie. McIntosh was found on Douglas street on the night of the 16 h instant by Dr. John Lang, he being at the time in a severe epileptic fit.

Dr. Lang ordered his removal to St. Joseph's loospital, whence he was subsequently taken lumber at the Hastings mili.

have been saved. He did not believe anding workingmen over to the mercy o

ALD. BRAGG did not think that the sewer muddle was the fault of the contractors. In amendment he moved that the motion of Ald. Macmillan be laid on the table until such time as the water works engineer supplies the council with an estimate of the cost of carrying on the work by day labor, it being understood that the water commissioner and water works engineer assume the responsibility of com-pleting, within the estimate, such work by day labor.

council meeting last night. It arose over a tract there would be far less money to go to the workingmen.

ALD. HUMPHREY did not want to experinent on the coffer dam; he would favor it

being built by contract. ALD. HALL was a day labor man, because Mr. Jorgensen had told him the work could be done advantageously by that means.
ALD. CAMERON was also in favor of day labor, while Ald. Partridge took the oppo-

The amendment was carried, Ald. Mc Lellan, Williams, Bragg, Partridge and Wilson voting for it, and Ald. Humphrey, Macmillan, Cameron and Hall against. ALD WILLIAMS complained that the street sprinklers were not out often enough and then too late in the day. He wanted them out in the early morning hours. ALD. HALL explained he had ordered the

carts out, but some one had countermanded his order It was decided to authorize the street committee to have the sprinklers out when necessary. The council adjourned.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

At a meeting of the executive of the Triangle (Y.M.C.A.) Lacrosse Club last evenfirst senior match of the season will be playon the breast.

FOOTBALL.

THE COLLEGE CLUB'S SEASON. The report of the Victoria College football club for the season of 1894 5 is as follows: The football season just concluded by the college has been an exceptionally busy one and has met with general success, the matches invariably being closely contested. The Association firsteleven played altogether nineteen matches, ef which ten were won and nine less the ground total of reliefs him. o give the names of the transgressors. If nine lost, the grand total of points being

four matches, won two, drew one and lost one. The Rugby club, consisting of past and present students, was only organized last December, and has during its short ex-Justice Walkem's recommendation, the city olicitors communicate with the plaintiffs in Soughlan & Mayo v. the City with a view place among local clubs, defeating the Vic toria second fifteen by two matches out of bination work, the series of matches with the season proving most enjoyable. The various local clubs were met in turn, success as a rule being equally divided.

BASEBALL.

THE AMITY CLUB ORGANIZED. An enthusiastic meeting of the baseball club was held last evening at the office of committee, consisting of Messrs. George Gowen, Duck, Widdowsen, Partridge and Schultz, presented a draft constitution, which after being considered clause by clause was adopted. The name of the club will be the Victoria Amity Baseball Club. The following officers were elected: Hon-orrry president, Mr. T. B. Hall; honorary vice president, Mr. Joshua Davies; president, Mr. Napier Gowen; vice-president Mr. G. Partridge; manager, Mr. S. D. Schultz; secretary-treasurer, Mr. W. T. Franklin; team committee, Napier Gowen, F. J. Williams, William Duck, S. D. Schultz and G. Partridge; official scorer, A. C. Anderson. The field captain is to be elected by the team committee at a subsequent meeting. The meeting considered very fully the question of securing permanent grounds, and also decided to place an order for uniforms without delay, the colors ALD. MACMILLAN moved that the position of city carpenter he dispensed with. His idea was to put the man on day's wages, as ment of games, and it is likely that a series of very attractive matches will be

btained with Sound and Provincial teams, All indications point to a very successful seainsist strictly on maintaining an amateur the customary difficul y presents itself as to consistent. If they were going to out one man let them start at the top and begin with the superintendent of streets. He did not believe that position was worth with the twirling, and there may be a dark

The whist tournament is now nearing an end the contest for first place now being between two teams. Should LeRoy and Petticrew win to night they will be entitled to first prize as they have so far lost only one game. Should Gilbert and McCabe win, however, it will be a tie for first place as both leading teams will then have lost two games each. The beams stand at present ; Played. Won. Lost.

LeRoy and H. Pettecrew Gilbert and McCabe... Conlin and Smith...

HERE AND THERE. GENERAL GOSSIP OF CURRENT EVENTS. Rogers of Saratoga has challenged Gaudaur to row three m les for the championship of America and \$1,000 a side.

The Union gun club will have a contest open to all comers for a souvenir spoon at their grounds at Oak Bay Saturday. The usual club handicap rules will prevail. Handsome groups of the Victoria College Rugby and Association teams have just been completed by Mr. Skene Lowe, and are on exhibition at his studio.

J. R. Blackburne and Kurt von Barteleben

played the first game of the chess match at the British chess clab in London yesterday. Blackburne won after 54 moves. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

From THE DAILY COLONIST. April 27. BOARD OF TRADE

Report of Special Committee on Powers of the Council Received.

Mr. Ker to Be Discussed on Monday.

exclusive of the chairman (just one over a quorum) were present, and the meeting was called to order with Vice-President C. E. Renouf in the chair.

Whereas the Esquimalt & Nanaime R. R. C. are prepared to at once proceed with the confrom Wellington to Comox. provided the usual Dominion subsidy of \$3,200 per mile is granted in aid thereof; Renouf in the chair.

Canada, does not contemplate any but quar-terly meetings, though by section 15 special the setting out of the duties and powers of the council of the board, giving it among other things the power to conduct all the business of the board, its proceedings to be reported at each general meeting of the

Mr. Cuthbert was of opinion that the re-

that a copy be placed in the hands of each member before any action was taken. He moved a resolution to that effect, and also that the report be now received and acted upon at an adjourned meeting. Mr. Cuthbert would like the report to be in the hands of the members by the next

monthly meeting.

The Chairman replied that the board could not hold monthly meetings as that was illegal under the statute constituting the board,

Mr. Belyea held that the proposed amendments in the report could not be considered at all until proper notice had been given. He maintained, however, that the constitution did not debar them from holding weekly meetings if they wished. It only said that quarterly meetings must be held, but did not say other meetings should not take

Mr. Bodwell, as a member of the commitbee, replied that regular general meetings not be called other than quarterly. That, of course, did not prevent special by laws, he was of opinion that it was betper for them to be left in the hands of a small body so that they might be drawn up carefully and with due regard to the powers conferred by statute. Then the general came up entirely on his own resposibility and he would be quite willing that it be discussed at a larger meeting, but there should meeting might adopt the report so drawn up. Mr. Belyea moved, in amendment to Mr. Connon's motion, to strike out that part re-ferring to an adjourned meeting. As an amendment to the amendment Mr.

Gray moved, seconded by Mr. C. D. Mason, that the proposed amendments to the bylaws be referred to the council of the board

omplicate matters. The amendment to the amendment was then put and lost, and Mr. Belyea's amend-

coord with the motion passed at last meet ing.
The Chairman—The Secretary takes his instructions from the presiding officer and had nothing to say about calling a meeting

Mr. Cuthbert maintained that the motion to call monthly meetings was now a part of the constitution. The Chairman replied that there was no

Montreal, April 13, 1895.

Gentlemen:—The need of some means for the speedy and satisfactory settlement of disputes between the customs authorities and importers has long been felt by the business community or this city, and the council of this board will therefore petition parliament to establish a board of customs exper s similar to that in successful operation in the United States. The council desires to secure the cooperation of other boards of trade in making this request to the government, and a copy of the petition in triplicate is herefore enclosed in the hope that, if you approve of its purport, MONTREAL, April 13, 1895.

Important Resolution Introduced by

For a time it looked as if the adjourned quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade resterday would have to be again adjourned for want of a quorum, but before the hal notice had been given. It read: hour's grace had expired sixteen members

Renouf in the chair.

The Secretary read the report of the select committee on the powers of the council of the board, which set forth:

That with reference to the resolution passed at the last meeting substituting monthly for quarterly meetings of the board, section 3, chapter 130, Revised Statutes of Canada, does not contemplate any but quarterly meetings, though by section 15 special meetings may be called at any period on notice being given the day previous.

All thereof; And whereas the extension of such railway would largely aid in the development of the natural wealth of B. C. and in the settlement of vacant lands, and would be in the general interest of the Dominion; Beit resolved that this board earnestly press upon the Dominion government the great importance of adding the immediate construction of said thereof; and whereas the extension of such railway would largely aid in the development of the natural wealth of B. C. and in the settlement of vacant lands, and would be in the general interest of the Dominion; Beit resolved that this board earnestly press upon the Dominion government the great importance of adding the immediate construction of said thereof; and whereas the extension of such as the development of the natural wealth of B. C. and in the settlement of vacant lands, and would be in the general interest of the Dominion; Beit resolved that this board earnestly press upon the Dominion government the great importance of adding the immediate construction of said thereof; and whereas the extension of such and whereas the extension of the natural wealth of B. C. and in the development of the natural wealth of B. C. and in the development of the said whereas the section of vacant lands, and would largely aid in the development of the natural wealth of B. C. and whereas the vacunt lands, and would largely aid in the development of meetings may be called at any period on notice being given the day previous. A list f proposed amendments to by-laws were o presented in the report, among them

port should be circulated before being acted

upon. The Chairman remarked that the present eeting would only receive the report, which would not be voted upon till the next general meeting. Mr. Connon agreed with this and suggested

which provided for quarterly meetings.

neetings being held more often. As to the

and the by-laws committee, and that then the by-laws as so amended be printed and submitted to the board for approval.

Mr. Belyea objected to this as tending

Mr. Cuthbert wanted to know if the Secre tary was going to call a monthly meeting in

Mr. Cuthbert-Who does the officer take his instructions from? The Chairman-From the constitution.

you will endeavor to secure as many signatures you will endeavor to secure as many signatures thereto as possible.

It is suggested that each board shall produce the presentation of the perition to the Senate and the House of Commons by the Senator and member for its district; but as they should all be presented at the same time (a. obably early in May) I am to ask that when signed you will hold your petition until advised of the date agreed upon for such joint action.

(Sd.)

GEO. HADRILL,
Secretary.

Mr. Belyea moved that the secretary take the proper steps to get signatures. He had some experience of such boards and was in favor of them in place of the arbitrary and despotic methods now pursued by customs

Mr. Davies seconded the motion, which was carried. An important resolution was next intro-

duced by Mr. D. R. Ker by permission as no

In support of his motion Mr. Ker remarked that, in conversation with Mr. Dunsmuir, that gentleman had mentioned the intention of the railway company to make an application for the subsidy, and if successful would begin the construction of the exbension to Comox without delay. It co-curred to Mr. Ker then that he would bring the matter before the board of trade and secure their support as the extension would be of great importance. The proposed line, he might tell them, ran through a much better country than the present line did and would open up a fine agricultural country and make it tributary to Victoria. In ask ing for this grant it might be argued that the E. & N. railway had already their land the E. & N. railway had already their land grant, but such an argument was not an effective one, as the Messrs. Dunsmuir were asking for nothing more from the Dominion than the needed assistance that was given other railways. Then no time would be taken up in looking about for capital, for if the aid were granted the other capital was on hand to go right ahead with the work.

Mr. William Wilson strongly supported the motion. He considered that the gov-

the motion. He considered that the government should grant the petition. The capital was already in the bank here, and all that was necessary for the work to proceed was to get a fair appropriation. Mr. Belyea thought to would hardly do to

pass the resolution to day, as it might be claimed that it was passed at a hole-and-corner meeting. He was quite in favor of the resolution, but there ought to be the utmost publicity given and the resolution brought up at a special meeting of the prought up at a special meeting of the passes of brought up at a special meeting of the board to be held for the purpose. He would not debar other citizens attending and having a voice at the meeting. Mr. Cuthbert was of opinion that the whole city would support the motion provided it was certain that it was a link of

the British Pacific. be as little delay as possible

The resolution was laid over to be discussed at apecial meeting to be called for Monday at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Henderson moved, seconded by Mr. Cuthbert, that the attention of the proper authorities be called to the fact that a large number of firms in the province entirely ignore the registration clause in the partnership act of 1894, and that steps be taken to enforce the act, and that the attention of the boards of trade of the province be called to this resolution. This clause, he said, was practically a dead letter in many instances, and this had been brought to his attention specially by the difficulty he had found in

trying to find out the partners of a firm, Mr. Bodwell pointed out that the resolution would have no effect as it was not the duty of a public official to take prosteps; a private individual, it was previded ould do so.

Mr. Cuthbert seconded the motion.

Mr. Belyea thought that a provision might be put in the law not giving a status to firms not registered. In deference to Mr. Bodwell's suggestion the resolution was withdrawn and one substituted calling the attention of the government to the need of making some change in

On motion of Mr. Belyea a resolution was passed confirming the actions of the council of the board in the past and authorising them to continue exercising the powers of the board. Mr. C. D. Mason gave notice that he would move at the quarterly meeting of the board to amend the by-laws in accordance

with the report of the special committee. There are two freedoms; the false, where the man is free to do as he likes; the true, where a man is free to do what he ought, -

# Spring Medicine

If you decide to take Hood's Sarsa- I think all nervous, run down people parilla for your Spring Medicine do ought to take it, especially nursing

Isso important that you should be sure | "I was all broken down in health, to get THE BEST. Hood's Sarsapa- so weak and nervous I was hardly rilla has proven its unequalled merit by able to be up. I had severe pains in its thousands of remarkable cures, and my side, and headache. I would often the fact that it has a larger sale than have to stop when going up-stairs on any other sarsaparilla or blood puri- account of palpitation of the heart. fier shows the great confidence the I had no appetite and a distressed feelpeople have in it. In fact it is the ing in my stomach. I resolved to try Spring Medicine. It cures all blood Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took two botdiseases, builds up the nerves and tles and have not had a spell of sick gives such strength to the whole system headache for four months, feel well, that, as one lady puts it, "It seemed to work all day and eat heartily. My

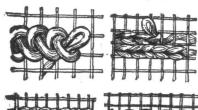
HOODS

not buy any substitute. Be sure to get mothers." Mrs.S. Ashworth, Eaton, O. Sarsaparilla IT IS AN EMBROIDERY KNOWN AS CANVAS CROCHET.

This Promises to Divide Honors With Cro- He steps up to us and asks courteously quired Are Not Only Simple, but Inexpensive and Easily Obtained.

The new art of crochet embroidery, known also as canvas crochet, is a fresh food. The fare is varied from time to popularity, and fresh ideas are continuserts that business people usually take

One great advantage claimed for crochet embroidering is that the materials called for are so simple, so inex-



STITCHES IN CROCHET EMBROIDERY.

pensive and so easily within reach, an of wool or silk suitable for crochet work hopes to enjoy food again dare peneand penelope, or silk canvas, such as is trate. Slovenly service, not overclean used for Berlin wool work or needle or overpolite waiters and unutterable all practical purposes is a light weight tapestry, being all that are needed for cookery are what business people put up French calfskin, which must be kept the work. Then, as to designs, almost with because they can do no better. blackened and polished like men's boots. any conventional pattern will serve. Now in nearly every city in the Union It is made generally on what is known They may be bought already traced on an enterprising, economical woman, as the English last—that is, with broad canvas. There are plenty to be had that who was a skilled cook, could inaugu- soles and pointed toes and low, round, are entirely suitable, although prepared rate such a system as the proprietor of broad heels. It must fit comfortably, for other kinds of needlework. Then, the restaurant I speak of has done. A but as most of the leading shoeshops again, no new stitches have to be learn- neat, cheap, appetizing lunch brought keep this style it does not of necessity ed. One works on the old lines with to them in the middle of the day would have to be made to order. Some women this difference—that canvas is intro- be a boon to business men and women cannot wear the very heavy soles, nor duced as a foundation. This new factor everywhere. Why cannot women go into the heavy weight of calfskin, and therein the work produces a marvelous change the business of supplying it? This would fore all grades are to be had. For those in the appearance of the finished piece. pay better than being a stenographer or who cannot wear calfskin at all a shoe

The method of working is simple. Large pieces are best worked in a firm difficult to handle the thread properly underneath the canvas. The Ladies' Home Journal, which announces the advent of the new crochet embroidery, also illustrates the manner of applying the principal stitches in use. There is the sample chain stitch, which may be drawn through each succeeding hole in the canvas, or over two or three holes at a time, either in straight rows, zigzag, on the cross or indeed following not right. They were too gay for his any given lines, curved or otherwise. Then there is the chain stitch that is true, for the wife of a man like that tailor made costumes are becoming. worked alternately in two rows of holes.

The cord stitch is also a very showy, useful stitch. By elongating the loops on either side over two, three or more holes at a time the ground is quickly and to the uninitiated mysteriously covered. It is merely a chain stitch worked over two or more divisions of the canwas on alternate sides. If worked loosely, it gives a more raised, cordlike effect than when drawn flat on the canvas. The remaining stitch answers to the double or treble of ordinary crochet according to whether it covers one or two holes in the canvas. It can be worked straight or slanting. It covers



the ground with amazing rapidity. The needle must be held somewhat flat against the canvas while working, in order to keep the top of the stitch even and firm.

Numbered with several popular designs, sketched by the authority quoted, is one for a gentleman's braces. It is worked on silk canvas. The pattern is continuous. The edges are turned in and crocheted over. The braces can be lined with a bright colored silk, if preferred to a white lining.

Brown Bread Recipe. A Rhode Island housewife contributes

this recipe to Good Housekeeping: Three half pint cupfuls of Indian cornmeal, same of ryemeal, one-half or two-thirds cupful of molasses, according to taste, sour milk enough to mix-it will depend somewhat upon the kind of meal and the consistency of the milk. It will be better if the milk is solid "bonnyclabber" and will probably take about 2 cupfuls, half a teaspoonful Set in the oven to form a top crust, if liked. Use no sweet milk.

Fashion Echoes.

There is a fad again for black gowns. ever the shoulder. It holds the arm can be imprisoned at hard labor in the down and impedes freedom of motion, penitentiary. The law was undoubtedly and every sensible woman considers it enacted to fit the case of conscienceless as undesirable.

Black skirts and light colored bodices are just now a favorite combination. Parasols are already temptingly displayed in the shop windows. Silk veiled with chiffon and lace affords popular

covers.

In tailor made skirts there is very little change from those which are full in the back and at the sides and quite plain in front. Strapped seams are a feature of tailor gowns.

The bang is now little used on chilciren's hair. The preferred arrangement for little girls from 6 to 10 is in loose curls about the face, with the hair hanging to the shoulders, the ends loose-

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS. How Some Capable Women Might Makes

Good Living. Every day a neat looking, polite man comes into our newspaper office. He carries a number of small white boxes. cheting Over Molds-The Materials Re- if we want to buy a lunch today. The box contains a sandwich, an orange, a slice of cake and a boiled egg. The price of it all is 10 cents. A neatly

folded paper napkin is on top of the proof that the possibilities of startling time. The neat looking man gave me novelties in crochet work are by no the card of his establishment yesterday. means exhausted. The method of cro- It is a lunchroom and bakery. The orcheting over molds has not yet lost its dinary meats, soups, vegetables and desally being added to this line of decora- in the middle of the day are on the bill prietor of the place conducts the eating house and bakery.

The name of the proprietor printed on the card was, I was delighted to see, a woman's. A shrewd, hustling woman originated the idea and carries on the business. Undoubtedly lunches taken around among business offices every day will be a go, perhaps not at first, but in time. The fiendish lunch counters and noonday feeding places where refined business men and women must mix with people to whom in same cases pigs could read a lesson in manners will very quickly get the go-by when a neat, æsthetic, dainty luncheon can be brought to them at their own desks. At the restaurants, which are all the ordinary working man or woman can afford to patronize, there are awful mysteries beordinary crochet hook, almost any kind hind the scenes that nobody who ever

More women would make fortunes: embroidery frame, but smaller articles they would go into business for themmay be executed in the hand, although selves, instead of hanging back and in the latter case it will be a little more | waiting for somebody else to employ them.

> How many wives are aware that they do not even own the clothes upon their backs in any except two or three states of this Union? A lady in Connecticut bought some new dresses lately. She liked them very much, but when her lord and master came home he inspected the gowns and decided that they were wife, he said, which was undoubtedly ought to wear sackcloth and ashes and nothing else. But this wife persisted in her desire to wear the gowns, although her master said they were too gay. Then the husband destroyed the dresses. He was going to let her know that he see. He was arrested for this destruction of property. Nothing could be done with him, although he had destroyed all her pretty gowns, because, as he contended, they were his own property, and he had a right to do as he pleased with them. I wonder if that wife will ever say again that she has all the rights she wants?

Learn the inner quiet and save your strength. Never expend it on worry. At the center of the earth all is peace, though fire and fury rage around. But the center of the earth controls all the rest.

The new suffrage law in South Aus- ent leather or calfskin. tralia enfranchises women in a territory covering nearly 1,000,000 square miles. By the time the Hottentot negro women of Africa get suffrage perhaps it will occur to the legislators of our own New England states that perhaps they might there shall be a perfect match. These quick eyes and deft fingers in these days as well permit it too.

Marie Stockman, a German woman, has invented a series of frames which will enable any blind person to easily count any number of stitches while embroidering or knitting, and also to select the exact color needed at any time. This invention opens up a new world of employment to the blind. They will be able to embroider and knit anything; leather pointed slippers, with long vamp also to weave tapestries, rugs, portieres and tongue, which come far up on the and many other things.

A woman writer says that fewer marriages and happier ones should be the order of the day.

Make a white mark for the Philadelof saleratus stirred in the milk and a phia Methodist conference. The admilittle salt. Steam four hours, taking rable Christian gentlemen composing it care not to let the water stop boiling. | voted at their last meeting hereafter to abolish sex discriminations in the admission of delegates to the conference.

The Illinois legislature has created or discovered a new crime. It is that of There is a tendency to the old fash- wife desertion. Hereafter in that state ioned shoulder seam, which curves quite if a man deserts his wife and family he scamps who lightly marry, become the fathers of children and then as lightly cast them off and run away, leaving them to become public charges. Unless some penalty were attached men could do in Illinois as they constantly do elsewhere-marry and cast off as many wives as they choose. It would be an honor and a credit to a wife to be deserted by a creature like that, and if she had no children she would be better off without him. She could hold up her head and go on and earn her own brave living, dependent on no human creature. But if she has little children who demand her care the case is different. She cannot go out and work. Therefore the Illinois law is a good one.

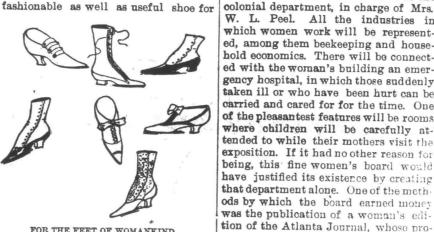
ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER

## FASHIONS IN SHOES.

EVERY MATERIAL EMPLOYED FROM SEALSKIN TO SUEDE.

Yellow Shoes Are Banished by Well Dress-

her shoes and gloves," is a saying on have from the general fund \$10,000. which most women have been brought They held fairs and gave entertain up. By this saying is not meant merely ments, they worked in all the ways good boots and gloves, but boots and known to those who have had long pracgloves appropriate to the occasion and tice in clearing off church debts, and costume and fitting to perfection. With tion. This does not, however, prevent of fare. Besides sending out the clean athletics and the fad for all outdoor exanother novelty from appearing and di- and appetizing lunches daily the pro- ercise has come the sensible, broad soled, Pittsburg, are so numerous that an anflat heeled walking boots. Long walks nex to the original structure will be are now not so much to be dreaded necessary. One of the most interesting when the feet are well shod. The most of all the different divisions will be the



FOR THE FEET OF WOMANKIND. It partakes entirely of the nature of emgiving music lessons or writing f
is made on the same lines of the heavier be a part of their reward for their un-

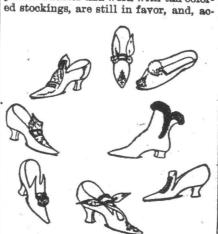
Patent leather shoes and boots with pointed toes are considered more dressy and are worn with more elaborate walkand silk costumes. They are made with Methodist church before next Sunday. rather higher heels, but are on the same last, with broad soles and pointed toes. Buttoned and laced shoes are equally fashion suits some few women, to whom last fall should make a note of this.

To look into the closest of one of the fashionable women of today is surpris The number of boots, shoes and slippers she requires would be difficult for her country cousin to believe. Each and every one is on its wooden tree as would be master in his own house, you carefully polished and in order as can The whole thing looks very masculine, but it is not to be sneered at, for there in no disputing the fact that they keep their shape and wear far better when all this care is taken. Sealskin, with patent leather trimmings, is one of the newest fashions, but it is really too only from its oddity is effective. Of

course it is only used in walking boots. There are two or three apparently immaterial changes in the styles of shoes Philadelphia is a colored woman, Mrs. this season. The pointed tip has given Harriet Duterte. She arranges all the place somewhat to the square. Of course minutest details of funerals, and she this does not apply to the toe of the has carried on her business successfully shoe, which is as pointed as ever, but for 25 years. has to do with the stitching of the pat-

All ball gowns now have the slippers made to match, generally of satin, alof the brocade or whatever the dress ma- ener go into the laundry business. It like boys' pumps are quite smart for house wear. They are tied with narrow black silk ribbon, exactly as a boys', but have shorter vamps. There is nothing that makes a woman's foot look better than a black patent leather slipper pump and a black silk stocking embroidered in horizontal lines of color. Patent instep and are there tied in a big bow, are exceedingly smart and most becoming to the foot. The back of these slippers is of black suede. They are not considered suitable for full dress, but with a house dress, tea gown or simple dinner dress, are very desirable.

The light and suede slippers, finished only with the tiniest of steel or rhine pebble buckles and worn with tan color-



FOR HOURS OF EASE.

ording to the New York Herald, authority for the foregoing, are permissible with light blue and light pink evening dresses, particularly when gloves of the same shade of suede are worn. Bright red slippers and stockings to match look well with black gowns and give a touch of color that is very good.

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS. What the Woman's Board of the Atlanta Exposition Is Doing.

Too much cannot be said in praise of

the members of the women's board of the International and Cotton States Exposition, to be opened at Atlanta Sept. ed Women When Winter Comes-Sensi- 18. Before the board was appointed ble Walking Boots of Calfskin-Patent the men of Atlanta had already sub-Leather and Suede Slippers-Strap Shoes, scribed to the general fund all they could spare. The ladies were told that "A well dressed woman is known by imbey would raise \$5,000 they might the result was that they got together \$15,000. The exhibits for their build-W. L. Peel. All the industries in which women work will be represented, among them beekeeping and household economics. There will be connected with the woman's building an emergency hospital, in which those suddenly taken ill or who have been hurt can be carried and cared for for the time. One of the pleasantest features will be rooms where children will be carefully attended to while their mothers visit the exposition. If it had no other reason for being, this fine women's board would have justified its existence by creating that department alone. One of the methods by which the board earned money was the publication of a woman's edition of the Atlanta Journal, whose proprietors kindly lent the plant for one day. The edition netted the energetic board \$4,000. One of woman's especial fields is charity and philanthropy, and in the Atlanta building all the philan-

The Baltimore Methodist conference has refused to allow women to be deleing costumes. Patent leather boots with gates to the general conference. I hope cloth tops or kid tops are very much the with all my heart that every woman in style for wear for receptions with velvet the Baltimore conference will leave the

thropic and charitable societies of the

world will be represented. When Mrs.

Joseph Thompson, the president of the

board, and her able assistants are here-

edge of business management, speech-

making and parliamentary usage are re-

quired, they will know just what to do.

And this, besides a successful and beau-

selfish labors.

after placed in positions where a knowl-

Woman suffrage has been established in South Australia. The reactionists in worn this season. Some of the very outre | the New York state constitutional conshoes, which are made to look as man-vention who insulted the best women of nish as possible, have a long vamp, and the state by ignoring their petition only come up as far as the ankle, and signed by over 600,000 people to submit have only six buttons of large size. This a woman suffrage clause to the voters

Women do not ape men in endeavoring to free themselves mentally, physically and pecuniarily. It is not mannish to wish to wear a suitable dress for walking and exercising, to get the highest education the land affords and to have free access to all paying occupations. It is only human. The mistake the Parkhursts of the community make is to say that these reasonable human wants arise only from a desire to imitate men. Man is not such a perfect creature, as far as he has got, that women should heavy looking to be very smart, and freedom such as he enjoys, and we are want to imitate him. We only want going to have it.

One of the prominent undertakers of

A highly successful steam laundry is conducted by a woman, Mrs. M. A. Weaver, in Washington city. I have though it is quite the thing to take a bit often wondered why women do not oftterial may be to one's bootmaker, so seems an occupation well fitted to their slippers are made very pointed and with when steam and machinery do the hardhigh heels. Patent leather slippers made est of the work. Why American women should starve on 10 cents a day at sweatshop sewing and let hundreds of heathen Chinamen come in and get thousands of dollars away from them at the laundry business is more than I can understand. In almost every good sized town in this country there is an opening for a good laundry run by women. Families would gladly welcome the opportunity to get their laundry work done out of the house if they could have assurance that it would be well and reasonably done.

I have always said that women ought o have charge of the street cleaning of cities. I am glad to find that there are persons in authority who think so too. gives me pleasure to find that Miss Cynthia M. Westover has been appointed one of the inspectors of street cleaning in New York city. Street Commissioner George E. Waring, Jr., was the man brave enough to break away from traditionary politics and offer this place to Miss Westover. She is peculiarly fitted for her work. She was secretary to a former street commissioner of New York, Mr. Hans S. Beattie. She knows the Italian language, and was an angel of mercy to the laborers who found themselves imposed on. They flocked to her to redress their wrongs, and she was generally able to do it. Miss Westover is a journalist and a brilliant and highly cultivated young woman. Another lady, Mrs. Fay Pierce, has likewise been appointed a street inspector.

The late maharajah of Mysore, who was only 30 when he died, was the first Hindoo prince to start a girls' school in India. If he had lived, he would have done much to change the deplorable condition of woman in India. It is a pity that a man ready to do justice to our sex has to die while so many old hunkses like some members of the Methodist church general conference still SULTIVE. ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

An Orange That Imitates Wonderfully the

thing. It grows exactly in the shape of a human hand, with a thumb and four fingers. It is a half open hand, that of this curious fruit, and the close resemblance to a lean, long nailed Chinese hand is startling. Even the nails are identical, hard pointed and clawlike,



THE FIVE FINGERED ORANGE. tipping the orange fingers with a length equal in some cases to three inches. It belongs to the orange variety. According to the San Francisco Chronicle, which illustrates it, a gentleman of that city found the odd plant a year or two ago over in Japan. He thought he had discovered a sort of missing link, so he bought it and brought it home. It is a In the Heart Francisco agreeing with its health ex- Of the Famous cellently well. In its native country it is usually kept potted, and the Japanese Delta District, found it a difficult matter to get one to Fraser River, ornamental curiosity, for Mr. Gonzalez bring to America, and so far nobody else ever did get one.

The orange tree is a ragged little shrub that does not average more than five or six feet in height. It does not grow straight, as a properly behaved tree is supposed to do, but is curved everywhere. There is a generous supply of thorns hidden under the leaves, and they are thorns that mean business. The leaves are fleshy, long and narrow and of a dark green color. They resemble a

lemon leaf more than an orange leaf. The flowers come out in June and July and are very similar in appearance and odor to the ordinary orange blossoms, save that they have a delicate pinkish tint which is very beautiful.

The fingers of the orange divide at .....specially adapted for dairy farmbout half the distance from the wrist, and though the division lines can be plainly seen throughout the entire length of the hand they do not destroy

its contour. The fruit itself is of a light yellow color, a pure lemon hue, growing greenish toward the stem. The size is immense, the largest ones measuring when mature fully 10 inches from the wrist to the point of the middle finger. The fruit is not edible, but what it lacks in being unable to tickle the palate it more than makes good in perfume. The strangest thing connected with the perfume is that it is the fruit and not the flower that is most odorous. The fruit when ripe is so redolent that its scent can be recognized a full mile from where the orange is growing.

Commend a fool for his wit, or a knave for his honesty, and he will receive you into his bosom. - Fielding. Frugality is founded on the principle that

all riches have limits. - Burke. When the State is most corrupt, then the laws are most multiplied. - Tacitus. Blessed is the man that has found his work. One monster there is in the world, the idle man. - Carlyle,

isn't in it.

It is just beno lard in it, that TTOLENE the new shortening is so wonderfully popular with housekeepers, OTTOLENE IS PURE DELICATE, HEALTH of the unpleasant odor Recessarily connected

with lard Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Stay MONTREAL

Contour of the Human Hand. The five fingered orange is a queer



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# 1128 Acres

# FOR SALE

.....The land is the very best in ... the District, and is situated four · · · · miles from Ladner's, on the proposed route of the C. P. R., ·····Great Northern and Delta & East-.....ern R. R. Good markets and ·····cheap freights are always to be ·····had for produce. The land is ····ing. At the present time there ····are 350 acres in grass, 375 acres ·····being under fence, while all can ····be readily brought under cultiva-· · · · tion. There is a never-ceasing ·····flow of water from a spring-the ·····best supply in the District. The ····land is all dyked, and that under .... cultivation well drained, and the ·····floods have never overflowed any ···· portion of it. There is a six-····roomed house and three barns on ····the premises.

The whole will be sold at a low · · · · · · price and upon the most reasonable · · · · terms. It is a chance seldom of-· · · · · fered for a man with the necessary ·····capital to acquire a property which .....will pay a handsome profit. The ·····land, as population on the Coast ····increases, must necessarily rapidly ····advance in value.

·····For terms and any further par-·····ticulars apply to "Delta," care of · · · · the Colonist office.

# **DAIRY FARM**

\*-FOR SALE

LANGLEY PRAIRIE. One of the best Dairy Farms in the

Province. There are 125 acres of land; about 50 acres in hay meadow; 2 acres of bearing orchard; 60 acres of good pasture. The Comekl River runs through this property, and there is always abundance of water for cattle, etc. There is a large house; 2 large barns; good dairy cellar; a blacksmith's shop; large wood-shed; hen-house and piggeries; 2 good wells of water. There are 20 cows; a thoroughbred Jersey bull; some young stock; 3 horses; 50 pigs; chickens and ducks. One Toronto mower, horse-rake, hay-fork, plows, harrows, wagon, buggy, harness, and every-thing for a well ordered farm. All of which will be sold with the place if purchaser so wishes. A daily boat runs to New Westminster, 15 miles distant, and there are good roads. This farm is above high water, and is close to school, churches and post office. The municipality is free of debt and taxes are low. For further particulars : : :

Apply at The Colonist Office M. Costillo, Vancouver, Or to Owner, on Premises.

in Jame intends of June dition v majorit the Ter was Cap howeve jections have ful there b They ap eruise, t not ex weeks h him nort he was his India tribe an Meyers l to the so About th during th

Captai

The

ers, is

with bu

total se

Only by chase geodetic on Thurse John Irvi P. N. Co. Thomas. was prom not made ex-Superi Pacific ( Irving's b generally craft is sa \$20,000 derstood. the steam from Vict north and

Going up the steame skiff drifti skiff, which locks and o with some feed in it. been drown elicited the been left or carried off |

On Beren harbor a n new light, It will be from that been stati paratus, w be dioptric liant for fi eclipsed for The office Vancouver opinion tha route betw Sound had war at an er the presen ahortly lay The gove main in por tawa next w of the Alas She is under

> SPO The Burra have twen coming rega for the ex-w

to Alaska fr

been engaged The Vanco arrange a sh their club an L. Taib morning to club at the ing to be he main busine arrangement the coming The fifth onto Kennel four hundred men's Associ ing racing be

w. S Keye, Kamloops.
The K. of last night wi Petticrew wi presented by Messra G. ( second place.

COV The official turning office Alberni electi dicate that t which no don recount asked remembered puted that a been cast for giving the or avor declare that time Mr. received 71 but it is stat show 72 vote

lows : Cobble Hill... McPherson... Dunoan Chem inus...

list for the co

The return ballots; at C



UL REMEDY BEAST. VIN CURE.

CHAS POWELL

VIN CURE. l bottles of you Y, P. O. Box 348. ts, or address COMPANY, ....

s situated four

's, on the prothe C. P. R. d Delta & Eastmarkets and always to be The land is for dairy farmwhile all can under cultivaa spring—the District. The and that under ained, and the overflowed any

be sold at a low most reasonable ance seldom of th the necessar property which ne profit. The on the Coast

ny further par-DELTA," care of

# SALE

Farms in the 125 acres of n hay meadow; chard; 60 acres Comekl River erty, and there water for catlarge house; 2 lairy cellar; a ge wood-shed ries; 2 good e are 20 cows; bull: some 50 pigs; chickoronto mower. ows, harrows, s, and every-ed farm. All with the place A daily boat ster, 15 miles good roads. water, and is thes and post lity is free of For further

From THE DAILY COLONIST. April 27. SHIPS AND SHIPPING. Schooner "Teresa's" Coast Scaling Expedition Over-Is an Unsuccessful Venture.

Captain Irving the Highest Bidder for U. S. Steamship Hassler's Parchase.

The sealing schooner Teresa, Capt. Meyers, is back from her Coast hunting cruise with but 102 skins aboard, representing her total season's catch. She dropped anchor in James bay at 6 o'clock last evening, and intends remaining in port until the middle of June, to be ready for a Behring sea expedition when the season sets in. Unlike the taking rooms. maj rity of the Victoria Coast sealing fleet the Teresa did not cruise North, although it was Capt. Meyers' desire to do so. He was, sheriff will strike the panels of grand and however, prevented by the determined ob. petit jurors. jections of his Indian crew, who seemed to there before engaging with the schooner. rigger yesterday morning Louis Young had an exciting appearance His craft capsized They appeared frightened at a Northern and whe rescued by Mr Garrett Smith, Mr. suise, though for what reasons they would Young was pretty thoroughly chilled. Capt. Meyers for several weeks has longed for a coutheaster to carry him north forciby but this not having come he was obliged to head for Viotoria and take his Indians home under what he considers on British Columbia and Alaska at the shall least evening. An entirely new series of lantern views was the winners of the heats decided on the first named day. tribe and one man aboard ailing. Capt Meyers brings no later sealing news. He says the weather has been extremely rough to the south but seals have been plentiful About the 20th of this month a few days fine weather was experienced and one day ments adjoining who would be certain to team, and competitors may use any footduring this spell he captured 54 seals. CAPE IRVING'S BID CONSIDERED.

Only two bids were presented for the purchase of the United States coast and geodetic survey steamer Hassler at Tacoma on Thursday. The bids were opened aboard the vessel at noon. The bidders were Capt John Irving, of Victoria, manager of the C N. Co., who bid \$5 250, and Johnson & Thomas, of Seattle. The last named bid was promptly withdrawn, and its amount not made public. The head of the firm is ex Superintendent J. H. Johnson, of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. Capt. Irving's bid will be sent on to Washington City to be accepted or rejected. It is generally thought it will be rejected, as the craft is said to be well worth \$15,000 or \$20,000 Capt. Irving intends, so it is un. derstood, says a Tacoma special, to place the steamer, in case he gets her, on the run from Victoria to Fort Simpson, 600 miles north and at the mouth of the Stickeen river.

A SKIFF FOUND ADRIFT. Going up to the Fraser on Wednesday last the steamer R. P. Rithet picked up a small skiff drifting below Darcey island. The skiff, which was half full of water, had rowwith some oranges and a sack of chicken feed in it. It was feared that some one had been drowned from the boat, but inquiries elicited the information that the boat had been left on the beach by an Indian and was carried off by the tide.

MARINE NOTES. On Berens island at the entrance to the harbor a new light is being placed. The new light, which will shine after May 1, will be visible at about ten miles distance It will be of occulting white color, a change from that of the fixed blue which has long

eclipsed for five seconds. The officers of the steamer Umatilla, in Vancouver yesterday, gave it as their opinion that though the rival steamer on the route between San Francisco on the committee.

ahortly lay up for repairs. main in port until after the arrival from Ot-

## SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

The Burrard Rowing Club, of Vancouver, have twenty oarsmen practicing for the coming regattas. McLean, formerly trainer for the ex-world's champion, Stanbury, has Barber; piano solo, Miss Collier; song, Victoria Contracts Collier; song, Victoria Collier; song, Victoria Contracts Collier; song, Victoria Collier; song,

L. Tait went over to Vancouver this enjoyed for some time. morning to represent the Capital lacrosse club at the intermediate association neeting to be held there this afternoon. The ing to be held there this afternoon. The main business of the meeting will be the arrangement of a schedule of games for

The fifth annual bench show of the Toronto Kennel Club opened on Thursday with four hundred dogs on exhibition.

The racing board of the Canadian Wheel men's Association has appointed the following racing board for British Columbia with full power for granting sanctions and championships and for suspension of riders: W. S. Keye, New Westminster (chairman); C. H. Gibbons, Victoria; D. G. Whittaker,

The K. of P. whist tournament ended last night with Mesers. F. LeRoy and H. Pettiorew winners of the Pythian emblems presented by Far West lodge. The winners out of nine games played only lost one. Mesers. G. Gilbert and M. H. McCabe take second place.

#### COWICHAN-ALBERNI.

The official reports from the deputy returning officers for the recent Cowichan-Alberni election arrived yesterday, and in-dicate that there has been some mistake which no doubt will be discovered when the recount asked for takes place. It will be remembered that the returning officer com. Toronto Hamilton, Kingston and Detroit. puted that an equal number of votes had been cast for each of the candidates, and giving the casting vote in Mr. Wood's favor declared that gentleman elected. At that time Mr. Huff was reported to have puted that an equal number of votes had that time Mr. Huff was reported to have received 71 votes in the Alberni division, but it is stated that the deputies' returns show 72 votes for him there, the complete

10 MAR &		
Cally Ton	Huff.	Woo
Cobb'e Hill.	28	1
McPherson	12	2
		8
		2
Somenos	13	2
Cowichan Lake	2	19
		19
Euculet	2	(
Totals	-	-
The metamore and an arms	173.	172

The returning officer's casting vote is not included in the above. There were 6 spoiled ballots: at Cobble Hill 3; McPherson 2; and Duncan, 1. Mr. Huff has through his

solicitor formally claimed the seat on the returns of the deputies. Whatever the result of this application may be, further prooeedings are probable, as no account has been made of the returns of the polling at Claycquot (in the Alberni division), where a ballot box was sent, and from which no return had been received when the returning officer gave his decision, nor has any yet

## THE CITY.

THE contract for the new Gorge bridge was yesterday awarded by the streets committee to Wilson & Noble, at \$720.

THE appointment of Mr. Barham as offiolal liquidator of the B. C. Terra Cotta Co, follows: was confirmed yesterday before Mr. Justice Drake.

THE funeral of Archie McIntosh, who died on Wednesday evening, will take place to-day at 3 o'clock from Hayward's under-

THE spring assizes will open before Chief Justice Davie on May 28 On Monday the WHILE pulling up the Arm in an out-

REV G. C. KING gave an interesting lec-

an invented excuse -sickness among the shown and much erjoyed by those present. THE COLONIST'S informant was mistaken when he said that there is but one vote in Clayoquot. It can be seen by the voters' list that there are several in that and settle-

> vote at that polling place. THE Vancouver Island Building Society held its eightieth drawing for an appropriation last evening, the result being that M's. R. Aaronson drew the lucky numbers, 243 A and B Messrs. Erskine, Meldram and

Gawley were the committee. THERE was a very good audience at the James B.y Methodist church last evening to hear the Rev Solomon Cleaver lecture He took for his subject "An Hour with the Poets," and in a short time placed a large amount of very interesting information before his hearers.

THE Spring Ridge Methodist Sunday school will hold their anniversary service on Sunday afternoon, 28 h inst. in the Odd Fellows hall, Fernwood road Rev. Solomon

MR H. M DUMBLETON is daily expecting nection with the mill. The business office will be at 48 Langley street.

LT. COL PETERS, DAG, has granted the companies of the Bys' Brigade in the city permission to use the drill hall. There was a large turnout at the first drill there the Governor General will be presented at the same time.

a change MR. HENRY CLAY, through Messrs. played in bas long Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, has taken acbeen stationary. The new lighting apparatus, which will be tested to day, will ball committee for refreshments supplied at the ball to the Governor-General last year liant for fifteen seconds, and will then be His claim is for \$350. The members of the committee were served with the writs yes-

war at an end, rates would not advance for phone Co. up for trial, it was settled very the present at least. The Umatilla will quickly when it did come into court. The trial opened yesterday before Mr. Justice The government steamer Quadra will re- Drake, but during the adjournment for lunch a settlement was made out of court. tawa next week of the Canadian contingent of the Alaska boundary survey commission.

She is under orders to take the party through

A very pleasant entertainment was tendered the Royal Engineers and R M. A. at the barracks on Thursday evening. programme consisted of piano solo, Mr. been engaged as caretaker and trainer by the club.

The Vancouver Gun Club are anxious to arrange a shoot between teams picked from their club and the Victoria Gun Club.

The Tait want over to Vancouver this county to the served from the county to the co refreshments were served; dancing was then lowing is the score:

Last evening the 76th anniversary of order in the A O U. W. hall. The even was attended by fully one hundred couples the arrangements made for whose enjoy. ment were complete in every particular. Richardson's orchestra furnished a specially fine programme of music for the affair, which marked in a memorable way the an niversary. Under the management of a committee, composed of Bro. Jackson and Sisters Jackson, Carne, Dempster and Hutcheson, an excellent supper was given at midnight of which all present heartily partook. The floor committee of the dance consisted of Mesers. M. McKinnon, D. Mowatt and P. D. Dempster.

THE school trustees are to hove a special meeting this evening with Mr. Frederick H. Killick, the object being to make ar-rangements for a course of lectures and practical instruction to the pupils of the public schools in life saving in case of public schools in life saving in case of drowning accidents. For years Mr. Killick has made a special study of the subject, especially in France, Belgium and England, where the resuscitation of the drowning has had great attention given to it. Since then thousands of pupils, including members of the YMCA. associations in Montreal, a person who cannot swim affoat for three and a half minutes, if he remains cool and does not lose his head. By practical illus tration he shows how to act when one falls list for the constituency being given as fol- into the water, how to approach and save a drowning person and the simplest and best Maclure won on ten straight against nine.

There will be another spoon contest on Mr. Killick has not been lecturing, but has been doing mission work among the Indians of the North, where he has been as compan ion to the Bishop of Athabaska on a journey through that immense diocese. He was in 1894 appointed representative for Canadian life saving societies to the Belgium inter-national exhibition, but was unable to at-

#### From THE DAILY COLONIST. April 28. SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Intermediate Lacrosse League Formed -Senior Association Elections-Cycle Track at Oak Bay.

A Close Contest at the Traps With a Victory for Mr. F. S. Maclure.

The rules to govern the Queen's Birthday tug.of.war at the Caledonia park are as

I. The first prize shall be \$100 and the second prize \$25. 2 Each team shall consist of eight men, exclusive of captain.

3 A referee shall be appointed satisfactory to the captains, and such referee shall have full charge of the contest and his de-

cision on all matters shall be final. 4 The names of all competitors shall be sent to the sporting editor of the Colonist, Victoria, B.C., before 8 p.m. on the 22ad

May next. day shall pull against each other on the second day, and after a sufficient interval of time the two teams winning the preliminary heats on the second day will decide by one final pull the claim to first and second prizes. 6 One substitute shall be allowed to each

wear free from spikes or projecting nails.
7 The competitors may assume any position on the platform preparatory to the signal for starting, and may use any sub-stance on their hands to strengthen the

8 A time limit of twenty minutes will be placed on each pull, and at the expiration of such limit the referee shall announce the winner of the pull. 9 Harness of every description is abjolutely barred

10 The start and finish shall be by pistol 11. The referee may disqualify any team acting contrary to these rules.

#### L4CROSSE.

SENIOR LACROSSE ASSOCIATION ELECTIONS. VANCOUVER, April 27 -The senior la-W. H. Cullin second vice-president, and Messrs. W. G. Mackenzie and John Fuller.

L. Ker, Geo Hickey, G. Wake, J. Andrews, the arrival of his purtable saw mill from Brantford, Ont. This mill will go about the country among the farmers. Mr. Dumble- on Monday evening. The intermediate skiff drifting below Darcey island. The skiff, which was half full of water, had row-locks and oars shipped, and contained a box with some oranges and a sack of chicken.

INTERMEDIATE LEAGUE FORMED. VANCOUVER, April 27 - An intermediate last night. The inspection will be held in about a month and the medals offered by W. T. Norris, Nanaimo; W. C. Clute, Westminster; A. E Suckling, Vancouver; L. Tait, Victoria council. The intermediate players are defined as those not having the provincial cabinet ministers.

#### THE OAR. JAMES BAYS AT WORK.

The good weather of the past few weeks has been taken advantage of by a number of scratch crews and single scullers—quite route between San Francisco and Paget
Sound had stopped running, and the rate of DoCosmos v. Victoria & Esquimalt Telewill be selected early in the week and they will then draw for their crews. Members who wish to row should hand in their names at once, a list being on the club board for that purpose, as it will not be easy to provide for any who may wish to enter after the crews have been made up. The representative juniors for the July regatta will be selected after the 24th of May from among those who have been rowing to that

CHESS.

PROGRESS OF THE TOURNAMENT, The tournament is rapidly approaching conclusion, and though Mr. Piper finally met defeat at the hands of Mr. C. D. Mason, who played a very brilliant game, champion ship honors seem at his mercy. The struggle for second place is very keen, and a tie for that coveted position may ensue. The fol-

	Class. Name.	Won.	L
ηf	1-T. Piper	94	
d	I I—J. R. Hunner	20	
-	2-C. Schwengers.	32	
е			
b	2-W. Marchant.		
_	2-B Williams	311	
,	2 F C Postino	22	
	3-F, C. Berri ge.	181	
	3-P. T Johnston	191	
	3-A. Gonn son	201	
7	3-D. J. Perry	29	
,	4-R H Johnston	17	
	4-B. Schwengers.	281	-
	4—J. Scowcroft.	9	
6	4—Capt Clarke	15	
П	D-R WOIT		
1	D -T Lawrie		
٠.	5 H Lawrie		
1	5—Ayton		
. 1	5—Sergt Phillips	171	
1	5—Sergt. Scanian	5	
1	5-B. Gow rd	10	. ]
1	5 F. C. Pons	144	
1	5—E. C. Bour	7	. 4
	The second secon		

THE WHEEL.

TRACK BUILDING HAS COMMENCED. The contract for the three lap cinder agreement between the 'cycle club and the spondent (plaintiff) leave to move in the completed not later than the 15th of June. the appeal till the next Divisional court. In will, however, be in use according to present expectations long before that date

FRED. MACLURE WINS AGAIN. There will be another spoon contest on Saturday next. The club has purchased a handsome silver oup to be contested for during May; it will be shot for under club handicap rules. The cup is on view at Oak

HERE AND THERE. The Westminster bioycle club rode to

Vancouver from Westminster yesterday, making the run in a little over an hour. The Vancouver archery olub will hold route next Wednesday, weekly trips being their first practice at the grounds between made throughout the summer.

Vancouver and Quadra streets on Wednes day at 2 pm. An instructor will be in

At the coming Vancouver wheelmen's races the contestants will be handicapped by J. E. Miller.

#### THE CITY.

THE first Raymond excursion party of the season is spending to day in Victoris. It is in charge of the veteran conductor, Mr. H. G. Hutchins, and is quartered at the Driard

THE Ancient Order of Foresters have soured the Caledonia grounds for their pionic on the 15th June. The committee will meet at their hall to-morrow evening to make further arrangements. All members are requested to be present.

ALD BRAGG has given notice to move at the next city council meeting that the Water Commissioner keep a weekly pay roll of the men employed by the city on the water works improvements at E k lake, and that the treasurer be authorized and required to pay the same in cash to the men at the THE Louvre saloon on Johnson street was

burglarized during Friday night, the thief 5. The contest shall take place on a wooden platform provided with cleats at the Caledonia grounds on May 24 and 25 next, the first pull to commence at 6 p.m. on the evening of the first named day. Lots shall be drawn for the order of pulling and the speedily apprehended. In the case of the Horsefly Gold Mining

Company v. Kelly and others, Mr. Justice Drake yesterday morning granted an in-junction until May 24, 1895, restraining the defendants from carrying on mining opera-tions on the Horsefly Creek property, with iberty to apply in the meantime upon notice of dissolve. Mr. Lindley Crease for plaintiff; Mr. A. L. Belyea for defendants.

THE public has not yet heard the last of Mrs. McGovern's celebrated and much travelled trunks, as that lady promises very hortly to institute a suit against the C.P.R. for damages in connection therewith. It will be remembered that when Mrs. Mo-Govern's baggage went to Japan instead of I acoma she expressed considerable anxiety in regard to a sum of money in gold which was packed away in one of the boxes. When the baggage completed its tour this money was missing, hence the threatened action.

REV. C. ENSOR SHARP presided at the oting contrary to these rules.

12 Entrance to the competition is free,
Esquimalt, which was held on Wednesday but entries from more than eight teams will last. The financial statement and report of the retiring church wardens were read by Mr. Gervas Wake and adopted, and the meeting then proceeded to the election of officers as follows: Rector's warden, Mr. E Baynes Reed ; people's wardrn, Hon. Chas H. Brooks, H. Pover and H. Logan.

THE members of the citizens' ball committee who are being sued by Henry Clay for \$350 for the supper supplied at the ball during the Governor General's visit, are Lieut. Colonel Prior, Mesers. C. E. Renouf, lacrosse league was formed this evening. C.
D. Rand, hon. president; L. A. Lewis,
Westminster, president; B. D. Pressly,
Nanaimo, first vice; A. C. Drury, second the ball committee and general committee Consequently they will apply to have added as defendants all the other members of the committees, including the Mayor and Alder-

A TEST case as to whether the provisions of the game act prohibiting the export of deer skins are ultra vires will come up in the Provincial police court on Monday Super-intendent Hussey has laid information against J. Boscowitz & Son to the effect that they have in their warehouse deer skins which there is reason to believe are intended for export contrary to the game act passed by the provincial legisla ure. The defence is to be that the act is ultra vires, in that it interferes with matters of trade and commerce, which can only be dealt with by the Dominion. Mr. Gordon Sunter will act for the defence.

THE school board had a special meeting last night, with a view to making some arrangement with Mr. F. H. Killick, the ex pert on swimming and life saving, for lec-tures and practical demonstration to the children of the public schools on the best means of giving assistance in case of drowning accidents. With the exception of Trustee Lovell, who thought the expense some what unnecessary, the board were heartily in favor of the arrangement. Mr. Killick agrees to give a couple of lectures in the schools and also a practical demonstration in the Gorge or at some suitable spot to be selected, for his expenses, which are not to exceed \$15. His objects, he says, are entirely philanthropic The Chair and Trus-tees Marchant and Saunders were appointed a committee to make the arrangeme lectures will be given some time in the latter part of August.

THE appeal in Wosg Hoy Woon v. Dun-can came before the full court yesterday, Chief Justice Davie and Justices McCreight and Drake presiding. This was an appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice Crease in the famous test case as to the power of the city health officer. Dr. George Duncan act ing in that capacity sent a batch of Chinese immigrants landed from one of the Empress steamers last year to the suspect station where they were fumigated and washed The Chinese instituted habeas corpus pro ceedings and the case came before Mr. Justice Crease. The Chinese in the meantime were released, the fumigating having been completed. A suit for damages was instituted against Dr. Duncan, and was tried by track at the Oak Bay recreation park having been awarded to Mr. W. Snider, jr., that in his defence alleged that Hongkong was an gentleman has already commenced work and hopes to have the track ready for use before the Queen's Birthday. The grading and draining of the grounds are now well advanced, and the park promises to be equal ment the present appeal was taken. The in equipment to the best in Canada. The full court yesterday decided to give retramway company, which is to continue for three years, specifies that the track shall be

### SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

A Tacoma dispatch of yesterday says :test yesterday at the Oak Bay traps, J. C. and F. S. Maclure tied on a score of forty-one out of fifty. In the shoot off F. S. Maclure won on ten straight against A. It is considered doubtful that Capt. 30 per cent. duty on the vessel's machinery should he take her to Canada and put he under the British flag.

The Siwash schooner Pachtwallis, which was built here last winter and which has been among the Indian fleet in Fort San Juan for several weeks, dropped anchor in port-last evening having finished her coast sealing expedition. The schooner's catch is in the neighborhood of 50 skins.

The Beaver line steamships plying be-tween Montreal and Liverpool resume their been among the Indian fleet in Port San

# The All-Important Question.

Shall I Regain Lost Strength?"

Thousands of Rejuvenated and Happy Men and Women Emphatically Say:

Compound, the Best of All Spring

or thieves entering by the back door and securing \$1 50 in cash, a box of cigars and THE ONLY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD THAT HONESTLY CURES SICK AND DISEASED PEOPLE.

> season of the year with the sick and vousness and weakness, with which I ailing, is "how to throw off disease and get rid of suffering." Past experiences for which my doctor could give no relief. and happy results have amply demon- I became very weak and had a stroke strated the fact that Paine's Celery of paralysis. I was confined to my bed;

> Cobourg, Ont., leaves no doubt as to the the use of Paine's Celery Compound. marvellous efficacy of the wonderful I have recommended it to others and world is now talking :-

> The all-important question at this ing Paine's Celery Compound for ner-Compound always cures; it even rescues and my doctor requested me to try a victims of disease after other medicines have failed, and when doctors have thing that could be done. I did as recommended, and before I had finished The following testimony from Mrs. the first bottle I experienced a change. Lumley, a lady well known in I am glad to say that I am cured through medicine about which the whole civilized they have been benefitted by it; 1 would urge all who need a medicine to give it "I have much pleasure in recommend- a trial, as it has worked miracles for me."

# PLANET JR.

# ARDEN IMPLEMENTS

FOR SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED

Lawn Mowers. Lawn Rollers, Garden Hose, Garden Tools (All Kinds, Garden Barrows.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ld.,

-VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KIMLOOPS.

Lea Gerrin PRINTED DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER

of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE

WORCESTERSHIRE

AGENTS-J. M DOUGLAS & OO and URQUHART & CO.-MONTREAL

N ORDER that subscribers to THE Weekly Colonist may have an opportunity to secure a set of the famous "MASTERPIECES," a limited number of Sets are offered to those sending to this office the Coupon which appears on another page, together with 10 cents for each Part-\$2.00 for the Set. A neat Portfolio to contain the Set may be had at the same time for 50 cents. First come, first served. THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISH-

Hon. Col. Baker's Interesting Addres Before the Dominion Educational Association.

Responsibilities of Teachers in Dealing With Young Children-Plasticity of the Brain.

(Terente Mail and Empire, April 19.) A public meeting was held last night i the hall of the Education Department, Gould street, as the closing demonstration of the gatherings of educationalists which have been held in the city during the past three days. The chair was taken by Mr. G. W. Ross, provincial minister of education, and on the platform with him were : Lieut.-Col. Baker, minister of education of British Columbia; Mr. J. M. Harper, inspector of superior schools in the province of Quebec; Rev. Dr. Milligan, Mr. R. W. an, secretary of the association; and Mr. B. J. Oulton, Dorchester, N.B.

Rev. Dr. Milligan offered prayer, after which the following cablegram was read from the National Union of Teachers of Eogland and Wales, now in session in Manches Your fellow members of one profession and one Empire send greeting and good-will.

The chairman delivered a very short address, in which he congratulated the teachers on the splendid success of the meetings. At a meeting of the educational asse tion, Hon. Colonel Baker, minister of edu cation, British Columbia, gave the following paper on "Diagnosis of Brain Power." He said :- We all owe a debt of gratitude to the Hon. Mr. Ross for having collected together from all parts of this great Dominion such an important assembly of teachers, and others who are interested in the evolution of the human mind, in order that we may interchange our ideas, and, let us hope, advance our cause. We should hail with keen pleasure any organization which has for its effect the bringing prominently before the public that important section of society, the beachers of our public schools, because it is a class which, from the very nature of its calling, and the magnitude of its responsishould command our greatest respect and solicitude. The teachers of our public schools are the human instruments which mould the brains, and to a large extent the characters, of the children who are placed under their charge. They are indirectly arbiters of the national character, and it is therefore difficult adequately to measure the amount of honor and dignity which should be properly awarded to these architects of human character. I may mention as chief of their responsibilities the force of example, which is one of the most subtle and far-reaching forces which shape our social existence, and we cannot attach power which is exercised over us by the stomach more food than it can possibly diexample of those by whom we may be sur- gest. rounded. In illustration I may mention the common case of a man who is accustomed to drink only at his meals, but who becomes thrown into the society of others who take

much more so with young children, whose brains are in a receptive state of growth, ready and eager to absorb impressions from

Therefore, it becomes the first duty of society so to order its educational system that it may be enabled to select the most honorable, the most able and the most refined of its units as teachers of the young.

Unfortunately, we find in this countryand, indeed, in every other country-a small minority of the people which is averse to advanced free education. It maintains than the three R's are all which are required, and that the public money should not be expended in educating the people be-yond that limited domain of knowledge. On the other hand, the large majority of the people, at least in all civilized countries, fortunately holds a contrary opinion; it maintains that the public money cannot be better expended nor with greater permanent profit to the nation than by cultivating the ntellect of the child to its highest possible pitch, in order that it may awaken to a perception of its inherent faculties, and, by a healthy application of those derived powers, it may contribute in each successive generation towards the lifting up of humanity to a higher and ever ascending standard. And in support of that supposition it cannot be ed that the brain of every child is a wonderful mystery. It may contain within itself hidden treasures of incalculable value, which can only be revealed by careful education, and it therefore becomes the bounden duty of the nation to search for those treasures which are born into it, and which are calculated to contribute so materially to its prosperity and to its advancement.

There is in human nature an inherent thirst for knowledge, a thirst, however, which could not have been satisfied without the assistance of that great incubator of liberty, the printing press, which for over 400 years has kept plodding away year by year and century by century, enlarging and spreading the area of knowledge. By it, and through it, all the tangled impediments in the road to the study of the sciences were swept away, and the laborious conclusions of the mental faculties of one student were handed on to hundreds of others, to be restudied, amplified, and multiplied, until there burst upon this nineteenth century all those wonderful discoveries in science which have revolutionized society by practically annihilating space, and placing the whole of civilized mankind within talking distance of each other.

As a consequence, any wave of emotion which affects a community in one part of the world is at once transmitted, with electrical rapidity, to every other community, however distant, and the result is a growing uniformity in thought, and also in action, which is obliterating the boundaries and prejudices of nationality, so that every social problem now becomes actuated by what I may term a cosmic force.

A demand for free education was the natural corollary to this flood of human sentiment, the inherent thirst for knowlcivilized countries of the world, power is given to every child freely to fill up to the very brim the full measure of its intellectual capacity. Thus after a lapse of over one thousand years the dream, the hope and the vearning of the first apostle of free education of the highest order.

Truly, it is no light task, and it is one in the ape as well as in man. There are certain inherited habits and tendencies between man and the ape which are worthy of mention.

Exception may possibly be taken to a portion of my argument on the plea that it tends to reduce human thought and human action down to a mere scientific formula, and that the desired free education of the highest order.

that we are still only in the transition stage organic into organic matter, commences in have a strong tendency to place the hand between ignorance and knowledge. We every case with this protoplasm or first under the head upon going to sleep, even have yet to be educated in the science of education, and we have to submit to the stern lessons of experience before we can stern lessons of experience befo

from the International Institute of Sociology, which was held in Paris last October under the presidency of Sir John Lubbook. In discussing the effect of advanced the number of persons in prison has fallen which is attained by existing humanity.

This beautiful ideal—the spiritual of persons sentenced to penal servitude for over 50 per cent. duced by an educational system which con-

This offers food for very grave reflection. But to descend from higher to lower actuate him. things I may add, with regard to education, that those unhealthy mental stimulants. sound learning, and they therefore become emoralizing both to the teachers and the taught. Then again, the multitude of sub-

tellectual food must be converted into men-

tal muscle, and not mental fat. teacher, and also by a curriculum which alt or lower their inherited faculties. Thanks, largely to the ability and energy on society to take special care that the of the Hon. Mr. Ross, the school system of teachers of our public schools become adepts Ontario approaches very nearly to perfection in the diagnosis of brain power. in this respect, and I am sanguine enough to hope that the people of British Columbia will recognize the great advantages which accrue from such a system, and that, although

truest economy in the end, because the greatest results are obtained for the money which s expended. The great reproach which is cast upon the ducational system of the present age is that t tends to over-educate the children and to render many of them unfit for the avocations into which they have been born, and that they fail to recognize the dignity of labor, whether it be that of the hand or of the head. If such were really to be the result

of advanced free education, why, it would be better to abolish it altogether. But it is not so; experience has shown that such s result arises from the fault of the system, and not necessarily as a sequence to the cultivation of the mind. You, in Ontario, with your admirably or conclusively that properly organized advanced free education can turn out highly practical men and women. Indeed, it is be-

ing generally acknowledged all the world over that technical education tends to strengthen the brain and gives to it greater power for understanding theory and adapting it to practice. But no matter what curriculum may be

devised, it must prove abortive unless it is reverberations from the brain, that inteladministered by instructors who possess a special training and adaptability for the important task which is committed to their portant task which is committed to their mount importance of a special training for mirable Normal schools, which favorably with the best of similar establishschools, so soon as they step upon the very threshold of their labors, find themselves confronted with a whole congerie of mysteries—a multitude of brains; all of hem in a state of growth; each of them

has become an accomplished fact, and I may also add that the Utopia of that great has taught us is common to the animal and their beds at night in trees, with sticks and holy aspirations.

realized. Such are examples of the persist- living things has sprung and is springing, ency of the evolutionary forces which are ever moving onwards towards some mysterishaping mankind into a higher order of ous end which is beyond our ken. It has But we must not lose sight of the fact being which we call life, the change from inhope to attain to anything approaching to time, it shall touch the very hem of the gar-

to grant to young children the great boon of a free education, but at the same time to leave their crude receptive young brains unsweetened by any form of religious instruc-tion, has failed signally in elevating their special temptation or circumstance shall

have full warrant for this assertion from trainers of it, the teachers of the young, to

There is an instinct in human nature that book. In discussing the effect of advanced free education upon crime, he stated that since the passage of the act of 1870 whispers to us of a night existence. We came removated in proportion to his becomes high probably dates back to primifor providing primary and secondary education in England, the number of children in English free schools has children in E increased from 1,500,000 to 5,000,000, while the ideal is something superior to anything

This beautiful ideal-the spiritual cothe worst crimes has decreased from 3,000 humanity—is the force which is evoluting to 800; the number of juvenile offenders mankind into a higher order of being, and and delinquents has decreased from 14,000 religion, irrespective of sect, is its hand-to 5,000; and paupers have decreased by Let it be remembered tion, namely, the gravitation of humanity that these remarkable results have been pro- towards its lower order of existence; there cumstances into which that child has been is a heaven, and there is a hell. Evolution tains in its curriculum religious instruction beckons us towards the former; devolution of an unsectarian character. But now let drags us towards the latter; and between as step across the English channel into these two contending forces there exists France, where the system of free education that mysterious power in human nature to is quite as elaborate as that of England, but which we give the name of "free will." with this important exception: there is no is a force which it is exceedingly difficult to the growth of the brain into the most elereligious instruction of any kind. What is define, yet we are all of us conscious of its the consequence? We find that crime has possession because it forms the line of deincreased hand in hand with education. The cry goes up that education is filling the is responsible for his own actions. The man resultant of the component forces which

These component forces are not constant frequent competitive examinations, have a tion and magnitude according to the imendency to engender conceit in place of pressions produced upon his brain by surrounding and accumulating circumstances. We may, perhaps, be better able to appreciate the problem by supposing the case jects which are frequently forced upon the an infant, born of highly intelligent and rejects which are frequently forced upon the attention of the students are not calculated fined parents, being placed at its birth, if it too much importance to it; indeed, there to strengthen their young and unformed were possible, in a society of gorillas or be rescinded, and that he might be allowed brains; it is equivalent to cramming into the chimpanzees to be suckled, reared, and to take him in hand. He did so, and set brought up by them alone until it became adult. The antecedent probability is that such an adult would be bestial in its habits evoked, the special inherited impress upon What is the object of advanced free educa- and manners, and also in its language, if it the brain at once responded to the call, and tion? Is it not to develop the latent talent had any; but, mark you, not to the same so far from its being necessary to remove of the child in order that it may become a degree as its associate gorillas or chimpan-

> Herein lies the grave responsibility which attaches to a teacher of the young, because The two important objective points which it is the power of an instructor by virtue of have enumerated can only be reached by his matured will force to impress the young the student through force of example, derived and immature brains committed to his ed principally from the conduct of the comprises practical with theoretical instruction. The eye, the ear and the hand must upon the teacher of graduating the scale of of adult human beings, are so extremely in the Emmanuel church of the wash basin

It appears to me that the first step to wards obtaining such a knowledge should consist in the study of embryology of hereit must of necessity cost money, still it is the it is impossible intelligently to diagnose dity, of anatomy and neurology, because brain power unless we understand something about the sources of its production. So soon as that knowledge is acquired, the second step should be for the graduating teachers to study under specially trained experts the methods of the application of such knowledge to diagnosis of brain power of young children.

The study of embryology has advanced greatly in the last few decades, and it/has clearly revealed to us the intimate connection which exists between man and all placental animals. Researches into heredity confirm this connection by detecting certain inherited habits and instincts which are common to man and the nearest approach to man in the lower order of animals, ganized kindergartens, technical schools, and neurology teach us how impressions namely, the ape. The study of anatomy and Schools of Practical Science, have shown upon the eye, the ear, and the skin are transmitted by the nervous system to the highly sensitive brain, where they are stored up according to its varying capacity and quality, in order that they may after wards be reverberated by that mysterious power which we call memory. scientific studies have taught us by the process of induction and deduction, or, in other words, by the indentations upon and the

charge. Ontario has recognized the para of man is about twice the size of the brain of teachers by the establishment of your ad not take much comfort out of that, because compare we find that the difference in the size of the brains of the highest and lowest order of vating force of surrounding circumstances, ments in other parts of the world; but it man is far greater than that which exists seems to me that a large portion of the training of a teacher should be devoted to a special study of the brain and nervous sys- of intelligence between the highest and lowtem, and I use the term brain in this case in est order of ape is far greater than that the common acceptation of the term as which exists between man and the ape. For unit of society is indented by a force which indicating the seat of intelligence. Taking a long period it was supposed that certain peculiar portions of the brain, known under towards its lower order of existence, then their scientific nomenclature as the posterior the reverberatory power of the brains of their scientific nomenciature as the posterior in the reverberatory power of the brains of lobe, the posterior cornu, and the hippocampus minor, were peculiar to man and were not to be found in the ape; and that them in a state of growth; each of them differing from the other; all of them sensitive to the lightest touch; each of them capable of being moulded—like a piece of potter's clay—into either an attractive or a repulsive form; and all of them requiring sentiment, the inherent thirst for knowledge had to be quenched, and now at the close of this nineteenth century, in all the close of the close of this nineteenth century, in all the close of this nineteenth century, in all the close of this nineteenth century, in all the close of the close of this nineteenth century, in all the close of the cl

statesman, philosopher, philanthropist and vegetable kingdom, and which has been remarter of the sixteenth century — Sir duced in its visible form the protoplasm or Themas More—is already more than half first germ, out of which the multitude of cap in its literal and not in its spirituous because although the revelations of science

sense. Well, they cover their bodies with leaves, and particularly their heads, and they sleep with the hand under the head, palm upwards. Now, it is a well known fact that children and also adult human beings the bend that th suffer from insomnia to try placing the hand perfection.

Society is gradually awakening to the fact that there are many grave defects in that system of general free education, which, it must be confessed, was somewhat hastily even to curselves, and they can only be unlocked and revealed by the key of temptative of the Almigney.

With our limited knowledge, we are forced to confess that there are secret chambers in our brains, secret and unknown their gorilla ancestors I am not prepared to predict. Then, again, the prehensile tendency in the hands of infants, and the locked and revealed by the key of temptative.

tors. There is a wild tribe of men called Vedmoral character, while the shameful sectories. Therefore it becomes us to be very date in the island of Ceylon who have no fixed habitations, and who make their beds expedient is sapping the very foundations of the doctrine of Christianity. Yes, and I but the greater the mystery of the brain, the greater the necessity for the graduating very much after the fashion of gorillas and or full warrant for this assertion from trainers of it, the teachers of the young, to chimpanzees. Then, again, the love of sport which is so strong in some natures (I sport which is so strong in some natures (I have it myself) is probably inherited from The Father is God, the Son is God, and the primitive man, when the supply of food was Holy Ghost is God, and yet there are not There is an instinct in human nature that dependent upon the sportsman, and he became renowned in proportion to his success.

But if all these inherited habits and tend encies still cling to us after a lapse of countless ages of time, how much stronger and efficient which actuates the mechanism of more varied must those tendencies be which we have inherited from our numerous and recent ancestors, and how complicated the growing brain of a young child must be when it is pregnant with inherited tenden-

Hence the care and caution which are necessary in diagnosis of brain power, and brain tendencies, and the patience and per-severance which are required on the part of It the teacher in order to be enabled to divert vating channels.

possession because it forms one line of de-marcation between a lunatic and a man who by care and patience on the part of the To show how much may be accomplished prisons. If we turn to the United States, who has no volition over his actions is my own notice. It was that of a boy at one termed a lunatic; but any degree of will of our great public schools in England, who, Zealand, the statistics tell the same sad story that crime increases directly as the story that crime increases directly as the norease in the number of godless schools. the scale of humanity, according as it is the nothing with him. A consultation was held, and it was determined to ask the boy's parents to remove him from the college. The house tutor went to inform him of the throughout his life; but they vary in direc. | decision, and to his astonishment found the boy in the college library and museum absorbed in a deep work upon natural history. Investigation proved that the greater part of the boy's play hours had been passed in the library and museum studying works

his house tutor the whole tenor of that boy's life might have been changed.

One of the greatest difficulties which meet the efforts of a teacher is diagnosis of the neurological symptoms of his pupils. The his property, they being kept in gives it an unqualified denial.

A fire attented in Rayton's stable in the neurological symptoms of his pupils. The his property, they being neurological symptoms the immature buds a drawer in his study. of character, and any rough or inconsiderate questioned as to his connection with a church treatment of such emotions may, in some in Scotland, he stated that he could not recases, ruin a child's character for life. The member the name of the street upon which nervous systems of some children, and also it was. He was asked to give the location tion. The eye, the ear and the hand must upon the beacher of graduating the scale of unite in order to form and fashion the brain.

Thanks, largely to the ability and energy on society to take special care that the spection. In illustration of how sensitive said he supplied the towels that were used ome nervous systems may be to exterior and they were kept in an unlocked drawer vibrations, I will mention the case of a in his study. Dr. Gibson corrected a stateyoung lady of my acquaintance who was an ment made that the library door was locked ccomplished musician. She married a man on his first visit before the discovery of the who had the misfortune to be stone deaf.

Yet strange to say, he could appreciate her

W. McElroy, a new witness, testified that

We ourselves experience something similar in the case of sad or lively music. Why ous system by the different waves of sound. There are attractions and repulsions in to meet a friend named Bert Minnand human nature which we all of us experience, degree according to the sensitiveness of the nervous system of the people concerned. to the brain; but the same face or form may at that time having passed shortly before. affect different people in very varying de-

There is a force we call sympathy, which is highly attractive when it meets a similar indent upon another brain. Children and multiplied by the thousand to prove how extremely sensitive the brain is to the im | San Francisco. pressions from surrounding circumstances, and how it may be exalted or lowered ac cording to the nature of the impressing bjects.

But is not this the best possible argu-

ment we could have in favor of advanced free education for the people? Because the higher the education of each unit of society the greater must be the elethere is a reflex action between brain and

A unit of society is surrounded by other units, each of them possessing a reverbera-tory power of brain. If the brain of each is opposed to the gravitation of humanity

But I think that a little consideration

creation, still the very fact of his being a function in evolution must assure him that he has had a past, that he has a present, and that he will have a future.

He recognizes, by virtue of his undoubted inherited tendencies, his intimate connection with the past; he experiences a power of free will for his guidance under the circumstances of the present; and he should therefore have unbounded faith in the condinuity of his existence in the future. To my mind there could not be a more beautiful manifestation of the analogy between science and religion than our own pure Christian faith.

The man Christ appears among men, i seen by them, speaks to them, reveals to them in His own person a higher aspect of humanity, a Godhead, and then disappears along the path of evolution, beckoning to His fellowmen to follow Him.

The Father is God, the Son is God, and the three Gods, but one God.

So, also, there is the man God of the future, the Man of the Present, and the Man of the Past, and yet there are not three men, but one Man, who is ever ascending the path of But I must not detain you any longer.

have endeavored, I fear but imperfectly, to emphasize the great responsibility which attaches to a teacher to the young; to point out that the brain of every child which is committed to the charge of a teacher is preg-nant with inherited tendencies, coupled with a power of free will which may be directed, by a stronger and more matured will force, towards either a higher or lower standard of humanity, according to the deline by the Newfoundland delegates just regree of judgment which is observed in diagnosis of brain power; that the higher the sducation of each unit of society the greater must be the elevating force of surrounding circumstances; and that it therefore becomes the bounder duty of society to endea. ada, but there is a feeling that no other vor to raise each of its units to the highest possible level.

Such being the case, it is an obligatory part of human effort to give a due portion of its labor in the form of taxation in order to provide the most efficient organization for the education of the people. Turning, then, to those who would mete out to the rising generation but a mere pittance of education in the form of the three R's; who, conscious of their own knowledge, would selfishly grudge a similar measure to their poor brethren; who would cast the welfare of our poorer children upon the wayward element of chance; who maintain that we should not sow because, forsooth, we cannot reap now-to such as those I would say, in the words of one of America's deepest think-

Rich is the harvest from the fields Which bounteous nature kindly yields, But fairer growths enrich the soil Ploughed deep with thought's unwearied toil.

#### SAN FRANCISCO'S MURDER.

San Francisco, April 25 .- On the rethrown into the society of others who take the child in order that it may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradually, and almost imperceptibly to himself, drops into the same habit—here then the or she may belong. The true end force of example grows into a force of short, and when that is extended to a number of individuals it becomes a force of custom which it is exceedingly difficult to change; which is is exceedingly difficult to change; the tendency of advanced free education and so it is with every other habit, and is to make the adult refined, that is, there is not one of us who is uninflaenced by the sature of his surroundings.

The control of the child in order that it may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a the child in order that it may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, when he gradual tits may become a their drinks at odd times, may benefit the same infant of knowledge should be to "provide a rich and wre placed at its in the taked upon his one talent that he became and in a society of the highest refinement, were placed at its most brilliant ornaments. Now, in this degree as its associate gorillas or chimpan.

Gibson was again called to the stand, being asked for a specimen of his hadwriting asked for a specimen of his hadwriting. This he declined to give. After some fencing with dounsel for the defence he wrote which is mane on a piece of paper and at the request of counsel also wrote the name of a country the defence of the brilliant ornaments. Now, in this double to the became and in a society of the hisphere is not only five the r his house tutor the whole tenor of that boy's inclosed. It was evident from this that the publishes a dispatch direct from His Honor,

music, and always knew when she was playing in the same room, even when he had his Friday evening at the corner of Bartlett and back turned towards her. In this case the 23rd streets As they passed him the man waves of sound must have vibrated a highly threw his shoulder around in such a way as to screen the woman from McElroy's view. The man also turned around and looked at witness. The couple stopped at the Gale 000. All the damage to the machinery and Landing side entrance. Durrant seemed to shaft by the recent fire has been repaired, do we call it sad or lively? On account be a little shorter than the man he saw, and drifting and sinking on the vein con-Witness afterwards passed through a passage to the lot in the rear of Bartlett street While waiting there he saw a light in the but find it difficult to account for them, but rear of the church moving around as if from there is no doubt that they vary in a large a candle or lantern. When his friend joined him he pointed the light out to him.

Minnand next corroborated McElroy's Beauty of face and beauty of form act upon statement as to the light. The time they Hon. Mr. Balfour said that some of the memthe eye, and thence by the nervous system saw the light was after 9.40, the train due Tobonto, April 25.—Theodore Darant, in astody on the charge of murdering Miss Williams and Miss Lamont, turns out to be a Toronto boy. Durant was born in this berlain and his city about twenty-four years ago, and is dogs are quick in discerning this force, and said to have worked here as a drug apresponding to it. Instances might be prentice for a short time. The family then went west and took up their residence in

#### PEACE FOR CUBA.

HANANA, April 26.—General Martinez Campos has spent most of the day in receiving delegations from the Cuban corporations and the army and navy by all of which he has been assured of hearty co-operation. To these delegations he said he relied upon the co-operation of the public to obtain peace within a very short time. His policy, he said, would be one of strict impartiality. He was satisfied with the army but said he would severely army but said he would severely punish any dereliction of military duties General Campos will remain here only a few days, when he will return to Santiago de Cuba to personally direct operations.

Advices from Santiago de Cuba to-day say that Robert Ramsey and John McKenzie, the two British sailors of the schoone or, from which the Maceos expedition was landed, who were arrested and brought here as prisoners, have been released on parole pending their trials.

London, April 27.—The Daily News correspondent in Vienna says that the Hun-garian towns of Mosria, Kuboz, Vilova and Rudolphsgrad have been nearly destroyed by floods, and many persons and hundreds of cattle have been drowned. The damage mounts to nearly 10,000,000 florins.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

#### CAPITAL NOTES.

British Columbia Matters Before the Government-Satisfactory Report of Dominion Rifle Association.

The Premier Explains the Cabinet Changes-Splendid Speech by Senator Ferguson.

(From Our Own Correspondent,) OTTAWA, April 26.—The annual report of he Dominion Rifle Association was issued o-day. It is a most encouraging document. Col. Baker had a lengthy conference to day with Premier Bowell, and Hon. Messrs. Foster and Daly with reference to provincial affairs, the case of the Indians, Chinese poll

ax. etc. Mr. Coatsworth will introduce a bill to prevent the trap-shooting of pigeons. Mr. Davin has given a notice of motion in favor of woman sufferage.
The proceedings in the House of Commons were uninteresting. All the afternoon was

taken up in discussing Prince Edward Island grievances.

The debate on the address in the Senate was closed to day. A splendid speech was made by Hon. Donald Ferguson, the new member of the government.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell then made a formal statement of the ministerial changes since last session.

### NEWFOUNDLAND AND CANADA.

physical Articles Art

was a cabin Andr Pome articl

were Mille

days. vised Mr

onist

told b

feren

corone lay is could the bo

that I

burnt

Mores dark s

to-day, at leng the cor lawyer

many o

own v

said h

journ a

adjour Morris to the death o which . ness of

when v

gave hi

health

Morris'

of the

Alvera

ment w

ors.

of the

hospit

not go t

ment.

Chilian

Batisfac

tramwa

constru

night at

from pr

Alderm

guided

during t

Several

lesignat

side-sho

it is not

taken u

down f

Salaries,

861.65;

finance o

light

\$5.000 .

health.

\$133,270

The fo

Mayor

The a

ST. Johns, Nfld., April 26 .- The result of the Confederation conference participated turned from Ottawa, so far as made public yesterday, increased the general feeling of uncertainty here. Apparently the mass of the people are opposed to union with Cancourse is open. The followers of Premier Whitway seem to be straining every nerve to grapple with the situation with out submitting the question to a popular decision. The Whitewayite organ, the Telegram, to-day published a proposed government retrenchment scheme providing for the abolition of a number of offices and for a reduction of salaries. It is estimated that under the scheme an annual saving of \$300,000 should be effected. The plan meets with some favor, but much criticism is evoked because it was not proposed before. The Whitewayites also announce a revision of the tariff during the coming session of the legislature. Members of the opposition party in the legislature accuse them of postponing the legislative session so as to make impossible for the people to vote on Confederation. A revolt among the government supporters in the assembly would have taken place but for the fact that most of the opposition "Confederates" would then have joined the government and have decided the question immediately. Reasoning people and the middle classes favor Confederation, but the majority of the people show a disin-

A fire started in Barter's stable, in the centre of the main business block of Hartneytown, this morning and spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings, being finally stopped at Bradley's store. The buildings destrayed are: O'Brien's hotel, Beatty's tailor shop, Buettner's hardware store, Cuthbert's grocery, the Massey Harris Company's warehouse, the Ivison store, Barter's butcher shop, the Commercial hotel, Rogg's butcher shop, Sutherland's bakery, McDonald's livery stable, Young's hardware store, Bower's hard ware shop. Nearly all are well insured, except Young, who has no insurance. The Barter family lost everything, barely escaping with their lives in their night-clothes. valued at \$1,200, another this week at \$1,-

## "PLAYED OUT."

London, April 26.-In the course of his speech at Primrose Lodge to-day, which is bers of the Conservative party, foreseeing victory in the next parliament, seemed to suggest the kicking down of the ladder upon which they had climbed. Such a suggestion was unutterably mean. It was Mr. Cham-Liberal Unionist colleagues who, for the past nine years, had made a home rule policy impossible. Continuing, Mr. Balfour said: "The present position of the unionist parties is one of transition. What will follow, a permanent division or permanent union? I answer unhesitatingly permanent union. (Cheers.) Those persons who from a de-tached standpoint watched the policy of England through the last decade must have noticed that old-fashioned radicalism is now absolutely played out.

Sydney said that the soul of politeness lay in preferring the happiness of others to

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair. DR:

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

NANAT McDona erable gat followed L. W. gation o mbezzl was arrefrom C. NEW V

Fellows by marol church o arge. WEST general n and light and Rich financial utilizing for the light, the the prese a bonus

out of \$1.

ia Matters Before the -Satisfactory Report Rifle Association.

Explains the Cabinet plendid Speech by or Ferguson.

Own Correspondent.)

26.—The annual report of fle Association was issued st encouraging document. a lengthy conference to-Bowell, and Hon. Messrs. with reference to provincial the Indians, Chinese poll

h will introduce a bill to ooting of pigeons. given a notice of motion ufferage.

in the House of Commons All the afternoon was g. All the atternoon was sing Prince Edward Island

he address in the Senate A splendid speech was onald Ferguson, the new ernment well then made a formal ministerial changes since

AND AND CANADA.

i., April 26.—The result a conference participated dland delegates just re-, so far as made public d the general feeling of Apparently the mass of sed to union with Cana feeling that no other he followers of Premier be straining every ith the situation with question to a popular Thitewayite organ, the published a proposed govent scheme providing for amber of offices and for laries. It is estimated ome an annual saving of pe effected. The plan vor, but much criticism was not proposed before. also announce a revision the coming session of mbers of the opposition ure accuse them of postre session so as to make people to vote on Conamong the government sembly would have taken ot that most of the oppos" would then have ent and have decided the ely. Reasoning people es favor Confederation

cg wirings.

s adoption.

26 -(Special)-Winniexcited over the report or Schultz would disy government as wired Free Press, however, direct from His Honor, very indignant at the imself and the Manitoba in several papers. He ed denial.

the people show a disin-

Barter's stable, in the in business block of morning and spread oining buildings, being Bradley's store. The are : O'Brien's hotel, p, Buettner's hardware cery, the Massey Harhouse, the Ivison store, shop, the Commercial her shop, Sutherland's d's livery stable, store, Bower's hardall are well insured, exhas no insurance. The verything, barely escapn their night-clothes. at Rat Portage conof gold bullion steadi. in last week was ther this week at \$1, e to the machinery and fire has been repaired. ing on the vein con-

ED OUT."

-In the course of his odge to-day, which is portant utterance, Rt. that some of the mem. ive party, foreseeing own of the ladder upon Such a suggestion n. It was Mr. Cham-Liberal Unionist the past nine me rule policy impos-Mr. Balfour said of the unionist par-What will follow, or permanent union y permanent union. who from a de tched the policy of ast decade must have ned radicalism is now

e soul of politeness appiness of others to

rdeo -World's Fair.

CT MADE Tartar Powder. Free any other adulterant. STANDARD.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Pomerleau-Vancouver's Police Investigation.

More Settlers for Bella Coola-Odd Fellows' Celebration-Y.M.L. Greetings to the Pope.

(Special te the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER. VANCOUVER, April 29 - Ffty-three more are composed of parties from different States, most of them women and children, being the families of those already settled in Bella Coola. On June 5 another car-load of Norwegians will come over the C. P. R. to spy out land. A. Elder, of Bella Coola, who went to meet the party said: "We're all satisfied with our new homes and with the considerations of the government in our behalf." The women and children have strong physiques and are healthy looking. settlers for Bella Cools arrived to-day. They physiques and are healthy looking.

Andrew May has returned from Rome.

He presented the greetings of the Y. M. I. of British Columbia to the Pope. The shack where McRory was murdered by an Indian some time ago was burned by tramps last night.

It is reported that one man who bore a striking resemblance to the missing Pidgeon was seen to leave the vicinity of the burning cabin, and disappeared in the woods. Andrews, who occupied the cabin with Pomelreau was charged to-day with stealing articles from P. M. Miller's house, which and appointed as road foreman. were found in his shack and identified by Miller. He has been remanded for seven

vised to keep silent till his trial. Mr. Moresby, Officer Grady, and the Col-ONIST correspondent visited the scene of the ichan lake last week. murder with Andrews to-day. Andrews told his story over again. It was very different in many points to the one told at the coroner's inquest. The spot where the body lay is a few feet behind the shack, and could be seen from every direction. Still the body lay from four to six days without Andrews seeing it. One of the officers on the case has freely expressed the opinion that Pomelreau was murdered in his bunk in the cabin. Andrews says he sawed Pomelreau's bunk up for firewood, and burnt the tick in front of the cabin. Mr. Moreeby found one piece of the bunk with a

dark stain on it, which he thinks is blood. The police investigation was continued to-day. Sergeant Hayward was questioned at length by Ald. Gallagher as to his duties, the committee, as well as the Mayor and lawyers Davis and Hammersley objecting to many of his questions. The alderman said he was going to run the investigation his own way and addressed the Mayor and City Solicitor in such a way that the former said he would be insulted no longer but adjourn and appeal to the council. The court adjourned in some confusion.

VANCOUVER, April 30.—Chilian Consul Morris has written to the council referring to the coroner's inquest to inquire into the death of the Chilian, Juan Alverardo, on which occasion the jury decided that Alver- tian and German ministers left Tokio for ardo came to his death through the carelessness of some one connected with the city hospital, where he was refused admittance when very sick. The matter was discussed at some when very ill for assistance, and Mr. Morris pondent in conclusion says: "I learn offici gave him a letter to Dr. Thomas, the city ally that Tuesday's grand celebration of the health officer. Dr. Thomas sent him with 1100th anniversary of the founding of Ya-Morris' letter to the hospital, arriving there, however, before the Chilian did. He spoke of the case to the matron, and told her if dently the situation is grave." Alverardo was a sailor he should go to the Sisters' hospital, for they had an arrangement with the government to admit all sail ors. When Alverardo arrived the matron of the city hospital sent him to the Sisters hospital thinking he was a sailor. He did not go to the Sisters' hospital, but went to the cabin of a friend on Coal Harbor, where he got no medicine and very little nourish ment, dying in a few days of pneumonia. Mr. Morris is putting the case before the Chilian government and is trying to get satisfaction from the city.

The agreement between the city and the tramway company regarding permanent construction was read clause by clause last night at the council, and finally adopted. Mayor Collins has asked to be relieved from presiding at the police investigation, and that the matter be taken before a judge. Alderman Gallagher has declined to be guided by the Mayor or the City Solicitor during the investigation, and has refused to recognize the Mayor as presiding efficer. Several aldermen spoke at great length, designating the investigation as a farce and side show. There the matter dropped, and it is not known when or where it will be taken up again.

The following are the estimates brought down for the different civic committees: Salaries, rent, etc., \$48,276 25; interest on loan, \$82,677 52, and sinking fund, \$19,-861.65; frontage tax interest, \$3,149.32. and sinking fund, \$1,909.36; total for finance committee, \$107,607 85; water and light committee, \$44,250; free library. \$3,600; board of works, \$46,380; park, police, \$16,756; fire, \$24,454 health, \$25,602; schools, \$48,564. The estimated receipts from all sources are \$133,270,44

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, April 29.—The funeral of D. McDonald took place yesterday. A considerable gatheing of friends and acquaintances followed the remains to the grave.

L. W. Fauquier is detained at the instigation of the Comox police on a charge of embezzlement. According to a dispatch, he was arrested for taking \$314 unlawfully from C. B. Robson.

WESTMINSTER

NEW WESTMINSTEE, April 29. - The Odd Fellows celebrated their 76th anniversary by marching in a body to Olivet Bibtist church on Sunday. The turnout was very large.

WESTMINSTER, April 30.—F. S. Barnard, The sealing season just ended has been one general manager of the cansolidated railway of the most successful on record. Twoand light company, has asked Westminster thirds of the steamers engaged did remarkand Richmond on behalf of his company for financial encouragement to warrant them in utilizing the weter power at Seymour creek estimated to be \$500,000. This will prove for the purpose of manufacturing electric light, the company guaranteeing to supply ing about the recovery of the colony from them with electricity at 25 per cent below the present cost. Mr. Barnard also asks for a bonus of \$50.000 for the purpose of aiding his company to build an electric railway from Sapperton to Steveston. Both suggestions referred to committees to report.

Kwong On Wo & Co., the largest Chine en swindled nts in this city, have be out of \$1,000 in Toronto. There is a branch | the government party is probable. of the firm in Toronto, the manager of which sends cash receipts weekly to the head office here. Yesterday \$1,200 came by ex- deep merality.—Emerson.

ress, but it was found that ten one dollar United States bill had been converted into Snicide at Langley—The Murder of engraved numerals of that denomination over the figure one.

> COBBLE HILL. CORBLE HILL, April 30.—The largest gathering of ratepayers ever held in this district assembled in the Temperance hall, Cobble Hill, on Saturday evening, the 27th inst., to confer the Major Mutter,
> M.P.P., as to the appointment of an advisory committee and road foremen for the
> ensuing year. In order to test public feeling as to the popularity of the existing,
> system of road management in the district
> a ballot was taken, then resured in an man, which showed a very large majority in favor of Mr. A. Newhouse. A very hearty and unanimous vote of thanks was then ten-

DUNCAN. Duncan, April 29.—At a meeting of ratepayers on Saturday the following were elected Road Commissioners: R. B. Hulbred, W. G. Manley, James Dougan and country suffer owing to the great distance another, and A. Newhouse was nominated

C. Livingston secured the second trout record in the Cowichan river Thursday, days. He wanted to explain, but was ad. near the wagon bridge, Somenos ranch. Its weight was 8 lbs. 2 ozs. C. A. Baylor killed two panthers at Cow-

LANGLEY

LANGLEY, April 27 .- This usually quiet locality was startled about noon to day with the report that Mrs. Heins, wife of W. Heins, a farmer living some two miles from the landing, had committed suicide by taking a quantity of strychnine. Coroner Pittendrigh, of New Westminster, was at once notified and accompanied by Dr. Boggs arrived in the evening. At the inquest the facts adduced were that the deceased had been despondent and indisposed, and had not risen to breakfast that morn. ing, but had secured a small phial contain ing the poison, remains of which were found in a cup. The drug had been purchased a number of years since at Gore Bay, Ontario, for killing vermin. About 9:30 a.m. Mrs. Heins informed her daughter of what she had done, and her husband being notified emetics were administered, but to no eff ct. The jury returned a verdict of suicide while provinces to \$5,000. temporarily insane. Much sympathy is filt for the family, in which are several small children, thus suddenly and terribly bereft.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

LONDON, April 29.—The Times publishes dispatch from Kobe saying that the Rus- present. Kobe to seek an interview with Count Ito, president of the Japanese council of min-

The Associated Press learns on authority that Japan will reply to the Russian, German and French protests within a The Times prints the following dispatch from its correspondent at Hongkong: A British warship will visit the Pescadore islands, which are at present in the hands of the Japanese. It is supposed the Japanese wish to hide the massacre of the Chinese

garrison there, because they have shown anxiety to prevent foreign warships from landing since the capture of the islands. Washington City, April 29.—The atti-tude of the United States in the Eastern war trouble is that the unvarying policy this country is not to form alliances which may involve it in complications with the countries of Europe or Asia. It is a reassertion of the policy of isolation, except in so far as the United States may be able to exercise a kindly or advisory influence toward the adjustment of trouknown positively that Italy's policy is that of a neutral, but that it favors the execution of the Japan-China agreement as already made, and to this extent its sympathies are with Japan. This will not, how ever, go to the extent of opposing the Russo-Franco German alliance. It is understood that Great Britain's course is along the same line, and so far as the United States is concerned there will be no co-operation except in such kindly way as may seem for the interest of all concerned, but always short of

YOKOHAMA, April 29. - The Mikado is suffering from a chill. The date of the departure of Count Ito, president of the Japanese council of ministers, for Chefoo to ratify the treaty of peace has not yet been

BERLIN, April 29 -The North German Gazette, semi-offic., says May 8 is the date fixed for the ratification of the Chineseapanese treaty of peace. The ratification will be exchanged at Chefoo,
The North German Gazette accuses Great Britain of inconsistency in having at the beginning of the war supported China, while Germany throughout counseled Japan to act with moderation. The fact that Germany finds herself in

in the honorable and open policy of peace which she pursues in Europe.

THE ISLAND COLONY. St. Jehns, Nfld., April 30.—(Special.)ably well, while the remainder made enough wonderfully beneficial in the way of bringthe recent commercial disasters. The move ment against a union with Canada is spreading rapidly. Petitions opposing confederation are receiving a large number of signation are receiving a large number of signature of the components. tures throughout the colony. The opponents of confederation are organizing to contest the question in all the constituencies in the coming general election. The disruption of

There can be no high civility without

CAPITAL NOTES

Dominion Estimates—Appropriations for British Columbia-Nelson a Customs Port of Entry.

Dalton McCarthy and the By-Elections | What United States Interference -Insolvency Bill Introduced-McMullen's New Departure.

(From Our Own Correspondent,)

Victoria drill hall and accessory buildings, \$2,500; the new Victoria post office, \$40,000; Columbia river, improvements Corinto by the British, now under considerriver, protection works at Garry Bush, lowing points: dered the chairman, Major Mutter, and the meeting closed. \$1,000; Fraser river, improvement of channel, \$10,000; general repairs and improvements. ments to harbor, river and bridge works, \$3,000; Kootenay (East) river improve-ments, between the Canal flat and Fort Steele, \$2,000; Skeena river, \$2,000. Mr. Mara called attention to the disad-

vantage the merchants of the Kootenay from the nearest customs port.

Hon. Mr. Wallace said reports which had just reached the department indicated that tory to the United States and Nicaragua. here had been a great increase in business in Kootenay, owing to the mining boom.

The Department would provide facilities to meet the requirements of the district. Nel
MONDON, April 23.—Advices state that Zelaya and the cabinet will agree to pay \$75,000 demanded by England in London within fifteen days, but asks that the Brit-

Dalton McCarthy has introduced a bill to deprive the government of the power to fix the date of bye-elections, placing the full power in the Speaker's hands.

The deprive the government of the power to fix ance with the ultimatum, even in its medified form, impossible. England's answer to the request has not yet been given Hon. Mr. Haggart stated that it would cost \$67,000 to complete the fourteen foot

channel for St. Lawrence navigation. ate to a change in the law prohibiting the deposit of sawdust and mill rubbish in navigable waters. Sir C. H. Tupper is still seriously ill.

Mr. Mara will ask for the correspondence etween the Eagle Gold Mining Co. and the Customs department relative to placing a customs officer at Rossland. The insolvency bill was introduced in the Senate to day.

Mr. McMullen proposes to reduce the salaries of all the lieut. governors; of On-

tario and Quebec to \$6,000 and of the other OTTAWA, April 30 .- Mr. McGreevy was Frechette

Newfoundland question. Mr. Foster said satisfaction. Imagine a hornet as big as an he would not give any information at

Hon. Mr. Foster made a statement of the ministerial changes since last session. Mr. Laurier followed with a bitter peronal attack upon Sir Frank Smith for hav-

discussing the civil service appropriations.

Complaint was made at the refusal of the Government to give information on certain natters. An effort will be made to effect a change in this direction. Mr. Lepine introduced a bill fixing eight

lours as the standing working day on public works. At the Opposition caucus to-day it was

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG. April 29 —(Special)—Prairie fires have been doing enormous damage in the Boissevain district. At Brookdale a wall of flame four miles wide tore across the country, fence posts and rails being licked ble involving Eastern nations. It is up like straws. J. E. Booth's residence, containing his provisions, clothing and seed grain, was a total loss. Matthew Watson, of Petrol, lost his stock, house and contents, and James Dodds lost his house, stable and stock.

Policeman E. J. Elliott has been served with a writ for \$5,000 damages by Deputy Sheriff Curvie, for alleged illegal arrest. The incident occurred over a year ago. Two sudden deaths have occurred at Rosenfeld, Henrichs Striemm dying a few hoers after settling on a new farm, and Klass Hyde, an adjoining farmer, dropping dead from heart disease. There is a mystery as to the cause of Striemm's death. S. Hooper, inspector of civic works, has

resigned. J. S. Ewart, Q.C., counsel for the Roman Catholics in the recent appear to the Governor-General-in-Council at Ottawa, addressed a large audience in the Central Con gregational church this evening on Mani. toba schools in reply to Rev. Mr. Pedley, who defended the national schools of Mani toba in a lecture from the same pulpit.

TROUBLESOME INDIANS.

harmony with France and Russia, the paper arney dispatch says that trouble on the s a matter of congratulation, as a step North Dakota side of the boundary near there is caused by the arrest of several ring. leaders of the Indians for cutting wood on United States government lands without authority. The Indians resisted the arrest of their leaders, and drove off the marshals. Word of the affair was telegraphed to St. Paul, and troops are soon expected on the

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

WINNIPEG, April 29 .- (Special)-To a eporter to-day Provincial Secretary oba legislature would be dissolved on May 3. The house, he said, would certainly neet on May 9 for the transaction of busi-

A child was cured of croup by a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. A neighbor's child died of the same dread disease, while the father was getting ready to call the doctor. This shows the necessity of having Ayer's Cherry Pectoral always at hand,

BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA.

Terms of the Proposed Settlement-Opinions of the British Newspapers.

Might Involve—Embarrassments and Responsibilities.

OTTAWA, April 29.—A dispatch from Managua says that at a late hour this evening President Zelaya received a telegram from Washington stating that Great British chief reductions are public works, military, would withdraw her ships from Corinto and the Reitish Parel Asthern Will Company and Releigh would be left single handed against the Alert would be left single handed against the Reitish Parel Asthern Will Company and Releigh would be left single handed against the Alert would be left single handed against the Reitish Parel Asthern Will Company and Releigh would be left single handed against the Reitish Parel Asthern Will Company and Releigh would be left single handed against the Releigh against London, April 29.-A dispatch from mounted police, railways, canals and immigration. The following are the British Columbia items: Dominion public buildings, renewals, improvements, repairs, etc., \$3,000; Victoria drill half and accessory buildings. MANAGUA, April 29.—The proposition of

compromise and immediate evacuation of above Golden, \$2,500; Victoria harbor, ation between Washington City, London, dredging (inner harbor), \$5,000; Fraser and the authorities here, embraces the fol-1. Nicaragua is to pay \$77,500 indemnity.

at London within two weeks. 2. The British forces are to be immediately withdrawn from Corinto, without waiting for the two weeks to elapse.

3. A mixed commission of arbitration is to pass on the demands of Great Britain's excess of the \$77,500 claim, such commission to be constituted in a manner satisfac-London, April 29 -Advices state that son would be made a port of entry, and ish ships be taken out of the harbor of Cor-Kaslo, Waneta and other places out ports of into. This preliminary is strongly insisted upon on account of the feeling in the country, which otherwise might render compli the request has not yet been given.

The Times says : "The reply of Minister Matsu to the British ultimatum makes action imperative. Nicaragua must see that Strong opposition was evinced in the Sen- all her attempts to work upon the susceptibilities of the United States in regard to the British aggressions are doomed to disappointment. In spite of the efforts of some American papers to create ill-feeling, one may believe that the American people certainly endorse the action of their govern ment. In that fact we may see a fresh indication that some closer connection of the policies of the two great Anglo-Saxon peoples may yet prove something more than a

The Pall Mall Gazette commenting upon the occupation of Corinto by the British squadron under Rear Admiral Stephenson, says: "We do not want to hurt Nicaragua, introduced to-day by Messrs. Taylor and but only to teach her manners. President elephant."

The St. James Gazette says: "Great Present.

A lively discussion took place in the Senate because Mr. Miller did not get the committee chairmanship.

Two American fishing vessels have been that the majority of the United States they would behave themselves. The Monroe distribute was informed that there was no intention to reinstate Warden McBride as accountant at the Westminster penitenti
A lively discussion took place in the Britain has at length taken proper measures with the insolent, anarchial little bullet of a fanatical would be assaisin. Immediately on the completion of the important business that had called him thither, Li Hung Chang left his hotel, the old Insetsuji temple, and embarked on the steamer Kungwi, which at once hoisted the Chinese and German flags, and sheamed slowly away on the Ish. Count Ito and Viscount Mutsu also left Shimonoseki the same day, on the Yae-ary.

A lively discussion took place in the Britain has at length taken proper measures with the insolent, anarchial little bullet of a fanatical would be assaign. Immediately on the completion of the important business that had called him thither, Li Hung Chang left his hotel, the old Insetsuji temple, and embarked on the steamer Kungwi, which at once hoisted the Chinese and German flags, and sheamed slowly away on the Ish. Count Ito and Viscount Mutsu also left Shimonoseki the same day, on the Yae-ary. A lively discussion took place in the sures with the insolent, anarchial little The Nicaraguans and Venezuelans do understand that the noisy electioneering swagger of Northern papers in America will not influence the action of the Federal goving stated that the Governor-General had invited him to form a ministry. began with Nicaragua, and it is intimated that we intend to conclude with Venezuela.

Commenting upon the talk of a general alliance between Great Britain and the United States, the St. James Gazette says: "We would rather have the alli-At the Opposition caucus to-day it was sive agreement is a compromising thing. Both sides of the agreement would act together in a defined region for a limited num-ber of objects. Another matter is that the interests of Great Britain and the United States in Central America and parts of South America are identical. We do not intend to make conquests anywhere in America, and therefore the United States has no ground for jealousy. Both nations desire to trade in peace and are molested by Spanish-American anarchy. This, too, he proper foundation for allied action. If the United States is prepared to acc with us, we are very well disposed to accept the co-operation.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Nicaraguan minister was again a visitor at the department, and it is thought that Nicaragua has replied to the suggestion made yester-day looking to the withdrawal of the British troops from her soil and the payment of the indemnity. While quiet prevails in Corinto, great excitement exists in other towns and cities. Business is practically suspended and while President Zelaya is generally popular there is a strong party in the republic known as the Granada party, led by the fermer president of the republic, who is ambitious of again succeeding to the presidency, and any surrender to the British at this 'time would be playing into the hands of the Granada party. Seventeen years ago Nicaragua became involved in a controversy similar to that which the republic now has with England. The German consul was arrested for indulging in a street fight, but his identity eing recognized he was released. Germany Winnipeg, April 30.—(Special)—A Kilsent to Corinto, but the German admiral did not permit the troops to land. Nicaragua paid the indemnity. The greatest excitement prevailed.

If the occupancy of Corinto fails in its object, and Great Britain should declare war on Nicaragua, it is said that the adninistration would still decline to interfere so long as the war was carried on not for the aggrandizement of Great Britain or the acquisition of territory, but for the sole pur-pose of collecting the indemnity. To go beyond that, however, the administration, it said, would consider a violation of the Monroe doctrine, also an express violation of the Clayton Bulwer treaty, and would not be tolerated.

It is pointed out that for the United 8. The house, he said, would certainly meet on May 9 for the transaction of business uncompleted at the recent session, and also to consider the remedial order. There would certainly be no dissolution till after would certainly be no dissolution till after the session.

A child was cured of croup by a dose er two volved in endiess broils with European material the states the control of the con States to interpose to prevent England from powers. It would give these states the privilege of resisting just claims of other countries and taking refuge behind the skirts of the United States. In other words,

all diplomatic correspondance relative these states would practisally be carried on through Washington City. Besides, it would really embarrass this government in the enforcement of its own claims against

these countries. Secretary Herbert says that movement of U. S. vessels in Central America waters had nothing to do with the occupation of Corinto by the British. The real purpose was to guard American interests in Nicara-gua against a possible revolution. The character of the vessels is sufficient evidence that Secretary Herbert does not expect them to come into hostile conflict with the British the British Royal Arthur, Wild Swan and

THE DURBANT MURDERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—Another sensational rumor is affoat regarding Durrant, the accused murderer of two girls in Emmanuel Baptist church in this city. If the rumor proves true it would throw much ight on the murders.

This report comes from an Oakland citizen who avers that a high official of that city has communicated to Chief Crowley a statement to the effect that a San Francisco physician had informed an Oakland fellow practitioner that some time ago he had been called on to attend professionally a 15-year-old daughter of a San Francisco man, who claimed that she had been lured to the belfry of Emmanuel church, and there ruined by Durrant. The physician, it is said, because of the ethics of the profession, had not informed the police hitherto. Chief Crowley when asked as to the truth f this rumor at first evaded reply, and then said the police had found no such doctor. report.

THE TREATY OF PEACE.

in the Orient.

General Satisfaction Expressed Japan-Departure of the Viceroy for Home.

Two days before the R. M. S. Empress of Shimonoseki that the peace negotiations sealed government boxes. there in progress had been terminated, and steamer Elbe by the steamer Craithie was the treaty of peace formally signed at one minute to noon of the 17th. The Chinese plenipotentiaries were ready to concede the crashed into the Elbe the captain of the rechette.

Zelaya bewails Nicaragua's smallness and weakness. We fancy that is one point in which the world regards Nicaragua with power realized that they would only alienate the representatives of the victorious power realized that they would only alienate the regression on the starboard side of the weakness. power realized that they would only alienate ther screen on the starboard side of the ves-European sympathy by a prolongation of the war, particularly after China's veteran ambassador had been incapacitated by the

> yama. Rumor has it that immediately on carded him, had to raise the money last not be peace treaty being ratified by the Japanese Emperor, an extraordinary session of the Imperial diet will be convened. The time allowed for ratification of the treaty is three weeks from its date, and it has been sel, Oscar said: "Don't come to see me; I agreed to expend the period of the armistice don't wish to see my people." to May 8. In case of the treaty not being ratified during the time specified it neces. sarily becomes void.

As to the terms of the convention, little information is to be gleaned from the Japanese press. The treaty contains twentyfour articles in addition to a few supple ance with the United States than any other for the recognition of the independence of Korea, the abolition of the extra-territorial rights of Chinese the extra-territorial rights of Chinese in Japan and the maintenance of that right by Japan in China, with certain commercial benefits. China furthermore agrees to cede to Japan a large portion of the Shinking province—the region on the coast of the Yellow sea, bounded on the north by a line extending from Yingkin to Liaoyang, Denshodal excluded, and from Lienshan kan to the Korean frontier at Icho, by way of Fung-whang, the entire tract to the south of the Yalu to the river Liao including Port Arthur, Kinchow, Yingkin, Haiching and Chiulienching—with also the Pescadores and Formosa. Cash indemnity

Heaving the Island with treasure. Line saving the Island with treasure. five annual instalments, and Japan agrees not to occupy any portion of Chinese terri-

tory, even temporarily, as a guarantee of the execution of the treaty.

The majority of the thinking Japanese regard the outcome of the war with unqualified satisfaction, and take pride in the knowledge that their countrymen realize when it is time to stay the hand of war. There are of course a few hot heads—the red war party—who would fain see a policy of aggression, oppression and acquisition by the sword inaugurated, and who look upon of aggression the Japanese as the masters of the universe. the Japanese as the masters of the universe. To this party the editor of the Kokumin, one of seven leading Japanese papers recently suspended, evidently belongs, as witness the following brilliant effort:

"The Australians fear the Japanese.

These poor timid folks are greatly frightened for they apprehend aggression on the part of the Japanese. Do not be afraid! The Japanese are not the kind of people to recklessly adopt the principle of aggression.

Yet stop and think awhile! To whom did Australia originally belong? The present Australians were not the original masters of the continent. They invaded the land as barbarously does the raven descend upon the peaceful dove cote. To apprehend danger from the natural expansion of another country, without thinking of one's own oction, is a bit selfish, is it not? "Peaceful dove-cote" is good.

The Moscow Gazette publishes the following announcement : "Disturbances have latterly been of frequent occurrence in the Semiretchensk territory on the frontier between Russian Turkestan and China; special commissioners will be appointed on May 1 in the districts of Bakhta, Naryn-Koltch. aryn and Atbasha, with full powers to settle

General Von Hanneken has so far lost his popularity among the Chinese in Peking that his personal safety is endangered, and he has decided to go home, leaving China about the end of April.

CABLE NEWS.

Russian Mail Steamer Sunk in the Black Sea-Oscar Wilde.

The Elections in Greece-Capture of Chitral Rebels Disturbances in Formosa.

London, April 29 .- A dispatch from ebastopol says the Russian warship Penderaklia, of the Black sea fleet, came into collision at three o'clock yesterday with the Russian mail steamer Kotzebu near the Takinhut lighthouse. The Kotzebu filled rapidly. Most of the passengers and crew were taken aboard the Penderaklia from the Kotzebu's decks, others were picked up after she went down. Five men sank with the ship and were lost. The warship was damaged below the water line. She is an ancient vessel nearly twenty years old.

The marriage of the Duchess of Marlborough and Lord William Beresford was solomnized at noon to-day at the Episcopal church of St. George, in Hanover Square. This is the third marriage of the bride. Her first husband was William Hammersley, s New York merchant, who at his death left her a fortune of several millions. This by judicious investments she has largely increased. A few years ago she became the wife of the Duke of Marlborough, and thus allied herself with one of the oldest peerages in Great Britain. The Duchess' third husband—the bridegroom of to-day, is as popular as his brother, Lord Charles Beresford the noted sailor and naval authority. He has been military secretary to so many vice-When pressed for a positive answer Chief Crowley refused to either affirm or deny the arbiter in all fashionable sporting matters in Anglo Indian society. The Duchess has

taken a twenty-one year lease of the magnificent estate of Deepdene from Lord Francis Hope.
The Times publishes a dispatch from Dire, Contents of the Convention Which in the Chitral district, which says: The Khan of Dire has arrived here with Sher Afzul, the fugitive usurper of the throne of Chitral, and 1,500 other prisoner. He drove Sher Afzul through the snow and forced him to surrender. The political effect of the capture is very important. The where-aboute of Umra Khan are uncertain. Twenty of his men have been captured and disarmed of carbines. The number of rifles and the immense quantities of government ammu-China left Japan, which was on the 19th caused considerable surprise. Ten thousand nition found in the hands of the rebels April, it was announced by telegrams from cartridges were found in the Dire fort in

Bailey to inform his brother that the money

In the Wilde and Taylor trial to-day the charges of conspiracy were withdrawn by the prosecution. Counsel for Wilde, in his opening address, said Wilde would take the stand and made an unqualified denial of the charges against him. Wilde being called to the witness stand swore that the evidence given at the Queensbury trial was absolutely true. He said he had nothing to do with publishing Lord Douglas' poems nor his articles in the Chameleon (magazi

to pieces and fifty wounded. The Chinese artillery (threatens to fire on any vessel

In the elections on Sunday for members of the Greek parliament, ex Premier Tri-coupis, leader of the opposition, was unseated by 115 votes. Only about ten of his supporters were elected. On the other hand, M. Delyannis and party received threefourths of the votes cast. Delyannis is the present prime minister. All the members of the Tricoupis cabinet, which went out of office on January 22 last, as a result of the popular demonstration against the government's taxation proposals, have been nn-

A Tokio dispatch says the report that the Russian, French and German ministers have gone to Kioto to interview Premier Ito is infounded. Japan has not yet officially replied to the joint note of protest lodged by the three powers, but the ministers of the powers mentioned are inclined to take a pacific view of the situation. The Standard announces the formation of

an association for the defense of the gold currency. The paper says: " The movement is well supported. The whole nation is mono-metallist at bottom, but it would be needless to deny that the subject needs skillful handling to interest the public." Shere Afzul, who, after the murder of his

sephew, the Mestar of Chitral, usurped the hrone and besieged Dr. Robertson British agent, in the Chitral fort, was captured Saturday, together with his brother and six hundred of his followers. They are now in prison. The marriage of the Duke of Aosta to

Princess Helene of Orleans has been indefin-

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk road to-day the resignation of the directors was tendered and accepted.

The meeting adjourned until May 7. A dispatch from Yokohama states that the Mikado is suffering from a chill, and that the fetes in celebration of the Japanese victories have been postponed.

Some men make gain a fortune whence When fevers and other epidemics are around, safety lies in fortifying the system with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A person having thin and impure blood, is in the most favorable condition to "catch" whatever disease may be floating in the air. Be wise in time. FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1895.

STATE-SOCIALISM.

The experience of Australia has shown that state-socialism is not, from the taxpayer's point of view, all that it has been payer's point of view, all that it has been cracked up to be. In England and the United States, where railways are private United States, where railways are private tiosbility of efficient enforcement. the rest of the community, have to suffer the effects of bad times. When business is borrowed by the state and are the property the stipulated rate of interest whether the gree of efficiency. earnings of the railway be large or small, For instance, the colony of Victoria aione subject will have the opposition of the part of the efficacy of prohibition.

Wheat, per control of the efficacy of prohibition.

Wheat, per control of the efficacy of prohibition. £7,560,513 -as interest on money borrowed to build the railways over and above the interest actually earned. A government railway in Australia or anywhere else can never become bankrupt unless the state itself falls into bankruptcy; but nothing is more common, unfortunately, on this side of the Atlantic than to find railways in the hands of receivers. Here statesocialism is decidedly favorable to the capitalist class. The man who lends money to a railroad-building government is sure of his dividends; the man who buys the shares of a private railway company takes his chances of gain or loss.

in their denunciation of capital. They are continually exclaiming against the tyranny of monopolies and syndicates and rings. But we find state-socialism in Australia exceedingly favorable to the men who have money to invest. Who is to guarantee that the state will be more successful in conducting business of other kinds than it is in running railroads. The people of Australia have to make good the losses of their railroads out of their own pockets. How long could they stand that sort of thing if the state were engaged in a number of other enterprises and sinking money in them all, as it probably would. We often see the Postoffice trotted out as a successful example of state-socialism. If the Post-offices of the United States and Canada were private concerns and if they had been run as favorably to the people as they have been as Government instituin the experimental stage and a very great tions, they would have been financially dead deal will yet have to be done before it can

Those who favor state-socialism are loud

THE PROHIBITION REPORT.

Those who favor prohibition will not feel out any apparent beneficial effect. greatly elated over the Report of the Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic. The Commission has sent in two reports, a majority one, signed by four members, and a Manitoba, who was supposed to be quietly evidence taken, we find, was literally volwhich he and his colleagues in the Governsummer of 1892. She is now repeating that uminous, as it fills five volumes. The ment ought to pursue on the School ques. majority report covers about 1,300 pages of tion, went to Haldimand and made that

and searching inquiry, will no doubt be condemned by the prohibitionists of the Dominion as "lame and impotent," and the anti-prohibitionists, when they glance over the report, will exclaim triumphantly, "We the Dominion Government for the course of the Dominion Government for the course of the course of the favor of Jupiter, and as she nears the great planet it is interesting to watch the favor of Jupiter, and as she nears the great planet it is interesting to watch the favor of Jupiter, and as she nears the great planet it is interesting to watch the plaintiffs McDonald & Co. assigned to the plaintiffs McDona lic opinion as regards the question of prohi- charmed by Mr. Sifton's elequence nor conbition. The prohibitionists will not, we vinced by his arguments. He had to return think, decrease perceptibly in number be- home a greatly disappointed man. cause the majority of the commission have He, it appears, had placed great reliance his meeting with Jupiter on April 25. He decided against their cherished convictions, upon the Orangemen of Haldimand. He will visit the Twins this month, and no creditors by persons in insolvent circumand we have a notion that the confirmation evidently believed that when he raised the doubt Castor and Pollux will revive his stances), and of the statute of 13 Elizabeth, given to their opinions by the Report will not standard of opposition in that county and increase to any great extent the number of appeared as the champion of what he called appeared as the champion of what he called Jupiter shows his majesty as money spent in prosecuting the inquiry has regard him as a hero and vote for the Mo. ling star in the west, and his lordship aphave on public opinion been thrown away. that his stirring appeals had fallen flat on degrees of each other on the 18th, and their are based will be read by very few indeed, and of those who undertake to study them

It would be edifying to know what effect | convert : the inquiry has had on the minds of the Commissioners themselves. Has the evidence they have seen and the observations they have had the opportunity of making of Manitoba are worth a snap of the fingers, changed the minds of any of them, or are and when asked if he thought they were unthey all of the same opinion as regards prohibition, as they were when they were appointed members of the Commission?

The great question which the Royal Commission had to answer was "Does prohibition prohibit?" If it could be shown conclusively that prohibition has been successful where it has been tried, that it has most of the men who shouted the loudest at ally makes its presence known by a conproduced the beneficial effects which the advocates of prohibition declare it must necessarily produce, the greatest difficulty in the way of the adoption of prohibition by many communities would disappear. What may have been the failings of the men of of water as hot as he can bear to take in of the Commission arrived at with regard cerity has not been among them. to the efficacy of prohibition? The following paragraphs from the text of the majority Report gives in a very small space the result of the inquiry as far as they are concerned.

The undersigned consider that the aim of any system of regulating or prohibiting any system of regulating or prohibiting liquor traffic is to lessen, or extinguish, the evils which arise from the improper use of intoxicating beverages, and after the most careful and anxious consideration on the careful and anxious consideration on the counts of the Emmanuel Church murders or erection of a Church of Eugland college

that this would not be accomplished by the ensotment of a law prohibiting the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating have blazoned forth to the world every disliquors throughout the Dominion, and that such a law were passed it could not be

character of coercive legislation on a matter one of Durrant's coats, was prin entitled to judge for themselves, to be ac-

With the powers possessed by the various he is not, it will keep the true murderer provinces to legislate in respect to the traffic warned as to the movements of the police, the certainty that in some of the provinces and hence keep him out of the clutches of slack and the earnings of the railways are opposition, with an open frontier such as the prohibition would meet with determined the law. small, dividends decrease. But in Australia, Dominion possesses, largely bordering on where the railways are built with money states in which the sale would be carried or, the undersigned consider that it is illusory of the people, the public creditor receives could be enforced with any reasonable deto anticipate that a general prohibitory law the markets this week. Hungarian flour

The answer of the majority of the Comwhether there be a profit or a loss in running mission is that prohibition does not prohithem. For instance, the shareholders of many bit, and cannot prohibit. Unfortunately, are as follows: American railways think themselves lucky we are unable to give our readers an exif in a time of depression they get 11 per tract from the minority report, drawn up cent. for their money, but the capitalist by the dissenting Commissioner, Rev. Dr. who has lent money to the Australian gov- McLeod, as that report was not brought ernments gets his 4 per cent. even if the down. Both reports will, no doubt, soon railways have not paid working expenses. be published, and those interested in the For instance, the colony of Victoria alone subject will have the opportunity of seeing

A NEW REMEDY.

It was reported not long ago that Dr. Louis Waldstein, of New York, who is now in Germany, had discovered a remedy for cancer and consumption. A great deal was said about the alleged cure, much of which has turned out to be, not exactly untrue, but the truth greatly exaggerated. The new remedy is an old medicine. It is called pilocarpin or pilocarpine, which the dictionary tells us is "an alkaloid extracted from Butte jaborandi as a white amorphous crystalline substance which has a peculiar effect on the Hams, American, per b. Canadian vasomotor system." It is for its action on the blood, however, that pilocarpin is said to be valuable in the cure of cancer, lupus and consumption. Dr. Waldstein's theory is that "injections of pilocarpin stimulating the lymphatic glands would Meatsincrease the number of white corpuscles in the blood, and thus reinforce the blood's original germicidal power. There seems to be fairly satisfactory evidence that the white corpuscles are active foes to the invading bacteria or germs

| Fruits Apples per lb.....
| Oranges (Naval) | Oranges (Naval) | Oranges (Naval) | lieves that their number can be increased and their beneficial action intensified by pilocarpin. He had proved this, it was Fish said, by observation and experiment in two hospitals."

The curative effect of pilocarpin in canand buried long ago. They have never yet be relied upon. The most that can be said of it at present is that it has been used with good effect in a case of lupus. It has been tried in cases of consumption with-

DISAPPOINTED AND ANGRY.

Mr Sifton, the Attorney-General minority one, signed by one member. The and seriously deliberating upon the course evening star in the West, in the spring and type-written matter, with appendices exquestion the theme of a series of stump blest with her growing leveliness. Much as speeches. Those speeches showed that we admire her, we sometimes regret her The conclusion at which the majority of as far as he was concerned the the Commissioners arrive, after their long adjournment of the Manitoba Legislature the report, will exclaim triumphantly, "We the Dominion Government for the course has it that more than once she has met him told you so." The Reports, we are afraid, they had pursued in the matter. His efforts with all the graces of love and beauty only to the plaintiffs who thereupon brought this however ably they may have been drawn up were not crowned with success. He in fact and however strong the evidence on which they failed most conspicuously. It is evident are based, will not have much effect on pub- that the electors of that county were not

Montreal after the election he gave free an exceedingly small number will bring to vent to his feelings. This is how he spoke the formidable task unbiassed minds.

Saturn snows as a bright evening star in the east, rising at 6:12 p. m. on the 1st, 5:11 p. m. on the 15th and at 4:04 p. m. on

"Mr. Sifton," writes the interviewer, "evidently feels very bitterly against the Orangemen. He does not think that the resolutions passed by the lodges in support reliable as a political factor, he replied: "On the contrary, they are very reliable-to shout for you, and go out and vote for your opponent. I know where they are. They are quite reliable. The Orangemen came t our meetings and applauded. Apparently they were enthusiastically in favor of Mr. McCarthy—and I must say that some of in their chests that will extend swiftly them really worked and voted for him—but to the lungs if not attended to. It usuour meetings went out and voted for Mon. tague. It is pleasanter to go with the big

crowd. you know." Mr. Sifton in his anger and disappointment is unjust to the Orangemen. Whatever

SHARP ORITIOISM.

The San Francisco Argonaut is very severe ficial in the highest degree. And in sore on the daily papers of that city for the way throat the remedy will be found almost in which they are dealing with the Durrant a specific. '-- Washington Star.

subject, they have come to the conclusion the plea of "aiding the detectives." If the here.

covery made by the police, apparently in or-der that the criminal or criminals may be efficiently enforced.

Prohibitory law partakes too much the Marian Williams's purse in the pocket of Marian Williams's purse in the pocket of Devent's coats was printed with in regard to which a very large portion of whoops and yells in every daily in the city. the people consider they are qualified and If Durrant is guilty, it afforded him an op-

THE CITY MARKETS.

There is no change in the general tone of has advanced about 25 cents per barrel at wholesale this week but other brands are as yet steady. Small fruits -strawberries and cherries in particular—will be in stock during next week. Current retail quotations

FLOUR—Ogilvie's (Hungarian) per bbl....\$ 5.40 Lake of the Woods (Hungarian) 5.40 Three Star... 5.25 Victoria... 5.25 " cracked lower, per doz. Hay, baled, per ton . straw, per bale..... Green peppers, cured, per lb Celery, per bunch. Onions, per lb. (Silver) Eggs, Island, per dozen Creamery, per lb. Australian Bacon, American, per lb Long clear Canadian olden Cottolene, per l Mutton, per b. 1002 Soring Lamb per quarter 1.00@1. Pork, fresh, per lb. 1001 Chickens, per pair 1.0022. Turkeys per ib (Riverside) Lemons (California) Strawberries, per box...... Halibu

THE HEAVENS IN MAY.

miles from us, and during May she shortens this distance by over 20,000,000 miles. The observer of our fair evening star has the delightful consciousness that she is more than 600,000 miles nearer each evening than she visit with all the splendor of her planetary habit of flirtation. She is now trying to win to leave him weeping. However, the in-habitants of earth watch the affair with a ends enhantment to the view.

10:42 p. m. on the 15th and at 10:52 p. m. drooping spirits. Mars sets at 11:47 p. m.

we fear, as far as any influence it may Carthy candidate to a man. When he found Venus. They pass within about two against the creditors." The reports and the evidence on which they the ears of the Ontario Orangemen he was conjunction is the astronomical feature of greatly disgusted, and when he visited the month. Venus is approaching Jupiter from the West.

> the 31st. Uranus is in opposition with the sun on the 8th.

several of the planets in quick succession leaves the close of the month. With eptune on the 24th, Mercury on the 25th, Jupiter on the 26th and with Venus and Mars on the 27th.

Of Interest to All. "During dangerous weather of this sort," said the old doctor, "the most careful persons are apt to catch a cold stricted sensation just under the breast bone, where the flesh is the thinnest. When a person experiences this feeling, he can rest assured that he can procure that order want of steadfastness and sin- the mouth and to swallow. There is no better medicine in the world to arrest the progress of a cold than hot water. and, besides its effect upon the stomach

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

ressure on the part of the creditor.

by the creditor without even a threat o

legal proceedings is sufficient pressure t

rebut the presumption of a preference. In

had come all the way from Berlin, Ont., to

enforce his demand if necessary, and it is a

mistake to suppose that because Middleton,

But it is pleaded and has been strongly

urged before us that the registration of the

For these reasons I am of opinion that the

judgment of the court below must be re-

There is no evidence of any actual dam-

and even if there were any damage, they

could have avoided the same by replevying

the goods. I think therefore there should be nominal damages in the sum of \$1 fer

detention, and, as the plaintiffs ask it, an

account of any moneys received by the de-

fendant from the sale of any of the goods,

The defendant should, I think, pay the

We will hear further argument as to the

form of the judgment as to damages, if any,

SPRING ASSIZES.

The cases set down on the docket for the

Victoria assizes, to open on May 28, are

making up the greater part of the list, which

Reg. v. John Murphy-Breaking and en-

Reg. v. Lee Heng Yum-Keeping gaming

Reg. v. R. J. McDonald-Keeping gaming

Reg. v. William Jackson-Keeping gaming

Reg. v. John Cook-Keeping gaming

The dates of the Spring Assizes to be held

MAY DAY QUIET.

London, May 1.—Reports received here

from various large towns in different parts

of the continent show that as a rule work

incidents of importance have been recorded.

Madrid, Rome and Sophia reported that

A HAPPY CHOICE.

AFTER 25 YEARS

A Wise Mother Chooses the Right Medi-

Reg. v. Mat Matson-Arson,

and judgment for the amount which may be

found due on taking such account.

this appeal

tering (2).

Nelson, June 19.

the day passed quietly.

costs of the action in the court below

BROWN & ERB v. JOWETT.

Reversal of the Decision of Mr. Jusin this case. In Stephens vs. McArthur it was held that a mere demand tice Crease by the Full Court.

Full Text of the Judgment of Hon. reductine presumption of a preference. In this case it would appear that the creditor The Plague at Moji and Hongkong— Davie.

The following is the judgment of the Chief Justice in the appeal of Brown & Erb me," in fact, as McDonald told Jowett, 7. Jowett, decided by the Full court on had not put any pressure upon him," that he had not quietly but firmly given Mr. McDonald to understand that he had come

Drake, JJ., presiding : The plaintiffs, who are manufacturers ing to have it. A business man pressing for carrying on business at Berlin, in the province of Ontario, became creditors of a firm is described to have acted here, and Mr. Moof McDonald & Co., trading at Nelson in came here at the fall of the year, and there had been drafts unpaid, so then he wanted 15@20 for goods sold and delivered, and drafts upon an understanding for security. He asked for such indebtedness having been dishonored, he asked once or twice. He asked for secur the plaintiffs' agent, Middleton, in the fall of 1893, came to British Columbia and asked McDonald & Co. for payment or for mere submission to the demand of the his government from that port that McDonald & Co. that if they would give him security the plaintiffs would "carry them on," meaning, as I take it, would extend them further credit. To quote from the rather meagerly reported but uncontradicted evidence of James McDonald, who was called at the trial, "Mr. Middleton to give him further credit, the was very friendly, and did not wish to do was called at the trial, "Ar. Middleton to give him further credit, the effect of which by enabling him to carry on and extricate himself from his difficulties, Similar precautionary measures will no anything to harm me but to secure themselves. If he gave that mortgage he could go along and nobody would trouble him."

Would of itself remove the case operation of the provincial statute.

But it is pleaded and has been At this time it appears that McDonald & Co.'s stock in trade, principally procured bill of sale is void, in that the jurat to the from the plaintiffs, was already mortgaged to a relative of one of the firm for the nominal amount of \$5,000—but of which there within the jurisdiction. The jurat, howby Middleton of four promissory notes authority to take it, and not elsewhere, and dated 13th October, 1893, for equal amounts that therefore the affidavit is unobjectionpayable at three, six, nine and twelve able. See French v. Bellew I. M. & S. 302; months, carrying interest at eight per cent. Meek v. Ward, 10 Hare 710; Reg. v. Atper annum, and secured by a bill of sale by kinson, 17 U.C.C.P. 295, and ex parte Johnway of mortgage, which, subject to the obson re Chapman, 50 L.T. N.S. 214. jection presently considered, was duly regisbered, of all the stock in trade of McDonald & Co., a schedule whereof was attached to versed and judgment entered in lieu thereof the bill of sale. I assume that McDonald & for the plaintiffs, for a return of the goods Co. were in insolvent circumstances, for and chattels sued for. they owed \$12,000 besides the plaintiffe' claim, and their assets do not oppear to age to the plaintiffs owing to the detention,

upon the assignment, took possession of the stock in trade which had been mortgaged action to recover the goods from him. Jowett pleads, among other things, that the sort of delight, as it is still distance that bill of sale was made with intent to defeat and delay the creditors of the said firm, or Venus sets at 10:19 p. m. on the 1st, with intent to give the plaintiffs a preference over the other creditors of the said firm, and for detention and the question of account. he claims the benefit of chapter 51 of the chapter 5, and the learned judge at the trial on the lat, 11 24 p. m. on the 15th and at in supporting this defence finds "that neither numerous nor particularly importthere was a concurrence of intention to give ant, charges of keeping gaming house an unlawful and voluntary preference between the mortgagor and mortgagee, and is as follows: that the bill of sale is null and void as

It was urged before us that it is not com-

petent for the assignee, who it was argued house. stands in no higher position than the grantor, to attack this bill of sale, and that as creditor without judgment he could not impeach the deed. As, however, consideration of these points is unnecessary in the view I take, I express no opinion upon them. There was abundant consideration for this bill of the 8th.

Sale, and it was no way a mere cloak or method of retaining a benefit for the grantor. elsewhere throughout the province are:
Nanaimo, May 7; Westminster, May 14;
Vancouver, May 21; Kamloops, June 3;
Vernon, June 10; Donald, June 14; and Alton v. Harrison, L.R. 4, chap. 622-and that it may have been made with intention to give a preference to the grantee would not of itself affect the validity of the bill of sale under the statute of Elizabeth, nor at common law, neither is there anything unlawful in the mere circumstance of preferring one creditor to another - Middleton v. Pocock. R. 2 Ch. D 108—unless the case is one proceeded as usual to day. There were a few small Socialist labor meetings but no which falls within the provisions of the provincial statute, U. S. B. C. Chap. 51. which enacts that "in case any person be ing at the time in insolvent circumstances which, as I stated before, I assume the grantors in this case were) . . . makes any . . assignment or transfer of his goods, chattels or effects . . with intent to defeat or delay the creditors of such person, or with intent to give one or more the creditors of such person a grade the intent to defeat or delay creditors, these expressions carry law no further than the statute of Etizabeth, and the construction which the other language of the statute of this case has received—both in England and Canada—(see Stephens vs. McArthur, 19 C.S.C.R. 446, where the principal cases are C.S.C.R. 446, where the principal cases are C.S.C.R. 446, where the principal cases are C.S.C.R. 446, where the preference in Jonathan A. Green, Hartford, N.B.

Cine, and not constructed and series of the statute and left expressions of the statute of the statute applicable to take home and let my mother take her choice. Fortunately she chose the B.B.B. and Canada—(see Stephens vs. McArthur, 19 We are sure it was B.B.B. cured her as ahe took no other medicine.

Jonathan A. Green, Melville, where they could obtain passage to Vancouver. of the creditors of such person a preference

The Best Spring Medicine Is B.B.B., its powerful, cleansing, purifying, and regulating influence courses through the natural gates and alleys of the body and re-

News

meeting

law is

with litt

Merchan

open say

bliged

erately

asphalt

the cycli

fore the

witnesse

For the

marked. statistics

16 deaths

The loo

of custom

porters ma

NEW W

topic of co

Mr. Barns

and a trai

city gives
All recogn

utilizing th

but the c

bridge que

the propos

is settled.

or later, m

an all roun

assessed vs

ranging for

bating socie

odist churc

presiding.

are being

be elected

interfering

Watson, de

court chan

dence prove

NANAIMO,

father's con

of the Me

Island, which

lace street c

examination

and routine

Rev. Mr.

"Victor H

quent effort

a large aud

leased on t

The Reve

a syndicate

more than

present.

ments are

quantity o

out doubt h

in continuo

The 10 ste

will be star

Davenport

the mine.

for crushing

the Pilot Be

the quantity

On the 19th

21st, 9 cars

25th, 12

-a grand to

\$38 tons of e

to Omaha ar

ter 1 car

cars Slocan

were: Sloc

13. Idaho 8.

Mountain C

the Illeciller

seasment w

Creek, and h

across the er

Assessmen

on the claims

more encour

ing to the a

that the men

wp the Slocar

working nor

which is the

Kootenay, v

Reports fr

the Nelson h

water and th

T. W. Bai

each.

This has t

An injun

The anni

The law

The Coq

There

Bad Blood

and all impure morbid matter. B.B.B. tones the sluggish liver, restores lost appetite, gives regular action of the Bowels, and makes Rich, Red Blood

Thus giving health and strength to resist the heat of summer and ward off the attacks of disease. For children its use is more than valuable-it is necessary in spring, and pleased parents testify that it gives life, health, strength and a

Bright, Clear Skin to the little ones. In cases of Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Scrofula, etc., after years of triumphant test and positive proof it is only necessary to say that

**B.B.B.** Cures

pedition to the Pescadores Stricken.

Precautionary Efforts of the Authorities.

from Yokohama the alarming news that cholera is working sad havoc among the Japanese troops recently dispatched from Hiroshima on the Pescadores expedition, over 400 cases having developed among the 4,000 men of the brigade, with upwards of 100 deaths. Nor has the dread disease as yet been stamped out at Moji, though heroic efforts are being made to secure its exterthe firm of McDonald & Co. in respect to his money or security. I hardly remember if is that the plague may get a foothold in the ity for his money." So far then from there being anything voluntary in this transaction harvest of death result. Mr. Nakagawa, on McDonald's part, his action was the the Japanese consulat Hongkong, telegraphs creditor for his money or security, and so ten cases of black plague are reported daily potent was this demand that the relative at Macao, and it is believed the plague is was made to give up his prior mortgage. also prevalent in the Kuang-tung province. Moreover McDonald's consent to give the That the authorities are taking energetic bill of sale was evidently brought about,

SIR :- My last report was written March

plenipotentiaries, and, if ratified, will speedily be followed by the return of the armies and large bodies of coolies employed in transportation, who, in dispersing to their homes, will almost inevitably distribute disease widely throughout the country. The government will bravely grapple with the danger, but conditions more favorable for the introduction and propagation of epidemic disease can scarcely be imagined. Inspection of all vessels coming from suspected localities, domestic and foreign, to be followed, of course, by the necessary uarantine where required, is already in force throughout Japan. In this connection I may say that a new quarantine station for Yokohama and Tokio has just been completed at Nagahama, some ten miles below this port, which in completeness of equipment, convenience, and in its provision for the comfort and welfare of those detained for observation or treatment, is probably unsurpassed in any country. The control of this station is vested in the hands of my English colleagues, Dr. Wheeler and myself, as senior health officers of the port of Yokohama, a large and competent staff assisting us.

After consultation with the Consul-General, Mr. N. J. McIvor, in has been decided to enforce the most rigid inspection of all ships bound for the United States, the personal examination to include all on board, irrespective of class of passage or of

through the U.S. Consul General. I remain, sir,

Very respectfully, FRANK ELDRIDGE, M.D., Sanitary Inspector, U.S.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 1 .- The little schooner Zelma, of Tacoma, is back from Alaska, and the crew are a party of disappointed gold seekers. On their way back at Roomson Light, B. C., they sighted a signal of distress flying from a staff on one of the islands. They investigated and found three men withour provisions, half starved and without means of transportation. It seems that the men had left Vancouver for

ference, and that the act does not apply THE SCOURGE OF THE ORIENT think there was abundant proof of pressure One Out of Ten of the Japanese Ex-

Yesterday's Empress of China brought and extricate himself from his difficulties, Similar precautionary measures will no would of itself remove the case from the doubt be adopted by the representatives of

Canada without delay: **Уоконама**, April 18, 1895. Wakter Wyman, M.D., Supervising Surg, Gen'l. U.S., M.H.S.

19, and enclosed copies of telegrams anhad been consideration to the extent of \$1,000 only, and that for the purpose of securing the plaintiffs by a first mortgage in that the affidavit was sworn before a com-(From the Post Intelligencer.)

Venus is now little more than 115,000,000

Securing the plaintins by a first morrgage upon the same stock, the relative relinguistion of the same stock, the relative relinguistic of the same stock, the relative relati debtedness of \$5,220.68, which was then overdue, was arranged by the acceptance within the limits within which he had portations of cholera to the same region have been of frequent occurrence, scarcely a transport or man-of-war arriving, either from Manchuria or the Pescadores, one or more cases of cholera on board. The very active measures taken by the authorities have, however, so far, proved successful in controlling the spread of the disease, which has nowhere in Japan assumed epi-demic form. There was last night a disquieting report that single cases have appeared in Matsuyama, on the large island of Kinshin, at some distance from the naval and military stations, and in the great central city of Osaka. The proof of the genuineness of these cases is, however, not yet complete.

The situation is unquestionably a grave one. Peace has been concluded by the

the point at which they have entered the ship. Should any emergency occur warranting such action I shall immediately cable you

good results. Six men ar of claims, K Yosemite cl showing ore Advices h office of the chairman of leave London May 20. I mine. Returns fr from the Goo silver and 64 after deduct charges nette highest ret ment of Sloo Tye are mak & Slocan rai

## Best edicine

f the body and re-

bod ter. B.B.B. tones

ost appetite, gives ls, and makes Blood

rength to resist the d off the attacks of s use is more than spring, and pleased gives life, health,

ar Skin of Dyspepsia, Con-Headache, Scrofula, ant test and positive o say that

## Lures

OF THE ORIENT

the Japanese Exe Pescadores ken.

and Hongkong-Efforts of the ities.

s of China brought alarming news that havoc among the tly dispatched from cadores expedition developed among the ade, with upwards of the dread disease as t Moji, though heroic to secure its exterear of the Japanese get a foothold in the ning armies and a lt. Mr. Nakagawa, longkong, telegraphs at port that "over ue are reported daily eved the plague is uang tung province. are taking energetic port of the plague evidenced by the fol which was received ncan last evening. measures will no representatives of

MA, April 18, 1895. Supervising Surg,

was written March of telegrams an ce of a few, chiefly ra at the Japanese cation with the seat i, etc., all in South andred miles from ate mentioned im the same region have urrence, scarcely a ar arriving, either Pescadores, without era on board. The ken by the authoriar, proved successful of the disease. pan assumed epi last night a dis le cases have apn the large island of nce from the naval and in the great The proof of the ses is, however, not

nestionably a grave concluded by the if ratified, will the return of the es of coolies em , who, in dispersing st inevitably disroughout the counwill bravely grapple ditions more favorand propagation of reely be imagined coming from sustic and foreign, to by the necessary red, is already in In this connection arantine station for as just been comne ten miles below pleteness of equipn its provision for of those detained ent, is probably un try. The control ed in the hands ues, Dr. Wheeler ith officers of the rge and competent

with the Consulor, it has been derigid inspection of Inited States, the include all ss of passage or of have entered the

occur warranting ediately cable you General.

fully, LDRIDGE, M.D., ry Inspector, U.S.

y 1.—The little is back from a party of disaptheir way back at y sighted a signal ff on one of the d and found three half starved nsportation. It oft Vancouver for One night they bored their sloop During the night their vessel out ons. One of their which they used ed for the mainne one week. It viih an accident. hree men to Port

obtain passage to

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Methodist District Meetings at Westminster and Nanaimo-Electric Lighting and Power.

News From the Mines-Shipments snow is fast disappearing from the hills. From Revelstoke-Operations at Illecilleweet

> (Special to the COLONIST.) VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, May 1 .- At Monday night's meeting of council the Sunday closing bylaw is likely to be carried. It is meeting with little if any opposition in the city. Merchants who are in the habit of keeping open say they will willingly close if all are

bliged to refrain from selling goods. me man in the dusk last evening deliberately scattered broken glass along the asphalt pavement of Cordova street where he cyclists are accustomed to practise. A number of pneumatics were punctured be-fore the glass was discovered. There are witnesses to identify the man if he can be found, and the city will prosecute.

There was no loss by fire during April.

For the past six months the natural increase of Vancouver's population has been very marked, and during the last month the vital statistics show 21 births, 14 marriages and 16 deaths.

The local board of trade, at the request to the federal government to appoint a board of customs appraisers or experts, so that importers may appeal if necessary against the ocal customs appraisements.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, May 1 .- The chief topic of conversation in the Royal City is Mr. Barnard's proposal to give cheap light exception of 52 tons sent to Tacoma, the and a tramway to Steveston, provided the city gives certain financial encouragement. recognize the enterprise displayed in utilizing the water power of Seymour creek, but the council are struggling with the \$215,100, and to the end of March 3.065 bridge question, and it is safe to say that tons, valued at \$303,500. From April 1 to the propositions will be left for some time longer until the fate of the bridge question worth \$131,700. is settled. The railway to Steveston, sooner or later, must be taken into consideration. The Coquitlam court of appeal have made an all round reduction of 20 per cent. on the

assessed value of taxable property.

The law students at Westminster are arranging for a series of lectures prescribed by the law society, and are organizing a de-

bating society.

The annual district meeting of the Methodist church is in progress, Rev. Mr. Hall presiding. Six candidates for the ministry are being examined. District officers will be elected on Thursday.

An injunction to restrain R. Watson from interfering with the effects of his son, G. A. the tramway extends from the concentrato court chambers to-day. The wife of deceased applied for the ir junction. The evidence proved that she had consented to the is ready to transport ore from the mines.

NANAIMO. NANAIMO, May 1 -The district meeting of the Methodist church of Vancouver Island, which opened yesterday in the Wallace street church, occupied its time in the examination of candidates for the ministry and routine business, there being a good at-tendance of clerical and lay delegates.

REVELSTOKE.

From the Kootenay Mail.)

Davenport and Robert Ewart are now at the mine. A large quantity of ore is ready

the quantity of ore shipped from Revelstoke. General. On the 19th April, 9 carloads were moved: 21st, 9 cars; 22nd, 3 cars; 23rd, 7 cars; cars; and 26th, 8 cars -a grand total of 48 carloads, containing \$38 tons of ere, of which 165½ tons went to Tacoma. Of this quantity, 38 carloads went

the Illecillewaet district, and has done assessment work on the Dunvegan on Fish having broken out in the Orient. The cool Creek, and helped the Wolsley brothers on the Annie, which is is one of the latter finds and finally met in hundreds on the streets. across the creek from the Dunvegan.

that the men who have successfully opened up the Slocan and the Lardeau are gradually working northward, and again Illecillewaet. which is the oldest quartz camp in West Kootenay, will be a centre for mining.

> NETSON (From the Tribune.)

Reports from Forty-nine creek are that good results.

Six men are at work on the Eureka group of claims, Kaslo district. The drift on the Yosemite claim is in 125 feet, the pay streak showing ore that runs over 100 ounces of

Advices have been received at the Nelson office of the Hall Mines, Limited, that the chairman of the board of directors would

ceived. The galena ore went  $817\frac{1}{2}$  ounces general election. The members of the govsilver and 64 per cent. lead to the ton, and
after deducting freight, duty and smelting
charges netted the owners \$525 a ton—the
highest returns ever received from a ship-

ment of Slocan ore. Several engineering parties under W. H. Tye are making a final location of the Kaslo Slocan railway. Mr. Guthrie, of the firm

over the Kaslo end of the railway line of Thursday.

Very little ore was shipped from No. mine this month owing to the breaking up of the road. About 70 tons of concentrates are lying at the mill awaiting shipment to the Pilot Bay amelter. About forty men are working on the Blue Bell mine, which is turning out some 200 tons of ore a day. The

ROSSLAND. (From the Nelson Tribune.) A short time ago Clarence King, the celebrated geologist and mining expert, visited the Rossland camp and looked over the From Yucatan to the Yukon no man is held in higher respect among well is formed n.en. Mr. Janin comes from San Francisco, and

his companion is a Mr. Oothous, a wealthy Californian, said to have made a big strike in the asphalt mines of California, who is a heavy owner in the Bunker Hill and Sullivan of the Cour d'Alenes, and who graduated with a high degree from the mining college at Freiberg, Germany. Messrs. Janin and Oothout arrived Sunday night and since have paid strict attention to business. They made a study of several hours of the surface of the Le Roi claim, being shown over the property by General Manager Peyton and Superintendent Bent.

NEW DENVER

(From the Ledge.) During the week ending April 25, ore shipments have shown a decided falling off, of Eastern boards, will sign a joint petition as it is between seasons and bad roads prevent supplies being handled. Several of the leading mines will start up during May and the shipments will then be in excess of those of the past winter. The Mollie Hughes, located close to town, is entered as a shipper, it having made a small shipment to Pilot Bay, the first to that point from the Slocan. During the last fortnight, with the balance of 497 tons shipped went to the Omaha works. From the initial shipment on Sept. 13, 1894, to January 1, 1895, the Slocan mines sent out over the Nakusp and Slocan railway 2,151 tons of ore, valued at

Work has been resumed on the Wonder ful, six men being employed. The Wonder. ful is expected to develop into a paying proposition inside of 30 days. If that is the case, a mill and tramway will be immediately erected.

The Alamo Mining Co. has secured an other slice of the Twin Lakes mine. Sevenfortieths were disposed of by J. L. Drum-hel er for \$1,500. The Twin Lakes is one ef the claims adjoining the Alamo and is a good property.

Forty five men are working on the tramway to connect the Idaho and other mines with the concentrator. The main line of up Howson creek, 10,400 feet and will be completed some time in June. The concentrator will be closed until the tramway

#### SHOT FOR COWARDICE.

HAVANA, May 1.-Lieut. Valentine [Gallegoa, who surrendered fifty Spanish soldiers to the rebels and who was afterwards captured and turned over to the military authorities here, was, after trial by courtmartial, sentenced to be shot. This senfirst time in his military life that he had known a Spanish officer be executed as a coward. Lieut. Valentine of Frioul; Kellermann, duke of Valmy; The Revelstoke smelter has been leased to usual military ceremonies, and he person-Gallego's execution was conducted with the a syndicate or firm in Chicago, but nothing ally gave the order for the firing squad to more than the bare fact is known here at shoot. The Captain-General has left here present. When the preliminary arrange Cienfuegos. The Captain General ordered ments are perfected, the necessary daily work to be given the unemployed, and thus quantity of ore, which is 50 tons, can without doubt be secured, and the smelter kept in continuous operation.

Work to be given the unemployed, and the prevent any discontented and idle persons from joining issue with the rebels on the ground that they have nothing else to do, in continuous operation.

The 10 stamp mill at the Poorman mine will be started in about 10 days. A. L. has ordered the commencement of a number for crushing and concentrates will be sent to the laboring classes. During the absence of This has been the banner week so far in eral Joseph Arderus will act as Captain-

### STRIKE AMONG COOLIES.

VANCOUVER, May 1 .- (Special)-The day the Empress of China left Hongkong there him full of premature cares and leave to Omaha and 10 to Tacoma; and of the lat- was an immense strike among the coolie dock him \$5,000 or \$25,000 a year and no ter 1 car was Ruth, 1 Sovereign and 8 laborers of that city. The authorities had memories, or well ground, healthy ter 1 car was Ruth, 1 Sovereign and 8 cars Slocan Star ore. The shipping mines were: Slocan Star 21 carloads. Alamo.

| Alamo | Continuous continuous cars of the city. The authorities had recently required the Chinese coolie element cars, or well ground, healthy tastes, or world to live in indeed except the port side of the Craithie were a number cars. were: Slocan Star 21 carloads, Alamo, to certify on oath that they occupied the such as he commonly sets out to make of lights which the steward believed to be \$100. When he left the chair, he was Mountain Chief, Sovereign and Ruth 1 car amount of space in their dwellings required for himself under these circumstances, by law, to be photographed, and to answer which is worse than nothing.—Scribner's Magazine. were thought necessary owing to the plague Not a coolie in the city complied with the Assessment work will be generally done law, and not one could be found who would on the claims at Illecillewast. There is a do any sort of manual labor at any price. more encouraged feeling among miners, ow-ing to the advance in silver, and the fact sailors of the British men of war and "black" soldiers at a station not conspicuously in sight of Hongkong in order to avoid trouble. All the other steamers in port were being loaded and unleaded by their own crews and men belonging to the warships. Residents were assured of perfect safety by the authorities and the military were preparing to quell the slightest resistance to authority. Reports from Forty-nine creek are that the Nelson bydraulic company has ample water and that the first cleanup will show water the Nelson bydraulic company has ample water and that the first cleanup will show waiting to be unloaded than had been seen Besides the black regiment, composed of 500 together for many years at Hongkong.

#### TO A PLEBISCITE.

St. Johns. May 1.—(Special)—Hon. Robt. Bond and Hon. George Emerson have been you first to see papa."—Adams (Mass.) appointed to seats in the Legislative Council. Canada's answer to Newfoundland's leave London so as to arrive at Nelson about | counter proposals in regard to confederation May 20. There are 80,000 tons of ore is expected to-morrow. The Whiteway blocked out and in sight in the Silver King party will meet on Friday night to consider the terms and decide upon their policy. It Returns from the second shipment of ore from the Goodenough mine, have been re-

pressure brought on the representatives in order to prevent the matter being carried.

TORONTO, April 26.-McKee, Farley and of Foley Brothers & Guthrie, who have the contract for building, arrived in Kaslo on Wednesday. Mr. Guthrie, accompanied by engineer Tye and D. J. Munn, took a look

#### CAPITAL NOTES.

Reductions in the Civil Service-Justice Fournier to Retire-Increased Revenue.

-British Columbia on the Bisley Team.

(From Our Own Correspondent,) and no new appointments will be made.

original members of the Court, having been it could not entertain the proposal. appointed by the Mackenzie Government.

Union petition for the extension of the parliamentary franchise to women. The arrears of interest on the loan owing by the Frederickton and St. Mary's railway Bridge Company was the subject of a long discussion in the House of Commons this afternoon. The opposition tried but failed to discredit Mr Foster, because he accepted a nomination in York county in

which the bridge is located. Mr. Charlton's Sabbath observance bill was read a second time to-night. The revenue shows an increase \$454,000

Hon. Mr. Daly stated that arrangements had been made with General Booth for a Salvation Army colony in the Northwest. The budget is definitely announced for Friday. Gunner J. C. Chamberlain, of Westmin-

ter, has secured a place on this year's Bis-The census of Manitoba will be taken next year. Senator Bolduc wants the upper house

adjourned on Friday for eighteen days. A P.P.A. circular just published says that the officers of the organization have had a conference with Dalton McCarthy, who agreed to stand by every plank in the platform of the organization. Mr. McCarthy recently denied any knowledge of the association's affairs.

#### SYNOD OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NANAIMO, May 1.—(Special)—The Synod of British Columbia met in St. Andrew's church this evening. Rev. Mr. Herdman, the retiring moderator, preached an appropriate sermon. Rev. Mr. Lee, of Kamloops, was elected moderator, and Rev. Mr. Logan, clerk. The committee on bills and overtures was named, and routine business

Napoleon's Marshals. The families of the most famous of the first Napoleon's marshals are still represented in France. Bernadotte, prince of Monte Corvo, is represented by the Swedish royal family; the Princes Murat bear the title of the brilliant cavalry commander, Berthier's descendant is the Prince of Wagram, Lannes is Prince S. Poniatowsky. The lines of others are extinct, while Dayoust, duke an exhibit of hotel and travelling accommo of Auerstadt, is represented by a grandnephew, now a commander of an army corps. Soult's name only is kept up by a grandson, the Comte de Mornay Soult de Delmatia, while Moncey's title—that of duke of Conegliano-has been taken by a grandson, the Baron de Gillevoisin.

What to Leave a Son.

If my choice were free, I would rather give my boy the memory of a fairly happy and untrammeled life up to 20 and leave him nothing then but a consequent reasonable optimism, an unsapped courage and a disposition to re-gard money as a means rather than an the lookout of the British steamer end than keep him constantly face to face Craithie, which ran into and sunk the Elbe. with a specter of possible poverty, fill

The Heady Pin.

What's that you say, my boy? The teacher says you are as sharp a

needle? Well, probably she meant to compliment you, my boy. I have no doubt she did, but remember that needles always go into things with their eyes closed. You don't want to be like that. Now, there's the pin. The pin has head, you will notice, which prevents

it going in too far.

Tribune. Looking Forward.

Be like the pin, my boy. - Rockland

"Young man," said the female physisian, "you are in a bad way. I'll continue to call on you."

The sufferer raised himself on his elbow, looked at her tenderly and said. 'I've no objection, but I would advise Freeman.

His Ruling Passion. "There's one good thing to be said

about Thompkins. He is perfectly truthful " "Of course he is. He is too stingy to Iowa Falls Citizen.

have known by name every officer and soldier in his bodyguard of 1,000 men. The genuine Damascus blades that could be bent into a circle cost from

Peter the Great of Russia is said to

\$500 to \$1.000. The fault-finder—It is his nature's plague to spy into abuses; and oft his jealousy shapes faults that are not. - Shakespeare.

#### CABLE NEWS.

Formosa Objects to Annexation to Japan-Relations Between Russia and Japan Strained.

Mean Tactics-Salvation Army Colony | The Wilde Case-Ship Boarded by Rifflans-World's Fair in Holland.

LONDON, May 1.-A Shanghai dispatch OTTAWA, May 1.—Sweeping reductions says that the Chinese inhabitants of the isproperties. Now Louis Janin, famous in in the public service will be made shortly. land of Formosa recently sent a deputation connection with the Cometock, is here. Many superannuations are contemplated, to the British representative there, urging him to request the British government to Judge Fournier has obtained six months' prevent the Japanese from annexing the isleave of absence. He will retire from the land, and offering in return for this protec-Supreme Court bench at the end of that tion a large share in the profits of the Fortime, if he lives as long; he is now in very mosa mines. The matter was referred to poor health. Judge Fournier is one of the the British government, which replied that

The Times publishes a dispatch from The Women's Christian Temperance Kobe, dated April 26, saying that there is evidence of a serious crisis in the relations

> Windsor Castle. To-day being the regular semi annual settling day at the Bank of England the stock exchange is closed.
> Sir Patrick O'Brien, Bart, died in Brigh-

A necklace formed of 362 pearls, which the late Duchess of Montrose bequeathed for the benefit of the poor of East London, brought at auction £11,500.

A dispatch from Seville, Spain, says the his leg on Friday while out hunting, is seri- the child, a waste of time and money The French troopship Tibet, conveying

troops for Madagascar, is ashdre at the Suez canal. Passage through the canal is suspended pending her floating. In the House of Commons, Mr. Shaw Lefevre, President of the local government board, has introduced a bill providing for should be devoted to that purpose. The the abolition of plural voting and for the polding of all elections on the same day. The

bill passed its first reading.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says:-The town of Dubuo, in the province of Volhynia, has been destroyed by fire. Dubuo tired. Persistence in practice under is situated on the river Irwa, about 38 miles

A dispatch from Gibraltar says: The Dutch brigantine Anna, while becalmed off the Riff coast of Morocco, was boarded by boat loads of Riffians, who fired upon her crew as they pulled alongside, killing the stool should be of sufficient height to captain and injuring the mate. The Riffians then ransacked the vessel of everything top of the keys, so that the hands may on her table. When a breeze sprang up the fall naturally into position. The arms was transacted. The court will enter on its Riffians left the brigantine, which eventu-

A Paris dispatch announces that M. Ley. ged to the sides nor yet be held akimbo. gues, minister of the interior, who has returned from his visits to the districts devas- certain of producing unsatisfactory retated by the breaking of the Bousey reser- sults. voir, announces that he will fix the blame for the disaster, no matter how high the officials may be who are responsible for it. The government will compensate all the people

who have suffered by the accident. Rev. Mr. Pediey's lecture last night on "Victor Hugo's Masterpiece" was an eloquent effort, and was much appreciated by a large audiance.

The process of control of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation, during the sentence of the courtmartial Capt. General Martinez de Campos issued a proclamation of the captor of the capt The World's Fair, or Exposition Univer. plain colored satin and covered with selle, promoted by the Queen-Regent of the | White embroidered muslin. Its garnivast tract of ground in the fashionable suburbs of the city, the palace or principal Marmont, duke of Ragusa; Duroc, duke of Frioul; Kellermann, duke of Valmy; building standing in a garden of the sposition are a midway, an a world's bazaar and electrical restaurant, a world's bazaar and

> In the Old Bailey to day Justice Charles summed up the case against Oscar Wilde and Alfred Taylor. He said that counsel had acted wisely in withdrawing the charge of conspiracy brought against Wilde, as he would have ordered the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty on that specification. There was corroboration of witnesses, but the jury would have to weigh the ters of men like Parker, Wood and Atkins, whom Sir Edward Clarke, in the justice's pinion, properly described as blackmailers. The corener's jury on the case of the sinking of the North German Lloyd steamer Elbe on January 30 last, returned a verdict The men mentioned, as shown by the testimony of the steward of the Craithie, were found by him in the galley of the steamer fishing boats. The three men stayed in the galley until the collision occurred. In spite of this, the jury found that there was not sufficient proof that the Craithie was solely blameable for the collision, and on the question of standing by the rule of road the jury exonerated Captain Gordon, command.

er of the Craithie.

UNITED STATES TRUCULENCE. WASHINGTON, May 1 .- Senator Morgan, of Alabama, in an interview on the Nicarakink of pretext" on the part of Great Britwould claim damages on such a case he would be laughed out of court. He presumed the administration had taken proper steps to prevent Great Britain from obtain-

driven off the continent at the point of the higher courts.—Seattle Post-Intelligenbayonet." Senator Morgan added that he cer. did not think the canal project would be endangered by the present complications.

"This case has gone far beyond the Monroe doctrine, far beyond the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It has a character that is distinctly its own, and that rests upon higher ground than any doctrine or any treaty ever made or enunciated. The United States and the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rice have entered into a solemn compact with each other looking to the construction of this great maritime highway; the company, composed mostly of citizens of the United States, is organized and starts its work. Now comes Great Britain with the dominsering spirit of aggression that has marked her course throughout the history of modern times, and upon the slimmest of pretexts, the most absurd of excuses, makes a demand upon the government of Nicaragua, that she does not expect to be complied with, and all in the hope that through the default of the weaker government she will be enabled to establish of a man.—Lavater.

a sovereignty over the territory, and thus BRITAIN AND NICARAGUA ntrol the fu ure development of the cana and of the re-ffic that may peas through it I believe congress at its next session will, if nothing shall be done meanwhile by authorized powers now in authority, effectually and finally stop the aggressions of Great Britain and absolutely prevent her gaining foothold in this most important point on the American continent. I think there is Does Not Covet the Canal-Her enough spirit in the American people to put a stop to this proceeding. Great Britain is not going to stop of her own volition. Some-body must step in and be disagreeable, and this seems to be a very good opportunity for the United States to assume that role."

TRAINING FOR THE PIANO.

The Age at Which a Pupil Ought to Begin-When to Practice The question is often asked, "At what

age should a pupil begin a musical training for the piano?" This question is answered as follows by an authority in such matters in the columns of The Ladies' Home Journal: My answer would be as soon as she

can read a little and knows enough of between Japan and Russia.

Mr. William Saunders, M.P. for the times." Indeed a child need but know the multiplication table to recite "four Walworth division of Newington, is dead.

Queen Victoria arrived in the city last into eight parts, that she may under
description appeared a secure a peaceful settlement.

Officers belonging to the British fleet were ashore yesterday at San Juan del Sur, the stand the relative value of notes, to small port near which the Pacific entrance commence training. The advantages of of the Nicaragua Canal is to be built. It early training are principally for the was noticed they were making measurephysical development. The mental ments and topographic sketches of the land in that part of the country and, apparently, training, although never neglected, ton on Friday. He was born in 1823 and should be slow until the mind is well was a member of parliament for King's matured. In fact, the mental training matured. In fact, the mental training to Lake Nicaragua. in music should keep pace with the general scholastic progress. Without either a liking for the study of the piano or failing this the exhibition of a marked talent, it is worse than folly to compel a condition of the Duke of Orleans, who broke child to take lessons. It is cruelty to partment.

for the parent. The length of time for practice must depend upon the health and the circumstances surrounding the pupil. As much time as possible should be given to daily practice, and two hours at least best time of day is in the morning, as the mind is freer and the body in a refreshed condition. Practice amounts to very little if the body and mind are these conditions—through a mistaken west of Ostrog. It has a population of sense of duty—is often injurious to health and certainly fails of any musicdelicate health one hour is not too long or cash if need be. for a sitting. In sitting at the piano the easy, graceful position and not be hug-A stiffness of the arms is invariably

Bodice For Evening Wear, A charming fancy bodice suitable for a young lady is made in a pink or other



BODICE FOR A YOUNG LADY. a color in keeping with the satin bodies and the ribbons drawn through the ffings that frame the square and pointof opening of the bodice. Two large rosettes in satin adorn either side of the

Not as Gritty as a Hen. William Godson of Albuquerque, N. M., has given up his attempt to sit in a chair perfectly quiet for 12 consecutive pretty nigh played out. His limbs were swollen, and it was painful for him to move his arms and neck. His eyes were badly strained, and he presented a wornout appearance. He sent word to his backer that he was more dead than alive. In fact, he is now under a doctor. He stood the test for five days, making 60 hours.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Indian's Suit For Loss of His Hair. Hoit Soit, an Indain of the Umatilla quan situation, characterized the insult to reservation, had his hair out off by Consular Agent Hatch, as "the flimslest the Indian court last week for drunkenness. He bore the same affliction 18 ain, and said that if a private individual months ago, but since then it has been decided that Indians to whom lands were allotted in severalty are American citizens. Hoit Soit comes under this head, and so he brought suit against the ing a feotbold on Nicaraguan territory.

"But if it has not," he added, "the next ing \$200 damages. He won his case, ongress will, even if Great Britain must be but the defendant will appeal to the

> JOY IN QUEBEC. A LADY SAVED.

Life Was a Burden and all Remedies Failed till B.B.B. was Tried, now Digestion is Perfect, and Health Has

Honduras Offers Military Assistance to the Neighboring Republic-England's Attitude.

Terms Will be Acceded to.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, May 1 — Honduras has given assurance to Nicaragua that her broops will be at the disposal of Nicaragua should they be necessary. This is the only tender of troops that has been made by the Contral American governments, although the other republics have shown their interest and co-operation in other ways. The offer from Honduras is not likely to be accepted owing to the present favorable turn of affairs; but at one time there was a prospect of concerted action by the forces of the two countries. The good offices of the ministers of Honduras, Guatemala and the other American states are being exerted to

were making observations along the route to be followed by the canal from the Pacific

WASHINGTON, May 1.—At the State Department the news that Nicaragua would pay the \$77,500 indemnity within fifteen days after the departure of the British troops was seemingly expected, though no direct advices had been received by the de-

The guarantee of the payment by Nicaragua of the indemnity as required by Great Britain will be made in the amplest manner possible and will be in any one of several forms as follows: First-Promise of the Nicaraguan government, which in view of the fact that the government has never defaulted on its obligations, is itself regarded as a guarantee. Second-Bank of Nicaragua, a national institution, with a recognized standing in London, will, if need be, give a guarantee. Third—The Republic Guatemala, one of the richest Central American states, stands ready to deposit £15,500 pounds sterling in a London bank if Vicaragua desires the favor. Fourth—The Nicaraguan Canal Company, whose word in London would be acceptable in the highest financial circles, will give either guarantee

The final proposition, as now concluded between Nicaragua and Great Britain, will therefore be as follows: Great Britain agrees to immediately evacuate Corinto and withdraw her fleet. Nicaragua agrees to pay £15,500 in London in fifteen days from the sailing of the fleet out of Corinto harbor. The latter condition was insisted upon by Nicaragua as the only means of checking the

popular agitation and a step towards maintaining her dignity.

The affair has cost Nicaragua more than the original \$77,500. It was necessary to raise 3,000 extra troops at a cost of \$3,000 per day. The abandonment of Corinto as a customs port has also resulted in much loss. Disturbance to business and commerce is also a loss which cannot be measured in

#### dollars. CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the Colonist.) MONTREAL, April 30 .- Rev. Canon Morsau, chaplain to the Canadian Papal Zouaves on the occasion of their expedition to Italy, died at St. Barthelemi last night. Rev. Abbe Leclerc, for sixteen years chapam of St. John de Dieu asylum, died at

ongue Pointe last night. WINNIPEG, April 30.—It is reported from thawa that the contractors for the Hudson Bay railway will commence work immediately on the strength of the order-incouncil passed, then if parliament does not ratify the order-in-council the contractors will claim compensation from the govern-ment. The contractors meet here to-day to

decide the course of action. TORONTO, April 30.-James Blair, chief accountant of the inland revenue department, has been missing for nine days. Suicide is feared.

TORONTO, May 1.—The total customs collected at this port in April was \$326,231, an increase as compared with last year of \$32,-

tion of the local police. MONTREAL, May 1.—Ferdinand Char-conneau, aged 33, for several years parliamentary coarespondent at Ottawa, of La Presse, died of paralysis at the Longue

Point asylum, yesterday. PORT COLBORNE, May 1.—The four Buffalo fishermen arrested on Monday by the Canadian patrol steamer Dolphin, made their escape by cutting loose one of the boats and pulling out into the lake. HALIFAX, May 1.—Dr. George H. H. De Wolfe dropped dead at Bedford

ing to take the train for Halifax. WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG, May 1.—(Special.)—Magis-brate Boswell, of Calgary, has been com-mitted for trial for the alleged conversion his own use of the police court fines. Friday is Arbor day in Manitoba, and will be celebrated in Winnipeg as a public heli-

day.

The body of an old man was found floating in the Red river at West Selkirk this orning. It is supposed to be the body of Joe Louie, who was drowned through the ice a few weeks ago.

News has been received in this city of the

death, in Montreal, of G. H. R. Wainwright, formerly of Winnipeg.

A meeting of the merchants last night endorsed the proposition to form a local fire insurance company,

The electors of Carberry have endorsed a by-law to borrow \$11,000 for school pur-

HUDSON BAY RAILWAY.

Beturned.

Dear Sirs.—Until lately I suffered continually from Headache caused by Constipation, which rendered my life a burden to myself and to ethers. After trying doctors and remedies without number and with no good results. I was advise to try B.B.B. I now rejoice that I did so, for two bottles have completely cured me. I now eat well, and my digestion is perfect. I believe there is no remedy equal to B.B.B., and I recommend it to all sufferers.

Dame Adjutor Lachance.

Charlesbourg, Que.

By gambling we lose both our time and treasure, two things most precious to the life of a man.—Lavater.

Winnipeg, May 1.—(Special)—Hugh Sutherland, president of the Hudson Bay railway says to-night: "Construction will begin within a fortnight, and at the outset two thousand men will be employed. We have overcome all the difficulties as to the right of way, and when once we shart we shall go right hand. The commend myself are geing to drive over the entire country which we all know pretty intimately. We shall travel over every foot of ground as far as Lake Dauphin district and take nothing on hearsay."

A LITTLE CROOKED.

It is most amusing to observe the very ingenious way in which the Opposition organs try to deny that Mr. Bostock has said that he "recognizes that free trade will not suit Canada." They carefully refrain from mak ing a specific denial. They do not say that Mr. Bostock did not make the declaration ; they merely say that Mr. Bostock is in harmony with the Liberal platform, or that Mr. Bostock adopts in its entirety the Liberal platform. Can anyone fairly infer from the Liberal platform that free trade will not suit Canada? Although we are informedon what authority we cannot tell-that Mr. Bostock has authorized no paper to speak for him, three of the papers of the province have undertaken to speak for him in this regard. Does any of them know anything about the matter?

By the way, we are a little surprised to see that the Times is so well pleased to be classed as "nobody." It may be a good thing to be humble, but is not this 'umbleness of our contemporary a little too much of a good thing?

THE FACTS AS THEY ARE.

Though it had been put in possession of idea when the depression came most sev- to put upon it. erely upon them." We gave on Saturday the general rate of the tariff of each colony upon articles bearing an import duty, but exposes the ignorance and the shallowness owing to the great extent of the free list the of the jingo faction. He says with scorn : percentages there given for most of the tion issued by the Government of New South Wales in 1892, shows that in that revolutionary republic or island of the con-10 5 per cent. of the value of the whole imports for home consumption; while in the adjoining and equally important colony of with the total amount of dutiable and free sunk so low that three attempts to float loans

their misfortunes to the tariff? Far from evinces no excitement. it; for in that very year 1891 New South ners. Nine years ago the Corwin spent a sum-Wales, whose duties were then the lowest, practically doubled them, but ventured to the very moderate height of only 10 per one to far as the advalorem duties were cent. so far as the ad valorem duties were after her natural request for explanation, we concerned. Up to that time in New South made cool reply. Wales there had been no ad valorem duties, since the repeal of that system in 1887; and specific duties were charged on only a refused to appropriate the money. The last few of the great range of articles which the step in the controversy is a motion in Parcolony, not being self-sustaining, must neces. liament to lend money to the plundered sarily import. And the Australians had before them the encouraging example of gations. New Zealand, which while collecting in customs an average of  $25\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. on the total imports, was in a highly prosperous condi-

Last year there was a change of government in New South Wales, and the party Monroe; it was proposed by George Canthat is, the system of ad valorem duties—is fairs. The absolute sovereigns of Europe trade-as-they-have-it-in-England rejoices in this announcement, oblivious of the fact that a few months ago it declared in favor of ad valorem rather than specific dutiesdenouncing the latter as "discrimination against Great Britain "

### A SINGULAR STORY.

Some of the San Francisco newspapers give currency to the report that the Hon. J. C. Patterson, late Minister of Militia, is about to emigrate to the United States because he has taken a dislike to British conknown," adds our California contemporary, by the monarchial nations of Europe. "there are a great many Canadians who are The part that England took in resisting tired of living in a country which is Eng. the designs and frustrating the plans of the and grinding taxation under the National land's 'donkey-engine.'

We do not believe that Mr. Patterson ever said anything so unutterably foolish as Monroe on the subject, Jefferson said : the phrase attributed to him by the Chron- "With her (Great Britain) we should most the phrase attributed to him by the Onron-icle. That gentleman knows well that sedulously cherish a cordial friendship, and from Mr. Bostock with a great deal of Canada does not stand in the relation of a nothing would more tend to knit our affecdonkey engine to Great Britain. All that tions than to be fighting once more side by Canadians do is for themselves, and every side in the same cause." cent of the taxes they pay is for their own for England, England does a great deal for dispersed greater joy, exultation and grati-

What would a loyal United States citizen think of the Californian who declared that ence of the two great English commonfor he was tired of seeing California acting the part of a donkey-engine to the United Britain had a profound effect upon the States? He would not only denounce the allied sovereigns, and the alliance of the right fool? But California is much more lamation of peace." a "donkey-engine" to the United States than Canada is to England. The Customs of the Monroe Doctrine. It was not, as very duties which the Californian pays go to many Americans believe, established to Washington to support the Federal Govern. check British greed or to put a stop to Britment, but the Canadian does not pay one ish aggression, but it was suggested by Brit. tract: cent of tax or tribute to Great Britain. Is ish statesmen and adopted by American pait nothing to the Canadian that he has the triots to preserve to the people of this con. That is to say the criticism of fair and honthought to the Canadian that he has the advantage of the prestige of one of the greatest nations of the world? The Canadian, whether at home or abroad, is under the protection of the British flag. Very few Canadians, in these piping times of peace, realize all that that protection means. It is so powerful and so far-reaching that it is very seldom necessary for him to claim it. fully contracted, or to interfere when a wander as a matter of course.

If Canadians should be so unfortunate as to

selves to rely on to protect themselves and what they own and to vindicate their the following paragraph of Mr. Russell's suit Canada. rights, they would very soon find the value letter : of what they had lost. The attitude maintained and the tone assumed by powerful neighbors to a State conspicuously weaker than themselves would be very different from their way of dealing with and addressing a large dependency of a great nation. The difference of status would soon be 'felt in all Canada's relations with foreign countries. The position which Canada ocouples is not by any means "anomalous." It is a natural and s very comfortable position, and when Canadians seek to change it it will, we are quite American republic, nor can the lands or confident, be for a closer and more intimate islands now held by one European power be relation. The change will be from a state of pupilage—if their present state can be called a state of pupilage—to one of partner-lower ground and deny to European powers ship. Great Britain & Sons will, we have a deep conviction, be before very long the strongest national concern on the face of the earth. The best thing the United States be applauded for the moment by countries take an interest in the business.

#### A SENSIBLE VIEW.

Sensible Americans who are acquainted know that the Monroe Doctrine, which is disagreements. the facts, the Times on Saturday repeated being continually invoked by the tall talkers the stupid invention that "the Australian and tail twisters, will bear no such construccolonies were following the high protection tion as that which these fire-eaters endeavor

Mr. John E. Russell, an able American

Our warlike opposition want to use the colonies were much in excess of the average new navy; they have discovered the Mon-work done by contract or by days' work. duty really collected. An official publica. roe Doctrine, and the people are instructed that it means that we are to act the big brother to each truculent, thriftless or colony the customs collections amounted to tinent and convulse the world about matters of less importance than are annually decided in Massachusetts town meetings.

But foreign nations know perfectly well Victoria the percentage of duty, compared that all this sound and fury signify nothing. The strange part, says Mr. Russell, of all goods, was only 15, though several articles this war cry from the platform and in interviews, scare lines and editorials, is the were taxed 35 per cent. The depression had indifference of foreign nations. They do not examined by the proper authorities in the dress: then been felt in these two colonies for sev. seem to know that they are on the verge of proper way, could tell the whole story. If eral years, and the Victorian credit Mad war, that their navies are to be sunk and their commerce destroyed by our prowess, Even Great Britain, our chief customer,

in London in 1891 resulted in partial failures, who obliges us by carrying our commerce in her ships, whom we fondly hope to ruin,

We went to arbitration and had not a leg

The Monroe Doctrine, which is supposed to be the very quintessence of Americanism. we are assured, originated not in Washington, but in London. "It did not," Mr. had formed the Holy Alliance to maintain the divine right of kings and to suppress democracy; the first act of the compact was to overthrow constitutional government in Spain and re-establish the Bourbons. This done, the Spanish king called upon the alli- is to be found in this fact and not in an inance to assist Spain in the recovery of the revolted colonies in America. Where this movement would cease was the question which confronted our fathers." At the instance of England the Monroe Doctrine was framed, not to give the United States a kind of sovereignty over the whole of the American continent, South as well as North, nection. "He seems," says the Chronicle or to make the Great Republic the dry 20 19 per cent., in 1889 to 21.65 per cent., of that city, " to have a general feeling of nurse of all the republics that had been or disgust, for he says that so long as Canada would be established upon it, but to prevent is 'England's donkey-engine' he will not government by the people for the people be- fully \$1.25 per head less into the Federal live in the country." "If the truth were ing overthrown on this side of the Atlantic

Holy Alliance was at the time well understood. In reply to a letter from President

The message, we are told, was received use. The donkey engine work is rather the with exultation by the British Parliament, other way, for while Canada does nothing Mr. Brougham said: "No event has ever 27th inst. you state flatly that "Mr. Bostock tude over all the freemen of Europe," and Sir James Macintosh spoke of "this coincidhe was going to emigrate to Mexico. wealths," and, adds Mr. Russell: "There is no doubt but that the attitude of Great fellow as a traitor but condemn him as a down two great sea powers was, in effect, a proc-

Here, then, we have the true inwardness

It is extended to him wherever he may European nation insisted upon an American country and a reduction (not abolition) of Republic making reparation for injuries done to its subjects or insults offered to its

Suppose we take the ground that the Monroe Doctrine is to be extended to inter-Monroe Dootrine is to be extended to interfere with the business relations between the American republics and Europe, that interior its article, we naturally concluded that national laws are suspended on this contient, then we must be prepared to do their banking, assume their debts, extend them credit and make their improvements.

This is how this sensible and well-informed United States citizen interprets the Monroe Doctrine :

Under a Democratic administration no European power will be allowed to establish monarchial government upon the lands of an transferred to another. That, I take, is the interests which are arranged by treaty or regulated by international law. If we do take this position, while we may

can then do, if it has the chance, will be to rent in fragments by revolution, and pursued by indignant creditors, we will find ourselves entirely out of agreement with the strong republics like Mexico, Brazil, Argen-

There are no doubt millions of .peaceable and honest Americans who take this view of with the history of their own country and the duty of the United States with respect understand its significance laugh at the tal to the Latin Republics and the monarchial talk of jingo editors and politicians. They nations with whom they have disputes and

#### CITY'S WORK.

It is to be hoped that the disagreement work that is going on now any alderman kenzie and his colleagues. who honestly wanted to find out which is what we have heard is true the taxpayers have been sadly victimized in that business, and it would be a great deal worse than folly to have it repeated in the construction of the new filter beds and the works connected therewith. There seems to be an impression abroad that the city is good pay and an easy master, and that consequently any one employed by it would be very foolish indeed to work too hard and so finish the job too soon. This is a matter that should be closely inquired into. It is useless to theorize on such a subject. What is the lesson taught by experience on this subject so important both to the taxpayers and the City Council?

#### DIMINISHED TAXATION.

complaint do not seem to know that the taxation of the Dominion has been lowered considerably of late years. The returns for the Manitoba minority does not detract from the frankness of his utterance. He is not called upon to make any statement on Sept. 14—Vancouver and New Westminster, at New Westminster. complaint do not seem to know that the scheme for ameliorating the condition of was less per capita than it was in 1875.

The Montreal Gazatte which has become The Montreal Gazette, which has become an authority in matters of finance, says :

The relief granted the people by the remissions of taxation in the last four or five years has been most substantial, and if a leficit in the revenue now appears its source crease of the public expenditure. Per head of population, the amount of customs duties paid has been as follows:

The percentage on duty on the value of treasury than they paid in 1889, and 20 cents per head less than they paid in 1875, when a tariff for revenue only was in opera tion. To speak, therefore, of an excessive

#### Policy is to pervert the facts. A POSITIVE DENIAL.

pleasure. It is a plain, straightforward statement, and we cheerfully give it the publicity and the prominence that its importance deserves :

declares that he recognizes that free trade will not suit Canada." Allow me to say that I have never made any such statement. I am, Yours faithfully,

HEWITT BOSTOCK.

Victoria, April 29. Our authority for the statement to which Our authority for the statement to which expressibly vulgar and contemptible mr. Bostock takes exception is, as our in the eternal balderdash that Euroreaders may remember, the Nelson Miner, a newspaper circulating in the district for the representation of which in the Dominion Parliament Mr. Bostock is a candidate. In posts" in various parts of the world to prothe issue of that paper for March 30 was an editorial, from which the following is an ex-

His (Mr. Bostock's) address has been pubwhich they themselves have put upon him.

Mr. Bostock's two chief planks are:

We noticed this article in our issue of April 6. As Mr. Bostock did not repudiate on its article, we naturally concluded that what the Miner said about him was true. We, however, find that we were mistaken, and it only remains for us to say that we regret having misrepresented Mr. Bostock. We certainly had no such intention.

#### THE PREMIER'S SPEECH.

We are quite sure that the people of the Dominion of all shades of political opinion and of every creed will admire the speech foreign power with consequences most seriwhich the Premier of the Dominion, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, made in the debate on the address. It is the clear, straightfor- skites are now merely a nuisance; they may ward utterance of an honest man. It is any day become a curse. also the courageous utterance of a conscientious statesman who is determined to do what he believes to be right, let the consequences to him and to his party be what Rough Programme Outlined for th

There is very little of what is commonly salled policy in the speech of the Premier. In this it is a perfect contrast to the speech of the Leader of the Opposition. Sir Mackenzie Bowell sees the path of duty clear before him. He has entered on that path and is determined to follow it to the end, no matter how many they are who seek to deter him, or what obstacles and dangers lie in his way. The Hon. Mr. Laurier speaks like a man who has not yet made up his mind what direction he may between the Councillors about days' work take or what he will do. He is evidently publicist, in a letter to the New York Times will not end in victimizing the taxpayers. lying in wait for his opponent, determined We think the experience of the Corporation to thwart and to annoy him quite regardless even recent experience—should show them of the course he may take, whether it is which is best for the taxpayers—to have right or whether it is wrong. He has evi-

> the better system could easily do so. Part torted the admiration of the Montreal Star, We find that the Premier's speech has exof the work was done by days' work and which has of late been not at all favorable tug-of-war and promenade concert. part under contract, and that part cost the to the Government, and which has been citizens two or three times as much as the freely quoted by the Opposition organs as other. We may have been misinformed, disapproving of the policy of the Adminisbut those who are and have been in charge tration. This is what the Star says about of the new electric light works, if they were Sir Mackenzie Bowell's speech on the ad-

Sir Mackenzie Bowell's speech on the Address, or, rather, on the Manitoba School question, will, we fear, necessitate the re-modelling of a great many speeches on the same subject carefully prepared by honorable members who occupy the back benches

There may be differences of opinion in the Cabinet on the school question, but there is no possibility of mistaking the attitude of the First Minister. Whatever the Preshortcomings, we do not think any one will pretend that a lack of courage or determinaclared that if the Manitoba Legislature does not apply remedial legislation for the benefit of the Manitoba minority the Dominion Government will do so, and, if all the Orangemen from Pictou to the West riding A good deal has been said of late about will fulfil his promise. The fact that Sir of York desert him, we doubt not that he excessive taxation. Those who make this Mackenzie did not reveal the nature of his

The speech was a dignified and able one and the presence of an active and vigorous Premier in the Senate will add greatly to the importance of and the public interest in the debates of the Upper House. Sir Mackenzie evidently has no intention of filling a minor role. The accident that he sits in the Senate and not in the House of Commons will not prevent him from being the real as well as the nominal head of the Government. It looks as though he had arrived at the conclusion that where Mackenzie sits is the head of the table.

After all, this plain, blant, honest utterance may be the most politic speech which goods entered for consumption has been the Premier could have delivered. The toria, political trickster is completely at fault in 1892 to 17 56 per cent., and in 1894 to when his opponent is open, frank, direct 17.13 per cent. The Canadian people are and entirely devoid of art. His skill of fence is of little use to him in contending with such an antagonist.

#### A SHARP REBUKE.

the tribe as dangerous to the peace of the country. The language it uses in denouncing the howlers is very strong and exceedingly contemptuous. It says: No patriotic citizen can contemplate the

exalted place thus open to the United States among the nations of the earth without disgusted at the so called "American" states manship of the Fryes and the Lodges and the Morgans, which would degrade the republic to the level of a common ruffian and bully, constantly atrutting about with a chip on his shoulder defying anyone to touch it. There is something in pean powers, which are only too glad to remain on good terms with us, are incessantly seeking to insult us, and that we need a big navy and "keys" and "oubtect our commerce against their insolence and rapacity. Those who indulge in such country. It has always been the just pride

If Canadians should be so unfortunate as to lose that protection, if they had only them. If ag. The consequences of protection of this whatever his own private convictions may cost millions of treasure and thousands of the departed member."

truly observes, the nations of Europe put up with more insolent and defiant talk from the politicians and the journalists of the United States than they would dream of tolerating from the same classes belonging to any other nation. As the Weekly asserts: "European powers submit to more rudeness from the republic than from any other coun- May 12. try. . . . Clearly the republic is treated by all the European powers, Great Bri- has returned from Seattle with a bride. tain included, as a sort of privileged char- Mrs. McCann was, until Friday last, Miss acter." But it cannot be expected that this C. Beggs, of the Sound civy. sort of thing will go on for ever. The Yan-

kee braggarts will probably some day trespaes too far on the forbearance of a ous to both that power and the United States. And all for nothing. The blather-

## SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Celebration-A Modest Appropriation Asked.

Intermediate Lacrosse Schedule Yachtsmen to Build a New Club House.

Mr. William Snider occupied the chair a meeting of the celebration sports and games committee last evening at the city games committee last evening at the city glad last night when their pastor gave his favorable reply to the very pressing and unanimous invitation given to him three W. E. Ditchburn, C. N. Gowen, T. Watson, months ago to remain with them for the W. Duck, M. J. Conlin, C. W. Minor, E. W. Bradley, D. McDougall, W. P. Smith, C. Jamison, J. Braden, M.P.P., and B. J. Perry. It was voted to give the finance retary of the Supreme Grand Lodge of Can-We have heard that in the progress of a that of worrying and harrassing Sir Mac-Mr. W. A. Franklin was named as the committee's representative on the band committee. The sports and games arranged so far

Friday - Forenoon, baseball; evening, Saturday-Forencon, trap shooting and athletic sports. The committee will ask for an appropria-

tion of \$300. LACROSSE.

In the Intermediate Lacrosse Association formally organized at Vancouver Saturday evening, there was included the Capitals of Victoria, the Maple Leaves of Westminster, the Beavers of Vancouver, and the Nanaimos of Nanaimo. Strict amateurism will be insisted upon. The official referees able members who occupy the back benches on the left of the Speaker. After such an utterance it would be absurd to taunt the Premier with cowardice in dealing with the most dangerous, if not the most important, bell and J. J. Cambridge, Westminster. The Senior Lacrosse League arranged the following schedule at 12 to-night:

May 11-Vancouver and Westminster, Ancouver.

May 24—Victoria and New Westminster, a mier's opponents may consider to be his shortcomings, we do not think any one will pretend that a lack of courage or determination is observatoristic of him. He has de-

Aug. 10—Victoria and New Westminster, at New Westminster.

The intermediates have arranged the following schedule, subject to change if interfering with the senior schedule : June 1-Westminster vs. Nanaimo, at West-

ainster. June 8. Vancouver vs. Victoria, at Vanouver.
June 15—Nanaimo vs. Victoria. at Nanaimo.
June 22—Victoria vs. Nanaimo, at Victoria.
July 6—Westminster vs. Vancouver, at Westminster.
July 13-Nanaimo vs. Westminster, at Na naimo. July 20—Vancouver vs. Nanaimo, at Van-July 27—Westminster vs. Victoria, at West-

Aug. 10-Vancouver vs. Westminster, at Vancouver.
Aug. 24—Nanaimo vs. Vancouver, at Nanaimo. Sept. 14—Victoria vs. Vancouver, at Vic-Sept. 21 - Victoria vs. Westminster. at Vic-

YACHTING. The Victoria yacht club expect to have their boat house ready for the 24th of May

celebration. The shares are being bought up readily, and it is the intention to commence building to-morrow. The structure will be as handsome as it will be commodious, and with the increased privileges the Harper's Weekly administers a severe rebuke to the jingo tail-twisters of the Frye
and Lodge stamp. The insolence and

dious, and with the increased privileges the
club anticipate a large increase in membership. Mr. H. C Macaulay, who lately re
sturned from the Sound, brought over word
turned from the Sound, brought over word
that a large contingent of the wachtamen arrogance with which they speak of nations friendly to the United States utterly disgust that respectable journal. It regards elaborate preparations for their reception and entertainment, and the races this year Mr. Brown gave Piccolomini's "Eternal will be sailed under the rating rules of the Rest" in a way that would have called for V.Y.C., which are more modern than those sailed under heretofore, being a copy of the V.Y.C., which are more modern than those Y.R.A. rules of England. A meeting of Wash My Hands in Lancoency," the club is called for Wednesday evening, at which a tull attendance of the members

HERE AND THERE

REV. DR. CAMPBELL on Sunday last con-George Williams, the lodges of the I.O.O.F., of which deceased had been a member, ac.

Mr. Justice Drake restraining the defendcompanying the remains to the grave. The palibearers were Messrs. David Dale, John Davis, F. Page, F. Carne, er., T. R. Mitchell, nery. Defendant's appeal set forth, among tall talk lack not only good sense and respect for the truth, but the first conception of the truth, but the first conception of the truth of the first conception of the fi condolence was passed at the last regular the action against him should have been ininestimable privilege to a few reckless ranters who shout for a spirited foreign policy which is ruffianism, and for a delusion of greatness which means degradation and dishonor?

In constitution practices, numane ideas and straightforward methods; therefore be should be guarded against in the future, and if defendant did not intend to again the death of George Williams, and sin-honor?

#### From THE DAILY COLONIST. April 30. THE CITY.

THE British Columbia Southern Railway ompany did not hold their meeting vest day, as expected.

REV. RALPH TROTTER, the new pastor of Calvary Baptist church, will arrive peach week and preach his first sermon on Surday,

MR. G. McCann, of the B.C. Dye Works, In chambers yesterday, on behalf of de-

fendant in Mason v. Nason, an order was made to set aside judgment. Messrs. Eberts & Taylor for defendant; Messrs. Hunter & Duff for plaintiff. THE Brackman & Ker Milling Company

have received word from the department of agriculture, Ottawa, that neither the Vorld's Fair medals nor the diplomas will be ready to issue before June next. FINAL and intermediate examinations were held yesterday before Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., and Mr. Gordon Hunter,

There were three candidates in the finals and the same number in the intermediates. The examinations conclude to day. To-morrow the close season for pelagic sealing will commence, to remain in force for three months. The coasting schooners will in consequence be returning to port in a few days, but it is not expected that their

catch will be large, as last reports were far from satisfactory. THE hearts of the official board of the Metropolitan Methodist church were made

fourth year, commencing May, 1897. A. McAfee, provincial grand breasurer L.O.L., has received a letter from the secada, stating that there is a possibility of the annual meeting of the latter body being held here next year. The Supreme Grand Lodge consists of nearly 300 representatives of different lodges throughout Canada.

At the Easter vestry meeting of St. John's church last evening the financial statement and reports for the year were presented and adopted, and church officers were chosen as follows: Rector's warden. Joshua Holland; people's warden, Henry Saunders; sidesmen-R. Seabrook, A. ( Flumerfelt, E. Pearson, A. L. Belyea, D. R. Ker and E. White.

UPWARDS of three hundred members of the local lodges I.O.O.F. occupied seats in the body of the Metropolitan Methodist church Sunday morning, when special anniversary services were conducted by Rev. Bro. Solomon Cleaver. The subject of the sermon was, "A Peculiar People," the text being found in Titus ii, 14, and during the morning appropriate music was furnished by the choir under the leadership of Mr. Clement Rowlands.

THE Quadra leaves this morning with the Canadian engineers connected with the Alaska boundary survey, A. J. Brabazon and J. L. Cote. Her destination is the Portland canal, but she will stop at Juneau to take aboard G. St. Cyr and E. Herbert. ouver.

June 15—Vancouver and New Westminster,
it New Westminster.
July 1—Vancouver and Victoria, at VanJuly 1—Vancouver and Victoria, at Vanbay. E. Cleveland and G. Kelley, of ouver, and Herbert Roper, of Victoria, are

MR. GARVIN, of Comox, while out hunting some time ago, came across the trail of a bear, and following it found a spring of water which had a peculiar taste. A gentleman whose attention was called to the matter had the water analysed by the government analyst, who found it possessed of considerable medicinal value, the principle properties being chlorides of sodium, calcium, and potassium, and sulphates of magnesia and iron. A company has since been formed to develop the value of the spring. Ten acres of land will be laid out as a park, and a large hotel and bottling works will be

THE Methodist Sunday school organized in the Spring Ridge district in connection with the Metropolitan church celebrated its fourth anniversary Sunday afternoon with special services in the Odd Fellows' hall. A suitable programme of songs and recitations was provided by the children of the school—which is under the superintendency of Mr. James Love and which has enrolled fifty new members during the year—and a shore address was given by the paster, Rev. Solomon Cleaver. So satisfactory has been the progress of the school that it has recently been decided to provide a home for its members. Two lots on Belmont avenue have been obtained from Mr. Piercy and the contract has been let for the building of a school hall. Work will proceed at once under the direction of Mr. William Moore.

sacred song, under the direction of the choirmaster, Mr. J. G. Brown. The selections included several anthems, solos and a number of hyms for congregational singing. rendered by the choir, the duet being taken by Miss Wilson and Mr. Brown. Miss Wilson was heard at her very best and added to the popularity she already enjoys. Mrs. Gregson in "Oh Rest in the Lord" and The new rifle range at Wakesiah park,
Nanaimo, was opened Saturday with a
match between tages of the same contribution of Manimo, was opened Saturday with a were also good, while Meesers. Linnaird and match between teams captained by Mr. J. Cochrane sang with effect. There will probably be other services of a similar character. were also good, while Messrs. Kinnaird and

THE appeal in the Attorney-General of Canada v. Ewen was heard yesterday by the ducted the funeral services of the late Crease and McCreight presiding. This was him. Rightly or wrongly the statute for-bade the easting of offal into the river, and with regard to the tariff, Mr. Bostock, in a position out of which it may of this resolution be forwarded to the widow.

It is quite possible that the United States' tall talkers may place their country this union's charter be draped in mourning for a pariod of thirty days, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the widow.

It is quite possible that the United States' tall talkers may place their country for a pariod of thirty days, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the widow.

Willow for the Attorney General of Canada; Mr. Charles with the United States' tall talkers may place their country this union's charter be draped in mourning for a pariod of thirty days, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the widow. for appellant (defendant).

is abo the a been region arrive recent intere ject. couver and is from \ Wellin and th ing op plan ha which making nent d very ed, a being r King S and we Eagle of gravell on Bain

and unc given \$2 30 cubic ering a l at the gr yard for From the that in I the benchlength ar giving th cess of hy

other les

China

on the so

miles dis

tlement v

all its er

tion to The lengt. its mouth owing to anddenly ture. Th length of The Golde the main b basin a gr King S Quillon et streams, and seps the dilige Mineral or is the next fancy of qu its junctio here down for two or taken for work done driven, and have given tinued this driven, The Kin ment work Work is to Great Divid though the the extent Solomon. triot a lar cently bee

wonderfully and Mount present to is doubtless work done ably that 'Chicago," " Missing L of the many Waters of I edge runs r China creek. Gleason; th ford and Bro by Saurealt, The place China creek though from gold, the gro of paying if down the ma not been ger markable, th cate have les have every co Adjoining leased by c well, especial creek, and be

been sunk wit bed rock. The next rard, Norris, cends throug tance of over The prosper factory, and pany owning ing the bed of the Constan taken up by McQuilion on understood th Adjoining leased by W

claim. Coar

Campbell, D.

Brown and o

rocky nature

done has not

have been tak

siderable Placer claim TTER, the new pastor of ch, will arrive pext first sermon on Surday.

of the B.C. Dye Works. Seattle with a bride. until Friday last, Miss

orday, on behalf of de-Nason, an order was judgment. Mesers. defendant ; Measrs. laintiff.

Ker Milling Company from the department of that neither the nor the diplomas will fore June next. mediate examinations

y before Hon. A. N. Mr. Gordon Hunter. didates in the finals r in the intermediates. clude to day. ose season for pelagic to remain in force The coasting schooners

be returning to port in a ot expected that their

s last reports were far official board of the dist church were made their pastor gave his e very pressing and ungiven to him three pain with them for the

cing May, 1897. ncial grand breasurer a letter from the sec-s Grand Lodge of Cane is a possibility of the latter body being held Supreme Grand Lodge representatives of difout Canada

estry meeting of St. vening the financial for the year were ed, and church officers Rector's warden, ople's warden, Henry R. Seabrook, A. C n, A. L. Belyes, D.

hundred members of .F. occupied seats in opolitan Methodiat ng, when special anniconducted by Rev. The subject of the liar People," the text s ii, 14, and during the nusic was furnished by adership of Mr. Clem-

this morning with the connected with the ey, A. J. Brabazon and nation is the Portill stop at Juneau to Cyr and E. Herbert Canadian party out ine their work to the ya bay and Yakutat nd G. Kelley, of Vancoper, of Victoria, are

nox, while out hunting cross the trail of found a spring of tuliar taste. A genwas called to the nalysed by the govound it possessed of value, the principle des of sodium, calcid sulphates of magpany has since been alue of the spring. pe laid out as a park, ottling works will be

sy school organized rict in connection church celebrated its day afternoon with ongs and recitations idren of the school rintendency of Mr. ch has enrolled fifty e year—and a shore e pastor, Rev. Solo tory has been the hat it has recently a home for its mem lmont avenue have Piercy and the conbuilding of a school d at once under the Moore.

ntroduced into the resbyterian church abe of a service of direction of the rown. The selecthems, solos and a regational singing. mini's "Eternal ld have called for een given at any e anthem, "I Wil duet being taken rown. Miss Wil best and added to dy enjoys. Mrs. ne Voice of Jesus' sers. Kinnaird and fect. There will es of a similar char-

torney-General of d yesterday by the ice and Justices esiding. This was action granted by sining the defendom dumping into his salmon canal set forth, among no intention o he river, and that puld have been iny General of the oinion. The full ppeal with costs, in granting an be guided by the ad been thrown st such an offence in the future. t intend to again would not harm the statute fornto the river, and nada was right to ped. Mr. Charles neral of Canada; . Aulay Morrison

CHINA CREEK GOLD.

A Vancouver Island Prospect Which Gives Promise of Proving Permanently Valuable.

Investors Encouraged by Quartz Assays and First Returns Fro Hydraulicing Operations.

That China Creek and the neighborhood is about to claim and receive a large share of been centred upon the better known mining regions of the Kootenay, is the conclusion interesting two-column article upon the sub. well if worked by hydraulic means. ject. The China Creek district is on Vanconver Island, fronting on the west coast, and is accessible either by regular steamer from Victoria or overland from Nanaimo and
Wellington, over an excellent road to Alberni
and thence by trail. The gold searchers and thence by trail. The gold searchers till Thursday at 2 o'clock. have carried on both quartz and placer min- is simply a test case to find out whether the ing operations, the latter on a very simple clause in the game act prohibiting the explan having for years yielded good pay to Chinamen, and the former resulting in assays of the provincial legislature, and the prowhich have fully warranted the capitalists ceedings had their origin, as will be seen by the attached correspondence, in the desire nent occupation of the territory. Some of the defendant firm to secure a ruling upon very high assays have been obtained, as much as \$900 to the ton being recorded for the Alberni, \$600 for the King Solomon, \$500 for the Mountain Rose, and well into the hundreds for Golden Eagle ore. In the placer mining, where the gravel has been tried as to its yield per yard, on Bainbridge's lease 80 cents per yard has been obtained as the result of three separate Protection act, 1895, to be unconstitutional, and unconnected trials. On the Constance in so far as it prohibits the exportation of lease the gravel in the bed of the creek has, it is understood, from an assay of 60 pounds commerce, he intends, in order to test the given \$2.80 per ton, in a depth of two feet validity of the act, to ship on Monday next from the surface; whilst another trial when certain deer skins which he has in his pos-30 cubic yards of gravel, boulders, etc., covering a length of over 90 feet and attaining From the above results when it is considered that in Bainbridge's and the adjoining leases the benches are from 30 to 100 feet in

giving the percentage per yard above men-tioned, little doubt is entertained of the success of hydraulic mining there and on the other leases held on the creek. China creek flows into the Alberni canal on the southeastern side, at about seven miles distance from Alberni, a growing setthement which up to a recent date has had all its energies directed to farming, but has now begun to give keen attention to the mines in the vicinity. Intends making a shipment of deer-skins on The length of China creek from its source to Monday next, out of the province, and that its mouth is a little over twelve miles, and he is taking this action simply for the pur-The length of China creek from its source to owing to the snow on the mountains being its principal water supply rises and falls being the constitutionality of section 7 of the game protection act, 1895. anddenly with the changes in the temperature. The greater portion of the whole length of the creek has been granted in leases for the purpose of placer mining. The Golden Eagle mine, owned by Saunders et al. is in Golden Eagle basin or head of the main branch of the stream-in which basin a great number of mineral claims have been staked off and recorded; and the "King Solomon" mine, owned by Mc-Quillon et al., is in the King Solomon basin or South Forks source, in which a large number of claims also are held. Between these basins and the junction of the two streams, the mountains on either side and separating them have received the diligent attention of prospectors.

Last evening's general meeting of the Jubilee hospital board was a short but not unimportant one. President Joshus Davies as tissued to have the work done by day's labor, should wait anyway till tenders were called for. Then when it was seen what is unsound mind, 1, and supplying them to bring up the day's labor. Ald Bragg's and Macmillan's resolutious on day's labor were mere child's play.

The Full court, consisting of Chief Justice Davie and Justices McCreight and Drake, yesterday gave judgment in the appeal of Ward v. Clark. This was an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Walkem been staked off and recorded; and the its junction up to its source has stakes scattered on the mountain sides for miles. From here down the creek mineral claims are held for two or three miles distance, after which

The King Solomon has also had development work done on it, and the assays of the ore taken out have proved very satisfactory.

Work is to be continued this summer. The Great Divide has also given good assays, though the mine has not been developed to the extent of the Golden Eagle and Fine than the claims she could have done. the extent of the Golden Eagle and King tion than she claims she could have done Solomon. At Miner creek, in which distriot a large number of claims have re-cently been staked off, several ledges than she did. If the board of directors wonderfully well. Of these the Alberni forward them the result. In my opinion no and Mountain Rose claims seem up to the show the biggest possibilities, but this reason

The President explained how the misis doubtless in part due to the development understanding had arisen which had lost work done on them which exceeds considerably that done on the others. The that a general description of how to prepare "Chicago," "American Boy," "Warspite," "Missing Link" and "Victoria" are a few of the many claims situated near the headwaters of Mineral creek. The "Alberni" edge runs north and south, the "Mountain China creek. The "Chicago" is owned by Gleason; the "Missing Link" by Commer-

by Saurealt, Jones, Plaskett and others. The placer work and prospects on China creek have been very favorable, though from the nature of the ground the widely scattered condition of the and the widely scattered condition of the gold, the ground has not been found capable of paying if handled on a small scale. The first lease held is for a distance of five miles down the main creek from the Golden Eagle of the ground has not been wen by Miss Nellie Woodrow, Miss E, Stewart, Miss Ethel M. Ferris and Miss basin, and though the prospects here have not been generally known as anything remarkable, the company—a Victoria syndicate have leased this land—are believed to have every confidence of making a success of of allowing nurses to present themselves for leased by one Bowditch, which prospects well, especially at the mouth of Mineral mitted to present herself for examination creek, and below this is the "Constance" until she shall have completed her two years' claim. Coarse gold has been found in considerable quantities on Mineral creek, and the matron be notified accordingly. Placer claims are held on this creek by Campbell, Dan, Gleason, Debeaux, Simpson, Brown and others, and though owing to the rocky nature of the ground as yet the work done has not paid, yet a number of clein.

pany owning the property intend hydraulicing the bed of the river and flats adjoining the Constance lease. A canyon has been taken up by Messrs. Love, McFarlane and McQuillon on a lease of 1,000 feet, and it is understood that the owners intend drifting up on to bed rock.

Adjoining this art is falling out. Dragg, Williams and Macmillon voting for it, and Ald. Humphrey, McLellan, Partridge and Cameron against.

ALD. PARTRIDE brought up his objection to Ald. Macmillan's motion of last week on the waterworks question, when he (Ald. Partridge) had objected to Ald. Macmillan changing a motion which he (Ald. Partridge) had seconded.

up on to bed rock.

Adjoining this again is the Little Bucker, leased by W. Garrard, extending one-third is Hall's flair Renewer.

of a mile down the stream and enclosing flat and several low benches. The prospect on this lease and in the canyon have been very satisfactory.

very satisfactory.

The next lease, which does not start till a point several miles down the creek is reached, is a hydraulic lease, locally known as Bainbridge's lease, held by a company of which Mr. Bainbridge is one of the members. Some of the other members are Childs, Aspland, Campbell and McQuillon. This land, which extends down the creek for several miles, includes several flats and a number of benches. The prospects throughout have been very good, and work is now being done to start hydraulicing as soon as possible. The new road from Alberni reaches the attention which has for a while back China Creek on this lease. Eberts, Taylor, Serreault, Lindsay and McFarlane are interested in adjoining property, leases of which are held down to the mouth of the creek, all arrived at by a well informed writer who of which, it is believed, from the prospect recently gave the Nanaimo Free Press an obtained by experienced miners, will pay

THE TEST CASE.

the legal point in question :

VICTORIA, B.C., April 26, 1895. To the Hon the Attorney-General, James Bay, Victoria, B. C .:

SIR :- We have the honor to inform you, on behalf of Mr. Joseph Boscowitz of this

at the greatest depth only three feet, gave as a result 25 cents per yard, out of each yard four-fifths being boulders and stones. You will understand that this is not any section in question, and we shall be glad if you will take such steps as are necessary to length and that they are composed of gravel may be duly argued. bring the matter before the court so that it

We have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servants, (Signed) BODWELL & IRVING.

VICTORIA, B.C., April 26, 1895.

We have requested the Attorney General

to take steps to bring the matter before the Court that it may be argued and disposed of judicially.

Yours faithfully, (Sd.) BODWELL & IRVING.

Mr. Charles Hayward pointed out that there was evidently a misunderstanding in the City Engineer and City Assessor estimated that the value of the land and the this connection—the old men whom it was cost of moving back the fence at St. John's proposed to send to the Home were not ill church on Herald street were altegether the land has, up to the present, only been taken for placer work. The Golden Eagle mine has had considerable development mine has had considerable development. work done on it, three tunnels having been any other place for them. By Mr. Hay-adopted. Tender tune, and the assays, though varying, driven, and the assays, though varying, ward's suggestion the president and the sechare given satisfaction. Work is to be content of the cont interview Hon. Mr. Martin and come to an \$349 or \$421.

understanding with him in the matter.

Dr. J. C. Davie addressed the board by been discovered which assay wish, I will re-examine Miss Stewart and better nurse ever graduated from the hos-

Miss Stewart five marks—she had been told

It was, however, thought best not to re east and west, almost parallel to open the examination, both Dr. Davie and Dr. Richardson testifying to Miss Stewart's exceptional ability as a nurse and the board ford and Brown; and other claims are held agreeing with Mr. Yates that Dr. Davie's letter was itself a strong certificate of merit. It was finally decided, on the motion of Mesers. Brown and Hayward, to attach a copy of Dr. Davie's letter to Miss Stewart's diploma when it is issued—signed by the

Laura Purvis, the last of whom has not, however, completed her two years' course, Adjoining this lease is another claim

Adjoining this lease is another claim resolved that hereafter no nurse shall be perterm-and that the resident medical officer

Brown and others, and though owing to the rocky nature of the ground as yet the work done has not paid, yet a number of claims have been taken up and several shafts have have been taken up and several shafts have been sunk with the intention of drifting on bed rock.

The day have been taken up and several shafts have southwest corner of the female ward, to be known as the King's Daughters' bed, instead of the bed in room 0. This bed, as well as responsibility if anything went wrong. The next lease on China creek is the the cot, will hereafter be reserved for free "Constance," held by Heyland, Jones, Gar- patients nominated by the circle and ad-"Constance," held by Heyland, Jones, Garrard, Norris, Havelaque and others. It extends through flats principally for a distance of over a mile and a half.

The prospects on this lease, which has had considerable manufactured by the circle; and the patients nominated by the circle; and the patients here treated will be the special for it, and Ald. Bragg, Williams and Macmillon voting for it, and Ald. Humphrey, McLellan, Particles and Campanage and

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Ald. Bragg's Motion to Pay Workmen Weekly at the Lake Defeated.

Tenders Received for Street Sprinkling and for Repairing the Fire Hall.

Mr. McGregor, but the minutes were adoptd as read.

A communication asking that John Calli-

rounds. The offer was accepted.
The Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Co. wrote inclosing the certificate given them by Mr. Stickels, declaring their plant up to until a ten-hour test was had. This was referred to the electric light committee.

was filed, and a letter of advice from Mr. F. G. Jordan on cement testing was referred to

In regard to the resolution of last meeting providing that the waterworks engineer sup-ply an estimate of the cost of building cof-ferdam at Beaver lake by day labor, Mr. J. L. Raymur wrote that it being understood that the water commissioner and the waterworks engineer assume the responsibility of completing within the estimate such work by day labor he must decline to be a party to any such arrangement. It was asking too much to expect one man to assume the responsibility of completing any particular piece of work within an estimate supplied

oner was looking at the matter in a wrong light. All that was desired by the resolution was to get the work carried out on business principles and as soon as the water for day labor. He moved that the letter be

HIS WORSHIP thought there seemed to be

who are properly subjects for hospital treat- \$15,000. This was referred to the street

Cookson & Plows, \$421 or \$725. Frank Wills, \$425 or \$775. John Colbert, \$529 or \$808. J. H. Warner & Co., \$468 or \$797. W. S. Hurst, \$408 or \$785. Hales & Bell, \$436 or \$651.

The fire wardens and Mr. Northcott will ward the centract, not to exceed \$500. ommittee will award the contract.

from Cohen, E. G. Miller, Province Publishing Co., Thos. Roarke, and one not signed. These were referred to the printcommittee to make the award.

A petition was received against the enon the sidewalk. It was referred to the

& Sons, and the Shawnigan Lake Lumber Company, wrote protesting against the paynent of \$50 as wholesale traders' license, because they did not come in any sense under the category of wholesale traders. ALD. CAMERON said it was a difficult matter to say who was or was not a Wholesale trade

ALD. MACMILLAN moved that a special neeting be held to consider the question. This was carried.

tric light committee calling for tenders for brackets without asking the council.

Williams to remark that on examining one

responsibility if anything went wrong.

Mr. Cartmel's letter was finally referred

From THE DAILY COLONIST, May 1,

read at last night's council meeting, Ald. Williams objected that while the motion of Ald. Macmillan to refer back Mr. McGregor's letter of advice was entered as carried, here had been no seconder. The City Clerk stated that the minutes

were correct, for the motion was declared carried although not seconded. ALD. WILLIAMS expressed himself averse Ald. Macmillan's motion as an insult to

gan be allowed to put up a temporary building near Beaver lake for the purpose of selling refreshments to the workmen was refer-red to the Water Commissioner to report. According to the Market Superintendent's report \$171.10 was the amount of market ees during the month. The report was filed. M. J. Conlin offered the use of his horse for the ambulance at the isolation hospital provided it was allowed to pasture on the

A report from Mr. Jorgensen that the surveys at the water works had been completed

the water committee.

y someone else. ALD. BRAGG thought the water commiscommissioner and engineer accepted the re-sponsibility he would hold up both hands

a misunderstanding, which an interview with the Water Commissioner would re-ALD. MACMILLAN did not think there was

Tenders for street sprinkling were received from Geo. Lindsay, C. J. King, B. Snetzinger, John Dalby, S. Fraser, A. C. Howe, Victoria Transfer Co , M. R. Humber, Victoria Truck & Dray Co. The street

For printing by-laws there were tenders

forcement of the law regarding obstructions The Taylor Mill Company, James Leigh

ALD. CAMERON took exception to the elec-

ALD. BRAGG and WILSON explained that the matter was one of urgency. the design recently adopted, the Secretary has during this week issued them to the

Hamilton Co. and Mr. Cartmel as to the necessity of a certain shaft bearing, led Ald. blue print he had found the word September

raterings) and objected to Aid. Macmillan changing a motion which he (Aid. Partridge) had seconded.

The Mayor read an opinion from Mr. Speaker Higgins that the mever of a resolution could only change it by consent.

The council adjourned.

THE CITY.

THE contract for repairing the Yates street fire hall was yesterday awarded to Cookson & Plows at \$421.

Only eleven marriages were recorded during the month of April, the number being smaller than that of the previous month. There were also recorded for April, 24 births and 21 deaths.

THE official board of the Metropolitan When the minutes of the week before were Mr. Cleaver an assistant in his pastoral Methodist church has decided to give Rev. work and to include the James Bay circuit in their joint field of labor. MR SHERIFF MCMILLAN, in his capacity

of registrar of marriages, officiated yester-day at the wedding of Mr. Samuel Henry Gibbs to Miss Clara Maude Greases. Bride and groom are residents of Cowichan. THE Victoria Liberal association elected the following officers: Hon. president, Hon. A. N. Richards; president,

George Riley; first vice-president, H. A. Munn; second vice-president, W. J. Dwyer; secretary, J. T. Bethune, and financial secretary, Duncan Ross. THE electric light committee yesterday awarded to Hinton & Penney the contract for three new pullies. The tenders for an

at their disposal. THE following donations have been thankand papers, Salvation Army, Friend, Y.M. C.A., Epworth League, Mrs. Winter, R. T. Williams, and N. Shakespeare; clothing, D. E. Campbell, Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Wilson and R. T. Ward.

MESSES. R. Jackson and F. G. Norris, popular young Victorians and themselves zealous sportsmen, have taken over the pro-prietorship of Bissett's well-known hotel at Sidney, and will direct its fortunes here. Other revenues..... They intend making the Sidney house a favorite resort for Victorians during the present summer.

COLLECTOR MILNE is investigating the Dutiable goods... base of three Japanese charged with smuggling. One, M. Yamata, offered a quantity of silk for sale at such a low price as to arouse suspicion and it was soon found out that no duty had been paid. This Yamata admitted, but claimed it was the customs officer's fault as he did not search the trunk. The courts will probably settle the case.

THE report of the librarian of the public ibrary shows that during April there were 1,779 books lent, 797 to ladies and 982 to men. The highest number lent in any one day was 152, and the lowest 74. During the nonth 15 ladies and 20 men enrolled as members. A very fine work just added to

ALD. MACMILLAN did not think there was any misunderstanding. Ald. Bragg's amendment was simply to shelve work by day labor under the guise of supporting it.

ALD. BRAGG denied that this was his intention.

ALD. MCLEULAN said Ald. Macmillan. if

THE police court returns for April show the charges dealt with to be as follows:

Assault, 9; assaulting police, 1; infraction of city by-laws, 16; drunks, 15; house-breaking, 1; larceny, 10; malicious injury to property, 1; Indians in possession of intextigation.

THE Full court, consisting of Chief Justice Davie and Justices McCreight and Drake, yesterday gave judgment in the appeal of Ward v. Clark. This or the content of the provincial Grand Master W. J. Dwyer will be entertained to a banquet in the Wilson H. White peal of Ward v. Clark. This was an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Walkem dismissing the action as against John Clark, ir., and Hannigar. The Full court reversed the judgment of the court below with costs, Mr. A. P. Luxton for appellants (plaintiffs); Mr. A. L. Belyea for respondents (defendants).

THE "at home" to be given by the ladies auxiliary of the Jubilee hospital, at the A.O.U.W. hall this evening, promises to be as enjoyable as any of the series. Richardson's orchestra will be in attendance; the floor is in excellent condition for lancing and the ladies are themselves looking after the supper. The tickets have sold very well, and there should be a good attendance as the affair will last an hour lenger than usual, for the convenience of ose who desire to attend the opera.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Ministerial Association, Rev. A. B. Win. chester, the new president, gave as his imaggral address an interesting account of his recent visit to Canton and surround.

Ontario agent paid 252 138 into court, and Mr. Beeton paid in £177 10s. Lyon & Co. now sue for the balance. Mr. Begg ordered the fixtures, hence his evidence is of importance. Mr. E. V. Bodwell for the plaintiffs; Ar the regular monthly meeting of the ing country. Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge and Rev. Dr. Campbell, on behalf of the board of directors of the Protestant Orphans Home, submitted a resolution from that board asking that an annual collection for the home be taken up in the city churches. It was decided to submit the matter to the congregations interested for their approval.

JOSEPH GORDON was on Monday before Mr. Justice Drake for speedy trial on a charge of entering a house on Chatham street with felonious intent. That Gordon entered the house is not denied by the defence. The prisoner had been a frequenter of the place, and while rather under the influence of liquor crawled in by the window as he found the door locked. He had not taken anything, and the absence of felonious intent being proved the prisoner was acquitted. Mr. A. G. Smith appeared for the Crown, and Mr. Frank Higgins for the de

The electric light committee reported that they had awarded the contract for pole winners. Though on the prize list they had not been actually presented for a few seasons past. One gold and one silver badge seasons past. highest scorers in the grand aggregate. The design has for its main feature the provincial crest, worked in gold and in silver respectively, on a dark cioth ground, with inscribed underneath "B.C.R.A.—1894," or whatever the year may be. THREE juvenile offenders were tried by

the Police Magistrate yesterday, behind closed doors, as provided by the law relating to offences committed by minors. George Morris and Leon Marston, lads about 15 years old, and a small boy named Timothy Allen, were charged with a series of thefts. Morris, though young, is not unknown to the police, for only a short time ago he was mixed up in the burglarizing of a Store street restaurant. Yesterday he had five different charges against him for stealing; the thefts included the taking of a watch, chain and a couple of rings from an Indian woman's cabin on Belleville street, a watch, chain, knife and some jewelry from an employe at the B.C. Cattle Co.'s stables; robbing a pigeon loft; stealing as rifle and some knives, and making away with some cans of salmon. This last charge was withdrawn as the cans could not its merits."

Hence But Ayer's at the world's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair. Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparilla sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the world's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits." of thefts. Morris, though young, is not un-

be identified. Marston and Allan took part in the pilfering at the B.C. stables and the

pigeon stealing. Morris was sentenced to a year in the reformatory. Sentence on Marston was deferred for two weeks, his father promising that he would be well looked after. Allen was remanded till to-day, the magistrate wishing the boy's father to be in court when sentence is given.

REV. W. L. CLAY last evening united in marriage at his residence, No. 7 Phoenix Place, Mr. Wm. Dylke and Miss Margaret Brown, who will in future be at home to their friends at 66 Rock Bay avenue. Miss Jessie Brown, sister of the bride, and Mr. James Keyes, acted respectively as bridesmaid and best man at last night's ceremony.

the first of a series of summer socials in the 9. The stationing committee is called to A O U W. hall, on or about May 16. Richardson's orchestra has been engaged for the season for these events, which will no doubt prove pleasant and enjoyable. The Prim- sion is to commence on the Wednesday rose ball committee are arranging for the first of the series, which will include boating and picnic parties when the weather be-

To-DAY the Presbyterian Synod of British Columbia, including the churches in this province and in Alberta, will assemble at Nanaimo. The pastors of the various Presbyterian churches in the city, and represeninjector were opened and the Albion Iron Works found to be the lowest tenderer, but the contract is not yet awarded, as the comman will represent Calgary.

THE ladies who are arranging for the woman's papers which are to appear here this month are very busy indeed with their work, as they are determined to make their issues a great success. They invite short contributions from women, correspondence, poems, stories, items regarding woman's work, or anything of an interesting nature written by women. The manuscripts are

to be sent to P. O. Box 279. APPENDED are the customs returns for the month just ended : Duties collected..... Total.... .\$ 69,507 26 IMPORTS. Total .\$343,763 0 EXPORTS. .. \$ 28.975 00

Among the passengers on the Empress of China yesterday was Rev. Father Roediger, Roman Catholic missionary from the Province of Hoo-nan, in the interior of China. Father Roediger has been in the field eighteen years, and is returning to this country for a rest. Speaking of the war he said : "Little concern is felt in the in- gates as follows : terior regarding the matter, and in many cases the fact that there has been trouble and war with a foreign power is not even known. So long as they themselves are not troubled it is all right. To this fact may be attributed to a great extent China's failure. On this same principle the peace negotia-tions will be quite acceptable so far as they

Delegates from the various subordinate Lord's Supper under the direction of the lodges in the province of the C.O.O.F. are president of the conference. in town to attend the meeting of the Provincial Grand Lodge, which opens in Foresters' hall at 9 o'clock this morning. There are 17 lodges in the jurisdiction and Contential Co entertained to a banquet in the Wilson H. White. hotel by the local members of the order. The C.O.O.F. is in a flourishing state and a great deal of interest is taken by the members in the present Grand Lodge meeting.

Victoria west church—11 a.m., sermon by Rev. G. H. Raley; 2:30 p.m., Sunday school, addressed by Rev. Robert Wilkinson and Rev. E. Manuel; 7 p.m., sermon It may be noted that the last number of the by Rev. George H. Morden. Canadian Oddfellow, the organ of the order,

are concerned.

has a very good picture of D.D.G.M. Tagg. sermon by Rev. W. H. Pearce. Monday evening Chief Justice Davie received the evidence of Alexander Begg, C.C., in the case of Lyon & Co., of London, England vs. Mr. Byrne, the London agent of the Province of Ontario, and yesterday he teck the same gentleman's evidence in the case of Lyon & Co. vs. H. C. Beeton, formerly agent general for British Columbia. The cases arise out of fixtures supplied by Lyon & Co. for the colonial exhibition at the Imperial Institute; the charge to Ontario be-MONDAY evening Chief Justice Davie reperial Institute; the charge to Ontario being £188 10s, and to British Columbia £515 5s. This being considered exorbitant, the Ontario agent paid £82 18s into court, and

Mr, H. D. Helmcken for defendants.

A VERY pretty wedding was solemnized at

Metchosin peterday afternoon, when Miss Muir, daughter of Alexander Muir, of Sooke, B.C., was united in matrimony to H. Lawrence Fisher, eldest son of William D. Jennings.
Fisher, J.P., of Metchosin. The little church

Emmanuel I was tastefully decorated with primroses, in-terspersed with a profusion of wild flowers, lending an additional picturesqueness to the scene, the artistic effect of which was due to the skill of Miss Smart and her corps of assistants. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. D. Barber, of St. Saviour's church, Victoria West. The bride, who looked charming, was attired in a handsome cream India silk with point de Venice lace, and carried a bouquet of primroses. She was attended by petite Margaret Langley as maid of honor, who with the Misses Rant as maid of honor, who with the Misses Rant and Langley, bearing baskets of white flowers, formed a most picturesque coterie of attendants. Mr. William Fisher sup-The badges of honor awarded from time to time by the British Columbia Rifle Association having been made in accordance with the design recently adopted, the Secretary toria were present, amongst these being Hon. D. W. and Mrs. Higgins, Mrs. Corean, Mrs. Wolley, Mrs. W. Langley, Mrs. Mc-Naughton Jones, Miss Jones, Miss Loewen and Miss Rant, and Messrs. Ashby, Woods, Monteith and Captain Rant, Mesers. Ernest Brammer and H. Ashby, who officiated as ushers, while Mr. George E. Powell presided at the organ. After the ceremony a reception was held at the resi-dence of the groom's father. An impromtu dance and musicale followed the wedding

> Philip of Macedon was courteous to all who approached him, even the humblest being sure of a hearing. Henry Clay was said to make the most engaging bow of any gentleman of his time.

luncheon. Mr. and Mrs. Fisher will reside

METHODISTS TO MEET.

The Annual Conference to Open at the Metropolitan Church on May 9.

Programme for the Busy Week-Sunday Arrangements in the Churches.

The ninth annual session of the British Columbia conference of the Methodist church in Canada will open in the Metropolitan THE Companions of the Forest will hold church here at 9:30 a.m. on Thursday, May meet in the parlor of the same church on Tuesday, the 7th, and the ministerial ses-

> are announced in brief as follows: Wednesday, May 8, at 8 p.m., temperance neeting to be addressed by Mr. Ralph Smith and Rev. A. E. Green.

Thursday evening — Missionary anniversare addresses by Rev. P. C. L. Harris, fifteen minutes on the subject of "Domestic Missions"; Rev. S. S. Osterhout, fifteen minutes on "Indian mission work"; and Rev. Jas. Woodsworth, superintendent of missions for the Manitoba and the Northwest and British Columbia

Friday evening-Reception service. The reception of the probationers into full con-nection will be moved by Rev. Thos. Croeby and seconded by Rev. Coverdale Watsonfollowed by the reception of the probationers.

Saturday afternoon-Meeting of the theological union of the annual conference. The lecture will be delivered by the Rev. James Turner of Victoria West, on "The History of Methodist Missionary Work in the Inter-

ior of Our Province." Saturday evening—Question drawer, in the lecture room, on "The Administration of Discipline," (in compliance with a resolution of last year's conference), in charge of Rev. Joseph Hall and the President of the Conference

Monday evening—Sabbath school and Epworth League meeting, to be addressed by Mr. Hinkson Siddall, Rev. S. J. Thompon and Rev. J. P. Hicks. Tuesday evening—Educational anniversary, with addresses by Rev. R. R. Maitand, LL.B., and Rev. John F. Betts.

A prayer service will be held each morning during the sessions of the conference in the lecture room of the church, commencing at 6:30 a.m. These meetings will be under the direction of Rev. E. Robson. On the Sunday, services will be held in the city churches by the conference dele-

Metropolitan church-9:30 a.m., the conference love feast, to be led by Rev. C. Ladner; 11 a.m., ordination sermon by the expresident, followed by the ordination of the probationers; 2:30 p. m., open session of the Sunday school to be addressed by Rev. J. Robson, B. A., and Rev. S. S. Osterhout; 7 p.m., sermon by Rev. James Woodsworth, superintendent of mis-

Esquimalt church-11 a.m., services and

James Bay church—Sunday school anni-

Saanich church—11 a.m., 2.30 and 7 p.m., Rev. R. J. Irwin and Rev. J. W. Winslow.
First Presbyterian church, Victoria—11
a.m., sermon by Rev. R. Whittington, M.
A., B. Sc.; 7 p.m., W. W. Baer.
St. Andrew's Presbyterian church—11
a.m., sermon by Rev. J. P. Hicks; 7 p.m.,
Rev. R. R. Maitland, LL B.

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—11 a.m., sermon by Rev. James Calvert; 7 p.m., Rev. E. Robson.

Central Presbyterian church—11 a.m., sermon by Rev. A. E. Green; 7 p.m., Rev. Emmanuel Baptist church—11 a.m., ser-

mon by Rev. J. P. Bowell; 7 p.m., Rev. C.

CHEW T. & B.

and "Black"

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Mannfactured by

The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd.,

Hamilton, Ont.

50c, Bulbs and Plants The Maximum of Worth at Minimum of Cost

D. B—15 Gladiolus, finest assorted, for 50c

I—6 Dahlias, selectshow variet's "50c

G—8 Montbretias, handsome "50 G-8 Montbretias, bandsome "50c.
O-6 Roses, everbloom's beauties" 50c.
Window Collection, 1 each,
Fuchsia, Dbl. Fl. Musk, 1 yy
and Sweet Sc't'd Geranium,
Mex. Primrose & Heliotrope
E-8 Geraniums, finest assorted "50c.
R-13 Coleus, fine assorted colors "50c.
S-5 Iris, finest varieties "50c.
Any a collections for 8sc. 3 for \$1.25; or 5 for \$2.
By Mail, postpaid, our selection. A Snap 1
Catalogue Free.
THE STEELE, \$31003. Magning extra or 1.25. THE STEELE, BRIGGS, MARCON SEED CO. LTD.

Toronto, Ont.

April Trade Reviewed-Poor Prospects for Sealers on Either Side of the Sea.

Francisco Rates as Last Announced.

Though there have been several new de velopments in local shipping during the month, such as the placing of a third steamer on the West Coast route, the preliminary arrangements for the Upper Yukon trade, the purchasing of the U.S. steamer Hassler, the fixing of steamers to run among the islands of the East Coast, etc., business has been quiet. The Northern trade, however, has improved materially in recent weeks, so much so that the regular steamers have been taxed to their utmost to handle all the freight offering. The carrying of stone for the two new government buildings also causes considerable work, but there is not the ordinary animation along the water front which will be seen when a third Oriental line of vessels makes regular calls during the summer months. In a week or two the Alaska tourist business will cause additional stir, and steamships which have been idle for months will doubtless be brought into service during the last of this week for excursion purposes. The regular returns for April are as tollows : Entries-deep sea, 85; coastwise, 124; clearances—deep sea, 90; coastwise, 127.

SEALERS OVER THE SEA. ving had to be re-equipped with canoes,

The R.M.S. Empress of China, R. Archibald, R.N.R., commanding, arrived yesterday noon from China and Japan, having left Yokohama on the 19th April, with light to moderate winds to the 180th meridian. Thence to Victoria, strong winds and moderate easterly gales, accompanied by fog and rain, prevailed. The white liner brought

MARINE NOTES. The steamer Walla Walla, now on her board the following passengers for Victoria: Miss May, Mrs. Flumerfelt, Mrs. Blacklock, Mrs. Jones, Miss Battle, Mrs. Digendron, E Scofield, Capt. Crompton, Wm. Taylor, her own red Mrs. J. B. Gordon, Miss Wey, Mrs. Thane, environments.

canadian Alaska survey commission, will start for Alaska, intending to make Sitka her destination instead of the Portland canal as previously announced. The steamer or as bad as she is for purely political pursuit as previously announced. The steamer or as bad as she is for purely political pursuit as previously announced. ready for the voyage all yesterday.

65 sealskins, the total season's catch to the other.

### STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Closing prices:	
Atchison & Santa Fe Burlington & Quincy	
Dallimore & Unio	
Canadian Pacific	
NOW IOFK CONTRA	
Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis	
Unicapo (+ag	
Chemaneake and Chio	1
Denver & Rio Grande preferred.  Delaware & Hudson	
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	T.
N'MA	T
Hocking Valley	
Hocking Valley  Jersey Central  Louisville & Nachrille	į
New York, Lake Erie & Western	. !
Lake Shore. Missouri Pacific]	1
	9
OL Paul, Missouri Pacific & Obio	9
Pacific Mail	5
Rock Island Texas Pacific	(
Tenn., C. & I	
Chich Facine	-
Western Union	3
Western & Lake Erie	
preferred	4
Bar silver, per ounce	6

Hanging and wiving go by destiny. Shakespeare. Bancroft was rather reserved than other

wise with most persons whom he met. Prodigality is the vice of a weak nature. as avarice is of a strong one.—H. Taylor. Garrick was generally so quiet that he often created the impression of diffidence. Milton was quiet and reserved in conversation, but thoroughly refined and well

To be happy is of far less consequence to the worshipers of fashion than to appear so.

Marcus Aurelius was said to be the politest Roman Emperor who ever sat on the Mohammed inculcated politeness in the

The most happy man is he who knows how to bring into relation the end and the beginning of his life. - Goethe.

Ovid finely compares a man of broken for tune to a falling column; the lower it sinks the greater weight it is obliged to sustain.—

nas kept well up; and public revenues have not seriously diminished. We have never school.—Galveston News.

Telegraphing without wires has been successful.

many \$5,000 positions will be offered to him mained gilt-edged. the first month after he acquires his degree.

CANADA' FINANCIAL STATUS.

TO THE EDITOR :-- Mr. Wilson has devoted a good deal of space to Mr. McPhillips, and Mr. McPhillips to Mr. Wilson, on she logical inference from this being that to better our condition we should raise our tariff Canada had a tariff for revenue only. Stastill higher. As a matter of fact, there are tistics upon which Mr. Wilson so much reso many things entering into the life of a lies amply prove that. nation, that to strive to account for any certhe old-fashioned science of medicine which referred all diseases to certain "humors" of the blood. At the present time in the United

recent crisis to what is practically demonetization of silver; the labor party blame the M. Kane, a distressed seaman from the sealing schooner Rosie Olsen, now hunting on the Japanese coast, arrived home yester
by tization of silver; the labor party blame une monopolistic tendency of the age common to all countries; the free traders lay it at the door of protection; and the McKinleyites and it may be assumed that he regards his the dress, seam them, leaving a space A No one set of tacts is sufficient to explain it. did not leave Yokohama until April 3. To account for the wealth and progress of Early in the same month the Brenda was in the United States up to a certain point is to high standing, whose public utterances com a binding and make it about 86 inches Yokohama and landed there a man named enter a wide field of investigation, and to mand respect, and to that, more than to the long. Gather the three breadths to it, Peterson who had his arm broken. embark on a speculation as to Canada's issues themselves, is due the attention which leaving a space over each of the arm-Peterson who had had his arm broken. Three of the Brenda's crew, who had deserted through trouble aboard, were restatistical comparisons therewith is wholly which remains unanswered, and to my mind a buttonhole in one end of the binding, placed while the schooner was in port. On futile. The history and conditions of the unanswerable, is this: How does Mr. Wilson. April 14 the Allie I. Alger put into Yokohama to land another seaman with a broken common application of any series of bald tration, expect to gain the objects which he arm, and reported a catch of 250 skins.

The W. P. Hall, which is well known here, is now a coal hulk, Capt. Brown, who had present a condition of any series of part of the being out this year in the perienced alternate periods of great parts.

The will a protein admits are solely, directly and ulteriorly what has in view? What guarantee, assurance or likelihood is there that the will be found very convenient for cookcharge of her, being out this year in the Arctic. The weather on the Japanese coast is reported to be very rough and sealers are thought to be doing poorly.

perienced alternate periods of great prosperious of great prosperious and province will pay less or get more from a party, if in power, who have been opposed to assistance to railways, and pledged to retained the protection. We cannot account for duction of revenue arising out of taxation, which, while fully protecting the dress which, while fully protecting the dress and which, while fully protecting the dress which, while fully protecting the dress are province will pay less or get more from a party, if in power, who have been opposed to assistance to railways, and pledged to retain the protection. We have to take into consideration the conditions which gave rise to and perpetuated the fiscal policy in each case. The conditions were as different as the processes goving the first processes goving the first

evolved out of and through conditions in no he is consigning them to a very deep grave, way to this port from San Francisco, has on way comparable with those of the other two. She must, therefore, follow on the lines not oblivious. If Mr. Wilson has up his sleeve the ribbons, being all well out of the of experience in either of the two countries a programme for a revision of the terms named, but on lines dictated by her own requirements and peculiar federation should the Liberals get elected to Mrs. Berry, Mrs. Cornell, J. O. Halloran we must be federalists, not provincialists, and daughter. T. A. Elwell, Robert Francis, otherwise the Dominion would soon be reotherwise the Dominion would soon be re. the material interests of this province are at Rev. T. V. Hunt and wife, J. L. Booth and solved into elements of war, each province stake. Contending for the greatest snare of spoils, irrespective of the rights or the good of the carrying North the first contingent of the Canadian Alaska survey commission, will mud at Canada or the United States for nia for bonnet pins is as great as the was busy taking en supplies and making. poses, because, from a business point of wreath of the empire used in these minieady for the voyage all yesterday.

A third siwash schooner, the Amateur, or depression in one is followed invariably in

with official statements. To quote an in-

stance : He says : "Liabilities in Canada, 1894, \$17,724,000 "Multiply by 13 to give as large proportionate liabilities in the States, \$230,412,

"Actual liabilities in the States, only \$149,595,000." liabilities of failures in Canada, 1893, stated pin would have been used. Sometimes as \$7.315,229, and in 1894, \$9,500,642 (not they are coquettishly thrust through a

Multiply these by 13, the proportion of population, to arrive at the proportionate liabilities in the United States, and you get \$95,097,977 for 1893, and \$123,508,346 for

Turning to the Statistical Abstract of the 1894 respectively, or for 1893, proportionately, nearly four times in the United worn, it is rarely placed in front in prim, orthodox fashion, but on one side, some the relative position of Canada and the no other use. United States is concerned.

I might also point out that while the total public indebtedness of the United States is less per head than that of Canada, probably amount to one-tenth more.

which is less than \$45 per head. was not only wrong in making such comparisons at all, but wrong in the data he used in supporting them. His contantion, therefore, whatever may have Koran. He himself was one of the most courteous of men.

Pius IX, both before and after his class.

Contention, therefore, whatever may have been its object, is rendered worse than futile. Besides, if we had not these figures the most for his daughter. She goes to Pius IX, both before and after his elevation to the pontifical chair, was a model of the pontifical chair, which is the pontifical chair, was a model of the pontifical chair, which is the pontifical chair. The Mohammedans have ninety-nine dull as times have been in Canada, comnames for God, but among them all they have not "Our Father."—Anon.

pared with former years, we have had the suspension of but one chartered bank to resuspension of but one chartered bank to record, and that was due to diversion of funds, not business causes; no railways have gone into liquidation; no industries on large scale have closed their doors ; trade has kept well up; and public revenues have he knows it all he should be started off to at any time been on the verge of panio, or at all near it; there has never been a sud-

I have stated that to prove that Canada

ment in favor of our fiscal policy, but practically its effect is in that direction.

If we take Canada's position as compared with the severe financial crisis through which the United States has passed and question as to whether Canada or the from which we are or ought to be heartily United States is the worst off from a finan- glad to see her emerging safely towards re-The "Quadra's" Route Altered—San Control of the real issue before the electors is continued agricultural depression in England and the decline of several of her most imthe real issue before the electors is concerned, by the contention of either side being established. Mr. McPhillips is a strong Conservative, and consequently looks at the whole matter largely from a party standpoint. Mr. Wilson is a provincialist, pure and simple, or, in other words, a politician for it revenue only "or for an Reitish Col." for "revenue only," so far as British Columbia is concerned. If Mr. McPhilips be correct, it doesn't necessarily prove that a by which she is surrounded and to which protective tariff is the proper policy for our statesmen to pursue in regard to Canada; but only that moderate protection on this side has not led to results quite so has happened in the Australias, in South bad as immoderate or extreme protection in the United the United States. On the other hand, if States and in England, that Canada Mr. Wilson be correct, it only goes to show is not, comparatively speaking, well off that the United States, under a high pro- We have passed through a period of deprestective tariff, has not been so badly off as sion more severe in its character and more Canada with a moderate tariff, the only universal in its extent than that of 1873-79 infinitely better than we did then, when

> tain state of affairs by reasoning from a should be extended to it, Mr. Wilson has are numerous types, but the simplest of single fact or set of facts is on a par with clearly placed himself outside of court by all is one illustrated and described for the fact that the promoters have not asked The Household. This can be made on for a subsidy and have not applied for a the sewing machine in less that half an charter under Dominion laws. To complain hour, and as four yards will make one the silver men attribute the ing an aid that has not been asked for is, to long enough to cover a very tall woman

stract merits of free trade and protection, sistent and persistent opposition to the exbecause one result is the complete refuta-tion of the theory underlying the other. We have to take into consideration the con-confederation to the people of British Columbia. If it be answered that office aprons. The broad full apron is

fain, prevailed. The white their brought of internal saloon passengers, including no Celestials, world and upon colonial expansion; the other however; 9 intermediate and 444 steerage, was continental in extent, and compact, device the committing them to the tender which may be of ribbon or lasting, termercies of Sir Richard Cartwright, as minates in wider black ribbon ties Canada, on the other hand, has been prospectively Liberal Minister of Finance, which are knotted at the back. While under which British Columbia entered Con-In Dominion politics power, I can assure him he will not find it a trump card in any game of theirs in which

FEDERALIST

returned yesterday from the Coast with some degree by prosperity or depression in which merely suggest the wreath, are date. She had been in company with the Pachtwallis and Labrador, at present in port.

Round trip tickets from here to San Francisco are now quoted at \$25, the single first class fare being \$15 and the steerage rate

the other.

Reverting, however, to the "argument," I fear that if Mr. Wilson's conclusions are not more worthy than his "facts" in support of them the former can have but little force indeed. I do not know where Mr. Wilson got his figures, but they do not tally reptiles and insects. The eagle, with official statements. To courte an interest wings, considered expectably the spread wings, considered especially the

Napoleonic bird, is another design. Also in keeping with the Napoleonio fad of the hour is the pin of twin Mercury wings. These little pins are no longer used exclusively for the bonnet. They catch together any portion of the I find in the Star Almanac, Montreal, the | bodice, where in other times an ordinary bow on the shoulder, with no especial office but to display their beauty. Sometimes they hold down in proper place some portion of the huge czarina collar. The New York Tribune, which calls attention to the foregoing, says: The old United States (official) I find actual liabil- fashioned broach is seldom seen today. ities of commercial and business firms (ex- even in small size, these minature pins clusive of railways and bank failures) were taking its place. When the broach is \$346,749,889 and \$172,993,856 for 1893 and worn, it is rarely placed in front in prim, States what they were in Can times on the shoulder to catch down a ada, and for 1894, about \$50,000,000 bow. Schoolgirls sometimes wear four times on the shoulder to catch down a more. Those figures, the correctness of leaf clovers, but the broach of the mawhich must be accepted, I submit, completely shatter Mr. Wilson's contention so far as beautiful enough for display if it serves

Selling Daughters.

The Indian is uncouth in his ways, mortgages on real estate in 1890 (census re- but he has learned a thing or two from turn) amounted to \$6.019,679,985 or in the white man. One near Tacoma has round numbers \$100 per head for every man, tried to sell his daughters as the result woman and child in the United States, or \$500 for every head of a family. This does not include chattel mortgages, which would In Ontario, the only province from which such statistics are available, there were \$90,-000,000 in 1890, of mortgages on real estate, in Chicago. The Indian, having lost all he had gambling, offered his daughter I refer to these to show that Mr. Wilson for \$30, with which he hoped to be able error. During the years of 1893 and 1894, tween the two cases? Nothing, except less money.—Chicago Post.

Monroe was, even in his own time, called 'a gentleman of the old school.' As soon as a youth begins to fancy that

Goldsmith.

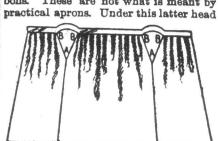
This is the season of the year when the young man who is going to graduate from college this summer begins to wonder how many 25 000 resistors will be effected with a feet out the point of the young man who is going to graduate from college this summer begins to wonder how have always been as never been a sudden or wide-spread drop in securities. We have always been solid and safe, even if a bit dull. Our public securities have residued with water. But man, proud man, is no teakettle.—New York Observer.

PRACTICAL APRONS.

MADE TO PROTECT THE DRESSES THEY COVER.

One of the Simplest of Designs For Kitch en Wear-The Office Apron For Women Engaged In Literary Work, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Etc.

There are aprons and aprons. Some are dainty affairs of fine muslin and lace or silk confections smartly trimmed with embroidery and velvet ribbons. These are not what is meant by



APRON FOR KITCHEN WEAR.

As to the British Pacific and the aid that comes the kitchen apron, of which there say the least, begging the question.

The other issues raised by Mr. Wilson in cents if made of print. the expense will not be more than 25

point to the "Wilson bill" as the cause. position as untenable, and made a safe re-Mr. Wilson is a gentleman of ability and Next tear off a strip of the material for sew a button on the other end, and the apron is finished. It will adjust itself

of the wearer from ink and other stains,



AN OFFICE APRON way, do not detract from its usefulness.

A black ribbon stock, finished with a knot of the ribbon, is a pretty accompaniment for such an apron. Fast black sateen or breadths saved from an old black silk are sometimes used instead of the lasting. For young girls, if desirous of a bit of color, the

frills at the top of the bib and pocket might be faced with brightly tinted silk. This apron can be made at less excents per yard, and fast black cambric at 8 cents per yard.

Sweethreads and Bacon. Wash the sweetbreads thoroughly and in fine cracker crumbs and beaten egg butter, or fry with slices of bacon in the about ten minutes.

Lemon Custard Pie.

Mix intimately a tablespoonful of trous, remarks Golden Days. flour with a cupful of sugar. Squeeze on to this the juice of a lemon, the peel of which has been grated separately. Beat the yolks of 3 eggs to a froth, stir in a cupful of new milk, then add the other ingredients and bake in a deep pie plate lined with paste in the usual manner.

Housekeeping Brevities. Let raw potatoes lie in salted water an hour previous to frying. Raise the flour barrel a few inches

from the floor. Try stuffing a cloth saturated with cayenne pepper solution into a rathole.

In trimming the lamp simply remove the charred portion of the wick and not the unburned though blackened fiber. Stale crackers are improved by placing in a hot oven a few minutes before

serving. For economy and evenness of heat put only a little coal on the fire at a time.

Long, thin sticks of Italian breadso well known to dyspeptics-have been brought out at afternoon teas with great

He will knew all about it before August 1. is not as bad off as the United States, is not "necessarily" an argu-

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

The Lay of John Adolphus William Chubb Who Dearly Loves to Bathe and Scrub. To little John Adolphus Chubb Your kind attention I invite.

Now, John Adolphus William Chubb. A fine young elephant is he And when he's in his little tub Oh, 'tis a pleasant sight to see!



HE LOVES IT SO. His nurse, a motherly old thing,

No need to coax the rogue has she. Adolphus, when he sees her bring The water, trumpets in his glee-Oh. how he loves the cold, cold stream

Descending on him in the tub! He feels as if he'd like to scream— He loves it so, does William Chubb. And then, the evening's washing o'er,

His nurse will say: "Come, come, no more You've had enough now, Master Will So swift he's dried, his nightgown on, A night cap tied upon his head, And to the rattle's music John Adolphus William goes to bed

What a Ship's Flags Tell Us. Every one who has watched a great ocean steamship coming into or going out of port has noticed that flags fly from nearly every masthead as well as from a flagstaff at her stern, yet few people understand that every one of those flags is hoisted for a special reason and tells something about the ship and her movements. A writer in St. Nicholas says it is easy to learn what the flags tell, for they mean the same things on all ships the world over, but first we must know the different kinds of flags

A flag proper is rectangular, a triangular flag is called a pennant, and a triangular flag with the end notched out is called a burgee. A flag proper, with its end notched out, is called a broad pennant, and a very long narrow pennant is called a coach whip pennant.

First, then, the big national flag waving from the short staff at the stern tells in what country the ship is owned and registered. It tells her home. Then the national flag at the foremast head tells the country to which she is going. If it is the same flag as that at her stern, it tells that she is just getting home from a long journey at sea. Then at the mainmast head you will see a flag, or a pennant, or a burgee, which is not the flag of any nation, but has on it letters and symbols with which you are probably unfamiliar. That is her house flag"-that is to say, the distinguishing flag of the company to which she belongs. If you spend much time on the sea or in seaport cities, you will learn many of these house flags by heart. Thus the Cunard line house flag heart. Thus the Cunard line house flag is a red flag, with a golden lion in the center; that of the White Star line is a red burgee, with a single white star in the center; that of the Anchor line is the center; that of the White Star line is a red flag, with a golden lion in the center; that of the White Star line is a red flag, with a single white star in the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to lease 160 acres for hay purposes, five miles in northerly direction, from Mr. M. J. Drummond's meadows, on Mackin's Creek.

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to lease 160 acres for hay purposes, five miles in northerly direction, from Mr. M. J. Drummond's meadows, on Mackin's Creek.

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to lease 160 acres for hay purposes, five miles in northerly direction, from Mr. M. J. Drummond's meadows, on Mackin's Creek. a white burgee, with a red anchor in the center; that of the North German Lloyd is a white and blue flag, with a key and an anchor crossed in the center of a laurel wreath, and the American line, owning the two magnificent steamers New York and Paris that for a national flag now fly the stars and stripes, has for its house flag a white

flag on which is a blue spread eagle. The company to which a steamship belongs is also indicated in many cases by the colors painted on her smokestacks. You may feel sure, for instance, that a steamer with tall red smokestacks topped with black and having two narrow black rings is a Cunarder; that those having black smokestacks with a white band near the top belong to the pense from black sateen at from 12 to 20 American line, and that a steamer with In the Supreme Court of British Columbia cents per yard, black percaline at 15 a cream colored smokestack, on each side of which is painted a red star, is one of the Red Star line.

A Cycling Note.

The true cyclist likes to ride not only wipe with a dry cloth. Roll alternately windy days. Go out before the wind, in warm weather, but on cold and and cook until done through in melted and fast pedaling will quickly warm the blood. Then you can defy Boreas as long chafing dish, serving the two with as you are on the move. But care should French peas, which have previously been be taken that the gear is fast and shipheated with butter, salt and pepper for shape. A stop to tighten a crank, adjust a bearing, screw up a pedal nut, slack off or take up the chain when the body is nicely warmed up may prove disas

> Up In the World. You look wintry, dear old tree. Nos a leaf on you I see. but there seems a lovely seat High up where your branches meet.



Here I am now, safe at last. In your arms pray hold me fast. I should think you're glad to see

There is one point the woman voters have not been able to make out yet—why it takes man from 6 o'clock in the morning till 11:30 at night to cast his ballot. But women

are not supposed to know everything.—Cleveland Plaindealer. Oh, how he loves to bathe and scrub Each day at morn and eke at night! Premier place in the Queen's scholarship women) list for England and Wales was taken this year by Miss Jessie Tomlinson, of Stoke Newington. There were 9000 candidates. For several years the honor has

gone to Liverpool. The approuncement is now made that the famous Wagner museum of Herr Gesterlein in Vienna, the disposal of which occasioned so much controversy, has been purchased for \$10,000 by the municipality of Leipeic, Wagner's birthplace.

BIRTH.

STRELE—In this city on the 29th inst., the wife of Peter Steele, jr., of a son. OLARKE—In this city, on the 25th inst., the wife of J. J. Clarke, of a son.

MARRIED.

OWEN FIRTH—On the 30th April, at Victoria West Methodist church, Captain W. D. Owen, to Martha A. Firth, both of Vic-

FISHER-MUIR—At Metchosin, 30th April, by Rev. W. Barber, Henry T. L., eldest son of W. Fisher, Rsq., J.P., of Ferncliffe, Metchosin, to Alice E., daughter of the late Michael Muir, Esq., J. P., of Sooke. ZIMMERMAN-ANDERSON-On the 19th inst., at Los Angeles, Cal.. Charles F. Zimmerman, of St. Louis, to Winnifred Grace Anderson, youngest daughter of Mrs. W. C. Anderson, of this city.

KERMODE-BEATTIE—On the 25th inst., by the Rev. James Turner, at the residence of Wesley Willard, Victoria West, Edward Kermode and Sarah Beattie, both of Vic-

BLAK—On the 30th inst., at Oak Farm, Saanich, Mrs. John Blak, for many years a resident of this city.

HABRIBON—In this city on the 28th inst., Her-bert Chester, aged 3 years, 11 months and 26 days, only child of William Edward and Etta Louise Harrison. WILLIAMS—At New Westminster, B. C., on the 21th inst., of paralysis, George Williams, a native of Oroydon, Surrey, England, and recently of the Dominion Inland Revenue Department, of this city.

Department, of this city.

OWERR—On the 26th inst., at the residence of
Mrs. Sinclair. No. 9 Princes Street, James
Bay, Margaret Mabel Gordon, aged 18
months, infant daughter of Frank and Julia
Bowser, of Vancouver, B.C.

# Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Émulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes Any Condition of Wasting. Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All DruggIsts. 50c. & \$1.

NOTICE

NOTICE.

Thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to lease 160 acres of hay land, five miles more or less in a northerly direction from Drummond's meadows, on Mackin's Creek, my3

NOTICE.

After thirty days I intend to apply to the Honourable Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to lease 160 acres of land for hay cutting purposes, situated 2‡ miles southeast of the lower meadow, on Mackin's Creek, Chilcoten.

M. G. DRUMMOND.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of William Robert-son, of North Saanich, deceased, intestate, All persons indebted to or having any claims

against this Estate are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness and send particulars of their claims to the Administrator, Mr. Henry Brethour, of Sidney, North Saanich, Vancouver Island.

Dated 29th April, 1895.

Solicitor for the Administrator. Solicitor for the Administrator. ap30-1m-d&w

# IICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK, CLATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH M.A.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Fark and Straits. First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Compared and Modern Courses. Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. Re opens Monday, January 7th, 1895.

#### GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendeney to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly sourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Make simply with bolling water or milk; Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, lames fees a constitution of the constituti "By a thorough knowledge of the natural

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltds Homospathic|Chemists,

Manag

Gos

TO

Three .

The " l

steamship by the Ci the news been char company' been four to meet t brade, wh other con cerned. ships, th leaving th ness heret ships hav than eitl and the S Great Brit vessel only these to a will take towards t change in February every twe Heretof Northern : been unah

ing to that ages after Then, in al made to g Even the S unable to s sailing from to fill their has been to he enabled offer during lowing is cific steams the next fe The Victo Tacoma, Ju the Hankov

Each of t with passen nected that business on ern passenge Northern 1 description The l built in 189 nage under length, 350 f feet; engine cated horse inches, 40 inc stroke. The & Son, a stee tonnige, gros 3,316; tonnag breadth, 43 fe triple expar power; three

The Hank & Co., a s gross, 3,594 breadth, 42 3.000 indica to securing t company has vessels to car hama to Tac Japan so as t

the Maude, l voyages last Both had hea at Vancouver the second pa Bella Coola. sengers from her cabin acc G. Cunningh Todd. Miss I Irving (of Van

The new ste secured are

Gore, jr., a Gregor. The case of came up for to yesterday. Robert Beave as a creditor tate, to have defendant of a Canada Wester fraudulent pre

of the estate. Mr. Beaven, an envelope the papers of pencil memora " Handed C Fell, security i The witness the bank, show rent account \$1 amount of \$90 costs against th for about \$800. G. H. Brown creditors in the 1893, he had give chairman to asl payment of a b roborated subs man. Smith, A. and this closed

Thornton Fel the certificate o not as payme bank's indebte of the balance solicitor. It March lat in entered into w ber 9, 1893, who security for his was that he wa stating in the m had been given Frederick Wo and testified been given to l

witness. In Juhad a good man their accounts, get assistance fr usb it was found ance to pay that

on consulting in his deposit

he woman veters have out yet-why it takes in the morning till is ballot. But women know everything .-

Queen's scholarship land and Wales was iss Jessie Tomlinson There were 9000 al years the honor has

s now made that the m of Herr Gesterlein of which occasioned has been purchased nicipality of Leipsic,

the 29th inst., the wife on the 25th inst., the of a son.

Oth April, at Victoria urch, Captain W. D. Firth, both of Vic-

chosin, 30th April, by enry T. L., eldest son , J.P., of Ferncliffe, E., daughter of the sq., J. P., of Sooke. On the 19th inst., at harles F. Zimmerman, difred Grace Anderson, of Mrs. W. C. Ander-

the 25th inst., by the , at the residence of ctoria West, Edward Beattie, both of Vic-

at Oak Farm, Saanich, on the 28th inst., Herears, 1; months and 26 William Edward and

etminster, B. C., on ysis, George Williams.

t. at the residence of Princes Street, James ed Gordon, aged 18 ter of Frank and Julia

hing.

ents of Throat is no cure so nent as Scott's liver Oil. It is the most delieffective

petite, aids the foods, cures is, Sore Throat, es vital strength o equal as nours and Children and overcomes of Wasting.

CE

intend to apply to res for hay purposes, rection, from Mr. M., on Mackin's Creek. C. H. KENNARD.

of hay land. five herly direction from Mackin's Creek. J. M'AULEY. CE.

end to apply to the ner of Lands and 160 acres of land for ated 23 miles southon Mackin's Creek G. DRUMMOND.

CE. f British Columbia

LIAM DUCK

LEGE.

DRRIG COLLEGE.

Boarding College for c. Modern and fully s, fronting on the

ulty—British Univer-y, Professional, Com

ry 7th, 1895. PAL J. W. CHURCH M.A.

MFORTING.

SUPPER.

COCOA

dge of the natural

PARK,

came up for trial before Mr. Justice Drake lege. yesterday. This was an action brought by e of William Robert. or having any claims required to pay the ess and send particu-Administrator, Mr. ney, North Saanich,

> an envelope which had been found among ed in light clothes; the boat was new and Westminster, tested his form yesterday a the papers of the bank after it had gone valued at \$50. into the hands of the assignees. It bore a

BEAVEN V. FELL.

G. H. Brown stated that at a meeting of creditors in the Y.M.C.A. hall on April 27, 1893, he had given a list of questions to the days at the earliesa. chairman to ask Mr. Fell, who had stated that he got the Canada Western stock in payment of a bill of costs. This was corroborated substantially by Messrs. Kinsman, Smith, A. Wilson and N. Shakespeare, and this closed the case for the plaintiffs.

Thornton Fell, the defendant, stated that certificate of stock was handed to him not as payment but as security for the bank's indebtedness to him in respect of the balance due him, and his costs solicitor. It was handed to him on March 1st in pursuance of an argument of abill of costs and stream and their friends at the certificate of the balance of an argument of the costs of the costs of the costs of the balance of an argument of the costs of the costs of the costs of the balance of an argument of the costs of the costs of the costs of the costs of the balance of an argument of the costs of the costs of the costs of the balance of an argument of the costs of the balance of an argument of the costs of the cost that he got the Canada Western stock in

their accounts, and found it necessary to get assistance from a local bank. In August it was found necessary to obtain assistance to pay that bank, and, in consequence, on consulting Mr Fell, that gentieman had said that he had trust money in bis deposit account and should feel it few and far between. This is but one of a series of events that have been given by the committee this year and which will be continued in the fall. They afford very pleasant evenings and at the same time add no small sum to the treasury of a most worthy institution—the Jubilee hospital.

This is but one of a series of events that have been given by the committee this year and which will be continued in the fall. They afford very pleasant evenings and at the same time add no small sum to the treasury of a most worthy institution—the Jubilee hospital.

Who gives a trifle meanly is meaner than the trifle.—Lavater.

From THE DAILY COLONIST, May 2. proper to withdraw it. As it was in the interest of the bank not to lose depositors, Mr. Worlock had told Mr. Fell to leave his TO FLY THE N. P. FLAG. deposit, and in case of an emergency arising, which was not then anticipated, he (Mr. Three Fine New Steamers to Work Fell) should be secured-or words to that in Conjunction With the "Viceffect. Mr. Fell then made a deposit of toria " and "Tacoma." \$900. In view of the promise made, Mr. Worlook, on March 1, about 6 o'clock in the evening, gave the certificate of stock to The "Danube" and "Maude." Away-

Gossip of the Docks-Inbound

Pacific Liners.

ships have much greater carrying capacity

and the Strathnevis, both built this year in

Great Britain, and the Hankow, a handsome

these to arrive will be the Strathnevis, which

will take the run of the Sikh and will arrive towards the end of June. There will be no

change in the time table announced in

February but regular trips with an arrival

every twenty one days will be made accord-

ressel only a few years old. The first of

new vessels are the Evandai

than either of those now

he next few trips:

Mr. Fell as security.

Asked by Mr. Bodwell, if he had ever in sended to get the certificate back or pay it, Mr. Worlock retorted that the question was

not worth answering.
Asked as to why Mr. Fell was not paid Manager Macrae, of the Northern Pacific

other compensing and a constant of the new 3 o'clock. Mr. Bodwell appeared for plain-

THE CITY.

lumber at Vancouver for San Francisco.

steamer Rithet for the cattle market and out their programme. will be sold at auction on the wharf on Friday. THE Woman's Auxi ary of the Y.M.C.A.

ing to that schedule for the first five voyages after the arrival of the Strathnevis. will hold a May festival on Wednesday next. There will be a floral drill, and a Then, in all probability, a change will be musical and literary programme. made to give a faster service.

Heretofore, with only three ships, the Northern Pacific Steamship Company has been unable to carry all the freight offered.

The Single Tax Club held their usual weekly meeting yesterday evening, when an interesting programme of short addresses interesting programme of short addresses.

Even the Sound flouring mills have been interspersed with music was presented. unable to secure enough space on the vessels sailing from Tacoma to ship to the Orient

be enabled to handle all business that may straightened out during the past week. offer during at least the coming year. Following is the order in which Northern Pa-THE Mount Baker hotel, Oak Bay, is to cific steamships will arrive at Victoria for reopen for the season on Saturday of this week. Mr. J. A. Virtue, under whose man-The Victoria about the end of May; the

agement the house was last year, is again in Tacoma, June 8; the Strathnevis, June 2; the Evandale, July 20; the Victoria, Collections for April for inland revenue August 10; the Tacoma, September 1, and the Hankow, September 21. division No. 37, Victoria, are as follows: Spirits, \$4,320 83; malt, \$1,570.09; cigars, Each of the new vessels is well equipped with passenger accommodations. It is experience accommodations are specified as a specific specif

pected that there will be a large passenger \$79.70. Total, \$10,488.75. spirits, \$67.78; inspection of petroleum, ousiness on the line this summer, the eastern passenger business being secured by the Northern Pacific railroad. Following is a description of each of the new vessels of the noon at the City Hall. The members of the at all. The Evandale, a steel screw steamer, committee are requested to bring with them built in 1895; tonnage, gross, 3,775; ton-nage under deck, 3,373; tonnage, net, 2,468; for these papers.

feet; engines, triple expansion, 2,200 indicated horse power; three cylinders, 24 inches, 40 inches and 64 inches, by 64 inches stroke. The Strathnevis, owned by Burrell Captain W. D. Owen and Miss Martha A. & Son, a steel screw steamer, built in 1895; Firth. Both Captain and Mrs. Owen are tonnege, gross, 3,578; tonnage under deck, residents of this city.

tonnage, gross, 3,578; tonnage under deck, 3,316; tonnage, net, 2,292; length, 350 feet; breadth, 43 feet; depth, 29 feet; engines, triple expansion, 1,800 indicated horse power; three cylinders, 24 inches, 40 inches and 66 inches by 65 inch stroke.

The Harbon armad by William Milliam The Hankow, owned by William Milburn company for three months. Mr. Barham

North and the latter for the West Coast. inion government to appoint a board of exposed to run off the first heat before the Both had heavy cargoes. The Danube calls pert appraisers, has since Saturday last re- 24th. The riders for the several heats are at Vancouver en route North to take aboard ceived many signatures. Any business man to be carefully selected, and the contest for the second party of Norwegian colonists for who has not yet read and endorsed the peti-

The aronery club in connection with the Friedrich and Strength of Vanceuver), W. T. Brath, W. J. Gore, jr., and Messrs. Johnson and Mogregor.

The aronery club in connection with the A.O.F. met last evening to further arrangements for the coming demonstration of the order. A committee of two, Mr. Saunders and Mr. T. Smith, was appointed to ar- ways one of the prettiest features of the range certain details and it was decided to carnival. The night parade is also to be call a special meeting for Friday evening, The case of Beaven and Yates v. Fell the archery club will be allowed the privi-May 10, when all Foresters wishing to join

Robert Beaven as assignee and J. S. Yates as a creditor of Green, Worlock & Co.'s es-whose name even is unknown, hired a boat have asked the council to put the Cambi tate, to have it declared that a transfer to at McIntosh's boat house on Tuesday morn-street recreation grounds belonging to the defendant of a certificate of stock in the ing last and has not since been heard of. city in such a condition that clubs may Canada Western hotel was void as being a fraudulent preference against the creditors search was made for boy or boat yesterday trip to Brockton Point. The council will fraudulent preference against the creditors of the estate.

France are entertained for boy or boat yesterday but without avail. The boy was of medium grant the request. Mr. Beaven, the first witness, produced size, and light complexioned and was dress-

into the hands of the assignees. It bore a pencil memorandum:

"Handed Canada Western stock to T. Fell, security for costs and balance."

The witness proved Mr. Fell's account at the bank, showing he was indebted on current account \$188, and was a creditor to the amount of \$200. healdes having a hill of amount of \$900, besides having a bill of genson has the complete plans and profiles for the coffer dam ready, and work will, it visit before many months. It is possible is expected, be started in a few days. The that he may be here for the opening of the plans for the filter beds proper are not ex. Oak Bay track. pected to be ready for a fortnight, or ten

the ladies will not a neat little sum as the entered into with Mr Worlook on September 9, 1893, when defendant was about to leave for Chicago, and asked for some security for his account. This arrangement was that he was to be secured. He denied stating in the meeting that the certificate had been given as payment.

Frederick Worlook was the next witness and testified that the certificate had been given to Mr Fell as stated by that witness. In June or July 1893, the bank had a good many depositors withdrawing the ladies will net a neat little sum as the result of their charitable and hospitable mich despitable and hospitable officen dances, well assorted and broken at the cent number for supper. Richardson's or cheen supper a little sum as the result of their charitable and hospitable mich despitable fifteen dances, well assorted and broken at the cent number for supper. Richardson's or cheen stating in the meeting that the certificate had been given as payment.

Frederick Worlook was the next witness and testified that the certificate had been given to Mr Fell as stated by that witness. In June or July 1893, the bank had a good many depositors withdrawing had a good many depositors withdrawing care to dance—though non-dancers were tainty for one or the other. Immediately few and far between. This is but one of a after Kirkonnel had passed the post a win-

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Regatta Arrangements Well Advanced -The Programme as Roughly Drafted.

Cyclists Preparing for the Carnival Greatest Year on Record for Exports Parades and Drill-Lacrosse Matters.

A preliminary list of the races to be held | The "Tables of the Trade and Navigain cash as the books showed some \$4,000 on at the regatta on the Gorge on the Queen's tion" of the Dominion of Canada for the steamship line here, returned from Tacoma hand on March 1, Mr. Worlock replied that Birthday was drawn up by the regatta com- last fiscal year, which have just been issued, by the City of Kingston last evening with this represented marked checks as well. He mittee at their meeting last night. It was are even more than usually interesting, sevby the City of Kingston last evening with the news that three large steamships had been chartered to take their place in the marked checks and he did not like to make The case was here adjourned till to-day at cance races, a tilting match, Indian cance "other revenues" forming the large total of

> Canoe races will be held on the morning of the 25th on the harbor under the manage-THE American schooner Puritan and the ment of the Canoe olub. Entries for the bark Artemus have been chartered to load regatta must be sent in to the general secretary, Mr. B. Boggs, before 8 p.m. on Tuesday, May 21. The regatta committee will A car load of beef cattle will be on the ask for an appropriation of \$1,000 to carry

> > on the day of the regatta. Captain Clark, harbor master, Mr. J. B. Lobb of H. M. Dockyard, and Mr. E. Brammer were added of British Columbia were from the following to the committee. The Indian races were left in the hands of Mr. Boggs, secretary of the general committee.

The regatta committee meets again at the oity hall on Thursday week at 8 p.m., and ARRANGEMENTS are nearly perfected for the printing committee to-day at 4 o'clock to fill their orders. On every trip freight the resuming of work at the Alberni paper at the secretary's office, Broad street.

LACROSSE. A DESIRABLE DAY.

VANCOUVER, April 30.—(Special)—The Senior Lacrosse League have appointed A. E. Suckling, Vancouver; W. H. Cullin, Victoria; and James Gow, Westminster, official referees. It took the delegates at last night's meeting four hours to draft the schedule, for the reason that Victoria was determined to have a scheduled game on May 24 at home, and the Westminsters were equally determined to have a scheduled game played in Westminster on that day, the trans Pacific countries with which cussion over this vexed question caused the delay, and it was only by mutual regular lines were as follows: concessions that the schedule was arranged

SLIGHT ALTERATIONS.

VANCOUVER, May 1.—(Special)—The Inermediate lacrosse league met last night to sheck their schedule, arranged before the formation of the senior lacrosse team schedule. There were only two games altered —those to be played on August 24 and September 14. The August 24 game will be between Vancouver and Victoria, at Victoria, and that of September 21 between Vancouver and Nanaimo, at Nanaimo.

THE WHEEL. VICTORIA'S CLUB IS BOOMING.

The Hankow, owned by William Milburn & Co., a steel screw steamer; tonnage, gross, 3,594; tonnage under deck, 3,153; tonnage, net, 2,332; length, 389 feet; tonnage, net, 2,332; length, 29 feet; engines, 1000 indicated horse-power. In addition 3,000 indicated horse-power. In addition 1000 mercent of the twice of the 3,000 indicated horse-power. In addition to securing the three new steamships, the company has already chartered two sailing vessels to carry tea from Kobe and Yoko Japan so as to arrive some time in Angust. The new steamships which have just been secured are now all in Oriental waters.

Tim Allan, the youngest of the trio of club's fancy drill corps. The captain of the club, Mr. E. W. Bradley, having resigned the produce of Canada. Australla took of the produce of Canada. Australla took of the produce of the fisheries, \$68.304 worth the produc Bella Coola. These, with the following passengers from Viotoria, will utilize nearly all her cabin accommodation; H. Dalby, R. G. Cunningham, O. A. Ragstadt, Mrs. Todd, Miss Downey, Miss Hunt, H. Bell-Irving (of Vencenyar), W. T. Paratt W. THE archery club in connection with the parades, and it is expected that special and

very elaborate this summer. HERE AND THERE.

GENERAL GOSSIP OF CURRENT SPORTS. George Turnbull, the crack rifle shot of

the butts. He made 94 out of a possible

At a meeting of the Victoria Yacht Club last evening it was decided to incorporate under the name of the Viotoria Yacht Club

OFFICIAL TRADE ANNUAL.

Interesting Details of the Business Carried on From British Columbia Ports.

of This Province-The Cities' Returns.

ships, the Sikh will be taken off the run, tiffs and Mr. Gordon Hunter and Mr. Hall ing boats. Nor has the greasy pole walk the Chinese tax. The totals from these ing boats. Nor has the greasy pole walk the Chinese tax. races, three naval races, and a race for seal. \$117,419 for this province, on account of

been forgotten. The regatta starts at one sources by provinces are as follows: Nova Scotia New Brunswick

Total ......\$19,647,281 Messrs. Cartmel and Haydn were ap- for home consumption were valued at pointed a committee to wait upon Com-mander Huntingford of H. M. S. Nymphe 676, the total imports for this province thus to ask for the attendance of a steam pinnace being \$2,190,359—an amount exceeded by

countries :—	from the i	ollowin
Great Britain British East Indies British West Indies British African Possessions Australasia	. 32,011	Free. \$788,48 15,38
Total British Empire Belgium Lhina Dutch East Indies France Jermany Hawaii Japan	1,104 2,486 454,073 21,053 24,732 1,298 73,673	\$819,09 125,73 176,82 207 13,267 26,264
Spain Furkey Jnited States West Indies, Spanish Other countries	2,203 1,091 1,966,857 25,103 2,367	25 5 <b>62</b> ,050 112 904
Grand total	90 AEM 800 8	MOO OMO

The imports of the whole Dominion from The forencon was devoted to the appoint-British Columbia is directly connected by

Australia.

Hongkong.

New Zealand.

1,224

Fiji Islands.

23,896

Nost important changes were subsequently proposed, the required notice been given and the discussion pro and con proving very full and satisfactory. The china

C.F.N. STEAMERS SAIL.

Two of the C.P.N. fleet, the Danube and the Maude, left on their regular fortnightly voyages last evening, the former for the North and the latter for the West Coast.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of trade, asking the Dominion government to appoint a hoard of exception of the Secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished worth, and of man datures \$468,538. Japan's principal purfactures \$13,270, and of manufactures \$13,683 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$468,538. Japan's principal purfactures \$13,683 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,683 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,893 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,893 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,893 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,893 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of manufactures \$13,893 Hawaii took of the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth, and of waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The petition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The potition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The potition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst., and it is profished waters.

The potition in the hands of the secretary up to the 12th inst.,

Mine products.....

r	Andreal 40	8.618
e	Aumais and products	1 937
		3,323
0		6,140
<b>y</b> .	7	7,344
ø	The trade of the several ports of entr	w of
g	this province for the year ended 30th J	y or
4	1804 and the many ser ended 30th J	
_	1894, and the preceding year, is	thus
f	stated:	
b	1893. 18	94.
В	VICTORIA - KYDOPTA @9 054 105 @9 00	
٩	1 minoron for consumption 3 133 996 o con	9,756
- [	701.339	8.676
٠	Vancouver-Exports & cos cas	7.574
١	Milered for consumption 1 118 491	
		1,675 3,254
1		
1		3,162
1		,962
d		3,150
	Nanalmo-Exports \$2,586,016 \$2,690	.945
1		.966

ALD. JOHN HALL has taken preliminary steps toward securing free concerts by the band of the B.C.B.G.A. at Beacon Hill park

A Humorous Fact A Humerous Fact
About Hood's Sarsaparilla—It expels bad humor and creates good humor. A battle for blood is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scorfula, salt rheum, boils and other blood diseases.

Heod's Pills act easily, yet promptly and afficiently on the bowels and liver, 25c. Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases re lieved in six hours by the "GREAT South AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the nrinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold in Victoria by D. E. Campbell.

"REINDEER"BRAND

CONDENSED MILK.

Always Reliable. Beware of Substitutes. The Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Ld.\_

marked checks and he did not like to make the approach to meet the growing requirements of their the designment had been made but it was already to enable the company to meet the growing requirements of their the designment had been made but it was already decided not to open up next day. The marked checks and he did not like to make the approach to make the did not like to make the approach to make the growing requirements of their the designment had been made but it was already decided not to open up next day. The marked checks and he did not like to make the auspices of the James Bay Athletic Association. The events comprise two four-oar lapstreak races, a four oar best-and best books for the amateur charming the native of the returns, and the did not like to make the did not like to make the did not like to make the auspices of the James Bay Athletic Association. The events comprise two four-oar lapstreak races, a four oar best-and best books. The relatively large trade of this province with the outside world is once more a marked feature of the returns, and best books. The relatively large trade of this province with the outside world is once more a marked feature of the returns, and best books for the amateur charming the native of the supplies the did not like to make been found necessary to enable the company to meet the growing requirements of their signment had been made but it was already decided not to open up next day. Mr. Fell on the money at any to meet the growing requirements of their decided not to open up next day. Mr. Fell ish Columbia, two single scull races, single provinces in the customs and other revenues time had be withdrawn his money at any time had been made but it was already beat races, a four oar best-and best boats for the amateur championship of British Columbia again stands third of the provinces in the customs and other revenues taken in through that department.

> CALL AND SEE THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING, HATS, ETO, HI THE CITY

B. WILLIAMS & CO. (Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

THE C. O. O. F.

Annual Convention of the Provincial A Large Audience Present at the Grand Lodge-Newly Elected Officers.

Session Terminated With a Grand Banquet.

The Provincial Grand Lodge of British Grand Master, presiding. There was a large the Victoria theatre last night to a crowded attendance of delegates from all sections of house. The undertaking had been looked the province, the order having grown and upon as a somewhat ambitious effort for prospered greatly during the past few years, amateurs, and people were naturally

ment of the various committees, the cenferring of the past official and purple de-

the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth; the flaheries, \$3,986; the forest, \$3,979; and manufactures, \$9,345. The portion of the exports to these countries with which British Columbia is credited is valued at \$362, Kean, Cobble Hill; P. P. G. M., W. J. Western and true, and her acting the produce of the mine \$80,264 worth; the flaheries, \$3,986; the forest, \$3,979; and Warden, T. Thompson, Abbottsford; Grand Inside Guard, P. E. Lazenby, Port Hammond; Grand Outside Guard, G. W. Mothod and the second seco Afterwards the delegates and friends of

the order, to the number of sixty or more, were banquetted at the Hotel Wilson, the companiment by Miss Styles, was really a sent to Hawaii to the value of \$50,204; and of the fisheries \$68,304 to Australia.

The exports from British Columbia for the year reached the grand total value of \$8,142,564—the largest in the history of the province, exceeding those of the previous year by two and a half millions; of 1892 by a million and a half; 1891 by two millions; and being more than double the value

were banquetted at the Hotel Wilson, the jovial company sitting down to the table at about 9 o'clock. Among the delegates present were Messrs. P. E. Lazenby, Port Hamington, The province, exceeding those of the previous year by two and a half millions; of 1892 by a million and a half; 1891 by two millions; and being more than double the value

were banquetted at the Hotel Wilson, the jovial company sitting down to the table at about 9 o'clock. Among the delegates present were Messrs. P. E. Lazenby, Port Hamington, The province, exceeding those of the previous company sitting down to the table at about 9 o'clock. Among the delegates present were Messrs. P. E. Lazenby, Port Hamington, The province, exceeding those of the previous year by two and a half millions; of 1892 by a million and a half; 1891 by two millions; and being more than double the value.

E. Purvis, Salt Spring; F. Lickman, Chillians, Chillians by a million and a nail; 1891 by two millions; and being more than double the value of the exports of 1888 or any preceding year.

John Hilbert, Nanaimo, besides the delegated for the some-shape of the contract of the exports of 1888 or any preceding year.

In the chair of honor was the newly elected Grand Master, Mr. J. Tagg, while at his right was His Worship Mayor Teague, and on his left Past Grand Master W. J. Dwyer. The menu was an excellent one Dwyer. The menu was an excellent one and the service all that could be asked or f When the substantials had disappeared, prison, "Hear my cry," were two of his best

the toast list was promptly entered upon, the usual loyal and patriotic toast being heartily honored. Viotoria" of course brought His Worship Mayor Teague to his feet in acknowledging Martha rejects his suit with scorn in the the complimentary references of the pro-

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoris. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Catarrh Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.— One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew s Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sorethroat, Tonslitts and deafness. 60 cents. At Langley & Co.'s.

MARTHA.

Operatic Society's Performance at The Victoria.

The Proceedings of the Interesting A Real Success is the General Verdiet of Those Who Were Present.

For some time past people have been Columbia, Canadian Order of Odd Fellows, looking forward with pleasant anticipation convened in annual session at the Foresters' to the presentation of Flotow's delightful hall, Government street, yesterday morn- opera "Martha" by the Victoria Operatic ing, Ex-Ald. W. J. Dwyer, Provincial Society. Consequently the curtain rose at only two lodges being reported as unrepre- anxious to see how the play would be prosented when the morning meeting was called duced. The result, judged as a performmance by amateurs, was a distinct success. Principals and chorus were uniformly good, and the audience testified their appreciation with great enthusiasm a number of times

Colquhoun, Pauline, Mrs. Maynard, Mrs. Tenors-Messrs. Bullen, Holmes, Thomas, Goward, Hibben, Pauline, Robinson, Colby,

Bass-Mesers. Trimen, Johnson, Moore,

unconstrained, dainty and natural. Her singing of the "Last Rose of Summer" in

John Hilbert, Nanaimo, besides the delegates from Victoria lodges and the Provincial Grand Lodge officers.

3,441,305

In the chair of honor was the newly was splendid. His enunciation was refavorite. His drinking song in the third act and his plea for his foster brother in

> songs.
>
> Mr. Bushby, from an indifferent start, later proved a first class Lionel. One of his That of "the Mayor and Corporation of best efforts was his pathetic rendering of

earlier part of the opera.

Mr. Godfrey did the Sheriff to the life. Mr. S. M. McIntosh proposed "The Grand Lodge and the Officers." to which Grand Lodge and the Officers," to which Grand Master Tagg made a fitting reply; and "The Deputy Grand Master" was given by Mr. D. Ross, ex-Mayor Hilbert of night" song in the first act by Plunkett, Lionei, Martha and Nancy. The minor A feature in the excellent chorus singing

was the Hunters' Chorus. The chorus were

well trained both in singing and stage busi-Mr. Pferdner, to whom the training and conducting is due, has made a wonderful success of his work, and Mr. J. G. Brown deserves credit for his assistance in training

the chorus. The orchestra must not be forgotten. There were twenty pieces under Mr. Finn and their playing was decidedly good. "Col. Prior's March," composed by Mr. Finn, called forth hearty applause. Miss (Styles' dainty and tasteful harp accompaniments added greatly to the charm of the solos and the part songs.

To-night Martha will be repeated, and already there has been such a demand for

BEHRING SEA PATROL.

seats that a good house is assured.

WASHINGTON, April 30. - At to-day's pabinet meeting among matters discussed were the instructions to the Behring seafiet. They will be telegraphed to Captain Hooper, of the revenue outter Rush, commanding the patrol fleet.

Every man is a volume if you knew how to read him. - Channing.

edge of the natural erations of digestion reful application of selected cocoa, Mr. breakfast and sup-everage which may s' bills. It is by the es of diet that a con-built un until strong ilt up until strong ndency to disease adies are floating wherever there is well fortified with purished frame." ng water or milk; tins, by grocers, omœepathic|Chemists,

## The Colonist

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co'y Limited Liability. W. H. Ellis, Manager. A. G. SARGISON,

pecretary TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST. PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY, Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Parts of a year at the same rate,
Per week if delivered) THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominien or United States) \_\_\_\_ \$ 2 00

Tabsortptions in all cases are payable strictly ADVERTISING RATES

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTIS 'NG as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Bolid Nonparell, the duration of publication to month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one

fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than \$2.50, and accepted only

Theatrical advertisements, to come sach insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific natructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if sontinued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly sontinued for full term. Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts
TRANSIENT ADVERTISING — Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements in-

served for less than \$1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonparell, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$2.

Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

GOOD FOR

## PARTS I TO 20 INCLUSIVE

NAME

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

With three Coupons and 10 cents each part.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITIONS.

To THE EDITOR :- Mr. Wm. Wilson in a long letter to the Times on Thursday last deals with the respective financial conditions of the United States and Canada, and in the extension of the Vancouver Island endeavors to make out that this country is in a very bad state. The desirability of decrying the country by such methods is at least questionable: the avowed object sought to be obtained is to damage our Ottawa representatives, to whom Mr. Wilson is politically opposed. However, it would appear that when forced into an indafensible position by his action, arising and is therefore closed to colonization decreased by make a good reason why the endorsation of the board should the more readily be given Mr. A. L. Belyea, in explanation of the point raised by Mr. Wilson, pointed out that the E. & N. railway company was not in the same position as a company formed simply by provincial legislation, and while the Dominion authorities had made it a rule to withhold aid from railways not incorporendeavors to make out that this country is line. He had heard it said by some that

The question was: "Should the Board of Trade pass a certain resolution in connection a great transcontinental line of railway. with the British Pacific railway, in opposimoters of that enterprise? The board practically unanimously said No! and Mr. Wilson withdrew his resolution. the Mr. Wilson has been pleased, when referring time in proceeding with construction work to my last letter, to state: "My vanity was Mr. Wilson has been pleased, when referring to my last letter, to state: "My vanity was not increased by Onlooker's letter, which increased by Onlooker's letter, which work personal than complimentary." The remarks made by me were merely a recital of the facts, together with reasonable logical deductions given therefrom. I undertook to prove, and think I succeeded in proving, that in animadverting upon the quent inauguration of this important development of Trade he showed bad taste, and opment work? A telegram, he might say, that certain arguments advanced by him

An imaginative friend whom I have consulted says that perhaps Mr. Wilson construes as personal my remark that he pocketed his resolution when withdrawing the most penitent sinner," and my friend | would withhold their support. The says (but I think he is joking) that Mr. Wilnothing of the kind, and am glad to make the explanation. In the present lengthy discussion personalities have been happily refrained from, and it is hoped this course

In the Colonist of this date I observe your editorial "Unjust or Insincere," and therefore, in moving, seconded by Mr. Wilnote that you prove that those who have liam Wilson, that blamed Messrs. Earle and Prior for their attitude on Mr. Wilson's resolution are entitled to one or both of these strictures. Inasmuch as Mr. Wilson is the chief exponent of the parties who would attack Messrs. Earle and Prior in this matter, you might

to Mr. Wilson, he is laughing at the Times and its readers. He has overlooked the lution that is now placed before you." trifling amount of \$1,500,000,000 of railway debentures in receivers' hands. Add to that by the Chair, the capital and debentures of companies, of the English national debt.

The recent exhibition of fine art at White-

Fear nothing so much as sin and your moral heroism is complete.—C. Simmons.

#### RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Members of the Board of Trade Unanimously Endorse Mr. Ker's Resolution.

The Extension of the E. & N. and What It Means to Victoria.

A specially convened and largely attended meeting of the British Columbia Board of Trade, yesterday afternoon endorsed unaniremembered, was introduced at last Fri. Mr. A. J. McLenan warmly supported Mr. Ker's remarks, holding that the E. & N. day's adjourned quarterly meeting, when its company should receive the grant that they consideration was deferred in order that a were now seeking, as well as the C. P. P. R by the presence of a gratifyingly large number of the members, and a full expression of ments:—

Mere than one fortnight and not more than

the board by its endorsation was asked to assist. President A. C. Flumerfelt was in the chair, and there were also in attendance Vice-President C. E. Renouf, Secretary F. Elworthy, and Messrs. Joseph Loewen, Louis Erb, Simon Leiser, T. S. Futcher, E. E. Wootton, H. Cuthbert, Jacob Sehl, A. J. McLellan, T. B. Hall, A. L. Belyea, William Munsie, Richard Hall, C. N. Gowen, Gustav Leiser, E. B. Marvin, H. E. Connon, Joshua Davies, John Nicholles, Hedley Chapman, Henry Saunders, J. H. Todd, W. Walker, J. Hutcheson, H. F. Heisterman, T. Lubbe, T. J. Burnes, D. R. Ker, W. J. Pendray, Robert Ward, W. H. Ellis, Henry Croft, A. St. G. Flint, Charles Hayward, William Wilson, C. D. Mason, W. E. Losee, J. B. Gordon, R. T. Wil-

liams, J. Crawford and N. D. Macaulay. Introducing the special business of the day, President Flumerfelt explained briefly the steps that had already been taken therein and called upon Mr. D. R. Ker, in whose name the resolution stood. Mr. Ker entered at once upon his subject. All the members of the board were, he believed, aware of the contents and scope of the resolution. There might, however, be some who did not understand why it had been brought for-

ward at such short notice. To these he would explain that it was only on the Friday morning that he had seen Mr. Dunsmuir and asked him if he had any objection to the resolution being moved. Mr. Dunsmuir had replied in the negative and he had therefore brought forward the subject immediately, as the necessity of prompt action was apparent. He hoped and was convinced that all members of the board were agreed upon the great importance of the ubject. The application for the subsidy of \$3.200 per mile had been sent to the Dominion government on the 22nd instant, and o it was likely that it had now reached Ottawa. This was nothing more than the customary grant that had been given by the government to the C.P.R. to assist construction through their own as well as pub-

The work of surveying and all other preliminaries had already been completed by

highly desirable that the board, formed to promote the business and general prosperity of the province, should do all in its power toward securing the subsidy and the consethat in animadverting upon the quent inauguration of this important develhad just been received from one of the city's representatives now at Ottawa, stating that

the endorsement of the board would the greatest assistance to them. He (Mr. Ker) felt confident that the board would take pleasure in thus strengthening the it at the Board of Trade "with an air of hands of Victoria's members, nor did he suphumility that would have been becoming in pose that the other boards of the province cation was certainly more deserving of favorson might possibly think that I mean to say able consideration than if it had come from that he is a penitent sinner. I mean the promoters of a new line, for the owners of the E. & N. had practically demonstrated their confidence in Vancouver Island, and by the constant improvement of their line from Victoria to Wellington had shown that they intend it ultimately to be something more than a local road. He had pleasure,

"Whereas the Esquimalt & Nanaimo R.R.C.
are prepared to at once proceed with the construction of an extension of the E. & N. railway from Wellington to Comox, provided the usual Dominion subsidy of \$3.200 per mile is granted in sid thereof; And whereas the extension of such railway would largely aid in the development of the natural wealth of British Columbia, and in the settlement of week the substitute of the substitute "Unjust or Insincere. Onlooker, Victoria, April 27.

WILLIAM WILSON'S CALCULATIONS.

To the Editor:—You may have seen a correspondence in the Times respecting the proportion of failures in the United States and Canada, where our friend Mr. Wilson the failures have hear with the control of the population of the population the failures have hear with the control of the population of the population of the population the failures have hear with the control of the natural wealth of British Columbia, and in the settlement of vacant lands, and would be in the general interest of the Dominion; bett resolved that this board earnestly pressure of aiding the immediate construction of said railway by granting the said subsidy of \$3,200 per mile. And be it also Resolved, that our representatives, Messre. Earle and Prior, be requested to secure the grant of such aid from the Dominion government during the present session."

this subject has not been brought before the

mostly reaching the Pacific Coast, which are proper time to ascertain the intentions of the Alaska Commercial Company, to ply on he company in regard to freight charges. the Yukon river. They will be put together The recent exhibition of fine art at Whitechapel, in the slums of London, was attended during its three weeks term by over
72,000 people. On this basis, taking into
the aid of public funds. Before endorsing the aid in this case he thought the
the river this year, but next year they will be run regularly. They will go 2,000 miles amendment would be a perpetuation of the separate school question in Manitoba. Mr.
Chauceau, Mr. Cauchon, and others took kirk, one object of their long run being to
the same line, and it proves to my consideration the comparative culture of the two localities, how many people ought to attend the spring exhibition at San Francisch attended to pursue in

mow what assistance the E. & N. company had already received, and what rights and powers had been given them under their original charter—also what they were now asking. Perhaps Mr. Ker would give the

Mr. Ker expressed surprise that any member of the board should be uninformed on the very much discussed subject of the E. & N. railway. Every point in connection with the building of this road had been threshed out by the public years ago, and it would therefore be unnecessary for him to go into the subject or to say more upon it than that the company has satisfactorily completed its entire undertaking under the completed its entire undertaking under the contract. Nor was it now asking anything the Senate on the 22nd instant was the most I do not think it at all necessary to do so. Trade, yesterday afternoon endorsed unanimore from the province. The power to extend the resolution offered by Mr. D. R. mously the resolution offered by Mr. D. R. tend the line had been given years ago, the Premier not having hesitated to declare Ker, arging the Deminion government to though this extension was not by any means aid the extension of the E. & N. railway to Comox by granting the usual subsidy of \$3,200 per mile. This resolution, is will be they receive it they will extend at once.

Mr. A. J. McLellan warmly supported Mr. A. J. McLellan warmly supported

larger attendance might be had. The wis- or any other road. He referred briefdom of this course was yesterday evidenced ly to the general benefit to the the Nanaimo board—would support this resolution, expressing the opinion that the promoters of the line to Comox were fully entitled to the usual subsidy of the Dominion government Mr. William Wilson also heartily sup

ported the resolution. The Mainland, he said, had had three similar grants lately and when the fact was taken into considera tion that half the exports of the province are from Vancouver Island, it certainly looked as though the residents of this par of the country had been backward in asking for their rights. Giving attention to the amount of Vancouver Island's contribution annually to the federal revenue, the members of the board should be a unit in de manding this subsidy from the Dominion government-and in obtaining it this year. On one point he would like information Perhaps some legal gentleman present could say whether or not it would be necessary for the railway company to obtain special legislation at Ottawa before receiving the Dominion subsidy. He said that Mr. McPhillips had taken this stand in connection with the British Pacific, so he presumed it might apply also to the E.

unanimous vote of the members of the board now present. Mr. Robert Ward pointed out that the E & N. Co. already possessed the power under their charter to extend to Comox, and held that the Dominion government had therefore but to pass an order in council' agreeing to the desired vote. No anxiety need be felt on that score. It would certainly greatly increase confidence in this portion of the country to have the work go Mr. Blake, when he moved the resolution of the new line would be of incalculable benefit in causing the circulation of money sire to embarrass the Government of rich and valuable section of country. Replying to Mr. Walker, if the desired assistance were obtained and the E. & N. line extended to Comox, he thought there would be no fear of differential rates being made. He certainly commended the modesty of the promoters of the new road in not seeking

& N. But, however this might be, the resolution should certainly be adopted by

from his resolution at the Board of Trade (which being thoroughly antagonistic to the views of its members he withdrew), he now road, to open up an exceedingly valuable tract of country: it was, too, essentially de. from his resolution at the Board of Trade velopment until opened up by railway en. to withhold aid from railways not incorporwould sidetrack the discussion into a laby-rinth of statistics immaterial to the main serving of support, as its construction would being incorporated as much under Dominion as under Provincial authority, Victorians hoped to see ultimately become and consequently no further legislation would be necessary to enable the company to obtain the subsidy. The true interests of Victoria lying in the development of the northern portion of Vancouver Island, this extension of the E. & N. should receive the hearty support of Victorians as materially

assisting in that development. The discussion here terminating, the resolution passed unanimously and with applause, and on motion of Mr. Robert Ward and Mr. Simon Leiser it was ordered to be telegraphed to the Minister of Railways and also to Victoria's representatives in the House of Commens.

At the same time the sister boards of trade of the province will be asked to endorse the spirit of the resolution.

AN IMPORTANT TRANSFER. William L. Gerstle, one of the directors of the Alaska Commercial Company, is visit-ing Victoria on business which he believes will be of importance to the city. He is staying at the Driard, but will return in few days to San Francisco, expecting to visit Victoria again about the middle of May. In future, Mr. Gerstle says, his company will purchase in Victoria the supplies for those of their stores on the Yukon river which are in British Columbia. This trade, which amounts to about \$100,000 a year, has up till now been given to San Francisco but the enforcement of British laws heretofore dormant in the far North makes the change advantageous to the company. There is really no British customs house on the Yukon river but the duty on foreign goods passing into Canadian territory will be collected, it is understood, by the mounted police to be sent North by the Ottawa government. Mr. Gerstle, though just arrived from San Francisco, has only recently come down from Alaska, the Yukon in particular, where he says people are flocking in great numbers. Of the new consider that the mining prospects for many peeple will be at all bright. They are the wrong class of people to be prosperous, they being mechanics of every imaginable trade not accustomed to hardthe failures have been more heavy in Canada than in the States. I do not see why the Times should be so anxious to foul its ently proper subject for the board to interest Gerstle expects that there will be considerown nest by decrying its own country, especially when the facts are against it. As Dunsmuir his assurance that he would have support as it has been accustomed to give. Discussion of the resolution being invited by the Chair,

San Francisco two good sized steamers are

Mr. Wm. Walker thought the present the now building—the Beaver and Alice—for

owning company intended to pursue in regard to the marketing of the coal reached by the extended line.

Mr. T. S. Futcher sought further information of another kind. He was anxious to the coal reached into the coal reached line.

Mr. T. S. Futcher sought further information of another kind. He was anxious to the coal reached line.

Mr. T. S. Futcher sought further information of another kind. He was anxious to the coal reached the odor, and no man can tell what becomes of the theorem introduced admitting Manitoba into the Confederation, it was believed at that time that we were granting the same rights and privileges to of the Dominion to undertake to deal with a question which affects solely any one section of the country. If the people of Manitoba into the country is the country of the country. If the people of Manitoba into the country is the country in the country is the country is the country in the country is the country in the country is the c The blossom cannot tell what becomes

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell's Speech in the Senate on the Issues in Manitoba.

He Expects the Province to Live Up to Its Constitutional Obligations.

the Premier not having hesitated to declare

the tone, although very mildly uttered, in in support of the contention of the province Box 30 which the hon. gentleman (Mr. Scott) alluded in regard to the Jesuits' estates act. I be- 28 Yates street; owner, G. Ordano; occu. Mr. Ker's remarks, holding that the E. & N. company should receive the grant that they were now seeking, as well as the C. P. P. R. or any other road. He referred briefly to the general benefit to the province that the extension of the line to Comox would produce, and hoped that every in this house, he would not have given utterance to the sentiments which pervaded his whole speech. The five years which have rolled around since this question came before seeking to condemn the government for not disalleging the legislation of the province in the sentiments which pervaded his whole speech. The five years which have consequently refused to support the motion Smith; occupant, R. H. Horne. Loss on building, \$200; contents, \$50; loss on addisalleging the legislation of the province in rolled around since this question came before the public had been occupied in going through disallowing the legislation of the province in joining building, \$29; insurance on two the public had been occupied in going through the courts from one appeal to another, and when he tells us that there should have been no difference of opinion as to the powers and authority of the Province of Manitoba, he forgets, or if he did not forget he school case was referred to the Supremental province in that regard, and I hold that the same principle must be applied to the whole of the legislation and administration of the country. Under the very principles embodied in this company to the supremental province in that regard, and I hold that the same principle must be applied to the whole of the legislation and administration of the country. Under the very principles embodied in this coupling to the supremental province in that regard, and I hold that the same principle must be applied to the whole of the legislation and administration of the country. Under the very principles embodied in this coupling to the supremental province on two buildings, \$29; insurance on two buildings, \$400; total loss, \$279. Cause of fire, overturning lamp. R. H. Horne, the occupant, lost his life in the building.

April 14—5:40 p.m., box 42, fire on roof of one-story residence, corner Quadra and school case was referred to the Supremental province in that regard, and I hold that the same principle must be applied to the whole of the legislation of the country. failed to give expression to the fact, that these differences of opinion existed in the Court of Canada. That court decided that these differences of opinion existed in the court of Canada. That court decided that the court decided the court decide highest courts of the land; and he should the school act of the province was ultra vires. surance. highest courts of the land; and he should also have told us that when this question was first looming up his great leader, the Hon. Edward Blake, in the House of Commons, introduced a resolution to remove the mons, introduced a resolution to remove the control of the province was uitra vires. The hon, the leader of the opposition says that everybody knew that, or that if they did not know it they did not know it they did not understand the matter of the control of the province was uitra vires. April 17—Telephone alarm, fire at one.

April 17—Telephone alarm, fire at one defective chimney; cwner, C. F. Dillon; cocupant, G. W. Dillon; loss on building. question altogether from the political arena part, there was a considerable diversity of \$1,200; insurance, \$800; loss on contents. and take it out of the power of anyone to opinion on the point, and we find that \$500; no insurance. Total less, \$1,500. declare that interference with the rights when the case came before the Lords of the April 21—Box 31, incendiary fire at one. of the minority in any province should be dealt with by the administration. His resolution, so clear and distinct in its character. was accepted by the different leaders of the opposition, and Sir John Macdonald and all parties be-lieved that this question of sentiment lation or interference. That again went to would have been removed from the political the courts in Canada, and our Supreme court decided that the minority had no arena altogether and left to the courts to decide. He is not in accord either with the sentiments expressed so often by the hon. leader of the opposition in the lower house. Perial Privy Council, who declared that only the chimney afire and there was no Scarcely a speech has that hon gentleman made in which he has not affirmed strongly his belief in what are termed provincial rights. He says, and I fully concur with him in the sentiment, that it is with the greatest reluctance, and not only with reluctance, but with great regret, that a gov-ernment should interfere with any of the rights and privileges given to a province act had infringed upon the special privil eges conceded to the minority by the pro vincial legislature in 1871, and that there to which I refer, had the one object fore the minority had a constitutional right of appeal to the privy council of Canada during the road building and in opening up a rich and valuable section of country Ranks. Sire to embarrass the Government of the government lost not a day in summonth the day, but, seeing the difficulties ing the parties interested on either side to which were arising in Manitoba upon this appear before the committee of the privy very school question, he attempted, as a council of Canada, there to argue the quesvery school question, he attempted, as a tion in its various aspects pro and con. It of nolitics. This was in 1890, the very year was not a week afterwards before the that this act was passed. Mr. Blake saw remedial order was issued, asking the legisthe difficulties arising, saw the political animosity that would be engendered by the discussion of a question of this kind—for no matter what our religious views may be, whether we are Roman Catholics or Protestants, the moment you touch a question and throughout the country, it was stated in affecting a man's conscience, you rouse the the debate on the address in the oth very worst passion in his nature, though it is a question of religion. Desiring to re. move that vexed question from the that the government had issued a dictatorial political arena, to take from the Ad. order to the province of Manitoba. opinions of those who are in opposition to ministration the power to deal with it, he

moved a resolution to that effect.

Mr. Scott—I spoke for myself. I think Mr. Blake would admit now, in the light of subsequent events, that he made a mistake of those who are supporting the governwhen he proposed that resolution. I think ment. the experience of the last five years would Sir Mackenzie Bowell-My remark onvince anyone that it was a mistake.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—I shall not vouch for the stability of Mr. Blake's opinion any more than I would for that of the hon. gen
Sir Mackenzie Bowell—My remark applied to those who belong to the party led by the hon. gentleman opposite. In Autigonish we were condemned for not going far tleman. We are all apt to change to a enough. We were assailed greater or less extent. It is only a question cheres on the ground that we had done nothof time as to how it may affect us. Now, ing to relieve the minority. On the other that is precisely the course that was followed by the administration on this question. tleman intimately associated with the Lib-I might quote from Mr. Blake's remarks, eral party, speaking in the constituency of in which he proved beyond a doubt what his intentions were, and his great what his intentions were, and his great desire to prevent the introduction of those desire to prevent the introduction of those where you turn, no matter to what section where you turn, no matter to what section where you turn, no matter to what section their being dealt with by the executive for the time being. My hon friend says that in 1871, when the separate school act was to do is to ascertain the views which are enacted by the Province of Manitoba, they held by the majority in that particular then understood what they were doing. I section, and you will learn that these quite agree with the hon. gentleman, and it are the views which are being taken dute agree with the non gentleman, and it is a matter of satisfaction to me to knew up by the members of the opposition that the Conservative party in 1871 were in power in Manitoba, and that they were of the party—which is leading them on (as lesirous of maintaining intact the obliga- my hon. friend opposite hopes) to victory, tions into which they had en ered when that when we shall be cast into the cold shades province came into the confederation; and opposition, and he shall be triumphantly it may also be a satisfaction to the hon, genseated on this side of the house, directing tleman to know that it was his party that the affairs of the country in the course ir was in power in 1890, when they violated their agreement into which they had enter. ed when Manitoba became a province of the the members of the Conservative govern confederation. So it has been from the be- ment are, how terribly wicked they have ginning with that party. If the minority been in even suggesting to the people of in any province expects to have its rights Manitoba that they should do justice to the minority. Talk of unity—the Liberal party is an admirable specimen of unity, I must say. preserved, whether that minority be Roman Catholic or Protestant, it will have to look to the Conservative body, which has controlled Canada since Confederation, with Mr. Scott-The organ you mention is no the exception of five years. Minorities will have to look to the Conservative party to maintain those rights. Although I am not maintain those rights. Although I am not

the government on this question are as di-

versified as the colors of the chameleon.

an advocate of nor am I in favor per se of sistent in his opinions and who desires t separate schools, yet I hold that the word of see this country governed properly will always repudiate that organ, but it is althe sovereign when pledged, no matter if it are flocking in great numbers. Of the new is in accord with my particular sentiments or discoveries on the Yukon Mr. Gerstle not, should be held inviolate in the govern-tion come from an hone gentleman repeats most favorably but he does not ing of the country. The hone gentleman repeats to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ, but it is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ is always a pleasure to me to hear that repudiate that organ is always appears. tion come from an hon. gentleman of the party to which it ostensibly belongs, seeing ferred to the debate which took place that they will look to it for inspiration whe in 1871, and he stated quite correctly the the proper time comes. I am aware that it opinions then held by the then members of has been claimed that a certain hon. gentlethe House of Commons. I remember the discussion very well, and I took the same servative party, and who has been active in position then that I take to-day, and the same position that I maintained in 1863, when I was defeated in my own county. I stated to my constituents that if the question to the appeal, still is a member of our party. All I can say is that we will stated to my constituents that if the question may be should establish repart. tion was whether we should establish separ- very strange if the proper course to ate schools in this country or not I should vote against them, but, the separate schools a political party is to adopt the opinhaving been established, I would not be a lons—(I was going to say fads, but that might be unparliamentary and consequently that they had acquired under the constitution I will not use the word)—to adopt all the that they had acquired under the consultu-tion which governed them. I expected that the hon. gentleman would do as Mr. Mo-Carthy did when he argued the question be-titles a man to be a member of a party I can the company in regard to treight charges. He had been informed that there was at present discrimination in rates to the disadvantage of many in Victoria who desired advantage of many in Victoria who desired will only be able to make the round trip on the Privy Council, point out how I had voted on that question. I remember that debate. Mr. Macdougall stated disadvantage of the act with that debate, with the mover and the seconder of the address, that the people of Manitoba may see advantage of many in victoria who desired to get coal down from the mines. While the river this year, but next year they will those might be all right for a private road it be run regularly. They will go 2,000 miles amendment would be a perpetuation of the their way clear to settle this question the same line, and it proves to my which will devolve upon them otherwise. It

the Roman Catholics of Manitoba that had they desire to continue flinging firebrands been granted to the minority in Quebec and among the electorate of this country (who I to the minority in Ontario in relation to am sure are desirous of living in peace and schools. It was for that reason, believing harmony) they will reject all overtures and that we were conceding to that province what they did not then have, that I recordact upon the suggestions of those who are what they did not then have, that I record-ed my vote as I then did, and I trust the day will never arrive when the party with government, the people of Canada will find that the present administration are quite prepared to assume the responsibility which their wishes at that particular time should may fall upon not forget that this country has to be govenults may be. may fall upon them, no matter what the reerned by the majority and in the interests

#### APRIL FIRES.

of the whole, and not in the interests of the

course in reference to the Manitoba

Chief Deasy's record of fires for the month shows that there have been seven fires in April with a loss of \$4,624. The following

himself in unmistakable terms. The following report is taken from the Mail-Empire:

Sir Mackenzie Bowell:—I sincerely regret Sir Mackenzie Bowell:—I sincerely r

when the case came before the Lords of the Privy Council in England they decided that the school act was intra vires, that the legislature of Manitoba had a perfect right to legislate as they had done. Then arose joining building damaged to the extent of the right to appeal to the

the question of the right to appeal to the Privy Council of Canada for remedial legis April 30—Box 14, chimney fire April 30-Box 14, chimney fire; no loss, Fires during month, 7; loss, \$4,624

The fire department were called out yes. right to appeal. Then the matter was laid terday morning to 60 Johnson street, a before the judicial committee of the Im- small fruit store kept by John Silva. It was while the act which had been passed by the damage. Silva was summoned for neglect. legislature of Manitoba in 1890 was within ing to have the chimney cleaned. This was he powers of that legislature, the people of not all his misfortunes, for Assistant Chief Manitoba belonging to the Roman Conlin, while going over the premises, discovered a number of boxes of apples and by law or practice in respect to separate schools at the time of the admission of Mantherefore, in his capacity of sanitary in itoba into the confederation in 1870, that spector, confiscated them.

#### THUNDER HILL CASE.

Mr. Justice Drake yesterday delivered judgment in the Thunder Hill Mining Company, Limited, case, in favor of the company and against the holders of stock. The judgment, which is an exhaustive review of the case and of the law bearing upon it, recites the circumstances under which the company was formed and the original stock of \$50,000 was issued. Subsequently it was decided of the resolution at the office of the regisrar of joint at her house firmation of the resolution at a subsequent extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the company called for that purpose. It was claimed by counsel for the shareholders that The the non-compliance with these formalities rendered the stock issue invalid, as without them it was ultra vires for the directors to Mr. Power—As diversified as the opinions His Lordship held that in view of the fact increase the capital stock. On this point that the shareholders in the original company had accepted the new issue of stock in lieu of their old stock, they must be taken of the stock was remedied by lapse of time and acquiescence. His Lordship accordingly ordered the names of the shareholders to remain upon the list of contributories. Hon, A. N. Richards, Q.C., and Mr. C. Dubois Mason for the liquidator; Messes. Chas. Wilson, Q.C., E V. Bodwell, A. L. Belyea, shareholders. As the amount involved is

#### A SONNET.

(Written by W, Edgar Buck from a convalence chamber window.) Foliage springing forth green grown On the gnarled oaks' stems, grey-bro Fluttering birdlings all day long Fluttering birdlings all day long Hearts' love pouring forth in song; Birds with humming in the wing Ides of summer gladly bring; Children playing, free from wiles, Glad'ning older hearts, with smiles.

Far away in life's long year Faded memories oft appear; Voices lost in death's dark night Faces dimmed from out our sight; Faces dimmed from out our sight; Loved ones scattered far and wide Fighting bravely 'gainst the tide. Onward! Press thy feet again— Win the battle! Yield! And then?

Children still 'mid daisies playing; Erstwhile, through the woodlands straying; Flow'rets, leaflets, still are growing; Woodland streamlets, still are flowing; Manly heart gives forth love's token To the blushing maid, outspoken— Type of the eternal joy True hearts reap, without alloy. Oak Lodge, April 24.

#### SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Another Siwash sealer, the Labrador, arrived in port on Monday with but fifty one ekins, her total coast catch. She was one of the San Juan wind-bound fleet and consequently brings no news. Some half dozen Indian canoes also came in from the West Coast yesterday, each with a small number of sealsking.

ON THE EAST COAST ROUTE. It is probable the C.P.N. steamer Rainow, which has been idle for some months, will soon be running regularly. A route among the islands on the East coast is what in view for her. She will, however, undergo some minor repairs before again entering service.

We should quietly hear both sides .-Goethe. He scatters enjoyment who enjoys much. Lavater.

Life has no blessing like a prudent friend. -Euripides. Love looks not with the eyes, but with he mind.—Shakespeare.

Present fears are less than horrible imagnings. -Shakespeare. He who has health has hope, and he who has hope has everything.—Arabian.

mind, and it must prove to every reader is a very serious matter for the government of that debate, this important fact: of the Dominion to undertake to deal with a

France

Irish L

LONDO

ard from

festation

intervent

had a sal been giv was alwa and expo In his of the C announce made for and Cana of comme Mr. H said Cana home gov added not Since its orities ha monia in affording opinion into the r Dr. Kai ment of the an operati of Ely, killed whi at New R threatene The Ger toms tarif a paragra power to i sals for but provid goods on t

force on Ju A Consta States Min ed from the for the gove the mission Louis, who bicycle ass of Frank L have been Britain to will be in light than constructe tems have streets and and a hig tricts. A receivi issued agai During t nons on t

being made

mentary el the Radica

ing that he

bating a we lady in the

thereby cal

cent. ad v

duties on

200 to 300

immediate carried out. ing with R that a peac dispute, ari the terms China and Le Gaule are about t adding Jap torial cond is agreeable says that I to one year of the profi cil of Love. A special an must gi May 7. Th rible. Not States was k the authori President C the Enror fruits of vi were careful tentions. manifested the treaty o

birthday. LONDON. the Times Thursday th sensible mar refused to e of his peopl that would ing the stru that China Times adds peace are measurable Nicaragua. shown him If President our ships wi

A dispat

marck has richten, be

cordial and

of goodwill

Waters.
A dispate says that G with leading ten steam war. Amo In a lea Sultan of T