

**CIHM
Microfiche
Series
(Monographs)**

**ICMH
Collection de
microfiches
(monographies)**



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques

© 1996

Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming are checked below.

- Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur
- Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée
- Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
- Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque
- Coloured maps / Cartes géographiques en couleur
- Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
- Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
- Bound with other material / Relié avec d'autres documents
- Only edition available / Seule édition disponible
- Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.
- Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming / Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.
- Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires:

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

- Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
- Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
- Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
- Pages discoloured, stained or foxed / Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
- Pages detached / Pages détachées
- Showthrough / Transparence
- Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
- Includes supplementary material / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
- Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image / Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à obtenir la meilleure image possible.
- Opposing pages with varying colouration or discolourations are filmed twice to ensure the best possible image / Les pages s'opposant ayant des colorations variables ou des décolorations sont filmées deux fois afin d'obtenir la meilleure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below /
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.

10x																				
																		✓		
	12x		16x		20x		24x		28x		32x									

The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

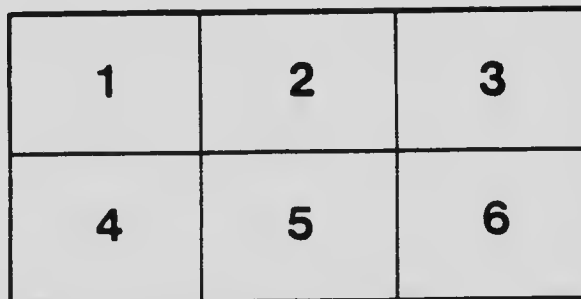
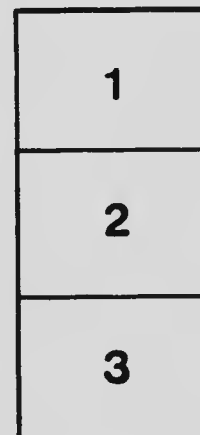
University of Calgary

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shell contain the symbol \rightarrow (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol ∇ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:



L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

University of Calgary

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

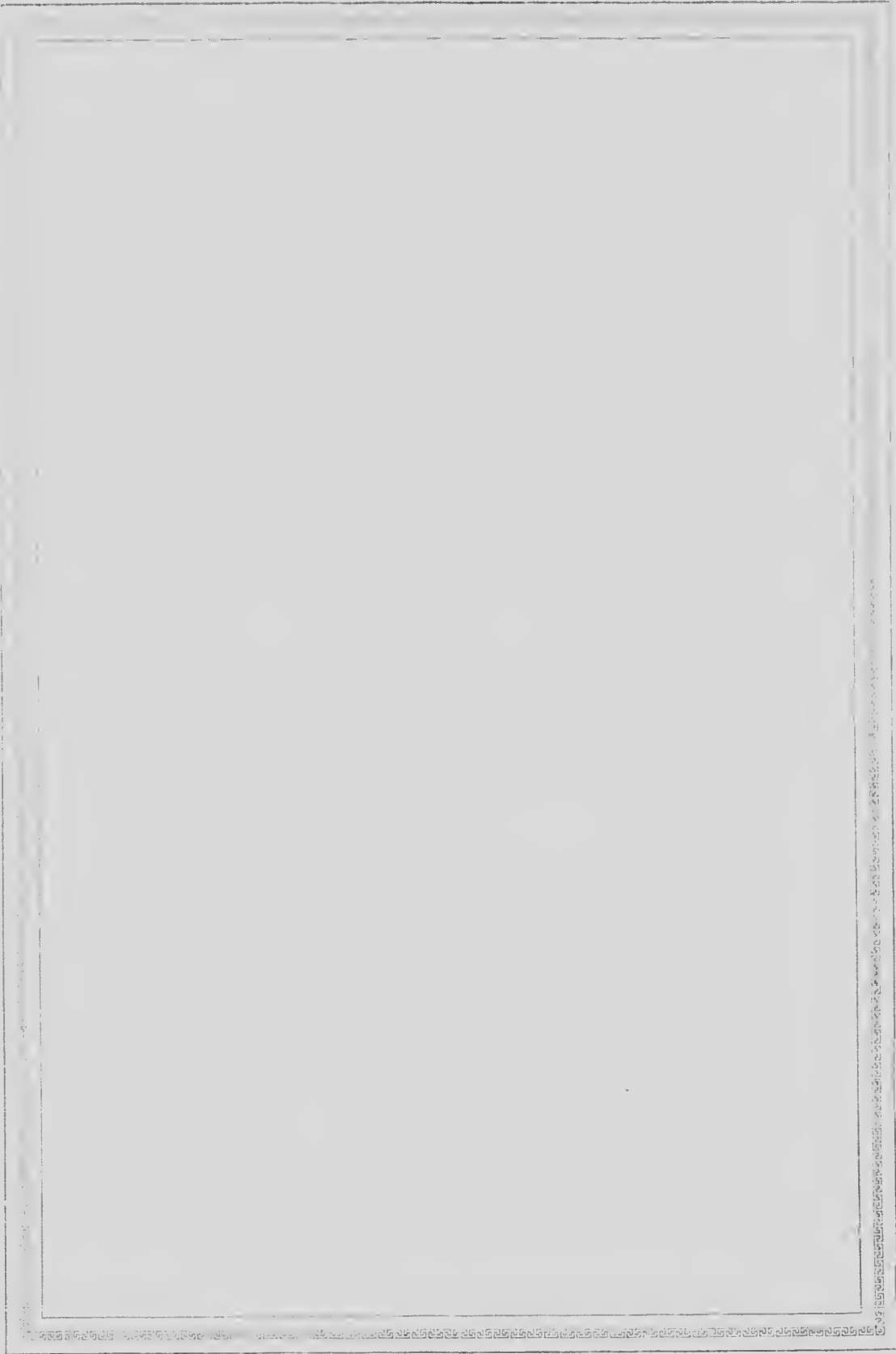
Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier feuillet et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second feuillet, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

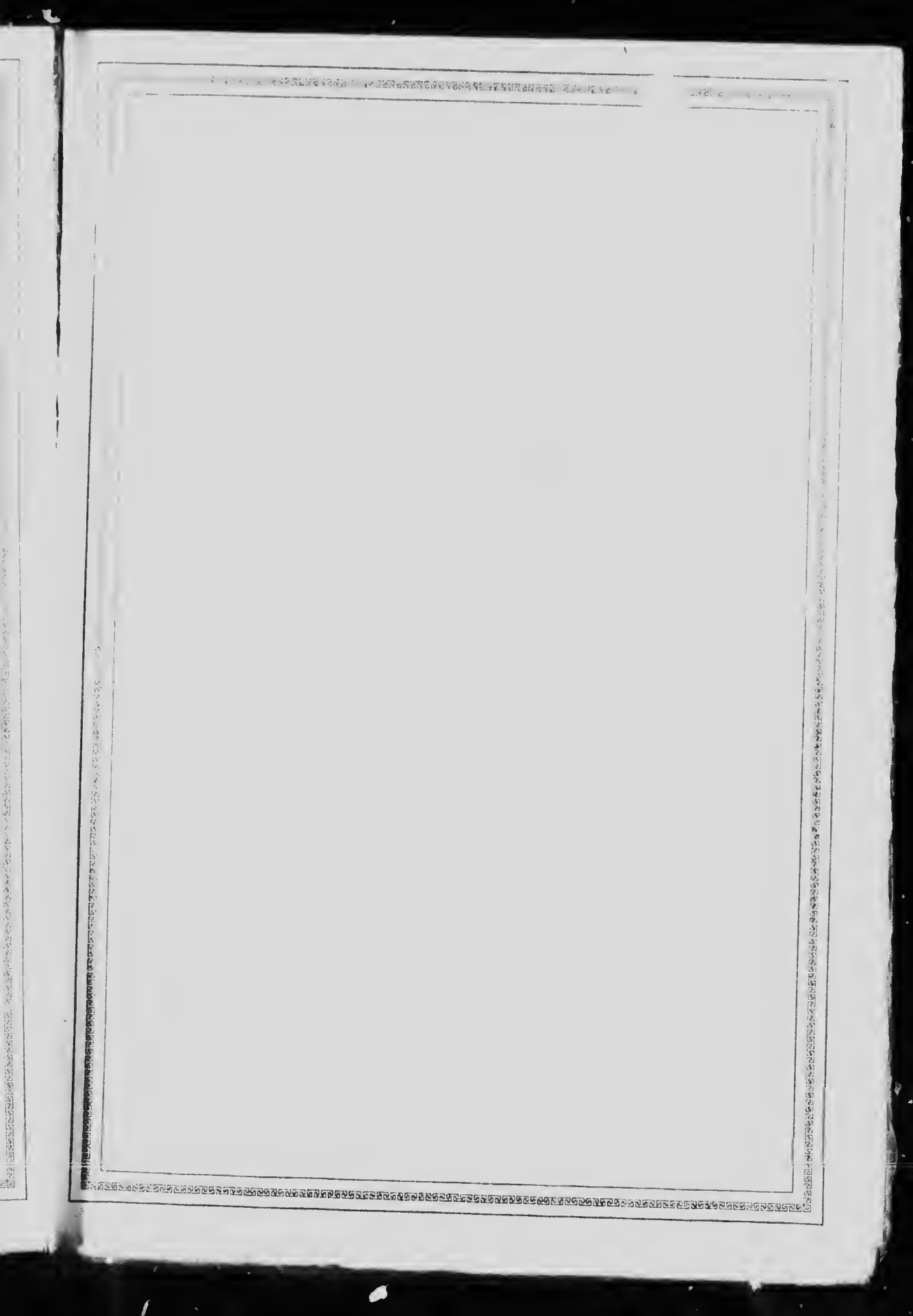
Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole \rightarrow signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ∇ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.

SAPPHO

SEVEN HUNDRED TYRONS
BY BLISS CARMAN







SAPPHO. One Hundred Lyrics



SAPPHO

ONE HUNDRED
LYRICS

By

Bliss Carman

With an Introduction by

CHARLES G. D. ROBERTS

Boston

L. C. Page and Company

MDCCCIII

Copyright, 1903, by
L. C. Page & Company (Inc.)

*OF this edition, two hundred copies were printed,
from type afterwards distributed, by the De
Vine Press on English hand-made paper in Oc-
tober, MDCCCIII.*

No.

THE POETRY OF SAPPHO

BY CHARLES G. D. ROBERTS

IF all the poets and all the lovers of poetry should be asked to name the most precious of the priceless things which time has wrung in tribute from the triumphs of human genius, the answer which would rush to every tongue would be "The Lost Poems of Sappho." These we know to have been jewels of a radiance so imperishable that the broken gleams of them still dazzle men's eyes, whether shining from the two small brilliants and the handful of star-dust which alone remain to us, or reflected merely from the adoration of those poets of old time who were so fortunate as to witness their full glory.

For about two thousand five hundred years Sappho has held her place as not only the supreme poet of her sex, but the chief lyrist of all lyrists. Every one who reads acknowledges her fame, concedes her supremacy; but to all except poets and Hellenists

I N T R O D U C T I O N

her name is a vague and uncomprehended splendour, rising secure above a persistent mist of misconception. In spite of all that is in these days being written about Sappho, it is perhaps not out of place now to inquire, in a few words, into the substance of this supremacy which towers so unassailably secure from what appear to be such shadowy foundations.

First, we have the witness of her contemporaries. Sappho was at the height of her career about six centuries before Christ, at a period when lyric poetry was peculiarly esteemed and cultivated at the centres of Greek life. Among the Æolic peoples of the Isles, in particular, it had been carried to a high pitch of perfection, and its forms had become the subject of assiduous study. Its technique was exact, complex, extremely elaborate, minutely regulated; yet the essential fires of sincerity, spontaneity, imagination, and passion were flaming with undiminished heat behind the fixed forms and restricted measures. The very metropolis of this lyric realm was Mitylene of Lesbos, where, amid the myrtle groves and temples, the sunlit silver of the fountains, the hyacinth gardens by a soft blue sea, Beauty and Love in their young

I N T R O D U C T I O N

warmth could fuse the most rigid forms to fluency. Here Sappho was the acknowledged queen of song—revered, studied, imitated, served, adored by a little court of attendants and disciples, loved and hymned by Alcæus, and acclaimed by her fellowcraftsmen throughout Greece as the wonder of her age. That all the tributes of her contemporaries show reverence not less for her personality than for her genius is sufficient answer to the calumnies with which the ribald jesters of that later period, the corrupt and shameless writers of Athenian comedy, strove to defile her fame. It is sufficient, also, to warrant our regarding the picturesque but scarcely dignified story of her vain pursuit of Phaon and her frenzied leap from the Cliff of Leucas as nothing more than a poetic myth, reminiscent, perhaps, of the myth of Aphrodite and Adonis—who is, indeed, called Phaon in some versions. The story is further discredited by the fact that we find no mention of it in Greek literature—even among those Attic comedians who would have clutched at it so eagerly and given it so gross a turn—till a date more than two hundred years after Sappho's death. It is a myth which

I N T R O D U C T I O N

has begotten some exquisite literature, both in prose and verse, from Ovid's famous epistle to Addison's gracious fantasy and some impassioned and imperishable dithyrambs of Mr. Swinburne; but one need not accept the story as fact in order to appreciate the beauties which flowered out from its coloured unreality.

The applause of contemporaries, however, is not always justified by the verdict of after-times, and does not always secure an immortality of renown. The fame of Sappho has a more stable basis. Her work was in the world's possession for not far short of a thousand years — a thousand years of changing tastes, searching criticism, and familiar use. It had to endure the wear and tear of quotation, the commonizing touch of the school and the market-place. And under this test its glory grew ever more and more conspicuous. Through those thousand years poets and critics vied with one another in proclaiming her verse the one unmatched exemplar of lyric art. Such testimony, even though not a single fragment remained to us from which to judge her poetry for ourselves, might well convince us that the supremacy acknowledged by those who knew all the triumphs

I N T R O D U C T I O N

of the genius of old Greece was beyond the assault of any modern rival. We might safely accept the sustained judgment of a thousand years of Greece.

Fortunately for us, however, two small but incomparable odes and a few scintillating fragments have survived, quoted and handed down in the eulogies of critics and expositors. In these the wisest minds, the greatest poets, and the most inspired teachers of modern days have found justification for the unanimous verdict of antiquity. The tributes of Addison, Tennyson, and others, the throbbing paraphrases and ecstatic interpretations of Swinburne, are too well known to call for special comment in this brief note; but the concise summing up of her genius by Mr. Watts-Dunton in his remarkable essay on poetry is so convincing and illuminating that it seems to demand quotation here: "Never before these songs were sung, and never since, did the human soul, in the grip of a fiery passion, utter a cry like hers; and, from the executive point of view, in directness, in lucidity, in that high, imperious verbal economy which only nature can teach the artist, she has no equal, and none worthy to take the place of second."

I N T R O D U C T I O N

The poems of Sappho so mysteriously lost to us seem to have consisted of at least nine books of odes, together with epithalamia, epigrams, elegies, and monodies. Of the several theories which have been advanced to account for their disappearance, the most plausible seems to be that which represents them as having been burned at Byzantium in the year 380 Anno Domini, by command of Gregory Nazianzen, in order that his own poems might be studied in their stead and the morals of the people thereby improved. Of the efficacy of this act no means of judging has come down to us.

In recent years there has arisen a great body of literature upon the subject of Sappho, most of it the abstruse work of scholars writing for scholars. But the gist of it all, together with the minutest surviving fragment of her verse, has been made available to the general reader in English by Mr. Henry T. Wharton, in whose altogether admirable little volume we find all that is known and the most apposite of all that has been said up to the present day about

*“Love’s priestess, mad with pain and joy of song,
Song’s priestess, mad with joy and pain of love.”*

I N T R O D U C T I O N

Perhaps the most perilous and the most alluring venture in the whole field of poetry is that which Mr. Carman has undertaken in attempting to give us in English verse those lost poems of Sappho of which fragments have survived. The task is obviously not one of translation or of paraphrasing, but of imaginative and, at the same time, interpretive construction. It is as if a sculptor of to-day were to set himself, with reverence, and trained craftsmanship, and studious familiarity with the spirit, technique, and atmosphere of his subject, to restore some statues of Polyclitus or Praxiteles of which he had but a broken arm, a foot, a knee, a finger upon which to build. Mr. Carman's method, apparently, has been to imagine each lost lyric as discovered, and then to translate it; for the indefinable flavor of the translation is maintained throughout, though accompanied by the fluidity and freedom of purely original work.



*Now to please my little friend
I must make these songs of spring,
With the soft south-west wind 'hem
And the marsh notes of 'he frogs.*

*I must take a gold-bound pipe,
And outmatch the bubbling call
From the beechwoods in the sunlight,
From the meadows in the rain.*

C O N T E N T S

Now to please my little friend	xiii
I Cyprus, Paphos, or Panormus	1
II What shall we do, Cytherea?	2
III Power and beauty and knowledge	3
IV O Pan of the evergreen forest	4
V O Aphrodite	6
VI Peer of the gods he seems	8
VII The Cyprian came to thy cradle	10
VIII Aphrodite of the foam	12
IX Nay, but always and forever	13
X Let there be garlands, Dica	14
XI When the Cretan maidens	15
XII In a dream I spoke with the Cyprus-born	16
XIII Sleep thou in the bosom	17
XIV Hesperus, bringing together	18
XV In the grey olive grove a small brown bird	19
XVI In the apple boughs the coolness	20
XVII Pale rose leaves have fallen	21
XVIII The courtyard of her house is wide	22
XIX There is a medlar-tree	23

C O N T E N T S

XX	I behold Arcturus going westward . . .	24
XXI	Softly the first step of twilight . . .	25
XXII	Once you lay upon my bosom . . .	26
XXIII	I loved thee, Atthis, in the long ago . . .	27
XXIV	I shall be ever maiden	28
XXV	It was summer when I found you . . .	29
XXVI	I recall thy white gown, cinctured . . .	30
XXVII	Lover, art thou of a surety	31
XXVIII	With your head thrown backward . . .	32
XXIX	Ah, what am I but a torrent	33
XXX	Love shakes my soul, like a mountain wind	34
XXXI	Love, let the wind cry	35
XXXII	Heart of mine, if all the altars . . .	37
XXXIII	Never yet, love, in earth's lifetime . . .	39
XXXIV	"Who was Atthis?" men shall ask . . .	40
XXXV	When the great pink mallow	41
XXXVI	When I pass thy door at night . . .	43
XXXVII	Well I found you in the twilit garden . . .	44
XXXVIII	Will not men remember us	45
XXXIX	I grow weary of the foreign cities . . .	46

C O N T E N T S

XL Ah, what detains thee, Phaon	47
XLI Phaon, O my lover	48
XLII O heart of insatiable longing	50
XLIII Surely somehow, in some measure	51
XLIV O but my delicate lover	52
XLV Softer than the hill fog to the forest	53
XLVI I seek and desire	54
XLVII Like torn sea-kelp in the drift	55
XLVIII Fine woven purple linen	56
XLIX When I am home from travel	57
L When I behold the pharos shine	58
LI Is the day long	59
LII Lo, on the distance a dark blue ravine	61
LIII Art thou the topmost apple	64
LIV How soon will all my lovely days be over	65
LV Soul of sorrow, why this weeping?	66
LVI It never can be mine	67
LVII Others shall behold the sun	68
LVIII Let thy strong spirit never fear	69
LIX Will none say of Sappho	70

C O N T E N T S

LX	When I have departed	71
LXI	There is no more to say now thou art still	72
LXII	Play up, play up thy silver flute . . .	73
LXIII	A beautiful child is mine	74
LXIV	Ah, but now henceforth	75
LXV	Softly the wind moves through the radiant morning	76
LXVI	What the west wind whispers	77
LXVII	Indoors the fire is kindled	79
LXVIII	You ask how love can keep the mortal soul	80
LXIX	Like a tall forest were their spears . .	82
LXX	My lover smiled, "O friend, ask not . .	83
LXXI	Ye who have the stable world	84
LXXII	I heard the gods reply	85
LXXIII	The sun on the tide, the peach on the bough	86
LXXIV	If death be good	87
LXXV	Tell me what this life means	88
LXXVI	Ye have heard how Marsyas	89

C O N T E N T S

LXXVII Hour by hour I sit	90
LXXVIII Once in the shining street	91
LXXIX How strange is love, O my lover	92
LXXX How to say I love you	93
LXXXI Hark, love, to the tambourines	94
LXXXII Over the roofs the honey-coloured moon	95
LXXXIII I the quiet garden world	96
LXXXIV Soft was the wind in the beech-trees	97
LXXXV Have ye heard the news of Sappho's garden	98
LXXXVI Love is so strong a thing	101
LXXXVII Hadst thou with all thy loveliness been true	102
LXXXVIII As on a morn a traveller might emerge	103
LXXXIX Where shall I look for thee	105
XC O sad, sad face and saddest eyes that ever	107
XCI Why have the gods in derision	109
XCII Like a red lily in the meadow grasses	111

C O N T E N T S

XCIII	When in the spring the swallows all return	112
XCIV	Cold is the wind where Daphne sleeps	113
XCV	Hark, where Poseidon's	114
XCVI	Hark, my lover, it is spring!	116
XCVII	When the early soft spring wind comes blowing	119
XCVIII	I am more tremulous than shaken reeds	121
XCIX	Over the wheat field	122
C	Once more the rain on the mountain	124

S A P P H O



CYPRUS, Paphos, or Panormus
May detain thee with their splendour
Of oblations on thine altars,
O imperial Aphrodite.

YET do thou regard, with pity
For a nameless child of passion,
This small unfrequented valley
By the sea, O sea-born mother.

WHAT shall we do, Cytherea?
Lovely Adonis is dying.
Ah, but we mourn him!

WILL he return when the Autumn
Purples the earth, and the sunlight
Sleeps in the vineyard?

WILL he return when the Winter
Huddles the sheep, and Orion
Goes to his hunting?

AH, for thy beauty, Adonis,
With the soft spring and the south wind,
Love and desire!

POWER and beauty and knowledge,—
Pan, Aphrodite, or Hermes,—
Whom shall we life-loving mortals
Serve and be happy?

LO, now your garlanded altars,
Are they not goodly with flowers?
Have ye not honour and pleasure
In lovely Lesbos?

WILL ye not, therefore, a little
Hearten, impel, and inspire
One who adores, with a favour
Threefold in wonder?

I

O Pan of the evergreen forest,
Protector of herds in the meadows,
Helper of men at their toiling,—
Tillage and harvest and herding,—
How many times to frail mortals
Hast thou not hearkened!

NOW even I come before thee
With oil and honey and wheat bread,
Praying for strength and fulfilment
Of human longing, with purpose
Ever to keep thy great worship
Pure and undarkened.

II

O Hermes, master of knowledge,
Measure and number and rhythm,
Worker of wonders in metal,
Moulder of malleable music,
So often the giver of secret
Learning to mortals!

NOW even I, a fond woman,
Frail and of small understanding,
Yet with unslakable yearning
Greatly desiring wisdom,
Come to the threshold of reason
And the bright portals.

III

AND thou, sea-born Aphrodite,
In whose beneficent keeping
Earth with her infinite beauty,
Colour and fashion and fragrance,
Glow like a flower with fervour
Where woods are vernal!

TOUCH with thy lips and enkindle
This moon-white delicate body,
Drench with the dew of enchantment
This mortal one, that I also
Grow to the measure of beauty
Fleet yet eternal.

O Aphrodite,
God-born and deathless,
Break not my spirit
With bitter anguish,
Thou wilful empress!
I pray thee, hither!

AS once aforetime
Well thou didst hearken
To my voice far off,—
Listen, and leaving
Thy father's golden
House in yoked chariot,

COME, thy fleet sparrows
Beating the mid-air
Over the dark earth.
Suddenly near me,
Smiling, immortal,
Thy bright regard asked,

WHAT had befallen,—
Why I had called thee,—
What my mad heart then
Most was desiring.
“What fair thing wouldst thou
Lure now to love thee?”

“WHO wrongs thee, Sappho?
If now she flies thee,
Soon shall she follow;—
Scorning thy gifts now,
Soon be the giver;—
And a loth loved one

“SOON be the lover.”
So even now, too,
Come and release me
From mordant love pain,
And all my heart's will
Help me accomplish!

PEEER of the gods he seems,
Who in thy presence
Sits and hears close to him
Thy silver speech-tones
And lovely laughter.

AH, but the heart flutters
Under my bosom,
When I behold thee
Even a moment;
Utterance leaves me;

MY tongue is useless;
A subtle fire
Runs through my body;
My eyes are sightless,
And my ears ringing;

I flush with fever,
And a strong trembling
Lays hold upon me;
Paler than grass am I,
Half dead for madness.

YET must I, greatly
Daring, adore thee,
As the adventurous
Sailor makes seaward
For the lost sky-line

AND undiscovered
Fabulous islands,
Drawn by the lure of
Beauty and summer
And the sea's secret.

THE Cyprian came to thy cradle,
When thou wast little and small,
And said to the nurse who rocked thee,
"Fear not thou for the child:

"**S**HE shall be kindly favoured,
And fair and fashioned well,
As befits the Lesbian maidens
And those who are fated to love."

HERMES came to thy cradle,
Resourceful, sagacious, serene,
And said, "The girl must have knowledge,
To lend her freedom and poise.

"**N**AUGHT will avail her beauty,
If she have not wit beside.
She shall be Hermes' daughter,
Passing wise in her day."

GREAT Pan came to thy cradle,
With calm of the deepest hills,
And smiled, "They have forgotten
The veriest power of life.

TO kindle her shapely beauty,
And illumine her mind withal,
I give to the little person
The glowing and craving soul."

APHRODITE of the foam,
Who hast given all good gifts,
And made Sappho at thy will
Love so greatly and so much,

AH, now comes it my frail heart
Is so fond of all things fair,
I can never choose between
Gorgo and Andromeda?

IX

NAY, but always and forever
Like the bending yellow grain,
Or quick water in a channel,
Is the heart of man.

COMES the unseen breath in power
Like a great wind from the sea,
And we bow before his coming,
Though we know not why.

LET there be garlands, Dica,
Around thy lovely hair,
And supple sprays of blossom
Twined by thy soft hands.

WHOSO is crowned with flowers
Has favour with the gods,
Who have no kindly eyes
For the ungarlanded.

WHEN the Cretan maidens,
 Dancing up the full moon
 Round some fair new altar,
 Trample the soft blossoms of fine grass,

THERE is mirth among them.
 Aphrodite's children
 Ask her benediction
 On their bridals in the summer night.

IN a dream I spoke with the Cyprus-born,
And said to her,
"Mother of beauty, mother of joy,
Why hast thou given to men

"**T**HIS thing called love, like the ache of
a wound
In beauty's side,
To burn and throb and be quelled for an hour
And never wholly depart?"

AND the daughter of Cyprus said to me,
"Child of the earth,
Behold, all things are born and attain,
But only as they desire,—

"**T**HE sun that is strong, the gods that are
wise,
The loving heart,
Deeds and knowledge and beauty and joy.
But before all else was desire."

XIII

SLEEP thou in the bosom
Of the tender comrade,
While the living water
Whispers in the well-run,
And the oleanders
Glimmer in the moonlight.

SOON, ah, soon the shy birds
Will be at their fluting,
And the morning planet
Rise above the garden;
For there is a measure
Set to all things mortal.

HESPERUS, bringing together
All that the morning star scattered,--

SHEEP to be folded in twilight,
Children for mothers to fondle,--

ME too will bring to the dearest,
Tenderest breast in all Lesbos.

XV

IN the grey olive grove a small brown bird
Had built her nest and waited for the spring.
But who could tell the happy thought that came
To lodge beneath my scarlet tunic's fold?

ALL day long now is the green earth renewed
With the bright sea-wind and the yellow
blossoms.

From the cool shade I hear the silver plash
Of the blown fountain at the garden's end.

I N the apple boughs the coolness
I Murmurs, and the grey leaves flicker
Where sleep wanders.

I N this garden all the hot noon
I I await thy fluttering footfall
Through the twilight.

XVII

PALE rose leaves have fallen
In the fountain water;
And soft reedy flute-notes
Pierce the sultry quiet.

BUT I wait and listen,
Till the trodden gravel
Tells me, all impatience,
It is Phaon's footstep.

XVIII

THE courtyard of her house is wide
And cool and still when day departs.
Only the rustle of leaves is there
And running water.

AND then her mouth, more delicate
Than the frail wood-anemone,
Brushes my cheek, and deeper grow
The purple shadows.

XIX

THERE is a medlar-tree
Growing in front of my lover's house,
And there all day
The wind makes a pleasant sound.

AND when the evening comes,
We sit there together in the dusk
And watch the stars
Appear in the quiet blue.

I behold Arcturus going westward
Down the crowded slope of night-dark azure,
While the Scorpion with red Antares
Trails along the sea-line to the southward.

FROM the ilex grove there comes soft
laughter,—
My companions at their glad love-making,—
While that curly-headed boy from Naxos
With his jade flute marks the purple quiet.

SOFTLY the first step of twilight
Falls on the darkening dial,
One by one kindle the lights
In Mitylene.

NOISES are hushed in the courtyard,
The busy day is departing,
Children are called from their games,—
Herds from their grazing.

AND from the deep-shadowed angles
Comes the soft murmur of lovers,
Then through the quiet of dusk
Bright sudden laughter.

FROM the hushed street, through the portal,
Where soon my lover will enter,
Comes the pure strain of a flute
Tender with passion.

ONCE you lay upon my bosom,
While the long blue-silver moonlight
Walked the plain, with that pure passion
All your own.

NOW the moon is gone, the Pleiads
Gone, the dead of night is going,
Slips the hour, and on my bed
I lie alone.

XXIII

I loved thee, Atthis, in the long ago,
When the great oleanders were in flower
In the broad herded meadows full of sun.
And we would often at the fall of dusk
Wander together by the silver stream,
When the soft grass-heads were all wet with
dew
And purple-misted in the fading light.
And joy I knew and sorrow at thy voice,
And the superb magnificence of love,—
The loneliness that saddens solitude,
And the sweet speech that makes it durable,—
The bitter longing and the keen desire,
The sweet companionship through quiet days
In the slow ample beauty of the world,
And the unutterable glad release
Within the temple of the holy night.
O Atthis, how I loved thee long ago
In that fair perished summer by the sea!

I shall be ever maiden,
If thou be not my lover,
And no man shall possess me
Henceforth and forever.

BUT thou alone shalt gather
This fragile flower of beauty,—
To crush and keep the fragrance
Like a holy incense.

THOU only shalt remember
This love of mine, or hallow
The coming years with gladness,
Calm and pride and passion.

IT was summer when I found you
In the meadow long ago,
And the golden vetch was growing
By the shore.

DID we falter when love took us
With a gust of great desire?
Does the barley bid the wind wait
In his course?

I recall thy white gown, cinctured
With a linen belt whereon
Violets were wrought, and scented
With strange perfumes out of Egypt.

AND I know thy foot was covered
With fair Lydian broidered straps;
And the petals from a rose-tree
Fell within the marble basin.

XXVII

LOVER, art thou of a surety
Not a learner of the wood-god?
Has the madness of his music
Never touched thee?

AH, thou dear and godlike mortal,
If Pan takes thee for his pupil,
Make me but another Syrinx
For that piping.

WITH your head thrown backward
In my arm's safe hollow,
And your face all rosy
With the mounting fervour;

WHILE the grave eyes glisten
With the wise new wonder,
Swimming in a love-mist
Like the haze of Autumn;

FROM that throat, the throbbing
Nightingale's for pleading
Wayward soft and welling
Inarticulate love-notes,

COME the words that bubble
Up through broken laughter,
Sweeter than spring water,
"Gods, I am so happy!"

AH, what am I but a torrent,
Headstrong, impetuous, broken,
Like the spent clamour of waters
In the blue canyon?

AH, what art thou but a fern-frond,
Wet with blown spray from the river,
Diffident, lovely, sequestered,
Frail on the rock-ledge?

YET, are we not for one brief day,
While the sun sleeps on the mountain,
Wild-hearted lover and love ' one,
Safe in Pan's keeping?

LOVE shakes the sea, like a mountain wind
Falling upon the reeds,
When they are swayed and whitered and bowed
As the great gusts roll.

I know why Daphne sped from the grove
When the bright god came by,
And shut herself in the laurel's heart
For her silent doom.

LOVE fills my heart, like my lover's breath
Filling the hollow flute,
Till the magic wood awakes and cries
With remembrance and joy.

AH, timid Syrinx, do I not know
Thy tremor of sweet fear!
For a beautiful and imperious player
Is the lord of life.

LOVE, let the wind cry
On the dark mountain,
Bending the ash-trees
And the tall hemlocks,
With the great voice of
Thunderous legions,
How I adore thee.

LET the hoarse torrent
In the blue canyon,
Murmuring mightily
Out of the grey mist
Of primal chaos,
Cease not proclaiming
How I adore thee.

LET the long rhythm
Of crunching rollers,
Breaking and bellowing
On the white seaboard,
Titan and tireless,
Tell while the world stands,
How I adore thee.

LOVE, let the clear call
Of the tree-cricket,
Frailest of creatures,
Green as the young grass,
Mark with his trilling
Resonant bell-note,
How I adore thee.

LET the glad lark-song
Over the meadow,
That melting lyric
Of molten silver,
Be for a signal
To listening mortals,
How I adore thee.

BUT more than all sounds,
Surer, serener,
Fuller with passion
And exultation,
Let the hushed whisper
In thine own heart say,
How I adore thee.

HEART of mine, if all the altars
Of the ages stood before me,
Not one pure enough nor sacred
Could I find to lay this white, white
Rose of love upon.

I who am not great enough to
Love thee with this mortal body
So impassionate with ardour,
But oh, not too small to worship
While the sun shall shine, -

I would build a fragrant temple
To thee in the dark green forest,
Of red cedar and fine sandal,
And there love thee with sweet service
All my whole life long.

I would freshen it with flowers,
And the piney hill wind through it
Should be sweetened with soft fervours
Of small prayers in gentle language
Thou wouldst smile to hear.

AND a tinkling Eastern wind-bell,
With its fluttering inscription,
From the rafters with bronze music
Should retard the quiet fleeting
Of uncounted hours.

AND my hero, while so human,
Should be even as the gods are,
In that shrine of utter gladness,
With the tranquil stars above it
And the sea below.

NEVER yet, love, in earth's lifetime,
Hath any cunningest minstrel
Told the one seventh of wisdom,
Ravishment, ecstasy, transport,
Hid in the hue of the hyacinth's
Purple in springtime.

NOT in the lyre of Orpheus,
Not in the songs of Musæus,
Lurked the unfathomed bewitchment
Wrought by the wind in the grasses,
Held by the rote of the sea-surf,
In early summer.

ONLY to exquisite lovers,
Fashioned for beauty's fulfilment,
Mated as rhythm to reed-stop
Whence the wild music is moulded,
Ever appears the full measure
Of the world's wonder.

“**W**HO was Atthis?” men shall ask,
When the world is old, and time
Has accomplished without haste
The strange destiny of men.

HAPLY in that far-off age
One shall find these silver songs,
With their human freight, and guess
What a lover Sappho was.

WHEN the great pink mallow
Blossoms in the marshland,
Full of lazy summer
And soft hours,

THEN I hear the summons
Not a mortal lover
Ever yet resisted,
Strange and far.

IN the faint blue foothills,
Making magic music,
Pan is at his love-work
On the reeds.

I can guess the heart-stop,
Fall and lull and sequence,
Full of grief for Syrinx
Long ago.

THEN the crowding madness,
Wild and keen and tender,
Trembles with the burden
Of great joy.

NAY, but well I follow,
All unskilled, that fluting.
Never yet was reed-nymph
Like to thee.

WHEN I pass thy door at night,
I a benediction breathe:
"Ye who have the sleeping world
In your care,

"**G**UARD the linen sweet and cool,
Where a lovely golden head
With its dreams of mortal bliss
Slumbers now!"

WELL I found you in the twilit garden,
Laid a lover's hand upon your
shoulder,

And we both were made aware of loving
Past the reach of reason to unravel
Or the much desiring heart to follow.

THERE we heard the breath among the
grasses

And the gurgle of soft-running water,
Well contented with the spacious starlight,
The cool wind's touch and the deep blue
distance,
Till the dawn came in with golden sandals.

WILL not men remember us
In the days to come hereafter,—
Thy warm-coloured loving beauty
And my love for thee?

THOU, the hyacinth that grows
By a quiet-running river;
I, the watery reflection
And the broken gleam.

I grow weary of the foreign cities,
The sea travel and the stranger peoples.
Even the clear voice of hardy fortune
Dares me not as once on brave adventure.

FOR the heart of man must seek and
wander,
Ask and question and discover knowledge;
Yet above all goodly things is wisdom,
And love greater than all understanding.

SO, a mariner, I long for land-fall,—
When a darker purple on the sea-rim,
O'er the prow uplifted, shall be Lesbos
And the gleaming towers of Mitylene.

XL

AH, what detains thee, Phaon,
So long from Mitylene,
Where now thy restless lover
Wearies for thy coming?

A fever burns me, Phaon;
My knees quake on the threshold,
And all my strength is loosened,
Slack with disappointment.

BUT thou wilt come, my Phaon,
Back from the sea like morning,
To quench in golden gladness
The ache of parted lovers.

PHAON, O my lover,
What should so detain thee,

NOW the wind comes walking
Through the leafy twilight?

ALL the plum leaves quiver
With the coolth and darkness,

AFTER their long patience
In consuming ardour.

AND the moving grasses
Have relief; the dew-drench

COMES to quell the parching
Ache of noon they suffered.

I alone of all things
Fret with unsluiced fire.

AND there is no quenching
In the night for Sappho,

SINCE her lover Phaon
Leaves her unrequited.

O heart of insatiable longing,
What spell, what enchantment allures
thee

Over the rim of the world
With the sails of the sea-going ships?

AND when the rose petals are scattered
At dead of still noon on the grass plot,
What means this passionate grief,—
This infinite ache of regret?

XLIII

SURELY somehow, in some measure,
There will be joy and fulfilment,—
Cease from this throb of desire,—
Even for Sappho!

SURELY some fortunate hour
Phaon will come, and his beauty
Be spent like water to plenish
Need of that beauty!

WHERE is the breath of Poseidon,
Cool from the sea-floor with evening?
Why are Selene's white horses
So long arriving?

O but my delicate lover,
 Is she not fair as the moonlight?
 Is she not supple and strong
 For hurried passion?

HAS not the god of the green world,
 In his large tolerant wisdom,
 Filled with the ardours of earth
 Her twenty summers?

WELL did he make her for loving;
 Well did he mould her for beauty;
 Gave her the wish that is brave
 With understanding.

“O Pan, avert from this maiden
 Sorrow, misfortune, bereavement,
 Harm, and unhappy regret,”
 Prays one fond mortal.

SOFTER than the hill fog to the forest
Are the loving hands of my dear lover,
When she sleeps beside me in the starlight
And her beauty drenches me with rest.

AS the quiet mist enfolds the beech-trees,
Even as she dreams her arms enfold
me,
Half awaking with a hundred kisses
On the scarlet lily of her mouth.

XLVI

I seek and desire,
Even as the wind
That travels the plain
And stirs in the bloom
Of the apple-tree.

I wander through life,
With the searching mind
That is never at rest,
Till I reach the shade
Of my lover's door.

XLVII

LIKE torn sea-kelp in the drift
Of the great tides of the sea,
Carried past the harbour-mouth
To the deep beyond return,

I am buoyed and borne away
On the loveliness of earth,
Little caring, save for thee,
Past the portals of the night.

FINE woven purple linen
 I bring thee from Phocæa,
 That, beauty upon beauty,
 A precious gift may cover
 The lap where I have lain.

AND a gold comb, and girdle,
 And trinkets of white silver,
 And gems are in my sea-chest,
 Lest poor and empty-handed
 Thy lover should return.

AND I have brought from Tyre
 A Pan-flute stained vermilion,
 Wherein the gods have hidden
 Love and desire and longing,
 Which I shall loose for thee.

WHEN I am home from travel,
 My eager foot will stay not
 Until I reach the threshold
 Where I went forth from thee.

AND there as darkness gathers
 In the rose-scented garden
 The god who prospers music
 Shall give me skill to play.

AND thou shalt hear, all startled,
 A flute blown in the twilight
 With the soft pleading magic
 The green wood heard of old.

THEN, lamp in hand, thy beauty
 In the rose-marble entry!
 And unreluctant Hermes
 Shall give me words to say.

L

WHEN I behold the pharos shine
And lay a path along the sea,
How gladly I shall feel the spray,
Standing upon the swinging prow;

AND question of my pilot old,
How many watery leagues to sail
Ere we shall round the harbour reef
And anchor off the wharves of home!

IS the day long,
O Lesbian maiden,
And the night endless
In thy lone chamber
In Mitylene?

ALL the bright day,
Until welcome evening
When the stars kindle
Over the harbour,
What tasks employ thee?

PASSING the fountain
At golden sundown,
One of the home-going
Traffickers, hast thou
Thought of thy lover?

NAY but how far
Too brief will the night be,
When I returning
To the dear portal
Hear my own heart beat!

LO, on the distance a dark blue ravine,
A fold in the mountainous forests of fir,
Cleft from the sky-line sheer down to the
shore!

ABOVE are the clouds and the white
pealing gulls,
At its foot is the rough broken foam of the
sea,
With ever anon the long deep muffled roar,—
A sigh from the fitful great heart of the world.

THEN inland just where the small meadow
begins,
Well bulwarked with boulders that jut in the
tide,
Lies safe beyond storm-beat the harbour in
sun.





SEE where the black fishing-boats, each at
its buoy,
Ride up on the swell with their dare-danger
prows,
To sight o'er the sea-rim what venture may
come!

AND look, where the narrow white streets
of the town
Lead up from the blue water's edge to the
wood,
Scant room for man's range between mountain
and sea,
And the market where woodsmen from over
the hill
May traffic, and sailors from far foreign ports
With treasure brought in from the ends of the
earth.

AND see the third house on the left, with
that gleam
Of red burnished copper—the hinge of the
door
Whereat I shall enter, expected so oft
(Let love be your sea-star!), to voyage no
more.

ART thou the topmost apple
The gatherers could not reach,
Reddening on the bough?
Shall not I take thee?

ART thou a hyacinth blossom
The shepherds upon the hills
Have trodden into the ground?
Shall not I lift thee?

FREE is the young god Eros,
Paying no tribute to power,
Seeing no evil in beauty,
Full of compassion.

ONCE having found the beloved,
However sorry or woeful,
However scornful of loving,
Little it matters.

HOW soon will all my lovely days be
over,
And I no more be found beneath the sun,—
Neither beside the many-murmuring sea,
Nor where the plain winds whisper to the reeds,
Nor in the tall beech-woods among the hills
Where roam the bright-lipped oreads, nor
along
The pasture sides where berry-pickers stray
And harmless shepherds pipe their sheep to
fold!

FOR I am eager, and the flame of life
Burns quickly in the fragile lamp of clay.
Passion and love and longing and hot tears
Consume this mortal Sappho, and too soon
A great wind from the dark will blow upon me,
And I be no more found in the fair world,
For all the search of the revolving moon
And patient shine of everlasting stars.

SOUL of sorrow, why this weeping?
What immortal grief hath touched thee
With the poignancy of sadness, —
Testament of tears?

HAVE the high gods deigned to show thee
Destiny, and disillusion
Fills thy heart at all things human,
Fleeting and desired?

NAY, the gods themselves are fettered
By one law which links together
Truth and nobleness and beauty,
Man and stars and sea.

AND they only shall find freedom
Who with courage rise and follow
Where love leads beyond all peril,
Wise beyond all words.

IT never can be mine
To sit in the door in the sun
And watch the world go by,
A pageant and a dream;

FOR I was born for love,
And fashioned for desire,
Beauty, passion, and joy,
And sorrow and unrest;

AND with all things of earth
Eternally must go,
Daring the perilous bourn
Of joyance and of death,

A strain of song by night,
A shadow on the hill,
A hint of odorous grass,
A murmur of the sea.

OTHERS shall behold the sun
Through the long uncounted years,—
Not a maid in after time
Wise as thou.

FOR the gods have given thee
Their best gift, an equal mind
That can only love, be glad,
And fear not.

LET thy strong spirit never fear,
Nor in thy virgin soul be thou afraid.
The gods themselves and the almightier fates
Cannot avail to harm

WITH outward and misfortunate chance
The radiant unshaken mind of him
Who at his being's centre will abide,
Secure from doubt and fear.

HIS wise and patient heart shall share
The strong sweet loveliness of all things
made
And the serenity of inward joy
Beyond the storm of tears.

WILL none say of Sappho,
Speaking of her lovers,
And the love they gave her,—
Joy and days and beauty,
Flute-playing and roses,
Song and wine and laughter,—

WILL none, musing murmur,
"Yet for all the roses,
All the flutes and lovers,
Doubt not she was lonely
As the sea, whose cadence
Haunts the world forever."

WHEN I have departed,
Say but this behind me,
"Love was all her wisdom,
All her care.

"**W**ELL she kept love's secret,—
Dared and never faltered,—
Laughed and never doubted
Love would win.

"**L**ET the world's rough triumph
Trample by above her,
She is safe forever
From all harm.

"**I**N a land that knows not
Bitterness nor sorrow,
She has found out all
Of truth at last."

THERE is no more to say now thou art
still,

There is no more to do now thou art dead,
There is no more to know now thy clear mind
Is back returned unto the gods who gave it.

NOW thou art gone the use of life is past,
The meaning and the glory and the pride,
There is no joyous friend to share the day
And on the threshold no awaited shadow.

PLAY up, play up thy silver flute;
The crickets all are brave;
Glad is the red autumnal earth
And the blue sea.

PLAY up thy flawless silver flute;
Dead ripe are fruit and grain.
When Love puts on his scarlet coat,
Put off thy care.

A beautiful child is mine,
Formed like a golden flower,
Cleis the loved one.
And above her I value
Not all the Lydian land,
Nor lovely Hellas.

AH, but now henceforth
Only one meaning
Has life for me.

ONLY one purport,
Measure and beauty,
Has the bright world.

WHAT mean the wood-winds,
Colour and morning,
Bird, stream, and hill?

AND the brave city
With its enchantment?
Thee, only thee.

SOFTLY the wind moves through the
radiant morning,
And the warm sunlight sinks into the valley,
Filling the green earth with a quiet joyance,
Strength, and fulfilment.

EVEN so, gentle, strong and wise and happy,
Through the soul and substance of my being,
Comes the breath of thy great love to meward,
O thou dear mortal.

WHAT the west wind whispers
At the end of summer,
When the barley harvest
Ripens to the sickle,
Who can tell?

WHAT means the fine music
Of the dry cicada,
Through the long noon hours
Of the autumn stillness,
Who can say?

HOW the grape ungathered
With its bloom of blueness
Greatens on the trellis
Of the brick-walled garden,
Who can know?

YET I, too, am greatedened,
Keep the note of gladness,
Travel by the wind's road,
Through this autumn leisure,—
By thy love.

INDOORS the fire is kindled;
Beechwood is piled on the hearthstone;
Cold are the chattering oak leaves;
And the ponds frost-bitten.

SOFTER than rainfall at twilight,
Bringing the fields benediction
And the hills quiet and greyness,
Are my long thoughts of thee.

HOW should thy friend fear the seasons?
They only perish of winter
Whom Love, audacious and tender,
Never hath visited.

YOU ask how love can keep the mortal
soul
Strong to the pitch of joy throughout the years.

ASK how your brave cicada on the bough
Keeps the long sweet insistence of his cry;

ASK how the Pleiads steer across the night
In their serene unswerving mighty course;

ASK how the wood-flowers waken to the sun,
Unsummoned save by some mysterious
word;

ASK how the wandering swallows find your
eaves,
Upon the rain-wind with returning spring;

ASK who commands the ever punctual tide
To keep the pendulous rhythm of the
sea;

AND you shall know what leads the heart of
man
To the far haven of his hopes and fears.

LIKE a tall forest were their spears,
Their banners like a silken sea,
When the great host in splendour passed
Across the crimson sinking sun.

AND then the bray of brazen horns
Arose above their clanking march,
As the long waving column filed
Into the odorous purple dusk.

O lover, in this radiant world
Whence is the race of mortal men,
So frail, so mighty, and so fond,
That fleets into the vast unknown?

MY lover smiled, "O friend, ask not
The journey's end nor whence we are.
That whistling boy who minds his goats
So idly in the grey ravine,

"**T**HE brown-backed rower drenched with
spray,
The lemon-seller in the street,
And the young girl who keeps her first
Wild love-tryst at the rising moon,—

"**L**O, these are wiser than the wise.
And not for all our questioning
Shall we discover more than joy,
Nor find a better thing than love!

"**L**ET pass the banners and the spears,
The hate, the battle, and the greed;
For greater than all gifts is peace,
And strength is in the tranquil mind."

YE who have the stable world
In the keeping of your hands,
Flocks and men, the lasting hills,
And the ever-wheeling stars;

YE who freight with wondrous things
The wide-wandering heart of man
And the galleon of the moon,
On those silent seas of foam;

OH, if ever ye shall grant
Time and place and room enough
To this fond and fragile heart
Stifled with the throb of love,

ON that day one grave-eyed Fate,
Pausing in her toil, shall say,
"Lo, one mortal has achieved
Immortality of love!"

I heard the gods reply:
"Trust not the future with its perilous
chance;

The fortunate hour is on the dial now.

"**T**O-DAY be wise and great,
And put off hesitation and go forth
With cheerful courage for the diurnal need.

"**S**TOUT be the heart, nor slow
The foot to follow the impetuous will,
Nor the hand slack upon the loom of deeds.

"**T**HEN may the Fates look up
And smile a little in their tolerant way,
Being full of infinite regard for men."

THE sun on the tide, the peach on the bough,
The blue smoke over the hill,
And the shadows trailing the valley-side,
Make up the autumn day.

AH, no, not half! Thou art not here
Under the bronze beech leaves,
And thy lover's soul like a lonely child
Roams through an empty room.

LXXIV

I F death be good,
Why do the gods not die?
If life be ill,
Why do the gods still live?

I F love be naught,
Why do the gods still love?
If love be all,
What should men do but love?

TELL me what this life means,
O my prince and lover,
With the autumn sunlight
On thy bronze-gold head?

WITH thy clear voice sounding
Through the silver twilight,—
What is the lost secret
Of the tacit earth?

YE have heard how Marsyas,
In the folly of his pride,
Boasted of a matchless skill,—
When the great god's back was turned;

HOW his fond imagining
Fell to ashes cold and grey,
When the flawless player came
In serenity and light.

SO it was with those I loved
In the years ere I loved thee.
Many a saying sounds like truth,
Until Truth itself is heard.

MANY a beauty only lives
Until Beauty passes by,
And the mortal is forgot
In the shadow of the god.

HOUR by hour I sit,
Watching the silent door.
Shadows go by on the wall,
And steps in the street.

EXPECTATION and doubt
Flutter my timorous heart.
So many hurrying home —
And thou still away.

ONCE in the shining street,
In the heart of a seaboard town,
As I waited, behold, there came
The woman I loved.

AS when in the early spring
A daffodil blooms in the grass,
Golden and gracious and glad,
The solitude smiled.

HOW strange is love, O my lover!
With what enchantment and power
Does it not come upon mortals,
Learned or heedless!

HOW far away and unreal,
Faint as blue isles in a sunset
Haze-golden, all else of life seems,
Since I have known thee!

HOW to say I love you:
What, if I but live it,
Were the use in that, love?
Small, indeed.

ONLY, every moment
Of this waking lifetime,
Let me be your lover
And your friend!

AH, but then, as sure as
Blossom breaks from bud-sheath,
When along the hillside
Spring returns,

GOLDEN speech should flower
From the soul so cherished
And the mouth your kisses
Filled with fire.

HARK, love, to the tambourines
Of the minstrels in the street,
And one voice that throbs and soars
Clear above the clashing time!

SOME Egyptian royal love-lilt,
Some Sidonian refrain,
Vows of Paphos or of Tyre,
Mount against the silver sun.

PLEADING, piercing, yet serene,
Vagrant in a foreign town,
From what passion was it born,
In what lost land over sea?

OVER the roofs the honey-coloured moon,
With purple shadows on the silver grass,

AND the warm south wind on the curving sea,
While we two, lovers past all turmoil now,

WATCH from the window the white sails
come in,
Bearing what unknown ventures safe to port!

SO falls the hour of twilight and of love
With wizardry to loose the hearts of men.

AND there is nothing more in this great
world
Than thou and I and the blue dome of dusk.

IN the quiet garden world,
Gold sunlight and shadow leaves
Flicker on the wall.

AND the wind a moment since
With rose-petals strewed the path
And the open door.

NOW the moon-white butterflies
Float across the liquid air,
Glad as in a dream;

AND across thy lover's heart
Visions of one scarlet mouth
With its maddening smile.

SOFT was the wind in the beech-trees;
Low was the surf on the shore;
In the blue dusk one planet
Like a great sea-pharos shone.

BUT nothing to me were the sea-sounds,
The wind and the yellow star,
When over my breast the banner
Of your golden hair was spread.

HAVE ye heard the news of Sappho's
garden
And the Golden Rose of Mitylene,
Which the bending brown-armed rowers lately
Brought from over sea, from lonely Pontus?

IN a meadow by the river Halys,
Where some wood-god hath the world in
keeping,
On a burning summer noon they found her,
Lovely as a dryad and more tender.

HER these eyes have seen, and not another
Shall behold, till time takes all things
goodly,
So surpassing fair and fond and wondrous,—
Such a slave as, worth a great king's ransom,

NO man yet of all the sons of mortals
But would lose his soul for and regret
not;
So hath Beauty compassed all her children
With the cords of longing and desire.

ONLY Hermes, master of word music,
Ever yet in glory of gold language
Could ensphere the magical remembrance
Of her melting, half sad, wayward beauty,

OR devise the silver phrase to frame her,
The inevitable name to call her,
Half a sigh and half a kiss when whispered,
Like pure air that feeds a forge's hunger.

NOT a painter in the Isles of Hellas
Could portray her, mix the golden tawny
With bright stain of poppies, or ensanguine
Like the life her darling mouth's vermilion,

SO that in the ages long hereafter,
When we shall be dust of perished
summers,

Any man could say who found that likeness,
Smiling gently on it, "This was Gorgo!"

LXXXVI

LOVE is so strong a thing,
L The very gods must yield,
When it is welded fast
With the unflinching truth.

LOVE is so frail a thing,
L A word, a look, will kill.
O lovers, have a care
How ye do deal with love.

HADST thou with all thy loveliness been true,
Had I with all my tenderness been strong,
We had not made this ruin out of life,
This desolation in a world of joy,
My poor Gorgo.

YET even the high gods at times do err;
Be therefore thou not overcome with woe,
But dedicate anew to greater love
An equal heart, and be thy radiant self
Once more, Gorgo.

LXXXVIII

AS on a morn a traveller might emerge
From the deep green seclusion of the hills,
By a cool road through forest and through fern,
Little frequented, winding, followed long
With joyous expectation and day-dreams,
And on a sudden turning a great rock
Covered with frondage, dark with dripping water,
Behold the seaboard full of surf and sound,
With all the space and glory of the world
Above the burnished silver of the sea,—

EVEN so it was upon that first spring day
When time that is a devious path for men
Led me all lonely to thy door at last;
And all thy splendid beauty gracious and glad
(Glad as bright colour, free as wind or air,
And lovelier than racing seas of foam)
Bore sense and soul and mind at once away
To a pure region where the gods might dwell,
Making of me, a vagrant child before,
A servant of joy at Aphrodite's will.

WHERE shall I look for thee,
Where find thee now,
O my lost Atthis?

STORM bars the harbour,
And snow keeps the pass
In the blue mountains.

BITTER the wind whistles,
Pale is the sun,
And the days shorten.

CLOSE to the hearthstone,
With long thoughts of thee,
Thy lonely

SITS now, remembering
All the spent hours
And thy fair beauty.

AH, when the hyacinth
Wakens with spring,
And buds the laurel,

DOUBT not, some morning
When all earth revives,
Hearing Pan's flute-call

OVER the river-beds,
Over the hills,
Sounding the summons,

I shall look up and behold
In the door,
Smiling, expectant,

LOVING as ever
And glad as of old,
My own lost Atthis!

O sad, sad face and saddest eyes that ever
Beheld the sun,
Whence came the grief that makes of all thy
beauty
One sad sweet smile?

I N this bright portrait where the painter fixed
them
I still behold
The eyes that gladdened and the lips that loved
me,
And, gold on rose,

T HE cloud of hair that settles on one
shoulder
Slipped from its vest.
I almost hear thy Mitylenean love-song
In the spring night,

WHEN the still air was odorous with
blossoms

And in the hour
Thy first wild girl's-love trembled into being,
Glad, glad and fond.

AH, where is all that wonder? What God's
malice
Undid that joy
And set the seal of patient woe upon thee,
O my lost love?

WHY have the gods in derision
Severed us, heart of my being?
Where have they lured thee to wander,
O my lost lover?

WHILE now I sojourn with sorrow,
Having remorse for my comrade,
What town is blessed with thy beauty,
Gladdened and prospered?

NAY, who could love as I loved thee,
With whom thy beauty was mingled
In those spring days when the swallows
Came with the south wind?

THEN I became as that shepherd
Loved by Selene on Latmus,
Once when her own summer magic
Took hold upon her

WITH a sweet madness, and
thenceforth

Her mortal lover must wander
Over the wide world forever,
Like one enchanted.

LIKE a red lily in the meadow grasses,
Swayed by the wind and burning in the
sunlight,

I saw you where the city chokes with traffic
Bearing among the passers-by your beauty,
Unsullied, wild, and delicate as a flower.
And then I knew past doubt or peradventure
Our loved and mighty Eleusinian mother
Had taken thought of me for her pure worship,
And of her favour had assigned my comrade
For the Great Mysteries,—knew I should find
you

When the dusk murmured with its new-made
lovers,

And we be no more foolish but wise children
And well content partake of joy together,
As she ordains and human hearts desire.

WHEN in the spring the swallows all
return,
And the bleak bitter sea grows mild once more,
With all its thunders softened to a sigh;

WHEN to the meadows the young green
comes back,
And swelling buds put forth on every bough,
With wild-wood odours on the delicate air;

AH, then, in that so lovely earth wilt thou
With all her beauty love me all one way,
And make me all thy lover as before?

LO, where the white-maned horses of the
surge,
Plunging in thunderous onset to the shore,
Trample and break and charge along the sand!

COLD is the wind where Daphne sleeps,
That was so tender and so warm
With loving,—with a loveliness
Than her own laurel lovelier.

NOW pipes the bitter wind for her,
And the snow sifts about her door,
While far below her frosty hill
The racing billows plunge and boom.

HARK, where Poseidon's
White racing horses
Trample with tumult
The shelving seaboard!

OLDER than Saturn,
Older than Rhea,
That mournful music,
Falling and surging

WITH the vast rhythm
Ceaseless, eternal,
Keeps the long tally
Of all things mortal.

HOW many lovers
Hath not its lulling
Cradled to slumber
With the ripe flowers,

ERE for our pleasure
This golden summer
Walked through the corn-lands
In gracious splendour!

HOW many loved ones
Will it not croon to,
In the long spring days
Through coming ages,

WHEN all our day-dreams
Have been forgotten,
And none remembers
Even thy beauty!

THEY too shall slumber
In quiet places,
And mighty sea-sounds
Call them unheeded.

HARK, my lover, it is spring!
 On the wind a faint far call
 Wakes a pang within my heart,
 Unmistakable and keen.

AT the harbour mouth a sail
 Glimmers in the morning sun,
 And the ripples at her prow
 Whiten into crumbling foam,

AS she forges outward bound
 For the teeming foreign ports.
 Through the open window now,
 Hear the sailors lift a song!

IN the meadow ground the frogs
 With their deafening flutes begin,—
 The old madness of the world
 In their golden throats again.

LITTLE fifers of live bronze,
Who hath taught you with wise lore
To unloose the strains of joy,
When Orion seeks the west?

AND you feathered flute-players,
Who instructed you to fill
All the blossomy orchards now
With melodious desire?

I doubt not our father Pan
Hath a care of all these things.
In some valley of the hills
Far away and misty-blue,

BY quick water he hath cut
A new pipe, and set the wood
To his smiling lips, and blown,
That earth's rapture be restored.

AND those wild Pandean stops
Mark the cadence life must keep.
O my lover, be thou glad;
It is spring in Hellas now.

WHEN the early soft spring wind comes
blowing
Over Rhodes and Samos and Miletus,
From the seven mouths of Nile to Lesbos,
Freighted with sea-odours and gold sunshine,

WHAT news spreads among the island
people
In the market-place of Mitylene,
Lending that unwonted stir of gladness
To the busy streets and thronging doorways?

IS it word from Ninus or Arbela,
Babylon the great, or Northern Imbros?
Have the laden galleons been sighted
Stoutly labouring up the sea from Tyre?

NAY, 't is older news that foreign sailor
With the cheek of sea-tan stops to prattle
To the young fig-seller with her basket
And the breasts that bud beneath her tunic.

AND I hear it in the rustling tree-tops.
All this passionate bright tender body
Quivers like a leaf the wind has shaken,
Now love wanders through the aisles of
springtime.

XCVIII

I am more tremulous than shaken reeds,
And love has made me like the river water.

THY voice is as the hill wind over me,
And all my changing heart gives heed, my
lover.

BEFORE thy least lost murmur I must
sigh,
Or gladden with thee as the sun-path glitters.

OVER the wheat field,
Over the hill-crest,
Swoops and is gone
The beat of a wild wing,
Brushing the pine-tops,
Bending the poppies,
Hurrying Northward
With golden summer.

WHAT premonition,
O purple swallow,
Told thee the happy
Hour of migration?
Hark! On the threshold
(Hush, flurried heart in me!),
Was there a footfall?
Did no one enter?

S OON will a shepherd
In rugged Dacia,
Folding his gentle
Ewes in the twilight,
Lifting a level
Gaze from the sheepfold,
Say to his fellow,
“Lo, it is springtime.”

T HIS very hour
In Mitylene,
Will not a young girl
Say to her lover,
Lifting her moon-white
Arms to enlace him,
Ere the glad sigh comes,
“Lo, it is lovetime!”

ONCE more the rain on the mountain,
Once more the wind in the valley,
With the soft odours of springtime
And the long breath of remembrance,
O Lityerses!

WARM is the sun in the city.
On the street corners with laughter
Traffic the flower-girls. Beauty
Blossoms once more for thy pleasure
In many places.

GENTLIER now falls the twilight,
With the slim moon in the pear-trees;
And the green frogs in the meadows
Blow on shrill pipes to awaken
Thee, Lityerses.

GLADLIER now crimson morning
Flushes fair-built Mitylene,—
Portico, temple, and column,—
Where the young garlanded women
Praise thee with singing.

AH, but what burden of sorrow
Tinges their slow stately chorus,
Though spring revisits the glad earth?
Wilt thou not wake to their summons,
O Lityerses?

SHALL they then never behold thee,—
Nevermore see thee returning
Down the blue cleft of the mountains,
Nor in the purple of evening
Welcome thy coming?

NEVERMORE answer thy glowing
Youth with their ardour, nor cherish
With lovely longing thy spirit,
Nor with soft laughter beguile thee,
O Lityerses?

HEEDLESS, assuaged, art thou sleeping
Where the spring sun cannot find thee,
Nor the wind waken, nor woodlands
Bloom for thy innocent rapture
Through golden hours?

HAST thou no passion nor pity
For thy deserted companions?
Never again will thy beauty
Quell their desire nor rekindle,
O Lityerses?

NAY, but in vain their clear voices
Call thee. Thy sensitive beauty
Is become part of the fleeting
Loveliness, merged in the pathos
Of all things mortal.

IN the faint fragrance of flowers,
On the sweet draft of the sea-wind,
Linger strange hints now that loosen
Tears for thy gay gentle spirit,
O Lityerses!

NOW the hundred songs are made,
And the hundred times. Loving Heart,
There must be a love in summer,
And the flute be laid aside.

ON a day the forest is so still
Walking through the woods of the world,
Hushing all the brave endeavours
Of the crickets in the grass.

ON a day (Oh, far from now!)
Earth will hear this voice no more;
For it shall be with thy lover
As with Linus long ago.

ALL the happy songs he wrought
From remembrance soon must fade,
As the wash of silver moonlight
From a purple-dark ravine.

FRAIL as dew upon the grass
Or the spindrift of the sea,
Out of nothing they were fashioned
And to nothing must return.

NAY, but something of thy love,
Passion, tenderness, and joy,
Some strange magic of thy beauty,
Some sweet pathos of thy tears,

MUST imperishably cling
To the cadence of the words,
Like a spell of lost enchantments
Laid upon the hearts of men.

WILD and fleeting as the notes
Blown upon a woodland pipe,
They must haunt the earth with gladness
And a tinge of old regret.

FOR the transport in their rhythm
Was the throb of thy desire,
And thy lyric moods shall quicken
Souls of lovers yet unborn.

WHEN the golden days arrive,
With the swallow at the eaves,
And the first sob of the south wind
Sighing at the latch with spring,

LONG hereafter shall thy name
Be recalled through foreign lands,
And thou be a part of sorrow
When the Linus songs are sung.

