

Last Edition.

VOL. XXXV, NO. 188.

LONDON, CANADA, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1898.

WHOLE NO. 10,818.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

BORN.
COX—At Thames View Cottage, South London, on April 18, 1898, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Cox.

DIED.
MARSHALL—On Thursday, April 28, 1898, H. Wilberforce Marshall, father of the late Mr. Marshall, died at his residence, 20, St. James's Place, London, at 83.

Amusements and Lectures
Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line, each insertion.

THE KIRKNESS—ADMISSION—ADULTS.
Reserved seat plan for entire week now on view, and tickets secured at C. P. R. ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets.

BASEBALL—MONDAY AND TUESDAY.
May 2 and 3, London vs. Niagara University, 3:30 p.m. Admission 25c. Ladies free. Boys 10c. Grand stand 15c.

ART CLASS IN PAINTING, OIL, CHINA
and photo retouching at 201 Dundas, Miss Collins.

TICKETS TO ENGLAND VIA BEST
lines. Money exchanged. Dominion Express office, 100 Dundas, corner to Richmond street, next Advertiser Office.

WANTING RIDING TAUGHT AT PALACE
Dancing Academy, 476 Richmond street. We want your patronage. Day and Evening.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING
at Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz, two-step, and the new dances. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lessons any hour.

Meetings.

CATHOLIC CLUB—REGULAR MEETING
this (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Important business. Every member requested to attend. John O. Drongols, president; John Longhish, secretary.

KING SOLIMON LODGE, NO. 578, A. F.
and A. M. An emergency communication of the above lodge will be held in the lodge room, West London, on this Friday evening, April 29, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring degrees. Sitting brethren invited. E. Weber, W. M.; W. Nichol, Sec.

I. O. O. F.—SECOND DEGREE, DOMINION
Lodge, No. 48, this (Friday) evening. Visitors invited. Thos. D. Parkinson, N. G.; A. D. Huff, Sec.

IRISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY—ANNUAL
meeting, president's office, Friday, April 29, at 8 o'clock. Election of officers and arrangements for dinner. P. Mulken, Pres.; A. D. Huff, Sec.

EVANGELISTIC MEETING—FIRST
at Methodist Church, 100 Dundas, corner to Richmond street. Rev. Daniel, pastor.

Domestics Wanted.
HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—GOOD NEEDLE.
WOMAN preferred. References. Apply Mrs. Niven, 423 Colborne street.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—APPLY
Mrs. J. A. Nelles, 24 Prospect avenue.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK
in family of four, where another servant is kept. Apply to 584 Queen's avenue.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN
light housework. Apply at new house, corner George and Cheapside.

Male Help Wanted.
CARRIAGE PAINTER WANTED—APPLY
this office, or H. Walker, Odell.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN 15 OR 16
years old, capable of taking charge of shipping and receiving. Apply Santo & Carroll, York street.

ACTIVE YOUNG MAN—ONE OR TWO
years experience at blacksmithing. R. Knowles & Co.

BOYS WANTED TO LEARN LITHO-
graphy and printing business. Knowledge & Co.

CIGAR PACKERS WANTED—JOSSEPH
Smith, cigar manufacturer, 288 Dundas street.

Female Help Wanted.
WANTED—FIRST CLASS HAND-SEW-
ing machine operator and apprentice. Apply R. Green, Carling street.

MANTLE CUTTER WANTED—MUST BE
a lady of experience. J. H. Chapman & Co.

Wanted.
LONDON CARPET CLEANING WORKS—
Carpet taken up and cleaned by latest process. Carpets altered, refitted and laid. All work promptly attended to. Estimates given on application. James S. Shaw, 142 Wortley road. Telephone 289 or send a card.

WANTED—THREE HUNDRED GOOD
second-hand overcoats. Highest price paid. P. S. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to.

Lost and Found.
LOST—ON THURSDAY MORNING—
1 Latin Text Book. Finder returning to return it to this office.

LOST—SATURDAY—GIRLS' BUSTON
A shoe, left foot in. Finder, part of city. Finder please leave at 600 Dundas street, 17c.

Musical Instruction.
MRS. and MISS NOBLE TEACHERS OF
piano, organ and harmony. Residence 620 King street.

W. H. HEWLETT—ORGANIST DUNDAS
Center Church, teaches piano, organ and theory. 435 Dundas street.

J. T. WOLCOTT—ORGANIST FIRST
Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ and composition. 5 Prospect avenue.

ELOCUTION.
MISS SHIELDON, teacher.
Classes of ten for study of elocution are now being formed. Greatly reduced rates. Apply at Congregational Music, 574 Dundas street, for particulars. Phone 100.

Money to Loan.
We have unlimited private funds for investment on real estate security. Farm or city property. Improved, at 4% interest. Write or call. Morrell, Cameron, Judd & Drongols, solicitors, 415 Dundas street, London.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO
loan at 4% to 5% per cent on real estate security. In sums to suit. No commission charged. W. V. Scandrett, solicitor, etc., 38 Dundas street, London.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORT-
gages at 5% per cent, on second mortgages and other security at low rates, at G. W. Francis loan office, 574 Dundas street, London.

SUMS OF \$100 AND UPWARDS TO LOAN
on real estate at 5 to 6 per cent. G. N. Francis, solicitor, corner Richmond and King streets.

\$100,000 TO LEND ON MORT-
gages and notes. Ten per cent. McDermott & Co., 78 Dundas street, London. Branch offices, Glencoe, Bothwell and Alvin street.

The Robins and Flowers Of Spring

are with us again. Very nice to have them, we admit, but they are no more enjoyable than our fine Oxford for women, at

\$1.25
—in black and the new shades of tan—all sizes.

J. P. Cook,
173 Dundas Street.

Articles For Sale.
FOR SALE—ONE HALF BRED, JERSEY,
milk cow; also 1 1/2-bred heifer. 60 Ann street, West London.

4 POUNDS PORK SAUSAGE, 25 CENTS.
2 pounds 14 cents; superior brand ham, bacon, lard; also butter, eggs, cheese, poultry. At Gawn Park's, corner Market Lane and Market Square.

FOR SALE—10 HORSE POWER ENGINE,
with horse power boiler and smokestack. Cheap. Apply 94 King street.

HOSTING ENGINES.
One double drum, Copeland & Bacon build.

MILLWOOD AND SAWDUST FOR SALE
The Columbia Handle Co., Adelaide street. Phone 1,223.

RECYCLESUNDRIES, RUBBER CEMENT,
and other goods, repaired and cleaned and painted. 24 Richmond street.

LADIES' GIVES THE BEST SATISFIED
ladies' gowns, etc. 15c and 25c. 88k zcv, 35 Dundas street.

IRON AND LEAD PIPE, STEAM AND
water fittings of all kinds. Smith Bros, 35 Dundas street.

MUST MOVE—MAY FIRST—HAVE DE-
nied to move as little stock as possible. The time to lay in your stock at reduced prices. Call on J. P. Cook, 173 Dundas street.

COAL AND WOOD—BEST QUALITY—W.
E. Eady, Bartlett & Parsons' old stand, 709 Dundas street. Phone 133.

KEENE'S, MASONIC TEMPLE, IS THE
cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.

BATHS, SINKS, PUMPS, WATER
closets, steam and hot water boilers. Smith Bros, 35 Dundas street.

ENGINE FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—
Thirty horse power engine, run at ninety miles per hour. Can be had at Advertiser Office.

ELECTRIC BELLS, MEDICAL BATTER-
ies, etc., repaired at moderate prices; also police, fire and experimental work. J. R. Miller, Victoria Buildings, opposite City Hall.

RECYCLESUNDRIES, CEMENT AND
Hutchinson's, 601 Dundas street.

NEW LINE OF JARDINIERS JUST
opened, at 10c, 12c, 15c and up. 650 Dundas street, East London.

CATALANO & SANSONE—FRESH BA-
con, give very low price on quantities (whole or retail); lemons and oranges also. 306 Dundas street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.
COTTAGE TO LET—CORNER RICHMOND
and Dundas streets; 7 rooms and bath. Apply to J. P. Cook, 173 Dundas street.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—8 ROOMS—
Peter street. M. H. Rowland, 486 Queen's avenue.

TO LET—PART OF COTTAGE TO RENT—
Apply 32 King street.

HOUSE OVER BARKWELL'S DRUG
store, convenient and suitable for boarders. 1547 cod.

TO LET—FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING
or sample rooms. Apply 310 Richmond street.

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—
435 Dundas street, corner of Cartwright street. Modern improvements. Rent moderate. Possession May 15. Apply to Anderson & Nelles, druggists, 143 York street.

TO LET—NICE HOME, WITH A THE-
South London; rent low. Apply Kijgour's furniture warehouses. 110a

TO LET—NO. 41 KING STREET—TWO-
STORY brick. Excellent situation. Rent low. Apply 69 King street.

TO LET—COVERED MOVING VANS.
Pianos and furniture carefully removed. H. Porter & Co., 37 Carling street. Phone 1,182.

TO LET—BRICK COTTAGE—MODERN
improvements. High street, south West London. Apply Wm. A. Gunn.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—40 ASKIN
light, gas, fruit and ornamental trees. Nice home for a small family; \$14 per month. Part Cottam.

TO LET—213 QUEEN'S AVENUE—NEW
double parlors, etc. Apply to Dr. Kingmill, 213 Queen's avenue.

OFFICE TO LET—ON FIRST FLAT, MA-
sonic Temple Building. Apply to M. H. Leys, Masonic Temple.

Business Chances.
STORE AND DWELLING—
DUNDAS STREET EAST—Good business stand; plate glass front, fixtures, 8 roomed dwelling attached, stable, etc.; \$800 cash; balance on easy terms; low interest.

A. A. CAMPBELL.
The Realty Dealer.
Molson Bank Buildings. Telephone 642.

Real Estate.
FOR SALE.
Two building lots, Talbot street north. Two building lots, Hill street, east Waterloo. Residence, 343 Maitland street. 110a

TO LET.
Residence, 232 Queen's avenue. Store 262 Dundas street. House 136 Richmond street. Several other choice building lots. Call for particulars. R. K. COWAN, barrister, etc.

2 COTTAGES ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Splendid 2-story house at a bargain. A number of choice building lots. Call for particulars. J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street.

Mutual System

is operated by the Ontario Mutual Life

Dividends are paid to policyholders only, who receive all the benefits of the Company's successful management. The Ontario is the only Canadian Mutual.

C. E. GERMAN,
General Agent.
Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets, London.

TENDERS.
TENDERS will be received up to Saturday, May 7, for building and erecting, Alfred Bodley, Architect, corner Richmond and Dundas.

AUCTION SALE
At Roswell House, 121 King street, London, Thursday, May 6, 10 a.m. Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Harness and other articles. Parties having any of the above articles can see them in the forenoon. Information can be obtained from J. F. BROWN, Auctioneer.

Veterinary Surgeons.
J. H. TENNANT—VETERINARY SUR-
geon—Office, King street, opposite the City Hall. Residence, corner King and Wellington.

There May Be Co-Operation
On a Great Scale Between Britain and America.

Miss Gladstone Gives Up Hope of Her
Father's Recovery—The War Sends the Price of Wheat Kiting.

NO ARBITRATION.
London, April 29.—In the House of Commons, Mr. A. J. Balfour said no negotiations were at present proceeding on the subject of an arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States.

WHEAT BOOMING.
London, April 29.—The continued rise of wheat causes uneasiness, the price now being higher than at any time during the last twenty years. A meeting of protectionists in London yesterday, in favor of a government reserve of wheat in England.

MR. GLADSTONE.
London, April 29.—Miss Helen Gladstone, replying to a letter of sympathy, referring to the illness of her father: "We cannot hope for recovery, but the progress of his illness is very slow. He will probably remain with us for some time. He suffers much at times, but happily the doctors are able to give him very considerable relief."

THE PRINCE OF WALES will shortly pay a farewell visit to Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden Castle.

HAWARDEN, APRIL 29.—Mr. Gladstone is resting very comfortably, but his general condition is less favorable. The sufferer is now entirely confined to his bed or to his bedroom. The diminishing pain is a bad sign. It always marks the latter stage of disease from which Mr. Gladstone is suffering.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CO-OPERATION.
London, April 29.—Mr. George W. Smalley, calling to the Times from McKinley on the subject of the relations between England and the United States. He adds practically nothing to his summary of the impressions received at the previous interview.

MR. SMALLEY SAYS: "The idea, but some way there may some day be co-operation on a great scale between England and the United States is not strange to him (President McKinley). It is too soon to say anything definite on that subject, but he was in England, some such conception of the future dawn upon the American mind, and the president's mind is American, pre-eminently American."

CABLE NOTES.
A St. Petersburg servant girl who walked off with 2,000,000 roubles, he is long to his mistress, is being hunted for in Brussels by the Belgian police.

THE EARL OF STRATHMORE has consented to accept the command of the volunteer artillery team selected to visit Canada this year.

A ROME DISPATCH SAYS: Bread riots took place at Bari, capital of Brindisi. A mob of 2,000 attacked the tax public gardens, and then proceeded to make an assault upon the town hall and prison. The latter attempt was frustrated by the prison guards and police.

The Children's Enemy.
Scrofula often shows itself in early life and is characterized by swellings, abscesses, etc. Consumption is a scourge of the lungs. In this class of diseases Scott's Emulsion is unquestionably the most reliable medicine.

Jewelers.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO REPAIRING—
J. F. West, Engraver and Jeweler, 340 Richmond street (up stairs), London, Ont.

Insurance.
A. N. UDY—INSURANCE AGENT—
phone 753.

Viavi Treatment.
MRS. STEIN AT HOME SATURDAYS
Ladies of the country. 31 Hyman street, London.

Fight or Get Out!

The Position of the United States Asiatic Squadron.

Must Capture a Base of Supplies or Return to San Francisco.

Unconfirmed Rumor of a Reverse to the Fleet.
The U. S. Squadron Is Expected to Reach Manila Saturday.

Announcement That the Spanish Fleet Has Sailed From St. Vincent.

The Released Prize Steamer Catalina's Cargo Belonged to Chatham, Ont.

Robert Barr Says the British Are With the Americans.

The Captured Spanish Steamer Saturnia Has Been Left Go—Shenandoah Safe—Her Cargo of Wheat Worth \$250,000—Vessel Owners Protest Against the Onerous Tonnage Tax.

Washington, April 29.—Naval officers say they expect the first big war news from the Philippines, as Dewey either must capture a Philippine port as a base of operations or sail for San Francisco.

There was a rumor, unconfirmed, from any source, on the Paris bourse yesterday, that the United States fleet had received a check in the Philippine Islands.

MAY REACH MANILA SATURDAY.
The admiral is believed to have sailed at two o'clock Wednesday from Manila Bay, China, for the Philippines. Assuming that his squadron is traveling at the prescribed speed of ten knots, it is calculated that the navy department that he should occupy about 60 hours in the passage to Manila, which will bring him off that port early Saturday morning. It is probable that if the Spanish fleet can be driven into the harbor, under the protection of the batteries, Admiral Dewey will detach some of his ships to blockade the port and his small force to seize and occupy, with native assistance, some unfortified ports as a base.

SHELLING MATANZAS.
The shelling of the Matanzas batteries was the most absorbing interest throughout naval and official circles yesterday. It was discussed on the press reports from the Philippines, as the navy department has been renewed, property of the subject. The secretary said that in the absence of the shell, the shell was inclined to believe that the shell was confined to the exchange of a few shots, and did not assume the proportions of a regular bombardment. When his attention was directed to reports that the shelling was the result of direct orders from the president, the secretary said this was not so, as the president was giving no direct orders on any of these movements.

FOR BOTH HUMANITARIAN REASONS, however, it is believed the president contemplates the early seizure of Matanzas, only because of its military importance, but in order that he may from there hold out a helping hand to the starving peasantry. It is likely, therefore, that Admiral Sampson will soon take steps to begin a decisive bombardment of Matanzas.

NEEDS OF THE NAVY.
The navy department has ceased its purchase of ships for conversion into war vessels, owing to the exhaustion of the \$50,000,000 war fund. The department is still in need of auxiliary vessels. The Port Royal dry dock, the shell, to official information, will now be the biggest of the regular navy department, even the fleet, should they meet with accident during the campaign. The needed dredging has been done.

INVASION OF CUBA.
A rather striking sign of the imminence of the invasion of Cuba was contained in the chartering of the war department of eight large steamers, of an average capacity of about 2,000 tons and above, to carry from 500 to 1,200 passengers each. They are to be used as transports for the conveyance of the first military expedition to Cuba.

It is said the conference was for the discussion of plans for landing troops in Cuba, so that food may be sent to the starving people of the island.

HOW THE MONEY GOES.
The several allotments made by the president from day to day out of the \$50,000,000 defense appropriation now aggregate \$41,222,116, as follows: War, \$16,148,627; navy, \$25,073,489; treasury, \$5,000. Of these amounts the navy department has disbursed \$11,145,000, and the war department \$2,145,000.

FOR CANADIAN WATERS.
St. John, Nfld., April 29.—In consequence of representations from the colonial government to the imperial authorities that it is possible a Spanish fleet may visit this coast to secure coal, the British naval office today called the British cruisers the cruisers Cordelia and Pelican to proceed immediately to Newfoundland waters to be in readiness to cope with any emergency that might arise.

BELONGS TO CHATHAM, ONT.
The Catalina, which the Americans captured the other day, is one of the finest boats of the Peninsular Line and laden with a valuable cargo of staves, the property of the Sutherland-Innes Company, of Chatham, Ont. She sailed from New Orleans on April 22 for Barcelona. Immediately on learning of her capture, Mr. Innes communicated with Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador at Washington, notifying him of the capture of their cargo, and asking his interference in the matter. Word has been received by the company that the boat and cargo had been released and were on their voyage in safety.

THE UNITED STATES treasury department has ordered the release of the Spanish vessel Saturnia, recently captured in Bilao, Spain, and has further the president's proclamation such vessels are allowed 30 days in which to leave port, hence the order of release.

THE MISSING SAGO.
Key West, April 29.—The steamer City of Key West, reports that she sighted the missing steamer Sago, captured by the monitor Terror, and carrying a prize crew, under Paymaster G. Simpson. She had been blown out of her course, while making for Key West. All on board were safe.

FOREIGN NEUTRALITY.
The French embassy has received a cable dispatch from the foreign office at Paris announcing that a decree of neutrality between the United States and Spain has been issued. The apprehension as to Portugal's course was considerably removed by the arrival of the steamer Sago, which gave strong assurances to the state department that Portugal would remain strictly neutral.

IT DEVELOPS THAT THE NEUTRALITY causes no material inconvenience to her, as she has no ports at which Spanish ships can take refuge, but it discloses that her strong tendencies are with Spain, owing to the dynastic relations between the thrones of Austria and Spain.

At Porto Rico.
THE SITUATION CRITICAL—PRO-
PERTY OF CATHOLICS DESTROYED.
New York, April 29.—A St. Thomas dispatch says: Citizens are fleeing from San Juan and Porto Rico. The bulk of the Catholic population is being driven from the harbor channel. Buys have been cleared and the lighthouses have been now connected with the land. Arms have been issued to 30,000 men.

Orders have been issued for compulsory military service. There was a panic on Monday night. There are two months' food supplies in the city, and tons of provisions, chiefly condensed milk, have been landed from Grand Antilles.

The gunboats Pinellos, Manuel and Genovay are now in the harbor. The Americans have been destroyed and their lives are in danger. The situation is critical. The president's representatives will be made on the subject, pointing out the onerousness of the proposed measure. The president, Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and with the European powers on the subject, and the president of the board of trade added joint representations will be made on the question of tonnage tax. France and Germany are communicating with Great Britain on the subject.

FLEETS IN ASIATIC WATERS.
UNITED STATES.
Ton. Speed. Armament. Battery.
Olympia, cruiser, 3,570 20.9 4 in. 10 5 in.
Baltimore, cruiser, 4,113 20.9 4 in. 6 in.
Albatross, cruiser, 3,000 15.5 6 in. 2 in.
Concord, gunboat, 1,700 17 in.
Petrel, gunboat, 822 12.0 4 in.

SPANISH.
Ton. Speed. Armament. Battery.
Reina Christina, cruiser, 3,520 17.5 6 in. 3 in.
Castilla, cruiser, 3,342 14.0 4 in. 5 in.
Yavoy, gunboat, 1,200 14.5 5 in.
Don Juan de Austria, 1,300 14.0 4 in. 4 in.
L. gunboats of small armament.

TO CAPTURE THE CANARIES.
New York, April 29.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Washington says: The board of strategy recommended at a late hour Thursday evening that as soon as it becomes apparent that the Spanish fleet does not intend to cross the Atlantic, the Canary Islands, in the Atlantic, and the Balearic Islands, in the Mediterranean, probably the island of Minorca, as a basis of supplies. If the United States does not come to the aid of the Allies, the United States has decided that to end the war the United States warships must attack Spain at home. The best warships are (Continued on page 2).

Fresh Drugs

Our entire stock is fresh and clean, and we offer it to our customers with a guarantee that the quality is first-class; we have no old shopworn goods to work off at fictitious prices.

We sell drugs as cheaply as we possibly can, but quality is the first consideration.

Just now we have an insect powder of very fine quality, something absolutely pure and reliable.

Cairncross & Lawrence,
216 Dundas St., London.
Branch—Cor. Richmond and Piccadilly.

THE SHENANDOAH SAFE.
Daily Press says: "England's sympathy is naturally on the side of America."

According to a dispatch from Singapore to the Daily Mail, the French steamer Salgon and the Spanish steamer Espana have arrived there from Manila, crowded with Spanish refugees from the Philippines.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 29.—The four-masted American ship Shenandoah, Capt. Murray, from San Francisco, reported to have been captured by the Spanish, arrived here safely yesterday. The tug Rathlin met the Shenandoah off coast of Ireland and towed her to Point Lynce for \$1,500, as the commander of the Shenandoah was unwilling to risk her being intercepted. Her cargo, owing to the advance in the price of wheat, is worth \$250,000.

AUSTRIAN SYMPATHY.
London, April 29.—The Vienna correspondent of the Morning Post says: "Emperor Francis Joseph privately contributed £20,000 to the national subscription in Spain, and has further shown his sympathy by permitting a number of Austro-Hungarian officers to join the Spanish flag. The Archduke Eugene has gone to Madrid to stay with the queen regent during this critical period, and the Austrian forces will be at the disposal of the queen regent. The emperor is determined that her majesty shall have the benefit of his fullest protection."

THE SEVENTH "PLUNKED."
New York, April 29.—Col. Daniel Appleton, of the Seventh Regiment, says the command refuses to volunteer because they were not assured that after being mustered in they would retain their old organization and officers. By most people, however, the action is regarded as a complete rout. The regiment embraces almost exclusively men from high social and business ranks. It develops today that the vote by which the regiment refused to volunteer was practically unanimous, only four of the 1,067 members voting to enter the service. The Seventh won a great record in the civil war and is the best known in the state.

THE ONEROUS TONNAGE TAX.
London, April 29.—Following the question addressed to the government in the House of Commons yesterday in regard to the bill before congress, providing for increasing the tonnage tax on shipping, which it is claimed, will be injurious to British trade and shipping, a deputation of members of parliament, representing the shipping constituencies, waited upon the president of the board of trade, Mr. C. T. Ritchie, and impressed the importance of the proposed increase in the tonnage tax, declaring that ship owners and traders were greatly alarmed at the measure. One delegate said his firm alone would be mulcted an additional £20,000 yearly. Mr. Ritchie said that the government was fully alive to the importance of the matter. They had communicated with the British ambassador at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and with the European powers on the subject, and the president of the board of trade added joint representations will be made on the question of tonnage tax. France and Germany are communicating with Great Britain on the subject.

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UNITED STATES.
Ton. Speed. Armament. Battery.
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SPANISH.
Ton. Speed. Armament. Battery.
Re

Fight or Get out!

(Continued from Page 1.)

sure to reach the other side of the Atlantic considerably the worse for the voyage. By seizing the Canaries they can be made a base of operations against Spain.

SAILING OF THE SPANARDS.
St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, April 29.—The Spanish squadron sailed in a southerly direction at 8:30 o'clock this (Friday) morning. Destination unknown. Orders to be given at sea.
Hong Kong, April 29.—The steamer Esmeralda, chartered by the banking companies, has gone to Manila, to bring away the specie there, as trouble is apprehended. It is understood she will be able to enter and leave Manila before the United States fleet attacks that port. She has a considerable quantity of coal on board, and also has as a passenger the insurgent leader Philippine. She is said to have sealed orders to join the United States fleet after her mission is accomplished. The cable to Manila has not been cut.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED.
Washington, April 29.—The navy department has received information that the Spanish squadron has left the Cape Verde Islands. Its destination is unknown.
Manila, Philippine Islands, April 29.—The Spanish government officials have just announced that from today the use of either code telegraphic messages will not be allowed from or to the Philippines.

WILL RUN THE BLOCKADE.
Madrid, April 29.—It was announced last evening that the captain of the steamship of the Companie Transatlantique will undertake to carry the Spanish mail to Cuba. They declare that they are certain they can force the blockade instituted by the United States fleet. Spanish residents in Mexico have captured the government offering to send the necessities of life to the Cubans.

DELAY IN THE SPANISH PARLIAMENT.
London, April 29.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "The parliamentary outlook is less satisfactory, despite the praiseworthy efforts both the government and Senator Silva are making to induce the opposition to reduce the wonted dilatory debates with a view to getting voted rapidly through bills and authorizations which are indispensable to endow the government to carry on affairs in the present critical circumstances. Unfortunately, Senator Robledo, as well as the semi-Cardist and Republicans, seems determined to prolong the retrospective and irritating debates, simply to further personal and party aims. Perfectly needless of the grave consequences of such unparliamentary attempts to weaken the government in the presence of America, they content themselves with insisting upon protracted debates on the address. In the lower house the extreme opposition groups and some elements also insist upon a fresh discussion of Cuban affairs."

DID ITS WORK.
On board the flagship New York, off Havana, April 29.—The bombardment of the Matanzas batteries is now a matter of history. The flagship has returned to her station off El Morro. As already briefly stated in these dispatches, the bombardment accomplished its purpose in full, and that without any loss of life on the American side. It is believed the Spaniards must have sustained some loss of life, in addition to having their nearly completed earthworks and fortifications torn up by the explosion of the city. The capture of the city was not at all contemplated, the object being to stop the erection of the batteries.

PORTUGAL'S PROCLAMATION.
Lisbon, April 29.—Portugal's neutrality decree was published today. It forbids the equipment of privateers in Portuguese waters.

SMALL PRIZE CAPTURED.
Key West, April 29.—A small prize, captured by the Newport off Cardenas, was brought in here this morning.

NO WORD OF THE PARIS.
Queenstown, April 29.—The Cam-

A Young Man's Sudden Death.

H. Wilberforce Marshall Expires of Heart Failure—His Mother in England.

The sudden death last night of Mr. H. Wilberforce Marshall, until recently of the Bank of Montreal, came as a great shock to his many friends. For some time past he had been ailing with inflammatory rheumatism, and was under the care of Dr. Moore. He was about the house yesterday in a cheerful mood, and feeling much better than he was. In the evening he chatted with Mr. Campbell Becher, and was retiring for the night when a peculiar sound attracted the attention of Mr. Becher. On visiting Mr. Marshall's room, he found him in a dying condition. Dr. Moore was hastily summoned, but the spark of life had fled. The doctor pronounced his death due to a weak heart, and leaves a mother, a son, and a daughter. He was a native of Slough, England, to mourn his loss. He was a member of the Bank of Montreal, and also believed to have relations by the name of Duke in Middlesex. Mr. Marshall occupied the position of teller in the Bank of Montreal, and was about a month ago, was popular among the bank officials and employees. His funeral will take place tomorrow at 3 o'clock from the residence of Mr. Campbell Becher, Grosvenor street, city.

MADRID IS QUIET.
Bulletin—Madrid, April 29.—There have been no disturbances here, and the newspapers continue their weak efforts to belittle the United States fleet and its work.
The Impartial says: "All the world now knows that America tries to bluff Spain by war threats, which she is unable to fulfill. America, on being called upon, shows a wretchedly weak hand. Its full strength is exactly known—five iron clads, two belted cruisers, three unbelted, the fastest and most powerful in the world, and two other cruisers. All the rest are theatrical superiors."

THE FINANCIAL PULSE.
London, April 29.—The market for American securities opened firm, Spanish four opened lower, at 33½.
Paris, April 29.—Spanish four opened at 23½, half lower than yesterday's final price.
New York, April 29.—Three per cent rentes have advanced to 104½, Spanish four steady at 33 9-16.

DETROITERS START FOR THE FRONT.
Detroit, April 29.—The first detachment of the Michigan naval militia started for Norfolk this morning at 8 o'clock. The detachment contains 225 men, a large and enthusiastic crowd saw them off.

WITH THE UNITED STATES.
London, April 29.—The Times today devotes considerable space to combating the statement that the public opinion here is veering toward Spain. It says: "Our sympathies on the United States question are with the United States, as they are held to be in the right. But on the matter of form, we are not so clear or unanimous."

WAR NOTES.
Over 400 German, Cuban, British and American refugees are now in the morning at Port Antonio from Santa De Cuba.
Berlin correspondent of the London Standard says: "I hear from a good source that Emperor William, who is deeply interested in the Cuban question, has recently taken occasion to explain his views as to Germany's neutrality."

Over to the arrest of some Englishmen in Cuba as American spies, and their ill treatment, representations have been opened for taking off British subjects and English men-of-war.

The bombardment of the Matanzas forts is regarded in England as a preliminary to the landing of American troops and in Cuba as the base of American operations in Cuba. It is also supposed that Rear Admiral Sampson desired to judge of the quality of the Spanish gunners and to give his men something to do to relieve the weariness.

British Are With The Americans.

So Says Luke Sharp—The St. James' Gazette Rot.

Detroit, April 29.—Robert Barr, the famous novelist and story writer, but better known hereabouts as Luke Sharp, is visiting his parents in Windsor, and a representative of the Detroit Free Press had a delightful half-hour's chat with him last evening. Said Mr. Barr:

"Americans are fools to listen to the nonsensical stories that England is not with America, heart and soul in the war. Why, sir, England will back America to a man—to a man. And then, the people on this side seem to make the opinions of the St. James' Gazette with so much weight. Why, it's folsider! No one in England pays any attention to it. It is owned by a man that writes Apollinaris water over there. It is an evening paper, and I doubt whether its circulation passes 2,000. Why don't the people pay attention to the Times, Chronicle, Standard or the Telegraph, the influential papers of the old school; or the Mail, the new one-cent wonder, with its circulation closely approximating 1,000,000 per issue? It is run on the American style—very enterprising. The St. James' Gazette used to be a good one about the time Greenwood, of the Pall Mall, first took hold of it. J. M. Barrie was one of its writers then. But now it hasn't a tithe of its former influence. It is a bitterly Tory sheet and has bankrupted one owner after another. And yet you Americans take its editorials as reflecting, ex-cathedra, the opinion of the English people. It's about as sure as the blood and mud of the sea to clean up the world."

WORK AND WAGES.

The Striking Fever in Toronto Threatens to Spread.
Toronto, April 29.—The striking fever threatens to spread to the garment workers, the men in several shops having quit work. The striking upholsterers received word yesterday that the upholsterers in the employ of Snider & Rans, of Waterloo, Ont., have struck.

The bodies of three more persons killed in the powder explosion at Santa Cruz have been recovered. It is definitely known that the explosion was due to spontaneous combustion of nitro-cerine.

The Moors In Spain.

They Did Much for Industry, Education, Music and Art.

Moorish Civilization Reached Its Highest Perfection on Spanish Soil—The Fall of the Crescent.
The much-discussed question of war with Spain has awakened a fresh interest in everything pertaining to that country, and certainly in all its history nothing is more fascinating than the Moorish civilization which reached its highest perfection on Spanish soil.
While the northern nations of Europe were living in houses of crude construction, were clothed in homespun garments, were traveling over roads that were but endless quarries, the Moors of Spain were dwelling in palaces reached by paved streets; were clothed in costly silks and velvets, and surrounded by all the luxury and splendor that are so distinctly Oriental in their character. Such was the magnificence of their public buildings that the ruins even, after the lapse of four centuries, are marvels of architectural beauty. Washington Irving, in his *Alhambra*, has given a pen picture of these ruins more vivid, more impressive, perhaps, than the artist's brush could possibly do. The Court of Lions, with its alhambra fountain, its mosaic pavement, its graceful columns and "fairy fretwork," must present to the visitor, even now, a most enchanting scene.

Where the Moors obtained all the wealth for their massive fortresses and beautiful palaces is a marvel when one considers the present denuded state of the country. But it was then not so denuded and, besides, they well understood the art of developing its sources to the utmost. The land was carefully cultivated and soon became thickly dotted over with gardens and orchards. The mines of the country yielded great riches and were utilized through hidden ways. Many of the manufactures were carried to a high state of perfection. Morocco leather and Toledo swords, both Moorish enterprises, have had world-wide fame. The Moors paid great attention to education; public schools, in connection with their mosques, were established in every city, while their sons were sent to Granada and Cordova were so renowned that Christian scholars from all parts of Europe flocked to their schools. Moorish education was incomplete unless they had attended them.

Some of the Moorish rulers were men of great wisdom and benevolence. Al-derhaman II., who ruled in an early day, "was of a gentle disposition, and very much beloved by his subjects. He employed the poor in building mosques and baths, in paving the streets of Cordova, and in bringing water to the city through leaden pipes. He was a scholar himself, and extremely generous in promoting the education of his people, embowing the large and sumptuous parts of his kingdom and supporting 999 orphan boys at his own expense."

His ruler was succeeded by his son, Mohammed, who "was a fine scholar and wrote well, both in prose and verse." It is also said of him that he built many palaces and baths in Cordova, and also laid out a garden of modern humane societies by putting in suitable place troughs for the watering of cattle and horses.

The Moors were very fond of the bath and in that respect presented a striking contrast to Peter the Great, of whom it was said he was so satisfied that he stood in the presence of English royalty.

Averroes, one of the most eminent of Arabian scholars, was a native of Cordova. His philosophy was much in vogue in the medieval Christian world, and still ranks among the scholarly productions of the world.
It is thought that the Moors had much to do in molding the tastes of Spanish people in regard to their literature and their music. Many of the national songs of Spain are said to be of Moorish origin. There is still a large population, some 60,000, descendants of the Moors in Spain, and they are still to be seen in the Moorish quarter of the city.

By the Mohammedan conquest of Spain nothing remained to the Christians but a little strip of territory at the northwest. This seemed to be over-looked or forgotten in the conquest, and the Mohammedans were not eager to take possession of the enclaved Christian land. At that time the Mohammedans were at the height of their power, and it was not until the reign of Ferdinand and Isabella that the Christians began to look back upon the Moors with a different eye.

Driven back into Spain, the Mohammedans found they had something to do to hold their possessions there. Indeed, that little unconquered corner at the northwest proved in the end their ruin. Steadily year by year as the centuries went by the followers of the Cross extended their territory, and just as steadily the dominions of the Crescent grew smaller until, at last, under Queen Isabella and her successors, they were utterly defeated and the remnant of a once numerous people took their departure in sorrow and defeat.

Among the principal reasons for the rapid spread of Islamism for the first four centuries of the Mohammedan era, the system of polygamy which it sanctified. A man could have a great many wives and consequently many children. Mention is made of one ruler who had 100 sons, and numerous instances are given of rulers who had 200 or 300 children. A man's children would naturally be educated in his own faith, so that one could readily see that it would take but a few generations to raise up a host of believers in that faith.

Another reason was that Christian women often preferred the seclusion and protection afforded them in the harem to the insecurity and brutality to which they were exposed among the turbulent Christian nations of that period.
Macaulay defines the condition of society in Europe by saying that it was divided between two classes, "one the beasts of burden, the other the beasts of prey. And no places were secure from the invasion of the latter but shrines, chapels, churches and religious houses. Women and delicate women sought a retreat in some convent or monastery. Who can wonder that when there was no convent to protect them that women did sometimes renounce their faith and seek shelter and protection in a Mohammedan harem?"

But that old Moorish life in Spain is but a memory, of a civilization the most wonderful of any ever known among men.

FEMALE WEAKNESS CURED.
Mrs. Saunders Made Well and Strong by Dodd's Kidney Pills.
Brantford, April 25.—The wives and mothers of Ontario are the most ardent disciples of Dodd's way of curing Diseases of Women—i. e., by using Dodd's Kidney Pills.
This is natural, for no medicine, on earth, no agency known to man has saved women one tithe of the agony that Dodd's Kidney Pills have banished.

Mrs. F. Saunders, of Brantford, tells her suffering sisters what Dodd's Kidney Pills did for her: "I have been a martyr to Female Weakness for the past year and suffered terribly. Dodd's Kidney Pills made me strong and well and healthy, though several other remedies I used did me no good whatever." So the record grows. Cures made every day. Failures—never.

A Complicated Machine.
is an object of admiration, but a complicated machine is a thing hitherto unknown. Druggist Merrill, of Brantford, has combined iron and herbs and made a marvelous blood purifier and purifier, as well as a tonic for the nerves. Effects a radical cure in cases of rheumatism, blood diseases, and Sold at Strong's pharmacy.
In India there is a fly which attacks and devours large spiders.

Grimy finger marks seem to grow on the woodwork about the house. They come easily and they stick, too—unless you get rid of them with **GOLD DUST Washing Powder**. It makes all cleaning easy. THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

SNAPS IN STORMERS

For Cash Buyers.

Model 1897, ladies', with Dunlop Tires \$35.00
Model 1898, highest grade - - - \$45.00

LONDON HARDWARE COMPANY

London, Ontario.

Practical Sympathy

Shown by Lambeth Farmers for an Ailing Neighbor.

Turned Out in Force and Sowed His Spring Seed.

Lambeth, April 29.—Mrs. Garrick, of Waterloo street, London, after spending a few days with friends here, returns home today.

Miss Sima, of Littleton, is visiting at her uncle's, Mr. Gideon Vandellier.

Miss Bertie Little is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Barr, of Harpersburg.

A crowd of neighbors, friends and I. O. F. brethren, with their teams, turned out to put in Mr. Joe Caldwell's spring corn. There were 24 teams, that cultivated and sowed about 25 acres, besides plowing three acres.

KONOKA.
Konoka, April 28.—Mr. J. A. McKellar, on receiving the unexpected news of his father's death, who resided in Bedford, left for that place Wednesday morning.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the Presbyterian Church on Sabbath afternoon, at 3 p.m. The Rev. Mr. Lawrence, of Van Neck, will conduct the preparatory service on Friday afternoon.

No less than three steam shovels could be seen in this place last Wednesday evening. One is now at work on the G. T. R., and another almost ready to begin operation in the C. P. R. pit, and the third one, a new machine, was on its way to the east.

The select members of the R. T. of T. will please not forget the meeting to be held at Bro. J. A. McKellar's on Saturday evening.

ARKONA.
Arkona, April 28.—W. P. Henderson, of Port Huron, here.

Mrs. M. Dunlop and Mrs. A. Barnes visited with friends in Watford Tuesday.

The many friends in this vicinity of Miss Della Vanderburg, of Coldstream, will be saddened to hear of her death on Saturday last, after an illness of many months. Her visit to this section Miss Vanderburg was a most welcome one.

School was closed for a few days last week in Miss Morris' room, she being confined to the house with a lame leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Lumby, of London, paid a visit to relatives and friends in town and vicinity this week. Mr. Will Lumby, of Petrofka, visited his children and other relatives and friends here on Sunday, and Monday night. Will is looking fine.

RAVENSWOOD.
Ravenswood, April 28.—On the 24th anniversary services were held in the Presbyterian Church here, it being the 22nd anniversary of the ordination and induction of the Rev. H. Currie into the charges of what is officially known as Theodora and Lake Road. An excellent sermon was delivered on the present occasion by Rev. J. Elliott, B.A., of East Wilfrid. The church was very tastefully decorated with flowers—Ravenswood ladies are expert florists. Rev. H. Currie, by his sincere and earnest endeavors for the spiritual welfare of those under his charge, has endeared himself to them. We believe that we echo the sentiments of the whole congregation when we say that we hope the day is far distant when there will be any separation between pastor and people.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressing, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parnelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles enumerated in the composition of Parnelee's Pills.

pain in the chest
Should always put you on your guard. Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Consumption are giving you warning. Get them off with **Dr. Wood's NORWAY PINE SYRUP**. It takes out the pain in the chest, and makes the breathing easy and natural. Nothing like it for Lung, Throat and Bronchial Troubles. From Mayfield, Ont., Miss Lizzie Hardy sends word that she has often had coughs and colds as well as Bronchitis, and Dr. Wood's NORWAY PINE SYRUP cured her every time. 25c. a bottle at all dealer.

THE J. O. McLaren Belling Co.
Pure Oak Tanned
BELLING
The only Genuine Oak Tanned Belt in the Dominion.
Montreal, Toronto

"Well Done,"
Thou Good and Faithful Servant, was the appropriate text of a Georgia minister who presided at the funeral of a man who was burned to a crisp. This was one kind of a "well done."
Now, then, if you want your printing "well done," and of course you do, send it to the
Advertiser Job Printing Dept.
We have complete facilities for the execution of all classes of job printing. Send us your next order. You will find our prices right, and your work will be "well done."

TURN OVER A NEW LEAF.
Get out of that rut of sickness and ill-health that is making you old before your time. Remember that the success you wish to make of your life will be far from you if you pay more attention to your health. Health is the foundation of success.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt
Is the foundation of health. It builds up the systems that worry and work break down. It keeps the blood pure and the system in a healthy condition, prepared to repel disease. Eminent Canadian and European physicians endorse it as a preventive and cure for La Grippe, Stomachic, Loss of Appetite, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Nervous Depression, Spasmodic Affections, Nervous Depression, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Piles, Rheumatism, Skin and Kidney Complaints.

This excellent testimony of Dr. W. H. Wright, L.R.C.P., L.M., M.B., & S.S., L.S.A., Medical Officer of Health, London, England, should be of service to you. I have great pleasure in recommending it to you. I take every morning before my meals, and it keeps me in the best of health and spirits. I may say, by its continued use, I have escaped the epidemic of La Grippe I escaped as a attack, although I was worn out with the extra fatigue and great strain upon me when grappling with it. It keeps the blood cool and steady, and thus keeps the system in a condition of invincibility to Bacteria, Fevers, and other blood disorders. I also find it a valuable and efficacious.

For sale by all druggists.
Price 25c per 60 cts. a bottle.
Trial size 25c.
Send for a free sample.

THE ABBEY EFFERVESCENT SALT CO., LIMITED.
MONTREAL, CANADA.

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)

FOUNDER AND MANAGER, John Cameron

London, Friday, April 29, 1898.

Our Neighbors' Contract.

Now that hostilities are in progress, the newspapers printed in the United States for the large German population of the republic are loyally supporting the Administration. But it is noteworthy that the German-American newspapers, up to the eve of the declaration of war, unitedly opposed such a course. In explanation of its course, the New York Staats-Zeitung says the German-American press "opposes the war policy, not because it was condemned in Germany, but because it believes that the intervention policy is wrong; that the war will occasion to the United States sacrifices that will have no comparison with the results that will be obtained, and that the United States, after the expulsion of the Spaniards, will have a tremendous responsibility until they are able to establish a state of order in Cuba, if they are ever able to do it. The German-Americans," adds this usually astute journal, "may have taken that much from Bismarck's real policy, that in greater politics one should not allow one's self to be carried away by simple feelings, and especially to be careful and not waste one's sentiment upon the unworthy."

There are more people than the German-Americans who have the belief that the United States has taken a big contract when it starts in to pacify Cuba, and that it will be next to impossible to pacify that island short of permanent military occupation, which our neighbors protest they have no intention of establishing.

Canada Must Lead the Way in Imperial Postage.

The Nova Scotia Opposition M. P., who has made a clumsy attempt to raise a laugh against Hon. Wm. Mullock Postmaster-General, because the Government of Canada, through that Minister, had to postpone its effort to force along an imperial system of postage, had the contemplated joke turned on himself.

In leading the way to imperial postage, the Canadian Government took a stand that has been favorably commented on in every portion of the British empire. Its attitude in this regard has enlisted the sympathy of statesmen of both political parties in Great Britain and throughout the empire, and it is only a question of time when the conference for which Mr. Chamberlain craves will be held, and imperial postage becomes a reality.

What we are finding with regard to imperial postage is on a parallel with that which our Government had to deal in establishing preferential trade. There were obstacles to preferential trade. Obstructive treaties barred the way for years. The previous Government of Canada saw the lion in the path, and turned back. The Government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier faced the difficulty, secured its removal, and preferential trade between Canada and Great Britain is an established fact. So it will be with imperial postage. The permanent officials of the British Postoffice are the present obstacles in the way, with their fine hair-spun interpretations of the duties of the empire with regard to the Postal Union, whose business, as a matter of fact, is not to facilitate intercourse between the various parts of the empire.

But it is absurd to contend that in this matter the lead of Canada can be much longer ignored. Already there is a universal halfpenny postage, not with the empire only, but with all the world, for all printed matter up to two ounces in weight. When two ounces of matter can be sent anywhere for a halfpenny, surely it will be absurd to prevent this great section of the empire from providing for sending written matter, one-half ounce in weight, or even one ounce, for three times that amount. This was the new rate provided in the proposal of the Postmaster-General of Canada. We now send a letter to Dawson City for 3 cents. The difficulties and expense to the department are very great, and the distance to the Yukon from this neighborhood is farther than from London of the new world to the British metropolis, yet to send a letter across the Atlantic the charge is now 5 cents.

The excuse for asking Canada to delay the inauguration of imperial postage is that the imperial postoffice authorities would like uniformity of action. All right, if the other parties are not too long in making up their minds on the subject. But the question of uniformity should not bother anyone very much. As Mr. Henniker Heaton, the champion of imperial penny postage, has recently pointed out, a diversity of systems may exist without the slightest inconvenience. For years the postage of letters from the United States to this country has been 2 cents per letter, and the rate from Canada to the United States 3 cents per letter. The Australian colonies say that they are not financially well enough off to send letters to Great Britain, a distance of more than twice the distance that Canada has to send her letters, at the same rate as Canada is anxious to legalize. The Australian colonies, it is said, are not willing to have the postage reduced to even 4 cents—the rate suggested by the Imperial Chancellor of the Exchequer as a present advance towards imperial postage. But they are all willing that Great Britain

should reduce her rate. And surely neither our sister colonies, nor the Motherland herself, should object to our leading the way with a 3-cent postage from Canada to Great Britain. Such a course would promote commerce, advertise Canada's enterprise and progress in yet another direction, and prove a strong connecting influence between the Mother of Nations and her principal colony.

Wars and Rumors of War.

Whenever a war breaks out, some people at once begin to talk about "wars and rumors of wars," as portending the near end of the world. The near end of the world has been proclaimed at intervals for well nigh 1900 years; and it may have been "near" all the time, on the principle that in the unchanging view of the world's Governor a day is but as a thousand years, and a thousand years as one day. As for "wars and rumors of wars," in what section of the recorded history of mankind have these not been prevalent?

The Spanish in Havana are now being reconcentrated themselves.

The Indians are protesting against the municipal government system being forced on them. Have they heard of the hospital question?

It is reported that mule flesh is being eaten in Havana. Was it because he foresaw this that President McKinley declared mules contraband of war?

The United States is receiving a temporary benefit from its high tariff policy of the past and present. That policy has so reduced its merchant marine that there is not much left for the Spanish to prey on.

The discontent in England over the present rise in the price of wheat and flour shows that the mother country is touched in a vital spot when the cost of food supplies is affected. That she will voluntarily increase that cost by imposing duties does not seem probable just now.

Kipling has written a stirring poem on the torpedo boat. This ugly piece of machinery, one would think, hardly lends itself to an ideal conception, but Kipling's genius has glorified things more commonplace than "the doom bolt," as he calls it. Wise men tell us this is a scientific age, and that it is smothering imagination. May not the very miracles of science open a new vista to the future poet?

In a private letter from Dawson City, dated Feb. 6, 1898, writes our correspondent at Ottawa, I find the following bill of fare and list of prices charged at the leading restaurant:

Tax and coffee, per cup.....	75
Doughnuts, per plate.....	75
Pie, per cut.....	75
Hot cakes, each.....	1 25
Porridge, per plate.....	1 25
Sardines, per plate.....	1 25
Soup, per plate.....	1 00
Beef tea, per cup.....	75
Sandwiches, each.....	1 25
Stewed fruit, per plate.....	1 00
Hot waffles, each.....	2 00
Beans, per plate.....	1 50
Stewed corn, per plate.....	1 50
Whiskey, per drink.....	50
P. H. Moose steak.....	3 00
Round steak.....	2 50
Cariboo steak.....	2 00
One square meal, table d'hôte	3 00
ounce of gold.....	8 00

When one remembers that the most delicate appetite assumes the strength of a giant desire to eat, as a result of life in the far north, and four meals can with ease be partaken of in a day, this list of eatables suggests that only those with big purses can hope, for any lengthy period, to receive entire satisfaction at the table.

In Ontario hereafter the one-man-one-vote rule will apply in Dominion elections. At the last Dominion election in this city a Conservative boasted that he had cast three ballots in three different constituencies within half an hour. He voted in South Middlesex, because he lived in South London; he voted in No. 1 ward of this city, because he rented a store there; and he voted in East Middlesex, because he lived in West London a few years ago and his name had not been struck off the list. This is the beautiful system which the Opposition upheld.

In the last eleven years Great Britain has built 190 warships of all classes. These ships mount 1,675 guns, and are propelled by engines aggregating 1,575,000 horse-power. Exclusive of armaments, they have cost \$272,500,000. And yet Great Britain continues to reduce her national debt and enjoy annual surpluses.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is now an L.L.D. of Queen's University. The Premier has been "stuck o'er with titles" in the past two years, but he is still plain Wilfrid Laurier in his own heart and in the hearts of his countrymen.

The outlook in Manitoba for the coming fall is magnificent. The wheat fields are just as golden as the yellow stuff in the Klondike, and the supply will not give out.

Gen. Lee, the late consul-general at Havana, wants to return there at the head of a regiment, and the Government seem inclined to give him Lee-way.

"The Cape to Cairo" is henceforth to be Cecil Rhodes' motto. An attractive cry it is.

ON THE FENCE.

[Dundas Banner.]

Canadian farmers cannot go to war but they can sit on the fence and watch the price of wheat go up.

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

[Hamilton Herald.]

The Tories are evidently hoping that the senate will smash the franchise bill. The senate will probably know enough to refrain.

OLD TOMORRO.

[Hamilton Spectator.]

Whatever it may be that the United States fleet proposes to do to that castle at Havana will, of course, be done to Morocco.

WAR'S SURPRISING RESULTS.

[Washington Star.]

War works great changes. Even this early in the conflict the world beholds with surprise the celebrity with which Congress can transact business when the occasion arises.

RACIAL UNION.

[Buffalo Express.]

The consuls general in Great Britain of several Central and South American republics say that their countrymen sympathize with Spain, but that their governments will observe the strictest neutrality. It may seem strange that the people of countries which have suffered so much from Spain are now friendly towards it, but their attitude is perfectly understandable from that of the United States toward Great Britain. Race is the strongest bond of union.

Ambassador Andrew D. White has written for the May Century an article entitled "A Statesman of Russia." This is a character sketch of the most influential personage in Russia, Procurator-General Pobedonostzeff, of the Holy Synod, who has been called "the arch-persecutor" of the "heretics" made of the nineteenth century. Ambassador White will also tell about another picturesque character, Father Ivan, the miracle-worker.

WESTERN ONTARIO

The eldest daughter of Mr. Jacob Davis was married Wednesday night to James Paisley. The band serenaded.

Mr. W. R. S. Wood has been appointed collector of customs at Simcoe, and will take charge on the first of May.

Mr. J. B. Campbell, of Plinkerton, has been appointed to the position of clerk, vice Mr. Geary, who has removed to Niagara.

The crematory department of the Springfield cheese factory still continues to run, on Monday last about 1,300 pounds being made.

Mr. E. Hackett and Mr. Oliver Macdonald, of Victoria, are on their way to the north, and will be in the city on Tuesday.

Two fires at Dresden on Wednesday destroyed the residence of Messrs. Northcote and Jeffs, and caused the inmates a good deal of annoyance.

Mr. Robert Guest, of St. Marys, who contemplates locating in the west, has sold his farm of 20 acres just east of the town, to Wm. Waiks, of Bruce, for \$4,500.

The Mecca Sanitarium Company, of Windsor, Ont., are about to go into liquidation. It is believed that the plant will be sold to someone who will continue the institution.

At Ridgeway, wheat has got up to \$1.04, and beans about 67c to 70c on that market. Very little wheat, however, is in the hands of the farmers.

The body washed ashore at Rondeau on Lake Erie Tuesday is believed to be that of Washington Nagle, of Chatham, who was drowned at Rondeau some time ago while fishing.

Alfred, the 14-year-old son of A. Jacques, of Tecumseh, met with an accident on Saturday, which terminated fatally. He was assisting in moving a barn, when a portion of the roof fell on him.

The sudden death is announced of Mr. Duncan S. McLean, on Wednesday, in California. Deceased was a brother of Mrs. Ed Johnston, and had spent the early years of his life in Sarnia.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, an old and respected resident of St. Thomas, died Wednesday night, aged 83 years. He was born in England, and died in St. Thomas for 40 years. His wife died seven years ago.

Wednesday afternoon, Alexander S. Burnham, one of Sarnia's prominent young barristers, was married to Miss Charlotte Edith Mackenzie, fourth daughter of the late Mr. John Mackenzie of that town.

At the residence of Mr. Samuel Webb, Hughes street, St. Thomas, on Wednesday, Mr. Alexander McRae, of Loraine, Ohio, was married to Miss Mary, son of Lawrence Station, Rev. R. McIntyre performed the ceremony.

The body of Washington Nagle, who was drowned off the pier at Rondeau light some weeks ago was found by Fred Bates, Tuesday night, just off their fishing grounds, Lakeside. Undertaker Ford of Elmholm, took charge of the remains.

A Stratford young man named Thomas O'Mara was brutally assaulted by Joe Glass at Sarnia Wednesday night, and left for dead on the sidewalk. Glass was arrested, and in his pockets were found articles belonging to O'Mara. Glass was committed for trial.

A fakir giving his name as J. H. Andrews has been doing up the people in the vicinity of Kincardine. He scours a lion for which he gives a pair of what he says are gold-rimmed spectacles, and promises to return and redeem the property. He does not do so, and the people are left with a pair of iron glasses.

Wm. Stokes, of Amherstburg, is in Windsor at present with a view to establishing a cold storage plant. It is his intention to have a building of such dimensions as to keep all kinds of meats, poultry and eggs during the warm weather. Windsor has never had such an establishment.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. John McLellan, Mount Pleasant farm, was the scene of a happy event Wednesday night, being the marriage of their youngest daughter, Margaret, to Mr. Archibald A. Campbell, a progressive young farmer of Lawrence. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Sutherland, of Fingert. Little Miss Mary McLellan, of London, acted as flower girl.

There were two weddings at Brant-

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ARE WITHOUT A RIVAL

Annual Sales over 8,000,000 boxes

ford on Wednesday. Miss Fannie Whitehorn was united in marriage to Mr. Charles Christie, a popular employee of the Massey-Harris Company, Rev. Dr. Cairine performing the ceremony. Rev. Dr. Spencer, pastor of the First Baptist Church, officiated at a wedding at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Chessum, Waterloo street, when their daughter, Miss Nellie, was united in marriage to Mr. Laidlaw, a popular young Hamilton man.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The price of bread goes up 2 cents a loaf in Toronto.

The Manitoba Legislature has prorogued.

Thomas Joseph, of Toronto, was fined \$35 for under-valuation of goods entered at Windsor.

Hon. A. S. Hardy has returned from Danville, N. Y. He is much better since his holiday.

Charles Lowrie, Windsor, engineer of the Lansdowne, is dangerously ill of appendicitis at Harper Hospital.

A new counterfeit United States \$2 treasury note is in circulation. It is of date July 14, 1890, series 189, check letter D.

It is understood that the Hawaiian minister has been advised that the United States will not change its policy towards the Hawaiian Islands, pending congressional action on annexation.

John Chambers, who was taken to Toronto general hospital suffering from opium poisoning, died on Thursday. A letter was found addressed to his wife, who is out of town, saying he was tired of life. He leaves five children.

On Tuesday afternoon a little 2-year-old girl of Mr. Richard E. Fley, of Brant street, West Brantford, had a close call from poisoning. She climbed on a chair, got hold of a bottle of poison that stood on a shelf, and drank of the mixture. Prompt medical aid saved her life.

The Canada Life and the Sun Life are the only Canadian life insurance companies doing business in the United States. They have notified holders of risks at present in force that no extra charge will be made on account of the war clause for those going to the front, but an increased premium will be charged on new risks.

On Wednesday night, as Frederick N. Hara, of E. H. Phelps & Co., was wheeling home to Merritt from St. Catharines, he was stopped by two men, who, pressing revolvers to his head, took from him a gold watch and chain and \$18. The thieves discarded a valuable pearl scarf, and overtook a diamond ring on one of Mr. Hara's hands.

A Toronto dispatch says: George H. Appleby, the bogus "Bergman," by whom young Bromleigh Moore was victimized out of \$30, was arrested late last night and charged with the theft. Appleby, who is about 50 years of age, is a morphia fiend. He confessed to the detective that he had stolen the money, but before Magistrate Denison today he pleaded not guilty, and elected to be tried by jury. He was remanded for a week. Moore, the complainant, was not in court, having gone on to Bothwell.

Leave Your Old Self Behind

Men who are weak, nervous, despondent—whose future seems dark and hopeless—can rise up from their weakness and be strong and vigorous again in every portion and organ of the body. They can leave their old, wrecked selves behind. We have been making weak men strong for fifteen years. Today our medicines and appliances are effecting cures in the privacy of thousands of homes.

Free Trial

We charge for our medicines and appliances, but do not ask pay until a trial has been made. Any reputable man can secure our treatment for a reasonable time without spending a dollar. If it helps him, he is to pay. If not, there is no charge. Nothing will be sent unless you make a definite request. Our famous book, "Complete Manhood," is free also. Cut out this notice or mention this paper.

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

We pay duty and send all packages from Canadian side.

TARTAN

SMOKING

TOBACCO

J. RATTRAY & Co.

MONTREAL, CAN.

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

We want you to have an introduction to them if you're suffering from any Kidney trouble.

Doan's Kidney Pills are Kidney specialists.

That's how it is they cure when all else fails.

They get at the source and origin of your disease.

Take the twinge of pain from the aching back.

Strengthen the weak back.

They're the only remedy that can cure Bright's Disease, Diabetes and Dropsy.

The only remedy for Urinary troubles and Bladder weakness.

Mr. Chas. M. Allan, 412 Richmond St., London, Ont., says:—

"I have been ailing for the past 8 months with kidney troubles. I had severe pains across my back and between my shoulders. My urine was red colored and unnatural. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me relief at once. The back pain has gone, the urine is clear and natural. I feel fine and have gained 4 pounds in weight."

A 20-page illustrated book telling all about DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, sent free to any address. The DOAN KIDNEY PILLS CO., Toronto, Ont.

HINTON & RUMBALL

THE UNDERTAKERS.

360 Richmond Street.

Private residence, 48 Decker.

Telephone—Store 440; House, 432. 22x

John Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.

FIRST-CLASS AND AFFORDABLE.

174-180 King Street.

Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 543.

Navigation and Railways

WHITE STAR LINE

New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

S.S. TEUTONIC, May 4
S.S. BRITANNIC, May 11
S.S. OLYMPIA, May 17
S.S. MAJESTIC, May 18
S.S. GERMANIC, May 25
S.S. TEUTONIC, June 1

* Carries first-class passengers only. Fare, sent upwards.

Rates as low as any first class line.

E. De La Hooke,

Sole Agent for London.

"Clock" Corner.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

AND CONNECTIONS OFFER

SPECIAL FEATURES

...TO...

Manitoba, The Canadian Northwest, British Columbia, Pacific Coast Points.

KOOTENAY, KLONDIKE

YUKON GOLD FIELDS and All Points in the Western and Northwestern States.

Full information from G. T. R. agents or write M. C. DICKSON, D.P.A., Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Opening of Navigation on Upper Lakes

The magnificent steamships of Canadian Pacific Steamship Line will leave Owen Sound at 5 p.m., after arrival of Steamship Express due to leave Toronto at 1 p.m.

ALBERTA, Tuesday, May 3.
ATHABASCA, Thursday, May 5.
MANITOBA, Saturday, May 7.

And on corresponding days of week during navigation season of 1898, making connection at Sault Ste. Marie with "Soo Line" and Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway for Northern United States points, and at Port Arthur and Fort William with Pacific Express for Pacific coast, or C. E. McPherson, A.G.P.A., 1 King street east, Toronto.

T. H. FAHNER, City Passenger Agent, 181 Dundas street, corner of Richmond.

Navigation and Railways

Queen's Birthday

(May 24)

EXCURSIONS

—VIA—

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

To all local stations in Canada.

SINGLE FARE—

Good going May 23 and 24, returning not later than May 25.

FARE AND ONE-THIRD.

Good going May 20, 21 and 22, returning not later than May 25.

For information and tickets, call at city ticket office, 305 Richmond street.

JOHN PAUL, City Agent.

O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN G. LAYEN, General Pass. Agent. Can. Pass. Agent.

Intercolonial Railway

OF CANADA

The direct Route between the West and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie des Chaleurs, Province of Quebec; also for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward and Cape Breton Islands, Newfoundland and St. Pierre.

Express trains leave Montreal and Halifax daily Sunday excepted and run through without change between these points.

The through express train cars of the Intercolonial Railway are brilliantly lighted by electricity, and heated by steam from the locomotive, thus greatly increasing the comfort and safety of travelers.

Comfortable and elegant buffet, sleeping and day cars are run on all through express trains. The popular summer sea bathing and fishing resorts of Canada are all along the Intercolonial, or are reached by that route.

Canadian-European Mail and Passenger Route.

Passengers for Great Britain and the Continent can leave Montreal Tuesday morning and join outward Mail Steamers at St. John on Wednesday, or they can leave Montreal on Wednesday morning and join outward Mail Steamers at Halifax on Thursday.

The attention of shippers is directed to the superior facilities offered by this route for the transport of flour and general merchandise intended for the Eastern Provinces, Newfoundland and the West Indies; also for shipments of grain and produce intended for the European markets, either by way of St. John or Halifax. Tickets may be obtained and all information about the route, also freight and passenger rates, on application to:

A. H. HARRIS, General Traffic Manager, Board of Trade Building, Montreal.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager, Railway Office, Montreal, N. B., May 21, 1897.

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool Calling at Mowille.

From Montreal From Quebec
LAURENTIAN..... May 7 May 7
PARISIAN..... May 14 May 14
CARPATHIAN..... May 21 May 21
CALIFORNIAN..... May 28 May 28
NUMIDIAN..... June 4 June 4

RATES OF PASSAGE.
First cabin, Mowille and Liverpool, \$32 50 and upwards; return, \$15 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Mowille, \$24 and upwards. Steerage, Liverpool, Mowille, \$12 and upwards. Everything found, \$22 50.

Glasgow-New York service—State of Nebraska sails from New York, May 6; cabin, \$45 and upwards; return, \$20 and upwards. Second cabin, \$35; return, \$12; steerage, \$23 50.

AGENTS—E. De La Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, Thomas E. Parker, southwest corner of Richmond and Dundas streets, and F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.

W. J. O'Brien & Co., Cincinnati, O. correspondents.
Stocks, bonds, cotton, grain, and provisions
bought and sold for cash or margin. Send for
latest market letter and vest pocket manual.
Long distance telephone, 10-10.
16 and 18 Masonic Temple, London.

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for orders of GRAIN, FLOUR
and HULLS, etc. If offering please state quan-
tities and lowest prices.

P. O. BOX 807 MONTREAL

Late Afternoon Markets.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, April 29.

Canadian Pacific, 100, 100 1/2, 100 1/2.

Duluth, preferred, 100, 100, 100.

Commercial Cable, 100, 100, 100.

Com. Cable Coupon Bonds, 100, 100, 100.

Montreal Telegraph, 100, 100, 100.

Montreal and Ontario, 100, 100, 100.

Montreal Street Railway, 100, 100, 100.

Mont. Street Railway, new, 100, 100, 100.

Montreal Gas Company, 100, 100, 100.

Bell Telephone, 100, 100, 100.

Royal Electric, 100, 100, 100.

Bank of Montreal, 100, 100, 100.

Bank of Toronto, 100, 100, 100.

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Bank of Commerce, 100, 100, 100.

and nominally easier track white

state and western, 25 to 40c. Butter-

Receipts, 3,438 pkgs; very firm. Cheese-

Receipts, 3,341 pkgs; steady. Eggs-

Raw strong; fair redskins. Sugar-

Hops-Steady. Lead-Quot; bullion

price, \$3.50; exchange price, \$3.70 to

\$3.80.

Chicago Exchange.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago

broker, Masonic Temple, Phone 1,778.

Wheat-May. 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 20 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Corn-May. 30 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 30 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Oats-May. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Pork-May. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Lard-May. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Ribs-May. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Puts-May. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Sept. 10 1 20 1 20 1 20.

Call-90%.

English Markets.

Liverpool, April 29-Closing.

Wheat-Spot, firm; No. 1 Cal. 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2 Cal. 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3 red

northern spring, firm, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Corn-Spot, firm; No. 1 red, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2 red, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3 red,

10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 4 red, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Barley-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Oats-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Flour-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Butter-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Eggs-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Hops-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Lead-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Bullion-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

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Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

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Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

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Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

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Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

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Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Put-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Call-90%.

Exchange-Spot, firm; No. 1, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

No. 2, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4; No. 3, 10 1/2 to 10 3/4.

Latest Weather Forecast

Toronto, April 29-10 a.m.-Probabili-

ties for the next 24 hours: Fair, lower

clouds; moderate westerly winds; clearing

on Saturday; fine and little warmer.

At 4:30 and on open tonight.

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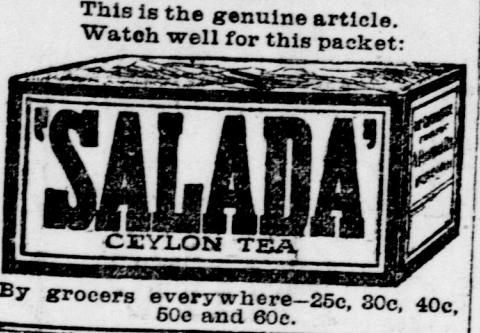
At 4:30 and on open tonight.

At 4:30 and on open tonight.

At 4:30 and on open tonight.

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"SEEING THAT"
A purchaser is entitled to know the value of a thing he buys, whether it be a pocket knife, a railroad system or a packet of tea, we give you full privilege to prove its worth by a "see pot" test. If you are not satisfied return what is left of the broken packet and your money is refunded in full. We know the class of goods we are selling—you don't until tried.



The Puzzling Pretty Widow

It was Langford who opened the door. The old servant had not seen Mabin since the day she had left the house, and her face broke out into smiles as she greeted her.

"Bless me, Miss Mabin, I never thought of its being you! But I am glad to see you again. How have you been getting on? And have you heard from Mrs. Rose lately?"

"I'm getting on splendidly, and I heard from mamma two days ago. Ethel's got the mumps, but the rest are all right. I'll talk to you another evening. Can't you get away? I'm in a hurry now; I want to see Mr. Banks."

Langford shook her head emphatically.

"It's no use wanting that, Miss Mabin. Mr. Banks never sees anybody, not even his lawyer if he can help it. He's a character, he is. It is a message you've got for him from Mr. Rose."

"Oh, no. It's something very important—much more important than that. And I must see him; I tell you I must! And if you won't help me, I shall go to work in a way of my own, and give the poor man a fright."

"Oh, no, Miss Mabin, you won't do that, I'm sure! You don't know how better to tell you so, to tell you that I know it was you who—"

She broke down altogether, and she looked at the gently stirring branches of the tree outside, wishing that she were under the shelter of their cool freshness, instead of going through this fiery ordeal indoors.

Then it suddenly became clear to her that Mr. Banks had been seized with a new idea.

"I suppose, then," he said—and she was delighted to see that he was at last beginning to feel some of the "that you are the lady who followed Mabin through the drawing-room of The Towers" a fortnight ago.

"Yes, yes."

"Then I don't know how to apologize to you; I don't know what to say, nothing for it but to say, that your health has made me confess that this is not the first time I have been put into a very embarrassing situation by this terribly unfortunate habit."

Mabin frowned frankly. She was an honest, truthful girl, and this man lost her respect the moment she began to tell her what she knew to be false. Her indignation gave her courage. It was in a much more assured tone that she went on:

"I know it is not the first time, before. But I know also that you were that person in the room was not you went away. Besides, I saw you when you had got out into the yard, and I saw you quickly. And you thought you must be a burglar, and I was dreadfully frightened; but when I saw you were not, I was more frightened still. And do you think it is that at night, and frighten them into fainting fits?"

(To be continued.)

bin, vaguely, pondering on the fresh facts.

"You may well say that, Miss Mabin. I don't know what to think myself. Some days he'll sit all day long with his head in his hands without moving a muscle. Or he'll sit, pouring over things that I think must have been a like a sneak telling those things over and over again. But there, I feel to you for it's only by chance that I should chatter about what I saw."

"Ah, well, I know more than you do as it is," said Mabin, softly.

The words were still on his lips when a door opened behind them some where in the dark, cool hall, and Mabin started guiltily. She and Langford were standing within the front of the house; but she thought that she could not be heard, and felt confused and shy when a man's voice, very low, very gentle, said:

"Langford, is that Miss Rose?"

"Yes, sir, said Langford, as Mabin's eyes at last saw which door it was that was open, and the servant glanced towards the drawing-room, and to me," were his next most unexpected words.

Mabin entered the drawing-room, and found herself face to face with the long room, and as the young lady and offered her a seat. His hand was more gray than ever, and as he moved he tottered like a man recovering from an illness, or on the verge of one. But Mabin thought, as she looked at him, that her fancy that she looked insane was a mistake. It seemed to her now that there was the present burden of a great grief, an ever-straightforward, clear eyes were the "You wish to speak to me—to ask me some question, I suppose?" he said, as he leaned against the mantelpiece and bent his head to listen.

"Yes."

There was a pause. It was rather a delicate matter to accuse this grave, courteous gentleman of a burglarious entry into another person's house. Mabin had not felt the full force of this difficulty until now, when she sat breathing quickly, and still still politely waited.

"I saw you just now in the garden," she burst out at last, feeling conscious that her voice sounded coarse and harsh after his quiet tone, and she recognized you. And I thought it was better to tell you so, to tell you that I knew it was you who—"

How could she go on? She didn't. She looked down altogether, and she looked at the gently stirring branches of the tree outside, wishing that she were under the shelter of their cool freshness, instead of going through this fiery ordeal indoors.

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(To be continued.)

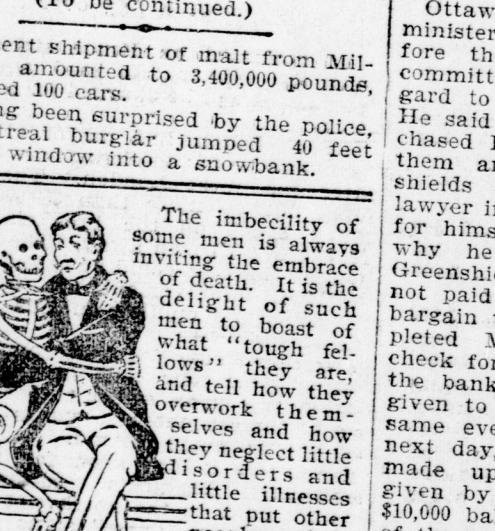
A recent shipment of malt from Milwaukee amounted to 3,400,000 pounds, and filled 100 cars.

Having been surprised by the police, from a window into a snowbank.

The imbecility of some men is always inviting the embrace of death. It is the delight of such men to boast of how "tough" they are, and tell how they overwork themselves and neglect little disorders and little ailments, and put other people on their backs.

It may not sound like a fact, but it is a fact that the average man is just that kind of a foolish, cheerful idiot. If his head aches, it isn't worth paying any attention to; if he feels dull and drowsy during the day, it isn't worth serious consideration; if he is troubled with sleeplessness at night, he doesn't let the doctor know; when he suffers from nervousness, he takes powerful medicines that even a physician prescribes with care. He is a very knowing fellow, but without knowing it, he is hurrying death. There is a wonderful restorative tonic and health-builder in good working shape; it is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is made of pure native roots and herbs. It contains no minerals, no narcotics and no opiates. It simply aids nature in the natural process of secretion and excretion. It tones up the stomach and facilitates the flow of digestive juices. It makes a man "hungry" as a horse, and then says to it that the life-giving elements of the food he takes are assimilated into the blood. It invigorates the liver. It drives out all impurities and disease germs from the system. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It is the best of all nerve tonics. It cures weak, indigestion and a torpid liver. It writes Mrs. A. J. Gibbs, of Russellville, Logan County, Ky.: "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cured me."

If constipation is also present, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken. They never fail; they never gripe. Druggists sell both medicines.



Tablet Jellies

Fresh Stock of Lazenby's Solified Tablet Jellies Just received. Complete assortment of flavors. Two packages—25c.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co. 169 Dundas Street.

Sixty-Three Protests

List of the Ontario Election Cases Left for Trial by the Judges.

All the election protests have been filed with the exception of those relating to the three constituencies in which the returns were appealed—West Huron, South Perth, and West Elgin—and possibly some few counter-protests. The time allowed for filing counter-protests is 15 days from the date of the service of the writ in the first protest, and eight days in all other cases.

In all sixty-three protests were filed, but three have been allowed to drop at present. The Conservatives have 32 protests in good standing, and the Liberals 31, as follows:

CONSERVATIVE PROTESTS.
Hon. A. S. Hardy, South Brant.
Hon. George W. Ross, West Middlesex.
Hon. Richard Harcourt, Monck.
Hon. William Henry Kingston.
Col. F. B. Lays, Hastings.
G. P. Graham, Brockville.
S. T. McKee, North Essex.
S. Russell, North York.
T. L. Pardo, West Kent.
John Brown, North Perth.
Wm. German, West Huron.
J. W. Holmes, Haldimand.
J. R. Barber, Halton.
Dr. J. Pettipiece, East Lambton.
Charles M. Bowman, North Bruce.
John Craig, East Wellington.
John Dickenson, South Westw. Th. Macdonald, South Wellington.
Andrew Malcolm, West Bruce.
W. H. Taylor, North Middlesex.
A. Charlton, South Norfolk.
W. C. Caldwell, North Lanark.
W. J. Hill, West York.
James Connors, West Algoma.
Dr. James M. Tupper, Hastings.
B. Aylesworth, Lennox.
J. H. Douglas, East Northumberland.
F. Farwell, East Algoma.
Alex. Cameron, North York.
Dr. Bridgeland, Muskoka.
Total, 30.

LIBERAL PROTESTS.
J. J. Fox, Q. C., South Toronto.
H. Carcavello, C. C., East Hamilton.
W. R. Colquhoun, West Hamilton.
W. B. Leung, Prince Edward.
W. H. Reid, West Durham.
A. B. Thompson, Central Simcoe.
T. D. Hodgson, South Grey.
M. B. Morison, West Hastings.
S. R. Macdonald, Glenora.
John MacLennan, Stormont.
George M. Boyd, West Bruce.
A. T. White, North Kent.
Dr. J. Barr, Dufferin.
J. P. Whitney, Dufferin.
W. J. Allan, North Hastings.
H. G. Lackner, North Waterloo.
W. H. Hovis, South Ontario.
C. R. P. Fox, West Victoria.
C. A. Brower, East Elgin.
H. E. Miller, Lincoln.
F. S. Gallagher, Frontenac.
G. F. Marter, North Toronto.
W. C. Fox, South Waterloo.
A. Miscompe, Central Simcoe.
James Reid, Addington.
C. R. Fox, West Victoria.
C. P. Fox, West Victoria.
Total, 29.

The counter-protests, seeking the dismissal of the defeated candidates are:

By Conservatives—
W. D. Dyer, Dufferin.
Hon. J. D. Dryden, South Ontario.
By Liberals—
Henry Horton, South Wellington.
J. L. Buck, South Norfolk.

Purchase of La Patrie.

Mr. Tarte Before the Drummond County Railway Committee.

He is interested in the Paper to the Extent of \$1.

[C. P. R. Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, Ont., April 28.—Mr. Tarte, minister of public works, appeared before the Drummond County Railway committee and gave evidence in regard to the purchase of La Patrie. He said that when his sons had purchased La Patrie he was along with shields being a prominent Liberal for himself, was the principal reason why he was accompanied by Mr. Greenfield. Mr. Greenfield was given to him for his services. When the check for \$20,000 was given to the bank, of that amount \$5,000 was given to Mr. Greenfield in cash the next day, with \$5,000 in cash made up \$20,000 of accommodation of the paper being \$30,000—promissory notes were given. In reply to Mr. Tarte, Mr. Tarte said Mr. Greenfield or no one connected with Drummond county ever gave one dollar of purchase money of La Patrie. "I went to Mr. Tarte," said Mr. Tarte, "as Sir John Macdonald had to do when he wanted to get a political newspaper, and they assisted me."

Mr. Tarte—But what I want to know is whether Mr. Greenfield or no one connected with the Drummond County Road paid any of the money.

Mr. Tarte—Not one dollar at any time.

Mr. Borden. Mr. Tarte said that he was interested in La Patrie to the extent of one dollar. His sons were interested, they owned pretty nearly the whole of the stock. They owned what Mr. Beauregard had, and that was most of it.

Mr. Borden—Did Mr. Greenfield assist you to get up political notes?

Tarte—Well, I don't think I should, before the last general election we had no money, and he gave his note for \$1,000, and he has not yet paid it. (Laughter.) He may have contributed to the party funds but not to my personal knowledge.

YUKON OPEN.
Vancouver, B. C., April 28.—Navigation on the Yukon is open from Dawson to the mouth of the river. The report of a rich strike on Monte Cristo Island is confirmed, and every island in the Yukon River within reasonable distance of Dawson is staked out. It is

Look to the Lists.

Liberals Should Pay Strict Attention to Them.

Courts of Revision Soon to Be Held—The Qualifications for the Franchise.

Liberals everywhere throughout the Province should pay the strictest attention to the voters' lists. Upon the lists now under preparation will in all probability be held any by-elections to occur in either provincial or Dominion politics. It is within the next eighteen months. In some counties the Conservatives introduce into the present is the most opportune time to have the lists attended to, for the courts of revision will soon be held in the various municipalities. The names of all parties entitled to go on should be placed on the assessment roll without fail, and in the fourth all persons entitled to vote at parliamentary elections there should be the names of the voters' list. But no student shall be entered on the list where he attends school, etc., unless he has no other place of residence entitling him to vote.

"Unfranchised Indians" may vote or be put on the list without property qualification but there are not more than four "unfranchised Indians" in the province.

Unfranchised Indians, not residing among Indians or on an Indian reserve, where there is an assessment of \$100 in villages and townships, if entitled to the list and having the other qualifications, may vote whether they participate in the annuities or not. Where there is no assessment roll unfranchised Indians may vote if they do not reside among Indians or on an Indian reserve, and do not participate in the annuities, and if they have the property and other qualifications mentioned and the other qualifications necessary in case of a manhood franchise voter.

The law provides that the assessors return their rolls to the clerks on or before April 30. The law also provides that the rolls may be examined by any person assessed or entitled to be assessed, and fourteen days after April 30 are allowed for taking objections to the rolls. These objections must be made in writing to the clerk of the municipality and they will be decided upon at the court of revision. If the assessor does not return his roll on or before April 30, then fourteen days after the return of the rolls, the assessor is liable to a fine of \$100 for each day of delay. The assessor is also liable to a fine of \$100 for each day of delay in making the rolls.

The assessor is also liable to a fine of \$100 for each day of delay in making the rolls.

THE DEAF HEAR.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

Working Wonders in Toronto.

Gave MRS. BINDON her hearing when Specialists failed.

About 8 years ago, Mrs. Bindon, of 111 Mainland St., Toronto, was attacked with the grippe, and her hearing was affected to such an extent that she was completely deaf. It was a serious affliction and she many remedies and consulted a prominent specialist in ear diseases, but derived no benefit. By a happy chance she was led to use Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and before she had completed 2 boxes her hearing had partially returned.

She persisted in the application of the remedy, so confident was she of ultimate cure, and by the time 12 boxes had been used her hearing was completely restored. For 3 months now she has been free from deafness, and no emancipated sufferer was more delighted than Mrs. Bindon. On Sunday she goes to church and enjoys the service, a thing she was unable to do before Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure gave her back her hearing.

PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.
Complete with Blower.
Sold by all druggists, or by mail, 25c. per box, Toronto, Ont.

R. M. MILLAR

Electric Bells Put in and Repaired at Lowest Prices. All Work Guaranteed. Medical Batteries of All Kinds Repaired.

Victoria Building (Upstairs), Opposite City Hall.

WOOD'S FAIR

SPECIAL FOR

Saturday and Monday

All day Saturday and Monday, while the goods last, you can have them at these prices:

Ladies' Vests—5c.
Undoubtedly the best value in London. We offer tomorrow several dozen Ladies' Cotton Vests, with half sleeves, that are well worth 8c each: Saturday and Monday, your choice in any quantity required, 5c each.

SPECIAL.
Ladies' Cotton Vests, shaped, with or without sleeves, 10c.

Gloves.
The newest styles and colors in reliable makes of Kid Gloves are being sold at especially low prices just now. All the new colors and new fancy stitched Kid Gloves, all sizes, at \$1. We have just put in stock our 100 dozen Ladies' Silk Gloves, all colors, 25c, 35c and 50c a pair.

Veiling.
Our Veilings are as well known for their beauty as for their cheapness. We can fit you out with a stylish veil, of the most fashionable design, at a price. Our special line for Saturday and Monday, all 15c Veils, reduced to 10c.

Tinware.
SAUCEPANS. Best tin saucepans; large size, 10c; larger size, 15c.
VEGETABLE BOILERS. Large size Vegetable Boilers, regular price, 25c, for Saturday 15c.

Graniteware.
SAUCEPANS. Covered saucepan 15c
Straight saucepan 15c
Straight saucepan 20c
PIE PLATES. 8-inch pie plates 4c
10-inch pie plates 4c
TEAPOTS. 4c size teapot 35c
3c size teapot 30c

Knife Baskets.
About a dozen Wire Knife Baskets; regular price 12c, sale price 1c.

Odd Items.
Eureka Iron Holders, absolutely unobtainable, at 5c.
Wool Dusters, long handle, 15c.
CHAIR SEATS. Best hardwood, varnished, all shapes and all standard sizes, 10c.
Glistening Cream, best Furniture Polish, 5c.

Wall Paper.
A very large variety of pretty papers for kitchens and bedrooms, at 5c.
100 rolls regular 10c paper, to be sold at 5c.
500 rolls regular 12c paper, 7c. Price Borders to match.
6 special lines of 15c wall paper reduced to 10c.
Handsome American Gilt Papers all reduced.
20c wall paper 12c
25c wall paper 15c
30c wall paper 20c

White Cotton Corsets.
About 50 pairs Corsets, in drab and fawn, double side steels, in all sizes, regular price 50c, Saturday 35c.
Summer Corsets in all sizes, 35c up.

Collars and Cuffs.
One more chance to secure the latest styles in Linen Collars and Cuffs at greatly reduced prices.
Collars 2 for 15c
Cuffs 2 for 25c

Ladies' Dress Skirts.
Ladies' Black Figure Skirts, in new seven-gore pattern, lined throughout and velvet faced; special, \$1.50.

Whitewear.
White Cotton Corset Covers, with embroidery trimmings; new, 25c.
White Cotton Umbrella Drawers, double frill; regular price 55c, sale price, 50c.
White Cotton Skirts, with deep hem, 45c.

SPECIAL.
White Cotton Gowns, with tucked yoke, large sleeves, embroidery trimmed, 50c.

Ribbon.
Our Ribbon Department is gaining friends every day. We have a happy faculty of marking our goods at the lowest prices possible. Our Ribbon and the prices always growing less. Special—12 yards Baby Ribbon, all colors, 20c.

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176 and 178 Dundas Street.

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By virtue of the unprecedented purchase of 100,000 copies of one hundred thousand copies of the Standard Dictionary, the publishers have decided to sell the Standard Dictionary at a price 50% below the regular price.

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Standard Dictionary

OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

It is incomparably the greatest, so it is positively the latest, most complete, and most authoritative new dictionary in existence. It is everywhere the standard.

It is not a reprint, revised, or re-edition of any older work, but is a new work, the result of the most exhaustive and complete researches of the most eminent scholars and specialists in the world. It is the most complete, authoritative, and up-to-date dictionary of the English language ever published. It contains over 600,000 words and phrases, and is the most complete and authoritative dictionary of the English language ever published.

Our Great Offer of \$12

WARD & GOW (LINCOLN BUILDING, 176 and 178 DUNDAS STREET, NEW YORK.)

BICYCLES.

The Columbus at \$55.

Strictly high grade, with five ball bearings and rear wheel, two-piece oval taper crank, hanging four choice of tires; royal flush joints.

The Huron, \$40.

Fully guaranteed, with Dunlop tires.

The Northern at \$30.

Intending purchasers will do well to examine the above wheels at

A. Westman's,
111 Dundas Street West.
Branch Store, 654 Dundas Street East.

In a recent test of speed at Gibraltar the British Channel squadron succeeded in putting in 3,000 tons of coal and getting ready for sea in 48 hours.

A Full Ton
given us. It is clean, burns to an ash and can't be exceeded. We also supply wood in any quantity.

Campbell & Chantler, 176 Bathurst Street.
Branch, 12 John Street, West London. Telephone 27.

WESTERN SCHOOL OF ART
Spencer Block, Dundas Street.
Students desiring to try the government examinations should attend this term, commencing Monday, March 28.
EVENING CLASSES—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 7 to 9 p.m. Fees for 30 days, \$5. Frequent, model drawing, modeling in clay, oil and watercolor painting.
AFTERNOON CLASSES—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 2 to 4 p.m. Oil, water-color and china painting, crayon drawing, etc.
For circulars apply to
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