



Canada. Laws, Statutes, etc.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act to amend the Navigable Waters Protection Act.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 18th April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator MACDONALD.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O<sup>8</sup>.

An Act to amend the Navigable Waters Protection Act.

R.S., c. 193;  
1953-54, c. 37.

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. Section 2 of the *Navigable Waters Protection Act* is amended by adding thereto, immediately after paragraph (a) thereof, the following paragraph: 5

“Minister.”

“(aa) “Minister” means the Minister of Public Works;”

2. Section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Application.

“3. Except so much of this Part as relates to rebuilding, repairing or altering any lawful work, nothing in this Part applies to any work constructed under the authority of any Act of the Parliament of Canada or of the legislature of the late Province of Canada, or of the legislature of any province now forming part of Canada, passed before such province became a part thereof.” 10 15

3. Section 4 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Construction of works in navigable waters subject to approval of Minister.

“4. (1) No work shall be built or placed in, upon, over, under, through or across any navigable water unless 20  
(a) the site and plans thereof have been approved by the Minister; and  
(b) the work is built, placed and maintained in accordance with the plans and the regulations.”



(2) This section does not apply to any work other than a bridge, boom, dam, abutment or causeway, if in the opinion of the Minister

(a) the work does not interfere substantially with navigation, and

(b) the value of the work does not exceed five thousand dollars.

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

1. The inclusion of a definition of "Minister" will simplify the sections of this Part.

2. The present section 3 reads as follows:

"3. Except so much of this Part as relates to rebuilding or repairing any lawful work, nothing hereinafter in this Part contained applies to any work constructed under the authority of any Act of the Parliament of Canada or of the legislature of the late Province of Canada, or of the legislature of any province now forming part of Canada, passed before such province became a part thereof."

The amendment is consequential upon the proposed new section 8 to be enacted by clause 5 of this Bill.

3. The present section 4 reads as follows:

"4. (1) No work shall be built or placed in, upon, over, under, through or across any navigable water unless the site thereof has been approved by the Governor in Council, nor unless such work is built, placed and maintained in accordance with plans and regulations approved or made by the Governor in Council.

(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to small wharves or groynes or other bank or beach protection works, or boat-houses, if in the opinion of the Minister of Public Works

- (a) they do not interfere with navigation, and
- (b) do not cost more than one thousand dollars."

The purposes of the amendments are to provide for approval by the Minister, and to extend the exceptions.

Exceptions.

(2) This section does not apply to any work, other than a bridge, boom, dam, aboiteau or causeway, if in the opinion of the Minister

(a) the work does not interfere substantially with navigation, and

(b) the value of the work does not exceed five thousand dollars."

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4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Removal  
of unauthor-  
ized works.

"5. (1) Any work to which this Part applies that is built or placed upon a site not approved by the Minister, or is not built or placed in accordance with plans so approved, or, having been so built or placed, is not maintained in accordance with such plans and the regulations, may be removed and destroyed by the Minister, and the materials contained in the work may be sold, given away or otherwise disposed of, and the costs of and incidental to the removal, destruction or disposition of the work, deducting therefrom any sum that may be realized by sale or otherwise, are recoverable with costs in the name of Her Majesty from the owner.

Approval of  
constructed  
works.

"(2) The Minister may, subject to compliance with section 7, approve of the plans and site of a work after construction thereof has commenced

(a) if, prior to commencement of construction, the Minister, having been satisfied that the work was urgently required, consented in writing to commencement of construction; or

(b) if five years have elapsed since completion of construction of the work;

and such approval has the same effect as if given prior to commencement of construction of the work."

5. Sections 7, 8 and 9 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Deposit of  
plans with  
Minister and  
registrar of  
deeds.

"7. (1) The local authority, company or person proposing to construct any work in navigable waters, for which no sufficient sanction otherwise exists, may deposit the plans thereof and a description of the proposed site with the Minister, and a duplicate of each in the office of the registrar of deeds for the district, county or province in which such work is proposed to be constructed, and may apply to the Minister for approval thereof.

Where no  
registrar of  
deeds.

(2) Where there is no registrar of deeds for the area in which the work is proposed to be constructed, the duplicate of the plan thereof and the description of the proposed site shall be deposited in the nearest land titles office established under the *Land Titles Act*.

4. The present subsections (1) and (2) of section 5 read as follows:

"5. (1) Any work to which this Part applies that is built or placed upon a site not approved by the *Governor in Council*, or is not built or placed in accordance with plans so approved, or, having been so built or placed, is not maintained in accordance with such plans and regulations, may be removed and destroyed under the authority of the *Governor in Council* by the Minister of Public Works, and the materials contained in the said work may be sold, given away or otherwise disposed of, and the costs of and incidental to the removal, destruction or disposition of such work, deducting therefrom any sum that may be realized by sale or otherwise, are recoverable with costs in the name of Her Majesty from the owner.

(2) *The Governor in Council may approve of works constructed, or in process of construction, on the 1st day of June, 1938, subject to the provisions of section 7, and such approval has the same effect as approval of works to be constructed.*"

The amendments are consequential upon the other amendments proposed in the Bill.

5. The present sections 7, 8 and 9 read as follows:

"7. (1) The local authority, company or person proposing to construct any work in navigable waters, for which no sufficient sanction otherwise exists, may deposit the plans thereof and a description of the proposed site with the Minister of Public Works, and a duplicate of each in the office of the registrar of deeds for the district, county or province in which such work is proposed to be constructed, and may apply to the *Governor in Council* for approval thereof.

(2) Such local authority, company or person shall give one month's notice of the said deposit of plans and application by advertisement in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in or near the locality where such work is to be constructed.

"8. Any local authority, company or person may proceed in like manner to obtain the approval by the *Governor in Council* of the site and plans of any work constructed prior to the 1st day of March, 1899.

"9. Any lawful work may be rebuilt or repaired if the interference with navigation is not increased by such rebuilding or repairing."

The present section 7 provides for deposit of plans in the office of the registrar of deeds; no provision is made for the deposit of plans in a land registry office in the case of works constructed outside the limits of a province. It is proposed to provide for the deposit of plans in such cases in the land titles office established for the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory, which is located in Ottawa.

Notice of deposit.

(3) The local authority, company or person shall give one month's notice of the deposit of plans and application by advertisement in the *Canada Gazette*, and in two newspapers published in or near the locality where such work is to be constructed.

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Rebuilding or repair.

"8. (1) Any lawful work may be rebuilt or repaired if, in the opinion of the Minister, the interference with navigation is not increased by the rebuilding or repairing.

Alteration.

(2) Any lawful work may be altered, if  
(a) plans of the proposed alteration are deposited with 10 and approved by the Minister, and  
(b) in the opinion of the Minister, the interference with navigation is not increased by the alteration;  
and for the purposes of sections 4, 5 and 10, a reference to the plans of the work shall be construed as including the 15 plans of the alteration.

National Harbours Board.

"9. In the case of a work in any navigable water under the jurisdiction of the National Harbours Board, a reference in this Part, except in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 5 and in section 10, to the Minister shall be construed 20 as including also a reference to the Minister having the administration of the *National Harbours Board Act*."

6. Subsection (1) of section 10 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

Regulations.

"10. (1) The Minister may make such orders or regula- 25 tions as he deems expedient for navigation purposes respecting any work to which this Part applies, and the Governor in Council may make such orders or regulations as he deems expedient for navigation purposes respecting any work of which the plans and site are approved under any 30 other Act of the Parliament of Canada."

The present section 8 is now obsolete.

The present section 9 provides for the rebuilding or repairing of a work, but no provision is made for alterations. Under the proposed new section 8 the Minister could approve of alterations if, in his opinion, the interference with navigation is not increased.

The proposed new section 9 would require the approval of the Minister having the administration of the *National Harbours Board Act* in the case of works within waters under the jurisdiction of the Board.

**6.** The present section 10 reads as follows:

"10. (1) The Governor in Council may make such orders or regulations as he deems expedient for navigation purposes respecting any work to which this Part applies or of which the plan and site are approved under any Act of the Parliament of Canada.

(2) The local authority, company or person constructing, owning or in possession of any such work is subject to such orders or regulations."

The proposed amendment would authorize the Minister to make the regulations under Part I of the Act.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act to amend the National Parks Act respecting the boundaries of Cape Breton Highlands National Park.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 18th April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator MACDONALD.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

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3rd Session, 22nd Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>8</sup>.

An Act to amend the National Parks Act respecting the boundaries of Cape Breton Highlands National Park.

R.S., c. 189;  
1953-54, c. 6;  
1955, c. 37.

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

Lands with-  
drawn from  
Cape Breton  
Highlands  
National  
Park.

1. The lands described in the Schedule to this Act are withdrawn from Cape Breton Highlands National Park, described in the Schedule to the *National Parks Act*, and declared to be no longer required for Park purposes. 5





## SCHEDULE.

All that portion of Cape Breton Highlands National Park, in the county of Inverness, in the Province of Nova Scotia, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at that point where a line on the westerly side of the Cabot Trail, parallel to, and at a constant perpendicular distance of three hundred (300) feet from the centre line of the said Cabot Trail, is intersected by a line produced on an azimuth of North ninety degrees West ( $N90^{\circ} 00' W$ ) from an iron post marked "A", which iron post is set at the top of the cliff there rising perpendicularly from the shore, the said iron post "A" being distant six thousand three hundred and eleven (6,311) feet on an azimuth of North twenty-nine degrees forty-four minutes East ( $N29^{\circ} 44'E$ ) from a metal monument set in a large granite boulder near the schoolhouse at North Ingonish, the said monument being designated 11K7 of the Topographical Survey of Canada, and set by W. A. Fletcher, D.L.S., in the year 1936;

Thence on an azimuth of North ninety degrees West ( $N90^{\circ} 00'W$ ) a distance of eleven thousand three hundred and fifty-one (11,351) feet more or less unto an iron post marked "E";

Thence on an azimuth of South sixty-two degrees forty-three minutes West ( $S62^{\circ} 43'W$ ) a distance of ten thousand five hundred and thirty-seven (10,537) feet unto an iron post marked "F";

Thence on an azimuth of South thirty degrees three minutes East ( $S30^{\circ} 03'E$ ) a distance of twelve thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine (12,999) feet unto an iron post marked "G";

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-nine degrees thirty-seven minutes East ( $S79^{\circ} 37'E$ ) a distance of two thousand seven hundred and eighty-six (2,786) feet unto an iron post marked "H";

Thence on an azimuth of North thirty-two degrees forty-one minutes East ( $N32^{\circ} 41'E$ ) a distance of one thousand one hundred and seventy-one (1,171) feet unto an iron post marked "I";

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-eight degrees fifty-one minutes East ( $S78^{\circ} 51'E$ ) a distance of three hundred and fifty-five (355) feet more or less to intersect the easterly limit of the Public Road known as the Cabot Trail;

Thence in a southerly direction, along said easterly limit of the Cabot Trail to the line of high-water mark on the left (or north) bank of Clyburn Brook;

Thence in an easterly direction along said high-water mark and following the several courses thereof to the point of intersection with the line of high-water mark of the North Bay of Ingonish;

Thence crossing the mouth of Clyburn Brook to the point of intersection of the lines of high-water mark of the right (or south) bank of Clyburn Brook and of the North Bay of Ingonish;



Thence easterly, westerly, and southerly along the line of high-water mark of the North Bay of Ingonish, the peninsula locally known as Middle Head and the sand beach south of Middle Head, throughout all the sinuosities of the coast to the point of intersection of such high-water mark with a line produced on an azimuth of North seventy-two degrees eight minutes East ( $N72^{\circ} 08'E$ ) from an iron post marked "V" planted at the northerly limit of the Public Road which, on the south side of what is locally known as the Freshwater Lake, connects the sand beach with the main Cabot Trail, said iron post marked "V" being at a distance of five thousand two hundred and eighty-one (5,281) feet, on an azimuth of South twenty-one degrees twenty-two minutes East ( $S21^{\circ} 22'E$ ) from a metal monument set in a large gray boulder about eighty yards south from the Roman Catholic Church at South Ingonish and thirty-five feet south-east from the centre line of the Cabot Trail, said metal monument being designated, 11K5 of the Topographical Survey of Canada, and set by W. A. Fletcher, D.L.S., in the year 1936;

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-two degrees eight minutes West ( $S72^{\circ} 08'W$ ) to the iron post marked "V";

Thence westerly along the northerly limit of said Public road on the south side of the Freshwater Lake to the point of intersection with the easterly limit of the present Cabot Trail;

Thence northerly along said easterly limit of the present Cabot Trail to an iron post set on the easterly limit thereof and marked "U" which iron post is at a distance of four thousand four hundred and seventy-two (4,472) feet, on an azimuth of South thirteen degrees forty-five minutes West ( $S13^{\circ} 45'W$ ) from the before described monument 11K5, of the Topographical Survey of Canada;

Thence on an azimuth of North fifty-eight degrees West ( $N58^{\circ}W$ ) a distance of two hundred and thirty-one and one-tenth (231.1) feet to an iron post marked "W";

Thence on an azimuth of South eighty-seven degrees sixteen minutes West ( $S87^{\circ} 16'W$ ) a distance of six thousand five hundred and eighty-five (6,585) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-three degrees thirty-two minutes west ( $S73^{\circ} 32'W$ ) a distance of two thousand six hundred and ninety-one (2,691) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixty degrees thirty-four minutes West ( $N60^{\circ} 34'W$ ) a distance of three thousand three hundred and thirty-six (3,336) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North seventy-eight degrees fifty-nine minutes West ( $N78^{\circ} 59'W$ ) a distance of four thousand six hundred and seventy-three (4,673) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-four degrees thirty-nine minutes West ( $S74^{\circ} 39'W$ ) a distance of eleven thousand six hundred and twenty (11,620) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixty degrees twenty-two minutes West (30° 38' W) a distance of one thousand two hundred and eighty-three feet into a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-four degrees fifty-nine minutes West (274° 38' W) a distance of fifteen thousand four hundred and twenty-eight (15,428) feet into a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixty-one degree four minutes West (161° 04' W) a distance of seven thousand five hundred and sixty-nine (7,569) feet into a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North fifty-three degrees fifty-five minutes West (53° 55' W) a distance of thirteen thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (13,793) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South thirty-four degrees fifty-three minutes West (304° 53' W) a distance of nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven (9,557) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth South fifty-six degrees seven minutes West (506° 17' W) a distance of four thousand nine hundred and forty-six (4,946) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth North eighty degrees fifty-six minutes West (780° 56' W) a distance of eleven thousand five hundred and eighty-eight (11,588) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North fifty-six degrees fifty-six minutes West (56° 56' W) a distance of eleven thousand three hundred and ten (11,310) feet to a wooden post, being the point of commencement;

Thence on an azimuth of South fifty-five degrees fifty-three minutes West (55° 53' W) a distance of seven thousand six hundred and thirty-five (7,635) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixteen degrees fifty-three minutes West (16° 53' W) a distance of eleven thousand four hundred and thirty-three (11,433) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North fifty-nine degrees fifteen minutes West (59° 15' W) a distance of seven thousand four hundred and ninety-two (7,492) feet more or less to a point bearing the east (into-)

boundary from the corner stake of Crown Land Township 10280, 581 and 50823 granted to Ontario, Quebec, Labrador and Siberia Towns respectively as shown on sheet No. 11 County of Lawrence Crown Land map Township of Howe Station.

Thence on an azimuth of North forty-eight degrees forty-two minutes West (48° 42' W) a distance of thirteen thousand two hundred and thirty-seven (13,237) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixty degrees twenty-two minutes West ( $N60^{\circ} 22'W$ ), a distance of one thousand two hundred and eighty-three (1,283) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South seventy-four degrees fifty-nine minutes West ( $S74^{\circ} 59'W$ ) a distance of fifteen thousand four hundred and twenty-eight (15,428) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North sixty-one degrees four minutes West ( $N61^{\circ} 04'W$ ) a distance of seven thousand five hundred and sixty-nine (7,569) feet unto a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South sixty-three degrees fifty-five minutes West ( $S63^{\circ} 55'W$ ) a distance of thirteen thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (13,793) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South thirty-four degrees fifty-three minutes West ( $S34^{\circ} 53'W$ ) a distance of nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven (9,557) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth South fifty-six degrees seven minutes West ( $S56^{\circ} 7'W$ ) a distance of four thousand nine hundred and forty-six (4,946) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth North eighty degrees fifty-six minutes West ( $N80^{\circ} 56'W$ ) a distance of fifteen thousand five hundred and eighty-eight (15,588) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North fifty-six degrees fifty-six minutes West ( $N56^{\circ} 56'W$ ) a distance of fifteen thousand three hundred and ten (15,310) feet to a wooden post, being the point of commencement;

Thence on an azimuth of South fifty-five degrees fifty-three minutes West ( $S55^{\circ} 53'W$ ) a distance of eleven thousand six hundred and thirty-five (11,635) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South sixteen degrees fifty-three minutes West ( $S16^{\circ} 53'W$ ) a distance of thirteen thousand four hundred and thirty-three (13,433) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of North forty-six degrees five minutes West ( $N46^{\circ} 05'W$ ) a distance of five thousand five hundred and seventeen (5,517) feet to a wooden post;

Thence on an azimuth of South fifty-nine degrees fifteen minutes West ( $S59^{\circ} 15'W$ ) a distance of seven thousand four hundred and ninety-two (7,492) feet more or less to a point bearing due east (astronomical) from the common angle of Crown Grants Numbered 10236, 4515 and 22333, granted to Servant LeFort, Francis LeFort and Silbert Pourier respectively as shown on sheet No. 11 County of Inverness Crown Land map, Province of Nova Scotia.

Thence on an azimuth of North thirty-eight degrees forty-two minutes West ( $N38^{\circ} 42'W$ ) a distance of thirteen thousand two hundred and thirty-seven (13,237) feet to a wooden post;



Thence on an azimuth of North twenty-four degrees twenty-six minutes East (N24' 26'E) by the southeasterly boundary of Grants Numbered 14974, 21876, 20102, 13370, 15141, and 19000 formerly granted to Charles Romard et al, Hyazinth Chaisson et al, Edmund Chaisson, Nictau Maillet et al, and Severin Aucoin respectively and to the Cheticamp Gold Mining Company a distance of ten thousand five hundred and fifty-six (10,556) feet to a wooden post set at the north-easterly corner of Grant 19000;

Thence easterly in a straight line to the point of commencement;

The said portion containing by admeasurement approximately thirteen square miles and three tenths of a square mile.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Q<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act respecting Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 19th April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator MacKINNON.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Q<sup>8</sup>.

An Act respecting Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Canadian Pacific Railway Company has by its petition prayed for the passing of an Act authorizing it to construct a certain line of railway, as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 5

Line of railway authorized.

**1.** Canadian Pacific Railway Company, hereinafter called "the Company" may construct a line of railway from a point on its line of railway at or in the vicinity of Brocket, in the province of Alberta, thence in a generally southerly direction for a distance of approximately twenty miles to a point in township four, range twenty-nine, west of the fourth meridian in the said province. 10

Time for completion.

**2.** If the construction of the said line of railway is not commenced within a period of two years, or if it is not completed and put in operation within a period of five years after the passing of this Act, the powers of construction hereby conferred upon the Company shall cease and be null and void as regards so much of the said line of railway as shall then remain uncompleted. 15 20

EXPLANATORY NOTE.

The purpose of this Bill is to authorize Canadian Pacific Railway Company to construct a branch line of railway in Alberta between the points mentioned in clause 1.

Parliamentary authority is necessary because the powers of the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada to authorize construction of branch lines under the *Railway Act* are limited to those not exceeding six miles in length.

# THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

## THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The history of the United States is a story of growth and expansion. From a small collection of colonies on the eastern seaboard, it grew into a vast nation that stretched across a continent. The early years were marked by struggle and conflict, as the colonies fought for their independence from British rule. The American Revolution was a turning point in the nation's history, leading to the birth of a new republic. The years following the revolution were a time of rapid growth and development. The United States expanded its territory westward, acquiring new lands and settling them. The nation's economy grew, and its population increased. The United States emerged as a major power in the world, and its influence was felt in many parts of the globe. The history of the United States is a story of a nation that has overcome many challenges and achieved great things. It is a story of a nation that has grown from a small colony to a great power, and that has shaped the world as we know it today.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Islay Isobel Campbell Jones.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Islay Isobel Campbell Jones.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Islay Isobel Campbell Jones, residing at the city of Vernon, in the province of British Columbia, stenographer, wife of Fred Fraser Jones, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of June, A.D. 1928, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Islay Isobel Campbell, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Islay Isobel Campbell and Fred Fraser Jones, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Islay Isobel Campbell may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Fred Fraser Jones had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson  
Hanson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL S<sup>3</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson  
Hanson.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson Hanson, residing at the city of Metz, France, wife of John Philip Hanson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of June, A.D. 1946, at the city of Montreal aforesaid, she then being Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson and John Philip Hanson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Audrey Joan Atkinson Hanson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Philip Hanson had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza  
Gagne Holowaty.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza Gagne Holowaty.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza Gagne Holowaty, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Joseph Holowaty, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the said city, she then being Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza Gagne, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza Gagne and Joseph Holowaty, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Eglantine Victoria Laurenza Gagne may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Holowaty had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Barbara Helen Major Kaye.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL U<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Barbara Helen Major Kaye.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Barbara Helen Major Kaye, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, copy writer, wife of Willis Dean Kaye, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Pointe Claire, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of January, A.D. 1949, at the city of Atlanta, in the state of Georgia, one of the United States of America, she then being Barbara Helen Major, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Barbara Helen Major and Willis Dean Kaye, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Barbara Helen Major may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Willis Dean Kaye had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hazel McJanet Thompson Stewart.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL V<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hazel McJanet Thompson Stewart.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hazel McJanet Thompson Stewart, residing at the city of Lachine, in the province of Quebec, school teacher, wife of Henry Wiggins Stewart, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of July, A.D. 1932, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Hazel McJanet Thompson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hazel McJanet Thompson and Henry Wiggins Stewart, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hazel McJanet Thompson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Henry Wiggins Stewart had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Patricia Marion Cook Townsend.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Patricia Marion Cook Townsend.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Patricia Marion Cook Townsend, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, analyst, wife of Bartholomew Joseph Leo Townsend, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of March, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Patricia Marion Cook, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Patricia Marion Cook and Bartholomew Joseph Leo Townsend, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Patricia Marion Cook may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bartholomew Joseph Leo Townsend had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Helen Joan Franks Manley  
Sellen.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL X<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Helen Joan Franks Manley Sellen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Helen Joan Franks Manley Sellen, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, office clerk, wife of Harold James Sellen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of April, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Helen Joan Franks Manley, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Helen Joan Franks Manley and Harold James Sellen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Helen Joan Franks Manley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harold James Sellen had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Y<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Lily Kite Herscovitch.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Y<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Lily Kite Herscovitch.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Lily Kite Herscovitch, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, sales clerk, wife of Samuel I. Herscovitch, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of April, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Lily Kite, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Lily Kite and Samuel I. Herscovitch, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Lily Kite may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Samuel I. Herscovitch had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>8</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Mary Bagdonas Roselle.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Z<sup>8</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Bagdonas Roselle.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Mary Bagdonas Roselle, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Charles James Roselle, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of February, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Mary Bagdonas, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Mary Bagdonas and Charles James Roselle, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Mary Bagdonas may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Charles James Roselle had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Arthur Telford Bates.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL A<sup>9</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Arthur Telford Bates.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Arthur Telford Bates, domiciled in Canada and temporarily residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, British Foreign Service Officer, has by his petition alleged that on the tenth day of October, A.D. 1942, at the city of Washington, in the district of Columbia, in the United States of America, he and Barbara Rehfluss Clements, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Arthur Telford Bates and Barbara Rehfluss Clements, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Arthur Telford Bates may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Barbara Rehfluss Clements had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B<sup>9</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marjorie Pennell Robinson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL B<sup>9</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marjorie Pennell Robinson.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Marjorie Pennell Robinson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Harold Mackenzie Robinson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of January, A.D. 1934, at the said city, she then being Marjorie Pennell, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Marjorie Pennell and Harold Mackenzie Robinson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Marjorie Pennell may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harold Mackenzie Robinson had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Joseph Henri Andre Lessard.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL C<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Henri Andre Lessard.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Henri Andre Lessard, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, furrier, has by his petition alleged that on the fifteenth day of February, A.D. 1951, at the said city, he and Marie Cecile Lucette Bergeron, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Henri Andre Lessard and Marie Cecile Lucette Bergeron, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Henri Andre Lessard may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Cecile Lucette Bergeron had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>o</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Sheila Joan Mencher Morantz.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Sheila Joan Mencher Morantz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sheila Joan Mencher Morantz, residing at the city of New York, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, wife of Stanley Marvin Morantz, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of February, A.D. 1953, at the said city of New York, she then being Sheila Joan Mencher, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sheila Joan Mencher and Stanley Marvin Morantz, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sheila Joan Mencher may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Stanley Marvin Morantz had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL E<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Frances Marie Ware Ami.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Frances Marie Ware Ami.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Frances Marie Ware Ami, residing at the town of Baie d'Urfe, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Robert Henry Bruce Ami, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of September, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Frances Marie Ware, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Frances Marie Ware and Robert Henry Bruce Ami, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Frances Marie Ware may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert Henry Bruce Ami had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Shirley Field Schleider.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL F<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Field Schleider.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Shirley Field Schleider, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of John Max Schleider, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Ville St-Laurent, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of June, A.D. 1948, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Shirley Field, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Shirley Field and John Max Schleider, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Shirley Field may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Max Schleider had not been solemnized. 20

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>o</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier  
Davies.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL G<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier  
Davies.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier Davies, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Major Gordon Davies, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourteenth day of September, A.D. 1948, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier and Major Gordon Davies, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry, again.

2. The said Jeannine Cecile Marie Tessier may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Major Gordon Davies had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL H<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Madeline McIsaac Metayer.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL H<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Madeline McIsaac Metayer.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Madeline McIsaac Metayer, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Onisiphore Metayer, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of November, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Madeline McIsaac, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Madeline McIsaac and Onisiphore Metayer, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Madeline McIsaac may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Onisiphore Metayer had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL 19.**

An Act for the relief of Gloria Ann Hazelton Stewart.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL I<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Gloria Ann Hazelton Stewart.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gloria Ann Hazelton Stewart, residing at the town of Laval West, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of William Joseph Stewart, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of July, A.D. 1944, at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, she then being Gloria Ann Hazelton, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gloria Ann Hazelton and William Joseph Stewart, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gloria Ann Hazelton may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Joseph Stewart had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Clifford Acland Barber.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL J<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Clifford Acland Barber.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Clifford Acland Barber, domiciled in Canada and residing at Huntingville, in the province of Quebec, stationary engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the tenth day of March, A.D. 1928, at the town of Lennoxville, in the said province, he and Clara Inez Young, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

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Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Clifford Acland Barber and Clara Inez Young, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

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Right to marry again.

2. The said Clifford Acland Barber may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Clara Inez Young had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL K<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hilda Louise Prewer Shaver.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K<sup>9</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hilda Louise Prewer Shaver.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hilda Louise Prewer Shaver, residing at the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Gordon Frederick Shaver, who is domiciled in Canada and temporarily residing at Camp Borden, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-second day of October, A.D. 1945, at Clarkson, in the said province of Ontario, she then being Hilda Louise Prewer, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hilda Louise Prewer and Gordon Frederick Shaver, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hilda Louise Prewer may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gordon Frederick Shaver had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Gertrude Earle Bell.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL L<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Gertrude Earle Bell.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Gertrude Earle Bell, residing at the city of St. John's, in the province of Newfoundland, char-woman, wife of Edward Bell, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of November, A.D. 1936, at the said city, she then being Gertrude Earle, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Gertrude Earle and Edward Bell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Gertrude Earle may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Edward Bell had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL M<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Leba Lee Black Lichtenstein.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL M<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Leba Lee Black Lichtenstein.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Leba Lee Black Lichtenstein, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, corsetiere, wife of Marian Myer Lichtenstein, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of December, A.D. 1952, at the said city, she then being Leba Lee Black, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Leba Lee Black and Marian Myer Lichtenstein, her husband, is hereby dissolved and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Leba Lee Black may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marian Myer Lichtenstein had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL N<sup>o</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Helen Walker Seivewright Edwards.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Helen Walker Seivewright Edwards.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Helen Walker Seivewright Edwards, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of James Arthur Edwards, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of September, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Helen Walker Seivewright, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Helen Walker Seivewright and James Arthur Edwards, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Helen Walker Seivewright may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Arthur Edwards had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Gertrude Hayes Renaud.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL O<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Gertrude Hayes Renaud.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gertrude Hayes Renaud, residing at St-Louis-de-France, in the province of Quebec, wife of Alphonse Renaud, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of January, A.D. 1929, at the town of Cap-de-la-Madeleine, in the said province, she then being Gertrude Hayes, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gertrude Hayes and Alphonse Renaud, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gertrude Hayes may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Alphonse Renaud had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Isabell Jones Page.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Isabell Jones Page.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Isabell Jones Page, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, proof machine operator, wife of Barry Richard Page, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of August, A.D. 1953, at the city of Saint John, in the province of New Brunswick, she then being Isabell Jones, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Isabell Jones and Barry Richard Page, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Isabell Jones may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Barry Richard Page had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Q<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Joyce Burgess Lewis Cloutier.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Q<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joyce Burgess Lewis Cloutier.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joyce Burgess Lewis Cloutier, residing at the town of Pointe Claire, in the province of Quebec, teacher, wife of Laurence Sidney Cloutier, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Outremont, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of September, A.D. 1936, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Joyce Burgess Lewis, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joyce Burgess Lewis and Laurence Sidney Cloutier, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joyce Burgess Lewis may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Laurence Sidney Cloutier had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Yvonne Blais Leger.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Yvonne Blais Leger.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Yvonne Blais Leger, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Joseph Francois Xavier Oscar Rene Leger, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Trois-Rivieres, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of July, A.D. 1926, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Marie Yvonne Blais, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Yvonne Blais and Joseph Francois Xavier Oscar Rene Leger, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Yvonne Blais may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Francois Xavier Oscar Rene Leger had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>o</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jeanne Fleury Touchette.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jeanne Fleury Touchette.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jeanne Fleury Touchette, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Samuel Emmanuel Touchette, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of July, A.D. 1940, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, she then being Jeanne Fleury, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jeanne Fleury and Samuel Emmanuel Touchette, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jeanne Fleury may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Samuel Emmanuel Touchette had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Doris Cammy Lapkoff.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Doris Cammy Lapkoff.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Doris Cammy Lapkoff, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, wife of Moe Lapkoff, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirty-first day of October, A.D. 1948, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Doris Cammy, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Doris Cammy and Moe Lapkoff, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Doris Cammy may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Moe Lapkoff had been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Thea Anna May Laskowski.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Thea Anna May Laskowski.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Thea Anna May Laskowski, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, furrier, wife of Josef Laskowski, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of April, A.D. 1948, at Frankfurt-am-Main, Germany, she then being Thea Anna May, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Thea Anna May and Josef Laskowski, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Thea Anna May may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Josef Laskowski had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Thelma Barton Taylor McPhee.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Thelma Barton Taylor McPhee.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Thelma Barton Taylor McPhee, residing at the village of St-Eustache-sur-le-lac, in the province of Quebec, receptionist, wife of Donald McArthur McPhee, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of July, A.D. 1947, at the town of Loughlin, in the county of Essex, England, she then being Thelma Barton Taylor, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

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Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Thelma Barton Taylor and Donald McArthur McPhee, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Thelma Barton Taylor may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Donald McArthur McPhee had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Olga Pritula Memi.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL W<sup>9</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Olga Pritula Memi.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Olga Pritula Memi, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, check-room attendant, wife of Raymond Memi, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married 5 on the twenty-seventh day of June, A.D. 1953, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Olga Pritula, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved 10 by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Olga Pritula and Raymond 15 Memi, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Olga Pritula may at any time hereafter marry 20 any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Raymond Memi had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie  
Campbell.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL X<sup>o</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie Campbell.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie Campbell, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Neville Norton Campbell, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of February, A.D. 1936, at the said city, she then being Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie and Neville Norton Campbell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Ethel Elizabeth Margaret Ritchie may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Neville Norton Campbell had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y<sup>o</sup>.

An Act to incorporate Grand Falls Central Railway  
Company Limited

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 25th April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator PRATT.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y<sup>o</sup>.

An Act to incorporate Grand Falls Central Railway  
Company Limited

- Preamble. **W**HEREAS a petition has been presented praying for the incorporation of a company to acquire and operate a railway as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 5
- Incorporation. **1.** Robert Ellis Morrow, solicitor, William Patrick Creagh, law clerk, Clifford George Meek, law clerk, Guy Ambrose Miller, law clerk, and Isabelle Anne Strange, secretary, all of the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, together with such persons as become shareholders in the company, are incorporated under the name of Grand Falls Central Railway Company Limited, hereinafter called "the Company".
- Corporate name.
- Provisional directors. **2.** The persons named in section 1 of this Act are constituted provisional directors of the Company. 15
- Capital stock. **3.** The capital stock of the Company shall be one hundred thousand dollars.
- Head office. **4.** The head office of the Company shall be in the town of Grand Falls, in the province of Newfoundland. 20
- Annual meeting. **5.** The annual meeting of the shareholders shall be held on the first Monday in the month of May in each year.
- Directors. **6.** The number of directors shall be not less than five nor more than nine, one or more of whom may be paid directors. 25





Line of  
railway  
described.

7. The Company may acquire by lease, purchase or otherwise and may operate an existing railway, presently owned and operated by Anglo Newfoundland Development Company Ltd., running between and serving the towns of Windsor, Grand Falls, Bishop's Falls and Botwood, all in the province of Newfoundland. 5

Issue of  
securities.

8. The securities issued by the Company shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars per mile of the railway, and may be issued only in proportion to the length of railway constructed or under contract to be constructed. 10

Agreements  
with other  
companies for  
sale, lease or  
amalgama-  
tion.

9. Subject to the provisions of sections 153, 154 and 155 of the *Railway Act*, the Company may, for any of the purposes specified in the said section 153, enter into agreements with Anglo Newfoundland Development Company Ltd. 15

Preference  
stock.

10. (1) The Company, if previously authorized by a resolution passed by the ordinary shareholders at any annual meeting or at any special general meeting duly called for that purpose, at which meeting shareholders representing at least three-fourths in value of the subscribed ordinary stock of the Company are present or represented by proxy, may issue any portion of its capital stock as preference stock, and preference stock so issued shall have such preference and priority, as respects dividends or otherwise, over ordinary stock as is declared by such resolution. 20 25

Holders to be  
shareholders  
RS., c. 234.

(2) Holders of such preference stock shall be deemed to be shareholders within the meaning of this Act and of the *Railway Act*, and shall, in all respects other than the preference and priority provided by this section, possess the rights and be subject to the liabilities of such shareholders. 30

RS., c. 234.  
Electric  
and other  
power.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 373 of the *Railway Act*, the Company shall have power to generate, acquire, use, transmit and distribute electric and other power or energy and for the purposes of such generation, acquisition, use, transmission and distribution may construct, acquire, operate and maintain lines for the conveyance of light, heat, power and electricity. 35

Vessels.

12. The Company may, for the purposes of its undertaking, construct, acquire, charter and navigate steam and other vessels for the conveyance of passengers, goods and merchandise; and may construct, acquire and dispose of wharfs, docks, elevators, warehouses, offices and other structures to be used to facilitate the carrying on of business in connection therewith, and may carry on the business of warehousemen and wharfingers; and charge wharfage and other dues for the use of any such property. 40 45

Wharfs,  
docks.

Warehouse-  
men and  
wharfingers.



- Hotels.** **13.** The Company may, for the purposes of its undertaking, construct, acquire or lease buildings for hotels or restaurants along its railway and may carry on such business in connection therewith as tends to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public; and may lay out, manage and lease parks and summer pleasure resorts with the approval, expressed by by-law, of the municipality having jurisdiction over the place in which such parks and summer pleasure resorts are situated and upon terms to be agreed upon by such municipality. 5
- Parks.**
- Highway transportation.** **14.** (1) In connection with its business and for the purposes of its undertaking the Company may establish and operate a service of highway transportation by means of traction motors or cars, driven by mechanical or other power, for receiving, carrying and delivering goods and passengers and may charge tolls therefor. 15
- Application of R.S., c. 234.** (2) The provisions of the *Railway Act* with respect to traffic, tolls and tariffs, shall, in so far as deemed applicable by the Board of Transport Commissions for Canada extend and apply to any such service of highway transportation. 20
- Interpretation.** (3) Words used in this section have the same meaning as in the *Railway Act*.
- R.S., c. 211.** **15.** (1) Subject to the provisions of the *Pipe Lines Act*, the Company may lay, construct, install, maintain, equip and operate pipe lines for the transportation of oil or gas between the termini of its railway, and may construct, provide, maintain and operate pumping stations, terminals, storage tanks, or reservoirs and all works relative thereto for use in connection with the said pipe lines. 25
- "Oil" and "gas" defined.** (2) In this section, "oil" and "gas" have the same meaning as in the *Pipe Lines Act*. 30
- Additional borrowing powers.** **16.** In addition to the securities authorized by section 8 of this Act, the directors, if previously authorized as prescribed by sections 134 and 135 of the *Railway Act*, may, from time to time, borrow moneys for the acquisition, construction, extension or development of any such properties, assets or works, other than the railway, as the Company is authorized to acquire, construct or operate; and to provide for the repayment of moneys so borrowed, may issue bonds, debentures, debenture stock, perpetual or terminable, or other securities; but such bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities shall not exceed in amount the value of the properties, assets or works, in respect whereof the issue is made. 35
- R.S., c. 234.**
- Limitation.**
- Work for general advantage of Canada.** **17.** The works and undertakings of the Company are hereby declared to be for the general advantage of Canada. 40 45

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>9</sup>.**

An Act respecting the construction of a bridge over the  
St. Lawrence River near the city of Trois-Rivières.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 26 April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator DESSUREAULT.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Z<sup>o</sup>.

An Act respecting the construction of a bridge over the St. Lawrence River near the city of Trois-Rivières.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is in the interest of the cities, towns, villages and parishes situated in the electoral districts of Trois-Rivières, Maskinongé, Champlain, Saint-Maurice-Lafèche, Nicolet, Lotbinière, Drummond-Arthabaska, and of the whole province of Quebec, to construct a bridge 5 connecting both shores of the St. Lawrence River in the vicinity of the city of Trois-Rivières;

And whereas to assure the construction, maintenance and operation of such bridge a corporation composed of six members and named "La Corporation du Pont de Trois-Rivières", having the powers necessary for those purposes, 10 has been created by a Special Act of the Legislature of the province of Quebec, assented to the 2nd of February, 1956, a copy of which is set forth in the Schedule to this Act;

And whereas an Act of the Parliament of Canada, 15 authorizing the construction and maintenance of the said bridge and approving the site thereof, is necessary: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 20

Construction of bridge authorized.

1. Subject to the provisions of this Act, La Corporation du Pont de Trois-Rivières is authorized to construct, maintain and operate a bridge and its approaches, for the passage of pedestrians, vehicles, carriages and other like purposes, connecting the north and south shores of the 25 St. Lawrence River approximately one mile upstream from the western limits of the city of Trois-Rivières in the province of Quebec.



Submission  
of plans for  
approval.

**2.** The said bridge shall be constructed and located under, and be subject to, such regulations for the security of navigation of the said river as the Governor in Council prescribes and to such end La Corporation du Pont de Trois-Rivières shall submit to the Governor in Council, for examination and approval a design and drawing of the bridge and a map of the location, giving the soundings accurately, showing the bed of the stream and the location of other bridges, and shall furnish such other information as is required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject, and until the said plans and location are approved by the Governor in Council the said bridge shall not be built or commenced; and if any change is made in the plans of the said bridge during its construction, such change shall be subject to the approval of the Governor in Council and shall not be made or commenced until it is so approved.

Time for  
commence-  
ment and  
completion  
of bridge.

**3.** The construction of the said bridge shall be commenced within three years after the plans therefor have been approved by the Governor in Council and shall be completed within four years after such commencement, otherwise the powers granted by this Act shall cease and be null and void as respects so much of the undertaking as then remains uncompleted: Provided, however, that if such approval is not obtained within three years after the passing of this Act, the powers granted for the construction of the said bridge shall cease and be null and void.

Proviso.





## SCHEDULE.

An Act respecting the construction of a bridge over the St. Lawrence river, near the city of Trois-Rivières.

*(Assented to 2nd February, 1956.)*

WHEREAS it is in the interest of the cities, towns, villages and parishes situated in the electoral districts of Three Rivers, Maskinonge, Champlain, Saint-Maurice, Laviolette, Nicolet, Lotbiniere, Drummond and Arthabaska, and of the whole province, to construct a bridge connecting both sides of the St. Lawrence River in the neighbourhood of the city of Trois-Rivières;

Whereas, to build such bridge it is necessary to create a corporation with the powers requisite for that purpose;

Whereas, in order to repay the cost of construction and ensure the operation and maintenance, of such bridge it will have to be subject to tolls;

Therefore, Her Majesty, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, enacts as follows:

1. For the purposes of this act, the word "corporation" shall designate the corporation constituted by the present act.

2. A corporation without share-capital and for no pecuniary gain is hereby instituted under the name of "Corporation du Pont de Trois-Rivières", for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

3. Such corporation shall be composed of six members, namely, John F. Wickenden, professional engineer, J. Henri René de Cotret, chartered accountant, Frank Spenard, broker, Maurice Langlois, professional engineer, and Francois Nobert, advocate, all five of Trois-Rivières, and one member to be appointed by the Municipal Council of the City of Trois-Rivières, such appointment to be made during the month following the coming into force of this act.

4. The corporation shall elect a president and a secretary from among its members. It shall also elect a treasurer from among its members or otherwise.

5. The affairs of the corporation shall be managed by its members; four of them shall form a quorum.

6. Any vacancy or vacancies among the members of the corporation, occasioned by death, sickness, lack of appointment or other cause, shall in no way affect the rights and powers of the corporation acting by its other members.

7. The appointive member shall be appointed for a term of three years, and shall be re-eligible.



8. Vacancy among the appointive members shall be filled by the authority that appointed the member to be replaced, and vacancies among the five other members shall be filled by majority decision of the corporation.

9. In case of an equality of votes, the president shall have a casting vote.

10. The remuneration, if any, of the president, secretary, treasurer and members shall be fixed by the corporation, subject to the approval of the municipal council of the city of Trois-Rivières.

11. The corporation may adopt and amend, from time to time, by-laws not inconsistent with this act for its government and the conduct of its affairs; such by-laws shall come into force only after their publication in the *Quebec Official Gazette*.

12. The corporation may engage such employees as it deems needful, fix their remuneration and determine their duties.

13. The purpose of the corporation shall be to build, maintain and operate a bridge connecting the north and south shores of the St. Lawrence river about one mile above the western limits of the city of Trois-Rivières, as well as the approaches giving access from the said bridge to the public road.

14. Without limiting the generality of the powers granted thereto by this act, the corporation may:

- a. have a seal;
- b. appear before the courts and enter into contracts;
- c. acquire, possess, administer, exploit and alienate such property as it deems useful for its purposes and make contracts for such purposes;
- d. borrow the moneys which it deems necessary for the attainment of the objects for which it is formed;
- e. issue debentures or other securities of the corporation at such times, in such forms, for such sums, in such denominations, bearing such dates, maturing at such dates, bearing such rates of interest, redeemable before maturing at such prices, profiting by such amortization funds, payable at such places in Canadian money or in other currency, containing such other terms, conditions and other characteristics, the whole as the corporation may determine, and sell such debentures or other securities or dispose thereof at such prices, at par, at a premium or discount, and on such conditions as the corporation shall decide.
- f. notwithstanding the provisions of the Civil Code, mortgage, hypothecate or pledge the moveable or immovable property, present or future, including the revenues of the corporation, to secure the payment of such debentures or other securities, or give a part only of such guarantees for the same purposes; and constitute the mortgage, hypothecation or



pledge above mentioned by trust deed, in accordance with sections 23 and 24 of the Special Corporate Powers Act (chapter 280), or in any other way;

- g.* hypothecate or pledge the immoveables, or pledge or otherwise encumber in any manner the moveable property of the corporation, or give such various kinds of guarantees, to ensure the payment of borrowings made otherwise than by the issue of debentures, as well as the payment or performance of the other debts, contracts and liabilities of the corporation;
- h.* give receipts for any money payable to the corporation and for any claim of the same;
- i.* draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, subscribe and issue bills of exchange, bills of lading and other negotiable instruments;
- j.* delegate to one or more of its members or to one of the members jointly with one or more other persons, the authority to sign, for and on behalf of the corporation, bills of exchange, receipts, discharges, endorsements, cheques, bonds, title-deeds, contracts and all other documents;
- k.* generally, do all acts and things necessary or useful for the exercise of its powers and the attainment of its objects.

15. The plans and specifications of the said bridge and its approaches must be submitted for approval to the municipal corporations where shall be situated the bridge and its approaches.

16. The corporation may acquire, by agreement or by expropriation, all immoveables and real or other rights of which it anticipates to be in need for the construction and operation of the said bridge and its approaches.

The proceedings in expropriation shall be those enacted in articles 1066a and following of the Code of Civil Procedure and the carrying out of the right of expropriation must be submitted for previous approval to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

17. Subject to the approval of the Provincial Transportation Board, the corporation may establish, revise, impose and collect tolls, charges and rents and also enter into contracts for the use of the bridge and of its services and facilities, so that the operating revenues may always be sufficient to cover the maintenance and operation costs, including depreciation, of the bridge and its approaches, and also to provide for the reimbursement of the capital, the premium if any, and the interest on the securities issued by the corporation as well as on other loans, and to create reserves for such purposes.

18. The municipal and school corporations within which territory are situated the property of the corporation are authorized to grant by mere resolution with respect to such property an exemption or commutation of municipal and school taxes for a period of ten years taking effect from the day when the property shall be assessed and taxed.



19. The corporation must submit annually a complete and detailed financial statement of its operations to the Provincial Transportation Board.

20. The corporation shall acquire from the corporation of the city of Trois-Rivières, which shall sell, provided it be authorized for such purposes by the electors who are property owners of Trois-Rivières according to law, all the moveables and immoveables of the ferry service between the city of Trois-Rivières and the south shore of the St. Lawrence river, including, but not restrictively, the ferry-boats, the rights of the wharfs and lands, the buildings, and generally everything used in the operating and maintaining of the said ferry; the price to be paid to the corporation of the city of Trois-Rivières, if the parties fail to agree, shall be determined by the Public Service Board of the Province of Quebec; the cost of such purchase shall be deemed as forming part of the cost of the bridge.

21. All powers granted by sections 13, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 22 of this act shall be subject to the acquisition by the corporation and according to law of the said ferry-service between the city of Trois-Rivières and south shore.

22. During a period of eight years as from the sanction of this act and afterwards during the whole period of the utilization of the proposed bridge, no other person shall construct or operate a bridge, tunnel or ferry service over or under the St. Lawrence river between the north shore and the south shore and this, within a radius of twenty-five miles below the site of the said bridge, subject however, to the rights of the corporation of the city of Trois-Rivières in the ferry service operated by it.

23. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act respecting Trans-Prairie Pipelines of Canada, Ltd.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 26th April, 1956.

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Honourable Senator CRERAR.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A<sup>10</sup>.

An Act respecting Trans-Prairie Pipelines of Canada, Ltd.

Preamble.  
1955, c. 80.

WHEREAS Trans-Prairie Pipelines of Canada, Ltd., a company incorporated by chapter 80 of the statutes of 1955, has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and the House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Change of  
name.

Existing  
rights  
saved.

1. The name of Trans-Prairie Pipelines of Canada, Ltd., is hereby changed to Northwest Transmission Company Limited, but such change in name shall not in any way impair, alter or affect the rights or liabilities of the company, nor in any way affect any suit or proceeding now pending, or judgment existing either by, or in favour of, or against the company, which, notwithstanding such change in the name of the Company, may be prosecuted, continued, completed and enforced as if this Act had not been passed.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL B<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act respecting Ogdensburg Bridge Authority.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 1st May, 1956.

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Honourable Senator ROEBUCK.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL B<sup>10</sup>.

An Act respecting Ogdensburg Bridge Authority.

Preamble.  
1952, c. 57.

WHEREAS Ogdensburg Bridge Authority has by its Petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth and it is expedient that the prayer of the Petition; Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 5

1. Subsection (1) of section 12 of *An Act to incorporate Ogdensburg Bridge Authority*, being chapter 57 of the statutes of 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor: 10

Bonding  
powers.

“12. (1) The Company may issue bonds, debentures or other securities in aid of the construction herein mentioned, to an amount not exceeding twenty million dollars.”

2. Section 16 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:— 15

Borrowing  
powers.

“16. Subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, the said new or amalgamated company or body may from time to time borrow such sums of money, not exceeding twenty million dollars, as may be necessary for constructing and completing the said bridge, and for the acquiring of the necessary lands therefor, and may mortgage its property, assets, rents and revenues, present, and future, or such portion thereof as may be described in the mortgage deed, to secure the payment thereof.” 20

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE.

When Ogdensburg Bridge Authority was incorporated by chapter 57 of the statutes of 1952, it was estimated that the cost of the bridge would be approximately twelve million dollars. Plans and specifications have now been prepared and approved and the present estimate of the cost of the bridge is approximately fifteen million dollars, which will have to be secured by the issue of bonds or debentures. In the interests of abundant caution, the Company, at this time, is requesting authority from Parliament to issue bonds and debentures to an amount not exceeding twenty million dollars, should this become necessary as construction progresses.

3. Section 17 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:—

Securing  
payment  
of bonds.

“17. The Company, in lieu of issuing its own bonds or other securities, shall have power to mortgage, pledge or hypothecate all its assets and undertakings, rights, franchises, and privileges, both present and future, jointly and in conjunction with any of the companies or bodies referred to in sections fourteen, fifteen and sixteen of this Act, to secure payment of any bonds or other securities issued by such other company or body for the joint purposes of the Company and such other company or body in connection with the construction of the said bridge under any arrangement which may be entered into between the Company and such other company or body in respect thereof, and to execute and deliver mortgages or deeds of trust by way of mortgage to secure such payment: Provided, always, that the Company shall not mortgage, pledge or hypothecate its assets, undertakings, rights, franchises and privileges or secure payment of any bonds or other securities to a greater amount than twenty million dollars.”

Proviso.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Edith May Robertson Thompson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL C<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Edith May Robertson Thompson.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Edith May Robertson Thompson, residing at Martintown, in the province of Ontario, wife of Ronald Frederick Thompson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of December, A.D. 1950, at the city of Verdun, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Edith May Robertson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Edith May Robertson and Ronald Frederick Thompson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Edith May Robertson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ronald Frederick Thompson had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hans Christian Anderson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hans Christian Anderson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hans Christian Anderson, domiciled in Canada and residing at Wolfe Lake, in the province of Quebec, guide, has by his petition alleged that on the eleventh day of January, A.D. 1936, at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, he and Audrey Gwendolyne Hayes, who was then of the said city of Ottawa, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hans Christian Anderson and Audrey Gwendolyne Hayes, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hans Christian Anderson may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Audrey Gwendolyne Hayes had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL E<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Raffaele Polissena.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Raffaele Polissena.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Raffaele Polissena, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Ste-Rose, in the province of Quebec, stockkeeper, has by his petition alleged that on the seventh day of September, A.D. 1936, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Aurore Gilberte Giroux, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Raffaele Polissena and Aurore Gilberte Giroux, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Raffaele Polissena may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Aurore Gilberte Giroux had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hilda Evelyn Charlton Carlson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL F<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hilda Evelyn Charlton Carlson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hilda Evelyn Charlton Carlson, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of James William Carlson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of February, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Hilda Evelyn Charlton, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hilda Evelyn Charlton and James William Carlson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hilda Evelyn Charlton may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James William Carlson had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Pilkington Wilson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 2nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL G<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Pilkington Wilson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Pilkington Wilson, residing at the city of Lachine, in the province of Quebec, wife of David Wilson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of June, A.D. 1942, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Dorothy Pilkington, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Pilkington and David Wilson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Pilkington may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said David Wilson had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H<sup>10</sup>.

An Act to incorporate The Albion Insurance Company.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 8th May, 1956.

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Honourable Senator DUPUIS.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL H<sup>10</sup>.

An Act to incorporate The Albion Insurance Company.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the persons hereinafter named have by their petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 5

Incorporation.

1. Roger Gerald MacIsaac, insurance executive, of the city of St. Lambert, Edward Douglas Johnson, manager, of the city of Montreal, and Rene Labelle, one of Her Majesty's Counsel, of the town of Mount Royal, all in the province of Quebec, together with such other persons as become shareholders in the Company are incorporated under the name of The Albion Insurance Company, hereinafter called "the Company". 10

Corporate name.

Provisional directors.

2. The persons named in section 1 of this Act shall be the provisional directors of the Company. 15

Capital stock.

3. The capital stock of the Company shall be one million dollars divided into ten thousand shares of a par value of one hundred dollars each.

Subscription before general meeting.

4. The amount to be subscribed before the general meeting for the election of directors is called shall be five hundred thousand dollars. 20

Head office.

5. The head office of the Company shall be in the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

Classes of insurance authorized.

6. The Company may undertake, transact and make contracts of insurance for all or any of the following classes of insurance: 25

- (a) fire insurance;
- (b) aircraft insurance;



(c)	automobile insurance	
(d)	boiler insurance	
(e)	credit insurance	
(f)	earthquake insurance	
(g)	employers' liability insurance	5
(h)	explosion insurance	
(i)	falling aircraft insurance	
(j)	forgery insurance	
(k)	guarantee insurance	
(l)	hail insurance	10
(m)	impact by vehicles insurance	
(n)	inland transportation insurance	
(o)	live stock insurance	
(p)	machinery insurance	
(q)	marine insurance	15
(r)	personal accident insurance	
(s)	personal property insurance	
(t)	plate glass insurance	
(u)	public liability insurance	
(v)	real property insurance	20
(w)	sickness insurance	
(x)	sprinkler leakage insurance	
(y)	theft insurance	
(z)	water damage insurance	
(aa)	weather insurance	25
(bb)	windstorm insurance.	

Subscription  
and payment  
of capital  
before com-  
mencing  
business.

7. (1) The Company shall not commence any business of insurance until at least five hundred thousand dollars of its capital stock has been bona fide subscribed, and at least three hundred and forty thousand dollars paid thereon. 30  
It may then transact the business of fire insurance, automobile insurance, personal accident insurance, public liability insurance and, in addition thereto, civil commotion insurance, earthquake insurance, limited or inherent explosion insurance, falling aircraft insurance, impact by vehicles insurance, hail insurance, sprinkler leakage insurance, water damage insurance, weather insurance and windstorm insurance, limited to the insurance of the same property as is insured under a policy of fire insurance of the Company. 35

Additional  
amount for  
certain  
classes of  
business.

(2) The Company shall not commence any of the other 40  
classes of business authorized by section 6 of this Act until the paid capital, or the paid capital together with the surplus, has been increased by an amount or amounts depending upon the nature of the additional class or classes of business as follows, that is to say:—for aircraft insurance 45  
the said increase shall not be less than forty thousand dollars; for boiler insurance, excluding machinery insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for credit insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for earthquake insur-



ance, not less than ten thousand dollars; for employers' liability insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for explosion insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for falling aircraft insurance, not less than ten thousand dollars; for forgery insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for guarantee insurance, not less than one hundred thousand dollars; for hail insurance, not less than fifty thousand dollars; for impact by vehicles insurance, not less than ten thousand dollars; for inland transportation insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for live stock insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for machinery insurance, not less than forty thousand dollars; for marine insurance, not less than one hundred thousand dollars; for personal property insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for plate glass insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for real property insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for sickness insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for sprinkler leakage insurance, not less than ten thousand dollars; for theft insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for water damage insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for weather insurance, not less than twenty thousand dollars; for windstorm insurance, not less than fifty thousand dollars.

Periodic increase of paid capital and surplus.

(3) The Company shall, during the five years next after the date of its being registered for the transaction of fire insurance, increase its paid capital and surplus so that at the end of the first year it will be at least fifteen thousand dollars more than is required under the foregoing subsections of this section, and at the end of the second year at least thirty thousand dollars more than so required, and at the end of the third year at least forty-five thousand dollars more than so required, and at the end of the fourth year at least sixty thousand dollars more than so required, and at the end of the fifth year, at least seventy-five thousand dollars more than so required.

When Company may transact any or all classes of insurance business.

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this section, the Company may transact all or any of the classes of insurance business authorized by section 6 of this Act when the paid capital amounts to at least five hundred thousand dollars and the paid capital together with the surplus amounts to at least one million dollars.

"Surplus" defined.

(5) In this section, the word "surplus" means the excess of assets over liabilities, including the amount paid on account of capital stock and the reserve of unearned premiums calculated *pro rata* for the unexpired term of all policies of the Company in force.

R.S. 1952  
c. 31.

**S.** The *Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act* shall apply to the Company.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL I<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act respecting The Maritime Stock Breeders'  
Association.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 8th May, 1956.

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Honourable Senator HAWKINS.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL I<sup>10</sup>.

An Act respecting The Maritime Stock Breeders' Association.

Preamble.  
1902, c. 73.

WHEREAS The Maritime Stock Breeders' Association has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 5

1. Paragraph (c) of section 2 of An Act to incorporate the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association, chapter 73 of the statutes of 1902, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:— 10

Exhibitions.

“(c) to hold exhibitions of livestock, agricultural produce and any other products, goods or services produced on or for a farm, and also to make available its facilities for the purchase or sale of any such live stock or other such agricultural produce, products, goods or services;” 15

2. The said Act is amended by adding thereto the following section:—

Borrowing powers.

“5. (1) The Association may, from time to time, for the purposes of the Association 20  
(a) borrow money upon the credit of the Association; 20  
(b) make, draw, accept, endorse or become party to promissory notes and bills of exchange; every such note or bill made, drawn, accepted or endorsed by the party thereto authorized by the by-laws of the Association and countersigned by the proper party 25 thereto authorized by the said by-laws of the Association, shall be binding upon the Association, and shall be presumed to have been made, drawn, accepted or endorsed with proper authority until the contrary is shown; and it shall not be necessary in any case 30 to have the seal of the Association affixed to any such note or bill;



#### EXPLANATORY NOTES.

*Clause 1.* By paragraph (c) of section 2 of chapter 73 of the statutes of 1902 the Association was empowered simply "to hold live stock exhibitions". Since that time the scope of the Association's activities has increased, and the purpose of clause 1 of this Bill is to authorize the Association to hold general agricultural exhibitions, to include not only the exhibition of purebred live stock, but also of other farm animals and farm products of all kinds. The clause further authorizes the Association to make its facilities available for the purchase or sale of any such live stock or other such agricultural produce, products, goods or services, by interested farm groups, persons or organizations.

*Clause 2.* The purpose of clause 2 of the Bill is to enable the Association to borrow money from time to time (not in excess of \$50,000) so that it may have working capital available to it and so that it may improve its equipment and facilities from time to time as circumstances require.

(c) issue bonds, debentures or other securities of the Association;

(d) pledge or sell such bonds, debentures or other securities for such sums and at such prices as may be deemed expedient;

(e) mortgage, hypothecate or pledge any property of the Association, real or personal, to secure the repayment of any money borrowed for the purposes of the Association.

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**Limitation.**

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the Association to issue any note or bill payable to bearer thereof, or any promissory note intended to be circulated as money or as the note or bill of a bank or to engage in the business of banking or insurance.

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(3) The amount owing in consequence of the exercise of the borrowing powers set forth in this section shall not at any time exceed fifty thousand dollars."

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL J<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Nesbitt Ward Pratt.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL J<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Nesbitt Ward Pratt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Nesbitt Ward Pratt, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Robert John Pratt, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Dorval, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth 05 day of July, A.D. 1935, at Kennebunkport, in the state of Maine, one of the United States of America, she then being Dorothy Nesbitt Ward, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said 10 marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 15

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Nesbitt Ward and Robert John Pratt, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Nesbitt Ward may at any time 20 hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Robert John Pratt had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL K<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Nichita Tomescu.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL K<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Nichita Tomescu.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Nichita Tomescu, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, painter, has by his petition alleged that on the twelfth day of January, A.D. 1952, at the said city, he and Vera Lalevici Carcivoianu, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: 5  
Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 10

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Nichita Tomescu and Vera Lalevici Carcivoianu, his wife, is hereby dissolved, 15  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Nichita Tomescu may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Vera Lalevici Carcivoianu 20  
had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Lilly Katoffsky Schwartz.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL L<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Lilly Katoffsky Schwartz.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lilly Katoffsky Schwartz, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, finisher, wife of Sam Schwartz, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of December, A.D. 1932, at the said city, she then being Lilly Katoffsky, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lilly Katoffsky and Sam Schwartz, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lilly Katoffsky may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sam Schwartz had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL M<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott  
Darlington.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott  
Darlington.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott Darlington, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Charles Henry Darlington, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of April, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott and Charles Henry Darlington, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rita Beryl Gwendolyn Scott may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Charles Henry Darlington had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL N<sup>o</sup> 10.**

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Christie Bradley Cunniam.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Dorothy Christie Bradley Cunniam.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Dorothy Christie Bradley Cunniam, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of William John Cunniam, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirteenth day of November, A.D. 1935, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Dorothy Christie Bradley, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Dorothy Christie Bradley and William John Cunniam, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Dorothy Christie Bradley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William John Cunniam had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Samuel Marks Stirling.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Samuel Marks Stirling.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Samuel Marks Stirling, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, handyman, has by his petition alleged that on the sixteenth day of September, A.D. 1933, at Curling, in the province of Newfoundland, he and Annie Tucker, who was then of Cornerbrook, in the said province of Newfoundland, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Samuel Marks Stirling and Annie Tucker, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Samuel Marks Stirling may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Annie Tucker had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Violet Ethel Stanway Sharpe.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

3rd Session, 22nd Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Violet Ethel Stanway Sharpe.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Violet Ethel Stanway Sharpe, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, office clerk, wife of James Harold Sharpe, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of September, A.D. 1947, at the said city, she then being Violet Ethel Stanway, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Violet Ethel Stanway and James Harold Sharpe, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Violet Ethel Stanway may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Harold Sharpe had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth June Robertson Fraser.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Q<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth June Robertson Fraser.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Elizabeth June Robertson Fraser, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, supervisor, wife of William Thomas Fraser, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the third day of February, A.D. 1950, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Elizabeth June Robertson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Elizabeth June Robertson and William Thomas Fraser, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Elizabeth June Robertson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Thomas Fraser had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Shirley Ann Joss Le Boeuf.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

# THE SENATE OF CANADA

## BILL R<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Ann Joss Le Boeuf.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Shirley Ann Joss Le Boeuf, residing at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, clerk, wife of Leonard Leo Le Boeuf, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of October, A.D. 1953, at the city of Outremont, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Shirley Ann Joss, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Shirley Ann Joss and Leonard Leo Le Boeuf, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Shirley Ann Joss may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Leonard Leo Le Boeuf had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Catherine Evans  
Macfarlane.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marguerite Catherine Evans Macfarlane.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marguerite Catherine Evans Macfarlane, residing at the city of Vancouver, in the province of British Columbia, bookkeeper, wife of Malcolm Frederick Macfarlane, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seven-  
teenth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, she then being Marguerite Catherine Evans, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marguerite Catherine Evans and Malcolm Frederick Macfarlane, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marguerite Catherine Evans may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Malcolm Frederick Macfarlane had not been solemnized.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Agniete Stravinskaite Paskevicius.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Agniete Stravinskaite Paskevicius.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Agniete Stravinskaite Paskevicius, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, typist, wife of Jonas Paskevicius, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of June, A.D. 1953, at the city of Verdun, in the said province, she then being Agniete Stravinskaite, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Agniete Stravinskaite and Jonas Paskevicius, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Agniete Stravinskaite may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jonas Paskevicius had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Marc Bernard Levesque.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL U<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Marc Bernard Levesque.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Joseph Marc Bernard Levesque, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, salesman, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-sixth day of September, A.D. 1938, at the said city, he and Marguerite O'Leary, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Joseph Marc Bernard Levesque and Marguerite O'Leary, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Joseph Marc Bernard Levesque may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marguerite O'Leary had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Wilfred Morgan.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL V<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Kenneth Wilfred Morgan.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Kenneth Wilfred Morgan, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec, engineer, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-sixth day of August, A.D. 1946, at the city of Birmingham, England, he and Joyce Margaret Terry, who was then of the said city of Birmingham, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Kenneth Wilfred Morgan and Joyce Margaret Terry, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Kenneth Wilfred Morgan may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joyce Margaret Terry had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Mary Helen Norah Whelehan  
Gondos.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Helen Norah Whelehan Gundos.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Helen Norah Whelehan Gundos, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, switchboard operator, wife of Michael Stephen Gundos, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of October, A.D. 1942, at the said city, she then being Mary Helen Norah Whelehan, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Helen Norah Whelehan and Michael Stephen Gundos, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Helen Norah Whelehan may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Michael Stephen Gundos had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Roger Paul Rene Hilaire Varnier.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL X<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Roger Paul Rene Hilaire Varnier.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Roger Paul Rene Hilaire Varnier, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of St. Laurent, in the province of Quebec, tinsmith, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-ninth day of September, A.D. 1951, at the town of Clamart, in the Department of La Seine, France, he and Annette Edith Nadaud, who was then of the said town of Clamart, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Roger Paul Rene Hilaire Varnier and Annette Edith Nadaud, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Roger Paul Rene Hilaire Varnier may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Annette Edith Nadaud had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Y<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Sarah Abramovsky Gordon.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Sarah Abramovsky Gordon.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sarah Abramovsky Gordon, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of David Gordon, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of January, A.D. 1923, at the city of Sydney, in the province of Nova Scotia, she then being Sarah Abramovsky, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sarah Abramovsky and David Gordon, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sarah Abramovsky may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said David Gordon had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>10</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ruth Shirley Churchill O'Neil.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Z<sup>10</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ruth Shirley Churchill O'Neil.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ruth Shirley Churchill O'Neil, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, accountant, wife of John Francis O'Neil, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of August, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Ruth Shirley Churchill, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ruth Shirley Churchill and John Francis O'Neil, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ruth Shirley Churchill may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Francis O'Neil had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Edgar Ferland Theoret.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL A<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Edgar Ferland Theoret.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Edgar Ferland Theoret, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bus driver, has by his petition alleged that on the tenth day of April, A.D. 1937, at the said city, he and Marie Edna Chartrand, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: 5  
Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 10

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Edgar Ferland Theoret and Marie Edna Chartrand, his wife, is hereby dissolved, 15 and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Edgar Ferland Theoret may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Edna Chartrand 20 had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL B<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Therese Laure Turgeon Garson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL B<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Therese Laure Turgeon Garson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Therese Laure Turgeon Garson, residing at Baie d'Urfe, in the province of Quebec, wife of Benjamin Alexander Garson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of June, A.D. 1947, at the city of Detroit, in the state of Michigan, one of the United States of America, she then being Therese Laure Turgeon, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Therese Laure Turgeon and Benjamin Alexander Garson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Therese Laure Turgeon may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Benjamin Alexander Garson had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier  
Legault.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL C<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier Legault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier Legault, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, seamstress, wife of Joseph Medard Wilfrid Legault, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-seventh day of December, A.D. 1947, at the city of Valleyfield, in the said province, she then being Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier and Joseph Medard Wilfrid Legault, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Jeannine Lucette Poirier may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Medard Wilfrid Legault had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Therese Allain Gauvin.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Rose Therese Allain Gauvin.

**Preamble.**

**W**HEREAS Marie Rose Therese Allain Gauvin, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of George Henri Gauvin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at Petawawa Military Camp, Petawawa, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirteenth day of October, A.D. 1952, at the town of Dalhousie, in the province of New Brunswick, she then being Marie Rose Therese Allain, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

**Marriage dissolved.**

**1.** The said marriage between Marie Rose Therese Allain and George Henri Gauvin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

**Right to marry again.**

**2.** The said Marie Rose Therese Allain may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Henri Gauvin had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL E<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Therese Murielle Audelin  
Blemur.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Therese Murielle Audelin Blemur.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Marie Therese Murielle Audelin Blemur, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, seamstress, wife of Beliard Sam Blemur, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first 5 day of May, A.D. 1953, at the said city, she then being Marie Therese Murielle Audelin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced 10 and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Marie Therese Murielle Audelin and Beliard Sam Blemur, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Marie Therese Murielle Audelin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully 20 marry if the said marriage with the said Beliard Sam Blemur had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Frantisek Horsky, otherwise known  
as Francis Horsky.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL F<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Frantisek Horsky, otherwise known as Francis Horsky.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Frantisek Horsky, otherwise known as Francis Horsky, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, manufacturers' agent, has by his petition alleged that on the ninth day of October, A.D. 1946, at the city of Prague, Czechoslovakia, he and Gabriela Meislova, who was then of Zehusice, in Czechoslovakia aforesaid, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Frantisek Horsky, otherwise known as Francis Horsky, and Gabriela Meislova, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Frantisek Horsky, otherwise known as Francis Horsky, may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gabriela Meislova had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Anne Campbell Hogwood.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL G<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Anne Campbell Hogwood.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anne Campbell Hogwood, residing at the city of North Bay, in the province of Ontario, wife of Geoffrey Edward Hogwood, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of April, A.D. 1952, at the city of Hampstead, in the said province of Quebec, she then being Anne Campbell, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anne Campbell and Geoffrey Edward Hogwood, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anne Campbell may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Geoffrey Edward Hogwood had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL H<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Maud Virginia af Ugglas Marchant.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Maud Virginia af Ugglas Marchant.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Maud Virginia af Ugglas Marchant, residing at the city of Stockholm, Sweden, wife of Peter Stanhope Marchant, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of December, A.D. 1948, at the town of Guildford, in the county of Surrey, England, she then being Maud Virginia af Ugglas, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Maud Virginia af Ugglas and Peter Stanhope Marchant, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Maud Virginia af Ugglas may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Peter Stanhope Marchant had not been solemnized.

The Honorable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL I<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Annie Eva Lewin Sutcliffe.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL I<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Annie Eva Lewin Sutcliffe.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Annie Eva Lewin Sutcliffe, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Earle Sutcliffe, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of July, A.D. 1936, at the said city, she then being Annie Eva Lewin, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Annie Eva Lewin and Earle Sutcliffe, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Annie Eva Lewin may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Earle Sutcliffe had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL J<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Vanda Vainoraite Lebedziunas.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL J<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Vanda Vainoraite Lebedziunas.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Vanda Vainoraite Lebedziunas, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, waitress, wife of Jonas Lebedziunas, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second day of December, A.D. 1940, at Vilnius, Lithuania, she then being Vanda Vainoraite, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Vanda Vainoraite and Jonas Lebedziunas, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Vanda Vainoraite may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jonas Lebedziunas had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL K<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ivy Hutchcraft Fawcett.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ivy Hutchcraft Fawcett.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ivy Hutchcraft Fawcett, residing at Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, England, wife of Herbert Andrew Fawcett, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Huntingdon, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of August, A.D. 1944, at Ramsey aforesaid, she then being Ivy Hutchcraft, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ivy Hutchcraft and Herbert Andrew Fawcett, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ivy Hutchcraft may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Herbert Andrew Fawcett had not been solemnized.

The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Charles Edouard Racicot.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL L<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Charles Edouard Racicot.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Charles Edouard Racicot, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, steam fitter, has by his petition alleged that on the seventeenth day of June, A.D. 1950, at the said city, he and Marie Paule Fournier, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Charles Edouard Racicot and Marie Paule Fournier, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Charles Edouard Racicot may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Paule Fournier had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL M<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel Wells.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL M<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel Wells.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel Wells, residing at the town of Hudson, in the province of Quebec, wife of William John Wells, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of October, A.D. 1951, at the city of Plattsburg, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, she then being Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel and William John Wells, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Jeanine Yvonne Pinatel may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William John Wells had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL N<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade Sheehan.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>o</sup> 11.

An Act for the relief of Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade Sheehan.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade Sheehan, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, saleslady, wife of Roy Joseph Sheehan, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of October, A.D. 1941, at the said city, she then being Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade and Roy Joseph Sheehan, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

2. The said Georgina Mary Elizabeth Forcade may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Roy Joseph Sheehan had not been solemnized. 20



THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Bridget Ann Hamilton Limoges.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

3rd Session, 22nd Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Bridget Ann Hamilton Limoges.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Bridget Ann Hamilton Limoges, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Marciel Roland Limoges, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of October, A.D. 1943, at Petworth, in the county of West Sussex, England, she then being Bridget Ann Hamilton, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Bridget Ann Hamilton and Marciel Roland Limoges, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Bridget Ann Hamilton may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marciel Roland Limoges had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Mildred Jane Clendenning  
Dephoure.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mildred Jane Clendenning Dephoure.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mildred Jane Clendenning Dephoure, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, sales clerk, wife of Ralph Gerald Daly Dephoure, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of June, A.D. 1945, at the said city, she then being Mildred Jane Clendenning, a spinster; that the said marriage was celebrated again on the eighth day of March, A.D. 1950, at the said city; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mildred Jane Clendenning and Ralph Gerald Daly Dephoure, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mildred Jane Clendenning may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ralph Gerald Daly Dephoure had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Elisabeth Marie Hartwig Bensinger.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Q<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Elisabeth Marie Hartwig Bensinger.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Elisabeth Marie Hartwig Bensinger, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, teacher, wife of Fritz Bensinger, otherwise known as Frank Bensinger, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of July, A.D. 1934, at the city of Berlin, Germany, she then being Elisabeth Marie Hartwig, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Elisabeth Marie Hartwig and Fritz Bensinger, otherwise known as Frank Bensinger, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Elisabeth Marie Hartwig may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Fritz Bensinger, otherwise known as Frank Bensinger, had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glasco  
Bishop.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glassco Bishop.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glassco Bishop, residing at the city of Sherbrooke, in the province of Quebec, wife of Bruce Armitage Bishop, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glassco, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glassco and Bruce Armitage Bishop, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Beatrice Mary Lucretia Glassco may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bruce Armitage Bishop had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Therese Justine Georgette  
Spénard Mignault.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Therese Justine Georgette Spenard Mignault.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Therese Justine Georgette Spenard Mignault, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Louis Pierre Mignault, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of December, A.D. 1947, at the city of Longueuil, in the said province, she then being Marie Therese Justine Georgette Spenard, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Therese Justine Georgette Spenard and Louis Pierre Mignault, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Therese Justine Georgette Spenard may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Louis Pierre Mignault had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Vera Florence Gilson Shehyn.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 9th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Vera Florence Gilson Shehyn.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Vera Florence Gilson Shehyn, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, secretary, wife of Joseph Gordon Shehyn, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixteenth day of August, A.D. 1928, at the said city of Toronto, she then being Vera Florence Gilson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Vera Florence Gilson and Joseph Gordon Shehyn, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Vera Florence Gilson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Gordon Shehyn had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marcel Alban St. Amour.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL U<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marcel Alban St. Amour.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marcel Alban St. Amour, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fifth day of February, A.D. 1943, at the city of Glasgow, Scotland, he and Jane Kilpatrick, who was then of the said city of Glasgow, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marcel Alban St. Amour and Jane Kilpatrick, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marcel Alban St. Amour may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jane Kilpatrick had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Grace Elizabeth Browning  
MacDonald.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL V<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Grace Elizabeth Browning  
MacDonald.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Grace Elizabeth Browning MacDonald, residing at the city of Longueuil, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of George Ronald MacDonald, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Greenfield Park, in the said province, has by her petition 5  
alleged that they were married on the seventh day of October, A.D. 1950, at the said city of Longueuil, she then being Grace Elizabeth Browning, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the 10  
said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of 15  
Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Grace Elizabeth Browning and George Ronald MacDonald, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Grace Elizabeth Browning may at any time 20  
hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said George Ronald MacDonald had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Carol Devone Henry Scott.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL W<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Carol Devone Henry Scott.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Carol Devone Henry Scott, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, bank teller, wife of Edward Hill Scott, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Beaurepaire, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighteenth day of July, A.D. 1953, at the said city, she then being Mary Carol Devone Henry, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Carol Devone Henry and Edward Hill Scott, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Carol Devone Henry may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Edward Hill Scott had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Stanley Mira Levene,  
otherwise known as Stanley Mira Francis.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Stanley Mira Levene,  
otherwise known as Stanley Mira Francis.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Stanley Mira Levene, otherwise known as Stanley Mira Francis, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, caterer, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of January, A.D. 1943, at Liverpool North, England, he and Audrey Gilson, who was then of the city of Liverpool, England, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Stanley Mira Levene, otherwise known as Stanley Mira Francis, and Audrey Gilson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Stanley Mira Levene, otherwise known as Stanley Mira Francis, may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Audrey Gilson had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Alice Isabel Christian Thompson.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Y<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Alice Isabel Christian Thompson.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alice Isabel Christian Thompson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Lorne Kenneth Thompson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the second 5 day of February, A.D. 1944, at the said city, she then being Alice Isabel Christian, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence 10 adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alice Isabel Christian 15 and Lorne Kenneth Thompson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alice Isabel Christian may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry 20 if the said marriage with the said Lorne Kenneth Thompson had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>11</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Czarna Landzman Desmarais.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Z<sup>11</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Czarna Landzman Desmarais.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Czarna Landzman Desmarais, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, film distributor, wife of Jean Pierre Desmarais, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Ste. Therese de Blainville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged 5 that they were married on the fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Czarna Landzman, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have 10 been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Czarna Landzman and 15 Jean Pierre Desmarais, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Czarna Landzman may at any time here- 20 after marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jean Pierre Desmarais had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Real Perras.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL A<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Real Perras.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Real Perras, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, chartered accountant, has by his petition alleged that on the second day of May, A.D. 1942, at the city of Sherbrooke, in the said province, he and Eliette Couillard, who was then of the said city of Sherbrooke, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Real Perras and Eliette Couillard, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Real Perras may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Eliette Couillard had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL B<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Andrea Marietta Hiekisch Farago.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 16th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL B<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Andrea Marietta Hiekisch Farago.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Andrea Marietta Hiekisch Farago, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Michael Anthony Farago, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of March, A.D. 1955, at the town of Ogdensburg, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, she then being Andrea Marietta Hiekisch, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Andrea Marietta Hiekisch and Michael Anthony Farago, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Andrea Marietta Hiekisch may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Michael Anthony Farago had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Barbara Mary Elliott Priestley.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL C<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Barbara Mary Elliott Priestley.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Barbara Mary Elliott Priestley, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, stenographer, wife of Arthur Allan Priestley, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Lachine, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirty-first day of January, A.D. 1948, at the city of Sherbrooke, in the said province, she then being Barbara Mary Elliott, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Barbara Mary Elliott and Arthur Allan Priestley, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Barbara Mary Elliott may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Allan Priestley had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Nancy Elizabeth Theresa  
Butler Waugh.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Nancy Elizabeth Theresa  
Butler Waugh.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Nancy Elizabeth Theresa Butler Waugh, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Gordon St. Clair Waugh, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of April, A.D. 1942, at Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, England, she then being Nancy Elizabeth Theresa Butler, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Nancy Elizabeth Theresa Butler and Gordon St. Clair Waugh, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Nancy Elizabeth Theresa Butler may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gordon St. Clair Waugh had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL E<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Robert James Clarke.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Robert James Clarke.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Robert James Clarke, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, administrator, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of October, A.D. 1945, at the said city, he and Audrey June Whelan, who was then of the city of Verdun, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Robert James Clarke and Audrey June Whelan, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Robert James Clarke may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Audrey June Whelan had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Veronica Rose Latter Haworth  
Robinson.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL F<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Veronica Rose Latter Haworth  
Robinson.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Veronica Rose Latter Haworth Robinson, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Clarence Henry Robinson, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seven-  
teenth day of November, A.D. 1945, at the city of Outremont, in the said province, she then being Veronica Rose Latter Haworth, a widow; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their  
marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and  
adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is  
expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted:  
Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent  
of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts  
as follows:—

Marriage  
dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Veronica Rose Latter Haworth and Clarence Henry Robinson, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to  
marry again.

**2.** The said Veronica Rose Latter Haworth may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Clarence Henry Robinson had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Billie Mae Margaret Taylor Dennis.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL G<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Billie Mae Margaret Taylor Dennis.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Billie Mae Margaret Taylor Dennis, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Kenneth Harvey Dennis, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixteenth day of April, A.D. 1955, at the town of Hampstead, in the said province, she then being Billie Mae Margaret Taylor, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Billie Mae Margaret Taylor and Kenneth Harvey Dennis, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Billie Mae Margaret Taylor may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kenneth Harvey Dennis had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Naida Donnithorne St. James.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL H<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Naida Donnithorne St. James.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Naida Donnithorne St. James, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Lawrence Leonard St. James, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of June, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Naida Donnithorne, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Naida Donnithorne and Lawrence Leonard St. James, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Naida Donnithorne may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lawrence Leonard St. James had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL I<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Alma Elizabeth Mackie Wahlberg.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL I<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Alma Elizabeth Mackie Wahlberg.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alma Elizabeth Mackie Wahlberg, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, practical nurse, wife of John Gustav Folke Wahlberg, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Cartierville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of December, A.D. 1930, at the city of Calgary, in the province of Alberta, she then being Alma Elizabeth Mackie, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alma Elizabeth Mackie and John Gustav Folke Wahlberg, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alma Elizabeth Mackie may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Gustav Folke Wahlberg had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL J<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of William Maguire.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL J<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of William Maguire.

Preamble.

WHEREAS William Maguire, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the eighth day of December, A.D. 1951, at the said city, he and Thelma Joyce Watts, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between William Maguire and Thelma Joyce Watts, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said William Maguire may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thelma Joyce Watts had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL K<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Anne Perley-Robertson McNicoll.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Anne Perley-Robertson McNicoll.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Anne Perley-Robertson McNicoll, residing at the village of Rockcliffe Park, in the province of Ontario, secretary, wife of Gordon Alex McNicoll, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of February, A.D. 1943, at the city of Ottawa, in the said province of Ontario, she then being Anne Perley-Robertson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Anne Perley-Robertson and Gordon Alex McNicoll, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Anne Perley-Robertson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gordon Alex McNicoll had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Colette Palardy Loranger.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL L<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Colette Palardy Loranger.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Colette Palardy Loranger, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Guy Loranger, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-sixth day of June, A.D. 1934, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Colette Palardy, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Colette Palardy and Guy Loranger, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Colette Palardy may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Guy Loranger had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Esther Kathleen Hamilton  
Williamson Maynard.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL M<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Esther Kathleen Hamilton  
Williamson Maynard.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Esther Kathleen Hamilton Williamson Maynard, residing at the city of Ottawa, in the province of Ontario, clerk, wife of Edmund Wood Maynard, who is domiciled in Canada and temporarily residing at the city of New York, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of February, A.D. 1941, at the said city of Ottawa, she then being Esther Kathleen Hamilton Williamson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Esther Kathleen Hamilton Williamson and Edmund Wood Maynard, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Esther Kathleen Hamilton Williamson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Edmund Wood Maynard had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL N<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Helga Maria Berger Pilgrim.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Helga Maria Berger Pilgrim.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Helga Maria Berger Pilgrim, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, domestic, wife of Torrey Cuthbert Pilgrim, who is domiciled in Canada and temporarily residing at the city of London, England, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventh day of April, A.D. 1955, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Helga Maria Berger, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his failure to consummate the said marriage, their marriage be annulled; and whereas the said marriage and the said failure to consummate have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage annulled.

1. The said marriage between Helga Maria Berger and Torrey Cuthbert Pilgrim, her husband, is hereby annulled, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Helga Maria Berger may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Torrey Cuthbert Pilgrim had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ruth Carol Friedman Allen.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL O<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ruth Carol Friedman Allen.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ruth Carol Friedman Allen, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Raymond Allen, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of March, A.D. 1938, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Ruth Carol Friedman, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ruth Carol Friedman and Raymond Allen, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ruth Carol Friedman may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Raymond Allen had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Joseph Thomas Evans.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL P<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Thomas Evans.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Joseph Thomas Evans, domiciled in Canada and residing at Ville Lasalle, in the province of Quebec, airman, has by his petition alleged that on the nineteenth day of July, A.D. 1943, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Rita Marie Emma Lawson, who was then 5  
of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence 10  
adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Joseph Thomas Evans and Rita Marie Emma Lawson, his wife, is hereby dissolved, 15  
and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Joseph Thomas Evans may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Rita Marie Emma Lawson 20  
had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Q<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van  
Troyen Morin.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van Troyen Morin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van Troyen Morin, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, cashier, wife of Joseph Marc Isidore Georges Morin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-second day of December, A.D. 1945, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van Troyen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van Troyen and Joseph Marc Isidore Georges Morin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Jacqueline Carmen Van Troyen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Marc Isidore Georges Morin had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry  
Kimpton.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL R<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry  
Kimpton.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry Kimpton, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, bank clerk, wife of Frederick Chadwick Kimpton, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-third day of October, A.D. 1937, at the city of St. Lambert, in the said province, she then being Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry and Frederick Chadwick Kimpton, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

2. The said Hazel Wilhelmina Langtry may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Frederick Chadwick Kimpton had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Sergei Vermala.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL S<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Sergei Vermala.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Sergei Vermala, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, manager, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of August, A.D. 1934, at the city of Tampere, Finland, he and Aino Kustaava Lindell, otherwise known as Aino Kuustava Lindell, who was then of the said city of Tampere, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Sergei Vermala and Aino Kustaava Lindell, otherwise known as Aino Kuustava Lindell, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Sergei Vermala may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Aino Kustaava Lindell, otherwise known as Aino Kuustava Lindell, had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Stanley Tom Wood.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Stanley Tom Wood.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Stanley Tom Wood, domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Cote St-Luc, in the province of Quebec, electrical technician, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-sixth day of September, A.D. 1942, at Southall, in the County of Middlesex, England, he and Barbara Irene Short, who was then of Southall aforesaid, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Stanley Tom Wood and Barbara Irene Short, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Stanley Tom Wood may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Barbara Irene Short had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Amelia Alice Stefani Schofield.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL U<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Amelia Alice Stefani Schofield.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Amelia Alice Stefani Schofield, residing at the town of Mount Royal, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Bruce Lawrence Schofield, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said town, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of 5 November, A.D. 1954, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Amelia Alice Stefani, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved 10 by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Amelia Alice Stefani and 15 Bruce Lawrence Schofield, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Amelia Alice Stefani may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry 20 if the said marriage with the said Bruce Lawrence Schofield had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Bridget Rowley McHale Bowman.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 22nd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Bridget Rowley McHale Bowman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Bridget Rowley McHale Bowman, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Louis St. Elmo Bowman, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Lachine, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Bridget Rowley McHale, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

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Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Bridget Rowley McHale and Louis St. Elmo Bowman, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Bridget Rowley McHale may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Louis St. Elmo Bowman had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Shirley Susan Morris Duggan.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL W<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Shirley Susan Morris Duggan.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Shirley Susan Morris Duggan, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Thomas Henry Duggan, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the tenth day of November, 5 A.D. 1950, at the said city, she then being Shirley Susan Morris, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Shirley Susan Morris and Thomas Henry Duggan, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Shirley Susan Morris may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thomas Henry Duggan had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Maureen Evelyn Allison Cooper.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL X<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Maureen Evelyn Allison Cooper.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Maureen Evelyn Allison Cooper, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, machine operator, wife of Charles Cooper, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifth day of September, A.D. 1950, at the said city, she then being Maureen Evelyn Allison, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Maureen Evelyn Allison and Charles Cooper, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Maureen Evelyn Allison may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Charles Cooper had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Y<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of William Windsor Frewen.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Y<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of William Windsor Frewen.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS William Windsor Frewen, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, factory supervisor, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-ninth day of July, A.D. 1950, at the said city, he and Jenny Pauline Kotlarczyk, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between William Windsor Frewen and Jenny Pauline Kotlarczyk, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said William Windsor Frewen may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jenny Pauline Kotlarczyk had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>12</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ethel Hansen Echlin.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Z<sup>12</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ethel Hansen Echlin.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Ethel Hansen Echlin, residing at the town of Terrebonne, in the province of Quebec, receptionist, wife of Charles Ferdinand Fenton Echlin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of June, A.D. 1944, at the city of Longueuil, in the said province, she then being Ethel Hansen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Ethel Hansen and Charles Ferdinand Fenton Echlin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Ethel Hansen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Charles Ferdinand Fenton Echlin had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Muriel Doreen Southall Fisher.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL A<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Muriel Doreen Southall Fisher.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Muriel Doreen Southall Fisher, residing at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, nurse, wife of Terence Oliver Fisher, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twentieth day of May, A.D. 1950, at the town of Grimsby, in the said province of Ontario, she then being Muriel Doreen Southall, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Muriel Doreen Southall and Terence Oliver Fisher, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Muriel Doreen Southall may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Terence Oliver Fisher had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL B13.**

An Act for the relief of Paulette Lavallee Plotkin.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL B<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Paulette Lavallee Plotkin.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Paulette Lavallee Plotkin, residing at the town of St. Eustache, in the province of Quebec, switch-board operator, wife of Maurice Moses Plotkin, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of June, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Paulette Lavallee, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Paulette Lavallee and Maurice Moses Plotkin, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Paulette Lavallee may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Maurice Moses Plotkin had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Michael Costom.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL C<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Michael Costom.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Michael Costom, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, theatre owner, has by his petition alleged that on the second day of October, A.D. 1940, at the said city, he and Mary McCarthy, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: 5  
Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 10

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Michael Costom and Mary McCarthy, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Michael Costom may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mary McCarthy had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Peter Butler.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Peter Butler.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Peter Butler, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, seaman, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of November, A.D. 1946, at the town of Stephenville, in the province of Newfoundland, he and Teresa White, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Peter Butler and Teresa White, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Peter Butler may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Teresa White had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL E<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ivy Umilta Gooding Joseph.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ivy Umilta Gooding Joseph.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ivy Umilta Gooding Joseph, residing at the city of Outremont, in the province of Quebec, clerk, wife of Lennox Lewellyn Joseph, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of June, A.D. 1941, at the city of Port-of-Spain, Trinidad, she then being Ivy Umilta Gooding, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ivy Umilta Gooding and Lennox Lewellyn Joseph, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ivy Umilta Gooding may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Lennox Lewellyn Joseph had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F13.**

An Act for the relief of Margaret Lash Johnston.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL F<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Lash Johnston.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Lash Johnston, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, typist, wife of Errol Winston Johnston, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of January, A.D. 1946, at the said city, she then being Margaret Lash, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Lash and Errol Winston Johnston, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Lash may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Errol Winston Johnston had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ethel Simon Baroff.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL G<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ethel Simon Baroff.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ethel Simon Baroff, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, practical nurse, wife of Nathan Baroff, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fourth day of July, A.D. 1943, at the said city, she then being Ethel Simon, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ethel Simon and Nathan Baroff, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ethel Simon may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Nathan Baroff had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL H<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Golda Cohen Winter.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

70064

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL H<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Golda Cohen Winter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Golda Cohen Winter, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, factory worker, wife of Abe Winter, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of January, A.D. 1915, 5 at the said city, she then being Golda Cohen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of 10 her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Golda Cohen and Abe Winter, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be 15 henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Golda Cohen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Abe Winter had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL I<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Henriette Lessard Hughes.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL I<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Henriette Lessard Hughes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Henriette Lessard Hughes, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, housekeeper, wife of John Alfred Hughes, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the sixth day of December, A.D. 1945, at the said city, she then being Henriette Lessard, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Henriette Lessard and John Alfred Hughes, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Henriette Lessard may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said John Alfred Hughes had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL J<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Ewart Ernest Clouston.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 23rd May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL J<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Ewart Ernest Clouston.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Ewart Ernest Clouston, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. John's, in the province of Newfoundland, has by his petition alleged that on the ninth day of May, A.D. 1949, at the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, he and Georgina Blanche Ebsary, who was then of the said city of Halifax, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Ewart Ernest Clouston and Georgina Blanche Ebsary, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Ewart Ernest Clouston may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Georgina Blanche Ebsary had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan Simecox.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL K<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan Simcox.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan Simcox, residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, secretary, wife of Arthur Lewis Simcox, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Arvida, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of January, A.D. 1946, at the town of Kenogami, in the said province, she then being Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

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Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan and Arthur Lewis Simcox, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Mary Ethel Irving Buchanan may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Arthur Lewis Simcox had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Constance Catherine Mary Pilon  
Milmine.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL L<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Constance Catherine Mary Pilon Milmine.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Constance Catherine Mary Pilon Milmine, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, telephone operator, wife of William Milmine, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Verdun, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirty-first day of October, A.D. 1946, at the city of Malone, in the state of New York, one of the United States of America, she then being Constance Catherine Mary Pilon, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Constance Catherine Mary Pilon and William Milmine, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Constance Catherine Mary Pilon may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said William Milmine had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL M<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Joseph Henri Maurice Messier.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL M<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Henri Maurice Messier.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Joseph Henri Maurice Messier, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, taxi driver, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of July, A.D. 1950, at the said city, he and Marie Cecile Irene Vendette, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Joseph Henri Maurice Messier and Marie Cecile Irene Vendette, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Joseph Henri Maurice Messier may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Cecile Irene Vendette had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL N<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Mildred Helena Seale Darker.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Mildred Helena Seale Darker.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Mildred Helena Seale Darker, residing at the town of Greenfield Park, in the province of Quebec, school teacher, wife of James Wilbur Alexander Darker, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Mackayville, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eighth day of October, A.D. 1930, at the town of Cookshire, in the said province, she then being Mildred Helena Seale, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Mildred Helena Seale and James Wilbur Alexander Darker, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Mildred Helena Seale may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Wilbur Alexander Darker had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Robert Alfred Price.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL O<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Robert Alfred Price.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Robert Alfred Price, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, accountant, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of July, A.D. 1944, at Manor Park, Borough of East Ham, England, he and Joy Violet Louise Guttridge, who was then of the said Manor Park, Borough of East Ham, England, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Robert Alfred Price and Joy Violet Louise Guttridge, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Robert Alfred Price may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joy Violet Louise Guttridge had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL P<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Alfred Sevigny.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 29th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Alfred Sevigny.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alfred Sevigny, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Quebec, in the province of Quebec, merchant and traveller, has by his petition alleged that on the twentieth day of October, A.D. 1936, at the town of St. Georges de Beauce, in the said province, he and Jeannette Boucher, who was then of the said town, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Alfred Sevigny and Jeannette Boucher, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Alfred Sevigny may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Jeannette Boucher had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Theresa Gerega St-Jacques.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Q<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Theresa Gerega St-Jacques.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Theresa Gerega St-Jacques, residing  
at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec,  
manageress, wife of Joseph Fernand Roger St-Jacques,  
who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city,  
has by her petition alleged that they were married on the 5  
twenty-fourth day of February, A.D. 1940, at the said city,  
she then being Marie Theresa Gerega, a spinster; and  
whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of  
his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and  
whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved 10  
by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer  
of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and  
with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of  
Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage  
dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Theresa Gerega 15  
and Joseph Fernand Roger St-Jacques, her husband, is  
hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to  
all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to  
marry again.

2. The said Marie Theresa Gerega may at any time  
hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry 20  
if the said marriage with the said Joseph Fernand Roger  
St-Jacques had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Julius Michael Cantor.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL R<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Julius Michael Cantor.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Julius Michael Cantor, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the tenth day of October, A.D. 1955, at the said city, he and Ilsa Scheuer Enrick, who was then of the said city, a widow, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Julius Michael Cantor and Ilsa Scheuer Enrick, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Julius Michael Cantor may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Ilsa Scheuer Enrick had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Gerald Zelman.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL S<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Gerald Zelman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gerald Zelman, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the fifth day of December, A.D. 1953, at Ville St. Michel, in the said province, he and Therese Girard, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gerald Zelman and Therese Girard, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gerald Zelman may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Therese Girard had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL T<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Lucille Viola Arthur Ward.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Lucille Viola Arthur Ward.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lucille Viola Arthur Ward, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Walter Robert Thomas Ward, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of May, A.D. 1945, at the city of Westmount, in the said province, she then being Lucille Viola Arthur, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lucille Viola Arthur and Walter Robert Thomas Ward, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lucille Viola Arthur may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Walter Robert Thomas Ward had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of May O'Connor MacKenzie.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL U<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of May O'Connor MacKenzie.

Preamble.

WHEREAS May O'Connor MacKenzie, residing at the city of Verdun, in the province of Quebec, wife of Nelson MacKenzie, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of November, A.D. 1943, at the said city of Montreal, she then being May O'Connor, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between May O'Connor and Nelson MacKenzie, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

2. The said May O'Connor may at any time hereafter marry any man who she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Nelson MacKenzie had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Rita Cleevely Scott.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL V<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Rita Cleevely Scott.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rita Cleevely Scott, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of James Swan Scott, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Beaurepaire, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the 5 twenty-first day of October, A.D. 1939, at the town of McMasterville, in the said province, she then being Rita Cleevely, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage 10 and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:— 15

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rita Cleevely and James Swan Scott, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rita Cleevely may at any time hereafter 20 marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said James Swan Scott had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Leah Banfield Rideout.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL W<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Leah Banfield Rideout.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Leah Banfield Rideout, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Harold Joseph Rideout, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-eighth day of April, A.D. 1944, at the said city, she then being Leah Banfield, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Leah Banfield and Harold Joseph Rideout, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Leah Banfield may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Harold Joseph Rideout had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Margaret Isobel Gillespie  
Mackenzie.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL X<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Margaret Isobel Gillespie Mackenzie.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Margaret Isobel Gillespie Mackenzie, residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, wife of Kenneth Reading Mackenzie, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the eleventh day of June, A.D. 1938, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Margaret Isobel Gillespie, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Margaret Isobel Gillespie and Kenneth Reading Mackenzie, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

2. The said Margaret Isobel Gillespie may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Kenneth Reading Mackenzie had not been solemnized. 20

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Y<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Edda Roehm Sackmann.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL Y<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Edda Roehm Sackmann.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Edda Roehm Sackmann, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Gerhard Friedrich Sackmann, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Dorval, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of December, A.D. 1952, at the city of Neuenbuerg, Germany, she then being Edda Roehm, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Edda Roehm and Gerhard Friedrich Sackmann, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Edda Roehm may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gerhard Friedrich Sackmann had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Z<sup>13</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Joseph Ernest Adrien Joly.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Z<sup>13</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Joseph Ernest Adrien Joly.

Preamble.

**WHEREAS** Joseph Ernest Adrien Joly, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-first day of September, A.D. 1939, at the said city, he and Marie Marthe Valerie Campion, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Joseph Ernest Adrien Joly and Marie Marthe Valerie Campion, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Joseph Ernest Adrien Joly may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marie Marthe Valerie Campion had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL A<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jacqueline Bussiere Sirois.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL A<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jacqueline Bussiere Sirois.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jacqueline Bussiere Sirois, residing at the town of Rigaud, in the province of Quebec, wife of Bernard Denis Sirois, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of June, A.D. 1950, at the said town, she then being Jacqueline Bussiere, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jacqueline Bussiere and Bernard Denis Sirois, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jacqueline Bussiere may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Bernard Denis Sirois had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL B<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Doris Elaine Cameron Gladwish.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL B<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Doris Elaine Cameron Gladwish.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Doris Elaine Cameron Gladwish, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Eric Lovel Gladwish, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the ninth day of July, A.D. 1948, at the said city, she then being Doris Elaine Cameron, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Doris Elaine Cameron and Eric Lovel Gladwish, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Doris Elaine Cameron may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Eric Lovel Gladwish had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL C<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Mary Goodman Lobell.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 30th May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

70614

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL C<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Myra Goodman Lobell.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Myra Goodman Lobell, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Sam Lobell, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of September, A.D. 1932, at the said city, she then being Myra Goodman, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Myra Goodman and Sam Lobell, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Myra Goodman may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Sam Lobell had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL D<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jennie Zalezniak Wiseman.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL D<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jennie Zalezniak Wiseman.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Jennie Zalezniak Wiseman, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Mortimer Wiseman, has by her petition alleged that she and the said Mortimer Wiseman were married on the second day of March, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Jennie Zalezniak, a spinster; and whereas Jennie Zalezniak Wiseman was deserted by her husband, Mortimer Wiseman, and has been living separate and apart from her husband for a period of two years and upwards and is still living separate and apart from her husband; and whereas immediately prior to such desertion the said husband, Mortimer Wiseman, was domiciled in the said province; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since the said marriage, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage, desertion and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Jennie Zalezniak and Mortimer Wiseman, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Jennie Zalezniak may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mortimer Wiseman had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL E<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine Williams.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL E<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine Williams.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine Williams, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Alan Burrage Williams, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fourth day of November, A.D. 1951, at the said city, she then being Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine and Alan Burrage Williams, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Phyllis Elizabeth Jardine may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Alan Burrage Williams had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL F<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Martha Hope MacDougall Fortier.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL F<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Martha Hope MacDougall Fortier.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Martha Hope MacDougall Fortier, residing at the city of Westmount, in the province of Quebec, wife of Joseph Andre Pierre Fortier, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-fifth day of June, A.D. 1937, at the said city of Montreal, she then being Martha Hope MacDougall, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted; Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Martha Hope MacDougall and Joseph Andre Pierre Fortier, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Martha Hope MacDougall may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Andre Pierre Fortier had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL G<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hugh Oliver Semper.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL G<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hugh Oliver Semper.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Hugh Oliver Semper, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the fifteenth day of May, A.D. 1948, at the said city, he and Madeline Emily Suess, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Hugh Oliver Semper and Madeline Emily Suess, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Hugh Oliver Semper may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Madeline Emily Suess had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL H<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland  
Brosseau.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL H<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland Brosseau.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland Brosseau, residing at the town of Ste. Agathe des Monts, in the province of Quebec, wife of Joseph Arthur Edgar Leo Brosseau, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of St. Lambert, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-ninth day of January, A.D. 1938, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, she then being Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland and Joseph Arthur Edgar Leo Brosseau, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Yvonne Elizabeth Thurgarland may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Joseph Arthur Edgar Leo Brosseau had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL I<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Hugh Lawrence Byers.

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Read a first time, Thursday, 31st May, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

70471

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL I<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Hugh Lawrence Byers.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Hugh Lawrence Byers, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the twelfth day of April, A.D. 1940, at the said city, he and Mary Elizabeth Patricia Ford, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Hugh Lawrence Byers and Mary Elizabeth Patricia Ford, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Hugh Lawrence Byers may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mary Elizabeth Patricia Ford had not been solemnized. 20

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL J<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act respecting Niagara Lower Arch Bridge  
Company Limited.

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Read a first time, Tuesday, 5th June, 1956.

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Honourable Senator HAYDEN.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL J<sup>14</sup>.

#### An Act respecting Niagara Lower Arch Bridge Company Limited.

Preamble.

1894, c. 98.

R.S., 1927,  
c. 27.

WHEREAS Niagara Lower Arch Bridge Company Limited, a company incorporated by chapter 112 of the Provincial Statutes of Canada, 1846, as amended by chapter 161 of the Provincial Statutes of Canada, 1849, chapter 110 of the Provincial Statutes of Canada, 1853, chapter 37 of the Provincial Statutes of Canada, 1855, and chapter 98 of the statutes of 1894, and reincorporated under the provisions of Part I of the *Companies Act*, by Letters Patent dated 24th October, 1929, hereinafter called "the Company", has by its petition prayed that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the petition: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Declaratory.

1. The works and undertakings of the Company are declared to be for the general advantage of Canada.

Company may sell, etc., its bridge, etc.

2. The Company is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, assign, transfer and convey, to any company, body or commission, its bridge, the approaches thereto, all appurtenant structures, works, undertakings, franchises, privileges, powers, rights and property, real, personal and mixed, so far as the same are located within Canada, possessed by, vested in or to it belonging, or heretofore possessed by, vested in or belonging to The Niagara Falls Suspension Bridge Company, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the directors of the Company: Provided that such assignment, transfer or conveyance shall have been first approved by the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company at a special general meeting

Proviso.

## EXPLANATORY NOTES.

The purpose of this Act is to remove any doubts as to the power of Niagara Lower Arch Bridge Company Limited to sell, assign, transfer or convey its bridge, works, undertakings, franchises, privileges, powers, rights and property, real, personal and mixed.

Niagara Lower Arch Bridge Company Limited, in conjunction with Niagara Falls International Bridge Company (a company incorporated by special act in the State of New York) owns and operates a vehicular and railway bridge across the Niagara River between the cities of Niagara Falls, Ontario, and Niagara Falls, New York.

Sections 1 and 13 of the original act of incorporation, chapter 112 of the Provincial Statutes of Canada, 1846, provide in part as follows:

“ . . . and that they (the Directors) and their successors . . . shall be by law capable of purchasing, having and holding any real or personal estate to or for the use of the said company, and of conveying the same for the benefit of the said company:

“ That the Directors . . . shall have power to make and subscribe such Rules and By-laws as to them shall appear needful and proper touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the said Corporation . . . ”

Although there is no question as to the validity of the Company's title to its undertaking, doubts have arisen as to its power to convey its undertaking and more particularly to convey its franchise to operate a bridge and collect tolls thereon.

It is deemed expedient for the public benefit of Canada that such doubts be removed.

of the shareholders, duly called for the purpose of considering it, at which meeting shareholders representing at least two-thirds in number of the subscribed shares of the Company are present, or represented by proxy, and for the purposes of this section, sections 153 and 155 inclusive of the *Railway Act* shall not apply. 5

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL K<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Redling Lefebvre.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL K<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Elizabeth Redling Lefebvre.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Elizabeth Redling Lefebvre, residing at the town of Montreal North, in the province of Quebec, wife of Paul Lefebvre, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of July, A.D. 1952, at the said city, she then being Elizabeth Redling, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Elizabeth Redling and Paul Lefebvre, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Elizabeth Redling may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Paul Lefebvre had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL L<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau  
Johnstone, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau  
Johnstone.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL L<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau Johnstone, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau Johnstone.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau Johnstone, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau Johnstone, residing at the town of Laval des Rapides, in the province of Quebec, wife of Hugh Arthur Evans Johnstone, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the town of Dorval, 5 in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the seventeenth day of June, A.D. 1938, at the city of Noranda, in the said province, she then being Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau, a spinster; and whereas by her petition 10 she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent 15 of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau, and Hugh Arthur Evans Johnstone, her husband, is hereby 20 dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Marie Cecile Veronique Goudreau, otherwise known as Lucille Goudreau, may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said 25 marriage with the said Hugh Arthur Evans Johnstone had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL M<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Claire Esther Cohen Weiner.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL M<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Claire Esther Cohen Weiner.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Claire Esther Cohen Weiner, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Hyman Weiner, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twenty-first day of June, A.D. 1936, at the said city, she then being Claire Esther Cohen, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Claire Esther Cohen and Hyman Weiner, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Claire Esther Cohen may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Hyman Weiner had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL N<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Vera Norine Tromley Ashford.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL N<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Vera Norine Tromley Ashford.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Vera Norine Tromley Ashford, residing at the city of North Bay, in the province of Ontario, wife of Stanley George Adams Ashford, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Rouyn, in the province of Quebec, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the nineteenth day of October, A.D. 1935, at the town of Powassan, in the said province of Ontario, she then being Vera Norine Tromley, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Vera Norine Tromley and Stanley George Adams Ashford, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Vera Norine Tromley may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Stanley George Adams Ashford had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL O<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Jacques Demers.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL O<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Jacques Demers.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Jacques Demers, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Rouyn, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the fourth day of October, A.D. 1947, at the city of Montreal, in the said province, he and Gabrielle Cholette, who was then of the said city of Montreal, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Jacques Demers and Gabrielle Cholette, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Jacques Demers may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Gabrielle Cholette had not been solemnized.



THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL P<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Virginia Ruth Jones Lord.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL P<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Virginia Ruth Jones Lord.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Virginia Ruth Jones Lord, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Marcel Lord, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifth day of December, A.D. 1942, at the said city, she then being Virginia Ruth Jones, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Virginia Ruth Jones and Marcel Lord, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Virginia Ruth Jones may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Marcel Lord had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL Q<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Harold Barnes.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL Q<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Harold Barnes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Harold Barnes, domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Corner Brook, in the province of Newfoundland, has by his petition alleged that on the twenty-fifth day of July, A.D. 1949, at the village of Deer Lake, in the said province, he and Edna Barry, who was then of the said village of Corner Brook, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Harold Barnes and Edna Barry, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Harold Barnes may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Edna Barry had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL R<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Geraldine Isabella Johnson Mole.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL R<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Geraldine Isabella Johnson Mole.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Geraldine Isabella Johnson Mole, residing at the town of Laval West, in the province of Quebec, wife of Thomas Mole, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the first day of July, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Geraldine Isabella Johnson, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Geraldine Isabella Johnson and Thomas Mole, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Geraldine Isabella Johnson may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Thomas Mole had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL S<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Adam Forbes.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL S<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Adam Forbes.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Adam Forbes, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the fifth day of June, A.D. 1933, at the said city, he and Violet Ellen Crisp, who was then of the said city, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Adam Forbes and Violet Ellen Crisp, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever. 15

Right to marry again.

2. The said Adam Forbes may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Violet Ellen Crisp had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL T<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Rose-Anna Rose Crombie.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL T<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Rose-Anna Rose Crombie.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Rose-Anna Rose Crombie, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Peter Leslie Stuart Crombie, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the twelfth day of October, A.D. 1940, at the said city, she then being Rose-Anna Rose, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Rose-Anna Rose and Peter Leslie Stuart Crombie, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Rose-Anna Rose may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Peter Leslie Stuart Crombie had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL U<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Esther Pheobe Brunger Abels.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL U<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Esther Pheobe Brunger Abels.

Preamble.

**WHEREAS** Esther Pheobe Brunger Abels, residing at Knowlton, in the province of Quebec, wife of Clare Raymond Abels, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the village of Sutton, in the said province, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the fifteenth day of June, A.D. 1948, at the said village of Sutton, she then being Esther Pheobe Brunger, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Esther Pheobe Brunger and Clare Raymond Abels, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Esther Pheobe Brunger may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Clare Raymond Abels had not been solemnized.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL V<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette Belinsky.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

THE SENATE OF CANADA

BILL V<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette Belinsky.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette Belinsky, residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, wife of Joseph Rolland Belinsky, who is domiciled in Canada and residing at the said city, has by her petition alleged that they were married on the thirtieth day of 5  
March, A.D. 1949, at the said city, she then being Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette, a spinster; and whereas by her petition she has prayed that, because of his adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and 10  
it is expedient that the prayer of her petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette 15  
and Joseph Rolland Belinsky, her husband, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Lorna Elizabeth Cadorette may at any time hereafter marry any man whom she might lawfully marry 20  
if the said marriage with the said Joseph Rolland Belinsky had not been solemnized.

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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL W<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Benjamin Franklin Luther.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1956

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL W<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Benjamin Franklin Luther.

Preamble.

**W**HEREAS Benjamin Franklin Luther, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the first day of February, A.D. 1930, at the said city, he and Mollie Downer, who was then of the city of Westmount, in the said province, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

**1.** The said marriage between Benjamin Franklin Luther and Mollie Downer, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

**2.** The said Benjamin Franklin Luther may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Mollie Downer had not been solemnized.



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Third Session, Twenty-Second Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

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THE SENATE OF CANADA

**BILL X<sup>14</sup>.**

An Act for the relief of Gordon Frederick Collins.

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Read a first time, Wednesday, 6th June, 1956.

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The Honourable the Chairman of the  
Committee on Divorce.

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3rd Session, 22nd Parliament, 4-5 Elizabeth II, 1956.

## THE SENATE OF CANADA

### BILL X<sup>14</sup>.

An Act for the relief of Gordon Frederick Collins.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Gordon Frederick Collins, domiciled in Canada and residing at the city of Montreal, in the province of Quebec, has by his petition alleged that on the eleventh day of April, A.D. 1936, at the city of Toronto, in the province of Ontario, he and Virginia Margaret McElhinney, who was then of the said city of Toronto, a spinster, were married; and whereas by his petition he has prayed that, because of her adultery since then, their marriage be dissolved; and whereas the said marriage and adultery have been proved by evidence adduced and it is expedient that the prayer of his petition be granted: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

Marriage dissolved.

1. The said marriage between Gordon Frederick Collins and Virginia Margaret McElhinney, his wife, is hereby dissolved, and shall be henceforth null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Right to marry again.

2. The said Gordon Frederick Collins may at any time hereafter marry any woman whom he might lawfully marry if the said marriage with the said Virginia Margaret McElhinney had not been solemnized.











