Monetary Times

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TORONTO, NOVEMBER 30, 1917

Established 1867

Victory Loan Subscription Lists Close To-morrow, Saturday, December 1st, at Midnight

> YOUR LAST CHANCE! Help To Make It a Real Victory Loan



Sir Thomas White, Finance Minister

"While greatly gratified at the widespread patriotic interest which has been manifested in the Victory Loan throughout the entire Dominion I am disappointed at the total subscription to-day, which has not equalled our expectations and is not as large as it should be, having regard to the urgent national importance of the loan. There are more subscribers than at the same period of previous loans, but the individual average is comparatively small.

"I think many people to show their good will and interest in the loan are taking \$50 where they could take \$100, \$100 where they could take \$500, and \$1,000 where they could take many thousands. "I desire to urge as strongly as possible upon the Canadian people the supreme importance of making this loan an overwhelming national success. If we can reach a total of three hundred million dollars, which can easily be accomplished if everybody will do his part, there will be adequate financial support for our military forces, and in addition the prosperity of the Dominion will be secured for the coming year.

"I most earnestly appeal to the people of Canada to give this great and vital national undertaking their most loyal and unstinted support Let those who have already subscribed increase, if possible, their subscriptions, and those who have not yet subscribed immediately make application for as large an allotment as their means will permit. Canada must decisively score in her great Victory Loan." —Statement issued by Sir Thomas White at the end of last week.

IF You have been waiting to see how the Bonds were going—they have been going well; BUT Your Subscription is needed so that the \$300,000,000 objective will be attained

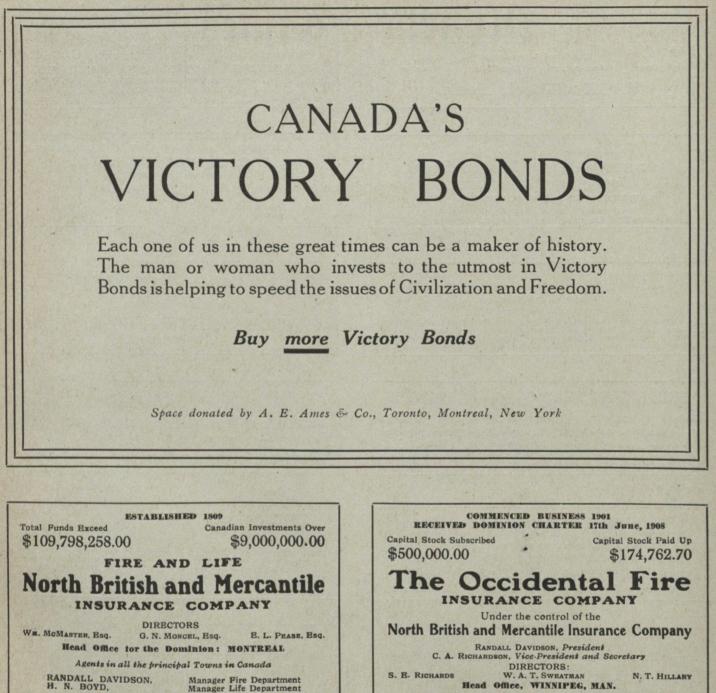
This page has been donated by The Monetary Times to the Victory Loan campaign.

THE MONETARY TIMES

Volume 59.







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Agents Required at Unrepresented Points Resident Agent, Toronto, Bryce B. Hunter, 51 Yonge Street



October Bank Statement Makes New Records

NOTICE Deposits Totalled \$985,000,000 and by This Time Will Probably be a Billion—Current Loans of \$883,000,000 Were at Their Highest Level Since War Commenced — Circulation Was Also Larger—Strong Position For Victory Loan Payments.

Deposits on demand	Oct., 1916. \$489,230,234
Deposits after notice	814,297,404
Current loans in Canada	
Current loans elsewhere	79,459,621
Loans to municipalities	
Call loans in Canada	90,412,023
Call loans elsewhere	189,346,216
Circulation	147,132,673

"HE above are the changes in the principal accounts of the chartered banks during October. They indicate a strong position for the financing of the Victory Loan which, it is hoped, will be subscribed to the extent of \$300,000,000. The first payment of 10 per cent. of this loan is due to-morrow, December 1st. Subscribers on that date, however, will be allowed to discount their future instalments at the rate of 51/2 per cent. Assuming that \$300,000,000 is subscribed to the loan, payments aggregating \$30,000,000 will be due to-morrow. In addition, there will be the sum represented by those who discount their instalments. The notice deposits at the end of October exceeded \$980,000,000. This was an increase of \$20,000,000 in October following an increase of \$12,000,000 in September. Assuming that these gains continue during November, there should be in the banks on this day, Friday, November 30th, not less than one billion of dollars of notice deposits. Deducting the first instalment of a \$300,000,000 Victory Loan, the notice deposits would still be \$970,000,000 or \$5,000,000 greater than they were at the end of September last.

Domestic deposits for the past thirteen months are as follow :---

	Deposits payable	Deposits payable
	on demand.	after notice.
1916—October	. \$489,230,234	\$814,297,404
November		836, 593, 260
December	. 458,208,417	845,000,717
1917—January		864,163,344
February	. 430,331,801	880,456,637
March		888,765,698
April	. 471,312,285	874,048,724
May	. 443,839,847	892, 562, 657
June	. 449.689,670	000,510,552
July	. 450,849,356	929,442,340
August		806,774.687
September	. 451,749,532	965,393,541
October	. 405.058.440	085.700.850

The October bank statement has made several records. Savings deposits at \$985,000,000 is a new high record.

		I Cal o	IN ONLIN O	
Sept., 1917.	Oct., 1917.	inc. or dec.	inc. or dec.	
\$451,749,532	\$495,058,449	+ 1.20	+ 9.7	
965,393,541	985,790,850	+21.0	+ 2.0	
855,306,953	883,986,860	+14.0	+ 3.2	
87,265,325	93,821,865	+17.7	+ 6.8	
42,721,563	41,204,381	+10.8	- 2.3	
72,421,187	71,653,719	-21.1	- 1.3	
166,480,004	151,018,747		- 9.	
178,139,958	195,298,212	+32.6	+ 9.9	

Month

Commercial loans at \$883,000,000 is the highest point this account has reached during the war period. Circulation, at \$195,000,000, is also a new high record.

Deposits payable after notice increased last month \$20,000,000 or 2 per cent. They are \$171,000,000 or 21 per cent. greater than a year ago. It was only in June last that the total of this account exceeded \$900,000,000 for the first time in the history of the Canadian banks.

The course of the deposits account during the past four years is shown in the following table :---

October. 1913 1914 1915	392,042,193	After notice. \$621,511,207 659,806,682 701,336,850 814,205,404	Total. \$1,011,367,714 1,008,539,512 1,093,379,043
1916	489,230,234	814,297,404	1,303,527,638
1917	495,058,449	985,790,850	1,480,849,299

In the past four years, notice deposits have increased \$364,000,000 or 58 per cent., demand deposits having increased \$106,000,000 or 27 per cent. Total deposits in the same period have increased \$469,000,000 or 46 per cent. This is a record which reflects the prosperity due almost entirely to war.

The trend of the bank loans for the past thirteen months is shown in the following table :---

	Current in	Call in
Loans.	Canada.	Canada.
1916—October	\$774,928,222	\$90,412,023
November	813,791,947	80,395,370
December	820,378,557	82,569.983
1917—January	806,479,147	79,737,064
February	813,302,717	78,686,535
March	843,054,466	76,478.708
April	880, 523, 807	82,737,417
May	844,890,589	78,514,798
June	830,355,782	76.085.220
July	829,560.700	71.376.788
August	836,420,670	71.204,351
September	855,306,953	72,421.187
October	883,986,860	71,653,719

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Chartered Banks' Statement to the

			CAPITAL	STOCK		nt. ared		Bal. due				10
NAME OF BANK	Capital Authorized	Capital Subscribed	Capital Paid Up	Amount of rest or reserve fund	Rate per cent. of last dividend declared	Notes in circulation	bal. due to Dom. Gov. after deducting advances for credits, pay-lists, etc.	Balances due to Provincial Govern- ments	Deposits by the public, payable on demand in Canada	Deposits by the public, payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada	Deposits elsewherd than in Canada	
Bank of Montreal Bank of Nova Scotia Bank of British North America	\$ 25,000,000 10,000,000 4,866,666	\$ 16,000,000 6,500,000 4,866,666	\$ 16,000,000 6,500,000 4,865,666	\$ 16,000,000 12,000,000 3,017,333	10 14 8	\$ 29,308,086 11,374,809 6,270,574	\$ 13,638,962 725,019 602,306	\$ 3,400,542 90,551 248,958	\$ 79,477,888 19,557,154 15,776,443	\$ 163,368,734 56,983,555 32,127,788	\$ 70,872,019 16,983.890 5,498,478	
Bank of Toronto The Molsons Bank Banque Nationale Merchants Bank of Canada Banque Provinciale du Canada	10,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 10,000,000	5,000,000 4,000,000 2,000,000 7,000,000	5,000,000 4,000,000 2,000,000 7,000,000	6,000,000 4,800,000 2,000,000 7,000,000	11 11 9 10	6,887,255 6,000,998 4,152,301 13,462,863	1,406,158 273,451 2,728,822 418 500	106.232 276,057 185,278 2,384.654	$\begin{array}{c} 21,163,638\\ 10,746,198\\ 5,503,743\\ 32,754,694 \end{array}$	36,968,139 37,125,001 21,251,301 61,091,523 12,004,826	1,462,135 708,247	
Union Bank of Canada Canadian Bank of Commerce Royal Bank of Canada Dominion Bank	2,000,000 8,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 10,000,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1,000,000\\ 5,000,000\\ 15,000,000\\ 12,911,700\\ 6,000,000\end{array}$	1,000,000 5,000,000 15,000,000 12,911,700 6,000,000	700,000 3,400,000 13,500,000 13,471,700 7,000,000	7 8 10 12 12	$\begin{array}{r} 1,132,488\\ 12,069,957\\ 24,092,479\\ 26,872,558\\ 8,693,727\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,533,032\\ 577,784\\ 25,648,254\\ 6,206,241\\ 358,865\end{array}$	224,866 4,268,603 3,726,880 1,018,978 37,160	2,646,374 45,942,546 82,837,552 58,888,123 25,290,221	12,004,826 56,081,678 126,149,511 119,704,964 54,719,326	2,268,692 22,831,332 60,686, 373 488,291	
Bank of Hamilton Standard Bank of Canada Banque d'Hochelaga Bank of Ottawa Imperial Bank of Canada	5,000,000 5,000,000 10,000,000 5,000,000	3,000,000 3,470,600 4,000,000 4,000,000 7,000,000	3,000,000 3,413,580 4,000,000 4,000,000	3,300,000 4,413,580 3,700,000 4,750,000	12 13 9 12 12	5,615,666 5,259,833 6,283,522 5,818,800	136,004 1,457 996 431,381 931,020	180.802 196,900 123,020 154.898	20,300,054 15,682,420 6,800,118 10,857,186 20,050,890	35,141,497 36,653,082 24,798,512 35,585,444 46,892,668		
Home Bank of Canada Northern Crown Bank Sterling Bank of Canada Weyburn Security Bank	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000,000\\ 5,000,000\\ 6,000,000\\ 3,000,000\\ 1,000,000 \end{array}$	7,000,000 2,000,000 1,431,200 1,266,600 642,200	7,000,000 1,947,249 1,429,447 1,215,247 385,320	7,000,000 300,000 715,600 300,000 150,000	5 5 6 5	8,681,184 2,359,685 3,810,262 1,325,500 380,360	744,650 3,095,486 362,146 615,899 133,218	1,473,074 3,163,126 967,837 247,639 34,135	$\begin{array}{c} 20,030,890\\ 4,006,786\\ 11,465,299\\ 3,279,584\\ 2,031,538\end{array}$	40,892,668 8,855,686 11,603,345 7,489,764 1,194,506		
	189,866,666	112,088,966	111,669,209	113,518,213		189,852,907	62,025,194	22,510,190	495,058,449	985.790.850	181,799,45	

ASSETS

			t Gold an idiary Coi		Don	ninion No	otes	Ainister security lation	ral gold			in	Dep'sits made with	Due from banks	Due from bks. and
	NAME OF BANK	In Canada	Else- where	Total	In Canada	Else- where	Total	Deposit with Minister of Finance for security of note circulation	Deposit in central reserves	Notes of other banks	Cheques on other banks	Loans to other Canada, secured, ding bills redisco	and bal. due from oth'er banks in Canada	and banking corres- pond'ts in the United King.	banking corres- pond'nts else- where than in Canada and U.K
	Bank of Montreal	8	8	8	\$	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	\$	\$	8
2	Bank of Nova Scotia	17.075.881 4,596,433		20.592.891 7.072,562	30,755,021 8,147,457	5,212 4,345	30,760,233	790,000 318,624	14.500.000	1,494,676 1,466,751	17.111.090			5,733.117	10.895.972
3	Bank of Brit, North America	823,508				4,343	8.151.802 5.619.208	245,822	2,420,000	880,140	4,626,314 3,297,265		7,358	3,526,750 263,850	2.666.958
4	Bank of Toronto	972,582		972.582	8,003,302		8.003,302	262,273	800,000	531.010			1,000	203,850	2,534,392
3	The Molsons Bank.	558,752		558,752	3,601,003		3,601,003	217,000	1,750.000	480.337	2.659,493		14,950		
7	Banque Nationale	218,868		219,943	1,082,154		1,082,154	100,000	2,300,000	692,425			1,981	6,000	811,330
8	Merchants Bank of Canada	3,726,041			5,319,739		5,319,739	355,000	6,500,000	1,045,025			2.796		
9	Banque Provinciale du Canada Union Bank of Canada	98,771 947,736	18.778	98.771 966,515	394,048 8,401,694		394,048 8,401,694	63,453 260,000	7,500,000	393,849 673,802			1,484,892	4,902	
10	Canadian Bank of Commerce	11.356.967		17,884,910	13,173,906	11.856	8,401,694	831,173	11,000,000		3.550,858		96,668 3,560		6,516,548 5,373,030
	Royal Bank of Canada		10,101,608	13,111.195	19,571,935	1.792	19,573,727	645.585	14.500.000		12,122,495		0,000		8,081,888
14	Dominion Bank	1,962,651	106	1.962 757	9,246,263		9,246,263	302,250	3,000,000	918.288	4,946,260		9,431	123,597	1,707,402
14	Bank of Hamilton	867,764		867.764	4,305,486		4,305,486	157,000	2,800,000	555,730			285,931	1,651,046	5,058,718
15	Standard Bank of Canada Banque d'Hochelaga	1,395,283		1,395,283	4,475,351		4,475,351	175,000	2,300,000	441,528	3,022,198			98,076	
10	Bank of Ottawa	407.569		407,569	1,729,121 2,600,141		1,729,121 2,600,141	200,000 210,000	2,000,000 1,950,000	664,833 473,030			223,475		
17	Imperial Bank of Canada	1,660,620		1,660,620	6.516,608		6,516,608	369,681	1,500,000	1,272.584	3.890,964		523,144		
10	Inome Bank of Canada	127,079		127,079	2,144.597		2,114,597	105,000	200,000	175,773	1,268,015		110,775		
10	INOrthern Crown Donk	184,637		184,637	1,300,389		1,300,389	75,500	3,000,000	389,096			609.875	132,825	366,223
640	Sterling Bank of Canada Weyburn Security Bank	72,367		72,367	1,097,952		1,097,952	62,994		209,752			5.000		
States	Bank	18,136		18,136	171,905	***. * ***	171,905	17.705		113,821	. 50,235		968,972		243,195
	Total	51,101,176	23,849,729	74.950,907	137,627,191	23,294	137,650,486	5,764,060	80,770,000	20.290.971	90.758.526	No. No.	5 788,916	16 257 037	57,314.452

Of the deposit in Central Gold Reserves \$21,210,000 is in gold coin : the balance is in Dominion Notes.

Current loans in Canada last month were at the highest total during the past thirteen months. They increased during October by \$29,000,000 or 3.2 per cent. They are \$109,000,000 or 14 per cent. greater than a year ago. This account is at the highest point reached during the period of war and reflects the financing of the crop movement. Current loans, following an expansion of nearly \$19,000,000 in September, rose upwards of \$28,000,000 in October. Circulation, which expanded \$21,000,000 in September, was \$12,000,000 higher at the end of October. With the rise to \$883,000,000, current loans passed the high mark of the war period, April last, when the figures were \$880,000,000. From that level there had been a sharp descent to \$829,000,000 in July, following the opening of navigation and the outward movement of grain and munitions to Europe. A rise coincident with the marketing of the new crop is in progress.

The following table shows the course of the principal loan accounts during recent years:---

·1	(Current loans	Current loans	Call loans	Call loans
Oct.		in Canada.	'elsehere.	in Canada.	elsewhere.
1913		\$862,313,367	\$58,171,884	\$71,118,255	\$ 93,346,810
1914		816,623,852	42,040,716	70,201,939	81,201,671
1915		780,785,754	49,612,985	74,574,270	120,681,624
1916			79,459,621	90,412,023	189,346,216
1917		883,986,860	93,821,865	71,653,719	151,018,747

Current loans in Canada were higher last October than during any of the past five Octobers. Call loans abroad

Dominion Government---Oct., 1917

				1	and the second	LIAB		en alt have been	No. 1992 P.				
Loans from ther banks in Canada secured, including bills re- discounted		Due to banks and banking correspond- ents in the United Kingdom	Due to banks and banking correspond- ents else- where than in Canada or the U.K.		Accept- ances under letters of credit	Liabilitie not included under foregoing heads	due to the Imperial	Total Liabilities	Aggregate amount of loans to directors, and firms of which they are partners	Average amount of current gold and subsidiary coin held during the month	Average amount o Dominio Notes hel during the mont	n circulat at any ti	of n ion me he
\$	\$ 4.147.482 230.986 5.562 205.826 236.646 682.899 1.053 545.277 426.922	\$ 46,880 243,049 391,955 32,785 39,598 747,723 1,873,843	\$ 496,621 713,564 591,753 116,939 78,970 3,092 3,341,294 400,000 365,578 5,779,871	\$ 1,024,346 1,465,323 450,000 	\$ 3,335,499 530,123 806,998 407,046 1,045,285 60,091 630,754 2,608,336 5,850,686	6,24 2,129,244 1,55 329,756 17,000 176,085 . 41,422 8,186 4,437	7 8 1 0 0 2 2 2 7 7	\$ 369,755,34 107,242,72 65,766,48 67,654,74 56,145,14 35,813,76 115,691,61 17,984,06 125,484,36 299,309,15	4 616,886 0 138,082 2 172,372 6 656,033 6 590,063 3 710,495 4 8 593,844 2 824,220	\$ 30,123,999 7,050,594 984,477 972,758 555,553 219,900 5,681,556 91,541 1,238,297 14,062,000	8 29,445,8 8,955,5 4,606,1 7,943,0 3,660,0 1,455,8 9,382,0 312,7 8,452,2 24,748,0	533 11,533 174 6,611 084 6,887 381 6,655 590 4,193 055 13,855 768 1,222 239 12,066 000 25,722	3.891 2.609 7.255 1.673 5.101 5.953 5.873 9.957 0.440
	309,378 656,683 25,078 1,352,358 6,152 35,427 633,340 5,660 3,950 199,545 732	83,238 65 409,990 292,708 3,451 1,873 48,000	11,378	247,164 214,200		131.802 70,305 3,161 51,435	8 	$\begin{array}{c} 281,063,988\\ 91,701,124\\ 61,612,475\\ 61,261,604\\ 38,911,877\\ 53,624,499\\ 78,697,366\\ 22,470,142\\ 28,311,455\\ 13,161,092\\ 3,825,926\end{array}$	4 635.703 4 419.175 4 44.100 4 149.850 9 649.142 9 323.389 3 213.020 9 397.037 5 398.505 5 96.874	$\begin{array}{c} 13,218,590\\ 1,929,000\\ 853,762\\ 1,337,522\\ 388,928\\ 1,010,334\\ 1,647,119\\ 126,380\\ 190,263\\ 75,801\\ 16,288\\ \end{array}$	18,750,8 8,567,0 2,641,8 4,383,2 1,547,8 2,377,8 7,104,0 1,068,1 952,9 907,9 162,0	000 8.755 117 5.656 150 5.495 1524 6.344 138 5.965 147 8.933 95 2.475 183 8.906 188 1.335 228 425	9.952 256 3.733 3.342 3.305 854 100 842 930 705
	9,170,956	4,215,158	19,640,869	3,488,412	17,320,366	4,076,070		1,995,488,95	58 8,441,458	81,744,662	147,426,2	10 195,298	,212
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	ign an.	Call as	d Call and		Lou	1 4 1	SETS			1			
n'nimo ment braincial covern-	ties, and Brit. foreign and colonal public se- curit's other than Can.	d loans in er Canada ds, on st'ck en- debent ures an d bonds	short loans else- than in d Canada (not ex- ceeding 30 days)	Other current loans and discounts in ·Canada	Other current loans and disco'nts else- where than in Canada	to the Govern- t of Canada	SETS Loans to to pro- incipal to vern- incipalitie and school district	Over- es due debts	Real Mort estate gager other on res than estat bank sold pre- by th mises bank	e (if any)	cus- tomers under in letters to of th credit		otal sets
incial 9 vvern- ment scuri- ties 6 573.322 33.4 668.210 10.5 134.911 7.8 188.896 5.5 134.911 7.8 188.896 5.5 190.000 1.4 668.598 2.4 926.664 15.0 412.116 16.4 15.0 412.116 16.5 15.5	m. e.	way short loans in canadi dons si'ck er dbent es ures an dbonds (not ex ceeding 30 days s .625 .625 .625 .625 .625 .625 .625 .625	a short loans a else- where than in Canada Canada a canada canada a canada a canada canada a canada a	Other current loans and discounts in ·Canada 96,554,615 48,586,380 26,508,133 42,148,956 31,339,730 21,473,007 66,168,037 7,130,710 58,056,656 146,984,162 97,535,836	Current loans and disco ¹ nts else- where than in Canada 6,111,595 6,942,550 3 2.250,000 7.364,122 3.219,515 16,286,679 50,4495,129	Loans to the Govern- ment of Canada	Loans to cities, to muni- incipalitic vern- nents 217.785 8,694 2,450 2,450 1,255,22 405,87 01,966 1,800,18 472,63 405,87 01,966 1,800,18 472,65 1,800,18 47,65 1,800,18 47,65 1,800,18 47,65 1,800,1800,1	Over- due debts 1 \$ 371.629 00 219.855 1701.656 86.564 42.7926 279.899 274.600 7 52.1119 8 277.7821 11 543.26241	estate other than bank pre- mises \$ \$ 3,557 69,000 32,359 82,579 102,730 102,730 102,730 102,730 158,058 151,057 200,057	remises at not more than cost, less amounts (if any) written off 3,260,026 3,262,299 3,556,727 3,2287,126 4,179,282 4,755,215 1,154,291 3,154,291 1,154,291	ties of cus- tomers under of credit as per contra \$ 3,335,499 530,123 806,998 407,046 1,045,285 60,091 630,754 2.608,336 5,850,686	states not cluded under ke fore- going heads \$.041 .0404 .0404 .04	8 219.8 219.8 277.4 873.30 459.10 600.40 959.5 568.6 798.4 1416.0 580.0 7 471.2
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were sharply reduced last month to meet the increased demands of business in Canada. The decrease on this account in October was \$15,000,000, following a reduction on that account of \$11,000,000.

The course of call loans abroad for the period beginning two months before the declaration of war is of interest and is shown in the following table, compiled by The Monetary Times:—

	1914.	1915.	1916.	. 1917.
January .				\$155,747,476
February			000-0-0-0-	162,344,556
March	A	101,938,685	- 1 - 1	11100
May		121,522,971 136,098,835	147,146,443 163,400,650	159,156,054
	Contraction of the second	*30,090,035	103,400,059	168,692,675

	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.
June	\$137,120,167	124,604,875	182,757,015	159,309,133
July	125,545,287	117,821,174	177,121,733	151,875,676
August	96,495,473	120,607,677	171,380,353	176,610,625
September	89,521,859	135,108,412	173,877,586	166,480,004
October .	81,201,671	120,681,624	189,346,216	151,018,747
November	74,459,643	135,530,562	183,250,389	
December	85,012,964	137,157,869	173,878,134	

T. C. BOVILLE, Deputy Minister of Finance.

Call loans abroad at the end of October were at a lower level than during any month since April, 1916, with one exception, namely, July last, when they were slightly higher.

Help finance the Empire's fight for right.

7

ONTARIO MINERAL PRODUCTION

Increased Prices in Gold, Silver and Copper Output Balances Decreased Output

The Ontario bureau of mines has issued statistics, which appear at the foot of this page, regarding the production of the metalliferous mines and works of Ontario for the mine months ending 30th September, 1917. For purposes of comparison, figures for the corresponding period in 1916 are also given.

Notwithstanding the falling off in the output of gold, silver and copper, the aggregate value for the nine months was some \$2,000,000 more than for the same period in 1916. Increased prices for silver, copper and nickel are largely responsible for this increase.

Table of Production.

Of the total production, the Hollinger Mine yielded 161,-702 ounces; McIntyre, 59,779 ounces; and Dome, 58,978. Gold being the standard of value, and having a fixed price, was the only metal which did not share in the general increase of prices. Indeed, the high price of labor and supplies have, for the time being, lowered the rate of expansion for this branch of the industry. The output for the first nine months of this year was some 20,000 ounces less than for the corresponding period in 1916.

Northern Ontario's Cold.

Evidence accumulates that the gold resources of Northern Ontario are extensive. Developments at Porcupine have been satisfactory, and Kirkland Lake shows signs of being a good second. A satisfactory feature is that the newer gold camps are scattered over a wide area of territory.

The average price of silver was 79.758 cents—the low being 71.75 on March 27th, and the high 108.50 on September 25th. The following mines were the leading shippers: Mining Corporation of Canada, 3,831,211 ounces; Nipissing, 2,-839,462 ounces; Kerr Lake, 1,708,921 ounces; Coniagas, 976,-315 ounces; O'Brien, 925,000 ounces; McKinley-Darragh-Savage, 775,566 ounces; Miller Lake O'Brien, 757,132 ounces.

Nickel and Copper.

Both these metals have risen in price, and are valued in these statistics at 25 cents and 20 cents per pound respectively. for the metallic contents of the mattes produced. Nickel is quoted at 50 to 55 cents per pound, and the United States government has now fixed the price of copper at 23¹/₂ cents per pound. The mines of Sudbury are now, and have been for some time, working at maximum capacity. The nickel contents of the mattes for the nine months of 1917 were a little larger than for the same period in 1916, but the copper contents were about 1,000 tons lower. The International Nickel Company's new refinery at Port Colborne is well under way, and is expected to be turning out refined nickel before next spring.

In addition to exported ore, 138,808 tons were shipped to Ontario smelters. Of the total of 983,321 tons of ore smelted. only 93,536 tons, or 9.5 per cent., were Ontario ore. The total pig iron produced was 513,232 tons, worth \$9,841,438 as compared with 501,410 tons, worth \$6,686,965 in 1916 for the corresponding period. This shows an advance of nearly 50 per cent. in the value of pig iron.

Goldounces
Silver
Cobalt (metallic)pounds
Nickel (metallic)
Nickel oxide
Cobalt oxide
Other cobalt and nickel compounds
Molvbdenite
Copper ore tons
Nickel in matte
NICKEI III matte
Copper in matte
*Iron ore (exported)
*Pig iron from domestic ore
*Lead

*1016 figures are not available for the last three items.

VICTORY LOAN WILL ENCOURAGE THRIFT

"If we can raise a \$300,000,000 war loan from 250,000 subscribers, it will be of far more value to the country than if the same amount came from only the large financial institutions, industrial and other corporations and a few individuals. I would like to see 500,000 subscribers to the Victory Loan." This was the statement of Mr. W. G. Watson, general manager of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, to *The Monetary Times* last week. "The wide subscription of



(The Monetary Times Photo.) W. C. WATSON, TORONTO,

Member, Ontario Executive Committee and Special Subscriptions Committee, Victory Loan Campaign.

the loan will mean a great deal to the country," he continued. "It will develop thrift and the propensity for saving. I think the benefit in that direction will be immense. There have been a number of people jogging along thinking that they could not save. This war loan campaign is changing their view. Those who buy a little government bond or a similar investment will want to do so again later."

Mr. Watson is a member of the special subscriptions committee and of the Ontario executive committee for the Victory Loan campaign. Associated with him on the Ontario executive committee are the following: Messrs. G. H. Wood, chairman; J. W. Mitchell, vice-chairman; G. Tower Fergusson, vice-chairman; R. A. Daly, secretary; R. A. Nevitt, assistant secretary; T. E. Griffis, treasurer; Dr. A. H. Abbott, W. C. Brent, A. H. Campbell, H. C. Cox, John F. Ellis, Gordon T. Finch, J. J. Gibbons, R. S. Gourlay, D. B. Hanna, W. A. MacKenzie, A. M. Macrae, G. A. Macpherson, A. P. Mc-Eachren, W. L. McKinnon, J. G. O'Donoghue, S. R. Parsons, T. S. G. Pepler, R. Home Smith, Norman Sommerville, T. A. Stevenson, H. R. Tudhope and E. G. Wills.

Qua	ntity.	Va	lue. *
1916.	1917.	1916.	1917.
363,955	343,490	\$ 7,513,734	\$ 6,754,535
16,203,091	15,236,002	9,750,040	12,001,875
172,055	295,866	146,467	433,739
17,435	166,921	7,618	67,499
54,152	10,831	6,381	3,025
378,732	276,769	231,947	323,162
57,026	276,217	22,890	30,025
15,845	65,827	15,845	, 83,550
1,715	2,658	21,685	33,410
31,046	31,064	15,523,000	15,532,000
16,989	15,928	6,285,930	6,371,200
	98,757		412,401
	48,820	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	936,118
	540		136,948
ALC: NOT	Call State State of the		

\$43,119,496



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of Canada

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The Monetary Times does not necessarily endorse the statements and opinions of its correspondents, nor does it hold itself responsible therefor.

The Monetary Times invites information from its readers to aid in excluding from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

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WAR LOANS PER CAPITA

The splendid results of the first, second and third war loans and the excellent prospects for the very heavy oversubscription of the Victory Loan now offered, not only enhance Canadian credit in the international money markets but also give the people of Canada a greater measure of financial self-reliance. The country knows well that it is capable of doing a little lending, besides a lot of borrowing. An achievement which has meant the subscription of two dollars for every dollar asked for by the government, is notable.

With the \$350,000,000 subscribed and allotted through the first three war loans, the per capita subscription was approximately \$43. A number of small investors subscribed to the previous three loans but the majority of the rank and file had not been reached. Debenture stock issues, convertible into war loans, and war savings certificates are doing their work in attracting the smaller investors in greater numbers. Assuming that \$300,000,000 is subscribed to the Victory Loan and allotted, the total war loans subscribed and allotted to date will be \$650,-000,000 or approximately \$81 per capita. In that event, we will have doubled our per capita war loan subscriptions within six months, as in March last the per capita figure was \$43.

The record in regard to the number of subscribers is also satisfactory. To the first loan there were only 24,862 subscribers; to the second, 34,526; and to the third, 40,800. At the end of two weeks the subscribers in the city of Toronto alone were more than double that number. By the time the subscription lists close tomorrow, the number of Victory Loan subscribers will probably be at least eight times the number subscribing to the third war loan in March last.

This is the first occasion on which a substantial portion of the savings of the people have been obtained for a Canadian war loan. In the three previous loans the

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PRINCIPAL CONTENTS OF THIS ISSUE	
OUR VICTORY LOAN: What the Results Indicate Wealth Behind the Bonds What Victory Bonds Will Cost Working Hard for Victory Loan Victory Loan Publicity was Record Some of the Subscriptions Loan Results up to Thursday	· 9 · 9 · 10 · 18 · 20 · 40
CORPORATION FINANCE: Civic Investment and Industrial Company Ontario National Brick Company	
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BOND AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING: New Stock and Bond House Sinking Fund Surplus	
INSURANCE : Life Officers' Association Ontario's Fire Losses Life Agents as Bond Salesmen Hail Insurance in Alberta Weekly Register of Fires	. 16 . 25 . 26

large subscriptions of corporations and individuals accounted for a heavy proportion of the total amount raised. If the Victory Loan is subscribed to the extent indicated at the time of writing, it will probably be unnecessary to seek another war loan until early next fall. If the war continues, and such a loan is necessary, there should be no greater difficulty in obtaining a sum equal to that of the Victory Loan, and from a still larger number of subscribers.

WEALTH FROM PRODUCTION

There is substantial wealth and excellent credit behind the Canadian government's war loan. The value of production in Canada last year from field crops, forests, mines and fisheries was \$1,292,904,812, compared with \$1,071,219,879 in 1915. The details for the two years are as follow :-

	1915.		1916.
Field crops \$	825,370,000	\$	886,494,900
Forests	172,880,000		190,000,000
Mines	137,109,171	, .	177,201,534
Fisheries	35,860,708		39,208,378
	the second se	-	Berich werten das in spectra and an and an and an and an

\$1,071,219,879 \$1,292,904,812

The value of production (field crops, mines, fisheries and forest products) each year since 1908 has been as follows :-

Year.	Total.	Year.	Total.
1908 \$	703,590,000	1913	
1909	816,274,000	1914	975,379,706
1910	701,085,000	1915	1,071,219,879
1911	901,709,000	1916	1,292,904,812
1912	909,358,000		

The value of manufactured products last year is estimated at \$2,000,000,000, compared with \$1,392,000,000 in 1915, \$1,400,000,000 in 1913, and \$1,110,000,000 in 1910. These are a few of the things at the back of interest payments on our war loans.

WHAT VICTORY BONDS WILL COST

If Part Payment is Made in Old War Bonds-Some Interesting Calculations

What does a subscriber to the Victory Loan, who turns in old bonds in part payment, actually pay for his bonds? Mr. Dean H. Pettes, partner in the firm of W. L. McKinnon and Company, the well-known Toronto bond house, who has been an untiring worker in the Loan campaign, has furnished the following' calculations at the special request of The Monetary Times :-

We will take, for example, said Mr. Pettes, the case of an investor who subscribes \$20,000, turning in \$5,000 each of the nrst, second and third war loans as part payment. In other words, he is investing \$5,000 new money and converting \$15,000 old bonds. What he will pay for his \$20,000 of Victory bonds by discounting his instalments on January 2nd is shown in the following table :---

On December 1st he turns in his \$15,000 old bonds as follows :-

First loan, \$5,000, at issue price, 971/2..... \$ 4,875.00 (a)

4,875.00 Second Ioan, \$5,000, similar calculation..... Third Ioan, \$5,000, at issue price, 96...... 4,800.00

Cash Value of Old Bonds.

\$14,550.00

The cash value of the \$15,000 old bonds is, therefore, \$14,550, plus the accrued interest to December 1st on each of the three lots of \$5,000 as follows :-

- (a) First loan, \$5,000 at 5 per cent. per annum for the period June 1st to December 1st.... \$
- 125.00 Second loan, \$5,000 at 5 per cent. per annum (b) for the period October 1st to December 1st.. 41.78
- Third loan, \$5,000 at 5 per cent. per annum for the period September 1st to December 1st (c) 62.33

\$ 220.11

\$14,779.11

The cash value for conversion of \$5,000 of each of the three old loans, turned in at their issue price, plus accrucd interest, is, therefore, \$14,779.11, made up as follows :--

Value of \$5,000 of each of the three old loans (a)

(b)

Turn in Bonds to Bank.

On December 1st, the old bonds must be turned into the bank and the first payment of 10 per cent. made on the \$20,000 subscription which we have taken for an example. The bank will, therefore, have received in old bonds the equivalent of cash to the extent of \$14,779.11. From this sum the bank will deduct the first payment of 10 per cent. on the \$20,000 subscription thus :---

Old bonds turned in, equal to cash of \$14,779.11 (b) First payment of 10 per cent. on the \$20,000

subscription 2,000.00

\$12,779.11

The subscriber has now made his first payment out of the old bonds on his subscription of \$20,000 to the Victory Loan, and has a balance of \$12,779.11 at the bank on account of his old bonds.

Discounting Instalments.

The remaining instalments to be paid on a \$20,000 subscription would be :---

									• 1										. ,							\$	2,000.00
st								•																			4,000.00
																											4,000.00
					1.																						4,000.00
																											4,000.00
	st	st .	st 	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st	st

\$18,000.00

On January 2nd the subscriber has the privilege of discounting all the remaining instalments at \$80.10795 per each \$100 of his subscription, or \$17,821.59. That is to say, by paying \$17,821.59 on January 2nd his \$20,000 of Victory Bonds will be fully paid for.

As shown above, he has at the bank the unused portion of the value of his old bonds, namely, \$12,779.11. The bank will also allow him 5 per cent. interest on this amount from December 1st to January 2nd, amounting to \$56. He, there-fore, pays all remaining instalments on his \$20,000 Victory Bonds on January 2nd as follows :-

- Unused portion of value of old bonds.... .. \$12,770.11 (b) Interest at 5 per cent. per annum on this
- amount from December 1st to January 2nd.. 56.00 Cash 4,986.48

Actual Cost of Purchase.

The actual cost to the subscriber for \$20,000 Victory Bonds is, therefore, on the above basis, \$19,821.59, made up as follows :-

- Value of \$15,000 old bonds, plus accrued in-(a)
- old bonds from December 1st to January 2nd 56.00 Cash paid January 2nd 4,986.48

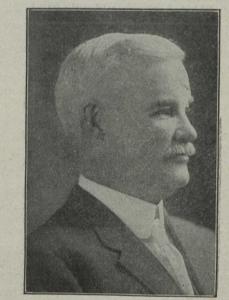
\$19,821.59

\$17,821.59

SUN LIFE'S LARCE WAR LOAN HOLDINGS

The Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada has subscribed \$5,000,000 to the Victory Loan. With this subscription, the company will have a total investment of upwards of \$13,000,000 in Canadian government bonds. The company was one of the large subscribers to the first loan and it has supported each successive issue in a substantial way.

In addition to Canadian government loans, the company has also been a supporter of other loans for the Allies. At the last annual meeting in March, President Macaulay stated



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

T. B. MACAULAY, MONTREAL, President, Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, which has subscribed \$5,000,000 to the Victory Loan.

that the total subscriptions of the company to British and

Allied loans amounted at that time to no less than \$18,800,000. Mr. Macaulay has taken an active interest in the success of the loan and a number of Sun Life men have acted on loan of the loan and a number of Sun Life men have acted on loan committees and canvassing teams. Mr. E. A. McNutt, treas-urer of the company, is joint chairman (with Mr. A. P. Frigon) of the Victory Loan committee for Quebec province, outside of Montreal. Mr. John A. Tory, the company's man-ager of Eastern Ontario and Michigan is a member of the Dominion advisory committee of life insurance representatives in compaction with the loan campaign. Mr. A. F. Harwood in connection with the loan campaign. Mr. A. F. Harwood, of the company's Regina staff, is acting on the Saskatchewan provincial committee of life insurance men and Mr. W. W. Hutton, of the Sun Life's Edmonton branch is on a loan committee in that city. A large number of the Sun Life agents are working on

canvassing teams and have met with great success.

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NEW STOCK AND BOND HOUSE

Mr. Æmilius Jarvis and Mr. A. D. Morrow, Toronto, have dissolved partnership, and Mr. Morrow has formed a



(International Press Photo.) MORCAN JELLETT, TORONTO, Partner in new financial house, Morrow and Jellett.

bond business, dealing in war loans, government, provincial and municipal bonds. Mr. H. L. Somers, late manager of the bond department of Æmilius Jarvis and Company, will be in charge of the bond department of the new firm.

Mr. Jellett was born in Belleville, Ontario, in 1877, being educated at the Toronto Public Schools and Trinity College School, Port Hope, Ontario. He commenced his business career with the Traders' Bank in 1897, and was with that institution for eight years, a part of the time in the Windsor, Ontario, branch. He then went into the bond business, joining the bond department of Æmilius Jarvis and Company in 1905. He is well known in financial circles and has a genial manner which has won him many friends.

Mr. Morrow was born at Milbrook, Ontario, in 1882, and was educated at the Peterboro High School. He commenced business with the National Trust Company at the time of its formation in 1899, where he acquired valuable experience of accountancy and finance. He became a partner in the brokerage firm of Deacon and Company in 1905, joining the firm of Æmilius Jarvis and Com-

partnership with Mr. Morgan Jellett, who has also been associated with the firm of Æmilius Jarvis and Company for a number of years. The new firm will be known as Morrow and Jellett, and they will have offices in the Jarvis Building, 103 Bay Street, Toronto. commencing business to-mor-row, December row, Ist.

Messrs. Morrow and Jellett, who have taken over all the open stock accounts of Æmilius Jarvis and Company, are members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, and, in addition to carrying on a stock brokerage business, they will also conduct a



(The Monetary Times Photo.) A. D. MORROW, Toronto, Partner in new financial house. Morrow and Jellett.

age in in 07 Deaton and company in 1905, joining the firm of Æmilius Jarvis and Company in 1908, with whom he has remained until this time. Mr. Morrow comes of a family which has made its mark in Canadian business and finance. Messrs. Jellett and Morrow have the best wishes of numerous friends for the success of their new firm.

A rifle or a war bond-which?

Mr. Æmilius Jarvıs has been elected a member of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

MONEY MARKETS

Messrs. Glazebrook and Cronyn, exchange and bond brokers, Toronto, report the following exchange rates to The Monetary Times:—

N.Y. funds	Buyers. 1-32 dis.	Sellers. par	Counter.
Mont. funds	par	par	1/8 to 1/4
Demand	\$4.75	\$4.75.15	\$4.77 1/2
Cable transfers		\$4.76.50	\$4.781/2
Rates in New York—S Bank of England rate,	5 per cent.	nand, \$4.75	3-10.

BANK CLEARINGS

The following are the bank clearings for the weeks of November 23rd, 1916, and November 24th, 1917, respectively, with changes:-

The second second	Week ended	Week ended		
	Nov. 24, '17.	Nov. 23, '10.		Changes.
Montreal	\$ 81,065,009	\$ 91,806,709	- 3	\$10,741,700
Toronto	57,985,769	58,307,212		321,443
Winnipeg		66,804,849	+.	8,903,577
Vancouver	10,046,308	7,259,453	+	2,786,855
Ottawa		5,521,236	+	228,670
Calgary	10,598,371	7,696,415	+	2,901,956
Hamilton	5,264,838	4,645,195	+	619,643
Quebec	4,975,461	4,312,697	+	662,764
Edmonton	3,768,806	2,954,508	+	814,298
Halifax	3,101,750	2,840,580	+	261,170
London	2,098,598	1,978,240	+	120,358
Regina		3,991,076	+	653,974
St. John	2,063,207	1,959,981	+	103,226
Victoria		1,600,560	+	263,896
Saskatoon	2,651,604	2,413,707	+	237,897
Moose Jaw		1,868,464		75,917
Brandon	832,394	689,710	+	142,684
Brantford		787,480	+	172,721
Fort William		721,977	+	280,535
Lethbridge		1,101,172	+	37,943
Medicine Hat		804,855		85,986
New Westminster	394,064	327,928	+	66,136
Peterboro	766,460	644,329	+	122,131
Sherbrooke	842,641	545,854	+	296,787
Kitchener	754,582	572,590	+	181,992
Totals	\$280,790,944	\$272,156,777	+ 8	\$ 8,634,167

The Toronto bank clearings for the current week are \$53,841,647, compared with \$56,634,145 for the same week in 1916, and \$45,933,966 in 1915.

LIFE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION

The Life Officers' Association of Canada have held their annual meeting, electing the following officers: Messrs. H. C. Cox, Canada Life, president; C. C. Ferguson, Great-West Life, first vice-president; J. B. McKechnie, Manufacturers' Life, second vice-president; D. A. Kilgour, North American Life, secretary-treasurer; J. F. Weston, Imperial Life, and G. B. Woods, Continental Life, auditors. Executive committee —The foregoing officers, the past president, Mr. A. Bissett, London and Lancashire Life; J. E. Kavanagh, Metropolitan Life of New York; A. R. Howell, Gresham Life; A. B. Wood, Sun Life; and Charles Ruby, Dominion Life.

TOWN OF SALTCOATS DOES WELL

The town of Saltcoats, Sask., with 500 population, after one week's canvass, stands at \$50,100, with 171 individual applications, making over \$100 per capita and one in three of the population, so Mr. H. S. Athey of that town informs *The Monetary Times.* Mr. J. E. Parrott, the energetic chairman, is now expecting the country district tributary to the town, to subscribe a similar amount. The whole town has been canvassed by the ladies of the I.O.D.E., who have made a house to house canvass in teams calling as many as four times to secure an application. The commissions are being turned over to patriotic funds.

Established in 1836. Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840. The Bank of **British North America** Paid-up Capital - \$4.866.666 Reserve Fund -\$3.017.333 Statement to the Dominion Government (Condensed), 31st October, 1917 LIABILITIES TO THE PUBLIC Notes in Circulation -- -- \$ 6,270,574 -Deposits 31.0 58,688,908 - -Other Liabilities -806,998 \$65,766,480 ASSETS Cash on Hand and in Banks -- \$16,051,155 Deposit with Government o/a Note Circulation 245,822 Government, Municipal and other Securities 12,868,715 Call and Short Loans - - -7,367,455 Current Loans and Discounts and other Assets -36,977,862 -Bank Premises - -2,362,299 \$75,873,308 THE MOLSONS BANK Capital Paid-Up, \$4,000,000 Reserve Fund, \$4,800,000 Incorporated by Act of Parliament 1855. HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President Geo, E. Drummond Wm. M. Birks F. W. Molson W. A. Black E. J. Chamberlin EDWARD C. PRATT, General Manager ALBERTA BRANCHES Hamilton Calgary Camrose Toronto "Queen St. W. Montreal-Cont. "Market&Harbor Market

Edmonton	James & Barto	on WestToronto	"St. Henri
Lethbridge	Hensall	Trenton	"Maisonneuve
and the second se	Highgate	Wales Waterloo	Cote des Neiges
BRITISH COL-	Iroquois	Williamsburg	
UMBIA	Kingsville	Woodstock	"St. Lawrence
Revelstoke			Boulevard
Vancouver	Kirkton	Zurich	"Cote St. Paul
" Bast End	Kitchener	QUEBEC	Park & Bernard
	Lambton Mills	Arthabaska	Montreal, West
MANITOBA	London	Bedford	"Tetreaultville
Winnipeg	Lucknow	Chicoutimi	Pierreville
"Portage Av.	Meaford	Cowansville	Quebec
ONTARIO	Merlin	Drummondville	
Alvinston	Morrisburg	Foster	"Upper Town
			Richmond
Amherstburg	Norwich	Fraserville	Roberval
Aylmer	Ottawa	and Riviere du	Sorel
Belleville	Owen Sound	Loup Station	Sutton St.Cesaire
Brockville	Port Arthur		St. Ours
Brucefield	Ridgetown		St. Thérèse de
Chesterville	Simcoe	Lachute Matane	Blaigwille
Clinton Delhi	Smith's Falls		Trois Pistoles
	St. Mary's		
			Three Rivers
Exeter Forest	St. Thomas	"St. James St.	Victoriaville
Formosa	"East End	"St. Catherine	
Frankford	Teeswater	St.	Waterloo

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND COLONIES-London and Liverpool-Parr's Bank, Limited. Ireland-Munster & Leinster Bank, Limited. Australia and New Zealand-The Union Bank of Australia, Limited. South Africa-The Standard Bank of South Africa, Limited. ForBIGN AGENTS - France - Societe Generale. Belgium-Antwerp-La Banque d'Anvers. China and Japan-Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank-ing Corporation. Cuba-Banco Nacional de Cuba. AGENTS IN UNITED STATES-Agents and Correspondents in all the principal cities.

Collections made in all Parts of the Dominion, and returns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange. Commercial parts of Credit and Travellers' Circular Letters issued available in all



THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Capital paid-up - \$ '6,500,000 **Reserve Fund** -12,000,000 Total Assets -110,000,000

HEAD OFFICE -HALIFAX, N.S.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JOHN Y. PAYZANT, President CHARLES ARCHIBALD, Vice-President G. S. CAMPBELL J. WALTER ALLISON HECTOR MCINNES HON N. CURRY JAMES MANCHESTER W. W. WHITE, M.D. S. J. MOORE W. D. ROSS HON. M. C. GRANT

General Manager's Office, Toronto, Ont.

H. A. RICHARDSON, General Manager. J. A. MCLEOD, Asst. General Manager.

BRANCHES IN CANADA

30 in Nova Scotia 33 in New Brunswick 7 in Prince Edward Island 67 in Ontario

10 in Quebec 14 in Western Provinces

IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Bay Roberts	Brigus	Catalina	Harbor Grace
Bell Island	Burgeo	Channel	St. John's
Bonavista	Burin	Fogo	" East End
Bonne Bay	Carbonear	Grand Bank	Twillingate
a stalle a stall	We	sleyville	* miningate

IN WEST INDIES

Havana, Cuba, San Juan, Porto Rico. Jamaica-Black River, Kingston, Mandeville, Montego Bay, Morant Bay, Port Antonio. Port Maria, Spanish Town, St. Ann's Bay, Savanna-la-Mar.

IN UNITED STATES

CHICAGO

BOSTON

NEW YORK (AGENCY)

CORRESPONDENTS

Great Britain-London Joint Stock Bank Ltd. ; Royal Bank of Scotland.

France-Credit Lyonnais.

United States-Bank of New York, N.B.A., New York; Merchants National Bank, Boston; First National Bank, Chicago; Fourth Street National Bank, Philadelphia; Citizens National Bank, Baltimore; Canadian Bank of Commerce, San Francisco; First and Security National Bank, Minneapolis; First National Bank, Seattle.

INVESTMENTS AND THE MARKET

News and Notes of Active Companies—Their Financing, Operations, Developments, Extensions, Dividends and Future Plans

Dominion Bridge Company.—The company has received an additional order for 10,000 tons of fabricated steel from the American International Corporation. Some two weeks ago orders from the same source amounting to 40,000 tons were announced, so that the total has now been increased to 50,000. The American International will require 335,000 tons of steel for the construction of 130 boats, contracts for which have been received from the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Saskatchewan Co-Operative Elevator Company.—At the annual meeting reports were submitted showing a profit of \$350,572, after allowing for interest on loans, depreciation, war taxes, etc. A dividend of 8 per cent. is declared. The company, according to the report, is in sound financial condition and the shareholders' interest is now about \$2,000,000. During the year 41 elevators were added to the system, and during the season 24,558,637 bushels of grain were handled and 32,359,725 bushels were passed through the 258 elevators.

Dominion Park Company, Limited.—Gross revenue of the company for the year ended October 31 last amounted to \$221,972, as compared with \$150,982 for 1916. Insurance, general and operating expenses totalled \$140,000, against \$121,000 for the previous year. After bond interest the net profit for the season was \$37,100, compared with \$22,307 a year ago. During the year \$28,461 was written off for repairs and renewals and \$9,332 for depreciation. The balance sheet shows cash on hand of \$30,603 and holdings of Dominion war loans, \$48,750. Property, buildings, etc., are valued at \$624,345.

La Rose Mines.—The directors have called a special meeting of stockholders to be held at Augusta, Me., on December 10 to ratify the dissolution of the United States Holding Company and reduce the capital from \$6,000,000 to \$1,500,000. The reduction in the capitalization, the directors said, will be made in order to have the nominal value of the capital stock fairly represent the present value of its assets. The reduction in the capitalization will facilitate the distribution of stock of the operating company among the shareholders of the La Rose by enabling the exchange to be made on a share for share basis.

Ontario National Brick Company.—To protect their equity in the property, the bondholders are being asked to participate in a reorganization plan which provides for the raising of \$400,000 additional money, an amount equivalent to 25 per cent. of their original bond holdings. If the reorganization plan goes through and the old company, now in liquidation, is bought in on behalf of the bondholders, the new company will have an authorized bond issue of \$500,000, of which \$400,000 will be issued immediately, and a capital stock of \$1,600,000. J. N. Greenshields, K.C., is president of the Ontario National Brick Company, Limited.

Cape Breton Electric Company.—The report of the company for the 12 months ended September 30 shows:—

Gross earnings Operating expenses and taxes	\$443,606	Sept., '16. \$385,443 225,937	\$58,162
Net earnings	\$169,505	\$159,506	\$ 9,999
Interest charges	63,340	63,096	244
Balance	\$106,164	\$ 96,410 15,410	\$ 9,754
Sinking fund requirements	15,360		*50
Balance (for reserves, replace-		\$ 80,000	\$ 0.805

ments and dividends) \ 90,804 \ 80,999 \ 9,00

*Decrease.

Canadian Pacific Railway Company.—Mr. E. W. Beatty, vice-president, has issued the following statement: "My attention has been called to a published statement that there are practically no bids for Canadian lands, and that it is

difficult to see how the Canadian Pacific with its large holdings of lands can do anything but drag lower as its earnings drop. The Canadian Pacific land sales for October, 1916, amounted to 45,027 acres, at a price of \$580,619; for October, 1917, sales amounted to 82,853 acres, at a price of \$1,456,451. For the ten months ended October, 1916, the total sales were 316,796 acres, at \$4,963,116; while for ten months ended October, 1917, 543,160 acres were sold for \$9,527,636."

Civic Investment and Industrial Company.—The "dual service" idea, which the company puts forward in its selling propaganda, evidently has merits for shareholders as well as consumers, for present indications suggest that losses on the gas end of the business have a substantial offset in gains on the electric end. Electric sales are understood to be phenomenally large, and in the matter of supply the company is well protected by its hydro-electric subsidiaries. These can operate with but minor changes in expenses, while expenses in almost every branch of business have continued to advance sharply. Gross earnings for the first six months of its current fiscal year amounted to \$2,113,685. In more detail the upturn in the curve of earnings from summer to autumn is shown in the following comparisons of gross earnings and surplus after expenses for the three months of the past quarter:—

Month.	Gross earnings.	Surplus.
October		\$412,358
September	834,203	373,985
August	783,412	337,552

Windsor Hotel Company.—Comparisons of profit and loss figures for the past three years show the following :—

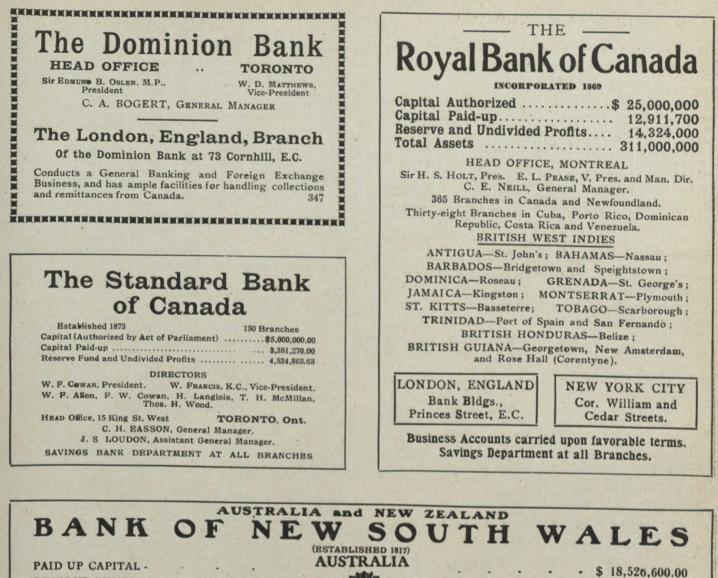
Net earnings Bond interest		1915-16. \$ 77,648 27,000	1914-15. \$ 38,747 27,000
Net profit Dividends		\$ 50,648 60,000	\$ 11,747
Surplus Previous surplus	\$ 18,713 437,226	*\$ 9,352 446,577	\$ 11,747 434,830
Total surplus	\$455,939	\$437,226	\$446,577

*Deficiency.

Earnings of the company are still well below the level of five or six years ago, although the tendency has been to improve since the slump of 1914-15. The balance sheet shows a comfortable position. A mortgage of \$10,000 on the Stanley Street property has been wiped off and, while no provision is made for depreciation, \$96,475 was charged to repairs and renewals. Comparisons of the main features of the balance sheets follow:--

Assets.		
Cash Accounts received Inventories Unexpired taxes, etc. Furniture Buildings, etc.	1917. \$ 31,595 27,194 82,749 5,854 450,000 2,118,980	1916. \$ 86,933 18,782 48,623 5,162 450,000 2,118,980
Total	\$2,716,374	\$2,728,482
Liabilitie	s.	
Accounts payable Accrued taxes Accrued wages Accrued interest Dividend payable Mortgage Bonds Reserve Capital stock Surplus	17,855 11,827 9,000 30,000 600,000 32,029 1,500,000	1916. \$ 45,515 18,103 12,004 9,000 60,000 10,000 600,000 36,542 1,500,000 473,226
Total	\$2,716,374	\$2,728,482

Buy a war bond and bring peace nearer.



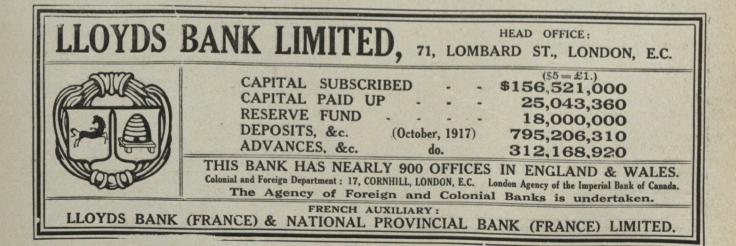
AGGREGATE ASSETS 30th SEPT., 1916

18,526,600.00 \$ 50,678,200.00

13,625,000.00

\$277,488,871.00

J. RUSSELL PRENCH, General Manager 338 BRANCHES and AGENCIES in the Australian States, New Zealand, Fiji, Papua (New Guinea), and London. The Bank transacts every description of Australian Banking Business. Wool and other Produce Credits arranged. HEAD OFFICE: CEORCE STREET, SYDNEY. LONDON OFFICE: 29 THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C. AGENTS: BANK OF MONTREAL, ROYAL BANK OF CANADA, BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA



ONTARIO'S FIRE LOSSES

Fire Marshal's Record for First Seven Months of Year-**Causes of Fires**

The following is the record of Ontario's fire losses to September last, as furnished by the office of the provincial fire marshal, Mr. E. P. Heaton:-

Month.	Number of fires		Insurance loss.	covered by insurance.
January	798	\$ 808,419	\$ 566,589	\$ 241,830
February	1,020	1,329,369	1,072,959	256,410
March	765	1,144,373	886,126	258,247
April	666	896,461	693,484	202,977
May	908	1,242,486	953,312	289,174
June	682	515,936	310,742	205,194
July	852	512,391	407,908	104,483
August	931	605,115	394,010	211,105
September	767	651,138	467,783	183,355
Totals	7,309	\$7,705,688	\$5,752,913	\$1,952,775

Causes of Fires.

The following table shows the causes of fires in Ontario during September :---

				Loss not
1	No. of	f Amount	Insurance	covered by
Cause.	fires.	of loss.	loss.	insurance.
Chimneys, flues, cupolas	1000			
and stacks, overheated				
or defective	12	\$ 3,258	\$ 3,012	\$ 246
Conflagration				
Electricity	32	11,825	6,963	4,862
Explosions	15	6,380	5,510	870
Exposure	82	77,402	56,475	20,927
Fireworks, firecrackers,	0.4	11,402	30,473	
balloons, etc.				
Friction		1,027	27	1,000
Gas-Natural and artificial	3	26,605	ALL A R AND DO NOT THE OWNER OF THE OWNER	2,364
	Provide State	Street and the second second		2,304
Hot ashes and coals	1	98	98	
Hot grease, oil, tar, wax,			6	
asphalt, ignition of	4	619	A CONTRACT OF A	
Hot or molten lead	4	1,037	1,037	
Incendiarism	6	3,825	3,525	300
Lightning-Buildings rod-				
ded	I	2,500	1,300	1,200
Lightning-Buildings not				
rodded	183	03,192	57,596	35,596
Matches	70	8,116	7,131	985
Miscellaneous - Cause				
known but not classified		594	594	
Open fires	5	352	The state of the second second second	10
Open lights	16	4,085	2,035	2,050
open ngnes	10	4,005	2,035	2,030

WILL the Volume of Our Actual and Potential Purchasing Power Diminish when Peace Comes?

"Prices During and After the War."

SEE The Monetary Times Annual **JANUARY**, 1918. PRICE 50c

				Loss not
				covered by
- Cause.	fires.	of loss.	loss.	insurance.
Petroleum and its pro-				
ducts		6,459	4,405	2,054
Rubbish and litter	4	1,260	1,135	125
Smoking (cigars, cigar-			Sec. Car	
ettes, pipes, etc.)	24	23,312	13,869	9,443
Sparks, arising from com-				
bustion (excluding No.				
23)	33	28,314	14,747	13,567
Sparks on roofs, from				
whatever source (exclud-				6-
ing No. 22)		5,834	and the second second second second	2,463
Spontaneous combustion.	24	46,134	26,024	20,110
Steam and hot water pipes	I	239	239	******
Stoves, furnaces, boilers	;			
and their pipes	43	16,887	13,367	3,520
Unknown	66	63,893	41,890	22,003
Unclassified (temporarily)	87	217,891	178,231	39,660
Total	767	\$651,138	\$467,783	\$183,355

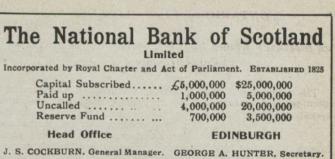
Properties Destroyed or Damaged.

The following table shows the classes of property de-stroyed in Ontario in September :---

	No	of Amou	nt Insuranc	Loss not e covered by
Class of property.		es. of loss	and the second	insurance.
Apartment houses, room				mounter.
ing houses, flats		\$ 2,91	0 \$ 2,010	
Barns (farm only)				
Buildings in course of				
construction				
Churches		5 4,02	8 2,028	2,000
Club houses		3 94	18 688	260
Coal, coal and wood yards	s,			
trestles		1 2,20		2,200
Cordwood logs, lumber	r,			
bark in woods	1	1 26		
Dwellings		3 83,87	65,796	18,075
Elevators and grain war	e-			
houses				
Exhibition building				
rinks, amusement park				
racetracks		3 1,90	Martin - A Land Alla - A Class	
Garages		7 2,51	15 1,110	,405 I,405
Automobiles, motor car		0 - 60		
motor trucks	State Ball	8 1,68	32 1,682	2
Halls, lodge rooms, a				
sembly halls, fire halls		5 2,5	50 2,300	250
Hotels and boarding	A CARE CONT			
houses Hotels and boarding		2 14,32	27 8,707	5,620
houses (summer only).	Contraction of the	and the second		
Lumber in mill yards ar				
wholesale and reta				
yards		8 42,53	40,294	2,235
Mercantile stores				
Office and bank building		7 3		
Manufacturing and speci				
hazards		6 155,84	10 116,84	3 38,997
Prisons, reformatorie		designed a service	warmen ware and	5-1991
gaols, asylums	1.1-	2 2	30 230	
Railway risks-Steam an			Contraction of the	
electric		I :	25 2!	5
Schools, colleges, hosp				
tals, libraries	I	0 2,5	30 2,530	
Steamers, tugs, vessel dredges, yachts	s,			
		2 7	50 750	
Stables, sheds, outhous		Water State		
(not farm risks)		3 12,8	71 10,46;	7 2,404
Theatres, moving pictu				
houses		I 4	50 450	
Miscellaneous - Such				
bridges, threshing ou				
fits, stone crushers, ic				
houses, evaporator mining risks	3, 1	0 5.0	55 1,86:	
		_		
Total	7(57 \$651,1	38 \$467,78	3 \$183,355

Help to over-subscribe the loan.





LONDON OFFICE-37 NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD ST., E.C.4 JOHN FERGUSON, Manager. DUGALD SMITH, Assistant Manager.

The agency of Colonial and Foreign Banks is undertaken, and the Acceptances of Customers residing in the Colonies domiciled in London, are retired on terms which will be furnished on application.



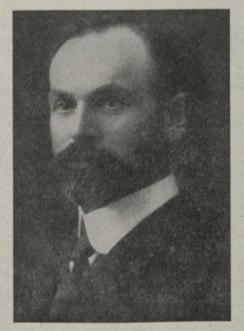
WORKING HARD FOR VICTORY LOAN

Imperial Life Subscribed \$1,000,000 - Company's Organization Helping Campaign

The Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada have subscribed \$1,000,000 to the Victory War Loan, and have also converted \$1,465,000 of previous issues. In addition, the members of the head office staff have subscribed for about \$20,000 of bonds, under an arrangement whereby the company finances the purchase and the individual members pay for the bonds respectively subscribed for in 25 monthly instalments.

The company's superintendent of agencies, Mr. G. H. Hunt, is a member of the Ontario executive of the loan campaign, and is also captain of one of the teams engaged in the final three days' drive in Toronto.

Mr. Clifford Elvins, the company's advertising manager, is a member of the Ontario publicity committee and also heads a small sub-committee organized for the purpose of publish-



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

J. F. WESTON, TORONTO,

Member, Executive Committee representing Life Officers' Association, Victory Loan Campaign.

ing a daily bulletin (named "Ammunition") for the Toronto headquarters. Mr. Stanley Henderson, manager of the Im-perial Life for British Columbia, is a member of the British Columbia loan committee and was placed in charge of the

organizing of the Okanagan district. Mr. W. M. Ardern, the company's branch manager in Calgary, is a member of the local loan committee and had charge of the organizing of Southern Alberta.

Mr. E. S. Miller provincial manager of the Imperial Life for Saskatchewan, is a member of the Saskatchewan Victory Loan committee and also chairman of the campaign in the city of Regina. Mr. W. A. Peace, manager for Toronto, is captain of a loan team in that city. Mr. E. J. L'Esperance, Montreal is a member of a loan team in that city. Montreal, is a member of a local loan committee, and is also captain of one of the teams.

Mr. L. J. Lowe, the Imperial Life's manager for New Brunswick, is captain of one of the teams in the city of St. John. Mr. Victor A. Lemieux, the company's manager for Quebec, occupies a similar position in the city of Quebec. Mr. W. B. Collins, manager for the Imperial Life for Brantford, is also captain of a team in that city.

The entire sales force in connection with a number of the company's branches have given their entire time to the selling of Victory bonds, and throughout the country every man in the organization who could be used by the local committees has volunteered his services.

Mr. J. F. Weston, managing director of the Imperial Life Assurance Company is a member of the war loan executive

committee representing the Life Officers' Association and of the honorary committee headed by Sir Edmund Osler. Mr. Weston began his life insurance career in 1889 at St. John, N.B., in the service of the old Temperance and General, which amal-gamated with the Manufacturers' Life in 1901. He is one of those men dear to the heart of the field men in life insurance, because of his rise from the ranks of the soliciting agents to a high executive position. When he was a local agent in New Brunswick he showed many signs of that genius for organization which has been so important a factor in his success. He once remarked in referring to that period, that he never closed an application himself if he could get any-one else to do it for him, and the staff of subordinates he soon had around him made inevitable his early appointment as district agent.

Called to Head Office.

In 1905 Mr. Weston was called to the head office of the Manufacturers' Life to fill the position of superintendent of agencies, and in the pursuance of his duties he became known to practically all the life insurance field men of Canada. The Life Underwriters' Association appealed to him very strongly, and his organizing ability was immediately recognized and made use of by that body. Mr. Weston was identified with the movement from its inception. Although in a sense a head office official, he was made secretary, and his valuable services performed on behalf of the insurance business when representing the underwriters before the banking and commerce committee, which held its sessions subsequent to the insurance investigation, gave him a very strong hold upon the esteem and affection of life officers and agents.

the esteem and affection of life others and agents. On February 19th, 1913, Mr. Weston was appointed gen-eral manager of the Imperial Life Assurance Company, and upon the retirement of the president, Mr. H. C. Cox, he be-came managing director of the company. In addition to his thorough knowledge of agency work, Mr. Weston is so familiar with company management that the Imperial Life cannot do other than prosper under his capable guidance.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

As previously stated in *The Monetary Times*, the British Columbia Life Assurance Company has sold, subject to the approval of the insurance department at Ottawa, its business to the Sun Life Assurance Company for the amount of \$100,ooo, being the paid-up capital of the former company. The British Columbia Life Assurance Company's state-

issued in connection with the sale, reads:

"While the absorption of the British Columbia Life Assurance Company by the Sun Life Assurance, the largest Canadian institution of its kind, will be much regretted from a western and provincial point of view, the directors of the Vancouver company feel that they have acted wisely in recommending and carrying out the sale.

"The outstanding features of the sale are that the insurance in force will all be assumed by the purchasing company, thus fully protecting the policyholders, while the shareholders will have the paid-up capital returned. "That the British Columbia Life Assurance Company

is financially sound is fully attested by the offer of the purchasing company, but at the present time it would be ex-tremely difficult, if not impossible, to obtain the additional capital which would be necessary to continue in business in a progressive way and meet the possibility of a large war mortality.

The sale was made through Senator L. W. Shatford, the president of the British Columbia Life. The other directors and officers are as follows: Vice-presidents, Messrs. T. E. Ladner and J. N. Ellis; directors, J. J. Banfield, J. T. Phelan, C. S. Tompkins, R. H. French, K. D. Simpson and J. L. Guichon. The insurance in force which is taken over by the Sun

is \$2,750,000.

"Were I asked what Canada could best do to help the Empire's food problem during these coming months I would support Lord Northcliffe's advice and minimize consumption in order to have larger supplies available for the army and make arrangements to establish credits to enable England to purchase these supplies."—Baron Rhondda, British Food Controller.

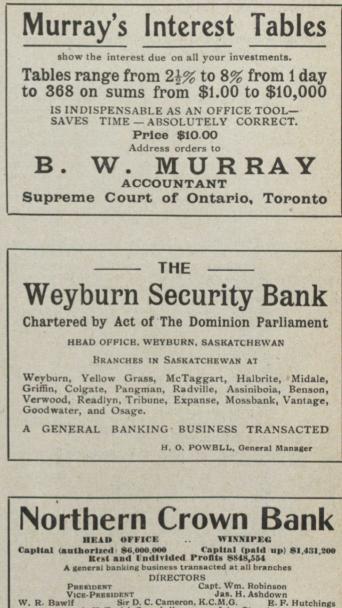
CANADA'S VICTORY LOAN

The Bonds of the above Issue run in denominations of \$50.00 and multiples thereof.

Yielding in excess of 5¹/₄ interest, they provide an absolutely safe and profitable investment and afford at the same time, an opportunity for the exercise of Patriotism and Duty on the part of purchasers.

This Bank is prepared to receive subscriptions for and to make advances, upon favorable terms, against these Bonds.

• The Merchants Bank of Canada



A. McTavish Campbell John Stovel					
BRANC	HES IN W	ESTERN	CANADA		
ALBERTA	Miniota	Borden	Macoun		
Calgary	Pierson	Brock	Manor		
Edmonton	Pipestone	Cadillac	Marengo		
High River	Rathwell	Darcy	Maymont		
Red Deer	St. Boniface	Dubuc	Moose Jaw		
Colorado de la calendaria de	Ste. Rosedu Lac	Dunblane	Nokomis		
TO COLUMPIA	Somerset	Dundurn	Plato		
B. COLUMBIA	Sperling	Duval	Ponteix		
Ashcroft	Steinbach	Earl Grey	Portreeve		
Marpole	Stonewall	Fiske	Prelate		
Quesnel	WINNIPEG	Fleming	Qu'Appelle		
Steveston	Portage Ave.	Foam Lake	Quill Lake		
VANCOUVER Hastings St.	and Fort St.	Glen Ewen	Regina		
Mt. Pleasant	Portage and	Govan	Rockhaven		
Victoria	Sherbrooke	Hanley	Rush Lake		
VICTORIA	Main & Selkirk	Harris	Saltcoats		
	William and	Holdfast	Saskatoon		
MANITOBA	Sherbrooke	Imperial	Scotsguard		
Arden	SASKAT-	Kenaston	Sedley		
Beausejour	CHEWAN	Kinley	Sheho		
Binscarth	Alameda	Lancer	Stornoway Stn.		
Brandon	Allan	Langham	Swift Current		
Crandall	Aneroid	Laura	Venn		
Glenboro	Balcarres	Liberty Lloydminster	Viscount		
La Riviere	Bladworth	Lockwood	Waldeck		
Melita	States and the second se	the second se	Wymark		
		ASTERN	CANADA		
ONTARIO	Enterprise	OTTAWA	TORONTO		
Bath	Florence	Sparks St.	King St.		
Bracebridge	Inglewood	Rideau St.	Dundas and		
Brockville	Inwood		t. Chestnut Sts.		
Burford	Kingston	Port Dover	Spadina Ave.		
Cheltenham	Mallorytown	Scotland	Woodbridge		
Comber	Napanee-Odessa		Woodstock		
	OFFICERS C	OF THE BANK			
R. Campbell, Gen	eral Manager	J. P. Roberts	, Supt. B.C. Branches		
A CARLON AND A	V. F Cronyn, Sup	t. Eastern Branci	100		

VICTORY LOAN PUBLICITY WAS RECORD

Everything Possible was Done to Focus Attention on **Bond Sale**

Tanks, submarine, Roosevelt, Gompers, Harry Lauder, Sousa, Sarah Bernhardt, Canadian troops, United States soldiers and sailors, banners, stickers, flags, posters, pennants, noise, military and naval bands, parades, kites, public meet-ings—these are a few of the "stunts" arranged as aids to selling Canada's Victory Bonds. Never has anything in this country been so well advertised and sold as the Victory Loan.

To Colonel Theodore Roosevelt goes the honor of having attracted the largest number of people who ever turned out for a single event in the city of Toronto, perhaps in the Dominion of Canada. Forty thousand citizens intended to hear the ex-president of the United States deliver his address at the Armories on Monday night and of that number only twelve thousand were gratified.

Speaking of the Victory Loan, he said: "When I ask. you to buy a Victory bond I ask you to do your duty and at the same time to be good to yourselves. Why, every person that has any foresight ought to buy as many of these bonds as he or she can get. It is the safest security that there is. Almost any other security can conceivably turn back, but Canada is going to last for a few thousand years. And as I said to my own people about the purchase of Liberty bonds, those bonds are all right unless the United States smashes up, and if the United States smashes up we won't care, because we won't be here to see.

"I ask Canadians to take up the Victory bonds for they are absolutely certain. They help themselves buying them, because if ever the bonds of Canada become bad, it will be because Canada has gone, and then there won't be any Canadians here. And you have got to help your sons and brothers at the front."

Harry Lauder as Salesman.

At Goodwin's departmental store, Montreal, on Saturday, Harry Lauder demonstrated his right to the title of bond salesman, a reputation that preceded him here from New York, where he went to Wall Street to sell Liberty bonds. In an hour on Saturday morning he sold in Montreal over \$45,000 bour on Saturday morning he sold in Montreal over \$45,600 bonds to 600 subscribers. A wounded soldier walked up to buy a bond for his little son who was with him. "Here's a lesson to ye," said Lauder. "Here's a man who has risked his life for his country and is now getting a bond for his wee bairn. That's the spirit will beat the Kaiser." Somebody asked for a song, but that day Lauder had no time for singing. "We're here to sell bonds, and they'll cost you money, too," he replied. Lauder sold a substantial block of bonds from the Tororto city hall steps on Thursday.

Sold on the Train.

Seven United States officers and Mr. E. L. Ruddy, chairman of the Toronto publicity committee of the Victory Loan, sold \$20,000 worth of bonds on the Canadian Pacific Railway train coming from Montreal one night last week, when the train coming from Montreal one night last week, when the United States soldiers were on their way from Montreal to Toronto to participate in the loan parade. After the civilian passengers and private soldiers had retired, Mr. Ruddy was rigged out in a combination uniform composed of parts of the uniforms of British and American infantry officers and a United States naval officer. Mr. Ruddy then passed through the car, playing bagpipes, the officers following and selling bonds. bonds.

Round Trips in the Tank.

The British "tank" in Toronto last week gave "round trips" at Queen's Park to every man or woman who ascended to a table on the conning tower and filled an application for \$1,000 worth of bonds. An elderly lady was the first customer, and altogether seven persons had their first experience of rid-ing in the real "tank." which had taken part in the great war. The subscriptions taken at the park totalled \$18,000, the first for \$200 coming from the young daughter of a city detective. Fifty Thousand Raised at Theatre.

Lieutenant H. C. Mathies, a returned officer, who has lost two brothers at the front, addressed the audience at the Royal Alexandra Theatre, Toronto, last week. Previously the United States marine band played "Over There." Lieutenant Mathies said he felt sure his audience could not understand the feel-ing of the boys "over there" at this time. "On their behalf you should put forth your last ounce of patriotism and your last penny," he said. "I know that your hearts are with the men, and your pockets should be, too." At the conclusion of his address, Mr. Alfred Rogers, in the audience, got up and said he would give \$25,000 if Lieutenant Mathies could raise an equal amount. The young officer appealed to the crowd, and Mr. Lawrence Solman was the first to respond, subscribing \$10,000. Others in the audience followed, with the result that a total of \$50,000 was secured.

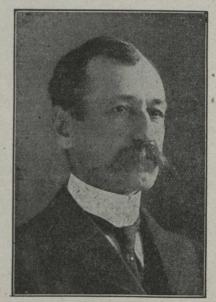
VICTORY BOND PRICES WILL RISE

"As Certain as the Sun Shines," Says C. J. McCuaig, of Montreal

"A few days before war was declared Canadian government securities were selling on about a 3½ per cent. basis in London, England. Canada will undoubtedly emerge from this war in a stronger position financially than she was in before the war, in addition to which many manufacturers have opened up new avenues of trade in foreign countries which they will certainly pursue," said Mr. C. J. McCuaig, of Montreal, "It is therefore reasonable to suppose," he continued,

"It is therefore reasonable to suppose," ne continued, "that within a short time after the war, as world-wide financial conditions gradually become normal, Canada will eventu-ally be able to sell her securities again on a 3½ per cent. basis.

"Estimating, however, that her securities will be saleable in three years on a 4½ per cent. basis, and in five years on a 4 per cent. basis, the twenty-year Victory Loan bonds with



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

C. J. MCCUAIG, MONTREAL,

Captain of Team 10, Montreal Victory Loan Campaign.

seventeen, sixteen and fifteen years respectively unexpired should sell in three years at 111.70, in four years at 114.40 and in five years at 116.80 per \$100.

"It is obvious, therefore, that in addition to the 1/2 per the investor is assured of a very substantial profit.

cent., the investor is assured of a very substanticipate, but "It might be a year or two longer than I anticipate, but

Mr. McCuaig is head of the firm of McCuaig Brothers & Company, bankers and stock brokers, Montreal. He is presi-dent of the Southern Canada Power Company, Sherbrooke Railway and Power Company, and Simplex Construction Com-pany, and vice-president of the Ottawa Light, Heat & Power Company. He is also a director of the St. John's Electric Com-pany, Northern Ohio Traction & Light Company, and Sawyer-Massey Company, Limited. He was born in Quebec in 1855, and established the firm of Clarence J. McCuaig & Company. in Montreal in 1896; McCuaig, Rykert & Company in 1898, and the present firm in 1902. He served in the Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto, about 1885, and was honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 53rd regiment, in July, 1913.



TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION 83 Bay Street, Toronto.

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(Formerly The Title and Trust Company)

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An estimate of the Company's charges for acting in any Trustee Capacity will be gladly given. Enquiries solicited.

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Chartered Trust and Executor Company Traders Bank Building Toronto

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Your Estate may be Small, But whether it involves one or one hundred thousand, it is equally entitled to the advantages of Trust Company administration. This Company welcomes its appointment as executor of small estates, and gives them the same care, the same business experience and judgment and the protection of the same safety measures as larger estates. Read "I Give, Devise and Bequeath." Copy on request.

The Union Trust Company, Limited Toronto

HENRY F. GOODERHAM. President J. M. MCWHINNEY General Manager.



Going Overseas?

To those going overseas, whether in a military or civil capa-city, to do their bit, or to those who contemplate spending the Winter away from home, and who may need a strong, reliable corporation to look after their affairs in their absence, we offer the suggestion that they leave a Power of Attorney in our favor. It will relieve them of all the details and worries incidental to looking after their of all the details and worries inciden-afforded and the service rendered, the charge would be small and the satisfaction great. Interviews invited; correspond-ence solicited. All business treated as strictly confidential.

The Standard Trusts Company

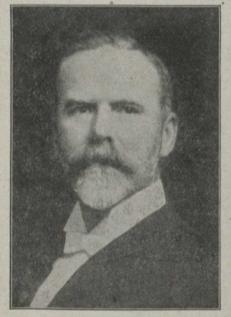
WINNIPEG

346 MAIN STREET

WATERLOO COUNTY MAKING GOOD RECORD

Progress of Victory Loan There-Mutual Life Subscribed Three Million Dollars

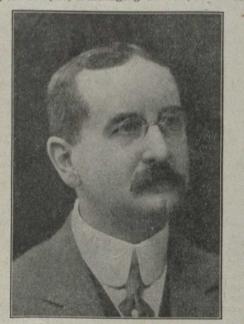
"The officers of the Mutual Life Assurance Company of . Canada are, of course, profoundly interested in the success



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

E. P. CLEMENT, WATERLOO, President, Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada, which has subscribed \$3,000,000 to the Victory Loan.

of the big Victory Loan campaign, and I am personally acting as chairman of the county organization here," said Mr. Geo. Wegenast, the company's managing director, to The Monetary



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

C. WECENAST, WATERLOO,

Chairman, Waterloo County Organization, Victory Loan Campaign.

Times last week. "This district is doing excellently. Up to last evening the north and south ridings of Waterloo were running a close race, North Waterloo recording \$809,950, and South Waterloo \$711,350.

"Our whole agency staff has been requested to devote itself to the success of the campaign and numbers of our agents have been appointed to especially responsible positions in the various districts throughout the Dominion.

"Everything that this company can do to contribute to the success of the movement will be done. The most practical evidence of the interest felt in it by the directors and manage-ment is the company's liberal subscription of \$3,00,000.

"A few evenings ago the head office staff met and a full explanation was given them of the nature of the bonds and the desirability of investing savings in them. A generous response is being made.

"The fine British advance in Flanders recently is a happy augury and should put life into the solicitors and lenders. Here is hoping that the loan will yield double the amount called for.

Mr. G. Wegenast, F.A.S., the managing director of the Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada, has spent his entire business life in the service of the company and has entire business life in the service of the company and has occupied a variety of positions during that long term. In 1898 he was appointed to the managership. At that time, the company had on its books \$23,700,000. Mr. Wegenast has had the pleasure of seeing the business grow to nearly \$120,-000,000 during his tenure of office. The Mutual is among the best dividend payers in America and to-day has a gross surplus of \$4,595,000, so that its expansion has not been secured at the expense of stability. The late William Hendry, and Mr. Wegenast are the only two managers the company has had during its long history of nearly half a century. The president of the Mutual Life of Canada is Mr. E. P.

The president of the Mutual Life of Canada is Mr. E. P. Clement, K.C. Mr. Clement became a director of the com-pany in 1887. Twenty years later he was made vice-presi-dent and in the following year succeeded to the presidency, resigning a judgeship to take the position. The continuity of management is shown in the fact that there have been but three presidents and, as stated, two managers. Mr. Clement's largel training has have invaluable to the company during his legal training has been invaluable to the company during his years of office, while his policy has been one that might be Mr. described as at once conservative and progressive. Clement is identified with many beneficent reform movements in Canada and is a representative Britisher.

\$10,000,000 FOR CANADIAN NORTHERN SHARES

An official statement given out by the government, dealing with the agreement recently arrived at with the Canadian Northern Railway to arbitrate the value of the 600,000 shares of the company to become the property of the government, some new details. No arbitrator is named in the agreement, but the appointment of Sir William Meredith, chief justice of Ontario, to represent the government, is officially confirmed.

The agreement, as has already been stated, provides that no greater sum than \$10,000,000 can be paid for the Canadian

no greater sum than \$10,000,000 can be paid for the Canadian Northern Railway shares. If the value is found to be less than ten millions, then the less sum will be paid. "It is understood," says the announcement, "that Mac-kenzie, Mann and Company, Limited, own approximately five-sixths of these shares. Consequently, the maximum that can be paid to them will be something over eight million dollars. As, however, these shares are pledged to their bankers, as part security for advances of various kinds, the moneys, doubtless, will be paid to the banks." The announcement states that the agreement does not

call upon the arbitrators to adopt any particular method. They are simply instructed to get at the fair value of the stock in the best way possible. It is further provided that if the arbitrators should see fit to take into consideration the reproduction cost of the system, they must not include therein the increase in value due to war conditions. The company will be required to disclose all liabilities of every kind. The arbitrators must commence work at once and announce their award before March 1st, 1918. Pending the award, nothing but ordinary operating obligatons shall be entailed, and no within six months, except with the approval of the minister of railways. All costs are to be in discretion of the arbitrators and to be taxed by an officer to be named by them.

Every hundred dollar bill helps.

THE MONETARY TIMES

The Hamilton Provident and Loan Society

DIVIDEND No. 93

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum has been declared for the half year ending December 31st, 1917, upon the paid-up Capital Stock of the Society, and that the same will be payable at the Society's Head Office, Hamilton, Ontario, on and after Wednesday, the 2nd day of January, 1918.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 31st of December, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

D. M. CAMERON, Treasurer. Hamilton, November 24th, 1917.



OVER 200 Corporations, Societies, Trustees and

Individuals have found our Debentures an attractive

The Empire

Loan Company

WINNIPEG, Man.

Terms one to

investment.

five years.

Absolute

Security

CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORATION

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of TWO and ONE-HALF PER CENT. for the current quarter, being at the rate of TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM

on the paid-up Capital Stock of the Corporation, has been declared, and that the same will be payable

WEDNESDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JANUARY next, to Shareholders of record at the close of business on the Fifteenth day of December.

By order of the Board.

GEO. H. SMITH, Secretary

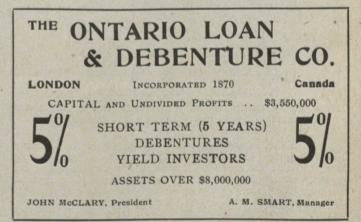
Toronto, November 28th, 1917.

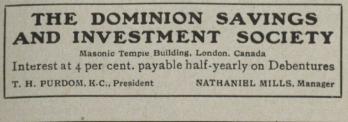
The most important document a person of large or small means is called on to prepare is his

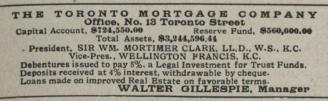
LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT It means the happiness and welfare of those most dear. Ask for Booklet: "Make Your Will." CAPITAL, ISSUED AND SUBSCRIBED ...\$1,171,700.00

PAID-UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE 860,225.00

The Imperial Canadian Trust Co. Executor, Administrator, Assignee, Trustee, Etc. HEAD OFFICE: WINNIPEG, CAN. BRANCHES: SASKATOON, REGINA, EDMONTON, CALGARY, VANCOUVER AND VICTORIA





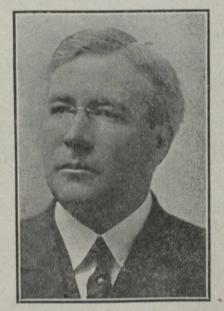


New Edition Now Ready (Send in orders now) Manual of Canadian Banking By H. M. P. ECKARDT Price - \$2.50 Postpaid Published by THE MONETARY TIMES 62 Church Street - TORONTO

MASSEY-HARRIS COMPANY AND WAR LOAN

Many Hundreds of Employees Subscribed-How the Organization Worked

The Massey-Harris Company has had excellent results in the Victory Loan campaign among its employees. The company undertook for all its employees in Canada-in the Toronto and Brantford works and in their branch offices—to finance the loan on a basis of ten payments, instead of the interest in the four of a basis of the payments, instant of the five payments provided for by the government. This decision was arrived at by the directors a week before the loan was launched, and immediately afterwards Mr. Thomas Findley, president and general manager of the company, organized a canvassing committee of about 25 of the heads of the various office departments to look after the Toronto works and offices. The assistant general manager, Mr. Valentine, and three other members of the staff, went to Brantford on the Monday the loan was launched, to carry out the same plan of organization there that was adopted in Toronto.



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

THOMAS FINDLEY, TORONTO,

Member of Toronto Honorary Committee and of Industrial Executive Committee, Victory Loan Campaign.

The wishes of the loan publicity committee were observed by blowing the whistles of the factory at 9 o'clock Monday morning, and in the meantime, the company had put out printed matter through the works, advising of the terms of the loan, the necessity for its being successful and what the company would do in the way of helping the employees finance their purchases. The company also advised the various departments that, when the whistle blew they were to gather in certain places for a meeting. In Toronto ten separate meetings were organized; in Brantford, two. These were addressed by different officers and in Toronto, as a result of the meetings alone, subscriptions to the amount of \$27,000 were handed in before the canvassers began their work at all. In the meantime the committee had organized canvassers for each department getting the foremen of each depart-ment to endorse the canvassers' work with the indi-vidual men as they went along. The response was splendid. During the first nine days of the campaign, in the To-ronto works were secured about 1,100 subscriptions, amount-ing to roundly \$125,000. In Brantford were secured some ing to, roundly, \$125,000. In Brantford were secured some-thing over \$40,000, and there was then still much to do in both factories.

The affiliated companies, the Verity Plow Company and the Bain Wagon Company, were also organized. The Verity Plow Company had raised over \$30,000 last week. The Bain Wagon Company canvass was not so far forward, but is being satisfactorily carried through. In all of the company's branch houses, the management have organized so as to secure, as far as possible, subscriptions from each of their staff.

In an interview with The Monetary Times this week, Mr. Findley, the company's president and general manager, said : "I think we were much more successful in our canvass through our own staff than we would have been through an outside canvassing committee. This kind of investment is entirely new to most of our people and it required the confidence engendered by the matter being backed by the company, the committee and the foremen to make it successful. We believe we will have a very creditable report to make at the end of our campaign in connection with our entire staff."

Mr. Findley is a member of the Toronto honorary Victory Loan committee and a member of the industrial executive committee for the loan.

QUEBEC INSURANCE SUPERINTENDENT

Mr. E. E. Duckworth has been appointed superintendent of insurance for the province of Quebec. He was born at Preston, Lancashire, England, on August oth, 1883, and was



(International Press Photo.) E. E. DUCKWORTH.

educated at Liverpool University (B.Sc.). He went to Quebec educated at Liverpool University (B.Sc.). He went to Quebec province in 1909. Formerly he was science master at the Langholm Academy, Scotland, and later at the Westmount High School, Montreal. Mr. Duckworth entered the actuarial department of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada in 1911, and later took charge of the company's "profits" branch of the actuarial department.

BANK BRANCHES OPENED AND CLOSED

The following is a list of bank branches opened and closed during October :-

Branches Opened-Two.

Toronto, Ont., Exhibition Camp

(temporary) Bank of Montreal. Quebec, Que. (Belvedere)..... Banque d'Hochelaga.

Branches Closed-Seven.

Camp Borden, Ont. (temporary) Camp Borden, Ont	Home Bank of Canada.
*Cherry Valley, Ont	Standard Bank of Canada.
Montreal, Que. '(St. Viateur	
Street)	Royal Bank of Canada.
*St. Adelphe, Que	Banque d'Hochelaga.
*St. Edouard de Napierville	
Valcartier Camp, Que. (tem-	
	Donk of Montreal

porary) of Montreal.

*Sub-branches.

LIFE AGENTS AS BOND SALESMEN

Their Work is Valuable-Great-West Bought \$2,000,000 Victory Bonds

One of the largest subscriptions received in Manitoba was that of the Great-West Life Assurance Company, of Winnipeg. The amount was \$2,000,000. Mr. C. C. Ferguson, manager and actuary of the company, is a member of the Manitoba life insurance men's committee for the Victory Loan campaign, and has taken a very active interest in the success of the loan. Associated with him on this committee are the following: Messrs. C. W. Strathy, North American Life; H. T. Clarke, Metropolitan Life; D. J. Scott, Sun Life; F. P. Hayden, Great-West Life; J. W. W. Stewart, Monarch Life; E. H. Bis-sett, Mutual Life; and J. G. Stephenson, London Life.

A number of Great-West Life men have done good work in the loan campaign. Several are acting on the provincial committees of life insurance men, including Mr. J. A. John-



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

C. C. FERGUSON, WINNIPEC,

Member of Manitoba Life Insurance Men's Committee, Victory Loan Campaign.

son (Vancouver), C. P. McQueen (Calgary), G. W. Merritt John) and J. O. Hyndman (Charlottetown). The Great-West Life Insurance Company has been a (St.

heavy subscriber to cur various war loans. To the first loan, the company subscribed and was allotted \$1,000,000; to the second, \$1,000,000 was subscribed and \$407,500 allotted; to the third, \$1,500,000 was subscribed and \$940,000 allotted; and to the Victory Loan \$2,000,000 has been subscribed.

Manitoba province is doing well generally. During the first seven days of the loan campaign, that province subscrib-ed \$10,445,150 to the loan. This was the total actually report-ed and listed at headquarters, exclusive of a large volume of country applications not officially reported and a quantity of city business in the same position. By Saturday last, Manitoba's total was nearly \$15,000,000, and a substantial sum has been added this week.

Crowth of Life Insurance.

In an interesting interview in Vancouver recently, Mr. Ferguson said: "In regard to life insurance, the one striking feature of the year's operations has been the remarkable appreciation shown by the people of Canada towards the business. As a result, practically every company has had a large increase in new business, while lapses have substantially decreased. It is the general impression that mortality claims due to the war have not been so heavy this year as in 1916, but the amounts paid in this way to the soldiers' dependants have been so large that the insurance fraternity have reason

to be proud of the contribution they have thus been able to make. Most companies continue their practice adopted at the outbreak of war of not requiring any extra premiums in respect to policies which were then in force.

"The life insurance companies will be large subscribers to the Victory Loan and all head office officials appreciate fully the action of their agents in entering so enthusiastically on the loan campaign as committeemen and canvassers. It is obvious that a trained body of canvassers can in this way perform an important public service.'

WILL EXCEED LOAN OUOTA IN THIS DISTRICT

"Indications are that we will exceed \$300,000 subscrip-tions in District 7 in Winnipeg, embracing part of the north end and St. Boniface. This is despite the prediction that \$175,000 would be the maximum contributed here." So said Mr. L. M. Fingard to *The Monetary Times* last week. He is contain of the Vietory Loop term in thet divise these divises the captain of the Victory Loan team in that district, devoting his entire time to the job for the three weeks.



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

L. M. FINCARD, WINNIPEG, Captain of Victory Loan Team, District 7, Winnipeg.

Mr. Fingard is vice-president and general manager of the Merchants' Casualty Company, Winnipeg. He entered the in-surance business in Minneapolis in February, 1911, as agent for the Merchants' Life and Casualty Company. In January, 1912, he was given charge of their St. Paul office. In January, 1913, he was promoted to the position of manager of the company's Canadian interests, at that time embracing only Manitoba and Saskatchewan. In April. 1013, the Merchants Casualty Company was formed, Mr. Fingard being elected vice-president and general manager. The company writes the largest volume and has the greatest income of any similar company in the Dominion.

COBALT ORE SHIPMENTS

The following are the shipments of ore, in pounds, from Cobalt Station for the week ended November 24th, 1917:

Dominion Reduction Company, 88,000; Mining Corpora-tion of Canada, 88.000; O'Brien Mine, 64,940; Nipissing Mining Company, 87,635; La Rose, 87,850; Aladdin Cobalt Mine, 128,728; Buffalo Mines, 321,355; McKinley-Darragh-Savage Mines, 170,459. Total, 1,036,976 pounds, or 653 tons. The total shipments since January 1st, 1917, now amount

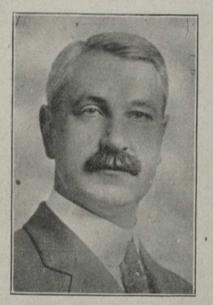
to 24,586,165 pounds, or 12,293 tons.

OXFORD COUNTY VICTORY LOAN ORCANIZATION

"Everything is going with a whirl out here, and I am confident Oxford County will do its share." This was the statement made to *The Monetary Times* by Mr. C. E. A. Goldman, Victory Loan organizer for that county, who is making Woodstock his headquarters for the campaign. Colonel John White is the county chairman and Mr. P. S. Connelley is county secretary.

Mr. Goldman is head of the investment business, Goldman and Company, Toronto. He was born in Toronto in 1875 and was assistant secretary to Dominion Millers' Association for three years. He then became associated with Æmilius Jarvis and Company, stock brokers, for 16 years, the last ten as a partner, retiring from there five years ago

Mr. Goldman then started an investment business on his own account in Toronto, with Mr. G. E. Cork, and opened



(The Monetary Times Photo.)

C. E. A. COLDMAN, TORONTO, Organizer, Oxford County, Ontario, Victory Loan Campaign.

a branch office in Regina. Makes a specialty of electric railway, steamship and municipal bonds, giving special atten-tion to western securities, such as rural telephone, rural school bonds. His firm handled the bonds of the first two wooden auxiliary five-masted schooners built on the Pacific Coast recently

In his younger days Mr. Goldman was a prominent athlete and later a sailor. He was champion in 1894-95 of the Toronto Island Amateur Aquatic Association. In 1807 he won the amateur middleweight boxing championship of Canada, and the junior and intermediate single scull championship at the Canadian Amateur Association of Oarsmen at Brockville. In 1898 he rowed second to Ten Eyck, who won the National Championship of America, and who, in the following year, won the Diamond Sculls at Henley, England. In 1899 he rowed, this time unsuccessfully, for the Diamond Sculls at Henley. In 1900 Mr. Goldman rowed in the Argon-aut eight at Philadelphia, which crew won the National Championship, defeating the famous Vesper crew. When war broke out he took out a commission in the Queen's Own Rifles, and had an active part in the recruiting meetings which were held throughout the city.

WESTERN EMPIRE LIFE SUBSCRIPTIONS

The Western Empire Life Assurance Company, Winnipeg, has subscribed \$75,000 to the Victory Loan. Mr. W. Smith, president and managing director of the company, in a statement to The Monetary Times, said : "Every employee of the head office staff of our company, from the office boy to the managing director, is a subscriber to the Victory Loan."

Mr. R. W. Craig. K.C., a member of the legal firm of Macdonald. Craig. Tarr and Ross. of Winnipeg, has been elected a director and vice-president of the company.

HAIL INSURANCE IN ALBERTA

The following are the preliminary figures of hail insurance, premiums and losses in Alberta during 1917. They have been furnished to The Monetary Times by Mr. R. L. Nicolson, deputy superintendent of insurance for the province :--

Canada Security Assurance Company-Note premiums, Billó,000; cash premiums, \$142,600; losses, \$128,600. Western Underwriters—Note premiums, \$21,000; cash premiums, \$8,500; losses, \$11,300. United Assurance Company—Premium income, \$80,300; losses, \$43,500. Connecticut Fire—Premium income, \$74,200; losses,

\$42,777. Westchester Fire—Premium income, \$84,000; losses, \$62,000. Farmers' Fire and Hail Insurance Company—Net

\$62,000. Farmers' Fire and Hail Insurance Company—Net premiums, \$51.874.80; net losses paid, \$20,277.61.
Winnipeg Fire Underwriters — Premiums, \$55,997.69;
losses, \$52,457.69. Home Insurance Company—Premiums, \$278,636.37; losses, \$174,062.87. Nova Scotia Fire Under-writers—Premiums, \$106,201.53; losses, \$78,439.81.
Dominion Fire Insurance Company—Gross premiums, \$16,582.93; losses, \$18,842.30. British Crown Assurance Corporation, Limited—Premiums, \$256,078.76; losses, \$163,-800. The Canada Hail Insurance Company—Premiums, \$26,-000; losses, \$17,500. The Excess Insurance Company—Pre-miums, \$84,520.73; losses \$80,724.29. miums, \$84,520.73; losses \$80,724.29. Great North Insurance Company—Premiums, \$50,189.47;

losses, \$31,588.85. Hartford Fire Insurance Company—Pre-miums, \$131,000; losses, \$90,000. British America Assurance Company—Premiums, \$46,170.28; losses, \$42,122.01.

Rochester Underwriters—Premiums, \$15,249.26; losses, \$90,546.32. St. Paul Mutual Hail and Cyclone Insurance Company—Premiums, \$34,000; losses, \$25.500.

The total premiums were \$1,819,101.82; total losses, \$1,174,038.75; and estimated expenses, \$606,300.

ONE IN 23 SUBSCRIBES IN NORTHERN ONTARIO

Up to Saturday night last, the district of Temiskaming, Northern Ontario, had produced \$308,550 out of a minimum objective of \$468,362 for the Victory Loan. That district then had 1,200 subscribers out of a population of 27,400. Mr. C. Wurtele, organizer for Temiskaming County for

the Loan campaign, in a statement to The Monetary Times this week, said:--"Other sections will beat us in amounts but I think we will do fairly well as to the number of subscriptions. In fact, it figures out about one in twenty-three. When one considers the number of foreigners and French here, I think we have done remarkably well, and the credit is entirely due to the northern spirit possessed by the pioneers in this sction. They are a great people and should get greater assistance from the government to open up this country.

"You remember the two bad forest fires Cochrane had. That section was called for \$32,000; up to Saturday night they had produced \$90,950. The more one gets towards the edge of the province, the finer one finds the fellows. They have had meetings at eleven o'clock at night and at eight q'clock in the morning. This was necessary on account of the train service in the section. The teams have turned out and the school teachers and clergymen have also attended meetings at these late hours. "A Russian baker in Cochrane, who delivers his bread

in a baby carriage, subscribed for \$2,000 of the bonds. A very old section foreman came in and bought a \$100 bond. Two days later he came back and bought a \$1,000 bond. There are dozens of instances like this.

"In my opinion, the most important feature of the whole campaign is the probable educative effect on the general public. What a difference it will make to our affairs in Can-ada if we can get our own people to buy our government bonds, instead of sending the interest out of the country !'

The directors of the Gore District Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Galt. Ont., celebrated the opening of the new board room and enlargement of offices last week by sub-scribing \$75,000 to the Victory Loan. The company was established in 1839, Mr. J. N. McKendrick is secretarytreasurer.

BILL JONES CAME UP THE AVENUE. HE MET HIS FRIEND GROUCH.

"Gee! they're always after you for money in this country," Grouch moaned.

"Better to have your own people after your money than to have the Germans after your hide," responded Bill Jones.

You see, Grouch did not realize that the dollars he put in

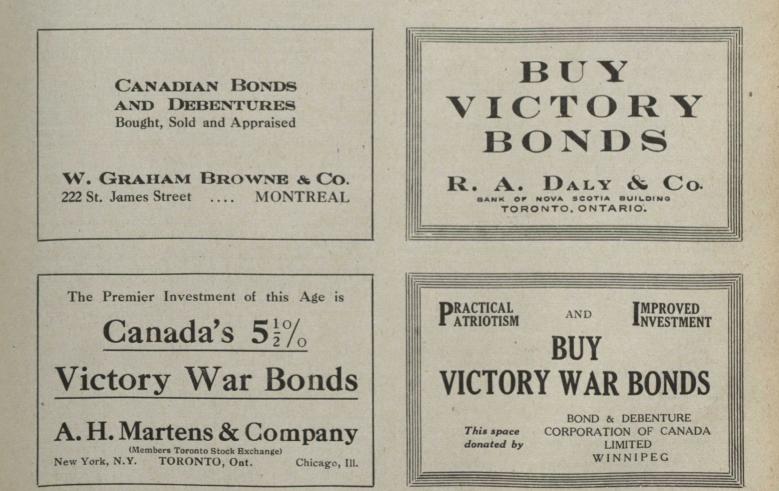
Canada's Victory War Bonds

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SINKING FUND SURPLUS

Saskatoon's Application to Use Surplus Earnings Causes Comment

"We are of the opinion that no diversion of moneys from the sinking fund should be permitted until there is an actual cash surplus after all provisions have been made for the accrued payments into the sinking fund for the repayment of the various debts for which the fund was established." This is the opinion of one of the four cities given an invitation by the Saskatchewan local government board, to criticize the application of Saskatoon to use surplus earnings of the sinking fund derived from the investment thereof, for current or other expenditure. The exact circumstances surrounding the application of the city of Saskatoon were as follows: On June 30, 1917, there were arrears of instalments and accrued interest due by the city to the sinking fund amounting to $\$2_2, 5\$7, 27$; there were surplus earnings of \$13,691.65, which, with debenture premiums amounting to $\$2_3, 244$, make a total of \$36,035.65; thus leaving a shortage of cash still due to the fund of \$45,651.62. It is understood that the necessary levies have been made to make up the balance owing, but these have not all been collected.

Sections for Interpretation.

Commissioner Thornton, of Regina, however, stated that he understood that when section 328a of the city act was passed, it was the intention of the legislature that such surplus earnings might be used for current or other expenditure under circumstances similar to those in question.

The sections of the city act which call for interpretation are :---

"327. If, after paying the interest of a debt for any financial year, and appropriating the necessary sum to the sinking fund of such debt or in payment of the instalments of principal, there is a surplus properly applicable to such debt, it shall so remain until required in due course for the payment of interest or for the sinking fund or in payment of the principal. Cap. 16, 1915.

cipal. Cap. 16, 1915. "328. No money levied and collected for the purpose of a sinking fund shall be applied towards paying any part of the current or other expenditure of the city. Cap. 16, 1915.

the current or other expenditure of the city. Cap. 16, 1915. "328a. Notwithstanding anything in this act contained, the local government board may on the application of the council, and on such terms and conditions as may be deemed advisable, authorize the council to use the surplus moneys mentioned in section 327 for current or other expenditure."

Actual Raising of Money.

Prior to the passing of section 328a of the act, the use of any part of the money levied and collected for the purpose of the sinking fund for current or other expenditure was expressly prohibited by section 328.

pressly prohibited by section 328. Section 292 of the city act, which authorizes the issue of debentures under different methods provides "that the by-law shall provide for *raising* each year during the currency of the debentures" a specific sum for interest and sinking fund. The expression used is "raising," not merely levving.

the debentures" a specific sum for interest and sinking fund. The expression used is "raising," not merely levying. Section 326 provides for the keeping of separate interest and sinking fund accounts and directs the treasurer to exhibit "the state of every debt and the amount of money raised, obtained and appropriated for payment of it,"—not or appropriated.

Section 338 requires the city to submit to the minister of municipal affairs annually a return showing whether the smking fund for the year has been "raised," not merely levied.

Section 351 makes provision whereby the council may provide that the annual amount to be levied shall be paid to the provincial treasurer, and section 353 provides that the amount *payable* in any year to the credit of the sinking fund shall be deemed a debt due to the provincial treasurer and in default of payment he may sue therefor.

It would appear, therefore, that throughout the various sections above mentioned, the legislature had in view the actual raising of the money for the sinking fund, and not merely the making of the necessary levy.

The question then arises, does section 327 of the act lend itself to a similar or different interpretation. Does the expression "appropriating the necessary sum to the sinking fund" mean the necessary sum of money or necessary sum as levied, whether the same has been collected or not. If the levy in itself is sufficient, then has the sum been "raised," as provided by the by-law authorizing the issue of debentures, or has the amount been "obtained and appropriated" as provided by section 326, or is such levy sufficient to discharge the debt due the provincial treasurer and would it be a good defence to any action he might bring? It would appear not.

The board is of the opinion that the "sum" referred to in section 327 has reference to a sum of money and that the mere levy of itself is not sufficient, for the section provides for actual payment of interest, and payment of instalments of principal; the sum required for sinking fund is set aside (appropriated) but it is a sum of money raised, for if this were not the case, then the city would be in the position of being compelled to pay to the bondholder the amount stipulated by the debenture, at maturity, in case of a serial form of debenture, but in the case of a sinking fund form of debenture, the interest only would be required to be paid in cash, and an extended period of credit obtained on that portion of the principal which had been levied but not as yet collected. It is the opinion of the board that such discrimination in the forms of payment was never intended.

In the application now under consideration there is an actual shortage of cash in the sinking fund and therefore no surplus moneys available for current or other expenditure as provided by section 328a. As the board can only exercise the discretionary powers granted it under the provisions of section 328a, when the requirements of section 327 have been fulfilled, and these not having been fulfilled, the board has no alternative but to refuse the application.

CANADA'S RAILWAY SERVICE

"Canada is to-day getting the best and cheapest railway service in the western world," is the opinion of the Canadian Railway Association, expressed in a statement just issued. "In spite of the car shortage created by the abnormal balance south-bound over north-bound traffic, in spite of war requirements, higher labor charges, the necessity of importing coal for engines, and the low efficiency of the coal due to lower winter temperatures in Canada, there is a greater degree of efficiency reached in the operation of Canadian railways than anywhere else in the new world. Car shortage is being reduced day by day. The percentage of freight cars out of service for repairs in Canada is lower than the percentage on United States roads, and the average cost to the Canadian traveller or shipper is less.

"For the year ending June 3th, 1916, the charge for moving an average ton of freight one mile in the United States was .716 of a cent. In Canada it was .653 of a cent. In the United States the average passenger mile cost the passenger 2.006 cents. In Canada it cost him 1.954 cents. At the same time the Canadian railways were hauling their coal from foreign mines and paying duty on it. They were getting less work from the same coal because of the lower winter temperatures in Canada. They paid more for labor, and yet charged the public less for their services than any of the other roads on this continent."

Commenting on the statement at Washington that the United States railways have curtailed passenger service by over 20,000,000 passenger train miles per annum, the Canadian railways, through their association, point to a reduction of over 10,000,000 passenger miles per annum in Canada, which, in view of the lower total mileage in the Dominion as compared to the United States is a vastly greater pro-rata reduction.

"Certainly," they say, "no reduction in freight and passenger rates in Canada are being looked for as the result of railway economies now being effected by the association.

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The Annual Review Publishing Company, Limited, which for sixteen years has published Mr. Castell Hopkins' Canadian Annual Review, has been reorganized as the Canadian Annual Review, Limited, with \$75,000 capital, of which \$35,-000 is preferred and \$40,000 common. The officers are: J. Castell Hopkins, president; Robert Glasgow, vice-president; and J. Hamilton Brown, secretary, with A. E. Ames, Colonel J. Cooper Mason, D.S.O., and A. J. Russell Snow, K.C., as the other directors.

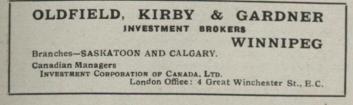
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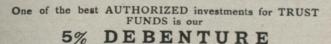
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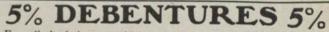


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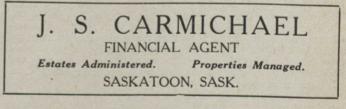
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RESOURCES OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Timber, Coal, Oil and Natural Gas are Abundant-Some Interesting Statistics

Undoubtedly the most important natural asset which New Brunswick possesses is that of lumber, says the Board of Trade Journal. In 1915, for the first time, a classification was begun of the crown lands belonging to the province. About 10,000 square miles, were covered, the surveyors having gone far enough to show that the province under reasonable conditions, might expect some thirteen billion feet of sawn timber on the crown land area, the harvesting and marketing of which at present prices would yield more than \$200,000,000, and give a revenue of at least \$16,000,000. When the reconstruction period after the war begins, this estimate will no doubt be largely exceeded. Such a valuable asset as this emphasizes the need for careful conservation and prudent management.

The commercial species of lumber included in the region under survey are black spruce, white spruce, white pine, balsam, fir, white birch, poplar, yellow birch, hemlock, white cedar, beech and maple.

For the year ending October 31st, 1916, the province received from stumpage \$354,042.52, from renewals of timber licenses \$83,892, and from timber licenses \$6,312.50, against \$422,909.26, \$81,388 and \$1,759 respectively in the preceding year.

The lumber cut on the crown land area in 1916 aggregated 162,132,621 sup, feet, spruce and pine logs; 62,534,376 feet fir; 10,522,370 feet cedar; 1,836,006 feet hemlock; 1,258,-165 feet hardwood; 2,927,146 feet poplar; 508 cords wood; 54,086 sleepers, 2,320 telegraph poles and 1,715 posts.

Coal Output Increases.

The output of bituminous coal in 1916 in the Grand Lake region amounted to 118,498 tons, as compared with 109,792 tons in 1915, divided among the following operations:—

	1915.	1910.	
Minto Coal Company	72,443	80,414	
Harvey Welton	12,840	14,952	
Rothwell Coal Company	8,943	5,585	
George King	10,015	10,406	
Northfield Coal Company	3,807	4,899	
Winterport Coal Company	1,093	1,159	
A. J. McEvery	650		
Robinson & Rigby		694	
J. Cookley		167	
Grand Lake Coal Company		222	

Over 400 men are employed in the Grand Lake region. At Beersville, Kent County, 3,896 tons were mined in 1916, as against 5,263 tons in 1915.

Production of Cypsum.

The production of gypsum has been considerably hampered by war conditions. About 41,360 tons were quarried at Hillsboro in 1916, while the production in 1915 was 72,000 tons. Of 1916 output 34,560 tons were manufactured into calcined plaster and hard wall plaster, a market being found in Canada for the material.

An interesting development of wolframite or tungstep has been made at Burnt Hill on the South West Miramichi. This metal is extensively employed in the manufacture of high speed steel and armor plate. As the Imperial government has commandeered for its own use all of the metal of this kind in the empire, the successful development of this provincial prospect possesses more than local interest. The company has erected a concentrating mill at the water's edge of the Miramichi River, for the treatment of the ore as it is taken from the mine. A shaft 65 feet deep has been opened up to follow the vein in two directions. The mine is equipped with steam hoisting apparatus, and air compressor for the drills. The vein of ore is about four feet in thickness and is nearly vertical.

Oil and Natural Cas Abundant.

The oil and natural gas development in Westmorland County is making satisfactory progress. During 1916 several of the wells were deepened and increased flow obtained. The natural gas is sold under contract to a Moncton corporation, which acts as distributing agent. The total number of domestic consumers of the gas in Moncton and adjoining territory in 1916 was 2,824. The gas is also used by the Canadian government railways for their gas engines and forges at the Moncton shops, and by the Plaster Works of the Albert Manufacturing Company of Hillsboro. The value of the gas produced is estimated at \$7,936.37. Arrangements have been made for the sale of all the company's crude oil to a manufacturing plant at New Glasgow. N.S.

The Intercolonial Copper Company's mine near Dorchester has been opened again and is being operated by the National Copper Company. The company are mining and milling three per cent. ore at the present time at the rate of 50 tons per day, and they claim they can produce copper for less than ten cents per pound. Mine machinery is now on hand to increase the output to 100 tons per day. There are some two miles of underground workings in this mine.

Another copper development on a much smaller scale is being made at East Scotch Settlement, King's County, near Annadale Station on the Central Railway. Four shafts aggregating 186 feet have been sunk.

Game is a very important asset of the province. The receipts from this source during 1916 amounted to \$45,133, as compared with \$40,730 in 1915. With the counties of Restigouche and Victoria, the game list in 1916 amounted to 1,511 moose, 2,826 deer and 103 caribou.

OCTOBER TRADE STATEMENT

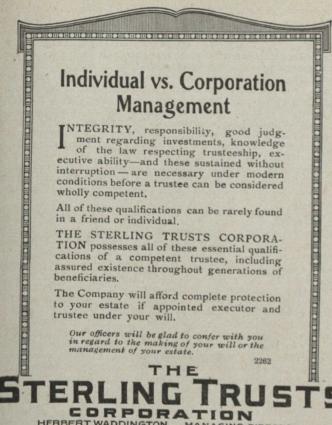
An increase of approximately \$273,000,000 for the first seven months of the fiscal year, ending with October, as compared with a similar period last year, is shown in the trade statement for October, just issued. Sor the seven months the trade in the Dominion totalled \$1,586,616,258, as compared with \$1,313,189,951 last year. For the month of October alone Canada's trade amounted to \$238,834,321. In October, 1916, it aggregated \$164,330,179.

Exports of domestic goods for the seven months were to the value of \$922,195,134, as compared with \$622,049,4\$1 last year. These figures include coin and bullion. Imports for the seven-month period amounted to \$636,749,263. During the seven-month period last year imports aggregated \$483,132,-928. Dutiable goods were to the value of \$346,108,703, on which the customs collections amounted to \$102,106,365. Free goods imported were to the value of \$281,992,997. During the same period in 1916 dutiable goods worth \$254,530,\$18were brought into Canada, and \$82,177,312 was collected in customs duties. Free goods importations were valued at \$207,630,667. Manufactured goods to the value of \$420,-380,372 were exported, a big increase as compared with last year, when domestic manufactures to the value of \$219,461,-054 were shipped out of the country.

SASKATCHEWAN'S NEW CABINET

The departure of Hon. J. A. Calder for the field of Dominion politics threw open the three ministerial positions held by him, and necessitated a reconstruction of the provincial cabinet. He was president of the executive council, minister of railways and minister of highways. On October 20th this reconstruction of the cabinet was accomplished by the swearing in of the new incumbents of the several offices, with the result that the ministerial positions are now held as follows: Premier, president of oouncil and minister of education, Hon. W. M. Martin; minister of agriculture, Hon. W. R. Motherwell; attorney-general and provincial secretary, Hon. W. F. A. Turgeon; minister of public works, Hon. 1A. P. McNab; minister of telephones, Hon. G. A. Bell; minister of municipal affairs, Hon. G. Langley; provincial treasurer and minister of railways, Hon. C. A. Dunning; minister of highways, Hon. S. J. Latta.

Mr. Latta, who is of Arglo-Irish descent, was brought up in the province of Ontario, and followed the teaching profession for a number of years in that province. Coming to Saskatchewan in 1905, Mr. Latta took up a homestead near Govan, and shortly afterwards established the Govan Prairie News, of which he is still editor and proprietor. He has also had municipal experience, which will stand him in good stead in his dealings as minister of highways with the rural municipalities, having been secretary-treasurer of the rural municipality of Last Mountain Valley. He entered Saskatchewan politics in 1908, and represented Last Mountain constituency since 1912.



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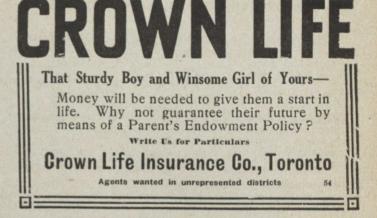
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Keep Informed

Our new Booklet of investment Securities contains, among other valuable information, latest available earnings, financial position, etc., of some of Canada's most prominent industrial enterprises.

A copy will be sent on request.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED 164 St. James Street, MONTREAL

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED

Labor .- A review of the labor legislation in Canada for the year 1916. Issued by the Department of Labor, Ottawa.

Municipal Affairs .- Annual report of the department of municipal affairs, Saskatchewan, for the financial year 1916-Printed by order of the legislative assembly, Regina, Sask.

Canadian Income Tax .- The Royal Bank, of Canada, Montreal, is sending out, with its compliments, a digest of the Canadian Income War Tax Act of 1917 in convenient form for reference. The digest is indexed so that any particular point in the act may be referred to easily and at once.

Covernment .-- A useful and critical study of the postal savings bank system of the United States. The book describes the purpose and usefulness of the system, its organization and administration, regulations governing deposits and withdrawals, interest rates and governmental disposition of funds. An appendix gives a detailed account of the United States postal savings act and its amendments. "Postal Savings," published by the Princeton University Press, Princeton, N.J. Price, \$1.25.

Sweden .- One of the most handsome and complete government publications ever issued is the historical and statis-tical handbook, entitled "Sweden," and published by order of the Swedish government. It is in two volumes of nearly 800 pages each, the first dealing with the land and people, the second with industries. The handbook is printed in English, and has also been issued in Swedish and German. It is an encyclopædia of Sweden, its history and affairs. To the business or financial man specially interested in that country it will prove exceedingly valuable. Issued in Canada from the office of the Royal consul-general of Sweden for British North America, P.O. Box 520, Montreal.

Finance.--An address before the American Institute of Accountants at the annual meeting at Washington, by Herbert C. Freeman, member of the American Institute of Accountants. Mr. Freeman has thrown an interesting light on the rather hazy ideas of the public as to the duties of a "receiver." "A receiver," says Mr. Freeman, "is an officer appointed

by a court of equity to assume the custody of property pead-ing litigation concerning the same." After explaining away in his opening sentence the doubts on the meaning of the in his opening sentence the doubts on the meaning of the word, Mr. Freeman defines clearly and briefly the various duties the position entails, dividing his subject into four heads: (1) Opening of the receiver's books of account; (2) accounting for the administration of the property; (3) forms of reports to be rendered from time to time to the court by the receiver; (4) the closing of the books of the receiver. "Accounting for Receiverships," by Herbert C. Freeman, C.P.A., of the firm of Touche, Niven and Company.

Statistics.—Essentially a text and reference book for the Canadian citizen. The third edition of the Imperial Year Book is divided into three principal sections: the Dominion of Canada, the British Empire, and the War. The section on Canada comprises statistics dealing with population, immigra-Canada comprises statistics dealing with population, immigra-tion, natural resources, federal elections, in which the re-turns for the general elections of 1904-8-11 for every con-stituency are given. The trade and commerce section have been improved by two practical articles on "Canada's Foreign Trade," and "The Allies' Economic Conference." A birdseye view of Canadian education is given in the section devoted to municipal government and education. The section devoted to the British Empire gives an interesting article on "Empire Trade's dealing at length with Canada's prospects as a factor Trade" dealing at length with Canada's prospects as a factor in inter-Imperial commerce. The index is especially helpful, being divided into two parts: general and war. To citizens in general and election workers in particular the third edition should prove an invaluable help.

"Imperial Year Book for Canada, 1917-18." Published by the Mortimer Company, Limited, Ottawa, Ont. Price, \$3.

Rural Planning .- The latest report of the commission of conservation deals woth the important subject of the planning and development of rural districts and small towns in Can-ada. It has been prepared by Mr. Thomas Adams, town planning adviser of the commission, who has made a close study of the problems of rural development in this country during the past three years, following twenty-five years' ex-

perience in farming, land surveying and town planning in other countries.

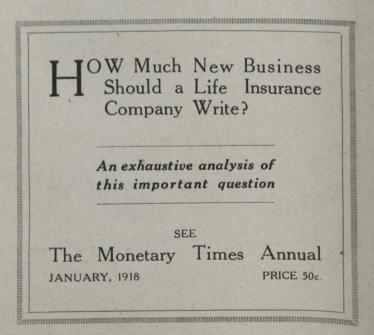
The report deals comprehensively with the social conditions and tendencies in rural areas and the prevailing systems of land settlement and development. It indicates the rural problems requiring solution in order to secure the proper development and economic use of land for purpose of efficiency, health, convenience, and amenity. The great injury which land development in Canada suffers, from speculation, neglect of public health, and want of expert business administration of land settlement, is considered. Incidentally, the problem of returned soldiers is dealt with, and the connection between land development and such questions as taxation, unemployment, and high cost of living is clearly shown.

There are five appendices by competent authorities, and the concluding chapter gives an outline of proposals and makes general recommendations to cover the conditions as presented.

Banking.—The career and centenary of the Bank of Mont-real is the subject of a well written and handsome little volume just issued by the bank. It deals with the history of the in-stitution since its inauguration in 1817. The bank first made its appearance as the "Canada Banking Company," its pro-moters being three firms of Scotch merchants. The bank's first investment appears to have been made on September 23rd, 1817, in government exchange. Two weeks after the opening of the institution an agent was appointed at Quebec, opening of the institution an agent was appointed at Quebec, and in the following June the agency became an "office of discount and deposit," and was in reality the first branch. This establishment had to face the competition of the Quebec Bank and to live down injurious rumors regarding the standing of the parent bank. The book gives interesting eide lights on the growth of financial Canada and its office side-lights on the growth of financial Canada and its effect on the bank. It touches briefly on the depression of trade in 1890, the passage of the McKinley Tariff, and the "silver question." At that time the sketch says: "In spite of financial shocks and disasters the bank was able to strengthen its position and distribute annual dividends of 10 per cent. to its stockholders." A flood of prosperity followed in 1900, the bank clearings rose from less than sixteen hundred millions in 1900 to more than eight thousand million in 1913. An appendix gives a list of the directors and executive officers. branches of the bank, presidents, vice-presidents, and general managers from 1817-1917, and a list of the original sharemanagers from 1817-1917, and a list of the original share-holders in 1817. A statistical table is also given showing the growth of the bank from the period 1867-1917, concluding with a general statement and an honor roll. The whole is made interesting by excellent sepia photos of the men of note in connection with the bank since its foundation. "The Centenary of the Bank of Montreal," issued by the

Bank of Montreal, Montreal.

The British navy is back of our war bond.



Buying Victory Bonds is Sound Patriotism and Good Business

THE PURPOSE of Canada's Victory Bond Issue, the fourth of Canada's war loans, is two-fold:—

First, to maintain and support the Canadian Army; Second, to enable Great Britain to purchase in Canada those supplies which she must have to carry on the war and to provide food for the civilian population at home.

Canada has in both those purposes an irresistibly impelling interest. Canada's patriotism demands that our soldiers lack nothing in food, clothing, guns or service, to win the war.

And Canada's own self-interest demands that production shall increase, that commercial activity shall continue, that wages shall be maintained.

What is more—Canada's self-interest in this case is also a <u>patriotic duty</u> —for we must maintain conditions of material well-being in Canada in order to sustain a maximum of war effort.

Great Britain's market offers a sure welcome to the products of Canada's fields, mines, fisheries and factories.

But Great Britain must have credit to buy these products.

So in order to provide the necessary credit the Minister of Finance borrows from the people of Canada, by means of Victory Bonds the proceeds of, which will be used to establish that credit.

You, and each of us-up to the greatest sum in our ability to invest; up to the point where it hurts; must all buy Victory Bonds.

The Victory Bond Campaign Closes Tomorrow (Midnight)

Mail or wire your application today.

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee n co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

19

DIVIDENDS AND NOTICES



TENDERS FOR PULPWOOD LIMIT

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to and including the seventeenth day of December next for the right to cut pulpwood and pine timber on a certain area situate in the vicinity of the Kapuskasing River in the Districts of Timiskaming and Algoma.

Tenderers are to offer a flat rate per cord for all classes of pulpwood, whether spruce or other woods. The successful tenderer shall be required to pay for the Red and White Pine on the limit a flat rate of \$10 per thousand feet board measure.

The successful tenderer shall also be required to erect a mill or mills on or near the territory, and to manufacture the wood into pulp and paper in the Province of Ontario in accordance with the terms and conditions of sale which can be had on application to the Department.

Parties making tender will be required to deposit with their tender a marked cheque payable to the Honourable the Treasurer of the Province of Ontario, for Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00), which amount will be forfeited in the event of their not entering into agreement to carry out conditions, etc. The said Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) will be held by the Department until such time as the terms and conditions of the agreement to be entered into have been complied with and the said mills erected, equipped and in operation. The said sum may then be applied in such amounts and at such times as the Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines may direct in payment of accounts for dues or of any other obligation due the Crown until the whole sum has been applied.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For particulars as to description of territory, capital to be invested, etc., apply to the undersigned.

G. H. FERGUSON, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines.

Toronto, September 19th, 1917.

N.B.-No unauthorized publication of this notice will be paid for.

THE CANADA LANDED AND NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED

DIVIDEND No. 123

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. (being at the rate of nine per cent. per annum) on the amount paid up on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared for the quarter-year to the thirty-first day of December, 1917, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company, 23 Toronto Street, Toronto, on and after the second day of January, 1918, to Shareholders of record at the close of busi-ness on the fifteenth day of December, 1917.

By Order of the Board,

EDWARD SAUNDERS, Managing Director.

Toronto, 21st November, 1917.

WESTERN CANADA'S PROSPERITY

Mr. H. B. Mackenzie, general manager of the Bank of British North America, who returned to Montreal recently from a trip to the Pacific Coast, speaks of the conditions of western Canada at the present time as being satisfactory. "During the course of my trip." he said, "I stopped off at several of the principal cities, and while there it appeared to me that there is no doubt of the prosperity of the West. In

UNION BANK OF CANADA

DIVIDEND No. 123.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of 8% per annum, together with a bonus of 1%, upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of the UNION BANK OF CANADA, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in the City of Winnipeg, and payable at its branches, on and after Saturday, the 1st day of also at its branches, on and after Saturday, the 1st day of December, 1917, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the

30th day of November, 1917, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

H. B. SHAW,

General Manager.

Winnipeg, October 18th, 1917.

BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada.)

To the Holders of the 7% Prior Lien "A" Bonds: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Coupon Number 5 in respect of the interest due and payable on the 1st of December, 1917, on the 7% Prior Lien "A" Bonds of the Company will be paid on and after the 1st of December, 1917, at the Bank of Scotland, 30 Bishopsgate, London, England, and as their Agents, at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, 23 King Street West, Toronto, and at the Agency of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, 16 Exchange Place, New York.

For BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

R. H. MERRY,

Secretary.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1917.

DOMINION TEXTILE COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND

A dividend of one and three-quarter per cent. (134%) on the Common Stock of the Dominion Textile Company, Limited, has been declared for the quarter ending 31st December, 1917, payable Januar, December 15th, 1917. By order of the Board. JAS. H. WEBB, Secretary-Treasurer. 1917, payable January 2nd, 1918, to shareholders of record

BANK OF MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Two-and-one-Half per Cent., upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Insti-tution, has been declared for the current quarter, also a Bonus of One per Cent., both payable on and after Saturday, the First Day of December next, to Shareholders of record of 31st October, 1917.

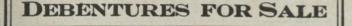
FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR,

General Manager.

Montreal, 19th October, 1917.

Vancouver and Victoria conditions are gratifying. Industry is thriving, but the province seems to see its greatest opportunity for the future in shipbuilding. At the present time this industry is undergoing a period of activity and many wooden vessels have been started and completed."

Economy is necessary to win the war.



TENDERS FOR SCHOOL DEBENTURES

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to and including December 14th for Stouffville School Debentures. Total amount, \$24,780.43, bearing 5½ per cent. interest. Debentures dated September 15th, 1917, and approved by the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to

J. URQUHART, Clerk, Village of Stouffville.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS

"Positions Wanted," 2c. per word; all other condensed advertisements, 4c. per word, Minimum charge for any condensed advertisement, 50c. per insertion. All condensed advertisements must conform to usual style. Condensed advertisements, on account of the very low rates charged for them, are payable in advance; 50 per cent.extra if charged.

THE STORY OF A YOUNC FINANCIAL MAN'S SUCCESS.—A financial man, thirty-three years of age, came to our office four years ago to take up a new line of business—a line against which he had been prejudiced, but which he knew carried great rewards for the successful. His average commissions this year will be over \$5,000.00, and he has built up a future income of over \$3,000.00 a year on business already written. We are enlarging our organization to prepare for an enormous expansion of business during the next few years. We have positions for two good men with successful records. This offer will be open during the next week. Only applicants of unquestioned integrity and with the highest references will be considered. W. A. Peace, Manager Toronto Branch, Imperial Life Assurance Company, 20 Victoria Street, Toronto.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Chief clerk in head office wants position with established company as office manager or in similar executive capacity. Long experience with tariff companies; thoroughly competent underwriter, able to take full charge of head office. Legitimate reasons for changing. Highest recommendations as to ability and integrity. Well qualified to hold responsible executive position, and only such would be attractive. Confidential. Box 119, Monetary Times, Toronto.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Sunloch Mines, Limited, was the Only Million-dollar Company Last Week

The Sunloch Mines, Limited, of Vancouver, B.C., with authorized capital of \$1,000,000, was the largest company incorporated last week.

The following is a partial list of charters granted during the past week in Canada. The head office of the company is situated in the town or city mentioned at the beginning of the paragraph. The amount named is the authorized capital, and the persons named are provisional directors :--

Mission City, B.C.-Hargitt Motors, Limited, \$20,000.

Raymond, Alta.-The O. H. Ranch, Limited, \$20,000.

Parksville, B.C .- Parksville Garage, Limited, \$15,000.

Cardston, Alta .- The Cardston Motors, Limited, \$10,000

Stavely, Alta.—The Stavely Curling Club, Limited, \$5,000.

Drumheller, Alta.-The Drumheller Agencies, Limited, \$10,000.

Claresholm, Alta.—The Claresholm Garage, Limited, \$40,000.

Peace River, Alta.—The Record Printing Company, Limited, \$20,000.

Redcliff, Alta.-The Redc.iff Development Company. Limited, \$100,000.

Pincher Creek, Alta.—The Bridges Taylor Ranch Company, Limited, \$25,000.

Lethbridge, Alta.—The Knight Watson Ranching Company, Limited, \$500,000.

Village of Teulon, Man.-Woods, Limited, \$25,000; A. Wood, D. Wood, I. M. Wood.

Renfrew, Ont.—Renfrew Refrigerator Company, Limited, \$100,000; R. Handley, G. Harris, A. Blue.

Mont Joli, Que.—Porter Mallory Company, Limited, \$20,-000; P. E. Porter, J. Edwin Mallory, G. G. Porter.

Windsor, Ont.—Flanders Realty Company, Limited, \$40,-000; W. E Flanders, C. A. Guerin, O. LaBounty.

Sorel, Que.—Le Club Nautique de Sorel, Incorpore, \$10,-000; A. Beauchemin, N. Latraverse, A. Beauchemin.

Ottawa, Ont.—Commercial Chambers Realty Company, Limited, \$48,000; A. D. Stewart, A. Haydon, J. P. Ebbs.

Sherbrooke, Que.—J. S. Mitchell and Company, Limited, \$500,000; J. S. Mitchell, M. W. Mitchell, J. W. Woodside.

Victoria, B.C.—Sooke Harbor Fishing and Packing Company, Limited, \$50,000; the Simon Produce Company, Limited, \$10,000

Portage la Prairie, Man.—Lew W. Cochran Company, Limited, \$10,000; W. R. Sexsmith, J. O. McLeneghan, J. M. de C. O'Grady.

Calgary, Alta.—The Carbon Construction and Farming Company, Limited, \$20,000; the Niagara Sales, Limited, \$10,000; the Tokuum Creek Mines, Limited, \$300,000.

Toronto, Ont.—Ker-Carb, Limited, \$20,000; J. H. Spence, L. M. Heal, E. Staples. Oakwood Amusement Company, Limited, \$40,000; J. Crang, J. Crang, Harvey E. Stonge.

Hamilton, Ont.—Ideal Box Lunch, Limited, \$40,000; L. F. Stephens, H. J. McKenna, R. Campbell. Silver Lake Ice and Fish Company, Limited, \$40,000; C. Harvey, A. Lees, H. G. Ogg.

Edmonton, Alta.—The Western Canada Fish and Produce Company, Limited, \$20,000; the Atkinson Book Company, Limited, \$20,000; the MacCosham Storage and Distributing Company, Limited, \$20,000; the O'Hanlan-Ferguson Supply Company, Limited, \$50,000.

Winnipeg, Man.—Property Investments, Limited, \$50,-000; J. Auld, F. G. Warburton, Kate C. Murray. Gold Grain Company, Limited, \$200,000; A. C. Randall, R. E. Wright, J. S. Blair. S. W. Marson Company, Limited, \$25,000; S. W. Marson, H. M. Beeby, J. Ogilvie.

Marson, H. M. Beeby, J. Ognvie. Montreal, Que.—Corriveau Advertising Service, Limited, \$50,000; C. J. Charbonneau, D. Pelletier, J. P. Lamarche. Montreal Fruit Exchange, Limited, \$50,000; G. Davenport, L. Delage, L. E. Potvin. Canadian Marine and Commercial Company, Limited, \$500,000; F. B. Common, F. G. Bush, G. R. Drennen. J. Christin and Company, Limited, \$50,000; J. Christin, L. E. Hudon, P. A. Gagnon. Goldfine and Chananie, Limited, \$40,000; H. Weinfield, M. M. Sperber, J. Y. Fortier. Fraser, Brace and Clarke, Limited, \$500,000; F. W. Sharp, A. Falconer, J. L. Reay. Le Berger, Limited, \$199,000; J. A. Deniger, J. B. Carignan, E. Deniger.

Vancouver, B.C.—Angelus Hotel Company, Limited, \$10,-000; Premier Lumber Company, Limited, \$10,000; British Columbia Electro Metals, Limited, \$100,000; Simplex Smelter Company, Limited, \$100,000; Red Jacket Development Company, Limited (non-personal liability), \$100,000; the British Columbia Cravat and Regalia Company, Limited, \$10,000; Adanac Lumber Company, Limited, \$10,000; the Emporium Company, Limited, \$100,000; Sunloch Mines, Limited (nonpersonal liability), \$1,000,000; Canadian Feeds and Fertilizers Company, Limited, \$10,000; the Clark Fruit and Produce Company, Limited, \$10,000; Queen Charlotte Fisheries, Limited, \$30,000; Caledonia Realty, Limited, \$25,000.

"The government confidently appeals to the Canadian people to support this loan, and thus further demonstrate the strength, unity and solidarity of the Empire, and our invincible determination to prosecute the war to a victorious conclusion."—Sir Thomas White.

Montreal and Toronto Stock Transactions

Stock Prices for Week ended Nov. 28th, 1917, and Sales. Montreal figures supplied to *The Monetary Times* by Messrs Burnett & Co., St. Sacrament St., Montreal. Toronto quotations " and interest."

Montreal Stocks	(<u> </u>	Asked	Bid	Sales
Abieibi		6k		
Ames-Holden pref.		47		
Asbestos Corporationpref.			46	50
Bell Telephone British Columbia Fishing & Packing		130		
		32		119
Brazilian				30 25
a l'a Canadana		494		
Canadian Converters	····		571	43 78
Canada Cottons				10
			·	50
Canada Foundry and Forgings		iuia		
Canadian Locomotive		391		125
		76		58 18500
Civic Investment		60 1		111
Civic Power	·····	25		66
Consumers Gas		1013		
		128		120 20
Dominion Brage		533	53월	688 1.4
Dominion Textilepref.		802		3
Conductor Limited		11 *		
Gould Manufacturing				1
Illinois Traction				
Lake of the Woods Milling		132		ŰŁ
Lyall Const		ing		
Maple Leaf Millingcom.		981		···;i
Montreal Telegraphpref.				
				600
Nova Scotia Steel		140		10
Osterio Steel				
Ottawa Light, Heat & Power		65		15
in the second se				
Price Bros		1171		
Quebec Railway, Light, Heat & Power		15		11 69 -
Shawinigan Water & Power		107 60		
Smart-Woods				
Steel Co. of Canada		501	50	759
Toronto Pailway		60		61
Tucketts				
Winning Bailway				
Wayagamack. Bank of British North America		185		
Bank of Commerce Bank of Montreal		210 201		2
Bank of Ottawa Bank of Toronto				
Bank d'Hochelaga Banque Nationale Bank of Nova Scotia				
		250 167		
Meleone Bank		167		
Quahac Bank	10.00000000	208		
Royal Bank			136	
Union Bank. Montreal Bonds	Last Sal	e	130	10
Asbestos	723			
Bell Telephone. Canadian Car.				
Canada Cement Canadian Consolidated Rubber				
Canadian Converters		82		
Dominion Coal	944			
			98	
Dominion TextileB	973			
" " ······	97 964			
Lake of Woods Milling	103			
Montreal Light, Heat & Power	911		1	
National Breweries	90			
Ogilvie P	10			
C				
Ontario Steel Price Bros.		1		1

			Did	
Montreal Bonds (Continued)		Asked	Bid	Sales
Quebec Railway, Light and Power Sherwin-Williams	67	60 97 •		
Steel of Canada First Dominion War Loan	····			500 63600
Second Dominion War Loan	982		941 931	6900 56600
Winnipeg Street Railway	95			
Wayagamack	84			
Toronto Stocks		Asked	Bid	Sales
Ames-Holdenpref. American Cynamid		20	15	****
D & I (I and ad)				
Barcelona Beil Telephone			9	····i
		321 15		446
Canada Bread				
Canadian Car & Foundry pref.		183 50		
Canadian Canners		iuij		···iò
Canadian General Electriccum div. pref. Canada Landed & National Investment				
Canadian Locomotivepref.		28 811		
Canadian Pacific Railway Canada Permanent		136	134	
Canada Steamship		394 76		16
" (voting trust)				
Cement		581	571	25 25
City Dairypref.		20 60		10
Confederation Life		3.5		
Consumers Gas			148	35
Crown Reserve Mines		50		••••
Detroit		655	650	650
Dominion Canners	D			
Dominion Steel Company pret.		54	538	
Duluth Sup. F. N. Burt				10
Hamilton Providentpref.		86	••••	
Huron & Eriecom. La Rosecom.				
I and an & Considion Loan & Adency		78		
Mackay Companies		611	60	40 24
			102	71
Mexican Light & Power		92		31
Monarch. Nat. S. Car.			30	3
Ninissing		825	790	
Nova Scotia Steelrights			A	
Pacific Burt com.				
Penmanscom.		1300	120	
Petroleumpref.				
Riordon				
Rogers				5
beneral second s		11		
Sawyer-Massey		48		
Spanish Riverpref.	Viela Bratting	14 50		
Cons. Smelters Standard Chemical		25 57		
Steel Company of Canadapref.		50-3	50	198
Toronto General Trust pref.	Sale Charles and the		843	16
Toronto Paper		60		
Trethewey S. Minescom.				
Tucketts pref.	14	19 48		
Winnipeg Electric Twin City.		71	691	[*] i7i
Bank of Commerce Bank of Ottawa	1	1811		
Bank of Hamilton Bank of Montreal		184		50
Bank of Montreal Bank of Nova Scotia Bank of Toronto		250		111
Dominion Bank Imperial Bank		2' 2 185		
Merchants Bank Molsons Bank		167		
Royal Bank	····	205		
Standard Bank Union Bank		137	136	1
Toronto Bonds Canada Bread	Last Sale			1 Section
Canada Locomotive	95 89		80	
Riordon				
Steel Company of Canada First War Loan	961	891 951	151	32700
Second War Loan	284	95 931	944 93	34800 25100
Third Wit Boart			and the second	. 2010(1

RECENT FIRES

The Monetary Times' Weekly Register of Fire Losses and Insurance

Brockville, Ont.—November 24—The Grand Trunk Railway blacksmiths' and fitters' shops completely gutted. Covered by insurance.

Dauphin, Man.-November 22-Mr. R. Hunt's barn, containing twenty-six horses and several cattle, destroyed.

Florenceville, N.B.-November 18-School building destroyed. Total insurance, \$8,500.

Halifax, N.S.—November 18—Naval service department's offices badly gutted. Cause, defective wiring.

Innisfail, Alta.—November 28—Mr. Geo. Oaks' farmhouse destroyed.

Lynden, Ont.—Mr. Geo. Brook's barn. Fire spread to another barn, icehouse, drive-shed and automobile, which were completely destroyed. Cause, gasoline explosion.

Melita, Man.—November 16—Mr. P. Vanleek's barn, containing 40 tons of hay, destroyed.

Milford, N.B.—November 19—Eight houses destroyed. Owners, Mr. Thos. Conway, John Sommerville, John Murphy, Robt. Carrier, James Leahey and And. Cushing. Mr. Robt. Carrier's house was insured for \$400 in the Queen, Mr. Leahey's in the Western, Mr. Sommerville's in the Atlas.

Montreal, Que.—November 21—Mr. W. H. Pauze's lumber destroyed. Estimated damage, \$90,000; partly covered by insurance.

Nelles' Corners, Ont.-November 17-P. P. Reicheld's grain elevator completely destroyed.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—November 26—Alderman Wm. H Newman's barn destroyed. Estimated loss, \$3,000. No insurance carried.

Pipestone, Man.—November 22—Livery barn, containing five horses, one cow and a pig, destroyed.

Quebec, Que-November 8-The George Tanquay Company's plant completely destroyed. Covered by insurance.

Shellbrooke, Sask.—November 16—Saskatchewan Elevator Company's plant, containing \$8,000 bushels of grain, destroyed; also two Canadian Northern Railway cars.

St. Hyacinthe, Que.—November 28—Hotel Dieu Hospital partly destroyed. Estimated loss, \$200,000. Insurance carried, \$80,000. Cause, lighted match.

St. John, N.B.—November 23.—Block, containing Messrs. Robertson, Foster and Smith's warehouse, Estey and Company, Messrs. Linton and Sinclair and the Crosby Molasses, Limited, badly damaged. The building is the property of the Small estate, for which Mr. W. Gilbert is manager. The estimated loss to this is \$12,500. Insurance carried by Messrs. T. B. and H. B. Robertson. Messrs. Robertson Foster and Smith's total insurance is \$50,000, carried in the following companies: Northern, \$9,500; General of Paris, \$5,000; Liverpool-Manitoba, \$4,000; Union of Paris, \$6,500; Connecticut, \$2,500; Royal, \$16,500; Caledonian, \$2,000; Guardian, \$1,500; Occidental, \$1,500; Ocean, \$1,000. Messrs. Estey and Company's stock is insured for \$12,000; carried in the Atlas \$7,000, and the New York Underwriters \$5,000. Messrs. Linton and Sinclair—Estimated loss, \$400; carried in the New York Underwriters and Quebec Fire In surance Companies. The Crosby Molasses, Limited—Insurance carried in the Montreal Underwriters.

Paris, Ont.—November 25—Alabastine Company's plant destroyed. Estimated loss, \$35,000; partly covered by insurance.

Tavistock, Ont.—November 23—Tavistock Milling Company's plant badly damaged. Estimated damage, \$15,000. Cause, friction from belt setting fire to shavings.

Toronto, Ont. — November 26—The Canadian Realty Company's building badly damaged. Estimated loss to building, \$1,000; to contents, \$10,000. Firms who suffered from the fire were the W. H. Smith Company and the R. L. Baker Company.

Winnipeg, Man.—November 17—Empty house, property of the Winnipeg Securities Company. Estimated damage, \$400.



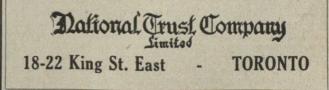
For Victory!

Prudent war finance tries to widen the source from which money is drawn and thus to avoid too great a strain at any one point. Figures show that in most countries the success of war loans has been due, in what at first seems surprisingly large measure, to the small investor.

As it is necessary and natural, large blocks of Victory Bonds will be taken by business institutions. Business institutions will subscribe to the Victory Loan because they know it is necessary to keep up Canada's part in the War, and because their business judgment tells them that no other investment is as safe as the Victory Loan; also that no similar investment yields a more attractive interest return.

If the same combination of patriotism and business sense urges the nation as a whole, the Loan will be a success. But everyone must lend a hand—with money in it. You can get a Victory Bond yielding $5\frac{1}{2}$ % for \$50.

Send in your application to the local Victory Loan Headquarters to-day.



Volume 59.

UNLISTED SECURITIES

Quotations furnished to The Monetary Times by A. J. Pattison Jr., & Co., Toronto (Week ended Nov. 28th, 1917.)

The second se	Bid	Ask	Providence and the second	Bid	Ask	1	Bid	Ask	La Cara San Desa	Bid	Ask
Abitibi Powerpref.	80	87	Continental Life	17	25	Imper. Steel & Wire pref.		2.75	Otis-Fenson Elevapref.	85	94
American Sales Bkpref.		92	Cockshutt Plow pref.	65	75	Inter Lake Steams'ps.6's			Peoples Loan & Savings.		91
Alberta Pac. Grain. pref.	85	93	Dom. Iron & Steel 5's.1939	75	80	Lambton Golf Club	325	400	South Can. Power6's		88
Atlantic Sugarpref.	26	30	Dominion Glasscom.	24	28.50	London Loan & Savings.	100	115	Sovereign Life	10.50	17
		85.50	Dom. Linseed Oil	71		Massey Harris	115	130	Std. Rel'ce. Loan (par 50)		50
Belding Paul	12	15	Dom, Permanent Loan	66	70	Maritime Cual & Ry.com.	15	20	Sterling Coal	8.50	11
pref.	75	81	D. Po'er & Trans pref.	90	96.50	Mex. Mahoganybonds		55	" bonds		73
Brantford Roofing	95		com.	50	57	McDonald pref.	80.50	87	St. Lawrence Sugar6's	93	95.50
Canada Machinerycom.	7		Dominion Sugar com.	115	125	Morrow Screw6's	85	93	Sterling Bank	80	89
	45	52	Dom, Savings & Invest.		85	Murray-Kay pref.		25	Temple (Allen) Thea.com.		
" "6's	74	79	Eastern Car 6's		96	Mutual Steamships6's	95		Toronto Paper6's	84	89
Can. Furniturepref.		45			55	Monarch Life Assur. Co.	14	20	Trust & Guarantee	83	87
Can. Oilpref.	80		Ford Motor		175	National Brick Bonds	20	25	Wabasso Cotton	16	20
Can. Paperpref.		86	Goodyear Tire		195	National Life	30		West. Assurance	5.50	7
Can Westinghouse	105	118	Home Bank		67.50	National Drug 7% pref.	85		West Can. Flourcom.		115
Carter Crumepref.	1	69	Imperial Oil		375	Ont. Pulp Bonds	79.50	83	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		62
Chapman Ball Bearing.	25	32							·····		

Statistics relating to Dominion Savings Banks, Post Office Savings Banks, National Debt, Building Permits Compared, Index Numbers of Commodities, Trade of Canada by Countries, and Preliminary Monthly Statement of Canada's Trade appear once a month as issued by the various Government departments.

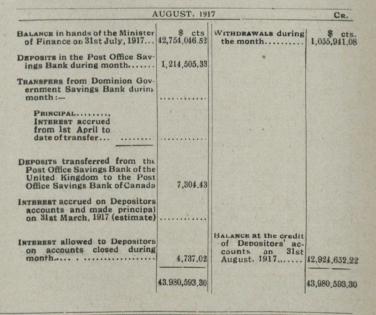
GOVERNMENT FINANCE

PUBLIC DEBT LIABILITIES— Payable in Canada	1917	Assets- Investments-Sinking Fds.		REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ON AC COUNT OF CONSOLIDATED FD.	Total 31st Oct. 1917	EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT, ETC.	Total 31st Oct. 1917
Payable in London Payable in New York Temporary Loans Bank Circul'n Redemp. Fd.	$\begin{array}{r} 362,703,312\ 40\\ 75,873,000\ 00\\ 538,159,130\ 74\\ 5,739\ 774\ 27\\ 226,570,624\ 51\\ 56\ 49,1\ 490\ 00\end{array}$	Other Investments Province Accounts Miscel and Bkg. Accounts Total Assets	212 996,753 52 2,296,327 90 616,859,309 49 847,318,206 97	REVENUE- Customs Bxcise Post Office Pbc. Works, R'lways & Canals	14,541,330 18	Public Works, Railways and Canals Railway Subsidies	\$ cts. 133,254,79843 10,599,24249 359,31112
Province Accounts. Miscel. and Bkg. Accounts. Debt	11.920.481 20 25 590 131 66	Total Net Debt 30th Sept.	901,009,501 00	Total Expenditure	145,719,060 62 66,644,227 55	a second s	144,213 35204

DOMINION SAVINGS BANKS

BANK	Deposits for Oct. 1917	Total Deposits	Withdraw- als for Oct. 1917	Balance on 31st Oct. 1917.	
Manitoba :- Winnipeg	\$ cts. 2,374,00	571.017.18	* cts. 4,331.16	\$ cts. 566,686,02	
British Columbia :- Victoria	23,287.78	1,233,518.69	21,425,02	1.218,093.67	
Prince Edward Island : Charlottetown	30.527.00	2 072,523.91	27.888.44	2,041,635.47	
New Brunswick:- Newcastle St. John	1,097.00 59,203.00		649.53 96,428,90		
Nova Scotia Amherst Barrington Guysboro'. Halifax Kentville Lunenburg. Pictou	120.00 1,179.00 33,575,74 5,319.00 8,301.00	$118\ 549.54\\2,582,535.98\\247.648.77$	2,404.55 40,848.0£ 2,053 (0 3.574.25	116,144,99 2,541,687,93 245,595,77 413,476,49	
Port Hood Shelburne Sherbrooke Wallace	8.00 5,887.00 776.79 762.00	241.391.49 97.871.00	2.144.65 1,203.99	239,246.84	
Totals	172,417.31	13,612,581 89	207,348.92	13,405,232.97	

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS



VICTORY LOAN IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Staff Correspondence.)

Vancouver, November 24th.

Nowhere, we believe, has the Victory Loan campaign been carried on with greater enthusiasm than in British Columbia, and returns to date would indicate that this province will easily subscribe its quota of the total amount. Organization has been centered in Vancouver, with a provincial executive consisting of the following: Messrs. William Farrell (chairman), H. H. Watson, J. P. Nichols, F. W. Rounsfell, W. H. Malkin, S. Burke, F. W. Marsh, George Buscombe, Wm. McNeill and Mr. L. W. Makovski (secretary). Committees were appointed in all the cities of the province, and workers have been obtained to make the canvass, so that the territory has been thoroughly covered. In British Columbia conditions differed from those in the East, where the organizations of bond houses were commandeered by the minister of finance, but the executive here has been able to call on the services of experienced business men, who have co-operated very effectively.

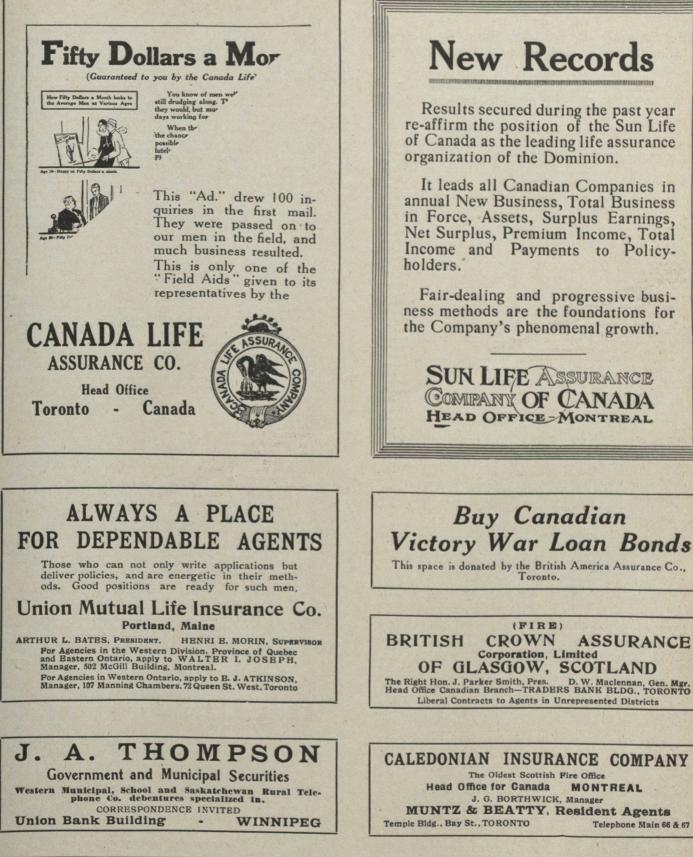
tively. The campaign in British Columbia has been conducted largely on a patriotic basis, and it has relied on the goodwill of a number of hard-working individuals who have given almost their entire time to the work. The magnitude of the campaign and organization is greater than most people think, and that it was able to get such excellent results in so short a time shows the capability of the executive.

Mr. R. J. Smith, late of Toronto, has been appointed by the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company as special agent in charge of the Western Canada field, and will shortly assume his duties, making his headquarters at Winnipeg.

THE MONETARY TIMES



30



L. COFFEE & CO.

GRAIN MERCHANTS

Established 1845

THOMAS FLYNN

Board of Trade Building,

Toronto. Ontario

The Northern Assurance Company, Ltd. of London, Eng.

VICTORY LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS

List of Subscribers Whose Names Have Been Announced -Life Insurance Companies are Subscribing Freely

The following is a further list of subscriptions to the Victory Loan; the second list having appeared in The Monetary Times last week :--

INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER COMPANIES.

 INDUSTRIAL AND OTHER COMPANIES.

 St. Lawrence Bridge, Montreal
 \$1,600,000

 Hudsons Bay Company, Winnipeg
 1,000,000

 Riordon Pulp and Paper Company
 1,000,000

 Laurentide Pulp and Paper Company
 1,000,000

 Dominion Steel Corporation, Sydney, N.S.
 750,000

 Orthern Aluminum Company, Toronto
 420,000

 Great Lakes Transportation Company, Midland
 365,000

 Pominion Bridge, Montreal
 250,000

 Dominion Bridge, Montreal
 250,000

 Lake of the Woods Milling Company, Montreal
 200,000

 Dominion Corset, Quebec
 200,000

 Dominion Corset, Quebec
 200,000

 Dominion Corset, Quebec
 200,000

 Dominion Corset, Quebec
 200,000

 Peter Lyall and Sons Construction Company, Montreal
 200,000

 Melady and Company (per R. Cassels of "D" division).
 Toronto

 Toronto
 100,000
 100,000

 Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, Toronto
 100,000

 Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, Toronto
 100,000

 Compang Limited, Toronto
 100,000

 Compang Rend Company, Toronto
 100,000

 Standa

 Toroto

 Wm, Wrigley and Company, Toronto

 Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, Toronto

 Canada Enead Company, Toronto

 Canada Enead Company, Toronto

 Western Canada Flour Mills, Winnipeg

 Automobile Insurance Company, Ontereal

 Funner Mond Company, Toronto

 Western Cleartic Company, Toronto

 Northern Electric Company, Toronto

 Standala Cottons, Limited, Montreal

 Funner Mond Company, Toronto

 Standalan Cottons, Limited, Montreal

 Canadian Cottons, Limited, Montreal

 Canadian Cottons, Limited, Montreal

 Canadian Cottons, Limited, Montreal

 Start Fisher Sons and Company, Montreal

 St. Lawrence Flour Mills, Montreal

 Eleishman Company, Toronto

 Drummoon, McCall and Company, Montreal

 Act Avalonale de Paris, Montreal

 Calaber Company, Limited, Montreal

 Laidlaw Lumber Company, Montreal

 Act Lawrence Bakery Company, Montreal

 Act Lawrence Bakery Company, Montreal

 Laidlaw Lumber Company, Montreal

 Laidlaw Lumber Company, Montreal

 Laidlaw Lumber Company, Montreal

 Marisonal Hardy, Toronto

 E. M 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 91,500 90,000 51,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 \$0,000 45,000 40,000 30,000 30,000 25,000

A. Henterbridge and Company, Montreal \$	20,000
Belgo-Canadian Pulp & Paper Company, St. Maurice, Que.	20,000
Belgo-Canadian Pulp & Paper Company, St. Maurice, Que.	20,000
Tooke Brothers, Limited, Montreal	15,000
Standard Iron Company, Montreal	15,000
Northern Star Grain, Winnipeg	15,000
Beigo-Canadian Fulp & Falper Company, St. Marsey, 2- Tooke Brothers, Limited, Montreal Standard Iron Company, Montreal Northern Star Grain, Winnipeg Kingsbury Footwear, Limited, Montreal Saskatchewan and West Elevator Company, Winnipeg	15,000
Mutual Elevator Company, Winnipeg	12,500
Atlas Elevator Company, Winnipeg	12,500
Mutual Elevator Company, Winnipeg Atlas Elevator Company, Winnipeg Webster and Sons, Limited, Montreal Phoenix Bridge and Iron Works, Montreal	11,000
Phoenix Bridge and Iron Works, Montreal	10,000
S. B. Foote Company, Limited, Montreal	10,000
S. B. Foote Company, Limited, Montreal Century Coal and Coke Company, Montreal Guarantee Securities Corporation, Montreal	10,000
Guarantee Securities Corporation, Montreal	10,000
Rubin Brothers, Montreal	10,000
Merch and Company Montreal	10,000
C. E. Frost and Company, Montreal	10,000
	10,000
	10,000
Rail Joint of Canada, Montreal	10,000
Rail Joint of Canada, Montreal Carter's Ink Company, Montreal Succ E. B. Garneau, Quebec B. Houde Company, Quebec	10,000
Succ E. B. Garneau, Quebec	10,000
 B. Houde Company, Quebec	10,000
Home Grain Company, Winnipeg	10,000
Dominion Elevator Company, Winnipeg	10,000
Home Grain Company, Winnipeg Dominion Elevator Company, Winnipeg Gooderham Meilady Company, Winnipeg E. H. Lemay, Montreal The A. Gravel Lumber Company, Limited, Levis, Que	10,000
E. H. Lemay, Montreal	10,000
The A. Gravel Lumber Company, Limited, Levis, Que	10,000
Holland Varnish Company, Montreal	7,000 6,150
	0,130
Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company (inforgat Datis and Lawrence Company), Montreal	6,000
Barmans Limited Stanstead, Oue,	5,000
I A and M Cote Company, Chambly, Que	5,000
Frasler Thornton Company, Limited, Compton, Que	5,000
and Lawrence Company), Montreal Penmans Limited, Stanstead, Que. J. A. and M. Cote Company, Chambly, Que. Frasler Thornton Company, Limited, Compton, Que. Prairie City Oil Company, Winnipeg Jobin Marrin Company, Limited Tees and Persse, Limited, Winnipeg	5,000
Jobin Marrin Company, Limited	5,000
Jobin Marrin Company, Limited Tees and Persse, Limited, Winnipeg A. Carruthers and Company, Winnipeg Rowland and Campbell, Winnipeg	5,000
A. Carruthers and Company, Winnipeg	5,000
Rowland and Campbell, Winnipeg N. M. Patterson and Company, Winnipeg Canada Atlantic Grain Company, Winnipeg	5,000
N. M. Patterson and Company, Winnipeg	5,000
Canada Atlantic Grain Company, Winnipeg	5,000
B. Stabeck Company, Limited, Winnipeg	5,000
B. Stabeck Company, Limited, Winnipeg Blackburn Mills, Winnipeg International Boot and Shoe Workers, Montreal Starke, Seybold, Limited, Montreal Davidson, Wainwright, Alexander and Elder, Montreal	5,000
International Boot and Shoe Workers, Montreal	5,000
Starke, Seybold, Limited, Montreal	5,000
Davidson, Wainwright, Alexander and Euler, Montreal British-American Dyeing, Montreal Toilet Laundry, Montreal	5,000
Toilet Laundry, Montreal	5,000
Toilet Laundry, Montreal Dominion Supply Company, Limited, Montreal F. Hankin and Company, Montreal Carreras 9, Marcianus of Canada, Limited, Chambly, Que.	5,000
F. Hankin and Company, Montreal	5,000
Carreras &, Marcianus of Canada, Limited, Chambly, Que.	5,000
McLeod and Black, Morden, Man	5,000
Carreras & Marcianus of Canada, Limited, Chamby, Que McLeod and Black, Morden, Man. J. Martin Paper Company, Winnipeg S. Groff and Son, Winnipeg Dominion Brake Shoe Company of New York (per British Dominion Brake Electric Company Vancouver)	5,000
S. Groff and Son, Winnipeg	5,000
Columbia Electric Company, Vancouver)	5,000
W I Guest Fish Company, Winnipeg	5,000
D Coughlin and Company, Winnipeg	5,000
Columbia Electric Company, Vancouver, W. J. Guest Fish Company, Winnipeg D. Coughlin and Company, Winnipeg Fleishman Company, Winnipeg	5,000
Breen Motor Company, Winnipeg	5,000
Hull, Sparling and Sparling, Winnipeg	5,000
Chechick and Gold, Winnipeg	5,000
E. A. Small Company, Montreal L. H. Packard and Company, Montreal International Harvester Company of Canada, Limited,	5,000
International Harvester Company of Canada, Limited,	- ALL CAR
Wilson Machine Company, Montreal	5,000
Wilson Machine Company, Montreal Daly and Morin, Montreal	
Mappin and Webb, Montreal Empire Cream Separator, Montreal J. Thomson and Company, Winnipeg	5,000
J. Thomson and Company, whitpeg Gale Brothers, Quebec Louise Lumber Company, Quebec Canadian Pacific Railway A.A.A., Montreal	5,000
Louise Lumber Company, Quebec	5,000
Canadian Pacific Railway A.A.A., Montreal	3,500
Desbarats Advertising Agency, Montreal	3,000
Canadian Pacific Raliway A.A., Montreal Desbarats Advertising Agency, Montreal W. Lamarre and Cie, Montreal	2,000
Cote Brothers and Burrett, Montreal The D. Hatton and Company, Montreal	
The D. Hatton and Company, Montreat	1,000
FETATES AND TRUSTS	

ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

Estate R. D. Martin, Montreal	75,000
Tourville, Quebec	70,000
The state of John Ogilvie Montreal	10,000
are and Executive Company, Iotonio	7,000
The of James Crathern, Montreal	5,000
Estate of G. C. Stevenson, Montreal	1,500

PROVINCIAL COVERNMENTS

Ouebec

TRUST AND LOAN.

National Trust Company	3,500,000
Royal Securities Corporation, Montreal	250,000
Condian Mortgage Association, Winnipeg	50,000
Toronto General Trust Corporation, Winnipeg	35,000
Occidental Trust Company	20,000
Fidelity Trust Company, Winnipeg	5,000

CITIES AND TOWNS.

vancouver City Council sinking fund	\$ 92,500
Nanaimo City Council, B.C	 31,000
Stratford City Council, Ont	 30,000
Sinking Fund of St. Boniface	 15,000
Chilliwack City Council, B.C	 6,100
Etobicoke Township Council, Ont	 4,000

LIFE INSURANCE.

Sun Life Assurance, Montreal	5.000.000
Canada Life, loronto	E 000 000
New York Life, Montreal	2,000,000
Great-West Life, Winnipeg	2,000,000
Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company, Toronto	1,500,000
Confederation Life Assurance, Toronto	1.202.500
North American Assurance Company, Toronto	500,000
Aetna Life, Montreal	300,000
London and Lancashire Life and General Assurance Com-	
pany, Montreal	150,000
Western Empire Life Assurance Company, Winnipeg	75,000

INSURANCE.

Marth Deliver a lar an a	
North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, Montreal	300,000
Canada Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Winning	250,000
Eagle and British Dominion Insurance Company, Montreal	
Hastfard Eine bomminn insurance Company, Montreal	200,000
Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Toronto	125,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety Company, Montreal	100,000
Beaver Fire Insurance Company, Winnipeg	
Corre District Matural E's Cal	75,000
Gore District Mutual Fire, Galt	75,000
Company, Toronto	60,000
Wawanesa Mutual Insurance Company, Wawanesa, Man.	and the second
Dominion Fire Insurance Company, Toronto	50,000
Dominiou The Insurance Company, Toronto	40,000
Aetna Fire Insurance Company, Toronto	25,000
Dominion of Canada Guarantee and Accident Insurance	
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance, Winnipeg	
Mainte Be and Marine Instrance, winnipeg	25,000
Manitoba Farmers' Mutual Hail Insurance, Winnipeg	15,000
Dominion of Canada Accident Company Vancouver	

EMPLOYEES

Dominion Steel Corporation, Sydney, N.S.	
Harris Abattoir Toronte	415,500
Harris Abattoir, Toronto Product Company, Montreal	275,000
Canada Dubhar Company, Montreal	175,000
Canada Rubber Company, Montreal	150,000
Massey-Harris Company, Toronto	150,000
Russell Motor Car Company, Toronto	55,000
United Grain Growers, Winnipeg	40,000
Knight Metal Product Company, Toronto	25,000
Business Systems, Limited, Toronto	20,000
City and District Savings Bank, Montreal	20,000
Northern Shirt Company, Winnipeg	18,000
American Watch Case Company, Limited, Toronto	17,050
Vancouver Engineering Works	16,000
Dominion Glass Company, Toronto	14,050
Hamilton Gear and Machine Company, Toronto	11,500
Jas. Shearer Company, Limited, Montreal	10,000
Campbell McLaurin Company, Limited, Montreal	10,000
W. R. Brock Company, Montreal	9,000
Dodge Manufacturing Company, Toronto	8,750
Gale Manufacturing Company, Toronto	8,500
Soren Brothers, Toronto	7,650
Staff and students of Western Canada College, Calgary	7,000
Canadian Northern Railway, Port Mann., B.C	6,000
W. M. Lowney Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal	5,700
Grier Timber Company, Limited, Montreal	5,000
A. Hollander, Montreal	4,800
Canada Iron Foundries, Limited, Montreal	4,500
Standard Photo Engraving Company, Montreal	3,800
Hudsons Bay Company's staff, Lethbridge, Alta	3,700
Debenhams Canada, Limited, Montreal	3,500
R. J. Tooke, Limited, Montreal	2,750
Montreal Warehousing Company, Montreal	1,300
New Zealand Shipping Company, Limited, Montreal	1,050
	- And

INDIVIDUALS.

J. S. Mitchell, Sherbrooke, Que	200,00
Louis A. Gosselin, Montreal	200,00
Mr. F. Ross, Quebec	200,00
Geo. H. Gooderham, M.P., Toronto	115,00
M. J. Haney (Home Bank), Montreal	100,000
A. S. Johnson, Thetford Mines, Que	and the second se
Sir William Price, Quebec	100,00
J. R. Clements, Winnipeg	100,000
J. R. Robertson, Toronto	60,000
H. C. Foye, Quebec	50,000
Wm. Shaw, Quebec	50,000
G. F. Galt, Winnipeg	50,000
J. Galt, Winnipeg	50,000
I I Atkinson Quebec	50,000
J. L. Atkinson, Quebec	50,000
J. L. Sanschagrin, Three Rivers, Que.	40,000
E. W. Wilson, Argenteuil, Que.	35,000
Mrs. N. Rioux, Quebec	29,000
A. N. Drolet, Quebec	25,000
J. D. Dugal, Quebec	25,000
H. Young, Quebec	25,00
J. E. Burstall, Quebec	25,000
Wm. Power, Quebec	25,000
J. M. McCarthy, Quebec	25,000
J. A. Kilpatrick, Toronto	25,000
Mr. J. P. Cote, Quebec	25,000
E. L. Christie, Brandon, Man	25,000
Dr. W. Harvey Smith, Winnipeg	24,500
Sir J. A. M. Aikins, Winnipeg	20,000

Geo. Thompson, Quebec	20,000
Jefferson Caverley, Bowsman River, Man	20,000
J. Kobinson, Winnipeg	20,000
G. V. Hastings, Winnipeg A. J. Cotton, Harlington, Man.	20,000
A. J. Cotton, Harlington, Man.	20,000
	18,000
J. Pettegrew, Quebec	16,000
L. T. Ross, Ouchec	16,000
Mrs. M. A. Sharples, Que. J. T. Ross, Quebec Mr. C. Petigrew, Quebec Mr. J. Petigrew, Quebec	15,000
Mr. J. Petigrew, Ouebec	15,000
Mrs. Annie Smith, Winnipeg	15,000
J. Cole, Binscarth, Man	12,000
Mrs. Annie Smith, Winnipeg J. Cole, Binscarth, Man. Senator John Weeks, Massachusetts Dr. Emile Ostiguy, Mourreal	10,000
Dr. Emile Ostiguy, Montreal	10,000
Geo. Houldsworth, Brome, Que	10,000
P. McArthur, Winnipegosis, Man.	10,000
A. Macleay, Richmond, Que.	10,000
Dr. Emile Ostiguy, Montreal Geo. Houldsworth, Brome, Que. P. McArthur, Winnipegosis, Man. A. Macleay, Richmond, Que. Jas. Riddle, Richmond, Que.	10,000
	10,000
Miss M. O'Neill, Montreal R. T. Riley, Brandon, Man.	10,000
D. O. Lesperance, Quebec	20,000
J. P. Black, Montreal J. E. Livernois, Quebec	10,000
J. E. Livernois, Quebec	10,000
A. Legare, Quebec	10,000
Hon, Ph. Paradia, Quebec	10,000
M. Dobell, Quebec	10,000
A. Legare, Quebec Hon, Ph. Paradia, Quebec M. Dobell, Quebec L. Evans, Quebec Mrs. E. A. Ross, Vercheres, Que.	10,000
Mrs. E. A. Ross, Vercheres, Que	10,000
Bishop Parkin, Portneuf, Que.	10,000
Bishop Parkin, Portneuf, Que. E. Balcer, Three Rivers, Que. A. Babin, Portneuf, Que.	10,000
A. E. Martin, Megantic, Que,	10,000
A. E. Martin, Megantic, Que W. S. Bennett, Quebec	10,000
Geo, Davie, Quebec	10,000
Geo. Davie, Quebec H. Archibald, K.C., Winnipeg	10,000
F. E. Kenaston, Minneapolis	10,000
J. Breakey, Quebec	10,000
J. C. Godkin, Morden, Man	10,000
J. W. Scallion, Virden, Man	10,000
J. Breakey, Quebec J. C. Godkin, Morden, Man. J. W. Scallion, Virden, Man. J. E. Richmond, Winnipeg	10,000
A. E. Bullock, Brandon, Man	10,000
Geo. W. Allan, Winnipeg	10,000
Mrs. W. R. Campbell, Winnipeg	10,000
J. Douglas, Winnipeg	10,000
Wm. Harvey, Winnipeg Lou Caverley, Bowsman River, Man.	10,000
W. O. Randolph, Winnipeg	9,000
M. Astle, Matane, Oue,	8,000
W. O. Randolph, Winnipeg M. Astle, Matane, Que. Cliff Caverley; Bowsman River, Man.	8,000
P. A. S. Robertson, Gilbert Plains, Man.	8,000
W. T. Kennedy, Winnipeg Will Caverley, Bowsman River, Man. E. Forsythe, Hamiota, Man. Mrs. F. L. Ross, Quebec	8,000
Will Caverley, Bowsman River, Man	7,500
E. Forsythe, Hamiota, Man.	6,500
Mrs. F. L. Ross, Quebec	6,000
Lady Blanche Price. Quebec	6,000
A. M. Boyer, Montreal A. M. Lapierre, Ottawa, Ont R. J. Gourlay, Winnipeg A. C. Stewart, Westbourne, Man.	6,000
R I Gourlay Winning	6,000
A. C. Stewart Westbourne, Man	6,000
S. Bates, Portage la Prairie, Man.	6,000
S. Bates, Portage la Prairie, Man. Mme. Hermelinde Laflamme, Vercheres, Que.	5,500
	5,200
Mrs. A. E. Ball, Kenogami, Que. R. Dandurand, Montreal W. Campbell, Stanstead, Que. A. C. Skinner, Sherbrooke, Que.	5,000
R. Dandurand, Montreal	5,000
W. Campbell, Stanstead, Que	5,000
A. C. Skinner, Sherbrooke, Que.	5,000
W. H. Bridge, Shefford, Que M. J. Butter, Chambly, Que	
Dr I A Darche Sherbrooke Que	5,000
Mrs. E. Ives. Sherbrooke, Que,	5,000
H. W. Paige, Richmond, Que	5,000
Mr. J. Butter, Chambly, Que Dr. J. A. Darche, Sherbrooke, Que Mrs. E. Ives, Sherbrooke, Que H. W. Paige, Richmond, Que Mme. B. Grandbois, Portneuf, Que L. P. H. Grandbois, Portneuf, Que.	5,000
	5,000 1
E. A. Thornton, Portneuf, Que.	5,000
E. A. Thornton, Portneuf, Que F. R. Mooney, Megantic, Que J. O. Bourcier, Montreal	5,000
I. O. Bourcier, Montreal	5,000
Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Quebec	5,000
E. A. Winfield, Ouebec	5,000
R. F. Cream, Quebec E. A. Winfield, Quebec Daniel McGie, Quebec	5,000
wm. Dobell, Quebec	5,000
Dr. H. A. Casgrain, Quebec	5,000
L. M. Carter, Quebec A. Hutchison, Quebec	5,000
A. Hutchison, Quebec	5,000
A. L. Ross, Quebec.	5,000
J. C. McLimont, Quebec	5,000
J. H. Musson, K.C., Winnipeg J. F. Taylor, Stonewall, Man. Geo. Moir, Virden, Man. I. Latimer, Glenboro, Man.	5,000
Geo. Moir, Virden, Man	5,000
I. Latimer, Glenboro, Man.	5,000
F. I. Collver, Welwyn, Man	5,000
J. Riddell, Sr., Hamiota, Man.	5,000
J. Riddell, Sr., Hamiota, Man. T. Riddell, Hamiota, Man. F. T. Newton, Roblin, Man.	5,000
F. T. Newton, Roblin, Man.	5,000
E. Pearson, Minnedosa, Man. W. H. Johnstone, Westbourne, Man.	5,000
W. H. Johnstone, Westbourne, Man.	5,000
n. Shusher, Shoat Lake, Man	5,000
S. Christie, Gienboro, Man.	5,000
J. G. Kirkwood, Deloraine, Man.	5,000
Wm. Welkinson, Ruth, Man. A. Henton, Birnie, Man.	5,000
WY Y Compare IV II	01000
W. J. Stewart, Harlington, Man	5.000
W. I. Stewart, Harlington, Man F. M. Morgan, Winnipeg	5,000

(Continued on page 44.)

*TOTAL TRADE OF CANADA BY MONTHS.

IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF MERCHANDISE.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	8	8	8	\$
April	36,937,713	28,391,640	50,147.830	86,807,809
May	45,076,939	34,390,808	69,697,812	
June	45,750,793	35.324.739	66,399,538	
July	42,964,467	36.557,691	63,622,687	
August	44,390,603	40,806,865	72,331,114	
September	36,567,572	38,028,156	68,766,262	
October	35,113,730	39.515.144	71,196,252	
November	31,552,190	45,217,559	72,579,445	
December	30,392,913	45,690,721	67,900,534	
January	30,300,157	50,170,465	72,323,074	
February	35,912,910	51,654,968	68,030,469	
March	40,411,384	62,034,605	102,335,886	
Totals, Fiscal Years	455,371,371	507,783,361	845,330,903	

EXPORTS OF CANADIAN MERCHANDISE.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	\$	8	8	8
April	17,753,071	28,691,889	55,092,035	65,145,449
May	30,005,635	42,080,486	94,653,138	
une	28,000,200	42,805,846	95,635,862	
luly	41,807,648	45,590,038	104,964,270	
August	31 510,732	41,094,154	96,091,028	1
September	31,796,613	46,129,735	90,285,181	
October	45,883,422	80,038,582	85,312 175	
lovember	42,872,109	92,931,916	109,558,950	
December	37,193,609	92,171,402	130,037,174	
anuary.,	28,595,598	83,731,184	99,106 259	
ebruary	28,881,277	57,931,168	68.224,383	
March	45,118,922	88,414,238	122,415,313	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	409,418,836	741,610,638	1.151,375,768	1

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	8	8	8	8
April	662,190	2,584,685	809.061	1,795,814
May	2,885,528	1,440,434	1,175,211	
lune	2,611,309	4,552,656	2,490,104	
uly	8,507,322	2.916.682	1,590,422	
August	12,549,622	7,904,330	2,230,133	
September	8,747,481	7,586,147	1,986,218	
October	5,652,809	4,063,483	2,003,559	
November	3,370,152	1,504,177	2,243,423	
December	1,654,488	1,423,201	2,496,831	
anuary	1,371,732	1,715,862	3,445,807	
ebruary	1,240,624	831,865	3,254,865	
March	2,770,416	1,165,910	4.109,698	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	52,023,673	37,689,432	27.835.332	

TRADE OF CANADA WITH UNITED KINGDOM BY MONTHS.

IMPORTS	FOR	CONSUMPTION	OF	MERCHANDISE	FROM
		UNITED KI	NGD	OM.	

Months	¢i1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	8	\$	8	8
April	6.718,774	4,829,105	6,953,307	1
May		5,297,150	10,015,047	
lune		5.693.544	9,170,364	
uly		6,307,797	9,463,316	
ugust		6.315,225	9 699,705	
eptember		5,902,915	8,818,520	
ctober		5,688,293	8,506,096	
lovember		7,338,718	8,462,892	
ecember		6,243,327	8,112,981	1
anuary		7,327,255	9,455,133	
ebruary		6,978,123	8,139,966	
larch		9,449,230	10,273,854	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	90.083.178	77,370,682	107.071.181	

* Figures of the Department of Trade and Commerce.

TRADE OF CANADA WITH UNITED KINGDOM

BY MONTHS-Continued.

EXPORTS OF CANADIAN MERCHANDISE TO UNITED KINGDOM

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	\$	\$	\$	\$
April	7,000,680	18,192,655	35,847,117	
May	12,154,115	24,643,519	62,310,274	
une	8,636,470	21,783,968	61,850,279	
uly	18,026,788	22,739,381	71,317,030	
August	12.543.233	17,925,332	59,153,587	
September	12 752.854	22,189,301	55,804,371	
October	24,745,143	45,765,452	47,171,629	
November	22,150,800	59,584,272	70,141,525	
December	17.971.518	66,405,670	93.348.306	
anuary	12,686,992	59.236.993	65,987,895	
ebruary	14.301,759	34,445,583	42,590,593	
March	23 698,202	58,940,273	76,624,931	
Totals, Fiscal Years	186,668,554	451,852,399	742,147,537	

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE TO UNITED KINGDOM.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	8	\$	8	\$
April	43,676	42,153	280,260	
May	962,478	186 497	313.643	
June	671.9 5	2,060,035	1,135.051	
July	3,159,958	1,121,625	611,253	
August	8,358,515	2,125,681	1,425,947	
September	5.323.124	3,908,253	810.545	
October	3 128,638	592,942	961,527	
November	1.708 608	145,768	1,330,290	
December	698.363	353,252	1,595,448	
anuary	158,424	416,103	1,498,945	
	159,908	69.803	2.005,942	
February	715,547	206,730	1.954.671	······
March	110,041	200,750	1,304,0/1	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	25,089,164	11,228,842	13,923,522	1

TRADE OF CANADA WITH UNITED STATES BY MONTHS.

IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF MERCHANDISE FROM UNITED STATES.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	\$	\$	\$	\$
April	25.088.785	20.059.097	38,283,790	
May	28,421,096	24,683,167	52,543,423	
June	29,571,954	25,412,590	50,754,009	
July	26,894,617	25,989,742	48,370,692	
August	26,663,285	28,255,575	56,433,525	1
September	25,297,147	26,986,214	53,345,945	
October	23,346,870	28,381,750	56,081,018	
November	21,387,196	32,419,421	58,496,757	
December	20,037,155	34,449,039	53,917,608	
anuary	18,506,108	37,337,914	57,847,927	
February	23,505,889	38,945,968	53,517,508	
March	27,912,404	47,577,390	84,627,451	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	296,632,506	370,497,867	664,219,658	

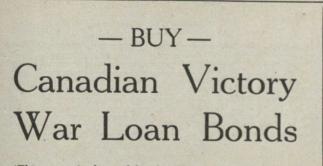
EXPORTS OF CANADIAN MERCHANDISE TO UNITED STATES

Months.	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-1918
	\$	\$	\$	\$
April	8,056,633	7,951,610	12,791,903	
May	14,156,947	12.256.886	22,871,262	
lune	14,934,723	13,914,300	21,729,722	
uly	18,746,186	16,589,893	23,458,183	
ugust	15.922.271	16,290,685	23,987,082	
eptember	16,242,895	18,410,017	22,814,216	
October	17,138,777	24,140,559	26,336,639	
ovember	16,468,038	22,540,375	29,008,668	
ecember	15.341,608	18,448,862	27,363,888	
anuary	11,225,623	15,200,296	22,026,268	
ebruary	10,601,127	15,315,328	16,826,311	
Iarch	14,485,388	20,047,677	31,402,188	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	173,320,216	201,106,488	280,616.330	

(Continued on Page 44)

November 30, 1917.

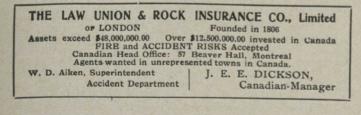
Toronto



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ATLAS SIMPLICITY FIRST is about as important in your life assurance as "Safety First," because a contract that is not simple to understand may not be safe for your particular purpose. The life assurance policy of the future must be an attractive and exactly worded contract, but above all CLEAR and SIMPLE — the new policy standard as set by The Sovereign Life Assurance Co. of Winnipeg THE DOMINION OF CANADA **GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT INS. CO.** Accident Insurance Sickness Insurance Plate Glass Insurance Burglary Insurance Automobile Insurance Guarantee Bonds The Oldest and Strongest Canadian Accident Insurance Company Montreal Winnipeg Calgary Vancouver Waterloo Mutual Fire Insurance Company **ESTABLISHED IN 1863** Head Office, Waterloo, Ont. ALLAN BOWMAN, Vice-President. BYRON E. BECHTEL, Inspector. **GBORGE** DIEBEL, President. L. W. SHUH, Manager.





Assurance Co	and the second of the second se		
The Company commenced busin and the following	ness in the figures she	e REIGN O	F GEORGE IH.
At the Accession of	Inco	ome	Funds
KING WILLIAM IV. QUBEN VICTORIA KING EDWARD VII	65 78 3,50 6,84	87,065 97,115 9865 0,670 6,895 30,685	\$ 800,605 3,038,380 4,575,410 11,185,405 15,186,090 20,730,010
In addition the Company has a Dollars (of whic Agents wanted in Head Office for Canada, MATTHEW C. HIN	unrepre 260 St.	00 is paid u sented dis James St	^{p).} tricts. t., MONTREAL

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY LIMITED (FIRE INSURANCE SINCE A.D. 1714) **Canada Branch** Montreal T. L. MORRISEY, Resident Manager North-West Branch Winnipeg THOS. BRUCE, Branch Manager MARTIN N. MERRY, General Agent TORONTO Agencies throughout the Dominion



Head Office, Canada Branch, MONTREAL Total Funds exceed \$32,000,000

FIRE RISKS accepted at current rates

S. Bruce Harman, 19 Wellington St. East

Bstablished A.D. 1720. Toronto Agents ..

43

TRADE OF CANADA WITH UNITED STATES BY MONTHS—Continued from Page 42.

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE TO UNITED STATES.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
A State of the second	. 8	8	8 -	\$
April	554,106	2,523,936	498,847	
May	704,925	804,121	694,465	
June	896,101	565,292	685,866	
uly	799 669	1,388,725	706,075	
August	1,560,373	4,562.614	739,633	
September	1,832,072	1,181,862	1,118,379	
October	1,052,813	1,022,692	977,307	
November	695,917	723,051	848,179	
December	688,024	842,645	825,913	
anuary	1,191,921	510,587	848,628	
Pebruary	1.071,741	702,873	895,969	
March	1,974,978	734,376	1,123,182	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	13,022,640	15,562,774	9,962,443	

TRADE OF CANADA WITH OTHER COUNTRIES BY MONTHS.

IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF MERCHANDISE FROM OTHER COUNTRIES.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-48
	8	8	. 8,	\$
April.	5,130,154	3,503,438	4,910,733	
lay	7,791,319	4,410,491	7,139,342	
une	6,935,605	4,218,605	6,475,165	
uly	7,005,560	4,260,152	5,788,679	
ugust	8,209,983	6,236,065	6,197,884	
eptember	4,138,121	5,139,027	6,601,797	
october	4,416,388	5,445,101	6,609,138	
lovember	4,291,140	5,459,420	5,619,796	
ecember	4,711,358	4,998,355	5,869.945	
anuary	5,101,494	5,505,296	5,020,014	
ebruary	5,393,267	5,730,877	6,372,995	
Iarch	5,531,298	5,007,985	7,434,581	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	68,655,687	59,914,812	74,040,069	1

EXPORTS OF CANADIAN MERCHANDISE TO OTHER COUNTRIES.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
and the second	8	8	8	8
pril	2,695,758	2,547,624	6,453,015	
Aay	3,694,573	5,180,081	9,471,602	
une	4,429,007	7.107.578	12,055,861	
uly	5,034 674	6,260,764	10,189,057	
ugust	3.045,228	6,878,137	12,950,359	
September	2,800,864	5,530,417	11,666,594	
Jctober	3,999,502	10,132,571	11,803,907	
November	4,253,271	10.807,269	10,408,757	
December	3,880,483	7.316,870	9,324,980	
anuary	4,682,983	9,293,895	11,092,096	
February	3,978,391	8,170,257	8,807,479	
March	6,935,332	9,426,288	14,388,194	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	49,430,066	88,651,751	128,611,901	

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE TO OTHER COUNTRIES.

Months	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18
	\$	8	8	8
April	64,408	18,596	29,954	
May	1,218,125	449,816	167,103	
June	1,043,283	1,927,329	669,187	
uly	4,547,695	406,332	273,094	
ugust	2,630,734	1,216,035	64.553	
September	1,592,285	2,496,032	57.294	1
October	1,471.358	2,447,849	64,725	
lovember	965,627	635,358	64,954	1
December	268,101	227,304	75,470	
anuary	21,387	789,172	1,098,234	
ebruary	8,975	59,189	352,954	
larch	79,891	224 804	1,031,845	
Totals, Fiscal Years.	13,911,869	10,897,816	3,949,367	

VICTORY LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS

(Continued from page 41.)

Eph. Orr, Minnedosa, Man \$	5,000
J. Todd, Winnipeg	5,000
W. R. Campbell, Winnipeg	5,000
N. H. Boyd, Winnipeg	5,000
Capt. D. N. Hill, Winnipeg	5,000
D. J. McDonald, Winnipeg	5,000
R. J. Clancey, Winnipeg	5,000
Chas. P. Wilson, Winnipeg	5,000
R. A. Rogers, Winnipeg	5,000
S. C. Richards, Winnipeg, Man	5,000
Briggs Caverley, Bowsman River, Man	2,000

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY'S SUBSCRIPTION

The National Trust Company, Limited, has subscribed \$3,500,000 to the Victory Loan. Of this \$3,000,000 is subscribed by the Toronto office and the remainder by the five other offices of the company.

VICTORY LOAN RESULTS UP TO LAST NICHT

The total subscribed to the Victory Loan up to last night, Thursday, was as follows :---

	Total. No.	subscribers.
Nova Scotia	\$10,514,150	21,874
New Brunswick	5,928,150	11,382
Prince Edward Island	1,344,000	3,314
Quebec	8,676,150	8,079
Montreal City and Island	45,236,000	27,761
Ontario		190,155
Manitoba	18,389,450	35,985
Saskatchewan	11,820,700	33,330
British Columbia	9,689,150	15,229
South Alberta	6,749,100	17,553
North Alberta	3,185,500	11,054
Totals	\$260,087,900	389,658

The Dominion total up to this morning, Friday, with every province except Ontario lagging in its returns is \$271,-227,350, dr \$38,772,650 short of the amount which Canada set out to obtain. There are only to-day and to-morrow to get that amount. Subscribers may telephone, telegraph, or mail their subscriptions up to midnight to-morrow, Saturday. All the banks in Canada will remain open until 6 p.m. to-morrow.

RAILROAD EARNINGS

November 7 November 14 November 21	Canadian Pacific 1916. \$3,031,000 3,051,000 2,084,000	Railway. 1917. \$3,204,000 3,575,000 3,565,000	Inc. or dec. + \$168,000 + 524,000 + 581,000
November 7 November 14 November 21	the states of the specific (Railway. \$1,287,185 1,305,511 1,266,711	+ \$ 42,226 + 21,610 + 64,420
November 7 November 14 November 21	Canadian Northern	n Railway. \$ 895,400 1,039,800 931,700	+ \$ 10,400 + 214,700 + 78,700

The article in our issue of November 23rd, under the heading "New Company Organized," under which the firm's name is given as "Lewis Apedante and Hanson," is an error; it should read Lewis Apedaile and Hanson.

Mr. J. C. Wilson, of Victoria, B.C., has been appointed manager of the Great-West Life Assurance Company in that city. Mr. Wilson was for many years with the Empire Loan Company, of Winnipeg. He is a member of the Hundred Thousand Club of the Great-West Life Assurance Company. November 30, 1917.

Elevator

Contract



You Look for Security Whether with the intention of taking out insurance or asso-

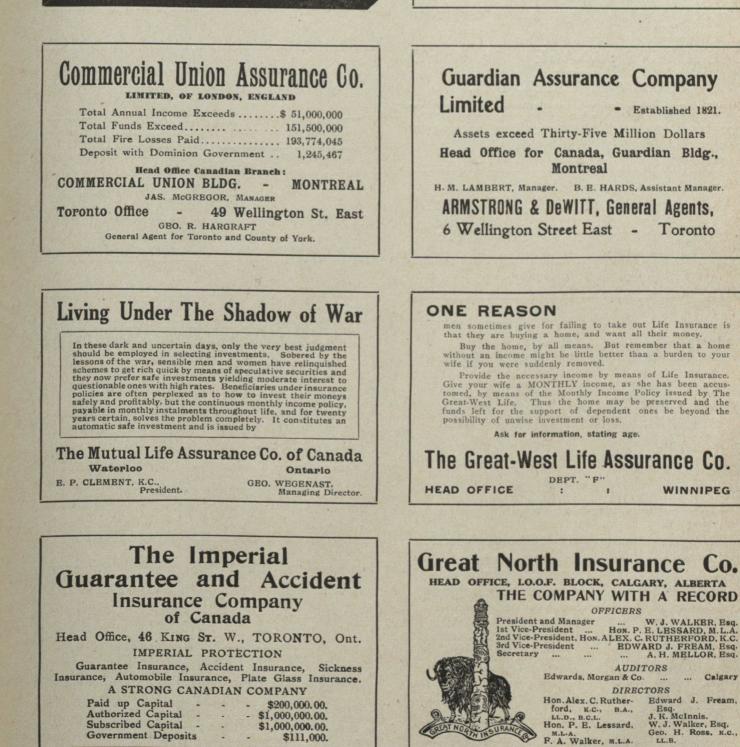
ciating yourself with some Company, you look for security. The latest figures emphasize the unexcelled financial position of this Company.

> Business in Force over.....\$59,600,000

These are reasons why the Company is known as

"SOLID AS THE CONTINENT"

North American Life Assurance Co. HEAD OFFICE TORONTO, ONT.



 Paid up Capital
 \$200,000.00.

 Authorized Capital
 \$1,000,000.00.

 Subscribed Capital
 \$1,000,000.00.

 Government Deposits
 \$111,000.

45

THE MONETARY TIMES

Volume 59.

The Standard Life As	ssurance Co. of Edinburgh
Established 1825. Head Of	fice for Canada: MONTREAL, Que,
Invested Funds\$ 66,500,0 Deposited with Cana- dian Government and Government Trust- ees, over	adian Branch, over\$ 16,000,000 Revenue, over



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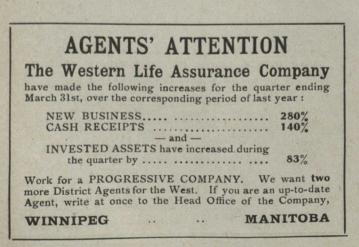
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	ed in both branch	nes. Apply to	
Agents want	ca m both branci		
Agents want			
Agents want		CD. PATERSON, PATERSON,	Managers

A BRITISH COMPANY UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED ESTABLISHED 1835 Head Office - HONGKONG General Manager C. MONTAGUE EDE

Head Office for Canada, 36 Toronto Street, Toronto Manager for Canada, C. R. DRAYTON

ASSETS OVER \$17,000,000

General Agents, Toronto - MUNTZ & BEATTY Fire, Marine and Automobile

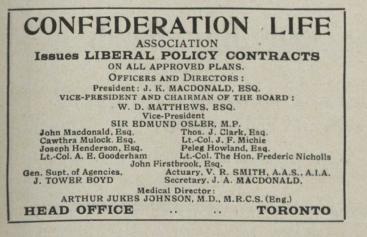


November 30, 1917.

THE MONETARY TIMES









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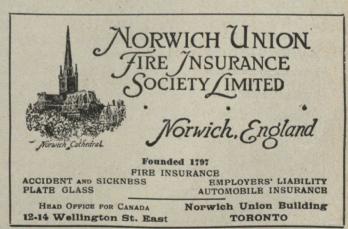




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SURPLUS TO POLICYHOLDERS, \$1,976,156.08 A Canadian Company Investing its Funds in Canada General Fire Insurance Business Transacted

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WINNIPEG