

# The Weekly Monitor

VOL. 43

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, MAY 26, 1915

NO 7

## ITALY'S NAVAL AND MILITARY STRENGTH

Italy brings as its contribution to the forces of the Triple Entente, an enormous army and a powerful navy. The peace strength of the army is estimated at 3,000,000 men; trained reserves of nearly 3,000,000 make a total war strength of about 3,300,000 men. This force is exclusive of the unorganized reserves of which there are in the neighborhood of 250,000 available.

A more conservative estimate puts Italy's strength as follows: Standing army, 253,360; trained reserves, 901,490; untrained reserves, 2,282,892. What force Italy is able to once to put in the field is not known outside the War Ministry at Rome, but should be in the neighborhood of one and a half millions. As the Italian army is thoroughly well trained, and contains some brilliant officers among the higher commands, it should be able to give a good account of itself.

The Italian navy comprises a total of 85 effective ships of all classes, with a personnel of 36,095 officers and men. The fleet is made up as follows: Battleships, 7; older battleships, 8; first-class cruisers, 2; second and third class, 15; gunboats, 5; destroyers, 46; torpedo boats, 75; submarines, 20.

Italy's biggest ship, the "G" (1), ranks with the most powerful battleships of the world. Her tonnage is 28,000, and she carries eight 15-inch guns. There are five battleships of over 20,000 tons displacement, and ten of over 10,000 tons. Three battleships are under construction.

In naval strength Italy ranks seventh among the world's Powers Austria Hungary, her principal antagonist in the conflict, being eighth.

## THE REPLY OF GERMANY WILL NOT BE READY FOR SEVERAL DAYS.

BERLIN, May 24.—Germany's reply to the American note will not be ready for several days. Officials of the foreign office are so occupied with the Italian developments that they have had no time to elaborate the draft of the note.

It is pointed out that the delay in the publication of the German reply will give an opportunity for the public to view the situation more dispassionately.

Moncton is having a building boom. It is anticipated that new buildings to the value of half a million dollars will be erected this year.

It is reported that Furness Withy Co will rebuild their shipping pier in Halifax with concrete at a cost of a quarter of a million dollars.

## FINANCIAL REPORT OF RIVERSIDE CEMETERY

Financial report of directors showing financial state of Corporation up to March 31st, 1915 with an account of receipts and expenses, respectfully submitted at annual meeting held on April 20th, 1915.

**RECEIPTS**  
By amount paid in during on subscription account . . . . \$ 7.00  
To total amount subscribed . . . . \$1917.00  
By amount paid in to date . . . . . 1699.00

To balance still due . . . \$ 218.00  
By balance on hand March 31, 1914, carried forward . . . . 291.94  
Amounts paid in, during year, annual assessments . . . . . 213.05  
Amount received at birthday party 1914 . . . . . 153.00  
Amount received at birthday party 1915 . . . . . 100.00  
Amount received at birthday party 1915, P. C. Pierce lot . . . . 100.00  
Amount received for perpetual care of lots . . . . . 360.00  
Amount received for sale of lots . . . . . 90.00  
Amount received for burials . . . . 63.00  
Amount received for debenture interest . . . . . 12.50  
Amount received from entertainments . . . . . 151.00  
Miscellaneous receipts . . . . . 71.18  
Total receipts . . . . . \$1613.27

**Disbursement Account, Including Amount on Deposit Receipts.**

Perpetual Care Fund:  
To cash paid Bank of Nova Scotia, Perpetual care fund . . \$ 460.00  
Cash paid labor and material . . . . . 698.04  
Total . . . . . 1158.04  
By cash on hand March 31, 1915 . . . . . \$ 455.23

Boston Post—Harry Brooks, ticket agent of the Yarmouth line, tells of a unique plan followed by royal subjects of the Czar in Boston who have been called for military service and who were unable to get back to Russia on the date specified. It seems that on account of the curtailed schedules on trans-Atlantic lines these reservists are not able to get to Russia; so they inform representatives of their government here and are then ordered to go to Canada and enlist in the British army. Many of them have gone from here by boat to Yarmouth or St. John, N. B.

## REBEKAH LODGE VISITED.

Autumn Leaf Rebekah Lodge Receives Official Visit.

On Saturday evening, May 22nd, Autumn Leaf Rebekah Lodge held a special session to meet Mrs. T. W. Baker, of Woodstock, N. B., Vice President of the Rebekah Assembly of the Maritime Provinces. Although called on Saturday evening, with its numerous other attractions, the members attended in good numbers and a pleasant evening was spent. The degree work was put on in good style after which Mrs. Baker gave a very pleasing address, congratulating the staff and stating that there was as good talent in Autumn Leaf as in any Lodge she had visited in the Maritime Provinces. Miss Harriett Smith of St. John, was also present and addressed the Lodge. After speeches by members of Local Lodge, ice cream and cake were served, and the gathering dispersed shortly before midnight.

## ENTERTAINMENT FOR 25TH BATTALION.

Much interest is being shown in supplying the men of the 25th Nova Scotia Battalion with entertainment while they are crossing to the front. Wednesday morning the Halifax Chronicle suggested that a gramophone and records would be acceptable. The response was instant and generous. A gramophone and records came in. Early in the morning the records began to arrive and by 6 p. m. 200 were at the Chronicle office ready to be forwarded to the men of the 25th.

## ALDERSHOT MITTIA CAMP.

Kentville Advertiser—The 40th Regiment is now in full force at Camp Aldershot and are settling down to hard training. There are about 1500 officers and men including 200 extra volunteered for early duty. The men are a fine class and show up well in their training. They report the duties are pretty strenuous, it being likely that these men will be drilled hard for a much shorter time than the first or second contingent, and be placed at the front within many months delay.

The Italians have a powerful navy. They have four of the most powerful Dreadnoughts in the world, two just ready for sea, and four building. There are six battleships, 9 armored cruisers, and 12 light cruisers, besides destroyers and submarines.

Ten submarines for Great Britain will be ready for commission July 1st. They are being built at Quincy, Mass., but are not to be delivered until after the war.

## THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

### Italy Has Declared War Against Austria—Roumania Negotiating with the Allies

ROME, May 24, via Paris, May 23.—Contemporaneously with the issuance of the general mobilization order the Italian Government today officially announced that war had been declared against Austria-Hungary.

ROME, May 24, via Paris—Italy is at war with Austria-Hungary. With the issuance of the general mobilization order, the Italian Government issued a proclamation declaring war on Austria which will begin tomorrow.

Prior to this, and after a lengthy consultation, the Ministers of War and of Marine proclaimed all the Provinces bordering on Austria, and the islands and coast towns of the Adriatic in a state of war, which was equivalent to the establishment of martial law, the step usually preceding the formal declaration.

### CHEERED THE MINISTERS

Although the drastic action has been looked for momentarily, Italians of all classes have been electrified by the swiftly moving events. Early this morning great crowds gathered around the Quirinal to await the Ministers who called on the King for the purpose of discussing the situation and signing decrees.

LONDON, May 25.—A despatch to the Daily Chronicle from Bucharest says: "The Roumanian Government is negotiating with the Allies. King Ferdinand has reviewed the Army. Great enthusiasm prevails."

LONDON, May 24.—"Austrian and Italian forces are facing each other, at some places only a half mile apart," says the Geneva correspondent of the Daily Express. "The forces at the front are estimated at a million men on each side."

"The Austro-German Headquarters Staff has arrived at Trent, and the Austrians have mounted artillery in the Stelvio Pass, which is still covered with snow. A continuous stream of troops from the Tyrols are arriving near the Swiss-Italian frontier."

### WAR BRIEFS

It is not at all intended by Great Britain to imitate the Germans in using asphyxiating gases. The War Office has appealed for respirators for the use of the soldiers and the women of England are nobly responding to the appeal.

A Montreal lady who has a property in Sydney has donated her residence there called "Dumbro," as a military convalescent hospital. She is also to equip and maintain it herself. There will be accommodations for about fifty beds, and the hospital will be ready by the end of this month.

Britain has prohibited the importation of raw cotton in any European country excepting the Allies, lest it should reach Germany. The reason is that cotton is used in manufacture of explosives.

An Austrian prisoner, on his way to a detention camp, attempted to escape at Bonaventure Station, Montreal, and was shot by his guards.

The Elfriede, believed to be the last German ship free in the Pacific, was caught by a British Warship.

Sir William Ramsey, a noted British Scientist, has had his name erased from the list of honorary members of the German Medical Society, Berlin, because he criticized German methods and German science.

Brigadier General Hill, commanding troops in the Dublin District, has forbidden the sale of intoxicating drinks to soldiers and sailors.

One of the first concessions of Russia to Poland, is to allow the restoration of the Polish language in elementary and secondary non state schools and colleges. This is the beginning of the fulfilment of promises.

The Maharaja of Nepal, Sir Chandra Shum Shere Jung, has made a personal gift of thirty-one machine guns to Britain. This is the same man who at the beginning of the war offered the whole of his military resources.

The British Fair, May 10th, gave British manufacturers opportunity to show that they can make goods to take the place of articles heretofore made generally in Germany.

The Count of Crawford has joined the Royal Army Medical Corps as a private, and has gone to the front as a Stretcher Bearer.

John S. Sargent has offered to paint a portrait in oils for the Red Cross work, if £10,000 would be promised for it. Sir Hugh Lane has accepted the offer, but is willing to give up the picture if somebody will give more.

The Times publishes the names of many prominent Germans, now British citizens who have expressed their abhorrence of German methods of warfare and their devotion to Great Britain, the land of their adoption.

Dr. Warren A. Dakin, of Regina, son of the late Dr. Dakin of Pugwash, one of the five Sask. doctors recently selected to go to the front, is a cousin of Roger Ray and his brothers of Upper Granville.

The New York World brands as a "calculated untruth" Dr. Dennburg's amazing statement that the Lusitania was a "British Military Cruiser, a Man-of-War."

Wales has contributed 80,000 men to the new British army. An average of 300,000 letters and 18,000 parcels cross the English Channel every day for the soldiers at the front. The New York Sun says somebody should prevent the German Ambassador Bernstorff from lecturing the American Government, or he will be liable to do further mischief. Bread riots in Austrian coast towns have resulted in the killing of hundreds.

## CHILDREN RENDER PATRIOTIC CONCERT IN RECREATION HALL.

A splendid patriotic entertainment under the direction of Miss Elena Goldsmith was given in the Recreation Hall on Thursday evening last.

The performers were all young, but all took their parts in a manner which reflected much credit to themselves and their instructor. The stage was appropriately decorated for the occasion with flags, and Mr. A. F. Hiltz acted as chairman.

The numbers were all well rendered but several are deserving of special mention. The honors of the evening were carried off by little Miss Thelma Eagleson. This winsome little six-year showed remarkable talent in the manner in which she handled the mouth-organ. Her rendering of "Annie Laurie" and "Home, Sweet Home" as she stood with perfect ease and composure, and making a picture of childish innocence and grace, would have done credit to a much older performer.

The chorus and tableau, "Tenting Tonight," with Miss Reta Marshall taking the solo, and a number of boys and girls grouped around the campfire was an enjoyable number. A dialogue by Misses Ethel Craig, Anna Marshall and Pearl and Flora Cole was given in a very realistic manner. A chorus and drill was also well rendered.

Overeigheten dollars was cleared for patriotic purposes.

## DEATH OF MRS. CHARLES FRASER.

Mrs. Charles Fraser of Prinecedale passed away on Monday morning, May 24th, after an illness of over three years.

An only son died very suddenly and the shock brought on heart trouble which with grief over her loss caused her death.

Mrs. Fraser was sixty-four years of age, and had lived her entire married life in Prinecedale. She had been a member of the Baptist Church over thirty years, and was known to the entire community. Her many acts of kindness and ready sympathy will long be remembered, not only in the home circle but by the hosts of friends.

She was the oldest of the ten children of Mr. and Mrs. Alcorn, of Bear River, the remaining seven brothers and two sisters are all living. A husband and one daughter, Mrs. Forrest Connell of Bridgetown, are left to mourn their loss. Burial will take place at Clementsvalle on Wednesday afternoon.

Yarmouth Herald—It was an inspiring sight to any loyal Yarmouthian to witness on Saturday the large shipment of cotton duck going forward to Boston en route to wide portions of the world. They were for London, England; Dunbar, South Africa; Yokohama, Japan; Guayaquill, Ecuador; Cartagena, Spain; and Maracaibo, Venezuela. Thus Yarmouth's name is carried into these distant ports, in place of our ships that used this commodity to a large extent in years gone by. The total value of the canvas was \$15,601.

Efforts are being made to restore the oyster beds of the Maritime Provinces of their former productiveness. A company at Shemogue has planted twenty-two acres of oysters and fifteen acres of clut at a cost of over \$10,000. A dredge, 60 feet long, which will cost \$6,000, is also being built by this company. The value of the oyster output in New Brunswick in 1913 was \$55,434.

The crop reports from the West are very encouraging. This promises to be a year of large production in Canada. The world needs the crop and Canada needs the money.



## Courteous Service

Customers of this bank appreciate the constant courtesy they meet in our office. There is no need for the inexperienced to fear "red tape," and women clients may feel assured of our willing attention to their banking requirements.

Opening a Savings Account is a simple matter. All you have to do is bring your money; we are glad to do the rest, whether your deposit be large or small.

Capital \$ 6,000,000  
Surplus - - - - - 15,000,000  
Total Resources over - - 90,000,000

## The Bank of Nova Scotia

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH  
J. S. Lewis, Manager

## OBITUARY

MRS. WILLIAM DIMOCK.

The death of Mrs. William Dimock, senior, occurred at the home of her son William in Newton, Mass., on Thursday, May 20th, after an illness of over two years, in the 83rd year of her age.

The deceased was born in Milton, Queens County, her maiden name being Susanna Dexter.

Some fifteen years ago Mrs. Dimock's husband purchased the Ruffee farm at the eastern end of the town, and with their son William lived there for three years. After her husband's death which occurred in 1903, as the result of a fall from a load of hay, Mrs. Dimock with her son removed to Massachusetts, where she has since lived. She is survived by two sons and one daughter, viz.: Messrs. William and Alexander Dimock of Newton, Mass., and Miss Minetta Dimock of Liverpool, N. S.

The body was brought to Bridgetown last Saturday and was interred beside her husband in the Riverside cemetery.

## TWO HEROES WHO GAVE LIVES FOR THE EMPIRE.

(Kentville Advertiser.)

Word was received unofficially at Wolfville on Sunday that two undergraduates who volunteered early in the war and went with the First Contingent had been killed in action in France. The two are E. Fletcher Fletcher, son of Rev. M. E. Fletcher of St. John, Secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, and Fred. Bagwell of Prince Edward Island.

Both these young men were of exemplary character and their early death has cast a deep gloom here as well as in their homes. No particulars have yet arrived as to where and when they yielded up their lives. Mr. Fletcher was in the ambulance corps. He is well known here at Kentville being a member of the Kentville Baptist Church.

It is understood that the Provincial Government intend spending many thousands of dollars on road improvement this season. This news will be hailed with gratification by the many motorists throughout the Province. It is believed that many miles of highways will be rebuilt or resurfaced and miles of sand and clay roads will be put in first class condition.

## Penman's Balbriggans

Stand for Coolness and Comfort

---

**PENMAN'S MERINO SHIRTS AND DRAWERS** afford the same to those who require warmth

**GENTS' HALF-HOSE 8c UPWARDS**

---

Call and see the "Winged-Foot" Sox. 13c.  
Every pair branded, only

---

"CRAFTANA" black Cashmere with five-thread heels and toes  
"SILKALINE" very fine and cool  
**GENTS SILK SCARVES, only 23c**  
**GENTS BRACES "Eze" and "President"** none better or "ezier"  
**Boy's Braces, Sweaters and Shirt Waists**  
**MENS OVERALLS, only 90c pair.** None such elsewhere

**MEN'S WHITE HANDKERCHIEFS, hemmed stitched 5 cents each**  
**MEN'S WHITE LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, hemmed stitched 13 cents each**  
**MEN'S and BOYS' FANCY COLORED HANDKERCHIEFS, hemmed stitched 6 cents upwards**

---

**MY AIM: "The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number"**

---

SATURDAYS—8.00 a. m. until 12. noon; 1.00 p. m. until 8.00 p. m.  
OTHER DAYS—Close promptly at 6.00 p. m.

IT WILL SAVE YOU CASH to make a mental note of my business hours

---

**WALTER SCOTT, The "Keen Kutter"**  
Granville Street The Royal Bank Building (Next Door to Public Telephone Station) Bridgetown

## Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital Paid up - - \$11,560,000  
Reserve Funds - - 13,575,000

---

**Savings Department** Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

---

**Joint Account** An account in the name of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

---

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown  
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown  
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.

K O D A K S A F E T Y ▲ F I L M +

Children Cry for Fletcher's

**CASTORIA**

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Valley Planing Mills

Building Material, Finish Door, Sash and Mouldings

A. W. ALLEN & SON

MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

The War Campaign for Total Abstinence

Never in any year of the world's history has there been so much said or written, never has such strong action been taken against the sale and use of alcohol for beverage purposes as within the past twelve months. And today as never before are the people open to conviction on this question. What an opportunity for churches and temperance organizations to promote total abstinence!

Within a fortnight we have received letters from the President of the Methodist Conference, the Rev. G. W. Glendon; the Bishop of the Diocese of Antigonish, the Rev. Dr. James Morrison; the President of the United Baptists of the Maritime Provinces, the Rev. W. F. Parker; the Archbishop of the Church of England, Rev. Dr. Worrell; and the Moderator of the Presbyterian Synod, Rev. D. McDonald, and they all approve of the movement for promoting total abstinence from alcoholic liquors as a beverage during the war.

Action has been taken throughout the Diocese of Antigonish, and Bishop Morrison writes: "Nothing will afford me greater pleasure than to know this movement shall have become universal." The Church of England has taken action in line with the resolution passed in April by the House of Bishops as follows: "The Bishops of the Church of England in Canada strongly recommend all members of the Church throughout the Dominion to abstain entirely from the use of alcoholic liquors as a beverage during the present war, and also to refrain from treating others."

For a week or ten days, beginning on Sunday, the 23rd, many churches and temperance societies which have not already taken action will, it is hoped, enter upon this work and persuade hundreds and thousands to become total abstainers. Let us unite heartily in this movement for the sake of the victims of drink, for the safeguarding of the youth and for the welfare of all.

H. R. GRANT, Gen. Secy. N.S.T. Alliance, New Glasgow, May 15, 1915.

Does Drink Help Business

To the Editor—If any of your readers think that drink helps business let him listen to the words of Ex Governor Glenn of N.

Carolina in a speech delivered at Raleigh in 1913.

He said, "Three months ago I was in the capital of Kansas talking to Governor Stubbs. I said 'Governor you are reported as saying that in Kansas there are fifty seven counties out of one hundred and five with not an inmate in the poorhouse; twenty four counties with not an idiot; twenty one counties with not a convict; thirty six with no inmates in the reformatory; fifty two with not a single person in the jails; ninety six counties with not an inebriate; sixteen counties with not an insane person, not a boy or girl in the reformatory, not an idiot in the county.' 'Yes' said Governor Stubbs, 'I said it and I say something more. We have the lowest taxes of any State in the Union. Our people are better fed and clothed than ever before. They have more money in the banks; there is less crime than in any state in the Union except N. Carolina and I attribute seventy five per cent of our peace and prosperity in Kansas to the driving out of this monster evil from our midst and to our enforcing prohibition laws.' The facts stated above seem so incredible when compared with conditions in our own country that many say they don't believe it, but there is not the slightest doubt of the Governor's statements. Kansas is the only state in the world that is out of debt."

H. ARNOTT, M.B., M.C.P.S.



SHOES FOR EVERY SPORT AND RECREATION Sold by all good Shoe Dealers Worn by every member of the family

A BRITISH HYMN.

(Written by Rev. R. P. Downes, LL.D., Vicar of Selby Abbey, Yorkshire, England.)

Tune: "Melita."

God of our fathers, at whose call We now before Thy footstool fall; Whose grace has made our Empire strong

Through love of right, and hate of wrong; In this dark hour we plead with Thee For Britain's cause on land and sea.

Not for the lust of war we fight, But for the triumph of the right; The strife we hate is on us thrust; Our aims are pure, our cause is just; So strong in faith we plead with Thee For Britain's cause on land and sea.

Asleep beneath Thine ample dome, With many a tender dream of home; Or charging in the dust and glare, With war-bolts hurrying through the air; In this dark hour we plead with Thee For Britain's cause on land and sea.

If wounded in the dreadful fray, Be Thou their comfort and their stay; If dying, may they in their pain Behold the Lamb for sinners slain; In this dark hour we plead with Thee For Britain's cause on land and sea.

And soon, O Blessed Prince of Peace, Bring in the days when war shall cease; And men and brothers shall unite To fill the world with love and light; Meanwhile, O Lord, we plead with Thee For Britain's cause on land and sea.

"TYPHOID MARY" BREAKS HER PAROLE.

(Issued by the Department of the Public Health, Nova Scotia.)

As the result of an epidemiological investigation conducted by the Typhoid Fever Division of the Bureau of Infectious Diseases into the recent outbreak of typhoid fever in the Sloane Hospital for Women, the source of infection has been found to be none other than the well-known bacillus carrier, Mary Mallon, popularly nicknamed "Typhoid Mary."

It will be recalled that this carrier was originally discovered in 1907 by Soper, who was able to trace her association with some twenty-five cases of typhoid fever in the homes of those where she had worked as a cook. These facts having been brought to the attention of the Department of Health, Mary was taken to the reception hospital and detained as a person whose continuance at large would be a menace to the community. Two applications for release made in her behalf to the courts were denied, the court holding that the Department of Health was fully within its rights in thus preventing further infection.

Subsequently, in 1910, Mary was released on her promise not again to hire out as cook and to use all precautions to prevent the occurrence of typhoid infections. She soon broke her parole, and at once results were disastrous; two cases of typhoid fever in a private sanatorium where she was employed. She came to the Sloan Hospital in October, 1914, and there followed in January and February of this year an outbreak of twenty-five cases of typhoid fever among the physicians and nurses attached to the institution. The history of "Typhoid Mary" gives point to the new sections of the Sanitary Code which forbid persons ill with infectious diseases to engage in the handling of foods sold to the public. It also emphasizes the importance of personal cleanliness, for, disgusting as it is, there is no doubt as to the probable path of infection.

This dangerous carrier has again been apprehended and is detained by the Department of Health at Riverside Hospital on North Brother Island. Weekly Bulletin, New York City Department of Health, April 3, 1915.

First Dose Ends Indigestion, Heartburn, Or Gas On Stomach

The question as to how long you are going to continue suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order stomach is merely a matter of how soon you begin taking Tonoline Tabs.

People with weak stomachs should take Tonoline Tablets occasionally, and there will be no more indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach, no heartburn, sour risings, gas on stomach, or belching of undigested food, headaches, dizziness or sick stomach; and besides, what you eat will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. All these symptoms resulting from a sour, out-of-order stomach and dyspepsia are generally relieved five minutes after taking Tonoline Tablets.

Go to your druggist and get a \$1.00 box of Tonoline Tablets and you will go to the table with a hearty appetite, what you eat will taste good, because your stomach and intestines will be clean and fresh and you will know there are not going to be any more bad nights and miserable days for you. Tonoline tabs freshen you and make you feel like life is worth living.

Tonoline Tablets cost \$1.00 for a 50 days' treatment. At druggists or mailed by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

Middleton

Fred Croaker of Acadia College, came home last week.

Miss Ella Kaulback spent the week-end with Miss Evangeline Young.

Hon. A. P. Welton of Kingston Village was in Middleton last week.

Miss Jean Borden of Canada, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. F. S. Messenger.

Mrs. J. A. Sponagle and Miss Edith have gone to Mt. Allison for the closing.

Dr. O. A. Parker, accompanied by Dr. Sopher and Dr. A. C. Fales, left on a fishing trip, south of Annapolis Royal last week.

Much sympathy is felt for Mrs. C. N. Roop in the sudden death of her mother, Mrs. MacLeod, Mr. and Mrs. Roop left for Shelburne on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Phinney of Victoria announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gertrude to Frederick Hamilton Manning of Falmouth, N. S., the wedding takes place June 8.

W. L. Magee has accepted a position with the Burt Hardware Company at Woodstock, N. B., Mrs. Magee expects to go the first of June. Their friends of Middleton will be sorry to see them leave.

Miss Marion Simpson of Wolfville who is teaching in Alberta has been awarded the Strathcona prize for proficiency in physical drill. Her school was one of seventy in the competition. Miss Simpson has also been offered an increase of salary if she will retain the school for another year.

MELVERN SQUARE.

May 24.

Mrs. George Brown has returned from a pleasant trip to Boston, Mass.

Our teacher, Miss Staples spent the week-end with friends in Aylesford.

Mrs. Ada Nichols of Lawrencetown is visiting friends in Melvern Square.

Miss Kathleen Kenyon is enjoying a pleasant visit with friends in Boston.

Mr. Kenneth McNeil motored to Windsor on Friday afternoon of last week.

The Misses Muriel Lantz and Georgie Brown spent the week-end at their respective homes in Melvern.

Mrs. Effie Copeland, who has been spending the winter in Boston, has returned to her home in Melvern.

Mr. Rogers of Montreal was the guest at the home of Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. McNeil during the past week.

Mrs. H. L. Bustin returned to Truro on Saturday, after spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. Jacques.

Mrs. D. M. Outhit has returned from a pleasant trip to Lawrencetown, where she has been visiting friends in that town.

Mrs. J. P. Morse and sister-in-law, Mrs. D. M. Outhit, left for Wolfville on Saturday, where they will attend the closing exercises at Acadia.

Mr. L. L. Chute has his new butcher's wagon completed, and started in the meat business last week. With Messrs. Bowly and Chute, Melvern will be pretty well supplied with fresh meat during the summer months.

Miss Hortense Spurr left on Wednesday last for a few weeks' visit in Boston, where she will be present at the graduation of her sister, Miss Harriette Spurr at the Gordon Training School which event is to take place early in June.

The Rev. A. E. Wheeler and family accompanied by the Rev. Mr. Gage and family of Margareville, leave on Tuesday of this week for Kingsport, where they will spend a month's vacation. No doubt they will enjoy the pleasant outing, during the "merry month of June."

The Melvern Choral Club, under the leadership of Prof. Morse, gave an excellent concert in the Baptist Church last Tuesday evening. Owing to very unfavorable weather the audience was small, but those who braved the storm were well satisfied with the evening's entertainment, the program being well chosen, and select. This closes the Choral Club for the winter, and we trust the young singers, especially, have received much benefit by their winter's training, in melody, time and rhythm.

SPA SPRINGS.

May 24.

Mrs. G. ace Mulhall of Lawrencetown spent last week with Mrs. James Reagh.

Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Fitz Randolph of Williamston, spent Thursday with Mrs. Mary Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Dodge of Melvern were recent visitors at Mr. George O'Neal's.

Miss Hazel Woodbury spent the Victoria holiday with her sister Mrs. Edgar Foster at North Kingston.

Mrs. Mary Veinot and daughter of Hemsford, Queens County visited their cousin Mrs. James Woodbury last week.

Owing to the frequent rains the farmers are greatly behind with their spring work. No ploughing or planting has been done yet.

Lawrencetown

Miss Leck is spending a few days with friends at Sheffield Mills.

Mr. Elvin Shaffner has recently purchased a Maxwell auto.

Miss Ina Durling of West Paradise has been the guest of Mrs. Sanford.

Leonard Mellick is spending a few days with his friend, Louis Stoddart.

A large number of our young people are celebrating Victoria Day by fishing at Albany.

Rev. H. G. Mellick spent last week in Albany fishing. He did not mention his "catch."

Mr. Roy Whitman and children of Bridgetown are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Whitman.

Cady Palfrey of Kentville is spending the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Walter Palfrey.

Miss Marguerite West of Canning is spending the week-end with her mother Mrs. Laura West.

Mrs. (Capt.) Brown of Margareville has returned to her home after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Bishop.

Rev. H. G. Mellick and wife, Dr. J. B. Hall, Miss Muriel Bishop and Miss Myrna Stoddart are attending the closing exercises at Wolfville.

On Thursday evening an ice cream social under the auspices of the Epworth League will be held on the lawn of the Methodist parsonage.

Miss Fanny Balcom and her brother Claude of Halifax are spending a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Balcom, also their sister Mrs. F. B. Bishop.

We are glad to see so many new bicycles which afford splendid recreation for the boys, but it is suggested that they avoid wheeling on the sidewalk, as accidents may result.

Mr. Johnson Durling of Tupperville, and his son Mr. Harry Durling and wife, of New London, Connecticut, also E. A. Pearson of Union Square, were guests of Mrs. E. A. Phinney on Sunday.

Another honor has come to a Lawrencetown bred man, R. P. Richardson, now Principal of the Kelowna Schools, has received the degree B. A. from Queens University, Toronto. In the final examinations Mr. Richardson stood high.

Mrs. C. S. Balcom is preparing her class of Primary S. S. scholars for graduation and promotion into the Junior Department. It is hoped that all elementary teachers in the County will grade their classes systematically this year, so that a report of the advancement in the work may be presented at the annual County convention which meets at South Farmington.

FALKLAND RIDGE.

May 24.

Harold Mason left, on the 21st for Truro.

Milford Stoddart made a business trip to Nictaux the 23rd.

Mrs. D. Lohnes of Riverport is the guest of Mrs. W. L. Sproule.

Little Alice Cain, who has been under the doctor's care is improving.

Mrs. Ida Cain of Waltham, Mass., is home on a visit to her parents Mr. and Mrs. John McMullen.

Mr. David Starratt and Mrs. Emerson Wagner and little daughter Mildred spent the 21st at East Dalhousie. Miss Helen Mason and Cedric Scofield are spending the week-end with Mrs. Richard Trotheway of Riverdale.

Mrs. Bertha Woodbury of Torbrook, has been spending a few days, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. James Sproule, and her father Jacob Stoddart.

In the afternoon of May 21st a number of parents met at the school house where a special programme on "Empire Day" was given by our teacher Miss A. Ritchie assisted by the pupils consisting of singing, readings and patriotic flag exercises.

The Ottawa Citizen has recently been added to the honorable list of the Canadian daily papers that refuse liquor advertisements and also exclude the announcements of patent medicines. Of course, this means a large financial sacrifice, but the Citizen will undoubtedly gain greatly in the general esteem of the best people of the community.

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?

Do colds settle on your chest or in your bronchial tubes? Do coughs hang on, or are you subject to throat troubles? Such troubles should have immediate treatment with the rare curative powers of Scott's Emulsion to guard against consumption which so easily follows.

Scott's Emulsion contains pure cod liver oil which peculiarly strengthens the respiratory tract and improves the quality of the blood; the glycerine in it soothes and heals the tender membranes of the throat. Scott's is prescribed by the best specialists. You can get it at any drug store. Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

Spray! Spray! Spray!

Have you examined your pump to see that it is in good order?

We will have in stock an assortment of Spraying Accessories consisting of

Spramoter Pumps  
Nozzles, Hose  
Bamboo Rods  
Connections, Stopcocks  
Discs, Washers, etc

We also have in stock

Arsenate of Lead in "Paste" and "Corona Dry"

SHAFFNERS Ltd. LAWRENCETOWN



Follow the Flag

Britain's Supremacy for the past two decades is nowhere more fully revealed than in the High Standard of her Manufacturers—the application of Scientific Principles to Industrial Productivity.

And in no one product is this better exemplified than in

Brandram's B.B. Genuine White Lead

It is the Supreme Standard for all white leads in the British Empire—wherever the Union Jack flies—in fact, the Standard of the World.

Brandram's B. B. Genuine is the Finest, Whitest and most Durable White Lead ever produced by any process.

Ask your Dealer about this lead or write us Direct.

BRANDRAM HENDERSON

Cash or Easy Terms

—Do not let lack of ready cash prevent you from owning a piano while the extraordinary bargains of our Factory Piano Sale are available.

—Select the piano you like best and we will make the terms of payment just what you want them to be—with the highest possible allowance for your old piano if you desire an exchange.

—Our forty-four year record of fair dealing is your guarantee as to the quality of the pianos and the genuineness of the reductions.

—Don't let this opportunity slip by. Write NOW for description of the beautiful instrument illustrated in the cut, which we will ship freight paid to your nearest railway station at the price stated on whatever terms suit your convenience.



N. H. Phinney & Co.

Head Offices—Lawrencetown Branches Throughout Nova Scotia



**Mother Knows**  
"just how" to make a really nice cup of Tea ---no one better.



Let her combine her skill with the unusually rich flavor of KING COLE TEA. Not a doubt about the result.

"You'll like the flavor."

## Great Cities of the World

### MOSCOW

Until Peter the Great founded the city which he named after himself on the banks of the Neva, Moscow was the sole capital of Russia, but although it is not now the official centre of the Empire, it does not lack distinction. Are not the czars crowned there, and do they not consider it essential that they should visit the city at least twice a year? The trade and manufacturing industries are important. It is thoroughly Russian, being bound up with the country's history and traditions, and the people look upon it as the holy or White Mother city. Pilgrims flock to it; shrines at which they may worship abound. Then, where else in the land can the Kremlin be rivalled? This old fort, with its triangular red brick wall, contains a number of remarkable edifices, many of which are churches.

There is, for example, that grotesque building, the Church of Saint Basil the Blessed, named after a half mad holy man who lived near. It is an architectural freak, without unity in design or coloring. It has a dozen cupolas, no two of which are alike. One resembles a sea-green pineapple, another is shaped like a huge melon; in a third one can trace a likeness to an onion. The color scheme—which isn't a "scheme" at all, as far as one can tell—is as fantastic as the construction. One dome is stripped yellow and green, another is pink and green, while a spire presents a brilliant combination of gilt, red and green. In truth, there are all the colors of the rainbow.

Almost in the centre of the Kremlin is the Bell Tower of Ivan the Great, at the bottom of which stands the Czar Kokokol, the King of Bells, the largest in the world. It weighs over 200 tons and was broken before it ever sounded. Ascend the dark, winding staircase of the tower and you find yourself among numerous bells ranging in size from the giant of sixty-five tons to a little silver one as small as your hand. If you have the patience and the skill to puzzle out the Slavonic inscriptions you will find that every one of these sounding pieces of metal has a human story connected with it. Most of them have been hung there as thankofferings for special blessings that have been vouchsafed people of days gone by.

Climbing still higher, you come to a balcony above the bells, which commands a splendid view of the city. Far below the River Moskva winds and twists through the valley like a silvery serpent. The sun, if it be shining, intensifies the color that has been thrown on with such a lavish hand. Green tiled towers, pink-walled palaces, white cathedrals and golden domes form a dazzling scene. As you gaze, you are inclined to take literally the Russian proverb which says that in Moscow there are forty times forty churches.

Moscow is picturesque, its buildings possessing a peculiar charm, not because they follow any particular style, but because they are infinitely diversified. The streets partake of the general irregularity, and are mostly narrow and crooked, with many blind alleys among them.

Easter, which is a great festival all over Russia, is observed with particular ceremony in Moscow. Pilgrims come from far and wide to be at the Kremlin on that day. A vast throng gathers on the hilltop before midnight, which ends the long Lenten fast, and a motley crowd it is. The noble in his rich garments rubs shoulders with the peasant in his sheepskin coat; the tourist, who has come mostly out of curiosity, is wedged in between the most devout worshippers. All is darkness, till at length a tiny light flashes, then the big bell, that is rung only at Christmas and Easter, booms out three times. This is the signal for a flood of sound, all the other bells joining in and making a great clamor. The bells are not chimed, so the result can hardly be described as musical. Then myriads of tiny candles are lit by the multitude of worshippers so tightly packed together, till the Kremlin seems to be as full of twinkling lights as a star-dotted sky. Great torches add further illumination, and the people form a huge procession. All is gladness and rejoicing "Christ is risen," ex-

claims a man, as he kisses his neighbor, who replies, "He is risen indeed." It is a sad thought that the sublimity and reverence of this midnight scene is followed by a day of feasting, when overeating is the rule rather than the exception, for after his six weeks of fasting the Russian has little mercy on his stomach.

Moscow is notorious for having been time after time devastated by fire. However, the last great conflagration took place over a hundred years ago. It was in 1812, six days after the battle of Borodino, when Napoleon occupied the mighty city of the Muscovites, an event which he had looked forward to eagerly and which he considered to be a very important step in his campaign against the Russians.

But if the great general exulted when, from a piece of rising ground, he caught the first glimpse of his goal, his spirits were shortly doomed to fall. The Russian army had evacuated the city; most of the inhabitants had fled; the few people who remained behind were in hiding. The conquerors marched through silent streets, past deserted houses, playing their band in the vast solitude in an attempt to keep up their spirits. In place of a deputation of prominent citizens waiting upon Napoleon to tender him submission of the city, his officers were only able to bring to him, as he stood waiting in the Kremlin, a few frightened foreigners.

To have his headquarters in that ancient stronghold brought to Napoleon a revival of the feeling with which he had first gazed upon the city. "Here I am at last," he is said to have exclaimed. "Here I am in Moscow, in the ancient palace of the czars, in the Kremlin itself." But even this triumph was short-lived. That very night fires started to break out in the city. These were so numerous that they were plainly the work of incendiaries, and when they discovered that all the fire engines had been taken away, the French realized that the Russians had planned to reduce their victory still further. Sparks even began to fall upon the Kremlin and Napoleon with his suite escaped to the castle of Peterzofsky from which he watched the sea of flames sweep over the city. The fire fed upon the stores of wines, spirits and chemicals; it was fanned by a strong gale, which carried along the heavy billows of smoke. When it was finally extinguished three-quarters of the prize for which Napoleon had sacrificed 200,000 men and stranded the remainder of 600 miles in an enemy's country had been destroyed.

For five weeks the French stayed in the ruined city, where their commander had supposed that they would at least have food and shelter for the winter. But the fire and the departure of the people cut off all chance of obtaining sufficient supplies and the severe Russian winter was coming on. Reluctantly Napoleon was obliged to begin the retreat, which was an acknowledgment of the failure of his plans.

The Russian forced the Grand Army to return along the devastated line by which they had advanced, which meant that they could obtain a very scanty amount of food. Matters became so bad with the starving soldiers that if a man discovered some flour that was half dirt and chaff in the crack of a floor in one of the deserted half-burned villages he was considered lucky.

The horrors of that terrible retreat can hardly be described. The fragments of the army marched over the vast snowy plains, swept by freezing winds, often accompanied by ice rains or blinding snow-storms. Neither the men nor the horses were shod for winter, and they would continually slip on the ice. The men who had pieces of cloth or sheepskin to wrap about their feet were fortunate; clothes of any description that they could get hold of were held around their shoulders. If a soldier fell, his comrades, half-crazed by cold and hunger, would strip from him his tattered garments before he was really dead.

The nails and even the hands of the men dropped off. A benumbed Frenchman who had dropped into a ditch asked another soldier for a helping hand. "I haven't one," was the reply—there were only stumps! However, he told

the fallen man to catch on to his cloak, and by that means he pulled him to his feet.

The bleak nights stretched to the length of sixteen hours as the days grew shorter, and the scanty fires were very insufficient to provide warmth for the army as it rested. The spot where they bivouacked at night looked like a battlefield the next day, for so many of the exhausted men were unable to rise again in the morning.

Mingled with stories of deeds done by men rendered savage by the woes of that frightful march are many tales of heroism and self-sacrifice. We read of soldiers screening Napoleon from the fury of the elements as best they could with their own bodies, so that their commander might rest and live. Instances of true nobility of character were not wanting at that time of horror any more than they are wanting in the struggle that is now going on. Stories which come to us from the front prove without question that men's natures have not become dwarfed and sordid, as some pessimists who look back with regret to the good old day would have us think.

But with Napoleon and the remnant of his men we have got far away from Moscow. The city itself suffered much less from the fire than did the Grand Army. The Kremlin and other durable structures were not consumed, while the place was cleared of numerous timber houses, and the inhabitants when they returned were wise enough to make liberal use of brick and stone in rebuilding, so the city has in a sense profited by the disaster of a century ago.

### WHAT THE BRITISH FLAG STANDS FOR.

(By Arthur Mee.)

From the British hilltop, as I write, blown by the wind that comes in from the North Sea, flies the flag that stirs the world.

It is red, with the blood of heroes, it is blue with the blueness of the sea. It is white as the stainless soul of Justice. It is the flag of the brave; it is the flag of the free; it is the king of all the flags that fly beneath the sun.

#### The Flag's Record.

Far out into the world it has gone, far and wide to the ends of the earth, so that there is not a free land anywhere, nor a free mind under the sun, that would not suffer if our flag should fall. No enemy has ever pulled it down. It has waved on the battlefield that has made men free; it has sheltered the victims of tyrants wherever they have been; it has kindled the fire of heroes who have marched to liberty against great odds. It has been the torch of liberty that nothing could put out. It has been like a fire of freedom sweeping through the ages, or like a wind blowing out of its path whatever hindered the free marching of the human race.

It is not true that there has never been a stain upon our flag. We are poor, frail, human creatures; and the nation is merely all of us together. There have been dark days and bad days in the story of our land. But it is true that this flag of a thousand years is the noblest friend of all mankind that the eyes of a man can look upon.

In all the strivings and yearnings of multitudes of men it has been on the side of everlasting right. In all the long story of the rise of nations it has been on the side of freedom with honor. In the coming up of the world from barbarism to civilization it has been on the side of humanity. It has cleansed the world from many a foul blot; it has hurled down many a blood-stained power; it has sent many a monstrous crown and sceptre rattling to the dust; it has sown the seed of human freedom, not as in a garden or a little plot of earth, but generously and widely in a boundless land, for all mankind to reap.

**The Flag that is Loved Wherever it Flies.**  
Across the hot desert sands of Egypt, over the broad veldt of South Africa, through the spacious hushlands of Australia, in the young British Dominions of North America, over the rich cities of India, the sheltering flag floats as the sign of human freedom, and wherever it floats it is loved and cherished as we love and cherish the things that are all in all.

We have seen what lies behind it in the years that have gone. We can run

through the years, in our fancy, and see the striving and fighting, the winning and losing, the labor and sorrow, the long, long hoping, the bitter disappointment, the fall that endured and the patience that conquered. But we can never see the end, for end there is none. The final victory of a nation never comes; it is always coming. We mount higher and higher, we march forward, we win our conquests; but the end lies always further on.

#### The Spirit of Liberty.

So our flag flies, of the ages past into the ages to come. It knows no time; it is always, in the sunshine somewhere. And it carries through time, waving in the skies for all mankind to see, a message of goodwill to all who are free, a message of hope to all who are in chains. It bears from age to age, as if it were the very breath of it, the everlasting spirit of mankind. Nothing is so true as that it flies for nothing less than that it stirs the hearts of men when they see the red, white, and blue. It is the sign and token that the spirit of liberty lives upon the earth; it is the assurance to the world that mankind shall be enslaved no more. The spirit of the flag is nothing less than that. It stands for what these islands have stood for like a rock throughout the ages, for the right of liberty and truth to march wherever they will, hand in hand unhindered.

#### What Has it Done?

This flag that the North Sea wind is blowing—what has it done for you and me? This flag that an alien hand is threatening—what has it done for all mankind? It has opened the gates of the world to all; it has opened the door of the human mind.

When the tyranny of Spain was at its heights, when her ships drove other countries from the sea and the inquisition gripped the human mind as in a vise the ships that broke her cruel power flew England's flag. It was Francis Drake, stirred to the depths by the insolence of Spain, who laid the tyrant low. It was little England, little then indeed—who shattered the man who had sentenced every protestant in Holland to be put to death. It was Francis Drake—he who climbed a tree in Panama and discovered the Pacific, and prayed that he might sail that sea in an English ship—who took our flag around the world.

#### The Message of the Flag.

It flies for all those things that have built up, out of the warring peoples of Alfred's day, the great ruling race of the world. It flies for the spirit that runs through the wool and texture of the English-speaking race.

It flies for the government of the people, by the people, and for the greatest number.

It flies for liberty for all who are able to use and will not abuse it, and for guiding all others along the road that leads to it.

It flies for the open door—a fair field and equal rights for all nations.

It flies for the gospel that the laborer is worthy of his hire, and that men shall not be slaves.

It flies for humanity in all things; for the stopping of cruelty everywhere, for kindness to animals, for the love of little children.

It flies for the honor of the spoken and the written word.

It flies for throwing open as wide as can be the field of human knowledge.

It flies for spreading as wide as can be the field of human happiness.

It flies for letting the truth be free as life itself.

It flies for the toleration of every man's opinion, be it right or pursuit.

It flies for the unselfish pursuit of the good of all mankind.

It flies for the peace of the world, which no nation ever longed for more.

—My Children's Magazine.

With the transfer of the Central Prison from Toronto to Guelph, the name of the institution has been changed. It is now known as "The Ontario Reformatory," and its aim will be to reform criminals rather than to punish them. Dr. J. T. Gilmour remains as the superintendent.

# THE MONITOR JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT

is fully equipped to do all kinds of

## Commercial and Society Printing

WE have recently added a large quantity of new and popular series of type faces to our plant and are in a better position than ever to do Job Printing in the latest ideas and with neatness and dispatch.

## WE PRINT

- Letterheads
- Envelopes
- Billheads
- Statements
- Circulars
- Catalogues
- Shipping Tags
- Menus, Programs
- Wedding Invitations
- Visiting Cards
- "At Home" Cards

We keep an unusually large quantity of Paper Stock, of all kinds, on hand in our stock room, and are, therefore, ready to fill your orders at short notice.

Look over your printed forms today and see if you are in need of any printing and send us your order.

We guarantee good workmanship and our prices are right. Remember the money you send away for printing never comes back; that you leave with us does.

### Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd

Printers and Publishers

BRIDGETOWN - NOVA SCOTIA

**GOOD HEALTH**

With good health at your back you can do anything. If you are troubled with Headache, Dizziness, Biliousness and kindred ailments you can't expect to accomplish much.

**Dr. WILSON'S HERBINE BITTERS**

that "Bose Blood Purifier" has been proved, during the last fifty years, to be the one best remedy for those diseases.

See a bottle at your store Pharmacia, five times larger, \$5.00.

The Druggery Drug Co. Limited, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Dr. Wilson's Dandelion Wormstick is equally form for children. A sure and never failing cure.

## FIRE!

If your home should burn tonight, how much would you lose?

—LET THE—  
**Northern Insurance Co.**  
Protect you  
FRED E. BATH  
Local Agent

## CASH MARKET

Prime Beef, Fresh Pork, Lamb, Chicken, Hams and Bacon, Sausages, Headcheese, Pressed Beef, Mince Meat, Corned Beef and Pork, Salt Mackerel, Boneless Cod.

Fresh Fish every Thursday  
**Thomas Mack**

### Professional Cards

**OWEN & OWEN**  
J.M. Owen K.C. Daniel Owen L.L.B.  
BARRISTERS AT LAW

Annapolis Royal  
Office Over Bank of Nova Scotia  
Office in Middleton open Thursdays.  
Office in Bear River open Saturdays.

Money to loan Real Estate Security.

**CHAS. R. CHIPMAN, L.L.B.**  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR  
COMMISSIONER ETC.

Shafner Building, - Bridgetown

AGENT FOR CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO. Insure your buildings in the largest and strongest company.

MONEY TO LOAN  
Telephone No. 82.

### Hermann C. Morse

B.A., LL.B.  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR  
and NOTARY PUBLIC

Money to loan on first-class Real Estate  
INSURANCE AGENT

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.  
Offices in Royal Bank Building

### C. F. Armstrong

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

Transit Work, Levelling, Draughting.

MIDDLETON, - N. S.

### DR. C. B. SIMS

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist  
—Graduate of—  
Nova Scotia Agricultural College,  
Ontario Veterinary College,  
University of Toronto.

PARADISE, N. S.  
Sept 30, 1914—E. Phone 15

### Dr. F. S. Anderson

DENTAL SURGEON  
Graduate of the University Maryland

Office: Queen Street, Bridgetown.  
Hours: 8 to 5.

### W. E. REED

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Latest styles in Caskets, etc. All orders will receive prompt attention. Hearse sent to all parts of the country. Office and showrooms in two-storey building in rear of furniture warehouses. Phone 76-4.

### Arthur M. Foster

LAND SURVEYOR  
BRIDGETOWN, NOVA SCOTIA

### Leslie R. Fair

ARCHITECT  
Aylesford N. S.

### UNDERTAKING

We do undertaking in all its branches  
Hearse sent to any part of the County.

### J. H. HICKS & SONS

Queen St., Bridgetown, Telephone 46.  
H. B. HICKS, Manager

### G. E. BANKS

PLUMBING  
Furnace and Stove Repair

Bridgetown, N. S.  
TELEPHONE, NO 3-2

### Now is the Time To Plan for the Summer

St. John's Summers are so deliciously cool that the city is a place of refuge during the hot season, and stay just as pleasant as at any other time. Catalogues mailed to any address.

**S. KERR**  
Principal

### The Weekly Monitor

ESTABLISHED 1873

—AND—

### WESTERN ANNAPOLIS SENTINEL

Published Every Wednesday  
BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS CO

Address all matters of business and  
make all money orders payable to

The Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd  
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1915

Many eyes are today looking toward Constantinople, the goal of the Allies in their eastern campaign. This city has a wonderful history. It is situated in part upon the site of the ancient city of Byzantium, the capital of the Byzantine Empire. Like Rome, it is built on seven hills, and is surrounded by water on all sides but the west. This location makes its appearance from the outside very picturesque and imposing, and gives it great prominence and importance for commercial purposes. It has been besieged as many as sixteen times, but on only a few occasions has the siege been successful.

The city gets its present name from Constantine, the first Emperor of Rome who professed the Christian name. When the Roman Empire was divided, it became the capital city of the West as Rome of the East. It was the centre of the labors and triumphs of the great Christian preacher and orator, "the golden mouthed Chrysostom," whose name is closely connected with the magnificent church, St. Sophia, the Church of the "Holy Wisdom," which still remains, having been turned into a Mohammedan Mosque.

It was in the year 1453 that Constantinople was taken by the Turks. It is now the last part of Europe held by this people, and it is said that the Cross on the wall of St. Sophia still shows dimly through the coating spread over it for the purpose of obliterating it, when it was taken possession of by its present owners. In the event of the driving of the Turks out of Europe in the present war, St. Sophia will after more than four and a half centuries become again a centre of Christian worship. But, will this event take place? On the North, Russian warships can now approach very near to Constantinople but, on the South there is a distance of about fifty miles for the British and French warships to traverse through a passage in some parts not a mile wide, with a narrow channel running swiftly and irregularly through it, and capable of being mined with comparative ease, and with high hills on either side, favorable to strong forts and masked batteries. And the Turks are not left to their own resources in their resistance of the Allies. German officers have been drilling their soldiers and directing their movements; and German armories have been supplying them with guns and ammunition. In one point Germany has completely failed. The call of the Turks, under German instruction, for a Jihad, or Holy War, which would unite with them all the Mohammedans of Egypt, Arabia and India, against England and the other Allies, has not met with the expected response.

The struggle is titanic. The result cannot now be predicted. The gain thus far has not all been on the side of the Allies. But, that they have undertaken it is presumptive evidence that they have thoroughly discussed the probabilities and are confident of ultimate success.

The following extract from the "Frankfurter Zeitung" gives clear evidence of the feelings of hatred entertained and encouraged by many Germans against the English:—"No self-respecting German will ever consent to remain in a room of which an Englishman is an occupant. If the German cannot eject the Englishman, he will himself leave the room. We cannot be expected to breathe the same polluted air as our deadliest foes who fell upon us in the rear and in the night. There can be no compromise on this point. We have to swear a national vendetta against the English never to rest, never to cease our preparations for another war, never to spare an effort until the last semblance of English power is destroyed, and there will be no rest or repose, for any honest German until the British Empire has been swept into the oblivion of past history. \* \* \* \* \* The Germans are the salt of the earth;

they will fulfill their destiny which is to rule the world and to control other nations and for the benefit of mankind."

The same article contains similar declarations of animosity and revenge against the nations allied with Great Britain. But, all this is in line with the expressed purpose of the Kaiser to so dominate the world that nothing shall be done anywhere without Germany's consent.

That such base feelings and ambitions are not universal in Germany is evident from the voices raised occasionally against them. Another paper tells of a young German clergyman, who appealed to his people to pray to God for national forgiveness. "For," said he, "the blood of innocent women and children is clotted on the German sabres." This brave man was tried for high treason by a military court at Statten, and condemned to six months' imprisonment.

A Japanese gentleman, Mr. Ryuhet Murayama, has presented to King Albert of Belgium a sword, as a testimony to the valor and persistence which he has displayed in support of the integrity of his country. The "Japan Advertiser" gives the following description of it:

"The sword is an exquisite work of art, and in perfect condition. The mountings of the hilt and scabbard are of gold elaborately chased, and with crests in the shape of a crane, repeated in gold on the lacquered scabbard. The blade was made in 1577 by a famous smith named Nakagawa Shichiyemon-no-jo Yukikane, who lived at Osafune, in the Province of Bizen, in Western Japan, and died in 1588. This particular sword, "Efu-no-Tachi," is so called because it was exclusively worn by nobles on duty as guards at the Imperial Palace, and was noted for its extraordinary sharpness. An inscription on the case states that the sword is an "humble testimony to the profound reverence and pious feeling with which the people of Nippon have been inspired by his Majesty's august and never-tiring perseverance and the unexampled patriotism of the Belgian people recently manifested in defence of both humanity and civilization under the severest calamity that may befall a nation."

The Colonial Secretary has announced that Canada will be consulted about the terms on which the war will be settled. This means that Canadians will be sent to England by the Government for the purpose. Australia cannot be debarred from the same privilege. And, thus the way will certainly be opened up for the long talked of Imperial Council, in which the Dominions will hereafter have a voice in the settlement of all Imperial matters.

#### MONITOR'S BELGIAN RELIEF.

Only a little over \$100 now to reach our mark of a \$1,000. Let us see how quickly we can get it. Don't hesitate because your contribution is small. We do not expect large individual amounts. But if we will all give something, the sum that we aim at will soon be raised. The cause is worthy. The need is still pressing. Do your part, and do it now.

Previously acknowledged ..... \$865.21  
S Beardsley, St. Croix Cove ..... 1.00  
\$866.21

The decisions of three great American manufacturing concerns which have steadfastly refused to permit the manufacture of war munitions in their plants, now do all in their power to aid the Allies, is one important result of the Lusitania outrage. Another practical result is a further stimulus to recruiting in Great Britain. Whatever may be the outcome of the diplomatic correspondence between Germany and the United States, the Allies will get in steadily increasing measure material and moral support from the American people.

The ladies of Halifax have been very busy lately making respirators at the Technical College. These were given to the men of the 25th battalion for protection against the poisonous gases used by the Germans. They are made of absorbent cotton and gauze, to be dipped in some chemical which will neutralize the poisonous gas and are worn like masks. The British war office furnished the pattern and twelve hundred were made yesterday by the ladies of the city.

Annapolis Spectator:—T. M. Buckler, of H. M. S. Customs, Annapolis Royal, is relieving Collector C. R. Hill, of Wolfville, who is ill. Mr. Buckler spent the week end with his family returning on Monday. Mrs. Buckler contemplates going to Wolfville to join her husband and be present at the closing exercises of Acadia.

**It Must be MORSE'S Standard TEAS if you want the Very best.**

#### Methodist Church Circuit Notes

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8. Epworth League Friday evening at 7.30.—Tennis Social. Bridgetown—Sunday School and services next Sunday, May 30: Bible study at 10 a. m.; Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The Rev. F. J. Armitage of Lawrence town will be the preacher at both services. Bentville—Epworth League Thursday evening at 8, public worship Sunday at 3 p. m.

#### St. James Parish Church Notes

Next Sunday (Trinity Sunday) the services will be: St. James, Bridgetown—8 a. m. (Holy communion) 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. St. Mary's, Belleisle—3 p. m. On Fridays an intercession service on behalf of the war is held at 4.30 p. m. and evening prayer followed by choir practise at 7.30.

#### BORN

DARGIE—At Bridgetown, May 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dargie, a daughter, Alice De Witt. (Weight 10 lbs)

ANDERSON—At Bridgetown, May 13, to Mr and Mrs. Greatorex Anderson, a daughter.

GOLDSMITH—At Bridgetown, May 16, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Goldsmith, a son.

EGAN—At Bridgetown, May 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Egan, a daughter.

MITCHELL—At Hampton, May 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mitchell, a daughter.

SLAUNWHITE—At Bridgetown, May 16th to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Slaunwhite, a daughter.

#### TAX NOTICE

The Ratepayers are reminded that the time for discount on town taxes for the present year of 5 per cent expires on June 1st, and interest at the rate of 5 p. c. will be added to all unpaid taxes or portions thereof after that date.

H. RUGGLES  
Town Clerk

### Wagons!

I am agent for the famous McLaughlin and Grey wagons. Having a full stock on hand, I am in a position to supply your immediate wants.

### Second Hand Wagons

One piano box wagon and one pneumatic rubber tired wagon at a bargain

Good Price and Easy Terms.

**B. N. Messinger**  
Also Agent for the Starples Separator

**HAWK BICYCLES**  
An up-to-date High Grade bicycle fitted with Roller Chain, New Departure Coaster Brake and 100 lbs. Durable Tire. High grade equipment, including Mudguards, Pump, and Tools. See FREE 1915 Catalogue, for 70 pages of Bicycles, Sundries, and Repair Material. You can buy your supplies from us at Wholesale Prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON,  
27 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.

On Wednesday, March 30th, we will have our first showing of . . .

### Spring Hats

**Dearness & Phelan**  
Queen St., Bridgetown

### Hardware and Paints AT COST

The subscriber offers for sale at cost for the next few weeks his entire stock of Paints and Hardware for Cash only. A partial list of articles for sale is given below:

- CALL EARLY AND GET FIRST CHOICE.
- Martin Senour Paint, per gal. \$2.00
- Martin Senour Paint, 1/2-gal. 1.00
- Martin Senour Paint, quart . . . .50c
- Martin Senour Paint, qt. special 65c
- Martin Senour Paint, pints 25c
- Martin Senour Paint, pts. special 35c
- Martin Senour Paint, 1/2-pt. 14c
- M. S. Floor Paints, 1/2-gal. 85c
- M. S. Floor Paints, quarts 40c
- M. S. Floor Paints, pints 25c
- Hills' Paints, half pints 10c
- Lacqueret, pints 33c
- Lacqueret, half pints 19c
- Lacqueret, 1/4 pints 11c
- Carriage Paints, pints 30c
- Wagon Paints, quarts 54c
- Wagon Paints, pints 30c
- Piazza Red, quarts 50c
- Piazza Paints, pints 30c
- Enamel Paints, half pints 21c
- Bath Tub Enamel 42c
- Japanese Enamel 30c
- Bicycle Enamel, black and ermine 14c
- Standard Barn and Roof Paint, gal. 90c
- Imperial Ready Mixed Paint, gal. 10c
- Sheet Lead, per lb. . . . .40c
- Rosin, per lb. . . . .60c
- Cold Blast Lanterns 65c
- Shovels 15c
- Lemon Polishing Oil 40c to \$2.25
- Sewing Machine Oil 28c to 40c
- Pliers . . . . .40c
- Shoe Thread . . . . .28c to 49c
- Rasps . . . . .7c to 16c
- Files . . . . .18c
- Chisels . . . . .50c
- Bicycle Pumps . . . . .15c
- Harness Oil . . . . .25c
- Butcher Knives . . . . .17c to 50c
- Whips . . . . .12c to 16c
- Whip Lashes . . . . .92c
- Double Bled Axes . . . . .16c
- Cabinet Clamps . . . . .44c
- Barrel Bolts, No. 8 . . . . .10c
- Barrel Swings, sets . . . . .88c
- Steel Latches . . . . .13c
- Sash Lifts . . . . .43c
- Clothes Line Pulleys . . . . .63c
- Clothes Line Hooks . . . . .1.85
- Door Stops . . . . .1.61
- 1 Front Door Set . . . . .18c
- 1 Yale Night Latch . . . . .16c
- Mortise Knob Locks . . . . .12c
- Horizontal Rim Dead Locks . . . . .15c
- Loose Pin Butts, 4x4 . . . . .15c
- Butts, 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 . . . . .1.60
- Yale Night Latches . . . . .12c
- Major's Rubber Cement . . . . .47c
- Household Lubricant . . . . .47c
- Hose Couplers . . . . .30c
- Iron Faucets . . . . .24c
- Squares . . . . .22.25
- Kitchen Saws . . . . .90c
- Diston's Saws . . . . .60c
- Wellandvale Special Saws, 10 . . . . .20c
- Sets Barn Door Hangers . . . . .10c
- Siding Barn Door Latches . . . . .10c
- Stay Rollers . . . . .66c
- Track, per foot . . . . .47c
- Whetstones, Black Diamond . . . . .44c
- Whetstones, Indian Pond . . . . .45c
- Gimlet Bits . . . . .50c
- Barrel Hatchets . . . . .50c
- Zig Zag Rules . . . . .20c
- Stanley Boxwood Rules . . . . .19c
- Tap Measures . . . . .1.45
- Queen Male Razors . . . . .1.40
- Razors . . . . .17c
- Puffy Knives . . . . .65c
- Picturo Wire, per package . . . . .69c
- Can Openers . . . . .19c
- Compasses . . . . .15c
- Try Squares . . . . .50c
- K. B. Cartridges, per box . . . . .50c

### Rennie's XXX No. 1 Timothy

"Special No. 1 Red Clover"

Rennie's Alsike Clover  
Canadian Beauty Field Peas  
Giant White Ensilage Corn  
Kangaroo Derby and Grey-stone Turnip Seed  
Giant Sugar Mangel  
Jumbo Sugar Beet  
Perfection Mam. Long Red Mangel  
Dwarf Essex Rape  
Tares and Vetches  
Onion Sets and all varieties of Garden seeds.

**J. I. Foster**  
A. R. BISHOP

## 59c. Shirt Waist Snaps 59c.

These White Embroidered Waists sold from 85c to \$1.88c, While they last, your choice for 59c.

## Great Snap in Ladies' Tailored Suits

Coats Silk Lined throughout, and Skirts semi-fitted, sizes 34 to 36 bust. These Suits sold at \$15.00 and \$16.75 cash

## Rain Coats! Rain Coats!

See our opening of Ladies' New Rain Coats at popular prices.  
\$4.60 \$5.40 \$5.75 \$6.50 \$6.75 \$7.75

## Room Paper! Room Paper!!

The largest Stock at the Lowest Prices to be found in the Town. Also Special Books to select from, in case we cannot supply you in stock.

## House Furnishings

Carpet Squares, Rugs, Matting Squares and Mats, Straw Matting, Linoleums and Oilcloths, Lace Curtains, Bungalow Nets, Muslins, Scrims, Sash Curtain Nets, etc, in great variety. In these lines you will find it hard to beat our prices.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs

# Strong & Whitman

Phone 32 Ruggles Block

### Photography

Developing and printing amateur films and plates. Prompt work, reasonable prices. Orders by mail carefully filled.

Georgia H. Cunningham  
51-6mos Bridgetown, N. S.

### Butter Parchment

All butter, wrapped in parchment, must have the words DAIRY BUTTER printed thereon.

We will mail direct to you, printed parchment at the following prices.

1000	1lb. size	\$2.45
500	1lb. size	1.65
1000	2lb. size	3.70
500	2lb. size	2.45

Prices quoted on smaller quantities

In every case cash must accompany order, and goods will be shipped parcel post.

### The Monitor Publishing Co. Limited.

Bridgetown, N. S.



### Rennie's XXX No. 1 Timothy

"Special No. 1 Red Clover"

Rennie's Alsike Clover  
Canadian Beauty Field Peas  
Giant White Ensilage Corn  
Kangaroo Derby and Grey-stone Turnip Seed  
Giant Sugar Mangel  
Jumbo Sugar Beet  
Perfection Mam. Long Red Mangel  
Dwarf Essex Rape  
Tares and Vetches  
Onion Sets and all varieties of Garden seeds.

**J. I. Foster**  
A. R. BISHOP

## Lowell Fertilizer

We have in Stock

Bone Fertilizers and Potato Manure  
Special Potato Phosphate, Ground Bone

Get the best. ALSO Prices Right.

Royal Purple Chick Feed, Stock Food, Calf Meal  
Spruce and Cedar Shingles, Cement, Barbed Wire and Woven Wire Fencing

# KARL FREEMAN

HARDWARE AND PAINTS

## A Tan Shoe Sale

For One Week Only, we are making Big Reductions on all our stock of Women's Tan Boots and Oxfords. This includes the best Tan Shoes that are made in Canada. Your feet will be much cooler if you wear a pair of Tan Shoes during the summer days. All these shoes are the latest styles and are made on comfortable fitting lasts. Note the offerings below:

Womens Tan Button Boots, Cloth Top	Reg. Price \$5.00	now only \$3.75
" " " " " "	4.50	3.49
" " " " " "	4.25	2.99
" " " " " "	4.50	3.49
" " " " " "	3.50	2.49
" " " " " "	3.50	2.49
" " " " " "	3.50 and 2.75	for 1.88

## J. H. Longmire & Sons

## SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

May 22nd

Robin Hood Rolled Oats, pkg	25c	Dustbane tin	30
Corn Flakes, Quaker	09c	Squash "	09
Corn Meal, pkg	10c	Pinapple "	18

10 lb. Nails for 35 Cents

Creain Tartar, pkg	12c	Baker's Cocoa, 1/2 lb tin	23c
Baking soda	04c	Baker's Cocoa, 1/4 lb tin	13c
Puffed Rice	13c	5 lb tin Marmalade	65c

## Boots, Shoes and Rubbers

# WOOD & PARKS

Granville Street Bridgetown, N. S.

**LOCAL AND SPECIAL**

The vote upon the repeal of the Canadian Temperance Act in Annapolis County is to take place on July 8th.

Mr. Charles Poole and Mr. James Goldsmith are each building new stables on their property on McKenna and Church streets respectively.

The monthly united Intercession on behalf of the war will be held next Sunday evening in St. James' Church, at the close of the usual services.

Wolfville Acadian—Mrs. (Capt.) Beardsley returned home from Halifax on Tuesday evening. Her many friends rejoice in the prospect of her early restoration of health.

Mr. Justice Ritchie, of Nova Scotia, has been appointed judge in equity of the Supreme Court in place of Justice Wallace Graham, who has been appointed Chief Justice.

The Synod of the Diocese of Nova Scotia meets in Halifax next week commencing on Tuesday morning. The representatives for the Parish of Bridgetown are: Church Warden, A. F. Hiltz, and W. R. Longmire. Provisional delegates, Hon. O. T. Daniels and Mr. Albert Morse.

Parrsboro Leader—Rev. B. J. Porter, Pastor of Grace Methodist Church has been appointed travelling Field Secretary for Mount Allison University and will enter upon his new work immediately after the Meeting of Conference, which takes place the middle of next month. He will be given a leave of absence of four months to enable him to carry on the work.

Hants Journal—Mr. Kenneth Lawrence, who for a number of years has been clerking in the Wentworth Stores, Ltd., has severed his connection with that concern, and left with his family for Bridgetown, where he purchased from Mr. Howard I. Munro, "Mt. Pleasant" farm. We are sorry to lose Mr. Lawrence, and wish him every success in his new undertaking.

Mr. James Wesley Bent, was instantly killed at Port Williams last Wednesday morning, being struck by a special train in charge of Conductor McIvor, east of the station about eight o'clock in the morning. He was over one hundred years old, and lately had wandered along the railway track. Mr. Bent was a native of Annapolis County, but for many years he had resided at Waterville.

At a special sitting of the court at Annapolis Royal last Thursday, Judge Pelton sentenced Philip Amiro to seven years imprisonment at Dorchester for setting fire to the house and barn of Mr. Fred. Strong at Upper Granville on March 25th last. The case had been twice adjourned in order that Mrs. Amiro's evidence might be heard before the court.

An outing party from Kings County passed down the river in canoes on Monday, going as far west as Round Hill. They camped over night near Tupperville and returned by water as far as Bridgetown yesterday morning, pitching their tent near the bridge, where they had lunch. Here they were met by autos and finished their outing by motor. The following comprised the party: Mr. and Mrs. Melbourne Crocker of Weston, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Selfridge, Miss M. M. Phinney, Miss M. C. Walker and Mr. Leslie Stevens of Kingston. They were a jolly good crowd and were enjoying the outing immensely.

Between fifteen and twenty of the members of the Women's Missionary Society in connection with Gordon Memorial Presbyterian Church made one of their members, Mrs. John W. Ross, a pleasant surprise last Thursday, Mrs. Ross who is one of the charter members of the Society and for nineteen years their honored secretary, was on this occasion made a life member of the organization. The presentation was made on behalf of the Society by Mrs. John Cameron, who is also one of the charter members. Refreshments were served and a very pleasant social afternoon was spent with Mrs. Ross to whom the affair was a genuine surprise.

Annapolis Spectator—Mrs. Chipman has received a letter from her son, Capt. L. deV. Chipman, who was wounded and is now in a Canadian Hospital in France. He writes: "I am on the broad of my back, but don't worry, for I am getting excellent attention and am improving daily. You will be surprised to know that some of the nurses are from Nova Scotia and all Canadians. My day nurse is Miss Hare, of St. John and my night nurse Miss Graham, of New Glasgow. Miss Viets, of Digby, is also in this hospital." Captain Chipman was wounded about two inches above the heel, and when sufficiently strong to travel will go to England and remain with his aunt until well enough to join his regiment again.

**PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS**

Mrs. Angus Ramey left yesterday for a visit at her old home in Parrsboro.

Rev. G. C. Warren is attending the closing exercises of Acadia Institutions this week.

Mrs. Fred Randolph of Weymouth is the guest of Mrs. Fraser and Miss Quirk.

Rev. (Dr.) Jost is in Sackville this week attending the closing exercises of Mt. Allison.

Dr. L. G. deBlais made a professional visit to Halifax this week, returning home yesterday.

Mrs. Ellsworth Beanson of South Williamston, is the guest of her sister Mrs. W. A. Slauwhite.

Mr. D. G. Harlow and family are attending the closing exercises at Acadia College this week.

Adjutant Barry W. Roscoe, of the Sixth Canadian Mounted Rifles, was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Harriett Smith and Miss Jessie Hartt of St. John, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Peters.

Lance-Corporal Archibald W. Kinney of the Sixth Canadian Mounted Rifles, is spending a short furlough with his family here.

Mrs. James Shores of Worcester, Mass., was called here last week owing to the illness of her mother, Mrs. Simon Wilson.

Mr. John Ainslie of Everett, Mass., is spending a few days in town, having come here to attend the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. F. R. Pratt.

Mr. and Mrs. Lenfest Ruggles of Middleton, spent the week-end in town, the guests of Mrs. Ruggles' brother, Mr. Leonard Newcomb.

Mr. William Dimock of Newton, Mass., who brought the body of his mother here for burial last Saturday, returns to his home today.

Mrs. A. V. Dimock returned to her home in Dorchester, Mass., on Saturday, having spent the week with her mother, Mrs. Crisp of Bridgetown.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Titus of Hampton, were passengers to Halifax on Monday, Mrs. Titus will go into the Victoria General Hospital for surgical treatment.

Mr. George Pratt of Wolfville, Miss A. L. Pratt of Windsor, and Mrs. C. S. Nixon of Kentville, were in town last week to attend the funeral of Mrs. F. R. Pratt.

Rev. Denton J. Nelly returned to Gloucester, Mass., last Wednesday, and was accompanied by his niece, Miss Edith Chute, who will spend several weeks in Massachusetts.

Harry Murthier of the 26th battalion, now in training at Fredericton, has been spending a few days in town with his family, and returned to his post of duty yesterday.

Miss Clara Sullis, who has been spending the past few months in Bridgetown, at the home of Mr. James G. F. Randolph returned to her home at Deep Brook last week.

Mr. Albert Wade spent Victoria Day in town with his family. He left yesterday for Wolfville where he will be engaged in the building of the new Acadia Collegiate Home.

Mrs. Fred Steadman of Digby, was called to Bridgetown on Monday, owing to the serious illness of her daughter, Miss Sophie Steadman, who has been visiting her uncle, Mr. Arthur Palfrey.

Pvt. Earl Craig and Cecil Pickett of the Third Canadian Garrison Artillery, stationed at Partridge Island, St. John, spent the week-end at their homes here, and returned to their post of duty on Monday.

Mr. R. W. Elliot of Dartmouth, came out on Saturday and returned home yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. Elliott and two children, who for the past two weeks have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Beckwith.

Mrs. T. W. Baker of Woodstock, N. B., Vice President of the Rebekah Assembly of the Maritime Provinces, was the guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Bath during her recent official visit to Autumn Leaf Rebekah Lodge.

Mr. Elbourne G. Nichols of New Glasgow, has been here for a few days visiting his father, Mr. Henry E. Nichols, who was reported in these columns last week as having met with a serious accident. Mr. Nichols though slowly improving is still a great sufferer.

**Spring Tonics**

- Sarsaparilla Compound \$1.00
- Hypophosphate Comp'd. \$1.00
- Celery and Iron Tonic \$1.00
- Beef Iron and Wine \$1.00
- Bamboo Blood Builder \$1.00

All Excellent Remedies for different conditions. All sold under the Rexall Guarantee.

**ROYAL PHARMACY**  
W. A. Warren, Phm. B.  
*The Rexall Store*

**Business Notices**

Tomato and Cabbage Plants. THOMAS FOSTER.

School collection blanks for sale at this office at 25 cents per 100.

All kinds of seeds at lowest prices at C. L. Piggott's.

FOR SALE—Hay and Pasture Land. Apply to MRS. M. L. BLANCHARD.

3 lbs. Prunes for 25c; 4 lbs. Tamarinds for 25c. at C. L. Piggott's.

Commencing Thursday we will serve ice cream for the season. W. W. CHESLEY.

FOR SALE at a bargain or To Let—A house at Lawrencetown. 6-41 J. B. HALL.

Prime cleaned, Twentieth Century Seed Oats and Barley for sale. 4-31 J. E. STARK, West Arlington.

HAIR WORK DONE. Combs or cut hair made into Puffs, Transformations and Switches. Terms moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to. MISS GEORGINA BANCROFT Annapolis Royal, R. F. D. No. 1.

**'GOD SAVE OUR KING'**

**Recruits Wanted**

A limited number of recruits will be taken for the 6th Canadian Mounted Rifles. Those desirous of enlisting will apply to Lieut. Col. E. F. McNeil at the Armouries, Middleton, N. S. B. W. ROSCOE, Capt. and Adj. 6th Canadian Mounted Rifles

**New Vegetables**

Tomatoes, Peas, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Raddishes and Mushrooms

**Fruits**  
Bananas, Oranges, Grape Fruit, Lemons, and Pineapples

**KEN'S RESTAURANT**  
P. O. BOX 56 BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

**HARDWARE**

- Screen Doors
- Window Screens
- Screen Wire
- Lawn Mowers
- Hammocks

**Spray Pumps and Fertilizers**  
Wire Fencing, Blue Vitrol  
Lime and Cement

**B. H. Paints and Varnishes**  
Hardware, Stoves and Ranges

**Crowe & Mundee**  
Bridgetown, N. S.

**To Rent**

One large room, with dressing room, without board. Suitable for two ladies or man and wife for the summer months. Apply to MRS. BURTON Ivy Cottage, Hampton, N. S. 6-tf

**Administration Notice**

All persons having legal demands against the estate of William R. Inglis, late of Tupperville, in the County of Annapolis, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within one year from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to Phillip C. Inglis, Tupperville, N. S., or Chas. R. Chipman, Bridgetown, N. S., administrators. Letters of administration dated January 8th, 1915. Dated at Bridgetown, N. S., this 8th day of January, 1915.

**FOR SALE**

That valuable property belonging to the estate of the late John N. Bishop on the south side of the Annapolis River in the pretty village of Lawrencetown, known as the Primrose place containing about twenty-six acres of choice land, free from stone, in a good state of cultivation. The orchard has produced over 900 barrels of apples and is capable of producing more. Contains a quantity of pear, plum trees and other small fruit. Farm cuts about twelve ton, good quality hay. For further particulars enquire of MARY F. BISHOP or T. G. BISHOP Executors

**School Books for Nova Scotia Schools**

The June supplement to the Journal of Education to be issued about the first week in June, contains full information how to obtain the prescribed School texts from the Book Bureau, now established in connection with the Education Department.

Nova Scotia School Book Bureau H. R. SHINER, Mgr Education Department, Halifax, N. S.

**General Bingen 39997**  
Enrolement No. 146

Sire Bingen, 2.06%, sire of Uthan, 1.58 (world's fastest trotter), Dam Rose Patchen by Patchen Wilkes, sire of Joe Patchen, 2.01, sire of Dan Patch, 1.55 (world's fastest pacer). This horse will be at Elias Langley's stable, May 26th all day and every alternate Wednesday until August 1st, barring accidents and storms. Come see him. He weighs 1200 lbs and bred second to none. He is managed by his owner NORMAN MARSHALL Tel. connection Kingston 6-tf

**Keep the Men In Good Humor**

When hubby "lights up" for his after-dinner smoke be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light first stroke. Ask your grocer for Eddy's "Golden Tip" Matches one of their many brands

**CASH SPECIALS FOR ONE MONTH**

- 6 pkgs Vegetable or Flower Seeds 25c
- 2 pkgs Sultana Raisins 25c
- 3 lbs Dates 25c
- 2 pkgs Seeded Raisins 21c
- 6 bars Surprise Soap 25c
- 3 tins Dutch Cleanser 25c
- 6 pkgs Pearlina or Surprise Powder 25c

Other goods cheap as quality permits.

Highest price paid for good butter and fresh eggs.

**MRS. S. C. TURNER**  
VARIETY STORE

**The Bridgetown Importing House**

**Cash Bargain Sales**

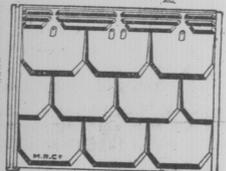
Ladies' Northway Dresses in the following sizes, prices, materials and shades.

- One Blue Serge - size 36 - \$15.00 FOR
- " Light Blue Silk " " - " ) \$7.00
- " Brown Velvet " 34 - " )
- " Black Velvet " " - " )
- One Blue Serge - size 18 - \$11.00, for \$5.00
- One Black Serge - " 16 - \$9.00, for \$4.00
- Two Black Panamas - Sizes 36 & 38 - \$7.50 FOR
- Two Blue Serges - " 36 - \$7.50 \$3.00

We call special attention to our Ladies' Suits and Coats for Spring

**J. W. Beckwith**

**Use Eastlake Galvanized Steel Shingles on your Roof**



They cost no more than best Cedars when laid on the roof. There are many roofs throughout Canada which were covered with Eastlake Shingles between 1885 and 1890 and which look as well to-day as when the shingles were put on. From all appearances these roofs are good for another fifty years or more. This record is the best guarantee that you can get. We are receiving a carload this week. Ask for prices. We also have two carloads of cedar and spruce shingles for sale.

**J. H. HICKS & SONS**  
QUEEN STREET, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

**Your Spring Suit**

WE have a splendid range of New Spring Suits in Worsteds and Tweeds for both

**Men and Boys**  
Come in and get our prices. Also full line of Gent's Furnishings. Buckley Hats—Fownes Gloves

**J. HARRY HICKS**

Corner Queen and Granville Streets Phone 48-2

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

**The Granville Boot and Shoe Store**

Will open March 15th in the Old Post Office Building, Granville Ferry, under the "No Credit" system, for your Inspection, Convenience and Profit.

Orders for goods not stocked taken and filled in from 3 to 5 days. All goods on approval must be paid for. Money will be promptly refunded on returning same at a reasonable time.

The Clock Ticks, we don't, but We Sell Right for Cash. When in town, give us a call and make yourself at home.

Yours respectfully, HAROLD T. AMBERMAN.

**UPHOLSTERING**

If you have an Easy Chair, Rocker, Couch, Lounge, Sofa or Divan that needs covering or just "fixed up" a bit, with a new Spring or two, Excelsior, Wool top, Gimp, etc., to make it look better, bring it in to us and we will give you a good job for \$2.00

**A. W. KINNEY**  
Bridgetown, Nova Scotia

**The Registered Hackney Stallion Rislith Garton Duke Imp**  
616--(11547)

Will stand at the stable of the subscriber at Bridgetown during the season of 1915 for service.

ALFRED PHELAN Bridgetown, N. S. 1-tf

**A LINE OF FINE CHINA**

I am showing one of the finest lines of genuine Nippon China manufactured. To get the best in appearance and price you should see this line. Our Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairs have always given satisfaction.

**Ross A. Bishop**  
LOCKETT BLOCK

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't Die in the House, 15c. and 25c. at Drug and County Stores.

# "Money in Your Pocket" Sale

We Offer You the Following White Lace Curtains at Prices as Below

No.	Yds. long	Price pair	Sale Price pair
2591	2 1/2	30c	25c
2593	"	40c	33c
2519	"	75c	57c
6343	"	90c	72c
6215	"	\$1.00	80c
6226	3	1.25	98c
6232	"	1.35	\$1.10
2982	"	1.50	1.20
6039	"	1.75	1.45
6241	"	2.00	1.65
6244	"	2.25	1.85
6241	"	2.50	2.10
2631	3 1/2	3.00	2.50
5673	"	3.00	2.75
5466	"	3.25	2.95
5885	"	3.50	3.25
6278	"	4.00	3.45
5891	"	4.00	3.75
6283	"	4.50	3.75

## Tapestry Portiers

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.50 and \$4.75 per pair. We offer you twenty per cent. off the above prices to clear balance in stock.

## White Enamel Curtain Poles

Four feet long, complete with brackets, 10c each. Brass Extension Rods, 5c and up

## Tailor Made Clothing for Men and Boys

Men's Tweed Suits, dark patterns, \$8.00 to \$20.00 per suit. Men's Navy Serge Suits, \$10.00 to \$20.00 per suit. Boys' and Youths' Suits in Serges and Tweeds, \$4.50 to \$10.00 per suit.

For the next Thirty Days we offer you a Special Discount of Ten per cent on all Clothing you buy at our Store

## Men's Furnishings

Fancy and White Shirts, sizes in stock, 14 to 17. Prices: .50, .75, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50

## Hats and Caps

Men's soft and stiff hats, latest shapes, \$1.00 to \$2.50 each. Caps, Men's and Boys' .25 to \$1.25 each.

## Men's and Boys' Ties, Collars and Cuffs

Ties .25 to .50 each. Collars .12 1/2 each. Cuffs .25 to .30 per pair

## Waterproof Clothing

We sell nothing but the best English made garments, every seam sewed and cemented. MEN'S COATS—\$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00 each. WOMAN'S and MISSES'—\$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00

For the Next 30 Days we offer you a Special Discount of 10 p. c. on all purchases made at our Store of Waterproof Clothing

Yours truly,

# CLARKE BROS.

## BEAR RIVER

### THE SUBMARINE.

But the naval surprise of the war is the range and daring of the submarine, the pet service of the Grand Admiral, and into which he puts the best officers in the service. Only last year the "Un-torseboot" was thought good for home work only!

Von Tirpitz now talks of super-Dreadnought submarines, which need no parent ship at all, but circumnavigate the whole "English" coast, remaining at sea a fortnight at a time and destroying all mercantile vessels so as to "starve us out."

We are told that Lord Fisher smiles at this, and has more surprises up his sleeve than even Krupp sprang upon us in the world-war, which Germany had so long in preparation.

Von Tirpitz's view of "England" is contradictory. He loathes us as a nation, and yet admires our ways! His wife and daughters were educated at Cheltenham; and to his men he holds up British naval traditions as a source of inspiration and regard. Oddly enough, his only son was taken prisoner by us early in the war.

Over-Lieutenant Wolf von Tirpitz is at this moment confined in Lady Carnarvon's country house near Denbigh. He was on watch in the mast of the Mainz, when that cruiser was destroyed in the Bight of Heligoland last August. And only nine weeks before, the young man had been an honored guest on the very vessel whose cutter

picked him up out of the sea more dead than alive!

Prophecy is proverbially dangerous, but it is safe to say that the "brain" of the German Navy will this year see his life's work undone and his magnificent fleet, for which Germany has made such sacrifices, crippled and destroyed, in any case nullified and voided as a disturbing factor in the world's future peace.

The "attrition" he hoped for—the wholesale destruction of the heavier units and consequent equalization of the two fleets—has not materialized at all. On the contrary, we are now stronger than we were at the outbreak of the war, and will this year add fifteen super-Dreadnoughts to a navy already more than three times stronger than that of Germany.—Glasgow Herald.

A Benton Harbor (Mich.) pastor was held up in his own home, backed against the wall by a threatening revolver and a demand to "shell out." When told that his victim was a preacher who was praying for such as he, the burglar replied: "Pray for me; this is the first time I have ever done this sort of thing." To be asked to pray at the point of a gun is a somewhat unusual experience. If the intruder will only invest the prayer that followed him he need never repeat his unlawful act.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns etc.

### DEEP BROOK.

May 24. Capt. J. D. Spurr lately lost a valuable yearling colt.

Elburn Nichols of New Glasgow, lately made a short visit to relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Dimars spent Sunday with relatives in Clementsvale.

Miss Clara Sullis who, spent the winter in Bridgetown returned home last week.

Miss Elizabeth Betts of Granville, was the guest of relatives here last week.

Miss Josephine Sullis of Bear River, is at the home of her parents here for the holiday.

Mrs. I. J. Dunn of Bear River, spent part of last week with her sister Mrs. Lucy Murray.

The many friends of L. E. Adams and H. Sullis are glad to see them able to be out again.

Mrs. Frank Roop and family of Digby are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Sullis.

William Curtis and son, William, Jr., have returned home from New Hampshire bringing with them an automobile.

Corrections—In the Deep Brook notes of May 12th please read Mrs. Mabel Henshaw, Vice President of the Mission Band, instead of Irma Jones, who is Secretary and in May 19th Belgian Relief contribution from Deep Brook Dorcas society, first item, read six quilts instead of six shirts.

### KARSDALE.

May 24. Regret to hear that Mrs. Halliday is ill at residence of her daughter Mrs. Ralph Bohaker.

This has been made a Rural Free Mail Delivery route. Boxes have been supplied and placed in position and the service is a very popular one.

We are glad to hear that Capt. Harvey Hudson has so far recovered as to be able to start for home and was due by steamer in New York on the 18th inst.

Mr. George E. Croseup of New York made us a very unexpected and very pleasant call on Sunday. He is on his way to the closing exercises at Acadia, and returns next Saturday to his home. Over twenty years has elapsed since he last visited the locality of his birth and notes many changes.

### LOWER GRANVILLE.

May 24. Mr. H. Purdy of Deep Brook was a recent guest of Mrs. J. R. Elliott.

Mrs. J. K. Winchester left for Lowell, Mass., on Friday to visit her daughters.

Miss E. Betts, who has been visiting friends in Deep Brook, returned home on Thursday.

Rural free mail delivery has been established here and boxes for same, are being placed in position.

Since the first of the year the State of New Jersey has required that all commercial vehicles shall be supplied with mirrors placed at such an angle that the driver can see the road back of him.

### FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

The people of London use every day ninety tons of salt.

In Poland the peasants own about fifty per cent of the land.

The world's coal supply is estimated at 7,397,533,000 tons.

Great Britain and Portugal have been friends for two hundred and fifty years.

The Chinese eat the chrysalis of the silk-worm after they have wound the silk from the cocoon.

Most of the cats in Siberia are of a bright red tint, and are very conspicuous in the moonlight.

It is said that to date Germany's war losses total two million men, including killed, wounded, captured and invalided.

A clean apron hung on a chair at the door of a butcher's shop in Berlin tells the customer that fresh sausages are for sale within.

The only known inland lighthouse is in Arizona. It is in the desert, and marks the only spring of water in a thirty-five-mile radius.

France today is the hospital of Europe. It is said that 100,000 German wounded are being tenderly cared for. There are, of course, innumerable French and many thousands of Belgian and English wounded. All France south of the battle line is one great hospital. The city of Limoges, with 86,000 inhabitants, has 28,000 wounded men. The brave English women, from the highest social station, are there and many Americans, also. The common agony draws hearts together. It is one of the things that will make future wars hateful.

### BROOKLYN NEWSPAPER WINS LIBEL CASE.

The verdict of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of New York in the appeal of "Pastor" Russel in his libel suit against the Brooklyn "Eagle" newspaper, has been delivered. This case has been in the courts for three years having started when "Pastor" Russel took action for libel against the newspaper for a certain cartoon published which referred to his dealings in "Miracle" wheat. The jury decided in favor of the "Eagle" and the case was appealed and as now finally decided the judgment in favor of the newspaper being confirmed.

### A \$20,000 FIND.

Two gold bars with a weight of about 50 pounds were found under a tree near the C. P. R. track at Fredericton Junction, N. B., by Hardy Nelson. They weighed 50 pounds each, and at \$200 per pound are worth \$330,000. There are many different stories as to how the gold came to be buried there, one being that a gang of bank robbers who spent some time in that vicinity years ago had buried their loot and for some reason never recovered it.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

## THE CONGESTION FROM A BAD COLD LOOSENED UP IN ONE HOUR

### If Rubbed on at Night You're Well Next Morning Nerviline Never Fails

When the cold comes, how is it to be cured? This method is simplicity itself. Rub the chest and throat vigorously with "Nerviline." Rub it in good and deep. Lots of rubbing can't do any harm. Then put some Nerviline in the water and use it as a gargle; this will ease the cough, cut out the phlegm,

assist in breaking up the cold quickly. There is no telling how quickly Nerviline breaks up a hard racking cough, eases a tight chest, relieves a pleuritic pain. Why, there isn't another liniment with half the power, the penetrative qualities, the honest merit that has made Nerviline the most popular American household liniment. A large 50c bottle of Nerviline cures ill of the whole family, and makes doctor's bill small. Get it today. The large size is more economical than the 25c trial size. Sold by dealers everywhere, or direct from the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

### MUNICIPAL ABATTOIRS AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

(By F. Torrance, B. A., D. V. S., Veterinary Director General.)

The importance of a pure food supply for any population is so great that it hardly needs any argument. All progressive communities have taken steps to see that such articles of food as the most likely to be adulterated shall be properly inspected, and no city or town of any importance is not provided with inspectors of meat, milk and other foods.

The older communities have made much progress along these lines and vast improvements have been attained in their food supplies. In newer communities, such as those on this side of the Atlantic, while the milk supply is generally receiving more or less consideration, the meat supply is still in a very primitive condition. This is largely due to the ignorance of the public to the dangers that may lurk in uninspected meat, to the fear that a proper system of meat inspection may be too costly for their resources, and sometimes to the opposition of those whose interest lies in maintaining things as they are.

The inspection of meat is necessary from many points of view, but chiefly for the preservation of the public health against such diseases as may be communicated from diseased meat. Inspection of meat after it has been prepared for the consumer is far from being efficient, and as a protection against the communication of disease, is of little practical value. A skillful and unscrupulous butcher can easily remove all evidence of disease from a carcass of meat in nine cases out of ten, and the meat so prepared would easily pass the scrutiny of the average meat inspector.

The only inspection that is of any value is that which is conducted at the time of slaughter before the butcher has had the opportunity of removing the diseased organs from the carcass. Considerations of this kind have led many municipalities in the older countries to establish municipal abattoirs, where meat is killed under the supervision of appointed officers, and in many cases these municipal abattoirs have been in successful operation for a great number of years.

In addition to the protection of the public health against disease there are several minor advantages resulting from municipal abattoirs that deserve consideration. Cleanliness is highly desirable with regard to food product as

easily contaminated as meat, and this can only be attained where the necessary facilities are provided,—an ample water supply, good drainage, proper construction of floors and walls, screening of openings against the entrance of flies.

The municipal abattoir also gives great advantages with regard to economy in operation and efficiency of supervision. Under ordinary conditions of the primitive slaughter-house much valuable material is thrown away and wasted. This can be manufactured into valuable products and in a large establishment of special grease, bone meal and other products, produces a valuable part of the revenue.

Supervision is also much more easily provided where the slaughtering of animals for the community is done under one roof rather than in many widely scattered establishments. The concentration of the work and its performance at certain hours renders supervision an easy matter.

An improvement may also be expected in the quality of meat prepared at a public abattoir. Butchers will be more careful in their purchases when they know that their meat is to be inspected and condemned or found wholesome.

There is also great advantage in the facilities provided for chilling and cooling meat in a large abattoir. These facilities are generally absent in small slaughter houses and the fresh killed meat is often carted through dusty streets to the butcher's establishment before it is cooled. Proper cooling of meat soon after killing adds to its quality and wholesomeness.

The experience of the Health of Animals Branch in the inspection of meats at the abattoirs under federal supervision, shows conclusively the great importance of this service. Probably about one-half of the meat consumed in Canada is subject to this inspection. During the year ending 31st of March, 1914, this inspection was given to 531,994 cattle, 1,799,000 swine, 499,000 sheep, and of this number there were condemned 7,177 carcasses of cattle, 4,007 carcasses of pork, 399 carcasses of mutton.

In addition to these carcasses totally condemned, there were the following number of portions of carcasses condemned:

119,742	portions of beef.
521,097	" " pork.
106,374	" " mutton.

It would be safe to assume that if (Continued on page 7)



May be the dough had forgotten to rise.  
Or had risen quickly overnight and fallen again—  
To rise nevermore.  
Twas weak flour, of course,  
Meaning weak in gluten.  
But FIVE ROSES is strong, unusually strong.  
With that glutinous strength which compels it to rise to your surprised delight.  
Stays risen too.  
Being coherent, elastic.  
And the dough feels springy under your hand.  
Squeaks and cracks as you work it.  
Feel the feel of a FIVE ROSES dough.  
Note the wonderful smooth texture—soft velvet.  
Great is the bread born of such dough—  
Your dough! ☉  
Try this good flour.

# Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached  Not Blended

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED, MONTREAL

# THE BLOOD IS THE STREAM OF LIFE

Pure Blood Is Absolutely Necessary To Health

## "FRUIT-A-TIVES" PURIFIES

These Wonderful Tablets, Made of Fruit Juices, Are The Best Of All Tonics To Purify And Enrich The Blood.

Pure, rich blood can flow only in a clean body. Now, a clean body is one in which the waste matter is regularly and naturally eliminated from the system. The blood cannot be pure when the skin action is weak, when the stomach does not digest the food properly, when the bowels do not move regularly, when the kidneys are strained or overworked.

Pure blood is the result of perfect health and harmony of stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and skin.

"Fruit-a-tives", by their wonderful action on all these organs, keeps the whole system as clean as Nature intended our bodies to be clean.

"Fruit-a-tives" tones up, invigorates, strengthens, purifies, cleans and gives pure, rich, clean blood that is, in truth, the stream of life.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50 trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### BE SQUARE.

Say, my boy, though there are drawbacks That may hamper you in life, Though the skies above are darkened, And the future seems a strife, Just resolve to face it bravely, Have the grit up and dare, And you'll win, despite the drawbacks, If, in all things, you'll 'Be square.'

There's a something in the sparkle Of an honest youngster's eye That demands the admiration Which the world does not deny. Meet him where you will, you'll notice By his frank and fearless air, He convinces those about him That in all things he'll 'Be square.'

Plan great deeds, then up and at them With a manly, glowing face; Just forget about the drawbacks, Be a leader in the race, Have a noble, steadfast purpose, And you'll conquer all you dare; For you've learned true victory's secret, In those simple words, 'Be square.'

### WHERE'S MOTHER.

When father came from work at night Before he'd wash his hands and face, Or hang his hat upon the peg, His glance would wander round the place, And if dear mother's sunny head Was not within his vision's keen, He'd search for her from room to room, Upstairs and down and all, and there He'd stop and ask: "Where's Mother?"

But if he found her in her chair, He'd pucker up about the lot, And pick a mess of early greens, Or fix a chicken for the pot; He'd mend a fence or set a hen, Or do some other homely chore, With only now and then a glance Toward the half-open kitchen door That seemed to ask: "Where's Mother?"

When Mother left us sorrowing He followed her within a day; And while we laid white flowers around His smooth-brushed hair, as white as they, We could but think that when the light And beauty of that wondrous place Burst on his newly-quickened gaze, He must have raised an eager face And simply asked: "Where's Mother?"

—Marion Parks, in Chicago Record-Herald.

Dutch common sense is again confirmed in a custom noted by a traveller in Holland. When anyone is ill a slip of paper with a note of information as to the patient's condition is put up each morning on the front door. By this means inquiring friends may keep informed of the condition of the patient without disturbing the household. It is said also that when a death occurs in a family the relationship of the deceased is indicated by the position of the following shutters of the windows. If a cousin, one section; a brother, two; while for a parent all but one is closed.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

# Twin Prodigals

By MRS. P. H. SAUNDERS

## CHAPTER VI.

As the train, which carried as a first class passenger, Jim Parish, was speeding on its way to New York, that gentleman was for once in his eventful life, kept very busy racking his brain to think, and plan how he was going to carry out his scheme of deceiving Papa and Mama Van Ness. He had learned a good deal from his talk with Percy in the room at the Ritz Hotel, when Hogan had mistaken him for "Gentleman Jim," he felt pretty sure that even his resemblance to the real Van Ness heir, he would have his hands full to really live in the bosom of his adopted family day after day, and not commit some blunder; however he is determined to risk it. He has found out the avenue on which the palatial mansion of the Van Ness is situated, but failed to get the number; how shall he proceed in as yet, not quite clear to him; he will leave it to chance.

He was sitting very quietly in his seat, with his hat pulled down over his face feigning sleep; but never was he more wide awake.

"Book Sir?" breaks in on his thought. On looking up, the train-boy is standing beside him, who with a quick nod, and touching his cap, exclaims, "Mr. Van Ness! here is just the book you want." Gentleman Jim is for a moment rather taken aback, but quickly recovers himself. If this train-boy takes him for the real Percy Van Ness, surely others may too, and it was with a feeling of great relief, that he produces from his pocket a coin, and gives it to the boy in exchange for the book he knows he will not read. The boy passes on little dreaming of the mistake he has made, and the light heart he has left behind him. Gentleman Jim amuses himself looking through the magazine, but really not seeing a word, his mind is too full of what is in store for him at home. If he only knew a little more! It puzzles him to know why the rich man's son was masquerading in Boston at a second rate hotel, why did he not ask a few more questions? But it was too late now, and in an hour the train will be rolling into the Grand Central at all goes well. How shall he pass the time? He has not been a millionaire's son long enough to venture into the smoker, so is obliged to again feign sleep; this time he really does lose himself in a short nap, for the discovery through the train-boy that he looks like Percy has wonderfully raised his spirits, and given him that easy feeling that with careful manoeuvring he may, for a time at least, impersonate the real Percy. For a moment he wonders what that young gentleman is doing and if Hogan will succeed in keeping him dark. But he Hogan, promised to let him know if any difficulty should arise; and with these thoughts of Hogan he finds the train has arrived at the "Grand Central," and it is now or never with him. Just how to proceed is not clear; but while he is passing through the gate from the train he is accosted by two fashionably dressed young men with "Hello Old Man," where did you drop from? I tell you, you are just in time for the ball! But, of course, you know all about it as the matter, no doubt, has written you.—For no word of the real disappearance from home of Percy has gotten abroad. Gentleman Jim thinks quickly. If he could only get a clue to the names of his would-be old-time friends, but as this is impossible, his sharp wits must come to the rescue.

"Well, to tell you the truth, I have been going about so much from place to place, that I have got my mail very irregularly, and in fact, it is a week since I have heard from home."

"Ah? well then, you do not know of the grand "Charity Ball" at your house tonight in aid of the "Red Cross" work? I tell you it is quite the fashion to combine pleasure with profit, and nothing like getting your money's worth," and with the words, "Well! hope to see you tonight," the young men pass on.

Fearing that he will commit himself he decides as he does not know the number of his new home he will order a carriage and tell the driver to take him to the Van Ness house. Calling a porter he slips a coin into his hand, with the words, "Get me a carriage," and with the reply, "All right Sir," he dashes away. In a short time he comes back, with the announcement that the carriage is waiting. "Shall I carry your grip Sir?" Giving his luggage to the porter, he follows him outside and is soon on his way to Fifth Avenue. What is in store for him he knows not, but it is determined to be watchful and if possible escape detection. Arriving at his destination he finds as he descends from the carriage that the awning is up from the street to the front entrance of the Van Ness' abode, which proves the truth of the report given by his friends at the depot. The driver

takes his grips and proceeds through the canvas covered walk and rings the bell. The door is opened by a servant in livery, and the driver delivers the luggage inside the vestibule. Percy—as we must now call him—pays him, and he departs, leaving the adventurer rather undecided what to do, but the old trained servant, who thinking him to be the real Percy, takes his grips and proceeds to carry them to his room. Just at this moment Mrs. Van Ness enters the corridor on her way down-stairs. On seeing James with the grips she knows so well in his hands, she exclaims, "Has Mr. Percival arrived?"

"Yes madam?"

"Where is he?"

"He is in the library?"

"Wait! James leave the grips here till I see about his room." Hastily descending the stairs, she goes quickly to the library, and seeing her son throws her arms about his neck, while real tears fall from her eyes.

"My son! I am so relieved to have you home again. I want you to forgive me for not coming to see you that morning you left so suddenly. I have suffered tortures thinking about you, and what you might be enduring with that pitifully small allowance of \$500.00."

So that is the way the wind blows, Percy thinks, Ah! I have it now but aloud, "Be seated mother mine and we will talk it over more comfortably, which amazes even himself, if it is evidently believed by him—if he only knew it—at last anxious mother, for never has she been so solicitous of his welfare.

"You must want to go to your room, but the house is full of guests, and your room being empty I gave it to Fred North, whom you will be glad to see. I will see at once about arranging another." Ringing the bell a maid enters. "Nora, you may tell James to put Mr. Percival's things in the blue room and let me know here when it is ready." The maid with a nod leaves the room. "Where in the world has 'Gentleman Jim' seen that face? Surely somewhere! and she gave him such a look as if she had seen him before but no clue to the mystery comes to him. But yes, no, yes I have it. Hogan! it must be the sister he spoke about. I must be careful and not awaken her suspicion.

"What are you thinking about Percy? I have been waiting some time for you to tell me of your travels, and there you sit making all kinds of faces and motions as if you were talking to some one. Pardon me, Percy, but you have changed somewhat, and your general appearance seems different?"

"But mother! you know I have been away a whole month, and a whole lot can happen in that time." "Yes my son, but now you are home again I do sincerely hope you will do nothing to annoy your father. I think he is sorry he was so hasty in sending you away for three years, but as no one knows why you went I trust you will lead them to believe you were only away on a business trip, and another thing Percy," and the wistful look she gives him determines him to do his best. "Marion will be here tonight and I want you to be particularly nice to her, you know how much my heart is set on having her for a daughter. They arrived home three weeks ago and this is her first appearance out since her arrival." Here the door is opened and James says, "Mr. Percy's room is ready madam."

"Very well James. Oh, by the way Percy, your valet went away after you left and I do not know where he is now."

"Oh, no matter mother, I will do very well alone and James can help me if I need him." Thus talking our would-be Percy and his lady mother pass together up the stairs, while he manages to keep her beside him till—"here's your room, Percy, for the present." As the door closes leaving him alone, he crosses the room which is furnished with all the luxuries to be found in a home like this, and looks at his reflection in the long cheval glass. He is startled at the close resemblance between himself and Percy, and no longer wonders at the readiness of people to believe him to be indeed the heir to the Van Ness millions. Through the blue silk portiers he can see the shining rim of a bath-tub. Entering the room he finds everything laid out in readiness for him. Emerging from the refreshing bath, and donning the costly and elegant made garments that he wonders why the real Percy can be content to leave it all and become a wanderer. He frowns as he thinks of Marion. He would give a lot to know her other name, but surely the fates will help him. He laughs aloud as he thinks of the valet, "one trouble less to confront." A tap on the door interrupts him. On opening it James gives him the message that his father has

arrived and wishes to see him in the library.

"Tell him I will be down immediately." As the door closes he exclaims, "Now Jim Parish look to your laurels and keep a brave heart."

On entering the library, his father rises to meet him.

"My son, let by-gones be by-gones, and let us from today try to do better."

Percy is, as the occasion demands, very much over-come, and with trembling lips, and penitent mien, promises to do better. His mother who is also present, thinking there has been enough of these solemn proceedings interposes after a glance at the handsome time-piece on the marble mantle. Dinner will be served in twenty minutes." A rustle of silken robes is heard, and one by one the guests enter the room and form in groups talking and laughing. All welcome Percy back from his travels.

"Where were you buried a whole month, Percy?" cried a beautiful girl with a laughing flower-like face. "We missed you so much." But dinner is announced.

"Percy, take Marion out to dinner," his mother says, and offering her his arm they enter the dining room.

Never before has it been his luck to dine with millionaires. With fear and trembling, he takes the place assigned him, but keen observance helps him through the ordeal without a mishap.

At ten-thirty, the guests begin to arrive. The drawing room presents a rather unusual appearance. Over the end of the long room, flags have been draped. In the centre where they have been caught up, is a square of white velvet, ornamented with a red cross abaze with tiny electric stars. Just above the flags, two clusters of lights form the letters B. R. "What are they?" "Oh how lovely," was heard on all sides. Except for the light from the gas-lights upon the tiled hearth, and the lights at the end, the room is in shadow. Suddenly from behind the draped flags, the orchestra begins a soft, wondrous melody filling the room with charm and beauty. A voice of rare sweetness begins to sing. The glorious voice of the unseen singer, seemed to lead through battlefields, where are strewn the wounded and dying. One seems to see the Red Cross Nurses, moving about among them on their errands of mercy. Soon the song takes up another strain, and the good ship seems to be bravely breaking the waves, while those on board are straining their eyes, to catch the first glimpse of the home-land. The awful war is over, and with a burst of gladness, one can see again the land filled with peace and plenty. The notes of "Home Sweet Home," floated over the assembled throng. As the last note died away, the hush which had been over all, was broken by clapping of hands. "How came you to think of it?" "It was a great surprise!" The hostess is delighted with her "little plan" as she calls it, and is greatly pleased to know it has been so successful.

The orchestra commences to play again and the grand ball-room presents a gay appearance. Into the wee small hours the dances linger. At a late hour—or rather early—the last carriage rolls away, and the mansion sinks into quiet. The grand ball has been a great success and a goodly sum has been added to the Belgian Relief Fund.

About two weeks after this, Percy is very much startled by receiving a letter from Hogan, it read thus:

"Dear Jim: The cub we nabbed has escaped; don't know where he is hanging out. Better look out for him, he may turn up and spoil yer game. Thought I would just warn ye, Maudie is still at her job. Hope you are having no end of a time, and will soon send for yours truly to help bag the swag. A. HOGAN."

Percy read the very characteristic letter of his old pal, with dismay; he is not so sure but what he would rather keep on as he is, that is if the lovely Marion will continue to smile upon him. One day his mother rather calls him to account about his queer way of passing friends without the slightest notice.

"They think it very strange, I wish you would call at Julia Sylvester's to-day. I am sure you have not been there since your return."

Now who can she be? He has met her to his knowledge; but he will try, and trust to luck to help him out of this dilemma. A little later as he is standing on the sidewalk drawing on his expensive kid gloves, he catches sight of a figure at the corner. Surely he has seen him before, but as he does not appear again he thinks no more about it, which way shall he go. "Hello Purse! what you are just the fellow I want. Come with me for a walk. I have a call to make, can you not go with me?"

As they stroll down the street together Percy suddenly clutches his friend's arm, as in faint, "what is the matter old man? But—"

(To be continued.)

## MUNICIPAL ABATTOIRS AND PUBLIC HEALTH

(Continued from page six.)

this meat had not been inspected, some of it at least would have found its way into the stores and been sold for food. The temptation to the butcher to trim off diseased portions and sell the rest of the carcass is very great, and it is only by strictest supervision that this can be prevented.

Beside the actual disease there are many conditions which render meat unwholesome, one of the chief of which is immaturity. Farmers and others endeavor to sell calves for veal before they have become sufficiently mature to furnish wholesome food. Over 3,000 of these calves were condemned last year by our inspectors and undoubtedly the majority of them would, under other conditions, have found their way into the food supply.

The expense of establishing a municipal abattoir is not so great as to over-ride its manifold advantages. No city with efficient government should be without its civic abattoir. The investment should be looked upon from the same point of view as the money spent in providing pure water for the use of the citizens.

If the abattoir is self-supporting, so much the better; if not, the deficit may be looked upon to pay for protection against impure food and money well spent. Wherever an abattoir is well planned and well managed, it should produce a revenue rather than a deficit. The revenue is derived as follows:

- (1) The fees paid by the butchers for the use of the facilities of the abattoir.
- (2) The fees derived from the slaughter of animals by the employees of the abattoir for persons bringing live animals there for that purpose.
- (3) The profit to be derived from the rendering works in connection with the abattoir.
- (4) The rentals derived from the cold storage branch of the establishment.

These sources of revenue should go for towards paying all the operating and other expenses of a municipal abattoir, and where properly situated and efficiently managed should show a profit on the investment.

It is difficult to point to the experience of other places in Canada or the United States along this line of civic activity, for the reason that up to the present time comparatively few municipal abattoirs have been established in America. Comparisons might be made with municipal abattoirs in England, Germany, France and other countries, where they have been operating for many years and giving great satisfaction to the people.

Conditions in America, however, are very different to those in Europe, and such comparison would be of little value in guiding Canadians as to what is needed under the conditions of our country.

As an indication, however, of satisfactory operation of a plant on a small scale the experience of Paris, Texas, may be cited:

In February of 1910, Mr. Ed. H. McCuiston, Mayor of Paris, Texas, stated, with respect to the municipal abattoir in his city

"The City of Paris began the operation of a municipal abattoir on the first day of December, 1909, and we are delighted both with the service and the plan which we are pursuing. Our plant consists of an abattoir and cold storage house, which in height is two stories, also a reduction plant, which is operated with the same machinery and under the same roof, but in different departments.

"We have never undertaken any enterprise which has commended itself to our people as strongly as our abattoir and reduction plant. When we undertook to vote bonds for it there was quite a good deal of opposition among all our people. Both the plant and the plan were considered impractical and visionary, but there is not now, so far as I have been able to hear since we began operations, a single dissenting voice, and our people appreciate it more than any improvement we have ever undertaken."

After making the above statement and after two years' operation, Mayor McCuiston, says:—

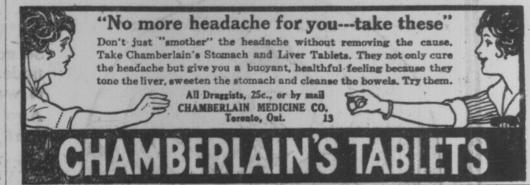
"Our municipal abattoir continues to be the same glowing success as it was the day we started it. It has grown in popularity with our people and in favor with our meat cutters with every passing month."

Toronto is the first Canadian city to establish a civic abattoir. This was put in operation in July, 1914. Statistics are not available, showing the expenses of maintaining it, but the manager assured the writer last summer that the amount of business which they were doing was sufficient to warrant the statement that the abattoir would be a paying proposition much sooner than had been expected. This coming so soon after the inauguration of the establishment is highly satisfactory. If events justify this statement, Toronto will set an example to other Canadian cities which should follow as soon as possible.

As they stroll down the street together Percy suddenly clutches his friend's arm, as in faint, "what is the matter old man? But—"

Toronto applied for federal inspection and this was granted, so that the establishment has been under the in-

"No more headache for you—take these!"  
Don't just "smother" the headache without removing the cause. Take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They not only cure the headache but give you a buoyant, healthful feeling because they tone the liver, sweeten the stomach and cleanse the bowels. Try them.  
All Druggists, 25c., or by mail CHAMBERLAIN MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont.



### CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

## DOMINION ATLANTIC RY

LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUT

On and after November 3rd, 1914, train services on the railway is as follows:

Express for Yarmouth . . . 11.57 a.m.  
Express for Halifax . . . 2.00 p.m.  
Accom. for Halifax . . . 7.40 a.m.  
Accom. for Annapolis . . . 6.05 p.m.

## Midland Division

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 5.10 p.m., and 7.50 a.m. and from Truro for Windsor at 6.40 a.m., 2.30 p.m. and 12.50 p.m. connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

Buffet Parlor Car Service on Mail Express between Halifax and Yarmouth.

## St. John - Digby

DAILY SERVICE (Sunday excepted.)

Canadian Pacific Steamship "Yarmouth" leaves St. John 7.00 p.m., leaves Digby 1.45 p.m., arrives at St. John about 5.00, connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

## Boston Service

Steamers of the Boston and Yarmouth S. S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of express train from Halifax and Truro, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

P. GIPKINS, General Manager.

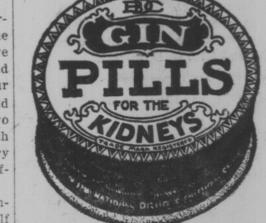
**RESISTOL**—A safe and sure remedy in all cases of overstimulation; also indicated in all cases of Brain Fatigue, Nervous Exhaustion caused by overwork or malnutrition, unequalled for nausea or general depression. A general tonic and body builder. Mail orders filled by Resistol Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

When a missionary called the attention of the largest publishing house in the Orient to an apparent insinuation against Christianity in one of their text books, the publishers—who are Chinese—gave notice of their intention to withdraw the entire edition for immediate revision. "We have always intended to be a help to Christianity, not a hindrance" declared one of the publishers, "and we hold to it though it means in this instance financial loss."

A train without a single operator abroad will carry London's mail through the nine-foot tunnel which the city plans to build. The train will travel at the rate of twenty-five miles per hour, and will stop at little platform stations along the route.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

WE'LL SEND THE FIRST few doses of Gin Pills to you free—if you have any Kidney or Bladder Trouble. After you see how good they are—get the 50c. size at your dealer's.



Good Morning! We Are Introducing

American Silk  
American Cashmere  
American Cotton-Lisle

## HOSIERY

They have stood the test. Give real foot comfort. No seams to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in—not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fitness, style, superiority of material and workmanship. Absolutely stainless. Will wear 6 months without holes, or new ones free.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER to every one sending us \$1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post-paid with written guarantee backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75c. value American Silk Hosiery  
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value American Cashmere Hosiery  
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value American Cotton-Lisle Hosiery  
or 6 Pairs of Children's Hosiery

Give the color, size and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired. DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected.

The International Hosiery Co.  
P. O. Box 244  
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

## DOMINION ATLANTIC RY

LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUT

On and after November 3rd, 1914, train services on the railway is as follows:

Express for Yarmouth . . . 11.57 a.m.  
Express for Halifax . . . 2.00 p.m.  
Accom. for Halifax . . . 7.40 a.m.  
Accom. for Annapolis . . . 6.05 p.m.

## Midland Division

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 5.10 p.m., and 7.50 a.m. and from Truro for Windsor at 6.40 a.m., 2.30 p.m. and 12.50 p.m. connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

Buffet Parlor Car Service on Mail Express between Halifax and Yarmouth.

## St. John - Digby

DAILY SERVICE (Sunday excepted.)

Canadian Pacific Steamship "Yarmouth" leaves St. John 7.00 p.m., leaves Digby 1.45 p.m., arrives at St. John about 5.00, connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

## Boston Service

Steamers of the Boston and Yarmouth S. S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of express train from Halifax and Truro, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

P. GIPKINS, General Manager.

## FURNESS SAILINGS

From London	From Halifax
Graciana	May 12
Appenine	June 3
Messina	June 15
May 20	Caterino June 26

From Liverpool	From Halifax
May 27	Durango June 15

Furness Withy & Co., Limited  
Halifax, N. S.

## H. & S. W. RAILWAY

Accom. Mon. & Fri.	Time Table in effect January 4, 1915	Accom. Mon. & Fri.
Read down.	Stations	Read up.
11.10	Lv. Middleton Av.	15.45
11.35	* Clarence	15.17
11.55	Bridgetown	15.01
12.23	Granville Centre	14.36
12.30	Granville Ferry	14.21
12.55	* Kaysdale	14.05
13.15	Ar. Port Wade Lv.	13.45

CONNECTION AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL PORTS ON H. & S. W. RAILWAY AND D. A. RAILWAY.

P. MOONEY  
General Freight and Passenger Agent

## Shorthand or Bookkeeping

One or both with all allied subjects separately or combined, without extra charge, and an all Canadian Diploma granted by an independent Board of Examiners, are what the Maritime offers and what no other institution in the city does. Why not get full value for your investment?

You can enter any day at the

Maritime Business College  
HALIFAX, N. S.  
E. KAULBACH, C. A.

## Boston and Yarmouth Steamship Co., Ltd

Two Trips per week in each direction between Yarmouth and Boston  
Steamers leave Yarmouth Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5.00 p.m. for Boston. Leave Boston Tuesdays and Fridays at 1.00 p.m. for Yarmouth. Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Office.  
A. B. WILLIAMS, Agent



**Sold Weight Guaranteed**

So accurate are Lantic package weighing machines that half an ounce underweight stops the machine. Every Lantic Sugar carton and bag is weighed at the Refinery, and full net weight is guaranteed. Avoid the "spilly" wasteful paper bag, by asking for Lantic Sugar in original packages. They are easily identified by the red ball trade mark. Lantic Granulated is packed in 2 lb. and 5 lb. Cartons. Also in 10 lb., 20 lb. and 100 lb. Bags.

**Lantic Sugar**

Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited MONTREAL, QUE. ST. JOHN, N. B.

# Lantic Sugar

RE CORRESPONDENCE FOR PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMANY.

- 1.—Letters (letters should be left open) postcards and postal parcels should be addressed as follows:
  - 1.—Rank, initials, name.
  - 2.—Regiment, or other unit.
  - 3.—British (or Canadian, French, Belgian or Russian) prisoner of war.
  - 4.—Place of internment.
  - 5.—Germany.
- 2.—Communications should be limited to private and family news and necessary business communications, and should not be sent too frequently. No reference to the naval, military or political situation or to naval or military movements and organizations are allowed. Letters or postcards containing such references will not be delivered.

BOOK BUREAU ESTABLISHED

The announcement made in another column, of the establishment in Halifax of a Book Bureau for the purchase and distribution of books prescribed for the use in the schools of the Province, will be observed with interest by all parents who have children attending the public schools.

In these days when the cost of practically everything, necessities as well as luxuries, has been mounting higher, it is refreshing to find one line in which the effects which have been put forth to stem the rising tide, and to prevent the burdens of the consumer from becoming greater, have met with a measure of success. That the efforts of the Council of Public Instruction in this direction have been void of results, becomes strikingly apparent on an examination of the present list of books authorized for use in the schools of Nova Scotia and a comparison of the prices found there with those found in the lists of four or five years ago. Not only were the prices then higher in almost every case, but in not a few cases there have been reductions amounting to more than fifty per cent. There has remained however, some cause for dissatisfaction owing to the fact that in some parts of the Province higher prices have been charged than those given in the price-lists. It is understood that the correction of this evil and the securing of uniform prices from one end of the province to the other is one of the objects arrived at in the establishment of the Bureau.

While the great aim of the Bureau will be to benefit the public, it hopes to be able to effect this without injury to the dealer. The dealer who sends in to the Bureau an order of reasonable size accompanied by the cash for the same, is to receive his books free of transportation charges up to his railway station, and the 15 per cent. discount which is allowed him is equivalent to the profit of 17-1/2 per cent. on his outlay. Along with this, the Bureau gives a guarantee against less through changes in the authorization of books.

A comparison of this with what is customary in other Provinces and States, where similar bureaus have been established, shows that the dealers in Nova Scotia are being generously dealt with for the usual allowance made to them elsewhere is only 10 per cent.

There are several other important benefits which are looked for from the establishment of the Book Bureau; but, leaving these out of consideration for the present, and looking at it merely from a pecuniary point of view, it may be said that while the liberal treatment accorded to the book-dealer leaves them no just ground for complaint, the still further lowering of the cost of school books which will be effected through it and the saving in this way of some thousands of dollars annually to the parents of pupils should prove highly satisfactory to them.

- 3.—Friends of the prisoners of war are advised to send postcards in preference to letters as postcards are less likely to be delayed. If letters are sent they should not exceed in length two sides of a sheet of note paper and should contain nothing but the sheet of note paper. On no account should the writing be crossed.
- 4.—Letters cannot for the present be accepted for registration.
- 5.—Postage need not be paid either on letters or parcels.
- 6.—No letters should be enclosed in parcels, and newspapers must not on any account be sent. So far as is known there to be no restriction on the contents of parcels; tobacco may be sent and will be admitted duty free but foodstuffs of a perishable character should not be sent. Parcels should not exceed eleven pounds in weight.
- 7.—Remittances can be made by money order to prisoners of war. Instructions as to how to proceed can be obtained from Postmasters of Accounting Post Offices. The transmission of coin, either in letters or parcels is expressly prohibited. Postal notes and Bank notes should not be sent.
- 8.—It must be understood that no guarantee of the delivery of either parcels or letters can be given and that the Post Office accepts no responsibility. In any case, considerable delay may take place and failure to receive an acknowledgement should not necessarily be taken as an indication that letters and parcels sent have not been delivered.
- 9.—So far as is known, prisoners of war in Germany are allowed to write letters or postcards from time to time; but they may not always have facilities for doing so and the fact that no communication is received from them need not give rise to anxiety.

Had ship's anchor fall on my knee and leg, and knee swelled up and for six days I could not move it or get help. I then started to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and two bottles cured me.

PROSPER FERGUSON.

PRINCE WON'T FIGHT BRITISH.

LONDON, May 17.—The second son of PPrince and Princess Christian, who is serving in the German army, has at his own request been assigned to duties which are not likely to bring him in contact with the British forces, it which before the war broke out he had many friends.

The Prince, who is related to King George feels his position acutely and it is very unhappy, because he knows that he can never return to England. The position of his father and mother is almost more unpleasant.

PRaises GALLANTy OF CANADIANS.

Lord Kitchener spoke Tuesday of the gallantry of the Canadian division, which defended its position tenaciously, notwithstanding the poisoning fumes.

"This was an ordeal to try the qualities of the finest army in the world," he said, "and all the more credit is due the soldiers of Canada who, unprepared for such an attack and exposed to a withering fire, reluctantly and with perfect steadiness withdrew their left flank to conform to the newer alignment of the Allies' position."

A despatch from the Colonial Secretary to His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught says: "It is His Majesty's wish that on the occasion of His Majesty's birthday this year (June 3rd), flags should be flown, but no dinners, reviews, salutes or other celebration should take place."

## SNAPS IN BOYS' SUITS

We have 60 Boys' Suits which we wish to clear out and will sell at great bargains. Suits to fit boys from 2 to 12 years

All the latest things in

### SUMMER DRESS GOODS

Maxixe Crepes, Plain Crepes  
Ripplets, Flowered Piques  
Plain Piques, Muslins  
Chambrays, etc

Curtain Muslins and Scrims from 8c. up

Ask us to show you our Remnants

# JOHN LOCKETT & SON

HILLSBURN

May 24.  
Sorry to report Mr. George Halliday on the sick list at time of writing.  
Miss Gladys Longmire visited relatives at Upper Clements quite recently.  
Major Purdy of Deep Brook passed through here in his automobile on Friday.  
Mrs. Earle Coates of Yarmouth is visiting at the home of Mrs. S. A. Coates.  
Miss Rhoda Bent and lady friend of Belleisle spent the 24th with friends here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Rafuse of Lake Brook spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rafuse.  
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wilson of Litchfield spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Longmire.  
Mr. J. Halliday of Stoney Beach spent Sunday with his brother Mr. George Halliday.  
Sunday School was opened in the Baptist Church on Sunday after being closed during the winter.  
Mrs. Charles Turner and daughter, Elizabeth, of Litchfield, are spending a few days with relatives here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank McCaule and daughter Minnie of Delcove Cove spent Sunday with relatives here.  
Mr. Blossie of Acadia College will hold services in the Baptist Church on Sunday the 30th at 7.30.  
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sproule and daughter Alice of Litchfield spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hudson.  
The schooner Myrtle L. landed her first fare of fish for this season at Anderson's Cove last week, forty thousand six hundred pounds. She left on Friday for St. John accompanied by Messrs. Wallace and Harry Longmire in the "Shamrock" one of Hillsburn's new motor boats, the latter returning early Sunday morning making the trip of forty miles in five and a half hours.

NICTAUX FALLS.

May 24.  
Rev. G. W. Beck is a guest at Joseph Annis'.  
Miss Mable Varner is visiting her sister Hazel at Hortonville.  
Mrs. Feindel and daughter Kathleen are visitors at Mr. Archie Feindel's.  
Miss Mae Ritcey and sister Adelaide spent the week-end at Liverpool, N.S.  
Miss Grace Smith went to Lawrence, Mass., on Wednesday last for a few weeks' stay.  
Miss Ethel Wilbur of St. John is boarding at Mrs. A. L. Saunders for an indefinite time.  
Mr. Charles Ball of Worcester, Mass., has been a guest at the Central House for the past week.  
Miss Noble Charlton of Morristown was the guest of her aunt Mrs. H. H. Foster on Sunday last.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Hewett and Earle Bertaux of Trenton, Ont., are guests at Mrs. Edwin Bertaux's.  
Mrs. M. P. Hoffman is attending the closing exercises at Acadia, her son Joseph being one of the graduating class.

PORT LORNE.

May 24.  
Mr. John L. Graves has gone to Halifax.  
Mr. Young Anthony made a business trip to St. John last week.  
The tug boat "Island Gem" was here this morning and landed bone meal.  
Mrs. F. W. Charlton and two children, Bridgetown, are visiting friends in this place.  
Miss Little O'Neal, Mt. Rose, visited her sister Mrs. George D. Corbett a few days ago.  
Miss Buelah Whitman, who has been visiting at Clarence the last week, has returned home.

BELLEISLE.

May 24.  
Miss Mary Gesner of Lawrencetown is visiting her aunt Miss Mary Gesner.  
Mrs. Howard Abbott and Milton of Annapolis are visiting Miss Sadie Gesner.  
Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Elliott of Mt. Hanley called on their relatives here last Thursday.  
The Misses Pearl and Jennie Inglis of Tupperville were guests of Mrs. Clifford Bent last week.  
Private Fred. Gesner of the 40th Battalion paid a flying visit among his friends last week. Fred is looking fine.  
Color-Sergeant Parry Parker, is spending a fortnight sick-leave with his sister Mrs. Arthur Gesner. Sergt. Parker in convalescent from a serious case of the measles.  
Last Wednesday evening the members of "Silverthread Band of Hope" held an entertainment in Belleisle Hall. The programme which was rather too long to give in detail, consisted of recitations, dialogues and songs and the manner in which they were rendered certainly reflected great credit on the members of the Band, and those who had them in charge. It would be very unfair to mention names, as all who had a part acquitted themselves the best possible. At the close of the entertainment a collection was taken and the sum of five dollars was added to the treasury of the Band.

PARADISE.

May 24.  
Mr. Robie McNinch of Moncton, is visiting his parents Rev. A. M. and Mrs. McNinch.  
Mrs. H. H. Hopkins and children of Aroostook Junction, N.B., are guests of her mother Mrs. J. C. Phinney.  
Heggie, our veteran fisherman, captured a nine-pound salmon in the Annapolis River on Saturday last.  
Miss Gladys Jackson and some of her young friends have been guests at the home of her mother Mrs. C. Jackson.  
Miss Clara Lengley has returned to her home after spending several months with friends in Philadelphia and Lynn.  
Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Banks and children, Francis and Merle, of Round Hill, have been the guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Covert.

ST. CROIX COVE.

May 24.  
Miss Kathleen Poole is visiting relatives at Mt. Hanley.  
Mr. G. Healy, Outram, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hall.  
Preaching service Sunday June 6, 11 a. m. Conference Saturday afternoon previous.  
Mrs. Frank Charlton and two children, Bridgetown, have been visiting relatives here.  
Messrs. Wilbur Banks and C. Banks, Lawrencetown, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Hall, Saturday.  
Mr. Chester Messenger, Arlington, entertained a number of friends with gramophone music and evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hall.

BODY OF CAUCASIAN CANADIAN IS FOUND.

(Special to the Toronto Globe.)  
NORTHERN FRANCE, May 14.—There is reason to believe that the story of the crucifixion of a Canadian during the fighting about Ypres on April 22-23 is true. A written deposition testifies to the fact of the discovery of a body. This deposition is in possession of the British headquarters staff. The victim was a sergeant. He was found transfixed to the wooden fence of a farm, bayonets thrust through the palms of his hands and a few through his body pinning him to fence. He was then repeatedly stabbed with bayonets many of which punctured and wounded his body. There is room for the supposition that the man was dead before he was pinned to the fence.

PARKERS COVE.

May 24.  
Miss May Hamilton of Phinney's Cove is visiting friends here.  
Service in the Methodist Church on Sunday at 2.30 by the Rev. Mr. Indoe.  
Mr. Arthur Weir went to Victoria Beach on Saturday, returning on Monday.  
Auxiliary schooner Lloyd, Captain W. H. Anderson, sailed for St. John, on the 24th.  
Mrs. Selma Halliday of Hillsburn is visiting her niece, Mrs. W. H. Anderson this week.  
Mr. Bernard Weatherspoon visited at the home of his uncle Mr. and Mrs. Milner quite recently.  
Mr. Frank Mills of Granville Ferry was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. David Milner on Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Clayton are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby boy in the 21st inst.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Amberman of Granville Ferry were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Milner on the 20th.  
Miss Blanche Clayton of Hillsburn and friend Miss Walker of Clements-Port called on Mrs. Austin Weir on the 20th.  
Miss Thurza Mills of Granville Ferry and her friend Miss Manthorne of Bridgetown, visited Mrs. Joseph Rice on Sunday.  
Mr. Curtis Halliday visited his mother at the home of his sister Mrs. Ralph Bohaker of Karsdale on Sunday his mother being in poor health. We hope to soon see her out again.

WEST PARADISE.

May 24.  
Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Roy Sabean—a daughter.  
Planting in this community is progressing slowly, the soil being too wet and cold for cultivation.  
Mr. Robert Healy of Willett Fruit Co., of St. John, N. B., is the guest of his mother, Mrs. A. T. Morse.  
Mr. Gordon Hirtle has a position in The Monitor Office, Bridgetown. We wish him success with his work.  
Mr. W. Rymer had a telephone put in his residence last Saturday. This makes the sixth addition to this line this spring.  
Mr. Roy Sabean has his fish wrier in running order and will soon be able to supply us with bass and shad from the Annapolis River.  
Messrs. Gordon Hirtle and Carl Saunders went south this morning to try their luck among the speckled beauties. No doubt they will get lots of bites.  
The apple trees in this section are looking fine, and prospects of a very heavy blossom. Gravestains are beginning to show their color and will be in full bloom by the first of June.  
Two of our local sports, Mr. C. M. Daniels and Arthur Foster, accompanied by two friends from Granville, spent the week-end out to the Paradise Brook, fishing for speckled beauties. They were quite successful.

CLEMENTSVALE.

May 24.  
A. C. Chute spent Sunday at home.  
Miss Ruby Wood spent the holiday at Port Wade.  
Frank Hood of Annapolis Royal spent the 24th with friends here.  
Miss Etta Long spent Sunday at Deep Brook with her cousin Mrs. R. Long.  
Mr. and Mrs. G. Jackson of Canning were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Z. Pyne.  
Edward M. Sproule returned last week from a pleasant visit with relatives at Nictaux.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miller of Annapolis were holiday guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Brown, Virginia.  
Kenneth Beeler and Miss Goldie Wier of Annapolis were the guests over the 24th of Mr. and Mrs. G. Beeler.  
Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

CLARENCE.

May 24.  
Mrs. Hilsley is spending the 24th at her home in Weston.  
Rev. A. V. Dimock and wife called on friends in this place last week.  
Farming is progressing slowly on account of continued wet weather.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. Hirtle and Mrs. T. C. Minard are visiting friends in Queens County.  
Dr. F. C. Smith and wife of Lynn have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Smith.  
Mrs. McLaughlin and children of Truro, are the guests of her sister, Mrs. Harry Sabean.  
Mrs. Bessie Matheson is visiting her sister Mrs. Alfred Wilson who is suffering with lumbago at present.  
At the close of the service on Sunday morning Pastor McLeod in behalf of the church presented Bro. S. N. Jackson and Alfred Wilson each with an address and a little token of appreciation of their services at Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of the Sabathi School, Brother Jackson having held the position for forty-three years. The following officers have been appointed for the year: Veron Messenger, Asst. Supt.; C. G. Foster, Secretary and Treasurer; Manning Jackson, Librarian; Edith Jackson and Evelyn Smith, Organists.

HAMPTON.

May 24.  
Mr. Elijah Risteen had the misfortune to loose a fine colt last night.  
Miss Rupertha Banks of Clarence is visiting her sister, Miss Allen Beanson.  
George O'Neal bought a very nice all-purpose mare from parties in Granville.  
Our teacher Miss Helen Snow is spending the 24th with her sister at Port George.  
Mr. Elias Messenger has purchased a very handsome hackney colt from George K. O'Neil.  
Mrs. Judson Caute of Clarence, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Tompkins.  
Miss Estella Brooks from Brooklyn is spending the 24th with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Brooks.  
The weather which has been very wet and cold, has changed and today has been one of the old-fashioned spring days. Farming is progressing slowly.  
Miss Eliza Marshall of Paradise is building a bungalow on the land she bought of J. B. Templeman, Curtis Foster and Joseph Marshall are the builders.

AGRICULTURE BULLETINS PUBLISHED AT TRURO.

Three bulletins recently issued by members of the Nova Scotia Department of Agriculture which are of particular interest to farmers as well as their families are now available for free distribution. The first one is on "The Manufacture of Dairy Products on the Farm" by W. A. McKay and includes a practical discussion of the operations of ice cream manufacture, and also contains a concise description of the methods for testing milk and cream for butter fat.  
The second bulletin on "Drainage," by B. H. Landels, is a well illustrated bulletin on this important feature of farm practise. There is included in it a good description illustrated by photographs of methods of draining by means of the plow and spade and also by the use of power machines. The pages dealing with the manufacture of tile are also very valuable. Anyone who contemplates undertaking drainage work on his farm should apply to the Agricultural College for a copy of this bulletin.  
The third is a reprint from the Report of the Secretary for Agriculture for 1914 and consists of 160 pages of reading matter on "Poultry Raising" prepared by J. P. Landry. This bulletin deals with every phase of poultry raising and should be in the library of everyone interested in poultry in the Province.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchins*

K O D A K S A F E T Y A F I L M