

Regular price... of stock to be... AND OXFORDS. Regular \$3.25... \$2.00... n Box Calf and regular \$3.25 to 50... s Canvas Shoes... bargains.

BUTTERS ALL & SECORD Department Stores

DOZENS Dozen

ORDER DELIVER...

GREENHOUSE and Eleventh St.

nt, or if they are granted... ties.—A settler is required to... in the vicinity of his home... and entered for by such home... the requirement as to resi... may be satisfied by such per... residing with the father or...

COPIES OF CANADIAN NORTH-EAST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal mining rights may be... for a period of twenty-one... at an annual rental of \$1 per... Not more than 2,500 acres... be leased to one individual... A royalty at the rate of... cents per ton shall be collected... merchantable coal mined.

If the settler has his permanent... on farming land owned... in the vicinity of his home... the requirement may be satisf... residence upon such land... before making application for... the settler must give six... his notice in writing to the Com... of Dominion Lands at Ot... of his intention to do so.

At this time of the year, we... are showing some specially... good values in Ladies' and... Children's Slippers and Ox... comfortable shoes for... hot weather wear, marked... prices you will appreciate.

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Eighty-five Cents... 'n't much, but it will buy about... the best pound of Java and Mocha... Coffee to be had.

The Edmonton Bulletin.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MONDAY, AUGUST 12th, 1920.

NUMBER 83.

Mid-Summer Clearing Sale
at J. H. MORRIS & CO'S Departmental Store
270-76 Jasper Avenue, East, Edmonton

Goods in all parts of the Store selling at Big Reductions. A rare chance to save money.

ACT QUICKLY

Builders and Contractors

Get our figures on your factory work and save money. We are in a position to quote right prices on special detail work.

Store Fronts, Panelling, Partitions, Counters, Special Frames and Turnings prepared at shortest notice.

W. H. CLARK & CO., LTD.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SASH AND DOOR FACTORY Phone 37
NINTH STREET, W., EDMONTON, ALTA.

National Trust Company, Ltd.
Capital \$1,000,000 Reserve \$450,000

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Town Property at Lowest Current Rates. Lowest Expense. No Delay. No Commission Charged to Borrower.

A. M. STEWART, Manager Edmonton Branch.
Corner of Jasper Ave. and First Street.

Farmers Attention

We have cultivators for properly tilling your summer-fallow which we invite you to call and inspect. Full line of carriages and farm implements.

THE BELLAMY CO.
CORNER RICE AND HOWARD STS.

TRADE MARK

CALCIUM CARBIDE

By using this Carbide you can always depend upon having a pure, clear, steady light.

Packed in moisture-proof Steels Drums containing 100 lbs. each.

SHAWINIGAN CARBIDE CO. MONTREAL

The Manchester House
(Established 1886)

FOR SHOE VALUES

At this time of the year, we are showing some specially good values in Ladies' and Children's Slippers and Oxfords. Comfortable shoes for hot weather wear, marked at prices you will appreciate.

MEN'S OXFORDS

In Men's American made Oxfords, we are showing two special lines in tan, calf and patent leather, at \$4.00 and \$5.00 per pair. These are extra good values.

FRUITS
Of The Season

Arriving Daily

Strawberries **Cherries**
Bananas **Oranges**

Also Fresh Rhubarb
Ripe Tomatoes

W. Johnstone-Walker & Company
267 Jasper Avenue East.

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FINE WEATHER AND BIG CROWDS AT LEUC FAIR

Second Annual Exhibition a Huge Success. Propriety of Fun and Recreation. Excellent Exhibits of Stock. Athletic Events. Speeches in the Evening.

The members and executive of the Leuc Agricultural society, assisted by the citizens of the town and district, united in their efforts Friday to make their second annual summer fair a distinct success. The attendance on the grounds in the afternoon was over 1,500, comprising hundreds from the country and a train load of excursionists from Edmonton and Strathcona. The wet weather of the previous two days suspended haying operations in the country and forced a holiday upon the busy farmers. The weather for the fair was bright and clear and the new ground covered with the lush green grass of the virgin prairie. The fair was held on the grounds in the afternoon from 2 to 6 o'clock, and was attended by a large number of excursionists from Edmonton and Strathcona. The wet weather of the previous two days suspended haying operations in the country and forced a holiday upon the busy farmers. The weather for the fair was bright and clear and the new ground covered with the lush green grass of the virgin prairie. The fair was held on the grounds in the afternoon from 2 to 6 o'clock, and was attended by a large number of excursionists from Edmonton and Strathcona.

LEUC FAIR PRIZE LIST.

Heavy Draught.
Stallion 3 years and over.—This class brought only 2 entries, two Percherons, very fine individuals.—1, Boat, owned by G. Radis, Leuc; 2, Coon III, owned by B. Pigot, Calmar.

Agricultural.
—Male and foal by side.—1, Thomas Hall, Leuc; 2, H. H. Harness, Leuc.

General Purpose.
Team in harness.—This class brought over a dozen entries of spanking fine teams, well adapted for the rough and ready work required in a new country.—1, Klein, Leuc; 2, A. Alving, Leuc; 3, Johnson, Leuc.

Carriage Horses.
Best stallion (registered)—J. S. Johnson, Leuc; 2, J. J. Flood, Leuc.

Saddle Horses.
Saddle horse ridden by gentleman—1, J. J. Flood, Leuc; 2, H. H. Harness, Leuc; 3, Geo. P. Simpkins, Leuc.

Social Prizes.
Best farmer's turnout, harness and rig, owned by resident farmer—R. B. Brown.

Best harness 4-horse team—McEachern.

Best gentlemen's turnout—J. S. Johnson.

Best 3-year general purpose filly—E. F. Klein, Leuc.

Short horns and a Hereford.
The award went to the Short horn owned by E. T. Buckell, Leuc.

Pen of bacon hogs, any breed or grade—J. S. Johnston, Leuc.

Sow, eligible for registration—A. J. Martyn.

Vegetables and Grasses.
The statement of Dr. McIntyre that Leuc was the best fodder-growing district in Northern Alberta was attested by the fine exhibits of grasses and vegetables. Nothing could surpass the substance and quality of the cabbages, cauliflowers, onions and beets. Strathcona was represented in this department, Mrs. McIntyre exhibiting several fine specimens, cauliflowers and beets.

There was a large representation of the various classes in this department, including geese, ducks, turkeys, pigeons and fowl.

Following are the results of the athletic events and a brief account of the football match:

100 yards dash, \$3 and \$2.—1, Stout, 2, Whorley, Time, 12 sec.

100 yards boys 16 years and under, \$2 and \$1.—1, Crumb, 2, Shafer.

5 yards boys 12 years and under, \$1 and 50c.—1, Berube, 2, Baker.

75 yard girls 16 years and under, \$1 and 50c.—Miss Baker, 2, Miss Smith.

200 yards open, \$3 and \$2.—1, Stout, 2, Whorley.

Three-legged race, open, \$3 and \$2.—1, Campbell and Maloney, 2, Whorley and Preece.

Farmer's race, over forty, \$2 and \$1.—A. Stimmel, 2, M. Olson.

Steeple chase, \$2 and \$1.—Campbell, 2, Maloney.

Fatigue race, open, \$3 and \$2.—1, Stout, 2, Whorley.

Running long jump, \$2 and \$1.—Stout (16ft. 7.1-in.).

Standing long jump, \$1 and 50c.—1, Whorley (5.1-1.2 feet), 2, Blades (7.2 feet).

Running hop, step and jump (open), \$2 and \$1.—Stout (27ft. 2-in.).

Whorley (26ft. 5-in.).

Push up (20 lbs.), \$2 and \$1.—Buckell (25ft. 1-in.), 2, Tobin (23ft. 1-in.).

EAST ENDERS SELECT E. BAYFIELD WILLIAMS

As Candidate for Aldermanic Vacancy. Judge Harland Declined to Accept Endorsement. F. W. Brown Scores Commissioner Kincaid and the City Engineer.

The new company was using the same cement and the cost now is to be \$222,000 instead of \$105,000. He mentioned a number of instances of alleged mismanagement resulting in loss of thousands of dollars to the city. He concluded by moving, seconded by Mr. Koerman, that Judge Harland be the nominee of the east end.

Judge Harland, in the course of a neat speech, at first declined the nomination. The position was a hard one and not one that he coveted. He was ready to serve in any capacity as a voter, however, and would do all in his power to elect the east end nominee.

Mr. Macdonald thought that the Judge would accept the nomination, if the meeting agreed, and the latter replied that there were many others even in the meeting who would make excellent representatives.

Mr. Wagner thought it was useless to elect a candidate at present in the east end, as it was, he thought, impossible to get justice for this section.

Mr. Williams moved that the nomination of Judge Harland be made unanimous.

After some further discussion and the proposal of the names of Messrs. Brown, Koorman, G. S. Armstrong, Blayney, Macdonald, and Williams as candidates, a vote was taken with the result that the nomination of Judge Harland was almost unanimously carried and was afterwards made unanimous.

The nominated candidate, however after an adjournment of a few minutes, in which there was an informal consultation, positively declined to accept the nomination.

A second nomination of candidates was called for by the following call made before the meeting:

E. Bayfield Williams, F. W. Brown.

On a vote being taken the ballot stood in favor of Mr. Williams, who is thus the candidate selected for the vacancy.

On motion of Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Anderson, the nomination over was made unanimous of Messrs. Armstrong, Blayney and Brown were appointed a committee to arrange for Monday night's meeting.

Mr. Williams' speech was the member of the firm of Short, Cross & Biggar. Previous to coming to Edmonton he was private secretary to Sir Louis Davies, judge of the Supreme Court, Ottawa, and was also allied with Hon. Mr. Aylmer, minister of Justice, as counsel for the Maritime provinces in the case for increased representation heard before the Privy Council, England.

Street Car Conductor Arrested.
Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—E. H. Hill, street railway conductor, was charged with stealing seven street railway tickets the property of the Winnipeg Street Railway company. The case was postponed until Wednesday. Mr. Murray, another conductor in the employ of the Winnipeg Street Railway company, charged with the same offense, was also remanded until Wednesday. They alleged methods of defrauding the company was when passengers put tickets into the box the accused took them out and resold them. They were, it is charged, detected in their crooked work by the Thiel detective agency, the detective being employed by the Winnipeg Street Railway company.

Journalists in Calgary.
Calgary, Aug. 10.—The visiting British journalists reached the city to-night, spending five hours here. They went on to Banff this morning on their way to the coast. Upon their return they will spend a day in Calgary.

Sergeant Wilson, of the mounted police here, who captured Bill Miner after last robbery, stated to-night that he did not think Miner would be retaken, owing to his having so many friends all through that section of the country.

Are Sailing for Canada.
Ottawa, Aug. 8.—Among passengers sailing for Canada today by the Empress of Britain were Mrs. W. S. Fielding, Misses E. M. Fielding, Z. Fielding, General J. W. Laurie, Duff Miller, Agent-General for New Brunswick, R. W. Perks, M.P., the British rifle team, and several members of the Canadian Biscuit team. Sir Chas. Tupper did not sail, owing to Lady Tupper not feeling sufficiently strong to take the voyage.

Archbishop Bruchesi's Jubilee. Montreal, Aug. 8.—His Grace, Archbishop Bruchesi celebrated the tenth anniversary of his consecration as archbishop of Montreal yesterday. A pontifical High Mass was sung by His Grace, assisted by the canons of the Cathedral, the superiors of the colleges and seminaries, and the parish priests of the archdiocese. The members of the different communities of the city and the lady also assisted at the ceremony. A banquet was held after the church service.

Interest Heat Helps Crops. Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—Heat throughout Western Canada today has been intense just what the crops required.

Coronation Anniversary.
Of Pope Celebrated With Great Affluence and Solemnity.
Rome, Aug. 9.—The anniversary of the coronation of Pope Pius X. was celebrated today in the Sistine chapel with deep religious solemnity, great pomp and magnificence. All the cardinals of the papal court, the diplomatic corps accredited to the Vatican, the heads of the religious orders and the members of the Roman aristocracy were present. The papal secretary of state, Cardinal Merry del Val, officiated. The pope was seated on the throne, while the choir under Manager Perosi, consisting of specially trained boys and also members of the American college of Rome, sang beautifully without the accompaniment of instruments.

Will Be Judge Dawson Now.
Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—On Tuesday morning Alexander Dawson, a widely known barrister and ex-police magistrate for the city of Winnipeg, will be sworn in as county court judge for the eastern judicial district.

DISTRICT NEWS

OLDS.

Bulletin Correspondence.
The mounting of hay that are now rising up to view in Olds district indicate that preparation is being made for the winter feeding campaign. There doubtless will be a great amount left over as usual and this will keep the usual good hay market at this point well supplied. Timothy is now becoming hay and fine reports as to yield and quality are being heard from every quarter. A field hard to beat is to be seen on the Olds Agricultural Grounds. Such a crop of timothy needs to be seen in order to be really appreciated. Considerable preparation is being made for the anniversary service of the Olds Baptist Church next Sunday. The Methodists and Presbyterians have withdrawn their regular appointments and are invited to worship with the Baptists, whose meetings upon that occasion will occur as follows: Morning in the church, and afternoon at the home of the Opera House. The Olds Baptist Church also has been invited. Rev. Pattison, the minister, will conduct the service. The Methodists, of Hartman, are holding a camp meeting during this week and Rev. Bruce, of Olds Methodist Church, is a busy man out at the grounds. A number of the Olds people are planning to attend the services. It is known how the good Hartman folk can entertain, and a trip into that pretty part of the Olds district is always looked forward to with pleasure. The business men of Olds are particularly gratified to learn that the at last the ferry is in successful operation on the Big Red Deer River, east of this town. There has also been a very helpful amount of cutting and grading done on the steep banks on either side of this stream, so that now vehicles can pass safely without the great precautions which

heretofore were necessary. An item which is also very satisfactory to the settlers, is the reasonable toll that is being charged. This improvement will assist materially in settling up the new lands which are being surveyed and which it is understood are soon to be thrown open for entry further east. No use of talking, our athletes are getting a little porky. The foot ball contest between Didsbury and our bunch occurred at the former's grounds last night and resulted in a victory for the "See Olds First" outfit of 2-0, and, of course, home came another cup. As we have already intimated, this mug business is getting a little serious and quarters for the accommodation of all these "scalps" will have to be provided. The largest crowd of Oldsbags, of any trip yet, were down to see the neighbors last night to witness football match and all report a fine time—everybody beady sober and splendidly entertained by the Didsburys, Hantsbergers and the Heibergers and every other burger. Didsbury is all right, but expected to be through in a fortnight. The Rev. Mr. Bowen, the new Methodist minister, is setting out to the mission with his family and with his assistant, Mr. Norman Priestly, they will be much appreciated at their different appointments. White Whale Lake, Aug. 7.

VERMILION, A COMING CENTRE

A C. N. R. Town, the Centre of a Great Cattle Raising Country and Farming District, Which has Made Great Strides Since it was Established.

Officially the town of Vermilion does not exist from the fact that the townsite has not yet been registered and everything is held in the hollow of the hand of the C. N. R. This condition of affairs has been a serious detriment to the town and has prevented loan companies and building companies from advancing money to those who desired to improve their property. Property owners have been unable to secure their titles and are practically squatters. Notwithstanding such an impediment to the growth of the town rapid and substantial progress has been made and Vermilion has kept pace with the growth of other sister towns in this province. The town site is now most Alberta towns and especially those along the C. N. R. Young and fresh from the hands of the carpenter and painter. Its growth has been so rapid and its progress so signal that in the flush of success its citizens have forgotten the history of its founding and refer to that recent event as if it were ancient history. Their eyes are to the future as yet.

Sutton Was First Resident.
As far as can be learned the first resident of the site of the town was a man named Sutton, who, in the shuffle that occurred when the railway went through and the townsite was located, found his resources too few for the railway. Piskey Bros., it is said, were the first to erect a store at Vermilion a few rods west of the present townsite, and Sutton, who was who were the first to settle on the townsite was Harry Bottwell and Stevens Bros.

Timber and Fuel.
It was erected into a village in March, 1906, and so rapidly did the place grow that it was incorporated as a town in August of the same year. The first election was held in September, M. A. Brimcombe being Vermilion's first mayor.

The Youngest Settlements.
The Vermilion settlements are the newest along the main line of the C. N. R. west of Winnipeg. Less than two years ago the settlers numbered not more than a dozen. Today the country is settled for many miles on every side.

Grain Growing Light.
No great amount of grain was raised before this year and it will be another year before there will be any considerable yield from the very large acreage which has been turned over this spring and last. There is a crop, however, ready to hand year in and year out, which never fails, and in the harvesting of which any settler may participate. That is the hay crop. Hay is abundant everywhere. Last year thousands of tons were left in the valley of the Vermilion river and on the meadows surrounding the lakes within a few miles of town. And yet there was a good demand for hay all through the cold season and there is hardly ever a year in any part of the country when hay cannot be marketed at a good profit to the maker.

Nearly Two Million Acres.
The Vermilion district covers an area in round figures of 1,900,000 acres of fine class arable soil, which, as Jim Holden said in his maiden speech was fit for the Garden of Eden. It is watered by the beautiful Vermilion river, an affluent of the Saskatchewan, which it joins a few miles below Fort Pitt. The country which has hitherto been devoted to ranching, is admirably suited to mixed farming, including grain, live stock raising and the pure breeding of cattle and horses. As a sheep country Vermilion should compare favorably with any portion of the western prairies, or the world over.

WHITE WHALE LAKE.

Bulletin Correspondence.
Road work by the three gangs on the North Road has been stopped for having. W. Parrott has returned from the Lobstick where he has been out with the locating survey party of the Grand Trunk. He considers land good enough for homesteading from White Whale Lake to the Lobstick. Cancelling homesteads is the order of the day and it is certainly time some of the applicants came on their land or made way for those who are now ready to reside in the district and be of some benefit to the community. Amongst newcomers to our district is Mr. William Hedge with wife and family, also Raymond White, his brother-in-law. Both are good axmen and have helped quite a bit in cutting out the new road. The Provincial Government will certainly deserve the greatest credit when the new road is all cut out and fixed up as it goes direct west from Edmonton to Stony Plain, on base line and then jogs two miles north to the lakes and afterwards strikes direct west to the White Whale Lake. Mr. McGrimmon's camp is going to move to the lake this week and start working eastward. Work in the swamp on the Indian reserve is progressing favorably though some of the big fills are not complete amongst the hills. Mr. Wilson, contractor, is working on some White Whale Lake property expected to be through in a fortnight. The Rev. Mr. Bowen, the new Methodist minister, is setting out to the mission with his family and with his assistant, Mr. Norman Priestly, they will be much appreciated at their different appointments. White Whale Lake, Aug. 7.

Excelsior in Stock Raising.
As a stock-raising country it has no superior. Cattle (except milk cows and calves) are never housed, wintered or summered in any way. The wholesome and palatable water expels, affording a bountiful and constant supply for the citizens.

Fish and Game.
Feathered game, including wild geese, ducks, prairie chickens and partridges, is abundant, while deer, moose and beaver are also plentiful. Rabbits are everywhere plentiful. White fish and pike swarm in the larger lakes. Vermilion has become a famous fishing resort for the supplies of pike and pink-eye that are taken out in large numbers every week.

Taxes.
The assessed value of property is placed at \$70,000. Taxes are raised by a means of a chemical engine pressure is secured sufficient to operate a two-inch stream three stories. An inexhaustible supply of water is afforded by the C. N. R. and pumping engine. The underwriters have given Vermilion a rate that is said to be the cheapest for any town in Alberta. The town council have made arrangements with the government to establish a local telephone exchange in connection with the trunk line to Lloydminster. Lighting.

Next winter the citizens of Vermilion expect to have their homes and public buildings lighted by gas—Sibbe gas. The Alberta Sibley Gas Co. has been organized with headquarters in Vermilion and will extend their operations to the towns along the C. N. R. during every week.

Proposals are under consideration for the erection of a hospital to cost \$5,000. Plans are out for government creamery which will be completed in time for next year's operations. A flour mill elevator are among the new buildings in sight. Vermilion is one of the towns in the West where the grace of Christianity has gone farther than most places, for the Baptist and Disciple congregations have united and worship in the same church. There are three other churches. **Building Material.** Sandstone in great quantities is found outcropping along the banks close to the Vermilion river. This stone is excellent building material and a few miles from town and recently borings carried on within the limits of the town a seam 9 feet thick has been located at a depth of 240 feet, which is readily accessible from the face of the river banks. In some parts of the country the water supply is a serious problem. Not so with Vermilion. Streams are common and lakes and ponds abound. Springs which never freeze are found in many places along the valleys and good water may be obtained almost anywhere in the district by digging. Along the face of the river bank that forms the northern boundary of the town several springs of sweet water, this year until the Dominion Parliament forestalled any extension until the mileage was better equipped with improvements to the road and rolling stock. Last session a charter was granted to the Vermilion and Cold Lake company, empowering the company to build a railway from Vermilion to Cold Lake which will open up a fine farming district and develop the fisheries of Cold Lake which for white fish and salmon and also cod fish water in the winter. The flavor and firmness of the Cold Lake fish are unsurpassed. **Cattle Shipping Centre.** Cattle are driven 80 miles from the Battle River, Sounding Lake and Paradise valley country to be shipped from Vermilion. Last year 500 prime export steers fed entirely on native grass were shipped in one shipment. A month ago 150 head were delivered here for the commissariat department of the Grand Trunk Pacific. These cattle came mostly from the ranches north of Vermilion along the North Saskatchewan.

The dance at the residence of Mr. J. McLeod last Tuesday night was well attended. The dance continued until the wee sma' hours of the morning. Mr. Thomas Donnelly returned home from Edmonton last Friday. Belvedere, July 24, 1907.

LAC STE, ANNE.
Bulletin Correspondence.
Quite a sensation was caused at Ste. Anne on Friday last by the arrival of two motor cars from Edmonton, conveying H. M. E. Evans and a party of coal magnates from St. Paul, Minn., to visit the coal mines now being successfully worked on the Pembina river. The cars, which were obtained from the Alberta Automobile company, of Edmonton, were 10 h.p., Cadillac, and under the control of G. F. Norton, assisted by an expert from Paris, France, the journey from Edmonton was performed in slightly over four hours, which speaks well for the state of the roads in this part of the country. The cars returned to Edmonton in somewhat under four hours and again arrived at Lac Ste. Anne on Sunday to convey the coal magnates back to Edmonton. C. F. W. Rochford has returned from a prolonged prospecting trip in the Selkirk mountains and judging by his report and assays, that district should prove a veritable Eldorado. Lac Ste. Anne, Aug. 7.

WETASKIWIN.
Bulletin Correspondence.
Mr. Brage, of Fowler & Breen's staff, is staying in Wetaskiwin. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Hogg and Jean are visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Thibault, with whom they picnicked at the lake on the 12th inst. Mrs. Wilkins and family return to the city today after a month's outing. Rev. C. G. and Mrs. Cornelle and daughter Eleanor, late of Kenora, are visiting Mrs. Geo. D. Wallace at Gull Lake resort. Dr. Robertson leaves shortly for Europe to take a special post-graduate course. He will be absent for a year or more, and Mrs. Robertson and baby will go home to Pembroke, Ont., for a while.

Rev. D. Wallace has invested in a pretty water lot at Gull Lake on which he purposes building a cottage next fall. Mr. Shepherd, of Strathcona, was the seller. Wetaskiwin, Aug. 7.

Fire Protection and Telephones.
By means of a chemical engine pressure is secured sufficient to operate a two-inch stream three stories. An inexhaustible supply of water is afforded by the C. N. R. and pumping engine. The underwriters have given Vermilion a rate that is said to be the cheapest for any town in Alberta. The town council have made arrangements with the government to establish a local telephone exchange in connection with the trunk line to Lloydminster. Lighting.

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VICTORIA HOTEL

Omer Gouin, Proprietor

The place to stop at.
Tobaccos and Cigars.
Finest Liquors.
Completely remodelled and furnished throughout.

H. A. MacKIE,
Solicitor for Dominion Fire Insurance Company.

Money to Loan.
Office—McLeod Block, 135 Jasper Ave. East, (Over Perkins' Store), Telephone 190.

LEGAL.

GRIEBBACH, O'CONNOR & ALLISON,
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
Solicitors for the Traders Bank of Canada.

Office—Garipey Block, Jasper Avenue, Edmonton.

TAYLOR, BOYLE & GARIPEY,
Barristers and Advocates, Notaries, Etc.

Office, Garipey Block, Edmonton, Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce, The Great West Life Assurance Company, Standard Loan Company, Union Trust Company, The Sun and Hastings Savings & Loan Company, Etc., Dominion Life Assurance Co.

Private Funds to Loan.
C. Taylor, J. R. Boyle, W. H. G. Garipey.

The Canada Life Investment Department

MONEY TO LOAN

on Improved Town Property on current rates of interest.

NO DELAY.

Mortgages and School Debentures Purchased.

W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office, Edmonton.

RICHHELIEU HOTEL.

Third Street, north of Jasper. (Near Canadian Northern Station.)
Board \$5.50 per week.
Board \$1.50 and \$2 per day.
N. POMERLEAU, Proprietor.

GRANDVIEW HOTEL.

First-Class Accommodation; Finest Liquors and Cigars.
H. SIKLER, Proprietor.

BECK, EMERY, NEWELL & BOLTON,
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
N. D. Beck, K. C., Public Administrator
E. C. Emery, C. F. Newell, S. E. Bolton.

Solicitors for the City of Edmonton, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal, Hudson's Bay Co., Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, Canada Life Assurance Co., B. C. Permanent Loan and Savings Co., the Reliance Loan and Savings Co., the Dominion Permanent Loan Co., the Colonial Investment and Loan Co., Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

Office: McDougall street, near new Imperial Bank building.

Wm. Short.

Hon. C. W. Cross.
Hon. M. Biggar.

SHORT, CROSS & BIGGAR
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
Offices at present in Cameron Bldg., over new offices of Merchants Bank of Canada after May 1st, next, communicating with Mr. R. A. Chisholm, Lac Ste Anne Hotel.

STRAYED—To my premises about middle of May, one dry gray cow, no brand, owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. WM. HODGINS, Duagh, Alberta.

STRAYED—Come to the premises of the undersigned, a grey horse, no brand, weight about 1,200; 5 years old. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. NAPOLEON LEPAGE, Lamoureux, R. L. 4, 2 S. 55, range 22.

FOR SALE—Yoke of well broken oxen, weight about 3,000. See Rigley Bros. 2 1/2 miles west of Morinville.

LUMBER

We have a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of

B. C. LUMBER

of the best quality
NATIVE SPRUCE
always on hand

We handle Kanaskis Lime, and have just received a
PAROID and NEPONSET ROOFING

Orders given prompt attention.
Builders will do well to give us a call.

D. R. FRASER & CO., Ltd.

Head Office and Yard, 201 Namayo Ave.
Phones: Head Office 5b, Mill 5a. Branch Yard, Vegreville

K. W. McKenzie,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

EDMONTON - - - ALTA.

KEEPS ON HAND ALL KINDS OF
Local Improvement Forms. School District Forms.
Hyoplate Blackboards. Desks. Etc

There is Nothing Better

Steel Stubble and Sod Plow

Fitted with the Celebrated "Garden City Clipper" Bottom.
MADE BY DAVID BRADLEY MFG. CO., BRADLEY, ILL., U.S.A.

About the best thing you can get hold of for all classes of work. At home in the stubble or fallow, turns a good flat furrow in the sod. Just a nice medium between the more abrupt old ground plow and the long, slow turning breaker. Hardened moldboard, share and landside. If we knew anything better suited to general work in this locality, we'd be selling it. But we don't think there is anything better. You'll agree when you see this one. Come in and let us show you.

SOLE SELLING AGENTS
Manuel & Corriveau, Edmonton, Alta

If You Are Buying or If You Are Selling

Come and see for yourself who does the business every

Saturday at Two O'Clock on the Market Square, Edmonton

Cattle, Horses, Wagons, Harness, Etc.

Auctioneer Smith

Office of The Stetson-Smith Co., McDougall Ave. Edmonton, Alberta.
Office Phone 250. Stable Phone 585. P.O. Box 3.

Are You Building?

Remember that in this country WARMTH should be the first consideration.

E. B. Eddy's Impervious

Sheathing Paper

ensures this.

Tees & Persee, Limited, Agents.
Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary.

Always everywhere in Canada USE EDDY'S MATCHES.

UNDERTAKERS

(Next to Post Office)

Moffat, McCoppen & Bull

Red Cross Ambulance Phone 414

Threshing Outfit For Sale

1 2nd hand 17 H. Power Sawyer Massey return feed Engine
1 32 x 56 Daisy Separator. Both in good repair.

For terms and prices apply

Beals & Hoar, Edmonton

TELEGR

Brandon Wheat Exec
Brandon, Aug. 5.—Simpleton was brought into the city by the farm of J. C. Miller, Brandon. The wheat measures twelve feet in diameter, a perfect round root to length, thousands of acres of it north of Brandon and it keeps away from the crops in that district will heavy.

Acor Mansfield Has So
New York, Aug. 5.—Mr. Mansfield was photographed Saranac Lake to former du hooter, counsel for Richard Mansfield, saying that the man Mansfield has had a serious intruder, she says that had attracted attention of damp weather, but must be proving.

Court Marital Testimony C
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., The taking of testimony in a marital to investigate the Miss Elizabeth Caledonia, once by Private Cyrus U. S. army, who was shot.

Sheep Shearing Season E
Leithbridge, Aug. 5.—The shearing season has been completed. Owing to the severe winter, the clip is not as previously. The average wool shorn from one of the about six pounds, while the give from seven and one-half pounds. The Alberta Sheep for 20 thousand was an eight pounds. The sheep were six weeks during the season of the winter. Over 5,000 sheep, got the same yield. Last winter the history of southern Alberta it was found necessary to sheep. The lamb crop is exception the flecks having an average ninety-two or three per lamb.

COAL AT PRINCE ALBERT
Fuel of Good Quality Discov
Bank of River.

Prinse Albert, Sask., Aug. has been discovered. The of the Saskatchewan river miles east of the city and now over from Colliery, one of the best settlements in this district coal is hard and of good quality. The extent of the deposit has been investigated.

A REMARKABLE WILL IS ONE.
Blossington, Ill., Aug. 5.—Snell is causing lively interest central Illinois and northern Indiana. The estate of the late valued at approximately 900,000. Of five children only one son and Snell, of Chicago, Ill., Yet Col. Snell cut off this entirely. In fact the entire put in trust and no to be used until 20 years after the of the youngest heir. This heir is the instant daughter of William V. Dinwiddie, and should she live until 70, and the estate remains for 20 years longer than means that it will be 90 years the estate is divided. It is as that a fifth interest in the estate are carried out to the letter. estate not divided for 75 or 100 it will represent an earning close to a billion dollars.

FRENCH CRUISERS BR
TROOPS

Algiers, Aug. 5.—The French port, Nive, arrived here after unloading a regiment of shockers, a squadron of light and a detachment of Spahis for Casa Blanca.

Marselles, Aug. 5.—The Spanish government has ordered two to transport Algerian troops rocco.

Paris, Aug. 5.—The Italian minister has been instructed to present to Mohammed El formal demand for reparation murder of the Italian minister and the payment of a suitable ally to their families.

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Paris, Aug. 5.—The government fears that the infantry will be at Casa Blanca on Wednesday night and that the artillery army will be disembarked Friday Saturday. Germany has France of her entire approval Moroccan program to all dip- visitors. Foreign Minister emphasizes the fact that Spain will not exceed the Algerians' conviction.

A despatch received here from glass says that Mohammed El the representative of the sultan foreign rebellions, has sent a each legation requesting the not to take steps to induce their five countrymen to have Kabat news received leads El Torres that there will be a massacre.

Two Sudden Deaths in Onta
Port Hope, Aug. 5.—During the election a student of the over the district yesterday Roy Bohgen, a farmer aged 23, living Canton, four miles north of Hope, was struck and instantly ed by the lightning.

Wm. Hodson, a resident of Hope, and a conductor in the freight operating between Port and Colborne, was run over and instantly killed at Colburn this ing.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

Brandon, Wheat Excellent.

Brandon, Aug. 5.—Samples of wheat were brought into the city today from the farm of J. C. Miller, North Brandon. The wheat measures exactly 57 inches and is a splendid sample. There are thousands of acres of such wheat north of Brandon and if the frost keeps away for another month the crop in that district will be very heavy.

Actor Mansfield Has Staffs.

New York, Aug. 5.—Mrs. Richard Mansfield was telegraphed from Saranac Lake to former Judge Dittmer, counsel for Richard Mansfield, saying that the rumor that Mr. Mansfield had a serious relapse is untrue. She says that he had a bad attack of rheumatism due to damp weather, but that he is improving.

Court Martial Testimony Concluded.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 5.—The taking of testimony in court martial to investigate the shooting of Miss Elizabeth Cadenhead, a Canadian, by Private Cyrus Gillebe, of the U. S. army, who was shooting at a sheep shearing season ended.

Lethbridge, Aug. 5.—The sheep shearing for the season has been completed. Owing to the exceptionally severe winter, the clip is not as heavy as previously. The average weight of wool sheared from the entire sheep is about six pounds, while the fed sheep give from seven and one-half to eight pounds. The Alberta Sheep Co. clipped two thousand with an average of eight pounds. The sheep were fed for six weeks during the severest portion of the winter. It is estimated that 5,000 sheep got the same average yield. Last winter was the first in the history of Southern Alberta that it was found necessary to feed the sheep.

The lamb crop is exceptionally good. The flocking is expected to average ninety-two or three per cent. of lambs.

Coal at Prince Albert.

Bank of Good Quality Discovered in Saskatchewan. Prince Albert, Aug. 5.—Coal has been discovered in the north bank of the Saskatchewan river about five miles east of the city and across the river from Goldstream. It is estimated that the coal is of good quality, and the extent of the deposit has not yet been investigated.

A Remarkable Will Is This One.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 5.—The prologing of the will of George G. Small is causing lively interest in central Illinois. The will is a famous one and is estimated to be worth approximately \$2,000,000.

Millions More to Help Cobalt. Haileybury, Aug. 5.—That within the next few months millions of English and American money will be sent for the development of the Cobalt district mines was the assurance of mining engineers and capitalists in the international ranks. Everyone concerned may take it from me that there is and there will be no stopping of this.

French Cruisers Bring Warmth. Algiers, Aug. 5.—The French transport Nive, arrived here today after embarking a regiment of sharpshooters, a squadron of light cavalry and a detachment of Spanish soldiers for Casa Blanca.

Marseilles, Aug. 5.—The French government has chartered two steamers to transport Algerian troops to Morocco.

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A dispatch received here from Tangiers says that Mohammed El Torres, the representative of the sultan in his foreign relations, has sent a note to each legation requesting the ministers to take steps to induce their respective countries to leave Rabat as the news received leads El Torres to fear that there will be a massacre there.

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Wm. Hodson, a resident of Port Hope, and a coal carrier on the local freight operating between Port Hope and Coburg, was run over and instantly killed at Coburg this morning.

SUCCESSOR TO MR. EMMERSON

Bulletin Special. Ottawa, August 8.—New Brunswick Liberal members were in Ottawa today to see the premier with reference to the filling of the cabinet vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. H. R. Emmerson. The cabinet list in New Brunswick was fairly discussed with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who will decide between the claims of Mr. Carvell, member for Carleton Place, and Mr. Pugsley, ex-premier of New Brunswick.

Lord Strathcona interviewed the premier today relative to an all-Ireland project. Information as to the cost of routes, advantages, etc., is being obtained by Strathcona for presentation to the British government. Both the premier and the high commissioner are confident of the ultimate success of the project.

Former Canadians in Sensation. Seattle, Aug. 25.—Despite the fact that his wife eloped with Y. Sacramento, a Japanese servant, and was arrested in his company in the Japanese quarter, the Rev. H. C. Robinson, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church, has forgiven her. He has signed her bail bond, secured her release from prison and taken her back to his home.

The scandal has almost wrecked the church, in which she was a leading worker. Sacramento was even more than usual Japanese politeness. It is said by the manner of the short-sighted cheater that he was trying to make his heart and cause her to desert her home.

The Rev. Mr. Robinson was formerly assistant rector of Grace church, Chicago. Friends of the family department of St. John's are not responsible. While a resident of Chicago in 1904 she was arrested for abducting. A house detective alleged he saw her removing price tags from a set of furs and attempting to make away with them. The charges were afterwards dropped.

Mrs. Robinson is a handsome brunette, and her husband came originally from Canada. Her family disappeared from the rectory some several weeks ago. Mr. Robinson searched in vain. The police arrested Sacramento for living with a white woman, and she was recognized by Mr. Robinson in the street.

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WILL AGITATE FOR HOME RULE

London, Aug. 5.—"The wave of disappointment and depression which spread over Ireland on the breaking down of Mr. Burrell's bill on Irish government has spent its force and is subsiding rapidly," says John E. Redmond.

"On the whole, I believe what occurred is good for home rule. If the council's bill had passed the House of Commons, most unquestionably it would have been rejected by the House of Lords, and it would then have passed into the program of the Irish party at the next general election, and home rule would have been still farther from the purview of the near future."

"Now, no such misfortune can occur. No policy of evolution or half measures can or will be part of the liberal program or be submitted to the electors at the next election. That policy is dead and buried."

Home Rule or Coercion. The Irish policy of the Liberal party must be home rule or coercion, and inasmuch as the overwhelming majority of the present Liberal party and the entire cabinet, except five men, is made up of those who believe in Mr. Gladstone's policy, there is little doubt that the next time the electors are appealed to home rule for Ireland will be a foregone and an openly avowed portion of the Liberal program.

Let it be remembered that the time for that appeal is not far distant. The resolution adopted by the House of Commons by a majority of 255 calling for the practical abolition of the veto of the House of Lords will carry it into effect. That bill was passed by the lower House by enormous majorities, and will be rejected as a matter of course.

Beginning of the End. "In an autumn session next year, in all probability, it will be again passed by the House of Commons and again rejected by the House of Lords, the beginning of the end, and it is not taking much risk to prophesy that January, 1909, will witness a general election on the question of the House of Lords."

"The Liberal return will be substantial, even though largely re-elected, majority (for it must be re-elected) in the House of Commons. It is in the nature of a final, and is not unduly to be on the eve of such a modification of the constitution as will make it of any representative assembly supreme and enable home rule for Ireland and a possible other measure to be passed."

Meantime in Ireland the people are grinding up their loins for a period of years, and are waiting for the day when the Home Rule Bill will be introduced. This winter will see a home rule propaganda carried in both Ireland and Great Britain on a scale as large as that which has intervened between the two home rule bills of 1886 and 1893.

Here and there we hear the voice of discontent and of dissension, when Ireland, or for the matter of that, any country, has been in the hands of a military ruler, and when a man of Brian still remains at arm's length from his old colleagues and friends, and refuses to enter the ranks of a pledge-bound party.

A few young men, most of them quite sincere, are calling for the withdrawal of the Home Rule Bill from the House of Commons, because of the impatience of youth they chafe at the delays and misapprehensions. They already overlook the enormous and steadily advancing and concessions of the past twenty years.

But speaking of Ireland as a whole, the people, lay and clerical, are united and determined. They believe in the old policy, and they have learned from bitter experience that the one can't get rid of another, and they have learned from bitter experience that the one can't get rid of another.

Brandon Gets This Industry. Regina, Aug. 5.—One of the largest concerns in the United States, the National Land & Ice Co., has been organized in Brandon, Wis., and Springfield, Ill. For the past day or two the captain has been at the Wascana Hotel, accompanied by W. E. Barbro, who acts as demonstrator of the company's extensive line of plows, wagons, etc.

Captain Blenkhorn is well known throughout the west owing to his having represented there in the early nineties one of the large American concerns.

Telegraph Manager Coming West. Winnipeg, August 5.—James Kent, general manager of C.P.R. telegraph, will leave for the west last night on his annual trip over the line of the company. He is accompanied by B. S. Jenkins, general superintendent, and W. J. Camp, chief electrician.

Gambling Den Raid. Lethbridge, Aug. 6.—The city police raided a Chinese gambling den here on Saturday night. Twenty-two were arrested, including a banker. Three escaped in the scramble. The officers will be arraigned at the police court on Monday.

NO TROUBLE OVER THE BOUNDARY

Washington, D.C., August 5.—A reprinted dispatch from Vancouver, B.C., Telegrams which contained a rather sensational account of work of the international boundary committee and the discovery of errors in line of the 141st meridian, which will result in the transfer of a wedge-shaped slice of territory from the authority of the Dominion government to that of the United States, has seemingly escaped the American newspapers.

The dispatch went on to state that the wedge-shaped strip begins with a thin edge at the Yukon River boundary and runs south several hundred miles, making the wedge grow wider. It was also asserted that Pocker Creek miners assert that many mining claims heretofore recorded as being on the Canadian side may now be found on the American side and that they will ask the Canadian government for a refund of their license royalties and renewal fees paid.

This clearing paragraph of the dispatch also claims that the new boundary line also crosses the Alaskan new territory line, which is being surveyed by the Geological survey. The attention of Acting Secretary of the Interior is directed to a report by the surveyors, dated August 3, 1908, which states that the line is as it has been thus far run in error, and that it may be necessary to survey to the westward for a distance of five to six miles from the guess work. There has been and will be no international complication.

Great Britain and the United States by treaty agreed to stand by the terms of the treaty, and if they are not satisfied by the joint commission, who are conducting the survey, they may bring suit before the International Court of Arbitration. The survey has been in progress since the summer of 1906, and has been in progress since the summer of 1906.

Swimmunde, August 5.—Emperor William of Germany and Emperor Nicholas of Russia have spent the day and night here. The two sovereigns declared that their countries have declared their friendship between them, and that the meeting has given proof of the good understanding existing between the two empires.

Important Questions Discussed. Every question of an international character actually pending has been the subject of thorough discussion by the two emperors, and the results of the views held thereon have been found to be in absolute accord.

It was agreed that the recent occurrence in Mexico was not likely to create any international misunderstanding, because of the clear and satisfactory explanation of the situation made by M. Phillon, French foreign minister, to Prince Von Radolin, German ambassador in Paris, and because of the determination of all the signatories to carry out the terms of the Algeciras conference.

Both Stand For Peace. It is declared from the same semi-official source that neither the relations of France and Germany nor other powers have been affected as a result of the meeting in the course of which both rulers expressed their earnest desire that the present period of peace in the world should be extended as long as possible. Swimmunde would assist in the maintenance of universal confidence in peace.

There were further festivities on board the Standart this evening, which the two emperors, as well as the leading statesmen and officers of the fleets of both nations participated in.

Peary Again Sails North. Portland, Me., August 5.—Asked here today if he expected to reach the pole this time, Peary said: "A man who has had any experience in the north knows that it will do a certain thing of madness. I have learned many lessons from my other trips, and especially my last one, and I shall not allow myself to be over-cautious on this expedition. Whether I get to the North Pole or not is a question that will not be answered until I have either reached it or attained the object for which I am going."

May Try Again If He Fails. Asked if he would try again if not successful this time, Commander Peary said: "I will not try again if I do not succeed in this. I do not intend to try again. I do not intend to try again."

Another Double Tragedy. Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 7.—Two Chinese girls, aged 30 years, an expert accountant, yesterday shot and mortally wounded the woman with whom he had lived for ten years, and then blew off the top of his head. Both are conscious at the hospital, where they were operated upon, but cannot recover. Chapman came from Detroit only yesterday it was made known that she had been married to the woman. She was Barbara Hayward of Sacramento, Cal., but it is stated that she had been married to Raymond Wise, also of Sacramento. According to the dying statements made to Chapman the woman had been married to a man named Battie Creek, Mich., where she was training for a nurse.

SUMMER TRAGEDY NEAR MONTREAL

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Montreal society was shocked today by the announcement of the death by drowning of two of the most popular members of the younger coterie.

They tragically occurred yesterday at the little watering place of Varrennes, where Shirley Davidson, one of the best known yachtsmen in Canada, and son of Judge Davidson, had gone out sailing with Miss Eileen Hings-Hingson, daughter of the late Sir William Hingson.

They set out early in the day and later on the skiff was found drifting in the St. Lawrence. The cause of the accident was not known, but it is surmised that the craft lurched and was thrown overboard, and that Davidson, an expert swimmer, plunged in to save her. No trace has yet been found of the bodies. As a yachtsman, Shirley Davidson distinguished himself both at the late St. Lawrence regatta and on the Nova Scotia coast. He was one of the original crew to defend the Seawanhaka cup, after it was brought to Canada by the Royal St. Lawrence yacht club.

Lady Hingson, who is thus a second time widowed, is the daughter of the late Hon. D. Macdonald, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.

MEXICAN VISIT IS SIGNIFICANT. Winnipeg, August 5.—Enrique C. Creel, Mexican Ambassador to Washington, who is passing through Winnipeg, said when interviewed: "I have travelled through Canada from Montreal and Ottawa as far west as Winnipeg, and I have enjoyed the trip immensely. I leave here tonight for Minneapolis, but will return in a few days and then make an extensive tour of the west, visiting Calgary, Regina, Edmonton and going as far as the coast."

Will Urge Closer Relations. "After that I will return to Mexico. At present there is not so much intercourse between Canada and Mexico as I would like to see. It is true that the trade is very light, but the report is made to the Mexican government, which will be more extensive."

Visit of Financial Significance. Montreal, August 5.—It is learned from reliable financial sources that the visit of Enrique C. Creel, Mexican ambassador to the United States, now in Winnipeg, is of very great financial importance. Creel has been ambassador at Washington since the beginning of the present year. He is a banker of note and president of the Central Bank of Mexico, president of the Bank of Montreal, president of the Bank of Guayaquil, as well as president and vice-president of two important banks in Mexico.

Desires Bank Alliances. His visit has had mainly for its object the effecting of alliances between the banks of Montreal, Toronto and other financial institutions of Canada. Creel has been in Canada for some time, and has been in contact with the various banks and financial institutions of the country. He is expected to make a number of important financial transactions.

FURTHER CRIMES SHOCK NEW YORK. New York, Aug. 5.—One of the most heinous of all crimes against children and women was today charged against Lucio Fontana, who was locked up at New Brighton station, accused of assaulting Antoinette Talcu, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pasquale Talcu, of New Brighton. Fontana and Talcu are both laborers employed by the King Plaster company in New Brighton.

Fontana was arrested with the child's mother, and the child was rescued. The child was taken to the hospital, and the mother was taken to the police station. The child was found in a state of shock, and the mother was found in a state of hysteria. The child was taken to the hospital, and the mother was taken to the police station.

Brused and Bleeding. At 5 o'clock that afternoon the boat shot out of the black jaws of the canyon, the men were exhausted. They were cut and bruised and bleeding, wet to the skin, and full of fatigue. They were exhausted, and the boat was in a state of distress.

Five separate times did their boat overturn, throwing the voyagers into the frightful waters. Three times Harned saved the life of Winnie, and twice did Winnie pull Harned in after the latter was almost dead. The rocks were unable to penetrate through the heavy cowskin sheeting saved their lives dozens of times. The rocks were unable to penetrate through the heavy cowskin sheeting saved their lives dozens of times.

Made Purse \$1,000. Colonel Shlony was one of the party which helped haul the coxswain ashore. Instead of handing over the \$100 agreed upon, the Colonel threw a bar containing \$1,000 in gold into the river, with the two men still in the boat. It was lifted on broad shoulders and carried through the town, followed by a brass band and every citizen of the little city.

Arrest in Heckler Case. New York, Aug. 6.—William Hoffman, 19 years old, was arrested today at his home in Port Richmond, N.J., on suspicion that he knew something about the death of Sophie Heckler, the servant girl who was found murdered in the home of her employers in 82nd street Saturday after the house had been robbed. The police say that Hoffman was paying attention to the girl.

Two Cases of Assault. New York, Aug. 5.—Thomas Anderson, a laborer, aged 20 years, was arrested in Brooklyn today, charged with an attempt to assault five-year-old Julia Slesher, May Mace, a girl aged 17, says that she was standing in the doorway of her home in 7th avenue tonight, Giuseppe Trisani, an Italian, approached her and asked her to join with him. She refused. Shortly after he returned and it is alleged threw his arms around her. Her screams attracted attention and soon a crowd of five hundred men and women were chasing the Italian. He was overtaken and beaten unmercifully.

CANADIAN WINS \$1,000 BY FEAT OF RECKLESS DARING

Thermopolis, Wyoming, August 5.—A nervous Canadian has just succeeded in making the passage of the dread Big Horn Canyon, winning \$1,000 in gold and successfully accomplishing a feat which has heretofore been considered impossible by the Americans. A Canadian has just succeeded in making the passage of the dread Big Horn Canyon, winning \$1,000 in gold and successfully accomplishing a feat which has heretofore been considered impossible by the Americans.

W. C. Harned is the Canadian who made the successful trip. Harned was known as the most prolific of all the guides there. But he drifted west and settled down in Shoshoni, from whence he made the start through the canyon which has been between that town and Thermopolis.

The Bet Made. Two months ago Colonel George M. Shlony, a banker of Thermopolis, in speaking of the canyon, made the statement that it was impossible for a human being to ever pass through there and come back again. "You're wrong, Colonel," dangled Harned. "I've gone through the canyon, and I can go through there."

Shlony's bet was \$100 if you do, promptly replied the colonel, and the bet was on.

Harned secured the assistance of an old frontiersman and a novice business man of Shoshoni, named Winnie, and the two went to work to look over the canyon, which was almost anything a Poplar and oak were used, and after the stiff was put together it was sheeted from stem to stern with the heaviest cowhide.

Whole Town Turns Out. The whole town of Shoshoni, the head of the canyon, was at the river when the start was made. No one expected to see either of the men again. The only Indian legend of an attempt to pass through the "Waters of Death" was that the Shoshonis "moons" ago, when a young Sioux chief, having won the love of a Shoshoni maiden, stole his sweetheart from the tepee of her people, and attempted to escape with her. They were pursued and their escape by land being cut off, the hapless lover and his bride took to the water in a dugout and attempted to run the rapids of the canyon. The following day the pieces of the boat were picked up along the bank below the canyon. The bodies of the man and woman were recovered. They had been in the water for several days. At several different times since then foolishly frontiersmen have attempted the passage, and every one who has paid for his rashness with his life.

Inferno for 12 Miles. So, when the crowd at the river bade farewell to Harned and Winnie, they never expected to see them again. Some portions of the lower part of the canyon have been explored, but for 12 miles not a man ever saw one foot of the canyon's way, and life to tell of it. For these 12 miles there are over 400 narrow ledges and rubes between precipitous rock walls from 600 to 3,000 feet high. The current is from 10 to 12 miles an hour, and is a veritable inferno of maelstroms, whirlpools, cataracts, cross currents with jagged rocks, sharp saws and submerged throughout the entire length. The canyon ends a few miles above Thermopolis.

The skill left Shoshoni at 10 o'clock in the morning, the departure being telephoned to Thermopolis. Practically the entire population of the latter town went out to see the coming of the dead bodies of the adventurers.

Brused and Bleeding. At 5 o'clock that afternoon the boat shot out of the black jaws of the canyon, the men were exhausted. They were cut and bruised and bleeding, wet to the skin, and full of fatigue. They were exhausted, and the boat was in a state of distress.

Five separate times did their boat overturn, throwing the voyagers into the frightful waters. Three times Harned saved the life of Winnie, and twice did Winnie pull Harned in after the latter was almost dead. The rocks were unable to penetrate through the heavy cowskin sheeting saved their lives dozens of times. The rocks were unable to penetrate through the heavy cowskin sheeting saved their lives dozens of times.

Made Purse \$1,000. Colonel Shlony was one of the party which helped haul the coxswain ashore. Instead of handing over the \$100 agreed upon, the Colonel threw a bar containing \$1,000 in gold into the river, with the two men still in the boat. It was lifted on broad shoulders and carried through the town, followed by a brass band and every citizen of the little city.

Arrest in Heckler Case. New York, Aug. 6.—William Hoffman, 19 years old, was arrested today at his home in Port Richmond, N.J., on suspicion that he knew something about the death of Sophie Heckler, the servant girl who was found murdered in the home of her employers in 82nd street Saturday after the house had been robbed. The police say that Hoffman was paying attention to the girl.

Two Cases of Assault. New York, Aug. 5.—Thomas Anderson, a laborer, aged 20 years, was arrested in Brooklyn today, charged with an attempt to assault five-year-old Julia Slesher, May Mace, a girl aged 17, says that she was standing in the doorway of her home in 7th avenue tonight, Giuseppe Trisani, an Italian, approached her and asked her to join with him. She refused. Shortly after he returned and it is alleged threw his arms around her. Her screams attracted attention and soon a crowd of five hundred men and women were chasing the Italian. He was overtaken and beaten unmercifully.

Harvesting in Calgary District. Calgary, Aug. 7.—Crop reports show good prospects for a record yield. Harvesting has already started at Lethbridge and Langdon. The general harvest starts next week.

Chinese Crossing From Mexico. El Paso, Tex., Aug. 6.—Eileen Chenimann who had crossed the Rio Grande four miles east of El Paso, were captured near the rear of an El Paso Chinese restaurant. In company with the Chinese was Mar Chew, a priest at a restaurant of wealthy Chinese in the southwest, known as the "Jew Kid." These immigration officers met the Chenimann and brought them to the city in a hack. A railroad watchman is also implicated, a car filled up with bedding and provisions for the Chinese. A railroad watchman is also implicated, a car filled up with bedding and provisions for the Chinese. Several Japanese swam the Rio Grande and were brought here today and lodged in jail.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

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DUNCAN MARSHALL,
Manager.

MONDAY, AUGUST 12th, 1907.

EASTERN CAPITAL IN THE WEST.

A former member of Parliament, speaking in Calgary last week regarding the money stringency remarked that most of the capital in the western country is owned by people in the eastern provinces. Perhaps so, but it has also to be remembered that most of the capital created in Western Canada has been carried off in one way or another by the people of the eastern provinces. If eastern people have put money into Western Canada they have also taken money out of Western Canada. If they had not seen the opportunity to take money out they assuredly would not have put money in, and if their expectations had not been realized they would not have continued the process. If there are millions of eastern money tied up in the West today they are here because other millions were large dividends and in the belief that they will do likewise. It is no reflection on a new country to say it has no accumulation of capital, particularly when through a thousand channels of commerce and finance its wealth is exported as fast as it is produced. Nor is there any particular credit coming to an older community which provides capital to a newer, for it does so not for glory but for gain.

Eastern Canada has grown rich upon the commerce of the West. Where she trades with us it is upon an equal basis and with the balance all ways in her favor; when we trade with Europe, Eastern Canada exacts toll from our commerce going and coming. A western wheat crop of 100,000,000 bushels brings the producer probably from \$50,000,000 to \$60,000,000. But how much of this returns to Western Canada? With part of his proceeds the farmer makes his payment on land; that goes to the Canadian Pacific railway, or to some other land-holding syndicate in Montreal or Toronto; it is lost forever to the West. Another part goes to pay Bradford or Ingersoll; it is lost to the West forever. More of the farmer's money is spent in groceries and clothing; that goes to the local merchant and from him to the wholesale house in the east—or perhaps it goes first to Winnipeg and there joins similar shipments from a thousand western towns and goes eastward a one stupendous sum; it returns to us no more. Again, if we trade with Europe Eastern Canada collects tribute as the goods pass east and west. The Canadian Pacific railway was built to provide an inlet and outlet for the West, and all that the through traffic over the lines of that company means to Eastern Canada is a tribute collected from our commerce. Every car of beef cattle we send to England and every train load of grain means employment for trainmen and trackmen in Eastern Canada at the expense of the Western farmer. All considered it probably would not be far astray to say that half the total annual wealth production of Western Canada finds its way through one channel or another into the commercial and industrial centres of Eastern Canada—a total which cannot average less than \$50,000,000. In return for this what does Eastern Canada buy from us to balance the account?

But there is another and a far less beneficial channel through which the wealth of the West annually pours out of the country, and into the coffers of Eastern capitalists—the channel of speculation. Thanks to the rapid expansion of Western real estate values in recent years it has become quite the thing for Eastern gentlemen of means to spend a few weeks in summer among the wheat fields and in the cities of Western Canada—and incidentally to take a "fly" in real estate. The immediate result is of unquestionable benefit to the seller of the property and for this reason the ultimate consequence is best sight of. The "deal" is blazoned in the newspapers and the purchase is banqueted and lionized by the clubs. Were the real consequence to the community realized he would much more likely be mobbed. Usually this supposed benefactor lands in the West with money enough to make a

"down payment" on a vacant lot some man will want to turn into commercial utility, or an area of wild land some farmer will want to put under crop; when he departs he takes his money and also a string of promissory notes which tie some legitimate merchant or farmer to the ground for the next ten years. This performance has been repeated not tens but thousands of times in Western Canada during the past five years, and in consequence thousands of men are holed up today in bay-fields and offices trying to rake up the tribute due these absentee landlords who have extended their disastrous visitation has some decidedly undesirable features, but speculation that involves exporting the wealth of the country for a decade bears an innate analogy to the occupation of Ralph the Rover, and should combine against it every legitimate interest of the country upon which it preys.

The money that through these channels flows annually from western to eastern Canada is lost forever to the West; or if it does return it is in the form of capital, upon which we are required to pay usury and for the use of which we are admonished to be duly thankful. Just why we should exhibit this gratitude it is difficult to discover. Looking at the broad question it appears to us that Eastern Canada could lend us capital for nothing and still be the winner in the game. For the capital was made in the east and is loaned that it may make more.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COAL COMMISSION.

The Commission appointed by the Provincial Government to inquire into the conditions surrounding the production and marketing of coal have completed their investigations and their report is published with recommendations as to means for remedying conditions found to be unsatisfactory.

The immediate cause of the apportionment of the Commission was the shortage of coal in certain sections of the prairie country during the past winter, and the recommendations made to prevent similar occurrences in a future year of probably the greatest interest. These may be summarized as follows:

- 1.—That the Government make every effort to induce individuals and companies who are able to do so to keep a supply of coal on hand and stored during the summer for winter use.
- 2.—That legislation be passed in regard to the erection and licensing of storage warehouses which would enable agents and dealers to more readily finance the purchase and storage of coal during the slack season.
- 3.—The adoption of whatever measures may be necessary to compel railways to furnish cars for the prompt handling of coal. Other means fall under the principle of reciprocal damage.
- 4.—Where mine-operators experience difficulty in securing the construction of sidings, each case should be investigated and if the construction be practicable the provincial government should join the operator in presenting his case to the Railway Commission.
- 5.—For the general improvement of the conditions of the mines the Commission also make several recommendations, among which are:—

- 1.—Closer inspection of the ventilation arrangements in some of the coal mines.
- 2.—The compulsory erection of battery houses for the use of the miners.
- 3.—That the minimum age of mine employees be sixteen years.
- 4.—That timber for the use of mines should be brought as near the working face as practicable and in no case farther away than the nearest cross-cut to the working face.
- 5.—The distance between openings of a mine should not be less than one hundred feet.
- 6.—The report of the mine inspector should be posted at the mine.
- 7.—The provision of machinery whereby the question of damage might be more quickly and cheaply settled. The appointment of a Commission is suggested to deal finally with such claims, from whose judgment there should be no appeal.
- 8.—The Commission did not make any recommendation concerning the eight-hour day, possibly considering such unnecessary in the light of the fact that the introduction of such law was definitely promised by the Minister of Public Works.

The broad powers conferred on the Commission were well exercised, sessions were held at every important producing centre in the Province and

the recommendations made appear eminently suited to remedy the grievances found to exist.

General public interest will centre naturally in the recommendations for securing an ample supply of coal, rather than in those for the betterment of the conditions connected with the operation of the mines. The first of these offers a hint of how the public may very effectually help themselves, as well as suggesting how the Government may help them. And in the final event the acceptance of the hint rests with the public rather than with the Government. However much the Government may urge upon consumers the desirability of buying their coal early in the season, it is not their responsibility for doing or not doing so rests in the last place on the consumer. If he will not do so the Government cannot make him do so; and if he does not do so he has no just ground to assail anyone but himself for the consequences of his own negligence.

But the Government may lend a hand in making it possible to secure coal during the slack season by legislation on encouraging the erection of storage warehouses. How this could best be accomplished is a matter for consideration, but could some scheme be devised whereby prospective builders of warehouses would be enabled to readily finance the erection of the buildings and the purchase and storage of the coal during the months when the demand is slack the result would be in every way desirable. The consumers would then be enabled to obtain fuel during the summer for use during the winter, and a large supply in store throughout the country would be assured for the opening of the slack season.

The recommendations regarding the provision of cars and the construction of sidings deal with the most serious problem of all in connection with the coal supply. It was shown before the Commission that the car shortage was not altogether peculiar to the past winter, but had existed to a degree even during the summer months when freight traffic is lightest. This is the beginning of the whole problem, for if the railways can not or will not haul the coal in summer or winter no amount of forethought on the part of consumers and no amount of enterprise in the erection of storage warehouses will avail to secure our fuel supply. The transportation problem is the first problem in connection with the coal supply and upon it should be centred the attention of the Provincial Government and the Railway Commission, co-operating with and endorsed by the Federal Government.

As a fuel shortage must in the nature of things affect the Province of Saskatchewan much more generally than Alberta that Province should be equally concerned in the report of the Coal Commission.

A PROTECTION EXAMPLE.

A Democratic investigator has been examining the ways of the American manufacturer, not without result. He finds that a manufacturer of barrel churns sells them in Massachusetts at \$2.50 and in Canada for \$7.00; while American made double-mold board plows, selling in Massachusetts at \$9.50, are offered in the Canadian market at \$6.75. With this, the Canadian manufacturer's Association and the Parliamentary Opposition may be expected to point out the peculiar iniquity of buying barrel churns and double-mold board plows at lower prices than they bring in the country where they are made. What they will not emphasize is the obvious fact that under the American tariff the Massachusetts farmer is paying exorbitant prices to churn factories and plow works which slaughter their wares in a foreign market to avoid giving their home customers a reduction. Were it not for excessive "protection" these concerns could not overcharge their home customers, and it "customers they could not sell at a price which would cover their costs and a "adequate" tariff works out.

OFFICIAL KNOWLEDGE OF LAW-BREAKING.

The really important feature of the Fernau-Macaulay episode is not the direct result but the side-light that is thrown upon the attitude of the city government toward the disorderly houses in certain parts of the city. That these institutions have existed practically unmolested by the authorities is common knowledge; and the testimony of both parties in the recent quarrel is evidence that they exist with the knowledge and consent, if not under the understood protection of the city officials. If the

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aged inspection was made the disclaimer who made it knew of the existence and character of the resorts; if the medical health officer protested against the inspection he too knew of their existence; when the matter came before the commissioners they became cognizant if not before that the dens were in operation; and when the question was threshed out in council the aldermen became acquainted with the fact if they did not know it previously. The city officials from the aldermen up or down, therefore know and admit the existence of these resorts within the limits of the city, and the public know that they know of it. Whatever else the mix-up did or did not do it proved beyond question that the resorts exist within the city by the knowledge and therefore with the consent of the city officials. And certain details which came to light indicate that the keepers have a very clear understanding of the attitude of the officials toward them. Indeed if they had not such understanding the offenders would be singularly lacking in observation. These things are known to the public and are known to be known to the city authorities. They can neither be denied nor can the officials avoid the responsibility of them. This is the really important public outcome of the scrimmage.

Who is responsible for this condition of affairs? Has the city council laid down a policy of toleration or indifference? It is not on the records that they have authorized or directed any such course. Had they done so the responsibility would have rested upon the aldermen and they would have been answerable to the ratepayers for the wisdom or folly of that policy. But no such policy has been determined on—nor apparently any other. In the absence of such policy the handling of this troublesome question rests with the city commissioners and under their instructions, with the police department. Their best judgment has apparently been to let an existing evil continue—and grow as tolerated evils always do. Aside from occasional raids no determined attempt has been made to clear out the nuisance, nor any sustained effort to abate it. Meantime the conditions under which the evil arose and was formerly tolerated, have changed. The districts in which the houses are located, a few years ago isolated and unpopulated, have been settled up. Lots have been sold at greatly increased prices and frequently to strangers who knew not of the neighborhood nuisances. Houses have been erected and families by scores now live in these formerly isolated districts. If it is fair that the peace of these families should be disturbed and the value of their property depreciated by permitting the continuance of these disreputable resorts? Apparently the commissioners and the police department think so. If the aldermen do not move now they will be judged as thinking so too. If the ratepayers think differently they should bring pressure to bear on the aldermen. The time to do so is now when neither the existence of the institutions nor the official knowledge of their existence can be denied.

THE TROUBLES OF AN ANTI-QUARIAN.

The Sultan of Morocco appears to be having a pretty strenuous time of it for the mid-summer season. His commander-in-chief is pummed up by Raisuli and a French warship is tossing explosives into his support towns. The Sultan has himself to blame. He should put his brigands in uniform and call them guides and turn his palace into a summer hotel. Then he could levy tribute to his heart's content without these unpleasant interruptions. His troubles come not so much because he permits robbery as because he clings to rude and antiquated methods. He should modernize his establishment and become respected and beloved by his victims.

A VALUABLE SERVICE.

A recent decision of the Railway Commission of practical concern to Alberta dismissed an appeal from the boards of trade of British Columbia cities representing that the Canadian Pacific Railway was discriminating against them in favor of Winnipeg. The complaint was that the freight rates from Winnipeg west had been reduced and that as a result the coast wholesalers were unable to do business in competition with the Winnipeg houses in Alberta. As the cost of haulage over the mountains must always be greater than across the prairies, what the British Columbia people hoped for apparently was not so much a reduction of their own rates as the enforced elevation of the rates west from Winnipeg.

ROCKEFELLER'S CHANCE.

With that \$30,000,000 fine fresh in memory Mr. Rockefeller should make a hit as Shylock during the coming theatrical season. Fancy him addressing Judge Landis, impersonating the Duke—

'Nay, take my life and all; pardon me not that; You take my honor when you do take the property; That doth sustain my house; you take my life; When you do take the means whereby I live.'

ON THE SIDE.

Canadian Courier: "The hardships of the West are such as can be conquered with a laugh." Perhaps so, but we pin our faith to the grub-hook.

A St. Petersburg despatch says: "The opinion is gaining ground in military and other circles that Russia will have no use for a fleet except for coast defense." And it took them two years to discover that!

"Does anyone deny that storms will arise from the Orient?" demands the Winnipeg Telegram. Well if the allusion is to the oriental source of the Telegram about the Geo. W. Woods saw-off we humbly plead guilty to a doubt.

Mail and Empire: "Canada is waking up to the value of its own resources, and the money now lying in the banks will be put in the 'Channe' which has made so many 'American millionaires.' But the trouble seems to be that the money is not 'now lying in the banks.'" According to some authorities it has already gone through the Wall Street channel which has "made so many 'American millionaires.'"

A Railroador from the East," dialing on the enterprise of the Canadian Pacific railway, informed the Calgary Herald that that road will "buy anything in the nature of a 'that looks like a locomotive even if it is built in the year one.' That's about what we suspected. And from the mid-winter performances of some of these antediluvian contraptions the C. P. has a grand and vague idea of what 'looks like a locomotive.'"

Prague lawyers have gone on strike and Bohemian litigation is threatened with paralysis. The malady will probably disappear about the time the fall sessions open.

Kaiser William appears to be a kind of political dynamo for whom the Czar attaches himself to re-ignite when weary dodging bombs.

Canada and the United States will respectfully decline to come to death grips in the middle of the holiday season over any filibustering expedition in Lake Superior.

PLACING THE BLAME.

Who is it father always blames when things go wrong about the place? Who bears the brunt of everything? And bears it with a kindly grace? Who is it father blames when he spills soup upon his Sunday vest? Whom does he curse when he breaks a shoe-string while he's getting dressed? Mother.

Who is responsible when he delays seeing me into his chair? Who loses podro games that day? Was very sure that he would win? Whose fault is it when father finds his laundry not returned on time? Who gets the blame for all mistakes? Ridiculous to the sublime Mother.

Who seems to understand his whims. And smiles at all his cranky ways? Who tries to patiently avoid his capriciousness? The argument that never pays? Who takes the blame that father gives? As though it were deserved, and then? Awaits her chance to square up things when father fingers out ill ten? Mother.

Edgar A. Guest, in Detroit Free Press.

WHY NOT IN ALBERTA.

To the Editor of the Bulletin.

Sir,—Through your columns I would like to make a suggestion in regard to immigration to Alberta. Now that the Ontario government is making a strenuous effort to attract immigration to New Ontario by sending agents to the United Kingdom to point out the advantages to be found there, would it not be well for the Alberta government to do something along this line, and appoint one or two good agents who would look specially after the interests of Alberta province in United Kingdom?

The location of Alberta is such that the eastern provinces have the advantage in having the first chance of securing new immigrants who are undecided in their location. As one born in Ontario, and travelled over a large portion of it, I must say that the productive quality of the soil in Alberta is superior to that of Ontario, and is the best in Canada. If the same labor spent in New Ontario cutting down huge pine, maple, elm and other trees, and afterwards picking stones, were applied to Alberta lands they would be doubly and trebly rewarded for their labor, and I think former Ontario farmers living now in Alberta will corroborate my statements.

When the different provinces are throwing out their nets to catch a share of the immigration, Alberta should not be lethargic or comatose in this matter, especially when she has such splendid opportunities to offer as to soil and climate.

Yours truly,
JOHN GALBRAITH,
Edmonton, Aug. 6, 1907.

INVEST \$5,000,000 IN TIMBER AGREEMENT.

Vancouver, August 8.—During the past few weeks hundreds of thousands of dollars have been invested in Vancouver Island and Mainland timber lands by a recently organized syndicate composed of Minnesota and Iowa capitalists—mostly American sawmill owners. The organization is known as the North American Timber Company, with headquarters in St. Paul.

Its purchases to date comprise two hundred and sixty-one square miles of timber lands of which a hundred square miles are located on the mainland and the remainder on Vancouver Island. Negotiations for an additional hundred square miles are now in progress. The deals already closed were on a spot-cash basis.

To Build Six Sawmills.

At least six sawmills will be erected on the Island and on the Mainland. The former will cut exclusively for the export trade and the latter for the Canadian market. Shingle mills will be included in the equipment of each plant. The company hopes to begin operations in October of next year.

The recent deals represent a total of two hundred and sixty-one square miles means one hundred and sixty-one thousand and forty acres. Putting the valuation at only \$30 per acre, the company has already invested at the very least over \$5,000,000.

Prominent lumbermen of the province express the view that every indication bearing on the lumber situation points to an increased demand for the product and a stiffening in prices.

Prices of labor at present are full 50 per cent. higher than two years ago. The price of good logs, such as are required for the manufacture of lumber, has advanced 50 per cent. higher than two years ago. The cost of tools and equipment is also much higher than a few years ago, and the lumber manufacturer claims that any lower margin than he now obtains would bring him into evidence "that conditions have reached a point that puts cheap labor permanently on the list of things that have been."

Hitherto to a very large extent the prices obtainable by the British Columbia mills for their output were dependent upon the demand in the northwestern market, but now the scene now as if a big and permanent factor in the fixing of lumber prices is being introduced, the rapid growth of the foreign demand for British Columbia lumber.

Attempts to Bear Market.

During the past six months a very general and persistent rumor has been in progress throughout the prairie provinces to bear the price of lumber. Vancouver agents who support have been made use of in support of this effort.

During the past winter, owing to the competition of railroad transportation, hundreds of carloads of coast lumber were hung up for months in the prairie provinces, and arrived at their destination too late for the requirements which they were intended to meet. These consignments came dribbling in, away into spring, and the consequence being that the majority of the dealers who had been overstocked at the opening of the present season, and with the result that many of them began to cancel orders previously given for heavy shipments, and a more or less unsettled condition of affairs ensued.

Price Firmer Than Ever.

Following this the late spring and early summer months the markets gave rise to serious apprehensions as to the safety of this season's crop, and said was further shortened in many quarters.

The general stringency in money circles still further accentuated these conditions. Already harvesting season is a great overproduction of coast logs and a general collapse of log values. All these circumstances and rumors appear to have made a diligent use of in this combined effort to bring down the price of lumber; yet the price of good logs in British Columbia today is firmer than it has been at any time since the opening of the year.

The reasons for this are various. The early apprehensions regarding the crop seem to have given way to a very hopeful view of the prospective harvest. Already harvesting season has been begun in Alberta and the winter wheat, which is reported as being very high in yield and of excellent quality.

Life tales of a log surplus have vanished into thin air, and a general shut-down of logging has not really materialized; yet notwithstanding this there is no weakening in the price of good logs, and in fact while good fir logs command top prices in British Columbia, and good cedar is difficult to get, fancy prices are being offered by the coast lumbermen for both lines at the present time.

Shingles in Demand.

The conditions affecting the shingle business are all such as conduce to a stiffening of prices. The lumbermen are all busy, as they can be supplying the demand of the Canadian trade along with certain lines of American trade which have been long supplied by the British Columbia mills.

At the present time offers are being made by American purveyors for the regular 6 to 2 10-inch shingle, of prices that are 10 cents per thousand in excess of the prices that the Canadian buyers are paying for their material, when the moving of the Northwesters crops will render it impossible for the transportation companies to furnish an adequate supply of cars to meet the requirements of the mill men on the coast.

To forestall this situation so far as it affects themselves, a good many of the coast mills are taking advantage of the foreign demand, and a considerable number of heavy orders are reported as being contracted for, to be shipped during the months of September, October and November. This will doubtless render it somewhat difficult for the mills so contracting to give the usual attention to their Northwestern customers as they have done in the past, and will enable them to dispose of the stock in excess of the short supply of cars.

The consequence of these prevailing conditions is that the coast lumbermen look very hopefully to the future, and they are all running full time, and some of them overtime, and all are hopeful of winning up the year with a light stock of lumber in their yards, and with a corresponding satisfactory balance in the banks.

THE CANADIAN

Eastern Canada Looks at the West—The Dependence is on Him

"Some portions of East are beginning to feel the what might be called in these western countries connection with nations. They do not like to see men emigrating en masse away from them. Now men have decided to make an effort to keep her coming instead of permitting them off by the siren song of the have good vacant lands in this square little world; and they make a valiant effort to persuade them from Europe not to pass the new mud water of it that their own sons should the advantages of settling over colonization, and rather than venture into the where Doukhan plume tract, their attention from nations and the political member" may steal the middle they are looking the other this is much more reasonable than the common attitude in Europe which complains men that of the "British" who pass a hard laughing with where they can work for any and early rising income, to seek out a country where they can get their own land and themselves.

The love of the west is force. It is not so much as a good thing, but they are young fellows might not be contented with companions educational advantages of a few bushels more of which this ability to grow wheat quantities, one of the independence which we Then a man may hope to earn in the west, he might be allowed to return to his old home on another time here. He becomes a citizen on his firmly settled income, when he would be nothing a dependent—a herring—his the star attraction. The Seekers who journey to the are not more fertile than the us. They are not more civilized for a handful of But either they see less edge we do of securing independence the East, or else they encourage. As for the lands of the Eastern Province, chiefly the attraction success.

People who are independent east sometimes are in the of "big money" to the west look over the country, and turn it is to be seen they talk exaggerated, but that cover that this "big money" be purchased by the sacrifice of things in the west. They be found in an older and more settled community. Besides here, not every man a game of "big money" is the candle, "But the man"

PREDICTS

Upton Sinclair Declares Throes of Armed

Upton Sinclair has written heads, but his lips before morning, says a writer in the Chester Sunday Chronicle. He moral this time; not every is. I should hesitate to call of literature, for it lacks of imaginative quality without a creative force. It is the most serious study, full of figures and deductions therefore social, political and economic conditions of the United States, and although it is serious, well out, and coolly reasoned, it is viciously been written at it, and at white heat, as it were, and ends with a prophecy, prophecy with which it begins, is this:

"That there will be an industry therefore a social revolution in the United States in the year 'thereabouts.'"

It is always a bold man to prophes; but the prophet bold who fixes a date for the event of his prediction, he knows that if the time he does not happen at the time he for its happening, they will end of his reputation as a seer. Mr. Sinclair justifies, he does not prophes; do, to have social inspiration from above or even to have any unique of stirring intuition. He bases a stirring forecast on a study of and on a close observation of they were and as they are. As far he is on the right road, you know enough of things, were and as they are, you need a heaven-born genius, but only an ordinarily intelligent person, to predict what they will be, know enough—there's the rub. Mr. Sinclair thinks that he does enough. Some years ago, he made a thorough and minute of the phenomena which presage of the Civil War in this country. He read everything that he read on the subject, the of the political and military articles in the newspapers, and words of all that was being said being said. Thus he saw more than any one could possibly know who lived in the actual and he says it, he knows more known as much as he knows, he person would have been able to the war as clearly and as certain he now foresees the revolution.

The Art of Prophecy, he holds, is an art.

THE CALL OF THE WEST

Eastern Canada Looks Askance at Emigration of Her Young Men to the West—The Canadian Courier Says Protest is Useless—Independence is the Cause—The "Big Money," Where Every Man Can be His Own Master.

"Some portions of Eastern Canada are beginning to feel the symptoms of what might be called 'middle age'—if there were any such thing in connection with nations. One thing they do not like to see their young men 'emigrating' or even migrating away from them. New Brunswick has decided to make a systematic effort to keep her young men at home, instead of permitting them to be used off by the siren song of the west. They have good vacant lands of their own in this square little province by the sea; and they make a very considerable effort to persuade the immigrant from Europe not to pass them by. But how much worse is it, they reason, that their own sons should overlook the advantages of settling on their own colonization lands the west, rather than venture into the far west, where Donkhor pilgrims may distract their minds from farming operations and the politician 'law grabber' may steal the meadow lot when they are looking the other way. And this is much more reasonable than the common attitude in Eastern Ontario which complains meanly of the 'loss' of the 'hired man' who cannot understand why sensible people will pass a land laughing with the harvest where they can work for very costly and early rising farmer in order to seek out a country where they can get their own land and work for themselves."

The lure of the west is independent. It is not so much that they grow good wheat out there very costly and very abundantly. Our ambitious young fellows might not leave the comforts and companionships and educational advantages of the east for a few bushels more of wheat. But this ability to grow wheat in paying quantities is one of the things that is independent which we all covet. Then a man may hope to own his farm in the west, and he might be allowed to rent one or possibly work on another man's farm here. He becomes quite independent on his firmly set two feet in the land when he would be nothing more than a dependant—a hireling—here. That is the star attraction. The "Home Seekers" who journey to the prairies are not more so than the rest of us. They are not ready to sell out their civilization for a handful of dollars. But either they see less chance than we do of securing independence in the East, or else they have more courage. As for the colonization lands of the Eastern Provinces, they lack chiefly the attraction of independence.

People who are independent in the east sometimes are driven by the talk of "big money" to the west, go there, look over the country, and soon return. It is not so much that they talk exaggeratedly, but that they discover that this "big money" has to be purchased by the sacrifice of many good things in life which can be found in an older and more thickly settled community. Being independent here is no advantage, and the game of "big money" is not worth the candle. But the man to whom

life in the east offers nothing but a succession of years spent at the book and not-ya, and at the mercy—of some one else, sees in the prairie country an opportunity to become his own "man"—to buy his liberty quite as truly as any southern slave ever bought his, and that is what he goes for. Schools, and that is what he means is, according to Mr. Sinclair here, he has to provide profits upon a sport denied his own folk; the next door neighbor may be discernible only by the smoke from his chimney. But every morning he awakes to breathe the air of liberty and every night he lies down with the west consoling him. "The industrial Cut-down," intensely—these are the magical words.

That is the magic light on the western horizon. Liberty is still—thank God!—the sweetest morsel that man can roll under his tongue. What men have always been willing to die for, it is not surprising that they should be willing to sever all associations for end to deprive themselves of much that makes life full and fruitful. It is better to be free and hard-pressed than a slave amid luxury and the hardships of the west are such as can be conquered with a laugh, while luxuries which are open to those who cannot "buy their liberty" in the east would not constitute a very great temptation to the more sybaritic soul. We hear a great deal about the robbery of the many by the tyrannical few who control "trusts," and similar predatory institutions these days. But the people will stand a lot of robbery which does not seem to impinge upon their liberty. Yet impinge upon their liberty it does; and when the people learn this, the privileges of the predatory combinations will not be watered up to fifty-cent pieces.

As for those of us who propose to live in Eastern Canada, it is natural to annoy us to have people move west, who might stay here and improve the value of our real estate. They should remember that they are not leaving the country. They are still under our tariff ring fence. They will still buy our products, and will probably be able to buy more of them because of their increased prosperity in the frontier west. Then they will leave that new population out there with Canadianism. We are always expressing our anxiety that there should be a large immigration thither from the British Isles in order to prevent the coming of "trusts" in the prairie provinces from being wholly alien to British institutions and British ideals. But it is quite as important that they should be Canadians as that they should be British. We do not want a population out there that will ignore Eastern Canada and look over our heads to the "United Kingdom for their next-of-kin. That might produce some ill results, and it is not a good policy to grumble when our young families move to our own west. In the prairie provinces, if it is denied them here—and it is, more over, entirely useless.

PREDICTS SOCIAL WAR

Upton Sinclair Declares in Latest Work That United States Will be in Throes of Armed Conflict Between Masses and Classes.

Upton Sinclair has written another book, a book which lies before me this morning, says a writer in the Manchester Sunday Chronicle. It is not a novel this time; not a work of art, that is, I should hesitate to call it a work of literature, for it lacks the high imaginative quality which literary literature cannot be. It is a long and most serious study, full of facts and figures and deductions therefrom of the social, political and economic conditions of the United States of America; and although it is serious, well thought out, and closely reasoned, it has obviously been written at high pressure and at white heat, as it were. It begins and ends with a prophecy, and the prophecy with which it begins and ends is this:

"That there will be an industrial and therefore a social revolution in the United States in the year 1912, or thereabouts."

A. Thrice-bold Prophet.

He is always a bold man who ventures to prophesy; but the prophet is a bold man who fixes a date for the fulfillment of his prediction, because he knows that if the thing he foretold does not happen at the time he assigned for its happening, there will be an end of his reputation as a seer. To do that, Mr. Sinclair justifies, he does not claim as most prophets do, to have any special inspiration from above or below, or even to have any unique gift of prophetic intuition. He bases his disturbing forecast on a study of history and on a close observation of things as they were and as they are. And thus far he is on the right road. For if you know enough of things as they were and as they are, you need not be a heaven-born genius, but you need only be an ordinarily intelligent person, to be able to predict what they will be. "If you know enough" there's the rub. Mr. Sinclair thinks that he does know enough. Some years ago, he tells us, he made a thorough and minute study of the phenomena which preceded the outbreak of the Civil War in his own country. He read everything that was written on the subject, the speeches of the politicians, the pamphlets and articles in the newspapers, and the records of all that happened. He has said, "Thus he came to know more than any one could possibly have known who lived in the actual time, and he knew more than any one had known as much as he knows now, that people would have been able to foresee the way as clearly and as certainly as he now foresees the revolution."

The Art of Prophecy. Prophecy, he holds, is an art, and he

The Socialistic Difference.

The difference between what the workman makes and what the workman gets is the cause of the revolution. The forces of order, the robust common sense of the American people, will be strong enough to prevent universal destruction.

"According to the last United States census, the average compensation per wage earner was only \$340, while the value of the manufactured product was \$2,450 per wage earner. Perhaps no clearer statement of the intensification of exploitation can be found than in the fact that whereas the average profit on the products of all industries was 20 per cent, the average profit on the products of the cotton mills was 40 per cent. The cotton mills which were shut because we could no longer sell shirts to the Chinamen will not start merely to work making shirts for all the shirtless wretches in the length and breadth of America. And the shoe operatives of Massachusetts who were making shoes for the Filipinos, whose poor Filipino had to be forced at the point of bayonet to buy, will begin making shoes for their own children, and for the unhappy people of the tenements who were before going barefoot."

From which it may be gathered that Mr. Upton Sinclair, if a prophet, is not a Jeremiah.

DEPRESSION NOW IN JOHANNESBURG.

Johannesburg, August 5.—Bedeve the Transvaal today is a very gloomy country. It has not seen a depression since the year 1907. For nearly three years now has depression reigned in Johannesburg. Only one more stage is left—a great financial crash. The people have become familiar with, the words "stagnation" and "ruin." They have grown callous to insouciance, and immense lists of judgments in the smaller civil courts. Debts are too common to worry about. Book debts are unsalable.

Never before has the financial sky of the Rand been so dark as it is today. The cause of the gloom is the fact that the confidence or even hope, to the next twelve months. Every week retrenchment becomes more drastic.

The disappearance of so many thousands of unemployed men is significant. In the main streets dozens of shops are empty; an equal number of men are looking for work. The way to tea-rooms or auction marts or sixpenny shows—anything that is not a permanent means of livelihood, is done. The jewellers' shops, once the pride of the Rand, are almost all in the hands of liquidators.

Notaries Public. George Holden Darlow, of Allox. James Stuart McDonald, of Sedgewick. James Jeffers Mahaffy, of Medicine Hat.

Wanted: A partner for a new business. Apply to the author of this advertisement.

Prospectors Flee From Flies. Talking about flies and mosquitoes, said F. L. Blake, of Toronto, who has just returned from a trip to Lac Seul Lake and Ravens Lake. "I had them up there with a vengeance. The atmosphere was literally alive with them. Every reed, every blade of grass seemed to be filled with an infusion of black flies and mosquitoes which were hatched out after every rain. There was no getting away from the insects. They hung like a screen along the river banks and about the shores of the lakes. As soon as one's canoe was within fifty yards of shore the mosquitoes surrounded it."

Never So Bad Before. "Indians and old trappers in the district say that they have never experienced such a pest of bloodthirsty insects."

When we camped we had to keep a smudge going all the time to keep the mosquitoes and black flies out of our tent, and that didn't have any effect on the sandflies, which assailed all night with a dreadful persistence.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

Dr. Sanders, Founder of Experimental Farms in Canada.

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—Dr. William Saunders, director of Dominion Experimental Farms, celebrated his golden wedding recently, on which occasion the Director and his wife were presented with a handsome silver tea service by the staff of the Experimental Farm at Ottawa.

In 1865 he was appointed public analyst for the western section of Canada and was for a period editor of the Canadian Entomologist and president of the Entomological Society of Canada. In 1868, while in London, Dr. Saunders planted some 60 acres of plants and vines on his property and there established a knowledge of the growth most suitable to Canada, and an insight that in after years proved most valuable.

In 1885 he was instructed by the Minister of Agriculture to establish Experimental stations of the United States and following his report five Experimental Farms were established in Canada.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 12 per cent. on the sale.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, renewable yearly.

An applicant may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rentals \$10 per acre, for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 1-2 per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 16, of 160 acres or less, and 40, 80, 160 and 320 acres or more, if the holder thereof is a family, or male over 18 years of age, may be taken up for homestead under the provisions of the Act in force within the time being upon payment of the sum of one dollar (\$1).

The licensee shall be responsible that the tent or tents, building or buildings, and the premises used in connection therewith are kept so as to conform to the Public Health Act and the bylaws and regulations for the time being in force respecting the public health and in default thereof shall be subject to the penalties of the said bylaw No. 166.

Provincial Appointments. The Alberta Gazette announces the following provincial appointments: Commissioners for Taking Affidavits, Samuel James Macleod, of Lloydminster.

Provincial Board of Health. Frank Hamilton, Meuburn, M.D., of Calgary.

Provincial Board of Health. Charles Newbury Cobbett, M.D., of Edmonton.

James Delainere Leary, M.D., of Calgary.

Robert Black Owens, sanitary engineer, of Toronto, Ontario.

John Lewis Windsor, M.D., provincial health officer, secretary of the board.

William Arthur of the Peace, Curran Mackay, of Minburn. William Amos Bertrand, of Maryville. Lucius Quincy Coleman, of Morley. Daniel William McKinnon, of Red Deer.

William John Reid, of Banbury. Benjamin Franklin Allison, of Valley City.

Charles Edward Henry, of Vermilion. John Alva Arney, of Raven. Frederick Bealey Adeshead, of Calgary. Hugh McBeth, of Lethbridge.

James Bruce Nicholson, of Edmonton. Oliver William Playle, of Pincher Creek.

James Kirkham, of Raymond. John Arthur Windsor, of Manfred. Herbert John Henry Skeith, of Lethbridge.

John Arthur Jones, of Galahad. Samuel Edwin Davis, of Talbot. John McIntosh Ferguson, of Bowdenville.

Owen McKay, of Leduc. James James Derby, of Vermilion. Frederick Emanuel Allison, of Valley City.

Robert Clark Dunsmore, of Vermilion. Notaries Public. George Holden Darlow, of Allox. James Stuart McDonald, of Sedgewick. James Jeffers Mahaffy, of Medicine Hat.

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HAVERGAL COLLEGE

WONNIPPEG

Principal—Miss E. L. Jones, L.L.A., St. Andrew's, Scotland, formerly Head of the Day School, Havergal College, Toronto, assisted by a large staff of resident and visiting Professors and Teachers.

COURSE OF STUDY—Careful attention is given in every department to the individual training of pupils. The school course comprises English in all its branches, with Latin, French and German. Mathematics, Botany, Drawing and Class Singing. Pupils are prepared for Matriculation at the University of Manitoba.

MUSIC—The College offers exceptional instruction in the study of Music, and present and past pupils have taken high honors in the examinations of the Toronto Conservatory and College of Music.

PHYSICAL CULTURE—The physical development and training of the girls is supervised by a resident graduate of the Boston Normal School of Physical Culture, who is also in charge of the school games, tennis, basket ball and hockey.

KINDERGARTEN—A Kindergarten department leads into the Junior School.

CALENDAR—For calendar containing full information, apply to the Principal.

School re-opens Tuesday, September 10, 1907.

I. H. C. GASOLINE ENGINE

A Money Making Power For Farmers

Doing a job with an engine less than one-half the labor required to do it with the use of gasoline engine power, is making money for the farmer.

There are plenty of such jobs on the farm.

And while you are making money this way you are saving your strength and lengthening your days; another reason for making the investment.

Powers for the farmer's use have come to be a necessity. Think of the uses you can put a gasoline engine to; sawing wood, pumping water, churning or operating the cream separator, running feed mill, threshing, and numerous other jobs of this nature.

They enable farmers to do their work faster, do it better, do it easier and accomplish more than farmers have ever been able to accomplish before in the history of agriculture.

I. H. C. engines have done much to bring all this about.

They are the one line of engines that have been perfected to meet exact needs made by farmers.

Call on our Local Agent or write nearest branch house for catalog.

CANADIAN HARBOR COMPANY OF AMERICA, CHICAGO, U.S.A. (Incorporated)

SPORTING NEWS

HAT SHUT OUT MINERS.

In a Nine Innings Game Played in One Hour Twenty-five Minutes.

Medicine Hat, Aug. 9.—Medicine Hat shut out Lethbridge to-night in a nine innings game which was played in 25 minutes. Hollis did wonderful work in the box for the Hat only allowing one hit and striking out eight men.

Lethbridge 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 Medicine Hat 2 6 9 Batteries—Fogarty and Rodgers; Hollis and Keany. Empire—McGuiken.

BIG LEAGUE SCORES.

National. At Pittsburgh—Pittsburg 5, New York 2. Batteries—Phillip and Phelps, Mc Ginity and Breshahan. Umpires—O'Dea and Klen. At Chicago—Chicago 1, Philadelphia 3. Batteries—Laundgren and Moran, Corridon, Jacklich and Dooin. Umpires—Casper, Bigler.

American Association. At Louisville—Louisville 3, Minneapolis 4. At Columbus—Columbus 3, Milwaukee 2. At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, St. Paul 1.

Eastern. At Toledo—Toledo 4, Kansas City 9. At Montreal—Montreal 2, Rochester 5. At Newark—Newark 9, Jersey City 9. At Buffalo (First game)—Buffalo 4, Toronto 6. Second game—Buffalo 4, Toronto 3.

SHORT STUFF.

Cleveland holds the straight victory record in the American league—having won eight games in a row. With the Cubs or Giants behind, pitcher Kruger, of St. Louis, he would be a world beater.

Philadelphia Athletics are the only Eastern team having a look-out for the American League pennant. "Seem-Starter" Lumley, of Brooklyn, looks good to lead the National League batsmen for 1917.

CANADIANS VICTORIOUS.

At the Regatta at Philadelphia—Big Events Came Canadaward. Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—Spirited races marked every one of the six events decided in the preliminary to the 36th annual regatta of the National Association of Amateurs held over the Schuylkill river course this afternoon.

HE CAN BEAT THE RACES.

McGraw Has Idea He Can Do It Despite Riley Gramann. John McGraw, the famous Napoleon of the ball field, has an idea that he can beat the races.

Riley Gramann, one of the biggest plungers the turf has ever known, has had that idea beaten out of him some time ago. McGraw is going to quit the ball field for the turf.

Now read what Riley Gramann who has had years of experience in every line, has to say: "The races can't be beaten; I've tried it from all ends of the game—from inside the book to betting from the ground,

"Too" True Base Ball Stories

A Hundred Mile Strike. Tiersan's swat probably traveled as far as it got further than any he recorded unless you except Frank Bowman's home run in Boston, which did not touch the ground for six hours, and then landed at 42nd street, New York city.

The Canadian Cup Goes to Adele. Rochester, N.Y., August 9.—The Canada's Cup has been forfeited to the Adele, the challenger. The Seneca, the defender, was over measurement and cannot qualify for the class.

Development of the Yukon. Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—John W. Astley, chief engineer of the Klondike Mines Railway company, and for nine years from 1899 to 1908, assistant engineer of the Klondike Mines Railway company, and for nine years from 1899 to 1908, assistant engineer of the Klondike Mines Railway company, and for nine years from 1899 to 1908, assistant engineer of the Klondike Mines Railway company.

Construction of New Lines. Chamberlain Speaks of Railway Progress Through the West. Winnipeg, Aug. 9.—Dr. T. F. Chamberlain, Dominion inspector of heating on public works, was in the city on May 16, when he passed through on the way to the west to begin the work of inspection on the health of the men employed in the various camp locations along the lines of construction in the west.

To Perpetuate Ontario Forests. Ottawa, August 6.—It is probable that on the opening of the branch of the Royal Mint here in November the Canadian nickel coin will be introduced in the Canadian nickel coin.

To Send Edmonton Products. Grisenthwaite Premises Interesting Exhibit for County Fair. Anacostia, Mont., Aug. 6.—Joseph Grisenthwaite of Edmonton, who is in the city recently visiting his brother, Manager Grisenthwaite of the Montana Hotel, is manager of the Edmonton fair grounds.

Teething Babies. Nurses and Mothers' Treasure. Quickly relieves—regulates the bowels—prevents convulsions. Use 50 years. Absolutely safe. At drug stores, 5c. 6 bottles, \$1.25. National Dispensing Co., Montreal. Sole Proprietors, Montreal, 41

Wanted to Buy a Farm in North-Western Alberta with house and some land under cultivation, a half section or more preferred. Give particulars as to acreage, quality, location, improvements, prices, etc., to Address Box 29, Bulletin Office, Edmonton up to Aug. 15th.

Wanted—First or second class teacher for St. Emile school district No. 1448, Legal, Alta. Duties to commence 1st September. One speaking English and French preferred. E. Cassavant, Legal, Alta.

Lost—From Section 35, township 55, Range 19, by 3 year old mare, white stripe on forehead, branded "H S" on right shoulder. Ten dollars reward. Harry Aldin, Star, Alta.

Hold For Dollar Why. A Chicago district exchange liable agent has been sent the wheat counts for the month of August. The total of the grain in the country is 1,231,229,000 bushels, having a total of 55,222,200 bushels.

Alberta Winter Wheat. Alberta winter wheat is a great deal of attention to farmers of the western states experiments will be made. State Agricultural College, Fargo, N. D., has started a series of experiments to test the adaptability of country. W. M. Gilroy, manager of the Calgary Milling Co., has been appointed to this position.

Government Commemorative. The following to be issued in July with the following to regard to the action of the Department of Agriculture regarding Prof. H. V. Cameron's books, to give a series of copies to the farmers of the south.

Alberta Department of Culture Desires. The Alberta Department of Culture desires much practicing the services of Mr. J. H. Flavelle, director, paid \$400 per share with a face value of \$100, do please refer to the above for details. In view of these facts please have serious difficulty in obtaining the shares, as they are always paid for long than conditions with.

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The Don, R. C. Toronto, was third, to cap the thing. Argonaut, senior four-oared crew made a runaway race of this event, winning from the Ravenswood B.C., Long Island and Sea-wahaka B.C. of Brooklyn. The latter crew was a favorite even over the Canadians, and its defeat by both Argonauts and Ravenswood was a big surprise. The Mount City and Crescents, both of St. Louis, were fourth and fifth. Germany was represented in the regatta by Waldemar Sand, of Hella R. C., Berlin. The German rowers in second place were the intermediate singles but he was outclassed from the start, though in his favor it should be said that he has been ill several days of this week. There were only three starters in the intermediate eight-oared shell race which was also rowed in one hour. These were the Potomac B. C. of Washington, the Fairmont B. C. of this city and the Arundelle, Baltimore. The Potomac led all the way and won by nearly three lengths.

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Wanted

MENT OF INTERIOR... GING JOURNALISTS HERE... Department of the Interior...

On Grand Circuit... N.Y. Aug. 8.—The grand jury...

awa. You can gain buying from us... proof of Building Materials...

Made in various styles and... different prices, but only quality...

artin-Orme Pianos... to be perfect in construction...

to be perfect in construction... and to improve in tone...

Write for descriptive booklet... prices and terms, free on request.

ALBERTA WINTER WHEAT... Alberta winter wheat is attracting...

EN-ANGLE underwear... One kind of underwear, and only one...

Prices Reduced, Quality the same... Windsor Salt is actually purer...

Windsor Salt... Windsor Salt is actually purer than inferior imported...

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WITH THE FARMERS

PROFITS IN PORK PACKING.

The Dominion Department of Agriculture, as well as the Department of Agriculture of Ontario, have been carrying on for some time now...

While, however, the packers have refused to voluntarily place their figures before a committee...

The exact dividend paid on Davistock for the last thirteen years is as follows: For the year ending March 31, 1893...

Government Commended. The Farmer and Ranch Review for July has the following to say with regard to the action of the Province...

Alberta Winter Wheat. Alberta winter wheat is attracting a great deal of attention among the farmers of the western states...

Licensed Elevators. The Department of Trade and Commerce at Ottawa has issued a report showing the numbers and locations of licensed elevators...

Hold For Dollar Wheat. A Chicago dispatch says that reliable agents have been sent all over the wheat country by the board of trade...

CITY MARKETS.

New hay is coming on to the market in quantity these days. Prices are lower as follows: Straight, \$8 to \$10; upland, \$11 to \$12...

Government Will Help Bore Settlers' Wells. Regina, Aug. 8.—The problem presented by the scarcity of water in certain portions of the province has been engaging the attention of the provincial government...

An Unsolved Problem. The conditions in Canada which resulted in the rebellion, and the Leacock states in his introductory chapter, had developed from 1760, the government of Canada...

Under these circumstances it was not unnatural that the tension between the clearer light of the present should increase, and in November of that year the country was started...

The collapse of the rebellion opened a new era not only in the history of Canada, but in the history of colonial government. Into this new era...

Mines Getting Enough Men. Cobalt, August 8.—Over three weeks have elapsed since the miners' strike at Cobalt was declared, and, if anything, the fight has been in favor of the mine owners...

New York Grain. New York, August 5.—The visible supply of grain on Saturday, August 5, was 49,313,000 bushels, an increase of 1,000,000 bushels...

Live Stock. Little change is quoted in the live stock prices: Sheep, 6c; hogs, 5c; mutton, 6c.

FIGHT FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT

Prof. Leacock's "Baldwin, Lafontaine and Hincks. A Review of This Clever Work by a Toronto Globe Writer. The Long, Hard, Uphill Fight for the Present Basic Principles of Canadian Government.

Canadians are so accustomed to the existence of responsible government that they are apt to forget the struggles which were necessary before it was secured. This period of political ferment in the forties of last century is within the memory of many living men...

On the other hand, Baldwin lost no opportunity to correct this misrepresentation of his position, a misrepresentation which was repeated many years after in regard to the policy of the Liberal party in Canada.

The Ex-Primer of the Plains. Mr. Wm. Herring Cooper, "Barney" Cooper to the men of the north—defying the elements on the north—radiating Irish bonhomie from his quietly genial presence...

Building Will Cost \$2,000,000. Ottawa, Aug. 8.—Plans for a magnificent new structure to be erected in London between the Strand and Aldwych, as the headquarters for the Canadian immigration department in England, have been prepared by Marshall Macdonald & Son, of Waterloo Place...

Heavy Run of Fish. Victoria, August 5.—Todd's crew lifted over 35,000 salmon from Miner Creek and Gordon River traps on Wednesday, leaving over \$5,000 salmon in the slope of each trap.

Another large lot of various skins was set up, and although it was being thoroughly acquainted with the value of it, for they had made frequent visits to the warehouse...

McMillan & Second. \$15,811.00. Ullman & Co. 2,720.00. W. Stennett 689.87. The \$15,100 Bid Wins. Another large lot of various skins was set up, and although it was being thoroughly acquainted with the value of it...

A RICH DRAWING TEA

EVERY INFUSION IS DELICIOUS AND INVIGORATING



SEALED LEAD PACKETS ONLY. AT ALL GROCERS. HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Bankers, Professional and Business Men Should Buy Residential Lots on FIRARDINE HEIGHTS

The Beautiful "Summer Resort Site," located in the Pipestone River Valley, on Coal Lake Shore, S.E. 1, sect. 35, tp. 16, range 23, west of 4th meridian. Only one mile from Gwynne C.P.R. Railway Station Grounds...

Price of Lots from \$65.00 up. Sizes of Lots from half acre to 4 acres.

For information re prices, terms and conditions write to Owner Chas. Rodberg, Real Estate, P.O., Gwynne, Alta. Or Call at Lowe & Carpenter, Real Estate Agents, 133 Jasper W., Edmonton.

COLIN FRASER'S FUR CARGO NETS \$15, 811

Ben Hursell Secures \$3,256 for His Auction Sale of First Big Bundle of Furs From North. McDougall & Second and McMillan Successful Bidders.

It was a great gathering of the men from the north who met in McDougall & Second's fur room yesterday afternoon, when the furs brought down by Colin Fraser and Ben Hursell were auctioned off to the highest bidder...

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AROUND THE CITY

Saturday's Daily
WEATHER.
 Maximum .. 63
 Minimum .. 46
 Barometric Pressure .. 29.84

LOCALS.
 The public are asked to kindly note the fact that public worship in St. Dougal church Sunday evenings is now held at 7.30, instead of 7 o'clock as formerly.

Thanksgiving day this year will be the last Thursday in October. Before this date is set by the government, a deputation from the Commercial Travellers' Association will be heard with respect to their request that Thanksgiving Day be on a Monday.

An effort was being made yesterday by the commissioners to improve the condition of Namaya avenue by hauling a number of loads of clay from Churchill street. These were dumped in the mud, which was temporarily made in a worse condition. It is thought there will be a great improvement when the clay is packed down.

Work on the furniture store being constructed by W. Skitch, on Namaya avenue is being pushed forward rapidly, and the building will be ready for occupancy in several weeks' time. A portion will also be occupied by the east end branch of the Merchants Bank, now further down the street.

The Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist congregations of the city have agreed, through their pastors, to cancel their respective prayer meetings, appointments for Wednesday evening, August 14th, and to join in a united meeting in the interests of the Bible Society in the First Baptist Church.

The Rev. Jesse Gibson, associate permanent secretary of the Upper Canada Bible Society, Toronto, Ontario.

DOESN'T WANT NOMINATION.
 The impression prevails among a number of the ratepayers of the city and was frequently mentioned at last night's meeting, that W. D. McPhail, the East Jasper real estate man, was looking for nomination for the vacant aldermanic seat. The Bulletin this morning Mr. McPhail said emphatically that he had no idea of entering the field. He would instead give all his support to the nominee of the meeting, Mr. Williams.

LUNCHEON FOR BRITISH JOURNALISTS.
 Arrangements are being made for a Canadian Club luncheon to be given in the Alberta Hotel on the occasion of the visit of the Canadian journalists here. The date has not yet been definitely arranged but will depend upon the convenience of the visitors.

LEDUC TELEPHONES.
 A. J. Richards, provincial inspector of telephones, was in Leduc recently and informed the Representatives that the provincial government had purchased the old local line in Edmonton, and would place it in proper repair at once. A business phone will cost \$24, and a residential phone \$15, but it is the intention to lower these rates as soon as the revenue will permit. Other telephone men were obtained as subscribers.

SOUTH COUNTRY CROPS GOOD.
 M. McDonald, who is known throughout all Alberta as "Little Mac," is in Calgary after an absence of four months. He has spent most of the time in organizing flour mills in Pincher Creek and other parts of the south. He is very enthusiastic over the crops in the south country. He is an old timer in Alberta, and one who has toured the country extensively, but his recent visit is definitely looking so well at present. The husband, being unable for a time to get any other work than occasional laboring, Mrs. Priest waded hard to support the family resources by going out to work at different places, and it was while engaged at Leduc house she unfortunately placed her thumb with a cedar splinter, which resulted in blood poisoning, and some of her vital results after a three weeks' illness.

PERSONAL.
 Mr. H. Bishop, of Wingham, is visiting his son in the city on his way to Vancouver. He is accompanied by Mrs. Bishop.

Mr. A. H. Edwards of Ottawa, accompanied by his wife, is in Winnipeg on his way to Vancouver. Mr. Edwards is a well known lumberman and brother of Senator Edwards.

Mr. J. M. Church, manager of Union Bank, Merrickville, Ont., is spending a few days with friends in the city, while on a pleasure trip through to the coast.

ADDITION TO S. A. BARRACKS.
 The Salvation Army have taken out permit for a \$1,200 addition to their barracks on Fraser avenue, which will greatly increase its capacity. The work of construction will be done under the superintendency of W. W. Lacey, travelling construction agent for the Army.

A permit was also issued this morning to W. B. Broadhead for a small dwelling on Heimick to cost \$600.

THE NEW BAPTIST CHURCH.
 A new Baptist Church has been formed in the east end of the city. The Baptist board has purchased a good central double corner site at the junction of Syndicate avenue and Morris street, where it is proposed, in the near future to erect a permanent building, which will be known as the Syndicate Avenue Baptist Church.

The Baptist Board have presented the land free of cost to the new church as a stimulus to immediate action. On Sunday evening last between 40 and 50 gave in their names to be members of the new church.

The services at present are being conducted in a large tent erected on the site, and the church and services are in progress. A large roll of members has been made, and the church is being largely attended, are very bright and helpful, and are held at 11 o'clock in the evening. The evening service is preceded by a prayer meeting commencing at 6.30. There is also a Sunday school at 3 o'clock and men and women Bible classes, which are well attended, and a regular-Wednesday evening prayer meeting and service at 8 o'clock.

Seeing the large attendance, and the fact that the new church will start with a membership of over 50, it is apparent that a Baptist church was needed in this section, and that the Baptists of the First Baptist Church have commenced this forward movement none too soon.

The charter roll will not be long in attaining the size and importance of the First Baptist Church. It is proposed by the building committee to erect at once on the site a large school building at a cost of about \$2,000, which will be used for public worship until the church proper is completed.

The charter roll will be kept open until the beginning of October, when it is hoped the new school will be opened, and new residents are being welcomed into the neighborhood who are members of distant Baptist churches or the Disciples Church, many of them having given their names to the charter roll, as pioneers of the new church.

A very hearty invitation is given to all near residents to the various services, school and Bible classes. A Women's Aid and Young People's Society will shortly be organized. Application for membership can be made at any of the services.

THOUSANDS OF RANGERS NEEDED.
 There should be the gradual organization of a great and complete forestry department, was the earnest suggestion of a group of forestry department experts ranged around a table at a meeting held in the city.

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