

The Athens Reporter

Vol. XXXII. No. 5

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, February 2, 1916

3 cents a copy

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

At the Sale of White!

It will pay you to buy your season's supply of White Underwear at this sale. Our entire big, new stock ALL at reduced prices.

- SKIRT—with deep flounce of wide embroidery, also dust frill, neatly finished, with lace edging, sale price.....\$1.79
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- LADIES' AND MISSES COATS—All this season's new styles, assorted cloths and colors, were up to \$10.00 each, your choice for.....\$5.00
- ALL TRIMMED HATS.....Half Price
- REMNANTS.....Half Price
- 200 YD. SPOOL THREAD.....3 for 10c
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- SLIPOVER NIGHTGOWN—Fine cotton with round yoke of fine Swiss embroidery with embroidery. Beading and ribbon finished with embroidery edging. Short sleeves with edging.....Sale price 89c

OUR NEW EMBROIDERIES ARE HERE.

DELINEATOR—Yearly subscriptions taken for the remainder of this week.....Half Price, 75c

The ROBERT WRIGHT CO. Limited
BROCKVILLE CANADA

LAST WEEK OF OUR GREATEST JANUARY SALE.

- Silk Ends all Reduced.
- Dress Goods Ends, all colors, all Reduced.
- Dress Goods Sale 50c yard.
- About 500 yards of All Wool, old dye, Goods, special sale 50c yard.
- Scarce goods—Brown Corduroy, with 27 inches, special 75c yard.
- Navy Blue Corduroy, width 22 inch., special 50c yard.
- 300 Yards of New Spring Silks, in Military Stripes, Scotch Plaids and Narrow Plain Stripes, sale 50c yard.

R. Davis & Sons
BROCKVILLE



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Get "More Money" for your Foxes, Muskrat, White Weasel, Beaver, Lynx, Wolves, Marten and other Fur bearers collected in your section. SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the world dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS. A reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for "more than a third of a century," a long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shippers," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published. Write for it—NOW—it's FREE.
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That Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

M. J. KEHOE

Clerical Suits a Specialty.

Died From Injuries

John P. Bower, who was so severely burned when his house at Seeley's Bay was burned two weeks ago, and who was taken to the Kingston General Hospital, with his wife, for treatment in that institution on Tuesday morning, Jan. 25, shortly after 10 o'clock.

The deceased was born at Westport seventy-eight years ago, and for the past fifty years had been a resident of Seeley's Bay. In religion, the late Mr. Bower was an Anglican, and a member of St. Peter's church, Seeley's Bay. He was also a member of the Independent Order of Oddfellows and of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends.

To mourn his loss, there are a wife, three sons and two daughters, John P. Bower, Moose Jaw; Thomas P. Bower, Winnipeg; William E. C. Bower, Seeley's Bay; Mrs. Isaac Woods, Winnipeg; Miss Letitia, residing at home. One brother, Thomas Bower, of St. Catharines, also survives.

The remains were taken to Seeley's Bay, and will in the spring, be interred in the cemetery at that place.

Mrs. Bower, wife of the deceased, who was also badly burned in trying to rescue her husband, is still in the General Hospital, in a very weak condition.—Gauanque Reporter.

Keep a Bottle of the old Perry Davis Painkiller on hand ready to apply for sprains, bruises, and for colic and cramps. 25c and 50c bottles.

Delta L.O.O.F. Elect Officers

On Tuesday evening, Jan. 18th, D.D.G.M. E. C. Tribute of Farnerville Lodge, I.O.O.F., installed the officers of the Delta Lodge, No. 265, in a very creditable manner.

- Jr. P.G.—W. W. Phelps
- N.G.—W. W. Phelps
- V.G.—Clarence Webster
- Rec. Sec.—E. J. Suttel
- F. Sec.—W. A. Begg
- Treas.—Wm. Birch
- Warden—Gordon White
- Cor.—W. J. Morris
- J.G.—Wilbert Barlow
- O.G.—Wm. Campbell
- R.S.N.G.—E. P. Biesee
- L.S.N.G.—E. Bower
- R.C.V.G.—Adelbert Campbell
- L.S.V.G.—Leonard Halladay
- R.S.S.—Ham Hazleton
- L.S.S.—James Huffman
- Chap.—E. Barlow
- Organist—Thos. White

After installation, speeches were delivered by D.D.G.M. Bro. Tribute, Bros. Parish, Lawson, Breese, Barlow and others, after which all retired to the dining room where an oyster supper was served.

Bishop Fallon is Against Prohibition

London, Ont., Jan. 25.—Bishop Fallon, head of the Roman Catholic Diocese of London, to-day issued a statement to the press, in which he expressed opposition to the campaign now on for Province-wide prohibition.

"I am opposed to the principle of prohibition in regard to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors," runs the statement. "I regard the present agitation in Ontario as a dangerous invasion to the State to meddlesomely interfere with the right of the citizen and as an equally dangerous attempt to regulate all human conduct by statute. We are threatened with a multiplication of the functions of the State that will grievously narrow the circle of individual right."

His Lordship adds that the very principal for the vindication and safeguarding of which the British Empire is now engaged in its conflict with Germany is "precisely the principle which, in my opinion, is menaced by the present attempt to the enactment of prohibition legislation."

Officers of Toledo Lodge, A.O.U.W.

At the regular meeting of the A.O.U.W., No. 185, Toledo, held on Jan. 5th, 1916, the following officers were elected:

- P.M.W.—George Riley
- Master—William Nichols
- Foreman—Lloyd Bruce
- Financier—C. A. Wood
- Recorder—Geo. M. Dodd
- Overseer—Stanley Coad
- Treasurer—James Gray
- Guide—Harold Bellamy
- Outside Watchman—Roland Gray
- Inside Watchman—Roland E-ston
- Trustees—George Bellamy, N. D. Stinson, Jonas Bruce
- Representative to Grand Lodge—C. A. Wood
- Alternate—George Riley

It is easy to let a cold hang on. At night we are sure it will be gone by morning, and so on from day to day. It's dangerous. Take Allen's Cough Balsam and obtain prompt relief.

Subscribe for the Reporter

THREE GALA DAYS OF SPORT IN BROCKVILLE.

GREAT WINTER CARNIVAL TO SUPPLY COMFORTS FOR THE BOYS IN KHAKI.

The citizens of Brockville, with the assistance of the officers and men of the 59th and 157th Battalions, C.E.F., in training there, have undertaken a military and winter carnival on a scale which promises to be the greatest event of the kind ever held in Canada, extending over three days, February 15th, 16th and 17th. This mammoth attraction is under the auspices of the newly organized branch of the Sportsmen's Patriotic League and the object is to supply comforts for the soldiers of the two Battalions—not a single cent to be diverted otherwise. This in itself ought to appeal to the people of Eastern Ontario who will undoubtedly flock in large numbers to the Island City on the St. Lawrence and accord the different attractions a most liberal and deserving patronage. Nothing is too good for the men fighting our battles for home and country.

The programme provides for something doing every minute for three solid days and of such a diversified character as to suit the tastes of all. That crack regiment, the 59th, with two bands, and supported by the 156th, in course of organization, takes a leading part in the carnival, giving street parades, band concerts, military revolutions, together with many specialties which will occupy two nights at the Armouries of the 41st Regiment, besides manoeuvres at the Fair Grounds in connection with the horse races.

The horse racing committee, which has hung up \$1,000.00 in purses, has been assured of the participation in the various classes of some of the best speed horses in America. Among them will be the top-notchers, which have provided sensational trials of speed at eastern tracks this winter, including Ottawa and Montreal. The races are bound to prove a premier drawing card, and as the Brockville track affords excellent accommodation, the committee is preparing to handle a bumper crowd each day. The military display will be put on between the heats and the commanding officers have a rare treat in store for the patrons.

In addition to all the foregoing, the Brockville Curling Club will pull off a three-day bonspiel open to clubs of Ontario and Quebec; the Brockville Arena will be the scene of great activity, including a hockey tournament, fancy skating contests, dress carnival, skating races and specialties in winter sports; and the Brockville Amateur Minstrels, famed far and near, promise to break all records with their classy productions of two nights in Shea's Theatre. The full company, headed by two bands, will make street parades daily.

The proceeds of all of these attractions go to the regimental funds of the two battalions to be expended for the boys in khaki. Those coming from outside points are assured of low excursion rates on all railroads. Special attention is being given to hotel accommodation.

Brockville Men Hurt in Motor Car Accident

George Warwick, an automobile dealer, and Chas. Grant, of the firm of Abbott, Grant and Company, both narrowly escaped being killed when the auto in which they were riding turned turtle on the front road west of Brockville. The machine skidded in turning out to pass another vehicle, and, going into the ditch, turned completely over. Grant was thrown clear and sustained severe scalp wounds, while his companion was pinned beneath the car so that it had to be pried up to release him. His injuries are internal and may prove fatal. Warwick is a graduate of McGill, and during his college days defended the nets for the university hockey team. He afterwards played for a time with the Wanderers.

Send 5c to Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal, for new book entitled, "How best to prevent Lung Ailments." Ask also for sample of "The D. & L. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil."

\$250 and Costs for a Boy

At the Carleton County assizes in Ottawa last week a jury brought in a verdict of \$250 and costs for Walter Smith in his action against Matthew Blake. Walter Smith's eldest son was working for Mr. Blake, a farmer living in Ramsay. One day last September the boy was driving the cattle when a young bull attacked him, so goring him that the boy died shortly afterwards. The action for damages was taken by the father on the grounds that the farmer had been negligent in not having the bull dehorned and not having a chain on him.

Liquor Cases in the Counties

On complaint of F. B. Taber, a member of the prohibition list residing near Westport appeared before Justice of the Peace E. J. Adams Friday night charged with intoxication. The prosecution failed to establish the sale of a bottle, but the defendant admitted having received liquor at the residence of a relative. The magistrate referred the evidence to Mr. Eudo Saunders, chief solicitor of the department, to report on. C. R. Deacon appeared for the prosecution, and W. M. Ewart for the accused.

At Lansdowne Saturday a member of the township council was charged with being intoxicated in a local option district on election day. The witnesses furnished Inspector Taber by the private prosecutor failed to make out the case sufficiently strong, and C. R. Deacon recommended, without calling on the defence, that the case be dismissed; this was done. The magistrates were Messrs. Donevan and Johnston. C. R. Deacon appeared for the prosecution, and T. J. Rigney, for the defendant.—Brockville Recorder.

Insurance Merger is Not Favored

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—The opinion of the Superintendent of Insurance is adverse to the proposed reinsurance agreement entered into by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada and the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company.

When the Minister of Finance was notified of the agreement he at once instructed the Superintendent of Insurance to carefully consider its terms and make an actual report as to the positions of the policyholders of the Manufacturers' Life, and the advantage or disadvantage likely to accrue to them from the agreement. The Superintendent of Insurance has made this report, which states that, in his view, the proposed reinsurance agreement is not in the interest of the policyholders of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company.

As the opinion of the Superintendent of Insurance is likely to carry great weight with the Treasury Board, the Minister has notified both companies of his conclusions, so that no further step may be taken in the way of making changes in the agency force pending the decision of the Treasury Board. Under the statute it may be a month or more before the application will in the ordinary course reach the board.

Leeds County Ploughmen's Association Elects Officers.

The annual meeting of the Leeds County Plowmen's Association was held in the Agricultural office, Athens, on Saturday evening last, Jan. 29th. Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

- President—Andrew Henderson.
 - Vice-President—D. Sheffield.
 - Sec'y Treas.—Jar. Scott.
 - Directors—Wm. Justice, Alf. Scott, F. Spence, R. Brown, W. J. Taber, S. Howard, G. Heffernan, C. Coons, C. Bogart, F. Hayes, N. Cross, W. Henderson, W. Johnston, S. Crummy.
- A. Henderson was elected as delegate from Leeds County to attend the annual meeting of the Ploughmen's Association at Toronto.

Convalescents will find Ferrovin, the invigorating tonic, just the thing to put them on their feet again. Ferrovin is composed of beef, iron and wine. Large bottles \$1.00. Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.

Death at Glen Morris.

Miss Lillie Hughes, aged eighteen, died very suddenly on Saturday afternoon last, Jan. 29th, 1916. The immediate cause of death was pronounced heart failure.

Miss Hughes was employed as a domestic at the home of Mr. W. H. Whaley, Glen Morris, and was always quiet and amiable.

The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Wm. Usher at the house on Monday morning and was attended by many sympathizing friends and neighbors. One brother, Albert, who makes his home at Mr. Whaley's is left to mourn his only relative.

Sunday Funerals

Perth Courier:—At a recent meeting of the Ministerial Association of Perth and vicinity attention was called to the disturbance to regular church services by funerals on Sundays. The matter has a bearing upon the town and the country, and the whole land is more or less affected by it. In common with associations throughout Canada the association here, which is composed of members belonging to the Perth district, placed itself on record as opposed to the conducting of funerals on Sunday unless it can be shown that there are exceptional circumstances to warrant a departure from the rule which gives one day in seven for quiet and worship.

There's Solid Comfort

With an entertaining BOOK, an Easy Chair, Fine Light, and good sight. You won't get all the enjoyment possible without all these essential features.

If your Eyes or your Glasses are not quite correct let me put them right. I have the necessary equipment and experience to do this accurately and quickly.

There are many reasons why it is to your advantage to patronize your home optician.

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Jeweler and Optician,
ATHENS, - - - ONT.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

QUEBEC IN WINTER.

- SKATING MASQUERADES
- SNOWSHOEING
- SKEEING SLIDING
- TOBOGGANING
- CURLING HOCKEY
- FANCY DRESS BALLS
- FANCY ICE SKATING

and the "Chateau Frontenac" One of the Great Hotels of the World.

Ask for one of the new booklets. Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, 52 King street. GEO. E. McGLADE, City Pass. Agent.

LUMBER

Now on hand, a stock of plank and dimension lumber suitable for general building purposes and a quantity of rough sheeting lumber.

Any order for building material will be filled on short notice.

Present stock includes a quantity of

FOUNDATION TIMBER SILLS, SLEEPERS, ETC.

A large quantity of slabs and fire-wood.

F. Blancher
ATHENS

IN SELECTING YOURSELF A PRESENT Don't Forget That a Nice GRAFONOLA or a VICTROLA

Would be very nice and enjoyed by the whole family.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS INQUIRE OF

W. B. Percival

Who keeps a Nice Stock of Both Kinds on hand and will be pleased to demonstrate to you.

A large stock of Records on Hand A few Second-hand ORGANS on hand and ONE SQUARE PIANO, for sale, very cheap. Must be sold.

W. B. Percival, - Athens

DAVIS MENTHOL SALVE FOR Sore Joints Sore Rheum Piles, Boils In 15c, 25c. Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Lesson VI, February 6, 1916.

The boldness of Peter and John—Acts 4, 1-31. (Print 4, 8.21.)

Commentary.—I. The apostles before the Sanhedrin (vs. 1-7). While Peter was declaring the fact of Christ's resurrection in Solomon's porch, the priests, the official who had charge of the temple guard, and the Sadducees came to him for they were greatly agitated and troubled at his preaching that Jesus arose from the dead. The Sadducees were an influential Jewish sect at this time. They rejected the doctrine of the resurrection and did not believe in the existence of angels. Peter must have continued his discourse for two hours, since he and John went up to the temple at about three o'clock in the afternoon and he began to speak shortly after that, and it was "eventide" when they were arrested and placed in prison. It was then too late for them to be brought before the Sanhedrin, for that body could sit as a deliberative body only by daylight, therefore the apostles were placed "in hold unto the next day." The preaching was by no means in vain, for the people believed the message. The number of the men was five thousand, and it is likely that as many women also believed, so the Christian community was already assuming large proportions. The next morning the Sanhedrin assembled and care was taken to have the prominent members present, for the case to come before it was an important one. Ananias was an ex-high priest and Caiaphas the acting high priest, the same officials who had participated in the trial of Jesus.

II. Peter's defense (vs. 8-12). 8 filled with the Holy Ghost—As he and the rest of the one hundred twenty were on the day of Pentecost. An occasion had arisen of special importance and he was prepared by the Spirit for it. The promise of Jesus to His disciples (Mark 13, 11) was about to have a fulfillment. Rulers—The heads of the twenty-four courses of priests. Elders—Twenty-four leading citizens, heads of families, elected to places in the Sanhedrin. In addition to these twenty-two scribes or professional teachers of the law were added. These rulers, elders and scribes together with the high priest constituted the Sanhedrin. Peter addressed this body with becoming respect. 9. The good deed—The apostle was not slow to declare that it was for a good deed that he and John were arrested. Both the healing of the cripple and the preaching of the gospel were good deeds. Impotent—Helpless. 10. Be it known unto you all—Peter was ready to answer the question that was asked him and bold in making the declaration. By the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth—Through the authority and power of Him who was of Nazareth, a despised city, the miracle was wrought. Whom ye crucified—Peter was standing before the very body that had a few weeks before condemned Jesus on false testimony and caused Him to be put to death. He had the opportunity to preach Jesus to this company of high officials, and he told them with Spirit-inspired courage the truths they needed to hear. He charged home upon them in no uncertain language; the responsibility in putting Jesus to death. Whom God raised from the dead—The fact that leading Sadducees were before him did not keep him from preaching the truth of Christ's resurrection.

11. The stone which was set at naught—Reference is made to Psa. 118, 22. The figure is that of a stone being judged by the builders as unfit for a place in the structure, but later found to be the very one needed for the most important and prominent place in it. 12. Neither is one sentence Peter declared the inefficacy of the forms and ceremonies of the Jewish system to salvage any one. Jesus had come as the fulfillment of all that was real in the Mosaic economy. None other name—it must have pierced his hearers' hearts deeply when Peter told them that Jesus whom they had crucified was the only one who could save them or any one else. Whosoever we must be saved—if we are ever saved, it must be through the power of Jesus.

13. Unlearned and ignorant men—Peter and John had not studied under the great Jewish teachers of the day, and they were ordinary laymen, as the original of the word "ignorant" implies. They marvelled—Peter and John, filled with the Holy Spirit, spoke with a power that astonished even the learned members of the ruling body of the Jews. Book knowledge of them—they recognized the fact that they had been with Jesus and had been influenced and empowered by Him. They had received His spirit and spoke as he had spoken. 14. Could say nothing against it—They and all the people of Jerusalem had known the cripple who had lain at the temple gate for years, an object of pity and charity, and they saw him before them completely healed, therefore they were forced to admit that a great work had been wrought.

15. Confuted among themselves—Peter had fully answered their question and had done it with a boldness born of conviction and certainty. The testimony was all given, and in order that the members of the Sanhedrin might freely discuss the weighty question as to what was to be done with the apostles, Peter and John were taken out outside. 16. What shall we do to these men?—The question was a serious one. Thousands of persons had believed in Jesus and this miracle would greatly increase the influence of the apostles. 17. That it spread no further—They had a more difficult task than they imagined to keep the gospel and the report of the miracle from spreading further. Let us straitly threaten them—The Sanhedrin had no real cause against Peter and John and they stood in fear of the people, therefore they could simply try to intimidate them. 18. Called them—Brought them before the Sanhedrin again to warn them against the further preaching of Jesus. 19. Judge ye—Peter and

John were not to be intimidated. They had received the Holy Ghost and they had a commission from Jesus to preach the gospel. Even the members of the Sanhedrin must admit that one should obey God rather than man. 20. The things which we have seen and heard—The apostles were sure of their ground. They had definite knowledge of the truths they were proclaiming. They had convictions as to duty, and they could not keep their consciences clear and not continue to testify to the fact of Christ's resurrection. 21. Finding nothing—The apostles were triumphant. No true cause was found against them, and for fear of the people they could not bring false charges. The multitudes in Jerusalem believed that the healing of the lame man was the work of God. 22. The healed man had long been known and the miracle was a notable one.

IV. The apostles at prayer (vs. 23-31). The apostles went at once, when they were released, to their fellow Christians. They took the matter of their threatenings to the Lord in prayer. While they prayed there was a stirring physical manifestation of the Lord's presence, and they were all filled with the Holy Ghost. They had no thought of turning back from the work assigned them. They prayed for help to preach the word of God with boldness, and their prayer was answered.

Questions.—Who preached to the people after the lame man was healed? Why were the rulers troubled? What did they do with the apostles? How many converts did they have that day? What great council was called together? Why did they wait till morning? What question was asked the apostles? Give the main points in Peter's reply. Why did the people marvel? What did the Sanhedrin decide to do. Why did they not punish the apostles? Who glorified God? Why?

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Topic—A test of religions.

I. The trial of Peter and John.

II. The trial of Jewish rulers.

I. The trial of Peter and John. Two men, disclaiming all original power, excited Jewish society by the performance of a miraculous deed. Peter was challenged by the Sanhedrin to give an account of the miracle. It was an offence of doctrine, rather than of deed, which excited the opposition of the Sadducean rulers. The apostle's teachings reflected deep discredit upon the tribunals of the nation. A great crisis was pending. Jerusalem was in a moral upheaval. Seventy of the nation's magnates were confounded by two peasants. The fact of healing was recognized with the logical conclusion that it was a sign of the presence and working of some supernatural power, yet the power of the authority of the apostles were questioned. They were sturdy, truthful, uncompromising witnesses to Jesus and the resurrection. They testified to the thing which had been done and of greater things which he could do. Peter's words had a remarkable effect upon his distinguished hearers. Though they contended that the apostles were not personally qualified and had no right to teach, there was the strange coincidence, that in the moment of their amazement the rulers should give true and sufficient explanation of their work in that they had been with Jesus and learned of him. The impress of the great Teacher was too evident to be denied. Tone, look and manner, declared the apostles' training beyond a doubt. The Jewish rulers had admitted the originality of Jesus as a teacher and had opposed him on that account. That originally had reappeared in his disciples. The old controversy had suddenly revived. For the apostles to vindicate Christ's character meant the condemnation of the rulers. The resurrection of Jesus was a complete vindication of his character. Reference to the crucifixion stirred the priests. Reference to the resurrection stirred the Sadducees. The name of Jesus was set forth as the source of power. "Neither is there salvation in any other," was the substance of every apostolic announcement. Christ's way of delivering the nation was by becoming the corner-stone of its hope. What Israel needed was new life and its only Saviour was he who had healed the cripple. The apostles were branded as heretics and forbidden to preach by the supreme authority of the nation. Religion, politics and skepticism conspired to crush the young church. The apostles were endowed with divine fortitude. Their endurance of persecution was a guarantee of their sincerity and an exhibition of the power of the gospel in themselves. There was the heroism of hearts inspired by love and living for the benefit of others. They knew their mission and message to be divinely given. They possessed the secret of true courage, because they believed and did the right, from right motive, under the immediate inspiration of the Spirit, who made them effective.

II. The trial of Jewish rulers. Peter gave the men of the court their appropriate titles, recognized their office and authority and addressed them with deference and respect. He made the most of his opportunity. The prisoner's bar was transformed into a pulpit. He stood in view of them all, a splendid illustration of the truth that "the righteous are as bold as a lion," exhibiting granite-like firmness and unflinching loyalty to truth in his declaration that the risen Christ is the only Saviour of mankind. In the boldness of Peter the Jewish rulers saw the answer to their own words, "His blood be upon us, and on our children." Their antagonism was strong in spirit, but futile in effect. In vain had the men of scholarship looked down contemptuously upon the men of true learning. Their prohibition aimed at an impossibility. The places of the prisoners and the judges were in reality reversed. The apostles were empowered anew to speak, by the combination of evidences against them. Working under the authority and power of the Holy Spirit made the apostles invincible. Being under the arrest of an accusing conscience and destitute of divine approval made the rulers the actual criminals.

T. R. A.



For the GIRL WHO IS THIN

It is all very well for fleshy people to admire a slim figure, but no girl likes to be referred to as "thin as a match" or "flat as an ironing-board."

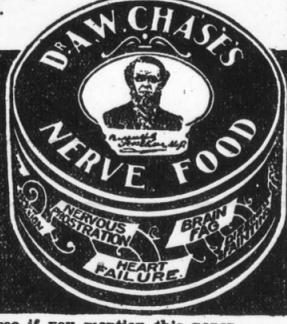
Thinness means that the tissues are not properly fed and nourished. It indicates a tendency towards anaemia, which must be overcome in its early stages. You may eat plenty of food, but you are losing weight, and with it reserve force. The blood has got thin and watery.

It is usually the nervously energetic girl or woman who wears herself down by worry and anxiety, until the nerves become irritable and the form emaciated.

This condition never rights itself, and for this reason you must seek external assistance, such as is found in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. This treatment should not be confused with fattening, oil-composed preparations. It is rather a true tonic, which sharpens the appetite, improves digestion and restores richness to the blood. Through the medium of the blood it feeds and nourishes the starved cells and tissues back to health.

Under this restorative, upbuilding treatment the angles disappear, and the form is rounded out to healthful proportions. The new tissues formed are strong and firm, and give to the body the buoyancy and vigor which makes you look well and feel well. Nervous headaches and indigestion disappear, and you feel again the joy of living. You can prove the benefit obtained by noting each week your increase in weight.

50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50. All dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.



Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free if you mention this paper.

FARM GARDEN

GRAIN FEEDING NEEDED.

The importance of including grain crops in the rotation for the farm this year is well worth considering. For economical feeding grain is a necessity where animals are kept for work and for their products. While it is true that grain can be purchased, it is equally true that feeding is seldom profitable where a considerable portion of the grain must be bought.

Take the case of feeding hogs. Successful growers have learned that for best results some grain is needed the entire life of the animals. Pigs will eat soaked corn, corn chops, kaffir, milo or ground oats when 3 or 4 weeks old. With plenty of pasture little grain will be needed in the daily bill of fare till finishing time, but some will be essential for rapid growth and development. Grain is indispensable for finishing hogs, to harden the flesh, and thus give the carcasses that finish so desirable for prime hogs.

With some farmers the idea seems to prevail that grain is not a necessity with milch cows. The error of that belief has been proved by the experience of some of the best feeders. Cottonseed meal is a rich concentrate, and where it is judiciously fed, little grain will be needed, but for maintaining in body fat nothing seems to quite take the place of grain—such as corn, oats, rye, barley, milo, kaffir and their various products. Grain serves as a most important factor in securing a normal milk flow and enabling the cow to maintain her bodily flesh and be healthy and vigorous.

Nothing can take the place of grain for work animals as it gives the needed strength to the body. True again, cottonseed meal may reduce the quantity of grain required, and it is an economical protein supplement; and certain legume hays may reduce the protein and the carbohydrates needed in grain; but, nevertheless, some grain must be fed for best results.

Fattening sheep must have grain. While lambs are being grazed they will secure most of their living, if the pasture is good, but when it comes to finishing, some grain must be given. So it can readily be seen that every diversified or livestock farm must have grain in some form. The farmer cannot afford to neglect grain for his livestock, and for bread for his family.

Where crops are marketed grain is better than some others. While grain contains considerable plant food, and when sold has a tendency to impoverish soil, yet it is staple, and usually not difficult to market. Besides, it keeps well, and may be held, when deemed advisable. Hay is bulky, and often expensive to hold or deliver, and neither is it as easily sold as grain. The best use of grain is to feed it to good animals. In this way the high

cost of marketing is saved; at least a large part of the fertility in the grain may be returned to the soil, and the animals or animal products sold with probably a profit on both the crop and animals.

The best grain for the farm is the crop that produces the most profit under the conditions. The largest crop may not be the best. The crop that produces the most profit is grain, animal products, work, etc., is the crop to grow.

Often it is best to grow two or three grain crops in the rotation rather than confine the grain crop to one, as corn or maize.

Where wheat has been sown in the fall, corn, spring oats and some of the grain sorghums make a good rotation. Legumes may then be planted as a companion or follow the grain crops.

FARM NEWS AND VIEWS.

Nothing will go so far toward improving farm life conditions and build up the rural districts as good roads.

Wagon roads, good every day in the year, between principal centres of population, have become a necessity. Treat the stock right. The man who kicks dumb brutes kicks brutality into his own heart. Animals have ability to realize pain and pleasure, and love of life and offspring.

Success will come in the largest measure to those farmers who adopt the rotations system of farming, the diversified system, and who supplement this with the best of tillage methods.

It has been quite generally believed that a small potato seed will yield just as large a crop as large tubers. Extensive tests made at the South Dakota experiment station, however, prove quite conclusively that this theory is not true in practice. In these experiments the use of sizable seed produced a greater proportion of potatoes of desirable size than the use of culls. The type of potatoes produced from culls used as seed is measurably smaller in the first generation than those produced from selected seed tubers. The results of this experiment furnish quantitative evidence that the use of culls for seed causes potatoes to run out. Not only in the type of tubers produced from selected seed larger than from culls, says the experimenter, but also the average weight of tubers produced is greater.

Sows can be made to produce two litters a year. When this is desired they should be bred at the first period of heat after the pigs are weaned. Sows bred twice a year will not produce so many pigs in each litter as when bred only once a year, but more pigs should be raised in a year from each sow.

Do not follow the idea that when planting trees you should put fertilizer at the bottom of the hole. Plant your tree, and when within about two inches of the top place your fertilizer and cover over with soil. The rain will wash the essence down to the roots. The same practice can be followed with established trees. Care should be taken that the fertilizer does

not touch the bark or roots. Remember, trees take up food with their fibrous roots, and fibrous roots usually are near the ends of big supporting roots, and tree roots usually go as far outward as the branches extend.

There is no reason for broadcasting manures in the vegetable garden. It is wasted energy. Apply manure to each hill or row, with dirt between it and the seed. This gives the greatest results for the least expenditure of time and money. No need to feed weeds.

Loamy, or so-called rich, soils hold their nutrient part in readiness because there is sufficient vegetable matter to make it light. This gives a chance for the air to aid the germs of fertilization to increase and multiply, to prepare the substances to be taken up by the plants.

Heavy clay soil. Apply manure to the vegetable matter, permit the fertilizer to filter away beyond reach of plant roots before the plants get all out of it.

Wardens Elected

Brant—Reeve Morgan Harris of Brantford Township. Bruce—Reeve A. E. MacNab, of Walkerton. Carleton—Reeve W. J. Armitage of Torbolton. Dufferin—Reeve Josiah Marshall of Mono Township. Elgin—Reeve Frank Pineo of Malahide Township. Grey—Reeve A. E. Cordingley of Shallow Lake. Halton—Reeve L. E. Fleck, of Georgetown. Huron—Reeve Robert Livingston, of Grey Township. Hastings—Reeve Wm. H. Nugent, of Wollaston township. Haldimand—Ivan W. Holmes, of Jarvis. Kent—Reeve T. F. Hinnegan, of Wallaceburg. Lambton—William Hall of Arkona. Lanark—Reeve W. E. Scott of Almonte. Lincoln—Reeve T. O. Johnston, of Port Dalhousie. Leeds—Andrew M. Ferguson of Rear of Young and Escott Township. Lennox and Addington—T. J. Cook of Camden township. Norfolk—Reeve Matthew McDowell of North Walsingham Township. Oxford—Reeve James Pullin, of West Oxford Township. Ontario—Reeve Wm. J. Jackson of Scugog Township. Perth—Reeve McCausland, of Blanshard Township. Prince Edward—Edward Partello, of Bloomfield. Peterboro—Reeve Darling of Dummer Township. Renfrew—D. J. Kelly, of Sebastopol Township. Simcoe—Reeve James Marten, of Sunnidale Township. Victoria—Reeve James Robertson of Ops Township.

Wellington—Reeve Stickney, of Peel Township. Weland—Reeve George Rysdale of Stamford Township. Waterloo—Reeve Paul Snyder of Woolwich Township. Wentworth—Reeve J. H. Dickenson of Glanford Township. York—Reeve W. J. Knowles of Aurora. DUNDAS STORMONT and GLEN GARRY—Geo. E. Clark, Reeve of Charlottenburg township. DURHAM and NORTHUMBERLAND—Geo. Greer, Reeve of Cobourg. FRONTENAC—James Haldix, of Portsmouth. HALIBURTON—JOHN WELCH, Reeve of Anson township. PEEL—GUY BELL, RUSSELL and PRINCETON—J. G. BRADLEY, Reeve of Caledonia township.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS

Table with columns for various market items like Apples, Potatoes, Eggs, Butter, etc., and their prices.

SUGAR MARKET

Sugars are quoted wholesale at Toronto, as follows: per cwt. Extra granulated, Redpath's... 86 7/8 Do. 20-lb. bags... 81 Do. St. Lawrence... 67 1/2 Do. 20-lb. bags... 61 Lactic extra granulated... 64 Do. Star blue... 64 1/2 Do. 2 and 5-lb. packages... 67 1/2 Do. brilliant yellow... 68 Extra S. C. Acadia granulated... 69 Beaver granulated, 100 lbs... 69 Yellow, No. 1 light, lbs... 61

LIVE STOCK

Table with columns for live stock items like Export cattle, Butcher cattle, etc., and their prices.

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG GRAIN OPTIONS

Table with columns for grain options like Wheat, Oats, Flax, etc., and their prices.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET

Minneapolis—Wheat—May, \$1.34 3/4; July, \$1.32 3/8; No. 1 hard, \$1.41 3/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.38 1/4 to \$1.38 3/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.31 3/4 to \$1.32 3/4. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 77 to 77 1/2 cts. Oats—No. 3 white, 59 1/2 to 59 cts. Flour and bran unchanged.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET

Duluth—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.35 1/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.35 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.32 1/4; Montana No. 2 hard, \$1.32 1/4; May, \$1.35 1/4; July, \$1.32 1/2. Linnseed—Cash, \$2.35 1/4; July, \$1.32 1/2. Linseed—Cash, \$2.35 1/4; May, \$2.35 1/4; July, \$2.37 1/4.

LONDON WOOL SALES

London—An excellent selection of 5,600 bales brought out increased competition at the wool auction sales today. All wools were 10 per cent dearer than the December sales, and some of the finest grades often showed an advance of 4 to 6 per cent. The extraordinary price of 28 3/4 to 29 for Victorian greasy wools, and 28 1/2 to 29 for scoureds were paid. The market is strong on prospective supplies and the large contracts recently taken.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Table with columns for live stock items like Cattle, Steers, Hogs, etc., and their prices.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK

East Buffalo, Despatch—Cattle receipts 250 head; slow and easy. Veals, receipts 10 head; active and mixed \$7.85 to \$7.90; yearlings \$7.25 to \$7.30; pigs \$6.75 to \$7.00; roughs \$6.75 to \$6.90; stags \$1.50 to \$1.50. Sheep and lambs receipts 4,000 head, slow. Lambs \$7.50 to \$11.00; yearlings \$7.50 to \$8.50; wethers \$7.50 to \$8.50. Swine, \$4.00 to \$7.50. Stock mixed, \$7.50 to \$7.75.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE

Wheat, spot quiet. No. 1 Manitoba—48, 6 1/2-12. No. 3 Manitoba—48, 2 1/2-12. No. 2 hard winter—48, 4d. No. 1 northern Duluth—48, 2 1/2-12. Corn spot quiet. American mixed, new—10s, 3 1/2-12. Flour, winter patents—48, 6d. Hops in London (traffic coast)—4 to 4 1/2. Beef, extra India mess—150s. Pork, prime mess, western—125s. The Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs.—21s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs.—7 1/2. Short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs.—7s. Loin clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs.—7s. Loin clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs.—7s. Short clear backs, 16 to 23 lbs.—7s. Lard, prime western, in tubs, new—50s, 9d; old—60s, 9d. American refined, 25s. Cheese, Canadian, finest white, new—57s. Colored, new—65s. Australian in London—45s. Turentine, spirits—52s, 9d. Resin, common—28s. Petroleum, refined—10 1/4-14d. Linnseed Oil—45s. Cotton Seed Oil, hull refined, spot—45s, 6d.

\$500,000 ALBANY FIRE

Albany, N. Y., Report.—Fire, which broke out in the Albany Tire Repair Shop in the centre of the business district from exploding oils at 3 o'clock this morning, destroyed the company's building and spread to adjoining buildings with a loss estimated at half a million dollars. Among the buildings destroyed were the Albany City Tire Repairing Company, Oddfellows' Hall and several office buildings, which housed the New York State Automobile Association and Albany Automobile Club. A portion of the municipal Gas Company's buildings was also destroyed.

MISJUDGED

To most of his hearers there was nothing in his manner that was not quite natural, but Groves looked up suddenly as he spoke and eyed him with a little more attention than he had hitherto bestowed on him.

Mr. Blake's examination was concluded, and the coroner heard the medical evidence.

This was on the whole very simple. The medical men used professional terms, as they usually do, but the conclusion to which they had come was straightforward enough. James Richardson had died from the effect of the wound on his head.

"Not by drowning?" asked a juror.

"No, certainly not. The man was not drowned. It is not probable that he was ever under water."

"Can you give us any idea of the sort of weapon which would have inflicted these injuries?"

"Almost anything large, heavy and blunt; a blunt tool—a spade, for instance—or a large stone."

"Such as this?"—and the stone picked up was shown him.

"That would do it."

"In your opinion, allowing that this was the weapon, was it thrown at the man, or held in the hand and used as a hammer?"

"Probably the latter; but if it were thrown at all it would have been from a very short distance. The appearances point to its having been dashed against the man's temple."

"Would one blow have sufficed, or do you think there were more than one?"

"One would have been all that was necessary."

"And what degree of force would have been used?"

"It is difficult to say. If the assailant had at all the advantage of position, if he were standing on higher ground and could come upon the man with something of a rush, a comparatively moderate amount of strength would suffice. If they were standing level, and if they were about the same height, it would require more. But I do not think we need assume that there was any very unusual muscular effort."

"For a man?" said the coroner.

"Exactly, for a man."

"If you were looking at the subject in connection with a woman, what would you say?"

"A woman? That would be a very different matter. The average woman would not throw anything with nearly the same amount of strength, nor if she used it as a hammer would she be able to put the same force into the blow. Girls may compete very successfully with their brothers in running and swimming and climbing, but I never yet met one with a good idea of throwing."

"Yet it would not be an impossibility for a muscular, well-developed woman?"

"No, not an impossibility."

The doctor retired, and the coroner busied himself for a moment with his notes.

Then Thomas Slade was called, and he stepped forward and was duly sworn.

He gave his name, and stated his business to be that of a job gardener and general laborer.

"You knew the dead man by sight?" he was asked.

"Yes, sir."

"Have you spoken to him?"

"No, sir."

"When did you see him last alive?"

"On Tuesday afternoon."

"Where?"

"Am I bound to say, sir? I don't want to go against the law, but I'm a poor man, with a wife, and I have to think. You gentlemen, will go away, but if I've offended any one here, I'll be left."

"No one will be allowed to injure you in any way," said the coroner.

"You are certainly bound to answer. Where did you see James Richardson on that afternoon?"

"In the garden at Box Cottage," said Slade.

"Box Cottage? That is in the occupation of—"

"Miss Daintree, sir."

"And what was the deceased doing there? Was he alone?"

"Alone, except for her—Miss Daintree, I mean."

"Was the deceased a friend of the lady?"

"Not that I should have thought. I never saw him there before."

"What happened on this occasion?"

"I came in from the fields at the back. They were standing on the bank, and I thought they must have been friends unbeknown to me; but it wasn't as friends they were there, for they were having a bitter quarrel, and both were too angry to see me until I were close on them."

"How do you know they were quarrelling?"

"I heard their voices raised, and as I came up I heard her say—and she threw the words at him as if they had been stones—That is the weapon that will be fatal to you. Then he saw me and he went away."

"Do you mean that you took this to be a threat of personal violence from Miss Daintree?"

"Well, I don't rightly know what to think. I told our policeman about it, as I knew he was always keeping his eye on her because of what her husband was doing up in London."

This cryptic statement had to be unraveled for the benefit of the coroner.

"Am I to gather that the officer was afraid of this lady?"

"I wouldn't say afraid, sir, but on his guard, so to speak."

Miss Daintree was next called and sworn. If the coroner had expected to see a wild-haired fury he was disappointed, for she looked very quiet, very pale, and very sad.

"How long have you known the deceased she was asked.

"I have only spoken to him twice in my life. Once was on the afternoon to which Slade refers, and once was about five or six days before then, when I met him, entirely by accident in the hollow by the two pools."

"Tell us what happened then?"

"I had gone to pick flowers, and I found him already there. He was afraid he was driving me away, and offered to help me get the flowers, but this I declined, and I left at once. He came with me as far as the fence, and handed me over my basket and bade me good evening."

"Did any one else see you there?"

"As I left I saw the Rector and Sir John Weston."

She was told to stand down for a few minutes and whilst Sir John was asked if he remembered the incident. He said that he did.

"Why was the fact impressed upon your mind?"

"Simply because I was astonished at the idea that Miss Daintree could possibly know a man in such a very different station in life from her own."

"Did you hear her answer him when he wished her good evening?"

"No, she did not take any notice of him at all."

"Did she look pleased or the reverse?"

"Decidedly the reverse."

The Rector, looking very worried, confirmed Sir John's statement, and Miss Daintree was once more called.

"You were surprised at seeing this man in the hollow by the pools?"

"Yes."

"You had no further conversation with him there?"

"None."

"And the next meeting you had with him was in your own house?"

"In my own garden."

"Why did he come? Was it by invitation?"

"Certainly not."

"You must have some explanation to offer, as to why this man, a complete stranger, called on you. Do you think he was influenced by any desire, however impertinent, to express admiration for you?"

Beryl shook her head.

"I must press this question, Miss Daintree. What had this man to say to you?"

"I cannot tell you," she said.

"Surely you realize this is very extraordinary? This man forces himself in to your presence, and you cannot tell us why?"

Beryl did not answer.

Every one in the room was staring hard at her. For the first time it dawned upon her that she was in a position of great difficulty, possibly great peril.

"You have heard Thomas Slade's account of what he heard and saw. Do you agree with his statement that there was a difference of opinion, amounting to a quarrel, between you?"

"Yes, there was a difference of opinion."

"Was the subject on which you disagreed mentioned between you on the occasion when you met the man in the hollow?"

"No."

"Neither directly nor indirectly?"

"No."

"Yet you were aware of it at the time?"

"I was not aware of it."

"But in less than a week you are on terms of grave disagreement with him on some point, although you had not met in the interval. Are we to understand that you received any written communication from him?"

"No, I have never done so."

"You ask us to accept these seemingly contradictory statements?"

"Yes."

"I should like to read over to you this extract from Slade's evidence—I heard Miss Daintree say, 'This is the weapon that will be fatal to you.' Is that statement true?"

"I should think so—most likely. I cannot recall my exact words, but I have no doubt they were very like that."

"And to what weapon did you refer?"

"To the telling of the truth."

"The truth was to prove fatal to the deceased?"

"Yes, fatal to some of his hopes and plans."

"Will you tell us what these hopes and plans were?"

"I cannot."

"What took you to the pools on the day of the murder?"

"I went there to pick flowers."

"And on the day before then, the day on which you were speaking to him there?"

"I went there also for flowers."

"Can you account for the stains on your dress, Miss Daintree?"

"When I saw the poor man lying there, half in and half out of the water, I naturally ran down the bank to his side and tried to lift him out of the water. He was too heavy for me, but I could scarcely avoid getting some marks."

Beryl had turned rather pale as she recalled the horror of that moment.

"I should have thought it would have been more natural for a lady to have gone for help at once," said the coroner. "When you came to the spot you heard no voices, no sounds of any kind?"

"None."

"And saw no one leaving the place?"

"No; it was all quite still."

Miss Daintree was again asked to state the cause of the quarrel between the dead man and herself, and it was hinted to her that she might find herself in an unpleasant position if she did not do so; but she resolutely declined to tell.

At length the coroner began to address the jury, and pointed out that the dead man appeared to have been

NO ALUM

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

MADE IN CANADA

of a very inoffensive disposition and to have no enemies in the place. The only record of any disagreement he had ever had was connected with the lady whose evidence they had heard, but who so firmly declined to answer any question which would throw light on its cause. Not only did she appear to be his one adversary, but she was also the only woman with whom he would seem to have had any conversation at all that was of a marked or secret kind.

"Please, sir," said a voice from the back of the room, "may I speak? I do know better than that."

The coroner was just working up the full tide of his eloquence, and did not welcome the interruption. He was under the impression that all the evidence had been taken; but he could not refuse to hear a witness, who turned out to be a certain man called Wright, a laborer on the Hall estate.

Having been sworn, he said—

"That last bit you said wasn't true, sir, I have seen the poor chap that's dead meeting some one on the quiet, not once nor twice, and always somewhere round the pools."

"When have you seen this?"

"Time and again. Once in the early morning, but more often in the afternoon—late, just when it got dusk. I saw it within the last four days."

"And whom did the dead man meet in the hollow?"

"A woman," said the witness; "and if I were to say a lady I shouldn't be far out."

"Do you know who it was?"

"No. When it was the evening she had a thickish veil down, and in the morning I was not near enough."

"Was it Miss Daintree?"

The whole room waited anxiously for the answer. The man looked round doubtfully.

"You please stand up, Miss Daintree, and will you come forward here?"

Beryl rose and came forward and confronted the man.

"To the surprise of many he shook his head.

"No, no, it wasn't her. Not a bit like. She's a head taller than the one I saw, who was a little slip of a thing, and I'll lay she had yellow hair."

"What class of person did she appear? You describe her as a lady."

"That's what came into my head as I saw her. She was all wrapped round like in a cloak, so I can't say about her dress, but I held her to be a lady."

"Did she appear to be on friendly, let us say on affectionate terms with the man she met?"

"No; there was no kissing or anything of that sort, I thought at first it would be a bit of sweetheating, and I wondered what the lass up at the White Farm would say about it."

There was a general sensation; Wright had managed to hint at a certain possibility.

The coroner, however, took him back to his previous point.

"But there was no sweetheating, as you say?"

"No, not even a hand-shake. I didn't watch them much after that, but I do think they met as friends."

"Did she appear to be the Coroner's, or your daughter here?"

"She is waiting for me outside, sir."

"Have her called. Tell me, is there any ground whatever for this suggestion that your daughter took any special interest in the deceased?"

"No, sir."

Florence Blake was called, and the coroner looked at her kindly and spoke gently to her. She was a girl of about seventeen, very pretty in a sort of gypsy way. Rumor said that her mother had been a pure-bred Romany who had taken by storm the heart of Joshua Blake by means of her wild, exotic beauty. He had certainly loved her with a more demonstrative affection than is common amongst men of his class, and his heart was all but broken when within a year, she died and left behind a baby daughter, who inherited her mother's dark eyes and sable locks.

The little girl became as the core of his heart and the light of his eyes. Now, as she stood there, sprinkling and trembling, her father put his hand on her shoulder.

"There is naught to be afraid of, my lass. Speak out!"

"I ask you, Miss Blake, whether there was anything in the nature of an engagement between you and the late owner of your father's farm?"

"No, sir," she replied.

"Well—there would have been no harm in it, you know—was there any love-making?"

"No; he was not in love with me."

"Yes, sir."

"You were not under the impression that he thought of marrying you?"

"No. He was going away. I was never to see him again."

"Was this a grief to you?"

"No; I wanted him to go."

"Then you would not have minded if you had seen him meeting some other woman? By the way, you never met him in the place where he was found dead?"

"Never, sir."

"And you would have felt no jealousy with regard to another woman?"

"What right had I? It was for his wife to mind."

Another bombshell appeared to have fallen in the room.

"His wife? How did you know he was a married man?"

"He told me so, sir."

"Did he tell you who and where his wife was?"

"No; he said she was a lady, and that she hated him."

The girl was allowed to withdraw, and Beryl was once more called.

"Did you know of this marriage?"

"I did."

"Were you this man's wife?"

"No."

"Do you know who his wife was?"

Beryl did not answer.

In the end the jury returned a verdict of "Wilful murder against some person unknown," but added a rider that had not been of a satisfactory nature. The coroner sternly rebuked her, and implied that matters could not be left where they were.

When she went home she felt that she was under a cloud; a touch of gloomy doubt was in the faces of all she met. Even her little servant requested permission to go home for the rest of the day, and seemed to shrink from her.

How was she to clear herself? It was impossible as long as Dora held her to her promise—and Dora was only likely to do that.

(To be Continued.)

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RELIEVES ALMOST INSTANTLY

Nothing cures so quickly as the healing pine essences in Catarrhoxone. It fills the breathing organs with a healing, soothing vapor that relieves irritation at once. Ordinary colds are cured in ten minutes. Absolutely sure for catarrh, and in throat trouble it works like a charm. Catarrhoxone is a permanent cure for bronchitis and throat trouble. Not an experiment—not a temporary relief—but a cure that's guaranteed. Get "Catarrhoxone" to-day, and beware of substitutes. The dollar outfit is guaranteed, and small size, 50c; trial size, 25c. At all dealers.

THE CONCENTRATED ESSENCE OF WAR.

Two soldiers of the King talked of war. Each had seen the present war as a member of a command which had brought honor to Canada, for one wore the tiny red badge of the original Princess Patricia's regiment, and the other had been one of the "Little Black Devils," whose exploits at Ypres had been a confirmation of their chivalry to the title.

Both had seen something of war before participating in the present unpleasantness. The man from the Princess Patricia's had done his bit in South Africa; so had his friend from Winnipeg. In addition he had served elsewhere with the British army for twelve years, had spent four years in the United States Navy, and (as he expressed it) "had some fun during a revolution in San Domingo."

ESSENCE OF WAR.

Singly and together, they attempted to state in simple terms the points waged to-day and the other wars in which they had borne a part.

"I am what is known as a soldier of fortune," said Private Cary to a representative of the Winnipeg Telegram. "Whenever there was trouble and I could get into it, the attraction was as certain for me as if I had been steel to a magnet."

"I thought I knew all about fighting when I beat it over from the States to get into this with what I had been told was a regiment of real fighters. But I learned more in a month in fighting the Germans than I had known in a pretty busy lifetime up to the day I had landed in France."

"I heard an officer say something once about this being the concentrated essence of all war. I did not get me properly at the moment, but the more I have thought this over the more I have come to the conclusion that he was exactly right."

"It is concentrated essence of fighting with all the agencies of modern science employed; on the other hand, it is the triple extract of a brutality which we had begun to think had been almost eradicated by science itself. I belonged to an outfit which does not have to be praised by me."

"In spite of those awful days of Ypres and after, there were only forty members of the 8th Battalion, wounded or not, prisoners of war. If the boys had to die, they died; but even of the forty few were taken who were able to raise an arm."

"I merely speak of what they did, because as one of them it is the horror of a gigantic shambles as I look back at it. Little things impress the big things on a fellow and before me pass a queer nightmare succession of unrelated pictures, and half remembrances of jumbled impressions I received at the time."

"Of the hundreds of Germans directly in front of me, I see one big fat fellow aiming. I get him, and he jumps like a big jack rabbit performing in a pantomime. I laugh as I see him come down on his shoulder, with his heels sticking up and wiggling furiously. But, nevertheless, I fire again and the wiggling stops."

THE GERMAN OFFICER.

"During the very worst of the Ypres mess, someone strikes a match beside me. That also makes me want to laugh, and I turn to say so to the chum who has been fighting beside me. He'll never see the joke. That was no matchbox being struck; that was Bill. The bullet had entered behind one ear and come out close above the other."

"Among these pictures I see myself doing listening point duty. I see myself as I know I looked—caked in mud, with eyes, all whites, staring at who had been a man three weeks before, but for two weeks past had been an offence."

"Then I see the head of what was me turn very, very slowly. I hear again the whisper that is not a whisper of the listening detail from the shop across the way. I still see another picture which might be called 'The Falling Tree.'"

"A German officer—a Staff officer, evidently by his uniform, is directing some operations—tunnelling, maybe, about fifty feet behind their lines. I had glimpses of him half a dozen times, and now I get a good line on him. In this picture I see myself

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You have tried all sorts of fatty ointments, lotions and powders. Put them aside now and give Nature a chance as represented by Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk is made from herbal essences; is a natural healer. Is not something you have to send to the end of the world for, and pay a heavy price? Every druggist will sell you Zam-Buk and for 50c only. Just give it a fair trial and incidentally give yourself ease by the quickest route. See name on box—

ZAM-BUK

waiting for what seems a long time. "Apparently he is also waiting. Then, suddenly, his head and shoulders sway and he falls straight forward like a chopped tree."

BACKWARD AND FORWARD.

"Consider a reel of such pictures passing before me and continuously between Quebec and Victoria, to which place I am ordered for another three months in a convalescent home, and you will have some idea of what I think of this warfare of to-day."

Private A. Warren, of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, spoke:

"To put the whole thing in a nutshell," he said, "picture St. Eloi, where I got mine. This was not one of the really big battles of the war, although many went out there, including Colonel Farquhar, out in front of his men setting them an example."

"But figure for yourself, and you will see what it must have been like. The trenches were not more than to seventy-five yards apart when the charging and counter-charging began. We took a trench, lost it, took it, lost it. For two days the battle swayed backward and forward, over a battlefield of at most not more than 250 yards. Two days in this space, locked together in hell, bayonets out, shrapnel flying, shells bursting, machine-guns raking, bombs exploding. You just cannot imagine that picture any more than I can properly describe it."

A WISE PREMIER.

How He Changed the Views of the Dutch King Long Ago.

History records many an instance in which trivial incidents have shaped the destinies of nations. It appears that a small silver inkstand and the quick wit of a prime minister once played an important part in the history of the Netherlands.

William III, King of the Netherlands, was a man of violent and ungovernable temper. Although in general a clever statesman, he was inclined, for some reason or other, to involve Holland in the trouble that was brewing between France and Germany in 1870. He was deaf to the appeals of his ministers, who foresaw the ruin to the country that war would bring.

Thorbecke, the prime minister, resolved to make one last attempt to change his sovereign's resolution. He entered the royal presence, Thorbecke entering with a rough "Good morning."

"Nothing particularly, your majesty; only the people of The Hague are talking a great deal of nonsense about your 'About me,'" exclaimed the monarch in wrath. "What do they say about me?"

"Well, sir," answered the old statesman, "The Hague declares that your majesty has become stark mad!"

Before he could utter another word, King William, his face purple with rage, jumped up and seized a heavy silver inkstand, with the intention of hurling it at the head of the premier. Fortunately, a projecting angle of the inkstand caught in the tablecloth, and dragged it off the table with everything upon it. In the confusion, the discharge of the missile was delayed for a moment.

"Your majesty," said Thorbecke, quietly, "if your majesty burles that beautiful inkstand at his minister's resolution. Then, entering with a rough 'Good morning.'"

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Heard of Them From Her Brother

WHY MRS. MARCHBANK USED DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

She Found Quick Relief and Now Recommends All Women Who Suffered As She Did to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

St. Martin's, St. John Co., N. B., Jan. 31.—(Special).—Mrs. Violet Marchbank, wife of a well-known farmer living near here, is telling her neighbors of the splendid results she has got through using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started from a cold," Mrs. Marchbank states. "I had backache, my joints were stiff, and my muscles cramped. I was irritable and always thirsty. My appetite was fitful and I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. Rheumatism was added to my troubles as well as headaches, and heart flutterings made me very anxious at times."

"I suffered for about two years and was far from being a well woman when my brother told me what great things Dodd's Kidney Pills had done for him and I made up my mind to try them."

"I sent and got three boxes and they helped me right from the start. I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all women who suffer as I did."

Every one of Mrs. Marchbank's symptoms was a symptom of kidney trouble. That is why she found such quick relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

AIR BOMB V. C.

Two British Fliers Rescue One Another in Turn.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of the grant of the Victoria Cross to Squadron-Commander Richard Bell Davies, D.S.O., R.N., and the Distinguished Services Cross to Flight Sub-Lieutenant Gilbert Formby Smylie, R.N., in recognition of their behaviour in the following circumstances:

On November 19 these two officers carried out an air attack on Ferris Junction. Flight Sub-Lieutenant Smylie's machine was brought down by heavy fire. The pilot planned down over the station, releasing all his bombs except one, which failed to drop. Thence he continued his descent into the marsh.

On sighting he saw the one unexploded bomb, and set fire to his machine, knowing that the bomb would destroy it. He then went towards Turkish territory.

At this moment he saw Squadron-Commander Davies descending, and fearing that he would come down near the burning machine and thus risk destruction from the bomb, he ran back and from a short distance exploded the bomb by means of a pistol bullet.

Squadron-Commander Davies descended at a safe distance from the burning machine, took up Sub-Lieutenant Smylie, in spite of the near approach of a party of the enemy, and returned to the aerodrome—a feat of airmanship that can seldom have been equaled for skill and gallantry.

Squadron-Commander Richard Bell Davies, D.S.O., is twenty-nine years of age and a bachelor. For the past five years he has lived at Rotherfield, Sussex. He entered the navy about eleven years ago.

He was taught to fly by Mr. Graham-White about three years ago. He was sent to Somaliland at the beginning of the war, and when he returned was sent to Belgium. It was Squadron-Commander Davies who made the attempt to destroy the German aerodrome in Brussels early in the war. Later on he took part in an aerial attack on Zebrugge, in which he was wounded, and for which he received the D.S.O. About March last, having recovered from his wound, he went to the Dardanelles.

HEALTH WRECKED THROUGH LA GRIPPE

It Generally Leaves the Patient Debilitated and An Easy Victim to Other Diseases.

One of the foremost medical writers says: "It is astonishing the number of people who have been crippled in health for years after an attack of la grippe or influenza." The real danger from this disease, which sweeps over Canada every winter, is during convalescence, when the characteristic symptoms, the fever, the catarrh, the headache and the depression of spirits pass away. Grip leaves behind it weakened vital powers, thin blood, impaired digestion and oversensitive nerves—a condition that makes the system an easy prey to pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism, nervous prostration and even consumption. It is a condition that calls most emphatically for a tonic for the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a tonic especially adapted to meet this need as they purify and enrich the blood. They tone up the nerves and give vigor, strength and health to the debilitated system. Mrs. Howard D. Chaffey, Indian Island, N. B., says: "For several winters in succession I was attacked by la grippe which left me weak and badly run down. In each case I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with the most beneficial results. Last winter when the trouble was again prevalent I took the precaution of fortifying my system with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and escaped the trouble, while many of my neighbors were down with it. In fact I enjoyed the best of health all spring and feel sure this medicine will so fortify the system as to prevent the trouble."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Widow.

I know a widow who can charm All men it is her chance to meet: She has such frankness to disarm, Such graciousness alluring sweet, Such sympathy when we are sad, So fine an understanding sense— Can it be just because she's had Experience?

So many come to pay her court And revel in her gladdening smile, So many think her just the sort With whom a life away to while, I wonder why some likely lad Wins not her troth for recompense— Can it be just because she's had Experience?

—Lee Shippey in Judge.

Misleading Bookkeeping.

Even bookkeeping is not an exact science. For behold! how often is it that one man will put into the expense account a given expenditure—say, the rebuilding of a machine—thus reducing his profits by this amount, while another will put such an item to the asset account, and each can advance weighty arguments and reasons as to the logic of his methods. But the net results of operation will differ widely with the same actual occurrences, so that even bookkeeping may be said merely to present results dependent upon the aspects of the situation as rendered by those who have the authority or opportunity to interpret.—Benjamin A. Franklin in Engineering Magazine.

A MEAN SLAM.

(Rochester Times)

Ida Tarbell says the ultimate aim of all girls is matrimony. Why the "ul-

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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THE MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company of New York.

INSURE, BECAUSE---

A few dollars invested from year to year will mean comfort to your wife and family.

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WANTED—We have a splendid home where a young lady may perform light housework duties while attending Business College; also we have a couple of places listed with us where young ladies can take up light house-keeping so as to lessen College expenses. Term now opening.

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2 Court House Avenue.

Reporter Advt's Bring Results.

SAVE WHILE YOU CAN!

Take advantage of our big Slaughter Sale and buy now.

You can save almost half the price on Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Odd Pants, Underwear, Caps, etc.

Don't miss this opportunity to save money, for you will have to pay a good deal more later on.

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

Hidden Water

How It Was Lost, but Found Again.

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Eve Temple sat in her saddle and surveyed the arid stretch of sand and sagebrush. There was a look of bitter disappointment in her blue eyes, and her full red lower lip quivered, but was instantly stilled by the sharp pressure of her teeth.

"That's right! Cry baby!" she taunted her weakness. "I thought you were coming out here to Arizona to make a fortune as a rancher, and the first thing you did was to buy a sand hole of a ranch just because it had an attractive name—Hidden Water. It is hidden! So far all the rain that has fallen has been in the form of tears. Oh, bother!"

In spite of her brave attempt at self control her tears filled Eve's eyes and splashed on her hands.

"Rain from a blue and cloudless sky," remarked an amused voice at her elbow.

Eve whirled her pony around to confront the stranger who had noiselessly mounted the ridge. He was a tall sun-burned young man in dusty khaki, a ragged sombrero on his brown hair and much humor in his bright brown eyes.

Eve thought she had never seen such bright, searching eyes, especially in one who apparently was a seeker after a job.

"Well," she said sharply, resenting his remark, "I suppose you are looking for a job?"

A startled look came and went in the bright eyes.

"I'm a good worker, miss," he said. Eve laughed and swept her arm in a wide circle.

"Why look for work at Hidden Water?" she asked. "The water is so well hidden that my sheep have died from thirst and my cattle have wandered away or have been run off by Bedoni and his gang of rustlers. There is no work at Hidden Water, not even for me." A little sob checked her laugh, and she turned her face away from the man's concerned countenance.

"Did you buy Hidden Water from Holman?" asked the stranger. She nodded.

"He sold out to me," said she drearily. "I don't know what to do. He told me that when the rains came the creek would fill up, but there hasn't been a drop of rain since I came."

"There won't be, either," he announced—"not enough to do any good."

"I suppose I can shut up the place and go home, back east, but there isn't any home left."

"You are not out here alone?"

"An elderly cousin came with me. She is my only relative. Cousin Hannah predicted disaster, and she is right."

"Cousin Hannahs are usually confirmed pessimists," he declared.

"But you must admit she was right in this instance."

"I believe I can prove she is wrong," he said grimly.

"How?"

"I'll tell you later, Miss Temple." "Who are you?" she asked curiously.

"My name is Lonsdale—John Lonsdale," he said, lifting the ragged hat. "If you can give me my meals and allow me to sleep in the bunk house I will try to help you."

Eve laughed mirthfully now.

"Welcome to Hidden Water, Mr. Lonsdale. The bunk house is yours alone. Shall I introduce you to Cousin Hannah as the maker of rain in waste places?"

"Tell her," he said deliberately, "that I am an expert of some sort, and if I fail she will tell you that I am an expert liar."

"Come, then," said Eve. "I hear the dinner bell."

In this manner was John Lonsdale introduced to Hidden Water.

Cousin Hannah disapproved of him at once. As soon as he had vanished into the bunk house with the basket of dinner she had given him the stern New England woman attacked Eve with a volley of questions.

"Who is he, Eve?" she asked. "A cowboy looking for work. His name is John Lonsdale."

"Where is he from? Where are his references?"

"I didn't ask him."

"But, Eve, there isn't any work here for him," protested Mrs. Fox.

"He is an expert at detecting water. He believes he can find the Hidden Water, and—"

"Hidden fiddlesticks!" snorted Cousin Hannah. "The man is an expert story teller, Eve."

Eve laughed, for already Cousin Hannah had fulfilled Lonsdale's prediction.

"Laugh if you want to," said the frate lady, "but some morning we will wake up and find ourselves murdered in our beds. Then what will you say?"

"I'll say you surely have a bit of Irish blood in your New England makeup," laughed Eve.

There was a discreet knock at the back door.

Cousin Hannah answered it, for even the Chinese cook had been dismissed.

John Lonsdale delivered the basket with all the dishes neatly washed.

"That was a mighty fine dinner, Mrs. Fox," he said.

In spite of her fears Cousin Hannah was gratified at the compliment.

"Don't you want something more?" she asked mildly.

"No, thank you. Please tell Miss Temple I'm going down to the creek to start things."

A few hours later Eve mounted her pony and rode down to Dry creek.

Lonsdale was nowhere in sight. Slowly she rode up the dry bed of the creek toward a clump of cottonwoods and a heap of rocks which had been the source of the water which had once filled the bed.

For a long time Eve sat in her saddle looking down at the dry rocks.

What had become of the underground river? Had some convulsion of nature diverted its course in another direction?

When Lonsdale came tramping down the hillside, a strange light of enthusiasm in his brown eyes, Eve plied him with questions, but he was oddly non-committal.

"In a fortnight at the farthest," he said evasively. "Give me a chance, Miss Temple."

Eve said no more, and during the weeks that followed she let him alone.

He would disappear for days at a time, to return stern and preoccupied. Always he wore khaki, but now it was usually fresh and clean.

Cousin Hannah reported that in the bunk house she could not find a particle of wearing apparel or personal belongings.

"I don't believe the man sleeps there. I'm afraid of him, Eve. I want to go back home. Can't you sell the ranch for the price of our tickets? You can easily get another school, and I will take boarders—anything to get away from this God forsaken sand patch!"

"If Mr. Lonsdale's scheme fails we will go, dear," Eve assured her.

"It's bound to fail, Eve. No one but the good Lord should interfere with his works. If the ranch were paying, and we could have some help around the place, and there was something going on, and I could have a flower garden, I'd be contented," she said energetically.

"Come, dig your sower beds, Mrs. Fox," said Lonsdale's quiet voice. "Hidden Water has come back, and you will have to change the name of Dry creek. Come down and see."

Incredulous, the two women followed him to the creek. Their ears heard the welcome sound of rushing water, and they beheld the marvelous sight of the brimming creek snaking among the hills and across the plain.

In her mind's eye Eve saw the green grass on her hills, cattle and sheep dotting the ranges. Prosperity had come to the ranch with the return of the Hidden Water.

She turned to Lonsdale.

"Oh, how can I ever repay you?" she breathed gratefully.

The look in his eyes told her there was only one way he wished to be repaid, but he put her grateful words aside and gave her wise advice about the management of the ranch. She would need a good foreman. He recommended Dal Johnson, an experienced and trustworthy cattleman. "Dal will pick out the right men to help you," he assured her.

"But you—won't you stay?" she asked.

"I'm sorry, but I'm going back east," he said.

All the gladness went out of Eve's face. Suddenly the lure of the southwest left her cold and lonely. She checked herself angrily. "What is the matter with me?" she asked, and her heart answered:

"You love him—this unknown man!"

Thereafter Eve, self conscious and miserable, steeled herself against betraying her heart to the stranger who had won it.

In a day or two Lonsdale bade them goodby and dropped out of their lives. Those were busy days at Hidden Water. Dal Johnson was a hustler, and under his sway the dream of Eve's life came true. Cattle and sheep dotted her green hillsides, Cousin Hannah's garden bloomed, and the music of the rushing creek sounded day and night.

Eve grew to hate the sound of the water. Always it seemed to say, "Where is John Lonsdale—where is he?"

One day Eve found courage to ask Dal Johnson about Lonsdale. "Where did he go?" she asked.

"Went back to his pa in New York. You know, his pa is a big gun in Wall street, and he told John to come west and see what he could do for himself. Sort of trying him out, you know."

"Well, he came to Cactus county and bought the next ranch to this, and it looked like he'd bought a gold brick—all dry and sandy. And one day when he was plumb discouraged and about to write home and tell his pa he'd made a mess of it and begging for tickets home and a stool in the office, why, one day he found that Hidden Water had burst through the sand on his place, and, well, he came into his own then."

"But as soon as he found it had been diverted from your place, a woman's undertaking, you know, why, hang it all, the fool just plugged up the stream on his place. It took weeks to do it, and so the Hidden Water came back to you."

"Oh!" cried Eve sharply. "And so Mr. Lonsdale— Her voice broke.

"Mr. Lonsdale is a man. He's gone back to tell his pa that he's failed and to sit on that stool when his whole heart's longing for the open country." Johnson spoke regretfully.

Before night a message was flashing across the country to John Lonsdale in his stuffy office:

We need you at Hidden Water. Won't you come back?

He replied: Do you know my price?

And she answered: I want you anyway.

FORESTS AND MOISTURE.

Trees Conserve Water, Aid Percolation and Retard Evaporation.

Trees drink in and transpire an enormous quantity of water. This giving off tempers the dryness of the nearby atmosphere. Moisture bearing currents of air are caught by forest areas as they are not by the heated plains. Local showers may thus become more frequent where trees abound, or at least the availability of whatever rain may fall is increased for the locality by forest growths.

Foliage, twigs and branches break the fall of the raindrops. So does the litter on the forest floor. Hence the soil under this cover is not compacted as in the open field, but is kept loose and granular, so water can readily penetrate and percolate. The water reaches the ground more slowly, dripping gradually from the leaves, branches and trunks, and thus more time is allowed for it to sink into the soil and appear again in springs or subsoil moisture lower down.

In forests there is much less evaporation of moisture than in the open country because sun and wind do not have such free play. It is estimated that forests have from 50 to 60 per cent of water supply more than the open fields because of increased percolation and decreased evaporation.—Country Gentleman.

ITALY'S CRACK MARKSMEN.

They Are All Athletes and Are the Pride of the Army.

The bersaglieri (sharpshooters) are the elite of the Italian army, and each bersagliere is a picked man, chosen for his hardihood and stamina, the average bersagliere being short and thick-set, but with magnificent strength and exceptional powers of endurance.

There is no prouder soldier in the world than the full blown bersagliere as he swaggers along the street of an Italian town in his dark blue uniform, with its rich red facings, and on his head, set at a rakish angle, the famous wide brimmed black slouch hat adorned with large, heavy, drooping plumes of green cock's feathers.

Bersaglieri, by the way, is pronounced ber-sari-lary.

When on the march the bersaglieri never walk as do other soldiers, but always go at a sort of quick trot.

These 25,000 or so men are among the most perfectly drilled troops in the world. Every single bersagliere, apart from being a man chosen for his endurance, is a fully trained athlete.—Westminster Gazette.

An Idol With Diamond Eyes.

The famous Orloff diamond was once the right eye of the great idol Serringham in the temple of Brahma. This precious gem was stolen at about the beginning of the eighteenth century by a French soldier who had made a pretense of being converted to the Hindu religion in order to gain the confidence of the priests and admission to the temple. The Frenchman first sold the diamond for £2,000. On the next turn it was bought by a banker of Constantinople for £12,000. The banker kept it until 1774 and then sold it to the Russian emperor for £90,000 and a life pension. The gem has been in the Russian royal family ever since. As it is now set in the imperial scepter of Russia it presents a flattened, rose cut surface and weighs exactly 194½ carats.

Stinging Rebuke.

A society man said in Newport apropos of a current scandal: "It reminds me of a very trenchant anecdote. A young married woman at a seashore hotel went up to a pretty girl in white who had been dancing like mad with the first one's husband and said:

"I've got a last year's coat suit that's quite good, really. To be sure, it's out of style. Still, would you like to have it?"

"The girl blushed red with mortification.

"What?" she said. "Do you think I'd wear your cast off clothes?"

"I thought you might," hissed the young married woman. "You seem anxious enough to get my husband." —Exchange.

Grenadiers.

Evelyn writes in his diary under date 1678: "Now were brot into service a new sort of soldiers called Grenadiers, who were dexterous in flinging hand grenades; they had furred caps with coped crowns, which made them look very fierce; and some had long hoods hanging down behind as we picture fools." The original grenadiers buried their grenades, and then charged the enemy with hatchets.—London Standard.

Not the Usual Kind.

"What a fool exercise fencing must be for women."

"Was she so? I always understood it was fine."

"Here Maude Blinks is taking lessons, and she told me yesterday she was learning how to feint."

Before and After.

Stella—When you are engaged you tell him that he must economize. Bella—And after you are married he tells you that you must.

Lorraine.

Before Lorraine was united with France in 1738 it belonged to the de-throned king of Poland. Before that it belonged to Austria.

It happens many times that we seem much deceived in others because we first deceived ourselves.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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La Grippe

Pneumonia and Colds exhaust in the short period of their course more of the nerve tissues of the body than weeks of hard work. After them take

Asaya-Neurall

THE NEW REMEDY FOR Nervous Exhaustion
which contains Lecithin (concentrated from eggs), the form of phosphates required for nerve repair.

Free sample bottle, containing treatment for one week (sample to prove its merit to your case), and booklet explaining benefits, sent upon request to Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.

ANSCO CAMERAS & FILM

HERE'S Box Buster Brown for the kids, and for grown-ups, too. Takes a picture 2 1/2 x 3 1/2 inches and costs only \$2. Other Anscos up to \$55. We'd like to show you the entire line. Our photographic department has established quite a reputation for developing, printing and enlarging. Come in, won't you?

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When You Feel It Coming

—When that old Headache sends its warning that you are going to suffer—take ZUTOO. When you feel a Cold coming on take ZUTOO. At the first sign of a pain—at the first feeling of sickness—take ZUTOO. You will be all right in 20 minutes if it's a headache, or the next morning if it is a cold. Pain all gone, and the whole body refreshed. Don't wait—don't take chances. Get ZUTOO Tablets to-day—and have them ready to take at the first sign of a Headache or cold and TAKE THEM. 25c a box—at dealers or by mail postpaid B. N. Robinson & Co. Regd., Coaticook, Q.

MADAM LAVAL'S Cotton Root Compound Tablets

A RELIABLE REGULATOR
These Pills are compounded with the greatest care from the most reliable remedies known to science; such as are being used with much success by the most celebrated physicians known. They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable. Price \$2 a box. No. 2 (much stronger) \$3 a box. Sold at all drug stores, or by mail from The Laval Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Electric Restorer for Men
Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonal will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The School Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

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T. T. SHAW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

Farmers Bank Judgement

Toronto, January 29.—If a judgement pronounced by Mr. Justice Lennox at Osgoode Hall to-day is sustained, it will mean that those who subscribed to Farmers Bank Stock and held it at the time of winding up in January 1911, will have to pay in the neighborhood of \$500,000 under the double liability. His Lordship sustains the decision of the official referee in two test cases in which J. R. Lindsay, and Mrs. Maria Allison contended that they were not contributors because the organization was never properly incorporated as a bank. It is held that it is too late after enjoying the fruits of the shares, to say that the issue of the charter was irregular.

Mrs. Isiah Griffin Deard

Monday morning at 11.45 a.m. the death occurred at her home in Lyn of Mrs. Isiah Griffin, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Austin, of Lansdowne, in her 83rd year. Besides her husband, two brothers and one sister survive, James Austin, of Knapp Wis., Harry Austin, of Lansdowne, and Mrs. Wm. Hogan, of Gananogue. Three years ago there were six in the family, the youngest being over seventy years of age. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at one o'clock, with service and interment at Yonge Mills.

Honor Roll, S. S. No. 7, Rear Yonge

- IV Sr.—Roy Wilfse, Charlotte Ferguson, Lena Coon.
- IV Jr.—Charlie Wilfse.
- III—Bryce Sheffield, Beatrice Breese, Clella Wilfse, Eula Brown, Wm. Ferguson, Geraldine Hewitt, Robert Ferguson.
- II Sr.—Florence Brown, Erna Brown.
- I Sr.—Millie Coon, Cuyler Brown, I Jr.—Edith Brown, Arthur Ferguson, Floyd Sheffield.
- Pr.—Blanche Brown.

B. Cowan, Teacher

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; also cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Petition Again Refused

A petition was presented the Counties Council at Cornwall on Friday from the Lancaster Township Council asking that certain territory be detached from the Williamstown High School district to allow fifth form work to be carried on in Lancaster township, the school being at Glen Nevis. Last year this petition was placed before the Council at the spring and fall sessions, but no action was taken, and it was again to-day. The Education Committee was asked to-day to leave the matter to the Glengarry representatives for decision, but this was defeated by a vote of 19 to 10, the recommendation by the committee being that they could see no reason for deviating from last year's decision.

Bonus for Recruits

The council of the counties of Leeds and Grenville at the session last week unanimously voted \$40,000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund. The council also decided to pay \$5 for each recruit enrolled in the counties' new battalion now in course of organization, and \$20,000 when the battalion is ready to sail for overseas service.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
MARION & MARION.

GENTLE BUT EFFECTIVE DAVIS LIVER PILLS FOR CONSTIPATION
40 PILLS, 25c.
Davis & Lawrence Co., Troy, Montreal.

Patriotic Meeting

Monday night saw a wonderful patriotic meeting in Athens. The auditorium of the town hall was filled to its capacity, many people sitting on the window-ledges or standing along the walls. The seriousness of the war is beginning to affect people, to make them realize their responsibilities; and as a consequence, they turned out enthusiastically to hear the appeal that was to be made for men for the 156th Leeds and Grenville Battalion.

There were splendid speakers on the platform, and their speeches showed the optimism prevailing in the Empire despite the condition of the war. They made a special effort to convince the young men especially of the great need of their services.

Rev. W. G. Swayne was chairman, and ably handled the evening's program which had its entertaining as well as serious side. Musical numbers were interspersed between the addresses.

Mr. W. A. Lewis of Brockville, was the first speaker. He gave a cursory review of the situation as affecting Canada, the need of combined effort on the part of the Government, and the need for economy on the part of the people.

Mr. A. E. Donovan, M. L. A. for this riding expressed pleasure at seeing some of the boys of his old friends in uniform. He was glad that Athens could claim them as its sons, and congratulated the village on having a man like William Greenham, who had served in the British army for seven years, and who was now again in the King's uniform. Mr. Donovan urged the young men who are unmarried, to join the colors; for, said he, what will be their position when their chums come back from the front at the end of the war; wouldn't it be an uncomfortable one?

Rev. Mr. Allen of Brockville, in a humorous way, went "after his job" of getting recruits. He showed that home ties were not a thing to keep men at home. He, himself, he said, had his application in; he wanted to go in spite of his "fat job as a Baptist minister in Brockville," as he expressed it.

Lieut. Colonel Bedell, commanding officer of the Counties' Battalion, was the hero of the hour, and was roundly cheered as he got to his feet. He has recently returned from the front to take charge of the regiment. In a quiet, unassuming manner, he asked for recruits. Men know a man when they see one, and he will get them.

A collection was taken up for the sports fund of the battalion. \$41.25 was realized.
Lieut. Colonel Wilkinson said that the regiment was now 325 strong, and that next week, these men were going to be turned loose in the Counties to get recruits. He heartily thanked those who contributed to the musical program which was composed of the following numbers:

- Instrumental—Misses G. Wilfse and F. Williams
- Chorus by young men
- Solo—Miss Hazel Smith
- Duet—Mrs. S. C. A. Lamb and Mr. T. Horsfield
- Solo—Mr. D. E. Abrahams
- Chorus by young ladies
- Duet—Mrs. Lamb and Mr. Horsfield.

Jamieson—Bourne

A quiet, but pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Bourne, James Street, Ottawa, on Wednesday, the 26th instant, when their eldest daughter, Eva Emilie, was united in marriage to Archibald Jamieson, M.D., of Arrprior, brother of the Rev. W. S. Jamieson, M. A., of Brockville, president of the Montreal Methodist Conference. Rev. Dr. Sparling officiated at the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Mr. Jamieson.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

David Shippman Dead

There passed away at Lansdowne on Sunday night, Jan. 23rd, an elderly and much respected man in the person of Mr. David Shippman, after an illness of only one week. The funeral which was held on Tuesday afternoon in the Lansdowne Methodist church was largely attended, the service being conducted by Rev. Dr. Cooper. The deceased leaves one daughter, Mrs. S. H. DeWolfe, with whom he lived at the time of his death, his wife having predeceased him four years ago.

Four Sons in Khaki.

To have his four sons, who are of military age, wearing khaki and serving in the defence of the Empire, is the proud record of James Mattice of Osnabruck Centre, in the County of Stormont. The sons now either at the front or in training are: John, with the western battalion; Clarence, with the 38th at Bermuda; Walter, taking the N.C.O. Class at Alexandria for the 154th, and Sergt. Wilfrid of the 154th Battalion at Cornwall.

FRANKVILLE

G. W. Soper has his sawmill about ready to commence the annual cut.

W. H. Hanton shipped another carload of mich cows to London, Ont. on Monday.

C. McCready, of Renfrew, was a guest of W. D. Livingstone for a couple of days last week.

Mrs. B. F. Stewart, who has been confined to his house for the past three weeks with la grippe is recovering.

On Friday last the annual meeting of the Frankville Fair Association took place in Montgomery Hall. Owing to bad weather there was not as large a turnout as usual. The old board met at eleven o'clock and wound up the business of the year, after which they with a few invited guests, sat down to a very sumptuous dinner in the dining room of the hotel. It was pronounced one of the best of the many which have been held and full justice was done it by every one of the guests. Dinner over all repaired to the hall where the annual meeting of the members took place. Rev. A. E. Hagar was voted to the chair and W. H. Montgomery secretary. The annual report of the treasurer was laid before the meeting and was found to be very satisfactory; there being a little over \$300 in the bank and all debts paid. Other routine business was disposed of and election of officers for 1916 took place, the following being elected:

- President—Watson Davis.
- 1st Vice-President—Henry Moran.
- 2nd Vice-President—W. M. Hanton.
- Directors—John Seymour, G. M. Leverette, T. E. Steacy, R. Hanton, J. Davidson, Frank Mott, D. C. Eaton, W. W. Brown, N. F. Jones.

The Late Mrs. Patrick Simpson

The death occurred at Morton on January 22nd of Mrs. Patrick Simpson in her 62nd year. Besides her husband, three sons and two daughters survive, George and Charles of the west, Samuel at home, Mrs. Frank Smith of Elgin and Miss Jennie Simpson at home. The maiden name of the deceased was Hattie Rutlan. The funeral was held on the 23rd from her late residence to the Methodist church at Lyndhurst. Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Waddell of Sealey's Bay.

FOR SALE—At the REPORTER Office Old Newspapers for wrapping or other purposes. 1c a pound. We have some bundles tied up in 25 lbs.

TONNAGE OF A VESSEL

Just What It Is and the Methods by Which It is Measured.

To find the tonnage or displacement of a ship is rather puzzling. The tonnage of a ship is the measure of its cubical or carrying capacity expressed in tons. At the present time there are four methods in use of expressing the tonnage of a ship, known respectively as the gross tonnage, the net register tonnage, the deadweight tonnage and the displacement tonnage.

In calculating the gross tonnage the whole interior capacity of the ship below the tonnage deck is found, including that of all covered in spaces on deck used for storage, and the result in cubic feet is divided by 100.

The net register tonnage is the gross tonnage minus all the spaces used for the accommodation of the crew and instruments and the working parts of the ship. It is on the net register tonnage that almost invariably dues are paid.

The deadweight tonnage is the measure of the exact amount of cargo that a ship can carry without sinking too deep in the water.

The displacement tonnage is the space occupied by the ship in the water. The amount of water displaced by a ship is, of course, equal in weight to the ship and all it contains. As one ton is equal to thirty-five cubic feet of water, the displacement tonnage is found by dividing the number of cubic feet of water displaced by thirty-five when the ship is immersed up to its draft or load line.—London Standard.

Our Eyes and Reflected Light.

The human eye has passed through thousands of years of evolution until it has become best adapted to sunlight or skylight coming obliquely from above and resents strong illumination from any other direction. It is apparent that snow blindness, distress from white sand or water is not caused by the intensity of the light so much as by the fact that it is reflected up instead of down and is not stopped by the rather transparent lower eyelid. If the lower part of the eye is guarded with goggles no difficulty is found.

Tongue Caught Ermine.

"This stole is of tongue caught ermine, hence its high price," the salesman said.

"Tongue caught ermine, eh?"

"Yes, madam. You see, the ermine's coat is extremely delicate. A trap tears it horribly. So the trapper catches it by the tongue.

"The ermine is fond of ice. The trapper smears heavy knives with grease and lays them here and there on the snow. The snow white ermine, lithe and quick, rushes up in the zero weather, licks what he takes for a silver of ice, and, lo, is doomed, for the steel of the heavy knife has frozen fast to his tongue."—Exchange.

GLEN MORRIS

Miss Ruby Morris is teaching school at Sharbot Lake.

Mr. Wesley Morris is employed at the munition factory in Brockville.

Mr. C. B. Howard visited Westport friends last week.

Mrs. Howard, Westport, is this week a guest of Mr. Eugene Howard.

Rev. Wm. Usher, conducted service in the school-house on Wednesday evening last. Mr. Usher's kindness and interest in this neighborhood is very much appreciated.

We feel justly proud of the way our young men are responding to the call of King and Country. Four who were raised here are now in uniform, and others will probably soon fall in line.

Miss C. Kennedy, Philipsville, has returned home after a visit with her uncle, Mr. Dan. Heffernan.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Flood, Trevelyan, visited friends here recently.

SOPERTON

January 31

Mr. and Mrs. B. Livingstone, Athens, spent Sunday at her home.

Private Henry Shire of the 32nd Bat. C.F.A., Kingston, spent a couple of days last week at his home here.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. K. Goodbody, Jan. 21, 1916, a daughter.

Mr. G. Topping has taken up residence in Mr. H. Howard's house.

The Girls' Sewing Circle will meet at the home of Hattie Irwin Saturday, Feb. 5.

Mrs. E. J. Suffel, who has been ill with la grippe, is recovering slowly.

The W. A. of St. Paul's, Delta, held a Dorcas meeting at the home of Mrs. W. Sheridan on Friday last, when a quilt was completed. The various pieces of a set of communion linen which were being worked by members, were also handed to the Dorcas secretary, and will shortly be forwarded to Rev. D. Green, Sunkist, Sack., to whom it was donated.

Men and Horses Adrift on Ice Floe

Montreal, Jan. 26.—Twelve men narrowly escaped death while five horses were drowned to-day, when, owing to the thaw, a large section of ice upon which cutting operations were taking place broke away and began to drift down the St. Lawrence.

The ice floe drifted towards the rapids near St. Helen's Island, thence shouting for assistance to the hundreds who collected on the river bank. The horses stampeded and rushed wildly around the ice. The floe ultimately drew within five or six feet of a fixed section connecting with the shore, and all the men were able to jump to safety. The horses, however, could not make the leap and were swallowed up in the rapids into which the floe plunged.

FURS—Big January Sale

Notwithstanding the big advance in Raw Skins, we propose reducing our present stock of Manufactured Furs, if low prices will do so.

Below are a few of the many bargains:

- Natural Wolf Stole, three-skin effect, head, three tails and paws, \$18.00, for.....\$13.00
- Large Pillow Muff to match, \$15.00, for.....\$11.00
- Blue Wolf Stole, large two-skin effect, head, three tails and paws, \$25.00, for.....\$19.00
- Large Pillow Muff to match, tail and paws, \$16.00, for.....\$12.00
- Black Wolf Stole, large two-skin effect, head and tails, \$25.00, for.....\$20.00
- Large Pillow Muff with tail and paws to match, \$16.00, for.....\$12.00
- 1 only Hudson Seal Coat, full skirt, 40 inches long, \$95.00, for.....\$75.00

The ROBT. CRAIG CO., LIMITED

BROCKVILLE.

MAKERS OF FINE FURS.

EATON'S UP-TO-DATE GROCERY

A pleasant Holiday Season is made possible by a visit to this store,
Where you can get, at a reasonable price,
A complete assortment of Candies, Chocolates and Bon-Bons,
California Naval Oranges, Malaga Grapes, and Florida Grape Fruit.
Ask to see our Solid Meat Oysters and Fresh Frozen Salmon.

Wishing one and all the compliments of the season

A. M. EATON.

Rural Phone.

Athens Hardware Store.

A full and varied stock in all lines constantly kept on hand.

Paints and Oils, Varnishes, etc. Gasoline and Coal Oil.

E. J. PURCELL, - Proprietor

MAMMOTH MILITARY AND WINTER CARNIVAL!

BROCKVILLE
February 15th, 16th, 17th

3 Big Days of Sport, Music, Military Features

Under the Auspices of the Sportsmen's Patriotic League, for the Benefit of the Regimental Funds of

156th and 59th BATTALIONS

HORSE RACES \$1000.00 in Purses. Covered Grand Stand. Ice Track. Best Horses in America.

MILITARY TOURNAMENT.

1000 Men of 59th and 156th Batts. Two Crack Military Bands, Parades. Evolutions. Specialties. Sports.

Big Curling Bonspiel. Patriotic Minstrel Show. Winter Sports. Hockey Tournament. Fancy Skating. Skating Races, Etc.

Something Doing Every Minute For 3 Solid Days

LOW EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

SEE SMALL BILLS FOR DETAIL PROGRAMME.

CHAIRMAN—MAYOR GEORGE A. WRIGHT.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SECRETARY—E. J. PAYSON.

UNION BANK REPORT SHOWS 1915 A VERY SUCCESSFUL YEAR

In Spite of Taxes and Contingent Appropriation, Dividends and Bonus Were Maintained Without Drawing Upon Past Profits—Bank in Very Strong Position for Renewal of Trade Activity.

The fifty-first annual statement of the Union Bank of Canada, which was presented at the annual meeting in Winnipeg on Wednesday, January 12, reveals a year which has been highly satisfactory from the shareholders standpoint and at the same time has witnessed a great expansion in the deposit business of the Bank and a remarkable increase in its liquid assets, while its loans to Canadian trade and industry have been maintained to the full extent of the present reduced requirements of the country. The Bank reports net profits for the year amounting to \$659,888, which compares with \$712,440 in 1914 (a very moderate reduction, having regard to the prevailing conditions, which have been universally unfavorable to profitable bank operations)—they represent 13.2 per cent. on the capital stock, and sufficed for the payment of the full regular dividends of 8 per cent. and the bonus of 1 per cent., together with the appropriation of \$150,000 to contingent account, the payment of War Tax of \$45,730.77, and the usual contribution of \$10,000 to Officers' Pension Fund, while the balance carried forward is increased by some \$3,956, and now amounts to \$106,797.75. It is worthy of note that this bank has passed through the entire three years, 1913, 1914 and 1915, maintaining its dividends and bonuses, its pension contribution, its provision for depreciation and contingencies, its special taxes and sundry patriotic donations, and all without having to draw upon accumulated profits or Rest Account, and with an annual increase in the profit balance carried forward.

The balance sheet shows an expansion of over nine millions in the total volume of assets and liabilities. The public liabilities total \$81,654,026.75, as against \$70,902,919.04 a year ago—the chief items being note circulation \$7,673,659.00 (increase about \$1,300,000), deposits not bearing interest \$21,999,832.00 (increase four and a half millions), deposits bearing interest \$50,685,304.63 (increase a little under five millions), and balances due to banks abroad, \$984,405.99.

The changes in the asset column are important, and serve to exhibit the immense reservoirs of strength which have been accumulated since the war began, and which are now ready and available for the support of Canadian business in the period of expansion which is already coming in sight. Total assets amount to \$90,663,063.70. The liquid reserve amounts to \$39,138,285.31, which is an increase of close upon thirteen million dollars, or almost fifty per cent., over the figures of a year ago. It consists of \$9,257,094.56 of coin and Dominion notes in hand, \$2,800,000 of gold and notes in the Central Gold Reserve, \$3,556,491.45 of cheques on other banks and \$706,742.00 of notes of the same, \$6,033,245.88 due by banks abroad, \$2,434,159.73 of railway and other bonds and stocks, \$7,746,570.44 of call loans in Canada and \$4,183,657.69 of call loans abroad, with smaller sums in other liquid assets.

Notwithstanding these large sums put into liquid assets, the Bank has in no degree neglected its duty to the commercial community. Current loans and discounts in Canada (other than call loans) are \$48,941,315.32, which is scarcely two millions less than in 1914 in spite of the marked contraction in the trade of the country, and is actually two millions more than in 1913. If we add together the current and call loans in Canada we find an increase of \$2,700,000 during the past year. Discounts outside of Canada are \$608,602.92, a moderate increase. There is a marked reduction in overdue debts, and all the less realizable items are very small, which appears to indicate a healthy condition of affairs among the Bank's clients.

Very few banks, and only the very strongest, have come through the past three years with such satisfactory results as the Union Bank, and the figures seem to show that President John Galt and General Manager G. H. Balfour have brought to the business, since it was removed to Winnipeg, the same conservative and thoroughly sound principles which actuated it when its headquarters were in the cautious east, in the city of Quebec.

EFFICIENCY.

And How Fatigue Militates Against it in Labors.

Whatever of antagonism—and it is not a little—there may be in labor circles to the new "efficiency," its methods and its standards, is based, at least avowedly, on the contention that it increases production without regard to the efforts of labor and harder work on those doing it. Of course, efficiency so secured is more scientific than it is human, and it would not in the end be profitable to the employers.

One boss who evidently knows this is the superintendent of a Connecticut brass works, who contributes an interesting little story to the Iron Age. At these works there was recently constructed a long incline up which heavy loads were to be wheeled in barrows, and premiums were offered to the man who did or exceeded a certain amount of this labor. They attempted it vigorously, but none succeeded in earning any of the extra money. Instead they all fell considerably below the goal.

Prompt investigation by an expert disclosed that the trouble lay in the fact that the men were working without sufficient frequent periods of rest. Thereupon a foreman was stationed by a clock, and every 12 minutes he blew a whistle. At the sound every barrowman stopped work, there a moment's rest was taken and rested for three minutes. The first hour after that was done showed a remarkable change for the better. In accomplishment the second day the men all made a premium allowance by doing more than what had been too much, and on the third day the premium was paid, and since then the average is 40 per cent. with no complaints of over-
Lusk Times.

DAVID AND GOLIATH

(By Sarah Baxter.)

Did you ever hear of the Gila monster? No? Well, the Gila looks something like a young alligator. When attacked it feigns to be dead. Its bite is frightfully poisonous. The victim lingers a long while in great agony, then dies.

There is—or rather there was—out on the plains west of the Missouri river a human monster as much to be dreaded as the Gila. This was the desperado who finds his prowling grounds in new countries. When America was being occupied by a civilized people the human Gila was the renegade white. He lived with the Indians and fought with them against their enemies, including those of his own color. When the savages wished to draw the whites into an ambush they would use the renegade for the purpose, and he was not ashamed to serve them.

This human monster in another form was the terror of the plains when they were passing from lawlessness to civilization. He delighted in cruelty. There was no law in the country on which he had outraged himself to prevent his murders or punish him thereafter except the revolver, and since that was his especial weapon he was so skillful with it that he had every advantage.

Mark Rogers, an Indiana farmer, having a sickly wife, sold his farm and took her with his children to a region in the southwest then being taken up by white settlers. There he "squatted" and raised what crops he could while his wife was regaining her strength. A hamlet grew up in the vicinity, consisting of four dwellings, a store, a blacksmith shop and a saloon. One day Rogers was passing through the hamlet when a man known as Texas Bill came out of the saloon firing his revolver about him as a boy celebrating the Fourth of July. Seeing Rogers, he put a bullet into his left breast, in the region of the heart. He had nothing whatever against Rogers. He fired at him as he would at a tree or any other mark.

His victim fell and lay in the road till some persons took him up and carried him home. There was little or no hope that he would survive, and at his death his invalid widow and her children would be in a destitute condition. He lingered along, however, and one day his wife heard him muttering to himself that when he recovered the man who had shot him would have a chance to shoot him again or die.

This boded no good for the Rogers family. Texas Bill would have every advantage in a fight, and since it was to be expected that if Rogers recovered one of the two would die every one knew that Bill would be on the watch for his enemy in case he got out again. There were no courts to punish the crime or prevent a subsequent murder. If the husband and father did not die of his wound he would subsequently be killed.

It remained for a weak woman to solve the problem. As soon as she could be spared from attendance on her husband Mrs. Rogers took a bag and went out on the plain. When she returned it was evident that she had something in the bag, but what it was no one knew and no one cared. She took it into the cellar and left it there, locking the door. Every day after that she would go into the cellar, take the bag and go down into the hamlet, where she would spend some time answering questions as to her husband's condition, but it was noticed that she was always looking about her and had an eye especially on the saloon.

One morning while she was thus engaged Texas Bill came out of the saloon, smoking a long black cigar. His trousers were tucked in his boots, his flannel shirt was open, exposing his hairy breast, and his face was flushed with liquor. A revolver was slung to each hip, and a long knife was in his belt. Mrs. Rogers left her friends and advanced toward him.

There was something about her movement to tell the others that she had some intent concerning her husband's enemy—a certain resolute look in her eye, a quickness in her walk. She seemed like a David advancing to attack a Goliath. Was the bag she carried a sling containing a stone?

Texas Bill stood for a moment on the porch of the saloon looking down on the desolate scene, then staggered down the steps and walked away from the group of which Mrs. Rogers had formed a part. She followed him. While doing so she raised the skirt of her dress and from about her waist uncoiled a rope. When she came to within a few yards of Bill she threw a noose in the rope over his shoulders and as it fell to his elbows gave it a sudden jerk, plunging his arms.

From this moment she moved with lightning-like rapidity, holding the lasso in her left hand, while with her right she turned the bag over on Bill's shoulders. A loathsome thing fastened itself onto his back. Giving a mighty yell, he freed his arms and grasped what clung to him, but was too late to save himself from its bite. Wrenching it off, he saw the deadly Gila.

Fortunately for the woman he was too intently engaged with the monster to pay any heed to her or he might have served her as he had served her husband. He went howling down the road, and his cries of pain were heard till death relieved him of his agony.

Recess recovered, and his wife was over afterward known as the woman who had beaten Texas Bill.

Paperhanger's Paste.

Kindly give me directions for making paste for paperhanging.

Mrs. E. C.

Follow this formula: Five pounds of flour, two gallons of water, make a thick paste of your flour, then when it is nice and smooth pour your boiling water over gradually, stirring all the time, then when this is finished take two tablespoons of powdered alum, pour warm water over it, and gradually add this.

RHEUMATISM, A SNEAKING DISEASE HAS AT LAST MET ITS CONQUEROR

Throbbing Muscles and Swollen Joints Made Well.

RUB ON NERVILINE

Old age knows no foe more subtle, more unrelenting than rheumatism. At first only a grumbling pain is felt. But, alas, it settles in the joints and muscles, and finally tortures its victims.

To-day the disease may be in the muscles of the back, thigh, shoulder or neck—to-morrow in the joints of the hand, toes, arms or legs it may work with redoubled fury.

Whether the pain is constant or occasional, makes no difference to "Nerviline."

Because other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged. Nerviline has cured the worst of cases. It has

brought health to those in life's deepest despair, has ended years of awful suffering for those who never hoped to be well again.

There is a marvellous healing power in Nerviline, which it derives from the extracts and juices of certain rare herbs and roots. It allays almost magically the awful pain that only rheumatics can describe.

Congestion is drawn out of the muscles, stiffened joints are eased and limbered up, the old time feeling of depression is cast off, and once again Nerviline brings the sufferer to buoyant, vigorous lasting good health.

Every home needs good old Nerviline, needs it for carache, toothache, headache, neuralgia, lumbago, sciatica, stiff neck, chest colds and sore throat. Wherever there is pain, congestion or inflammation, Nerviline will cure it.

Large family size bottle 50c; trial size 25c, all dealers, or the Catarrh-ozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Barbed Wire in the War.

In war barbed wire is used in various ways, but its main object is man stopping. It is interlaced with ground pegs in front of trenches for the purpose of tripping charging troops, it is strung across bridges and main roads to prevent the passage of cavalry, and it is used for fencing in camps to guard against rushing tactics on the part of the enemy. Whenever possible barbed wire entanglements are hidden in long grass or in hedges, so that advancing troops will be trapped while the enemy rake their lines with shot and shell. Barbed wire concealed in undergrowth is particularly deadly where cavalry is concerned, for the wire grips the horses' hoofs, causing them to fall on the spike strewn ground.—London Times.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

PERILS OF BAD AIR.

Reduced Vitality, Loss of Appetite and General Bad Health.

Air is bad when it is overheated, when it contains an excess of moisture, and when it is chemically contaminated. This is the conclusion of the New York State Commission on Ventilation, as summarized by Professor C. E. A. Winslow, chairman. The first indictment against bad air shows that an increase in temperature beyond the normal 70 degrees produces serious derangement of the vaso-motor mechanism of the body, resulting in a rise of temperature, increased pulse and a lowered blood pressure, with a corresponding decrease in efficiency, both physical and mental. In addition to this, overheating conduces to an undesirable congestion of the mucous membranes of the nose, thus possibly paving the way for colds, sore throats and attacks of various germ diseases.

The work of the commission also proves that chemical accumulations in the air as a result of air stagnation bring about a decreased appetite for food, which, in turn, must have an unfavorable effect on the entire body. In the commission's experiments the people living in fresh air ate 4 1/2 to 13 per cent more than those living in stagnant air.

"These experiments," says Professor Winslow, "indicate that fresh air is needed at all times and in all places. While we have changed our ideas as to what causes bad air, ventilation is just as essential to remove heat produced by human bodies as it was once thought to be to remove the carbon dioxide produced by human lungs, and it is now proved also to be essential for carrying away chemical products which exert a measurable effect upon the appetite for food. People who live and work in overheated and unventilated rooms are reducing their vitality, and rendering themselves an easy prey to all sorts of diseases.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Thackeray's Appetite.

Thackeray, telling of a dinner he enjoyed at Antwerp, said it consisted "of green pea soup, boiled salmon, mussels, crimped skate, roast meat patties, melon, carp stewed with mushrooms and onions, roast turkey, cauliflower, fillets of venison, stewed calf's ear, roast veal, roast lamb, stewed cherries, Gruyere cheese and about twenty-four cakes of different kinds. Except five, thirteen and fourteen I ate all, with three rolls of bread and a score of potatoes."

Those twenty potatoes remind the reader of the dreadful disillusion of Charlotte Bronte when she came to London and sat opposite her literary lion at dinner. "Oh, Mr. Thackeray!" she cried in shocked surprise as she watched him eat. She had never imagined a hero who ate potatoes by the score.

Crippled Feet in China.

According to Chinese history, the custom of small feet among the females of China originated several centuries back, when a large body of women rose against the Government and tried to overthrow it. To prevent the recurrence of such an event the use of wooden shoes so small as to disable them from making any effective use of their feet was enforced on all female infants.

An Egg Trick.

Hold a raw egg on end and spin it on a plate or other smooth surface. Quickly place the hand upon it for an instant, stopping the motion momentarily. When the hand is removed the egg will resume its spinning. This is because the liquid contents of the shell continued to whirl rapidly when your hand stopped the shell, and if it is quickly released the whirling contents will again set the shell to spinning.

Many a man can't understand why the rest of us don't get stiff necks looking up to him.

In Single File.

When the Indians travelled together they seldom walked or rode two or more abreast, but followed one another in single file. It has been thought by some that this practice resulted from the lack of roads, which compelled them to make their way through woods by paths.

If this were the real reason for the practice, then we should expect to find that the tribes who lived in open countries travelled in company, as do whites.

The true reason for journeying, as the Indians did, in single file, seems to be a feeling of caste. This feeling was at the bottom of other customs of the Indians.

This peculiarity is Asiatic. How it has warped and disfigured Hindoo life is well known. Home is scarcely possible where it prevails. To the women and children domestic life is bondage. The women of a Chinese household are seldom seen on the street. The children, when accompanying their father, follow him at a respectful distance, in single file, and in the order of their ages.

Facts for Health Seekers To Ponder Over

Nearly every disease can be traced to clogged or inactive stomachs, livers or intestines. Indigestion, biliousness, headaches and insomnia all emanate from this cause. Keep these organs in working order and you'll have continuous good health. No case was ever treated with Dr. Hamilton's Pills and not cured; their record is one of marvelous success. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are very mild, yet they cleanse the bowels promptly and establish healthy regularity. You'll eat plenty, digest well, sleep soundly, feel like new after using Dr. Hamilton's Pills—One a dose—25c a box everywhere. Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Hamilton Pills, in a yellow box always.

Saluting the Quarter Decks.

In response to an inquiry as to why officers and men of the navy "salute the deck" and civilians remove their hats when going aboard a naval vessel it may be said that, though commonly called a "salute to the deck," the salute in question is really a salute to the flag. For instance, at night on reaching the quarter deck or upon leaving it no salute is required, as the flag is, of course, not flying. The fact that this salute is rendered upon reaching the quarter deck, as when leaving the ship, is probably responsible for its having been known as a salute to the deck; but, as has been stated, it is really a salute to the flag. Men should when rendering it stop, stand erect and face the flag.

Marion Bridge, C. B., May 30, '02.

I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

PRECOCIOUS PAINTERS.

Some Famous Pictures That Were Produced by Mere Boys.

Sir David Wilkie was probably the most popular painter of his time and one of the most deservedly so, and his pictures to-day are almost all in the great national collections or in the possession of the king. He was extremely precocious and might be said to have been born with a palette in his hand.

Wilkie painted his famous and very characteristic picture, "Pitlessie Fair," when he was a mere lad. It was a local scene which he knew well, and the 140 figures which it contains were all sketched from his father's parishioners, for Wilkie was a "son of the manse." As his father would have been very angry to think his boy was doing such a wrong thing as to ridicule his dear flock, David had to use his models quite "unbeknown" to them—in fact, during service. The young artist got them all "under the bookboard" and transferred them to canvas at his leisure.

Everybody knows that Millais was an "infant prodigy." Did he not win the gold medal of the Royal Academy when he was nine?

At South Kensington hangs a glowing and masterly canvas entitled "Pizarro Seizing the Inca of Peru." How many boys of fifteen know anything of Pizarro or the Inca even if they happen to know the whereabouts of Peru? Yet Millais was only that age when he not only knew these things, but could realize them in splendid power in paint and get his picture on the line at the academy, and he was only nineteen when he painted one of his supreme masterpieces, judged by some to be the greatest thing he ever did, "Lorenzo and Isabella," which is one of the treasures of the Walker Art Gallery of Liverpool.

Holman Hunt was only twenty when he painted his famous "Eve of St. Agnes" and still little more than a boy when he painted his remarkable picture which he called "Behold I Stand at the Door and Knock," but which is known to the world to-day as "The Light of the World," a replica of which can be seen in St. Paul's cathedral.

Resetti painted his lovely picture, "Girlhood of Mary Virgin," when he was twenty and his famous "Eccellenza Domini" the year following.

Lanier was amazing precocious. He exhibited his first academy picture when he was fifteen.—Exchange.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

THE U. TO-DATE METHOD. (Pittsburg Gazette-Times) Time changes. They used to bleed a man for an aneurysm, now they pump more blood into him. Then bleed him later.

ISSUE NO. 5, 1916

HELP WANTED. WANTED—COTTON MILL HELP. rink spinners, cutters, winders, and slasher tenders. For particulars, apply to the Singsby Mfg. Co., Limited, Brantford, Ont.

GIRLS WILLING TO WORK ON British Army Orders, knitted underwear, Seamers, plain stitchers and learners. Bright, healthy employment. Good wages. Zimmerman Mfg. Co., Ltd., Aberdeen and Garth streets, Hamilton Ont.

WANTED—WEAVERS ON BLANKETS and plain cloths. Also apprentices to learn weaving. Highest wages and steady work. Apply to the Singsby Manufacturing Company, Ltd., Brantford, Ontario.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—FANCY PIGEONS AND flying homers; prices reasonable. L. J. Holton, 22 Caroline street south, Hamilton, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED—GIRLS OF GOOD EDUCATION to train for nurses. Apply Welland Hospital, St. Catharines, Ont.

Out of the Mouths of Babies.

Teacher—Now, Johnny, can you tell me the difference between one yard and two yards? Small Johnny—Yes, ma'am. A fence.

"Mamma," said 4-year-old Margie, who had been assigned the task of rocking the cradle containing her baby brother, "if the angels have any more kids to give away, don't you take 'em."

"Oh, dear!" sighed little Elmer, as he gazed at the flaming circus posters on the side of a barn. "I wish I were an angel for a few weeks."

"Why do you wish that, Elmer?" asked his astonished mother. "Because," explained the little fellow, "then I could fly around and look at all the circuses for nothing."—Chicago News.

A WOMAN'S MESSAGE TO WOMEN

If you are troubled with weak, tired feelings, headache, backache, bearing down sensations, bladder weakness, constipation, catarrhal conditions, pain in the sides, regularly or irregularly, bloating or unnatural enlargements, sense of falling or misplacement of internal organs, nervousness, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, dark rings under the eyes, or a loss of interest in life, I invite you to write and ask for my simple method of home treatment with ten days' trial entirely free and postpaid, also references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength and happiness by this method. Write to-day. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 4, Windsor, Ont.

Used for Motor Cars.

The American motor car industry last year made use of the following raw material: Steel, 670,000 tons; aluminum and alloys, 4,020 tons; brass, 2,141 tons; hair for upholstery, 1,068 tons; moss, 2,050 tons; hides, 67,232, on the basis of one-third hide per car, where real leather was used; artificial leather, 3,280,000 square yards; upholstery fittings, \$97,542 worth; burlap, 6,560,000 yards; top material, 11,405,250 yards, valued at \$2,447,780; manufactured cotton, in tires on new cars only, 7,560 tons; celluloid, 300,000 pounds; rubber and compounds, 9,338 tons; hinges, 2,446,780 pairs; door catch fittings, 2,446,780; carpet, 489,356 square yards; linoleum, 642,908 square yards; boards for floors, wheels and bodies, 9,540,000 running feet.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Colored Evidence.

A well-known lawyer was trying to make clear to a legal student the significance of the term "colored evidence," meaning that evidence which has been tampered with.

"The best illustration I can think of came within my observation not long ago," said the lawyer. "A physician had said to a fair patient:

"Madam, you are a little run down. You need frequent baths and plenty of fresh air, and I advise you to dress in the coolest, most comfortable clothes; nothing stiff or formal."

"When the lady got home this is how she rendered to her husband the advice given to her by the doctor:

"He says I must go to the seashore do plenty of motoring, and get some new summer gowns."

Numbered Teaspoons.

In the early days of tea drinking, when the brew was rare and costly, numbered spoons were used. It was not etiquette for a guest to ask for a second cup until all the company had finished the first. The numbered spoons therefore insured each getting his own cup back again. As a sign to the hostess that no more tea was wanted the spoon was placed in the cup. Even when etiquette was a fetish teapot spoons sometimes got chucked up, so the long handle of the spoon with a pierced bowl that succeeded the silver strainer was thrust down the spout to disperse the leaves. "Etiquette," remarks Arthur Hawden, "Chats on Old Silver," "forbade the hostess to blow down the spout."

Ancient History of Kilts.

The Scottish kilt, as an article of dress, dates back to historic times and was originally, as far as can be figured out, merely a plaid blanketed over about the shoulders, with ends gathered about the loins in a weather. The mountaineers of the Balkans wear the kilt, and students say that the soldiers of the Assyrian kings wore a costume very close akin to the kilt of Scotland.

A Foxy Reply.

One of the most caustic replies made during an election campaign that of Fox when he called at a during one of his candidatures, a shopman happened to be a rabid opponent. Taking hold of a piece of cloth he said savagely: "Vote for you sooner hang you with this rope!" "Very interesting," remarked blandly, examining the cord. "A likely relic, I presume."—London M



Delicate colored houses may be dried out of doors, but should not be exposed to the sun or light. Put them in a pillow slip.

A little baking soda and kerosene oil is the very best thing with which to clean bathtubs. It never injures the enamel.

Furniture is an excellent barometer, displaying all the varying moods of a fickle season. Damp furniture accumulates dust, it turns blue, has a sticky feeling and is unattractive. The condition is apparent in damp weather.

To polish wood that takes on this sticky hue use a mixture of equal parts of gasoline, linseed oil and strong vinegar. The vinegar cuts all grease from the woodwork, leaving it as clean as if washed. Use old pieces of cotton to polish.

To keep lettuce fresh after washing put it in a brown paper bag and twist the top of the bag tightly to exclude the air.

Coal dust is wasted unless the mistress sees that it is burned, and yet it makes beautiful fires. Have a galvanized iron scuttle for the purpose. Add sufficient water to the coal to make it moist. When a fire is burning brightly bank it up with this wet dust and you will have a clear fire which will last for hours.

The best and easiest method I have ever found for destroying ants, whether they are in the house or on the lawn, is to take a large sponge, wet it, and sift fine sugar all over it and lay it in the place that is infested. The ants will soon fill the sponge. Take it and sink it in a pail of water; they will then leave the sponge and rise to the top of the water and can easily be destroyed. Sprinkle more sugar on the sponge and put it in place again. This repeated a few times will soon enable the housewife to destroy all the ants.

NO MEDICINE TO EQUAL BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. E. Cutler, St. Lazara, Man., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years for my five children, and can truthfully say there is no medicine to equal them." The Tablets regulate the bowels and stomach, cure constipation and indigestion, expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

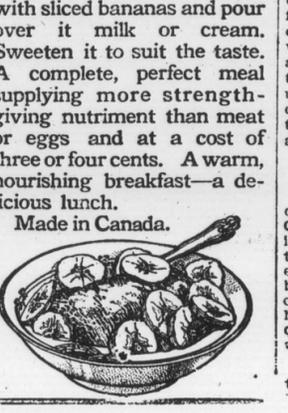
Telegraph Wires as Barometers.

A phenomenon with which most people are familiar is the curious noise made by telegraph wires. It is accepted as ordinary; and yet there has been hitherto no final explanation. Professor Field, of the University of Ottawa, states that the song of the telegraph wires is the song of the barometer, and that the variations are in direct relation to variations of the weather. It is, according to Professor Field, a scientific indicator of the weather. If the sound is low the weather will change in two days. If it is sharp a momentary change is probable. According to the new theory the vibrations of the wire are transmitted by the posts, which receive them in turn from the earth.

Teacher—What lessons do we learn from the attack on the Darcanelles? Prize Scholar—That a trait beats three kings, dad says.

Here's Palate Joy for You—also stomach comfort beyond belief. Heat a Shredded Wheat Biscuit in the oven to restore crispness, then cover with sliced bananas and pour over it milk or cream. Sweeten it to suit the taste. A complete, perfect meal supplying more strengthening nutriment than meat or eggs and at a cost of three or four cents. A warm, nourishing breakfast—a delicious lunch.

Made in Canada.



FIGHTING ON ALONG ENTIRE FRENCH FRONT

Both French and German Reports Claim Gains in Western War Zone.

BIG GUNS BUSY

British Forces Around Neuville Occupy Mine Craters and Enemy Posts.

London Cable.—Considerable fighting has been taking place along the entire French front.

In this region, the French assert, the Germans were driven from mine craters they had occupied, and were repulsed in trying to recapture them.

Paris announces also that German trenches in Belgium and to the north of the zone have been badly hampered by the French guns, and that the Germans suffered serious losses in a fight for a mine crater in the Argonne forest.

A Berlin despatch says: The German attack on the French positions near Neuville was resumed yesterday, and, according to the War Office statement of today, between 500 and 600 yards of the French lines were captured.

The statement follows: "Western front: The enemy's artillery shelled German positions on the Sand Dunes, resulting in serious casualties. At the same time hostile monitors shelled the Westende (Belgium) district. Both attacks were without effect.

"After exploding mines, the Germans made an attack on both sides of the road between Vimy and Neuville and stormed French positions between 500 and 600 yards long. They captured one officer, 52 men, one machine gun and three mine-throwers. Counter-attacks made by the enemy against these positions and other trenches taken by the Germans during the last few days resulted in spirited fights with hand-grenades, but were without success for the enemy.

"The city of Lens was shelled heavily by the enemy. "Eastern front: Small detachments of Germans and Austrians from the army of General von Linsingen engaged in successful enterprises."

BRITISH REPORT. London Cable.—The following official communication was issued to-night: "Early this morning we exploded a mine opposite Givenchy. Organized bombardments have been carried out on several portions of the hostile line. The hostile artillery has been active to-day east and northeast of Loos, of Arras and northeast of Ypres. Our artillery responded successfully on the hostile batteries and trenches."

FRENCH REPORT. Paris Cable.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office to-night: "During the course of the day there was considerable activity by our artillery on the whole front. In Belgium a destructive fire directed against the German trenches situated in front of Boesinghe and between Steenstraete and Hetsas caused serious damage to our adversary.

"In Artois, to the east of Neuville-St. Vaast, the enemy attempted by a counter-attack to retake the craters from which we drove him in the course of the night, but was completely repulsed. To the north of the Aisne our trench guns shattered the enemy organizations at La Ville-au-Bois.

"In the Argonne mine fighting continued to our advantage. Between Hill 285 and Haute Chevauchee we exploded two mines. The enemy suffered serious losses in the struggle which followed for the capture of the crater, one of the rims of which we hold.

"One of our long-range guns took under its fire an enemy convoy which had entered Angennes, to the northwest of Etain.

The afternoon statement said: "In the Artois district last night there was spirited cannonading in the sector of Neuville-St. Vaast. In the vicinity of the road from Neuville to La Folie we continued to reoccupy progressively the listening posts and craters in which the enemy had obtained a footing. We found there numerous bodies of Germans and one machine gun. We also took several prisoners.

"In the Argonne district we caused the explosion successively of two mines, one near Haute Chevauchee and the other in the vicinity of Vauquois."

HUN SUB. BASES.

Greek Islands Have Been So Used, Says Cecil.

London Cable.—The reports that Greek islands have been utilized in connection with the operation of German and Austrian submarines were corroborated in the House of Commons to-day by Lord Robert Cecil, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

"We have reason to think that the enemy on several occasions endeavored to utilize Greek islands as bases for hostile operations," he said, "but it is hoped the measures taken by the Hellenic Government, in conjunction with the British and French naval and military authorities, will effectually stop this practice."

A NEW ARMY.

Kaiser Releases All Prisoners to Join His Forces.

London Cable.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs under yesterday's date: "The Kaiser celebrated his birthday to-day at main headquarters, where the Austrian throne congratulated him on behalf of Emperor Francis Joseph and the Austro-Hungarian Armies. Others who congratulated the Emperor in person were his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Grand Admiral von Tirpitz, the Turkish envoy and a Bulgarian deputation.

Later the Emperor and the rest of the party attended service. "All prisoners in Germany between the ages of 18 and 55 were pardoned by the Kaiser and will be enlisted in the army."

CANADIANS WHO WON MENTION

List of Over Fifty Recommended by Viscount French

For Distinguished Service in the Field.

London Cable.—Over fifty Canadians are included in the list of recommendations by Viscount French issued to-night for "gallant and distinguished service in the field."

The names are supplemental to those published on New Year's Day and are as follows: Brevet Col. T. B. Wood, temporary Brigadier-General of the Imperial forces.

Lieut.-Col. Armstrong, temporary Brigadier-General. Col. A. E. Koss, M.P.P., of Kingston.

Lieut.-Col. C. H. Mitchell, consulting engineer, of Toronto. Brevet Lieut.-Col. G. R. Frith, Royal Engineers.

Temporary Major A. B. Cutcliffe, of the Canadian Engineers. Major J. H. Linsley, of the permanent forces, Toronto.

Capt. K. A. Murray, officer commanding Canadian postal corps of London and Woodstock, Ont. Capt. R. K. Napier, Strathcona's Horse.

Corporal Hewittson, 2873; Private Dunwoody, 15066, artillery. Lieut.-Col. M. Maclearen, commanding No. 1 General Hospital, of St. John, N. B.

Sergt. Langford, 40338; Bombardier Quilter, 40905; Gunner Bleakney, 41615. Lieut.-Col. W. B. Lindsay, Divisional Engineers, Strathroy, Ont.

Lieut. J. B. Baker, 5th Battalion, Western Canada. Regimental Sergeant-Major E. A. Ridgway, 5591; Sergt. Bevan, 5318; Corp. Law, 5410; Corp. Norton, 5612; Lance-Corp. Jones, 15576; Sapper Spencer, 5749.

First Infantry Battalion—Pte. Jas. F. Murray, 6,256,591, King street, London, Ont. Second Infantry Battalion—Temporary Lieut.-Col. Swift; Sergt. Winterbottom, 8281, 13 King street, Ottawa, Ont.; Lance-Corp. Maxwell, 81576.

Third Infantry Battalion—Sergt. H. V. Spence, 9069, of Toronto; Lance-Corp. Eric Hornshaw Jones, 9063, 71 Lyndhurst avenue, Toronto. Fourth Infantry Battalion—Pte. Millid, 62640.

Fifth Infantry Battalion—Corp. Edward George McFeat, 12736, Southampton, England, 23348; Pte. Patterson, 77902. Tenth Infantry Battalion—Lieut.-Col. J. G. Rattray, of the Canada Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg; Sergt. Morrison, 19584.

Thirteenth Infantry Battalion—Lance-Sergt. Jones, 46282; Corp. Kranchel, 24142. Fourteenth Infantry Battalion—Regimental Sergeant-Major Bonshar, 25546; Sergt. Cowen, 25819.

Fifteenth Infantry Battalion—Signaling Sergt. Venner, 27020; Sergt. Gilpin, 27896. Sixteenth Infantry Battalion—Regimental Sergeant-Major Kay, 29116; Sergt. Lemaitre, 28817.

Twenty-second Infantry Battalion—Pte. Debois, 61931; Pte. Lambert, 61583. Twenty-seventh Infantry Battalion—Pte. Bonner, 72176; Pte. Milne, 71,410.

Twenty-ninth Infantry Battalion—Lance-Corp. Houston, 75140; Pte. Harrie, 76317. Army Service Corps—Lieut.-Col. W. A. Simson; Corp. Purton, 3006; Driver Sutcliffe, 30240.

Military Staff Clerks—Staff-Sergt. Sprange, 12,001.

WARNS GERMANY.

Wilson's Words Taken to be a Hint to Bernstorff.

New York Report.—A Washington despatch to the Tribune says: "The news from New York last night that President Wilson had emphasized in his address that he could not tell 'what the international relations of the country would be to-morrow,' was taken here as a direct warning to Ambassador von Bernstorff. State Department officials let it be known that the German envoy had been told this was the last chance his country would have to give satisfaction on the Lusitania issue. The two items of news were read together.

The announcement from the State Department was simply that von Bernstorff had been informed that President Wilson and Secretary Lansing would not receive any more tentative proposals from the Kaiser. Officials refuse to define the Administration's attitude more exactly or to say what will be done if Germany evades again.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

A Whole Mine Field is Reported to be Adrift Off the West Coast of Sweden.

PERSIA AN ALLY

33 Killed, 80 Wounded, On the Goeben in a Recent Engagement.

Toronto school children contributed over \$15,000 to the patriotic fund. A fire in the Toronto Industrial Refuge drove 92 girls to the street for safety.

Toronto patriotic fund has reached \$1,752,000, and the realization of two million dollars is almost certain. Thirty-five Knox College students, twelve being in theology, are joining the 43rd Howitzer Battery at Guelph.

The woman suffrage bill in the Manitoba Legislature passed the third reading amid scenes of great enthusiasm. Premier Borden gave a sympathetic hearing to a delegation supporting H. H. Stevens, M. P.'s, prohibition resolution.

The two-year-old son of David Irving, Harwich township, fell into a pail of boiling water, and was fatally scalded. The Athens correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "It is stated in reliable quarters that Persia is about to join the allies officially."

Sir Robert Borden denied that he had promised the release of Wilfrid Gribble, Socialist, sentenced recently at St. John for seditious utterances. A memorial service for Lieut.-Col. Yates, of the Canadian Medical Corps, was held at St. John, Clerkenwell, Church, England, by the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, of which the deceased was a member.

The Bruce County Council at the January session increased the patriotic grant from \$48,000 per year to \$50,000 annually as long as the war lasts. This is to be paid in instalments of \$7,500 per month. Ontario County Council voted a grant of \$60,000 to the Canadian patriotic fund. This will demand a two-mill rate on the county assessment or a little better. It is likely the form the grant will take will be a contribution of \$5,000 per month throughout the year if the war lasts that long.

Lord Shaughnessy, of Montreal, Canada, and Ashford, County Limerick, Ireland, is the title that a newly created peer, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, will assume. The members of the Elgin County Council unanimously decided to give \$70,000 to the Elgin county patriotic fund. St. Thomas City Council recently voted \$30,000 to the fund, making the county's latest contribution \$100,000.

The Christiania correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "Owing to the recent attacks on the south coast of Norway and the west coast of Sweden, it seems probable that a whole mine field is adrift."

An official communication made public in Petrograd says: "It has been learned that the Turkish cruiser Sultan Selim (formerly Goeben) sustained severe damage in an engagement on Jan. 8. Her casualties included 32 men killed and 80 wounded."

GALT FLOODED.

Riverside Dwellers Had to be Rescued From Their Homes.

Galt, Ont., Report.—As a result of the mild weather of the past few days, the ice on the Grand River broke up during the night, and the water rose several feet. It passed down, however, without doing any damage, and this morning, although the river was still high, it was expected no damage would result from the flood. It was about 9 o'clock this morning when the ice from further up the river reached Galt, and in less than half an hour cellars were flooded and the basements of factories along the river filled. The bridges had the effect of backing the water up, and a good part of Water street was inundated to a depth of from one to three feet. Backing up in the sewers, the water overflowed on streets a block from the river. People in the houses surrounded by the water were taken out by the fire department and by draymen. All three municipal bridges which cross the river at Galt were damaged, that all Main street faring worst. The flooring was torn up on one side and guards had to be placed to prevent people from crossing. The basement wall of the Schlarbaum block, which is alongside of the river, was partly torn away. Manufacturers who had stock in their basements will suffer to a considerable extent. No estimate of the damage has been made yet, but it will run into thousands of dollars. One hour after the flood reached its height the water had subsided, and everybody affected was busy salvaging stock and repairing the damage.

RAT SQUADS.

London Cable.—Ferrets are the latest to be enlisted on the side of the Entente powers. The British Government has just closed a contract for 800 ferrets to be sent to Flanders to kill the enormous numbers of rats infesting the British trenches. "Rat squads" are being organized. The demand for ferrets is becoming so great the price has risen from 5 cents

REBELS LOSE.

Chinese Government Troops Defeat Yunnan Revolutionists.

Peking, Cable.—Three thousand Government troops from the Province of Kwang-Si have entered Yunnan Province and defeated a force of 1,000 revolutionists there, capturing the city of Loping.

The Government is rushing troops to Luchow, Sze-Chuen Province, where fighting is reported in progress. The Yunnan rebels effected their recent capture of Su-Fu, Sze-Chuen Province, without a hard battle, sustaining altogether only 200 casualties. A battle is expected shortly at Chung-King, towards which the rebels were recently reported advancing. The Government forces are moving against Yunnan from the north and east, however, with the expectation of outflanking the rebels. Foreigners are not being molested.

10,000 LEFT OF 160,000 PEOPLE

Awful Toll Paid by Armenians of Sivas.

Their Leader, Murad, Tells of Turkish Atrocities.

London Cable.—Murad of Sivas, Armenian leader, of the province of Sivas, Asia Minor, in an interview just received here from Tiflis, gives an account of the treatment by the Turks of the Armenian population in Asia Minor in which are many new details. Murad who is a well-known warrior, fought his way out of Sivas, reaching Tiflis in December. His story, which is made public by Viscount Bryce, who vouches for the reliability of the source, is in substance as follows: "Out of 160,000 Armenians inhabiting the province of Sivas there remained when Murad left only some 10,000, who had been spared either as useful artisans or because they were old. The remaining people, Murad declared, were either massacred directly or deported to the area between the Euphrates River and northern Mesopotamia.

For disarming the Armenians the Turks, according to Murad, employed various methods of torture. In Khourakhon, he declares, one man was actually shot like a horse; and another killed by putting a red-hot iron crown on his head. At Habesh 3,800 Armenians were put to the poleax or stoned, he asserts. At Herag the men were killed and the young women carried away, while 600 children were detained by the Valli, Murad adds, possibly to be converted to Islam. Many young women went mad, and others committed suicide.

One incident, according to the narrator, greatly embittered the relations between the Armenians and the Turks. Seventeen hundred Russian prisoners of war captured by the Turks were brought to Sivas in a deplorable condition. The Russian soldiers of Moslem origin had been released, most of those of Armenian nationality killed, and the other Russians stripped of their clothing. The Armenians provided comforts for the prisoners, which caused resentment among the Moslems. Murad states. Despite the Armenian efforts, he adds, only 70 survived out of the contingent of 700.

ONT. HOSPITAL AT ORPINGTON

Doctors and Nurses Named for the Institution.

Toronto Report.—The names of the doctors and nurses for the Ontario Hospital staff at Orpington, Kent, were given out by Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, yesterday. Mobilization of the staff will take place within a few days, and it is expected that the full complement of doctors and nurses will be ready to proceed overseas within a month. No announcements have been made regarding the various positions to be held by the doctors, who will be assigned to their posts on arrival in England. The medical officers who have just been selected, however, will fill all positions except those of the three senior officers of the hospital, and these will be chosen from among medical officers at present in England or at the front.

The following are the doctors selected: Drs. C. W. Aitken, London; D. A. Campbell, North Bay; M. M. Crawford, Toronto; Douglas Curry, St. Catharines; J. W. Clarke, Toronto; T. A. Carson, Orangeville; G. L. Jeppson, London; J. E. Kane, Kingston; D. L. Kennedy, Kingston; Squire Lawson, Toronto; McCartney, Fort William; H. McIntyre, Hamilton; H. W. Martin, Hamilton; McArthur, Thorpe, Norwich, England; Alex. McKay, Toronto; A. Nixon, Georgetown; E. F. Richardson, Port Hope (now at Aurora); Berkeley Stark, Toronto; Harley Smith, Toronto; R. A. Thomas, Toronto; R. J. Wilson, Toronto.

The nurses are: Miss Laura Adams, Galt; Miss Ethel Armstrong, Kingston; Miss Mary Elizabeth Banting, Kenora; Miss Myra Blackwell, Kingston; Miss F. C. Bindon, Toronto; Miss Anita Aileen Carscallen, Tamworth; Miss Rena M. Cass, Wingham; Miss Cora M. Collins, Collingwood; Miss Annie J. Souther, Sault Ste. Marie; Miss Ruth Downey, Toronto; Miss May Davitt, Orillia; Miss Isobel B. Drayfin, Toronto; Miss E. Denton, Annap. P. O.; Miss Edith Evans, Hamilton; Miss Mina Ferguson, Toronto; Miss Elizabeth Ford, Fort William; Miss Winifred Forbes, Toronto; Miss Caroline Green, St. Thomas; Miss F. Gleason, Toronto; Miss Maud Hanna, Wingham; Miss Alice Hogarth, Oshawa; Miss Edith Holland, Oshawa; Miss Gwendolyn Holland, Toronto; Miss Norma Harper, Toronto; Miss Catherine Lawrence, Owen Sound; Miss M. R. Langman, Toronto; Miss Jessie E. Livingston, Renfrew; Miss Hannah Marston, Kempenfelt; Miss George Mavey, Toronto; Miss Martha Morion, Collingwood; Miss Emma Macbeth, Toronto; Miss Mabel M. McIntyre, Toronto; Miss Grace McPherson, Toronto; Miss E. McNeill, North Bay; Miss Marsh, Newmarket; Miss Harriet McCarthy, Toronto; Miss M. A. McKenzie, Toronto; Miss Margaret McMahon, Horton; Miss Gertrude Petty, Hensall; Miss Roy V. Pinney, Dunrobin; Miss Ina F. Pringle, Toronto; Miss Gertrude Radcliffe, Toronto; Miss Rose Frances Reed, Watlington; Miss Annie B. Riley, Toronto; Miss Edith Rogers, Toronto; Miss Lenora Rose, Brockville; Miss Edith Russell, Cobourg; Miss Ann Ronan, Toronto; Miss R. B. A. Smith, Renfrew; Miss Margaret Slacliar, Tilsonburg; Miss Hazel Smith, Port William; Miss Margaret Sullivan, Kenora; Miss Helen Smith, Oakville; Miss Edith Scott, Toronto; Miss M. Tait, West Toronto; Miss Catherine Tucker, Guelph, Ont.; Miss Oda Weldon, Toronto.

Doctors for the psychopathic section are: Dr. Fisher, at front; Dr. Graham, at front; Dr. Williams, at front; Dr. Edward Ryan, Kingston, Ont.

Nurses: From Kingston—Misses Helen Black, Bella Kennedy, Ethel Lunman, Mary M. Kenna, Elizabeth Mills, Katie Murray, Margaret Redmond, Carrie Vanalstine. From London—Misses Mabel Chapman, Margaret Bishop, Jessie Martin, From Hamilton—Misses Annie Wallace, Florence M. Powcoy, Mabel M. Partridge. From Toronto—Misses Elsie Gilbert, Ann I. George, Meta Parker, Eliza Sharkey, Miss Mary Green, Whelan, Brockville; Miss Jessie Milne, Mimico.

ALLIED MINES DREAD TOLL.

Athens, Cable.—Mines planted by the Anglo-French before they evacuated their positions on the Gallipoli Peninsula exploded after the Turks occupied the abandoned posts and killed or injured more than 3,000 of the Sultan's soldiers, according to advices received from Salonika to-day.

The mines had been carefully concealed to prevent discovery, a trench chain being connected by small tunnels, so that when one exploded all had to blow up.

10,000 LEFT OF 160,000 PEOPLE

Awful Toll Paid by Armenians of Sivas.

Their Leader, Murad, Tells of Turkish Atrocities.

London Cable.—Murad of Sivas, Armenian leader, of the province of Sivas, Asia Minor, in an interview just received here from Tiflis, gives an account of the treatment by the Turks of the Armenian population in Asia Minor in which are many new details. Murad who is a well-known warrior, fought his way out of Sivas, reaching Tiflis in December. His story, which is made public by Viscount Bryce, who vouches for the reliability of the source, is in substance as follows: "Out of 160,000 Armenians inhabiting the province of Sivas there remained when Murad left only some 10,000, who had been spared either as useful artisans or because they were old. The remaining people, Murad declared, were either massacred directly or deported to the area between the Euphrates River and northern Mesopotamia.

For disarming the Armenians the Turks, according to Murad, employed various methods of torture. In Khourakhon, he declares, one man was actually shot like a horse; and another killed by putting a red-hot iron crown on his head. At Habesh 3,800 Armenians were put to the poleax or stoned, he asserts. At Herag the men were killed and the young women carried away, while 600 children were detained by the Valli, Murad adds, possibly to be converted to Islam. Many young women went mad, and others committed suicide.

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CANADIANS PROMOTED.

Another List of Men Who Have Won Recognition.

London Cable.—The following have completed the third official course of the Canadian military schools and are now qualified for field officers: Lieuts. M. A. Astbury, Ninth; H. Backhouse, Seventh; E. F. Mather, N. No. 1, Thirtieth; F. C. Heath, M. S. Hunt, F. C. Little, E. W. Pearson, W. J. Smith, H. Taylor, R. D. Twiss, Thirty-second; D. S. Banker, W. F. Hay, H. J. D. Jones, J. C. Newburn, E. G. Richards, Thirty-six; C. Munn, F. H. Wood, W. H. Willard, Thirty-ninth; A. J. Hudson, R. B. Powell, G. E. Scott, Third Pioneer Captain G. W. Taylor, Lieuts. L. W. Fish, N. M. Macdonald, Cavalry Depot.

The following are promoted to Lieutenants of the reserve brigade of artillery: Sergt.-Major M. Flinter, Sergt. T. H. Kitchen, Sergt. A. D. Johnson, Corp. W. Bagnal.

The following are now Lieutenants: Quartermaster-Sergt. R. H. Macfarlane, Medicals, posted to Paymaster's office, London; William Holt, who while posted to the reserve artillery, is detailed for employment under Col. Sir Max Aitken.

Lieut.-Cols. G. S. Tuxford and F. O. Loomis are promoted to Colonels while serving as brigade commanders. Capt. Knight, Eaton Machine Battery, is promoted to Major. Officially gazetted: 11th Reserve, V. A. Curmie, temporary paymaster and honorary Lieutenant; 16th Scottish, Capt. Hope, 2nd Seaforth, temporary Captain; Sergt. A. B. Woodriss, Strathcona's Horse, probationary Lieutenant in the Derbyshire Regiment.

Lieutenant Underhill and Capt. Chaplain Shires have gone to France. Lieut. Fish is transferred from the artillery to the Eaton Machine Battery. Major J. B. Spencer is appointed Assistant Director of Supplies. Capt. W. J. Simpson, Assistant Purchase Officer, and Major Gibbons, formerly of the Base Depot, are now attached to a battalion. Lieut. Gov. formerly of the Princess Patricia's, is now attached to the Eleventh Reserve. Lieuts. Hassall and G. M. Ford of the 52nd are transferred respectively to the Cavalry Depot and the Army Service. Major Godson is promoted to Lieut.-Colonel.

GERMAN THRIFT.

Dead Troop Horses Are All Skinned Now.

London Cable.—As an instance of German thrift and thoroughness, the Germans remove the hides from dead army horses, says the Daily Mail's Balkan correspondent, in describing a trip from Constantinople to Nish over a road from which the evidences of war he stated, had been almost entirely removed.

The correspondent found brigades and tunnels, which the Serbians had blown up, repaired in substantial manner and with astonishing rapidity. Broken bridges were lying in the water at the side of the new ones, and the skinned carcasses of horses along the route were the only signs of the recent fighting.

The writer paid a tribute to the "German system of espionage," stating that instead of one man being detailed to shadow a suspect, the work is done by three or four. He concludes with the statement that he had been informed on good authority that German uniforms had been stored in huge quantities at Nish for Bulgarian troops in the event of fighting in Greek territory.

MORE SACRILEGE.

Kaiser Again Talking of German Clean Conscience.

Berlin Cable via London Cable.—Replying to a message of birthday congratulations from King Ludwig of Bavaria, Emperor William sent the following telegram: "Receive my heartfelt thanks for your friendly congratulations on my birthday. Trusting in God, in the will or our heroic troops to win the victory and the spirit of self-sacrifice of the entire German people, we can look forward with confidence to a victorious end of the bloodiest struggle of all times. All hostile assaults will break to pieces upon the power of a clean conscience, with which Germany, together with her faithful allies, is waging war for the existence of honor and liberty."

HUNS IN LILLE IN BAD SHAPE

Food Shortage There Even Affects the German Soldiers.

Uniforms in Rags, Shoes Gone, Meat a Rarity.

Paris, Cable.—A French business woman who was caught in Lille at the beginning of the war and who has just been repatriated among the refugees from there, to-day told how she found conditions. "The reason, she explained, why the Germans have not only been willing, but anxious, to send so many French people back from Lille is because the civilian population is little better than starving, and would be actually starving if it were not for the American aid they have received. The civilians, she continued, receive absolutely nothing from the army, for the very good reason that the German soldiers themselves in Lille are almost without food. According to her, six officers quartered in a house in Lille told her that the Germans would be unable to hold Lille and that sector of the front two months longer, as they could not feed the men. She says the German soldiers' uniforms are in rags and their shoes are dropping from their feet. They have a meat ration only once a week, while the horses have no hay or grain at all. Instead they are fed on chopped straw mixed with sugar, and the men, whenever they can, steal the sugar from the horses.

STRANGE CRIME.

Unknown Man Fours Acid Down Throat of a Babe.

New York Report.—Four-weeks-old Julius Clemens died to-day from the effects of a quantity of acid forced down his throat by an unidentified man while the child was sitting in a go-cart outside of a candy shop in the Bronx yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Clemens, the baby's mother, had stepped into the shop, leaving her four-year-old daughter, Leonia, to watch Julius. When the mother rushed to the street in response to the girl's screams, she found that the baby's mouth, chin and back had been burned by a strong acid, and the child was crying. "A man did it," said Leonia. "He gave baby something."

Mrs. Clemens later recalled that she saw a saw-toothed man, apparently about 45 years old, walking away from the go cart, but at the time she was too excited to carefully note the man's appearance. Police have been unable to obtain a clue to the identity of the child poisoner, and they are also at a loss as to the motive for the crime.

SUBS. AGAIN.

Many Off Britain Lately—Russia Now Aroused.

New York Despatch.—Numerous German submarines have been sighted in the war zone around the British Isles during the past few weeks, according to passengers who arrived today on the steamer California from Liverpool and Glasgow. The sailing of the steamer was delayed one day owing to the reported presence of the U-boats, and the California was escorted by torpedo boat destroyers until safely outside of the war zone.

The Russians are "waking up" in every way, according to Dr. Fedotek W. Eastman, who has been acting as a Red Cross surgeon in Russia and Serbia for more than a year. "Heretofore, the Russians have fought solely as a duty," said Dr. Eastman, "but they are now strongly antagonistic to the Germans and Austrians, and are entering the war with a vengeance. There is great activity in Russia, not only in the movement of troops, but in the gathering and transportation of all manner of munitions and supplies."

The California, after passing north of Scotland, encountered a series of gales and high seas for more than a week.

TARA SURVIVORS.

Victims of German Sub. Now in Hands of Senussi.

London, Cable.—The following official announcement was made to-day: "A report received to-day from Egypt states that there are 85 survivors of the Tara at present in the hands of the Senussi. They are being well treated. An attempt is being made to send them clothing, etc."

The British armed boarding steamer Tara was sunk in the Eastern Mediterranean early in November by a German submarine. Press reports at the time said 34 men were missing. Word was received on Nov. 25 that the survivors had been unable to reach the Egyptian coast and had landed at El Azlat, two days west of the Gulf of Suez, at the border between Egypt and Tripoli.

ATHENS GRAIN WAREHOUSE.

Recent purchases amount to 1,000 Bags FLOUR, and over 5,000 Bags FEED.

ATHENS LUMBER YARD AND GRAIN WAREHOUSE.

ATHENS Skating Rink!

Lockers and Skates TO RENT.

SEASON TICKETS. FAMILY \$3.00. LADIES \$1.50. STUDENTS \$1.35. GENT'S \$2.00.

WM. A. McLEAN, Mgr.

We do all kinds of Printing. Come and see us when ordering your next supply.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

E. Taylor, Auctioneer, has opened a Real Estate Agency at his office in Athens and has now several desirable properties in village and country for sale at very reasonable prices.

Furniture

When intending Purchasing any kind of Furniture visit our store before doing so.

Undertaking

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

GEO. E. JUDSON ATHENS, ONT.

DICK'S BAZAAR.

Great REDUCTION Sale

The Next 30 Days.

IN ORDER TO REDUCE MY LARGE STOCK OF Crockery and Glassware and Lamp Goods AND MANY OTHER LINES.

I have decided to offer same for sale at a big discount for cash. During the past few months these goods have advanced in price and having bought previously to the advance, you are assured of making money by buying now.

While we are not reducing the price on many lines of our goods, still you will find, as in the past, that it pays to visit our store, as we are always known to sell goods on a small margin of profit.

We are sole agents for this district for the TELFER BISCUITS and FANCY CAKES. They are highly spoken of by those who have used them. Try a sample—you will be pleased.

R. J. CAMPO, - - Proprietor.

Local and District News

We want everybody in this district to read The Reporter.

E. E. Tribute, D.D.G.M., installed the officers of Lyn and Mallorytown Lodges, I.O.O.F. last week.

Fresh Oysters, Fruit and Confectionery. Maude Addison, Athens.

An unusual sight was seen in the village on Monday afternoon when a large flock of yellow-bellied nuthatches paid a transitory visit to some of the lawns on Main street.

There is to be a "Rally" in connection with the Women's Missionary Society on the evening of Feb. 3rd in the vestry of the Methodist church.

Mr. W. W. Gray, Albert street, inspector for Ballantyne & Sons, cheese exporters, has been appointed manager of the Brockville branch of the Whyte Packing Co.

The contract for the new Sacred Heart Church that is to be built at Wolfe Is'and, has been awarded to Mr. Cheyne, Peterboro, the contract price being \$56,617.

The Lyndhurst Dramatic Club will present the comedy-drama, "A Receipt for \$10,000," in the Town Hall, Athens, on the evening of Thursday, Feb. 10.

At the Tuesday session of the Counties' Council at Cornwall, Mr. W. J. Forrester, Science Master of the Smith Falls Collegiate Institute, was appointed Public School Inspector for Dundas County.

Robert Moodie, a laborer residing on Schofield's Hill, was taken into custody by Constable Glazier this morning on a warrant sworn out by his wife, who charges him with non-support.

George Mott Dead. George Mott died Sunday evening, Jan. 30th, at the home of Mr. H. P. Punam, Main street, Athens, after a brief illness of pneumonia and heart trouble.

Deceased was born at Greenbush sixty years ago and his whole life has been spent in this county. A wife and three children survive, namely, Mrs. Morgan Sherman, of Brockville; Clifford, of Brockville, and Gordon, of Pakenham, Ont; also one sister, Mrs. Charlotte Stephenson, of Brockville.

The funeral was held on Monday afternoon at two o'clock to the Holiness Movement Church, where services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Claxton.

The remains were placed in the vault. It pays to Advertise. Advertise in the Reporter.

Purely Personal Items.

Mr. Fred Yates is teaching school at Maitland.

Miss Nellie Kelly is visiting friends in Frankville.

Mr. William Ennis of Frankville, was in Athens on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Rockwood and family are moving to Brockville.

Mr. D. A. Cummings of Brockville, was in town on business on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooker have moved from the Gray farm, into the McChain house on Mill street.

Mrs. Byron Giffin of Brockville, spent Tuesday here at the home of her mother, Mrs. L. Munroe.

Master Jim Brown returned to his home, Lynchhurst, on Friday last, after having spent the past five weeks with his grandmother, Mrs. M. Rappell.

Miss Cora Gray of Brockville, has purchased the millinery business of Miss Mulvaugh, in Athens, and will open March 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. W. McAndrews of Athens, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss E. H. McAndrew to Mr. William M. Rogers of Evesham, Saskatchewan.

Miss Lenora Rose, graduate nurse of Brockville Hospital, spent Tuesday with Dr. and Mrs. Bright. Thursday, she will join the nurses and doctors in Toronto, en route for The Canadian Hospital, Orpington, Kent.

Miss Caroline LaRose, trained nurse, who has been in Montreal the past six months, has been accepted to go to the front as a nurse with the Laval unit, and expects to leave shortly for France.

Mrs. N. K. Benedict has sold her residence on Reid street to Mrs. Leadbeater, who will take possession in a few weeks. Mrs. Benedict will reside at Plum Hollow with her daughter, Mrs. Alf Kilborn.

REGAL CARS. Before buying ANY make of car have a ride in the Regal. Free demonstrations while the weather remains fine. Phone us now! EARL CONSTRUCTION COMPANY ATHENS, ONT.

The Late Mrs. Brown. Mrs. John Brown, widow of the late John Brown of Addison, passed peacefully away in her home at Addison on Tuesday, Jan. 25th, 1916.

The deceased, who had lived in the community for over sixty years, was widely and favorably known. Her kindness of heart and ready sympathy for any one in distress or trouble, caused her to be greatly beloved by her friends, to all of whom she was familiarly known as "Aunt Eunice."

Her life was always a great power for good in the community. Aunt Eunice has put on immortality but her unselfish Christian character will still shine resplendently in our midst.

The funeral services were held at Athens and were attended by a large circle of friends, who by their reference to the beautiful life of the deceased, made the loss seem less severe. Her remains were placed in the vault and in the spring will be laid by her husband in the Athens cemetery.

Women's Institute Meets.

A most interesting meeting of the Women's Institute was held on Saturday afternoon. After the transaction of business the following programme was rendered:

Piano Solo—Miss Usher. Reading—Mrs. Jeffery. Paper on the History of the Union Jack—Miss Bravman. Solo—"Somewhere in France"—Mrs. Swayne.

The exhibition of curios was a surprise and many excellent specimens were shown.

The February meeting will be a literary one and the programme is in the hands of the young girls. Saturday will be "Nickel Day." Watch for the Red Cross Midgets and have your nickel ready.

A male visitor from Glengarry, who has been imbibing rather freely and acting in a disorderly manner, the past few days in Brockville, was sent up for twenty-one days in default of an assessment of six dollars.

Local and District News

Subscribe for The Reporter. Send in any news items you may have.

There were two judgment summons cases heard in Division Court here on Thursday last.

Communion service will be held in the Methodist church, Athens, next Sunday at 10.30 a.m., and at Elbe at 2.30 p.m.

The latest recruits for the 156th Leeds and Grenville Battalion in Athens are Allie Thornhill and Harman Covey, bringing the number to nine.

Mr. Frank Eames, for a number of years collector of taxes at Gananoque, has leased the well-known summer resort property, Tremont Park, and will assume the management on the opening of the season.

Aniline dyes to the value of \$150,000 have been imported from China and the first shipment came through Ogdensburg last week, being transported by the Canadian Pacific from Vancouver, B.C.

Several beavers are known to have taken up their residence within a few miles of Carp and deer are frequently seen going backward and forward, and a bear is occasionally captured, but the latest fur bearing animals to make their appearance in Huntley are wolves.

Unmarried men who apply for posts as provincial fire rangers in future must produce certificate showing that they had offered themselves for enlistment or their applications will not be entertained.

Benjamin Cavanagh of Newboro, was brought here Thursday night by County Constable Dyer and committed for trial at police court Friday morning on a charge of obtaining \$4 worth of goods from A. G. Sykes, for which a worthless cheque was presented.

Mr. W. J. Morris, of Delta, treasurer of the society, is in receipt of the following from Mr. B. S. MacInnes, Hon. Recording Secretary of The Canadian Red Cross Society: "I beg to acknowledge with thanks your letter of the 25th instant, enclosing cheque for \$100.00, being a donation resulting from a play given by the Delta Dramatic Club at Delta and Athens.

Dr. Edward Ryan, Rockwood Hospital, Kingston, has been appointed head of the physiotherapeutic section of the Ontario war hospital in England, for the treatment of nervous diseases. The commander and the heads of the other departments of the hospital, those of medicine and surgery, will be selected from men in England who have had experience already in military hospital work at the front.

The Delta Women's Institute will meet in the Delta Town Hall Feb. 10th at 7.30, when Mrs. R. G. Leggett, District President, will be present. Miss G. Godkin will also give an account of her trip through California and visit to the Exposition.

Why should special prominence be given the fact that a son, sometimes an only son, of some prominent politician has enlisted for overseas service. Are those sons any dearer to the affections of the mother and father of the politicians than are the sons of less prominent parents? When a son enlists, and the parents consent, they but do their simple duty, and one deserves the same need of praise as the other.

Card of Thanks. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Brown wish to thank the friends and neighbors for their kindness during the sickness and following the death of their grandmother, Mrs. Eunice Brown.

Horses Wanted!

By W. H. Moffatt, V.S., Lecturer and Demonstrator to the Master Horse Shoers of Ontario, Incorporated.

I expect to be AT ATHENS within the Next Thirty Days, treating lameness in horses, particularly foot lameness, such as deformed hoofs, corns, toe and quarter cracks, side bones, many kinds of ring bones, quitters, interfering and faulty action.

Farm for Sale

The John Decker farm, about two miles south of Athens, consisting of about 150 acres First-class dairy farm, well watered, good buildings Immediate possession. Apply to T. R. BEALE, Athens

Cattle and Horses

For Holstein cattle any age, pure bred or grade; also horses, any style for any purpose—Apply to S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Athens

Our January Sale Is Now in Full Swing. We mention a few of the specials; there are hundreds of others. 12c White Saxony Flannelette 8 1/2-300 yards extra heavy white Flannelette, regular 12c... sale 8 1/2c

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA. NOTE THE FOLLOWING. Paid Up Capital \$7,000,000. Reserve 7,248,134. Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over 84,000,000.

We are clearing out the balance of our Xmas stock of BAGS and SUITCASES At a very Liberal Discount. KELLY'S The Shoe Store of Quality. Next Door West of Robert Wright's. BROCKVILLE

The Reporter has space in its paper for sale to intending advertisers. Mr. Merchant, don't say the people buy elsewhere. They will trade with you. Invite them to do so through the columns of the Reporter.

BUY THIS PACKAGE ONLY. Hazol-Menthol-Plaster. FOR QUICK RELIEF FROM LUMBAGO—SCIATICA—BACKACHE NEURALGIA—RHEUMATISM.

United Counties Donates \$24,000. REPRESENTATIVE WANTED AT ONCE For ATHENS and District FOR THE Old Reliable FONTHILL Nurseries.

FOR THE COMPLEXION HANDS AND SKIN. DYLICIA TOILET CREAM. 50c. per bottle. Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.