

Breaking Up!

Tory-Liberal-Unionist Alliance
Going to Pieces.

British Conservative Members
Snub the Speaker.

French Evacuation of Tunis Must Pre-
cede English Evacuation of Egypt.

Death of the Liberal M. P. for
East Leeds.

Counterfeit Bank Bills Concealed in
Supposed Lead Pencils.

Serious Results of a Recent Engagement
in the Chitral Region.

A LORD IN LUCK.

LONDON, April 14.—The Dowager
Duchess of Marlborough will settle
\$300,000 a year upon Lord Wm. Beres-
ford, to whom she is engaged to be
married.

LORD ROSEBURY'S HEALTH.

LONDON, April 14.—Lord Rosebury
is still suffering from intermittent at-
tacks of insomnia, and his physicians
still continue to urge him to go abroad
for his health.

ITALY AND ABYSSINIA.

ROME, April 14.—The inhabitants of
the Tigre region of Abyssinia are pray-
ing to Italy for protection, and the Gov-
ernment has ordered Gen. Baratieri to
maintain his occupation of that coun-
try.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

LONDON, April 14.—A committee of
ladies, headed by the Marchioness of
Queensberry, have been formed with the
object of reviving the agitation look-
ing to the release of Mrs. Maybrick
from prison.

HOSTAGES RETURNED.

CALCUTTA, April 14.—Umra Khan
has sent Lieut. Edwards to the British
camp at Lado. Lieut. Fowler is ex-
pected to arrive there soon. Both offi-
cers have been held as hostages by the
native leader.

CANADIAN HORSES IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 14.—On Thursday last
sixteen horses shipped at New York by
Mr. J. A. Walker, of Ontario, sold at
prices which ranged from \$120 to \$200.
Three other consignments are already
booked for shipment.

DEATH OF A LIBERAL M. P.

LONDON, April 14.—The death is an-
nounced of Lawrence Gange, member
of Parliament for the east division of
Leeds. Mr. Gange died at sea while
returning from New Zealand. In politi-
cs he was a Liberal and home ruler.

THE ARMENIAN MATTER.

LONDON, April 14.—The Armenian
committee have imported the refugees
from the alleged massacres in Armenia,
and the work will be received by Mr.
Gladstone today. The Globe's corre-
spondent in Constantinople reasserts
that most of the stories have been in-
vented, and are part of the propaganda
of an organized campaign against the
Porte.

A CURIOUS CASE.

BERLIN, April 14.—A curious case
of the punishment of a deserter from
the army has attracted a great deal of
attention. A trooper belonging to the
Fourth Regiment of Uhlans deserted
during the siege of Paris, and fled to
China, where he served with the Chi-
nese army for fourteen years. He later
returned to Germany, and acted as
overseer in a manufactory, was discov-
ered and arrested, and by court-
martial and sentenced to five years'
imprisonment in a fortress.

THE QUEEN'S MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, April 14.—Queen Victoria
will arrive in Darmstadt on April 21.
The gathering at the Hessian court
will include Emperor William, the Em-
press Frederick, the Duke and Duchess
of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the Prince and
Princess of Prussia, the Prince and
Princess of Leiningen, the Prince
and Princess of Hohenzollern-
Langenburg. The Queen wishes her
visit in Darmstadt to be as quiet as
possible. There will be only one state
reception and one court concert while
she is there.

THE NEW SPEAKER SNUBBED.

LONDON, April 14.—The Tories make
no secret of their annoyance at the de-
feat of their candidate for the Speaker-
ship. They ostentatiously refrained
from shaking hands with him as the
Liberal did as they passed out of the
House after the election, as the younger
men among them are already concert-
ing means to embarrass Mr. Gully in
the arduous work which lies before
him, so that when he comes before the
House for re-election next year or ear-
lier he shall not have a strikingly suc-
cessful administrative record to plead
in his favor.

CRIME IN LONDON.

LONDON, April 14.—The Oscar Wilde
case has led to the arrest of two men
who were implicated in the Cleveland
street scandal. In the rooms of one
of them, J. C. Goodchild, the police
found a diary recording the foulest acts,
but nothing was discovered relating
to Wilde. The revelations, however,
show that the ramifications of a pecu-
liar type of vice are almost past be-
lief. It has transpired that Wilde's
friend (Taylor) is the son of a London
merchant. He inherited a sum of \$17-
600 a year ago, but dissipated his for-
tune in profligacy.

A CLEVER TRICK.

LONDON, April 14.—For some time
the Russian Government has been try-
ing to trace the origin of the counter-
feit notes which have been freely cir-
culated in St. Petersburg and elsewhere.
The authorities felt certain that they
were engraved abroad, and a sharp look-
out was kept on the custom houses for
a long time without result. Finally a
large consignment of pencils was sent
through the custom house. On the Ger-
man frontier they were inspected and

passed in the regular way. An official
happened to drop one of these pencils.
This was afterwards picked up by an-
other employee. On the next day the
finder undertook to sharpen it, when he
discovered that it had no lead, but that
bank note had been carefully rolled and
inserted where the lead should be. The
pencil had been dispatched from Eng-
land.

SUDDEN FLIGHT OF A NOBLE
LORD.

LONDON, April 14.—As a sequel to
the Oscar Wilde exposure inquiry is
now especially directed toward a promi-
nent member of the House of Lords
who has left the country for his coun-
try's good, and who, even if he escapes
the fate now hanging over Wilde, will
never again enter the society of which
ten days ago he was a leading member.
Wilde's guilt seems so overwhelmingly
established that his doom is regarded as
sealed, and everybody regrets that it is
necessary to bring him yet again into
the light of day, and to consign him to
oblivion deeper than the grave. His case
is so hopeless that some of the more
charitable of those formerly his friends
are showing little sympathy for the
plucky but miserable creature—plucky
based solely on the assumption that his
responsibility is somewhat lessened by
mental disease.

THE STORY DISCREDITED.

LONDON, April 14.—The rumor that
Sir Roderick Cameron's daughter was
robbed at the Victoria station on Thurs-
day evening of a tin case containing
\$10,000 worth of securities and valuable
jewelry is regarded with skepticism at
Scotland Yard. No such case has been
reported to Scotland Yard detectives.
If there was any robbery at all, the
sum was so small that the matter was
left to the local police. The story was
that when she arrived on the station
on her way to Paris Miss Cameron
placed the box at her feet, and that she
immediately afterwards someone tapped
her on the shoulder. She turned round,
and a man who had touched her apolo-
gized for so doing, and when she looked
for the box it was gone.

COMING ELECTIONS.

Mr. Frederic Harold cables from
London to the New York Times: Al-
though the Parliamentary reconven-
ing tends to April 22, sharp political
excitement will reign a little earlier over
two bye-elections in Oxford and Mid-
Norfolk, which are coming next week.
They are close seats in any case, but
the quarrel which is now fast becom-
ing bitter between the Tories and the Unionists
renders them peculiarly doubtful, and
no one dares to hazard a guess how
they will go. All sorts of rumors are
circulating that the Tories are in the
advantage when the House broke up on
Wednesday of an impending mutiny by
Mr. Joseph Chamberlain against Mr.
Balfour. It was evident that suspi-
cions that the mutiny entered largely
into the intrigues of the Speakership
canvass, and it made everybody so ner-
vous and excitable that the scene of
Mr. Gully's election came very near in-
volving personal collisions on the floor
of the House.

THE RADICALS RESTIVE.

LONDON, April 14.—The Radicals
have decided to support the motion of
Mr. Tomlinson Brunner, Liberal mem-
ber for the Northwick division of
Wiltshire, proposing to abolish the cus-
tom of summoning the House of Com-
mons to the House of Lords to hear
the royal assent to bills, the observance
of which is one of the few remaining
practices recalling the old-time subser-
vity of the House of Commons to the
Lords.

Mr. Brunner contends that a custom
compelling the Speaker and the mem-
bers of the representative body to
trudge into the House of Lords to take
part in a ludicrous ceremony is too
degrading to the Lower House to be
any longer tolerated. The Radicals in-
sist that if necessary to the mainten-
ance of royal assent in the presence
of both houses, the peers ought to be
required to come to the Commons.

TIT FOR TAT.

LONDON, April 14.—The Speaker,
which is reputed to be an inspired Gov-
ernment organ, has added gravity to
the Franco-English situation by declar-
ing that the French evacuation of
Tunis must precede or accompany the
English evacuation of Egypt. During
the present negotiations between Eng-
land and France the question of Egypt
has not once arisen, except as associ-
ated with British claims in the Upper
Nile Valley. If the disputes shall be
finally referred to a European confer-
ence, they will include the Egyptian
question, and the obvious subject of
England is to include Tunis also.

Several of the Provincial Chambers
of Commerce are following the example
of the London chamber in memorial-
izing the Government to take effective
measures to secure the waterway of
the Nile from Uganda to Fashoda. The
Government's order for the completion
of the Mombasa and Uganda Railway
shows an earnest intention on the part
of Great Britain to maintain her claims
to the Upper Nile sphere.

HOT ENGAGEMENT AT CHITRAL.

CALCUTTA, April 14.—The following
news of the Chitral campaign was sent
from Sir Robert Lowe's headquarters
today: A corps of guides under Colonel
Baird was instructed yesterday to de-
stroy the villages in the hills from which
a persistent fire was dropping into the
camp. The guides advanced further
than Sir Robert had intended. They
discovered two large bodies of the
enemy approaching, and signalled to
that effect. Sir Robert signalled back
that the guides should retire at once.
This the guides did, delivering a steady
fire at the enemy. The natives were
held in check, and apparently suffered
heavy losses. Just as the movement of
the guide corps was completed Colonel
Baird fell mortally wounded. He died
a few minutes later. The British lost
seventeen privates and two officers and
seventeen privates wounded. The Brit-
ish had no idea that such a large force
of the enemy was in the immediate
neighborhood. Nevertheless, their loss
would not have been so heavy had the
commander's instructions been under-
stood and obeyed. Further fighting in
the near future was regarded as likely
when the last dispatches left camp.

JAPAN'S TERMS OF PEACE.

The New York World's London corre-
spondent says: Japan's terms of peace are
approved with practical unanimity so far by
the London newspapers. Both the Con-
servative and the Liberal organs express the
opinion that the conquerors are not asking
too much. It is even reported that the de-
mand for the cession of the Liaotung
(Shingking) Peninsula has evoked no vigor-
ous English protest anywhere. But the
tone of the Berlin official press indicates a
disposition on the part of the German Gov-
ernment to act with Russia in resisting this
demand. The point is made in Berlin and
in Vienna, too, and it is understood that
representations to such effect have been

made to the English Government that Japan
Roberts allowed to have a line of harbors
from Formosa to Port Arthur, unless the
other maritime powers get important con-
cessions for their navies in the East. It is
stated, apparently on good authority, in
Paris today, that the French Government
has given Russia perfect assurance of her
intention to support Russian resistance to
any cession of territory on the Chinese
mainland.

LONDON, April 14.—The Morning Post
has this dispatch from Shanghai: A private
telegram from Chinese officials in
Hiroshima reports that the terms of peace
were finally arranged by the negotiators in
Shimonoseki yesterday.

However, a Yokohama dispatch also in
the Post says that the army did not meet
yesterday but were expected to reach a
final decision today or tomorrow.

THE CHITRAL PROBLEM.

The New York Tribune's London
special says: Gen. Low's initial suc-
cess against the Chitral tribesmen
seems to have knocked all heart out of
his opponents. The machine and moun-
tain guns at Malakand Pass taught a
lesson, the force of which even young
bloods among the hills have been com-
pelled to acknowledge, and today we
hear of Umra Khan being virtually de-
serted, while the opposition to the
march of the British army seems melt-
ing away. Col. Kelly's brilliant feat
of crossing the Shaudar Pass has caused
a diversion and the release of Dr.
Roberts—the immediate object of the
campaign—appears within arm's length
of accomplishment, with the prospect
of little or perhaps no more fighting.
There now arises the question, What
shall be the frontier policy of the Indian
Government? Lord Roberts proposes
that Chitral and the country between it
and the rest of the empire be retained,
not only to control the exit by the
passes of the Hindoo-Koosh, but to
prevent the Pathan tribesmen from
joining Russia, should she ever descend
by the Chitral route. Mr. Nevill
Chamberlain, who, it is suspected, re-
jects the opinion of the Indian Gov-
ernment, deprecates that proposition.
He argues that such a policy would
mean the stirring up of the liveliest
home nest on the frontier, and the
financial strain upon India is enormous
already. Seventeen thousand men are
engaged in this campaign alone.

BREAKING UP.

Growing Rift in the Conservative-
Liberal-Unionist Alliance.

LONDON, April 14.—What the Spec-
tator calls the worst political omen of
the moment is the growing rift in the
Conservative-Liberal-Unionist alliance.
Under formal treaties between the lead-
ers of the Conservatives and Liberal-
Union parties, the former pledged them-
selves to the support of candidates of
the Unionists in all constituencies which
the latter held when they deserted Mr.
Gladstone on the Home Rule issue. At
each general election since that time
the influence of the Unionists has been
diminished by the defection of the Lib-
eral-Unionist candidates. Lately the
candidates elected lately have owed their
successes to Conservative votes. The
repeated collisions which have taken
place in the settlement of the claims of
rival candidates at bye-elections have
at last convinced the Conservatives
that they themselves are losing strength
under the compact, and they would do
measurably better alone. The dis-
content with the alliance which has long
been prevalent among the Tory rank
and file was recently reflected by the
attack made upon Mr. Chamberlain by
the Standard and other Conservative
papers, and the breach is made more
noticeable by the response in Mr.
Chamberlain's Birmingham organ that
the alliance between the two anti-Home
Rule parties is for the moment to be
maintained unless the Conservatives pa-
dent respect to the opinions of the Unionist
leaders. The strain was greatly in-
creased when Mr. Chamberlain and
other Liberal-Unionists were dissemi-
nated of the Welsh Church. The
Conservatives declare that the pact
ought to cover the whole Conservative
programme, and contend that if the
Unionists can support its aims, they
thirty they at least ought not to be op-
posed to the leading principles of the
Conservative party.

Conservative pressure has been brought
upon Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour
with a view of hastening a split be-
tween the Tories and Liberal-Unionists,
but it has had the effect to elicit a re-
tention of the alliance, and Mr. Balfour
with a view of hastening a split be-
tween the Tories and Liberal-Unionists,
but it has had the effect to elicit a re-
tention of the alliance, and Mr. Balfour
with a view of hastening a split be-
tween the Tories and Liberal-Unionists,
but it has had the effect to elicit a re-
tention of the alliance, and Mr. Balfour

The New York Sun's London special
cable says: Indications multiply as to
the serious nature of the revolt of a large
section of the Tory party against Mr.
Joseph Chamberlain and the Liberal-
Unionist alliance. No chance is missed
by many of the younger Tories to en-
barras and humiliate the Liberal-
Unionist leader. The bitter tone of Mr.
Balfour's speech on Wednesday and his
disavowal of responsibility for the in-
trigue which barred Mr. Courtney from
the Speakership are supposed to have
been wrung from him by the unbear-
able position in which he finds himself
between Mr. Chamberlain and the rank
and file of the Tory party. An angry
threat of the rupture of the alliance un-
less silent submission is made to Mr.
Chamberlain has been issued from Bir-
mingham. It is received without re-
spect or dismay in the Tory quarters.
The remarkable feature of the session
has been the strange series of incidents
concerning Mr. Chamberlain and his
alliance. The value of his alliance to
Tory party. It is curious how far the
coalition Government which we heard
so much of at the beginning of the ses-
sion has dropped into the background.
The Unionists still believe they will
be in a majority at a general election,
but among the Conservatives no talk
is heard nowadays of that Cabinet of
all the talents so freely talked about a
short time ago. One of the shrewdest
Conservatives in the House of Commons
expressed the conviction yesterday that
the Conservative rank and file would

not stand Chamberlain in the Cabinet
at all. They are willing to see the Duke
of Devonshire in some sinecure Cabinet
office, but no other Liberal-Unionist
would be tolerated.

EXCAVATIONS IN GREECE.

Many Specimens of Art Have Been
Uncovered.

ATHENS, April 14.—The excavations
of the American School of Archaeology
at Heracleon and Argos, directed by Prof.
Charles Wadstein, have been resumed
this spring, giving employment to 250
workmen. The work has been success-
ful. Besides the two temples and five
buildings previously discovered, a large
colonnade, 45 feet long and well preserv-
ed, has been found 25 feet below the
earth and to the south of the second
temple. The excavators have also
found parts of Metopes, two marble
heads of the best Greek period, 100 ob-
jects of bronze and gold, gems, vases
and terra cotta of the Homeric peri-
od, also numerous scarabs, several
mycenaean tombs and an argive inscrip-
tion in bronze, possibly of a religious
character. The excavations which are
now in their fourth season, will be com-
pleted this year. They rival the French
excavations at Delphi in magnitude and
importance, and the objects found re-
present all the periods of Greek life,
from the pre-historic to the Roman, and
give specimens of the sculpture and
architecture of the Periclean age. They
have already produced more material
for the history of the earliest Ceramic
art than was discovered in any previ-
ous excavations, including those of Dr.
Schliemann.

REDUCED TO ASHES.

A \$200,000 Provision Warehouse Burned
—Blaze in Woodstock.

HAVANA, April 14.—The large pro-
vision warehouse of Miret Bros. & Goni
at Matanzas was burned on Friday.
Loss, \$200,000.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., April 14.—A two-
story new brick house belonging to
Mrs. E. Rolston, a widow, No. 193
Dundas street west, was completely
destroyed with all the furniture this
morning. Mrs. Rolston left for Drumbo
last night.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Restoring Wages to Former Rates—
Eight-Hour Day Agitation.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 14.—It
is generally conceded that an advance
of wages will be given in all the cotton
mills in the city, amounting to an in-
crease of about 12 per cent over the
present rates.

BERLIN, April 14.—A few work-
men's meetings will be held here on
May Day to denounce the Anti-Socialist
Bill, and in favor of the eight-hour
day. On May 5, however, the Socialists
will make strong demonstrations
throughout the empire.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 14.—The
weavers in the Barnaby gingham mill
have notified the authorities that they
will not return on Monday morning
unless wages are advanced. The men
insist on a full restoration of the cut
down of last August.

RAPID RISE OF A RIVER.

Through Trains for Montreal and the
West Canceled.

CONCORD, N. H., April 14.—The
heavy rains last night and today caus-
ed the Merrimack River to overflow its
banks. The river has been rising at
the rate of eight inches per hour, and
as the rain continues at a late hour
tonight there is no prospect of the flood
subsiding. Through trains for Montreal
and the west were canceled in Boston
tonight on account of washouts and
high water. The trains to Boston
and New Hampshire Railroads.

MR. LAURIER'S HEALTH.

MONTREAL, April 14.—Mr. Laurier,
the Liberal leader, arrived here today.
He is much improved in health, and
will in a few days leave for Ottawa to
commence his Parliamentary duties.

THEY FEEL RELIEVED.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The state-
ment that Nicaragua has made a satis-
factory reply to Great Britain's ultimatum,
is believed here to be correct. This
closes an episode that might have
resulted in numerous complications to
the United States.

CAUGHT IN THE CATTLE GUARD.

JACKSON, Mich., April 14.—Charles
Binning, aged 70, a wealthy Sandstone
farmer of English antecedents, was
killed at the Wildwood crossing on
Friday. Children say that the old man
saw the train approach and tried to
escape, but his foot caught in the
cattle guard.

THE CUBAN UPRISING.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 14.—A
special from Tampa, Fla., says news
from Cuba today is to the effect that
there is a big uprising in the Province
of Puerto Principe; that all laborers,
sugar field hands and sympathizers are
in arms, and that a battle is at hand
that will probably decide the fate of
Cuba. The uprising in Puerto Principe
is general and will seriously affect re-
sults. Maceo is on the island hasten-
ing to the front with 11,000 men.

LIGHTLY PUNISHED.

CLEVELAND, O., April 14.—Editor
Elish Robinson was fined thousands
of people throughout the country by
means of a publication called the
Ladies' Gem Monthly, a fake rebus
and bogus watch scheme, was yesterday
sentenced in the United States court to
three months' imprisonment and to pay
a fine of \$250. Robinson was arrested
here several months ago for violating
the postal laws. He jumped his bail
bond of \$1,000 and fled the country. Re-
cently he turned up in Chicago, when
he again commenced operating the same
kind of a swindle. He was arrested by
the United States authorities in Chi-
cago, and sent back to Cleveland for
trial.

Steamers Arrived.

April 13. At From
Noordland.....London.....New York
Paris.....Liverpool.....New York
Paris.....New York.....Southampton
La Bourgne.....Havre.....New York
April 14. From
L. G. soigne.....New York.....Havre
Edam.....New York.....Amsterdam

KINGSMILL'S

Dundas and Carling Sts.

Easter Attractions!

NEWEST

CHEAPEST

BEST

QUALITY CONSIDERED.

MILLINERY.

If the new Hat or Bonnet is not ordered yet, see what we can do for you. The millinery event of the season was the impression of styles you got here on our opening days, when you saw 107 of the most exclusive and original productions of the leading French Artists, and the impression you got of styles for spring and summer isn't to be compared by words. It'll influence you buying without a shadow of doubt. Those who want something exclusively their own will be pleased to know that we trim to order. Those who want a French Pattern Hat at less cost than the original can have it; our artists can copy everything, for they have the materials, at lower cost than the pattern. Come and see us.

LACES.

Without boasting, we claim to be leaders of London's Lace Trade. See for yourself. Nowhere else the assortment, the styles, the prices, and none is of any use if not new. Lace is the polish given to the venter. The newest

Point De Paris Point De Luxvell Spanish
Torchon Oriental Chantilly
Valenciennes Guipure Soutache
Irish Point Vandyke

DRESS GOODS.

Every store in town claims to have the leading Dress Goods Department. We can only say come and see us. It is a moral impossibility to discuss our various lines. Perhaps we can give you an idea if we say we have everything Come and see our stock.

SILKS.

In Silks we are stronger than ever this season. We start at an All-Silk Surah at 25c the yard, and stop at \$5 the yard. Every kind and color you can think of is here for your choice, at all prices.

Bengaline Gros Grains Poie De Soie Empires
Chinas Taffetas Armures Crystals
Surahs Merveilleux Luxors Satins
Failles Duchesse Royales Pongees

CARPETS.

We have without doubt the largest stock of Carpets and House Furnishings in Western Ontario.

If our understanding is correct you want to buy from the biggest stocks and at the lowest prices. We began the carpet business by keeping out of the rut into which the trade had got, and maintaining the stock in a most wholesome condition. We mean to lift it higher yet, for there's a trade in carpets, possible to the store that'll supply it well, immensely larger than any now existing. We think the way to do it lies in the very direction we have taken—

Exclusive Styles, Best Values,
Largest Assortment, Perfect Service,
Finest Qualities, Lowest Prices.

Busy months are ahead of us in this department. As your mind rests on house-cleaning and renovating, think of the most likely place to supply your wants. Come and see us. Under one roof.

Carpets, Mats,
Oilcloths, Blinds,
Linoleums, Blind Rollers,
Mattings, Blind Fringes,
Curtains, Curtain Poles,
Curtain Materials, Etc., Etc.,
Rugs.

Everything for House Furnishings is here. Our prices are convincing. For instance: A yard wide Hemp Carpet at 9c. A yard wide Extra Heavy Union Carpet at 25c. A good Tapestry Stair Carpet at 18c. A heavy China Matting, yard wide, at 12 1/2c. A heavy English Linoleum, not oilcloth, at 45c. A Blind complete, roller, pull and fasteners, for 40c. We import for the trade of Western Ontario, and do not propose carrying a stock of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CARPETS ALONE to be approached in price by any petty dealers in this part of the Province. Our sales during last month are an evidence that our prices are unapproachable. All railroad charges prepaid on purchases out of town.

Help Seekers
Read the
Advertiser.

A 15-word situation
ad in the ADVER-
TISER costs
It will secure employment—See next page

15c

THE People's Page.

Consulted by Everybody.

Popular and Effective.

For Rates See Line Under Headings.

Amusements and Lectures

(Advertisements under this heading 2c. per word. Not less than 15 words.)

LONDON CHORAL SOCIETY'S CONCERT

MISS EVELYN DELATRE STREET

MRS. MACKELCAN (CONTRALTO), MR.

LONDON CHORAL SOCIETY SING SIX

MISS EVELYN DELATRE STREET

MRS. FRANK MACKELCAN (CONTRALTO),

MUSICAL LECTURE—DR. LEWIS C.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, MONDAY.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY, THE

MEETINGS.

(Advertisements under this heading one

TODAY, 3 P.M., MRS. BARNEY WILL

TONIGHT, 8 O'CLOCK, MRS. BARNEY

DOMESTICS WANTED.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT

COOK WANTED IMMEDIATELY AT

WANTED—GOOD DINING-ROOM GIRL

WANTED—COOK AND CHAMBER-

HOUSEMAID WANTED—REFERENCES

NOTICE TO THE GIRLS—IF YOU WISH

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

WANTED—FEMALES FOR TAILORING

TWO FIRST CLASS DRYGOODS SALES-

MILLINERY SALESLADY—EXPERI-

MALE HELP WANTED.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

WRITERS WANTED TO DO COPYING

EARN SORTHAND, TYPEWRITING

CITY CANNASERS WANTED—ON SAL-

Wanted.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

STUDENT WANTED—APPLY MCBRIDE

Lost and Found.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

STRAYED—SETTER PUP—FAWN AND

LOST IN OPERA HOUSE GOOD FRIDAY

LOST—SATURDAY ON DUNDAS

LOST—PAIR SILVER POB CHAINS

LOST THURSDAY ON WILLIAM OUND-

Agents Wanted.

(One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT

Business Chances.

(Advertisements under this heading one

FOR SALE—FIRE STOCK OF LATE

FOR SALE—TWO NEW QUALITY

LARGE MILK ROUTE FOR SALE, IN

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES IN

Houses, Etc., To Let.

(Advertisements under this heading one

TO RENT—EIGHT ACRES—EAST SIDE

WANTED—HOUSE TO RENT BY MAY

TO LET—FRONT OFFICE, ON SECOND

TO LET—BRICK RESIDENCE, 366 KING

HOUSE TO LET—CENTRALLY LOCATED

TO LET—TO LET—NO. 11 OXFORD

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

TO LET—"ROOMS TO LET"—"HOUSES

Real Estate For Sale.

(Advertisements under this heading one

FOR SALE—\$11 A MONTH WITHOUT

LEGAL CARDS.

(Advertisements under this heading one

T. H. LUSCOMBE—BARRISTER, SOLICIT

PARKE & PURDOM—BARRISTERS—

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L.,

MAGEE, MCKILLIP & MURPHY—

W. J. CLARKE—BARRISTER, SOLI

TENNENT & McDONAGH—BARRIS

P. McPHILLIPS—BARRISTER—MONEY

LOVE & DIGNAN—BARRISTERS, ETC.

GIBBONS, MCNAB & MULKERN—BAR

MCVEOY, WILSON & POPE—BARRIS

W. SCATCHERD—BARRISTER, SOLI

GUNN & HARVEY—BARRISTERS, SO

JOHN W. WINNETT—BARRISTER,

J. H. A. BRATTIE—BARRISTER, ETC.

STUART, STUART & MOSS—BAR

WEEKES & SCANDRETT—BARRIS

GREENLEES, B.A.—BARRISTER,

Medical Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one

J. H. GARDINER, M.D., B.C.P., LONDON

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 66 RICHMOND

DR. JARVIS—HOMEOPATH—750

DR. MEEK—QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON

JAMES D. WILSON, M.D.—OFFICE, 20

C. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESI

DR. HUTCHINSON—103 ASKIN

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND

DR. ECCLES—CORNER QUEEN'S

DR. WEEKES—407 DUNDAS STREET

DR. MACLAREN—OFFICE AND RESI

DR. WOODRUFF—EYE, EAR, NOSE AND

Dental Cards.

(Advertisements under this heading one

DR. SWANN—DENTIST—FORMERLY

S. WOOLVERTON—SURGEON-DENTIST—

DR. CHESTER N. ABBOTT—HONOR

DR. FRED L. WOOD—HONOR GRADU

J. E. HOLMES—DENTIST—SUCCESSOR

DR. GEORGE C. DAVIS—DENTIST

DR. COLON E. J. SMITH—ARTIFICIAL

L. McDONALD—DENTIST

Musical Instruction.

MRS. NOBLE, TEACHER OF PIANO,

MRS. S. CHADWICK, LATE OF MON

JAS. CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF

Veterinary Surgeons.

(Advertisements under this heading one

J. H. TENNENT—VETERINARY SUR

J. H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 204

Money to Loan.

SUMS OF \$500 TO \$5,000 WANTED AT 5

Blacksmithing—Robert

MATTHEW MILLER'S DEATH.

A Jury Empaneled and an Inquest

The inquest on the body of the late

Matthew Miller, who was suffocated in the

King street sewer early Saturday morning,

began in the afternoon at 4 o'clock at

Ferguson's morgue. No evidence concern-

ing the accident was taken, and the body

was merely identified and an adjournment

made until Wednesday evening at 7:30 at

the police court. The jury consisted of

John Boyd (foreman), Thomas Sparks,

Charles Simonds, Franklin T. Clark, John

Goslin, P. J. Watt, George Chittick, Robt.

Houston, Joseph Gatecliff, Robert Charl-

ton, George W. Logan, M. McGinnis,

Wm. T. Edge, Arch. Black and J. D.

O'Neil. V. S. B. before the proceedings, C.

Essey announced that he represented the

family.

Coroner Flock then detailed the accident

to the jurors, and said that at first he had

been inclined to think the affair a simple

accident. But the more he looked into the

matter the more he thought it should be

investigated, in order to see whether or not

anyone had been negligent in his duties,

and whether proper precautions had been

observed by those in charge of the work.

Mr. John Walker formally identified the

body, and said further that Miller was

sober, industrious and a cautious man.

An adjournment was then made until

Wednesday night.

Miller was an Orangeman, and his brother

Orangemen will look after the funeral.

Neighbors said that deceased had had an

unusually heavy share of affliction during

the last year, having lost three children by

death. A singular fact in connection with

the dead man's family is that it contained

at one time four pairs of twins.

DEATH OF DR. ARMSTRONG.

The Well-Known Rector of the Parish of

Mooretown—An Active Career.

The death occurred Friday of Rev.

David Armstrong, D.D., late rector of the

parish of Mooretown, in the county

of Lambton. His death was not ex-

pected, as he was not supposed to be

seriously ill. Deceased was for about

50 years a minister of the Anglican de-

nomination in Huron Diocese, and came

to Canada from Ireland with a number

of young students from Trinity College,

WHISKARD'S

230-232 Dundas St.

Full assortment of Lace Curtains to hand in all prices. Our 3-yard long Taped Lace Curtains are beauties.

Only 50c PAIR.

See our Line of Lace Curtains, 1-2 yards long, at 75c PAIR

We show a beautiful line of Lace Curtains, 3-12 yards long, worth \$1.25, our price \$1 PAIR

We can show you Curtains for \$2.50 and \$3 pair, worth \$5. Call and see them.

SEE OUR WEST WINDOW IN STORE 230

See our special line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, regular price 25c. Our Price 15c PAIR

A special line of Ladies' Cashmere Hose, spliced heels, 35c pair, or 3 pairs for \$1.

Special purchase of Laces, which we are selling at half price. New patterns in Guipure, Venice, Torchon and Valenciennes Laces. Call and see the m

20 dozen Purses and Card Cases selling at less than half price. We are clearing out the lot at 10c Each

A special line of New Purses, steel spring, regular 50c patterns, Our Price 25c Each

Children's Corset Waists, in white and drab, all sizes. Only 25c Each

Call and see our Millinery Department.

Two special lines of Art Sateens, beautiful patterns, 12 1/2c, 20c Yard

See our special line of Ladies' Hemstitched Mourning Handkerchiefs, Only 10c Each

Beautiful Line of Infants' Robes, tucked, trimmed with embroidery and insertion, Only \$1 Each

Whiskard's

RUSSIA AS A SILVER PRODUCER.

The Mines are Owned and Worked by the Government.

Although the first discovery of silver ores in the district of Nerchinsk, in Eastern Siberia, was made in the early part of the second half of the Seventeenth Century, the actual smelting of this metal was not begun before 1704. Veins of silver ore were found at Smalagorski, in the Altai, by Akinfy Demidoff, in 1735, but it was only after ten years, in 1745, when they were taken over by the Government, that the smelting of the ores was commenced. The production of silver at the Nerchinsk works attained its maximum during the '70's of last century, when it amounted to 600,000, or 21,600 English pounds; and during the same period the production of the Altai works exceeded 1,100,000 pounds, so that at that time these two works produced about 1,700 pounds annually. During the present century the production of silver was greater in 1831, but even then it was only 1,318 pounds, or not more than 76 per cent of the yield at the close of the last century. During 1890, the last year for which there are available data, the silver production in different localities was: The Caucasus, 80 pounds, 24 1/2 poods; Altai, 631 pounds, 8 poods; Khibirg Steppes, 72 poods, 28 1/2 poods; Nerchinsk, 54 poods, 24 1/2 poods; Finland, 49 poods, 36 poods. Total, 889 poods and 11 1/2 poods.

The Altai mining district of his Majesty's Cabinet continues to supply three-fourths of the entire production of silver in Russia. In 1890 the Altai district yielded 1,060 poods, but 25 years later the production fell to less than a quarter of that amount. Since then it has revived and gone up to 681 poods in 1890. In the Nerchinsk mining district of his Majesty's Cabinet, where, up to 1893, the production of silver did not exceed 7.5 poods the yield has steadily risen since 1896, and in 1891 it attained 55 poods, at which figure it also stood in 1890. In the Caucasus there is a single silver smelting establishment—the Alagirska works—belonging to the State. The annual production of these works varies between 29 and 35 poods. The works on the Khibirg Steppes are very primitive, and their production fluctuates considerably. In the Ural, where silver was first smelted in 1874, the production reached a maximum of 19 poods in 1880, but it subsequently fell rapidly and ceased entirely in 1884. In Finland there is also one establishment, the Pitkäranta works, on the northern shore of Lake Ladoga, which has latterly produced from 20 to 50 poods yearly. All the silver smelted in Russia is extracted from argentiferous lead ores, but besides this all the gold produced in Russia contains silver, the amount of which is determined by assays taken at the State smelting-houses. During 1890 Russia produced in silver ingots 836 poods, 13 pounds; and in gold ingots unrefined 165 poods, 26 1/2 poods. The silver smelted by private individuals is subject to a tax, which was reduced in 1887 from 10 to 15 per cent to 8 per cent for freehold, and 4 1/2 per cent for leasehold works. The money coined in the Empire during the last two years, for which statistics are given, was, in 1889, 28,150,000 rubles in gold, 76,730 rubles in silver bank money, 2,351,504 rubles in silver exchange money, and 200,000 rubles in copper. In 1890 the gold coinage fell to 2,735,140 rubles, while silver bank money was coined to the amount of 500,021 rubles, silver exchange money to 2,351,504 rubles, and copper 200,000 rubles.

Easter Sunday.

Rev. Robert Johnston's Inaugural Sermons at St. Andrew's.

Commandant Booth Visits the S. A. Contingent.

Special Services and Choice Music at St. Peter's, St. Paul's, the Memorial and Other Churches.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

St. Andrew's Church was crowded at both services yesterday when Rev. Robert Johnston preached his inaugural sermons as shepherd of that flock. As was expected, brilliant discourses were delivered, and many who had not before heard Mr. Johnston were more than pleased with his graceful manner in the pulpit, his eloquent yet simple language and his many suitable illustrations. In a very earnest prayer, previous to the morning sermon, Mr. Johnston asked that the tie just formed between pastor and people might be strengthened and that success would follow their efforts. He also prayed for the sick and the afflicted in the homes, hospitals and asylums, and for unfortunate in the jails and penitentiaries. In making the announcement for the Wednesday evening prayer meeting, Mr. Johnston asked a full attendance in order that he might more easily become acquainted with the congregation. It would be impossible for him, he said, to do much visiting or systematic work among the people until he became settled. He asked one and all, however, to notify him of any sick friends, and he would feel it a pleasure and a duty to visit them.

The preacher took for his text Joshua, 6, xx, and Hebrews 11, xxx, in which it speaks of the city of Jericho being surrounded by Joshua and the priests and his people, the seventh time, and how at the sound of the priests' trumpets and the shouts of the people the walls fell down and the city was captured. "A few years ago," said Mr. Johnston, "the people of New York City felt it necessary to remove a great obstruction at the mouth of their harbor known as Hell Gate. For months and years preparations for the removal went on quietly; people saw very little of it. The rock was loaded with dynamite, hammered and drilled, devices were placed and trenches were dug. For several years preparations were continued, then on the day appointed, while the sea was dotted with every imaginable kind of craft, the signal was given, an electric button was pressed and several hundred tons of rock were heaved 250 feet towards heaven. (Cannon thundered and rolled, steam whistles burst their throats in honor of the mighty event, and men almost altogether forgot about the long weeks and months and years of patient endeavor and toil without which it would never have been taken place." "That," continued Mr. Johnston, "is the way of the world," and he called attention to the fifth chapter of Joshua, where the secret of the sixth chapter was contained. In that chapter was recorded the preparation of the people which necessarily preceded the fall of the walls of Jericho. It contained several things—the rite of circumcision, which had been held in abeyance for 40 years; consecration of the people to the Lord; renewal of the pass-over. Thus the Israelites were preparing for the triumph at Jericho. People would never know what triumph over sin until they got into secret places with the Lord and learned what it was to cut off the right hand and pluck out the right eye, and the church would never know the triumph at Jericho until strong drink and sin are subdued. Some five or six miles west of the Jordan there stands at this day a small village called Rahab, and on this spot once stood the powerful Jericho, with her walls built up to heaven and glittering under the pure light of the eastern sun. The sun had scarcely begun to shine on these walls one early morning, when at Gilgal, so tradition says, there was a stir among the soldiers. The procession was started and moved towards Jericho, surrounded the city and then retired. This was repeated several times, until on the seventh day they rose a little earlier, on compassed the city, and amid shouts and blowing of trumpets, the walls fell and the city was taken. It was a victory of faith. In the present day there was warfare to accomplish and work to do, and people were called to go against the strongholds of sin and the world over. Every Christian has his own Jericho to take possession of. The church had the Jericho of the world to overthrow, and the time must come when the banner of the cross would float, not only over the individual heart, but the whole world. Mr. Johnston then dwelt on the order of the procession of Joshua's soldiers and the simplicity of it, the apparently inadequate means which the soldiers possessed to conquer the city. Their faith, however, was strong. The speaker then eloquently referred to the twelve poor disciples who went against the titled aristocracy of the world and performed such wonderful works. A few years ago a young man without money went to the island and 3,400 persons taking communion. Yet how inadequate the means employed seemingly were! And not a great many years ago a young preacher named Wm. Booth went into the slums of old London and seeing the necessity of work there he started an organization which, it is said, has reformed more drunkards than all the churches of America and England combined. Yet how inadequate the means seemed to be! Mr. Johnston then called attention to the prominent place accorded the ark of the Lord in the procession on its way to Jericho and how the trumpets apparently fired the soldiers on to victory. The church did not press a gospel of destruction and failure now. It was going on the victory and triumph. Encouragement should be accorded each other; the fight against sin in the soul should not be abandoned. Two thoughts were here suggested: 1. That the means used to an end were often apparently inadequate. 2. That in the fight of faith delay was not defeat. In support of the latter Mr. Johnston instanced the Reformation—how long God kept the church waiting for it; how many years pious souls marched and tarried around the fortified walls of the church which had so strengthened herself in the wealth of the people; how in the quiet monasteries people were tortured, sneered at and burned at the stake. Concluding, Mr. Johnston pleaded earnestly for every person to come out of Jericho into the better stronghold.

COMMANDANT BOOTH.

Commandant Booth, of Toronto, the youngest son of the general, was in London yesterday, and brought with him all the spirit and enthusiasm that he honestly inherits from his father. As a result the army in London had a very busy

time of it. The day was begun with a march at 6 a.m., followed with a knee drill at 7. Easter bonnets did not predominate at these gatherings, but Salvation bonnets did. The exercises at 7 o'clock were led by Major Complin, editor of the War Cry. The holiness meeting at 11 a.m. was conducted by the commandant, who preached and prayed in his usual vigorous style. He also took charge of the afternoon meeting at 3 and the evening meeting at 7 o'clock. All the meetings were very largely attended, and at the conclusion of the evening service nearly a dozen listeners sought the penitential bench. The commandant was accompanied by Ensign Kinton, special War Cry correspondent, and was assisted by Mrs. Brigadier Margretts, Ensign Lawly, Adjutant Smeaton and Captain Graham of the London staff. Commandant Booth goes to Ingersoll today.

AT ST. PAUL'S.

The Easter services as usual brought out large congregations to St. Paul's, particularly in the morning when the bishop preached. His sermon was full of beautiful thoughts, beautifully expressed. The Dean of Huron was the evening preacher. The musical services, as they always are at St. Paul's, were magnificent, the anthems and hymns having been very carefully prepared. Easter lilies adorned the chancel.

IN ST. PETER'S.

The services in St. Peter's Cathedral yesterday were such as are usually held on Easter Sunday. The music both morning and evening was of a very fine character, the choir showing a decided improvement under the leadership of Mr. James Dalton. At 10:30 Mozart's beautiful mass, No. 12, was sung, and during the offertory Lambillotti's Regina Coeli. Bishop O'Connor spoke briefly on the beauties of Easter and the regulations of the day. At the evening vesper services were unable to gain admission. Rev. Father Tieran preached on the resurrection of Christ, and Rev. Fathers Noonan and Subecondo respectively. The Roseveig vesper, "Magnificat," by Lambillotti, were sung by the choir of 40 voices. Mrs. P. J. Watt, soprano, possesses a clear, sweet voice, and sang her solo with pleasing effect. Mr. Watts is a bass singer of great power, and a decided acquisition to the choir. The other principals in the singing were Miss Mary Mulligan, Miss Julia Dibbs, Miss Minnie Leitch, Mr. Lockhart, Mr. Thomas Ranahan and Mr. J. D. LeBel. Mr. Dalton sang "O, Salutaris Hostia." The altar was decorated with Easter lilies and presented a very pretty appearance.

NOTES.

The Bishop of Huron confirmed a class of 33 at the Memorial Church last evening. The church was crowded.

The various local Baptist ministers will exchange pulpits on Sunday morning next.

A STRANGE CASE.

Mr. H. McCarron, of Detroit, Completely Cured of Blood Poisoning. DETROIT, Mich., April 15.—A very curious incident has occurred here, and one which will be of continental interest. Mr. Hugh McCarron, a well-known notary public, has been a sufferer for many years from a peculiar form of blood poisoning, inducing the most frightful pain in the breast and back. The best doctors were consulted without being able to give any relief and Mr. McCarron decided that his case was hopeless. He was at last recommended to make trial of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and did so with the faint hope that they might have some effect in his case, the peculiar nature of which did not lead him to associate it with kidney complaint. To his surprise the effects of the remedy were noticeable from the very first and he is now thoroughly restored to health by this means.

STARTLING STATISTICS.

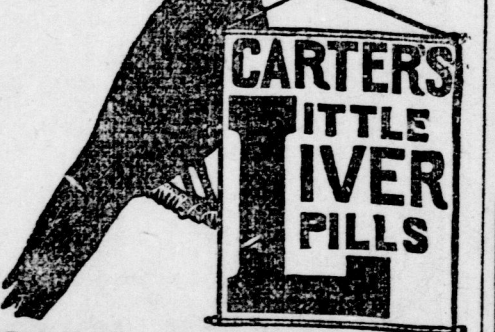
American Women Spend \$20,000,000 a Year in Chewing Gum. DETROIT, April 14.—The weekly bulletin of the Young Women's Christian Association is out with the following statement, which is signed by Charlotte Carne, and which she claims is not exaggerated, but founded upon the best authority. She says: "We have in the United States a population of 60,000,000—with an average of one minister to every 800 souls. The total population of the foreign field (counting Mohammedans and heathens) is 1,181,000,000—with 2,923 ordained Protestant missionaries—an average (in round numbers) of one missionary to every 400,000. The annual expenditure for Christian work in the United States by Protestant church members is \$10,000,000. This \$10,000,000 is expended for the evangelization of 60,000,000 people—\$1.33 each. The annual expenditure of Protestant foreign missions is \$4,000,000 for the evangelization of 1,181,000,000—one-third of a cent each. Every year we women of the United States spend \$125,000,000 for dress goods; \$25,000,000 for kid gloves; \$20,000,000 for ostrich tips, and, most appalling of all, \$20,000,000 for chewing gum."

A BRIDE OF DEATH.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 14.—Cora Coleman, a pretty young woman from Houlton, Me., came here to make a living, canvassing for enlarged portraits. Trade was bad, however, and she resolved on suicide.

Shortly before midnight she went upstairs in her boarding house, secured a razor, and dressed herself in a white merino dress trimmed with white ribbons. She put on white stockings, stepped in front of the mirror and drew the razor across her throat.

When found she was lying in a pool of blood. Dr. White dressed the wound which was not dangerous, and sent her to the lunatic asylum.



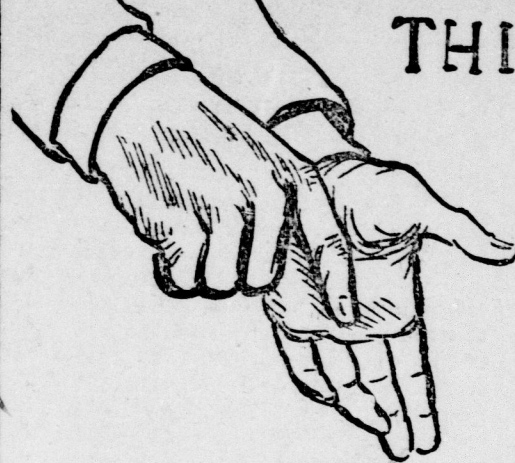
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

'They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Liver, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

IT'S LIKE THIS:



You see—There is only one first-class bar soap and that is Eclipse—in 3 lb. bars—the purest laundry soap you can get. Try a bar from your grocer.

MANUFACTURERS, JOHN TAYLOR & CO.,

TORONTO.

TRAINING OUR VOICES.

SUMMARY OF MRS. MILWARD ADAMS' LECTURE IN NEW YORK.

Remarks Full of Interest to Every One Who Desires "Conversational" Powers In Their Best Development—Difference Between American and English Voices.

"Our voices," said Mrs. Adams in her opening remarks, "should be as mobile and capable of expressing our every emotion as our features. The quality of our voice is our own, but the form of its expression is external and can be improved by culture."

"Every perfect voice possesses the full musical scale, and each register is capable, if properly used, of expressing a different phase of character, and a different variety of emotion. The first six tones are those in most common usage, although few voices are sufficiently cultivated to employ more than five, and in America the average is but four."

"My classification of the various tones is as follows: The first or lowest tone expresses power, insistence, and force; the second, self-pity and diffidence; the third, sweetness, kindness, what is called the 'human tone'; fourth, aspiration; fifth, brilliancy, self-possession, the great 'world tone'; and sixth, contentment, peace, and happiness."

"The American voice owes its monotonous quality to the fact that it seems limited to the use of the lower tones in the scale; indeed, many American voices employ only the first and second tones, with the first in predominance. This gives also to our national voice those qualities of insistence, harsh accentuation, and tiresomeness for which we are criticised on both sides of the Atlantic."

"The 'center voice,' which includes both the fourth and fifth tones, is the best for common household use for two reasons. It does not tire the voice and has the power of easily projecting itself."

"The difference between the American and English voice lies mainly in the different register used, the English woman using the upper tones and rising cadences, which is more musical in effect, while the American voice drops from the center tone down, exhausting the vocal chords and producing a strident effect."

"Many American voices," Mrs. Adams continued, "are ruined in our public schools. The rooms are large, there is apt to be a great deal of confusion, and in either reciting or speaking the children are constantly admonished to 'speak louder,' without being taught the scientific method for increasing the volume of their voices. Thus the vocal organs, which are delicate in the extreme, are overstrained and the music of the voice forever destroyed."

"The first thing to do in any effort to improve the voice is to understand the quality of the voice, just as one would in beginning vocal instruction."

"It is necessary to know if the quality is high soprano, mezzo-soprano, contralto or alto. Then, after having found out what the natural voice is, cultivate that both up and down the scale but always remember that the keynote must be the real voice and never an artificial one. Technique is necessary for freedom of utterance, and no perfect expression can be achieved without thoughtful study."

Mrs. Scott-Siddons attended the lecture and was very much interested.

John Ferguson & Sons,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.
FIRST CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.
Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 543.

DR. FEVERS'
TOOTHACHE REMEDY

Old Name QUICKSURE Now Called
PHENO - BANUM

IS PRONOUNCED BY
Quebec, Montreal & New York
DENTISTS
The best discovery yet found for
TOOTHACHE

Lost Manhood and vigor quickly restored. Varicocele, night emissions, atrophy, etc., surely cured by INDAPO, the great Hindoo remedy. With written guarantee to cure. Sold by Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, LONDON, ONT.

HINTON & RUMBALL,
THE UNDERTAKERS,
360 Richmond Street.
Private residence, 236 King St.
Telephone—Store 410; House, 428.

City Coal & Wood Yard
CHEAP WOOD.
100 cars best Beach and Maple just arrived, which is selling at \$4.50 per cord, in blocks.

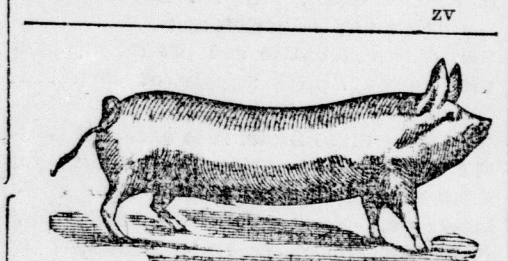
CAMPBELL & CHANTLER
176 Bathurst Street.

Buy the Best

Choice Creamery and Dairy Butter and Cheap Cooking Butter at

Casswell's Meat Shop
Market Lane.
Poultry, Ribs, Tenderloins, Sausages and Pure Lard.

Agent for Ballantyne's Fine Creamery and Gibson's Choice Jersey Butter.



BACON, HAMS, TENDERLOINS, KIDNEYS, SWEETBONES, HEARTS,

The Canadian Packing Co.
Store, Richmond St.

Conscientious Plumbing.

I don't charge any more than it is worth. I don't keep people waiting. I won't do inferior work at any price. I do as good work as can be done. My men are all thorough mechanics. I want your next plumbing job. My place of business is 83 Carling Street, London.

ALEX MILNE
Telephone 773.

Bicycles!
Large stock, both new and second hand. PRICES RIGHT.
Wm. Payne & Co., London
Telephone No. 697.



ELOCUTIONISTS
Singers and Public Speakers recommended with enthusiasm ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI for the Voice. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

F. G. RUMBALL,
Wholesale & Retail Lumber Merchant
Largest stock of Maple, Basswood, Elm, Cherry, Walnut, Sycamore, Chestnut, Ash, Oak, etc., in Western Ontario. Inspection solicited. Prices on application.
Office and Yard—York Street, just west of Tecumseh House.

GEORGE PARISH.
Spring will soon be here. Good time now to exchange your old Furniture for new, or good second-hand Bedroom Sets, a shade over cost. First-class second-hand Organ for sale. 375 TALBOT STREET, South of King.

Winzenberg Patent

Flat Opening Blank Books

E. H. Kordes,
Sole Manufacturer.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

LEADING HOTELS.

HOTEL IMPERIAL
Cor. Michigan, Boul. and 12th St. Chicago.
One of the largest and best in the city. Rooms \$1 per day and up. Send for circular. Half a block from Michigan Central depot. All baggage delivered free from Michigan Central depot. No cab fares necessary. Look out for our porter at the station. If you want comfort, convenience and economy, stop at the new
HOTEL IMPERIAL, CHICAGO.

JAS. PERKIN BUTCHER,

239 Dundas Street.

A CALL SOLICITED

There is Just One Thing That the citizens of London and vicinity would do well to make a note of, that at 151 Dundas street, books and magazines of all kinds and styles are bound neatly, cheaply and tastefully.

W. J. MOFFAT,
BOOKBINDER.

Navigation and Railways

EASTER HOLIDAYS

Single-Fare Excursions

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."

To all points in Canada and Detroit, on April 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, good for return until April 16th. Tickets must be purchased on or before April 12th.

Teachers and Students
On presentation of certificates signed by the principal, tickets will be issued March 28th to April 12th, good to return until April 22nd at

Fare and One-Third.
Particulars at city office, 335 Richmond St., or depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst. Telephone 235.
JOHN PAUL, City Agent.
O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN G. LAYEN, Gen. Pass. Agent. Can. Pass. Agent.

Easter Visits To Home Or Friends
Travel By The

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Who will sell ROUND TRIP Tickets at the SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE

Going April 11, 12, 13, 14, 15. Returning until April 16, 1895. Tickets must be purchased on or before April 13.

FARE AND ONE-THIRD TO TEACHERS AND STUDENTS
Going March 28 to April 12, inclusive. Returning until April 22, 1895, on surrender of standard form of certificate signed by principal.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, Office 161 Dundas Street, corner Richmond.
City office open 7 a.m.

CUNARD LINE

From New York to Liverpool via Queenstown. Fast Express Mail Service.

LUCANIA.....Saturday, April 20, 1 p.m.
ETHEL.....Saturday, April 27, 8 a.m.
CAMPANIA.....Saturday, May 4, noon
UMBRIA.....Saturday, May 11, 8 a.m.
LUCANIA.....Saturday, May 18, noon
ETHEL.....Saturday, May 25, 3 p.m.
CAMPANIA.....Saturday, June 1, 11 a.m.
UMBRIA.....Saturday, June 8, 3 p.m.
RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, \$30 and upwards second cabin, \$25, \$40, \$45, according to steamer and accommodations; return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, \$10 and upwards. Through bills of lading given for goods, livestock, and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for goods, livestock, and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for goods, livestock, and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.

A. G. SMYTHE,
Bank of Commerce Building, first door north of Dundas Street.

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, calling at Moville.

From Portland From Halifax
Sardinian.....From Montreal From Quebec
Laurentian.....May 4
Parisian.....May 18
First cabin, \$10 and upwards; second cabin, \$8 and upwards; third cabin, \$5 and upwards. Steerage, \$3 and upwards. Storage at lowest rates, everything found.

All steamships carry first cabin, second cabin and steerage passengers.
Leave Toronto Wednesday morning to connect at Portland—Thursday a.m. C. P. R., or Thursday evening 6 P. M. for Halifax.

STATE LINE SERVICE.
New York, London and Glasgow.
State of Nebraska.....April 25
State of California.....May 11
Cabin passage, \$40 and upwards; return, \$30 and upwards. Steerage, \$10 and upwards. Storage at lowest rates. For tickets and every information apply to

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets, P. S. Clarke, 414 Richmond street, John Paul, 261 Richmond street.

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

"TEUTONIC".....April 19
"BRITANNIC".....April 27
"MAJESTIC".....April 24
"ADRIATIC".....May 1
"TEUTONIC".....May 8
"Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.
From White Star dock, foot West Tenth St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$40 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic, \$30 and upwards. Steerage, \$10 and upwards. Storage at lowest rates. For tickets and every information apply to

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE,
SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.
Clock corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Easter Holidays.

Return tickets will be issued between any of the company's stations on April 11, 12 and 13 only, but good going on any date between April 11 and Monday, April 15, both days inclusive, at

SINGLE FARE.
Good for return not later than April 16, 1895.

To Teachers and Students
Tickets will be issued on presentation of standard form of certificate from March 28 to April 12, inclusive, at one way first-class.

Fare and One-Third.
Good for return not later than April 22, 1895.
L. J. SEARGEANT, General Manager.

The Advertiser

FOUNDED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.
THE DAILY ADVERTISER.
 (EARLY MORNING AND EVENING EDITIONS.)
 Daily, by mail, per year (6 to 16 pages).....\$4 00
 Daily, by mail, for three months.....\$1 00
 All subscriptions payable in advance
 IN LONDON.
 Morning Edition, 45 per annum; Evening Edition, 10c per week, delivered.

THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.
 (OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)
 By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

ADVERTISING RATES
 Made known on application at office. Address all communications to
ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,
 LONDON, CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON,
 Pres't and Managing Director.

God's in His heaven,
 All's right with the world.
 —Browning.

London, Monday, April 15.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Daily Morning Advertiser

from now until close of Session

Only 75 Cts.

ORDER NOW

THE ADVERTISER, London.

—Thirty years ago today (April 15) President Abraham Lincoln died, having been assassinated by James Wilkes Booth.

—Hereafter no one can contend that sewer gas is not poisonous. The recent deplorable fatality in London proves that it is as dangerous as it is alleged to be.

—The unholy alliance between the British Conservatives and the Chamberlain dissidents seems to be breaking up. It could not remain—that was seen from the first—unless the Liberal dissidents consented to be swallowed up by their Conservative allies. Our cablegrams today contain an interesting reference to the rupture.

THE CITY TAXES.

Tonight the London City Council will meet to strike the tax rate for 1895. The rate will be higher than last year, chiefly for two reasons.

Last year's council appropriated and spent nearly \$27,000—the deficit paid by the L. and P. S. syndicate. Practically, it was found money.

Then this year's council is compelled to face an over-draft of over \$4,000 by the School Board of last year, and a demand for something like \$20,000 more for public schools than was stipulated for by the School Board last year. Another extraordinary item of expenditure this year is the contemplated improvement of the fire department, which has been delayed from year to year—until the insurance companies threaten to increase their rates unless it is provided.

Take off the \$20,000 from the London and Port Stanley, received and spent last year, and add \$20,000 additional for public schools, and \$6,500 for aerial truck and addition to Central Fire Hall, and the overdraft of \$4,000 by last year's school trustees, and there is a demand upon the council for over \$50,000 that was not required of last year's aldermen.

A mill represents \$15,150, so that in these items alone the civic finance minister accounts for within a fraction of the mills added, or about three and one-third mills.

The school trustees have reduced their demands by \$5,000, and probably some of the civic committees may do the same, but it is apparent that past shirking of liabilities will cause some addition to the taxes this year.

WILL THERE BE A BEEF FAMINE IN THE UNITED STATES?

In a country of such vast possibilities, it does appear an extraordinary contention that this summer there will be a beef famine in the United States, which will force the price of meat to the consumer up to a point that has not been equalled in many years.

Suspicion has been thrown upon this statement, because it was promulgated in the first instance by those who represent the four great buying and slaughtering firms in Chicago and the west, who are known as "The Big Four." They maintain that the sole cause is a scarcity of corn-fed beef

cattle, and that the slaughterers and shippers—whose yards and packing houses are in Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha—are not doing business under an agreement of any kind. The retailers, however, have another story. They assert that while there has been a decrease in the available supply of cattle, this shortage has been exaggerated by "The Big Four's" manipulation of statistics, and that the greater part of the advance of price is due to the work of these slaughterers operating in combination, the shortage being made to serve as an excuse for extortion. If it should turn out that the view of the retail men is sustained, it would not be the first time, as it has been proved before Congressional committees that these big concerns have suppressed competition in the buying of cattle and thus depressed the prices of "The Big Four's" raw material.

In view of all the circumstances, the official inquiry ordered by Mr. Morton, Secretary of the United States Agricultural Department, into the whole question of cattle supply in the past and at the present is timely and will prove highly beneficial. Secretary Morton says that he has already ascertained that the primary cause of the increased price is that the supply is decreasing, while the demand is constant or increasing. In Texas there are not ten cattle today to hundreds a short time ago. And the Four Points, so-called—Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis and Omaha—where cattle are slaughtered, are falling off in their supply of the market. The reduction last year was 142,347 head of cattle as compared with the year before. The Chicago production fell off 209,538 head, and Omaha 44,711, while Kansas City increased 45,501, and St. Louis 66,461, making a net reduction as stated. Then, too, corn-fed cattle are preferred, and the United States supply of corn fell off enormously last year.

Despite these facts, it is asserted that the shortage of cattle in the Western States has been exaggerated for speculative purposes. A Chicago firm, Clay, Robinson & Co., recently published a statement showing the receipts of cattle for the last three months, as compared with the receipts for two years past:

	1895.	1894.	1893.
St. Omaha.	129,000	132,000	225,000
Chicago	575,000	602,000	768,000
Kansas City.	325,000	377,000	308,000

Total.....1,029,000 1,111,000 1,301,000
 Here is indicated a decline of 18-12 per cent. At this season the slaughterers obtain seven-eighths of their cattle, usually from Illinois, Nebraska, Missouri, and Kansas, and reports which may have been inspired by the slaughterers say that in these States there is only 60 per cent of a normal supply. Cattle from the far western ranges do not begin to arrive until the first week of July.

Receipts at the slaughtering points have undoubtedly fallen off, but whether or not there is a shortage of 40 per cent in the supply may not be ascertained till the Secretary gets his unbiased reports from these points. What is suspicious is that while the partial failure of the corn crop in 1894, the drought last summer and fall, and the severe winter weather just passed through, have been known for some time, it is only now that the influence of these conditions is being brought to bear upon the price of animals. It is alleged that while these developments were in progress, the big slaughterers had their agents at every point buying up or obtaining control of the available cattle in the corn States. That they did not raise the price of their products until last week may have arisen from the fact that they did not wish to direct attention to the shortage till they had their investments completed.

In all probability the price of beef in the United States will continue comparatively high till the next corn crop becomes available. But if, as the dealers say in New York, steaks will cost from 26c to 30c a pound or over, the result will be that all but the rich will look for other food to take the place of butcher meat. One dealer declares that as long as turkeys can be had at 15 cents a pound, neither he nor his customers need worry, while another says that eggs are cheap in the summer, and as one fresh egg contains as much nutriment as four ounces of beef, the nutriment in 25 cents worth of eggs is vastly greater than can be found in 25 cents worth of the very choicest of meat. Dear meat will undoubtedly mean a very much restricted consumption. That is a law that applies to every article of food or clothing.

RIVERS AND OCEANS.

Supposing the ocean bed were emptied, it would take 44,000 years for all the tidal rivers of the world to fill it again.—Knowledge

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

"About half the people on this ship are going back to America with sad hearts," said a German on board a westward bound German steamer last summer. "We have, most of us, been back to Germany to see our old friends, and we are disappointed because they all seemed eager to know how much more money we made in America than glad to see us."—Boston Transcript.

FARMERS' VIEW OF AN OUTRAGE.

The Dominion Voters' List Act ought to be repealed without delay. Already it has cost the country over a million of dollars. Every time a new one is prepared it will cost close on a quarter of a million, and then it is not likely to be as full and as fair a list as that prepared by the various local municipalities, and used at the various Provincial elections. These lists are usually up to date, and can be had for the asking. For a political party to appoint its own revising officers, to make up the voters' lists, to superintend all the preparations, to have them all printed in their own office, and by their own hired men, and then revised by their own appointees, is as scandalously unjust and unfair as it would be to allow one party to an important law suit to select and prepare the jury. Note to try the case.—Canada Farmers Sun.

APPLIED THE KNIFE.

Board of Education Estimates Reduced by Over \$5,000.

Where the Carving Was Done—Misunderstanding Set Right.

The Board of Education applied the knife to its estimates on Saturday afternoon, and pruned off enough to make a slight reduction in the proposed tax rate of 21-1-2 mills. The board recently presented its estimates to the council. They amounted to \$92,890 09, and proved a stunner, especially to No. 1 committee, when that body considered the estimates on Thursday night. It was then resolved to meet the school board and endeavor to have a few thousand dollars cut off. Saturday's conference was held for that purpose, the trustees present being: D. W. Blackwell (chairman), A. O. Jeffery, John Stephenson, Johnston, Buchner, Wilkins, A. Greenlees, Joseph Sanders, Hunt, Dr. Campbell and Logan. No. 1 committee was represented by Mayor Little, Ald. J. W. Jones, Ald. Armstrong, and Ald. O. E. Brenner. The estimates as originally compiled for the Collegiate Institute fixed the receipts at \$3,600. The expenditures included printing \$500, demonstration \$500, examinations \$600, teachers' salaries \$19,000, general repairs (including new closets) \$2,500, fuel \$1,000, janitors' expenses \$1,150, interest on debentures \$850, sinking fund \$739, and a few minor items which brought the total to \$27,549, leaving the outlay for the year at \$23,949. The public school receipts, including the Government grant of \$3,500 and other grants and fees, were estimated at \$5,346. The disbursements were reckoned at \$66,193, and included stationery \$1,000, model school \$500, kindergarten supplies \$500, unforeseen expenses \$2,600, salaries of present staff \$4,725, transition teachers \$1,000, substitutes \$400, night school teachers \$200, additional teachers \$1,500, general repairs \$2,575, fuel \$5,000, janitors' salaries \$4,500, water and gas \$600. Added to this were \$4,000 on sinking fund, interest on debentures and mortgages on Queen's avenue and Askin street school properties; \$1,461 wrongfully charged in settlement with Westminster township; \$840 80 on sinking fund provided but not deposited, and an additional overdraft of \$1,682 28. The total for the public schools, less the receipts, was \$68,941 09; for the Institute, \$23,949, or a grand total of \$92,890 09.

DID NOT COME TO DICTATE.

Ald. Armstrong said there was a great deal of complaint throughout the city of the high rate. No. 1 committee thought that if the board could be induced to reduce their demands Nos. 2 and 3 committees would be called together and asked to pare their figures. It would have a desirable effect on all ratepayers.

Mr. Greenlees—I understand that the committee has arranged some plan by which we can reduce our estimates to the desired point. Is it so?

Mayor Little—Gentlemen, we do not wish to dictate what you shall do. We merely thought the board could make a reduction of about \$5,000.

Trustee Logan said he knew why the rate was so low last year and so high this year. Was it because this year's council had to meet debts contracted by the 1894 council?

The mayor replied that they had come to discuss the estimates, which were \$20,000 in excess of last year, and that with only a \$2,000 building to be erected. Trustee Greenlees said this year's board had the receipts of \$3,600, and that last year the board started with \$5,538 on hand, making the actual increase this year about \$10,000. He presented a statement showing a few of the items under which increased provision was being made for 1895, as compared with 1894. They were: Collegiate Institute examinations, \$100; laboratory and library, \$50; teachers' salaries, \$1,725; general repairs, \$300; fuel, \$200; water and gas, \$85. Public schools: Printing, \$50; stationery, \$450; kindergarten supplies, \$50; unforeseen expenses, \$1,600; salaries, \$4,725; transition teachers, \$1,000; additional teachers, \$1,500; general repairs, \$200; fuel, \$1,800; water and gas, \$270. The estimates last year were \$73,136 50. This year's figures proved that the payment of a \$1,500 mortgage on Queen's avenue school and a \$400 mortgage on Askin street school.

Trustee Sanders followed with a reference to the misapprehension of the increase in the estimates for 1895. He wanted to know how the taxes took a drop to 18-1-2 mills last year, and are likely to jump up again this year. Was it because the \$25,000 Port Stanley deposit was used to keep the rate down or was that money in the bank yet?

Mayor Little—That money was used to keep down the rate last year. Our object, however, is not to make a better record than the 1894 council, but merely to do our duty to the people. We want an honest rate, and we do not ask you to cut your appropriations below the sum you absolutely need. He (Mayor Little) did not believe in carrying over the two mortgages, as it would be unfair to the next council.

THE WORK OF PARING WAS BEGUN BY Trustee Jeffery moving that the demonstration item for \$500 in the collegiate estimates be struck out; also the \$2,000 item for the closets at the Institute. He provided the council will issue debentures for the latter amount. The items were voted upon separately. The demonstration grant remains on, but the second section carried. Dr. Campbell's motion to strike out the \$1,536 mortgage item on Queen's avenue school was carried. The \$424 mortgage on Askin street will be paid. The allowance for public school unforeseen expenses was at the suggestion of Trustee Sanders reduced from \$2,600 to \$1,600. The final chop was made at the allowance for additional teachers, and a \$500 chip was taken off. Thus the reductions amount to \$5,026, as follows: New closet at Institute, \$2,000; mortgage on Queen's avenue, carried over; \$1,536; unforeseen expenses, \$1,000; and additional teachers, \$500.

A motion was carried that the audit committee devise some means whereby school funds will be under the board's control.

WENT WORTH ASSIZES.

Business of the Court Closed—Several Important Suits.

HAMILTON, April 14.—The Assize Court closed yesterday, several cases being sent over until the next court. The jury expenses were \$1,024 60, the largest for some years. In the case of C. R. Smith against J. N. Young and F. C. Helm, for \$8,551 85, for salary and services in connection with the passing of bonds bylaws to the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway, Judge Ferguson, after hearing evidence non-suited plaintiff.

Fred Shaver was acquitted on charge of stealing drugs from his employers, Archdale, Wilson & Co.

O. S. Colbran, who sued George Renton, of Burlington, for \$5,000 for alleged slander (was given a verdict for \$1 and costs.

PASSING OF THE BIRDS.

How the Beautiful Songsters Have Been Massacred.

The Cruelty Inflicted by the Demands of Fashion.

The Syracuse Post says that most people of intelligence are aware of the efforts that have been made by certain societies and individuals toward protecting the birds. Many of those who are aware of these efforts imagine the reason to be purely aesthetic or humanitarian. Mr. C. A. Hamlin, of that city, writes to the Post in connection of this view, showing that reasons altogether utilitarian, and not at all sentimental, enter into this matter of preserving the birds. He says:

First. The enormous destruction of birds has resulted in a corresponding increase of insect pests, forcing farmers and fruit raisers to great labor and expense to combat their depredations, and inflicting upon them losses estimated by millions of dollars.

Second. The recent report of the United States Secretary of Agriculture called public attention to this wrong, hoping the press of the country would counteract the further damage.

Third. Some of our most beautiful birds and some charming song birds have been nearly or absolutely exterminated, and ornithologists everywhere in unison with the farmers, are fighting against this deplorable and wholesale destruction.

Fourth. Naturalists claim that man's existence on the earth would be precarious, perhaps impossible, without birds, because insects would destroy vegetation and over-run his domicile. Every bird destroys dozens of insects, grubs, etc., daily.

Fifth. Moralists protest also, because the cruelty involved is great and because regard for the rights of all other beings, which is the fundamental principle of civilization, is not promoted by ruthless slaughter or by using the victims thereof as personal adornment.

Everyone who loves birds and enjoys their cheerful warblings has been pained by the disappearance of the oriole, and other beautiful birds, and by the silence of the once songful woodland. Should not this costly sacrifice for a passing style be vigorously resisted before irreparable damage has been done to many valuable birds? Have, like the buffalo, become extinct?

The Post hereupon says: In a report of the American Ornithologist Union for 1895 the statement was made that 4,000,000 birds were annually required for American women's hats. Forty thousand terns were killed in a single season in Cape Cod. A million rail and reed birds were killed in one month near Philadelphia. Forest and Stream speaks of one dealer who handles 30,000 bird skins a year, and in the same article mentions the fact that 70,000 birds were shipped to New York from one Long Island village in four months.

It is hardly necessary to do more than allude to the cruelty which this record shows. The curious anomaly of the oriole, of millions of birds killed for the adorning of the person of the gentler sex. One example of the fiendish methods which have been used is that of the white heron of Florida. Little tufts of feathers, only found upon these birds during the breeding season, were much in vogue two or three years ago. The birds were shot in large numbers, and the young ones left to starve.

Fashion from an economic point of view it is very desirable that bird life be preserved. Michelet, the French naturalist, states that there could be no vegetation, and therefore no life, if the birds were all destroyed. They destroy the insect pests that ruin the fruit. In Michigan the destruction of birds has already seriously interfered with the raising of fruit. Those in authority tell us that hawks and owls are among the most useful members of society and that the harm they do is in small proportion to their unconscious achievements on behalf of man.

THE MACCABEES.

Close of the Provincial Convention—Election of Officers.

SARNIA, Ont., April 14.—The Provincial Convention of the Knights of the Maccabees completed its labors by the election of the following officers:

Provincial Finance Keeper—A. E. Bates, Hamilton.

Provincial Chaplain—Rev. J. H. Shepherd, Coldwater.

Provincial Physician—Dr. E. Mallory, Colborne.

Provincial Sergeant—F. L. Landgon, Woodstock.

Provincial Master at Arms—C. W. McCrae, Thessalon.

Provincial M. of G.—Dr. W. A. Crow, Chesley, and S. H. Meth, Victoria Harbor.

Provincial Sentinel—W. S. Clemie, Saint Ste. Marie.

Provincial Picket—G. L. Morey, Kirkton.

Representatives to the Supreme Tent—S. W. Trussler, Camlachie; H. Furnan, London; Rev. J. H. Sheppard, Coldwater; Dr. A. E. Mallory, Colborne.

Alternates—W. D. McPherson, Toronto; E. H. Hollingsworth, Bar River; L. S. Levee, Toronto; A. E. Bates, Hamilton.

Ottawa was chosen as the next place of meeting.

DANGEROUS CONSOLATION.

All Right in a Day or Two. But the Day Never Came.

"All right in a day or two" is the thought that consoles everyone who is suffering from any disposition to do not prostrate him. In the case of a person bedridden for months with disease of the kidneys, being asked, "Did you not have any warning of this condition you are now in?" "Yes, I was bothered at first with backache, with occasional headaches, but did not consider myself sick or the necessity of medicine further than a plaster on my back or rubbing with my favorite liniment. It was months before I began to realize that it was useless to further force myself to ignore my condition. The backache had become a pain in the back and sides; weak and tired feeling, highly colored urine with obstruction and stoppage, pain in the bladder, palpitation of the heart, poor appetite, indigestion, and a dull, languid feeling, with entire lack of energy." Had the first signal of distress from the kidneys—backache—received the assistance of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the after state of misery and suffering in six years since he last appeared in dispel first symptoms; delay results in liver, heart and stomach becoming affected. It is useless to expect to overcome this complication without a persistent and regular use of Chase's K. & L. Pills.

JOHN H. CHAPMAN & CO.

Wise people peruse our announcements from day to day.

Items of Interest

Appear in these columns for all who study economy and desire to procure the best for the least possible outlay.

Men and Boys,

Their wives and mothers, will find us provided with an excellent assortment of Tweeds and Serges for spring and summer wear. They wear well.

Our Wool Tweeds at 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c,

Tweeds, worth 80c for 60c, worth \$1 for 75c.

Ask to See

Our All-Wool Navy Serges at 30c, 35c, 38c, 45c and 50c.

Note the Prices

Of our Canadian and Oxford Shirtings, neat patterns and fast colors, at 7½c, 10c, 12½c and 15c.

Garnet, pink and blue, with stripes, spots and figures are the new things which we are showing in Flannelettes. See these beautiful shades at 10c and 12½c.

Also see our wide, heavy Striped Flannelette, at 5c, 6½c, 8½c, 10c, 12½c and 15c.

White Goods.

Victoria Lawn at 8½c.

Victoria Lawn, wide, at 10c.

Victoria Lawn, 7½ yards wide, 12½c.

Linen Lawn, 15c, 17c, 20c and 25c.

Check Muslin, 10c, 12½c, 15c and 18c.

Stripe Muslin, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c.

White Pique, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c.

Linen Diaper, wide, 25c.

15c

Is the price for which we sell a good Factory Sheet, full 2 yards wide.

Better Ones

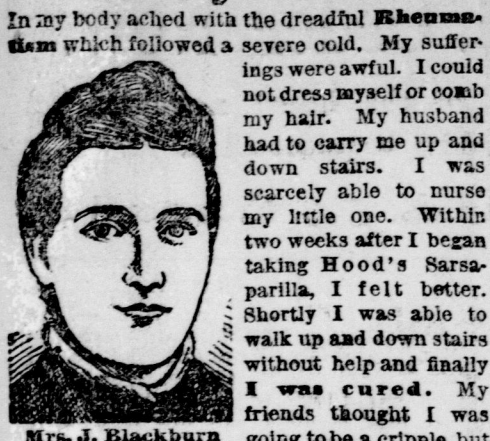
In plain or twill, bleached or unbleached, 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c.

Chambrays Embroideries
 Crinkles Ribbons
 Spot Muslins Laces
 Sateens Hosiery
 Sateenettes Gloves.

A visit to our store will convince you that we have succeeded in collecting the most select stock of goods ever placed before the people of London.

CHAPMAN'S,
 PHONE 791.

Every Bone



In my body ached with the dreadful Rheumatism which followed a severe cold. My sufferings were awful. I could not dress myself or comb my hair. My husband had to carry me up and down stairs. I was scarcely able to nurse my little one. Within two weeks after I began taking Hood's Pills, I felt better. Shortly I was able to walk up and down stairs without help and finally I was cured. My friends thought I was going to be crippled, but thanks to God for his blessing on Hood's Pills, I am now enjoying good health. Mrs. JOHN BLACKBURN, Lower Five Islands, Nova Scotia.

Hood's Pills should be in every household.

IN SPORTING CIRCLES.

BASEBALL.

NEW RULING.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14.—President Young has given an interpretation to the rule making a caught foul tip a strike. Mr. Young says that it is a strike in every case, and that a base runner may steal a base upon it as in an ordinary strike.

FLYS.
Two weeks from next Wednesday the Western League race starts.
On Thursday afternoon the annual championship race of the National League will commence. The battle will end on September 30.

THE WHEEL.
Little of London, who last season rode under the club colors of that city, will ride under Sarnia club colors this season. He has been training on the track here during the past week with McLean. Gibbons and Davidson, of Toronto, will arrive next week to go in training here.—[Sarnia Observer.]

When the bicycle of the style now commonly used was first introduced it was called a safety, and it was known by that name for a considerable time. Now, not only is it not described by that name, it is not even thought of by it; it is the bicycle, and the old-fashioned bicycle is now spoken of as a high wheel.

Woman's bicycle attire is this year more striking and attractive than ever, but so also man's. A man who rode the other day up the Boulevard wore coat, knee breeches, and hat of brown corduroy, a brown sweater, brown golf stockings, and brown shoes; and his wheel had wood rims, thus contributing to an all-around effect.

ATHLETICS.
STRONG MEN STRUGGLE.
CINCINNATI, O., April 14.—Duncan A. McLeod, a champion catch-can wrestler, defeated Charles Wither, champion Greco-Roman wrestler, last night, for a purse of \$200 and a side bet of \$100, before the People's Athletic Club.

KIDD'S WIDOW.
Is to Have One Third of the Old Man's Fortune.

MONO MILLS, Ont., April 14.—Gertie Kidd, the 16-year-old widow of John Kidd, who died the other day, aged 36, has removed to Toronto, where she will reside with her brother. Kidd's relatives have agreed to give her one-third of his large property.

DEATH OF PROF. DANA.
NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 14.—Prof. James White Dana, author and scientist, of Yale University, died very suddenly about 11 o'clock tonight.

PROHIBITION.
MONTREAL, April 14.—Rev. Dr. McLeod, prohibition member of the Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic, has sent in a minority report in favor of prohibition.

CHANCE TO MAKE \$1,000.
NEW YORK, April 14.—The American Express Company, through its president, James C. Fargo, offers a reward of \$1,000 for the capture of Oliver Curtis Perry, the train robber, who escaped from the Matamoras Asylum.

BOUGHT A RAILWAY.
VANCOUVER, April 14.—The Westminster and Vancouver Electric Tramway Company's line, with rolling stock and other property, was sold yesterday by the bondholders. The property includes the inter-urban tramway between this city and Westminster, and a street railway in the latter city. The property was bought in by Frank Bernhart, the manager of the Consolidated Railway and Light Company, of this city, the owners of a street railway here. The price paid was \$280,000. It is the intention to consolidate the whole system.

SENT TO SAFER QUARTERS.
VANCOUVER, B. C., April 14.—Twelve of the most dangerous convicts in the Westminster Penitentiary were yesterday transferred to the Stoney Mountain prison in Manitoba. The local penitentiary has been overcrowded for some time and as the Stoney Mountain Penitentiary is much more secure it was decided to send the most dangerous criminals thither. Among the prisoners sent away were Ben Kennedy, the northern murderer and outlaw, and Wm. Houston, both of whom are under life sentences. The journeying prisoners were all handcuffed and double ironed and were conveyed in a special car under a strong escort.

Street Car Accident.
Statistics show that to every person killed in street car accidents ten die because they did not take FOUR T'S, thus curing their throat or lung troubles. One dose of FOUR T'S relieves at once and about three doses permanently cure any throat or lung trouble. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by druggists everywhere or by W. T. Strong, druggist, London. McCREGOR & MERRILL, manufacturers Brantford.

The River Rhine flows at three times the rate of the Thames.

HOT

Summer weather is quite acceptable to most men, but if they get a pipe that smokes hot it generally makes them

CROSS

So that they cannot enjoy a smoke. If you buy from us you will get a pipe that will afford you as much enjoyment as a feast of

BUNS.

We have a large assortment; prices range from the cheapest up. The best domestic and imported cigars always in stock.

HUGH LOVELESS, 202 1-2 Dundas St.

Booming Oil.

The Fluid Advances 82 Cents in a Week.

Ladies as Well as Old-Time Operators Catch the Craze.

The Phenomenal Advance Attributed to the Standard Co.'s Operations.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 14.—The phenomenal advance in the price of crude oil will, according to Pittsburgh operators, deal the independent producers their death blow, so far as being a factor in the market is concerned.
Senator J. W. Lee, president of the Producers' Oil Company, said today that the advances have been forced by the Standard people. As there has been no increase here in the price of refined oil the independents cannot pay the high rates offered by the Standard for the crude product. The Standard is still buying up at fabulous prices all the production it can get. Within the past two weeks purchases of oil well property aggregating \$3,000,000 has been made by the Standard.

Some idea of the activity in field operations may be had when it is stated that on the first inst. the number of new wells drilling and rigs in course of construction in all the fields was 1,401. The monthly average of new operations last year was only 232, and the total number of wells completed was only 3,548 for the entire year.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Oil continued to advance in price yesterday, until the prediction that petroleum would sell at \$2 a barrel before the end of the week seemed about to be fulfilled. The opening bid for Pipe Line certificates was 195, a rise of 25 cents over Thursday's figures. Subsequently 197 was bid without bringing out any certificates.

At Oil City and Pittsburgh, Pa., the \$2 mark was realized.
Broker William Fisher, who is one of the largest operators on the petroleum exchange, says after the bid of 197 was made oil seemed to have reached its maximum valuation. In fact, it is now selling above its value. There is now scarcely any local buying and selling, the chief operations being transacted at Pittsburgh and Oil City.

At Oil City the excitement was even greater than here, and reports from the old-time brokers and speculators, together with a large number of ladies, filled the exchange to its utmost capacity. Sales were made on that exchange at \$2. The advance for the day over the closing price of Thursday amounts to 21 cents, and for the week 32 cents. What the market will do on Monday is the topic uppermost in the minds of those interested. Some think the Standard will carry \$2, others that the oil will be traded in at the exchange.

Others are on the fence, and do not know what to think. At any rate, producers are very active, and drilling is going on as it has never before in the past ten years.

Late Canadian News.

Well-Known Toronto Business Man Charged With Making a Fraudulent Assignment.

The Massey-Harris Company have been granted supplementary letters patent of incorporation.

Isaac Schaefer, charged with setting fire to his warehouse on Front street, Toronto, has been released on \$4,000 bail.

The condition of the wife of A. W. Carscallen, M.P., who is at Pasadena, California, far her health, is unchanged.

Balance at credit of depositors in the Government savings bank was \$117,127,739 on Feb. 28, and \$17,097,755 on March 31.

The weather throughout Manitoba continues to be very favorable for seeding, and the majority of the farmers now have their crops in.

General Wilkinson, a prominent member of the British army, has arrived in Montreal to argue for the supply of horses for the British army.

The death is announced of Geo. Chida, a prominent wholesale grocery merchant of Montreal, which took place Sunday, in his 70th year.

The congregation of the Calvary Baptist Church, Victoria, B. C., have called the Rev. Ralph Trotter, of Toronto, formerly of Barrie, Ont., to the pastorate.

A girl named Burke was drowned Friday night at Quebec by falling from Murphy's wharf, Champlain street, into the river. Miss Burke was subject to fits of epilepsy.

Three Canadians of Fort Erie, Ont., are hard at work digging up the ruins of the fort, searching for a chest of gold said to have been buried by Major Buck during the war of 1812.

Peter Lake, a member of the crew of the schooner Julian Whalen, was washed overboard and drowned during the passage from Grand Banks, Nfld., to Gloucester, Mass. He had recently come from Newfoundland, where he belonged.

The International Radial Railway Company of Hamilton propose building electric lines in all directions from Hamilton, extending as far as London and St. Marys in the west, Toronto in the east and Suspension Bridge in the south.

Henry Cohen, a well-known Hebrew, who until recently conducted a second-hand store on Queen street, Toronto west, is in custody on a charge of having committed a fraud on his creditors by disposing of goods and then making a fraudulent assignment.

There was a fashionable wedding in Trinity Church, Mitchell, on Friday, when Mr. Henry Lee Willson, of Toronto, was married to Miss Carrie Louise Dent, daughter of Mr. A. Dent, solicitor of that town. The ceremony was performed by the rector, Rev. G. T. Kerrin.

SMUGGLED FURS.
NEW YORK, April 14.—The Herald has the following: It was said by furriers yesterday that the smuggling of valuable furs by the agents of the Quebec city furrier across the Canadian border has cost the United States Government at least \$50,000 a year for the last three years. Not alone have individuals been supplied with valuable garments by the Quebec house without the payment of duty, but it is now suspected that several small dealers in Worcester and Green streets, in this city, have been acting in collusion to compete with the large fur companies of New York, Chicago and Boston. The United States treasury agents are determined to put a stop to this wholesale imposition on the government.

The Ills of Women.
Constipation causes more than half the ill of women. Karls Clover Root Tea is a pleasant cure for Constipation. For sale by W. T. Strong.

HIS LAST LEAP.

James Duffy Leaps from Brooklyn Bridge and Disappears.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A Brooklyn Bridge policeman saw a man, apparently 27 years old, climb to the center cable and jump into the river yesterday. The man disappeared beneath the surface of the water and never came up. He left behind him a brown cap of tweed material. He asked a number of men in Park Row to go out on the bridge and see him jump, some of whom went and witnessed the fatal plunge.

Steve Brodie, whose brother Dan was to have accompanied the man, said: His name is James Duffy, and he came from county Caven, Ireland, where he has a mother and two sisters. He was a steward on one of the White Star steamers. He came to my place, and said he was going to jump off the Brooklyn Bridge. I gave him some advice, but he said he had things in his pocket, but he offered me some pawn tickets for a night's lodging. I gave him some money. He came around yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, and again said he intended to jump.

Duffy walked to the middle of the bridge, climbed over the railing, and taking off his collar and necktie threw them in the roadway. The boys told him to put the things in his pocket, but he replied that he would never use them again and jumped.
Duffy is the seventeenth person that has leaped from the Brooklyn Bridge.

Live News in a Line.

Rachel Simms (colored) died at Dayton, O., on Saturday, aged 113 years.
A Berlin dispatch says the tide of popular opposition to the Anti-Socialist Bill is rising rapidly.

There are more than 40 cases of cholera in the vicinity of Hiroshima, despite the strict quarantine.

James W. Scott, of the Chicago Times-Herald, died of apoplexy at the Holland House, New York, on Sunday.
The Governor of St. Jago de Cuba reports that a Spanish sailor, taking the Cremona, was killed in action at Palmito.

Seventy years ago Manuel Garcia sang in opera in New York. London papers note the fact that he is still teaching music to children.

President Cleveland, in declining an invitation to a public reception in Chicago, takes occasion to write strongly in favor of a safe and prudent national policy.

Several students, among them Prince Tumanoff, were arrested at Odessa for Socialist agitation. Much revolutionary literature was found in their rooms and was seized by the police.

A cablegram says the rates of discount last week were three-quarters for three months and a half for thirty days. A large amount of gold is on the way to London. Silver was quiet.

A report is current in semi-official circles that Lord Haughey is about to resign as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, being worn out by the continued bitter social boycott by the landed gentry.

Two masked men on horseback held up the stage near Gorman, Colusa county, Cal., on Saturday, taking the treasure, but containing checks for nearly \$700 and a small package of coin.

A Manifesto, Mich., telegram, says. A train on the Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad met with an accident fifteen miles from Detroit on Saturday. Engineer Sherman and Fireman Graham were caught under the engine. Graham was fatally hurt.

The latest news from Stockholm is that the situation in Norway does not improve. A royal commission of eight members of the Diet is sitting secretly and trying to devise means of upholding King Oscar in his refusal to yield to the majority.

Dr. Salmon, chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, is preparing instructions to agents in accordance with Secretary Morton's directions to investigate the causes of the high prices of pork products, and what influence the trust has on the prices.

Several districts of Sicily were shaken severely by earthquakes on Sunday. The shocks were most violent in the Province of Syracuse. In Monterosso, Almo, the facade of a church and several houses were laid in ruins and many other buildings were damaged.

Here, There and Everywhere.

MRS. BURNETT'S "Little Lord Fauntleroy" has just been brought out in a French translation at the Comedie Parisienne as "Le Petit Lord" with great success.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has sent a water color from his own brush to a charity exhibition at the Berlin Academy of Art. The picture represents a scene during the recent naval maneuvers.

JOHN SCHULTZ, of Lautenburg, West Prussia, has invented a new kind of paper, but the authorities will not allow its manufacture because whatever is written on it may be washed off easily.

CEYLON'S output of tea for the current year is expected to reach 94,000,000 pounds. The industry is rapidly growing, and planters are making fortunes, and the whole island is enjoying unexampled prosperity.

THERE were 17,564,714 bunches of bananas consumed in the United States last year. Jamaica, Cuba, Honduras and Colombia supply most of the fruit. It is within the easy memory of people of middle age when the banana was a great rarity.

A new sort of ornamental glass is now made in Paris by B. M. Bay, which he calls by the name of hoar-frost glass, "verre givre," from the pattern upon it, which resembles the feathery forms traced by frost on the inside windows in cold weather. The process of making the glass is simple.

THE profession of a bull fighter in Spain, if somewhat dangerous, appears to be also a very remunerative one. Senor Cuertito is said to have killed during his career 1,400 bulls and to be worth \$600,000. He is spoken of as a man of great intelligence and of a kindly disposition.

THE Board of Health of New York city has received a gift of \$25,000 from Mrs. Minturn to establish a pest house where patients will receive better attention than is commonly accorded them. She was moved to this deed by the incarceration of a friend in the miserable quarters now used.

THE bacillus of diphtheria is one-twenty-five-thousandth of an inch long, and when fixed in the human throat it grows into a network with other bacilli produced from it, all operating together to produce a virulent poison, which when taken into the blood causes the fatal consequences so apt to follow from the disease.

HOLLAND has never completely recovered from the tulip fever of the seventeenth century. At Haarlem they are holding the seventeenth quinquennial exhibition of bulb, plants, hyacinths, narcissus, and tulips, which are again becoming popular in Europe. Among the flowers is an almost black tulip.

A SERIES of twenty popular concerts at the great Queen's Hall, London, has just closed. The concerts were given on Saturday evenings, and the 4,000 available seats have been invariably filled, the audiences consisting largely of young people from business houses. The expenses have been heavy, but the entertainments have more than paid their way.

A NEW use for homing pigeons has been suggested. It is thought that every large steamer should carry a supply of them, to liberate in the event of an accident. Pigeons have a record of 800 and 1,000 miles a day. If the Gasconne had homing pigeons on board it is believed that news of her would have been received three days before she was sighted.

AN advertisement in a New York daily stated that "a one-legged man would learn of something to his advantage" by calling at a certain address. A curious individual called and met the advertiser, a man who had lost his right leg. He said: "If I can find the man who has lost the other leg and wears the same size shoe that I do, we can whack up, and by buying our shoes together we would save considerable."

VERY few people understand the enormous scope of the operations of a modern railway company. There are now probably nearly 900,000 persons employed directly by the railways of the United States, and if any account is taken of the families dependent on many of these employees it will be seen that possibly 2,000,000 of the residents of that country derive their support from these companies.

A pilgrimage on foot from Lille to Jerusalem was made recently by a man named Belveche. He was seriously sick last summer, and vowed to take the journey if he got well. As far as Constantinople the difficulties were not great, but it took him some months to travel over the Asiatic part of the journey. By way of Caesarea, Aleppo and Damascus he at last reached Jerusalem. He took a Cook's ticket to return home.

AT Prague a man called Proschaska was arrested some time ago for selling a Hamburg firm a number of children. Proschaska had been checked by a policeman, that they might be exhibited as lilliputians; for every child 300 florins were paid. The inventors of the system and the parents of the children as well have been punished by the courts. Two years ago a regular manufactory of distortions and monstrous shapes in young children for begging purposes was discovered and suppressed in Croatia.

IN showing how one sense is sharpened to supply the loss of another, Dr. S. Millington Miller writes that Alexander Hunter, of the land office at Washington, though entirely deaf, spelled out mistakes 150 words read to him from the dictionary. He has become able to read the motion of the lips of those addressing him. This faculty is not rare among the deaf, and by means of it some of them, like Mitchell, the chemist of the United States Patent Office, have been able to understand the lectures necessary for their graduation at college.

The Morning "Advertiser" does not go to press till 4 a.m. After the main business office is closed, entrance can be had by the side door in the lane. Small advertisements, births, deaths and marriages, and news items of all kinds for the Morning "Advertiser" will be received in the editorial rooms, either by messenger or by telephone, up to 3 a.m. Telephone numbers: Business office, 107; editorial department, 124.

They Will Have The
Brantford Wheel

Because it is Up to Date in Workmanship, Style, Weight and Price, Best Value for your money.

The members of the Toronto Board of Trade Club know a good thing when they see it and have purchased Thirty

BRANTFORDS.
AGENCY 212 DUNDAS ST.

28 pounds best Granulated Sugar FOR \$1 00, (Redpath or St. Lawrence.)

McCormick's or Perrin's Sodas 22c per Package.

Don't forget to see our windowful of Bargains at

MacWillies 284 Dundas Street.

As a Skirt Lining
Fibre Chamois is Superb

As it does not add any appreciable weight to the garment as do so many other so called interlinings, stiffness is one of its natural properties, there being no Gize or Starch in it to be softened by moisture. It drapes gracefully and will not tear or drag at the Seams.

At all the leading stores, 3 widths, 64 inches wide, 35c per yard. Beware of inferior imitations. Every yard of Genuine Fibre Chamois is Labeled.

The wholesale trade only supplied by The Canadian Fibre Chamois Co., Montreal.

MONEY BAGS
MADE HEAVY!

You will never increase the weight of your finances by treading along in a close attention to business, without the aid of the newspaper. Other business people have learned the wisdom of newspaper advertising and can tell where their money produces the best effect. You should try. Our mediums are unexcelled, and we can give you both circulation and our experience.

"London Advertiser."
Early Morning, Evening and Weekly Editions.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

MARK TWAIN'S HANDS.

The Humorist's Humorous Experience With Palmists.

Mark Twain has been made to show his hand, and the result is published in the new number of Borderland. His hand was photographed and submitted to four experts in palmistry. Their versions of his character were then sent to Mark himself, who thinks they have done some wonderful things with them. One lady "made only three or four errors. Each error," says Mark, "was a compliment to me, so I prize the errors above the facts."

Another palmist discovered a "strain of Southern female blood." "The strain dates back 240 years; am I to believe that my hands still advertise it?" The third expert made ten hits and fifteen misses; the fourth, seventeen hits and eight misses. The last mentioned hand-reader "made one disastrous hit which not even my mother could have made; but it is a true hit, nevertheless. Am I going to point out these things? Not if I can get excused."

But the unkindest out of all remains to be noticed. Of the four experts who undertook to read his character from his hands, only one discovered any sense of humor in Mark Twain. "It may be," he says, "that the three are right."

However, Mark might go farther and fare worse. Not content with the verdicts of the palmists, Borderland next put him on his trial before the "graphologists." He came out of the ordeal "lacking in decision, inconsistent, illogical, insincere, absolutely devoid of feeling, merely superficially cultivated, self-conscious, and wanting in moral rectitude." Decidedly, as the editor says, Mark Twain should pray to be judged by his hands rather than by his handwriting.

Story of Two Brilliant Men.
Mrs. Wilson tells a story about Carlyle and Thackeray which has been told before, but which may be new to some readers. Several artists at the Royal Academy dinner, sitting in the neighborhood of these great men, were expressing their enthusiasm about Titian. "His glorious coloring is a fact about Titian," said one; "and his glorious drawing is another fact about Titian," said a second. So they went on until Carlyle, who had been listening in silence to their rhapsodies, interrupted them by saying, with slow deliberation, which had its own expressive emphasis: "And here I sit, a man made in the image of God, who knows nothing about Titian—and that's another fact about Titian." Thackeray was signing chairs at the moment. He paused and bowed courteously to Carlyle. "Pardon me," he said, "this is not a fact about Titian. But it is a fact—and a lamentable fact—about Thomas Carlyle."

Untrained Famous Men.
Neither Bessemer nor Siemens was trained as a metallurgist, and yet they have been acclaimed as the most epoch-making inventors in the history of the iron trade. Sir William Armstrong was not trained as an engineer, but as a soldier, and yet he has revolutionized the art of gunnery and the manufacture of hydraulics.

Dyspepsia or indigestion is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secrete the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also, being the principal cause of headache, Parmer's Vegetable Pills taken before going to bed for a while, never fail to give relief and effect a cure. Mr. P. W. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont., writes: "Parmer's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes which I have in stock."

Artist—I'm half distracted trying to think up a subject for my picture. "The Queen of May." Practical Friend—Why not paint a picture of a servant girl taking up carpets?

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. WORKS CROYDON ENGLAND

ADVERTISEMENTS
GIVES HEALTH BY NATURAL MEANS
KEEPS THE THROAT CLEAN AND HEALTHY.
DELICIOUSLY REFRESHING.
S

OUR Latest Styles

Have Arrived,
And we take pleasure in
inviting you to inspect the
same.
Respectfully yours, :

Denton & Deeks
FASHIONABLE TAILORS,
384 Richmond St.

A Lost Gem

"And are you beginning to fear me so soon?" he answered, a little bitterly. "Oh, child, don't do that—don't be afraid of me, as my own children are. I am not so hard and severe as they think me, I am not indeed. The boat is steady here again," he went on, with a sudden change of tone, "it is at the steps. Give me your hand; I will help you in."

He took the girl's hand and held it, although they had to wait, as it turned out several minutes for the boat. Nevertheless he did not let it go. And the strong yet gentle clasp gave Stella an odd feeling of rest and protection, the night isolated her from all the world beside, and it seemed for a moment as if there were no one living in the whole wide earth except herself and him.

CHAPTER XII.

Molly's explanation of her extraordinary behavior may be given in her own words. She visited Stella on the Sunday morning after church, and informed her governess with great gravity that she had come to make an apology.

"Papa sent me," she said, frankly, "or I should have waited until to-morrow, you know; but perhaps it is best for you to hear all about it to-day. Because I didn't leave you on the island on purpose—you know that, don't you, Miss Raeburn?"

"I am glad you didn't, Molly," said Stella, smiling, and rather evading the question. "I wouldn't have left you there for anything. I meant to go on to the farm and get the carriage out, and come back for you. I was slow about it, I know, because I was cross with Bertie. Besides, I met Uncle Ralph on the way, and stopped to talk to him."

"Mr. Kingscot?" Stella said, with surprise.

"Yes, he had been for a long walk. I told him where you were, and that I was going to fetch you, and he said he would not detain me, and went on. Well, just as I had got the man to put the pony in, a little boy came running up to tell me that he had seen the lady at the big house (the lady, who owns the property, you know) send out her boat for you; that she had gone into her house, and that she was going to send you home in a carriage. Well, I thought that so cool of you that I flew into a passion, and said to myself that I would drive home all by myself, and that you might come back in the carriage of anybody else you pleased."

"But, Molly, that was not a true story."

"No, of course it wasn't. The boy was telling lies."

"But why?"

"Oh, of course, he didn't know that it was lies. My opinion is," said Molly, tightening her lips, "that somebody had told him to say so, and that that somebody was Uncle Ralph."

"Molly, dear, don't be so absurd."

"I believe so," said Molly, stubbornly.

"He wanted to get us into a difficulty. He hates Bertie to be out with us. He likes to get Bertie to come with him. I believe it was his revenge."

"How is Bertie?" said Stella, resolving not to listen to these statements.

"Oh, he has a feverish cold. He is in bed, and the doctor was sent for this morning. Miss Raeburn, dear, you don't think that I would be so horrid, so disagreeable and naughty, as to play you such a trick, on purpose. Indeed," and Molly's arms were suddenly thrown round Stella's neck—"indeed, I do love you, and want to be a good girl. Won't you forgive me?"

Of course Stella forgave her on the spot, and was relieved to feel that she might do so with a good conscience. The mystery of the boy's report of her doing was impossible to solve at present, and she wisely counselled Molly to put it by as a thing which time would probably make clear. She found that Mr. Moncrieff had been angry, but less angry on his return from the island than before. When he first learned from Molly what had occurred—Bertie's absence and the inquiries that were made at Miss Jacky's leading everyone to infer that the two were still upon the island, subject to all the discomforts of cold and darkness—Mr. Moncrieff had indeed been displeased. "I thought he would have boxed my ears!" said Molly. "But he didn't—he never has done such a thing, so I don't suppose that he will begin. But he looked so angry! And he was angrier than ever after something Uncle Ralph said to him."

Stella stopped the recital of Mr. Kingscot's sayings very decidedly. But what had been said transpired afterwards, much to her annoyance.

Ralph Kingscot had uttered a low derisive laugh when Molly faced her father and told her story. "What are you laughing at?" Mr. Moncrieff had said.

"I am laughing," Kingscot answered, "at the unnecessary trouble which you are giving yourself. Drive back, row over to the island, rescue the castaways, of course, without delay. But be careful that you don't arrive too soon."

"I shall be obliged to you, if you will express yourself more clearly."

"My dear Alan, don't look so tremendously high and mighty. Do you forget that your son and you very pretty little governess are almost exactly the same age? I always thought that you had done a shockingly imprudent thing, you know!"

"Do you mean to imply—"

"I imply nothing," Ralph Kingscot said,

provokingly. "Not even that it was what the Americans call 'a put-up job,' and that the two are at present chucking over Molly's simplicity, and vowing eternal constancy beneath the moon—I should leave them there till midnight if I were you and give them a thorough fright."

"But, according to Molly's account, which did not reach Stella's ears till some days later, Mr. Moncrieff peremptorily silenced his brother-in-law, and at once ordered the carriage for his rescue expedition to the loch."

Certainly no trace of any suspicion of the kind indicated by Mr. Kingscot's words was visible in Alan Moncrieff's manner to the young stranger who journeyed daily for a few hours under his roof. He was uniformly kind and considerate to her; he trusted her completely. Bertie, although nearly of Stella's age by years, was such a child compared to her, that Ralph Kingscot's insinuation fell to the ground almost unheeded. Almost—not quite unheeded. For there was a fund of jealousy and suspiciousness in Alan Moncrieff's nature, which had been fostered by certain circumstances of his past life; and, without his being as yet aware of it, distrust of all around him was rapidly becoming the mainspring of his life. It was this distrust which really alienated him from his children, as (report said) it had alienated him from his wife.

But this latent fault in his character was not visible to Stella. To her he was ever gracious and kindly, treating her with a confidence which her steady and patient work with Molly certainly justified. And the experience of the island sobered Molly considerably, and made her very submissive and loving to Stella, who had quite won her heart. A sharp attack of cold and fever prostrated Bertie for weeks afterwards, and it became natural for Stella to see a good deal of him, for, during his convalescence, he used to come to the schoolroom, and lie on a broad old-fashioned sofa near the fire listening while Molly's lesson proceeded, or when Stella read aloud. Sometimes Mr. Moncrieff looked on these occasions, and seemed always to find Bertie "in such good company." The only person in the house with whom Stella could not feel friendly and at ease was Ralph Kingscot. She was certain that he had a peculiar spite against her, for he never lost an opportunity of catching up and exaggerating any little mistake that she might make in his hearing, and of setting her actions in the worst possible light (at least, as accounts given by Molly and Bertie could be trusted); and she was sure also that he had a bad influence over Bertie. The boy, less cautious in Stella's presence than in that of his father, let fall phrases which showed that something underhand was going on; that he went to places and had companions of which his father would not approve, that his uncle connived at it, if he did not encourage these proceedings. These facts troubled Stella. She did not like to act the part of a spy, or a tale-bearer, but she could not help thinking that Mr. Moncrieff ought to have some notion imparted to him as to what lay beneath the surface.

Meanwhile the winter passed away, and was succeeded by a bleak and biting spring. In March, Mr. Moncrieff went to London. His absence made little difference to the household. Stella fancied, however, that Bertie was degenerating in mind and feeling and she made up her mind that she ought to speak to Mr. Moncrieff about him as soon as he returned. And yet she was terribly afraid that he would think such speech presumptuous.

She did not find an opportunity for some time, however. Mr. Moncrieff paid a flying visit to his home in June, and then it was chiefly in order to arrange that Miss Jacky and Stella should take Molly to the sea-side for a change of air, during the month of July.

(To Be Continued.)

To Make Pure Blood

There is no medicine before the people equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the standard spring medicine and blood purifier and it possesses peculiar merit which others try in vain to reach. It really makes the weak strong. Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with everyone who tries them. Applicant—Please, mum, the lady who washes the steps for that woman which lives opposite sees as you want a girl.

Mrs. Jackson—Do you call this sponge a Graduate of the University Says: "My children have been treated with Scott's Emulsion from their earliest years! Our physician first recommended it, and now whenever a child takes cold my wife immediately resorts to this remedy, which always effects a cure."

cake? Why, it is as hard as stone. Cook—Yes, mum; that's the way a sponge is before it is wet. Soak it in your tea.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension for any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earaches, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Nurse—Sure, ma'am, the twins have been making a fuss all day, ma'am.

Mrs. Olive Branch—What about? The Nurse—It's because they can't have a birthday a-piece, like the Dawson children next door.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Prince George of Greece has the distinction of having saved more lives at the risk of his own than any other living member of a royal house.

It Saves Lives Every Day. Thousands of cases of Consumption, Asthma, Coughs, Colds and Croup are cured every day by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by W. T. Strong.

Victor Hugo's coffin rests in a niche in a vault in the Pantheon, in Paris, next to the one occupied by the body of the late President Carnot.

All Recommend It. Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. "I will recommend it." For sale by W. T. Strong.

Prince Bismarck has a very loud, harsh voice, and generally speaks in a dogmatic, dictatorial way that admits of no contradiction.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

WESTERN ONTARIO

A Man Killed on the Track Near Brantford—A Ridgeway Man Found Guilty of Fraud—Western Happenings.

Chatham will celebrate in grand style on July 1 her birth as an incorporated city.

While engaged in a friendly scuffle with an acquaintance, Dr. Thornton, dentist, Wallaceburg, fell and broke his leg.

The directors of the Sydneyham glass works have appealed to the Western Review for \$15,000, in order to complete the work.

Wallaceburg expects a flax industry, employing from 60 to 70 hands, to be established there by Mr. Wilson, of St. Marys. Money is being subscribed.

A big lizard and a four-inch fish came through the nozzle of the Windsor fire hose the other day alive. Water Commissioner Smith sent them to Medical Health Officer Coventry, with a note that they would not make a bad Good Friday dinner. The doctor has for many years maintained that Windsor's water was impure.

Ridgeway has decided to follow the plan adopted by the Walkerville council some time ago, and will exempt from taxation all residences located in Ridgeway and over that are erected in the town within the next two years, the time of exemption to be graduated according to value.

Walter Taylor is an extensive fruit grower at Leamington, and on Tuesday gave some party or parties out in two over 100 young peach trees belonging to him. They were heavily loaded with blossoms and valued at \$20 a piece. The township constable has offered a reward for the conviction of the guilty party.

At Chatham on Friday a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury in the case of Queen vs. Patterson, of Ridgeway. The defendant had been charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, while acting as buyer of beans for N. H. Stevens, of the Kent mills, Chatham. Bail of \$2,000 himself and two sureties of \$1,250 will be accepted. Pending the trial of two reserved exceptions in Toronto.

There have been idle rumors in circulation, accusing John A. Hendershot, under sentence of death as accessory to the murder of his nephew, with poisoning his wife for the insurance on her life, and with murdering Mr. Hatherly, of Middlemarch, who was killed some years ago by being thrown from his wagon, his horses running away. There was no insurance on the late Mrs. Hendershot's life. She died from the effects of cancer. Mr. Hatherly was accidentally killed as stated. The prisoner, Hendershot—having heard these rumors—was in circulation, requested that this denial of them be made.—St. Thomas Journal.

An accident occurred at the Grand Trunk Railway crossing on the Paris road, near Brantford, on Saturday morning, which resulted in the death of Thomas MacAdam, an old farmer and market gardener, who resided about five miles out of Brantford. He was driving to the city with a vehicle and single horse, and reached the crossing near the Institute for the Blind as train No. 60 on the B. and G. division of the Grand Trunk Railway was due to pass. The train, in charge of Engineer T. Furr and Conductor Wellington Smith, was approaching the crossing at its regular rate of speed, when the engineer noticed the old man crossing the track. The whistle was blown and brakes applied in vain. He was struck and death was instantaneous. An inquest will be held.

FINE \$250 FOR STEALING GAS.

How a New Yorker Lighted His Big Apartment House.

NEW YORK, April 14.—H. B. Stein, owner of the large apartment house at 138 East Sixtieth street, was fined \$250 in the Special Sessions Court yesterday on a charge of stealing gas from the Standard Gas Company. Supply pipes of both the Standard and Consolidated Gas Companies enter the house, and Mr. Stein got a meter from the Consolidated Gas Company and paid the company a bill each month. The house was so well lighted and the bills so small that the Consolidated Company made an investigation.

The investigators discovered what is known among gas men as a back draught. It was caused by a galvanized iron pipe which they traced to the Standard Company's supply pipe. Then they reported to the Standard Company.

The latter company sent its detective, Mr. D. A. Trier, to investigate. He hired a room at \$100 per month in the house and says he discovered that the galvanized pipe was supplied with two valves, one of which supplied the tenants with gas and the other admitted a supply of gas to a twelve-tube heater by which the halls were heated.

"Use all the gas you want; we foot the gas bills," Trier says he was told when he hired the flat.

The valves of the galvanized pipe could be so arranged that only a small quantity of the Consolidated Company's gas was used each week. A skillful manipulation of the valves controlling the Standard Company's tapped pipe gave the tenants all the gas they wanted.

The Standard people believe they have lost hundreds of dollars' worth of gas, but this was a matter hard to prove. Superintendent J. F. Reed caused Stein's arrest on the discovery of the gas stealing trick.

A RUSH FOR SHOES. HAVERHILL, Mass., April 14.—The shoe shipments of the week exceed by hundreds of cases any former shipments. All of the factories are being rushed to the limit, and the prospects are that the demand will keep on till June.

LEAVING FOR LIBERIA. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 14.—The steamship Horsa, which sailed from here some weeks ago for Savannah, and there took on board 200 emigrants for Liberia, arrived at Monrovia and safely landed her passengers. The next contingent of emigrants will be shipped from this city. They will come from various sections of the South.

MIDDLESEX.

The death occurred at the family residence, Strathroy, on Thursday, April 11, of Mr. Charles Woods, aged 80, the direct cause of death being kidney and liver trouble. Deceased was born in Surrey, Eng., in 1837. He enlisted in the Fourteenth Regiment of Foot, and after serving nine years, purchased his discharge at Quebec, in 1846. After a brief residence in Montreal, where he married Margaret Porter, he removed to London in 1847, where he resided six years. He then took up his residence in Hyde Park, where he lived 21 years. He then removed to Strathroy, where he spent the remainder of his life. Out of a family of eight children only two survive—James Woods, of Strathroy, and Mrs. D. McPhail, also of Strathroy. In politics he was a Conservative.

The rural schools in Middlesex hold their promotion examinations in April and November, so as to accommodate those pupils who are required to remain away from school in the summer to work on the farms.

Following is the result of the spring promotion examination recently held in school section No. 4, Delaware, J. W. Byrnes, teacher. To the senior fourth—Hettie Scott, Janie Allen, Lloyd Monteth, Alice Scott, Emma Prior, Clifton Bignell, Andrew Kelley, Alfred Mitchell, Albert Scott. To the junior fourth—Alex Bodkin, Lillie Bodkin, H. Monteth, A. Monteth, J. Bodkin, G. Kilburn, Percy Howlett, Jennie Scott, Emma Scott, May Foster, Annie McPee. To the junior third—Allred Allen, Gordon Kaiser, Roy Monteth, Cora Monteth, Earnest Kelley, Bert Mitchell, Alice Monteth. To the senior second—Stanley Kaiser, J. W. Byrnes, teacher. To the senior first—Arthur Scott, Priscilla Mitchell, Frank George, Newton Kaiser.

THE OPEN FORUM.

INSPECTING THE BUILDING SOCIETIES.

To the Editor of the "Advertiser":

In the items of news from the Legislature at Toronto, I noticed a few days ago that a bill was passed which provides for the appointment of a Government inspector of building societies.

This is a good move, and thousands of small investors will have cause to thank the honorable member who fought the measure through against a stubborn and, I am inclined to believe, ill-advised opposition. There has been need of such an officer for several years, especially for that class of the societies known as "national building and loan associations," which is allowed to carry on a business in this Province under a law which is worse than no law at all, as far as their regulation or proper management is concerned.

It will be observed, however, that an inspection of any of these associations without the proper legislation to assist and fix penalties in discovery of any fraud or mismanagement will meet with difficulties, and it seems a pity that the bill introduced by Mr. G. A. KENNEDY, providing for this legislation, was not put in shape by the committee it was referred to and passed at this session.

This would have made a complete job of the matter. As it is, an inspector, if appointed, may proceed to examine the books of an association and report favorably or unfavorably according as he finds the accounts. If unfavorably, the management must ask with some degree, "What are you going to do about it?" In this event the unwary should be cautioned to fight shy of those concerns that will not bear the light of day or the test of a public criticism until we secure a law that will govern them as they should be governed. I know these associations from A to Z, and will have something to say later on in reference to public inspection, different methods of inspection, etc., to those who are interested. In the meantime, if you will kindly give space to this, written in behalf of the shareholders, you will confer a favor on yours truly.

G. A. KENNEDY.
London, April 12, 1895.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 14.—Wm. Farr, a Canadian Pacific engineer, was placed under arrest yesterday charged with a desperate attempt to burn his residence, with wife and four children. Farr convicted himself through conversation with his fireman. The house had been saturated with coal oil, but Mrs. Farr happened to awake and extinguished the blaze.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures D'arrhen and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HENRY HOWARD ESTATE

Manufacturers and Dealers In—

Special Bill Timber, LUMBER

All Kinds, Rough and Dressed. Write Us for Prices.

MILL AND YARD AT PORT HURON, MICHIGAN.

Consolidated Plate Glass Co. LONDON.

PLATE GLASS, STORE FRONTS, LEADED WORK.

The Largest Stock in Canada.

Ask for Prices.

LEAVE YOUR MEASURE

AND GET A PERFECT FIT.

Black Worsted Pants, \$4. Black Worsted Suits, \$20.

Fine Tweed Pants, \$3.50. Fine Tweed Suits, \$12.75.

Fine Tweed Suits, \$15.

PETHICK & McDONALD, 333 RICHMOND ST., First door north of City Hall.

MEN'S FINE TAILOR-MADE CLOTHING

OAK HALL

Here is where the best dressers find Suits and Overcoats that meet with their approval. Clothes that have the style and are perfect-fitting.

SPRING OVERCOATS

Made up in all the new and fashionable fabrics.

SPRING SUITS

Cutaway and Sack Suits, all the new patterns that are to be worn this spring. We have a few of those fine All-wool Tweed Spring Suits which we are clearing at \$35. Every Suit at least worth double. Come early

OAK HALL,

148-150 Dundas Street.

ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

HEALTH FOR ALL!!!

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders

THE SUN'S A SPONGE

that absorbs with its rays the color that once gave a fabric value. No reason why the goods should be discarded. Let us clean or dye them to a color that will please the fastidious wearer.

R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners,
217 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.
Telephone 614.

NEW SPRING WALL PAPER GRAVES'

222 Dundas St.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DIED.

HUNGERFORD—At his late residence, 445 Colborne street, city, Becher Hungerford, in his 84th year.

The funeral takes place on Tuesday, at 2 p.m., to the G. T. R. station, for interment at Strathroy.

SCOTT—On Sunday, April 14, at his late residence, lot 10, con. 2, Westminster township, Robert Scott, aged 45 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock; services at 1:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

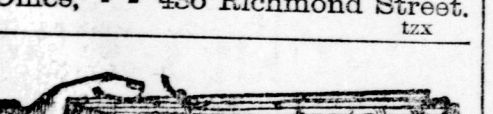


The CONFEDERATION LIFE'S
Unconditional Accumulative Endowment Policy

Is the best Policy contract issued in Canada today. Full information as to rates, etc., furnished on application to

FRED. H. HEATH, General Agent,
GEO. PRITCHARD, Local Agent.

Office, - - 436 Richmond Street.



P. J. EDMUNDS, Solicitor of Patents,
MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERTS

61 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont.
Telephone 521

R. K. Cowan

Barister, etc., over Bank of Commerce London.

W. A. BROCK, Manufacturer
of the

DIADLEM BICYCLES!

—Agent for—
ECLIPSE BICYCLES!

"Ha! Ha! Ha! We have to smile. Cyclists are finding out that the place to buy coal is from their coal dealer, clothing from their tailor, and bicycles from a bicycle manufacturer. Of course we still give our strict attention to bicycle repairing."

W. A. Brock, 192 Dundas St., London
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

You are Interested

In the question of PURE FRUIT VINEGAR vs. impure vinegar.

Our vinegar being a pure natural acid, produced from the FINEST FRUIT, we guarantee it to be the full standard strength of forty grains. No deleterious acids used in the manufacture of our vinegar. Ask for our goods—take no other.

The Toronto Cider and Fruit Vinegar Co. Limited, Toronto.

GO TO

BEATON'S

—FOR YOUR—

Easter Hat

All the latest American shapes just opened out.

VERY LOW IN PRICE.

138 Dundas Street.

GOVERNMENT

School of Art

The next term will begin Monday, April 1.

Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 7 to 9 p.m. Fees for 36 lessons, \$3.

Day classes Monday, Friday and Saturday from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m.

Life classes on Wednesday evening.

Those wishing to write for certificates and medals should attend this term.

Studios:

Mechanics' Institute, Dundas St.
Send for Circulars and Particulars to

John H. Griffiths, Principal

Ask your shoemaker for Cerol Russet Dressing. Price 15 cents.

We Lead Them All

For

Parasols.

We are showing the latest novelties and exclusive designs in Fancy Parasols.

See our values at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50 and \$2.

Priddis Bros.

158 Dundas Street.
157 Carling Street.
Telephone 324.

Steel Enameled Ware

We have just received a large shipment of the above ware comprising all articles for kitchen use, and will offer these goods at very low prices. See the display in our window Saturday.

STEVELY'S

'Phone 452, Richmond St.

GENERALLY FAIR.

TORONTO, April 14.—11 p.m.—The pressure is lower in the New England States and in the Northwest States and Territories, and comparatively high over the upper lake regions and the Southern States. Rain has fallen today in the St. Lawrence Valley and portions of the Maritime Provinces. Elsewhere the weather has been for the most part fair.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 32—36; Qu'Appelle, 44—62; Winnipeg, 38—62; Parry Sound, 39—40; Toronto, 34—48; Montreal, 36—44; Quebec, 32—38; Halifax, 34—46.

TORONTO, April 15.—1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lake region (covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville) are: Generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Trusts Corporation

OF ONTARIO,
Safe Deposit Vaults.

Bank of Commerce Building, King Street, Toronto.

Capital - - - \$1,000,000

HON. J. C. ATKINS, P. C. President
HON. SIR R. J. CARTWRIGHT, Vice Presidents
K. C. M. G. HON. S. C. WOOD.

This Company acts as ADMINISTRATOR in case of intestacy or wills will annexed. EXECUTOR, TRUSTEE, ROYALTY COMMITTEE, LUNATIC GUARDIAN, LIQUIDATOR, ASSIGNEE, etc., etc., also as agent for the above offices.

All manner of trusts accepted, money invested, estates managed, rents, incomes, etc., collected. Bonds, debentures, etc., issued and countersigned.

Deposits to rent, all sizes. Parcels received for safe custody.

Solicitors placing business with the Corporation are retained in the professional care of same.

A. E. PLUMMER,
Manager.

Roses, Carnations, Violets.

Funeral Designs.

J. GAMMAGE & SONS,

Phone 98, 213 Dundas Street.

A PRACTICAL ECONOMIST

Gives a Swell Dinner for \$1 50—Seven Courses

NEW YORK, April 15.—A Washington dispatch to the World says: Edward A. Atkinson, the Boston economist, gave a novel dinner last night at the residence of Assistant Secretary Hamilton. Seven courses, all cooked by Mr. Atkinson, were served. The entire cost of the dinner, exclusive of flower decorations, was \$1 50. Those present, besides Mr. Atkinson, were Secretary and Miss John C. Carlisle, Secretary and Mrs. Morton, ex-Postmaster-General and Mrs. W. S. Bissell, the Japanese minister and Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton.

Secure a sound mind, which seldom goes without a sound digestion, by using Dr. Seiger's Angostura Bitters.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

William Barry Tonight.

William Barry, the imitator, with a company of 25 people, is to cheer the patrons of the Grand tonight in "The Rising Generation," a farce-comedy, written by William Gill, an American author, who gave life to "Adonis" and a score of other good things. The story of the play takes Martin McShane from a hut in Harlem to the halls of the State larder while he and his family are going up, and it is out of the many incidents afforded by this story that plentiful comedy is manufactured. On the way to prosperity we may be sure that the 25 in the band half once in a while to sing and dance, singly and in pairs, quartets, sextets and all hands around and all together. The scene painter has provided views of New York from the Battery to Harlem, while the music is very catchy.

Have you seen Keene Bros.' bedroom sets with bevel plate mirrors for \$9, \$11 and \$12? They are the delight of everyone that sees them. 127 King street, opposite Market House

LIEF

Goes easily with him who wears Cook's Shoes. We have also heard it said that the young lady who wears a pair of Cook's Shoes for the first time on Easter Sunday will be married before the year passes away. Do you want to be with the number?

J. P. COOK,

173 DUNDAS STREET,

Your Money Back if You Want It.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

307.....Business Office

134.....Editorial Rooms

175.....Job Department

London and Environs

GIVE US A TRIAL WITH A SHARE OF YOUR JOB PRINTING. QUICK, ACCURATE, AND AT MODERATE FIGURES.

—A thunder and lightning storm raged in Bothwell yesterday—a contrast to the snow fall here.

—Mr. Charles Thompson, of Detroit, formerly of the London Mutual, spent Easter in the city.

—Mr. George Pook and daughter Jessie, of East London, are visiting Mr. Pook's son William, of Beachville.

—The London delegates to the C. W. A. convention in Toronto were highly pleased with the treatment accorded them in the Queen City.

—Mr. Bucke and Mr. P. E. Bucke have been arrested on a charge of stealing a fox terrier dog from Frank Hackett, a London township milk dealer. He was bailed to appear before Squire Lacey on Wednesday.

—Mr. W. W. Logan, a well-known dealer in musical instruments, leaves today for London to visit his father and brother. Before returning he will spend a few days in St. Catharines and Buffalo.—Lindsay Post.

—The Greenville (Texas) Morning Herald of April 9 announces that Mr. Frederick Abbott, of London, Ont., electionist, entertained a large and appreciative audience the previous evening, and gave the utmost satisfaction. The Herald contains a column interview with Mr. Abbott who has very favorable impressions of the South.

—Rose Coghlan and her splendid company finished their London engagement at the Grand on Saturday afternoon and evening before small audiences. "Diplomacy" was repeated at the matinee, and "The Modern Duchess," a comedy-tragedy, was the evening attraction. It is needless to say that both productions were brilliant, and, had the season been more auspicious, would have filled the house.

—The meeting of the London and Port Stanley Board held on Saturday evening was attended by Ald. Jones, Currothers, Heaman, O'Meara, Parnell, and Messrs. Massey, Bland, Bowman, Leonard, Mayor Little, Secretary Kingston, and Engineer Graydon. The mayor explained that the object of the meeting was to lay before the board a letter from C. Wilson & Son, stating that they had made a mistake in their tender for track sales and that their price should be \$785 instead of \$855. It was moved by Ald. Currothers, and seconded by Mr. John Bland, "that the next higher tender, that of the Fairbanks Company, at \$945, be accepted." It was moved in seconded by Ald. O'Meara, that the amended tender of C. Wilson & Son be accepted. The amendment was carried.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

There was a large attendance of delegates from the different labor organizations at the Labor Day Demonstration Committee meeting on Saturday night at Labor Hall. The following officers were elected: Chairman, R. Hessel; secretary, Michael Powell, Jr.; treasurer, John Johnston. Several sub-committees were named and the meeting adjourned till Friday, April 26th. It is expected that all unions that have not as yet sent delegates will do so at the next meeting. The committee are working hard to make this demonstration the biggest of its kind ever held in Canada, and as the Canada Trade Congress meets here at the same time, it is expected that many organizations from out of town will take part.

AN INCENDIARY BLAZE.

At 8:10 last evening the firemen were called to answer an alarm from box 28, on the Wellington road, over Clark's bridge. They found a small fire briskly burning in an empty frame cottage on Watson avenue, the property of a widow named Griffin. The flames were put out with but little trouble. The fire was clearly of incendiary origin, as no one was living in the house at the time and there was a very strong smell of coal oil in the other rooms of the house. The fire was started just inside and immediately below one of the front room windows. It had burned through the floor and was making rapid headway up the wall when arrested. About \$10 will repair the house.

THE S. A. AND SECRET SOCIETIES.

An exchange says: "Gen. Booth is reported to have issued an order which forbids members of the Salvation Army from joining secret societies. His intention is to prevent the soldiers from being attracted away from the meetings by the regular sessions and numerous entertainments held

In Every House

In this city, there were distributed this week samples of Williams' Royal Crown Pills, and we would direct our readers' attention to the merits of these remarkable pills, which have proved of so great value to so many sufferers from constipation, bilious or sick headache and liver complaint; in such cases two pills should be taken at night, and continue taking one or two pills each night until relieved and the bowels are regular in their operation. As a dinner pill, one Royal Crown Pill should be taken immediately after a hearty meal and it will be found an excellent means of assisting digestion and preventing dyspepsia. Purify the system by taking a treatment of Williams' Royal Crown Pills, the best and most economical medicine manufactured to-day.

W. S. Bryers Bark-well,
Wholesale Agent for London and Vicinity.

Are You In Need

Of a Spring Overcoat or Suit? Our stock is complete and includes the latest styles in checks and diagonals.

Jos. DAMBRA

262 1-2 DUNDAS STREET.

by secret societies. As it is from this class that the respectable element of the converts are most recruited, the order may engender much unpleasantness. His action is in line with that of the Pope, but the motive is somewhat different, although each is actuated by a desire to keep the members of his organization together. The officers in charge of the Provincial headquarters in this city state that no such order has been received by them, nor do they think it at all likely that they will receive such a command.

A WARNING.

To the Editor of the "Advertiser."

Dear Sir—I see by your Saturday's paper that the William Crane who was arrested on Friday gave my name in connection with his own. This is not the first time my name has been used in this way, but let William Crane or any other person do the like again and they will pay dearly for it. Thanking you for your notice, I remain, WM. CRANE.

London, April 13.

THE LONDON CHORAL SOCIETY.

The London Choral Society will give their second concert of the season in the City Hall on Tuesday, April 23. The names of the vocalists upon the programme, which is of a miscellaneous character, assures a rare musical treat. Londoners will be afforded an opportunity of hearing Miss Delatre Street, the well-known brilliant violinist, her name appearing three times upon the programme. Miss Street, who is a daughter of Judge Street, studied for a number of years under the tuition of Mr. Roselle Pooche, afterwards going to Europe to continue her studies under the direction of Hollander, the great master. The vocalists are: Mrs. Frank Macdonald, of Hamilton, contralto; Mr. Fred Jenkins, of Cleveland, tenor; and Mr. W. C. Furness. The society will render six beautiful and stirring choruses, under the direction of Mr. Roselle Pooche.

CONDUCTOR ALLISON'S FUNERAL.

The remains of the late G. T. R. Conductor Daniel Allison, of Windsor, were interred yesterday at Princeton, and the funeral was perhaps the largest ever seen in the village. The G. T. R. kindly gave passes to all employees desiring to attend, and large delegations were present from London, Windsor, Hamilton, Point Edward, Woodstock, Niagara Falls and other places. The pallbearers were Conductors McArthur, J. McArthur, Toronto; and D. Delaney and C. McArthur, of Windsor. Rev. M. Shearer, of the Drumbo and Princeton Presbyterian churches, officiated. There were 100 rigs in the cortege and many members of the O. R. C., B. of R. T., and O. R. T. paid their final tribute to a worthy comrade.

THE LATE BECHER HUNGERFORD.

On Saturday night the subject of this notice peacefully breathed his last at his residence, 445 Colborne street. The deceased was born in 1810, at the "Island," Clonakilly, County of Cork, Ireland. This historic residence—the home of the late Mr. Hungerford's ancestors, was deeded to them by Charles the Second. Deceased's wife preceded him by two years. Six sons and four daughters survive them, and in them is left the example of the priceless heritage of an honorable, upright and blameless life. The late Mr. Hungerford was a life-long Conservative. He was in the strictest sense of the term a typical man—an enthusiastic admirer and participant in all manly sports, and a fearless rider to hounds. He was a member of St. Paul's Cathedral, a past master of A. F. and A. Masons, and a member of the higher orders of the craft. Mr. R. B. Hungerford, of this city, is the eldest son of deceased. His interment takes place on Tuesday at Strathroy.

—The assessment system of life insurance has its leading representative in Canada in the Provincial Provident Institution of St. Thomas, a company that has been watched for some years with a great deal of interest, and it is safe in saying that it will merit the hearty support of all Canadians of both sexes who need life insurance. That it is receiving a good share of the patronage evidenced by the uninterrupted prosperity it has enjoyed during the eleven years it has been in business, and especially by the fact that its new business thus far in 1895 exceeds the new business done in the same period of 1894 by more than \$50,000 per month. This is a remarkable showing in view of the business depression that exists throughout the country at the present time, but it is no doubt due to the fact that the P. P. I. is furnishing reliable insurance at rates within reach of the masses, there being no farmer or wage-earner who cannot afford to patronize it. Professional and business men see the advantage of taking their insurance in the P. P. I., because they can get a policy for \$10,000 in it for less than they have been accustomed to paying for \$4,000 in other companies, while an investigation into the methods and resources of the company will convince any sensible person that the security is just as good.

TISDALE'S TORONTO IRON STABLE FITTINGS, healthful, durable, attractive and cheaper than other fittings. Send for our new catalogue. The Tisdale Iron Stable Fittings Co. (Ltd.), No. 6 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

Pleasant, Fragrant, Indispensable, and preserves the teeth. Lyon's "Rose" Tooth Paste or Powder. Sold by all druggists. Price 10 cents.

NOTICE.—Just received, the finest lines of Bed-room Sets ever offered in London for the money. They will surprise you. See them at WM. TRAF-FORD'S, 95 and 97 King street.

BARGAIN DAY, APRIL 15th, 1895.

MARA'S

Bargain List of

New, Choice and Stylish

SPRING GOODS

—FOR—

Monday, April 15

"Take care of the pence and the pounds will take care of themselves." This is an old proverb, and it is just as true as it is old. The best way to save your pennies is by regular attendance at our stores on Bargain Day. A few cents on this article and a few on that will soon count up:

Ladies' Gloves.

Children's Taffeta Gloves, on Bargain Day 15c per pair.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Gloves, extra value, on Bargain Day 23c per pair.

White Chamois Gloves, mosquitoire, worth \$1, our price 73c per pair.

The "Elodie" Kid Gloves, in black and colors, worth \$1 25, our price 98c per pair.

Ladies' White Undressed Kid Gloves, with fancy stitching in bluettes, light tans, etc., worth \$1 35, on Bargain Day 98c per pair.

Silks.

All the new shades in China and Bengal-silks, on Bargain Day 20c per yard.

See our Shanghai Silks, in gorgeous colors, on Bargain Day 37c per yard.

Colored Faille Silk, worth 75c, on Bargain Day 45c per yard.

Black Poir Silk, regular price \$1 25, on Bargain Day 98c per yard.

Crepons.

Special line of Crepons in all the new shades, on Bargain Day 18c per yard.

42-inch Crepon, all shades, and worth 50c, our price on Bargain Day 35c per yard.

Heavy Crinkle Crepon, in all the latest shades, and 44 inches wide, on Bargain Day 48c per yard.

5 pieces of Silk Stripe Black Crepon, 46 inches wide, on Bargain Day 98c per yard.

Dress Goods.

All the new shades in fine French Serges, on Bargain Day 20c per yard.

13 pieces Snowflake Dress Goods, on Bargain Day 25c per yard.

150 pieces Novelty Dress Goods, tweeds and checks, 44x46 inches wide, on Bargain Day 50c per yard.

72-inch Fibre Chamois, sold elsewhere at 35c, on Bargain Day 29c per yard.

Draping Materials.

Japanese Art Draperies in cream, pale blue, pink, green and gold, on Bargain Day 18c per yard.

Plain French Satens, all colors, worth 15c, on Bargain Day 10c.

Figured Art Satens on Bargain Day only 22c.

New Art Muslins on Bargain Day 5c per yard.

Dress Muslins.

These are scarce goods and just opened out.

30-inch Swiss Dress Muslin, in large and small spots, on Bargain Day only 15c per yard.

36-inch Swiss Dress Muslin, extra value and spotted, on Bargain Day 18c per yard.

A very fine line of Dress Muslins, 45 inches wide, for 23c per yard.

45-inch Swiss Muslins, with colored coin spots, worth 50c, on Bargain Day 35c.

House Furnishings.

The Grand Rapids Carpet Sweepers in mahogany, cherry, oak and walnut; regular price \$4 50; our price on Bargain Day \$2.

Oiled Linen Blinds, either plain or daded, and complete with nickel pull and roller, on Bargain Day 40c.

A few Sheepskin Door Mats, worth \$1, on Bargain Day 73c.

A good line of Floor Oil Cloth, 36 inches wide, on Bargain Day 12c.

Heavy English Floor Oil Cloth, full yard wide, on Bargain Day 20c.

Heavy English Floor Oil Cloth, two yards wide, on Bargain Day 40c per yard.

Best English Linoleum, two yards wide, on Bargain Day 90c per yard.

Special line of Tapestry Carpet on Bargain Day 25c.

Sundries.

The new Carpet Beater, on Bargain Day 20c.

Special consignment of Purses and Card Cases, on Bargain Day 10c.

Fine Glass Nine-Ounce Tumblers, lead blown, worth \$1 25 per dozen, our price 5c each.

M