OOR COPY

The Gleaner.

Dept. Public Works

JAS. H. CROCKET, Proprietor. FREDERICTON, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1887. VOL. IV. NO. 48

Professional Cards.

GEO. F. GREGORY,

(Of late firm of Gregory & Blair.)

BARRISTER

—AND—

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office, next below Queen Hotel, formerly occupied by Gregory & Blair. may11

Gregory & Gregory,

Barristers & Notaries,

OFFICES:

Carleton Street,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

ALBERT J. GREGORY. FRANK B. GREGORY, Registrar of Probates.

May 3

C. E. DUFFY,

Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

ACCOUNTS COLLECTED AND LOANS NEGOTIATED.

ALSO,

Agent for the North American Life Assurance Company.

OFFICES: West Side of Carleton Street, Second Door from Queen Street.

May 4

William Wilson,

SECRETARY-TREASURER, YORK,

BARRISTER

—AND—

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CONVEYANCER, Etc.

QUEEN ST. - - FREDERICTON

OFFICE: OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

ACCOUNTS COLLECTED, LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Sept. 10, '85.

DR. CROCKET,

Physician

—AND—

Surgeon.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE

CARLETON ST.

F. J. SEERY, M.D., C.M.

Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh;

Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh;

Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow.

Special Certificate in Midwifery.

OFFICE—Fisher's Building, Cor. Phœnix Square.

RESIDENCE—109 Brunswick Street.

J. A. McAllister, D.D.S.

Graduate of Penna Dental College, 1874.

OFFICE—OPPOSITE QUEEN HOTEL.

Offers for Cash; for Cash; for Cash only.

A FULL SET OF UPPER OR LOWER GUM TEETH, THE BEST THAT CAN BE OBTAINED, FOR $10.00.

Gumless sets, plain teeth, for $8.50. Extracting Teeth, 25c. Small Silver fillings, 50c.

Do not be deceived about these rates; you will be told the work is inferior in quality, &c. *This is not so.* The rates only have been lowered not the quality of the operations. Take advantage of low rates and good work.

Dr. H. D. CURRIE,

Surgeon Dentist.

164

QUEEN ST.

aug 4

C. D. CARTER,

DENTIST,

ATTENDS TO ALL OPERATIONS PERTAINING TO HIS PROFESSION.

ALL OR PARTIAL SETS INSERTED WITH THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

WHEN DESIRED LOCAL OR GENERAL ANAESTHETICS ADMINISTERED IN EXTRACTING.

POSITIVELY PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. OFFICE REMOVED TO

250 Queen Street

OPPOSITE THE BRIDGE. jy7 3mwtw

ADVERTISERS

Can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co's

Newspaper Advertising Bureau,

10 Spruce St., New York.

Send 10 cents for 76 Page Pamphlet

DRY SHEATHING PAPER.

20 ROLLS DRY SHEATHING PAPER just to hand, NEW BRAND, very nice article.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS

aug 17

New Brunswick Railway Co

ALL RAIL LINE.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1887.

Eastern Standard Time.

—:LEAVE FREDERICTON:—

6 00 A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points.

6 40 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction and for McAdam Junction and St. Stephen, Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and all points west, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston, and all points north.

11 40 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction and for St. John and points East.

—:ARRIVE AT FREDERICTON:—

9 20 A. M.—From Fredericton Junction and from St. John and all points East.

2 15 P. M.—From Fredericton Junction, and from Vanceboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and all points West; St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, and points North.

7 15 P. M.—Express from St. John and intermediate points.

—:LEAVE GIBSON:—

11 30 A. M.—Express for Woodstock, and points north.

—:ARRIVE AT GIBSON:—

10 33 A. M.—Express from Woodstock and points north.

H. D. McLEOD, Supt. Southern Division. F. W. CRAM, General Manager. J. P. LEAVITT, General Pass. and Ticket Agent.

St. John, N. B., June 20th, 1887.

Northern & Western Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

In Effect July 11th, 1887.

TRAINS RUN ON EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

A Passenger and Freight Train will leave Gibson every morning (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.

LEAVE GIBSON

6:45 a m: Marysville, 7:10; Cross Creek, 8:30 Boiestown, 9:45; Doaktown, 10:45; Blackville, 12 Chatham Junction, 1:20; arrive at Chatham, 1:50:

RETURNING, LEAVE CHATHAM

4:45, p m: Chatham Junction, 5:20; Blackville, 6:15; Doaktown, 7:20; Boiestown, 8:15; Cross Creek, 9:25; Marysville, 10:50; arriving at Gibson at 11.

CONNECTIONS:—Close connection is made at Chatham Junction with I. C. R. Accommodation Train going North. Connections also made with trains on the Intercolonial Railway to all points East and West, and at Chatham with Steamers for Newcastle, at Gibson with N. B. Railway for all Western Points and St. John, and Union Line of Steamers for St. John, and with Stage at Cross Creek for Stanley.

THOMAS HOBEN, Superintendent.

jy14

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL.

Fredericton, N. B.

J. A. Edwards,

PROPRIETOR.

FINE SAMPLE ROOM IN CONNECTION.

—ALSO—

A FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE

Coaches at trains and boats.

Aug. 25, 1882.

Barker House Stables.

COACHES AND CARRIAGES

Furnished with all possible despatch.

Horses Boarded

At Moderate Terms.

JOHN B. ORR,

PROPRIETOR

Fredericton, Sept. 17, 1885.—1 yr.

GEO. I. GUNTER,

HACK

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

Queen Street, Opp. City Hall.

COACH ORDERS

PROMPTLY ATTENDED.

Telephone communication.

REMOVED!

F. J. McCausland,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

Has Removed his place of business from the stand in Wiley's building

—TO—

the stand lately occupied by C. A. McCausland,

Corner Queen and Carleton Streets,

where he will attend promptly and carefully to Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

He has on hand, and will sell low for cash, a fine line of

Watches and Jewelry,

And a handsome line of PLUSH GOODS.

Remember the place:

CORNER QUEEN & CARLETON STREETS

Fredericton, May. 12, 1887.

"What are the wild waves saying?"

SCOOT FRIENDS SCOOT, TO THE YORK STREET RESTAURANT.

Christmas has come and gone, and it is a thing of the past. Some parties, I have been informed, have made the remark that my advertisements are rather fishy, and I think it is a *cody* thing for them to make such remarks, but I wish to inform them that I can shell out on Christmas and New Years, and if they doubt my word let them drop in on New Year's eve on their way to or from midnight service and they can see me shelling out the Oysters and assist in spending the parting year and welcoming the incoming New Year.

Please give the York Street Restaurant a bumper house to-morrow night as I want lots of cash as my wardrobe is getting down and I've got to pay the tailor a visit.

To my numerous customers I take this opportunity of wishing a Happy and prosperous New Year.

G. REX LEEK, PROPRIETOR

decxu York Street Restaurant.

WILEY'S DRUG STORE.

196. QUEEN STREET. 196.

JUST RECEIVED:

Hard Rubber Trusses;

Water Pad Trusses;

S. and O. Patent Trusses

Double and Single---All Styles.

SHOULDER BRACES.

1 Gross Burdock Bitters;

5 Gross Diamond Dye;

1 Gross Tapley's Remedy.

JOHN. M. WILEY,

FREDERICTON.

CANNED GOODS! CANNED GOODS!

PEACHES, PINEAPPLE, OYSTERS, LOBSTERS, SALMON, CORN BEEF, TOMATOES, CORN, PEAS, BEANS, LUNCH TONGUE.

ALSO ON HAND A LARGE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF STAPLE AND CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES.

S. L. MORRISON,

Opposite City Hall, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

Feb 17

A. LOTTIMER

HAS MUCH PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THAT HIS STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes

For Summer Trade is Now Complete in

Ladies, Gents, Boys, Youths, Misses and Children's Sizes!

He would call special attention to his immense stock of

Ladies French Kid Button Boots,

ranging in price from $2.50 to $6.00 a pair. He has them in B, C, C½, D and E widths.

A Nice Stylish French Kid Button Boot,

in Ladies sizes, for $2.50 a pair.

WIGWAM SLIPPERS

in Ladies, Gents, Boys Misses and Childrens sizes.

A. LOTTIMER. - - No. 201 Queen St.

Jy 6

WEST END

Saw Mill and Lumber Yard

Season 1886.

THE Subscriber, intending to pay greater attention to the RETAIL LUMBER BUSINESS than for the last few seasons, begs to inform the public generally that besides the usual stocks of SPRUCE, PINE, and HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand or sawn to order, will keep constantly on hand

DRY SPRUCE FLOORING and SHEATHING PINE SHEATHING, DRY HEMLOCK, SPRUCE and PINE BOARDS, and PLANK PLANED on ONE SIDE.

Also intends to keep LATHS and PICKETS constantly on hand,

and all sorts of CEDAR SHINGLES well and Smoothly Sawn and Very Carefully Assorted.

Office on QUEEN STREET, directly opposite mill.

R. A. Estey.

Fredericton, May 1, 1886—1y wtw.

McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE PATENT

Dunbar Shingle Machine

which took First Prize at the Dominion Centennial Exhibition at St. John

STEAM ENGINES, MACHINISTS' TOOLS

—AND—

Agricultural Implements a Specialty.

Received the only Diplomas on MOWERS and RAKES granted at the Provincial Exhibition, St. John, 1880, and also at the Dominion Centennial, 1883.

Post Office Box 164.

Telegraphic address, McF. T. & A. Fredericton. oc 1 1f 1yr

JACKSON ADAMS,

PRINCIPAL

UNDERTAKER,

COUNTY COURT HOUSE SQUARE,

(OPP. QUEEN HOTEL)

FREDERICTON

SEVERAL CAR LOADS OF

NEW FURNITURE

LATELY RECEIVED.

Housekeepers Please Examine. Prices Very Low.

J. G. McNALLY.

jy26

OLD PICTURES

Copied and Enlarged.

Geo. W. Schleyer,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

is prepared to Copy and Enlarge all kinds of Pictures in the Latest and Improved Styles in

INDIA INK,

CRAYON, OIL

And WATER COLORS

Don't be deceived by Foreign Agents, who tell you that such work can't be done in Fredericton. We guarantee all work

SUPERIOR and CHEAPER

Than can be obtained from Outside Agents.

GIVE US A CALL AND BE SATISFIED.

WE EMPLOY

A LADY ARTIST

who thoroughly understands the work.

GEO: W. SCHLEYER, - - - PHOTOGRAPHER, Opposite Normal School, Fredericton, N. B.

WE WANT

Potatoes!

We Handled 60,000 Bushels Potatoes Last Season,

And made money for our Shippers. Having decided to sell in small lots from Store, to get outside prices, we want a few more good shippers. Write us and ship to

HATHEWAY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

22 Central Wharf, BOSTON

Members Chamber of Commerce. Established 1873 seo11

Cut Tacks.

2 BOXES CUT TACKS Assorted Sizes;
2 Boxes Iron and Zinc Shoe Nails;
1 Box Trunk and Clout Nails;
2 " Carpet Tacks;
10 " Clinch Nails;
1 Case Tie Bolts.

Just received and for Sale low by

1 30. R. CHESTNUT & SONS

Water-proof Coats.

EVERY COAT WARRANTED. You can get them Cheap at

C. H. THOMAS & CO.'S

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

DR. NOBLE'S

GREAT CURE!

Instantaneous in action. Positive in Effect.

RELIEVES PAIN IN THE BOWELS. CHECKS VOMITING.

Cures Bowel Complaints Dysentry Cholera Diarrhœa, Cramps and Pains Generally.

THIS CURE is prepared from a prescription which effected MARVELLOUS CURES during the CHOLERA SEASON of 1854.

Prepared by M. McLEOD, - - No 4 Dock Street St. John, N. B.

JUST OPENED:

10,000 ROLLS ROOM PAPER

All New Designs, from 5 cts. to $1.00 per roll.

GILT AND BRONZE PAPERS. WITH BORDERS TO MATCH. WHOLESALE & RETAIL

—ALSO, A FULL LINE OF—

Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods.

W. T. H. FENETY

286 Queen Street.

Fredericton, March 25, 1887.

THE CELEBRATED

HEINTZMAN PIANO

IS NOW ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE

Best Canadian Instrument Made!

We invite comparison in quality with the Steinway or Chickering, while our prices are fully ONE-THIRD LOWER. The manufacturers have just closed a contract with a Halifax house for 100 of these Instruments.

We would respectfully ask an inspection of the Tone, Finish and Quality of the

Heintzman

from intending purchasers. Our terms and prices can not fail to suit you.

THOMPSON & Co.

GENERAL AGENTS.

y19 tf wtw

R. COLWELL,

FREDERICTON.

Carriages

WAGONS,

SLEIGHS AND PUNGS

Built to Order

IN THE LATEST AND MOST DURABLE STYLES.

Material and Workmanship of the best.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO

Painting, Trimming and Repairing

CARRIAGES, &c.

Terms, &c., to give satisfaction.

FACTORY:

King Street - Fredericton.

Fredericton, September, 3 1884.

Another Lot

OF THE

Toronto Silver Plated Co.'s Goods

JUST RECEIVED.

New and Handsome Articles

For Presents. Prices Low.

J. G. McNALLY.

152 and 154 QUEEN STREET.

Fredericton, July 27. 1887.

Haying Tools.

JUST RECEIVED.

70 Doz. Scythes,
30 " Scythe Snaths,
20 " Hay Forks,
30 " Hay Fork Handles.
50 Boxes Scythe Stones,
100 dozen Hay Rakes,

For sale low Wholesale and Retail by

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE

June 23

"Cheap Drugs are the dearest things on Earth."

MALTOPEPSYN

—FOR—

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,

and kindred diseases, is unquestionably

THE BEST REMEDY!

Maltopepsyn is endorsed by all the leading physicians and prominent druggists throughout the Dominion of Canad, and we understand it has a large sale in England and the United States.

This is not a *quack cure-all*, but a reliable remedy for the cure of specific diseases, having its exact formula printed on each bottle label thereby enabling the purchaser to know just what he is taking.

We recommend Maltopepsyn to every sufferer from *Dyspepsia or Indigestion*, and know that a trial will demonstrate its value.

Signed,

DAVIS, STAPLES & CO.

We have on hand constantly a fresh and complete stock of

DRUGS, FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, Etc.; also all the leading

PATENT MEDICINES,

And a full stock of

PAINTS, OILS, etc. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED.

Good value guaranteed. Favor us with a call.

DAVIS, STAPLES & CO., Druggists, Fredericton

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

Cures PAINS—External and Internal,

Relieves SWELLINGS, Contractions of the Muscles; Stiffness of the Joints, Sprains, Strains.

Heals Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Cuts Cracks and Scratches.

Best Stable Remedy in the World.

Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria and all kindred afflictions.

Large Bottle!

POWERFUL REMEDY

Most Economical,

AS IT COSTS BUT

25 CENTS.

Druggists and Dealers pronounce it the best selling medicine they have.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Of which there are several on the market.

The genuine only prepared by and bear the name of

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.,

Yarmouth, N. S

TESTIMONIAL:

GENTS,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family for some years and believe it the best medicine made, as it does all it is recommended to do.

Yours truly,

DANIEL T. KIERSTEAD.

Canaan Forks, N. B.

Overalls and Working Pants.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A BIG LOT, AND ARE SELLING THEM LOW.

C. H. THOMAS & CO

Apr 30

$50 If you think of expending fifty or one hundred dollars in advertising send us a copy of your advertisement and we will tell you (free of charge), what will be the best possible investment for you to make. Send 10 cents, for our 176 page pamphlet. Address, GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, 10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK

Hardware.

JUST RECEIVED from New York, balance of our Spring order

9 Cases General Hardware,
1 Case Coffin Furniture.

y 30. R. CHESTNUT & SONS!

Solid Steel

Scythes!

ARE not a new thing with me, as I have had them for several years: Also the celebrated RIXFORD SCYTHE. Give me a call.

y Z. R. EVERETT.

PARIS GREEN

500 Lbs. Paris Green, strictly pure. "Sure Killum potato bug ably time."

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

HOW MR. GLADSTONE LOOKS.

The Great Statesman and his Wife Described—The Uses of the Famous Collar—A Reminiscence for Mr. Parnell.

A writer who heard Mr. Gladstone give his recent speech in the Memorial hall, London, gives this detailed description of the past and future Prime Minister of Britain:—

"Without at first being able to see him, everybody somehow or other became aware of the presence of the great personality they had come to hear, and up rose the meeting to its feet, straining its eyes to see and its voice to cheer. Mr. Gladstone had his wife with him, and she sat by his side throughout the evening. A light cap, a white shawl round her shoulders over a dark dress, diamonds that glittered on her head and neck, and a fan which she found plenty of occasion to use, were noticeable parts of her attire. Her husband was in evening dress, a rose in his button-hole, and a fine gold chain with a musket-shaped pencil of gold swinging on it, and eye glasses suspended by black silk, relieved the blackness of his vest. He wore the most famous collar of abnormal height, and very useful it seemed to be, as sinking into it after his speech, he guarded his neck from draughts. The costume suited him admirably, and showed off to perfection his big chest and the fine proportions of his noble figure. He was in splendid form, and the first impression one had as he

NIMBLY CLIMBED THE PLATFORM

was that of extraordinary vitality, which impression was deepened by all the experiences of the evening. His eyes retain their piercing brightness, and the animation of the old man's face is a thing of which to dream. When he was on his feet, a hundred lively gestures of outstretched finger, clenched hand, arm sweeping through the air, and palm pressed to his heart, lent effect to his eloquence, and he turned freely round about in his accustomed style to enchain in succession every part of his audience, with his arguments. Perhaps after he had been speaking for eighty minutes a little weariness appeared on that aged face, and in profile it then looked somewhat drawn. But no wonder; for we had long been breathing the most undiluted poison in the suffocating atmosphere of an execrably ventilated hall. But, shaking off his weariness, the great orator finished his speech of more than an hour and a half after the magnificent style in which a mettlesome race horse bounds to the winning post. Alas! for his voice. How different now in its hoarseness from the bell-like organ which last spoke in that hall nine years ago! Yet still it plays a subtle music, and lends itself to every passion of the soul. Denunciation, sarcasm, command, entreaty and exquisite pathos—all found true expression through its intonations. For all of these entered into the great speech, which, besides being meant as a manifesto for the party in general, was

A SPECIAL PICK-ME-UP FOR LONDON

in particular. If London wants its local government and its leasehold enfranchisement, it must help to push the Irish difficulty out of the way. Recent elections had made Mr. Gladstone full of hope and confidence, and he told liberals how they only wanted 150,000 votes—or a gain of 11 per cent. on their total of 1,344,000 votes at the last general election—to reverse the present position of the parties. While earnestly praying that the transformed land bill might do good, he painted a dark picture of the way in which the tories had thrown their own theories of the sacredness of contract to the winds, and, with unexampled cynicism, had now put forward a measure which they would not accept from Mr. Parnell a year ago. This vigorous onslaught sparkled with many a burning sentence here and there. His hearers laughed and cheered as he gave a sly hit at Mr. Parnell, and asked him how he liked his anti-liberal tactics of 1885 now.

THE HORSES WE BUY.

The Increasing Demand For Clydesdales in Scotland, both by Canada and the States—No More Third Class Animals to be Palmed off on Ignorant Americans.

In the midst of the continued depression in almost all branches of the agricultural industry in Scotland, a leading Scotch paper says: It is gratifying to find that the demand for Clydesdales from both North and South America, has this year been largely in excess of the demand during the corresponding period of 1886. The records of the Clydesdale Horse Society shows that the increase up to date exceeds 200. Up to the present the United States has been the most extensive purchaser, nearly fifty percent of the whole number exported having gone there. Canada, however, does not come much behind her, and, on the whole, as regards quantity, has probably the better of her big neighbor. One of the features of the season has been the number of high class animals purchased. It has been customary for some to depreciate the American demand on account of an alleged recklessness in the selection of the stock exported,—the belief being apparently entertained in some quarters that only second and third class animals are necessary for foreign trade. That such is not the case this season must have been obvious to anyone who viewed the shipments made recently to Canada by Mr. Beith, Bowmanville, Ont.; Mr. Ness, Howick, Que.; Mr. Charlton, Duncrieff, Ont.; and Messers. Graham Bros., Claremount, Ont. American breeders have discovered that numbers of inferior animals have been palmed off on them in the past, and exporters who once, by dent of advertising and "puffing," did a roaring trade in third class animals, are now found looking for horses which will be at once a credit to the breed to which they belong, and likely to improve the breed of draught horses of the country to which they are sent. The truth is that the day is past when a breeder can hope to sell an otherwise worthless animal to an American buyer, simply because it may be of a rich dark brown color, have no white on its legs, and have a nicely arching head and neck—the elementary notion with many of what constitutes an American horse."

Heir to a Million.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Louis de Beck, the "post trader" at the Charlestown navy yard, has fallen heir to a fortune of over $1,000,000, being his portion of an estate valued at 62,000,000 guilders left by his aunt in Java, which is to be divided among seventeen nephews and nieces.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A Few Short Jokes for those who Like Them.

Too Much For The Money.

They tell a good story at the Press Club about one of the the nautical reporters of The Herald. Some three years ago there was a young journalist employed in the capacity at a salary of $15 a week; a collision had occurred between two steamers and some lives had been lost. The young reporter wrote a florid description in which he used the words speaking of the moment when the vessel collided, "the scene that followed baffles description." Young Bennett was at home and went for him.

"Why did you not describe the scene that followed instead of saying that it baffled description?" thundered the great man.

"Why, it did baffle description."

"What do you mean, sir?"

"That it baffled the description of any $15 a week reporter."

Bennett raised his salary.—New York Truth.

"Mum's The Word."

"Father! father!" shouted the son of a Pennsylvania farmer as he rushed into the house, "it's come!"

"What?"

"Natural gas!"

"Nea! William, don't you lie to me."

"But we've struck it—me and Jim—down behind the barn."

"Well, shet right up or the old woman will hear you. Not a word to her, William—not a whisper! Time we struck ile I had to buy her two calico dresses, and when we found coal she struck for a pair of shoes. If she hears of this she'll want a $2 shawl, and like enough a pair of them red stockings. Mum is the word, William."—Wall Street News.

Beauty's Buttress.

"Why, Smith!" said the editor of the society paper to his assistant, "here's a ten-line paragraph you've written about Colonel Bulger, and you haven't called him handsome once in the whole of it."

"But Colonel Bulger isn't handsome," persisted Smith.

"Handsome! He's ugly enough to scare a cartload of monkeys into convulsions."

"Then would I be justified in speaking of him as handsome?"

"Never mind whether you're justified or not—always speak of Colonel Bulger as handsome; I get my butter of him."

"Did you go for a vacation this summer, Mr. Smith?" "Oh, yes." "How did you manage your business affairs?" "I took my advertisement out of the paper until I returned, so there wasn't any business to manage. Great scheme eh?"—Harper's Bazar.

Tommy's mother has had a terrible time teaching him to remember always to say "if you please," at the table. His memory is lamentably bad.

The other day this dialogue took place at the breakfast table:

Tommy—"Mamma pass me the butter."

Mamma—"If what, Tommy?"

Tommy—"If you kin reach it!"

We haven't any emperors in this country to embrace when they meet, but we have plenty of politicians who will embrace anything from a department clerkship to a cabinet office.

Sam Johnsing, an Austin colored man, has a mule that balks. After Sam had belabored the mule for an hour the animal trotted off all right. 'Dar,' said Sam, confidentially to the mule, 'dar, yer see. Ef yer would only do what's right we mout lib tergedder jes like two brudders."—Texas Siftings.

Ella, aged six, likes her own way, and generally has it except when grandpa says "No." One day grandpa's veto had been brought in, and Ella yielded, though not very sweetly. As grandpa left the room, she looked at the closing door and stamped her foot impatiently: "I just hate grandpa! I wish he hand't married into our family."

It is told of a Scotch clergyman that when he was a child, on going home from church he was asked the text. He replied, "except ye pay the rent, ye maun a lea' the parish." He had misunderstood the passage, "Except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish."

We read of a poor boy in New Bedford, who was washed overboard recently and killed. We cannot warn mothers too strongly against washing children overboard; if they would only wash them at home with tepid water and soap, and dry them thoroughly afterwards, all danger would be averted.—Danbury News.

A Washington man tells of a quarrel between two negro boys. The larger boy with great volubility was applying every sort of abusive epithet. The younger boy, leaning against a fence and steadily regarding the speaker with a sudden scowl, waited for a halt. At last it came. "Is you done?" "Yes, I is done." Then slowly and coolly the younger said: "All dem dings you say I is, you is dem."

ANOTHER ABSCONDER.

The Accountant of the Watford Branch of the Bank of London Missing.

WATFORD, Ont., August 26.—The excitement over the failure of the Bank of London had subsided considerably, when it was rumored that Mr. George Jones, the accountant of this agency, had made off with some of the funds of the bank and that he had gone to Alvinston and had hired a livery man to drive him to Courtright on Sunday night, where he crossed over to the "land of the free." The safe of this agency being a double combination, of which the accountant kept one and the manager the other, the accountant's combination had to be received from the head office at London before anything could be ascertained. When the safe was opened to-day it was discovered that about $2000 were missing. The only opportunity which Mr. Jones had of taking anything was the few minutes from the time orders were received not to open till the cash was locked up, and he must have slipped the packages of exchange and greenbacks into his pocket instead of putting them into the safe. The affair has created quite a sensation, as Mr. Jones was very highly respected, and not a person supposed to be capable of such an action. It is understood that the bank will lose nothing by Jones, as they are fully secured by his securities.

An Alleged Idle Rumor.

KINGSTON, Aug. 26.—Regarding the rumor that Colonel Oliver, commandant of the Royal Military College, intends retiring and that Sir Fred Middleton is an applicant for the position, officers here say that the story is an idle rumor, first heard of six months ago. Colonel Oliver knows nothing about it. Everybody knows that Major-General Middleton, who is on half-pay from the imperial army, wants to remain in Canada, but military men think that the commander of the forces would feel awkward in taking orders from the Deputy Adjutant-General. Colonel Oliver, it is said, though still on the active list, and available for recall, will shortly pass to the retired list.

POOR C

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1887.

THE C. P. R. MONOPOLY.

If Sir John Macdonald continue in his devious ways we may count on another rebellion in the northwest. We may be sure of another fight for "rights," of loss of blood and property, and of being taxed to the tune of another million and more dollars to partly pay the cost. The dominion government is pursuing a most unwarranted course towards Manitoba, and it cannot be expected that the people of that province will continue much longer to submit to it. The people must rise and demand their rights. It is not human nature for an independent and high-minded people to quietly sit down, and allow any body of men, in defiance of all right and justice, to ride rough shod over them. Just now the government are endeavoring to force the people of Manitoba to submit to the tyranny and monopoly of the Canada Pacific railway company. They must know from the expressions of discontent in that province, and from the rebellious spirit shown by the people generally, that the monopoly which they seek to impose upon the people is most unjust and unreasonable. They know no law can make that monopoly just or right. If, therefore, they seek to enforce it, rebellion must be the result.

Manitoba has been shamefully treated by Sir John Macdonald and his government in the matter of the Canada Pacific railway. That monopoly was imposed by deception and has been maintained by deception. During the discussion on the Syndicate's contract, Sir John led everybody to believe, and intended that it should so be understood, that it would be impossible for the monopoly clauses to be operative, because, as he said, Manitoba possesses the right to charter competing lines to the boundary. With this assurance the monopoly clauses were allowed to pass. But the Canada Pacific Company, although its members, or at least the more important of them, heard Sir John's statement, were not to allow the monopoly to slip from their hands. They knew full well that without Sir John's statement the powers could not have been given them. The monopoly clauses were to be operative all the same. Finally the syndicate wanted more money; they professed to be on the point of failure. They were compelled to have recourse to the government. Dissatisfaction existed over the monopoly. Parliament was not disposed to give further aid unless these monopoly clauses were removed. Sir John's old time tactics were brought into play. He told parliament that the money was an absolute necessity, that unless a new loan were made the work would be a failure on the hands of the country, and in the most explicit terms he stated that just as soon as the Lake Superior section of the road was completed the monopoly would terminate. Parliament was foolish enough to believe this, and voted the money. The section was completed long ago and the monopoly still exists. Thus was the monopoly imposed and maintained by deception. In the face of all this Sir John is now fanning the flame of discontent in Manitoba into what may yet prove a very serious rebellion.

Manitoba is not ignoring the disallowance of the Red River Valley Railway company's charter. Her government has the right, under the general railway act, which act has been approved by the dominion government, to construct the line. They are, therefore, building it as a work of their own. It is this position the Canada Pacific are now attacking. They are having resort to all means and tricks to defeat the enterprise, and in these are backed and encouraged by Sir John A. Macdonald.

PREMIERS GIBSON AND MACDONALD.

We re-produce from the Christian Union some facts concerning the revolution in Hawaii. They will repay careful perusal. Hawaii was worked into revolt because of the corruption and reckless extravagance of the king and his administration. The conduct of Kalakaua and Premier Gibson, almost from the date of the latter's assumption of power, had been such as to arouse the indignation of the better classes of Hawaii. What precipitated the revolt, however, was the King's acceptance of the opium bribe and his conduct in connection therewith. The other misdeeds of himself and his administration were then brought to light in good style. When Gibson assumed office the public debt was practically nothing. By methods the most vile, he managed to make a debt up to the time of his decapitation of $2,500,000. The public money was squandered in making displays in his honor, and in otherwise pandering to his tastes, in organizing and fitting out a useless army and navy, and so on. Thousands were also spent in openly corrupting constituencies in their elections. It was this kind of administration that characterized the reign of Gibson and his associates; it was this that worked up the revolt.

In Sir John A. Macdonald Canada has just such an unprincipled premier as Gibson proved to be. He has been all along squandering her money amongst his favorite friends. He has given thousands to this and thousands to that friend. For his own glory he has spent many thousands more. He and his family have been the recipients of gifts which in other countries are called bribes. He has corrupted and debauched constituency after constituency, and the means for that were not supplied from his own pocket. He has increased the public debt by methods not honorable, till the country is almost bankrupt. He has provoked rebellion, and even worse than Premier Gibson, he is responsible for bloodshed.

BRITAIN AND THE SUEZ CANAL.

Since the construction of the Suez Canal, Britain has devoted much attention to affairs in the east. What was thought would prove a great convenience to her has been a source of much trouble. Scarcely had the great work been concluded when Britain saw that she must at once control it as it, formed the most direct route to India. A large amount of money was spent in getting a controlling interest in the great highway. Her control of it had scarcely begun when troubles arose. In order to maintain her control of it she had to undertake the restoration of law and order in Egypt having first to quell an active rebellion going on in that country. France is now straining every nerve to force Britain to give up her protection of the canal and to quit her military occupation of Egypt, and Britain finds that even yet she cannot with any degree of safety do it. France now occupies the Hebrides, a fact which the Australian colonists do not relish, and has made the evacuation of those islands contingent upon Britains evacuating Egypt. The aim of France in endeavoring to get Britain out of Egypt is to seize the Suez Canal and Aden and to drive Britain out of the Mediterranean, thus endangering all her British possessions. Britain, therefore, must hold on to the Suez Canal and not entertain the idea of allowing it to slip from her grasp. Many have advised the government to withdraw her fleet from the Mediterranean so that in the event of a war with France Britain would have a large fleet to protect the sea route to India. If, however, a war were precipitated, as large a fleet as that which now occupies the Great Sea, would be necessary to guard the entrance to it and to protect Malta, Britain's possession.

To take such a step as that to which Britain has been advised, would indeed be suicidal. Britain in doing so would be playing directly into the hands of France and Russia, and virtually giving up, with scarcely a struggle, all her eastern possessions.

A CURIOUS CAUSE OF WAR.

The uprising among the Whites in Colorado set the defenders of American soil in a blaze of excitement for a time. Nearly every one has read of the little Indian war, but few no doubt have any idea of the curious way in which it was brought about. Colorow's band, it would appear, are horse-breeders and horse-racers of note. They have an excellent breed of racing ponies in which they take great pride. They seldom decline a challenge for a race. They can always pick out a pony that in their opinion can outdo any horse owned by any white man in his country. They toe the mark with every confidence in their ability to whip the whites, and they wager their all on the result of a single race. Not long ago a race took place at Meeker. That the whites might not be outdone, they imported some fine horses from the east and entered them as their own. The Indians knew of this importation, however, but in no way feared the result of the races. As the whites expected they waged their all. They backed their own ponies with all their money, valuables and arms, and even went as far as to put up their prized horses on the result. The races were fairly and squarely contested. The Indian ponies won. The whites who had staked their valuable horses as against all the Indians possessed, positively refused to hand them over, and the next night the Indians broke into a guarded corral and carried them off. Seventh and Big Frank were charged as the leaders in this crime. Colorow refused to surrender them. When the sheriff and his posse proceeded to make the arrest the Indians took up arms. Few will, therefore, be inclined to attach much blame to the Indians. Their bets were won fairly and squarely. The State, however, recognizes such bets and wagers as a form of gambling and cannot enforce their payment. The Indians in forcibly taking the whites horses have laid themselves open to an action for theft. The horses will be reclaimed, and the thieves punished. Under the circumstances, however, the punishment should be made light.

The St. John Sun evidently wants more publicmoney to keep it alive. It does not seem to be satisfied with its $12,000 a year for work which it does not do, nor yet with the privilege of having its Ottawa telegrams forwarded at the public expense. Even its Fredericton stockholders are dissatisfied. With all its subsidy and government privileges it has not once declared a dividend. Even worse than this. The hat has been passed around several times. We wonder not therefore that our rather unique contemporary in the fog should feel aggrieved and cry out: "THE GLEANER office has drawn a larger proportion of its income from public funds than any other paper in Canada." If our contemporary would endeavor to carry itself as a newspaper, rather than a party hack, it might be extended some patronage by the public, and thus be able to get along without continually crying out for more boodle. Let the organ change its name and give the plan a trial.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Cable.

There were 17 deaths from cholera in Catania on the 24th, and 9 in Palmero.

Wm. O'Brien is accused of inciting the tenants to obstruct sheriff's bailiffs on the Kingston estate.

A letter has been received at London dated Aruwima, June 20th, stating that Stanley and all his party are well.

Viscount Doneraile, who was attacked by hydrophbia, resulting from the bite of a fox, received last January, is dead.

Troops are in pursuit of Ayoub Khan and his followers, who have escaped from Persia, where they were held prisoners of state.

The Duke of Connaught has invested the Khedive of Egypt with the insignia of the order of the Bath, as a jubilee token from Queen Victoria.

A German vessel has picked up the City of Montreal's missing boat, and taken to Falmouth the seven passengers and six members of the crew who were in it.

The Paris Pays has received news from London that an agreement has been reached on the New Hebrides question, and is only awaiting the signatures of the proper officials.

The reply of the Italian government to the porte's note regarding Ferdinand's occupation of the Bulgarian throne, expresses the hope that a pacific solution may be effected.

It is rumored in St. Petersburgh that a powerful syndicate of American capitalists, headed by one of the Vanderbilts, is negotiating with the government for permission to the work the Ural gold mines.

A decree was published yesterday by the French Government annulling the resolution of the Paris municipal council inviting delegates from all municipalities in France to a grand congress; the government fearing that the congress would be the first step towards the federation of the communes.

Canadian.

Mr Duchessnay, M P, for Dorchester Co, is dead.

New Dominion notes of the two-dollar denomination have been issued.

The Canadian Pacific railway is to put on a new steamer between Portland and Vancouver.

Sir Charles Tupper has paid over £20,000—Canada's contribution to the imperial institute at London.

The Montreal Herald office was completely destroyed by fire last night. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

A five thousand dollar seizure of current diamonds was made by the customs authorities at Montreal Thursday.

A political picnic will be held at Levis on August 31, at which Mr. Laurier and Mr. Mercier will deliver addresses.

Sir John has wired to Ottawa that the remarks attributed to him about the sending of troops to Manitoba are false.

Fifteen members of the Quebec salvation army were seriously injured on Thursday by a mob attacking them with stones and sticks.

The Mormon families which have settled in Medicine Hat, N W T, will not carry out the principles of their religion as regards marriage.

In a drunken quarrel at Toronto Thursday night, between Wm. Sutherland and John McFall, the latter struck the former, splitting his nose and face open.

Wm Rice, of London, Ont, stabbed John Ward, aged 22, yesterday, with a jack-knife. The blade pierced the lungs and little hope is entertained for the injured man's recovery.

Starvation last winter in the northern parts of the N W T, caused several cases of cannibalism. One old woman admits having killed and eaten her whole family at Little Red River.

Rev. Dr. Douglas, of Montreal, his daughter, and Dr. Anglin, of Kingston, while fishing, Thursday, near Thousand Island park, were capsized from their boat and had a narrow escape from drowning.

While two ten-year-old boys, sons of Simard and Paquet of Terrebonne, were constructing a raft, Simard fell into the water and sank. Paquet jumped after him but Simard threw his arms around him and drew him to the bottom.

The case of Conmie and McLellan, contractors, vs. the C P R, has been decided in favor of the defendants, the arbitrators issuing a progress award, reducing the original contract price by $340,000. The arbitrators fees amounted to $95,000, and the total cost will exceed $50,000.

Provincial.

St. John barbers will shave no more on Sundays.

Bears have done away with several sheep on Charlotte county ridges.

The crops on the provincial stock farm promise to be unusually large this year.

Steel rails are shortly expected to arrive for the St. Martins and Upham railroad.

Work is pushed along rapidly on the stables for the street railway company in Portland.

An infant child of Rev. Mr. Wells, of Sackville, died of cholera, Sunday night, after a few hours illness.

It is expected that the new Roman Catholic convent, which is being built at Shediac, will be finished by October.

Frances Duain, who committed suicide at Lachine, Quebec, on Sunday, was a native of Douglastown, Northumberland Co.

Patrick Cotter, of St. John, has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for assault upon Mary Ellen Ferguson.

Mr. Henry Wheaton, of Belliale Creek, lost a valuable horse last week, its leg being broken by another horse kicking it in the stable.

A young man made away with an overcoat by calling at the residence of Mrs. Fairweather, St. John, the other day, and saying that her son, A C Fairweather, had sent him for it.

While Howard Phinney, of Coldbrook, Kings Co., was playing around a pitching machine the other night, the chain broke, the ends striking him across the forehead, inflicting a severe wound.

A young man named Mathews, employed as a waiter in the Intercolonial hotel, Sussex, suddenly disappeared Wednesday night, and is suspected of having stolen $100 from a Mr. Steeves, of Shediac, who was stopping at the hotel.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

The Debate on Gladstone's Resolution.

T. W. Russell Protests against Coercion, but Supports the Government.

The Motion Defeated by a Vote of 272 to 194.

LONDON, Aug. 25. Forty Liberal members of parliament held a meeting in the commons, to-day, and resolved to support the Irish National league, as they were satisfied the organization was purely political. Twenty other Liberals wrote letters expressing sympathy with the purpose of the meeting. No party leaders were present.

Gladstone was greeted with cheers, in the commons, this evening, as he arose to move his resolution: "That an humble address be presented to the Queen, representing that the viceroy of Ireland had proclaimed the National league as a dangerous association; that no information had been furnished parliament to justify the proclamation, by virtue of which her majesty's subjects were rendered liable to be punished as criminals with judicial inquiry into the nature of their acts, and that the house in the absence of such informations prays that said proclamation be not continued in force as to the association named and described therein." Mr. Gladstone spoke at length on the motion. He said the opposition had urged first, that it was a slight, at most an outrage, on the dignity of parliament to suppose it was to discharge such an important statutory duty without knowing the grounds. Secondly, that it reduced to utter destruction and to an absurdity the main contention that the government's advancement during the discussion of the crimes act that the safeguard promised had proved a farce. He asked what was the value or meaning of parliamentary approval given in ignorance of the facts? Why not follow the course taken by Wellington and Peel in 1829 regarding the Catholic league and suppress it. Thirdly, what could the house think of the information that they must thus know would not bear light? (Cheers.) He hoped the Irish would continue to bear pressure. They would not have to suffer long was certain. They would not obey the law through fear (cheers), but from a strong, vivid, buoyant hope, which, even at the last election, was not damaged and which now was brighter and livelier. (Cheers.) The Irish believed the government's policy had not the sanction of the British nation. (Irish cheers.) The government's foundation was slipping from under them. Their action in reference to the proclamation of the league showed their strength fading. Gladstone presented the resolutions amid prolonged cheers.

Balfour said Gladstone would have been wiser had he rested his argument on the allegation that the house was ignorant of the grounds for the proclamation, rather than in defence of the league. The government's difficulty was not finding of evidence to justify the proclamation, but the selecting of it from the enormous mass of evidence they possessed was sufficient foundation to justify the proclamation in the columns of local newspapers without going into the government's confidential reports. Mr. Balfour argued that when Gladstone proclaimed the land league, he did so when Parnell was imprisoned and parliament not sitting, and he offered no information to any one concerned. He quoted at length from documents to show that the league was guilty of boycotting, coercing, instigating infractions of the law.

Sir Wm Vernon Harcourt, Mr Harrington (Nat), Mr Buchanan, (Lib) unionist, and Bradlaugh participated in the debate.

T W Russell protested against coercing the league, but said having supported the crimes bill he could not withhold from the government the powers they demanded.

On motion of Sir G O Trevelyan the debate was adjourned.

Mr Chamberlain was absent.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Lord Randolph Churchill has returned to London. He is expected to speak during the present debate. He will vote for the government. Lord Hartington will follow Sir G O Trevelyan in the debate to-night.

The Daily News says Messrs Chamberlain, Collings and a half-a-dozen other Unionists will vote in support of Gladstone's motion.

DUBLIN, Aug. 25.—The Nation advises all branches of the league to continue operations as usual. It says if the right of public meetings is denied they must meet privately. The nation undertakes to publish reports of meetings regardless of results.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—O'Gorman Mahon nationalist, newly elected member for Carlow county, took his seat this after noon with cheers by the Parnellites.

Sir G. O. Trevelyan resumed the debate on Gladstone's motion. He said the late government did not ask the house to pass the Irish crimes bill on hearsay, but on parliamentary returns of grave outrages. There had been 7,788 outrages during the previous year and 26 agrarian political murders during the first half of the year. Sir George contended that the house should have tabulated statistics of crime in Ireland. To mention one crime here and another there was not sufficient to justify such action as the government were taking against the Irish people. He denied that the operations of the league increased crime or led to general non-payment of rent. Where landlords in Ireland made reductions like those made by landlords in Great Britain, they got their rents as the English landlords. Balfour had presented a series of alleged facts in justification of the government's action. The house should have a chance to corroborate or refute them before deciding.

Harrington (nationalist read letters) from branches of the league condemning the practices which the government declared the league promoted. The league repudiated every form of outrage. The league would go on doing what it had done in spite of the proclamation, which had no terrors for the Irish people.

Mackartney declared that a large majority of the people were heartily sick of the league's policy.

Wm. Redmond accused the Orange society of worse intimidation than ever had been charged to the league. Under certain circumstances boycotting was justifiable and necessary.

Hartington said the question for present decision was whether the previous policy which had been so successful should be followed by the present government if the tyranny of the league became more rampant. As far as the action of the association was wholly political it could not be condemned, but if the action of the association destroyed the liberty of the people, and subverted order and good government, it did not matter what the supposed motives of the association were. It was enough that the action was hostile to social order. He contradicted the reports that he disagreed with the government upon the step proposed. It is believed the league's aim is the spoliation of injustice, and that its methods are in defiance of law. (Cheers.) He had some doubt as to the course adopted and should have preferred if possible that the government resort in the first instance to the provisions of the crimes act, but with their aim he entirely and earnestly sympathized.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt said the preceding speech was extraordinary, coming from such a responsible statesman, who knew the step he was taking was fatal both to Ireland and England. Harcourt taunted Hartington for endeavoring to show he had not been consulted and was therefore not responsible for what had been done. (Laughter.) Hartington's support of the government was certainly not of the most cordial character.

Sir William ridiculed the ministry's penny-a-line evidence, and complained that their conduct in quoting unlabelled documents was a scandalous endeavor to blast the reputation and suspend the liberties of the whole people, upon evidence that would not be received against the meanest criminal. He doubted whether the country would see 20 months of this irresolute government with irresolute allies.

Healy, who ended the debate, counselled the Irish people to have confidence in the good intentions of the English people, and to wait patiently, abstaining from violence.

Gladstone's resolution was then negatived—272 to 194.

It is stated to-night that the government intend to propose on Monday a modification of the cloture rule, with a view of expediting the passage of the supply bill.

DUBLIN, Aug. 26.—No league meetings are announced for Sunday.

A SATISFACTORY TEST.

How a Yorkshireman Lost a Wager, but would not Pay it.

"Five pounds to the man who can prove that any two things put into this refrigerator will taste of the other." He was a cute Yorkshireman, and, having placed a refrigerator at his door one hot summer day with the above sign hung over it, retired inside to await the expected rush of customers. People passing up and down the street jostled each other in their hurry, glanced at the refrigerator and its sign, and went on.

After some hours of disappointed hope and expectation the tradesman saw a pedestrian halt, calmly peruse the wonderful announcement and rather unhesitatingly advance to the door. "Do you mean it?" he inquired in an anxious tone, pointing over his shoulders to the sign. "Yes sir," emphatically responded the shopkeeper. "Put down your money?" insinuated the stranger. "No, sir," replied the tradesman, in pompous style, "my word is as good as cash." "All right, I'll take you," responded the stranger, and departed. He returned shortly after with a box under each arm. "Stick to your arrangement!" he queried. "Of course I will!" answered the shopkeeper, wondering what he had in view.

The stranger set his box down on the pavement, and a crowd began to collect. He told the tradesman that he was afraid that he (the tradesman) would back out of his bargain, but the latter asserted his readiness to put down the money if necessary. The stranger opened a box, lifted out a cat, and placed her in the refrigerator. Then he opened the other box and took therefrom a wire cage containing a large rat. "Now, sir," said he, "you just shut that door in a hurry when I flop the rat inside, and I'll bet you another fiver that one will taste of the other in less than five minutes!" The crowd shouted, the shopkeeper slammed the refrigerator door, and rushed into the shop with a remark about fools and swindlers. He still refuses to recognize the stranger's claim to the five pounds, but has taken in his sign.—Manchester Courier.

MR. POWDERLY.

Denies the Statement That he Joined the New American Party.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 26.—Regarding the published statement that he was a member of the New American party, Mr Powderly said yesterday: "I have not joined the new party and have not given permission to any body to class me among its members. While I am an American, I am not interested in reviving 'purely American ideas,' I have no desire to rekindle the campfires of the purely Americans, nor do I wish to see the re-establishment of the ducking pond or the burning of witches."

The Builders of the Pyramids.

A personal inspection of the pyramids of Egypt made by a quarry owner, who spent some time recently on the Nile, has led him to the conclusion that the old Egyptians were better builders than those of the present day. He states that there are blocks of stone in the pyramids which weigh three or four times as much as the obelisk on the Embankment. He saw a stone whose estimated weight was 800 tons. But then the builders of the pyramids counted human labor lightly. They had great masses of subjects upon whom to draw, and most of their work was done by sheer manual labor and force. There are stones in the pyramids thirty feet in length, which fit so closely together, that a penknife may be run over the surface without discovering the break between them. They are not laid with mortar either. There is no machinery so perfect that it will make two surfaces thirty feet in length which will meet together in unison as these stones in the pyramids meet. It is supposed that they were rubbed backwards and forwards upon each other until the surfaces were assimilated.—London Iron.

For Toothache

go buy a bottle of Pain Killer, and find relief in the twinkle of an eye.

AUSTRALIAN WORDS.

Peculiar Slang of That Interesting Continent.

Many Australian words and phrases are, as might be expected, born of and connected with station and bush life. "To go to camp," by a transference of original meaning, now signifies, in the mouth of a dweller in houses, simply "to lie down," "to go to bed." A "corroberee" is a native dance, and a "gin" is a female aborigine. It may here be noted that Australians invariably speak of themselves as "colonials," not "colonists," and of the natives as "aboriginals," not "aborigines." A young man newly arrived in the Colonies from the Old Country is styled a "new chum" or a "lime juice." The "new chum" generally betrays his character by a newer cut of his clothes, the shape and brilliance of his hat, otherwise his "stovepipe," and by the topics of his conversation. But when, having laid aside his "store clothes" and donned the bush costume, he goes up country to a sheep or cattle station, in order that he may get practical experience of the work on a large run, and acquaint himself at first hand with the thousand and one details, a knowledge of which is essential to successful sheep or cattle raising, he is there known as a "jackaroo" or "colonial experience." He will have to work hard, to ride hard, and to be content with very little society; but his life will be healthy, his food, or "tucker," as it is called, plentiful, while his future is in his own hands. If he devotes himself to his work, and shows aptitude for the business, he will probably not have to wait very long before promotion will lift him into the state of "jackaroodom."—All the Year Round.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

Preparations to Begin in Rome Next Month for the Celebration.

LONDON, August 26.—The preparations for the celebration of the Pope's jubilee will begin at Rome in September on an extensive scale. Among the features of the celebration will be an exhibition, which will be formally opened in the presence of the Pope, Dom Pedro I, Emperor of Brazil, and the envoys of all the sovereigns of Europe. An ode to the Pope will be written by M. Gounod, and presented to His Holiness on the anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood on December 23rd, which day will be the principal one of the celebration. It is the intention of those into whose hands the arrangements for the celebration have been entrusted, to surround the occasion with a display of magnificence surpassing any event that has occurred in Europe within the century, and no expense will be spared to achieve the results aimed at.

ARCHIBALD FORBES.

The Health of the Great War Correspondent Wrecked.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The career of Archibald Forbes, the famous war correspondent, is near an end. He was to arrive here in the autumn, and was to commence a course of lectures under the management of J. H. Pond, and had arranged to leave Liverpool on the 20th inst. Yesterday Mr. Pond received the following cablegram: "My health is wrecked. Cancel everything. (Signed) Archibald Forbes." Mr. Pond said to-day: "For the past nine months Mr. Forbes has been suffering from general debility and lung troubles, and I fear it will never be in his power again to lecture here or elsewhere." It is understood that Mr. Forbes is in the last stages of consumption, and that he has not much longer to live.

THE LONDON FAILURES.

Depositors of the Bank of London not Likely to Lose Anything.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 26.—There are no new developments in regard to the Bank of London. The opinion gains ground, however, that the bill holders and depositors will lose nothing. The directors of the Ontario Investment Association held a long session yesterday. Messrs. Jewell and Booker, professional accountants, who have been thoroughly investigating the books of the association, informed the directors that serious irregularities had been discovered in the records of transaction made by the late President, Henry Taylor.

The Appetite

May be increased, the Digestive organs strengthened, and the Bowels regulated, by taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills are purely vegetable in their composition. They contain neither calomel nor any other dangerous drug, and may be taken with perfect safety by persons of all ages.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, became greatly debilitated, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted our family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally commenced taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite

IMPROVED

my bowels were regulated, and, by the time I finished two boxes of these Pills my tendency to headaches had disappeared, and I became strong and well.—Darius M. Logan, Wilmington, Del.

I was troubled, for over a year, with Loss of Appetite, and General Debility. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and, before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite and strength were restored.—C. O. Clark, Danbury, Conn.

Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver. I suffered for over three years with Headache, Indigestion, and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time.

BY USING

three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and, at the same time dieting myself, I was completely cured. My digestive organs are now in good order, and I am in perfect health.—Philip Lockwood, Topeka, Kans.

Ayer's Pills have benefited me wonderfully. For months I suffered from Indigestion and Headache, was restless at night, and had a bad taste in my mouth every morning. After taking one box of Ayer's Pills, all these troubles disappeared, my food digested well, and my sleep was refreshing.—Henry C. Hemmenway, Rockport, Mass.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They not only relieved me of that painful disorder, but gave me increased vigor, and restored my health.—John Lazarus, St. John, N. B.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

COAL.

To Arrive per schooner Bess and Stella,

At Fredericton, 200 Tons,

Stove Size, Best Quality Anthracite.

All parties in need of a First Class Coal should send their orders early to

W. L. BUSBY,

81, 83, 85 WATER STREET,

aug25 tf St. John.

VARNISH.

JUST RECEIVED 30 Gallons in one gallon tins NOBLES & HOAR'S Celebrated Coach Varnishes. Nobles & Hoar's varnishes have for the last thirty years been used in this country for all the best work in coach painting.

25 Gallons Canadian Varnishes,
1 Bbl Furniture Varnish,
1 " Walnut Stain
1 " Dying Japan,

R. CHESTNUT & SONS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Old and MOST RELIABLE Companies
Representing in Capital and Assets
Upwards of
ONE HUNDRED AND TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS,
($110,000,000.00.)

LOW RATES. FAIR SETTLEMENT and PROMPT PAYMENT OF LOSSES.

Black & Hazen, Agents.

OFFICE OPP. POST OFFICE.

Money to Loan,

ON REAL ESTATE and PERSONAL SECURITY in sums to suit at LOWEST RATES.

BLACK & HAZEN, Barristers

READ THIS!!

W. E. SEERY

Requests all Parties Indebted to Him, to Please

CALL AND SETTLE

Their Respective Accounts at Once.

aug 9

RECENT

IMPORTATIONS.

PEPPER, GINGER, CREAM TARTAR, ALLSPICE, MUSTARD, CASSIA, CLOVES, PICKLING SPICE, CHEESE, VINEGAR, BLACKING, BAKING POWDER, WHISKS, STOVE BRUSHES, SCRUB BRUSHES, CLOTHES LINES, VALENCIA RAISINS, SURPRISE SOAP, PHŒNIX SOAP, THREE STAR SOAP, MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERY, FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Jas. Hodge

aug 23

STRAWBERRIES.

Fresh Strawberries

Received at

C. T. Whelpley's

Every morning, which will be supplied very low for Preserving.

New Fruit Syrups,
Lime Juice,
Canned Goods,
Potted Ham,
Deviled Ham,
Ham, Chicken and Tongue,
Ox Tongue,
Potted Beef,
Peaches,
Pine Apples, Sliced and Grated; Apricots,
Corn, Peas,
Squash,
Baked Beans,
Oranges, Lemons,
Bananas,
Water Melons,
Cucumbers, Cabbage

Very Cheap at

C. T. WHELPLEY'S.

July 9

Spectacles on Scientific Principles

D. HARRIS, ENGLISH OPTICIAN.

OFFICE:

53 Germain Street.,

ST. JOHN, N.B. . . . . near Market

Mr Harris is enabled to suit perfectly even most difficult cases, and his stock being made up on purely Scientific Principles, he can with confidence submit them to his patrons.

Office hours. 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Saturdays till 10 p. m. dec 4—1y tw w

Regatta and White SHIRTS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

We sell a good Regatta or White Shirt

at 75 cts, or $1.00.

C H. THOMAS & CO.

Apr 30

THE MAN Who Spends Money

For advertising in newspapers in these hard times without first obtaining an estimate of the cost from Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York, is likely to pay $10 for what might be obtained for $5. Such estimates are furnished to all applicants gratis. Send 10 cents for 176 page pamphlet with list of newspaper rates and reference

Persons who have been troubled all their lives with nervous Headache, Neuralgia and Sciatica have found relief from Tapley's Remedy. It acts directly upon the nervous System. For sale by all druggists.

UNIVERSITY OF MOUNT ALLISON COLLEGE.

J. R. INCH, LL. D. . PRESIDENT.

The first term of Collegiate year, 1887-8 will begin on Thursday, Sept. 1st. Matriculation examinations will begin at 9 o'clock, A. M., Sept. 2nd. For particulars apply to the President: Sackville, N. B., aug 4 4w

WANTED.

A MAN POSSESSING GOOD BUSINESS ability, fair English education, (one having a knowledge of Latin preferred) to run a business in Fredericton. References required: applicants to state qualifications also religious persuasion, address P. O. Box 18, St. John, N. B. aug 22

Bargains, Bargains - BARGAINS!

The entire stock of the late FRANCIS DOHERTY must be sold at

PRIVATE SALE OR AT AUCTION

within 30 days. Now is the time to secure cheap goods for winter. The stock consists of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS &c.

All persons indebted to the estate will please call and settle. All who have claims against said estate will please send in their bills.

THOS. DOHERTY, Administrator.

P. S.—No advance will be asked on the wholesale price for any article. No reasonable offer refused.

aug 20 1m

Wanted.

AT THE QUEEN HOTEL—Pantry and Kitchen Girls. Also: A First-Class Waiter. Good Wages.

jy 3 J. A. EDWARDS.

E. H. ALLEN.

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT.

RECENT STREET,

(Next to Capital Office.)

Goods of all descriptions received and sold on commission. Quick sales and prompt returns guaranteed.

aug 4 6 mos

H. C. C. Wetmore, Auctioneer &c.,

Has taken the store on the upper side of

Phœnix Square,

Next to L. P. La Forest, Tin Smith, where he is prepared to receive Furniture and Goods of all kinds for Auction or private sale. He will also give attention to Auction Sales of every description.

Terms moderate. Returns prompt. All business confidential.

aug

NOTICE!

TO BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS.

Persons in the City wishing to take University Students to board are requested to hand in their names at the Registrar's Office.

J. D. HAZEN, REGISTRAR.

jy7

For Sale.

THE FREEHOLD PROPERTY situated on the West Side Regent Street, in the City of Fredericton, recently occupied by George J. Burns as a Grocery store.

ALSO:

The LEASEHOLD PREMISES situated on the East Side of Carleton Street, in the City of Fredericton, recently occupied by GEORGE J. BURNS. The same consisting of a Dwelling House, Bakery, and two Shops.

For terms and particulars apply to GREGORY & GREGORY, Solicitors.

WM. F. HARRISON, Acting Trustee Burns Estate.

Fredericton, 1st July.

75! 85! $1.00.

Come and get a Suit of our

Cheap Under-clothing,

at the above prices. The best bargain in the city

C. H. THOMAS & CO

Apr 30

We have Just Received

TWO MORE CAR LOADS OF THE

Fast Selling

DOHERTY ORGAN

Which we will sell Very Low for Cash or Approved Paper. Call and examine them.

THOMPSON & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS.

aug 20 6tw 4w

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $20 per day. Some have earned over $20 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of some value in the mean time. All is new, and a fortune is in it for the industrious. Address as above.

OOR COPY

LOGGING IN THE WEST.

New Brunswick Lumbermen Handling the Mississippi Pines.

A Frederictonian Tells How the Logs are Hurdled in the West.

Other Matters of Interest to New Brunswick Operators.

A New Brunswick lumberman is at home in the lumber woods, whether the forest of pines be within the bounds of his own province or in regions far remote. Many of the big lumber firms in the great timber regions on the northern banks of the Mississippi and elsewhere in the far West received their early schooling, and that of the most practical kind, in New Brunswick woods. Among the large number of young men who have left this province to earn their livelihood in other countries, were many who had no other trade, and little else beside than knowing how to handle an axe in the lumber woods. This was enough. With the energy and pluck characteristic of the average New Brunswicker, and taking advantage of the means at their command in pursuing their vocation in foreign lumber regions, many of them have made great strides at success. Especially does this appear to be true of this class of our exodians who found their way to the pine woods in Northern Minnesota.

MR. GEO. SEELEY.

of this city, who has operated quite extensively in different parts of the province for several winters past, has spent the last nine months in the Minnesota lumber woods and among the lumbermen in and about the great lumber centres of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. He returned home the other day and has much to tell of what he saw and learnt in that great lumbering country, and of the people he found there from this province. Being a practical lumberman in his own country, he was, of course, particular to observe the *modus operandi* of the lumbermen of the West and the differences as compared with that usually pursued in this province. "It is no use," he said, in conversation with a GLEANER reporter last evening on this topic, "they're ahead of us. I had heard much about

Their Way of Lumbering,

but I thought I knew more about lumbering than they did. I was not there long, however, before I was convinced to the contrary. Their system is away ahead of ours."

When asked what the leading features were in which the two systems differed so largely, he said in the first place they had superior advantages for carrying on lumber operations to what we have in this country, which they appear to make the most of. Their logs were thick, the land is level and rarely ever have more than two and a half feet of snow. Last winter, at no time was the snow of any greater depth than two feet. Then again, they make their sleds different from what we do. Instead of having flat shoes, they use what is called a swedge shoe. It is of a rounded convex form about four inches wide. All the sleds are nearly double the width of ours, the rockers being fully 11 feet wide with the runners about 8 feet apart. When the first track was made by the swedge shoe after a snow storm, a square water tank was driven over the road dripping the rounded runner tracks with water, which in a short time would be iced. The runners of the next sled which would pass over the road, would follow along this iced crease, rendering the hauling unusually easy. This was kept up all winter. This he said was

The Whole Secret of Their Hauling

such heavy loads in Minnesota. He believed that the swedge shoe could be used to advantage here. Four horse teams were used entirely, and from four to twelve thousand feet were hauled to a load, the average load being about seven thousand. He could not believe that such heavy loads were taken until he saw them hauled and the means adopted. One load hauled last winter contained sixteen thousand feet of lumber, being the largest load that was hauled in the State during the winter. He said that on a 5 mile road you could bank logs for $3 a thousand.

Several of the lumber operators are also beginning to use steam there for yarding the logs, or "skidding" as it is called there. A portable steam engine is placed in a thick clump of pines and the logs hauled from all directions around it and skidded, from which they are loaded on the sleds with ease. Steam is also used for hauling heavy loads up an incline, the engine being placed at the top of the hill.

The lumber cut is mostly Norway and white pine. Mr. Seeley says he spent the winter in the woods on the St. Croix river, between Wiscousin and Minnesota, scaling and exploring, and he had a fine opportunity of seeing a large portion of that great pine region, probably the finest timber lands on the continent. Four hundred million of pine was cut on the St. Croix last winter. About the same amount was cut on the Mississippi above Minneapolis, and also on the Chippewa, these being the three greatest lumbering rivers in that region. The land is laid off in sections which are subdivided in blocks of 40 acres, sixteen of which make a section. It is nothing uncommon

To Cut as High as a Million to a Block,

sometimes going as high as a million and a half.

He was surprised to find so many New Brunswickers lumbering there. They were to be found among the heavy operators, among the mill owners, lumber merchants, and as common laborers, where they were numerous. He met a number of the men who were in his employ previous to their leaving the province, some of whom had succeeded in a remarkable manner in a short time, others who were still among the common laborers. The biggest lumber firm on the St. Croix is Sauntry & Tozer, both Eastern men, Mr. Tozer being a Miramichi man. They cut 40 million last winter. The Maloy Brothers, the next heaviest operators on the river, were also Miramichi men. Hursey & Bean, other wealthy lumbermen, are from the vicinity of Bangor, and Fred. Pennington, who employs nearly all New Brunswickers, is himself a native of this province. These, with Isaac Staples, of Maine, are the heaviest operators on the river. Stillwater, the lumbering centre of the St. Croix, is made up of Maine and Provincial people almost entirely. He believed that there were

More Miramichi People in Northern Minnesota

than there were on the Miramichi, itself. Mr. Seely made mention of a large number of other province men who were doing well there. His brother, Henry Seeley, is a surveyor and timber explorer on the St. Croix; Otis Staples, of St. Marys, commanded a salary of $2,000, representing a lumber firm; Geo. Robinson, of Miramichi, is a heavy contractor and owns a large number of valuable lumber horses; John Gillespie, of Miramichi, has become wealthy in a few years, exploring and selling timber lands; Wesley J. Carr, of Russagornish, Wesley Morgan, of New Maryland, Joseph Peterson, of Nashwaak, are young lumbermen that are acquiring riches very fast in the west. Mr. Seely reports having met a large number of other province men in other vocations in different places, but those mentioned above are the provincial lumbermen of note on the St. Croix district alone.

Each operator drives his own lumber, there being no driving corporation as on the St. John. There is though a boom company at Stillwater which was established several years ago by George Robinson, a Miramichi man, on the same basis as the Miramichi boom company, and continues to be run on that principle. 250 million of pine logs had passed through this boom, and rafted previous to his departure from the place a fortnight ago. Norway pine brings $15 and the white about $9.

Mr. Seely states that the crops are light in all the Western States on account of the drought. The corn and wheat crop will fall far below the average, except in Dakota, where they have had more rain.

SPORTING MATTERS.

Sparring Exhibition — Rifle, Turf, Cricket, Base Ball, and Other Notes.

SPARRING EXHIBITION IN LEE'S OPERA HOUSE.

A sparring exhibition and entertainment will be given in Lee's opera house, on Monday night next, performance to begin at 8 o'clock. A splendid programme has been prepared for the evening's entertainment. Besides a good array of local talent that will appear, two feather weights of St. John will have a contest for a $10 silver cup. In addition to the sparring, there will be numerous other attractions including clog and jig dancing and bone solos by the O'Herin brothers; Indian club swinging by Billy Connors; Tom Collins in Irish songs, witty sayings, and funny jokes, with a grand wind up between William Rolston and an unknown, the heavy weight of Houlton. The music will be furnished by the favorite musician, Allison Cook, who will render some of his best songs. Some rare fun and a good treat may be expected.

Jim Gibbons, the well known pugilist, arrived in town on Thursday evening on a short visit. He was given a hearty welcome by his old pupils and his numerous other friends in the city.

Rifle Competitions.

At the closing day of the provincial rifle matches at Sussex, the Elder cup was again carried off by the King's county team with a score of 542; St. John county team, second, 496; York county team, 494, and Westmorland county 483. Capt. Loggie failing to put in an appearance, the vacancy in the York county team was filled by Lt. Col. Maunsell. The Association cup was won by Sergt. Langstroth, cavalry; Staff-Sergt. Winter, Lt. Perkins, Lt. McFarlane and Corp. Kearney also won prizes in this match. The governor general's silver and bronze medals were won respectively by Sergt. Langstroth and Capt. Kirkpatrick.

The Ottawa team, twenty in number, made up from the highest aggregate score, left for Ottawa on Thursday night. The Dominion Association opens in Ottawa on Monday next.

The presentation of prizes took place in the afternoon in the presence of a large number of spectators. To Private Hollins, who had won the Priace of Wales cup, Lt.-Col. Maunsell said it was a high honor to be asked to confer the cup, but it is a high honor to the man who had won it, as it was the most important prize of the series, and was next to the governor general's at Ottawa in this country, and he congratulated the colonel of the 71st in having the winner in his battalion. The team prizes were also given over by the D. A. G.

Record-Breaking Canucks.

An interesting feature at the sports of the Brooklyn Athletic club Saturday was the effort of John McPherson, Winnipeg, to beat the American record at putting the ball. This record, made by Duncan C. Ross, is 36 feet and 10 inches, with a 21-pound ball. McPherson fell one foot short of this with the 21-pound ball, but he beat the highest record in the world with a 14-pound ball, putting it 47 feet. With the 16-pound ball, he fell 4½ inches short of Ross' record of 42 feet and 6 inches. His record with the 12-pound ball was 50 feet and one half inch. E. W. Johnson of (Newmarket, Ont.,) beat his own and the world's record by tossing the caber 42 feet 3½ inches. His former record was 41 feet 3 inches.

The local cricket match arranged for this afternoon has been indefinitely postponed

In the League contest, Detroits have won 56; Chicagos, 52; Philadelphias, 52; New Yorks, 51; Bostons, 48.

The Canadian cricketers had another drawn game Thursday, in their match with the Westshire team.

WHAT IS THE CAUSE?

A Bad Looking Crumble in the New St. Paul's Church Tower.

A GLEANER reporter's attention was called yesterday to the partial displacement of some of the freestone masonary in the tower of the new St. Paul's steeple, which is causing some anxiety. The break is on the western corner of the tower on the side next York street and is plainly noticeable from the street. A crack nearly half an inch in width in one place runs up and down the tower for several feet and the spreading of the corner stones of the tower in the vicinity of the fissure is plainly observable, the top stone disturbed looking almost ready to fall. The cause of the disturbance is not known and it is not determined yet whether the whole of the masonry in the vicinity of the break is thus disturbed or whether it is only the freestone casing. Some are of the opinion that it is the action of water which has found its way in the stone work, others again believe that the foundation is not secure. It is to be hoped that it is the surface stones only that are disturbed. There may be no danger.

The City and the Electric Light.

A special meeting of the city council was held on Thursday evening to consider the petition from the Fredericton Gas Company asking permission to erect electric light poles through the the city. The permission was unanimously granted. The question of lighting the city with electricity was not formally before the council for consideration as had been intimated, but the matter was referred to incidentally by a number of aldermen, some of whom showed a strong disposition to oppose abandonment of the present expensive supply for a more expensive light. When the council closed some of the aldermen were agitating in favor of the city corporation controlling and managing the electric light of itself, as it now controls the water works. The discussion was however abruptly terminated by a question of order, the meeting having been called for a specific purpose. The regular meeting will be held on Tuesday week.

Driving Accident in Prince William.

Mr. John Courser, Sr., of Prince William, was severely injured on Wednesday by being thrown from his carriage. While driving along the road in front of Dr. Mott's residence, with his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Chas. Courser, the horse stumbled and fell suddenly, pitching the occupants out, Mr. Courser, being thrown under the horse where he lay when picked up in an insensible condition. He was severely injured about the head and back and remained in an unconscious state for some time after the accident occurred. He is attended by Dr. Mott. Mrs. Courser escaped unhurt.

Drowning Accident at Oromocto.

A sad drowning accident occurred at Oromocto on Monday last. A child, adopted by Mrs. William Bryson, aged about two years old, strayed down to a woodboat owned by Mr. Bryson, which was laying at the shore, and it is supposed walked on board on a plank which was laid from the shore, and fell over at the stern of the boat. When they went too look for the child when missed, Mr. Bryson, seeing bubbles and froth on the water, jumped in and dove down and found the child in about ten feet of water. All efforts to restore the child proved unsuccessful.

Pink and White.

It is a pink and white tea-meeting this time, and it is to be held by the ladies of the Congregational church on Keswick Ridge, on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 8th. Tea will be served at the hall from half past three in the afternoon to half past six. In the evening a sacred concert will be given in the church in which a number of Fredericton singers will take part. The proceeds will be applied to improving the parsonage and church.

Deers in New Maryland.

Mr. A. A. Nason, of New Maryland, while on his way to town yesterday morning, came upon a deer by the roadside, about three miles from town. He reports deer quite plentiful in that locality, which he says ought to afford some fine sport for some of the city's sportsmen. Two deer were seen the other day grazing in Mr. Henry Morgan's back fields, in New Maryland.

For Deep Seated Colds

and Coughs, Allen's Lung Balsam cures when all other remedies fail.

A $25,000 BLAZE.

Heavy Loss by Fire in Sussex this Morning.

Eight Buildings Destroyed.—A Newspaper Man in Hard Luck.

Special to Gleaner.

SUSSEX, Aug. 27.—About two o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the Victoria Hotel on Queen street, and in a short time the whole building was in flames. The fire department were called out, but the fire had made such headway before their arrival that they were unable to prevent the flames from spreading to adjoining buildings, which were totally destroyed, leaving little else than ashes in the upper part of the street. A couple of dwelling houses on Tannery street were also destroyed. The boot and shoe factory and the tannery caught, but the flames were extinguished before much damage was done. The following are the buildings destroyed:—

Victoria Hotel, owned by W. Holman;

George H. White's, occupied by R. Keltie as a restaurant;

The Masonic Hall;

Robert Morrison's double dwelling house;

Isaac Deboo's dwelling house and shoe store;

Mrs. Wm. Quigley's dwelling house;

Albert Fenwick's dwelling and meat store.

The total loss is estimated at $25,000; insurance $10,000.

The following insurance companies are interested:

British America; Western City, of London; Royal; Hartford; Liverpool and London and Globe; Lancashire.

Mr. Clarence Spooner, who owned and managed the Island Press, was about starting a newspaper and had all his plant stored in the Masonic Hall; it has all been destroyed.

SUPREME COURT.

County Court Appeals.—Judgments Delivered.

The county court appeals were disposed of as follows: In McAllister vs. Cushing, no counsel appearing to support the appeal, on motion of Mr. Geo. F. Gregory the appeal was dismissed with costs.

In Beatty vs. Johansen, Mr. C. A. Palmer supported appeal. Mr. Daniel Mullin contra. Court considers.

In case of ex parte Turney, ex parte John Miller, ex parte Thomas McNally, ex parte Charles Miller and ex parte John Campbell rules nisi for certiorari to remove convictions had under the Canada Temperance act, on motion of Mr. A. I. Trueman were made absolute. In ex parte Doyle the rule was enlarged until next term as the affidavits on which the rule was obtained were not filed in proper time.

In ex parte Chesley, Mr. I. Allen Jack showed cause against a rule nisi to remove the assessment for the city and county of St. John. Court considers.

The following judgments were delivered:

In the matter of the town of Woodstock—Held by Allen C. J., Fraser and Tuck, J. J. (Palmer, J., dissenting), that no such dispute or disagreement as to division of paupers had arisen between the town and parish of Woodstock as was contemplated by the act, and, therefore, the county court judge had no jurisdiction to make any order in the matter.

Citizens Insurance company vs. Clinch—Held that where sureties by agreement waive all notices of defaults or rights of sureties, and stand in the same position as principal, neglect to notify them of repeated embezzlements, and continuing the agent in their employ, is no defence to an action on the bond.

In the case of Gerow vs. the Providence Insurance company, the court refused the motion for a new trial.

Methodist District Meeting.

At the financial meeting of the Fredericton district held at Gagetown on Tuesday, careful inquiry was made into the financial ability of the circuits and missions and the probable receipts for salaries of the ministers. The result of the inquiry was gratifying, several of the missions showing an increase. Arrangements were made for the holding of missionary meetings on all the circuits and missions within the bounds of the district. The meetings will take place in September and October. Meetings are to be held next spring in the interests of the sustenation fund, and it is expected that something substantial will be realized. Arrangements were also made for meetings to be held under the auspices of the educational society during the year.

The general superintendent, Dr. Carman, will visit the district in September and address meetings as follows: Fredericton, Sept. 11th; Marysville, 12th; Woodstock, 13th; Jacksonville, 14th; Florenceville, 21st; and Richmond, 22nd.

Rev. John Read, the district superintendent, was elected representative to the annual conference missionary committee. A public missionary meeting was held in the evening in the church hall. There was a large attendance. Excellent addresses were delivered by the chairman, Rev. John Read, Dr. Sprague, Wm. Dobson, and Isaac Howle. Miss Sampson presided at the organ.

A Sad Case.

Among the passengers from Woodstock to St. John by the night train was Nellie Patman, 22 years old, unmarried, who formerly belonged to Nova Scotia, but has latterly lived in Boston and was on her way to that city by boat. When the train had passed Grand Bay it was noticed she was not in her seat, and the conductor suggested to some women passengers that they might see if she was not in the women's closet. They did so and they found her in an unconscious state. She had given birth to a child, but the baby could not be found. It was afterwards picked up by the railway section men, alive and well, at the foot of an embankment 30 feet high, near Grand Bay. The train was going at the rate of thirty miles an hour when the child fell from the car. On the arrival of the train at St. John the young woman was removed to the General Public Hospital. Her condition is not considered critical. The baby is being cared for at Grand Bay.—Globe.

The Ritualistic Case.

A meeting of the corporation of Christ Church was held last evening in Mr. Beckwith's office, city hall, to consider the case of Mr. Bliss against the corporation, now pending in the courts, with the view of an amicable settlement of the same, as suggested by Judge Palmer. Owing to the non-appearance of Mr. Bliss at the meeting, the corporation adjourned having done nothing and the case is now very likely to take its course in law. Mr. Bliss states that he received no notice of the meeting until half-past five o'clock yesterday afternoon, when he was on his way to the country. He did not consider this a proper notification, and no further arrangement has been made for an adjourned meeting nor is there likely to be.

For a Thoroughly

good Extract of Lemon, try the "Royal."

Sent up for Trial.

Archibald Arbo, the man who was arrested on the charge of stealing a watch from Dunlap, and against whom another charge was preferred for stealing a rubber coat, and still later for stealing the under garments which he wore upon his back, was examined before the Police Magistrate yesterday, and committed for trial on the last two charges preferred against him; but nothing was brought out against him on the watch-theft charge, although there seems to be no doubt in the minds of the police that he took the watch. His examination on this charge will be continued later.

In Short Metre.

The country market has been quite brisk during the last two days.

The pile foundations of the bridge piers will be completed in a few days.

The Royal Templars hold an entertainment in the Temperance Hall on Monday evening next.

Diptheria is prevalent in Woodstock and typhoid fever abounds to a large extent in St. John.

At the special meeting of the City Council, on Thursday, the water committee were authorized to invite tenders for 150 tons of coal for the water works engine.

The Eastern Maine State Fair, which opens in Bangor on Tuesday next, promises to be one of the greatest exhibitions ever held in Maine.

The postponed Church Sunday school picnic was held on Oromocto Island, yesterday, and attended by about 250 persons, mostly children.

Personal.

Provincial Secretary McLellan is at the Barker.

Mr. John C. Carleton, barrister, St. John, is in town.

Attorney General Blair returned thi s morning from a fishing excursion on the Dungarvon.

Sheep for the Boston Market.

Mr. Maxwell, of Bangor, passed through the town on Thursday, on his way to Stanley, to gather lambs for the Boston market, which he had previously engaged. He has already taken several car loads from the upper part of the county and Carleton county. Mr. John Murch, of Bear island, is also buying up lambs along the river for the same market. He took on several car loads last year but expects to do a larger business this year.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

News From All Round Gleaned By "Gleaner" Correspondents

NORTH LAKE AND EEL RIVER.

A Girl Saves a Man's Life—Schools and Picnics.

NORTH LAKE, Aug. 22.—There were two school picnics held on Saturday, the 20th inst, in the grove on Mr. Thomas Slater's flat. The teachers of the schools represented were Miss Hannah Green and Miss Lilly Buchanan. Their pupils gave several recitations and dialogues, which was creditable alike to teachers and pupils. The young people tripped the light fantastic under the cool shady trees. A goodly number of old and young were present from other localities.

The school at Monument Settlement, Richmond, is taught by Mrs. David Dykeman, who is giving good satisfaction.

There was to have been a boat race at Skiff Lake on August 20th, but it proved a failure.

Mr. Solomon Gould came very near meeting with a fatal accident the other day. In endeavoring to get a drink from a well he slipped in head foremost, and only for the assistance rendered by Miss S. Moran, who was near at hand at the time, the accident might have proved of a serious nature.

The school at Eel River lake is taught by Miss Maggie J. Lockhart, from Fredericton, who gives good satisfaction generally.

Mr. W. Wilson has a fine residence up, and soon will move into it. We wish him a long life and much success in his new building.

Mr. Frank Porter has his new house up, and is living in it. He lost his other house by fire.

DOUGLAS.

Building Improvements—A Horse Drowned—Another Young Lady Made Happy.

DOUGLAS, Aug. 25.—Mr. Winslow Gilbert is erecting a fine dwelling house on the same spot of the old one which was burned last spring.

The Church of England are to hold a basket party and entertainment in the Douglas hall on Friday, Sept. 2nd.

Mr. Jarvis McGibbon lost a fine horse one day last week by drowning. The men folk were haying on the island.

Some of the young ladies held a private picnic last Saturday on Sugar Island. They spent a pleasant day, but had rather a serious time getting home.

Another of our young ladies have entered into the happy bonds of wedlock. The contracting parties were Miss Julia Grant and Mr. Elias Todd.

NASHWAAK.

A Very Successful Tea Meeting at Fraser's Grove.

NASAWAAK, Aug. 25.—The tea meeting held in Fraser's grove on the 24th inst. proved to be a grand success. The music was furnished by Prof. Cook. A splendid programme of sports and amusements was provided. Refreshments were served on the grounds throughout the afternoon. Tea served at 4 o'clock. The proceeds to be appropriated to clearing off the bushes and beautifying the old burying ground. The amount realized was $50.

Mr. Hugh McDermit and family have removed to Zionville, where they intend to occupy the house owned by Mr. Robt. Evens. Mr. McDermit is one of the celebrated hunters and trappers of Nashwaak, and formerly resided at Gibson.

QUEENSBURY.

Grain Affected with the Rust—Personal and Other Notes.

BEAR ISLAND, Aug. 26.—John Jordan is in the vicinity of Boston where he is selling New Brunswick horses. He intends to continue buying here as long as he can sell to a profit in the States.

The farmers have all finished haying on the upland, and find the crop about twenty-five per cent. better than last year. Although the weather has been bad for housing hay, the farmers here have saved their crop in a fair condition.

Several have harvested their wheat, and what has been thrashed is not turning out well, but early oats are yielding well.

Late sown wheat and oats in many sections are rusting badly.

Potatoes are beginning to rot and they are not turning out well.

William Burden, of Lowell, has been home visiting his people in Bear Island. He was accompanied by Mr. Albert French, of Lowell, who was very agreeably surprised to find such a magnificent river and to see such fine growing crops as he found all along the banks of the river. Like other pioneer tourists to our province he has left with the determination to return again. Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Burden returned to Lowell with their son, on a short visit.

Mr. George Long's health continues very poor; although he is not able to do any work himself his farming is not neglected as his neighbors have cut and taken care of his crops so far, and intend to do so just as it ripens.

Mr. Stephen Parent's health does not seem to improve. He has been sick all summer.

KESWICK

Summer Visitors at Mouth of Keswick—Haying on the Islands.

KESWICK, Aug. 26.—Miss Laura Yerxa, and Mr. Ed. Jouett, son of Mr. Robt. Jouett, of Boston, Mass., have been visiting their friends in this vicinity. Miss Yerxa is a native of this place, and removed to Boston a few years ago.

Mrs. Ambrose Parent and Miss Hattie Yerxa, daughter of the late Joseph Yerxa, left for Fredericton to-day en route for Boston.

Mrs. Munroe and daughter are visiting us for a few days, as well as Miss Addie Dunphy, of Nashwaak.

Rainsford, only son of Mrs. Silas Tracey, died on Tuesday evening, after a very short illness, from inflammation of the bowels. The only son of his mother and she a widow.

The weather continues changeable.

Haying operations on the island have commenced in earnest.

CENTRAL RAILWAY HEADQUARTERS.

Trouble Among the Sub-Contractors Along the Line.

CENTRAL RAILWAY, Aug. 26—There is considerable trouble amongst the sub-contractors on the Central Railway, all the way between Norton Station and Washademoak Lake, in not getting their right measurement last month. This leaves the contractors unable to meet their monthly expenses. There are two private engineers to work endeavoring to find out the mistake. It is hoped that it will come out all right.

HAWAII REVOLUTION.

The Result of Extravagance and Recklessness.

How Premier Gibson Managed the Business.

Nearly a Match for Sir John Macdonald.

By the Rev. Thomas L. Gulick.

We have had a bloodless revolution in our little island world. It came out in this wise. The government, led by an unprincipled adventurer, Walter M. Gibson (who has passed into permanent literature by Hawthorne's accurate description of him in "Our Old Home," pages 18, 19, and 20, Edinburgh edition, 1884) had been rapidly going from bad to worse. When Gibson, by vile methods, wormed himself into power, the public debt was practically nothing; now it is close upon $2,500,000. The money, instead of being applied to useful purposes, has been squandered on favorites, foolish celebrations, a ridiculous "army and navy," and such-like follies. While the Honolulu harbor was gradually filling up, the work of dredging being neglected, the unrepaired wharves of the seaports going to ruin, the bridges and roads of the kingdom in an atrocious condition, the man-of-war "Kaimiloa" is bought, repaired, equipped, and sent to Samoa with a drunken crew, to extend the paternal influence of Hawaii to the other islands of the Pacific!

To enable them to carry on this game, the government had interferred with the elections by bribery, giving of offices, and the free and open furnishing of whisky at the pols. Finally, King Kalakaua, who has been living a most dissolute life, through his tools induced a Chinaman, by the name of T. Aki, to give him a bribe of $71,000 to obtain the infamous opium license. When he had secured the money he turned around and gave the license to another!

These and similar transactions becoming known to the public, published in the most respectable papers with overwhelming proofs, hastened the crisis. Gibson, the King, and the Cabinet, seeing that a whirlwind was rising, renewed their frantic efforts to stir up the native population against the foreigners. In the "Elele," the Government paper, published in Hawaiian, the opposition were called foreign "missionary vagabonds," and were told to leave the land. The natives were urged to drive them out. The King began to fortify his palace grounds as if preparing for civil war.

At last respectable citizens, feeling that passive endurance was no longer a virtue, began to form rifle companies all over the island, and great excitement prevailed. When counsels were ripe, a mass-meeting of citizens was called in Honolulu, Thursday, June 30. Eight hundred volunteers were under arms, and the liquor shops were closed.

The assemblage was thoroughly representative; mechanics, merchants, day-laborers, planters, professional men, all were there, and many from the other islands, who had come for the occasion. There were present Americans, Englishmen, Germans, Hawaiians, Portuguese, Chinese, and Japanese. The meeting was held in the armory of the Honolulu Rifles; outside the Honolulu Rifles were drawn up under arms, with fixed bayonets, and each man carrying fifty rounds of ammunition. The hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, some 2,500 being present.

A series of resolutions were presented, stating complaints and demands of the citizens.

The first statement was, "That the Administration of the Hawaiian Government has ceased, through corruption and incompetence, to perform the functions and afford the protection to personal and property rights for which all governments exist."

Some of the demands were:

1. That the King shall at once and unconditionally dismiss his present Cabinet from office.

2. That Walter M. Gibson shall be at once dismissed from each and every office held by him under the Government.

3. In order, so far as possible, to remove the stain now resting on the throne, we request of the King that he shall cause immediate restitution to be made of the sum, to-wit, seventy-one thousand dollars ($71,000), recently obtained by him in violation of law and of his oath of office, under promise that the person from whom the same was obtained should receive the license to sell opium.

4. Whereas, one Junius Kaae was implicated in the obtaining of said seventy-one thousand dollars ($71,000), and has since been, and still is, retained in office as Registrar of Conveyance, we request, as safeguard to the property interests of the country, that said Kaae be at once dismissed from said office.

5. That we request a specific pledge from the King—

(1) That he will not in the future interfere either directly or indirectly with the election of representatives.

(2) That he will not interfere with nor attempt to unduly influence legislation or legislators.

(3) That he will not interfere with the constitutional administration of his Cabinet.

(4) That he will not use his official position or patronage for private ends.

Short speeches were made by representatives of all classes of our mixed population in support of these demands. The Hon. S B Dole, son of a missionary, said: "There are two thoughts to which I will call your attention in our Constitution. First the King conducts his government for the common good. The second is like unto it, 'All people are allowed to assemble for the common good. We would not be here if the King had conducted the government for the common good. This meeting is for the common good, and composed of men who are determined to have what they want. This meeting is to give the King one chance to fall into line for the common good—just one chance; I do not say he will take the chance. I am not here to talk about ministers, but about the king. (Loud cheers.) I need not relate facts of bad government by the King to you; they relate to everything connected with his office; interference with everything has been his rule, and he has sold his sacred oath to the highest bidder. We are here for no unlawful purpose; we are here to demand that the King cleanse his government, and ask him that he return this money which every man, woman, and child in the country believes that he took unlawfully."

The Hon. Lorrin A. Thurston, grandson of the pioneer missionary Thurston, said: "Gentlemen, you and I have been waiting a long time for this day; but it has come. It is a long lane that has no turning; but we have come to the turning of our lane. There are persons here to speak to all of you, but I am here to speak as a Hawaiian. My ancestors came here in the reign of Kamehameha I. I was born and brought up here, and I mean to die here. Hawaii is good enough for me. I speak for Hawaiians, because you foreigners can speak for yourselves, but many of these Hawaiians are ignorant, and have been deserted by their leaders. I am the representative of the constituency of the island of Molokai, and spent some weeks there last summer, and I wish to say that the Hawiians on Molokai are with you to a man. It may be that this letter from his Majesty was meant to head off these resolutions. I remember reading somewhere of a man who was going to shoot a coon, and the coon said 'Don't shoot! I'll come down.' The King is the coon, and this meeting is the gun. (Great applause.) (The King had sent a letter to a prominent citizen attempting to forestall the meeting.) . . . It is not sufficient to have the King accept these resolutions; we must have a *new Constitution*, and must have it now. A constitution is a contract, and if the King and the people agree to change it there is no violation of constitutional rights. If we have let things come to this pass, and now take the King at his word, it is to rely on wind."

Many others spoke all in the same tenor. The resolutions were sent to the King by the hands of a strong committee. The King made haste to accede to every demand, though he denied having taken the bribe. The whole matter is to be investigated in the courts by the trial of Junius Kaae.

A new Constitution was drawn up, correcting the faults of the former Constitution (which was arbitrarily proclaimed by Kamehameha V. and never ratified by the people), and the King has signed it.

Gibson so feared the wrath of the very natives whom he had endeavored to stir up to bloodshed against the reformers that he begged and received the protection of the rifles of the reformers, as his life was really in danger. He has fled the country, probably having sent out before him considerable ill-gotten plunder.

A reform cabinet has been appointed chosen by W L Green, one of the leading reformers, he himself being Minister of finance; Lorrin A Thurston, Minister of the Interior; G Brown Minister of Foreign Affairs; C W Ashford, Attorney-General. Now the wheels of state are moving smoothly again.

While these changes were in progress the reformers detained the inter-island steamers in Honolulu, that inflammatory proclamations and false rumors might not be sent out. An incendiary edition of the "Flele" was quietly taken out of the mail-bag and the paper permanently suppressed.

If the King had not acceded in full to the demands, he would undoubtedly have been set aside and a republic established.

Give Them A Chance.

That is to say your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them.

When these are clogged and chocked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this or certain.

FURTHER NEWS OF STANLEY.

The Explorer and His Party all Safe at Last Advices.

LONDON, August 26.—A letter has been received from Dr. Parke, dated Arnwimi, June 20th, stating that Stanely and all the Europeans comprised in his party were well. The followers of Stanley the letter says, were entrenched in camp affording all necessary advantages, and the whole party would begin, on June 28, a forced march of 400 miles to Wadelai, where they would meet Emin Bey. These advices are one day later than any others that have been received, and completely overthrow the possibilities of the correctness of the reports announcing Mr. Stanley's death, which nobody now believes to be true.

Cattle Dying in Texas.

COLORADO, Tex., Aug. 26.—The reports of the lost cattle in the Upper Panhandle by the cattle syndicate have not been exaggerated. The company have thousands more cattle than it has water to supply, and they are dying by the thousand. The losses for the past 22 days will average 500 head per day.

Died.

In St. John, on the 23rd inst., aged 32 years, Winifred M. Ogden, beloved wife of John H. Ogden. Her end was peaceful and triumphant.

PALMO-TAR SOAP.

PALMO MEDICINAL SOAP TRADE MARK

WE CONFIDENTLY ASSERT, THAT FOR IMPROVING THE COMPLEXION AND SKIN THIS SOAP HAS NO EQUAL. MOST SCALY ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES AND CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE SKIN WILL BE CURED BY USING IT.

ASK FOR "PALMO-TAR SOAP," AND REFUSE ALL OTHERS.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., (LIMITED.) MONTREAL.

DEVER BROS.

NEW

DRESS GOODS.

50 Pieces All-Wool

JERSEY CLOTHS.

☞ These Goods are a little late in arriving, and will be sold at 19 Cents to clear. They are worth 28 Cents.

DEVER BROS.

Fredericton, Aug. 23rd, 1887.

NO. 158

QUEEN STREET.

FOR THE FARMERS

—OF—

YORK COUNTY!!!

JUST RECEIVED:

2 Cases PARIS GREEN,

100 sacks Salt,

Five Casks Barbados Molasses,

AND ALL THE CHOICE GRADES OF

FLOUR!

Also: 25 Hf.-Chests ENGLISH Breakfast Tea,

40 Boxes in 3, 5 and 10 lb Boxes!

We Recommend these Teas in Quality and Price.

☞ Any purchaser of any of these Teas not satisfied with the quality we will cheerfully refund the money.

YERXA & YERXA.

NEW FALL GOODS!

Tennant, Davies & Co.

New Ulsterings & Jacket Cloths,

Gent's Tweeds, (ENGLISH and SCOTCH;)

Oxford Tweeds,

Oxford Homespuns, &c.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.

202 Queen Street, Fredericton.

The Manitoba Trouble.

TORONTO Aug. 26.—The London correspondent of the Mail cables that Mr. Baden Powell, M P, wishes the Manitobans to wait a week longer before taking any action, when the Pacific question will probably be settled. He means of course says the correspondent, that if the subsidy is granted to the mail route by the imperial government the company will be in a position to reduce rates. It is the general opinion here, however, that the struggle between Manitoba and the central government has reached too acute a stage to admit of compromise. In fact, fears are entertained in some quarters for the integrity of the dominion.

See the card of Dr. McAllister, dentist, in another column.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL FOOD ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. may 7

SPORT.

THREE BIRCH CANOES,
CARTS FOR BOYS,
BICYCLES FOR BOYS,
TRICYCLES FOR BOYS.

ALSO:

CHINA TEA SETTS!!

HAND-PAINTED.

12 Gross

Knives and Forks.

☞ All of these goods are new and were bought direct from the manufacturers. Call and ask the price of them.

LEMONT & SONS.

aug 27

Freehold Lots

For Sale,

I WILL SELL THE WHOLE OF MY

Property in Fredericton in Lots to Suit Purchasers.

Apply to

H. G. KETCHUM,

Or E. BYRON WINSLOW.

Fredericton, Aug. 3, 1887. tf

POOR CO

'87. Spring, Summer. '87

Jas. R. Howie,

PRACTICAL TAILOR.

English and Scotch Goods.

The Subscriber begs to inform his numerous patrons that he is now opening the FINEST STOCK OF CLOTHS ever shown in this city, consisting

Fine Diagonals and Worsted Tweed Suitings, Check Suitings, Spring and Summer Overcoatings, Striped, Check & Plain Trouserings,

And all the latest styles and patterns of

CLOTHS

to be found in any First-class Tailoring Establishment.

In addition to myself and son I have secured the services of

A FIRST-CLASS CUTTER,

from New York, and therefore I am prepared to Guarantee a Perfect Fit, and the Very Latest New York Fashions.

I have also a large and most thoroughly assorted stock of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND CAPS,

—AND—

Ready-Made Clothing.

FOR ADULTS AND CHILDREN.

JAS. R. HOWIE,

150 QUEEN STREET.

Fredericton June 4.

JOSEPH WALKER,

TAILOR,

CORNER QUEEN & WESTMORLAND STS.,

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE LINE OF

CHECKS and BANNOCKBURNS.

IN A FEW DAYS HE WILL OPEN

West of England Hair Lines, Worsted Goods, Cork Screws and Scotch Suitings, in all the Latest Patterns.

All of which will be made up in the most fashionable style, and at moderate rates.!

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

JOSEPH WALKER,

Corner Queen and Westmorland Streets

Fredericton, May 10, 1887.

NEW GOODS!

JUST TO HAND AT THE

"IMPERIAL HALL.'

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

HATS, Latest Styles,

TWEEDS. FANCY SUITINGS,

TROWSERINGS, DIAGONALS.

Etc., in latest patterns.

All goods made up in first-class style, at shortest notice and at lowest prices.

A Good Fit Guaranteed. Inspection Invited.

Thomas Stanger,

"IMPERIAL HALL."

March 15 290 Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B

EDGECOMBE BUILDING.

192

Queen Street.

FREDERICTON.

T. W. SMITH

IS NOW RECEIVING HIS

Spring and Summer Stock of

ENGLISH, SCOTCH, GERMAN and CANADIAN

CLOTHS!

Of the very best makes and Latest Designs which he will make up to order, and guarantee the best of workmanship, and the Finest Fitting Suits that can be had in any other establishment.

FUR and FELT

Soft and Hard Hats.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

In Great Variety, and the Very Lowest Prices.

Wool taken in exchange for Cloth and other Goods, and the Highest Prices paid. Do not forget the place, EDGECOMBE'S BUILDING, 192 QUEEN STREET, Fredericton.

Thos. W. Smith

apr12

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new; that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. decl1

A SWEEPING SALE.

POSITIVELY the GREATEST CLEARANCE SALE EVER CONDUCTED IN FREDERICTON.

Every Line of Goods Going at a Sacrifice at

S. F. SHUTE'S,

Sharkey's Block, Queen Street.

In addition to the Great Bargains in all lines, special inducements are offered in an elegant assortment of VASES of all grades and styles, and in Ladies', Gents', and Children's Cups and Saucers—the most elaborate line in the city. In all kinds of Fancy China.

All of the stock must be cleared out, and every article is marked away below cost. This is one of the opportunities of a life time to secure grand bargains for costs. Don't fail to call.

SHARKEY'S BLOCK Queen Street.

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION!

We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5.00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and test the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied, we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. decl1

The First Sign

Of failing health, whether in the form of Night Sweats and Nervousness, or in a sense of General Weariness and Loss of Appetite, should suggest the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This preparation is most effective for giving tone and strength to the enfeebled system, promoting the digestion and assimilation of food, restoring the nervous forces to their normal condition, and for purifying, enriching, and vitalizing the blood.

Failing Health.

Ten years ago my health began to fail. I was troubled with a distressing Cough, Night Sweats, Weakness, and Nervousness. I tried various remedies prescribed by different physicians, but became so weak that I could not go up stairs without stopping to rest. My friends recommended me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I did, and I am now as healthy and strong as ever.—Mrs. E. L. Williams, Alexandria, Minn.

I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in my family, for Scrofula, and know, if it is taken faithfully, that it will thoroughly eradicate this terrible disease. I have also prescribed it as a tonic, as well as an alterative, and must say that I honestly believe it to be the best blood medicine ever compounded.—W. F. Fowler, D. D. S., M. D., Greenville, Tenn.

Dyspepsia Cured.

It would be impossible for me to describe what I suffered from Indigestion and Headache up to the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was under the care of various physicians and tried a great many kinds of medicines, but never obtained more than temporary relief. After taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for a short time, my headache disappeared, and my stomach performed its duties more perfectly. To-day my health is completely restored.—Mary Harley, Springfield, Mass.

I have been greatly benefited by the prompt use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It tones and invigorates the system, regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, and vitalizes the blood. It is, without doubt, the most reliable blood purifier yet discovered.—H. D. Johnson, 383 Atlantic ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

BRISTOL'S PILLS

The Infallible Remedy for all Affections of the Liver and Kidneys.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

A PROMPT AND RELIABLE CURE

For Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and all Summer Complaints of Children or Adults.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO, ONT.

COUGHS, COLDS, Croup and Consumption CURED BY ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

Intending Advertisers should address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,

10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY,

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Select List of 1000 Newspapers

Will be sent FREE on application.

Have you a Pain anywhere about you? USE PERRY DAVIS' "PAIN KILLER" and get Instant Relief. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. 25 Cts. Per Bottle.

HALYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM CURES COUGHS COLDS HOARSENESS

TO ADVERTISERS

A list of 1000 newspapers divided into STATES and SECTIONS will be sent on application—FREE.

To those who want their advertising to pay, we can offer no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co.,

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York.

Perry Davis' Pain-Killer FOR CHOLERA CRAMPS AND PAINS, COLIC DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY CHOLERA MORBUS AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

SILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

Grass Seed.

Northern Red Clover,

Alsike Clover Seed

For Sale by

Ely Perkins.

The Heiress.

Continued.

"Well, yes, pretty much so."

"Have you been to Paris?"

"Oh, yes, several times."

"Brussels?"

"Yes."

"Vienna?"

"No. I wait to go there with you."

"Rome?"

"Yes, twice. The governor was very fond of sending us abroad between the ages of seventeen and twenty-five—to enlarge our minds, he said; to get rid of us he meant."

"Are there many of you?"

"An awful lot. I would be ashamed to say how many. Ours was indeed a 'numerous father.'"

"He isn't dead?" says Molly, in the low tone befitting the occasion in case he should be.

"Oh, no: he is alive and kicking," replies Mr. Luttrell, with more force than elegance. "And I hope he will keep on so for years to come. He is about the best friend I have or am likely to have."

"I hope he won't keep up the kicking part of it," says Molly, with a delicious laugh that ripples through the air and shows her utter enjoyment of her own wit. Not to laugh when Molly laughs, is impossible: so Luttrell joins her, and they both make merry over his vulgarity. In all the world what is there sweeter than the happy, penetrating, laughter of unhurt youth?

"Lucky you, to have seen so much already," says Molly, presently, with an envious sigh; "and yet," with a view to self support, "what good has it done you? Not one atom. After all your traveling you can do nothing greater than fall absurdly in love with a village maiden. Will your father call that enlarging your mind?"

"I hope so," concealing his misgivings on the point. But why put it so badly? Instead of village maiden, say the loveliest girl I ever met."

"What!" cries Molly, the most naïve delight and satisfaction animating her tone; "after going through France, Germany, Italy, and India, can you honestly say I am the loveliest woman you ever met?"

"You put it too mildly," says Luttrell, raising himself on his elbow to gaze with admiration at the charming face above him, "I can say more. You are ten thousand times the loveliest woman I ever met."

Molly smiles, nay more, she fairly dimples. Try as she will and does, she cannot conceal the pleasure it gives her to hear her praises sung.

"Why, then I am a 'belle,' a 'toast,'" she says, endeavoring unsuccessfully to see her image in the little basin of water that has gathered at the foot of the rocks; "while you," turning to run five white fingers over his hair caressingly, and then all down his face, "you are the most delightful person I ever met. It is so easy to believe what you tell one, and so pleasant. I have a mind to—kiss you!"

"Don't stop there: have a whole mind," says Luttrell, eagerly. "Kiss me at once before the fancy evaporates."

"No," holding him back with one lazy finger (he is easy to be repulsed), "on second thoughts I will reserve my caress. Some other time, when you are good—perhaps. By the bye, Ted, did you really mean you would take me to Vienna?"

"Yes, if you would care to go there."

"Care? that is not the question. It will cost a great deal of money to get there, won't it? Shall we be able to afford it?"

"No doubt the governor will stand to me, and give a check for the occasion," says Luttrell, warming to the subject. "Anyhow, you shall go, if you wish it."

"Wait until your father hears you have wedded a pauper, and then you will see what a check you will get," says Miss Massereene, with a contemptible attempt at a joke.

"A pun!" says Luttrell, springing to his feet with a groan; "that means a pinch. So prepare."

"I forbid you," cries she, inwardly quaking, and, rising hurriedly, stands well away from him, with her petticoats caught together in one hand ready to fight. "I won't allow you. Don't attempt to touch me."

"It is the law of the land," declares he, advancing towards her, while she steadily retreats.

"Dear Teddy, good Teddy," cries she "pare me this time, and I will never do it again, no, not though it should tremble forever on the tip of my tongue. As you are strong be merciful. Do forgive me this once."

"Impossible."

"Then I defy you," retorts Miss Massereene, who, having manœuvred until she has placed a good distance between herself and the foe, now turns and flies though the trees, making very successful running for the open beyond. Not until they are within full view of the house does he manage to come up with her. And then the presence of John sunning himself on the halldoor step, surrounded by his family, effectually prevents her from obtaining that richly deserved punishment.

CHAPTER IX.

It is raining, not only raining, but pouring. All the gracious sunshine of yesterday is obliterated, forgotten, while in its place the sullen raindrops dash themselves with suppressed fury against the window-panes. Huge drops they are, swollen with the hidden rage of many days, that fall, and burst heavily, and make the casement tremble.

Outside, the flowers droop and hang their pretty heads in sad wonder at this undeserved Nemesis that has overtaken them. Along the sides of the graveled paths small rivulets run frightened. There is no song of birds in all the air. Only the young short grass uprears itself, and, drinking in with eager greediness the welcome but angry shower, refuses to bend its neck beneath the yoke.

"How I hate a wet day!" says Luttrell, moodily, for the twentieth time, staring blankly out of the deserted school-room window, where he and Molly have been yawning and moping for the last half hour.

"Do you? I love it," replies she, out of a sheer spirit of contradiction; as, if there is one thing she utterly abhors, it is the idea of rain.

"If I said I loved it, *you* would say the reverse," says he, laughing, not feeling equal to the excitement of a quarrel.

"Without doubt," replies she, laughing too; so that a very successful opening is rashly neglected. "Surely it cannot keep on like this all day," she says, presently, in a dismal tone, betraying by her manner the falsity of her former admiration; "we shall have a dry winter if it continues much longer. Has any wise man yet discovered how much rain the clouds are capable of containing at one time? It would be such a blessing if they had; then we might know the worst, and make up our minds to it."

"Drop a line to the clerk of the weather office; he might make it his business to find out if you asked him."

"Is that a joke?" with languid disgust. "And you professed yourself indignant with me yesterday when I perpetrated a really superior one! You ought to be ashamed of yourself. I would not condescend to anything feeble."

"That reminds me I have never yet paid you off for that misdemeanor. Now when time is hanging so heavily on my hands, is a most favorable opportunity to pay the debt. I embrace it. And you too. So 'prepare for cavalry.'"

"A fig for all the hussars in Europe," cries Molly, with indomitable courage.

Meantime, Letitia and John in the morning-room—that in a grander house would have been designated a boudoir—are holding a hot discussion.

Lovat, the eldest son, being the handsomest and by far the most scampish of her children, is of course his mother's idol. His master, however, having written to say that up to this, in spite of all the trouble taken with him, he has evinced a far greater disposition for cricket and punching his companions' heads than for his Greek and Latin, Lovat's father has given it as his opinion that Lovat deserves a right good flogging; while Lovat's mother maintains that all noble, high-spirited boys are "just like that," and asks Mr. Massereene, with the air of a Q. C., whether he never felt a distaste for the dead languages.

Mr. Massereene replying that he never did, that he was a model boy, and never anywhere but at the head of his class, his wife instantly declares that she doesn't believe a word of it, and most unfrankly rakes up a dead-and-gone story, in which Mr. Massereene figures as the principal feature, and is discovered during school hours on the top of a neighbor's apple tree, with a long-suffering but irate usher at the root of it, armed with his indignation and a birch rod.

"And for three mortal hours he stood there, while I sat up aloft and grinned at him," says Mr. Massereene with (considering his years) a disgraceful appreciation of his past immoral conduct; "and when at last the gardener was induced to mount the tree and drag me ignominiously to the ground, I got such a flogging as made a chair for some time assume the character of a rack."

"And you deserved it, too' says Letitia with unwonted severity.

"I did indeed, my dear,' John confesses, heartily, 'richly. I am glad to see, that at last you begin to take a sensible view of the subject. If I deserved a flogging because I once shirked my tasks, what does not Lovat deserve for a long course of such conduct?'

'He is not accused of stealing apples at all events; and, besides, Lovat is quite different,' says Letitia, vaguely. Whereupon John tells her her heart is running away with her head, and that her partiality is so apparent that he must cease from further argument, and goes on with his reading.

Presently, however, he rises, and, crossing the room, stands over her, watching her white shapely fingers as they deftly fill up the holes in the little socks that lie in the basket beside her. She is so far *en rapport* with him as to know that his manner betokens a desire for confidence.

"Have you anything to say to me, dear?" she asks, looking up and suspending her employment for the time being.

"Letitia," begins he, thoughtfully, not to say solemnly, "it is quite two months since Luttrell first put in an appearance in this house. Now, I don't wish to seem inhospitable—far be it from me; a thirst for knowledge alone induces me to put the question—but do you think he means to reside here permanently?"

"It is certainly very strange," says Letitia, unmoved by his eloquence to even the faintest glimmer of a smile, so deep is her interest in the subject—"the very oddest thing. If, now, it were a place where a young man could find any amusement, I would say nothing; but here! Do you know, John"—mysteriously—"I have my suspicions."

"No!" exclaims Mr Massereene, betraying the wildest curiosity in voice and gesture—so wild as to hint at the possibility of its not being genuine. "You don't say so!"

"It has once or twice occurred to me—"

"Yes?"

"I have certainly thought—

"Letitia"—with authority—"don't think, or suspect, or let it occur to you any more: *say* it."

"Well, then, I think he is in love with Molly."

John breaks into a hearty laugh.

"What it is to be a woman of penetration," says he. "So you have found that out? Now that is where we men fail. But are you certain? Why do you think it?"

"I am almost convinced of it," Letitia says, with much solemnity. "Last night I happened to be looking out of one of the windows that overhang the garden, and there in the moonlight (it was quite ten o'clock) I saw Molly give him a red rose; and he took it, and gazed at it as though he were going to devour it; and then he kissed it; and after that he kissed Molly's hand! Now, I don't think, John, unless a young man was—you know—eh?"

"I altogether agree with you. Unless a young man was, you know, why, he wouldn't—that's all. I am glad, however, he had the grace to stop at the hand—that it was not Molly's lips he chose instead."

"My *dear* John!"

"My darling Letty! have I said anything so very *outre*? Were you never kissed by a young man?"

"Only by you," returns Mrs. Massereene, laughing apologetically, and blushing a rare delicate pink that would not have disgraced her at eighteen.

"Ah, you may well be excused, considering how you were tempted. It is not every day one meets——By the bye, Letty, did you cease eavesdropping at that point?"

"Yes; I did not like to remain longer."

"Then depend upon it, my dear, you did not see the last act in that drama."

"You surely do not think Molly——"

"I seldom trouble to think. I only know Luttrell is an uncommonly good-looking fellow, and that the moon is a white witch."

"He is good-looking," says Letitia, rising and growing troubled; "he is more than that—he is charming. Oh, John! if our Molly were to fall in love with him, and grow unhappy about it, what should we do? I don't believe he has anything beyond his pay."

"He has something more than that, I know, but not much. The Luttrells have a good deal of spare cash throwing about among them."

(To be continued.

HERE AND THERE.

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He should explore every avenue of natural knowledge, must become familiar with chemistry, natural philosophy and natural history, but, above all, he must learn the construction of his own frame, the means by which he lives, moves and has his being. He must understand the nature of all those influences by which health is broken down and restored and by what means disease, suffering and death may be averted. Dr. Johnson further says that nothing contributes so much to the support of quackery as the present insufficiency of medical knowledge. Men do not, he says, easily abandon hope but as readily put faith in ignorant pretenders as drowning men catch at straws.

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