

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XLIV.

ST JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1906.

NO. 58

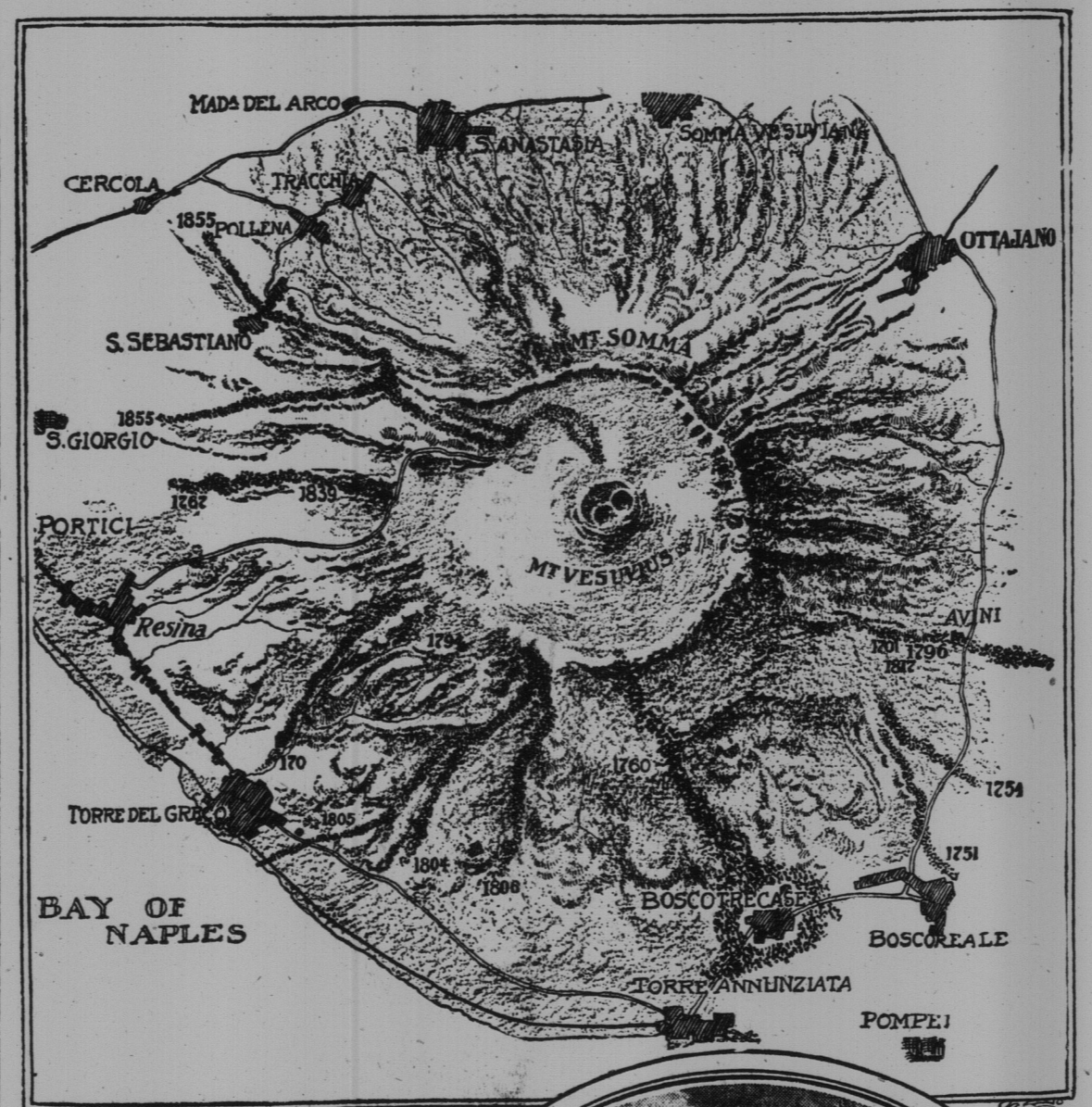
GOVERNMENT AWARDS CONTRACTS OF \$19,000,000

Two Grand Trunk Pacific Sections Went to the Lowest Tenderers

One of 245 Miles to Cost More Than \$13,000,000 and Be Completed by October, 1907--The Other, of 150 Miles, Will Be \$5,300,000--Prairie Section Expected to Be Ready When Winnipeg-Lake Superior One Is.

Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--Contracts aggregating \$19,000,000 were awarded today by the dominion government to the construction of sections of the National Transcontinental Railway. The tenders have been before the railway commission and the government for the past four weeks, and it was not until this afternoon that the awards were made. In each case the lowest tenderer got the contract. The contract for the western section from Winnipeg to Superior Junction, a distance of 245 miles, has been awarded to J. D. McArthur, of Winnipeg. The price is a little more than \$13,000,000, or a quarter of a million less than the estimate of the government engineers. The contract for the eastern section from Quebec to La Tuque, 150 miles, has been awarded to Hogan & McDonald, of Montreal. The price is about \$5,300,000. This is about \$700,000 less than the estimate of the government engineers. The contract for the Cape Rouge steel viaduct has gone to the Dominion Bridge Company of Montreal at \$2,000,000. The Phoenix Bridge Company of Philadelphia was the next to the successful tenderers. Parent Objected. Three out of the four Transcontinental Railway Commissioners recommended that the government accept the lowest tender.

Map of Vesuvius' Flaming Crater and Scene Eruption



Photograph of Mt. Vesuvius in Eruption Showing Lava Descending the Mountain in the Direction of the Railway

"A TRAGEDY COLOSSAL AND HEART-RENDING"

Graphic Description of Vesuvius Eruption by Associate Editor of Century Magazine

An Eye-witness of the Terrible Catastrophe That Burned Towns, Killed Thousands, and Destroyed Millions of Dollars Worth of Property--Ashes Falling Harder in Naples Last Night Than Ever--King Rebukes Priest for Deserting His People to Save Himself.

Naples, April 12--While the news from Mount Vesuvius today is reassuring, the conditions here in Naples are such as to make it difficult to realize that conditions are actually better. The wind is blowing from the north in the direction of Naples, carrying the ashes in this direction. Towards evening the fall of ashes and cinders here was worse than at any time since the eruption began. The scene effects vary from hour to hour. Now in the north the sky is chocolate-colored, lowering and heavy, under which men and women, with their hair and clothing covered with ash, move about. Fort San Martino, as the towers above the town, can only just be seen, while Castel Dell Ovo is boldly marked in light, seeming like silver against the brown sky. To the south, beyond the smoke zone, lies smiling, sunny Positano and its peninsula, while far away glimmers the sea, a deep blue, on which the Atlantic sea said to have stayed a similar sea to float in the glow of the setting sun. Adding to the strange picture, one of the French men-of-war, which arrived in the Bay of Naples today, is so placed as to be half in the glow and half obscured by the belt of falling ashes. From the observatory on Mount Vesuvius, where Director Matteucci is continuing his work in behalf of science and humanity, the scene is one of great impressiveness. To reach the observatory one must walk for miles over hardened but hot lava covered with sand until he comes to a point from whence nothing can be seen but vast, gray reaches, sometimes flat and sometimes gathered into huge mounds which take on semblances of human faces. Above the heavens are gray like the earth beneath, and seem just as hard and immovable. In all this lonely waste there is no sign of life or vegetation, and no noise is heard except the low mutterings of the volcano. One seems almost impelled to scream aloud to break the horrible stillness of a land seemingly forgotten both by God and man.

King Rebukes Priest. Every day that passes gives new evidence of the magnitude of the catastrophe. Today's visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Ottajano revealed new tragedies. At a certain point his majesty was obliged to abandon his motor car and went forward on horseback amid constant danger, his horse foundering through four feet of ash, stumbling into holes, blinded by the fall of large masses and the target for falling basaltic missiles in the presence of the king, 129 more bodies were extracted from the runs while ashes and sand fell as though descending from heaven. The king was dejected pale. To a parish priest who came to him he said: "I put myself in safety," replied the priest. "What do you mean?" asked the king. "Realizing the danger," was the priest's reply, "I had left for Horta." The king flushed with anger. "What?" he cried, "you, a minister of God, would leave to share the danger of your people and administer the last sacraments? You did wrong."

"A Tragedy Colossal and Heart-rending." Naples, April 12--The following description of the conditions surrounding Mount Vesuvius was written for The Associated Press by Robert Underwood Johnson, associate editor of the Century Magazine: "I had the unexpected opportunity to realize the magnitude of the disaster by personal observation in a trip entirely around Vesuvius. "Since the Chicago fire I have seen nothing so terribly impressive. Twenty years will not repair the damage, including the destruction of four villages. With a change of wind or slightly greater propulsion of the seismic force the same fate might extend to other segments of the circle of which Vesuvius is the centre. Arriving from Rome two hours late by train I joined a party of two Italian gentlemen and two English ladies, including Miss Underwood, the Roman correspondent of the London Standard. We caught a train for Torre Annunziata, three miles to the west of the volcano, and two miles from the southern end of the wedge of lava which destroyed Boscoreale. We had a magnificent view of the eruption, eight miles away. The vast mass rising from the mountain was beautifully accentuated by the full moon, shifting momentarily into new forms and drifting south in low, black clouds of ashes and cinders here."

Four Towns Destroyed. With Mr. Bowen I left Pompeii in a car, expecting to strike the edge of the lava. What was my surprise to find no lava at San Giuseppe. Four towns were broken into ruins by lava, cinders, steam, by rain, cinders and ash. These cinders and ash could not be skirted, for they lay everywhere in a mass, which had broken into every nook within the area of thirty miles by ten. From the lava, which was moving several feet a minute, we had no difficulty in escaping. "At Boscoreale the carabinieri have the people before the fiery avalanche, but the timely light houses were no protection against the blizzard of cinders and ash, which was falling from the sky and striking the roofs and strongly built walls all Saturday. The edge east of the village thus destroyed extends ten miles at least, with a width of twenty or thirty miles. Fancy a rich and thickly populated country or vineyards lying under three to six inches of ash and cinders; to the west the volcano in full activity is distributing to the outer edges of the circle the same fate, and you will get an idea of the desolate impression of the scene, a tragedy colossal and heart-rending." (Continued on page 5, sixth column.)

CONVICTED NEW YORK CUSTOMS OFFICIAL TO BE EXTRADITED

Charles C. Browne, Who Fleed to Montreal, Must Return to Serve Two Years' Sentence.

Montreal, April 12--(Special)--Commissioner Choquette here today rendered a decision ordering the extradition of Charles C. Browne, a former New York customs appraiser, who fled to Canada after being sentenced to serve for two years in Sing Sing for defrauding the United States treasury by undervaluing goods imported by certain New York firms. After being sentenced Browne carried this case to the United States Supreme Court but the day before this tribunal confirmed the sentence of the court below. Browne jumped his bail and came to Montreal where he was arrested.

NEW AMERICAN CRUISER PROVES VERY SPEEDY

Boston, April 12--The armored cruiser Washington, a product of the New York Shipbuilding Company, of Camden (N. J.), successfully completed her official speed trial today with a four hour endurance run along the New England coast, during which she maintained an average speed of 22.272 knots an hour. The contract speed of the Washington was twenty-two knots an hour. About a month ago the armored cruiser Tennessee, a sister ship and built on the opposite side of the Delaware river, made an average speed of 22.146 knots an hour over the same course.

Uncle Sam Thanks Canada.

Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--The Canadian state department has received "an expression of the grateful appreciation of the government and people of the United States for the invaluable aid contributed by the government and people of Canada to the success of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition." It is contained in a joint resolution of congress. Hon. Mc Scott, in reply conveying the thanks of Canada for the resolution, says: "The exposition afforded Canadians an agreeable opportunity for comparing the growth and progress in the arts, manufactures and products of the great republic and of this dominion."

ST. LAWRENCE ICE IS WEAKENING

Quebec, April 12--(Special)--The first schooner in bulk from the lower St. Lawrence has arrived and will commence to load with provisions for the lower ports. The ice in the river St. Charles has commenced to float out into the St. Lawrence which is the usual indication that the Lake St. Peter ice will soon commence to melt, though the marine department agents report it firm.

EVERYTHING POINTS TO HARD COAL STRIKE NOW

Miners Make Other Proposals to Operators Which They Intimate They Will Not Accept--No Further Conferences Will Be Held--Mitchell Drops Request for Recognition of the Union.

New York, April 12--At the meeting of the sub-committee of the anthracite mine workers and operators here today the representatives of the employees offered the owners the choice of two propositions in their endeavor to come to an amicable agreement, and the employees made an informal reply in which they intimated that they are not likely to accept either. The operators will make an official answer to the miners' latest proposals by letter, and there will be no further meetings until something develops. While there is still hope that a peaceful solution of the controversy will be found, the meeting today did not bring the contending parties closer together; in fact, they appear to have almost reached the limit of their negotiations. If the operators should decline to entertain either of the propositions submitted by the miners today, it is probable a convention of miners will be called at which the delegates will declare that a strike exists. Briefly stated, the offer made by President Mitchell today was a resumption of miners' original demands with two amendments, and in case they are not accepted, he proposes that the whole controversy be placed before the strike commission. In one of the amendments to the original demands, President Mitchell drops the request for the recognition of the union, and provides that the proposed agreement be made between the operators and the anthracite mine workers instead of the United Mine Workers of America. The other amendment provides that only employees who are willing shall be accepted a certain sum each month to defray the expense of carrying out the proposed check-off agreement instead of union and non-union men being called upon to contribute. If the operators will not accept the original demands as amended, the miners propose that they (the original demands as amended) and the operators' first proposition, which provides for a renewal for three years of the award of the anthracite strike commission, be referred for arbitration to the strike commission. Thus the miners drop their second offer which provides for arbitration by the conciliation board and ignore the operators' second proposition, with the exception of the strike commission feature, which they accept. At headquarters after the meeting, President Mitchell confirmed the interpretation that the first amendment to the original demands eliminates the request for the recognition of his union. Technically Mr. Mitchell and his colleagues are not appearing before the operators as officers of the United Mine Workers of America, but as representatives of the anthracite mine workers. This was also their status before the strike commission in 1902. The general scale committee of the miners held a brief session late in the afternoon and after the adjournment they left for home to await developments and look after the affairs of the organization. It is probable the members of the general committee will address the miners in their local unions, giving them a report of the progress of the negotiations. There will be no call for a convention of the anthracite miners until after the operators make answer to the mine workers, and not then if the reply of the coal companies is favorable. It is said the operators will wait until after next Tuesday, when the international executive board of the mining union meets at Indianapolis before making a reply in order to learn what action the board will take with regard to the proposition made by the bituminous operators of Ohio to arbitrate the matters in dispute, between them and the striking miners in that state.

Divey View of Mt. Vesuvius and Vicinity

Big Boats to Come to St. John if Wharves are Satisfactory. Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--If the wharf accommodation is satisfactory, St. John will get the big boats of the Allan line and C.P.R. The new contract for the division of the mail subsidy between the two companies names St. John as a port of call. The Empress of British, Empress of Ireland, the Virginian and Victorian, are down to call at Halifax and St. John throughout the winter, with the exception of one month in the winter when they are allowed to lay up for repairs.

P. E. ISLAND HAS \$47,000 DEFICIT

Premier Peters Intimates if Increased Subsidy is Not Granted New Taxation Will Be Imposed. Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 12--(Special)--The budget speech of Premier Peters was delivered in the legislature today. He regretted that he had to stand in his place as leader of the house and confess to a deficit of \$47,000, and also that he expected a deficit for the present year. He claimed that the expenses were cut down to the finest point, and the loss was made of the situation, but the expenditure was increasing and the revenue was not growing to meet it. He said education must receive more attention, and demanded an increased expenditure. He hoped to derive a revenue from the oyster fisheries. He had held out year by year in hopes of increased subsidy from the dominion, and he had not given up these hopes, but if that failed, he would have to face the situation and impose new taxation.

PRINCE ARTHUR AMAZED AT PROSPERITY OF THE NORTHWEST

Brandon, Man., April 12--After entertainment at government house, Regina, yesterday, and inspection of the mounted police, with whose drill and expert horsemanship Prince Arthur was highly pleased and interested, the royal party left in the magnificent train furnished by the Canadian Pacific railway, at 7 o'clock this morning, traveling through fertile prairies in Saskatchewan and Manitoba on their return trip to Winnipeg. All along the line farmers are busy seeding extensive areas of prepared ground. The prince and suite were surprised at the evidence of wealth among the farmers, and could scarcely credit the figures when told that last season 10,000,000 bushels of wheat were marketed at a dozen stations along a line over which the train was passing. At Elkhorn, the prince was greeted by a large number of well dressed Indian children from the government Indian school, the school band playing the national anthem. A short stop was made at Brandon at 3 p. m., where he was given a reception most loyal and enthusiastic.

ALFONSO AND ENA TO WED JUNE 1

Madrid, April 12--The marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Ena of Battenberg, has been definitely fixed for June 1. The foreign ambassadors who are to attend the ceremony will arrive here May 26.

GREENE AND GAYNOR DECLARED GUILTY

Will Be Sentenced Today--Punishment Can Be Seventeen Years in Prison and \$575,000 Fine. Savannah, Ga., April 12--Benjamin B. Greene and John F. Gaynor were found guilty in the federal court today of conspiracy against the government. Tomorrow District Attorney Ewin this afternoon received a telegram from Attorney General Moody expressing the congratulations of the president and the attorney general upon the outcome of the case. The maximum sentence is two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$1,000.

BOY'S DAMAGING EVIDENCE IN MONTREAL CHILD MURDER

Declares He Saw Hackett Go Into and Bush With Little Ida Aghern and Come Out Alone. Montreal, April 12--(Special)--The latest item of interest in the Ahern murder case is a somewhat unreliable story that James Hackett, the man against whom the most suspicion rests, said to a policeman who took his breakfast to him this morning that he was drunk on the afternoon of the murder and could not recollect where he had been or what he had done. The inquest was resumed today and again adjourned, the coroner not being satisfied that the case was sufficiently developed for submission to the jury. Several witnesses identified Hackett in a sort of a half-hearted way as the man they had seen with the little girl. A young Swede gave the most direct evidence, positively identifying Hackett as the man he had seen go into the bushes with Ida Ahern, and later come out alone. He had seen him before, was familiar with his appearance and was therefore positive in his statement. The lad's age will, however, likely weigh against his evidence. A statement was submitted detailing Hackett's movements on Tuesday and up to the time of his arrest. The police, however, believe that it will not stand a close investigation.

BILLS TO REFORM LIFE INSURANCE PASSED

Albany, N. Y., April 12--Four more of the bills recommended by the special insurance investigating committee were passed by both houses of the state legislature today and by noon tomorrow will be delivered to Governor Higgins, lacking only legislation to make them law. In addition to these four the assembly, after defeating several proposed amendments, passed the "big bill," generally amending the insurance laws and sent it to the senate for concurrence.

DOMINION TO CONTROL N. W. MOUNTED POLICE

Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--Col. Fred White, comptroller of the Mounted Police, has left for the Northwest to arrange with the provincial governments of Saskatchewan and Alberta to take over the Mounted Police. The police will be under control of the federal authorities, and the cost will be divided between the dominion and provinces.

GREENE AND GAYNOR DECLARED GUILTY

Will Be Sentenced Today--Punishment Can Be Seventeen Years in Prison and \$575,000 Fine. Savannah, Ga., April 12--Benjamin B. Greene and John F. Gaynor were found guilty in the federal court today of conspiracy against the government. Tomorrow District Attorney Ewin this afternoon received a telegram from Attorney General Moody expressing the congratulations of the president and the attorney general upon the outcome of the case. The maximum sentence is two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$1,000.

BOY'S DAMAGING EVIDENCE IN MONTREAL CHILD MURDER

Declares He Saw Hackett Go Into and Bush With Little Ida Aghern and Come Out Alone. Montreal, April 12--(Special)--The latest item of interest in the Ahern murder case is a somewhat unreliable story that James Hackett, the man against whom the most suspicion rests, said to a policeman who took his breakfast to him this morning that he was drunk on the afternoon of the murder and could not recollect where he had been or what he had done. The inquest was resumed today and again adjourned, the coroner not being satisfied that the case was sufficiently developed for submission to the jury. Several witnesses identified Hackett in a sort of a half-hearted way as the man they had seen with the little girl. A young Swede gave the most direct evidence, positively identifying Hackett as the man he had seen go into the bushes with Ida Ahern, and later come out alone. He had seen him before, was familiar with his appearance and was therefore positive in his statement. The lad's age will, however, likely weigh against his evidence. A statement was submitted detailing Hackett's movements on Tuesday and up to the time of his arrest. The police, however, believe that it will not stand a close investigation.

BILLS TO REFORM LIFE INSURANCE PASSED

Albany, N. Y., April 12--Four more of the bills recommended by the special insurance investigating committee were passed by both houses of the state legislature today and by noon tomorrow will be delivered to Governor Higgins, lacking only legislation to make them law. In addition to these four the assembly, after defeating several proposed amendments, passed the "big bill," generally amending the insurance laws and sent it to the senate for concurrence.

DOMINION TO CONTROL N. W. MOUNTED POLICE

Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--Col. Fred White, comptroller of the Mounted Police, has left for the Northwest to arrange with the provincial governments of Saskatchewan and Alberta to take over the Mounted Police. The police will be under control of the federal authorities, and the cost will be divided between the dominion and provinces.

ANOTHER CANADIAN-AMERICAN TRIBUNAL

International Commission to Settle Differences About Fisheries in International Waters--Main Trouble is in Regard to the Great Lakes.

Ottawa, April 12--(Special)--An agreement has been made with the government of the United States for a joint commission to consider the question of fisheries in international boundary waters. There have been a number of differences over the fishery regulations in the waters of Lake Champlain, Lake Erie, and Lake Ontario, and similarly situated bodies of water. The United States recently proposed to submit all of these questions to an international commission. To this Canada has agreed. It is understood the commission will deal chiefly with the dates for the closed season and the manner of taking fish. The commission will be instructed to consider means to prevent the depletion of the international waters of fish.

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

CHATHAM
Chatham, April 9.—H. H. Abbott, fishery overseer, had his suspicions aroused by the large quantity of fish that have recently been shipped from here. He consequently examined a consignment at the station the other day, which proved to be smelt, and promptly seized the lot, which weighed about 1,500 pounds.

SACKVILLE
Sackville, April 10.—The funeral of the late Martin Treuman, of Point de Bute, took place yesterday and was largely attended. Rev. Chas. Fleming conducted the service, assisted by Rev. Dr. Stewart, Rev. Dr. Borden and Rev. Geo. Steel.

ST. MARTINS.
St. Martins, April 9.—Joseph Ridley, William Laine and Edward Foley, who have been working for A. Bentley, left on Sunday for their respective homes at Chatham.

MONCTON.
Moncton, N. B., April 10.—A telegram was received here today by Timothy LeGere, I. C. R. telegraph operator, conveying the sad intelligence that his brother-in-law, Robert Belliveau, formerly of Moncton, had been killed by a train yesterday.

GRAND FALLS.
Grand Falls, April 10.—A large number of ladies and gentlemen drove to Warlock Bros' sugar camp on Sunday, and enjoyed eating that incomparable delicacy—maple candy. Today the sap is running freely.

Ready on the Shelf
That's where you find "Nervine" in every well regulated household. So pleasant to take that even little children don't object to its use; so certain to cure coughs, sudden colds and tight chest that thousands of bottles are used every day.

CHATHAM (Continued)
Ald. Cunningham is offering for reelection. David Miller, of London (Eng.), is expected soon in Moncton, and it is thought that after his arrival the Miller Extract Company will rebuild their factory, which was destroyed by fire last summer.

REXTON.
Rexton, N. B., April 9.—Wheels are running between the ice and Richibucto, however still travel the ice, although it is getting dangerous. A team of horses belonging to J. & T. Jardine broke through the ice at Beattie's Creek, but were rescued. Two schooners at Richibucto are already loaded for Sydney and Summerside.

FREDERICTON.
Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—Letters patent have been issued to the following: James Simon, of Moncton, for a "Builder's Worklocking Company, Ltd.," with a capital stock of \$20,000. The object is to acquire and carry on the business of LeBlanc Bourgeois Woodworking Company of Moncton.

SUSSEX.
Sussex, N. B., April 10.—(Special)—Thomas Bell, of Rockville, met with a serious accident this afternoon near Sussex Corner. He was driving home with a load of heavy feed when his horse took fright and ran away, throwing him out. Mr. Bell fell on his head and shoulders, and one side of his face was terribly bruised and his ear almost torn off.

AMHERST.
Amherst, April 11.—The Royal Bank of Canada have engaged temporary quarters in the News building for use while their new bank building is being built.

HOPEWELL HILL.
Hopewell Hill, April 10.—An admirable lecture, which was listened to with great pleasure, was given by Rev. Dr. Stewart, of the Methodist church here last evening by Dr. Hannah, president of King's College, Windsor. The subject of the excellent discourse was "Jesus and the Eastern Question."

Spring in the City
Spring in the heart of the city! How do I know? Something more than bird-song just told me so. Here where no blossoms can open, No leaf push out, April has sent me a message I cannot doubt.

Fredericton Bricklayers Demand \$3 for Nine-Hour Working Day
SEVERE SNOW STORM
A North Easter Raged Yesterday With Thermometer About Zero—Supreme Court Business—Cross Creek Road Resumes Business With a Baggage Car—Other News of the Capital.

Fredericton, N. B., April 10.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11.—(Special)—The Fredericton Curling Club wound up the season tonight with a grand bowling held in the dining hall of the rink. A large number of the club partook of an excellent dinner afterwards listened to a programme of speeches and songs. The prizes and trophies won during the season were presented and the affair passed off very pleasantly. President Barker made an excellent chairman.

SENT TO THE COCOA FIELDS
Held on Alleged Five-year Contracts in San Thome and Principe Islands.
Thousands of Victims from Portuguese Africa

Henry W. Nevinson writes as follows concerning the slave trade in Portuguese Africa to a London newspaper: "Last year I was starting for my walk of 300 miles across the Guanza River and through the Hungry Country of Africa, south of the Congo State. I had already come up from the West Coast by a roundabout route to the district of Bibe, and there I joined the path which has for centuries been one of the chief trade routes into the interior. It is a track, in most places so narrow that you have to walk a native, putting your feet exactly in front of the other, but it leads in almost a direct line from the sea to Benguela across the Tsumbe valley of Bishulu, over the wet plateau of Bour-Bour across the Guanza, through the Hungry Country, and the high plateau of the Zambesi River down on either side, across the searing Luvuvu hills, past Livingstone's Lake Dilo, through the Katanga, the home of the great Queen, into Congo territory, to the copper ranges of Katanga, and so to the lakes and away to the eastern sea. And this little track, which runs and twists to avoid every tree stump and tuft of grass, has from time immemorial been one of the great slave routes of the world."

At Toronto, in July, 1902, all the boards of trade in the Dominion convened to discuss trade questions. The application of the preferential rebate only to British ports was considered. The debate lasted nearly four hours. Every delegate from Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and many other cities voted for and advocated the principle of the resolution, viz. that goods imported into Canada through foreign ports should not have the same amount of preference as those goods imported through Canadian ports.

At Toronto, in July, 1902, all the boards of trade in the Dominion convened to discuss trade questions. The application of the preferential rebate only to British ports was considered. The debate lasted nearly four hours. Every delegate from Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and many other cities voted for and advocated the principle of the resolution, viz. that goods imported into Canada through foreign ports should not have the same amount of preference as those goods imported through Canadian ports.

At Toronto, in July, 1902, all the boards of trade in the Dominion convened to discuss trade questions. The application of the preferential rebate only to British ports was considered. The debate lasted nearly four hours. Every delegate from Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and many other cities voted for and advocated the principle of the resolution, viz. that goods imported into Canada through foreign ports should not have the same amount of preference as those goods imported through Canadian ports.

At Toronto, in July, 1902, all the boards of trade in the Dominion convened to discuss trade questions. The application of the preferential rebate only to British ports was considered. The debate lasted nearly four hours. Every delegate from Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and many other cities voted for and advocated the principle of the resolution, viz. that goods imported into Canada through foreign ports should not have the same amount of preference as those goods imported through Canadian ports.

At Toronto, in July, 1902, all the boards of trade in the Dominion convened to discuss trade questions. The application of the preferential rebate only to British ports was considered. The debate lasted nearly four hours. Every delegate from Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and many other cities voted for and advocated the principle of the resolution, viz. that goods imported into Canada through foreign ports should not have the same amount of preference as those goods imported through Canadian ports.

TRADE THROUGH CANADIAN PORTS
The 33 1-3 Per Cent. Preference on British Goods Should Only Apply to Those Which Are Unloaded at Canadian Ports.

(W. Frank Hatheway in Toronto World)
On the 14th day of September, 1897, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier addressed a public audience at the opening of the exhibition at St. John, he felt there were two questions on which every government should have a definite policy. One question was that of the tariff or duties on commodities. The other was the problem of transportation, which includes railways, canals and steamship lines. As this latter was a question primarily in the minds of Halifax and St. John citizens, Sir Wilfrid thought it wise at that time to definitely declare his policy. Therefore, in a most emphatic way, he stated to the audience and to the Canadian world that he would not rest content until every pound of Canadian freight was directed to that it would flow through Canadian ports.

That if such rebates in duty were allowed only upon such merchandise directly imported through Canadian ports, a powerful stimulus would be given to the increased direct trade through the ports of Great Britain and Canada.

That if such rebates in duty were allowed only upon such merchandise directly imported through Canadian ports, a powerful stimulus would be given to the increased direct trade through the ports of Great Britain and Canada.

That if such rebates in duty were allowed only upon such merchandise directly imported through Canadian ports, a powerful stimulus would be given to the increased direct trade through the ports of Great Britain and Canada.

That if such rebates in duty were allowed only upon such merchandise directly imported through Canadian ports, a powerful stimulus would be given to the increased direct trade through the ports of Great Britain and Canada.

That if such rebates in duty were allowed only upon such merchandise directly imported through Canadian ports, a powerful stimulus would be given to the increased direct trade through the ports of Great Britain and Canada.

HILL AND C. P. R. IN MERRY WAR
Latter Said to be Extending Their Lines in Great Northern's Territory in Retaliation for Invasion of Canada.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

Winnipeg, April 10.—(Special)—It is C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. While the latter is actively preparing to invade the Canadian territory by a comprehensive route, the former is just as actively extending ramifications of the Soo line through Great Northern territory. It is believed that the C. P. R. has even secured access to St. Louis, and now from Fargo comes the report that the Soo is preparing to extend its lines into that city this summer.

PROTEST IN PARROBRO TOWN ELECTIONS
Dr. Rand Mayor by Acclamation, But May Not Get Seat—Quick Loading of Coal Steamers.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

Parrobro, April 10.—(Special)—The election for mayor and councilors of the town of Parrobro resulted in the return of Dr. P. A. Rand, a former mayor, by acclamation, and the following as councilors: D. K. Holmes, 210; Harry Smith, 173, and William J. Berry, 149. The unsuccessful candidates were Fred. Sterling, 146, and W. H. McCurdy, 191.

How to Cure Cancer Without Knife, Plaster or Pain
Send 6 cents (stamps) and get particulars of this wonderful painless treatment that is used in your own home. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.



THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is published every Wednesday and Saturday at \$1.00 a year. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

Wm. Somerville

Semi-Weekly Telegraph

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 14, 1906

TO BAR THE UNFIT

By a government bill, notice of which has been given at Ottawa, immigrants for Canada will be subjected to a more rigid inspection. The proposed regulations are somewhat similar to those recently adopted in England.

Whenever in Canada an immigrant has committed a crime involving moral turpitude or become an inmate of a jail or hospital or other charitable institution, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the municipality to notify the minister of the interior with full particulars.

It is to be expected that the stream of immigration from Southern Europe will continue to pour into the United States with some degree to a greater extent towards Canada. From some countries come a most undesirable class, people accustomed to settle disputes with knives, having little respect for law and order, used to a code of morality quite different from ours.

For many centuries Vesuvius, by disaster after disaster, fiery and terrifying, has warned of the people within its reach, but once the immediate danger seemed to have passed, the vineyard cottagers, or farmers and the wealthier cottagers, or their successors, moved back into the shadow of the fire cone.

For 2,000 years the occurrences which F. Marion Crawford describes so graphically in the despatches of this morning have been repeated at irregular intervals. A thing to be wondered at is the persistency with which warnings of the most awe-inspiring character have been disregarded.

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

From 1707 until 1800 there was an eruption every ten or twenty years. The people on the slopes were killed, or fleeing, soon returned. The nineteenth century brought similar horrors. Torre del Greco was destroyed for the third time in 1801, but was soon rebuilt. In 1872, during an extensive eruption, a crowd of tourists collected in a valley to watch the crater. Suddenly a new vent opened quite near them and twenty were overtaken by the streams of lava that poured forth.

Nearly a year ago the authorities of Naples warned the population then crowding the slopes of Vesuvius that an overflow was expected. They agreed to leave their homes when a signal was given. It was not given, and they concluded no doubt that the dangerous period of the volcano's life had passed—just as former generations had done, to their undoing.

A solemn contemporary which makes discoveries of a sort from time to time, now announces another find. This time the information that there are some narrow minds in St. John who would like to erect a Chinese wall around Canada.

Certain freight originating in the United States and bound for Europe passes through Canadian ports because the route is shorter and the rate more advantageous. The amount of American freight passing through Canada must increase rapidly because of our advantageous situation with respect both to the Far East and to Europe, and our increasing transportation facilities.

It was not long ago that Canadians ceased to subsidize steamers which used American terminal ports. No one suggested that such cessation was on all fours with building a Chinese wall around Canada, although some men of all-American stamens were doubtless convinced that the men who set off the Portland subsidies were narrow-minded.

Canada's remaining fishery disputes with the United States are to be submitted to an international commission. Canada has consented. The arbitration, it may be hoped, will in no way resemble that by which Moses, Rood, Lodge, Turner and Alverston delimited the Alaska boundary despite the protests of the two Canadian members of the "impartial" tribunal.

Under the caption "Good Councils Can Get Two Years, One Year is Enough for Bad Councils," the Toronto Telegram deals forthrightly with the proposal, now under discussion there, to double the aldermanic term. The Telegram's reasoning is of interest where since St. John is called upon to decide between the short term and the long one. The Telegram says: "Toronto's experience goes to show that a municipality gets more really useful, progressive work out of its aldermen in the two or three months previous to an election than in all the rest of the year put together."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

For two-year terms, and the people will make short work of that clamor when it reaches them in the form of a by-law submitted for their approval. And so also, no doubt, will the people of St. John.

The interesting announcement is made by Brigadier Howell of the Salvation Army that it is proposed to advertise the Maritime Provinces extensively in England for the purpose of inducing desirable settlers to come to this part of Canada.

To identify deserters by means of finger prints is the plan of the United States war department. An order has been issued providing for the taking of prints of the fingers of all men entering the service, in addition to photographs and various measurements. This action was taken on the recommendation of a board which made a thorough investigation of finger prints as a means of identification and decided they are even more useful than photographs and measurements.

The New York Times reproduces in full the younger Pliny's account of the great eruption of Vesuvius in the year 79, as written to his friend Tacitus, and expresses doubt whether the present disaster will be so much less than the one which destroyed the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum, occurred, but that his powers of observation were still reasonable. For all practical purposes it is pretty hard to beat the modern newspaper correspondent on the spot.

Canada's remaining fishery disputes with the United States are to be submitted to an international commission. Canada has consented. The arbitration, it may be hoped, will in no way resemble that by which Moses, Rood, Lodge, Turner and Alverston delimited the Alaska boundary despite the protests of the two Canadian members of the "impartial" tribunal.

Under the caption "Good Councils Can Get Two Years, One Year is Enough for Bad Councils," the Toronto Telegram deals forthrightly with the proposal, now under discussion there, to double the aldermanic term. The Telegram's reasoning is of interest where since St. John is called upon to decide between the short term and the long one. The Telegram says: "Toronto's experience goes to show that a municipality gets more really useful, progressive work out of its aldermen in the two or three months previous to an election than in all the rest of the year put together."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

There is apparently no truth in the rumor that the director of the water department is going to resign and run for the Council, albeit that would be a good way to seek vindication.

To identify deserters by means of finger prints is the plan of the United States war department. An order has been issued providing for the taking of prints of the fingers of all men entering the service, in addition to photographs and various measurements. This action was taken on the recommendation of a board which made a thorough investigation of finger prints as a means of identification and decided they are even more useful than photographs and measurements.

The Salvation Army is now turning its immigrant-bringing powers to the maritime provinces, and plans for advertising New Brunswick and the sister provinces are in mind and will be put in effect in England before long. Already the army has brought some settlers to this province and Nova Scotia, and it is learned that of the 150 people brought out by the Salvation Army transportation department on the steamer Lake Manitoba to St. John last trip, fifty-three were placed in the maritime provinces, while of a party of some fifty to Halifax on the steamer Corinthian, only half a dozen so went west.

The Salvation Army is now turning its immigrant-bringing powers to the maritime provinces, and plans for advertising New Brunswick and the sister provinces are in mind and will be put in effect in England before long. Already the army has brought some settlers to this province and Nova Scotia, and it is learned that of the 150 people brought out by the Salvation Army transportation department on the steamer Lake Manitoba to St. John last trip, fifty-three were placed in the maritime provinces, while of a party of some fifty to Halifax on the steamer Corinthian, only half a dozen so went west.

Canada's remaining fishery disputes with the United States are to be submitted to an international commission. Canada has consented. The arbitration, it may be hoped, will in no way resemble that by which Moses, Rood, Lodge, Turner and Alverston delimited the Alaska boundary despite the protests of the two Canadian members of the "impartial" tribunal.

Under the caption "Good Councils Can Get Two Years, One Year is Enough for Bad Councils," the Toronto Telegram deals forthrightly with the proposal, now under discussion there, to double the aldermanic term. The Telegram's reasoning is of interest where since St. John is called upon to decide between the short term and the long one. The Telegram says: "Toronto's experience goes to show that a municipality gets more really useful, progressive work out of its aldermen in the two or three months previous to an election than in all the rest of the year put together."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

TO BOOM LOWER PROVINCES

Salvation Army to Advertise Maritime Provinces for Settlers

CAMPAIGN ON SOON IN ENGLAND

Organized Placing of Advantages Before Intending Emigrants—Big Success for Ontario, Same Looked for Here—Brigadier Howell Tells of Plans.

The Salvation Army is now turning its immigrant-bringing powers to the maritime provinces, and plans for advertising New Brunswick and the sister provinces are in mind and will be put in effect in England before long. Already the army has brought some settlers to this province and Nova Scotia, and it is learned that of the 150 people brought out by the Salvation Army transportation department on the steamer Lake Manitoba to St. John last trip, fifty-three were placed in the maritime provinces, while of a party of some fifty to Halifax on the steamer Corinthian, only half a dozen so went west.

Canada's remaining fishery disputes with the United States are to be submitted to an international commission. Canada has consented. The arbitration, it may be hoped, will in no way resemble that by which Moses, Rood, Lodge, Turner and Alverston delimited the Alaska boundary despite the protests of the two Canadian members of the "impartial" tribunal.

Under the caption "Good Councils Can Get Two Years, One Year is Enough for Bad Councils," the Toronto Telegram deals forthrightly with the proposal, now under discussion there, to double the aldermanic term. The Telegram's reasoning is of interest where since St. John is called upon to decide between the short term and the long one. The Telegram says: "Toronto's experience goes to show that a municipality gets more really useful, progressive work out of its aldermen in the two or three months previous to an election than in all the rest of the year put together."

There is no very exact record of the number of lives the volcano has blotted out, though it is known the total is an appalling one. The first activity on record is that which is described as thrilling in "The Last Days of Pompeii."

Buy Your EASTER CLOTHING AT THE ANNIVERSARY SALE

Easter Suits for Men, \$3.95 to \$20.00

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings

EXPRESS WAGONS

Police Will Not Act in Crawford Case

Alarm Over Portland's Milk Supply

Don't Mind Me

Note and Comment

MAXIM GORKY AT NEW YORK TALKS ON DESPERATE CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA

Everybody likes to have new clothing for Easter. This anniversary sale gives a great chance to buy Easter outfits for men and boys at a great saving in price.

Easter Suits for Men, \$3.95 to \$20.00

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings

EXPRESS WAGONS

Physicians' Report in Matter of Boy's Death Taken Not to Warrant Arrest.

Portland, Me., April 11.—That the health of residents of Portland is jeopardized by the condition of cattle from which their milk supply is obtained, is the statement made in a communication today from the Portland Board of Health to the state cattle commissioner, asking for the inspection of all cattle from which the Portland supply is received.

When I left St. John two years ago and took charge of the army's transportation work, an office and a desk room in Toronto were enough for myself and assistant. Now the Canadian territory has had to be divided into seven or eight sections, our men are out interviewing farmers for the placing of immigrants, looking after those who come, and keeping in touch with them to see they are well treated.

It looks like a deadlock between the coal miners and the operators.

MAXIM GORKY

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906

St. John, N. B., April 14, 1906



The Missourian

By Eugene P. Lyle, Jr.

Copyright by Doubleday, Page & Co.

CHAPTER XLVII (Continued)

Margia clutched the ivory thing in her bony fingers.
"Maria, Maria de la Luz," he fell to murmuring, gazing upon the cross as though it were her poor crushed face.

CHAPTER XLVIII

Of All News the Most Sorrowful
"O poor and wretched ones!
That, feeble in the mind's eye, lean your trust
Upon unsustained perversions,—Dante,
Her gestures, her every word, were an
effervescence, there was something new
in the bright flashes of her wit.

"Even—Oh, Bertie, fit me, to catch me so because I was wandering—even if I could expect my dear palmy from the Cavalier de Meaurou. There now, do you tell Tobie to drive on—"

"Who is that?" she interrupted.
She pointed over the heads around her to a man bearing someone else's hat in the bloody field, and that moment staggering across the trenches into the Alameda.

But he sang it as a plaint, yet not hopelessly, and Mademoiselle Berthe was the maid entreated of his melody.
The characters on both sides paused as the coach drove into the little sweet-scented wood that was called the Alameda.

But he sang it as a plaint, yet not hopelessly, and Mademoiselle Berthe was the maid entreated of his melody.
The characters on both sides paused as the coach drove into the little sweet-scented wood that was called the Alameda.

But he sang it as a plaint, yet not hopelessly, and Mademoiselle Berthe was the maid entreated of his melody.
The characters on both sides paused as the coach drove into the little sweet-scented wood that was called the Alameda.

But he sang it as a plaint, yet not hopelessly, and Mademoiselle Berthe was the maid entreated of his melody.
The characters on both sides paused as the coach drove into the little sweet-scented wood that was called the Alameda.

But he sang it as a plaint, yet not hopelessly, and Mademoiselle Berthe was the maid entreated of his melody.
The characters on both sides paused as the coach drove into the little sweet-scented wood that was called the Alameda.

dearly stare. Jacqueline watched the
piercing beads grow smaller and smaller in their cavernous sockets, and all the while they seemed to concentrate their intense fire on her.

dearly stare. Jacqueline watched the
piercing beads grow smaller and smaller in their cavernous sockets, and all the while they seemed to concentrate their intense fire on her.

dearly stare. Jacqueline watched the
piercing beads grow smaller and smaller in their cavernous sockets, and all the while they seemed to concentrate their intense fire on her.

dearly stare. Jacqueline watched the
piercing beads grow smaller and smaller in their cavernous sockets, and all the while they seemed to concentrate their intense fire on her.

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

though she was still flushed, "I have
forwarded his offer to Napoleon."
"Your, mademoiselle?" You an accessory?

BLOOD IMPURITIES

Three Things Cause Them.—One Thing Cures Them.

OTAWA, ONTARIO.
To Union Fruit-a-tives.
It gives me much pleasure to certify that I have entirely cured me of a disagreeable disease.



At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price—
50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50.

CARNEGIE'S SCALE OF PENSIONS FOR COLLEGE PROFESSORS

New York, April 10.—The trustees of the Carnegie foundation, who are charged with administering \$10,000,000 of the gifts made by Andrew Carnegie to provide pensions for professors and teachers of institutions of higher learning in the United States and Canada, met here yesterday to consider a scale of pensions practically as outlined in the federal charter of the foundation which was formally adopted at the meeting.
The income from the fund will be about \$900,000 a year and there are on file now two hundred applications from professors. It is expected that the system will be in actual operation by June. The conference also defined what a college is, fixing the definition of the state degree as the basis, and described the requirements as to non-sectarianism.
No list of the institutions that will come under the pension scale has yet been adopted by the trustees make the following provisions:
Any person sixty-five years of age and not less than ten years in service as a professor who is at the time of his retirement a professor in an accepted institution, and whose retirement shall be granted an allowance as follows:
For active pay of \$1,000 or less an allowance of \$100 shall be granted, providing the retiree has not received more than 90 per cent of active pay.
For active pay greater than \$1,000 the retiring allowance shall equal the sum of \$80 for each \$100 of active pay in excess of \$1,000.
After twenty-five years' service, regardless of age, the retiring allowance shall be fixed as follows:
For active pay of \$1,000 or less, a retiring allowance of \$80 shall be granted, providing that no retiring allowance shall exceed 80 per cent of active pay.
For active pay greater than \$1,000 the retiring allowance shall equal the sum of \$80 for each \$100 of active pay in excess of \$1,000.
No retiring allowance shall exceed \$2,000.
No person under the age of thirty-five years, or who has served less than twenty-five years, shall be entitled to a retiring allowance.
No pension shall be granted until the retiree has become incapable of discharging his duties by permanent infirmity of mind or body, an allowance not exceeding that which he would be entitled to had he reached the age of sixty-five.
The pension may be granted to a professor, or to a college administrator, or to a person who has served as a professor in an institution that will be allowed to come under the rules is described as follows:
An institution to be ranked as a college must have at least six professors giving their entire time to college and university work, a course of four full years in the liberal arts and sciences, and should require for admission not less than four years of academic or high school preparation or its equivalent in addition to the prescribed or special studies.
A technical school to be eligible must have entrance requirements equivalent to those of a college in point of school preparation, and must offer courses in pure and applied science.
Secularism is described as follows:
No school whose charter, constitution or by-laws require teachers, students or trustees to be of a certain religious body, or where strictly denominational tenets or doctrines are taught, shall be deemed secular.
The applications of the various institutions to be included on the eligible list will be considered by the executive committee.

Indigestion

Stomach trouble is a really a sickness.
Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a really a medicine that enables you to walk and talk and act like the automatic stomach nerves over which your mind has no control.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Dr. Shoop's Restorative Tablets—give full three weeks' treatment. Each bottle—40c.—where—have equal merit. URGENTLY ADVISED.

Bone Spavin
No matter how old the lambs,
No matter how new the lambs,
Fleming's Vest-Pocket Veterinary Adviser

Boone gladly offered to take them for



FIFTY THOUSAND HOMELESS AND LOSS \$20,000,000 IN VESUVIUS DISASTER; RAIN OF ASHES ABATES



The Destroyed Observatory

Fighting the Fiery Lava Flow on the Railway and Building Partially Destroyed

Naples, April 11.—Reports of the destruction of two towns, Sarno and Genaro, the former having a population of more than 8,000, have happily proved to be without foundation. At Sarno, 5,000 persons from nearby villages and farms have found refuge. Ottajano, where many lives were lost on Monday, is now practically buried.

Ugolino, the stationer, says that the actual condition of affairs in that part of the stricken district nearest the volcano. The train and railway tracks are deep under sand and ashes, the roads are obliterated, and even the fishermen who ply their calling on the Bay of Naples are afraid to venture out on the water anywhere in the vicinity of Vesuvius.

All these conditions make it difficult to give an intelligent estimate of the loss of property. One estimate is that \$20,000,000 damage has been done, and that 50,000 persons have been rendered homeless. Everywhere in Naples, Castellane and other towns are being flooded with refugees who but a few days ago were prosperous and living under the shadow of that perpetual menace, the volcano of Vesuvius.

It has been decided to give up the salmon pond in Carleton for a site on the eastern side of Courtney Bay where Little River empties into it. The works, however, will be only of a temporary nature until it is seen whether or not the place is suitable. The reasons given for moving the pond are the sewage and also the millpond may be needed for the dyke.

Advertisement for '2 in 1' Shoe Polish, featuring an illustration of a woman and text describing the product's benefits.

respectively southwest and south of Vesuvius, both being situated on the Gulf of Naples. Torre Dell'Annunziata has 23,000 inhabitants.

It has been decided to give up the salmon pond in Carleton for a site on the eastern side of Courtney Bay where Little River empties into it.

It has been decided to give up the salmon pond in Carleton for a site on the eastern side of Courtney Bay where Little River empties into it.

LOCAL M. P. P.'S SUBSCRIBED \$138

James Barnes, M. P. P., Sends Check to Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives.

The very wide and generous interest felt in the work of the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives is in evidence this week in a letter received by Sir Wm. H. Meredith, Kt., vice-president of the National Sanitarium Association, from James Barnes, M. P. P., of Brantford (N. B.), enclosing a check for \$138.

LOCAL NEWS

F. W. Carleton, of Woodville (Me.), says that sheep raising is not a dead industry in that state, and to show his faith in his words he has just bought 300 sheep in Chicago, which he proposes to make the nucleus of a big flock.

Capt. Joseph Smith, of the wrecked schooner W. E. & W. L. Tuoh has not yet arrived home, and to show his faith in his words he has just bought 300 sheep in Chicago, which he proposes to make the nucleus of a big flock.

Beverly Schofield, of Fairville, left Wednesday for Edmonton. Mr. Schofield returned last fall from South Africa, where he had been on constant duty for several years, and is planning to enter the ranks of the Northwest Mounted Police in the prairie country. C. Campbell, of the city accompanied him.

It has been decided to give up the salmon pond in Carleton for a site on the eastern side of Courtney Bay where Little River empties into it.

Annle, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Samuel McLaughlin, of the L. R. employ, has successfully passed through an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. McLaughlin's daughter now seems settled in the general public hospital.

CHATHAM NEWS

Lady School Teachers to Get Increase in Salary—See Still Solid in River—Other Matters.

Chatham, April 11.—At a meeting of St. Andrew's church congregation held Tuesday evening the trustees were authorized to increase the salary of the school teachers for the coming year to \$4,000.

It was thought that the coming season was over but on Tuesday the ice was found to be over and the boats were allowed to start.

The following was the result: Rev. Mr. MacLachlan, 4; James Miller, James McLaughlin, R. A. Snowball, Howard Kennedy, 4 1/2.

At a meeting of the school trustees last evening it was decided to increase the salaries of all the lady teachers who have been employed two years or longer on the town staff.

Three large gas buoys for use at the mouth of the river were ordered by the government wharf. Two of them will be placed and the third kept to be used when either of the others is being re-charged.

Inspector Dixon went to Sackville today and will not resume examining the schools until the 15th inst.

Three large gas buoys for use at the mouth of the river were ordered by the government wharf.

Inspector Dixon went to Sackville today and will not resume examining the schools until the 15th inst.

Three large gas buoys for use at the mouth of the river were ordered by the government wharf.

Inspector Dixon went to Sackville today and will not resume examining the schools until the 15th inst.

Advertisement for 'Moosehead Brand' shoes, featuring an illustration of a shoe and text describing its quality and availability.

OBITUARY

Mrs. P. L. Connellan. Mrs. P. L. Connellan, a native of the city, died in Rome March 18. Deceased was twice married. She lost her first husband, Mr. Fitzpatrick, who was young, and afterwards married Mr. Connellan, a newspaper correspondent in Rome.

R. E. Stephenson. A Marquette, Wisconsin letter of April 9 says: "Robert E. Stephenson, a relative of I. Stephenson, of Marquette, and one of the veteran lumbermen of the Menominee river region, died Friday evening at Ontonagon after a brief illness. Mr. Stephenson came to Marquette about forty years ago and had been engaged actively in logging and lumbering since that time.

John C. Allen. The death of John C. Allen, of Douglas Harbor, Grand Bay, occurred on March 1. He was aged sixty-seven years. Deceased was one of the best known steamboat men on the St. John river. He leaves his wife, one daughter and one son to mourn his loss.

Jacob D. Titus. Jacob D. Titus, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Upland village, died at his home there Wednesday, aged seventy years. He had been stricken for nearly two years. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Gunter, and one son, Harry, a merchant in Upland. The deceased was for many years a prominent lumberman and merchant. He was also one of the promoters of the Hampton & St. Martin's railway. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. M. J. Doney. A large circle of friends were greatly shocked Thursday by the sudden death of Mrs. M. J. Doney, of 37 Metcalfe street, who fell a victim to typhoid fever. Mrs. Doney had but recently recovered from confinement and was stricken with the fever. Her husband, who is an employe of Murray & Gregory, is left with two children, one about three years and the other a mere infant. The late Mrs. Doney was only 25 years of age. She was a daughter of Elisha Perry of Thornhill, Queens county.

Andrew Turner. Andrew Turner died Tuesday at his home, 170 Adelaide street, aged seventy-five years. Mr. Turner was born in Kings county, but was brought to the city by his parents when but two years old and lived in North End ever since. He was a shipwright by trade, and one of the links with the past when wooden shipbuilding was at its height here. Mr. Turner took contracts for plank and shingles and did a lot of work for the late David Lynch.

David Kincaid. David Kincaid died Sunday at the residence of his father in Adelaide street, aged twenty-six years. Deceased had been sick for years with consumption. Besides his father and mother, three brothers and three sisters survive.

Miss Elizabeth M. Carew. Elizabeth M. Carew, a native of Halifax, was killed in New York last Saturday. She was knocked down by a horse while getting off a street car. Miss Carew had been living in New York several years. She was a trained nurse. Deceased leaves two brothers in Halifax, also a sister, Miss Ellen, who conducts a private school, and Mother Carew, of the Sacred Heart Convent, Detroit, formerly in the convent in St. John.

Chas. J. Cooper. Charles J. Cooper, who within recent years conducted business in the city market, died on the 11th inst. at his home in South Clones, Queens county. He had been ill for about a week with pneumonia. Deceased was well known about the market, and enjoyed general good will. He was unmarried, and was aged fifty-one years. A sister is Mrs. Johnston Donald, of Queens county, and surviving brothers

TERROR OF SPRING IS SICKNESS

What Are You Doing to Protect Your Weak Body Against Spring Fevers?

A delay gives the germs and weakness a better chance to take hold. Don't wait, think of your small resisting powers, and begin building up today!

For weakness, overwork and debility the doctors prescribe Ferrozene; let it help you now.

Vitality and power are instilled into the blood; this means new strength for all weak organs.

The fire of youth will dance in your veins, and new found energy will increase your desire to work.

Ferrozene supplies the nourishment and tissue-building material your system lacks. Let this be a reason why.

From Colburner, Ont., Mrs. Jno. Oran writes as follows: "For a number of years I was sickly in the springtime. I felt tired, nervous and had headaches. My blood was weak and damp days brought on rheumatism. My nervous system was unstrung and I felt utterly worn out. Ferrozene revived me in a short time. In two days my appetite increased and I could feel a building up process going on. This great tonic made a new person of me and I don't think a more strengthening medicine for the spring can be found."

Wouldn't it be just time to get back your old-time spirits and vigor? Easily done with "Ferrozene," commence today. Sold by all dealers, 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50. By mail from N. C. Polson Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

DIED IN BOSTON

Writer Asks That Fairville Relatives Be Notified.

"After being roughly handled in a lodging house in Elliot street by a pugnacious transient, Phineas McMorley, a known country over among the roving as 'The Professor,' because of his intelligence and extensive knowledge, died shortly before daybreak yesterday, in his room."

"Medical Examiner Macdonald, after viewing the body, decided that the age and the heart were responsible for his death rather than the fight in which he was involved a few hours before."

"When a young man, McMorley left his home in St. John (N. B.) for a tour of the States, and spent a small fortune that had been left him. The fortune gone, he continued his traveling on a less pretentious scale."

The foregoing, clipped from a Boston paper, was received by Chief of Police Clark last night from Samuel Clark, of 32 Oak street, Boston, with the request that it be forwarded to Fairville, where the letter stated the mother and sister of deceased resided. There is no "McMorley" in the directory, but a name closely resembling it.

Mrs. Sharpe—"I am going to meet my husband in town today to select a carpet for my drawing room."

Mrs. Quince—"Can you do me a favor? Well, if I don't like it afterwards, I can say it was his fault."

"The wind being steadily off shore the sea is quite calm, and the noses from the volcano reach us very distinctly. During the most terrible hours on Saturday and Sunday we heard a continuous roar like that from a battle of artillery, and even now peaks of thunder roll across the bay from time to time not a cloud by electricity, but by the discharge of masses of molten material from the cone."

A Vast Desert. Naples, April 11.—The whole of the Vesuvius district as far as Naples, Caserta and Castellane are one vast Sahara desert. It is tonight from all sides that the call of ash is not so heavy as it has been for the last few days, and that the ash is much finer, and from this it is argued that the prospects are much brighter. The blockade of local traffic continues, but there is no risk in my opinion, as the ash is much thicker in my opinion, than it was on Saturday and Sunday. The arrival of King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena has done much to restore calm. They have been received with great joy which turned into delirium whenever the sovereigns left a hospital after a visit to the wounded there. One poor woman exclaimed: "I would consent to be wounded for the sake of being kissed by the queen." Others cannot find words in which to express their gratitude that both the royal princes (Cappelloni) and San Fernando have been given up to refugees.

Think Worst is Over. The opinion is expressed that the volcano has spent itself. All the papers tonight recommended that the public be calmed, pointing out the improved condition of affairs. The papers also editorialized Director

Advertisement for Steele, Briggs' Seeds, featuring an illustration of seed bags and text describing the company's products and services.