

ST. JOHN'S TELEGRAPH

VOL. 21.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 21, 1898.

NO. 49.

PROGRAMME FOR EXHIBITION SEASON AT FRASERS.

THE LEADING FEATURE IS OUR GREAT EXHIBITION CLOTHING SALE.

Prices have been cut down so low that every person who sees our clothing can scarcely believe their own eyes. We take this means of introducing ourselves and our clothing to people who have been unable to call on us before, and may think it to their advantage to become our customers in future.

SPECIAL CUT PRICES DURING THE SALE

- Men's Fine English Worsteds Suits, Regular \$18, now only \$10.
- Men's English Campbell Serge Suits \$15, now only \$9.
- Men's Tweed Suits, \$8, \$10, \$12 now only \$5, \$6, \$8.
- Men's Blue Serge Suits, \$5, \$7.50, \$10, now only \$3, \$4.50, \$6.

MEN'S PANTS and YOUTH'S SUITS, cut in prices so low that some would like to imitate us.

MEN'S OVERCOATS and ULSTERS are in the thickest of the battle now, and have been cut and slashed till they haven't got a whole piece left in the lot. Come in and see them.

FRASER, FRASER & CO.,

CHEAPSIDE, 40 and 42 KING ST.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

EXHIBITION TICKETS FOR SALE HERE.

Queer Economy

It is to be continually rebuilding fences when you can buy the "Star" 13 bar woven wire fencing, 4 feet high, for 60 cts. a rod. When once put up it will last a lifetime.

Wire Fence Manufacturing Co.,

A. J. Machum, Manager.

Water Street, St. John, N. B.

ANDOVER.

Dr. A. A. Stockton and J. D. Hazen Address a Large Meeting.

The Decision of the Moncton Convention Unanimously Endorsed by Last Night's Meeting.

ANDOVER, Sept. 19.—Beveridge's hall was filled to the very doors here tonight to hear Dr. A. A. Stockton, leader of the opposition, and J. Douglas Hazen. Throughout the evening uninterrupted attention was given the speakers.

In an adjoining room the delegates from the different parishes met in convention. The delegates present were Henry Fraser, Jas. Burgess, Jr., Frank McCormack from Grand Falls; Edward Abildgaard from Drummond; J. W. Tapley, Lorne; J. C. Brown, A. W. Turner, J. B. Stephenson of Gordon; C. H. Elliott, D. W. Pickett and A. J. Ferley of Andover, and Albert Bryner, Benj. Kilburn, W. B. Cox. The first business the convention did after electing Benjamin Kilburn as chairman was to pass the following resolution unanimously:

"Resolved, That this convention heartily approves the decision of the Moncton convention to run local and dominion politics on the same lines; and further resolved, That the Victoria county Liberal Conservative association now adopt the resolutions passed at said convention relating thereto."

The selection of candidates was next taken up, and T. J. Carter and J. Fletcher Tweeddale were practically unanimously elected the liberal conservative ticket for the county, there being only one vote for a third party. Dr. Stockton in addressing the public meeting carried the audience with him throughout. He dealt particularly with public works and finances, and showed by extracts from the government blue book that his statements were well founded. He told how in a great majority of cases the public

money was spent without calling for tenders for the work and given to pets of the administration.

J. Douglas Hazen followed Dr. Stockton and held the attention of the meeting for an hour and a half. He showed how the liberals in federal politics had broken their promises in every way. They were to have swept away every vestige of protection in the session of 1897; they had raised the duty on tobacco, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier had thrown away the grand opportunity he had in jubilee year of getting preferential trade with Great Britain, but he did not ask us to condemn the local government because of the faults of the government of Canada. Mr. Blair promised when elected to reduce the government members from seven to five; instead he had increased the number to eight. We should elect our representatives on party lines, so that they could not walk over to the other side of the house at the first opportunity. Mr. Blair was practically defeated in 1890, but by the Northumberland deal secured a majority of the men who had been pledged to their constituents to oppose the government. Mr. Hazen showed how in building our bridges we paid in some cases fully 100 per cent over the real costs. He showed also how the province was taking piece by piece the income of the municipalities. Last year, Mr. Dibbles of Carleton county was practically read out of the party because he objected to some of the unjust things the government did. In closing, Mr. Hazen hoped the county would act together under the Moncton resolutions, and as Mr. Emmerson would not run the election as a liberal, he could see no reason why liberals who disliked this method of the present government could not help us to oust it from power. The meeting reluctantly broke up at the close of Mr. Hazen's speech at half-past ten, with the liberal conservatives of this county in a position to confidently await the issuing of the election writ.

BIG LONDON FIRE.
LONDON, Sept. 19.—McDonnell's flour mill and other warehouses in Mill Wall dock have been destroyed by fire. The damage is estimated at £75,000.

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

Post Office Department Circular Regarding Newspaper Postage.

The Postmaster General Talks With the Sun as to Reduction of Letter Rate.

Death of Robert Hamilton, the Quebec Millionaire—A Noted Criminal Captured.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The increased tax on spirits of 20 cents per gallon additional, and on tobacco of ten cents per pound of raw leaf brought up the excise for 1898 to over \$800,000, the highest figure it has reached in any single month.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The increased tax on spirits of 20 cents per gallon additional, and on tobacco of ten cents per pound of raw leaf brought up the excise for 1898 to over \$800,000, the highest figure it has reached in any single month.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

OTTAWA, Sept. 19.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

is not believed that the Laurentia has sustained serious damage.

Report here that Smead Cox, editor of the London Tablet, and Charles Russell, are here on behalf of the Vatican to urge some concessions from Laurier regarding the Manitoba school matter.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The Allan line steamship Laurentia, which ran aground in the ship canal near Pointe Aux Troubles, has not yet been taken out. The passengers are still aboard and seem to enjoy the novelty. The cargo is being rapidly transferred to lighters, and it is expected she will be floated again at daylight.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—Sir Charles Tupper returned to the city today from his tour in the maritime provinces and will remain here over tomorrow, after which he goes to the capital for a few days. He will return in time to take the Allan line steamship California for England on Thursday.

QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—The Montreal electric power company has been taken over by the Quebec, Montreal and Charlevoix railway, which also owns the electric street railway.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The Grand Trunk railway has taken out an action in warranty for \$15,000 against the South Shore railway. The action arises out of an action of Mrs. August Bourdon against both companies for their accounts for damages caused her by the death of her husband, who was killed in a collision at St. Lambert in January last.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The department of marine and fisheries has received full returns from the British Columbia pack. The total number put up is 408,085, as against 1,015,477 last year.

The prohibitionists of Ottawa had a successful meeting tonight. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. Fisher and Foster. The minister of agriculture announced that the Dominion Elections act would apply to the vote of the 29th September. He argued strongly in favor of prohibition, and concluded by saying that if the people would prohibit they should vote for the prohibitionist. Mr. Fisher emphasized Mr. Fisher's closing remarks, which he took to be an indication of what the government would do. "The temperance people are not asked for a plebiscite, but as the challenge had been thrown out to them they must take it up. If their majorities were less than before, then it would be said that the prohibition cause was waning. A substantial majority in prohibition would enable them to say to the government, what do you propose to do now with a prohibitory law in existence and vigorously opposed to now with a prohibitory law in existence and vigorously enforced. The men engaged in an industry now unproductive would turn to a productive labor. The government would have to raise the taxation which he wiped out, and if the present means of raising it were not sufficient, he could find then a minister who would face the question." (Laughter and applause.)

SABINIA, Sept. 18.—George L. Proctor has secured the contract for the new Grand Trunk round house at this point. The house will be of 300 feet in length and will be built of brick on a pile foundation, and will cost, exclusive of turn-table and other fittings, in the neighborhood of \$60,000.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The minister of trade and commerce has received reports to the trade department that Quebestand will send fifteen thousand tons of sugar to Canada this year. A special steamer will be put on to carry this cargo. Canadian cottons, furniture, and other goods are being sent to Australia, although manufacturers fall to follow up their opportunity.

Hon. Mr. Sifton has been trying to get rid of Lalouch Tupper, superintendent of the Manitoba fish hatchery on the ground of political partisanship. The matter has been pending for some time, as Lord Aberdeen wants evidence on which Mr. Sifton recommends the officers' dismissal.

The secretary of state said today: "There can be no question that no honest man would be given a plebiscite day, under penalty of fine or imprisonment. Further, by 7th and succeeding sections of dominion elections act, it is provided that returning officers and deputy returning officers are vested with full powers of justices of the peace to attend to the enforcement of the law. The sixth section of the plebiscite act, enacts that the dominion elections act shall apply to the conduct of all proceedings in submitting the question to the electors."

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—R. C. Clute, the Crow's Nest Pass commissioner, held his final sitting yesterday, when the Canadian Pacific put in its argument through James Clark, the company's solicitor, and C. C. McCall of Calgary. The chief point submitted was the individual responsibility in the part of the medical men employed by the company for the deaths of the two young Nova Scotians, Fraser and McDonald. The counsel held that the company in this case, as in all other cases of construction, was not responsible for the medical service and had nothing to do with the administration of that service after engaging the doctors to take charge. The doctors employed were men of recognized ability. The company could not be responsible for their actions or the action of any party employed by the contractors or sub-contractors who took these patients in charge without medical in-

structions and conveyed them a long journey in the depth of winter without proper provision.

The work of issuing checks for British Columbia seals was completed yesterday. About ten checks altogether were sent forward. These cover about \$85,000, which is reserved for hunters whose correct names have not yet reached the department.

The militia department is about to publish an illustrated history of the different Canadian corps.

The dominion revenue for August shows an increase of \$26,000, the expenditure was increased \$20,000.

Sir Charles Tupper arrived here yesterday. He leaves for England on Tuesday.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—Owing to the indisposition of the Right Reverend Bishop Kingston of Fredericton, he was not able to preach in the church of St. James the Apostle this Sunday evening, as was expected.

QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—The Quebec Morning Chronicle has been sold to a syndicate for the sum of ten thousand dollars. It is reported that Mr. Wallis of Toronto is to be made general manager, and Trevor Foot, son of the late editor and who is financially independent, is to hold a responsible position in the Canadian office. Mr. Chambers will remain chief editor, and the politics of the paper will be conservative.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The following notice has been sent out by the board of trade in the name of the board of trade memorial to the Canadian commissioners at the Quebec conference, notice is hereby given that the council will consider at its meeting on the 21st inst., with a view to their incorporation in the first question of reciprocal arrangements between Canada and the United States that may be submitted in writing by a majority of the members of any business association not represented by one of the branch associations of the board.

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The post office department has sent a circular to all newspapers in Canada, notifying them of the re-imposition of the postage on newspapers. A quarter of a cent per pound from the first of January, and half a cent from first of July. The act does not apply to weeklies sent to within twenty miles of the office or within a circular area of forty miles in diameter.

Hon. Mr. Sifton and Chief Whip Sutherland returned today. Judge Dugas arrived today and saw the minister of justice to receive instructions as to his new duties in the Yukon.

Lord Aberdeen opened the Central Canada fair this afternoon.

E. G. Wood, former state engineer of the Transvaal returned from Dawson, where he is satisfied of the existence of quartz deposits of a paying quality in the Yukon.

The postmaster general was asked by your correspondent today what his intentions were with regard to the proposed reduction of the domestic letter rate in Canada from three to two cents. Mr. Mulock replied: "It is my aim to reduce the domestic letter rate to two cents at the earliest possible moment consistent with the interests of the taxpayer in Canada. Any deficit in the working of the department each year must come out of the general taxation, and therefore I do not desire to increase that burden more than is absolutely necessary. During the adoption of many changes in the department are coming into effect, one of which, namely, the adoption of the imperial penny post, it is contended by some will reduce our revenue materially. My judgment is, however, that this will determine which view is correct. I shall only refer to the public to test the effect of the reduction to two cents on letters to the mother country before going into the larger scheme of reducing the domestic rate."

Does the penny post come into force on Christmas day, or the day after? your correspondent asked. The minister replied: "The penny post rate will go into effect at the first moment of December 25th. All letters for England posted on that day will go at the penny rate."

Did you intend to issue a special two-cent stamp for this class of postage? "I suggested this course at the London conference, but there were difficulties in the way of its being adopted. Accordingly, nothing has been determined. It appears to me preferable that the imperial government should adopt a leading design for an imperial penny stamp which each country might incorporate into its own two-cent stamp issue. Pending a decision on that point, however, it would be premature for Canada to decide upon a special stamp of her own."

The estimated loss in revenue to Canada by the adoption of the imperial penny rate is \$50,000. The reduction in the domestic rate would involve a deficit of \$50,000 per annum.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The appointment of E. G. Coker, E. A. E. C. M. E. M. E., as assistant professor of civil engineering in McGill University. The new professor, who will shortly arrive in Montreal to assume his new duties, has had an exceptionally brilliant scholastic career.

QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—Robert Hamilton, the well known millionaire of Quebec, died here at his residence at 10 a. m. today. He was stricken with paralysis some time ago and never again recovered, his death being somewhat sudden. The deceased was one of the most charitable men of his time, an ever generous friend to Bishop's college, Lennoxville. He was a brother of the Right Rev. Charles Hamilton, lord bishop of Ottawa, and father of John Hamilton of this city.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—About five years ago the officers of the British North America Guarantees company of

this city were called upon to direct a hunt for a young man named A. P. Crofton, a Nova Scotian, who was guaranteed in the company, and who was accused of forging a draft on the Bank of Montreal agency in Chicago. He was arrested in Houston, Texas, and brought back by the company. Young Crofton is again in trouble. According to the Klondyke country authorities, Crofton had one J. J. Jellet passed bogus drafts on Chicago, Montreal and Winnipeg to the amount of \$12,500. Jellet was sentenced to five years' imprisonment, and Crofton was caught in Texas and brought back to Chicago for trial. Owing to his youth he was given an indeterminate term in the Pontiac reformatory. Having served one year Crofton managed to obtain his release. After leaving Pontiac, the police say, Crofton is representing himself as the western agent of a Boston, Massachusetts company, managed to obtain \$1,500 from the First National bank of Chicago. He is then said to have gone to Egan, Alaska, where he struck it rich and was on his way out to spend the winter when arrested.

QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—Mr. Commetant, the governor of Anticosti, who is now in town, has been interviewed in regard to the stories told of the persecutions of settlers on Anticosti on religious grounds. "Nothing has astonished me more than these rumors," said Mr. Commetant. "There is nothing in it but a simple question of property. Mr. Menier bought the entire island and has perfectly clear deeds and it confides that the laws of Canada will protect him in his acquired rights. It is extremely unjust to accuse us of persecuting anybody for their religion. We have at English Bay, our principal establishment, two English Protestant families, whom we are happy to have and who are quite contented to be with us. But we cannot permit ten or twelve families at Fox Bay to make trees at will with our property, no matter what their religion may be."

QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—The first "at home" of the season held here by the Countess of Aberdeen, that of Saturday afternoon last, was a very enjoyable affair. Her excellency received her guests on the private terrace of the vice-regal quarters just outside the ball room and overlooking the St. Lawrence. She was accompanied by Lady Marjory Gordon and by Lady and the Misses Thompson.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The heaviest hail storm within the memory of the oldest inhabitants passed over the city yesterday afternoon, and today every glazier in the city is as busy as a bee repairing the damage.

WOODSTOCK.

Hon. A. G. Blair and Premier Emmerson Address a Public Meeting.

WOODSTOCK, Sept. 12.—Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways, and Hon. E. R. Emmerson, premier of the province, addressed a large meeting in the Opera house this evening. The hall was prettily decorated with flags and bunting, the British and American flags being entwined on the platform. A beautiful bouquet of flowers stood on a table in front of the platform. People were present from all sections of the country. The chairman was John B. Harper, and on the platform, among other names, were C. H. Gallagher, Geo. L. Boyer, Samuel Watts and Coun. Bell.

Mr. Emmerson, who first addressed the audience, was given a hearty reception. He said that it was perhaps unnecessary that this meeting was to be taken up with dominion issues, particularly when the gentleman who is to follow him is associated with the party now dominant at Ottawa. You have been aware that we are not discussing dominion politics in provincial affairs, but under the circumstances we must act on these affairs tonight. He said there was an attempt being made to make liberals forget what was nearly accomplished and only to remember things of less importance. He had always been a liberal in dominion politics, while holding in local affairs that we should not be forever bound by the political views at Ottawa.

Hon. Mr. Blair began his speech by a fervent defence of the late minister and some time denounced Alex. MacKenzie, who was acknowledged afterwards to be a straightforward man. He defended public men as being generally honest, or else they would not receive the support of the public. He congratulated Carleton county on its long adherence to the liberal cause. He contended that the national policy had worked into the very bone and marrow of public life and had injured it. The liberal party will remove these thorns of protection and will come to the policy of free trade as soon as possible. It could only be worked out gradually, which would even be better than the perpetuation of the rank heresy of protection.

THE LABOR CONGRESS.

Tax on the Chinese—Will Assist the Letter Carriers in Getting More Pay.

WINNIPEG, Man., Sept. 18.—This morning's session of the Dominion Labor congress was devoted mainly to a discussion upon the restrictions of Chinese immigration into Canada. Some delegates favored total exclusion, but the majority thought that a tax of \$500 per head would meet the present exigencies.

Congress took up the case of the letter carriers and decided to assist them in getting more pay and shorter hours.

PRIZE

are hard soap.
ity that
s a hardness.
rdness that
s well.
nts a cake.

governor of Maine and most cordial welcome
of New Brunswick,
re recognized their
flag of England,
ized and respected the
es. (Great applause.)
ield, in introducing the
ine, heartily welcomed
aff. Governor Power,
State of Maine; Gen.
highest military officer
Gen. Hamilton, who
the vice president's
me of Lincoln's pres-
son, the governor's
and Hon. A. W. Spald-
great satisfaction for
commingling of the
es. (Applause.)
er, who was received
plause, thanked the
Brunswick for their
to him. Yet they were
met of his life had
lin two miles from
undary line. He con-
fidential upon the suc-
which was inaugu-
the working man.
whether they lived in
or on the vast conti-
a believed in the
people," whom Lin-
ord must have loved
de most of them.
eace would soon bless
paralyzed the busi-
of the people, by using
ine for these purposes.
of the United States
er, not for conquest or
r the rights of man.
st now is waging in
ar for a similar pur-
sionized the demands
ine are taken up by
n-trodden millions of
liberal governments
nelves enjoy. (Ap-
e war has cemented
unte the great Anglo-
believed that it would
rime for these people
eir disputes to arms?
on race, language and
alone of races had
ht to self-government.
er of freer government
the people of Canada
is the need. Liberty
The flag of England
erty for all; every
has the fruits of his
prise with no one to
e of the nation.
what had been done
perhaps in the twen-
blessings would com-
to a limited num-
people must get ac-
together. He did
annexation of Canada
States, but he had
ards annexing the
of Canada. (Cheers
and the present cen-
change had come over
of the United States.
400,000 lives and four
the slaves had been
d now wherever the
se flow no shadow is
e. (Cheers.) All honor
be given to England,
of lives and far less
the slaves under the
erited States was hon-
sued. Canada had
She had girdled her-
of steel rails and
elated distance, and
t. Between 1847 and
e added to her wealth
and a half million,
Canada had done pro-
ved. Let the two na-
e together. Let
ead of affairs remove
to the freest of con-
fidence that pros-
perity would return
to that they would no
bloody and ashes at
Cow, 4 years and up (2 exhibits)—
D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and 2nd.
Cow, 3 years (2 exhibits)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and 2nd.
Cow, 2 years (1 exhibit)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st.
Herd (1 exhibit)—D. Ferguson, 1st.
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.
Class 51—Field Grains.
Wheat, white, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—
H. F. Hayes, Sussex, 1st; G. N. Babbitt, Fredericton, 2nd; David Currie, Tobique river, 3rd.
Wheat, red, 1 bushel (9 exhibits)—
J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Wheat, two rowed, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Barley, six rowed, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; Father Michael, Buctouche, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Rye, 1 bushel (6 exhibits)—Fred C. McDonald, Central Cambridge, 1st; George McAlpine, Lower Gasquetown, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Gasquetown, 3rd.
Oats, white, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Oats, black, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; David Currie, Tobique river, 2nd; F. L. Richard, St. Louis, 3rd.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel grey (16 exhibits)—W. N. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; G. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 3rd.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel yellow (15 exhibits)—Father Michael, Buctouche, 1st; F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 3rd.
Peas, marrowfat, 1 bushel white (6 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; M. F. Berryman, Pugwash, N. S., 2nd; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 3rd.
Peas, marrowfat, 1 bushel black eye (4 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd.
Peas, field, 1 bushel any other kind (10 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st; W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; A. C. Fairweather, St. John, 3rd.
Beans, small field, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Beans, large field, 1 bushel (3 exhibits)—S. L. Peters, Queenston, 1st; S. S. Taylor, Waite's Cove, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Corn, Indian, on the ear, yellow (4 exhibits)—W. F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Collection of grain in the straw, not less than six varieties (16 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st; David Currie, Tobique river, 2nd; Father Michael, Buctouche, 3rd.
Class 52—Small Field Seed.
Timothy seed (9 exhibits)—D. L. McAlpine, Central Cambridge, Queens, N. B., 1st; Jas. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, N. B., 2nd; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, Albert Co., N. B., 3rd.
Class 53.
Potatoes, Early Ohio, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—Wm. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Potatoes, Early Rose (25 exhibits)—W. W. Black, Amherst, 1st; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 2nd; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 3rd.
Potatoes, Clark's No. 1, 1 bushel (1 exhibit)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st.
Potatoes, Beauty of Hebron, 1 bushel (12 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; O. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Potatoes, Snowflake 1 bushel (17 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; LeB. Jordan, Simons, St. John, and W. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Potatoes, Silver Dollar, 1 bushel (9 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; T. J. Jordan, Ben Lomond, 1st; LeB. Jordan, Simons, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Potatoes, Copper, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; O. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd.
Potatoes, Markee, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; Wm. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; LeB. Jordan, Simons, 3rd.
Potatoes, Black Kidney, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; E. B. Johnston, Loch Lomond, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Potatoes, White Star, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique River, 1st.
Potatoes, Burpee's Extra Early (10 exhibits)—O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 1st; J. H. Cosman, Kingston, 2nd; S. L. Peters, Queenston, 3rd.
Potatoes, Delavan, 1 bushel (6 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Potatoes, Puritan, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—J. W. Cosman, Kingston, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Potatoes, Early Noddy, 1 bushel (1 exhibit)—W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 1st.
Potatoes, Carman, No. 1, 1 bushel (3 exhibits)—N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
Potatoes, any other sort (18 exhibits)—J. W. Cosman, Kingston, 1st.
Best assortment of potatoes (not less than 10 lbs. of each—At least five varieties must be shown) may be the same as exhibited in other sections (16 exhibits)—O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 1st.
Swede turnips, 1 bushel (27 exhibits)—C. H. Dickson, Hampton, 1st; T. Clark, St. John, 2nd; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 3rd.
Turnips, any other sort (12 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Grey's Mills, 1st; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Carrots, 1 bushel (17 exhibits)—LeB. Jordan, Simons, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Carrots, white, 1 bushel (19 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; W. N. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Mangel Wurtzel, red, 1 bushel (18 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; J. R. Semple, Brule, N. S., 1st; O. Hayes, Sussex, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Mangel Wurtzel, Golden Tankard, 1 bushel (8 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; Arch. Harrison, Maugerville, 3rd.
Beet sugar, 1 bushel (18 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; Arch. Harrison, Maugerville, 2nd; Weldon Purdy, Upper James, 3rd.
Pumpkins, 2 yellow (18 exhibits)—Randall Bros., Sheffield, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; C. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
Best collection of field roots, 3 of each kind, potatoes excluded (18 exhibits)—Randall Bros., Sheffield, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
COUNTY COMPETITIONS.
Prizes Offered by the Province of New Brunswick.
Class 54 to 63.
1.—Best 2 bushels of wheat grown in any county and exhibited by grower, 1st, \$7; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$3; 4th, \$2; 5th, \$1.
Restigouche (2 exhibits)—James E. Stewart, Dalhousie, 1st; Norman C. Stewart, Dalhousie, 2nd.
Gloucester (2 exhibits)—T. Edwin Carter, Dalhousie, 1st; Horace Hornbrook, New Brunswick, 2nd.
Northumberland (5 exhibits)—G. E.

ally dominate the world. (Great applause.)
Three cheers were given for Gov. McClellan.

The party were then taken on a tour through the different buildings, trying to win in the highest terms of the nature of the exhibits and the tastefulness with which they are displayed.

BEWARE OF PICKPOCKETS.
Professional light-fingered gentry have been getting in their work the past two days, in spite of the presence of Detective Skiffington and Chief Clarke's secret service men.

Friday afternoon Driver John Stewart of the Intercolonial railway had his pocket picked of a wallet containing \$44 while watching the high diver jump from the pole in front of the grand stand.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

The executive of the Provincial Farmers and Dairymen's Association met in agricultural hall Friday morning. There were present Hon. C. H. Laybille, H. Montgomery Campbell, W. H. Hubbert, J. M. Ryan, G. B. E. O'Leary, E. H. Turnbull, R. C. Williams, G. Mowat, W. J. Webb, H. B. Hall and F. C. Powys. A programme for the annual meeting was arranged and it was decided to engage Dr. Geo. B. Twichell of Maine and Dr. Robertson of the Maritime Experimental Farm to discuss the judging of thoroughbred cattle. Among the topics for consideration at the annual meeting are the production of pork for packing purposes, the business side of horse raising, dairy farm instruction, sheep raising, and the profits of co-operative versus private dairying. It was decided that an evening session be devoted to the advancement of agriculture.

H. HORTON & SON.

On the first floor of the annex H. Horton & Son have an exhibit of their goods, which is really a work of art, consisting of furnishings and saddlery hardware. Numerous designs are shown upon the colored backgrounds made from the furnishings on hand. The firm's sign, on red background, in highly polished nickel buckles is an exceedingly tasty piece of work. The signs advertising the goods which the company has in brass and nickel, are also handsome. Along the front are two show cases with handsome polished goods. The sides of the booth are hung with heavy blankets and rugs, while in the centre a well designed horse wears one of the firm's horse blankets with becoming pride. In one corner there is a rack upon which are placed all kinds of harness dressing, metal polishers and horse liniments. The lights, properly shaded, are hung advantageously from the top of the booth, and are so arranged as to throw a soft and pleasing light over the exhibit. Among the goods which the firm displays are an exceptionally attractive feature. This collar is an improvement upon the old style pneumatic collar, as it is furnished with a steel rim and new and improved valves. The collar is made so as to do away with any metal stitching, so making a more perfectly fitting collar, which will not chafe or sore the horse. The firm has one of the finest exhibits of horse blankets of their own manufacture that can be seen anywhere, as well as lap rugs in all styles, suitable for everyone. One of the show cases contains a glittering display of bits, 24 styles in all, from the ordinary to the most severe, some being new designs specially constructed for unruly horses. Horse boots of all kinds for the ankle, shin and knee are shown. The firm keeps in stock a full line of bells and mountings. Among other celebrated goods Horton & Son handle the well known Elemen's Embrocation "good for man and beast." Whips, brushes, halters and pads are shown in profusion. As is known, the firm make a specialty of saddlery, and have on exhibition several handsome specimens of ladies' and gentlemen's saddles. It will pay visitors to see this exhibit.

PRIZE LIST.

CATTLE, BEEF BREEDS.

Class 13—Galloways.
(J. C. Small, Judge.)
Bull, over 3 years (1 entry)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st.
Bull calf, under 6 months (2 exhibits)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and 2nd.
Bull of any age (1 entry)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and diploma.
Cow, 4 years and up (2 exhibits)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and 2nd.
Cow, 3 years (2 exhibits)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st and 2nd.
Cow, 2 years (1 exhibit)—D. Ferguson, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1st.
Herd (1 exhibit)—D. Ferguson, 1st.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Class 51—Field Grains.
Wheat, white, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—
H. F. Hayes, Sussex, 1st; G. N. Babbitt, Fredericton, 2nd; David Currie, Tobique river, 3rd.
Wheat, red, 1 bushel (9 exhibits)—
J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Wheat, two rowed, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Barley, six rowed, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; Father Michael, Buctouche, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Rye, 1 bushel (6 exhibits)—Fred C. McDonald, Central Cambridge, 1st; George McAlpine, Lower Gasquetown, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Gasquetown, 3rd.
Oats, white, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Oats, black, 1 bushel (16 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; David Currie, Tobique river, 2nd; F. L. Richard, St. Louis, 3rd.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel grey (16 exhibits)—W. N. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; G. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 3rd.
Buckwheat, 1 bushel yellow (15 exhibits)—Father Michael, Buctouche, 1st; F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 2nd; J. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 3rd.
Peas, marrowfat, 1 bushel white (6 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; M. F. Berryman, Pugwash, N. S., 2nd; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 3rd.
Peas, marrowfat, 1 bushel black eye (4 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd.
Peas, field, 1 bushel any other kind (10 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st; W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; A. C. Fairweather, St. John, 3rd.
Beans, small field, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Beans, large field, 1 bushel (3 exhibits)—S. L. Peters, Queenston, 1st; S. S. Taylor, Waite's Cove, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Corn, Indian, on the ear, yellow (4 exhibits)—W. F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; W. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Collection of grain in the straw, not less than six varieties (16 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st; David Currie, Tobique river, 2nd; Father Michael, Buctouche, 3rd.
Class 52—Small Field Seed.
Timothy seed (9 exhibits)—D. L. McAlpine, Central Cambridge, Queens, N. B., 1st; Jas. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, N. B., 2nd; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, Albert Co., N. B., 3rd.
Class 53.
Potatoes, Early Ohio, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—Wm. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Potatoes, Early Rose (25 exhibits)—W. W. Black, Amherst, 1st; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 2nd; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 3rd.
Potatoes, Clark's No. 1, 1 bushel (1 exhibit)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st.
Potatoes, Beauty of Hebron, 1 bushel (12 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; O. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 3rd.
Potatoes, Snowflake 1 bushel (17 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; LeB. Jordan, Simons, St. John, and W. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Potatoes, Silver Dollar, 1 bushel (9 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; T. J. Jordan, Ben Lomond, 1st; LeB. Jordan, Simons, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Potatoes, Copper, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; O. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd.
Potatoes, Markee, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; Wm. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; LeB. Jordan, Simons, 3rd.
Potatoes, Black Kidney, 1 bushel (11 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; E. B. Johnston, Loch Lomond, 2nd; Donald Innes, Tobique river, 3rd.
Potatoes, White Star, 1 bushel (4 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique River, 1st.
Potatoes, Burpee's Extra Early (10 exhibits)—O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 1st; J. H. Cosman, Kingston, 2nd; S. L. Peters, Queenston, 3rd.
Potatoes, Delavan, 1 bushel (6 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Golden Grove, 1st; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Potatoes, Puritan, 1 bushel (7 exhibits)—J. W. Cosman, Kingston, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Potatoes, Early Noddy, 1 bushel (1 exhibit)—W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 1st.
Potatoes, Carman, No. 1, 1 bushel (3 exhibits)—N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
Potatoes, any other sort (18 exhibits)—J. W. Cosman, Kingston, 1st.
Best assortment of potatoes (not less than 10 lbs. of each—At least five varieties must be shown) may be the same as exhibited in other sections (16 exhibits)—O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 1st.
Swede turnips, 1 bushel (27 exhibits)—C. H. Dickson, Hampton, 1st; T. Clark, St. John, 2nd; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 3rd.
Turnips, any other sort (12 exhibits)—W. A. Wetmore, Grey's Mills, 1st; E. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 2nd; T. A. V. McFate, Golden Grove, 3rd.
Carrots, 1 bushel (17 exhibits)—LeB. Jordan, Simons, 1st; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Carrots, white, 1 bushel (19 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; W. N. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 2nd; N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 3rd.
Mangel Wurtzel, red, 1 bushel (18 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; J. R. Semple, Brule, N. S., 1st; O. Hayes, Sussex, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd.
Mangel Wurtzel, Golden Tankard, 1 bushel (8 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton, 2nd; Arch. Harrison, Maugerville, 3rd.
Beet sugar, 1 bushel (18 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st; Arch. Harrison, Maugerville, 2nd; Weldon Purdy, Upper James, 3rd.
Pumpkins, 2 yellow (18 exhibits)—Randall Bros., Sheffield, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; C. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
Best collection of field roots, 3 of each kind, potatoes excluded (18 exhibits)—Randall Bros., Sheffield, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd; W. W. Stockton, Sussex, 3rd.
COUNTY COMPETITIONS.
Prizes Offered by the Province of New Brunswick.
Class 54 to 63.
1.—Best 2 bushels of wheat grown in any county and exhibited by grower, 1st, \$7; 2nd, \$5; 3rd, \$3; 4th, \$2; 5th, \$1.
Restigouche (2 exhibits)—James E. Stewart, Dalhousie, 1st; Norman C. Stewart, Dalhousie, 2nd.
Gloucester (2 exhibits)—T. Edwin Carter, Dalhousie, 1st; Horace Hornbrook, New Brunswick, 2nd.
Northumberland (5 exhibits)—G. E.

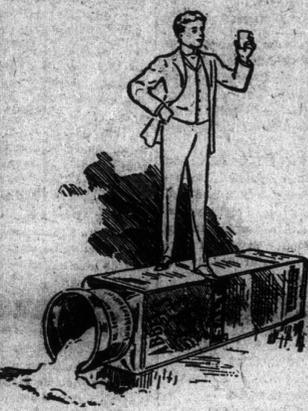
The Foundation of Health...

PREVENTS DISEASE.

The Canada Lancet says: "This preparation deserves every good word which is being said of it. There is no doubt but that the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt will be a great preventive and aid in warding off attacks of disease."

Bear in mind always that a teaspoonful of Abbey's Effervescent Salt, taken every morning before breakfast, will keep you in excellent health and spirits, and will fit you to battle with the worries of the day. There is absolutely no reactionary or depressing after-effect from its use.

The Canadian Pharmaceutical Journal says: "We have tried Abbey's Effervescent Salt and find it an excellent compound. A morning draught of this stimulating preparation will send a man to his daily occupation invigorated and ready for any task."



PURE AND WHOLESOME.

The Dominion Official Analyst's Statement: "This compound contains saline bases which form 'Fruit Salts' when water is added—and is then a very delightful aperient beverage, highly palatable and effective. Abbey's Effervescent Salt contains no ingredient of an injurious or unwholesome character." Signed, JOHN BAKER EDWARDS, Ph.D., D.C.L., F.C.S., Emeritus Professor of Chemistry, University of Bishop's College, and Dominion Official Analyst, Montreal.

PROLONGS LIFE.

J. A. S. Brunelle, M.D., C.M., Montreal, Professor of Surgery, Laval University Medical Faculty; Surgeon to the Hotel Dieu, etc., says: "I have found Abbey's Effervescent Salt particularly beneficial in the treatment of derangements of the liver and of the digestive organs, and consider that the regular use of a preparation of this nature has a decided tendency to prolong life. I am using it in my hospital practice."

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AT 60 CENTS A LARGE BOTTLE. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CENTS.

Fishes, Chatham, 1st: Geo. P. Searle, Chatham, 2nd; M. Tanguay, Arsenault, Rogersville, 3rd; M. F. Richard, Rogersville, 4th.

Kent (2 entries)—Father, Michael, Buctouche, 1st.
Westmorland (3 entries)—D. D. LeGore, Fox Creek, 1st.
Albert (2 exhibits)—F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 1st; John M. Colpitts, Mapleton, 2nd.
Kings (9 exhibits)—H. T. Hayes, Sussex, 1st; Oran Hayes, Sussex, 2nd; W. Shampier, Kingston, 3rd; C. E. Hazen, Sussex, 4th; B. A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 5th.
St. John—not filled.
Charlotte—not filled.
Queens (5 exhibits)—James H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 1st; Fred C. McDonald, Central Cambridge, 2nd; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 3rd; Sunbury (2 exhibits)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st.
York (2 exhibits)—G. N. Babbitt, Fredericton, 1st; C. N. Goodspeed, Fennville, 2nd.
Westmorland (1 exhibit)—D. D. LeGore, 1st.
Victoria (3 exhibits)—Donald Innes, Tobique, 1st; David Currie, Tobique River, 2nd; Judson C. Menzer, Carleton Place, 3rd.
Madawaska (1 exhibit)—Elvi Sovey, St. Basel, 1st.

Grains.
2.—Best collection of grains, one bushel of each grown in any county and exhibited by the grower, must include at least 4 of the following kinds: Wheat, barley, rye, oats, buckwheat, peas, beans and corn. Hand-picked grain not eligible for competition, 1st, \$7; 2nd, \$4; 3rd, \$2.
Kent (1 entry)—Fr. Michael, Buctouche, 1st.
Albert (2 exhibits)—F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 1st; W. A. Colpitts, Mapleton, Elgin, 2nd.
Kings (2 exhibits)—Boyd A. Wetmore, Bloomfield, 1st; O. A. Wetmore, do, 2nd.
Queens (2 exhibits)—F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 1st; Jas. H. McAlpine, Lower Cambridge, 2nd.
Sunbury (1 exhibit)—W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 1st.
York (1 entry)—H. C. Burpee, Gibsons, 1st.
Victoria (2 exhibits)—David Currie, Tobique river, 1st; Donald Innes, do, 2nd.

Fruit.
3.—Best collection of fruits, in which there must be at least 4 varieties of apples grown in any county, and exhibited by grower, 1st, \$5; 2nd, \$3; 3rd, \$2; 4th, \$1.
Restigouche Co. (2 entries)—Jas. E. Stewart, Dalhousie, 4th; Norman C. Stewart, do, 5th.
Northumberland (1 entry)—M. F. Richard, Rogersville, 1st.
Westmorland (1 exhibit)—Geo. M. Welling, Shediac Cape, 1st.
Albert (4 exhibits)—W. A. Colpitts, Mapleton, 1st; John A. Colpitts, 2nd; F. C. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, 3rd; Leonard Colpitts, Elgin, 4th.
Kings (1 exhibit)—N. A. Sterritt, Grey's Mills, 1st.
Queens (4 exhibits)—S. L. Peters, Queenston, 1st; Geo. MacAlpine, Lower Gasquetown, 2nd; G. W. Fox, do, 3rd; F. J. Purdy, Upper James, 4th.
Sunbury (2 exhibits)—Randall Bros., Sheffield, 1st; W. M. Thurrott, Maugerville, 2nd.
Victoria (1 entry)—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st.

PROVINCIAL SWEETSTAKES.

Best two bushels of wheat (not hand-picked, grown in New Brunswick) 1st, \$5; 2nd, \$3; 3rd, \$2.
There were 23 entries—Donald Innes, Tobique river, 1st; H. T. Hayes, Sussex, 2nd; George E. Fisher, Chatham, 3rd.

LAWTON SAW WORKS CO. (LTD.)

This firm has on exhibition in the main building a large sample display of their saws. The exhibit is tastefully placed against a black background, and is arranged in artistic design. The display consists of inverted tooth rotary and solid tooth rotary saws, inverted tooth and solid edge, cutting off, tree and gang saws, cross-cut, etc. meat and buck-saws, as well as conch saw groovers. The inserted tooth saws are improvements upon

the old variety. They have a spring that holds the bit in place, an advantage that any user will readily appreciate. The cutting of saw has a slot at the bottom of the tooth that makes it much easier to file as well as preventing the saw from cracking, a very common complaint in this kind of saw. The company also show a splendid gang saw, which is similar to those in use by E. D. Davidson Co. Limited, Bridgetown, N. S. These saws are 5 inches wide and 13 gauge. The firm's saws are used extensively and with the utmost satisfaction by the largest mill owners, viz.: Gibson, Snowball, Richards, Davidson and others.

Last week was a banner one in the history of St. John exhibitions, not only in the matter of attendance but in what is equally important, the satisfaction it imparted to all patrons. Thousands of visitors from all sections of the country have carried home with them the most flattering reports, and this week an even larger attendance is therefore confidently expected by the management. With continued fine weather and a liberal patronage on the part of the residents of St. John, the financial success of the exhibition is assured.

On Saturday the total admissions reached the magnificent total of 7,724 or \$48 more than the figures of the best day in 1897. The comparative statement of attendance for the first five days of the present and preceding exhibitions is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Admissions.
1898: First 1,207, Second 1,382, Third 1,473, Fourth 1,580, Fifth 1,724. Total 22,377.
1897: First 1,207, Second 1,382, Third 1,473, Fourth 1,580, Fifth 1,724. Total 20,463.

DR. TWICHELL'S OPINION.

A Sun reporter had the pleasure on Saturday of interviewing Dr. G. M. Twichell, editor of the Maine Farmer, and one of the best agricultural authorities in the New England States. Responding to the scribe's questions the doctor said: "For the past eleven years it has been my good fortune to mingle with the men of your province who make your exhibitions—the producers and manufacturers on the farms. In 1887 I first met at Woodstock your representative men, gathered to examine the importation of horses and other stock made by Provincial Secretary McLellan. These years have witnessed a marked transformation in the variety, quality and extent of farm operations in the east, and the province of New Brunswick has been keeping pace with the rest in the rapid march. The energy, ability and progressive conservatism manifested by your agricultural workers and especially the intensely practical work done by Prof. Robertson and his representatives, supplemented by the Provincial Farmers' association, the secretary of agriculture, the travelling dairy and your agricultural publications have insured what otherwise would not have been possible—a dairy exhibit not surpassed at any of the fairs held in September in all the east, if not the continent. It is the richest tribute possible to the foresight and wisdom, as well as organizing ability of the friends of agriculture in New Brunswick and the lower provinces. Even more might be said of the exhibit of agricultural products and fruits, not equalled east of New York at least—an exhibition of which every son of the province should be proud. The exhibition of grain alone, especially of home grown wheat, is well worth a journey to your fair city. In the poultry building I have found one thousand birds, representing chiefly the breeds of greatest value to your farmers, an exhibit not to be excelled in quality at any State fair, and hardly at the great winter exhibitions. When I recall the fact that only a few years have passed since public attention has been directed to this great industry, the magnitude and excellence of this exhibit surprises me. In nearly every class may be found birds of great in-

dividual merit, types of the most advanced lines of breeding today. No industry offers such substantial returns to him who appreciates its requirements, and none is better adapted to the individual farmer. It is a pleasure to note that the chief efforts of your specialists are directed along the lines of greatest service to all your people. If the horse department has been neglected by those who might make it strong, the friends of the dairy, beef cow, sheep and horse, have been mindful of their best interests, and outside of the grand showing of manufactured implements and products, the exhibition of 1898 is one of great merit. If it may be accepted as indicative of the drift in this province, then surely you are on the edge of an awakening which will bring comfort and blessing to your farms and wealth to all your people. There can be no question but a most decided impetus has been given the great departments of agriculture of great value to the producers, and such an exhibition as this is an object lesson to the visitor not to be forgotten.

"Permit me," said Dr. Twichell, in conclusion, "to join in hearty congratulations over what has been accomplished and the promise of better days to come."

THE POULTRY SHOW.

Breeds can be maintained only by virtually observing arbitrary rules relating to form, size and color of feather, comb or face. The man who breeds to perpetuate must know and appreciate these things. They may seem trivial and useless, like the finches of the Houdan or the clean smelt, white in the face of the Black Spanish, but they form a part of the whole and cannot be ignored. If poultry or eggs are the sole desire of the breeder, then the grade becomes equally as valuable as the pure blood, provided it produces an equal weight of meat. But if this single thought favored the sole conception with every breeder and grower, breeds would soon disappear and a conglomerate mass of birds be the result. For these reasons there is demanded a sharp and clear conception of the merits of individual breeds as well as birds, and the showing must be made the educator of the fanciers. The poultry show is the one spot where breeders can gather to compare birds and be aided in fixing more clearly the ideas of perfection. Generally speaking the display of birds in the poultry building, while not as large in some departments as in previous years, is one that will repay a visit by all who take an interest in this industry. The new building fits a long felt want, as now all the coups can be placed as to afford visitors the best of facilities for inspection, while the ventilation is all that could be desired. W. A. Jack, the efficient superintendent, has his hands full looking after the feathered tenants and answering the questions of more or less curious visitors. The building was crowded all day long, affording pretty good evidence that people think more about poultry than is generally supposed.

The general display of the exterior is good, and some birds are superior to their predecessors in recent showings. There is a particularly strong showing of barred Plymouth Rocks, but the display is not as large as last year. The quantity of White Rocks is moderate, but it contains some good specimens. The Wyandottes is not a heavy class this time, while the Eschmanns are fair, there being some good light hens and some good dark ones. There are some very fair buff and partridge Cochins, and the Langshans are above the ordinary as a class. Of Leghorns really good samples are shown in browns, and the display of whites, while small, is made of fine birds. The Black Minorcas comprise several superior entries, and the Spanish a few fair ones. The display of Polish fowl is small, but the Hamburgs are strengthened in quality by the entries of Mr. Chas. Houdeau is small.

There is a much larger showing of game birds than has been seen in this

city since 1883, while the Bantams generally constitute a nice, attractive exhibit. The pens of poultry are worthy of mention and inspection, representing as they do about all the leading varieties.

The ducks are good, and if the reporter knows anything about the bronze turkeys are for the most part superior birds. The Pekin ducks are quite strong in number and what is a good sign, the names of several new exhibitors appear on some of the coops. A small display of Rouen and Muscovy ducks look quite nice. In geese, Toulouse and Embden are fairly represented. The pigeons are good ones, and the canaries, Guinea fowl and parakeets add variety to the general collection. The exhibitors are: Jack Dixon, Carleton-Plymouth rock chickens. W. A. Shaw, city—Plymouth rocks. Webb & Carnall, city—Babbitts, different varieties. W. E. Fry, city—Collection of rabbits. Walter H. Scott, city—Large assortment black breasted red game. E. C. Campbell, Carleton—Black Plymouth rock, partridge Cochins, silver Polish, and Muscovy ducks. D. E. Willet, city—Collection rabbits. John H. Reid, Fredericton—White Plymouth rocks, a c. brown Leghorns, Pekin ducks, Guinea fowls, rabbits and Belgian hares. B. Crouton, Silver Falls—Light Brahmas. W. A. Shaw, city—Cala, Ma.—Black Plymouth rock, white Wyand

ADVERTISING RATES. \$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 21, 1898. (From Daily Sun, September 17.) PENNY POSTAGE AND OTHER POSTAGE.

The Toronto Board of Trade gave Postmaster General Mulock an address and a reception the other day because of his share in establishing the two-cent imperial postage rate.

It was suggested to Mr. Mulock by the people who gave him the reception that since letters could be carried from all parts of Canada to the ends of the earth for two cents it would be reasonable to provide that letters should be carried from one part of Canada to another at the same rate.

According to Mr. Mulock's interpretation, the people of Canada are quite willing to pay three cents to send a letter to the nearest village, but are anxious for a two-cent rate on the letters which they send to South Africa.

The Toronto orators said, it all made for a greater interchange of letters with our fellow subjects in other colonies. This point is well taken. Thus the poor widow, who has not money enough to post a letter to her son five miles away in the next school district, may possibly escape together a sufficient sum to mail a letter to her other son in Bulawayo or Singapore, or Hong Kong, enclosing a message to be forwarded by return mail to the boy near home.

The imperial penny postage goes into effect at Christmas. One week later newspaper postage abolished sixteen years ago by Sir John A. Macdonald's government will be restored. Mr. Mulock has explained that he will get money enough out of the newspaper tax to make up what is lost by the reduction in the rate on letters to Great Britain and the colonies. It is not very easy to see where the reduction of tax comes in.

But Mr. Mulock has had his reception and will be knighted. THE UNPOLLED VOTE. The prohibition campaign is now within less than two weeks of the end. It is hardly necessary to say that the interest is not so deep and general as it would be in a political campaign so near its close.

At this stage in a political campaign public meetings would be held on both sides each evening in every constituency. In each ward and parish committees meetings would be held nightly in the interest of each party. The ward and parish workers would have copies of the voters' lists with the names marked "for," "against," or "doubtful." A personal canvass would be in progress, and the candidates would be spending the daylight hours calling upon the electors at their homes and places of business.

This is what the licensed victuallers asked of Sir Wilfrid Laurier when they waited on him by deputation last year. Whatever may be the intention of the government it is certain that the man who does not vote will be represented by the opponents of prohibition as unfriendly to prohibitory legislation. It will be said that those who wanted prohibition would have voted for it, and that those who did not vote for it did not want it. The obvious lesson is that those who desire a prohibitory law should say so.

THE FIELDING SURPLUS.

Mr. Fielding declares a surplus of \$1,575,881, and the country is asked to believe that he has accomplished something remarkable. It is pointed out that Mr. Foster had deficits in his last three years as head of the finance department.

The truth is that Mr. Foster had more surpluses than deficits. He became finance minister in 1888, and had charge of the department eight years. In five years he had a surplus and in three years a deficit. The total surpluses exceeded the total deficits by some four millions.

In 1889, with a total revenue of \$33,782,870, Mr. Foster had a surplus of \$1,865,035. In 1890, with a revenue of \$33,879,925, he had a surplus of \$3,885,893.

In 1891, with a revenue of \$38,579,310, he had a surplus of \$3,235,742. In 1892, after the repeal of the sugar duties, Mr. Foster had a revenue of \$36,821,371 and a surplus of \$155,977.

In 1893 the revenue was \$38,168,608, and the surplus \$1,364,656. Then comes the period of widespread depression, and the revenue fell off in 1894 to \$36,374,852. The deficit was \$1,210,332.

In 1895, the revenue was only \$33,078,129, and the deficit was \$4,153,876. In 1896, the last year of Mr. Foster's financial management, the revenue was \$36,618,590, and the deficit was reduced to \$330,551.

In 1897, the first year of Mr. Fielding's control, the revenue increased to \$37,829,771. Yet the deficit also grew to \$219,981.

In the fiscal year just closed, the revenue climbed to no less than \$40,275,704, and Mr. Fielding has a surplus of \$1,575,881.

The revenue last year was a million and a half larger than that of 1898 and the surplus was less. It was larger by half a million than the revenue of 1899, and the surplus was over two millions. It was one and three-quarters millions more than the revenue of 1891, and the surplus is three-quarters of a million less.

But these balances take no account of capital expenditure. These charges are not included in the statement of expenditure. During Mr. Foster's eight years his largest expenditure on capital account was \$4,439,938. In the year 1890 there is a larger charge, but that was a transfer of the Montreal harbor loan account. During the last parliament the capital expenditures were as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year and Amount. 1892: \$2,164,456; 1893: \$3,083,217; 1894: \$3,862,967; 1895: \$3,930,490; 1896: \$3,731,311; 1897: \$3,523,160; 1898: \$5,642,358.

(From Daily Sun, Sept. 17.) DOUBLE PRICE FOR BRIDGES. A startling statement was made on Thursday evening at Fredericton Junction by Mr. J. D. Hazen. He declared that the chief commissioner of works had given out without tender the contracts for the superstructure of permanent bridges. Mr. Hazen further affirmed that the government had paid double prices for these superstructures, as other contractors would have done the work at half the price paid. The effect of this charge will be understood when it is understood that for one bridge alone, paid for in 1897, the cost of the superstructure was \$15,350. We refer to the Leveque bridge in Westmorland county. If Mr. Hazen's statement is correct, Mr. Emmerson could have procured this superstructure for less than \$8,000. It was shown in the public accounts committee last year that the government was paying double prices for certain supplies. If it should be found that large contracts, amounting in the aggregate to hundreds of thousands, have been given out on the same terms, it will then be understood why the government spends so much and the people get so little for it. Mr. Emmerson will probably be heard from in regard to this matter. He certainly ought to be.

So far as the subject has been investigated it is impossible to make the murderer of the Empress of Austria pay for his crime with his life. The death penalty is not imposed by law in the particular canton of Switzerland where the murder was committed, and there is no ground for extradition from the state where the murder took place. The press correspondents from Geneva console the public outside by explaining that the solitary life imprisonment provided for murderers in Switzerland "is vastly worse than death." The only expert authority on this subject would be a man who has tried both, and such evidence is not yet at hand.

THE DREYFUS CASE AGAIN.

Events in the history of the Dreyfus case follow each other so rapidly that it is hardly safe to base a conclusion on the last recorded occurrence. The account of the alleged confession of Major Esterhazy reads like a fable, but many things in connection with this affair have had that aspect and yet are true. There has from the first been a notable absence of the judicial spirit in the French courts, civil and military, which have had this case in hand. The same thing may be said of the government, and for that matter of the people. Dreyfus may be guilty, but it is how an established fact that the military court which convicted him was not a court at all in any true sense of the word. The fact that one of the officers who sat as judges forged a document in order to sustain and vindicate the judgment, does not prove that Dreyfus was innocent, but it certainly proves that he was not tried before an honest tribunal. There is a grim sort of humor in the story of Henry's interview with the minister to whom he confessed his forgery. The minister asked him to say on his word of honor as a soldier whether he did not forge the paper. Henry declared that when the question was put that way he could not lie. He would confess that he wrote the paper. What must one think of the boasted honor of a soldier who would be base enough to concoct a false evidence in order to convict a brother soldier of treason and to condemn him in disgrace? If Colonel Henry was acting under orders of his superiors, as the supposed confession of Esterhazy would lead one to suppose, the French army has great reason to be ashamed of some of its commanders. The conduct of the generals in the Zola trial was perhaps consistent with their good faith in the Dreyfus case, but it was not consistent with a desire for a fair examination of the matter then before the court. Now at a time when in the interest of truth, and to save the reputation of all just and honorable men in the army, it is desirable to go to the bottom we have a fiery speech of the Duke of Orleans, who declares that a revision of the Dreyfus case would destroy the army. One would think that the army, most of all, would be anxious to have the truth known, the innocent vindicated and the guilty condemned.

UNSCRUPULOUS WIRE-PULLERS AND OFFICE SEEKERS. It is a sad thing that the liberal party suffers. The leaders can thank a few unscrupulous wire-pullers who have made the very word "liberal" odious to the masses of the people. It is a sad thing that the liberal party suffers. The leaders can thank a few unscrupulous wire-pullers who have made the very word "liberal" odious to the masses of the people.

THE DEATH ROLL. Mrs. C. T. Knowles, Mrs. Charles S. Harding and Theodora Everett. Sudden Death of Rev. J. S. Hanford While Preparing to Take Part in Service at St. Paul's Church.

The death occurred Sunday of Mrs. Knowles, widow of the late Edward Knowles, aged seventy-six years. The death of Mrs. Fannie Harding, wife of Charles S. Harding, took place Saturday morning at their home, Queen street. Mr. and Mrs. Harding spent the summer at Hampton, and though Mrs. Harding's low state of health had caused anxiety, the sudden and sad termination of her illness came as a shock to numerous friends in the city and elsewhere. Mrs. Harding was a daughter of the late Capt. Upshaw of Dorchester. She has a large circle of relatives and friends, to whom she was greatly endeared by her bright manner, her genial and kindly disposition and her warm attachment and loyalty to her associates. A sorrowful husband and two young children are left to mourn the loss of the wife and mother.

Theodore T. Everett, only son of Thomas E. Everett, died at the Tremont house on Saturday morning. He was in his thirty-third year, and had been living several years in Vancouver, B. C. He was born and brought up in Halifax, and at the age of nineteen went from that city to serve in the Northwest in suppressing the Kiel rebellion. He had then returned to the coast by way of Cape Horn. Mr. Everett enjoyed good health until this year, when he was attacked by the disease which proved fatal. He was able to return to St. John three weeks ago, but sank rapidly after his arrival. The death occurred Friday morning of Mrs. Benj. Kimball of Douglas avenue. The deceased lady had been in poor health for a number of years, but her numerous friends regret to hear of her death. She was a devoted wife of a husband and six children to mourn their sad loss, viz., Mrs. Capt. E. Harrington, Eliza and Sarah Kimball of this city, and Mrs. John T. Soles and Capt. Albert Kimball of Brooklyn, New York. Her daughter, George Kimball of Boston, Services were held at the house last Sunday by Revs. Gordon and McConnell. Interment took place at Westfield.

Rev. James S. Hanford, the oldest Episcopal minister in this city, passed suddenly away early Sunday morning, while in the vestry of St. Paul's (Valley) church preparing for the early communion service. Rev. Mr. Hanford intended assisting Rev. Canon DeVeber in the communion service, and made a hurried "walk" from the residence of J. D. Seely, where he lived, down Garden street to the church. He arrived there in a somewhat exhausted or nervous condition, and a few minutes after entering the vestry, he was seized with a severe attack of apoplexy, and fell senseless. He was immediately sent for, but before he arrived the reverend gentleman had passed away, dying in one of the edifices of the church that he had served so well. Rev. Mr. DeVeber was greatly shocked, and was at once sent for to his residence, and was attended by his physician all morning. The congregation were also visibly affected, and quietly dispersed after they heard of the sad death of their minister. A service was held in the forenoon, but in the evening Rev. Mr. Hayes conducted the service. Rev. Mr. Dicker, the rector, being absent from the city. Reference was made to the sad occurrence at all the Episcopal churches Sunday.

Rev. James S. Hanford was about 75 years of age, and was born in this city. His father, James T. Hanford, was employed in the long room of the custom house before confederation. The deceased was never married, and all his near relatives but one brother, Parry Hanford, who resides in Detroit, are dead. Chas. U. Hanford, who died some months since, was a nephew of the deceased. Rev. Mr. Hanford's last charge was the St. John's parish, and for thirty-seven years he conducted the affairs of his church there in a manner that made him popular not alone with the members of his own congregation but with all the residents of the parish. Previous to that he held a number of charges, serving as curate in Woodstock for some years. During last spring the deceased gentleman served the incumbents of the Episcopal church at Dorchester and Springhill and assisted in the service at Trinity church, this city. The arrangements for the funeral services are in the hands of the local Episcopal clergy. On Monday the body was removed to the church and was watched through the night by the clergy.

The spirit of Zion church was occupied Sunday morning by Rev. John Read, who preached from the 19th verse of the 9th chapter of 1st Corinthians. Before reading the morning lesson, Mr. Read made some very touching remarks concerning Rev. Mr. Hanford, who was so suddenly called from the church below to take part in the service of the great church above. Mr. Read stated when he first entered the ministry he was stationed on the same circuit as the deceased, and he had seen the St. John church traveling the same lonely roads and preaching in many of the same halls and school houses, and in a number of cases preaching to the same people, and this morning he came into the same neighborhood and the worthy brother had been called away and he was mournfully pining. It moved him greatly. Mr. Read also offered a very earnest and touching prayer for the congregation of the silent church; also for the bereaved family. In the evening Rev. Mr. Wrightman also made touching reference to the sad event.

The body of the late Rev. S. J. Hanford was brought to Trinity church

THE DEATH ROLL.

Mrs. C. T. Knowles, Mrs. Charles S. Harding and Theodora Everett. Sudden Death of Rev. J. S. Hanford While Preparing to Take Part in Service at St. Paul's Church.

The death occurred Sunday of Mrs. Knowles, widow of the late Edward Knowles, aged seventy-six years. The death of Mrs. Fannie Harding, wife of Charles S. Harding, took place Saturday morning at their home, Queen street. Mr. and Mrs. Harding spent the summer at Hampton, and though Mrs. Harding's low state of health had caused anxiety, the sudden and sad termination of her illness came as a shock to numerous friends in the city and elsewhere. Mrs. Harding was a daughter of the late Capt. Upshaw of Dorchester. She has a large circle of relatives and friends, to whom she was greatly endeared by her bright manner, her genial and kindly disposition and her warm attachment and loyalty to her associates. A sorrowful husband and two young children are left to mourn the loss of the wife and mother.

Theodore T. Everett, only son of Thomas E. Everett, died at the Tremont house on Saturday morning. He was in his thirty-third year, and had been living several years in Vancouver, B. C. He was born and brought up in Halifax, and at the age of nineteen went from that city to serve in the Northwest in suppressing the Kiel rebellion. He had then returned to the coast by way of Cape Horn. Mr. Everett enjoyed good health until this year, when he was attacked by the disease which proved fatal. He was able to return to St. John three weeks ago, but sank rapidly after his arrival. The death occurred Friday morning of Mrs. Benj. Kimball of Douglas avenue. The deceased lady had been in poor health for a number of years, but her numerous friends regret to hear of her death. She was a devoted wife of a husband and six children to mourn their sad loss, viz., Mrs. Capt. E. Harrington, Eliza and Sarah Kimball of this city, and Mrs. John T. Soles and Capt. Albert Kimball of Brooklyn, New York. Her daughter, George Kimball of Boston, Services were held at the house last Sunday by Revs. Gordon and McConnell. Interment took place at Westfield.

Rev. James S. Hanford, the oldest Episcopal minister in this city, passed suddenly away early Sunday morning, while in the vestry of St. Paul's (Valley) church preparing for the early communion service. Rev. Mr. Hanford intended assisting Rev. Canon DeVeber in the communion service, and made a hurried "walk" from the residence of J. D. Seely, where he lived, down Garden street to the church. He arrived there in a somewhat exhausted or nervous condition, and a few minutes after entering the vestry, he was seized with a severe attack of apoplexy, and fell senseless. He was immediately sent for, but before he arrived the reverend gentleman had passed away, dying in one of the edifices of the church that he had served so well. Rev. Mr. DeVeber was greatly shocked, and was at once sent for to his residence, and was attended by his physician all morning. The congregation were also visibly affected, and quietly dispersed after they heard of the sad death of their minister. A service was held in the forenoon, but in the evening Rev. Mr. Hayes conducted the service. Rev. Mr. Dicker, the rector, being absent from the city. Reference was made to the sad occurrence at all the Episcopal churches Sunday.

Rev. James S. Hanford was about 75 years of age, and was born in this city. His father, James T. Hanford, was employed in the long room of the custom house before confederation. The deceased was never married, and all his near relatives but one brother, Parry Hanford, who resides in Detroit, are dead. Chas. U. Hanford, who died some months since, was a nephew of the deceased. Rev. Mr. Hanford's last charge was the St. John's parish, and for thirty-seven years he conducted the affairs of his church there in a manner that made him popular not alone with the members of his own congregation but with all the residents of the parish. Previous to that he held a number of charges, serving as curate in Woodstock for some years. During last spring the deceased gentleman served the incumbents of the Episcopal church at Dorchester and Springhill and assisted in the service at Trinity church, this city. The arrangements for the funeral services are in the hands of the local Episcopal clergy. On Monday the body was removed to the church and was watched through the night by the clergy.

The spirit of Zion church was occupied Sunday morning by Rev. John Read, who preached from the 19th verse of the 9th chapter of 1st Corinthians. Before reading the morning lesson, Mr. Read made some very touching remarks concerning Rev. Mr. Hanford, who was so suddenly called from the church below to take part in the service of the great church above. Mr. Read stated when he first entered the ministry he was stationed on the same circuit as the deceased, and he had seen the St. John church traveling the same lonely roads and preaching in many of the same halls and school houses, and in a number of cases preaching to the same people, and this morning he came into the same neighborhood and the worthy brother had been called away and he was mournfully pining. It moved him greatly. Mr. Read also offered a very earnest and touching prayer for the congregation of the silent church; also for the bereaved family. In the evening Rev. Mr. Wrightman also made touching reference to the sad event.

The body of the late Rev. S. J. Hanford was brought to Trinity church

MANCHESTER'S TONIC Condition Powder. A Preparation put up by qualified Veterinary Surgeons and composed from the purest drugs and the most potent and reliable medicines.

ST. JOHN EXHIBITION

Amusements for the second week will embrace Novel and Very Attractive Features. Beginning today the famous Watson Sisters and the Gymnast, Zamara, will give their thrilling Mid-Air performance upon a Revolving Trapeze, 40 feet above the ground. This and the High Dive will be continued every Afternoon and Evening before the Grand Stand. FIREWORKS Every Evening.

Splendid Live Stock, Agricultural and Industrial Display. GRAND STOCK PARADE 2 p. m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, at 3 p. m. Baseball Game before Grand Stand between Picked Boston Team and Roses and Alerts.

To enable visitors to reach St. John for these attractions, the following Excursions are arranged: INTERCOLONIAL POINTS. Tomorrow special tickets will be sold for St. John at prices given below, good to return same day only.

Table with 2 columns: Destination and Price. Amherst: \$1.25; Anticosti, Sackville, Dorchester: \$1.50; Upper Dorchester, College Bridge: \$1.50; Memramook, Calhoun's: \$1.50; Shediac and Pt. du Chene: \$1.50; Palmecot and Humpreys: \$1.25; Moncton to Bellefleur: \$1.00; Bellefleur to Penobscot: \$0.50; Sussex and Apohaqui: \$0.75; Norton: \$0.50; Bloomfield and Passesook: \$0.50; Hampton: \$0.35; Newburg and Model Farm: \$0.25; Quispamsis to Riverside: \$0.20; Brookville: \$0.20; Cold Brook: \$0.10.

On 20th, 21st and 22nd. Return tickets will be sold at single second-class fare from stations north of Moncton to Campbellton to St. John, good to return three days from date of issue. Northern Division. Campbellton to Bel River to St. John: \$3.00; Charlco, New Mills and Laughlins to St. John: \$2.85; Nash's Creek and Jaquet River to St. John: \$2.75; Bellefleur and Petite Roche to St. John: \$2.50; Bathurst to Red Pine to St. John: \$2.50; Bartibogue to Barnaby River to St. John: \$2.25; Rogersville and Kent Junction to St. John: \$2.00; Harcourt to Coal Branch to St. John: \$1.75; John: \$1.50; Canadian to St. John: \$1.50; Berry's Mills: \$1.25; Good to return two days from date of issue.

W. C. PITFIELD, President. CHAS. A. EVERETT, Manager and Secretary. P. E. ISLAND NEWS. CHARLOTTETOWN, Sept. 9.—The delegates from the world's Sunday School convention in London returned home on Tuesday. Mr. Kirby returns for a fourth year to the pastorate of Grace church. His health is very much improved, as is also that of Mrs. Kirby, by the trip to the old land.

The college is reopened with a goodly number of students, of whom Dr. Anderson says: "I am particularly well pleased; they are a fine lot of young folk, and I expect great things from them." The most important topic just now is the plebiscite vote to be taken on the 28th. The prospects are for a large majority vote for prohibition.

The new Frowse block is about finished, some of the stores being now occupied. On Wednesday John McLeod and Miss Katie Ann Matheson of Glen William were married at Grace church parsonage by the Rev. W. J. Kirby.

On the 7th inst. the Rev. A. McLean Sinclair married John Murdoch McDonald, son of the late Donald McDonald of Pictou, to Margaret Milburn, only daughter of Alexander Dixon of Pictou. The happy couple will reside in Two Harbors, Minn.

On Thursday evening William A. Cameron of Augustine Cove and Miss Minnie M. Callbeck of Tryon were married in the Methodist church of Tryon by the Rev. Thomas Hicks. Thomas Carruthers was the groomsmen and Misses Etta Callbeck, Annie Stewart and Myrtle Cameron acted as bridesmaids. An elaborate reception was held afterwards at the home of the bride.

Two cases of illegal lobster fishing were heard before A. Lord, agent marine and fisheries, today. The parties both confessed and were fined.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All Druggists return the money if it fails to cure. Advertise in the "Semi-Weekly Sun."

When WEEKLY the NA which that of it sent. Rem Office in ansure request. THE WEEKLY of this Maritime please n The building Wm. O. and a field, Pe "Jock" horsman his way evening, and one Press. John practi years, Campb of his many pture a all succ Rev. I Presby George s, on best sch versity about study at dent of Mrs. M have been lotte cont tive Rim alive and Mr. Ring her trun tion of friends. matter b and be g There i a new fion note date Miss spees of but ther both on vignette of Lord coloring are num ment of J. E. T plumber, tract for the co to system tively ne who put post off have giv tract pr thousand The Gendola renovate to be to Parker N. Y. which was the Re station a very l in the station Dawson Friday Laughl compani Fisher a minister one of the brought A gener provere place. Jameson paring ture on bably be ery. Th say what has reas have bee line for have yeo THE Paper Journal in its had to crison's agent h then got remark one of the pain in one o interesting for bell Edward members of the h Parting permak in suita our info tington his cony are save about S and b be follow

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 5,000 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces.

The Robb Engineering Co. are building a 60 horse power boiler for Wm. Curry & Son, Windsor, N. S., and a 30 horse power for W. C. Hatfield, Parrsboro, N. S.

"Jock" Bowen, the well known horseman, suffered the loss of \$25 on his way into town on Friday morning evening, three young men jostling him and one picking his pocket—Portland Press.

John Montgomery, who has been practicing law in this city for several years, has decided to remove to Campbellton to engage in the practice of his profession.

Rev. Dr. M. Gordon of Pine Hill Presbyterian College is the guest of George McLeod. So also are his two sons, one of whom has just won the best scholarship that Edinburgh University has to offer a student.

At the September meeting of the quarterly official board of Centenary church, by a unanimous vote the Rev. John Read was invited to remain as pastor for the fourth year.

Mrs. Mowatt, who was supposed to have been murdered at Oak Bay, Charlotte county, last winter, until Detective Ring of this city discovered her alive and well in Boston, has written Mr. Ring a letter asking him to have her trunk sent on after the distribution of some of her contents among friends.

There has just been put in circulation a new issue of the one-dollar Dominion note. The new bill, which bears date March 31, 1893, is in many respects similar to that of July 2, 1892, but there are some radical differences both on the face and on the back.

J. E. Fitzgerald, the well known plumber, has been awarded the contract for the heating of the almshouse. The commissioners have decided to do away with the old system and put in an entirely new steam plant.

The interior of St. Luke's church, Grand Point, has been thoroughly renovated, and will be opened again for service on the first Sunday in October, at 3 o'clock, when the Rev. Dr. Parker of St. Paul's church, Brooklyn, N. Y., will preach.

Friday morning, President McLaughlin of the Board of Trade, accompanied by W. M. Jarvis, W. S. Fisher and John Sealy, waited on the minister of railways and thanked him for the action taken on the matters brought to his attention by the board.

On Thursday next the new office commanding the militia of Canada will visit St. John and stay at the Royal hotel, where at 4 p. m. he will meet the officers commanding the city corps, with their adjutants.

The Nova Scotia Agricultural Exhibition and Industrial Fair, which opens at Halifax on Thursday next, (22nd inst.) promises to be a pronounced success.

The Dominion Atlantic Railway are issuing tickets from St. John to Halifax Sept. 21st to Sept. 29th inclusive for \$4.50, good to return till 3rd of October.

The L. C. R. issue tickets from all points in New Brunswick on Sept. 22nd, 23rd and 24th at one first-class fare, good to return till October 1st, 1893.

On Thursday next the new office commanding the militia of Canada will visit St. John and stay at the Royal hotel, where at 4 p. m. he will meet the officers commanding the city corps, with their adjutants.

The pulp mill project. Paper and Pulp, a fortnightly journal published in London, quotes in its issue of Sept. 1st that the Sun had said regarding ex-Mayor Robertson's report to the common council about his visit to England.

John McLeod and Matheson of Glen Narried at Grace by the Rev. W. J.

The Rev. A. McLean John Murdoch McLeod the late Donald McLeod, to Margaret Milne, daughter of Alexander Milne, the happy event in Two Harbors.

Evening William A. Austine Ove and Miss Beck of Tryon were Methodist church of Rev. Thomas Hickler was the groom.

Illegal lobster fishing. A. Lord, agent manager, today. The parties were fined.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

STEEL SIDING



For Stores, Houses, Halls, Barns, Sheds, Churches. Entirely water, wind, storm and fire proof. Will last 100 years and always look well.

Cheaper than matched Lumber. Shipped from factory all ready to apply. Fully illustrated catalogue sent on request.

The PEDLAR METAL ROOFING CO. Ottawa, Ont.

The estate of the late R. D. McCa. Murray was probated at St. Martin's yesterday morning.

The Sun's Richmond correspondent writes: "The new franchise law will require three polling booths in the town, all adjoining one another."

At the September meeting of the quarterly official board of Centenary church, by a unanimous vote the Rev. John Read was invited to remain as pastor for the fourth year.

The causes of death reported at the Board of Health office for the week ending Sept. 17th were: Cholera infantum, 5; consumption, 3; crop, 1; tubercle of old age, 1; dysentery, 1; premature birth, 1; cerebral abscess, 1; disease of brain, 1; accidentally killed, 1; chronic Bright's disease, 1; total, 17.

Geo. F. Simonsen is in trouble at Welshpool, Campbell. He has been doing a trading business in that locality for some time with the sch. Delta.

The Nova Scotia Agricultural Exhibition and Industrial Fair, which opens at Halifax on Thursday next, (22nd inst.) promises to be a pronounced success.

The fishing schooner Galates of Lunenburg is a total wreck at Shag rocks, Main Aisle passage, C. B. She had one thousand quintals of fish.

The crew is saved. No insurance. SPOILER, N. S., Sept. 19.—The body of William Dillon, who was drowned on the morning of the 11th inst., was picked up on the shore on the east side of Bear Island in the basin, yesterday afternoon, where it had been deposited by yesterday's tide, and brought to town and taken to Undertaker Rice's shop.

On Thursday next the new office commanding the militia of Canada will visit St. John and stay at the Royal hotel, where at 4 p. m. he will meet the officers commanding the city corps, with their adjutants.

The pulp mill project. Paper and Pulp, a fortnightly journal published in London, quotes in its issue of Sept. 1st that the Sun had said regarding ex-Mayor Robertson's report to the common council about his visit to England.

John McLeod and Matheson of Glen Narried at Grace by the Rev. W. J.

The Rev. A. McLean John Murdoch McLeod the late Donald McLeod, to Margaret Milne, daughter of Alexander Milne, the happy event in Two Harbors.

Evening William A. Austine Ove and Miss Beck of Tryon were Methodist church of Rev. Thomas Hickler was the groom.

Illegal lobster fishing. A. Lord, agent manager, today. The parties were fined.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

HALIFAX.

Gen. Hutton Makes a Favorable Impression on the Militia Officers.

The Tenders for the I. C. R. Elevator Call for the Completion of the Work at the End of January.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 15.—General Lord Seymour intends taking a trip to the Pacific coast. He and Capt. Ferguson will leave by the Renown on Friday for Quebec and will go thence to Montreal, where they will be joined on the 23rd by Lady Seymour, Miss Seymour, Miss Pennant and Col. Williams. From Montreal the party will proceed by the C. P. R. to Vancouver.

This morning John Dunlop, cook on the steamer Dahome, lying at deep water terminus, was found dead in his bunk, having expired during the night. He deceased was forty years of age and rather heavy man. He had been complaining of feeling unwell while at sea on the last trip.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington. She struck in thick fog at noon today. Tonight her engine room is full of water and fires are out.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

HALIFAX, Sept. 16.—The side wheel steamship Express, running on the Nova Scotia coast between Halifax and Yarmouth, owned by the Yarmouth Steamship company, is ashore near Barrington.

SIR CHARLES AND LADY TUPPER

A Sail on the River on the Steamer Dream—The Distinguished Visitors Leave for Ottawa.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper left the city Thursday for Ottawa. Their son, Stewart Tupper, Q. C., of Winnipeg, accompanied them. Sir Charles was much pleased with his visit and reception and with the spirit shown by the liberal conservative party in this province.

Thursday morning W. H. Thorne took Sir Charles and a few friends for a short cruise in the Dream. The company included George McLeod, John A. Chesley, J. T. East, J. DeWolfe Spurr, Lieut. Col. Martham, James Reynolds, James Pinder, M. P. P., Ald. Christie, Ald. White, Dr. J. H. Morrison, Dr. A. A. Stockton, M. P. F., Lt. Col. Armstrong, S. D. Scott, E. B. Kitchin, H. D. Troop, C. B. Lockhart, M. P. P., Dr. Alward, M. P. P., A. C. Smith and Stewart Tupper.

The route was up the St. John to the Kennebecasis, and up that river to the southern side of the island beyond Robb's yachtsmen to Clifton and down the other shore. Lunch was served on the route and the company were landed at Indian town at three in the afternoon. It was a perfect day for such a trip, and many graceful sailing yachts were seen. Sir Charles remarked that when the union delegates went up the St. John thirty years ago they pronounced it the most beautiful stream they had ever seen, and for his part he liked it better every time he saw it.

OUR M. P. INTERVIEWED. Spectator—Mr. Mills, what attitude will you take in the coming plebiscite?

Mr. Mills, M. P.—I shall go to the polls on the 29th and say "yes" to the question proposed by the government. I have always voted for prohibition, and I see no reason now to change my mind in that regard.

Spectator—Do you intend to address any meetings before the vote is taken?

Mr. Mills, M. P.—No. If I did, my motives would be misconstrued. The government has seen fit to seek the mind of the people respecting prohibition. It is the duty of the people to answer. The answer will not be legislation, but will tend to show the sentiment of the county. The legislators will have to do the rest, and be responsible to the people for what they do.—Annapolis Spectator.

WEDDING BELLS. A very happy wedding took place at Indian town Wednesday morning, when W. H. Holder, formerly a clerk in Capt. Keat's establishment, was united in matrimony with Miss Myrtle Mielton, who was formerly in the employ of T. H. Ball, King street. The bride was tastefully attired in a travelling suit of blue serge, and was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents.

MRS. CUSHING'S WILL. The will of the late Mrs. Bethian Cushing was admitted to probate 16th inst. and letters testamentary granted to E. L. Jewett and Walter S. Jewett, the executors named in the will. The estate consists of \$5,000 real and \$16,725 personal property. C. N. Skinner, proctor. The sum of \$500 is left for the care and maintenance of a lot at Ferris Hill. All the household furniture, goods, chattels, implements of household linen, plate, books, etc., is left in trust to the executors to be distributed by them among such persons as they may be pleased to do. The residue of the estate is divided in ten shares to be distributed as follows: Two shares to Mrs. Cushing's adopted daughter, Margaret Marilla Jewett, wife of Dr. George Stewart of Quebec; two shares to Annie Cushing Jewett, another adopted daughter; two shares to Walter Scammon Jewett; two shares to Walter Scammon Jewett, to be held in trust for the maintenance and education of Winfield Isaac Noble and Bethian Jewett Noble, the residue to be divided equally among them when they become of age; one share to Annie Bethian Allen of Presque Isle.

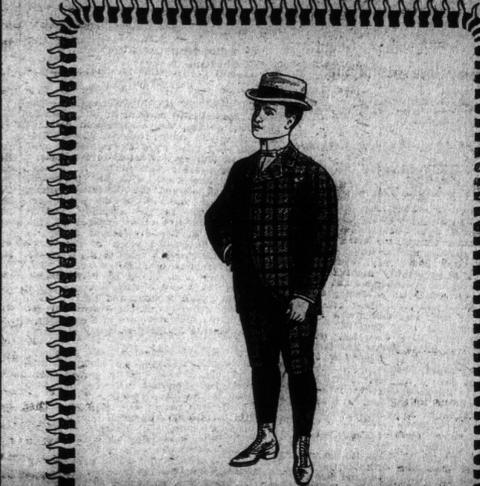
LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE ESTATE OF EDWARD D. MORRIS. Letters of administration of the estate of Edward D. Morris, deceased, were granted to his sister, Catherine F. Morrill. The estate consists of \$225 personal property. S. A. M. Skinner, proctor.

TEMPERANCE IN CUMBERLAND. The third quarterly session of Cumberland District Lodge met with Mountable Ross at Lunenburg on Thursday, Sept. 13. The society extending this hospitality is the banner lodge of the county, having last March celebrated its thirty-first birthday.

They are in the county 23 lodges with a membership of 1,061, including eight clergymen and about 960 parliamentary voters. About 50 delegates were present, all of whom reported good work being manifested in the plebiscite movement, committees having been appointed in all cases to act in conjunction with the vice presidents of the plebiscite association in personal work for prohibition. W. Smith, G. C. T. of Pictou county, was present. The death of three members of the circle was feelingly referred to a special tribute of regard being paid to the life and labors of the late Dr. C. A. Black of Amherst. Nineteen candidates took the first degree. Mrs. D. C. Hunter was appointed official reporter for the session.

The public meeting in the evening was crowded and many were unable to gain admission. Stirring speeches were made by Messrs. Bryanton, Purdy, Wells, Smith, Glynn and Black, while several pieces of special music were well rendered by local talent, assisted by several from Springhill.

A Singular Coincidence Puts Us in Possession of This Boys' Suit Bargain!



A Singular Coincidence Puts Us in Possession of This Boys' Suit Bargain!

A maker of men's suits got a weaver of cloth to make him a thousand yards of tweed, which he intended for 1500 men's suits.

In the meantime the maker of men's suits failed, and the cloth maker had the goods on his hands.

This cloth was thrown on the market, and a ridiculously small CASH offer secured the lot.

Here are the suits made from this cloth, made to stand a man's wear—made of cloth, all-wool, fast color—a neat dark brown mixture, small check patterns.

These suits have not been offered to the city trade as yet—we have saved it for our out of town customers. We want to be judged by this suit.

When we look at it and feel the cloth we are tempted to mark it up to its real value, \$6.00, but the "die is cast," and the price is \$4.00 as long as they last.

For boys 10 to 16 years of age, single breasted sack suit—like the picture—coat, pants and vest.

We expect a lot of responses—we expect to make a lot of boys happy. Send the suit back at our expense if you're not satisfied, and we will return the money.

GREATER OAK HALL

SCOVIL BROS. & CO

THE TURF. The Charlottetown Races. CHARLOTTETOWN, Sept. 15.—In yesterday's races Romo, owned by J. A. Leaman & Co., Halifax, won the three minute class, with Beatrice, owned by D. Hogan, Moncton, second, and Killa May, owned by W. H. Bower, St. John, third; time, 2:30 1-2, 2:30 3-4.

In the 2 1/2 class Provider, W. S. McRie, owner, won; Flashlight, J. F. C. Forster, Dorchester, second, and Minnie, James McLeod, Summerside, third; time, 2:30 1-4, 2:31 3-4, 2:32.

The 2 1/4 class was won by Joe Youngheart, M. D. Walsh, Parrsboro, owner, with Peter Clark, N. Kelly, Meadowdale, owner, 2nd, and Herdic, R. J. Wood, owner, third; time, 2:34 1-2, 2:35 1-4, 2:38, 2:37 1-2.

WANTED. WANTED—Industrious man of character to travel and appoint agents. Salary and expenses paid. BRADLEY-GARRETTSON COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

AGENTS—I am just starting the best thing for money-making you have seen for many a day. Your name and address will bring the golden information. T. H. LINSCOTT, Toronto.

D. BOYANER, Optician. Eyes Tested and Suitable Spectacles Adjusted. Glasses can be Always Duplicate or Exchanged by Mail at the Vision of Every Purchaser Satisfaction Guaranteed. Registered. 2545 MAIN STREET, North End, ST. JOHN, N. B.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration of the Estate of Robert D. McCa Murray, deceased, late of the Parish of St. Martin, District of St. John, N. B., were granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the said Estate are requested to file the same at once, and all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to pay their claims forthwith to the undersigned, Louise F. Murray, P. O. Box 908, St. John, N. B. Dated at St. John, N. B., September 19th, 1893. LOUISE F. MURRAY, Administratrix.

\$7 to \$10 a Week. In feature one can do the work in one hour; any families in every locality to help us manufacture Children's Toys, Gump, lots and Bicycle Leggings for the trade, by a new process. No canvassing or experience required. Steady work, good pay, whole or spare time. Write today. Address: THE CO-OPERATIVE KNITTING CO., 16 Leslie Lane, Toronto.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

