

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 27, 1902

Vol. XXXI, No. 35

A Letter to the Public

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Isn't that the way you look at it? Well, if you are undecided as to just such a place, take a look in at our store, examine our stock, get our prices, and be satisfied, that you have found the place you have been looking for; then, leave your order, which will be promptly attended to.

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We want to tell you that you can get better value for your money here than in any other store in Charlottetown. We give the highest

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The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses.

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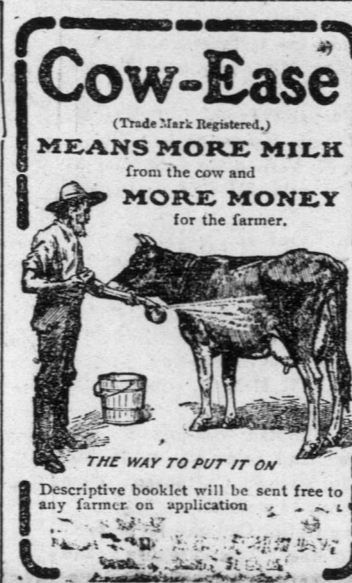
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Containing NITROGEN, PHOSPHORIC ACID and POTASH in the most soluble and available forms known. Each ingredient sold under guaranteed analysis and consequently thoroughly reliable. Sold unmixed and therefore adaptable to all crops and conditions. 25 per cent (the manufacturer's profit) cheaper than any mixed and so-called "Complete Fertilizers" on the market. The Only Fertilizer farmers can afford to use, and those who know most about artificial manures will use no other.

AULD BROS.

April 2, 1902.



Cow-Ease
MEANS MORE MILK
from the cow and
MORE MONEY
for the farmer.

People who have used

COW-EASE ON CATTLE

say it is
"the
real
thing."

Wholesale
or retail.

Dodd & Rogers,

SOLE AGENTS FOR P. E. ISLAND.

ALL KINDS OF

JOB WORK

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Notice to Subscribers.

We, the undersigned publishers of Charlottetown, respectfully beg to announce that we have unanimously adopted the cash in advance system for subscriptions. The advisability of pursuing this course has been shown by the fact that for some time past a large proportion of our subscribers have strongly urged us to do so. In yielding to their wishes we are merely falling into line with the leading publishers all over Canada and the United States.

By inaugurating the cash in advance system we shall be enabled to give our subscribers an improved paper for their money—a portion of which is now expended in furnishing papers to those who do not pay.

We confidently believe that the new system will meet with the approval of the general public.

The uniform rate for our weekly papers will be \$1.00 per year.

Immediate payment is respectfully requested for all unpaid subscriptions up to the present time, as well as for all unpaid subscriptions expiring between this date and Dec. 31st, 1902, at which date all then unpaid will be discontinued. Those whose terms expire at any date after January 1st, 1903, will be notified before the date of expiration, and any who fail to renew when their year has expired will have their papers discontinued. No new subscribers can be accepted from this date unless paid in advance.

We respectfully ask that all join cordially with us in making the cash in advance system an unqualified success, as it is in their own interests to do so.

Signed by the publishers of
The Examiner,
The Herald,
The Patriot,
The Guardian,
The Watchman,
The Prince Edward Islander.
July 23, 1902.

Another Miracle at Beaupre.

Miraculous cures, wrought by the mercy of God, through the intercession of St. Anne de Beaupre, continue to be recorded. A trustworthy correspondent furnishes the "True Witness" with the following account of a miracle which took place a few weeks ago, the recipient of the divine favor being a member of the great pilgrimage which left Kingston for St. Anne de Beaupre in the latter end of last month. Her name is Miss Minnie Murphy, and she belongs to Brewer's Mills, Ontario. Our correspondent writes to us as follows:—

I was staying in St. Anne de Beaupre on my vacation. I had been there before, but this time I went down for a long visit. It was the 24th of July, I had been to Communion and had heard several Masses, and was just leaving the Church when, as I was near the door, I met an acquaintance who was staying at the same hotel as myself. He asked me if I had heard of the miracle which had just taken place. When I told him I had not, he turned with me and went up to the High Altar. There was a very large crowd kneeling round the statue of St. Anne, and I noticed also a crowd surrounding a young lady who was walking down towards the door of the Church. I went up and spoke to her, and this is what she told me:—

Her name is Miss Minnie Murphy, and she lives at Brewer's Mills, Ont. She had come up with the pilgrimage which had arrived the day before, numbering 1,200, from Kingston and vicinity. The young lady said that four years ago she had been seized with severe pains in her right leg. Medical advice was sought, and her doctor told her she was suffering from disease of the hip-joint. In four weeks' time her leg shortened one inch. For five weeks she lay in bed under treatment with a fifteen pound weight attached to and hanging from the limb. That was four years ago, but in spite of the treatment, Miss Murphy said she had never been able to walk or kneel since then. With the use of crutches and a surgical boot having a sole three inches thick, to make up the difference in length between the limbs) to which was attached an iron bar which was by means of straps, etc., firmly attached to the injured limb at the ankle, knee and thigh, and with belts round the waist, she was able with assistance to move about. The young lady

having heard of the wonders worked by the good St. Anne, made each year a trip to the shrine at Beaupre, but until now had obtained no relief. Her faith was not shaken, however, but on the contrary, seemed greater each year. On July 24th, 1902, after having confessed she made again her prayer for the intercession of the Mother of our Blessed Lady and received Holy Communion.

A few moments after receiving the Blessed Sacrament, she felt herself cured. A curious sensation was noticed in the useless limb, and without the aid of her crutches she walked a few steps. She then went aside and removed the surgical appliance she had worn so long, and, walking to the statue of St. Anne she laid it at the foot of the onyx column on which the statue stands. She with her friends and her father knelt down and returned thanks, and it was as she was walking down the aisle after this that the writer met her. She was walking without any support, but I noticed there was the slightest possible limp in her walk.

And this was the girl who, though seventeen years old, had never put the right leg to the ground or walked or knelt since her thirteenth year. I can never describe the impression her story made on me. Nor could I make your readers understand the wonderful look on her face. Her countenance seemed almost to shine with the light of faith. Truly hers was the faith that could move mountains. She was a sweet modest-looking girl, and I saw her two or three times during that day, but the look of holiness that was on her face that July morning at seven o'clock will never fade from my memory.

As was natural, the miracle created intense excitement. All day hundreds of people knelt round the statue of St. Anne and examined the surgical boot that was left at its feet. I myself made a careful examination of it, I measured the thickness of the sole, and noticed how the iron plate on it had been worn away by the dragging of the help less leg as it swung when she moved about. The iron bar was about 3-4 of an inch thick, and reached from the boot to the waist. Here was evidence of the entire uselessness of the limb.

A very large number of the pilgrims who accompanied Miss Murphy, confirmed her story in every particular. Her doctor was Dr. Dixon, who, by the way, is a Protestant. During that day the miracle was mentioned in two sermons, that I heard, and Father Connolly, the parish priest of Brewer's Mills, knows the truth of all that Miss Murphy has told me.

I had a letter from the young lady dated Aug. 5th, in which she gave me permission to publish her story, and says she is now quite well.

The writer can only say in conclusion that he made every effort to confirm each statement made above, and for himself has not the shadow of a doubt of their truth, and is very happy to bear witness to the truth of another wonderful miracle performed through the powerful intercession of the good St. Anne at her shrine at Beaupre.—True Witness.

The Heart and the Will.

Father Donnelly, S. J., preached in St. Anne's Church, London, England, recently, taking as his text "Learn of Me, for I am meek and humble of heart"—said that Our Lord set Himself before us as our Model, and there was no portion of His Sacred Humanity He chose in an especial way for us to imitate. He said "Learn of Me, for I am meek and humble of heart."—He did not say "Learn of Me, for I am learned, I am high-minded," but it was His Heart we were to take as our model. This was a curious world today. The intellect was adored, and the heart was put in the second place. Man would not be judged by his intellect, according to his brains, but by his will and his heart; by his will he would be saved or damned. It depended upon a man's will, joined to God's by grace, whether he was saved or not, and not upon his intellect. It was by pride that man fell; it was by meekness and humility that he was to rise. The virtue of humility was not in a front position in this land today; the virtue of obedience was not much practised. There was scarcely a period in the world's history which could be compared with that of today in its pride and love of independence, and living in a non-Catholic atmosphere, the Catholic was liable to be infected by this spirit, which seemed to make of humanity a crozier and hated thing. To bend before the storm, and when one cheek was struck to present the other, were not in fashion amongst men, and especially

amongst Englishmen. To give way or to yield was the last thing they thought about.

Gospel truths were as little palatable now as when Our Lord spoke them. They were all very well when the truth hit some one else, when some one else was asked to put the cap on his head. When that was so, we were rather inclined to be amused than otherwise; but when the cap was meant for us, and fitted our own heads, there was a different story to be told. It was not by the intellect, but by the heart, that man should be judged. Even in this world a man was judged by his heart. A noble-hearted man was loved, while a man who had the most gigantic intellect but who had a bad heart was feared from with disgust. Perhaps the greatest general in this land had ever seen was the Duke of Marlborough, yet every body turned away from his deeds with a certain amount of loathing. Men themselves valued a man not by the grandeur of his intellect, but by the magnificence of his heart, and it was by his heart a man would be judged hereafter. They must, therefore, cultivate the heart and will as well as the intellect, and for that reason they must maintain their schools at all costs. A heavy burden was upon that mission in connection with the schools. The "Nonconformist Conscience" was always in arms against them and Catholics knew full well the danger threatening them at the present moment. Unless we educated the hearts of the children as well as their intellects they would be lost to God and the Church. It was because we realized this truth, because we grasped the importance of educating our children in the True Faith, that we had not given up our schools throughout the land. But unless we could support our schools they must go; and they could not be supported without the help of the Faithful. We were being taxed beyond our means, and we only submitted because we were anxious that the little ones of the Catholic Church should be brought up in the principles of the Catholic Faith.—True Witness.

WOODMAN SPARE THAT TREE.

George P. Morris, the author of the popular lines thus entitled, gives the history of their origin in a letter to a friend, dated New York, city, February 1, 1837:

Riding out of town a few days since, in company with a friend—an old gentleman who had spent many years in travel in foreign countries,—he invited me to turn down a little woodland pass, not far from Bloomingdale, "Your object?" inquired I.—"Merely to look once more at an old oak-tree planted by my grandfather long before I was born, under which I used to play when a boy, and where my sisters played with me. There I often listened to the good advice of my parents. Father, mother, sisters—all are gone; nothing but the old tree remains." And a pleasant spread over his face countenance and tears came to his eyes. After a moment's pause he added: "Don't think me foolish; I don't know how it is,—I never ride out but I turn down this lane to look at that old tree. I have a thousand recollections about it, and always greet it as a familiar and well-remembered friend." These words were scarcely uttered when the old gentleman exclaimed: "There it is!" Near the tree stood a man with his coat off, sharpening an axe. "You're not going to cut that tree down, surely!"—"Yes, I am, though," replied the woodman.—"What for?" I like that! Well, I tell you, I want the tree for firewood."—"What is the tree worth to you for firewood?"—"Why, when down, about ten dollars."—"Suppose I should give you that sum," said the old gentleman, "would you let it stand?"—"Yes."—"You are sure of that?"—"Positive."—"Then give me a bond to that effect."

We went into the little cottage in which my companion was born, and which is now occupied by the woodman. I drew up the bond. It was signed and the money paid over. As we left, the young girl, the woodman's daughter assured us that while she lived the tree should not be cut. These circumstances made a strong impression on my mind, and furnished me with the materials for the song I send you.—Tae Ave Maria.

Dr. Croke, says the Irish Times was a special specimen of the robust and genial ecclesiastic. He was equally at home in the hall-alley or on the hurling ground. He could hurdle and box with the sturdiest in Munster; when he was seventy he learned to ride the bicycle, and until quite recently he used to watch for a young priest who fancied himself as a handball player. There was no finer sample of healthy Christianity in Ireland.

Saturday, August 2, was the centenary of the birth of one who played a great part in the Catholic revival in England. A hundred years ago Nicholas Wiseman, Cardinal-Archbishop of Westminster, was born at Seville of an Irish family settled in Spain.

The will of the late Cardinal Ledochowski was read the other day. The total value of the estate is £40,000, which is nearly all left to the nephew of the Cardinal, Count Ledochowski, who threw up his commission in the Austrian army as a protest against the practice of dueling.

His Eminence Cardinal Moran told a correspondent whilst in Rome that the cause of beatification of the Venerable Oliver Plunkett, Archbishop of Armagh, has been set upon snow. Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli is still pioneer; Mgr. Murphy, the rector of the Irish College, has become procurator, and a new advocate has been appointed in the person of Signor Marini.

The expulsion of the religions in France may, after all, turn out to be a blessing by proving the power of the French Catholics to themselves and their opponents, says the "London Catholic Times." Hitherto they have been so patient in suffering that the enemies of the Church believed they would never seriously resent any persecution. It was a grave mistake on the part of the Catholics to allow such an idea to go forth. There is very little chivalry in the conduct of governments. If they are pressed by supporters to follow a certain course, they will, as a rule, respond to the pressure unless they fear unpleasantness. Only when they are convinced that the policy thus recommended may land them in difficulties will they pause before taking action. The present movement against the Government is a popular one, the leading part in it being taken by the parents of the children attending the Sister's schools. However the struggle against the expulsions may end, it is to be hoped that the revolt against persecution in France will inspire the Catholics with a consciousness of their power and induce them to engage, with determination in the work of organizing their electoral forces and exerting their full voting power for self-defence.

One of the most notable and most worthy of the protests called forth by the atrocious action of the French Government was the letter of remonstrance addressed to the President of the Republic by the Cardinal Archbishop of Paris. Mgr. Richard asks at the outset for the motives of these latest acts of repressive persecution, and answers his own question by declaring that they have been evoked by no disorder or scandal in the schools, but by the determination of the Masonic sectaries to abolish the Christian idea from the education of the young. Thus a violent oppression of conscience is imposed upon the families of the country, an oppression prepared gradually by the law of 1832 secularizing teaching in the public schools and of 1836 banishing the religions from their walls. "To this," proceeds the Cardinal, "families replied by establishing schools after their own hearts at the price of sacrifices constantly renewed. Children flocked to these schools and the Masonic sects answered this persistent manifestation of the desires of these families by the preparation of a Law of Association which had for its purpose to render the establishment of free schools impossible. This present simultaneous closing of nearly 3,000 schools has no other object than the destruction of religious teaching in the free schools after its exclusion from those belonging to the State. * * * The measures now being taken clearly show a determination to close the schools after everything has been prepared that could conduce to that object."

Minard's Liniment Cures
Diphtheria.

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism—that acid condition of the blood which affects the muscles also.

Sufferers dread to move, especially after sitting or lying long, and their condition is commonly worse in wet weather.

"I suffered dreadfully from rheumatism, but have been completely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I am deeply grateful." Miss FRANCES SMITH, Prescott, Ont.

"I had an attack of the grip which left me weak and helpless and suffering from rheumatism. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and this medicine has entirely cured me. I have no hesitation in saying it saved my life." M. J. McDONALD, Trenton, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can. Take it.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 27th, 1902. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES MCISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

The Tariff.

The Manufacturers' Association at its meeting at Halifax, put its views on the tariff question on record in the following resolution: Resolved, that in the opinion of this association the changed conditions which now obtain in Canada demand the immediate and thorough revision of the tariff upon lines which will more effectively transfer to the workshops of the Dominion the manufacture of many of the goods which we now import from other countries.

be sought by making so great an increase in the general tariff as to make the reduction under the preferential clause non-effective of its presumed purpose, which would be adding hypocrisy to folly; but by adopting a straight business tariff, applying not to countries but to imports, and designed to promote the general industrial interests of Canada from A to Z.—Montreal Gazette.

Montreal advices inform us that Hon. Joseph Royal, lately Lieutenant Governor of the North West Territories, died in that city on Saturday last. His death took place in a private hospital where he had been under treatment for the previous three weeks. He had undergone an operation and seemed to be recovering when congestion of the brain set in. He became unconscious on Thursday and never rallied afterwards. He passed calmly away surrounded by the members of his family.

Mr. Royal was born at Repentigny, Quebec, on May 7, 1837. He began to study law there, but went to Montreal to finish at St. Mary's College. His tastes, however, lay in the direction of journalism, and when twenty years of age he joined the staff of La Minerve. Shortly afterwards he founded the Nouveau Monde, and two years later L'Ordre. He was one of the founders of La Revue Canadienne in 1864, and contributed many interesting articles to it, all of them on political subjects. In the same year he was called to the bar. In 1870 Mr. Royal settled in Manitoba. He founded Le Metis, in Winnipeg, soon after his arrival, and two years afterwards he changed its name to Le Manitoba. While in the prairie province he actively practised his legal profession, one of the cases in which he took part being that of Lepine and Naud, who were tried for the murder of Thomas Scott. In 1870, when Manitoba became a Province, he was elected to the legislature, of which he remained a member until 1873, when he was elected to the house of commons. While he was a member of the Manitoba legislature he filled successively the offices of speaker, provincial secretary, attorney-general and minister of public works. In 1888 he was appointed lieutenant-governor of the Northwest Territories, a post which he filled until 1893. He was instrumental in passing some important legislation in Manitoba including the school law of 1871, the law abolishing the legislative council, and the law creating the Manitoba University, of which he was made vice-rector in 1877. In 1894 he became editor of La Minerve, Montreal, and at the time of his death was editor of the Journal, the French Conservative organ in Montreal.

Put briefly, what the manufacturers ask is that the customs duties shall be fixed at so high a figure that the reductions under the preferential clauses shall not seriously affect the home market by their encouragement of imports. In other words, it is sought to nullify the preference by indirect means. This attitude is a mistaken one, as greatly so as was the action of Parliament, when it adopted the preferential principle. It was no part of the Canadian Parliament's business in framing a tariff for Canada to specially care for the British manufacturer, by making it easy for him to compete in the Canadian market. The first and chief duty of the Canadian legislator is to guard the interests of Canadian industries, upon the prosperity of which Canadian progress depends. If it is deemed wise to work for this object on free trade lines, the example of Great Britain itself, the chief free trade nation, points to the best results being attained by disregarding everything but the interests of the home consumer, and giving him unrestrained liberty to buy wherever he finds it advantageous. The general tariff, as it stands to-day, is however, a free trader's proclamation that free trade is not calculated to promote Canada's general welfare. The Conservatives were and are moderate protectionists. The tariff, before 1897, represented their ideas. It may have been defective in some sections; but it had proved its general effectiveness for the purpose in view in times of practically world-wide depression. While some of its duties were lowered or abolished in 1897, others were maintained or increased, and it is a question whether less wisdom was shown in the reduction of or the additions to the duties. The chief disturbing factor, however, has been the preferential clause. The original purpose of this, as set forth in the law, was to secure reciprocal concessions from other countries. In the Government reports of 1897-98 the goods entered for consumption are divided into those admitted under the "reciprocal tariff," and those under the "general tariff." The only reciprocity secured, however, was from Germany, which cut Canada out of the "favored nation" list, and put her exports among those paying the high or general rates of duty. Our green statesmen, with the market of five million people as a lever, failed to disturb the arrangements of the fellows who managed the affairs of countries with forty and fifty million consumers. Then the Government abandoned the reciprocity idea and made the reduction in duty under the preferential clause a simple matter of favor. They benefit the British manufacturers whose interests, as has been said before, are not under the care of the Canadian Parliament. The interests of the Canadian manufacturers are, and where the two conflict there is no question where the duty of Parliament lies. If nothing in the way of mutual preference comes from recent deliberations at London, and at this moment it seems as if nothing will come in the revision of the tariff which ministers are talking about the case of the Canadian manufacturers should have the fullest consideration. The remedy for the conditions complained of, however, where a remedy may be needed, should not

that is needed to secure to ourselves the profits of this great foreign output is adequate protection. Then, instead of having our wants provided for on alien soil, the artisan so employed would be forced to transfer his domicile to Canada. That would mean the introduction of a redundant stimulant to Canadian trade, and instead of ranking as a great consumer, we would become a great source of supply for the wants of other nations.

Once we had established our right to consideration as a producing centre, our home market would furnish our great agricultural sections with an almost unlimited outlet for their commodities. Adequate protection would secure for the farmer the same privileges at home, as it would open up to the manufacturer and his employes. It is a give and take proposition, elementary in its simplicity. Instead of sending his wheat to the textile worker in Great Britain, the farmer would find the Britisher who now consumes our farm produce miles away from its source, comfortably settled in Canada and paying a comparatively better price for foodstuffs. There would be no ocean freight charges, no duties, no insurance, no forwarding charges for the agriculturalist to meet, and there would be no additional advantage of a market almost at hand, where trade conditions could be more readily observed and taken advantage of. The fallacious argument, that the farmer "pays the piper" under protection, will not stand intelligent analysis. The "adequate protection," advocated by Mr. Borden, is a broad and comprehensive system of encouragement to all classes of Canadian producers—of which perhaps the farmer is to be the most evasive.

LIBERALS ARE AMAZED. Even such a strong Liberal journal as the Montreal Witness is amazed at the conflicting opinions held by the members of the Laurier Government. Speaking of the lack of harmony in regard to the fast line, it says: "Evidently the cabinet is at odds concerning the fast line. Mr. Sydney Fisher in an interview published yesterday's Witness declared for Sydney as the terminal and eighteen knots as the speed, while Mr. Tarte at the annual dinner of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, championed Halifax as the winter terminal, and the highest speed obtainable." STAND IN WITH MR. TARTE. At St. Joseph, a little village on the shores of Lake Huron, an imaginative individual has attempted to found a city. The location is one of the worst that could be found for that purpose, but notwithstanding its limitations an hotel and other buildings were commenced. In order to present as bright a picture as possible to the prospective patrons of the hotel, the proprietor invited the Minister of Public Works to construct a wharf at the expense of the country. Mr. Tarte, delighted with the opportunity to prove himself agreeable, at once promised \$3,000 for the project, and his Liberal friends gave him authority to carry out the work. The wharf, when constructed, will be on private property, but such considerations have not deterred the master of the administration from placing another \$3,000 of public funds where it will be advantageous to a friend.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

C. M. B. A.—The Grand Officers of the C. M. B. A. of Canada are expected to arrive here from Picton tomorrow evening. A suitable programme for Friday has been prepared. The culminating event of the visit will be the public meeting in the Opera House on Friday evening, when the Grand President and others will deliver addresses.

REV. FATHER ANTONY and Rev. Deacon Karalamb, from the diocese of Sarnia, in Mesopotamia, bearing proper credentials from the archbishop, are at present in Charlottetown collecting funds for a church and school in their diocese. These ecclesiastics are in communion with the See of Rome, and in the celebration of Mass and in their liturgy use the Syro-Chaldean language. They are accompanied by Deacon George and Ecclesiastic Thomas. These Chaldeo-Catholic priests and religious are attached to the monastery of St. Joseph in Mesopotamia. The name of their Archbishop, as near as English expression it is, is Jacob-Philip-Abraham. They come properly recommended and have letters from the Vicar General of Halifax, his Lordship, the Bishop of Charlottetown, besides letters of recommendation from the Rector of St. Francis Xavier's College, Antigonish, and several other priests in Nova Scotia and other places. Their mission is a most worthy one and all who assist them may depend that their contributions are well bestowed.

St. Paul's Church, Summerside, which had been undergoing extensive repairs and embellishments, was solemnly reopened on Sunday last. The successful completion of the great work of renovating the interior of the church and the admirable skill and exquisite taste displayed in the adornment of the beautiful temple, as well as the happy congregation that attended the reopening services and the splendid success with which every portion of the cele-

bration was crowned are sources of the highest congratulation to the zealous pastor, Rev. J. C. McLean. Solemn Pontifical Mass was celebrated by his Lordship Bishop McDonald, assisted by Rev. J. A. McDonald, as high priest, Rev. Dr. McMillan and Rev. S. J. Arsenault as deacon of office, and Rev. P. P. Arsenault as sub-deacon of office, with Rev. Gregory McMillan, Ecclesiastic, as master of ceremonies. After the first Gospel, Rev. J. C. McMillan, D. D. delivered the pulpit and delivered a most logical and eloquent sermon. His text was: "The work is a great one, for a house is prepared, not for man, but for God." He congratulated the pastor and congregation of St. Paul's on the happy termination of the work of renovation, which was now past, and their beautiful temple was once more offered amid incense and prayer and sacrifice to God. He then pointed out how great was the majesty of God, and no matter how magnificently we might adorn our churches, nothing could be too grand or too beautiful for the presence of the King of Kings and Lord of Lords, who constantly dwells in our tabernacles. To those properly instructed in our holy faith no argument was needed to prove this truth. From the very earliest dawn of human history votive offerings had been made and temples erected to the Most High; and the grandest of these recorded in the old Testament were but mere types of the temple, the altar and the sacrifice of the new law, the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass. Those who, imbued with divine faith and actuated by a desire for the beauty of God's house, contributed of their means for the advancement of the Church and the sanctuary, were engaged in the noblest work, and their reward would be great in this world, and especially in the next. The sermon was a master piece, and we regret we are unable to give a more extended report of it. Vespers and Solemn Pontifical Benediction were held at 7 o'clock in the evening, his Lordship the Bishop officiating, assisted by the same priests as in the morning.

An Unpleasant Episode.

A regrettable incident took place in connection with the Maritime Board of Trade Session in Sydney on Thursday which gave rise to quite a lot of talk there. After the adjournment of the Maritime Board of Trade the delegates sat on the steps of the county court building to be photographed. They packed the steps so that Mr. Justice Meagher, accompanied by the sheriff and several barristers coming out of the room of the adjournment of the supreme court, found it impossible to come down the steps, the way being blocked. The sheriff however, succeeded in making room for them to pass down. In going through, Mr. Justice Meagher remarked on the ill-manners of the delegates, and on the block of the steps to the court house. These remarks were not taken very kindly by some of the board of trade delegates, who did not recognize the judge or know who he was. It was after he reached the sidewalk and had proceeded to walk away that there was a sound like hissing. The judge turned round and saw the board of trade works very severely, saying they were the most ill-mannered crowd of blackguards he had ever met, and said that if the parties who hissed were pointed out to him he would immediately have them arrested. Some of the delegates were indignant at the judge's remarks, and in the afternoon John E. DeWolfe, a delegate from Halifax, met him when the judge was coming down from the court room. DeWolfe complained of the insult offered them by being called a crowd of blackguards and wanted an explanation. Judge Meagher said he was not to be interrupted within the precincts of the court. Mr. DeWolfe followed him out to the sidewalk, insisting for an explanation. The judge then directed the sheriff to arrest DeWolfe and place him behind the bars. The matter, when announced at the board of trade meeting, caused a wave of indignation, and immediately a committee comprising W. M. Jarvis of St. John, C. S. Campbell of Halifax, H. Harsard of Charlottetown and Dr. J. E. DeWolfe of Wolfville, was appointed to investigate the matter and report to the meeting. The committee took legal advice in the matter and through the good offices of a member of the Halifax bar, the incident was brought to a termination by Mr. DeWolfe being released.

The Herald's Scoop-Net.

CONDUCTED BY TOM A. HAWKE. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been doing up 'gay Paree.' Look out now for a big crop of fresh "Sunny Ways" anecdotes.

Sir George White, of Ladysmith fame, is said to have written a coronation ode. Sir George should be more careful and think of that poor fellow Anlin. The Westminster Abbey Choir Concert party, now touring Canada, are not afraid to sing, although there are two Cowards and a Craven among them. It is said that on an average more than three thousand people on the earth die every hour. Just as a thought it seems like it is dangerous to live.

Another man committed suicide the other day after reading a dime novel. If people must destroy themselves, probably those who read dime novels can be spared as well as any. It is claimed that the automobile will soon be put in the reach of all. Taking into consideration the big chapter of automobile accidents mentioned in the papers within the past week it might be better to put everybody out of reach of the automobile. Some of the old guns captured at Tien Tsin in 1900 are to be mounted on Parliament Hill, Ottawa. It is said these guns were cast in the eleventh century. We have some pretty old guns of our own at Fort Edward, but none quite so old as that. Don't know when or where they were cast, but a great many people are of the opinion that they ought to be cast in the river.

Scottish Gathering.

The annual Scottish Gathering, under the auspices of the Calcutta Club, at Prince Edward Island, held at Summerside Wednesday last, the 20th inst., was most successful. The weather was charming, the attendance was large and the games were keenly contested. The special train which left Charlottetown shortly after 9 o'clock was made up of twelve cars fairly well filled with people, and crowded to their utmost capacity before Summerside was reached. The members of the Club and the Boys' Highland Brigade, preceded by Pipes and Band, had previously marched in procession to the depot and boarded the train. On arrival at Summerside the best of good order prevailed, and the financial results are satisfactory, the gross receipts being upwards of \$550. Following are the names of the successful competitors and the prize list.

PRIZE LIST. Putting light stone—1st prize \$5, Vernon Shaw, New Fort, 37 feet 7 inches; 2nd prize, \$3, D. J. McDonald, 37 feet 2 inches; 3rd prize, \$1, J. J. Clark, 34 feet 5 inches. 100 Yard Dash—1st prize \$3, William Hoole, Charlottetown, time 10 2-5 seconds; 2nd prize \$2, A. D. McArthur, city; 3rd prize \$1, E. Fellers. Throwing Heavy Hammer—1st prize \$5, D. J. McDonald, 89 feet; 2nd prize \$3, Vernon Shaw, 78 feet; 3rd prize \$2, J. J. Clark, Annandale, 75 feet 8 inches. Throwing Light Hammer—1st prize \$5, D. J. McDonald, 99 feet 9 inches; 2nd prize \$3, Vernon Shaw, 94 feet 8 inches; 3rd prize \$2, J. J. Clark, 94 feet 1 inch.

Flat Race, 100 Yards Dash—1st prize \$5, Wm. Hoole, time 25 3-5 seconds; 2nd prize \$2, Vernon Shaw; 3rd prize \$1, Chas. Hansen, Charlottetown.

Vaulting with Pole—1st prize \$3, and 2nd prize \$2, divided between Charles McGregor, Charlottetown, and Neil McNeil, Long Creek, equal, 9 feet 8 inches; 3rd prize \$1, divided between Vernon Shaw, John A. McKinnon, Churchill, and Fred. Wood Charlottetown, equal.

Racing High Leap—1st prize \$3, Wm. Hoole, 5 feet 2 inches; 2nd and 3rd prizes, Charles McGregor and Vernon Shaw.

Hop, Step and Jump—1st prize \$3, Jas. T. McNeill, Boaton, 41 feet 2 inches; 2nd prize \$2, Vernon Shaw, 38 feet 6 inches; 3rd prize \$1, D. J. McDonald, 37 feet 8 inches.

Running Broad Jump—1st prize \$3, James T. McNeill, 18 feet 10 inches; 2nd prize \$2, Vernon Shaw, 18 feet 11 inches; 3rd prize \$1, D. J. McDonald, 16 feet 10 inches. In this event, which was perhaps the most interesting, Vernon Shaw and J. T. McNeill, equalled and jumped it over.

Quarter Mile Race—1st prize \$5, Vernon Shaw; 2nd prize \$3, A. D. McArthur; 3rd prize \$2, C. Hansen. Time 1 minute and 14 seconds.

Dancing Ghillie Callum—1st prize \$3, Fred. Bremner, Charlottetown; 2nd prize \$2, Charles Campbell, Charlottetown.

Dancing Highland Fling (males)—1st prize \$3, Charles Campbell; 2nd prize \$2, Fred. Bremner.

Dancing Highland Fling (girls)—1st prize \$3, Miss McGillivray, Charlottetown.

150 Yards Race (Boys) Highland Brigade—1st W. D. McLean, 2nd C. G. McLean; 3rd D. Bethune, city. The prizes in this event are three silver medals.

150 Yards Race (Boys) Highland Brigade 14 years and under—1st William Cornfoot, 2nd A. Tomlin, 3rd William McDonald.

Sack Race—1st prize \$3, F. M. McKinnon; 2nd prize \$2, Malcolm Stewart, Springton; 3rd prize \$1, A. D. McArthur, time 25 seconds.

The Tog-of-War between ten men from Charlottetown and ten Summerside men, resulted in a victory for the Summerside team in two straight trials. Time 1st trial, 12 sec.; second trial 27 sec.

The Westminister Abbey Choir Concert party, now touring Canada, are not afraid to sing, although there are two Cowards and a Craven among them.

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The London (Ont) Advertiser says: "The newspaper compositor sometimes makes blunders, since to err is human; but seldom has he been guilty of so much unconscious irony as when, in yesterday's Advertiser, he set the following line in a heading referring to the passing of Mr. Shaw: 'President of the U. S. Steel Combine has Retired.'"

Overpowered the sporting reporter had been called upon to write up a wedding. "The bride," he wrote, "was enveloped in a dense fog, but moved down the aisle at a leisurely pace and looked every inch a winner."—Etc.

The Bangor News remarks that an "interesting aerial race might be arranged between Santos Dumont and the price of coal." Such talk is too flimsy for us, considering that the price is almost out of sight now.

The Ottawa Citizen howls thus: "They say every dog has his day, but dog days seem to be scarce this season."

And the London Advertiser barks back thus: "Quite true. But every dog in the neighborhood in which we occasionally try to snatch a few hours of troubled slumber seems to have his night with three some regularity."

It's pretty much the same way here. The canines around this way when they give a concert believe they're nothing like making a howling success of it.

A German writer in the Quarterly Review thus compares the Germans and the English: "We are without doubt, the greatest military nation in the world. We are the ablest nation in all departments of science and the fine arts. We are the best colonists, the best sailors even the best shopkeepers. In spite of this superiority, we are not arrogant like the English."

the steps of the Court House and ordered the man with the camera to fire away. Unhappy moment! A Judge of his Majesty's Supreme Court, who was on his way home to lunch appeared at the door to get exit. Impossible, because there was a flash in front of him.

Backs to right of him, and a flashing instrument, that might be the machine of a Russian nihilist pointed in his direction. The sheriff trembled, the orator fled, the clerk collapsed and a dark cloud descended on the scene. The ground shook, the buildings tottered, angry clouds scudded over the face of the sky and the pillars of the Court House shed tears. What was to be done?

Two stupendous forces confronted each other—a hungry court, and some two hundred men, including members of parliament, ex-members, merchant princes, etc., desirous of getting their pictures taken to be sent to "The Girl I Left Behind." Neck on an angle and the Court to "remove their panamas and look pleasant," and the court's appetite surged, swayed and rolled within, longing to be satisfied. A genius suggested that the Board of Trade would kindly feel small, part in the affair and allow the Court to pass without touching "the hem of its garment." This solved the problem, and all unpleasantness would have been avoided had not a small boy shouted, "Ye're a crowd of blackguards."

General News.

CRUSHED BY ROCK.

An accident occurred at St. George, N. B., a few days ago by which Matthew McNulty, aged 38, was instantly killed and William Stewart was seriously, but not fatally hurt. They were driving rock on an incline at the place where the Pulp and Paper Co. (New York state capitalists) are building a pulp mill. Tons of rock above them became dislodged and fell upon them. McNulty was horribly crushed and Stewart had his hip dislocated and was injured internally. McNulty leaves a wife and family.

THE GUNNERY RECORD.

H. M. S. Ocean, Captain Richard W. White, on the China station, has beaten the record for gunnery in the British navy. According to intelligence from Wei Wei Wei, the gunners of the six inch guns scored 117 hits out of 164 rounds, while the battleship was steaming 12 knots per hour, in 24 minutes. Their performance with the huge 40 tonners was equally good, as in 35 rounds they scored 37 hits. The gunners had long been practicing with an aiming apparatus—the "dotter"—it is a revolving wheel with the initials of Lady Smith fame.

THE DOHERTY MURDER.

The St. John Sun says: Interest in the Doherty murder case, the sensational developments of which have kept public excitement at a high pitch for the past two weeks, will subside now to revive again on September the second, when the trial will come off before Judge Cameron.

So far Frank Higgins is the only one charged by the crown as being connected with the murder. Goodspeed, while kept in equally safe keeping, is only held as a witness. It is not likely, however, that he will altogether escape punishment for his share in the crime.

In spite of his confession by which the crown is enabled to fix the crime in his case upon Higgins, the fact remains that he admits that he was a witness to the murder, and concealed all knowledge of it for ten days, only confessing after he had been arrested.

When Higgins makes his statement, if he ever does take the stand, his story may involve Goodspeed more deeply. Judging by his expression during the examination Tuesday night he will certainly deny part of Goodspeed's evidence, if not the whole.

When Higgins is examined, it is probable that Higgins will be indicted before the grand jury as an accessory after the fact. The matter rests entirely with the attorney-general, however, and he has not yet given any decision.

Should Goodspeed be so indicated he can still be called upon to testify against Higgins at the trial of the latter. Higgins in his turn can go on the stand, and testify against Goodspeed. He will, but cannot be compelled to do so.

A thousand Bcers, including General Cronje, his wife and staff, sailed from Jamestown, St. Helena, a few days ago for South Africa.

The progressive party in the Cape Colony assembly has repudiated Sir J. Gordon Sprigg as its leader and elected Dr. J. W. Smart in his place.

United States treasury department has forbidden clerks in responsible positions to indulge in playing poker or the razz.

President Ross denies that the Dominion Iron and Steel company completely increasing its stock or consolidating with the United States Steel or any other company.

Canada will have eight Rhodes scholarships, says Principal Parkin, instead of the five principal Parkin will resign the principalship of Upper Canada college to devote his entire energies to the Rhodes scheme.

At a meeting of delegates representing one-third of the Manitoba farmers, held in Winnipeg Thursday night, it was resolved not to pay more than \$40 a month for harvesters. The government, it was said, is disappointed at this action.

A telegram received in Paris from Oran, Algeria, says that a party of Moore's recently attacked a French military supply column near Ain Dalkell and that the members were killed or wounded on both sides. Troops have gone in pursuit of the Moors.

COAL UP IN NEW YORK.

The wholesale price of anthracite coal in New York has jumped to \$10.00 a ton for stove coal and \$11.00 for egg alongside. Attracted by the high prices in Manhattan, dealers in towns up the state have been making offers to the New York men to supply coal some of the offers coming from Troy and Utica. So far as could be learned, the dealers were not in favor of closing with those offers, as the cost of transportation and handling would be added.

SUPPORT SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a bridge to carry the weakened and starved system along until it can find firm support in ordinary food. Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto. (See ad. p. 100; all druggists.)

Commercial CAFE, Queen Street. (Next Prowse Bros.) YOU can get a good dinner at the above Cafe for only 15 cents. Also a large bill of fare to choose from. We make a specialty of baked beans, meat pies, Ham-burgh steak and onions. Sirlion steak always on hand. Try our Ice Cream, Pastry and Cake on the premises. JAS. LONERGAN, Proprietor. June 25, 1902—4f

The Top in Quality! We aim to supply our customers with the best of everything in our line and at the right prices. This accounts in a great measure for our growing trade. Teas and Coffee A word about our Tea and Coffee: In no part of Canada is there more Tea consumed in proportion to population than in P. E. Island, and in no other part of Canada is Tea sold as cheap. We pay particular attention to this branch of our business. Our "Eureka Blend" is having a very large sale. This Tea we have blended especially for our retail trade, and we claim that there is no better Tea on the market at 25 cents per lb. Our customers speak highly of it. COFFEE.—We want your Coffee trade. We handle the celebrated Chase and Sandborne Coffee's, which have a high reputation. We have placed in our store a new Coffee Mill and grind the Coffee fresh for you at time of purchase. This insures you purity and strength. Highest Price Paid for Eggs. We are Agents for Mill View Carding Mills. R. F. Maddigan & Co. ITS Money Saved TO BUY YOUR Summer Furnishings At D. A. BRUCE'S. Besides the satisfaction gained in receiving just what you desire in the very latest and most novel styles of Ties, Underwear, Hats, Straw and Felt, the newest patterns for Negligee and Outings. Summer Hosiery in black and stripes. Don't forget we sell READY-MADE CLOTHING Of our own manufacture for less money than is asked for imported goods. Wool Wanted D. A. BRUCE. ROBERT PALMER & CO., Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory. With experienced workmen and first-class machinery, we are prepared to supply contractors and others with Doors and Frames, Sashes and Frames, Interior and Exterior Finish, etc. etc. OUR SPECIALTIES. Gothic Windows, Stairs, Stair Rails, Balusters, Newel Posts, Kiln Dried Clear Spruce, Sheathing and Clapboards. GIVE US A CALL Robert Palmer & Co., Peake's No. 3 Wharf. Charlottetown, P. E. Island. July 3, 1902—y Grocery News Perhaps you are dissatisfied with your Groceries and are paying prices which should secure you better value. Have you ever purchased goods in our store? if not just begin. You may find reason to become a customer. We have lots of good and tasty things to please any person and sell at "live and let-live" prices. Cash paid for all the Eggs you bring us. JAS. KELLY & CO. Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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Stanley Bros.

Enormous Reductions on Summer Goods.

A lot of pretty Dress Muslins at 10 cts. per yard

Those Muslins are all this year's importation, good colors and splendid weavers—worth 14 cents, 16 cents and 20 cents per yard.

Ladies' Hats 25c. each

About 150 in black, colored and white—worth up to \$1.00 each.

Shirt Waists 50c. each

This lot includes regular 75 cent and 85 cent Waists, lots of them worth \$1.00.

A lot of old Ladies' Dolmans at 99c. each

And hundreds of other bargains.

Stanley Bros.



All Muslins!

33 1-3 per ct.

Discount for Cash.

All Shirt Waists

33 1-3 per cent.

DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

All Dress Gingham

33 1-3 PER CENT.

Discount for Cash

ALL SUMMER

Trimmed Hats

\$2.98

Worth up to \$5.50.

WEEKS & CO.

The People's Store.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The dwelling house of Mr. Michael Power, Corner of Rockford and Richmond streets was gutted by fire on Friday night Mr. Power believes that the fire was the work of an incendiary.

A FINE new barquentine of 240 tons has just been completed for Hon. D. Gordon at Georgetown. While it was being launched last week the tallow beneath the keel ignited, causing the vessel to stick at the end of the ways, thereby delaying the proceedings for a few days.

The seven-year-old son of Mr. A. Walker, Johnston's River, strayed away from his home about a fortnight ago, and although a persistent search has been kept up ever since the little fellow has not been found. The unfortunate child was deaf and dumb. His parents despair of ever seeing him alive.

The Souris Regatta takes place tomorrow. A large number of boats are entered. The race is for the Souris Cup and open to the whole island. A large number of people will no doubt take advantage of the special low rate from Charlottetown—\$1.00, for return by the special the same evening.

The soldiers of the last Canadian contingent may yet get war medals. It is understood that a memorial will be presented to the governor-in-council to the effect that an order-in-council be passed asking the imperial authorities to give the Canadians of the last four contingents medals. The New Canadian commander is much in favour of the idea.

Prof. J. W. Mitchell, of the Dominion Dairying Service is holding a series of meetings on dairying in this Province. The first of the season was held at Vernon River Bridge on Thursday evening and was largely attended. The second was held on Friday night at North Wilshire. These meetings should prove of great value to our farmers and dairymen.

The Royal Canadian Regiment now at Halifax will be relieved by the 5th Royal Reserve Regiment, now being formed in England. The Royal Reserve Regiment will be made up of men of all regiments in the British service, who are about to finish their time, and will have no young men in the ranks. It is not yet settled as to what will be done with the Canadians.

This schooner Tarquin, owned by H. H. Acorn of the Klondike Mills, Souris, and loaded by him with lumber for the Magdalen Islands, broke down and was driven ashore off Gridstone Island, M. I. during a storm on the night of the 17th. The vessel which is uninsured, is a total loss and her cargo is strewn along the shore—but the captain and crew of four men are safe. They had a narrow escape. The Tarquin was smashed to bits. The lumber is insured.

An accidental discovery of coal was made at South Maitland N. S., a few days ago, and a large number of areas have been taken up, as it is thought the find will prove a valuable one. The geological tide shifted a large bank of earth and left open to view a seam of coal, samples of which have been taken and promise well. J. C. Gaas, of St. John's, is interested in the find, and a government drill has been sent up to test at distances from the find.

A WINNIPEG despatch of the 22nd says: The advance contingent of harvesters excursion arrived here yesterday by Pacific express, which was in two sections. A boat 350 excursionists on two trains, nearly all young men. They came from the Lower Provinces; the most of them left for points in the West last night. At a meeting held here yesterday delegates representing about one-third of farmers in the province, maximum wages for harvesters was fixed at \$40 a month, and \$1.75 a day. Weather for harvesting continues to be most favorable.

The prisoner George Gillian who was convicted of manslaughter last June before the Supreme Court at Summerside, was removed from Doncaster Penitentiary and placed in the Prince County jail on Saturday. It will be remembered that through the effort of Neil McQuarrie, K. C., counsel for the prisoner before the Court of Appeal at Charlottetown, this conviction was quashed on the ground of some evidence being improperly admitted at the trial, and a new trial was ordered. Gillian on the way over was in charge of Deputy Sheriff Fred Wright and Constable Patrick Daly.

ALEXANDER McKenzie, a native of St. Peter's Bay, P. E. I., was recently killed at Marlboro, Mass., as the result of a runaway. The frightened horse took a sharp turn and the wagon struck a telephone post, throwing Mr. McKenzie and a young man named Rhines, who was driving, to the ground. Rhines was not injured much, but McKenzie's head struck some stones, and he died a few minutes later. The deceased was at one time book-keeper with Carroll Bros. in this city, and later with Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston. Latterly he was employed at the Waban Conservatory, Natick, Mass.

A New Glasgow, N. S., despatch of the 25th says that a powder magazine belonging to the Acadia Power Company at Thorburn, was blown up on Saturday, by a fifteen year old boy named McNulty, who lost his life. Another boy, seventeen years of age Finlay McDonald, was injured. The roof of the powder house was blown off and a building nearby was blown to atoms. McNulty belonged to Charlottetown. He had been in the employ of the company only five days McDonald belonged to Thorburn. At the inquest held by Coroner Kenny, Bodrick McLeod, a boy of twelve, in evidence said he and Ernest Patriquin were at work. He said McNulty asked them to go with him to the magazine to see what was written above the door. When they got there the deceased asked Patriquin for an empty cart. He gave it, and further asked to put a hole in it a quarter of an inch from the end. McLeod saw McNulty putting powder into the cartridge and taking matches out of his pocket. McLeod scented danger, and asked Patriquin to leave, but the deceased would not allow him to go. A minute later the explosion occurred. McNulty was found standing against a tree. "Can you save me" he cried. He was completely naked except one boot was on. He died in five minutes. Finlay McDonald was badly burned and his condition is serious. He is in the hospital. Patriquin's clothes caught fire but he was not hurt.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

SEVERAL of the express train-men have been fitted out in neat new uniforms. The suits were made at D. A. Bruce's establishment.

His Grace Archbishop O'Brien and Rev. Father O'Sullivan of Halifax, who had been here on a brief visit left for home on Saturday morning.

JOHN Ross, of Boston, formerly of Grand River, P. E. I., an engineer of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railway, was severely injured about the head, by an accident on the Road, recently. He was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital.

H. M. S. ARCADE, flagship of the North American station, flying the flag of Vice Admiral Hood, will pay a visit to Charlottetown, on Sept. 6th, in company with H. M. S. Indefatigable. The Arcade is a first class cruiser of 11,000 tons, 18,000 horse power, carrying 16 guns. She is the largest warship that has ever been on this station. The Indefatigable is a second class cruiser of 6,000 tons and 8 guns. She has already paid two visits to this port.

The Cheese Board held its meeting on Friday morning, at which the following were present: Lakeside 100, Stanley Bridge 200, St. Peter's 120, New Glasgow 180, Corwall 100, New Dominion 210, Uxton 130, Kensington 28, East Hill 81, Red Point 63, Red House 92, Hillboro 440, New Perth 150, Dunstaffnage 100, Hazel Brook 100. The highest bid by Dillon & Spillett of 93 was accepted by Stanley Bridge, New Glasgow and Corwall. The telegram read as follows: Montreal, dull English market quiet; steady, Montreal 93 to 93, London 48 to 48, Brookville 93 to 93.

The old schooner May Queen, built in 1846, now lies a dismantled hulk in the harbor, where she has been for some weather about a fortnight ago. The May Queen was loaded with hard stone. The crew stood by the vessel until Thursday last, endeavoring to save as much of the gear as possible. The vessel was commanded by Captain Wm. Campbell, of Montserrat. She now lies a dismantled hulk in the harbor, where she has been for some weather about a fortnight ago. The May Queen was loaded with hard stone. The crew stood by the vessel until Thursday last, endeavoring to save as much of the gear as possible. The vessel was commanded by Captain Wm. Campbell, of Montserrat. She now lies a dismantled hulk in the harbor, where she has been for some weather about a fortnight ago.

A LARGE number of people attended the yacht races at Charlottetown last Wednesday. The following boats took part: Mamie C, John McPhee, Anandale; Lina May, Harry McLean, Souris; Shamrock, John Condon, Panmore Island; Myrtle E., Samuel Hemphill, Georgetown; Petrel, Ephraim McKenzie, Souris. The course was sailed over twice, a distance of 23 miles. Shamrock was the victor, won after a very exciting contest, with the Lina May five seconds behind him, and Mamie C. 3 minutes and 2 seconds behind the second boat. The Shamrock's actual time was 3 hours 2 minutes and 55 seconds. This race was for the Hodgson Cup. Other prizes in cash were offered besides.

FULLY one hundred delegates were present at the opening meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade in Sydney last week. The secretary-treasurer's report showed that ten Boards had been organized during the year. There are now 4 (four) in Nova Scotia, four in Cape Breton, three in Prince Edward Island and nine in New Brunswick, 29 of these being affiliated. The year now closing, the report says, has been a banner one with regard to its financial situation, the receipts being nearly double of any previous year. Arrangements for better preservation of our forests and for better transportation facilities were passed. A motion also passed asking for a committee to inquire into the matters of having a Maritime Trade Journal to publish the proceedings of the Board. The following were the officers elected—President, Howard H. Jackson, Charlottetown; Vice-President, J. E. DeWolf, Halifax; D. H. Welsh, Moncton; Permanent Secretary, Treasurer, C. M. Creed, Halifax; Corresponding Secretary, E. T. Higgs, Charlottetown; Auditor, F. O. Allison, St. John. The next meeting of the Board will be held at Charlottetown.

A sad drowning accident occurred at Souris on Saturday afternoon. Two boys, Stephen McInnis, son of the late Joseph McInnis, and Huntley McDonald, son of Capt. Wm. McDonald were out boat-sailing and as they were sailing up the harbor, the boat suddenly capsized near Stone's wharf and filling with water, sank; leaving just the tops of the masts visible above water. McDonald held on to one of the masts until rescued, but McInnis, being a fairly good swimmer struck out for the shore. With the weight of his clothing and boots on him, he soon became exhausted and went down. Some fishermen who saw the accident went as quickly as possible to the scene but were not in time to rescue the unfortunate lad McInnis. McDonald was very much exhausted when rescued. The body of McInnis was recovered a few minutes later and Dr. Mulla, McLeod and Huntley worked incessantly for three hours, endeavoring to restore animation, but all their efforts were in vain. The deceased was eighteen years of age. The funeral took place on Sunday at St. Mary's cemetery and was largely attended.

The Abegweit Athletic Association of the city will not send any representatives to Moncton to compete in the Maritime Championships to be held there on Labor Day, but will keep them at home to take part in the Labor Sports to be held here on that day. The Abegweits have always made a strong showing in these sports, last year carrying off all before them, and defeating the Halifax Wanderers 85 points to their 29. The Abegweits had decided to take part in the Union Sports on Labor Day before the date for the Championships was announced and the Truro Athletic Association had arranged for sports on that day. The secretaries of both associations wrote to the M. P. A. A., asking them to change the date for the Championships to avoid conflict, but they refused. The M. P. A. A. evidently do not want our men to take part in these games, as is shown in several ways, viz: The Vice-President of the Association, Mr. L. B. McMillan, of this City did not receive notification of the sports being held until last Friday, and the entire closed yesterday. The place and date were arranged without consulting the Vice-President. The secretary of the Abegweits was not notified. The sports were not advertised in an Island paper as is customary. The application for a sanction for the Union Sports was refused by the M. P. A. A.

DIED

In this city, on August 19th, from lockjaw, John James Doyle, aged 17 years. R. I. P.

At Forest Hill, on August 19th, 1902, Christina McBeath, beloved child of Margaret McBeath, aged two years and nineteen days. She was a sweet gentle baby who won her way into many hearts. Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven.

On Aug. 23rd, Catherine McDonald, relict of the late Angus McDonald, Covehead, aged 70 years.

During August J. B. Macdonald & Co. are giving tremendous bargains in clothing dry goods, boots and shoes. Read their adv. and if you go to town be sure and call and buy. You will save money by doing so.

Minard's Liniment the best Hair Restorer.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction on Wednesday, the 27th day of September, A. D. 1902, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, in front of the Law Courts in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Twenty-third day of May 1902, and made between Alexander McDonald, of the late Thomas Heath Haviland, and conveyed to him by deed from Thomas Heath Haviland and wife, and conveyed to him by deed from George W. DeWolf and wife, and running thence north along the eastern boundary thereof five chains, thence west parallel with the southern boundary thereof one hundred chains to the western boundary of the said three hundred and two acres of land; thence south five chains to the southern boundary thereof; and thence east along said boundary to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres of land, a little more or less.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying or being on Lot or Township number Fifty-six, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the southeast angle of three hundred and two acres of land purchased by James McDonald from the late Thomas Heath Haviland, and conveyed to him by deed from Thomas Heath Haviland and wife, and conveyed to him by deed from George W. DeWolf and wife, and running thence north five chains and five links, thence east along the eastern boundary thereof one hundred chains to the said southern boundary of fifty acres of land; thence south five chains to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres of land, a little more or less, or less.

Also all that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying or being on Lot or Township number Fifty-six, aforesaid, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the western boundary of the said three hundred and two acres of land, at a point held by John McDonald (senior), at a point held by Alexander Robertson, thence north along the same eighteen chains to the said southern boundary of the land now or formerly held by James McDonald; thence east along the eastern boundary thereof one hundred chains to the said southern boundary of fifty acres of land; thence south five chains to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres of land, a little more or less, or less.

Dated this Twelfth day of August, A. D. 1902.

CREDIT-PONCEIR FRANCO-CANADIEN, August 12th, 1902-31

CANADIAN PACIFIC

THE SHORT LINE TO THE

TORONTO EXHIBITION!

Only One Night on the Road.

Tickets on sale September 2nd, 4th, 6th and 9th.

Rate from Charlottetown \$24.05.

Special Low Rates September 5th and 8th.

Rate from Charlottetown \$20.05.

All Tickets good to return until September 15th.

LABOR DAY September 1st, 1902.

Tickets on sale between all points on the Canadian Pacific Railway in Canada east of Port Arthur, Aug. 30th, 31st and Sept. 1st. Good to return Sept. 2nd, at Single Fare for the Round Trip.

All information furnished on application to nearest Ticket Agent, or to

C. B. FOSTER, D.F.A., G.P.R. St. John, N.B.

P. E. ISLAND

Agricultural & Industrial EXHIBITION!

CHARLOTTETOWN,

From September 23rd to 26th,

Open to Maritime Provinces. The Largest Prize List yet.

Over \$8,000 Offered in Prizes.

There will also be a number of interesting specialties.

Live Stock, Dairy Products, Poultry, Fruit, Flowers and Manufactures.

Entries close 16th September; other entries close 9th September.

Live Stock judges will explain their awards.

Illustrated lectures by experts on agricultural subjects almost all the time. A large lecture room provided on the grounds.

2-DAYS HORSE RACING-2

24th and 25th Sept.

\$1,250 IN PURSES.

The fastest classes ever started on the Island.

Cheap rates on railways and steamboats for exhibitors.

The very lowest excursion rates on all railways and steamboats for visitors.

For entry forms, prize lists, race programmes and all information address the secretary.

F. L. HAZARD, C. R. SMALLWOOD, President, Sec'y Treas.

Aug. 6, 1902-71

A Life Size Crayon Portrait Free.

The Wonderful Cheap Men are always doing something odd. Now we are going to give you a life-size Crayon Portrait of yourself or any of your family, with every purchase of two dollars worth of goods. Come in at once and see the samples of the kind of work we do.

A Great American Artist

Is doing the work we do, and is doing it in our own store, so if the Portrait does not please you, you can tell him so and he will make another at once. Bring us a photo, or a good tin type, buy two dollars worth of goods, get your ticket, go to the Artist's Studio upstairs, order your picture, and it will be done as soon as possible and you will be satisfied.

Why? How?

Why? Well, the reason why is because in the dull season of the year we're going to wake trade up a little. How? Oh, well that makes no difference, in fact we hardly know ourselves how we do it; but we do it, that's all you want to know.

PROWSE BROS.

BIG DISCOUNT!

For August

Men's Clothing 33 1-3 off.

All our Men's Tweed Suits 33 1-3 per cent. off
All our Men's Serge Suits " " "
All our Men's Worsted Suits " " "
All our Men's Pants " " "
All Men's Overalls 25 per cent off
All Boys' Suits 33 1-3 off

Dress Goods.

Black and Colored Dress Goods 33 1-3 per cent. off.
Corsets, Gloves and Underwear 33 1-3 per cent. off.
Laces and Ribbons 33 1-3 per cent. off.
Print Cottons, White Cottons, 35 p. c. off; Grey Cotton and Flannellette, 25 p. c. off; Wrappers 33 1-3 p. c. off; Gents' Furnishings, do.; White and Colored Shirts, 33 1-3 p. c. off; Ties, Collars and Cuffs, 33 1-3 p. c. off; Hats and Caps, do.; Underwear, 25 p. c. off; Boots and Shoes, do. These are genuine discounts from regular marked prices.

J. B. McDONALD & CO.

Leaders in Low Prices.

Shirt Waists

One Third Off.

On one of our centre tables you will find a lot of girls' and ladies' Waists that are as pretty and practical as girls or their mother could wish. Dainty, seasonable, in good variety and yet marked to sell at one third off the regular price.

.75	for	.50
1.00	"	.66
1.25	"	.82
1.50	"	1.00
1.75	"	1.16

And there is new, choice, dainty, beauty in every one.

F. PERKINS & CO.

The Millinery Leaders.

Sunnyside. Phone 223.

WE KEEP

Always on hand at our store.

Cameron Block, Charlottetown,

a large stock of

Watches, Jewelry,

Silverware,

Clocks, etc.,

At prices to suit everyone.

E. W. TAYLOR.

THE WONDERFUL FLOWER OF WOXINDON.

An Historical Romance of the Times of Queen Elizabeth.

BY REV. JOSEPH SPILLMAN, S. J.

PUBLISHED BY PERMISSION OF B. HERDER, ST. LOUIS, MO.

(Reproduced from the Montreal True Witness.)

CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.)

Of Babington I had a full view. When I looked at the gallant young fellow, attractive in face and figure, in the heyday of youth and prosperity, I felt really sorry for him. The horrible scene at Tyburn rose before my eyes, and I said to myself, "O foolish man, are you aware of the awful risk you run in entering the lists with such a one as Walsingham?"

The conversation that passed between my uncle and the two young men has already been accurately reported by my friend Windsor. When they were gone, I could not help asking my uncle whatever induced him to offer one of the conspirators so responsible a post as that of body physician to the Queen of Scots?

"I had two motives," he replied. "First, I wanted to make sure that they really were hatching a plot for the liberation of Mary Stuart; for it is difficult that a harum-scarum young fellow like this Babington can possibly be engaged in a serious conspiracy. However it undoubtedly is so; Windsor managed to keep his self possession tolerably well when I made the startling proposal, but the other fairly betrayed himself. Then secondly, I wished to make them think themselves secure. It is of the utmost importance to me that they should attempt this enterprise. Mary Stuart's death depends upon it, as I told you when you came back from Paris. And I had reason to think they were beginning to get timid about it. Now this show of trust on my part will put them completely off their guard; we will see that a sharp watch is kept over this Mr. Windsor, who seems more to be dreaded than his friend. The surer they think themselves of success, the surer we are of it. I had the two children released only for the sake of keeping the worthy gentlemen in good humor. You may as well take them to Mr. Windsor's house, and that will afford you an opportunity of making acquaintance with the conspirators. Give a guinea to Topcliffe, and tell him not to be impatient, it will not be long before he has these young men in the toils."

Soon after Topcliffe came, bringing the two juvenile prisoners from Newgate. I remember still the impression that Anne Bellamy, herself little more than a child, and the merry, bright boy with his quaint way of talking made upon me. Nor have I forgotten the explanation he gave of image worship, which brought all the doubts suggested by the "Rationes" back to my mind. I asked myself on what our objections to the Catholic religion were founded, if a mere child, half in play, could so easily demolish one of the principal ones? The noteworthy occurrences that took place while we were on the river have been fully related by my friend Windsor; nothing therefore remains for me but to let him continue the narrative of the events that followed. I do this all the more willingly, because I should have little to tell concerning my last week in London, except my mental struggles, which would be quite as wearisome to read as they were painful to endure. It was not study that brought me to the light, but the exceedingly great mercy of God, of which I shall speak in the proper place.

One thing I must add: About this time Gifford returned bringing with him a letter from Mary Stuart, thus proving that the means of carrying on a secret correspondence through the good offices of the "honest man" had been successfully arranged.

I must now ask Windsor to take up the thread of the story where he left it and relate what happened subsequently to the memorable boating expedition on the Thames.

CHAPTER XVIII.

When we got back to the house, we found the horses standing before the door ready bridled and saddled. We told Topcliffe in as few words as possible what had occurred, and prepared to mount. Miss Anne rode on a pillion behind Babington, after the fashion of those days, and I took little Frith up before me on my saddle. Just as we started, I caught sight of Bill Bell, our hostman, standing by, and I remembered my promise to visit his sick daughter that evening. But he assured me that she was better, and begged me not to delay my journey on her account; so I contented myself with sending a message to my patient, to the effect that she might expect a call from me immediately upon my return, probably on the morrow, and meanwhile she should continue to take the medicine I had left with her. Then we struck into a quick trot, taking the nearest way out of London, for it was getting late, and

a powerful magnet attracted me to Woxindon. The shades of evening were beginning to fall before we reached the "Blue Boat" at St. Giles. We drew up under the oaks and stopped for a few moments, just to tell our host of the satisfactory interview with Walsingham, and refresh ourselves with the stirrup cup of sparkling cider which he brought out to us. Then onward we went through the meadows—already docketed in a deeper shade of verdure than when we passed that way before—to St. John's Wood, arriving at our destination about the time of sunset. The porter hastened to throw open the gate at our approach; and behold, as we rode through the grounds up to the house, a pleasing sight met my view, for who should be standing between the thick hedges of yew but Miss Mary, shading her eyes from the level rays of the setting sun, eager to see who was coming through the gate. When she discerned her brother and sister, she cried aloud with joy, and came running up to kiss and embrace them; and in the delight of this unexpected meeting many a happy grateful look was directed to Babington and me, especially when she heard that, to our intercession with Walsingham, the release of the two prisoners was due.

We were next conducted into the hall, where the venerable old lady sat in her armchair by the hearth. She was much shaken by the grief and agitation of the last two days; but her pale face flashed, and her eyes beamed with pleasure when her two grandchildren, looking bright and well, entered the hall. She kissed the laughing boy and the blooming girl on their foreheads, and extended to each of us a trembling hand. Her two sons also came in, besides several old retainers of the family, and for a few minutes the hall resounded with joyous clamour, as if it were forgotten that the house was a house of mourning, and that a few chambers off, the head of the house lay on his bier, still and silent in his last long sleep.

But when the first congratulations and inquiries were over, and the good grandmother heard that Frith was to go to Court in the capacity of one of the Queen's pages, her countenance grew grave. "Far rather," she said, "would I see the boy taken to Newgate or the Tower, than sent to Court, where every effort will be made to corrupt his innocence and destroy his faith." To this I could not say nay, for the same thought had occurred to me when Elizabeth expressed her royal will to have him for a page. But what could be done under the circumstances? Every one was aware of the Queen's violent temper; if irritated by opposition, she was quite capable of taking the child from my force, and we should only gain for ourselves a powerful and unscrupulous enemy. So I told the old lady, and she saw the justice of what I said.

I tried to restore cheerfulness to the family circle by the prospect that it would not be for long. An idea struck me as I was riding down from London, which, if I talked it over, might come to something. It was a plan for bringing about, with the assistance of a man whom I knew well, and who was under some obligation to me, the escape of Mr. Robert Bellamy from the Clink. If it succeeded, he would, of course, have to cross seas; in that case it might be arranged for the boy to slip away from Court and accompany his uncle to the continent, where he could be received and educated in a Jesuit College. It would doubtless be necessary to await a favorable opportunity for the execution of such a project, or a few months at most, Frith's morals would be hopelessly corrupted, or his faith undermined. I thought in saying this of our scheme for the liberation of Mary Stuart, which if carried out, would assuredly necessitate my flight to the continent. I told myself that provided Miss Mary accepted the offer of my hand, as I had little reason to doubt she would, I would persuade her to settle in some Catholic town on the Rhine. But all this I took care to keep to myself.

The old lady considered the idea of her son Robert attempting to escape from prison as too venturesome. But Remy was all the more pleased with it on that account; he volunteered his assistance, and declared he too would cross the Channel, since England was now no place for Catholics to live.

"Then you had better go at once, and take the boy with you," the old lady suggested. But that would have interfered sadly with our plans, for it would indeed have rendered them nugatory, and aroused the Queen's

displeasure against us. Therefore Babington and I exerted all our influence to induce them to send the boy for a short time to the Court, urging that it was quite possible that the Queen would ere long grant the prisoners pardon; whereas if the child were sent away at once, she would wreak her anger upon the inmates of Woxindon, or at any rate upon Robert, who was completely at her mercy.

"What is to become of us poor girls, if you are all going abroad?" Anne asked in a pitiful voice. "Are we to be left behind with uncle Barthy and grandmother, unprotected and helpless? What a miserable thing it is to be a woman, dependent upon the will of another! If I were but a man, I know what I would do!"

Babington was so touched by this outburst of feeling on the part of the young lady, that he declared then and there, she should never want a protector while he lived, and if the estate were confiscated by the Crown, he would be proud to offer her a home. This speech evidently afforded the greatest satisfaction to Anne, more so than to her grandmother, who gave the young man to understand that under existing circumstances she considered such gallantries ill-timed. It was glad that I had kept silence, and contented myself with exchanging with Anne a glance, of which the blush that mantled her cheek showed that she comprehended the significance.

After a lengthened discussion it was decided that Frith should go to Court; but before giving a final consent, the old lady wished to ask the opinion of Father Weston, who was still in hiding in the old castle. One of the servants had already been sent to conduct the priest with all precautions, to the house; for it was thought that without too great risk he might say Mass before daybreak in the chamber where the corpse lay, and recite the prayers for the departed.

Frith who could no longer keep his eyes open, was sent off to bed; Mrs. Bellamy and the two girls also retired, leaving Babington and myself, with the two brothers of the deceased, to await the coming of the priest. We occupied ourselves in reciting the Psalter of Jesus for the suffering souls, uncle Barthy taking the lead with great devotion; we had almost got to the end when Father Weston entered. He would not allow us to break off, but joined us in the last sentences, and the "Ave" and "Requiescat" wherewith we concluded. Then he seated himself at the table and partook of a slight refreshment, conversing meanwhile very agreeably with us. I need hardly say that he listened with the greatest interest to the adventures of the children, and our interview with the Queen. His eyes sparkled with pleasure when he told him how Frith had distinguished himself as a controversialist; but on hearing of Elizabeth's command, he looked very grave. He would not give a definite answer, when we asked his opinion concerning the plan we had formed, saying he must have time to think over a matter which so closely affected the child's spiritual welfare, and seek light from God in the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass. He asked however at once, whether we had not thought of sending the boy abroad directly as the simplest way out of the difficulty, and the answer Babington gave, did not seem to satisfy him; He looked searchingly at the speaker; then rising up he asked leave to retire, that he might prepare himself for saying Mass. Though he was but young, I felt from the outset perfect confidence in the good Father, his manner was so quiet and unassuming, so simple and straightforward. I determined to go to confession to him, and ask what he thought about my acceptance of Walsingham's proposal.

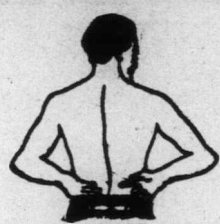
Having obtained permission to go to his room as soon as I was ready, I withdrew from the others in order to examine my conscience. This done, I presented myself before the priest, and made a humble and contrite confession of my sins and shortcomings, which were alas! not few in number; and he had set me my penance, and was about to pronounce the absolution, I told him I wished under the seal of confession, to ask his advice about an affair of importance. Then, without mentioning any names, I disclosed our project to him, and acquainted him with the offer Walsingham had made to give me the post of physician to the Queen of Scots.

(To be continued.)

Only a Mask.

Many are not benefited by the summer vacation as they should be. Now, notwithstanding much outdoor life, they are little if any stronger than they were. The tan on their faces is darker and makes them look healthier, but it is only a mask. They are still nervous, easily tired, upset by trifles, and they do not eat or sleep well. What they need is what tones the nerves, perfects digestion, creates appetite, and makes sleep refreshing, and that is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Pupils and teachers generally will find the chief purpose of the vacation best served by this great medicine which, as we know, "builds up the whole system."

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.



THAT'S THE SPOT!

Right in the small of the back. Do you ever get a pain there? If so, do you know what it means? It is a Backache.

A sure sign of Kidney Trouble. Don't neglect it. Stop it in time. If you don't, serious Kidney Troubles are sure to follow.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS cure Backache, Lame Back, Diabetes, Dropsy and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles. Babington was so touched by this outburst of feeling on the part of the young lady, that he declared then and there, she should never want a protector while he lived, and if the estate were confiscated by the Crown, he would be proud to offer her a home. This speech evidently afforded the greatest satisfaction to Anne, more so than to her grandmother, who gave the young man to understand that under existing circumstances she considered such gallantries ill-timed. It was glad that I had kept silence, and contented myself with exchanging with Anne a glance, of which the blush that mantled her cheek showed that she comprehended the significance.

Price 50c. a box or 5 for \$1.25, all dealers. DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., Toronto, Ont.

THE ADVANCE GUARD.

BY MARION MOIR.

Up savage summits, one by one, We wound our way, the pilgrims of the sun; We saw below the prairies, and the steep Stern canyons where the storm-born torrents leap; Above our heads hung red the dying rose On the smooth crest of Continental snows. Then through an ice-cleft, on the ridge most high, We pressed in silence, saw a wider sky— The sinking sun on cedar groves and pine, On long low levels fit for fruit and wine,— And, as that sunset crimson paled above, Thrilled with the solemn joy of those who love And die for country, seeing that we bore The hope of homes where none had been before. —Ave Maria.

Children are often attacked suddenly by painful and dangerous Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, etc. Dr. Fowler's extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt and sure cure which should always be kept in the house.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

About all the use average man ever makes of his ancestors is to inherit weak points from them.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure Anemia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness, or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

The average man will do more for revenge and stubbornness than for right.

British Troop Oil Liniment is good for man or beast. Relieves pain, reduces swelling, allays inflammation, cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints, bites of insects, rheumatism, etc. A large bottle for 25 cent.

Those who make hay while the sun shines are the most liable to get a sun stroke.

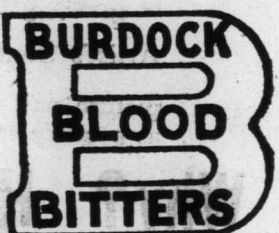
A Red Hot Season.

During the hot season the blood gets over heated, the drain on the system is severe and the appetite is often lost. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies and invigorates the blood, tones up the system and restores the lost appetite.

Some people regard a secret as they would a pound of candy—too good to keep.

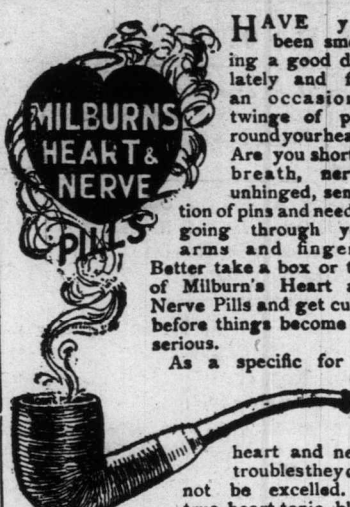
Backache, swelling of feet and ankles, puffing under eyes, frequent thirst, scanty, cloudy, high colored urine and all urinary troubles lead to Bright's disease, dropsy, diabetes etc. Doan's Kidney Pills are a sure cure.

Minard's Liniment the best Hair Restorer.



Is a purely vegetable System Renovator, Blood Purifier and Tonic.

A medicine that acts directly at the same time on the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood. It cures Dyspepsia, Bilioussness, Constipation, Pimples, Boils, Headache, Salt Rheum, Running Sores, Indigestion, Erysipelas, Cancer, Shingles, Ringworm or any disease arising from an impoverished or impure condition of the blood. EVERY HOUSE SHOULD HAVE IT. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. TAKE NO OTHERS. PRICE, - 35c.



MILBURN'S HEART & NERVE PILLS cure Anemia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness, or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOW THE PARSON FIGURED IT.

After a sermon by an old colored preacher in Southwest Georgia one of the brethren said to him: "Br'er Jenkins, how fur off, you reckon bell is?" "How ol' is you, Br'er Thomas?" asked the preacher. "Well, sub, ef I don't miss my kalkerations, I is 64." "Well," said the preacher, "w'en you wuz bo' inter de worl' bell wuz dez sixty-four years off; en all I got ter say is, dat ef you ain't in sight er it now, it ain't yo fault!"

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache and all affections of the organs of digestion.

If morality is on the increase it is not a good comment on our forefathers.

Don't marry for money, but for love, and if the girl has money try to love her.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The only credit a liar ever merited was for telling a lie the same way twice.

The best luck that could befall some men would be to lose their reputation.

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30.00, cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT, and sold him in four months for \$85.00. Profit on him \$54.00.

MOISE DEROSSE, Hotel Keeper, St. Phillip's, Que., Nov. 1st, 1901.

Every woman who wears a mother Hubbard loose ought to be given a belt.

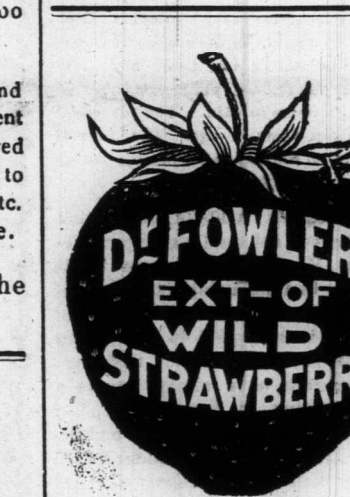
When a spendthrift has grown old he is fully prepared to acknowledge what a fool a good fellow is.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

What is the use of women wearing bosom distenders when men know all about the fraud?

Mens felt hats at Week's & Co. We are having a splendid sale of our Christy Hats this year beating all other year's hollow. We give the best value and have a big stock of the latest styles to choose from. We will be glad to show them to you Weeks & Co. The People's Store.

It Will Pay You — TO — INVESTIGATE OUR PRICES — ON OUR — Made-to-Order Suits,



D'FOWLER'S EXT-OF WILD STRAWBERRY FOR DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, CRAMPS, PAIN IN THE STOMACH, AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

ITS EFFECTS ARE MARVELLOUS. IT ACTS LIKE A CHARM. RELIEF ALMOST INSTANTANEOUS.

Pleasant, Rapid, Reliable, Effectual.

EVERY HOUSE SHOULD HAVE IT. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. TAKE NO OTHERS. PRICE, - 35c.

Suits.

WE KEEP

Right to the Front — IN THE — Tailoring Trade;

But we do not charge high prices for our Goods—just enough to make you feel satisfied that you are getting the best value in town.

Tweed & Worsted Suits

FROM \$14 UP.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

Merchant Tailor.

HALL'S FLY OIL!

Recommended by Professor Robertson, of the Experimental Farm, Nappan, N. S.

FOR SALE BY Fennell & Chandler

It Will Pay You

INVESTIGATE OUR PRICES

Made-to-Order Suits,

Overcoats, Trousers, Fancy Vests, etc., White Shirts, Colored Shirts, Silk front Shirts, Underclothing, Bathing Suits, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Suspenders, Gloves, Socks, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Tennis Shirts, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, Light Summer Coats and Vests, Caps, Collar Buttons, Cuff Links, Tie Clips, etc.

Everything New and Up-to-date.

GORDON & MACLELLAN,

Men's Outfitters.

The Charlottetown STEAM NAVIGATION CO., Ltd.

Steamers Northumberland and Princess. Leave as below every day, Sunday excepted (local). From Point du Chene on arrival of 12.00 train from St. John for Summerside, connecting there with express train for Charlottetown and Tignish.

From Summerside, on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown and all stations of P. E. I. R., for Point du Chene, connecting with day train for St. John, Boston and Montreal.

Connection at Moncton for all stations on I. C. R. and its connections, and at St. John with the C. P. R. and railways for U. S. for all points West and South, and at St. John with steamers of Eastern S. S. Line after 1st July for Boston direct, on Tuesday and Saturday, due the following day at noon; and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings with steamers for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

From Pictou for Charlottetown on arrival of train leaving Halifax at 12.30 and Sydney at 6.40.

From Charlottetown for Pictou at 9.15 a. m., connecting there with day trains for Cape Breton and Halifax. At North Sydney with steamer Bruce for Newfoundland. At Halifax with C. A. and Plant Line for Boston.

Through tickets to be had at Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, Intercolonial and P. E. I. Railways, and on the Company's steamers and connecting lines in United States and Canada.

July 15, 1902. F. W. HALES, Secretary.

New Fruit Syrups.

We have just received a new lot of Fruit Syrups. The varieties include:—

- Lemon,
- Pineapple,
- Strawberry,
- Raspberry,
- Lime Fruit,
- Raspberry
- Vinegar,
- Lemon Ginger-ette.

The prices range from 10c to 35 cents a bottle.

BEER & COFF,

GROCERS.

Carter's

Bookstore

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Books, Magazines, Newspapers

(Home and Foreign)

STATIONERY,

WALL PAPER,

FANCY GOODS,

TOYS

The latest Works of Fiction and all the leading Magazines and Newspapers promptly received. Ample supplies in all lines at all times.

Geo. Carter & Co.

Booksellers & Stationers.

! SAY !

If you want to buy a SATISFACTORY pair of

BOOTS or SHOES

or anything else in the

FOOTWEAR

line, at the greatest saving price to yourself, try—

A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN, QUEEN STREET.