→AND ←

Factory

Blanks

The Athens Reporter

Should be ordered

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Vol. XX. No. 33

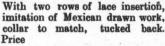
Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, August 17, 1904.

G. F. Donnelley, Publisher

WHITE SILK

Brockville's Greatest Store

Can't have too many white silk shirt waists. There are so many varied styles. They wash so nicely, and are so cool and dressy, that one gets the very best service from them.



WHITE WASH SILK WAIST

WHITE WASH SILK WAIST Three rows of lace insertion down the front, tucked back and sleeves.

\$3.75

WHITE WASH SILK-Solid tucked front, with two rows of silk lace, insertion down the front and sleeve, tucked back.

\$5.00

WHITE WASH SILK WAIST 7 inch frill, with one row of linen colored lace insertion around the front and over shoulder, insertion yoke and insertion trimmed sleeve.

\$4.90

WHITE WASH SILK-With 5 inch frill trimmed with insertion, val lace front and over shoulder, val insertion yoke, sleeves trimmed with val insertion.

Others at \$7.00 and \$7.50

Robt. Wright & Co.

Roofing & Eavetroughing

Get our figures for any work you require done. We can give you the Kincaid Metallic Shingle, a roof covering that has stood the test of time, at an attractive price.

Everything for the Dairy

Dairy in stock and make to order everything required in the Dairy industry. High-class material—reliable goods.

All Repairing entrusted to us is carefully and promptly ex

MORTON C. LEE

The Athens Hardware Store.



Give me a call when wanting anything in my line.

Wm. Karley Main St., Athens.

Here's an Advantage

On any day of the week, excepting Wednesday, a "rush" order for poster work, etc., reaching the Reporter office in the morning will be completed and returned on the evening

BASEBALL GAME AND SOCIAL

Wednesday August 10th was a gala day for Lyndhurst. The "Wellington's" of that village added another scalp to their belts by defeating the skilful braves from Elgin in one of the most exciting and closest games of ball ever played on localithe diamond. Both teams played championship hall up to teams played championship ball up to the 7th innings, when the boys from Eigin objected to a decision of the umpire, spectators joined in the fray and things were rather dangerous for a while, but soon, when spirits and arms had settled down, the game went merrily on. At last, in the tenth, the "Wellington's" scored the winning run amid applause and excitement which would have put to shame a Shawnee powow. This is the second time this ason that the Elgin boys have lost to Lyndhurst.

The game was followed by a splendid supper in the Exhibition buildings. Many and tasty dainties served by fair maidens refreshed many a hoarse throat. A programme of music recita-tions and addresses came next in order. The thanks of the boys are due to Mr. G. L. Riches of Brockville for the kind loan of a fine Karn piano for the concert. Altogether, the boys are more than pleased with the event,—a win at ball, a good supper and programme, and one hundred dollars gatereceipts. On the last four games, the "Wellington's" have scored 50 runs to their oppontents 18. Gananoque, Brockville, Lyn, Elgin.

	PLA) EES	
LYNDHURST		ELGIN
R. Brennan	Catcher	V. Sexton
C. Brownbrid	ge L Field	E. Hamilton
J. Hunkins	C Field	E. Merriman
H. Harvey	R Field	W. Lister
C. Johnson	2nd Base	W. Young
E. Harvey	Short-stop	W. Ripley
G. Roddick	Pitcher	R. Clarke
V. Landon		C. Hamilton
A. H. Soverei	gn 1st Base	L. Muchmore
Score by in	nings.	
Lyndhurst	21000	01201-7

Brockville Cheese Board

There was a large attendance of both salesmen and buyers. The cable was 39s. 6d. for white, 41s. for colored, 740 white and 2,156 colored were

The bidding beyond eight cents was slow, and Mr. Webster's offer of 8½ met with refusal from every factory called. He then raised the bid to 8½ with the same result. When 8½ c was offered by him but two factories sold. Mr. Riccall's offer of 8½ met with no old friends in Athens. The varied with the same result. When 8½c was offered by him but two factories sold. Mr. Bissell's offer of 8½c met with no lakers and when he added a sixteenth in the same result. When same result, we have a sixteenth in the same result. When 8½c was ceiving the glad hand from his many old friends in Athens. The varied and yaluable experience he gained as two or three factories accepted. but two or three factories accepted. Mr. Webster then offered 85c and succeeded in taking several hundred boxes at that price, but most of the salesmen seemed to bave sales arranged with their own particular buyers, and the board then adjourned.

Recovered His Spinner

Rideau Record: On Thursday Mr. Norman Greer and one of the ladies at Fancy Free cottage while fishing for salmon succeeded in landing an eleven pounder after an unusually hard fight. In dressing the fish a partially decom posed herring with complete spinner and gang of three tripple hooks was found in its stomach. The following day the tackle was identified beyond question by Rev. Mr. Sheldon of Cornwall as lost by himself on Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs Sheldon hooked a heavy fish that had fought so hard that eventually they concluded that they had become attached to bottom and were reasonably convinced that such was the case when their line at last came up without bait or hooks. The recovered outfit is in perfect order and ready for another similar experience Surely even in fishing on the Rideau truth is stranger than fiction.

Free Trip to Winnipeg

Last December the Federal College, Ottawa, advertised that to all students beginning in January, on the comple-tion of their full courses, would be given a free trip to Winnipeg or New York if situations were not obtained for them nearer home. The college has fully carried cut that promise, and now repeats the offer to all who begin a similar course during the first week in September. One of the students attending last winter obtained a situation at \$800 a month. Write or call

tor particulars.

Head Offices, 62 Bank St., Ottawa.

Branch colleges at Montreal, Arnprior,
Perth, Lindsay. G. S. Housron, N.A.

These concerts are come at this season, to still further pop City Music Store.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Mrs. S. C. A. Lamb is visiting

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Barber of New York are spending a vacation of two weeks with friends here and in Plum

Mrs. Robert Bragg of San Francis-co, California, and Miss Anna Parson of San Pedro, Southern California, are the guests of Mrs. A. E. McLean.

Miss Belle Swanson of Oshawa, who has been spending vacation with Mrs. Wrathall and other friends at Newboro, visited Miss Lucy Kelley on

We are pleased to learn that Mr. Ed. Wight was not injured as seriously as was at first supposed by his accident last week. He is progressing favorably towards recovery from cuts and bruises he received.

Mrs. C. L. Casselman, Chesterville, camping for several weeks at Charles-ton and on the Rideau, Newboro, left for home this morning via B & W., after spending a few days the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. Sheldon, Oak Leaf.

Mr. C. H. Smith has sold his fancy driver for a fancy price. Mr. Benson Towriss was the purchaser, and he is to be congratulated upon securing such a combination of appearance, speed and gentleness as this horse pos

Over a score of ladies and gentle men attended the organization meeting held at Lyndhurst in connection with the celebration of Mr. Thos. Pounder's birthday at that place on August 31.
A strong committee is now at work and every detail of the event is receiv-

A grand harvest home supper and entertainment will be held on the entertainment will be neid on the church grounds, Greenbush, on Thursday, Aug. 25. Supper from 7 to 8.80. North Augusta brass band will furnish music, and there will be a good programme. Admission—a voluntary Elgin.......1000005000—6 gramme. Admission offering of not less than 25c.

> Mr. Joseph Haves of Glen Buell was a recent visitor in Athens at the homes of Frank Blancher and Z. Derbysbire. Mr. Hayes is possessed of much physical and mental vigor, although he is in his 87th year. He is the youngest and only survivor of 7 brothers, and still resides on the farm his father settled on 100 years

mittee," qualified him for higher and more lucrative employment, and he now occupies a responsible position in connection with one of New York city's large sales stables.

Federal Business College BANKER'S ENDORSATION

Mr. H. J. Lvtle, Manager Ontario Bank, Lindsay, says: "I have examined the course of bookkeeping adopted by your college and have no hesitation in saying that any young man or woman who masters the same will find no difficulty in successfully handling the books of any mercantile business entrusted to their care."

SENATE REPORTER'S ENDORSATION Mr. Geo. C. Holland, official report er in the Canadian Senate, speaking of the system of shorthand taught by the Federal Business Collegs, says: "This system is superior to all others." Head Offices, 62 Bank St., Ottawa. Branch colleges at Arnprior, Perth, Lindsay, Montreal. G. S. Houston, N.A., Man-

Midsummer Concert

One of the series of popular high class free entertainments being given by G. L. Riches was beld in his Island City Music Store, Brockville, on Sat urday last, and it was attended by a large number iron town and country That refined, cultured musical organization known as the Fulford Orchestra furnished delightful muric; Mr. Sutherland, a talented member of the orchestra, gave a cornet solo, and vocal selections were given by Miss Naneeta Carr and Master Bernard Fitzpatrick. These young singers have sweet voices, which have been carefully trained, and their interpertation of their selections was artistically correct.

These concerts are particularly welcome at this season, and should serve to still further popularise the Island

August Clearing - Sale

Our annual clearing sale of all Summer Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will interest every shrewd buyer. We are bound to clear out all odds and ends left over to make room for fall goods. Our past experience has proved that we do as we advertise. Now we are warning you in time that our clearing sale is now on, and you can save money by calling early; it will be like putting money in your pocket. Can't tell you much here, but come and see what we can do.

The Globe Clothing House Brockville

\$18.00 and \$20.00 SUITS for \$15.00

We have a few suitings in early fall weights, worth \$18.00 and \$20.00, which we are now offering for

in order to make room for our fall goods. We have only a few and it will pay you to look them over now.

The Star Wardrobe

M. J. Kehoe

CENTRAL BLOCK

Athens Plating Works Mr. W. G. CRADDOCK

We make a specialty of replating old or discarded silverware. The old made new at a trifling cost.

Jewellery renovated and re-colored Nickel on Surgical and Dentists instruments.

Ornaments, Carriage and Harne trimmings, Bicycles, Skates, etc. M. C. KNAPP.

Tailor-Made

We manufacture all our own harn-s. A full line of racing and turf

goods, including the celebrated Gillam brand of horse boots.

Everything for the horse, carriage, and stable.

Trunks and Valises at bargain

BROCKVILLE

ATHENS, ONT

Solo Organist, Pianist and Voice Instructor

Late of the following professional appointments: Organist of St. Patrick's Cathederai, Armagh, Ireland; Organist of Ulster Hall, Relfast; Planist to Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, will instruct pupils in organ

REXALL HOUSE DYES

FURNITURE

Midsummer Sale

Having a large stock of furniture on hand I will sell at

REDUCED PRICES

from now until September in order to make room for fall goods.

Anyone requiring furniture would do well to call and inspect goods, and you will find prices

T. G. Stevens

UNDERTAKING

Elijah on Mount Carmel. -1 Kings 18: 30-46.

Commentary -I. Elijah's sacrifice prepared (vs. 30-35). 30. Come near-He will have them eye-witnesses of all he does, and witnesses to what God will do. Jesus did nothing in a corner, so neither the servants of God need do anything in secret .- Pentecost. Repaired the altar-Built in Israel's earlier and happier days, but thrown down by Jezebel. This Elijoh restored and consecrated anew. "A hint to builders of sanctuaries. A type of the certain restoration of the true and the downfall of the false."—Gray. 31. Twelve stones-This was an act she that the twelve tribes were really one people and had one God in common So God's true church is one. Israel... thy name-Israel signifies a prince who prevails with God. There are two re-

prevails with God. Inere are two records of the bestowal of this mame on Jacob. See Gen, xxxii. 28; xxxv. 2-10.

32. In the name, etc.—"By the authority and for the glory of Jehovah." A trench—To catch the water poured over the sacrifice, and intensify the effect of this calcage, a biject less on — Huribut. this solemn object-lesson. Huribut.

Measures of seed — Literally, "as the space of two seahs of seed." The seah is space of two seans of seed." The sean is estimated as containing from one and a half to three gallons. There is a differ-ence of opinion as to the size of the trench. Terry is probably nearer correct in supposing the whole trench held three

33. Wood in order-He obeyed all the injunctions of the law with respect to the offering of a burnt sacrifice (Lev. i. 6-8). He thus publicly taught that the ordinances of the law were binding upon the kingdom of Israel.—Hom. Com. Barrals Company is a still used in the east the kingdom of Israel.—Hom. Com. Barrels—Common jars still used in the east for carrying water, containing from three to five gallons apiece.—Whedon.

34. Second...third time — To prevent any kind of suspicion that there was fire concealed under the altar.—Clarke. Close by the place of sacrifice, shaded by a noble old tree, is a large, natural eistern of sweet water, which the people say is never exhausted.—Tristram. Terry and others think it more likely that the water was brought from the brook Kishon, where Elijah siew the false prophets.

II. Fire from heaven (vs. 36-38). 36. II. Fire from heaven (vs. 36-38). 36. At the time—About 3 o'clock p. m. The prophet waited for the usual hour of the evening sacrifice, thus diverting the minds of the people to the worship of Jehovah. The prophet—But here he performed the duties of the priest. "While the priest could not of right be a prophet, the prophet could, by virtue of his direct commission and his higher function, act as a priest."—Kitto. Came near.—He expected an answer by fire, yet came near to the altar with boldness, and feared not that fire.—Com. Com. yet came near to the altar with boldness, and feared not that fire.—Com. Com. Abraham. Isaac—Words first used by God at the burning bush, when he revealed Himself in flaming fire (Exodus iii. 6, 16). Known—That Thou art God.
"The honor of God is his ruling passion,
the source and end of all his zeal." Thy the source and end of all his zeal." Thy servant—That he, Elijah, was not their enemy, as Ahab had announced him to be, but Jehovah's servant. At Thy word That his words and works were not of

himself, but of God.

37. Turned their heart back again-The end of the controversy is never the mere establishment of truth, but the conversion of the people. Stern and mere establishment of truth, but the conversion of the people. Stern and relentless as Elijah had been, his heart was full of God's yearning tenderness, and he longed for their salvation. 38. Fire .. fell—It did not burst out from the altar. This might still, notwintanding the water, have offered some ground for suspicion that fire had been concealed, after the manner of the heaconcealed, after the manner of the hea-then, under the altar.—Clarke. Consumcd—The process is remarkable. 1. The fire came down from heaven. 2. The pieces of sacrifice were first consumed, 3. The wood next, to show that it was not by the wood that the flesh was burnt. 4. Twelve stones were consumed, to show it was no common fire, but one whose agency nothing could resist. 5. The dust, the earth of which the altar not by the wood that was constructed, was burnt. 6. The water in the trench was, by the action of this fire, entirely evaporated. 7. The action of this fire was in every case downward, contarry to the nature of all earthly and material fire.—Clarke.

III. The decision of the people (vs. 39,

39. Fell on their faces-In reverent worship and awe at the divine manifes-tation, they fell on their faces and with one voice declared "Jehovah, he is God!" The test was convincing, and would help the people to stand against Jezebel and her terrible persecutions, 40. Phophets of Baal—There were 450 of them. It worship and awe at the appears that the 400 prophets of Asherah (the grove) were not present. The brook Kishon—This brook flows along the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side that the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the side the very base of the Carmel on the very base the very base of the Carmer on the state towards the sea. Here Sisera was over-thrown by Barak (Judg. iv. 7). Slew them —We can hardly suppose that Elijam himself put them to death. He is only said to do that which he caused the people to do. "The priests of Baal only said to do. "The priests of Baal hardened their hearts, persisted in their rebellion, refused submission and were destroyed. This was not an act of cruelty, but of mercy. It was according to law." (Deut. xiii. 1-18; Exod. xxii.

IV. Elijah's prayer and the answed 41. Eat and drink-During the exciting scenes of the day there had been no time or inclination to partake of food, Abundance of rain—Faith in God was Abundance of rain—Faith in God was the foundation for his positive declaration from the prophet. 42. Both Ahab and Elijah returned to the top of Carmel, the one to eat and the other to pray. The prophet withdrew himself from the presence of the king and cast himself down upon the earth before the Lord. See James v. 17. 43. Said to his servant. Tradition tells us that this servant was the widow's son whom he had raised from the dead (chap. xvii. 23). Elijah told his servant to look towards the sea, for from that direction the storm would come. The servant looked and said. "There is nothing." Then Elipesaid. "Go again seven times." 44. At last. said, "Go again seven times." 44. At last, of the seventh time, he reported a cloud like a man's hand. Immediately the prophet sent to Ahab to hasten home persons opposed to the manifest of M, persons opposed to the manifest of M, prophet sent to Ahab to hasten home lest the rain stop him. 45. Ahab. went to Jezreel—lezreel became one of the most famous of the royal residences. It did not supercede Samaria, but here Ahab built a palace (chap. xxi. 1), and it was his summer home. 46. Ran before the persons opposed to the manifest to M, Muravieff, Minister of Justice, instructing him to discover how it was deposited in the palace. The incident led to the dismissal of Gen. Messe, the police commandant.

Elijah and he was given supernatural strength.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

The judgments of God are resting heavily upon the erring nation, and before there can be any relief the people must be taught to repent and reform. "Deserters must not look for God's favor their alleringer."

must be taught to repent and reform. "Deserters must not look for God's favor until they return to their allegiance."

A ringing call to decision is given; halting, or limping, between two opposite faiths must cease. If the Lord be God, then His reasonable requirement is to follow Him; if, on the other hand, the world, or Baal, or the flesh, or the devil is to be God, then follow them. No really satisfactory religious experience can be reached until one comes to the end of their wavering. A settled purpose is necessary to satisfaction and success even in following Satan. Division of attention, service and allegiance between two masters is ever fruitful of trouble to one who attempts it.

A fair test is given. In fact, advantage is given the prophets of Baal, for the Lord can give His enemies all the advantages and then easily defeat them. Ahab seems ready to obey the prophet's orders to gather Isruel together at Mount Carmel for the test, but, perhaps, not so much expecting to be obliged to acknowledge God as to see if Elijah will not produce the much-desired van As for the phophet, he

obliged to acknowledge God as to see if Elijah will not produce the much-desired rain. As for the phophet, he seems far less intent on proving who is the real croubler of Israel than he is to show that Jehovan, and not Baal, is truly God. "Three years and a half of famine would not bring them back to God. Elijah will convince their judgment, and, no doubt, by special warrant and direction, he put the controversy and direction, he put the controversy between God and Baal upon a public

trial.' The prayer of Elijah, after the pro-phets of Baal had done all the yeould and failed, is simple and brief. Two things in particular are asked for, that God would let be known that He is God, and that it also be made clear that Elijah is God's servant, and is, and has been, acting under divine directions. He been, acting under divine directions. The desires that the people be fully convinced of Banl's false claims and of God's authority and power. One may be perfectly sincere and yet not right. If men wish to have their own way with the elements, or to make God's power further their cours private ends is it. the elements, or to make God's power further their own private ends, is it strange if he declines to hear them?"
"The God that answereth by fire."
"It is observable that no mention is made of rain. We wish't have a made of rain. We might have expected that after the long drouth that this would be the test. But that could not would be the test. But that could not be promised until the Lord had first been recognized as Gcd;" "he that can give fire, can give rain." Elijah's repairing and building the altar would teach us that there must be a wood wood.

that there must be a proper recogni-tion and observance of the law. The people are asked to draw near, every-thing is in readiness, the soaking pile awaits the falling fire, and promptly at the close of the prophet's prayer it comes, so completely consuming sacrifice, wood, stones, dust and even the water, that the astonished multitude is convinced, and falling on their faces ex-claim, "The Lord he is the God, the

Lord he is the God.
"The king had gone down with the crowd to Kishon. Curiosity had perhaps impelled him to witness the slaughter which he was powerless to prevent." Elijah tells him to get up, eat and drink, for there is a sound of abundance of rain, while he hastens back to Mount (Cormel, the scene of his recent victory. Curiosity had per-Carmel, the scene of his recent victory and, flinging himself upon the ground in an attitude of deep abstraction, he sends his servant as a lookout to watch while he prays. Seven times the servant makes the short journey to his master, when the announcement of the appearance of the little cloud is made to him. The secret of Elijah's great power was in the fact that "the hand of the Lord was on him."—Lanson H.

BIG FIRE AT VICTORIA.

Albion Iron Works and Forty Houses Burned, With a Loss of \$200,000.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 15.-The mos destructive fire in the history of the city broke out at the Albion iron works this afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock, and swept over a considerable part of and swept over a considerable part of the northwest portion, wiping out a whole block of residences, and causing damage aggregating between \$150,000 and \$200,000. The fire started in the and \$200,000 pattern room of the Albion iron works, and, fanned by the heavy wind, deand, fanned by the heavy wind, destroyed the storeroom and other buildings of the establishment. It then darted arross the street and caught the yards of the Shawingan Lake Lumber Company, which, however, was quickly extinguished. Sparks set fire to the residences fartner up town, and a were soon burning simultane-While the fire in the Albion houses was ablaze, while several hundred yards distant more rows of residences were being rapidly destroyed. dences were being rapidly destroyed. Fortunately the progress of the fire was arrested by large fields directly in its path, and, taking advantage of this,

Outside of the buildings on the Allian on works and Shawinigan Lake Lum ber Company's properties, it is estimated that about forty structures were de-stroyed. The heaviest individual loser is the Albion iron works, which suffered the loss of a number of engines and other machinery. There was no loss of

firemen gradually got it under con-

MANIFESTO IN CZAR'S DESK.

Revolutionary Socialists Threaten to

Remove All Obstacles. London, Aug. 15 .- A despatch to th Morning Post from Berlin says an ap-parently trustworthy authority reports that after the Czar returned to the palace at Peterhof, after the funeral of M. von Plehve, Minister of the Interior, he found in his writing desk a manifesto of the revolutionary Socialist party, setting forth the reasons for the assi ation of M. von Piehve. It declared that the party, in accordance with a resolu-tion of its Executive Committee, would continue to remove all obstacles and persons opposed to the liberation of the Russian recole. tion of M. von Plehve. It declared that

O JOY, JOY! IT'S A BOY!

That's the Song the Czar is Singing To-day.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 12, 2.15 p. m.-A son and heir to the Russian throne has been born. The Empress and the child are doing well. The accouchement took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The birth so greatly wished for, that place in the Alexandra villa, one of a In one of these buildings the Empress had been living for weeks. The other had been living for weeks. The other three are occupied by members of the Imperial family, gathered there in expectation of to-day's event, including the Empress' mother, His Majesty's two sisters, the Grand Duchesses Xenia and Olga, his brother, Grand Duke Michael, and other relatives. The Alexandra villa is a much more private spot than the grand palace.

His Name Will be Alexis. St. Petersburg, Aug, 12.—The child was born at 12.30 p. m., not at 2 o'clock this afternoon as previously cabled. The child will be christened Alexis. 'Twas a Great Event.

From this section of the park the public had been excluded for days past. The birth of the heir to the throne was attended with all the ceremonial ordained by Imperial tradition. In accordance with the Russian law there were present heades the Emperor. Because of an heir to the Russian crown, took present besides the Emperor, Barot Fredericks, the master of the ceremonies place in the Alexandra villa, one of a and Prince Dolgorouky, the grand mar-group of four small palaces in a secluded shal of the court. Dr. Rott, the Emperorner of the magnificent Peterhof park.

ore of these buildings the Empera and Dr. Hiruch was the surgeon in at-

Dr. Rott personally announced the birth of the heir to the awaiting Imbirth of the heir to the awaiting im-perial family. A formal announcement will be published in the official Messen-ger. An Imperial salute of Ibl guns was subsequently fired, first from Peterhof, and it was then repeated by all the forts around St. Petersburg. The chris-tening of the heir will occur in a fortnight. It will be a ceremony of elab-

orate character.

In accordance with Russian Imperial custom it will be performed in the Imperial chapel of the Peterhof Palace.

England.

The Inn, Church and School

Attacked by Them.

The Defenders Beat Off the

Thugs, Shooting Three.

of an annual income of £49, has been

held up by fourteen Millom despera-

In an extraordinary fashion they took

church, terrorizing the villagers, and, having done all the mischief that occur-

the timekeeper of the waterworks which are being constructed for Barrow.

not attack the raiders, and the nearest

policeman, who, of course, would also

have been powerless, was several miles

Satisfied with the damage done to the

vicarage, an onslaught was made on the church. Part of the boundary wall

stones, with which the stained-glass win-

Then the cry was raised, "Back to

the inn." Flinging the last stone at the old doors and walls, the men ran helter skelter down the deserted road.

In the meantime, the landlord, Thos. Dawson, his wife, and daughter, and the barman, James Greenhow, with the

sella and James Foy. Seeing their com rades fall, the rest made off.

verston Cottage Hospital.

The landlord, the timekeeper and the

MECCA SALVE GREAT!

Cures Burns, Scalds, Sores of all kinds, Cuts, Boils, Skin Disease,

or FOISON. ELC. montals from most prominent people in in. Large sample and book of direc-free. Address FOSTER MF4. CO., Toronto, Out,

Blood Poison. Etc.

Heavy furniture was placed

was pulled down to provide

dows were smashed.

selves. Heavy fagainst the doors.

shot down.

broken.

VILLAGE HELD IN THIBET'S CAPITAL

British Troops Parade Lhassa's Streets for First Time in History.

Lhassa, Aug. ... Yesterday for the first time in history, British troops marched through the streets of Lhassa the occasion being a ceremonial visit of Col. Younghusband, the civil commissioner accompanying the British expedi-tion, to the Chinese Amban. The troops, when en route to the city, passed at the when en route to the city, passed at the foot of the Dalai Lama's great palace on Mount Potala, three miles west of Lhassa and through the fields to the outskirts of the city. Then they passed through the Chinese quarter, which was swarming with pigs, and entered the city proper. The Amban's smart guard of honor received Col. Younghusband, who had an hour's interview with the Chinese representative. The Amban lawho had an hour's interview with the Chinese representative. The Amban lamented the clannish ignorance and low cunning displayed by the Thibetans in their foreign dealings.

On its return to the camp the mission

passed the great cathedral, or "The Palace of the Gods." The streets were filthy. Reports still vary as to the whereabouts of the Dalai Lama and M.

whereabours of the Dana Lama and an Dorjeieff, his Russian adviser.

The people displayed the greatest curiosity to see the British, swarming the side streets and climbing on roofs to get a better view. To-day there were 400 Lhassaites outside the camp, and they did an enormous trade, selling vegetables expects and sugar.

they did an enormous trade, selling vege-tables, sweets and sugar.

The chiefs to-day objected to a pro-posal that the British occupy the Sum-mer palace, alleging that it is the same as a temple. This statement, however, is not believed to be true. The ques-tion is in abeyance. The chiefs promise that the national assembly will ap-point delegates to negotiate with the British, and that their acts will be fully binding upon the Dalai Lama and the binding upon the Dalai Lama and the people. They say that the Dalai Lama went into seclusion a year ago for three years, fearing disturbances, and three years, learing disturbances, and that he has now gone on a pilgrimage for the remainder of the period, leaving the seals of office behind, so that a binding treaty can be fixed.

NAVAL STRENGTH.

An Interesting Statement by Lord Sel borne to the Lords.

London, Aug. 15.—Replying to criti-

cism of the naval expenditure in the House of Lords to-day, Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, warmly defended the outlay He said it as

Referring to submarine boats, Lord Selborne said their value for defensive purposes had been abundantly provad.

They were a great addition to the national strength. He did not believe submarine boats had reached their limit He did not believe of improvement or usefulness.

The lessons from the war in the far

cast, he continued, were the importance of the personnel, the necessity of having a margin of strength, and the fact that without battleships no power could hold or win command of the sea.

Lord Selborne said the offer of Lord Cocker words when he was First Lord Goschen, made when he was First Lord of the Admiralty, that if other nations of the Admiralty, that if other nations would agree to diminish their rate of shipbuilding, Great Britain would not be slow to join the movement, had ret been withdrawn, but the conditions now were more complicated. A few years ago it would have sufficed if France and and Great Britain and France must Great Britain had agreed to diminish Great Britain had agreed to diminish their shipbuilding, but now there were almost half a dozen great naval powers, consider the expenditure of other powers. The two-power standard was convenient as regards battleships, but had never had its application to cruisers or terrorde boats.

torpedo boats.
Continuing, Lord Selborne, referring to the newspaper comparisons of the gunnery and strength of the German vessels which recently had visited Ingland, pointed out that the German ships carried eighteen six-inch guns, compared land, pointed out that the German slips carried eighteen six-inch guns, computed with twelve on the ships of the British Channel squadron, but the British ships carried 10-inch., 12-inch and 13 14 inch guns, while there was not a single gun on the German visiting fleet with a calibre over 9.4 inch.

A CARDINAL'S MISTAKE.

He Misapprehended a Remark Made by King Edward.

London, Aug. 15.—Cardinal Vannutelli. speaking recently at Maynooth College, in favor of a Roman Catholic University, in favor of a Roman Catholic University, is reported as having said that the King during his recent visit to Maynooth had expresed his marked sympathy with the aspirations of the Roman Catholics of Ireland in that direction. Lord Knollys, replying to the Secretary of the Imperial Protestant Federation, who wrote regarding the report, said the Cardinal must have misunderstood the King when he stated that His Majesty had made use of such an expression.

The Markets

Toronto Live Stock.

August 15 .- Export cattle, ex. August 15.—Export cattle, ex. c'c, \$4.90 to \$5.25; do., medium, \$4.70 to \$4.90; do., cows, \$4.90 to \$4.50; butchers' picked lots, \$4.50 to \$4.65; good to choice loads, \$4.30 to \$4.50; fair to good do., \$4.00 to \$4.25; mixed lots, medium, \$3.00 to \$3.75; good cows, \$3.50 to \$3.75; common to fair do., \$2.50 to \$3.25; butchers' bulls \$3.00 to 0.40.0. bulls avanced. common to fair do., \$2.50 to \$3.25; butchers' bulls, \$3.00 to 04.00; bulls, export, heavy, \$3.50 to \$4.00; do., medium, \$3.00 to \$3.40; do., light, \$2.75 to \$3.00; stockers, heavy, \$3.60 to \$4.00; do., light, \$2.75 to \$3.00; do., common, \$2.00 to \$2.75; light bulls, \$1.75 to \$2.00; feeders, short keep, \$4.00 to \$4.50; do, medium to good, \$3.50 to \$4.00; do., common and rough, \$2.00 to \$2.50; milch cows, each, \$3.00 to \$50.00; export ewes, per cwt., \$3.75 to \$3.65; do., bucks, per cwt., \$2.75 to \$3.00; cull sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.00; lambs, each, \$2.50 to \$3.75; do., per cwt., \$4.00 to \$4.60; calves, per lb., 3 1.2 to 5c; hogs, select, per cwt., \$5.60; do., lights, \$5.35; do., fats, \$5.35.

Toronto Fruit Market.

Toronto Fruit Market.

To-day's receipts were heavy, and to-wards the end of the day prices had an easier tendency. Raspherries and Law-tons were an exception to this. The demand for them was active, and prices were firm. Other lines were steady to

Cherries, basket, sour, \$1.25 to \$1.50 raspberries, 8 to 9c; Lawton berries, 10 to 11c; black currants, large basket, 90c to \$1.00; huckleberries, basket, \$1.00 to \$1.25; peaches, basket, 25 to 30c; apples, 11 sket, 20 to 30c; pears, 30 to 40c;

Toronto General Market.

A Band of Desperadoes in \$1.04 1-2 to \$1.05; red, \$1.04 1-2 to \$1.05 goose, 84c; spring, 94c; oats, 39c; bar-ley, 45c; rye, 57c; peas. 64c; hay, No. 1 timothy, 811 to \$12; hay, new, 88 to 89; hay, mixed or clover,\$7.50 to \$9; straw, hay, mixed or clover, \$7.50 to \$9; straw, sheaf, \$11; straw; loose, \$6.50; dressed hogs, light, cwt., \$7.75 to \$8.20; butter, 17 to 20c; eggs, 18 to 22c; old chickens, pair, 50 to 75c; old chickens, pound, 8 to 10c; spring chickens, pound, 13 to 16c; pair, 50 to 75c; turkeys, pound, 12 to 15c; spring ducks, pound, 10 to 14c; potatoes, bushel, 90c; carrots, dozen, 15c; cabbage, dozen, 40 to 50c; cucumbers, dozen, 15c; onions, peck, 50c; onions, green, per doz. 15 to 30c; rhubarb, dozen, 15c; lettuce London, Aug, 15.—Seathwaite, the Lancashire village made famous by the fort of "Worderly Wellers" the hindquarters, 8 to 18; 180 mindquarters, 180 mindquarters

Liverpool Apple Market.

Woodall & Co., of Liverpool, cabled Eben James: New Yorks, best, 8s. 6d. to possession of the village. They made 12s, seconds, 5s. less. The poor results have of the inn, schoolhouse and the are owing to the bad condition and poor quality of the fruit.

red to them, they fled, with the excep-tion of three of their number, who were The movement continues light. The market is steady at 21 to 22c for wash-In the first instance the roughs, who ed, 15 for rejections, and 12 to 13c for were laborers employed on some works near by, began stopping cyclists and passing carters and demanding money. This did not prove a very profitable proceeding, and trey tackled Harry Todd, the timelenger of the varyworks which

Eradstreet's on Trade.

Montreal holiday dullness still interferes with wholesale trade expansion. Business for immediate delivery is light, the timekeeper of the waterworks which are being constructed for Barrow.

From him they wanted a sovereign. The timekeeper, with a glance at the fourteen stalwarts, thought discretion the better part of valog and took to his heels. He made a dash for the Newfield Inn, and found refuge within its friendly walls.

Then the siege of the inn commenced. The raiders broke into the place, how-The raiders broke into the place, how - toria, Vancouver and other B. C. trade The raiders broke into the place, however, after throwing all the missles they could seize through the windows. They smashed most of the furniture and helped themselves freely to the liquor.

In a state of frenzy they then rushed out, and the schoolhouse was next attacked. Here all the windows were trade centres are quite heavy now, retail broken. At the vicarage, which is uncoccupied at present, there was more window-smashing.

The terror-stricken villagers, dared the vicarage window of the vicarage window of the vicarage, which is unconcept that vicarage window weeks. The movement in wholesale trade at Hamilton, as reported to Bradstreet's, is very fair for this season, when much activity is never looked for. Baying for the fall has been on a liberal scale so far and renewed activity is looked for next month. Whole sale business in Ottawa is in a healthy condition. There is a fair normal move-ment now in staple goods for this season.

WEST AFRICAN CANNIBALS. They Cultivate Their Fields, But Plough

Fully Armed.

An interesting story is told by the commissioners, who have been engaged for the last eighteen months in fixing the barman, James Greenhow, with the the Anglo-German frontiers in West aid of the timekeeper, had again made Africa, between the town of Yolo and

an effort to protect the inn and them- Lake Tchad. The region traversed is little known owing to the hostility of the tribes. The against the doors.

A fierce attack was made upon the Fulani villagers were found quite friend-premises, and, finding that the immates were determined to hold out as long as they rould, the infuriated raiders redubled their efforts.

owing to the hostility of the tribes. The Fulani villagers were found quite friend-ly, but beyond Lau, a large town on the Bernu, there lay a mountainous region inhabited by pagans, who in many cases were camibals.

They were found to be a most indus doubled their errorts.

In fear of their lives, the defenders are alleged to have brought a gun into use. Three men were shot. Their use. Three men were shot. Their manes are Owen Cavanagh, Garnett Insella and James Foy. Seeing their consella and James Foy. Seeing their consella fully naked, but were always armed soller the rest made off. even when at work in the fields plough-ing they carried a full kit of spears, shields and poisoned arrows. The arrows are much dreaded, for

The injured men were placed in beds in the inn, and received every attention from the landlord and his heroic wife and daughter, who are said to have borne up bravely during the attack. The police and medical aid were sent for, and New York of Repurption, was quickly mixed. Dr. Faweet, of Broughton, was quickly minutes.
In attendance.
Cavanagh died at noon vesterdey.
The other two have been taken to Ul-

The landlord, the timekeeper and the barman were placed under arrest and taken to Ulveston by train. They were acompanied by Wilson Butler, solicitor, solicitor, along the mountains. their prey

acompanied by Wilson Butler, solicitor, of Broughton, and will be taken before the Ulverston magistrates this morning. The inquest on Cavanagh will also take place to-morrow. At Kuka the sheikh of British Bornu rode out to greet Col. Jackson at the head of 300 horsemen and a large unm-ber of men on foot. He was accompanied

ber of men on foot. He was accompanied by a land and dancing girls.

His people carried enormous spears, and some wore old armour, while the horses were caparisoned with housings like those of the crusaders.

The survey has proved that existing maps are to a large extent inaccurate, and has placed the boundary farther to the east, thus enlarging the british sphere. - Lendon Express.

ARRESTED ON LAKE ERIE.

Seven Yankee Yachtsmen Made to Pay Damages.

Port Dover, Aug. 19.—That Yankee actsmen must observe the law on the yactsmen must observe the law on the occasion of their visits to Port Dover was proved beyond a doubt by the action of the civic authorities here on Sunday in apprehending sevent Yankee sports alloged to have been responsible for tearing down the cornerstone of the new Port Dover town that contracting the proving The hall early yesterday morning. The stone was heaved out of place and thrown out in the streets with its con-

thrown out in the streets with its con-tents early Sunday morning. The stone was laid on July 1.

Reeve Ross was told of the occur-rence and suspected the Yankees. He chartered a tug and swearing in seven constables set out in pursit of them across Lake Erie. The yacht came into port late Saturday night from Erie, Pa., and the reeve was told they left at 7 Sunday morning. The yacht was overtaken five miles out in the lake, the crew arrested and the craft towed back to Port Dover.

back to Port Dover.

Here they gave bonds to appear before Magictrate Anderson on Monday morning, but fearing publicity in the matter they sought Reeve Ross last night and asked to be permitted to settle. Their request was acceded to, the yachtsmen paying \$25 damages.

Some of the party strongly projected Some of the party strongly protested their innocence, but being prominent citizens of Erie, they did not want to face a trial. face a trial.

For a time Saturday night certain

summer guests took possession of the port and many wild scenes were en-

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

A Ton of Hot Slag Rolls Into the Water at Montreal.

Montreal, Aug. 15 .- A most unusual explosion was caused at St. Henri this afternoon by a solid ton of hot iron slag from the Pillow & Hersey furnaces slipping off a truck on the way to the scrap heap and rolling into a pool of water. The moment it struck the water the outside crust cooled and contracted too quickly for the semi-moten and gas-charged mass inside. A terrific report followed, and chunks of red hot slag were thrown in all directions.

Several persons, including a woman walking on an adjacent street, were injured, but only two or them, F. Foster and Chas. Moore, were hurt sufficiently to cause removal to a hospital. Several sheds in the neighborhood were fired, and many window panes were smashed. Fragments of slag actually passed through into a number of houses, and set fire to furniture and bed clothes. The report is said to have been terrific.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY

Issues Message Regarding Coming Visit to Canada and United States.

London, Aug. 15.—The Mose Rev. Dr. Randall Thomas Davidson, Archbishop of Canterbury, has issued a message to the clery and laity anneuring his forthcoming visit to the United States to attend the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States and Canada. of the United States and Canada, which will be neld in Boston on Oct. which will be held in Boston on Oct. 20. The message says that for the last two months information has been coming in steadily concerning the gain which competent men in the United States and Greet Butter control with the control of the control o competent men in the United States and Great Britain opine is likely to foland Great Britain opine is likely to Juliev the visit of the Archbishop to the United States. The Archbishop says he will also wisit a few of the great Caradian centres, which will entail his absence for two months. The journey, he adds, is undertaken in the belief that it was promote closer amity in the com-mon work of the Church in the two countries, and will strengthen the Church in combating the evils which are rife both in Great Britain and the United States.

SONS OF ENGLAND.

The Supreme Secretary's Report Was Adopted.

Mentreal, Aug. 15 .- In committee of the Whole this merning the Supre Lödge. Sone of England, adopted the ecommendations and other pertions of the Supreme Secretary's report. Supreme Lodge confirming this action. The proposal to limit the amount of beneficiary certificates is uel in future to \$1,000 was responsible for a pointed discussion, which was in progress up to the hour of adjournment, and will be continued

to-morrow morning. Since noon the minds of the delegates have en diverted to social enjoyment. At 1.30 they boarded cars for Lachine, where a party of 500 embarked on the steamship Duchess of York and proceeded up the river to Lake St. Louis and down the rapids to the city, which was reached at 6 o'clock. At 8 15 treet cars conveyed the party to where a smoking concert was held, the hour of dispersal being after midnight. Considerable interest is being manifested in the election which takes place to-morrow. It is generally conceded the Supreme Presidency lies between W. H. Huntley, Montreal, and Jac. Boxall, Lindsay. The proposals on the se ional papers to elect a second vice-president and an assistant Supreme Secretary, transcribed in last night's despath as upheld," were "quickly rejected."

THE IMPERIAL NAVY.

Some Views Regarding Contributions of Colonies Towards It.

Longon, Aug. 15 .- The Rand / Daily of Johannesburg, says that in the matter of Imperial defence the colonies have already begun to realize that the annual contribution of a few thousand sovereigns or tons of coal is a paltry return for the blessings res of the empire and Imperial South will never grudge its contribution to

A member of the Royal Statistical Society. writing to the News, after giving figures, says if an equal proportion of expenditure were contributed to the Imperial navy the colonies and India would have to pay £20,-600,000 a year to the United Kingdom, but if the contribution were made proportionate to the trade the Imperial navy protects it would be £12,099,000 only. In return for such contribution the colonies would be entitled to take part in the government of the empire.

A man never realizes how unimportant he is until he attends his own wed-

ding.

THE PERSON OF THE PARTY OF THE

stances all the more sad was the fact that his son, in whom all his opes were centred, lay low with virulent fever at that time, the physicians having positively assert that his case was hopeless-that

he could not possibly rally.

A few months later, and about six previous to the opening of our story, Mr. Robert Seaver, of New York, was surprised one day to re-ceive the card of Walter C. Leighton, with a few lines penciled upon it, requesting an interview with him. He instructed the boy to show hi visitor into his office, and presently a handsome, finely-formed young man of some twenty-three years presented self before him.

At first the lawyer was favorably impressed with him.

He appeared to be very intelligent, and well read, was courteous and affable—nay, more, peculiarly fascinating in his manner.

upon learning the young man's story, that his father, after a ser-les of misfortunes, which culminated in the loss of most of his fortune, had died, thus blighting his pros-pects, and leaving him almost pen-rless, Mr. Seaver, whose sympathies were deeply enlisted, interested him were deeply entisted, interested minself in his bekalf, and he succeeded in securing him a position as
clerk in a bank of which he was
one of the directors.

Mo. the this, he invited him to
his own home, where he introduced

him to his family, and to his beau-tiful ward, with whom the young man proceeded at once to fall

Mr. Seaver knew of the compact Mr. Seaver knew of the compact which the parents of the two young people had entered into, years before; but it had slipped from his mind, and was not recalled antil the mischef was done, and it became evident that young Leighton intended to press his suit and secure the wealthy bride that had been selected for him.

He bitterly regretted that he had not foreseen this result, and guarded his ward more carefully, especially when it became apparent to him that, in spite of what ever virtues the young man might possess, he had very grave faults as well; that he was addicted to the habit of intemperance, while, now and then, there was an evidence o and then, there was an evidence of tyranny and intolerance of other people's rights and opinions that betrayed an inderlying selfishness that would make the gentle and sensitive girl wretched if she be-

came his wife.

But Florence had fallen under his charm; and he, making the most of his opportunities, continued to weave the web of his fascinations weave the web of his fascinations about her, until she grew to believe that her happiness lay only in his keeping; white, too, she felt that she was also carrying out the wishes of her father, whom she had idolized, and for whom alone she could have sacrificed herself, even

Consequently, when Walter Leighton told her of his love, and formally asked her to be his wife, she mally asked her to be his wife, she unhesitatingly pledged herself to

Seaver decidedly disapproved of the engagement. In fact, he re-fused to regard them as lovers, that Florence was far too saying that Florence was lar too sceng, and had seen too little of the world, to bind herself by any promise, and he should not give his consens to such an arrangement until she had had at least one season in society, and was more competent to judge for herself.

Fiorence, knowing how truly her had herl interests at would have cheerfully sub mitted to his wishes, and this at-titude on her part created the first disagreement between the lov-ers; and, the ice, once broken, the ung man often made her wretched

for days by his jealousy and caprice. He began to be less courteous and careful of her feelings, in many ways betraying his innate selfish-

ways betraying his innate sellishness; and, upon two or three occasions, had appeared in her guardian's drawing-room decidedly under the influence of liquor.

Once Mr. Sievert had a long and confidential talk with her about it.

"Floy," he said, with great tenderness, as he came upon her weeping from sixiety and mortification, "if you are unhappy in your relaif you are unhappy in your relations with Walter—and I think you have cause to be—I advise you to break them at once. I am sure he is unworthy of your regard, or he would be more considerate of

your feelings. your feelings."
"But I really am fond of him,
Uncle Robert, and I should miss
him so, to give him up; and, besides, Lapa wanted me to marry him, you know," Florence replied, wiping the tears from her cheeks, and trying to smile away her

"My whild, your father never would have wished you to be influenced by his desire if he could have foreseen these conditions," was the grave reply. "Believe me, dear, if he were here to-day, he would be the first to warn you against one who has no more respect for you than to come into your presence in a partial state of intoxication, and mortify you before your friends."

'Ch, but Walter says that he is no slave to drink-! at he has per-fect command of himself, and-" feet command of himself, and—"
"Then why does he not prove his statement, dear?" Mr. Seaver interposed: "why does he allow wine to get the better of him? If I am gate before mentioned, and, upon

insult to any young lady—to say nothing about her friends—to present himself before her with the taint of liquor in his breath. That is getting to be a common occurrence with Leighton, not to mention his unkind treatment of you, at such times. Floy, I wish you would break with him altogether, the gentleman concluded, earnestly. "Oh. I—I couldn't do that, Uncle Robert," sighed the girl,

Robert," sighed the girl, with a look of trouble in her eyes that went to his heart. "Walter says he couldn't live without me, and perhaps he will be different when he has a home, and interests of his own. I—I hope my interests of his own. luence over him will win him by and by, and—and then, I feel as if I must do as papa wished, and try to save the son of his dearest friend." Mr. Seaver smiled, sadly, at this

sophistry. He realized, as many another has He realized, as many another has done, that continued opposition only serves to arouse antagonism, and, the more he argued against her lover, the more strongly set she would be in her determination to stand by him. But he could not re-

stand by him. But he could not resist one parting admonition.

"My dear girl," he said, "don't flatter yourself that, if your influence fails to accomplish what you desire while you hold your fate in your own hands, it will achieve it when you have sacrificed your liberty to one who, I tear, will prove a veritable tyrant to you in the future."

He left her then, but with the secret resolution to spare no effort to prevent a marriage which, he felt sure, would prove most disastrous to the hageness of this lovely girl, who

the happness of this lovely girl, wh ome very dear to him during r and a half that she had the year and a half that she had been under his care.

His own children—all save his

youngest son, who was finishing a long course at Heidelberg, Germany—were married, and living in homes of their own, and Florence had been a veritable sunbeam in his house, which, otherwise, would have been dull and lonely. dull and lonely.

He reserved that, on the completion of her studes—she would graduate that sammer from the high school— he would take her abroad, where she would be utterly free from the influwould be utterly tree from energy of her lover, and would, perchance, meet others who would give her different ideas of life, and perhaps open her eyes to the glaring faults and u.w.orthiness of the young

When June opened, he had matured when June opened, he had matthe and announced his plans; whereupon young Leighton, suspecting their object, had at once begun to urge Florence to consent to a recret marriag. For a joing time she had withstood all his entreaties, but at last, as we all his entreaties, but at last, as we

all his citreaties, out at his, as we have seen, his passionate appeals proved irrescistible; they had swept all barriers away, and won her reluctant consent. For some weeks previous he had appeared to mend his course, and conducted himself his course, and conducted nimesi-with great circumspection, when he visited her; at the same time throw-ing around her all the fascination of which he was muster, until the fair girl flattered herself that her influ-ence was having the desired effect, ence was having the desired effect, and she grew proportionately light-hearted and happy. 'They parted, as related, in the

summer-nouse-where he had ap-pointed a secret meeting, for he was determined they should be subjected knot to no interrupti the house in a half-dazed frame of mind; he to go to arrange for the ceremony that would make him the unworthy husband of a beautiful and

innocent girl, and—the master of a half-million of money.

He cauckled, with secret triumph, as he vaulted lightly over the hedge back of the summer-house, and walk

back of the summer-notee, and ware ed briskly along the highway to catch the train for towa. "Now, I shall have everything fixed just to my mind," he muttered, show-ing his white teeth in an evil smile. Let them take her abroad, and git "Let them take her abroad, and give her a taste of the world, for a few months, then I will appear upon the scene to claim my bride, and the handsome fortune I have won. Ha, ha, my sarewd old lawyer, future events w.li prove who has played th most sagacious game; then, when I explode my bomb, I'il go in for a high old time on the other side of the pond, with my pretty little wife." pond, with my pretty little wife."
Poor Florence went straight to her
own room, where she confided to her
maid what she had promised to do.
The girl was already in the pay
of young Leighton, and readily lent
hersell to the plot, cheering her fair
mistress, and painting the future in
such bright colors for her that, ere
long, Florence began to look forward
to her approaching nuptials with
more of serenity, if not with positive loy.

The remainder of the day passed The remainder of the day passed swiftly, in packing and making ready for the morrow's departure, and, when the dinner hour arrived, everybody professed to be so weary it, was arranged that they should retire very early, to get needed rest for their contemplated voyage.

It was harely eight o'clock when Mrs. Seaver and Florence bade Mr. Seaver good-night, and repaired to their rooms.

Mr. Seaver had a couple of letters to write, and went to the library for that purpose.

for that purpose.

At a quarter to five, Florence and her maid, who were sitting in absolute silence and darkness, heard him ascend the stairs and enter his own apartment.

minutes later the two trem Ton minutes later the two trem-bling girls stole softly down a back stairway and out of a rear door. During the last hour, the night had grown intensely dark; heavy clouds nad rolled up from the south and west, while an occasional flash of lightning and the distant mutter of thunder portended an ap-

reaching it, found the promised carriage awaiting them.

"Miss Richardson?" came the inquiry, in a low, cautious tone, from one of the two figures sitting upon "Yes," was the tremulous response

from Florence.

The man sprang to the ground and The man sprang door.

"I am Mr. Leighton's friend, whom he has sent to conduct you to the Rosedale chapel," he said, in a reassuring voice. "I think we must make haste, however, or we shall be caught in a storm."

make haste, however, or we shall be caught in a storm."

A sharper flash of lightning and a louder roll of thunder seemed to correborate his statement, and caused the girls to spring quickly irside the vehicle, and in another moment they were speeding swiftly on their way.

on their way.
"Oh, I am afraid! I wish I had not come!" panted the trembling bride-elect, while she clung convul-

bride-elect, while she clung convuisively to her companion.

"Nonsonse, Miss Floy! We are perfectly safe, and there is just romance enough about this affair to make it exciting," flippantly replied the girl, who was just unprincipled enough to enjoy such a lark. "It isn't a long drive, and we shall probably get there before the storm overtakes us, and It will doubtless be

ably got there before the stotal orbitakes us, and it will doubtless be spent before we come back."

Novertheless, the storm did overtake them, even though the driver hurried his horses to the top of their speed, and broke with terrible fury just as the vehicle halted before the protty. Little church at Rosedale. pretty little church at Rosedale The girls quickly alighted, and l ty little church at Rosedale.
le girls quickly alighted, and hurinside the chapel, which was
dimly lighted, near the altar,
re a clergyman, in his surplice
awaiting the coming of this but dimly

was awaiting the coming of the briday party.
Young Leighton had not yet put in an appearance, greatly to the disappointment of Florence, and the anappearance of his friend who was to noyance of his friend, who was to

act as best man.

Florence and her maid sat down in one of the pews to await the arrival of the belated groom, while her escort went out to the porch to watch for him.

Here he fell into conversation with the driver, who was also a friend of Leighton's, and during which they discussed their escapade, and com-mented freely upon the shrewdness of the adventurer in managing to wheedle a pretty girl into the sec-ret marriage for the sake of get-ting control of her fortune.

Meantime, the storm increased in

violence, the sky at times being one sheet of flame, the thunder almost a continuous roar, and the rain pouring in torrents. "Where in thunder can Leighton, ?" at length muttered his friend,

and peering forth into the dark-He stood thus for a moment then he turned and re-entered the church with his companion.

Almost at the same instant, a tall Almost at the same in a water-figure, muffled to the class in a water-proof and cape, emerged from be-hind the pillar hear which they had been standing, and followed them. The sound of his burried steps caused the others to turn sharply

around, when one "Thank Heaven, Leighton, you have "On herseback; didn't you hear me?" was the brief response.

"No; this deuced storm deadens any "No; this deuced storm deadens any sound. Ugh, just hear it!" said the other, as a vivid flash was followed by a deafening crash of thunder, which shook the building to its foundations. "Eut come," he added; which shook the building to its foundations. "But come," he added; "the girl has been waiting here for nearly half an hour, and is nearly frightened to death. I've been afraid theld indict were made how. frightened to death. I've been alraid she'd insist upon going home, as I believe she is more than half inclined to do, and you'd loss the nice fat plum you have so cunningly plotted for. I've the certificate, and all it needs now is the signature of the clergyman. I'll get that after the knot is tied, while you are taking your bride to the cariage."

The clergyman was evidently in a hurry also, his patience having been sorely tried, by the long waiting, and he hastened through the ser-vice with what speed he could with-out making it seem a farce.

vice with what speed he could without making it seem a farce.
When he called for the ring, the
groom seemed to hesitate for an instart; but, after fumbling in a
pocket of his vest for a moment,
produced it, and two minutes later,
the couple were pronounced husband an wife.

As the last words of the hypried

As the last words of the hurried beneaition fell from the minister's lips, Florence litted her wante lack and appealing eyes to her husband's. "Now, take me—" she bagan, when suddenly the words froze on her lips, and a low, shuddering mean burst from her.

At the same instant there came applying terrific crash, that seemed

another terrific crash, that seemed to rock the whole earth.

Put the young wife heard it not.

She had fallen upon her companion's breast, limp, white and sense-

The face into which she had looked was that of an utter stranger; she had married a man whom she

CHAPTER III.

The companions of the youthful however, unaware of the cause of her swoon at the altar, directly after the ceremony. One and all, except the man who had personated the absent groom, be-lieved it to be the reaction from the lieved it to be the reaction from the nervous excitement under which she had been laboring, mingled, perhaps, with fear and awe, of the terrible conflict of the elements and the uncanny gloom that had attended her nuptials.

Her companion took her in his arms with a strangely reverent general contents and the companion took her in his arms with a strangely reverent general contents.

Her companion took her in his arms, with a strangely reverent gentleness and tenderness, considering his position, and bore her quickly from the place, followed by the other members of the party—all save the "best man," who had remained behind to secure the clergyman's signature to the marriage certificate. nature to the marriage certificate.
As the stranger emerged Irom the

chapel, with his unconscious burden, the rain had almost ceased; tho storm seemed to have spent itself in that last deafening clap of thunder; the clouds were breaking, and low down on the western horizon, where they had lifted, there gleamed one lone star of peculiar brilliancy. Was it the beacon light of a good angel, watching over gentle, mis-

Was it the beacon light of a good angel, watching over gentle, misguided Florence Richardson, and set there as a promise to show that, though her future might be freught with storms of sorrow, yet hope should never entirely fail her?

The young man strode directly to the carriage, and placed his burden within it, after which he assisted the maid to follow her mistress.

"Get her home and into bed as quickly as possible," he said to the girl, in a low, authorative tone; "and, mind," he sternly added, "that you keep a close tongue about this night's work."

He closed the door upon them, without waiting for a reply, and then stepped back into the chapel to speak to the man who had lingered to get the certificate.

speak to the man who had lingered to get the certificate.

He met him just inside the door.

"Humph!" sneered the "best man," as he came close to his supposed friend, "the gir! hasn't much backbone, has she? It's lucky for you,

WHAT THE DOCTOR DOES.

The first thing a doctor does when he called to see a fretting, worrying baby to give it a medicine to move its bowls and sweeten the stomach. The docor knows that nine-tenths of the troubles affecting babies and young children are due to irritation of the stomach or bowels, and that when the cause is rebowels, and that when the cause is re-moved the child is well and happy. Baby's Own Tablets are an always-on-hand doctor, and promptly cure all the minor ills of little ones. They contain no poisonous "soothing" stuff, and may be given with safety to the tenderest infant, or the well grown child. Mrs. J. Overand, of Hepworth Station, Onta-rio, says: "My little one was much rio, says: "My little one was much troubled with indigestion, and Baby's Own Tablets gave immediate relief. I have found the Tablets the most satisfactory medicine I have ever used for children." Sold by all medicine deal ers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Wiliams' Medicine

TUNNELING THE HUDSON RIVER

Co., Brockville, Ont.

Subterranean Wonder Rivals the Mam moth Cave of Kentucky.

Residents of New York City who are accustomed to believe that all the wonders of the world are included within the boundaries of Greater New York will find in the huge new shaft leading down to the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel under the Hudson a subterranean wonder rivalling the Mammoth cave or he inderground mysteries of Luray avern This shate, sunk at the outer edge of the "tenderloin," at Eleventh avenu and Thirty-second street, descends for 65 feet through solid rock, and at this level forms the point of departure for

the twin tunnels under the Hudson.

To the visitor who peers nervously over the mouth of this great opening, 60 feet long and 40 feet broad, and sees faint lights flashing below or hears confused murmurs of underground activity, this pit seems to resemble an entrance to Plutonian regions rather than the compropulate greating of engineers, planned He hurried his companion down the aisle, for he was anxious to get the matter over; then, going to Florence, he conducted her to his side, the maid following.

Florence glanced anxiously up at her lover, as she came to him; but in the gloom, and muffled as he was, she could not see him distinctly, and she was too agitated to address him, while she was eager to return home as soon as possible.

The clergyman was evidently in a burry also, his patience having been expert tried, by the long waiting,

neath the journey is made creasing darkness.

But at the foot of the shaft imagination and sentiment end. Here the visitor meets the practical and sees the hand of the engineer. Straight before him as 'co meets the practical and sees the hand of the engineer. Straight before him as 'c reaches the bottom level are two ragged arches, hewn in solid stone, and through them two narrow gauge tracks vanish into darkness, carrying tiny cars laden with rock blasted 200 feet beyond, for the work has already marched this far toward the Jersey shore. These rough arches, smoothed and lined, will one day make the passageway for the great tubes. Already the engineers are at work preparing to equip the shaft with elevators, and within a short time material and workmen alike will be lowered and raised, and the wooden steps will lose their usefulness. their usefulness.

their usefulness.

Straight across the river, not more than a mile away, is another shaft, identical in general character with that at Eleventh avenue and Thirty-second Eleventh avenue and Thirty-second street. On that side of the river also the two tubes have been started, and for a few feet the work has gone under the solid reck. These two shafts are the lungs of the tunnels. Through these the hundreds of workmen will breathe. Som months hence the workmen descendin through these shafts, one in Manhattar one in Weehawken, will meet far under the Hudson, and then the tunnels will be completed.

Port Arthur. (Buffalo News.) Port Arthur has been taken,
But speak not in Gath,
The news will please some people
And others move to wrath.

Just read it in the headlines
And let it go at that,
There's music in the Russian
The Japs are standing pat. If Port Arthur hasn't fallen, As was stated in Chefoo, As was stated in Chefoo, Just buy another "extra out," The joke is then on you.

Port Arthur will be taken,
It will be, "on the dead,"
And when it's surely fallen
Ther'll print the fact in red

MILL FEEDS

eading Cereals and By-Products-Their Use and Value.

A leading Nova Scotia farmer point out that the average man buys the different kinds of mill feeds without knewing the grade he is buying, the value of each, or the kind of the stock to which it should be fed. Some brief notes on the more common feeds are all that a newspaper article will allow.

Wheat.—Wheat is a suitable feed for all kinds of the stock it follows.

Wheat article will allow.
Wheat article will allow.
Wheat have been all kinds of live stock, if fed with judgment. Shrunken and damaged wheat can be fed to advantage, as it may be nearly or quite equal to the best grain for this purpose. For fattening stock, wheat is considered worth about 10 per centless than corn. The by-products of wheat in common use are bran, shorts, middlings and low grade flour. Bran is recognized as one of the very best feeds for dairy cows and sheep, and for horses r.i. at hand work. On acount of its coarse and fibrous nature, it is admirably adapted for mixing with corn, peas, and other highly concentrated feeds, but for the same reason it is not suited for feeding in large quantities to hard-workas he came close to his supposed friend, "the girl hasn't much backbone, has she? It's lucky for you though, that she didn't collapse before the knot was tled. You're won your nice fat plum, and now, I suppose, you are prepared to fork over my share for this night's work. Ha! he exclaime!, in a startled tone, as the stranger, having thrown back the collar of his mackintosh, laid a heavy hand upon his shoulder, and bent a stern, white face upon him, "what is the meaning of this? By ——! You are hot Walter Leighton! Gad! This is a devilish plight, as sure as I am alive!"

To be continued.)

To defending in large quantities to hard-worked horses or young pigs. The distinction between shorts and middlings is not al-ways clearly marked, although the former is supposed to be re-ground bran, and the latter the finer particles of bran with some flour included. The poorer grades of shorts often contain the sweepings and dirt of the mill, and are sepcially useful for feeding pigs, and the latter the finer particles of bran with some flour included. The poorer grades of shorts often contain the sweepings and dirt of the mill, and are especially useful for feeding in large quantities to hard-worked horses or young pigs. The distinction between shorts and middlings is not al-ways clearly marked, although the for meet is supposed to be re-ground bran, and the latter the finer particles of bran with some flour included. The poorer grades of shorts often contain the sweepings and dirt of the mill, and are especially useful for feeding pigs, and the latter the finer particles of bran with some flour included. The poorer grades of shorts often contain the sweepings and dirt of the mill, and are especially useful for feeding pigs, and the latter the finer particles of bran with some flour included. The poorer grades of shorts often contain the sweepings and dirt of the mill, and are sweepings and dirt of the mill protein and fat contents is a valuable feed for cows, hard-worked horses and growing pigs. The better sorts of low grade flour are similar in composition grade flour are similar in composition to the best grades and cannot be fed at

profit. Corn.—Corn is the best of all the cercorn.—Corn is the best of an the cer-eals for fattening stock. It is used very largely in the manufacture of starch, glucose, beer, spirits, etc., and conse-quently has a long list of by-products. In the processes of manufacture the starch is removed; and the remainder of the crain is seld under the name of gluten is removed; and the remainder of the grain is sold under the name of gluten feed, which is wel suited for dairy cows and fatening stock. Gluten meal is gluten feed without the hulls and germs of the en secu without the nuils and germs of the corn, and is very rich in protein and fat. It is a capital feed for dairy cows, but on acount of its concentrated nature, should be mixed with bran or oats. Corn grown in received in a control of the concentrated of the control of th germ is very rich in protein and oil; after the oil is pressed out the residue is known as corn oil meal or corn oil cake, also a valuable feed. Corn bran is rela tively low in feeding value. There are numerous other "corn feeds" on the marnumerous other "corn feeds" on the mar-ket, but they vary greatly in composition and value, and should be bought only un-

der a guaranteed analysis.
Oots.—The feeding value of oats is well
known. Oat hulls, oat dust, and oat feed or shorts are the chief by products of this grain. Oat hulls are of little value for feed, but ae often mixed with corn meal, etc., and the mixture sold as ground oats. Oat dust consists chiefly of

ground oats. Oat dust consists chiefly of the minute hairs removed from the ker-nel in the preparation of oatmeal. It has a fair feeding value, especially if broken kernels are present, and there is not too much mill sweepings. Oat shorts or oat food varies greatly in composi-tion, although the better grades show a feeding value similar to that of oatmeal. /Barley—Barley is a first class feed for feeding value similar to that of oatmeat.

'Barley—Barley is a first class feed for pigs and dairy cows. The by-products, brewers' grains and malt sprouts, are largely fed in some sections. Brewers' grains are simply barley from which the grains are simply barley from which the dextrin and sugar have been extracted. The wet grains are not desirable for general use, but the dried grains are easily kept and are rich in protein and fat,ranking with bran and oil meal as a feed for dairy cows. Malt sprouts are a cheap and excellent feed for cows, but they are not greatly relished, and only two or three pounds a day can be fed.

Peas—Peas are very rich in protein, and are among the best feeds for growing animals, dairy cows and pigs. Peameal is too concentrated to be fed alone. There are no by-products in general use.

Oil Cake—Oil cake or oil meal is a by product of the manufacture of linseed oil. It is a very rich and healthful feed, particularly for fattening cattle and sheep. Its high protein contents makes it valuable for feeding in moderate the state of the st quantities to dairy cows, along with

orn silage. Cottonseed Meal—Cottonseed meal is a by-product in making cottonseed oil. It is richest of all the concentrates, but varies greatly in quality. It is not suitable for pigs or calves. Good cottonseed able for pigs or calves. Good cottonseed meal, which is a bright lemon-yellow in color and has a fresh, pleasant taste, may be profitably fed in reasonable quantity, if combined with other feeds. Not more than three or four pounds daily should be fed to dairy cows. Yours

very truly, W. A. Clemons, Publication Clerk.

FATTENING CHICKENS.

Feeding in Crates - The Rations.

In order to have the chickens plump and well fitted for market when they are at the most profitable age, they should be placed in the fattening crates when they are three months old. It is not meant by this that chickens cannot be fatby this that chickens cannot be fatted profitably when they are more than three months old Suitable market chickens of any age will show gains in the crates. In selecting chickens for fattening, those should be fatted that have a good constitution, denoted by short, strong beak, head wide between the eyes, lively appearance and that are of needium size, and are of a broad square shape, with short, straight legs set well apart.

Equipment for Fattening.—In fattening chickens for market, it is advisable to use the fattening crates recommended by the Poultry Divi-

recommended by the Poultry Division, Ottawa. If only a small number of chickens are to be fatted, packing boxes of suitable dimensions can be adapted for the purpose. The open top of the box should become the be adapted for the purpose. Into option of the box should become the bottom of the crate, and one side should be removed from the front. Laths should be nailed up and down the front and also lengthways of the crate to form the floor. The laths are placed the same distant apart as recommended in the construction. of the fattening crate. A board should be loosened in the top of the grate to remove the chickens from

and a feed trough arranged in front. A shaping board and shipping boxes

re also required.
Fattening Relations, A satisfactory Fattening Relations. A saturation of fattening ration is one that is palatable and that will produce a white colored flesh. Ground oats, finely ground or with the white colored with the coarser hulls sifted out, should form the basis of all the grain side of the coarser feel in excess. should form the basis of all the grain mixtures. Ground corn fed in excess will result in a yellow colored flesh of inferior quality; ground pease impart a hardness to the flesh that is not desirable. Ground oats, ground buckwheat, ground barley, and low, grade flour are the most suitable meals for fattening.

Satisfactory meal mixtures.

1. Ground oats, coarser hulls removed.

moved.

2. Siftings from rolled oats, no hulling dust should be included.

3. Two parts ground oats, two parts ground buckwheat, one part ground corn.

4. Equal parts ground oats, ground barley, and ground buckwheat.

5. Two parts ground barley, two parts low grade flour, one part wheat bran.

The ground meal should be mixed to a thin porridge with sour milk or buttermilk. On the average, 10 pounds of meal require from 15 to 17 pounds of meas require from 15 to 17 pounds
of sour skim milk. A small quantity,
of sait should be added to the mash.
When sufficient skim milk or buttermilk cannot be obtained for mixing mashes, a quantity of animal and raw vegetable food should be added to the fattening ration.

The chickens should remain in the

fattening crates for a period of days, more or less depending on the condition of the bird. Before they are are placed in the crates they well dusted with sulphur to kill the lice. They should be again sul-phured three days before they are

phured three days before they are killed.

The First Week.—It is necessary to feed the chickens lightly the first week they are in the crates. A small quantity of the fattening food should be spread along the troughs, and as this is eaten more food is added, but not as much as the chickens would consume. The food should be given three times a day, and after feeding the troughs should be cleaned and turned over. The chickens should receive fresh water twice ens should receive fresh water twice

ens should receive fresh water twice a day, and grit two or three times a week while in the crates.

The second week.—The chickens should be given twice a day as much food as they will eat. Half an hour after feeding the feed troughs should be cleaned and turned over.

should be cleaned and turned over.
The Last Ten Days—At the commencement of this period one pound of tallow a day, should be added to the mashes for every seventy chickens. The quantity of tallow should be gradually increased, so that at the latter part of the period one pound of tallow is fed to 50 chickens. The chickens should receive the fattening food twice a day. Yours very truly, W. A. Clemens, Publication Clerk.

VEGETABLES.

Vegetables are necessary.

They contain much nutrition.

Nuts and olives are fatty vegetables.

Starchy vegetables produce heat and

nergy.

The cabbage family suffer from poor ooking.
Tomatoes are most hygienic when un-

The acid of the tomato is sufficient without vinegar.

Asparagus (of the lily family) acts upon the kidneys.

Many succulent vegetables are simply bulk, or waste, food, and should be eat-

en once a day.

A host of plants serve for seasoning and flavoring.

All vegetables should be put in boiling water.

Add a pinch of salt for the green ve-

Many vegetarians are capable of hard-As a rule vegetables should be cooked

Too rapid boiling dissipates flavor and spoils the color.

Rice and maccaroni require fast boil-

ing in deep water to separate the par-ticles. The potato should be cooken unpared. mineral matter is near the The saliva cannot act upon the fat that clings to the fried potato, the stomach does not, so the poor intestines wrestle

in vain.

Though some of the salad plants are cooked by some of the same plants are cress, cucumber and the rest are better eaten with a simple French dressing. It is a fact "that all the elements necessary for body building are found in the vegetable world," a fact which few of us seem to understand.

STUDENT STUMPED PROFESSOR. The clever Dr. Ritchie, of Edinburgh, met with his match while examining a

He said: "And you attended the class for mathematics? "Yes."

"How many sides has a circle?" "Two," said the student. "What are they?"

What a laugh in the class the stu dent's answer produced when he said:
"An inside and an outside." But this was nothing compared with what followed. The doctor said to the student: "And you attended the moral philosophy class also"

"Well, you would hear lectures various subjects. Did you ever hear one on cause and effect?"

"Does an effect ever go before "Give me an instance," "A man wheeling a barrow." The doctor then sat down and pro-posed no more cuestions.

What He Wanted.

(Chicago Post.) "A tall bride is the best looking, don't you think?"
"Well," replied the titled Englishman whe had caught on to a little American slang, "so far as I am personally concerned I certainly am not looking for one who is "short."

Even the gleve manufacturer doesn't like to have his stock thrown back on

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HAEE CENTURIES.

mapolis Royal's Colebration During the Week Ending June 25—Some Can-adian History Restated.

Seven years ago the City of St. ohn's celebrated with appropriate aremonies and festivities the 400th anniversary of John Cabot's landing on the coast of Newfoundland. Dur-ing the week ending June 25, Aning the week ending June 25, Annapolis Royal, in Nova Scotia, and St. John, in New Brunswick, rendered similar honors to the memory of De Monts and Champlain, who 300 pears ago explored the shores of the Bay of Fundy, and gave the history of Acadia a beginning. During most of the century intervening between the events thus commemorated, North America had been neglected. Distracted by the Reformation and religious wars, the enterprising na-tions of Europe had not much thought for colonization, especially in the latitudes north of Mexico. It in the latitudes north of Mexico. It is true, adventurous mariners who had friends at court were enabled to make voyages to the Atlantic Coast of this continent. From England came Sebastian Cabot, John Cabot's son. Several years later came Ver-razzano from France. In 1534 Jac-ques Cartier began his voyage from Fishermen and fur traders kept up some connection with this side of the Atlantic, but the era of colonization did not begin till the opening of the 17th century.

Chauvin had made three unsuccessful attempts to establish the fur trade at Tadousac, where the Saguenay empties into the Lower Lawrence. The Winters proved too Chauvin had made three severe for him. When he died Aymar de Chastes, who had fought against the League and won the friendship of Henri IV., obtained from that King a monopoly of the North American fur trade. He formed a company, to which were admitted the principal which were admitted the principal merchants of the West ports, who had been associated with Chauvin, or had engaged in the fur trade on their own account. Samuel de Champlain had just returned from the West Indies A place on the available was nad just returned from the west in-dies. A place on the expedition was offered to him by his friend de Chas-tes. To Pontgrave, who had been at Tadousac with Chauvin in 1600, was given the command. But de Chastes not destined to be more success ful than his predecessor. Pontgrave and Champlain went to the St. Lawrence in 1603. The commercial results were disappointing, and when they returned the first news they heard was that de Chastes was dead. Pierre du Guast, Sieur de Monts, Gentleman-in-Ordinary of the King's Chamber, and Governor of Pons, s ceeded to the monopoly held by de Chastes. His patent gave him power to colonize Acadia, a region defined as extending from the 46th degree, of north latitude. of north latitude. the 46th degree Over this vast extent of continent he Over this vast extent of continent he had vice-regal powers. He preserved de Chestes' old company. To obtain settlers for his projected colony he was authorized to impress idlers and tramps, and many a vagabond was forced on one or other of the two vessels with which De Monts put to sea in 1604. Catholic priests and Huguenot ministers took passage with them. Baron de Poutrincourt and other noblemen accompanied De and other noblemen accompanied De Monts, Pontgrave and Champlain. De Monts sailed from Havre de Grace

clergy on board there was much con-troversy and some fighting. So, at all events, we are told by Cham-plain, who has left an account of this voyage, and of the subsequent ex-plorations and attempts at settle-Like Pontgrave and Champlain, De Monts had some experience of the St. Lawrence. He had been with St. Lawrence. He had been with Chauvin at Tadousac, and the hardships suffered at that place warned him away from it. He steered further south, hoping to find there a milder region. His first landing place was what is now called Liverpool harbor, on the south-east coast of Nova Scotia. He was joined further down the coast by Pontgrave, who down the coast by Pontgrave, who had seized four Basque fur traders found trespassing. The southern shore of Mova Scotia was rounded, and the exploration of the Bay of and the exploration of the Bay of Fundy was begun. Poutrincourt was captivated by the beauty of Annapolis Basin, with its narrow entrance and wide land-locked expanse. He asked and obtained a grant of it from De Monts. Poutrincourt called his possession Port Royal. It held that name till the place was capturthat name till the place was captured by a British expedition from Massachusetts in 1710, after which it was called Annapolis—the City of Anne—in honor of the Queen then reigning over the United Kingdom. In the present name, "Annapolis Royal," a part of the old one survives. It is not known on what day De Monts entered the basin, but the people of Annapolis adopted June 21 as a very close approximation te the date, and their tercemenary celebration was accordingly begun on Tuesday.

De Monts sailed from have to the command of the second vessel, followed a few days later. Between the Oal-vinist ministers and the Catholic much command of the second vessel, followed a few days later.

clergy on board there was much con-

Tuesday.

It is known, however, that the River St. John was entered by De Monts on St. John's Day, and named by Champlain accordingly.

Dating its beginning from 1605 And napolis Royal can claim to be the mapping settlement in Canada, and the

napolis Royal can claim to be the oldest settlement in Canada, and the second oldest in North America, St. Augustine, in Florida, alone exceeding it in age. It is three years older than Jamestown, the first permanent settlement in Virginia, and it is sixteen years older than Plymouth, the colony founded by the Pilgrim Fathers in Massachusetts. Not till three years after he had helped to establish the Port Royal colony did Champlain found the old City of Quebes.

City of Quebec.

It is now 64 years since the penny stage was established, and it may interest those who were not born then to know that previous to that time (1840) it took 1s. 2 1-3d to post a letter from London to Kil-

For cramps from chill apply a mustard poultice over seat of pain.

STRIPPING OLD QUEBEC. no Household Utensils Are Fast

Antiquity is fast becoming one of the chief gods of the ancient city of Quebec, but it is a sad thing to observe that reverence for the remnants of bygone days usually settles on how much an article will represent in gold. An old copper kettle, in which the hammer-beats and the brazing of the early blacksmith can sent in gold. An old copper kettle, in which the hammer-beats and the brazing of the early blacksmith can be readily detected is esteemed, not so much as a sample of a changing art and oftentimes marvellous skill, but as something worth more in the curiosity shop than in the junk shop. Happily, however, there is something to induce a preservation of these things, even if eventually the rarest specimens find a way into foreign museums or the homes of wealthy tourists. Old brass, old copper, old pewter, old earthenware—these are the things that are being gathered in, and it is safe to say that within a very few years the Dominion will be stripped of the unappreciated homely relics that Canadians should prize next, almost, to their nationality. The day of the grease dip, the candle pan, the old brass snuffers, the huge brass knockers, the log fireplace, the iron crane, the swinging kettle, is gone, but from musty garrets and century-old kitchens the evidences of an earlier civilization are being brought to light. Now the dences of an earlier civilization dences of an earner twinstand to being brought to light. Now the beaten metal that decorated the living room a hundred years ago finds an honored place in the best parlors.

four years ago, encouraged purely as a commercial undertaking by wealthy a commercial undertaking by wearthy tourists passing through the ancient capital. Huge hand-made cauldrons of brass or copper, that had been re-garded as so much scrap, splendidly modelled brass demijohns and kettles modelled brass demijohns and kettles of all sizes and shapes, slipped through the fingers of the original and unappreciative owners and pass-ed over to those who really should prize them least. An old metal ket-tle, dented and covered with verdigris and smut, is a very different thing from the old metal kettle, burn-ished and sparkling, showing the marks of a rude yet artful craft, and giving syidence of its years in the giving evidence of its years in the apparent methods of its production. So articles picked up by the gatherers for 25 cents are cleaned, placed in a shop window and marked three or five or ten dollars, as the case may be. Very rare specimens, of course, sell for more or less, according to the knowledge of the persons

who handle them.

Being of itself an attraction for tourists, the city of Quebec has become a distributing point for curiosities. Numerous shops have been established for the purpose, and during the summer season places for the ing the summer season places for the sale of this ware appear with little more accommodation than the ordimore accommodation than the ordi-nary candy stand. Every shop of any consequence maintains a staff of col-lectors, who scour the countryside for their stock-in-trade. It is becom-

The latest formula

known to medical

science

101

DR.HUGO'S

ing more and more Tillchit at the time to get the goods, because the owners are awakening to the fact that they hold something to which a sentimental value is attached. The quest for bress and copper has given way in a measure to a search for the products of old English or 'habitant' potteries long out of existence. Old delft is in good demand, and a dealer will ask ten dollars for an odd platter or two dollars for a willow-patterned plate with the same grace as the baker asks five cents for a small loaf. A connoisseur may for a small loaf. A connoisseur may pay five or fifty dollars for a rare piece, according to his taste and means, and oftentimes according to the impression he makes on the self-er. The dealers in antiquities here eser. The dealers in antiquities here es-timate the style of their patrons with great skill, and their prices fluctuate accordingly. As a rule the stuff does not cost them much, so the stuff does not cost them much, so the price depends on the customer. Grandfather clocks and spinning wheels are by no means neglected, and it is the boast of one dealer that clocks having no claims of antiquity or uniqueness, and fit only for kindling wood, sell readily to American visitors for five dollars each.

The observation "Distant hills look

ing wood, self readily to visitors for five dollars each.

The observation "Distant hills look green" seems to apply in this connection, for while the collectors have scoured the outlying districts they apparently have neglected the opportunities that lie within sight. A recent visitor to Quebec before going a mile from the city procured from a habitant on the verge of the century mark twenty-three pieces of long-used delif for what had been asked for one piece of a similar kind in the one piece of a similar kind in one piece of a similar and city. The regrettable part of this trade is that most of the best specimens are leaving the country. After mens are leaving the country. After a while, when it is too late, Canadians will awaken to their lost op-

> Stages of the Dandelion The violet is fragrant,
> And beautiful the rose;
> But close to human nature
> The dandelion grows.

In youth its clustered ringlets,
With golden brilliants burn,
And then, despite all hair dye
To scanty silver turn.

The three-score-ten of flowers Comes with relentless fate, Then sadly it exhibits A bald and shining pate.

Death of the San.

Among the Ojibway Indians, who once occupied the lands about the great lakes in Canada, the sun, moon and stars were all objects of worship, for the red man was in his own way a decidedly religious person. At dawn the old chief and warriors chanted the praises of the sun, and at' nightfall they thanked him and at' nightfall they thanked him for the light and heat with which he had supplied them during the day. An sclipse of the sun filled them with dismay. That event was looked on as his' death, and they were them very anxious about his safety. They used to fasten bits of live coal to

Success, Thy Name is Hugo!

the points of their arrows and shoot them into the air in order that the expiring sun might be relighted. As for the moon, it was equally precious. They reckoned their months by it. Their children were forbidden to point at it with their finger lest it should be bitten off.

Ancient Ventriloquian Ventriloquism was undoubtedly known both to the Jews and to the Egyptians. It was used by many persons for purposes of deception. The wizards who employed it declared that their "familiar spirit" resided in the abdomen, whence the voice was sup-posed to proceed. The Old Testament Scriptures abound with denunciations both of persons who had these fa-miliar spirits and of those who went to seek their advice and assistance.
They were treated as though they were
in familiar intercourse with the evil one and according to Jewish law received no mercy. Instances, however, are very frequent in much later history of deception being successfully practiced by persons having this peculiar gift.

Carlyle's Picture of Rogers. Carlyle gives this striking picture of Samuel Rogers, the poet: "I saw Rogers awhile ago at dinner with Taylor, a half frozen, old, sardonic Whig gentleman; ne hair at all, but one of the whitest bare scalps; blue eyes, shrewd, sad and cruel; toothless, horses mouth drawn up to the very nose; slow, croaking, sarcastic insight, perfect breeding-staterooms where you are welcomed even with flummery; internally a Bluebeard's chamber, where none but the proprietor enters!

"Hello, Bill, old man! Well, well! I haven't seen you since the old days, when we used to run around together!"
"No, Jack. Ah those old days! What

"No, Jack." Ah those on a fool I used to be then!"
"I tell you, I'm slad to see you. You haven't changed a bit, old man."

His Long Wait, Tommy-Oh, but all great men have smoked. Daisy-My dear boy, if you will only wait until you are great before you smoke I shall not complain.

Not Her Role. Edith-Why did you refuse him? Ethel—He has a past. Edith—But he can blot it out. Ethel—Perhaps, but he can't use me for a blotter.

The man who makes hay while the sun shines is in a position to lend money to the fellow who writes poetry

Dr. Hugo, of Paris, is the greatest living specialist

He is a success because his treatment is successful.

Women from all over Europe go to him for relief

from those sufferings peculiar to their sex. Many s

time he has cured a woman after the local physician

had told her she could be cured only by undergo-

The formula of the standard remedy used by Dr.

Hugo has been secured by us, together with the sole right to compound the remedy and market it under

Dr. Hugo's

Health Tablets

For Women

We offer these tablets to the women sufferers in

Canada and the United States with the positive knowl-

edge that they contain the same ingredients that Dr.

Hugo invariably prescribes for womb or uterine

diseases, and what has proven a great boon to the

women of Europe should be equally as precious to

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women is more

than a mere medicine. It is specific cure—a regula-

in the treatment of women's diseases.

ing a surgical operation.

the women of America.

This falling of your hair! it, or you will soon be bald. Give your hair some Ayer's Hair Vigor. The falling will stop, the hair will

Hair Vigor

grow, and the scalp will be clean and healthy. Why be satisfied with poor hair when you can make it rich?

Thick Hair

Brockville Business College

More graduates in position this year than ever. Open All Summer. Special rates for summer term. Tuition, low. High-grade work. Send for catalogue. Address

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"The Old Reliable"

fit well, wear well, and give you perfect satisfaction....

All Wool Suits from

\$12.00 upwards Good-wearing Pants from \$2.75 upwards

MADE TO ORDER

Fashionable Hats Fashionable Ties

I have just received a stock of the very latest in these lines. One of our hats and ties will bring you right up-

A. M. Chassels

B. W.& N. W.

RAWILAY TIME-TABLE

No. 1 No. 3 Brockville (leave) 9.40 a.m 4.20 p.m Lyn (Jet.G.T.R,) *9.55 " Lyn...... 10.00 " 4.35 " Seeleys.....*10.08 " 4.42 " Forthton *10.20 " 4.52 " Elbe ... *10.25 " 4.57 " Athens...... 10.87 " 5.04 "
Soperton.... *10.55 " 5.21 "
Lyndhurst... *11 02 " 5.28 " Delta 11.10 " 584 " Elgin 11 28
Forfar *11.85
Crosby *11 42 547-4 5.58 Newboro 11.55 6.08 " Westport (arrive) 12.10 6.20 "

No. 4 Westport (leave) 7.90 a.m. 8.80 p.m. Newboro 7.12 "
Crosby *7.22 " 8 45 8.55 " Forfar *7.28 " 401 " Elgin 7.38 " 4.09 Delta 7.46 " 4.27 Lyndhurst *7.52 " 4.88 7.46 " 4.27 Soperton *7.59 " 4.40 " Athens 8.16 " 5.04 " Elbe *8.22 " 5.09 Forthton *8,28 " 5.15 " Seeleys *8.88 " 5.25 " Lyn 8.45 " 5.85 " Lyn (Jet.G.T.R.) " 5.45 " Brockville (arrive) 9 00 " 6.00 "
*Stop on signal

MARTIN ZIMMERMAN, E. A GEIGER, Gen'l Mgr.

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Nervous irritability Palior. Hot flashes

y-five per cent of the wemen in the styllined world, between the

en and thirty-five years, suffer, and all of which an

diced physicians who have studied the form there is no preparation known that is so well calculated to n's pains by toning up her system, making new blood, and giving gth and elasticity to her whole body.

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Price, 50 cents per hom-72 tablets. Sold at all drug stores, or sent by mail, in plain, sealed

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Strict Economy

Buying cheap clothes is not exactly strict economy. You may get a fairly good looking suit say for \$5.00 or \$6.00, but you often remark yourself, or hear remarked, Well, what can you expect for \$5.00.

OUR \$10.00 SUIT

Is made of good material, solid construction, keeps its shape and appearance and will certainly out wear three of the best \$5.00 suits you can get.

LEADING CLOTHIER, GENT'S FURNISHER, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND FURS

West Cor. King & Buell,

BROCKVILLE

WARNING SIGNALS—Nervousness, bashfulness, poor memory, pimples on the face, aching back, cold feet and hands, no ambition or energy, tired mornings, poor appetite, sympathetic dreams at night, fits of depression, morose and sullen temper, restless and suspicious, specks before the eyes, desire for solitude, inability to fix the attention, etc., YOU HAVE NERVOUS DEBILITY. Don't neglect it. It is only a step to paralysis or complete loss of manhood. No matter the cause—whether indis-Complete loss of manhood. No matter the cause—who recetness in youth, excesses in manhood or business OUR VITALIZED TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU.

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290 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT, MICH.

A splendid tonic for the hair, makes the hair grow long and heavy Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color of youth Stops falling hair, also. Sold for fifty years.



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THE PAINT

has grown steadily in public favor. and is no place more popular than first used sure and positive cure for leaks in a tin or iron roof, and as a pre servative of wood it has no equal. Write for particulars and prices.

- We have scores of testimonials as to its merits.

ROOFING

We do iron, cement, and gravel roofing and guarantee good work in every case

We sell our paint by the gallon or barrel, or will contract to paint your roof or any woodwork liable to decay.

If you want a new roof or an old one repaired, let us hear from

The McLaughlin Asphalt Roof Paint Company BROOKVILLE. ATHENS and MORRISTOWN, N.Y.

KEKRK KAK KEK KEK KE A

The majority of men have varicocele in the first, second or third stage. In the early stages it may cause many symptoms which the patient may sof recognize as arising from this disease. In fact, we have have found on examination, varicocele, present in hundreds of cases where the patient did not know he had it at all. In time it will produce such symptoms as the following: Mervousness, weakness in the back, unsteady limbs, tired and exhausted feeling, pains in the loins, irritation of the bladder and kidneys, sediment and loss in urine, emissions at night with level dreams, sexual weakness and excline of manly power—these symptoms gradually develop into NERVOUS DEBILITY and IMPOTRANT. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT WILL POSITIVELY CURE YOU AND IT IS GUARANTEED TO CURE YOU WITHOUT OPERATION. Through its vitalizing influence the wormy, veins return to their normal calline.

We Guarantee to Cure or No Pay.

All cases we accept for treatment are taken under a positive guarantee that they are curable or no pay. We refer you to several banks as to our financial responsibility, so you may know we are good for any contracts we make,

Reader Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your Blood been diseased? Have you any weakmess? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. On matter who has treated you write for an houses opinion Free of Charge. Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE.—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Disease of Men.

Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE, for

SOPERTON

Mr. Wm. Smith of Harlem bas just purchased of A. Hudson of Soperton three spring calves, registered Ayr-shires, bred from the fine bull he pur-chased of W. W. Ballantyne of Stratford, for a good figure. This young bull's stock is grand; his stock is large and lots of bone. Any one dealing this kind of stock would do well make him a call.

WASHBURN'S

Miss Hattie Irwin is sick with whooping cough.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Soper of Slocan B. C., guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Loverin, left for Saratoga Springs on the 10th inst.

Mr. Lafayette Washburn, who has een suffering from summer la grippe, lest here on the 16th inst on a trip to Montreal and other places, trusting that change of air and scene will aid in

DAYTOWN

Mr. Shirley Wood ot Rome, N. Y., is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Wood, and reports good times

Having in this vicinity is nearly ompleted and harvesting commenced. A large number from here attended the Baptist picnic at Delta Park, and report a good time.

Mr. Melvin Day is improving his farm with a new Page wire tence.

Mr. Edward Carbinaugh is on the Miss Ella Huffman is visiting riends at Plum Hollow.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eaton and daughter of Frankville were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Eli Wood.

Mrs. Mable Steel of Westport was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Huffman, one day last week.

GLEN BUELL

Our school reopened on Monday with a good attendance of pupils. We are pleased to report an im-provement in the health of Fred Perci-

val, who has been under medical treat-ment by Dr. Purvis of Athens for Mr. S Running of Frankville was calling on friends at Brock's Hill on

Sunday. Mrs. John Sturgeon has been spend

ing a few weeks at the home of her son, Fred Sturgeon of Lyn. Emaruel Westlake is busily engaged in erecting a new barn. Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart of Delta were calling on Mr. N. Stewart last

A wet weather livery has opened on rubber street. Rigs stored or rented on reasonable terms. If a shower overtakes you, boys, that's the II. place to natronize.

GLEN MORRIS

Mr. and Mrs. Kholar Wiltse are Charleston home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Henderson and family, Gouveneur, N.Y., who were recently guests at Mrs. John Morriss's, have returned home.

Miss Helen Fairbairn, New Dublin, spent last week at the home of Mr.

Mr. George Stevens and family spent Tuesday last with friends in Lyndhurst. Winchester are spending their holidays here, guests of Mrs. Kholar Wiltse.

The stone-crusher is busy doing some much needed repairing on our street. Mrs. J. S. Morris entertained a number of lady friends on Friday last. Mr. Jos. Morris lost one of his farm

horses recently. Mrs. W. McVeigh, Addison, paid visit to her parents here last week

CHARLESTON

Master Willie Amell, Cardinal, who has been spending a part of his holi-days with friends here, has returned

John Foster, sr., accompanied by his son John of Toledo, visited his daughter, Mrs. S. Cleary, Chalk River.

Point, spent Thursday with friends Miss Gladys Johnson has gone

Ottawa to visit friends. Miss May Steacy, Warbuton, visited friends here for a couple of weeks.

A great many attended the lawn A great many attended the lawn social at Trevelyan on Tuesday night. His wife was a daughter of the late Rev. J. Forsythe. His There are a great many foreigners in Charleston at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Slack and spent Sunday with friends here.

NEW DUBLIN

Farmers are very busy at presen Misses Eva and Murial Brown Brockville are visising their sister Mrs.

Mrs. W. Patterson of Watertown is visiting her brother, Mr. H. Horton Quite a few from here intend taking in the old people's meeting at Glen Buell on Sunday.

On Saturday evening last Misses Martha and Mary Trickey gave a fare-well party in honor of their brother, Arden, who went back to New York and Providence on the following Mon-day. Those present were Miss Edith Moorehouse, Mrs. Jos. Kirkland and Elsie of Glen Buell, Miss C. Morse of New Jersey, Messrs. Norris Ferguson and Arnold Avery of Junetown, Mr. Willie Johnston, Miss Maud Horton and Mr. Johnie Horton and Miss Violet-of New Dublin. A very pleasant time was spent.

We are very sorry to know that Mrs. J. Moore is very ill with typhoid

A number from Glen Buell attended English church here on Sunday even

Mrs. Ira Mallory has been very sick with a cold, out is better now. Miss Jennie Cughan has again taker up her duties as school teacher.

LANSDOWNE

Mr. Will Sliter and his cousin, Mr. Will Webster, returned on Saturday from the St. Louis Exposition.

Miss Moxley returned last week from Toronto, having spent a part of her holidays there with her nephew, Mr. Oscar Moxley.

The farmers are having a well earned rest, between having and harrest, this year. Mr. Richards of Seeley's Bay sper

couple of days last week with J. H. Frank Warren, who has been clerk-

ing for J. H. Warren for some time, has resigned. George Latimer has his new house

ell advanced. George Humphry of Dulcemane has ed a lot from N. W. Webster. and is preparing to build right away. Fred Warren of Rockfield has urchased a lot from J. McDonald and

will be moving into the village soon. Edna Findlay of Escott is at present visiting her grandfather, Mr. Stephen Findlay.

Miss Keating of Cass City, Mich. the greatest vitalizer. Heaslip.

OBITUARY

In the cemetery at Cardinal, on ntertaining a party of friends at their the evening of Tuesday. August 2nd, the remains of the late Rev. G. Metzler were removed from the vault and placed in the grave, in the presence of of his sorrowing widow and daughter and a number of old friends and sympathizers. The sun shone brightly as it sank in the western sky, the old tower of the original St. Paul's cast its shadow upon the marble slabs and granite blocks, which mark the graves of former parishioners. The waters Mr. and Mrs. Bailey and children of of the beautiful St Lawrence work a calm and peaceful appearance as they flowed by on their course to the sea All nature seemed to blend its beauties with the inspired and comforting words of Holy Writ from the burial service, which were read by the Rev. Mr. Lindsay as the remains were borne to and laid away in the grave, near those of his loved ones gone before, in the spot once occupied by the chancel of the old church, a fit place for one who worked so faithfully and effectually in the church of God, to await the joys of the resurrection morning.

Mr. Metzler wrs an energetic, hardworking clergyman, who followed closely in the footsteps of our Divine Master. He was an earnest and impressive preacher, but it was in his daily, quiet pastoral work that he was most effective and engaging; none could be more sympathetic than he; Mr. John Plunkett, Jr., Long none touched more tenderly and successfully those sensibilities which needed to be soothed and invigorated. His cheerful disposition and bright geniality endeared him to all classes and all persuasions. He was educated at King's College, Windsor, N. S., and was ordained deacon in 1869, and first parish was Antigonishe, N. S., where he entered vigorously on his cler The children of the Athens and ical duties. In 1875 he was appointed Toledo Baptist church had a very chaplain to the General Mining Asso-

istion at Sydney Mines. At North Sydney, through his efforts, a pretty church was built, and a parish organized, which might be compared to the grain of mustard seed. In 1882 he removed to Chrysler, Fincu, Ontario, where he found the church in a dilapit dated state, and at once set to work to raise money to build the handsome brick one which is now an ornament brick one which is now an ornament to the village. The material was all on the ground, the church partly built and a new bell hung when he was appointed to Cardinal in 1885, although he would have preferred to remain and complete the work. He afterwards placed a handsome font in that church as his gift. Having moved to Cardinal in the early part of 1886, he at once proceeded to improve the rectory, which he did by parochial aid and contributing liberally of his own means. The cemetery next received attention, being very much improved while in his charge. A Sunday School house and receiving vault were built, owing to the generosity of a wealthy parishioner, and a handsome and costly fence was placed around the church grounds, all of which received his per-

He was in Cardinal but a few months when he was called upon to mourn the loss of his eldest child, Lottie, a bright little girl 14 years of age, who died of cerebral spinal meningitis. A few years later his son, Arthur, was stricken with tuberculosis and died. Shortly afterwards his oldest son, William, contracted the same disease and passed away, to be followed a few months later by the youngest and only surviving son, Sydney.

onal attention in every detail.

Sorrow stricken and heart broken in 1900 he was removed to Westport where he did good work and was much appreciated. In 1902 he was appointed to the parish of Leeds Rear, where he was doing an excellent work. His health failed last Easter, and he gradually sank until the evening of Thursday, July 14th, when the silver cord was loosed, the golden bowl was brok en, and the spirit took its flight. On the morning of July 16th the funeral service was conducted at Lyndhurst by Rev. Rural Dean Dobbs, of St. Paul's Church, Brockville, assisted by a num. ber of neighboring clergy, six of whom mrs. D. T. Evans of Fort Worth, Texas, was last week the guest of ber cousin, Mrs. E. E. Warren.

Now the laborer's task is o'er. Now the battle day is past, Now upon the farther shore Lands the voyager at last. Father, in Thy gracious keeping, Leave we now Thy servant sleeping.

There the tears of earth are dried, There its hidden things are clear, There the work of life is tried By a juster Judge than here. Farther, in Thy gracious keeping, Leave we now Thy servant sleeping.

Diminished Vitality

Some people talk very flippantly about diminished vitality.

They don't stop to think that vital. ity is the principle of life—that it is that little understood something on which every function of their bodies

Diminished vitality is early indicated by loss of appetite, strength and endurance, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is

Lost

Between Athens and Soperton, on Tuesday the 9th, a lady's black circular waterproof cloak. The finder will be suitably rewarded, on delivering it at this office.

Fall Fair Dates Lyndhurst-Sept. 20 21.

Delta-Sept. 27 28. Frankville-Sept. 29 30. Toronto-Aug. 29 to Sept. 10. Winchester-Sept. 6-7. Williamstown-Sept. 7-8. Cornwall-Sept. 8 10. Brockville-Sapt. 12-15.

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Groceries

Always the very latest and Our goods are all of

Standard Quality Only lines tested by experience and

Fair Prices and Prompt Delivery

Are rules of this store. Your patronage invited.

JOHN A. RAPPELL

The People's Column.

Adv'ts of 6 lines and under in this co.umn, 25c for first insertion and 10c each subsequent insertions.

Logs Wanted

The subscriber will pay cash for water-elm and basswood logs—delivered at his mill at Greenbush; also for a large quantity of birch timber not more than 10 nor less than 4 inches in diameter, cut 10 or 12 feet for.

A. ROOT,

Greenbush

Notice

First-class wages will be paid to a first-class cook, also a second girl, at the Wardrobe House, Westport, Ont. Apply by letter or in THE WARDROBE HOUSE.

A. M. EATON AUCTIONEER

Farm and Village Property bought

If you wish to buy or sell, place your order with me. No charge made unless a transfer is frected.

Farm for Sale—200 acres, first-class buildings, well watered. on Perth road, 2 miles from Frankville.

A. M. EATON, Athens.

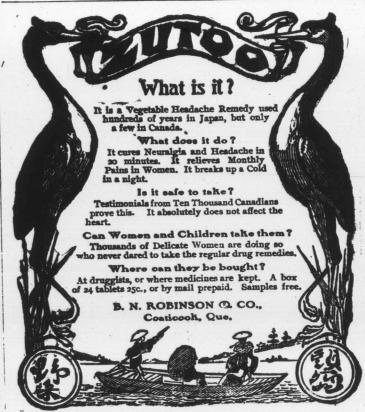
ATHENS LIVERY

WM. B. HALLIDAY, Propietor All new rigs and good horses. Careful and empetent drivers. Every requisite for serv-

MAIN ST. - ATHENS

72 PIECES OF

MUTUAL LITERARY MUSIC CLUB No. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Otty.



Appearance, Durability, and Convenience

MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS. Regarded by Sailors to be Birds of Good

Omen-Public Reprimand. How timidly on my first voyage did I ask the mate, a big, gruff Norwegian, what those pretty little birds were. How could I tel that I was committing a seriould I tel that I was committing a serious breach of etiquette? He replied very gruffly and unintelligibly, "Stern Pitter." I ventured to say "What?" and was at once bidden to "shut up" and look out for myself, as if he had been insulted by my not understanding him. I took the hint and asked no more, nor did I learn that "these little birds" were stormy petrels for a very long time, although like other sailors, I of course knew them as Mother Carey's chickens. But they were always a source of never-ending delight to me while at sea, and of wonder too, for I could not hely feeling that they had indeed solved the great problem of too, for I could not hely feeling that they had indeed solved the great problem of perpetual motion; never needing or desiring rest apparently, and always sticking to the ship to which they had taken a fancy in calm or storm, whether flying before a gale or stagnation through many days of windlessnesss, as was company they will be defined by the same of the story of the same many days of windlessness, as was com-mon with the 'old sailing ships. I was glad to see how the sailors generally re-garded them as birds of good omen, and in nowise to be meddled with. Indeed, in my day not a few seamen really looked upon them as the spirits of departed ailors, who never weary, flitted over th bright pure sea eternally. But then many seamen thus regarded the albatros also, yet I never saw the same sincere reluctance to do them

harm as was always evinced towards the stormy petrel. Once I saw a man, a second mate, wearying for something to do, catch one of the pretty creatures by means of a thickly-turred roping twine attached to a bait of pork, which was hooked on to the end of a fishing line. The little bird, fluttering over the meat and continually touching the water with its feet, as is its wont, got them entangled in the sticky twine and was hauled in, all bedaggled, its bright vivacity gone in, all bedaggied, its bright viveley gone and presently lay panting and helpless in the grip of its silly tormentor. Fortunately the captain, coming on deck at an opportune moment, saw the shameful deed, and gave that second mate such a

deed, and gave that second mate such was wigging as I hope did him good. It was the only time in my life that I ever rejoiced to see a subordinate on board ship receive a public reprimand.—F. F. Bullen, in New York Evening Post.

Minara's Linament Cures Diptheria.

"HOLY" RAILROAD IN CANADA. It Runs Twenty Miles From Ste. Anne

De Beaupre to Quebec. (New York Times)

In these days, when railways are run more for what there is in them for a favored few than for the accommodation of the genera? public, it may be interesting to recall the fact that there is right here in North America a "holy railroad." This is a little line 22 miles long, from Quebec to Ste Anne De Beaupre. It is sacred because it claims to run "especially for the accommodation of pilgrims" and, above all, because at its opening a few years since it was formally blessed with all its belongings by Cardinal Taschereau. Every Sunday the trains are crowded by devotees in search of the

JUSTIFIED IN

Why J. J. Perkins Owes his Life

"For two years I was troubled with my kidneys and at last became so bad doctor who had been attending

For Sale by Dealers Everywhere.

FIND THE GRAY QUEUE.

Pails.

Close Observer Has Never Found a Chinaman With One.

"Look around during your next exploration of Chinatown," says a close observer, "and see if you can find any Chinaman with a gray queue. I have seen gray-haired Chinamen all right, and one or two with fuzz on their faces which or two with fuzz on their faces which might, by courtesy, be called beards, but a gray queue—never. A good deal of the average queue is all make believe anyway, several inches of the end of it being composed of black braid.

"I have always suspected that there was more or less false hair about it, too; that their is of course a matter that con.

but that is, of course, a matter that can not be determined by casual inspection. Such Chinamen as I have seen with gray hair have had black queues. It may be however, that the ends of the queue, instead of being false, are dyed."

Minard's Linament (Cures Colds, etc.

Minority Shareholders' Rights.

To the minority stockholders of the Hamilton, Grimsby & Beamsville Electric Railway, who have objected to the method of the transfer of that concern to Grand Trunk control, a paragraph from the Wall Street Journal will be of interest. It deals with the rights of minority shareholders. The paragraph

question reads:
The decision by Justice Greenbaum, of the Supreme Court in the suit of Walter S. Johnston against the Norfolk & Southern Railway contained the following clause:
"The courts will not enjoin the carry

ing out of a business policy conceived in good faith, even though it may be probable that such policy will prove to have been unwise, but, if it is apparenthat the scheme of the majority of the stockholders is founded upon a oppress the minority of the stockholders or to operate as a fraud upon their, and not to further the interests of the corporation, but to accomplish unfair advantages and benefits to those in con-trol, then the Court of Equity will

promptly use its power to restrain the accomplishment of such iniquity."

This decision was notable as being an action by a court of law to prevent the carrying out of a business policy adopted by men in control of a corporation, but which was opposed by a minority of the stockholders. * * * The only effective protection for minority stock-holders is in publicity. The majority

Summer Croup A croupy cough is a dangerous thing for the little folks in aummer time. The forer that accompanies it is liable to cause serious illness. Give them

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung

It is pleasant to take, will cure them quickly and has no unpleasant after effects. At all druggists, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 a bottle.

JAPAN'S HUMAN HORSES.

The feats of which the Japanese rickblessing of the good Saint Anne, who is shawmen are capable are almost incrediblessing of the good Saint Anne, who is credited with the miraculous power of healing, and on July 26 Saint Anne's day, the road cannot accommodate the enormous crowds which flock to her limits which then existed, and foreigners were not allowed to travel outside those limits without special passports. But the mayor of the nearest fishing village they must not expect the comforts of paradise. It may be called "holy," but it seems to be run, none the less, with an eye to dividends. The charges are high and the service poor. were not allowed to travel outside those tance was covered in les sthan six hours, including a halt for refreshments. Each rickshaw was drawn by two men, tandem wise, the usual fashion when long dem wise, the usual fashion when long distances have to be covered. The leaders in each went through the whole distance, while the wheelers, so to speak, were changed half way. The road was over a great part of the distance little better than a mountain track, and it was raining most of the time, but there was raining most of the time. was raining most of the time, but there was never a break in our progress except to alloy the coolies to take off or put on their clothes. They prefer running in nothing but a loincloth, and do so whenever they get safely beyond the cycle of the police, who have orders strictly to administer the law against mulity. When a man has kidney disease; when the doctor has given him up; when that man takes Dodd's Kidney Pills, begins et a man has keep of the police, who have orders strictly to administer the law against mulity. The fare paid for this prolonged journey was, if I remember rightly, about three shillings for each rickshaw, the extra shilling being a gratuity thrown in for good service. I know that it once to recover and is soon a well man,

man takes Dodd's Kidney Pills, begins at once to recover and is soon a well man, that man is surely in a position to say that "Ladd's Kidney Pills saved his life."
That is the experience of Mr. J. J. Perkins, of this place. Speaking of his case Mr. Perkins says:

"Ever two years I was troubled with with the say of the property of th

Some Headlines.

me gave me up and said I was incurable.

"I continued to grow wors. I was mable to work and was becoming destitute when to please a friend I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"The first box did me so much good I felt like a new man and after taking five boxes I was completely cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the kidneys, and cured kidneys cure dropsy, rheuma-To mark its new lease of journalistic

PAYING OFF 10,000 HANDS.

Big Task Done Weekly in Twenty

town which contains the chief plant of one of the biggest manufactur-ing corporations of the country, every Friday at 8 a. m., a policeman emerges from the door of a bank closely guard-ing three men who cross the sidewalk enter a carriage with bulky packages, and are driven rapidly away. When and are driven rapidly away. When three or four workmen come forward and help the men in the carriage to car ry the packages to the paymaster's de-partment. There they dump bills, silver dollars, halves, quarters and cents to the amount of \$120,000 upon one of

Then every one gets busy.

It is 8,15 o'clock by the big office clock, and that great pile of mixed money must be counted and verified to the last cent. and then be distributed into 10,000 en velopes in amounts of wide variation and this must be accomplished by two

Coats and waistcoats are thrown aside thirt sleeves rolled up, and sixteen clerks jump to their places knowing that the next six hours will demand a closenesss of attention and nimbleness of ac tion rarely called for in ordinary

ness.
There are four polished tables, each accomodating four clerks. The paymaster, who holds a memorandum of the contents of each of the money packages, throws a heavy bag of coin on the table. Instantly it is untied and eight hands pull piles of coin towards them, and the counting begins.

At the other tables more coins or bills of various denominations are being ounted. As each bag or package is completed, the paymaster heaves a sign of relief. The first stretch is passed; of relief. amount is correct, and they can nov get to the real work of the day.

In front of the first man at each table

In front of the first man at each table are placed a pile of bills, with small change, and a tray containing rows of pay envelopes. The hands in this factory are all numbered, and the envelopes bear on the outside the printed number and the amount due to that

The computation of these amounts has occupied a force of two dozen or more clerks the whole preceding week. Much of the factory work is done by the piece, which entails an immense amount f work in collating and figuring.

Two days before pay day checks are distributed to the hands, showing the amounts due to each, and any error, if promptly reported, is corrected the same

To return to the tables. The first man at each of these seizes an envelope, rapidly counts out the money it calls for and passes both to his right-hand neighbor, who in turn counts it and passes it to the next man. He also counts it and passes it on to the fourth man, who packs it into the envelope. Thus each amount is counted three times, and the possibility of error al-

most eliminated. Silently and swiftly the sixteen men rush the work along with an occasion al brief pause to test a coin or pass a doubtful bill over to the chief for inspec-tion, while now and then comes a sharp call for "More fives!" or "Nickles here!"

Gradually the great piles of money di-minish and the trays of filled envelopes pile up until at 2 or 2.30 a howl of relief, a stretching of tired arms, and the stamping of cramped feet proclaim the

work. this. Four men have counted out 10,000 pay amounts in five hours. That means nearly ten each minute, and the amounts vary from \$2 or \$3 to \$20 and \$25, and call for all

kinds of change. But the paymaster is not through work yet. He has much yet to do, and not a superfluous minute to do it in. Hastily munching a sandwich, he counts over the money left, and thus

verifies the correctness of the amounts put up. If there's an error, his troubles have just begun; but it is a remarkable fact that in five years, during which the sum of more than \$20,000,000 has been paid out in wages, only once has a recount been required.

Finding the account correct, he proceeds to make any reduction which may be necessary—purchases made by work-men, trustee writs and asignments, to no-money-down concerns have to be tak-en care of—and with much groaning of spirit he calls an assistant to take out the required envelopes and help him to mark the deductions on them, and again make the proper change.

It is 4 o'clock by the time this is straightened out, and preparations must at once be made for the final distribu-tion of the pay. There are sixteen pay stations at various points in this great plant, and the pay envelopes must be properly deposited in heavy tin boxes for transportation to these stations. A clerk is in charge of each box, and is now his duty to count the number cr

envelopes it contains, and give a receipt to the paymaster.

At a quarter of 6 when sharp and clear rings the paymaster's voice, "Ready, boys!" the Loys seize their hats and a heavy tramping is heard in the corridor, a score of stalwart "lumpers" troop in, and as the paymaster calls troop in, and as the paymaster out "Factory A," "Factory B," and so on, the box for each station is picked up and carried off by a "lumper," by the proper pay clerk and an assist-ant. As the last box leaves the office the paymaster drops into a chair. He can have a twenty minutes breathing spell now, the first for ten solid hours of interse care.

The pay stations are simply boxes built at convenient points, large en-ough for the clerk, and containing a broad shelf for his money trays. A wire grating surrounds him, with an op-ening through which he can pass out

the envelopes.
Unlocking his box, he arranges the contents on the shelf and his assistant stations himself just outside the open-ing. Already the men have begun to line up, and as the harsh screech of the 6 o'clock whistle breaks in above the rattle of machinery and clatter of feet. the first man of the line hands his check to the assistant, who calls the number takes the envelope which is passed out, ses that it bears the corresponding num-ber and passes it to the man, and the next cleek is instantly handled in the

All is systematic and orderly, and

STATES THE VESTER STATES

when a dozen or two men have passed and the line has struck its gait the work progresses so rapidly that the men do not halt in their progress. It becomes a steady stream of men walking past the station at a fair gait, and a steady stream of money pasing into their hands without error and without mischance.

The largest number of hands paid at any one station falls a little short of eight hundred, and within twenty minutes from the time the first check is taken up the last man is paid, and the clerks are starting back to the office. Here they count over the checks they Here they count over the checks they have received, add to them the envelopes they have not, for any cause, paid out, get the paymaster's initials to the last count, and at 6.30 all are out of the office, after a day of systematic expedi-eion which would be a recorder breaker if it was not of regular weekly occur-

Minard's Linament Cures Garget in Cows.

LO! THE NIHILIST.

A Spirited Description of the Russian Revolutionist.

The London Mail gives this spirited description of the nihilist:

At the edge of the pavement he stands in the uniform of a Russian university student, smoking a yellow cigarette, and the carriages ply past him throughout

Princesses, men in the uniform of ducal regiments, the splendor and wealth of the capital of Russia file along as though for his inspection, and his is the eye that weighs and appraises them all by the standard of the reco

by the standard of the poor.

To look at him one would say the fire of nihilism ran in a foul channel. He is neager, mean-chested, little of stature, with low brows and a wide, loose mouth, a representative of a poor type, lacking se mouth, in brawn and beauty, springing weedily from a profitless stock. There is somefrom a profitless stock. There is some-thing vapid in the bloodless pouch of the cheek and the bonelessness of the jaw; nothing finishes with a click; the contours are not definite.

Ah! but you have not seen the eye—

the eye that burns far back in the sock-et, the poet's eye that sees Death ride by on a white horse among the careless guardsmen and ladies, the eye that is dull to the material and kindly only to

In the lurking frenzy that inhabits there, like a genius or an obsession, there is that which redeems the whole unloveliness of the gross face and body, as though the soul ran riot while the

flesh obeyed its laws.

Madmen have such eyes, and great artists, and the nihilist must needs be of the essence of both. He is the product of a need and ar inspiration, the great need of the stricken Russian poor the inspiration of new knowledge and freedom seen from afar.

THE THIRD EYE.

A horse, a bat, a mole, a monkey, seal, all have a trace of the third eye, and when we put a finger on the "soft spot" of the head of a tiny baby, we realize the wonderful import of it—that the softness is due to a near approach the softness is due to a near approach of this same third eye to the surface, striving as it has done in so many lower creatures to push its poor, imperfect lens to where the light can act upon it. But the old ways have given place to new, and the child's blue eyes look out at you and the world and see all that it necessary for its life and all that it necessary for its life and

We can hardly imagine anything more terrible than the loss of our eyesight, and yet there are some creatures which and yet there are some creatures which have found life more pleasant in the darkness of caves and underground tunnels, or to roam only at night, when their eyes are aseless, and by the lack of use these organs have degenerated to mere specks, and in some cases the skin has grown completely over them. Thus we find blind fishes and lizards in dark caves, and blind ants and moles in dark caves, and blind ants and moles in dark caves, and bind ants and moles all but blind in their dark subterranean homes. Curtain bats, too, have but tiny dots for eyes, and depend chiefly upon their acute hearing and some sense by which they can feel the vibrations in the

Snakes have but poor eyesight, and Snakes have but poor eyesight, and light fish have no eyelids. Their eyes are covered with a thin, transparent scale, which is even open, in sun and shade, at noon and midnight, in an awful, never-winking stare. We cannot imagine how sleep can ever come to such creatures.—C. W. Beebe, in N. Y. Evening Post.

ASHES AS ASSETS.

Makers of feeble jokes are prone to remark that a cigar or a pipe of tobacco only ends in smoke. They forget the ash, however; and, calculating that the consumption of tobacco is about 40,000 tons a year in the United Kingdom, it is estimated that about \$2.00 tons of ash are timated that about \$3,000 tons of ash are annually committed to the winds, or dis-sipated in some way or other. Remembering that a ton of tobacco leaf would yield four hundredweight of

ash, which represents valuable mineral constituents withdraws from the soil, which have to be replaced by abundant nanuring, the Lancet points out that there would seem to be a fortune in manuring, the Lancet points out charter would seem to be a fortune in store for the individual who could devise a successful means for the collection of tobacco ash, to be restored to the soil from which it was taken.

Ash ought of be a valuable asset in the economy of things.

CLEVER RETORT.

Premier Balfour has his pleasant sal-Premier Balfour has his pleasant sal-lies with members of Paliament now and then. John Morley took him to task some weeks ago for lax attendance in the House of Commons. Mr. Balfour de-nied that there was any disinclination on his part to attend the sittings or to lis-ten to the debates. On the contrary, he deel red, some of the member of great ten to the debates. On the contrary, he declared, some of the moments of greatest repose that he could snatch from a somewhat strenuous and laborious official career were those spent on the treasury bench listening to his oratorical

Natural Result.

Muggins-Who was that fellow you was quarreling with last night?
Scrapps—Oh, that was a member of
the Toronto Baseball Team. He struck me several times.

Scrapps—No, of course not.

The Sunlight way of washing requires little or no



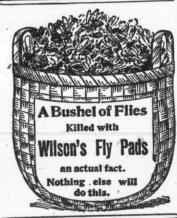
HOW NOT TO TAKE COLD.

If you hold your fist as tight as you can hold it for fifteen minutes, the fatigue you will feel when it relaxes is a clear proof of the energy you have been wasting, and, if the waste is so great in the use less tightening of a fist, it is still greater in the extended and continuous contraction of brain and nerves in useless fears; and the enery saved through dropping the fears and their accompanying tension can bring in the same proportion a vigor unknown before—and, at the same time, afford protection against the very things

we feared.

The fear of taking cold is so strong in many people that a draught of fresh air becomes a bugaboo to their contracted, sensitive nerves. imagined as existing everywhere, and the contraction which immediately fol-lows the sensation of a draught is the

best means of preparing to catch a cold.
Fear of accident keeps one in a constant state of unnecessary terror. To be willing that an accident haudd happen dear not make it was a likely to have pen does not make it more likely to hap pen does not make it more likely to happen, but it prevents our wasting energy by resistance, and keeps us quiet and free, so that if an emergency of any kind arises, we are prepared to act promptly and calmly for the best. There are big and little nervous fears, and each and all can be met and conquered—thus bringing a freedom of conquered—thus bringing a freedom of life which cannot even be imagined by those carrying the burden of fear, more or less, throughout their lives.—Annie Payson Call, in Leslie's Monthly Magazine for --- gust.



Buys Coffin Before Death.

While a young woman lay dying at an hospital yesterday afternoon her husband, his brother and several women friends of the family were busy in the task of selecting a casket. At supper time, while the woman was still several hours from dying, this unusual mission had been completed. The casket had been selected and put in readiness to re-ceive the body as soon as death occur-

The women who made up this unusual The women who made up this unusual party of shoppers buying burial goods before death ensued, also examined burial robes at several undertakers', but did not select one. It is said that it was at the solicitation of the dying woman that the unusual haste was made. At one of the undertaking shops visited the women agreed on one casket, but did not then take it, stating as a reason for waiting that they wanted to reason for waiting that they wanted to make sure it would suit the dying woman .- Kansas City Journal.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. J. M. CAMPBEL Bay of Islands.

I was cured of Factor.
MINARD'S LINIMENT.
WM. DANIELS. I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by

Springhill, N. S. I was cured of Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. GEO. TINGLEY. Albert Co., N. B.

DISPLAY ADVERTISING.

One of the principal real estate establishments of New York is the Realty Trust. The manager says: "The adver tising mediums used by the Realty Trust are the daily newspapers. Other mediums have been tried and abandoned and now all of this company's advertising goes to the dailies. Display advertising only is used-nothing can-in any way take its place. Our business has been built up by this advertising."

Fighting the Fire-Fighter.

At a fire in Erfurt, Germany, the members of the fire brigade quarreled with the Chief, and instead of attending to their duties, belabored him with the hose until he was senseless. Meanwhile, the fire had taken such hold that before it was got under control several houses were burnt to the ground.

dies - 11 mm g. . M Sind.

ISSUE NO. 84 1904

HOTEL PROPERTY

IN FONTHILL, ONT.,

for Sale Cheap and on Easy Terms.

LADIES' \$1.50 Fall Suits and up to \$12.00, also Skirts and Waists. Send for styles and

THE SOUTHCOTT SUIT CO., London, Can.

Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal Line Steamers leave Hamilton 1 p.m., Toronto, 30 p.m., Bay of Quinte ports, Montreal and intermediate

Low rates on this line.
Further information, apply to R. & O. gents, or write to H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, Western Passenger Agent, Toronto



AND SKIRT SUPPORTER Always Ready. No Hooks to tear the hands. Nothing to be sewed on.

Lady agents wanted everywhere. Send for our list of premit J. A. DAGGETT.

Room 3, 23 Scott Street, Toronto, Ont.

HOTEL ECONOMIES. Exhaust Steam Made to Cook, Heat and Refrigerate.

The principle of the modern engineer is to successively pass steam through as many contrivances as possible in order to extract the greatest amount of heat. There are many plants of modern con-struction, the writer having the refrigerating machinery of a large brewery in mind, where the capacity has been doubled by machinery which utilizes the exhaust steam of the old-time refrigerating engines. The heating plant of the new Savoy hotel, on the Strand, London, is an example of what can be done in the direction. The steam exhaust of the this direction. The steam exhaust of the lighting and elevator service is made to do all the heating of the building, this being the usual practice nowadays in of-fice buildings. The air circulated by the power fans in winter time is also heated power fans in winter time is also heated by being made to pass over steam coils containing the exhaust steam. Most of the cooking is also done by means of exhaust steam, including grillers, hot closets, coffee urns, hot milk urns and like the paradoxical satyr of the first reader, in addition to doing all the heat-ing of the establishment, the waste steam is also utilized in the refrigerat-ing plant.

NINE MILLION ACRES

Government Lands for Homesteaders. In western Nebraska near the Union Pacific Railroad in section lots of 640 acres each, for almost nothing. The salubrity of these lands is something remarkable. Distance from railroad is three to thirty miles. There will be a grand rush of homesteaders. This is the last distribution of free homes the United States Government will ever make in Nebraska. Write for pamphlet telling how the lands can be acquired, when entry should be made, and other informa-tion. Free on application to any Union Pacific agent.

BOARDING BIRD There is a young wo n in Philadelphia who realizes a snu little sum during the summer no his by boarding birds for people who close up their houses during the he red term and go into the country. He feathered pets must be cared for and the sum charged for looking after them is so small that the young caretaker has no trouble in getting all the birds she can properly attend to. She understands the habits of the little songsters thoroughly and knows exactly what to do for them in case of minor ailments, having made a knows exactly what to do for them in case of minor ailments, having made a study of bird life. She has a large room in the house which serves the purpose of an aviary and there spends nearly all her time. She is using the purpose of an aviary and there spends nearly all her time. She is using the money she receives from the owners of her little charges in giving herself a professional education. — Philadelphia

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is antirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tuber sectored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for. circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

PEARLS AND OWNER BURIED.

Ostracised.

"What kind of an animal is that that sits moping and dejected in the fame there are an animals, and never lifting its eyes?"

"That," said the attendant at the zoo, is the monkey who became famous as the star grows at a Newport famous at a Newport famous as the star grows at a Newport famous at a Newport famou Two superb pearls of world-wide fame

LIA SEETHALBH EXERTER

Praises Japanese Fleet.

The first officer of the Ryeshitelni ays that the Japanese have splendid

was known that the Japanese were watching the entrance, so the boat ran to Chefoo. The officer asserts that the Chinese at Port Arthur have acted

RUSSIANS ARE ANXIOUS.

Great Risks Had to be Taken in Coming

Out to See.

of the result of the reported battle out-

everish unxiety. Even if the squadron

straits of Cora are understood to be

The Russian steamer Sungari, which The Russian steamer bulgars, was sunk in Chemulpo harbor to pre-

vent her from falling into the hands of the Japanese, has been floated and taken

JAPS AT LIAO YANG.

600 Guns.

A Liao Yang cable: It is officially stated that there has been no import-

MADE ANOTHER ATTACK.

Schan.

A Sintintin cable say : The Russians

dh Tsian Schan

to Nagasaki.

Vladivostock cable: Definite

saults.

Japanese Enter Chefoo Harbor and Seize Torpedo Boat.

St. Petersburg is Anxious About the Other Vessels.

Japanese Closing in on Liao Yang With 250,000 Men.

A Chefoo cable says: The Russian the highest eminence in the immediate vicinity of Port Arthur, facing the Kek-wan and Erlung forts on the landward rotected cruisers Askold and Novik and ne torpedo-boat destroyer entered the Kiauchau Bay last nignt (Thursday) and exchanged salutes with German vessels. Japs Got the Ryeshitelny.

A boarding party from Japanese torpedo-boat destroyers boarded the disnantled Russian torpedo-boat destroyer Ryeshitelny this morning at 3.30 o'clock. The Japanese discharged their small arms, and during the firing a Russian was wounded in one of his legs. Daybreak showed a third Japanese destroyer towing the Ryeshitelny ont of the harbor, and all disappeared, The Japanese consul claims that the Japanwere ignorant of the dismantling of the Retshitelny. An Associated Press representative, however, inned the Japanese paval officers of estroyers at 2.30 o'clock this morning.

The Ryeshitelny Dismantled.

A Chefoo cable: Shortly after the arrival of the Ryeshitelny here the Chinese Admiral Sah sent an officer on board, who demanded that the destroyer either leave the port or disarm. It had previously been ascertained that her were disabled. The captain of engines were disabled. The captain of the Ryeshitelav agreed to render the engines absolutely useless, and to dis-arm in such a manner as Admiral Sah

The following is a list of the arma-ment submitted: One 75 millimetre four 47 millimetre guns, two tor-tubes, thirteen rifles and two revolvers, and a full supply of ammuni-

The captain of the Ryeshitelny requested the admiral to indicate a position nearer the shore, where the destroyer migua lie till the end of the war, when the ryestetion of the Chinese protection of the

Other Russian Ships Escaped.

A St. Petersburg cable despatch says: Public axmiety regarding the fate of the

consider that the squadron had reaced the open that the squadron provided that

A St. Petersburg cable despatch says:
The apparent escape of the Port Arthur squadron is arousing the most interest here. No official news on the subject had reached the Admirally when a correspondent showed the Asso-when a correspondent showed the correspondent showe subject had reached the Admirally which a command of that squadron is untrue, when a correspondent showed the Associated Press despatch from Chefoo to Admiral Avellan, chief of the Admirally, but he expressed no surprise, and on the contrary did not conceal his satisfaction. He explained that Captain Rostchavoski probably had reported directly to Vice-Admiral Skrydloff and When the Admiral Skrydloff and When the Special Skrydloff and When the Admiral Skrydloff and When the Special Skrydloff and Skrydloff and Skrydloff and Skrydloff and Skrydloff and When the Special Skrydloff and Skry Rostchavoski probably had reported directly to Vice-Admiral Skrydioff and Viceroy Alexieff. While the destination of the squadron is not admitted, there probably, greatly deteriorated in speed. See the probably greatly deteriorated in speed. The probably greatly deteriorated in speed. ig of Admiral Togo then it purposes it to effect a junction with the Viadivo-

PRAISES JAPANESE.

A Hint of the Desperate Fighting at

stock squadron.

Port Arthur. A Russian Their Forces Consist of 250,000 Men and A Chefoo cable says: A Russian officer who arrived here on the destroyer Ryeshitemi states positively that a cruser of the type of the Tasema was

sunk in a recent engagement.

The dapanese bombarded Port Arthur for three days, beginning last Friday, their shells falling into the town, their shells falling into the town. Their shells falling into the town. The income shells falling into the town. The implementation of the whole line. They sustained numeuse loss. A small fire in the town was speedily extinguished.

A bussian captain named Horst, who as on board the Ryeshitelni, describes the discrimental of the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the strength of the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the place is almost complete, but the Japanese are quiescent even along the front, where the place is almost complete.

the assembled inhabitants as wildly quiescent even along the heering the outgoing ships. The Rustans intended to run to Vladivostock, All is quiet at Ansaansh

east as far as Anping, and two on the Taitse River, giving a total of over 2500, they their heavy duty, dropped chaustion alongside their guns, dessel rede along the line urging proto be brave for God and the mountain guns. The Japanese ated their reserves for a final in which they swept the Russian detachments. The enemy conjustion only two survived. More if of them succumbed from expicious travellers.

The smaller shared the capture of the squadron the fall of the capture of the squadron the fall of the fortress w uodibe robbed of much of the fortress w uodibe robbed of the fortress w uodibe robbed of the fortress w uodibe robbed of the Gen. Stoessel rede along the line urging the troops to be brave for God and the Fatherland. At daybreak the Japanese Fatherland. At daybreak the Japanese concentrated their reserves for a final attack, in which they swept the Russians back, Out of 200 men in one for-tified position only two survived. More than half of them succumbed from ex-

On Tuesday the Russians stealthily attacked, crawling among the rocks and up the mountain sides. The first line Russians Chase Japanese Cut of Tsian rushed the Japanese outposts, and fighting ensued at close quarters. Simultane-ously the Russian fleet opened with its
A Sintintin cable say
made another attack

(36 miles south of Sintsintin) on the evening of Aug. 7, chasing out the Japanese, who occupied commanding positions. The Japanese were aware of the approaca of the Russians, and vacated the town, sending a wheeled transport back over the road to Saimatsza, retiring with a pack train to the heights, and protecting the convoy with a strong screen of infantry.

The country is extremely rugged, and the Russians found it impossible to employ their cavalry to advantage. They suffered considerably in approaching the Japanese position.

Japanese position.

Under a murderous infantry fire i was impossible at times to advance or retreat, and an attempt to dislodge the enemy seemed hopeless. Finally the Cossacks charged on foot with the sabre and carried the position. The Japanese fled towards Saimatsza. The Russians remained in the position which had been occupied by the Japanese.

NOT YET SATISFIED.

Russia's Action Does Not Meet Great Britain's Views.

wan and Erlung forts on the basic ap-side of the eastern basin, which was cap-tured by the Japanese on Monday night, tured by the Japanese on Wonday night, A London cable: Great Britain dissatisfied with Russia's attitude in the case of the British steamer Knight Comtured by the Japanese on Monday night, was re-captured by the Russians, who now hold the main line. The carnage is described as glastly. The Japanese forces are estimated to number one hundred thousand, having been recently increased. Desultory firing is proceeding night and day. The Japanese are shelling the town. The fire brigades are ready to extinguish the flames caused by shells. Only a few private residents remain in Port Arthur. mander, and continues to press the lat-ter to make substantial modifications of the list of articles regarded as contra-band. Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, called at the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon and conferred for an hour with Foreign Secretary Lans-downe, the latter bringing up the ques-tion of the changes which should be tion of the changes which should be made in the Russian regulations to make them acceptable to the commercial nations, besides pointing out the inadvisability of declaing food, fuel and clothing contraband under all circumstances. Lord Lansdowne dwelt on the sweeping character of Russia's proclamation, one provision of which, after specifying various goods as contraband, closed with the word, "etcetera," which, Lord Lansdowne pointed out, can include anything says that the Japanese have splendid supplies of amunition. He praises un-selfishly the organization of their fleet. He states that the Russian destroyers frequently left the harbor and steamed within sighting distance of the Japanese within sighting distance of the Japanese without being discovered. His torpedo boat left on Tuesday night on special duty, but her machinery broke down and she could not return to Port Arthur. It downe pointed out, can include anything and everything the Russ-an authorities desire. As this is a serious restriction on neutral shipping, Lord Lansdowne insisted that the regulations should not contain generalities of that kind. In reply Lord Lansdowne was assured that Russia had no desire to unnecessarily happen local shiping, but she cannot as Chinese at Port Arthur have acted traitorously, giving the enemy information. He alleges that the Japanese soldiers carry bottles of strong liquor to cause them to make their reckless as-Russia had no desire to unnecessarily hamper local shipping, but she cannot afford to permit Japan to receive supplies which would facilitate her military op tations. Russia was prepared to modify her regulations, providing Great Britain on her part would accept them and bind herself to observe them in future wars in which she is involved. Lord Lansdowne is now considering how far in this direction he can go without creating regulations embarrassing to Great Britain. The latter does not wish to ide Port Arthur is awaited here with take action which might possibly serious ly hamper the British navy.

HOW THEY VIEW IT.

succeeded in getting through the Japan-ese ships it is realized that it runs a desperate risk in trying to reach Vladi-vostock, as 'Admiral Togo's fleet is larger, of superior strength and faster than the Russian squadron, besides, the London Papers Think the Sortie Indicates the Fall of Port Arthur. A London cable: The afternoon papers here, while admitting that the result of the engagement off Port Arthur is not clear, generally interpret the conflicting reports from Tokio and Che Foo as meaning that the bulk of the Russian sandron of Port Arthur made A St. Petersburg cable despatch says:
Public axmiety regarding the fate of the
Port Arthur squadron is unrelieved tonight. The squadron is believed to have
passed the Shaatung promontory.
The 'Associated Press learns that the
family of Lieut, Smirnoff, an officer of
family of Lieu thur indicates the impending fall of the

More Cre Fco News.

A Chefoo cable: An official source here repots the sighting of sixteen Russian warships last night in the vicinity of Chefoo. It is alleged that the Russian

its fire against the dockvards at Port arthur. One hundred shells dropped on spot from which a powder magazine had recently been removed.

The Japanese are reported to be lack-ing in sufficient large guns. The present supply is mostly from the fleet. Capt. Shestakkovsky, of the Russian torpedo-boat destroyer which arrived here this morning, reports that a Japanese cruiser gunboat were injured or sunk during the past week.

THEY HAVE A PLAN.

To Save Port Arthur Fleet-If Togo is too Quick.

A Vladivostock cable: Preparations squadron. The departure of the squadron from Port Arthur is generally inter-the fortress would be robbed of much of fortress is entering on its final stage, as the programme has repeatedly been an nounced by the Associated Press, for the here they hoped to be reinforced by the cruisers purchased from Argentina. Whole regiments were annihilated in be dead to steel conflicts. When the Japanse attacked the main line of fortifications three days ago. The Russians the Russian position east as far as Apping and two on the fensive page.

> A St. Petersburg cable: Again the chance of a decisive battle between Gen. Kouropatkin and the commander of the Japanese armies seem to be disappearing. According to a statement issued by the general staff to-night, rains are again falling over a wide area in Man-churia, with the prospect of impeding the patient.

operations, but even more important is the information reaching the Associated Press from an exceptional source that the Japanese once more have delayed too long. Gen. Kouropatkin has now withdrawn the bulk of his army safely north of Liao Yang, leaving only a strong rear guard line southeast of Liao Yang to contest the advance when it comes. According to this information, the Japanese have about 300,000 men in the armies operating against General Kouropatkin, rendering it too hazardous for him to risk a general engagement.

The General Staff have no information bearing in the reported presence of a

bearing in the reported presence of a large force of Japanese at Patthuho, a place that cannot be located on available maps. The report agrees with the general tenor of the information received by the Associated Press and here given, that Gen. Kuropatkin is already retreating north of Liao Yang.

The Membership in Options Big Garrison at Mukden.

London cable: A correspondent of The London Daily Mall, who visited Simmintin, which is on neutral Chinese territory about 30 miles west of Mukden, cables the following, under date of Aug. 10: "There is an enormous garrison at Mukden, reinforcements having arrived randly."

arrived rapidly, "There are no Japanese north of the city. A force of some strength lies 25 miles to the south, and there is another Japanese army five miles east of Liao

"I learn from a reliable source that the main Russian army has fallen back on Chiustu."

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC. The New Company Organized at Mont-

A Montreal report: A meeting of held at the head office of the Grand Trunk Railway here to day and at the close the following organization of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company was announced: Directors, Charles M. Hays, Frank W. Morse, William Waln-Wright, W. H. Biggar, Montreal; Sir C. Rivers Wilson, G. C. M. G., C. B.; Right Hon. Lord Welby, G. C. B.; Alfred W. Smithers, John Alan Clutton-Brock, Col. Fred Firsbrace, London; Hon. Geo. A. Cox, E. R. Wood, To-ronto; Hugh A. Allan, E. B. Green-shields, Montreal; John R. Booth, Ot-

shields, Montreal; John R. Booth, Ot-tawa; John Bell. Belleville. Officers—Charles M. Hays, President; Frank W. Morse, Vice-President; Wm. Wainwright. Second Vice-President; Henry Phillips Secretary; Frank Scott, Treasurer; H. W. Walker, General uditor.

Executive Committee— Charles M. Hays, Hon. Geo, A. Cox, Frank W. Hays, Hon. Geo, A. Cox, Frank w. Morse, Wm. Wainwright.

The law firm of Messrs. Davidson & Wainwright, Montreal, were appointed consulting counsel to the board.

Mr. Morse, besides having the office of

First Vice-President, will be the General

After the meeting Mr. Have said that organization having been completed, the company would push ahead with surveys on the western division, and there was a chance that actual construction work would begin this year. If not, the first sod would be turned early next spring. The question of terminals was still unsettled and would remain so until all matters bearing on the choice shoult be thoroughly settled. The facilities afforded by each of the suggested points would have to be well examined, that is, grades, waterways and other in terests of a timely local nature. Rep resentations were being continually made to the company by different muni-cipalities, and they had to be considered. The question of branches and tapping lines was also a serious one. For William and Port Arthur were individ ually deeply interested in this connec tion, and already each had sent inde pendent deputations to press upon the management their respective induce-

BRANTFORD NURSE TO WED.

Wealthy Mr. Cowles, of Cleveland, to

the wedding would take place within four weeks. Miss Walker was formerhome during the illness of Mrs. Cowles, who died about a year ago. She is now at her home in Brantford, Ont. Mr. Cowles is one of the wealthiest men of the city. He has sole charge of John D. Rockefeller's real estate in this part of the State. He is 73 years old, while his fiancee is only 28. Mr. Cowles has two daughters, one of whom is married. The announce ment of Mr. Cowles' engagement caused able society.

WEEK OF SUNSHINE

Needed to Give Crops in the West Chance.

Winnipeg, Aug. 15.-Wheat prospects are excellent in Manitoba, but harvest will be later. If neither frost nor rust happen in the next two weeks the crop will be about 15,000,000 bushcles from all over the province. The Territories will produce nearly 30,000,000 bushels. Oats will be only a fair crop. Barley, which is grown for little more than feeding, will be an average crop. Some barley is already reaped. Wheat harvesting will not be general until after the 20th. The weather continnes against ripening, although the wheat on the plains appears to be heading out well. One week of sunshine is greatly needed.

DOCTORS FORM A TRUST.

Dead Beats Will Have to Die Without Medical Help.

Albien, Mich., Aug. 15.—Dead beats of this city and vicinity will soon have to get along without medical attendance for the doctors have decided to leave them severely alone.

The doctors have lost thousands of

The doctors have lost thousands of dollars. A blue-book will be compiled, in which every family will be listed Al or n.g., as the case may be. Every doctor will have a copy of it and govern bluest acception. himself accordingly.

A penalty will be exacted by the trust or combination from every doctor who feels of a man's pulse or looks at his

tongue without consulting his blue-to to ascertain the financial condition

THEIR OFFICERS.

B. Butterworth, of Ottawa, Made Grand Master.

The Membership in Ontario is Now Over 30,000.

A Toronto report: The 50th annual meeting or the Grand Lodge of Ontario of the Independent Order of Odfellows opened yesterday at 10 o'clock in Victoria Hall, with a very large number of the control of ber of delegates in attendance, and Grand Master J. B. Turner, Hamilton

presiding.

Ald. Chisholm, acting Mayor, and Ald. S. A. Jones, acting Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Council, welcomed the delegates to the city on behalf of the corporation. Bro. J. R. Gregory, D. D. G. M., of Toronto, extended a welcome from the Toronto Oddfellows. Grand Master Turner made a suitable reply on behalf of the 20000 a suitable reply on behalf of the 30,000 Oddfellows in Ontario.

Oddfellows in Ontario.

The Finance Committee's report was adopted. It recommended that the officers of the subordinate lodges should be bonded, and that the offer of the Dominion of Canada Guarantee Co., at 30 cents per \$100. with a discount of 5 per cent., should be accepted, and that the lodges should do the bonding through the Grand Lodge.

Ing that a limit of time should be fixed for the British occupation, or in any other manner obstructing her action.

Great British occupation, or in any other manner obstructing her action.

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Great British occupation, or in any other manner obstructing her action.

Great British occupation, or in any other manner obstructing her action. the Grand Lodge.
The Grand Master in his address

The Grand Master in his address stated that five new lodges had been instituted during the year. He also commented on the fact that suspensions for non-payment of dues was steadily for non-payment of dues was steadily becoming a rare thing. The number of lodges in the jurisdiction of Ontario on June 30, 1904, was 298, with at total mbership of 30,010.

Grand Secretary's Report.

The report of the Grand Secretary showed that on June 30th last there were 298 lodges in Ontario, with a total of 30,010. The amount expended in relief during 1903 was \$94,895.59. During the half year ending June 30th, 1904, relief to the amount of \$57,086.13 was

The Finance Committee The Finance Committee reported that there was a balance of \$10,243.37 in the treasury, and after deducting the expenses of the present session there would be a balance left of over \$5,000.

The Committee on Laws and Subor-

dinates, in their report, recommended that legislation be enacted which would make provision for the establishment of a sick nursing fund, to be raised by a special levy on members of the lodges who may desire to create such a fund. In regard to the adoption of the Independent Oddfellow as the official or-gan of the order, and giving lodges the power to subscribe for a copy for each brother out of lodge funds, it was decided to leave the matter over until was recommended that a commit-

tee be appointed to rearrange the dis-tricts and report at the next session of the Grand Lodge.

Election of Officers.

The election of ofifcers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Grand Master, E. B. Butterworth, Ottawa; Deputy Grand Master, F. R. Blewitt, Listowel; Grand Warden, W. S. Johnston, Toronto; Grand Secretary, J. B. King, Toronto; Grand Secretary, J. B. King, Toronto; Grand Treasurer, W. J. King, Toronto; Grand Represen. forced a way through the Advisor Killed McCormack, Toronto; Grand Represen. forced a way through the Advisor Killed to Several hundreds." tative, Robert K. Cowan, Cleveland, Aug. 15.—J. G. W. Coles announced to-day his engagement to Miss Beatrice Walker, and stated that bell. Past Grand Master W. H. Hoyle,

and G. M. Henry White.

Representative R. R. Brett, in pre-Representative R. R. Brett, in presenting the report on the Rebekah Degree, highly commended the action of Ivy Lodge, D. of R., Galt, in furnishing a room at the Ontario Oddfellows' Home, and hoped that the other Rebekah lodges in the jurisdiction would do likewise.

Past Grand Master Cole presented the report of the Oddfellows' Relief Association, which was very satisfactory.

sociation, which was very satisfactory, and was adopted. The total membership of the association at present is 16, 325, a net gain for the year of 1.374. The total insurance in force is \$21,302,250, and the annual income \$209,476,92, the surplus of receipts over expenditure ing \$1,262.26. The total death claims paid ers intended to run on the "open shop" were \$164,250.

The work of relief boardh and triple

link clubs in large centres of popula-tion was highly commended as being of great advantage and benefit to the

An invitation was received from the town of Collingwood to hold the ses-sion of 1965 in that town. The matter was left over until to-day at 11 o'clock.

SUPREME ORIENT

Toronto.

A Toronto report: There was a Lig time among the Oriental tribesmen in Toronto last night, the occasion being the third annual session of the Suprene Orient, when about 490 Orientals met.

This is the largest number of immi-grants ever deported from and Cana-Delegates were present from all parts of the Province, and also from Quebec. New York State and Michigan. The order has a membership of about 5.000, there being 61 Sanctorums chartered by the Suprem Orient of Canada. Eighty-eight neo-phytes were instructed in the sublime degree last night and about 100 more are on the waiting list.

are on the waiting list.

After the initiatory work was over the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Supreme Monarchos, F. Bisset, Cornwall; Supreme Khalifah, A. H. Blaceby, Kingston; Supreme Sheikh, William C. Macdonald, Toronto; Supreme Scheriff, H. Lamontagne. Buffalo, N. Y.; Supreme Virgier, S. Blackburn, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Supreme Clericus, Abner Fraser, Hamilton; Supreme Fiscus, T. G. Anderson, Hamilton. A. Luke, of Hamilton, was elected

to the Oddfellows' Home at Oakville, and \$25 to the I. O. O. F. Home at Lock-

REBEKAH ASSEMBLY.

Installation of Officers and Nominations for Next Year.

for Next Year.

Toronto report: The second session of Rebekah Assembly of Ontario, I. O. O. F., was held in the Oddfellows' Hall, corner College and Yonge streets, yesterday, The officers elected the previous day were installed. The following were nominated as officers to be voted on next year: President, Mrs. Maud E. Moore, Stratford; Vice-President, Mrs. Ella Barlow, Galt; Miss Ida Robins, Hamilton. Warden—Mrs. Sarah E. Smith, Toronto; Mrs. Agnes Morden, Florence-Mrs. Lydia Barr, Harrietsville. Secretary—Mrs. Alice M. Young, Oakville. Treasurer—Mrs. Nellie Dodson, Chatham. Mr. Isaac Unsworth, Ohatham, Chairman of Committee on Laws. Auditor—Mrs. Vincent, Bothwell.

Mrs. Laura E. Ryan presented a satisfactory report of the Oddfellows' Home Committee. The home at Oakville is entirely free of debt.

CONTROL OF EGYPT.

The Powers Consent to Supremacy of

Britain in That Country. London, Aug. 15.-Earl Percy, the Under Foreign Secretary in the House of Commo yesterday announced that Germany, Austria and Italy, as well as Russia, had given as sent to the Egyptian clauses of the Anglo French agreement, and had undertaken not to obstruct British action in Egypt by ask-ing that a limit of time should be fixed for

to allow the oficials of those nationalities the Egyptian service the same advantages as

An interesting and bulky blue book was sued by the Foreign Office this afternoon It contains the report of Sir Wiliam Garstin Under Secretary for Public Works in Egypt, upon the basins of the Upper Nile, and a despatch from Lord Cromer, the British Minister and Consul-General in Egypt, which gested by Sir William Garstin represent an estimated expenditure of about \$107,000,000 of which about \$65,000,000 will be used in the development of the Soudan, and about \$40 000,000 in the development of Egypt. The whole irigation plan is based broadly Egypt and the Blue Nile for the benefit of

Lord Cromer says that the carrying be postponed for the present, but about \$27,canals for Egypt, in raising the Assouan dam, in the completion of the Saukim-Ber the country which will largely increase the revenue from taxes.

FIGHTING IN ARMENIA

Revolutionists Kill Several Hundred Turkish Soldiers.

London, Aug. 15,-The Tabriss, Persia, cor respondent of the London Daily News in a despatch, dated Aug. 6, says: "On July 13, a band of Armenian revolutionists appeared at Outchkilissa. Turkish soldiers and Kurds, finding an excuse attacked the villages of Outchkilissa, Koomlouboujak, Goughan, Karabazar and Sayto, butchering men and out-

"Two large Armenian bands marching to Sassoun to help the insurgent leader, Antranik, attacked the garrisons, at Mossunzry and Goutchag for revenge on July 25. At dawn bombs were thrown into these places killing many, and severe fighting ensued. A majority of the soldiers were killed and the garrisons resembled graveyards. One band forced a way through the Kurdish tribes to-

CLOTHING STRIKE ON.

The Open Shop Question Cause of Struggle in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Trimmers, cutters, bushelmen and examiners employed by fourteen clothing manufacturers, Chicago, members of the National Clothiers' Exchange, struck to-day. It was esti-mated that 600 men quit work. An of-ficial of a large clothing house said that if the strike continues within a short time 10,000 tailors will be out of employment because of the lack of supply with which to work.

Action of the union followed an an-

105 TO BE DEPORTED.

Only 30 Out of a Batch of 135 Syrian Immigrants Admitted.

Suebec, Aug. 15 .- One hundred and thirty-five Sylian immigrants, who arrived on Tuesday last by the steamer Halifax, of the Canadian Line, from Havre and landed at Grosse Isle quar-A Great Cathering of the Orientals in a fine station for medical inspection, were examined yesterday and 105 of the lot were found violently affected with

This is the largest number of immi-grants ever deported from and Canadian or American Atlantic port in the history of immigrant medical inspec-

U. S. CROP REPORTS.

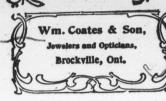
Estimates of the Yield of Winter Wheat.

Washington, Aug. 15 .- The monthly report of the Bureau of Statistics -of the United States Department of on August 1 to have been 87.3, as core pared with 86.4 last month, 78.7 c. August 1, 1903, 86.5 at the correspond ing date in 1902, and a ten-year August average of 83.5.

Preliminary returns indicate a win-A. Luke, of Hamilton. was elected to wheat crop of about 33,409,000 bushSymposiarch of the S. W. els, or an average of 12.3 bushels per
the Sheikhs of the Orient donated \$125

the Sheikhs of the Orient donated \$125





Collars and Cuffs

SOMETHING NEW Interlined Waterproof Collars and Cuffs WM. MOTT. Athens.

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Stop and Consider

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Our business is increasing so rapidly? Our customers say it is because we only recommend our goods for What They Are,' and we are giving Better Values than any other house in our line. Try us.

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the D. W. Karn Co.

Absolute accuracy in dispensing your Physician's Prescription is of the first importance.

We appreciate this fully and conse quently a duly qualified and exper-ienced Chemist is always in charge of our dispensing department. No prescription leaves our store without ing thoroughly checked by him. Like wise the drugs prescribed are always of the best, in fact of standard quality and purity. Greater care, better drugs, more skilled knowledge could not possibly be employed.

This, no doubt, accounts for the large increase in our Prescription Department, and the confidence which the public place in us.

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Fulford Block, Brockville, Ont.

"The Old Reliable" The Ottawa Business College

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W. E. GOWLING, Principal.

Athens Reporter

SSUED EVERY

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON

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CARNATIONS, ROSES AND SWEET PEAS ALSO

LETTUCE, PARSLEY, RADISHES **SPINACH** -AT-

R. B. HEAHTER'S

BROCKVILLE

LOCAL ITEMS

Western Beef at Willson's.

Smith's Falls' tax rate is 24 mills, Rural schools reopened on Monday

Miss Lena Fair is visiting friends i

Mr. Harry Williams of Brantford visiting old friends in Athens.

Miss May Townsend of Long Pein is visiting friends in Athens. Mr. Seymour Tackaberry was

visitor in Athens on Saturday last. Mr. C. Fairbairn of Colorado visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Brown. Dr. Steacy of South Mountain is

visiting his brother, Mr. Wm. Steacy. Mr. Ebert Hunter of Bellville is spending vacation with frienns here and at Toledo.

Miss Ada Shields of Toronto is visiting friends in Athens, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith.

Live Hens and Chickens bought every Wednesday evening at Willson's Meat Market. Crops must be empty.

Rev. H. and Mrs. Kilborn and niece, Miss Lucy McConnell, left for their home in Farmington, Maine, last

Miss Victoria Steacy, who has been visiting her brother at Ottawa, was here on Sunday, en route to her home Warburton

Morrisburg council has just made contract with Dolan & Son for the construction of granolithic walk at 18c

Mrs. G. W. Beach and Mrs. C. C. Slack were last week guests of Mrs. (Dr.) C. M. B. Cornell at Point Geraldine, Charleston Lake.

Mrs. Kinch E. Redmond and daughter, Miss Irma, are guests of Miss Ethel Arnoid. They are spending part of this week at Breezy Point,

-Miss Edith Falkner is now Toronto, attending the millinery openings, and will return to Athens and re open her shop about Sept. 10th.

Mr. E. C. Townsend of Brandon, Man., is visiting at the homes of Mr. J. Townsend and Mrs. Shook. It is nine years since Mr. Townsend visited

The financial statement of Addison circuit of the Methodist church, just issued, makes a very creditable showing. A total of \$1577.98 was raised for all purposes, and prosperity is evident in every department of the work of the circuit.

-The very best evidence of any kind of work is results. Judged on this basis, the Brockville Business College is deservedly popular. Mr. D. McGreg-or and Miss Frances Caldwell, recent graduates, are holding good positions. The Fall Term opens Sept. 5.

The Canadian Pacific is running a farm laborers excursion to Manitoba and Assimboia on Saturday, August 27th, at low rate of \$12. The tickets will be sold to Winnipeg and as in former years arrangements have been made to forward passengers on to the places of their employment without extra charge on complying with the usual conditions. Provided passenger works at farm labor for a stipu-lated time and on deposit of certificate with station agent on arrival at destination he is entitled to purchase ticket back to original starting point for \$18 on or before Noy. 30th, 1904. Full particulars can be obtained on applica-tion to Geo. E. McGlade, the company's city agent at Brockville.

Miss Jennie Wiltse left last week to

Miss Winnie Wiltse is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. F. Blackwell at Lind-

Principal Massey states that the A. H.S. will open for the fell term on Thursday, Sept. 1st. Prescott Jounal: Mr. and Mrs

Joseph Towriss of Glen Buell visited in town last week. Miss Mary Wright left Athens this week for a visit with her brothers at

Mr. G. Wing has been seriously ill for several days, and his shop is in charge of Mr. Ed. Curry.

Miss Wickware of Morrisburg turned home yesterday accompar her niece, Miss Kathleen Massey -Two apprentices wanted at Miss

Falkner's Millinery Store, to commen business about September 10th. Mr. S. Rosenbarker has removed

Brockville, having transferred to the Lyn section of the B.W. & N.W. Mrs. H. R. Knowlton and son Clarence, have returned home for few days from their sojourn at Union Park.

Miss Mary Barry, who has been spending a few days with her friend, Miss M. Robeson, returned to her home at Easton's Corners on Sunday

We are pleased to learn that our esteemed citizen, Mr. George Nash, is now recovering from the illness with which he has been affected for several 7.30.

Mrs. Geo. Miller, whose husband was killed on the G.T.R. near Mallorytown, received from the railway com-pany \$1,675. Mr. W. A. Lewis acted

Paid up subscribers to the Reporter may have the Toronto Globe to the end of 1904 for 20c, or the Mail and Empire and a superb premium picture

Misses Ethel and Bernice Alford of Chantry, graduates of the Athens high school, won honors at the recent senior matriculation examinations at Queen's, the former winning the Williamson No. 1 scholarship, value \$160 (English and bistory).

The next meeting of the grand lodge of I. O. O. F. is to be held at Brockville. Our county town is getting right in line for big conventions. It has always been the best convention town in Ontario, but societies are only now finding it out.

On Sunday evening, following the regular service in the Methodist church, a reception service was held and a member added to the church. The choral service included a quartette by Misses Minnabel Morris, Ethel Slack, Maude Wiltse and Jess e

Taplin. Rev. Geo. H. Cornish, Methodist statistician, says the total membership of the Methodist Church in Canada is 299,873, an increase of the first half of the present quadrennium of 7,978.
The largest increase in membership
was in the Manitoba and Northwest conference.

If your horse is afraid to face an automobile on the road hold up your hand and the driver of the motor stop and assist you to pass. Such is the law and among the provisions of the license which the owner of the automobile must have. The license costs \$3 a year.

The condition of the village side walks is a serious menace to the safety of strangers walking our streets afte nightfall. At least, those walks leading to the A.H.S. should be given necessary repairs at once. The chief danger lies in the many loose planks, and these at a small cost of time and noney could be made secure.

A petition bearing 215 signatures Mr. Strachen will address the has been presented to Renfrew town and Rev. Mr. Daly the people. council asking for the continuance of the bylaw under which business houses in that town are forced to close at six o'clock five nights in the week. There is considerable opposition to the bylaw and the council is now fully investigat-

ing the matter. The annual Thousand Island Club takes place on August 24. This is the great event of the season at that popular resort, and a wealth of flowers, bunting and fireworks are to be displayed. The floral decorations are in charge of The Hay Floral and Seed dealers supply from their own extensive stock, they are importing a large number of

choice flowers for the event. install a new refrigerator for the preservation of butter and cheese exhibits.

Miss Elva Herbeson of Junetown is risiting Mrs. R. Henderson. Miss Vida Rabb of Lombardy has gone to Prince Albert, Sask., to teach

Mr. Theron Palmer of Plum Hollow spent Sunday in Athens, the guest of Miss Mollie Robeson.

Miss Laura Berney of Kingston is in Athens this week, the guest of her cousin, Miss May Berney. Mrs. Fred Arthur and two children

of Toronto are this week visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank Blancher. Mrs. Bresee of Chantry, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Judson and Mr. B. Loverin are at Charleston Lake this week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wright of Yarker spending a couple of months visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Blancher.

Rev. S. Klyne, wite and child, of Boston, are visiting friends here. guests of Mrs. Klyne, Prince street.

Mr. and Mrs. Proctor Giffin wer this week attending special services of the Holiness Movement being held near Morristown, N.Y. The warm weather of the last two

weeks has hastened the ripening of grain, especially on high land. Con-siderable grain has already been cut. Mrs. Will Wiltse of Frankville and Mrs. Montague of Gananoque spent Wednesday of last week in Athens, guests of Miss Caroline Lee, Wiltse

Mr. Charles and Miss Jennie Leggett of Crosby and Miss Jennie of Newboro spent Monday in Athens, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kerr, Wiltse street.

The Rev. L. M. Weeks B.D. has the following appointments for next Sun-day: Plum Hollow, 10.30; Athens, 7.30. Evening Subject:

The electric alarm bellso long talked of was last week erected at the railway crossing in Lansdowne village. It is automatically rung by trains approach ing from either direc

It has been practically decided to purchase the fair grounds at Morris burg for a sum of around \$1,800 and turn them into public parks and and a playground for the children.

Mr. Geo. C. Smith of Brantford i visiting friends in Athens this week. On his return home he will be accompanied by Mrs. Smith, who has spend the summer with friends here and a

The vacancy on the teaching staff of the A.M.S. created by the resignation of Miss Lillie has been filled by the engagement of Miss Ethel Taggart, a graduate of our village schools and the Ottawa Normal.

Mr. · Fergus O'Conner, a Queen's student, has been appointed to teach in the principal's department during the model term. Mr. O'Connor has a creditable record as a teacher, and his many Athenian friends will be pleased to see him return.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith and children, and Miss Shields of Toronto are at Ingle-wave cottage, Charles ton Lake, and have as guests Mrs Ithamer Knapp and Miss Belle Knapp Plum Hollow, Mrs. John Webste Miss Annie Webster and Master Fred die Webster, Brockville.

On Friday last Rev. D. Geddes left Ottawa for Consecon to attend the funeral of his father, but on the way was taken ill and was obliged to come home, reaching here on Saturday. We are pleased to learn that his affection is not likely to prove of a seriou nature, being an attack of lagrippe and that his prospects are good for speedy recovery.

A meeting of the Presbytery of Brockville was held at Cardinal on Thursday last, Rev. Geo. McArthur presiding. A call from the congrega tions of Morton and Lyndhurst to Rev John MacDonald of Kingston Presby tery was presented and sustained. Rev. Mr. MacDonald accepts the call and the induction will take place on the second Tuesday in September, when Rev. Mr. Beckstedt will preach, Rev. Mr. Strachan will address the ministe

The cigarette question has taken a turn in Acton which should mean very much in further curtailing their use From the time of the passage of the cigarette bylaw by the municipal coun cil the hotelmen have claimed that their liquor licenses gave them permission to sell cigarettes. Judgment ha House decoration at Alexandria Bay just been given, however, that in a municipality where a bylaw has been passed, fixing a license fee for the sale of cigarettes, hotelmen must take out a license under the bylaw or be amenable to its provisions, the same as all other

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Parish and son Arthur, and Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Arnold left on Monday morning for Toronto, where they will join a party The directors of the Kemptville of friends in a trans-continental tour agricultural society have decided to The party will have exclusive use of an elegantly appointed car, which will pactically be their home until they The construction of such a refrigerator reach the coast. The tour will include should not be a costly matter, and we the Werld's Fair, St. Louis, points of should not be a costly matter, and we commend it to the consideration of the enterprising agricultural societies of this district. Usually, the exhibit of butter and cheese at our fairs is remarkably small, considering that they are the prinipal product of the county. The world's Fair, St. Louis, points of scenic beauty and grandeur in Colorado and the Rockies, San Francisco, and other cities in California. They will return home via the C.P.R., with which company the whole tour has been arranged.

On Sunday last, Isaac Dixon, died t his home near Greenhush. He was highly esteemed, and the funeral services conducted in the Methodist church, Greenbush on Tuesday by Rev. H. W. Burnett, were very largely

The Game Law

For the guidance of local sportsmen the following items are queted from the Ontario game laws:
Ducks—September 1st to

Grouse and hares to December 15th. Partridge-Sept

mber 15th. Pheasants and 15th to December 15th Snipe and Woodco 15th to December 15th.

Squirrels (black or grey)—Sept 15th to December 15th. These dates indicate when the

ntioned may be hunted or killed; both the opening and closing dates are included in each season.

ciled in Ontario may hunt or kill any game animal or bird in Ontario without having procured a non-reside

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extre

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and became so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilia. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mas. Thomas Inms, Wallaceburg, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures kidney and liver troubles, re-lieves the back, and builds up the

The Great English Calf Food

CREAM

will produce results

Equal to New Milk

Sold in 50c sacks or bulk.

Try it once and you will be Groceries, Tobacco. sure to continue. I. THOMPSON,

Sole Agent

End of the Season **BARGAINS**

Are you looking for them? If so, come and see what we are

Our east window is filled with sumner Corsets at 85c, while our west window contains only a few of the many Oxford and Sandal Shoes we are offering at greatly reduced prices. A large assortment of Ladies' and

Misses' sizes at 75c pair. One line of \$1.50 Ladies' Oxfords to clear at \$1.10.

Clearing prices in Ladies' Shire Waists some as low as 25c. Muslins and Ginghams at about half price.

T. S. Kendrick

Regina Precision Watches

Are making many friends.
There admirable time keeping qualities appeal very strongly to watch wearers, and the protection which our 3 year guarantee gives to the purchaser ensures a thoroughly reliable time piece.

A very satisfactory watch tor a gentleman is our size No. 16, in a silver case, open face, thin and neat. Price, \$10.00. More expensive ones if you wish them.

Desciptive Watch Booklet

G. A. McCLARY

Croekery Glassware

JUST NOW

is a good time to purchas Crockery and Glassware. We have several special lines well worthy of inspection—they are nice enough for a present and not too expensive for your own every day use. We ask you to see our new

Dinner Sets and Tea Sets **Toilet Goods** and Glassware

In Glassware, we have a line of semi opaque goods, overlaid with colored vignettes and floral effects, truly artistic and yery moderate priced.

G. A. McCLARY

PARLOR

RESTAURANT

LUNCH ROOM Meals and Lunch served at all

Cigars, Confectionery,

I handle Smith's Falls and Lyn flour.

D. Wiltse

ATHENS.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

MUNN & CO.,

Bargain Sale of Furniture

Our sock of furniture is very large and we have more ordered. We have, in fact, more goods than we can accommodate, and so we have determined to conduct a low-price sale until stock is reduced.

This sale will afford careful buyers an opportunity to obtain exceptional values. The reduction applies to every line, and if you need an article of furniture for any part of the house it will pay you to inspect our stock.

GEO. E. JUDSON