

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
In Canada \$1.50 per year  
In the United States \$2.00 per year  
Payable in advance.

Volume 46--No. 23.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Council of the Village of Glencoe has appointed Jacob Weaver to act as county constable, with instructions to prosecute all parties riding bicycles on the sidewalks, exceeding the speed limit with automobiles or in any other way disregarding the village bylaws. By order of the Council.—CHAS. GEORGE, Municipal Clerk. 683

#### Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to July 1st for the construction of two large tanks, 12 feet deep and 14 feet in diameter, built of cement, with cement top, one on or near the corner of McEneaney street and Park avenue, and the other in the southern part of the village. Plans and further particulars at my office.—CHAS. GEORGE, Clerk Village of Glencoe. 684

#### For Sale.

First-class 10-acre stock and grain farm, situated on Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, Middlesex Co. Clay loam, bank barn and stables, brick cottage, convenient to church and school, 2 1/2 miles from railway station. Apply to E. T. Huston, Glencoe. 684

#### Farms for Sale.

Two choice farms of 100 acres each, on opposite sides of road, half-mile from Appin. Improved, good buildings, well tilled. For particulars apply to Jas. McMaster, Appin, Ont. 5584

**CALL ME UP**  
about that Fat Stock. Get my prices on Wool.

J. L. HULL,

AKFRID and WALKERS, ONT.  
R. R. No. 4, Ekfrid, Ont.  
Phone 12, Ekfrid, Ont.

**A. W. MACFIE**  
CHIROPRACTOR & OSTEOPATH  
Dominion Savings Building  
Cor. King & Richmond Streets, London

#### Electrical Treatments

##### X-Rays

Rheumatism, Neuritis, Chronic and Nervous Diseases a specialty.  
Phone 4710 Residence phone 5710  
Residence, 267 Piccadilly St. #

**McAlpine Bros.**

Flour and Feed

Field and Garden Seeds

Coal and Cement

Highest Cash Price Paid  
For WOOL

**JAMES BROWN**

Licensed Auctioneer for the  
Counties of Elgin and Middlesex  
WARDSVILLE - ONTARIO

**CHANTRY FARM**

Can spare a few  
Good Shorthorn Females

ED. DE GEN, Kerwood, Ont.

## NOTICE!

Our buyers, WM. MUIRHEAD and DUGALD MCINTYRE, will take Cream and Eggs at Huston's office, Glencoe. Wagons will also be collecting. Cash paid for eggs. Get our proposition about cream. Phone 1634.

**SILVERWOODS, LIMITED**

A. B. McDONALD  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74. 418

DENTISTRY  
R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Gough's Furniture Store. Phone 16.

JAMES POOLE  
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

**J. B. COUCH & SON**  
Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 100

# The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917.

#### MONEY SAVERS

Don't fail to read the "Special Notices." They contain information that will save you money.

Whole No. 2368.

## CUT GLASS as Wedding Favors

There is nothing more appreciated by the bride. We are showing a splendid assortment of useful pieces at very modest prices. You will enjoy a visit to our store to look over our large stock of new designs and cuttings.

We give below a list of a few specially selected pieces suitable for gift making:

Berry Bowls ..... \$3.75 to 7.00	Bon Bon Dishes ..... \$2.00
Spoon Trays ..... \$1.00 to 2.75	Water Set (7 pieces) ..... \$6.00 to 9.75
Cream and Sugar ..... \$2.00 to 4.65	Comports ..... \$2.75
Vases ..... \$1.00 to 8.50	Jelly Dishes ..... \$2.50 to 3.95

### HAND PAINTED CHINA SPECIALS

Butter Tubs, 65c to \$1.00; Bon Bons, 50c; Cream and Sugar, 50c to \$2.50; Nut Bowls, \$1.25 to 3.25; Celery Sets, 7 pieces, \$3.00 to 3.75; Olive Set, \$2.50; Fern Dishes, \$1.75 to 2.50; Spoon Trays, 50c to \$1.25; Condiment Sets, \$1.00 to 1.75; Tea Pot Tiles, 50c; Salt and Peppers, per pair, 25c to 75c; Salt Dips, 10c to 25c each; Dresser Sets, \$2.50 to 3.50; Bread and Butter Plates, 1 dozen, \$1.50; Mustard Dishes, 50c; Spoon Racks, \$1.00; Chocolate Set, \$3.00; Olive Dishes, 50c to \$1.00; Jelly Plates, 75c to \$1.25; Whipped Cream Sets, 75c to \$1.50.

When in need of Glasses remember we are Optical Specialists

## C. E. DAVIDSON

JEWELER and OPTICIAN MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED

## Keith's Cash Store

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, etc.

### P. D. KEITH

REDPATH GRANULATED SUGAR A SPECIALTY  
TWO CARLOADS THIS SEASON

## FRUIT, GROCERIES AND FOOTWEAR

FARMERS—Please remember we are well supplied with an extensive range in Solid Leather Plow Boots, both black and tan, plain and with toe caps, and reasonably priced. See them next time you are in town.

BUTTER WANTED CASH FOR EGGS  
**W. J. STRACHAN'S**  
The Home of Reliable Garden Seed and Good Groceries  
Phone orders delivered

The largest stock of  
**LUMBER**  
we have ever carried. Prices right. If you are going to build, come in and see us. We can save you money.

**MCPHERSON & CLARKE**  
PLANING MILL LUMBER YARD CEMENT & COAL

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

Great Lakes  
Steamship Service

VIA OWEN SOUND

Steamer "Manitoba"

leaves Owen Sound at midnight each THURSDAY (connecting train leaves Toronto 5.25 p.m.) for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William.

SERVICE via PORT McNICOLL COMMENCES JUNE 2nd

For WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER  
LEAVE TORONTO 6.40 p.m. DAILY via "THE PIONEER ROUTE"

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents or W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

Say you saw it in The Transcript; it helped you, it helps us.

#### District and General.

Parkhill is closing its principal streets this summer.

Pte. Arthur Virtue of Windsor is reported wounded.

Edward Mara, a prominent Lucan merchant, died last week.

The wire worm is destroying the crops in parts of Harwich township.

David Telford, a prominent Alinston business man, died on Wednesday.

On Thursday 122 men of the 63rd battery left London for Petawawa camp.

C. P. Miller of Bothwell is reported in the casualty list as accidentally killed.

Over 245 lives were lost in a tornado which swept the middle western States.

There were 16 degrees of frost in Calgary and Vegreville, Alberta, on May 21st.

The new M. C. R. bridge over the River Sydenham at Alinston is nearly completed.

Mrs. Catharine McMillan, aged 83 years, of Dutton, fell on the floor and broke her hip.

Reports from most parts in Western Ontario state that the apple crop this year will be slim.

Canadian soldiers in uniform are not allowed to be served with intoxicating drinks in Detroit.

Strathroy has decided to celebrate Dominion Day, and has invited ex-President Roosevelt to speak.

The Lord's Day Alliance is after Wyoming Sunday vendors of ice cream, confection and cigarettes.

Elgin Murphy, son of the late Wm. Murphy, a former resident of Ephraim township, was killed in action on April 28th.

Duncan McGugan, son of A. McGugan of Mt. Brydges, came home from Detroit last week to enlist for overseas service.

Fred. C. Netherton, a Wabash brakeman and spare conductor, was killed in the Fort Erie yards last week when a car overturned upon him.

John Brodie, councillor of Carleton Place, is now township clerk. Fred Lockwood, who previously held the office, has resigned, intending to study law.

Capt. Daney, who last year did some vigorous recruiting campaign work in Western Ontario, has been discharged from the Canadian forces.

John Alexander Farthing, a well-known citizen of Strathroy, formerly of Carleton township, died on May 26 after a lingering illness, aged 67 years.

A Tilbury export say they before six months go by there will be a greater oil and gas boom in the Dover and Tilbury East field than Western Ontario ever saw.

Tilbury bowlers will cut out the game this summer and devote their spare time to gardening and the money usually spent on bowling trips to the patriotic fund.

J. L. Mitchener, B. A., principal of the Colquhoun Hill Collegiate Institute, has been engaged as principal of Dutton High School, to succeed Mr. Morrison at a salary of \$1,700.

Pte. A. Lawrence of Bothwell, who enlisted in the 135th Battalion at Glencoe and will have to be in action a few weeks ago, is officially reported to have died from his wounds.

Mischiefous boys at London focused the sun's rays through a magnifying glass on a shop window filled with firecrackers. The display of fireworks which resulted was magnificent but cost \$125.

Determined to invent a method of overcoming the German submarine menace, Thomas A. Edison has retired to a laboratory, location unknown, and will permit no interruption unless connected with the work in hand.

One Morris, 13 years old, of Tilbury North, was dragged to death by a horse which she was leading from the pasture field to the barn. The girl had tied the rope of the halter around her waist.

The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario has, by assuming a financial obligation of \$22,000,000, acquired control of the Ontario Power Company, together with all charter rights, contracts and physical assets valued at \$26,000,000.

A letter received from England states that one thousand Canadian officers have been struck off the active list, and are being sent back to Canada as quickly as possible. These officers either declined to revert in rank or were over the age limit.

According to reports from the militia department at Ottawa, there are more than 200 lieutenant-colonels, who are being paid \$10 a day, without employment in England. Many other officers, ranging from majors to captains, are in a similar position.

It is estimated that the per capita consumption of fresh meats in Canada has fallen off the present year by nearly one-half. Many butcher shops in cities and big towns have been forced to close owing to the falling off in trade on account of high prices.

Listowel town council has been petitioned to have all dogs prohibited from running at large for nine months in the year. The need for greater protection is being brought to the attention of the council by the fact that a case of either confining the dogs or building fences to keep them from over-running the gardens.

John Deeming, Brooke township, va. Middlesex county, is a suit for damages of \$500 brought by the plaintiff who claims injuries were sustained when his auto was ditched at a point on the fourth concession of Adelaide township in August last, due to the giving away of a section of the roadway.

#### WRITE EARLY AND OFTEN

Soldier Boys Appreciate a Few Lines From the Old Home

France, May 12, 1917.

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Dear Sir,—I was just wondering how the people of Glencoe and the people of the surrounding country were. Still wondering, and having a few moments to spare, I thought I would write to you, and through you to them.

Pte. Billy Hawes and a young fellow from Dutton and myself are the only ones from the 135th, D Co., who are in this battalion. The rest are scattered all over. Billy and I are feeling fine.

We are having very fine weather just now. It is a wonderful change from the rain, cold, snow and mud of the past winter. I thought I would never stand the European winter. It was far worse, to my mind, than a Canadian winter, but we muddled through it. We sure appreciate the fine weather.

We are carrying on very close to the trenches. Of course I can't mention where we are. I have seen some very thrilling air fights. Strapped from the fighting machines often fall right around us. The machines are thousands of feet in the air, and pieces of iron or steel falling from that height don't fall lightly. We carry on often right close to our own batteries.

The Germans are trying to find the range of our batteries, send over shells and shrapnel. At such times discretion is the better part of valor. They (the Germans) never tell us when they are going to send over shells, so when they do come over, and they come over quite often and very lively, it keeps us guessing. So it needs must be that we have casualties. But so far Billy and I have been very lucky.

I have talked with quite a few of the boys from the trenches and they are unanimous in saying they would rather be in the trenches than do our work. We have been working seven days a week, for our work is very important and necessary. So you see we share the dangers of the fighting man, less the glory, but we are doing our bit. We can do no more.

Looking at some of the crosses over the soldiers' graves the other day, I read this inscription: "Of your charity, pray for the soul of Pte. ...."

Now this plea of the soldier lying cold and dead in his grave right at my feet moved me more than I care to tell. This soldier, like thousands of others, had his desires and ambitions. At least I assume he had. I know I have mine. He loved the land of his birth. He had friends, mother and father, wife and children, perhaps, that he loved, yet he gave his all, left his all, and finally gave his life. What is more precious to us than our lives? Yet this poor soldier, unknown to me, and unknown to you, like thousands have done, like thousands will do, gave his life for his country, for me, for you, for humanity.

Canada has responded nobly to the call for soldiers. She has sent the boys many needed things, and she has given largely of her resources to the Empire. Still the war continues. Each and everyone of us over here soldiers and civilians alike, have got to do all we can to beat the cultured Germans. So, while the war lasts, we will have to do, we will have to give, for he it understood this is a world war, and so long as we can confine the struggle for world supremacy to Europe, the West, or Canada and America, we will never suffer.

As I view, day after day, houses that were once the habitation and refuge of smiling children, loving mothers and fathers, I think God that Canada has been free from war. The houses have been wrecked by shells, the inhabitants have been driven out, many of them to slavery. The land is filled with trenches and shell holes. Even now we see a fine field of wheat, and as we march home we admire it. In Canada it would be an emblem of peace. We go out the next morning and find the same field covered with shell holes. The people here were farmers, and like my Glencoe farmer friends, they took pride in their stock, their fields, houses and barns. Try and imagine how you would feel if your women had been treated the same as the women here; if your farms had been taken from you, and I mean the farmers of Ekfrid, had been made to work for the Germans.

It is true, too true, that we need food; it is also true that we cannot do without farmers. But it is just as true that the farmers have got to be protected while they are growing the needed food. If you needed proof of what I say you would only have to see Belgium and France as they are today. But I don't think you need any proof; I feel sure that you know. So, dear friends, have kind thoughts for the soldiers, look after the returned wounded, uphold the honour of Canada by seeing that no soldiers' wives or children want, more especially those whose husbands lie peacefully sleeping in their graves on the battlefields of Europe. I feel sure that many of the people of Canada would give all they possessed if they could have their loved ones restored.

I am pleased to say we have a good bunch of officers and n. e. c. o., and I think we work all the better for that. Their lot out here is not a great deal better than ours. We have fairly good food. I think, considering my age—I am on my 48th lap now—my health is just as good as it has ever been. We sleep ten in a tent. The fellows in my tent are a jolly bunch and very sociable. If any of them get a parcel from home they usually share it up. Billy Hawes is in A Co. and I am in B Co., so naturally we do not get together as much as we would like to. Billy gets quite a few letters from

Glencoe and he tells me the news, and, believe me, I am always pleased to hear from Glencoe, even though it is only second-hand hearing or reading.

By the way, I have never had a letter from Glencoe. In fact, I have only had a letter or two since I enlisted. That is 18 months now. I feel a little lonely at times. Of course I have only written about two letters to Glencoe. One was to you last summer. To tell the truth, as long as I was in England I felt ashamed to write, but now that I am in France playing the game and doing my bit I would consider it a favour if some one would write to me. I am sure I would be only two pleased to answer.

I don't like to give a little advice to mothers, wives and sisters who have lads in France. Anything you send them should be done up in a tin box. Then strong cotton should be sewed around it. Then name, number, company and battalion should be written on the covering. Then the whole should be wrapped in strong wrapping paper and the address put on as many places as possible. The tin box should be soldered; so many parcels have been lost through insecure wrapping. And to make doubly sure that your lads get what you send them, you might register the parcel of the soldier.

I don't think I have disclosed any secrets that any Germans, if you have any in your vicinity, can tell to his Holy Willie. I've been connected with Glencoe, more or less since '88, so I will sign myself

A GLENCOE OLD BOY.

Pte. G. W. Smith, 82100, B Co., 4th Canadian L. R. Battalion, France.

Good-bye, dear friend, and God bless you all. Let us all march unto victory! God save the King!

Memorial Window Installed.

A most interesting and impressive service was held in St. John's church last Sunday morning when the stained-glass memorial window, which has been put in to the memory of Mrs. Anna Moss, was unveiled. Draped by the Union Jack, the window was unveiled from view by the pastor, Rev. C. H. P. Owen. As Mr. Lee read the dedicatory words Mr. Owen pulled the flag aside and the window was revealed. With the morning sunshine filtered through the window, the stained-glass presented a beautiful and handsome appearance. The scene, which depicts the risen Lord ascending amidst the gaze of His disciples, seems particularly fitting to the memory of one whose death, coming so suddenly in the church she loved and served, seemed almost like an ascension. The colouring of the window is rich and beautiful, and the inscription reads: "To the glory of God, and in loving memory of Anna Moss, who died June 27th, 1915; erected by her friends and fellow-shoppers." Mrs. Lee, in a most inspiring and touching sermon, dwelt much on her for whom the service was being held. Taking his text from Rev. 11 and 13, "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord," he referred to that land from which no traveller returns as a place of rest from present toil and a reward for the labourer whose task is done. There was no gloom in the address, but only the settled and firm conviction that God has a place for all his children and that no one need fear. Mr. Lee also took occasion to speak of the faces among the congregation which he missed, and on the changes which had taken place since he served among us. As conspicuous among the absent ones he especially mentioned the late Mr. Miss Lila Rogers who is, as is generally known, doing munition work in London. The choir, which turned out in full force, contributed in no small measure to the success of the service, and the hymns such as "Holy, holy, holy," and "Great Shepherd of thy people, hear," were well-chosen and appropriate. Miss Jessie Humphreys, who has been appointed organist for Miss Rogers' place, filled her post well. At the close of the service Miss Simpson sang a solo which was much appreciated. In the evening Mr. Lee preached a patriotic sermon in honour of the King's birthday. There were good congregations at both services.

A Chance For Those Going West.

Homeseekers' excursions to western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday until October 30th, inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific agent or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

Patronize Home Industry by buying

**MCLACHLAN'S BREAD**

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

**J. A. McLachlan**  
GLENCOE

#### Horse Show Postponed.

Owing to the recent heavy rains having rendered the grounds unfit, the annual Glencoe Horse Show, advertised for Tuesday of this week, had to be postponed. The show will likely be held on June 24th.

#### Glencoe Council.

The regular meeting of the municipal council of the village of Glencoe was held in the council chambers on Monday, June 4th, 1917.

Members present:—Reeve A. J. Wright; Councillors A. McPherson, P. D. Keith, J. E. Roome and W. A. Hagerty.

The minutes of the last regular meeting and of the court of revision were read and signed.

On motion of Messrs. Roome and McPherson the following accounts were ordered paid:—Mrs. Christina McLellan, for work of assessing by the late A. B. McLellan \$50, postage \$2; P. D. Keith, two brooms, \$1; Bell Telephone, \$1.25; Municipal World, blank forms and notices re court of revision \$1.58, collector's roll and postage \$2.18; H. McCaffrey, draying tile 85c, water cart 25c, sprinkler 25c; S. Thompson, 12 trees 6c, 40c, \$8.80, 2 1/2 hours digging tile 75c, digging sewer at power house 80c.

On motion of Messrs. Roome and McPherson, Jacob Weaver was appointed to act as county constable on a salary of five dollars per month and half the fines, the council to pay only all long distance calls on the telephone, Mr. Weaver to pay all other telephone expenses as he already has the telephone in his house.

Requests by Alex. McLellan and A. B. McDonald regarding certain drainages were referred to the committee on streets.

A request was made by Dr. A. A. McIntyre to be allowed to purchase certain property in rear of the town hall. Motion was taken.

Regarding the proposed water tanks, the clerk was instructed to advertise for tenders for the construction of two large tanks, 12 feet deep and 14 feet in diameter, built of cement with cement top, one at or near corner of McEneaney street and Park avenue, the other in the southern part of the village.

That the clerk be and is to place telephones in municipal buildings after July 1, 1917, it was decided, on motion of Messrs. Keith and Hagerty, to have the telephone removed from the town hall.

On motion of Messrs. Hagerty and Keith, John McIntosh was refunded \$1 dog tax, his dog having been poisoned.

On motion of Messrs. McPherson and Roome, the clerk was instructed to write the hydro commission with a view to securing hydro power and light in Glencoe.

On motion of Messrs. McPherson and Roome, the public school was allowed a grant of \$300.

Council adjourned to July 9.

CHAS. GEORGE, Clerk.

#### Mosa Council.

A meeting of the Mosa council was held at Glencoe on May 20th, 1917. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read, approved and signed.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that by-law No. 414, to permit McLeod and Carman, oil operators, to lay pipes and to place jerker lines on and across the roads in the township of Mosa, be finally passed as read the third time. Carried.

Moved by R. W. McEldar, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that the by-law to provide for the repair of the Wiley drain be finally passed. Carried.

Moved by R. W. McEldar, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that the by-law to provide for the repair of the Wiley drain be finally passed. Carried.

Moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by R. W. McEldar, that Hugh A. McAlpine be appointed weed inspector. Carried.

Moved by C. S. Morrison, seconded by F. J. James, that the following accounts be paid:—Frank Copeland, \$12.81, for refund of taxes; Neil Munro, \$1, refund of dog tax; John McKay, \$8, for work done on Government Drain No. 4; James Douglas, \$75, salary as assessor; Municipal World, \$2.63, for blank forms. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Newbury June 10th.

C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

#### League's Social.

The social evening in connection with the league was held in the Methodist church recently. There was a good attendance, and the following programme was given:—Instrumental, Miss F. Walker; recitation, Miss Annie George; quartette—Mrs. Currie, Misses Weldon, Harris and Bechill; recitation, Miss Edna Waterworth; solo, Miss Hazel Strachan; reading on Y. M. C. A. work, Miss Jean Baird; solo, Miss Cleo Sutton; reading, Miss Fothergill; recitation, "The Bridal Wreath," Miss Edna Waterworth.

All the numbers were appreciated and were of a high standard. A collection was taken and amounted to \$10.85. The league has decided to dispense with lunch until after the war.

Race track men, who fear their business is going to be suspended until after the war by government action, suggest that the "novelty" be also closed, or as much as we would like to, Billy gets quite a few letters from







## Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



Henry G. Bell.

**Question—F. G.**—We have a fifteen acre field of clover sod manured this winter and spring. The soil is a good sandy loam. My two sons want to raise a bumper crop. Now would you advise to drill the fertilizer in with grain drill or corn planter? We intend to check it. Also how much fertilizer should we use to the acre? The land is in good shape.

**Answer—**In order to get a maximum yield of corn on your sandy loam soil, I would advise you to put on 400 pounds of fertilizer per acre. I would broadcast 300 pounds of this by drilling it in with a grain drill before the land is planted to corn. Sow the other 100 pounds per acre through the fertilizer attachment of the corn planter. I would advise an analysis of fertilizer running from 2 to 3% ammonia and 8 to 10% phosphoric acid; also 1% potash will help, if it is obtainable.

**Question—C. O.**—I have a piece of rather light land that was in corn last year, part of it had manure applied. If the balance of the field is manured then disked and harrowed thoroughly, would it be all right to sow clover on, providing it is well limed? How much hydrated lime is needed per acre? Would it be advisable to sow buckwheat and clover? When ought the seeding to be done?

**Answer—**If the land is well manured and limed, then disked and harrowed thoroughly, it will make a good seed-bed for clover. If adding hydrated lime, I would use from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds per acre. I do not believe that buckwheat would be a good nurse crop for the clover. The buckwheat tends to grow very thick. It is used to smother out such weeds as quack grass. I would rather prefer oats, spring wheat or barley. Perhaps barley is the best nurse crop, since it ripens early, is shallow rooted and is removed more quickly from the ground, so that the clover has a better chance to grow. The small grain and clover should be sown as soon as the ground can be prepared in the spring. In order to help both the small grain and the clover catch, since your seedling must necessarily be late, I would advise applying from 200 to 250 pounds of fertilizer carrying 2 to 8% ammonia and 8 to 10% phosphoric acid. This will act like whole milk to the young calf. It will give the infant grain and clover plants easily digestible plant food and will greatly assist both crops.

**Question—W. M.**—What is your advice in regards to planting soy

beans in ensilage corn? Does this make the silage a better feed, and would you plant them the same time as the corn? I thought perhaps if the beans were planted later it would make more moisture in the silage. Please let me know what time to plant for best results. Also my pasture runs short in latter part of July or August. I have two and one-half acres that I would like to use for this purpose. Would cowpeas and oats be a good feed if cut green, and what time is best to sow them?

**Answer—**In many sections good results are forthcoming from seeding soy beans with corn. Theoretically, the mixture should greatly benefit the balancing of the ration, since soy beans are rich in protein and fat and corn is rich in carbohydrates. Many farmers get excellent results by hogging down the corn and allowing the pigs to harvest the soy beans. This balances their ration, as indicated. The beans may be planted at the same time as the corn, if you cultivate the corn only one way, but the common practice in the middle western states is to drill the seed in at the last cultivation, or to scatter it between the rows and work it in at the time of the last cultivation. About 1½ bushels of seed per acre is required. If planted as described the beans should be well set and fairly well ripened by the time the corn is to be cut for silage.

Regarding the short pasture, I am wondering if you are familiar with the work on pastures done by Prof. Zavitz of Ontario Agricultural College. He has obtained good results from the following mixture:

Oats ..... 51 lbs.  
Early Amber Sugar cane..... 30 lbs.  
Common Red Clover ..... 7 lbs.  
Total ..... 88 lbs.

He advises sowing this early in May. The oats and the Early Amber sugar cane can be drilled through the grain drill and the clover seed can be sown through the clover seed attachment of the drill. At Guelph they found this mixture ready for cattle pasture late in June. It carried more than one steer to the acre. In 1911 it was successfully used for milk cows.

If you wish to grow a crop to cut green, I would advise you to mix peas and oats—a bushel of each. This makes a good rich green hay and gives satisfactory results. Sow this just as soon as you can prepare the ground.

## Poultry

The shade problem is one that must be solved in the heat future. The days will soon be here when the mid-day sun can do a lot of damage to stock exposed to it. Even in June there are days when a little shade is needed. This is probably more the case with chicks than it is with grown fowls; but, nevertheless, all need it. Trees furnish the most cooling shade. Where trees are not available canopies should be erected, made by driving stakes in the ground and covering the top with burlap.

The chicks need plenty of nourishing food, but care must be taken that they are not overfed. If overfed they will lose their appetites and become stunted.

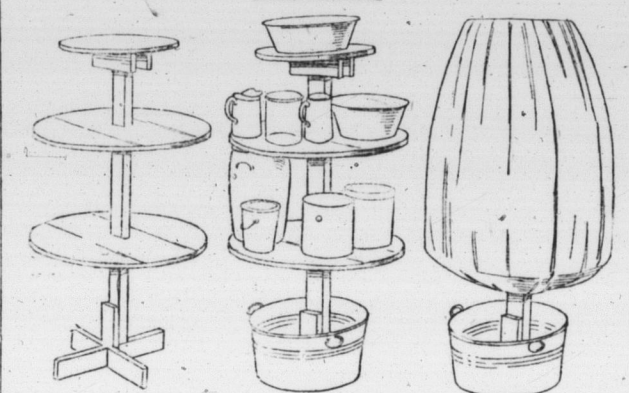
The hens out on range must be looked after. They are apt to hide their

## Young Women Wanted

Good opportunity offered young women desiring permanent work in Toronto to learn waitresses work in the largest established restaurant in Canada. Good wages paid, best working conditions and fair treatment. Write, telephone or call. Childs Co., 158 Yonge St., Toronto.

## A HOME-MADE REFRIGERATOR

Simple Device Which Makes a Good Substitute for an Ice-box, and is Easily Made by the Home Carpenter.



An Iceless Refrigerator.

Country homes without ice-houses may have an iceless refrigerator as a good substitute. This convenience comprises a simple wooden frame with a covering of cotton flannel made to fit so that little air is admitted into it. Wicks made of the same material as the cover are tacked on top of each side of the cover and extend over into the pan of water sitting on top of the frame. This water is taken up by the wicks and carried down the sides of the cover by capillary attraction, when evaporation takes place, drawing the heat from the inside and lowering the temperature. The more rapid the evaporation, the lower the temperature. The refrigerator should therefore be kept in a shady place where there is a free circulation of air. Keep the wicks a supply of fresh water in the top pan. The whole refrigerator should stand in a larger pan which catches the drippings from the cover. The frame may be made of pine, painted white. About 5½ yards of white cotton flannel will be needed. Put the smooth side but, care being taken that the cover comes to the lower edge of the frame. The wicks are made half the length of the sides and sewed on the top edge at each side. They must extend three inches into the water. The three shelves are made of zinc. Cover the whole frame with wire screening to protect from flies.

## A SILO ON EVERY FARM

Pays For Itself in Two Winters With Twenty-Cow Dairy—How to Get It—Where to Put It.

If there is anything a farmer is justified in going into debt for it is a silo. No implement will pay for itself so quickly as the silo. The question, Will it pay? is no longer debatable. With a dairy of twenty cows it will pay for itself in two winters' feeding. The only questions nowadays are, How can I get one? What kind shall I get? Where shall I put it, and how shall I pay for it?

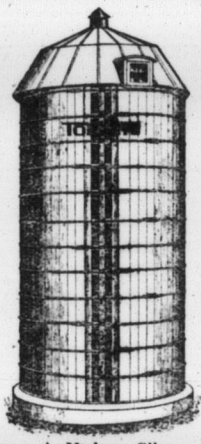
Wideawake fruit farmers have found that dairying filled a unique and profitable place in their farming system. And modern dairying is not profitably possible without a silo. An acre of corn made into good silage has about forty per cent. greater feeding value than when fed as crib corn and dry fodder.

Cows need succulent feed during the winter months and silage furnishes it in convenient, economical form. Steers and lambs make faster and cheaper gains when silage is part of the ration.

There is a further urgent reason for erecting a silo this season—the prices of all feeds are unusually high and the saving with silage is consequently greater than ever before. The first silos built were of the pit type, dug in the ground. It was soon found that the ensilage in these pits rapidly became moldy and unsuitable for feed. The silos first constructed above ground were of wood, being square in shape or eight sided; but they were not a success on account of the air pockets in the corners, which caused the silage to spoil. It was not until the round stave silos, with hoops that could be tightened or loosened as the silo swelled or shrunk, were put on the market, that silos became a practical success.

The expense of wood silos depends on the sort of wood used. A silo ten feet in diameter is the best size for from twelve to fourteen head of cattle, as enough silage is taken out each day to keep it fresh. This is a very important point. A silo twenty feet in diameter would require a herd of from thirty-five to forty head of cattle to eat enough off each day to keep the silage fresh. A silo ten feet in diameter, and thirty feet high is the best size for the small-sized herd. This will hold forty tons of ensilage, enough for eleven cows, each getting forty pounds a day, for 200 days, and allowing some for loss.

The absolutely essential features about a good silo are: The walls must be air and moisture proof, the inner surface must be smooth and perpendicular, the walls must be stongly reinforced, and the doors must be airtight. There are five kinds of silos on the market, those made of wood, solid cement, cement blocks, hollow tile and iron. The wood silo was the first commercially introduced and has been greatly improved. In selecting a wood silo, the writer would go to the expense of having the staves made in one piece. This costs a little more. Cement silos, and silos made of hollow cement blocks have been used, but do not seem to be growing in favor. Every silo, however, no matter of what material it is constructed, should have a solid foundation of masonry or cement, preferably cement.



A Modern Silo.

Seven or eight years ago silos began to be made of hollow tile, and are steadily gaining in popularity. The manufacturers claim they will last for generations, are wind and moisture proof and fireproof.

Metal silos are being built and extensively exploited in the United States, being put up in sections all bolted together, the joints being filled up with suitable paste. The manufacturers claim the work of erecting these silos is so simple that a farmer with ordinary judgment can put them up, using the help on the farm. When the silo is complete and erected, it resists "a" action of heat and cold, the walls being absolutely airtight, and the silage will keep well; but there is no doubt that the silo of this type should be kept painted, particularly inside, where it might be eaten with rust.

## Your Problems

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 233 Woburn Ave., Toronto.

**J. L. G.**—1. It takes a submarine from three to eight minutes to submerge. The record for submerged speed, so far as known, is 12 knots. Generally ten miles an hour is the best underwater speed. 2. A forestry regiment is composed of lumbermen who cut timber and prepare for engineers for the building of bridges, railroads, trench supports, etc. 3. The River Iszno, a short Austrian stream, just across the Austro-Italian border, runs north and south along the battle-front in this sector. It empties into the Gulf of Trieste and the Adriatic Sea.

"Housekeeper"—Honey is a very valuable food. It is especially good for children who need a great deal of sugar, because of the fact that the skin surface, that is, the radiating surface of the child's body, is much larger in proportion than that of the adult. This means that children's bodies lose heat rapidly, and therefore they need a great deal of sugar which produces heat and energy. Honey supplies sugar in its most digestible form, and enters into the circulation at once. Honey also contains minerals necessary for the human body, one of these being iron.

"Lucy"—1. Spread a thin film of butter over cheese that is to be put away and it will not dry or crack. 2. Lengthen the stitch on your sewing-machine to its fullest extent, and stitch the part to be shirred. Adjust your gaiters by pulling the lower ends as they appear and patte in a thread, and your gaiters will be perfectly even. 3. For moths around

the edge of a carpet, a hot iron is an excellent exterminator. Dampen the edge of the carpet and iron with the hot iron. If of velvet or Brussels, hold the iron close to the carpet, but do not press it down. The hot steam will kill all moths, and without the least injury to the carpet. 4. When sealing jelly, melt paraffin in an old teapot or tea steeper. It is the most satisfactory way of pouring the wax over the jelly when sealing it. No drops will be spilled upon the table.

"Mary"—To remove stains caused by handling fresh fruit, before washing rub the hands with half a lemon. Or take a stalk of rhubarb, peel and bruise and rub the hands with it. "Botanist"—The national flowers of the allies are, so far as known: England, rose; Scotland, thistle; Ireland, shamrock; Wales, leek; Canada, maple leaf; Australia, fern; France, lily; Japan, chrysanthemum; Italy, lily. There is no floral national emblem accepted by the other allies, Russia, Belgium, Serbia, Rumania, Montenegro, Portugal, United States and Cuba.

S. B.—To make Hollandaise sauce for fish put 2 tablespoonsful of butter and 4 tablespoonsful of vinegar in a saucepan, bring to a boil, add yolk of one egg, cook till thick, remove and season with ½ teaspoonful salt and a dash of pepper.

A course in Domestic Science will shortly commence in the Household Department. If you clip out the lessons as they appear and paste in a scrap-book, you will have the complete series for future reference.

## The Dairy

A little oil cake added to the skim milk will make an excellent substitute for fat in the calf's feed after the whole milk has been cut off.

Milk warmed from the separator, with a little flaxseed jelly added to supply the extracted butterfat (at less cost), is an ideal feed for calves. The calf feeding pails should be kept as clean as the milk pails. One feeding of stale or sour milk will often cause serious indigestion and scours. It is better for a calf to miss a feed than to have a feeding of sour milk.

After drinking the milk a handful of ground grain should be put in a feeding box.

The pregnant heifer should receive a liberal ration containing a high per cent. of protein and ash, as these are necessary for the development of the foetus.

The best time to start feeding the heifer to produce a good milk cow is when it is young.

## BETTER THAN USUAL

Is the slogan of the Toronto Fat Stock Show, who announce their Eighth Annual Exhibition in this issue, to be held at the Union Stock Yards, on December 7th and 8th next. Our readers will remember the record prices paid at the Auction Sale at last year's show, the Grand Champion being bought by the T. Eaton Company at \$60,000. Live weight. Premium lists will be out in a few days and will contain all the old and several new classes.

## Horse Sense

The symptoms for disease of the side-bone are, in some cases, lameness, and a hard, unyielding enlargement surrounding the heel on one or both sides of the foot.

If lameness be present, blistering tends to effect a cure; if not lame no treatment is advisable.

Use three or four horses in a team wherever possible. The neck and shoulders of most horses are all the time changing. The collar that may be all right this year may need considerable readjusting another year.

It is difficult to find a better collar than a good curved hair collar.

Some blacksmiths seem to think they must earn their money paring off the horse's hoof. Result, thousands of poor sore-footed horses.

## Hoos

The strength of the pig when farrowed exerts possibly the greatest effect on the ultimate economy of production.

Second only to this point in importance is the influence of wisdom in the feeding and management of the sucking and the weaned pig.

More good litters are ruined—and more swine-feeders baffled and discouraged—by improper feeds and feeding and ill-advised methods at the period mentioned, than possibly during any other phase of the pig's existence.

Teach the litter to eat three weeks before weaning. For best results milk products are practically a necessity, with middlings.

A few handfuls of dry grain scattered in the bedding insure the pigs taking exercise. Avoid overfeeding, and make exercise necessary.

Gradually increase middlings until weaning. If skim-milk is available, and two litters per year are anticipated, wean at six weeks of age; otherwise wean at eight weeks.

Rape makes excellent forage for hogs. And rape sown on land kept under clean cultivation until July, will assist in land cleaning.

War is not made by word of mouth, but by man power.

Milk records prove that the cow is an individual and not merely a mechanical contrivance for producing milk.

## EIGHTH ANNUAL

## TORONTO

## FAT STOCK SHOW

## Union Stock Yards

## TORONTO

DEC. 7th & 8th, 1917

WRITE FOR

PREMIUM

LIST

TO-DAY

## THE FORESTS OF BRITISH INDIA

WOODED STATE OF COUNTRY IMPRESSES TRAVELLER.

Difference Between Habits of Indian and Canadian in Regard to Forest Clearing.

The first shock to a Canadian travelling in India is the wooded state of the country, writes H. R. MacMillan, former Chief Forester of British Columbia. One expects that hundreds of millions of people warring through thousands of years and finally under a century of peace crowding agriculturally 300 to 600 to the square mile would have produced a denuded land. Such is not the case—except in the arid Indus valley—the whole land, viewed from a railway carriage, appears forested, and even the Ganges plain with its agricultural half thousand to the square mile is so dotted with trees as to appear at a distance of less than a mile an unbroken forest. The temperance which leaves trees to grow, in groves, rows, and scattered throughout the most valuable fields without even the protection of the fence row, which saves a few trees in America, must have been an important factor in leaving any forests for the British to administer in India.

The forest area of British India now stands at about 336,000 square miles, or 31.1 per cent. of the total land area. Though the forest cannot all be considered as productive timber land, or even as wooded land, as will be explained later, the proportion of actual forest must to a Westerner appear very large, especially when the age, history and population of the country are considered.

Indian Not an Emigrant.

The large proportionate area of forest is explained by three or four conditions wherein India differs fundamentally from American conditions, which act as brakes on forest destruction in India.

Recent Canadian experience to the contrary, the Indian is not an emigrant. The strongest human tendency in Canada and the United States has been to move west along the parallels of latitude and destroy forest. The native North American has not waited either for pressure of population or for a market for the timber in the virgin Western forests to furnish the stimulus for the Western movement of population. The Indian, the direct antithesis of this man, even when the agricultural population has reached 600 to the square mile; has not felt impelled to leave his ancestral paddy field and move a few hundred miles to another part of his native province or to another province of India, even though bountiful paddy fields have already been proved there, settled government established and railroads laid down for easy transport.

## Forests of Assam and Burma.

The Indian will assuredly cut down the forest bordering his field and village if allowed, but he will not migrate to attack a new forest area. Nearly every province contains a fair proportion of forest, some of it seemingly on good agricultural land and only a hundred miles or so from districts so densely populated that to use Kipling's description of Canton you feel that if you knocked a corner off a house it would bleed. Other provinces, rich beyond dreams, in the capacity for growth of myriad crops, such as Assam and Burma, lying in the direct line between the hordes of China and the swarms of India to this day cry aloud for population and all through the past have suffered little or no forest destruction.

A large proportion of the forest wealth of India is in these two provinces. If they are omitted the forest in India sinks to 21 per cent. of the land area. One should be permitted to dream a moment what would be the situation in North America to-day if we had possessed only a little of the Indian characteristics of pausing to make each acre fertile before passing on to denude another. We should have been still somewhere East of the Appalachians and the beaver would not yet have been driven out of Canadian rivers to take refuge in the folds of the flag.

## Sugar Dressing.

Powdered sugar dressing for suppurating and contaminated wounds is receiving a thorough test in the German army and has proved highly satisfactory, according to Dr. F. Hercher, who reports to the Muenchener Medizinische Wochenschrift the experiences of himself and fifty other army surgeons in the use of it. He has used it in more than one thousand cases. Dr. Hercher says that powdered sugar makes it unnecessary to rinse out or irrigate a wound, as it causes such a profuse oozing of the fluid that the wound is copiously washed from within. Its efficiency is due mainly to its stimulation of secretion, and this dilutes and washes away the pus.

If woollens are hung out on the line dripping wet instead of being wrung out they will not shrink.

With Europe an immense battlefield, its millions consuming and not producing, the food shortage will naturally become worse as the war continues.

## The Doings of the Duffs.





# BE PREPARED

## for the Sweeping Weather Change

This store's stock of Underwear is very large and of best qualities, for Men, Women and Children.

**We feature Watson's make** for Women and Children, because of their superior finish and fine-fitting shapes. A complete line of combination underwear in all the wanted qualities, 50c to \$2.50 per suit.

**Men's Zimmerknit Underwear** in separate or combination suits, \$1.00 to \$1.25 per suit, short or long sleeve, ankle length.

**Men's Roll-back-collar Outing Shirts at \$1.00 and \$1.50** Made from Oxford Shirting, guaranteed to wash.

**Holeproof and Radium Hosiery specially priced**  
Silk ankle, 35c, 50c and 75c.  
All silk, jersey knit tops, 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

**Holy Tearer Holeproof Hose** for Girls and Boys. Acid proof dye, properly shaped, 25c and 35c.

**Special Silk Waist Offering**  
Just opened up another lot of high-class Georgette Crepe and Silk Waists, made up in very new styles, in new shades. Specially priced at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

### Attractive Middy Blouses

for Women, Misses and Children, in plain and combination colors, made up in three different styles. Considering the style and quality, these middies are very moderately priced at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

### House Dresses and Aprons

at about price of materials alone. Well made, roomy House Dresses, good value at 90c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Large Bungalow Aprons, 50c, 60c, 75c and 85c.  
Bib Aprons, 25c and 35c.  
Children's White Dresses, 49c, 75c and \$1.00.  
Children's Rompers, 19c, 25c, 35c and 40c.

### Our Men's Clothing Department

is the busy spot, as our heavy reserve stock of Serge and Worsted Suits offers close to old values. Our range of Suits at \$15, \$18 and \$20 will please those looking for real values.

## J. N. Currie & Co.

Bring Butter and Eggs here and get good results

### The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, 1001 Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—\$2.00 per year in advance. Single copies, 10c. The Transcript is published for the Editor by J. N. Currie & Co. The Transcript is published for the Editor by J. N. Currie & Co. The Transcript is published for the Editor by J. N. Currie & Co.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917

#### Replies to Anti-Conscription.

Glencoe, June 2nd, 1917.

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Dear Sir,—In reply to "Subscriber's" letter of last week, I should like to ask him a question or two. Has he done his bit? If so, in what way? I think we all agree that we must win the war. Then why in the name of common sense do not all put their shoulder to the wheel and help along in some way. Members of Parliament and ministers of the Gospel are exempt from service, but they and their sons are enlisting voluntarily as well as others. Altogether too many are getting rich by the present struggle. They do not know, and will not if they can help it, what the word Sacrifice means. I cannot understand how anyone with a spark of manhood in him can be so selfish when they see so much glorious unselfishness in our brave boys. And yet some are brazen enough to say "They will be coming home crippled and we will have to keep them." Now, who has a better right? Are they not fighting, yes, and dying far from home and friends that you may enjoy peace and comfort at home?

ONE WHO LIVES FAIR PLAY.

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Dear Sir,—It would be beneath the dignity of any intellectual person, ordinarily, to comment on the communication appearing in last week's issue of the Transcript, over the signature "Subscriber," were it not for the fact that some of the statements made therein were irrational in conception, and some positively insulting in character. "Subscriber" in referring to those in favour of conscription makes the assertion that they want others to do the "dirty work." It will no doubt come as a distinct shock to the members of the Red Cross, patriotic and kindred organizations to discover that after their splendid example of loyalty, devotion and self-denial on behalf of the Canadian soldier, they have been parties to and indirectly facilitating, aiding and abetting the soldiers in doing "dirty work." I wonder if the

mother who has given her son, or the wife who has given her husband to the cause of the allies realizes the mission on which they are engaged? Will the mother whose son has made the supreme sacrifice be reconciled to the view that her son was engaged in "dirty work"? Do the Red Cross nurses going about their daily duties with a meekness and devotion that the angels themselves might glory in realize that they are lavishing their tenderness on men engaged in work characterized as "dirty"?

The statement also that ministers of the Gospel favour conscription because they are "exempt" from its operation is a rank libel on the ministers, who, as a class, have measured up magnificently to their responsibilities in this great crisis. "Subscriber" should know that a minister of the Gospel is attached to every regiment of the line. Hundreds have gone to the front voluntarily, while other hundreds have been refused permission, much to their disappointment. Many have gone as privates in their desire to "do their bit." He must also be aware that members of parliament are bearing their share of the burden. Many of them are in France today and many are preparing to go, and this notwithstanding any exemption they might claim and notwithstanding also "Subscriber's" belief to the contrary.

I have more faith in the principle animating Duncan C. Ross and George Elliot than has "Subscriber." These gentlemen having greater facilities for gaining inside information, and knowing the seriousness of the situation, will be guided by the exigencies of the case, and I have no doubt they will be influenced by higher motives than safeguarding the selfish interests of slackers. Neither will they be swayed by the hysterical wailings of a plainly frightened conscript.

If conscription is a "low and coercive measure" then President Wilson and his able administration have foisted a "low and coercive measure" on the people in the United States in choosing selective conscription as the most adaptable and necessary means to insure the winning of the war. The majority of the people of the United States accept it philosophically, and the press of the country are a unit in its behalf. The only opposition shown is by the pro-Germans, socialists and slackers. Must I be forced to the conclusion that "Subscriber" belongs to one of these classes?

I am not, Mr. Editor, forced to the necessity of inditing this communication under a nom de plume. My friend "Subscriber" seems to be, which fact is indicative that he is either ashamed of the sentiments expressed or is desirous of keeping his identity concealed.

Believe me to be, Mr. Editor, Your obedient servant,  
P. J. MORRISON.

A Remedy for Earache.—To have the earache is to endure torture. The ear is a delicate organ and few care to deal with it, considering it work for the doctor. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil offers a simple remedy. A few drops on a piece of lint or medicated cotton and placed in the ear will do wonders in relieving pain.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

#### School Reports.

Standing of pupils in S. S. No. 7, Ekfrid, for April and May:  
Class IV.—Catharine Eddie 81, Margaret Eddie 81, Alma Mawhinney 79.  
Class III.—Jennie Mawhinney 79, Robert Carruthers 71, A. D. McVicar 43.  
Class II.—Elva Sutton 79, Joe McVicar 78, Russell Campbell 72, Leitch 70, Sarah Crawford 56.  
Class I.—Cameron McTaggart 80, John Carruthers 75.  
Primer, Sr.—Edith Leitch 85, Elizabeth Crawford 68.  
Primer, Jr.—Lillian Eddie 76, Mack Leitch 70, Sarah Crawford 56.  
Perfect spelling—Catharine Eddie, Robert Carruthers, Cameron McTaggart.

Report given in per cent. of S. S. No. 9, Moss, for month of May:  
Sr. IV.—Lillian Henderson 80%.  
Sr. III.—Jessie Mitchell 61, Albert Munro 58.  
Sr. II.—Verna Henderson 87%, Vera Henderson 79, Hector McLean 72%, Maggie Livingston 67, Catharine Mitchell 62.  
Sr. I.—Johanna Mitchell 74%.  
Primer—Nelson McVicar.  
means perfect attendance.  
R. GIBBINS, Teacher.

#### Why Eggs Are Going Up.

The causes of the high prices now prevailing for eggs are easily explained. A great many poultry owners have to buy their feed, and such feed is now most abnormally high in price—two to four times the price ordinarily prevailing. Fowl are also selling at exceptionally high prices now but will probably sell at a good deal lower price in autumn. Hens which have laid freely in winter drop off in production during the breeding season now on, and the molting season which follows. Faced by these conditions many poultry owners have considered it better to sell hens at high prices now than keep them over until autumn, with the almost certainty that they will sell at much lower prices then, and the possibility that between now and then they will not produce enough eggs to pay for expensive feeding. Eggs may, therefore, be expected to continue high all summer.

#### McArthur Hits It Right.

Peter McArthur hits it about right when he remarks: "It strikes me that the chief cause of the misunderstanding between city and country people is due to the fact that country people think that all city people are rich or at least highly paid, while city people think that all farmers are prosperous. Both are wrong. The percentage of prosperous farmers in the country is just about the same as the percentage of rich men in the cities. Both city and country are mostly made up of struggling people who are 'just folks'." If they understood each other better they would get together and right many wrongs from which both suffer.

#### Your Chance—the West is Calling.

Homeseekers' excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Thursday until October 30th, inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent or W. E. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

Some beauty is skin deep and some is only enamel deep.

### COSTLY FOREST FIRES

CAUSED LOSSES OF \$9,000,000 DURING LAST SUMMER.

More Attention is to be Paid to the Work of Preventing These Great Conflagrations as the Country Desires to Conserve Its Valuable Natural Resources in Timber.

MORE attention is to be given by the Provincial Governments to forest protection. Canada lost \$9,000,000 by forest fires in 1916, more than six times as much as has been spent on forest protection work. Most of these fires were preventable. In British Columbia, on account of the efficiency of the forest-protection service, and somewhat more favorable weather conditions, the number of fires last year was only about one-half that of the preceding year. Yet a substantial loss was suffered, and a better protection service would have been profitable.

The presence of a protective force, the construction of fire lines, and look-out towers connected with headquarters by telephone are merely for the purpose of dealing efficiently with the fires that break out. A more important measure is to curtail the quantity of dry material on the forest floor, reducing the danger of fire, and diminishing the heat of fires that do start, so that less injury is done to the trees and soil.

The lumbering slash makes such a hot fire that the outlook for another tree crop is very poor. The tree seedlings and the uncut trees are generally destroyed or greatly damaged. A most important part of forest-protection work is the disposal of this slash as soon as possible after the lumbering operations have been finished. In this slash disposal the lumber companies have been urged to co-operate with the forest service.

Many destructive fires have been started by settlers using careless methods in the burning of slash produced in land clearing. The advice that is now given to them by fire rangers as to the proper methods of burning and the use of the permit system, has reduced the danger from this source.

The protective work that has been done by the railway companies under regulations issued by the Board of Railway Commissioners relating to the clearing of rights of way, the construction of fire guards, the patrolling of the line during the dry season, etc., has been effective. This legislation requires that the railway companies to extinguish fires starting within 300 feet of the track unless a company can show that it did not cause the fire. The principle throughout is that the railway companies themselves must undertake the work of protecting the public against damage by railway fires.

The Ontario Legislature has passed a law to preserve the forests of the Province from destruction by fire. It provides for the creation of fire districts, and a close season in which time fires shall not be set out in the districts except under permit and under close supervision of the fire department.

In the practical working out of the bill, the northern country will be divided into three fire areas or districts, and a supervisor will be appointed to take charge of each district. Under the supervisor will be a fire chief, with his quota of fire rangers.

A departure has been made by the Land, Forest, and Mines Department in taking the entire charge of the forest protection. It will be responsible for the operation of the Act, and make a charge on the licensees and permit holders, as a contribution toward the protection of the interests.

The new Act is expected to prevent such disastrous fires as those of 1910, 1911, and 1916, when many lives were sacrificed and many square miles of timber lands razed.

#### The Cost of Living.

Dealing with the high cost of living, in Parliament, Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, had this to say:

"It is probably safe to say that thirty million men, if not a good many more, have been withdrawn from production work to engage in destructive work. It is said that those men consume at least fifty per cent. more than they would if they were civilians. That gives us the equivalent of 45,000,000 men consuming foodstuffs and producing no labor and engaged in destructive work. Before the war broke out there was just enough food grown to cover the world's consumption; we had not to throw any surplus food into the sea. Take 45,000,000 from production and you have a shortage of property; take that, in connection with the fact that last year, with slight exceptions in certain places, crops were short the world over, and with all this destruction and waste going on lessening production, and you have the main factors causing the advance in prices. Some people tell us that the rise in prices is due to cold that in some cases those things have had a slight influence on prices, but the main factors are those I have stated."

#### Girl Tried to Enlist.

Determined to avenge the killing of her two cousins and her wounded brother, an eighteen-year-old Ottawa girl donned male attire and applied at the base recruiting office a few weeks ago to be enrolled as a stretcher-bearer in the "Amunition Column." The masquerade was discovered. Being compelled to admit her sex, she explained that she had tried to go overseas as a nurse, but could not do so because of her young years' course, and believed she would be accepted as a stretcher-bearer.

### RESTORING FRENCH LAND.

Our Soldiers Were Among the Men in Khaki Who Became Farmers.

The beginning of spring this year has produced the spectacle of thousands of soldiers of the French army, together with their comrades of the British and Belgian armies, forsaking the rifle, the bayonet, the hand-grenade, and the machine-gun to take in hand temporarily the hoe, the spade, the barrow, and the plow in many of the districts of eastern and north-eastern France.

The reconquest of large tracts of territory from the Germans and the return of the civilian inhabitants from the places where they had taken refuge confronted the authorities with the problem of restoring these lands to cultivation. Farming implements to the value of hundreds of thousands of dollars, it was found had been damaged or destroyed since the beginning of the war in what is known as the zone of the armies. The young peasants were all serving in the ranks and the older men, even with the aid of the women and children, were unable to till their places for the proper cultivation of the land.

The army decided to step into the breach. The greatest proportion of the soldiers in the French ranks come from the peasant or farming class. It was therefore an easy task to find capable hands. The organization was more difficult, but co-ordination between the civil and military authorities was affected very rapidly. A military officer with agricultural experience was appointed by each army to consult with the prefects of the departments in which the troops were stationed and to find out what work was to be done and how many hands were required to do it.

The zone occupied by each army was subdivided into small districts, each containing about 25 villages or hamlets. The commanding officer of the troops stationed in each district was directed to get into touch with the civil official and place at his disposal as many men as were needed or could be spared for agricultural labor.

The artillery and engineering repair shops of the army were ordered to mend damaged farm implements and replace missing parts, and army farriers to shoe free of charge all horses working on the land.

The result of these arrangements is that, almost up to the firing line, all available land in France is now in cultivation, and soldiers in uniform, whenever they can be spared from the trenches and dugouts, are their main task of destroying the Germans, work cheerfully with the women, children, and older men behind the lines.

The system has been extended to the parts of France 150 miles in length—held by the British and Belgians, but here the task is a more difficult one, as most of the northern allies are, in civil life, engaged in industrial work in the cities. The Canadians and Australians, however, have been of immense assistance in restoring French land to productivity.

#### Trophies From Vimy.

A varied assortment of Vimy trophies, machine guns, mortars, and field guns, are being prepared to be shipped out to Canada. These will be a feature of the fall fairs.

From the dugouts of Vimy ridge and from prisoners taken there were obtained many letters, diaries, and other documents indicating the efficiency of our preparatory, artillery fire, as well as the accuracy of our information on which it was based. Some of these have been translated. They prove that the enemy had heavy losses in men and material before the infantry were loosed upon him, and that even more serious was his loss of confidence as he saw his trenches blown away and his guns buried. "Hell is let loose." In this phrase a German gunner chronicled on March 31st the opening of our artillery attack.

The record of a trench mortar battery shows that day after day the mortars were buried. Day after day the patient gunners dug out their weapons only to have them buried again deeper than before. In despair, the day before the assault, a gunner writes:

"Everything is buried, the entrance to our shelter, the gun emplacements, the whole trench ammunition supply and magazines are buried. Just before the assault an infantryman made this record: 'Nobody imagines how frantic it is here. It is almost worse than the Somme. There is no longer a trench; only shellholes and mine craters. Losses on losses. We are now only a third, and two-thirds are missing. Here one can only give up hope, as if this lasts a fortnight longer, nothing will remain of the division, and one is up to the middle in mud and filth. One almost despairs, but there is nothing one can do, unless one wishes to ———' Here the diary ends."

#### Nursed Her Brother.

A cablegram received by an Owen Sound friend conveyed the information of a curious coincidence met by Miss Mary Pollock, who, with other nurses, had been assigned to duty at Orpington Hospital. The first patient that she was sent to attend proved to be her brother, Pte. Stewart Pollock, whom she did not know had been wounded. Pte. Pollock entered with the Western battalion and had been in the trenches for several months. Frequent letters from him indicated that he had escaped the casualty list, in which he regarded himself as being exceedingly fortunate, considering all he had come through. The surprise of Miss Pollock can be imagined when meeting her brother in the hospital, as this was the first time in several years.

#### Fish Destroy Malaria.

A very small fish, known locally as "millions," is said to keep the island of Barbados free from malaria by eating the fever-carrying mosquito in the early stages of its development.

### WINNER OR WASTER—Which Are You?

On a recent public occasion the Honorable the Minister of Finance for Canada, in addressing a representative Canadian audience, dealt with the urgency of everybody doing, even in the smallest way, their share towards aiding the Empire.

It is well to remember that every dollar thrown away extravagantly does one hundred per cent. more good to the enemy than one dollar saved by ourselves.

The wealth of the world finally filters through individual dollars, and if the curse of extravagance strikes deeply enough, our ruin is bound to follow.

Save a dollar TODAY and do a hundred per cent. more for the Empire than your extravagant neighbor does for the enemy.

### THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

GLENCOE BRANCH

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager



Showing a Roof Covered with Brantford Slates in Solid Color.

### There is Safety Under This Roof

Have you ever had a fine job of decorating spoiled by a leaking roof? If you have you are in a position to appreciate the value of a roof that is positively water-proof. Some of the troubles common to wooden shingles to-day are that they are apt to split, warp or blow off as well as leak, soon after they are put on. Years ago they were good, but the quality has since gradually depreciated as the available supply of suitable timber became exhausted.

Brantford Slates have none of the faults of wooden shingles. They cannot rust. They do not allow rain to be driven under them as do metal roofs. They do not require rigid supporting as do the common tile or slate roofs. On the other hand Brantford Slates afford the utmost protection with little weight. They are made on a long-fibred felt "base" which is thoroughly saturated under pressure with asphaltum or mineral pitch. Crushed quarried slate particles are then deeply embedded in the surface of this "base," making it water-tight and fireproof.

## Brantford Roofing

Brantford Slates are made in the natural slate colors of green, red, black and grey. The colors never fade and the slates do not require painting nor repairing. These slates are pliable and fit readily around gables and into the angles of any roof. This means a continuous roof without seams or joints. Sparks die on Brantford Slates. When you have these slates "on" you are done with the job. Remember they don't require painting or staining and may be selected to harmonize with almost any exterior color design, and the price is not beyond your reach. We would be pleased to send you samples and our Roofing Booklet.

**Brantford Roofing Company, Limited**  
Brantford, Canada

For sale by McPherson & Clarke

### Children Cry for Fletcher's



The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



# THE MODERN SHOE STORE FOR EVERYTHING IN FOOTWEAR

For  
Infants, Children and Misses  
For  
Little Boys and Little Men  
For  
Women's Dress and Women's Work  
For  
Ladies of Fastidious Tastes  
For  
Business Men, Men of Leisure  
For  
Artisans and Workmen

The latest thing in Shoes of all kinds will be found at  
**THE STORE THAT SERVES YOU THE BEST**

**Modern Shoe Store**  
Main Street, Glencoe Phone 103

## New Spring and Summer Millinery

**MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS**  
SYMES STREET, GLENCOE Phone 25  
Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs

### RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**Main Line.**  
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a. m.; No. 14, express, local points to London, 2:35 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 8:25 p. m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 31, way freight and passenger, 10:55 a. m.; No. 15, Detroit express, 12:40 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 6:25 p. m.; No. 13, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 8:15 p. m.  
Nos. 15, 16, 11 and 13, Sundays included.

**Wabash and Air Line.**  
Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9:25 a. m.; No. 35, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:50 p. m.; No. 2, Sundays included.

**Kingscourt Branch.**  
Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west, No. 285, mixed, 7:35 a. m.; No. 27, passenger, 8:10 p. m.; No. 283, passenger, 8:30 p. m.  
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 272, passenger, 7:50 a. m.; No. 281, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 301, mixed, 5:10 p. m.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.**  
Eastbound—No. 634, daily, 12:35 p. m.; No. 672, Windsor mixed, daily except Sunday, 6:30 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 671, Windsor mixed, daily except Sunday, 8:30 a. m.; No. 633, daily, 5:15 p. m.

**GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.**  
Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6:00 p. m.; London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

Let the government first grab the grafters and the food gamblers; then the conscription bill will have a better chance.

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

##### ATTRACTIVE TRIPS

TO—  
MUSKOKA LAKES  
ALGONQUIN PARK  
MAGANETAWAN RIVER  
LAKE OF BAYS  
KAWARTHA LAKES  
GEORGIAN BAY

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.

#### GET YOUR TICKETS IN ADVANCE

Book reservations and full particulars at all Grand Trunk ticket offices or write  
C. E. HORNING,  
District Passenger Agent, Toronto

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

#### HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

to the Canadian Northwest  
Commencing on Tuesday,  
May 8th, and continuing  
every Tuesday until Sept.  
30th.

For rates and other particulars, apply to  
R. CLANAHAN  
Ticket Agent at Glencoe

#### BORN.

GOULD.—On Saturday, May 26, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gould, Mosca, a son.

#### LOCAL.

A day in June! And 'tis a rare 'un.  
A very light apple crop is forecasted.

Better universal service than universal disaster.

Wanted—saleslady, with or without experience, at Mayhew's.

Hugh Main of Rodney died at London as a result of drinking bay rum.

Irishmen would like home rule, but the great question is as to which Irishman shall rule.

Ekfrid council have fixed the rate at which statute labor may be commuted at \$1.50 per day.

The banks were closed on Monday, the day set apart for the observance of the king's birthday.

Dan A. McCallum, reeve of Ekfrid, is attending a meeting of the county council in London this week.

James M. Courtwright, a prominent resident and former storekeeper at Inwood, died on Friday night.

King George was 52 years of age last Sunday. Queen Mary celebrated her fiftieth birthday on May 25th.

Let the government first grab the grafters and the food gamblers; then the conscription bill will have a better chance.

Local market—wheat \$2.15 to \$2.20, oats \$1.00, potatoes \$1.50 to \$1.60 per bag, eggs 34c to 35c, butter 32c to 33c, hogs \$15, wool (unwashed) 43c to 45c.

Anniversary services will be held in North Ekfrid Presbyterian church on Sunday, June 10th. On Monday evening, June 11th, a garden party will be held.

Anniversary services will be held in Glencoe Presbyterian church on Sunday, July 1st, conducted by Rev. Alfred Gandier, M. A., D. D., of Toronto.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sutherland, aged about three months, died on Sunday evening and was buried at Oakland cemetery on Tuesday.

London Methodist conference opens at London today. Rev. S. W. Muxworthy, formerly of Glencoe, is regarded as the most probable candidate for president.

While the farmer is asked to work longer hours and cultivate more land some of the labor unions are discussing shorter hours and demanding an eight-hour day.

A commendable feature of the Bell Telephone System recently inaugurated at Glencoe is a train bulletin kept at Central, giving the probable time of arrival of trains—if on time or how late. If interested you have only to ring up Central and the information will be given you, if obtainable.

The Red Cross Society of S. S. No. 9, Mosca, gratefully acknowledge the receipt of \$5 from Mrs. John R. McEachren and \$2.50 from Mrs. W. R. Brown of Chicago.

Word has been received by his relatives that Pte. Arthur Smythe of Glencoe, who went overseas with the 135th Battalion, is ill with pneumonia in a hospital in Scotland.

Anniversary of the Church of Christ, Mosca, will be held Sunday, June 3, when W. G. Charlton of Aylmer will conduct services at 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. Everybody welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Black of Ekfrid announce the engagement of their daughter Etta to William E. MacBride of Walkerville. The marriage will take place some time in June.

Local railroad ticket agents have supplies of passports to the United States on hand, so that travellers going into that country from Canada will be avoided delay at the border.

Rev. J. Fraser Smith of Kilmartin preached anniversary sermons in the Presbyterian church at Blenheim on Sunday. There is a probability that Mr. Smith will be called to the pastorate of the Blenheim church.

The Battle Hill Relief Society will pack a box for soldiers on Thursday afternoon, June 14, at the home of Mrs. Wm. Gould. Will all those who have socks and shirts to be returned please bring them to this meeting?

Official word has been received that Pte. Charles H. Smith, son of R. H. Smith of Metcalfe township, has been missing since May 1. He went overseas with a British Columbia battalion and had been at the front only a short time.

Canada will probably issue specially designed Dominion notes of the various smaller denominations to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of Confederation. They will be one dollar, two dollar, five dollar and ten dollar bills.

Lieut. Col. J. H. Wilson, A. D. V. S., and Mrs. Wilson of London visited Mr. and Mrs. Dan J. McAlpine, North Glencoe, and other friends on Tuesday.

Lieut. Col. Wilson is home on furlough, after nearly three years absence in France and England.

A field day for Middlesex county bee-keepers will be held at the apiary of Wm. Gibbs, Appin, on Wednesday, June 13, at 1:30 o'clock. Qualified apiary instructors from the Ontario Department of Agriculture will be in charge of the program. Prominent local bee-keepers will give addresses.

Metcalfe township council met on May 28th. A number of accounts were passed for payment. The contract for two reinforced concrete bridges was awarded to R. Waltham at \$1,385, and a grant of \$25 was made to Strathroy Fair. Council adjourned to meet on Monday, June 25th, at 10 a. m.

Rev. Peter Jamieson of Knollwood Park will be inducted into the pastoral charge of the Presbyterian congregations at Melbourne and Riverside on Thursday, June 21st, and Rev. Donald McKay, who is being translated from Cowal to Dorchester and Crumlin, will be inducted at Crumlin on Thursday, June 28th.

Pte. Cecil Bechill, son of George Bechill, Glencoe, is reported admitted to hospital at Rouen, France, on May 25th with gunshot wound in left arm. This is the second time Pte. Bechill has been wounded. It was only recently that he was discharged from hospital in England as fit and returned to the front.

At the annual meeting of the Ridge-Town District of the Methodist church a resolution was adopted to eliminate the district and have it partitioned among Chatham, Strathroy and St. Thomas Districts, as follows:—Dutton, West Lorne and Rodney to St. Thomas.

as, Glencoe to Strathroy and the remainder of the district to Chatham. The change will likely be sanctioned by conference. During the last year the membership of the district decreased 64 through deaths and removals and is now 2,180. The number of members in the district who enlisted for military service is reported at 180, 25 of whom have made the supreme sacrifice. The amount of missionary money raised was \$1,721, which is an increase of \$113 over the previous year.

Pte. Isaac Kunes, who enlisted in the 135th Battalion at Glencoe, writes from Hazelwood Relief Hospital, Isle of Wight, England, on May 9th, to Miss Ethel Bechill. Pte. Kunes states that he has been sick with trench fever since the 23rd of March and has been in the hospital in England for three weeks. He also got "plugged" in the leg. He says he is getting along well, but is still very weak.

James Smith, of the 18th concession of Williams, was standing in the door of his cow stable, after milking, when lightning struck the end of the barn, ran along the manger, stunning one cow and setting fire to the litter in the manger in two places. Mr. Smith at once used the fresh milk on the fire, its presence alone saved the buildings, as the fire would have been beyond control before water could have been secured.

Dr. Walker attended the annual meeting of the Ontario Health Officers' Association at Toronto last week, when some three hundred medical officers of health of the province conferred on matters coming within the scope of their official duties. Several papers were read, in which the authors dealt with the effects of diseases most prevalent in communities, large and small, and in which action was suggested along certain lines in order to curtail the spreading of diseases.

An inspiring song service was held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening, which attracted an overflow congregation and was greatly enjoyed. The choir was very ably assisted by Miss Nena Geenge of Alvinston, who gave in most excellent voice the solo "Resignation" and also took the solo in one of the anthems. Two numbers by the St. Andrew's Male Quartette and a duet by Mrs. Sutherland and Mr. Troyer were especially pleasing also. Rev. Mr. McCulloch of Appin assisted the pastor, Mr. Lloyd, permitting the latter to take his place in the quartette. The choir has received many congratulations on the splendid success of the service and the enjoyment and inspiration it afforded.

#### PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Alex. M. Leitch of Kilmartin is visiting in St. Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Simpson spent the week-end in London.

N. C. Allingham of Hamilton spent the week-end in Glencoe.

Mrs. O'Connell of London is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Chas. Stinson.

Mrs. Ferguson of St. Thomas spent a few days with Mrs. C. Leitch last week.

Miss Ada Regecrafte was home from her school near Chatham for the week-end and holiday.

J. A. Ferguson is at Appin for a couple of weeks relieving the manager of the Royal Bank there.

Mrs. Treastin has returned home from Battle Creek after spending three weeks with her son there.

R. T. Hollingshead and two children of Winnipeg are spending the week at J. A. McLachlan's.

T. H. Gilmour of Chicago is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. H. Bonser and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gould.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hollingshead and daughter Helen of Dutton spent Sunday at J. A. McLachlan's.

Miss Nena Geenge of Alvinston visited for a few days with her sister, Miss Kathleen Geenge, of the public school teaching staff.

John Dymock of Orin, who has been at St. Joseph's Hospital for several weeks, arrived home a few days ago much improved.

Rev. James A. McLachlan of Grimsby, brother of J. A. McLachlan, has been elected president of the Hamilton Methodist Conference.

Mrs. (Dr.) Rome and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Roome and son Norman of London and John D. Anderson of Olean, N. Y., made a motor trip to Glencoe on Monday and visited with relatives.

F. J. Carman of Los Angeles, Cal., is here looking after his interests in the Glencoe oil field which his company discovered and is operating so successfully. He will have his headquarters at St. Andrew's for the summer.

Rev. Hugh McFarlane, A. M. C. chaplain; Mrs. McFarlane, Mrs. James Gray and son Leslie and Miss Lillian Westland motored down from London Monday afternoon and had a visit with their aunt, Mrs. Wm. Sutherland.

#### Great Lakes Steamship Service.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will, commencing Saturday, June 2nd, operate Great Lakes Steamship Express trains between Toronto and Port McNicoll on the following schedule, with first-class coach and parlor car running through without local stops.

Northbound—Leave Toronto 2:00 P. M., arrive Port McNicoll 5 P. M., each Wednesday and Saturday, connecting with the palatial C. P. R. Great Lake Steamships leaving Port McNicoll on above days at 2:42 P. M. for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William.

Southbound—Leave Port McNicoll Mondays and Fridays 8:30 A. M., arriving Toronto 11:45 A. M.

Great Lakes Service via Owen Sound is now in operation. Steamship "Manitoba" leaving Owen Sound at midnight each Thursday for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William. Full particulars from any C. P. R. Agent or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

An exchange says:—The commercial travellers' association has passed a resolution to assist for one week on the farms. What about the merchants' association, the clerks' association, the automobile association, the ministerial association? Some of them may not be able to feed calves without swearing, but they can carry water and pitch hay.

#### SPECIAL NOTICES

Young pigs for sale.—Bray Willey. Feed oats and hay for sale.—Fred Stinson. 68-2

Two girls wanted; good wages.—McKellar House. 68-2

Marriage licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathburn. 54tf

For sale—hay; also registered bull 22 months old.—Wm. McCutcheon. 67-2

Pure bred Yorkshire boar for service.—W. Squire, Route 3, Glencoe.

For service—pure bred Tamworth boar.—D. C. McTavish, "Sunnybrae." 68-1

Twenty-five cases of pineapples arriving next week.—McIntyre & McDonald, Appin. 68-1

John Briggs has a very large assortment of plants and flowers for beautifying your gardens. 67-2

Chevrolet car for sale; used one season. Spare tire and bumper. Price \$450.—F. G. Humphries.

We have some special bargains in shoes and men's cashmere socks. Repairing a specialty.—Sexsmith & Co.

A postal card will fetch a good reliable tuner to your home. Address as follows:—Daniel H. McRae, Agent, Glencoe.

For sale—a slightly used piano, at a discount, and a small upright piano, cheap. Enquire of Daniel H. McRae, Agent, Glencoe P. O.

Lost—at G. T. R. station, Glencoe, Monday, May 28th, purse containing money and two railway tickets. Finder leave at Transcript office and get reward.

Special every day at the big fruit and general store. Abundance of fruit Friday and Saturday, 3,000 oranges, 2 doz. for 30c. Ask for tea and coffee.—W. T. Jelly.

Dr. A. W. Macfie, chiropractor, of London, has recently added to his electrical equipment one of the most up-to-date x-ray machines on the market and is the first in his profession in London to procure an x-ray.

A lawn social under the auspices of the Red Cross of S. S. No. 9, Mosca, will be held on the school grounds Friday evening, June 15th. Wardville band in attendance. Rev. Mr. Irwin will occupy the chair. Admission, 25c and 10c for Ladies. Refreshment booth also on the ground.

Attractive Dining Car Service.

Probably nothing helps more to make a railway journey really enjoyable than a visit to the "Dining Car," especially if it be a Canadian Pacific dining car, where the passenger is assured of the highest form of efficiency in the culinary art, the choicest provisions that the market affords prepared on the scientific principle known as "Dietetic Blending."

Your favourite dish, as you like it, may be enjoyed at reasonable cost, amidst ideal surroundings, while travelling on the Canadian Pacific.

At any rate May has been a mild winter month.

This is the time of year when everybody wants a place in the sun.

One of the things that don't come to the bald headed man who waits is hair.

The most obstinate corns and warts fail to resist Holloway's Corn Cure. Try it.

The Kaiser learned the printing trade in his younger days. Since he forsook the case poor Bill has gone to the devil.

One blessing likely to follow the gardening fad is that it will tend to cure many people of a desire to write war poetry.

The Transcript office receives and forwards advertisements to be inserted in Toronto, London and other papers.

Don't comb the hair over the bald spot on your head and then kick because the greasy part of the big potatoes on top of the measure.

Fifty cents will pay for The Transcript four months; \$1.80, eight months; \$1.50, one year. If to the United States, add one cent a week for postage.

The Union Jack is correctly flown only when the broad white part of St. Andrew's flag comes nearest the top of the pole. To have the narrow part nearest the top is a sign of distress.

Points to Consider When Purchasing a Railway Ticket.

A Canadian Pacific Railway ticket does not represent merely a means of transportation between given points. It is, in addition, a promise that the traveller will have every comfort and convenience developed by modern railway science.

"Safety First," with up-to-date equipment, unexcelled dining service, palatial sleeping cars, in a word, everything that a railway can provide for the comfortable transportation of its passengers, including courtesy.

Pineapple Plants.

From 5,000 to 6,000 pineapple plants can be raised on an acre of land, each plant producing one pineapple.

The End in View.

Caller—How perfectly devoted you are to your husband! Young Wife—Yes; I am trying to get and spoil him, so that if I die and he marries again no other woman can live with him.

Poor Prospects.

"She told Tom she simply could not make up her mind to be the wife of a poor man."

"But Tom isn't a poor man."

"No, but he soon would be if she married him."

A Limit to Lincoln's Remark.

Hub (musingly)—As Lincoln said, a man may fool some of the people all of the time and all the people some of the time—Wife (drisily)—But you can't fool me any of the time.

Quite Appropriate.

"I would like to bring some of the benefits of our movement to the convicts in this prison."

"What is your specialty, madam?"

"I am preside," of a shut-in society."

## Start the Spring Right by Buying Your House-cleaning and Garden Tools Here

O'Cedar Mops—price 75c up, Polish 25c; Climax Wall Paper Cleaner, will make your wall look like new, 20c can; Floor Wax; Ironing Boards; Vacuum Cleaners, \$8.50; Boys' Wagons, \$1.50 to \$3.00; Ready Roofing, \$1.75 to \$3.50 per square.

GARDEN TOOLS.—Rakes, 35c to \$1.00; Hoës, 35c and up; Spades, \$1.00 to \$1.25; Shovels, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

## JAMES WRIGHT & SON

Chi-Namel Store Sherwin-Williams Paints Peerless Fence Perfection Stoves

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$25,000,000  
Capital Paid-up 12,911,700  
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Total Assets 287,500,000

SIR HERBERT S. HOLT, President  
E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director  
C. E. NEILL, General Manager  
STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

Over 100 Branches. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.

Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

Branches also at Strathroy, Appin, Wardville, Dutton and Rodney

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STATEMENTS. . . . .

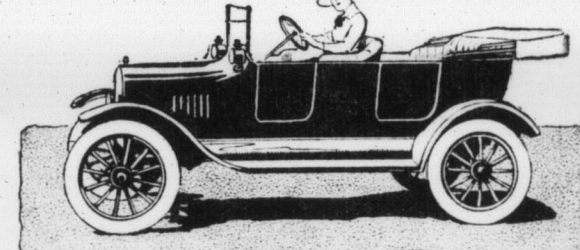
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## The Transcript Press

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## GIVE YOUR WIFE ONE

Thousands of wives and daughters run their own Ford cars. They use them for shopping, chaffing, attending the theatre, taking the children for a run in the country or to school.

The Ford is as easy to operate as a kitchen range, no knowledge of mechanical details being necessary. Inexpensive to operate. A woman can call around town all afternoon or take a 25-mile spin in the country, at the minimum of cost for gasoline, oil, wear on tires, etc.

You couldn't give "her" a present she would appreciate more than this beautiful, modern car, with its stream-line effect, tapered hood and crown fenders.

OVER 700 FORD SERVICE STATIONS IN CANADA

Runabout \$475  
Touring 495  
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F. O. B. Ford, Ont.

## Ford

Duncanson & McAlpine

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## We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

The Pure Bred Imported Clydesdale Stallion

Branton Surprise

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Registered and Approved

Will be for service at his own stable, lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, during the season of



## BRITISH MISSION TO RUSSIA

Representatives of the Different Political Opinions Included in Delegation to Russia.

A despatch from London says:—In connection with the approaching visit of George H. Roberts, Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, James Ramsay MacDonald, chairman of the Labor party, and Frederick W. Jowett, president of the Independent Labor party to Russia, the following authorized statement has been issued: "Sincerely desirous of meeting the views of the Russian Government that they should be enabled to learn at first hand the opinions of all sections of British thought, the Government is facilitating the journey to Russia of the representatives of different political opinion. Among these are factions with a very small following, who latterly have not been over-enthusiastic in the vigorous prosecution of the war."

"The British Government has nothing to hide. They entered the war in defence of the rights of small nations and democracies, freedom and justice—a brutal war was forced upon the allies, who were in a state of total unpreparedness—and now they are in a very different position. They can not allow Germany to profit by the gains wrested from them unscrupulously and in defiance of all right."

## HUN MAP OF BRITISH WATERS

How Enemy Subs Are Advised of the Presence of Merchantmen.

A despatch from London says:—A despatch from Christiania says that The Tidens Tegn publishes a map found on a spy taken at Gothenburg showing the seas about the British Isles, Norway, Sweden and the Baltic. The map is marked in numbered squares and has a telegraphic code attached.

In this code "barrel" means torpedo boat, and nationality is conveyed by "quality." Thus an apparently innocent business message reading "Six hundred barrels, first quality," would mean "British torpedo boats in square 600." A message reading "Six hundred black," would be a notification that a Norwegian merchantman was in square 600.

The paper also publishes details of how the Germans obtain and maintain agents everywhere, providing information about shipping and naval movements, helping submarines to sink merchantmen and escape warships.

## CANADIANS IN BIG BATTLE NEAR LENS

Carry the Electric Station in a Brilliant Attack on Front Exceeding a Mile.

Canadian Headquarters in France (via London), June 3.—In what is officially spoken of as a minor operation, but which was really a bit of brilliant fighting involving careful preparation and a final swift attack, the Canadians early this (Sunday) morning captured the electric station southwest of Lens, on the outskirts of the village of Coulotte, and a stretch of the enemy front exceeding a mile, with a depth at its greatest point of over eight hundred yards. The men who won this notable victory were veteran troops, who six weeks ago carried "The Pimple" by storm. Their depleted ranks had been reinforced by drafts from England, and in this morning's engagement these troops proved their fitness to maintain Canada's reputation at the front.

## FRENCH DEFEAT GERMAN HORDES

Teutons Lose Heavily in Vain Attempts to Regain Hills.

Grand Headquarters of the French Army, June 3.—The Germans have sacrificed hundreds killed and thousands wounded in their vain efforts to regain the range of hills comprising Mont Carillet, the Casque, the Teton and Mont Maun, to the east of Rheims. Since May 20 they have delivered sixteen fruitless assaults.

The last important assault was carried out on the night of May 30, and for this selected German regiments were especially trained and rehearsed behind their own lines before they were thrown against the French lines. But they met only with disaster. The first and second waves were annihilated before they were half way to the French positions. A few men in the waves that followed obtained a footing in the French lines, and fierce bayonet duels ensued, in which all the German assaulting forces were killed except in one trench where a German detachment held out until daylight. These men were killed in the course of a French counter-attack.

## U.S. COLORS IN ST. PAUL'S

American Legion on Leave From Front Conduct Notable Ceremony.

A despatch from London says:—When the first Canadian expeditionary force was formed many Americans crossed the border and enlisted for service in Europe. There was a sprinkling from every state in the Union. They were drafted into special battalions, and for a time wore the distinctive badges which proclaimed their nationality. Representations, however, were made by the United States Government to have the badge altered and the men merged into the Canadian force. After over two years' waiting they may now reclaim their nationality. These battalions will be styled "The American Legion." The title is unofficial, but means a great deal.

On Wednesday this legion deposited its colors in St. Paul's Cathedral. The ceremony was impressive, and will go down in history as the first ceremony in which American and British troops attended Church service together during the war. A majority of the members of the American Red Cross unit, officers, nurses and men, attended. All the American members of the Canadian force in the London command were allowed leave so that they could be present. The colors were deposited on the altar after being handed to Penn Inge by a color party of American citizens enlisted in the Canadian force, who had come over with the first Canadian division. The standards were carried from the altar to the north transept while "Onward, Christian Soldiers," was sung by the choir and congregation. The colors were deposited in the north transept, and there will remain until another ceremony is performed, when a party removes them and conveys them overseas again.

## 85,000 ESTIMATE OF AUSTRIAN LOSSES

5 Generals and 40 High Officers Included—100 Cannon Destroyed.

Rome, June 3.—Austrian losses between May 14 and 29 are estimated at 85,000 dead, wounded and missing, including five generals and 40 high officers. A hundred cannon have been taken or destroyed.

The Giornale d'Italia says that Emperor Charles soon will proclaim Trieste autonomous, whereby it will become "a free city" like Hamburg and Bremen. The announcement, the paper says, will be accompanied by numerous amnesties.

Major-General Ricordi met death while leading a brilliant attack in the Carso.

By a surprise attack in the darkness Italian infantry took another stride toward Trieste. They threw the Austrians from trenches on a front of a mile and a quarter on the southern Carso plateau, advancing a distance of a quarter of a mile. The attack was made between Castagnavizza and Selo, and will aid in the assault on the latter position.

## U. S. ARRESTS ANTI-CONSCRIPTIONISTS

Several Persons Jailed for Plotting Against Conscription.

A despatch from Washington says:—The arm of the Government reached out on Thursday and shut all doors through which conscription-dodgers might seek to flee the country. It stretched 50 miles out into the Pacific Ocean and snatched from the Pacific Mail liner San Juan Frederick W. Fay of San Francisco. The Department of Justice, in its formal announcement last night, stated that Fay is of military age, and was bound for Mexico.

It swept a drag-net through the country, capturing numbers of prisoners.

It smashed at Kansas City, Mo., and at Columbus, O., what were said by officials to be wide-spreading plots against the draft.

Aside from the arrests in New York many were made in various parts of the country, and scores of charges were lodged against suspects by Federal authorities.

Five men were arrested in Columbus, three on charges of treason. Four men and one woman were arrested in Kansas City. Information was laid against fifty others. Three men and one woman were arrested in Toledo.

Five men were arrested in Chicago. Throughout the country the Government is striking hard at anti-regulation propagandists the moment they show themselves.

## TWO MEN, FIVE DAYS. A LITTLE CHOCOLATE.

A despatch from a British port says:—Two British aviators were rescued in the North Sea on Thursday by a British warship. The men had been floating on some wreckage for five days and nights, and had only a small piece of chocolate between them during that period. They were much exhausted when rescued, and landed here.



Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, leader of the British Commission sent to the United States to confer with Washington authorities regarding the conduct of the war. Mr. Balfour and the members of the Commission visited Niagara Falls, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and the industrial districts of Ontario.

## Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, June 3.—Manitoba wheat—No official quotations. Manitoba oats—No official quotations. American corn—No official quotations.

Ontario oats—No official quotations. No. 3 white, no official quotations. Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$2.50 to \$2.55; No. 3 do, \$2.45 to \$2.50, according to freight outside.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freight outside. Barley—Malt, nominal, according to freight outside. Rye—No. 2, \$2.00, nominal, according to freight outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in 48 bags, \$12.50; second patents, in 48 bags, \$12.00; strong bakers', in 48 bags, \$12.50. Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$11.00 to \$11.10, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment. Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal, freight, bags included—bran, per ton, \$27.00; new timothy, Delaware, per ton, \$48; good feed corn, per bag, \$2.50 to \$2.55.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, \$12.50 to \$13.50; mixed, per ton, \$9 to \$11.50. Track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, 19, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 35 to 40c; creamery prints, 43 to 45c; solids, 42 to 43c.

Eggs—New-laid, in cartons, 45 to 46c; old, 43c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 60c; fowl, 24 to 25c; ducks, 22 to 25c; squabs, per doz., \$4.00 to \$4.50; turkeys, 39 to 42c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, lb. 40 to 45c; hens, lb. 22 to 25c.

Cheese—New-laid, 25 to 27c; twins, 28 to 30c; triplets, 27 to 29c; old, large, 25c; twins, 25c.

Honey—Clover, extra, 10c; clover, weight, per doz., \$2.75; select, \$2.50 to \$2.75; No. 2, \$2 to \$2.25.

Maple syrup—Imperial gallon, \$1.75. Potatoes—On track Ontario, per bag, \$1.25. New Brunswick, Delaware, per bag, \$1.40; Alberta, per bag, \$1.00; P. E. whites, bag, \$1.00.

Beans—Imported, hand-picked, Manchu, \$8.00 to \$8.50 per bush; Limas, per lb., 19 to 20c.

Provisions—Wholesale Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 30 to 32c; do, heavy, 32 to 35c; cooked, 41 to 42c; rolls, 28 to 29c; breakfast bacon, 43 to 45c; backs, plain, 35c; bologna, 35c.

Lard—Pure hard, choice, 24 to 25c; tubs, 27 to 28c; tubs, 27 to 28c; pound, tins, 24c; tubs, 24c; tubs, 24c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 24 to 25c per lb.; clear bellies, 24 to 25c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, June 3.—Oats—Canadian western, No. 2, 30c; do, No. 3, 27c; No. 4, 25c; No. 5, 23c; No. 6, 21c; No. 7, 19c; No. 8, 17c; No. 9, 15c; No. 10, 13c; No. 11, 11c; No. 12, 9c; No. 13, 7c; No. 14, 5c; No. 15, 3c; No. 16, 1c; No. 17, 1c; No. 18, 1c; No. 19, 1c; No. 20, 1c; No. 21, 1c; No. 22, 1c; No. 23, 1c; No. 24, 1c; No. 25, 1c; No. 26, 1c; No. 27, 1c; No. 28, 1c; No. 29, 1c; No. 30, 1c; No. 31, 1c; No. 32, 1c; No. 33, 1c; No. 34, 1c; No. 35, 1c; No. 36, 1c; No. 37, 1c; No. 38, 1c; No. 39, 1c; No. 40, 1c; No. 41, 1c; No. 42, 1c; No. 43, 1c; No. 44, 1c; No. 45, 1c; No. 46, 1c; No. 47, 1c; No. 48, 1c; No. 49, 1c; No. 50, 1c; No. 51, 1c; No. 52, 1c; No. 53, 1c; No. 54, 1c; No. 55, 1c; No. 56, 1c; No. 57, 1c; No. 58, 1c; No. 59, 1c; No. 60, 1c; No. 61, 1c; No. 62, 1c; No. 63, 1c; No. 64, 1c; No. 65, 1c; No. 66, 1c; No. 67, 1c; No. 68, 1c; No. 69, 1c; No. 70, 1c; No. 71, 1c; No. 72, 1c; No. 73, 1c; No. 74, 1c; No. 75, 1c; No. 76, 1c; No. 77, 1c; No. 78, 1c; No. 79, 1c; No. 80, 1c; No. 81, 1c; 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## YOUNG FOLKS

The Home Guard.

From over the sea they are calling, In answer the blue-jackets are sailing, Put on your "War Bonnet" and come along—

It was all very well for those high school boys and college fellows to sing, "Put on Your War Bonnet"; they were men and could do something. But what about a boy of eight—nothing, just nothing; and little Tommy Atkins, gave a disgusted grunt to choke back the hot feeling in his throat as he sat kicking his heels against the verandah steps and watching the flag as it swayed back and forth in the warm June breeze.

It was a queer world, thought Tommy. Here was Aunt Kate upstairs crying her eyes out because Jack Carroll, looking awfully nice in his new khaki uniform, had marched away with his Battalion. Tommy thought she ought to be real proud to be engaged to a real soldier that was going to war. She said she was and cried harder. Queer these girls!

Over at Grandpa's was Uncle Charlie, his sailor uncle whom Tommy worshipped, packing his sea kit in a hurry to get back to his ship; though his furlough wasn't half over. Grandpa was tucking in soft rags and 'sorbent cotton everywhere, while the tears rolled down her cheeks. How Tommy wished he was going on that great boat with the wonderful guns that could blow the whole town up!

When Tommy asked Father how soon he was going, Father had smiled a funny smile and said: "Fathers and small sons belong to the Home Guards, we have to furnish the powder, you know, Sonny!"

He had seen nothing of the powder, and he was going to ask Father where he kept it if he ever had a chance; but Father stayed later and later at the factory nights. When Mother said: "You'll wear yourself out," Father answered: "We've got to keep humping and keep going, no time now for any one to be idle."

Grandpa had talked about retiring this summer, but now he went to the factory every day as regular as Father, and he had let the factorymen have the big lot back of the orchard to make gardens of. Tommy used to play ball there and he and Bennie Snow raced their ponies round it; now they couldn't, since it was all plowed. He told Grandpa about it, but Grandpa only said: "Yes, the Home Guards have to furnish several kinds of powder, even if it isn't quite as pleasant, don't forget that, Tommy!"

Certainly all his people were acting queer this spring! Tommy picked up his drum and swung his flag over his shoulder and started out to find some of the boys to drill with. Just then Elsie Snow saw him and came running across the street. She wanted to play soldier with them, he knew, but she was only five and a girl; girls couldn't drill. Tommy started to run, he wouldn't hear her call. Just then Elsie stopped in the middle of the road and began screaming. Tommy looked back. Coming down the street was a big touring car, the driver was honking and honking, but Elsie acted crazy. She just ran first one way and then the other. Oh, dear! They would be on her in a minute. Something made Tommy call, "Come on, Elsie, you can play, come quick." Elsie didn't seem to hear, so Tommy rushed back and grabbed her by the arm, pulling her toward his side of the street. On came the auto, it seemed almost on to them; Tommy tried to run faster and then everything looked black.

The next thing Tommy knew he was lying on the verandah couch and Mother had her arm around him, while doctor Brown was doing something to his ankle that hurt and saying, "Just a sprain, nothing serious." Then he thought of Elsie. "Did they run over her," he asked. "No," sobbed Mrs. Snow, "you brave little fellow." Then Tommy saw there were a lot of people on the verandah and the auto was standing in the drive. One of the ladies said: "Real little soldier; see his khaki suit!" Mother wiped the dirt off his face and said: "Mother's soldier boy!" Tommy thought it a great fuss and he wished they would all go away. His ankle hurt and he would cry if he were not eight and too big for that.

That night when Father came home he came up to the couch and held out his hand, saying: "Hello, Captain, so the Home Guard found something to do!" Then he picked up the flag from the floor and hung it over a picture and said: "Never forget that the Union Jack is the symbol of humanity!"

"Yes," added Grandpa, "the men that sacrifice time, money and business interests are just as much soldiers of the Flag as the men in khaki." And Tommy lying there with his aching ankle suddenly understood a little tiny bit the meaning of the great spirit of loyalty that is filling the hearts of the Home Guards as they furnish the money, the food and the powder to set all mankind free.

The silo affords the only satisfactory means of storing fodder corn. No mistake will be made in planning for a large area for fall wheat next autumn. With a short crop in sight for America this year, and all Europe torn by war, the shortage of wheat in 1918 is likely to be as great as in 1917.

## The Bloom of Berries

In your cheeks—you can get it by cutting out the heavy, expensive foods of winter that clog the liver and burden the kidneys. Here is a dish that will clear the skin and give you the bounding buoyancy of youth—**Shredded Wheat and Strawberries.** All the body-building material in the whole wheat grain, combined with berries or other fruits.



Made in Canada.

## A CAR SAVED IS A CAR GAINED.

Reduce Car Shortage by Filling Cars, Says C. P. R. Bulletin.

The object in issuing these bulletins is not to start a controversy with the public and not to shift responsibility to the public, but to secure the co-operation of the public.

Bulletin No. 1 contains the following information, from 1907 to 1915:

The freight carried on Canadian railways increased 51 per cent; number of cars increased 91 per cent; tonnage increased 131 per cent; average capacity of cars increased 5.8 tons; average weight of cars increased 3.0 tons.

The present heavy volume of traffic will no doubt continue so long as the war lasts.

Additional cars and locomotives are needed but they cannot be secured in large numbers for many months.

There is also a serious shortage of labor and in some places of yard trackage.

The only way to improve the conditions therefore is to secure greater efficiency in the present equipment, terminal trackage, and man power.

The railways alone cannot develop the maximum efficiency; the railways and the public co-operating can.

Consignees can help by ordering full car loads instead of minima authorized in the tariffs and classifications, and consignees can help by loading cars to their full authorized cubical or carrying capacity.

For the average train in 1915 the average weight of contents of cars was 18.4 tons; total weight of cars, 503 tons; total weight of contents, 344 tons; total weight of train, 847 tons. For the average train proposed for 1917, the average weight of contents of cars will be 23.4 tons; total weight of cars, 448 tons; total weight of contents, 399 tons; total weight of train, 847 tons.

Had the average load per car in 1915 been 23.4 tons instead of 18.4 the same traffic would have been handled with 6,947,588 less trains hauled one mile; 1,568,765 less car trips; 29,806,535 less tons of dead car tare hauled one mile.

By increasing now the average load by 5 tons per car the public would improve the efficiency of the equipment, facilities, and man power of the railways to an extent equal to: 64,800 additional freight cars, 482 additional freight and yard engines, 415 additional miles of yard trackage, and 13.5 per cent increase in man power employed in train and yard service.

Great Britain now has 276 electricity companies, with a capital of \$305,000,000.



## A Wise Move

is to change from tea and coffee to

POSTUM

before the harm is done.

"There's a Reason"

The silo affords the only satisfactory means of storing fodder corn. No mistake will be made in planning for a large area for fall wheat next autumn. With a short crop in sight for America this year, and all Europe torn by war, the shortage of wheat in 1918 is likely to be as great as in 1917.

## Work-a-Day Clothes

There is a growing demand for women's overalls not only for work in field and factory but for work in the home as well. Overalls of khaki, with comfortable, roomy bloomers, worn over a plain waist and accompanied by a becoming sun-hat, as shown above, completely equip a woman for outdoor work. McCall Pattern No. 7860, Ladies' and Misses' Overall Suit (Patent applied for); in 6 sizes; 32 to 42 bust. No. 7073, Ladies' Waist; in 7 sizes; 34 to 46 bust. Price, 15 cents each. No. 7850, Ladies' and Misses' Garden or Sun-Hats; in 2 sizes, ladies' and misses'. Price, 10 cents.



McCall

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McCall

Every small girl will tell you that there is nothing she adores more than a middy dress, especially in summer-time. Whether it is of chambray, poplin, linen or drilling, she will be just as pleased with it. The model illustrated is made with or without a yoke, and has a straight pleated skirt. No. 7732, Girl's Middy Dress; in 5 sizes; 6 to 14 years. Price, 15 cents. These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

## A MARVELOUS MODEL.

Reproduction in Plasticine of the Country Around Vimy Ridge.

A wonderful model was in some measure responsible for the capture of Vimy Ridge.

It is a scale reproduction of the landscape of which the Vimy Ridge is the central feature, and the hand that fashioned it is that of a consummate artist. The material of which it is moulded is plasticine, and it shows all the trench systems, the network of roads and tracks, the railways, and the streams, and, most important of all, the contour of the ridges, spurs, gullies, and the plateau.

Every mine crater is reproduced, and every belt of fire shown as it existed prior to the terrific bombardment which preceded the infantry attack.

This work of months was executed from aerial photographs, from maps and direct observation. Local knowledge was largely requisitioned, and the author of the model gladly acknowledges the assistance he received from the Mayor of Vimy, himself a keen sportsman, with an intimate knowledge of the country.

Over this Lilliputian landscape Staff officials of high rank pored for hours on end, and officers and non-coms, from Canadian and British units which were detailed for the assault were coached in their parts on this wonderful model. Much artillery plotting was done over this most fantastic plan.

It deserves to be placed in some monumental niche, for beyond all question it contributed to a degree which it would be difficult to exaggerate to the splendid victories so often schemed upon its surface.

## The Model Fighter.

Now emulate the busy bee; To farm and battle spring; He gathers honey all the day And also has a sting.

If there ever was anything that women could not do, they are now doing it or about to do it.

Do not permit the roots of tomato plants to wilt, as any check to their steady growth will cut down the yield.

## AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

A Well Known Resident of Port Hawkesbury is Restored to Health and Strength.

One of the best known men in the town of Port Hawkesbury, N.S., is Mr. William Duff. He has been a member of the municipal council for 16 years, chairman of the school board, and held other responsible positions. Mr. Duff's words, therefore, can be taken as coming from a man who has the esteem and respect of his fellow townsmen. He makes no secret of the fact that he believes Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved his life, and that they restored him to good health, after several medical men had failed to cure him. Mr. Duff tells of his illness and cure as follows: "About four years ago I was attacked with a gripe, which left me in a condition difficult to describe. I was attacked with general weakness, and a constant dull pain in the stomach. I became so weak that I could not walk a hundred yards without sitting down to rest. The food I ate continually soured on my stomach. My nerves were all gone, and palpitation of the heart and a fluttering sensation all through my chest, especially at night, was almost unbearable. I was finally compelled to go to bed, and called in a doctor, who said my heart was affected, and treated me for that trouble. After three months' attendance, and feeling no better, I called in another doctor. His treatment also failed to help me, and I tried a third doctor. This one said there was nothing wrong with my heart, that the trouble was due to my stomach. After treating me for a time he advised that I go to the hospital at Halifax. On a previous occasion when I had an attack of rheumatism I had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided that rather than go to a hospital I would again try this medicine. I got a supply of the pills and began taking them. In a few weeks I could feel my strength returning, my stomach was giving me less trouble, the palpitation of the heart disappeared, and after a further use of the pills I felt as well as ever I did in my life. I can truly say that I feel more thankful than words can express for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me."

You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## OUR FRIEND, THE WOODPECKER.

Feeds Largely on Insects, and Only One Species Destroys Tree Life.

What good is the woodpecker?

Dr. Gordon Hewitt, Dominion entomologist, answers this question in the following article:

A Canadian bank manager recently boasted that he had shot seven woodpeckers in succession in his orchard, evidently under the impression that he was performing an exceedingly meritorious service to the community. He was destroying one of our most active insectivorous birds and, though keenly interested in the conservation of his trees and of our forests, he was destroying a most useful ally in their preservation. Boring insects are deadly pests of trees, and woodpeckers are their special enemies; they are able to reach these pests so secure from other enemies. No birds are more useful in the protection of our forests.

With the exception of the Sapsuckers, our woodpeckers rarely attack healthy trees and are among the most beneficial of our insect-destroying birds. The Yellow-bellied Sapsucker has a black patch on its breast, while the top of the head from the base of the bill is red. These marks distinguish it from all other woodpeckers. It girdles the trees with holes in securing the sap which forms part of its food.

The different species of woodpeckers are the most important enemies of the bark-beetles and timber-boring beetles, these being the chief enemies of our forest and other trees. About seventy-five per cent. of their total food is animal food and this consists chiefly of insects, among which the wood-boring beetles predominate. The Common Flicker is a great destroyer of ants, particularly on lawns, as many as 5,000 ants having been found in the stomach of a single bird. The little Downy Woodpecker and Flicker should be encouraged to come into gardens. They will readily accept nesting-boxes and the encouragement of these birds is the best insurance policy that the tree-lover can take out.

## The Man With the Plow.

As the British troops began their great fight on Easter Monday they had one great fellow-worker—the Man with the Plow. "There was one figure in this landscape of war who made some officers about me laugh," says Mr. Gibbs, in the London Chronicle. "He was a French plowman who upholds the tradition of war. Zola saw him in 1870, and I have seen him on the edge of other battlefields, and here he was again, driving a pair of sturdy horses and his plow across the sloping field not a furlong away from a village where German shells were raising rosy clouds of dust. So late as the morning of the Lord on Easter morn and prepared the harvest which shall be gathered after the war."

The fit of the tailor-made suit often depends upon the pockets.

## DRIED VEGETABLES.

Great Saving Will be Effected by New Process.

Russian laborers who are building the railroad from Petrograd to Kailo, at the port on the White Sea, are living largely on dried vegetables. The evaporating plants, which are usually run only to dry apples, are equally serviceable in the preservation of onions, carrots, cabbages and small fruits.

The principle of removing water from vegetables without cooking them and without changing their food content or physical structure has recently been successfully worked out. The water is gradually withdrawn from the peeled, sliced or shredded vegetables by passing over them expanded air at comparatively low temperatures. The water leaves the cell structure without displacing or breaking it, and the temperature at which the practice is carried on is so low that the volatile flavors are left behind.

If it is said that vegetables so dried are fresher and better in every respect, after they have been restored by water than fresh vegetables bought at retail after being a long time off the farm, in transit, in storage or in the window of the grocery store.

If the practice of drying fruits and vegetables is as feasible as recent investigations make it appear, the expense of shipping water, which makes up 80 per cent. of the bulk of these staple foodstuffs, will be eliminated, and if to this great saving is added the saving due to the lessened cost of preventing spoilage, the ultimate saving to the consumer will be great.

## Durability of Fence Posts.

A survey made by foresters of the Ohio Experiment Station brought the information that orange orange posts last longest in the soil, while yellow locust and red cedar come next. Considerably below these in percentage of sound posts stood mahogany, and then white cedar and catalpa. Chestnut, oak and black ash follow in the order named. Honey locust, sassafras, black and white walnuts and elm posts were found inferior in durability. Posts from rapidly growing trees were found to decay quickly.

**Sore Eyes**  
Eyes inflamed by exposure to sun, dust and wind quickly relieved by **Marine Eye Remedy**. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Marine Eye Salve** in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Remedy Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

## The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION.

Before placing a sponge cake in the oven to bake, try sprinkling a little fine white sugar over the top. This forms the rich, brown-looking crust that makes bought sponge cakes look so tempting.

At the Yarmouth Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found MINARD'S LINIMENT most beneficial for sun burn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

ALFRED STOKES, General Sec'y.

Sounds travel through dry air at the rate of 60 feet a second; through water at 240 feet a second, and in steel wire at 17,130 feet a second.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Storm Detector.

A device by which the approach of summer thunderstorms can be detected hours before the first cloud appears in the sky has been perfected by a New York electric power company. The company needed something of the sort, for on the arrival of a storm there are always increased demands for electricity in a city, and the central station must be prepared in advance. The storm detector is a wireless mechanism, which is affected by the electric disturbance going far in advance of the thunderstorm itself. The warning signal is given by an ordinary electric bell. When the storm is several hours off the bell begins to ring at intervals, and as thunder clouds approach it gives off a continuous peal.

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## THE KING'S POST-BAG.

All Kinds of Advice in Mail Received Daily by His Majesty.

If anyone were privileged to see the King's daily post-bag he would be amazed at the amount of nonsense written to his majesty. People who have unique information as to the exact date of the end of the world, weird creatures who have telepathic communications revealing what goes on in the next existence, fanatics desiring to convert the sovereign to some new religion, or to warn him against imaginary Jesuits, individuals who can wipe out the national debt by some preternaturally fallacious calculation, others who have grievances they cannot bring to light, beggars for money galore, all pour in effusions which, fortunately, only reach the King's eye if they are sufficiently diverting to amuse him. Private secretaries are invaluable to public men, but none are so deft and able as those attached to his majesty.

## GROSS, SICKLY BABIES

Sickly babies—those who are cross and fretful; whose little stomach and bowels are out of order; who suffer from constipation, indigestion, colds or any other of the minor ills of little ones—can be promptly cured by Baby's Own Tablets. Concerning them Mrs. Jean Paradis, St. Bruno, Que., writes: "My baby was very ill and vomited all his food. He was cross and cried night and day and nothing helped him till I began using Baby's Own Tablets. They soon set him right and now he is a fat, healthy boy." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## TO REPAIR AN UMBRELLA SLIGHTLY TORN, CUT OUT A PIECE OF BLACK STICKING-PLASTER RATHER LARGER THAN THE HOLE AND LET IT FLOAT IN COLD WATER UNTIL SOFT. THEN PLACE IT VERY NEATLY OVER THE HOLE ON THE INSIDE. THE UMBRELLA WILL LAST LIKE THIS FOR SOME TIME WITHOUT NEEDING RE-COVERING.

## MONEY ORDERS.

BUY your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

The scarcity of paper? As long ago as the reign of Tiberius the dearth of papyrus was so alarming that the Roman Government took over the distribution of the available supply.

## Minard's Liniment Zumberman's Friend.

Children now and then they greater than their parents, but they wouldn't have been if their parents hadn't given them the proper start.

## The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION.

Before placing a sponge cake in the oven to bake, try sprinkling a little fine white sugar over the top. This forms the rich, brown-looking crust that makes bought sponge cakes look so tempting.

## BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author.

H. CLAY CLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York

## "Clean All" BOILER COMPOUND

For All Boiler Feed Waters Cycles, Boilers and Boasting Grate Bars for all requirements Canadian Steam Boiler Equipment Co., Limited Tel. Gerrard 2060 Toronto 20 McGee St.

## PAIN? NOT A BIT!

LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist.

It is called freezezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezezone or afterwards.



# PATH OF ECONOMY

## Leads Straight to Mayhew's Door

### OUR POLICY

Right is right. There is only one truth—only one square way—only one fair margin of profit—one way to serve the public. We stand for the right—for truth—for the square way of serving the community. Our buying power, ever increasing, is used to bring you a better quality of merchandise, the best value possible each season, relative to conditions. We take but a small, fair margin of profit for our service. Our salespeople like their treatment here, believe in the institution and the goods they sell—and no one here is ashamed to look a former customer in the face. We stand back of every article we sell, and when accidents happen—they are liable to "in the best of regulated families"—WE ALWAYS DO OUR PART.



### Waists! Waists!

Dainty, Fine White Voile Waists, made with Swiss embroidered front, for \$1.20 and \$1.98.

Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine Waists. These are samples, assorted colors, worth regular \$6 to \$7, this week's sale price \$3.75 to \$5.

### Wonderful Values in Millinery

Specials this week in— Linoleums, Window Shades, Curtain Materials and Rugs

Eggs wanted— 39c trade, 37c cash

### Some Real Bargains in Shoes

Save on your shoe bill. Never have we had such values to offer in shoes.

Girls' School Shoes, double caps, solid leather counters, reg. \$2.50, this week for \$1.95.

Boys' Extra Heavy Waterproof Shoes for \$2.

We have the largest assortment of Men's and Women's Fine Shoes ever shown in Glencoe, at prices that cannot be equalled. Let us attend to your shoe needs.

### Ladies' Whitewear

You'll find a money-saving hint in every line here.

### Groceries

We strive to please by giving extraordinary value and good quality.

Do not forget when up town to drop in and see our Wall Paper

# E. Mayhew & Son

The Store That Value Built

## The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917

### Newbury

Charles McGuire, formerly of Inwood, passed away on May 27 at his home in Newbury after a short illness. He lived in Newbury fifteen years and married Miss Ellen Childs, sister of Henry Childs of Wardville, William Childs of Windsor and Mrs. C. Babcock of Newbury. Surviving him are his wife and three sons and three daughters.

Miss Martha Gordon returned from Toronto on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rush of Detroit visited his uncle, Charles Rush, last week.

Mrs. C. Armstrong of Windsor was in town last week.

Mrs. James J. W. Hammett, W. J. Edwards, C. A. Blair, R. B. Smith, Matt. Armstrong, E. Hagith, J. P. McVicar, R. H. Moore, Don Fletcher, Wm. C. King, Elias Reyscraft, Wm. L. Haggarty, W. J. Watson and Misses Jennie Reyscraft and Jean Fletcher attended the district meeting of the Women's Institute at Delaware last Friday.

Reeve Holman is in London this week attending county council.

Fred Connolly of the Royal Bank, Wardville, and Jim Brennan of the Merchants Bank went to London on Monday and offered their services for their king and country. Both passed the necessary examination and will go to the training camp after giving the required months' notice to the bank.

Charlie Jeffery and wife of Windsor visited his mother Sunday.

Exhausted from Asthma. — Many who read these words know the terrible drain upon health and strength which comes in the train of asthmatic troubles. Many do not realize, however, that there is one sure remedy which will surely stop this drain. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful check to this enervating ailment. It has a countless record to its credit. It is sold almost everywhere.

### Wardville

Mrs. John Hale of Guelph is visiting at the home of Rev. J. Hale.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. A. Wilson, Mrs. C. Wilson, Miss A. Ward and Miss B. Gardiner attended the district meeting of the Women's Institute at Delaware on Friday.

Miss M. Cunningham of Denver is visiting Misses Agnes and Mina O'Malley.

Mrs. J. Benner of Port Arthur is visiting at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Wilson.

Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Glenn motored to London on Thursday.

Mrs. A. Sheppard is visiting friends in Toronto.

Misses Mabelle Milner and J. Parlett and Earl Milner of Detroit spent Sunday at W. Milner's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Mulligan and Marjory are visiting at Mrs. Mulligan's former home at Birt.

H. Yorke of Ingersoll spent Sunday with friends here.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Wm. L. Chas. H. Fletcher

## Melbourne

Mrs. McKenzie is the guest of her son, Ed. McKenzie.

Mr. Phillips, station agent here, has accepted a position in Windsor and will leave shortly to take charge of his work there.

Mrs. Will Clarke is spending a few days with her brother, Rev. G. N. Hazen, of Sarnia.

Austin Dan has accepted a position in the Home Bank here.

Mrs. George Marshman has returned home after visiting her sister, Mrs. Morris, of St. Thomas, who is ill.

Mr. and Miss Vance are the guests of their brother, Rev. Wm. R. Vance.

Miss Jean Brown has accepted a position as clerk in Mr. Lang's store here.

Rev. Mr. Martin of London occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sunday last.

L. W. Beach and E. Cawthorpe will attend the Methodist Conference, as representatives, in London this week.

There will be no service in the Methodist church next Sunday being Conference Sunday.

Miss Dora Stewart is visiting in Melin this week.

John T. McLean shipped in a car of cement tile from Oil Springs this week.

Mr. Bees is improving his house by putting a basement under it.

### MIDDLEMISS

Middlemiss Women's Institute met at "The Cottage," with a large attendance, considering the threatening appearance of the weather. In the absence of the president, the chair was taken by vice-president Mrs. Fallick.

The topic, "List of menus for a week in May," was to have been taken by Mrs. D. McDougald. Ways and means for the bazaar to be held on the 20th of June were discussed and a committee appointed. It was decided to invite the convention of next year to meet in Middlemiss, and a number of those present expressed their intention of attending the convention in Delaware. After some songs by girls of the school, a dainty lunch was served by the hostess, Mrs. Irish.

Next meeting to be on the 20th of June at "Ivydale," the home of Mrs. Richards.

### Appin

Miss Miers of Walpole Island visited her brother, F. H. Miers of the Royal Bank.

Miss Jean May spent a few days visiting friends in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Miers are taking their holidays and Mr. Ferguson of Glencoe is relieving Mr. Miers at the Royal Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Huston and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Edwards motored to London on Sunday.

Wilfrid Laughton has a fox that is the mother of five little black foxes.

### OKDALE

Okdale, June 2—Miss Jean Atkin of London was the guest of Mrs. Albert Hodgson last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Barnes motored to Sarnia Tuesday last.

Many of the people here attended a Sunday School convocation held in Florence Friday evening.

Lorne Tyler of Toronto is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tyler.

Miss Winnifred Hankinson and Nelson McLennan attended the memorial service held at Rutherford for Private Orvil Iden Sunday last.

## Kilmartin.

Mrs. Neil Munroe has returned after spending the week with her sons at Walkerville.

Hugh B. McNeil of Detroit returned on Tuesday after spending several days with friends here.

Rev. Dr. Smith left on Tuesday to attend the General Assembly at Montreal.

Rev. Dr. Ford of Glencoe conducted services in Burns' church on Sunday last.

Dwan McLachlan has purchased a new driver.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McGregor spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. John McAlpine, at Alliance.

Miss Della McIntyre and Mrs. John Walker of Alvinston spent some time last week with friends in Detroit.

The sixty-second anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Munroe took place on Tuesday, the 5th instant. Both are quite hale and hearty.

The drilling rig has moved onto the farm of D. C. McTavish. This is the third in operation in this district.

Pumping is in full swing at the Second and Douglas wells, and quite a number of teams are drawing the oil to North Glencoe.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Expeller to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

### S. S. NO. 9, MOSA.

The Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. D. J. Mitchell on Thursday, May 31st, and packed a box of soldiers' supplies to be sent to Hyman Hall, London. The box contained thirteen day shirts, twenty pairs of socks and some old cotton. Total value, \$83.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Johnston and son Eldon visited at Mac McLean's Saturday.

Frank Carman of Los Angeles, Cal., visited the oil fields on Friday last. Success to Mr. Carman: may find more good wells.

Hugh B. McNeil of Detroit is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Everybody remember the lawn social to be held on the S. S. No. 9 school grounds. A good program is being provided. The main feature of the evening will be the auctioning off of an autograph quilt.

The next Red Cross meeting will be held at the home of Miss Minnie Corbett the last week in June.

### Strathburn

Mr. and Mrs. Bateman of Ridgetown motored to Roy Siddall's on Sunday.

Bray Willey lost two valuable cows by poison and another is very sick. How they got the poison is a mystery.

The government motor plow passed through here from Appin to Daniel Snyder, and was quite a novelty, it being the first ever seen in these parts.

We understand it met with trouble there owing to the heavy rains having made sand soil too soft for its weight.

Miller's Worm Powders will eradicate the worm evil that bears so heavily on children and is believed to cause many fatalities. They are an acceptable machine to children and can be fully relied upon to clear the food channels thoroughly of these destructive parasites and restore the inflamed and painful surface to healthfulness. They are an excellent remedy for these evils.

## THE LADY ON THE LINKS.

Enjoying a Game of Golf With the Wife of Your Friend.

She—Would you mind teeing up my ball? Thank you. Perhaps a little higher. John says I ought to have my tees lower, but somehow I never dare try. Shall I go? (She drives and goes about twenty feet.) How dreadful!

He (cheerfully)—That's nothing! One never expects to play for the first three holes. (He drives and goes about twenty-two feet.) You see!

She—Never mind. What club would you use here?

He—The grass is pretty long. I think under the conditions I should use an iron.

She (calmly taking out her brassie)—Yes, I suppose I should, but one can always go so much farther with a brassie. (She tops the ball, which goes about ten feet.) How dreadful!

He—Never mind. (Savagely driving his ball with his iron out of the grass nearly a hundred yards.)

She—Wonderful! John says you play such a consistent game.

He—The last time I played with John it cost me \$10.

She—What? You don't play for money, do you? John says—

He—Oh, never! I broke four clubs. (At the end of the eighteenth hole her score is 108. He has a hole in 110.)

She—It was a awfully good of you to put up with me.

He—Good! The pleasure is mine. After all, it isn't your score that counts. It's the exercise.

She—Thank you so much. (Later to John.) He told me I played some simply wonderful shots, and said I was developing a great game. There!

He—Of course you are, dear. (Later to him.) Say, old man, how do you like lying to another man's wife instead of your own?

## QUEER HUMAN NATURE.

How the Significance of Words May Change With the Years.

How the same word may have a different significance for the same man at different stages of his life is given in the following from the New York Post, as adapted and expanded from the French in the Paris Figaro:

Life.—At twenty: Days that are coming. At fifty: Days that are going.

The Heart.—At twenty: An organ whose frequent palpitations are due to indigestion. At fifty: An organ whose frequent palpitations are due to indigestion.

The Truth.—At twenty: Something to be doubted in the face of the whole world. At fifty: Something it is not always polite to tell.

Poetry.—At twenty: Something you read with eagerness and enthusiasm. At fifty: Something to quote.

Time.—At twenty: You imagine you never have enough of it. Therefore are always in a hurry. At fifty: You know you never have enough of it. Therefore never hurry.

A Muffler.—At twenty: A protection for one's dress shirt. At fifty: A protection for what is under one's dress shirt.

The Hair.—At twenty: You shake it back off your forehead. At fifty: Comb it carefully down across your forehead.

Key.—At twenty: A contrivance used to open things with. At fifty: A contrivance used to shut things with.

### Wouldn't Need It.

Ethel was going to a party at a neighbor's house where she had already caught tantalizing glimpses of unlimited quantities of cake, fruit and ices. At the last mother inconsiderately held her back for dual instructions.

"Now, remember, darling, to say 'Yes, please,' and 'No, thank you.'"

"Oh, yes, mother," Ethel said. "I shall always say 'Yes, please,' but I don't think I shall have to say 'No, thank you.'"

### Woman.

A woman may be a fool—a sleepy fox, an agitated fool, a too awfully noxious fool—and she may even be simply stupid. But she is never dense. She's never made of wood through and through, as some men are. There is in woman, always somewhere, a spring.

Whatever men don't know about women (and it may be a lot or it may be very little), men and even fathers do know that much. And that is why so many men are afraid of them.—Courd.

### What Nothing Is.

If any man thinks that he can conceive well enough how there should be nothing, I will engage that what he means by nothing is as much something as anything that he ever thought of in his life, and I believe that if he knew what nothing was it would be intuitively evident to him that it could not be. Absolute nothing is the aggregate of all the contradictions in the world.—Jonathan Edwards.

### From General to Particular.

"Has Miss Oldgirl lost any of her animosity for man?"

"None at all. She has merely transferred it from the sex to the individual."

"What do you mean?"

"She is going to be married."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

### A Puzzle.

"If you want to improve your mind," said the sage, "associate only with persons who know more than you do."

"But if they follow the same rule," said one of those who were learning wisdom at his feet, "what are we to do?"—Chicago Tribune.

Depends on the Point of View.

"Does your husband do foolish things with his money?"

"Well, I wouldn't say that. He gives it all to me."—Detroit Free Press.

One Sided. Wife—I had a very interesting conversation this afternoon. Hub—Who was the listener?

A Contradiction. "Mrs. Gaby is very unreliable."

"Yet I notice what she says goes!"

Certified. Customer—Are these eggs fresh?

Clerk—They are positively impertinent.

Thinks She Is. "Is Alice musical?" "No, but she always sings if you ask her."

Twins. Crusty—I hear you have an addition to your family. Pater—Yes; put down one and carry two.

Rainless Lima. People don't talk about the weather very much in Lima, because it never rains there.

Two Views. She—Sir, take away your presence from me! He—All right. Hand 'em over.—Exchange.

Some One Ought to Pay For It. "This show cost the producer \$30,000." "I am glad of it."

Left. Jack—I hear you had some money left you. Tom—Yes; it left me quite awhile ago.—Boston Transcript.

Opposites Meeting. "How did he come to grief?" "He was a joy rider."

Peat. The calorific value of peat freshly dug and untreated is estimated at one tenth that of coal.

Fine Distinction. Black—I buy all of my wife's dresses. Brown—So do I, but I never pick them out.

Icebergs. Icebergs sometimes last as long as 200 years before they melt entirely away.

His Pride. "What's the matter with the waiter?" "I mistook him for a guest, and he didn't like it."

Dead Stars. The dead stars probably outnumber the living stars by many, it may be millions, to one.

Experience. Experience is a keen knife that hurts while it extracts the catarrh that blinds.—De Lined.

Balm of Gilead. Balm of Gilead is costly, for the balm bush yields only a few drops a day in the tapping season.

Unpleasant Criticism. Mrs. De Syrie (withdrawing picture)—You know, my daughter paints from nature. Critic—Far from it, it seems.

Artificial Cannabur. That artificial cannabur, the Chinese, made of artificial cannabur long before the civilized country.

## AUTOINTOXICATION OR SELF-POISONING

The Dangerous Condition Which Produces Many Well Known Diseases.

## HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THIS TROUBLE

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" — The Wonderful Fruit Medicine — will Protect You

Autointoxication means self-poisoning, caused by continuous or partial constipation, or insufficient action of the bowels.

Instead of the refuse matter passing daily from the body, it is absorbed by the blood. As a result, the Kidneys and Skin are overworked, in their efforts to rid the blood of this poisoning.

Poisoning of the blood in this way often causes Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Disturbed Stomach. It may produce Headaches and Sleeplessness. It may irritate the Kidneys and bring on Pain in the Back, Rheumatism, Gout, and Rheumatic Pains. It is the chief cause of Eczema—and keeps the whole system unhealthy by the constant absorption into the blood of this refuse matter.

"Fruit-a-tives" will always cure Auto-intoxication or self-poisoning—as "Fruit-a-tives" acts gently on bowels, kidneys and skin, strengthens the bowels and tones up the nervous system.

20c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Samuel E. Willick, Late of the Township of Moso, in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute in that behalf, that all persons and others having any claims against the estate of the said Samuel E. Willick, who died on or about the 20th day of March, A. D. 1917, are required to file the same before the 25th day of June, 1917, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to W. R. Hickey, of the Town of Bethwell, in the County of Kent, Solicitor for the Executors of the said estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and occupation, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of their securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after said last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

W. R. Hickey, Solicitor for said Executors. Dated the 25th day of May, A. D. 1917.



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will be doubly pleased if the wedding stationery is ordered at The Transcript office. Particular care and prompt service in Invitations, Announcements, Calling Cards, Wedding Cake Boxes, etc.

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