

Births, Marriages, Deaths

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are inserted in The Daily Advertiser also appear in The Western Advertiser. Births 25c, Marriages and Deaths 50c.

MARRIED.

FOX-TREBILCOCK—At the First Methodist Church, London, Feb. 11, 1899, by Rev. Dr. J. V. Smith, Ernest A. Fox, accountant Canadian Bank of Commerce, Seaforth, and Fanny A., fourth daughter of Geo. Trebilcock, Esq. **DIED.**

TURNBULL—At the residence of her son-in-law, 328 Simcoe street, on Feb. 12, Margaret Turnbull, widow of the late David Turnbull, of the postoffice department, Edinburgh, Scotland, aged 70 years.

Funeral service 2:30, Tuesday afternoon.

BURNIP—In this city, on Feb. 12, Ellen Denning, beloved wife of Thomas Burnip, in the 54th year of her age.

Funeral will leave her late residence, 418 York street, on Wednesday, at 3:30 o'clock, to Woodland Cemetery. Services at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

Hamilton, St. Thomas and Palmerston papers please copy.

PANCAKE SOCIAL—FIRST CONGREGATIONAL Church, Tuesday evening, 14. Good programme. Admission 10c.

Amusements and Lectures

TONIGHT Opera House

Mill. Antoinette Trebelli,
HAROLD JARVIS, GEO. FOX.

Reserved seats, \$1, 75c and 50c. Concert will commence at 8:15 sharp.

SPECIAL—300 rush seats at 25c for top gallery. Doors open at 7:30.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

TUESDAY, FEB. 14, 1899.

The noted actress ANGES WALLACE VILLA, and complete company in

"The World Against Her"

Refined specialties. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

PRINCESS—EXCELLENT SKATING—Seventh band Tuesday night.

CONCERT AT SOMERSET HALL, MONDAY, Feb. 13. Good programme. Admission 10c.

CONCERT BY THE HONORARY MEMBERS OF THE YOUNG LADIES' MISSION Circle, of the First Methodist Church, assisted by George Angus, H. S. Saunders, J. T. Wolcott and Fred Ellis, Wesley Hall, Tuesday, Feb. 14, at 8 p.m. Tickets 15c. Best concert of the season. Come and bring your friends.

PERFECT—THIS WORD EXPLAINS THE facilities I have for booking passengers via steamship to the Old Country and other parts of the world. They are special, and intending passengers should not forget this fact. B. Clarke, agent, Allan, Beaver and others.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—Seventh social, Tuesday evening, Feb. 14. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING—COME and learn the new dances, the Boston Schottische and the Society Cakewalk. The same careful attention given to teaching the waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour. R. B. Millard, teacher of dancing, 345 Princess avenue.

Domestics Wanted.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. AP. PLY, Miss McPherson, 172 Lichfield street, from 11 to 10 p.m.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—REFERENCES required. Apply 72 Elmwood avenue. 67c

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—NO washing or ironing. References required. Apply to Mrs. Bayly, 158 Albert street. 511

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—BOY TO MILK COWS AND deliver milk. Apply Charles O'Hagan, lot 14, con. 4, London township. 66c

WANTED—MEN IN YOUR VICINITY TO learn barber trade. We can place you in your town at \$15 weekly, after only eight weeks practice or start you in business on our capital in almost any locality. We pay transportation to our colleges at Chicago or Cincinnati, allow commission from start and donate complete outfit of tools. Write today. Moler Barber College Representative, Detroit. 65n

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS FIND IT A PLEASURE TO sell for us. Our reputation for honorable dealing and extra good values gives them a welcome and an order at every home. G. Marshall & Co., London.

Board and Lodging.

WANTED—BOARDERS—CAN ACCOMMODATE two gentlemen or gentleman and wife. Apply 413 King street. 45n

Wanted.

Your Wants Supplied by advertising in The Advertiser's want column.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS WITH MODERN conveniences, by two gentlemen, without board. Address Box R.A., Advertiser. 64k

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE MEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to.

A Dress Suit

FOR—\$22 00

Satin lined throughout, and made as good as a first-class workman can make it. It's a snap.

DEEKS & CO.,
Merchant Tailors,
393 Richmond street.

UNLESS YOU ARE BARGAIN PROOF

These prices on School Shoes will surely win your trade:

Boys' Strong Laced, solid leather, pegged soles, 1 to 5. 75c
Boys' Solid Leather, B. calf, laced, stylish shape, 1 to 5. 85c
Boys' Extra Solid Grain Leather, laced, waterproof. \$1 00

These prices wouldn't be remarkable if it weren't for the shoes themselves. A trial pair will make you one of our regular customers.

J. P. COOK,
173 Dundas Street.

Lost and Found.

LOST SATURDAY—PIECE OF CARPET. Mr. Adiel's name on parcel. Reward if returned. Mrs. Adiel, corner Oxford and Adelaide. 6

Articles For Sale.

BUTTER IS ON THE RISE AND WILL be higher if the cold weather continues, but we are still selling choice large roll butter at 18c; some not quite so good for 15c pound. For a short time we will sell one tub butter at 11c. Strictly fresh eggs, 30c dozen. If you want good beef cheap, call at Fauds' Provision Store, 8 Market Lane. 23V

10% IS NOW CHARGED AS A WAR TAX on all Canadian bills in United States. Exchange your money at the Exchange, Richmond street, next Advertiser. F. B. Clarke. 23V

\$4.75 PER TON (NOT IN BARGE) Pocahontas coal for kitchen ranges or furnaces; in bags, 25c per ton extra. Same coal as sold by Harold Richardson & Co. Butts' Cannel coal for open fires. Bowman & Co. Call at F. B. Clarke's, Richmond street, next Advertiser. 23V

\$8.50 WILL BUY A \$10 SIDEBOARD at Keene Bros', cash bargain furniture store, 127 King street, for one week only.

SNAPS FOR TODAY—1 GRAND UNION Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$100; 1 Weber & Co. Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$125; 1 Knabe & Co. Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$135; 1 Chickering & Sons' Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$150; 1 Dominion Organ, large, 10 stops, \$35; 1 Karm & Co. Organ, large, 10 stops, \$45. Easy terms to good parties. Heintzman & Co., 117 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

SPRING SKATES, 35c PAIR. SKATES hollow ground, 10c. Bicycling repairing lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street. 66u

J. J. DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up to latest at small expense. J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs. 21f

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIVERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Eadey, 711 Dundas street. Phone 1,134.

ELECTRIC BELLS KEPT IN PERMANENT repair. only 50c per year. R. M. Millar, 431 Talbot street. 21f

PORK SAUSAGE AND BOLOGNA, FOUR pounds 25c; smoked ham and bacon, 10c; pickled bacon, 8c; shoulders, 6c; long clears, 5c at Park's, corner Market Lane.

TISSUE PAPER—ALL COLORS—FOUR full size sheets for one cent. Large assortment of school books and school supplies. J. H. Cunningham, 75 Dundas street, East London. 67c

CUSTOMS PAPERS—THE NEW FORMS. ANY QUANTITY—ONE SET OR A THOUSAND SETS. ADVERTISER JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT. Phone 175.

FIRST-CLASS WOOD—HARD AND SOFT—store lengths or cordwood. Prompt delivery to any part of the city. Prices reasonable. 1,312, S. Gilles & Son, Sawmill, East London.

Miscellaneous.

DRESS SUITS TO RENT, IN FIRST-CLASS condition. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. 67c

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, NINE ROOMS five blocks from market, city water and bath. Apply Geo. Rowntree, grocer. 62n yxwz

TO LET—RESIDENCE—NO. 331 QUEEN'S avenue; central location. Apply A. N. Udy, over C. P. R. ticket office.

TO LET—NO. 427 KING STREET—APPLY at 383 King street. 96d

TO LET—COVERED MOVING VANS. When moving have your furniture and pianos carefully moved. Address 85 Carling street. Phone 1,162 and 1,167.

Viavi Treatment.

MRS. L. STEIN AT HOME SATURDAYS at her new address, 195 John street, London.

Massage Treatment.

MISS SHUFF—GRADUATE OF DES Weir Mitchell's Hospital for Nervous Diseases, Philadelphia. Massage and Swedish Movements. 457 King street, London, Ont. Phone 322.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY BRICK house, with all modern conveniences; large lot; near the park on Wellington street. Owner leaving the city. Cheap for quick buyer. J. F. Sangster, 430 Richmond street.

TENDERS.

Plank sidewalks, artificial stone walks, concrete kerbing, sewer pipes and cement, lumber, nails, cedar blocks, gravel, cobble-stone paving, crossing stone, sweeping block-paving, iron castings, stone kerbing, delivering broken stone, etc.

TENDERS for the above materials and works lot near the park on Wellington street. Owner leaving the city. Cheap for quick buyer. J. F. Sangster, 430 Richmond street.

All tenders must be on printed forms. ALDERMAN H. M. DOUGLASS, Chairman No. 2 Committee. A. O. GRAYDON, City Engineer. 64i wxz

Auction Sale—AT JONES' AUCTION

rooms, Wednesday, Feb. 15, 2:30 p.m., brick dwelling in center of the city, 564 Richmond street, east side, near intersection of Park avenue. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Apply to Gibbons, Mulken & Harper. 62n

A Big New Yorker

--Follows

--Our Lead.

The new policy contract of a big New York life company is heralded with a great flourish of trumpets. The Globe of the 17th ult. points out that all of the attractive features so commended have been available to policyholders of The Ontario Mutual Life for many years. Policies issued in the interests of policyholders may be obtained from The Ontario. Examine one of them.

C. E. GERMAN,
GENERAL AGENT.

Educational.

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS' SCHOOL LIMITED.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Spring term commenced Feb. 8. Kindergarten branch is held in a room in Conservatory of Music building, Dundas street. For calendars and other information apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 661 Talbot street, London.

THE PURSUIT ABANDONED

British Cavalry Ordered to Return From Pursuit of the Khalifa.

Connaught Lays the Corner-Stone of the Dam at the First Nile Cataract.

Russian Troops Pouring Into Port Arthur.

Cairo, Egypt, Feb. 13.—According to dispatches from Omdurman, the British cavalry which has been in pursuit of the Khalifa Abdullahi has been ordered to return for the present, the season being unfavorable. The same dispatches announce that there is no friction of any sort on the frontier of the Sudan and Abyssinia, all relations between Menelik and the British representatives being most friendly.

CONNAUGHT ON THE NILE.

Assuan, Feb. 13.—The Duke of Connaught, third son of Queen Victoria, has laid the corner-stone of the great reservoir dam at the top of the first cataract here, in the presence of Fakhr-y Pasha, minister of public works, and other notables. The length of the dam is a mile and a quarter. It will be 30 feet wide at the base and 30 feet high. It will raise the level of the Nile for 140 miles.

RUSSIAN TROOPS IN CHINA.

Hong Kong, Feb. 13.—The Russian Government is pouring troops into Port Arthur and Tientsin Wan, on the ground that the force now garrisoning the place is too small in view of the apparent ascent of the inhabitants of Liao Tung Peninsula, who have within the last two months risen up against the Russians in thirteen towns and districts.

No less than 9,000 men have landed at Port Arthur, within a month, and it is intended to add 25,000 more before the end of the Chinese first moon, making a full army corps of some 35,000, in addition to the garrisons of 15,000 men for Port Arthur and 8,000 for Tientsin Wan.

TO BRING PLANETS NEARER.

Paris, Feb. 13.—An English company has recently ordered from the Societe Francaise de Telescopes de 1900 an enormous telescope lens, to cost \$400,000, and to be delivered in 1901.

The English company wished it to be more powerful than the one which is being made for the Paris Exposition in 1900, but the French company would only accept an order for one similar to the exposition lens, declaring that it is reserving for French astronomy a more powerful lens, which will be ready in 1902.

INFLUENZA IS EPIDEMIC.

Christiana, Feb. 13.—There are now, according to the official returns, 2,342 cases of influenza in this city. Last week the deaths from the disease numbered 108.

Stockholm, Feb. 13.—Last week 3,190 cases of influenza were reported here. The disease was fatal in 229 cases.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—Influenza is raging to an unprecedented degree in Berlin. The incessant rains increase mortality, hinder convalescence, and breed new cases of the disease. Several schools have been closed for want of pupils or enough teachers to carry on the work, while in the city teachers' seminary all the students except 15 are sick.

KILLED BY BLACK DAMP.

Diamondville, Wyo., Feb. 13.—John T. Russell and E. T. Wright were killed last night by black damp in the Diamondville mine. Ten others were overcome, but were rescued in time to save their lives.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption, and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use, and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was. Sold by all druggists; large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

THE SPORT OF WIND AND WAVE

Steamship Bulgarian Drifting Helpless.

British Steamer Arno Gons to the Bottom—13 of Her Crew Probably Drowned—Stormy Passage of the Fuerst Bismarck.

Ponta Del Gada, Azores Islands, Feb. 12.—The British tank steamer Weehawken, from Philadelphia, Jan. 27, for Hull, has arrived here with 25 passengers from the Hamburg-American liner Bulgarian, from New York, Jan. 28, for Hamburg. The Weehawken reports the Bulgarian helpless 800 miles from the Azores. Nothing is known here as to the fate of the other passengers.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN TAKEN OFF.

London, Feb. 12.—It is understood here tonight that the Hamburg-American liner Bulgarian, which is reported drifting helpless 800 miles from the Azores, carried 90 passengers. According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Ponta Del Gada, the 25 members of the Bulgarian's company on board the Weehawken are women and children. The rest of the passengers and the crew could not be taken off, owing to the heavy weather.

122 PEOPLE ON BOARD.

New York, Feb. 12.—Mr. Emil L. Boas, the general agent of the Hamburg-American Line in this city, says that the Bulgarian had 47 passengers aboard. Her crew numbered 75, under command of Capt. Schmidt. She had on board 107 horses and 5,000 tons of freight, most of it being grain. The Bulgarian, M. Boas, says, has no cabin accommodations for passengers, and that, therefore, all the passengers aboard were in the steerage. They were mostly Germans and from all parts of the United States.

THE ARNO LOST—THIRTEEN PERSONS MISSING.

London, Feb. 13.—The British steamer Arno, while bound from Shields to Portsmouth, foundered in a gale off Nab lightship. The captain and three men landed here yesterday. Thirteen are missing. One of the men had his leg broken, and none for a time were able to give any coherent account of their experiences, so terrible had been their sufferings. The Arno was wrecked within hailing distance of the lightship and sank rapidly. Three boats were launched, but the captain's boat was found waterlogged, and it is doubtful whether the others could live in the boiling sea. After the boat of the survivors was stove in, they were literally cast ashore. After three o'clock in the morning they were lying helpless by the police and coastguards.

ABANDONED IN THE ICE.

Grand Haven, Mich., Feb. 13.—The steamer Moran has been abandoned in mid-sea, and there is no chance to release the vessel until the present cold snap moderates and the ice softens. Three members of the crew walked ashore on the ice, and report that the rest of the crew had been taken on board the steamer Naomi. The Naomi, after a hard struggle with the ice, reached here with the rescued crew of the Moran. It appears from their story that the Moran stove a big hole in her bow while bucking the ice last Thursday. All efforts to save the doomed vessel proved fruitless. Tons of her cargo were thrown overboard. The Naomi hurried to the Moran's rescue. She tried to tow the Moran, but the effort had to be abandoned on account of the ice.

New York, Feb. 13.—The Hamburg-American steamer Fuerst Bismarck here arrived from Genoa, after the longest passage the steamer ever made across the Atlantic, and one of the roughest in the experience of her officers. The voyage from Gibraltar to New York was made in twelve days and seven hours. Terrific gales were encountered from Feb. 1 to Feb. 7, enroute.

Over the vessel frequently sweeping over the seas, smashing rails, doors and other woodwork. Several ventilators were swept overboard and two boats were carried from their chocks.

SAILOR WASHED OVERBOARD.

On Feb. 3, Otto Lohse, a sailor, was washed overboard and lost. For five days the great steamer rolled violently and floated heavily until the decks were deluged, and many of the passengers were violently ill. The spray froze as it fell, covering the boats, hull, bridges and rigging far up the masts, with a coating of ice. The Fuerst Bismarck appeared like a veritable iceberg. The crew had to break the ice from the decks and gangways in order to land the passengers.

THE GERMANIC'S EXPERIENCE.

The White Star steamer Germanic (Capt. McKinstry), which left Liverpool on Feb. 1, arrived after a most tempestuous and stormy voyage. From the time of leaving Queenstown until arrival the Germanic encountered a succession of heavy gales and high seas.

GALE OFF NEWFOUNDLAND.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 13.—A frightful northwest gale raged over the whole island. The coast mail steamer Virginia Lake was unable to round Cape Race in the teeth of the wind, and had to enter the harbor to avoid foundering. The storm will seriously endanger the new Canadian liner Gasparie, which, when last heard from, was fast in an ice floe in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The gale will likely break up the ice.

OUTSIDE NEW YORK HARBOR.

New York, Feb. 12.—At a late hour today none of the big liners had reached their docks. A strong north wind was blowing throughout the day, and this may keep some of them off the coast. The list of those due includes the Cunarder, Etruria, the Alsatia, Anchorage, Paris, Le Bretagne, and the Spaardam. The Hamburg-American liner Adria, chartered by the International Navigation Company, arrived last night from Antwerp, after

a most tempestuous voyage, during which Capt. Von Levitzow was thrown in the cabin passage way and killed.

ANSWERED IN THE NEGATIVE.

London, Feb. 11.—In the House of Commons, Mr. Brodrick, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, denied that the government had received any communication from the United States Government proposing the exemption of private property at sea from capture in time of war.

In response to a question whether the government had committed itself in any way on the question of accepting the invitation of the Czar of Russia to take part in the proposed international disarmament scheme, Mr. Brodrick said that the suggestions made in a second circular on the subject were under consideration by the government. No reply had as yet been sent to Russia, and no statement in regard to the matter could be made at present.

Mr. Balfour said in reply to a question that no arrangement had been made in reference to Cecil Rhodes' proposal that the government guarantee the project of constructing a line of railway from the Cape of Good Hope to Cairo.

Ladies Who Want Beautiful Teeth...

Should never be without ODONTINE—a delightful substitute for tooth powder. It is all that is needed to keep the teeth pearly white and free from decay. It's pleasant to use and lends a delicate perfume to the breath.

Only 25 cents.

Cairncross & Lawrence,
Pharmacists, Etc.,
216 Dundas St., London, Ont.
—BRANCH—
Cor. Richmond and Piccadilly Streets.

SWEPT BY GREAT GALES

Immense Damage Done by High Tides in the British Isles.

Thousands of Acres of Land Covered by a High Tidal Wave.

Prince Bonaparte, Chief of the Old Branch of the Family, Dead—Cotton Spinners May Strike.

London, Feb. 13.—A heavy gale swept the British Islands Sunday and has continued today, causing floods at many points. Rivers have overflowed their banks, railways have been submerged, and there have been numerous casualties along the coast. At Newport, Monmouthshire, a high tidal wave leaped over the sea wall, submerging thousands of acres and the low-lying portions of the town. One man was drowned.

The unusually high tide did serious damage to the sea walls at Ryde and Sandown, on the Isle of Wight.

A coal lighter has foundered off Gromer, Norfolk county, and five of her crew were drowned. The vessel was feared that the loss of the British steamer Arno, which foundered in the gale off Nab lightship, will prove a very serious disaster. The Arno was wrecked within hailing distance of the lightship, and sank rapidly. No word has been received of the thirteen members of the crew, who are missing.

PRINCE BONAPARTE DEAD.

Rome, Feb. 13.—Prince Napoleon Charles Gregoire Jacques Philippe Bonaparte, third son of Prince Lucien Bonaparte, Prince of Canino and chief of the older branch of the Bonaparte family, is dead. The late Prince Napoleon Charles Bonaparte, who was born in Rome, Feb. 5, 1815, succeeded to the headship of the older branch of the house of Bonaparte in 1895, on the death of Cardinal Prince Lucien Bonaparte, his brother. He took part in the expedition to establish Mexican monarchy, with the Austrian archduke Maximilian as king. In 1859 he married Princess Marie Christine, daughter of Prince Jean-Nepomucene Ruspoli, and leaves two daughters and three sisters.

COTTON SPINNERS' STRIKE.

THREATENED.

There is much unrest among the cotton spinners in Lancashire. The spinners have demanded a 2 per cent increase in wages, in reply to which the employers have asked the men to wait six months. This is taken as tant

MISCHIEF DONE BY JACK FROST

The Georgia Peach Crop Badly Damaged.

Michigan Peach Orchards Suffer—Many Vessels Frozen in the Ice Pack and Grippled—Records of the Arctic Weather—Indications of a Let-Up.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 13.—It is estimated that one-half of the Georgia peach crop has been killed and the other half greatly damaged as a result of the cold wave. From the Florida line as far north as Barnesville, the cold has brought great damage to fruit trees. In the great fruit district about Marshallville and Fort Valley, it is said there are thousands of trees that are black and crisp from the freeze.

DAMAGE IN MICHIGAN.

Hart, Mich., Feb. 13.—Friday night was the coldest ever known in this locality. The government thermometer registered 35 below. Fruit growers say the peach crop is surely gone, also the young trees.

Detroit, Feb. 13.—Press correspondents throughout the state report the continuance of the unprecedented cold weather. At Ludington the thermometer showed 37 below zero, and fruit growers are accordingly very depressed. They say the fruit crop of Mason county will prove a total loss, estimated at \$300,000. The loss resulting from permanent injury to fruit trees, cannot be estimated, but it will prove enormous. The same stories come from every point in Michigan.

GROUND FROZEN FOUR FEET DEEP.

A Flint, Mich., dispatch says: The cold wave is still with us, and the week just closed has been one of the coldest since 1864. Saturday it was 26 below. The ground is frozen to a depth of three or four feet.

Friday night was the coldest night known in Grand Rapids for 20 years, the thermometer getting as low as 32 below. An electric light tower man secured the championship record for the state by taking a thermometer to the top of one of the towers, and when he looked at it he found the mercury at 44 below zero and a quarter of an inch below that.

SEVERAL DEATHS.

Two deaths from the cold have been reported. Mrs. Mary Anderson, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home annex, started to walk to the home of her daughter and her body was found by the roadside.

William Timmerman, an old recluse, was found in a novel in Alpine township frozen stiff.

At Holland, Mich., the frozen body of J. Lammie, who has been occupying a small dwelling, was found by neighbors. He was a victim of the terrible cold, it being from 23 to 33 below zero all about here.

The mercury surprised Traverse City Saturday morning, dropping to 32 below in the central part of the city, on Judge Ramsdell's farm to 38, in suburbs of the town from 36 to 40. At Mayfield 45, Heights, eight miles south, 46.

LAY DOWN ON THE ICE.

At Fife Lake, Mich., a party of woodsmen came in from camp and visited a saloon. Sherm Clark, one of the party, wandered out on the lake and lay down on the ice about 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. He came to enough to make his way to the Fife Lake House, where it was discovered that both feet and both hands and his ears were frozen. The doctor says he may be able to save his feet, but will have to amputate the fingers of the right hand.

MANY VESSELS FROZEN IN.

Chatham, Mass., Feb. 13.—The heavy northwest gale which has prevailed for several days and the intense cold have caused havoc among the shipping of the Cape Cod coast. Many vessels are frozen in the ice and several of those near shore have been crippled. A large four-masted schooner was sighted off Pollock tip with distress signals flying, indicating that the crew were unable to manage the vessel. The ice field now extends for miles along the shore off here and off Dennis. An entire fleet of schooners off the latter place is frozen in. A huge sheet of ice is drifting in, menacing ships.

RECORD BROKEN.

New York, Feb. 13.—Saturday was the coldest day New York has had since the weather bureau began business, which was in 1872. At 7:20 a.m. the thermometer registered 6 below zero. That was two-tenths of a degree lower than on Friday. This is the first time in its history that New York has had three days of continued zero weather.

There is a continuance of the suffering among the poor in this city and the same can be said of the gripmen, drivers and conductors on the surface roads. In fact, all whose duty or necessity kept them in the open air all the time. Among the poor the suffering is intense.

The continuation of the cold weather has congested the North and East rivers with floating ice. In some places the floes are so large and

thick as to prevent the passage of various river crafts.

EFFECT ON BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

One of the features of the cold snap is the contraction of the steel and iron works on the Brooklyn bridge. The central and lateral girders which were allowed for the expansion and contraction of the steel and iron in the bridge are wider than ever before. The engineers say that the limit of contraction has been reached, and it now matters little whether the temperature falls a few degrees more or not, there will be no more contraction.

THIS LOOKS BETTER.

Sunday's Detroit Free Press says: "On an average the temperature was about 4 or 5 degrees higher yesterday than the day before. It is predicted that the temperature will moderate a little more today, and still more so tomorrow, which will be a pleasant surprise, considering the forecast of yesterday morning which threatened that the thermometer would go down to 20 below zero."

"Last night the cold wave from the northwest began to break up rapidly, and, therefore, the temperature will not be so low today. In the Canadian Northwest and in North and South Dakota the temperature is slowly rising, and it has risen perceptibly in the lower lake region."

"The oldest spot in the state yesterday was Waters, in Osego county, where the mercury marked 55 degrees below zero. Frederick, Grundy county, came next with 50 below. Fife Lake, Grand Traverse county, showed 43 below, and so on down the list."

"The Canadian Pacific car ferry Ontario, which has considerable power, has not been stopped at any time by the ice, that is to say, permanently. She continues to run between Windsor and the Michigan Central dock at the foot of Eighteenth street, going slowly, but surely all the time."

"The Detroit and Windsor ferries continue to make their regular trips across in the figure-eight tracks. It freezes over at night, and the first trip of the ferry is rather a slow one in the morning, but she manages to work her way through the ice. The stationary ice in the river is better for the boats than if it were continually shifting, as the track is maintained, where it would be obliterated if the field moved."

A WELCOME CHANGE.

Denver, Col., Feb. 13.—The indications today are that the storm which has held Colorado fast in its embrace for the past two weeks has exhausted itself. The sun shone almost all day Sunday, and during the noon hours was warm enough to melt the snow. The change has enabled the railroad people to prosecute the work of clearing their tracks of the deep snow more vigorously, and it is announced today by the Denver and Rio Grande officials that all delayed trains are now moving without interruption.

HEAVY LOSS OF STOCK.

Saturday night was one of the coldest experienced in the portion of Colorado east of the mountains. The mercury was as low as 30 below zero. Reports of the live stock interests in the southwest are coming in, and while nothing like an accurate estimate of the extent of the losses can be given now, they will undoubtedly prove very large.

THREE MORE MEN MISSING.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Three more persons were added to the list of the missing last night. They were Sydney Morris, Charles Mobley and a policeman from the Sheffield avenue station, whose names are not known. They started out together at 9 o'clock to aid in the rescue of the missing students. Nothing has been heard from them since, and they are supposed to be adrift on the lake. The weather remains cold with a piercing wind blowing, and it is feared that none of the missing can survive.

IN ONTARIO.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—The coldest weather so far this season is prevailing here at present. Twelve degrees below zero was recorded at the observatory at 6 o'clock this morning.

Russell, Feb. 11.—Thirty-three degrees below zero was registered at midnight, and 21 at 8:30 this morning here.

Minden, Feb. 11.—Forty-five below zero was registered here this morning. This breaks the record in this locality.

Seaford, Feb. 11.—Thirty-three below zero was registered here early this morning, and this degree of temperature is unprecedented in this section.

CHENANGO NO. 1

Has Drifted Near Long Point—Said To Be Safe—Risky Feat of Some of Her Crew.

Detroit, Feb. 13.—Supervisor Blanck, who left here a week ago with dynamite to release the steamer Chenango No. 1, which has been for two weeks in the ice off Port Burwell, Lake Erie, is back. He left the steamer Wednesday morning.

The ice around her is 15 feet thick. He blasted her free, but the wind arose and he could get no more dynamite from the boat or shore and had to quit. The steamer drifted in a body of ice to a point about two miles below Clear Creek, at the foot of Long Point, Canadian side. She is perfectly safe and free from ice with which she is surrounded. There are plenty of provisions aboard, which will be used on the ice again as soon as the weather moderates. Fifteen members of her crew are still on board.

Mechanical Superintendent Austin and Auditor Leslie, of the G. E. and D. R., who took passage to Conneaut on the car ferry Chenango last week, succeeded in getting ashore at Port Burwell from the steamer, where she was fast in the ice seven miles abreast of Port Burwell. The mate and five members of the crew accompanied them, and after six hours in perseverance in climbing over a succession of ice banks from 15 to 30 feet high, and avoiding the weak places of skim ice, they arrived safely. The party provided themselves with ropes and pike poles, in case they should break through, and also to feel their way. Such a daring feat was never performed in this vicinity. After dinner the crew attempted to return to the boat, but after proceeding three miles they found the ice had separated, and left a space of clear water half a mile wide. They were obliged to return to land, where they are now comfortably quartered. Sunday morning had blown the ice and boat seven miles further eastward.

SAVED BY A DOG.

Mason, Mich., Feb. 13.—A farm house, two and a half miles north-east of this city, in Alameda township, owned and occupied by Gavin Fellows, burned with its contents at 11 o'clock in the morning. The family barely escaped with their lives. They fled from the burning building in their night clothes and sought shelter at a

neighboring house. The fire caught from a defective chimney, and had it not been for their faithful dog, who aroused the sleeping inmates by his barking, the entire family would have perished in the flames.

THE RAILWAYS

Ice Bridge at Niagara Falls Pals; Senger Business.

Lively Races With Deer on the Track—Rate Situation Said To Be Much Improved.

The Wabash has purchased 25 acres for division yards and shops at Peru.

Most of the shops of the Wabash, at different points are now running fourteen hours a day.

Joseph R. Meguire is now president and general manager of the Niagara Falls and Lewiston Railways.

The ice bridge at Niagara Falls is proving quite an attraction and helping the passenger business of the roads that reach that point.

A new train has been put on by the Canadian Pacific, leaving Toronto for Detroit at 11:15 p.m. It has a through sleeper for Chicago.

The Lehigh Valley has within a short time contracted to carry 7,000 carloads of provisions from Chicago to the seaboard, which is equal to 182,000,000 pounds.

The Pennsylvania machine shops at Altoona, it is announced, have worked enough ahead to last a year. Many of the departments are working 13 hours daily.

Business is humming on the C. P. R. and the large number of hands recently laid off work at the Toronto Junction shops, have been taken on again, also many extra hands.

The Grand Trunk Railway has decided to move its city passenger and ticket agent's office from the old Union Bank buildings, Toronto, to the new Lawlor building, on the northwest corner of King and York streets.

There is not as much talk of increasing the length of the steel rail from 30 to 60 feet as there was a few years ago. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company some time ago laid considerable of its road with 60-foot rails, but it was stated recently that no more of the rails of this length have been ordered, and it is not likely that more will be bought until after something shall have been done to prevent contraction and expansion by cold and heat.

Engineer Tom Darby, of the Port Jervis and Monticello Railroad, has, perhaps, had more lively races with wild deer than any of his brethren. Recently occurred the most exciting race in all his experience. While the train was in the vicinity of Rose's Point a fine buck stepped upon the track from the wilderness which lines the road on either side and watched the train as it approached. It stamped its feet and whined its tail until the train was within 50 feet of it, and then skipped away down the track. Darby put on all steam, and the deer increased its pace. For a good mile the race was continued. At last the deer started a cut by jumping over the cowcatcher he could easily have touched it, but in doing so caught its forefeet in the wheels and made a complete somersault. It was stunned for a few minutes, and then jumped into a lake close by the track and swam for the opposite shore.

The rate situation is the most satisfactory in years. The restoration of the rate of interest on the general fund, while both eastern and western railway officials and shippers have watched carefully for any possible evidence of a cut. It was thought for a short time last week that the Grand Trunk had started a cut by issuing a tariff on provisions based on a minimum weight of 26,000 pounds per car. The roads have tried to adopt 30,000 pounds as a basis, but the action of the Grand Trunk changed their plans, and they promptly accepted 26,000 pounds as the general basis. This allayed any suspicion of rate-cutting. On this subject Oscar G. Murray, of the Baltimore and Ohio, says: "The rate situation, so far as the eastern lines are concerned, is the best that we have had for a long time. I am thoroughly satisfied of this, and I am certain other eastern lines are as well pleased as we are. I have heard of no departure from authorized tariffs, and there are many manipulations I am inclined to think I would hear of them. We have about 100 agents at the principal points, and I am certain some of them would hear of irregularities did any exist. The roads are getting full tariff. This is particularly true as regards westbound freight."

You Should Know

what Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to do for the man who has impure and impoverished blood. It makes the blood rich and pure, and cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, nervousness. If you are troubled with impure blood, take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to ficient, easy to take, easy to operate. Careful weighing shows that an ordinary bee, not loaded, weighs (thousandths of a pound), so that it takes 5,000 bees to make a pound. But the loaded bee often weighs nearly three times more.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents; for sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

A traveler in Puerto Rico says that a cigar equal to the present average American 10-cents can be purchased there for 2 cents.

There is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally as well as swelled neck and wrists in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial results.

The wide utilization of waterfalls for the generation of power has suggested to a French engineer the title of white coal.

Kidney Bladder Trouble.

There is no more serious menace to good health in the present age than kidney disorders, and it is an appalling fact, but a true one, that four-fifths of the country's people have the taint of this insidious disease with them. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cure all kidney disease.

ANOTHER AVALANCHE!

Probably Involving the Loss of Twenty Four Lives.

Colony of Miners Buried in Cherokee Gulch, Col.—16 Skaters Carried Out in the Lake on an Ice Floe.

Silver Plume, Col., Feb. 13.—An avalanche of snow and earth swept down Cherokee Gulch yesterday, carrying a dozen cabins and burying 25 Italian miners, a woman named Testeigne and two children, all of whom were caught in their cabins. A force of 400 men immediately set to work to rescue them, and at 1 p.m. eight had been recovered, six of them being dead.

Georgetown, Col., Feb. 13.—In a snowslide at Silver Plume, 24 lives are believed to have been lost. The dead are Italian miners with their families. Eleven bodies have been recovered, only two of which have been identified.

WORST EVER KNOWN IN COLORADO.

This slide was the most disastrous ever known in Clear Creek county. It occurred at 8 o'clock a.m. Starting two miles from camp, the avalanche came with terrific force, carrying with it huge boulders and immense trees. A short distance from the starting-point the avalanche parted, one section coming from Cherokee Gulch, taking with it two cabins occupied by Italians, and the shaft-house of the Garry City mine. The other slide came down William Gulch, between the Pelican and the Seven-Thirty mines. This part of the slide did the most damage. Settlements of miners, mostly Italians, were situated in both gulches. For a week or more the inhabitants have moved from place to place to escape threatened disaster should the snow start down the mountain sides. Some of the more venturesome lingered in their homes, and when the slide came escape was for them impossible. It is estimated that thirteen bodies are still buried beneath the snow in the two gulches. There is practically no hope for those under the debris. Instantaneous death was probably their fate.

SIXTEEN SKATERS CARRIED OUT INTO THE LAKE.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Seven skaters, living in the suburbs of Rogers Park and Lake Forest, were carried out into Lake Michigan on ice floes on Sunday, owing to the high wind breaking up the ice. Ten of them were rescued, and during the entire evening searching parties made fruitless efforts to secure some trace of the missing six.

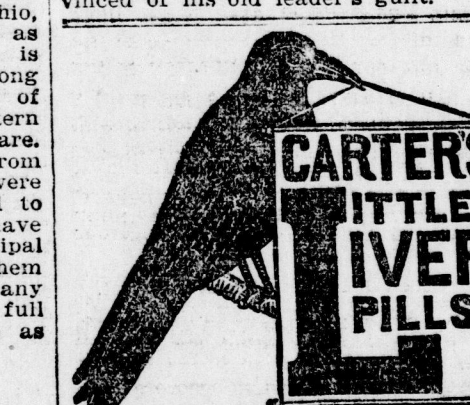
The missing are: Attorney E. D. Brothers, Miss Orel Manney, 17 years old, niece of Brothers; Chauncey Manney, nephew of Brothers; George Malory, student at Lake Forest University; Guy Carson, student at Lake Forest University; and Arthur Fletcher. All of those who were rescued were carried out on the ice off Lake Forest, and two of the number are supposed to have been drowned. The remaining four of the missing were carried away on a floe off Rogers Park, and the Chicago life-saving crew spent the night searching for them.

Success comes to those who persevere. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently, you will surely be benefited.

For the hide of a full-grown giraffe, greatly sought after in Africa for whip and sandal making, the native hunters get from \$15 to \$25.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

Ex-Mayor A. Oakley Hall left a history of the Tweed ring, having toward the end of his life become convinced of his old leader's guilt.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Just Arrived Per G. T. R., 60 Cars Fresh-Mined.....

Chestnut Coal

Call and get some at once.

Campbell & Chantler.

178 BATHURST STREET.

Phone 347.

Steel Wire

Field Fence

—VERY LOW IN PRICE.

—STRONG AND DURABLE.

A. WESTMAN,

111 Dundas Street,

Branch store . . . 654 Dundas street.

MR. R. H. ORDE, GREYSTOCK, ONT.,

Says Laxa-Liver Pills cured himself and a friend of Constipation and Allied Troubles.

Everybody who has used Laxa-Liver Pills says they are the finest thing in the world of medicine.

Mr. R. H. Orde, of Greystock, Ont., is of this opinion and this is how he expresses himself:

"Some time ago I got a sample packet of Laxa-Liver Pills, and after I had used them with great satisfaction I sent to Mr. Madill's drug store, in Peterboro, and bought two bottles, one of which I gave to a friend of mine. He assured me they did him a world of good. His trouble was constipation and fluttering of the heart."

"In my own case the trouble was very similar, i.e., constipation, fluttering and palpitation of the heart, and pains in my legs, like rheumatism, when I lay down at night. I have only taken the pills a short time, but every one of the unpleasant symptoms has disappeared. The pills did their work thoroughly, yet so mildly that a person would not think he was taking medicine at all. I am highly pleased with their effects, and recommend Laxa-Liver Pills to all who suffer as I did."

Price 25c. a bottle or 5 for \$1.00, at all druggists or sent by mail. T. M. BURN & Co., Toronto, Ont.

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Price 25c. a bottle or 5 for \$1.00

CURLING FOR THE CUP

Western Ontario's Trophy to be Fought for This Week

Interesting Information in Connection With the Competition.

Windsor Curlers Make a Good Showing.

Brutal Hockey Player Tried at Barrie—Fined \$5 and \$121.65 Costs—Turf and Other Sporting Events.

FOR THE W. O. TANKARD.

Mr. C. W. Andrus, one of the fathers of curling in London, has furnished some interesting information concerning the inauguration of the Western Ontario tankard competition, which began in 1891, and which will be witnessed this week in Simcoe street rink. Mr. Andrus says: In 1891 the citizens of London, moved by a desire to promote the noble game of curling, presented for competition among all curling clubs on the line and west of the Port Dover and Georgian Bay Railroad a tankard, said to be the largest and finest in Ontario. One of the conditions was that if won in three successive years by any one club, the tankard would become the permanent property of that club. The condition was fulfilled by the St. Marys club, which won it in 1891, 1892 and 1893, and in 1894, the St. Marys club, desiring to emulate the generous action of the citizens of London, in presenting so handsome a trophy, determined to again put up the tankard for competition, with the understanding that it should become the property of any club winning it three times within five successive years. The St. Marys club appointed five trustees with full power to make all arrangements and regulations to govern the contest, and to be final judges in all matters of questions arising in connection therewith; the board of trustees to consist of three representatives from the St. Marys club and one each from the London club and the London Forest City club. Through the generosity of the trustees of the St. Marys club, the competition for the trophy was to take place each alternate year at the city of London. The St. Marys club again won in 1894; Paris in 1895, St. Marys in 1896, Brighton in 1897, St. Marys in 1898, St. Marys again becoming permanent owners of the tankard, and wishing still to keep up the competition, they again, with true curling spirit, placed the trophy in the hands of the same trustees on the same conditions, the final competition to take place this year in this city. The trustees have divided the clubs into two groups, and the clubs are eligible to compete into ten groups, who are to play off among themselves, and the winning club of each group to send two rinks to London to decide who shall be custodians of the tankard for the ensuing year. The groups are composed as follows:

No. 1—Chesley, Wilmont, Owen Sound and Harrison.
No. 2—Wilmont, Port Elgin, Southampton and Durham.
No. 3—Wingham, Brussels, Lucknow, Kincardine, and Wroxeter.
No. 4—St. Marys, Stratford, Forest, Seaforth and Goderich.
No. 5—Sarnia, Petrolia, Chatham, Thedford and Wallaceburg.
No. 6—Detroit, Windsor, Tilbury and Thamesville.
No. 7—Forest City, Woodstock, Glenora and Clinton.
No. 8—London, Hensall, Embro, Ingersoll.
No. 9—Paris, Bright, Brantford, Plattsville.
No. 10—St. Thomas, Ridgeway, Simcoe, Avonmore.

Of the above groups the following clubs are winners, and entitled to compete in the finals, which have been called for Tuesday at 1 p.m.:

No. 1—Shesley.
No. 2—Wilmont.
No. 3—Not returned.
No. 4—Seaforth.
No. 5—Sarnia.
No. 6—Thamesville.
No. 7—Forest City.
No. 8—Ingersoll.
No. 9—Paris.
No. 10—St. Thomas.

When the tankard was first presented for competition, 23 clubs comprised the list, but 13 clubs clubs, with a total membership of over 1,100 curlers, are included in this year's competition, which shows that the roaring game is not on the wane, but is, on the contrary, becoming the most popular game on foot. The curling clubs now affiliated with the Ontario Curling Association number 86, with a total membership of over 2,700, while new clubs and those not affiliated will swell the membership to over 3,000.

DETROIT WON FROM CHATHAM.

Four rinks of the Detroit curling club played four rinks of the Chatham club at Chatham Saturday afternoon, and the Detroit club succeeded in winning by nine shots, three rinks being up and one down. Score:

Rink No. 1—	Chatham.
R. Hutton, skip.....16	J. P. Dunlop, skip.....13
Rink No. 2—	
A. M. Kerr, skip.....15	Dr. R. Bray, skip.....17
Rink No. 3—	
Frederic Bamford, skip.....15	Dr. J. L. Bray, skip.....13
Rink No. 4—	
J. J. Dodds, skip.....14	J. McCoig, skip.....8
Total.....60	Total.....51

Majority for Detroit, 9 shots.

WINDSOR MADE A SWEEP.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 12.—The Windsor curling club, dropped into Toledo, Saturday afternoon to show the Burns' club of this city a few things about the game of curling. The Canadians

did this to perfection, taking the entire series of three rinks. The scores were: 12-15, 13-16, 12-14.

HOCKEY.
WINDSOR DEFEATED THE MICHIGAN TEAM.

Windsor, Feb. 12.—Saturday, despite the cold weather, over four hundred people turned out to see the hockey game on the Windsor rinks between the Michigan team and the Windsor players. The crowd was largely made up of Windsor people, and with their encouragement the home team was never in danger. In fact, the game was rather one-sided, as in the first half Windsor scored three goals and shut Michigan out, while in the second half 9 points were added to the Windsor score, and Michigan saved a shut-out by scoring three goals. The puck was kept in Michigan territory the greater part of the time, and the Windsor players had possession of it in the majority of instances.

AT PRESTON.

Preston, Ont., Feb. 12.—A game of hockey was played here Saturday by teams representing the Federated Business Colleges of Hamilton and Galt. Galt won by 17 to 2.

LISTOWEL'S PROTEST.

The secretary of the Listowel Hockey Club has just received notice from the executive of the O. H. A., that their protest against the referee's decision in the Listowel-Guelph Nationals match at Guelph last Thursday night, has been allowed, and the game ordered to be played in Guelph next Tuesday night. Just before the game finished Listowel scored a goal which was not allowed, the referee not seeing the umpire's hand go up. The referee decided the match in favor of the Nationals, 4 to 3, whereas it should have been declared a tie, and has been so declared by the executive, making the round a tie, 4 each.

A BRUTAL PLAYER PUNISHED.

The trial of the Midland hockey player, English, before Judge Arden, at Barrie, Ont., for aggravated assault, is concluded, having lasted three days. The charge was for deliberately disabling Labatt, a Collingwood player, by striking him from behind over the head with a hockey stick, knocking him senseless. Fifty-six witnesses were examined in the case. The court found the prisoner guilty of assault with intent to disable, and gave the prisoner English the option of paying a fine of \$5 and \$121.65 costs, or two months in the common jail at hard labor. In passing sentence, his honor admonished the prisoner to be a rough play, which characterized some of our Canadian sports, and evidently accounted for it by the appearance of professionals in sport and the betting of large sums of money upon the result of any game. He characterized the action of English as most cowardly and brutal, and hoped that his prosecution would act as a wholesome deterrent in restraining rough play.

BLOW ON THE SHOULDER DID IT.

San Francisco, Feb. 13.—John Farrell and Jack O'Brien met in a six-round glove contest before the Mission Athletic Club Friday night. In the sixth round Farrell received a blow on the shoulder, which appeared to be only a slight tap. He fell and was counted out. It was feared that he would die. An affection of the heart, aggravated by excitement, is assigned as the cause of his collapse. Farrell walked out of the receiving hospital Saturday, apparently little the worse for his punishment. The physicians stated that Farrell has a weak heart. They advised him to eschew the ring, to which the pugilist very readily agreed.

INGLESIDE.

San Francisco, Feb. 13.—Weather fine and track fast at Ingleside Saturday:

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Orion 1, Einstein 2, Chappie 3. Time, 1:10.4.
Second, 3 furlongs—Mortgage 1, Bamboula 2, Belle of Palo Alto 3. Time, 1:27.
Third, short course steeplechase—Lord Chesterfield 1, Silverado 2, Reno 3. Time, 4:09.4.
Fourth race, 1 1/4 miles, the California Oaks—Espionage 1, Maud Ferguson 2, El Estro 3. Time, 1:57.4.
Fifth, 6 furlongs—O'Connell 1, Saturnus 2, Montgomery 3. Time, 1:13.4.
Sixth, 1 1/4 miles—Adolphi Sprackles 1, Red Glen 2, Dr. Bernays 3. Time, 2:09.

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Feb. 13.—In Johnny Lamley's hands, Ben Ronald ran his race Saturday and placed the Merchants' handicap, a \$1,000 stake, to J. J. McCafferty's credit. Laureate was, on recent performances, the favorite, and looked a winner up to the final sixteenth.

First, 7 furlongs—Sir Florian 1, Dandy H. 2, Volandies 3. Time, 1:29.4.
Second, half-mile—Alex. 1, Gussie Fay 2, Indian 3. Time, 1:43.
Third, selling, 1 1/2 miles—Monk Wayman 1, Tonto 2, Swordsman 3. Time, 2:37.4.
Fourth, Merchants' handicap, 1 1/4 miles—Ben Ronald 1, Laureate 2, Joe Shelley 3. Time, 1:56.
Fifth, selling, 6 1/2 furlongs—Hanlon 1, Free Hand 2, Blenheim 3. Time, 1:29.4.
Sixth, selling—7 1/2 furlongs—Sister Stella 1, Aunt Maggie 2, Gov. Boyd 3. Time, 1:36.4.

TIPS.

George C. Bennett, the Memphis turfman, has offered W. C. Daly \$5,000 for his contract with Winnie O'Connor. It is likely that the offer will be accepted.

ATHLETICS.

A HANDSOME GIFT.
Hannemann Hospital in Chicago has been enriched by \$5,000. A check for that amount has been sent the hospital by the directors of the Chicago Athletic Association, as the receipts of the charity football game, played Nov. 12. The receipts were nearly \$500 less than the amount to be given the hospital, but the C. A. A. generously decided to make it even figures, and the extra amount has been appropriated from the club treasury. The money will be used to establish a bed for athletes.

EASY FOR THE TURK.

About a thousand people, including one woman, braved the cold Saturday night to see Hall Adair, the Sultan's wrestler, toy with Jack Comstock, the Michigan giant, and John Leon, of Montreal, at the Auditorium in Detroit. The conditions of the match were that the Turk should throw each one of his

opponents three times in 90 minutes, but none of the bouts were more than a warm-up for the big fellow, and he disposed of them in 29 minutes and 24 seconds. The Turk gave a marvelous exhibition of strength, and, added to this, his immense size gave neither Comstock or Leon any chance to even get a hold on him. These two accounts for his great success, and perhaps were attributed to him. His movements were as methodical as an elephant's, and he never made any effort to secure any hold but a half-nelson, hammer or leg hold. It is only fair to say that he did not have to acquire any others, as they were quite sufficient once he got an opponent down.

LAWN TENNIS.

WESTERN ONTARIO LEAGUE.
The Western Ontario Lawn Tennis League has been organized, with a membership of 15 clubs. Three divisions have been formed as follows: Eastern—Strathroy, Parkhill, Alvinston, Watford, and one other to be decided. Central—Thamesville, Ridgeway, Glencoe, Florenceville, Walkerville, Kingsville, Tilbury and Chatham. George Massey, of the Chatham club, was chosen president, and S. C. Mason, of Bothwell, secretary.

The Chatham Lawn Tennis Club has elected the following officers: President, P. S. Coate; vice-president, Geo. Massey; secretary-treasurer, Dr. George Massey; executive committee, Miss Rose, Miss McLean and Messrs. McGee, Temple, Creighton, Mullen, Gunn, Ripsin and Laurie.

FOOTBALL.

IRELAND VS. SCOTLAND.

A match game of association football, between teams representing the two countries, was played at Dublin on Saturday. The game was won by Ireland, three goals to one.

NOTES OF SPORT.

It will sound strange this summer to hear that the baseball fight is between Boston, Brooklyn, Chicago and St. Louis. Yet that will be the cry if the Clevelanders go to St. Louis—New York Telegram.

Boston will give a trial in the spring, but he doubtless will be farmed out before the season is far advanced.

Pitcher Cuddy, of the Cleveland team, will go to Hot Springs this week and endeavor to get his rusty hinge in shape.
Boston has announced that but 15 players will be carried on the trips this season, and Connie Mack, of the Brewers, in the Western League, says he will carry but 12, so there will be plenty of room for the new members to see who is to stay and who will go.

Manager Selee, of Boston, speaking of Hanlon's new team, said: "It is without doubt one of the strongest teams individually that ever played in the league. The team that beats the Brooklyn in the race for the pennant will have to play some mighty good ball."

A dispatch from Boston is authority that the limit of salary this season, Tenny, Long, Lowe, Collins, Bergen and Hamilton each receiving \$2,400, while Duffy gets \$2,750 and Nichols \$3,000. Stahl is one of the others who has counted himself in on the increase of salary, although it is hardly probable that the demands will be acceded to.
The new Westchester Athletic Club has already made a bid of \$15,000 for the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Detective Miller Issues a Writ Claiming \$1,500 Damages

Against the Township of Southwold—Grain Thieves at Chatham—William Keen's Narrow Escape From Death.

Mumps are prevalent in St. Thomas.

C. E. Naylor has been elected chairman of the Essex High School board. The registry office at Ingersoll was discovered on fire Thursday. Damage slight.

Two young men from St. Thomas were badly frozen on Friday night while driving to Port Stanley.

There is some talk of Brantford having a large new pickle factory, a branch of an American firm.

The proceeds of the sacred concert held in St. Alphonsus Church, Windsor last week amounted to over \$100.

The residence of J. R. McEwan, Essex, was destroyed by fire Thursday afternoon. Loss about \$3,000, covered by insurance.

"Princess Bonnie" was presented by the Brantford Musical Society, at the Brantford Opera House, Thursday. They scored a decided hit.

Arthur Calbeck's grocery store, Market street, opposite the court house, Brantford, was broken into Friday night and some goods stolen.

The death is announced of Mr. Frank Banbury, only son of Mr. John Banbury, of the third concession of Dereham, after an illness of but one week.

A large quantity of dynamite was passed through the Windsor Customs Friday morning, to be used in blowing up the ice to release the Shenango, which is ice-bound in Lake Erie.

Windsor Preceptory, No. 26, of Windsor Knights Templar, in full Templar uniform, will pay a fraternal visit to Kent Preceptory of Chatham, on Tuesday, Feb. 21. A banquet will be held after the meeting.

The town council of Leamington has applied to the Ontario Legislature to have the debt of the town consolidated. The debt amounts to \$108,382, and it is proposed to issue debentures covering a period of 30 years to cover it.

D. J. Donohue, solicitor for Detective Bob Miller, has issued a writ against the township of Southwold, claiming \$1,500 damages. The detective alleges that on Dec. 9 last he had his shoulder and wrist badly injured by coming in contact with a pig on Tuesday, Feb. 21. A banquet of the legal fraternity presented a congratulatory address, and a deputation of citizens, headed by Mayor T. A. Smith, also presented an address and two easy chairs.

By the death of Mrs. John Hodgkinson, of Windsor, which event took place at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, Zorra has lost another of its pioneers. Mr. Hodgkinson's entire

life has been spent in West Zorra, her parents having emigrated to Canada from Pennsylvania, and settled in this township in the early twenties. Mrs. Hodgkinson was born in the year 1820. About the year 1858 she was married to John Hodgkinson, of North Embro, who survives her.

Henry Cook, of Amulree, while scoring at a wood bee on the farm of Mr. Sevier, was painfully injured. One of the legs was crushed by a chip off a log, when, owing to the frost, the axe glanced off the wood and struck Mr. Cook on the face, inflicting an ugly gash, beginning at the nose and extending across the cheek. Dr. Whitteman was telephoned for, and put in a number of stitches. Mr. Cook is doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances.

Frank Mays, James Brown and Warner Brown are charged with stealing a wagon load of clover seed from E. J. Mays & Sons, grain merchants, at Flint, Mich., valued extradition proceedings and returned to Chatham. Before the magistrate he pleaded guilty and was remanded for a week for sentence. Both Browns deny the charge. The robbery was one of the most barefaced varieties. The thieves deliberately carted the seed away in broad daylight and sold it to another dealer.

An accident occurred at Tavistock Wednesday morning that might have proved fatal. At the 11 o'clock train was coming into the village, William Koch, of Amulree, was driving along the Shakespeare road with a load of wood. He evidently did not hear the hind bob and scattered the wood in all directions right up to the station platform. The horses dashed ahead past the band stand, over the scales, and then up the road, where they struck with tremendous force into a load of logs. The injuries to the horses, however, are not serious. Mr. Koch was fortunate in getting off with only a scare and a fall.

Application has been made to the high court, Toronto, to adjudge Augustin Bertrand dead, and to grant an order for the partition of his \$2,500 estate among his lawful heirs. He was the son of John Bertrand, one of the oldest settlers in Anderson, and if now living he would be a very old man. When quite young he started for the West, where he was engaged by the Hudson Bay Company as a voyageur for many years. He was also a trapper and dealer in furs. His relatives have heard nothing of him for 60 years, and have long believed him to be dead. A few months ago his brother, John B. Bertrand, died in Anderson, leaving a considerable estate and a will of such a character that Augustin would rank as one of the heirs. His portion was \$2,500. This was paid into court to his credit, and now his heirs are trying to obtain it.

BRITISH POSTAL CLERKS COMBINE.

Over 60,000 English postal employees have combined together and formed an association to obtain a select committee of the House of Commons to inquire into the whole question of the conditions of employment in the post-office, and to secure the concession to postal workers of the full rights of combination as understood among workers outside of the postoffice.

ANOTHER MANITOBA BLAZE.

Roland, Man., Feb. 11.—A serious fire occurred here Thursday night, and many merchants lost their places of business and their stocks. The fire started by a gasoline explosion in the hardware store of J. E. Birch & Sons. The store, located at the corner of Main, building and contents; C. W. Johns, carriage-maker, building and material inside; Laurie & Co., building and contents; Higgins & Webster's building destroyed; Mrs. Brooks, dressmaking rooms, contents a total loss. In the rear of the store are all the household goods were lost.

FAT STOCK SHOW.

Toronto, Feb. 12.—The annual meeting of the Fat Stock Show was held on Friday at the Palmer House, and considerable business was speedily dispatched. It was decided that the annual exhibit should be held in the first week in December, commencing on Tuesday and ending on Friday. Several cities and towns applied for the show, and the Palmer House, Port Perry and Stratford. A full meeting of directors will be held for the purpose of deciding. It was resolved that an exhibit of dressed poultry should be made one of the leading features. The officers elected are as follows: President, J. H. Snell; secretary-treasurer, F. W. Hodson; executive and programme committee, the president, vice-president, secretary, and Messrs. Tolton, Brethour, Wale and Clemons.

Wake Up! You are an energetic man—ambitious one. But it is hard to get up in the morning. You feel that you could take just one more nap, and one more nap, and one more nap. Your head is heavy. You hate to get up. Your mouth tastes

bad. Your back aches. You do not sleep, and you are irritable. When you go to bed, you do not feel like it. You fight the clock all day, and a couple of hours before closing time you turn in and work like a good fellow. When it's time to stop, you are just warmed up for a six day's go-as-you-please. But it is too late, and the next morning it is the same thing over again.

That isn't laziness—it's sickness—real, serious sickness. And later it will develop into something worse—liver trouble, consumption, blood disease, or nervous prostration. There is a remedy that will put you on your feet—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It will wake up your stomach, give you an appetite, and put vim in your blood. It will make a new man of you. It contains no narcotics, and it will not create appetite for stimulants.

Mr. Charles Hunwick, of Lenox, Macomb Co., Mich., writes: "I have never felt better in my life than I do now. I have taken Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery right along. I can now walk quite well with a cane and hope to throw even that away before long, and as I have had to use crutches for nearly two years, I think I am doing well. I can sleep like a school boy. I have been treated in two hospitals and by three doctors besides, and received no benefit, so that your medicine is the only medicine for me."

Do not let any one induce you to take a substitute in place of "Golden Medical Discovery." Buy of reliable dealers. Watch tricky ones, something else that pays them better will probably be offered as "just as good." Perhaps it is for them; but it can't be for you.

Radway's Ready Relief

Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with

Aches and Pains

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints, and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A Cure For All

Cold, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Frosts, Chills, Headaches, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing. Cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need any one suffer with pain. Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest and Limbs.

IT WAS THE FIRST AND IS THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures Coughs, Pleurisy, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, or other disorders of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other organs, by its application.

A half-teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Headaches, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal Pains. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers (aided by Radway's Pills) so quickly as Radway's Ready Relief.

10c per bottle. Sold by druggists.

Radway's Pills

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, purify, cleanse and strengthen the system. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous System, Dizziness, Vertigo, Constipation, Flatulency, etc.

SICK HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, AND—

ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from disorders of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and chill in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the chest, and all the sudden flushes of heat, burning in the feet.
A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders. Price 25c per box. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail.
Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 7 St. Helier Street, Montreal, for Book or Advice.

Electric Bell...

with fancy bronze push-button put in, all complete, for \$3.00.
ELECTRIC BELLS kept in permanent repair for only 50c per year.
MEDICAL BATTERIES repaired and for sale.

THE TRIUMPH MEDICAL BATTERY, ONLY ONE OF A KIND.

REMARKABLE INDUCTION COILS, for X-ray and experimental work, any size spark, built to order.

ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRING at reasonable rates.

ELECTRIC WINDOW DISPLAYS.

Small Electric Motors, for special purposes, built to order.

R. M. MILLAR,

424 Talbot St. London, Ont.

Veterinary Surgeon.

J. H. TENNANT—VETERINARY SURGEON.

Office, King street, opposite the Leinster Hotel, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

Swedish Massage.

MISS MILLAR, 320 PRINCESS AVENUE

Swedish therapeutic massage, graduate of the Hugo Oldenburg Institute, Chicago.

Business Cards.

D. DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS

carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 154 Dundas street.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL

roofer, repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 229 South street, London. Telephone 88.

Medical Cards.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 300 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12.30 to 4 p.m.

DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S.E.D. Office and residence, 402 Dundas street, 422 Dundas street. Telephone 1004.

DR. BELTON HAS RETURNED FROM ENGLAND and resumed practice. Hours, 12 to 3 and 6 to 8 p.m.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Specialties, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 12 p.m.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D.—413 Park avenue. Phone 210.

DR. N. HENDERSON, CORNER OF QUEEN'S AND PARK AVENUES. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

CL. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 327 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9.30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m., and 6 to 8 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 350 CLARENCE

—Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties: Pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

R. OVENS, M.D., 25 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 128 DUNDAS STREET. Telephone.

DR. MACLAREN—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 128 DUNDAS STREET. Telephone.

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DR. MACLAREN—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.)

Managing Director John Cameron

London, Monday, Feb. 13, 1899.

Church Union.

This is a great subject, and the Christian Guardian, with its editorial and symposium, seeks to throw a varied light upon it. "Men of light and leading" speak wise, strong words and hold high the ideal of Christian unity. Men of Catholic spirit who believe in healthful diversity are oppressed by the divisions of Christendom, and think that something might be done to lessen the number of sections into which Protestantism is split up. A movement, like a man, has "the defects of its qualities," and the movement which seems to vindicate the rights of the individual man is in danger of increasing divisions. It is true there may be times when divisions are necessary. They should not be regarded as final, but as stages on the way to a higher unity.

The thought of union is today in the air, and while rapid progress may not be made, the discussion of a really great subject is always a wholesome discipline. It is true that in Canada the movement has been advanced a stage beyond what it has reached in the old land. Of course it was in some cases an absurdity to have transplanted to this soil the divisions and strife of the old country. However, the unions that have taken place here will take some time to make them thorough and complete. We know small towns where there are two congregations of the same communion that are not both needed. Everything that reason can say is in favor of union, and a certain measure of ecclesiastical influence has been brought to bear in the same direction, and yet old associations or local and personal prejudices have so far proved too strong. There seems in such cases to be a certain amount of waste which is a reproach at a time when so much is needed for service abroad and for aggressive work in our own land. We have known cases of a bigger kind where an attempt has been made to unite two small similar religious bodies, and negotiations that were far advanced fell through apparently for no other reason than that certain leaders thought it was better not to "rule in hell rather than serve in heaven," but that it was better to be a sun in a small sky than to be a lesser light in a larger heaven. We are told that the love of power is "the last infirmity of noble minds," and facts sometimes seem to bear out that old saying. You cannot argue against that kind of thing, or, at any rate, arguments seem in such a case to be spent in vain. Conferences of "the round table," or square table, can deal with slight divergencies of doctrine or details of administration, but they cannot all at once uproot old habits, or give men new ways of viewing religious worship and life. The difference between the members of the commons which seem to be very similar, is not so much in formal doctrine or in liturgy, as in something more subtle and atmospheric, difficult to define, and still more difficult to change.

Still, as we have said, union is in the air. It has recently been effected in other colonial churches, it exists in many mission fields, it is on the carpet—perhaps we ought to say on the floor—in Scotland. The "Free Church Federation" in England is now an influential fact. The council of that federation has just produced a new catechism, setting forth the old truths in more modern ways, and giving prominence to some neglected aspects of Catholic truth. The Times recognized this as a significant fact, and said that the catechism was "churchy." Not having seen it we cannot express an opinion as to the correctness of this criticism, but taking it on trust, we are glad that Free Churchmen have had an opportunity of repelling in a constituted way the charge that Protestantism is "anti-social," and of showing that "individualism" is only one element of their faith.

Until all men are perfectly intelligent and truly charitable it will not be for the good either of the church or the world for any one "body" to have all the field to itself, but it seems to be universally admitted that the present fierce competition is wasteful and unchristian. It leads some to denounce "organized Christianity," and in some cases tends to produce unsectarian sects. To see an evil is one thing, to provide an effectual remedy a higher and more difficult thing. As so many competent physicians have diagnosed the case, we may hope that some good will come out of it. In the opening out of new places church authorities should be able to exercise some wise control if there is a real spirit of give and take. But so long as churches feel that they must rush into fields already fully occupied, when there are only half a dozen families of their persuasion, because in their absence the people do not get the "pure gospel," union of any comprehensive kind seems to be a desired but distant goal.

Then ministers and people in small parishes can do something to promote the right spirit by respecting each other's position and co-operating where possible in matters that pertain to the common good. "Schism" we believe is a wicked thing in this sense, that a man who gives way to a factious spirit—for that is the original meaning of "heretic"—and divides a church or splits a party for small personal reasons, sins against society, and mani-

fest an unchristian temper. But men who are simply loyal to the church of their fathers and would gladly draw nearer to all Christian brethren, are not schismatic. From these the real union movement must come. Like other virtues charity is easier to speak about

in conventions than to live in spite of narrowing local circumstances. In the meantime we can at any rate attempt to live in the spirit of the old motto which runs somewhat in this fashion: "In things essential unity, in things indifferent liberty, in all things charity."

European Topics

Treated by Cable Correspondents—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman Makes a Decided Hit in His Debut as Liberal Leader.

Advantage of a Foreign Relations Committee—Sad Chapter in Young Prince Alfred's History—Entangled in Gambling Scandals—Von Buelow's Statement Regarding German and American Relations—Herbert Bismarck Surprises His Supporters—An Irrepressible Conflict in the Church of England—The Viscount Organ-grinder—Prince Ludwig Still Missing.

London, Feb. 13.—The session of parliament, which was heralded by one of the dullest Queen's speeches on record, promises to be mainly devoted to foreign affairs. Education and the London government bills are the only two items on the government's domestic programme which are calculated to bring out interesting debates.

The Right Hon. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the new leader of the Liberal party, clearly indicated in his speech on the address, by traversing the whole ground of Lord Salisbury's foreign policy, that the opposition has chosen that subject as the chief weapon of attack. He

MADE A DECIDED HIT in his debut as Liberal leader. He is a very able and ambitious man, and it is admitted that during his tenure of office under Lord Rosebery, he made the best war minister Great Britain has had in twenty years. His getting rid of the duke of Cambridge as commander-in-chief of the forces was a masterpiece of tact and diplomacy, as it was accomplished in the face of fierce court opposition.

A FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

A remark of Lord Salisbury's in replying to Lord Kimberley's criticism of the government's reticence regarding foreign matters, to the effect that one advantage the United States had over Great Britain was in the possession of a foreign relations committee, has attracted considerable attention. The premier expressed envy at the position of the American secretary of state, although he added that such a system is utterly impracticable here. The papers have now taken the matter up, and ask if the system was so superior why the American institution could not be copied.

ITS INSTITUTION PROPOSED.

The St. James' Gazette declines to believe it obvious that reform is utterly impracticable, and says: "The Washington committee works, we know, in such a way to excite the envy of our prime minister." Continuing, the St. James' Gazette urges the establishment of such a committee, "than which we cannot conceive anything better fitted to insure the desired continuity of foreign policy."

This is very flattering testimony to the superiority of the American institution from a paper which seldom finds anything praiseworthy in America.

MORE NOISY THAN SERIOUS.

The ritualistic controversy had a field day in both houses of parliament on Thursday; but the fact that only 89 members supported the motion in the House of Commons that legislative steps be taken to cope with ritualism, is held to show that the controversy is more noisy than serious.

PRINCE ALFRED'S DEATH.

There is a dark tragedy lying behind the death of young Prince Alfred of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, the only son of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, second son of Queen Victoria. This adds greatly to the grief of his relatives. He was handsome, tall, and of manly bearing, and his slight, boyish figure, in a brilliant Russian uniform, was conspicuous during the jubilee festivities in England. Soon after the jubilee, the prince returned to his regiment in Berlin, one of the crack guard regiments, but he soon

FELL INTO BAD HANDS.

became entangled in the gambling scandals, and finally this resulted in his cousin, Emperor William, dismissing him from the guards, and under the guise of promotion, transferred him to a line regiment at Coburg. Two other officers who were mixed up in the gambling scandal were cashiered. But gambling was not the worst feature of the young prince's case. He indulged in other dissipations, which undermined his health, and brought about his untimely death, as, with Alfonso XII. of Spain. Early in January, specialists pronounced Prince Alfred's state to be hopeless, and his successors to the throne of Coburg out of the question.

SAD END!

The prince, however, had to participate in the silver wedding festivities of his parents, and was carried to the gala performance at the Coburg theater in a sedan chair. Four days before the prince's death the disease from which he was suffering caused inflammation of the brain, bringing an agonizing end. He died without any of his relatives near him, in a delirium, in the sanatorium in the Austrian Tyrol, to which he was taken. Only two doctors were at his bedside when he expired.

WHO WILL GET THE THRONE.

The statement of the health of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha will bring into prominence the question of the succession to the throne of Coburg, which devolves upon the Duke of Connaught, brother of the Duke of Edinburgh, and third son of Queen Victoria. Before Lord the Duke of Con-

naught may have to decide whether he will leave his native land and take up the sovereignty of Saxe-Coburg. If he chooses the latter he will have to abandon his career in the British army, in which he is the most popular general, and has the prospect of becoming commander-in-chief. The Duchess of Connaught will have an important voice in the question. She is a patriotic German, and a princess of Prussia, and will probably throw her weight in favor of Saxe-Coburg. The general belief, however, is that the Duke of Connaught will renounce the title and succession in favor of his son, Prince Arthur, who was born Jan. 13, 1883.

The death of Prince Alfred has been a heavy blow to the London season, as black will be worn up to Easter. The season began with the opening of the parliamentary session.

GERMANY AND UNCLE SAM.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—The United States ambassador here, Mr. Andrew D. White, utterly disbelieves the reports that Germany has financially supported Aguinaldo, and similar stories. With reference to the latter, a high government official said to the correspondent here of the Associated Press: "These reports are utterly baseless. It is true that a commercial syndicate for the export of arms and ammunition has existed at Hong Kong for years, and is still doing a thriving business. Its members are English, Americans, Japanese and Chinese; but it does not contain a single German. The consul of Germany certainly does not belong to the syndicate, nor is he in any way interested in the arms and ammunition trade."

MANILA KEENLY WATCHED.

American affairs have occupied a large space in the German press during the past week. The events at Manila have been followed keenly, and the press comments are plentiful and varied. Generally speaking, the papers are rather sympathetic to the Americans, but fears are expressed that the task of subduing the Filipinos will prove harder than the Americans suppose. The Vossische Zeitung, in an article, wishing the Americans success, says: "If President McKinley insists upon establishing permanent American rule in the Philippines, the United States stand just on the threshold of a colonial war of war, whose dangers and expense, blood and money, the American newspaper strategists have probably no adequate idea."

PROPOSAL TO DIVIDE SAMOA.

The Kreuz Zeitung says: "Whoever looks over the situation calmly must admit that the final victory of the Americans is not only certain, but desirable." The Kreuz Zeitung then rejoices that the relations between Germany and the United States are improving, and pays a high tribute to Mr. White for his steady efforts in that direction. The paper next divides a partition of the Samoan Islands, Germany taking Upolu, upon which Apia, the capital, is situated, and which contains more than half the total population of the entire group, and the United States and Great Britain dividing Savaii, Tutuila and Manua.

GERMANY AND THE FILIPINOS.

In the reichstag, Baron Von Buelow said on Saturday: "In the dispatch by Germany of a squadron to East Asia during the Hispano-American war, we were guided solely by the legitimate obligation imposed upon us of protecting German subjects and German trade at Manila. We were never for a single moment, disloyal to honorable duty. (Cheers.) I most emphatically declare that the statements which have appeared in a portion of the foreign press regarding the alleged German designs in the Philippines or German support of the Filipinos against the Americans are the most barefaced falsehoods."

THE UNITED STATES AND GER-

MANY.

"I believe that between two strong, manly nations, frankness and straightforwardness is the best policy. The mutual relations between the two governments has never ceased to be friendly, and the distinguished representative of the United States at the Berlin conference, Mr. D. White recognized that in his speech here on Independence Day in a manner which must have redounded to our satisfaction. He declared that the attitude of the representatives of Germany during the war was such as the Americans could only have expected it to be. For my part I declare that the political attitude of the American Government offered us no reason for objections from the standpoint of reasonable politics. There is,

indeed, no reason whatever why the two powers should not stand in the best relationship with one another.

MISUNDERSTOOD.

"In America it is very generally assumed that there prevails in Germany a feeling of spite and dislike against America. Here there is a widespread idea that the Americans are animated by particularly unfavorable sentiment towards us. I believe that the people of America are to a great extent in the dark relative to the views of Germany on public opinion regarding the war. German opinion was never blind to the brilliant qualities of the Americans, and never begrudged them the fruits which rewarded their efforts and their victories. On the other hand, German opinion has not refrained from expressing human sympathy with the brave and severely tried Spanish nation. This has been misrepresented in a perfidious manner by foreign newspapers in order to excite distrust against us in America. This, however, has in no way affected our relations with America, which do not date from yesterday."

FAIRNESS WITHOUT WEAKNESS.

Baron Von Buelow recalled the early recognition by Frederick the Great of the independence of the United States, and dwelt on the subject of support which Germany gave. He hoped, in view of the enormous mutual political-commercial interests of the two countries, and especially in view of the increase of American imports into Germany—which already exceeds a half-million of marks—that there would be anxiety on the part of the United States to avoid all cause of economic friction. He referred to the millions of Germans in America, who serve the country loyally, but without forgetting the motherland.

Baron Von Buelow expressed the hope and conviction that, with full reciprocity, mutual consideration, mutual respect, and the justice and fairness which are essential to the proper relationship of two great self-respecting people, the relations between the two nations would always be tranquil, firm and friendly.

The minister afterwards spoke of the "perfidious press representatives of both countries," and enumerated many historical ties between the two nations, adding: "It will be well not to rupture those ties. We will treat the United States with fairness, but without weakness."

HERBERT BISMARCK'S STAND.

Prince Herbert Bismarck said he thought nothing good was done in a hurry, and the reichstag ought to be content with the well-weighted statement read by the foreign minister. Certainly, the government's representatives who were present deserved the confidence of the whole house. Continuing, Prince Bismarck expressed the opinion that the American treatment was unfavorable, and he desired that it should be repaid in kind. He also expressed the hope that the reichstag would show unanimous confidence in the government.

Political circles are greatly astonished. Prince Herbert Bismarck's pronounced support of Baron Von Buelow, and it is thought the appearance of the prince in the reichstag foreshadows his re-entrance. Some express the opinion that he will be sent to Washington, as he spoke in such flattering terms of the United States, and expressed the hope that the Washington Government would not make too difficult for Germany the maintenance of friendship between the two nations.

THE ANGLICAN CHURCH.

London, Feb. 13.—Henry Norman, in his cable letter, says: There will be no lack of subjects for keen debate this session. Foremost among these will be the religious question, which has assumed a new and truly alarming aspect, and which was not touched by the unreal division of Thursday. The speeches of the Archbishop of Canterbury and the bishops in the House of Lords clearly show, however incredible the fact may seem, that in the Protestant establishment a party in the Established Church, which is without disguise working for a reunion with the Church of Rome, has won a sweeping victory.

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

The plain fact is that the bishops, who are between two fires—Romanism and disestablishment—have not dared to provoke an issue. Harcourt, after raising the whole discussion by his letters to the Times, left England a few hours before the debate. The Archbishop of Canterbury's speech was timid, evasive and time-serving. Lord Halifax, on the contrary, as leader of the Romanists, took the floor like a conqueror. The tone of his speech was: "We think, and we shall continue to think; we say, and we shall continue to say; we have done, and we shall continue to do." It was a triumphant, almost contemptuous, defiance. Every clergyman celebrating the Roman Catholic mass, reserving the sacrament, using those vestments and altar ornaments which are forbidden by the prayer-book, hearing confession, and employing ceremonial incense, now knows that he has nothing more to fear. In England today the Reformation has become an unimportant incident. To justify these

STRONG WORDS.

I may cite a few facts. In England and Wales, in the Church of England's established places of worship, during 1897, now fewer than 5,135 masses were offered to get souls out of purgatory. In one church, that in Brighton, last year, 10,000 confessions were heard. Some 1,800 clergymen are members of the Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament, which exists to propagate the sacrifice of the mass and the doctrine of transubstantiation. A book called the Lesser Hours of the Sarum Breviary, "used in many of the theological colleges, contains a Latin litany, giving precedence to the pope, with the bishops and abbots placed over the Queen. Another book, called 'The Parish Priest of the Town,' written by one bishop and recommended by several others, contains Pusey's work called 'A Manual for Confessors.' Yet Lord Salisbury once said of the confessional: 'We know that besides its being unfavorable to what we believe to be Christian truth in its results, it has been injurious to the moral independence and virility of the nation to an extent which probably has been given to no other institution to so affect the character of mankind.'

CARDINAL VAUGHAN'S VIEWS.

I have said that the Romanists have practically thrown off all disguise. In proof of this I may point to the words of Cardinal Vaughan, the Roman Catholic archbishop, who said of the ritualists: "They are doing our work much better than we ourselves could do it. They are sowing the seed, while we, with folded hands, are standing by, waiting to reap the harvest." In today's Daily News the Rev. Gunnes Rogers, who is a leader of dissenting

WHAT IS

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. It is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. It cures Diarrhoea. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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opinion in all political matters, says: "Is England to be loyal to the Protestant faith?" and adds: "If anyone reading the proceedings of the convocation and the speeches of the bishops there and in the House of Lords can possibly believe that they will take any effective action in the interest of Protestantism, his must be a temperamental sanguine as to prevent the due exercise of his judgment." Finally, as proof of the prominence this momentous question now occupies before the country, Friday's Times contained no fewer than eighteen columns devoted to it.

AN IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT.

Another correspondent says: There is an irrepressible conflict of opinion in the English Church, and if the convocation cannot arrange a practical irenicism, parliament and the civil courts are incompetent to decide questions of doctrine and practice. The exact extent of the arrangement is not quite clear. It is not a new principle, however, but one decided upon long ago. A French coaling station in that particular part of the world will not be tolerated by this country.

THE FRENCH SCANDAL.

It is difficult to convey any idea of the situation in France without using expressions which would seem exaggerated and meaningless to you, 3,000 miles away. The truth is that France has ceased to exist as a civilized country. For surely the best single test of civilization is the permitting of free utterance to the highest court of justice provided by the constitution. This is precisely what the French Government refuses. The committee appointed to inquire into the truth of Beaupre's allegations had to report that the Dreyfus charges were groundless. Then the committee of the Chamber of Deputies strongly reported against removing the Dreyfus case to the whole court of 48 judges. But Premier Dupuy insisted, the chamber has voted, by a majority of 116, this absolutely unconstitutional act. I fear the senate will vote similarly. Then the 32 new judges may say that they cannot possibly pronounce without hearing all the evidence, and thus a revision be once more postponed for months. One must be blind as a bat not to see the significance of this. Dupuy and his deputies realize that a judicial revolution is in the air. Dreyfus would be the signal for a military revolution, and to this fear every sentiment of justice, every constitutional guarantee is sacrificed. There is good reason to believe, however, that the verdict of the criminal chamber will see the light of day, notwithstanding Dupuy's attempt to suppress it.

THE NOBLE ORGAN-GRINDER.

Lady Hinton, wife of the viscount organ-grinder, has stated in an interview that many of her husband's acquaintances, who would not lend him a shilling before the death of Earl Poulet, are now offering money and open checks. Viscount Hinton does not anticipate any opposition to his taking possession of the property of the late Earl Poulet.

CREMATION MAY BE NECESSARY.

Sir Arthur Arnold is trying to wake up London to a serious question, which is that in the near future the present means of disposal of the dead will be exhausted. There is an average of 130,000 deaths in London annually, and only 200 acres of burial land remain within a reasonable distance of the metropolis. Already the poor people are bunched, to the number of twenty, in one grave. Most of the best sites of land, Sir Arthur points out, are being bought up for those horrible cemeteries all around the suburbs. An effort is now to be made by the county council to push a measure through parliament for the establishment of crematories all around the outskirts of London.

PRINCE ASTRAY.

Notwithstanding the protestations of Princess Ludwig of Loewenstein-Wertheim, that there is no cause for alarm about the missing prince referred to last week, and that his highness would be ready to reappear in a few days, he has not yet turned up, and so far all efforts to trace him have been without result.

ABSENT LEADERS.

Lord Rosebery has not been seen in parliament, and a great variety of stories have been invented to explain what he is doing. Sir Wernis Reed, who is his trusted associate, announces that Lord Rosebery has been staying quietly at country houses, and is on the point of starting for the Mediterranean on a yachting cruise. Mr. Chamberlain is not in good health, but it is expected he will resume his place in the House of Commons some time next week. John Morley broods in silence over the debates, in which Gladstone's home rule cause is no longer mentioned. Mr. John Dillon has acted sensibly in declining a re-election to leadership, and thereby has opened a way for the reunion of the Irish factions. If Messrs. Redmond and Healy are equally magnanimous something may be done to restore the Nationalist fortunes.

If the affairs of the government continue in their present state of quiescence, Lord Salisbury will go to the Riviera in March. Meantime, he has taken to cycling and riding with in the Hatfield grounds for the purpose of reducing his obesity. He uses a machine specially constructed for him, which has two brakes. He cuts an odd figure on the wheel, and dislikes being seen by those with whom he is officially connected.

A RELIEF TO AMBASSADORS.

Lord Salisbury has issued a circu-

lar to her Majesty's ambassadors and ministers abroad, declaring that British visitors have no claim on their private hospitality. It had been discovered that officials of the foreign office have been using copiously lithographed documents written in grandiose style, introducing their friends and acquaintances to the embassies abroad, where the long-suffering diplomats have been put to great expense at winning and dining, and sometimes boarding these visitors, under the belief that they were officially connected.

THE MUSCAT AFFAIR.

There is no thought at the foreign office that any serious trouble will be caused by the French deal with the Sultan of Oman at Muscat. The exact extent of the arrangement is not quite clear. It is not a new principle, however, but one decided upon long ago. A French coaling station in that particular part of the world will not be tolerated by this country.

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Don't swim when there's a bridge. Don't experiment with your health. Profit by the experience of others. ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT has acted as a bridge for many to carry them over sickness and disease. The daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt will keep you in good health and spirits the year 'round. All druggists sell this standard English preparation at 60c a large bottle; trial size, 25c.

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To Whom She Said "Yes."

"Venetia, darling, I should like Miss Aubrey to see Roderick," said Mrs. Stretby, when her eldest daughter came in sight, laden with music books. Down went the pile of large volumes, and away went Venetia in search of the infant. Eden saw her run across the courtyard with him, possibly in the direction of the pump, because he was in too sticky a condition to be presentable, for when she bore him into the room his rosy little face was still wet, shining with his recent ablutions. While Eden romped with and tickled the plump baby, it was quite amusing to see the placid complacency with which Mrs. Stretby looked on. She roused herself once to proffer a request that Roderick might be allowed to come to his mamma to be nursed, and the child was seated on her knee; but, after apostrophising him once or twice with a gentle "Oh, baby, baby!" she looked helplessly round, and Philip seized her little brother, proclaiming that he was too much for ma. Another contest for possession of him then arose, in which the twin who had been worsted in the first battle came off victorious, and danced off with her prize hanging over her shoulders, and only saved him from falling by her grasp of his mottled legs.

Feeling that she could not be of any further service, Eden would have departed, but Mrs. Stretby entreated her to stay a little longer.

"Pray don't go yet, my love, for there is something I particularly wish to say to you, Venetia, what is it I wanted to ask Miss Aubrey?"

Venetia took hold of the extreme tip of her Roman nose and meditated.

"Was it oatmeal, ma?"

"I think not, love, though somebody did say something to me about its being excellent food for children; and I believe I made up my mind to ask some one or other if it were true, but still I don't think it was that."

"Goats?" now queried Venetia.

"For baby's chaise? Ah! perhaps Miss Aubrey can tell us if they are to be had here; but still, that isn't it."

"Patterns, then, of her dress and jacket? Pa said she dressed better than any girl he had seen for some time—so stylish, and yet so quiet and ladylike."

The blushing Eden hastened to disclaim any credit for this.

"Mamma cuts out and plans my dresses. It is she who has both taste and ingenuity—not me."

"No, it was not patterns," said Mrs. Stretby, beginning to look hopelessly perplexed, "though I believe I said I'd ask Miss Aubrey who made for her. Ah! now I remember. It was the twins and their education. They must be taught something. I'm quite anxious about them, I am, indeed!"

"You are in want of a governess?" asked Eden.

"Oh! no; not a resident one. We have tried that plan, and somehow it doesn't answer. Mr. Stretby doesn't like to see the poor dears cry over their lessons, or fret at being confined too strictly to the school room."

"Then you would prefer a daily governess?"

Mrs. Stretby meditated.

"I don't know what to say about that. I am afraid it would worry me to have a stranger coming to the house at regular hours; because, you see, she would expect to find her pupils always ready for her, and they are such harum-scarum little creatures, one never knows where to find them."

"Then I don't think I quite understand what it is you wish," said Eden, hesitatingly, as she glanced from Mrs. Stretby to her daughters.

"It is a difficult question, isn't it? murmured the matron. 'But I am so anxious that their education shouldn't be neglected that I don't know what to do. I am afraid it would worry me to have a stranger coming to the house at regular hours; because, you see, she would expect to find her pupils always ready for her, and they are such harum-scarum little creatures, one never knows where to find them.'

"Here am I, ma," said the young lady, wheeling in a small table on which to deposit the luncheon-tray a servant was bringing. "I know what we planned last night. The old woman told us that Miss Aubrey is highly accomplished, and regularly teaches her little sister, and I said how nice it would be if she would let H and P share the child's lessons."

"H and P?" repeated Eden, half-laughing, half-bewildered.

"Yes, the twins; don't you know that they are called that in short for Hyacinth and Persis, just as I am Philip for Philippina, and Lin was christened Ethelinda? Ma always chooses from some romance she has read, but pa hates what he calls crack-jaw names, and curtails them as much as he can. But what do you say to my scheme, Miss Aubrey? Will you agree to it? Pray do; it will be such a relief to

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poor dear ma! Her head quite ached with thinking about it."

Before Eden could make any reply, Mr. Stretby came bustling into the room.

"Girls, I have had a visitor, and he has given me an idea," he exclaimed, as soon as he had shaken hands with Eden. "I had walked down to the gates with the new gardener, when he should come riding up but Halliss. You remember him; he was once a Lieutenant in ours, and now he's a major in the 150th—one of the regiments stationed at Aldenby."

"Why didn't you bring him in to lunch, pa?" asked Miss Venetia.

"Because, my dear Sneshy, I couldn't be sure that the state of the latter admitted it. Besides, he had an engagement; but I have promised to dine at the mess tomorrow, and then I can tell him and his friends to come over when they feel inclined."

This free-and-easy style of giving invitations was evidently a new thing, for no remark was made upon it, Philip only inquiring what had been Major Halliss' clever idea.

"Ah, I was forgetting it. He walked with me as far as the building that stands in the grounds—a banquetting hall, or something of the kind—and what do you think he said?"

"Go on, pa," said Lin imperiously. "I hate the bother of guessing."

"He said, 'Why don't you lay down some asphalt here, and convert it into a rink? Our fellows are moped to death at Aldenby, which is the dulliest, dirtiest hole imaginable; and they'd regard you as their best friend if you'd do this, and let them come and rink with the young ladies.' And, by Jove, girls, I don't think I could do better than act upon the suggestion, for an English winter is not like a Canadian one, and you'll terribly miss your skating, and sleighing, and tobogganing. Come and have a look at the place."

Away they ran at his heels, carrying the baby with them, and Eden, who had declined to accompany them, bade Mrs. Stretby farewell, and then he went to consult her mother, respecting the pupil so suddenly offered to her.

[To be Continued.]

DISEASE IN THE PHILIPPINES

Health of the U. S. Troops—Seventeen Per Cent of the Soldiers Sick in Some Regiments.

Washington, Feb. 13.—In response to a resolution of inquiry, the secretary of war has sent to the senate a statement from the surgeon-general in regard to the health conditions of the troops in the Philippines. He says that the sickness in some regiments has been as high as 17 per cent, but that it is believed that the average has seldom exceeded 10 per cent. He also says that climatic conditions do not appear so far to have been attended with unusual mortality. He adds that malarial diseases have caused no deaths and gives the total death rate as shown by the returns for July, August, September and October as equal to 9.36 per thousand, which is only slightly in excess of the rate in garrisons of the United States in time of peace. More than half the deaths were caused by typhoid. A peculiar fact is noticed as follows:

"Injuries, notwithstanding 127 cases of wounds received at Cavite and Manila, give a smaller rate of admissions than is ordinarily found among United States troops in their home garrisons; and the death rate from accidents and injuries is less than in these garrisons, notwithstanding the fatal ending of 8 of the 12 cases of battle casualties."

The report only covers the time up to the end of October, but the surgeon-general says that small-pox has appeared since that time in some regiments and that the death rate has been relatively higher from this cause. The surgeon-general says there is no accurate data as to when the sickly season usually begins in the Philippines, but that the generally accepted view accredits more fevers to the spring months than to other seasons.

PECULIAR POISONS.
Generated in the Human Body.

The Result of Imperfect Digestion of Food.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of death (called by scientists Ptomaines) are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food; the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakness, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak and lacking in red corpuscles; poisoning the liver, causing headaches, pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion weakens the heart, causing palpitation, and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing Bright's disease and diabetes.

And this is so, because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and health, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (gastric and hydrochloric) and pepsinogenic products. The most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion, is to take after each meal one or two Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh, insure pure blood, strong nerves, bright eyes and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full sized package, or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. But ask your druggist first. A little book on stomach diseases mailed free. Address Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

The theaters of Paris have popular representations on certain nights, when the seats cost only half or quarter their usual price.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has no more in stock, get him to procure it for you.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

The Latest Novelties.

Peacock plumes, as trimming for hats, are coming into style again, despite the old superstition against them as unlucky for the wearer. There is no denying that the gorgeous plumes, with their flashing colors and soft black velvety eyes, are pretty and brilliant.

They are worn in Paris as trimming to broad-rimmed white felt hats, and are exceedingly handsome.

Japanese tea gowns are growing in favor all the time, both for their beauty, oddity and extreme ease and comfort.

It is said that silk petticoats are going out of style. This will not make much difference to women who have never been able to afford them, but think what a saving in morals. They were the cause of many a woman's deliberate breakage of the commandment which directs us to "not to covet."

The stocks made of crushed silk are no longer the thing, and plain ones are coming in. It's a great saving of silk, as well as of time and patience in the making.

Ruffles are rushing into favor, and the spring suits bid fair to be covered with them.

Pointed-toe shoes show no signs of coming back into style, and the heavier leather still hold sway.

Buckles, buttons and hapsins show the range for crystal, and tiny buttons, well faceted, are smart and uncommon. Tiny buckles of paste or crystal are liberally used on gowns to fasten rows or straps of velvet ribbon or to small fastenings in bows, rosettes and folds. Sequins are as popular as of old, but chenille is now intermixed, and black chenille, combined with black and steel sequins, figures on the handsome type of robe, which has only to be mounted at the waist to wear over a silk slip.

Lace waists are in style, and are worn with a variety of heavier gowns, as are the popular silk waists.

Without doubt the prettiest are the white ones, but they do not keep pretty very long, and persons with economy to think of had better use black lace.

Made up over white and trimmed with dainty bows of white ribbons, such waists will be just as stylish and more stunning in their effect.

Little Bathroom Conveniences.

The woman whose bathroom is not well fitted up stamps herself at once as having fallen into a hopeless rut. Your bathroom need not be luxurious; it need not cost you much money; but fitted up in a modern, well-groomed style, it must be, if you value your reputation.

First, a rubber matting, one of the plain tub is now the favorite. It is fresh and pretty to look at and it is easily kept clean. There is only one fault in these tubs—they are inclined to be slippery and a bit dangerous. But this difficulty is easily overcome.

A strip of India rubber matting can be provided. This is thrown on the floor of the tub, and standing on this it is impossible for one to slip.

Many bathrooms now have hardwood floors. Others are tiled, and others have a floor covering of linoleum. The floor must always be treated, of course, like the wall.

Do not have a sloppish-looking, dampish rug in the bathroom. Have a pretty rug or carpet, and buy a couple of those fresh-looking, white, bath-mats, and spread them in the vicinity of the tub. They cost but 75 cents, and they are certainly worth having. Fresh brushes and skin gloves are other necessary articles.

Keep your sponges sweet and clean. To do this, have open racks suspended above the tub, which will allow the moisture of the sponges to drip out. The newest racks are of nickel, and are very pretty, but the ordinary twisted wire cage will do the work just as well.

A little luxury that costs but a few cents, and requires the work of only half an hour, is to use bags filled with a mixture of bran or oatmeal, or rice and some good soap chopped up. The bags are of cheesecloth. Used in the bath it is excellent for the skin, and creates a refreshing perfume.

There are any number of appliances that the woman who has some money to spend in her bathroom could indulge in. There is a soap-dish, made to hang inside from the edge of the tub, which is moveable to suit the convenience of the individual bather.

There are seats formed of wood and with braces, which fit like little bridges across the tub, and are of much value to the invalid or infirm.

Then there is a short hose attachable to the faucet with a sprinkler for spraying. It comes at \$1.

Etiquette of Gifts.

The gifts which a young woman may receive from a man who is not a relative are so limited that "the impediment lies in the choosing." Flowers, bonbons, books and music may be accepted. When this rule is firmly adopted, the girl may have the satisfaction of knowing that she is following one of the first principles of social law.

A jewel, ring or personal ornament should not be accepted from any other than the man to whom she is engaged to be married. The earlier these rules are established in a young girl's mind, the easier it will be for her to avoid misunderstandings and to free herself from troublesome perplexities.

A young girl should be as chary of giving presents to men who are not relatives as she should be in her correspondence with them. It does not follow that she is a prude because she is careful in these small proprieties. A man values her more if she gives nothing than if she lavishes presents. If she is engaged to him, she may send what pleases her fancy; but if she avoids gifts till then, she will never be a prey to regret.

How to Make Good Scotch Broth.

The name is misleading, it being a strong, rich, dark, thick, vegetable soup, with mutton as the basis of the stock. The simplest way to make it is as follows: From two or three pounds of mutton from the neck, remove the fat, skin and bones, cutting the meat into cubes; cover bones and meat with cold water (four quarts), and after bringing to a boil, simmer, adding with the water two-thirds of a cupful of pearl barley. After two hours' simmering, add one-half (or even one whole) cupful each of sliced onion, turnip, carrot and celery; salt and pepper to taste; simmer two or three hours more, thickening them with a teaspoonful each of lard and flour blended together. If a very dark



Any Man With a Bad Back

SHOULD APPRECIATE HOW HE CAN GET A GOOD ONE.

A bad back is a common ailment. Find it in every household. Old and young alike have backache; comes in many forms. A bad back may be a tired, a lame, a weak or an aching one. Makes no difference which it is. Nine times out of ten the back is bad from one cause. Most backache pains come from disordered kidneys, that's why DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS cure a bad back. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are made for Kidneys only. Not a drug in them for anything else. No effort to cure all the ills of humanity. A specialist for a special purpose. We say they cure backache, weariness, too frequent urination and all symptomatic indications of Kidney Disorders; Cure Urinary disorders and every Kidney Ill. You don't have to take our word for it, we have plenty of proof. Good indorsement from good people.

MONCTON, N.B.

MR. L. J. MELANSON, an I.C.R. employee, living on Robinson St., Moncton, N.B., made the following statement:

"My kidney troubles were fast developing into more serious forms. Beginning with a backache the troubles gradually got worse until I feared that dreadful disease—diabetes. I lost no time experimenting with remedies, but acting on the advice of friends who had tested Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a box. Inside of two weeks my back was free from pain and I felt like a new man."

"The trouble arose from a strain, and I have ever since been bothered with a pain in the small of my back. I am glad to testify to the effectiveness of Doan's Kidney Pills, for before I took them I could not stoop to lace my shoes, so intense was the pain and stiffness. I am now quite supple and consider Doan's Kidney Pills have cured me completely."

OTTAWA, ONT.

MR. THOS. McBRIDE, the well-known lithographer, 299 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Ont., says:

"I have been a sufferer for some years with pains across my back and in my side. I suffered from tired feeling almost continuously, and was so bad that at times I could hardly attend to business."

"I have taken numerous patent medicines but got no permanent relief. Latterly a friend of mine who had been cured by Doan's Kidney Pills told me to try them, and I got a box at MacCarthy's drug store."

"From the first I experienced great relief, and although it is only four weeks since I commenced taking them I have now not an ache or pain, and am feeling bright and vigorous. I can recommend them very highly to anyone suffering as I did."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale at all drug stores, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

broth is preferred (and its color is boasted feature), brown the meat and vegetables in butter, and also the flour and butter for thickening. When the thickening has cooked ten minutes in the soup remove the bones, and serve. This is truly a cold weather soup—as good for keeping out American blizzards as cold Scotch mists.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester Station, Feb. 10.—The annual meeting of the patrons of the Dorchester cheese and butter factory was held in the village of Dorchester Station on Feb. 9. President Daniel Buchanan in the chair. The attendance was large and representative, including a number of cheese magnates from adjacent factories. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and confirmed, as well as the annual reports of the auditors and secretary-treasurer, the latter being Mr. George Neely, reeve of Dorchester. After routine, the president retired, and Mr. Thomas Hunter, sen., was substituted, when E. A. Spence was elected scribe. Messrs. Thomas Hunter, Wm. Sutherland, Jas. Weir, Charles Wyatt and Thomas MacFarlane were elected to the board of management for the ensuing year. Robert Sutherland, jun., was elected salesman. Wm. Uglow, of Putnam, was appointed auditor at a salary of \$15, and Wm. Sutherland, secretary-treasurer, to be reimbursed by the earnings of the syndicate. Prof. T. D. Miller addressed the meeting, outlining the programme for the ensuing year. It was decided to make the cheese for \$1 per cwt when delivered at the factory, and \$1.50 through the medium of routes; butter, 3 1/2 cents, until the close of the year, and thereafter 5 cents, until the close of the season.

The following is a summary of the fiscal year. Milk handled, 2,928,674 pounds; total cheese, 26,800 pounds; average pounds of milk to make a pound of cheese, 110.1; average price, per season, 7.95 cents; revenue, \$20,904.08; disbursements to patrons, \$17,435.10; manufacture, \$3,232.90; due patrons, \$36.02. Butter: Average price, 19.41 cents; revenue, \$3,544.32; average butter fat, 4.09. Moses Knechtel has assumed control of the cheese department.

The funeral of the late George Williams occurred yesterday to the Dorchester cemetery. Rev. George W. Racey, of Belmont, conducted the obsequies. The casket was borne by P. Robbins, John Mullen, Frank, Hunter, Wm. Shaw, Edward Spring and W. H. Shaw.

A grand ball was inaugurated at the Chittick House on Wednesday evening, when about 40 couples participated. The music was furnished by the Currie brothers, of Derwent.

PETROLIA.

Petrolia, Feb. 10.—Walter Gibson, son of John Gibson, of this town, died on Thursday morning after an illness of several days. Deceased was in his 20th year. Funeral took place Friday afternoon.

The gentlemen of Petrolia gave the third assembly of the series Thursday evening in Victoria Hall. Finney's fine orchestra of Detroit provided the music, and a good time is reported by all.

The thermometer registered 23° below zero this morning, the weather during the past two weeks being the coldest here for years.

On Jan. 28, the wife of Frank Riddell, of a daughter.

Messrs. Duncan McIntyre and Russell McDermid, of Alvinston, attended the assembly here last night.

Mr. F. W. Henry, of London, was in town Thursday and was a guest at the assembly.

W. A. Lovejoy, of Detroit, was in town Thursday.

Miss Thompson, of St. Thomas, is a guest at the residence of Mrs. C. Dempsey.

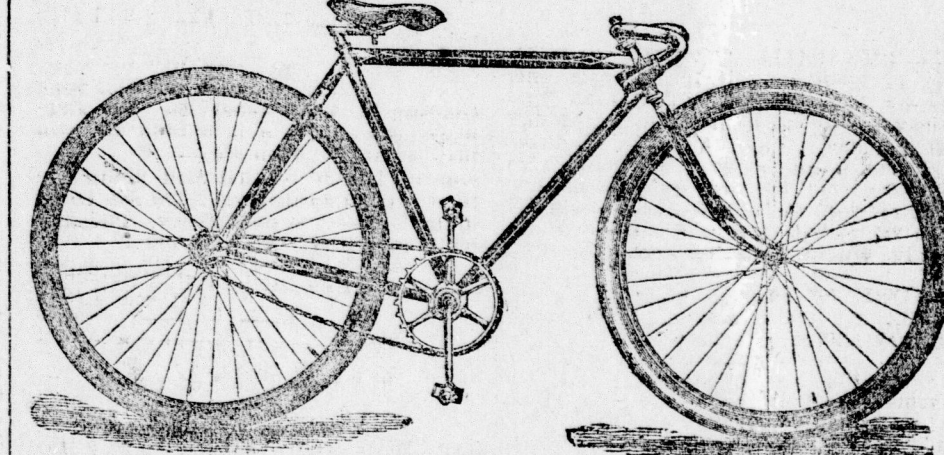
Grand Trunk Engineer Swears by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Mr. Geo. Cummings, for over 20 years engineer on the Grand Trunk, running between Toronto and Allandale, says: "The constant duty with my work gave me excessive pains in my back, racking my kidneys. I tried several remedies, until I was recommended by my fireman, Mr. Dave Conley, to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Two boxes have completely cured me, and I feel today a better man than ever. I recommend them all my friends."

Washington's birthday will be brilliantly celebrated at the United States legation at Stockholm by a ball which the Crown Prince has promised to attend.

Hobbs' Winchester Bicycles!

IN ONE QUALITY ONLY.



NEW MODELS. NEW FEATURES. NEW PRICES.
Standard 28 Wheels, with Dunlop Tires,
Model 26, \$40. Model 24, \$50.

New Winchester, with 30-inch Wheels,
The Handsomest Wheel in America. Price \$60.
Call and See Them. Office and Showrooms, 145 York St., Opp. T. B. Elliott & Co.
HOBBS MANUFACTURING CO., LONDON, ONT.



LA CARENITA

A 10¢ DELIGHTFUL CIGAR

That Makes A Friend of Every One who Tries it

J. RATTRAY & Co. MONTREAL.

MILLBANK.

Millbank, Feb. 11.—Last week, Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Haig, Millbank (formerly of Hyde Park), were surprised, when the young people of Crosshill congregation took possession of the manse, and instead of being a kindly-worded address and a beautiful cutter robe and gauntlets, and to Mrs. Haig a set of fruit dishes. A very pleasant social evening was spent, after which the happy crowd betook themselves to their homes, leaving the occupants of the manse happy by their kindly visit.

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmlee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

Stuffing a turkey is culinary taxidermy.

WALLPAPER

The largest stock, the newest designs at the lowest prices, are to be found at **GRAVES**. Prepare for home comfort, the right time is now. Beautify your surroundings and you will increase life's pleasures. All the newest in plain and gilt papers, linings and tilings, in all new shades and colorings. Paints, Oil, Glass, Art Materials Window Shades. 222 DUNDAS STREET.

Please Send Your Bicycles for Repairs Now

Why we respectfully urge this on cyclists is . . .
1. That this is naturally the best time to give orders, as there is all the winter to carefully and quietly do the work and have it in fine condition for next spring.
2. That it saves all worry and haste, which all happens if things are sent at the last moment.
As we keep a special department and experienced hands to do our own nickel-plating and enameling, we can give you better work for less money than any other house in the trade.

W. A. BROCK, 192 Dundas St. London, Ontario.

PATENTS

P. J. EDMUNDS
Solicitor of Patents, Mechanical and Patent Law Expert.
55-57 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont. Telephone, 561.

W. B. LAIDLAW,
Barrister, solicitor, etc. Money to loan at low rates. Bank of Commerce Bldg.

Modern Methods.

When you use Electric Light you will never consent to any other artificial light. It is the best in every way. Never any dirt or smoke. Get our prices for wiring your house.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO., 559 Richmond Street.

The Lowest

price consistent with the highest quality drugs is always at the White Drug Store. We do not handle inferior goods of any kind. We buy the best only.

Do You Need

Fountain Springs, Bull Springs, Hot Water Bottles, Medical Atomizers, or any sick room requisites? These goods we offer in guaranteed quantities. Let us sell your prescriptions.

N. W. EMERSON, Drugist, 120 Dundas Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

We have just opened out a fine line of furniture coverings, imported direct from England. All the latest shades and designs. You should see them. At Trafford's, 85 to 97 King street.

Feather and Down Cushions, 50 cents each—the best value in London. Goose feather pillows a specialty. Bedroom Suits, Fancy Rockers, Tables, Spring Beds, Stoves of every kind, at the Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. **JAMES F. HUNT & SONS,** Telephone 997.

Fine English Clothing.
Messrs. Wacks Bros., Leicester, England, are prepared to mail free to any address in Canada patterns and self-measurement forms of their "Marvelous" Worsted Suits at \$5; also their "Marvelous" Worsted Trousers, at \$2.50, to measure, and guarantee a high-class fit. The British preferential tariff reduces the customs charges to a mere trifle. For full particulars write Messrs. Wacks Bros., as above.

ANDREWS' PLUGS stop the ache and fill the tooth, and do it without any pain. 10 cents a bottle.

Is your electric bell a constant source of trouble and expense? It will be kept in permanent repair for only 50 cents per year. All bells will be repaired same day as notice is received. **R. M. MILLAR,** 434 Talbot street.

London to New York—Via Grand Trunk and West Shore.
Leave London, 4:50 p.m.; arrive New York, 9:30 the following morning. Through buffet sleeper from Hamilton. Best service. For information apply to Grand Trunk agents, or address H. PARRY, 305 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

One of the best attractions in town is the "Grand Musical Harmonium," recently introduced into the Bernard House. All the city musicians are invited to call and inspect it, and also purchase a few "Spot" cigars while there.

SEARCH NO LONGER...
If you are in search of a fine roast we will supply you. We have no use for tough meat. Our specialty is the juicy, succulent, tender and sweet morsel which it is a pleasure to cut and easy to digest.

GATECLIFF'S, 267 Dundas Street.

ONLY 50 CENTS

New Colored Shirts

Large Assortment of Patterns, with Collar Attached or Separate Collar.

For 50 cents.

Graham Bros.

Heating Stoves At Cost.

Although the season is pretty well advanced, we have still a good assortment at cost price. A good opportunity to get a stove cheap.

STEVELY'S,

332 Richmond Street. Phone 422

METEOROLOGICAL.

Toronto, Feb. 12-8 p.m.—A marked change has occurred in the distribution of pressure today. The great North-west anti-cyclone has moved rapidly to the Southwest States, and a depression attended by much milder weather now exists in the Northwest Territories. Another depression off the South Atlantic coast promises to give a gale and snow-storm in the Maritime Provinces. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 36-46; Kamloops, 26-36; Qu'Appelle, 26 below-zero; Winnipeg, 28 below-zero; Parry Sound, 24 below-zero; Toronto, 10 below-zero; Ottawa, 24 below-zero; Montreal, 12 below-zero; Quebec, 28 below-zero; Halifax, 2-12. Local temperatures: The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory here on Saturday, were: Highest, 10° below; lowest, 23° below; on Sunday, highest, zero; lowest, 23° below. Sun rises at 7:18 and sets at 5:46; moon rises at 3:35 a.m., and sets at 10:16 p.m.

Preston Hot Water Boilers.

Our Furnace Jobs

all heated fine last week. So will yours if you let us re-heat it. We can make it heat, or no pay. Estimates for Preston Furnaces.

THOMPSON'S, 424 Richmond St. Phone 708. 2 doors north of Advertiser Office.

Preston Combination Heaters.

217

No, Sir!

You could not in any other way give so much pleasure to a lady friend as by sending her a box of our lovely flowers.

GAMMAGE & SONS,

Dundas and Clarence.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

107.....Business Offices

124.....Editorial Room

173.....Job Department

A LOCAL BUDGET

—Messrs. A. Biber and C. Cassolini, of Vienna, Austria, were at the Teumseh Saturday.

—The bachelors of Aylmer will give their annual ball tomorrow evening. A number of Londoners will attend.

—R. N. Curry, J.P., is making slow progress towards recovery. Dr. Ferguson, his physician, thinks he can pull him through all right.

—Rev. Morgan Wood will preach in the First Congregational Church three nights next week—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. All welcome.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Killingsworth have returned from their wedding trip, and will be at home to their friends after Feb. 13 at 356 Richmond street north.

—The quarterly board of the Hamilton Road Methodist Church have given a cordial invitation to the Rev. J. G. Falls to remain as their pastor for the third year.

—Mr. T. Peers, of the firm of Cramp & Peers, cattle merchants, of Liverpool, London and Manchester, is in the city on a visit to his brother-in-law, G. T. R. Conductor Hardman.

—Mrs. Susan E. Crane, of Brant, Mich., mother of Mrs. J. Dean, of this city, and of Mrs. Wilton, Stratford, died on Wednesday last, aged 87 years. She was one of Yarmouth's earliest settlers.

—Miss Katharine Moore, of the Conservatory of Music, officiated most acceptably as organist of the First Presbyterian Church, Sunday evening, in the absence of the regular organist, Mr. W. Caven Baron.

—John McDonald, of this city, aged 21, was arrested on Saturday, charged by William F. Bradshaw, of London Junction, with trespass and using threatening language. Squire Lacey bailed him to appear on Wednesday.

—Mr. Fred Barron, B.A., of Knox College, son of Mr. J. L. Barron, this city, preached at St. Andrew's Church yesterday at both services. In the morning his discourse was upon the advances of Christianity and the mission of the church.

—Detroit Free Press: Coroner Forth's jury that investigated the death of the young woman whom Wm. Morley Long claimed as his wife, found that her demise was accidental. Long told Coroner Forth that the

Save Three Dollars

—perhaps more—on a half dozen of our "FAULTLESS" White Shirts and get as good shirts and better fit than made-to-order shirts.

Half-Dozen, \$6.

The best dollar shirts in the trade.

BOUGHNER.

young woman's name was Louisa Wilson and that her home was formerly in Dorchester, Ont. He admitted that they had not been married.

—A drive whist match between the East End Whist Club and the Oregon was played in the latter's rooms, 414 London, on Saturday night, and resulted in a victory for the Oregon by 72 points. Sixteen players from each club participated in the match.

—Rev. Prof. Badgley, of Victoria University, Toronto, occupied the pulpit of the Dundas Center Methodist Church yesterday in the interest of the educational fund of the denomination. He delivered two eloquent sermons to large congregations, morning and evening. Magnificent music was furnished by the excellent choir.

—Many Londoners will learn with deep regret of the death last evening of Mrs. Thomas Burnip, wife of Engineer Burnip, of the G. T. R., at the family residence, 416 York street. Mrs. Burnip had been ill several weeks, heart trouble having followed an attack of grip. A large circle of acquaintances will sympathize with the bereaved family. Besides her husband and two sons and two daughters, Miss Annie and Miss Nellie, survive.

—Mr. Lorenz Schlegel died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Henry G. Stein, 422 Hamilton road. Mr. Schlegel was 86 years old, and had been ill for some time. He was a native of Suhl, Prussia, and came to Canada in 1855, settling in Morrison, Pictou County, where he resided until a year and a half ago, when he removed to London with his wife, and took up his residence with Mr. and Mrs. Stein. He leaves a widow and four children—Mrs. G. T. McCune, of Leaside, Col. Mrs. H. Stein, city, Daniel, St. Louis, Mo., and Henry, of Toledo, Ohio.

DR. MUNHALL COMING.

Mr. L. B. Bates, pastor of the Bromfield Street Church, in Philadelphia, has the following to say of Dr. Munhall, the evangelist, in the Philadelphia Methodist: "For the past four weeks Dr. Munhall, of Philadelphia, has been conducting the 'Bible Study' at the Dundas Center Church, Boston, Mass. The large vestry of the church was crowded before the first week was out, and before his second week was gone the audience room of the church was filled. The last two weeks the lecture hall and galleries were filled at nearly every service. Not since Joseph Cook's famous 'Boston Monday Lectures,' has such an interest been manifested in Bible study by the common people. Many ministers, students and evangelists, who are so fond in the faith of the Word of God, have been daily blessed. We are satisfied that if we had many evangelists of the stamp of Dr. Munhall, they would gladly be received by the Christian church, wherever the old book, the Book of God, is to be preached." Dr. Munhall will commence a series of meetings in the Dundas Center Church on Feb. 23.

THE Y. W. C. A.

At the semi-monthly meeting of the Y. W. C. A., held in their rooms last week, the reports for January of the various committees were presented. From these reports it learned something of the work being done by this association. The total attendance at the rooms for the month was 1,038, divided as follows: Eight hundred and five visited during the day, 452 were present at the noon hour, and 233 in the evenings. Two applications were received for nurse girls, and one woman applied for work during the day. The class for physical culture and elocution, which began again, Miss McKenize having kindly consented to take charge of this part. The sewing class has also met regularly on Thursday evenings. Miss Harris, of Brantford, recording secretary of the Dundas Y. W. C. A., which is a bright, informal talk one Saturday evening on "The Work of the Young Women's Christian Association in Brantford." All present enjoyed the talk, and were especially interested in the account of the Brantford gymnasium and its athletic factor in association work. Another Saturday evening the Rev. W. J. Clark gave an enjoyable talk on "How to be Happy." Eleven new books have been added to the library. The class for Bible study has been held weekly, five meetings having been held. A six months' series on the Gospel of John was begun.

Why will you allow a cough to

lacerate your throat or lungs and run

the risk of filling a consumptive's

grave, when by the timely use of

Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the

pain can be allayed, the danger

avoided? This syrup is pleasant to

the taste, and unsurpassed for reliev-

ing, healing and curing the affections

of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds,

bronchitis, etc.

The English and Chinese languages

are said to be the only two among

all those known that class inanimate

objects as of the neuter gender.

story of a slave

To be bound hand and foot for years

by the chains of disease is the worst

form of slavery. George D. Williams,

of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a

slave was made free. He says: "My

life has been so helpless for five years

that she could not turn over in bed

alone. After using two bottles of Elec-

tric Bitters she is wonderfully im-

proved and able to do her own work." The

supreme remedy for female diseases

quickly cures nervousness, sleepless-

ness, melancholy, headache, backache,

fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle-

working medicine is a godsend to weak,

sickly, run down people. Every bottle

guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by

An economic traveler may journey

from London to Frankfurt for \$7 by

patronizing a night boat on the chan-

nel, avoiding express trains, and

traveling fourth class in Germany.

The great lung healer is found in

that excellent medicine sold as Bickie's

Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes

and diminishes the sensibility of the

membranes of the throat and air pas-

sages, and is a sovereign remedy for

all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or

soreness of the chest, bronchitis, etc.

REV. J. W. PEDLEY

Deals With the Early Closing Move-

ment.

Rev. J. W. Pedley took for his text, Philipians, II, xiv.: "Look not every man on his own things, but also on the things of another," and dealt with the movement for early closing.

In this text is the essence of Chris-

tianity. Self-interest requires interest

in others. Who helps others, helps

himself. "Look out for No. 1" is not

only mean and selfish; it is suicidal.

To follow it out would mean ruin in

business, in society, in the home, in

the soul. Exchange of products is the

law, not only of trade, but of life. Ex-

ports must balance imports. Each life

is a center—a clearance bank. Bless-

ings pass in and out. Stop that cir-

culation, and the life perishes. Nations

furnish examples. Britain and Spain

were great colonizers. Spain's policy

was, "Look out for No. 1." Today she

is kicked out of everywhere and hated

by all. Britain adopted a different line

and today the center of a world-

wide empire.

This Christian law today calls for

translation in terms of social service.

The world is becoming more crowded,

interests more closely intertwined, men

more dependent. The railroad manager

cannot overlook the telegraph opera-

tor, the business man his clerks, the

manufacturer his employees, the public,

any of them. Goodwill among men is no

longer a religious luxury; it is a nec-

essary. Most people believe this and

practice it. But there is still enough

selfishness to prevent the wheels of life

from running smoothly. This idea of

early closing is an example of social

service. It is a Christian problem and

deserves Christian study. It is a ques-

tion of humanity. Some say it is not a

matter for the pulpit. Christ would not

say it. His gospel was not a gospel

divorced from the earthly welfare of

men.

The ground of our appeal is that of

its humanity. We ask those who pay

weekly wages to pay early in the

week; those who spend them to do so

before Saturday night; those who are

their own masters, to do business at a

reasonable season. Why? Not to drive

people to church on Sunday morning;

but that an army of workers, which

may not have an extra strain on Sat-

urday night. London is a Christian

city. The people are kind-hearted. It

is a shame, a disgrace, that through

thoughtless selfishness, hundreds, late

after Sunday morning, are kept at need-

less work. And there are selfish men

who grudge the loss of a passing sale. They

break the compact. For such there should

be law. The sentiment of the community

should take that form. It is outrage-

ous that one or two selfish men should

outstep the benefit of a whole class.

Early closing can succeed. Examples

are, Eaton, of Toronto; Corwell, Mon-

triel.

The preacher closed by appealing to

his hearers to do what they could. It

would aid him to bring about the good

time—a new heaven and a new earth.

MR STRINGER'S SUCCESS

The Young London Post Making His

Mark in New York.

Our young fellow-townsmen, Mr.

Arthur J. Stringer, who went recent-

ly to New York, is fast making his

way to the front literary ranks, and

has already established a connection

with some of the best publishing

houses. A short poem from his pen

appeared in Harper's Magazine last

month and his work has been noticed

by other leading periodicals. "Book

Notes" of February contains a hand-

some photograph of Mr. Stringer,

accompanied by the following compli-

Kingsmill's The Reliable Store.

Extra Preparations

When visitors are expected extra preparations are usually made.

We Expect

a great many visitors to our stores this week, and have made extra preparations for their especial benefit. You will notice this in every department. We wish to speak of one particularly.

Cottons

Only the best makes are allowed to enter our doors, consequently we have only the best makes to show you. We have Cottons as low as 3c per yard, and as high as 17c; but we have one very special line from the celebrated New York Mills that we feel confident is unmatched. It is a full yard wide, nice round, even thread and soft-finished Bleached Cotton, in short lengths, from 5 to 18 yards, and well worth 13c, but we will offer them until sold at 10c. If you want truly extraordinary values, come here for your Cottons.

Kingsmill's The Store for Cottons.

TALKED TOO MUCH

And as a Result Maggie Johnston Goes Down for 15 Months.

Maggie Johnston, an able-bodied

young woman, came up before the

police magistrate this morning on the

charge of being drunk and disorderly.

Maggie is no stranger in police circles,

and only a month ago she was allowed

to go on suspended sentence on the

charge of drunkenness and vagrancy.

She smiled as the magistrate went over

her several appearances, and when he

said "Drunk and vagrancy," Maggie's

smile died away and in a deep bass

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