

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
In Canada.....\$2.00 per year
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Volume 53.—No. 7

NOTICE
A meeting of the Glencoe public school ratepayers is called for Tuesday evening, Feb. 26, at 8 o'clock, in the town hall. Every ratepayer of the school is urgently requested to attend this meeting, as important business is to be discussed.

By Order of the Board.

FOR SALE

Hand picked apples, one dollar per bushel delivered.—H. Harvey, phone 609, 1-2.

DEALER WANTED

We want a dealer to handle the Shinn System of Lightning Protection in Glencoe territory. Good returns for small investment. Man who will reasonably apply himself can easily make from \$250 to \$500 a month. Man with car preferred. Write for personal appointment with our representative—Shinn Mfg. Co. of Canada, Limited, Guelph, Ont.

LOST

A pair of logging tongs and swamp hook, between Ross McEachern's and J. H. Walker's. Suitable reward offered. Finder please notify Transcript office.

BULLS FOR SALE

Scotch Shorthorn bulls, registered, from 10 to 15 months, 3 roans and 1 red.—Wm. McLean & Sons, R. R. 2, Kerwood.

CARD OF THANKS

James D. Carruthers and family wish to thank their many friends and relatives for their kindness and sympathy shown during their recent sorrows, also for the beautiful floral offerings.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fellows wish to thank their friends and neighbors, also the Glencoe Methodist Ladies' Aid and the Women's Institute of No. 9, Mesa, for their kindness and sympathy, also the beautiful floral tributes, during their recent sad bereavement.

EKFRID MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
33rd Annual Meeting
Public notice is hereby given that the next annual meeting of the policyholders of above company will be held in the town hall, Appin, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, the 20th day of February, 1924, for receiving the report of the officers for 1923; the election of two directors in the place of John T. McLean and Dan A. McCallum, retiring directors, who are eligible for re-election; also a director to fill the unexpired term of Neil A. Galbraith, deceased, and transaction of any other business properly brought before the meeting.

A. P. McDougald, Secretary.
Ekfrid, Feb. 4 1924.

FOR SALE

A number of pure bred white Wyandotte roosters.—A. B. McDonald.

FARM FOR SALE

One of the best farms in Ekfrid, near Glencoe. Apply T. J. Thornton, West Lorne.

HOUSE FOR SALE

House to be sold this month. Any reasonable offer accepted.—John Rudasky, Glencoe.

FOR SALE

Sow due to farrow about 1st of April.—John H. Robinson, Route 1, Newbury.

FARM LOANS

Apply to V. T. POLEY, 83 King Street, West, Chatham. Phone 186.

GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133, meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—Russell Quick, N. G.; A. B. Sinclair, R. S.

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

J. A. ROBINSON & SON
Funeral Directors
HANDSOME MOTOR AND HORSE SERVICE

Hand-made Walnut, Oak and Chestnut Finished Caskets
We also keep the best Factory Caskets and Vaults in stock
Phone 155 - Newbury, Ont.

The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1924

Whole No. 2717

PRINTING THAT PLEASES
The Transcript Press handles every line of Job Printing and will meet all competitors.

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THE home is no place for valuable papers. No matter what precautions are taken, you never can be sure that they will not be lost, stolen, destroyed or misplaced.

For a small sum, less than the cost of replacing most documents, you can give them the protection of a Safety Deposit Box.

Each Box has two keys—both different—one held by you, the other by the Bank. Each Box is locked in its own steel compartment. Boxes are of varying sizes and different rental charges. Let us show them to you.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Gordon Dickson, Manager, Glencoe
A. N. McLean, Manager, Appin

GOOD HARD COAL
We are unloading STOVE and CHESTNUT Coal. Standard preparation, clean and bright.

McPHERSON & CLARKE
PLANING MILL GLENCOE LUMBER YARD

Syrup-makers' Supplies
Hand-made Sap Buckets, Sap Pans and Syrup Cans, Spiles, Etc.
THE PRICE IS RIGHT
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Mrs. W. A. Currie
Ladies' Ready-to-wear Store
Coats, Hats and Dresses

WOODGREEN S. S. No. 5, EKFRID

Walter Clannahan, of London, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. A. Clannahan.
Owing to ill health of the teacher, Miss D. McIntyre, the school has been closed for a few days.
Miss Florence Simpson, of Chatham, spent the week-end at her home here.
Cecil Elsom had the misfortune to break a leg while hauling logs last week.
These are busy days for the village blacksmith.
Renew your daily newspaper subscriptions at The Transcript office.

FOR SALE

In Appin, new eight-roomed cottage, lot 75 by 175 feet. Apply to W. R. Stephenson.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

A log delivered at the Dundalk sawmill was 14 feet long and measured 1,970 cubic feet.

Watford will celebrate the semi-centennial of its incorporation as a village by holding an old boys' reunion next summer.

Guelph contractors have received notice that local bricklayers will ask for an increase in pay this year, and will demand \$1.25 an hour.

R. C. Coates, V. S., of Thamesville, died after two weeks' illness. He had been a resident of the community for over forty years.

A large plate glass window in the Thamesville post office was broken when a stone turned up by a wheel of a passing auto was hurled through the window.

Lambton Fire Insurance Company paid 101 claims for losses in 1923, totalling \$33,589.41. The number of risks in force 31st December last was 4,873, totalling \$16,255,094.

Col. J. A. Currie has given notice in the Ontario Legislature of a motion asking the Government to introduce legislation leading to a referendum on the subject of the liquor law of the province.

The death of Catherine Morrison, second eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Morrison, division line, North Aldborough, occurred at St. Joseph's Hospital, London, on Friday, from appendicitis, at the age of 14 years.

The barn of J. G. Spearin, who resides near St. Marys, was destroyed by fire Saturday night, when fifty tons of hay and other contents were consumed. The fire was caused by chickens upsetting a lantern. The loss is \$8,000.

There is one automobile in the United States for every 7 people in the entire country. They range in density from one vehicle to every 3.2 inhabitants in California to one to every 18.5 in Alabama. Four States have over a million cars each.

Callaghan & Brewett, of Wallace town, will put down a test well for oil on the Lidster farm, near there. They have leased about 500 acres and intend drilling several wells, as they are strongly of the opinion that the oil fields in that territory are not yet exhausted.

A liquor referendum will be taken in Saskatchewan at a date which the Legislature is to decide. Wedged between Alberta and Manitoba, both of which have adopted government control, it is considered quite probable that Saskatchewan will follow their example.

The death occurred at his late home, North Dunwich, of James Ross, one of the old pioneers, in his 93rd year. Born in Gengarry county, he came to Dunwich with his parents, the late Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ross, when he was 15 years of age, and helped clear the farm on which he died. He was the last of a family of twelve.

Western Ontario grows the best apples in the world and eats the worst. This, in effect, is what an expert horticulturist told an audience of growers at Ingersoll the other day. He advocated the use of boxes for dessert varieties of apples instead of the barrels now used, and stated that Ontario apples were already losing out in the wider markets because of failure of growers to adapt themselves to the demand.

A petition, said to be signed by nearly every farmer in Colborne township, is being presented to the Attorney-General of Ontario asking that the two months' sentence imposed on J. Benson Cox for assault on Charles Bulpitt, the boy who hanged himself near Goderich, be commuted. Unless this is done, it is stated, these farmers will take no more English boys, and those who have boys will send them back to the homes from which they came.

Admonition against "the most flagrant abuses" in social life, the modern dance, theatres and films of doubtful repute, indecency in dress, extravagance in an effort to "maintain the pace," and an appeal to return to the moderation and control and the simple practices of the Roman Catholic family, were contained in a pastoral letter of Archbishop Gauthier, apostolic administrator, which was read on Sunday in the churches of the Diocese of Montreal.

More than 125,000 automobiles will be produced in the new \$12,000,000 plant of the Ford Motor Company of Canada, at Ford, Ont., during the year of 1924. This production figure equals about 410 cars for every working day of the year. Therefore, approximately 50 complete automobiles will be produced every hour of the eight-hour working day, nearly a car a minute. One year ago the average output was approximately 250 cars per day, so the production capacity has practically doubled in less than one year.

*Try a little advertising.

THE WEEK IN HOCKEY

Sarnia Wing Championship

Sarnia won the group championship in the Intermediate O. H. A. series played this season in this district. Teams participating were Sarnia, St. Marys, Glencoe and London.

Glencoe 5, Sarnia 2

Glencoe intermediates displayed brilliant playing on Friday night when they defeated Sarnia 5 to 2 in the last game of the O. H. A. series. Both teams were out to win and the game was fast and interesting, the first period ending 0-0. In the second period Sarnia scored the first goal. In less than two minutes Aldred scored for Glencoe, making the second period a tie, 1-1. Sarnia showed a great deal of determination to win in the last period, but Quick played a remarkable game, as there were many shots aimed at Glencoe's net. They succeeded in gaining another goal, while Glencoe scored four. Two penalties were imposed on either team. W. P. Wade, of Woodstock, refereed the game.

Glencoe 7, Alvinston 3

The Glencoe public school hockey team went to Alvinston on Wednesday and played the public school team of that place. The locals were too fast for Alvinston, winning 7-3. Jake Weaver refereed the game. Glencoe—Goal, A. Ramsey; defense, Young and Stuart; centre, Loosemore; wings, Hagerty and W. Ramsey.

Glencoe in Northern League

Glencoe hockey intermediates have entered the senior N. H. L. and are grouped with Woodstock and London. The schedule has not yet been arranged, but four games are to be played within two weeks, and it is expected that Woodstock and London will play here next week. The boys hope that the people of the town and vicinity will take an interest in these games, as they have taken it upon themselves to enter this league. Having displayed remarkable playing in the intermediate O. H. A. series, why not help the boys along?

Appin 9, Walkers 0

An exhibition game of hockey was played at the Carman Arena on Monday night, when Appin defeated Walkers by 9 to 0.

Going to Windsor

Windsor Rink Company have invited the local intermediates to play a pick-up team of that city there tonight (Wednesday).

Game Tonight

Alvinston high school team is expected over on Thursday evening to play the Glencoe high school team.

Woodstock Coming
The first game of the N. H. L. series will be played at Glencoe on Saturday evening, February 16, between Woodstock and Glencoe. The game is called for 7.45. This is bound to be an interesting game. The boys are handling it on their own responsibility. Everybody come and give them a boost.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL QUESTION

To the Editor of The Transcript:

Would you kindly give me space in your valuable paper for a few words in regard to our public school. I noticed an item in last week's Transcript saying that Glencoe was faced with the problem of a new school or remodeling the old one at a great expense.

Well, isn't it high time that something should be done to make our school more modern and up-to-date? I understand the improvements include better lighting, which it seems impossible to give the way the old school is situated, without tearing out the south end and filling it with windows, which would mean a great deal of expense. Then a complete system of ventilation is necessary and must be given—another expense. Also new desks are needed in the first room, as it has been proven by medical testimony that those are very detrimental to the growth of the child. The blackboards are altogether out of date—just painted boards.

Then the building itself. What can be expected of it after serving as a public school for half a century? No fire-escapes whatever—just a fire trap for the poor, defenceless children.

The grounds need no comment; they are not fit for children to play in.

Citizens and ratepayers, now is the time to act. Give the children a fighting chance in life. We owe it to them. Our fathers gave us the best they had. Are we in turn going to pass on our best to the children, or are we going to send them back to fifty years ago? They are at our mercy. Give them a show.

"Suffer the little children to come unto Me and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." A Friend of the Children.

GOLD WATCH PRIZE WINNERS

Fred C. McRae, aged 13 years, son of Farquhar C. McRae, of Glencoe, and a student of the Glencoe high school, won a handsome gold watch, 17-jewel movement, the first prize for boys under 14 years, for his literary ability in a contest staged by a Montreal paper. The object of the contest was to test the literary ability of the school children of Canada by having them write a synopsis of a story as published in the paper. A gold watch, first prize for girls, was won by Miss Margaret Grace Hamblly, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Frank Hamblly, of Strathroy, and a pupil of John A. Armstrong. Pupils from coast to coast took part in the contest.

THREE SENTENCED TO HANG

For the first time in the civil history of London, sentence of death was passed on Saturday at one court on three men for murder, when Mr. Justice Lennox decreed that Sydney Murrell and Henry J. Williams shall go to the gallows on April 10 for the murder of Russell Campbell at Melbourne three years ago, and Clarence Topping, on the same date, for the killing of his sweetheart, Geraldine Durston, on November 27 last in London.

Sydney Murrell was born in England, but came to Canada 12 years ago. He is 24 years of age. Williams was born in England, and is a Barnardo boy, who was first sent to Australia, but who drifted over to Canada. He is 25 years old. Topping was born in Strathroy 21 years ago.

GLENCOE PLAY AT DUTTON

The Dutton Advance says:—"The Adventures of Grandpa," a three-act comedy drama, given by a company of clever Glencoe people in the memorial hall on Wednesday evening last, was well presented and greatly enjoyed by an audience that completely filled the large new building. G. Dickson, impersonating "Grandpa," was especially good, and showed considerable dramatic ability. The rest of the cast sustained their characters in an equally creditable manner.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD

At a meeting of the Glencoe public school board on Monday evening, a deputation of four ladies—Mrs. Arch. Graham, Mrs. R. M. MacPherson, Mrs. Richard Singleton and Mrs. W. J. Ford—waited upon the board with a petition asking for a better lighting system for the school, and also presented a report from the local doctors as to the condition of the school building from a sanitary standpoint, etc. In presenting the report the ladies asked for action in the matter.

In a discussion which followed it was stated that the board had already taken action on the lighting question and other improvements as suggested in a recent report by the inspector.

GETTING RID OF THE PEDLAR

The Retail Merchants' Association are heading a movement favoring legislation to be introduced the next session of the legislature prohibiting hawkers and peddlers from plying their trade. Housewives will be particularly interested in this. Only those who have to continually answer their doorbells and be confronted by agents of all kinds and descriptions can realize the exasperation and nuisance it is to be called from washing, ironing or work in another part of the house to inform them that you want no bananas today, or anything else. Housewives who have no available way of seeing who is at the door without opening it must perforce do so for fear of offending some one they do wish to see or who wishes to see them. To say that all pedlars are impolite would be to wrongfully slander many of that calling, but most of them are persistent, to say the least and some of them have the gall of a canal horse. Others are mannerly only when they make a sale. If it wasn't that housewives dislike being mixed up in such cases, many a pedlar would find the police on his trail in short order. That seems the only cure. On the first sign of impertinence or abusive language, phone the police and have the pedlar run out of town.

No Excitement

"What's all this noise about, you young rascals?"
"Well, Mary said if I kept on crying, a great big mouse with big green eyes would come and sit on the end of my bed, and I've kept on, but it hasn't come yet."

WEST MIDDLESEX ORANGEMEN

The annual meeting of the Orange Association of Middlesex West was held in the Memorial Hall, Glencoe, on Tuesday afternoon, February 5th. The county master, W. T. May, of Appin, was in the chair. In spite of the inclement weather a large number from the various lodges of the county attended and enjoyed the program and speeches. After routine business the election and installation of officers took place, as follows:—County master, W. E. Harris; deputy county master, C. F. Bardwell; chaplain, Rev. F. Rutherford; recording secretary, E. Smith; financial secretary, M. McPherson; treasurer, John Rowe; lecturer, H. L. Bechill; D. of C., Geo. Philpot; marshal, H. B. Mulligan.

Speaking at some length, Bro. A. Smithman, of Mount Brydges, with union Jack in hand, appealed to the brethren to hold sacred the obligation they had taken on joining the Order, and especially, he said, in these times of the Separatist movement when the influence of all loyal citizens should be used to maintain the connection long ago established between all parts of the British Empire. In moving a hearty vote of thanks to the ladies of the I.O.D.E., who so kindly provided and served a dainty lunch, he congratulated Glencoe on having such an enterprising body as the local chapter, commensurate with the energy in erecting such a fine memorial hall. Replying on behalf of herself and the other ladies of the chapter, Mrs. Aldred spoke of her desire to aid the Orange order in every way possible, believing as she did in the need and the usefulness of their activities throughout the world.

The county lodge congratulated Bros. R. Quick and A. Berdan on their having attained the full estate of manhood, passing as they have recently done into the blissful sea of matrimony.

The new officers all spoke of their ambition to emulate the example set during the past two years by the retiring county master, Bro. W. T. May.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Thousands of pairs of mackinaws, rubber boots, overshoes, and galoshes have been thrown away each year simply because the sole has been worn through. To save the public the expense of a new pair we have introduced in our repair shop the system of vulcanizing the soles on rubber footwear. We can put full soles or patches that will make the mackinaws or galoshes like a new pair, and all for little cost. Each job is guaranteed waterproof.—THE MODERN SHOE STORE, Glencoe.

OUT-OF-WORKS NUMEROUS

Applicants for a night's lodging are more numerous than ever this winter, according to the town constable. Almost nightly there is someone, often three or four at a time, seeking shelter for the night and a bite to eat. The applicants are always strangers passing through, mostly eastbound, and as a general rule they claim to be on their way from Detroit to Hamilton or Toronto or other eastern cities. A trio of mechanics who were given lodging on Monday night stated that they, like many others who had not taken out U. S. citizenship papers, were obliged to surrender their jobs in Detroit to citizens of the country. There is not work enough in the city for all, and as a matter of course the native-born is given the preference. As a rule these out-of-works had been drawing big pay, but with one at least of the traits of Micawber they neglected to provide for the rainy day.

METCALFE COUNCIL

Meeting held February 4th. Members all present. Minutes read, approved and signed.
Moved by Moyle and Morrison that Transcript be paid \$3.80, advertising nomination meeting; Canada Ingot Iron Co., \$27.17, culvert, road 4, div. 3; H. Thompson, \$8, 32 hours shovelling snow, Brooke township, half to Brooke, div. 2, and \$5, postage; John Kettlewell, \$3.50, 14 hours shovelling snow, Ekfrid township, half to Ekfrid, div. 4.
Moved by Moyle and Blain that W. Summer be paid \$150, work, Cadman drain, and Geo. Bennett \$20, superintending Cadman drain.

Moved by Blain and Moyle that six copies of the Municipal World be ordered for 1924.
Moved by Blain and Rowe that a by-law providing \$2000 for construction and \$4500 for maintenance of township roads for 1924 be passed.

Moved by Rowe and Morrison that C. Moyle try and secure one cord of wood for hall.
By-law No. 10 was read a third time and passed.
Council adjourned to Monday, March 3rd, at 1 p.m.
Harry Thompson, Clerk.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 75 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

AIR YOUR POTATOES.

Thousands of bushels of potatoes are lost to Ontario farmers every year, due to two diseases which occur frequently and are preventable with proper precautions.

These diseases are chilling injury, or "field frost," as it is sometimes called, and breakdown. The first of these two diseases is caused by slight chilling of the potatoes after they are dug from the ground or are in storage or transit. Potatoes subjected for periods as small as three or four hours at temperatures near the freezing point of water, thirty-two degrees, are affected. Often, the tubers are normal to all external appearances, but when cut open show brown or grayish-black areas in the flesh of the stem end, about an eighth of an inch beneath the skin, the flesh being somewhat withered at these places. Others show a blackening in the interior part of the flesh, which may extend for a considerable distance into the tuber from the stem end. When cooked, such tubers, instead of being white and mealy, are blackened and soggy, much to the chagrin of the housewife.

Breakdown of potatoes may be of two types—the one a superficial dying of areas of the skin, and the second a deep internal discoloration of the flesh. The surface breakdown of potato tubers is an injury which makes its appearance after the tubers have been placed in storage. The first symptoms are observed by the grower three or four months after the date the potatoes were stored, when some tubers in the bins show on their surfaces slightly sunken, round or irregularly-shaped spots, varying in size from one-sixteenth to three-fourths of an inch in diameter. The borders of the spots have a blueish or gun-metal hue. Upon cutting these sunken spots with a knife, it is found that they are only skin, no rotting has progressed into the brown layer of denticles beneath the skin. No rotting has progressed into the tuber. This surface breakdown is the so-called "Buttonrot" of the trade, but it is not a true rot of the tuber.

The pitting of the tubers becomes more pronounced as the season advances, and with the coming of warm weather in the spring the most severe symptoms of the disease are seen. Many tubers are found to be soft and mushy, and others, when cut open, show black centers, a condition known as "blackheart." Blackheart often occurs in refrigerator car shipments or in shipments where tubers cause over-heating of the tubers. It is common with pitted potatoes when the spring weather is excessively warm.

The enormous loss caused by breakdown each year can be prevented by giving more attention to ventilation in the construction of new potato storage houses or by remedying the defects of those already constructed. The following recommendations are made:

1. Provide each potato cellar or storage house with inlets for fresh air and outlets for foul air.
2. Provide false floors and walls for the bins.
3. Provide air spaces between bins.
4. Never store potatoes in piles more than five feet deep without making some provision for air to get to the centre of the pile.

SOWING SEEDS IN HOTBEDS.

When using the manure-heated hot-

bed for growing the early plants, no seed should be sown for several days after the manure has been placed in the bed. If a good grade of manure has been used the bed will heat very violently at first and it is not safe to sow seeds in the soil until this initial heating is over. It is a good plan to plunge a thermometer through the soil into the manure and as soon as the temperature has fallen to about eighty or eighty-five degrees Fahrenheit the bed is ready to plant.

The soil of the bed should be loosened and made as nearly level as possible. For growing lettuce or radishes to maturity the seed should be planted directly in the soil of the bed. They should be sown rather thinly in rows about four to six inches apart. This will allow of thinning the seedlings and stirring the soil when necessary.

If the plants are to be grown for early transplanting, they may be started in the soil of the hotbed, but it is better to start them in shallow boxes or flats. Flats slightly less than twelve inches wide and eighteen inches long outside measure, and about two and one-half inches deep, will be found convenient to handle and they will fit into the frames without leaving any waste space. When the flats are used, the seedlings can be taken to a warm place when they are ready for shifting and the work can be done more easily than when bending over the frame of the bed. The flats can also be shifted from one part of the frame to another and whenever necessary they can easily be transferred to cold frames where the plants are to be hardened in preparation for transplanting to the garden or field.

Some kinds of plants, such as melons and cucumbers, do not transplant readily, but if the seeds are planted in soil placed in some receptacle so that the plants can be transferred to the garden without disturbing the roots, much earlier crops can be secured. Commercial gardeners use special dirt bands extensively for this purpose. Old berry boxes, clay or paper pots, squares of inverted soda, or tin cans with the tops and bottoms melted off are also used.

A good soil for starting seeds and plants is made by composting sods and stable manure, but if a compost heap is not available, a satisfactory soil may be made by mixing together one part of well-rotted manure, two parts of good garden loam or rotted sods, and one part sand. These must be thoroughly mixed together by shovelling, after which the soil should be sifted through a screen before placing it in the flats or bands in which the seeds are to be sown.

The date of starting seeds in the hot-bed is governed by the date that the plants can be set in the open ground. Cabbage, cauliflower and lettuce are cool season crops and the plants may be set out as early in the season as the soil can be worked in good condition, but it is not safe to set out tomatoes, melons and other warm season crops until the soil is warm and all danger of frost is over.

As a rule, cabbage, cauliflower and lettuce may be started about six weeks before the plants will be needed for setting in the garden or field; tomatoes and peppers eight weeks; egg plant, celery and onions about ten weeks; melons and cucumbers, four to six weeks.

Save the Woodlot.

It is a shame the way some farmers neglect their woodlots. Trees that blow down during storms are allowed to remain as they fall, to rot and decay. Large heaps of brush are allowed to accumulate and litter the woods, preventing the growth of new trees and harboring rodents that do serious damage to orchards and crops that are nearby. These brush piles are first-class places for forest fires to start.

Fallen trees in a woodlot should immediately be cut up and disposed of. The stumps of these trees should be blasted out and hauled away. Dead trees that are standing should be cut, as they are of no good to the forest, but slow the growth of the little trees by shutting out the sunlight, the food of the little trees.

In Germany, whenever a tree is cut or destroyed, two small trees must be planted to preserve the forests. This is part of the German law. We wish a similar law was in force in Canada.

If every woodlot would be kept in the condition I have just stated there would be plenty of timber for the coming generation. But as things are being kept now, in another century there will be no forests to speak of.

To Protect Trees from Rabbits.

To prevent rabbits from chewing trees, rub the bodies of the trees, as high as necessary, with smoked pork rind. This is an old German remedy which is much more valuable at present than the German mark.

The farmer is going forward, even if only "on low." It will be but a short time when he can probably "hit on high" again.

How to Start Beekeeping.

Bees can be kept profitably almost anywhere in Canada and each year the number of beekeepers gradually increases. Anyone can keep bees, but it is advisable that persons having an unusually high nervous temperament and those who are readily affected by the poison of bee stings should not attempt it. The returns from beekeeping are as certain as those in any other business and I do not think there is any other branch of agriculture that yields as high returns for the small amount of capital invested or the time required.

Anyone intending to start beekeeping must have a fair knowledge of bee behaviour and what the bees require. A thorough knowledge of modern methods is not necessary to make a start; indeed, this knowledge can only come through years of practical experience. The wider one's experience the better beekeeper one becomes. It is essential to be able to apply knowledge promptly and to do the right thing at the right time. The business of beekeeping is one of details and one that requires specialists. To gain the knowledge required, it is advisable for the prospective beekeeper to spend at least one season with a good beekeeper if at all possible. If this cannot be done much may be learned by attending short courses in beekeeping at any of the colleges, reading good books on the subject or visiting neighboring bee yards as often as possible.

When ready to take up the business the first consideration is one of location. A good location is one that will produce a fairly continuous supply of pollen and nectar from early spring until fall, with at least one source that can be depended upon for a heavy crop. Transportation, avoidance of overcrowding, and shelter from winds are other factors to bear in mind when choosing a place for the apiary. Locality will also determine the system of management, the equipment used and kind of honey produced.

Whenever possible the beginner should purchase one or two colonies of Italian bees with tested queens in his own vicinity. These bees are in modern hives. The hive in common use is the ten-frame Langstroth, although some beekeepers now prefer a larger hive carrying twelve frames, or the ten-frame Jumbo, which is a deeper hive.

Bees can also be bought in one, two or three-pound combs, packages, or obtained early enough in the season are often equal to overwintered colonies. One should make the mistake of purchasing package bees until he has hives and other accessories in readiness.

In addition to the colonies of bees a supply of supers is necessary for the storage of the crop, the equivalent of three deep supers being allowed for each colony. Queen excluders, bee-escapes, smoker and a veil are also necessary. If increase is desired a few complete hives should be on hand for this purpose. There are several manufacturers of bee supplies that send out catalogues on application and by studying these the beginner should have no trouble in choosing the supplies he might require. It must be borne in mind, however, that the equipment purchased should be modern and suitable for the purpose it is intended for; also to keep it standard. The importance of a small beginning with as little expense as possible cannot be too strongly urged. Unless he has had some experience with bees, do not be tempted to purchase a large number of colonies, even though they are offered at a bargain.

It is discouraging to invest a large sum of money in an apiary and then to lose most of the bees during the first winter through lack of experience.

Fall Wheat Acreage.

According to official figures from Ottawa, the area sown to fall wheat in 1923 for 1924 is considerably less than in 1922. Up to the end of October, the acreage for all Canada was 767,200 acres in 1923 compared with 877,500 acres in 1922, a decrease of 110,300 acres. In Ontario, the area sown is 702,100 acres compared with 763,100 acres in 1922, a decrease of 61,000 acres. In Alberta, it is estimated that the acreage sown is 49,500 compared with 99,000 acres in 1922, a decrease of fifty per cent. In British Columbia, 15,600 acres were sown in 1923, being 200 acres more than in 1922.

The man who cultivates a taste for reading will undoubtedly use better taste in cultivating his fields.

Ontario Three-Month Schools

BY L. STEVENSON, B.S.A., SUPERVISING DIRECTOR.

The three-month schools in elementary agriculture and domestic science for the rural young people of Ontario have this winter been in session for twelve. In 1921-22, when they were just organized, four such courses were held, and in the winter of 1922-23, on account of popular demand, the number was increased to eight. The courses are conducted by the Agricultural Representative, assisted by resident teachers and visiting specialists. They are being held this year at the following places:

Barrie (Simcoe, North and South); Lindsay (Victoria); Keene (Peterboro); Kingston (Frontenac); Brantford (Dundas); Renfrew (Renfrew);

Absorbents in the Stable.

Approximately one-third of the excrement voided by animals is liquid. The liquid voidings of cows, according to analysis, contain in one ton 20 pounds of nitrogen and 27 pounds of potash. The solids voided contain in one ton 8 pounds of nitrogen, 2 pounds of potash and 4 pounds of phosphoric acid. Taking the price of commercial fertilizers as a basis for computation, approximately \$66 for nitrate of soda (15 per cent.), \$24 for acid phosphate (16 per cent.), and \$50 for muriate of potash (50 per cent.), per ton; the value of these elements would be 22 cents per pound for nitrogen, 7 1/2 cents for phosphoric acid, and 5 cents per pound for potash.

From the above calculation it will be seen the liquid manure is worth \$4.40 for the nitrogen, it contains and \$1.85 for the potash, a total value of \$6.25 per ton, while the solids are worth \$1.76 for the nitrogen, 10 cents for the potash and 30 cents for the phosphorus, a total value of \$2.06 per ton. It is obvious that it is very important to conserve all liquids voided by animals. This can be done in practice by using absorbents of some kind which permit the return to the land of this valuable fertilizer with as little loss as possible.

One pound each of well dried peat, thoroughly dried sawdust, and dried leaves will absorb, respectively, 5, 4, and 1 1/2 pounds of liquid. It is difficult to dry peat thoroughly under our climatic conditions and to get good dry sawdust is equally difficult. Fortunately, good dry straw, the absorbent most generally available, is also one of the best absorbents.

Tests show that one pound of straw will absorb in twenty-four hours from 2 1/4 to 2 3/4 pounds of liquid. Oat straw is found to be a slightly better absorbent than wheat straw. Oat straw, according to analysis, contains 12 pounds of nitrogen, 4 pounds of phosphorus and 24 pounds of potash per ton. If we attribute to the plant food constituents in oat straw the same value as that given to them in commercial fertilizers, we find that a ton of oat straw is worth \$2.64 for the nitrogen it contains, 30 cents for the phosphorus and \$1.20 for the potash, a total of \$4.14. Assuming that two tons of liquid manure (urine) can be conserved by using a ton of straw, the three tons so produced would have a fertilizing value of \$15.64, or \$5.21 per ton.

Our tests have shown that 1,000 pound steers kept in box stalls average 78 pounds of manure per day, including the bedding used, which was ten pounds per steer per day. That is, the voidings amounted to 68 pounds each per day. One-third of this amount, twenty-three pounds, being liquid, provision was made for its absorption. This ten pounds of straw did, satisfactorily. This amount of straw may at first thought seem to be excessive as ten pounds of straw has a considerable bulk, but it is no more than is necessary to take up all the liquid thoroughly. It is not wise to sting with bedding materials and it is doubtful if straw can be used in any other way as so good advantage.

If we desire that the waste, the comfort of the animals should be considered, though, judging by the bedding used in many stables, this feature is not given great consideration. Everything favors a more generous use of absorbents, and fortunately with a good straw crop this year, the requirement can be much better met than during the past few years. It is also wise to keep in mind that straw has a considerable value above the fertilizing elements contained, in that it eventually furnishes humus to the soil, thus greatly aiding in keeping it in good tilth, making it more resistant to drought, and much more suitable for the development of soil bacteria.

Totals of Livestock Movements.

Sales of cattle for the eleven months of the year ending November, according to Dominion Live Stock Branch returns, were 748,242 compared with 774,300 in the same period last year, and the cattle billed through numbered 157,496 compared with 194,177 in 1922. Sales of calves totalled 235,340 compared with 247,554 last year. Sales of hogs totalled 879,460 compared with 713,345 and billed through were 95,345 compared with 54,542. Sales of sheep and lambs numbered 423,593 compared with 506,420 and billed through 23,769 compared with 33,657. It will be noticed that there has been a decrease in every case last year, excepting in hogs.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

Discovering and Encouraging Your Child's Talent

BY HELEN GREGG GREEN.

Dropping in at a friend's the other day, I found her sitting on the floor, admiring a wooden aeroplane her small son was making.

"Isn't it splendid?" she smiled, handing it to me.

"I'm going to build big aeroplanes, and bridges, and houses, and things, when I grow up!" Buddy exclaimed.

"Indeed he is!" the mother declared. When six year old Buddy had returned to his playing his mother said, "Ever since Buddy was old enough to show any special interest along any line, I've tried to detect his natural gifts. He always loved building things. And I have encouraged this talent to the best of my ability. We have furnished him with plenty of building material. And I'm never too busy to stop, look, and admire."

"You're right," I replied, very much interested. "Plenty of talent has been left to die because of lack of interest on the part of the parent."

"I had a cousin," the mother continued, "who would have been a famous painter but for his father."

"His father?" I interrupted.

"Yes. He was always saying, 'No artist son for me. I want a regular boy.' When Joe begged to be sent to an art school, where he could express the beauty hidden away in his soul, the father refused, and packed him off to a military academy. He never accomplished anything. So—"

"I'm trying hard not to be that kind of parent."

After I left, I thought how wise Buddy's mother is.

How much talent has been lost to the world, through the stupidity, carelessness, and thoughtlessness of parents!

So let us study our boys and girls, encouraging and developing the talents they possess.

Pleasure and Profit.

I was autographing a provincial highway one busy winter day. Having been on the road for hours, I was tired, and I was still far from a large city or town. Chilled through as I was, a sign, hanging in front of a little home, was very welcome. It read:

HOT TEA OR COCOA

Served at the Farm House

Come in and Get Warm

Driving in through the open gateway, I stepped to the door. It was opened before I could knock. A cheery "Come in and get warm," was the greeting from the woman of the house. Then I was shown into a sunny dining-room. A wood fire was burning in the open fireplace—a real one, such as city folks do not often see.

"Do you know," said the little woman, as she prepared my cup of cocoa, and also made (at my request) a tasty jelly sandwich, "it's a real pleasure to have people dropping in as they do, from near points and distant ones. In cold weather I'm more or less shut in, and I like company. Many people, too, like to step into a real farmhouse. Once a group of young people from the city, asked if they could come out and have a little party in my dining-room. I planned old country games and refreshments for them, and I had the time of my life with them."

"But doesn't it tie you down considerably?" I asked.

The farmer's wife laughed. "No," she said, "because the sign isn't tied down. When I don't wish to be disturbed, or when I am going away, I just unhook the sign. Much of the trade, you see, is transient. I do not advertise meals, although at noon-time, now and then, some one sits down with us. I am going to add coffee to my list during severe weather—and I make sandwiches and toast."

I was warm and comfortable when I left the house. "You are a public benefactor," I said as I drove away. "I wish others would think of this."

"If they did, they would make a fair income, and enjoy it, too. Good-bye, drop in again."—E. P. L.

It is getting to be seed catalogue time. Has the mail man delivered your supply of picturesque pamphlets yet? If not, it may be your fault for not having sent requests for them.

Free Information to Farmers

Any of the following bulletins, giving timely information of value to farmers, will be gladly sent anywhere free on request. No postage required. Simply tear out this advertisement, check bulletins you desire, and slip it in an envelope addressed to—

Publications Branch,
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Canada.

Best Varieties of Grain.
Feeding Beef Cattle in Ontario.
Co-operation in Marketing Poultry.
Tadpole.
Grading and Marketing Eggs.
Feeding Influence on Type of Hogs.
Swiner Husbandry in Canada.
Dairying in New Zealand and Australia.
Milkling Machines.
The Corn Borer.
Hardy Bees.
Storage of Ice.
Modern Orchard Practices.
The Maple Sugar Industry.
Fog Raising in Canada.
Bees and How to Keep Them.
Rabbits.
The Strawberry in Canada.
Poultry Keeping in Town and Country.
Beef Fruits.
Weeds and Weed Seeds.
Fertilizers for Field Crops.
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FLOWERS ON THE FARM

BY L. K. LONG.

Driving through the country I had occasion to stop at the home of a family that had but recently come to live on their farm. It was a fine tract of land and had been well cultivated, but had never before been a home.

The new house was modern, the barn and other farm buildings attractive looking, and the grounds were well laid out; but there were as yet no trees or shrubs—no cosy corners or enticing slopes for the children's games. It will be many a year before the place has a home-like appearance.

Only a few miles from this farm I stopped in the shade of two wide-spreading maples that stood in front of an old dilapidated farm house. In the house were stored some of the owner's farm implements and a flock of sheep wandered through its rooms at will. No longer was it used as a dwelling, the owner having bought an adjoining farm on which was a large house. "Not a very attractive picture," you are saying. But wait a minute. I saw something more.

On either side of the front door, not too close to the house, were two large syringa bushes in full bloom. Near the side door, on the almost obliterated path leading to where the ruins of the stable could be seen, was a magnificent specimen of the Persian lilac. These bushes, situated as they were, gave an air of distinction to the place, and I felt invited to walk in and look about. Upon investigating I found a fire bush, a smoke tree, roses growing in grass and weeds, great clumps of peonies and rows of poets' narcissi.

How I wished that this old house could be cleared away, that the new house I had just seen could be set down in its place, and that the barn could have been placed on the pleasant slope where were the scattered remnants of the old stable. With a little expense and some hard work, in which the children would have gladly shared, the rubbish about the trees and shrubs could have been cleared away, borders rearranged and old paths restored. Within a year or two it could have been made into a neat, attractive and altogether delightful home place for a happy family. Trees, shrubs and flowers give an air of real distinction to a farm home.

No farmer should be content without a fair amount of standard shrubs, vines and bushes. They are neither expensive nor difficult to grow. Lilacs of different colors, syringas and especially the large flowering fragrant sorts, forsythias, roses, honeysuckle, trumpet vine, clematis, wisteria, morning-glory and moon flowers are among the very satisfactory kinds.

"I take a good look at the morning glories as I make my first trip to the barn, and feel better all day," says one farmer.

Peonies are wonderfully satisfying, so luscious in their freshness. They prosper for years in the same situation. Bleeding heart, lemon lily, day lily, and June lily give an abundance of bloom throughout a long season and do not require frequent changing.

Tulips, narcissi and hyacinths are good bloomers and increase rapidly. With iris one can spend considerable money, but at a small outlay one may be made with very lovely kinds.

If nasturtiums, verbenas and petunias are planted so as to fill considerable space, they will not only cheer the farm family, but will also cheer every passer-by with their riot of color.

It is a safe guess that the farmstead which is abundantly supplied with attractive flowers will have plenty of customers to patronize its wayside market for orchard, garden, poultry and dairy products.

Breaking all previous records, Fort William and Port Arthur during 1923 shipped from elevators 296,871,361 bushels of grain. Shipments for the crop year from September 1 until the close of navigation, December 24, were also higher than in 1922, being 211,697,609 bushels, compared with 187,600,052 in 1922. Canadian ports received 156,094,675 bushels, United States ports 140,625,286 bushels, and 196,300 bushels were shipped direct to Europe in foreign bottoms. In addition, 180,308,636 pounds of mixed grain and 135,143 tons of screenings were shipped.

Perhaps the greatest knowledge a man can have is to know that he does not know.

Agricultural success in this industrial age is made more easy through the use of mechanical helps which industries have given us.

SALESMEN

We pay weekly and offer steady employment selling our complete and exclusive lines of whole-root fresh-dug-to-order trees and plants. Best stock and service. We teach and equip you free. A money-making opportunity. Lutz Brothers Nurseries, Montreal.

ISSUE No. 7-24.

SAVING LIGHT BY COLORS

With the passing of oil and candles and the increasing use of electricity, there is a chance for light to play a large part in our ordinary life at night as well as during the day.

Light comes in by the electric wires, is produced by the lamps, but so often it gets waylaid by a dark groody wall or ceiling instead of being gently flitted back and forth by a good light-reflecting surface. Illuminating experts have determined that the surfaces of the room and its contents are nearly as important in obtaining satisfactory light as the electric bulbs or the power that supplies them.

If the lighting engineer would care only how much light he could force the ceilings and walls to produce as mirrors or secondary sources of light he would probably urge that you build them of blocks of magnesium carbonate, freshly scraped each day. Such a surface sends back for use 98 per cent. of the light that falls upon it.

Although magnesium carbonate as building material would hardly be practicable, such blocks are used as the standard surface in calibrating the instruments that have been developed for measuring the quantity of light reflected by various surfaces. It is an easy standard to obtain, because a chunk of magnesium carbonate can be obtained at any drug store for a few cents. The light-measuring instruments are called photometers, and they allow the lighting expert to compare the light given off by a wall with that emitted by the standard.

Such tests show that even though walls and ceilings cannot be made of the best light-reflecting material, paints and other finishes applied to different materials will give very satisfactory results. As would be expected, white paint uses less of the light than any other, as it will reflect 82 to 89 per cent. of the light when new and from 75 to 85 per cent. when old, depending on the kind of paint.

Other colors of paint, wall papers and wood finishes are efficient as light reflectors as indicated by the following percentages: Cream, 62 to 80; buff, 49 to 66; ivory, 73 to 78; gray, 17 to 63; light green, 48 to 75; dark green, 11 to 25; light blue, 34 to 61; pink, 26 to 61; dark red, 13 to 30; yellow, 16 to 75; dark tan, 30 to 46; natural wood brown stain, 17 to 29; light wood varnish, 43 to 49.

If you wish to use gray for your walls and ceilings be sure that it is made by mixing vermilion and emerald green paint to give black, then thinning out with a white, as the shade produced in this way has a markedly higher reflection than has a gray tone made by mixing lampblack with a white paint.

The reason why a colored surface reflects less light than a white one is that it absorbs more light. White light is not simple, but very complex, made up of all the colors of the rainbow. Nature's display of colors in the sky when the sunshines through rain is a brilliant proof of the complexity of white light. A colored surface selects and retains those colors falling upon it which are not needed to produce the color that our eyes see.

The sun itself as well as the electric light can be aided in its work by the selection of surfaces with the best lighting qualities. Tanks or machinery set in a dark corner will be brightened and seen will be added if they are painted with the proper paint. Often less illumination is required, and in such cases a light-absorbing surface can be used.

It is often just as easy and cheap to paint or paper with an eye to light as not to. A little planning and thought in advance will pay dividends in less eyestrain and lower cost of lighting.

Ten Long-Life Hints.

Food—Most people overeat. Too much food clogs the digestive tract, generates putrefactive products, which poison the tissue cells and which the body finds increasingly difficult to throw off.

Tea and Coffee—Be moderate in tea and coffee drinking, but generous in drinking pure water.

The Hands—Keep your teeth clean and in good repair. Frequent visits to a good dentist is a good investment.

The Bath—Bathe regularly—at least twice a week. It is of the greatest importance that the many miles of tiny sewers of the skin be kept active and the discharges from the mouths of these sewers (grease and sweat pores) be washed away.

Exercise—Take some kind of real physical exercise every day. Walk at least two miles daily. Indulge in some kind of play and recreation.

The Mind—Why worry over things you cannot help or for which you are not responsible? Worry saps the energy and vitality, sours the disposition, blunts the appetite, retards digestion, and poisons the whole system. Be cheerful.

Taking Stock—Have a thorough physical examination by a good doctor at least once each year and follow his advice.

Sleep—Sleep at least eight hours each night with the bedroom windows open, or better still, a sleeping porch.

Work—Work regularly at some task, occupation or profession in which you believe, and in which you have the joy of accomplishment. Life without work is uninteresting, unprofitable and unbearable.

RED ROSE TEA 'is good tea'

Next time try the finest grade—
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE

Surnames and Their Origin

PENNINGTON

Racial Origin—English.

Source—Geographical.

The first syllable in the name of Pennington might lead you to suppose that it is of Welsh origin, for the word "pen" in the Cymric tongue means a "head" in the geographical sense. The rest of the name, however, betrays any Celtic origin.

As a family name Pennington, or Penington, as it is sometimes spelled, is traceable directly to Pennington as a geographical name. And it is found as the designation of a township in Lancashire, England, and of a tithing in Hampshire.

English geographical family names of this sort are likely to denote an origin among the nobility, for of course the old Norman feudal chiefs naturally took as their family names the names of the territories over which they held leadership. As a matter of fact one Pennington family does trace directly back to one Camel de Pennington, overlord of a place of that name, who had his seat in Macclesfield (or Manchester) county. Certain branches of the family have taken the latter name as their family name.

But this does not mean at all that all Penningtons trace back to this or any other of the Norman overlords. In many instances humble dwellers in the various Penningtons moved to other parts of England, and there became known by the names of the places whence they had come, as "Roger de Pennington," etc. In nearly all English family names such prefixes as "de" (of) and "le" (the) have either been eliminated as superfluous taxes on the tongue, or have been incorporated into the name. In the case of Pennington it is easy to see that the latter would produce a combination rather hard to pronounce as a single word, which explains why such a variation is never met with.

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ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the name "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds
Toothache
Neuritis
Neuralgia

Headache
Lumbago
Rheumatism
Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drug-gists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocacetic Acid of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

FISK

Variations—Fiske, Fish, Fisher, Fisherman, Fisker, Pessoner.

Racial Origin—Anglo-Saxon.

Source—An Occupation.

The family name of Fisk, of Fiske, is another one of those surnames which illustrate vividly the changes which take place in a language in the matter of twenty-five generations, for it has been no longer than that since our modern word "fish" was so pronounced. Virtually all of these "fish" names have arisen from the occupations of those to whom they were first applied. It is possible, of course, but hardly likely, that there were a few rare instances in which the first use was as a nickname, denoting a fancied likeness to a fish.

All variations, however, may be taken for granted as having been derived from either of two occupations, the selling of fish or the catching of them. These occupations were tremendously important in the middle ages, for the English nation subsisted largely on fish both as an economic and religious necessity. Medieval England was Catholic, and in the middle ages the fasts of the church were more rigorous and numerous than to-day. Indeed, the Fishmongers' Guild of old London was the most powerful of the merchants' associations for many generations.

The Anglo-Saxon name appears on the old records variously as "le Fische," "le Fyske," "le Fyscer," and sometimes softened into "le Fische" (the Anglo-Saxon "ch" had the "s" sound). The Norman forms, "Fischer" and "Fescheur," and "Pessoner" have only a few survivals in the last mentioned surname, though originally the Anglo-Saxon and Norman forms were often used interchangeably by the same family, as in the case "Egeas Fisher, or Pessoner," who was mayor of Gloucester in 1241.

HEALTHY CHILDREN ALWAYS SLEEP WELL

The healthy child sleeps well and during its waking hours is never cross but always happy and laughing. It is only the sickly child that is cross and peevish. Mothers, if your children do not sleep well; if they are cross and cry a great deal, give them Baby's Own Tablets and they will soon be well and happy again. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, banish constipation, colic and indigestion and promote healthy sleep. They are absolutely guaranteed free from opiates and may be given to the newborn babe with perfect safety. The new sales tax will not increase the price of Baby's Own Tablets, as the company pays the tax. You can still obtain the Tablets through any medicine dealer at 25 cents a box, or by mail, post paid, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Words of Wise Men.

Virtue is a quality more admired than rewarded.

When the music plays, the heart is light.

Ships that are badly navigated hit the rocks and human beings are often ships without rudders.

It is astonishing how little one feels poverty when one loves.

You must judge a maiden at the kneading trough, not in the dance.

Pluck the rose and leave the thorns.

Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of before ye ask Him.

A fine cage won't feed the bird.

A little oil may save a deal of friction.

One false move may lose the game.

Prudence, looketh unto faith, content to wait solutions.

We wisely strip the steed we mean to bay.

Cent per cent do we pay for every vicious pleasure.

Leaves put away in the oven come out crooked.

He overcomes a stout enemy who overcomes his own anger.

"Men go to books—Heaven forbid—for instruction, but for warmth and light, for a thousand new perceptions that struggle inarticulately within themselves, for the enlargement of their minds and the companionship of beauty and terror for their troubled souls. They go to literature for life, for more life and keener life, for life as it crystallizes into higher articulateness and deeper significance. The enlargement and clarification of men's experience—that is the function of literature."—Ludwig Lewisohn.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Snowflakes.

Sound is deadened by snow.

Snow will not quench thirst.

No two snowflakes are alike.

Snow prevents plants from becoming frost-bitten.

There is nothing on earth whiter than newly-fallen snow.

Salt, added to snow, gives it an even lower temperature.

Carbonic acid is a component of snow, which is therefore a splendid fertilizer.

Snow is white because its crystals and prisms reflect only the white light rays.

Snow on some mountain-tops never melts because the rarefied air abstracts all the heat from surrounding objects.

ALMOST HELPLESS AFTER INFLUENZA

Left Weak, Nervous and Broken Down—Health Regained.

"A few years ago," says Miss Frances Hanks, of Plenty, Sask., "my mother, Mrs. Walter Hanks, was stricken with influenza, which was then epidemic, and for a time was in a critical condition. She appeared to get over the prominent symptoms of the trouble but did not regain her strength. Some weeks later her weakness developed into sinking spells in which she would almost smother. Notwithstanding medical aid these spells continued and she was constantly growing weaker, until she was practically reduced to skin and bone. Her lips and gums were colorless, she was nervous, and suffered from indigestion and palpitation of the heart. At this stage a friend of mother's, who lived at a distance, came to see her and strongly advised her to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which, she said, had greatly helped her in a critical illness. We got these pills and mother began taking them. The improvement was slow at first, but we could see that the sinking spells were growing less frequent, and that strength was returning. The treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills was continued, and day by day health and strength returned, until she was again able to go about, and help with the work of the house. The improvement this medicine made in her case was simply remarkable."

"I may also say," adds Miss Hanks, "that in my own case these pills were of the greatest benefit. Last winter I was in a badly run-down condition, and very nervous. My appetite failed and I had no color. Knowing what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for mother, I began taking them with the result that they soon made me as strong and full of vigor as the other girls of my age. I may just add that I think we owe mother's life and my good health to the pills and I hope our experience will be of benefit to some other sufferer."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c, a box, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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It is astonishing how little one feels poverty when one loves.

You must judge a maiden at the kneading trough, not in the dance.

Pluck the rose and leave the thorns.

Your Father knoweth what things ye have need of before ye ask Him.

A fine cage won't feed the bird.

A little oil may save a deal of friction.

One false move may lose the game.

Prudence, looketh unto faith, content to wait solutions.

We wisely strip the steed we mean to bay.

Cent per cent do we pay for every vicious pleasure.

Leaves put away in the oven come out crooked.

He overcomes a stout enemy who overcomes his own anger.

"Men go to books—Heaven forbid—for instruction, but for warmth and light, for a thousand new perceptions that struggle inarticulately within themselves, for the enlargement of their minds and the companionship of beauty and terror for their troubled souls. They go to literature for life, for more life and keener life, for life as it crystallizes into higher articulateness and deeper significance. The enlargement and clarification of men's experience—that is the function of literature."—Ludwig Lewisohn.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

The Pewter Pitcher.

Great-great-grandmother Gertrude Gray

Got the set on her wedding day;

Pewter graceful of curve and flare

As costly and delicate silverware;

Net of lead and soft all through,

Lusterless, and a dead dull blue,

But with copper enough in the tin to hold

A patina rich akin to gold.

Porringer, charger, bowls and spoons

To stir the tea of afternoons

When a gossiping crouy came to call,

With half knit stocking and woolen ball,

And needles sticking in and out

Turning a gray yarn heel about,

While the pewter sugar bowl, plain and plump,

Yielded many a luscious lump.

But the pewter pitcher with flowering lip

Like a calla lily's lovely tip,

And handle looping its fluted side,

Was the joy and pride of the happy bride.

It held the cream at the evening meal

For the lovers wedded for woe or weal,

And later milk for the babies four

That played in turn by the cottage door.

Great-great-grandmother Gertrude Gray

Folded her hands and passed away,

And out of her cherished pewter set

Only the pitcher survives her yet.

It stands in a mansion now between

A Chinese vase of apple green

And Venetian glass as thin as air,

Like a bubble blown from a jewel rare.

The old collector of precious things,

Cups and ewers and coins and rings,

Its weight in gold twice over paid

For the pitcher of lead and copper made;

For the atmosphere of the long ago

Clings to the humble metal, lo!

Homely virtues, and simple joys,

And the merry prattle of girls and boys.

The pewter pitcher is full of dreams

Of bowery woods and crystal streams,

A farmhouse brown with mossy eaves,

Rosy apples and golden sheaves,

Amber lamplight and bread and milk,

And yellow cream as smooth as silk.

Of all his treasures of gems and art,

The pitcher is dearest to his heart.

—Minna Irving.

A Modern Maid.

Mrs. Jones advertised for a woman to do general housework and a colored girl applied for the place.

"What sort of a cook are you?" was the first question put.

"Ah, can't cook," was the reply.

"Are you a good laundress?"

"Ah, don't do no washin' an' ironin'; it's too hard on mah hands."

"Can you sweep?"

"No, lady; I ain't strong enough to sweep."

"What on earth can you do?"

"Ah, dusts," the applicant answered.

The Drawback.

Eastman—"So your hired man's quit smoking?"

Westerman—"Yes—found it too much work to open his tobacco package."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Free Rides to School.

Carfare is not needed by school children in Victoria, Australia. They are carried in street cars to and from school free of charge.

Crossgrained.

"Who is that woman?" inquired Rogers.

"That?" answered his friend. "Why, that is Alvira Cross. And rightly named she is too. I haven't a doubt but what that woman would climb a fence, just to be on the other side."

GIRLS! HAIR GROWS THICK AND BEAUTIFUL

35-Cent "Danderine" Does Wonders for Lifeless, Neglected Hair.

A gleamy mass of luxuriant hair full of gloss, lustre and life shortly follows a genuine toning up of neglected scalp with dependable "Danderine."

Falling hair, itching scalp and the dandruff is corrected immediately. Thin, dry, wispy or fading hair is quickly invigorated, taking on new strength, color and youthful beauty. "Danderine" is delightful on the hair; a refreshing, stimulating tonic—not sticky or greasy! Any drugstore.

DON'T TRY THE DO THIS WATCH TEST

Can You Hear? Place watch to ear then draw away. You should hear tick at 56 inches. Does a ringing in your ears prevent your proper hearing?

LEONARD EAR OIL relieves both Head Noises and Deafness. Just rub it back of ears and insert in nostrils. Price \$1.25 For Sale Everywhere. Internationally recognized. Send coupon request.

A. O. LEONARD, Inc., 70 8th Ave., New York

The sheep in Taranto, Italy, wear blankets to protect their fleeces. This place is noted for its fine wool and for the purple mussels from which a dye is secured for fabrics of fine tissue.

Mother! Give Sick Baby "California Fig Syrup"

Modish Gowns to be had for Modest Purse

More Fashionably Dressed Women now than ever before.

"Standard-Designer Patterns" account for it. The snappy styles in Ready-made Dresses caused people to give up making their own dresses, simply because dressmaking without patterns did not give the style demanded.

Style, fit, appearance and value are essentials ladies insist upon for their wardrobes.

But back of it all is service—service possible only through modern innovation.

First came the Sewing Machine, then came the Paper Patterns, and now the Pattern Service—really a pattern-dressmaking service.

This service, as you find in "Standard-Designer" Patterns with Belrobe Chart, brings Paris and New York to a Woman's door so far as stylish clothes is concerned. 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c patterns saves you buying one inch more or less than you really require, which makes another saving.

More Large Shipments This Week of Silks in fancy and plain in a big choice of patterns. Imported Normandy Voiles, in rich colorings and designs. Balance of Spring order of Gingham of the best quality. Drop in and make early selection, giving many advantages.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between
MONTREAL
TORONTO
DETROIT
and
CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Station Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5. P. E. Lumley, Town Agent, Glencoe.

CREAM WANTED

Our wagon will be on the road all season.

We pay cash for Cream.

G. W. SUTTON

Agent for Ontario Creamery, Ltd.
North Main St., Glencoe
Phone 89

The C. E. Nourse Co.

Dealers in

Flour and Feed

COAL, WOOD AND CEMENT

Highest Market Prices paid for all kind of Grain.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Store and Elevator, Main St., Glencoe

J. D. McKellar, Manager

GOOD SHOES

Deserve Special Care when being REPAIRED

Let us do them for you. Your Shoes as comfortable and smart after repair as before.

Soles Sewn On
Best Leather Used
Finished Like New

Charges Reasonable
Electric Shodshine, 10c

J. PARKE - Glencoe

H. J. JAMIESON FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE

PHONE 92 GLENCOE

District Agent
Manufacturers' Life

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription in Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising.—The Transcript covers a wide section of territory in Western Ontario, and its readers are the leading farmers and townspeople. It is a first-class advertising medium. Rates on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

JANUARY SCHOOL REPORTS

S. S. No. 1, Mossa
An asterisk denotes absence for one or more examinations. Average attendance, 21.

Jr. IV.—Alice Treastain 82, Edwin Gould 78, Ethel George 63, *Ruby McQuillan 60, *J. C. Copeland.
Sr. III.—Marjorie Weekes 64.
Jr. III.—Josephine Cameron 65, Geraldine Anthes 62, Willie Snyder 61, Ethel Henderson 60, *Lizzie Copeland.

Sr. II.—Eugene Lamont 70, Maurice Weekes 70, *Charlie Siddall.
Jr. II.—Edith Henderson 65, Alfred Sharp 60, Marguerite McRae 54, Harold Henderson 51, Weir McRae 45, *Wanita Caldwell.

I.—Marion Siddall 78, Gladys Henderson 75, John Walker 69, *Beatrice Copeland.
Primer.—Eugene Gould 75, Jenavie Sharp 75, Willie Hallstone 74, Cassie Depew 70.

Jean Welch, Teacher.

S. S. No. 9, Mossa

Sr. IV.—Donna Gillies 78.
Jr. IV.—Martha Livingstone 66, Kenneth Gillies 61, George Innes 52.
III.—Alden Gillies 65.

II.—Leland Innes 78, John Mitchell 76, George Smith 65, John Smith 53.

I.—Margaret Gillies 80, Stanley Gillies 77.

Primer.—Lloyd Gillies 79.

Jean McEachren, Teacher.

S. S. No. 14, Metcalfe and Ekfrid

Sr. IV.—Florence Moore 83, Archie Carruthers 81, Christopher Carruthers 78.

Jr. IV.—Orville Towers 72, Charlie Towers 62.

Sr. III.—Martin Walker 88, Dennis Giles 86.

Jr. III.—Ernie Moore 62, Lloyd Munroe 61, Bruce Moore 51.

II.—Phyllis Giles 81.

Sr. Primer.—Verna Moore, Elizabeth Carruthers.

Jr. Primer.—Ireta Walker.

Perfect attendance, no lates—Florence Moore, Christopher Carruthers, Dennis Giles, Bruce Moore, Ernie Moore.

Highest in stars for perfect spelling—Dennis Giles.

Highest in stars for perfect spelling (primer class)—Ireta Walker.

Gladys Lunn, Teacher.

U. S. S. No. 4, Aldborough

*Absent for examinations.

Jr. IV.—Emerteen Simpson 68.

Sr. III.—Frances Simpson 81, Fern Simpson 78, Donald Simpson 75, Elliot Woods 73, *Gerald Dymock.

Jr. III.—Helen Simpson 54.

Jr. II.—Margaret Tait 82, Douglas Simpson 80, Jim Tait 73, Doris Godley 66, Katharine Simpson 55.

Primer.—Bandeena Dobson, Jack Dymock.

N. Campbell, Teacher.

S. S. No. 3, Ekfrid

Those obtaining honors are marked with a star.

Sr. IV.—*Margaret Lockwood 79, Chester Lockwood 62.

Jr. IV.—Billie Brown 58, Bert Corneille and John A. Johnson (equal) 57, Manetta Tanner 42; absent—Jean Johnson.

Jr. III.—*Dorothy Campbell 76, Melvin Huston 47, Clare Huston 39.

II.—*Esther Lockwood 78, David Brown 66, James Tanner 37.

I.—Lorne Brown 70.

Primer.—Ivan Huston 67.

E. K. Runnalls, Teacher.

Middlemies School

*Honor roll. Enrollment, 17; average, 13.5.

IV.—*Margaret McNeil 483, *Henry McNeil 427, Wm. Richards 367, Annie Wrightman 40.

III.—*Howard McDonald 349, *Howard Richards 336, George McIntyre 220, Wm. Burden 79.

Sr. II.—*Bud Lucas 547, *Lena Clarke 479, Viola Clarke 161.

Jr. II.—Anna B. Clarke 479, Nora Jean Graham (absent), Carl Lucas.

I.—*Cassie Clarke 125, Clifford Anderson 139.

Primer.—*Bruce Lilley 125.

S. S. No. 16, Caradoc

Names in order of merit. Those marked with an asterisk failed in one subject.

IV.—Dorothy Hiseox, Blanche Hardy, *Laura Collier, Clara Near, Marion Campbell, *Clarence Beattie, Marguerite Hansford.

Sr. III.—Phyllis Bees, Eleanor Meek, Margaret Dewar, Muriel Meek, Pearl Near, *Lena Mae Hansford.

Jr. III.—Roy Hardy, Melvin Gough, Alice Griswold, Jack Hansford, Gordon Huston, Leonard Long, *Jack Kaine, *Verna Hagerty.

II.—Wilbert Huston, Stanley Gould, Frieda Hiseox, Archie Hagerty.

I.—Helen Shoupe, Dorothy Brown, Harold Carruthers.

Primer.—Florence Dewar, George Oliver, Lorine Laine, Lawrence Campbell.

Agnes McNabb, Teacher.

S. S. No. 6, Ekfrid

Sr. IV.—Harry Stocks 70, Henry Mead 69, Donald McMaster 65.

Jr. IV.—Vera Laughton 61, Mary Stocks 58, Lloyd Galbraith 53, Helen May 52, Jean May 51.

Sr. III.—John Johnson 63.

Jr. III.—Howard McIntyre 67, Donald Webster 51, Frank Mead 41.

Sr. II.—Vera Hill 86, Ruby Argcott 76, Alex. Chisholm 45.

Jr. I.—Willie May 68, Rena Hill 62, Allan Johnston 52, Robert Stevenson 43, *Rene Spietels.

I.—Edna Arcott 86, *Mary McIntyre 42.

Primer A.—Ralph Webster.

B.—Allan May, Velda Galbraith, Isabel Webster.

C.—Joseph Spietels, Albert Spietels.

Mrs. Keith Black, Teacher.

S. S. No. 8, Ekfrid

*Absent for part of examination.

IV.—Phemie McEachren 80, Ross Allan 72, David McRae 72, Isabel McAlpine 65, *Helen McEachren 54.

III.—Donald McRae 68, *Verna Brown 52, Willie Reath 48.

II.—Dorothy Allan 88, Margaret McRae 77, Kenneth McRae 75, Mary Dobie 69, Mary Coad 68, Lloyd Reath 61, *Tom Wilder 58.

I.—Marie Hyndman 95, *Hughie Allan 88, Helen Squire 82, Amos Thomas 74, Ada Brown 72, *D. N. McEachren 62, William Tait 55, Jean Wilder 52.

Primer.—Jack McRae 86, Margaret Dobie 76, Clarence Reath 72, John Dobie 66, Marion Tait 40.

Mattie McRae, Teacher.

S. S. No. 3, Mossa

Number in brackets indicates examinations missed. Per cent. given.

Sr. IV.—Mary Watterworth 91, Florence Fry 76, Blanche Whitlock 69.

Jr. IV.—Helen Goff 65, Gordon Squire 52, Margaret Whitfield 46, Helen Whitlock 27, Ross Edwards 22.

Sr. III.—Nellie Squire 91, James Squire 89, Winnie Goff 83, Alex. Giles 80, Margaret Watterworth 80, Garnet Tunks 70, Ethel Harvey 66, Charlie Perrin 61, Velda Grover 57, Lewis Moore 49, Earl Harvey 40, Clare Whitlock 36 (2).

Jr. III.—Kathleen Giles 79, Madlyn Watterworth 76 (1), Dorothy Moore 67, John Smith 49 (1), Mildred Winger 39, Willard Edwards 30.

II.—Dorothy Foy 81, Jessie Squire 77, Bessie Winger 71, Joe Giles 63, Wilbert Fry 62, Marion Foy 56.

Sr. I.—Jim Welch 60, Willie Grover 42.

Jr. I.—Mary Whitfield 69, Alice Whitlock 55, Madeline Palmer 54, Alton Henderson 44.

Della McIntyre, Teacher.

S. S. No. 7, Mossa

V.—Velma McNaughton 85, Arley King 83.

Sr. IV.—Violet Gates 72, Jane Gates 70, Clarence Scott 65, Archie Gates (a).

Jr. IV.—Edith June 73, Jessie McNaughton 73, Irene McLarty 70, Clinton Armstrong 58, Etta Scott 57, Willie Scott 50, Bessie McVicar (a).

Jr. III.—John Turner 70, Mae Gates 69, Tom Turner 60, Cecil Goldrick 50.

Sr. II.—Douglas June 64.

Jr. II.—Albert Shred 62, Russell McVicar 60.

Sr. I.—Mary McVicar 86, Wilfred June 78, Irene Harris 76, Meryl Harris 59, Jennie Turner 50.

Jr. I.—Mildred Leitch 75, Ruby Stuart 75, Clara Gates 72.

Primer.—Mildred McNaughton 75, Ethel Regis 74, Percy Clements 65, Robert Davis 60.

Agnes McEachren, Teacher.

RUSH SALE



SHOE BARGAINS

We pay the railroad fare for purchasers inside 12 miles distance. Purchase must exceed \$2.00. This will be your chance to secure footwear for the whole family at prices that will mean a big saving on every pair. We are determined to make this Big Sale and have arranged our prices accordingly. Six days' business in two—FRIDAY and SATURDAY, FEB. 15 and 16.

Women's Bedroom Slippers, odd sizes, at \$1.00 pair

Boys' Shoes, solid leather, \$1.98, \$2.39, and \$2.98

Men! See these—Tan Calf, Goodyear welted, rubber heels, up-to-date lasts. On sale \$3.89 and \$4.69.

Women's Low Overshoes, regular \$2.50 at \$1.25.

Men's and Women's Tan Rubber Heels, 15c pair

Women's Rubbers with high heels, size 2 1-2 to 5, at 25c pair

Women's Hockey Shoes, size 2 1-2 to 4, at \$2.67

SPECIAL

Broken lines in "Georgina" make, reg. \$9.00 and \$10.00

\$4.95

RUBBERS

Children's at 75c; Men's, \$1.19; Women's, 87c

Boys' Bedroom Slippers, at 69c pair

Men's High Grade Oxfords in odd sizes, reg. \$8.00 to \$10.00. On sale, at \$3.98

Women's Satin Slippers. On sale, at \$3.45

Men's Rubber Boots, "Miner Make" at \$3.95

Men's McPherson's Professional Hockey Shoes, regular \$6.00, at \$4.95

25 pair Women's Slippers and Oxfords at \$1.00

Men's Work Shoes, solid leather. On sale, at \$2.89 and \$3.98

Men's Mackinaws, size 6 only, at \$1.48

Infants Shoes, at 18c pair

25 pairs Men's Astoria Shoes, regular \$8.00 to \$10.00, at \$4.95

Men's Mackinaw Socks, regular \$1.25. On sale, 79c pair

Men's McPherson's Lightning Hitch, regular \$5.00, and Women's Professional Hockey Boots, regular \$6.00. On sale at \$3.95

We resole
Mackinaws, Rubber
Boots, Overshoes,
Galoshes
and patch them to
make them water-
proof

MODERN SHOE STORE

PHONE 103

GLENCOE

This Sale opens at
9 a. m. on Friday,
February 15, for a
quick turnover

Vancouver is steadily growing in importance as a Pacific seaport and is becoming a big outlet for Alberta and Saskatchewan grain, which saves the longer haul to Montreal. The grain handled at Vancouver for January broke all previous records for a month, amounting to 7,500,000 bushels. Altogether the port has shipped 20,500,000 bushels of grain of the 1923 crop.



A Wonderful Convenience

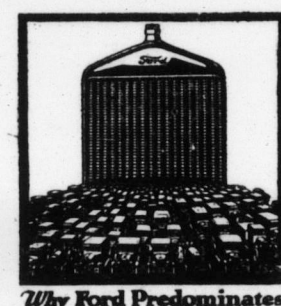
Getting out of a warm bed, to go downstairs and answer a telephone has its drawbacks. An extension telephone alongside the bed saves many a man or woman that unpleasant necessity.

Extension telephones cost only \$1.24 a month! The charge for installing is only \$1.00! They are a wonderful convenience.

Save your "better half" many fatiguing steps. Business and professional men find them indispensable in homes and offices. Let us talk it over!



Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station



Why Ford Predominates

Ford Resources

The Ford is the product of a self-made institution which, over a period of years, has provided dependable transportation for all peoples.

Recognizing the value of Ford transportation, these peoples have purchased Ford products in such volume that the sale of Ford cars and trucks equals the sales of all other makes combined.

As a result, the resources of Ford of Canada are now over \$20,000,000. These resources mean

ability to buy the best material at a minimum price.

They mean the ability to organize each process of production, from the purchase of materials to the completion of the finished car, on such a basis that every non-essential operation is eliminated. The economies thus accomplished are reflected in Ford prices which, always consistently low, are now the lowest in history. This is what Ford resources mean to you.

See Any Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford
CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

CP-29C

GALBRAITH BROS., FORD DEALERS, APPIN, ONT.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Remover at hand to remove them.

Over 165,000 medals and memorials of the Great War are lying at Ottawa unclaimed. In a large number of cases they have been sent out and have been returned undelivered owing to lack of correct address.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Main Line

Eastbound—No. 20, Toronto express (except Sunday) 10.05 a.m.; No. 18 express (daily) 3.10 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer (daily, no local stops) 6.35 p.m.; No. 114, accommodation (except Sunday) 9.52 p.m.
Westbound—No. 21, Detroit express (daily, no local stops) 4.48 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (except Sunday) 7.25 a.m.; No. 117, Detroit express (daily, stops at Glencoe, Bothwell, Thamesville and Chatham) 12.26 p.m.; No. 11, accommodation (except Sunday) 6.40 p.m.; No. 115, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 9.52 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line
Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 10.05 a.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4.10 p.m.
Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9.00 a.m.; No. 3, express, 12.10 p.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2.50 p.m.

Kingscourt Branch
Arrive—7.10 a.m., 5.30 p.m.
Leave—7.30 a.m., 6.40 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Eastbound—No. 654, 12.25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p.m.; Westbound—No. 655, for Windsor, 4.48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.27 a.m.; No. 653, 8.22 p.m.
Trains 653, 654 and 655, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST OFFICE

Mails closed—C. N. R. East, 9.30 a.m.; C. N. R. West, 5.45 p.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes, 7.45 a.m.

Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a.m.; C. N. R. East, 7.00 p.m.; C. N. R. West, 10.20 a.m.; Glencoe Rural Routes: No. 1—1.00 p.m.; No. 2—12 noon; No. 3—2.40 p.m.; No. 4—12.30 p.m.

Street letter boxes are cleared at 9.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Letters for registration should be posted not later than half an hour previous to the time for closing the mails.

MEAT OF QUALITY

(Fresh, Cured, and Salt)

At Reasonable Prices

We Invite Your Patronage

Phone orders promptly delivered.

W. J. CORNFoot

Successor to J. D. Smith
Phone 73

McAlpine Grocery

We are selling our Rubbers, Mackinaws and Overshoes at cost for the rest of this week. Many odd sizes of Bedroom Slippers for men and women at less than cost. Good line of groceries always in stock.

BRUCE McALPINE

J. A. RAE BURN

Contractor for

OIL, WATER AND GAS DRILLING

All kinds of Pumps and Pipe Supplies. Up-to-date Drilling Rig at your service.

GORE CONCESSION, EKFRID.

IRWIN'S NOVELTY STORE

FOR

Fancy Goods Stationery

Hosiery China

Corsets Books

Smallwares School Supplies

Agency for Parker's Dye Works and PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS

EKFRID FARM LOAN ASSOCIATION

will meet at Appin March 20, April 17, May 15, August 21 and October 16.

For information, long and short term loans, apply to President R. D. Coad.

Vice-president D. F. Eddie, Secretary-treasurer Duncan McAlpine, Directors A. T. Irwin, Dan McDonald, Martin Johnston, James McRae, R. A. Finn.

Promote in every way the interest of your community for in that way you can best promote your own interests, and do not overlook the fact that the kind of a town you live in is the kind of a town you help make.

Born

MUNROE.—In Metcalfe, on Wednesday, February 13, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Archie F. Munroe, a daughter—Janet.

NEWBEGGING.—In Ekfrid, on Tuesday, February 12, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Newbegg, a son.

In Memoriam

In loving memory of William L. Walker, who died one year ago, February 11, 1923:

Oh, what would I give to clasp his hand,
His dear, kind face to see,
To hear his voice, to see his smile
That meant so much to me.

His spirit has fled, his sufferings are o'er,
At the bedside he will join us no more.
—Sadly Missed by Wife and Son.

BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY

Bible Thoughts memorized, will prove a precious heritage in after years.

PROCLAMATION OF PEACE

Glory be to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men.—Luke 2: 14.

TOWN AND VICINITY

Today is St. Valentine's.

Don't forget the great red tag sale.

See Mayhew's ad.

Ekfrid township council meets on Friday, February 22nd.

Pansy Hopscotch makes her final plunge, opera house, February 29th.

R. D. McDonald has taken a position as junior in the Bank of Montreal.

Glencoe tennis club are issuing invitations for a dance to be held in the Memorial Hall on Monday evening, February 25th.

It may be little early to make a survey of the spring garden outlook for 1924, but the new seed catalogues provide material for contemplation and expectation.

On the 15th of the month the old license plates are out of style. The law demands that after that date all cars, much carry in such a manner as to cause a small fracture of the shoulder, and will be laid up for some days.

The dates for the midsummer high school examinations and high school entrance have been announced, and are two weeks later than formerly.

The high school examination, begin on June 23rd and end on July 7th.

The high school entrance examinations begin on July 2nd and end on July 4th.

John Ramey, a life-long resident of the township of Ekfrid, passed away on Tuesday, 5th inst., at his residence, in his 77th year.

Besides his wife, see Sarah Brady, he leaves one daughter, Mrs. George Laughton, of London. Three brothers and two sisters survive: Samuel, Casper and Thomas, all of Ekfrid; Mrs. Patrick McPhail, of Michigan, and Mrs. Wm. Snelgrove, of London.

A missionary committee, under the co-operation of Mrs. H. I. Johnston, presented an attractive program at the regular meeting of the Guild on Monday evening. Papers on "The Christian Church in China" were given by Gladys McAlpine and Mrs. H. J. Jansson. Musical numbers consisted of a vocal solo by Mary Munroe and a piano solo by Elma J. King. Next week's meeting will be in charge of a social committee.

"The Adventures of Grandpa," playing for last time, Glencoe opera house, February 29, under the auspices of the I. O. O. E.

At a largely attended meeting of the Ross Young Women's Auxiliary held at the manse on Tuesday evening, splendid reports on the recent W. M. S. convention in London were given by Mrs. Mac. McAlpine, Mrs. Paton and Mrs. Jamieson. During the evening Eleanor Sutherland, on behalf of the Auxiliary, presented Mayme Grant, who is shortly to leave Glencoe, with a life membership certificate of the W. M. S. An appreciative address was read by Alma Watts.

CHEERIO NOTES

A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Walter Walker on Friday, February 8, when the club held its regular meeting. Miss Agnes McEachren presided, and after the secretary's report the following pleasing program was contributed:

Solos by Miss Ruth Walker and Walter Walker, the "Live Wire" by Miss Sybil Gardner, and a chorus by the Walker trio. Stamp speeches caused much mirth and added a humorous touch to the meeting. After a flower contest and several rounds of crokinole, lunch was served.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Annie McNeil, of London, spent the week-end at her home here.

—Miss Bessie McCallum, of Alma College, St. Thomas, spent the week-end at her home here.

—James Quick, of Windsor, is visiting his sisters, Mrs. Chas. Hurley and Mrs. Thos. Mawhinney.

—Miss Florence Hurley, of London, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hurley, over the week-end.

—Mrs. Geo. Cornish and Mrs. Duncan, of Toronto, spent a few days last week with their uncle, James Nicholl.

—Chas. Cunningham and Joe Grant attended the Young People's rally held in Knox church, St. Thomas, on Tuesday.

—Mrs. James Simpson left on Friday for Brooklyn, N. Y., where she will visit her granddaughter, Mrs. A. P. Cramp.

—Mrs. Thos. Pauls and daughter Jean, of St. Thomas, were guests over the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. G. Jones.

—George Precious expects to leave on Monday to visit his daughters, Mrs. Wm. B. Currey and Miss Muriel Precious, at DeLand, Florida, and will be accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Lewitt, and little son, of Detroit.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Collie pups for sale.—Lovell Bros., Gore, Ekfrid.

Be sure and come to the great red tag sale. See Mayhew's ad.

Special—bargains in overalls and smocks this week.—D. Lamont.

All roads lead to W. A. Currie's for fresh groceries at low prices.

Special, Friday and Saturday—stew beef and roasts, 5c to 15c lb.—Jelly.

Call at Scott's Shoe Store before buying elsewhere, and see our prices for cash.

Homemade bran and shorts, on hand at West Elgin Milling Co., West Lorne. Prices right.

Now is the time to haul those few logs and have them ready for the early spring sawing.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Upholstering, fine cabinet work, carpenter work, furniture finishing.—J. D. Brown, first door north of Transcript office, phone 62.

St. Patrick's bazaar in lecture room of Presbyterian church, Saturday afternoon, March 15. Keep the date in mind. Further particulars later.

Wanted—300 people to fill Wardsville music hall Monday, Feb. 18, to see the play "When a Feller Needs a Friend," put on by the Rodney Needham dramatic club in aid of the public library, Wardsville.

The Mission Band of the Glencoe Methodist church will hold a home-made cooking and apron sale in the church Saturday afternoon, Feb. 16.

For a quick sale we have put 50 pairs of men's pants on the counter, value up to \$5.50; your choice for \$2.50. Do not miss these bargains.—D. Lamont.

Agent for Exide batteries. Good stock of parts on hand. Work and storage on all makes. Work guaranteed, at Galbraith Bros. garage.—J. H. Welch, Appin; phone 48-20.

A good program is being prepared for a social evening to be held in the 1st school house, Mossa, on Friday, February 15th. R. J. McMillan, of Seaforth, will give an address. A. Eldon Westman, entertainer, of London, and Donald McRae will assist in the program. Lunch will be served. Silver collection.

"When a Feller Needs a Friend" is one of the best plays ever put on by the Rodney players, and all their plays have been noted for their fun and brightness. See it at Wardsville Monday, Feb. 18 in aid of the public library, Wardsville.

SOUTH EKFRID

Alfred Jones spent the week-end at Dougald McIntyre's.

Mrs. Isabel Coulthard, who has been spending some time in the West, has returned to her home here.

Miss Della McIntyre is at present laid up with an attack of jaundice.

John L. Tait is confined to the house at present owing to a bad cold.

Clarence Urquhart has returned from London, where he had his tonsils removed. We are glad to say he is doing nicely.

D. S. Allan has been suffering from the effects of an ulcerated tooth.

A pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Coad on Friday, when the U.F.O. and U.F.W.O. held their regular social evening. After a short program the evening was spent in cards and dancing.

The next social evening will be held at the home of Crawford Allan on Friday evening, February 29.

A special meeting of the U.F.W.O. executive was held at the home of Mrs. Roy Squire on Monday evening last when a splendid amount of business was done and a very pleasant evening spent. Lunch was served by the hostesses.

The regular monthly joint meeting of the U.F.O. and U.F.W.O. will be held in Tait's Corners schoolhouse on Wednesday evening, February 20. A good program is being prepared, including a debate. "Resolved that it is to the advantage of a community to deal at home when possible." Everybody welcome.

Here and There

Navigation of the St. Lawrence river is expected to open early in the month of April. According to preliminary schedules issued by the various steamship companies operating between Canadian Atlantic ports and Europe, 192 ships will visit the port of Quebec in 1924.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has inaugurated as a special feature the serving of afternoon tea regularly on all dining, cafe and buffet cars throughout the system. The tasteful little menu which the company provides includes tea, coffee, chocolate, toast, muffins, cake, ice cream and preserves at reasonable prices.

The Spiller Company, a great British concern with \$150,000,000 capital, has completed arrangements for the establishment of facilities in Canada which will entail an outlay of \$5,000,000 to finish the plant of the Alberta Flour Mills in Calgary, with another \$2,000,000 to build an elevator at Vancouver.

The second of the two large paper machines recently installed by the Belgo-Canadian Paper Company at Shawinigan Falls, Que., has commenced operations. The machine, which is the product of the Dominion Engineering Company, is now producing newsprint. It will be turned up and is expected to produce a commercial grade of newsprint at or above its daily capacity of 75 tons in the near future.

Speaking at Toronto recently, E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, declared that "what Canada is suffering from is lack of men, lack of capital and lack of those forward policies which will enable the country to realize with a reasonable time its own manifest destiny." He added that he did not believe in "exaggerated whisperings" which statements which are calculated to destroy the belief of Canadians in their own country.

Captain S. Robinson, C.B.E., R.N.R., commanding the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Australia," was invested with the C.B.E. by Sir Harry Armstrong, British Consul-General at New York, when his ship arrived there on January 25th, prior to setting out on her great world cruise. Captain Robinson also received the freedom of the city of New York. These honors were in recognition of his gallant work when commanding the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Australia" at Yokohama, at the time of the Japanese disaster.

According to Canadian Pacific officials, immigrants from Europe who spend a few hours in Montreal on their way west are re-discovering America, rather than Canada, at a great rate. Some days ago there were eighty Scandinavians drumming their heels in the big waiting hall, and the gallantry of Canadian sailors today is not altogether different from what imbued those of those great ships flying mercantile flags on the seven seas. The Government of Japan will test their lives in the earlier days. The world, we sometimes lament has no more mysteries left and nothing to explore. From one or more of the explorers of the world, China to Peru, from Pole to Pole, is known and mapped and even photographed. But we need not fear that British seamen will lose their galantry and daring of past history.

To be stranded in a strange city with high society and yet to come out of the adventure victorious is to achieve something. Joe and Bill arrived in Montreal a few nights ago, their baggage consisting of the clothes they wore, two dress suits, an adequate quantity of the needful and an enthusiastic determination to live with a capital L.

When they woke on the morning after they found that someone had relayed them of everything they possessed except the dress suits they had slept in, and which they had worn for the previous night's affray.

In this predicament they appealed to the authorities at the Canadian Pacific Windsor Station, for work whereby to earn enough to take them out of the city.

Synthetic officials put them on the snow-shovelling gang. And here these two stout fellows, in their dress suits, Joe with his hair wrapped in sack to keep them warm, labored heartily for four days, earning the price of their tickets back to the States. So excellent did they find the price of their tickets back to the States. So excellent did they find the price of their tickets back to the States.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Gifford

The best citizens of the future, those who will be most competent to look out for themselves and to serve others, are the boys and girls who now have an appreciation of the value of time and money, whose taste for good reading has been cultivated; who are taught the resources of the public library; who have been shown how to discriminate in associations, and whose companionships have been tactfully directed by discerning parents; whose taste for entertainment has not been suppressed, but gratified along wholesome lines.

The Oil of Power.—It is not claimed that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it will remedy every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

RECOGNITION OF HEROISM

PRESENTED TO THE
R.M.S. "EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA"
BY THE PASSENGERS
TO COMMEMORATE THE HEROIC WORK PERFORMED BY
COMMANDER S. ROBINSON, R.N.R.
AND
ALL THE OFFICERS AND CREW
IN SAVING THE LIVES OF
RESCUING SURVIVORS OF
FIRE WHICH DEVASTATED
YOKOHAMA, SEPTEMBER 1923.
THIS SHIP, FOR NINE DAYS
'HAVEN OF REFUGE' SHELTERED
THOUSANDS OF HOMELESS

"THE story of the Japanese earthquake disaster made appeal to Canadians for many reasons, and the Government of this Dominion did not hesitate to lend practical aid to the sufferers in stricken Japan, which staggered under one of the worst disasters in history. A ceremony the other day in New York, which gave recognition to Captain Samuel Robinson, who was in command of the Canadian Pacific steamer "Empress of Australia," which happened to be in the harbor of Yokohama at the time of the disaster, is particularly interesting, bringing to light the fact that this gallant officer of the mercantile marine was instrumental in the rescue of approximately three thousand persons. Honor to whom honor is due has been worthily and fittingly done in the presentation of the C.B.E. by the British Consul-General at New York, in the presence of a distinguished gathering, which included Mr. E. W. Beatty, Mr. Grant Hall and other high officials of the C.P.R. Canadians cannot help feeling a thrill of pride when reading the story of Captain Samuel Robinson, the spirit which inspired Columbus and Vasco de Gama and Mr. Gerbault pervades the officers and the men of the British mercantile marine, and the gallantry of Canadian sailors today is not altogether different from what imbued those of those great ships flying mercantile flags on the seven seas. The Government of Japan will test their lives in the earlier days. The world, we sometimes lament has no more mysteries left and nothing to explore. From one or more of the explorers of the world, China to Peru, from Pole to Pole, is known and mapped and even photographed. But we need not fear that British seamen will lose their galantry and daring of past history.

because there are no more worlds to conquer. How many Canadian boys growing up today will read with a thrill of pride of the achievements of the officers and men of the good ship Empress of Australia in a time of great trial and difficulty in the burning waters of Yokohama—and will want to grow up and, if the occasion demands it in the days of the future, go and do likewise.

The old famous sea captains, Columbus and Drake, and all the rest who are gone "to the haven under the hill" did their work nobly, manfully and well, with their crews to help them. Captain Robinson's heroic endeavor will stand out as a bright, particular page in Canadian Pacific steamship history, where, taking immense risks, the morale of the men of the mercantile marine were again exemplified in their brightest colors. It is well for the world that there are men of the Captain Robinson type in command of those great ships flying mercantile flags on the seven seas.

Portuguese, Italian—who risked their lives in the earlier days. The world, we sometimes lament has no more mysteries left and nothing to explore. From one or more of the explorers of the world, China to Peru, from Pole to Pole, is known and mapped and even photographed. But we need not fear that British seamen will lose their galantry and daring of past history.

able to see a patch of blue sky over Japan, whose friendship is doubly precious to us in these days. If we reflect upon the possible consequences of a serious earthquake in our houses and streets in Montreal, we can form some idea of what happened in Tokio and of the dreadful devastation wrought in a few hours. The stoutest heart must have quailed in that inferno where human beings were perishing by hundreds of thousands—so that we offer to Captain Robinson the heartiest of congratulations for his share in a noble work—nobly performed."

The foregoing tribute to Captain Robinson appeared as an editorial in the "Montreal Gazette," and is but one of many recognitions of his heroic actions. The passengers of the "Empress of Australia" have presented to the Pacific liner a tablet which commemorates the part she, her captain and crew took in the relief and rescue work at the time of the disaster, and prior to the sailing from New York on January 30 of the "Empress of Canada," which he now commands on world cruises, the American Metropolitan honored the interpic Commander at various luncheons and dinners, and demonstrated that his heroism has won for him universal respect and admiration. Canadian boys may, indeed, read with a thrill of pride of the achievements of the officers and men of the "Empress of Australia."

years, due Feb. 27; red cow 8 years, due April 22; red and white cow 8 years, due March 25; 3 yearlings; 7 calves; yearling Durham bull; 4 shoats, about 125 lbs.; 6 shoats, about 70 lbs.; Chester sow due to farrow March 13; Tamworth sow due to farrow Feb. 27; Tamworth sow due to farrow March 26; Frost & Wood waker, nearly new; M.H. binder; Bain wagon, nearly new; walking plow; root drill; two-seated rig; buggy; set breeding harness and collar; hay car, fork and 150 ft. rope; Standard cream separator, nearly new; root pulper; about 8 tons of hay; quantity of corn stalks; about 400 bushels turnips; about 20 bags potatoes. Farm will be offered for sale at the same time and place, subject to reserve bid.—Wm. Bowman, proprietor; H. McNaughton, auctioneer.

The Transcript office handles new subscriptions and renewals for all daily newspapers at a saving to the subscriber.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of David Anderson, late of the Township of Ekfrid, in the County of Middlesex, who died on or about November 19, 1923, at the said Township of Ekfrid, are required to send by post prepaid or deliver on or before March 6, 1924, to the undersigned Solicitor for Ebenezer Anderson and Annie Anderson, Administrators of the estate of the said deceased, their names, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims duly verified.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said Administrators will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said Administrators will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

COLIN ST. CLAIR LEITCH, 384 Talbot Street, St. Thomas, Ontario, Solicitor for the said Administrators.

Dated at St. Thomas this 4th day of February, A.D. 1924.

NOTED PHYSICIAN OFFERS WAY TO GET QUICK, SAFE RELIEF

Your liver is the organ that so often controls the way you feel. When working properly it purifies your blood, aids digestion and nourishment and prevents constipation. But when it becomes sluggish, you often wake up feeling dull and tired. You suffer frequently from one or more symptoms such as indigestion, sour stomach and gas, faulty movement of the bowels, coated tongue, sick headache, stuffy cold, or run-down, nervous, upset condition.

Get quick relief! Take just a spoonful of Dr. Thacher's Liver & Blood Syrup after the next few meals to cleanse and tone your liver and help Nature build up your system. Notice the quick difference in the way this vegetable syrup makes you look, eat, sleep and feel. Share it with the family! You will be completely satisfied, otherwise druggists will refund your money. Dr. Thacher's is sold and recommended by E. E. E. in Glencoe and by leading druggists in every city and town.

AUCTION SALES

Clearing sale of farm, registered farm stock, implements, feed and grain and household effects, at north half lot 16, con. 3, Ekfrid, on Friday, Feb. 15th, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp: 1 matched team Clydesdales, mare and gelding; 1 milch cow 4 years old; 1 registered Shorthorn heifer 2 years old, bred; 1 pure bred Shorthorn heifer calf 7 months old; 1 calf 5 months old (baby beef); 3 fat steers 2 years old; 2 Shorthorn grade heifer calves; 1 pure bred Yorkshire sow, due to farrow after Feb. 22nd. Registered Shropshire Sheep—1 shearing ram, 4th prize at London Fair in 1923; 1 ram lamb, 3rd at London Fair in 1923; 14 breeding ewes, 1 to 7 years, including 2nd prize ewe lamb at London in 1922 and two first prize pen of lambs at London in 1922, due to lamb from March 10 to May 10; 6 ewe lambs, 66 bred-to-lay Barred Rock hens and pullets; 1 twelve-foot finishing harrow; 1 No. 13 Flory walking plow; 1 Frost & Wood plow; 1 cutter; 1 buggy; 1 set single harness; 2 good work collars; 1 Massey-Harris root pulper; 1 wheel barrow; 1 corn scuffer with disc; about 200 bus. of oats; about 200 bushels of oats and barley mixed; 200 bushels of feeding turnips and beets; about 8 tons of hay; 1 stone boat; 1 fumed oak dining-room table and 6 leather-upholstered dining-room chairs; 2 rockers; 1 cook stove; 1 coal heater; 1 single bed, mattress and springs; 1 double bed, mattress and springs; 1 hay car and 135 feet of rope; 3 galvanized tubs; a quantity of 4 and

5-inch tiles; dishes, lamps, forks, lanterns, pails, etc. Terms.—Purchase of \$10 and under, cash; over that amount, 8 months' credit on furnishing approved joint notes. A discount at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum allowed for cash on all purchases entitled to credit. The farm, which is of 90 acres more or less, has comfortable one-storey five-room frame dwelling on concrete cellar, with lean-to woodshed. Kitchen has built-in cabinet, sink, and hard and soft water inside. Barn 38 x 50 on 8-foot concrete basement with good stabling. Granary, implement shed and henhouse in good state of repair. Two-acre orchard of good fruit. Farm has trunk lines well tiled and soil is of productive nature. Location is on good road, rural mail delivery and telephone system passing by it, and is 1½ miles from C. P. R. station at Appin and school. It has 6 acres of wheat that went into winter in good condition; about 16 acres mixed red clover, alfalfa and alsike hay (new seedling); 7 acres clear alfalfa; 16 acres fall plowing; 8

Superior

to the finest Japans,

"SALADA"

GREEN TEA
is the best at any price—Try it.



Woman's Interests

PRETTY HANDS.

There is no sense in any woman having ugly ill-cared-for hands," said Jenny as she rubbed a fine pumice stone over the slight stains on her first finger.

"But, Jenny," I remonstrated as I tucked my own hands out of sight. "we must work hard from morning till night about the house and who help out occasionally with the farm work surely have the best excuse in the world for unsightly fingers and rough hands."

"Huh! I was raised in a farm myself," snorted Jenny, "and even now my hands are busy all day in hot water and cold, but you can see they don't look much worse for the wear," and she held out her large white hands with their firm skin and neat nails. They were indeed charming. "Any woman's hands can look well," she protested. "The farm woman's first of all, for she has some of the very best beautifiers right at her door and in the kitchen."

"When I was a girl," she continued, "I learned of the almost magical qualities of bran, and if you want your hands to be smooth and fine grained just mix the bran with hot water, let it stand until warm and wash your hands thoroughly in the mixture. The stains which the bran does not remove will vanish with an application of lemon or tomato juice. Olive oil—or if you don't have a supply of the oil on hand, mutton tallow—rubbed into the nails at night will do wonders. "But I must tell you about my three preventives," laughed Jenny as she ran the orange-wood stick gently about the base of her nail. "They are lard, vinegar and soap, for I just can't work in gloves, though I know they would protect my hands wonderfully, chamomile gloves particularly. The lard I rub around my nails before I clean the stove or do any unusually dirty job. The lard will remove fresh paint from my hands also."

"Simple Care of the Nails. "The vinegar I put on and allow to dry before I peel fruit for canning or do anything else which is apt to make deep lasting stains, and I also use it to dip my hands in when the washing is finished; it takes away that shriveled look immediately. Then, when I intend doing a big day's cleaning, I scratch my nails over a softened cake of soap, filling them with it. When the work is over the soap comes out easily and my nails are not stained and discolored as they otherwise would be."

"A nail brush should be your first purchase when you are shopping. Never use a sharp instrument to clean under the nails; it will only scratch them and make them more prone to collect dirt. An orange stick, wrapped in cotton will remove any dirt which escapes the brush. "Here, let me see your nails," she continued, and I reluctantly drew my hands from under my work. "Goodness, no wonder you kept them hidden," she laughed. "You must never cut them with scissors; that is what makes them split and break. File them rather close so that they will not become broken when you work, and if you will buy a package of emery boards for five or ten cents you can keep them smooth with little or no trouble."

When the nails were nicely shaped she soaked my finger tips in warm soapy water until they were soft. Then she used an orange-wood stick to run under the nail and to press back the skin at the base. As there were many hangnails, she used a small pair of curved scissors to clip them away. Jenny did not consider them finished until she had rubbed a little cold cream over them and applied a polishing powder. This she rubbed in gently with a buffer and finished up with another good rubbing to remove every part of the superfluous powder. The polish was brought back with a brisk rub with the palm of her hand.

FOSTER HOMES WANTED

For BOYS and GIRLS of school age. Specially selected for Immigration to Canada. Further information apply to

The Salvation Army
297 George St. Toronto

"Be careful about the soap you are using. Try to select some kind which will not leave them harsh and dry, and do keep a mixture of three parts of rose water to one of glycerine. A few drops rubbed into your hands before they are dried with a soft towel will keep them from becoming chapped in cold weather and will make them soft all the year round."

NICE TABLE TOPS.

If we can't have an enameled kitchen table in the kitchen, there are several ways of making the old table easier to care for. A piece of inlaid linoleum—frequently left over from a floor—is cut to fit, and cemented to the table. A coat of spar varnish is brushed on last. This gives a smooth glossy finish, not marred by water or hot utensils, and a fact that appeals to all housekeepers, easily cleaned.

PATTERN BOOKS.

Remove the inside of old books, paste labels on edges and use to keep patterns in order. Have one for each member of the family, or one for dresses, one underwear and so on. Place patterns inside these covers and stand on a small bookshelf near your machine or cutting table. No more searching through bags for patterns!

A PRETTY PLAY SUIT.

4580. Figured percale and linen are here combined. The model is also attractive in crepe, pongee, rep and gingham. The "heart shaped" romper portions are very pleasing and comfortable. Tiny patch pockets and outstanding side pockets are a feature of this style. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 2, 3, 4 and 5 years. A 2-year size requires 2 1/2 yards of 27-inch material. To make as illustrated requires 3/4 yard of plain material and 1/4 yard of figured material 36 inches wide. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

OIL LAMPS TRANSFORMED. When electricity is installed in the home for lighting purposes the lamps usually are either relegated to the garret or sold to the secondhand dealer.

A certain housekeeper who owned a beautiful lamp and did not wish to part with it, had it securely fastened to the top of the newel post on the first landing of the stairway. An electric wire was run inside the post and through the bottom of the lamp and connected with a socket which replaced the burner of the lamp. An electric light bulb was screwed to the socket and the light may be turned on and off at the wall switch.



LEMON PIE WITHOUT MERINGUE.

One cup sugar, 1 1/2 tablespoons butter, 1 lemon, 2 tablespoons cornstarch, 2 eggs, 1 cup milk.

Cream the sugar and butter, which may be measured by the old-fashioned "size of a walnut." Add the lemon rind grated and the juice in which the cornstarch has been mixed. Stir in the milk and beaten egg yolks and lastly, fold in the stiff whites of eggs. Pour into an uncooked crust and bake in a moderately hot oven (400 degrees) for about thirty minutes.

Folding the whites of the eggs into the custard instead of making a meringue gives a different and interesting texture with a frosting on top. This method simplifies the making—no previous cooking of pastry or custard or second oven time for browning.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

"When Hearts Command"

By ELIZABETH YORK MILLER

"When hearts command,
From minds the wisest counsellors depart."

CHAPTER VI.—(Cont'd.)

The cavalcade started, led by Tomaso the mule and his guardian, Mrs. Carnay pattering behind a little breathless, a little uncomfortable because of her shoes, the lovers silent, somewhat contemplative.

Dr. Ardeyne was saying to himself that it was a nuisance that Carrie Egan had turned up at this particular moment. He had a slight notion of the nature of the horse he meant to pick with him. It probably concerned her dead husband, and the doctor knew that he might be blamed for something which had happened recently; and although he could not hold himself responsible in any way he felt a certain sense of uneasiness.

Alice was pensively engaged in contemplating her own sin of jealousy. But that woman, that Mrs. Egan! Bobbed hair at thirty-five, bare arms and legs, and so abominably rude and familiar—rude to Alice and familiar to Philip.

The road was hot and dusty, the sun pitiless.

"Oh!" groaned Mrs. Carnay. They hoisted her on to the mule, and she in turn hoisted her sunshade. The way up the mountain-side was steep and at first uninteresting, the cobbled mule-path climbing hoveously through the terraces, with here and there a sun shelter provided by the shadow of a giant water tank. But after while the terraces began to flag behind, and at the little chapel set in fir trees they were met unexpectedly by their host.

Mrs. Carnay saw the tall figure coming down through a little olive grove just above them.

"Why, I—I believe that's Mr. Gaunt!" she exclaimed.

Her throat tightened curiously. She had known she was going to meet him, but that the moment had arrived she felt unequal to it.

CHAPTER VII.

Poor Jean Carnay also felt apologetic for herself. There is a certain discomfort to be experienced when meeting again an old friend after a long lapse of years.

"Do I look old to him? My figure? Well, he can't say that has changed. My face? Wrinkles? Yes, a few—just a few at the corners of my eyes. How is one to grow or even smile without making a few wrinkles? And my complexion isn't so bad—decidedly not. I'm glad I've seen me first in a hat."

And the hat had been a triumph, a lace veil draped becomingly; the sunshade cast a friendly shadow.

But he is old, yes, he is an old man. Good heavens, who would have thought it!

Presently, however, he did not seem quite so old, and a little later they had reached the house. Years completely, and Hector Augustus Gaunt seemed exactly the same as when Jean had last parted from him, twenty years ago. Except, of course, that his closely trimmed beard showed few streaks of grey, and he wore horn-rimmed spectacles instead of pince-nez. Tall, thin, loosely built he had always been; also a little stooped of shoulder. That fine, straight nose of his, the gentle, half-dreaming brown eyes—Mrs. Carnay glanced swiftly at her daughter and back again.

"And this is Alice," and this is Dr. Ardeyne, Dr. Philip Ardeyne. Am I much changed, Hector?"

Jean spoke in her quick, nervous fashion, smiled her fluttering smile, conscious that the tall, dark man scarcely looked at the others—like her—this meeting after so many years was something important to him, extravagantly so. He also was excited. It was obvious that he had put on a new necktie for the occasion, a blue one with white polka dots, and his rough tweed riding clothes looked as though they had been treated recently to a painful surprise from brush and pressing iron.

To Philip Ardeyne he was entirely satisfactory. There was nothing about this dreamy-eyed scholar and explorer, this flower-farmer, the recluse of Monte Nero, which the doctor could have borne to change.

To Alice it was a moment of deep curiosity, followed by intense surprise. Her mother had confessed to an ancient admiration on the part of Mr. Gaunt, but the confession had left something out, something significant. Alice cast back a mental eye. No, there had never been any would-be lovers, scarcely any admirers, even during her mother's long widowhood. Was it the memory of this man who had kept them away?

The climb was resumed, Mr. Gaunt walking beside Tomaso with one hand on the saddle pommel, his arm brushing Mrs. Carnay's skirts. Philip and Alice smiled at each other, clasped hands over the rougher places, and admired the gorgeous view which increased by minute unfolded increasing beauties, a prize for each arduous step of the pilgrimage.

It was nearly noon when they gained the first crown of the mountain, and here was Hector Gaunt's little

villa set in a glorious medley of flowers and vine terraces, a little olive wood behind, and a rocky fir plantation fronting towards the sea. An old woman with a face like carved mahogany peered out from the kitchen quarters, a faint smell of mingled smoke and garlic and freshly-ground coffee drifted upon the still air, a dog rose stiffly from his mat beside the door and greeted them with a thump of his rheumatic tail—like the woman, he too was old.

"My domain," Hector Gaunt said. Lunch was served almost immediately in a chilly little salon with frescoed walls and stone-paved floor, the good, ordinary lunch of the country, beginning with hot-fouffe and ending with cheese and fruit. They had their coffee out of doors, where the air was decidedly warmer. Mr. Gaunt showed them over his farm, but Jean was more interested in the house, and finally she conveyed by a hint to Alice her desire to have a chat with her old friend. So the doctor and Alice wandered off to the little fir plantation to talk over their future, while Hector Gaunt invited Mrs. Carnay to his sitting-room, where they might be undisturbed in their reminiscences of the past.

It was a long, narrow room with windows on three sides, from all of which the sea could be glimpsed. Gaunt had gathered here his books and a collection of rather disreputable but comfortable furniture, including English armchairs and a Chesterfield upholstered in leather. He lighted the fire, and as he straightened up indicated a faded photograph in a shabby frame which stood guard on the mantel over a collection of pipes, tobacco jars and pouches.

"You see, I have kept you—kept you always with me," he said. Their eyes met for an instant, then hers fell away.

"It's a long time . . . to remember," she replied. "What do you think of—of Alice?"

"She's a beautiful child. This doctor and she are engaged, I take it."

"Yes, they first met two years ago, when she was only a schoolgirl. They were attracted to each other even then. He's a splendid young fellow."

Hector hesitated, how much she looks like you? I am so afraid Dr. Ardeyne might see the resemblance."

He frowned as though seized with a twinge of pain.

"Yes, she's very like my mother. So you haven't told Dr. Ardeyne?"

"Do you think I ought to?"

"Hector has been free, he said abruptly. "He is coming here to Bordighera. He will be here tomorrow."

Gaunt came over to the chesterfield and sat beside her.

"They say he's cured. I had a letter two—one from Christopher and one from the Home Office. I brought them along to show you. Oh! Hector, what am I to do? Alice thinks her father is dead. That is to say, she was never told about Hugo's crime."

CHAPTER VIII.

In her quick, slightly incoherent manner Jean unburdened her soul, and Hector Gaunt listened patiently. He read the letters, his brow deeply furrowed.

"What had you thought of doing?" he asked finally.

Jean told him.

"But you already had a wife, Hector. He was always fond of me, and of course where he is concerned there was never any deception about Alice. I thought I would ask him to call himself my brother. You see I can't stop him coming now. Alice will have to be told something. And then there's Dr. Ardeyne. Hector, it would break my heart if anything happened . . . you understand? Dr. Ardeyne must never know there's anything queer about—about us. It would be quite different if the doctor really knew my father. Only three people in the world know who her real father is. Hugo, you and I."

Jean, why, why did you fly off and marry that chivalrous madman? Hector Gaunt exclaimed softly. "Why weren't you brave enough?"

"I know, I know! Don't ask me why I did it. It was fear, of course. I was terrified."

"You were my wife—" The note of passion deepened.

"But you already had a wife, Hector, and when you married me in Genoa you must have known she was still alive."

"I hadn't seen her for years," Gaunt protested irritably. "You never gave me a chance to explain about that. You simply flew off to London with that old Douste woman, and the next thing I knew you were married to Smarke. I suppose he followed hot on your trail!"

Jean dabbed some moisture out of her eyes.

"Hugo was very kind—and as you say, chivalrous. I suppose only a madman would have done what he did—married a girl to save her from disgrace. And he never threw it up to me—never. He always behaved very decently about that."

Gaunt rose with an angry, despairing gesture.

"What a curious mind you have, Jean. I wanted you to be big, to understand freedom, to accept our love for the wonderful thing it was."

"But how could I? The baby—Alice—was coming. Then you told me that your wife, your first wife, was still alive. Our marriage was no marriage at all."

(To be continued.)

Nearly But Not Quite.

Dining out the other evening in the company of some two hundred musicians of all sorts and sizes, for lugubrious as musicians often look and are, they do occasionally relax, among the guests was Sir Frederick Bridge, the evergreen organist of Westminster Abbey. After dinner, on being asked to speak, he, of course, expressed surprise at being expected to do anything but enjoy the pleasures of the table, and went on to say, "I suppose I must follow the example of the man who owned to having made a little out of his own head, and added he had enough wood left for two more." One of his stories told of some Americans being shown round the purlieus of the Abbey, and Dean's Yard where Sir Frederick still lives, a member of the party observed a particularly lean cat, lazily enjoying the sunshine. On asking an elderly gentleman to whom the animal belonged, he was told it was Sir Frederick Bridge's. "Waal!" drawled the Yankee, "guess Sir Frederick ought to be prosecuted for cruelty to animals." Perhaps you are not aware, sir, that this cat is almost as old as Sir Frederick himself," was the reply, and it need hardly be added that it was the veteran musician who vouchsafed the information.

The Spats Make a Showing.

Among the good-humored bits of memorabilia that Sir James Dunsan has put into his Memoirs of the Memorable is this little tale of the effect that white spats—when they were first introduced—had on the simple minds of those who were not prepared for them.

Going down to Buckinghamshire for a garden party in the middle of a London season, writes Sir James, we went down in London dress. I had white spats on. During the afternoon my host asked a number of us to come and see the young pheasants; he said he had a very good Irish spaniel."

We had hardly appeared in the presence when the keeper, a man who came rushing up to me.

"Excuse me, sir; come this way, come on, sort, quickly this way. Get into the bushes where the ladies can't see you."

He was dreadfully agitated and for fear he should have a fit I followed him into the laurels. Leaning towards me, he whispered:

"I would not for the life of me the ladies saw you, for you've got the latest taste of yer drawers showin' beneath yer trousers."



Played in Luck.

"So you were playing in luck last night, eh?"

"I'll say I was! That daisy guy Jones borrowed my flask just about two minutes before the revenue agents raided the joint."

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

You cannot right all the wrongs and troubles around you, but there is nothing that you cannot take to the One who has all power.

Less Pot-washing

SMP Enamelled Ware has the smooth surface and polish of fine crockery—without the breakage. And it is so very easy to clean—just like china, and therefore makes light work of pot washing.

Try this test. Take an **SMP Enamelled Ware** sauce pan and an all-metal sauce pan of equal size. Into each pour a quart of cold water. Put on the fire at the same time. The **SMP** sauce pan will be boiling merrily when the water in the other is just beginning to simmer.

SMP Enamelled WARE

"A Face of Porcelain and a Heart of Steel"

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearl grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats of light blue and white outside, white lining. Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal Blue edges.

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG EDMONTON VANCOUVER CALGARY

WRIGLEYS

after every meal

Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion. Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth.

Its l-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.

Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.

Sealed in its Parity Package.



He—"You wouldn't marry a man for his money, would you?"
She—"Show me the man."

WOMEN! DYE FADED THINGS NEW AGAIN

Dye or Tint Any Worn, Shabby Garment or Drapery.

Diamond Dyes

Each 15-cent package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye or tint any old, worn, faded thing new, even if she has never dyed before. Choose any color at drug store.

SAVE TIME AND WORK USE MORE—
OXO CUBES
Concentrated beef-goodness, easily imported to dozens of dishes making them more tasty and nutritious.
In tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100

EVERYWHERE IN CANADA
EDDY'S MATCHES
render the maximum of helpful service.
ALWAYS ASK FOR EDDY'S MATCHES

True Barometer is Invention of Farmer.

A hermetically sealed bottle filled with what looks like a mixture of red sand and yellowish liquid, known to be at least three centuries old, is attracting the attention of French scientists, as it is reputed to be the only infallible weather prophet extant. The bottle is in the possession of an aged Brittany farmer, in whose family it has been handed down from father to son for ten generations.

When it is going to rain, the solid particles gather in round clusters and when snow is coming white flakes appear. If hail is on the way, the entire mixture becomes viscous.

These auguries are so accurate that farmers miles around telephone the owner of the magic bottle when they wish to make certain that their crops will not be damaged by another day's delay in the fields.

The Academy of Science is sending a committee of chemists to study the strange vial, but the farmer says he will not permit it to be opened, fearing that exposure to the air may change the chemical nature upon which the phenomena depend.

A similar bottle owned by the man's grandfather burst with a loud explosion forty years ago, when a September hailstorm was followed by a snowstorm that turned into a light drizzle, but the contents were not examined by experts.

Queer Belief.

Among the old German settlers in Pennsylvania it was a popular belief that a boy could be cured of homesickness by placing salt in the hem of his trousers and making him look up the chimney.

Give me the avowed, the erect, the manly foe;
Bold I can meet—perhaps may turn his blow;
But of all plagues, good heaven, thy wrath can send.
Save, save, oh save me from the candid friend!

—Geo. Canning.

FLOAT TO SAFETY ON FLOES WHEN ICE BRIDGE BREAKS AT QUEBEC

Night of Anxious Watching Ends With Rejoicing as Marooned Folk Are Saved from Imminent Death.

A despatch from Quebec says:—Anti-climax is the only word that describes adequately the situation in Quebec and Lévis following the dramatic breaking of the ice bridge and the endangering of a score of lives.

On Thursday night little hope was entertained for the people who were stranded on the great ice jam as it broke from the "hatters" on either side of the river. Friday morning at least five lives were despaired of, but in the course of the day it was learned beyond a doubt that these five were safe at home, and that if any others were still missing no record of their being on the ice had been obtained, and the presumption is that what seemed an inevitable tragedy has been converted into a story of miraculous escape.

Even so, the dramatic circumstances of the rescue of the marooned people might very well have had a tragic accompaniment. Four men succeeded in making a perilous landing on the Lévis side with the aid of a rope and by virtue of taking a daring plunge in the icy waters of the river. It was their only chance, as they saw it, and they took it. Four

other people, two men and two women, who were in the neighborhood at the time and forming part of the self-same group, were just too late to avail themselves of the precarious chance, and spent hours on a square of floating ice before kindly fate intervened and crashed their refuge against the shore with the returning tide, thus enabling them to effect a landing almost before they realized they were safe.

Interviews with the survivors of this group give a graphic indication of the desperate straits to which they were reduced. Mr. Coutre, a resident of Lévis, frankly admitted that after being buffeted across the river several times and being jostled by other floes, and being forced at times to make a quick jump from one cake of ice to another, they joined hands and prayed to God for deliverance.

Another group of four, although in jeopardy a shorter time, had no less harrowing experience, because in order to make a landing they were pulled through a hundred feet of the icy water on the end of a tow rope, the other of which was manned by heroic souls on the Lévis shore, who stood by for the rescue.

PRINCE SUFFERS SEVERE ACCIDENT

Fractures Collar-Bone While Exercising Hunter—No Complications Arise.

A despatch from London says:—For the fourth time in the last three years the Prince of Wales was injured on Friday by a fall from his horse. While exercising one of his hunters near Leighton Buzzard he was heavily thrown and broke his collar-bone. It was the most serious of the injuries he has received, although in 1922 he had to cancel some of his public engagements and limp about on crutches to others because of a sprained ankle sustained while hunting.

It bears out the apprehensions of the British public about the danger to which this well-loved heir to the Throne exposes himself on the hunting field.

It is said that the Prince of Wales was in the beginning a very indifferent rider. Courage and sportsmanship have greatly improved his equestrian abilities, but his added skill has only led the Prince to attempt more, and it is no secret that on the hunting field in England, as on the battlefield in France, he keeps his staff on tenterhooks because of his daring.

The Prince was thrown when his mount bungled a five-foot jump. He drove in an automobile to the nearest surgery and proceeded by train to London, making light of his injury to all who inquired. He is now in bed, and will remain there for a time.

Inquiries regarding the Prince's progress have been made by the French Ambassador at London at the request of President Millerand and Premier Poincaré.

A bulletin issued from York House says that there are no complications, and that the Prince is making satisfactory progress.

British Youths Encouraged to Settle on Canadian Farms

A despatch from London says:—A party of public school boys left London on Thursday night en route to Canada where they will settle on the land. Bulkeley Evans, Honorary Secretary of the Public Schools Employment Bureau, who saw the boys off, explained that one of the latest activities of the bureau had been to introduce to head masters of schools in Britain Prof. Lockhead of McGill University, who was here to encourage British youths to settle on land in Canada.

British Premier Refuses Double Salary for Office

A despatch from London says:—Premier MacDonald has decided to take a single salary of only £5,000, although filling the dual office of First Lord of the Treasury and Foreign Secretary, which carry a salary of £5,000 apiece.

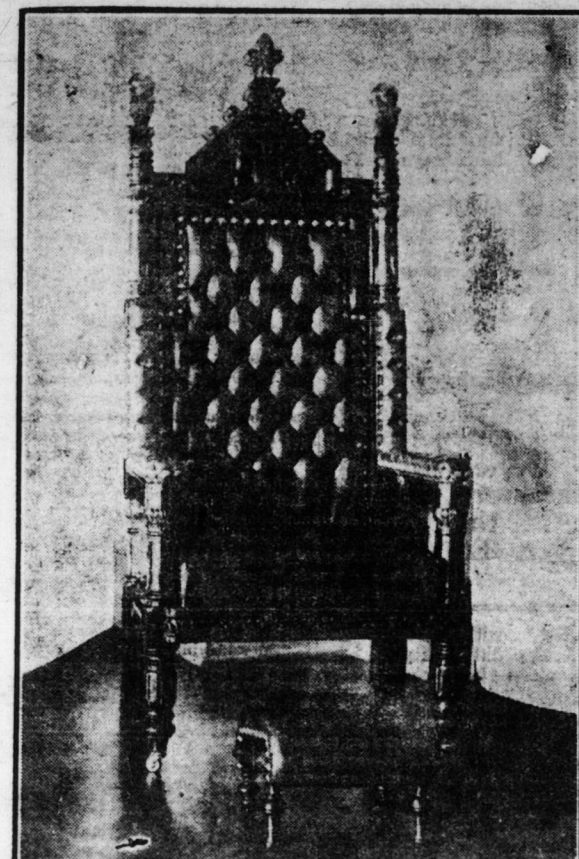
JAPAN WILL PROBABLY EXPEND 20 MILLIONS OF LOAN IN CANADA

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—Canadian business will benefit considerably from the large international loan which Japan is floating in New York and London. Of the total of about \$300,000,000 which is to be raised by a syndicate of financial houses, headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., it is learned from outside circles that probably \$20,000,000 will be loaned by Canadian moneyed concerns, on the condition that a large part, if not all of it, be expended in the Dominion.

The central purpose of Japan's borrowing is reconstruction, and for that purpose this country is in an advantageous position to meet the Island Empire's needs. Already, it is understood, a number of lumbering firms in British Columbia and Eastern Canada have been approached on the subject

of their preparedness to make large and ready shipments of building material to Japan, and it is known, other Canadian building industries have been invited to share in the scheme.

Immediately after the disastrous earthquake in Japan last September the Dominion Government arranged to make an advance of \$200,000 to the stricken nation, the money being used solely to purchase supplies in Canada most urgently needed at that time. These included lumber, milk products and blankets. So prompt and effective was the response of Canadians in that time of stress that the Japanese are eager to show their gratitude by arranging to expend most of the private loan to be raised in the Dominion on the purchase of Canadian goods.



NEW CHAIR FOR MR. SPEAKER
When Hon. Joseph Thompson, official referee of Ontario's political battles, took his place in the provincial house at the opening of the legislature, this chair was waiting for him. It was built by disabled soldiers.

ALL NATIONS REQUIRED TO SIGN ARMS PACT

Universal Accord Necessary So That the Other Countries Might Have Easy Mind.

A despatch from Geneva says:—Joseph C. Drew, United States Minister to Switzerland, who is acting as unofficial observer at the sessions of the Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations, on Thursday stated anew the position of cordial sympathy of the United States Government for the control of the traffic in arms.

Mr. Drew explained that the United States objected, among other things, to the St. Germain Treaty, because this treaty would prevent the United States forwarding arms to Latin American States which had not signed the convention.

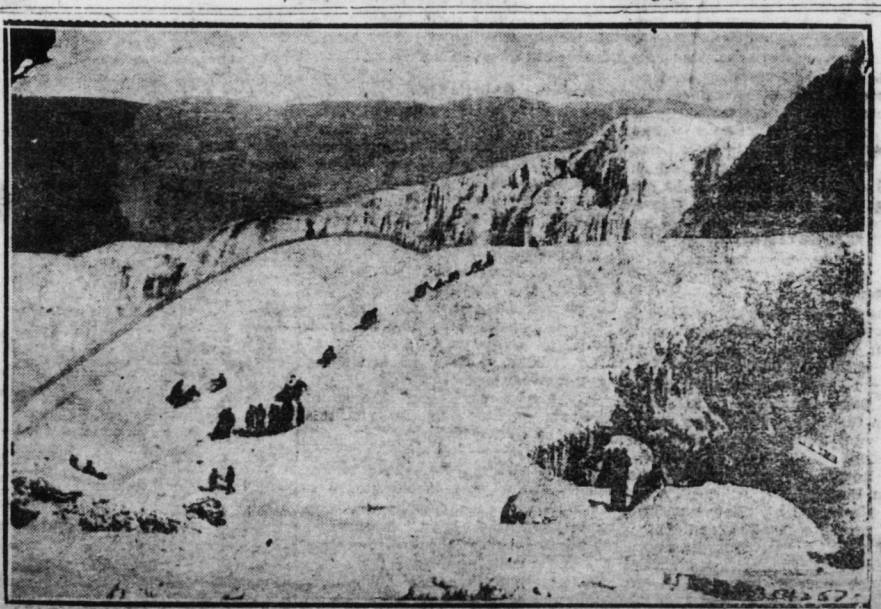
Viscount Cecil of Chelwood, representing Great Britain, replied that, although the United States was not shipping any considerable amount of arms, it was also true that all States must sign the proposed convention before any single State would consent to enforcing its terms. There was necessity for obtaining universal accord, including the United States—in spite of that other country's fine record—so that the other countries would feel easy in mind.

Signor Schanzer, Italy, supported Viscount Cecil's arguments.

Frugal Diet Used by Finnish Skater Champion of Europe

A despatch from Paris says:—Thunberg, the Finnish skater, who is champion of Europe, is living modestly at Chamonix in a little hotel during the Olympic winter sports, in which he is a competitor. He lives on a frugal fare of dried fish, biscuits and apples. To this fare he attributes his perfect condition and wonderful powers of endurance.

Ten huge concrete storage tanks, capable of holding 250,000 bushels of grain, are being erected by the Robin Hood Milling Co., adjacent to its mills at Calgary. This will increase the mill's storage capacity to 500,000 bushels.



Despite recent thaws, the ice mountain under Niagara Falls is growing rapidly. Drudging and the use of icebreakers, however, keep the ice broken at Chippawa and the water supply to the Hydro canal is normal.

Canada from Coast to Coast

Halifax, N.S.—The products of Nova Scotia during 1923 yielded in revenue about one hundred and sixty-eight million dollars, divided as follows: coal, \$36,410,000; coke and by-products, \$3,286,000; gold and other minerals, \$225,000; gypsum, limestone, etc., \$3,195,200; building materials and clay products, \$1,940,500; iron and steel products, \$12,620,000; fisheries, \$11,779,800; manufactures, ships and freights, \$53,185,000; products of the farm, \$26,045,100; products of the forest, \$12,350,600; game and furs, \$780,000; tourist travel, \$6,000,000; grand total, \$167,846,700.

Fredericton, N.B.—Surveys for a hydro transmission line, which would connect up the north shore counties from Campbellton south with the proposed hydro development at Grand Falls on the St. John River, and which would also provide for construction of a highway across the northern counties of the province, from Campbellton, in Restigouche county, to St. Leonard's, or Edmundston, in Madawaska county, are expected to be ordered following a conference here between officials of the Provincial Government and the Hydro-Electric Commission.

Quebec, Que.—The value of the Quebec field crop for the year 1923 is placed at \$133,137,400 in the final bulletin issued by the provincial chief statistician, as compared with \$165,169,500 for the preceding year. The area and yield are not responsible for that decrease judging by the bulletin, but the decrease in price, which have been constant for the last four years. In 1919, for instance, the value of crop was placed at \$320,000,000. For William, Ont.—For the first four months of the 1923-24 crop year,

grain inspections in the west have greatly exceeded those of similar time in other years. Between September 1 and December 31, there was inspected a total of 227,454 cars. This represents an increase from 195,451 in the same period in 1922 and from 146,059 cars in 1921.

Winnipeg, Man.—The movement of grain in Western Canada continues heavy, the volume in transit being on the average about double that being moved this time a year ago. The chief factor in this connection is, of course, the year's heavy yield in the Province of Alberta. During the period January 8 to 14, inclusive, total loadings of grain on the C.P.R. averaged 404 cars daily.

Saskatoon, Sask.—An animal research laboratory, which should prove of great value in investigating various diseases affecting the live stock of Saskatchewan, is being built by the University of Saskatchewan.

Calgary, Alta.—Calgary now has 16,645 telephones, or one for every 4.5 persons. This is believed to be a world's record. In Alberta there are 53,791 telephone stations, of which 20,282 are rural. Canada as a whole is pretty well supplied with telephones, there being 9.8 for every 100 of the population, while Britain has only 2.5.

Vancouver, B.C.—In view of the very great impetus that grain has given shipping at Vancouver, the Port of New Westminster is preparing to develop the Fraser River and make it an entirely practically deep sea harbor. There are reports that grain elevators will be built there this summer and the authorities are endeavoring to persuade the Government to deepen the channel and build jetties and wharves.

AVAILANCES BURY AUSTRIAN TRAINS One Slide Mile and a Half Long and 500 Feet Deep Kills Scores of Passengers.

Vienna, Feb. 10.—Terrible snow avalanches catastrophes occurred today in Austria, burying trains, knocking down buildings and killing an unknown number of people.

At Syria an avalanche one and a half miles long and 500 feet deep tore away part of an electrical plant, killing many people, most of whom were railway men. A locomotive driver, Greith, was lying ill in bed and was miraculously saved by a chimney which resisted the avalanche. In Hieflu, Upper Austria, a whole train was covered by a mighty avalanche, which also blocks the entire Enns Valley. The river, unable to find a way out, floods the whole railway line. The locomotive of the buried train was found through the steam melting the covering snow layers, but all the personnel was killed.

In the Weissbach Valley, in Upper Austria, six workmen were killed by an avalanche. The greatest catastrophe is that of Besseterezhyn, Slovakia, where eighteen people were killed by an avalanche. The whole village of Ohengy was also covered with snow. Everywhere the military are assisting in the work of rescue.

The coal consumption of the United States annually approximates 600,000,000 tons.

Weekly Market Report

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.12 1/2; No. 2, \$1.10 1/2; No. 3, \$1.08 1/2; No. 4, \$1.06 1/2; No. 5, \$1.04 1/2; No. 6, \$1.02 1/2; No. 7, \$1.00 1/2; No. 8, \$0.98 1/2; No. 9, \$0.96 1/2; No. 10, \$0.94 1/2; No. 11, \$0.92 1/2; No. 12, \$0.90 1/2; No. 13, \$0.88 1/2; No. 14, \$0.86 1/2; No. 15, \$0.84 1/2; No. 16, \$0.82 1/2; No. 17, \$0.80 1/2; No. 18, \$0.78 1/2; No. 19, \$0.76 1/2; No. 20, \$0.74 1/2; No. 21, \$0.72 1/2; No. 22, \$0.70 1/2; No. 23, \$0.68 1/2; No. 24, \$0.66 1/2; No. 25, \$0.64 1/2; No. 26, \$0.62 1/2; No. 27, \$0.60 1/2; No. 28, \$0.58 1/2; No. 29, \$0.56 1/2; No. 30, \$0.54 1/2; No. 31, \$0.52 1/2; No. 32, \$0.50 1/2; No. 33, \$0.48 1/2; No. 34, \$0.46 1/2; No. 35, \$0.44 1/2; No. 36, \$0.42 1/2; No. 37, \$0.40 1/2; No. 38, \$0.38 1/2; No. 39, \$0.36 1/2; No. 40, \$0.34 1/2; No. 41, \$0.32 1/2; No. 42, \$0.30 1/2; No. 43, \$0.28 1/2; No. 44, \$0.26 1/2; No. 45, \$0.24 1/2; No. 46, \$0.22 1/2; No. 47, \$0.20 1/2; No. 48, \$0.18 1/2; No. 49, \$0.16 1/2; No. 50, \$0.14 1/2; No. 51, \$0.12 1/2; No. 52, \$0.10 1/2; No. 53, \$0.08 1/2; No. 54, \$0.06 1/2; No. 55, \$0.04 1/2; No. 56, \$0.02 1/2; No. 57, \$0.00 1/2; No. 58, \$0.00 1/2; No. 59, \$0.00 1/2; No. 60, \$0.00 1/2; No. 61, \$0.00 1/2; No. 62, \$0.00 1/2; No. 63, \$0.00 1/2; No. 64, \$0.00 1/2; No. 65, \$0.00 1/2; No. 66, \$0.00 1/2; No. 67, \$0.00 1/2; No. 68, \$0.00 1/2; No. 69, \$0.00 1/2; No. 70, \$0.00 1/2; No. 71, \$0.00 1/2; No. 72, \$0.00 1/2; No. 73, \$0.00 1/2; No. 74, \$0.00 1/2; No. 75, \$0.00 1/2; No. 76, \$0.00 1/2; No. 77, \$0.00 1/2; No. 78, \$0.00 1/2; No. 79, \$0.00 1/2; No. 80, \$0.00 1/2; No. 81, \$0.00 1/2; No. 82, \$0.00 1/2; No. 83, \$0.00 1/2; No. 84, \$0.00 1/2; No. 85, \$0.00 1/2; No. 86, \$0.00 1/2; No. 87, \$0.00 1/2; No. 88, \$0.00 1/2; No. 89, \$0.00 1/2; No. 90, \$0.00 1/2; No. 91, \$0.00 1/2; No. 92, \$0.00 1/2; No. 93, \$0.00 1/2; No. 94, \$0.00 1/2; No. 95, \$0.00 1/2; No. 96, \$0.00 1/2; No. 97, \$0.00 1/2; No. 98, \$0.00 1/2; No. 99, \$0.00 1/2; No. 100, \$0.00 1/2.

MANITOBA.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 28c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 15c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; roosters, 15c; ducks, over 5 lbs., 19c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 22c; do, 8 to 10 lbs., 20c; do, 6 to 8 lbs., 18c; do, 4 to 6 lbs., 15c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 12c; do, 2 to 3 lbs., 10c; do, 1 to 2 lbs., 8c; do, 1/2 to 1 lb., 6c; do, 1/4 to 1/2 lb., 4c; do, 1/8 to 1/4 lb., 2c; do, 1/16 to 1/8 lb., 1c; do, 1/32 to 1/16 lb., 1/2c; do, 1/64 to 1/32 lb., 1/4c; do, 1/128 to 1/64 lb., 1/8c; do, 1/256 to 1/128 lb., 1/16c; do, 1/512 to 1/256 lb., 1/32c; do, 1/1024 to 1/512 lb., 1/64c; do, 1/2048 to 1/1024 lb., 1/128c; do, 1/4096 to 1/2048 lb., 1/256c; do, 1/8192 to 1/4096 lb., 1/512c; do, 1/16384 to 1/8192 lb., 1/1024c; do, 1/32768 to 1/16384 lb., 1/2048c; do, 1/65536 to 1/32768 lb., 1/4096c; do, 1/131072 to 1/65536 lb., 1/8192c; do, 1/262144 to 1/131072 lb., 1/16384c; do, 1/524288 to 1/262144 lb., 1/32768c; do, 1/1048576 to 1/524288 lb., 1/65536c; do, 1/2097152 to 1/1048576 lb., 1/131072c; do, 1/4194304 to 1/2097152 lb., 1/262144c; do, 1/8388608 to 1/4194304 lb., 1/524288c; do, 1/16777216 to 1/8388608 lb., 1/1048576c; do, 1/33554432 to 1/16777216 lb., 1/2097152c; do, 1/67108864 to 1/33554432 lb., 1/4194304c; do, 1/134217728 to 1/67108864 lb., 1/8388608c; do, 1/268435456 to 1/134217728 lb., 1/16777216c; do, 1/536870912 to 1/268435456 lb., 1/33554432c; do, 1/1073741824 to 1/536870912 lb., 1/67108864c; do, 1/2147483648 to 1/1073741824 lb., 1/134217728c; do, 1/4294967296 to 1/2147483648 lb., 1/268435456c; do, 1/8589934592 to 1/4294967296 lb., 1/536870912c; do, 1/17179869184 to 1/8589934592 lb., 1/1073741824c; do, 1/34359738368 to 1/17179869184 lb., 1/2147483648c; do, 1/68719476736 to 1/34359738368 lb., 1/4294967296c; do, 1/137438953472 to 1/68719476736 lb., 1/8589934592c; do, 1/274877906944 to 1/137438953472 lb., 1/17179869184c; do, 1/549755813888 to 1/274877906944 lb., 1/34359738368c; do, 1/1099511627776 to 1/549755813888 lb., 1/68719476736c; 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The Most Thrilling Price-Demolishing Event the People of Glencoe and Surrounding Territory Have Ever Known is Now Coming!

MAYHEW'S GREAT RED TAG SALE

Starting Saturday Morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Continuing for 9 days

Watch for the Red Tags! Nothing Reserved!

Every article of our \$25,000 stock at a real sacrifice. Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes; Men's, Women's and Children's Furnishings; Groceries, Oilcloths, etc. All priced with a Red Tag, at less than manufacturer's cost. Store closed all day Friday, Feb. 15th, making preparations for the most stupendous Bargain Event ever known in the County. **PRICES SLASHED REGARDLESS OF COST.**

We have \$4,000 worth of Shoes to choose from—Men's, Women's, Boys' and Girls'.

Red Tag Opportunity—Men's Dependable Work Shoes, solid leather soles. Tagged for Saturday, 1.98 pr.

To Bring the Crowd at Nine Sharp—Big lot of Women's Fine Shoes, big variety leathers. Sale price 1.00 pr.

Boys Shoes at give-away prices—Both Heavy and Fine Boots, less than half price. Red Tag Price 1.48 pr.

Read This One—Men's Fine Dress Shoes and Oxfords, black and brown. Don't hesitate but come. Red Tag Price 3.55 pr.

You Can't Beat This—Children's Shoes, up to size 7. Different colors. Splendid value at \$1.50. Come with the crowd—88c.

Men's All Wool Suits, neat patterns. Come with the crowds. Red Tag Price \$13.59.

Boy's Smart Suits, bloomer pants and belt. Red Tag Price \$3.95.

Men's Odd Pants, splendid quality and good value at \$5. On sale \$2.39.

Don't Miss It—Ladies' Coats. Red Tag Price \$3.98.

Ladies' Coats, newest styles. Regular price \$35. Red Tag Price \$14.95.

Men's Overcoats at Less Than Half Price—Red Tag Prices \$9.95, \$15.00, and \$21.00.

Rush Sales

PHENOMENAL BARGAINS

Men's Fine Arrow Shirts, sizes 14½ to 16, reg. \$2.00.....\$1.00
Men's Brushed Wool Mufflers, less than half price, reg. \$1.25 and \$1.50.....59c
Women's Stockings, all sizes, extra heavy lisle and cotton, black, brown and white, for.....21c pr.
Men's Heavy Work Shirts, have been selling at \$1.25. On sale.....79c
Marquisette for Curtains, 36-inch width, reg. selling price 50c. On Sale.....25c yd.

Whole store bulging with bargains. Everything priced with a Red Tag.

Red Tag

EVERY ARTICLE PRICED WITH A RED TAG SALE TICKET

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

Womens Rubbers. On Sale.....39c
Men's All-wool Underwear, regular price \$1.75. On Sale.....89c
Men's Fleece-lined Underwear. On Sale.....99c
Strong Roller Towelling. On Sale.....12c yd.
New Spring Gingham. On Sale.....21c yd.
Ladies' Corsets, splendid weight coutil, reg. price \$1.75. On Sale.....99c
Ladies' Spats, grey and fawn. On Sale.....\$1.19
Men's Spats, grey and fawn. On Sale.....89c

Marked in plain figures with a Red Tag. Men's Overalls, splendid quality. Regular \$2.50. On Sale \$1.79.

Unheard of Low Prices—Wos. Winter Underwear, Vest and Drawers. Red Tag Price 69c garment

Men's Sweaters, a sweeping clearance—different colors, none worth less than \$4.50. Sale Price \$2.58.

Don't Miss This Opportunity—Men's All Wool Socks. On Sale 19c per pair.

WATCH FOR THE RED TAGS

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE ON WALL PAPERS

All the new 1924 Papers included in sale.
Beautiful Bedroom, Dining-room and Hall Papers. On Sale 10c Roll.
Elegant Rich Tapestry Papers for Drawing-rooms, Dining-rooms, etc. On Sale.....15c and 25c per Roll.

Grocery Specials

Seeded Raisins, large size.....12c pkg.
Tillson's Rolled Oats, per lg. pkg.....25c
Best Corn Starch.....8c
Best Canned Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.....12 1-2c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes.....10c
All Soaps.....7c
Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs.

E. A. MAYHEW & CO.

GROWING SUDAN GRASS

Experimental Results at Ontario Agricultural College.

Average Yields for Five Years For Green Crop and for Hay—How It Compares With Millet and Sorghum—A Good Emergency Crop—About Alfalfa.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto)

This forage plant, which belongs to the sorghum family, and is one of the finest in leaf and stalk of this group of plants, was introduced into the United States from Africa in 1909. During the last ten years it has obtained considerable prominence in the South-western States, and more recently has been advertised and sold by seedsmen in Ontario, and also grown by a few farmers in the Province.

Sudan Grass has been under test in the experiments at Guelph for the past eight years. During this time it has been grown for its total green fodder yield, for hay, for seed and for pasture.

Average Yields for Five Years. The following table gives the average yield for five years of green fodder and of hay per acre of this crop, and of three types of Millet, Mand's Wonder Forage Plant and Early Amber Sugar Sorghum:

Varieties	Green Crop Tons	Hay Tons
Early Amber Sugar Sorghum	16.92	8.19
Mand's Wonder Forage Plant	13.15	6.22
Japanese Panicum	10.43	4.41
Millet	11.23	4.33
Sudan Grass	8.90	3.69
Siberian Millet No. 71	8.52	3.55

For the results of this experiment the plots were all sown broadcast.

It will be seen that in yield of green fodder and of hay per acre the Sudan Grass was surpassed by five of the six crops included in the test. The quality of hay made from Sudan Grass was superior to that made from Early Amber Sugar Sorghum and Mand's Wonder Forage Plant, and slightly inferior to that made from the three Millets. This and other experiments indicate that Sudan Grass, although it yields somewhat less per acre, makes a better quality of hay than any of the other eight classes of sorghums which we have had under test.

In the average of two years' tests in which Sudan Grass was grown for seed results in comparison with three varieties of millet, tef grass and early amber sugar sorghum, the Sudan Grass weighed 38.1 pounds per bushel, as compared with 4.52 tons of straw and 86.7 pounds of grain per bushel. This was a smaller yield of grain than that produced by the early amber sugar sorghum and three different varieties of millet.

In pasture experiments at Guelph, Sudan Grass has stood the hot, dry summers very well. Sowing a mixture of six parts of A.O.C. No. 72 Oats and 15 pounds of Sudan Grass seed per acre produced a greater amount of pasture than when Sudan Grass was sown alone.

Must Be Sown on Warm Soil.

Our experience with Sudan Grass leads us to believe that the plant is more subject to injury by late frosts in the spring than the average variety of dent corn. In drought resistance it is the equal, if not the superior, of Indian corn. It is essential in sowing Sudan Grass that it be not sown until the soil is warm. We have had the best results from sowing this crop just after the corn has been seeded. When sown for hay or pasture, Sudan Grass is usually sown broadcast or in close drills, 25 to 30 pounds per acre should be sown when Sudan Grass is sown alone, and when used in mixtures for pasture about 15 pounds per acre. Sudan Grass should be cut for hay when the heads are in full bloom, and may be cured in much the same manner as timothy. This crop has been little grown for silage either in the United States or Canada. The reasons for this being that it is a better hay and pasture than a silage plant and that Indian corn is a larger yielder of silage than Sudan Grass.

We have had different classes of sorghum under experiment at Guelph for twenty-eight years, and Sudan Grass for the past eight years. Up to the present time we have had no trouble from sorghum poisoning in the feeding of Sudan Grass or the other sorghums to stock.

Worth Trying as a Pasture Crop.

From the experimental evidence at hand, it would seem that Sudan Grass has shown sufficient promise to warrant its trial in a limited way for pasture, and as an emergency hay crop on the warmer soil of Southern and South-western Ontario, and in favored areas even farther north. Sudan Grass has been included in the co-operative experimental tests in each of the past four years, and will be distributed again in the spring of 1924. Any farmer in Ontario, therefore, who desires to test this plant under his own conditions may have an opportunity of doing so—W. J. Squirrell, O.A. College, Guelph.

Ontario Variegated and Grimm Alfalfa.

Ontario Variegated is not a Grimm alfalfa. The seed of the former was obtained from Lorraine in 1871 and has been grown in Welland County the last half century. The Grimm variety was brought from Baden, Germany, by Kulsheim Grimm and was sown in Carver County, Minnesota, in 1858, where this type of alfalfa has been grown since that time. Both varieties have variegated flowers and are similar in some characteristics.

Advertising stimulates trade.

MELBOURNE

Melbourne, Feb. 8.—The people of this village received a shock this morning when it was learned that Mrs. J. H. Carruthers, one of Melbourne's most highly esteemed citizens, had passed away during the night. She had been in her usual good health. About half an hour after retiring she asked for a drink and suggested to her husband that he send for the family, as she would not recover. He did so, and called the doctor, but she had passed away before he arrived. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel McCracken, of Caradoc. She leaves her husband, five daughters and three sons: Mrs. George Lee, of Ekfrid; Mrs. Lethien, of Caradoc; Mrs. Murray McCallum, Miss Ina and Miss Marjorie; Thomas, Evan and Norman, all of Caradoc.

While in London George Sponenburgh was taken ill and was hurried to the hospital, where an operation was performed. Mrs. Sponenburgh was sent for and is with him in London.

Mrs. Nellie Mullins spent the week-end here the guest of Mrs. Frederick Hill.

Melbourne, Feb. 11.—The concert given under the auspices of the U. F. W. O. in aid of the Longwood cemetery fund was well attended. The Melbourne orchestra gave a number of selections, which are always appreciated. The Cook's church ladies' quartette gave several exceptionally good selections. Mrs. Stevenson and Margaret also assisted. Mrs. Harold Currie, of Strathroy, vice-president of the U. F. W. O., occupied the chair. Miss Agnes McPhail, M.P., gave a lengthy address, showing much enthusiasm and wit, urging that loyalty prevail among the club members and that common sense be experienced in all things at all times. She proved to her attentive audience that farming is the hope of the world and that our young people must have better return for their work in order that they may be induced to remain in the country.

Harold Currie, of Strathroy, also gave a very interesting address in his usual good style. The proceeds amounted to about \$30. The students of the continuation school are showing much enthusiasm over their 'valentine' entertainment. Melbourne Masons, numbering about 25, gathered in the Grigg House at London a few evenings ago to present R. McAndrew with a past master's jewel. Mr. McAndrew made a suitable reply to the number of addresses given, which spoke highly of the work he had done in the interests of Melbourne lodge.

STRATHBURN

Nathaniel Currie is busy this week putting up ice for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Savil Simpson left this week to visit his mother and sisters. Mrs. Charles Simpson and Misses May and Ethel Simpson, in Windsor.

Sorry to report that Claire Trestain, who has been ill with pneumonia for almost three weeks, is not much better.

Chas. Willey, who has been confined to bed with a sore throat, is improving nicely.

Will Simpson and Frank Trestain, of Detroit, visited at their homes here over the week-end.

The blacksmith has been very busy for the past week on account of the long spell of ice.

The last snowfall made good sleighing.

Mr. Campbell, of West Lorne, is cutting ice at Nat. Currie's, and the farmers are busy teaming it.

A "Special Notice" will sell it.

CRINAN

A large number from here attended the Young People's rally in St. Thomas on Tuesday.

There will be an anti-union meeting held in Argyle church next week. The evening has been definitely set, but the meeting will be addressed by Rev. James Mackay, of London, who is one of the prominent leaders of the Presbyterian Church on the anti-union side of this great question.

Lorne Burrows leaves today for his home in Hanna, Alberta.

The funeral of Miss Catherine Morrison was held on Sunday afternoon from the family residence.

The marriage of Miss Jessie McColl, con. 4, to James Anderson, of Kintyre, is announced.

Gravel drawing on the Graham road has been completed for this season.

The Y. P. S. met in the church on Sunday evening.

RIVERSIDE

A few of the neighbors spent a pleasant evening recently at the home of D. McDougal.

Donald McGugan is able to be out and around again.

Some of the people of this community held a sleighing party to W. McGregor's, Muncey Road, on Thursday evening last, when about thirty enjoyed a pleasant time in cards and dancing.

Mrs. Nellie Mullins spent a few days in Melbourne visiting friends.

J. D. Johnson is able to be out again after having the measles.

Rev. G. W. Oliver gave an interesting talk on the Scripture lesson at the service held in the church on Wednesday evening.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics is used and Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assembly deserves this exalted title. It has to its credit thousands of cases which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to even the most severe cases and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

CAIRO

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Wm. Lang fell on the ice and fractured her wrist.

Little Mary Downie has returned home after spending a few days with her grandmother, Mrs. John Downie, of Clachan.

Miss Vera McGugan has returned after spending several weeks with her sister, Mrs. John Leeson, of Thamesville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McKeown and daughter Jean attended the play in Shetland Friday night.

Garnet Randless is visiting in the border cities.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Smith entertained the Good Cheer Enchre Club in the Lion Tamers' club rooms on Thursday night. A very pleasant time was spent.

Norman Young has returned after spending a few weeks in Windsor.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McGugan spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Coman, of Bothwell.

M. D. Smith is home after spending a few days in Strathroy and London.

An Oil Without Alcohol—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential components Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting.

QUESTIONS and Bible Answers

Who are the sons of God?—Romans 8: 14.

NEWBURY

Mr. Hanson, who has been in the Bank of Montreal, has been transferred to Welland.

Jack Little, of Welland, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Wm. Woods.

James Whittington left on Monday for Northwood, where he has been given the position of section foreman on the C.N.R. The family will move there in the near future. "Jim" has been on the school board for some time and he and his family will be missed from the village.

The social held in Knox church basement on Friday evening last under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid was a decided success. The admission fee was a unique one. Small aprons with a generous pocket in which to place a copper for each inch of the waist measure made a total of \$43 for the society. The program given by Misses Betty Moore and Ruby Stuart, Misses Telfer and Fletcher, Mrs. Bolingbroke, Mrs. Galbraith, Lorna Sherwood, John Telfer, R. H. Moore, Rev. H. Bolingbroke and Harry Babcock and the speech on "Citizenship" by Miss Ava Weer, of Wardsville, delighted all. A flower contest was entered into heartily. Lunch was served, bringing to a close a very enjoyable evening's entertainment.

Coverdale and Archie Stuart have purchased the Colin McIntyre farm.

WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Wm. Randless is spending a week with her parents in Detroit. Mr. and Mrs. O. Shaw, of Chatham, called on friends and relatives here last week.

Miss Florence Winter is visiting Miss Lily Blain. Miss Cora McMaster, of London Normal, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mrs. D. Walker, who has been seriously ill, is somewhat improved. George Archer, of New York City, is visiting his sister, Miss Archer. On Friday evening the young people of the Methodist church entertained the young people of Cashmere

and of the Wardsville Presbyterian church in the town hall. There were about 75 present and a social good time was enjoyed by all.

The ladies of the library board ask for patronage at the play which they are having here on Monday, February 18. The Wardsville public library is the best rural library in Ontario and the ladies give their time to it freely.

The monthly meeting of the Wardsville branch of the W. I. was held at the home of Mrs. D. L. Purcell on Thursday, January 31. There was a full attendance of the members, all looking forward to Mrs. Glenn's report of the convention in London. Her report surpassed their expectations. She brought to the home branch so much to help in the work and useful hints in raising funds. There was a special appeal for the Armenian boys who have been brought here to be educated, also for assistance in bringing others out. This and other business matters were laid over for the present. The H. S. girls furnished an excellent program. Miss Ava Weer gave her speech on "Citizenship" and Miss Janet Elliott gave a paper on "Ideals," both of which have to be heard to be fully appreciated. Miss Loraine Henderson gave a piano solo, after which lunch was served by the hostess. The next meeting is to be held at the home of Miss A. Ward.

CAIRO

Roy Hands spent the week-end with friends in Detroit.

Miss Grace Hilton is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Will Smoke.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Downie spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clements.

Mrs. Agnes Smith left Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Will Ball, Strathroy.

Mrs. Tomlinson, of Chatham, is visiting Mrs. Manley Moorehouse.

Quite a few took in the play at Shetland Friday night.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Brown, on February 4, a daughter.

Miss Evelyn Annett is visiting friends in Pontiac, Mich.

Harvey Annett made a business trip to London Wednesday.

As a vermifuge an effective preparation is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

EXFRID STATION

Misses Jean Ruckle and Myrtle Rooks and Burton Ruckle, of Colleen, visited at Wm. Switzer's recently.

Kenneth McKinnon, of Kingston, who has been visiting with his mother here, returned home last week.

Miss Marion Campbell visited in St. Thomas a few days this week, being a delegate from Appleton Y. P. S. to the annual rally on Tuesday.

We are glad to hear that Alice Winger is improving as well as can be looked for.

Miss Mary Sinclair, of Appleton, spent a few days in this community last week.

The sympathy of the community is extended to Mrs. Lee and Mrs. McCallum in their bereavement. Mesdames Stanley McLean, J. T. McLean and W. McLean were hostesses Thursday afternoon, February 7th, when the ladies of the Eureka Community Club were entertained at the former's home. The vice-president, Mrs. D. McColl, presided, and moved that letters of sympathy be sent to the bereaved families, Mrs. Geo. Lee and Mrs. M. McCallum. Helpful suggestions on "Hot supper dishes" were given by Mrs. B. Galbraith. A reading by Miss Marion Campbell and the Oracle by Miss Margaret Campbell were listened to with interest. Community singing and victrola selections formed part of the afternoon's program. The ladies will meet again at the home of Mrs. D. A. Campbell on March 6, the roll call to be answered by "A beautiful thought of prose or poetry."

SHETLAND

Wm. Nicholson and Russell Gray spent Sunday with Robert Gray.

Misses Edna McGillivray and Irene Nurse spent the week-end in Detroit.

Arthur Lawrence, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Shetland friends.

Owing to the ice and snow some people find it necessary to walk home in the wee hours of the morning to get a lantern and a shovel to get through.

Mrs. Robert Gray is spending the week in Detroit.

The play entitled "Between Two Lines," presented in Shetland Friday night by the library board, was a great success. The hall was crowded and the proceeds amounted to \$50 clear.

Send in the local news, and send it in early.

KILMARTIN

Alexander McIntyre, of Wallaceburg, has returned home after spending a pleasant visit with his sisters, Mrs. A. L. Munroe and Mrs. Duncan McAlpine.

Neil Munroe has returned home after spending some time with his sons in Ford City.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Munroe entertained a number of their friends last Friday evening.

The regular meeting of No. 9 literary society will be held on Wednesday evening, February 20. The feature of the program will be a debate: "Resolved that competition has done more for the farmer than has co-operation."

The speakers will be Miss Drina McAlpine and Mr. McVicar from No. 12, and Mitchell Innes and Mrs. Neil Munroe of No. 9.

The Young People's Society of Burns' church, Moss, will hold their regular meeting next Tuesday evening. Subject of debate: "Resolved that success in life is due more to character than to circumstances." Affirmative speakers—T. W. Little, Hugh McKellar and Alex. Munroe. Negative—Christena Little, Verna McCallum and Mae Moore.

Pleased to hear that Hughdel McIntyre, who has had a severe attack of erythema, is much better.

CASHMERE

Mrs. Wm. Radley and daughter, of Detroit, are visiting Mrs. Radley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Saylor. Johnathan Saylor has been ill with acute indigestion.

Donald Sittler, who has been very ill with an abscess of the ear, is much better.

We are sorry to hear of the serious illness of Mrs. Dave Walker, and hope for her speedy recovery.

James Hanton is visiting in Windsor.

Thos. Dark, of Bothwell, is visiting his son Wed. here.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Shaw, of Chatham, visited relatives in this vicinity on Saturday.

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