



## BUSINESS OF LEGISLATURE IS PRACTICALLY CONCLUDED

Continued from page 1.

power to alter, change or reduce the telephone rates or tolls. It found excessive, which was accepted.

An amendment to section 11 that the making of deposit to ensure the bonafides of any complainant should be compulsory was struck out and the section remains as originally drawn, leaving the making of such deposit in the discretion of the commissioner.

The bill as amended was agreed to.

Hon. Mr. Hazen moved that a bill in aid of the construction of a dry dock at St. John be recommitted to insert an amendment so as to make it apply to a dry dock built "in or near to" St. John. Agreed to.

The bill relating to the Town of Newcastle was agreed to as amended. The bill to incorporate the Gibson and Minto Railway Co. was next taken up.

Mr. Copp said it was the intention of the company to apply to the Government for a guarantee of bonds.

Mr. Shipp having been asked the negative, Mr. Copp said in that case the section referring to that subject might as well be stricken out.

Mr. Shipp said there was no present intention to apply for the guarantee of bonds, but it might perhaps happen in the future that such a necessity would arise and the section would be applied to.

Mr. Copp reiterated his objection, but it was allowed to stand.

The title of the bill was changed to the Fredericton and Grand Lake Coal and Railway Company, and the bill as amended was agreed to.

power to spend any money to speak of. They secured leases at a rental of \$300. Under the development of the Petroleum Company these leases have increased so that now the Albertite Company asks \$2,500,000 for their lease and have been offered the equal of \$300,000.

If this lease was to be extended it should be done on equitable terms to the province as the province needed money.

Mr. Hazen.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said that he had been a member of the house when legislation regarding the matter under dispute had passed. It was the clear intention to give the New Brunswick Petroleum Company oil and gas rights on 10,000 square miles. Later the Albertite Company bill was presented by the then premier, Mr. Emmerson, who had also promoted the bill for the New Brunswick Petroleum Company of which he was president. He passed the Albertite bill, a clear intention of which was that that company should have shale rights on a certain area.

At Ottawa recently he had talked with Hon. Mr. Pugsley, who was attorney general at the time, and who told him that he had drawn leases, and that it was the intention to give one company oil and gas rights and the other the shale rights.

The properties overlapped and now the petroleum company claimed they were entitled to shale rights as well as oil and natural gas, in the territory over which their leases extended. The contention had not been made until the Maritime Oil Fields, Limited, represented by Dr. Henderson, who represented English capital, came in and spent some money on the exploration of the New Brunswick Petroleum Company's property. Mr. Matthew Lodge, who was really the founder of the New Brunswick Petroleum Company, and who was also interested in the other company, had written letters ridiculing this contention and saying it was the idea to have the New Brunswick Petroleum Company control natural gas and oil rights and the other company to have shale rights.

Result of contention between parties that borings for shale would have the effect of taking away oils and natural gas which could not help escaping up the shafts. Another contention was that because oil found in shales no other company was entitled to take shales or gas which was found beneath them. This was now set up for the first time and it had never been claimed by the petroleum company. The result would be if it prevailed, that there could be no prospecting for minerals in future except by the N. B. Petroleum Company. The company had not found their business very paying till last summer when they struck gas on other side of the Pettoodiac river, but in the meantime the gentleman who had property, took steps to develop it. Capital was required to erect works because manufacture must take place at a short distance from where shales are to be found.

Specimens of shale had been sent to Scotland where similar works were established and shales had been pronounced quite as good as Scotch shales by the products equally so. The company had been started in England to develop the business, but little progress had been made because it was ascertained that the company had no right to shale, therefore they returned to the Legislature to ascertain what the rights of respective companies were. There was no doubt in his (Hazen's) mind that the intention was that no other company should be prevented from prospecting for minerals over such large area because in doing so they might tap oil and gas.

Mr. Copp strongly opposed the idea that the legislature was the right tribunal to decide rights of respective companies. That was a matter for the law courts. The Petroleum Company had met with misfortune until Mr. Sumner went to the old country and interested capitalists.

Mr. Robinson said this lease specifically says that any dispute shall be settled by arbitration or appeal to the law courts. It was a question between the government and the lessee not between the two lessees and he strongly suggested that the matter stand over for future consideration in the hope that some amicable settlement might be arranged.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer was surprised at the attitude taken by the honorable gentlemen opposite, when he recalled the fact that one of them was provincial secretary and arranged leases and the other was surveyor general and signed them. Neither thought they did an injustice to the New Brunswick Company when they granted the lease to the Albertite Company. When the Petroleum Company's lease expired in 1907, it was renewed two days after it had expired for 99 years, in December of the same year, without any consideration except \$300 a year rental, they gave the Cannel Company lease for two years only. The government must do nothing but simple justice and no one would say that the Petroleum Company should take all the oil and shale over an area of ten thousand acres in addition to that included in 1877 acres leased to the Cannel Company.

Mr. Byrne said the proper place to decide this question was a court of law. He would have to vote along lines taken by the leader of the opposition.

Mr. Burchill.

Mr. Burchill did not think many members now in the house knew what was the intention under the original leases. He thought it was a matter of law to be decided and not of fact and that the legislature should not be called upon to decide a matter of law.

Mr. Sweeney said it was unheard of for the government to try to repudiate its own acts and those of former administrations. The two leases were not covering one and the same thing. This bill would interfere with the fair name of this province and breaking faith with capitalists from England, and would prevent others from coming in here.

Mr. Copp said that \$250,000 had been spent in exploring and development under the New Brunswick Petroleum Company's lease. They have been trying to get to the solution of the trouble but had not been able to have any fair arrangement arrived at.

On vote of 19 to 14 it was decided to go into consideration of the bill section by section, and after a short discussion the bill was agreed to.

Progress was reported in respect of the bill relating to winding up of incorporated companies and that relat-

# STANDARD PASSES FIRST MILESTONE OF USEFUL AND PROMISING CAREER



JAMES H. CROCKETT  
MANAGING DIRECTOR

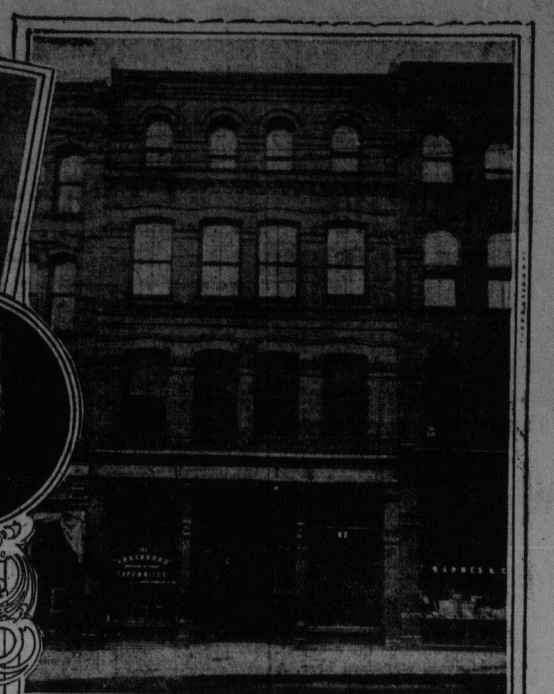
## Year Ago Today First Issue Of The Standard Was Published—Steady Progress In All Departments.

One year ago today the first number of The Standard was published. From the first no expense has been spared to secure the live news of the day over the wires and to cover the provincial field thoroughly. Subscribers in every village and town in New Brunswick are convincing evidence of appreciation of the enterprise shown. Wherever newspapers are sold The Standard can be secured and the growing advertising patronage is but the natural outcome of the rapidly increasing circulation.



RUPERT MACKENZIE, EDITOR  
S. D. SCOTT, EDITOR OF THE EVENING STANDARD  
ANDREW MERKEL, NEWS EDITOR, THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Locally, the news end of the paper has been the subject of much favorable comment. The sporting page has been a revelation to those accustomed



THE STANDARD BUILDING

to read St. John newspapers and has proved one of the most taking features of the paper. With the assurance to its readers

ing to motor vehicles. The Speaker having resumed the chair a motion to receive and adopt the report of the committee on the bill to amend the Albertite, Ollite and Cannel Coal Company's act was carried by a vote of 21 to 14 as follows: Yeas, Messrs. Hazen, Flemming, Grimmer, Morrissey, McLeod, Maxwell, Murray, Dickson, Woods, Hartt, Jones, Munro, Sproul, Pinder, Young, Robinson, Glasier, Prescott, Wilson, MacLachlan, Baker, Cyr, Hatheway, Sheridan.

On motion for third reading of the bill to aid in construction of the St. John Valley Railway, Mr. Burchill moved seconded by Mr. Currie that the bill No. 76 be not now read a third time, but that the order for the third reading be rescinded and the bill be referred to the committee of the whole House to be amended by adding a section to the effect that before the bonds for such a large amount be guaranteed by the province the people of the province may have an opportunity of expressing an opinion upon the question. This was lost by 39 yeas to 8 as follows: Yeas—Messrs. Labllois, Sweeney, Bentley, Leger, Lowell, Byrne, Leger, Burchill, Nays—Messrs. Hazen, Flemming, Grimmer, Morrissey, McLeod, Maxwell, Murray, Dickson, Wood, Slipp, Hartt, Jones, Munro, Sproul, Pinder, Young, Robinson, Glasier, Prescott, Wilson, MacLachlan, Robinson, Copp, Tweeddale, Burgess, Baker, Cyr, Hatheway, Upham, Sheridan.

Mr. Copp.

Mr. Copp then moved that bill No. 78 be not now read a third time but that it be referred back to the committee of the whole House with instructions to amend the same so as to provide that the Government shall not make any guarantee of bonds until it is assured that the proposed line of railway shall connect with the Transcontinental railway at or near Grand Falls or some other point on the line of Transcontinental railway

for the purpose of insuring as far as possible that freight coming over the said Transcontinental railway for export will go through the port of St. John.

Mr. Copp said he offered this amendment with the greatest confidence because the gentlemen opposite had so strongly striven to impress the importance of building up the port of St. John. They had criticized the late government because it had done that, neglected to do anything towards the construction of the Valley Railway but had permitted the transcontinental to be taken through the central route and thus robbed St. John of traffic that ought to go there. The honorable gentlemen must now put themselves on record as being sincere in what they had said by voting for the amendment or else tear off the mask of hypocrisy which they had worn when speaking of St. John.

Mr. Hatheway wished to say a few words with reference to Mr. Copp's remark about tearing off the mask of hypocrisy. He would suggest to his honorable friend a quotation which might suit his own case. "He stole the liver of the court of heaven to serve the devil." The honorable gentleman himself had impressed the house with the fact that transcontinental freight would not come to St. John, down the Valley route, but would go to Moncton on its own rails and from thence to Halifax. When the freight reached Moncton there was only a difference of a hundred miles between that town and Halifax, and that town and St. John, but when it got to Halifax it was 50 miles nearer Liverpool than it would be at St. John. Moreover Halifax had plenty of accommodation in the way of deep water wharves which St. John had not and before the Transcontinental could acquire the same facilities at St. John, as it would have at Halifax, at least four million cubic yards of mud would have to be dredged from the harbor of St. John at Courtney Bay. The G. T. P. had no idea of having a terminus at St. John but was more interested in the building up of

Portland, Maine and another port in Rhode Island.

Amendment Lost.

Mr. Copp's amendment was then put and lost by 13 yeas to 25 as follows: Yeas—Messrs. Labllois, Robinson, Copp, Sweeney, Tweeddale, Burgess, Bentley, Leger, Lowell, Byrne, Leger (Gla.), Upham, Burchill.

Nays—Messrs. Hazen, Flemming, Grimmer, Morrissey, McLeod, Maxwell, Murray, Dickson, Woods, Slipp, Hartt, Jones, Munro, Sproul, Pinder, Young, Robinson, Glasier, Prescott, Wilson, MacLachlan, Baker, Cyr, Hatheway, Sheridan.

Mr. Tweeddale moved that the bill No. 76 be not now read a third time but be referred back to committee of the whole House, with the instructions to amend same so as to provide that the Government shall not make any guarantee of bonds until it is assured that contract will be entered into for the operation as a part of the Intercolonial Railway or as part of some other competitive trunk line on the basis of the same rental of 40 per cent of the gross earnings.

This was lost by the same vote as Mr. Copp's amendment.

The main motion that the bill be read a third time was then put and carried by the same vote reversed.

The House adjourned at 1.15.

## MONEY FOR THE BOYS REQUIRED AT ALBANY

New York, N. Y., Mar. 24.—Bitt by hit, there was unfolded at the fire insurance inquiry today, the story of the career of William H. Buckley, the Albany lawyer, who for years was a legislative agent at the state capital, for the fire insurance companies. On the face of the documentary evidence produced Buckley was well-nigh invincible at Albany. If the letters which were entered on the records contained

## HOLY CITY AT OPERA HOUSE

### Biblical Drama Presented Last Evening Proved Inoffensive—Well Staged and Received With Applause.

In the Opera House last evening Clarence Bennett and his company presented the much discussed Biblical drama "The Holy City." Several prominent citizens who were prejudiced against the play, and attended in a critical spirit, readily admitted after the performance that they could detect nothing wrong with the production. The Salome dance which was advertised as a special feature was abandoned in deference to representations made by the moral and social reform council.

The "Holy City" is a drama in four acts and deals with chapters in the life and death of the Savior, and with the story of John the Baptist. Whatever objection may be raised from a religious point of view against the staging of sacred events, the audience who witnessed last evening's performance came away convinced that the Holy City was in every way a moral production and entirely free from suggestiveness.

Mr. Bennett, who is author of the piece, has ingeniously created an atmosphere round the history of the persecution, death and resurrection of Christ that the audience unconsciously feels the nearness of the event. The tragedy of Calvary is presented by a tableaux, after the famous painting of Michael Angelo.

The company is well balanced. Mr. Bennett in the double role of Judas Iscariot and King Herod was particularly good and Miss Capicola Marshall, as Elizabeth the mother of John, won much applause. Today being Good Friday the play will not be presented.

## MR. FOSTER GIVES NOTICE OF APPEAL

Toronto, March 24.—George K. Foster, M. P. for North Toronto, has filed at Osgoode Hall notice of appeal from the recent decision of Mr. Justice Macgoye and a jury dismissing his action against J. A. MacDonald, editor of the Toronto Globe, claiming \$50,000 damages for alleged libel.

Portland, March 24.—Sailed for John A. Beckerman, Beaver Harbor, N. B.

## DEATHS

Stubs—In this city, March 23rd, End Plossie, eldest daughter of the late Chas. F. Stubs, aged 21 years, leaving mother, sister and four brothers to mourn their loss. Funeral Friday afternoon from her late residence, 204 St. James street. Service begins at 3.15 o'clock.

Stubs—In this city, on 23rd inst., David Henry Short, in the 63rd year of his age, leaving a wife, three sons and two daughters.

Funeral from his late residence, 42 Carleton street on Friday at 4 p. m.

Watts.—On March 23, Annie Watts, sister of the late James W. Racine, in the eighty-third year of her age. Funeral this afternoon at 2.15 o'clock from the residence of Newton A. Rogers, 64 St. James street.

Sanction.—On March 23rd, in New York city, George Edward, youngest son of the late Henry P. Sanction, Esq.

Farm for Sale.—At Armstrong's Corner, Queens Co., 6 1/2 miles from Welsford Station, fronting on Nepesic Creek. Farm consists of 200 acres of land, house and woodhouse attached, 4 barns, water in house and barn. Apply to R. A. Corbett, 274 Douglas Ave. 878-12-d-Aps

Ten boats alone last year caught thirteen thousand salmon where a year or so previously they had only caught eight thousand. The increase was said to be due to the benefits of the work of the Tobique Salmon Club. The total value of the salmon industry was about fifty thousand dollars a year, and the closing of the Tobique river would mean the destruction of the industry altogether. Personally he hardly thought it would be so bad as that, but that was claimed by men supposed to know.

The Deputy Minister of Fisheries had reported against it, and the evidence of Messrs. Harrison and Calder, two experts, was to the effect that salmon could not pass a forty foot dam. It would benefit the promoters of the dam, Messrs. Stetson, Cutler and Company, who owned considerable timber limits in the neighborhood, for it would give them a time yard for their operations, some three and a half miles long. The construction of a pulp mill would also stimulate trade by the employment of a large number of hands and would be the means of circulating a good deal of money in the district. It was too open to question whether it was better to confer on a private company the right to erect a dam by means of which water power to the extent of twelve or fifteen horsepower might be developed. They might be prepared to pay rent, but the power remained theirs forever. Before coming to any decision the department company should have much fuller information as to the proposed works and plans and specifications of what was going to be done.

Mr. Woods.

Mr. Woods seconded Mr. Hatheway's resolution, said that he had agreed with all that had been said. He believed the bill would mean the destruction of salmon fishing, that it would interfere with the vested rights of riparian owners and that it would interfere materially with lumber coming down river.

Mr. Tweeddale took the point that the committee of the whole could not refer a bill back to the corporations committee.

Chairman Sproule ruled that the point of order was well taken and the resolution of Mr. Hatheway was out of order.

Mr. Hatheway moved that progress be reported and the chairman put the motion.

Mr. Tweeddale was about to address the committee when Mr. Hazen took the point that the yeas and nays had been called and Mr. Tweeddale was out of order.

The chairman ruled that the point of order was well taken and the vote was then called and resulted as follows: yeas 19, nays 17.

The speaker resumed the chair as the bills relating to St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Fredericton, an addition to the fisheries act—relating to public utilities—to amend the game act—relating to New Brunswick coal and railway—relating to the town of Newcastle—to incorporate the Gibson and Minto Railway Company, were read a third time and passed.

The House went into committee, and took up the bill relating to the Albertite Ollite and Coal Company.

Mr. Robinson asked if the intention of the bill was not to settle the meaning of the word in the case before the courts.

Mr. Grimmer.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer said that there was no dispute before the courts. One company had been given rights for oil and natural gas and the other for bituminous shale and Albertite. The dispute was as to territory. One overlapped the other. The New Brunswick Petroleum Company claims the rights of oil and gas in 10,000 square miles and shale on 197 square miles.

Mr. Robinson said while the matter might not have reached the courts there was a dispute and there was a matter of law involved. It was doubtful if the Legislature to decide the point was one for argument in the courts.

He understood that the Albertite Company had not complied with the terms of its lease. The New Brunswick Petroleum Company was about to commence extensive operations. If English capitalists spent \$150,000 and were preparing to spend two or three millions on the lease it was doubtful legislation and would prejudice investors against this province if such lease was to be upset.

The Albertite Company was now

Use it for bread, pies, cakes, biscuits, everything

It's the champion all-purpose brand.

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY  
PURITY  
PATENT  
NANTOBA HARD WHEAT

Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Limited.

WHY THEY HATE SIR SAMUEL

Reasons for the Attitude of the Suffragettes in Their Relations With New Divorce Court President.

London, March 24.—Sir Samuel Evans, the new president of the Divorce Court in London—that is to say, of the only court in England which has the right to grant judicial separations or to sever matrimonial bonds—has an American wife in the person of the former Miss Blanche Rule, daughter of Charles Rule, of Cincinnati, and is an object of aversion to the suffragettes in consequence of his responsibility for the defeat of their cause in the House of Commons on an occasion when, save for his interference, they might have won a brilliant victory. It was about four years ago, when the subject of female franchise suddenly and unexpectedly cropped up during the dinner hour owing to the withdrawal of a number of other motions.

The government was not prepared for the debate. There was a probability that if a division had been taken the suffragettes might win the day, whereupon Sir Samuel Evans rose in his seat and began to speak. He spoke without cessation for two hours and a half, practically talking the motion out and thus preventing the success of the conspiracy to secure a snap division. While he spoke pandemonium was raised in the ladies' gallery behind the grille. There were shrieks from the fair occupants of "Divide" and of "We refuse to have our bill talked out!" while a flag with the legend "Votes for Women" protruded through the grille, until the police invaded the gallery and turned the fair rioters out.

Declined to Interfere. Mr. Redmond, the leader of the Irish party, asked the Speaker whether it was in accordance with decency that policemen should be called into the gallery to turn the rioters out. The Speaker, pointing to the projecting canopy of his chair, declared that he was "unfortunately, the only person in the House who could do what was going on," and declined to interfere. In fact, the only two persons in the House who remained perfectly calm and unruffled on the occasion were the Speaker and Sir Samuel Evans.

Sir Samuel is the son of a Skewton tradesman—that is to say a small shopkeeper—in London. He attended college at Swansea, completing his instruction at the University College of Wales. His father had named him for the Nonconformist pulpit. But he preferred the law, became a county town solicitor, and in course of time was sent by his father to the University of London at the same time as his brother Welshman Lloyd-George. After reaching London he abandoned his practice of solicitor to become a barrister and soon winning a large practice.

But he owes his appointment first to the office of solicitor general and now to the presidency of the Divorce Court, which carries with it a salary of \$30,000 a year and a peerage on retirement, to his political services in the House of Commons.

Judge Bigham Now a Peer. Judge Bigham, whom he is succeeding in the presidency of the Divorce Court, and who on his resignation from the bench has just been raised to the House of Lords, falls from Liverpool, is the son and heir of a wealthy Liverpool merchant and was himself in business for some twelve years, until, when considerably after thirty years of age, he commenced studying law, was called to the bar and became a member of the legal profession, where his mercantile training proved immensely valuable in his practice and proved even still more useful on his elevation to the bench, where his grasp of all the commercial cases brought before him, a good deal of regard when he was appointed president of the Divorce Court. He was even still more of a success there, largely by reason of the fact that he is a thorough man of the world and a well known and popular figure in London society, with which he possesses a more intimate acquaintance than any of his predecessors in the presidency of the Divorce Court, with the solitary exception of the late Lord St. Helier. He may be said to have granted a decree of divorce in a very grudging manner, and it used to take far more to satisfy him in the way of evidence than it did any other judge before him, so that he was frequently asked to grant consent to grant a release from matrimonial bonds.

While at the bar he sat for a time in the House of Commons as one of the Unionist members for Liverpool. He is short, sturdy and clean shaven, except for a suspicion of whiskers, and is so short sighted that he wears a pair of glasses. In fact, on more than one occasion, both when a leader at the bar and after his elevation to the bench, commercial cases of immense importance have virtually depended upon the finding of his glasses, which he is forever losing.

ASEPTO SOAP POWDER sweetens the home YOUR GROCER SELLS IT



Scenes In House At Washington During Great War On Cannonism



Speaker Cannon standing at bay before the excited house, while the insurgents and Democrats, now in the majority, demanded a ruling from him on Representative Norris' resolution—Cannon, refusing to make a ruling, the all-night session followed—Few members sat in their places during these exciting hours, but moved around from desk to desk holding conferences.

UNCLE SAM'S COOK BOOK OUT Tells How To Make Cheap Steak Like Porterhouse and of Other Stunts That Rob Life of Terrors.

Washington, March 23.—The Secretary of Agriculture's cook book is out. In it Uncle Jimmy Wilson, through his experts, tells the country how to make the poor cuts of meats taste as good as the best, and also how to get just about as much nourishment from them.

The experts who prepared the book are C. P. Langworthy, Ph. D., and Caroline I. Hunt, A. B. They have found that the cheaper cuts of beef, such as the brisket, the chuck ribs, the flank and the neck, are just about as rich in the substances which build up and repair the important tissues of the body as are the porterhouse and sirloin steaks. For instance, in a chuck rib there is 19 per cent. of protein, as compared with 21.9 in a porterhouse steak.

A Misapprehension. Also in regard to the flavor of meats the department's cook book says, there is a general misapprehension of the facts. Most persons believe that the expensive meats are the best flavored, while in reality cuts on the side of the beef offer a taste better than the higher priced cuts.

"Owing to the difficulty of mastication," says the book, "this fact frequently is not detected." The secretary's experts find that there is a good deal of unnecessary waste in the average home in treating the fats that come on high priced cuts of meat. The loins and ribs of beef, for instance, contain from 20 to 25 per cent. of fat. Instead of being thrown into the garbage can, this, according to Secretary Wilson's cook book, ought to be utilized.

"If butter is the fat used in making croutons for meat pies and in preparing the cheaper cuts," says the official cook book, "there is little economy involved. The fats from other meats should be saved, as they may be used in place of butter in such cases as well as in preparing many other foods. The fat from sausage or from the soup kettle or from a pot roast, which is so savory because it has been cooked with vegetables, is peculiarly acceptable."

The department gives minute instructions as to the best process for trying out and clarifying fat and for making the drippings savory.

Uncle Jimmy Wilson's experts are of the opinion that if a man has a little meat left on them, can be grilled or roasted into palatable dishes.

In this connection, it may be noted, says the book, "that many of the dishes popular in good hotels are made of portions of meats such as are frequently thrown away in private houses but which with proper cooking and seasoning make attractive dishes and give most acceptable variety to the menu."

EXCITEMENT AT THE HUB \$4,000 in Greenbacks Stolen from Insurance Man on Pleasant Street in Broad Daylight.

Malden, Mass., March 24.—A bag of \$4,000 in greenbacks, an alleged highwayman was captured by two police officers and the bag containing the money was found in a swill cart when it had been tossed by the fleeing man. About 3.15 p.m., John A. Bruce, local agent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company left his office for the bank, carrying some \$4,000 in a hand bag. As he passed along Pleasant street with people on all sides of him, a man of about 40 years old ran up, snatched the bag from his hand and ran away. Bruce raised an alarm and the people of the street at once joined in the chase of the fugitive. Crying "stop thief" the crowd steadily increasing in numbers and pursued the man for nearly two miles. Once, when he seemed in imminent danger of capture, the fugitive displayed revolver and the crowd hesitated, he gained on his pursuers.

He was finally captured in a barn on the Bradley estate. As the officers caught up with him he again displayed his revolver, but he was overpowered and disarmed before he could use the weapon.

He was taken to police headquarters, where he was locked up on a charge of highway robbery. He said that his name was F. H. Rice, that he was 40 years old and that his home was in Portland, Me.

When Rice was captured the money was missing.

NO DISHONESTY ON ALBERT CO. BRIDGES Public Accounts Committee, at Closing Session, Declares McKenzie's Charges Not Proven.

Fredrickton, N. B., Mar. 24.—The public accounts committee had its final meeting this morning. The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the committee: After hearing statements made by Mr. McKenzie, Mr. Garland and Mr. Hoar, regarding the charges made by Mr. McKenzie in a letter to Hon. Mr. Robinson, dated Jan. 27th, 1909, on account of work done on the Mullin Steeves, the Fred Steeves and the Herman Martin bridges, we find the statements made were not warranted by the evidence produced, and nothing was shown that any of the Albert county bridge officials were dishonest in their dealings with the provincial funds.

On motion of Mr. Lablillios, seconded by Mr. Prescott, it was resolved that no money be paid to tourist associations unless the auditor general and provincial secretary be satisfied that representatives of each constituency have had reasonable notification to give them time to furnish local views and information so that a fair and equitable distribution of the benefits to the province may be had. A resolution was passed expressing appreciation of the courtesy of the auditor general and officials of the public works department.

GRAND LAST OF HIS VOPE

Passing of Interesting Figure in Political Life of United States—Rough, Self-made, but No Hypocrite.

Last Saturday Cannonism was abolished in Washington. Cannon, however, remained and the man who spoke as interesting as was the czar of the house of representatives. He is about the only survivor of the backwoods type of politician that bred in Lincoln and Garfield. A man more unlike either of the presidents than Joe Cannon it would be difficult to name. It is suspected that his first acquaintance with them is affected by Cannon, for the man who is created with having one of the finest private libraries in the middle west, and whose taste for reading is undented, is not likely to have the manners of a hill-country cowboy unless he so designs.

It was once said of Cannon that he could not make a speech in a twenty-foot ring. He needs a large stage on which to ram and rave. When he "gets going," his first move is to take off his collar and clerical tie; next his coat comes off; finally he peels off his waistcoat, and he winds up his harangue by dipping his fist in the water jug, seizing a lump of ice and pressing it to his streaming nose. An ordinary speaker would be laughed off the platform and he presumes, an ordinary speaker would be dented, but Cannon is far from being of un-round mind. He is a man of rugged intellect, and a grand force of character. He is merely playing up to his accustomed, downright, out-and-out, and up-and-up, fair and square, as-man-of-matter sort of statesman—of the common people, sir, and proud to own it.

Self-made—and a Poor Job. "Old friend, give me a claw of tobacco." This salutation accompanied by a slap on the back, is sure proof to any blind man in Danville, Ill., that "Uncle" Joe Cannon is home again, says the Chicago Record-Herald. His clear is tilted in the corner of his mouth. He loves to sit with his boots off and his feet clambering up a pillar on his porch, while the rest of his little body reclines in an easy chair. His clean shaven upper lip and his grizzled beard and hair convey a suggestion of religious propriety that his sparkling eye and his full favored profanity confounds. He once honored a newspaper interviewer with the following brief and laconic reply: "Mr. Cannon was born of God-fearing and man-loving parents. He made himself and he did a darn poor job of it." As a matter of fact, Mr. Cannon comes of Quaker parentage and Irish ancestry.

Joseph Cannon no Hypocrite. Of one vice he can be acquitted—hypocrisy, unless, indeed, his affectation of boorishness is hypocrisy. Joe Cannon doesn't pretend to be anything better than he is, and it is this courage or shamelessness, whichever you choose to call it, that serves him in such good stead among the "folks" in Illinois, who have elected him to Congress regularly since 1872, with the exception of one term. In this respect, Cannon's record is superior because he used some unprintable language to another member, and the New York Sun roused the country by saying that Cannon's fond mother-in-law, in Danville, Ill., cannot get very close to the people. Though he is a sworn foe of unionism, he manages to split the unionist's labor vote at every election, and he doesn't truckle to the voters. He will definitely tell them they can elect themselves, and if they do not do it, he will send them a continental. He is just as apt as not to single one of them out, throw his arm round his neck, and affectionately pat him black and blue while he talks confidentially about the issues of the day. This process usually lands the doubtful voter, and makes him a staunch friend of "Uncle Joe."

Corporations Committee. The public accounts committee this morning at its final session unanimously decided charges made by Mr. McKenzie in a letter to Hon. Mr. Robinson on account of work done on the Mullin Steeves, Fred Steeves and Herman Martin bridges were not warranted. It was recommended that no money be paid the Tourist Association unless the auditor general and provincial secretary are satisfied that representatives of each constituency have a reasonable notification in time to furnish local views and information. A motion, favoring removal of public officials who expend money without authority. The auditor general and officials were commended for their courtesy.

King Menelik is Laid on the Shelf. Addis, Ababa, Abyssinia, March 24.—King Menelik's health is no longer such as to permit him to carry on state business and today Ras Tesama the Regent, with the approval of the principal chiefs took over the reins of government.

The Regent is the guardian of the Prince Liq Jassu, grandson of the King, and has been named "the Regent" because he is believed to be the eldest son of the late King. King Menelik was said this afternoon to be dying. In accordance with the decision of the chiefs the Regent is to be deprived of all power of interference in the affairs of state. All her appointments made among her favorites have been annulled. At present she appears to be resigned to the enforced renunciation of the power heretofore wielded. The capital is tranquil today and the safety of foreigners is assured.

THE ASSOCIATED BOARD of the ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC AND THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF MUSIC, LONDON, ENGLAND. FOR LOCAL EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC IN THE BRITISH EMPIRE. PATRON, HIS MAJESTY THE KING. PRESIDENT, H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K. G. The annual examinations in practical music and theory will be held throughout the Empire in May and June, 1910. Entries close April 1st. Syllabus, music for examination and all particulars, may be obtained on application to Mr. WARING DAVIS, (Resident Secretary for Canada,) 87 Shuter street, Montreal, Que.

A. R. CAMPBELL & SON, HIGH-CLASS TAILORING 26 Cermain Street.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING. Necessity is the Mother of Invention, and Classified Advertising was invented by The Man who was Forced to be brief. 1c. per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of 4.

FOR SALE. Domestic and New Home sewing machines, latest improved. Buy in my shop and save 15%. Sewing needles and all kinds. Sewing machines and handkerchiefs repaired. WILLIAM CRAWFORD, 30 CITY ROAD, WHITE STAR.

TO LET. From May 1st. Barn: three stalls, new floor and loft. W. J. STACKHOUSE, 80 CITY ROAD, 367-61-612B.

WANTED. Boys 14 to 16 years of age to learn Dry Goods Business. Good opportunity at once. Tel. Main 260. T. R. ROBERTSON, ALLISON, LTD. 57-58-61-62.

WANTED. Two good experienced clerks for dry goods, clothing and ladies' garment stores; one capable to take entire charge for Fredrickton; one for St. Stephen; good pay to right parties. None but first class need apply. Address E. I. KENEN, LTD., St. Stephen, N. B. 57-61-62.

Painters and Decorators. F. W. EDDLESTON, House and Sign Work a Specialty. 55 Sydney St., Phone 311.

Wholesale only. WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKY. LAWSON'S LIQUEUR. GEO. SAYER & CO'S FAMOUS COGNAC BRANDIES. FABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER. 44 & 46 Dock St.

ROBT. MAXWELL, Mason and Builder, Valuator and Appraiser. Brick, Lime, Stone, Tile, and Plaster Worker. General Jobbing Promptly and Neatly Done. Office 15 Dwyane Street. Tel. 233.

PUMPS. Packed Piston, Compound Duplex, Centrifugal, outside packed plunger. Pot Valves, Automatic feed pumps and reed valves. Single and double acting power. Triple stuff pumps for pulp mills, independent jet condensing apparatus, centrifugal pumps. E. S. STEPHENSON & COMPANY, Nelson Street, St. John, N. B.

T. L. Coughlan AUCTIONEER. 70 Prince St. ST. JOHN, N. B. ONE VERY FINE BAY MARE 1200 lbs. I will sell on Market 26: 22 Saturday, March 26: 24: 11 o'clock, 1 very Fine Bay Mare: weight 1,200 lbs: No: reserved.

COAL. My Coal is good Coal, gives best satisfaction. TRY IT. JAMES S. McGIVERN, Agent, 5 Mill street. Tel 42.

FLORISTS. ADAM SHAND, Florist, Cut Flowers and Floral Emblems a Specialty. THE ROSARY, 47 King Street.

PICTURE FRAMING. Hoyt Bros, 108 King Street, Picture Framing and Furniture Repairing. Phone 163-11. 12w-4mo-31-25

WATCHMAKER. A choice selection of Rings, Brooches, Ear Rings, Watches, Links, Chains, etc. REAR ST. LAW, 2 COLONY ST. Professional. D. K. HAZEN, Attorney-at-Law, 108 Prince William Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

HAZEN & RAYMOND, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, 108 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B. John B. M. Baxter, K. C. BARRISTER, ETC. (174-184 Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.)

Crocket & Guthrie, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c., Office, Kitchen Bldg., opp. Post Office, FREDRICKTON, N. B. H. F. McLEOD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office in the Royal Bank Building, Opposite Post Office. Queen St. FREDRICKTON, N. B.

7 p. c. Preferred Stock in A. E. Hamilton, Ltd. yet unsold. Telephone Main 211 or 1628 for number of shares you wish to subscribe for. Butt & McCarthy, MERCHANT TAILORS, 68 Germain Street, Next Canadian Bank of Commerce, ST. JOHN, N. B. HOTELS: The ROYAL, Saint John, N. B. RAYMOND & DOHERTY, PROPRIETORS. Victoria Hotel, 1 and 27 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B. Electric passenger elevator and all modern improvements. D. W. McCormick, Proprietor.

Felix Herbert Hotel, EDMUNSTON, Sample Rooms, Livery Stable, Good Comfortable Rooms and Good Table. Free Hack to all trains. Moderate Prices. J. M. SIBBIS, Proprietor. FREDRICKTON'S LEADING HOTEL IS THE BARKER HOUSE, QUEEN STREET. Centrally located, large new sample rooms, private baths, electric lights and bells, hot water heating throughout. I. V. MORGAN, Proprietor.

WAVELY HOTEL, FREDRICKTON, N. B. The best \$1.00 a day Hotel in New Brunswick. Some of our best rooms \$1.50 per day. Electric lights and steam heat throughout. JOHNSTON & DEWAR, Proprietors, Regent St., Fredericton, N. B.



# J. N. HARVEY'S NINTH ANNIVERSARY CLOTHING SALE

## Which Opened Wednesday, is Now In Full Swing

This Grand Spring Opening and Nine Days Sale of Brand New Spring Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Bags, etc., is now in full swing. Do not miss it. This Anniversary Sale has Always Been *The Clothing Event of the Season* and has saved many dollars for those who have taken advantage of it. This Sale extends to Every Department in the whole 4 stores. Think what a chance like this means to you at the very beginning of the Spring Suit Season. A Sweeping lowering of Prices in every line of Clothing and Furnishings in thankful recognition of the continued and rapidly increasing patronage of the people of St. John and surrounding country. Read this through and act 'Twill Save You Money.

### Sweeping Reductions

**On Men's Suits**  
**BLUE AND BLACK WORSTED AND VICUNA SUIT**  
 Sizes 36 to 42  
 \$10 Suits, Sale Price .. \$8.75  
 \$12 Suits, \$11 Suits, Sale Price .. \$9.85  
 \$15, \$13.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$12.75

**MEN'S TWEED AND FANCY WORSTED SUITS**  
 Sizes 36 to 42  
 \$7, \$6 Suits, Sale Price .. \$4.98  
 \$8.75 Suits, Sale Price .. \$6.98  
 \$10, Suits, Sale Price .. \$7.50  
 \$12, \$11 Suits, Sale Price .. \$8.50  
 \$15, \$13.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$12.75  
 \$16.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$11.50  
 \$18 Suits, Sale Price .. \$16.50

### YOUTHS' LONG PANT SUITS

Sizes 33 to 35  
 \$8 Suits, Sale Price .. \$4.95  
 \$9.75, \$7.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$6.98  
 \$10 Suits, Sale Price .. \$7.50

**BOYS' THREE PIECE SUITS**  
 Sizes 28 and 29 only  
 \$4, \$5 Suits, Sale Price .. \$2.98  
 Sizes 30 to 32  
 \$3.50, \$4 Suits, Sale Price .. \$2.98  
 \$4.50, \$5.00 Suits, Sale Price .. \$3.95  
 \$6.00 Suits for .. \$4.95  
 \$7.50 Suits for .. \$5.00

Sizes 33 to 35  
 \$4.50, \$5.00 Suits, Sale Price .. \$3.95  
 \$6.50, \$7.00 Suits, Sale Price .. \$5.00  
 \$8.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$5.95  
 \$12 Suits, Sale Price .. \$9.85

### BOYS' TWO PIECE SUITS

Sizes 22 to 25  
 Regular \$1.50 Suits, Sale Price .. 98c  
 \$2.50 to \$3.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$1.49  
 \$4.00 Suits, Pure Wool for .. \$1.98

Sizes 26 to 28  
 \$2.50, \$3.00 Suits, Sale Price .. \$1.98  
 \$3.50 to \$4.50 Suits, Sale Price .. \$2.98

Sizes 29 to 32  
 \$3.00 to \$3.25 Suits, Sale Price .. \$2.50  
 \$3.75 to \$4.50 Suits, for .. \$2.98

**MEN'S EXTRA TROUSERS**  
 \$1.25 Pants for .. 98c  
 \$1.50 Pants for .. \$1.23  
 \$2.00 Pants for .. \$1.65  
 \$2.50 to \$2.75 Pants for .. \$1.98  
 \$3.50 to \$3.75 Pants .. \$2.50

**RAINCOAT BARGAINS**  
 \$6.75 Raincoat for .. \$5.98  
 \$10.00 Raincoat for .. \$7.50

### RAINCOAT BARGAINS

\$12.00 Raincoat for .. \$9.85  
 \$13.50 to 15.00 Raincoats .. \$11.45

**RARE BARGAINS IN FURNISHING GOODS**  
 Underwear, Regular 50c and 60c Wool and Flannel Lined, Sale Price .. 39c  
 Regular 75c Shirts and Drawers, Ribbed Wool, Sale Price .. 59c  
 Regular \$1.00 Pure Wool Shirts and Drawers Sale Price .. 59c

**WORKING MEN'S TOP SHIRTS**  
 Regular 50 to 60c Shirts, Sale Price .. 39c  
 Regular 75c Shirts, Sale Price .. 69c  
 Regular \$1.00 to \$1.25 Shirts, Sale Price .. 79c

**SOFT BOSOM SHIRTS**  
 Regular 50c Shirts, Sale Price .. 29c  
 Regular 75c Shirts, Sale Price .. 63c

### Special Bargains

Regular \$1.00 to \$1.25 Shirts, Sale Price .. 79c

**BARGAINS IN MEN'S BRACES**  
 Regular 25c Braces for .. 19c  
 Regular 35c Braces for .. 23c

**MEN'S AND BOYS' SWEATERS**  
 Boys' 50 to 65c Sweaters, Sale Price .. 44c  
 Men's 75c Sweaters for .. 59c  
 Men's \$1.00 Sweaters for .. 79c

**A Special Lot of Fine Imported Jersey Sweaters**  
 Regular \$1.50 to \$2.00 Sweaters, Sale Price .. 69c

**NECKWEAR**  
 Regular 15c Collars, Sale Price .. 12c  
 25c Ties, Sale Price .. 2 for 25c  
 35c and 60c Ties .. 25c

### In Men's and Boys' Caps

**NEW SPRING HATS AT BARGAIN PRICES**  
 Regular \$1.00 Soft Hats, Sale Price .. 75c  
 Regular \$1.50 Soft Hats, Sale Price .. \$1.23  
 Regular \$2.00 Soft or Stiff Hats, Sale Price .. \$1.69  
 Regular \$2.50 Stiff Hats, Sale Price .. \$1.98

These Special Prices Include the Famous Harvey Special, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Hats, every one of which are fully guaranteed.

The above Price List only mentions a few of the Bargains offered at this Ninth Anniversary Sale. You must see the Goods to appreciate their full worth. No Goods on approval during this Sale—any garment not satisfactory will be bought back at full price. **Cash Only—No Exception.**

## J. N. HARVEY, Opera House Block, Union Street

### CIVIC HOUSE CLEANING BEE HAS MANY WARM SUPPORTERS

#### Rev. T. Hunter Boyd's Suggestion In Standard Yesterday Heartily Endorsed by Mayor, Women's Canadian Club, Board of Health and Other Bodies--Doubt as to Ladies Taking Active Part

The mayor, officials of the Board of Health, the street department, the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, the Women's Canadian Club, and other societies expressed their approval yesterday of Rev. T. Hunter Boyd's suggestion as published in an interview in The Standard to organize a civic house cleaning festival. There is, however, a disposition to question the ability of the missionary of the Anti-Tuberculosis League to interest the citizens in a movement for a cleaner and better St. John.

It is pointed out that the reverend gentleman is not in accord with the Boosters' Club and is therefore not likely to arouse a great deal of public enthusiasm. Instead of bringing forward a project to develop a bigger St. John, he proposes to remove a certain amount of real estate, and to that extent belittle St. John.

At the same time it is interesting to note that the general interest shown

in Mr. Boyd's suggestion by those interviewed by The Standard, belies their lack of faith in the ability of their fellow citizens to muster up sufficient civic spirit to take part in such a demonstration for municipal cleanliness. Mr. Boyd now suggests that Tuesday, April 22, be set aside for cleaning day.

**A Good Word For the Ladies.**  
 The mayor when interviewed said that if the plan had been worked out successfully in other cities, there was no reason why it could not be tried here. St. John always calculated to make a better fist of anything it put its hands to, than other cities did. He could not say what part the ladies would be likely to play, but he was satisfied that the ladies would be heart and soul in any movement calculated to improve the living conditions of the city.

St. John could boast a larger number of aggressive public spirited women than any other city in Canada, or any other country for that matter. The ladies were always to the front when any movement was on foot to promote the well-being of the community.

"They might," added the mayor, "even follow the example of the women in San Francisco and lend a hand themselves. But I'm of the opinion that the ladies of St. John would find a better way of handling the problem than that. They would probably be satisfied to allow the men the privilege of working under their orders. Besides I hope the men of St. John would be more gallant than to allow the women to do the menial work."

The mayor observed that the city authorities were doing good work considering the small amount of money at their disposal. He had not heard any complaints about the conditions of the streets, though he did not doubt that they might be improved.

**Mrs. E. A. Smith.**  
 Mrs. E. A. Smith, acting president of the Women's Canadian Club, said that one of the clauses of the constitution of the club bound the members to take part in any movement for the betterment of their city. She did not know just how Mr. Boyd proposed to work out his scheme, but she thought there was need of a civic house-cleaning in more respects than one.

The Women's Canadian Club had for some years past called attention to the need of greater civic cleanliness, and would doubtless do anything in its power to promote better sanitary conditions. It would no doubt be a good thing to select one day for general civic house-cleaning purposes. It would have a decided educative effect, and would emphasize the relation that exists between civic cleanliness and public health. Some portions of the city, added Mrs. Smith, are decidedly unsanitary, especially in the spring.

Mrs. David McLellan, president of

the local council of woman and a member of the executive committee of the Women's Canadian Club, said that the club had made great efforts to induce the city fathers to recognize the value of civic cleanliness and take more effective measures to keep the streets, alleys and backyards in a more sanitary condition. The executive committee of the club had called the attention of the club to the filthy condition of many alleys and backyards, but they had been informed that the health regulations had been complied with and nothing had been done to improve conditions.

Mrs. McLellan declared that the women's organizations would support any movement calculated to improve the sanitary condition of the city and make it a better place for the poor to live in, but she thought Mr. Boyd's idea that the women should take part in the actual work of cleaning the city, somewhat far-fetched. The city authorities taxed the people heavily enough, and should be able to spend money on the streets. They were not doing all they ought to; at any rate the streets were in a deplorable condition. In visiting the poorer districts she had found places where the back yards were so filthy that the odor from them was insupportable.

Anything, she added, that would educate the people to the need of keeping the city clean, and teach them that unsanitary alleys and premises were a constant menace to the public health would have the support of women of intelligence. Mr. Boyd's intentions were good, though she might not fully agree with his proposal as outlined.

**The Board of Health.**  
 Mr. T. M. Burns, secretary of the Board of Health, said Mr. Boyd's proposal if taken up by the people would be a great help to the health authorities. Their inspectors had their hands full trying to compel the people to observe the regulation regarding the cleansing of alleys and backyards.

They had great difficulty in convincing some householders that the sanitary regulations were devised in the interest of the public, and for this reason the Board of Health would welcome any crusade that educated the people to observe the regulation regarding the cleansing of alleys and backyards.

Dr. G. G. Melvin, secretary of the St. John Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, said that Mr. Boyd's suggestion ought to have good results; but he did not think the ladies would follow the example of the women of other cities, and turn out with brooms to help in the work of cleaning up the city.

St. John had a high tax rate, and the Common Council should be able to do all the work necessary to keep the city in a sanitary condition. But it was a matter of common observation that the work was not properly done, and perhaps if the citizens took hold of the problem, and showed what could be done, it might have a good effect on the public authorities.

Perhaps Mr. Boyd's suggestion would induce the people to take greater care of their property, the streets, and not litter them with paper, decayed fruit, and other rubbish. The by-laws which forbade the public to use the streets as a garbage dump were not enforced, as anybody who had occasion to use the streets could observe for themselves.

Dr. Melvin stated that he would probably bring Mr. Boyd's suggestion to the attention of the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, at its next meeting.

**The Street Department.**  
 An official of the street department stated that the idea of having a civic house cleaning day would commend itself to the men charged with the duty of keeping the streets clean. With an appropriation of \$75,000 per year, a large part of which was used to pay interest on old debts, they could not

### M'ARTHUR ON CIVIC REFORM

#### Mayorality Candidate Travelled Over Wide Area in Address Under Auspices of Socialist Party Last Evening.

Mr. Douglas McArthur opened his mayorality campaign last evening with an address on civic reform, delivered before a meeting held under the auspices of the Socialists, in McLean's building. In the course of a rather rambling speech, which he attributed to the excitement caused by the burning down of one of his houses, yesterday, Mr. McArthur explained his reasons for entering the mayorality fight, advocated tax reform, improved housing conditions for the workers, a new system of civic finance, reduced water rates, an optimistic attitude of a firm believer in the gospel of a bigger and better St. John.

Mr. J. E. Taylor presided and in introducing the speaker said that Mr. McArthur wasn't the candidate of the Socialist party, and would not get any support from the Socialists unless he was able to prove that he was a better man than other candidates.

In opening Mr. McArthur said he had always been a Socialist, and there were thousands of men of that persuasion in St. John. The churches and many other organizations were Socialistic societies; even the common council was a Socialistic institution. His object in coming forward as a candidate for mayor was to attain a position which would enable him to do something to ameliorate the condition of the working classes. A short time ago he had considered a project to build tenements and rent them to workers at low rates, but as he had to pay high prices for lots the scheme had not worked out very well. The common council should put a tax on vacant lots, heavy enough to compel proprietors to build on them. One of the essentials of a bigger and better St. John was the construction of a better class of houses for the workers. The more houses that were built the lower rents would be.

**St. John's Resources.**  
 St. John had resources probably greater than any city in North America. It not only had a harbor second to none—it had a second harbor in Courtenay Bay capable of sheltering a great navy. St. John would some day be the Liverpool of America.

Mr. McArthur also argued that the assessment system of the city was a great deal, and a little co-operation on the part of the citizens would be welcomed.

The city street department did not have authority to compel the citizens to keep the alleys and back yards clean—that was the duty of the Board of Health—but if the by-laws dealing with these premises were better observed the work of keeping the streets clean would be greatly reduced. The city might clean a street today, but tomorrow the wind would blow the rubbish out of the alleys and make them worse than they were before.

Mr. Boyd, he suggested, might lecture the public on the habit of dropping paper and other rubbish in the streets, or wake up the police force and have the law in this connection enforced. The street department had enough to do without trying to teach the people cleanly habits.

unfair. People were taxed on property and rent as well.

One trouble St. John had to contend with, said the speaker, was the lack of capital. Manufacturing industries were starting for capital. It was because the people had not sufficient faith in St. John. Personally he was an optimist, and had invested his money at home. But there were too many pessimists hereabouts—men who hadn't the grace of God, or even common humanity, in their hearts.

Mr. McArthur then spoke of the chances for young men in St. John, and proceeded to express his opinion upon nearly all the public questions before the people of Canada.

Coming back to city politics Mr. McArthur said the city should issue bonds and enlarge its credit to the extent of \$100,000 or so. It was foolish to go to the banks to borrow money, because the banks charged from 5 to 7 per cent interest. The city fathers no doubt did the best they could, and according to their lights, they didn't have great sunshine in their souls. The common council sent to the States for experts to build the waterworks, instead of employing local men who understood conditions here.

**A Pessimistic View.**  
 Mr. McArthur declared that discrimination on the part of the common council would drive the McArthur Company from St. John. If something were not done to remedy matters, St. John would have to offer bonuses to induce industries to locate here.

The tax system, he went on to say, must be reformed so as to place the burden equally upon the rich and poor. Men working on the streets only six months in the year were taxed as much as if they had full employment the year round.

The city should also reduce the water taxes, and try to give the manufacturers water at cost or free. If the taxation system would be reformed by keeping the rates where they now are, and readjusting the assessment so that the wealthy people would pay on the real value of their property.

The C. P. R. and other corporations should also be compelled to contribute a fair proportion of the city taxes. If the assessments were properly distributed the corporation would be obliged to contribute about \$225,000 and this would make possible a reduction of the amount of the taxes the ordinary citizens have to contribute.

Mr. McArthur also declared that the proposed exchange of the 1600 foot strip for the city lots on the West Side was an absurd proposition. The C. P. R. did not own the 1600 foot strip; its lease had lapsed long ago.

**A Pointed Question.**  
 Mr. J. W. Eastwood asked the mayorality candidate whether he would fight for the abolition of the property qualification for aldermen, the establishment of a fair rent court such as they have in New Zealand, and the exemption from taxation of all salaries under \$500 a year.

Mr. Eastwood said there were land-lords in St. John who charged rents so high that they were securing 35 per cent on their investment. This would not be allowed in New Zealand where there were courts that had power to determine what should be the rents exacted of tenants. He also declared that the St. John Board of Health was remiss in its duties, a charge which Secretary Burns who was present did not attempt to answer.

In reply Mr. McArthur said he had already pledged himself to fight against taxing incomes of less than \$500 and that he favored the idea of establishing a fair rent court here. He was not, however, prepared to define his attitude on the question of abolishing the property qualification. The meeting then adjourned.



**FLAMING ARC LAMPS**  
 TRY "EXCELLO" ITS ALL RIGHT.  
**ALEX W. THORNE,**  
 Electrical Contractor,  
 151 Mill street, St. John, N. B.  
 Phone M-2344-11.



**STYLISH LIGHT-GIVERS**  
 NO REASON why your fixtures should not be ornamental as well as useful. Nothing does more to furnish and beautify a room than handsome lighting fixtures. Nothing is more quickly noted than inappropriate or out-of-date designs.

You can be sure of satisfaction here. Our handsome new showrooms are bright with original and stylish designs—not an old or out-of-date fixture in our whole immense stock.

As to price, look where you will, you'll not find anywhere such values as we offer—our customers say so—our business shows it. Put us to the test.

**The St. John Railway Co.,**  
 Corner Dock and Union Streets, St. John.

**WARNING!!!**  
 Your decision to purchase some other make of stationary Gasoline Engine, simply because it is a little cheaper, will be set aside if you investigate the merits of the **STICKNEY.** Get our Catalogue.

**GEORGE J. BARRETT,**  
 ST. JOHN, FREDICTON.

**Ladies' \$3.00 Boots**

A splendid range of the greatest values from the best factories in the land.

Vici Kid, Dull Calf Tops, Blucher Laced Boots, four different lasts; low heels, medium heels, Cuban heels .. \$3.00 per pair

Tan Calf, Brown Calf, Chocolate Vici Kid, Blucher Laced Boots; four different styles, low heels, medium heels, Cuban heels .. \$3.00 per pair.

Open evenings until 8.

**FRANCIS & VAUGHAN,**  
 19 KING STREET.

**BIG ANNIVERSARY SALE**

**J. N. Harvey Celebrates Ninth Year of Successful Business --From Small Beginnings to Foremost Position.**

Mr. J. N. Harvey's ninth anniversary sale is now attracting the attention of large crowds of buyers. In the advertisement which appears on this page, will be found a long list of genuine reduction in all lines of men's furnishings, a schedule which should make this annual event the most successful of any yet held.

The story of Mr. Harvey's business career in St. John is one of rapid though regular growth. From a small beginning, his custom has so extended that today his establishment ranks among the foremost in the province in those lines which he makes a specialty.

In past years at this particular time Mr. Harvey has been able to review extensions to his story. He does not make any such reference this year. One reason is that since he now occupies the whole block, further extension will be made only when it absolutely cannot be avoided, as such a move would involve occupation of an entirely new building.

But the improvement has been marked in many other directions, notably in the quality of the goods carried. In this business the plan has been adopted of making the name of the dealer and not of the manufacturer, responsible for the quality of the goods sold. The Harvey guarantee, it is felt, will satisfy patrons more than the testimony of an Upper Canadian or other clothing manufacturing firm.

Mr. Harvey prefers taking the responsibility for the goods he sells, and feels that under this method he will very naturally exercise the greatest care in the purchase of his stock. He has always endeavored to carry the best that the market offers, and feels that in all lines carried his stock today can challenge comparison with that of any similar establishment in the province. This is the form of improvement to which he would call particular attention this year. The sale will continue for nine days.

Mr. A. R. Wetmore, provincial engineer, returned to Fredericton last evening.

An Opportunity to get a Good 6 per cent. bond with STOCK BONUS. STERLING COAL COMPANY. 6 per cent. bonds, due 1939.

W. F. MAHON & CO., Investment Bankers. St. John. Phone 2068.

Listed Stocks. Our Circular No. 459 gives valuable information regarding thirty-four issues of well-known railroad bonds.

Railroad Bonds. Our Circular No. 458 gives valuable information regarding thirty-four issues of well-known railroad bonds.

WE WISH TO BEND, WITHOUT CHARGE, our regular Weekly Financial Review to all investors desiring to keep well informed on conditions affecting their securities.

J. S. BACHE & COMPANY, Bankers. 42 Broadway, New York.

MONTEAL GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT COMPANY, LTD. London, England.

MONEY ON CALL AT 2-1/2 PER CENT. New York, N. Y., March 24—Close.

COAL. AMERICAN ANTHRACITE. SCOTCH ANTHRACITE. OLD MINE SYDNEY RESERVE.

R. P. & W. F. Starr, Limited. Elder Dempster Line.

N. B. Southern Railway. On and after SUNDAY, Oct. 3, 1909, trains will run daily.

CANADIAN PACIFIC. TICKETS ON SALE. RETURN TICKETS AT SINGLE FARE.

W. E. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R. ST. JOHN, N. B.

MONTEAL STOCK MARKET.

Table of Montreal Stock Market prices. Columns include Stock Name, Bid, Ask, and Price. Includes items like Black Lake Com, Bell Telephone, and various bonds.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, N. Y., March 24.—Flour—Steady with a quiet jobbing demand. Wheat—Spot—steady; receipts, 8,400.

STOCK MARKET IN STATE OF STAGNATION.

New York, N. Y., March 24.—The professional money traders in stocks had practically abandoned their futile effort to move prices by the early afternoon today.

MONTEAL COBALT AND CURB STOCKS.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. Bid. Ask. Brewery Pfd. 32 37.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. Wheat. High. Low. Close. May 109 1/2 108 1/2 108 1/2.

COTTON RANGE.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co. High. Low. Bid. Ask. Jan. 12 75 77.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET; YESTERDAY'S TRADING ON WALL ST.

Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chas. G. Corneil.

Table of New York Stock Market prices. Columns include Stock Name, Shares, Bid, Ask, High, Low, Close. Includes items like Amalgamated Copper, American Beet Sugar, and various industrial stocks.

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PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Yesterday. Coastwise—Schr. Orlova, 5, Simpson, Lords Cove, and cid. for fishing.

VESSELS SCHEDULED TO ST. JOHN.

Star. Trym (Nor.), 1,133, Anderson, for Havana, Wm. Thompson and Co. general cargo.

MONTEAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

By Direct Private Wire to J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Asbestos. 28 1/2 28. Bell Telephone. 144 1/2 144.

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New Brunswick TELEPHONE COMPANY STOCK.

This stock will pay a half-yearly dividend of 3 per cent. on April 15th.

We have \$2000; price on application.

J. C. MACKINTOSH & CO. Howard P. Robinson, Mgr. 111 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

The Mercantile Marine.

DAILY ALMANAC. Sun rises today 6.32 a. m. Sun sets today 6.38 p. m.

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WAGGON WHEAT MARKET.

St. John, N. B., March 24.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:—

ELECTRICAL NOTICE.

The Town Council of Amherst desire to obtain from the Amherst Electric Co. estimates of the cost of installing fifteen additional fire alarm tappers in the houses of firemen.

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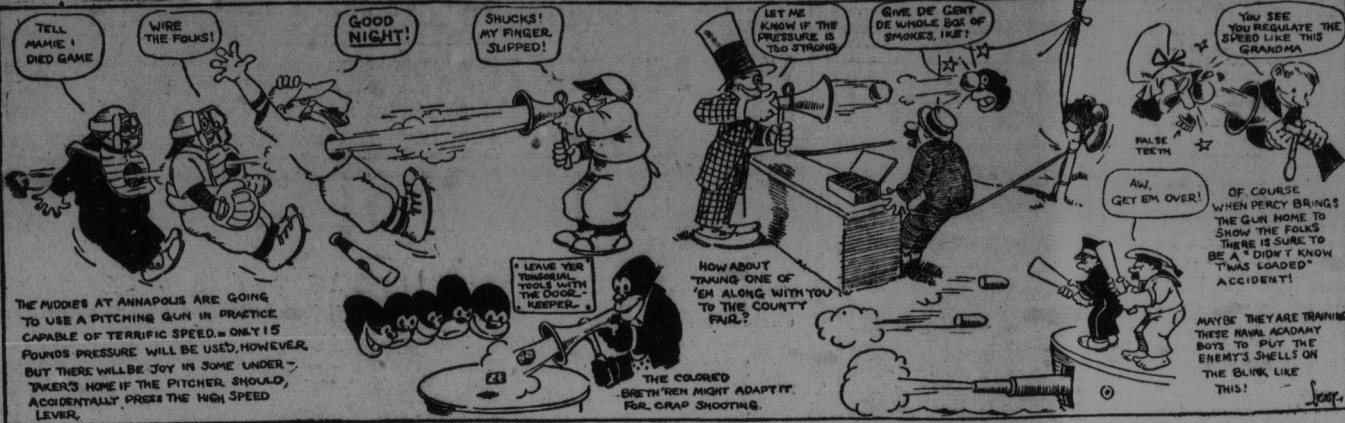
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Bowling  
Basket Ball  
Curling

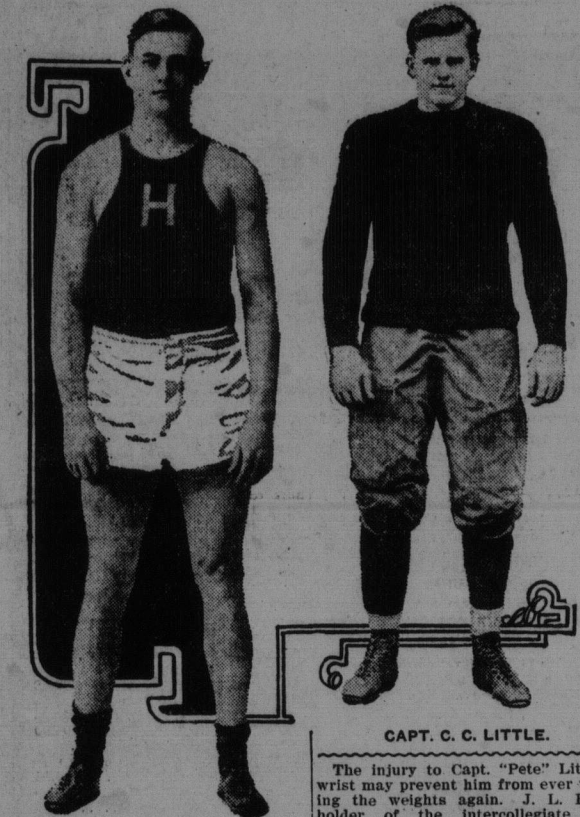
# SPORTS

Baseball  
The Ring  
Hockey

## The Pitching Machine Has Possibilities



## Harvard Running In The Worst of Luck



Boston, Mar. 24.—Poor old Harvard is playing in about the hardest athletic luck that ever befell an eastern college, and if the crimson is successful in baseball, track, field or on the water this year, it will be little short of marvelous.

Probation and accidents are playing havoc with the men, scarcely a day passing without its "I regret to report" incident.

The climax of the hard luck came when "Bob" McKay, the big varsity tackle, regarded as the mainstay of the 1910 baseball team failed to pass his mid-year examination and went on probation with a dull thud.

McKay showed such class as a pitcher that Christy Mathewson declared him to be the best college pitcher he had ever seen.

Of last year's nine four men returned to school, Capt. C. L. Lanigan, S. T. Hicks, R. H. Aronson and J. A. McLaughlin. Hicks is the only pitcher to be depended upon, and he will have to bear the brunt of the work. The team must be developed from raw material.

Early this season Harvard was touted to repeat last spring's performance and win the intercollegiate track meet. Now over half the point winners of last year's team are ineligible.

## MILLIONAIRE BOXER OUT AFTER BELT

Boston, March 24.—W. W. Barbour, son of the millionaire thread manufacturer of New York, aspires to be national amateur heavyweight boxing champion. Yesterday George Brown of the B. A. A. received his entry for the national meeting, to be held in this city next month.

Young Barbour is well built and, according to those who have seen him with the gloves on, he is a clever boxer. Last year when Tony Biddle, the wealthy Philadelphia boxer announced he would meet any gentleman boxer in the country, Barbour accepted his challenge and offered to wager all kinds of money that he could defeat Biddle, who is a pupil of Jack O'Brien.

The Quaker City man did not notice Barbour, evidently having been tipped off to pass him up, as he was

## TIGERS ARE AGAIN ON TOP

Win Three Point Victory from Insurance Men and Practically Clinch Silverware—I. C. R. and Knights Victors.

The Tigers practically clinched the silverware last evening when they trounced the Insurance quintette to the tune of 3-1.

Both teams rolled a strong game, being well over the 19th century mark. The striped artists were particularly effective in their shooting in the first and second strings, when no less than 469 were cleared off the alley.

The policy men pulled out with 19 to the good in the second. For the Tigers Belyea was big man with 94-13 and he negotiated with 110 in the first string.

For the vanquished Machum was the bright particular oracle, having 90-23 chalked opposite his sig.

The scores were:

Tigers.	
Lunney...	81 90 82 253-84 1-3
McKiel...	85 83 100 271-92 2-3
Belyea...	110 79 94 283-94 1-3
A. Bailey...	88 82 92 272-90 2-3
F. Bailey...	85 85 101 271-90 1-3

469 419 469 1357

Insurance.

Machum...	95 102 85 272-90 2-3
Gregory...	95 83 93 271-90 1-3
Atchison...	83 88 98 269-89 2-3
Estey...	88 75 104 267-89
Gilmour...	87 89 82 258-86

438 437 462 1337

Knights Win.

I. L. B.	
McGivern...	84 89 81 254-84 2-3
Harris...	74 85 84 243-81
Cronin...	77 84 75 216-72
Jeffries...	77 83 83 238-79 1-3
McDonald...	64 73 79 216-72

381 389 402 1172

Knights of Columbus.

Murphy...	76 74 79 229-76 1-3
Cobalan...	81 82 80 243-81
McCafferty...	91 90 91 272-90 2-3
Morris...	88 94 80 262-87 1-3
McGrath...	80 83 96 259-80 1-3

416 403 426 1240

Today's Games.

On Black's alleys this morning, the Tigers and Black's alleys' team will clash. Some tall scoring is expected to be chalked up.
In the commercial league Waterbury and Rising will play the M. R. A. quintette.

I. C. R. Wins.

I. C. R.	
Gillard...	78 82 95 255-85
Nugent...	79 88 89 256-85 1-3
McManus...	81 71 83 235-78 1-3
Stevens...	83 83 86 242-80 2-3
Nichols...	89 79 79 247-83 1-3

410 403 422 1235

T. McAvity.

Howard...	97 69 87 253-84 1-3
O'Brien...	77 91 74 242-80 1-3
Coats...	70 65 82 217-72 1-3
McGrath...	76 90 97 263-87 2-3
Poohy...	86 85 81 252-84

406 400 421 1227

## JOHN O'NEIL MAY ROW IN ENGLAND

Halifax, Mar. 24.—At an annual meeting of the North West Arm Rowing Club tonight, an application from Frank Greer, of Boston, for the position of the club's trainer, was read.

Greer who won the championship of America in 1908 at the national professional and coached John O'Neil who was his closest rival in 1903, who duplicated his performance last summer.

There is some talk about a move being on foot to send O'Neil across to England to row for the Diamond Sculls this summer.

Too good for him. Barbour has boxed with Jeffries, Corbett and many other prominent professionals, and they all declare him to be a good, rugged boxer tipped off to pass him up, as he was

## DUELING AND FOOTBALL

University of Michigan Professor Prefers Former to Latter—Advocates Fencing for Physical Culture.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 24.—Prof. C. L. de Muralat, who at the beginning of the next college year will become head of Michigan's electrical engineering department, is an advocate of fencing for physical culture.

Although in the early thirties Prof. de Muralat is an engineer of repute in this and foreign countries. He is a graduate of several European universities and, like most German students, bears upon his face the scars left by swords.



PROF. C. L. DE MURALAT.

While in Munich, de Muralat was the finest swordsman in the Pre-concordia, called "The Corps of Kings," from the fact that more than one of its members became king of his country. It was a signal honor for de Muralat, an American of Swiss descent, to be elected to the corps.

Because of his swordsmanship de Muralat was thrice chosen in one evening to meet the best swords of three other corps. It was during these engagements that he received the three deepest sword cuts, the ones he now carries on chin, cheek and across the head.

Prof. de Muralat is a great believer in dueling, for all of, or perhaps of, these college corps are preferable to any number of gridiron struggles.

"In a German college corps a student, especially in his last year, holds himself in readiness to go out at any time to fight an adversary from another corps. This constant keeping in readiness steadies the nerves. While there may be some objection to a man's face being scarred, I cannot but think it preferable to broken legs and arms.

## TOM FOLEY IS CONFINED TO HIS HOME

Halifax, March 24.—Tom Foley the champion middleweight pugilist of the Maritime Provinces, who broke his wrist in his fight with McInnis here last night, is confined to his home. His injuries are more serious than at first thought and it will be many months before he again enters the roped arena. It is possible that he may never fight again.

## NOTIONS OF THE ATHLETES

Jack Johnson Does Not Believe That Jeff Can Get Back Into Condition—Notes of the Fighters.

Chicago, Mar. 24.—John Arthur Johnson, champion, is not worrying over any thought that he may lose his crown in a coupling combat with James J. Jeffries.

But there is some trouble on the mind of the black champion, and he let it out of his system today when he again and with some emphasis repeated his offer to bet \$10,000 on possibly more than James J. Jeffries does not appear in the ring with him on July 4 next.

And it was in no spirit of braggadocio that Johnson offered to lay against the chance of a meeting. He was simply explaining his own feelings in the matter, and these same feelings are shared by a multitude of fight fans who are afraid that there will be no championship battle between the boilermaker and the black man.

"I do not intend any reflection on Mr. Jeffries when I say I believe he will never meet me," explained Jack "It would sound foolish for me to say that I have any idea that he is afraid. We all know that he has been a great fighter, but he is not the Jeffries that once fought so well.

He has heard from men who have known him well and who have been close to him for several months. I have not heard a single sincere person quoted as saying that Jeffries was back in condition.

"I am sincere when I declare that I do not believe he ever can get in fit condition to put up a hard battle, and I believe even my worst enemies will do me the justice to expect me to put up a good hard fight with any man that I may meet.

"I intend now to concede that Mr. Jeffries was thoroughly in earnest and had every intention of fighting when he signed articles in New York. He was just back from good rest in Europe, and no doubt felt that he could come back to something like his old form.

"I now believe he begins to realize more and more every day that he is no longer a fit man to engage in a championship contest."

An English boxing critic in discussing the Jim Driscoll-Abe Attell fight, to be decided at Colma on July 2, says: "Attell is held none too highly in England, although of course he is regarded as a clever boxer. He wasn't willing to come to England a while ago to box at a fair figure, which is all the more reason why Englishmen would like to see him beaten at home."

Driscoll professes the greatest confidence in his ability to whip Attell. He knows Attell's style of fighting and doesn't fear him in the slightest. Neither does he feel that the American featherweight champion was under wraps in their New York bout a year ago. The twenty-five round route is especially to Driscoll's liking, for he feels that Attell will tire before the windup. Whether the battle will carry with it the world's featherweight championship is likely to be a mooted question, although the average Englishman cannot see why not.

Driscoll will sail for America after his bout with Spike Robson in London next month.

If Sailor Burke possessed Ketchel's lion heartedness he might prove a world beater. Burke can hit like a blacksmith, but he does not relish punishment. For that reason he failed to stop Tim Sullivan of Boston in ten rounds Monday night. Burke is now managed by the diminutive Jimmy Johnson, who thinks he can put some real courage into the fighting star. If Johnson does not succeed in this difficult task Burke can be passed up as a hopeless case.

The ease with which Papke knocked out Willie Lewis in Paris the other night is further proof that Lewis is greatly over-rated and has earned a false reputation on the other side of the Atlantic by whipping a lot of second and third raters. It is also positive evidence that Lewis expressed desire to try conclusions with Langford and Ketchel was merely the work of his manager, who overstepped the mark when he took on Papke. It was a foolhardy piece of business to allow Lewis to concede ten pounds to the Illinois slugger.

Save half your fuel bill by using one of our **VILLA MODEL RANGES**

BUY ONE - TRY ONE and if not perfectly satisfied we will refund your money.

Made and sold by **J. E. WILSON, Ltd.,**

Stove repairing promptly attended to Phone 356, 17 SYDNEY ST.

**WHY WRITE** By hand when you can have a Typewriter for \$60.00 fully guaranteed.

**THE EMPIRE**

**FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, Agent.**

Math 653 65 Prince Wm. St. St. John, N. B.

**A GOOD SCHEME IS TO START THE YEAR RIGHT**

By Getting Your **SHOW CARDS** From

**W. O. STAPLES** CARD WRITER and WINDOW DECORATOR. Phone 2311, 102 Prince William street.

## NELSON WAS DEFEATED BUT NOT BEATEN

(By Tip Wright.)

My gracious, how we detest these fighters and this fighting game.

Did you read the words of admiration passed to Oscar Matthew Battling Nelson, pride of Hegewisch, Ill., and one-time champion lightweight of the world?

Nelson was hammered to a whisper by the indomitable Wolgast, who in the glory of his youthful strength tore the conqueror of Gans, Britt, Corbett, et al, to ribbons, but he failed to conquer the Berserker courage of the greatest lightweight since the gamecock Kid Lavigne was in his prime.

Defeated but not beaten, is the story of Battling Nelson in his latest fight. There's no use pointing out what might have been. Wolgast is champion by virtue of his skill, courage and endurance.

But it was Nelson's name that fell from the lips of the fans as the battle progressed and during the days which followed; and it was Nelson's undaunted spirit and gameness that makes him the hero of every man who admires such attributes.

Battling Nelson can now retire with a fortune estimated in six figures, and an ever increasing income from well placed investments. But he will not retire. Not on your life. He has secured \$10,000 to give him a return match, and those who know the Battler know this is no bluff.

We all remember how, after he had been defeated by Joe Gans over the foul route in their first engagement, Nelson went on with Jimmie Britt and lost a decision. Britt hit him at will and Nelson made a poor showing.

Then the whalebone Dane did a disappearing specialty. He went into the mountains for a short time and came forth a new man. The rest worked wonder with him and in eight months of 1908 he knocked out Jack Clifford, fought 16-round no-decision battles with Britt and Unholz, a 15-round draw with shiftless Abe Attell and twice knocked out Gans.

You want to keep your eye on Nelson, for he is apt to repeat this trick. Or worse it is possible the little wonder has gone back. The beatings he has taken may have sapped his vitality and he may never be the Battler of old.

But no matter whether he ever lifts a five-ounce glove again, Battling Nelson has endeared himself to every man who loves a game fighter, and the best is none too good for him as long as he lives. Honest, willing, photographing, Miss Vivian King is making a big hit in "The Moon, the Ladies and You." Matinees daily for place and children when extra subjects will be shown.

**AMUSEMENTS**

**TODAY—Message of an Arrow—DRAMA**

THE RESTITUTION. Big Drama. MISS KING In New Songs.	NOVELTY ALWAYS GOOD NOVELTY 1 HOUR SHOW	THE MOON FOR LOVE Comedy. VILLAGE SCARE. Comedy. FLOWERS REVENGE. Transformation.
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**Opera House** 3 Nights Com. March 24 Matinees Fri. & Sat.

Forest Isham Presents The Eminent Character Actor **CLARENCE BENNETT**

In His Magnificent Biblical Drama **THE HOLY CITY**

A Gorgeous Scenic Production, Handsomely Costumed, with a cast of Metropolitan Artists, including Pauline Harice as the Princess Salome.

Prices: 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Mat. Prices, 25c to all

**Y.M.C.A. SPORTS at the VIC. Monday MAR. 28**

220 yds, High Jump, 440 yds., 1-2 Mile, Mile and 15 Miles and all other popular sprint and distance runs and comedy events. Under the HARRIER CLUB'S DIRECTION. Increased Rink Accommodation.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Fresh to strong southerly and southwesterly winds warmer with showers.

Toronto, Mar. 24.—Summerlike temperatures have prevailed in Ontario while in the western provinces there has been a change to colder.

New England Forecast. Washington, D. C., Mar. 24.—Forecast for New England: warmer on the coast; Saturday, fair and cooler; brisk southwest and west winds; probably fair Sunday.

AROUND THE CITY

St. John Clearing House. Total clearings for week ending Mar. 24, \$1,298,020; corresponding week last year, \$1,224,895.

A Debatable Question. The Socialist-Labor party have challenged the Every Day Club to a debate on the question: "What is the cause of poverty—Capitalism or drink?"

Elected To Medical Council. At a special meeting of the New Brunswick medical council yesterday afternoon, Dr. Lawson, of Charlotte county, was chosen a member in place of Dr. Deacon, of Milltown.

To the Liquor Dealers. For the benefit of liquor dealers Mr. John H. Jones, licensee inspector, stated last evening that Good Friday was proclaimed a public holiday and in consequence the bars must be closed.

Put Wagon Out of Business. Between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, on the corner of Main St. and Paradise Row, street car No. 74, crashed into a double team driven by Y. Saunders. One horse was slightly scratched and the wagon smashed beyond repair.

Four Tenement House Burned. The four tenement house in course of construction for Mr. Douglas McArthur in Harris street, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning. There was no insurance and the loss is placed at between \$1200 and \$1500. The fire was caused by a pot of tar on a stove boiling over.

Suburban Train for Good Friday. A special suburban train will leave the Union Depot this morning at 9:30 for Welsford. For the return the train will leave Welsford at 7:30 p. m., arriving in the city about 8:30 p. m. All suburban stops will be made in each direction. One fare for the round trip.

Had To Turn Out. The outgoing Montreal train was delayed for several minutes at the depot last evening by a broken truck. A carfull of people had settled themselves comfortably for the journey before the break-down was discovered, and were bundled out in the station to wait for a new car.

The Late Mr. Benj. Kimball. The funeral of Mr. Benj. Kimball of Brooklyn, N. Y., took place yesterday afternoon after the arrival of the Boston train at Welsford and was largely attended. The remains were taken to the Kimball burying plot at Long Reach, where they were interred. The Rev. David Hutchinson conducted the burial services at the grave.

Bawn-Rodday. At the home of Mr. Wm. D. Rodday, 72 High street on Wednesday evening, his oldest daughter Miss May, became the bride of William J. P. Bawn, a native of Bristol, England. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. F. McKim. The bride received many beautiful and costly presents. Mr. and Mrs. Bawn will reside at 75 Chesley street.

Liquor Selling in Carleton. Everett J. Waters, druggist, on the West Side, has been reported by the police for selling liquor contrary to the law, on Saturday, Mar. 19, Sunday, Mar. 20, and Tuesday, Mar. 22. The case will probably be heard in the police court on Saturday morning. A number of West Side gentlemen have been summoned to appear as witnesses.

A Progressive Firm. One of the progressive firms of the city which will enlarge their premises on May 1st is the furniture firm of Bustin and Withers who have secured the store in the Lordly building now occupied by Mr. W. Dunham and adjoining their present stand. A new front will be built and the appearance of the building much improved. Mr. Bustin will enlarge his trade in carpets and oilcloths, using part of the new store for this purpose. Mr. Jas. Myles is the contractor.

Out to See the World. All unconscious of surrounding dangers, or to the fact that she was causing her parents untold anxiety, four-year-old Ellen Galties was found in Coburg street between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon by police officer Perry. The little tot had wandered away from her home early in the afternoon and it was only after much worry and a search through several streets that she was finally discovered. When found by the officer the child was slowly plodding along, and although tired, was to all appearances enjoying the adventure and did not seem at all worried about returning home. Little Ellen readily joined the policeman her name and was taken to the home of her parents on Clarence street.

GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES. The services at the Mission church St. John Baptist today will be Matins and Ante Communion at 9:30; three hours with addresses on the seven last words by the Very Reverend the Dean of Fredericton; from 12 till 3; evensong and sermon at 8. Persons entering or leaving the church during the three hours service are asked to do so during the singing of a hymn.

Portland St. Methodist church. Rev. Neil McLaughlin, pastor, Good Friday services, 8 p. m., preaching by the pastor, services in Sunday school room. All are welcome.

The Presbyterian churches of the city will hold a united meeting in St. Andrew's church this evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. J. H. A. Anderson will preach. A collection will be taken for the benefit of the Protestant Orphan Home.

New Industrial Home For Wayward Boys

Committee From Moral and Social Reform Council at Meeting Yesterday Discussed Plan for Institution for Maritime Provinces—St. Martins Suggested as Site.

Plans for a public home for the training of boys with criminal tendencies were discussed at the first meeting of the committee appointed at the meeting of the Moral and Social Reform Council to consider the question of the establishment of juvenile courts as the first step towards this end. To provide some place to which the youthful delinquents may be sent is being taken up by the committee. Those present at the meeting were Rev. W. R. Robinson, the chairman, Judge Forbes and Mr. Miles E. Agar.

GENIUS IN DISGUISE

R. H. Earle of Newfoundland, Inventor and Globe Trotter, Here Yesterday -- A Bit of His Story.

The inventor who dreams of great accomplishments and has visions of untold wealth is a character well known in fiction and current history. A writer on this theme would find plenty of material in a study of R. H. Earle of St. John's, Newfoundland, who arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Earle is a great walker. He is on his way, he says, to Europe, and according to his own story will go via Boston and New York. If he does, he will have to do the Edward Payson Weston act.

The former is advertised to produce two distinct explosions equal in sound to those of a six-inch gun and at intervals of only three seconds. A column of water and smoke sixty feet in height will be sent up, according to the inventor. The signal is to be placed at the mast heads of ships and shows a distinct code according to its position.

A Sufficient Reason. "Have these signals been adopted?" asked a Standard reporter. "No, they have not. How can they be when I cannot raise the money?" replied Mr. Earle.

The inventor expects to remain in the city until Monday. Last evening he visited the local office of the Western Union Telegraph Co. and dictated the following despatch:—Hon. J. A. Robinson, proprietor and editor Daily News, St. John's, Newfoundland:—"Celebrated inventor of your city, R. H. Earle, arrived from Halifax. Will depart Monday morning for Europe via Boston and New York."

As the money was not forthcoming, the message was not sent and Mr. Earle gave a copy to a reporter. Mr. Earle was quite willing to talk on scientific subjects but was shy when it came to himself and his experiences. He firmly believes that the North Pole has not yet been discovered. "I know Bartlett," he said, "and Peary, and I don't want to say anything, but they are all alike."

Mr. Earle is a great believer in spiritualism and offered to call back from the land of the spirits, the names of the newspaper man's ancestors. The latter declined with thanks whereat Mr. Earle told of having seen his own progenitors several times after they shuffed off this mortal coil. It is understood that the inventor is a man of excellent connections, having one brother in the service of the Western Union and another a member of the Newfoundland government.

A FRIENDLESS PAIR

Austrian and Daughter Returning Home Find Shelter in Police Station—Will Sail on Express Today

Friendless and penniless, far from their own native Austria, Yvon Dohlyak and his only daughter Anna, who arrived here yesterday from Ottawa on their return home, spent last evening at Central police station. The old man and his daughter, both apparently of un sound mind, they were accorded all possible comforts by the big-hearted officers in the guard room. Upon arriving here yesterday at noon the old man and girl finding that the Express of Ireland, upon which they intended sailing, was not due to leave until today, and not having any place to go began wandering about the streets. The woman's strange actions attracted considerable attention and officer Harry Linton deemed it advisable to convey the pair to central station. Scarcely able to speak English, the old man, in reply to Chief Clark, said that they had tickets for their passage on the Express and were re-

each of the three provincial governments would have to be interviewed. Judge Forbes said the St. Martins building was hardly suitable as it was too near the village. He wanted to see the boys on a 400-acre farm and let them work. The present Reform story was no place to send truant boys who had been guilty of some slight misdemeanor. They should not be treated as criminals. He suggested that Mr. Robinson write to the schools in Illinois and secure definite information as to cost, plan of working, etc. Mr. Agar said he had visited a home in Montreal where the same plan was carried out. The boys were paid for whatever work they did. Rev. Mr. Robinson said he would be willing to go to Illinois if it were necessary to secure the information. Judge Forbes said he would be leaving shortly on a trip to Massachusetts and would endeavor to secure some information on the subject. The committee adjourned with the understanding that a further meeting will be held when the data is collected for the purpose of presenting the case to the Dominion and local governments.

WHY HE DID IT

Ernest P. Ryan, Principal in Fredericton Elopement, Submits to an Interview—Wanted to get ahead of the Boys

"I wanted to get ahead of the boys so we just got married and slipped away quietly." This was the reason offered by Mr. Ernest P. Ryan, of Fredericton, when asked last evening concerning the story of his elopement with Miss Catherine Donovan, a Normal School student. "Yes, I'm the man, all right," he said when accosted by a Standard reporter at the I. C. R. depot. "I haven't done anything very wrong have I? The young lady's parents know of our attachment and are quite satisfied with the marriage."

THE TOBIQUE DAM

J. Hunter White, Chairman of Committee, Expresses Satisfaction Bill is Killed—Would Destroy Salmon Fishing.

Mr. J. Hunter White, chairman of the Tobique Dam Committee of the Board of Trade, when informed last evening by The Standard that the bill in favor of the construction of the dam had been killed in the legislature, said in view of the importance of the salmon fishing to the province, he believed a wise course had been adopted. Among all the witnesses examined before the committee the consensus of opinion had been hostile to the proposition.

Not only were the Dominion fisheries inspectors opposed to the dam, but the bureau of fisheries at Washington, with which the committee had considerable correspondence, expressed a decided opinion that a mill, particularly a saw mill, with a dam would destroy the fish. Further it was not considered possible with a 40 foot dam to provide a serviceable fish way.

NURSE FOR CONSUMPTIVES

Society May Follow Up Weekly Clinic by Sending to Homes of Patients—Many Given Advice Yesterday.

Dr. F. L. Kenney conducted the clinic for consumptive patients held in the Board of Health building yesterday afternoon, and examined and gave free treatment to a large number of patients. One of the Victorian Order of Nurses was in attendance.

Dr. George G. Melvin, secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, told The Standard yesterday that the interest exhibited in the weekly clinics had led the society to consider the advisability of sending a nurse to the homes of the people, to see that the laws of hygiene were observed and to advise and assist them in any way possible.

The society now has a little money to spare and it is expected that at its meeting next Friday, arrangements will be completed to secure the services of one of the Victorian Order of Nurses for this purpose. Asked by the Chief if she was ill, the girl replied "sure!" and commenced crying bitterly. Sergt. Campbell and police officer Oudine escorted the ship to the West Side and gave them in charge of the steamship officials. As proper accommodation could not be provided for them in the storeroom on board the steamer last evening the C.P.R. asked that they be detained at the central station until the ship was ready to sail. The request was granted and they spent the night in a cell.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY. Teeth filled or extracted free of pain by the celebrated "HALE METHOD." All branches of dental work done in the most skillful manner. BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 527 Main St., Tel 583 DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

Easter Gifts! Bibles, Hymnals, Prayer Books, Devotional Books (in dainty bindings), Easter Cards and Booklets. E. G. Nelson & Co., 56 King Street.

DO YOU WEAR SHOES? We mean do you wear low cut shoes. It certainly is a little early for them and yet people would be surprised at the number of pairs we have sold already this season. There is something about a low cut shoe that is extremely fascinating. Such perfect freedom around the ankles and with a good stout sole there is really no reason why in dry weather they should not be just as popular as boots.

Patent Colt, Russian Tan, Ox Blood and Velour Calf, Vici Kid and Gun Metal Calf in many shapes and styles. \$2.00 to \$5.00 a pair. WATERBURY & RISING, King Street, Mill Street, Union Street.

Walker THE PLUMBER. HOT WATER and STEAM HEATER, GAS FITTER. F. S. WALKER, Phone Main 1025, 18 GERMAIN STREET.

PERSONAL. Lt. Col. Wedderburn went out on the Montreal train last evening. Judge F. W. Emmerson, of Moncton, was in the city yesterday. Lt. Col. J. B. D. F. MacKenzie, of Chatham, is registered at the Royal. Misses Adeline and Olive Hart left for Fredericton Junction last evening to spend the Easter vacation. Mrs. Louis Soles, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who accompanied the remains of her father to Long Reach for burial, is in the city and will return home Saturday morning. Mrs. Lydia A. Benzanson. The funeral of Mrs. Lydia A. Benzanson was held from the Home for Incurables yesterday afternoon. Service was conducted by Rev. G. D. Milberry and interment was in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Spalding's Baseball Supplies. Every man and boy, who plays ball wants SPALDING BALLS, BATS, GLOVES, MITTS, MASKS, BOOTS, BODY PROTECTORS, and other requisites. The name of SPALDING is so closely connected with the game of Baseball, that they cannot be separated. Our Stock is Now Complete and for Variety and Size Cannot Be Surpassed in Canada. W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd. Market Square, St. John, N. B.

READY FOR EASTER. Is your old suit suitable? Is your Overcoat just to your liking? We are confident that you'll find fabrics, patterns and styles in our new Spring stock which will please you immensely. Blacks and blues for dress and semi-dress wear. Browns, grays and the newest effects for holiday or everyday wear. Suits, \$10 to \$25. Overcoats, \$12 to \$27. Trousers, \$2.50 to \$7.50. Fancy Vests, \$1.50 to \$5. Your selection from a LARGE new line of the most correct patterns and styles. Good honest values, every one. Sole agent for the 20th Century Brand Clothing. GILMOUR'S, 68 KING STREET TAILORING AND CLOTHING. "A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES"

UNNEEDA Biscuit. Biscuit are more than mere soda crackers. They are a distinct individual food article, made from special materials, by special methods, in specially constructed bakeries. They are sealed in a special way which gives them crispness, cleanliness and freshness which "crackers" from the paper bag always lack. They are the nation's accepted Biscuit. National Biscuit Co. Ask Your Grocer.

Buy Boys' Easter Clothing At The Anniversary Sale. Yesterday was another very busy day at the 9th anniversary clothing sale. All sale records have been broken for the first two days. A large staff of extra salesmen will be on hand for the Saturday rush so that everybody will be promptly served. Read the list of Boys' Suit Bargains:— BOYS' TWO PIECE SUITS. Sizes 22 to 25. Regular \$1.50 Suits, Sale Price 90c. \$2.50 to \$3.50 Suits, Sale Price \$1.49. \$4.00 Suits, pure wool for . . . \$1.98. Sizes 26 to 28. \$2.50 and \$3.00 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$1.98. \$3.50 to 4.50 Suits, Sale Price \$2.98. Sizes 29 to 32. \$3.00 to \$3.25 Suits, for . . . \$2.50. \$3.75 to \$4.50 Suits, for . . . \$2.98. BOYS' THREE PIECE SUITS. Sizes 28 and 29 only. \$4 and \$5 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$3.98. Sizes 30 to 32. \$3.50 and \$4 Suits, Sale Price \$2.98. \$4.50 and \$5 Suits, Sale Price \$3.98. \$6.00 Suits for . . . \$4.95. \$7.50 Suits for . . . \$5.00. Sizes 33 to 35. \$4.50 and \$5.00 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$3.95. \$5.50 and \$7 Suits, Sale Price \$5.00. \$8.50 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$5.95. \$12.00 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$9.95. Also Easter Shirts, Ties, Hats, Men's Suits, etc. at Sale Prices. READ LARGE ADVERTISEMENT AND PRICES ON PAGE 5. J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing, Opera House Block, 199 to 207 UNION STREET.

Distinction in Spring Clothes For Men and Boys. To the man with the Easter suit to buy this showing affords surprising opportunities to secure the ideal clothes to set him off to the best advantage. These new models exemplify designing and tailoring of the highest order, assuring correct fit, permanent shapeliness, unusual durability and the personal comfort that comes with clothing that is made just right. M. R. A. suits are of the character that gives the wearer the pleasant feeling of being distinctly well dressed. It is a quality in clothes-making not easy to define, but it is, none the less, present and plain to be seen as you inspect these garments and "try them on." Men's Suits from - \$10 to \$27. Special Clothing for Boys. Boys' Clothing requires special treatment; it needs to have the attention of men who know boys and their requirements. M. R. A. garments for little chaps possess the wear-resisting qualities so essential; but, while strength is there, stylishness is by no means sacrificed to attain it. By our close attention to boys' apparel we have developed styles that are individual; we have produced clothes for little fellows which have delighted them and pleased their mothers season after season; and these spring models are better than ever, from the viewpoint of nobleness combined with the ability to hold together under the roughest conditions of wear. Two-Piece Suits from - \$2.50 to \$10. Three-Piece Suits from - \$4.25 to \$12. (Clothing Department) MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.