

ORTON IS ASKED TO RECONSIDER

BUT ALDERMEN ARE AT BACK OF ENGINEER

Old Question Again Threshed Out With Some Heat Over Resignation

(From Thursday's Daily). Aldermen and citizens who were congratulating themselves that there would be a rest from discussion of the city engineer and his office in council for some time to come must have got a little shock last night when a subsidiary issue opened up the main one which has occupied the time of the aldermen so much during the year.

As was reported in these columns several days ago, H. P. Orton, chief accountant in the engineering department, has handed in his resignation as a protest against being passed over in the appointment of a chief clerk to the position which Mr. Stutchbury has occupied by City Engineer Smith.

Mr. Orton's letter was read at the meeting last night and a motion that he be received and filed was made by Ald. H. M. Fullerton and seconded by Ald. Langley.

Ald. Gleason thought this was not the fashion in which to deal with the resignation of such an honored official. Mr. Orton is an appreciation of whose services he could not speak too highly, he said.

Ald. Langley thereupon expressed his appreciation of the retiring official, who was one of the best in the service, he admitted, and he regretted that the city was losing him. But Mr. Orton was the best judge of his own circumstances, and if he thought best to resign nothing the council could do to prevent him doing so. The city engineer had full control, and he was not going to criticize the changes he had made. It was nothing unusual for new men to go into departments and the heads of other employees. While Mr. Orton was as good a man in his own way as could be found, it did not follow that he could be as capable as a new man in another position.

Ald. H. M. Fullerton said that while Mr. Orton was one of the most faithful servants the city had, still his resignation under such circumstances would distinct disloyalty to his superior. The alderman added that he was sorry to have to say it, but from conversation with heads of other departments he was informed that Mr. Orton was not capable of filling the position to which Mr. Stutchbury had been appointed. If Mr. Orton was not prepared to give loyal support in taking the department one of the best in the city's service, Mr. Smith and Mr. Stutchbury were lucky in receiving his resignation.

The mayor and a seconder agreed to incorporate an expression of appreciation of Mr. Orton's services. Mayor Morley summoned Ald. Hummel to the chair and took the floor. He stated that it was decidedly erroneous to say that the city engineer was possessed of one-man control of his department just because the council passed a by-law last year. Mr. Orton was of more value to the work of the city than either Mr. Smith or Mr. Stutchbury, but matters were carried with a high hand by the engineer, and while he had the right to hire and fire he was doing so without regard to the law under which he was appointed, and without notifying the mayor of what he intended to do.

CITY TO DEMAND REDUCED RATES

CHEAPER POWER WAS TO COME FROM JORDAN RIVER

Council Will Call on B. C. Electric to Carry Out Its Agreement With Citizens

(From Thursday's Daily). Power developed at Jordan River has been turning wheels and lighting buildings in Victoria for some time past but there is as yet no indication of the B. C. Electric Railway Co. carrying out its part of the bargain with the city respecting reduced rates.

It will be remembered that some two years ago the people were asked to vote on a by-law, and carried it by a substantial majority, which embodied an agreement between the city and the company. In return for the city undertaking not to engage in competition with the company for a term of years in the production of power for industrial or private lighting purposes the company agreed that as soon as Jordan river power was available it would furnish power to private consumers in Victoria for lighting or industrial purposes at the prices current in the city of Vancouver from time to time, and that it would furnish to the corporation at any time desired power for street lighting purposes at a price which would be one-half the cost of development of the city lighting station.

SIXTY PERSONS LOSE THEIR LIVES

TRAIN PLUNGES THROUGH BRIDGE INTO RIVER

Number of Passengers Who Escape From Cars Swept Away by Flood

Samur, France, Nov. 23.—Sixty passengers, it is estimated, lost their lives through the plunging of a train into the river Thouet to-day owing to the breakdown of a bridge on the state railway at Montreuil-Belay, in the department of Maine-Et-Loire.

The train, which had started from Angers, was travelling to Poltiers. It contained about a hundred persons. While it was crossing the bridge over the Thouet, the structure, weakened by recent floods, broke, crashing with the cars into the swollen stream.

Many of the passengers who got out of the cars through the windows tried to save themselves by clinging to the tops of trees which showed above the water. In most cases, however, they were instantly washed away.

All the boats in the vicinity had been carried off by the inundations, so that it was impossible for the people of the neighborhood to assist much in the work of rescue.

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SIR WILFRID LAURIER

Great Liberal Chieftain Who Was Banquetted in Ottawa Wednesday

The affection in which the grand old chieftain of the Liberal party is held by his followers in Canada was expressed to some extent in a banquet tendered to him Wednesday in Ottawa to signalize his seventieth birthday, which occurred on Monday.

Reports from the nation's capital contain the gratifying news that the Psalmist's limit finds Sir Wilfrid in the best of health and spirits, in spite of his forty years' arduous labors for his country's welfare and his recent campaign which will go down in history as one of the most remarkable exhibitions of endurance by any statesman in any country.

None could have found any fault with him if, covered with honors he had decided to seek repose in his library after having for so long borne the burdens of state, and his noble and inspiring action in remaining at the head of his party in opposition, in continuing to give the inestimable benefit of his ripe experience and sage counsel to the House of Commons indicates the calibre of the man.

The Right Honorable Sir Wilfrid Laurier, P.C., G.C.M.G., and a host of degrees, has been in public life since 1871, when he was elected to represent Drummond and Arthabasca in the Legislative Assembly of Quebec. About this time, like many other young struggling attorneys, he allied himself to journalism and his experiences in that profession in Quebec, as told by himself, have entertained many a press gallery at Ottawa, since. He entered the House of Commons in 1874 and from that time up to now he has suffered but one personal defeat at the polls.

He read at the council meeting last night, reminded the council of the facts and suggested that it was about time the reduced rates were put in force. Power had been coming in now for some time but when he wrote the company about the matter the replies he got were evasive he stated.

The aldermen were entirely of Mr. Hutchison's opinion and thought the company should be written to at once and asked to implement its agreement.

The mayor advised that the city solicitor be instructed to take such steps as would bring the agreement into force.

Ald. H. M. Fullerton moved to this effect. In doing so he said there was no reason why the city should not be getting cheap power. The whole of the Jordan river power had been applied for some time and the citizens should be receiving the benefit of it. He understood the company thought it had some loop hole and that it would endeavor to get out of fulfilling its part of the agreement. It should however, be compelled to do so and he therefore moved that the city solicitor take immediate steps to enforce the agreement in regard to reduction of rates as provided in the agreement between the city and the B. C. Electric respecting Jordan River power.

Ald. Peden seconded this and it was carried unanimously.

CRUSHED TO DEATH. Vancouver, Nov. 23.—With the head crushed to a pulp so that the features were indistinguishable, the body of W. H. Bush was plucked from under the wheels of a wood-laden wagon he was driving at the corner of Loraine street and Columbia avenue last evening. He had been driving along Columbia avenue, and had crossed the Great Northern tracks when the wagon suddenly jolted into a hole in the street. The driver was thrown from the seat, and one of the wheels passed over his up-turned face. Death was instantaneous.

London, Nov. 23.—The German foreign minister's revelations have caused a great sensation in London, as showing how Europe was on the brink of a war over Morocco, and Sir Edward Grey's version of the transactions adopted in the House of Commons is awaited with interest.

The London papers are reserving comment until they have heard the British side. The Telegraph in an editorial states that Europe looked into the abyss and recoiled with horror.

That war was so narrowly averted gives a fresh impetus to every movement directed to the attainment of a permanent basis of peace between Great Britain and Germany, the paper adds.

Lord Charles Bessborough's speech is regarded in some quarters as an attempt to justify the removal recently of Reginald McKenna from the foreign office.

EUROPE WAS ON BRINK OF WAR

SIR E. GREY'S SPEECH AWAITED WITH INTEREST

German Foreign Minister Tells of Exchanges With British Secretary

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The German foreign minister in his report to the budget committee recounted his sharp exchanges in July with Sir Edward Grey with regard to the dispatch of the British warship Panther to Agadir. He told of Germany's energetic "representations," that the Lloyd George speech of July 21 was calculated to destroy the hope of a Franco-German settlement and that threats could not turn Germany from asserting her rights.

He recalled that Sir Edward Grey was formally invited to end the negotiations by declaring in parliament that British interests had not been affected and had not been touched in the negotiations. He said the crisis ended July 27, when an inspired statement was made by the British government participating in the negotiations.

SUFFRAGETTE LEADER SENT TO PRISON Mrs. Lawrence, Who Struck Policeman, Must Serve One Month

London, Nov. 23.—Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, the head and front of Tuesday's suffragette riots, was the central figure to-day in the trial of those arrested during the demonstration.

Standing unconcernedly in the prisoner's enclosure at Bow street police court, she listened to the evidence in support of the charge of assaulting the police and obstructing them in the performance of their duty. When the magistrate sentenced her to a month's imprisonment she did not flinch.

AUTO FATALITY. Man Crushed to Death When Machine Ran Into Pile of Lumber.

Oakland, Cal., Nov. 23.—F. Saville Smith, cashier of the Security Building Company, was killed in an automobile wreck shortly after 3 o'clock to-day at 12th and Oak streets. A. F. Walther, superintendent of the P. J. Walther Company, was seriously injured, his ribs being crushed and his hip broken. Miss Anna Carlson, of Grand Rapids apartments, San Francisco, was slightly injured.

Smith, who was at the wheel, failed to see some heavy lumber lying in the street in front of a house that is being raised. The machine hit the lumber with a terrific impact and was jammed beneath the heavy beams in such a manner that jack-screws had to be used to relieve the car so that the victims could be taken out of the machine.

SEATTLE STILL SHORT OF WATER

RESIDENCE DISTRICT PRACTICALLY DRY

Work Being Rushed on Bridge to Carry Pipes Over River

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 23.—With only 25,000,000 gallons of water in the reservoir it is recognized there is barely sufficient water to protect the downtown district against fire. Seattle to-day is dependent upon water pumped from the lakes in and about the city for ordinary uses. The temporary pumping stations are forcing 5,000,000 gallons of impure water into the mains daily, and by night the water department expects to have increased this by 12,000,000 gallons.

Means have not yet been found for supplying service to the residence district which has been dry since Sunday. Householders are still dependent upon water wagons and springs for water for domestic purposes. Dealers in bottled table waters are doing a lucrative business since the impure water was turned into the pipes and the health board has issued its warning that its use, without proper precaution, was exceedingly dangerous. The city is also arranging for the distillation of water to be sold under direction of the health authorities.

Water Superintendent Young is working his men night and day rebuilding the bridge to carry the pipelines over Cedar river and it is still thought that he will be able to restore normal conditions to-morrow night.

APPLE SHOW AT SPOKANE.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 23.—Factory whistles shrieking in concert at 10 o'clock this morning formally announced the opening of the fourth National Apple Show. For one week close to 2,000,000 apples will be on display in an exposition building.

MURDER VICTIM IDENTIFIED.

Calgary, Nov. 23.—The man who was murdered here on Tuesday morning has been identified as John Middleton, who worked on a ranch near Cochrane, Alta.

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THE TIMES P. & P. CO. Victoria, B. C.

REPUBLIC TO ASK FOR RECOGNITION

REBEL LEADERS WILL ISSUE PROCLAMATION

Imperial Troops Captured by Revolutionists in Fight Near Nanking

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23.—The revolutionary troops captured one of the forts on Chun Shan Hill after several hours of desperate fighting, according to a cable received to-day from Shanghai by the Chinese Free Press. The rebels captured many Imperial soldiers. The forts and outposts are situated a few miles from Nanking.

The dispatch adds that the revolutionary military committee has announced that the massacres in Shan Si were committed by mobs composed mostly of Manchus and not by the rebels. Foreigners are being protected and death is the penalty of any revolutionists who are caught attacking them.

Dr. Wu Ting Fang and other rebel leaders are working hard to complete their proclamation which will be issued shortly asking all nations to recognize the republic. The proclamation possibly will be issued within ten days, according to a Shanghai dispatch received to-day by the Chinese daily paper.

Shanghai, Nov. 23.—Wu Ting Fang, director of foreign affairs, has notified the consuls that the bombardment of Nanking will begin shortly. He warns them to withdraw their respective countrymen from that district.

Eleven Thousand Held Nanking. Nanking, Nov. 23.—The revolutionary forces are making preparations for the bombardment of Nanking. These will be completed with the arrival of ten warships, now on the way to this place, and at attack will be made on the city simultaneously by land and sea.

A small body of General Chang's Imperial soldiers last night tore up a section of the railway four miles to the south of Nanking. Prior to this the railway had been considered neutral territory and had not been interfered with. Within the city walls 11,000 men hold a strongly fortified position. They are said to be well supplied with arms and ammunition, but they are poorly provisioned.

The former Chinese minister to Japan, Tsao, who is a warm personal friend of Chang's, has been endeavoring to induce him to surrender, but Chang is obdurate. Tsao, who is the guest of President Bowen, of Nanking University, had not given up hope of winning over the Manchu general. The latter has at least stopped killing those who have cut off their queues, and has issued a decree assuring the Chinese and others within the city that they are safe. He has also guaranteed protection to the Red Cross.

Factional Jealousies. Amoy, Nov. 23.—Further factional jealousies among the reformers who established a republican government here on November 14, has been prevented by the appointment of an executive council consisting of eight members who were chosen by the radicals, and four by the moderates.

Additional troops are being sent to Tsuan Chow and Quemoy to preserve order.

McNAMARA CASE.

Detective Burns Says Witnesses For Prosecution Have Been Threatened With Death.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 23.—Witnesses for the prosecution in the Los Angeles Times dynamiting case have been threatened with death after having withstood repeated efforts of agents of the defence to bribe, declared William J. Burns, the detective, in an address to-day before the state secretaries of the American Bankers' Association.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 23.—"What Burns is reported to have said is in comparison with what he has said previously," said Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for James B. McNamara, referring to the address of Detective William J. Burns at the American Bankers' Association convention in New Orleans. "There is not a word of truth in it."

Officials of the district attorney's office did not discuss the affair.

AGAIN IN TROUBLE.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23.—John Swann, who a few days ago caused his own arrest by telling tales of murders committed in South Africa and in Nome, only to be discharged from custody when it was found that the stories were creatures of his imagination, was arrested yesterday on complaint of his wife, who charges that in January he abducted their three children from Salt Lake.

RAILWAY PRESIDENT DEAD.

New York, Nov. 23.—John Sanford Barnes, president of the International Railroad Company of Texas and of the St. Paul & Pacific Railway Company, is dead at his home here, aged 76.

WATER FROM LAKE  
WITHIN TWO YEARS  
PERIOD SET FOR  
SOOKE LAKE SCHEME

Council Passes Specifications  
and Tenders Close on  
December 15

The city council spent an hour Tuesday night on the consideration of the voluminous specifications covering 89 pages for the Sooke Lake water scheme, which City Solicitor McDiarmid described as quite a book. Owing to the impossibility of taking the clauses separately, many of them being of a highly technical character, it was arranged that the city solicitor should draw attention to points of policy as the council discussed the subject, and the latter gave way to the consulting engineer, Wynn Meredith, who took full responsibility for the engineering clauses of the specifications. In the first place it was decided to give three weeks for the tenders, which must be in by noon on December 15, and will be tabulated by the consulting engineer, after which a special meeting of the council is to be held on December 18 or 19, and they can then be dealt with. This will enable the necessary by-law to be submitted at the annual general election.

The council resolved to approve the clause fixing the amount of deposit by tenderers at \$15,000, or roughly, 1 per cent. of the amount of contract rather than that the contractors should deposit with the water commissioner a cheque for 1 per cent. of their tender, which would of course inform Mr. Raymur beforehand what the exact amount of their tender was. The contract requires that the following rate of progress upon the work shall be made, the whole to be completed within two years from the time the contract is let; 5 per cent. of the work in three months; 15 per cent. in six months; 45 per cent. in nine months; 55 per cent. in twelve months; 65 per cent. in fifteen months; 80 per cent. in eighteen months; 95 per cent. in twenty-one months; and 100 per cent. in twenty-four months. The work will be divided into five sections and no contract will be received for a portion of any section and no bid will be considered which does not cover the entire section in all its parts.

The provisions as to labor provoked some discussion, as the rate for unskilled labor was set out at 34 1/2 cents an hour for a straight eight hours day, the hours to be consecutive, and the standard rate for wages set for the district for skilled labor to rule for skilled labor; overtime to be paid at the rate of time and one-half. It appeared that the labor clause had been drafted with leaders of the Trades and Labor Council, and the Alderman Okell said, protected skilled labor better than the unskilled. However, the clause was allowed to stand, after Mr. Martin from the body of the chamber (on appeal from the city solicitor) had pleaded the cause of a minimum wage of \$3 straight for laborers. The solicitor declined to insert any provision about Sunday labor, declaring that thereby the council would be authorizing an act illegal in the Dominion.

Alderman H. M. Fullerton pleaded for greater protection for Victorian merchants in the clauses dealing with the contractors. He said, could not discriminate as to where contractors should purchase. No spirituous liquors are to be allowed on the right-of-way, nor Oriental labor employed. The contractors must provide medical attendance for the men employed. Mr. Meredith then took up the engineering details, in the course of which he explained that provision was made for a cut-off house at Sooke Lake, also at Humpback reservoir for a patrolman's shelter, and telephonic communication with the city. He also said that alternative tenders were to be invited for the pipe either concrete, steel or reinforced concrete. The portion on the Gorge road must be finished by May 1 next on account of the city work thereon.

MURDER AT CALGARY.

Calgary, Nov. 22.—With a v-shaped gash about an inch long over the right temple, his throat cut from ear to ear and also with a long gash all around the back of the neck, an unknown man, apparently about 20 years of age, was found inside one of the spur tracks back of the Calgary Milling Company's mill on Ninth avenue and Fourth street, west, by Mike Solovitz, a teamster in the employ of the company. Everything about the body, the injuries and the out-turned pockets, point to robbery and murder. The man's hands were covered with blood and he lay flat on his back. The wound on the forehead had evidently been inflicted by a heavy-headed instrument, and the cuts on the throat, being ragged and uneven, evidently were made with some large clasp knife. The victim is a Frenchman. There have been no arrests made so far.

WILL NOT GET GRANT.

Ottawa, Nov. 21.—There is hardly a chance that Vancouver will get the Dominion fair grant of fifty thousand dollars this year. H. H. Stevens, M. P., has been urging the matter upon the department, but has been advised that in all probability the practice of giving the sum mentioned to different fairs in provinces in rotation will be discontinued. Originally Toronto was given \$50,000 for its national fair. Since then every province has made a successful call on the annual fund. Now not only Vancouver, but Toronto is applying.

WANT A BOUNTY  
PLACED ON PIG IRON  
Representatives of Steel and  
Iron Companies Interview  
Ministers

Council Passes Specifications  
and Tenders Close on  
December 15

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—A delegation representing all the steel and iron companies of the Dominion waited upon Hon. R. L. Borden and his colleagues today and asked for a bounty or pig iron as a partial compensation for disabilities under which the companies are placed owing to the lowering of the duties, exemptions and discriminations. A memorial was presented in which the government was asked to have a new tariff commission inquire into the whole steel industry. In the meantime it was suggested that a bounty be placed on pig iron. Premier Borden promised to consider the matter and asked to be furnished with all information bearing on the cost of production in Canada and in other countries. He will issue a statement showing what effect the proposed development of the industry would have upon the progress of the Dominion.

LAYING STEEL  
WEST OF ROOKIES  
VISITING CONTRACTOR  
ON G. T. P. PROGRESS

Construction Advancing From  
East and West—Large  
Army of Employees

Excellent progress is being made on the construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway in British Columbia, according to J. W. Stewart, the contracting firm of J. Foley, Welch, and Stewart, who left on the evening boat yesterday for Vancouver, with his partner, P. Welch, of Spokane, after two days' stay in the city. Mr. Stewart is in the northern terminal on Saturday by the "Prince Rupert."

He says that of the section of about 750 miles through British Columbia but some of these, if nominated at all in synod, will be named in an honorary way. The real contest, if such a word can be applied in the case, is likely to narrow down to two or three candidates. One of those mentioned is Archdeacon Scriven, who has been in the diocese for twenty-seven years and has done much for the advancement of the Anglican church on Vancouver Island. Another gentleman whose name is not unlikely to be put before the synod is Bishop de Pencher, head of the diocese of New Westminster and Kootenay, who has a fine record as an administrator. It is quite possible that the choice of the synod-to-morrow will before long be elevated to the higher office of archbishop. It is the desire of all Anglicans in the province that the territory which the mountains have constituted an ecclesiastical province under the administration of a metropolitan who would, of course, have the rank of archbishop. When this is done it is to be doubted that the seat of the diocese, containing the capital of the civil province, would be appointed as metropolitan.

ADHERENTS OF REYES  
ROUTED BY TROOPS

Number of Revolutionists Killed  
and Wounded—Many  
Captured

Mexico City, Nov. 22.—Adherents of General Reyes and federal troops have clashed at San Nicholas, Queretaro state, according to a news dispatch received here to-day. Three hundred men under Candido Procel were routed by 300 loyal soldiers of the Fifth Regiment from San Isidro. A few rebels were killed, forty others wounded and many made prisoners. Jose Leon Del Val will be sent to Washington as confidential agent of the revolution in favor of Gen. Reyes.

ITALIANS REPULSE TURKS.

Tripoli, Nov. 22.—Italians report that the Turks were repulsed Tuesday in three outpost attacks. Five aeroplanes returned to camp and reported that there had been no change in the enemy's position. They succeeded in dropping bombs inside the Turkish camp which did considerable damage. A lively combat also occurred at Derna, where the Turks attacked under cover of a fog, but were driven back.

TRIAL ADJOURNED.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 22.—Deputy Prosecutors Attorney Hugh M. Caldwell well this morning appeared to begin the trial of the case of the state against A. J. Blethen, editor of the Seattle Times, charged jointly with others with maintaining a nuisance. Owing to the short shortage of water and preventing properly the heating of the court room, the case was again postponed until next Wednesday.

COLUMBIA SYNOD  
TO ELECT BISHOP  
DELEGATES ASSEMBLE  
TO-MORROW FORENOON

Services of Intercession Being  
Held To-day—Possible Nom-  
inations to the Office

Commencing with a celebration of the holy eucharist, this morning at seven o'clock intercession services will be held in Christ Church Cathedral, asking for the Divine guidance for the members of the diocesan synod of British Columbia, when they assemble to-morrow for the purpose of electing a successor to the episcopal chair in the room of Bishop Perrin who, after occupying it for eighteen years, has been translated to the see of Willedeen, in the diocese of London.

There was a second celebration at eight o'clock. At ten o'clock matins were said, and the intercession will close with evensong. To-morrow morning at eight o'clock the celebration of the eucharist, followed by a second celebration at ten. In connection with the latter service the Bishop of New Westminster, Right Rev. Dr. de Pencher, will preach the sermon. At the conclusion of the service the members of the synod will proceed to the schoolroom on Quadra street, where the business sessions will be held, presided over by Dean Dowell. According to the canons of the diocese the election takes place in private, none but members of the synod being permitted to be in the room while nomination and balloting are in progress.

There is considerable speculation among both clergy and laity as to the outcome of to-morrow's voting. To constitute the synod for business at least one-half of the members of each order must be present. To an election a candidate must have two-thirds majority of both clergy and laity present. That this will not be reached without the aid of proxy ballots seems to be the general impression of synod delegates, and, of course, it is always possible that an election of this kind may be even more protracted. However, it is expected that the election will be held in the afternoon and that the proceedings will not be unduly long.

There are several names mentioned in this important office in the church, but some of these, if nominated at all in synod, will be named in an honorary way. The real contest, if such a word can be applied in the case, is likely to narrow down to two or three candidates. One of those mentioned is Archdeacon Scriven, who has been in the diocese for twenty-seven years and has done much for the advancement of the Anglican church on Vancouver Island. Another gentleman whose name is not unlikely to be put before the synod is Bishop de Pencher, head of the diocese of New Westminster and Kootenay, who has a fine record as an administrator. It is quite possible that the choice of the synod-to-morrow will before long be elevated to the higher office of archbishop. It is the desire of all Anglicans in the province that the territory which the mountains have constituted an ecclesiastical province under the administration of a metropolitan who would, of course, have the rank of archbishop. When this is done it is to be doubted that the seat of the diocese, containing the capital of the civil province, would be appointed as metropolitan.

WOMAN MURDERED.

Husband, Who is in Custody, Declares  
He is Innocent.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—John Cummings, the man who is alleged to have shot his wife while on her way to her mother's home yesterday evening, was rounded up this morning by the police in a room at 415 St. James street. When brought to Chief Defective Carpenter's office, Cummings stated that he was ready to make a statement to the chief and spoke in a calm self-possessed way, saying that he had not been the murderer, and that he had spread this morning. He was not in Point St. Charles, where the murder occurred, last night. He denied all the knowledge of the crime until his arrest was made.

MANIFESTO ON  
MARRIAGE DECREE

NO-NEW THING, SAYS  
ARCHBISHOP BRUCHESI  
Seeks to Correct Misunder-  
standing Which Exists  
in Canada

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Archbishop Bruchesi has issued a manifesto dealing with the No-Temere decree in which he intends to correct a number of misconceptions which he states evidently exist throughout Canada. The manifesto deals with the famous decree and its application to mixed marriages, and draws attention to by statements recently made in Toronto and Winnipeg papers. After saying that people throughout Canada, judging from newspaper articles and conversations which he had overheard, do not seem to understand the meaning of the decree and that it is often spoken of as if promulgated for Canada alone, whereas it has been in force throughout the world since Easter, 1908. He quotes the chief article: "Marriages are only valid when contracted before the cure or the ordinary or by a priest delegated by one of them and before two witnesses." This is no new thing, he says, as it was dealt with at the Council of Trent in 1563 and has always been in force here. He also points out that the decree says nothing about marriages contracted by non-Catholics among themselves.

The Archbishop then refers to headlines in Toronto and Winnipeg papers regarding the Shaughnessy-Graham marriage, in which Sir Thomas's son, a Roman Catholic, married the niece of Sir Hugh Graham, a Protestant, which read: "The Temere shattered to pieces." In his answer to this is seen in the following telegram which he dispatched to one of the papers referred to: "The No-Temere-decree has nothing to do with the Shaughnessy-Graham marriage. The diocesan rules were not modified, but for very serious reasons I have simply accorded a dispensation of mixed religion, as I have previously done in other cases. The marriage ceremony was celebrated and the couple are now in the arms of the church before a priest. No other ceremony has taken place. The Protestant party signed before witnesses all the requirements of the church."

CANADA'S RESOURCES.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—An exposition of Canada's wealth in grain-growing lands will be shown to-day at the Land Show in the Coliseum. J. Bruce Walker, commissioner of immigration, Winnipeg, will speak during the afternoon on "Canada and Her Resources." A new Persian cabinet will be formed to-day.

MANY SUFRAGETTES  
GO TO PRISON

Refuse to Pay Fines When  
Convicted of Disorderly  
Conduct

WOMAN MURDERED.

MANIFESTO ON  
MARRIAGE DECREE

NO-NEW THING, SAYS  
ARCHBISHOP BRUCHESI  
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standing Which Exists  
in Canada

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Archbishop Bruchesi has issued a manifesto dealing with the No-Temere decree in which he intends to correct a number of misconceptions which he states evidently exist throughout Canada. The manifesto deals with the famous decree and its application to mixed marriages, and draws attention to by statements recently made in Toronto and Winnipeg papers. After saying that people throughout Canada, judging from newspaper articles and conversations which he had overheard, do not seem to understand the meaning of the decree and that it is often spoken of as if promulgated for Canada alone, whereas it has been in force throughout the world since Easter, 1908. He quotes the chief article: "Marriages are only valid when contracted before the cure or the ordinary or by a priest delegated by one of them and before two witnesses." This is no new thing, he says, as it was dealt with at the Council of Trent in 1563 and has always been in force here. He also points out that the decree says nothing about marriages contracted by non-Catholics among themselves.

CANADA'S RESOURCES.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—An exposition of Canada's wealth in grain-growing lands will be shown to-day at the Land Show in the Coliseum. J. Bruce Walker, commissioner of immigration, Winnipeg, will speak during the afternoon on "Canada and Her Resources." A new Persian cabinet will be formed to-day.

MANY SUFRAGETTES  
GO TO PRISON

Refuse to Pay Fines When  
Convicted of Disorderly  
Conduct

CAPTURES SEAT  
FOR UNIONISTS

Hon. A. Herbert Elected in  
South Somerset After  
Keen Fight

London, Nov. 22.—In the keenest fought contest in the history of South Somerset, over ninety per cent. of the electorate going to the polls, Hon. A. Herbert, Unionist, won the seat for his party from Henry Vivian, Liberal, by 4,878 votes to 4,730, a majority of 148.

The bye-election was made necessary by the striking of the sitting Liberal member, Sir E. Strachey to the peerage. At the last general election he had a majority of 467 over the new member, the figures being Strachey 4,784, Herbert 4,317.

South Somerset is a typical English rural riding and has been consistently Liberal since 1886, majorities running from 227 in that year to 1,917 in 1906 when high water was reached. Both parties exerted every effort to carry the bye-election but in well-informed Liberal circles the possibility of defeat was recognized as long ago as last week. The issue was fought along the line of the local question, Lloyd George's Insurance Bill and Irish Home Rule being all to the fore, and the victory was due to the broken front of the Unionist party, which was routed by its new leader.

AGREEMENT WITH  
MANITOBA SIGNED

Boundary Extended to Hudson  
Bay—Subsidy for the  
Province

Winnipeg, Nov. 22.—Premier Borden at Ottawa, on part of federal government, has signed the agreement with Manitoba for the extending of the boundaries of Manitoba to Hudson Bay, according to the announcement by Premier Roblin of Manitoba. The Dominion retains all mineral and timber lands, in lieu of which money subsidy to the extent of \$1,000,000 a year goes to Manitoba.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 22.—Money on call steady, 3/8 per cent.; ruling rate 2 1/2 per cent.; closing bid, 3 1/2 per cent.; offered at 2 1/2 per cent. Time loans, 3 1/2 per cent.; 60 days, 4 1/2 per cent.; 90 days, 4 1/2 per cent.; 6 months, 4 1/2 per cent. Close—Prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bid at 48.6 1/2 for 60 days and at 48.70 for demand. Commercial bills, \$1.88. Bar silver, 59c. Mexican dollars, 46c. Bonds, governments heavy; railroads irregular.

WILL COMPLY WITH  
RUSSIA'S DEMANDS

IMPERIAL TROOPS  
ARE SURROUNDED

Persia Decides to Accept Brit-  
ain's Advice—New  
Cabinet

London, Nov. 22.—The Persian government officially notified the British government to-day that acting under the latter's advice, it would comply with the demands of the Russian ultimatum. Orders have been given for the withdrawal of the gendarmes who were sent by W. Morgan Shuster, the Persian treasurer-general, in the instance of the National Council, to seize the property of Shuaes-Sultana, a brother of the ex-shah of Persia. The Persian government will apologize to Russia. A new Persian cabinet will be formed to-day.

PROTECTION FOR  
ZINC INDUSTRY

Action Favoured By  
Mining Convention

Federal Government Asked to  
Appoint Commission to  
Investigate

London, Nov. 22.—At one of the largest and most representative mining conventions ever held in British Columbia, resolutions were passed asking the federal government to appoint a commission to investigate thoroughly the various questions affecting the silver-lead-zinc industry and to create a separate portfolio of mines to be held by a minister who will devote his entire time to the work.

RAILWAY CHANGES.

Canadian Northern Western Section  
Divided as Result of Building of  
New Lines.

Winnipeg, Nov. 22.—The growth of trunk and branch lines of the Canadian Northern Railway has been so rapid during the past few years that an announcement was made to the effect that the company found it necessary to divide up the western division, including the company's lines in connection with a number of appointments are announced, the principal being as follows: J. R. Campbell, present general superintendent, becomes assistant general superintendent of the central division with headquarters at Winnipeg. A. Warren, superintendent of the division with headquarters at Edmonton. A. Warren, superintendent of the division with headquarters at Winnipeg. W. B. Murphy succeeds A. Warren as superintendent at Winnipeg.

WILL STUDY MARS.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 22.—Prof. E. E. Barnard, a distinguished astronomer, is in Los Angeles for the purpose of conducting a series of experiments which it is hoped will lead to important discoveries concerning the planet Mars. For his experiments, Prof. Barnard will use the present inch reflection telescope at the Carnegie observatory on Mount Wilson. The lens of that instrument is said to be the strongest in the world.

THREE MEN LOSE  
LIVES IN STORM

Boat Capsizes While Crossing  
Lake—No Trace of the  
Bodies

Webbwood, Ont., Nov. 22.—Word has just been received of three more victims of the severe storm of the 11th instant. Three men, John Wolf, Peter Hatzonas, and Tim Maddocks, started out from supply camp B. of S. G. Chant & Company, with a boat load of provisions for camp No. 2, north of here. When they failed to make their regular trip search was made, with the result that the boat was found floating in the middle of Big Lake, bottom up. It is supposed that they got lost in the fog and were overtaken by the storm of Saturday night and their boat swamped. No trace has been found of the bodies.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; market steady to a shade lower; beef, \$4.50@4.75; Texas steers, \$4.60@4.70; calves, \$4.75@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.90@3.65; cows and heifers, \$1.90@3.50; calves, \$5.00@5.25.

CASTRO WINS BATTLE.

Mexico City, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the Nuevo Era, from Caracas yesterday, says that General Cipriano Castro, the ex-president of Venezuela, has been victorious in a battle which occurred in Venezuela on Monday has entered his native country with thousands of his followers.

WILFUL NEGLIGENCE.

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FORCE AT NANKING  
SHORT OF FOOD

Loyalists Reported to Have  
Suffered Severely in  
Outpost Fight

London, Nov. 22.—A news dispatch from Tien Tsin to-day says the royalist forces at Nanking under General Chiang are surrounded and short of food, with their retreat cut off. The Manchus in Peking are fostering an anti-foreign propaganda.

DRUGGISTS COMING  
EXCLUSION TO THE COAST.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—The council of Ontario College of Pharmacy Plans Its Exclusion to the Coast.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—The council of Ontario College of Pharmacy is planning a big trip to the West next August during the annual meeting of the Canadian Pharmaceutical Association in Vancouver. In all likelihood a special train will be chartered to carry the druggists of Eastern Canada through the golden west to the Pacific.

The special train will be made up of Toronto druggists from the Maritime time provinces will gather in the city before leaving.

It is proposed to return by way of Seattle, where the Americans meet in the city next year. G. E. Gibbard, secretary of the Canadian Association, will write to the Americans to try to get them to meet at the same time, so that the two associations may be acquainted.

LINER GOES ASHORE.

Strikes Rocks While on Voyage  
Jamaica, But Is In No Immediate  
Danger.

New York, Nov. 22.—The steamer Princess, of the Hamilton route, American line which left here last Saturday for Kingston, Jamaica, ran ashore on the rocks of Samana Island, 200 miles north of Hayti.

AVIATION. Foy, states his grandchild, with a party of 50 persons, are on board. The steamer is in immediate danger, but requests for assistance have been sent out. Wireless messages will be sent from the steamer when the last wireless message received states that the passengers were calm and the steamer resting easy about a mile off shore.

The Prinz Joachim, under command of Captain A. Foy, sailed on the port of call was Fortune Island, but the steamer was due to-day.

MUST PAY PENALTY.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 22.—Henry C. Beattie, Jr., condemned to die next Monday morning for wife murder, has given up hope and is reconciled to the thought of death. To-day he was given a final hearing by Judge J. M. H. of the Presbyterian church in Bible school and frequently was at prayer. Hundreds, all over the country, sent high positions, have applied for permission to witness the execution. Only a jury restricted by law, however, will be present. Hysterical appeals of person and by letters are being received by Governor Mann, but the commission of the death sentence, but "the government has declared that justice must take its course."

DEFENDANTS GIVE EVIDENCE.

Lincoln Centre, Kas., Nov. 22.—The arguments in the "far party" case were reached late to-day. The case rested its case on the testimony of J. A. N. Simms, one of the three defendants, returned the stand at the opening of court to-day. The plea of the defence was to follow his testimony with that of the other two accused, Sherrill Clark and John Schmidt, who by a few more witnesses, if any, other than these, will appear.

Collecting some dam-  
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first season's work  
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yearly become a ques-  
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of streams is causing  
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melt more rapidly.  
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might be concentrated  
report would deal.

CONSERVATION  
THE WATER

COMMISSION'S  
BEGINS I

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railway belt and  
boundary, and also  
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information will be  
economic value to  
will probably include  
Yancouver Island, a  
tives of the water  
be served by the  
railway. In

CONSERVATION OF THE WATER POWER

COMMISSION'S WORK BEGINS IN PROVINCE

Arthur V. White Speaks on Objects Sought by Present Investigation

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

Collecting some data from the Parliament buildings in completion of the first season's work on the water power resources of British Columbia...

COMMISSIONERS TO RESIGN OFFICE

TWO MEMBERS OF THE BOARD WILL RETIRE

Library Board Takes Friday's Result as Vote of Censure

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

As a result of the meeting of the library commissioners yesterday afternoon two of them decided to resign...



ANNOUNCING THE GOVERNMENT'S NAVAL POLICY

ANOTHER FAMOUS PAINTING STOLEN

Florence, Italy, Nov. 21.—The painting "Madonna Della Stella" by Fra Angelico, has been stolen from the monastery of San Marco...

TURKS WILL ATTACK CITY OF TRIPOLI

Tripoli, Nov. 21.—Arabs declare that the Turkish troops have received orders from Constantinople to make a decisive move on the Italians in the city of Tripoli shortly...

WILL EVOLVE ITS OWN NAVY POLICY

Ottawa, Nov. 21.—It is announced that the expenditures on the Canadian navy will not be further proceeded with on plans of the Laurier government...

FIVE PERSONS ARE NOW IN CUSTODY

Believed to Have Been Planned by International Gang of Thieves

TO ENTERTAIN SIR WILFRID

Dinner on Occasion of His Seventieth Birthday—Declines Gift From Members

BORDEN MINISTRY TO RECONSIDER QUESTION

Membership of Committees of the Commons Will Be Reduced

STATE INSURANCE COMMISSION'S AWARD

Will Pay \$8,459 to Dependents of Girls Killed in Powder Plant

ROBLIN SAYS TRIP HAS BEEN SUCCESS

Manitoba's Subsidy Will Be Readjusted—Boundaries Unchanged

PLEADS GUILTY TO MURDER

Prisoner, After Being Sentenced, Says He Killed Three Persons

TWO DESTRUCTIVE FIRES

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 21.—Fire which broke out on the third floor of a building at Howard and 13th streets, occupied by A. O. Root Printing Company...

TEXTILE WORKERS STRIKE

Mass., Nov. 21.—Four hundred employees of the cotton and print department of the Dominion Textile Company's plant here went on strike yesterday...

CONVICTED OF THEFT

New York, Nov. 21.—William J. Cummings, the former Tennessee promoter and directing head of the Carnegie Trust Co. was found guilty yesterday of the theft of \$140,000 from the Nineteenth Ward Bank by a jury...

SENT TO PENITENTIARY

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—To safeguard American interests and prevent a state of anarchy in Santo Domingo, as a result of the assassination of President Casares, the cabinet decided today that the armored cruisers Washington and North Carolina be dispatched with all speed to Santo Domingo City.

CRUISERS FOR SAN DOMINGO

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—Mrs. Josie Wilson, 32, was found guilty of poisoning her brother-in-law at Swan Hills, Sask., and was sentenced to serve five years in the penitentiary.

FATAL WAGER

Chehalis, Wash., Nov. 21.—Bill Konigas, a railroad section hand, was drowned today in an effort to swim across the flooded bottom lands near this city in an effort to win a wager.

HOW ADVOCATES LIMITED MONARCHY

CHINA'S PREMIER FAVORS RETENTION OF DYNASTY

Yuan Shi Kai Doubts if Rebels Can Agree Among Themselves

London, Nov. 21.—A dispatch from Peking to the Daily Telegraph says the estimated loss in customs to the end of the year as a result of the revolution will be \$4,600,000. The correspondent attributes the revolt to the terrible drain of the Boxer indemnity...

DISTRIBUTING WATER TO HOUSEHOLDERS

SCARCITY AT SEATTLE IS KEENLY FELT

Temporary Supply Will Be Obtained From Lake Washington—Schools Closed

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 21.—With the rivers of western Washington slowly falling and prospects bright for the early resumption of railroad service across the Cascade mountains, interest centred today on Seattle, where the water famine in the principal residential districts is becoming alarming...

CRUISE OF U. S. WARSHIPS

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 21.—Five cruisers of the Pacific fleet mobilized in San Francisco harbor, are straining at their anchors to-day ready for their cruise to Honolulu. No change in instructions regarding the Hawaiian trip has been received...

URGED REVOLT

Bellingham, Wash., Nov. 21.—Bellingham and Northwest Washington are still without through railway service and there is little prospect of resumption before to-morrow. This city is receiving goods by steamboat from Seattle and a local train is running between Bellingham and Blaine on the Great Northern.

JAPAN'S EXPENDITURE WILL BE REDUCED

Tokyo, Nov. 21.—At the meeting of the ministerial council to be held today, it is believed the fate of the fiscal policy of M. Yamamoto, minister of finance, will be practically decided. The policy of retrenchment which the minister announced yesterday will be embodied in the bill which is to be considered...

NAVY MINISTER MAY RESIGN IF APPROPRIATIONS ARE REDUCED

Manifesteros to Mexican People Signed By General Reyes

UNCOVER VOTERS' LIST

Vancouver, Nov. 21.—The announcement was made from Conservative headquarters yesterday that the Liberal executive has decided to abandon the appeal which was to be taken to the county court in connection with the registrar's decision regarding the retention of 723 names on the Vancouver voters' list.

OUT WITH CHALLENGE

Nanaimo Middleweight Would Meet Any Boxer at His Weight in B. C.

SCHOONER WRECKED

Hullfax, Nov. 21.—Advice received this morning report that the schooner Heroine, from Sidney with cargo of coal for Burgeo, Newfoundland, was wrecked in yesterday's gale at Fox Ross, east of Port Aulacque.

ROYALISTS ACTIVE

Another Invasion of Portugal Reported to Be Imminent

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DEBATE ON ADDRESS IN THE COMMONS

Minister of Public Works Replies to Sir Wilfrid Laurier

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—Continuing the debate on the address in the Commons this afternoon, Hon. F. D. Monk, minister of public works, said he did not much object to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's description of the cabinet as a coalition government. Coalition governments, he said, were sometimes a good thing, and Sir Wilfrid should remember that when he formed his administration in 1896 he took in some diverse elements. Mr. Monk said there had been no serious and serious differences between Mr. Borden and himself and there was no reason why they should not continue to work side by side in the same cabinet. Dealing with his adherence to the resolution passed by the Commons in 1909 calling for Canadian action in support of the Mother Country, Mr. Monk said he voted for it because at that moment the British Empire was threatened with danger. Mr. Monk said he was born and bred a Liberal-Conservative and had never changed his politics. The resolution passed by the House in 1909 declared that Canada should carry out recommendations made by the Imperial Conference in 1907. At that conference Canada was asked to defend her coast against a sudden attack and the Canadian government had adopted a different policy. The people of Quebec, whom he and his colleagues represented, were loyal to the King and in regard to a naval policy would pledge themselves to accept the verdict of the people on that question. He approved of Mr. Borden's view that any permanent naval policy must be carefully thought out and submitted to the people. No man, he said, was better qualified to solve the naval problem than the present premier.

TWO YEARS SENTENCE FOR NIGHT ASSAULT

Three Charges To-day With Robbery and Battery on Street—Two Remanded

(From Thursday's Daily.) Complaints of theft by violence on the streets have been taken to police headquarters frequently of late and before Acting Magistrate C. J. Prior this morning there were three. The first presented to answer offences of this nature. Two cases were remanded, one on behalf of the accused, W. Dawson, and the second against Roy Alexander, a colored boy, on behalf of the prosecution. Two years' imprisonment was given to Arthur N. Fern, the accused in the third charge. He pleaded guilty to having assaulted and robbed Mrs. Thomas Torrence, 468 Kingston street, while she was homeward bound last night about 10.30 o'clock along Menzies street. The prisoner struck her and snatched away her hand-bag containing valuables worth \$75, some of which have been recovered and some of which are missing. The missing articles are a brooch, a purse with \$10 in bills, two sprig pins, a gold nugget and some trifles. These he scattered about the ground at the rear of the policeman's building across which the thief ran when Mrs. Torrence gave the alarm by screaming. He was chased and captured by H. Stevenson and J. Henley, factors of the police, through the Constable Rich, who joined the chase, took Fern in charge when he was captured and booked him for the robbery at the city prison.

Received Medal—Andrew Baxter of this city, has just been presented with the Muttiny medal by the government of India. He took part in the suppression of the mutiny during the years 1858-59. Mr. Baxter's company, Gordon Highlanders, was the first to enter the city.

Chinese Gamblers—After a hearing lasting over three mornings in the court, the case of the Chinese gamblers was concluded on Wednesday. The two Chinese, Jip and Ching, on charges of keeping a common gaming house, and fined them each \$50. The case in the absence of the city prosecutor, was conducted by the chief of police.

Clauseway Improvement—In connection with the recent spaces on the northern end of the Causeway formed by the construction of the lavatories there, Parks Superintendent Purdy has put on a gang of men grading the land, and laying a drainage system. He will plant boilers and evergreens immediately, and then seed the spaces down in the spring.

POACHER CONFISCATED. Occupant of Serah Said He Was Not a Fisherman but a Photographer

Vancouver, Nov. 21.—The story of the seizure of the American gasoline fishing boat Serah was told in the admiralty court yesterday. Captain Newcombe of the revenue cutter Kestrel said that on October 26 he was cruising in the straits of Juan de Fuca when he observed the Serah fishing within a mile and a half of the coast of Vancouver Island. He steamed up and took possession of the boat, which was loaded with salmon.

J. T. Peterson, of Seattle, was the only occupant. His lines were out for fishing. Peterson told the court that the fish were all caught outside the limit and that he was sitting reading in his boat when he was caught. He was not a fisherman, but a photographer by trade and knew nothing about it. Three-mile limit. Mr. Justice Gallaher said that could not be accepted as an excuse, and ordered the boat forfeited.

BURNED TO DEATH IN ELECTRIC BATHROBE

Football Player Loses His Life While Seeking Relief From Rheumatism

Eugene, Ore., Nov. 23.—Virgil Nolan, one of the most prominent members of the University of Oregon football team, was burned to death in an electric bathrobe last evening. Nolan, who played star game at left guard in Saturday's game against Washington, had complained of a few bruises and some rheumatic trouble and he was trying the apparatus. No one saw the fatal accident. He was suffered from a slight cold and did not turn out for football practice yesterday. He went to his room in the Sigma Nu house, shortly after 2 o'clock. A little before 5 o'clock Hal Bean, his roommate, and Sid Henderson, were in the room and he was then lying on the bed with the bathrobe around him and apparently asleep. Shortly after 6 o'clock the odor of burning cloth was detected in the house. When the inmates of the chapter house entered the room the bed was ablaze. The flames were extinguished immediately and doctors arrived within a few minutes, but Nolan was dead. His body was frightfully burned. He was only 21 years of age and this was his first year of college. He was a freshman. He weighed 180 pounds and was looked upon by Coach Warner as one of the most promising players in the college. Nolan's parents were loyal to the King and his father is Judge George Nolan.

MINISTER PASSES LOCATION PLANS

E. & N. Extension From Black Creek to Duncan Bay Approved—Proposed Route

Intimation was received Wednesday from Ottawa of the approval by the Minister of Railways, Hon. Frank Cochrane, of the location plans of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway from Black Creek to Duncan Bay. Notice was published some weeks ago of the intention of the railway to apply to parliament in this session for the extension of the railway to Hardy Bay, in the extreme north of the island, but representatives of the company denied that Hardy Bay would be the actual terminal, and that the bay was simply named in the application papers as some place had to be selected. Preliminary contracts for the extension from Comox to Campbell river had already been entered into, and it was now known for certain that the company would build to the Campbell river, but the formal approval was now given, covers that portion of the right-of-way from Black Creek, which is just south of Oyster river, to the point named in the formal notices, to the point where the extension from Seymour Narrows north of the Campbell river, or about twenty miles as the crow flies. It involves the crossing of two considerable streams, and will open up some valuable property close to tidewater, and will also cross the lower parts of valuable streams fed from the chain of lakes below Crown mountain. The legal formalities will doubtless be completed within the present season at Ottawa, now the minister's approval has been secured.

Building Permits.—The building inspector has issued permits to Charles Stewart for a dwelling on Davis street, to cost \$2,100, and to R. A. Renwick for a residence on Simcoe street, to cost \$1,650.

Received Medal—Andrew Baxter of this city, has just been presented with the Muttiny medal by the government of India. He took part in the suppression of the mutiny during the years 1858-59. Mr. Baxter's company, Gordon Highlanders, was the first to enter the city.

Chinese Gamblers—After a hearing lasting over three mornings in the court, the case of the Chinese gamblers was concluded on Wednesday. The two Chinese, Jip and Ching, on charges of keeping a common gaming house, and fined them each \$50. The case in the absence of the city prosecutor, was conducted by the chief of police.

Clauseway Improvement—In connection with the recent spaces on the northern end of the Causeway formed by the construction of the lavatories there, Parks Superintendent Purdy has put on a gang of men grading the land, and laying a drainage system. He will plant boilers and evergreens immediately, and then seed the spaces down in the spring.

POACHER CONFISCATED. Occupant of Serah Said He Was Not a Fisherman but a Photographer

Vancouver, Nov. 21.—The story of the seizure of the American gasoline fishing boat Serah was told in the admiralty court yesterday. Captain Newcombe of the revenue cutter Kestrel said that on October 26 he was cruising in the straits of Juan de Fuca when he observed the Serah fishing within a mile and a half of the coast of Vancouver Island. He steamed up and took possession of the boat, which was loaded with salmon.

FOREIGNERS SLAIN BY CHINESE MOB

Students Tell of Murders at Sian Fu—Attack on Mission

Pekin, Nov. 23.—The killing of foreigners at Sian Fu, Shen Si province, has been further confirmed by two Chinese students who have arrived from that city. During the fighting in Sian Fu a mob attacked the China Inland mission, located outside the city. They murdered Mrs. Beckman, who is said to be an American, and five of the mission children. Mr. Beckman was wounded, but escaped, saving an infant. The surviving foreigners were sheltered by Chinese Christians, and subsequently departed eastward toward the railroad. J. C. Keyte, an English Baptist missionary, will leave Peking for Sian Fu to ascertain the facts concerning the murders. He will go unaccompanied. The foreign legations agree that they will be unable to send relief. The American legation's instructions that women and children be sent to the coast, have not been carried out. The foreign legations agree that they will be unable to send relief. The American legation's instructions that women and children be sent to the coast, have not been carried out. The foreign legations agree that they will be unable to send relief. The American legation's instructions that women and children be sent to the coast, have not been carried out.

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Alias J. Valentine Was a Bedford Boy

While American Stage Has Attractions He Had to Give Up Billiards and Footer

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WANTS RECOMPENSE FOR LOSS OF THUMB

William Hodgson Claims From Westholme Lumber Company for Injury by Saw

An action to recover damages for injuries received because of a defect in machinery was brought before Mr. Justice Gregory and a special jury of eight by William Hodgson, a former carpenter against the Westholme Lumber Co. The plaintiff was injured when he lost the thumb of his right hand and had his fingers injured owing to the sudden buckling of a piece of lumber he was sawing. The action is brought under the Employer's Liability Act and the Evidence Act, and the plaintiff has the evidence that the injury was caused by a defect in the saw, its unguarded condition and its improper setting. The plaintiff is an Englishman who has been five years in British Columbia. He is a married man, with a family to support, and said that as a result of the injury he had suffered pain for one month, was now unable to earn a tool in his right hand, and was a stiffened nature as a result of the injury, and had lost \$370 in wages. He would not be able to work until next spring and, because of the accident, had to mortgage his home to provide funds to maintain himself and his family. The machine could have been guarded, he said, by a guard costing from \$6 to \$20. Machines he had worked on were never guarded, and he had no accident such as the one through which he was injured could then occur. He had been in the trade twenty years and had previously suffered the injury. At the time he was injured he had been ripping eighteen inch lengths of table saw for ornamental tables for the Westholme hotel and because the saw was rusty and lacked a tooth it was badly set, it buckled the wood and because there was no guard the thumb came in contact with the blade and was cut off while his fingers were smashed. He said that he had now lost the use of his hand, and had complained of the saw and the condition to the foreman. H. A. Maclean, K. C. appears for the Westholme Lumber Co. and the case is proceeding before the following jury: James Hastie (foreman), H. S. Andrews, Frank W. Ashby, H. J. Cowper, Arthur A. Holmes, Samuel W. Goodfellow, Ernest Butterfield and Roger G. Montleth.

PREMIER M'BRIDE SAW ALL RAILWAY HEADS

Bings Gratifying News From Them as to Progress of Construction

(From Thursday's Daily.) On his return from Ottawa, on his previous visit, Premier McBride reported that in Premier Borden the province has a friend who is deeply impressed with the greatness of British Columbia and of the future which it has. He had nothing to add to what has already been published in the Times as to the case for the province which he and his colleagues had before the federal government and which they expect that favorable action will be taken. In regard to other matters the premier is able to announce that the Canadian Northern management expects to have the road running through from the coast of Vancouver Island to the Atlantic seaboard within two years, this being a statement made to him by Sir W. J. Mackenzie, when he met in St. John's. An interview with Mr. Thomas Shaughnessy was also had in which this province would get a special share of attention from the federal government in its plans for the next year.

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# EXPLOSIVES ACT AS WAS PROPOSED

## DRAFT MEASURE WHICH HAS BEEN PREPARED

### Responsibility for This Most Necessary Legislation is on Borden Cabinet

The proposed Explosives Act, referred to in the Times a day or two ago, is given below. The Act was framed by the late Minister of Mines, Hon. William Templeman, after consultation with the British Board of Trade inspectors, and contains the most approved regulations for the manufacture, testing, storage and importation of explosives. It was introduced last year, but its passage was prevented by the prorogation of the House, and it will now be for the Borden government to have it enacted. The text of the Act is as follows:

His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as The Explosives Act.

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) "Department" means the Department of Mines;

(b) "Minister" means the Minister of Mines;

(c) "authorized explosive" means any explosive the manufacture of which has been authorized under this Act;

(d) "explosive" means and includes gunpowder, blasting powder, nitroglycerine, gun cotton, dynamite, blasting gelatine, gelignite, fulminates of mercury or of silver, fuses, rockets, percussion caps, detonators, cartridges, ammunition of all descriptions, and every other substance, whether chemical compound or mechanical mixture, which has physical properties similar to those of the substances above mentioned, and every adaptation or preparation of everything above named;

(e) "factory" means and includes any building, structure, or premises in which the manufacture or any part of the process of manufacture of an explosive is carried on, or any building or place where any ingredient of an explosive is stored during the process of manufacture;

(f) "inspector" means and includes the chief inspector of explosives, an inspector of explosives, a deputy inspector of explosives, and any other person who is directed by the Minister to inspect an explosive or explosive factory, or who is to hold an inquiry in connexion with any accident caused by an explosive;

(g) "magazine" means and includes any building, storeroom, or place in which any explosive is kept or stored; other than at or in and for the use of a mine or quarry in a province in which provision is made by the law of such province for the effect of inspection of mines and quarries;

(h) "occupier" means any person who operates a factory for manufacturing explosives, or is the manager of any factory for the manufacture of explosives, or the occupier of or uses a magazine for the storage of explosives;

(i) "regulations" means any regulations made by the Governor in Council under the authority of this Act;

(j) "safety cartridges" means cartridges for guns, rifles, pistols, revolvers, and other small arms, of the calibre, and which are so closed as to prevent any explosion in one cartridge being communicated to other cartridges.

3. This section shall apply to the Department of Militia and Defence or the Department of Naval Service, Importation, Manufacture, and Use.

4. Except as herein provided, no person shall have in his possession, or transport, store, use, or manufacture, whether wholly or in part, or sell, any explosive unless such explosive has been declared by the Minister to be an authorized explosive.

5. Nothing in this Act shall apply to the making of a small quantity of explosive for the purpose of chemical experiment, and not for practical use.

6. Except in so far as may be permitted by regulations made under this Act, no person except in licensed manufacturing factories, shall carry on any of the following processes, namely: of dividing into its component parts, or otherwise breaking up or unmaking, any explosive, or making it for use as any damaged explosive; or of remaking, altering, or repairing any explosives; provided that this section shall not apply to the process of thawing-house is used.

7. The Minister may issue licenses for factories and magazines, and no one shall manufacture, import, store, or use, or transport, any explosive except in licensed factories and magazines.

8. The Minister may issue permits for the importation of authorized explosives, and no one shall import any explosive into Canada without such permit; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall prevent any explosive being transported through Canada by railway in boxes if such transportation is made in a manner authorized by the Railway Act or any regulation or order made thereunder.

9. The Minister may, on application, and on payment of the prescribed fees, issue a special permit to import, for the purpose of chemical experiment, or scientific research, an amount not exceeding two pounds of any explosive specified in such permit.

10. Application for a factory or magazine license shall be made in the form and manner as are prescribed by regulation, and the application shall be accompanied by—

(a) A plan, drawn to scale, of the

# THINKS STRONGER DEFENCE NECESSARY DEADMAN'S ISLAND

## Commander Hose Makes Interesting Address at Campaigners' Association

The note which rang most prominently through all the speeches at the fourth annual dinner of the British Campaigners' Association held Tuesday evening in commemoration of the South African campaigns, was the necessity for a better British Columbia coast defence. This was the theme of the speech made by Commander H. M. G. Rainbow, in his response to the toast, "The Navy," dealt very fully with this and other speakers, Capt. H. A. E. McPhillips, R.C.M.P.; C. E. Rogers, Major Mills, R.C.A.; and Col. Currie, were in strong concurrence with it.

The naval officer deprecated the employment of Japs and Chinamen in British Columbia fisheries. He called attention to the fact that the coast of the country and that, in consequence, the industry did not serve to enrich the country as it should.

The chief point in his consideration, however, was the fact that while the Government employed a hardy class of men would be raised and trained from whom it would be possible to recruit men to man an adequate fleet for the coast. In this connection he pointed out that the Government had been urged by the federal government to give British Columbia a fleet unless volunteers could be secured to man the ships. He stated that he was practically an impossibility under present conditions.

The commander pointed out that the Canadian navy was very small, but that it would grow rapidly. To back this statement up he recited instances of how quickly many countries had increased the strength of their navies, and how the British navy had become a naval power to be seriously considered. As far as getting Canadian ships to man the coast, he was sure the coast would do its share, for it had shown its willingness and ability to do so, but he was not so sure of the west. The number of volunteers from British Columbia was exceedingly small.

This speaker accounted for not only the lack of volunteers, but also by the fact that in the fisheries on the eastern coast white men were employed. As a result the coast had seemed already developed upon whom they could draw.

In conclusion Commander Hose expressed his opinion that everything possible should be done in the province to bring about a measure excluding aliens from the British Columbia fishing industry, and he considered that by supporting a proposal of this kind the people of British Columbia would be doing as much for the empire as the British navy.

The British Columbia coast was one of the greatest weaknesses in the Empire, but it might be made a great strength. The banquet was held in Clay's restaurant, and the evening was a most enjoyable one. The speakers were well received and revived former friendships. In an atmosphere thick with tobacco smoke geniality and good fellowship flowed freely and it is safe to say that the night was a most enjoyable one. The speakers were well received and revived former friendships. In an atmosphere thick with tobacco smoke geniality and good fellowship flowed freely and it is safe to say that the night was a most enjoyable one.

# WASHINGTON RIVERS FALLING RAPIDLY

## Conditions Around Seattle Are Almost Normal—Lake Water for City

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 22.—Conditions in the flood-swept country around Seattle are rapidly approaching normal. The Great Northern and Northern Pacific railways have opened their lines across the mountains and trains are running regularly. The Puget Sound railway is still detouring its trains, but expects to be able to use its own line shortly. The Northern coast line to Bellingham and Vancouver, B. C., was opened to-day, and trains are running through for the first time since last Friday.

The water, which was the warning issued to the people of Seattle today on account of the contaminated water from Lake Washington, which is being pumped into the city mains to relieve the water famine caused by the cessation of the supply pipelines by the Cedar river flood Sunday. Two pumping stations were put into operation to-day and many gallons of lake water is being poured into the low reservoirs to augment the 40,000,000 gallons remaining from the 100,000,000 in reserve when the supply was cut off.

# HE WILL RECOVER

## Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 21.—Charles Collins, a 62-year-old Spaniard, is in the county hospital instead of the morgue because he made a mistake when he tried to end his life. He drank the contents of a bottle of comparative harmless medicine, believing it was a deadly poison, while suffering from a painful ailment. "Next time I will use a 35 calibre revolver," he said in a disgusted tone, as he was being rushed to a hospital. He is now recovering as a result of ill-health and inability to obtain employment.

# STRANDED LINER

## New York, Nov. 22.—William J. Bryan, his wife and grandchild and 34 fellow passengers on the steamer Prinz Joachim, ashore on the rocks off Sanama Island, were transferred to the Ward liners Segura and Vigilancia, according to an announcement made here by Hamburg, America, Line officials. The Segura is now alongside the Prinz Joachim and the Vigilancia on her way from Nassau.

# FOUR DROWNED

## Halifax, N. S., Nov. 22.—Four men perished in the wreck of the schooner Hero, of Burgeo, Newfoundland, at Fox Roost, Newfoundland. The wreck of the Heroine was transferred to Burgeo with coal for Mouton. Those on board were Captain John Ross, who owned the schooner, the first sailors, all belonging to Burgeo. The captain and two of the crew were large families.

# JUBILEE NEXT YEAR

## City Should Collect Photographs of Pioneers Before Opportunity Passes

With the jubilee next year of the incorporation of the city of Victoria, although its records go back much earlier, the city authorities are well advised to take a leaf out of the book of the well-to-do provinces, and make a collection of the photographs of the pioneers of the province. This is the case of the early mayors, and one city in the province has focused in its public library a collection of the photographs of the early mayors, and one city in the province has focused in its public library a collection of the photographs of the early mayors, and one city in the province has focused in its public library a collection of the photographs of the early mayors.

# DELAYS OVER PLUMBING FITTING MATTERS UNDER

## In spite of the late Davis has drawn to time, he is still in the hills at Oakland road, where protection in two of the districts is being settled up, the fact that the project will not be carried out until the contractor has not been upon to amend the objection has been to situate at the corner of Esplanade road and the other, will both be in their vicinity and badly wanted. When the matter is all, with the month when the Oak has decided on the boundary with the city, which is the main residence of the Rockland avenue will protection when this fire halls is the immediate supply, which come the leading fact and the condition of the work is not too encouraging as he found at the fire.

11. No license shall be granted for any factory or magazine hereafter established within the limits of, or within one mile of the limits of, any town or incorporated village or city, where except with the approval of the municipal corporation or other local authority having jurisdiction, or the government of the province, or in any territory where there is no local authority having jurisdiction, and also with the consent of the Minister.

12. The Minister may, on application and on payment of such fees as are prescribed by regulation, issue a permit to manufacture for experimental purposes or for testing and special blasting operations only, and not for any other explosive, upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as are fixed by the Minister.

13. The owner or occupier of a factory or magazine shall not make any material alteration or addition to the licensed factory or magazine, or rebuild any part thereof, until he has obtained a permit from the Minister; and before such permit may be granted he shall submit to the Minister other information and evidence as the Minister may require.

14. A factory or magazine license shall not be affected by any change in the person or persons who are the owner or occupier of the factory or magazine, or by the change, and in default thereof, the new owner and occupier shall each be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars for every week during which such default continues.

15. In the case of a factory now in operation or a magazine now in existence, no license shall be required until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; provided, however, that if the owner or occupier of such factory or magazine desires to make any material alteration in or addition to such factory or magazine, or to rebuild the same, or any part thereof, he shall comply with the provisions of section 13 of this Act.

16. The owner or occupier of any factory or magazine shall, within three months after the passing of this Act, make application to the Minister for a continuing certificate, stating in such application his name and address, and the nature of the factory or magazine, and shall supply such particulars and information respecting the same as the Minister may require; and the applicant shall, thereupon, be granted a continuing certificate in such form as may be prescribed by the Minister, and such factory or magazine shall thereupon be stored, and the premises where a manufacture and store explosives, or where he has reason to suspect any explosive is being manufactured or stored, and that he may there find; and the owner or occupier of such factory, magazine, and premises, shall afford such inspector every facility to make such inspection full and complete, and shall supply the inspector with any information that he may require, other than information relating to the cost of manufacturing any explosive.

17. An inspector may, at any time, visit and inspect any factory, magazine, and premises where a manufacture is being manufactured or stored, or where he has reason to suspect any explosive is being manufactured or stored, and that he may there find; and the owner or occupier of such factory, magazine, and premises, shall afford such inspector every facility to make such inspection full and complete, and shall supply the inspector with any information that he may require, other than information relating to the cost of manufacturing any explosive.

18. The Governor in Council may appoint a chief inspector of explosives, and one or more inspectors of explosives, and a chemist of explosives.

19. An inspector may, at any time, visit and inspect any factory, magazine, and premises where a manufacture is being manufactured or stored, or where he has reason to suspect any explosive is being manufactured or stored, and that he may there find; and the owner or occupier of such factory, magazine, and premises, shall afford such inspector every facility to make such inspection full and complete, and shall supply the inspector with any information that he may require, other than information relating to the cost of manufacturing any explosive.

20. Every person who violates any provision of this Act for which a penalty has not been provided, or any regulation made thereunder, shall, for each offence, incur a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars and costs, and for each subsequent offence a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs.

21. Every person who enters without permission or lawful authority, or otherwise trespasses upon any factory or magazine, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs.

22. Every person who commits any act which is likely to cause an explosion or fire in or about any factory or magazine, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs.

23. Every person who, by himself or his agent, has in his possession, sells, offers for sale or manufacture, or transports any unauthorized explosive, or in the meaning of this Act shall, for a first offence, be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars (and costs) for each offence, or to imprisonment for not exceeding three months, or to both penalty and imprisonment, and for each subsequent offence shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs, and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both penalty and imprisonment.

24. Every person who violates any provision of this Act for which a penalty has not been provided, or any regulation made thereunder, shall, for each offence, incur a penalty not exceeding two hundred dollars and costs, and for each subsequent offence a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars and costs.

25. Every penalty and forfeiture may be recovered in a summary manner under the provisions of Part XV of The Criminal Code.

26. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council.

27. The Minister may issue licenses for factories and magazines, and no one shall manufacture, import, store, or use, or transport, any explosive except in licensed factories and magazines.

28. The Minister may issue permits for the importation of authorized explosives, and no one shall import any explosive into Canada without such permit; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall prevent any explosive being transported through Canada by railway in boxes if such transportation is made in a manner authorized by the Railway Act or any regulation or order made thereunder.

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FIRE HALLS STILL AWAIT COMPLETION

Delays Over Unsatisfactory Plumbing Fittings—Brigade Matters Under Discussion

In spite of the attention which Chief Davis has drawn to the matter from time to time, he is still without the two fire halls at Oaklands and Fairhead road, which are badly required for the protection of the districts which are rapidly being settled up, the delay being due to the fact that the plumbing inspector will not pass the fittings, and the contractor has not yet been prepared to amend the fittings, which upon inspection has been taken. These halls, situated at the corner of Cedar Hill and Fairhead road, in the one case, and Fairhead road and Cornwall street, in the other, will both serve the district in their vicinity admirably, and are in service there will be six sub-stations in all, with the prospect of a seventh when the Oak Bay municipality has decided on the site of a new fire station, which they are to pay part of the cost. The valuable residential property on Rockland avenue will receive additional protection when this is done.

Chiefly bound up with the question of the improvement of the water supply, which is shortly to become the leading factor in civic politics, and the condition of Smith's Hill reservoir is not too encouraging. The reservoir is found at the recent Hibben block fire.

His recommendations in connection with the storage of gasoline will probably be followed, by which the number of gallons permitted to be stored will be doubled in large garages, to 500 gallons in two separate tanks, and 250 in the smaller motor works. He figures that some six garages qualify in the first class, and four in the second, or a quantity of 400 gallons each, and for the barrels stored at ship chandler and similar industries, it is safe to say the total amount of gasoline stored in the city at any one time is about 4,500 gallons. The fire department keeps close watch on these stores, being to the dangerous character of this necessary article to motor traction.

HEAVIEST GALE OF SEASONS

Wind Attained Velocity of 68 Miles an Hour off Entrance to Straits.

One of the heaviest storms of the season has reported off entrance to the strait yesterday. During the day the wind reached a velocity of 68 miles an hour. A number of vessels remained at anchor at Neah Bay awaiting the improvement of conditions outside before venturing to sea.

The 8 o'clock report of the local weather bureau received from Tatoosh Island yesterday morning gave the wind at 42 miles an hour at 12 miles an hour at noon 40 miles an hour and at 5:25 o'clock last night 60 miles was reported. Southwest storm earnings were posted at six o'clock last night. The storm was over Vancouver Island eastward.

FIGHT WITH OUTLAWS. Two Members of Posse and Leader of Bandits Killed.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 21.—Sheriff Stevens of Luna county, New Mexico, arrived at Engle with the bodies of Tom Hall and Al Smithers, members of his posse, who were killed at the "X-7" ranch, near Engle, while attempting to arrest two outlaws who escaped from the Deming jail November 7. The posse also brought with them the body of the leader of the outlaws whom they killed and whose name is unknown.

The outlaws were surrounded at a ranch house where they were at dinner. They rode out as if to meet the posse. Suddenly they dropped from their horses and opened fire, killing the leader and wounding the other two men, who escaped into the mountains from where they continued firing on the posse during the night.

The dead outlaw had on his person the pistol and keys taken from the others at Deming when the trio made their escape.

SKATING RINK AGAIN ON THE FAIR LIST

Adjustment of Differences Between Proprietor and Unions Is Reached

The skating rink now under construction at the Willows will immediately be withdrawn from the fair list on which it was placed at the Building Trades Council meeting on Friday, as the culmination of disputes between the carpenters' unions and the proprietor, Lester Patrick, as to terms of employment.

Mr. Patrick intimated on Monday his agreement with the representations made to him by H. J. Sheen, the delegate of the two unions, the Amalgamated Society and the United Brotherhood, and that the men withdrawn at noon on Saturday will return to work. Mr. Patrick indicated that there would be no discrimination shown against union men, and that the trouble which had arisen over the Saturday afternoon time would also be adjusted.

There is about another month's carpenter's work on the big structure, and general satisfaction will be felt, that the trouble has been arranged without further negotiation.

TRAVELLERS ARE DELAYED BY STORM

Experience Great Difficulty in Making Trip From Parksville to Alberni.

Alberni, Nov. 20.—Parksville defeated Alberni in Alberni on Saturday, November 4, by a score of 4 to nil. This in no ways mark the difference in the teams, as Alberni seemed to have a little the better of the play if anything, but being very unfortunate in their shooting, missing many easy chances.

On the other hand the victors took advantage of every opening, and the players, experienced difficulty in getting home. The game being played in a snow storm, the Port Alberni team, for the most part, were unable to get home. The game was a hard fought one, and the Port Alberni team, for the most part, were unable to get home.

All the members of the team started for home on Sunday morning, but had not gone far before they discovered that the snow was too deep and they turned to Parksville.

On Monday morning two of the players, Roy Hanna, captain of the team, and C. Bannell, reserve, and E. M. Whyte, the referee, started out in an attempt to reach Alberni, some 30 miles from Parksville. The start was made at 9:20, and Cameron-Lake, 14 miles distant, was made at 1:45. Here the horses were given a rest and a half hour, and the party continued on their way.

Through the courtesy of P. McEby, through the telegraph lineman at the lake, they were supplied with hot tea. A start was made again at 3:15, but it was decided to leave one buggy at the lake and hitch up a tandem team to the front buggy to break the track through the snow, which was 3 feet deep from the lake into Alberni. A number of large slides had taken place around the shores of the lake, and the only way the party could overcome them was by unhitching the horses and half dragging, half carrying the buggies over, and then lead the horses over.

It took the party exactly three and a half hours to get around the short of Cameron lake, which is about four miles, and as it was impossible to tell what the road was like ahead it was decided to camp in a small log cabin that had been left by the railroad contractors. At 8 a.m. Tuesday morning a fresh start was made, and at the foot of the mountain a four-horse team with sledge was met, breaking the track for the mail stage. At the provincial government road camp at the summit both beast and man were enabled to get a good hearty meal, and after a rest of nearly two hours there the trip down the mountain was made in good time, the party finally arriving home about ten minutes to two, thoroughly exhausted, and having spent about twenty-eight and a half hours on the road. The remainder of the team took Tuesday's train from Parksville to Cameron lake, and there connecting with the stage.

The snowfall recorded in Alberni of 38 inches is the heaviest ever seen, say the old timers, and fell within 24 hours.

SECURES TERMINAL SITE IN CHICAGO. C. P. R. Will Begin Operations at Once—To Spend More Than \$5,000,000.

Winnipeg, Nov. 21.—Announcement was made here yesterday that the Canadian Pacific Railway had closed a deal whereby the greater part of lands required for freight terminals and auxiliary yards at Chicago had been acquired. Operations representing a capital investment of from \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000 will be started at once.

AGED PASTOR DIES

Chilliwack, Nov. 20.—Rev. T. Wellington Hall, pastor of Carmen Methodist church, died at his residence at Sardis early on Saturday morning, death being attributed to heart failure. Deceased who was of an advanced age, retired to rest Friday evening apparently in his usual health, but was stricken about midnight and passed away before 10 o'clock. Mr. Hall was one of the best known Methodist ministers in the province, and had a long and distinguished career. He came to British Columbia in 1883, his first charge being at Clinton, on the Cariboo road. Since then he has had charges at Kamloops, Westminister, Nanaimo, Eburne, Revelstoke, Chilliwack on two occasions, and finally at Sardis.

He leaves to mourn his loss a widow and five of a family, four of whom are sons—James, at Kamloops; Fred at Eburne, and Ernest and Albert at Vancouver. His daughter, Mrs. Albert Knight, lives at Sardis.

PIONEER OF THE NORTH PASSES AWAY

Ludger Roy, One of Early Packers, Dies at Prince Rupert.

Prince Rupert, Nov. 21.—A veteran of the old Yukon days and a pioneer of northern pack trails, Ludger Roy, passed away recently in the general hospital. His was one of the most interesting of lives, full of incident and romance.

Ludger Roy was the first man to organize any sort of systematic means of conveying supplies over the White and Chitcot passes into the Klondike. Oxen imported at fabulous cost, but earning fabulous revenue, were his means of transportation. Many and many a time they tottered over the frozen ground, their own feed costing a fortune, but the supplies they brought to the hungry mining camp bringing for their owner more than a fortune than even the most profitable of gold mines. It was estimated that during the time he was thus employed in sacking goods over the trail with his oxen, Ludger Roy earned upwards of \$25,000. Investment in various profitable claims increased Roy's fortune.

He used to grubstake prospectors, and made a good deal this way. All his gains vanished, however, because of his frayed way of lending without security or even bond. Those who could repay no doubt did so, but many failed to make good themselves and still owe the money. Roy was seen more than once to hand out a handful of gold from his pocket, and it was not long before he was in the face value of the borrower.

The white oxen, which made him his first money on the trail, and were his own, died on the trail, and were themselves eaten, say some reports. But imbued with the conviction that the gold mine lay not in the ground but all along the trail, Roy kept on the enterprise. He invested in a steamer for the Yukon river, and long before the famous Elsie Elinger rapids were blasted out, he tried to shoot the falls with a laden steamer. He failed. The frame and machinery of the vessel now lie under the frozen Yukon. Roy escaped with his life, but he admitted, he purchased another steamer. Once more he made the attempt to navigate the rapids. Once more he failed, and the bones of his second boat lie beside those of his first.

Competition now came in in the packing business, and Roy, after taking the cream of the profits of the early days, pulled out of the business, not so very much the richer owing to his losses. He became fire chief after a time, at White Horse, and was well known there for most of the interesting time at that city. But it was with hardly any ready money, and a good many debts, that Ludger Roy reached Prince Rupert in the earliest days of all.

His first venture was the Dominion boarding house, which proved profitable, and paved the way for the Dominion picture show, which proved more so. His Roy was meanwhile paying off debts which had others paid him what they owed, would never have been incurred. He did not make more than a living out of the picture show. Later he tried up the Owl restaurant, and was just getting "out of the hole" as the saying goes, when his death, accelerated by the privations of his early struggles in the Yukon, took place. He was 52 years old.

"Ludger" Roy was born in Durham, Quebec, and his life's experience had taken him across Canada through Winnipeg, where he worked at various businesses, to Vancouver, where he was this in several enterprises, and so to the Klondike, and thence as described. Many friends and old-timers of Prince Rupert and the Yukon will mourn his passing.

KILLED BY ELECTRIC CAR. Man Run Down Near New Westminister, Succumbs to His Injuries.

New Westminister, Nov. 20.—Another fatal accident, the fourth within four weeks on the B. C. E. R. line running into this city, occurred here on Saturday night when Richard Lewis was struck by an interurban car at Royal Oak station. Both his legs were broken and he suffered internal injuries.

The car was stopped as soon as possible and the injured man carried on board and brought to the city. He was immediately taken to the Columbian hospital, where he died shortly after being admitted.

On inquiry it was found that the deceased was a farmer and lived at the Devon farm on the north arm road.

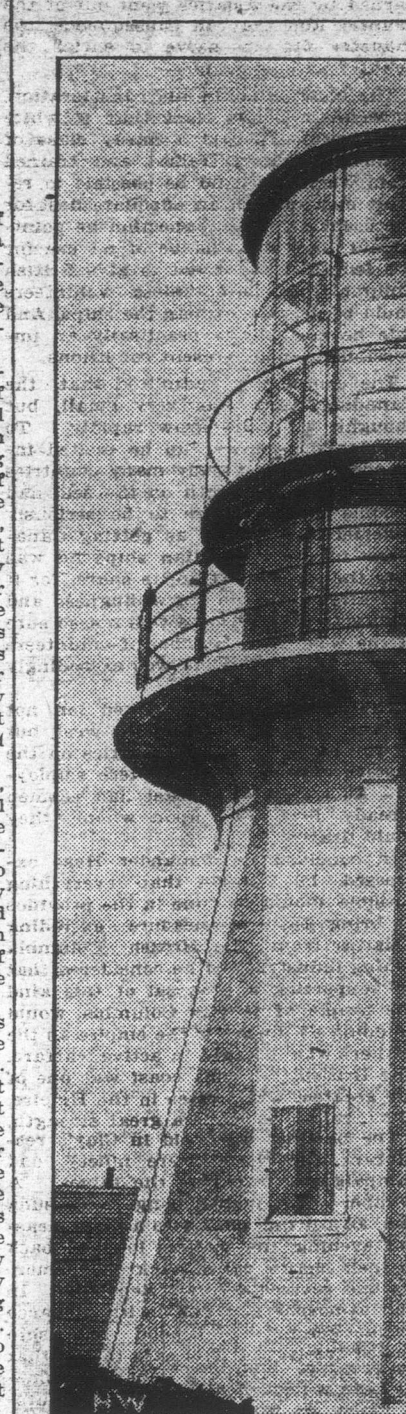
An apparatus for detecting the presence of fire damp in coal mines has been invented. It is claimed that it will register accurately an amount of fire damp in the air equal to one part in 40, although the fire damp is only dangerous in coal mines when there is about 1 per cent present. Dr. Thornton, professor of electrical engineering at the Armstrong College, Newcastle-on-Tyne, describes the apparatus as an epoch-making invention.

WHERE THE GALES ATTAIN 100 MILES

LONE LIFE OF TRIANGLE ISLAND OPERATORS

Station Stands 650 Feet High and is Exposed to Heavy Storms

A dreary spot is Triangle Island, standing in almost perpetual fog and mist, out in the Pacific 40 miles off the northwest corner of Vancouver Island. The lonely and self-denying lives which the men who keep watch over life and commerce along the sea coasts of the Dominion pass is nowhere better exemplified than in the isolated existence of the lightkeeper and the three



TRIANGLE ISLAND LIGHTHOUSE

Where the wind frequently attains a velocity of 120 miles an hour and hundred-mile gales are usual.

wireless operators who form the population of the island.

Triangle is the outermost of the chain known as the Scott Islands, lying off Cape Scott, and is far removed from the other and larger members of the group, which lie closest in. It is a mass of rock standing out by itself in the ocean, about two square miles in area and rising to a height of 650 feet. At its highest point is built the lighthouse and the wireless station, both of

which were completed late last year. The light is one of the most powerful on this coast, and the wireless apparatus is the same as all the other stations are equipped with.

Fog, mist and rain are constant around Triangle, but more trying even than this weather is the velocity with which the wind blows there. The island seems to be in the track of the gale and the station being placed so high, it gets currents of air that do not manifest themselves on the lower levels of the sea level. It is nothing unusual for a gale to blow there at the rate of 100, 115 or 120 miles an hour, has been frequently recorded. These winds are peculiar to the station, so much so that the meteorological bureau has ceased to publish the Triangle figures, as experience has demonstrated that shipping does not encounter the force recorded at the station, and that, therefore, the readings of the wind's rate on top of the island have no bearing on its velocity so far as shipping is concerned.

Apart from the fact that a wireless station is not cut off from all knowledge of what is going on in the world outside, as the keepers of a lighthouse in the same isolated position would be, the quartette of men on Triangle are no better off, and have to endure a loneliness that cannot be imagined by anyone who has never spent any time under such circumstances. Even the visits of the supply boat are infrequent and irregular, as it only reaches the island at certain times, and newspapers and letters are generally pretty old before they are received, although they are none the less welcome on that account to the men who are practically marooned out there.

Triangle is in the track of the steamers running from the south to Alaskan ports, and also the boats which sail to the Queen Charlotte Islands. All these are reported from that station, which

communicates over long stretches of open sea with Ikeda, Dead Tree Point and Prince Rupert on the north, and with Estevan on the south.

Men who have lived on Triangle describe the effect of the high wind as very trying to the nerves, combining with the isolation of the place, to make the assignment to duty there an unpleasant one. In fact, an extra high rate of salary has to be offered to induce men to go there at all. Even then it requires a great deal of courage to make up one's mind to shut oneself off on the island for a prolonged period.

The wind whistles and howls around the station in a wild and creepy manner, and if it were not that in the construction of the buildings they were especially reinforced it would not be surprising if they were swept off in their entirety. The men who go down to the sea in ships have to face many dangers but they escape the nerve-distressing and heartrending loneliness of those who are assisting in the safeguarding of navigation initiated by the late government, and who are doing it in such a remote and gale-swept spot as Triangle Island.

OFFICIAL STORY TELLER. Woman Has Been Engaged by Boston Library For Unique Post.

The Boston public library is to have an official story teller for children, probably the first of the kind in America, if not in the world.

An appropriation has been made, and Mrs. Mary A. Cronan, an authority on giants, elves, fairy princes and brave knights, will fill the position.

Mrs. Cronan will be stationed in a room hung with medieval weapons and colored German pictures of castles and knights. There the children will listen to tales from "Beowulf," "The Fairy Queen," "The Red Cross Knight," "Peter Fibber" and the "Jungle Tales."

MISSIONARIES TELL OF MURDERS

Schoolmistress and Five Foreign Children Are Reported Killed in China

Pekin, Nov. 21.—Two Swedish missionaries, Messrs. Sandberg and Erickson have arrived here from Tientsin. They said a telegram had been received from Shan Fu before their departure from southern Shen Si, announcing the murder of Miss Becking, a schoolmistress, and five foreign children. Many Chinese girls in Miss Becking's school who were mistaken for Manchuria because of their big feet, were also reported to have been murdered. A German, Phillip Manners, who was in the Chinese postal service, was among others killed.

Messrs. Sandberg and Erickson said a magistrate in their own town offered them \$400 each to leave the province.

Shen Si is probably the most anti-foreign province in China proper, not having received a lesson at the hands of the foreign troops in 1900.

Highwaymen in Honan attacked and robbed a party of fugitive missionaries, injuring one of them. Nowhere else apparently, have foreigners been attacked, the rebels everywhere giving them protection, but it is feared that lawlessness must increase. The Pekin government is powerless beyond Honan and Chi Li. The legations have taken no action as yet, but they have the reported killing of foreigners under consideration. Without a strong invading force, however, nothing can be accomplished beyond the reach of the Yangtze gunboats. Most of the legations advised their people in the interior to escape three years ago. Many disobeyed, believing they were in no danger. Some of the women and children were sent to the coast.

The National assembly has decided to memorialize the throne for the adoption of the western calendar and the Ho Lung Kiang, the northernmost province of Manchuria, has declared its independence. The governor has been elected president.

It was decided to hold monthly meetings during the winter, commencing on the second Wednesday in December. It was also decided to urge upon John Oliver, President of the Provincial Liberal Association, the necessity of calling a Provincial Convention at an early date as practicable. Hearty votes of thanks were tendered C. F. Bishop, the retiring president, and E. M. Whyte, the retiring secretary-treasurer, for their services during the term of their office.

The annual meeting of the Alberni Agricultural Association, was held in the court house, Alberni. The treasurer submitted the financial statement for the year, showing a balance on hand October 31st 1911, of \$139.45. The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place as follows: Patrons: H. S. Clements, M. P., for Comox-Alton and H. C. Brewster, for P. P. for Alberni; president, E. M. Whyte, re-elected for third term; vice-president, A. W. Heath, re-elected; secretary-treasurer, H. Hills; board of directors, H. B. Currie, H. C. Rayson, M. Tebo, E. Greenup, J. R. Motion, J. E. Hanna, W. Thomson and Mrs. T. S. Grieve. Mrs. E. Gill, Mrs. C. A. Cox, Mrs. J. R. Motion and Mrs. H. Hill. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the provincial government for the handsome grant which they made whereby the association was enabled to erect a building of their own and suitable for the purposes. A vote of thanks was also tendered to J. R. Motion, the retiring secretary-treasurer, for the very able and efficient manner in which he had conducted the business of the association, and general regret was expressed at his inability to continue to fill this most important position, owing to business reasons.

FRASER RAILWAY BRIDGE.

Ladner, Nov. 23.—The board of trade at a recent meeting decided to endorse the petition which is being circulated by the ratepayers of the district asking the council to submit a by-law authorizing the raising of \$250,000 towards the cost of constructing a railway bridge across the south arm of the Fraser river to Ladner, and recommending that the control of the proposed bridge should be vested solely in the municipalities interested and the Dominion and provincial governments.

THREE MONTHS FOR SHOOTING HUSBAND

Safe Alleged to Be Not Fireproof Is Subject of Reserved Judgment by Lampan

Maud Lawson, a colored woman who shot her husband in the shoulder at her home on Chatham street, and who was yesterday afternoon tried before Judge Lampan on a charge of committing bodily harm, was found guilty and sentenced to serve three months' imprisonment.

The woman gave information to the police immediately the act was committed, but through the preliminary hearing in the police court, said nothing. Yesterday her story was told in her defence and she said that she had quarrelled with her husband and that as he was entering the house she heard him say "I will get you," and she went off. She denied having deliberately fired at him and was sorry that she had been injured.

There had been several quarrels between them. When living at Vancouver a family quarrel had reached the police court, and while in Seattle she had commenced proceedings for divorce, because of her inability to live peaceably with him. The proceedings, however, had terminated as soon as her fit of temper had evaporated.

The woman's husband said that his wife suffered from several fits of temper which were hereditary, and he believed the injury he had sustained had been an accident. On the day he was shot he had quarrelled with his wife over financial affairs. When at Seattle he had bought a revolver for her protection and it was with this that he wound in his shoulder had been inflicted.

Judge Lampan reserved judgment in the case brought by the Norris Safe and Lock Company against Currie & Power in which the plaintiff seeks to recover the cost of a safe alleged to be fireproof. The defendants maintain the safe is not fireproof and that it is not according to representations made at the time the safe was contracted. The safe was purchased through a salesman from the Seattle office of the company, which is not registered in B. C. The company maintains a registered office in Vancouver, and it is held that the sale through the Seattle office does not entitle the company to recover because the Seattle firm is unregistered here. The defendants said they believed they were buying a fireproof safe, but instead discovered a Baum safe had been delivered to them, and they believed it was not fireproof.

ALBERNI LIBERAL ASSOCIATION MEETS

H. C. Brewster, M. P., is Honorary President—Agricultural Society Meeting

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THE INDIANS OF COWICHAN AGENCY

INTERESTING REPORT FROM MR. ROBERTSON

Progress During Last Year Has Been Very Satisfactory—Some Improvement

The report of W. R. Robertson, Dunsmuir Indian agent at Cowichan agency, is contained in the recently issued blue-book of the department, and is as follows, addressed to the deputy superintendent-general of Indian affairs:

Location.—This agency is situated on the east coast of Vancouver Island, and extends from Cape Mudge on the north to Sooke on the south, including the reserves on the different islands in the Gulf of Georgia.

Area.—The total area of the reserves in this agency is 19,940 acres, forming a portion of the territory occupied by the Cowichan nation, whose language and influence formerly extended to the bays and sounds on the American side of the Gulf and up the Fraser river as far as Yale. These reserves are occupied by the following bands:

Sooke Band. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Sooke nation. Reserves.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. The reserves of this band are situated on the straits of Juan de Fuca, about 25 miles southwest of the city of Victoria, and contain an area of 166 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 89. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed good health, and the sanitary conditions are very good.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing and working at the fish traps.

Buildings.—They have a very good class of buildings. Stock.—They have some good stock, and take good care of it.

Farm Implements.—They have a good supply of all the necessary farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are industrious and law-abiding Indians, and are making steady progress.

Temperance and Morality.—They are on the whole a temperate and moral people. Cheero Band, Becher Bay.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cheero tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 1 to 11, inclusive. These reserves are situated on the straits of Juan de Fuca, about 15 miles southwest of the city of Victoria, and contain 179 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 32. Health and Sanitation.—The health of these Indians has been very good, and sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in fishing, working at the fish traps and canneries. They do little farming.

Buildings.—Their buildings are very good, but nearly all consist of the large rancher houses. Stock.—Their stock is of a fair quality.

Farm Implements.—They have a few farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are industrious and make a fair living.

Temperance and Morality.—They are a fairly temperate and moral people. Songhees Band.

This band comprises the following sub-families: the Esquamit and Discovery Island Indians, as well as the Songhees.

Tribe or Nation.—They belong to the Songhees nation. Reserves.—Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4. These reserves are situated on the harbors of Victoria and Esquamit, and on the islands in the straits of Juan de Fuca; the total area of these reserves is 208 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 135. Health and Sanitation.—The health of these Indians has been very good, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, hunting, stovewood work and working in the sawmills, factories and canneries.

Buildings.—Most of them live in good lumber and frame dwellings and have them very well furnished. Stock.—They have some very good stock, and take good care of it.

Farm Implements.—They are well supplied with good farm implements, and take good care of them. Characteristics and Progress.—They are very industrious Indians, some of them being well off.

Temperance and Morality.—They are fairly temperate and moral, although there are a few of them who will procure intoxicants whenever possible.

Bands in Saanich District. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Saanich nation. Reserves.—The following bands occupy reserves numbered 1 to 9, inclusive, in Cowichan valley, which is situated on the east coast of Vancouver Island, about 40 miles north of the city of Victoria, viz.: Kikpaalus, Comedian, Ciemciematus, Khenipson, Quantehan, Kokelah and Semenos. The total area of these reserves is 9,139 acres.

Population.—The total population of these bands is 577. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed good health during the year. All the villages are situated on the banks of the Koksilah or Cowichan rivers, which afford a good supply of fresh water and good drainage.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, teaching, boat and canoe building, working in the several canneries and sawmills and as trackmen on the railway.

Buildings.—They have a good class of buildings, nearly all their houses being good lumber and frame dwellings, and they have them well furnished. Stock.—They have some fine stock, and many of them have horses of improved breeds, and take good care of them.

Farm Implements.—They have all the modern and up-to-date machinery and farm implements, and take good care of them. Characteristics and Progress.—They are making very satisfactory progress, and are on the whole a temperate and moral people.

Hellett Band. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 1 and 2 of the Chemainus band. One reserve is situated on the south bank of the Chemainus river about a mile and a half from its mouth; the other on an island at the mouth of the same river. The two reserves contain a combined area of 427 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 28. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed very good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, working at the fish traps and canneries. They do little farming.

have good lumber and frame dwellings, and have them well furnished. Stock.—They have some very fine stock and take good care of it. Farm Implements.—They are well supplied with implements, and take good care of them.

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Population.—The population of this band is 28. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed very good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, working at the fish traps and canneries. They do little farming.

Buildings.—They have only a fair class of buildings, but they are kept clean and neat. Stock.—They have a fair quality of stock.

Farm Implements.—They have all the necessary farm implements, and take good care of them.

Characteristics and Progress.—They are a fairly industrious and good people. Temperance and Morality.—They are nearly all temperate and moral.

Comox Band. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Comox nation. Reserves.—Nos. 1, 2 and 3. This reserve is situated on the southern shore of Comox harbor and on the left bank of the Puntledge river at its confluence with the Tzolum river. In connection with this reserve is a gravel yard on Goose spit, Comox harbor. The area of this reserve is 378 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 83. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have all enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in boat and canoe building, fishing and logging; they own a steam tug, which is used in towing logs. They do very little farming, as the reserves are nearly all composed of rock or heavy timber.

Buildings.—They have good comfortable dwellings. Stock.—They have some well bred stock, and it is allowed to run wild on the island.

Farm Implements.—They have a good supply of necessary farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are an industrious and law-abiding people, and are making steady progress.

Temperance and Morality.—They are on the whole a temperate and moral people. Lyackson Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 2, 4 and 5 of the Chemainus band. These three reserves are situated on Valdez Island, and have a combined area of 1,840 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 83. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have all enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in boat and canoe building, fishing and logging; they own a steam tug, which is used in towing logs. They do very little farming, as the reserves are nearly all composed of rock or heavy timber.

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Temperance and Morality.—They are on the whole a temperate and moral people. Penelicut Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9. This

band includes Teussie and Limalone reserves. These reserves are situated on Kopsa Island and Teat Island. There is also a small reserve belonging to this band situated at the mouth of Chemainus river. The total area of these reserves is 2,333 acres.

Population.—The total population of this band is 201. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed good health during the year.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, boat and canoe building, working stovewood and hunting.

Buildings.—They have a fair class of buildings. Stock.—They have a few cattle of medium quality.

Farm Implements.—They have all the necessary farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are industrious and law-abiding Indians, and are making fair progress.

Temperance and Morality.—They are nearly all temperate and moral. Nanaimo Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 1 to 6, inclusive, of the Nanaimo band. This band has a reserve on the Nanaimo harbor, and one on the Nanaimo river, with small fishing stations on the southern shore of Gabriola Island. The total area of the reserves is 637 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 154. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have all enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, working in the coal mines and trimming coal in ships.

Buildings.—Some of them have good comfortable lumber and frame dwellings, but the majority of them live in the large rancher houses. Stock.—They have some good stock, which is well taken care of.

Farm Implements.—They have all the necessary farm implements, and take good care of them.

Characteristics and Progress.—These Indians are industrious and law-abiding, and are making very steady progress.

Temperance and Morality.—They are on the whole a temperate and moral people, but there are a few of them who will procure intoxicants whenever possible.

Spoonowas Band, Nanosee. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—This reserve is situated on the southern shore of Nanosee harbor, and has an area of 209 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 14. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in fishing, and manufacturing dog-fish oil, and they do a little farming.

Buildings.—They have a fair class of buildings. Stock.—They keep a few stock of medium quality.

Farm Implements.—They have a few farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are a fairly industrious and good people.

Temperance and Morality.—They are nearly all temperate and moral. Qualicum Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Qualicum nation. Reserves.—This reserve is situated at the mouth of Qualicum river. It has an area of 197 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 15. Health and Sanitation.—The health of these Indians has been very good, and the sanitary regulations are very well observed.

Occupations.—Their principal occupations are farming, fishing, hunting, and acting as guides for fishing and hunting parties.

Buildings.—They have good comfortable dwellings. Stock.—They have very little stock, and only of medium quality.

Farm Implements.—They have very few farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are law-abiding and fairly industrious.

Temperance and Morality.—They are temperate and moral. Comox Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Comox nation. Reserves.—Nos. 1, 2 and 3. This reserve is situated on the southern shore of Comox harbor and on the left bank of the Puntledge river at its confluence with the Tzolum river. In connection with this reserve is a gravel yard on Goose spit, Comox harbor. The area of this reserve is 378 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 83. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have all enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in boat and canoe building, fishing and logging; they own a steam tug, which is used in towing logs. They do very little farming, as the reserves are nearly all composed of rock or heavy timber.

Buildings.—They have good comfortable dwellings. Stock.—They have some well bred stock, and it is allowed to run wild on the island.

Farm Implements.—They have a good supply of necessary farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are an industrious and law-abiding people, and are making steady progress.

Temperance and Morality.—They are on the whole a temperate and moral people. Lyackson Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserves.—Nos. 2, 4 and 5 of the Chemainus band. These three reserves are situated on Valdez Island, and have a combined area of 1,840 acres.

Population.—The population of this band is 83. Health and Sanitation.—These Indians have all enjoyed good health, and the sanitary regulations are well observed.

Occupations.—These Indians are chiefly engaged in boat and canoe building, fishing and logging; they own a steam tug, which is used in towing logs. They do very little farming, as the reserves are nearly all composed of rock or heavy timber.

Buildings.—They have good comfortable dwellings. Stock.—They have some well bred stock, and it is allowed to run wild on the island.

Farm Implements.—They are well supplied with implements, and take good care of them. Characteristics and Progress.—They are very industrious and law-abiding. Temperance and Morality.—They are temperate and moral Indians.

Mayne Island Band. Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Saanich nation. Reserve.—No. 6 of the Saanich band. This reserve is situated on the north-west extremity of Mayne Island. The area of this reserve is included in that of the Saanich bands.

Population.—The population of this band is 20. Health and Sanitation.—The health of these Indians has been very good, and sanitary precautions are well observed.

Occupations.—They are chiefly engaged in fishing and hunting and working for the white settlers.

Buildings.—As this is the only fishing station, the buildings are mere shanties constructed of cedar slabs. Stock.—They have only a few sheep.

Farm Implements.—They have no farm implements. Characteristics and Progress.—They are fairly industrious and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality.—They are nearly all temperate and moral. Cowichan Lake Band.

Tribe or Nation.—These Indians belong to the Cowichan tribe. Reserve.—There was not much done on this reserve during the past year. Early in the season Alfred Livingston started to clear some land, but owing to the late season he was unable to get his timber cutters. Alfred went where he could get the quickest and highest return for his labor.

The progress of the Indians in the Cowichan agency during the past year has been very satisfactory. There has been a decided improvement in the quality of their horses and cattle, also better houses are being built than formerly.

WEIR COMPANY TO COME VIA PANAMA

AGENT OF LINE NOW VISITING THIS COAST

Capt. Baxter is Looking Into the Prospects of New Run—New Liners Building

Among the companies now contemplating to operate a fleet of steamships to the Pacific Coast from Europe via the Panama canal is the famous Weir Line. Capt. Baxter, who represents the Bank Company in New York, is at present on a tour of this coast looking into the prospects of business on the new run. He has just returned from a visit to London, where he was in consultation with the head officials of the big firm, which controls a mammoth fleet of freight steamships on many seas.

It is understood that Capt. Baxter is sizing up the various ports on the Pacific Coast, and will report to the head officials which he thinks will be most profitable as ports of call. He is at present at San Francisco, and after visiting the southern cities will come north, and it is expected that he will visit Victoria.

Charles is well known on this coast, having commanded many sailing vessels which called here ten and fifteen years ago. Before entering the Weir line he was employed by the Glasgow and Company, who were then commanding one of its ships, the Ross-shire, he made the run from San Francisco to Queenstown in 98 days, one of the fastest ever accomplished by a sailor.

HYLAND CANNOT LEAVE. Johnston Thinks Great Hockey Player Won't Come West—Gloss and Gardiner May.

Calgary, Nov. 21.—Ernie Johnston, the fast defence player of the Wanderer Hockey Club of Montreal, and considered the best coverpoint playing the game, passed through the city on Saturday on his way to the coast, having accepted the offer made by the Patricks to figure in the game there this season. In regard to Gloss, Gardiner and Hyland, who had also received tempting offers to come west for the winter, Johnston said there had been nothing definite accomplished before he left. He did not think, however, that Hyland would leave home, as his position there would not permit of it. It is very likely the other players mentioned will play in the west. When asked how the threat of expulsion would affect their plans, Johnston laughed. He said that so far as he was concerned it did not matter if the threat became effective, and he was debarré from eastern hockey, as he intends remaining in the west. He did not think that the threat would ever be carried out, but even should it become effective, it would have no effect on a man playing with a western team to lift the Stanley cup.

Johnston is a railway man, and has been assured of a good position on the coast after the hockey season ends. Besides being a wonderful hockey player, Johnston is an all-round athlete; linen goods are worth \$25 per mile on an average.

FRENCH SHIP SAILS WITH GRAIN CARGO

Le Pillier First of Fleet to Leave Sound for Several Weeks—Scarcity of Tonnage

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Bridging a hiatus which for several weeks has existed in the departure of vessels of the ruger Sound grain fleet, the French barque Le Pillier, Capt. David, left Tacoma this morning and is expected to pass out to sea at Cape Flattery to-night or to-morrow morning. The sailer is bound for the United Kingdom and is carrying about 5,000 tons of grain. The barque arrived on this coast about six weeks ago with general cargo for R. V. Winch & Co., of Vancouver, and had no difficulty in picking up a charter.

Scarcity of tonnage and sky-soaring rates mostly have been responsible for recent semi-paralysis in the movement of vessels of the regular grain fleet which for several weeks past has been represented on Puget Sound by the barque Le Pillier, Olivebank and Springbank. Many of the vessels chartered by the different shipping concerns have been delayed in arriving at the Gulf Stream in one of the vessels taken but little hope is expressed in marine circles that the ship will ever appear in an appearance.

The Springbank has commenced to take on her grain cargo at Tacoma and will be clearing for the United Kingdom in a few days. She was delayed in loading owing to the fact that she had to undergo an overhaul at Seattle. The Olivebank is still at Seattle being repaired, but it is expected that she will be able to commence loading very shortly. She was badly damaged by fire while at Santa Rosalia and was brought north for repairs, the contract being awarded to a Seattle firm. It is costing several thousand dollars to place the vessel into a seaworthy condition.

When the two Bank sailers get away the Sound will be clean of windjammer tonnage and grain shippers are becoming a little anxious as to how they are going to forward their wheat.

CHINESE STUDENT DEAD

Toronto, Nov. 20.—Jack Lam Tung, who came all the way from China at great expense to obtain his education at Trinity College, Toronto, died on Saturday at the Western hospital, following an operation which he underwent Thursday.

"He was a fine gentlemanly fellow and a general favorite with the students," said Provost Macklem, in speaking of the young man, who died at the age of 25 years, and was preparing to go home to China next summer. Prior to coming to Toronto he attended school in New Westminster and Vancouver.

REEVE RESIGNS FROM POLICE COMMISSION

Oak Bay Councillors Criticise His Decisions in Eoreshore Shooting Cases

The nuisance and danger caused by shooting on the foreshore of Oak Bay municipality was again referred to at the meeting of the council on Friday, apropos of Saturday's accident, when a hunter shot a bystander, taking him for a pheasant. This case is to be dealt with in the police court for the municipality on Friday.

Councillor Oliver and other members of the council were not satisfied with the action which had been taken in the case of a similar kind had been dealt with and intimated that the penalty imposed had been too light to act as a deterrent. Councillor Oliver proposed against Reeve Henderson adjudicating in the case which is to be heard on Friday on this account.

Reeve Henderson retorted that if the members were not satisfied with his action as police commissioner he would resign, and he did so. Another grievance that was aired was in regard to the speed limit of automobiles, which the council thought should be reduced in municipalities, and it was decided to approach Attorney-General Bowser on his return from the East and ask that at the coming session the limit be reduced.

A communication was read from the acting premier, Hon. Dr. Young, stating that the matter of sections 26, 28 and part of 27, which both Oak Bay and Victoria desire to have included within their respective municipal limits, will be dealt with by the premier upon his return to the city.

Oak Bay was first to be approached by the residents of that part of Saanich, and it was decided to approach the council of that town considered in filing a petition for the annexation of the sections to the city Victoria has been "butting in." The clerk was instructed to arrange for a conference between the council and the premier at an early date.

Thomas A. Bryden was named to be associated with Town Engineer Fowler in making a building inspection of the Ice Pink, City Assessor Northcott being too busy to act.

Councillors Noble, Oliver and McGregor were named to act with the engineer in reporting on some alterations that the Uplands Farm syndicate desires to make in respect to its improvements to that property.

In China those bearing the same surname may not marry each other, although not related.

PRINCE RUPERT PIONEER CLUB

Prince Rupert, Nov. 20.—At a recent meeting of the Pioneer Club held in the club rooms, Fourth avenue, the following officers were elected for the year: President, David H. Hays; vice-president, J. Fred Ritchie; treasurer, E. E. Wilson; secretary, A. G. Foster; directors, Samuel Harrison, C. P. H. Newcombe, W. S. Benson and O. H. Nelson.

SENTENCED FOR FORGERY

Toronto, Nov. 21.—After spending eight months in jail, having pleaded guilty in the spring assizes to forgery, Gordon Russell, a Toronto lawyer, was sentenced to another two years in Kingston penitentiary by Mr. Justice Riddell. Russell forged a mortgage of \$400.

C. P. R. WILL BEGIN OPERATIONS AT ONCE

General Superintendent Busted Tells of Plans for Coquitlam

Vancouver, Nov. 21.—The large and emphatic vote by which the ratemakers of Coquitlam municipality recently endorsed the agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was very favorably received by the local officials of the company.

"While I was certain the by-law would pass by a large majority," said General Superintendent Busted yesterday, "I must say that our own surprise and gratified to see that of 159 voters only 11 voted against the agreement between the railway company and the municipality. It was an agreement entirely in the interests of both parties and it was drawn in a spirit of fairness on both sides. The emphatic endorsement of the agreement clears the decks for our work at Coquitlam. We are now free to proceed with the spending of the immediate appropriation which we bound ourselves to make if the by-law were approved. I have already let a contract for street diversions and am about to let a contract for the clearing of that portion of the terminal property which requires clearing. We have therefore commenced work even before the thirty day limit of the agreement has begun to run.

"The company is in great need of a new terminal, and it is our own interest to push the work with all possible speed. In addition to building the diverted roads and streets we shall as soon as possible build a number of side streets, a large engine house and certain other buildings and generally prepare the way for further immense construction work."

The by-law Mr. Busted refers to constituted an agreement between the municipality of Coquitlam and the C. P. R. by which, in consideration of the stupendous improvements the company is planning for the Pacific coast terminals at Coquitlam, a certain portion of the terminal property was granted a fixed rate of taxation of \$1,530 a year, outside of school taxes, for a period of ten years. There was some fear among Coquitlam people that owing to bad weather the general assumption of everybody that the by-law would pass that the vote might be small and the majority not emphatic. There is therefore great rejoicing in C. P. R. circles over the strong vote of 159 to 11 in favor of the by-law.

CONSERVATIVE DELEGATES. Men Who Will Represent City at the Convention This Week.

At a general meeting of the Conservative ward associations held in the Moose hall, Government street, Monday evening, 40 delegates and as many alternates were elected to represent the Victoria members of the party at the convention which is to be held in New Westminster on Friday and Saturday next. Leonard Tait, president of the Victoria Conservative Association, was in the chair. He announced that there would be a good time for the delegates in the Royal City, and that the provincial secretary, Hon. Dr. Young, had arranged for an excursion to the new asylum and farm colony at Coquitlam.

Speeches were made by H. B. Thomson, M. P.; Fred Davey, M. P.; Alderman H. E. Ferguson, Glasgow, B. George O'Keefe, and others, nearly all of whom were insistent that this city should get adequate federal appropriations for public works. The following were the delegates and alternates elected:

Ward 1—L. Tait, W. H. Price, F. Popham, H. Maynard, A. G. O'Keefe, John Dean, R. Carter, T. Redding, Alternates—W. J. Mable, T. Crocker, H. Monteth, Major Wilson, E. McIlvride, P. Crombie, J. L. Leigh, H. Logan.

Ward 2—Frank Davey, Guy Walker, George Penketh, G. Anderson, J. Nicholson, G. Scott, George Jeeves, H. Hammond, Alternates—Messrs. Mason, Luney, Rivers, McIntosh, Florence, T. Anderson, J. C. Walker, J. Bigham.

Ward 3—Hugh McDonald, Wm. Robertson, S. Douglas, W. E. Stenland, F. P. Burgess, Ald. Wm. Glasgow, R. W. Shaw, E. C. Johnson, Alternates—W. J. Sargent, E. B. Jones, Sydney Child, J. B. McCallum, W. Jones, E. Bray, G. Powell.

Ward 4—Ald. H. Wm. Fullerton, H. W. Perry, H. G. Wilkerson, E. Haywood, L. Camusca, C. N. Tubman, M. McCabe, Alternates—Harry Lettice, Ald. A. R. Graham, Wm. Skilling, R. C. Lowe, Ald. W. C. Moresby, J. M. Hughes, E. Brammer, A. M. Gordon.

Ward 5—R. F. Green, Jno. Dilworth, H. Cuthbert, Jas. Robinson, A. E. Sargison, R. Hiscok, A. G. Sargison, Pearl Fleming, Alternates—T. Macpherson, W. Lorimer, C. Holme, Thos. Lowe, Wm. Murray, H. H. Molony, D. D. England.

OAK BAY REPORTS

1,039 RESIDENTS

MUNICIPAL CENSUS IS TAKEN TO ALLAY DOUBT

There Are 463 Children of School Age to Be Provided With Accommodation

The people of Oak Bay were not satisfied with the result of the census count as made by the enumerators of the Dominion government census staff, and so a municipal census was undertaken on the instruction of the council. This has produced a count of some 1,039 more than the official report is said to have, and in consequence the council and residents of the model neighbor community are congratulating themselves on the possession of a greater population than they are alleged to be credited with.

# MINING PROGRESS IN SOUTHERN B. C.

## MR. JACOBS TELLS ABOUT HIS VISIT

### More Discoveries in the Nickel Plate Group—Developments in Other Districts

Mr. Jacobs, who recently returned to Victoria after having spent six weeks in the field in mining districts of southern British Columbia and Alberta, gave a most interesting and instructive account of his trip.

At Victoria on October 2, for Seattle, where he spent a day obtaining information relating to mining in British Columbia and Washington. Mr. Jacobs informed him that recent developments in lower levels of the Nickel Plate group of mines, situated in Hedley camp, Similkameen, had added fully \$1,000,000 worth of ore, of an average grade of \$12 to \$14 in gold per ton, to the known reserves of the Hedley Gold Mining Company. Mr. Jacobs also spoke of the gratifying success the Granby Co. was continuing to meet with in the underground exploration and development of the Hidden Creek copper mine, at Goose Bay, observing inlet, diamond drilling having shown the occurrence of much ore, some of it containing up to 5 per cent copper, and this down to a depth of 800 feet below the level of the main tunnel. The extension of drifts and shafts in the mine had also proved that the ore bodies were larger than had been demonstrated by earlier development work, and in places comparatively large shoots of ore have been found to contain a higher average content than had been expected. While newspaper reports of its being the company's intention to "spend millions" in developing the mine, making surface improvements, and erecting machinery, were largely flights of imagination, it is a fact that much more development throughout the ensuing winter and spring, and a reduction in the cost of large treatment capacity is to be put in next year.

Prof. Milnor Roberts, dean of the School of Mining at the University of Washington, talked encouragingly of the future of the province's nickel, with which he is familiar from personal examination, while from Professor Landes, state geologist, and J. J. Cory, deputy state inspector of coal mines, information was obtained concerning the coal mining industry of the State of Washington.

Spokane was visited while the annual exhibition was in progress. Here, the mining exhibits were given particular attention, and he found that while the display of minerals was large and creditable as a whole, British Columbia was not nearly so well represented as some earlier years. The smaller representation of this province was attributable in part to the fact that Kootenay and Boundary mine owners had taken more interest than in the Vancouver exhibition than in that at Spokane, consequently the latter had not been favored with many new exhibits from north of the international boundary line. Prof. Francis A. Thomson, head of the mining and engineering department of the Washington State School, at Pullman, Washington, who had judged the mineral exhibits concerning this department. The professor is a student of the Dominion inspector of stratigraphic geology, and he is making quite a name for himself in eastern Washington and the neighboring State of Idaho for his work among the mining engineering students at Pullman. It is interesting to note that another Vancouver Island man—Douglas C. Livingston, son of the late Clemon Livingston, who was general manager of the Tyee Copper Company, and who was lamented death four years ago—is an associate professor in the department of mining engineering at the University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho, which department is in some extent in competition with the Pullman school.

From Spokane, Mr. Jacobs proceeded to the Crow's Nest Pass district, noting that the larger mines were not being developed owing to the coal miners' strike. Good progress was being made at the mines of both the Crow's Nest Pass Coal and Hosmer Companies. At the former, the manager, W. R. Wilson, was engaged in prospecting and operating several coal seams not previously worked, and these were stated to promise at the Coal Creek colliery, a size tonnage of coal of excellent quality, while at the Hosmer (Morrissey Creek), discoveries had been made which gave good grounds for hope that it will yet be practicable to mine coal here in considerable quantity and at a profit. At Hosmer, new openings had been made in the coal high level tramway constructed to provide means of transportation between these and the main tramway down to the tipple. A second line of rails was being put down along the main tramway, thereby increasing facilities for sending a large tonnage of coal to the tipple and coke ovens.

At Corbin the phenomenally large deposit of coal being opened there was in 2,200 feet, in at about the same distance in the coal is nearly 300 feet in width, with nine levels opened between the main level and the outcrop of coal on the mountain above. On the far side of the mountain, a mile west and at an elevation 500 to 1,200 feet higher, what are known as the "upper big showing" and the "lower big showing," respectively, are being opened by a large open cut with the object of securing a substantial tonnage here. A cross-cut approximately east and west has proved the coal to be 370

# CALL FOR CENSORSHIP OF ALL PICTURE FILMS

## Overseas Club Passes a Resolution—Hindu Disabilities—Progress of Organization

The campaign against moving picture films of an anti-British nature or sentiment has been extended to Victoria and last evening, at the first meeting of the Overseas Club, the matter was discussed at some length. Speakers commented on the constant exhibition of picture shows in this country, elsewhere as well as in Victoria, of films which glorified the United States or its flag and belittled the British flag and nation.

The profuse use made of the American flag in decoration in this country, sometimes even by good Britishers, was condemned, not out of any un-Britishness, but because as a matter of fact that does not meet with any reciprocity of sentiment on the other side of the line when someone displays the Union Jack, and on account of the fact that the British flag is being used by children and young people in weakening their allegiance to their own flag. While picture-houses have to depend on the American manufacturers for films it was pointed out that even when it was possible to secure a film supply from that side, without having to take films that exploit the Stars and Stripes.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted after the discussion. "That the motion of R. Hanson, seconded by A. E. Sayers, be adopted, to the effect: 'That this club go on record as protesting against the constant laudation and glorification of the Stars and Stripes and the belittling of the British flag in picture shows in this country on account of its influence on the minds of children attending these picture shows; and is of the opinion that a censor of picture shows should be appointed for the province and the city.'

William Blakemore, president, was in the chair at the meeting, which was held in the A. O. F. hall, and announced that in the year of the club's existence the membership had grown from 14 to 240. The club had intended as a rallying ground for the British-born citizens of the city and province, and its objects were: mutual help, insistence upon every able-bodied citizen being able to bear arms, the promotion of friendship and good-fellowship among all who lived under the Union Jack and furthering the interests of the Empire by insisting upon the absolute necessity of maintaining British naval supremacy. The club also sought to give assistance and accurate information to new arrivals and intending settlers from the old land.

The following committee was named by the president to take up the question of forming a rifle club, either in connection with that or any other body: B. H. Tyrwhitt Drake, A. E. Sayers, J. Holland, and D. B. MacLaren, secretary of the club. R. W. Clark was present on the invitation of the club to bring up the question of Hindu disabilities, and he asked that the hands of those who are on their way to interview the governor be strengthened by the adoption of a resolution.

The chairman thought that while the club should not interfere in the general question of Oriental immigration there was no reason why the most stalwart opponent of the admission of these people should not warmly champion the right of those who had brought their families here. Mr. Lawrence, who is joint editor of the "Votes for Women," Lady Constance Lytton, sister of Lord Lytton, and the late C. W. Havard, daughter of Lieutenant General Lord Abinger. All were released on bail.

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# ACCOMPLISHES GREAT DEAL OF GOOD WORK

## Lilloet Returns to Esquimalt After One of Busiest Seasons in Surveying

### Completing one of the heaviest seasons' work she has yet engaged in, the Dominion hydrographic steamer Lilloet returned to Esquimalt on Monday afternoon, and to-day is paying off her crew. This year the vessel has been engaged in charting the dangerous rocks and reefs in British Columbia waters, and has located many of the obstacles which have proven treacherous to navigators on this coast and Capt. Musgrave is now preparing his report on the season's work, which will be forwarded to the department at Ottawa.

It is expected that as a result of the survey a large number of additional aids to navigation will be established in British Columbia waters. On April 15 the Lilloet left Esquimalt for the north. She commenced work in Grenville channel, and when this was finished headed for Skidegate bar, where for some time the vessel engaged in the important work of taking soundings. Following the completion of this the Lilloet surveyed the harbor of the Queen Charlotte islands, and afterwards took soundings at the west entrance to Dixon Entrance. Considerable heavy weather was experienced in the north, which impeded the work. Despite the delays suffered the Lilloet has accomplished a great amount of work which will be of great assistance to the mariners who navigate British Columbia waters.

### CLAIMS PRIZE

Cologne, Germany, Nov. 22.—Dr. Otto Schmidt, the well known cancer expert, has applied for the Italian Mariani prize of \$20,000, offered to the discoverer of cancer germs who can prove the most successful number of cases by his remissions that he is able to prove. He has been forty years.

# DEMONSTRATION BY SUFFRAGETTES

## SEVERAL INJURED IN CLASHES WITH POLICE

### Women Smash Windows When Driven Back by Constables—Over 200 Arrests

London, Nov. 22.—The Suffragettes fared badly at the hands of the police last night. They had threatened to force their way into the House of Commons and make a protest on the floor against the prime minister's refusal to pledge the government to a bill giving equal suffrage to both sexes, but they failed to reach the entrance to parliament.

Thwarted by the police, who arrested 220 women and three men, the suffragettes resorted to a campaign of window smashing. Driven from parliament square by the police, 1800 of whom were on duty, the women, accompanied by sympathizers and gangs of rowdies, proceeded through Whitehall, armed with bags of stones, congealed under their coats, and broke windows in public offices, the Liberal headquarters and the National Liberal club. They even extended their operations to the Strand, where windows of the district post office, banks and other private concerns suffered from the onslaught.

The militant tactics of the suffragettes followed a statement by Premier Asquith that the government was unable to introduce a bill to enfranchise women, as the cabinet was divided on the issue. The women, all hands amped to be introduced to a temporary covering to last until daylight came, when the hatch was thoroughly covered again.

As soon as the Skerries discharged her sugar cargo she will start loading for Dodwell & Company. At Vancouver the vessel will take 300,000 feet of lumber for Kobe, Yokohama and Hongkong, and 1,250 tons of salt salmon for Kobe, Yokohama and Hongkong. The latter cargo being shipped transhipped at Hongkong. The Skerries will go to Puget Sound to complete cargo, taking on four and canned salmon for Manila.

### WILL RESIDE IN VICTORIA IN FUTURE

J. T. Reid of Vernon Will Come to Coast—Board of Trade Tribute

Vernon, Nov. 21.—At the last meeting of the board of trade J. T. Reid announced that he was compelled, with much regret, to hand in his resignation as chairman of the advertising committee, as he intended to leave for the coast next month to take up his residence at Victoria. He desired to take this opportunity to thank the members of the committee for the support and assistance they had so cheerfully given him during his term of office. He thought also that this was a favorable opportunity to express particular thanks to Mr. Lee for his very efficient work in connection with the Christmas shipment of apples to the Old Country. Mr. Reid said that, personally, he had got a great deal of pleasure from his work in connection with the board. He had been a constant attendant at the meetings for the past three years, and he had been amply repaid for the time and trouble he had given to his duties as chairman of the board. He was removing from the city he would always continue to watch the operations of the Vernon board of trade with particular interest.

President MacRae said that he knew he was voicing the feeling of the entire board when he said that Mr. Reid's departure would be greatly regretted, and he would be much missed from the board's meetings. He thought a hearty vote of thanks should be tendered him for his many services.

Secretary Johnston endorsed the president's remarks, and said it would give him much pleasure to propose such a motion. Mr. Reid has been the best secretary the board ever had, or probably would have for years to come. Mr. Duncan seconded the motion, referring to the good work done for the board by Mr. Reid when he visited Great Britain a couple of years ago. The motion was passed in the most hearty manner, and a further resolution was moved by Dr. Duncan and Mr. Lee making Mr. Reid an honorary member of the board. This also was carried by an unanimous vote.

A short discussion then took place regarding Sunday trains. It was felt that the matter had been fully covered by the resolution of the board's council, and nothing further was done. Several members expressed their appreciation that Mr. Brodie, the C. P. R. passenger agent, was taking such a lively interest in the Okanagan, and were of the opinion that the addition to the train and boat service would be highly advantageous to the valley.

### ENDORSES INDUSTRIAL PEACE

Vancouver, Nov. 21.—After an address by F. C. Wade, president of the Vancouver branch of the Canadian Industrial Peace Association, and in reply to remarks by Bishop A. U. DePencier, head of the New Westminster diocese of the Anglican church, who presided at the assembly and laity of the church assembled at Christ church

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# GIGANTIC COMBER SINKS IN HATCH

## Skerries Reaches Vancouver After Dirty Voyage Across Pacific—Has Sugar Cargo

Twenty-one days out from the Japanese coasting port of Maroran with a cargo of Java sugar for the B. C. Sugar Refinery, the British steamship Skerries, Capt. Perks, has reached Vancouver. The vessel encountered what her master describes as the worst weather he has ever experienced at sea, the freighter apparently having been in the centre of a storm area which kept pace with its steaming time eastward. In the tempestuous seas slow time was made, one day the vessel making only 75 miles. For a whole day the barometer was steady at 28.80 and for three days at a stretch the glass hovered between 28.90 and 29.00 with the down-pouring rain and gales were the companions of the voyage with intervals of calm during which the riotous seas seemed even more vicious than during the hard blows. It was between 11 and 2 o'clock in the morning, when a week out, and during a sudden calm in which the seas rose up like hillsides, their crests breaking down on the steamer's decks that number one hatch was stove in like a cardboard. The wave projected itself out of the sea in front of the vessel's bows, "as high as a tall city building" the men on the steamer say, and breaking over, tons and tons of water fell almost from the perpendicular on the forward deck.

The whole fabric of the ship shuddered with the shock, although she was hoisted to the time. As the water ran off everything moveable was washed away. The planks of the hatch had been crushed in and the forward deck with its sugar was washed into the sea. The water ran off everything moveable was washed away. The planks of the hatch had been crushed in and the forward deck with its sugar was washed into the sea.

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# SIR WILFRID LORRIES THE CONSERVATIVES

## Characteristic Speech in the Commons at the Election of Speaker

An Ottawa dispatch, referring to the election of a speaker for the new House of Commons says: When Sir Wilfrid Laurier rose his followers greeted him with resounding and long-continued cheers. The Liberal leader spoke throughout with a characteristic play of good-humor and badinage, thoroughly enjoyed by his followers, but on the government benches there was a manifest irritation over his delicate and good-natured ironic touches. "It is," said he, "the privilege of every Administration after a general election, especially an administration with so large a majority as the present administration has, to select an honorable gentleman to preside over this House. As an old friend and colleague of Dr. Sproule, I have no exception to take to what has been said in reference to our own. An occupant of this great position is trained and gains valuable experience every year and every Parliament. However much a man may possess in training and quality of education, there is still much more to be learned from experience."

Proceeding, Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that when he had the honor to occupy the position now held by Mr. Borden he had sought to institute the British system, and in 1905 had communicated with Hon. Mr. Sutherland, who had been chosen speaker in 1904, urging him to continue in the position. He was, however, unable to accept, and Hon. Mr. MacRae had been appointed, and held the position with increasing dignity, impartiality and ability. Sir Wilfrid had at that time communicated his position to the House, and it had been apparently unanimously endorsed. "Now," proceeded the Liberal leader with a smile, "after an election in which the principle fought for by the victorious party was the maintenance of British institutions, which were much threatened, it appears by a harmless and innocent trade arrangement, I naturally felt assured that the head of the new government would hasten to put himself in accord with British precedent (Liberalism, laughter and cheers). But now that the victors are always entertained, the total cost being about \$40 per game, totalling out at about \$1,000. Such expenses do not include the rent of the cricket ground, which last season cost the club \$2,000. Every cent of this expense has been paid by the members themselves, showing them to be genuine sportsmen."

# ROSSLAND CURLING CLUB

Rossland, Nov. 21.—At the Rossland Curling Club annual meeting the following officers were elected: Patron, H. H. Johnston; president, T. S. Gilmore; first vice-president, A. W. Smith; second vice-president, J. S. Deschamps; third vice-president, H. W. Johnson; secretary-treasurer, H. R. Townsend; chaplain, Rev. H. W. Simpson; executive committee, J. L. MacLachlan, F. S. Peters, H. H. Johnston, R. W. Grigor, W. G. Ternan; ice committee, R. W. Grigor, T. B. Barrie and Robert Walker; delegates to B. C. Curling Association, J. S. C. Fraser and R. W. Timms; alternates, T. S. Gilmore and H. H. Johnston. The membership of the club is close upon fifty.

# NANAIMO CRICKET CLUB BATTLE

Nanaimo, Nov. 21.—The Nanaimo Cricket Club intend giving a grand ball on Tuesday, December 12, the object being to raise funds towards next season's expenses. The cost of running the cricket club is larger than any other sport. In the case of the local club the expense is borne entirely by the members themselves. There are no "gates," all matches being free to the public. Last season the club played six away games and several home games. The average cost of the former is \$400, making a total of the six games of \$2,400. In the home games the visitors are always entertained, the total cost being about \$40 per game, totalling out at about \$1,000. Such expenses do not include the rent of the cricket ground, which last season cost the club \$2,000. Every cent of this expense has been paid by the members themselves, showing them to be genuine sportsmen.

# IDEAS OF A PLAIN MAN

BY DR. FRANK CRANE

One of the subtlest and commonest forms of spiritual adultery is where a man forsakes the law of human beings for the love of an abstract idea. Some one discovers that a certain Truth is a saving; and straightway, "he who gives himself up to the Truth and forgets the People it was intended to save. So the man, forsaking the law of human beings for the love of an abstract idea, burns the souls and bodies of heretics, in devotion to the Orthodox Truths the very purpose of which was to save said wretches. So given up to Great Principles that they repressed and darkened the lives of themselves and others, although the intent of the principles was to brighten the lives.

And the business is not over yet. There are mothers who hang on to certain Theories with a bull-pup grip, and find at last that they have lost their children, whom the theories were supposed to safeguard. There are husbands and wives who bind, tie and slaughter Cupid on the altar of Athens. There are many well-meaning people who love all the juice and sweetness out of their lives, trying to preserve it by adherence to some firm Conviction. "Convictions, Rules, Truths, Principles, Resolutions, Ideals," all such ghost-timber is good in its place, but is to be used with care. For the greatest thing in the world is LOVE. When your love of Truths gets in the way of your liking folks, you may well beware.

No one ever had Lottier, Firmer Notion than Jesus; yet plain men, who He liked people, even bad people. He often shattered a rule to help a man. All the Doctrines of Theology and all the Laws in the Statutes are not worth one warm human heart.

# BUILDING LARGE DAM

Montreal, Nov. 22.—The biggest dam now being built in Canada is under construction by the Canadian Pacific Railway in Alberta. It is being built in connection with the C. P. R.'s big three-million-acre irrigation project in the vicinity of Calgary.

The building the irrigation system it was found necessary to provide a big dam for the turning of water into the main canal, and Bassano was fixed upon as the right place for this structure. There by throwing across the Bow river this big dam, a natural hollow or depression in the country will be turned into a miniature reservoir which will serve as a storage place for thousands of tons of water. Recent advice received at the local C. P. R. headquarters announced that during the past summer some amount of work has been done on the dam.

# WOMEN SMASH WINDOWS WHEN DRIVEN BACK BY CONSTABLES—OVER 200 ARRESTS

## SEVERAL INJURED IN CLASHES WITH POLICE

London, Nov. 22.—The Suffragettes fared badly at the hands of the police last night. They had threatened to force their way into the House of Commons and make a protest on the floor against the prime minister's refusal to pledge the government to a bill giving equal suffrage to both sexes, but they failed to reach the entrance to parliament.

Thwarted by the police, who arrested 220 women and three men, the suffragettes resorted to a campaign of window smashing. Driven from parliament square by the police, 1800 of whom were on duty, the women, accompanied by sympathizers and gangs of rowdies, proceeded through Whitehall, armed with bags of stones, congealed under their coats, and broke windows in public offices, the Liberal headquarters and the National Liberal club. They even extended their operations to the Strand, where windows of the district post office, banks and other private concerns suffered from the onslaught.

The militant tactics of the suffragettes followed a statement by Premier Asquith that the government was unable to introduce a bill to enfranchise women, as the cabinet was divided on the issue. The women, all hands amped to be introduced to a temporary covering to last until daylight came, when the hatch was thoroughly covered again.

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# CHILDREN PROVIDED

## IS DOUBT

### Children of provided

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