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DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION, AND LITERATURE.

VOLUME XXII. No. 10
MONTREAL \& NEW YORK MAX $20,1887$.
30 CTS. per An. Post-Paid.

NATIVE SCHOOLS IN INDIA.
Onr illustrations tell their own story. The contrast they presentis impressive and affeeting, a contrast not ouly with the schools with which the children of our favored land are familiar, but especially between those established by Christian love in India, and the parodies canducted by Hindoos or Mohammedan teachers. 'These have indeed claimed to care for education, and have established their schools in the towns aud villages, but these have been only for the boys, and the instruction has been most rudimentary, not to say ridiculous. What could be expected in the way of intellectual discipline or adrancement in such a village school as the one in our illustration? The pedagogne holds his class in the open air outside some mean hut, and his pupils sit upon the ground. His method of teacking, if itcan be dignified by that name, is dull, dry, mechanical, the scholar joining in a monotonous chorus of recitations fron some of the sacred bouks or possibly getting an intro. duction into the first pin ciples of the three $K$ 's Aud this education, rude as it is, is for the boys alone. The girls have not been thought wortby to bo eo favored, for as their religion teaches that they have 30 minds or souls, it would be a waste to send them to school.
Ihe intronuction of Christianity into India whered in a brighter day for woman. Before that there was no education at all for the entire female population, and now, aside from the efforts of Christian missionaries or those stiputs. lated by their exampla, the number of educated females is inconsiderable. A.correspondent from Allaliabad states that among the 44,000,000 natives of the north.west provinces of India not quite seven out of every 100 malet are learning or have leamed to rend, aud ouly 31,361 of the more than $21,000,000$ fe maies, and this by the census of 1881!
'The first achool for the education of Hindo fe males was formed by the wives of the Baptist mis-


INTERIOR OF THE SARAH TUOKER INSTITUNION, SOUTHERN INDIA.
of a school of the Church Missionary Society to be the refined, intelligent, cultiat Palameotta, in Southern India. Every- vated, and Christian women of India, are of thing.in the aspect of the school betokens themselves a sufficient answer to the cavilan intent interest on the part of the girls in ling and sceptical question, "Do foreign the work before them. They are attentive, thoughtful, intelligent, and reverent looking as any class of girls in any school. We are not surprised at the remark of the teacher, "As each girl receives her printed paper of examination questions you may see her beforeshe sits do wn, offer up a silent prayer for help with head inclined. The girls are very simple and prayerful, and in the five years we have been here there has not been a single case of misconduct to sad den us." Some of the girls still keep to their native habits and sit on the ground a they are writing their papers for examination. Schools like this, and the hundreds and

DOES PROHIBITION PROHIBIT?
Those opposed to prohibition are fond of quoting testimonies of men who have gone to Maine ostensibly to get the facts in regard to prohibition there, but really to get al the distorted facts they could find. Let us ton, quote a little testimony from the pen of an outsider: Mr. Locke of the Toledo Blade went to Maine with open eyes to wituess the working of prohibition. In answor tothe question, ${ }^{5}$ Does prohibition prohibit? he writes in the North American Review "I assert that it does, to a sufficient extent
to justify the action of the atates that hav to justify the action of the states that have made the experiment, and to encourage those who hope to extend over all the states. I, myself, made a tour of Maine, with a view to determining the fact for myself. I explored Port land, the largest city in the state, first. There is liquo sold in Portland, and plenty of it, and yet prohibition has been a pronounced, unequivocal success in that city. Prior to the enactment of the Dow law, some thirty years ago, there were 300 grog shops in the city. It was as drunken a city as any in the country, and its rate of poverty, crime and misery wasin exact propornon to the number and ex. tent of ifeliquor shops. In 1883, when I visited this city to determine this question for myself, there were four places only where the law was defied and liquor sold openly. There were some twenty other places where it was sold secretly, but there were only four open bars. They were in the eub-cellars under the four principal hotels, aud so intricate were the ways to them that a guide was necessary, and when you found them they were sorry places. $\boldsymbol{A}$ room twelve feet long by six in width, a cold, dismal, desolate room, lighted by one gas-light, and : absolutely without furniture. Ihere was not

MESSENGER
even a chair to sit upon, ouly a small bar, behind which were a few bottles of liquors, with the necessary glasses to drink from. Nobody ever penetrates these horrible places except the confirmed drinkers who must have their poison, and who dare not trust themselvès to keep it in their rooms, so discouraging was it when found, that a so discouraging was it when
Boston man with me remarked, 'Well, if this is not prohibition, it comes vory close to it. If I had to take all of this trouble to get a drink in Boston, and had no more pleasant place to drink in, I don't think that I should over drink.' This is the strength of probibition. In Portland there are no delightful places fitted up with expensive furniture, no cut glass filled with brilliant liquors, no bars of mahogany with silver railings, no mirrors on the wall, no luxurious seats upon the floor, nothing of the sort. If you want to get drunk in Portland you go where the material. is, and that only. You must go and find it; it is not trying to find you." Would that similar words could be written of every city in
the great state of Michigan.-Christian $\Delta d$ vocatc.

## FLASH.

BI JENNIE L. ENO.
"It's broken, Mibs L. Take it back."
A small brown hand held up a pledgecard wrapped in a bit of tissue, and such a tone of misery, shame, and despair rang in the words that $[$ hastened to say consolingly : "Nover mind, Flash ; I will get you an
other card if you will be more careful." other card if you will be more "careful." "Butit's brok
"Drinking. Flash !" I cried hotly ; for this boy, rough, dirty, ignorant as he was, had a place very near
hoped much for him.
hoped much for him.
brought into our little Weat-Side had been brought into our little West-Side mission,
and, though small and thin from want of and, though small and thin from want of proper food, was bright, cheerful, truthful, and so noticeably quick as to have earned for himself the name of "Flash" among his street comrades. As he stood leaning against the door in a hopeless way I looked doyn at him sharply, and saw great red
weltsall along his neok and running down woltsall along his neok and running down
under'his ragged collar. There were marks, under his ragged collar. hair partly hid a dark line across his forehair pa

Tell me about it, Wlash," I said, gently enough now.
"It's nothing," said he hesitatingly; "only
I did mean to keep my word. You know, I did moan to keep my word. You know,
ma'am, that Billy and I live with father down the alley there, and how father drinks and beats us when he chances to feel like it; and sometimes he brings the stuff home and tries to make us drink, but we never have since we promised till last night. He was powerful bad then. We heard him curs-
ing as he came up the stairs, and I'd just tinge to hide Billy before he came in. He had a big bottle full of something, and made me bring acup, and said that i should drink anyway. But I wouldn't a-drinked if he'd
killed mb, and he knew it, I guess, for he killed mb, and he knew it, I guess, for he
began asking for Billy, and said he wouldn't began asking for Billy, and said he wouldn't
be such au obstinate fool. I was hoping he wouldn't tind him, but he did. I tell you
I was afraid then. Billy's only six, but he's I was afraid then. Billy's only six, but he's
a lion. Father dragged him along by the a lion. Father dragged him aiong by the for him in a bottle. Billy told him that he knew what it was, and that he'd never drink it. Why, 'twould 'a'made your flesh creep
to 'a' heard him go on then. But Billy never gave in. His face was white, and his eyes got just like stars, and he wouldn't drink, rather choked him then till he was couldn't stand it, and gave up if be'd let Billy off. He made me drink ever so many times. He and I drank all there was in the bottle, and pretty soon he went to sleep on
the floor ; but my head didn't swim even. the floor ; but my head didn't swim even.
I picked Billy up and carried him awny and hid him. I can take care of Billy and he juedn't drink ; but I promised mother that I'd stick by father, and so I stays there. I
won't drink if I can help it, but my pledge is broke."
As Flash stood twirling his cap in his his future, such a hatrod sprang up in my heart against alcohol that I felt like calling on the whole temperance army to charge, and charge, and charge again on this most merciles
Banner.

## THE HINDOO GIRL.

A little Hiudoo girl was stolen from ho parents, taken to Calcutta, and sold as a slave. She was a sweet girl, and the lady
who bought her, having no children, took a fancy to her, and thought she would not make her a slave, but bring ber up to be companion; and she grew very fond of her Thelndy was a Mohammedan, and taugh the little girl to be the same. This went on until she was about sixteen years old, when, not how or caun into her mana, inuer and needed salvation. She was in great distress of mind, and went to the lady for comfort but she could not give her any; she could not tell her of a Saviour, but tried to amure er and make her forget her trouble. So he hired rope dancers and jugglers, and ried all the sports they are fond of in India to give her pleasure. But all were of no use. She remained as raiserable as ever.
The lady then sent for a Mohammedan priest, but he could not understand her disress. However, he took her under his care, which she dider many...pand; he told her to repeat them five times a day, and always turn to wards Mecca when she said them. She tried in vain to get comfort from these things: She felt there was no forgiveness no salvation there.
After three long years, the thought struck her, that perhaps all her sorrow of mind was a punishment for having left the faith of her fathers. So she searched out a Hindoo priest and entrealed him to receive her back to his Church, but he cursed her in the name of his god. She told him all her distress, but he would not listen till she offered him directed and then he undertook her case. He and fruit to a, certain goddess, and once a week to offer a kid of the goats for a all he told her, but got no relief; she found that the blood of goats could not take away sin, and often cried in deep distress, "Oh, I
shall die ! and what shall I do if I die with shall die ! and what shall ${ }^{\text {out obtaining salvation } 7^{\prime \prime}}$
At last, she became ill through distress, and the lady watched her with deep sorrow, fearing she would sink into an early grave. One day, as she sat alone in a room, thinking, and longing, and. Weeping, a bedwar that she talked of whatit she wanted to alk she met, and; in speaking to the beggar, used a word which means salvation. He said, "I think I have heard that word before." She eagerly asked, "Where? Tell me where can find that which I want, and for which I
am dying, I shall soon die, and oh, what am dying. I shall soon die, and oh, what
shall I do if I die without obtaining salvation ?" The man told her of a place where he poor natives had had rice given thom, and "there," he said, "I have heard it, and they tell of one, Jesus Carist, who can give
salvation." "Oh; where is He ? take me to Him," she said.
The beggar thought she was mad, and was going away, but she would not let him go without telling her more. She dreaded missing the prize which now seemed almost within her reach, "Well," he said, "I can tell you of a man who will lead you to Lesus," and he directed her to a part of the was once a rich Brahmin, but had given up was once a rich brabuias.
She set out that very evening in search of him, and went from house to house, inquirng of those she met where lived Maraput Christian, the man who would lead her to Jesus; but none could tell her. It grew late, and her heart was nearly broken, for she thought she must return as she came,
and die without obtaining salvation. She was jusi turning to go home when she saw a nan walking along the road, and thought he would try once more. So she asked man who would luad her to Jesus To he rreat joy, he showed her the house, and she net Maraput Christian at the door. She asked, with tears and anguish. "Are you
the man who can lead me to Jesus? Oh; take me to Him; I shall die, and what shall I do if I die without obtaining salvation ?" He took her in, and said, "My dear young friend, sit down, and tell me all." She told her history, and rose and then satd, "Now, oir, takeme to Jësus; you know where He is. was on earth, and that she might go to him was on earth, and that she might go to him was not bere, He was just as able to pity and was not bere, He was just as able to pity and
welcome her at the mercy-seat, so he said,
"Let us pray." As he prayed, the poor
Hindoo felt that she found that which the ong wanted-salvation, pardon and peace. This simple narrative touched my heart. It does so show the work of the Spirit in one who had never scen a Bible nor heard of the Gospel, or of Jesus, the simner's friend chere she was, in the midst of heathen nourniug for sin, and asking for salvation. the Good Shepherd was seeking this lamb,
before she sought Him, and He appointed before she sought Him, and He appointed
these means to bring her to His fold and to His feet. -Episcopal Recorder.
"How Moce Owest Thod my Lord?"
Think of this when you put your weekly offering into the Lord's Treasury on the ord's Day, especially if you have been absent on the two previous Sabbaths, " not grudguggly or of necessity." Can a man
really love Christ who spends 6 d . or 9 d . per week on tobacco, and gives 3d. per week to His cause, of whom he says, "He loved me, and gave Hitnself for me ?" Mr. Spurgeon, on one occarion, thus concluded a most seraphic discourse: "Ye are kings and priests unto your God. Then how much ought kings to give to the collection this morning? Say, 'I will giveas a king giveth to a king.'" This was after the manner of the Apostle Paul, who, after the exposition of the duc-

Whand bad beon prominsed to them ( (3:8:13:5.)
 that thelr Curistian lifo will be all joy aud
pence ? peace
II. II. Bread From heaven (va. d-12)--In
what hwo ways did God give them nsupply for their heeds? At whit time of the day uhl each
 his glory shown $9(\mathrm{v} .10$.$) Why? Duseribe filio$
 day
hilis
sup

 hhe Isrielites in the wilderness
spects is Jesus like this manua?

Lesson XI.-Juné 12.
the commandments.-ex. 20:1-11.

## GOLDEA TEXT.

Jesus said unto him, Thoushilt love the Lord.
hy God with all hy heart. -Math, $22: 37$. centhal TRUTH.
The sum of our duty hward God is to love

trine of the Resurrection, continues:-
"Now concerning the collection."-Presiy"Now concerning the collection."-Presbyterian Mcssenger.

## 

TMas.-Early in May, B.C. 1491 (or 1300). Placke-The Wilderness of sin. A drenry,
 Intronugiton.-lin the Wilderness of sin the
people began to suffer for food, and murmured
 In regoonse
ply of food

HELPS OVER HARD PLACES.
4. Rain buead fiom Heaven-culled "man-
nai." a small round hing, like hoar-frost." nu." "A small round thing, like hoar-frost."
"It, was ifke coriander seed, white, and ihe
taste or it was ilke wafers made of honey"



 day, so wa must conthanally was rest to Jusuy by
unose supplles of grace whith we reguire for the
 gathered cach morning. It would not keen
nnger, except that what was gathered Saturdis:


 In immense numbers by the hand They are
still found abundantiy in the spriug In the
descrts of Arabia Petrea, and the widerness
bowering Palestine and Esypt, when they pas
over these places in their ainual miur
 that hey came ni the appolnted bime, that
hliey passed direclly over the Hebrew canm,


 the cloud, to shuw hieln the greaness and
power of God, and that he sent the supply of food.

## QUESTIONS.

 journey on the map. Wh
reached in to-day's lessou?
of the incidents by the way?


## SCHOLARS' NOTES. <br> (Froin Interinational Question Book.) <br> Lesson X.-JUNu5. <br> the manNa.-EEX. $16: 1-12$. <br> GOLDEN TEXT. <br> Jesus said Johu $6: 55$. <br> SND <br> Jesus Chnist is the true bread from heuven.


 Plasers-Mount sluni. This moumain has
two peaks. On the highest, Moses maty have
 spoken to the people in the plain of lialah, bo-
fore it.

 wrote thom on tive tables of slone

## QUESTIONS

Inrbuductrons-'Prace the Journey of the
Iswelites frombere Widderness or Sin to Shat.
What hapened on the way When did they What happened on the way s When did they
rench slinil Deeribe the mountain, and the
place of Lheir encampuent?
SUBJ BCLI: OUR DU'TIES TOWARD GOD.



H. The Teg Commandments. - What other
mames are fiven to mese commandment




 What does it forbith When does anywhing
become our Godi Why is this command placed
irsiq






 breakin
meant


## LESSSON CALENDAR

## (Second Quarter, 15s7.)



## THE HOUSEHOLV.

## LYING TO CHILDREN.

If we were called upon to mention some universal fault amoug A merican parents we should say it was lying to children. By a lie we meau saying an untrue thing for the purpose of deceiving or for the purpose of making a child do, orstop doing something, parents say that which they know is false for the purpose of iuflacncing children's actions. by sarying there is no harm in that; it is only a white lie, etc.
It is' a queer thing that most children are born into his world with the iden that their parents will tell the truth. They take what is told them as so much gospel, yet it com-
monly happens that the first time they are monly happens that the first tune they are
deceived it is by the father or mother...f shocl to the moral nature is commonly at. tributed to "inherited tendencies to evil." The method of intheritance is not that
ally classed under that head, however. ally rlassed under that head, however. Lying to children is of most widely diver-
sified charcter ; it varies from the simple sified charncter; ; it varies from the sinple
statement, "I'll whip you, if you don't gtop that;" to an elaborate and intentional story in regard to the result of some action: We do not refer to those cases where a parent changes his mind for the good of the child.
The threat "If you don't be good I'll call a policeman" gets all its force from the fact that the clinlil partly believes the lie. Speak to a parent about the wrong of such a thing I am only in fun." That may he true, bit it is elso true that the child is leginning to underatand that his mother lied to him underatand that his mother hed to him
about something and her word is not to be about something and her word
depended upon. to do wonderful things, to take little ones out for a ride, and the whole list of vague
yet attractive delusious with which chiddren yet attractive delusious with which children
are persuaded, can only be called by cue are persuaded, can only be called by cue
name. Their effect on the child is seen in later years and the lessons in lying given by
mothern and fathers are daily used in busimothe
ness.
Christian parents, more than others, should feel the importance of letting their convernay, nay." In plain English, tell the iruth or eay nothing. Never tell the child auy. fhing which you know at the time to be false. sometime we may go nad visit anutie." Yon think, "yes; next year or the year You think, "yes; next year or the year
after." Put all the same you are lying to after." Phat al! the same yon are lying to
your child for you are making him think your child or you are making him thar perhaps it may be today or to morrow. that perhaps it may be th-day or to- morrow.
If he could read your thoughts nnd know If he could read your thoughts nnd know
that the visit was imaginary, perhaps ages that the visit was
away, as time flies for children, he would laugh at ynu. This knowledge on your part
makes the thing a pure and simple lie. This makes the thinga pure and simple lie. This
type of lie is the one to which Christian narents are most given. They make a half trulh to satisfy their own conscience and at the same time wholly deceive their.own off. spring. Verily they have a reward which is
of the bitterest kind, and the iron enters of the bilterest kind, and
their own souls years later.
When a child asks questions that you cau not answer, or do uot wish to answer, instead of telling falsela rods it is best to give real reasons. Not infrequently we have seen the most inquisid to say to them, "You are not wise enough yet to understand the answer to such aquestion.; when you are, you aball be told the whole truth about it."
When the questioning comes from the mere spirit of curiosity and a desire to have sone nue talk, there is a very easy escape shis ; ank is wanto think; ask why it wantstio kno
will soon be more than antisfed.
In most cases the remedy for lying is to tell the truth. What arevolution in family governwent this would make. Many a parent would feel completely shorn of power
if compelled to tell nothing but truth or if compelled to tell nothing but truth or else keep silence. Let mothers with young children examine their words for one day and sea how many of them would be classed
as lies if an impartial judge had them beas lies if a
fore him.
Deceiving clildren brings too frequently the habit of telling "white lies" to husbnnde and wives. Foolish lies, whish tend to produce a mutual distrust. The habit of it is not eradicated without great moral effort.
The value of truthfulness in the family is
worth all the effort it costs to obtain it, even
though there were no moral reasons for it. it tell it tels in a strange heart, "I believe every word,"
say is alone a reward which is beyond measure
When two children, equally earnest, make out decidedly different versions of an accident or quarrel, to be able to say confidently, "I believe my child becnuse he always tell me the truth," is a joy which can ouly come to a mother alout whom the child can say in return, "She never lied to me."-Cliild Culture.

## HEDGEHOG AND VIPER.

The hedgehog of Southern Europe is an inveterate enemy of the vipers which abound longe forests there. A forest guard, not long ago, had an opportunity to watch au hedgehogs and a viper. Seeing a particularly large sumke asleep in the sun, the guard larly large suake asleep in the sun, the guard
was appronching to kill it, when he saw a was approaching to kily it, when he saw a
helgehog creeping up upon the reptile over the soft moss
Assoon as the hedgehog had got within reach of the viper, it seized the reptile's tnil with its teeth, nud, quicker than thought, rolled iteelf up into a ball. By the time the viper had a wakened, it found nothing but a ball of sharp quills to fight against. It atruck vicionsly at the mass, but without tonching the hedgehog's skin.
Then the snake dragged its lody to itg full length, withont escape ; it writhed and turned, and then thrust itself again and again upon its enemy. At the end of five mimntes the snake was pierced and blecdig nroveral places. It fell exhansted to the ground, and after several throes and re
When it was satisfied that the viper was quite dead, the liedgehog quietly unrolled itself, and would undoubtedly have made a meal upon the suake if the guard had not approached. The liedgehog, seeing him, mainer thus until he had disappeared through the woods
The animal bad not killed the snake, but had compelled it to kill itself upon its sharp quills.
DRINKS AND FUOD FOR INVALIDS.
For the last three months 1 have been in olick room, jearning patience from the to please her opricions, appetite. The case was a very daugerous one of dysentery.
Ter, coffee, chocolate and cocoa became very distasteful to my mother at the beginning of hir illness. Sweet milk she could never driuk with any comfort, and buttermilk no one thought of trying.
A drink that pleased her was apple water. Take a tart, jnicy apple, and roast in the oldfashioned way before the fire. When thoroughly done, cut up in moderate sized pieces, skin, core and all, and if a medium sized apple, put in a cup and add half a pint of cold water. Will be stroug enough.
Mother's fancy for slightly acid drinks at last suggented buttermilk, and draining off the whey which always rises to the top, we
hronght her a cup full, thick and cold, and bronght her a cup full, thick and cold, and
found, much to our surprise,tbat she relished it hugely
Lemonadeshe could never drink with any comfort, although she was very fond of it, but one day she fancied she would like the juice from some canned pine-apple, and though we gave it at first with fear and
trembling, it did not hurt her at all, aral was trembling, it did not
Rice water was another favorite of hers, Boil the rice in the usual way until all done soft, then add a cupful of boiling water and stir for a few minutes. When it has boiled agnin, set off the fire to cool and settle, and when wanted for use, pour off the thick, starch-
A good drink may also be made by aplitting a handful of raisins, put in a cup, pour over them boiling water and let them stand for an hour.
Our physician recommended soft-boiled eggs, and we cooked them in this way : Fill
a coffee cup with boiling water, and let it stand until the cup is thoroughly heated, pour out this water, and fill again with boiling water, break into it a fresh hen's egg,
cover, and let it etand a moment, lift the cover, and let it stand a moment, lift the yolk of the egg upon a spoon, letting the white fall from it into the water, repeat this once or twice, till the white takes on a milky
appearance, then drain off the water in the

## cup, salt.

During the night when she wonld grow hungry, mother was fond of custard, and we nade it so: One and one-half cups of sweet milk, two eggs well beaten, and just nough sugar to make it slightly sweet tir altogether and set upon the stove, stir ring untilit boils. Of course, it is eaten cold
Katr Elicotr. - NURESER

## a Health talk in the nursery

 Nettie c. hall, m.d.Territorial Superintendent of Hygiene, Dakota
Health and temperance, which in it broadest seuse is the law of
When my little four year-old boy discovered the veins in my hands, I was obligel to lay down my pen, and give a plansible answer before his childish curiosity wonld be satisfied. On being told they were little rivers carrying blood, an exploration of his own chubby bands followrd, with the clelightful discovery that he, too, had those
"litle rivers" Of course a volley of queslittle rivers." Of course a volley of questions were fired at me with quiek succession, the first of "which was : "eat." "What do the little rivers carry what I eat to my, hands for ?" "To make them grow." "Does everything we cat make our hands grow?" In tbat way he soon learned that some kinds of food furnish better building material for his bodily house thay other kinds, and afterwards when incliued to ent oumething that was not suited to his child's stowach, I had no difficulty in inducing him to deuy himself, when remiuded of the work of the "little rivers." He does not want tea and coflec, because in our talks he bas learned that they hurry the nerve builders; but is a stannch friend of milk aud brown bread, and takes great interest in his food, and by this menns is learning to have power over his appetite; aud exercise self-control. On discovering a picture of a man drinking beer, his firot question was: "Does beer make my house grow?". On being told that the alcohol of the beer drank up the water in the "little rivers", and injured them, the voluntarily pledged himself against intoxicants, because he is indily tenement. His delight is unbounded, if, when taking a bath, he discovers in bome part of his body a vein beretofore unknown to him. I consider that here is a foundation for a desire to make his body a splendid creature, with every nerve steady, and every muscle trained to do his biddiug. His imagination makes the wonderful little builders very real, and the wonderful intentionally retard their pro. gress He is willing to retire early because his house is being built more rapicly while sleeping, and the very best work is doue the
first half of the night. We have even gone first half of the night. We have even gone to reverence the Creator of auch a wonderful building, and that it is a sin to abuse a house so costly and beantiful, because it is God's worknanship. Anl all this came about without "cramming" his mind. The after I had forgotten cour previous talk, and it was better to give the little philosopher a reanomable, satisfying auswer. He is a child of only ordinary inteliect, so I believe every fact and law of physical life can be taught the child very early, and physiology hecome a fairy tale to the imaginative child, and they are all such. Every W.C.T.U. Woman, for this reason, if no other, should at once owe it not only to yourselves and commu owe it not only to yolrselves and children, whose first years are spent entirely with you, and at a time, too, when lasting im. you, and at a time, too, when lasting im-
pressions are made; the early iapiessions pressions are made, the eary lupon which enter into is built. Some one has likened the knowledge acquired in maturity to paint and whitewahh.一Union Signal.

## SEASONABLE ADVICE

The Boston Journal says: "A dolln's worth of whitewash now will save lots of discomfort and bad smells, if not actus1
sickness and doctor's bills a few weeks later ickness and doctor's bills a e ew weeks later.
Take one day down cellar to throw out Take one day down cellar to throw ont and carry away all dirt, rotten wood, decaying vegetables and other accumulations that
have gathered there ; brush down cobwebs, have gathered there; brush down cobwebs,
and with a bucket of lime give-the walls and and with a bucket of lime give the walis and
ceiling a good coating of whitewash. No ceiling a good coating of whitewash, No
matter if you don't understand the basiness ;
no matter if you have not got a whitewash wife bas worn out and apread it on thick and strong. It will sweeten up the air in the cellar, the parlor and the bed chambers (if your cellar is like the ordinary farmhouse cellars) and it may save your family from the allictions of cevers diphtherisand doctors while the as woll coat of it. It will be a grod thing for the coat of it. It w
fowls, if you do.

For disiufecting purposes and to keep out vermin, add to every pail of whitewash two
pounds of copperas, dissolved in hot water.

A Sprces- box filled with small tios is the best thing in which to keep spices, but one may be devoted to a mixture which is in just the right proportion for flavorin ${ }_{h}$ spiceheaping tablespoonfuls of ground cinnamon, one heaping one each of clove and mace, and one even one of allspice. Sift together and keep covered.

## RECIPIDS.

Baken Swert Potators.-Peel sweat pntatoes; cut in larke slices, put into a baking dish, with plenty of butter, a little water and a lump of sugar ; bake till mo
which they are cooked.
 ne teaspoonful of one quart of gour milk add one teaspoonful of soda, three erge, two tahle-
apoons of lard or butter, une tablespoonful of sugar, $\Omega$ piach of walt, a handful of wheat dour batter ; bake in dripping pan.
Gbaham Warha - Brsout-One pint of Graham flour, one quart of loniling milk, one
teaspoonful of salt. Salt the flour and mix with the milk into an soft a dough is yaur mix andle roll half an inch thick, cut into romed cakes, lay in buttered pans and buke in the hottest oven

## Potato B

Potato Bafics. - Four large menly potatoes cooked and cold ; mash with two ounces of fresh
butter, one half teaspoonful of salt, a sprinklen of butter, one hal teasponfin of salt, a spankin of
cayenne, a tablespon of milk or cream, and the beaten yolk of ono egg; rub together five
mintes; shape into balls the size of a walnut; minutes; shape into balls the size of a walnut; cover with well beaten agg and aifted
crunbs ; fry in butter, lard or bacon fat.

## Iunchion ron Invalids.-A nice way to

 prepare a very light lunch for invalids (mal to be taken with a cip of weals tea, is to toasethrea milk crackers, then pour boiling water over them, draining it off immediately, spread jan or marmalade over tham, and pile them up; set them into the oven while you make the tea, and take both to the sick man, and it will
Dovannurs. - Take one cup of sweet milk pht in a pan on the stove to wrim, add to it half Acup of butter and one cup of sugar, haat the
milk just enough to welt the butter, hien add mike just elongh to welt the butter, hien add sponge, such as you use for bread, stir this very lightly (not well, though), set in a warm place to rise; wheu well pulfed up mix dnwn quite stiff and set to rise agan, when vary light turn curefully out, handle as lit le as possible. Cut in pieces and drop in the lard when hot enough-a small potato peefled and put in the boiling fat
will keep them from cooking ton brown. This is a reliable recipe if the diractions are closely followed. Use any flavoring desired.

## PUZZLES.

riddle.
am lovely in color, though harsh in my song, But I minic the mnsic abont me
o judges of every dogree $I$ bething,
And no jury's complete without me
am seen in Amırica at my best,
Though my home is in far off Japan ; in jest,
So beware, as my words you scan.
ruzale.
The end of every living thing, The centre of the carth, And twins who dwell in Rnssian land,
Though not of Russian birth.
These make a carpet soft and neat
Some think it good enough to eat.
conondrums.
Why are weevils like carpets? They are metimes ingrain.
What will make a pin industrious? $S$ will Who a pingpin. What number is that to which if you add
omothing tho sum will bo nothing? something the sum
NSWERS TO PUZZLES IN LAST NUMBER. Acrosic.-Inltinls, Renten.
Lupchables, Fihaly, Himeont.
Brblioal Worth SRUARE.
$\begin{array}{llll}1 & d & 0 \\ D & 0 \\ D & a & r \\ 0 & A & 8 \\ 0 & 1 & e & b\end{array}$
Mrssing Mountains.-Hartz, Ural.


The Family Circle.

## OUT AND INTO.

 "IIt brenghDeut. vi $i=22$
Oit nif the distrace and darkness so deep, Out of the settled and perilous sieep;
Out of the region and shadow of death, Out of its fonl and pestilent breath; Out of the bondage and wearing chains, Out of companionshig ever with stain,

Into the light and glory of Goo,
Into the holiest, made clean by blood; ;
Into the scene of ineffable bliss;
Into the quiet, the infinite calm,
Into the place of the song and the panlm. Wonderfill love, that bas wrought all for me:
Wonderful work, that has thus set mefree ! Wonderful work;, that has thus set me free! Wonderful ground upon which I have com
Wonderful tenderness, welcoming homal

Out of disaster and ruin complete,
Out of the struggle and dreary defent; Out of my sorrow and burden and sh.
Out of the evils too feariful to name: Out of the evils too fenriul to name;
Out of my guilt, and the criminal's Out of the dreading, the terror, the gloomInto the sense of foriviveness and rest,
Into inheritance withill the blest,
Into a rightenus and permanent peace,
Into the grandest and fullest releas Into the comfort without an alloy, Wonderful holiness, bringing to light! Wonderful grace, purting aill nut of sight !
Wonderful wisdom, devising the way! Wonderful wisdorn, devising that nothing could stay !
Out of the horror at being alone, Out, and forever of being my own:
Out of the hardness of heart and of will, Out of the hardnoess of heart and of will,
Out of the longing which nothing world fill;
Out of the bitterness, madness and strife, Out of myself, and of all I called life--

Into comminion with Father and $\mathrm{Son}_{\text {, }}$
Into the sharing of all that Cbrist won
Into the ecstacies fnll to the brim,
Into the laving of all things with Him
Into Christ Jesus, there ever to dwell, Into more blessings than words e'er can tel
Wonderful lowliness, draikent my curd Wonderful purpone, that ne'er'gave mẹ inp Wonderful pationce, enduring and vtrong! Wonderful glory, to which I belong!
Out of my poverty, into His wealth, Out of my sickness, into pure henlth Out of the false, and into the true,
Out of the old man, into the new; Out of what measures the fall depth of " Lost." Out of it all, and at infinite cost!

Into what must that cost correspond,
Into that which there is nothing beyond,
Into the union which nothing can part,
Into what satisfies His, and my, heart;
Into the deepest of joys ever had-
Into the gladness of making God giad I
onderfu' Person, whom I shall behold!
Wonderfu' Person, whom I shall behn
Wonderfu, story, then all to be told!
Wonderfu all the droad way that He trod I
Wonderful end, He has brought me to God - Épiscopal Recorder.

DR. BROMLEIGE'S WIFE.

## by NED aWen.

Blue blond flowed through the veing of the Bromleighs, and for many geuerations il had been their pride and delight to refer to the genealogical tree. Its branches had been aymmetrical and fair, as far as the Brom. leighs of Bromleigh Street knew.
lunning north from."The Corners" was an avenue about one mile in length. At the lower end of the avenue stood the town house, the church, a school-house, the principnl store and post-afice, and the academy buildings.
Prof. Grant resided just north of the academy and Dr. Bromleigh nearly oppo-
site, a few rods farther up Rev. Mr. Hines, site, a few rods farther up Rev. Mr. Hines,
and next door to him dwelt. Squire Bromand next door to him dwelt squire Brourdoctor's cousin. Mr. Jameson, a retired college professor, whose wife belonged to the same fanily, came next, and his son-inlaw lived a litlle frither up the street. A few others, nennly all of whom were well-to
do farmers, were scattered along here and do farmers, were scattered along here and
there. Their fathers and grandfathers had lived there, if not from time immemorial, certainly ever since they found their way through the woods by marked trees and
-their prandmothers and great grandmothers -their grandmothers and great grandmo
went to Boston mounted on pillions.
A road crossing the street at right angles formed "The Corners." A small store, blacksmith's shop, a public. house, and vacant lot were all that was to be seen ther
for many years, The town was then in its glory. There was nothing plebeian about it; but the time came when an advent urer,
as he was ternied by the old residents, bought as he was termed by the old residents, lought
a few acres of land just below the village, a few acres of land just below the village,
built himself a house soon after, hrought along his family, and, erecting a small manu. factory, prepared to utilize a water po
that had been allowed to run to waste. that had been allowed to run to waste.
After a few years, and but a few, when the business had grown to fair proportions, conisidering the amount of push that had been put into it, Mr. Jenks became suddenly possessed of a fortune and desired to leave the place in great haste. A purchase orders pouring in as fast as usual, everything would have gone on well had the new proprietor possessed the requisites necessary ror success, Instead ho wa family were suddenly bereft of their main. family were suddenly berert of their maia
stay and support, and before Mrs. Bromleigh stay and support, and before Mrs. Bromenigh
and her six children could begin to realize and hersix children could begin to realize
the desolateness and incomparable sorrow the desolateness and incomparable by a totally unlooked-forcondition of things. There were some bills to collect and the fine old house and everything connected with it was theirg, but not much eles. Many of the bills were of long standing and were worthless, for Dr. Bromleigh drove over hill and dale, never refusing aid, though he
were oftentimes a blankless task.
The Bromaleigh mothers and daughters had always been supported and protected:
In this family the eldest son was a boy of sixteen, eager to some day follow in the footsteps of father and grandfather, the Willic, the third, who was thirteen, was ace. tive at play as well as work, avid stood well tive at play as well as work, aud stood well
in school. There was a little girl of eleven in school. There was a who, though mentioned last, retained her place as head of the bouse.
Poor Mrs, Bromleigh! One after another the relatives gave advice. "Helen," said the squire, "the two oldest boys must go to
our Boston cousins, or to Now York to their our Boston cousins, or to Now York to their
uncle Coarles. . It will be but a few ycars uncle Charles. It will be but a few. ycars
before they will be men. In the meafitime before they will be men. In the meaftime
collect.the bills and get-along onmehotw.... "My hoys, my little hoys," she called them though the younger could look over the head of his mother, "go to New York!"
And-well, she conjured up a picture fs. And-well, she conjured up a picture fa.
miliar to many a broken-hearted woman. miliar to many a broken-hearted woman,
"No, never! Something shall be done to No, never : Somett
feed nnd clothe us."
Visitors by the score, but no boarders, had ever desecrated Bromleigh Street, but, as a dernier resort, Mrs Bromleigh settled it in her mind. It seemed to be the ouly thing.
She had read of gentlewfomen who had She had read of gentlesvonen who had
opened their houses during the summer opened their houses during the summer
months, and surely Bromleigh was a dear months, and surely Bromleigh was a dear
old place where people would love to come.
"Mamma, Mr. Prince has failed and his business is all shut up. I heard them talkbusiness is at athe uost-office", said James when he came in to tea the evening of the when he came in to tea the evening of the day that
"Yes; and twenty men and women with nothing to do," said Willie.
"When I was coming from sclool," ex. claimed Katy, "Mrs. Harris, said, 0 Oh , we lost a friend when you lost yourffather, and
it's many a loaf your poor tiother has sent it's many a loaf your poor nother has sent
us too, and what well do now is more than Is too, and what we'll do now is more than on the boxes or something."
"Is there no way for him to start again?" asked the mother.
"The foreman says Mr. Prince is so dissipated he will not try again, aml 'it can' be
bought for a mere song', the men wera say ing." "Po

Poor things ! and no way to earn a liv g," thought Mrs. Bromleigh.
James went on, "The foreman managed every thing and they made money fast, only Mr. Prince went to
gambled, they say."
Mrs. Bromleigh suddenly looked at her boys, exalaiming in almost her old vivacious way, "We'll do it !".
"Do what "" they a
"Buy out the buainesa s
"Buy out the business; keep the foreman and all the poor hands!
"Are you crazy, Helen?" exclaimed gradma.
"Crazy,
cor days." but I have been nearly so or days."
And then the whole story was discussed in family conclave, To grandma it was
dreadful. "A Bromleigh, and a woman!"
"Helen, you must not think of it!"
"Is it not worse to send my boys out in the world at their tender age and leave the est of us here scrimping and saving, and perhaps, atter all, eating up our
Various projects were discussed
Various projects were discussed; the pos greatly dwelt upon by grandma
"Bat I will not fail", said the daughte With eight to support I cannot fail."
The children were eager to help. It was not as dreadful to them as to the elder Bronleighs, who, from far and near, were
terribly scandalized. "One of their number terribly scandalized., "One of their number and a woman, too!" "Had she taken leav tent herself to send out her boys, as was fit ting and perfectly proper under the circumtances? And if ' worst came to worst,' per haps she might board some of their city friends during the summer."
"Such buginess, too! Who ever heard o uch a thing, manufacturing boxes and desks, running sa
mers and nails?"

A woman!"
ad never before such a terrible calamit "Helen, the doctor's wife- why amily. "Helen, the doctor's wife-why, she was
he very last one you would expect to step ut of her proper sphere !"
These are only a few of the things said by the dear relatives, who feltat perfect liberty to adyise and interfere. Nothing but mo-ther-love and pity for the twenty or more from whom the bread was about to be taken ace and eyes of such appeals, to have gon steadily on.
The shop was opened almostimmediately, and Mrs. Bromileigh found that a woma could as easily learn to manage a little business as the complicated affairs of a house hold. She was very fortunate in retaining with all of the details. Girls were ens. ployed, and her own Katy, emulating the noble mother, trok her place at a bench and for a part of each day pasted and glued with
as much alacrity as anyone there and conas much alacrity as anyone there a
tinued her studies at the same time
The boys surprised every one by their mechanical gevias as, well as their perterer ance. James had expected to give up al thought of college, but after they were fairly started in business he worked and sludied, studicd and worked, and dreamed on of a time when he could hope to fill the place left vacant by his father. Willie studied and worked, but hee enjoyed the idea of business, and grandma could not help shaking her head at his plebeinn taste and "both sides of the house Bromleigh ${ }^{\text {, }}$ too," she often eaid:
"A tiller of the soil, when he cultivated ncestral acres, was eminently respectable," but she hoped their: boys would choose a profession:- Grandma'g life had been such she did not know that' with her antig
notions she undervalued honest labor.

## Five years have passed. It is no

venture Mrs Bromleigh has proved woman can do almost what she will, if she tries. The business was never better and a thorough success from a pecuninry point
of view. James has worked well, and realzing . the is nothing to is now where he has so longed to be, devot ing his whole time to study. Grandma and and some of the other Bromleighs think he may redeem the family after all.
The years of financial prosperity, that have in no way affected the graciousness and real ladybood of the prime mover, have done something to reconcile them to the tep taken. Katy, a finely-educated young lady, disdains to forsake her mother and a boy born and bred to it. Willie insists that mother must wholly retire from it when he is twenty-one, though she thinks three or four hours only that she spende' from home each day do not interfere at all with her aystematized work there, The others
have done their part, and whatever the rest of the' Bromleighs may say, the doctor's wife and children think themselves ennobled by their honest efforts to make a living.-Illustrated Christian Weelhy.

## SAVED BY A HYMN. 42

A party of Northern tourists formed pari of a large company gathered on the deck of an excursion steamer that was moving
Blowly down the listoric Potomac one beau. tiful evening in the summer of 1881. A gentleman had been delighting the party
hymns, the last baing the sweet petition,
so dear to every Carietian heart, "Jesms; Thot my boul.
The singer gave the firet two verses with much feeling and a peculiar emphasis upon the concluding lines that thrilled every that was not broken for some seconde after the musical notes had died away. Ther a gentleman made his way from the outskirts of the crowd to the side of the singer, and accosted him with-
"Beg your pardon, stranger, but were you "ctively engaged in the late war?"
"Yes, sir," the man of song anstrered, "urteously; "I fought under Gen. Grant." omething like a sigh, "I did my fighting on the other side, and think, indeed a:n quite sure, I was very near you one btight night eighteen years ago this very manth. It was much such a night as this. If I am not mistaken you were on guard duty. We and south had sharp business on hand, near your post of duty, my murderous weapon in my hand-the shadows hid me. Your beat led you into the clear light.
Your beat led you into the clear nigat. humming the tune of the hyma yon have just sung. I raised my gun and aimed at your heart, and I had been selected by our commander for the work becauie I was a
sure shot. Then, out upon the night floated the words-

Wover my defenceless head
Your prayer was answered. I couldn't fire after that. And there was no attack made upon your camp that night. I felt sure,
when [ heard you sing this evening that you were the man whose life I was spared from taking.
The singer grasped the hand of the
Southerner and snid with much emotion, "I remember the night very wall and distinctly the feeling of depression and loneliness with which $I$ went forth to my duty. I knew my post was one of great danger, and I was more dejected than I remember to vico 1 at any other time dining the eervica . pheen mp honely allat, thasies of denr. Then the thought of God's care for all that He has craated care to me with peculior force If He socares for mparrow
 image ; and I sang the prayer of my heart, and ceased to feel alone
"How the prayer was nswered I never knew until this evening. My Heavenly Father thought best to keep the knowledge from me for eighteen years. How much of his goodness to us we shall be ignorant of
until it is revealed by the ligbt of eternity Jesus, lover of ray sonl, has been a favorite hymn ; now it will be inexpessibly dear.
This incident was related to the writer by lady who was one of the party on the steamer.-Friondly Grectings.

## AN UNFORTUNATE ANT

Once, when putting some scrips in a scrap-book, a drop of the sweet mucilage fell upon a piece of paper. Presently an ant came crawling toward $i t$, doubtless attracted by its sweetnesg. It reconnoitered around the drop a while, as if to make sure of no danger in it: Then it went up to the oweet morsel, planted its front feet Pairly on its edge, and then applied itself vigorously to the task of devouring the sweet. It was a: warin summer day. The atmosphere was very dry; and between the voraciongesess of the ant and the atmosphere the edges of that drop of mucilage soon became dry and stiff : Shortly after I wished to put that very piece in the book, and when picked it ap I found the ant a prisoner. The very thing he thought so good; faid in which he saw no harm, proved his death; for when I tried to get him looge his front legs parted from his body ; and as an act of mercy I put him to death.
Foolish ant! do you say? But hold! There are many just such foolish ants in human shape. Boys and men may ree no harm in arbocialdaglass or the associations of the haints of vice. They may see no harm They may вee no harm-yea, even deem it a virtue-to be wholly absorbed by worldly
cares and the gratification of worldly decares and the gratification of worldly desires. But these are all subtle, deceptive gum-drops of death. Flee from them be fore they harden npon you and you are
ruined forever.-W. Wane, in London

## THE TOUCAN.

The toucan, so called from his peculiar cry, which is somewhat like the word Tu cano, is a native of America, and is handsome, so far as bright coloring is concerned, thonuh he is clumsy in form.
Often all the hues of the rainbow are to be seen in the plamage of a single bird ; and even the huge benk shares in these lovely tints, thougg here they are liable to coange,
and frequently grow dull and even fade quite away.
The toucans live in the woods, sitting on the branches of the trees sometimes in large numbers, amusing themselves by encing
with their great beaks, which clatter loudly in the mimic fight; ; while the forest re--
sounds with the hoarse shouts of the excited sounds
bird.
Their food is varied according to the season. They are very fond of oranges and guavas, and often do so much harra among the orchards that they are
At At another time of the year when the rain thas soltened these birds break them up,
white ants white ants, these birds break them up,
and, like hungry creditore, send in a and, like hungry creditors, send in a
long bill, spallowing thousands of long bill, swallowing thousands of
ants with a keen relish, which, perants with a keen rensu, which, per-
haps, the stings of the creatures only haps, the stings of the
serves to stimulate.
Bert the toucans, not content with But the toucang, not content with
fruit and ants, will also eat mice and fruit and ants, will also eat mice aud
sruall birds, killing them in an insruall birds, killing them in an in stant with one or two squeezes of
the eaormans beak. When tamed, the eaormnus beak. will eat bread,
these curious birds will these curious birds will eat bread,
boiled vegetables, eges and meat, but boiled vegetables, egfes and meat, hut fied with the friendly offering of a fied with the friendly
mouse or a little bird.
mouse or a little bird.
When retiring.to rest, the toucans When retiring. to rest, the toucans
show, by the care they take of their show, by the care they take of their
benks, how great is the value which benks, how great is the value which
they set upon them ; for they rest they set upon them; for they rest
them upon their backs, hiding them them upon their backs, hiding them
in a perfect nest of bright-colored in a perfect nest of bright-colored
feathers, which is-made yet thicker feathers, which is -made yet thicker
and softer by the tail being doubled and softer by the tail being doubled
over it, till the birds look like a mere over it, till the birds look like
bundle of gorgeous plumage.
The toucan is not difficult to tame, but he is hardly a pleasant pet, in spite of his gaydress, for he is greedy and rapacious; very noisy, too, with his clattering beak and harsh cries. Then, also, the creature has the habit of bringing up his food half-di-' might-say, fenther-henden, when your father gested, and going through the process of brought me to. Eilgetown. I'm only a eating it over again ; which, however de- walking headache now." lightful from a toucan point of view, makes him a somewhat undesirable companion.
On one occasion a greedy toucan belonging to a naval officer, killed himself by eating too many ball-cartridges on board a man. of-war.
Odd as is their appearance, they have a great hatred of birds which they think are uglier thau thenselves, and will "mob" any unfortumate one that they fall in with. -Child's Companion.

## HESTER'S DILEMMA.

bi charlotte m. packard.
"It is all wrong," said Hester, leaning heavily on the ironing-board, "all wrong now, and t
She looked wistfully at the sunsbiny blue beyond which we are accustomed to think lies unclouded light. Heaven seemed far away from the clean, shady kitchen and the work her deft fingers turned off so rapidly, yet henven had stooped very near to her
soul in that identical spot but a year or two soul in
since. since; " $I$ m a church member, and so there is no one to help me a grain. Father is deacon, and the ministers put up at this house. That makes certainty sure," she added rather
bitterly. "Who would suppoge that I am in suffering need?"

Hester resumed her task, and the thud of the iron betrayed mental disquiet, though the Sunday linenshone like a tranquil spirit. "I have it now !" exclaimed bhe, after an interval of silence only: broken by the noisy clock in the corner, The Mother wante some
herbs and roots for her cordial ; they grow herbs and roots for her cordial ; they grow
in Mr Elder's woods, and I shall find him in Mr ,

Settling this point satisfactorily, she moved quickly on her preparations for din.
ner, when a feehle step on the stair arrested
her attention, and turning she saw first a who will not be coaxed or chidden into head bound in a yellow handkerchief, then the tall, gaunt form of Mrs Dencon Rice.
"Why, mother!?
"Yee, it's me; Hetty. My feet areas cold as stones, and I want to
The spenker's voice was fretful with chronic pain Fer face, sillow and sharip; had been puiffy and pink, like the apple blossouss nt the door; but those springs which renew the bud and Hower in mature had almost forgotten her May-time. The daughter attended to such -little offices as were expected of her, al ways cheerfully yielded when " mother's headache" made its weekly visit. She made fresh tea, bathed the throbbing temples with hot water, and said with an accent of real thankfulness, "I never had a bad ache in my life," passing over the mental struggle, into which Mris Rer the mental strug.
The elder woman sighed. "If you live to have $n$ family of eight children and then to havery half of them yon'll tell a diferent story, I was young and smart, and, you
good-nature.
A fragrant day in April, sweet with the its soft sky wandering breeze trails before clouds that a sun. Hester hice is not slow to accept any message, the All. Father dictates, and her spirits rise as she drops the weight of home care. The precious herbs whose use is time honored anong country folk are easily procured, and with a basket laden she reaches the "west lot" as Mr. Elder, who Shuizes her far away, comes to greet her. Shrewd, kindly, spiritual, a man to whom Confidence flows unasked, save as his ready ympathy invites, wise in the things of the life to come, but never overlooting the affairs of this world, Heman Elder is an unordained minister, an unconscious leader to whom many souls turn for strength. Hester Rice is his Sunday-school scholnr, his jittle friend who stauds in place of the treat him with less spontaneous frankness indeed.
"What now, Hester "" inquired, after

"Do you think I an be that, Mr. Blder ? Mother always says such a great, hearty girl ought not to think of nerves or talk about overdoing. She is afraid Lily has her constitution and will break down early, but she laughs if father hints at my wearing out. She is afraid [ may take notions.: "Selfish as ever!" ejaculated Mr. Elder inwardly. "And Lily is as like her as blancmange is like the mould. Who wants hlanc-mange for daily bread? Bah!"
"There is one remark, Hester," he said seems commonplace. God is very good to us when he forbids us the thing we ask of him, sometimes. When I was a young fel. low-lots of years ago - I wanted to tuarry the prettiest girl in church, and for a short season I felt that the work turned dark when she preferrerl another man. Scarcely a week of my life goes by that I am not thanking God anew for that loss and the gain I found it to be. Perhaps you have set your heart on some treasure out of set your heart on some treasure out of
reach which would turn to dust in your reach which would turn to dust in your
hands, and the dear Lord knows it. You hands, and the dear Lord knows it. You you are sore with carrying a hurden yon dare not trust him with." Mr. Elder did not glance at the flushed
and disturbed face beside hins ; the and disturbed face beside hini; the ras he inferred from Hester's silence as he inferred from Hester's silence and the nervous working of her hande, kuottivg up and sumoothing down her shaw a serious duty.
were were a serious duty.
"So,". resumed
whom, a resumed this wise friend Whom a young girl could safoiy
rely upon, "t the work and the worry rely upon, " the work and the worry together are too mach for your
faith, and the devil wants you to faith, and the devil want
doubt Gid and yourself."
"How do youl know things?" The very tone of Fester's voice spoke relief, and the sunshiny glance of her brown eyes showed that already her healthful nature was asserting itself. "I have watched you grow up,
my girl, and one does not live fifty years without learniug a bit of human nalure. Young creatures are a goord deal alike and all need to he stroked the right way once a year at lenst. Have you seen my pretty colt? Here she comes for a lump of sugar."
After a little frolic with Brownic Hester lifted her basket to return
home, "What is the last word you have for me ?" she askel rather shyly, yet with perfect confidence, as if the message were inspired.
"Keep good heart ; and when you carry a matter to your Heavenly Father give it up don't bear it away ayain."
"Perhaps you will have a call from me soon," added Mr. Elder, as she hurried across the field and turned to nod good-bye once more.-Illustrated Ohristian Weekly.

TEN CDNTS AND A MORAC.
Here in a silver dimoj my gon 1
Looks like lead, it is blackened so; Not a bit like the shining one I dropped in my pocket $\Omega$ week ago. Dingy? Xes. Don't you think it strange
It should lose its sheen in so short a time Would you like to know how crme this change For the worse to a bran new silver dimal
The cause is simple and easily told,
But lay it to heart, 0 son of mine !
See if it does not a moral hold
For a bright brave boy with a wish to shine
I draw from my pocket a copper centSee, there is the secret ; the silver dime,
Dropped in this pocket by accident Dropped in this pocket by accident,
Has rmbbed against copper all this time.
And the cent is never a whit more white
Nor improved at all by its company, While the silver dime comes out less bright, And its value is questioned, as youn
Now the moral for boys is very clear. You see it, my son? Well, Iay it to heart; And see, I drop the silver here And the copper there ; let them be apart. I'reasure Trove.

Tar Young Chinese Emperor, Kuang Hsu, who is only sixteen years old, formally assumed the reins of government on Febru. ary 7 th. The same day that saw him inFrom this time be is nimost a marriage. From this time he is aimost a prisoner of state, as etiquette forbids that he should venture outside his palace or be looked up-
on by vulgar eyes.
a flight with the swallows.
by emma mabbialti.
(Chilinen's Priend.)
Canprer VI.-(Continued).
"I hope Trene will be nice," Constance said ; "and then there is another girl coming. We forget that."
Crawley this morning to look at the Villa Firenze; it is all in nice order for Mrs. Achesou, and there are two good Italian servanta, hesides Stefano and his wife, who, being an Puglishwoman, understands the
ways of the Enplish thoroughly, especinlly ways of the English thnroughly, especially
of invalide, so l hope the travellers will be of invalide, $n$ l hope the
pleased when they arrive."
"What is the girl's name? do you remember, gramie '"
whes, her name is Dorothy. I bew her ber she hal beantiful silky hinir, she was a pale, delicate child."
"Dear me!" gaid Constance. "Every one reema to he delicnte. Irena Packing. ham is eoming becalle of a cough, and so is ham is coming becanze of a cough, and so is
Mrs. Acheson, nud really the ouly stroug ones
of a very shoit frock and wide aash, came in with a shout, which wonld have shaken the nerves of any one less accustomed to children than Lady Burnside.
Behind him came Ella, with a little work. hasket in her hand, with which she went up to Constance's couch, and seating herself there, took out her little hit
Bahy Bob took possession of his grand mother, and she had to go over one of his picture books, and tell for the hundredth time the story of Mother Fubbard, which, illustrated with large colored pictures, was Baby Bob's great favorite.
He would ponder over the pictures with wondering interest, and wish that the dog had not cheated, and made beliave to be dead, because no good people or dogs could chent. Crawley said so, and Maria said so, and Willy said an-Willy heiug the great authority to which Baby Bob always referred in any difficulty.
Willy was doing his work for Mr. Martyn in the stuly, and making up for lost time. This was his general habit. He would put off his lessous to the last moment, and then,

## French

"Well, that's nothing," said Crawley "for I can talk French after my fashion, just because [ have lived with my dear mistress out of England so long. But there's another Sittle lady coming, you know." Her mamma knew your manma. She used to be a pretty crenture, and Ldaresay ghe's like aer."
"She mayn"t be like ber, for grannie eay reve inn't like Aunt Eva. I want to sed er. 1 wish to morrow would come."
And Baby Bob murmured from bis little bed in the corner, "Wish 'morrow would come.'

## Cgapter VII.-Villa Firenze.

To morrow came, and brought with it the tired travellers, who arrived at San Remo, after a night journey from Marseilles, as ugleby said, "more dead than alive."
This was a figure of speech on Ingleby' part, but there is no douht that the two sleepy, tired, way-worn children who were lifted out of the carriage which had been sent to the station to meet them, gave very little sign of life, or interest in what hap
pened.
her own bed, and the
iften, and s
"Lork! you have the anme hit of ribhon. pull it!"
Dorothy did as the was told, and to her delight the net was raised in a pretty festoon.
"Isn't it funny?" she said; "what can the curtains be for? Are they just for prettiness?"'
"No, for use ; they are mosquito curtains ; and I remember sone very like them in ndia,"

## "What are mosquitos?"

"Little gnats, very; very thin and amall, but they sting dremifully, and especially at night, and make big bumps on your forebend, and the curtains shut them out. ] hould like to get up now," Irene said ; "for I ought to go to gramie."
"Oh, I don't want you to gn to your granuie ; you must stay with me."
" I don't think that would do," Irene said, "for father wished me to live with graunio and the consins"
"I'm so sorry," Dorothy exthimed, " for I kuow I shan't jike he cousins. I think


A VIhtace Native mindoo sCHOOH,-See first mage.
are the boys. I suppose Irene takes after Annt Eva in being delicate?"
Aunt Eva in heing delicate?"
"Yes; her father thonght she would do Yell ; her father thonght she would do
well to escape the fogs of London, and have well to escape the fogs of London, and have
the advantage of the sunshine here ; but I the advantage of the sunshine here; but I
bope we shall send her back in the spring hope we shall send her back in the spring
quite well."
"Take her back, graunie, say "take her "Take her baek, gramnie, say " take her
back,' for I should so like to go to England." back,' for I should solike to go to England."
Lady Burnide shook her head. "I do Lady Burnide shook her hend, "I do
not thituk I shall return to England next spring with the swallows. What a flight that is!" she said, looking out of the wiadow, where a loug line of birds could be seen flying across the blue sea.
"Happy birid," said Constance, wearily "I wish I conld fy with them!"
Lady Burnside made no rejoinder to this, and ant knitting quietly by the wand fire, which was pleasant at sunset, when the chill is always great in southern countries. After half an hour's quiet, there were sounds of coming feet, and Baby Bob, in all the glory
as he said, "Clear them all off in a twinkling." Willy was clever and quick at everything, hut this way of getting over work is not really satisfactory. Time and thought is necrssary to faston what is learned on the mind, and what is gathered up in haste, or, rather, so wn iu haste, does not takedeep roat.
That night, when Ella was getting ready for bed, she consulted Crawley about the new comer.
"How is it wo know so little of the cousin, Crawley ?"
"Well, my dear, her papa married a lady who thinks schools and all that sort of thing necesonry. At least, that's what your dear grandmamma has told me, and I daresay you'll find little Miss̨ Packiugham very forward with her books. So you must make hasto and learn to read better. For you are
getting on for eight years old."
Ella sighed.
"I can read," she said, ". and I can speak

Canon Percival, who took the manageraent of everything, promptly ordered a balh, nod bed, and the kind English wifo of Stefano howed every wish to be necommodnting, and carried Dorothy herself to the room prepared for her and Irene
Two little beds stood there, with a white net cage let down over them. The children were too sleepy to notice them then, but when Dorothy opened her. eyes, she was greatly amused to see that she was looking through fine net-like the net she had seen made for fruit in England to protect it from waspe.
The western san was lying across the garden before the villa, when Dorothy felt it was time to get up. She called Irene, who answered at once-
"Yes! what do you want ""
"I want to get up," said Dorothy," but I can't get out of this white cage."
"Oh yes, you can," said Irene, who drew
a bit of narrow ribbon, which bung inside
-I renlly do-you are the only playmate I ever cared for ; not that we've played together, but that's the word every one uses. Dr. Bell said I wanted playmates ; nad Ingleby anys so ; and Unc'e Crannie eays 80 ; and so did that dreadful Mra. Thompson. Ah! when I had my Nino, and Muli and Puff, I wanted nobody ;" and Dorothy was beginning to ery, when Ingleby, hearing the children's voices, now camo from another room where she had begun uppacking, bearing in her arms a bundle of clean, fresh
clothes for Dorothy, lothes for Dorothy.
"Well, you have bean aslecp ever since eleven, and it is nearly four o'clock. You must want dinner, 1 am sure ; and then Miss Packingbam is to go to her grandmamma's house. Your box was taken there, my dear, and so I cannot give you fresh things, but I must brush your frock and bend your hat straight."
(To be Oontinved.)

## NORTHERN MESSENGER.

A FLIGHT WITH TGE SWALLOWS.

## BY KMMA MABSGALL

(Children's Iinemu.)
Caapreb VIS,-(Conlinued)
The children ware ready in a few min-
Dorothy was a litule tod sinart ín her pale blue cashmere, with grebe trimuining, and it was hard to believe she had been in the train all night; for they had left Paris in the morning of the preceding day, and had reached San Remo at half- past ten. Irene, on the contrary, looked travel-worn, and she was a good deal more tired than Doro thy, who had slept off her fatigue and her sorrow for poor Nino's loss, and lookedso Ingleby said to herself-"as fresh as any wisy.
When the two little girls reached the it-ting-room, which, like Lady Burnside's opuned on a ver aidah, they heard voices out side, and presently a boy and a girl stepped intu the room who never kuaw , but Willy who never kuew what shyuts meant, said-

- Gramie said we mikht tome and fetch Irene-mise is to come home now, if she is realy."
As Willy surveyed the two girls, he woudered which wa his cousitu. The thought passed through his mind, "I hope it is the pretty one "" and advancing be said to Doro thy-
"Granuig has sent us to take you to the Villa Lucia; are you ready "'
Inglaby, who was busy lookiug after the travelling bniket, from which she was taking some of Worothy's favorite biscuits, said-
"Your cousin, Misa Packingham, had better take be dinner before she goes with you'; perhaps you will sit down with her and Miss Dorothy. Now, my dear, "Ingleby continued, addressing Dorothy, "I hope you will be able to fancy something," as Ste fano brought in a tray with coffee, and crescent-shaped rolls, and a dainty omeletto done to a turn by his wife.
Willy now put his hand out to trene, and said in a toue in which there was a little rimg of disappointment-

Then you are my cousin ? "Yes," [reue said, "and I ans very glad to come and see yon all-and granuie."
"Do you remember her ?" Willy asked.
"Just a very little, but she always writes me very kind letters, so 1 feel as if 1 remembered her."
"Cume, Lilla, don't be so silly," Willy said, pushiug his eister forward; "go and spuak to Irene."

Irene took Ella's hand; and then, at Ingleby's advice, they all rat down to their meal togethar.
I'wo thick edged white cups were brought by Sterano, and Willy and Ella eujoyed the good things more than the two tired travellers did. Irene could scarcely touch
the omelatte, and Dorothy, in spite of In- forget Nino-dear, dear Nino. I don't for- she looked up at her grannie she saw tears cet hion, and nown-now I have lost bim, I were on her cheek
gleby's eutreaties, only niblbled a guantity of her own biscuits, which were, as Ingleby said, "not fit to make a meal of." They were those little pink and white fluiry light balls, tlavored with vanilla and rose, a large tin of which had been bought in Paris, aud were Dorothy's favorite food just then.
They found favor with Willy, and he took a handful from the bux several times. Dorothy did not approve of this, and said to Ingleby-
"Put the lid on the box, Jingle; there won't be any biscuits left."
This was not very polite, and Willy shrugged his shoulders, and said to himself, after all I am glad she is not my cousin." Trene was really thankful when Willy Trene was rally thankful when Willy Irene followed Willy into the house, and
said it was time to go, for her head ached, very soon Irene felt she was no longer want Irene, I do."
"I shall see you very often," Irene sinid "issing her ; "don't begin to cry again."
"Dear me," Willy said, as they left the house, "she is worse than you, Ella. A first I thought her so pretty, and now I find she is only a littlespoiled thing However we will soon tesch hor better, won't we Ela ${ }^{\prime \prime}$
"Ella, who had possessed herself of Irene's band, said-
"You must not be so rude to Dorothy, as you are to me, Willy, or you will make her cry."
"No ; I'll cure her of crying ; but here we are. This is Villa Lucia."
Irene followed Willy into the house, and
"I feel as if I had come home," she said "mply, "and it is so nice."
Happily for every one, a loud voice was heard at the door-" Let me in ! let mein!" And when Ella ran to open it, there was Baby Bob, who came trotting across the room to Lady Buruside, and said-
"I want the cousin; is that the cousin?" "Yes, Go and give her a kiss, and say you are glad to see her."
But Baby Bob sidled back towards his grannie, and suddenly oppressed with the solewnity of the occasion, hid his round rosy ace in her gown, and heat a tattoo with his fat legs by way of expressing his welcome, n a manner, it must be said, peculiar to himself.
(To bs Contizned.)

And now poor Dorothy began to cry, and ay that she did not want Irene to go a way - go and live with that big boy who way so go and
" Hush ! hush ! my dear," said lngleby you must not forget yourself;".
"I don't mind," said Willy, good temperedly; "she is only a baby, arid is tired." "A baby!" sobbed Dorothy. "I am not a baby, and I love Irene, and she is not to o away with you."
Ingleby was anxious to cut the parting short, and said to Irene, who was trying to comfort Dorothy -
"Make haste and have it over. She will
corn, mo
lrene bad not seen her grannie for some cears and with the instinct of childhood she fad discovered, without being told that her father did not ware wuch for her aronnie He rarely mentioned her, and, indeud, He rarely mentioned her, and, indeed, he "grannie" wheu he had occasion to write of lher.
Till Irene had seen Lady Burnside she felt no difference botween thom. Mrs. Roscue was a very grand, fashionable lady wha had called on her at Mrs. Baker'a sometimes, and sent her large boxes of chocolate and Erench sweets.
But that did not make Ireue feel ns if she belouged to her; and now, when the gentle lady by the fire rose to greet her and folded her in a warm embract, Irene felt a strange

TEE WIDOW'S SON.
A widow woman onec lived in a city salled Zarephath with her only son. She ived in very troubled times. Ahab, the king of Israel, had siumed against God, aud set u! idols in his land, and taught his peo ple to worahip them. Godi was angry a this, and He punished the ling and people by keeping back the rain. It was of no use osow corn or to plant vegetables. The ground was parched and dried up, and no one drop of raiv fell to waler it. Soun the grass all withered, and no fresh grass graw and then the cattle as well as the people be an to perish for want of food.
The widow and her son lived for some hime upon the food which they had in tho all gone and hefore very long this fond was would not be able to get auy Would not be able to get any more. At last she had only barrel, and a litule oil in her barrel, and a litlle oil in her very sad went out feeling for her fire; and theu thought she would thaten she ueal and oil into a littlo the of bread, and when she cake lier son had eaten it they wust die.
But while she was looking for sticks, she met a man who seemed to have walked a long way. He was very tired, and he asked the widow if she would feteh a litlle water for him to driuk. The widow turued back at once to get the water, for she had a kind heart, and was willing to do what ghe could for people who, like uerself, were in need; and as the went the man called to her, saying, " Bring me, 1 pray thee, a ninorsel of bread in thine and."
Then she was obliged to tell him all the truth. But the nan, who was Gou's prophet, Elijah, told her not to be arraid, for God would make her store of meal and oll last until the rain came and the famime was over. And Elijals went howe with her, and claycd at ber house, and she gored her food with him, and ald wade it enough for them all
time, the widow's on fell ill and died, and then he thought that this trouble was sent to her as a punishwent for her sing, and she wished that Elijah bad never come to her house to teach her ,bout his God. In her sorrow he spoke angrily to him, as in thad been his fault that her child had died.
But Elijah did not answer her unkintly. He said, "Qive ne thy son." And be carried the child's dead body to his own room, and laid it on hia bed. Then he prayed very earucestly to God to let the boy's soul coma back again. lid God hear his prayer Yes, Very soon the child bo gan to breathe, and Elijah say that he was alive.
Do you not think the mo ther must have felt very happ when Ltijah brought her 80 to her! She had thouph

SEVEN GOOD RULES.
Acquire thoroughly. This puts the nowledre in.
Review frequently. This keeps the know edge in.
Plan your work, This hegins well.
Work your plan. This tinishes well. Never think of self. Selfishness spoils all Never look back. Waste no time over failures.
Earn, save, give all you can for Jebus, Happiness.-Cluristian Weekly.

COME UNTO ME.
C ome unto Me all ye that labor.
0 taste and see that the (Mard is is rood.
(Ps, xxxiv. 8.)
M y son, give me thine heart.
(Prov. xxiii, 26.)
E every word of God is pure
(Prov. xxv. 5.)
U uto you, $O$ men, I call.
(Prov. viii, 4.)
No man can serve two nuasters.
(Matt. vi. 24.)
The Son of man is come to seek
(Io save.
(Lake xix. 10 ) ut of every (lake xix. 10) people aud nation. (Rev. v.. .)
M y sheep hear My voice, and I know them. (John x. 27.) very torgue shall confess that Jesus Christ is Lord. (Phi), ii. 11.) -Friend.

## a Gentleman.

The horse car stopped at a crossing, aud a news-boy jumped on the plat form.
"Have a Times, Enquirer, Press ?"
"Ill take a limes," said oue of a group of school girls.
"O Jenuy !" said auother. "From such a little monster!"
Au old \&entleurau who was reading glanced up from his pauphlet. The newsboy was a dwarf, and a hunchback. His face, which was bent back on his shoulders, twitched suddenly at the girl's words, but he did not louk toward her, as he stood waiting for his mouey. The old gentleman's grave look of rebuke angered the girl.
rebuke angered the girl"
"It makey me sick!" she said, with a look of diggust. "The conductor ought not to The boy turned and looked at her steadi. ly. Everybody on the car expected a torrent of vile abuse, but he said, gently,-
"If the Beast was not here, the people on the car would not appreciate the Beauty at her real value," and then bowing to her, he went out, anid the smiles of all the passengers.
The old gentleman-who was a wellknown physician, Dr. Avery-foll
bim, but he was already out of sieht bim, hut he wax already ont of sipal. ductor.
"His name's Willy, and his route is on this gtreet. I don't kuow auy thing more." Ho has an educated voice, and $h$ showed good breeding and sense just now."
"No doubt. The other news-boys call him 'Gentleman Bill.' Everybody likes him 'Gentleman Bill.' Every wody likes
him. We conductors give him the freedom him. We conductors give
of the cars on this street." of the cars on this street."
A few days afterward,
A few days afterward, Dr. Avery was on a car late in the evening, when Willy came in, carrying a large bundle of papers. He
sold none, and turued to go out, looking sold none, and turued to
discouraged and anxious.
Dr. Avery stopped him, drow out a paper, and handing him a piece of silver, said, "Never mind the change."
"No, thank you," said the boy, smiling, as he gave it to him.
"Why, not, young independence ?"
"I don't ueed alms, sir. I really get on very well. And if I did"-
"It would be the hardest thing I ever had to do. Good-evening, sir!" and touch. ing his cap, the little hunchback swuyg himself off the car.
Dr, Avery after that often met the boy who puzaled and interested him. There was nothiug morbid in him; he was always ready with a laugh or a merry answer. His voice was controlled and gentle, and there was a fine courtesy, a tact, a delicate fueling in all his words, that we do not find sometimes in those who call themselves gentlemen. In spite of the boy's wretched clothes and patched shoes, Dr: Avery found himself talking to him as to an equal, and always thought of him as his little friend.
Late one night, when it was storming heavily, he met him, trudging down Chestnut street.
"You have a hard life, my boy," he said, kindly.
"Not so hard as you think, eir," he said, cheerfully. "I am never sick' an hour. Then I do a better business than other boys because of-this," glancing down at his deformed body.
"Oh !"
The doctor was confused for a minute.
"Have you anv plans, Willy 1 Do you
over look forward?"
"Yes. Oh, I have it all planned out!
If I could save coongh to start a street-stall of books and papers, then after a year or two I wonld be able to open a shop, aud then a big store. Some mea who began that way in Philadelphia have become publishers, and live in beatiful houses of their
"Hillo! Do you care for fine houses?"
"Not for myself, sir"
He became suddenly silent, and at the corner of the next street, said, "Goodnight!" and rau away.
A moment later. Dr. Avery heard cries and shouts in the direction which Willy had taken; but such things are cowmon in a great city. He hurried home.
great city. Hext morning, looking over the paper, he read:
"A little hunchback newsboy, known as runaway horse last wight. Dr. Juhns pro runaway horse last might. Dr. Johns pro
nounced the injuries mortal. The lad was taken to the Penin Hospitul.
Dr. Avery was soon beside the cot on which the misshapen little body was laid. Willy looked up, trying to suile. "It is not so bad as they say, is it? " can't die now ! I have too much to do."
"What have you to do, my boy? Letme be your friend ; let me help you, if I can." "I thought you would come, maybo. I haven't anybody to come. The boys are good friends, but they couldn't do any thing "I have come, you sée. Tell me what I can do, my boy."
The lad waited until the nurse had passed his cot, and then whispered,-
"It's Letty, sir. She is my sister. I have her out with a farmer's wife near all I can make to pay her board and buy her clothes. I like to see her look nice $\%$ His mind bergan to wander, and he began to mutter at intervals.
"If conld start the stall-the shop-a cariage for Letty."
Whe doctor was forced to leave him. When he came back in the afternoon, he was rationa, and when the doctor wished to go for his sister, said,-
no, don bring Letty here. She mustn't know how poor I am. When I go out un Sundays to see her lihave my gocid does," laughing, but with the tears in his does," "I went once with some papers to a Quaker boarding-school for girls uear to wa, sir. They were such lovely young ladies, I always thought I'd send IJetty there when I ould get the money. But now"-
Dr. Avery found out hisstory by degrees. He and letty were the chilaren or a pate near Savannah. Their mother was in Philadelphia during the war. Her husband was killed, her slaves and property were gone. She struggled for ycars, teaching and sewing, to support them, and at in charge of his litte sister. "And your name ?"
"And your name
"My father was Charles Gilbert."
Dr. Avery drew his breath quickly. "I kuew Charles Gilbert in Savannah long ago. No wonder your voice seemed familiar, and
that I was drawn to you so strongly that I was drawn to you so strongly. But you are my friend for your own ake, my boy."
That
That eveniug Dr. Avery sent a long depatch to a lawyer in Savauuah, where he had once lived and still had business interosts. He took two of the principal surgeons in the city to examine Willy.
When they had gone out for consultation, the boy lay, holding his hand, watch. ing the door, breathing quick aud hard. "Do you want to live, Willy? You have had a hard life, my child."
"Oh no, no! I did not think it hard! have so much to do for Letty !"
"Had you never any plans for yourself?" The boy turned his gray eyes thoughtully on him. They filled with slow tears. "I used to think-if I could be a scholar -a gentleman, like my father-but""If you do not live, my boy," said his rriend, trying to reconcile him to death, "God will take care of you. This poor body will not-be against you any longer." "It is not against me here!" said Willy, vehemently. "It is not me. Everybody knows that. If God will only give me the chance to do something in the world, the body won't stand in my way." He muttered after a while again, "It is not me."
Dr. Avery was called out to hear the verDr. Arery was called out to hear the ver-
dict of the surgeons. When he came back

## Willy gave one luo

vering his face.
There is still a chance, my boy, though but a slight one. I think it best to tell you Would exact truth Morning will decide Would it comfort you to have Letty
"Yes! yes! It doesn't matter now she knows I am a poor little newsboy."
Letty was a sturdy, red cheeked littl
woman, whose every word showed a heartful of love and a hend full of goud sense. She petted and soothed Willy, while he clung to her, and then said, cbeerily, -
"Now, dear, you must go to sleep. Yo are not going to die. The doctors don't know how strong you are. The nurse says I may sit here and hold your hand, and in the morning give you your break fast."
For days the boy lingered between lif and death. One moruing, alter the doctors had made their examination, his old friend came to him and taking his hand solemnly, "

Willy, God has given you the chance You asked for to do something in the world Wou will live."
When he was able to be removed, Dr Avery took the children to his own house. He laid before Willy a statement of his father's affairs that he had received from Savannah, which showed that enough could be rescued from the wreck of his estate to yield a small income for the children.
It proved to be enough to educate Letty at the Quaker school to which Willy dreamed of sending her, and to give him a thorough training in college and the lawschools.
They both always "came home," as they had learned to call Dr. Avery's, in the vacations. When Willy came back at the end of his course, with the highest record of his class, he said to his old friend,-
"All that I am or may be in life, I owe to you."
"No, my boy. I never should have noticed you more than any other of the hundreds of newsboys but for the honor, selfcontrol and good-breeding that you showed. A true gentleman will be a gentleman in any and all circumstances in life. God helped you to keep yourself separate, and above all the hard circumstances."
Willy's eyes grew dim. "If my friends and God can see the man iuside of the "li tle monster,' I au satisfied," be said.
His dream in life does not seem uulikely to be realized. It is character that wins and tells.-Youth's Companion.

Question Corner.-No. 10.

## BIBLE QUESTIONS

1. From what tree was the rod which Jere ah naw in a prophetical vision?
2. Of what material were tho pillars of Soloou's templa mada?
3. What plant does Christ mention in connec
on with the tithes of the Pharisees?
4. The fruit of what tree is compared to
5. What grain was gleaned by Ruth in of of Boaz?
6. What other tree besides fir and pine does Isaiah ary furnished wood from Lebanon for the ternple?
7. SWERS TO BIBLE QUESTIONS IN NO. 7

## 1. Sidon. Acts $27: 3$. 2. Mithens. Acts $20: 17$ <br> 2. Mitctis. Acts $20: 17$ 3. Mrons. Acts $20: 60$. 4. Home. Acts $20: 30$.

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nd. B. W. Miller, ontario.......... 600
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4th. Mrs. D. MoTavish, Onlario.
th. Joma sturk, Nova Seotia.. th. Hiss Amela Butterlield, Mnss. 15 th. Geo P. Forey Neviturilnud 100
As will be seen the amounts sentin by our workers are not large. Two of them being equal, we divide the 5th and 6th prizes bewefn the senders.
The money will be sent to the prize. winners next week.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS
The following letters have been received from winners of premiuns:

Brownsville.
SIR,-I received my preminm all right, and xpectations Yours truly Yours truly,
Geore

Andossr, April 9th.
Deab Sib,-I received my prize book all right and was very much pleased with it, as it is
unch hetter than I expected. Plase accept my manks for it. I shall try next year to get nore umes for the Northern Messcnger, which I prize very highly.

Yours etc.:
Eama Maribtre.
Elmsdale, N.S., April 25th.
Dear Sir,-I was glad to receive the book, which you sent as a prize for the list of sub. scriberg. We all like the book very much. I
shall try to get some more subscribers next shall try to get some unore subs
year.
Xours truly,

James latiton,
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