Last Edition
1c per Copy

London Advertiser

1c Per Copy
PROBS.—Unsettled with rain, becoming colder.

VOL. XXXIII., NO. 284. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1896. WHOLE NO. 1316

Our 2 p.m. Edition has the Largest Mid-day Circulation in Ontario.

The Churches Tomorrow.

Advertisements under this heading one cent a word each insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. R. Hobbs morning and evening. Subject at night, "Lessons From the Fair."

WESLEY HALL—FIRST METHODIST Church—11 a.m. and 7 p.m., sermons by Rev. Dr. Daniel; 2:45, Sabbath school; 10 a.m., morning class and fellowship meeting. All invited.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. J. W. Pedley. Morning, "Jesus and Moses"; evening, "Free Thought." Bible class at 3 p.m. All welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Robert Johnston, B.D., pastor. Morning service at 11, evening service at 7; pastor will preach at both services. Morning prayer at 10:15, Sabbath school and pastor's class at 3 p.m. Everybody welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN NORTH MISSION—Rev. George Gilmore in charge; corner Oxford and Colborne streets. Sabbath school at 3 p.m., evening service at 7, subject, "The Mightiest Factor in Human Development." Everybody welcome. b

ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. M. P. Talling, B.A., pastor, at both services. Visitors welcome. Bible class, 3 p.m.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. A. L. Russell, M.A., B.D., pastor. Services 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Sunday school, 2:30 p.m. Evening subject, "Dancing."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Park avenue—Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor, will preach. Morning, "Naboth's Side of the Case." Evening, "Riot at Ephesus." Sabbath school at 3 p.m.

ELIZABETH STREET CHRISTIAN Church—Pastor, Geo. Fowler, M.A. 7 p.m., "Miracles." Baptism at evening service. Seats free. All welcome.

DUNDASSTREET CENTER METHODIST Church—Epworth League Sunday. 7 a.m., sunrise prayer meeting, led by Mr Robert Jeffrey. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., special Epworth League sermons by the Rev. W. F. Wilson, of Toronto, who will also address the Sunday school at 2:45. Monday evening, League rally at 8 p.m. Addresses by Rev. W. F. Wilson and Rev. R. Hobbs.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—MATINS—Venite, Bucknell; Te Deum, Tours; Jubilate Tours. Preacher, the Dean. Evensong—Magnificat, Tours; Nunc Dimittis, Tours; Anthem, "The Strain Upraise of Joy and Praise." Preacher, Rev. Canon Dann, B.A.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Pastor morning and evening. 7 p.m., "The King's Daughter." A. G. HARRIS, pastor.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Pastor morning and evening. Evening subject, "Profanity," being the first of a series of sermons on the sins of our day.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—London South; pastor, Rev. James G. Stuart, B.A. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. T. S. Johnson, pastor. Services morning and evening.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST—(SCIENTISTS)—Castle Hall, Duffield Block. Sunday service, 11 a.m.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church. Services tomorrow as usual.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. Ira Smith, pastor. Services tomorrow as usual. All welcome.

LONDON WEST METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. B. Clement, pastor. Services as usual.

KING STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. E. Middleton will preach as usual. Evening subject, "Religion at Home."

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading two cents per word each insertion.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—LAST TIME tonight, Denman Thompson's famous play, "The Old Homestead," under the management of Frank Thompson and Wm. Warmington. The original "Old Homestead" double quartet. Select company of 23 players. Wonderful electrical effects. Night prices—First two rows circle, $1; balance lower floor, 75c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Seats now on sale. 13k

LEOTTA, THE TALENTED RECITATIONIST and personator, Wesley Hall, 9th and 10th.

MISS CHARLOTTE A HALL—SOLO harpist, Wesley Hall, Nov. 9th and 10th. b

MUSIC HALL—
MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 21,
AND EVERY NIGHT DURING THE WEEK
PROF. W. G. ALEXANDER,
IN HIS INIMITABLE LECTURES ON HUMAN NATURE.
PUBLIC EXAMINATION ON THE STAGE AT THE CLOSE.
Admission first evening silver collection. 14k

THE ALLAN LINE TRANSFERS PASSENGERS' baggage free, and steerage passengers are furnished everything for the voyage. Lowest rates to and from the Old country. FRANK B. CLARKE, agent. Richmond street, next door to Advertiser office.

EPWORTH LEAGUE ANNIVERSARY rally—Dundas Center Methodist Church, Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock. Platform meeting to be addressed by Rev. W. F. Wilson, of Toronto, Rev. R. Hobbs and others. Special music. Silver collection. b

STEAMER THAMES LEAVES DUNDAS dock 1:30, 3:30, 7:30, 9:00; leaves Springbank 11:15 2:30, 5:00; 8:15; 10:00; stops Wharncliffe, Woodland and Wonderland. Bicycles and baby carriages free. Piano and rocking chairs. Fare, 5 cents.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY Mr. R. B. Millard, at his residence, 345 Princess avenue. Fall term will opens Sept. 25.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—REOPENS Monday, Sept. 21. Gentlemen Mondays; ladies Tuesdays, 8 p.m.; ladies and children Saturdays, 3 p.m. Open evenings after Sept. 1 for applications. DAYTON & MCCORMICK.

Musical Instruction.

MISS EVA N. ROBLIN, SOPRANO soloist, Dundas Center Methodist Church. Pupils received in voice culture. Concert engagements accepted. For terms and particulars apply 348 Waterloo street. Phone, 1070. 16c tyt

MR. HALL, TEACHER OF PIANO—Residence 28 Stanley street. t

TWELVE SITUATIONS

have been secured by London young people during the past three weeks, all graduates of

COO'S SHORTHAND ACADEMY
. . 76 Dundas Street.

Situations accepted during the present week were: Mr. Beal with C. S. Hyman & Co., Miss Welford, bookkeeper at Eckert's, and Miss Nicholl at the News. If you contemplate the study of shorthand and typewriting or bookkeeping write W. C. COO, C. S. R., for terms and particulars. Evening classes every Monday and Thursday. We have room for you now. Join classes at once. ywt

Meetings.

One cent per word each insertion. No advertisement less than 10 words.

THE AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL Zion Church will hold its regular services at Heard's Hall, Wellington street, Sunday, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sacred song services at 6:30 p.m., led by the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Snowden. Sunday, Sept. 27th, quarterly meeting; the Rev. Mr. Fitch, P.E., will deliver the Sacramental sermon at 7 p.m. b

LONDON COUNCIL, NO. 75, C. O. C. F. meets Monday evening, 8 o'clock, Duffield Block. Visitors welcome. JAMES SHAND, chief councilor. b

SPIRITUALISM—VIRGINIE BARRETT, medium, holds meeting Sunday, 20th, 7:30 p.m., Cullis' Hall, Wellington street. Subject, "Evolution." Silver collection. All welcome. b

HEADQUARTERS 7TH FUSILIERS—London, Sept. 17, 1896. Regimental orders by Lt.-Col. Lindsay, commanding: No. 1. The regiment will parade in drill order at the drill shed on Monday, 21st inst., at 7:45 p.m., and each succeeding Monday until the completion of the annual drill. By order H. A. KINGSMILL, Captain, Adjutant 7th Fusiliers. 15u

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—Apply 222 Central avenue. 16c

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD NURSE girl for young children. Apply 525 Queen's avenue. 15c

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT for a family of three; no washing; references required. 296 Queen's avenue. 15tf

GENERAL SERVANT—THOROUGHLY reliable, references required. Apply Mrs. F. D. WIDDER, 694 Talbot street, 12tf

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT in a family of three. Apply at 103 Byron avenue, London South. 3tf

WANTED—25 GENERALS, ALSO dining-room girls, chamber maids, kitchen girls and cooks. ARMSTRONG'S Intelligence office, 66 Dundas street. Phone 386.

DWYER'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—Realible help always on hand; also wanting good generals, cooks, and girls for country; 591 Richmond street; 'phone 1121.

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—TAILORS, HAND SEWERS and apprentices; also good men to press off coats. Apply to The R. Greene Manufacturing Company, Carling street. 16c

TWO COOPERS WANTED TO MAKE apple barrels, at once; steady job. Apply A. E. STANLEY & CO., Lucan. 15u

WANTED—AN IDEA—WHO CAN think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

AGENTS—WANTED—$20 PER WEEK—Apply to GEO. MARSHALL & CO., tea importers, 258 Dundas street.

Female Help Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WOMEN WANTED FOR SCOURING ironware. Apply to foreman enamel shop. MCCLARY MANUFACTURING COMPANY. b

Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

REQUIRED—$2,000 ON CITY PROPERTY—Good investment. Apply J. W. WINNETT, barrister, 420 Talbot street, London. ywt

GENTLEMAN'S SECOND-HAND BICYCLE wanted; must be in good condition. Apply box 49, Advertiser office. 14c

WANTED—YOUNG HEALTHY BABY to take care of by the week or month in a respectable family; no children. Apply 638 Dufferin avenue. 15u

Articles For Sale.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

APPLE BARRELS
AT
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Call and see us before buying. London and Petrolea Barrel Company, Simcoe street, East London. 12n 4u

APPLES—IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS evaporator apply to Wm. DUDENHOFFER, London. 16c

FOR SALE—COAL STOVE WITH OVEN—Also parlor cook (Fawn). 13 Blackfriars street, London West. 16c

FOR SALE—ABOUT ONE-HALF ACRE corn or will sell stalks only. 572 Piccadilly street. 16k tzxt

DOWN THEY COME AGAIN—ONE MILLION pine and cedar shingles from $1 40 up; pine timber, $8 50 per thousand; lath, posts, doors. Are you building or repairing? Call and get prices. Can save you money. Office and yard opposite C. P. R. freight sheds, Pall Mall street, London. J. A. SUTHERLAND. t

FOR SALE—TWO SQUARE BOX buggies, one Banner, one butcher wagon, one light delivery wagon, two carts; all been used. L. W. CRAWFORD, 269 Wellington street. 14c

FOR SALE—ONE 30 HORSEPOWER automatic "Brown" engine, built by Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt. Cylinder 10 inches, stroke 24 inches; can be run at 60 revolutions, or as high as 90 revolutions; also one tubular exhaust feed water heater. The engine is in daily operation and can be seen at The Advertiser office, London, Ont. 6tf-3tf

APPLE BARRELS FOR SALE CHEAP—Apply JAMES WILSON & Co., grocers, Richmond street. 12tf

CAST IRON SOIL PIPE AND SOIL PIPE fittings of all kinds. SMITH BROS., 376 Richmond street. t

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER—AS GOOD as new, for sale; price $50. Apply W. C. Coo, 76 Dundas street. 4kt

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS AND organs. Special bargains during the Fair. Heintzman & Co., 236 Dundas street. H. W. BURNETT, manager.

APPLE BARRELS FOR SALE—APPLY J. D. SAUNBY, London.

PIANOS—NORDHEIMER'S AGENCY AT Anderson's Book Store, 183 Dundas street, representing Steinway, Chickering, Haines, and the celebrated Nordheimer Pianos. Orders for musical merchandise and sheet music promptly attended to,

LADY'S BICYCLE—RUN ONLY 50 miles, in perfect condition. Price $45. D. MCKENZIE & CO., 388 Richmond street.

FOR SALE—TWO BARBERS' CHAIRS, nearly new, dressing case, mirrors, etc; cheap. Apply at 604 Dundas street, London. 79tf

1 JIG SAW—ONE MELODEON—FOR sale cheap at the Ark.

Miscellaneous.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

THE LIQUOR HABIT—INTEMPERANCE—A new home treatment whereby a perfect cure is effected in a few days and without any self denial or publicity. This is an absolutely new treatment. It is a purely vegetable medicine taken internally, and does not interfere with business or other duties. Improvement from the first dose. Perfect secrecy guaranteed. Sworn testimonials (by permission) sent on application to Dr. McTaggart, London, Ont., or A. H. Dixon, 131 Avenue road, Toronto, Ont. 10tf tz

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN supplied with office help without charge for our services. Apply W. C. Coo, court reporter, 76 Dundas street. t

Agents Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—GENTLEMAN TO LEARN our business, then to travel or do correspondence; salary $900. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to Elder, this office. b

SALESMEN WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT to handle reliable goods; samples free; salary and expenses paid from start for full time; permanent employment; for particulars write LUKE BROS. Co., Montreal. x t

WANTED—I CAN EMPLOY FIVE MEN and three ladies to work at and around home. A good thing with good salary for pushers. T. H. LINSCOTT, 49 Richmond street W., Toronto, Ont. ywt

AGENTS CAN EARN LARGE SALARIES by selling our hardy varieties of nursery stock; also our thoroughly tested varieties of seed potatoes. Write us now for terms and exclusive territory. Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto. ywt

WANTED—LADY TO LEARN OUR business, then to travel or do correspondence; salary $800. Inclose self addressed stamped envelope to Elder, this office. b

MAN TO SELL FOR THE LARGEST nursery in Canada; permanent salaried positions with expenses from the start to right party. References required. STONE & WELLINGTON, Toronto, Canada. 14bc wty

WANTED AT ONCE—A FEW GOOD men to whom $10 or $12 a week would be an object. Send references. The BRADLEY-GARRETSON Co., Ltd., Brantford Ont. ywt

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

TO LET—246 PICCADILLY STREET—NINE rooms; seven doors east of Richmond. Apply 148 Fullarton street. 16tf

$12.50 RENTS A NINE-ROOMED cottage, with gas; all newly papered; on Queen's avenue; No. 452. Apply Gustin House. 16c

$6 50 RENTS BRICK COTTAGE—679 Piccadilly street. See it. 16c tzx

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms can be obtained at 397 Central avenue. 17c

ROOMS, OFFICES ETC. MOOREHOUSE, BLOCK. VERY CENTAL. CONVENIENT. APPLY A. A. CAMPBELL, Molsons Bank Building. 16n-tyw

TO RENT—TWO LARGE ROOMS IN the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company Building, Market Lane. Heated free. WM. F. BULLEN, Manager. 10tf tzx

BRICK HOUSE, WITH FURNACE AND modern conveniences, near Victoria Park. Apply R. S. HOLMES, 630 Wellington street. 12c ywt

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE—33 Becher street, 8 rooms, bath, rent moderate, Apply 27 Becher. 94tfywt

473 COLBORNE STREET—9 ROOMS—modern, next Queen's avenue. Apply E. H. JOHNSTON, 436½ Richmond street. 15n

TO LET—PRETTY COTTAGE—CORNER St. James and Waterloo. Apply next door. 13k

NEXT CORNER DUNDAS AND BURWELL, brick, $14. Apply WM. J. CLARKE, 186 Dundas street. 10g

TO LET—131 MAPLE STREET—TWO-STORY brick; modern convenience; third street north of postoffice. JAS. GILLEAN, 164 Dundas street. 100tf

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE TO RENT—173 Kent street, south side, near Richmond; immediate possession. Apply to E. MEREDITH, Dundas street west. 6tf

HOUSE TO LET—428 PARK AVENUE—5 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen; city and soft water; bath, etc. J. C. TREBILCOCK, 235 Dundas street. 34tf

BRICK COTTAGE—173 LICHFIELD street—7 rooms, soft and city water. Apply next door, or 292 Central avenue, J. M. LOGAN. 24tf

Lost and Found.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

STOLEN FROM DEVIZES, LOT 33, CON. 1, West Nissouri, by small boy without money, white mare; foal at home; heavy harness; hitched to old cart. Suitable reward for information. CHAS. T. FITZGERALD. b

LOST NAVY BLUE RIGBY WATERPROOF coat; was left on a Belt line street car on Wednesday, 16th. Liberal reward will be paid upon leaving it at "Advertiser" office. b

LOST—A PROMISSORY NOTE FOR $70—made by George Dundas and three others, payable to Riley M. Deuel; also a bank passbook on Merchants' Bank, Ingersoll. The public are hereby warned against negotiating the above note. 14c

STOLEN OR TAKEN BY MISTAKE from the Britannia House stables on Wednesday evening last, a black top buggy. Guilty party is known, and if same is not returned at once law proceedings will be advanced. 15c bw

Educational.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FRENCH—GOUIN SERIES METHOD—Mrs. Jenny Drewry will resume her classes and receive new pupils Oct. 1. Delightful easy method; nature's own; no books. 348 Waterloo street. 'Phone, 1070. 16c tyt

WESTERN UNIVERSITY, LONDON, Ont.—Arts course reopens Oct. 1. Calendars from registrar, Rev. Canon Smith. 4m tyw

Artists.

MRS. LAURA DOUGLAS HAS REMOVED to 159 Albert street. Pupils received in oil and pastel painting.

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY of Toronto; capital $2,000,000.
Caledonia Insurance Company of Scotland; assets $10,000,000.
London and Lancashire Assurance Company of London, England.
Canada Accident Assurance Company of Montreal.
JOHN STEPHENSON, Agent.
Office, Huron and Erie Loan Building xt

Real Estate.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN FOR 30 DAYS—25 Cartwright street, only $1,350; part cash. Go and have a look at it. 16n

FOR SALE—SIX ACRES—WITH GOOD cottage, barn, stable and poultry house; at city limits; township tax; soil first-class. New cottage and two-story house to let. J. F. SANGSTER, over C. P. R. ticket office.

GEORGE PRITCHARD,
Phone 757. 9 Market Lane.
FOR SALE.
One and one-half story frame, Queen's avenue; a bargain at $2,500.
Brick cottage, William street, good value, $2,200.
Brick cottage, King street, $2,500.
Choice lot, Grosvenor, near George street. great bargain for the buyer. yt

H. M. DOUGLASS, REAL ESTATE Broker, 110 Dundas street. For sale, two new brick houses on Talbot street, 12 rooms and all modern improvements, furnace, gas, bath, watercloset; in best locality in city; also beautiful cottage on Talbot street. yt

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE OF LATE Alex. McIntosh, corner Dundas and Waterloo streets; also lot on Waterloo street; best locality in city for a doctor. Apply J. G MCINTOSH. 94tf ywt

FOR SALE—100 ACRES, WEST HALF lot 2, con 5, London township, six miles from city; good bank barn and other outbuildings; all kinds of fruit, well watered, site for trout pond, 12 acres wheat already sown. Apply on premises, or address E. FITZGERALD Fanshaw. 4w 14uwt

S. CHADWICK & SON—REAL ESTATE Agents. Homes. Investments. Speculation. Call Room 2 Albion Building.

REALTY BUYERS,

ATTENTION!

We have the largest and best selected list of properties for sale ever exposed to purchasers at one time in London. This means not only range of choice of properties but also great bargains.

We simply mention a few leaders here, viz.:

Queen's avenue—A very desirable frame cottage, 7 rooms, large lot; price, $1,300. Must be sold to close estate.

Arthur street—A corner lot with nice frame cottage. Only $250 cash and balance at $7 20 per month.

Hill street—A comfortable frame cottage, 6 rooms, large lot; price, $600. Easy terms.

King street—A pair of semi-detached two-story brick residences, modern, well built, very central, good renters; to close estate. Offers will be received.

Byron avenue—That very desirable property having a frontage of 260 feet on Byron avenue, and 160 feet on Teresa street, with large two-story brick residence, greenhouse, stables, fruits, etc. A great bargain to the early comer.

Wellington street—Last lot, west side, near Hyman street. Choice locality. Buy now.

Building lots, cottages, residences, acreages, farms, etc.

Shrewd buyers are our constant clients. Why? Because our office contains the index to the really choice properties now on the market.

No trouble to show properties or give information.

Money loaned to complete purchase, build remodel or pay off old mortgages.

A. A. CAMPBELL,
Real Estate, Investments and Loans,
Molsons Bank Building,
Telephone 642. 16u ty

London Real Estate Exchange.

"LOCUST MOUNT"—ONE OF THE finest private residences in London; beautiful grounds; corner John and Talbot streets; easy terms. W. D. BUCKLE.

TO EXCHANGE FOR LONDON PROPERTY—Five cottages and splendid building site in Toronto. Property paying good interest. W. D. BUCKLE.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE—TWO MILES west of city, on Oxford street; 9 rooms, barn, two acres of orchard, ten acres altogether; $2,500 buys it, $500 cash, balance at 5½ per cent interest; good chance. W. D. BUCKLE.

TO RENT—376 CENTRAL AVENUE, near Waterloo; 8 rooms, bath, gas and fixtures; barn; $16. Also new double brick dwelling, modern, adjoining; street railway passes the property. W. D. BUCKLE.

P. Walsh's Bulletin:

831 Dundas street—A splendid two-story brick house on stone foundation; 10 rooms, all modern improvements, blinds, storm windows, large barn; lot 60x240 feet. At a low figure.

367 King street—A handsome, two-story brick house on stone foundation; 9 rooms, all modern improvements; finished in best improved style; large barn. At a big bargain.

347 Grey street—A splendid frame cottage; 6 rooms, nice lot, shade trees; price $950. Cheap.

Wharncliffe road, London West—A new brick cottage; 7 rooms, clothes closets. stone cellar under the whole house, front and back verandah, with three lots; owned by Mr. Joseph Kipp; price $1,200. A big chance.

Elmwood avenue, west of Edward street—A new two story brick house, just completed; 8 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 42x200 feet; at $2,400. This is a bargain.

354 Hill street—A splendid frame cottage, 5 rooms, verandah, good lot; price $750. Cheap home.

541 and 543 Elizabeth street—Two frame cottages; corner cottage has got 6 rooms, brick foundatipn; price $800; next cottage, 4 rooms; price $400. Cheap property.

710 York street—A splendid two-story brick house; slate roof, 9 rooms, lot 41x298 feet; price now reduced to $2,100. Be quick.

495 and 497 Pall Mall street—Two neat frame cottages; 5 rooms each; large lots; for $700. Easy terms.

691 Maitland street—A nice frame cottage on brick foundation; six rooms, nice lot: price, $800.

506 Central avenue—A splendid frame cottage 5 rooms, lot 66x63 feet; $800. Will take it easy terms.

St. James street near Maitland street—Two new frame cottages; 6 rooms each; on brick foundation; good lots; to be sold on easy terms.

806 Maitland street—A very handsome brick with all modern improvements; 8 rooms; close to electric cars. See this cottage before you buy.

Vacant lots and cheap homes in almost any part of the city. Call and get a list.

P. WALSH.
Real Estate Office - - 110 Dundas street.

"Thousands of Dollars"
To Be Loaned.

LOW INTEREST CHARGED ON GOOD security. Call at the London agency of the Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company, 437 Richmond street, next door to the Canadian Express. Low rates for fire insurance, low rates for accident insurance, real estate bought and sold, all kinds of accounts collected with dispatch; all kinds of rents collected.

A. B. POWELL and C. G. POWELL,
yt Agents and appraisers.

GEORGE PARISH

Chilly nights have come. Call and get one of our parlor or box stoves. Good assortment. Baseburners with ovens at our furniture store. Remember the place.

357 Talbot Street, . . South of King. ywt

The Egyptian War.

Big Battle With the Dervishes Anticipated.

The Nile Expedition Forces in Good Trim.

European Situation Becoming Extremely Critical.

Important Statement by Lord Rosebery—Attempts to Assassinate the Sultan.

COST $35,000,000.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—The outlay incurred by the Spanish Government in making additions to the navy amount to $35,000,000.

TRYING TO KILL THE SULTAN.

London, Sept. 19.—A dispatch from Vienna says that seven men have been killed during the last few days while attempting to reach the Sultan's apartments with the object of assassinating him.

TYNAN.

Paris, Sept. 19.—It is now said that it is impossible to extradite P. J. Tynan, the man in custody at Boulogne-sur-Mer, on the charge of having been connected with the Phoenix Park murders, as the French Statute of Limitations prevents his extradition being granted on that ground.

A CAPSIZED STEAMSHIP.

Brussels, Sept. 19.—The British steamer Storm King (Capt. Crosby), from Baltimore, Aug. 26, which arrived at Antwerp Sept. 10, reported that on Aug. 31, in latitude 41n., longitude 51w., she sighted the hull of a steamer, apparently of about 4,000 tons, keel upwards. There were evidences that she had been drifting in this position for some time.

REPLY TO GLADSTONE.

London, Sept. 19.—A few days ago Mr. Gladstone wrote a letter to the organizers of the Liverpool anti-Sultan demonstration declaring that he would not attend if the resolutions to be submitted should include a summons to the Government to declare war against Turkey. In reply the organizers said they would be satisfied if Mr. Gladstone would attend the meeting.

THE PHILIPPINE REVOLT.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—Gen. Blanco, Captain-General of the Philippine Islands, has telegraphed to the Government, asking for further reinforcements of troops and warships to quell the insurrection there. Gen. Blanco declares that the rebels are numerous in several provinces, and that they have eight active coasting vessels. The Government will send 3,000 marines and quantities of munitions of war. The public fears that the Government underrates the importance of the attempt to throw off Spanish rule.

VIZIER WANTS TO RESIGN.

London, Sept. 19.—The Constantinople dispatch to the Morning Post says: The Grand Vizier, Halil Rifat Pasha, threatens to resign unless the Minister of Police is dismissed, on account of the recent massacres. The Sultan upholds the Police Minister, and refuses to accept the resignation of the Grand Vizier.

The police of Constantinople announce that they have made an important discovery of bombs and other explosives and incriminating documents in an Armenian house.

A dispatch from Constantinople states that a number of Softas (theological students) and members of the Young Turkish party had a desperate fight in Galata on Wednesday. Fifteen of the combatants were killed. The dispatch adds that many of the archives of the British embassy have been placed for safety on the British guardship in the Bosphorus.

A special from Rome says that Vice-Admiral Canevaro, with the flying squadron, leaves for the Levant at the earliest possible moment.

LORD ROSEBERY'S VIEW.

London, Sept. 19.—Ex-Prime Minister Rosebery, writing to one of his supporters in Yorkshire, says: "We are face to face with Russia's declaration of August, 1895, that she would oppose separate action on the Turkish question by any power. Russia's attitude has not been modified. Going forward alone would therefore involve a European war."

Mass meetings to express the indignation felt against the Sultan were held last night in Birmingham and other cities in England. Resolutions were adopted, which, in general terms, called upon the Government to make immediate and effective steps to end the reign of terror in Turkey. In Bristol and elsewhere amendments to the resolutions were offered, urging Great Britain to act forcibly alone, if necessary, but these amendments were defeated.

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

Cairo, Sept. 19.—The expedition of Anglo-Egyptian troops, numbering about fifteen thousand men, under Sirdar, General Sir Edward Kitchener, has arrived at Barja, on the Nile, from Fareig, after a wearisome march of eight miles over very bad country. Intense heat prevailed, but the troops are all in first-class condition. The present stopping place is only fifteen miles from Kerma, where the Dervishes are known to be concentrating a strong force of cavalry and infantry.

Later dispatches state that the Anglo-Egyptian expedition to the Soudan passed the Hannek, or third cataract of the Nile yesterday. The men are all healthy and in good spirits. They have with them ample supplies and all are eager for an encounter with the Dervishes.

The expedition bivouacked at Abu Fatmeh, from which place Dervishes were visible on both sides of the river. It is expected a battle will be fought at Ferman, where the Dervishes are gathered in force. Abu Fatmeh, where the troops now are, is about forty miles north of Dongola.

STRAINED RELATIONS.

London, Sept. 19.—The Russian ambassador paid a long visit to the Foreign Office last evening.

The so-called semi-official communication, published in all the morning newspapers, setting forth that the Government wishes it to be understood that England is acting in complete accord with the other powers in Turkey; that Great Britain will not attempt to punish Turkey for the outrages committed upon Christians, unless the powers assist her, etc., turns out to be a Reuter News Agency dispatch, which begins: "This agency understands," etc., and the afternoon papers are inquiring what grounds there are for any such understanding. The Star demands to know what authority there is for such a declaration, and the Westminster Gazette says: "If the declaration is true, the situation, as far as Great Britain is concerned, has undergone a most depressing change. If the declaration is true, it is a painful confession, and the word 'impotent' should be written upon the face of Great Britain in characters so large that no nation can fail to read them." An explanation of the alleged semi-official communication may be found in the startling statement made in the columns of the Times that Lord Salisbury has pursued the policy of protesting against the barbaric methods of the Sultan until it has brought him to the verge of a European war."

A dispatch from Rome says: The semi-official newspaper Italia asserts that the communications which have been passed between the powers upon the situation in Turkey show that the relations are strained to the point of rupture, and that a Cabinet council has been summoned to discuss the position.

ON THE NILE.

Dervishes Retreat Before the Anglo-Egyptian Advance.

Cairo, Sept. 19.—A special dispatch from Kerma, the Dervish post on the Nile, announces that the troops of the Khalifa evacuated that place when the Anglo-Egyptian forces arrived there today. The garrison of Kerma crossed the river and took up a position at El Hafir, on the western side of the river. Under cover of the fire of the Anglo-Egyptian artillery, three of the gunboats of the expedition passed up the Nile, and shelled the enemy's position. The gunboats also sunk a Dervish steamer, which opened fire upon them. Col. Vill, of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition, was slightly wounded. The casualties on the Egyptian side were insignificant. The loss of the enemy is not stated.

London, Sept. 19.—Gen. Sir Robert Kitchener, in command of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition to Dongola, telegraphed today from Kerma, on the Nile, to the War Office, announcing that he occupied Kerma without opposition, at dawn, the enemy having retired to the west bank at El Hafir. The dispatch adds that the Sirdar shelled the enemy's position on the east bank, and that under the cover of this fire three gunboats passed up the river on the way to Dongola, sinking the enemy's steamer and inflicting heavy loss upon the Dervishes. Naval Commander Colville was slightly wounded, and an Egyptian officer and three men were wounded.

The steamer El Teb struck the rocks at the south end of the Hannek Cataract.

The Sirdar remains at Kerma with the main force, awaiting further news of the enemy.

HELD FOR MURDER.

Ingersoll, Sept. 19.—George Underwood, who is wanted in Houston, Tex., on the charge of murdering in cold blood one Rebuck, an old shoemaker, is still being held in Woodstock for extradition. It will be remembered that two accomplices, named Joe Burger and August Otto, confessed to robbing the old man, and alleged that Underwood fired the shot that killed him. Underwood was arrested at Ingersoll by Chief of Police Shirving, and convicted of breaking into a sealed Grand Trunk car. Subsequently, acting on the man's admission that he had done considerable shooting in Texas, Chief Skirving communicated with the Houston authorities, which resulted in Underwood being held on the charge of murder.

Yes! Pure spices and peppers at Anderson & Nelles' drug store. ywt

Executors' Sale by Auction

Of an Artist's Private Collection of Oil and Water Color Paintings

Of both the old and modern school, embracing such eminent names as James Griffiths, Paul Peel, Bell-Smith, Fowler, O'Brien, Mower-Martin, Cattermole, Perre, Verner, Cresswell, Macom, Chapman, Wainwright, Pearson, Jacobi, McIntyre, Homer-Watson, Pratt, Vicars, Moreland, Meadows and others.

J. W. JONES has been instructed by the executors of the late James Griffiths to sell at his rooms, 242 Dundas street, London, Ont., on **Thursday, Sept. 24, 1896 at 7:30 p.m.**, without reserve. Terms cash.

J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

Owing to the death of the late James Griffiths, ex-president of the Royal Canadian Academy of Artists, this will be the last opportunity of obtaining specimens of his work, and Mr. Jones earnestly commends art connoisseurs to attend. Catalogue sale. On view Tuesday and Wednesday and morning of sale. 16u

EXECUTOR'S SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND PIANO

J. W. JONES has been instructed by the executors of the late Jas. Griffiths to sell at his late residence, lot 3, con. 1, Westminster (near terminus of Wortley road), **Sept. 22, at 1:30**, the whole of the household effects, comprising English cottage piano, parlor suite, easy chairs, bric-a-brac, mantel mirrors, mantel clock, center tables, curtains, carpets, couches, bedroom suites, wardrobes, oil cloth, cook stove, wood stoves, baseburner, toilet ware, extension dining table and chairs, kitchen utensils, wringer, democrat wagon, phaeton, sleigh harness, garden tools, wheelbarrow, 7 tons of hay, wood, etc. Terms cash. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. b

For Tan,
For Sunburn,
For the Complexion,
Nothing so good as the dainty and delightful toilet luxury,

Hazeline.

Perfect health for the skin, and a complexion creamy and delicate attends the habitual use of Hazeline.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

—FOR SALE BY—
Cairncross & Lawrence,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
216 Dundas St., London, Ont.
Branch—Corner Richmond and Piccadilly.

To Expel Socialists.

Decisive Action of the Dominion Labor Congress.

Manual Training in the Schools Opposed—Election of Officers.

Quebec, Sept. 19.—At yesterday morning's session of the Congress of Trades and Labor Councils a motion for the expulsion of Socialists from the Congress of the Trades and Labor Councils was presented by Mr. Fitzpatrick, of Montreal. Several endeavors were made in the matter formerly, but unsuccessfully. Speeches were delivered in favor of the expulsion.

On the Congress resuming at 2 p.m., the discussion was resumed on the canceling of all the clauses of the constitution referring to Socialists, and which means nothing less than the expulsion of Socialists from the Congress. The yeas and nays were called for, with the following result: For, 36; against, 6.

The election of officers resulted: President, D. A. Carey; vice-president, R. Smith, Nanaimo, B. C.; recording secretary, Geo. Dower; members of the executive for Ontario, Flett, Hamilton; Fitzpatrick, Toronto; Hudson, London.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"That while fully realizing the good which has been, and may be, accomplished in certain directions through the efforts of the Women's Council of Canada, this Congress places itself on record as opposed to the movement to introduce manual training in the public schools system of the several Provinces of Canada."

"That it be an instruction to the Quebec Executive to press upon the Local Government the advisability of passing an act that all workingmen injured while in the employ of stevedores, merchants or agents, at ship or timber work, either by the day or or season, be compelled to pay such workman his wages for such time that he or they may be laid up by such injuries, and that the paying of such wages shall not debar them from taking legal action should they desire to do so."

A motion was adopted asking the Dominion Government to reduce the inland revenue tax on cigars from $6 per thousand to $3 per thousand was adopted.

The next convention will be held in Hamilton, Ont.

THE VICTIMS

Of Friday's Smashup on the C. H. & D. Railway.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 19.—Those killed and badly injured yesterday morning in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, near Connersville, Id., about 40 miles east of here, were:

Dead—Christ Sweetman, engineer, Dayton; —. Kinsey, fireman, Cincinnati; Geo. Houst, conductor, Indianapolis; —. Hughes, fireman, Hamilton.

Injured—Paymaster Jameson; Assistant Paymaster Scallon; —. Fishback, porter of pay car; E. Wysong, foreman of bridges and buildings; J. M. Rouske, roadmaster; —. Connon, engineman, Hamilton.

The accident was one of the worst that has happened in this part of the State for years. The pay car was following the regular freight train, No. 95, east bound. Both were running as extra trains.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

Canada Ahead Again.

Probably the greatest achievement in the mechanical world this year is the production by a Canadian concern of a high grade Typewriter, excelling in many particulars any machine yet offered to the public, and at a price that simply puts all competitors out of the race. See the advt. of the "Empire" Typewriter in another column.

SLATER BROS.

TAILORS.
The largest and best
Assorted stock of
FALL WOOLENS
IN THE CITY.
399 Richmond St.
South of Dundas Street. sxt

The Fair's Finale.

The Great Exhibition Puts Up Its Shutters.

The Grounds Are Now Almost Deserted.

A Lively Efflux of All Kinds of Exhibits.

Receipts and Patronage in Excess of Last Year.

Friday's Visitors Mostly Citizens — The Attractions Given in Full—Good Speeding Events—A Surplus Assured.

The Fair is dead—long live the Fair!

At 6 o'clock sharp last night the shutters were put up, and the Fair went out of business until September, 1897, when it will resume at the old stand, if the earth is still revolving on its axis.

A few minutes made a remarkable transformation on the park. Live stock and poultry were permitted to be removed at 4 p.m. The exhibitors were all ready with wagons and cars and herders, and when the hour struck order stepped out and confusion stepped in almost in the same second. Soon the grounds swarmed with the finest kine, sheep, swine and horses in the country, making a mixed chorus of grunting, squealing and bleating, to which the poultry joined their shrill staccatos. A long procession of stock wagons was soon pouring out of the gates, and with it, the glory of the Western Fair was departing.

The main building and other departments had to remain untouched until 6 o'clock. But when the supper bell rang, a waiting army of attendants began a fierce attack upon the orderly and beautiful array of exhibits, useful and ornamental, like ruthless hands daubing a pretty picture. The Palace was instantly in a turmoil. Things of beauty, upon which admiring thousands had so lately gazed, were thrown, kicked and crushed into ugly old boxes and dumped upon equally ugly vehicles, which streamed along Dundas and King streets in scores. The busy hum of machinery ceased. The apple hid its blushing face in a dirty old bag. The cheese returned to its wooden shell. The flowers withdrew their perfume from the horticultural hall. Flaunting banners were everywhere torn from proud positions. Until late in the night the spoliation went on, and early this morning the siege was renewed. Before 1 o'clock this afternoon the Fair of 1896 had been practically wiped out of existence. The buildings stood once more bare and bleak—like skeletons stripped of the flesh and blood with which human industry had lately clothed them.

The Fair has been a great success. It has taken a fresh lease of life. The patronage has been larger, the receipts greater, the show better, than in the preceding year. The cash surplus will probably be in the thousands. The exact figures are not yet compiled, but a rough estimate can be accurately made. The directors are satisfied, and it is safe to say that the public are satisfied, too. The new buildings have been powerful factors in making the Fair a success. Their absence would have meant the absence of some of its best exhibitors, and therefore diminished prestige and declining patronage.

THE LAST DAY'S DOINGS.

Friday's attendance was fully up to the average, although small in comparison to Wednesday's and Thursday's. It could be seen at a glance that the majority of the visitors were citizens. The farmers had their inning. Many of the home folks preferred to avoid the crush, and chose a day when they could see everything in peace and comfort. The ring attractions drew between three and four thousand people to the stands. They were given in their entirety. The clever Arabs made their last bow, and left this morning for New York to fill an engagement. Ben Ali says they are in constant demand, and work winter and summer through. Pawnee Bill's Wild West troupe gave their farewell performance. They also left this morning for Pennsylvania, to show at a county fair.

The speeding events were the liveliest yet seen. In the novelty race Billy Woods won the first heat, but was relegated to third place, because he had a fresh driver, unknown to the judges. Summary:

Novelty race, free-for-all, trot and pace, the winning horse dropping out after each heat:

Gold Ring, J. H. Glover, Aylmer..1
Alice, W. Tolmie, Rodney 2 1
Billy Woods, R.Chambers, Currie's Crossing 3 2
Time—2:45, 2:42 1-4, 2:42.

The trot and pace was rendered very enjoyable by the fireworks finish of a clumsy-looking horse, Billy E., in the second and fourth heats. In the second he got a miserable start, and did not catch up until on the home stretch, when a great burst of speed placed him first. He was heartily cheered. In the fourth he again got away several yards behind the field, but gradually overtook them, and would have won on the stretch if he had not broken. Summary:

2:30 trotters and 2:35 pacers, best 3 in 5:

Birdie J., H. Hulse, Toronto.1 2 1 1
Billie E., D. Hughie, Currie's Crossing 4 1 3 2
Dr. Francis, G. Dickey, Adelaide.. .. ..3 3 2 3
Lady Alvin, A. M. Massecar, St. Thomas 2 4 4 4
Time—2:41, 2:42 1-2, 2:44, 2:44 1-2.

The running race was a pretty easy thing for Lady Mary. Summary:

Half-mile, running, consolation, for non-runners, best 2 in 3:

Lady Mary, Jas. McCartney, Thamesford 1 1
Oxford Boy, John Rutherford, Woodstock 2 2
Gypsy Girl, R. Smith, London ..5 3
News Boy, Geo. Smart, London..4 4
Blue Bird, D. McCorkindale, Holmay 3 5
Time—:55, :54.

NOTES.

The speeding purses were usually $100.

All the gate tickets were burned.

Pawnee Bill and Miss Lillie were dined by Col. Leys Saturday.

Mr. Dan Ferguson and staff managed the races in a business-like way.

The Canadian Express Company handled an immense number of exhibits, in and out, with perfect satisfaction to their patrons.

Secretary Browne and staff began paying prizes at 4 p.m. Friday.

Citizens now feel as if they had a proprietary interest once more in London.

No liquor has been sold on the grounds this year. Only two drunks were arrested — Indians, who had flasks with them.

If the rain started an hour later Wednesday evening, the directors estimate that they would have had $2,000 start of the rain.

Much delay would have been saved Wednesday and Thursday if Pawnee Bill had consented to sandwich his acts between the speeding events, but he insisted on giving it in a lump.

Rain started to fall during the ring performance on Friday. The people in the open stands and those standing at the ends were told to go into the covered stand—an act of courtesy which was appreciated.

The track must be improved. Horsemen praise its grading highly, but it is far too soft, the dressing of clay being much too thin. It only needs a heavier coat of clay loam to make it the best half mile course in Canada. The work should be done at once.

NOTABLE EXHIBITS.

A GREAT STOVE.

The display of the Moffatt Stove Company, of Weston, Ont., on the main floor of the Palace, attracted the greatest admiration all week. Among the special features of the exhibit was their Silver Steel range, possessing advantages which are in no other stoves. One of its unique attachments is the water heating reservoir, which may be adjusted so as to regulate the heat of the water with perfect ease. Another is the manner in which the oven bottoms are kept perfectly level by their patent truss, being held down with twelve bolts. The famous Silver Steel Line is the great specialty of the company, and has made Moffatt's Pearl Stoves famous. It is exemplified perfectly in their silver steel ovens, built for wood, which cook as well as ranges. It requires only half the fuel used for the old style cast iron ovens and bakes more quickly and more evenly. The sole city agent is Mr. Wm. Pudney, 503 Richmond street. Handsome souvenirs, in the form of miniature frying pans, are being given away. *

WM. GRAY & SONS, CHATHAM.

The carriage exhibit of this firm is without doubt one of the best ever seen at the Western Fair. The display includes carriages, phaetons, landaus, etc., and is greatly admired, both for its lasting qualities and artistic finish. Mr. J. H. Moran is the London agent for the firm, and his warerooms are at 154 Fullarton street, where a full line of carriages can be seen. Mr. Moran can quote as low prices as any other dealer, and those in need of vehicles of any description should buy from him, and secure a superior article. 14u wt

The Prize List.

Domestic Woolens, From Canadian Wool, and Homespun Yarn, Strictly Home-made.

Blankets, all wool, white, twilled, 1 pair—Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich, 1; Mrs. J. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 2.

Blankets, all wool, white, plain, 1 pair—Miss Maggie Jameson, St. Marys, 1; Mrs. Jas. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 2.

Cloth, fulled, not less than 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich 1; Mrs. John Patton, Wallacetown, 2.

Cloth, satinet, not less than 15 yards, 1piece—Mrs. J. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 1, Mrs. John Patton, Wallacetown, 2.

Carpets, all-wool, not less than 15 yards, 1 piece—R. Morgan, Kerwood, 1, Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich, 2.

Carpets, cotton warp, not less than 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich, 1; Mrs. D. K. Huffman, Northfield Center, 2.

Carpets, rag, not less than 15 yards, 1 piece—R. Morgan, Kerwood, 1; Mrs. D. K. Huffman, Northfield Center, 2.

Wool mat—Mrs. A. G. Gerdlestone, Galt, 1; Mrs. D. K. Huffman, Northfield Center, 2.

Rag mat—Mrs. R. Pincombe, Strathroy, 1; Hattie S. Chute, Aylmer, 2.

Flannel, all-wool, white, twilled, 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. G. Hunt, Dorchester, 1; Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich, 2.

Flannel, cotton warp, white, twilled, 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. D. K. Huffman, 1; Mrs. R. Haylock, 2.

Flannel, cotton warp, plain, twilled, 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. J. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 1; Mrs. John Patton, Wallacetown, 2.

Flannel, all-wool, checked or striped, twilled, 15 yards, 1 piece—Mrs. Jas. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 1; Miss Hattie S. Chute, Aylmer, 2.

Flannel, cotton warp, checked or striped, twilled, 15 yards, 1 piece—Miss Ella Creighton, St. Marys, 1; R. Morgan, Kerwood, 2.

Mitts, all-wool, men's heavy make, 6 pairs—Miss Janet Tait, Rebecca, 1; Mrs. Wm. McKenzie, Teeswater, 2.

Socks, all-wool, men's heavy make, 6 pairs—Miss Janet Tait, Rebecca, 1; Mrs. Wm. McKenzie, Teeswater, 2.

Shawl, all-wool, woven square, heavy fringed, 1 only—Mrs. John Patton, Wallacetown, 1.

Shawl, knit square, 1 only— Mrs. Jas. H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 1.

Yarn, white and colors, an assortment of 6 pounds—Miss Ella Creighton, St. Marys, 1; Mrs. R. Craig, London, 2.

Yarn, fine fingering—Mrs. R. Haylock, Norwich, 1; Mrs. James H. Bowman, Northfield Center, 2.

Fine Arts Department.

PROFESSIONAL LIST—OIL PAINTINGS.

Any subject—W. A. Sherwood, Toronto, 1; Mrs. Laura Douglas, London, 2.

Historical subject—Caroline Farncomb, London, 1; J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 2.

Portrait—W. A. Sherwood, Toronto, 1; Gertrude A. Minhinnick, 2.

Animals, from life—W. A. Sherwood, Toronto, 1; Caroline Farncomb, London, 2.

Landscape or marine—John Munnock, London, 1; Caroline Farncomb, London, 2.

Flowers or fruit—Caroline Farncomb, 1; J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 2.

Inanimate objects (not flowers or fruit)—Caroline Farncomb, 1; Mrs. Laura Douglas, London, 2.

WATER COLORS.

Any subject—J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 1; Gertrude A. Minhinnick, London, 2.

Historical subject—J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 1; S. K. Davidson, London, 2.

Portrait—S. K. Davidson, London, 1; J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 2.

Landscape of marine—John Munnock, London, 1.

Flowers or fruit—J. R. Seavey, Hamilton, 1.

SCULPTURE, CRAYON, DRAWINGS, ENGRAVINGS, ARCHITECTURE, ETC.

Crayon portrait, without mechanical means—A. Baldwin, London, 1; Miss L. C. A. Cooper, 2.

Modeling in clay or wax—Amy Buckle, London, 1; Miss A. Babington, London, 2.

Architectural, geometrical, mechanical drawings—G. A. Pyke, Toronto, 1; Adair Kaufman, Baden, 2.

AMATEURS — EXCEPT BURNISHING.

Best exhibit of plain photography, most artistically arranged; pictures to be unglazed, tacked to wall; exhibit to occupy a space five feet long, not more or less—J. H. Scongall, Kincardine, 1; H. S. Saunders, London, 2.

Cattle.

AYRSHIRES — REGISTERED.

Bull, 3 years old and upwards—R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1; Walter Nichol, Plattsville, 2.

Bull, 3 years old—W. Stewart & Son, Merrie, 1; W. M. Smith, Fairfield Plains, 2; R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 3.

Bull, 1 year old—Kains Bros., Byron, 1; R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 2; W. Stewart & Sons, Fairfield Plains, 3.

Bull, calf, under 1 year—W. M. Smith, Fairfield Plains, 1; Kains Bros., Byron, 2; R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 3.

Bull, of any age—R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1.

Cow, 4 years old and upwards—R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1, 2 and 3.

Cow, 3 years old—R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1; Kains Bros., Byron, 2; W. Stewart, Merrie, 3.

Heifer, 2 years old—W. Stewart & Son, Merrie, 1; R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 2; M. Ballantyne, St. Marys, 3.

Heifer, 1 year old—Walter Nichol, Plattsville, 1; W. M. Stewart, Fairfield Plains, 2; W. Stewart & Sons, Merrie, 3.

Heifer, calf, under 1 year—W. Stewart & Son, Merrie, 1 and 2; M. Ballantyne, St. Marys, 3.

Female, any age — R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1.

Herd of 1 bull and 4 females, over 1 year—R. G. Steacy, Lyn, 1.

Herd of 4 calves, owned and bred by exhibitor—W. Stewart & Son, Merrie, 1.

Indian Department.

FRUIT—APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS, PEACHES AND MELONS.

Apples, fall, any variety, correctly named, 5 of each—John Lewis, Moraviantown, 1; Katie Ninham, Moraviantown, 2.

Apples, winter, any variety, correctly named, five of each—T. K. Williams, Muncey, 1; John Lewis, Moraviantown, 2.

Pears, winter, any variety, correctly named, five of each—Allan Thomas, Calder, 1; John Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Peaches, any variety, correctly named, five of each—John Lewis, Moraviantown, 1.

Melons, musk, green, or scarlet flesh, two of each—John Ninham, Southwold, 1; T. K. Williams, Muncey, 2.

Melons, water, any kind or color—Mrs. S. French, Christina, 1; J. B. Walker, Muncey, 2.

Best and largest collection of cereals, fruits, roots and flowers, correctly named and tastefully arranged, three to compete or no second prize,—John Ninham, Southwold, 1.

BREAD, BUTTER, HONEY, ETC.

Butter, best basket, rolls or prints, not less than four pounds—Selinda Ninham, Southwold, 1; Mrs. S. French, Christina, 2.

Bread, two loaves and one Indian corn bread—David W. Williams,Southwold, 1; John Lewis, Moraviantown, 2.

Honey, in combs, two pounds—J. Ninham, Southwold, 1; Selinda Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Honey, strained,two pounds—Selinda Ninham, Southwold, 1; John Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Sugar, maple, four pounds—J.Henry, Muncey, 1; Peter Sickles, Southwold,2.

Pickles, mixed, two bottles—Moses Wancosh, Christina, 1; Selinda Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Preserves, best collection, one bottle of each—J. Henry, Muncey, 1; David W. Williams, 2.

MANUFACTURES IN WOOD, LEATHER, BARK, ETC.

Baskets, fancy, grass—J. Henry, Muncey, 1; Mrs. S. French, Christina, 2.

Baskets, fancy, splint—P. Sickles, Southwold, 1; Isaac Smith, Muncey, 2.

Baskets, work—P. Sickles, Southwold, 1; Selina Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Baskets, market—Isaac Smith, Muncey, 1.

Baskets, clothes, grass—John Danford, Southwold, 1; P. Sickles, Southwold, 2.

Baskets, dinner, splint—P. Sickles, 1; Elijah Ninham, Muncey, 2.

Baskets, one bushel—David W. Williams, Southwold, 1; P. Sickles, Southwold, 2.

Lacrosse sticks—S. Logan, Moraviantown, 1; Isaac Smith, Muncey, 2.

Indian baby cradle—P. Sickles, Southwold, 1; John Danford, Southwold, 2.

Axe handles, three—John Danford, Southwold, 1; John Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Fancy walking sticks—Isaac Smith, Muncey, 1; Wm. Bread, Muncey, 2.

Whipstocks, six—Thos. K. Williams, Muncey, 1; John Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Ladles, butter bowl and bark bowl—Wm. Bread, Muncey, 1; John Danford, Southwold, 2.

Bow and six arrows—Thos. K. Williams, Muncey, 1; Isaac Smith, Muncey, 2.

Corn mortar, with two pounders—J. Henry, Muncey, 1.

Snowshoes—J. Henry, Muncey, 1; Moses Wancosh, Christina, 2.

Buckskin coat and head dress—A. E. Wampum, Moraviantown, 1; S. Logan, Moraviantown, 2.

Ox yoke, with bows—P. Sickles, Southwold, 1; John Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Best collection of numismatics, including Indian relics and curiosities—John Danford, Southwold, 1; William Bread, Muncey, 2.

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, ETC.

Robt. Mowat, London, bronze medal 1; John Lashbrook, diploma.

DRAWING, PAINTING, ETC.

Crayon, plain—J. B. Walker, Muncey, 1; A. E. Wampum, Moraviantown, 2.

Crayon, colored—Peter Sickles,Southwold, 1; Philip Schuyler, Muncey, 2.

Pencil drawing—Allen Thomas, Calder, 1; A. E. Wampum, Moraviantown, 2.

Pen and ink drawing—Allen Thomas, Calder, 1; J. B. Walker, Muncey, 2.

Painting in oil—Thos. K. Williams, Muncey, 1.

Painting in water colors—Peter Sickles, Southwold, 1; Philip Schuyler, Muncey, 2.

Penmanship, boy 12 years and over—Allen Thomas, Calder, 1; Philip Schuyler, Muncey, 2.

Penmanship, girl, under 12 years—J. K. Snake, Moraviantown, 1; John T. Schuyler, Southwold, 2.

Penmanship, girl, 12 years and over—Jane Sickles, Southwold, 1; D. Ninham, Southwold, 2.

Horses.

CARRIAGE HORSES.

Stallion, 4 years old and upwards—James McCartney, Thamesford, 1; D. Carrol, Ealing, 2; Wm. Golding, Birr,3.

Stallion, yearling—R. S. Fulton, Brownsvile, 1.

Stallion, of any age—Jas. McCartney, Thamesford, diploma.

Brood mare, with foal by side, or evidence she had a foal in 1896—G. W. Kennedy, Ilderton, 1; Wm. H. Guest, Ballymote, 2; T. Hardy Shore, Glanworth, 3.

Gelding, or filly, 3 years old—John Fulton, jun., Brownsville, 1; Charles rell, Woodstock, 1; T. Hardy Shore, Glanworth, 3.

Gelding or filly, 2 years old—P. Farrell, Woodstock, 1; T. Hard Shore, Glanworth, 2; Louis A. Hawkinson, Copenhagen, 3.

Gelding or filly, yearling—T. Hardy Chore, Glanworth, 1; P. Farrell, Woodstock, 2; Louis A. Hawkinson, Copenhagen, 3.

Foal of 1896—T. Hardy Shore, Glanworth, 1; W. H. Guest, Ballymote, 2; G. W. Kennedy, Ilderton, 3.

Pair of matched carriage horses (geldings or mares)—in harness, 16 hands and over—Adam Beck, London, 1; George Buttery & Sons, Strathroy,2.

Pair of matched carriage horses (geldings or mares), 15 1-2 hands high and under 16—T. D. Hodgens, London, 1; J. A. Hill, Strathroy, 2; Wm. Collins, London, 3.

Single carriage horse (gelding or mare), in harness, 15 1-2 hands and over—T. D. Hodgens, London, 1; Geo. J. Thompson, London, 2; R. R. McKellar, Glencoe, 3.

Mare, any age—George W. Kennedy, Ilderton, diploma.

STANDARD BRED TROTTERS.

Stallion, 4 years old and upwards—Randell Lean, Aylmer, 1; J. Sharon, Woodstock, 2; F. Hanham, St. Marys, 3.

ROADSTERS.

Stallion, 2 years old—J. B. Coweldon, Queensville, 1.

Stallion, yearling—J. N. Sage, Nilestown, 1.

Brood mare, with foal by side, or evidence she had foal in 1896—J. B. Coweidon, Queensville, 1; S. J. Cole, Woodstock, 2; H. McClury, Falkirk, 3.

Gelding or filly, 3 years old—Robert Minirs, Sutherland county, 1; P. Farrell, Woodstock, 2; Charles Rosser, Denfield, 3.

Gelding or filly, 2 years old—E. McLurg, Ivan, 1; Adam Harkness, Belmont, 2; A. C. McAlpin, Alvinston, 3.

Gelding or filly, yearling—J.B.Coweidon, Queensville, 1; E. McLurg, Ivan, 2; P. Farrell, Woodstock, 3.

Foal of 1896—H. McClurg, Falkirk, 1; S. J. Cole, Woodstock, 2; A. C. McAlpin, Alvinston, 3.

SADDLE HORSES AND HUNTERS.

Saddle horse, gelding or mare—A. Beck, London, 1 and 2; Robert Chambers, Currie's Crossing, 3.

Hunter, heavyweight, carrying 180 pounds, to give exhibitions over jumps on Wednesday afternoon in front of grand stand—A.Beck, London, 1 and 2.

Hunter, lightweight, carrying 150 pounds, to give exhibitions over jumps on Thursday afternoon in front of grand stand—Robt. Chambers, Currie's Crossing, 1; A. Beck, London, 2; F. E. Sage, London, 3.

High jumping contest on Friday afternoon in front of grand stand—A. Beck, London, 1.

HACKNEY HORSE—REGISTERED.

Stallion, 3 years old and upwards—Alex. G. Bowker, Woodstock, 1 and 2.

Mare, any age—Alex. G. Bowker, Woodstock, 1.

Best hackney stallion, any age, recorded in the Canadian Hackney Stud Book—Alex. G. Bowker, Woodstock, 1.

HIGH STEPPERS.

Gelding or mare, in harness, not less than 14 1-2 hands; must be driven to dog cart or gig; sire to be a registered hackney—O'Neil & Co., London, 1; L. Meredith, London, 2.

COACH HORSES.

Stallion, any age—S. P. Thompson, Woodstock, 1; J. P. Fisher Coach Horse Company, Brussels, 2; Willis & Steinhazen, Dashwood, 3.

HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES (REGISTERED)—CANADIAN BRED.

Stallion, 4 years old and upwards—John A. Mason, Norwich, 1; A.Holmes, Beachville, 2; G. Duffield, Granton, 3.

Stallion, 2 years old—Geo. Taylor, Kippen, 1.

Stallion, any age—George Taylor, Kippen, 1.

Brood mare with foal by side, or evidence she had a foal in 1896—W. M. Faulds, Muncey, 1; Hider & Parkin, Oxford Center, 2; D. Stewart, Ivan, 3.

Filly, 3 years old—Hider & Parkin, Oxford Center, 1.

Filly, 2 years old—E. W. & G. Charlton, Duncrief, 1; R. Shaw-Wood, London, 2; Chas. Bean, Brinsley, 3.

Filly, yearling—W. M. Faulds, Muncey, 1; Hider & Parkin, Oxford Center, 2.

Foal of 1896—W. M. Faulds, Muncey, 1; Hider & Parkin, Oxford Center, 2.

Team (gelding or mares)—J. W. Robinson, St. Marys, 1; Geo. Paterson, Tavistock, 2; W. M. Faulds, Muncey, 3.

Gelding, 3 years old and upwards—Hider & Parkin, Oxford Center, 1.

Mare, any age—W. M. Faulds, Muncey, 1.

For the best Canadian bred stallion, recorded in the Clydesdale Stud Book of Canada, Canadian bred, as defined by the association (not having an imported mare on the side of the dams)—J. A. Mason, Norwich, 1.

AGRICULTURAL OR GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES—EXCLUSIVE OF PURE BRED.

Team (geldings or mares), in harness—Alex. Campbell, Alvinston, 1; Wesley Kert, Youngsville, 2.

Brood mare, with foal by side, or evidence she had one in 1896—Wm. Fisher, Benmiller, 1; D. Stewart, Ivan, 2.

Gelding or filly, 2 years old—Wm. Moore, Fern Hill, 1; R. Shaw-Wood, London, 2.

Agricultural Products.

ROOTS AND FIELD CROPS.

Turnips Swede, purple tops, five roots—George Murray, Wilton Grove, 1; R. Elliott, Pond Mills, 2; John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 3.

Turnips, Swede, and other sorts, five roots—John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 1; George Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; R. Elliott, Pond Mills, 3.

Turnips, Greystone, five roots—David Palmer, Thorndale, 1; Edwin Odel, Hubrey, 2.

Carrots, red, five roots—R. H. Smith, Ettrick, 1; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; John Murray, Wilton Grove, 3.

Carrots, white, Belgian, five roots—W. H. K Talbot, The Gore, 1; John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 2; Hy. Wickerson, Byron, 3.

Carrots, improved, half long, white, five roots—Charles E. Tuckey, Ferguson, 1; Wm. West, Ilderton, 2; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 3.

Mangel wurzel, Mammoth, long red, five roots—John Murray,Wilton Grove, 1; John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 2; John Murray, Wilton Grove, 3.

Mangel wurzel, Intermediate, red, five roots—John Murray,Wilton Grove, 1; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; W. West, Ilderton, 3.

Mangel wurzel, Golden Tankard, five roots—W. Murray, Wilton Grove, 1; Wm. West, Ilderton, 2; John Taylor, Wilton Grove, 3.

Mangel wurzel, Globe, red, five roots—John W. Shaver,Wilton Grove, 1; John Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 3.

Mangel wurzel, Globe, yellow, five roots—John Taylor, Wilton Grove, 1; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; John Murray, Wilton Grove, 3.

Beets, sugar, red or white skinned, five roots—Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Charles E. Tuckey, Ferguson, 3.



Fifty Years Ago.

This is the stamp that the letter bore
Which carried the story far and wide,
Of certain cure for the loathsome sore
That bubbled up from the tainted tide
Of the blood below. And 'twas Ayer's name
And his sarsaparilla, that all now, know,
That was just beginning its fight of fame
With its cures of 50 years ago.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is the original sarsaparilla. It has behind it a record for cures unequalled by any blood purifying compound. It is the only sarsaparilla honored by a medal at the World's Fair of 1893. Others imitate the remedy; they can't imitate the record:

* **50 Years of Cures.**

xt

Squashes or Pumpkins, two, largest, any sort—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Mrs. Adams, London, 3.

Pumpkins, two, common yellow field—David R. Palmer, Thorndale, 1; John Stott, Ealing, 2; John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 3.

GARDEN VEGETABLES.

Salsify, five roots—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; George H. Poad, The Gore, 2; Wm. Pack, London East, 3.

Cauliflower,three heads—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1; T. Westow, London East, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Cabbage, summer, three heads—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1; Chas. Dougate, Ealing, 2; Augustine Swaffield, Union, 3.

Cabbage, winter, three heads—W.H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Samuel Pope, London, 2; Augustine Swaffield, Union, 3.

Cabbage, collection of winter, including Savoys, not less than four sorts, two of each—James H. P. Ingram, Union, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Augustine Swaffield, Union, 3.

Cabbages, red, three heads—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 2; Charles Clay, Pottersburg, 3.

Carrots, for table, long red, five roots—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; D. Crerar, Sarnia, 2; George H. Poad, The Gore, 3.

Carrots, intermediate, stump-rooted, five roots—D. Crerar, Sarnia, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Charles Clay, Pottersburg, 3.

Carrots, Guerande, five roots—D. Crerar, Sarnia, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; T. Westow, The Gore, 3.

Carrots, best collection—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Geo. H. Poad, The Gore, 2; Wm. Pack, London, 3.

Parsnips, table, five roots—W. H. K. Talbot, the Gore, 1; C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 2; Geo. H. Poad, The Gore, 3.

Corn, early, sweet, six ears—Augustine Swaffield, Union, 1; Thos. Westow, London East, 2; Geo. J. Griffen, London, 3.

Corn, late, sweet, six ears—John Kelly, London West, 1; F. Westow, London East, 2; Angus McInnis, London, 3.

Celery, red, six roots, in bundles, trussed—Able Steele, Ferguson, 1; J. R. Johnston, Ridgetown, 2; A. Burns, St. Marys, 3.

Celery, white, six roots, in bundles, trussed—T. Westow, London East, 1; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 2; Angus McInnis, London, 3.

Celery, yellow, six roots, in bundles, trussed—Angus McInnis, London, 1; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 2; J. R. Johnston, Ridgetown, 3.

Radishes, summer, three varieties, four of each—Arthur A. Lackie, London West, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Radishes, winter, three varieties, four of each—M. G. Dale, London, 1; Wm. Pack, London East, 2; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 3.

Capsicums, large red, six—George H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; T. Westow, London, 2; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 3.

Capsicums, collection of, ripe, twelve varieties, six of each—Thos. Westow, London, 1; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Egg plant fruit, purple, three specimens—Thos. Westow, London East, 1; Richard Fletcher, London, 2; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 3.

Tomatoes, six, Early Leader—Samuel Pope, London, 1; T. Westow, London East, 2; A. Woohan, St. George, 3.

Tomatoes, six, New Stone—Richard Fletcher, London, 1; Thos. Westow, London, East, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Tomatoes, six, Livingstone's Beauty—Thos. Westow, London East, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; Richard Fletcher, London, 3.

Tomatoes, six, large yellow, any variety—A. Woohan, St. George, 1; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Tomatoes, six, Dwarf Champion—A. Woohan, St. George, 1; Samuel Pope, London, 2; T. Westow, London East, 3.

Tomatoes, six, collection of twelve varieties, six of each kind, properly named, other than those already mentioned—A. Woohan, St. George, 1; T. Westow, London East, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Beans, French, wax-podded, one quart—Thos. Westow, London East, 1; George J. Griffen, London, 2; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 3.

Beets, five, Blood, long—R. Fletcher, London, 1; Geo. H. Poad, The Gore, 2; Wm. Pack, London East, 3.

Beets, five, turnip—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Chas. Clay, Pottersburg, 2; Thos. Westow, London East, 3.

Onions, half peck, traced, Spanish or Italian—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 2; John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 3.

Onions, five, yellow, Spanish or Italian excluded—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Jas. K. C. Ingram, Union, 2; Samuel Pope, London, 3.

Onions, five, red, Spanish or Italian excluded—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Augustine Swaffield, Union, 2; Jas. H. C. Ingram, Union, 3.

Onions, five, English potato—A. Woohan, St. George, 1; Wm. Pack, London East, 2; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 3.

Onions, pickling, one quart—T. Oliver Neale, Hamilton, 1; Thos. Westow, London East, 2; M. E. Bale, London, 3.

Turnips, five white, garden variety—Walter Hay, Delaware, 1; Thomas Westow, London East, 2; Wm. Pack, London East, 3.

Turnips, five yellow, garden variety—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Geo. H. Poad, The Gore, 2; Thos. Westow, London East, 3.

Vegetable Marrow, three—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Geo. J. Griffen, London, 2; Abel Steele, Ferguson, 3.

Squashes, three varieties, for table use, three of each—Thos. Westow, London East, 1; Samuel Pope, London, 2; A. Steele, Ferguson, 3.

Melon, musk, green flesh—Richard Fletcher, London, 1; Reuben Mills, London, 2; W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 3.

Melon, musk, scarlet flesh—Angus McInnis, London, 1; George H. Poad, The Gore, 2; George J. Griffen, London, 3.

Melon, water, any kind or color—James H. C. Ingram, Union, 1; Chas. B. Gould, Glencoe, 2; Richard Fletcher, London, 3.

Citron—Thos. Westow, London East, 1; M. C. Bale, London, 2; William Pack, London East, 3.

Greatest variety of garden vegetables, specimens to be distinct from other entries, one of each kind, properly named, and tastefully arranged—W. H. K. Talbot, The Gore, 1; Thos. Westow, London East, 2; George H. Poad, The Gore, 3.

Pearce's Improved Tree Beans—For the vine bearing the greatest number of perfect pods—A. Halloway, Melbourne, 1; G. H. David, Belgrave, 2.

For one pumpkin, "Pearce's Hundredweight," heavier than the one exhibited last year (230 lbs), and nearest to 300 lbs—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1.

For the six heaviest, most uniform, truest type, trimmed, Pearce's Half-Long White Carrot—Abel Steele, Ferguson, 1; Charles E. Tuckey, Ferguson, 2; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 3.

For the six heaviest, most uniform, and truest type, trimmed, Pearce's Prizewinner Purple-top Swede—T. W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 1; Wm. Kennedy, Ilderton, 2; David R. Palmer, Thorndale, 3.

For the six heaviest, most uniform, and truest type, trimmed, Pearce's Canadian Giant Mangel—John W. Shaver, Wilton Grove, 1; Wm. Murray, Wilton Grove, 2; G. H. David, Belgrave, 3.

For best four bushels of Pearce's "Black Beauty" Oats, weight, color, and sample to govern, oats to be the property of John S. Pearce & Co., after the Fair—Wm. West, Ilderton, 1.

Bees, Honey and Apiary Supplies

Best 200 pounds of comb honey in sections, in most marketable shape—John Newton, Thamesford, 1; William Coleman, Birr, 2; F. S. Miller, London, 3.

Best 200 pounds of liquid extracted honey in most marketable shape—F. S. Miller, London, 1; John Newton, Thamesford, 2; Wm. Coleman, Birr, 2.

Best 20 pounds of comb honey in sections, in best shape for shipping and retailing—John Newton, Thamesford, 1; Wm. Coleman, Birr, 2; F. S. Miller, London, 3.

Best 40 pounds of liquid extracted clover honey, in glass—F. S. Miller, London, 1; Wm. Coleman, Birr, 2; J. Newton, Thamesford, 3.

Best 40 pounds of liquid extracted honey, any variety but clover, in glass—John Newton, Thamesford, 1; Wm. Aiken, St. Marys, 2; F. S. Miller, London, 3.

Best 20 pounds of extracted granulated honey, in glass—Wm. Aiken, St. Marys, 1; F. S. Miller, London, 2; Mrs. John Rudd, Askin, 3.

Best beeswax, 10 pounds—John Newton, Thamesford, 1; Wm. Coleman, Birr, 2; Mrs. John Rudd, Askin, 3.

For most tasty and neatly arranged exhibit of comb and extracted honey and beeswax in the apiarian department, the product of the exhibitor—Wm. Coleman, Birr, 1; John Newton, Thamesford, 2; F. S. Miller, London, 3.

Comb foundation for surplus honey, by manufacturers only — John Newton, Thamesford, 1; Wm. Coleman, Birr, 2.

Comb foundation for brood chamber, by manufacturers only — John Newton, Thamesford, 1.

Display of queens, to be put up in such shape to be readily seen by visitors—F. S. Miller, London, 1; John Newton, Thamesford, 2.

Honey vinegar, half-gallon—Wm. Coleman, Birr, 1; F. S. Miller, London, 2; Mrs. John Rudd, Askin, 3.

Maple syrup—Mrs. John Sinclair, Poplar Hill, 1; G. W. Kennedy, Ilderton, 2;Wm. Kennedy, Ilderton, 3.

Largest and best variety of domestic uses to which honey may be put, prepared by exhibitor or his household, two samples of each, canned fruits, cake, pastry, meats, vinegar, etc.—Mrs. John Rudd, Askin.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Female fishes of all species are considerably more numerous than males, with two single exceptions, the angler and the catfish.

The Greatest Discovery

Of this Century for the Relief of Human Sufferers.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM. NO MORE STIFF JOINTS

No more pain in any part of the body!
No more pale faces; rosy cheeks everywhere!
No more the feeling of old age; all will feel smartness and elasticity in all the joints!
Warm feet and free circulation of the blood in the whole system!
No more chills! No more headache! No more neuralgia!

Perfectly Wonderful!

Almost Incredible!

No internal medicine to injure your stomach!
No rubbing with liniments or ointments!

MERELY A WONDERFUL ELECTRICAL POWDER

containing all the medicinal properties that the human race require. To be put in your shoes, and from the large pores of the soles of your feet enters in the whole system of your body.

The only Patent Medicine that has ever crossed the threshold of European Royalties.

Testimonials from the most eminent men of Europe, such as the great German Chancellor Bismarck, Gladstone and others. Napoleon I. in 1801 sent for Professor Volta at the University of Pavia, Italy, and had a special medal cast in his honor. (See Encyclopædia.)

VOLTA ELECTRIC METEORITE POWDER

For the first time introduced in America, is sold by all druggists, at 50c per Box. If your druggists has none TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. Write a postal addressed to

Agent of Volta Electric Co., 37 Yonge Street, Toronto.

He will send you Pamphlet and inform you where you can procure it.

Prepared by THE VOLTA METEORITE ELECTRIC CO., Genoa, Italy. 121

MADERY—HIRONS.

The Windsor Marriage Mystery Still Unsolved.

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 19.—Jacob Madery, who was arrested on the charge of perjury as he stepped off a ferry boat from Detroit Wednesday night, in company with Jennie Hirons, to whom he claims that he was married several months ago by Rev. Mr. Gundy, of the Methodist Church, was brought before P. M. Bartlett Thursday.

The Hirons girl did not appear to prosecute, and the case was adjourned. Meanwhile an officer was sent to her home in Detroit to notify her to appear, but could not find the whereabouts of the girl or her family. The magistrate discharged Madery.

Madery says the marriage was to be kept quiet for a few months, and he returned to Windsor, but on learning that the girl was keeping company with another man, he went to Detroit to see her. He was received as if he was a stranger and she and the family denied that Madery was ever married to her. The girl then came to Windsor and swore out a warrant for Madery's arrest on a charge of perjury in securing the marriage license.

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

A Flying Machine That Comes Down Gracefully as a Bird.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—The first free test of Octave Chanute's albatross soaring machine, invented and constructed by William Paul, was made at Millers, Indiana, under favorable conditions. While the machine was heavily loaded with ballast, so as to prevent it from flying any great distance, and was anchored by four ropes each 200 feet long, the three points which the trial was to decide—first, as to whether it would leave the chute; second, whether it would right itself in the air, and third, whether when it commenced to descend it would move downward slowly and alight easily—were all determined in a manner most gratifying both to its inventor and owner. The flight was less than 100 feet, but the descent and final alighting on the sand were as graceful and even as those of the bird from which the machine was patterned.

FELL DEAD.

Comber, Ont., Sept. 19.—Lewis Saurie, an employe of Pettit Bros'. stave and heading mill, four miles from here, dropped dead yesterday morning. He had just partaken of breakfast, and moved from the table, when he fell dead. He was 23 years old. Heart trouble was the cause of death.

When in good health Lord Rosebery averages about five hours' sleep out of the 24.



THESE BRISK LITTLE PILLS ARE EXACTLY WHAT IS ALWAYS NEEDED IN ALL CASES OF CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE, BILIOUS ATTACKS AND DYSPEPSIA. SOLD EVERYWHERE AT 25c A BOX. DODD'S MEDICINE COMPANY, PROPRIETORS, TORONTO, ONT.

Modesty!

Makes thousands of women suffer in silence, rather than tell their troubles to anyone. To such Indian Woman's Balm is a perfect boon. It cures all womb troubles, corrects monthly irregularities, abolishes the agonies of child-birth, makes weak women strong, and renders life worth living.

230 and 232 Dundas Street.

WHISKARD'S

TWO BUSY DEPARTMENTAL STORES.

Fair Week.

"So, dear John," said pretty Mary, "things don't look so contrary. There's a bright and golden future yet in store for me and you. And though we can't afford a carriage, let us not put off our marriage. Our happiness completed, we'll see what WHISKARD'S STORE can do."

We Desire to

Impress upon the minds of all our customers that an early response to this advertisement will be of great benefit. This reliable purchase of fall and winter hosiery will assume a fast movement when once under way.

It's not too early to investigate. It's not too early to buy.

It should not be necessary for us to importune you. Your only duty is to come and see for yourselves. We're sure you'll be convinced of our honest, genuine, legitimate bargains.

Ladies' Heavy and Fine Wool Hose, regular 25c kind, only 15c pair.

Ladies' Double-Knitted Wool Hose, worth 45c, only 35c pair.

Children's Double-Knitted Wool Hose, in all sizes to 7½, only 25c pair.

It's No Secret

Our method of doing business. We are liberal because it pays us to be so. The better we serve you the stronger hold we have on your trade. Perhaps you haven't tried us; perhaps you would like to? Very well, here's the chance, at such prices as these:

Chenille Curtains at $2 50 pair.

Chenille Table Covers, $1 each.

Chenille Table Covers, 45c each.

Plaid Dress Goods, double fold, 25c yard.

Heavy Navy Blue Serge, double fold, 25c yard.

Black and Colored Cashmere, 25c yard.

Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves, laced, 25c pair.

Fancy Silk Garter Elastic, extra value, 25c yard.

Tan Kid Gloves, laced, all sizes, 75c pair.

Millinery . . .

We are making great preparations for our Fall Millinery Opening. We are showing some nice lines of Felt Hats, in Sailors, Walking Hats and Ladies' Felt Hats. Call and see them. Our prices are right.

We are selling a beautiful line of Sailor Hats at 50c each.

We Put This Here

Because we want you to read that we are selling Ladies' and Children's underwear at remarkably low prices.

Ladies' Large and Heavy Undervests, fleeced, at 25c each.

Children's Fleeced Undervests, 10c each.

Ladies' All-Wool Undervests, 45c each.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Undervests, 50c each.

Children's Natural Wool Undervests, 18c each.

Children's Fleeced Drawers, 25c pair.

Ladies' Undervests, as low as 15c each.

See Our

T. G. W. Corset, worth 75c, for 50c.

Special line Black Sateen Corsets, 50c pair.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

If you want to furnish a house, or any part of one, if you want to get good goods at lowest prices, call and see us about it. We can save you money on all kinds of furniture. Keene Bros., 127 King Street, opposite Market House.

Tisdale's Toronto Iron Stable Fittings

Healthful, durable, attractive and cheaper than other fittings. Send for our new catalogue.—The Tisdale Iron Stable Fittings Co., Ltd., No. 6 Adelaide street east, Toronto.

Don't forget when in want of furniture, that our prices are as low as the lowest, while in quality nothing better, at WM. TRAFFORD'S, 95 and 97 King street.

Hunt & Sons' old established Feather Bed and Hair Mattress Cleaning Factory. Beds weighed; samples given. Manufacturers of hair mattress and goose feather pillows. Furniture and stoves of every description. 593 to 597 Richmond street, opposite Victoria Park and Central avenue. Telephone 997.

T. M. Shoebotham & Co. are selling this week, to advertise their tea business, a fine blend of Indian and Ceylon teas in one pound caddies at 25c per pound. This is a world beater. Try it. The Newmarket Grocery. zxv

Business chances, articles for sale, 1 cent per word for first insertion and same rate in The Advertiser, namely, houses to let, boarders wanted, male help wanted, etc., are all charged the 1-2 cent per word for each subsequent insertion.

Western Fair Prize List.

Horticultural Department.

FRUIT—APPLES.

Apples, 20 varieties, correctly named, five of each (two summer, two early fall, three late fall, and thirteen winter)—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; C. J. Ross, Chatham, 2; Henry Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, 10 varieties, correctly named, five of each (one summer, two fall, seven winter)—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; C. J. Ross, Chatham, 3.

Apples, six varieties, correctly named, five of each, for family use (one summer, one early fall, one late fall, and three winter)—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; Hy. Wickerson, Byron, 3.

Apples, six varieties, correctly named, five of each, most valuable for British markets—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; J. E. Hambly, Cedar Spring, 2; John Lyons, Wallacetown, 3.

Apples, dessert, four varieties, correctly named, five of each (one summer, two fall, and seven winter)—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Walter Hay, Delaware, 2; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 3.

Apples, cooking, four varieties, correctly named, five of each (one summer, one fall, and two winter)—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Aesopus Spitzenburg—T. T. Adair, Byron, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; Wm. Taylor, Tempo, 3.

Apples, five American Golden Russet—C. B. Gould, London, 1; David R. Palmer, Thorndale, 2; R. E. Smith, London, 3.

Apples, five American Pippin—P. McCulloch, jun., Burlington, 1.

Apples, five Alexander—R. E. Smith, London, 1; David R. Palmer, Thorndale, 2; Hy. Wickerson, Byron, 3.

Apples, five Baldwins—C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Ben Davis—Wm. E. Wright, Glanworth, 1; George Nixon, Hyde Park 2; John Lyons Wallacetown, 3.

Apples, five Colvert—C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 1; P. McCulloch, jun., Burlington, 2; James H. C. Ingram, Union, 3.

Apples, five Cayuga Red Streak, or twenty ounce—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; R. E. Smith, London, 3.

Apples, five Duchess of Oldenburg—W. W. Graham, St. Thomas, 1; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Fall Pippin—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; P. McCulloch, jun., Hamilton, 2; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 3.

Apples, five Fallwater—H.W.Webb, Hamilton, 1; R. E. Smith, London, 2; R. Morgan, Kerwood, 3.

Apples, five Gravenstein—C. J. Ross, Chatham, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; J. E. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 3.

Apples, five Grime's Golden—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; H. Marshall, Hamilton, 2; George Nixon, Hyde Park, 3.

Apples, five Hubbardston's Nonsuch—C. J. Ross, Chatham, 1; R. E. Smith, London, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five King of Tompkins Co.—Walter Hay, Delaware, 1; C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 2; R. Morgan, Kerwood, 3.

Apples, five Maiden's Blush—J. E. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Mann—C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 1; R. Morgan, Kerwood, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Northern Spy—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; R. Elliott, Pond Mills, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Ribston Pippin—T. T. Adair, Byron, 1; Hy. Wickerson, Byron, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Rhode Island Greening—P. McCulloch, Burlington, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 3.

Apples, five Roxbury Russet—D. Crerar, Sarnia, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Snow—W. J. Roberts, Stratford, 1; G. W. Kennedy, Ilderton, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Apples, five St. Lawrence—P. McCulloch, jun., Burlington, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Swayzie Pomme Grise—John Gardner, Hamilton, 1; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; F. W. Branston, Lambeth, 3.

Apples, five Steel Red—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1.

Apples, five Talman's Sweet—J. E. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 3.

Apples, five Wagoner—R. E. Smith, London, 1; C. B. Gould, Glencoe, 2; James H. C. Ingram, Union, 3.

Apples, five Yellow Transparent—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1.

Apples, five Yellow Bell Flower—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; H. Marshall, Hamilton, 2; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 3.

Apples, five Fall Seedlings, correctly named—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Apples, five Winter Seedlings, correctly named—H. Marshall, Hamilton, 1; R. Elliott, Pond Mills, 2; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 3.

Apples, crabs, two varieties, correctly named, 12 of each, most valuable for preserving and market—H. Marshall, Hamilton, 1; Samuel Spicknell, Pottersburg, 2; Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 3.

Grapes, 10 varieties, grown in open air, correctly named, two bunches of each, most valuable for market purposes—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardiner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, 6 varieties, grown in open air, correctly named, two bunches of each, most valuable for family use—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardiner, Hamilton,2; Harry W.Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, 6 varieties, grown in open air, correctly named, two bunches of each, most suitable for packing for winter use—A.G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardiner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, 10 varieties, grown under glass, one bunch each,correctly named A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1.

Grapes, 5 varieties, grown under glass, one bunch each, correctly named Mrs. A. Gould, London, 1; T. H. Parker, Woodstock, 2.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, black, grown under glass, correctly named—Mrs. A. Gould, London, 1; T. H. Parker, Woodstock, 2; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 3.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, white, grown under glass, corectly named—T. H. Parker, Woodstock, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; Mrs. A. Gould, London, 3.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, any other color, grown under glass, correctly named—A. G.Hull, St. Catharines, 1.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, black, grown in the open air, correctly named—A.G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardiner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, white, grown in the open air, correctly named—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2.

Grapes, best and heaviest, three bunches, any other color, grown in the open air, correctly named—John Gardiner, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catherines, 2.

Grapes, Concord, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; H.W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, Delaware, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; John Gardner, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, Jessica, three bunches—A.G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Moore's Diamond, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Moore's Early, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Rogers' No. 3, three bunches—John Gardner, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, Rogers' No. 4, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardiner, Hamilton, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, Rogers' No. 15, three bunches—John Gardner, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2.

Grapes, Rogers' No. 19, three bunches—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, Rogers' No. 44, three bunches—John Gardner, Hamilton, 1; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Empire State, three bunches—John Gardner, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2.

Grapes, Niagara, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Grapes, Allen's Hybrid, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Prentiss, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Salem, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Gardner, Hamilton, 2.

Grapes, Worden, three bunches—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; John Knox, Virgil, 2; H. Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Grapes, three bunches, any variety—Jonh Gardner, Hamilton, 1; A.G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Nectarines, six, one or more varieties—John Knox, Virgil, 1.

Quinces, six—H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; H. Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Raspberries, red, not less than half pint—A. Burns, St. Marys, 1; Walter Hay, Delaware, 2; A. Woohnan, St. George, 3.

Raspberries, white, not less than half pint—A. Burns, St. Marys, 1; Walter Hay, Delaware, 2.

Strawberry—Walter Hay, Delaware, 1. Very fine.

Dewberry—Walter Hay, Delaware, 1. Very fine.

Best collection of named varieties of apples, pears, plums, grapes, crabs, quinces, etc., contributed by one person—J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catarines, 2; H. W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

FRUIT—PEARS, PLUMS AND PEACHES.

Pears, 10 varieties, correctly named, 5 of each of the highest commercial value—Harry Webb, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 3.

Pears, 4 varieties, correctly named, 5 of each, most valuable for family use—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; A. S. Hull, St. Catherines, 2; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Bartlets—Chas. Bainfield, Hamilton, 1; P. O. Shaw-Wood, London, 2; J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 3.

Pears, 5 Buerre Clairgeau—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bainfield, Hamilton, 2; Geo. J. Griffin, London, 3.

Pears, 5 Beurre Bose—A. G. Hull, St. Catherines, 1; John Knox, Virgil, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Beurre, hardy—Geo. J. Griffin, London, 1; Geo, H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 3.

Pears, 5 Beurre d'Anjou—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catherines, 2; P. McCulloch, jun, Burlington, 3.

Pears, 5 Beurre Diel—Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2.

Pears, 5 Belle Lucrative—Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 1; P. McCulloch, Burlington, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Pears, 5 Clapp's Favorite—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; I. G. Smith, London, 3.

Pears, 5 Dochesse d'Angouleme—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Flemish Beauty—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; P. McCulloch, jun., Burlington, 2; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 3.

Pears, 5 Glout Morceau—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wells, Hamilton, 2.

Pears, 5 Goodale—A. G. Hull, St. Catherines, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Howell—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Louise Bon de Jersey—Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 1; Wm. West, Ilderton, 2; P. McCulloch, jun, Burlington, 3.

Pears, 5 Lawrence—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Sheldon—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Pears, 5 Seckel—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Vicar Wakefield—Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wilds Hamilton, 2; Geo. Nixon, Hyde Park, 3.

Pears, 5 White Doyenne—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; Harry Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Pears, 5 Winter Nells—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 2; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2.

Pears, 5 fall, any other variety—Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 1; George Nixon, Hyde Park, 2; C. J. Rop, Chatham, 3.

Pears, 5 Winter, any other variety—Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 1; John Knox, Virgil, 2; J. D. Lutz, Stoney Creek, 3.

Plums, 6 varieties, correctly named, 6 of each, most valuable for market purposes, growing and bearing qualities of trees to be considered—Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; Alfred G. Robers, Stratford, 3.

Plums, 3 varieties, correctly named, 6 of each, most valuable for family use—Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catherines, 2; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 3.

Plums, 12 Bradshaw—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Alfred G. Roberts, Stratford, 2.

Plums, 12 Imperial Gage—Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Chas. Bamfield, Hamilton, 2; Alfred G. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Plums, 12 Lombard—A. Woohnan, St. George, 1; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 2; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 3.

Plums, 12 Saunders—Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 1, No 2 or 3.

Plums, 12 Shippers' Pride—A.G. Hull, St. Catherines, 1; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 2; Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 3.

Plums, 12 Washington—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 2.

Plums, 12 Yellow Egg—Harry W. Webb, Hamilton, 1; Geo. H. Wilds, Hamilton, 2; Alfred G. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Plums, 12 any other variety, dark—George H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; Alfred G. Roberts, Stratford, 2; Harry Marshall, Hamilton, 3.

Plums, 12 any other variety, light—George H. Wilds, Hamilton, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Peaches, 6 varieties, correctly named, 6 of each—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1.

Peaches, 3 varieties, correctly named 6 of each—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1.

Peaches, 6 Early Crawfords—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; John Knox, Virgil, 2; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 3.

Peaches, 6 Early Bernard—John Knox, Virgil, 1; J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 2.

Peaches, 6 Foster—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Peaches, 6 Hill's Chili—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Peaches, 6 Late Crawford—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; John Knox, Virgil, 2; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 3.

Peaches, 6 Wagner—A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 1; J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Peaches, 6 Smoke Free—John Knox, Virgil, 1.

Peaches, 6 any other variety, yellow, correctly named—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Peaches, 6 any other variety, white, correctly named—J. G. Hambly, Cedar Springs, 1; A. G. Hull, St. Catharines, 2; John Knox, Virgil, 3.

Great improvement in correct names.

PLANTS IN POTS, VASES, ETC.

Greenhouse and stove plants, 25 distinct species, one of each—S. Wells, London, 1; J. Gammage, & Sons, London, 2; A. Pegler, Ealing, 3.

Greenhouse and stove plants, 12 distinct species, one of each, in flower, display of bloom to govern—E. Wells, London, 1; A. Pegler, Ealing, 2; Alex. Common, Galt, 3.

Greenhouse and stove plants, 3 distinct species, one of each, in bloom—E. Wells, London, 1; Alex. Common, Galt, 2; Thos. Mills, London, 3.

Begonias, flowering, 6 varieties, one of each—A. G. Stephens, London, 1; J. Gammage & Sons, London, 2; S. Wells, London, 3.

Begonias, tuberous rooted, 6 varieties, one of each—Thos. Mills, London, 1; S. Wells, London, 2; A. Pegler, Ealing, 2.

Begonias, Rex, 6 varieties, one of each—Alex. Common, Galt, 1; A. Pegler, Ealing, 2; E. Wells, London, 3.

Coleus, 6 varieties, one of each—A. G. Stephens, London, 1; A. Pegler, Ealing, 2; Alex. Common, Galt, 3.

Fuchsias, 6 varieties, three double, three single, 1 of each—A. Pegler, Ealing, 1; Thos. Mills, London, 2; J. Gammage & Sons, London, 3.

Geraniums, 6 varieties, double, one of each, grown in pots not over eight inches in diameter—Thos. Mills, London, 1; J. Gammage & Sons, London, 2; Alex. Common, Galt, 3.

Geraniums single, six varieties, one of each, grown in pots, not over eight inches in diameter—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, S. Wells, London; 3, Thos. Mills, London.

Geraniums, collection of golden, silver, sweet-scented, tricolored, three varieties of each—1, E. Pegler, Ealing; 2, S. Wells, London; 3, Samuel Pope, London.

Petunas, six varieties (three double, three single), one of each—1, Alex. Common, Galt; 2, A. Pegler, Ealing; 3, A. G. Stephens, London.

Carnations, six varieties, double, two of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London.

Foliage plants, 12 distinct species, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, Alex. Common, Galt; 3, S. Wells, London.

Caladiums, six fancy-leaved, one of each—1, E. Wells, London.

French cannas, six varieties, named, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London; 3, E. Wells, London.

French cannas, 12 varieties, named, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, S. Wells, London; 3, A. Pegler, London.

Alternantheras, six varieties, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London; 3, S. Wells, London.

Balsams, six varieties, one of each 1, Alex. Common, Galt; 2, Geo. J. Griffin, London; 3, Thos. Mills, London.

Ferns, six varieties, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, Alex. Common, Galt; 3, A. Pegler, Ealing.

Hanging baskets of plants, one of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London; 3, Thos. Mills, London.

Abutilons, six varieties, two of each 1, Thos. Mills, London; 2, A. Pegler, Ealing; 3, A. G. Stephens, London.

Lantanas, six, three varieties, two of each—1, S. Wells, London; 2, A. Pegler, Ealing.

Palms, three varieties, two of each—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London; 3, S. Wells, London.

Display of plants in pots, independent of other entries in spaces, 5 feet by 10 feet set apart for this purpose—1, J. Gammage & Sons, London; 2, A. G. Stephens, London; 3, S. Wells, London.

CUT FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, FLORAL DESIGNS, ETC.

Asters, 12 varieties, one of each—Alexander Reid, Hamilton, 1; Main & Collyer, London; 2, Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 3.

Asters, collection, 24 varieties one of each—Alex. Reid, Hamilton, 1; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 2; Alfred J. Roberts Stratford, 3.

Dianthus, 12 varieties, single one of each—Geo. J. Griffin, London, 1; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 2; Alfred J. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Dianthus, 12 varieties, double, one of each—Geo. J. Griffin, London, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 3.

Marigolds, 12 varieties, 6 Africans, 6 French, 1 of each—A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 1; Alex. Reid, Hamilton, 2; R. Mills, London, 3.

Zinnias 12 varieties, double, 1 of each—A. Reid, Hamilton, 1; R. Mills, London, 2; Oliver Veale, Hamilton, 3.

Verbenas, 12 varieties, 1 of each—A. Reid, Hamilton, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; R. W. Rennie, London, 3.

Verbenas, 24 varieties, 1 of each—A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 1; R. W. Rennie, London, 2; A. Reid, Hamilton, 3.

Petunias, 6 varieties, single, 1 of each—A. Reid, Hamilton, 1; Frank Newton, Woodstock, 2; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 3.

Petunias, 6 varieties, double, 1 of each—Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 1; Alex. Reid, Hamilton, 2; Alfred J. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Petunias, collection, not more than 24, 1 of each—Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 3.

Pansies, 12 varieties, 1 of each—A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 1; T. Oliver, Veale, Hamilton, 2; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 3.

Pansies, collection, 1 of each—T. Oliver Veale, Hamilton, 1; A. Reid, Hamilton, 2; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Stocks, Ten Weeks, 6 varieties, 1 of each—Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; R. W. Rennie, London, 3.

Phlox Drummondii, 12 varieties, single trusses—Main & Collyer, London, 1; Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 2; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Phlox, perennial, 6 varieties, single trusses—R. W. Rennie, London, 1; Geo. J. Griffen, London, 2; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 3.

Dahlias, 12 varieties, standard, named, 1 of each—A. Reid, Hamilton, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2.

Dahlias, 12 varieties, bouquet, named, 1 of each—A. Reid, Hamilton, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2.

Dahlias, largest and best collection, named, 1 of each—Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 1; Alexander Reid, Hamilton, 2.

Roses, 12 varieties, Bourbon, Tea, Noisette, named, 1 of each—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1.

Roses, 6 varieties, Bourbon, Tea and Noisette, named, 1 of each—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1.

Roses, 6 of any one variety, named—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Alex. Reid, Hamilton, 2.

Carnations and Picotees, 6 varieties, 6 blooms of each—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; A. Reid, Hamilton, 2.

Gladiolus, 6 varieties, named—E. Wells, London, 1; Main & Collyer, London, 2; R. W. Rennie, London, 3.

Gladiolus, 24 varieties, named—R. W. Rennie, London, 1; J. Gammage, & Sons, London, 2; E. Wells, London, 3.

Sweet Peas, collection, 6 varieties, named, in bunches of 25 of each—Main and Collyer, London, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; R. W. Rennie, London, 3.

Sweet Peas, 20 varieties, named, in bunches, 25 of each—R. W. Rennie, London, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; J. Gammage & Sons, London, 3.

Coxcombs, 6 blooms—Mrs. J. F. Welsh, Stratford, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; E. Wells, London, 3.

Annuals, collection of, in bloom, 20 varieties or more, correctly named—Mrs. J. E. Welsh, Stratford, 1; A. J. Roberts, Stratford, 2; Geo. J. Griffen, London, 3.

Bouquet, 1 bride's white—Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 1; J. Gammage & Sons, London, 2; A. G. Stephens, London, 3.

Bouquet, 1 hand, colored—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; A. G. Stephens, London, 3.

Bouquet, 1 vase or table—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; G. J. Griffin, London, 3.

Bouquet, 1 everlasting flowers—Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 1; A. Woohnan, St. George, 2; E. Wells, London, 3.

Wreath of white flowers—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; Alex. Reid, Hamilton, 3.

Basket of cut flowers, any color—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; A. G. Stephens, London, 3.

Floral design for table—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; A. G. Stephens, London, 3.

Floral design, funeral, colored flowers allowed—J. Gammage & Sons, London, 1; Grainger Bros., Deer Park, 2; A. Reid, Hamilton, 3.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S EXHIBIT.

Best three plants, 1 Geranium, 1 Fuchsia, 1 Begonia, in bloom, in 4 or 5 inch pots, grown by a scholar attending a public school—School Section 21, London township, 1.

Natural History Department.

Collection of insects, correctly labeled—Henry S. Saunders, London, 1; H. Gould, London, 2.

Collection of stuffed birds and mammals, labeled, with the common and scientific names—H. Gould, London, 1.

Collection of native reptiles, batrachians and fishes in spirits, labeled with the common and scientific names—H. Gould, London, 1.

Collection of dried native plants, mounted—Henry S. Saunders, London, 1.

General collection of archaeological specimens, Indian relics, stamps, coins, shells and curios—H. Gould, London, 1.

Exhibits of the life history of any injurious insect, showing the sexes, larva, chrysalis, etc., and ravages of insect, accompanied with a written sketch; a diploma for each meritorious exhibit—School sections Nos. 5 and 15, Plover Mills, 1.

Exhibits of at least 20 noxious weeds, properly mentioned and labeled; a diploma for each meritorious exhibit—School section No. 15, Arva, 1; School section No. 10, Westminster, 2, Flora McCall; school sections Nos. 5 and 15, Plover Mills, highly commended; W. T. Amos, Lieury, diploma; school section No. 5, Westminster, Byron, diploma; Thos. McCord, Belmont, diploma; school section No. 5, Biddulph-Granton,diploma; London West school, diploma.

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But just 10 cents, and 40 doses in a Vial of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills.

No pain, no bad after effects, pleasure in every dose—little, but awfully good.

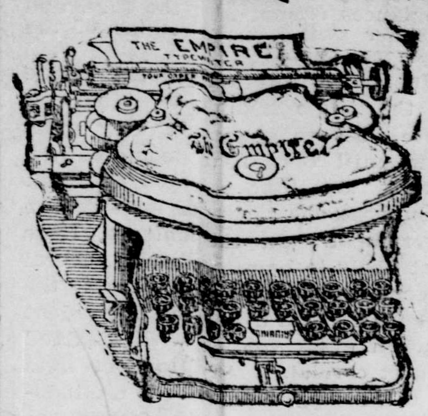
Cure sick headache, constipation, biliousness, nausea, sallowness. They are purely vegetable. In big demand and all druggists sell them. Try them. bwbd-t

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HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling! Write COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

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44th ANNUAL. 44th ANNUAL

A GREAT BANQUET

—OF THE HOUSE OF—

J. FERGUSON & SONS.

You are hereby cordially invited by the above firm to their great Banquet to be held at their Warerooms 174 to 180 King street, London from

SEPTEMBER 10 TO 19, 1896.

The Menu, as given below, is enough to bring tears of anguish to the eyes of a hungry potato. Consomme de Ferguson & Sons. Sago a la upholstering. Merton Lake Trout, Shellac Sauce. Broiled Lounges, trimmed to taste. Loin of Divan, puffed or pleated. Roast Parlor Suites, Hair Stuffing. Fried Chair Legs. Spring Back Rockers, Cremona Sauce. Cold Lodge Chairs, Plain. Cold Reception Chairs, Louis IV. Style.

Pickled Horse Hair. Green Sea Grass. Africa Fibre. Southern Moss.

SALADS.

Plushes. Tapestries. Brocatelles. Satins. Damasks. Piano Stools on Toast. Chicken Foot Rest.

Chenille Couch Spinach. Long Fringe Hominy. Mashed "Return-Stuffs." Stewed "Price-Cutter." Mattress Pudding, Linen Sauce. Rug Pudding, Alligator Plush Sauce. Hassock Meringue Pie. Ottoman Pie. Walnuts. Chestnuts. Butternuts. Rosin. Leathers Tufs. Putty. Polishing Ice Cream. Cedraine.

WINE LIST.

Alcohol. Shellac. Rubbing Oil. Varnish. Turpentine. Cherry or Mahogany Stain. Springbank Water. Benzine. Japan. Asphaltum.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT FAIR WEEK. WELCOME.

This is about the time of year when one begins to think about getting a

Rigby Waterproof Coat . . .

Everybody says there is nothing like them for fall and winter weather. They never get wet, yet they are quite porous and admit the air as freely as cloth which is not Rigby proofed.

10tf t



DO YOU DESIRE TO BE GOOD LOOKING?

BEAUTY has been described as a glorious gift of nature, as a delightful prejudice, as a favor of the gods, whilst others have said that "Beauty is better than all the letters of recommendation in the world."

It isn't possible for all women to be beautiful, but none need be other than good-looking.

Age will come, all too soon, to every one of us.

Meantime we can try to prevent the clear rosy tints of health being merged into a sickly pallor, and to avoid the affliction of eruptive blemishes on the face and skin.

A WOMAN needs a good complexion and a soft smooth skin, else her happiness is lessened and her charm to the other sex diminished. She needs also color in her cheeks, sparkle in her eyes and strength in her nerves, else she is pale, dejected and her duties weary her.

A MAN needs a clear skin and a wholesome complexion in business, else other men fight shy of him. He needs also strength, energy and vitality, else he will be a laggard in life's struggle.

EVERYBODY should have a smooth, rosy, firm skin, free from eruptive defacement. Neither men nor women can attain these things unless they have pure, rich, red, vitalizing blood. It is a law of nature that it should be so.

If you are pale, wan and anæmic you cannot be good looking, but if you take **Dr. Campbell's Safe Arsenic Complexion Wafers and use Fould's Medicated Arsenic Soap** regularly you can be, because they will gradually restore the roses to your cheeks, the fire to your eyes and brightness to your complexion. If you are of eruptive tendency or subject to pimples, boils, blotches, **Blackheads, Freckles**, or breakings out, it is needless to tell you how this handicaps your attractions and also your usefulness in life. But Dr. Campbell's Safe Arsenic Wafers will both purify the blood and restore its vital powers, and hence do you more real good than any other blood medicine ever prepared.

DR. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS and FOULD'S MEDICATED ARSENIC SOAP can be had at any first-class drug store in CANADA, the UNITED STATES and GREAT BRITAIN. Wafers, per box, 50c and $1; 6 large boxes $5. Soap 50c per cake.

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LONDON · CANADA

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manag. Dir.

London, Saturday, Sept. 19, 1896.

Mr. Robert Jaffray as Senator.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto World mentions the name of Mr. Robert Jaffray, president of the Globe Printing Company, in connection with an early elevation to the Senatorship. We know of no recognition that would be more deserved. Mr. Jaffray has for 30 years or more been an undiring worker among the rank and file of the Liberal party, and has probably done more active and strenuous work in that regard than any other man in the Province. The splendid service rendered by the Toronto Globe in every campaign is thoroughly appreciated, but we doubt if the cost to the Globe of services rendered at every general election, and continuously between, is adequately estimated. Mr. Jaffray is a very able and vigorous man, and we sincerely trust the report that his services and his standing are soon to be recognized may prove to be correct.

Canadian members of Parliament now breathe more freely. The 30 days' limit expired yesterday, and they are now entitled to collect $1,000 each indemnity for the session.

A Striking View as to Canada's Future.

In his speech upon the Remedial Bill in the House of Commons six months ago, the gentleman who was then, as he is now, leader of the Liberal party, paid a fine compliment to the people of Nova Scotia, and as true as it was fine:

"Sir, I am within the mark when I say that, since the days of Athens of old, there never was perhaps a corner of the earth with so few acres and so few people, which in a given time produced such a galaxy of men of the very first class as the small Province of Nova Scotia. The names in which she prides," Mr. Laurier went on to say, "Huntington, Uniacke, Johnson, Young, Howe—above all, Howe—are the names of men who, if they had moved and acted on a wider and better known theater, would today live, not only in the hearts of their own countrymen, as they now and will forever live, but would also be household names throughout the civilized world."

It may be that there are no Nova Scotians now living fitted to rank with those great men singled out by Mr. Laurier; yet there are not a few among them who stand high as scholars, orators and writers, both in their own Province home and in other Provinces and States of English-speaking America. One of these has come into notice during the past few months in the person of Charles A. Eaton, of Toronto. Mr. Eaton is pastor of one of the Baptist Churches in that city, and as a pulpit orator and platform speaker he has few peers in Ontario, though hardly yet 30 years of age. He is a cultured and magnetic speaker, and while possibly strongest and most effective as a preacher, his command of every mood of pathos and humor, his love of literature and art, his prevailing good sense and judgment, fit him also to excel upon the platform in a way which could hardly fail to win compliments from so good a critic as Mr. Laurier himself.

But Mr. Eaton is a good writer as well as a good speaker, and during the past few weeks he has been sending to the Globe newspaper a series of graphic letters from London, England, where he has been occupying during the holidays the pulpit of one of the Baptist churches. If his letters have any fault at all it is in their length, for three columns is a bit too long for a letter in these days of the electric telegraph. But a letter which appeared a few days ago, dealing with Canadians in England and the future of Canada, was none too long for such lively topics.

"Nova Scotia! Nova Scotia! Aw, really—let me see! That belongs to us, don't it?" So queried a bright young London journalist who was discussing American affairs with Mr. Eaton. The query was perfectly honest, and the young journalist was a representative of his nation in his knowledge of Canadian affairs, and it led Mr. Eaton to suggest that when a mother reaches the point where she is not quite positive as to her own children it is time for the children to move on.

It is, however, not ignorance on the part of the Britisher that he cannot distinguish Canadians, or things Canadian. Everybody and everything on this side of the Atlantic is "American" to the Englishman, and Mr. Eaton is far from being the only Canadian who finds it a positive disadvantage to put himself forward as a Canadian. And this is how the logic of the situation strikes Mr. Eaton:

"To the masses in England, America is America, and nothing else; they think of the great land across the sea as one, as naturally as they speak and think of the moon as one, or of England and Scotland as one. I believe the hour has come," he writes, "when we ought to recognize what the average Englishman, as a mere matter of accuracy in historical perspective, recognizes, namely, that America has a meaning, a message, a genius all its own; that names and allegiances cannot alter the fact, and that her genius is the genius of the whole continent."

Mr. Eaton foresees a great future for the Anglo-Saxon race; "the evidence goes to show that they must grow until they have mastered the world." But that greatness does not presuppose one system of laws or one government. On the contrary, it is most likely to be attained with several independent communities; "and the time for Canada to become independent is when every relation with England is most cordial." Mr. Eaton perceives all the strong objections to an independent Canada; yet he favors the movement towards a Canadian Republic, and is firmly persuaded that until our country has attained to that status among the nations it cannot hope to hold its own sons, let alone to attract men and capital from other lands.

"We are frittering away our conserving energies," he says, "trying to bestride the Atlantic with our allegiance, while our population is fairly peeled from us by every movement of the gigantic national personality to which we are neighbor."

How small we are in the eyes of Englishmen, and how great the United States is, we see very sensibly demonstrated in the behavior of the Secretary for the Colonies, who is just now spending his holidays in Massachusetts, and does not deign to give even one day to Canada, though questions of great imperial and intercolonial import are at the fore. But if Mr. Chamberlain prefers the society of his mother-in-law in gloomy little Salem by the sea, he should not be surprised if the Canadian people will more seriously than ever heretofore begin to give the first place to their own affairs. Here is Mr. Eaton's advice:

"Let Canada enter upon her birthright as a free republic. Then will her sons find at home the satisfaction for that craving after a true national identity which animates the breast of every real man. Then will the eyes of the world be turned toward us with a new interest, and capital and enterprise will seek our newly-discovered shores. We now have no national personality to attract or challenge the attention of other lands. We are swallowed up in the shadow of our great mother. She would be glad to be well rid of us—provided we retained a right daughterly affection for her. Independent, to be a Canadian, would have a real meaning. The possibilities of a new nationhood would call forth an unheard-of display of inventiveness, and all those qualities which enter into the character of a strong, young, self-reliant, responsible man, and instead of all the attraction being to the greater center of the States, there would be a new center established in the new north land, which would at least hold and acquire as much as it lost."

These are the views of a brilliant young Canadian, who does not fear to make his voice heard, and he puts the case for an independent Canada strongly and eloquently. For its part, The Advertiser believes in the federation of the entire English-speaking race. Would that desirable consummation be furthered by the carrying out of Mr. Eaton's views?

Typhoid fever is again increasing in Toronto. Naturally enough, the people at once believe that the waterpipes are leaking, and that sewage is being pumped out for domestic use. This is a danger which Londoners, with their fine spring water supply, never fear. Let us pity the unfortunate Torontonians.

Public Opinion With the Governor General.

The Toronto Globe quotes from Hon. David Mills' interview in The Advertiser, in which he held that Lord Aberdeen was perfectly justified in refusing to condone known wrongdoing by Sir Charles Tupper, when he had constitutional power to prevent it, and adds:

"It appears from Mr. Mills' interpretation, that common sense and constitutional precedent are at one in this matter. The drift of public opinion is indicated by the decision of the Opposition not to challenge a vote in Parliament on the question."

Many Conservatives now wish that Sir Charles Tupper had good sense enough to confess he had been beaten, and to cease squealing over the consequences. His chief grievance was that he could not fill all the vacant offices with his partisan friends, and that he could not make new offices when the supply gave out. But what right has a defeated Minister, or any other Minister, to appoint men to offices for which Parliament has not yet voted the emoluments? And why should any Government be allowed to keep offices unfilled for months, and even years, in order to keep needy politicians in line, and why, after the election was over, and votes could not be purchased by the holding out of false hopes, should it be possible for a defeated and discredited leader to make these appointments?

The Dowager Empress of Germany draws $400,000 from the British treasury every year as a British princess. It is a comfortable little income in itself, but it is not nearly so large as the German money her Majesty receives as the widow of Emperor Frederick.

Are Private Telegrams Private?

A Montreal Conservative paper recently printed a private telegram from Hon. Mr. Laurier to a friend in Quebec, and Sir Adolphe Caron attempted to turn the message to political account in the House of Commons.

The publication if this private telegram, in itself a very ordinary message, and of no interest to the public, suggests the question of whether or not the telegraph or any similar agency of communication, is absolutely secret. In this case it is apparent it did not so prove.

The Premier of Canada sent a private telegram. He did not reveal its contents to anyone. The receiver did not make the contents known to any one. How, then, did they became known?

In this instance, no one was injured by the publication, but there are cases where grave wrong might be done by the publication of private messages.

It is probably a safe rule for men and women never to write, telegraph, or telephone any message which they desire to be kept secret.

Lord Aberdeen's Speeches.

Lord Aberdeen's speeches are models of brevity, tact, and subject matter. The Governor-General has the knack of saying the right thing at the right time, and of never saying too much.

The Governor-General will be entertained at a civic banquet when he visits Brantford next Thursday.

A new illuminating gas made from petroleum has been produced in Germany, which, it is asserted, can be supplied of a quality equal to the best existing photometric standard at a cost of 25 cents a thousand feet. The generative plant is simple; one able to keep up a hundred lights can be built for $150. If that can be accomplished in Germany, removed from the oil fields, the introduction of the new system into this part of Canada, so close to the wells, should result in great benefit to rural hamlets. Every little place could have its own gas works.

Diocese of Huron.

Regular Quarterly Meeting of the Executive Committee.

Personnel of the Mission Committee—Interesting Reports Dealt With.

A regular quarterly meeting of the executive committee of the Synod of Huron was held on Thursday afternoon in Bishop Cronyn Hall. Present: The Right Reverend the Bishop (in the chair), Revs. D. Williams, R. Hicks, A. Brown, W. Craig, J. Ridley, T. R. Davis, Canon Young, Canon Hill, Canon Richardson, H. A. Thomas, Archdeacon Davis, D. Deacon, Canon Smith, J. H. Moorhouse, J. W. Hodgins, G. B. Sage, J. Downie, F. G. Newton, W. Lowe, Jeffrey Hill, J. T. Wright, W. J. Taylor, S. F. Robinson, C. R. Gunne, M. Turnbull; Messrs. Judge Ermatinger, Chas. Jenkins, Jas. Woods, V. Cronyn, J. D. Noble, R. Fox, G. D. Sutherland, J. Peers, G. M. Harrison, T. H. Luscombe, H. Macklin, R. Shaw-Wood, W. J. Imlach, F. T. Harrison, J. Fawcett, J. Fennell, J. Ransford.

The meeting opened with prayer by Canon Richardson, after which the bishop made feeling reference to the death of Revs. Canon Newman and D. Carscaden, and of Mr. R. S. Gurd, a late member of the committee.

On motion of Chancellor Cronyn and Judge Ermatinger, a resolution of regret and sympathy with the family of their late fellow-members was passed.

The minutes of last meeting were confirmed. The election of missions committee then took place, Rev. W. J. Taylor and Prof. Harrison acting as scrutineers.

The finance committee reported a number of accounts presented and passed. Adopted.

The missions committee reported in favor of a special grant of $50 to Brookholm. Laid over until the December meeting. To Port Stanley, for special service, $25. Agreed to.

The application for reassessment from Port Dover was beyond power.

The local committee in each county was asked to assess the parishes in their own deanery.

The committee on income and expenditure reported through Canon Young that a number of gentlemen had kindly undertaken the canvass for subscriptions toward the mission fund debt as follows: Brant, Rev. W. Craig; Bruce, Rev. W. Lowe; Elgin, Rev. Canon Richardson; Essex, Rev. R. McCosh; Huron, Rev. S. F. Robinson; Kent, Rev. G. B. Sage; Lambton, Rev. J. H. Moorhouse; Middlesex, Rev. J. Ridley; Norfolk, Rev. J. C. Farthing; Oxford, Rev. R. Hicks; Perth, Rev. J. W. Hodgins; Waterloo, Rev. T. R. Davis. Report adopted.

The report of the scrutineers of the ballot for the missions committee showed the following names: Clerical—Dean Innes, Canon Young, Archdeacon Davis and Canon Smith, equal. Lay—Messrs. C. Jenkins, Principal Dymond and Matthew Wilson. Canon Smith resigned in favor of Archdeavon Davis, but was reappointed by the bishop, who also appointed Rev. R. Hicks, Chancellor Cronyn and Mr. T. H. Luscombe.

The report of Rev. Canon Smith, the bishop's commissioner in the matter of the reunion of Trinity Church, Lucan, and St. James', Clandeboye, showed that the two congregations were not agreed as to the terms of reunion, and that the general interests of the church were better served by remaining separate.

On motion of Archdeacon Davis and Rural Dean Hicks, the petition for reunion was not concurred in. Matters referred by the Synod to the committee were then considered. That with regard to the episcopal and archdeacons' fund by Archdeacon Marsh was referred to the special committee. That referring to the widows' and orphans' fund was referred to a special committee to be appointed by the bishop. The following gentlemen were subsequently appointed: Revs. J. T. Wright, H. A. Thomas and D. Williams; Messrs. C. Jenkins and James Woods.

No action was taken in the matter of printing business to be brought before the Synod in the convening circular.

The reorganization of the parishes of Point Edward and Camlachie as agreed upon at last meeting was not confirmed, and the arrangement was made as before. The reorganization of Kingsville and Leamington parish was confirmed, Wheatly to be served from Leamington, as arranged at last meting.

The widow of the late Rev. Canon Newman was on motion placed on the list.

The vestry of North Ridge applied for leave to raise money for enlarging and improving their church. Request granted.

The vestry of Burwell Park Church asked leave to borrow money to improve the house on the glebe land. Granted.

The vestry at Kelvin desired permission to sell the lot upon which the old church at Northfield stood. Permission granted on the usual conditions.

Leamington vestry asked leave to lease the old glebe lot for oil purposes. Granted on the usual terms governing such cases.

The Indian congregation at Walpole Island asked leave to build a new church five miles from the present church. It was decided to ask the bishop to appoint a commissioner to visit and report.

St. Matthew's Church, East London, asked leave to borrow a further sum of $500. Granted on the usual terms.

St. James' Church, South London, asked permission to borrow a sum not exceeding $5,500 towards enlarging and improving the church. Granted on the usual terms.

The Rev. Mr. Turnbull asked information regarding the matter of St. Stephen's Church. It was pointed out that it was still in the hands of the committee.

The bishop informed the committee that the sums contributed towards the relief of the sufferers in Armenia was $1,172 93, being considerably in advance of any other diocese.

The committee adjourned at 6 p.m.

The Business Outlook

In the United States and Canada

As Outlined in Dun & Co. and Bradstreet's Weekly Statements.

New York, Sept. 19.—Bradstreet's weekly review says: The moderate improvement in trade the past few weeks continues, and is emphasized by further speculative purchases of wool, renewed buying by wool manufacturers, the reduction of surplus stocks of cotton goods, increased demand for seasonable fabrics, continued confidence among manufacturers of iron and steel, that there will be an early revival in demand, and improvement in request for staple goods. The volume of sales of general merchandise shows a small gain over last week, and the feeling among wholesale merchants is one of more confidence in a comparatively early improvement. The total number of business failures throughout the United States this week is 315, which is seven more than last week and 97 more than in the corresponding week last year. The increased proportion of the number of failures of concerns with large capitalization continues noticeable.

IN CANADA.

General trade shows no widespread improvement throughout the Canadian Dominion. Increased activity is noted in the Province of Quebec since the autumn fairs, and in Montreal since the exhibition opened.

At Toronto prices continue firm, those for wheat being higher.

Interior merchants throughout Ontario and Quebec continue to buy for immediate wants only, and manufacturers to await demand.

The only noteworthy activity in Newfoundland is in mining. It is reported that numbers of people are emigrating from the colony.

Trade is quiet in New Brunswick, and on Prince Edward Island the grain crop promises well, as do the hay and fruit crops.

Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and Halifax aggregate $20,100,000 this week—25 per cent more than last week, and slightly more than in the corresponding week last year.

There were 41 business failures reported throughout the Canadian Dominion this week, against 40 last week, and 41 in the corresponding week a year ago. In the like period of 1894 the total was 43, and in 1893 it was 47.

R. G. DUN & CO.'S REVIEW.

There is still no distinct improvement in business, although conditions favor it. Confidence slowly rises, speculative buying of materials for future use continues, imports of gold do not cease, and the Bank of England has not tried to check them by further advance in rates, as the weight of the demand now falls upon France, but an enormous business is held back until the future is more clear. Maine's great majority had no such influence as many anticipated. Outside of speculative markets the impression grows that certain and safe revival may not be expected until November. Wheat has also risen 1 5-8 cents, although western receipts of 6,626,830 bushels exceed last year, and in three weeks have been 17,855,868 bushels, against 16,791,660 last year. Helped by purchases at present low prices the Atlantic exports were 1,812,919 bushels, flour included, and for three weeks 5,796,194, against 3,837,129 last year. Corn has scarcely advanced, as western receipts are still as large as a year ago, with exports smaller.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

New Haven has 61 cases of typhoid fever, "all believed to have been caused by milk delivered by one dealer."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.



YOU HAVE BACKACHE

Get Rid of It!

It is a sign that you have Kidney Disease; Kidney Disease, if not checked, leads to Bright's Disease,

and Bright's Disease Kills!

Because the Kidneys break down and pass away with the urine. .. ..

Heed the Danger Signal

and begin to cure your Kidneys to-day by taking

Warner's Safe Cure

Write to-day for free treatment blank. Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N.Y.

SLAUGHTER SALE OF

ORGANS

Do You Want One?

IF SO

Now's Your Chance!

EASY TERMS

1 Doherty Organ, piano case, 6 octaves, 13 stops, regular price $125, now $95.

1 Clinton Organ, piano case, 6 octaves, 13 stops, regular price $110, now $75.

1 Thomas Organ, high top, 6 octaves, 12 stops, regular price $100, now $70.

1 Karn Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 12 stops, regular price $100, now $65.

1 Dominion Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 12 stops, regular price $90, now $60.

1 W. Bell & Co. Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 11 stops regular price $90, now $55

1 Doherty & Co. Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 9 stops, regular price $75, now $50.

1 W. Bell & Co. Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 9 stops, regular price $70, now $45

1 Karn & Co. Organ, high top, 5 octaves, 11 stops, regular price $65, now $40.

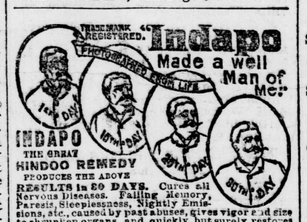
And about 25 others as low in price as $15.

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171 Dundas Street.

J. A. CRODEN, Manager.



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Spencer Block, Dundas Street,

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.

Evening classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 7 to 9 p.m. Fees, for 36 lessons, $3. Freehand model drawing, modeling in clay, oil and water color painting. Afternoon classes, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m. Oil and water color and china painting, crayon drawing, etc. For circulars apply to JOHN H. GRIFFITES, Principal. zxt



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SEE OUR EXHIBIT IN THE MAIN BUILDING.

Colored Glass Windows,

Cut Plate Glass,

Silverware, Etc.

The only dumb animal is the giraffe. It cannot express itself by any sound.

Saturday Night Fair

From 7 to 10 O'Clock.

CHAPMAN'S

ON GROUND FLOOR.

HOSE—Ladies' Fine Worsted Hose, double heels and toes, worth 35c,
Saturday Night 25c

HOSE—Ladies' Fine All-Wool Cashmere Hose, double soles, heels and toes, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 36c

HOSE—Children's All-Wool Ribbed Cashmere Hose, double heels and toes, worth 30c,
Saturday Night 20c

HOSE—Children's Fine Maco Cotton Hose, double heels and toes, worth 12½c,
Saturday Night 8c

GLOVES—Ladies' Colored Black Kid Gloves, worth 65c,
Saturday Night 50c

HANDKERCHIEFS—Fancy Embroidered Swiss Handkerchiefs, worth 20c.
Saturday Night 2 for 25c

CHAIR DRAPES—Fancy Embroidered Chair Drapes, Japanese, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 35c

NIGHT ROBES—Ladies' White Cambric Night Robes, made of fine Cambric with clusters of tucks in yokes, worth 60c,
Saturday Night 45c

NIGHT DRESSES—Ladies' Fancy Flannelette Night Dresses, trimmed with silk embroidery, worth 75c,
Saturday Night 56c

VEILINGS—Fancy Net Veilings, worth 20c,
Saturday Night 15c

SALT AND PEPPER SET—The "Little Gem" Salt and Pepper Set and Glass Tray,
Saturday Night 25c

PURSES—Solid Leather Purses, calf lined, with handkerchief pocket, worth 35c,
Saturday Night 25c

HATS—Men's Black Fedora Fur Felt Hats, worth $2,
Saturday Night $1 39

SHIRTS—Men's Navy Blue Flannel Shirts worth $1 50,
Saturday Night $1

SOCKS—Men's All-Wool Cashmere Socks, Seamless, worth 35c,
Saturday Night 25c

CARDIGANS—Men's Cardigans, Fine and heavy, worth $1,
Saturday Night 65c

PEAK CAPS—Boys' Hook-Down Peak Caps, worth 25c,
Saturday Night 15c

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Men's Shirts and Drawers, worth 75c,
Saturday Night 50c

SOCKS—Men's All-Wool Socks, ribbed top, worth 18c,
Saturday Night 12 1-2c

COLLARS—Men's White Linen Collars, all sizes, worth 15c,
Saturday Night 10c

HANDKERCHIEFS — Men's All-Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 18c,
Saturday Night 2 for 25c

BRACES—Boys' Braces, worth 12½c,
Saturday Night 7c

PLAIDS—Ten pieces Silk Mixed Plaids, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 40c

CHECKS—Six pieces Silk and Wool Checks, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 35c

DRESS GOODS—Seven pieces All-Wool Two-Toned Diagonal Dress Goods, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 35c

DRESS GOODS—Ten pieces Tweed Dress Goods, all wool and union, worth 45c and 50c,
Saturday Night 25c

SERGE—Ten pieces Heavy Union Serge, 46 inches wide, a snap, colored or black,
Saturday Night 25c

DRESS GOODS—Seven pieces Knotted Dress Goods, in colored, worth 35c,
Saturday Night 25c

CLOTH—Ten pieces 24-Inch Cloth Dress Goods, assorted colors, worth 12½c,
Saturday Night 10c

LACE CURTAINS—20 pairs White Lace Curtains, great special, worth $1 25,
Saturday Night 90c

CHENILLE CURTAINS — Ten pairs Chenille Curtains, 3¼ yards long, with heavy dado and fringe, worth $4,
Saturday Night $3

FLANNEL—Grey Wool Flannel, 28 inches wide, worth 20c,
Saturday Night 16c

SHEETING—Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, worth 18c,
Saturday Night 15c

NAPKINS—Bleached Table Napkins, large size, worth $1 30,
Saturday Night $1 10

BLANKETS—White Wool Blankets, very large, worth $3,
Saturday Night $2 50

PILLOW COTTON—Bleached Pillow Cotton, 50 inches wide, worth 16c,
Saturday Night 12 1-2c

SHEETING — Twill Sheeting, bleached, two yards wide, worth 25c,
Saturday Night 20c

COVERS—Fancy Table Covers, silk embroidered, worth $2 25,
Saturday Night $1 50

COMFORTERS—Heavy Reversible Comforters, full size, worth $1 50,
Saturday Night $1 20

SHIRTINGS—Oxford Shirtings, neat patterns, fast colors, worth 12½c,
Saturday Night 10c

TOWELING—Turkish Toweling, 16 inches wide, worth 12½c,
Saturday Night 8 1-2c

ON FIRST FLOOR.

PANTS—Men's All-Wool Tweed Pants, worth $2 50,
Saturday Night $1 75

SUITS—Men's D. B. All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth $7 50,
Saturday Night $5

SUITS—Men's Black Worsted Suits, Stripe Pants, worth $12,
Saturday Night $9 50

SUITS—Men's Good-to-Wear Tweed Suits, worth $6,
Saturday Night $2 95

ULSTERS—Men's Fawn and Brown Frieze Ulsters, worth $9,
Saturday Night $6 40

OVERCOATS—Men's Blue and Gray Fine Tailor-Made Beaver Overcoats, worth $15,
Saturday Night $11 75

OVERCOATS—Men's Light-Weight, Silk-Lined Fall Overcoats, worth $12,
Saturday Night $8 50

SUITS—Youths' All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth $4 50,
Saturday Night $3 39

SUITS—Boys' 2-Piece Good-to-Wear Tweed and Serge Suits, worth $2 50,
Saturday Night $1 49

PANTS—Boys' Blue Serge Pants, worth 50c,
Saturday Night 29c

SUITS TO ORDER—Men's Scotch Tweed Suits, made to order, worth $20,
Saturday Night, $15

SUITS TO ORDER—Men's Clay Worsted Suits, made to order, worth $22,
Saturday Night $17 75

PANTS TO ORDER—Men's Fine Colored and Black Worsted Pants to order, worth $7,
Saturday Night $5

WRAPPERS—Ladies Eiderdown Wrappers, very comfortable, all colors, worth $3,
Saturday Night $2

REEFERS—Children's Fall Reefers in brown and navy, worth $2 25, for $1 13; worth $3, for $1 50,
Saturday Night

JACKETS—Ladies' New Fall Jackets, great special, newest style, worth $6,
Saturday Night $5

FRIEZE AND TWEED CLOAKINGS—A full range, worth $1 50, cut free,
Saturday Night, $1

WATERPROOFS — Ladies' Waterproofs, all colors, in fancy tweeds, all sizes, adjustable capes, worth $5,
Saturday Night $3 75

Terms Cash---American Money at Par.

CHAPMAN'S

126-128 Dundas Street.

X-Rays

Of severest trial and test prove in regard to Hood's Sarsaparilla

1st, Greatest Merit

Secured by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process unknown to others — which naturally and actually produces

2d, Greatest Cures

Shown by thousands of honest, voluntary testimonials — which naturally and actually produce

3d, Greatest Sales

According to the statements of druggists all over the country. In these three points Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best — It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Weeding Them Out.

The Intercolonial Railway Manned With Political Partisans.

Mr. Blair Announces His Policy Regarding Them.

And Proves Himself a Brilliant Speaker —Mr. Beattie's Little Bubble Burst —Intercolonial's Big Deficit — August Trade Returns.

Ottawa, Sept. 19.—Though substantial progress was made with the estimates for railways and canals yesterday the greater part of the time was devoted to the discussion of the question of offensive partisanship, which must be a subject of absorbing interest after a political overturn. Mr. Blair, the new Minister of Railways and Canals, was attacked by the Opposition for having laid down the proposition that in the case of temporary employes the evidence of responsible men, such as members of the House and defeated candidates, should be regarded as a sufficient basis for action. This afforded Opposition members an opportunity to pose in the role as champions of the workingman. The Minister from New Brunswick made his first speech in the House, and when he had finished he had placed himself in the front ranks of Parliamentary debaters. His unprepared effort was not only a justification of the position he had taken, but of the reputation he enjoys of being one of the ablest parliamentarians in the roster of Canada's public men. He reasserted the proposition that active and offensive partisanship should be regarded as sufficient reason for the dismissal of officials who have been proved to have violated the principle of political neutrality. Among other things he pointed to the statutes of New Brunswick which are dotted with laws for the amelioration of the workingmen's condition, as a complete vindication of his attitude in regard to the labor interest.

Col. Tisdale, ex-Minister of Militia, urged the Government to act upon the order-in-council passed by the late Government recommending the purchase of the Oliver equipment.

Dr. Borden assured the Minister of Militia and the House that he would not sanction the expenditure of any such sum except for the purchase of the best equipment in the world. He would await the results of experiments in England.

NEW RIFLES ISSUED.

Replying to a question by Mr. Casey the Minister said that of the 9,000 new rifles which had been received there had been issued to the R. C. R. I. 400; camp at Aldershot, N. S., 500; camp at London, 100; camp at Niagara, 500; camp at Fredericton, 500; at Levis, 400; at Laprairie, 500; at St. Johns, Que., 400; at Charlottetown, P. E. I., 100; at Kingston, 300. This made a total of 3,700. Of the balance of the 9,000 there were in store at Quebec, 5,000; at Kingston, 200, and at Ottawa, 100. The rifles served out at the camps had been merely for target practice, and would be returned into store when the camps broke up.

CAMP CONTRACTS.

Sir Hibbert Tupper asked about the system upon which the Minister had let the contracts for supplies for the camps.

Dr. Borden replied that there was not time in the case of the London and Aldershot, N. S., camps to call for tenders for supplies, but in future all contracts would be let by public competition.

That was the end of the breeze which Major Beattie and other members sought the other day to raise about this question.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

Upon the Intercolonial vote of $211,500, Mr. McMullen called attention to the fact that men were employed by the road to the number of 3 1-2 per mile. There was not a road in Canada that was so overmanned. He hoped that reductions similar to those which had taken place in the Works Department would be made upon the Intercolonial Railway.

Mr. Blair stated, in response to questions by the Opposition, that three laboring men had been dismissed, and that their places had been filled. Mr. Blair, in stating the course that he would pursue, said that he proposed to draw a distinction between permanent officials and those who were simply employed as day laborers. He could not do otherwise. It would be utterly impossible for him to administer his department with its 5,000 employes and adopt any other course. He had come to the conclusion that if any member of the House whose advice the Government could safely accept, or any gentleman who was a candidate in the country and was defeated, informed him that men employed in a temporary capacity had taken an active part in an election, he would receive the statements thus made and he would permit his officials to allow changes to be made.

Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Quinn characterized it as an outrageous principle to lay down that, while the highly-salaried official will be treated with fairness, the poor laboring man should have his bread taken away from him and his family upon the representation of a member supporting the Government or a defeated candidate who wanted his place for a political friend.

Mr. McMullen reminded the members of the late Government how they had dealt with the French translators who in 1888 were accused of offensive partisanship.

Mr. Fielding now took a hand in. He said that the people of the Maritime Provinces would laugh at the attitude now assumed by the Opposition. It was well known by them that not only the Intercolonial, but the whole public service there had been made a political engine. There could not have been a Conservative party in Nova Scotia without the Dominion officials to make a backbone for it.

After recess Mr. John Ross Robertson, M.P., spoke. He maintained that the civil servant had no right in politics beyond the right to vote, and the right to express his opinions in private conversation. Mr. Robertson condemned Mr. Blair's views about dismissing the laboring men on the information of members or defeated candidates.

MR. BLAIR.

Mr. Blair followed. His language, he said, must have been unfortunate if it warranted the criticisms which had been made. He had no disposition in his heart to deal unjustly or unfairly with the laboring men of Canada or to discriminate against them. He invited the fullest investigation into the circumstances of the dismissal of the men whose positions had been taken from them. He had dealt with these men in a fair and judicial spirit. He had no personal desire to cut off any man's head in the civil service of the country. When a responsible Minister was satisfied by the evidence at his hand or by the assurances which he receives from a man upon whom he could rely that any employe of the Government had violated the principles of neutrality, had been an active partisan, and had actively engaged in the campaign against his opponents, no one could complain, lest of all those on the other side of the House, if the Government exercised its undoubted right to dispense with the services of that man. All men in the public employ might cast their ballots according to their honest convictions. If the laboring classes of the country had thought that in taking that stand he was dealing unjustly with them, he was afraid he would have to permit them to entertain that judgment in regard to him.

Mr. Dyment pointed out that a postmaster in one of the towns in Algoma was dismissed upon the recommendation of Mr. Macdonnell, the late member, and of the post office inspector, for having "gone Grit" in the preceding election.

Before the item was passed Mr. Blair gave a statement of the year's earnings and working expenses of the Intercolonial system. There was a net loss on the operation of the system of $113,764 17.

AUGUST TRADE.

A statement of the goods exported from the Dominion for the month of August appears in today's Official Gazette. It shows that the produce of Canada exported was $11,130,012, compared with $11,779,326 for August, 1895. The total exports for the last month were $13,173,562, as against $12,448,823 for August, 1895, or an increase of $924,739. The imports for the same time were $11,082,875, compared with $11,028,065 for August, 1895. The duty collected was $1,813,789, or an increase of $14,306 over the same month in 1895.

RESPONSIBLE

we cannot be, for the health and song of birds fed food thrown together by those not understanding them. But we will be responsible when directions on "COTTAM'S" Seed, and "Book on Birds" are carefully followed.

BE SURE "BART COTTAM & Co.," London, is on each label, and patent Bird Bread, patent B. B. and Sanitary Perch Holder, with Beak Sharpener inside. Sold everywhere. 10c. Read Cottam's new illustrated "Book on Birds." Usual price, 25c; post free next 30 days for 13c and this ad.

Bart Cottam & Co.

Talbot and Dundas Sts.

[10]

We Know It

We know what we are talking about when we tell you it is nonsense to pay more for clothes than we charge. When you go above Slater's prices you get neither more style nor more wear. We can show you the best and most exclusive designs in our stock. Call and see us.

A. SLATER

427 Richmond St.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Mr. Henry Schadel, of Hamilton, on Friday fell in a fit and broke his neck, dying instantly.

Rev. C. H. Shutt, rector of St. Barnabas' Church, St. Catharines, intends handing in his resignation shortly.

The Minister of the Interior proposes to amalgamate all the railroads of the Argentine Republic and form a State monopoly.

Traffic receipts on the C. P. R. for the week ending Sept. 14, $433,000; for the same week last year, $404,000; increase, $29,000.

It is understood that the Chatham Banner is to be sold, as Messrs. Brierley & McKay will go to Montreal to take charge of the Herald.

A report from Bangor, Me., makes it probable that Michael McMonigle, of St. Andrews, N. B., was on Friday night murdered by an Indian.

A warrant has been issued at Cobourg for Fred Rush on the charge of murder. Rush was with young Prentiss at the shooting of Mr. Thomas Lingard.

Justice Sir James Winter, of the Newfoundland Supreme Court, who is now on his way to London on leave of absence, intends resigning his seat on the bench when he returns, owing to a reduction in his salary under last year's retrenchment bill.

To The Deaf.

A gentleman who cured himself of Deafness and Noises in the Head after fourteen years suffering will gladly send full particulars of the remedy post free. Address H. CLIFTON, Ambedy House, Norfolk street, Strand, London England.

Try the Lincoln Fountain Pen, 14-karat gold tipped; no clog, no drip. Satisfaction guaranteed. ADKINS, jeweler, agent. ywt

—When making purchases of merchants who advertise with us you will confer a favor on this paper by mentioning that you saw the advertisement in the "London Advertiser."

The Czar's Visit.

Everything Done to Secure His Safety While in England.

Plans for a Pleasant Stay in the Highlands.

Important Political Results Expected to Follow the Visit to Balmoral.

Remarkable Statements of a French Scientist—Mountains "Off Their Base" —A Lady Wants to Go Gunning for Liars.

Special Cable Letter.

London, Sept. 19.—The preparations for the reception of the Czar and Czarina, who are expected to reach Leith on Tuesday, are almost completed. With the exception of the arrival and the departure of their Russian Majesties, there will be no state ceremonies. The recently discovered dynamite conspiracy has undoubtedly served to cause the authorities to double the precautions taken to insure the safety of the imperial travelers, and the greatest anxiety is expressed lest any accident should occur.

The Russian embassy here is vibrating with excitement, several members of the Russian secret police having been in England for a week past, and they will be reinforced by the most famous of the Czar's Nihilist detectives. The latter will accompany the Czar to Balmoral, and later to Paris. The Russian imperial yacht Standard, on entering Leith harbor, will pass through lines of warships belonging to the Channel squadron, which will fire imperial salutes. The Czar and Czarina will be received at the jetty by the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, a number of field officers, and the guard of honor, composed of bluejackets. The Czar's escort will consist of a detachment of the Second Dragoons (Royal Scots Greys), of which the Czar is colonel-in-chief, and three hundred policemen. A regiment of Highlanders will line the street leading from the jetty to the railroad station, which is only four hundred yards distant.

THE TRIP TO BALMORAL.

The Czar and Czarina will ride to the station in a state carriage, sent from Buckingham Palace mews for their use, and the train will convey the imperial party to Balmoral in the "Queen's Special." It will run from Leith to Ballater, the railroad station of Balmoral, without any stop. Upon arriving at Ballater the Czar and Czarina will drive in state carriages through lanes of servants in Highland costume, holding flaming torches in their hands. Rehearsals of this portion of the ceremonies have already accustomed the horses of the royal carriages to traverse the illuminated route without showing any symptoms of alarm. The entire route will be guarded by soldiers and police and will be barricaded throughout. The visit of the Czar and Czarina to the Queen will last a fortnight, at the end of which time the imperial travelers will leave, via Perth, and will go direct to Portsmouth, where they will embark on board the imperial yacht Standard for France.

ENTERTAINMENT OF THE GUESTS

For the entertainment of the Czar the Prince of Wales has projected a number of shooting, fishing and driving excursions, in which the Duke of Conanught will also take part. The forests of the vicinity of Balmoral are teeming with deer, there are beautiful long drives through famous Scottish glens, where there will be picnics and dinner parties, the fishing in the different streams is abundant, and so the Czar can hardly fail to be pleased with his visit to the Highlands. The time of the daily drives, shoots, etc., will be kept as secret as possible, and the vast demesne around the castle will be strictly closed to all persons except the entourage of the Czar and Czarina and the imperial party. The Prince and Princess of Wales will stay with the Queen at Balmoral Castle, but the other members of the royal family and their suites will put up at Abergeldie. The small army of servants accompanying the imperial and royal parties will be accommodated at Birk Hall.

THE IMPERIAL BAGGAGE.

The baggage carried with the Imperial party, however, is far from being as heavy or as numerous as that which was dragged around with Li Hung Chang. The Czarina has only 30 trunks with her and her baby. The Grand Duchess Olga is satisfied with twelve trunks. The Czar and his suite manage to put up with 48 trunks. A private chapel for the use of the Czar and Czarina has been arranged in one of the rooms of Balmoral Castle. The sacred vestments, crucifixes and ikons for the chapel have been sent from the Greek Church in London.

AT BALMORAL.

The apartments which will be occupied by the Czar and Czarina at Balmoral Castle face the River Dee. They are simply furnished, as, for that matter, are all the rooms at Balmoral. The corridors are hung with horrible imitation marble wall paper, and are lighted by oil lamps, and trophies of the chase shot by distinguished visitors—heads and antlers of deer, etc.—are fixed at every available spot, and hunting pictures abound. The wall papers of the rooms are equally bad, and some of the pictures are inferior lithographs of the great exhibition in which the late Prince Consort was so deeply interested, and there are a number of faded family photographs. The chairs and lounges are upholstered in Berlin wool, the designs depicting dogs worrying deer, as a rule.

"NICKY."

It is generally well known that the Queen has the greatest affection for the Czarina and that she has always liked the Czar. Her Majesty calls him "Nicky," the name he is usually called by his kinsfolk, as the Prince of Wales is known as "Bertie," the Princess of Wales as "Alix," and the Duchess of York as "Toria."

IMPERIAL POLITICS.

The general public is expecting some political work to be accomplished at Balmoral to the advantage of Great Britain during the visit of the Czar to the Highlands, and from a source which is entitled to respect, the Associated Press is informed that pourparlers have already been exchanged between the Marquis of Salisbury and the Czar by which an agreement will be ratified at Balmoral regarding Armenia. Great Britain is to take a dignified position in the interest of humanity, and will stand aside while the Czar policies Turkey. The events of the past few days, and the attitude of the high Conservative press confirm this. At any rate, the Czar is destined to hear much about Armenia while in Scotland, and it is freely stated in London that the Queen proposes to do considerable plain speaking on this subject. Petitions to the Czar, beseeching him to stop the flow of Christians' blood, are being signed in North Britain, and will be presented to his Majesty during his stay.

GENERAL GOSSIP.

Jerome K. Jerome's paper entitled "Today," called attention today in a serious paragraph to an eminent French scientist, who will not permit his name to be published, who says that the world, so far as Europe is concerned, is coming to an end. He adds that the earth is certainly cooling in France and Belgium, and that it is likely in the very near future that we shall see great changes. In the north of France, where such a thing has before been unknown, there have already been earthquakes, and the same thing has happened in Belgium. The unknown scientist further states that there are two or three French mountains slipping, while, he concludes, the Swiss mountains are subsiding.

The foundations of the new Catholic Cathedral at Westminster, the dearest project of Cardinal Vaughan, have been completed. Forty-two prominent Roman Catholics subscribed $5,000 each towards the erection of the sacred edifice.

Marie Corelli, the author, is falling foul of the press for stating that she has been entertaining a party of lady grouse-killers in Scotland. She wrote: "I do not shoot, but would like to do so now, not at grouse, but at the liars. A few liars less in the world would give us all more breathing room and a sweeter atmosphere. I do not ride a bicycle, have not invented a bicycle costume, and entirely abhor bicycle riding for women. Men look sufficiently hideous and undignified on a bike, and women look worse than hideous—they are immodest. The poet's ideal of exquisite womanhood is utterly destroyed by the sight of these perspiring, red-faced, lank-haired objects working their legs treadmill fashion in mere ballatant feminine vulgarities."

The Duke of Norfolk has finished the restoration of Arundel Castle on strictly archaeological lines, and considers it now one of the finest historical buildings in the kingdom. The work lasted two years.

London is now well into the autumn fever visitation. There are 4,475 patients in the hospital, of whom 3,649 are suffering from scarlet fever.

Western Ontario.

A Horse Nearly Stung to Death by Bees.

Mr. H. J. Bowman, of New Hamburg, has been appointed clerk and treasurer of Waterloo county. He succeeds his father, the late Israel D. Bowman.

A valuable horse belonging to Mr. Wm. Nichol, who lives a short distance north of Blenheim, was attacked by a swarm of bees, and, running away in terror, the animal broke its leg. Mr. Burke, V.S., ordered it to be shot.

Thursday afternoon Harold Jones, a lad about 12 years of age, who lives with his aunt, Miss Haney, on Vidal street, Sarnia, was shot in the right side while cleaning an old gun, not knowing that the weapon was loaded. However, it is not thought that the shooting will prove fatal.

During her recent trip east, Mrs. Jean Blewett, of Blenheim, found that her fame had preceded her, for she was presented by the C. P. R. authorities with a free pass to the Pacific coast and return, with all the privileges of sleepers and accommodation at hotels connected with the road as long as she wishes to use them.

STOLE A HORSE

Young Robert Moore, the Alleged Thief.

Charles F. Fitzgerald, lot 33, con. 1, West Nissouri, near Devizes Postoffice, mourns the loss of a fine mare, which he values at $75. A short time ago he hired a boy from the Salvation Army Home by the name of Robert Moore. The youngster had been taken in charge by Inspector Sanders, but as he was too old for the Children's Aid Society to deal with, he was taken to the Salvation Army Home, where he was kept until a situation was procured for him. He left on Wednesday night with the mare, and left the sucking colt in the field without a mother. He was traced as far as St. Marys, and there the authorities lost track of him. He is about 14 years old, small for his age, small featured and dark complexioned. The horse was 10 years old and 15 1-2 hands high, with heavy, long tail, thin mane, and collar marks on the top of the neck. She was shod all round and rather thin. The horse is a blocky one and a good traveler. She was hitched to an old sulky, with a heavy harness and heavy collar.

MANITOBA'S CROPS.

Mr. Matthew Wilson, Q. C., of Chatham, just from Winnipeg, says: "The farmers of Manitoba and the Northwest are well pleased with the season's crops. They are not equal to those of last year, but the farmers say last year's crops were unprecedented, and they did not expect to see the like of them for many years again. The feeling is one of strong confidence in the stability and future prosperity of the country."

A CONSTABLE TALKS.

Like Ordinary Mortals, Subject to Kidney Disease, but Easily Cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Staynor, Sept. 14.—Mr. James K. Nesbitt, a county constable of this place, having suffered for a long time with kidney disease, he became aware that the doctor called it diabetes, and incurable. As he had the good fortune to know that many cases of this disease had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, this news did not startle him. He says he went straight to Sanders' drug store, and commenced to get well on the first box purchased. Now he is going his usual rounds praising Dodd's Kidney Pills to every one who asks the particulars of his recovery.

Yes! Pure spices and peppers at Anderson & Nelles' drug store. ywt

Fashionable Fall Millinery.

Mrs. Johnstone Leading the Styles—Opening Day, Tuesday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Johnstone is a bright little artist, who has been at work before Jack Frost this year. The Advertiser reporter found the clever little milliner at 204 Dundas street this morning, standing amidst what appeared to be a bed of posies, contemplating what was all the work of one set of swift, sure and unerring fingers. That there must be a dash of French blood in Mrs. Johnstone no one who saw this morning's display of chef d'ouvres, prepared for next Tuesday's grand opening, could doubt. The true Parisian seal of grace, and beauty, was on every hat and bonnet brought out. Mrs. Johstone, who is as enthusiastic over her calling, and the beautiful materials she has to work in, as any artist could be with brush and palette, and is always bright and smiling, answered all the reporter's queries willingly, as what, for instance, were to be the principal colors worn this winter, suddenly producing, without a moment's warning, in response to the above question, like a Jack out of a box, a green French felt hat, with great soft chiffon rosettes, of the most genuine vivid purple shade the human eye ever saw, with purple violets, and tufts of purple wings at the back.

"A combination of two very fashionable colors," announced madame composedly; and when the reporter begged her not to hold it quite so near, laughed, and retreated a step or two, saying there was everything in getting accustomed to things; and it is a fact that has been observed that though Mrs. Johnstone is not very big, when she says a certain color must be worn, all the ladies are sure to appear in it, sooner or later.

"How about shapes?" was the next question put by the reporter, after the little lady had kindly soothed his eye, with shades more gentle, of green and blue, giroflee (flame), and combinations of black and white.

"This shape is one," and Mrs. Johnstone took out of the case a wide-brimmed felt hat, with tall crown, suggesting the picturesque paintings of Sir Joshua Reynolds very strongly.

"But I expect the medium-sized hat, with turned-up edges, massively trimmed, will be much worn," was an added comment, as she reached for a brown felt of moderate size, the brim beautifully bound with velvet, and one of Mrs. Johnstone's own smashing bows at the side, of "Duchess" taffeta ribbon, and soft, loose, petunia colored silk flowers. Be sure to ask for the "Duchess" ribbon. It is the newest thing, a color in the petunia shade, that would make even an impervious masculine mouth water—and as for the women!——

Most distingue was an elegant little black felt walking hat, with honiton lace, and coq feathers, as a simple trimming. There were walking hats severely plain, that were also on an elegant model, the "Marlborough" and the "Fifth Avenue," in particular. Very stylish also was the black "Cornell" sailor.

One beautiful hat that remains persistently in the memory was a large French hat, of black velvet, with a tall crown, cream guipure lace edging the brim, rosettes of green mousseline de soie, black tips, and strings of black velvet fastened at the back with steel buckles.

Another tall-crowned hat is of an exquisite shade of green felt, with softly toned plumes, on the same scheme of contouring, and folds of black satin around the crown, and what is very new and very fashionable, Bird of Paradise tails at one side, sweeping so as to reach the hair. This is one of her creations which Mrs. Johnstone does not expect to have very long with her, and she gave it a tender pat as she placed it away carefully in the glass case.

A pretty child's bonnet was of rich brown velvet, with cream tips at the back, and faced with cream chiffon over lemon satin; brown satin ribbon ties.

Varieties of chic little turbans which there is not space here to mention, and a ravissante little pink and black bonnet, satin crown, covered with black jet and jewels, black tips at the back.

Tuesday morning, Sept. 22, Mrs. Johnstone throws open her rooms to the public, and all the contents of her crowded show-cases, on which her busy brain has been actively engaged these past few weeks in planning and creating.

The latest thing in Paris is an "alibi office." The concern undertakes to post letters for customers from any part of the world.

HUMPHREYS' "77" FOR FALL COLDS

Changes of Abode!
Changes of Weather!
Changes of Clothing!
Changes of Diet!
All cause Colds that are cured by "Seventy-Seven."

No. 1	Cures	Fever.
No. 3	"	Infants' Diseases.
No. 8	"	Neuralgia.
No. 9	"	Headache.
No. 10	Cures	Dyspepsia.
No. 11	"	Delayed Periods.
No. 12	"	Leuchorrea.
No. 14	"	Skin Diseases.
No. 15	Cures	Rheumatism.
No. 16	"	Malaria.
No. 24	"	Brain Fag.
No. 27	"	Kidney Disease.
No. 30	"	Urinary Diseases.

DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES FREE AT YOUR DRUGGIST'S OR MAILED ON REQUEST.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Corner William & John Sts., New York. b

Your Store

Will be more attractive to your customers if you have it fitted with our fixtures. Estimates freely given.

London Showcase Works

237 King St., London. xt

S. & J. THE WEATHER TODAY: Unsettled; rain; cooler. **S. & J.**



PRICE $10.

Jackets That Talk

Our Jackets are the kind that talk. They speak of style, quality and fit. More than that, they tell that it is not necessary to pay a high price for a stylish article. By going to the old country markets for our Wraps we get them at first cost, and that's why we can sell them at so close a margin.

A Stunner for Style

The accompanying illustrations is a direct photograph from a jacket in our store. Come expecting to see a garment exactly like it. This Jacket, while picked at random from our immense stock, is worthy of special mention. It is made with a convertible front, looks well either closed or open (illustration shows it closed), has high star storm collar, ripple back, is lined throughout with heavy silk, made of nap astrachan (a very popular cloth), either black or navy blue.

SELLING THIS FOR $10.

Another extra value Jacket we are showing in a Box Front, buttons high at neck, has four large buttons, high storm collar new sleeves with cuffs, coat back, side pleats, made in good heavy rough nap cloth, in black and navy, ONLY $6 50.

Then we have a Jacket at $3 89, which for style and finish can't be touched. They'll be in great demand. Have all the new ideas of a $12 jacket—new sleeves with cuff, new star storm collar, pleated back, sleeves stuffed with cloth and trimmed with pretty buttons to match, two large buttons on front, made of rough nap cloth, in navy, brown and black.

CHARMING STYLES—LOW PRICES.

We have gone to a great deal of pains to bring to this country such garments as our patrons want to purchase—all the style combined with all the comfort at the lowest possible price. Those who have inspected our stock need not be told this. We especially invite those who have never looked to us for a jacket to come and see us. We don't force anyone to buy against their will.

REEFERS, SHAWLS, WATERPROOFS.

Our stock comprises Infant's and Children's Eiderdown Coats, Children's and Maid's Reefers and Ulsters, Ladies' Capes, all kinds of Waterproofs, Heptonette Rain Cloaks, Shawls in knitted Wool and Silk for evening wear, and heavy Scotch Shawls, Wraps and Rugs. Mantle cloths cut free of charge.

BRONZE MEDAL FOR FANCY GOODS.

Our exhibit of Fancy Work at the Fair only won the bronze medal, but that was the highest prize given. Couldn't have done better. We don't charge extra prices because we carry a first prize stock. No, the large quantity we sell gets the price down.

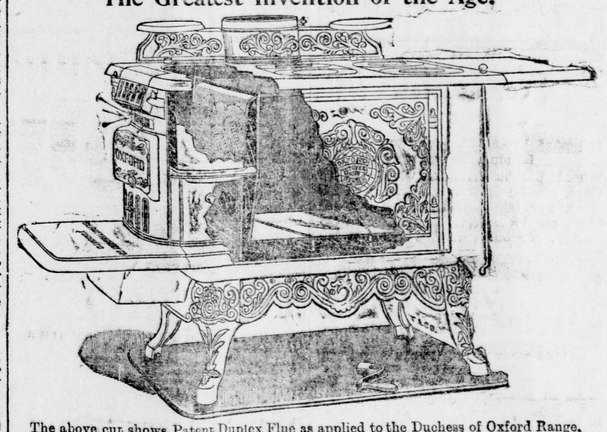
Smallman & Ingram,

149 AND 151 DUNDAS STREET.

THE

DUCHESS OF OXFORD RANGE

Fitted with Patent Duplex Flue. The Greatest Invention of the Age.



The above cut shows Patent Duplex Flue as applied to the Duchess of Oxford Range.

ADVANTAGES: Increased durability of firebox lining; a volume of air is continually passing around firebox; a most perfectly ventilated and uniformly heated oven; positively the most economical in consumption of fuel.

The Countess of Oxford And Art Countess Baseburners.



Do You See This?

THE VERY LATEST.

THE

Oxford Air-Tight Heater.

Will hold fire from 12 to 36 hours without attention.

LOOK AT THE PRICE:

No. 101	$16 50
No. 102	18 00
No. 103	20 00
No. 103 (with oven)	25 00

A beautiful piece of stove architecture. An ornament to any parlor.

Our Specialty: WARM AIR, STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING AND VENTILATING.

Jos. W. Chambers

'Phone, 1305. 112 Dundas Street. 134

Advertise in the Advertiser.

Carpet Sweepers:

Premier.................$3 50
Grand Rapids............ 2 50

WRINGERS:

Lightning...............$3 00
Royal Canadian.......... 2 50

MRS. POTTS' SAD IRONS

Plain Polish...........75c set
Nickel Plated...........$1 set

Cowan's Cash Hardware,
127 Dundas Street. ywt

F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER,
Private wires to New York Stock Markets, and Chicago Board of Trade.
No. 15 Masonic Temple, London.
Telephone No. 1,278.

GOLD MINES

Rossland–Trail Creek

MINING QUOTATIONS:

War Eagle	$1 70	California	$ 15
Jumbo	1 10	Mayflower	15
Iron Mask	85	St. Elmo	14
Josie	65	Silveriene	12½
Cariboo	40	Poorman	13
Virginia	32	Big Three	10
Evening Star	30	Monarch	10
Monte Cristo	20		

Until further notice we will sell the above stocks at the prices quoted.

A. W. ROSS & CO
4 KING ST. EAST TORONTO. 2tf

Rossland B.C., Gold Mining Stock.

Crown Point	$ 52	Big Three	$ 10
May Flower	15	Deer Park	12
Hill Top	10	Palo Alto	12
Iron Queen	4	Butte	7½
Ivanhoe	10	Old Ironsides	12

And all others value $1, fully paid and non-assessable.

Buy your stocks from me and pay for them when delivered only.

JOHN A. MOODY,
Masonic Temple, London, Ont.

Commerce and Finance.

New York Stock Market.

Reported by Frank Butler, broker, Masonic Temple.

Sept. 12.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison Ry	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
C., B. and Q.	67¼	68¾	67¼	67⅞
C. and N. W.	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Chicago Gas	59⅞	60	59⅞	59⅞
Gen. Electric	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
L. and N	40⅞	41	40⅞	40⅞
Manhattan	85⅝	86⅝	85⅞	85⅞
Missouri Pacific	18¼	18¼	18	18
Pacific Mail	—	—	—	—
Rock Island	59¼	59⅞	59¼	59⅞
Reading	15⅜	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛
St. Paul	70⅜	70	70⅜	70⅜
Tenn. Coal and Iron	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼
Wabash	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Western Union	81	81¼	81	81¼
Distillers	5½	5½	5½	5½
Leather Trust	50⅞	51¼	5[illegible]	51¼
Sugar Trust	113	113⅞	113	113⅞
Tobacco Trust	62½	63	62½	63

COMMERCIAL.

Local Market.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.
London, Saturday, Sept. 19.

Wheat, per bu ....60c to 63c
Oats, per bu ....18c to 20c
Peas, per bu, ...35c @ 40c
Corn, per bu ....40c to 45c
Barley, per bu ....25c @ 30c

Receipts today were very light in grain, only a load or two coming in.

Vegetables were plentiful.

Tomatoes sold from 15c to 20c per bu.

Potatoes were in good supply and demand, fetching from 40c to 50c per bag.

Melons were very plentiful, and you could buy them for almost any price.

Other vegetables ranged about the same in price.

Fruit plentiful and cheap; no change in price.

Quotations:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs	100	to	1 05
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs	100	to	1 05
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	100	to	1 05
Oats, per bu	50	to	66
Peas, per 100 lbs	50	to	70
Corn, per 100 lbs	60	to	70
Barley, per 100 lbs	50	to	55
Rye, per 100 lbs	50	to	60
Beans, bu	40	to	55
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	70	to	75
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.			
Apples, per bag	15	to	30
Potatoes, per bag	40	to	50
Carrots, per bu	20	to	30
Turnips, per bu	15	to	20
Parsnips, per bu	30	to	35
Onions, per bu	85	to	50
PROVISIONS.			
Eggs single dozen	13		14
Eggs fresh, basket, per doz	11	to	12
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	10	to	11
Butter single rolls per lb	13	to	14
Butter, per lb, 1 lb rolls, baskets	12	to	13
Butter, per lb, large rolls or crocks	11	to	13
Butter, per lb, tubs or firkins	10	to	12
Lard, per lb	9	to	9
Ducks, per pair	60	to	80
Chickens, per pair	$ 30	to	50
Turkeys, per lb, 7½c to 9c; each	75	to	1 50
Honey	12	to	13
Cheese, per lb	9	to	10
HAY AND SEED			
Hay per ton	7 50	to	6 50
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 50
Clover seed, red per bu	0 00	to	0 00
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu	0 00	to	0 00
Timothyseed, per bu	0 00	to	0 00
Millet seed, per bu	00	to	0 00
MEAT, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, quarters, per lb	3½	to	6½
Mutton quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Veal, quarters, per lb	3	to	5
Lamb, quarter	7	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lb	5 25	to	5 55
Live hogs	3 25	to	3 40
Calfskins, dry, each	25	to	25
Sheepskins, each	00	to	00
Lambskins, each	35	to	35
Wool, per lb	20	to	20
Tallow, rendered, per lb	3	to	4
Tallow, rough, per lb	2	to	4
Hides, No. 1, per lb	4	to	2
Hides, No. 2, per lb	3	to	2
Hides, No. 3 per lb	2	to	3
Calfskins green	5	to	5

A. M. HAMILTON & SON
—DEALERS IN—
Flour, Breakfast Cereals, Feed, Salt, Land Plaster, Etc.
373 TALBOT STREET - PHONE 662

Toronto Grain Market.

Toronto, Sept. 19.—Wheat—The market is firmer, owing to the better tone of the Chicago market, and cars of new red and white wheat are selling at 63c to 64c west. Manitoba wheat is also firmer at 63c to 63 1-2c asked for No. 1 hard, afloat, Fort William, and 71c, Toronto and west, and 67c, Midland.

Flour—Steady to firm at $3 10 for cars of straight roller west.

Millfeed—Dull at $8 to $9 for shorts, and $7 50 for bran west.

Barley—In fair demand for home brewers, and rather firmer at 36c for No. 1 extra, and 34c to 35c for No. 1, outside.

Rye—Steady at 32c, west, and 33c, east.

Corn—Steady at 28c, asked, for yellow west and 27c bid.

Oats—Steady at 16c for new mixed west; 16 1-2c to 17c for white, and 18c to 18 1-2c for old white west.

Peas—Steady, at 41c for cars north and west.

Geo. McBean & Co.
DEALERS IN FARM, MILLING AND DAIRY PRODUCTS
Consignments and Correspondence Solicited
P. O. Box 807, Montreal.

English Markets.

(Beerbohm's Report by Cable.

Liverpool, Sept. 19, 1:30 p.m.

Wheat — Spot firm; demand poor; No. 2 red winter, stocks exhausted; No. 2 red spring, 5s 6d; No. 1 Cal., 5s 8½d: futures closed steady, with near and distant positions ½d to ¾d higher; business about equally distributed; Sept., 5s 5d; Oct., 5s 5d; Nov., 5s 5½d; Dec., 5s 6½d; Jan., 5s 6d; Feb., 5s 6½d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 2s 10½d; futures closed firm, with near positions ½d higher, and distant positions ½d higher; business about equally distributed; Sept., 2s 10½d; Oct., 2s 10½d; Nov., 2s 11d; Dec., 2s 11d.

Flour—Firm; demand moderate; St. Louis fancy winter, 7s 3d.

Peas—Canadian, 4s 7½d.

Bacon—Steady; demand moderate; Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, 28s; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, 27s 6d; long clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, 26s 3d; long clear heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, 25s 6d; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs, 25s; short clear middles, heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, 21s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 28s 6d

Shoulders—Square, 12 to 18 lbs, 24s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 42s 6d.

Tallow—Fine North American, 17s 6d.

Beef—Extra India mess, 46s 3d; prime mess, 36s 3d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 45s; medium western, 38s 9d.

Lard — Firm; prime western, 18s 9d; refined, in pails, 20s.

Cheese — Firm; demand moderate; finest American white, 42s; finest American colored, 44s.

Butter—Finest United States, 80s; good, 60s.

Turpentine spirits—19s 3d.

Rosin, common—4s 10½d.

Cotton seed oil—Liverpool refined, 15s 3d.

Linseed oil—17s.

Petroleum—Refined, 6¾d.

Refrigerator beef—Forequarter, 3d; hindquarter, 5½d.

Bleaching powder—Hard wood, f. o. b., Liverpool, £7 2s 6d.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), £1 15s.

London, Sept. 19.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat and corn, nothing doing.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat firm, but not active; partially 3d higher; corn rather firmer.

Country markets—English firm; French, quiet.

American Produce Markets.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—The upward movement in wheat continued today, the close being ⅜c higher than yesterday. Corn advanced ⅛c to ¼c, and oats ⅛c to ¼c. Provisions were higher.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 Sept., 60⅞c; Dec., 61¾c to 61⅞c; May, 65⅞c.

Corn—No. 2 Sept., 21⅞c; Oct., 21⅛c; Dec., 22c; May, 24⅞c.

Oats—No. 2 Sept., 15⅞c; Oct., 16c; Dec., 16⅜c; May, 19⅛c.

Mess pork—Sept., $5 80; Oct., $5 80; Jan., $6 92½.

Lard—Sept., $3 45; Oct., $3 45; Jan., $3 82½.

Short ribs—Sept., $3 10; Oct., $3 12½; Jan., $3 42½.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm; No. 2 spring wheat, 60c to 61½c; No. 3 do, 58c to 59c; No. 2 red, 62½c to 64c; No. 2 corn, 21⅞c to 21½c; No. 2 oats, 16c; No. 2 rye, 31½c; No. 2 barley, 33c; No. 1 flaxseed, 66c to 67c; prime timothy seed, $2 55; mess pork, $5 85 to $5 90; lard, $3 42½ to $3 45; short rib sides, $3 15 to $3 25; dry salted shoulders, $3 75 to $4; short clear sides, $3 50 to $3 62½.

Receipts—

Flour	8,000	Wheat	100,000
Corn	269,000	Oats	325,000
Rye	6,000	Barley	35,000

Shipments—

Flour	12,000	Wheat	252,000
Corn	343,000	Oats	280,000
Rye	30,000	Barley	3,000

DETROIT

Detroit, Sept. 19.—Wheat—No. 1 white, 64c; No. 2 red cash, 64c; Oct., 67½c; Dec., 71c.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Sept. 19.—Wheat—Cash 65c; Oct., 68¾c; Dec., 72½c.

Corn—Cash, 21½c.

Oats—Cash, 15½c; Dec., 17⅞c.

MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Sept. 19.—Wheat — Cash, 59⅝c; Oct., 61¼c.

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, Sept. 19.—Spring wheat—Higher; No. 1 hard spot 66½c; No. 1 northern, 65½c. Winter wheat, steady No. 2 red, 68c; No. 3 red, 63½c.

Corn—Higher; No. 2 yellow, 28c; No. 3 yellow, 27½c; No. 2 corn, 27c; No. 3 corn, 26½c, on track.

Oats—No. 2 white, 22½c; No. 2 white, 18c to 18½c; No. 4 white, 15c to 16c; No. 3 mixed, 16c to 17c; No. 3 mixed, 14c to 15c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 19, noon.

Flour—Receipts, 20,200 bbls; sales 2,000 packages; state and western firm and held higher.

Wheat — Receipts, 263,290; sales, 820,000; opened strong on higher Liverpool news, later eased off under realizing; May, 71½c to 71⅞c; Dec., 68 5-16c to 68⅝c.

Rye—Firm.

Corn—Receipts, 139,800 bu; sales, 70,000 bu; firmer at first, but later eased off; May, 30 7-16c to 30½c; Dec., 28½c.

Oats—Receipts, 195,600 bu; dull and featureless; track, white state and western, 20c to 30c.

Beef—Steady family, $8 to $9.

Pork—Steady; $9 50 to $11.

Lard—Stronger; prime western steam, $3 90 asked.

Butter — Receipts, 3,956 packages; quiet; state dairy, 10c to 14½c; state creamery, 11c to 15½c; western dairy, 7½c to 11½c; Elgins, 15½c.

Cheese — Receipts, 2,344 packages; quiet; large, 7c to 9½c; small, 7c to 9½c.

Eggs—Receipts, 3,715 packages; steady; state and Pennsylvania, 17c; western, 14c to 16c.

Sugar—Raw, dull; fair refining, 2⅞c; centrifugal, 3c; refined, steady; crushed 5⅜c; powdered, 5c; granulated, 4⅞c.

Coffee—Nominal; No. 7, 10½c.

Hops—Quiet; state common to choice, 1894 crop, 2½c to 4½c; 1895 crop, 3c to 7c; Pacific coast, 1894 crop, 2½c to 4c; 1895 crop, 3c to 6½c.

Lead—Quiet; bullion price, $2 60; exchange price $2 77½ to $2 88½.

Tallow—Steady; city, 3½c; country, 3⅜c.

Chicago Exchange.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, Broker, Masonic Temple. 'Phone 1,278.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec.	61¼	62	61¼	61⅞
May	65⅜	65¾	65⅜	65¾
Corn—Dec.	22¼	22¼	22	22
May	25	25¼	24⅞	24⅞
Oats—Dec.	16⅜	16⅜	16	16¼
May	19⅜	19⅜	19¼	19¼
Pork—Oct.	5 82	5 90	5 82	5 87
Jan.	6 92	6 97	6 90	6 97
Lard—Oct.	3 42	3 50	3 42	3 47
Jan.	3 85	3 87	3 82	3 87
Ribs—Oct.	3 10	3 12	3 10	3 12
Jan.	3 42	3 47	3 42	3 45

Puts, 60⅜; calls 62; all week, puts, 57½; calls, 65½.

Live Stock Markets.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Sept. 18.—Cattle—Receipts all consigned through and nothing doing.

Hogs—Receipts 35 cars; market fairly active. Yorkers, fair to choice, $3 35 to $3 40; roughs, common to good, $2 75 to $2 90; pigs, common to fair, $2 to $3.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 10 cars; market fairly active. Lambs, good to choice, $4 35 to $4 50; culls and common, $2 75 to $3 40; sheep, good to choice handy weight wethers, $3 40 to $3 50; culls and common, $1 75 to $2.

At the close: Cattle firm feeling. Hogs steady; all sold but a few decks of pigs; last sale of good York weights, $3 55. Sheep and lambs firmer and higher; of the 14 cars on sale 12 were disposed of; good to best Canadas, $4 50 to $4 80.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 18.—Heavy offerings at the Toronto cattle market today depressed the price of some lines. Receipts were 84 cars, including 1,638 sheep and lambs, 45 calves and 1,200 hogs. The export cattle trade was rather flat; the top price touched today was 4c per lb. Choice cattle are now coming more freely. Some sales were made at 3½c to 3⅝c. Butchers' cattle were quiet and easier. There was not much demand for Montreal; six cars were taken for that market. Prices ruled from 2½c to 3½c, and one lot sold at 2c per lb. Bulls were weaker, at 2½c to 3c per lb.

Sheep and lambs were steady. Export sheep sold at 3c to 3½c per lb; lambs were quiet, at $2 to $2 50 each, or 3c per lb; butchers' sheep are not wanted.

Calves were unchanged, at $4 to $6 each.

Milch cows and springers sold well, at $11 to $30 each.

Hogs were in demand, and the right kind sold readily at 4c. Thick fat hogs sold at 3½c, and light fat at $3 65 to $3 75 per cwt.

Big Apple Shipments.

Montreal, Sept. 19.—The shipment of apples from the port of Montreal this week will not only exceed that of any other week this season, but is far ahead of the export record for the past corresponding dates. It has now become a mere matter of the capacity of the vessels sailing each week to the ports of Liverpool, Glasgow and London. The shipment for the week in apples already contracted for will exceed 50,000 barrels.

The Dairy Markets.

PERTH.

Perth, Ont., Sept. 18.—On the market today there were over 700 boxes of white cheese. One lot sold at 9 1-2c; the balance not sold.

CHESTERVILLE.

Chesterville, Ont., Sept. 18.—715 boxes of cheese were boarded here last night, of which 145 were white and the remainder colored. Sales were: 60 colored at 9 9-16c; 9 1-2c offered for white; none sold.

The Oil Markets.

PETROLEA.

Petrolea, Sept. 19.—Oil opened and closed at $1 50 today.

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

Western Agents for the
WETMORE TRUSS

Cannot get out of place.
You can't put it on wrong.
Used in cases hard to hold.
Used in cases easily retained.
Easy to wear.

$1.00 Trusses Fitted For........ **$1.00**

Marriage Licenses issued at this address.

184 Dundas St.

Local Brevities.

—Mr. W. J. Maule, of Montreal, will sing at both services in the First Congregational Church tomorrow.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thompson, of Washington, D. C., who have been visiting relatives here, returned home today.

—Mrs. Alice M. Stock, one of Detroit's famed sopranos, will sing in the First Methodist Church tomorrow evening.

—Mrs. H. P. Allen, of Picton, and Mrs. J. Stewart, of Exeter, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bennett, 619 Queen's avenue, city.

—"The Old Homestead" delighted another splendid audience at the Grand last night. This inimitable play will be repeated tonight.

—General Superintendent McGuigan and Assistant Superintendent FitzHugh, of the G. T. R., were in the city today on their tour of inspection.

—Mrs. J. and Miss Pearl Hutchinson, of South London, have returned home after a couple of weeks' visit with Mrs. W. H. Allison, 70 Melbourne avenue, Toronto.

—Frank Webber, the 4-year-old son of Thomas H. Webber, shoemaker, 418 Hamilton road, had the misfortune to fall and break his collar bone a day or two ago while at play. The little fellow is getting on nicely.

—Mr. Henry A. Rudd, with his wife and three children, left this morning for Winnipeg. Mr. Rudd is an old London boy, and for the past nine years has been engaged at Halifax. He had been here for the past few days visiting his mother on Bruce street, South London.

The first anniversary service in connection with the Bryanston Presbyterian Church will be held on Sept. 27. Rev. Robt. Johnston, of St. Andrew's London, will preach at 10:30 a.m., and Rev. Thos. Wilson, of King Street Presbyterian Church, at 2:30 and 7 p.m. The Granton Presbyterian choir will lead the singing. On Monday evening Mr. W. C. Barron, of London, will give a sacred concert, when a good time is expected.

POLICE COURT.

In the police court today Magistrate Parke decided that an apprentice who had agreed to serve his employer for three years and only worked half the time, must go back and finish the full term. John Davis and Richard Gardner, a youthful pair of tramps, who came here last Friday and were remanded, were allowed to proceed to Detroit, to which place they claimed they were going when arrested. Wm. McDonald, a drunk, was remanded until the 25th. Wm. Carney and Edward Connelly, arrested for vagrancy, were discharged. One will go to Toronto and the other to Windsor.

FAIR NOTES.

A portion of the fine arts department has been rejudged. In consequence, Mrs. Laura Douglass, who was awarded second prize by the first judgment, now receives first prize in the oil paintings (any subject) by professionals. Mr. Seavey also gets the second prize in the same class.

Mr. John Butler, gatekeeper at the Fair, who was reported to have been discharged on Col. Leys' complaint, was not dismissed, as stated, having satisfied the chairman of the gates and tickets committee that he had merely obeyed his instructions.

By a mistake in names, it was stated in yesterday's paper that Mr. George James, driver of Birdie J. in the pacing race on Thursday at the Fair, was ordered off for not being in driving condition. On the contrary, it was Mr. James who was requested to drive Birdie J because the first driver was in unfit condition and was ordered off the track. Mr. James consented. The injustice done him was unintentional.

MR. CASSWELL'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Edward Casswell took place today from the family residence, 576 York street, to the G. T. R. depot. The remains were taken for interment to Ingersoll, where deceased was a resident for the greater part of his life. Rev. Ira Smith conducted the service at the house, and also accompanied the remains to Ingersoll to officiate at the grave. The pall-bearers were Hon. Thomas Ballantyne, Stratford; C. W. Riley, John W. Cook, and J. H. Thomas, Ingersoll, all cheese buyers, and John Garvey, of this city. Among the beautiful floral tributes was a large wreath from the Ingersoll cheese buyers, and another from the Canadian Packing Company, of whose establishment here deceased was for some time manager. Besides the pallbearers there were, among the friends from a distance, R. M. Ballantyne and Albert Casswell, Belleville, a brother of the deceased. Mr. Casswell leaves a widow and three daughters—Mrs. Winders, Ingersoll, and Minnie and Susie, living at home, and five sons, Joshua and Will (of this city), Chas. C. and Adam (of St. Paul, Minn.), and R. H. (of Vancouver).

A GOLD MINING PROSPECTUS.

In this issue of The Advertiser appears a large advertisement of the British-Canadian Gold Fields Exploration, Development and Investment Company, located at Rossland, B. C., with offices at Toronto, London, England, Victoria, B. C., and Spokane, Wash. This company has had printed a neat, concise and explanatory statement of its objects, compared with all others. It gives the prominent list of gentlemen who are subscribers and stockholders; a general outline of the methods and everything pertaining for information to those interested in the gold fields of British Columbia. It is necessary information for those who intend purchasing gold mining shares. By addressing the Toronto office a prospectus will be mailed free. A perusal of the advertisement in this issue will give additional information.

AT THE HOTELS.

Tecumseh House—A. Monro Grier, Toronto; C. R. Hetfield, New York; T. T. Brown, Montreal; T. Coombs, London, England; John W. Cook, C. W. Riley, Ingersoll; R. M. Ballantyne, Stratford; L. R. Richardson, Strathroy; Francis J. French, Rochester; A. Jones, Toronto; J. D. Riddell, Stratford; J. A. Leitch, Glencoe; W. H. Gibson, Westport, N. Y.; Richard Gibson, Delaware; Jas. W. Johnson, Chicago; W. C. Warner, Rochester.

Grigg House—Robert Fax, Lucan; Thomas Harris, Watford; D. E. Foote, Baltimore, Md.; T. Heffernan, Wallaceburg; J. Piggott and wife, Chatham; H. M. Bowman, Berlin; W. T. Minkler and wife, Chicago.

Richmond House—W. Bradshaw, Montreal; John Askew, Leamington; H. Marshall, Hamilton; W. O. Robins, H. M. Faneher, Toronto; James Thompson, Smith's Falls.

Dr. Bergin Dead.

The Member for Cornwall Fatally Injured by a Fall.

Special to The Advertiser.

Ottawa, Sept. 19.—Dr. Bergin, M.P., fell down stairs last night, and is dying. He took a stroke of paralysis after the fll. Lieut.-Col. Bergin, M.P., is the Conservative member for Cornwall and Stormont, having been elected in June last by about 300 majority. He first represented the constituency in 1872, and is 70 years old.

Later.—Dr. Bergin is dead. The Conservative members are arranging to send a wreath. The deceased was generally popular.

WEEKLY HIGH COURT.

The First Sitting Since Vacation, Before Mr. Justice Macmahan.

The first sitting of the weekly high court since the vacation was held before Mr. Justice Macmahon this morning. There were only two applications made. E. R. Cameron appealed from a decision of Judge William Elliot, given a short time ago, dismissing the application for the posting of securities for the cost of an action entered by McEvoy, Wilson & Pope on behalf of Mrs. Paladino, against E. Gustin, for $2,000 for alleged assault and slander. Judgment reserved.

The second was a petition on behalf of Mary Jane Abbott, of Aylmer, for the payment to her of a portion of moneys arising from the mortgage sale of certain lands owned by the late William Abbott. The petition was granted and the guardians directed to pay $100 over immediately, and the balance to be paid into court. Pope for petitioner; Cameron for guardian.

ALMOST LAUGHED TO DEATH.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 19.—During a fit of laughter last night David Bardwell, of Granville, had his jaw dislocated. Heroic measures on the part of a physician saved his life. Bardwell's agony was intense.

FOUR POWDER MILLS BLOWN UP.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 19.—Four powder mills at Hazardville, Conn., were blown up this morning. Lightning struck one mill and the explosion set fire to the other three. No one was killed nor injured. Thousands of panes of glass were broken in the buildings of the town.

BURNED OUT.

Alvinston, Sept. 19.—Thursday night a lantern exploded and set fire to the barns and sheds of Archibald McIntyre, about two miles south of here. The season's crop was also burned, and consisted of 1,000 bushels of grain just threshed, hay, etc., which belonged to Lachlan McNeal, who had the farm rented. Insurance small.

Toronto, Sept. 19.—H. P. Gould's new cold storage warehouse, No. 33 Church street, which was opened only three weeks ago, has been twice visited by fire within 24 hours. The first fire took place at noon Thursday, but was easily extinguished. The second, which occurred at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, proved to be a much more serious affair, the damage amounting to $4,000.

CLAWED BY A LION.

Montreal, Sept. 19.—During the performance of Hagenbach's trained wild animals at the exposition yesterday afternoon, there was a very exciting scene. Alexis Canoz entered the lion's den as usual for a wrestling match with the lion, but no sooner had it put its claws over Canoz than it sunk them into the back of his neck and gave him a hug that made him turn black in the face. The lion then sunk his teeth into Canoz's neck. The attendants had to belabor the lion with an iron bar until he let go his hold. Canoz was removed to the general hospital, where his wound was cauterized and dressed. No serious consequences are expected, unless blood poisoning sets in.

SMASHUP ON THE C. P. R.

Toronto, Sept. 19.—The C. P. R. express from Detroit, due here at 8:15 this morning, did not reach the Union station until about 1 o'clock this afternoon. She was delayed five hours at Thamesford. At that point a through freight train of 30 cars, loaded with dressed beef from Chicago, was wrecked at 4:30 this morning. The engine on the freight and eleven cars of beef were smashed. The accident was caused by the breaking of an axle under the engine. Engineer Sproule and his brakeman escaped by jumping from the tender just as the engine began to swerve. Conductor Menzies and his hands on the rear end of the train also got off. No one was hurt. The loss sustained will probably reach about $40,000.

HOME AFTER 47 YEARS.

Indiana Husband, After Long Absence, Surprises His Wife.

William Chambers, after an absence of 47 years, has returned to his home at English Lake, Ind. It was in the spring of 1849 that Chambers, then a young man, left his wife, a bride of 15 months, and one child, a babe in the cradle, to seek a fortune for his family.

He sold all his property, except the family home, and with $1,000 started overland for the Pacific coast, whence had come stories of fortunes made in a day.

Chambers took up a claim, and letters to his wife told of the wealth he was steadily accumulating. He was gone a year when the letters stopped.

The wife did not despair, she clung to the hope and belief that he would return, but months lapsed into years and still no word came. Mrs. Chambers, after 10 years of waiting, concluded that her husband was dead, and donned widow's weeds.

Fifteen years from the time Chambers left Indiana, Mrs. Chambers again married, and five children were born, all of whom are living. Her second husband was named Wolke, and he lived until 1891, dying at the age of 70, and leaving his wife in indigent circumstances.

Yesterday Chambers, aged 69, his figure bowed with the weight of years, returned home. He did not expect to find his wife. It was to learn the whereabouts of his child, who had grown to manhood, that he left California, where his fortune had been made.

The sequel was that he found in Mrs. Wolke the bride of his youth. Chambers says that the success on which he had first calculated did not come to him, He became discouraged, and, fearful that the news of his failure would be a crushing blow to his wife, he ceased to write to her.

When a fortune was within his grasp word came that she had died of a broken heart, He gave up his life to the pursuit of wealth, hoping that his fortune would become the inheritance of his only son, of whose whereabouts he was also ignorant.—Chicago Chronicle.

ENTER CHURCH BY A LADDER.

Armenian Churches Would Otherwis Be Used by Kurds as Stables.

Here is a very interestitng description of the entrance to an Armenian Church, situated in the Bitlis district.

The doorway is half-way up the wall, instead of being on the ground level.

The vali of Bitlis—a decent fellow, for a Turk—was once asked what was the reason for his architectural peculiarity. His reply was significant: "If the entrance was on the ground level, the Kurds would come in force and drive their cattle into the building. The Kurdish chiefs think there's no stable like an Armenian church."

When the devout congregation have successfully negotiated the ladder, it is drawn up, and then the service proceeds without fear of rude interruption.

All things considered, it must be a trifle wearying to attend service in one of these churches. There are no seats, and the congregation are detained from five to seven hours.—The Strand.

TO BUILD A HOUSE ON WHEELS.

London News.

A gentleman whose inventions have exerted an immense influence on the development of cycles and motor cars, and who occupies a prominent place in the commercial circles chiefly interested in them, is building a two-story house which is to run upon wheels and be capable of being propelled by a motor underneath it.

There is no reason at all, this gentleman considers, why all houses should not be built with reference to the desirability of an occasional change of site, and now that motor engines have been abundantly proved to be effective for the propulsion of carriages, he means to show that it would be just as easy to move a house as an omnibus. He is planning his four-roomed house with a framework of steel tubes, and with a collapsible upper story—so as to be capable of passing under a bridge if necessary—and he hopes to have it "on the go" in the course of the next two or three months.

We may yet hope, it appears, that before a great while it may be possible to go to the seaside and take the house and all with us.

THE WHEEL.

THE DUNLOP RACE.

Toronto Globe: The Wanderers have not decided definitely whether they will place a team in the Dunlop race at London on Oct. 3 or not. A meeting of the club will be held on Monday night, when a decision will be arrived at. It would be a great pity if this veteran Toronto organization was unrepresented in this premier road event, as it has always been foremost in racing matters in the past. It is probable that both the London Club, Smith's Falls, Peterboro and Petrolea will enter teams.

BASEBALL.

FLYS.

Toronto Globe: Johnson, formerly of the London Alerts, but now of Louisville, who is well known among lovers of the game in Toronto, has been playing brilliant ball in the big league, and, it is reported, has been garnered in by Boston.

POOL.

FOR A CUE.

In the pool game at the Grigg House last night, Joe Ryan, of this city, succeeded in making 32 points while Horgan scored the 100. It was the second last game of the series which is being played for a professional cue. George Crabbe stands highest so far.

THE CANADIAN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Montreal, Sept. 19.—A pool game was played at Montreal last night between Stubbs, of Guelph, and Amile La Bisque, of Montreal, for the championship of Canada and $400 stake. Stubbs won, making 600 points while La Bisque scored 566.

Lawn mowers repaired and sharpened. Watches and clocks put in running shape. All work guaranteed. Duplex chronometers, striking repeaters, levers, Swiss, English or American. T. C. Thornhill, 402 Talbot street. yt

—When making purchases of merchants who advertise with us you will confer a favor on this paper by mentioning that you saw the advertisement in the "London Advertiser."

THE HOTTEST PLACE ON EARTH.

It Is Not Tophet, Nor Arizona, But a Region on the Southeast Coast of Persia.

When we wilt, swelter and perspire under the afflicting temperature of our hottest summer days, we have one unfailing consolation—it is hotter somewhere else.

In one region only of the terrestrial surface is such relief denied. That region is the hottest place on earth—the unhappy area in which the agonized inhabitant is overwhelmed by the fact that anywhere else in the world the weather is delightfully cool—by comparison.

Curiously enough this territory is not a desert, not even the Arizona plains, although a poet described them by declaring that the lost spirits, wandering from their infernal abodes, stood on the border of that region, with eyes blinded by the sun's reflected glare, then in terror hurried back to their sulphurous lakes to avoid the heat!

No, the hottest place in the world is, with all respect to ocean summer resorts—on the seashore!

The region of maximum temperature is an extensive area on the Persian Gulf, a part of the southwestern coast of Persia. This territory includes also the Bahrein, or Aval, Islands.

Throughout this belt the heat is something tremendous. June, July and August are terrific, unendurable save to the natives, and hideous to them. Day after day the mercury will mark more than 100 degrees in the shade. By day here I mean the diurnal 24 hours.

Imagine the horror of striking a match at midnight, and reading 110 degrees. Often 140 degrees in the shade is attained in the afternoon.

The islands are a small group named after the largest, Bahrein. The population is fairly abundant, numbering 75,000 in the group of islands. The natives are for the most part Arabs, governed by a sheikh who pays tribute to the Sultan of Oman.

The Island of Bahrein is the one peculiarly cursed. In the interior the ground is hilly, with a fertile soil that produces wheat, barley, dates, figs and the like. There are abundant springs of good water. This is the interior.

On the coast there is the awful heat that shrivels this part of the world and —there is no water, only the undrinkable salt waves of the Persian Gulf. There are no springs.

The way in which they acquire the precious fluid is curious. They get it out of the sea.

A mile from the shore of Bahrein are the treasured springs of fresh water. The sparkling wells bubble up through the sands—in the bottom of the harbor. Hidden in the ocean's abyss they have, nevertheless, been discovered by man, and from their supply the city of Manahmah, a thriving commercial center, and all the other towns, and every separate hut of the coast, gain all the water that is used for drinking purposes.

Divers are sent down from boats stationed over the springs. The divers invert their goatskin sacks over the gushing waters, so that the jets may enters the bags' mouths. Each bag when filled is closed water-tight, and the thing is done. It is estimated that 1,000 sacks are filled daily from the submarine wells.

The sources of these springs are unknown. Without them the sea border would be uninhabitable, inasmuch as repeated efforts to secure water by artesian wells, even when the shafts were sunk to a depth of 500 feet, have failed.

The Bahrein Islands, famous for their pearl fisheries, were known to the ancients as to the dealers of today. They export pearls to the value of from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000 annually.

As you quaff your cold beverage with thirsty relish during the enervating warm waves of our summer, remember the hot belt of the Persian Gulf, remember midnight in waterless Bahrein —and be happy.

MARVELOUS SELF-SHOOTING GUN.

Weapon With Which the United States Army and Navy is to be Equipped.

New York Journal.

The navy department at Washington has just ordered 50 of the most remarkable guns in the world. Each of them is able to discharge 400 rifle bullets a minute, and continues at that rate until the marksman wants to stop. More than that, it fires itself, only requiring to be aimed. It is the Colt automatic gun.

This wonderful gun weighs only 40 pounds. It is a magazine rifle, with one barrel, the caliber of which is the same as that of the improved rifle newly adopted by the navy, a little less than a quarter of an inch. This means that the bullet, which is of lead, with a steel jacket, is much less in diameter than an ordinary lead pencil. The bullet is about an inch long, almost cylindrical in shape, tapering somewhat and rounded at the front end. The gun discharges seven of these projectiles each second, and they leave the muzzle of the weapon with a velocity of nearly half a mile a second.

The rapidity of discharge is so tremendous that there seems to be a continuous stream of bullets flying from the muzzle of the gun. So great is their velocity, however, that there is actually an interval of 300 feet between each two. Cartridges are fed to the weapon automatically by feed belts which are coiled in boxes and readily atachable to the breech. The boxes hold from 100 to 500 cartridges. All the marksman has to do is to pull the trigger once and the gun goes on firing of its own accord as long as the cartridges are supplied. In short, the instrument is a repeating rifle with an inexhaustible magazine and a rapidity of fire that is almost inconceivable. It uses the same bullets as the new navy rifle, and they are discharged with the same velocity, but the discharge is automatic, the firing mechanism being operated by powder gas.

The weapon may be carried comfortably in a "boot" at the side of a trooper's horse. Ordinarily, on land, it is designed to be mounted for action upon a light tripod. It is provided with a pivot, set into a socket on the tripod or into a similar socket on the rail of a vessel. All the ships of the navy will soon be provided with these guns. One of these weapons at a distance of a mile might mow down an entire regiment within two minutes, so that hardly a man would be left unwounded. The Colt gun is sighted ordinarily for 2,000 yards, which is a little over a mile, but it is as effective at twice that distance. However, it is not practicable to fire at individuals beyond 2,000 yards.

The marksman uses both hands in aiming the gun, whether it is set on a tripod or on the rail of a vessel. It responds so readily to adjustment that he is able to write his name with bullets upon a good-sized target, and to do it with considerable rapidity. If the weapon is mounted on a tripod, he seats himself on a saddle that looks like a bicycle saddle, attached to the leg of the tripod, which projects toward the rear. The saddle is so adjusted that his eye is brought directly in line with the sight of the weapon. Pulling the trigger once, he simply holds it back as long as he desires the gun to keep on firing, varying the aim just as a person directing a garden hose would do.

The United States army is also going to have guns of the Colt type. The War Department has ordered a trial of them.

Guns of this pattern are comparatively cheap. They can be made in quantities for a selling price of about $300. The cartridges cost only $25 per 1,000—2 1-2 cents each.

RATHER NOT BE AN ANGEL.

"When I married you," he said, 'I' thought you were an angel."

She looked at him coldly.

"I inferred as much," she said.

There was something in her tone that told him there was trouble in store for him.

"From the very first," she went on "you seemed to think that I could get along without clothes."

NEVER TALKED POLITICS.

"You say he never talks politics?"

"I've known him ten years, and I never even heard him mention the subject."

"And you seem to think that it is creditable to him."

"I do."

"Well, I want to say that any man who lives in this country and doesn't care enough for its welfare to discuss the political questions that arise is not——"

"But this man is deaf and dumb."

Steamship Arrivals.

Sept. 18.	At	From
Lucania	New York	Queenstown
St. Louis	New York	Liverpool

Yes! Pure spices and peppers at Anderson & Nelles' drug store. ywt

If you intend to rent that house you're building you had better have gas put into it—the tenant of today demands it.

City Gas Company 401 Clarence St. ywt

Buy Coal Now and you will not have to pay the winter prices later on. The BEST that mines produce is what we sell.

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When you're ready to have photos taken. We know you'll like them; Everyone does—'cause they're finished so daintily.

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New Fall Goods
in all the latest patterns. Our workmanship and finish guaranteed.

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Embalmer, wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of Funeral Supplies. Metallic Caskets always in stock. New Funeral Car and Hearses of the latest designs.
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But BOWMAN'S Coal is all coal. Clean and bright as a silver dollar. No 16 to 1, but gold standard. Come and examine before you buy. No trouble to show you our stock.

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COR. CLARENCE & BATHURST STS ywt

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Our Fall Goods now await your inspection
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THE MONEY QUESTION



It confronts us all. Maybe you are for gold; maybe for silver. We want both, and we are therefore anxious to exchange our Wall Papers, Window Shades, Picture Frames, Artists' Materials, etc., for your gold and silver, and we'll guarantee to give you the best of the bargain. Every cash customer buying one dollar's worth or more of goods presented with a picture.

E. N. HUNT,
190 Dundas Street.

'Twixt Love and Duty.

"Who? Neil? I think he will get well once more."

"What care I for Neil? The wicked one! I wish that he might die! Yes, that I do."

"Whish! that is wrong."

"Bram! Bram! A little pity give me. It is the other one! Hast thou heard?"

"How can he live? Look at that sorrow, dear one, and ask God to forgive and help thee."

"No, I will not look at it. I will ask God every moment that he may get well. Could I help that I should live him? So kind, so generous, is he! Oh, my dear one! my dear one! Would I had died for thee!"

Bram was much moved. Within the last 24 hours he had begun to understand the temptation in which Katherine had been; begun to understand that love never asks: "What is thy name? Of what country art trou? Who is thy father?" He felt that so long as he lived he must remember Miriam Cohen as she stood talking to him in the shadowy store. Beauty like hers was strange and wonderful to the young Dutchman. He could not forget her large eyes, soft and brown as gazelles'—the warm pallor and brilliant carnation of her complexion—her rosy, tender mouth—her abundant black hair, fastened with large, golden pins, studded with jewels. He could not forget the grace of her figure, straight and slim as a young palm tree, clad in a plain, dark garment, and a neckerchief of white Indian silk falling away from her exquisite throat. He did not know yet that he was in love; he only felt how sweet it was to sit still and dream of the dim place, and the splendidly beautiful girl standing among its piled-up furniture and its hanging draperies. And this memory of Miriam made him very pitiful to Katherine.

"Every one is angry at me, Bram, even my father; and Batavius will not sit on the chair at my side, and Joanna says a great disgrace I have made for her. And thou? Wilt thou also scold me? I think I shall die of grief."

"Scold thee, thou little one? That I will not. And those who are angry with thee may be angry with me also. And if there is any comfort I can get thee, tell thy brother Bram. He will count thee first before all others. How could they make thee weep? Cruel are they to do so. And as for Batavius, mind him not. Not much I think of Batavius! If he says this or that to thee, I will answer him."

"Bram, my Bram! My brother! There is one comfort for me. If I knew that he still lived! If one hope thou could give me!"

"What hope there is I will go and see. Before they are back from kirk I will be back, and if there is good news I will be glad for thee."

Not half an hour was Bram away, and yet to the miserable girl how grief and fear lengthened out the moments! She tried to prepare herself for the worst; she tried to strengthen her soul even for the message of death. But very rarely is any grief as bad as our own terror of it. When Bram came back it was with a word of hope on his lips.

"I have seen," he said—"who dost thou think? Cohen. He, of all men, has sat by Captain Hyde's side all night; and he has dressed the wound the English surgeon declared 'beyond mortal skill.' And he said to me, 'Three times in the Persian desert I have cured still worse, and the Holy One hath given me the power of healing, and if He wills, the young man shall recover.' That is what he said, Katherine."

"Forever I will love the man. Though he fail, I will love him. So kind he is even to those who have not spoken well nor done well to him."

"So kind, also, was the Son of David to all of us. Now, then, go, wash thy face, and take comfort and courage."

"Bram, leave me not."

"There is Neil. We have been companions, and his father and mother are old, and need me."

"Also, I need thee. All the time they will make me feel how wicked is Katherine Van Heemskirk!"

At this moment the family returned from the morning service, and Bram rather defiantly drew his sister to his side. Joris was not with them. He had stopped at the King's Arms to ask if Captain Hyde was still alive; for, in spite of everything, the young man's heroic cheerfulness in the agony of the preceding night had deeply touched Joris. No one spoke to Katherine; even her mother was annoyed and humiliated at the social ordeal through which they had just passed, and she thought it only reasonable that the erring girl should be made to share the trial. Batavius, however, had much curiosity, and his first thought on seeing Bram at home was: "Neil is, of course, dead, and Bram is of no further use"; and in the tone of one personally injured by such a fatality, he ejaculated, 'So it is the end, then. On the Sabbath Day, Neil has gone! If it should be the Sabbath Day in the other world—which is likely—it will be the worse for Neil."

"What mean you?"

"Is not Neil Semple dead?"

"No. I think also, that he will live."

"I am glad. It is good for Katherine."

"I see it not."

"Well,then, if he dies, is it not Katherine's fault?"

"No! Katherine is not to blame."

"All respectable and moral people will say so."

"Better for them not to say so! If I hear of it, then I will make them say it to my face."

"Then? Well?"

"I have my hands, and my feet, for them—to punish their tongues."

"And the kirk session?"

"Oh, I care not. What is the kirk session to my little Katherine? Batavius, if man or woman you hear speak ill of her, tell them it is not Katherine, but Bram Van Heemskirk that will bring everything back to them. What words I say, them I mean."

"Oh, yes! And mind this, Bram, the words I think, those words I will say, whether you like them or like them not."

"As the wind you bluster—on the Sabbath Day, also. In your ship I said not, Batavius. Good-bye, then, Katherine, and if any are unkind to thee, tell thy brother. For thou art right and not wrong."

But though Bram bravely championed his sister, he could not protect her from those wicked innuendoes disseminated for the gratification of the virtuous, nor from those malicious regrets of very good people over rumors which they declare to "be incredible," and yet which nevertheless they "unfortunately believe to be too true." The Scotch have a national precent which says, "Never speak ill of the dead." Would it not be much better to speak no ill of the living? Little could it have mattered to Madame Bogardus or Madame Stuyvesant what a lot of silly people said of them in Pearl street or Maiden Lane a century after their death; but poor Katherine Van Heemskirk shivered and sickened in the presence of averted eyes and uplifted shoulders, and in that chill atmosphere of disapproval which separated her from the sympathy and confidence of her old friends and acquaintances.

"It is thy punishment," said her mother; "bear it patiently and bravely. In a little while it will be forgot." But the weeks went on, and the wounded men slowly fought death away from their pillows, and Katherine did not recover the place in social estimation which she had lost through the ungovernable tempers of her lovers. For alas! there are few social pleasures that have so much vital power as that of exploring the faults of others, and comparing them with our own virtues.

But nothing ill lasts forever; and in three months Neil Semple was in his office again, wan and worn with fever and suffering, and wearing his sword arm in a sling, but still decidedly world-like and life-like. It was characteristic of Neil that few, even of his intimates, cared to talk of the duel to him, to make any observations on his absence, or any inquiries about his health. But it was evident that public opinion was in a large measure with him. Every young provincial, who resented the domineering spirit of the army, felt Hyde's punishment in the light of a personal satisfaction. Beekman had also talked highly of the unbending spirit and physical bravery of his principal; and though in the Middle Kirk the affair was sure to be the subject of a reproof, and of a suspension of its highest privileges, yet it was not difficult to feel that sympathy often given to deeds publicly censured, but privately admired. Joris remarked this spirit with a little astonishment and dissent. He could not find in his heart any excuse for either Neil or Hyde, and when the Elder enlarged with some acerbity upon the requirements of honor among men, Joris offended him by replying, "Well, then, Elder, little I think of that 'honor' which runs not with the laws of God and country."

"Let me tell you, Joris, the 'voice of the people is the voice of God' in a measure, and you may see with your ain e'en that it mair than acquits Neil o' wrongdoing. Man, Joris! Would you punish a fair sword fight with the hangman?"

"A better way there is. In the pillory I would stand these men of honor, who think of their own feelings more than of the law of God. A very quick end that punishment would put to a custom wicked and absurd."

(To be Continued.)

"Within 12 Hours After First Dose the Pain Left Me"—Rheumatism of Seven Years' Standing.

I have been a victim of rheumatism for seven years, being confined to bed for months at a time, unable to turn myself. I have been treated by many physicians in this part of the country, none of whom benefited me. I had no faith in rheumatism cures advertised, but my wife induced me to get a bottle of South American Rheumatism Cure from Mr. Taylor, druggist, of Owen Sound. At one time I was suffering agonizing pain, but inside of twelve hours after I took the first dose the pain left me. I continued until I took three bottles, and I consider I am completely cured. Signed, J. D. McLeod, Leith, P.O., Ont.

The boiler tubes of a large liner, if placed in a row, would stretch nearly ten miles, and the condenser tubes more than 25 miles.

Mrs. Seleste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

A whale recently captured in Arctic waters was found to have imbedded in its side a harpoon that belonged to a whaling vessel that had been out of service nearly half a century.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

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Caller Herrin'

Wha'll buy Caller Herrin',
They're bonny fish and halsome fairin';
Wha'll buy Herrin'
New drawn frae the Forth?
When ye were sleepin' on your pillows
Dream'd ye ought o' our poor fellows
Darkling as they faced the billows
A' to fill the woven willows?

10c PER TIN, OR
3 TINS FOR 25c

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co.
169 Dundas Street.
Phone 488.

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EXPLORATION, DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL $2,000,000, IN SHARES OF $1 EACH—2,000,000 OF WHICH ARE PLACED IN THE TREASURY.

Are now offered to the public at 10 cents per share, half cash on application, balance on allotment. A limited number will be sold at this price, the next issue being 15 cents, after which they will be advanced from time to time as the Directors deem advisable. The following gentlemen amongst others are subscribers and stockholders:

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J. A. ELLIS, ESQ, Architect, Toronto.

THIS COMPANY IS FORMED FOR THE PURPOSE of acquiring and dealing in mining properties and options, and buying, selling, operating, leasing, prospecting and developing mining properties, and also the buying and selling as principals or agents of the stocks, bonds, leases, mortgages, deeds, etc., of mining corporations; also smelting, refining, assaying, etc., and all and any of the business pertaining to the mining industry, and to lease, buy or otherwise acquire land and properties for town site purposes, and all other rights in connection therewith, and to construct railways, tramways and roadways to mines.

To do business throughout Canada and London, Eng., as mining brokers, company promoters and general mining operators. To carry on this branch in the most conservative manner, refusing to list or handle stocks of a doubtful character, or which the Board of Directors, on the advice of its officials, consider capitalized beyond the value of the property. To provide all information for its stockholders at its offices as to the value of any property, the progress of the various mines, and such literature as will enable them to more thoroughly understand the gold mining industry.

(4) The promoters of the company would not suggest that this company should operate solely in the old districts of British Columbia, but should, on the advice of its engineer and practical miner, also buy or bond properties of merit in new districts of B. C., and other parts of the Dominion, such as "Lake of the Woods," "Rainy River," "Seine River," "Manitou," "Wabagoon," and "Wahnapitae," securing options or bonds on a number of claims, and by expending a comparatively small amount upon them prove their value.

By following this plan a property of merit often can be obtained for a low price, and by expending a comparatively small amount upon it can be proved to be extremely valuable, and in many cases sold for as many thousands as it cost hundreds. There are mines in Rossland that illustrate this very forcibly; take, for instance, the "Evening Star." It cost $2,500, and with the expenditure of about $15,000, it has made a mine, the shares selling at 30 cents a share, equivalent to $300,000 for the mine.

The promoters have customers today for developed properties at good prices, and this company proposes to develop properties to sell to these clients.

GOLD REQUIRES NO SELLING AFTER IT IS PRODUCED. In all other business or industries you have to manufacture or produce an article and have it meet the keenest competition in selling it. Not so with gold; you have no competition, and the owners of the mine next you are nearly as much pleased if you have a good paying mine as if they had it themselves.

NO RISK IN GOLD MINING TODAY COMPARED WITH WHAT THERE WAS TEN YEARS AGO. The man who refuses to invest in a gold mine today because he lost money thirty years ago does not base his refusal upon reason, but prejudice. He forgets that even in those days when everything was crude, when the methods of mining today were not thought of, when means of communication were denied, when mining machinery was of the most primitive nature, when the great gold-producing ores of today were not understood, when the methods of treating them had not been solved; even in those days men made enormous fortunes. Do men refuse to invest in electric light works, in electric railways, in telephones, in phonographs? and yet thirty years ago these were almost unknown enterprises.

THE MARVELOUS POWER OF THE X-RAYS was totally unknown thirty years ago, and any person attributing to them such powers would have been deemed crazy, yet it is now acknowledged as a serious and important fact. Shall there be evolution, development, improvement and progress in everything else but gold mining?

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES IN ALL OTHER BRANCHES OF BUSINESS—WHY NOT IN GOLD MINING? The man with one hundred dollars is debarred from having any direct interest in this industry, while the man with thousands can take advantage of it. The man who does not need to make money has all the opportunities, while the man that needs it has not. The only way in which this can be overcome is for the man with $100 and the man with $1,000 to combine and co-operate.

GOLD MINING TODAY PAYS, AND IS A SAFE INDUSTRY. This is especially so in British Columbia, where we intend largely to operate. No country in the world has such a large percentage of paying mines for the number opened up.

Not a single mine in Trail Creek has been abandoned or shut down because the indication did not warrant any further expenditure.

Not a single mine developed to 150 feet in depth but what can ship paying ore today.

VALUE OF $1,000 TODAY, AFTER SIX MONTHS investment in Rossland Gold Mines:

$1,000 in Josie six months ago, now worth $3,500
$1,000 in Georgia $2,500
$1,000 in Evening Star $3,500
$1,000 in Crown Point two months ago, now worth $2,500
$1,000 in O. K. $2,500
$1,000 in Deer Park $6,000

And such stocks as Monte Cristo, Iron Mask, Silverine, Nest Egg, Jumbo, Great Western, Commander and others have advanced from 20 to 75 per cent.

ENORMOUS INCEASE IN VALUE OF PROPERTIES IN SIX MONTHS. The "Monte Cristo," "Iron Horse," and the "Enterprise" were bought for $65,000. Today the "Monte Cristo" is worth $200,000, "Enterprise" $150,000, "Iron Horse," $150,000, or $500,000 against $65,000 six months ago. (This illustrates what the BRITISH CANADIAN GOLD FIELDS COMPANY, owning,working and developing 15 to 30 properties, may earn in six months.) The "City of Spokane" was sold for $45,000. It is worth $200,000 today. Other illustrations could also be given.

The above facts prove that gold mining pays today.

THE MOVEMENT IN BRITISH COLUMBIA IS IN ITS INFANCY. When you consider a gold mine is worth $1,000,000 or nothing, and when properties with certain indications, when developed, have proved to be mines, such properties are well worth the attention of this company.

Our policy is to get hold of such properties now, to take up those we have options on now, while they are cheap, hold them, work them or develop and sell them.

One can have no conception of the magnitude of the profits of gold mining in the near future.

ALL BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE THEIR SERIOUS ATTENTION TO THE following statement: Five years ago it was asserted that if gold mining in Rossland would not pay. The cost of mining was too great, the ore was too refractory, and the cost of treating too high. What is the actual fact today? The cost of mining has been reduced by new machinery, the refractory ores have been, after several trials, successfully treated, and the cost of treating is becoming less every day. And mines in Rossland are paying dividends even before they have commenced actual mining, as most of the ore has been taken out in development work.

There is a more important fact still, a fact of supreme importance, a fact that will yield every man who has a dollar in legitimate mines $100, and the fact is that the MOST PRACTICAL AND SCIENTIFIC MINING MEN OF TODAY ARE SOLVING THE QUESTION HOW TO TREAT LOW-GRADE ORES.

There are dividend-paying mines in Rossland today that have hundreds of thousands of tons of ore on the dump that it does not pay to ship because the cost of treatment and freight amounts to $12 to $14 per ton. This ore is waste today, and the dividends come out of the higher grades.

When the cheap process of reduction is introduced great profits will be derived from this waste ore. One gentleman in London claims to be able to treat it right on the mine with a $5,000 plant for $1 per ton, one in Paris for $1 per ton, one in Tacoma for 50 cents. All these men claim that their systems are a perfect success on a small scale, and it is only a question of time as to how soon they will accomplish it on a large scale.

There is no business, industry, trade, or profession that has the future of Gold Mining, or that will yield such enormous and inconceivable profits.

IF ONE COMPANY OWNING ONE CLAIM PAYING OUTSIDE BROKERAGE CAN YIELD HANDSOME PROFITS, WHAT WILL OUR COMPANY YIELD?

Bear in mind that if the claim in the first company does not prove a mine, you have lost your all; but if one out of ten in a company like ours is good, you have a paying investment. Some people tell you to put $50 in one company, $50 in another, $50 in another, and $50 in another, and if one comes out all right you are secure. Yes, but you lose the other three, and you only get profits on one $50. We say, put the whole $200 in ours, and you cannot lose.

NO COMPANY EVER FORMED ON THESE LINES HAS BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL. This is a testimony. All companies of this nature have succeeded. A similar company was floated in South Africa at 10s per share, and in five months the shares were worth £27 10s.

Another Kaffir company, whose original shares were 10s, are now worth £42 10s.

Our company has now offices in Toronto, Victoria, B. C., and London, England. Offices will be opened in Spokane, Rossland, Ottawa and Montreal, and a perfect system of brokerage established.

Weekly share quotations will be mailed to all our stockholders.

The need of such a bureau of information and brokerage has already been pointed out by the Toronto World and other newspapers, and by Mr. Maclean, M.P., in the House of Commons, and this company intends to supply this need.

THE ABOVE PARTICULARS HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO IMPRESS UPON THE PUBLIC THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

1. Gold mining is without competition.
2. Gold mining now is altogether different to what it was 30 years ago.
3. Gold mining pays today, as proved by the marvelous records of Rossland.
4. Gold mining has a greater future than any other industry and is comparatively safe.
5. Gold mining can be as profitable for the man of small as well as for the man of large means, if they combine and co-operate.
6. Gold mining will pay better with developing twenty claims than with one.
7. That investors may buy their stocks from their own company, and share the brokerage profits.

Subscription in blocks of not less than 100, and not more than 20,000 shares will be received at the Company's offices, 1 Arcade Building, Yonge St., by CHAS. B. MURRAY, Esq., on the following form:

To CHAS. B. MURRAY, Esq., 1 Yonge Street Arcade, Toronto:
I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for.....shares in the British-Canadian Gold Fields, Exploration, Development and Investment Company at the rate and price of ten cents per share (fully paid up and non-assessable), and now inclose $....., being half the price of said shares, and agree to pay the balance of said purchase money on allotment to me by said company.
Signed..... Address.....

For the convenience of those who cannot get away during the day office will be open evenings from 8 to 10. Orders by mail will be promptly acknowledged. Prospectus on application. Shares in all other sound B. C. mines for sale at lowest quotations.

The Sporting World.

The Eastern League Champions at Hamilton.

Results of the Cycling Races at Niagara Falls.

Star Pointer Makes a New Pacing Record —World's Record Broken by Cycler Gimm at Indianapolis.

BASEBALL.

THE WATERLOO LEAGUE.

Waterloo has won the pennant in the Waterloo County Baseball League, with Berlin in second place. The disputed game between Preston and Waterloo has been awarded to the latter. Standing:

WATERLOO COUNTY.

	Won.	Lost.
Waterloo	12	3
Berlin	11	4
Galt Alphas	7	9
Hespeler	7	9
Preston	2	14

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia	4	New York	8
Boston	3	Baltimore	8
Louisville	6	Pittsburg	11

PROVIDENCE VS. HAMILTON.

The Providence ball team, champions of the Eastern League, played the Hamiltons at Dundurn Park yesterday before an audience of about 1,000 people. The Hamiltons put up a stiff game, but were unable to hit Friel at opportune times, and their two errors were costly. The visitors played an almost faultless game in the field. Score:

				R.	H.	E.
Providence	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5	10	1
Hamilton	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2	6	2

Batteries—Friel and Coogan; McGinnis and Baker.

THE WHEEL.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Sept. 18.—The district C. W. A. bicycle fall meet here this afternoon, under the auspices of the Niagara Falls Club, was a success in every particular. Summary:

One mile, novice—Frank A. Stevens, Niagara Falls, Ont., 1; H. P. Stephens, Niagara Falls, Ont., 2; T. C. Robertson, Niagara Falls, N. Y., 3. Time, 2:53.

Quarter mile, open—Edward S. Morgan, Niagara Falls, N. Y., 1; Norman S. French, Thorold, 2; John F. Davidson, Toronto, 3. Time, :35.

One mile, open to Welland and Lincoln counties—Norman S.French, Thorold, 1; F. J. Graves, Toronto, 2; E. Hinds, Niagara Falls Center, 3. Time, 2:45.

Half mile, open—R. O. Blayney, Simcoe, 1; John F. Davidson, Toronto, 2; George Rickerts, Niagara Falls, N. Y., 3. Time, 1:12.

Half mile, boys' race—F. Webster, Buffalo, N. Y., 1; Roy Irwin, St. Augustince, Fla., 2; W. Rickert, Niagara Falls, N. Y., 3. Time, 1:27 1-2.

Mile, open—R. O Blayney, Simcoe, 1; J. F. Davidson, Toronto, 2; J. W. Hutchins, Toronto, 3. Time, 2:48.

One mile—W. Binkley, Niagara Falls, Ont., 1; B. H. Cole, Niagara Falls, Ont., 2; H. P. Stephens, Niagara Falls, Ont., 3. Time, 2:36 1-2.

Matched race, boys, half mile—W. Binkley, Niagara Falls, Ont., vs. F. Webster, Buffalo—Won by Binkley. Time, 1:21.

WHY IS WHEELING DELIGHTFUL?

The cause of the pleasure arising from riding a bicycle is discussed in the French Revue Scientifique by M. Charles du Pasquier. He rejects the opinion of another man of science, M. Tissie, who thinks the pleasure of wheeling comes from the "numerous associations of ideas corresponding to the various attitudes assumed in the effort to keep one's balance," and asserts, on the contrary, that the pleasure is due to the absence of variety in the motions and attitudes of the rider. The latter feels himself moving swiftly and easily by means of a simple and uniform effort of his muscles, and hence his pleasure. But, according to M. Pasquier, the monotony of the movement, while it tends to quiet the nerves and exalt the sensibilities, may, if the exercise be carried too far, result in injury, by reducing the nervous activities of the rider to a minimum. He asserts that over-indulgence tends to narrow the activity of the mind.

A RECORD BREAKER.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 19.—Louis Gimm, 24-hour champion cyclist, did ten miles here Thursday night in 22 minutes 13 2-5 seconds. He was paced by his team mates on a quintet, quad and triplet. His mark is the world's record for a fifth-mile track. Gimm is training here for the 24-hour race at Chicago, and his performance is official, occurring at the races of the Indianapolis Track Association.

CURLING.

Ridgetown will have a new curling rink.

GOLF

EQUAL TO THE OCCASION.

In the absence of the regular golf editor the following question from a beginner was referred to the horse editor for an answer:

"In a game of golf, is it right to fuzzle your put, or is it better to fetter on the tee?"

The horse editor, who didn't know the game of golf from the precession of the equinoxes, set his teeth firmly, stared hard at the wall in front of him a few moments, and wrote the following reply:

"In case a person snaggles his iron it is permissible for him to fuzzle his put, but a better plan would be for him to drop his guppy into the pringle, and snoodle it out with a niblick."—Chicago Tribune.

THE TURF.

STAR POINTER WINS.

Medford, Mass., Sept. 19.—At Mystic Park yesterday the great drawing card was the free-for-all pacing contest, which Robert J., Frank Agan and Star Pointer had entered. The race developed the three fastest consecutive heats ever paced, while in the first heat the New England track record for a mile was beaten, and a new world's pacing record for a half mile was established by Star Pointer.

When the horses were sent off in the first heat, Star Pointer had the pole, with Robert J. in second place and Frank Again outside. Star Pointer had a slight lead when the word was given, and soon all were making a fighting race. At the quarter, which was made in :29 3-4, Pointer was in the lead, with the others close at his heels, Agan having taken second place, and when Star Pointer passed the half in :59 3-4, beating all existing pacing records, a tremendous shout went up from the thousands of spectators. The three-quarters was passed in 1:31 1-2, with the positions of the horses unchanged. Into the stretch they came at a record-breaking gait, all working steadily as steam engines. As they neared the finish, Pointer was holding his own splendidly, while Agan was making a hot bid for the victory, with Robert J. close at his wheel. When Pointer shot under the wire a winner by half a length in 2:02 1-2, and the crowd realized the fast time that had been made, the excitement was tremendous, and Pointer and his driver, McClary, received such an ovation as is rarely seen upon a race track.

In the second heat Star Pointer led from the start to the end of the mile, and the relative positions of the horses were unchanged throughout. Robert J. made a desperate, though unsuccessful, attempt to get second place at the quarter, Frank Agan resenting his interference by letting out another link, leaving Robert J. behind. In this heat McClary did not touch Pointer with the whip, and each horse paced the entire mile without the faintest sign of a break. Pointer finished one length ahead of Again, with Robert J. third. Time, 2:03 1-2.

The third heat was practically a repetition of the second, until within the last 30 rods of the wire, when Robert J., who had been pushing Frank Agan hard all the way for second place, passed him and finished about a length behind Pointer. Time, 2:03 1-4. Summary:

Free-for-all pacing, purse $2,000:

Star, Pointer, b. h.	1	1	1
Frank Agan, b. g.	2	2	3
Robert J., b. g.	3	3	2

Time—2:02 1-2, 2:03 1-2, 2:03 1-4.

AT WINDSOR—SEPT. 18.

First race, 5 1-2 furlongs—Coranella 1, Nover 2, Atalanta 3. Time, 1:08 3-4.

Second race, 5 furlongs (selling)—Rideau 1, Majesta 2, Merry Chimes 3. Time, 1:01 3-4.

Third race, 3-4 mile (selling)—Sky Blue 1, Excuse 2, Miss Kitty 3. Time, 1:15.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Wathen 1, Forfeit 2, Lady Callahan 2. Time, 1:02.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles (selling)—Dockstader 1, Pete Kitchen 2, Belle Boyd 3. Time, 1:50 1-4.

Sixth race, 5 1-2 furlongs (selling)—Lucy Belle 1, Miss Rowett 2, Sagwa 3. Time, 1:08 1-2.

CRICKET.

AUSTRALIANS AT PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 18.—The first of the series of three cricket games to be played between the Australian team, who arrived a few days ago from their victorious trip through England, and the picked eleven of gentlemen cricketers of Philadelphia, was begun today on the grounds of the Germantown Cricket Club at Mannheim. The conditions were unfavorable, heavy rains having left the grounds soft. The Australians were retired at the end of the first inning with a total of 192. The Philadelphians, at 5:05, sent in Riddle and Muir to bat, with only ten minutes to play. Total for one wicket, 9. The game will be resumed on Saturday.

ATHLETICS.

A STUBBORN FIGHT.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 19.—It took 28 rounds of desperate bare knuckle slugging to settle a grudge that has existed for a long time between Jimmy Britt, once champion bantam weight of the coast, and Frank Lawler, another well-known athlete. Britt and Lawler were formerly friends, but had a falling out regarding a woman. As there seemed to be little chance of a finish, and both men were terribly punished, the referee called the match a draw.

A Real Summer Resort.

Kill two birds with one stone. Spend a pleasant summer holiday at Oakville and get rid of the liquor or morphine habit once and for all at the same time. It will cost you a little more than if you go to an ordinary summer resort, but probably not half as much as you would spend on liquor in half the time. "Lakehurst," with its fine house, shady grounds, water front and excellent board, is preferable to most hotels, and you can leave your liquor curse behind you forever when your holiday is over. For full particulars address Manager, Lakehurst Institute, Oakville, Ont. xt

"PIN YOUR FAITH" TO
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEA
AND YOU WILL NEVER BE DECEIVED AS TO ITS IRREPROACHABLE VALUE.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY. ALL GROCERS.

Furniture Exhibition--Western Fair
LONDON, CANADA.
NEW DESIGNS!
HANDSOME STYLES!
INCOMPARABLE FINISH!
The London Furniture Manufacturing Co.,
Wholesale Furniture Manufacturers and Retail Dealers.
Cordially invite all visitors to the Western Fair, after inspecting their choice exhibition of furniture in the Northwest Gallery of the Main Building, to visit their extensive Retail Showrooms, No. 184 to 198 King street, London, and view the FINE FURNITURE there displayed. All manufactured of the choicest materials and by the ablest workmen. Medium, cheap and high grades of furniture at price that will insure large sales.
THE LONDON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING CO., LONDON, CANADA. xt

Sparks From the Wire.

Lord Russell of Killowen is at Washington.

Mr. A. T. Fuller, an iron worker in the Ontario Rolling Mills, Hamilton, is said to have fallen heir to $450,000 in Belfast.

John Smith, Toronto, agent for the Canada Atlantic Railway, died rather suddenly at his residence on Thursday afternoon.

It is stated that should age and health permit his acceptance, the clergy and laity will, in November, choose Dean Carmichael, of Montreal, with hearty acclamation, as Bishop of Algoma, in succession to Dr. Sullivan, who has accepted the rectorate of St. James', Toronto.

SLEEPLESSNESS is due to nervous excitement. The delicately constituted, the financier, the business man, and those whose occupation necessitates great mental strain or worry, all suffer less or more from it. Sleep is the great restorer of a worried brain, and to get sleep cleanse the stomach from all impurities with a few doses of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, gelatine-coated, containing no mercury, and are guaranteed to give satisfaction or the money will be refunded.

AN OPINION!

The opinion of persons competent to judge is always valuable. People who know say that the course of the

F.C.B.C.

Forest City Business and Shorthand College, London, Ont.,

Is just the training needed by young people, whether they contemplate an active business life or not. Special advantages in connection with our new rooms. Graduates successful.

Catalogue Free. J. W. Westervelt, Principal. ywt

X RAYS

Are not required to discover the artistic design, superior finish and workmanship of our

ELECTRIC AND GAS CHANDELIERS....

Rogers Electric Co'y,

425 RICHMOND STREET. ywt

R.K.Cowan

Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce London.

Chloriogold is a positive CURE for DRUNKENNESS

It can be given without the knowledge of the patient in tea, coffee or articles of food; will effect a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Book of particulars free to be had of

Anderson & Nelles, Dundas St. London.

NICE SAFE QUICK SURE K's

Stark's Powders

ENTIRELY NEW TREATMENT.

Each box contains a box of powder for the immediate relief of Sick and Nervous Headache, and Sick Stomach, Neuralgia, Restlessness, Toothache and all Nervous Pains; also capsules, forming a never failing treatment for Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Pain in Back and Side, Lumbago, Constipation, Tired Feeling, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Blotches on Skin, Impure Blood. They are also a certain preventive of Bilious and Typhoid Fevers. Not like the old-fashioned slow-acting pills, mixtures, lozenges, etc., but they act at once.

Only 25 cts.: Five Boxes for $1.00: at all Drug Stores, and at Country Stores at places where there are no Druggists. Prepared by R. Stark, M.C.C.P., Chemist

A Shabby Dress

Does not look well on a lady. It is the same with the walls and ceilings. They need a new dress. Don't spoil your home because your walls need papering. You will be surprised at the light cost of transferring a gloomy bedroom into a bright and cosy room. You will even sleep better. See our thousands of styles.

R. LEWIS

434 Richmond St. ywt

Confederation Life

TORONTO.

Guaranteed Capital and Assets -	$ 6,224,439 00
Cash Income, 1895 - -	1,062,642 00
New Insurance Written, 1895 -	3,541,929 00
Insurance in Force - -	26,611,718 00
Increase in Dividends to Policyholders	29,853 50

WE INSURE LADIES.

FRED. H. HEATH, General Agent. GEO. PRITCHARD, Local Agent.

Lace Curtains Relaundered

To look like new by the

Parisian Steam Laundry Company

Of Ontario, limited. Telephone No. 559.

Work called for and delivered to any part of the city.

J. K. SPRY, - - - - Manager. ywt

Fine Merchant Tailoring

W. Fairbairn

Over Priddis Bros. Entrance through store, 158 Dundas street.

THE FALL FAIRS.

Central Canada, Ottawa	Sept. 17-26
Lincoln, St. Catharines	Sept. 21-25
Tavistock, Tavistock	Sept. 21-22
London Township, Ilderton	Sept. 21
Haldimand, Cayuga	Sept. 22-23
Northern, Walkerton	Sept. 22-23
Great Northwestern, Goderich	Sept. 22-24
Hay Agricultural Society, Zurich	Sept. 23-24
W. Middlesex, Strathroy	Sept. 23-25
Collingwood, Collingwood	Sept. 23-25
Southern, Brantford	Sept. 23-25
Mornington, Milverton	Sept. 24-25
N. Oxford, Woodstock	Sept. 24-25
Woodstock, Woodstock	Sept. 24-25
Euphemia and Dawn, Florence	Sept. 24-25
East Lambton, Watford	Sept. 24-25
Northern Fair, Ailsa Craig	Sept. 29-30
Forest Union, Forest	Sept. 29-30
Bruce Center, Paisley	Sept. 29-30
Dereham, Tilsonburg	Sept. 29-30
Mitchell, Mitchell	Sept. 29-30
Alosa and Ekfrid, Glencoe	Sept. 29-30
Biddulph-Ayr Ex., at Granton	Sept. 29-30
Peninsular, Chatham	Sept. 29-Oct. 1
Westminster, Lambeth	Oct. 1
Embro, Embro	Oct. 1
East Kent Agricultural Society	Oct. 1-2
W. Elgin, Wallacetown	Oct. 1-2
N. Perth, Stratford	Oct. 1-2
North Dorchester	Oct. 2
S. Norwich, Otterville	Oct. 2-3
East Nissouri, Thamesford	Oct. 7
N. Brant, Paris	Oct. 6-7
St. Marys, St. Marys	Oct. 6-8
Parkhill and West Williams	Oct. 6-7
E. Algoma, Sault Ste. Marie	Oct. 6-8
Brooke and Alvinston, Alvinston	Oct. 7-8
W. Nissouri, Thorndale	Oct. 8
Blanshard, Kirkton	Oct. 8-9
N. Norwich, Norwich	Oct. 8-9
Drumbo, Drumbo	Oct. 8-9
Ashfield and West Wawanosh	Oct. 9-10
Norfolk, Simcoe	Oct. 13-15
Delaware	Oct. 14
Highgate	Oct. 15-16
Burfolk, Burford	Oct. 15-16
Moraviantown	Oct. 19-22
W. York, Woodbridge	Oct. 20-21

This list will be added to as the dates of other shows are received from secretaries.

Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition.

Sir John Millais once hooked over half a ton of salmon in a week, which gave him the record for the River Tay.

Complete

Every Department with Bright New Goods . . .

Dress Goods, Hosiery,
Silks, Gloves,
Trimmings, Corsets,
Mantles, Ribbons,
Carpets, Laces,
House Furnishings.

Priddis Bros.

158 Dundas Street,
157 Carling Street.
Telephone 324.

Fall 1896

Latest designs in Tweed Suitings and Fall Overcoatings. Our stock is now complete.

J. DAMBRA,

263½ Dundas Street. ywt

FALL SHOOTING.

Guns, Rifles, Cartridges, Powder, Shot, Caps, Wadding, etc. All fresh and good, at bottom prices.

Wm. Gurd & Co.

185 Dundas Street, London, Ont.
PHONE 800. ywt

FINE TAILORS.

S-O-U-T-H-C-O-T-T-S

361 Richmond St.

UNSETTLED, WITH RAIN, BECOMING COOLER.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 18—11 p.m.—A depression is developing over the Middle Mississippi Valley, and another covers Lake Superior. Combined, they may cause high winds on the Lakes, at which ports cautionary west signals have been ordered. It is raining in Western Ontario and fine east. Higher pressure covers the Northwest. There will be frost in Manitoba tonight, and higher temperature further west.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Esquimalt, 62-66; Prince Albert, 28-54; Qu'Appelle, 32-46; Winnipeg, 38-42; Parry Sound, 48-64; Toronto, 46-68; Ottawa, 46-66; Montreal, 56-64; Quebec, 48-60; Halifax, 60-68.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, Sept. 19—1 a.m.—Probabilities for 24 hours for lower lake region: Strong winds or gales, becoming west and north; unsettled, with rain, becoming cooler at night and clearing.

LOCAL TEMPERATURE.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory yesterday were 69 and 45.5.

818 Is the number of our telephone. Call us up and we will deliver your bread daily.

5c A LOAF.

Johnston Bros. ywt

Keep Your Eyes Easy. Our SPECTACLES are true and will give comfort. They help to preserve the sight. We make no charge for testing your eyes.

E. W. Boyle, Druggist and Optician, 632 Dundas Street.

Watson's Cough Drops

Allay irritation and produce a soothing effect upon the vocal organs. TRY THEM.

MASONIC APPOINTMENTS.

Grand Master Gibson Selects the Very Worshipfuls.

M. W. Bro. W. Gibson, grand master of the Grand Lodge, A., F. and A. M., has appointed the following brethren to office:

V. W. Bro. W. H. Adams, Belleville, grand senior deacon.
V. W. Bro. C. A. Kingston, London, grand junior deacon.
V. W. Bro. John Hall, Toronto, grand superintendent of works.
V. W. Bro. Geo. Samis, Sarnia, grand director of ceremonies.
V. W. Bro. C. H. Cooper, Grand Valley, assistant grand secretary.
V. W. Bro. Wm. Clark, York, assistant grand director of ceremonies.
V. W. Bro. P. A. Craig, Windsor, grand standard-bearer.
V. W. Bro. G. S. May, Ottawa, grand organist.
V. W. Bro. John Morrison, Woodstock, assistant grand organist.
V. W. Bro. Wm. Bishop, Owen Sound, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. David Spence, Peterboro, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. F. W. Armstrong, Bath, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. Peter Toll, London, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. W. H. Hurrell, Stratford, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. J. McD. Fleming, Listowel, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. James Steard, Ancaster, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. A. J. Halloway, Clinton, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. J. C. Stewart, Pembroke, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. J. R. Dunn, Toronto, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. James A. McPherson, Kincardine, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. A. Carmichael, Rat Portage, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. Richard Mills, Bracebridge, grand steward.
V. W. Bro. W. J. McAllister, Hamilton, grand standard-bearer.
V. W. Bro. W. P. Chamberlain, Morrisburg, grand standard-bearer.

16 TO 1

Is the all absorbing question over the border just now, but men in and around London can settle the matter of buying a fall hat if they see our stock. The latest New York and English styles are now in. Prices right.

Milne, Spittal & CO.

146 Dundas Street.

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

107	Business Office
134	Editorial Rooms
175	Job Department

Visitors To the Fair,

TAKE A TRIP ON THE ELECTRIC CARS TO

Springbank Park.

London and Environs

—Mr. J. Kelley, London West, is moving his greenhouses further south on Center street.

—Mr. Daniel Thompson has purchased a very attractive cottage, No. 165 John street, for $1,500, from A. A. Campbell.

—Miss Barber, of Listowel, has returned home, after spending a few days with Miss Louie Barr, 125 Sydenham street.

—It is expected that Rev. Mr. Sherwood, of Huron College, city, will be appointed to the Bothwell and Thamesville churches.

—The case of Wm. Ryan, of Adelaide, who was charged by his wife with insanity, was settled out of court. The parties agreed on a bill of separation.

—The annual meeting of the Dundas Center Women's Missionary Auxiliary was held on Sept. 8. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Dickson; first vice-president, Mrs. Lanceley; second vice-president, Mrs. Wortman; third vice-president, Mrs. Chapman; recording secretary, Miss Ettie Webster; corresponding secretary, Mrs. McMechan; treasurer, Mrs. Tennant. The report of the treasurer shows that the funds are somewhat in advance of last year.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.

John Hodgens, of Devon, Osborne township, in endeavoring to get his rig out of the way of a southbound Springbank car on Richmond street, collided with Mayor Little's carriage, slightly bending the wheel, and then dashed in Hon. David Mills' carriage, which was badly damaged, one of the wheels being completely demolished.

MR. CASSWELL'S DEATH.

The sudden death of Mr. E. Casswell, in this city on Thursday, has caused widespread sorrow. Referring to the deceased, the Woodstock Sentinel-Review says: "He was one of the men who played a most prominent part in the organization and building up of the cheese industry in Western Ontario. Previous to the introduction of the factory system of making cheese he carried on a grocery business at Ingersoll, and as an aside he used to buy cheese from the private dairies for shipment to Toronto and other Canadian points. Some little time after Farrington established his business, Mr. Casswell went into partnership with Adam Brown, of Brown, Gillespie & Co., Hamilton, for the buying of cheese for export. This firm was the first to ship Ingersoll cheese to England. In conjunction with Mr. Ballantyne he had charge of the Canadian cheese exhibit at the Philadelphia Centennial, which was such a great success, and which proved to the world that Canada could make cheese equal, if not superior, to any made in New York State, then holding first place." Hon. Thomas Ballantyne had the following to say of Mr. Casswell recently: "He deserves the greatest credit for the work he did in the development of the cheese industry. The dairymen of Western Ontario have shown their appreciation of his services in many instances. It is not yet too late for them to do it in a permanent and tangible form. No name should stand higher in Oxford district than that of Mr. Casswell."

Prof. Alexander Next Week.

One of the amusing features of the lectures to be delivered at Music Hall next week by Prof. Alexander will be the public examination on the stage of prominent citizens. The subjects on such occasions are selected by the audience, so as to put collusion out of the question, and are chosen from among the best known men and women present. The professor, if required, is blindfolded, and it is said that he owes his success in no small measure to the accuracy with which he is able to describe their well-known characteristics. The admission the first evening will be a silver collection at the door.

Photographs.

Cabinet size, finest in the city, $2 50 per dozen. See our special size at $1 50 per dozen, before going elsewhere.

EDY BROS.,

214 Dundas street, upstairs. Phone 444. t

Yes! Pure baking powder, 20c pound, at Anderson & Nelles' drug store. ywt

Au Revoir!

The Camp on the Hill Is Now Deserted.

It Has Been One of the Finestin Years.

Very Healthful and Orderly — The Supplies Satisfactory—Notes.

The camp is at an end, and the men have gone. Elaborate preparations had been made for a big time last night, but the rain spoiled everything, much to the disgust of the soldiers. Capt. Carpenter, of Wolseley Barracks, had promised the boys an excellent time, and they fully expected it; but when the rain came, the cooks' march, band concert, and the squad drill by the barracks boys were not given. The "sing-song" was about the only thing that came off. Instead of one camp-fire, there were many. The men had gathered up all the wood around the cooks' lines and other places, and "didn't do a thing with it, but burn it." Gathered around these fires were motley-looking crowds of volunteers. They were attired in any old thing available, and looked like living pictures—of misery. Blackened faces were numerous. These grouped around the fires and sang all the latest popular songs. The efforts of the Essex Fusiliers were greatly appreciated.

A SPLENDID CAMP.

The camp just ended has been one of the best, healthiest, and most orderly ever held here. Upon this all the officers are agreed. Col. Beattie, of the Twenty-first Battalion, last night said: "It is one of the best camps I have ever been in, and I have been 30 years a volunteer. It has been a beautiful camp, and very uniform. I remember the first camp here, about 25 years ago, when only one-half of the men had uniform trousers, and the other half wore homespun and tweed. They wore those old 'stogie' boots, and most of them had their trousers tucked in their boots. When you came to the head-dress, you would see as many 10-cent straw hats as any other kind. Some had forage caps, and others slouch Fedoras. I remember one regimental camp I went to at Petrolea. You know, that is an infernal place for mud and dirt when it rains. The rain poured down one night, and about midnight I heard a voice from a tent near by shout out, 'Get a requisition from the quartermaster in the morning for canoes to do the morning drill in.' There has been nothing like that here; it has been good and dry. I have never heard a complaint from a single man about anything. Not a man in the Twenty-first Battalion has been found under the influence of liquor, and not a man brought up for punishment. Every officer in this battalion is a temperance man, and that has had much to do with it. This is not exceptional, mind you. The success of the camp is largely attributable to the officer commanding the district. He is a thorough disciplinarian, and uniformly kind, always ready and willing. Anything consistent with duty you can rely on Col. Smith every time."

Col. Munro, of the Twenty-second Battalion, said: "If it is not the best, it's better than a great many previous ones. I have heard no complaints, either, about rations, or anything else. It has been a most orderly and satisfactory camp all through."

Several of the officers of the Thirtieth Wellington Rifles were seen, and were all of opinion that it had been the best camp they had ever attended, and some expressed regret at leaving.

THE SUPPLIES.

The different officers were questioned as to the quality of the supplies this year. Quartermaster-Sergeant Kennedy said: "As supply officer, I can say they were never better. The meat was especially good, and not a single complaint has come to me, which is remarkable. The bread has caused a great deal of trouble in previous years, but it has been immense."

"Do you think the contract system had anything to do with the unsatisfactory supplies of previous years?"

"Yes, that is the trouble," he replied. "The contracts were taken at such a low figure that first-class stuff could hardly be given. I am quite in sympathy with the system adopted this year for supplying the camp." The groceries have been exceptionally good."

Capt. Mann, quartermaster of the Thirtieth, said: "I have been in many a camp, and never saw such satisfactory supply given. Not a single complaint has reached me, and if the men were not satisfied, they would soon kick."

Capt. Ball, of the Twenty-second, when asked what he had to say about the supplies, remarked: "You may say for me that the supplies have been the best in all my experience, and I have been connected with the battalions since '69, and that every man agrees with me."

"There has also been less sickness in this camp than at any other I was ever at," put in Surgeon Rice, "and it is possibly owing to the good quality of the supplies."

NOTES.

Private Harman, of the Twenty-first Battalion, who has been ill with inflammation of the bowels, and typhoid fever, had to be taken home on his bed this morning, as he was not sufficiently recovered to walk.

Hospital Sergeant McCullogh, of Wolseley Barracks, is laid up with inflammation of the eyes. His many friends will regret to hear this.

FOR TAX REMISSION.

Several Applications Dealt With by No. 1 Committee.

At the meeting of No. 1 committee of the City Council last night there were present Ald. Armstrong (chairman), Bennet, Taylor, Carrothers, and Secretary Pope.

The following petitions for the remission of taxes were filed: Mrs. Hannafin, Catherine Lynch, Isabella Thompson and W. M. Seaborn. So also were the petitions of Robert Moore and G. F. Robertson for the remission of personal property tax.

A. E. Davis, of South street, claimed that the sewer does not drain his cellar, and asked for the remission of several years' sewer rates. The council will be recommended to grant it.

Petitions from Matilda Carr, Johanna Gardner and Ann Hester, re remission of taxes, were disposed of by recommending that in the case of the former, the amount be charged against the property, and that the two last be granted.

The petition of J. E. Thompson re personal property tax was referred to the assessment commissioner to report.

Wilson Hall was allowed $15 in settlement of his claim for remuneration for the maintenance of an orphan.

John Mills and others asked that they be relieved of taxation on the Waterloo street south school property. The rooms had been rented as a church, and they thought they should be exempt, as are all churches.

As they were receiving rent from the school, the board did not see why the taxes should not be paid. The petition was filed.

The usual accounts were passed for payment.

Ruby Pills Makes Rosy People Make Red Blood. Make Rich Blood. Are Blood Builders

RUBY PILLS Have No Equal

For all diseases depending upon a watery condition of the blood, such as pale, sallow complexion, general or muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, palpitation of heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, swelling of feet and limbs, pain at the back or early decay, and all forms of female weakness.

W. S. Bryers Bark-Well, AGENT FOR CANADA. vt

You Will Enjoy

Your meals if you buy your table supplies here. We keep the choicest and most inviting stock of eatables in the city.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF High Grade Coffees & Teas

Have you tried Tryphosa for making delicious jellies at a moment's notice and without any trouble whatever?

Heinz's Baked Beans, with tomato sauce, is just the thing for lunches. Try them.

T. A. Rowat & Co.

228 Dundas St. 'Phone 317. ywt

HOTEL HOUSECLEANING

is easy with "Mothbane." Kills bed bugs and all vermin. Get at

Shuff's Drug Store,

Dundas, corner William,

25c - 50c - $1. ywt

ASSESSMENTS REVISED

By the London West Council—A Number of Reductions.

The London West Council met last night for the revision of the assessment roll. The following decisions were given:

Thos. Bailey, assessed for $650, reduced to $600.

A. C. Jeffries, assessed for $650, reduced to $600.

Mrs. Griffin, assessed for $1,800, assessment confirmed.

John Kelley, one of the highest taxpayers in the village, assessed for $1,200, $400, $700 and $3,600 respectively on four parcels. Mr. Kelley said, "I have reached a fighting age, and intend to fight this thing to a bitter end. I have been treated scandalously in this village, and if I do not get satisfaction here I will seek it elsewhere. Laid over till the next meeting of the court.

James Weir, assessed for $500, reduced to $450.

Christie Murray, assessed for $275, reduced to $225.

Alex. Murdock, assessed for $3,800; laid over until next meeting.

Henry Horn, assessed for $200, assessment confirmed.

Peter J. Ellis, assessed for $400, assessment confirmed.

Mr. Peters, assessed for $3,300, reduced to $3,000; on the parcel assessed for $1,400, assessment confirmed.

David Fuller, assessed where U. A. Buchner should have been the assessed party; Mr. U. A. Buchner, assessed for $875, reduced to $850.

The cases of Wm. Moore and John Moore were laid over.

Wm. Smith, assessed for $475, reduced to $425.

Wm. Guest, assessed on two parcels for $1,150 and $280, reduced to $1,050 and $250.

The court then adjourned until called together by the reeve.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A tramp, even more dirty than hobo regulations demand, was arrested at Burlington, Vt., the other day, and on being searched a large cake of soap was found in his pocket.

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera, and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

The King of Greece delights in taking recreation in the fields. He can plow, cut and bind corn, milk cows, and, in short, could at a pinch keep a farm going single handed.

SOME SEPTEMBER SPECIALS

SEPTEMBER with us is a month of bargains: End-of-the-summer goods at end-of-the-profit prices. We can't clean out stock and ask large profits too, so we prune the profits from our prices. And then we show you new goods, priced so interestingly that all the city is set a-buying.

SILKS Triumphs of the weaving art for evening wear in winter. French and China novelties, at novel prices.

LINENS Little helps to home making whose cost your purse will never feel. Table Linen costs little, but oh! what a difference it makes to the table.

DRESS GOODS Gleaned from finest looms of the Old World, and priced in Kingsmill's own peculiar fashion. French pattern costumes confined exclusively to ourselves.

TRIMMINGS Be the dress as good as it may, it is the trimmings that makes or mars its beauty. The cost is trifling, but the effect is immense. Will you go to the store that has the largest assortment?

CARPETS He who buys in the largest quantities can sell at the lowest prices. That is a business principle, and you'll see the moral when you know that Kingsmill has the largest carpet warehouse in Canada.

TWEEDS There was a time when Canadian Tweed meant poor tweed. But that time is past. No sturdier cloth could be woven than has been woven here. The price belies the quality, but a maker's bad judgment explains that. An honest Tweed for 25c.

Kingsmill's Dundas and Carling Streets, London.....

STRATHROY.

Advertiser Agent, J. D. Meekison.

Strathroy, Sept. 19. — The Sarnia Presbytery meets in Strathroy on Tuesday next, Sept. 22.

The Rev. Canon Dann, of St. Paul's Church, London, will preach in St. John's Church on Sunday, Oct. 11, at the harvest thanksgiving service, morning and evening.

The open meeting of the C. E. of St. Andrew's Church was held in the hall of that church last evening. Mr. Jordan conducted the meeting.

In the butter department at the Western Fair, London, Mrs. T. W. Crealy, Strathroy, was a successful exhibitor, winning first prize for private dairy butter, 20 to 30 pound tub, and for 15 pounds, made in a private dairy, one-pound rolls.

Misses Minnie and Acie Gillies, of Moffat, are visiting Mr. D. Gillies, Adelaide street.

Miss Etta McVicar, of Sarnia, is the guest of Miss Helen Haggarty, McKellar street.

LAMBETH.

On Tuesday, the 15th inst., there was laid away in the pretty little cemetery at Lambeth, six miles from the city of London, the remains of Mrs. Poole, wife of Mr. Joseph Poole, sen., of that place, and daughter of Mr. Thomas Dolling, of Shute, England. Twenty-five years ago the deceased, with her husband and family, settled at Lambeth on arrival from Merton, Devonshire, England, and had resided there continuously at the pleasant old homestead, just past the village, on the Delaware road. She has left behind her a large family of children and grandchildren to mourn her loss. The deceased had arrived at a good ripe age, being 75 years and 2 months old. Her family, while mourning, rejoice in the evidence of a peaceful, quiet death, which occurred on the 12th inst., as she sat in her chair, conscious to the end, surrounded by her family. The tokens of respect and love were evidenced on the day of the burial, when some four hundred of her friends followed her remains to their last resting place, the casket being covered and surrounded with beautiful flowers, so that the grave was converted into a bed of roses, added to by showers of flowers from the grandchildren, all of whom idolized their grandmother for her many lovable traits of character. She will be missed wherever her hands were wont to minister to others. Her industry was marvelous. A few days before she died, although 75 years old, she performed a piece of needlework that would, for its excellence, put many a young girl to blush. Her family have the sympathy of everyone who knew her in their great loss. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Messrs. Quance and Blatchford, of the Methodist Church.

BOTHWELL'S OIL FIELD.

Another Well—Three in One Day—All Large Producers.

Bothwell, Sept. 18.—H. Walker's men struck a rich vein of oil on James Murphy's farm yesterday evening, making three wells of large producing capacity struck in one day. The Allen well was shot this morning, and it is a good one. Of course, it will require a few days' pumping before a fair test can be made, but there is not the least doubt but that it is a fine one. This well is close to A. M. Elliott Company's well.

We want a first-class boarding-house on a large scale. At present nearly all the places are over-crowded, and a good place of this kind would pay well.

Mr. Thos. Liddon, of Inwood, is in town today, the guest of Mr. G. H. Orrange.

Mrs. Lennentine (not Mr.) will occupy the old postoffice block lately vacated by P. M. Mr. Wm. Regan (not Mrs.), as printed today.

The Rev. Mr. Scott, of London, preached preparatory services in the Presbyterian Church this afternoon. Sacrament will be dispensed next Sabbath at 11 o'clock a.m., by the Rev. John Davidson.

McLean Bros. have opened up their fall goods, and are making a fine display in many lines. Their large stock is now almost complete, and is one of the largest and best assorted in the county. To keep abreast with the times, they are offering goods at greatly reduced prices. McLean Bros. have been in business in Bothwell for a great many years, and have done much to advance the interests of the place, as the present push will show. They carry one of the largest stocks in the county, and always sell at right prices. They are also offering many inducements to the farming community. They fully deserve the patronage of the citizens of the town in their great enterprise.

W. H. Luke will continue to carry on business in the old stand, where his many customers may find him, well stocked and prepared to do business as of old in the many lines in which he is engaged. Mr. Luke is a business man of whom we are all proud, and it is with pleasure that we are able to announce his continuance in business amongst us. This will be good news to the farmers of this community, with whom W. H. is a favorite as a business man.

CURE RHEUMATISM CURE CONSTIPATION

MACK'S RHEUMATIC (LIVER & KIDNEY) PILLS

PRICE 50 CTS.

CURE SCIATICA CURE NEURALGIA

The Age of Niagara Falls.

The savants are having a very interesting time in determining the age of Niagara Falls, and from the most recent papers on the subject it is quite evident that great diversity of opinion exists among those who have made it a matter of investigation. Life is full of problems. The diversity of our common nature suggests equally interesting questions. Why are things so? Why not otherwise? Now, for instance, the minor ailments that afflict us. Why should toe ache not be agreeable instead of painful? Why should so many fraudulent and flesh-eating substitutes for Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor be imposed upon the people? Putnam's is sure. Putnam's is safe and painless. Putnam's makes no sore spots. Use Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor.

City and Other Workers.

The T. and L. Council in Favor of Day Labor on City Sewers.

Vote of Thanks to Participants in Recent Demonstration.

Amalgamation of Chicago's Two Central Labor Bodies Probable—General Industrial Items.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the Trades and Labor Council was largely attended this week. After routine business, the secretary reported that the voting paper for a member of the Ontario Board of Conciliation and Arbitration had been received. The matter was fully discussed, and on motion President F. Plant was unanimously chosen. In a few words the president acknowledged the honor.

The communication of the American Federation of Labor, which was referred to the council by the local Typographical Union, was, on motion, sent back to the latter organization.

The secretary was instructed to invite the Letter Carriers' Association to send delegates to the council.

There are one or two labor organizations at present not affiliated with the council, and the president instructed the organization committee to look into the matter.

A lengthy discussion took place on the construction of the sewerage system. It was finally decided to instruct the municipal committee to recommend to the City Council that the work be done under day labor plan, as far as practicable, and that those employed should be residents of the city.

The following resolution was carried unanimously: That we extend to the manufacturers, merchants and citizens generally our thanks for the hearty support given to the council in connection with the recent Labor Day celebration.

The Labor Day committee were not prepared to hand in a complete report, but promised one for next meeting.

The president reported that he had been invited to attend the meeting of the National Council of Women, at which their Excellencies were to deliver addresses. He would submit a report of the meeting to the Trades and Labor Council.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

The brewers have 120 unions.

Car drivers in Spain get $3 a wek.

German printers of Toledo won their strike against the Daily Express.

The new Metal Workers' Federation propose to establish a $1,000,000 strike fund.

The iron and steel workers lost fifteen lodges and gained 45 during the year.

Street cleaners in Boston have a union.

New Zealand unions want a five-day week.

The laundry girls have organized in Duluth.

Barbers in Rochester, N. Y., are organizing.

Milwaukee photographers are planning organization.

Trunk and bag makers are trying to form a national union.

Italian printers in New York have established a co-operative office.

Textile workers in Maine want a law making a week's work 54 hours.

Bakers in London, England, are endeavoring to do away with Sunday work.

Glass workers of Glassboro, N. J., are organizing a co-operative association.

The Brotherhood of Railway Car men will hold its convention in Dallas, Tex., Oct. 6.

The Brotherhood of Railway Firemen held its convention in Galveston, Tex., this week.

The Plasterers' National Association held its biennial convention this week in Cleveland, O.

The San Francisco Garment Workers' Union has inaugurated a crusade against the sweat shops.

One hundred delegates are expected at the annual convention of the amalgamated woodworkers, which convenes in Detroit Oct. 5.

The Central Labor Union of Cleveland, O., recently passed a resolution favoring a boycott on all firms employing members of the National Guard.

The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune on last Sunday devoted six entire pages and some 200 portraits and illustrations to Labor Day and trades union affairs.

One hundred and seventy-five strikes took place in Austria last year, involving workers in the metal, brick and textile trades, most of which were successful.

Mr. John Appleton is the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council's delegate to the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, which held its annual meeting in Quebec this week.

The Typographical Union in Sacramento, Cal., has denounced the resolutions of the recent State convention of printers criticising the conduct of the State printing office at Sacramento.

Fifteen hundred operatives have been thrown out of work by the shutting down of every mill in the steel department of the Edgar Thomson works of the Carnegie Company at Braddock, Pa.

Once more there is a project under way to consolidate the Trades and Labor Assembly and the Labor Congress, of Chicago. The prospects at the present time are bright for the fulfillment of the scheme.

The World's Trades Union Congress, now in session in Edinburgh, excluded from its meetings all reporters of non-union papers. Messrs. Strasser and Sullivan, the American delegates, were accorded a most flattering reception.

Over 200 men—printers, bookbinders, pressemen and helpers—employed at Ginn & Co.'s publishing house, Boston, are on strike because the employers refused to discharge a man who would not become a member of the union.

Steps have been taken to form a labor exchange in Lancaster, Pa., which will consist of machinists, blacksmiths, carpenters, shoemakers, broom-makers, carpet weavers, bakers, tailors, basket-makers, laundry workers, seamstresses and other trades.

The official British Labor Gazette reports trade in Canada dull last spring. New South Wales is ripped up by strikes, the ironworkers and miners and shoeworkers having gone out for better wages. In Victoria and South Australia there is a demand for labor.

Plymouth has followed the example of Glasgow, Huddersfield and other British cities and municipalized its street railways. Fares have been reduced to 2 cents, hours of labor cut to eight a day, and still the profit is large enough to pay the interest and create a sinking fund.

Labor's Exponent says: "There is not a single reform demanded by trades unionists that could not be had, and quickly, too, by the intelligent exercise of the ballot. We hold the balance of power, and by cutting loose from political parties and using our votes wisely we can accomplish much, not for union alone, but for humanity in general."

President Gompers has secured and hung in his office the first charter issued by the National Labor Union, the predecessor of the American Federation of Labor, which was formed at Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1866. The charter was issued to Labor Union No. 1, of Black River Falls, Wis., and is signed by W. H. Silvers, president, and J. Vincent, secretary.

The Canton, O., Record, which is the leading Republican paper of McKinley's own town, and an enthusiastic supporter of him for President, continues to be in bad odor with the International Typographical Union. President Prescott states that the management has been employing girls at a half union scale to do the work of union compositors. The locked-out printers have started a bright little paper of their own, called the Canton Morning Journal.

Between 1887 and 1894 a panacea for labor troubles was discovered and exploited. The device called profit sharing was hailed by enthusiasts—men richly endowed with good intentions, if with little else—as a deliverance of employers and employed from all causes of disagreement. It was billed to banish industrial infelicities, and by so doing to promote the prosperity of capitalists and wageworkers. But this pleasing programme has failed of fulfillment. It has decidedly and conspicuously failed. Of 50 different establishments that have tried the experiment of profit sharing only twelve are continuing it in any form. Five have abandoned the system indefinitely and 33 permanently.

One's Double.

How differently do men and women look at the matter of sitting for their photographs! To a man it is usually rather a bore. The very thought of having to do it fills him with disgust, and he vows upon each occasion, after going through the trying ordeal, that it shall be the last. Most girls, on the other hand, like to put on their prettiest gowns and pose before the camera. The oftener they have it to do the better, and the results they obtain certainly justify their feeling. Their pictures are always much more worth looking at than men's. Of course, women have an advantage in their beauty and their pretty clothes, but that is not all. They know how to make the most of themselves and to look their best to order. They can pose and not be ridiculous.

It is a difficult thing to be natural and keep your usual expression when you are sitting in a stiff little chair in front of the camera with an iron thing sticking into the back of your head. Your face immediately freezes, and every attempt to look pleasant results in a ghastly grin. You are painfully aware of the awkwardness of your attitude; you are very self-conscious. Somebody said in describing a photograph: "The women all looked sweet and coy, and the men stern and noble." It requires practice to sit for a picture. One has to do it two or three times before he gets used to it, and can obtain a photograph that is really of some satisfaction to himself.

The clothes that people wear make a great deal of difference. Women think as much of having good pictures of their gowns as of themselves, and so they put on what they consider most effective. But with a man this is not so. He wants a picture of himself as he usually looks, not a picture of his clothes, and so he should go to the photographer's in his ordinary dress. He should never think of being photographed in an evening suit. It gives a gotten-up-for-the-occasion look that is not at all to be desired. One does not wear evening dress at the time of day when a photograph is taken.—Harper's Bazar.

Too Much Information.

He came to the counting house and left an advertisement, which read:

"Ten lady typewriters wanted. State wages. Apply by letter to A. B. & Co."

Then he went out and four days later he came back.

"What's the matter with the paper?" he asked the clerk.

"Nothing that I know of."

"Did you put that ad of mine in?"

"Of course. Didn't you see it?"

"No; I haven't had time to look it up; but I haven't had a single reply. Are you sure you put it in?"

The clerk got down the file and turned to "wants."

"There it is," he said, whirling the paper around so the advertiser could see it.

He read it over carefully and his face lightened up.

"No wonder I didn't get any answers," he said curtly.

"What's the matter with it?" asked the clerk, hauling it around before him.

"Read it," commanded the advertiser, and the clerk read:

"Ten lady typewriters wanted. State ages. Apply by letter to A. B. & Co."

The clerk apologized, made the correction, and the next day the advertiser received 99 replies, and they are still coming in.—Boston Globe

FASHION JOURNALS CALL ATTENTION TO BROWN SHADES.

You Get the Best Colors From Diamond Dyes

The fashion journals are agreed that the best shades of Brown will be in favor as Fall colors this year.

Thousands of women are not in a position to purchase new dresses from season to season, and so have to content themselves with very cheap materials that rarely come in the raw shades, or wear their old costumes.

For the benefit of women generally, it may be stated that last season's dresses can, with little work or trouble, be transformed into stylish costumes for Autumn wear.

The first great essential is to get the right color. This part of the work can be done with the never-failing and reliable Diamond Dyes, which produce the richest and newest Browns, such as Seal Brown, Milan Brown, Red Brown, Olive Brown, and Amber Brown.

No trouble to have a dress equal to new, if you use the Diamond Dyes. Do not experiment with the common imitations dyes that some dealers sell. The Diamond Dyes give the best colors, and they cost no more than the poor and deceptive dyes sold for the sake of large profits. Ask for the "Diamond"; refuse all others.

Tale of a Pet Ostrich.

Like All His Race, the Bird Had an Appetite That Finally

Ate an Alarm Clock, and When It Began to Ring He Took a Fatal Plunge.

A reporter was standing in front of an up-town bird store window looking at some strange specimens of the feathered kingdom on exhibition, when a man, who might have been anything, as far as appearance went, from a scientist to a millionaire, without being either, sidled over toward him and began the conversation.

"Odd-looking fowls, ain't they?" he asked in a jerky kind of language.

"Rather," responded the reporter.

"I had a pet ostrich once," he said sadly.

"Got it yet?" inquired the reporter.

The man shook his head.

"Let me tell you about my pet," said the man, with a quivering lip. "It was presented to me by a friend who was a ship captain. He used to keep it on the ship, but he died one day and left the bird to me. He was a fine fellow—the bird, I mean, but so was the captain, for that matter—and was so nearly acclimated that I didn't have much trouble taking care of him. I had a nice warm place for him in the barn, and when I was in my room I had him in there with me.

"Of course, he took up a lot of space and banged the furniture around sometimes when he took a notion to kick and be playful, but I rather liked that, for he made it so lively that I forgot I was a lonely old bachelor. You know what an appetite an ostrich has?"

The reporter nodded.

"This one was built that way, and on very generous lines," continued the man. "He used to eat the pictures off the walls, or tried to, but after a few weeks living with him I got on to his curves, so to speak, and put everything out of his reach that he could swallow or that semed to be getting to him, and we got along famously. During the second summer of his residence under my roof, I had some work to do that called me out of bed at 7 in the morning, an hour earlier than my usual rising time, and I bought a small alarm clock to arouse me on time.

"It was one of these little round fellows, but, like a small man with a bass voice, it could emit a tremendous volume of sound when it got started. One morning I was disturbed about 6 o'clock by a noise in my room, and, sitting up in bed, discovered my ostrich nosing around, stumbled over the furniture, and sizing up a piece of bric-a-brac or two I had nailed down on a cabinet for safe keeping. He had come in through a window that opened down to the floor of a piazza, and was having a nice quiet time all to himself.

"I said good morning to him, and right away he came over to the bed and tried to make a breakfast off the blanket, but I batted him over the head with a pillow, and then we had a great romp. It occurred to me after we had been monkeying for some time that I had better be seeing what time it was, and I reached over to the table by my head to get the clock. It wasn't there, and I suspected the ostrich at once.

"I knew it was about a mess for him and was not altogether pleased with the idea of paying 98 cents for a lunch for an ostrich, and I called him down. I pointed at the place where the clock had been, and run my hand down along his neck and asked him what he knew about it. He was smart, but hardly knew enough to understand my sign language, and I didn't get any satisfaction out of my cross-examination.

"I found by my watch that it was nearly getting up time, and, giving him a final bat over the head with a pillow, I got out of bed and began making my toilet, the ostrich meanwhile sitting up in my bed, as if it were his nest, and watching me with great apparent interest.

"As I stood before my glass combing my hair, I heard a peculiar whirring sound and looked quickly around at the ostrich. The look of surprise on his face was peculiar, and seemed to be divided between himself and me. Then he stretched his neck over the side of the bed and looked under it, and again looked at me, this time much more in doubt than before. I knew what that whirring was now, and it struck me as being so ridiculous that I snorted with laughter. But it wasn't funny to the bird. The whirring was now going on at a terrific rate, and the clock was evidently jumping about under the strain.

"Anyway, the ostrich seemed to understand, without exactly understanding, and all at once he let loose a wild squeak of fear, dashed through the window, across the piazza, and over it to the ground below, tangling himself up in a wire screen as he went. I followed him, laughing fit to bulge my diaphragm, and when I reached his side—alack and alas!—my laughter changed to weeping, for the poor fellow had broken his neck in the fall, and when I bent over him he gave one little gasp and shut his eyes forever, and the whirring inside of him died away in a wail that sounded like a cry of desolation.

"Now," concluded the man, with tears in his eyes, "do you wonder that I never cared to have any more pets to lavish my love affection upon?" and the reporter unfeelingly inquired if he performed an autopsy on the ostrich to recover his 98-cent clock and did it keep good time afterward.—New York Sun.

KEEP THE KIDNEYS HEALTHY

The Avenue Through Which Much of the Disease of the Day Travels.

When the sanitary conditions of a town are in first-class working order there is little doubt but that such a community will be a healthy one in which to live. The kidneys constitute the sanitary machinery of the system. Keep these clean, pure, and in healthful working condition, and 90 per cent of the serious diseases of the day would be banished. In South America Kidney Cure is found a remedy that removes quickly and effectively the obstructions that constantly arise in the kidneys, and that puts them in proper working shape immediately. It relieves in six hours.

HE WANTED TO BE PRECISE.

A witness in court, who had been cautioned to give a precise answer to every question, and not to talk about what he might think the question meant, was interrogated as follows:

"You drive a wagon?"

"No, sir, I do not."

"Why, sir, did you not tell my learned friend so this moment?"

"No, sir, I did not."

"Now, sir, I put it to you on your oath, do you drive a wagon?"

"No, sir."

"What is your occupation, then?"

"I drive a horse."—Sheffield Telegraph.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere

Bass Fishing.

Bass fishing in the surf is exciting sport. The season runs from May to October on the Atlantic coast, along which the bass range from Cape Hatteras to Maine, keeping close to shore to feed on the "sand bugs" that are washed out by the surf. The bass lie with their noses pointed inland close to the bottom, and ravenously attack anything in the shape of small crustacea. The fishermen on the New Jersey coast use for bait the "shedder crab," the ordinary edible crab taken when it is about to shed the old shell. The hook is pressed through the hard shell and holds the bait. A writer in the New York Tribune, describing the sport, says:

Frequently the surf fisherman stands for hours in the tumbling waves without getting a bite, but when he hooks a fish the sport repays him for his patience a thousand times. He wears rubber boots that reach to his hips, a closely-fitting coat and a soft felt hat pulled well down over his ears.

With his face set seaward and the waters rushing around his legs, he casts his line into the surf, sending it out with a single swing from 125 to 250 feet. It takes a good deal of practice to cast a line that far, because the pole is short and the sinker weighs from four to six ounces.

The reel is a very important part of the fisherman's outfit. These reels are large enough to carry 600 feet of line, and if often happens in bringing a bass to land that nearly every foot of that line is reeled off. The pole is rarely more than six feet long, and is made with two joints. The line is linen, and the hook is attached to a very strong gut leader two and a half feet long.

It sometimes requires an hour of shrewd and tiresome work to land a fish. While the battle is going on the nerves of the angler are at a high tension, his eye is on the line, and his hand on the reel ready to gather in the slack or give more to the fish, if it takes a notion to rush seaward.

It is by no means a question of hauling by main strength; it is a contest between the strength of the fish and the diplomacy and patience of the fisherman, who is always fearful that his line will snap under the strain, or that the tricky prey will manage to shake the hook out of its jaws.

At Avon, in 1888, James Ronan, of Trenton, one of the best-known fishermen on the shore, caught a 42-pound bass, and nobody has been able to beat that record.

ONE VIEW.

"Don't you find children troublesome, Mrs. Tugby?"

"No, our dear babes are all right, but the neighbors' youngsters worry me nearly to death."

I WAS CURED of lame back, after suffering 15 years, by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Two Rivers, N. S. ROBERT ROSS.

I WAS CURED of Diphtheria, after doctors failed, by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Antigonish. JOHN A. FOREY.

I WAS CURED of contraction of muscles by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Dalhousie. MRS. RACHEL SAUNDERS.

SILVERWARE OF THE HIGHEST GRADE.
THE QUESTION 'WILL IT WEAR'?
NEED NEVER BE ASKED
IF YOUR GOODS BEAR THE
TRADE MARK
1847 ROGERS BROS.
AS THIS IN ITSELF GUARANTEES THE QUALITY.
BE SURE THE PREFIX 1847 IS STAMPED ON EVERY ARTICLE.
THESE GOODS HAVE STOOD THE TEST FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY.
SOLD BY FIRST CLASS DEALERS.

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CALL ON W. SLATER
Fine stock to select from. Pressing and repairing done. Phone 876. Open evenings. t

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EDWARD FISHER, Musical Director.
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Calendar with full information free.
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HAVE YOU CATARRH?
If so send us your name and address and we will forward you by return mail three trial bottles of our celebrated Catarrh Remedy FREE OF ALL CHARGE. Do not delay. Write at once, inclosing 2c in stamps for postage. We want this grand remedy introduced into every Canadian home.
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MISS ELLA SIMSON WILL RESUME piano lessons on and after Tuesday, Sept. 8th. 170 John street. 2beeod

MRS. NOBLE, TEACHER OF PIANO and organ and harmony; terms moderate. Residence 526 King street. xxv

CHARLES E. WHEELER, LATE FROM Leipzig, Germany, organist St. Andrew's Church. Instructions given in organ, piano, harmony and singing. Address 315 King.

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Accountants.

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M. A. DILLON, ACCOUNTANT, 532 Talbot street. Telephone 1163.

GEO. W. HAYES, ACCOUNTANT, ASSIGNEE, Insurance Agent—Representing Northern Assurance Company, Keystone Fire Insurance Company, Equitable Loan and Savings Company. Agents wanted to canvass. Call on me for particulars. All business promptly attended to. Money to loan. GEO. W. HAYES, 5 Masonic Temple Building. ywt

Electro-Turkish Baths.

THE LONDON SANITARIUM — FOR the treatment of nervous diseases by the natural agencies and without the use of medicines. J. G. WILSON, 320 Dundas street. xt

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DR. PINGEL HAS RETURNED FROM the New York Hospitals and resumed practice. Office opposite Public Library.

DR. McCALLUM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 415 Dundas street. Telephone 275.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 405 DUNDAS STREET, corner Colborne. Hours, 11 to 3 and after 7 p.m.

DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—London, Ont., special attention to all diseases peculiar to women. Hours 10 to 2.

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DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 688 Dundas street. Telephone

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 269 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

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DR. WOODRUFF—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 183 Queen's avenue.

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O'NEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND York street; new and convenient; stables. WM. COLLINS, proprietor.

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TECUMSEH HOUSE—LONDON, ONT. Largest and best hotel in Western Ontario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms. Rates $2 and $2 50 per day. C. W. DAVIS, proprietor.

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BICYCLES REPAIRED, LAWN MOWERS sharpened; general jobbing. M HUTCHINSON, 633 Dundas street east.

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FOR FRESH CUT FLOWERS, FLORAL designs, go to Kensington Park Conservatory, London West. Everything at wholesale price. A. R. MORDO & proprietor. Telephone 245. Leave orders at Mountjoy's.

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MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS AND civil engineers, Albion Buildings, London. JOHN M. MOORE, FRED HENRY.

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ALLAN LINE
Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Calling at Moville.

	Montreal.	Quebec.
Mongolian	Sept. 19	Sept. 19
Sardinian	Sept. 26	Sept. 27
Numidian	Oct. 3	Oct. 3
Parisian	Oct. 10	Oct. 11
Laurentian	Oct. 17	Oct. 17

Siberian, for Glasgow, direct, Sept. 29, first cabin, $45 and $50.
Passengers can embark at Montreal the previous evening after 7.
The Laurentian carries first cabin only from this side. The Mongolian, Numidian and Laurentian will not stop at Rimouski or Moville.
New York to Glasgow on State of Nebraska Sept. 18th.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First cabin Derry and Liverpool, $52 50 and upwards; return $100 and upwards. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, $34 and $36 25. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, Glasgow, London, at lowest rates, everything found.
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Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

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*MAJESTIC	Sept. 23, noon
GERMANIC	Sept. 30, noon

*Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.
From White Star dock, foot West Tenth St. Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, $75 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, $42 50 and $47 50; round trip, $80 75 to $90 25, according to location of berth. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, $50 and upwards. Excursion tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, 9 Broadway, New York.
For further information apply to
EDWARD DE LA HOOKE
SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.
Office—"Clock," corner Richmond and Dundas. ywt

Railway Time Tables.

CORRECTED JUNE 22, 1896.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division.

MAIN LINE—GOING EAST.

Trains arrive at London from the west—4:02 a.m., 4:15 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 10:45 a.m. 4:25 p.m., 7:10 p.m., 11:20 p.m.

Trains leave London for the east—4:07 a.m., 4:20 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 12:45 p.m., 2:25 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:40 p.m.

MAIN LINE—GOING WEST.

Trains arrive at London from the east—2:20 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 11:12 a.m., 12:20 p.m., 6:25 p.m 9:50 p.m.

Trains leave London for the west—7:00 a.m. 11:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 6:45 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

Trains arrive at London—4:02 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 11:36 a.m., 2:15 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 7:50 p.m.

Trains leave London—2:30 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

Arrive at London—9:45 a.m., 6:25 p.m.
Leave London—8:15 a.m., 4:45 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

Arrive at London—10:40 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 5:45 p.m., 9:15 p.m.
Leave London—7:15 a.m., 2:40 p.m., 5:55 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.

Trains arrive at London from the west—4:10 a.m., 4:25 p.m., 2:40 p.m.

Trains leave London for the east—4:15 a.m., 8 a.m., 4:35 p.m.

GOING WEST.

Trains arrive at London from the east—11:13 a.m., 8 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Trains leave London for the west—11:25 a.m., 8:10p.m., 8 a.m.

L. E. & D. R. R.

Going South—Trains leave London, 6:25 a.m., 10:05 a.m., *2:30 p.m., 5:25 p.m., 7:15 p.m., 11 p.m. Trains arrive at Port Stnley, 7:25 a.m., 11:05 am., 6:26 p.m., 8:15 p.m., 12 p.m

Going North—Trains leave Port Stanley, 7:45 a.m., 1 p.m., 7:25 p.m., 9:35 p.m. Trains arrive at London, 8:45 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 5:08 p.m., 8:27 p.m., 10:35 p.m.

*Arrives at St. Thomas 3:25 p.m. daily.

A Million-Dollar Prize.

Phil Armour's Granddaughter Bids Fair to Win the Big Present.

Her Physician Confident in the Incubator Experiment.

The Wealthy Pork Packer Gave His Other Grandchildren $500,000 Each on Birth.

Medical men are watching with great interest the struggle of Phil. Armour's little granddaughter for life in an incubator. As time passes increasing confidence is felt in a happy outcome, but it may be several weeks, if all goes right, before she will have obtained sufficient strength from the peculair treatment to warrant her removal from the box-like contrivance.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, her parents, were advised to adopt this method, and almost immediately after the birth of the child, which occurred at Chicago, she was so small and delicate that the attending physicians were afraid that her chances of living, unless confided to an incubator's care, would be exceedingly slim.

A MILLION IF SHE LIVES.

The millionaire pork packer has no other granddaughter. His other grandchildren are the two sons of Phil Armour, jun., each of whom was presented with $500,000 on their birth. The little girl, who has begun life under such adverse circumstances, is assured of a similar sum at any rate. That it will be doubled out of joy in the event of her life being saved is the general belief of the friends of the family.

Notwithstanding the fact that the child is very frail, she has been gaining rapidly since she took up her abode in the incubator, and the family physician says that she will yet develop into a fine, robust girl.

MOTHER A SOCIETY FAVORITE.

The mother is doing finely. She is a beautiful young woman, with a singularly sweet and unassuming manner. She has been a great favorite in society, but has shown herself to be more devoted to her home and family than to the endless demands of the butterfly world. She superintends the details of the care of her magnificent house on Michigan Boulevard, and takes great pride in her knowledge of housekeeping. Her entertainments, while not frequent, are always marked by the utmost elegance and beauty. J. Ogden Armour is associated with his father in the immense Armour Packing Company, and is worth several millions in his own name.

PROTOTYPES IN NEW YORK.

There are two little boys, and a wee, wee girl in New York, who, though poor, are receiving the same hotel accommodations as Miss Armour, upon whose faint, puny health hangs a round million. These diminutive New Yorkers are perfectly content in their snug quarters, and though they may emit an occasional wail, it is not because they have anything of which to complain, but simply because babes will wail. And that they should find voice is in itself an encouraging sign. Miss Thompson, under whose care they are in the Nursery and Childs' Hospital, on Lexington avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first streets, declares they are three of the most promising premature youngsters she has ever seen.

Miss Armour's quarters can scarcely be more comfortable than theirs, for every care is devoted to the little white cottage in which they have their apartments. To be sure, it is not such a cottage as grown folks think they find comfort in at the seaside or in the country during the summer, but it is a cottage just the same, even though unimaginative persons may simply call it a box.

TWENTY-FOUR MEALS A DAY.

And there is this difference, that no house, out of town or in it, is better kept. In the first place, the janitor does not roast the tenants one moment and chill them the next, as janitors love to do, but the temperature is kept at a fixed point, and consequently there is no room for grumbling. Then the caterer serves meals with clock-like regularity, and the fare is done to a nicety, though their preparation is not as elaborate as those of Li Hung Chang. And these little folks have twenty-four meals a day. Just think of it!

Their home is about four feet by four and about two feet in depth. A water tank about four inches deep is at the bottom, and just above it, occupying the entire top of this Lilliputian hostelry, are three apartments only a mite larger than a box made to hold a hundred cigars. In these are beds of snowy white, and at first glance you would be apt to think that each held a cotton bloom. Closer inspection would reveal a head hardly the size of a healthy orange, and two little pink, clenched hands that would be completely lost in the thumb of a pretty woman's glove.

The two little boys and the wee, wee girl are wrapped in cotton, and have expressed no regret that their attendants do not wake them for the morning bath, usual in polite domestic economy. They are in the happy, anomalous state where they do not need baths. In fact, such an indulgence would be fatal. And these mites want to live—you can tell it by the impatience and relish with which they take their meals.

Their home stands on four legs, and the tank is fed by a pipe into which water is poured through a fixed funnel. To another pipe just below is attached to a spigot for drawing off the water, when that is necessary. Two Bensen burners attached to the gas fixture overhead by rubber tubing furnish the heat. When lighted they are placed beneath the lower, or escape pipe, and the water in the tank is thus heated.

In each one of the apartments occupied by these little creatures everything is in full view of the janitor, who is also the caterer and the nurse. She can see it because the roof of the white cottage is made of glass, arranged to slide back in three sections. The occupants, almost lost in their white surroundings, look wonderingly up at the ceiling when they open their eyes, and seem to be wondering when the next mealtime will come.

They have excellent ventilation furnished by aperatures in the top and on the sides of the box, but so contrived that no air will go across the heads of the little people.

The glass roof is covered with a screen of cotton during the day when the sun is high, for the light is not good for such young eyes. It is only late in the afternoon when shadows begin to gather, that the protection is removed and the boarders can get an interrupted view of the ceiling and think about food.

And feeding is a most important question—feeding doesn't sound at all nice, but that's what they call it at the hospital. The size of each baby's stomach must be taken into consideration, and its capacity guaged. The little miss in the Child's Hospital weighs perhaps not more than three pounds, and her gastronomic capacity is about one-quarter of an ounce, as Miss Armour's probably is. And, like Miss Armour, she dines on milk at about 90 degrees. She does not take it from a bottle, but it is dropped into her tiny mouth.

About five drops make a meal, but then you must remember that she is fed every hour of the twenty-four, and that in that time she takes just one hundred and forty drops, exactly a quarter of an ounce. That, indeed, is cheap dining, but it is the only fare the millionaire baby of Chicago is receiving. It costs each of these ladies about one-sixteenth of a cent for twenty-four meals, so for one cent they could have breakfast, lunch, dinner, luncheon and a lot of intermediate and unclassified meals for sixteen whole days.

How long a baby will continue taking these cheap meals is a matter that depends much upon what sort of baby it is. Some of them have taken them for a month and then turned to their mothers. Others have remained under the glass roof for nearly a year. But they were not originally very strong, despite the phenomenal number of meals they disposed of. If Miss Armour's health is good she might be able to leave her resort, where there is an unvarying midsummer temperature, in time to be home for the opening of the fashionable winter season.

the doctors

approve of Scott's Emulsion. For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat; for all who get no nourishment from their food. Poor blood is starved blood. Consumption and Scrofula never come without this starvation. And nothing is better for starved blood than cod-liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil with the fish-fat taste taken out.

Two sizes, 50 cents and $1.00

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

THE TURK.

What He Is, and Is Not, Good For.

"Bystander," in Toronto Weekly Sun.

The Turkish Empire is once more tottering apparently to its fall. But it has long been tottering and has not fallen. Its decrepitude is propped by the mutual jealousies of the powers. Yet of propping hopeless rottenness there must one day be an end. The Turk has for four centuries blighted with his desolating dominion some of the finest regions of the earth, regions once teeming with population, waving with rich harvests, alive with commerce and adorned by art. He came not only as a conqueror, but as a fanatical conqueror, estranged by his religion from the conquered. He enslaved the industrial population and himself never took to industry or to anything but war. Renouncing industry, he renounced civilization. In war he was long formidable, and continued to devastate Eastern Europe till the tide of conquest was at last checked under the walls of Vienna. This continued till sensuality overcame the warlike energy of the Ottoman as it has overcome the warlike energy of the other conquering dynasties of the East. Despotism, polygamy and slavery have all of them done their evil work. With the government of Sultans immured in their harems and delegating their rule to pashas, hopeless corruption has set in. A good soldier the common Turk still is. He has even been pronounced by a great Indian general the best soldier, combining endurance with valor, in the world. He has also some of the virtues of a dominant race, its hospitality and its proud scorn of deceit. The Porte has a good name in history for faithful observance of treaties. But the Turk is a barbarian at core, and will have apparently to depart from Europe "bag and baggage" as soon as the powers can agree about the partition of the estate. The powers, however, are probably aware that they may have to deal not only with Turkey but with an Islam which stretches from Constantinople to Delhi and from the Black Sea to Central Africa. Islam is conscious of its unity, is pervaded by a common spirit, and full of inflammable fanaticism, to which a prophet or great leader of any kind, bearing the green flag, might set fire. A terrible scene would then be opened and a formidable shock might be given to the British Empire in India, where the Mohammedans number 40,000,000 and are the most warlike part of the population. A rising of Islam would be even more serious than a Sepoy mutiny.

There is one feature in the character of the Turk which the world may be rather sorry to lose. He is about the only man left, in Europe at least, who knows the meaning of repose, which, but for him, would be almost a lost art. His repose may be too much akin to apathy or even to lethargy. Still, it is repose, and it is almost unique. He is not a globe-trotter. Owing partly to the sudden expansion of our means of locomotion the civilized world is a prey to a restlessness which may quicken its intelligence, but has a doubtful effect upon its happiness. Hardly any one now knows what it is to enjoy a few days of quiet leisure in his own home, doing what he likes, reading what he likes, and giving himself up to perfect rest. When a man of business gets a holiday he sets off at once to travel as far as he can by railway, exchanging for the cares of his office those of catching trains and checking baggage. Any medical authority might do well by giving us a good lecture on the advantages to body and brain of perfect rest.

Before going on a sea-voyage, or into the country, be sure and put a box of Ayer's Pills in your valise. You may have occasion to thank us for this hint. To relieve constipation, biliousness and nausea, Ayer's Pills are the best in the world. They are also easy to take.

Last week visitors at the top of Snaefell, Isle of Man, were told by their guide: "From here you can see six kingdoms—Scotland, England, Ireland, Wales, Isle of Man, and Kingdom Come."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Corralled Links.

A LABORER named Clark has died in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, from alcoholic poison. It seems that for a small wager he drank a pint of rum, and died soon after his admission to the hospital.

THE trustees under the will of the late Mr. David Cobb, Dundee, have, as directed by him, allocated and paid to 78 "useful benevolent and charitable institutions" in Scotland the sum so applied, amounting to over £47,000.

BLONDIN'S, the tight rope walker's, stock in trade is offered for sale in Paris. Besides the tri-colored wheelbarrow, the harmonium, cornet, and costumes, it includes the cable on which he crossed the river above the Falls of Niagara.

GERMANY has a population of 51,770,284, according to the census of 1895, the results of which have just been published; 18,501,307 persons are engaged in agriculture; 20,253,241 in mining and manufactures, 5,966,845 in commerce, 886,807 in domestic service, and 2,835,222 in the service of the State; 3,326,862 persons are not classified.

IN ONE of the smallest towns of Kentucky lives a negro familiarly known as "Tim White." On one occasion it was necessary to record his full name. The not unusual supposition that "Tim" stood for "Timmothy" was met with flat denial. "No, sah! My right name is Whattimorous-souls-we mortals-be White. Dey jes' calls me Tim fo' short, sah."

EDISON'S new telephone, a sample of which he has given to Li Hung Chang, does away with the receiver, and permits a business man to carry on a conversation comfortably at a distance of a few feet from the instrument, which is placed against the wall of a room, without leaving his desk or touching the instrument, which works automatically. Its general introduction will have a tendency to reduce the amount of flirtation done by wire.

IF Mr. Rhodes be placed upon his trial it will be the first time for 91 years that criminal proceedings have been instituted against a member of the Privy Council. In 1805, Lord Melville, better known as the Right Hon. Henry Dundas, First Lord of the Admiralty in Pitt's Administration, was impeached for malversation of public funds. Mr. Pitt was obliged to advise George III. to remove Lord Melville's name from the Privy Council.

IN Temple Bar is given a good example of Lord Bramwell's terse method of dealing with a jury. A prisoner was tried before the baron charged with stealing a ham. The day was hot; the counsel were loquacious; the audience perspired, and so did the ham, the presence of which made itself felt in court as the day wore on. At last, everyone being weary, came the judge's turn to sum up. He did so thus: "There, gentlemen, is the prisoner, and there, gentlemen, is the ham. Consider your verdict."

A SOMEWHAT curious and noteworthy collection has lately been offered for sale to the authorities of the British Museum. A Canadian gentleman has expended a vast amount of patience, and shown considerable perseverance, in gathering a collection of buttons of officers of every regiment and department of the British army. The collection, which comprises 148 buttons, has taken nine years for its formation, and the owner wrote 584 letters to all parts of the globe in pursuit of his hobby.

A GOOD story is told in the last number of the Cornhill. A clergyman who had just been given a bishopric determined to drive round and leave P. P. C. cards with his old parishioners. He had just engaged a groom fresh from a racing stable, and before starting he ordered the new servant to go into the house and fetch the cards. Every time the carriage stopped the groom was ordered to get down and leave one or two cards. At the last house the bishop said: "Leave two cards here, James." "I can't, my lord," was the reply, "there's only the ace of spades left!"

IT WAS telegraphed from New York that on landing, when Li Hung Chang was received by Gen. McCook, he asked the latter, "Where did you all become generals?" There is a companion story to this which Sir Walter Scott told. A Persian ambassador of that day was being conducted over Holyrood Palace. When shown the series of portraits of the Kings of Scotland, he asked the housekeeper: "You paint them yourself?" This, in all humility, she at once said was not the case. "You no able? You try, and you paint better." These Easterners do not use flowery compliments in their conversations with Christians.

AN exchange thus describes the way in which miniature dogs are produced in Paris: "Snatched from its mother's breast when it is but a few hours old, it is put on an alcoholic diet instead of a lacteal diet. When it becomes a certain age, alcohol under different forms constitute almost the sole diet of the animal. The young dogs do not die, but what is far more important, they do not develop, and appear to be wasting away continually. They soon cease to grow entirely. By coupling these products the Lilliputian animal is obtained after two or three generations. What a terrible lesson for drunkards and absinthe consumers!"

MR. T. P. O'CONNOR has been writing some reminiscences of John Bright. "I remember," he says, "that one of my first surprises as a reporter was the calmness of his voice and delivery. Those who never heard John Bright will never know what a make on a multitude by the appear- tremendous impression an orator can ance of massive and imperturbable calm. I have heard many theories to account for the truly wonderful effect which John Bright always had, and one of the best and most observant critics of his speeches I ever met always declared that it was this massive calm which was the greatest factor in producing the mighty results."

THE high sheriff of the county of Mayo, Ireland, recently got into serious trouble. During the holding of the assizes by Mr. Justice O'Brien, the high sheriff's carriage did not reach the judge's quarters in time, and his lordship having assumed his robes walked to the court. His first official act was to direct a police officer to bring the high sheriff before him. He was forthcoming in a short time, and was conducted to his lordship's chambers, where the angry judge gave him a severe admonition and fined him £500. The sheriff was loud in his protestations of regret, but the judge marked his sense of the slight cast upon him as her Majesty's representative by imposing the fine mentioned. Not for three hours did the judge relent, and then the fine was withdrawn, with an injunction to be more careful in future.

THE Duke of Norfolk has purchased for £13,000 a site on which it is proposed to erect a Catholic college at Oxford. It is about three acres in extent, and is within a short distance of Mansfield and Manchester Colleges. This college will be in addition to, and quite distinct from, the hall under the auspices of the Jesuit Order, which is about to be started by Father Clark, in St. Giles', Oxford. The proposed college is a result of the favorable consideration given by the Pope to the petition presented to him in the spring of last year for permission for Catholic laymen to attend the English universities. It is stated that before the commencement of the Michaelmas term, the Catholic bishops intend issuing a joint letter of instruction with reference to the recently granted permission. One of the provisos is the appointment of a chaplain for each university. The one for Oxford has not yet been chosen, but a residence in Beaumont street, Oxford, has been taken for him, and in all probability he will begin his duties next term.

IN the English Law Times is noticed the curious quinquennial celebration under the will of John Knill, who was a bencher of Gray's Inn, and private secretary to the Earl of Buckingham when Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, which took place at St. Ives on Saturday before hundreds of spectators. A procession was formed, consisting of the mayor, the vicar, the collector of customs, with ten virgins, under 10 years of age, and, attended by a fiddler and sergeant-at-mace, they started from the town hall to a mausoleum outside the town, which was erected by will. Here the girls danced for a quarter of an hour, and concluded by singing the 100th Psalm. They then marched back to the town hall, where the girls had 10 shillings each, and awards were made for the best knitter of fishing nets, the best female packer of fish, and for the couple having reared the largest family without parochial assistance. In the evening, the mayor, vicar and collector, and two friends each, dined for which £10 was allotted by the bequest. This was the twentieth quinquennial celebration.

A RAIN OF SALT

Like a Coat of Whitewash From the Overhead Skies.

One of the curious phenomena of Utah and Wyoming is an occasional rainfall of salt water. Recently there was reported throughout a belt of country extending from Ogden, Utah, to Evanston, Wy., a shower of rain so strongly impregnated with salt that the clothes of persons upon whom it fell were, when dried, thinly crusted with a white powder, which was nothing but common salt. Umbrellas were quite white with it, and panes of glass in the windows were rendered for the time opaque.

According to a local account, the whole town of Evanston looked as if it had been whitewashed. When the sky cleared the roofs glistened in the sun, as if with frozen snow. A local man of science estimated that in the city of Evanston an amount of salt equivalent to 28 tons had fallen.

The shower lasted about two hours, and during all this time the rain which fell was saline.

This phenomena is far from being a new one. The wind was from the west and all the rains which are impregnated with salt in that region come from that quarter. The cause of them is not hard to find. It is simply the Great Salt Lake, of Utah —that vast body of intensely salt water, out of which, under favorable conditions, a considerable quantity of salt may be taken up into the atmosphere, to be precipitated later upon the surrounding country.

Evanston is about 55 miles from the nearest waters of Great Salt Lake, and it is regarded as somewhat remarkable that so great a quantity of salt should have been borne so far.

There is, however, other opportunity than that presented by Great Salt Lake itself for the impregnation of the air with salt in the central basin. There are countless depressions all through the vast region between the Rocky and Nevada Mountains, which are nothing less than great salt lakes now dried up. Great Salt Lake itself is becoming more and more salt from year to year; the same process has taken place in other depressions until the water has literally turned to salt.

Compared with Mono Lake, or Owen's Lake, the waters of Great Salt Lake seem limpid. Owen's Lake, in a sense, supplies showers of liquid soda water instead of salt water; for its sodas, in addition to being salt, are the most strongly impregnated with soda of any lacustrine basin in the United States. It is estimated that the quantity of soda deposited in the basin of Owens' Lake is no less than 220,000,000 of tons!

So common is salt in some form, in the closed basins of the West, that peaks and hills of salt, like those which line the slopes of Death Valley, are not rare. Here and there fine salt is driven before the wind like drifting snow in certain desert depressions.

The United States is not the only country in which salt showers occur. In Paris itself, when rains straight from the Atlantic have been borne so far inward, perceptible quantities of sodium chloride have been found in the rain water. In England and Ireland coatings of fine salt have been found on the trees many miles inland after a heavy rain from the sea; and showers no less saline than that of Evanston have fallen in the neighborhood of the Caspian Sea.—Youth's Companion.

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A fire at a farm house near Axminster, England, was put out recently by pumping on it cider from hogsheads, as there was no water to be had.

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Both Ride a Red Bird

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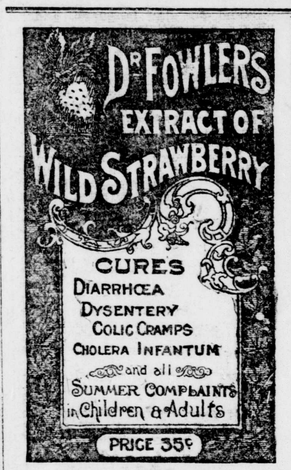
Both the twenty-five mile amateur championship and the twenty-five mile professional championship have recently been won by RED BIRD riders, R. E. Axton winning the former, while Harley Davidson captured the latter, at the same time smashing all the Canadian competition records from five miles up. There's a reason for all this thusness, and it is found in the fact that the RED BIRD possesses such superior running qualities that it is head, neck and shoulders ahead of all ri Then again it is purely Canadian.

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Fleischmann's Yeast.....half a cake
Sugar.....two pounds
Lukewarm water.....two gallons

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sky!"

...nd I've a cousin," Rosa said,
"My grown-up cousin Grace.
Who has a light pink velvet gown
Trimmed round with lovely lace;
She wears it with pink shoes, and in
Her hair a splendid shining pin."

"And I," poor little Bess began,
And knew not what to say;
"And I"—a glad thought lit her face
Like sunshine in the May—
"I have a sister who has wings,
And lives in heaven and flies, and
sings!"

Loud rang the teacher's warning bell,
And from the lilac tree
They went back into school again,
The Primer Class of three;
And not one of them all could tell
The proper way to BAKER spell.

Bevis and Kenny.

Bevis was a beautiful great dog that had just come to live with Kenny's papa. He was very happy all day, there were so many children to pat him and call him "Poor fellow!" But when night came he felt sadly lonesome all by himself in his new kennel. He was of a large family of brothers and sisters in his old home, so it seemed very dreary to him to be alone, and he set up a series of howls that made everybody's ears ring.

"Poor Bevis!" said little Kenny, as mamma tucked him in for the night. "Can't he come up here and have half of my bed, mamma? I want him very much, and he will not be lonesome with me."

"Bevis is too big," said mamma, laughing. "Think how funny his head would look on your pillow! He will soon get used to his little house and stop crying."

So she kissed her little boy, bade him good-night, and went downstairs.

"Bevis is quiet at last, poor fellow," said papa, in a few minutes. "He must be asleep."

But when mamma peeped into Kenny's room an hour later she found his bed empty. Could he have tumbled out? No, he was not on the floor, nor anywhere in sight.

Papa and mamma hunted all over the house, but Kenny was not to be found.

"He must be walking in his sleep," said papa. Then they both remembered the river, and turned pale.

"Unless," said mamma, with a sudden thought, "he is keeping Bevis company.

They ran to the kennel, stooped down and looked in. What did they see? A droll little white figure between Bevis's great paws, a sleepy head on Bevis's broad shoulder, and a tangled mat of yellow curls mixed with Bevis's shaggy brown hair.

No wonder the poor lonely doggie grew quiet when he had such a kind little comforter.—From the Youth's Companion.

Eunice's Sampler.

There was a time—just how long ago it was your grandma, perhaps, can tell you—when every little girl who went to school had lessons in needlework, just as she had lessons in reading and spelling.

In Miss White's school all the girls who were ten years old, or more than ten, were working samplers; so one moring—the very morning that she was ten years old—little Jennie Gray came proudly to school with a square of home-made linen and a box of colored silks.

There was certainly one happy child in the room when Jennie began in the upper left-hand corner slowly and carefully to make the letter A.

And just as surely there was one most unhappy child there, too, for Jennie's sister Eunice sat in a corner crying because she was only nine, and a whole year lay between her and the beginning of a sampler.

Next morning both Miss White and Jennie were greatly surprised when Eunice took from her pocket a piece of linen finer than Jennie's and not very evenly cut.

"This is for me, a sampler," said she, "and I'm to use out of Jennie's silks."

Miss White hesitated a little, but measured the linen, pared the edges, and showed Eunice how to begin a row of fancy stitches.

When the girls were going home at night Eunice said, sulkily:

"You needn't tell about my sampler."

"As if I wanted to," said Jennie, holding her head very high. "Though if mother gave you the linen I don't see what you're afraid of."

As the spring days grew longer and warmer the work on the sampler progressed but slowly. The small fingers were moist, and the silk split and knotted like very bad silk, indeed.

At last there came a hot June day which both girls remembered to the end of the 80 years and more that they lived.

Jennie had finished the alphabet, but Eunice was struggling with the letter S, and a most unruly S she found it. It was but half done when the school closed and she rolled up her work.

The girls found an unusual bustle in the kitchen at home, for the minister and his wife had come to stay to tea. It was a great honor to entertain the minister and his wife, and all the children knew there would be strawberry preserves and pound cake for tea.

Clouds had been gathering in the west, and just as the minister finished saying his very long grace, there came a low roll of thunder.

Usually Jennie and Eunice trembled at the approach of a thunder-shower, but observing that the minister quietly broke his bread and tasted his preserves as if nothing were the matter, they did the same.

By the time supper was over, flashes of lightning and crashes of thunder followed each other almost without pause, and the water ran in rivulets down the country road.

"We cannot allow you to go out tonight," said Mr. Gray to the minister and his wife. "You must spend the night here." And as the rain kept falling they decided to stay.

Then Mrs. Gray called Eunice to go into the front room with her to put fresh sheets on the bed.

"Bring my linen ones in the lower drawer," said Mrs. Gray. "They haven't been used since they were put away after Elder Bass was here three years ago. Come, hurry along with them. I must go back to the parlor."

"Poor Eunice! She stood still, the picture of despair.

"Eunice Rebecca!" said Mrs. Gray, sharply, "has the lightning taken away what wits you had?" and brushing Eunice aside she went over to the old mahogany chest of drawers, which was an heirloom, and took out the sheets herself.

She spread the first one on the bed, and Eunice with trembling fingers tucked in one side. But she felt faint as her mother took the second sheet and spread it out, for there was a large square hole in it.

Mrs. Gray looked from the mutilated sheet to the guilty face on the other side of the bed.

"Eunice," she said sternly, "who cut that sheet?"

"I—wanted—a sampler," sobbed Eunice.

"The sheets your grandmother Gray wove with her own hands and gave me when I was married," groaned Mrs. Gray.

"Eunice, bring that sampler home with you tomorrow, and you shall pick out every stitch you have put into it and hem-stitch it back where it belongs. Now, get one of the common sheets for this bed."

Then Mrs. Gray returned to the minister and his wife in the parlor, and Eunice went miserably to bed.

Eunice never cared to work another sampler, for when she had picked out all the tight little stitches she had made, and had hem-stitched the patch of linen into the sheet, she felt that she had had a liberal education in needlework.

—Hester P. Brown, in Youth's Companion.

With the Poets.

An Unbidden Guest.

Sorrow once said to Youth: "I needs must dwell
With thee a while—I pray thee let me in,
For if thou shelter me it shall be well,
And thou fresh treasure for thine own shalt win,
New conquest over Self, new strength 'gainst Sin."
But Youth refused; and swift shut-to the door,
Crying, "Depart, I will not see thy face!"
Yet Sorrow knocked more loudly than before,
Pleading, "Let me abide with thee a space,
Lest I some fearsome form am forced to take—
The heart that will not yield, I needs must break!"
Then Youth, with tears, no longer dared delay,
But bid the Stranger welcome—till one day,
Behold! Joy sat in Sorrow's vacant place.

—Christian Burke.

he Call.

"Come," said a voice to a poet, as he sought an elusive rhyme,
One night when the world was sleeping, in the heart of sweet May time:
"Oh, how can I come," he answered,
"let me alone, I pray,
For the verse which I now am weaving the hearts of men will sway."

"Come," said the voice to a statesman, as he stood in a senate hall,
And men moved on at his bidding like troops at a bugle call:
"How can I come?" he answered,
"my sun at its zenith stands—
Before it sets forever my name shall be known in lands."

"Come," said the voice to a mother with her children at her knee,
Dreaming how safe and happy their life at her side should be:
"Oh, I cannot come," she answered,
"I pray you let me stay—
For how can I leave my darlings to wander far away?"

No other word was spoken, but the poet left his pen,
The statesman's name was heard no more upon the lips of men,
And the children found no mother, though they called with sobbing breath,
For the voice which spoke all must obey—it was the voice of Death!

—Ninette M. Lowater.

A Wet Day.

All day the heavy clouds hung down,
Gray mists about the hills were thrown,
The trees dripped ceaselessly;
The while a sad and low refrain,
That seemed to tell of constant pain,
Came up from the gray sea.

Yet, spite of all the damp and chill,
Some little flower stars shining still
Might in the hedge be seen;
And ever through the falling rain
Was borne into the sodden lane
The scent of eglantine.

With eventide the brightness came,
The sun shone out with sudden flame
As joy to one who grieves;
He touched the mournful trees with gold
And lighted rainbows manifold
Among the dripping leaves.

Soft cloudlets of a rosy hue
Came sailing through a tender blue;
And, like a soothed child,
The earth, though still her eyes were wet,
And grief she could not quite forget,
Looked up to heaven and smiled.

—Isa. F. Postgate.

MINISTER FOSTER'S SECRETARY

Has Successfully Used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Personally and in His Family.

Mr. J. J. Jenkins, private secretary to Hon. Geo. E. Foster, ex-Minister of Finance, has found in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powders a successful remedy for Catarrhal troubles. He has not confined it to himself, but states that it has been used with the most pleasing and successful results by other members of his family.

One short puff of the breath through the blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves in ten minutes, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. At druggists.

What an argument in favor of social connection is the observation that by communicating our grief we have less, and by communication our pleasure we have more.

The advantage of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify the blood is that you need not infringe upon your hours of labor nor deny yourself any food that agrees with you. In a word, you are not compelled to starve or loaf while taking it. These are recommendations worth considering.

Woman and the World.

Li Hung Chang Met His Match.

Li Hung Chang has at last met his match in the person of the lady interviewer. Till Friday he occupied the field. On that day Miss Friederichs, of the Westminster Gazette, met him, and he practically acknowledged that he was beaten. And it is certain that he will not forget the encounter. Miss Friederichs evidently thought that it was quite in order to answer Li's questions in his own way, so when the Viceroy said, "How old are you?" Miss Friederichs replied, "Ninety-nine." This of course scandalized the interpreter, who said: "No, no, you must not." "Yes, I must," replied the interviewer. "Audacity, it was becoming very plain to me, was the line to be taken before these keen eyes, in which a mischievous twinkle was beginning to appear." So the interpreter was obliged to burst out, "Ninety-nine," and Li no longer kept his face serene. "Now the Viceroy would like to know the truth," said the interpreter, and since he was gracious, he got it.

Then Li forgot himself, and set to work asking questions instead of waiting for some from the interviewer. So Miss Friederichs said to the interpreter, "Will you kindly tell this Excellency that when he has asked me all he wants to know, I should also like to have a turn, and ask a few questions?" 'No, you must not, really you must not," the interpreter replied, impressively grave. "Yes, I must," again replied Miss Friederichs. "It is as much as my yellow jacket is worth, from an editor's point of view, if I come back interviewed, instead of having interviewed. "You'd better tell him." Li meant to know what all this talk was about, and shyly and somewhat anxiously his interpreter told him. "The Viceroy's laughter was good to hear. I might now take my turn."

Poor Max O'Rell.

Female suffrage, so far as this country is concerned, is a very large and very contentious question; but that is no reason why the facts about it elsewhere should not be accurately stated. Max O'Rell, writing in the North American Review on "Petticoat Government," says:

"I know of one country only where the government by women was given a real trial, and that is New Zealand. The law was passed and the experiment was made. The law had to be repealed after six months. The Government had taken such a tyrannical form that the loveliest of spots on the earth was on the eve of a revolution, of a desperate struggle for liberty."

Max O'Rell, witty himself, has written something which may be the cause of wit in others. He informs the readers of the North American Review that the experiment of female suffrage in New Zealand resulted in such inquisitorial tyranny that the exasperated electorate revolted after six months, and abolished the oppressive thing. M. Blouet knew something about New Zealand three years ago, but has evidently either not troubled to keep in touch with the colony since he visited it, or has been the victim of some clumsy hoax. Female suffrage, granted in New Zealand just three years ago, is not more likely to be revoked there than is vote by ballot to be repealed in England. Indeed the absence of expressions of discontent with it is remarkable. It might be argued that dissatisfied politicians would be silent rather than offend a sex which numbers nearly three-sevenths of the enrolled electors. But no such cause would silence all the New Zealand newspapers, preachers, lecturers, and travelers. The fact seems to be that female suffrage has quietly been accepted in the colony as a recognized institution. Female suffrage has also been established, we may note, in South Australia. It is worthy of note that in both colonies the fact of the admission of women voters was to confirm in power previously existing, and very radical, administrations.

A Hindu Portia.

Many people in England have followed with interest the career of Miss Cornelia Sorabji, the Hindu lady who distinguished herself some time ago at Oxford by passing the B. C. L. degree. Until recently Miss Sorabji has only been allowed to plead in courts in the native states of India. Towards the beginning of July, however, she was called upon to plead in the Sessions Court at Poona, which is an important town standing on British territory, the court being presided over by a well-known English judge. It was a trial for murder, and Miss Sorabji was the counsel for the defense. The complicated nature of the case can be guessed from the fact that the trial lasted three days, and, when Miss Sorabji rose to make her speech for the defense, the evidence was anything but favorable to the prisoner. The jury retired, and their verdict, "Not guilty," was a splendid triumph for this Portia of the nineteenth century.

Happy With Her Rainbows.

"I warm up my little den with bright little pictures and rainbow glories from prisms suspended in the windows. I am amused twenty times in a day with their fantastic variations. Sometimes the portrait of Charles Sumner is transfigured by the splendid light, and sometimes the ears of my little white kitten, in the picture opposite, are all aglow. The moss on a stick of wood in the corner suddenly becomes iridescent, and then the ashes on the hearth look like glittering soil where the metallic gnomes live. I am childish enough to find pleasure in all this, and to talk aloud to the picture of a baby that is being washed. But you must not infer from this that I live for amusement. On the contrary, I work like a beaver the whole time."

Thus briefly wrote Lydia Maria Child to a friend during the second year of the war, and she followed her little burst of enthusiasm for her rainbows by an enumeration of recent labors in behalf of soldiers, hospitals and contrabands, such as may well have kept her busy as a bee, or a beaver.

Long after the war was ended and the slave set free, Mrs. Child, then living alone in Boston, received a call from her old friend, Mrs. Fields, who brought with her Elizabeth Stuart Phelps. In a recent chapter of her reminiscences, Mrs. Phelps-Ward gives a touching account of this visit.

"We climbed the steep stairs of the boarding-house thoughtfully. Each one of them meant some generous check which Mrs. Child had drawn for the benefit of something or somebody, choosing this restricted life as the price of her beneficence.

"She received us in a little sitting-room which seemed to me dreariness personified. Everything was neat, respectable and orderly; but the paucity of the interior contrasted sadly with the rich nature of its occupant. I particularly remember the tint of the carpet—a lifeless brown. The room was so devoid of color as to seem like a cell; and the winter day had been a dark one.

"As we sat talking the sun battled through the clouds, and then we saw that Mrs. Child had the 'afternoon side' of her boarding-house and knew how to make the most of it. She rose quickly and taking a little prism, which she evidently treasured, hung it in the window so that it caught the southern ray.

"Instantly the colorless room leaped with rainbows. The sweet old lady stood smiling in the midst of them. She directed them this way and that, and threw them all over the empty spaces and plain furniture. She had, I thought, a little in her mind, the consciousness of my companion's own beautiful library and richly endowed life. It was as if she said, 'You see, I have not much to offer, but I give you of my best.'"

The visitors drew on the lovely old lady to talk of her anti-slavery experiences, and among other questions, Mrs. Phelps-Ward asked her how, in assisting fugitive slaves, she was able to guard against fraud—to know just whom she might safely trust and help.

"'Oh,' she replied, 'there was a password! It carried any escaping slave through the underground railway to safety. Sometimes it was written on a slip of torn soiled paper. Sometimes it was only whispered for dear life's sake. But any colored person who came to us with that password was received and passed on without a question. It carried him anywhere and gave him every chance that we could command.'

"She paused and looked at the rainbows in the lodging-house window dreamily. Her heart had gone far back.

"'What was the password?' we ventured to urge.

"'I was a stranger and ye took me in,' softly said the old abolitionist."

So impressed was Mrs. Phelps-Ward with the bare walls and the beauty-loving soul of the dedicated woman who lived there so poorly, yet so richly, through her own noble choice, that she has always kept a prism hanging in her own study windows in memory of that of Mrs. Child. "It did me good," she says, 'and I do not want to forget it."

It was a beautiful and strange coincidence that when Lydia Maria Child was borne to her rest in the late afternoon of an October day, just as her body was lowered into the grave, a glorious double rainbow appeared in the heavens and remained spanning the burial-ground with its arch of glowing beauty, as the funeral train turned homeward from the place.

Li and the Lady Artist

It was Miss Ethel Mortlock to whom Li Hung Chang sat for his portrait, the lady who at the age of 16 had her portrait of the late Lord Sherbrooke hung upon the line at Burlington House. A writer in the Gentlewoman has interviewed her on the subject of the new portrait. Miss Mortlock was introduced to the Grand Secretary Li at the Hatfield garden party. The portrait, it is said, gives to Li Hung Chang "a delightful, quizzical, drily humorous expression," which is quite in keeping with the idea formed of him from the accounts of his doings and sayings by persons who have never seen his face. Miss Mortlock says, "he has the wit, the humor, and the statesmanlike qualities of a Gladstone." The Viceroy is represented in the portrait sitting, and wearing his yellow jacket, peacock's feathers, and a crimson plush robe lined with blue. The background is purple. Li Hung Chang was frankly told by Miss Mortlock that it was not polite in this country to inquire the age of your friends. 'In China," he replied, "it is complimentary, and there, too, age is more honorable than youth." It also shows a courteous interest to ask what your income is. "I like the ladies of England," said Li to Miss Mortlock, "because they do not put dirt on their faces." Of his studio manners, Miss Mortlock says, "Nothing escapes him; he talks the whole time, and will have an explanation of everything. On entering the studio he places himself entirely under orders. He will not move until he has formally received permission. On his arrival he presented the artist with a magnificent bouquet of purple and white China asters tied with yellow ribbons, a great roll of silk, and a Chinese artist's palette—"a white jade saucer, standing on a carved ebony stand."

NEW IRISH STORIES.

Some Anecdotes Told in the Recently Published Journals of Mr. O'Neill Daunt.

Some good stories are told in the journals of Mr. O'Neill Daunt, recently published under the title, "A Life Spent in Ireland." At one time Daunt was the guest of Father Burke in whose parish one of the sanguinary tithe affrays occurred between the parsons and the Catholic people. The soldiers were called upon to fire on the populace, and some persons were killed. Soon afterwards Father Burke received a Government circular inquiring the number of his flock for the purpose of making up a census. He answered that, as he not yet learned to what extent his peoplewere thinned out on the last shooting day he could not furnish the required information with accuracy.

When the poor law was first introduced a Dublin beggarwoman, whom a gentleman referred to the poorhouse, said:

"This poor law's a grand thing for the souls of the gintlemen."

"Why so?"

"Bekaise now when we axes for alms they only say go to the poorhouse, but before there was a poorhouse they used to say, 'Go to the devil.'"

At a contested election in Galway a landlord named Foster sold his whole stock of votes for a good sum to each of the candidates. Having pocketed the money of both, he called the voters together. Foster was too generous to keep all the traffic to himself.

"Boys," he exclaimed to his expectant serfs, "I don't care a button who you vote for. I have made the most I could for you; go and sell your vote, every man of you, to the best advantage you can."

When Mr. Hemphill was canvassing Cashel he found that a party of electors, known as "commoners," numbering some thirteen or fourteen, were notoriously corrupt, and always sold their vote to the highest bidder. Their usual price was £20 per vote. Hemphill requested the priest to preach on the sin of trafficking on the franchise, and the priest complied and denounced trafficking in votes as a mortal sin. The next day Hemphill met one of the commoners, and, anxious to learn what effect the sermon had produced on these venal gentlemen, he asked the man whether he had been at mass on the previous day.

"I was, your honor."

"Was not that sermon on bribery excellent?"

"It was an elegant sermon, your honor."

"Will it do good, do you think?"

"I think it will make the elections run very close, your honor."

"How so?"

"Why, we always got £20 for a vote before we knew it was a sin; but, as his riverence says, we'll be damned for selling our votes, we can't for the future take less than £40."

When Lord Muskerry was dying the parson in attendance remarked that life and its vanities would soon pass away, and exhorted him to repent.

"Repent! For what should I repent?" demanded the old lord. "Why, I don't remember that during my whole life I ever denied myself anything."

A Laugh--A Smile.

"Did you divide your bonbons with your little brother, Mollie?"

"Yes, ma; I ate the candy and gave him the mottoes. You know he is awfully fond of reading."

* * * *

Johnny—May I wake the baby, mamma?

Mamma—Why do you want to wake the baby?

Johnny—So's I can play on my drum.

* * * *

"Papa!"

"What is it, Johnny?"

"I read a poem in my school reader which spoke of 'dogs of high degree.'"

"Well?"

"Papa, does that mean skye terriers?"

* * * *

"Did you succeed in borrowing that $40 from Thomas?"

"No. But I want to say that he is a mighty fine fellow, Thomas is. He didn't let me have the money, but he thanked me most effusively for having done him the honor to ask him."

* * * *

Papa (just arrived from down town)—Well, where's Bessie? Why isn't she running to meet me, as usual?

Mamma—Bessie has been naughty and disobedient. I have had to deprive her of her playthings, and she has been weeping bitter tears in her own room for the last half hour.

Voice of Bessie (from adjoining room)—Tears ain't bitter! They're salt.

* * *

Payable C. O. D.—A doctor received a professional visit from an old Scotchman, to whom he gave instructions, regulating his diet, etc., particularly advising him to drink no spirits for some time. On the patient's rising to leave without having referred to the usual fee, the doctor spoke:

"I am in the way of charging for my advice, and will trouble you for half a crown."

"Oh, maybe," said the canny Scot, "but I'm nae gaun tae tak' your advice!"

* * *

One day as Pat halted at the top of the river bank, a man famous for his inquisitive mind stopped and asked:

"How long have you hauled water for the village, my good man?"

"Tin years, sor," was the ready answer.

"Ah! How many loads do you take in a day?"

"From tin to fifteen, sor."

"Ah, yes! Now, I have a problem for you. How much water at this rate have you hauled in all, sir?"

Pat promptly jerked his thumb backward toward the river and replied: "All the water yez don't see there now, sir."

* * * *

A visitor from Manchester had been invited to address the Sunday school.

"I am reminded, children," he said, "of the career of a boy who was once no larger than some of the little fellows I see before me. He played truant when he was sent to school, went fishing every Sunday, ran away from home when he was ten years old, learned to drink, smoke tobacco, and play cards. He went into bad company, frequented stables and low taprooms, finally became a pickpocket, then a forger, and one day, in a fit of drunkenness, he committed a cowardly murder. Children," he continued, impressively, "where do you think that boy is now?"

"He stands before us!" cried the children, as with one voice.

How to Cure Skin Diseases.

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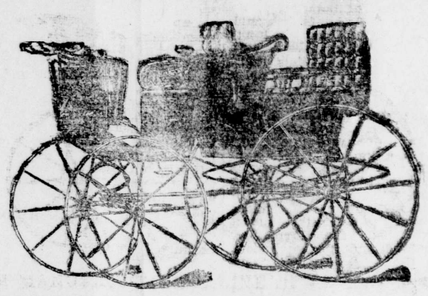
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A HINT TO MOTHERS . . .



A dangerous time soon for the little people—autumn changes and winter cold. Plenty of fresh air is the great safe-guard—pure air inside and outside. Don't let a single pore of the skin be closed. Don't cover them with stifling or rough underwear, but with

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Oddities in Government

Tiny Republics in Europe and Their Peculiarities.

Parliamentary Practices in the Isle of Man.

An Independent Country With a Population of 130 People — The British House of Comms

A London correspondent writes: How many persons have ever heard of the Republic of Tavolara? Not many, I imagine, beyond its own latitude and longitude. Even that work of miraculous research—Whitaker's Almanac—has seemingly overlooked the tiny state. And you may cruise about in the Mediterranean to any extent without happening upon the Tavolarian domain. Nor will you be much wiser when you are told that Tavolara is an island just off the ragged edge of Sardinia—off the northeast coast of it—not more than thirteen miles away from it, indeed. For how came that speck of a neighbor of a kingdom to be a republic? Did any one ever hear of a Tavolaronian war? How, then, did the wee bit of a country contrive to set up in business for itself. It is the smallest republic in the world, in point of population, so if it should take to fisticuffs it would not stand much against the big bump of Sardinia, which almost rubs elbows with it. Tavolara is five miles long, and five-eights of a mile wide, and it has 55 inhabitants by strict count. Mr. Gilbert, in one of his whimsies, could do worse than prospect in Tavolara for a plot.

Until a baker's dozen of years ago Tavolara was a kingdom, with a real live king on a real throne. Have you ever heard of his Tavolarian majesty? Charles Albert, King of Sardinia,more or less august progenitor of Humbert of Italy, granted the tight little island to a family called the Bartoleoni. That was in 1836, and the Bartoleoni who was at the head of the family made a king of himself, and called himself Paul I., Rex; and for nigh upon half a century he reigned without disturbance, and then he died. Whether it was because he thought a great deal of himself, or a very little of his relatives, I do not know, but when he died, fourteen years ago by the calendar, he expressly stipulated that none of his relatives should succeed to the throne, but that the inhabitants of the island should thenceforth govern themselves. For four years the 55 inhabitants got along very well without any particular form of government, and then, thinking, I suppose, that they must be in fashion, they made a republic and a constitution, and elected a president.

Nobody had appeared in the interval to claim the throne, although these good people had waited all that time for somebody to come along and put the crown on his head and say, "I govern you!" What a chance was there for some capable fellow with money in his pocket! He must needs have that for the kingship of Tavolara was not a profitable enterprise. A picturesque opportunity was missed, and the throne and the crown went by default.

Who ever heard of another throne and crown passing out of the ken of men in this way, all because no one had the spirit or the ambition to claim it and style himself Thingumbob Rex?

Well, the passion for being governed, which prevails in the human breast, broke out at last even in peaceful Tavolara, and so one morning the people got out of bed and said to themselves: "As nobody wants to be king among us, let us proclaim ourselves a republic." This they did very calmly and agreeably, and all in the way of good breeding, for the women claimed equal suffrage with the men, and they got it without any trouble or speechmaking. The latter fact shows the Tavolarians to be a sensible people beyond any hitherto chronicled. Imagine a country where speeches are at a discount! It would be a difficult business to be a jingo there, and nobody could get up a cheap reputation for wit on the strength of after-dinner eloquence. Idyllic land!

And there are no spoils of office in the island. Not a penny of pay or perquisite is attached to any public post, and I dare say that everybody's yearning can be gratified by everybody becoming an office-holder of some sort. After that statement do you foresee a mad rush across the Atlantic on the part of "the boys" who are "out in the cold"? Anyway, there is Tavolara, as independent as you please, and with its independence recognized by the King of Italy.

But there is a smaller republic than Tavolara, in point of area, the Republic of Goust, the smallest one in the world. Andorra is an empire in comparison. Goust is about a mile square, and it houses 130 persons. It has been independent these 250 years, and it does not trouble itself about our brave quarrels with Spain, nor about much else. It stands on the top of a mountain by the Spanish border, near the edge of France, and it gets along very comfortably without ever mixing itself in other people's affairs, and without reading the evening papers, or, so far as I know, the morning ones. The delectable 130 govern themselves by a council, one member of which is selected to see that the business agreed upon is executed. Matters go along very smoothly, and the Goustians are all the happier because nobody knows much about them, and therefore they are unenvied.

The tiddy little country in the government way is the Isle of Man, of which everybody is supposed to know something on account of the popularity of Hall Caine's novels. The Manx island is a rough slice of country stuck up in the middle of the Irish Sea, and, in the mind of the rest of the world, associated with a curious line of officers called "deemsters," and a breed of tailless cats. But it is not without other claims to consideration. As thus: It is a dozen miles broad and 34 miles long, and 59,000 people live upon it, chiefly for the reason that it never occurs to them to get away, even by excursion boat. Man, though a British possession, is practically independent. It has a legislature of its own, called the Tynwald, as any reader of Hall Caine is supposed to know, and the Tynwald has two branches, the Governor and his council being one, and the House of Keys being the other. Bills after having passed both houses are signed by the members, and then sent for the assent of Queen Victoria. Unless signed by the legal quorum of each House a bill is not sent for the royal assent. The quorum of the Upper House consists of the Governor and two members of the council, and the quorum of the House of Keys consists of thirteen members, 24 comprising the entire membership of the House. A bill which has passed through all the stages in both houses may, nevertheless, be blocked by the refusal of members to sign it. And even when signed in the prescribed manner, and approved by the Queen-Empress, the measure does not become law until it has been promulgated in the Manx and English languages on the Tynwald Hill.

The public expenditure is $30,000 less than the public revenue—a truly blessed condition! But even in the Manx country it can hardly be expected that the officers should work for nothing. They have a good deal more than nothing. The Governor has $9,000 a year and a house, and his duties are far less onerous than those of the Governor of Massachusetts. Even our old friend, the Deemster, gets $5,000 a year, and the second Deemster gets as much. The important person who gets nothing is the Speaker of the House of Keys, and he seems to like it, as the same man has filled the position ever since the year 1868. Once Mr. Speaker had a carved oak chair given him by the members, but that is the only "picking" that has come to him from his long and honorable service.

This condition is very different from that which pertains to the Speakership of the English House of Commons. The presiding officer of the "mother of parliaments" costs the nation $70,000 a year. But all this is not pocket money by any means. Mr. Speaker pays his chaplain $2,000 a year, his secretary $2,200, his train-bearer $1,250, one legal counsel $9,000, and another $5,000, a librarian $5,000, an assistant librarian $2,000, and there are several other offices to be provided for, so that the Speaker has $30,000 a year left for himself, and is also given a house in the parliamentary palace.

The Speaker of the English House, as we all know is not chosen for his partisan leanings; he is not the lord and master of the House; but its presiding officer in the strict sense—literally its spokesman. It is necessary for him to show the qualifications of a judge rather than those of a politician. He is in no sense a leader. In his official capacity he represents no party. He is always a man of great dignity—for tradition makes him the incarnation of all the dignity and power of the ancient House, and there are times when he is technically the House itself. It must be a dreary business for him to preserve his dignity through the melancholy hours of debate, and the nights of oratorical ineptitude, when the chosen of the people are fearlessly brandishing their ignorance before a breathless world. But there he sits, imperturbably sizing up human nature. The House, as you know, does not, like our representatives of wisdom at Washington, sit through the day. It meets at 2 in the afternoon, and is so enamored of itself that it cannot bear to adjourn before midnight. In old days members had less conceit of this sort; they met as early as possible, and departed as soon as they could. They began business as early as 8 o'clock in the morning, in some reigns. In Charles II's time they met at 9 am. Up to the beginning of the present century 10 o'clock in the morning was the hour for the assembling of the popular branch of Parliament. But early rising does not suit the modern legislator; he prefers to stay up late.

I have known some travelers to call the House of Commons a "very stiff body." It is hardly that. But it has a greater liking for formality than is the case with our own legislatures. Formality can cover a multitude of sins. At any rate, the House belies in manner if not in manners. It is most most punctilious in its dress, its gait, its ceremonial. To make a breach in its accustomed rites is almost as shocking as if a member were to commit burglary. Expressions which have been merely declared unparliamentary in Australia would raise here what the credulous subeditors of London evening papers call "a scene." In Australia it has been necessary to curb the enthusiasm of legislators by officially forbidding them to use such phrases as "This is a corrupt House, presided over corruptly." "That is a lie." "You robbed me." "Infamous traitor." "The wretched man who is Premier." "We have no Parliament, we have only a disorderly mob." "He is possessed of intense personal malignity." "For downright cheek, commend me to the member who has just sat down." "The savages of Bogons, whom he represents." "The member has relieved his usual dullness by malignity."

The House of Commons is not nearly so "stiff" a body as the superficial observer is inclined to think it. It is no doubt, difficult for a newcomer to gain its good will; but that is as it should be—the man must prove his mettle. On the other hand, the House is an indulgent audience, as Henry Lucy ("Toby," of Punch), has pointed out:

"It is even abjectly eager to be pleased. It will laugh heartily at the feeble joke, while the upsetting of a glass of water or an inkpot by an impassioned or embarrassed orator,or the inadvertent breach of order involved in a member passing between vision of the speaker and the gentleman addressing the chair, is the signal for uproarious mirth or gravely affected indignation. As for the man who echoes the sonorous utterance of his peroration by sitting down on his hat, he instantly becomes a prime favorite."

The member who sits on his hat may, however, find a dangerous rival in another member who, with sweeping gesture, brings his clenched fist down on the hat of an unsuspecting listener on the bench below:

"Mr. Willis, Q.C., sat in Parliament for some sessions, and not ungenously contributed to debate, the stores of a cultured mind finding expression in forcible, and, occasionally, eloquent language. But his parliamentary reputation is exclusively founded on the circumstance that, delivering his maiden speech from the bench immediately behind ministers, he thrice knocked off the hat of the solicitor-general, who sat below him. To achieve such a coup de main once in a parliamentary career would be a distinction. To do it three times, with the same hat, in a maiden speech withal, placed the learned Q. C. on the pinnacle of imperishable renown."

To be "a good orator at the bar," Macaulay said, is rather a reason for expecting a man to fail than to succeed in the House, and Mr. Lucy says this is true:

"Perhaps the most striking example of the duality of position as maintained within the House of Commons and outside it is found in the case of an eminent barrister, who, during the late Parliament, sat on the front Opposition bench. In the Chancery Court he, by common consent, stands at the very top of his profession. His services in important cases are purchased by astute solicitors at fabulous sums. In addressing the judges every syllable of his utterance is of the value of a silver coin. * * * He is exactly the same man when he rises in the House of Commons. He rarely speaks, and only on topics of which he is master. * * * Yet when he rises the audience with one consent begins to make excuse for not listening to him."

One peculiarity pointed out by Mr. Lucy is "that a man who is eagerly sought after by experienced promoters of public meetings in town or country is sometimes howled at in the House of Commons, or laughed at, or, worse still, is regarded as a bore, whose uprising is the irresistible signal for the emptying of benches."

But a member who hopelessly fails at first may in time overcome prejudice, and, from being regarded as an insufferable bore, may grow into the position of a prime favorite.

"The late Mr. Joseph Gillis Biggar was such a one. When, from far below the gangway, he first loomed on the parliamentary horizon with his ungainly figure, his harsh voice, his grotesque gestures, and his disregard for ordinary courtesies, the House angrily roared at him. But he plodded along without noticing these evidences of disinclination for further intercourse, and lived long enough to find his intervention, on whatever subject might be before the House, hailed with hearty cheering and friendly smiles. It was much the same, though, of course, with modification of detail, in case of the late Sir George Campbell."

Notes and Incidents

Sixteen cases of insanity in a thousand are caused by love affairs.

Holy Island,near Berwick-on-Tweed, has five licensed liquor saloons for its 400 inhabitants.

At a dinner given in London by a South African millionaire each lady during dessert was presented with a large uncut diamond from the Kimberley mines.

Miss Frances Willard will sail for America on Oct. 6, attending two or three State conventions before the National Women's Christian Temperance Union gathering at St. Louis in November.

Temperance people were represented by Ginn and Porter, solicitors, and their clerk, named Beer, in opposing the granting of licenses lately at Devonport, Mr. Sturgeon, of the Fisherman's Arms, got his license renewed.

Which of the nations of Europe drink the most alcohol? A speaker at the Basle Congress on "Alcoholism" has tackled this question, with remarkable results. In amount of alcoholic liquid consumed, Britain or Germany would bear away the unenviable palm. But the important thing, according to the speaker referred to, is the strength of the liquids consumed. For this purpose he brings all drinks to a common standard according to the amount of alcohol which they contain; and on this basis, he arrives at the following result: Annual amount of alcohol consumed per head of population—France, 13 quarts; Switzerland, 10 quarts; Belgium, 10 quarts; Italy, 10 quarts; Germany, 9 quarts; England, 9 quarts; Sweden, 4 quarts; Norway, 3 quarts; Canada, 2 quarts.

DID NOT HEED THE WARNING.

The Plain Reason Why Heart Disease Claims Many Victims.

If the many who, in some degree, are troubled with affection of the heart would but keep near them a remedy which would ease trouble before it assumes more serious conditions, life would be many a time saved. This is one of the most striking elements of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. When palpitation, dizziness, that terrible smothering feeling, shows itself, a single dose of this medicine taken promptly will remove the immediate trouble, and a little perseverance in the continuation of the medicine will banish the disease.

The city of Paris has just voted a sum of $2,000,000 for the establishmen of homes in Algeria,, Tunis and Corsica for the consumptive patients of the metropolitan hospitals.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believed it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

Nothing pleased the small girl. She had not been to Sunday school all the summer long, and, truth to tell, she was not anxious to begin again. "Mabel," said the teacher, wearied with many complaints, "you are a regular little pessimist." "No, I am not," answered Mabel; "I'm a 'Pistopal."

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

A Real Mahatman.

His Remarkable Methods Detailed by a Famous Scholar.

The word Mahatman is a very common Sanskrit word, so Max Muller tells us, meaning, literally, great-souled, high-minded, noble; but it has also in India a technical sense, being applied to what in the ancient language of India were called Sannyasins, and meaning one who has abandoned all worldly affections. In the newspaper discussions of theosophy much has been said concerning the Mahatmas, mysterious beings who are supposed to be inaccessible to ordinary mortals and exercise what we are wont to term supernatural powers over material forces. But Prof. Muller tells us (Nineteenth Century) of a "real" Mahatma, or aMhatman, who dwelt in the suburbs of Calcutta until he died in 1886. His name was Ramakrishna Pararamahausa, and, unlike most of the Sannyasins, he was not only a high-souled man, but a man of original thought and profound meditation. We quote from Prof. Muller's article:

"Protap Chunder Mozoomdar, the leader of the Brahmo Somaj, and well known to many people in England, tells me of the extraordinary influence which the Mahatman exercised on Keshub Chunder Sen, on himself, and on a large number of the highly educated men in Calcutta. A score of young men who were more closely attached to him have become ascetics after his death. They follow his teaching by giving up the enjoyment of wealth and carnal pleasure, living together in a neighboring Matha (college), and retiring at times to holy and solitary places all over India, even as far as the Himalayan Mountains. Besides these holy men, we are told that a great number of men with their families are ardently devoted to his cause. But what is most interesting is the fact that it was the Mahatman who exercised the greatest influence on Keshub Chunder Sen during the last phase of his career (when he changed suddenly into a mystic and ecstatic saint). . . . .

"He (Ramakrishna) never moved in the world, or was a man of the world, even in the sense in which Keshub Chunder Sen was. He seems from the very first to have practiced that very severe kind of asceticism (yoga),which is intended to produce trances (samadhi) and ecstatic utterances. We can not quite understand them, but in the case of our Mahatman we can not doubt their reality, and can only stand by and wonder, particularly when so much that seems to us the outcome of a broken frame of body and an overwrought state of mind contains nevertheless so much that is true and wise and beautiful. Protap Chunder Mozoomdar, who was fully aware that his friend was considered by many, particularly by missionaries, as a self-deluded enthusiast, nay, as an imposter, gives us the following account of him when his influence was at its height. 'The Hindu saint,' he writes, 'is now a man under 40, he is a Brahman by caste, he is well-formed in body, but the dreadful austerities through which his character has developed appear to have permanently disordered his system, and inflicted a debility, paleness, and shrunkenness upon his form and features that excite compassion. Yet in the midst of this emaciation his face retains a fullness, a child-like tenderness, a profound visible humbleness, an unspeakable sweetness of expression, and a smile that I have seen in no other face.'"

Ramakrishna, we are further told, was often merged in rapturous ecstasy and outward unconsciousness during the day, in the midst of which he would burst into floods of tears and break out into prayers, song, and utterances that by their beauty and pathos would melt the hardest heart. Of these ecstacies Prof. Muller says:

"The state of religious exaltation as here described has been witnessed again and again by serious observers of exceptional pyschic states. It is in its essence something like our talking in sleep, only that with a mind saturated with religious thoughts and with the sublimest ideas of goodness and purity the result is what we find in the case of Ramakrishna, no mere senseless hypnotic jabbering, but a spontaneous outburst of profound wisdom clothed in beautiful poetical language. His mind seems like a kaleidoscope of pearls, diamonds and sapphires, shaken together at random, but always producing precious thoughts in regular, beautiful outlines. To our ears, no doubt, much of his teaching and preaching sounds strange, but not to Oriental ears, or to ears accustomed to the perfervid poetry of the East. Everything seems to become purified in his mind. Nothing, I believe is so hideous as the popular worship of Kali in India. To Ramakrishna all that is repulsive in her character is, as it were, non-existant, and there remains but the motherhood of the goddess. Her adoration with him is a childlike, whole-souled, rapturous self-consecration to the motherhood of God, as represented by the power and influence of woman. Woman in her natural material character had long been renounced by the saint. He had a wife, but never associated with her. 'Woman,' he said, 'fascinates and keeps the world from the love of God.' For long years he made the utmost efforts to be delivered from the influence of woman. His heart-rending supplications and prayers for such deliverance, sometimes uttered aloud in his retreat on the river side, brought crowds of people, who bitterly cried when he cried, and could not help blessing him and wishing him success with their whole hearts. And he succeeded, so that his mother, to whom he prayed, that is the goddess Kali, made him recognize every woman as her incarnation, and honor each member of the other sex, either young or old, as his mother. In one of his prayers he exclaims: 'O Mother Divine, I want no honor from man, I want no pleasure of the flesh; only let my soul flow into Thee as the permanent confluence of the Ganga and Jamuna. Mother, I am without bhakti (devotion), without yoga (concentration); I am poor and friendless. I want no one's praise, only let my mind always dwell in the lotus of thy feet.' But what is the most extraordinary of all, his religion was not confined to the worship of Hindu dieties and the purification of Hindu customs. For long days he subjected himself to various kinds of discipline to realize the Mohammedan idea of an all-powerful Allah. He let his beard grow, he fed himself on Moslem diet, he continually repeated sentences from the Koran. For Christ his reverence was deep and genuine. He bowed his head at the name of Jesus, honored the doctrine of his sonship, and once or twice attended Christian places of worship. He declared that each form of worship was to him a living and most enthusiastic principle of personal religion; he showed, in fact, how it was possible to unify all the religions of the world by seeing only what is good in every one of them, and shewing sincere reverence to every one who has suffered for the truth, for their faith in God, and for their love of men. He seems to have left nothing in writing, but his sayings live in the memory of his friends. He would not be the master or founder of a new sect. 'I float a frail half-sunk log of wood through the stream of the troublous world. If men come to hold by me to save their lives, the result will be that they will drown me without being able to save themselves. Beware of Gurus!"

FIGHT WITH A FISH.

One Man Came Out of It With Three Broken Ribs and There Were Other Bruises.

From the Omaha World-Herald.

The 110-pound blue channel catfish that has been one of the many attractions in the fisheries building of the State fair was removed against his vigorous protest to the hatcheries on Sunday afternoon, and John Meredith, of the hatchery, has three broken ribs; State Fish Commissioner Lew May carries several bruises, and Supt. O'Brien a study in moonlight coloring under his left eye.

The ponderous fish has been confined in a narrow tank at the exhibit. He is a wicked fellow, and this is pretty well known, as a cloth was folded about his head before an attempt was made to remove him from his tank. In lifting him out he struggled loose, and then began as exciting a three-cornered fight as has been seen hereabouts for many months.

The fisheries men labored with the big fish and the big fish labored with the fisheries men, and for a while it looked as though the reserves of the metropolitan police would have to be called out to quell the disturbance. The men and the fish rolled over on the floor and every now and then the monster would swing its tail with the viciousness of Corbett's right. Whenever he landed one the men went down. He used his mouth, too, and Mr. May says that it looked like the entrance to the sub-treasury vaults, so large was it.

Meredith, during the melee, was struck by the tail and crushed against the side of the building, breaking three ribs, and was removed to town for medical treatment. O'Brien got a corner of the tail in the face that gave him a souvenir decoration, while the others were more or less bruised in the struggle.

The fish was finally conquered and rolled into his tank and sent to the fisheries. The blue in the building, caused by the exclamations of the gentlemen will have faded into the world in the course of a couple of days. This is the first time that the fish has ever given any serious trouble, although he is always more or less difficult to handle.

The Negative Knott.

Good Words.

To play on a man's name when dead is not uncommon, and these two are examples of this unfortunate failing:

This world is but a shadow.
And so, alas, found poor Tom Meadow,
N. B. His name was Field, not Meadow,
But changed to make it rhyme with shadow.

Some people delight to descant on a name, and turn and twist it in every conceivable way:

Here lies a man that was Knott born,
His father was Knott before him;
Yet lived Knott, and did Knott die,
Yet underneath this stone doth lie,
Knott christened,
Knott begot,
And here he lies
And yet was Knott.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging, mostly at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue, tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. All druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal.

WORST KIND OF A CASE.

"You look thin and careworn, Tadley," said the man in the russet shoes.

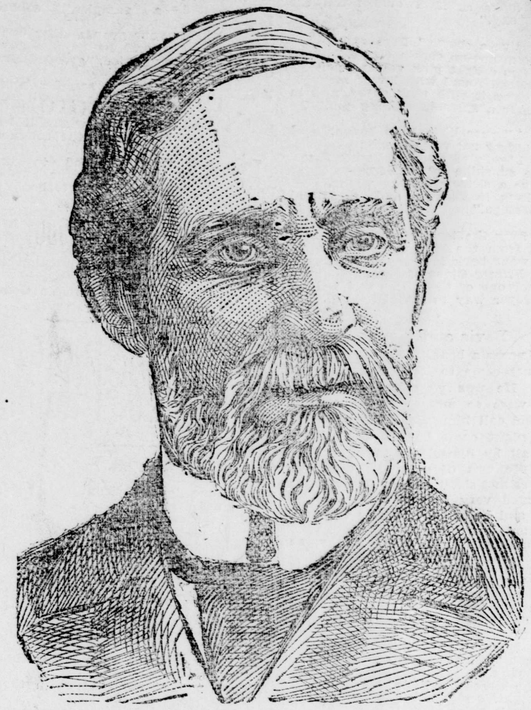
"Insomnia!" replied Tadley, with a groan.

"Insomnia!" repeated the man in the russet shoes. "Oh! come, now, a man with no more than you have to worry him doesn't get insomnia."

"It's the baby that's got it," explained Tadley, as he stepped off the ferry-boat and resumed his struggle with life.

Troubles of a Clergyma

He and His Family Are Wonderfully Ble by Using Paine's Celery Compound



Clergymen of all the various Christian denominations have from time to time given the strongest testimony in favor of Paine's Celery Compound. No other medicine of the present day has ever been so highly spoken of, and so generally recommended by the clergymen of Canada, as Paine's Celery Compound.

The honest, prompt and effective results that are always obtained by the users of Paine's Celery Compound call forth unstinted praise, after health, vigor and happiness take the place of sickness, weakness and disease. In all the church parishes of our country, clergymen are quietly spreading the joyful news that Paine's Celery Compound banishes ill health and makes people well.

Just here it is imperative that we sound a note of warning for the benefit of all who determine to use Paine's Celery Compound, as there are miserable and deceptive celery preparations sold in some places. Be sure you ask for "Paine's," the kind that cures; see that the name is on each bottle that you buy.

The Rev. C. A. Schlipf, of Killaloe, Renfrew county, Ont., writes as follows:

"I have much pleasure in stating that I have used Paine's Celery Compound with grand result. Some time ago, loss of appetite and symptoms of kidney trouble, and urinal disturbances made life miserable. Having heard much about the virtues of Paine's Celery Compound, I procured a supply and used it with wonderful benefit."

"I am pleased to say that the Compound was productive of great results in my family as a home medicine; all are much pleased with it."

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DISTRESSING MALADY.

REV. J. M. McLEOD.

Zion Church, Vancouver, B. C.—"It is nearly three months since I finished the package of K. D. C., and though I have for more than twenty years suffered from Indigestion that one package seems to have wrought a perfect cure. Since taking your remedy I have not had the slightest symptom of areturn of my old enemy. It affords me much pleasure to recommend K. D. C. to the numerous family of dyseptics as the best known remedy for that most distressing malady."

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"I have a fine baby boy eight months old who has never had any artificial food except MELLIN'S FOOD. He is a perfect picture of health and is cutting teeth without any trouble. MELLIN'S FOOD agrees with him splendidly. I can change from one milk to the other without bad results. My sister drinks MELLIN'S FOOD in hot water and milk for dyspepsia and finds it very nourishing and that it agrees with her better than anything she eats."

Mrs. Ira L. Perkins,
525 E. Main St.,
Jackson, Tenn.

Write to us and we will send you a sample of Mellin's Food or our book "The Care and Feeding of Infants," free of charge.

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