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GRAND MANAN.

The Free Baptist Church at Grand Harbor.

Celebration of Its Thirty-fifth Anniversary—
An Interesting Historical Sketch—
The New Building.

GRAND MANAN, April 19.—The Free Baptist church at Grand Harbor, Grand Manan, held its thirty-fifth anniversary on Sunday, April 17, in the new church building. Upon the platform were Rev. J. N. Barnes, its organizer and first pastor; Rev. Irvin D. Harvey, who was baptised and taken into the Free Baptist church at Seal Cove by Rev. J. N. Barnes 27 years ago; Licentiate Clement Wilson of the Free Baptist church at Seal Cove; and Rev. J. N. Barnes, its pastor. The services were conducted by Rev. J. N. Barnes, assisted by Rev. I. D. Harvey and Licentiate Wilson and Colver, with music and singing by the choir. After the sermon Prof. Ramey sang "Somebody Loves Me" and "The Church is the Body of Christ," and then read the history of the church from its first meeting in 1864 to the present time. At the afternoon services the congregation was estimated at 350 persons. The new church building, which cost \$2,500, was dedicated on Sunday, April 17, 1899. The church was built on a site which was used as a place of worship until the present building was erected in 1864. The church building was erected on a site which was used as a place of worship until the present building was erected in 1864. The church building was erected on a site which was used as a place of worship until the present building was erected in 1864.

HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT

Hon. Mr. Costigan Votes With the Government.

Otherwise, Party Lines Were Strictly Drawn on Bertram's Amendment to Amendment.

Hon. Mr. Foster, Who is Still Unable to Vote His Seat Was Paired With John Charlton.

OTTAWA, April 18.—Mr. Costigan, liberal of British Columbia, who spent some months last year in the Yukon, resumed the debate on the Yukon amendment. Mr. Morrison said there was doubtless a strong feeling at Dawson against the officials. He had himself been treated cavalierly by some of the officials who had not known he was a member of parliament. No doubt, similar treatment was accorded to others, but he had seen nothing to connect the government at Ottawa with any wrong that was done. He could not support the statements that the United States citizens, who constitute the majority of the population at Dawson, were disorderly and required a military force to keep them down. On the contrary, these people seemed equal in all respects, as to intelligence and morals, to the citizens of any other city in Canada. What ever wrong may have been done in the past and gone. The officers who were complained of are no longer there, and Mr. Morrison held that the matter should now be dropped and the government should be induced to declare, as soon as possible, its future policy as to the development of that great country. While he would not hold the government responsible for what had occurred, if it had not come when the government must abandon its position of apologetic defence of the Yukon administration and take the responsibility of a constructive and effective administration in that region. In the meantime he would not stand as sponsor for the Yukon officials and would not say they were the best men that could have been selected.

After Mr. Cairns, conservative, had spoken, Mr. Richardson, liberal, from Manitoba, stated that he could not accept the belief prevailing on the side of the house that nothing wrong had occurred on the Yukon. He believed that a disgraceful state of things existed. At the same time he endorsed the appointment of Mr. Ogilvie, and thought no harm would occur if parliament should hold its hand till Ogilvie's report was submitted. Had it not been for the government's pledge that a judicial enquiry would be instituted, if Ogilvie would have reported incomplete, he would have voted for the amendment. He did not think the amendment to the amendment was the logical outcome of the speech of Mr. Bertram, who moved it. He had intended to move an amendment himself, declaring that in the opinion of the house the charges should be thoroughly investigated, but thought, as Ogilvie's report was daily expected, and might throw light on the question, it would be wise to wait for it. If the report did not promptly arrive, or was not satisfactory, he would at an early day support an amendment similar to that proposed by the opposition. He attached much importance to the statements made by Messrs. Shaw, Miller, Meester, Allan and Semple and others who had been in the country, and had been much impressed with the speech of Mr. Borden of Halifax.

Col. Donville began by saying that he had something to say to Sir Charles Tupper if he had been in his place. At this hint Sir Charles walked out, and Donville, amid laughter, began to scold him for his speech. The colonel wanted Sir Charles to understand that he (Donville) could take care of himself at any hour of the day. Donville explained that he did not need to take hot whiskey to gain strength to slander his opponents, and reminded Sir Charles of his advancing years, advising him to prepare for his future. Sir Charles was trading on his age and position. He had been a friend of Sir Charles, but was proud to say he was no longer in need of his friendship. The colonel said that he had driven a stake into the ground at New Brunswick. He predicted that the Yukon would be beaten in every contest. He said that he had been in the Yukon and knew all about it. He said that the government was blamed for the wrong doing in that country.

Mr. Oliver, liberal, Alberta, said he could not share the view of his liberal friends that the officials in the Yukon and elsewhere were innocent. He said that he did not share the view that the officials were to be treated as if they were innocent. He said that he wanted to speak for the Yukon and not for the officials. He said that he was not a member of the Yukon committee, but he was a member of the Yukon committee. He said that he was not a member of the Yukon committee, but he was a member of the Yukon committee.

THE SENATE

Abandoning Prohibition for the Whole of Canada.

Its Legislative Committee After Stormy Fight Recommends Prohibition By Provinces.

OTTAWA, April 18.—The parliamentary committee of the Dominion Alliance had another meeting today. At the previous meeting Mr. Flint and those who acted with him agreed to prepare a majority report and submit it to Messrs. Gagnon and Moore. It was done, but today they brought in a report and asked the committee to pass upon it. The report was signed by Messrs. Flint, McCrear, McLean and Christie, all supporters of the government. It is a rather long document, setting forth that the substantial majority of the vote called last September was in favor of prohibition, but that the small vote was a great disappointment and discouragement to prohibitionists. The report refers to the Quebec vote, pointing out that in that province 35 per cent of the qualified electors voted yes and only five per cent voted no. Though charges were made that the Quebec vote was fraudulent, it was probable that the vote fairly represented public opinion in Quebec, similarly as the vote in the other provinces indicated the preponderance of opinion in favor of prohibition.

A majority of the committee recommended that effect be given to the public opinion and expressed by enlargement of the scope of the Scott Act so that it could be adopted by an entire province instead of a municipality. Such legislation, the report says, would be a forward movement and might have the way for general prohibition. This report was not accepted by Senator Vidal, Mr. Moore and Mr. Gagnon, and the committee separated. This minority will prepare a report quite different from that drawn up by Mr. Flint.

OTTAWA, April 18.—The legislative and executive committee of the Dominion Alliance had another meeting in the morning. Senator Vidal presided and among those present, besides members of parliament, were John Dougan, J. Spence, Rev. Mr. Kittelwell and Featherstone of Hamilton. The majority and minority reports of the sub-committee mentioned in previous dispatches, were presented. The committee appeared to be divided very closely on party lines. John Dougan moved the adoption of a resolution on the lines of the Flint-McCrear (minority) report, giving up the idea of a general prohibition for the whole of Canada, but expressing the view that legislation should be adopted enlarging the scope of the Scott Act, applying it to a whole province instead of a county. Mr. Gagnon moved an amendment which affirmed that a prohibitory bill was not only the outcome of the vote of the plebeian, but that it is the duty of the government to inaugurate such legislation. Mr. Spence supported Mr. Dougan's motion, and Mr. Kittelwell was willing to accept it as the best that could be got. Mr. Featherstone of the Royal Templars supported the amendment and Mr. Richardson, the liberal member for Lisgar, Manitoba, alone of his party in parliament, spoke in the same sense. The meeting grew disorderly at one o'clock and the chairman had to take a vote three times on the question. The question being now up, before the count of hands by Mr. Spence was accepted. The motion was finally declared carried by a majority of one.

A vote was taken on Mr. Gagnon's amendment, when a second dispute occurred. Mr. Spence's count differing from that of some others. Finally the amendment was declared lost by a vote of 18 to 11. Mr. Dougan's motion was then put, and 18 voted for it. Mr. Spence made the nay vote one less, but after a recount the motion was declared lost. Most of the members then withdrew, but those who came from a distance protested against separating without accomplishing anything, so adjournment was taken to seven this evening. The evening meeting was more calm. The minority of the sub-committee, who were invited to meet in the afternoon with the majority and prepare a resolution that would bring harmony, declined to abandon the issue of total prohibition for the day. They, however, concluded to make no further effort to prevent the alliance from adopting the general principle report, though they declined to take any responsibility for it. The large committee got a good deal mixed in working out a programme, but finally adopted a resolution in favor of prohibition in all the provinces which may, in future vote in favor of such legislation. The resolution affirmed the general principle and appointed a new sub-committee to prepare a definite plan of parliamentary action. Mr. Gagnon, not agreeing with the principle adopted by the alliance, did not go on the committee, which is thus composed: J. H. MacLaren of Toronto, Major Bond of Montreal, J. Spence of Toronto, with Messrs. Vidal and Aiken of the senate and Messrs. Flint, Bell, Richardson and McMillin of the commons.

THE PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Major Bond, Who is Still Unable to Vote His Seat Was Paired With John Charlton.

OTTAWA, April 18.—The principal speaker, argued that increased insurance rates were justified by heavy losses of cargo in the past year. St. Lawrence route. Incidentally he made the statement that dock loads sent from some ports, and especially from St. John, were simply a scandal, bringing discredit on that port and the rest of the Dominion. He claimed that Montreal exhibited more care than any other Canadian port in loading ships, and that port wardens carefully inspected the work and saw that the cargo was stowed to prevent shifting. In St. John, as he understood it, political influences governed the appointment of port wardens, who had no knowledge of this work.

Mr. Louis Davies pointed out that there was no politics in the matter, but that St. John was jealous of the powers given by "royal charter," and preferred to appoint its own port wardens. The bills asked Major Bond whether any cases were reported of shifting of these grain cargoes, and Bond admitted he had not heard of such cases. Most of the discussion related to obstruction to navigation of the St. Lawrence and to the need of a hydrographic survey for the Dominion.

OTTAWA, April 20.—In answer to questions it was stated that Mr. Flint's travelling expenses during the last eight months were \$780. Mr. Tarte's, \$150; that Mr. Foster's during his eleven years in office amounted to \$1,600; that the royal commission on legislation cost \$46,999, and that the military force in the Yukon cost \$48 per day for pay and expenses. Mr. Charlton's bill raising the age of consent from sixteen to eighteen years was read a second time without debate. The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to Mr. Dougan's bill concerning the drainage of land crossed by railways, and Mr. Richardson's bill to provide for the attachment of the salaries of civil servants. The debate on the two last bills was adjourned before a conclusion was reached. Mr. Richardson's bill provides that the salaries of civil servants may be seized by way of attachment. The bill provides that after attachment issues the government shall deduct such part of the salary as the court orders, and pay it over as the court directs. Mr. Sprout's bill to amend the criminal code with respect to combination in restraint of trade was taken up and discussed at some length. Dr. Sproule made a particular reference to the "feather combing" which Sproule said was destroying small farmers. The bill was referred to the banking and commerce committee.

It is understood that Henry A. Costigan, now collector of inland revenue at this port, is to succeed the late Wm. L. Hamilton as district inspector of inland revenue. Mr. Hamilton, who died last week, resided in Kingston, Ont., and his salary was \$2,500. The salary of the Ottawa collectorship is \$1,600. Mr. Costigan, who is a son of Hon. John Costigan, was until last July, collector at Winnipeg. The appointment to the inspectorship is understood to have been made today.

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DOMINION ALLIANCE.

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NOT FOR AGES.

TORONTO, April 20.—The Evening Telegram's cable says Lord Aberdeen at the dinner of the Royal Colonial Institute, expressed the view that life membership in the house of lords might be given distinguished colonial leaders.

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OTTAWA LETTERS.

Cost Over Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars

To Convince Hon. Sydney Fisher that Canada is Not Ripe for Prohibition.

Sir Louis Davies Assists in Knocking the Bottom Out of Sifton's Yukon Defence.

OTTAWA, April 12.—Mr. Mulock introduced a bill in 1896 which would have prohibited any liquor in parliament accepting office during the term for which he was elected. At that time Mr. Mulock did not have the control of the house nor the disposition of offices. Now Mr. Mulock is a minister and in less than three years he has been appointed to parliament accepting office during the term for which he was elected. At that time Mr. Mulock did not have the control of the house nor the disposition of offices. Now Mr. Mulock is a minister and in less than three years he has been appointed to parliament accepting office during the term for which he was elected.

of a form, as the government has been nothing which requires a mandate from the people, unless the ministers choose to appeal to the electorate on the general record. There was a caucus yesterday, and the premier made no disclosure on this point.

The main thing disclosed by him was the new agreement for the construction of the Pacific cable. This is another feature of the late government's policy which has been appropriated by this ministry. Sir Wilfrid said that the share of Canada will have to be a little larger than was contemplated. It is estimated that the cost of this cable between Vancouver on this side and Australia and New Zealand on the other will be seven or eight million dollars. The government of Canada was to have paid two-thirds, the imperial government three-ninths, and the other colonies four-ninths. It is now suggested that the five-ninths to be borne by the Canadian and imperial governments will be divided equally, which will give the Canadians share five-eighths.

There is trouble with the Franchise Act. That measure was introduced and carried through with great flourish of trumpets last year, and was proclaimed to be a remarkable feat of statesmanship. It has proved to be a magnificent collection of grotesque blunders. It has made trouble wherever it has been applied. Whipping is unrepresented in the house because the act did not provide for a registration in that constituency, while it forbade an election without registration. The law requires that lists of voters should be sent up from the constituencies immediately after the revision. The provincial revision generally took place last autumn, and the clerk of the crown in chancery has received few or no lists as yet. The clerk of the crown himself is not able to procure the lists. Neither is he able to interpret the law. The minister of justice is paralyzed with the difficulties and contradictions of the act. The solicitor general, who is unfortunately compelled to admit the paternity of the measure, is himself disgusted with the deformity of the child. The outcome of it all is that we shall probably have a brand new franchise act this year, and possibly our old friend the revising barrister will be long at it.

Another McDonald took up the riddle, a doctor of that name from Huron. This Dr. McDonald spoke for some three hours, though he said right behind Mr. Charles. Two interesting features appeared in his discourse. Dr. McDonald a few years ago was a profound prohibitionist. Now he has doubts. Public sentiment having shown a majority of voters in favor of prohibition, Dr. McDonald begins to think that the time has not yet come for the law as it is used in. In fact, the opening of this fruit is progressing backwards and is liable to arrive at the blossoming period if the liberals remain in power any great length of time.

Then it is vaguely hinted that the government will be compelled to do something about prohibition. The protest that comes up from all parts of the country is becoming more than embarrassing. It looks dangerous even, and there are vague fears of an impending fatality. Mr. Mills in the department of justice is thinking long and earnestly. Possibly he may evolve from that profound intellect which he carries about with him a proposition for provincial prohibition. Most likely if this comes it will appear in the form of an abrogation of the dominion parliament functions and the kindly permission to the provincial legislatures to go on and prohibit.

The weak point in this scheme would be that so far as the provinces have power to prohibit, they do not require an invitation or permission from Ottawa. So far as the British North America Act deprives them of this power, the parliament of Canada is not able to confer it, seeing that the Act of Union cannot be amended on Parliament Hill. It may, however, be possible to give the provinces power with a wider area.

Mr. Wilson of Lennox, who holds a county captured from the grays, and is not given to making many speeches, also devoted some time to a discussion of the prohibition issue. He was able to show that the plebiscite was accepted by the temperance men and women, and by the churches in Ontario, as a bona fide undertaking that the decision of the majority of voters who went to the polls would be carried out. He is also able to show by the statements of the same class of people made recently that the decision practiced upon them would not be overlooked. He dwelt especially on the course of the government in appointing what he called "a committee of the privy council" to stomp the province of Quebec against prohibition and work up a big vote in opposition.

There is a good deal of speculation as to the government's programme during the next six months. Many experienced politicians look for a dissolution at the close of this session. It is difficult to find reasons that can be given for a dissolution in the middle

of the session. The government has been nothing which requires a mandate from the people, unless the ministers choose to appeal to the electorate on the general record. There was a caucus yesterday, and the premier made no disclosure on this point.

Mr. McDonald of Prince Edward Island paraded before the house in yesterday's debate this steadily proceeding departed virtue. He marched before the ministers the ghost of free trade, prohibition, economy, and the rest of that array of ghosts which are made to haunt the ministers in spite of their protests. As to prohibition, Mr. McDonald promises the government a visitation of the anger of the temperance people, who have been deceived. Especially he commends the situation to the attention of Sir Louis Davies, pointing out that his own province gave a vote of 31-13 for prohibition to 41-2 against it, a very significant division. These people who voted for prohibition took the government at its word and will hardly be satisfied if the matter is allowed to rest where it is.

The last part of Mr. McDonald's speech was an interesting list of members of the house who had received appointments, or expected to receive them. Among appointments made are those of Mr. Forbes of Nova Scotia, made a judge, to provide a seat for Mr. Fielding, Mr. King of New Brunswick, made a senator, to provide a seat for Mr. Blair; Mr. Yeo of Prince Edward Island, appointed to the senate; Messrs. Chequette, Langelle and Lavigne of Quebec, made judges; Messrs. Gendron and Gendron, appointed to the senate; Mr. Lister, made a judge, Mr. Cameron a governor and Mr. Devlin an immigration agent.

Col. McLennan of Glenagry dealt extensively with the financial questions and gave some interesting testimony about public works and contracts. The member for Glenagry has built some of the most difficult works on the Canadian Pacific, and has large experience as a contractor. Among other contributions to the discussion he declares that he is prepared with the capitalized sum which the government is paying for the extension of the line of the Intercolonial from Lewis to Montreal to build two lines, one on each side of the river, and to construct a bridge across the St. Lawrence at Quebec. He also asserts that the subsidy given to the C. P. R. for the construction of the Crow's Nest road is sufficient to build the line outright, so that the railway does not have to spend a cent.

Mr. McDonald says that he is favorable to the appointment of Judge McIsaac, and regards him as a strong judge. He regrets to say that he could not recommend the present member, and hopes the bid one will be retained. Then there are some other matters of patronage. According to Mr. McDonald, Mr. Blair is struggling for the succession to the premiership, and in the meantime by a judicious

effort has had his son provided for with Mr. Helme, the railroad magnate, whose measures were before the house last year and interested the minister of railways, Mr. Campbell of Kent, who has great mills. It is reported to be willing to abandon his claims to promotion in consideration of the retention of the flour duty, and Mr. Frost is ready for the same sacrifice so long as the manufacture of Frost & Wood retain the impressed duty which the present government has allowed to favor machinery.

Mr. McDougall brought down the house while he enumerated the long list of Cartwrights who were in the government employ. He quoted in this connection some observations formerly made by Sir Richard about the Tupper family, and then explained how many sons, brothers, nephews, sons-in-law and cousins Sir Richard had been able to unload on the public service of the dominion and the province of Ontario. Sir Richard smiled a ghastly smile, and then put on a penicil look as he thought of the old Sir Richard whose heart was once pregnant with celestial fire. But the knight said nothing. He has evidently made up his mind to sacrifice to the public service not only himself but all his relatives.

Mr. Fisher was somewhat excited over the charge that the Quebec vote was fraudulent. He read from a statement of Mr. Webster of the Montreal Temperance Alliance concerning the report of Mr. Parent, a detective who was sent down to investigate some cases. Parent reported on a path that he had discovered cases in which the returning officer and his clerks had voted white pages of names and stuffed the ballot box with "not votes." Mr. Fisher, on examining the records that Parent gives names of returning officers that did not exist and of clerks that did not exist. His numbers of votes are wrong on the whole his report is unreliable. It is probable that Mr. Fisher is correct. Mr. Parent is a notorious grit, well known in this town, formerly an official of the present government, and he has disappeared. It has been said that Mr. Sifton made him an immigration officer and sent him away suddenly, but Mr. Fisher denies the appointment. Having, as he said, proved that Parent's statements are false, Mr. Fisher draws the very long inference that all the charges of fraud in the Quebec vote are proved to be false. This view is not yet accepted.

Mr. McDonald went on to tell of Dr. McDonald, who had spoken the day before and who in his lofty position had given a son and son-in-law to the service of his country. Sir Louis Davies had surrendered several relatives and was prepared to put another one in Government House. Col. Donville is to be made issuer of liquor permits for the Yukon. Mr. Fillet would like to be judge of the county court, but according to Mr. McDonald is prepared to take any other office that comes handy. Mr. Fraser wants a judgeship, and will take it on the Pacific Coast or anywhere else in Canada. The present minister of customs desires to retain the high protective duty on biscuits, which is a matter, and Mr. Richardson of Lisgar desires nothing more than the scalp of the minister of the interior.

Mr. Fisher also denies that the people of Quebec are in favor of the sale of liquor to the extent that the vote might seem to indicate. He shows that in many municipalities where "not" vote was almost unanimous, no license was issued. Later in his speech, Mr. Fisher forgot his statement and pointed out that the Scott Act and other local option laws had been a great educator towards prohibition, because those districts which had given the largest Scott Act vote and where local prohibition had been most successfully enforced, had given the largest vote for prohibition in the plebiscite.

The end of it all is that Mr. Fisher is no longer in favor of a prohibitory law, but that he still thinks the return to a restoration of the Scott Act, where it has been dropped. He does not go in for prohibition by provinces, and in general is quite on the side of Mr. Tarte and Mr. Geoffrion and the Licensed Victuallers' Association.

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Mr. Bell of Pictou reviewed the circumstances, carefully refraining from expressing a strong opinion as to the guilt of any official, but insisting that Mr. Sifton's vindictive attitude was entirely inadequate. He pointed out that a number of the minister's associates, notably the one about the telegram for a liquor license, Mr. Sifton had spent fifteen or twenty minutes in the attempt to make everybody believe that

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That snowy whiteness of linens comes from the use of Surprise Soap on wash day. Surprise has peculiar qualities for laundry uses. Surprise Soap is the name. A pure hard soap. 5 cents a cake.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper was a shrewd man when he charged that a British Columbia lawyer had received \$500 for telegraphing to the minister for a liquor permit for a friend. After all Mr. Sifton had to admit that Mr. Andrew Martin had telegraphed and that Mr. Sifton had given him what he wanted. At this point Sir Louis Davies, who was leading the house, broke in declaring that Mr. Sifton had issued no permits. Mr. Bell carried on a short dialogue with the minister of marine, in which Sir Charles Tupper and others participated. The minister's proceedings grew somewhat exciting. After Sir Louis had been drawn on sufficiently, Mr. Bell read Mr. Sifton's admission.

The story has been told before. The Northwest government had issued permits to the dominion government officers refused to receive them. Mr. Martin's friend had a lot of liquor on the road and could not get it through. Mr. Martin telegraphed to Mr. Sifton asking that the dominion government allow the liquor to pass. Mr. Sifton telegraphed back permission, and the liquor went through. It appears though this is not on the record, that Mr. Martin got \$500 for his interference. Mr. Bell read the telegram.

Then Sir Louis put in that Mr. Bell was misquoting the house, as he knew that the dominion government had no power in the matter and the Northwest administration alone could issue permits. Mr. Bell again read from Mr. Sifton's speech the opinion which the minister said he had obtained from the minister of justice, that the dominion government had no power in the premises. Sir Louis Davies then subsided. The question, however, is not one of law, but one of fact. The dominion exercised the power of stopping the liquor. Later as a result of the telegraphing the liquor was allowed to pass. The other result of the telegram was the payment of \$500 by the liquor man to Mr. Sifton's correspondent.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

ADmiral DEATH.

Boys are calling a long tongue? Hear what the Admiral says. For a bumper strong and bright. And here's to Admiral Death! He's sailed in a hundred boats, he's fought in a hundred times a coat. He's taken a hundred of his kind, and he's the best of all that's ever been.

ST. JOHN MAN

Appointed Superintendent of Education in British Columbia.

Says the Vancouver News Advertiser of April 7:

The appointment of Principal Alexander Robinson of the Vancouver high school as superintendent of education has caused general satisfaction in the city. It is felt that a better fitted man or an abler one could not have been chosen. Mr. Robinson has been teaching, in various capacities, for over thirteen years, and has seen and experienced almost every phase of a school teacher's life. He came to Vancouver in 1890, and acted as principal of one of the public schools for some time before he was appointed to the post he is now about to vacate. During his nine years' service in this city he has only been absent on sick leave, for a day and a half, a record that few teachers can show.

Briefly, the career of the new superintendent of education has been as follows: He was born in 1853 at St. John, N. B., and first attended the high school at Sussex, N. B., and the normal school, Fredericton, from 1870 to 1881, at which institution he carried off the Lorne medal for professional work, i. e., teaching. Later he attended college in Pictou, and in 1882 Dalhousie College, Halifax, saw him as one of its most promising students. While at college he carried off many honors, including the \$300 exhibition and the governor general's gold medal, and in 1888 graduated with first class honors, in classics, being the third man in the history of the province to rank thus. After completing his brilliant college course, Mr. Robinson was appointed principal of the Upper Sussex school, and from 1887 till the time he left for Vancouver held a similar position in Campbellton, N. B., schools.

Read the "Semi-Weekly Sun."

A Statement of Policy

Hon. Mr. L. Be...

In the Direction of Development for the...

FREDERICK... Mr. Thompson... and coming the Gibe... Mr. Hun... tion, second... detailed sta... commission... of the three... bridge, new... The house... considered a... man.

On the item... \$500, be... asked what... Hon. Mr. L... crease the s... superintendent... Title \$100 ea... Peters, deput... culture, \$200... an account of... department... \$100; this will... chell and Mr... will now rec... will restore t... ly enjoyed L... Logrin.

On the item... reached, Hon... length on th... of these ma... inance was 110... manufactured... The increas... tories which... year, especia... connection wi... there. He wa... tice that in s... interest was a... question.

IN SUPPLY

A Statement of the Agricultural Policy of the Government.

Hon. Mr. Labllois Explains What Has Been Accomplished By His Department

In the Direction of Wheat Raising, the Development of the Dairy and Other Things for the Farmers' Welfare.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 18.—Mr. Thompson introduced a bill to receive and continue the act incorporating the Glosbon and Marysville Electric Railway Co.

On the item of agriculture, additional \$500, being reached, Mr. Hazen asked what this was for? Hon. Mr. Labllois—That is to increase the salaries of the two dairy superintendents, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Tilley \$100 each, and the salary of Mr. Peters, deputy commissioner of agriculture, \$200, and \$100 to Mr. Alward on account of increased work in the department.

On the item of butter and cheese factory, increased grants \$1,000 being reached, Hon. Mr. Labllois spoke at length on the affairs of his department. In the year 1897 the quantity of cheese manufactured in the province was 1,107,881 lbs.

With regard to the agricultural societies throughout the province, Mr. Labllois thought a great deal remained to be done by them if they desired to place agriculture in their several localities on a good footing.

Mr. Hazen—How do you get that information? Hon. Mr. Labllois—By my reports. A form is sent out to the secretary of every school district, between 1400 and 1500 altogether, and reports were received from over 700 secretaries, giving the department a chance to form a fair average as to the different crops not only in the present year, but in 1898 the wheat output of the province was only 269,800 bushels.

In regard to the dairy school, Mr. Labllois said that until a few months ago it was under the management of the department of agriculture for the dominion, but when the notification came that the province should follow the other provinces in looking after its own dairy schools, the department had taken charge of the school at Sussex in connection with the manufacture of winter butter there.

Another question which was being taken up with considerable interest in different sections of the country was that of poultry raising. It was a notorious fact that some sections of the province which ought to be able to produce their own poultry were dependent on Prince Edward Island and Montreal. In conclusion, Mr. Labllois thanked the members of the house most cordially for the assistance which many of them had rendered in making the meetings held throughout the province a success during the past year.

Mr. Hazen said he wished to assure the hon. member that in any intelligently and practical efforts put forward by the government to aid the cause of agriculture, he could rely upon the hearty support of hon. members on this side of the house.

the hon. member that in any intelligently and practical efforts put forward by the government to aid the cause of agriculture, he could rely upon the hearty support of hon. members on this side of the house. He thought it the utmost importance that lecturers sent out by the government should inform the farmers as to the proper manner to prepare their produce for the English markets where different ideas prevailed from those in vogue on this side of the water.

Mr. Robinson urged that a grant should be given for an exhibition at Sackville. He congratulated the government upon the great success that had attended its agricultural policy in this own county the policy pursued had given great satisfaction.

At five o'clock all items of supply were passed. Hon. Mr. Tweedie moved further consideration of supply be made the order of the day for Tuesday next.

Mr. Robinson introduced a bill incorporating the St. John and Westville Railway Co. Mr. Tweedie introduced a bill relating to making and issuing of debentures by municipal and other incorporated bodies.

ST. ANDREWS NEWS. Three-masted schooner Vineyard, Remy master, from Perth Amboy, N. J., with 500 bbls. and 2000 bags phosphate, commingled to W. D. Fraser, and 500 bbls. of tarry, was berthed at the deep sea wharf on the 17th by Pilot Joseph Boyd and immediately commenced to unload.

MENACED CABLE COMPANIES. The message (in Signor Marconi's wireless telegraphy) practically leaps from one point of wire to another across the intervening distance, the other vibrating to the electric impact as a stretched string of a new law in nature, and it is difficult not to dream the results which may be obtained from it, for if the ether can transmit vibration in a guided direction, it can also transmit sound; but further experiments must yet be made as to the limit of distance of the original inventor of the telegraph. Meanwhile, we can only remark that the machinery for wireless telegraphy across the Channel will hardly cost a fraction of that required for a cable, and that the invention is a menace for the shareholders in short cable lines.—The Spectator.

It is quite a season to say that the fool and his fannies are soon parted.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. It is the best medicine for children. Sold by all druggists.

As a blood Purifier there is nothing to equal Always Effervescent Salt. From Dr. W. H. Wright, L.R.C.P.I., L.M., M.R.C.S.E., L.S.A.I., Medical Officer of Health, London, England. "Our artificial mode of life constantly causes such changes to take place in the quality of the blood, that it frequently becomes impure, and we fall an easy prey to infectious diseases and blood disorders of all kinds. I strongly advocate keeping the system cool and the blood pure, and I know of no better remedy than your Abbey's Effervescent Salt."

SEARS AGAIN. He Centered Easily Away from His Two Opponents.

Keast, Seaton, Allan and Colwell the New Men at the Aldermanic Board. The civic elections passed off very quietly yesterday. Except in the immediate neighborhood of the polling booths there was nothing to show that an election was being held.

Table with columns: Candidates, Votes, and Results for the Aldermanic Board. Includes names like Edward Sears, John K. Keast, Wm. B. Wallace, etc.

NOVA SCOTIANS DROWNED. NANTUCKET, Mass., April 18.—The Beverly fishing schooner Eliza, with Hyman and his crew, struck on Rose and Crown shoal, and went to pieces.

AN IMMORAL SHOW. TORONTO, April 18.—Police Magistrate Denison today fined Manager Robison of the Bijou theatre, \$5 and costs for allowing an immoral show.

SCHOOL INSPECTOR DROWNED. MONTREAL, April 18.—Mr. Orland, school inspector of the district near St. Mathias, Riverville Co., this morning. He left St. Jean Baptiste for home on last Friday. The road on which his body was found had been overflowed for a week and not used.

DAWSON CITY. A St. John Man Describes the Condition of Affairs. The Most Peaceful Mining Camp of Its Size and Age on the Continent.

Prices of Provisions—Met Lots of New Brunswickers—Harry Waugh of Fredericton a Lucky Fellow—A Cold But Healthy Climate. DAWSON, Yukon Ter., March 8, 1899.—I don't mind occasionally dropping a line from these diggings to you, but to try and keep up a regular correspondence, at anything like short intervals, is beyond me, as at present it takes a long while to accumulate enough news to be of any interest to your readers.

There has been a decided improvement in the conduct of affairs since the appointment of the new officials. The post office is more up to date than when we arrived here in August. At that time you had to wait several days for mail to be distributed, and then take your turn in line outside the post office, and perhaps it would be days before you could get your mail, through a side door or personal friend to get theirs, without being put to the same trouble as yourself.

SONG OF THE SHIRT WAIST. Hurst! the pipes of Pan are blowing like a sweetheart interceding in behalf of least fellows nowadays for the proud and painted tulp—and the meek and minted julep—are a-bloom along life's arid ways!

When the liver pad is winking—and the gay pad is titling—on the breeze bedimpled bosom of the pool. When the ripe red nose comes plegging—and the ripe red nose stops steersing—and the little boys play hockey on the school.

It is lawful to be lazy—when each dear, old-fashioned daisy—breathes a message from the fragrant yesterday. When the fields are sweet with clover—and (be still my heart!) moreover—when the silvery, fairy shirt waist reappears!

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their hands that could make a fortune on the Yukin in one or two seasons at last year's figures. A medal should be struck off and presented to the government, C. P. R., British Columbia boards of trade and newspapers who advocated the Stikine-Teslin route, under the existing circumstances.

The climate, as most of your readers are aware, is very dry after you get within the coast range, but the temperature during the present winter has been what we consider wonderful for this latitude; forty-five below the ether on one occasion only and the coldest we have yet seen it, and it has only reached forty degrees below on one or two other occasions. The absence of wind during the cold snaps makes it quite pleasant outside, provided the extremes are well wrapped up. Ten below zero at Sand Point wharf, when looking at the winter port steamers, is worse than 40 below at the Klondike watching the dog teams passing.

Every crack of note in this district, namely, Bonanza, Eldorado, Hunker and Bear, are being extensively worked this winter, and will no doubt swell the output of former years by many millions when the returns from the clean-up are known. A few who have undoubtedly rich claims are not doing much work. They are fighting shy (waiting until the royalty is reduced), and are only doing just enough to represent and hold their claims.

This is beyond doubt the most peaceful mining camp of its size and age anywhere on this continent; it old miners who have visited them all are to be believed. Although there is plenty of gambling, we never hear of shooters being used. There have been one or two cases of suicide among the female residents of Dawson, unrequited love being the assigned reason therefor. Dawson has been visited by several fires this past winter, although only one of them amounted to much, the others having been confined to one or two buildings at most.

Fresh meat has been quite reasonable here during the past few months, good beef having sold by the side and quarter as low as 15 cents. It is now about double that figure per lb. Sugar is retailing at 60 cents, canned milk at 31, rolled oats at 35c, flour \$7 and \$8 per 56 lb. sack, beans 10, 12 and 15 cents per lb, most commodities being at least 25 cents per lb. The price seems to be governed by the supply; if plentiful, cheap; if scarce, dear. I have met a large number of New Brunswickers and quite a few from St. John, and am pleased to report that most all of them are in the best of health, but I am not in a position to go into their financial standing at the present time, though some are reported to be doing very well.

ADVERTISING RATES. \$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARSHALL, MANAGER. THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. ST. JOHN, N. E., APRIL 22, 1899. TAMMANY RULE.

Mr. Richard Croker, the famous Tammany "boss" of New York, was interviewed last week on the subject of boodles as a factor in politics.

Mr. Croker frankly stated his adherence to the doctrine that to the victors belong the spoils, and with equal frankness expressed the use in election campaigns of what Mr. Blair would term "the resources of civilization."

The Tammany boss said that citizens of the greatest business capacity and the greatest wealth would not be able to influence the elections, and therefore the control of the elections fell into the hands of persons who were subject to the influence of one kind or another, and not averse to personal gain.

The record of Tammany, as it is being disclosed at the present investigation into the affairs of New York city government, illustrates very well the application of the Croker theory.

Mr. Croker was himself called before the Mazet committee last week and admitted that candidates for judgeships have to put up large sums of money, and when elected are expected to appoint judges and other officials nominated by the Tammany bosses.

It was shown by Mr. Croker's own evidence that an auction firm in which he is a partner has since 1892 got nearly all the judicial sales. This patronage went to them through the judicial selections of Tammany.

THE SPURGEON MARKET. The manager of the Augusta, Me., Lumber Co., says he has not seen so bright an outlook for the lumber business in more than thirty years.

Canada in regard to the proposed imperial star tax on colonial securities. The sale and the price in London of all Canadian federal, provincial and municipal bonds.

William Jennings Bryan appeals to Jefferson against the present expansion policy of the United States government. Other prominent democrats appeal to Jefferson's record in favor of expansion.

EXODUS GROWING. People Leaving for the United States in Crowds. UPPER DORCHESTER, April 18.—Twenty-two free women and children from this district left this depot on Thursday last by the C. P. R. for the United States, where they expect to get employment.

MONCTON, April 18.—A special car was attached to the C. P. R. at Moncton depot yesterday afternoon to accommodate the exodus getting on here. Two or three families were among the crowd that took passage for Boston.

SACKVILLE, April 18.—Capt. J. H. Grant of Fort Elgin has a sale of household furniture, etc., on the 24th inst. He intends going to Montreal. TIDNISH, April 18.—Miss Ada Taylor, daughter of Postmaster Taylor has returned from Uncle Sam's domains, accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Robert Taylor, who is visiting her some. Matthew Allen, of Cape Tompkins, they intend returning to their respective homes next month. Miss Mabel Taylor and Miss Kate McKay are going with them.

FREDERICTON, April 18.—Charles McGrath leaves on Thursday for Butte, Mont., where he has accepted a situation. BROOKLYN, N. S., April 18.—In spite of the so-called prosperity of the country, the exodus from our fair village continues to "Uncle Sam's domain."

TRURO, N. E., April 18.—Six bright intelligent young men called at the News office this morning to manage the arrangements for the "People's Home" newspaper to follow them to their new homes in the United States, to which they were en route when they came to say good-bye to the News.

RESTIGOUCHE & WESTERN RY. Thomas Malcolm, of Malcolm & Ross, the contractors for the construction of the Restigouche & Western railway, which will run from Campbellton to a point on the St. John river at or near St. Leonard's, is at Fredericton for the purpose of interviewing the government relative to the subsidy to be given the railway.

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS.

HALIFAX, April 18.—W. H. Cannon, son of Captain Miner Cannon of Yarmouth, was killed in Boston yesterday by an engine on the Old Colony railway, and met death in Park square station.

A secret investigation was commenced in Yarmouth today into the cause of the mysterious fire in January last. It is officially announced, at the Yarmouth, that the new freight car, which was the first class cruiser Crescent, she is an inferior vessel to the Rowdon, Admiral Bedford, when she comes out to assume the command of the squadron on this station, relieving Admiral Fisher.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 18.—Messrs. Smith, McNeil & Spring, 11, Samuel Bay and The Mills of Halifax, left on Tuesday last for Boston, where Mr. McNeil purchased a steam boat summer resort on his own account, and got in line to go to work and enter the comforts of his wealth.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL.

THE INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

Lesson V.—April 30.

GOLDEN TEXT. I will pray the Father, and He shall give you another Comforter.—John 14: 16.

THE SECTION. Includes the lesson of A chap. 16 as far as it relates to the Holy Spirit, and all Christ's teachings concerning the Holy Spirit.

PLACE IN THE LIFE OF CHRIST. Passion Week.—Address at the institution of the Lord's Supper.

HISTORICAL SETTING. Time.—Thursday evening, April 6, A. D. 30, the evening before the crucifixion, the same time as our last lesson.

THE COMFORTER PROMISED.—John 14: 16-17. Study also John 15: 1-5. Commit verse 26.

1. If ye love Me (d) keep My commandments. 2. Then shall the Father send you the Comforter, who shall abide with you for ever.

3. He will testify of Me, for He shall send you another Comforter, that He may abide with you for ever. 4. Even the Spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, (c) because He is not of this world, neither knoweth Him: (e) but ye know Him, for He dwelleth with you, and shall be in you.

5. I will not leave you (g) comfortless. 6. He will come (h) to you. 7. Yet a little while and the world seeth Me no more; but ye (k) shall see Me: because I live, ye shall live also.

8. If ye love Me, (l) keep My commandments, and ye shall abide in Me, and My Father will love you, and He will send you the Comforter, (m) to abide with you, and He will be in you, and He will testify of Me, for He shall send you another Comforter, that He may abide with you for ever.

9. He will testify of Me, for He shall send you another Comforter, that He may abide with you for ever. 10. Even the Spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, (c) because He is not of this world, neither knoweth Him: (e) but ye know Him, for He dwelleth with you, and shall be in you.

11. I will not leave you (g) comfortless. 12. He will come (h) to you. 13. Yet a little while and the world seeth Me no more; but ye (k) shall see Me: because I live, ye shall live also.

14. If ye love Me, (l) keep My commandments, and ye shall abide in Me, and My Father will love you, and He will send you the Comforter, (m) to abide with you, and He will be in you, and He will testify of Me, for He shall send you another Comforter, that He may abide with you for ever.

Chronic Constipation (CATARRH OF THE LIVER)

Permanently Cured by DR. SPROULE.



Have you ever thought that your chronic constipation caused all your other wretched feelings? Perhaps your hands and feet were cold, or you feel dull and heavy during the day.

Chronic Constipation comes from a liver which is diseased, and so cannot produce the necessary bile. The bile is Nature's purgative. Actual purgatives can never cure it. The more you use them the more you have to take.

Written answers. Do some work daily. Subject: The Holy Spirit and His Work. Introductory.—Under what circumstances were the words of this lesson spoken? What other chapters belong to the same discourse? What great need did the disciples have of these promises and counsels?

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Let's Laundry. Bono-Chester Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure you.

Handsome Premiums Given Away. In order to introduce our Goods, consisting of Laundry Soap, Toilet Soap and Stationery, we will give away Bicycles, Gramophones, Watches, Crokinola Boards, Writing Desks, Autoharps, and Banjoes.



H. L. COOMBS & CO. 55 St. James Street, ST. JOHN, N. E. The above watch given away for selling 20 boxes of Soap or Writing Paper.

THE FIRE RECORD. NEWCASTLE, Pa., April 18.—Fire today destroyed the large department store of Euer Academy. Loss, \$100,000.

FATAL HURRICANE. VANCOUVER, B. C., April 19.—Advices have been received here of a terrible hurricane off the coast of Australia last month. Over 400 persons were drowned.

WEDDING AT ARICHAT. On Tuesday morning, James D. Fowler, high sheriff of the county of Richmond, N. S., and Martha, youngest daughter of Capt. Peter Gannon, were married at St. Mary's church, Arichat, Cape Breton.

SIR JULIAN GOING. WASHINGTON, April 20.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador to the United States, and delegate to the disarmament conference at the Hague, called at the state department today and announced his intention of leaving the United States for Europe on the 26th instant.

LOCAL.

Str. Viking of the Flushing steamer, which is repairing.

A house at city reservoir family name by fire on Su.

J. A. Thom Hollis street fix to paint the Academy.

The steam Frank A. King were passing Eng., Wednes.

Schofield B. dealers, have warehouses & Chipman's H. British North.

The resident at Two Brook totally destroyed morning last, tents.

The F. C. C. of the Woodbur street. The lot out to the co new boiler was.

On Friday a and robbed it Coldbrook in what cash was amount was.

Yarmouth 7 sale, when the agent for sale wanted for a lot of 1.

No. 2 Co. 3 meet this (W. evenings at shed for the meeting at 7.

A two-year-er, Sackville day last in it fell in and before its fall.

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David Brock Donald of Br been sentenced imprisonment in killing niece. The frame was strategy to ca.

The Police on Tuesday a ice, Geo. A. Geo. Uptam factors. The elected Mr. E.

The Sun's V. London annot on the 15th in rose from the for shipment of goods of 2,000 pounds of coal.

A Cumberland a furniture for a week that 's for shipment of goods of 2,000 pounds of coal.

The pilotage day afternoon the Donaldson land. Pilot Re Alcides, was he to the effect in headed. The journaled till of secured.

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The is close p Dress Good Waists (Grey C Tick me.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

Str. Viking will take the place of the Flushing, the Grand M'anan steamer, while the latter is undergoing repairs.

A house and barn on the Moncton city reservoir property, owned by a family named Welch, was destroyed by fire on Sunday.

J. A. Thompson, scenic artist of the Hollis street theatre, Boston, is in Halifax to paint the new drop curtain for the Academy of Music.

J. H. Wetmore, Moncton's well known tennis player, is preparing to remove to Boston, where he intends locating.

Bicycles Given Away.—An up-to-date bicycle and many other useful presents given away for a few days' work. See advertisement on page 4.

The steamer Canara, on which Frank A. Kincaid and Frank Hall were passengers arrived at Newport, Eng., Wednesday.

Schofield Brothers' wholesale paper dealers, have moved their office and warerooms to their new building on Chipman's Hill, opposite the Bank of British North America.

The residence of Edward Knowlton, at Two Brooks, Victoria county, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday morning last, with about all its contents.

The F. C. Colwell Co. are to occupy the Woodburn building on Union street. The building will be extended out to the corner of Dock street. A new boiler was put in Thursday.

On Friday night burglars broke into and robbed the D. A. R. stations at Colbrook and Berwick. They stole what cash was in the stations, but the amount was trifling.

Yarmouth Times.—At the Castilian sale, when the ship's Bibles were offered for sale, a man who evidently valued their teachings lightly bid 20c. for a lot of thirty-five.

No. 2 Co. 3rd Regiment C.M. will meet this (Wednesday) and Thursday evenings at the Wesleyan street drill shed for the issue of uniforms, commencing at 7:30 o'clock.

A two-year-old child of Delbert Palmer, Sackville, was drowned on Friday last in the brook near his house. It fell in and drifted under the ice before its father could rescue it.

The statement made by the Sussex Record and other papers with regard to the burning of Mrs. McAlister's mill was somewhat exaggerated. The total loss was only about 75 and the fire was a small one.

David Stockton and George McDonald of Bridgewater, Maine, have been sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the Houston jail for killing a man during the close season. The same warden had to resort to strategy to capture the offenders.

The Tobique Log Driving Co. met on Tuesday and elected A. J. Beveridge, Geo. A. Murchie, R. A. Baskin, Geo. Upham and Henry Hilday directors. The directors subsequently elected Mr. Beveridge president and appointed G. H. Carvell secretary-treasurer.

The Sun's Westport, N. S., correspondent announces the arrival there on the 13th inst. of the schooner Mellrose from the fishing grounds with 3,000 pounds of halibut and 3,000 pounds of rock also of about 1,000 with 2,000 pounds of halibut and 3,000 pounds of rock.

A Cumberland county lumber manufacturer is authorized by the statement that there will be this season for shipment from West Bay to transatlantic ports about 35,000,000 feet of lumber. The cut throughout Cumberland county has been lighter than for some years past.

The pilotage commission met Tuesday afternoon and opened their inquiry relative to the collision between the Dominion steamer Alton and the International steamer Cumberland. Pilot Rogers, who was on the Alton, was heard. His evidence was to the effect that the bells he went in on the telegraph were not heeded. The inquiry was then adjourned till other witnesses can be secured.

The increase of business has made it necessary for S. R. Gaudet of Memramouc, N. B., to add more machinery to his wood working factory and flour mill. His present power plant being worked beyond its capacity, he has ordered a 10 horse power Robb-Armstrong engine with boiler from the Robb Engineering Co.

Clarence N. Fowler of Uplam has purchased from Billis Fawcett of Sackville a pure short horn bull, which he intends keeping for breeding purposes. The bull is three years old and a very fine animal.

The body of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Hatfield, widow of Uriah D. Hatfield, was taken to Kars, Kings county, on Wednesday morning for burial. A solemn and impressive funeral service was held over the remains on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Belve, March road. Mrs. Hatfield was the eighty-second year of her age, and leaves four sons and five daughters to mourn.

W. A. Piggott went to St. John on Wednesday to look after a shipment of apples for London by the Furness Steamer Co. This will be Mr. Piggott's last shipment for the season, total number of barrels shipped being 5,000. The average price paid for the apples here was \$2.50 per barrel, and Mr. Piggott has therefore put upwards of \$12,500 in the season just closed.—Annapolis Spectator.

The death occurred yesterday morning at Sunnyside, Simonds, of Mrs. Caroline Jordan, widow of Gilbert Jordan. Mrs. Jordan was in the 57th year of her age and leaves a son and a daughter—James G. Jordan and Mrs. John Jordan—to mourn their loss. Two other sons, John S. Jordan and Capt. Fred Jordan, have been dead many years. Their father, who was a long time in the employ of Messrs. Robert Rankin & Co., died in 1880.

Rev. Dr. Bruce of St. David's church, on Sunday evening informed his congregation that his recent mission to Toronto had been in connection with the founding of a college for boys at Toronto, under the auspices of the Presbyterian church. Dr. Bruce has been asked to establish and manage such an institution, which would in all probability lead to his resignation as pastor of St. David's church. Dr. Bruce will return to Toronto this week.

Wm. Richards, the Miramichi lumberman, was in town on business Tuesday and left for home in the afternoon via Fredericton. He says that lumbering operations are all held up now waiting until the weather grows warmer. It will be late drying, but when it does come the men will be kept very busy.

DEPT. FOR HARTFORD. Mr. Bliss Keith of Corn Hill, N. B., left the city for Hartford, Conn., where he has accepted a position as commercial traveller for Messrs. E. C. Bishop & Co., contractors' supplies. Mr. Keith has been attending the Carle Business University of this city.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Hatfield, widow of Uriah D. Hatfield, passed away early on Monday morning at the residence of Mrs. Boyles, Marsa road, in the 57th year of her age. Mrs. Hatfield enjoyed good health until last Tuesday, when she was attacked by paralysis. Four sons and four daughters survive her. Interment will take place at Kars, Kings county.

Andrew Donaldson, a boy seventeen years of age, was taken to the hospital on Monday suffering from a badly bruised back. He received the injury while trying to separate two young men, who got into a fight on Queen street over a bicycle. One of the men kicked him in the small of the back. He will be laid up for some days.

A telegram from Chicago states that John Rosseter, formerly of Charlton, died on Tuesday night. Mr. Rosseter lived in Chicago for a number of years, and leaves a widow and five children, as well as a sister (Mrs. Geo. T. Fowler) in this city. Deceased was a son of the late Robert Rosseter, and was for some years bookkeeper for E. Mooney & Sons here.

Mrs. Werner, wife of Woodstock, who was a member of the choir of the Church of the Assumption, Charlton, a quarter of a century ago, has resumed her old position, much to the delight of the Rev. J. J. O'Donovan and many members of the congregation. Mrs. Werner is the daughter of Mrs. Holt and sister of Mrs. Timothy Donover, west end.

A woman, with limited means, and two children, arrived at the Union depot Tuesday night from Boston. She was en route to P. E. Island, but had not sufficient money to purchase a ticket, necessarily to carry her to her destination. E. J. Armstrong generously supplied the deficiency. The woman with her two little ones proceeded on the Atlantic express.

Sunday night's heavy wind started an upheaval of ice on the Kennebecasis, where three spans of the Perry Point bridge was carried away by the jam, cutting off communication. It is feared the bridge will suffer further wrecking.

PRIMROSE DAY.

Wreath from Queen Victoria Placed on Beaconsfield's Grave.

Balfour Addressed Monster Meeting of Primrose Leaguers in Albert Hall.

LONDON, April 19.—Primrose day, otherwise the anniversary of the death of Lord Beaconsfield, who died April 20, 1891, was generally celebrated here today.

Queen Victoria sent from Nice a large wreath of primroses to be placed on the grave of the statesman in Highgate churchyard. Beaconsfield's statue in Parliament Square was very effectively decorated.

The Primrose League turned out in force at Albert Hall this afternoon. The hall was profusely decorated with flags, and every one present had a buttonhole bouquet of primroses.

Mr. Balfour, the government leader in the House of Commons, was the chief speaker. He evoked the position of the conservative party in an optimistic speech. During the course of his remarks he said the house of lords and the union of England and Ireland had been attacked, but that neither had been seriously imperilled.

The opposition, he added, was held in check and had not even decided upon its leaders. Referring to the ritualistic controversy, Mr. Balfour appealed to the members of the Primrose League to band together and not to allow the church to be impoverished and torn asunder by extremists on either side.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour defended the budget proposal of the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, to reduce the sinking fund, and said he considered any attempt to destroy the fund would be a national disaster, but he deprecated driving the system to the opposite extreme.

The financial position of the United Kingdom, he pointed out, was sound, and the expenditure for the maintenance of the empire was well within its resources, and he further asserted that moments of stress or strain the expenditure could be augmented sufficiently to meet any conceivable emergency.

DEVIL'S AUCTION. A Halifax Jury Fail to Find a Verdict.

HALIFAX, April 20.—In October last Rev. J. E. Duxton, a Presbyterian minister of this city, wrote a letter to the Halifax Herald, in which he characterized "The Devil's Auction" performance, which was then beginning a week's engagement in this city, as an indecent show, using some pretty strong language. H. E. Clarke, manager of the Academy, where the performance took place, sued the Rev. gentleman for damages. The case came on for trial today. After the jury were out nearly three hours, they reported that they could not agree. It is understood they stood 5 to 4 for awarding damages.

FATAL STABBING AFFRAY. SUDBURY, Ont., April 18.—Last night two men named Daly and Quinn got into an altercation with three Philadelphians. One of the Philadelphians drew a knife and stabbed Daly four times. Daly died soon after. Quinn was also severely wounded. One of the Phils was arrested and constables are in pursuit of the other two.

GUILTY OF MURDER. HAMILTON, Ont., April 19.—In the absence today, Benjamin Parrott was found guilty of the murder of "his boy" and sentenced to be hanged on June 23rd. The sentence is a life of insanity, Barrott, while drunk, hit the victim on the head with an axe.

NEW YORK, April 20.—One battalion of the 15th U. S. Infantry, commanded by Major-General Wood, is en route to Manila today. Captain Buck is in command.

YOUNGSTOWN, N. Y., April 20.—Companies E, K, L and M, of the 15th U. S. Infantry, left this morning for San Francisco to embark for Manila.

CATARRH. NEW BOOK BY DR. SPOULE.

This eminent Specialist, who has demonstrated his ability to cure Catarrh after many other treatments and the local doctors have been tried in vain, has just issued a new book on Catarrh and Chronic Diseases, generally known as "The Catarrh Cure." It is a small, readable, and well illustrated book by Dr. Spoule (English Catarrh Specialist) 21 Dancie Street, Boston.

AN AFFLICTED FAMILY. The death messenger paid another visit to the much-afflicted home of Mr. Lowery, South Bay, and took away one of his three boys, who died a few months ago. Miss Lowery, who died on Wednesday, has been sick for a long time and it is feared the shock of her brother's death has greatly hastened her death. She was a favorite daughter and will be a great loss to the family. The parents have the sincerest sympathy of the whole city in their unusual and irreparable affliction. Miss Lowery was a young lady who will be greatly missed by her friends.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. In Musquash, Coun. W. J. Dean and his colleague, J. W. Hargrove, were returned, the vote standing: W. J. Dean, 130; J. W. Hargrove, 127; J. A. Balcorn, 114; J. E. Knight, 113. In St. Mary's, Messrs. Ruddock, Cochrane and Pownall were elected, as follows: Robert Ruddock, 136; G. P. Cochrane, 154; A. W. Pownall, 138; J. P. Mosher, 126; M. Kelly, 113; S. Daly, 22. In Simonds Messrs. Lee, Horgan and McLeod were re-elected. J. Fred Johnson the only other candidate, was only six votes behind Mr. McLeod.

STARVED NERVES. When the blood is thin and watery, the nerves are actually starved and nervous exhaustion and prostration soon follow. Feed the nerves with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food and you will impart to them the new life and vigor of perfect health. Face cut and fac-simile signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on every box of the genuine.

BACK TO LONDON. LONDON, April 20.—The Marquis of Balfour, accompanied by the Marchioness, arrived in London this evening from the Riviera.

The Opening of Navigation

Is close at hand, and we are showing a Large and Complete Line of Dress Goods and Linings, Skirts, Wrappers, Shirt Waists (black or colored), Velvetens, White and Grey Cottons, Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Prints, Tickings, Flanellettes, and a large assortment of Table Linens, Towels at all prices, Curtains, Poles, Carpets, Rugs and Table Oilcloths, Tweed Suitings, Top Shirts, Cardigan Jackets, AND A FULL LINE OF MEN'S WEAR.

SMALL WARES A SPECIALTY.

SHARP & McMACKIN,

335 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. (NORTH END).

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson NEW YORK. 35 Doses 35 CENTS. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

To the Editor of the Sun: Six—I notice in a recent number of your paper a lecture by a titled critic on the authors of the Dominion of Canada, of whom he gives a very favorable judgment. But as I must be brief, there is only one class of authors that I mean to refer to, namely, the poets, and I see along with Beardsley and the lamented Lamman, there are two Scotis shirring in the firmament of letters in the Canadian horizon, and from one specimen which appeared in the Sun lately, I would say very beautifully. Now, while these morning stars are shining together, there is another heavenly body whose orbit has never been calculated, that may appear as an evening star for a short time before he sinks beneath the horizon, even though nothing but a comet, and as Oliver Holmes says, "The comet he is on his way, and singing as he flees." It would seem that he is another heavenly body, which may be somewhat apropos at the present time.

It is a Bachelor's Philosophy, or Advice to Young men recited at a party about New Year's on the eve of an anticipated election.

DUALITY. You've noticed, friends, it's er you took the trouble to read the above, and you'll find the tendency of many things to double. You think, and think—think, all right. You think of cats, the sentiment is—like cats, you're thoughts come in pairs. For instance, if you think of light and day, darkness and night, are never far away. You think that some one has been good and evil. Believe some other has been good and evil. You think of a man who is good, and you'll find the possibility of his being evil. Near neighbors Joy and sorrow still remain. And pleasure ever is allied to pain. You think of a man who is good, and you'll find the possibility of his being evil. You think of a man who is good, and you'll find the possibility of his being evil.

A PIONEER GONE. Mrs. Geo. Dunoon died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Asker, at Campbellton, on Wednesday, April 18th, in the 82nd year of her age. Deceased was a native of Little River, Quebec, her father having been one of the pioneer settlers of Restigouche county, N. B. Her husband died 32 years ago. She leaves a family of five children, three sons, John Duncan of Campbellton, James of Balhoose, and Donald, now residing in Montreal, and two daughters, Mrs. Geo. Dixon and Mrs. Asker, living in Campbellton. The funeral took place on Friday.

AT MT. ALLISON. On Saturday evening in Beechwood hall, Sackville, the second graduating vocal recital of Mt. Allison was given by Miss Minnie Moore of Charlotte-town, P. E. I., with a very fine programme. Miss Moore has a sweet soprano of good compass, over which she has excellent control. Her technique is astonishingly good for so youthful a singer, and she has evidently a future ahead of her as a concert singer. Miss Moore was fortunately in having the assistance of Miss Webb, whose accompaniment, sustained yet never effacing, added no little to the unqualified success of the evening.

At an early hour, Thursday morning, Fred Marvin, Jr., son of F. E. Marvin, superintendent of the Maritime Naval works, died of tubercular peritonitis, at his home on Douglas avenue. The deceased was twenty-two years of age, and had been ill for about six months, but until short time ago hopes were entertained of his ultimate recovery. Lately, however, it was seen that he was sinking fast, and yesterday morning the wends of life ran out. Fred was well known and deservedly popular, especially in the north end of the city. For several years he was an usher in the Main street Baptist church, of which he was a member, but falling ill-compelled him to relinquish this to him, pious duty.

To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—The government has apparently not yet ceased its vile and revengeful mode of oppression relative to dismissal of appointees under the conservative rule, or of those who held office during that time. The victim this time is an old and much respected resident of Quebec, namely, Isaac S. Vanwart, and one who has held the office of postmaster at Hampstead for nearly forty years.

After the dominion election the party tried in vain to get some one on their side to accept the office, but it was

HOTELS, SCHOOLS, LODGE ROOMS, PUBLIC HALLS, CLUB HOUSES, STORES, CHURCHES and PRIVATE RESIDENCES. Pedlar Metal Roofing Co. OSHAWA, CANADA.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—A social and tea was held at the residence of A. C. M. Dawson on Friday evening, by the ladies of the Methodist church. The sum of \$10.25 was realized for the parsonage fund.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—W. M. Barbour, who has conducted a boot and harness establishment at Harvey for some years, left last week for Vancouver, and may journey on to the Klondyke.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—A subscription list is being circulated to raise funds for repairing the interior of the Baptist church at the Hill. The repairs will cost \$300.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—J. C. Wright's steam mill has been down for several days on account of an accident to the cylinder. J. L. Peck's deals are being hauled to the Hill station for shipment to Gary's Island.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—Miss Celia Peck, daughter of C. A. Peck, Q. C., left by yesterday's train on a two months' visit to Moncton and St. John. Mrs. Bryant, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Woodworth, returned to her home in Lynn, Mass., this week.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—The Easter concert given by the members of the Hopewell Baptist Sunday school was successful and well attended.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—On Monday evening a large party spent a very enjoyable evening at the residence of Wilfred Gore.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—Miss Lottie Price and Miss Sophie McKnight have taken rooms at the residence of Dr. Price, where they are doing a good business in dress making.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—Large consignments of goods have been shipped from this station this spring.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—The members of Reform Lodge will have a maple candy party next session.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—A. J. McKnight of the Sackville superior school spent the week-end at Hopewell.

month for some months. Deceased leaves a wife, five daughters and two sons. Two daughters and one son are married and live in the States. Mr. McO'D. married a sister of Councilor John Leonard.

S. M. Starkey, deputy government land surveyor, has been in the woods near the North street, Capstan, with a number of men for the last two weeks, running lines on timber lands for Hill-yard Bros., St. John.

The lumbermen are looking anxiously forward to stream driving of logs cut this winter but the ice will hold out in the Canadian river. At this time last year nearly all the drives were out.

HAMPSTEAD, Queens Co., April 19.—Yesterday was a very spring-like day. The roads are getting quite hard here.

There were no deaths reported last week in Cape Breton.

The post office here has been taken over by J. S. VanWart and given to Geo. Watson because he would not abandon his political principles. He would rather that all the post offices in the province be closed than to go in the same way as his own.

Wetson, the new postmaster here, has Clifford Goding to work sitting in an office for him in his store.

James Jones is home from Halifax, Me.

April 2.—The W. C. T. U. held a missionary and temperance meeting in the church last Friday night.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 19.—The schools on Tuesday: Miss McKeown, Miss Stables, Miss Diamond, has been indisposed, but is improving.

Ben Tracy has moved into his new cottage.

John Allen of Artesville, who has been seriously ill with tumor of the tongue, is improving.

Miss Alice and family, who left last year, have occupied the Château de Lutz, have moved to Fredericton post road.

DORCHESTER, April 18.—On the school grounds, at ten o'clock this morning, while Willie Dobson, second son of the late Walter Dobson, at one time collector of customs at this port, was instantly killed by the stroke of a saw blade from the top of one of his comrades.

The blow, which was struck in the vicinity of the right ear, left no mark, but death was instantaneous.

The deceased boy was thirteen years of age and one of the brightest in attendance at the superior school, being one of the first pupils in Grade VIII. His widowed mother has the sympathy of the entire community.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 18.—Argument in the Bell divorce case appeal was concluded in the supreme court last evening. Judgment was reserved.

The death occurred at Rustigornish yesterday, from heart failure of Judge Hodgson, a well known resident of that place, aged 68 years. He leaves five sons and four daughters.

The ice in the Nashwaak river ran out this morning and the stream is now clear. The run of ice in the main river is expected to be very strong this year and the piers of both the iron and wooden bridges have been strengthened, as a precautionary measure.

An application to enforce a lien under the Mechanic's Lien Act, was made before Judge Wilson in court on Tuesday morning.

The parties to the suit are John McNeill, plaintiff, and Mary McKeown, John McSorley and Mrs. McSorley, defendants. C. E. Duffy appeared for plaintiff and A. J. Gregory for defendant.

HOPEWELL HILLS, April 19.—Mrs. Robinson, wife of Capt. H. W. Robinson of Liverpool, Eng., is visiting her former home here, while en route to the Pacific Coast, where she proposes spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Starratt, who have been residing in Seattle for the past ten years.

G. M. Russell, who lives on the marsh this week.

A social and tea at A. C. M. Dawson's, given by the ladies of the Methodist church, netted \$10.25.

A similar affair was held at the residence of Ezra O. Barber, Albert, this evening.

The family of Jas. R. Russell moved to Grindstone Island this week.

Wild geese have made their appearance.

WILSHOOL, Campbell Co., April 18.—Wilson Finch, young man, of 21, of North Road, received a severe injury to his leg on Tuesday afternoon. While at work on a log trimming the stake, the axe sud-

THE NEW TREATMENT



For nervous disorders, discovered by the world famous DR. A. W. CHASE, has proven its wonderful merit throughout the United States and Canada, and is rapidly taking the place of strong drugs, which only deaden the nerves, or stimulants which wear out the nerves by over-exertion. For Nervous Headaches, Nervous Dyspepsia, Pale, Sallow Complexion, Thin, Watery Blood, and all

Nervous Diseases

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD is a prompt and certain restorative. It cannot fail to produce the most satisfactory results, because it contains in condensed form the very ingredients that go to make the blood pure, rich, and healthy, and create new brain and nerve tissue. For pale, weak women, and the ills peculiar to their sex, there is no treatment to be compared to

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD.

50 cents a large box at all dealers, or by mail, along with a copy of Dr. Chase's new book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," on receipt of price, by MEDUNSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

denly slipped off the handle and the blade cut through the upper lip, cutting off a small part of the upper jawbone. The surgical aid was rendered by Dr. John Byrom. The wound required several stitches.

A very interesting entertainment was held at the residence of Miss Ada Simpson, for the benefit of the new Sunday school house which the Episcopal congregation intend to build. The net proceeds amounted to \$100.

The weather being fine, the work of war building is now in operation along the coast. The opening of the factories, which is being carried out by the Government, has been delayed by the weather.

MILLSTADAM, Kings Co., April 18.—The death occurred here last week of Robert McPherson, one of our oldest and most respected citizens. Much sympathy is felt for the family. He leaves a wife, three sons and three daughters. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Sutherland. A large number of friends who visited to pay their last tribute of respect to the dead, gathered for the interment at Little's burying ground, where the interment took place.

Hiram Smith returned from the General Public Hospital, St. John, last week, very much improved in health. Mr. Sweeney of St. John spent a few days here last week with his sister, Mrs. Robert Adamson. Miss Jane Little, who has been very low of lung trouble, is improving.

A parlor concert was held at the residence of Jas. Henwick on Thursday evening. The sum of \$4.50 was realized, which will go towards the purchase of a piano.

The people of Lower Millstream will build and operate a cheese factory this summer. The building will be erected on the land of James Strong, between McAuley's corner and Apohaqui.

John McMaury has commenced stream driving on Millstream, with John Hawks as foreman. He has a large drive.

SUSSEX, April 19.—Robert S. McCully, one of the oldest justices of the peace in Kings county and one of its most respected inhabitants, died at the residence of his son, Silas C. McCully, at Upper Corner, last night, after an illness of over ten years' duration, in the 86th year of his age. Deceased was a prominent member of the Methodist church, and one who contributed largely to the upbuilding of that denomination in Sussex. He was also an ardent temperance advocate and an earnest supporter of prohibition during his entire life. Of late years he has been personally unable to give his efforts towards the reform he so much favored, but his exemplary life has been an incentive to his family and friends. He was married to a daughter of Captain John Clark of Hopewell Cape, Albert county. His children are: Susan, wife of Gilbert Wilbur of Shediac Cape; Silas C. McCully, who resides at home and is unmarried; Dr. Oscar J. McCully of Moncton; Robert D. McCully of Wolford, minister of the Methodist church; Frank A. McCully of Moncton, barrister-at-law; and Clement McCully, draughtsman of New York, manager of the Abbey Effervescent Salt Co. at that place. Squire McCully, as he was ordinarily called, was born at Upper Corner and spent his entire life there. He handled almost all the legal business in the winding up of estates, collection of accounts and general court affairs during the earlier year of Sussex, until the appointment of the present stipendiary magistrate, and was a man of that integrity which secured the confidence and respect of all classes. By his death one of the few remaining landmarks of old Sussex has been removed.

It is hinted that Rev. Mr. Camp, pastor of Church avenue church, may be invited to succeed Rev. Mr. Hinson of the Baptist church, Moncton.

A valuable farm of land recently occupied by a failed contractor, situated on the Ward's Creek, and under mortgage to the late Clifford Cougle, was sold at auction today by the executor of the mortgagee's estate, Abigail Cougle, under decree of the equity court, by C. W. Stockton, auctioneer.

Dr. A. A. Stockton represented the estate and J. A. Frisac looked after the interest of the purchaser.

SHEFFIELD, Sunbury Co., April 15.—The Rev. Mr. Ball, pastor of the Methodist church of Sheffield, preached an appropriate and impressive sermon on Sabbath evening on the occasion of the death of Mrs. Harrison, a prominent member of his church.

While Holton Bridges, a young farmer in this place, was splitting wood a few days ago, his axe caught in a clothes line over head, and coming down cut a severe wound in his forehead.

The Rev. Charles Henderson has resigned pastoral charge of the Upper

Gagetown Baptist church, to take effect the first of May.

As Mary Ann, widow of the late Jonathan Bridges, was walking in her yard, her foot caught in a wire frozen in the ground and she fell, breaking her right arm at the elbow and sustaining internal injuries.

MCADAM JUNCTION, York Co., April 17.—Miss Flora Moffat has returned home from Yarmouth.

Rev. Mr. Currie has been engaged by the people of McAdam for the current year.

A number of new houses will be built this summer. Among the first will be one for Wm. Baker to be built at once by H. Mann.

Quite a number of smugglers have been caught and are being fined for their offences.

Rev. B. Barton, who has been pastor of the Canterbury-Burton and McAdam Episcopal churches, resigned his position and has gone to England.

Mrs. John Daley presented her husband with twins, a boy and a girl. The girl only lived a few hours, the boy a couple of days.

FREDERICTON, April 18.—Prof. Geo. M. Downing of the U. N. B. has accepted the position of principal of Alington college at Jexkinstown, Pa. He assumes his new position on June 1st.

Dr. Downing has occupied the chairs of physics and electrical engineering at the U. N. B. for six years, and his departure from the city will be regretted by his many friends.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Acadian Hotel and Other Buildings Destroyed.

HALIFAX, April 19.—Fire this morning totally destroyed the buildings on Barrington street occupied by Angus Taylor, gent's furnishings; loss, \$3,200; insurance, \$2,000.

W. H. Cabot, dry goods; loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$12,000.

Wm. Crowe, fancy goods; loss, \$3,000; insurance, \$2,500.

Acadian hotel, damaged to the extent of \$10,300; insurance, \$6,500.

Mayflower house, damaged \$4,000; insurance, \$2,400.

Dr. Innis, dentist, lost \$2,000 worth of instruments, furniture, etc.; no insurance.

Mrs. McPhee, proprietress of the Mayflower house, loses \$1,000; insurance, \$500.

The insurance was as follows: Wm. Crowe's building, \$2,400 in Halifax Insurance Co.; Acadian hotel, \$4,000 in North British, \$6,000 in Aetna, \$3,500 in Commercial Union, \$2,500 in British American; W. H. Cabot's stock, \$1,500 in Norwich Union, \$2,000 in Acacia Insurance Co., \$2,500 in British American, \$6,000 in Phoenix of London; Angus Taylor's stock, \$2,000 in British American.



A Welcome Knock!

Every mother should welcome into the household

Baby's Own Soap

Like baby himself, though small it brings happiness, because it is so good for baby's skin, and makes him so fresh and nice.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD is a prompt and certain restorative. It cannot fail to produce the most satisfactory results, because it contains in condensed form the very ingredients that go to make the blood pure, rich, and healthy, and create new brain and nerve tissue. For pale, weak women, and the ills peculiar to their sex, there is no treatment to be compared to

P. E. ISLAND NEWS.

On the 3rd inst. Duncan Stewart of Kingloch died at Lot 48, aged 73. On the 5th inst. Peter McIntyre died at the residence of his brother, James McIntyre, North River, in the 72nd year of his age.

On Tuesday night the Rev. D. B. McLeod was inducted into the pastorate of Zion Presbyterian church of this city. The Rev. George Miller, D. F. Fullerton and Malcolm Campbell took part in the ceremony. Mr. McLeod is a native of P. E. I., having been born at Orwell, the charge which he has just resigned.

The Rev. Henry Penna of Montague has been unanimously invited to remain a fourth year as Methodist pastor of that circuit.

President Hazard occupied the chair of the rank of a first class school, and in charge of Morley Sailer as principal and Miss Foster assistant.

James Lund of St. Peter's Island had 52 fat hogs and three sows for sale on Tuesday in the market, which he had shot in two days' shooting.

Summerside town council is seeking legislation which will change the name of chairman of the council to mayor.

At the regular quarterly meeting of the board of trade, held Wednesday evening there were twenty-five members present. President Hazard occupied the chair. Resolutions endorsing the Hillsboro bridge, asking for better railway accommodations and the uniformity of railway rates, were passed.

P. E. I. legislature assembled on Monday night the 17th inst., for the dispatch of business.

The boats brought the last mail this season by way of the Capes yesterday.

The Rev. F. A. Wigantinas was presented with a purse a few evenings ago containing \$50.

Margaret McKinnon, widow of the late George McKinnon, died at her residence on the 3rd inst., aged 70 years.

A little child, two and a half years of age, was fatally killed by a horse which Mr. David W. Wadsworth was driving on Thursday last. Although everything possible was done for him by Dr. D. T. McKinnon, the little fellow died at six o'clock Friday evening.

The tea and bazaar in St. James' hall last week realized a total of \$100.00.

Rev. Peter Murphy had his wrist broken and knee cap shattered by the mud dike, crank flying back with great force, striking him.

Rev. Marcel Convan, who has been holding mission services on P. E. I. for several weeks, has been invited to return to his home in the West Indies.

The young men's social in the First Methodist church, which was held on the 17th inst., was a very successful one. A branch for each church is proposed and will be doubtless successful.

Misses Florence and Annie McCallister and their brothers, Master Willie, whose parents are both dead, were transferred by Kallipet, Montreal, where their uncle, Dr. Buchanan, resides, and where they will make their future home.

The S. Stanley made her first return trip between Georgetown and Pictou this season on Monday. This gives satisfaction to the merchants, as a large amount of freight is wanted by them, which has been increasing. The mail will be transferred to this route from the Capes on Thursday.

Hunts River Division, Sons of Temperance, installed the following officers at their last meeting: W. P. Emily Brown, W. A. John McLeod, B. S. Jeanette McLeod, R. S. Lillian Seaman, F. S. Lizzie Bagshaw, chap.; B. H. Backham, treas.; W. S. Seaman, sec.; W. H. Backham, sec.; McKinnon, I. S. James E. Brown, O. S. H. S. Bagshaw, sec. The Grand Division of P. E. I. meets with this division on the 20th inst. The past most worthy patriarch, the strong supporter of reports of the province, and was afterwards employed in the public lands office. He was one of the first school teachers in the province, and was a time he conducted a newspaper called the "People's Journal." He was an active supporter of confederation and the provincial railway, and was no mean worker in the cause of the people. He was appointed chief clerk of the house of assembly. He held the offices of trust and responsibility which he filled with honor to himself and his office. He was a true Scotchman, and had been a member of the old St. Andrew's Society since its organization in 1841, and was at his death a member of the St. Andrew's Club. For some time he was the father of a family of seven survive him. Mrs. McNeill preceded her husband to the eternal world in 1878.

At the annual meeting of the P. E. I. B. V. on Monday evening the board of directors was appointed as follows: A. E. Inglis, Dr. H. D. Johnson, George J. Rogers, B. C. Frowse, J. A. Farquharson, A. Alley, B. H. Beer.

The old well in the middle of one of the public streets caved in Tuesday night after a team had passed over the spot. No damage was done, but the well was about 20 feet deep and 10 feet in circumference. It was filled at once with stone and earth.

On April 21st Henry Todd, Esq., of Stan-

chel and Miss. Christy Ann McPherson of Junction Road were married at Hunter River by the Rev. D. McLeod.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. SICK HEADACHE. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price. Substitution the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand Carter's Little Liver Pills.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of the 11th Dec. 1886, says: "It is well known that single medicine is never so useful as when it is used in the treatment of all other ailments." DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a perfect remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc. Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 12d., 2s. 6d. and 5s. 6d. SOLE MANUFACTURERS: J. T. DAVENPORT, 25 Great Russell St., London, W.

J. H. MORRISON M.D. PRACTICE LIMITED TO Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. 185 GERRARD STREET, ST. JOHN. HOURS—10 to 12, 2 to 5 Daily. Evenings—Mon., Wed. and Fri. 7.30 to 9.30. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA. CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well-known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 12d., 2s. 6d. and 5s. 6d. SOLE MANUFACTURERS: J. T. DAVENPORT, 25 Great Russell St., London, W.

TO INTRODUCE \$1.00. our new bicycle early, we will for the next 30 days, sell by instalment the new O. D. treaders upon receipt of \$1.00. We offer special chance to a good agent in each town. You have a chance of Cash, or outright gift of one or more wheels, according to nature of work done for us. INTRODUCTION PRICES. FLYER—14 in. Tubing, Flush Joints, 1 Piece Cranks, fitted with Dunlop Tires, \$15.00. Racer with 21 in. W. Tires, 22 in. and 24 in. Frame, Green and Maroon, \$22.00. Wheel slightly used, modern types, \$20.00. Prices list Free. Send agency at once. T. W. BOND & SON, Montreal.

OPPOS Formulat Again A Commit Invest Mr. Hazen V truthfu FREDERICTON The effect of the rector charge as given in simply mag Members preoccupied tensa Inter delivered by the townshment unces, and valed in the ment suppe Mr. Hazen's ment's pro ched topic supper. Although sume at 7.30 before the upon its oc the chair. the charges galleries bed The impre the inquiry settlement Mr. Hazen's rogation for had been a FREDERICTON ter five o'c Hazen rose and made it I. J. Doug the legislati of Sunb legislative a public work through the commissione the superstr bridges: Mill ty of Restig the report of public work 22; Grand M ty of Charlott the report of public works 22, and the ders Brook l Queens, and report for sal the year 1897, in the said c referred to in year 1898, pa page 23; I. county of W in the re sponer afore page and Blackville and Northumbria the said rep 23, and the v bell bridge, and referred the year 189 1898, page 31; in the count referred to in year 1897, pa Also, the en structures of Port Elgin b of Westmoun the report of stioner for the of Mill Cove Restigouche, report of the public works. And I furth the Hon. E. H. chowdy's bill, missioner and ecutive govern carefully gus province and to expend the construction a safe public his duty in the construction works to his friends, with and tender, assisting these public material, now in dereliction a missioner an executive gov ince, paid out this province cases even m for the count works, to be public intere benefit of the And I furth spector of son pointed by the er, was finan contractors, p doing the wor terial. And I sequence of the part of sioner, he kn allowed these from the publi sands of dolla not have be methods prev And I furth such contracti ons to improv of money, out and chief, o andations to specifications named work thereby lesa to them but v I make her Hon. Henry Commissioner a member of ment of the p with the know Henry R. Dr

PARENTS WARNED.

Dr. Talmage Protests Against Modern School System.

A Timely Lesson in the Sacrifice of Jephthah's Daughter.

Says That Thousands of Children Are Annually Educated Into Imbecility.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In his sermon today Dr. Talmage lodges a protest against the parental heedlessness and worldly ambition which are threatening the sacrifice of many American children. The pastor of the American church at New York said: "My father, if I had had my mouth open to the Lord, do to me according to that which hath proceeded out of thy mouth."

JEPHTHAH'S DAUGHTER.

Jephthah was the day twenty cities lay captured at his feet. Round the victory all through the mountains of Gilead. Let the trumpets call up the survivors. Children of Jephthah, to have the applause of an admiring nation. Build triumphal arches; swing out flags all over Mizpah; open all your doors to receive the captured treasures, through every hall spread the banquet, pile the chairs and the high tankards. The nation is redeemed, the invaders are routed and national honor is vindicated.

INNOCENT SACRIFICED.

She bows to the knife, and the blood, which is often at the mother's voice had rushed to the crimson cheeks, smokes in the fires of the burnt offering. No one can tell us her name. There is no need that we know her name. The garlands that Mizpah twisted for Jephthah, the warrior, have gone into the dust, but all ages are twisting this girl's chain. It is well that her name came not to us, for no one can wear it. They may take the name of Deborah or Abigail or Miriam, but no one in all the ages shall have the title of this daughter of sacrifice.

ver, but before you hurl your denunciations at Jephthah's cruelty remember that in olden times when vows were made men thought they must execute them, perform them, whether they were wicked or good. There were two wrong things about Jephthah's vow. First, he ought never to have made it. Next, having made it, it was better broken than kept. But do not take on pretensions and say, "I could not have done as Jephthah did." If in former days you had been standing on the banks of the Ganges and you had been born in India, you might have thrown your children to the crocodiles. It is not because we are naturally any better, but because we have more gospel light.

CHILDREN OVERTAKEN.

In the first place, I remark that much of the system of education in our day is a system of sacrifice. When children spend six or seven hours in school and then must spend two the next day in preparation for school, much time they will give to finishing and fresh air and the exhilaration of the exercise which is necessary for the duties of coming life. No one can feel more thankful than I do for the advancement of common school education.

But this herding of great multitudes of children in ill ventilated school-rooms and poorly equipped halls of instruction is making many of the places of knowledge in this country a huge holocaust. In connection with this I mention what I might call the cramming up system of the common schools, and the use of the academics; children of delicate brain compelled to take that might appal a master intellect; children going down to school with a strap of books half as high as themselves. The fact is in some of the cities parents do not allow their children to graduate for the simple reason, they say, "We cannot afford to allow our children's health to be destroyed in the order that they may gather the honors of an institution." Tens of thousands of children educated into imbecility, so that connected with many such literary establishments there ought to be asylums for the wrecked.

It is a sad and a crowd and crain and stuff and jam until the child's intellect is bewildered, and the memory is ruined, and the health is gone. There are children who once were full of romping and laughter and had cheeks crimson with health who are now turned out in the afternoon pale faced, listless, asthenic, old before their time. It is one of the saddest sights on earth, an old manish boy or an old womanish girl. Girls 16 years of age are studying algebra. Boys 16 years of age racking their brain over trigonometry. Children unacquainted with their mother tongue crying over their Latin, French and German lessons. All the vitality of their nature is beaten out of them by the heavy burden of a Greek lexicon. And you doctor them for this, and you give them a little medicine for that, and you wonder what is the matter with them. They are finishing their education.

BODY AND BRAIN WEAKENED.

In my parish in Philadelphia a little child was punished at school that she was thrown into a fever and in her driving delirium all night long was trying to recite the multiplication table. In my boyhood I remember that in our class at school there was one lad who knew more than all of us put together. If we were fast in our arithmetic, he excelled us. When we stood up for the spelling class he was almost always the head of the class. Visitors came to his father's house, and he was always brought in, as a prodigy. At 18 years of age he was an idiot, not knowing his right hand from his left, nor day from night. The parents and the teachers made him an idiot.

You may flatter your pride by telling your child to know more than any other children, but you are making a sacrifice of that child if by the addition to his intelligence you are making a subtraction from his future. The child will go away from such maltreatment with no exuberance to fight the battle of life. Such children may grow along very well while you take care of them, but when you are old or dead alas for them if, through the wrong system of education which you adopted, they have no swiftness or force of character to take care of themselves. Be careful how you make the child's head ache or his heart flutter. I hear a great deal about black man's rights, and Chinaman's rights, and Indian's rights, and woman's rights. Would God that somebody would rise to plead for children's rights. The Carthaginians used to sacrifice their children by putting them into the arms of an idol which thrust forth its hand. The child was put into the arms of the idol and no sooner touched the arms than it dropped into the fire. But it was the art of the mothers to keep the children smiling and laughing until they died. There may be a fascination and a hilarity about the style of education of which I am speaking, but it is only laughter at the moment of sacrifice. Would God there were only one Jephthah's daughter!

DISCIPLINE OF THE YOUNG.

Again, there are many parents who are sacrificing their children with a wrong system of discipline, too great rigor or too great leniency. There are children in families who rule the household. The high chair in which the infant sits in the throne, and the

rattle is the sceptre, and the other children make up the parliament where father and mother have no vote. Such children come up to be miscreants. There is no chance in this world for a child that has never learned to mind. Such people become the blemish of the church and God and the rest of the world. Children that do not learn to obey human authority are unwilling to learn to obey divine authority. Children who do not respect parents whose authority they do not respect. Who are these young men that swagger through the street with their thumbs in their west, talking about their father as "the old man," "the governor," "the squire," "the old chap," or their mother as "the old woman." They are those who in youth in childhood never learned to respect authority. Eli, having heard that his son had died in their wickedness, fell over backward and broke his neck and died. Well he might. What is life to a father whose sons are debauched? The dust of the valiant warrior, the dust of the great driving rain, the dust of the great root of the sepulchre are sweeter than the wines of Hebron.

There must be harmony between the father's government and the mother's government. The father will be tempted to too great rigor. The mother will be tempted to too great leniency. Her tenderness will overcome her. Her voice is a little softer, her hand seems better fitted to pull out a thorn and soothe a pang. Children want anything from the mother cry for it. They hope to dissolve their with tears. But, my mother, do not interfere, most not coax of them, not beg for the child when the hour comes for the assertion of parental supremacy, and the subjugation of a child's temper. There comes in the history of every child an hour when it is tested whether the parents shall be the father or the mother, and the crucial hour. If the child triumphs in that hour, then he will some day make you crouch. It is a horrible scene. I have witnessed it. A mother come to old age, shivering with terror in the presence of a son who could not but have been a noble and a great man, but who had become a wretched, feeble, and beggared man, his crusts as muchched with her toothless gums!

How sharper than a serpent's tooth

It is a sad and a crowd and crain and stuff and jam until the child's intellect is bewildered, and the memory is ruined, and the health is gone. There are children who once were full of romping and laughter and had cheeks crimson with health who are now turned out in the afternoon pale faced, listless, asthenic, old before their time. It is one of the saddest sights on earth, an old manish boy or an old womanish girl. Girls 16 years of age are studying algebra. Boys 16 years of age racking their brain over trigonometry. Children unacquainted with their mother tongue crying over their Latin, French and German lessons. All the vitality of their nature is beaten out of them by the heavy burden of a Greek lexicon. And you doctor them for this, and you give them a little medicine for that, and you wonder what is the matter with them. They are finishing their education.

TO HAVE A THUNDER CHILD.

But, of the other hand, too great rigor is to be avoided. It is a sad thing when a child's government becomes cold military despotism. Trappers on the prairie fight fire with fire, but you cannot successfully fight your child's bad temper with your own bad temper. We must not be too minute in our inspection. We cannot expect our children to be perfect. We must not be everything. Since we have not three faults of our own, we ought not to be too rough when we discover that our children have as many. If tradition be true, when we were children we were not all little Samuels and our parents were not fearful lest they should be regarded as the cause of premature goodness. You cannot so pound your children into nobility of character. The bloom of a child's heart can never be seen under a cold drizzle. Above all, avoid fretting and scolding in the household. Better than ten years of anger at your children is one good old-fashioned scolding. It is the spirit of the stiffer! That minister of the gospel of whom we read in the newspapers that he whipped his child to death because he would not say his prayers will never come to canonization. The spirit that cannot calculate how many children have been ruined, forever, through too great rigor or too great leniency. The heavens and the earth are filled with the groan of the afflicted. In this important matter seek divine direction, O father, O mother.

MARINE MATTER.

St. Peter's will be due here tomorrow from Havana. The steamer will get \$150 on lumber from London to New York.

The anchor liner Bavaria, which came here last night, has arrived at St. John. The French steamer Chateau Lafite is loading at the Custom House wharf at Liverpool. The steamer will have on board some passengers bound for St. Pierre to France.

Ship Cora, Capt. Frost, from Barry, via St. John, arrived at St. John this morning. She is bound for St. John and will be here about the 1st of May.

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but that 50 cent stories of adventures, whose love are delicious. With capacity that might have stayed a Florence Nightingale in heavenly ministries or made the father's house glad with filial and sisterly demeanor their life a waste, their beauty a curse, their eternity a demerolium.

Afflicted to some one who is only waiting until his father dies so he can get the property, then a little while they swing around in the circles, brilliant circles; then the property is gone, and having no power to earn a livelihood, the twin slink into some corner of society—the husband an idler and a pot, the wife a drudge, a slave and a sacrifice. Ah! Spare your denunciations from Jephthah's head and expend them all on this wholesale modern martyrdom!

A MIGHTY INFLUENCE.

I lift up my voice against the sacrifice of children. I look out of my window on a Sabbath, and I see a group of children, unwashed, uncombed, un-Christianized, who care for them? Who prays for them? Who utters to them one kind word? When the city missionary, passing along the park in New York, saw a ragged lad and heard him swearing, he said to him, "My son, I have a message for you. You ought to be good. You ought to be a Christian." The lad looked in his face and said, "Ah, it is easy for you to talk well clothed as you are and well fed. But we chaps don't get no chance! Who lifts them up to the stars? Who sends them to get forth to snatch them up from crime and death and woe? Who to-day will go forth and bring them into schools and churches? No, hear them up, great piles of rage and wretchedness and filth. Put underneath them the first sacrifice, stir up the blasphemy, put on more fagots, and while we are in the churches with folded arms and indifference, crime and disease and death will go on with the agonizing sacrifice.

"During the early French revolution the 'Bible class' was a company of boys who used to wear every day as young soldiers, and they carried a flag and they had on the flag this inscription: 'Tremble, Tyrants, Tremble; We are Growing Up.' Mighty suggestive! This generation is passing off, and a mightier generation is coming on. Will they be the same as the present ones? Will they be the sons of sin and the foes of heaven? Will they be the foes of God? They are coming up! I congratulate all parents who are doing their best to keep their children away from the altar of sacrifice. Your prayers are going to be answered. Your children may wander away from God, but they will come back again. A voice comes from the throne above encouraging you. 'I will be a God to thee and to the seed after thee.' And though when you lay your head in death there may be some wanderer of the family far away from you, yet you may see your name in heaven before salvation shall come to his heart; he will be brought into the kingdom, and before the throne of God you will rejoice that you were faithful. Come at last, though so long postponed this coming. Come at last!

"I congratulate all those who are willing to be the fathers of the wandering. Your work will soon be over, but the influence you are setting in motion will never stop. Long after you have been gathered for the skies your prayers, your teachings and your Christian influence will go on and help to people heaven with angels inhabiting it. Will you would you remember that which would you remember in the last great day, being able to say, 'I added house and land and land and land and land to my house; I owned half the city; whatever my eye saw I took, whatever my hand touched I laid on that day to my house, and I was full in the face and say, 'I was hungry and ye fed me; I was naked, and ye clothed me; I was sick and in prison, and ye visited me; inasmuch as ye did it to the least of these, my brethren ye did it to me!'

CANADIAN PORTS.

At Halifax, April 18, str Armenia, Maritima, from Hamburg, and sailed for Pictou.

At Halifax, April 18, str Danzara, Williams, for Liverpool via St. John, Nfld.

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For Mixing in Cold Water

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Sixteen Beautiful Tints and Whites

For Sale by Paint Dealers Everywhere

THE ALABASTINE CO., LIMITED

PARIS, ONT.

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PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Coastwise—Scho Ripple, 16, Benzon, from Hantsport; Annie, 23, McGargy, from Annapolis; Mary, 24, Anderson, from St. John; Rex, 57, Sweet, from Quaco; Excelsior, 13, Parker, from Beaver Harbor.

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