MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

READ OUR NEW STORY,
THE ENCHANTED ISLES,
BY OLIVE HARPER.
You will find it interesting.

The Evening Gazette.

WE WANT YOU
to subscribe to the GAZETTE. It costs but 35 cents a month, one dollar for three months. Send us your name.

VOL. II.---WHOLE NO. 226. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

Intercolonial Railway.

MONTREAL
WINTER CARNIVAL!
4th to 9th February.

FOR the above, Excursion Return Tickets will be issued at all through booking stations to Montreal on 1st and 4th February, good for return up to and including morning of 17th February. Rates from undermentioned stations as follows: St. John, $17.85; Sussex, $17.30; Moncton, $16.35; Sackville, $17.10; Amherst, $17.30; Newcastle, $14.05; Chatham, $14.35; Bathurst, $13.12; Campbellton, $12.06.

Sleeping Car accommodation can be secured in advance on application to GEO. PHILPS 97 Prince William street, St. John

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B.
23rd January, 1889.

SPENCER'S
Standard Dancing Academy.

New classes will open on Thursday, Dec 27th, for beginners.

Afternoon, for Young Ladies, Masters and Misses at 3 o'clock.

Evening for Ladies and Gentlemen at 8 o'clock.

Those wishing to join, will make application at the academy for terms, which are very low.

All the popular dances taught in a term of 20 lessons. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES. Don't miss the first lesson.

Private Lessons given in Waltzing and Fancy Dances day or evening. ASSEMBLY EACH WEEK.

Mr. Fred. L. Scribner pianist.

A. L. SPENCER, Teacher.

ACADEMY, Domville Building, King Street.

WANTED.

ONE first-class marble worker. Must give good references. Address J. W. Nugent & Co., Moncton.

WANTED, immediately, a Newspaper Compositor for plain work. Address, Woodstock Press.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Good recomendation required. Apply to Mrs. Everett, 160 Duke St., Cor Sydney.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CUSTOM Tailors, Dress Makers, Barbers, Liquor Dealers, and others whose business requires similar premises, are respectfully requested to view the handsome brick building on Canterbury street adjoining the W. C. T. U. restaurant, which is so arranged that the rooms above the elegant shop on the ground floor, can be utilized either for dwelling purposes or may be occupied for daily work by the employes. Price low or rent moderate. Apply to J. H. Kinnear or C. A. Stockton, Real Estate Agent.

COAL!
IN STOCK,
OLD MINE SYDNEY,
VICTORIA COAL from Sydney.
SCOTCH (ELL), SPRING HILL, PICTOU and AUTHRACITE COALS of best description, in all sizes.
Prices Low.
VICTORIA COAL now due.
R. P. & W. F. STARR,
49 Smythe St., 74 Prince Wm. St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT Ancillary Probate has been granted by the Probate Court of the City and County of Saint John, to ELIZA MATILDA RIORDON of the City of Toronto in the County of York and Province of Ontario, widow, and CHARLES ROBSON, of the same place, Paper Manufacturer, of the will of John Riordon, late of St. Catherines, in the County of Lincoln, and said Province of Ontario, who died on the twenty-first day of September, A. D., 1884, and whose will was proved by the said Eliza Matilda Riordon and Charles Riordon, on the seventeenth day of November, A. D., 1884, in Her Majesty's Surrogate Court of the County of Lincoln, in the said Province of Ontario.

All creditors and other persons in this Province, having claims or demands against or upon the Estate of the late John Riordon in this Province, are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their claims or demands, duly attested, to the undersigned, ARTHUR C. FAIRWEATHER, of the City of Saint John, in said Province, Solicitor in the said Province for the said Executors.

And all persons in this Province indebted to the said Estate, are required to make payment to the said Arthur C. Fairweather.

Dated this Eleventh day of January, A. D., 1889.

ARTHUR C. FAIRWEATHER.

R. & F. S. FINLEY,
DEALERS IN
Crushed Corn and Oats,
Buckwheat Meal, Flour,
Oats, Feed, Corn Meal,
Oat Meal and General Groceries.
No. 12 and 16 SIDNEY STREET.

ST. JOHN BOLT and NUT CO.
Manufacture mild STEEL RIVETS fully equal, if not superior, to the best Scotch Rivets.
P. O. Box 454.

BEST EVER MADE.
This somewhat boastful language refers to our specialties in
AMERICAN RUBBER SHOES,
because the Boston Rubber Company, which makes them, asserts that they are made of Pure Rubber and therefore the best ever made. TRY THEM.
Special cash reduction on American overshoes, owing to unfavorable season.
ESTEY ALLWOOD & CO.,
68 Prince Wm. St.

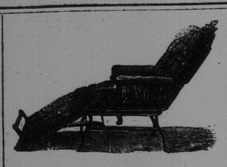
TENDERS.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned at Ottawa, and endorsed "Tender for Anderson's Hollow Light," will be received up to the 1st February next, for the construction of a Small Wooden Beacon Light Building on the Government Pier at Anderson's Hollow, in the County of Albert, New Brunswick.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender procured at this Department, Ottawa, at the Agency of this Department, St. John, and at the Post Office, Harvey.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine.

Department of Marine.
Ottawa, 8th January, 1889.



ADJUSTABLE CHAIR AND BEDSTEAD COMBINED
30 Changes of Position.
Easy Chair, Lounge, Bed stead, Crib, &C.
Mantel Beds and Bed Lounges
Iron Bedsteads and Cribs.
Woven Wire Mattresses and all kinds of First Class Bedding.
HUTCHINGS & Co.
101 to 107 Germain Street.

SOME of the "ONLY" march-out 400.
This is the lot that is going out between Jan. 28 and Feb. 2, not at half price every day, but different articles different days.

Astrakans,
Wool Hoods and Capes,
" Shawls and Dresses
Fur Ruffs 93c.
" Capes 88c.
" Trimmings 10 and 25c yd
Feather Boas $1.70
" Trimming 5c yd
Astrakan " 5c yd
Mantle Ornaments
Heavy Hose for boys
Ladied Lined Gloves
Gents " "
Woollen Gloves
Gents Silk Scarfs
" Underclothing
White Blankets
One line Dress Ginghams 7 1-2c yd.

HUNTER, HAMILTON & McKAY,
97 King St.

THE CHARTER OAK IS THE BEST.
WHY?

Because it has the heaviest Castings and the largest flues, hence will outwear any other Stove made and will draw where many others fail.
While these features are well worthy of consideration by all who think of purchasing a new Stove, we would direct special attention to the
WIRE GAUZE DOOR
As one of the advantages to be derived from its use. These are so manifold that it is impossible for us to explain them in the limited space of our column.
To those who may call it will afford us pleasure to show the Stove in operation, and we shall be glad to supply circulars explaining fully the principles, and the savings made by its use.
The largest foundry in the United States is engaged in turning out Charter Oaks at the rate of 400 daily, and with this enormous output are barely able to supply the extraordinary demand. This proves more than anything else can do its great advantages, and the appreciation of the public for a good thing.
The Wire Gauze oven door is unquestionably the greatest invention of modern times in connection with the Stove trade.
EMERSON & FISHER,
75 and 79 Prince Wm. St.

NEW NOVELS.
THE BATTLE OF THE SWASH,
AND
THE CAPTURE OF CANADA,
By Samuel Barton,
Containing also the Patriotic Speech of Dr. W. Geo. Beers, of Montreal, in reply to the toast of Professional Annexation. Price 25 cents.
THE TRUTH ABOUT TRISTREM VARICK,
A Novel by Edgar Saltus. Price 25 cents.
COMMODORE JUNK,
By G. Manville Fenn. Price 30 cents.
J. & A. McMILLAN,
98 and 100 Prince William St.,
Saint John, N. B.

Encourage Home Manufacture.
Maritime Varnish and White Lead Works.
JAS. ROBERTSON,
Manufacturer of all Kinds of Varnishes and Japans. White Lead, Colored and Liquid Paints and Putty.
Factory, Corner of Charlotte and Sheffield Sts.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, Robertson's New Building,
Cor. Mill and Union Streets. - - - St. John, N. B.
WILLIAM GREIG, Manager.

FURS, FURS,
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS.
BOAS in Lynx, Bear, Goat Coney &c.,
COLLARS in Seal, Beaver, Bear, Lynx, &c.,
CAPES in Beaver, Seal, Black Martin, Bear &c.,
CAPS, in Otter, Beaver, Seal, Persian Lamb, &c.,
GLOVES in Seal, Otter, Beaver, Dyed Otter, &c.
SEAL and ASTRACHAN SACQUES, MENS FUR COATS, ASTRACHAN, CONEY &c., FUR LINED COATS and LININGS. ADJUSTABLE COLLARS and CUFFS, all kinds.
A very large stock and fair prices.
D. MAGEE'S SONS,
7 & 9 Market Square.

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

SECOND EDITION.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

NO FURTHER ATTEMPTS MADE TO RUN CARS.

The Men Warned that they will be Locked Out.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—On the Broadway line no cars run today up to 2 o'clock. It was stated that some would be started late in the afternoon. There were about 50 drivers ready, half were said to be old employees. The Seventh avenue and Broadway road has issued a notice to the men that unless they return to work at 12 o'clock they will be declared locked out and not taken back under any circumstances; 50 green hands were hired in answer to an advertisement. On the Second avenue line no attempt was made to run cars today; the depot is closed and the company are waiting the action of the other companies.

THE UNION QUESTION.

The Scheme Proposed by the Commission Submitted to the Common Council.

The common council met this afternoon, Ald. Morrison was absent. Mayor Thorne occupied the chair. The report of the general committee on the railway extension asked for by the Trade Promoting Association was read, and the recommendation that the right of way be granted, adopted.

On motion of Alderman Peters, John P. McIntyre and Ald. Jordan were appointed auditors of the water accounts.

The scheme of union was then read by the common clerk. It proposed that the united cities of St. John and Portland shall be known by the name of St John and that all assets and liabilities shall be pooled, The new city shall be divided into 13 wards, those of Portland and the eastern part of St. John remaining the same as at present. Carleton to have wards as provided in the charter. The wards shall hereafter be designated by numbers. The administration shall be vested in the council which will consist of two aldermen from each ward and a mayor elected by the whole city. The qualifications of electors and representatives shall be the same as at present.

The officers of the city will be a police magistrate who will be the civil judge, Common Clerk, Chief of police, Recorder and Chamberlain. The Police Magistrate and Chief of police will be appointed by the government and the other officials by the Common Council.

The Indiatown [illegible] the same as at present, except that aldermen shall not sit in the civil court. There will be a treasury department and departments of public works, public safety and a harbor department. Each of these shall consist of at least five members and not more than 13. The chairman of each department will devote his whole time to the work and be the head of the department.

The Chamberlain shall be the head of the Treasury department and will collect all taxes and other monies, and disburse all monies by order of the Council.

The Department of Public Works shall have control over streets, sewerage, water, light and such other sources as may be determined by the Council.

The department of public safety over the police fire (including salvage corps) market and health.

The harbor harbor of wharves, slips, ferries and all connected therewith.

The council shall appoint such standing committees as may be necessary for the management of the city.

The Board of Assessors shall consist of three persons the chairman to be also secretary and to hold office during the pleasure of the council, the other assessors to be appointed annually.

The real estate of a portion of ward 5 Portland which is chiefly an agricultural district to be assessed at one-half its value because no benefits are derived from fire light or sewerage. The income and real estate of the city to be assessed at its full value.

The sum of $60,000 shall be expended in paving the main highway from Market Square to Indiantown. The work to be performed within three years.

The sum of $60,000 shall be expended improving the streets of Carleton; $20,000 of the sum to be expended in three years and the remaining $49,000 within five years.

That authority be given to issue $120,000 of debentures at 4 per cent. to pay for this work.

That authority be given to refund debenture falling due at a rate of interest not exceeding that already paid.

That authority be granted to issue new debentures, provided always that, 30 days previous notice be given and that there shall be two-thirds of the council in favor of issuing the debentures.

Not a Favorable Time.

Gus (to friend)—I say, Jack, you've met that big, handsome English girl who is visiting the De Courcoys?

Jack—Yes, I have met her.

Gus—Well, I proposed to her last night.

Jack—You don't tell me? What did she say?

Gus—She didn't say anything; she was in her usual torpid condition, and I couldn't make her understand me.—New York Sun.

First Sale.

Two poets meet, and the following conversation ensues:

"Hal how are you, old boy? And how is the verse market these days?"

"I have ceased to write poetry."

"You have?"

"Yes; I have gone into the furniture business."

"The furniture business?"

"Yes."

"And have you sold any?"

"Yes, I have sold my own."—Boston Courier.

ENGLAND WILL WITHDRAW

From the Blockade of the East Africa Shore.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Manchester Guardian says that Lord Salisbury yielding to great pressure will withdraw the English vessels from the blockade of the East Africa coast as soon as Germany commences to operate on shore.

Late Local News.

GOT NO. 1.

Mr. H. A. Austin received this morning the first telegram that ever came over the C. P. R. wire.

EXCURSION TO FREDERICTON.

Excursion tickets will be sold from St. John to Fredericton and return to those who wish to attend the Governor's ball, Jan. 31st, at $2 each.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

The Company's office was open for business this afternoon. The first message sent over the wire from St. John was by Bell & Higgins to Boston, offering employment to ten cigar-makers.

PRESENTATION.

Mr. John Henry Walker, who has for the past two years occupied the position of weaver master in the St. John cotton factory, and has just severed his connection with that institution, was last evening waited upon by a delegation of his late fellow workmen and presented by them with a very fine gold mounted walking stick, bronzed inkstand and meerchaum pipe. Mr. Walker was highly gratified with these very valuable expressions of the good will in which he was held by his associates and will ever remember the donors with gratitude.

A BAD BOY.

Theodore White, the Fredericton salvationist and thief, called at Lee's livery stable, Fredericton last Sunday afternoon and asked for a horse and sleigh to go to Marysville. The turnout was given him and he started out, saying that he would be back in an hour or two, but he has not returned as yet. The young lad was seen with the team on the Woodstock road an hour or two after leaving the stable, and is supposed to have driven on to Woodstock. Mr. Lee telegraphed up yesterday, but nothing had been seen of him up there to that time.

ORGAN RECITAL.

The fourth of the series of organ recital now being given at the Mission church of St. John Baptist, Portland, takes place next Friday evening. This will be one of the best of the series, as not only will those attending have the pleasure of hearing those who have assisted before, but also of welcoming back Mrs. Carter (Miss McInnis) as a vocalist after a long silence. Selections will be given from the Creation (Arias and two Trios) and from other oratorios besides the usual masterly compositions chosen by Mr. Morley for his part of the programme.

EVERYBODY ENJOYED IT.

The carnival at the Victoria Rink last [illegible] dominoes, negroes and clowns predominated on the part of the gentlemen, and "fancy dress" on the part of the ladies, yet, perhaps, but little more than usual. It is evident, however, from the number of spectators, that the interest in carnivals is in no wise waning.

There were about 1000 present during the evening, including skaters and pectators, and everybody enjoyed himself or herself thoroughly.

The judges, Messrs. McCormick, Peters and Barker, awarded the ladies' prize to Miss L. Watters as Rose, and the gentleman's prize to Merritt brothers as two heathen Chinee.

So much interest was manifested in last night's carnival that the management will likely prepare for another in the near future.

PORTLAND'S ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Portland's electric lights were run by the new station for the first time last night. There were about thirty-four lamps in use and nearly all the lights burned with a steadiness and brilliancy that speaks well for the work of the new station's machinery. With the large flag wheel revolving at the rate of about twelve revolutions a minute, the dynamo runs 750 a minute, which seemed a sufficient speed for the 34 lights. If it is needed the dynamo can be run at 950 revolutions a minute and supply the power for 45 lights. It is probable that before long a few more lights will be put up. Although the station appears small, there is plenty of room for the working of the machinery, and from the successful start it is thought that nothing more will be heard of dark streets in Portland in future.

Personal.

Capt. N. B. Melvin leaves by train tomorrow morning for Pascagoula, via New York, to take charge of the bark Mark Twain, now loading for Buenos Ayres.

Geo. Duncan, of the Canada Pacific Railway, and Major Markham are at the Royal.

County Court.

The case of John A. Kane vs. the city of Portland is finished, the judge having delivered his charge to the jury this afternoon. The jury had not rendered their verdict at the hour of going to press.

The Weather.

INDICATIONS. — Threatening weather, with light snow; warmer; preceded by colder, variable winds.

Weather Report.

Point Lepreaux. 9 a m., wind N. W. strong, clear, therm. 10.

3 p m. wind N. W. light, clear; Therm. 25

Stocks and Bonds.

From J. M. Robinson, Banker and Broker, No. 65 Prince William Street.

St. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 30, 1888.

Bank	Par of Share.	Div'n'd	Asked.	Offer.
New Brunswick	100.	6 p c	220	215
B N America	243.33	4 p c	150	148
Nova Scotia	100	3½ p c x d	140½	139
Merchants	100	3 p c x d	120	118
Halifax Banking Co.	20	3 p c	112	110
St John Gas	100	4 p c	140	135
People's Bank of N. B	150	4 p c	200	195
Montreal	200	5 p c	220	224½
Commerce	50	3½ p c	118½	117½
Peoples	100	2½ p c	137½	136
Toronto	100	4 p c		212½
Ontario	100	3½ p	127	125
Molsons	50	4 p c	165	157½
Montreal Tel Co.	40	2 p c qur	89½	88
Montreal Gas Co.	40	6 p c	198	197
C. P. R		x d	54½	54

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Jan 30.—Cotton steady with a fair demand. Uplands 5¾ pence; sales 10,000 bales, for speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 28,000 bales; American 26,400 bales. Pumes steady.

FIRST EDITION.

STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

A CAR FILLED WITH LADIES STONED BY A COWARDLY MOB.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

The Police Disperse the Rioters and the Car Reaches its Destination.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The first car over the road this morning was started at 7.24 a. m., and went unmolested to the ferry. On returning it was filled with ladies. A mob gathered and stoned the car, and the police made a rush and dispersed them. The car again started. A little further on it was again obstructed. The crowd rapidly increased and made a complete barricade across the street. The police again rushed at the mob and removed the obstructions. The car continued unmolested to Desbrosses street ferry.

Sudden Death of the Austrian Crown Prince.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

VIENNA, Jan. 30.—Archduke Rudolph, Austrian Crown Prince, and heir apparent to the throne, died suddenly today.

[Archduke Rudolph was the only son of the Emperor, and was born August 21st, 1858 and married in May 1881 to Princess Stephane, second daughter of King Leopold II. of Belgium. He held the rank of General in the Austrian army.]

CANADIAN PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

The line Through to St. John and ready for business.

The line of the Canadian Pacific Telegraph company was run into St. John this morning and at 12.30 communication was established between St, John and Montreal. The new line follows the New Brunswick and Maine Central railway to Mattawamkeg in Maine where it is deflected along the line of the Canadian Pacific railway to Montreal, passing through several of the principal towns of Quebec. The new telegraph company has excellent connections with all the principal cities and towns of Canada over its own lines and in the United States by the means of the lines of the Postal Telegraph company. European business will be transmitted over the Mackay-Bennett cables by way of New York for the present but next spring a direct line will be run through to Canso giving direct communication.

The St. John office of the Canadian Pacific company is in the room in the Domville building formerly occupied by the Bank of Montreal. Mr. P. W. Snyder, who formerly had charge of the Dominion Telegraph company's offices in this city, Dominion and Western Union company's lines took place became cashier of the latter company. He will be the local manager of the Canadian Pacific company. Mr. Snyder has an excellent connection with the business men of St. John, and will undoubtedly be a successful manager.

The line at present is only temporary, from the corner of Portland and Main streets being stretched on the Bell Telephone poles. The cause of this is the non-arrival of the poles for the city, which are expected in a few days. They can, however, do any business that may offer during the next few days.

Mr. E. S. Williams, superintendent of construction, brought the end of the wire into the office himself, and in a few minutes Mr. W. J. Camp, the electrician of the company, had the circuit complete and called up the Montreal office. Congratulations were exchanged between the two offices. It is probable that the St. John office will be open to-morrow or next day.

MONEY AND TRADE.

Rates of Exchange To-day

	Buying.	Selling.
London, 60 day	9¼	10 p. cent.
Do., sight	9¾	10 p. cent
New York	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Boston	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Montreal	¼ dis	¼ prem.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan 30.

	New York Stock Exchange Opening.	New York Stock Exchange Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.	New York Stock Exchange Sales.
Chi, Bur & Quin	109½	109	110½	109	1400
N Y Central	109	....	....	....	900
Can Pacific	....	....	....	....	....
Canada Southern	51½	51½	51½	51½	500
Delevare & Hudson	137	137½	138½	138	2700
D & Lack	141½	141½	141½	141½	50005
Erie	28½	28½	28½	28½	2500
Consol. Gas	96½	....	....	....	....
Rocking Valley	98	98	98	98	1900
N J Central	34	....	....	....	100
K & Texas	10½	10½	10½	10½	20100
Lake Shore	70½	71	71	70½	1700
Lon and Nash.	72½	72½	72½	71	11900
Mis. Pacific	46	45½	46	45½	7000
N Y & New England	47½	48½	48½	48½	7000
Northern Pacific	....	....	....	....	....
Northern Pacific pref	65½	65½	66½	65½	6600
Chi. & Nor.	107½	107½	107½	107½	5200
Omaha	32½	32	32	32	1000
Oregon Trans	30½	30½	30½	30½	3200
Pacific Mail	36½	36	36	36	200
Ph. & Reading	48½	48½	48½	48½	32000
Richmond Term	24½	24½	24½	24½	4700
St Paul	65½	65½	65½	64½	19000
Texas Pacific	20½	....	....	....	800
Union Pacific	63½	63½	63½	63½	4500
Western Union	84½	84½	84½	84½	3800
Wabash	....	....	....	....	....
Wabash pref	....	....	....	....	....
Norfolk & W pref	52½	....	....	....	....
K. P. pref	....	....	....	....	....
Cotton Oil Ts	51½	51½	51½	50½	9100
Rock Island	98½	98	98½	98½	....
O & M pref	....	....	....	....	....

BOSTON STOCKS.

Maine Central	85½	....	....	....	....
Top & St Fe	69½	69½	....	....	....
West Ends	....	....	....	....	....
Eastern	....	....	....	....	....

Chicago Markets.

	Yesday Close	To-day Open	Highest		1.30 Close
Wheat-May	97½	97½	97½		97½
June	94	....	....		....
July	89½	89½	89½		89½
Corn—Feb	34½	35	35½		35
May	36½	36½	37		37
June	36½	....	....		....
Mar	35½	35½	35½		35½
Pork—May	11 87	11 95	12 10		12 07
Feb	11 51	11 75	11 75		11 75
Petroleum	85½	86½	86½		85½

U S Government C. Bonds, 4 p cent, 127½ @ 128½

London Markets.

LONDON, Jan. 30,

United States Fours	
Do. do. Fours and a half	111½
Atlantic and Great Western firsts	
Do do do seconds	
Illinois Central	118½
Erie	29½
do. Seconds	104½
Mexican ordinary	41½
St Paul Common	87½
New York Central	
Reading	24½
Canada Pacific	52½
Mexican Central firsts	
Pennsylvania	53½
Spanish Fours	
Bar Silver	

Money 1½ p cent.

A QUEBEC OUTRAGE.

A Lone Woman Probably Fatally Injured by a Worthless Vagabond—The Scoundrel in Custody.

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—Information was received last evening at a late hour that a blood-curdling tragedy had been perpetrated in the county of Yamaska, but as the exact place in which the crime was illeged to have taken place had not been indicated, and no names given, it was thought perhaps to be nothing more than a cruel canard which had been given to some unsuspecting habitant coming into town. This morning, however, the telegraph was got into play, and the worst features of the previous story were more than confirmed. Some distance from St. Guillaume d'Upton, in the concession of Drummondville, there has been living a lone woman named Danas, and it appears that the night before last a roving vagabond known as Joe Beland entered the residence of the lady in question, and made most infamous proposals to her. Madame Danas at once ordered the loafer to leave the house, which he refused to do, and catching the lady by the dress attempted to force her into acquiescence. The lady made a terrible resistance and finally Beland became so enraged at not being able to put his infamous designs into execution that he knocked his victim down and kicked her in the stomach and left the poor creature unconscious on the floor. The villain then seems to have decided to make a hurried exit, for so suddenly did he leave that the coward did not take time to shut the door behind him. In the meantime the woman, who was thought to be quite dead when found at nine o'clock yesterday morning by some neighbors who had called, who were very much terrified in finding what they first took to be the widow woman's dead body lying on the floor. The doctors, however, applied every possible remedy, and they think there may be a small chance to save the woman's life. As for the rascal who committed the cowardly deed, he was fortunately taken into custody, and is now lodged in the Sorel jail awaiting any change that may take place in the condition of Mrs. Danas. The prisoner is about 36 years of age, and for a long time has been the terror of the neighborhood in which he lived. Some years ago he was suspected strongly of having killed, in company with Proulx, an old gentleman named Cote, of St. Bonaventure, but on account of the incompleteness of the proof he managed to escape. It is not probable, however, that Beland will be so fortunate this time, and, according to all reports, society will be well rid of such a monster for ten or fifteen years at least.

Telegraphic Flashes.

Joseph A. Moore, who embezzled $500,000 from the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, has come to Canada.

It is reported at Kingston, Ont., that sixteen men and sixteen teams of horses were drowned in a lake in the back woods. The men were racing their teams and breaking through the ice all were drowned.

The supreme court yesterday discharged John W. Kesly, of motor fame, from custody for contempt in refusing to explain the working of his invention.

At the opening of the Cardwell election case yesterday, the counsel for the prosecution admitted that he had been unable to procure evidence to substantiate his case. Stubbs made application to have his name substituted as petitioner. His application will be argued at Toronto on Saturday.

Messrs. Straton and Myles of the Tobique Valley railway are in Ottawa and have secured an extension of the time on woollen clothes. They stated that English competition is very keen. The duty levied at present is 20 per cent, ad valorem and 7½ cents per pound. Hon. Mr. Bowell promised to give their representations consideration.

The London Daily News says it does not suppose that Mr. Blaine, if he becomes secretary of state, will feel himself too closely bound by the comments of the Republican convention on Mr. Cleveland's policy to attempt to settle the fisheries question. It prefers to believe that he will be guided by his knowledge of the British people and the consciousness that more is to be gained by settling such ugly questions than by keeping them open.

The rumor is revived that Duncan MacArthur, or Major Stewart Mulvie, of Winnipeg, will be called to the senate to succeed Hon. Dr. Scott, appointee lieutenant governor of Manitoba.

Applications for private legislation exceed those of last year.

The funeral of the late Sir W. B. Richards, ex-chief justice of the supreme court, took place yesterday at Brockville, Ont. The judges of the supreme court acted as pall-bearers.

The Governors of Canada.

The Governors of Canada, whose merits and demerits were discussed by Rev. E. M. C. Botterill in his lecture at Leinster street Baptist church last evening, were not those who have exercised their power from Rideau hall and the capitals of our several provinces as might have been expected, but those humbler governors whose influence is of a more limited character, but nevertheless, in the aggregate, a great factor in a nation's prosperity and happiness. There is the mother who governs her children wisely or unwisely, the servant who governs the kitchen, and sometimes the whole household; capital that strives to govern labor, and labor that objects to being governed; there is the saloon that has its subjects, and the evil passions to which men permit themselves to become slaves. But above all, Christ lives, and holds in his hands the reins of universal rulership, and through the motions of all worlds, and in spite of all the devices of evil, along the pathway of all history from the morning of time until now he has directed the onward omnipotence of redeeming love, and he will yet stand on the earth and hold in his pierced hands, as a glorious diadem, Canada free, pure, and crowned with righteousness.

There was a large and deeply interested audience present.

Mr. Chipman Simmons' two-year-old boy fell down stairs at his home, Lakeville Corner Sunbury Co. on Friday last resulting in the serious fracture of one of his legs near the thigh.

IT WILL REACH A MILLION.

AGENT MOORE'S DEFALCATION IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Examination of the Connecticut Mutual's Books Shows Surprising Crookedness—Meanwhile the Defaulter is at Home Without Fear of Arrest, and No Intention of Flight.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—Every new feature of the Moore defalcation is a sensation in itself. No sooner is the excitement concerning the shortage of $500,000 beginning to die out than now comes the information that not $500,000, but $1,000,000, is the amount which the defaulter is behind in his accounts with the Connecticut Mutual company. Every step in the investigation of the books has shown surprising results, and now that the whole record of crookedness has been traversed it is found that the company's losses by Moore's operations aggregate $1,000,000. The announcement of this will probably be officially made to-morrow.

Meanwhile the defaulter divides his time between his North Pennsylvania st. residence and his farm, Tanglewood. Though many reports have been given out that he has left the country, they are all groundless, and there are no indications that he anticipates any departure from the city. This afternoon a reporter found him at his city residence. He declined to be interviewed. Apparently no fear of arrest troubles him.

A gentleman who has a great deal of inside knowledge of the operations of Moore states positively that there will be no arrest. Though his name cannot be given for obvious reasons, his statements are regarded as trustworthy. The reason there will be no arrest, he says, is because of the social relations existing between Moore and some of the officials of the loaing company. "There is no need for Moore to leave the city," says this authority, "because the company has not the slightest inclination to enter into any legal proceedings against him. Nobody knows this better than he himself either, so there is no danger of his taking fright and running away."

Cable Briefs.

M. Carteret, the leader of the Swiss Radicals, died yesterday.

Minister Phelps was dined last evening, in London, by the Century Club.

William O'Brien M. P. was arrested in Manchester, yesterday, while addressing a meeting.

A merchant who has arrived at Suakim from Khartoum asserts that the dervishes captured Emin Pasha, who, however, escaped.

A London doctor calling himself Sellon, 40 years old, the father of a family, eloped from Nice with Ida, the pretty 17-year-old daughter of Carlos Wilcox of New York. They were arrested at Paris, and are on their way back to Nice.

It is reported that the witness, Thomas O'Connor, who charged Timothy Harrington, M. P., with employing him as moonlighter, is on his deathbed and has signed a confession withdrawing the accusations.

Count Herbert Bismarck stated in the Reichstag that his health had been disturbed during the last three years. England attached great importance to the maintenance of the authority of the Sultan of Zanibar, which Germany therefore also desired should be maintained.

It appears that O'Brien, after his escape from court, reached Wexford, Friday, after a drive of 90 miles in an open trap. He was then smuggled on board a collier, and landed at Porthieawl, Wales, and stayed a day at the Bridge. He then went to London, going thence to Manchester.

Big Financial Schemes.

QUEBEC, January 26.—Mr. Tarte of Le Canadien, sails from New York for Paris today, where he goes to join Messrs. Beemer & Chapleau, who have been there for some time past with big financial schemes on hand, among them being the construction of the bridge across the St. Lawrence here, and the acquisition of a rival to the C. P. R. short line of railway from ocean to ocean. Their present intention is said to be the acquisition of the Intercolonial and Temiscouata Railway lines, to build a new line from Quebec to Aylmer to connect with the Pontiac and Pacific junction, which is now being built to connect with the Northern Pacific line. Messrs. Chapleau, Tarte and Beemer are all at present more or less interested in one or other of these lines of railway. Their friends openly gave out that the construction of the bridge here is a sure thing as the necessary capital has been subscribed by French capitalists. Mr. Tarte's recent hasty return from Paris was, it is said, for the purpose of receiving further Government guarantees in connection with these projects.

Church of England Institute.

At the annual meeting of the ladies association last evening the standing committees rendered their report. Mrs. G. F. Smith reported for the new member committee that 25 new members had been added during the year; that there are now 221 members on the roll.

The reports of the various committees showed that the work of the year had been vigorously and successfully prosecuted.

Miss Peters, the secretary of the Girls' Friendly society, reported that it is in a flourishing state, 67 members being on the roll and 20 associates. It meets every Tuesday, evening.

The treasurer reported an income of $430.08, of which $209.40 had been spent for the library and $203.86 for general purposes of the institute, leaving a balance of $16.84 in the treasury.

A resolution of sympathy with Canon and Mrs. Brigstocke was passed unanimously.

The officers elected for the present year were: Mrs R P Starr, vice-president; Miss F Simonds, treasurer; Miss H Peters, corresponding secretery; committee of management, Miss Murray, Mrs G F Smith, Mrs Thomas Walker, Mrs T W Daniel, Mrs. Holden, Mrs Raymond, Mrs John McMillan. The meeting closed with the usual form of prayer.

Three months ago the wife of William Neatherington, died and left three small children. A relative of Mr. Neatherington, who resides in Boston—wrote to Mr. Netherington, asking him to send his children on and he would look after them. Mr. Neatherington, decided to take his children to Boston and secured a fortnight's vacation from his employer. He left Halifax about 10 days ago and nothing was heard from him until yesterday when his friends here received a telegram stating that he had died suddenly in Boston.—Halifax Mail.

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening (Sundays excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury Street.

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered at any house in the cities of St. John and Portland for a month for thirty-five cents. The subscription may be paid at the office, or to any news agent who sells the GAZETTE.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JAN. 30, 1889

THE IMPERIAL FEDERATION MEETING.

The Imperial Federation meeting last evening was very satisfactory in every way. It brought together a number of representative men, members of both political parties, differing in their views as to questions of Dominion politics, but united in their desire to promote a movement for the preservation of the integrity of the Empire. Each individual at the meeting, while proud that he was a Canadian, was also proud of being a British citizen, a member of a world wide Empire, an heir to all its past glories and a sharer in its future greatness. Each one felt indignant and justly indignant at the mean attempts that have been made to sever us from a relationship so advantageous to us, and to make us a part of a foreign and hostile nation. The chairman of the meeting was Charles N. Skinner, M. P., one of the Liberal members for this county, a gentleman who has been an active promoter of the Imperial Federation movement, and whose attachment to British connection is well known. Mr. Weldon, the other county member, was not present, although a member of the League, and it is understood that he is not in sympathy with the movement, but takes the ground assumed by Mr. Blake in his letter of last November, who is angry that the suggestions contained in his Aurora speech, made in October, 1874, were not better received. Mr. Ellis, of course, was not present; he would have been as much out of place in any meeting of loyal men as Judas Iscariot was among the disciples. No member of the local legislature was present, neither the stout Secretary, nor the wise looking Dr. Stockton, the eloquent Dr. Alward nor the genial William whose surname is Quinton. The meeting did not seem to miss them, however, for it was intent on business and not desirous of having to endure too much of that sort of verbiage which passes for eloquence in some quarters. The principal thing to be done was to pass the constitution, which did not take long to accomplish, and to elect officers for the current year. As was fitting the chief man in this province, Sir Leonard Tilley was chosen President and the Warden of the county and the Mayors of St. John and Portland, vice-presidents. The other offices were equally well filled and a strong executive committee of twenty-one appointed. Thus the Imperial Federation movement, completely organized and strong in numbers, and in the character of its and, under the happiest auspices. We congratulate all concerned on the success which has attended their efforts, to bring St. John into line with the other cities of the Empire, in this great organization, for the preservation of our birthright as British citizens, and the consolidation of the Dominions of her Majesty into a powerful and united whole, in which each member will have equal rights, equal influence and equal responsibilities.

MR. PERLEY'S REPORT.

Mr. Perley's volumnious report on the best means of providing deep water accommodation in the harbor of St. John, a summary of which was published in the GAZETTE yesterday afternoon, is an important and suggestive document. It is addressed to the Public Works Department, of which Mr. Perley is chief Engineer, and simply came before the Board of Trade as a matter of courtesy, for the information of its members. Few people, we think, will be disposed to find fault with Mr. Perley's conclusions in regard to the best site for a deep water terminus and the proper means of creating one. At the Ballast Wharf the government already possesses a valuable property on which there has been much money expended, so that the suggested improvement there would be substantially an extension of the facilities which the government has already created in that quarter. Mr. Perley proposes that a wharf be built from the present government pier to Reed's Point, a distance of 820 feet, on the harbor line, such wharfing to be composed of a block 715 feet in length and 100 in width, with a depth of 26 feet at spring tides on the outer face, and a depth of 25 feet on the inner face. The wharf would accommodate four large steamships at once. This plan would increase the deep water frontage of the harbor to about 3000 feet or sufficient to accommodate eight large vessels at once, a number as great as is likely to be ever present at one time for many years to come. Mr. Perley estimates the cost of these improvements at $330,000, assuming that the city of St. John will convey to the crown the right to construct wharfing, and the right to occupy the bed of the harbor between the government pier and Reed's Point wharf, free of charge. There would be an opening 80 feet wide, spanned by a drawbridge, between the end of the proposed new pier and Reed's Point wharf, so that small vessels could be admitted to Charlotte street extension, as at present. By means of rails laid on the pier and this drawbridge, access could be had to the city wharves at Reed's point, and the other private wharves to the northward. The scheme, which is substantially the same, as the one proposed years ago, for the improvement of our terminal facilities, seems to be the best that could be devised, and the only serious objection that can be urged against it is one common to all plans for new wharves on the east side of the harbor, that grain laden cars from the West, would have to cross the bridge and be subject to tolls thereon. No doubt the Common Council will be prepared to grant the government all the necessary facilities for carrying out this plan, and, we trust, that it will be taken hold of seriously, and accomplished without any unnecessary delay.

THE MAINE SAVINGS BANKS.

A few days ago the Globe made a great point in favor of Maine over New Brunswick, regarding the fact that the Savings Banks of Maine had a much larger sum of money on deposit than the Savings Banks of New Brunswick. The Globe dishonestly concealed from its readers the truth that there is no analogy between the Savings Banks of Maine and those of Canada. The Savings Banks of the Dominion are intended for the savings of the people, as distinguished from the capitalist class, and no one individual is allowed to have more than $1,000 on deposit, or to deposit more than $300 in any one year. The Maine Savings Bank system permits wealthy men to use the banks as places for the investment of their money, where they can get better rates of interest than in any other way. The Bangor Commercial discloses the fact that there are capitalists in Maine with deposits in the Savings Banks to the extent of as high a sum as $50,000. Under the law incorporating Savings Banks in Maine a bank is not allowed to receive from any one depositor more than $2,000, but there are 55 Savings Banks in the State, and capitalists claim that under the law they have a right to deposit $2,000 in each of them, so that one man might have $110,000 on deposit in the Savings Banks of Maine.

The Bangor Commercial in the course of an article, in which it protests against a bill now before the Maine Legislature for the reduction of the Savings Bank tax from ¾ to ½ of 1 per cent., lets in some curious light on the manner in which these institutions have been diverted from their legitimate objects and used by capitalists for their own advantage. It quotes the statement recently made by the Bank examiner of Maine, in his report to the Legislature that "Capitalists of our own State in evasion of law, go from bank to bank with their money and deposit in each the maximum sum allowed any single depositor in the same bank, and then open accounts in the names of several members of their family with two thousand dollars to the credit of each." The Commercial insists that the law should be amended so as to prevent capitalists from trespassing on the rights of the deserving depositors, and escaping their share of taxation by placing large sums in the Savings Banks. It then goes on to say:

> The assessors hunt up the last horse, ox, cow, calf, sheep and pig, and in fact everything of value to the farmer, even to the dog, for taxes, and why should they not be allowed to hunt up the money of capitalists hidden away in savings banks? Under the United States law national bank stock is liable to municipal, county and State taxes the same as other similar property. Every citizen who desires to have equal taxation should demand of the Legislature that the law be so amended as to give to cities and towns the right to tax all national bank stock in savings banks, the banks being allowed to deduct the amount thus taxed from the amount upon which they pay a State tax, the same as is now done with real estate. The exemption of national bank stock in possession of saving banks from local taxation, gives the trustees of these institutions a great advantage over other citizens in the purchasing of bank stock, the individual being obliged to pay upon the stock 2 per cent, tax, and in some places 2 1-4 to 2 1-2 per cent, while savings banks pay taxes on their securities upon an average is 1 1-2 per cent. on bank stock owned by savings banks and it makes an additional burden for the tax payers, wholly for the benefit of savings bank depositors. The savings banks own 25 per cent. of the stock of Maine national banks, and will soon have a majority of the stock unless the law shall be amended so as to take away from the banks this unequal and unjust privilege.

Here then we have the "true inwardness" of the bloated condition of the Maine Savings Banks and a through exposure of the false and misleading comparison made by the Globe between the savings banks of Maine and of New Brunswick. There is no falsehood that the Globe would not tell for the purpose of injuring this country, but fortunately, since the GAZETTE has been in existence, the misleading statements of that disloyal paper no longer go without criticism, but are promptly exposed.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

As the terms of the proposed union of the two cities of St. John and Portland have not been made public up to the present time of writing, it would be premature for us to discuss them to-day farther than to affirm, that a union between the two cities on fair terms, seems a most desirable measure, and one that should commend itself to the inhabitants of both places.

The appearance of the Compte de Paris as a factor in the present crisis in France is not likely to work to the advantage of General Boulanger, for the voters of Paris, although they may condemn the present government of France, can hardly be expected to favor a monarchy with a Bourbon, albeit a grandson of the Citizen King, on the throne. France has had enough of the Bourbons, a family which has not given them a king of even respectable talents since the death of Louis XIV.

There does not seem to be the remotest prospect of the Senate Tariff bill, which is now before the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, becoming law this year. The present Congress ends on the 4th of March, and a session of the new Congress is not likely to be held until next October. Consequently the duty on fresh fish, and other provisions hostile to Canada, cannot come into force is 1889, and may never come into force at all.

The strikes on the Surface roads of New York and Brooklyn have produced an unfortunate state of affairs in both cities. The strikers not only claim the right to refuse to work for such wages and on such terms as the Companies offer, but they have banded themselves together in an effort to prevent any other persons from accepting the employment which they refuse. The matter is one in which the people of the two great cities are vitally interested, and the inconvenience to which so many thousands have been put by the strikes is not likely to increase public sympathy for the strikers.

Mr. Bayard does not appear to be in a very warlike frame of mind over the Samoan affair. He is reported to have said to an interviewer that the question for Americans to consider was whether they shall continue to maintain neutrality as between Mataofa and the Germans, or assume the role of belligerents toward Germany in behalf of one of the two claimants to the throne. Thus far Germans had given the United States absolutely no cause for war. The flag which was burned in Samoa was not hoisted in assertion of American rights. There is no analogy between the cases of Samoa and Hayti, and more to the same effect. If these things are so, why this perturbation in Congress? Why these violent denunciations of Germany? And why have three or four American warships been ordered to Samoa?

HERE AND THERE.

A West Shore locomotive attempted to start at Conajoharie, N. Y. The draught through the furnace made a terrific noise and so frightened a horse owned by Thomas O. Williams that the animal fell dead.

Hans Kittleson, a farmer living near Waneka, Minn., had a balky team attached to a load of hay. He built a fire under the team to start them. The flames consumed the hay, horses, sleigh and all.

An action for libel has been taken against the Montreal Witness for $5,000 by George Meagher, who alleges that the newspaper in question published libelous statements concerning the plaintiff.

The flames of the volcano of Kilauea, in the Hawaiian Islands, which became extinct in 1886, are again enkindled and clouds of steam and vapor are issuing from the several craters, from which jets of lava are thrown to a height of twenty-feet.

A cock-fight was held at Saugatuck Coun. Sunday night between Westport and Fairfield birds. It was attended by lawyers, physicians, sporting men and one clergyman. The stakes were $10 a battle and $50 on the main. Seven battles were fought, of which Westport won four.

Montreal La Press, reads Rev. Mr. Bedard, parish priest of St. Constant, a very severe lesson on account of the active part that gentleman took in the late Lapraire election, and it is not improbable that the over-zealous curate will be summoned to answer for his act before the head of the diocese.

A French Canadian *cantatrice le grande*, Albani, is without doubt the most popular woman in all Montreal to-day, and, in fact, its best citizens of every race and creed vie with each other in paying homage to the transcendent qualities of one who was known many years ago on the Upper Richelieu as little Emma Lajeunesse. The distinguished singer lunched Friday at the residence of Sir George Stephen; Drummond street, and dined at the same place in Mr. Angus'.

In the superior criminal court at Boston on Monday, George Plaisted and Oliver Gibson, members of the Salvation Army, were each fined $10 and costs for playing upon a cornet in the public streets without a permit from the police board. The men were convicted about a year ago, but Plaisted took exceptions, which the supreme court has recently over-ruled in the decision in which it was held that the police commission act was constitutional.

The Counties' Council of the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry have passed a resolution in favor of the prohibition of the manufacture and importation of intoxicating liquors in the Dominion. They also passed a resolution in favor of having all county officers now appointed by the government, paid by salary. The council, the warden and clerk were instructed to sign the petition of the city of Ottawa against the exemption from taxation.

Olive culture in California is rapidly assuming large proportions. There are orchards there of 15,000 trees, and thousands more are being set annually. In that sunny clime the olive crop is as absolutely sure as anything earthly can be. It is gathered in December and January, when help is plenty, and keeps zemarkably well. The trees are set 35 feet apart, and as ten years are required to bring them from cuttings to the bearing point, grape-vines are set between them. At maturity the average yield is $20 worth of fruit per year.

The influence of one good sire is scarcely estimable, but in the Live-Stock Journal Almanack for 1889 Mr. W. Burdett-Contts, M. P., calculates that the celebrated hackney stallion Triffit's Fireaway represents in his stock a money value of £250,000. He is now rising thirty years old and has been at the stud for over twenty-five years. He has averaged over one hundred foals a year, the last prices of which are given at £100 each. So great is his influence that his stock can be recognized at sight, and an instance is given of foals got got by him out of a cart-mare which as five-year-olds were sold by London dealers at 300 to 400 guineas the pair.

Two monster Russian guns have been sent to Sebastopol for the purpose of being placed in the new ironclad Sinope, and although some of the details must be inaccurate, the official description is too interesting to be ignored. They are twelve-inch pieces, weighing fifty tons, and throwing projectiles of nearly half a ton. The powder charge is 270 pounds, and the initial velocity 3,000 metres, while the distance of the cannon's range is said to be twenty versts, or over thirteen miles. As a consequence the fire of the guns can only be directed by the map, the object fired at being out of sight. Two men, however, suffice for each gun, as they are worked by hydraulic machinery.

The strange case of Mrs. Emma Althouse, the celebrated Attica sleeper, is again puzzling men of science. Physicians prophesied her death months ago, yet she still lives. It is feared, however, that the sleep she is now in will be her last. She is growing thinner day by day and appears weaker after every trance or sleeping spell. She fell into one of these trances the middle of last month and slept for nine consecutive days. This was thought to be her end and preparations were made for the funeral, but she awoke and remained conscious three days. Since Jan. 3 she has been asleep. Her face is entirely colorless, and she has the appearance of a dead person.

Thomas Murphy, of Baltimore, has just had a narrow escape from being killed by the law. He disappeared from his home in California in 1881, and nothing was ever heard of him. His father died in three years afterward, and the son's share of the estate amounted to about $2,000. On the 8th day of last December the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia determined that Thos. Murphy was legally dead, and that if he did not contradict the statement within three months after Dec. 22 the Court would officially decree him dead and grant letters of administration on his property to the counsel for his brother, Michael Murphy, of New York. Recently Thomas turned up, having read the advertisement in a Baltimore paper. He objected to being made a legal corpse and claimed his money. The Judge read from the Bible: "For this, my brother, was dead and is alive again; was lost and is found."

There resides in Urbana, O., a veritable family of cranks. Their name is Glenn, and two sisters are now living. Years ago the father bought coats for the boys, but neglected one of his sons. John, jr., whereupon the boy said he would never wear a coat as long as his father lived. He went upstairs to his room, where he remained until fourteen years after, when the father died. The house was afterwards painted all over with the most grotesque and curious designs. While John, the peculiar, and a brother were disputing about these designs, the brother said, "John I wish you would go upstairs and stay there." John did so, remaining as before for four years, coming down to attend the brother's funeral. John, the recluse, is bleached as white as a woman, because of his long confinement. He is sixty-five years old. A sister has charge of the finances, but the sisters and brother live a secluded life, never mingling with the world without.

WARNING TO GUM CHEWERS.

A Little Girl Suffering from Facial Paralysis—The Muscles of Her Face Are Powerless.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 28.—The most remarkable case that has come under the observation of the medical fraternity in this city for a long time is that of Mary Yountz, aged 12 years, who is suffering from facial paralysis. This affliction is due to chewing gum, she having employed the use of her jaws so constantly during the last three months that the muscles of her face are powerless and her nerves are in a dilapidated condition. When she laughs her face represents an amusing sight, and yet there is much sympathy felt for the little miss here, as her condition is regarded a serious one by the physicians who have been called upon to treat her. In whatever position she is able to twist her mouth, the muscles remain, and the face is thus in a contorted shape until one of the members of her family assist her to place it in proper condition with their hands. Her chin drops, and it frequently becomes necessary to tie a bandage over her head to keep the lower jaw in its proper place. Mary is now under the care of Dr. Hites, who is applying plasters to her face, and under this treatment she seems to be improving, but very slowly. This is the first-case of the kind that has been heard of by many of the prominent physicians of this city, and their treatment is much in the order of an experiment. The physicians have been attending her since Tuesday.

On the Verge of Starvation.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 26. A special from Kansas City to the Post-Dispatch says: Information has been received here that many of the people in Seward county, Kan., are on the verge of starvation. Appeals have been sent to various places and today a letter was received by the postmaster here from Mrs. James K. Richardson, who lives 11 miles from West Plains, in which she says: "Many of us have not sufficient food, and only a few have enough clothes to hide our nakedness. There is no opportunity for the people to earn anything by labor, as there is nothing to do and no money to recompense them if such were the case. Children are without proper nourishment, and the mild winter alone has been their salvation." The writer makes a plaintive appeal to the people of Kansas City. Seward county is in that part of Kansas that has suffered from crop failures, and many of those who went there with little money lost their all, and are now forced to appeal to the charitable for help.

An Alarming Possibility.

"William Henry, you have the elegant new mustache, you might be a famous man."

"I don't want to be a famous man."

"Why not?"

"Well, as I am now, people address me respectfully as William Henry."

"Yes."

"And if I were famous they would slap me on the back and call me Bill."—Nebraska State Journal.

Fitted to Become a Lawyer.

Lawyer—And so you really think, Bobby, of becoming a lawyer when you grow up?

Bobby—Yes, sir; my Uncle James thinks I ought to be a lawyer.

"Does he, indeed! And why does your Uncle James think so—because you are bright and smart?"

"No, sir; because I ask so many fool questions.—Texas Siftings.

Dress the Hair

With Ayer's Hair Vigor. Its cleanliness, beneficial effects on the scalp, and lasting perfume commend it for universal toilet use. It keeps the hair soft and silken, preserves its color, prevents it from falling, and, if the hair has become weak or thin, promotes a new growth.

"To restore the original color of my hair, which had turned prematurely gray, I used Ayer's Hair Vigor with entire success. I cheerfully testify to the **Efficacy** of this preparation."—Mrs. P. H. Davidson, Alexandria, La.

"I was afflicted some three years with scalp disease. My hair was falling out and what remained turned gray. I was induced to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and in a few weeks the disease in my scalp disappeared and my hair resumed its original color."—(Rev.) S. S. Sims, Pastor U. B. Church, St. Bernice, Ind.

"A few years ago I suffered the entire loss of my hair from the effects of tetter. I hoped that after a time nature would repair the loss, but I waited in vain. Many remedies were suggested, none, however, with such proof of merit as Ayer's Hair Vigor, and I began to use it. The result was all I could have desired. A growth of hair soon came out all over my head, and grew to be as soft and heavy as I ever had, and of a natural color, *and firmly set*."—J. H. Pratt, Spofford, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

LANDIN

One Carload Goldie's Star Flour,
" " Oatmeal,
INCLUDING
Standard, Roller & Granulated.
All the above in barrel and half-barrel.

DUE TO ARRIVE,
One Carload Barley, Split Peas and Whole Peas.

For Sale by

GEORGE S. DeFOREST.

COFFEE, SPICES, CREAMTARTER, &c.

A full line of Fresh Ground RED, WHITE and BLACK PEPPER, GINGER, CLOVES, CINNAMON, ALLSPICE, MIXED SPICE, MACE, NUTMEGS, ENGLISH MUSTARD, BELGIAN CHICORY, SWEET HERBS, Blueing, BLACKING and WALNUTS, FILBERT'S BRAZIL, NUTS, PEANUTS and ALMONDS, &c., &c., at Lowest Wholesale Rates.

ALFRED LORDLY & CO.

Steam Spice and Coffee Mills,

Paradise Row, Portland, N. B.

Intercolonial, Eastern Extension and Windsor Branch Railways.

TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside, "Tender for Fencing," will be received until SATURDAY 16th February, for the erection of all or any part of the fencing referred to in a specification dated 18th January, 1889, and which can be obtained at all booking stations.

All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Moncton, N. B.

N. W. BRENAN,
UNDERTAKER,
555 Main Street,
PORTLAND, N. B.
BRANCH.
88 Charlotte Street.
St. John, N. B.

New Victoria Hotel,

248 to 252 Prince Wm. Street,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
J. L. McCOSKERY, Pro.

One minute's walk from Steamboat landing Street Cars for and from all Railway Stations and Steamboat Landings pass this Hotel every five minutes.

IMPERIAL
TRUE FRUIT SYRUP.

A choice compound of the juices of our own lucious Strawberry
—AND THE—
Richest Fruits of the TROPICS.

If your grocer cannot supply, go to 43, Dock street.

McLEOD Manufacturing Co.

SAINT JOHN OYSTER HOUSE.
No. 5 KING SQUARE (North Side).
IN Stock:
100 BBLS OF NARROWS OYSTERS (large fat.)
100 " " MALPEQUE "
75 " " SHEDIAC "
(just rec'd)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Cider on Draught, Lambs' Tongues, Pigs Feet.
CHAS. H. JACKSON.

WHY SUFFER SO MUCH PAIN

From RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, when

MANNING GERMAN REMEDY

will most surely cure you. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by

W. HAWKER & SON, Druggists, and Proprietors.
110 Prince Wm. St.

Get Your Carpenter Work
DONE BY THE
A. CHRISTIE, W. W. Co.,
First-Class Work at Low Prices.
Office—28 Waterloo St. Factory—City Road.

Just Through Stock Taking.

Immense Stock of
English and Scotch Tweeds
At a great reduction.
25 per cent. discount for Cash.
A Grand Special Sale during the remainder of January.
Now is the time for bargains as the season is advanced.
Don't miss this chance.

300 ROLLS

Of the best English and Scotch Tweeds, English Corkscrews and Diagonals, English Hairline Trouserings.

Overcoatings in Meltons, Beavers, Pilots and Nap cloths.

Parties purchasing their cloth from me can have their measures taken and their garments cut free of charge.

A splendid stock of good Ready made clothing.
(Quality A. 1.)
Prices Lower Than Ever
Clothing made to order in the latest and best styles.
A first-class Cutter on the Premises.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
City Market Clothing Hall,
51 Charlotte Street,
T. YOUNGCLAUS,

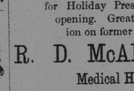
FANCY SOAPS,

—IN IMITATION OF—
Apples, Pears, Walnuts, Oranges, Lemons and Strawberries. Also Roses (PALE AND DEEP), Margarette, Sunflower and Dahlias.

80 DOZEN JUST RECEIVED.

Will be sold low by the Doz. or Box containing three cakes each. CHRISTMAS CARDS and goods suitable for Holiday Presents now opening. Great reduction on former prices.

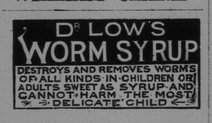
R. D. McARTHUR,
Medical Hall,
No 59 Charlotte Street,
Opposite King Square.



FREE

S.W. Field Gold Watch sold for $100, until later best 25 watch in the world. Perfect Timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Case. Both ladies and gents size. Also a valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 20 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all expense, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 418, Portland, Maine.

CAFE ROYAL,
Domville Building,
Corner King and Prince Wm. Streets.
MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.
DINNER A SPECIALTY.
Pool Room in Connection.
WILLIAM CLARK.



WILLIAM PUGSLEY, D. C. L.
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law.
OFFICES
Cor. Prince Wm. & Church Sts.

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED
A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

BEST QUALITY
American and Canadian Rubbers,
Women's 45 cents.
Men's 65 cents.
R. A. C. BROWN,
19 Charlotte St.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL,
Masons and Builders.
Mason Work in all its Branches.
Slating and Cement Work a specialty
Boilers, Ranges, Mantels and Grates Set, of the most approved patterns.
JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.
Order Slate at A. G. Bowes & Co., Canterbury Street.
W. CAUSEY, Mecklenburg St. ROBT. MAXWELL, Saint David St.

ESTABLISHED 1846.
M. N. POWERS.
Coffin and Casket Warerooms,
OLD STAND 77 AND 79 PRINCESS STREET,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
Coffin and Casket Material of all kinds, for Sale at Lowest Prices. Orders in the City and County attended to with despatch.

1888. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. 1889.

WE are now showing a large and varied assortment of Goods Suitable for above seasons in latest London Styles.

STIFF and SOFT FELT HATS,
FALL STYLE SILK HATS,
CLOTH CAPS,
" CORDUROY CAPS, TWEED CAPS,
PLUSH CAPS, ASTRACHAN CAPS,
SEALETTE & Ect.,
SCOTCH KNITTED CAPS,
" HAVELOCK CAPS.
ALMA CAPS,
PULLMAN CAPS,
T. O. SHANTERS Etc

FUR CAPS
—IN—
PERSIAN LAMB, BOKARAN ASTRACAN, CRIMMER, ICELAND, OTTER, SEAL, BEAVER, BALTIC SEAL, Etc.

BOAKARAN LAMB SACQUES, ICELAND LAMB SACQUES, CRIMMER LAMB SACQUES, B. ERMINE SACQUES.
Linings in Squirrell, Hampster, Musquash etc.

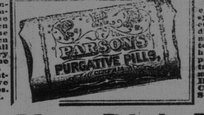
Bear Boas, Blk Marten Capes, Beaver Capes, Collars, Hoods, Muffs and Boas.

Gloves in Kid. Buck, Woollen, Fur, etc.
LOW PRICES.
Robert C. Bourke & Co.
61 Charlotte Street.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND,
REPRESENTING
The Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Co. in the World.
J. SIDNEY KAYE,
GENERAL AGENT FOR NEW BRUNSWICK.
Office, No. 8 Pugsley's - - - Building, Saint John, N. B.

Parsons' Pills

These pills were a wonderful discovery. Unlike any others. One Pill a Dose. Children take them easily. The most delicate women use them. In fact all ladies can obtain very great benefit from the use of Parsons' Pills.
One box sent postpaid for 25 cts., or five boxes for $1 in stamps.
30 Pills in every box.



The circular around each box explains the symptoms. Also how to cure a great variety of diseases. This information alone is worth ten times the cost. A handsome illustrated pamphlet sent free contains valuable information. Send for it. Dr. I. S. Johnson & Co., 33 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Make New Rich Blood!

PLUMBING.

Special and Prompt Attention given to repairs.

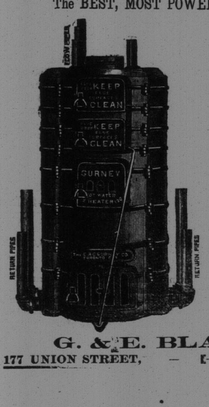
Tin and Sheet Iron Work done with neatness and despatch.

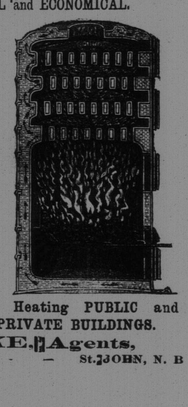
A. G. BOWES & Co.,
21 Canterbury Street.

Livery and Boarding Stables,
Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.
DAVID CONNELL.
Horses Boarded on Reasonable Terms.
Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at Short Notice

THE BELL CIGAR FACTORY,
BELL COURT, off CHURCH STREET.
Manufacturers of
CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS,
SPANISH DOUBLOON, CRESENT
PETIT BOUQUET &C.
5,000 lbs SCRAPS for sale low.

CURNEY HOT WATER HEATER
The BEST, MOST POWERFUL and ECONOMICAL.





For Heating PUBLIC and PRIVATE BUILDINGS.

G. & E. BLAKE, Agents,
177 UNION STREET, - - - St. JOHN, N. B

H. JONAS & CO.
GROCERS' SUNDRIES
ESSENTIAL
OILS
AND
Flavoring Extracts

SOMETHING NEW
—IN—
BELTING
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR OF
KNUCKLE-JOINT LINK LEATHER BELTING
J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO.
MONTREAL

PLATE GLASS
French Mirror Plate
INSURANCE
ROBERT BEAKBANE
MONGENAIS, BOIVIN & CO.
MONTREAL

PAINTS
OILS, COLORS,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
WINDOW GLASS,
VARNISHES, ETC.
A. RAMSAY & SON,
MONTREAL.

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.
COCKLE'S PILLS—Free from Mercury.
COCKLE'S PILLS—For Liver.
COCKLE'S PILLS—For Indigestion.
COCKLE'S PILLS—For Heartburn.
COCKLE'S PILLS—In use eighty-six years.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
Wholesale by EVANS & SONS Lim., Montreal.

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

The Enchanted Isles.

BY OLIVE HARPER.

[Copyrighted by the American Press Association.]

[CONTINUED.]

George ran back to tell Maxwell, and he said that they would try and kill it, for its flesh was good, and the shell would be very handy, but the boy thought they would stand a poor chance with so gigantic a beast.

"All we have to do is to turn him on his back. He can't harm us anyhow, and then we can soon finish him."

Maxwell took off his shirt and wrapped it around his injured foot and crawled on his hands and knees toward the spot, and George followed sorrowfully, for he could not bear the idea of the suffering Maxwell must be enduring now, but when they reached the spot and Maxwell saw the great creature, as large as an ox, he rose on his feet, and hitched up his pants and said:

"He is a big feller and no mistake, but we've got to have him. The worst is to turn him over. Now, take hold here and up and over with him. Now, one, two, three! Over he goes!" And they both lifted with all their strength, and at last he rose in the air and rolled over on the rock with a sounding crack of his hard shell, and there he lay wildly beating his flippers and moving his long neck around in his futile endeavor to turn back again.

Maxwell forgot his pain and drew his knife, and in a few moments the poor beast was bleeding to death, and they turned away as they saw the agonized entreaty in the great sorrowful eyes.

"If that air feller is really a commodore or a captain, may the Lord forgive me, but I don't believe nothin' of that sort of story; do you?"

"I don't think it can be so," said George. "I never heard my mother say anything like that. She said that if we were good we went to heaven when we died, and went to the other place if we were bad. It don't stand to reason, anyhow."

"You're right; but yet you know sailors says that; but then agin they says lots o' things. But even a'posin' it was true, the poor devil had otter thank me for puttin' him out'n that shape. Let's go back now and go to sleep, and in the mornin' early we can cut this feller up, and I'm thinkin' we can cure some of his meat for days when we can't get nothin' else."

So they went back and lay down on the rushes and drifted seaweed which George had gathered under the rock, and in a short time were fast asleep; but not even in their dreams did they foresee what the morning was to bring them.

CHAPTER VI.

It was scarcely light when George arose from his bed of weeds and stretched himself, and tried his fishing again with a like result, and there were fish enough to last for all day, and he cleaned them and brought them up to their little camp and spread them out again on the rocks where the sun could bake them as it had the day before.

When Maxwell awoke he found George waiting by his side.

"Why didn't you wake me before?" said he.

"I wanted you to rest. I've got fish enough for today, but we'll have to wait awhile yet for them to cook. I wish we had a fire, though it is hot enough here, to be sure, but we could cook."

Maxwell said nothing for a minute, then suddenly he put his hand in his pocket and drew out a tobacco pouch and turned its contents out on a rock. They were wet, but among the bits of tobacco were two matches. These they laid in the sun while they gathered bits of reedy sticks and drift wood all dry as tinder and then they tried the matches, which were dry. One would not burn and was thrown away, but the other did, and great was their joy to see their little fire first smoke and then burn up brightly.

Boy like George could not contain his delight, and he began to caper and hurrah, and Maxwell himself was hardly less delighted, and they soon had their fish cooked, and they were then ready for work on their great turtle. But, now, George must also provide material to keep up their fire, and he brought up more from the shore, which had a supply for many months, and they partially covered it with wet seaweed and went to dismember their turtle. This was not hard to do, the greatest difficulty being in Maxwell's sound leg, but they soon had the beautiful, bright yellow breast plate off and scraped clean, and on that they piled the strips of meat as they cut them off. The upper shell was dark green, almost black, and bore the dents and scars of many a fall on the sharp rocks, and it would when filled hold a barrelful.

They worked until the sun was over their heads, only stopping long enough for George to go and broil some slices of meat over the precious fire, and they ate them with relish. At about 1 o'clock they had finished cutting up their meat, and George cleaned of a space on the largest rock, and there they spread out the meat to dry in the sun on the trestlework they had made of drift wood.

When this was done they reposed a while, talking over their lives, their wonderful escape and their prospects.

After resting an hour George said he would like to explore a little, and he left Maxwell rubbing his leg with some of the fat of the turtle while he went up toward the highest peak he saw on the island.

About 800 or 1,000 yards from where they had made their camp he came to what had evidently been a path, and he followed it as it led left its timbers in the impassable maw of the rocky Rodondo, but they enjoyed it thoroughly, and were thankful for it.

Their life continued thus for over two years. George was now nearly 16, and he was developing into a hardy, strong and active manhood, and though the sun had burned him almost brown, he was handsome as a man can be. His free, active out door life gave him a development that he could never have had shut up in school, and yet his mind was not neglected, for during the heat of the day and the long nights his clear working was rapidly overcoming all the learning in the books at his command, and though he had had no teacher but his own will to learn, and his own study, he could have put many a college taught boy of his own age to the blush.

Maxwell regarded him with mingled awe and affection, and was not wretched in this isolation since it gave him the society of this noble boy; yet he would have been glad to see him in his proper sphere.

They both schooled themselves to think that it might be years before any ship would pass that way, and they tried to make their lives independent of the arrival or delay of succor, when one day, as they sat on their lookout, they saw a full rigged ship come into sight, and for days they both knew how much they wanted to be taken back to bread and civilization again. They raised the flag they had prepared and sent up a column of smoke to attract their attention.

CHAPTER VII.

Slowly the ship approached, and their hopes ran high, when all at once George said: "It seems as if she is going about."

"Give me the glass," said Maxwell, hoarsely. "She is heading for Albemarle and she has struck the current," said he, after a pause. "It is the current! She is lost. See, they are lowering the long boat and getting out the oars to try and pull her out, but it is no use. She will never get out now."

And George and Maxwell watched the ill fated ship until it grew dark, but it was the same old story, and in the morning they looked in vain for her. They looked for days and months for any vestige of the wreck, but they never found any, and at last they gave up hope and settled again to their monotonous existence, and they were not entirely miserable.

To say that they took no pleasure in the fact of their possession of the gold would not be true, for they often counted it up and laid plans as to their future if they should ever be saved from this island, but they could neither eat nor drink it, and it is probable that they would have given a chest full of it for a meal of bread and vegetables.

In one of the chests was a complete wardrobe for a lady and the material was rich and beautiful, and there was a case of jewels which were very fine and costly. Among the other things in the chest was a bundle of failed letters which it was almost impossible to decipher, but which made it appear that the owner of these had taken ship with her aunt for France from Ireland, to be married there to the man she loved, but who was banished from his country for political reasons. What had become of these two ladies none now could tell, but it was probable that their ship had been captured by the pirates and they had made this their rendezvous. Now pirates and captives were alike dust, and the results were here, and by right of discovery belonged to this boy and man.

Examining these chests, wandering over the island and preparing their food took up most of their time and study, conversation and sleep took the rest, and thus two weary years had dragged themselves away.

Maxwell's leg was now well, but the cords and sinews were shrunken so that it bent the knee and he could scarcely reach his toes to the ground, and he limped painfully as he walked; still he suffered no more pain and spoke of himself as cured.

They had captured over 100 of these great turtles and converted them into food and fuel and light, and their beautiful breastplates adorned the walls of their cave and their backs held the dried and smoked meat.

Winter and summer are alike in the Galapagos. No rain falls in the snow-covered Andes, and the islands are hid in heavy mist, which would wet a blanket so that water could be wrung out of it in the morning. Seasons come and go in other parts of the world, but here it is one long summer, with a torrid one eternally burning on your heads, and so it came that George and Maxwell lived on, without taking much heed of time.

George and Maxwell had fitted up their cave so that it was really comfortable, and no matter how hot the dreadful tropic sun beat down on the island outside, it was cool and pleasant within their cave, and without their fire the dampness would even have been unpleasant. As it was it was cheerful, when at night they built up a fire in their chimney which they had constructed of stones and clinkers, and they had plenty of light from its bright blaze and the lamps they made.

George brought up from the beach the coarse grasses that floated up there, and they pounded them so as to get the fiber, and then they braided loosely together into wicks, and they found shells which held fat enough to feed a flame for hours at a time.

On one side of the second cave they found a niche in the wall, which contained the statue of some saint, and in several other places hung crucifixes and other emblems, which proved that the pirates who had inhabited this island had been very worthy people, as such people go.

One day George took up the statuette of the saint which stood in the niche, and in idle curiosity he turned it over in his hands, when he saw that it was hollow, and inside of it was a roll of parchment. He soon spread this out and began studying the writing and tracings upon it, and then he called:

"Max! Max! Come here! I have made a great discovery! We can go down under the ocean and come out on another island. There's an underground passage, or rather underwater one."

"You don't say!"

"But I do though. Here is the map of it, and I declare I have a desire to see it, and go through."

"I wouldn't if I was you. We're well enough off here, and I think we hadn't better go."

"I don't want you to go, Max. I will go alone first."

"No; where you won't. Wherever you goes I goes too, and don't you make no different calkilations."

"Well, then, we will go together."

They then began to examine the paper

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

THE FRAUDULENT PRESS.

One Man Who Has No Faith in Integrity.

An old fellow called on the manager of the western bureau of press clippings.

"Look here," said he, "some time ago I learn of your institution an' thinkin' that it must be a good thing I j'ined it."

"What is your name?"

"Elisha W. Botts."

"Yes, I remember, we have your name.

"Yas, wall as I ain't hearn nothin' frum you I 'lowed that I mout have misunderstood the workin's of your establishment."

"It is perfectly plain," the manager replied. "We look over several thousands of papers every day and whenever we find anything relating to a subscriber we clip it out and send it to him."

"But you ain't sent me nothin' yet."

"Are you a prominent man in your district?"

"Wall, I reckon I orter be. I run fur justice of the peace last year an' wa'n't beat by more than fifteen votes."

"Are you much known in a business way?"

"You air talkin' to the p'int, now. Year before last I was app'inted administrator for the Widder Beason's estate. Knowed much! Why, I reckon I am."

"Yes, so I see, but the papers haven't said anything about you."

"How many of them air there, anyway?"

"Some 15,000 in all, I believe."

"And not one in all that number has said anything about me?"

"Not that we have been able to discover."

"Wall, that's strange. Did you tell any of 'em that I had j'ined this soc'yatioon?"

"Oh, no; we do nothing in that line."

"Then you don't make the press talk about a feller?"

"No, we don't do that."

"You say there is some fifteen thousand of them?"

"Yes."

"And not one of them has mentioned me?"

"Not one."

"Do you want to know what I think about the press of this country? I'll tell you. I think it is a blamed fraud. I told my wife that arter I j'ined this thing I'd git a scrap book full of things about me and her and the children, an' not a line have we got, an' the neighbors air droppin' in every day or two a-wantin' to know what the newspapers have said about me. The newspaper press of this country is a blamed fraud, sir."—Detroit Free Press.

An Entomologist's Adventures.

G. W. Tryon, of San Francisco, who is 74 years old, and white haired and white bearded, has just returned from New Mexico and western Texas, where he spent the summer collecting insects. He collected 3,600, and will sell them to collectors, colleges and schools. He has been hunting bugs since 1852, and has had some queer adventures. He thus describes a couple: "Twice I escaped from the Apaches miraculously. I was catching insects one day in a little brush patch in the Raton mountains. I had just risen up, when I saw a big Indian looking down into my net. He strode away. That night four wood choppers half a mile away from me were killed. I was left unharmed. One day I went up on top of a high knoll in the Whetstone mountains, where there was a spring, to get a drink. Brush surrounded it, and when I stepped to the edge of the spring I saw five Indians sitting there. I couldn't back out, so I asked for their tin cup, drank and came away. They killed four or five whites near at hand, but didn't bother me. They took me for some sort of a medicine man, with my nets for insect catching, and on account of my white hair and beard, and that's why I escaped."—New York Sun.

A CAPITAL GOSSIPER.

THE SMALL TALK MONGER IN WASHINGTON IS A MAN.

But He Tells Some Good Stories About the Men of the Nation—The Burns Family. Frank Lawler—Senator Ingalls' Red Cravat—Philetus Sawyer's Son.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Your Washington gossiper is a man. He has been here no one knows how many years. He knows everybody. It is the delight of his life to take you up in the press galleries, the best place in the world to see public men, and point out faces to you. His tongue moves in symphony with his forefinger. There's nobody too great for him to speak of in a familiar way, nobody too obscure for him to know something about.

"There," he says, pointing with his lead pencil to a big man in one of the rear seats of the house, "is Jim Burns, of Missouri. Know Jim? I mean the large man with the light mustache and the curly hair. That's one of the best men in the world. He weighs 325 pounds and isn't a lightweight in debate or anything else. Comes from the St. Joseph district in Missouri. He is rich. Queer thing about the Burns family is that they hold all their property in common. There's Jim and his two brothers and his two sons. Altogether they are worth about $8,000,000, and every cent of it is held in common. They have the biggest bank in St. Joseph, lots of real estate and stocks. The three Burns brothers and Jim's two sons are all chums. They live together in a great house in St. Joseph. The brothers are all widowers, and the boys have never married. Their house is like a club house, and one of the best places in the world to spend a few weeks. They have a country house at a summer resort near St. Joseph. Great times they have out there. They have plenty of guests from among "the boys" of St. Jo, Kansas City and St. Louis. It is esteemed an honor as well as a pleasure to be invited to spend a few days with the Burnses. The Burnses are always together. That's one of Jim's sons sitting beside him now. How did he get in on the floor, seeing he isn't a member? I don't know. Guess he's a committee clerk or something, nominally.

* * *

Tell you a story about this Burns boy. All the Burns boys play poker. Their father taught them how when they were little fellows. This one in particular is a great poker player. Last summer the three Burns brothers and Jim's two boys were playing a pretty stiff game one night out at their summer house. They are always playing together, and don't like to play with outsiders. On this occasion young Burns lost several big pots to his father, and then turned round and put up a hand on the old man, and beat him out of $7,000 at one show down. But you mustn't get the idea that Jim Burns is a rough man. He's a gentleman and was finely educated. He graduated second in his class at Harvard, was a circuit judge for several years, and has been in congress since 1884. He lives at Willard's hotel, where he pays $350 a month for his rooms, so he will have a good place in which to keep bachelors' hall for the entertainment of the other Burnses, who are often with him.

* * *

"The man in light clothes, with a red necktie, a smile on his face, and bangs on his forehead? That is William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey. He looks somewhat like a dude, but people who think he is one don't know him. Phelps is a brainy man. At Yale he was a leader both in the class room and on the campus. He looks effeminate, but he is an athlete. His muscles are like steel. He has a stock ranch down in Texas, and when he goes down there he's a Texan. Jumps a bronco and rides thirty miles without stopping, carries a gun and drinks a little whisky with the natives just to keep them good natured. Phelps had brains enough to make his own way in life. Before he was 25 years old he had a large law practice. Made his fortune in railroads. Some years ago he had nearly his whole fortune invested in one enterprise—the Texas Central. He kept sending good money after bad in the hope that he could tell his friends advised him to pull out or he would ruin himself. The road wouldn't pay. But Phelps stuck to it till he had put in $1,000,000, and finally the road turned the hill and made him a very rich man. He is one of the most genial men in public life. Everybody likes him. His manners are soft, almost effeminate. But if you think he hasn't a will just try him once. He can yes as quicker and stick to it longer than any man in congress. He likes to be frank and communicative when frankness will help somebody and hurt nobody, but you couldn't pull a word out of him with a yoke of steers when there are reasons why he shouldn't talk. He adores Blaine and is fond of giving dinners. It is one of the treats of Washington to sit at his table. He is generous with his money, but makes no display of it. He gives away more money in charity than anybody I know of in Washington. Do you remember how he saved young Eno from going to prison by going down into his pocket and pulling out $110,000, and fairly shaming Eno's rich father into putting up a similar sum to save his his boy? Phelps did that simply out of the goodness of his heart, and not because he had any selfish interest in young Eno, for he hadn't.

* * *

"I know of another case. When Phelps was closing his affairs some years ago he met Billy Crain, now in congress. Crain was lamenting his bad luck in a cattle ranch, and said he was likely to lose everything he had. 'How much would save you?' asked Phelps. 'Twenty thousand dollars,' said Crain. 'I'll let you have it,' replied Phelps, he quick as that, and he gave him his check on the spot. Crain has since paid back every dollar of the loan. That's the kind of a man Phelps is. He's a clear thinker, a splendid talker, and a man with a heart in him.

* * *

"The little man sitting down there in front is Senator Ingalls. Surely you've heard of him. He comes from Chicago. Used to keep a saloon there. Likes to talk about the poor workingman, and he twist the tail of the British lion. Some people poke fun at Frank because he murders the queen's English and blarneys so much, but I think he deserves a good deal of credit for pulling himself up the way he has without any early advantages. He is the hardest working man in congress. At 9 o'clock every morning he begins his rounds of the departments. He works through more pensions and things in less time than anybody. Get a case in Frank Lawler's hands, and it's almost as good as won. He sticks and hangs like a leech. About 11 o'clock he runs around the hotels, and if there's anybody in town from Chicago he shows them the sights, takes them up to call on the president, and does the fair thing by them generally. After his work in the house is done he sits up till 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning writing letters and sending out public documents. He is the greatest letter writer in congress. Popular? Should say he was. The chances are he'll come to congress as long as he wants to. He spends $800 a month in public documents to be mailed his constituents. All the people in his district have small libraries of public documents. Why, even the switchmen and gate tenders along the railroads that run through Frank's district have libraries of public documents piled up in their little shanties. They all swear by Frank Lawler. He's a man of good habits, and is nobody's fool, either. To show you how smart he is I'll tell you he wears a pair of eye glasses in his vest pocket. When he meets anybody that knows him and that he can't place he shakes hands warmly, ingeniously finds out who the person is, and then pulls out his glasses, wipes them carefully and says: 'Why, of course. I'd a-known you in a minute if I'd had my glasses on. You see, my eyes are getting weak.' Frank Lawler's eyes are as good as yours or mine.

* * *

"That great heavy man, with a body of Georgia. He weighs more than 300 pounds, and is the biggest man in Congress by long odds, and one of the most eloquent. Heard a good story about Barnes. The other day he went with some southern friends of his up into the loft of the war, state and navy building, where a fine view of the city and river is to be had. While they were up there Barnes' friends noticed him to turn pale and look scared. They asked him what the matter was, and he trembling pointed to a placard which read:

The supporting strength of this floor is 150 lbs. per sq. ft.

"'Great God!' he exclaimed, 'I weigh 300 pounds, and if I don't straddle out I'll go down!'

"And suiting his action to the word he began to take long steps so his whole weight wouldn't come on any one square foot of the floor."

* * *

Thus the Washington gossiper rattles on about one man after another, no matter who. It is all the same to him. Go over to the senate and the first man he begins on is President Ingalls.

"Ingalls," he says, "is one of the brainiest men in the senate. The only trouble with him is he likes to say smart, cutting things. He doesn't mean half he says, but he is so fond of slashing and hitting he can't let folks alone. I've heard him tear his best friends to pieces. What he likes best is to have people talk back to him. He likes to have people give him as good as he sends, and I think if some men would take a whack at him instead of going off and talking about his malignity he'd respect them more, and they'd understand and like him better. Next to his wife, he is wonderfully fond of his family. I think he likes to ridicule men in a joking way. He used to board down at the Strathmore Arms hotel, where Logan lived. Congressman Thomas, of Illinois, boarded there, too, and Ingalls used to nag Thomas unmercifully. Finally Thomas turned on his persecutor. Ingalls is like Phelps used to be in his fondness for red neckties, and one day he put on one that was unusually large and red. When they sat down to dinner that evening, Logan, Ingalls, Thomas and others all at one table, Thomas began in this way:

"'Senator Logan,' said he, 'as I was coming up Twelfth street this afternoon I saw something that shocked me very much, something that frightened me till the blood stood still in my veins.'

"'What was it?' inquired Logan.

"'Why, I looked up toward this house and the building seemed to be on fire. It was wrapped in flames. I started and ran as fast as I could, thinking of such a terrible thing it would be if my wife and you and Mrs. Logan and all the others should not be able to get out, if the hurrid flames should envelop and consume you, if we should have a great holocaust right here in our peaceful little hotel. The thought was so horrible that I ran at the top of my speed, crying fire and rousing the people along the way. The shock to my nerves was so great that I am still trembling.'

"'But what was it,' inquired Logan, 'that gave you such a nightmare as that?'

"'As I came closer to the house,' Thomas replied, 'I saw what it was. Senator Ingalls was standing on the front steps, where the rays of the setting sun caught him, and he had that necktie on.'

"For once in his life Ingalls was knocked out. While Logan and the others laughed the senator from Kansas blushed as red as the offending necktie, but he could make no reply. He didn't get mad, though, and when Mrs. Ingalls met Mrs. Thomas at luncheon next day, she said, 'Do you know, Mrs. Thomas, James is very fond of your husband? Ingalls and Thomas are now the best of friends, for the president of the senate likes a man who sasses back, but he has never since that day worn a red necktie.

* * *

"Talking about big men, that round headed, gray old fellow there isn't so very small. He is Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin. The politicians say he has the state of Wisconsin in his pocket. Sawyer told me once he came to the senate simply because he had nothing else to do. He was dying of ennui. The senatorial seat was a sort of plaything for him. He says now he has got all he can out of it that is to be had, and that he doesn't care to come back any more. But he has four years yet to serve. Sawyer is very fond of his son, who is out west, Texas, I think, on a cattle ranch. When the young man got ready to start out for himself the old gentleman gave him $450,000 and told him to take good care of himself and his money. 'That isn't the way I started in life,' added the senator; 'in order to get out into the world and get a start on my own hook, I had to buy my time from the master to whom I was apprenticed. It cost me $100 of hard earned money to get away from the blacksmith shop and into the lumber business."

If you have the time to spare your Washington gossiper will go on like this all the afternoon. He is a very entertaining fellow. WALTER WELLMAN.

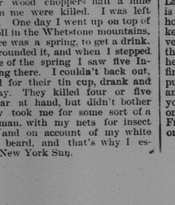
He Sold the Samples.

A drummer who had just arrived from Arizona was in town last week taking orders for shirts. He says there are bad men down there. The cowboys got hold of him and wanted to buy his samples. He replied that he wouldn't sell them for any price. "Won't, eh?" said a bystander. "Well, now, I guess you will." The tough citizen playfully toyed with the handle of a small sized cannon that he carried in his belt and told "the boys" to help themselves. And the jerseys, many striped and checked, and underwear of all kinds, was divided among the crowd. "The boys" paid the scared drummer his own price without a murmur, but declared that shirts were scarce in Arizona, 'specially some o' those fancy ones, and that life was too short to wait for shirts ordered from Texas. The drummer was slapped on the back, had his hat knocked off, was playfully pushed around among the crowd and finally invited up to drink. He didn't refuse, and was the meekest looking drummer we've seen in many a day when he arrived in Lugonia.—Lugonia Southern Californian.

Proportions of the Human Body.

It is stated that the height of the human body is generally ten times the length of the foot. The span of the arms are extended horizontally, the distance between the points of the middle fingers equals the length of the body. The face is the tenth part of the whole, the arm is four times the length of the face. The sole is one-sixth the length of the body, and six times the thickness of the hand equals the thickness of the body.—Chicago Tribune.

A Great Rarity.



Mr. Bald—Al, old boy, what can I give my wife for her birthday? Something very rare.

Al—Give her a lock of your hair.—Time.

There's Charybdis Yet to Pass.

He had declared his passion, and the answer was a favorable one, but a look of fear crept over the girl's face as she gave it.

"Darling," he said, "I suppose I ought to speak to your father at once."

"Yes, yes, George," the girl nervously replied, "but you do it at your own risk."—Life.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

A physician says that more wrinkles come from laughing than from worrying. Young women should remember this when they see a man's hat blow off and go whirling down the street.

A Good Neighbor.

"Late last fall I was laid up in bed three days with a very severe attack of diarrhœa and vomiting. Nothing benefited me until my neighbor, Mrs. Dunning, recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and brought me a half bottle, which she had by her house. In three hours the vomiting was stopped, and I was able to sit up by night. I would not now think of using any other medicine." Columbus Hopkins, Hamilton, Ont.

An Indian schoolmaster has been driven out of the country for teaching to pupils in other words, he has been shipped as a whaler.

Eminent physicians everywhere recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as the most reliable remedy that can be had for colds, coughs, and all pulmonary disorders. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Almanac; it is the best publication of the kind, and full of information.

American women are growing in muscular ability. Here is one remedy approved to have come off with one of the canons of the church.

What enhances the beauty of fine features more than a clear skin? Even plain features are made attractive by a good complexion. Secure this, purify your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has no equal. Price $1. Six bottles $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

It doesn't amount to anything, of course, but it's rather singular that a keen retort is usually made of blunt words.

A Plain Statement.

All poisonous waste, and worn out matter ought to escape from the system through the secretions of the bowels, kidneys and skin. B. B. B. cleanses, opens and regulates these natural outlets for the removal of disease.

What an awful destruction there would be if some man should happen to kick a hen as hard as he usually kicks at her.

Tried and Proved.

"I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for summer complaint, and have proved it, after a fair trial a sure cure. Mrs. Wm. Corm case and others of the family." Lauratta Wing, New Dundee, Waterloo Co., Ont.

Fogg says that some of the people on the theatrical stage remind him of his liver, because they don't act worth a cent.

Constipation.

is nearly always induced by neglecting to keep the bowels regular, and is also a frequent sequal to dyspepsia or indigestion. Regulate the stomach and bowels by using Burdock Blood Bitters, which is certain to promptly relieve and ultimately cure the worst cases of constipation.

In preparing anonymous contributions for the newspapers it is always be sure to write only on neither side of the paper.

All scalp and skin diseases, dandruff falling of the hair, gray or faded hair may be cured by using that nature's true remedy, Hall's Hair Renewer.

Cold weather ought to produce good feeling—everybody being then hand in glove, so to speak.

A Terrible Ten Years.

Mrs. Thomas Acres, of Huntley, Ont., suffered all the miseries of liver complaint for ten years. Four bottles of B. B. B. entirely cured her, making her like a new woman again, after other medicines had failed to relieve her.

It is bad for a beat where vice is tolerated for revenge only.

A Severe Attack.

Miss Bella Elliot, of Pontypool, Ont., writes—"My brother and I were both taken ill with a severe attack of dysentery. Having tried other remedies, we tried Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, which gave immediate relief.

In the Exchequer Court of Canada.

In the matter of the "Expropriation Act," and in the matter of those certain parcels or tracts of land hereinafter described.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been lodged in the office of the Registrar of the Exchequer Court of Canada, on the eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1889, a notice to the Registrar by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries of Canada, stating his readiness to pay over to the persons entitled thereto, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, which, in his opinion, is sufficient compensation for the land or property expropriated for the purposes of the erection of a beacon light at Dipper Harbor, in the Province of New Brunswick, a public work, and described as follows, that is to say:

A lot and right of way situate in the parish of Musquash, in the County of St. John, N. B., and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northwest side line of a grant in the east side of Dipper Harbor, made in the year 1835 to Hugh Campbell, and distant on said line from high water mark, 530 feet; thence, by the magnet of the year 1888, south, two degrees and thirty minutes east, 425 ft; thence south, twenty-three degrees west, 355 feet, thence south, sixty-six degrees west, 155 feet; thence south, fifty-four degrees west, 365 feet, or to its intersection with a line crossing Campbell's Island, on a course south sixty-four degrees west, and distant at right angles therefrom 100 feet from the extreme southerly point of said Island at high water mark; thence on said line north, sixty-five degrees west, 100 feet, to high water mark; thence following the line of high water mark southerly, round the point of said Island, and northeasterly to the eastern end of the line crossing Campbell's Island, as aforesaid; thence on said line north, sixty-five degrees west, 12 feet; thence north, fifty-four degrees west, 385 feet, to the extreme point of the Flat House; thence north, sixty-six degrees east, 158 feet, to a point near Daniel Cantor's well; thence north, twenty-three degrees, 410 feet; thence north two degrees and thirty minutes west, 425 feet, to the northwestern side line of the grant to Hugh Campbell, aforesaid; and thence on said line south, forty-one degrees and thirty minutes west, 42 feet, or to the place of beginning, giving a road of uniform width, extending from the present highway to the lighthouse lot of fifteen feet, and containing two roods and eighteen perches, more or less.

That Her Majesty Queen Victoria has acquired title to the said lands and premises hereinbefore described, under chapter thirty-nine of the Revised Statutes of Canada respecting the expropriation of lands, as amended by the Act 50-51 Vic. ch. 17, intitled "An Act to amend the Revised Statutes, chapter thirty-nine, respecting the expropriation of lands."

In consequence, all persons entitled to the said lands hereinbefore described land or property, or any part thereof, or representing or being the husbands of any persons so entitled or claiming to be so entitled, or otherwise howsoever, or interests therein, are called upon to file in the office of the Registrar of the Exchequer Court of Canada, their claims or opposition, on or before the 18th day of February, A. D. 1889, and are notified that such claims or opposition will be received and adjudged upon by this Court, and that the proceedings herein will forever bar all claims to compensation money or any part thereof, including any claim in respect of dower or of dower not yet open, as well as in respect of all mortgages, hypothecs or incumbrances on the said land or property.

Dated at Ottawa, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1888.

L. A. AUDETTE,
Registrar.

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

STEAMERS.

International Steamship Co., Winter Arrangement.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK —FOR— BOSTON

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Dec. 17th, and until further notice, the steamer ELEONORA will leave Saint John every MONDAY Morning at 8 o'clock (Local for EASTPORT), and thence to BOSTON, direct; and the Steamer NEW BRUNSWICK will leave St. John every THURSDAY Morning at 8 o'clock (Local for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

Returning, the Steamer NEW BRUNSWICK will leave Boston every Monday morning for St. John, via Portland and Eastport; and the ELEONORA will leave Boston every Thursday morning for St. John, Calling at Eastport only.

H. W. CHISHOLM
Agent.

THE NATIONAL,
22 Charlotte St.

Choice P. E. ISLAND and BUCTOUCHE OYSTERS served in all Styles and shelled to order.

CHOICE LUNCHES
Served at all hours. Dinner from 12 till 2 o'clock.

CIGAR COUNTER, SHOOTING GALLERY, BILLARD and POOL TABLES.

Telephone Communication.

NOTICE.

The New Brunswick Coffin and Casket Factory, 157 and 159 Brussels St.,

keeps a large stock of Coffins and Caskets on hand to select from, also, I have lately added Children's Casket Boxes. White Caskets finely finished.

Price List on application.

W. WASSON.

P. S.—Sole manufacturer of the

Double Washboard.

We have been running extra time to supply the demand for this article.

W. W.

FREE $2[illegible] Sewing-Machine FREE

Contract for the Supply of Boots for Letter Carriers.

SEPARATE Sealed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster-General, Ottawa, (for Superintendent of Stamping and Supplies), and marked "Tender for the Supply of Letter Carriers' Boots," will be received at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY, the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for the supply to the Department of Boots as per patterns from time to time required for the purposes above stated.

The estimated number of pairs required annually is Seven Hundred (700), samples of which are to be seen at the office of the undersigned Postmasters, from whom additional information can, if required, be obtained.

Halifax, N. S.; St. John, N. B.; Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Winnipeg, and Victoria, B. C., and at Quebec, Ont., 2 Winnipeg, and Victoria, B. C., and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The material and workmanship are to be, in all respects, equal to the samples, and the Boots when completed, are to be delivered, at the expense of the Contractor or Contractors, in such quantities as may from time to time be required at the Post Office department, Ottawa.

The Contract is to remain in force for a term of four years, provided always the same be executed, as to the prompt completion of the work, the quality of the material used, and the nature of the workmanship performed, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster-General.

The tender to state the price demanded per pair in the manner specified by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties undertaking that, in the event of the tender being accepted, the Contract shall be duly executed by the person or persons tendering for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor or Contractors in the sum of One Thousand Dollars, for the due performance of the Contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices above named and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 24th January, 1889.

RAILROADS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1888 WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1889.

ON and after MONDAY, November 26th, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

Trains will Leave St. John.

DAY EXPRESS	7 30
ACCOMMODATION	11 20
EXPRESS FOR SUSSEX	16 35
EXPRESS FOR HALIFAX & QUEBEC	18 00

A Sleeping Car runs daily on the 18.00 train to Halifax.

On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec Express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

Trains will Arrive at St. John:

EXPRESS FROM HALIFAX & QUEBEC	7 00
EXPRESS FROM SUSSEX	8 35
ACCOMMODATION	13 30
DAY EXPRESS	19 20

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

RAILWAY OFFICE,
Moncton, N. B., November 20th, 1888.

New Brunswick Railway Co'y.

(ALL RAIL LINE.)

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS, in effect A Jan. 7th, 1889. Leaves St. John Intercolonial Station—Eastern Standard Time.

8.40 a. m.—Express for Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west; for Fredericton, Woodstock, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls and Edmundston. Pullman Buffet Parlor Car for Bangor.

3.35 p.m.—For Fredericton and intermediate points.

8.30 p.m.—(Except Saturday night)—For Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points west; for Fredericton, Woodstock, St. Stephen, Presque Isle, Pullman Sleeping Car for Bangor.

ARRIVALS AT ST. JOHN.

5.45 a.m.—(Except Monday Morning)—From Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west; from St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle and Edmundston.

10.00 a.m.—From Fredericton and intermediate points.

4.00 p.m.—From Bangor, Portland, Boston and points west, Fredericton, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle and Grand Falls.

LEAVE CARLETON.

8.25 a.m.—For Fairville, Bangor and points west, Fredericton, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock and points west.

3.20 p.m.—For Fairville, Fredericton, and intermediate points.

ARRIVE AT CARLETON.

10.10 a.m.—From Fairville, Fredericton &c.

4.10 p.m.—From Fairville and points west.

H. D. MCLEOD, Supt. Southern Division.
F. W. CRAM, Gen. Manager.
A. J. HEATH, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

Grand Southern Railway.

ST. STEPHEN & ST. JOHN

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Dec. 3, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted), as follows:—

LEAVE ST. STEPHEN at 7.34 a. m. for Carleton at 7.45 a. m., for St. George, St. Stephens, and intermediate points, arriving in St. George at 10.21 p. m.; St. Stephen at 10.30 a. m.

LEAVE St. Stephen at 3.15 a. m.; St. George at 10.25 a. m.; arriving in Carleton at 12.07 p. m.; St John at 1.15 p. m.

Freight, up to 500 or 600 lbs.—not large in bulk—will be received by JAMES MOULSON, 40 Water street, up to 5 p. m.; all larger we

MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

LOCAL MATTERS.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

MASONIC ENGAGEMENTS.

January, 1889.

Meetings will be held at Freemasons' Hall, Germain street, during the month of January, at 8 o'clock in the evening, as follows:

Tuesday, 1st—St. John's Lodge, No. 2.
Thursday, 3rd—New Brunswick Royal Arch Chapter.
Friday, 4th—Albion Lodge, No. 1.
Tuesday, 8th—Hibernia Lodge, No. 3.
Wednesday, 9th—Encampment of St. John, K. T.
Thursday, 10th—New Brunswick Lodge, No. 22.
Monday: 14th—St. John Lodge of Perfection, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite. Special Convocation.
Wednesday, 16th—Carleton Royal Arch Chapter.
Thursday, 17th—Union Lodge of Portland, No. 18.

VICTORIA SKATING RINK.

Band and single admission this (Wednesday) evening.

CARLETON OPEN AIR RINK.

The Kingsville Band will be on the Carleton open air rink this evening.

BEARS.

Chas. McLauchlin and others, killed three bears in their den in the woods of Economy, N S a few days since.

LEG BROKEN.

Willie Gormelly, aged 10 years had one of his legs badly broken while wrestling with one of the male students of Normal School, Fredericton Monday evening.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

Messrs. Milligan, Kelly and Belyea have been appointed an executive committee by the Law student's society to make arrangements for a course of lectures to be delivered before the society by prominent lawyers of this city. A good course will likely be arranged.

MINSTREL CIRCLE.

The members of the Minstrel Circle are practising diligently for their approaching entertainment at the Institute. As the projected concerts will be superior to those given last year some very enjoyable evenings are in store for the public before the lenten season.

ACCIDENT.

Mr. Stephen Golding, father of Mr. Israel Golding, proprietor of the York Street, Fredericton, livery stables, had one of his hands quite severely mashed, while working on his farm above town on Friday. He was putting up a derrick, when one of the heavy poles fell upon his hand and caused the injury.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

Silver Division, Sons of Temperance will pay a fraternal visit to the Hampton Division Wednesday evening F b. 13.

Grand worthy associate Patterson and grand scribe David Thompson, of Grand Divisisn Sons of Temperance go to Welsford tomorrow to institute a Division at that place.

PORTLAND NIGHT SCHOOLS.

The new night school in Portland has been opened in Winter street, with an attendance of some 30 scholars. There are now three night schools in the city, two of which are in Indiantown with an average attendance of 70, making in all about 100 scholars of all ages who receive benefit from this source.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Finch lodge. I. O. G. T., last night elected officers as follows: Thomas Hicks, C. T.; Mrs. N W. Mason, V. T.; E. A. Machum, R. S.; Miss Edith Y. Sterling, A. R. S.; Mrs N. Sterling, S. J. T.; J. C. Amtiey, F. S.; N. W. Mason, treasurer; A. A. Williams, Chaplain; Joseph Johnston, marshal; Miss M. J. Lingley, D. M.; A. J. Belyea, guard; John Law, sentinel; James Woodrow, P. C. T.

W. C. T. U.

The annual public meeting of the St. John W. C. T. U. will be held tomorrow (Thursday) evening in the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 8 o'clock; Mayor Thorne will preside. Addresses will be given by clergymen of the city. The annual report will be read and choice music will make the programme a satisfactory one. Members of other unions, clergymen, and the public generally are cordially invited.

FELL DOWN STAIRS.

Mrs. Magee, a young woman living on City road fell down stairs a few days ago and hurt herself so severely that she had several fainting spells for a couple of days, when an old lady who had called in to see her said that some of her ribs were broken. Dr. Addy was then sent for. He found three ribs broken and quite a serious injury to the spine. Mrs. Magee is still in a critical condition.

SYMPOSIUM ON MISSIONS.

The ninth lecture in the Symposium on Misssons was delievered in the R. P. church, last evening, by Rev. John de Soyres who discussed Qualification of Missionaries. Rev. A. J. McFarland presided. The attendance was one of the largest since the opening of the course and all were much pleased with the speaker's rapid and earnest deliverance of his instructive address upon the needs of those who intend to carry on the work for the enlightenment of the heathen.

STORMY PASSAGE.

The bark "Ashlow," Captain Leary, arrived this morning, after a passage of sixty-two days. The captain said that this was the nineteenth passage he has made across the Western Ocean and it was the roughest. From the time they left Liverpool they had continuous westerly gales till they reached port. During the passage they lost some sails, and the sea made clean breaches over the vessel and stove in the doors of the forward house and flooded it. The cabin was also flooded. During the latter part of the voyage the men were put on short allowance of water, there being about fifty gallons only in the tanks when she was moored at her wharf to-day.

METHODIST MISSION.

The missionary meeting in Exmouth street church last evening was well attended. Rev. T. J. Denistadt read the annual report and Rev. E. Evans, treasurer of the society followed with a strong appeal for financial aid in support of foreign missions.

Miss Palmer delivered a most earnest address, appealing particularly to the women to come to the rescue of the women and children in India, China and Japan, and bring them from degradation to the folds of Christ.

Rev. Mr. Dunn gave an interesting account of his work in Newfoundland.

The meeting in Carleton was opened with scripture, reading and prayer by Rev. S. H. Rice. The report was read by the pastor of the church, the Rev. T. Marshall. Very interesting and earnest addresses were delivered by the chairman, Rev. C. H. Paisley, persident of the conference, and Rev. W. Dobson of Fredericton. The efficient choir of the church increased the interest of the service by appropriate music.

If you wish a fine imported Havana cigar, three for a quarter mild or strong, call at Louis Green's, 59 King street; satisfaction guaranteed.

THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

The fight between George Rolls, of Chicago, and New Orleans Unknown, which the police interrupted Friday was finished later in the night. The battle was characterized by vicious slugging. Both men fought gamely. In the thirteenth round the Unknown came to the scratch badly winded. After a few passes, Rolls caught his opponent under the left ear with a swinging righthander knocking him out.

* * *

Joe Dwyer, champion light-weight of Canada, and John Allen have signed articles for a wrestling match catch-as-catch-can, for $50 a side to take place on Saturday, February 9.

* * *

From present indications the stakes in the Sullivan Kilrain fight will be the largest ever fought for. Mr. R. K. Fox has received a letter from Messrs. Milton McLean, Bradley & Butterworth, proprietors of the Bacchus house, at El Paso, Texas. These gentlemen offer to add $12,000 to the stakes, if the battle can be decided there, and will erect an ampitheatre and guarantee police protection.

* * *

Duncun C. Ross, the champion Scotch wrestler, will probably wrestle Matsada, the well-known "Jap" athlete, catch-as catch-can style, at the Worcester rink, on January 31. Ross has received a letter from Matsada announcing his willingness to wrestle for $150 a side, and if the rink can be secured the match will be made. In case this is done, a number of other events will come off, including walking contests and other athletic performances.

Upper Canadians seem anxious for Hugh McCormick to skate Black of Toronto. Says the Toronto Globe:—

The challenge issued by Mr. Thomas Hughes, of Fergus, on behalf of his fellow townsman, John Black, to any skater in the world, ought to call for the attention of Frank Dowd, of Montreal, and Hugh McCormick, of St. John. Except these men there is no professional on this side of the Atlantic that Black is not reasonably sure to defeat. Axel Paulsen, though, should give him a good race.

* * *

The entries for the figure skating championship of the National Association of the United States are Louis Rubinstein, of Montreal, the present champion of America; G. D. Phillips, of New York, and Dorrance Eyens. There are no Canadian entries for the speed contest.

* * *

At St. Andrew's rink last evening in the rink medal competition, H. V Cooper defeated W. C. Whittaker by a score of 25 to 6.

The Toronto Globe seems to consider Searle something in the light of a fakir. It says:

The details of the heat of the Brisbane regatta, in which Searle and Materson were disqualified for repeated and determined fouls against Beach, afford ground for much speculation. If Searle is the wonderful sculler Australians believe him to be, it is hard to understand what his object could be in endeavoring to beat Beach by foul means, unless in the hope of benefiting Materson. The spirit of fair play which is popularly supposed to animate Australians was not demonstrated in a very marked manner by the referee at this regatta, for it was only "after some consideration" that he disqualified Searle and Matterson, and then removed the ban by allowing them to continue in the other trial and final heats. Beach's action in refusing to take any further part in the affair was manly and proper, for it was evident that there was a project to rob him and it had the tacit sanction of the referee.

* * *

O'Connor's challenge to Searle to row in California or on the Thames for £1,000 a side was published in the Australian papers of Dec. 29, but though they were offered twice as large a stake as any Australian ever rowed for his backers have not yet signified their intention of taking any action.

Provincial Notes.

The Woodstock Press of last Monday was the first paper ever printed by steam power in Carleton county.

There were no bidders for the Barker House, Fredericton, which was offered for sale by auction yesterday morning.

About a week since, Albert Day, a native of this province, was accidentally killed in a lumber camp, at Fleetwood, Mich.

Thousands of birds made their appearance at St. Martins last week. Huge flocks of robins and a bird about the same size, but all red except the wings, could be seen.

On Sunday last a schooner with a cargo was towed up the St. Croix to St. Stephen. The oldest inhabitant does not recollect of a vessel coming up the river so late in the season.

There are six hundred and fifty voters in the parish of Caraquet, Northumberland Co., and over six hundred signed a petition praying the Council not to renew the liquor licences.

A fire on Monday night destroyed the Albion House at Jolicure, Westmoreland county. It was a one story structure and an important stopping place before the construction of Cape Tormentine railway.

Mr. T. Edgar Smith, formerly of Moncton, but now residing in Boston, has invented a self-indexing, self-posting physician's ledger. The device has "taken" immensely with the medical profession.

While fireman McGrath was cleaning out the tender of engine No. 14, at Shediac a few days since he captured an eel over two feet long. It was living and in good condition, and no doubt had been in the tender for considerable time.

The ship Antoinette, Captain Ferguson, from Montevideo for Boston in ballast, has been totally wrecked on Nantucket shoals. She was 1118 tons, was launched in 1876 and owned by William Law & Co. of Yarmouth, and others and was partially insured.

John Foster, of Coldstream, Carleton county on going into his barn the other morning found that some marauder had killed off some of his poultry. On looking about he observed a very large owl roosting high and complacently surveying the scene of his midnight orgies.

A despatch from Scituate, Mass., says: One of the bodies washed ashore in Monday's storm has been identified by a friend this morning as Howard Lambertquitte of Nova Scotia. He is believed to have been a member of the crew of the wrecked schooner Edward H. Norton.

The other night S. T. Brown, a jeweler, of Caribou, gave shelter to a tramp. In the morning he had disappeared with an overcoat and seven watches stolen from Mr. Brown. He was arrested on a train for Woodstock, and while in custody stole a pair of mittens from the sheriff.

Gold was discovered last week at Broad River, Queens Co., N. S., by parties who were setting rabbit snares. Gold bearing quartz crop out of the ground at several points in the vicinity. A number of claims have already been staked off and considerable ground has been applied for.

Miss Susan Archibald, of Truro, died at the Halifax hotel early Monday morning. She came to the city four days ago to consult Dr. Parker, regarding an inward trouble with which she was afflicted, and was taken suddenly ill and died, after a great deal of suffering. She was the daughter of C. B. Archibald, and sister of L. A. Archibald.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

A Branch League Organized in St. John.

The first annual meeting of the Imperial Federation Branch League was held last evening, in one of the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. There was a large and highly representative attendance.

Mr. C. N. Skinner, M. P. was called to the chair and opened the meeting with a short address. He said he was only too willing to fall in with the principles of the league. He regarded the formation of these organizations as highly important. The question was not a new one. Benjamin Franklin, a century ago had proposed to the British Government that the colonies be represented in the British Parliament but that body then claimed the right to legislate for the colonies without giving them representation and the result was the war of the revolution which lost England her original colonies in America. Thirty years ago some British statesmen were favorable to dropping the colonies off one by one until the British nation would consist only of the British Isles. Lately this policy had been changed and the movement for Imperial Federation had been brought about by some of the ablest of British statesmen. Now the colonies are asked to express their views on this great question and the answer is being given by the formation of leagues all over the country. It was only natural, and it was well that Imperial Federation was meeting with opposition. In Canada we have grown into the liberties that other countries have been obliged to fight for and we have demonstrated the possibility of preserving a monarchial form of government while retaining our democracy. It had been urged against Imperial Federation that it was impractical but the past had proved the Anglo Saxon race possessed the ability of self government, and political science being progressive, he saw nothing impractical in the scheme, and believed that when the time arrived the people of the British Empire would be able to demonstrate their ability to fuse all the interests of the great nation and to unite the several parts of the Empire into one great nation.

There was nothing in Imperial Federation that would prevent the fullest and freest trade with neighboring nations, but such nations must remember, that while we desire to trade with them we still remain British, and there is no power on earth to make us other than British citizens. The idea of Imperial Federation was to preserve the great nation that the British people had created. There was something grand in the idea of Imperial Federation. Principal Grant had just returned from a tour around the world, and in an address he had delivered on his return, he had said that, while he had made a tour entirely around the world, he had always been under the British flag. A nation that was so great as to encircle the globe was not to be broken up or cast away, but one of which its sons should always be proud, and should forever preserve.

The constitution of the society was then read and adopted.

In nominating Sir Leonard Tilley as president of the league Rev. Dr. Wilson delivered a short but eloquent address advocating the principles of the league. He said he had strong interests in this movement, and great hopes of its future, but much depends upon the men placed in positions of trust in the movement. The object of the league, he said, was to consolidate the resources and bind together the several sections of the empire in a perpetual federation. He spoke of the greatness, freedom and enlightenment that characterize the empire. In our veins is the blood of the finest race that have ever existed. Our language is rapidly becoming the language of the race, and the day will surely come when the language of universal humanity will be that which was sung in lullabys over our cradles and will be sobbed in requiems over our graves.

Speakers felt that the principles of the league pointed out that it was no cast iron constitution. It has no set of words to control its future—it has principles. Words change their meaning, principles are eternal. The principles of the league are sufficiently elastic to meet all the requirements of the future, whatever these may be, provided, said he, we have the right men to interpret and apply them. He looked to the future with every confidence. Let it be settled that federation is desirable and federation will be accomplished. With British genius for government and British statemanship nothing in this life is impossible. Being anxious to have this branch of the league under good leadership he had great pleasure in nominating as president a gentleman whom to know is to honor, whose name is sufficient guarantee that what he undertakes to do will be well done, a gentleman who in public and private life has commanded the respect and confidence of the community — His Honor, Sir Leonard Tilley.

The election of officers resulted in the choice of the following:

President—Sir Leonard Tilley, Governor of New Brunswick.

Vice-Presidents—T W Peters, Warden of St. John County; H J Thorne, Mayor of St. John; J A Chesley, Mayor of Portland.

Recording Secretary—G Herbert Lee. Corresponding Secretary—E G Nelson. Treasurer—J R Woodburn.

Delegates to the Canadian League—Rev D Wilson, C N Skinner, M P.

Council—Gilbert Murdock, Col J R Armstrong, J O Stackhouse, Jonas Howe, E McLeod, A H Hanington, Rev W O Raymond S D Scott, A B Walker, LL B, H A McKeown, Rev W J Stewart, Thos Potts, E A Everett, H H Allingham, Col Cunard, J T T Hartt, Rev L G Macneill, A G Bowes, W M McLean, C A Everett, Wm Hawker.

Mr. James Hannay, in response to a call, said he favored the league and thought that the citizens of St. John should give those persons who would hand us over to a foreign power to understand that they had something to say about it. The destiny of Canada is in the hands of her people and is not to be bartered away.

A. B. Walker said that by federation the colonies would be lifted to a higher place and receive new inspirations.

Mr. H. A. McKeown said that the idea of an Imperial Federation is sufficiently familiar and favored the formation of a league that some practical light might be thrown on the project so that the federation might become an accomplished fact.

Mr. W. P. Dole felt that any scheme which aimed at maintaing the integrity of the Empire must command the support of every man who calls himself an Englishman.

Warden Peters said Imperial federation is assailed as a sentiment. He thought that was its strength, not its weakness. Sentiment is the safeguard of Canada. He thought it well that in this city where there are indications which seem to show a lack of loyalty in certain quarters that proof such as the league affords should be given of the existence of an overpowering element of loyalty to the crown. The existence and success of this league is sufficient indication to all Canada of the existence of firm loyalty in this city by the sea. Anyone who imagines that we are anxious to change our relation to the empire is very much mistaken. The league possessed the advantage, in a negative way, that it proclaimed us beyond question to be the true sons, as we claim we are, of true loyalists.

Mayor Thorne said he had only found one young man in St. John who was an avowed annexationist. He believed that such a scheme as commercial union meant ruin to our manufacturers and merchants.

Rev. J A Gordon thought that church law should be applied to the gentlemen desirous of breaking up the Empire. When a church member aims at disruption of the church he is excluded. If he were an annexationist he would pack his valise and step across the line. He was in full sympathy with the idea of imperial federation and confident of a grand destiny for Canada and the empire.

C. N. Skinner, M. P., was tendered a vote of thanks for his zealous work for the league and the meeting adjourned.

Brevities.

Messrs. C. H. Martin & Co., exhibit in their window fine life size portraits in crayon of the late Mr. and Mrs. Keefe.

At Mr. Morley's organ recital in St. Stephen's church next Tuesday, the Oratorio Society will sing Hear my Prayer, Mrs. Gilchrist taking the solo.

The machinery in the new electric light station at Portland worked well last night and the streets were better lighted than they have hitherto been for several months.

The missionary meeting of Centenary church will be held this evening, at 7.30 o'clock. The speakers of the evening will be Rev. Messrs. E. Evans, W. Dobson and S. B. Dunn.

At the meeting of St. David's Church Y. P. A. last evening an interesting paper on the life of Hedley Vickars was read by Miss Helen Adam, and another on International Differences by J. Arch. Milligan.

The treasurer of St. John P. O. Asylum acknowledges the following contributions: St. David's Presbyterian church, $36.23; Queen Square Methodist church, $25.80; R. P. Starr, $25; a friend, $25; a friend, 10; Mrs. F. E. Barker, $5; R. B. Emmerson, $5; Harry D. Peters, $2.50; J. E. Fitzgerald, $1.28.

Personal.

F. W. Holt, manager of the Grand Trunk railway, C. W. Young and Jas. McKenzie of St. Stephen are at the Victoria.

J. P. Black of Montreal is at the Royal.

Lieutenant Governor McLelan of Nova Scotia, arrived here this morning by the Quebec express with his wife and private secretary. The party took lunch at the station and left for Boston by the early train.

Portland Police Court.

Michael Creighton, drunk on the City road, paid $4.

Joseph Kerr, one of the young men who assaulted Officer McGrath the other day on Gilbert's lane, was arrested this morning in the city.

This afternoon Kerr was arraigned before the magistrate and fined $40 or 3 months jail.

City Police Court.

Charles Allen, a protectionist, was discharged.

William Peters, drunk on Sheffield street, was fined $4 or 10 days.

John Riley, charged with assaulting and striking Margaret McKean, was fined $5 and 1.50 costs.

MACAULAY BROS. & Co.

61 and 63 King St.

THE FIRST IN THE MARKET.

The New Shower Proof Paramatta Circulars and Langtry Dolmans.

They are just what has been wanted for years,

Viz, a garment for Rain or Fog, and still as well adapted for travelling or dust cloak.

This want they fill in every respect:

Durable because the Seams are all Stitched;

WATERPROOF without any Appearance of Rubber;

Soft and Pliable, hang on the figure like all wool material.

ALL SIZES NOW IN STOCK.

Macaulay Bros. & Co.

FLOUR.

FOR SALE Jan. 22nd, 1889.

500 Bbls Golden Eagle,
375 " Daisy,
375 " Golden Star,
250 " Walzen,
250 " Purity,
125 " Vendome,
250 " Snowball,
100 " Manitoba,
150 " Minnehaha,
300 " Golden Lion,
200 " Corn Meal,
100 " Standard Oatmeal,
160 " Roller "
40 " Pot Barley.

W. F. HATHEWAY,

17 and 18 South Wharf.

BIRTHS.

SOMES—At West 100th street, New York, on the 22nd inst., the wife of Edgar R. Somes, of a son.

WARD—At Lakeville, King's Co., N. S., Jan. 25th, the wife of H. B. Ward, of a daughter.

RAND—At Kentville, N. S., Jan. 27th, the wife of F. C. Rand, collector of customs, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

LANE-EWING—In this city, on the 28th inst., by the Rev. W. O. Raymond, Frank Lane, of St. John, N. B., to Lindia Ewing, of Portland.

WILSON-BUSTIN—At Boston, by the Rev. J. M. Gray, on the 28th inst., Mr. Jas. A. Wilson to Miss Aggie B. Bustin, daughter of Mr. Robert Bustin, formerly of this city.

DIED.

WHEATON—In Carleton, on the 29th January, Margaret, wife of Ephraim Wheaton, in the 64th year of her age.
☞Funeral from her late residence, King street, on Friday, at 3 o'clock.

BRIGSTOCKE—At Windsor, Nova Scotia, on the 27th inst., Hervey Charles Brigstocke, second surviving son of the Rev. Canon and Mrs. Brigstocke.

CAPSON—At West Quaco, St. Martins, on the 25th inst., after a short illness, James Capson, in the 37th year of his age, leaving a wife and six children to mourn their loss.

MORTON—Suddenly on Sunday, the 27th inst., at Indiantown, Henry Everett, infant son of Mr. Sylvenus and Elizabeth Morton, aged 6 weeks and 5 days.

HANFLINSON—At Weymouth, N. S., Jan. 17th, after a lingering illness, Capt. Elijah Hanflinson, aged 63 years.

WILKINS—At his residence, Haymarket Square, on January 20th, John Wilkins, Esq., in the 86th year of his age.
☞Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOURNAL OF SHIPPING

Port of St. John.

ARRIVED.

Jan 29—Sch Theresa, 194, Glass, from Eastport, R C Elkin, bal.
Jan 30—Bark Ashlow, 639, Leary, Liverpool, O Emery & Co.

CLEARED.

Jan 29—Sch Nellie Clark, Gayton, for New York

Canadian Ports.

CLEARED.

At Halifax, 28th inst, stmr Damara, Dixon, for this port; bark Patent, for Port Medway.

British Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Liverpool, 27th inst, stmr Wandraham, hence.
At Barbados, 25th ult, sch Nellie Pickup, Gaffett, from Bridgewater, N S; 30th, brigt Maggie Page, Dexter, from Lockport; 1st inst, schr Atwood, McCrae, from Port Williams; 3rd inst, bark Hawthorn, Chapman, from Buenos Ayres; 4th, sch Sarah H, Seaton, from Lockport.

SAILED.

From Cape Town, Dec 21st, ship John Banyan, Morrill, for Cardiff.
From Newcastle, NSW, Dec 15, ship Habitant, Potter, for San Francisco.
From Barbados, 30th ult, bark Hattie H, Dill, for Jamaica.
From Swansea, 24th inst, bark Young Eagle, Anderson, for Buenos Ayres.
From Cardiff, 28th inst, ship King Cenric, for Rio Janeiro.
From Plymouth, 29th inst, ship Ryerson, for Cardiff.

Foreign Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Sourabaya, 15th ult, bark Kentigern, Dexter, from Batavia.
At Buenos Ayres, 23rd inst, sch Symanza, hence and ordered to Rosario; 25th, barkent P J Palmer, Kay, from Cardiff—41 days; 28th, bark Stormy Petrel, Douglas, from Cardiff—52 days.
At Salem, 27th inst, sch T W McKay, Roberts, from Boston for a Provincial port.
At New York, 27th inst, bark Calliope, Nickerson, from Rotterdam; 28th, bark James Stafford, from Havre.
At Rosario, 18th inst, bark Galena, from Wilmington; sch Galena, from Port Williams, N S, via Buenos Ayres.
At Antwerp, 25th inst, bark Galatea, Carter, from New York.

CLEARED.

At Boston, 28th inst, schrs Hattie E King, and Wm Mason, for this port.
At Baltimore, 26th inst, sch Wandrain, Wood, for Maceio.
At Portland, 26th inst, brig Tasma, McDonald, from Port Medway.
At New York, 26th inst, brigts Emma L Shaw, Potter, for Valparaiso; Twilight, Brown, for St John's, P R; schrs Maud C, and Harvester, for this port.

SAILED.

From Providence, 26th inst, sch Kerslie, Delong, for this port.
From Havana, 19th ult, brig Trygve, O'Neill, for Cardenas.
From Salem, 26th inst, schrs Lottie B, Scott, hence for Providence; Janet S, Golding, from Boston for St Andrews.
From New York, 26th inst, schrs Sower, for Bermuda; Olivia, Purdy, for Yarmouth; Maud C, for this port; 27th, barks Havre, for Buenos Ayres Kedron, for Rouen; brig Emma L Show, for Valparaiso.

Spoken.

Bark Magnolia, Davis, from Barbados for New York, Jan 25, 15 miles off Cape Henlopen.
Bark Southern Belle, from Turks Island for New York, Jan 26, 30 miles off Cape Henlopen.
Bark Nova Scotia, from New York for Antwerp, Jan 11, lat 42 06, lon 64.
Bark Nimbus, from Antwerp for New York, Jan 26, lat 40 41, lon 71 49.

Memoranda.

Fort Monroe, Jan 27—Went to sea, barks Annie Burrill, from Rio Janeiro for Boston; Maiden City from Liverpool for this port.
In port at Guantanamo, 24th inst, bark Onaway, ard on 15th, for Delaware Breakwater.

Notice to Mariners.

Portland, Me, Jan 26—Notice is hereby given that the bell buoy off the Brothers, Machias Bay, Maine, and the whistling buoy off Moses Peak Light Station, Maine, have been replaced.
Wreck of steamer Atlas, buoyed North River, New York—The masts of the wrecked steamer Atlas having been carried away, a horizontal striped spar buoy has been placed at each end of her, just clear of the bow and stern.

SQUARE-RIGGED VESSELS BOUND TO ST. JOHN.

STEAMERS.

Ulunda, at London, sailed Jan 22.
Capulet, from Hamburg, sailed Jan 12.
Damara, from London, sailed Jan 9th.
Neto, at Fleetwood, sailed Dec 18.

SHIPS.

Friedrich, in port at London, Nov 1st.
Henry, at Montevideo, in port Dec 26.
Valvor, at Montevideo, in port Dec 26.

BARQUES.

Maiden City, from Portrese Monroe, Jan 21.
Ocean, from Londonderry, sld Dec 16th.
Graiguillon, from London, sailed Dec 9.
Countess of Dufferin, from Belfast, sld Nov 1.
Ella Moore, from Belfast sailed Dec 1.
Active, from ——
Martin Luther, from Leith via Rio Janeiro, sailed Oct 25.
Hawlock, from ——
Arklow, at Liverpool, sailed Dec 30th.
Finn, at Dublin, sailed Jan 13th.
Oronteo, at Rio Janeiro, in port Dec 12
Alfhild, from ——
Veritas, from Cette via New York, sld Dec 22.

BRIGANTINES.

Myrtle, at Buenos Ayres, in port Nov 5.
Sarah Wallace, from New York, cld Jan 22.
Belle Star, at Dublin, in port Nov 11.

St. John and Digby and Annapolis.

Stmr LANSDOWNE

WILL LEAVE WHARF, REED'S POINT, ST JOHN, EVERY

Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,

at seven o'clock, local time, and return same day.
Freight received at warehouse daily up to five p. m.

J. H. HARDING,
Agent Dept. Marine.

P. E. ISLAND and BUCTOUCHE OYSTERS.

now being served in all Styles.
A large stock on hand for sale, wholesale and retail
—AT—
M. A. HARDING'S,
Foot of Portland, N. B.
P. S. Large and commodious dining room upstairs.

NEW ADVERTISMENTS.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal claims against the estate of the late Stephen Kent Foster will present the same, duly attested, to

GEO. E. FAIRWEATHER,
Executor.

Jan'y 30, 1889. 67 Prince William Street.

Shad and Gaspereaux NETS.

JUST RECEIVED:

3 Cases Above Nets.

W. H. THORNE & CO.

Market Square.

Intercolonial, Eastern Extension and Windsor Branch Railways.

TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to Chief Superintendent I. C. R., Moncton, and marked on the outside "Tender for Timber, &c.," will be received until SATURDAY, 16th February, 1889, for all or any part of the timber or lumber referred to in a specification dated January 29th, 1889, and which can be obtained at all booking stations.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N. B., Jan'y 28th, 1889.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the corporation of the Women's Christian Union of Portland will be held in the Room of the Free Public Library on Tuesday the 5th day of February.

by order
RICHARD FARMER,
Secretary-Treas.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, has this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. Jarvis Worden retiring.

The business will be continued under the same name.

All bills paid and debts collected by W. J. Wright & Co.

W. J. WRIGHT,
R. W. THORNE,
C. J. WORDEN.

Dated at St. John, the 5th day of Jan, D. D. 1889

Contract for Making Up Uniforms for Letter Carriers.

SEPARATE Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, Ottawa, (for Superintendent Printing and Supply Branch) and marked "Tender for Making up Uniforms for Letter Carriers" at Halifax, St. John, N. B., Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ont.; Winnipeg, and Victoria, B. C., will be received at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY, the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for Making up Letter Carriers' Uniforms to personal measurement of the Carriers requiring the same, and with material, certain of which will be furnished by the Department, as specified in the form of tender, at the above mentioned cities and elsewhere, as may from time to time be required by the Postmaster General.

Information as to the estimated number of garments required, will be made known at each of the cities herein named can be obtained from the Postmasters of the aforementioned cities, and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa; and samples of the different articles of uniform to be made up are to be seen at the offices of the Postmasters of the cities specified and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa, at any of which additional information can, if required, be obtained.

The contract to continue in force for a term of four years, provided always that the same be executed, as to prompt completion of the work, the quality of the materials and the manner of the workmanship performed, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster-General.

The material and workmanship are to be, in all respects, equal to the samples, and all the different articles of uniform, when completed, are to be delivered, at the expense of the Contractor or Contractors, in such quantities as may from time to time be required, to the aforesaid Postmasters, or at the Post Office Department, Ottawa, as the case may be.

The tender to state the price demanded for the work in the manner prescribed by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties undertaking that in the event of the tender being accepted, the Contract shall be duly executed by the person or persons tendering for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor or Contractors in the sum mentioned in the form of tender, for the due performance of the Contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices above mentioned and at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Deputy Postmaster General.

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 24th January, 1889.

Separate Sealed Tenders will also be received from any one individual or firm for the SUPPLY of the whole of the Uniforms required for the Letter Carriers of the Dominion upon the same terms and conditions as for the "Making up of Letter Carriers' Uniforms" above set forth.

REAL GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

MRS. McCONNELL,
No. 15 King Street.

While extending thanks to her many customers for very liberal patronage during past year, desires to inform the public generally that she has decided on a FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES.

15,000 pairs BOOTS SHOES and RUBBERS.

These goods must be worked off in the next three months and customers may depend that this is a GENUINE CLEARANCE SALE.

☞Now is the time to supply your families with their Spring Goods when you can get from Mrs. McConnell so much value for so little money.

Remember the Place, 15 King Street.

Buchanan's Whiskies

LONDON, 2nd January, 1889,

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

We have pleasure in intimating that we have this day appointed

MR. M. A. FINN, St. John, N. B.,

to act as our sole agent and responsible representative in the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, for the sale of our several brands of Scotch Wiskey.

As we frequently receive from wholesale firms in these provinces orders both direct and through London and Liverpool Houses we take this opportunity of advising the trade generally that in future we can only receive and execute those orders that come to us through and on account of our accredited agent Mr. M. A. Finn.

JAMES BUCHANAN & CO.

By special appointment sole suppliers of Scotch Whiskey to the House of Commons.

ANNUAL SPRING SALE

—OF—

LINENS and COTTONS,

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON desire to inform the public that their Annual Spring Sale of LINENS and COTTONS will commence TODAY.

JANUARY 11th, and will continue ONE MONTH.

We are opening immense quantities of Linen Goods, such as

Damask D'Oyleys, Napkins, Table Cloths, Tray Cloths, Sideboard Cloths, Linen Sheetings, Pillow Linens, TOWELS and TOWELLING.

Bleached and Cream Damask Tabling, Bleached Cloths, Fringed; Cream Cloths, Fringed; Cotton Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, White Cottons; Night Shirt Cottons; English Long Cloth.

QUILTS. QUILTS.

N. B.—Sheets, Napkins, Slips, Cloths and Towels "Hemmed Free of Charge."

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In reference to notice, which appeared a few days ago, regarding Exclusive Sale and Control of Goods, We wish to state that it is only the Largest and Strictly First Class Houses who give control of their goods to a Reliable House, and it can plainly be seen that it is through ignorance and want of knowledge of their business which causes a firm in this city, through business jealousy to write such notices. We ask the public to judge.

Signed FRANK W. MULLIN.
WALTER H. MULLIN.

—AGENTS FOR—

AMERICAN RUBBER STORE,

WEIGHTY WORDS

—FOR—

CANADA'S DAUGHTERS!

The Enormous Regular Sales of Thousands of Boxes of

For all Waters. IDEAL SOAP. For all Waters.

Is the best proof that the public know and appreciate its MAGICAL CLEANSING PROPERTIES and THOROUGH STERLING VALUE. Being FULL WEIGHT, it is a boon to RICH and POOR ALIKE.

A lady writes: "I find it saves time and material, as the clothes require less rubbing, no boiling, and wash a much purer color than with ordinary Soap. I recommend it to every housewife."

Every bar weighs 16 oz. Cannot injure the most delicate fabric.

☞SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

WM. LOGAN, - - Sole Manufacturer.

NICKEL SPOONS, COMBS, ETC.

Landing Ex Sarmatian, from Liverpool:

1 Case D. & A. Nickel Spoons and Forks;
1 " Rubber and Horn Dressing Combs;
1 " Allen's Celebrated Cages.

CLARK, KERR & THORNE,
60 and 62 Prince William Street.

SIMEON JONES,

BREWER.

BOTTLED ALE & PORTER.

DANGER!

People having Feather beds and Pillows do not seem to realize the danger there is in using them without being cleaned, especially in times of an epidemic, as feathers retain all the exhalations and poisonous matter exuding from the person, and by so doing spread sickness through the family.

Our steam cleansing process eliminates all the poisonous matter and leaves the feathers in a better condition than ever.

Leave Orders at

Ungar's Steam Laundry,

EVERYBODY CALL AT

WATSON & CO'S. STORE

Tonight and Monday.

Plush Goods, Leather Goods, Fancy Goods, Toys, Dolls, Games, Cups and Saucers,

Musical Instruments, Bibles, Church Services and Miscellaneous Bound Books.

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

RANGES, STOVES, &c.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF RANGES AND STOVES, viz.:

Splendid Buffalo, Junior Buffalo, Happy Thought, Grand Duchess, etc.

Together with a full supply of

KITCHEN HARDWARE.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

A. G. BOWES & Co., 21 Canterbury St.