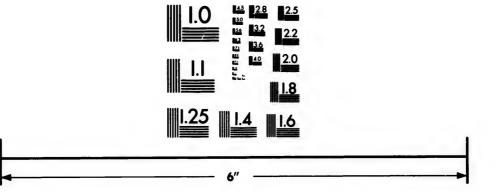


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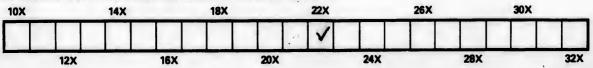
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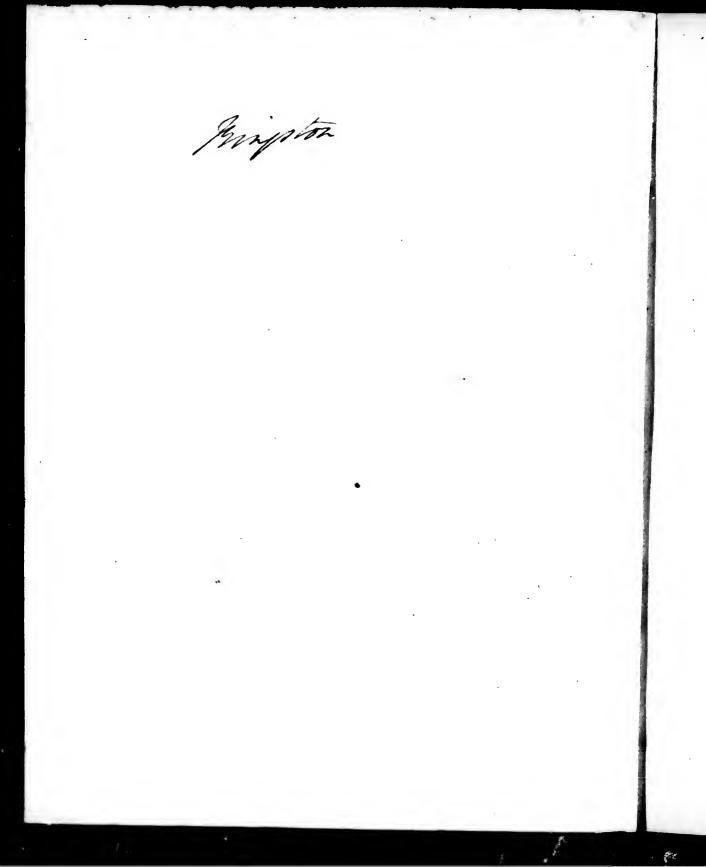


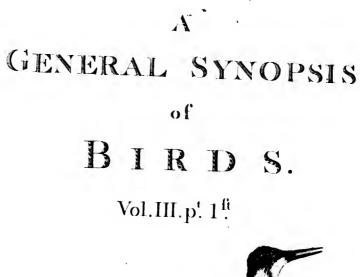
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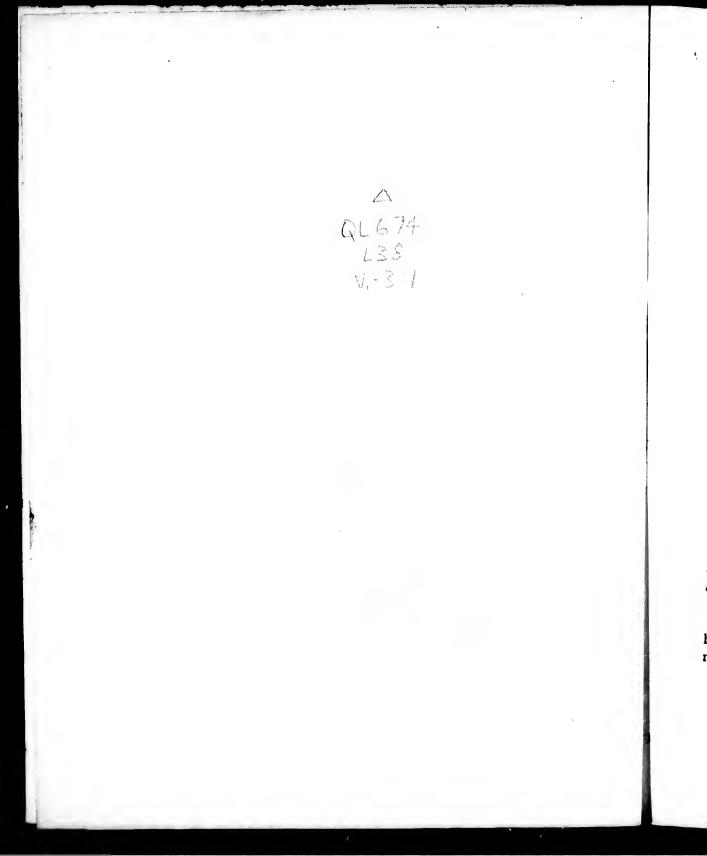








LONDON: Printed for Leigh & Sotheby, York Street, Covent Garden. MDCCLXXXV.



PREFACE.

THE contents of the prefent volume, added to those of the former ones, will, it is to be hoped, make good the promise made in the first, viz. the giving "a concise account of all the Birds hitherto known;"—to attain the knowledge of which, every affistance has been given to me by my various friends, and no trifling labour bestowed by myself.

Enough has been mentioned, in a former Preface, of the nature of this undertaking, which will occasion very little to be added in the prefent; a few things, however, feem necessary to be here mentioned, which are briefly the following.

The Reader will remark the occasional references made to the British Museum, as well as to that of Sir Astron Lever :---but it must be observed, that such references could relate to those Birds only which were found there respectively at the time when each Genus was penned; and will account for feveral others, now seen in those repositories, not to be found in this work, which at first fight might appear to have been overlooked, though in reality occasioned merely by the additions made to each, fince the particular parts were written.

Those found in the private collections of several of my friends have been referred to in their places; but, in respect to those in my own possession, it is necessary here to remark, that such are Vol. III.

P R E F A C E.

meant to be pointed out to the reader by the mark +- added before the trivial names in the margin.

In regard to Plates, fo neceffary an appendage to a work of this nature, it might perhaps have been wifhed that they had been executed in a more mafterly ftile; but I have been led to think, that where a juft reprefentation is only meant, the excellence of the artift is lefs neceffary, and a correct outline the greateft recommendation: on this confideration I have been induced to make the attempt, by etching the plates myfelf, from drawings of my own, for the moft part taken from the fubjects themfelves. How I have fucceeded in this matter, I will leave to the Public to determine; all I dare fay on this head is, that they are pretty accurate reprefentations, and perhaps will not be thought an unacceptable addition to the text, efpecially as many of them are of fubjects not to be found in any other work, being figures of fuch as were difcovered by our navigators to the South Seas, and thofe who have lately made refearches towards the North Pole.

I have, for the moft part, included the Birds which have lately come under infpection in one or other of the Genera of former authors; but fome few have notwithftanding arifen, which could not be reconciled to any Genus yet formed, viz. the WATTLE-BIRD *, TINAMOU †, and SHEATHBILL ‡. It muft likewife be here owned, that here and there a Bird will be met with interfperfed in these sheets, in respect to the placing of which much difficulty has occurred; but, having one or more strong leading

• Vol. I. p. 364.	+ Vol. II. p. 724.	‡ Vol. III. p. 268.
I		characters,

ii

PREFACE.

characters, I have judged it more proper to place it at the heels of the Genus it feemed to have most relation to, rather than to then the memory by creating a new one.

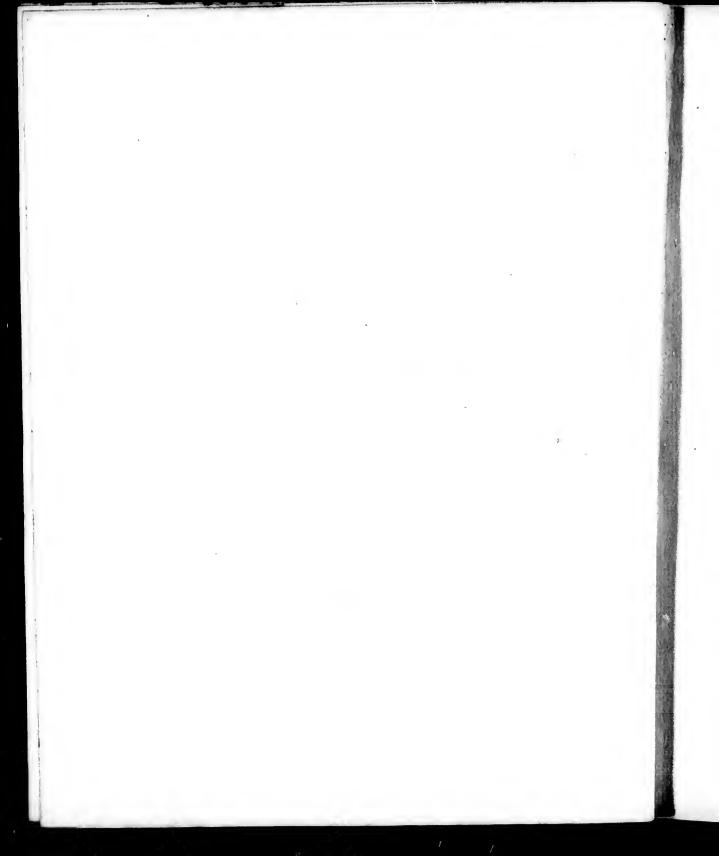
It may not be amifs here to mention, that having ftill much matter remaining in manufcript, not only in addition to what has already been publifhed, but alfo belonging to the prefent fheets, which came too late to be brought into the proper place, it will occafion me hereafter to publifh fuch remainder by way of Appendix, as foon as a proper addition of materials, which I have now in view before me, fhall have accrued, fufficient in confequence, as well as in quantity, to merit attention. This, however, will require fome time : but care fhall be taken that no unneceffary delay fhall be made in bringing to view what further I have to add on the fubject.

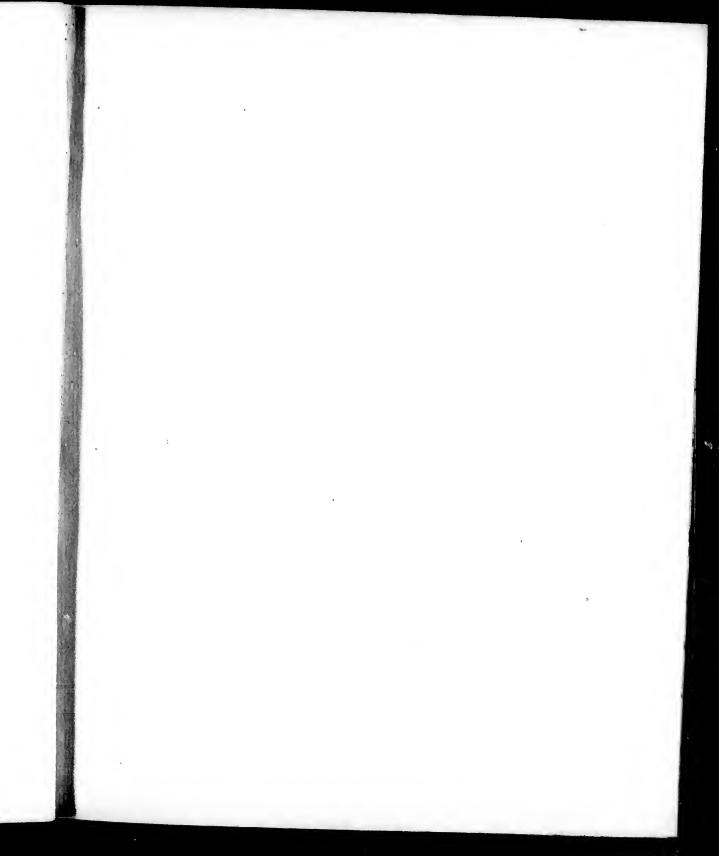
Having faid thus much, nothing will remain but to conclude with my most grateful thanks for the favours of the Friends who have affisted me in my pursuits, and of the Public in general who have encouraged them—content, myself, with having made fome soft former times, not without the hopes of being found worth the notice of future writers in this branch of *Natural History*, when the author of the present work shall be no more.

Dartford, May 2, 1785.

JOHN LATHAM.

BIRDS.





PL'.XX (Hooded Dodo ...

BIRDS.

ORDER VI. STRUTHIOUS.

GENUS LVII. DODO.

N° 1.	Hooded D.	3.	Nazarene D.
2.	Solitary D.	Ŭ	

BILI. large, hending inwards at the middle of the upper mandible, marked with two oblique ribs, and much hooked at the end.

Nostrils placed obliquely near the edge, in the middle of the bill.

Legs fhort, thick, feathered a little below the knees: toes, three forward, one backward.

Didus Ineptus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 267.
Le Dronte, Brif. Orn. v. p. 15.—Buf. Oif. i. p. 480.—Bont. Ind. or. pl. in p. 70.
Dod-eersen; or Valgh-vogel, Herbert. Trav. p. 382. pl. in p. 383.
Dodo, Raii Syn. p. 37. 3.—Will. Orn. p. 153. pl. 27.—Edw. pl. 294.

THIS uncouth being is rather bigger than a Swan, and not far fhort of three feet in length*. The bill is ftrong, large,

• See a painting in the British Museum. Vol. III. B HOODED D. PL. LXX.

DESCRIPTION.

and

and hooked at the end; the gape itretches beyond the eyes; the colour of it a very pale blue, except the end of the upper mandible, which is yellowifh, and a red fpot on the bend of it; the end of the lower blackifh: irides white: the general colour of the plumage is cinereous, and foft to the touch; the belly and thighs whitifh: the head large, and feems as it were covered with a black *bood* or *cowl*: the wings are very fhort, and of a yellowifh afh-colour: the tail feathers curled, ftand up on the rump, and incline to yellow, like the wings: the legs have four toes, three before and one behind; are very ftout, fhort, and yellowifh: claws black.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This is the account from *Edwards*, and a painting of it is now in the *Britifu Museum*.

Herbert, in his Travels, feems to give an account as having feen it, though his figure is a bad one. He fays, that it "feldom "weighs lefs than fifty pounds. The bill hooked, and bent down-"wards; the tbrill or breathing-places in the midft; from which part to the end the colour is of a light green, mixed with pale "yellow: eyes round and bright: has fine down inftead of fea-"thers: the train (like to a China-beard) is no more than three or four fhort feathers: the head varioufly dreft, one half being hooded with down of a dark colour, the other half naked, and of a white hue, as if lawn were drawn over it: the legs thick and black; and the talons great." We likewife learn from him, that "the pace is flow, and the body round and fat; by fome andher ftomach fo fiery that it can eafily digeft ftones; in that and fhape not a little refembling the Offrich."

This awkward figure inhabits the islands of Mauritius (or on the

the Isle of France), and that of Bourbon *, in the Indian ocean.

Le Solitaire, Buf. Oif. i. p. 485 .- Leguat. Voy. i. p. 98 .- pl. in d.

THIS is a large bird, and the *male* is faid to weigh fometimes forty-five pounds: it has fome relation to the *Turkey*, as the bill and legs are like that bird's; but the bill is more bent, and it ftands higher on the legs. The neck is of a proportionable length, and the eye black and lively: the head is not crefted, and the general colour of the plumage is grey and brown mixed: it has fcarce any tail; and the baftard wing fwells out into a round knob: the wings are too fhort for flight, and the hind parts are rounded like a *Horfe*'s rump, being cloathed with feathers, which may be termed coverts.

The *females* are covered with fometimes brown and fometimes light yellow feathers, and appear very beautiful. This fex has alfo a kind of *widow's peak* above the bill; and the feathers on each fide of the breaft enlarge into two white tufts, fomewhat refembling the bofom of a *woman*: the feathers of the thighs are rounded at the end, like fhells; and, according to *Leguat*, the bird has all together a noble and elegant gait.

B 2

of

PLACE AND MANNERS.

FEMALE.

Description.

SOLITARY D.

This is an inhabitant of the *Isle of Rodrigue*, where it is not uncommon; but not met with in flocks, fcarcely more than two being found together. It makes the neft in bye places, of leaves

[•] These cannot be the only parts where they are found, and must have been imported into them from others, fince it is faid, that the *Portuguese*, who first discovered them, found neither *land bird* nor *quadruped* in either. See *Hist. det Ois.* vol. v. p. 280.

DODO.

of the palm, a foot and a half in thickness; and lays one egg. bigger than that of a Goofe. The male fits in his turn; and does not fuffer any bird to approach within two hundred yards of the fpot while the hen is fitting, which is feven weeks. The young is fome months before it can shift for itself; the old ones, in the mean time, are affectionate to it, and faithful to each other afterwards, though they occafionally may mix with others of their kind. It is faid that a ftone is always found in the gizzard; which perhaps, if the cafe be known, may turn out no more than may be found in all granivorous birds, ferving merely to prove it to be of that race. The young birds, though timid, are flupid enough to fuffer the approach of any one; but when grown up, are more shy, and will not be tamed. Two of them were shipped from Bourbon, but soon died, as they refused all suffenance. They are chased in the winter-season, viz. from March to September, being then fat, and the young birds are much efteemed for the table.

NAZARENE D.

L'Oifeau de Nazareth, Buf. Oil. i. p. 485.—Cauche Madag. p. 130. Oifeau de Nausee, Id. ibid.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a large bird, bigger than a Swan. The bill is a little bent downwards, and large: inftead of feathers the whole body is covered over with a black down; but the wings are feathered, and it has fome frizzled ones upon the rump, which ferve inftead of a tail: the legs are long and fealy, and there are three toes on each foot.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This was met with in the *Ifle of France*, and defcribed as above by *Fr. Cauche*; who adds, that the *female* only lays one egg, which

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which is white, and as big as a *penny loaf*, and that there is always found with it a white ftone of the fize of a *Hen*'s egg that it makes the neft of leaves and dry herbs, in the forefts, on the ground; and that there is likewife found a grey ftone in the gizzard of the young bird.

The three last-defcribed birds feem to have much affinity to each other; if, on further obfervation, they do not prove the fame species, differing only in age or fex.

GENUS

[6]

GENUS LVIII. OSTRICH.

Nº 1. Black Oftrich.

THE bill in this fpecies is ftrait, depressed like that of a Duck, and rounded at the end.

Wings small, in proportion to the fize of the body, and useless for flight.

Legs naked above the knee.

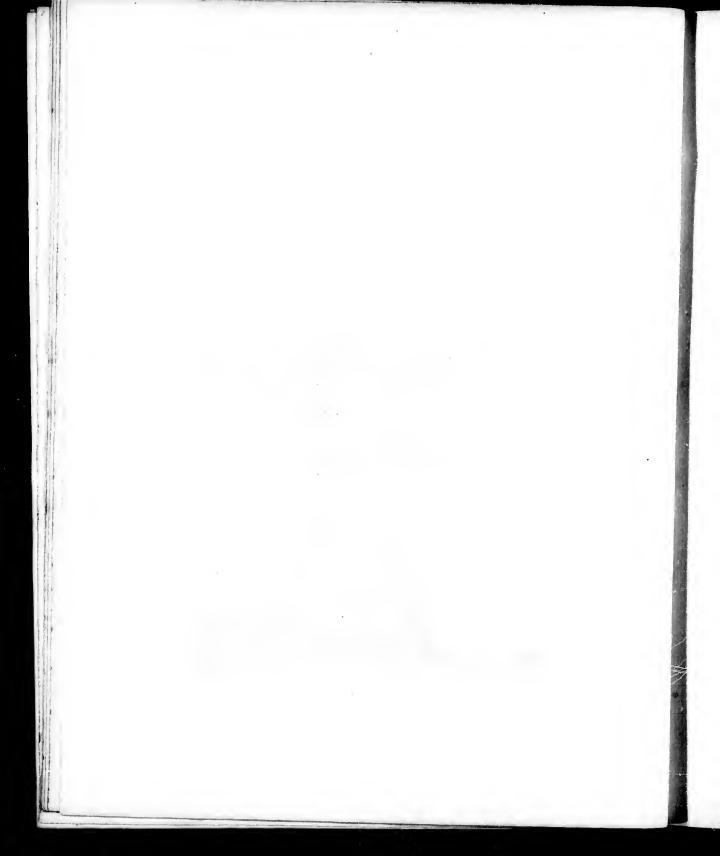
Toes two in number, and both placed forwards.

This and the following, with a third, which late observations have proved to be of a far different family, were placed by *Linneus* under one genus. From the very diffimilar characters, we have thought right again to separate them, according to *Briffon*, who has thus done in his Ornitbology.

BLACK O. PL. LXXI. Struthio Camelus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 265.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 160:
L'Autruche, Brif. Orn. v. p. 3. pl. 1. f. 1.—Buf. Oil. i. p. 398. pl. 29.— Pl. Enl. 457. (the female).
Offrich, Raii Syn. p. 36. 1.—Will. Orn. p. 149. pl. 25.—Albin. iii. pl. 53. —Gent. Mag. xviii. pl. in p. 580.
Black Offrich, Brown. Illuftr. pl. 16. (the male). Lev. Mul.

DESCRIPTION. THIS is, without doubt, the largeft bird in the creation : it is near eight feet in length, and when standing upright is from





OSTRICH.

from fix to eight feet in height *. It has a finall head, not much unlike that of a Goofe; the bill is also fomewhat fimilar, but lefs depressed, and four inches and a half in length, horncoloured, with a dusky tip: irides hazel; eyelids befet with hairs: the head, and greatest part of the neck, are bare of feathers, of a flesh-colour, here and there befet with a few scattered hairs: the lower parts of the neck and body are covered with black feathers, which are fingularly loofe in their webs, and totally unlike those of any other bird : the quill feathers, and those of the tail, are of a perfect snowy white, some of them here and there fringed or tipped with black, and are long and beautifully waved in shape : on each wing are two spurs, about an inch in length; and on the breaft is a callous, bare, and hard fubstance, ferving the bird to reft on when it first bends forwards. to fit on the ground : the thighs and fides of the body are naked: the legs are ftrong, of a greyish brown, and furnished with two toes only, the outer one of which is very fhort, and without a claw.

The *female* differs from the *male* in having those feathers brown, which are black in the *male*.

This bird inhabits *Africa*, and the parts of *Afia* adjoining to it, with the feveral islands in the neighbourhood, and is in very great plenty about the *Cape of Good Hope*. The egg of this corresponds well with the fize of the bird, being as big as a *cbild's bead*, and white in colour \dagger : the *female* is supposed to lay fifty

* Two Offriches were fhewn in London in the year 1750; the male was ten feet in height, and weighed three hundred weight and a quarter.—See Gent. Mag. wol. xx. p. 536.

+ See a figure in Klein, Ow. pl. 1.

FEMALE.

PLACE AND MANNERS, 7

or

OSTRICH.

or more in a feafon; thefe fhe is faid to bury in the fand, and to be hatched by the heat of the fun only, and that the young run as foon as they come out of the egg: though others deny this; for *Kolben* fays, that the *male* and *female* fit on them by turns, and that he has feen them hatching their eggs hundreds of times, and as often driven them off, and took the eggs, to feaft himfelf and his friends (and fome of them were near hatching); one of them proves a meal for three or four perfons, and they are faid to be very good. The young, he fays, cannot run at first, but are supplied by the old ones with *grafs* and *water*, and defended by them, till they can take care of themselves, fo furiously as to render it dangerous to go near them at fuch times. If the eggs be touched, the old ones will forfake them *.

This bird, as well as *fize*, is also endued with *firengtb* in proportion; for inftances are recorded where one has borne two men on its back, and has run along with them with the greateft cafe \dagger .

The food of the Oftrich is of the vegetable kind, grafs, fruits, grain, &c. befides which it is frequently observed to fwallow many foreign articles, as bits of *iron*, copper, glafs, lead, and the like; but though this is often done with impunity, yet it is feen

* Befon allows that the Offrich fcarce ever lofes fight of the eggs; but that it is only in the more northern parts that the female has occasion to fit on them; in the torrid zone, the fun alone being fully fufficient. This may account for the positive affertion of Kolben, that the Offrich hatches her own eggs, as well as the opinion of others, who maintain the contrary.

+ Adanson.—He thinks that their pace is fwifter than that of the fleetest horse. Voy. Seneg. p. 87 —" Whilst I was here (at Vintain), I faw an Ostricb with a man riding on it's back, who was going down to the fort, it being a present to the Governor." Moore's Trav. into Africa, p. 318.

in

OSTRICH.

in the end to prove fatal *, as it can by no means digeft them. Some authors fay, that the young birds are pretty good food.

The natives catch them by following at a diftance for two or three days, when the birds, fatigued by being perpetually harraffed, and wanting time to take food, are very eafily overtaken, and knocked on the head with clubs: others conceal themfelves in a fkin of one of thefe birds, and by that means approach near enough to furprize them; and it is not unufual to hunt them on *korfeback* with *dogs*, and after overtaking them, the *kuntfman* approaches near enough to apply the hooked end of a ftaff round the legs, which throwing them down, they are knocked on the head †, or taken alive.

The uses which the Offrich is put to are various. The *fkins* are very thick. and are subfituted for *leather* by the Arabians: as to feathers, the value of them, and the purposes they are put to, need not be mentioned. The fat \ddagger is of medicinal use among the Arabians, for the palfy and rbeumatifm, and is also prefcribed inwardly. The eggs ferve for drinking-cups, and other utenfils, and are often fet in gold for that purpose; they are very hard and durable, and equal in appearance to the most beautiful ivory. In the East also, the shells both of the Offrich and Casson Casson are generated and Casson of the shells.

* Pitfield's Mem. p. 226.

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+ I remember to have feen a painting, which reprefented this method very jufly.

t "They have a method of putting the dead body of the Offrich in motion, "in fuch a manner, as to make the fat diffolve into a kind of oil, which they if fell as a drug, and is called the fat of the Offrich." Pocock. Trav. i. p. 209.— Thevenot, in his Voyages, mentions the fame thing.

§ See Faun. Arab. Mater. Med. Nº 6.

Vol. III.

GENUS

[10]

GENUS LIX. CASSOWARY.

Nº 1. Galeated Cassowary.

T HIS genus has a straight depressed bill, which is pointed at the end.

At the top of the head an elevated horn or helmet: on the middle of the neck, two carunculated pendent wattles.

Wings very small, without feathers, and useless for flight.

Thighs bare of feathers above the knee.

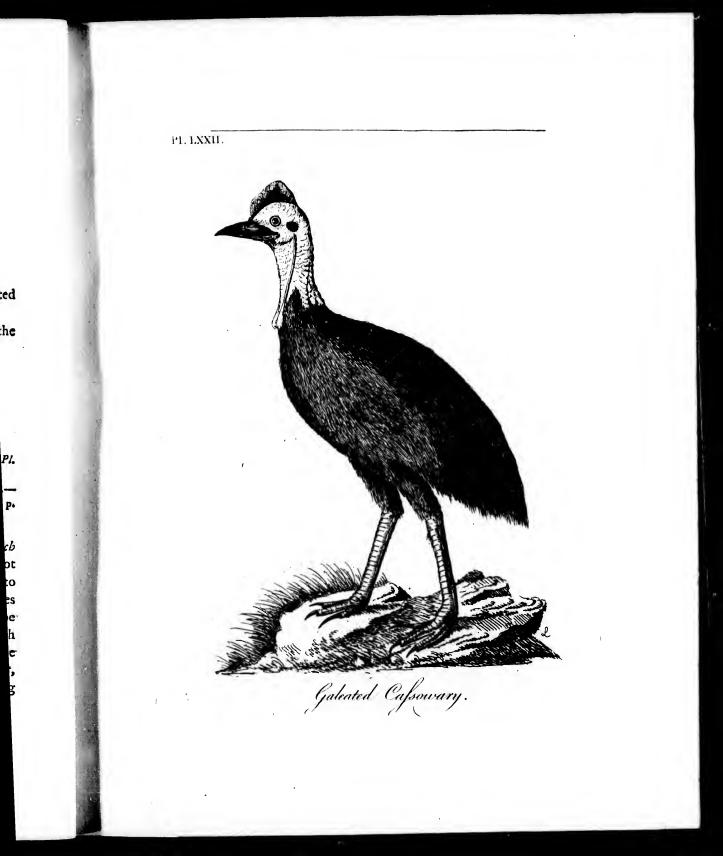
Toes three in number, and all placed forwards.

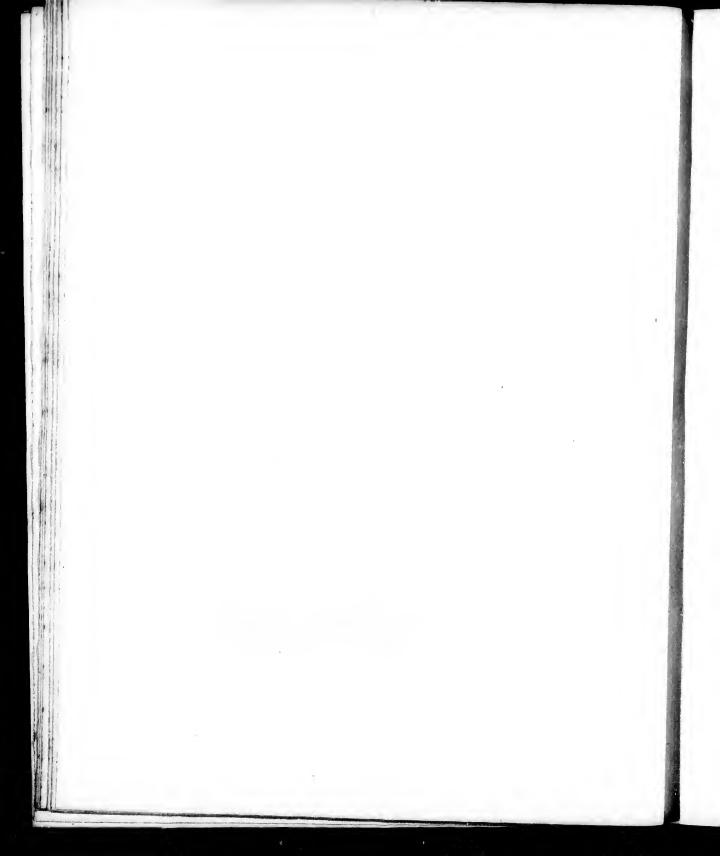
GALEATED CASSOWARY. PL. LXXII. Struthio cafuarius, Lin. Syft. i. p. 265. 2.—Frisch. pl. 105. Le Cafoar, Bris. Orn. v. p. 10. pl. 1. f. 2.—Bus. Ois. i. p. 464.—Pl. Eul. 313.

Emeu, Eme, or Caffowary, Raii Syn. p. 36.-Will. Orn. p. 151. pl. 25.-Albin. ii. pl. 60.-J. F. Miller, pl. 14.-Gent. Mag. xlii. pl. in p. 472.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a large bird, and not greatly inferior to an Offricb in bulk, though, from having a much fhorter neck, is not near fo tall: the length is about four feet, but from the bill to the end of the claws five feet and a half. The bill is four inches and a half long, grey brown, a little notched at the end, the gape very wide: irides the colour of a *topaz*; eyelids befet with hairs: the noftrils oblong, placed near the end of the bill: the ears large and open: on the top of the head is a kind of *helmet*, beginning





CASSOWARY.

beginning at the base of the bill, and reaching to the middle of the crown; this is three inches high, and one inch broad at the bafe, but gradually grows thinner, fo as the upper part is not more than a quarter of an inch thick; this is yellowish at the back, but blackish on the fore part: the fides of the head are naked, being, as well as the neck, covered only with a wrinkled reddifh skin, thinly beset with hairs, and tinged with a cast of both blue and purple : on the lower part on each fide, forwards, are placed two flefby membranes, one inch and a half long, and three quarters broad, part red part blue, and take rife about the middle of the neck, where they are very flender : on the breaft is a callous bare part, on which the bird refts its body when on the ground: the body in general is covered with brownish black loofe-webbed feathers, two of which arife from one shaft for the most part; on the rump these feathers are fourteen inches long at leaft, and hang downwards, in place of a tail, for the bird is destitute of one: the wing, or what is in the place of it, is not furnished with feathers, having only five bare shafts like the quills of a Porcupine, the longest ten or eleven inches, and of a dusky colour; at the end of the last joint a kind of claw: the legs have all the three toes placed forwards, and each furnished with a claw, which is almost straight, and pointed, the inner one the longeft : the colour of the legs and toes greyish brown : claws black.

This fpecies inhabits the *eaftern* parts of *Afia*, towards the *foutb*, being found in the *Molucca* iflands, those of *Banda*, *fava*, *Sumatra*, and parts corresponding, but no where in plenty, nor ever met with beyond the limits of the *torrid zone*. It cannot fly, but runs very fast. The egg is simaller and longer than Vol. III.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

CASSOWARY.

that of the Offricb, of a greenish grey, inclining to ash-colour, and marked with elevated * small deep green spots. The bird is very fierce in the wild state; grunts like an Hog; and kicks with the legs like an Horse.

The food, in the ftate of nature, is no doubt vegetable; for it will eat bread, apples, and fuch like, when in confinement; all which it fwallows whole, not bruifing it with the bill; and is faid alfo to gorge *ftones*, *iron*, and any thing which is offered to it, indifcriminately, like the Offricb.

• Linnæus calls the fpots indented; Owa punctis excavatis. See a figure o the egg in Klein. Ov. pl. 2.

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D1v.

[13]

DIV. II. WATER BIRDS.

ORDER VII. With CLOVEN FEET.

GENUS LX. SPOONBILL.

Nº 1. White Sp.	N° 2. Rofeate Sp.	
VAR. A.	VAR. A. Scarlet Sp.	
VAR. B.	3. Dwarf Sp.	

B^{ILL} long, broad, flat, and thin : the end widening into a roundifh form, not unlike a fpoon. Noftrils finall, placed near the bafe. Tongue finall and pointed. Feet femipalmated.

- Platalea leucorodia, Lin. Syft. i. p. 231. 1. Mus. Adelph. ii. p. 26. -Faun. Suec. 160. - Scop. Ann. i. p. 115. - Brun. Orn. 46. - Muller. Nº 170.
- La Spatule, Brif. Orn. v. p. 352.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 448. pl. 24.— Pl. Enl. 405.

Pelicane or Spoon-bill, Raii Syn. 102. 1.-Will. Orn. p. 288. pl. 52.-Kolb. Cape, ii. p. 142. pl. vii. f. 5.-Albin. ii. pl. 66.-Br. Zool. ii. App. pl. 9.-Arci. Zool. p. 441. A. Br. Muj. Lev. Muj.

S I Z E of the Heron, but fhorter in both neck and legs: length two feet eight inches. The bill is fix inches and a half long, very flat, and broadens out into the fhape of a fpoon at the

WHITE SP.

DESCRIPTION.

the extremity; it is in colour various, in fome birds black, in others brown, and is alfo feen fpotted; from the bafe to twothirds of its length it is croffed with feveral indentations, the rifing parts of which are dark-coloured: the tongue fhort, and heart-fhaped: irides grey: the lore, round the eyes, and the throat, the fkin is bare and black; that of the laft very dilatable *: the whole plumage is white, though in fome fpecimens the quills are tipped with black: the legs are black, or of a greyifh brown colour: between the toes a membrane, connected to the outer one as far as the fecond, and to the inner as far as the firft joint.

This bird is found in various parts of the old continent, and from the Ferro Ifles \dagger , near Iceland, to the Cape of Good Hope \ddagger : it frequents the neighbourhood of the fea, and has been met with on the coafts of France \parallel ; at Sevenbuys, near Leyden, once in great plenty, annually breeding in a wood there §. The neft is placed on high trees near the fea-fide. The female lays three or four white eggs, powdered with a few pale red fpots, and of the fize of those of an Hen. They are very noify during breeding-time, like our Rooks; are feldom found high up the rivers, chiefly frequenting the mouths of them. Their food is fifth, which they are faid not unfrequently to take from other birds **, in the manner of the Bald Eagle; also muscles, and other set. fifth, being found in greatest numbers where these are plenty; and will also devour frogs and stakes, and even grafs and weeds,

- * Decouv. Ruff. i. p. 164. + Brunnich. ‡ Kolben.
- This circumstance is mentioned as rare by Salerne, Orn. p. 317.
- § Ray, Willughby .- This wood is now deftroyed. Br. Zool.
- ** Worm. Mus. 310.
 - 2

which

14

which grow in the water, as well as the roots of *reeds*^{*}. Are migratory, retiring to the warmer parts as the winter approaches: rarely feen in *England* \dagger . Their flefh is faid to have the flavour of a *Goofe*, and is eaten by fome, and the young birds have been thought good food \ddagger . By many authors they are called *Pelicans*.

La Spatule blanche de l'Isle de Luçon, Son. Voy. p. 89. t. 51.

I. VAR. A.

15

DESCRIPTION.

S I Z E of the *rofeate* fpecies. Bill reddifh brown : general colour of the plumage white; the feathers of the wings part black, part white : legs reddifh yellow.

Inhabits the Philippine Islands.

La Spatule huppée de l'Isle de Luçon, Son. Voy. p. 90. t. 52.

SIZE of the laft, but differs in being entirely white, the quills not excepted : it is also furnished with a long creft, composed of feathers whose webs are very loose, and separated from one another : the bill is rusous grey, with red edges : legs of a dull pale red.

Found with the laft,

· Salerne.

+ A flock of them migrated into the marshes, near Yarmouth, in Norfolk, April 1774. Br. Zool.

t Before they can fly; for Willugbby talks of their being fhaken out of the neft with a crook fallened to the end of a pole. See Orm. p. 289.

PLACE.

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1. VAR. B.

DESCRIPTION.

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ROSEATE SP.

Platalea Ajaja, Lin. Syst. i. p. 231. 2.

La Spatule couleur de Rose, Brif. Orn. v. p. 356. 2. pl. 30.-Pl. Enl. 165.

La Spatule, ou Palette, Pernet Voy. i. p. 184. pl. 2. f. 3.-Hift. de Louif. ii. p. 116.

Bec à cuiller, Ferm. Surin. ii. p. 153 .- Bajon Cayenne, ii. p. 257.

Brafilian Spoon-bill, called Ajaja, Will. Orn. p. 289.—Raii Syn. p. 102. 3. —Harris, Coll. Voy. i. p. 728.

PESCRIPTION. PL. LXXIII. T HIS is a trifle lefs than the firft: length two feet three inches. The bill fix * inches in length, and fhaped like that of the former; it is marked all round with a furrow parallel to the edge, and is of a greyifh white, fomewhat transparent, fo as to fhew the ramification of the blood-veffels belonging to it: the forehead, between the bill and eyes, and throat, are bare and whitifh: the plumage is a fine rofe-colour, deepeft on the wings: the legs are grey; and the claws blackifh; the toes furnished with membranes, as in the white fpecies.

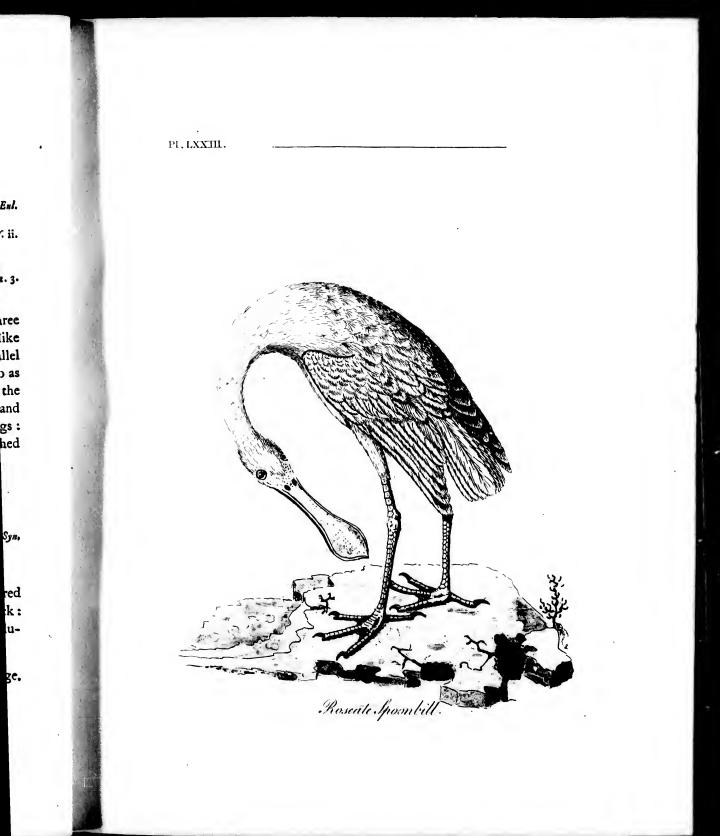
2. VAR. A. SCARLET SP. Platalea Ajaia, Lin. Syft. i. p. 231. 2. S.
Le Spatule rouge, Brif. Orn. v. p. 359. 3.
T'lauhquechul, or Mexican Spoon-bill, Will. Orn. p. 289. Nº 2.—Raii Syn, p. 102. 2.
Scarlet Spoon-bill, Sloan. Jam. ii. p. 316.—Bancr. Guian. p. 170.

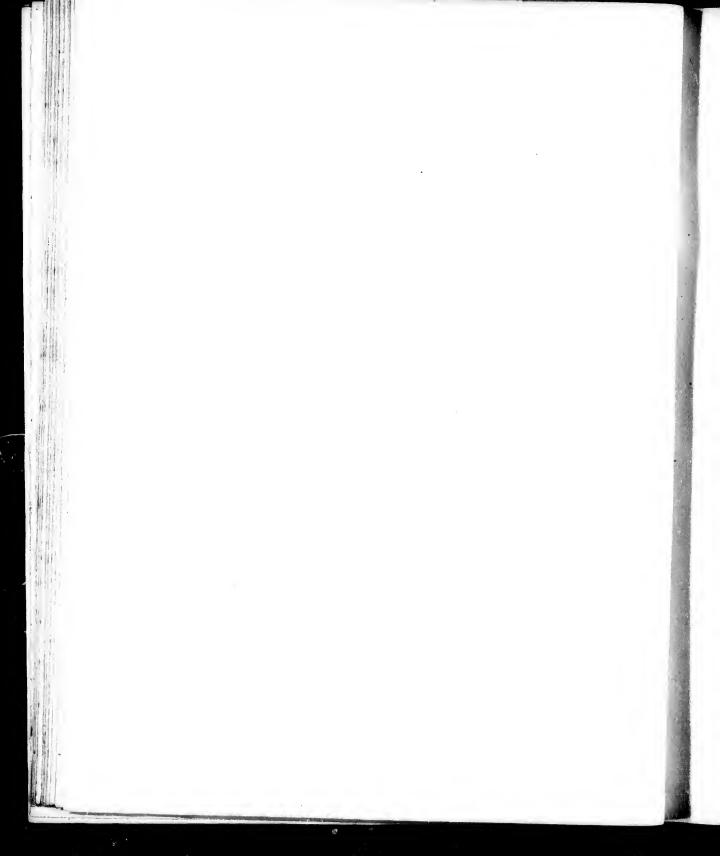
DESCRIPTION.

THIS is like the last, but is wholly of a beautiful red colour, with a collar of black at the lower part of the neck: irides red. It is most likely the last-defcribed bird in full plu-

. The Hift. de la Louif. fays 8.

mage.





mage. In this flate has been fhot in Jamaica, Guiana, Mexico, and other parts. It is faid to be of a blackifh chefnut the first year, rofe-coloured the fecond, and of a deep fearlet the third. It lives on the leffer kind of f/b; and, if like the white, also on frogs, fnakes, and other reptiles.

Platalea pygmea, Lin. Syft. i. p. 231. 3.—Muf. Adolph. ii. p. 26.—Bancr. Guian. p. 171.

S IZE of a Sparrow. The bill is black, longer than the head, and flat at the end, not of a rounded form, as in the others, but fpread out almost at right angles, fo as to be nearly of a rhomboidal form; the angles and tip of the upper mandible are white: the tongue fmooth: the body is brown above, and white beneath: the quills have white fhafts: the tail is rounded in thape, fhort, and of a brownish white: the feet have four toes, are cloven; the claws pointed.

Bancroft's description varies somewhat. He fays, that the bill is flattish, dilated, orbiculated, and flat at the point, and that the toes are palmated.

Inhabits Surinam and Guiana.

PLACE.

BWARF SP.

DESCRIPTION.

VOL. III.

D

GENUS

[18]

GENUS LXI. SCREAMER.

Nº 1. Horned Scr. Nº :

N° 2. Crefted Scr.

B^{ILL} bending down at the point, with a horn, or with a tuft of feathers erect near the base of it.

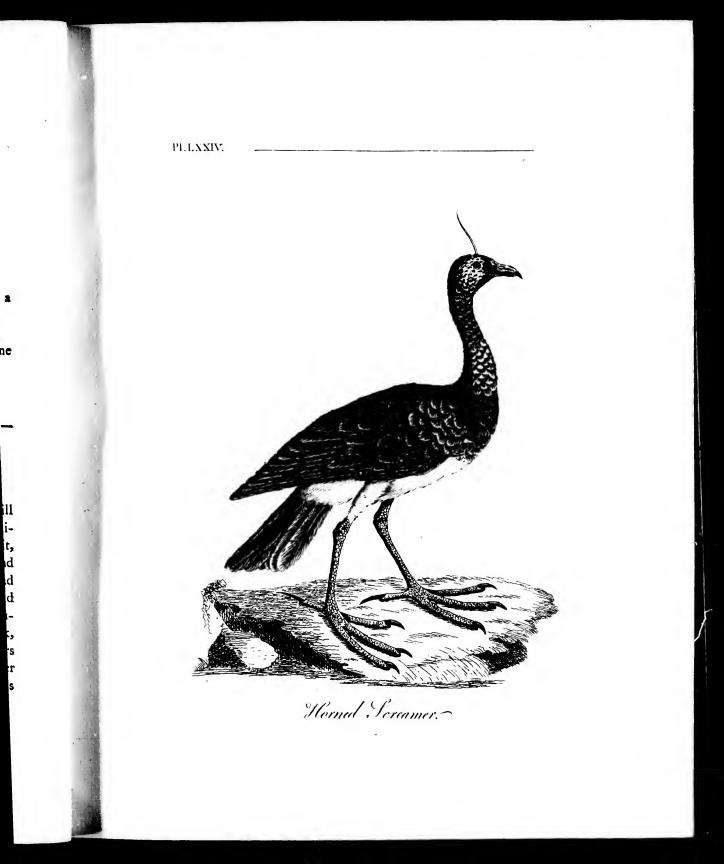
Noftrils oval.

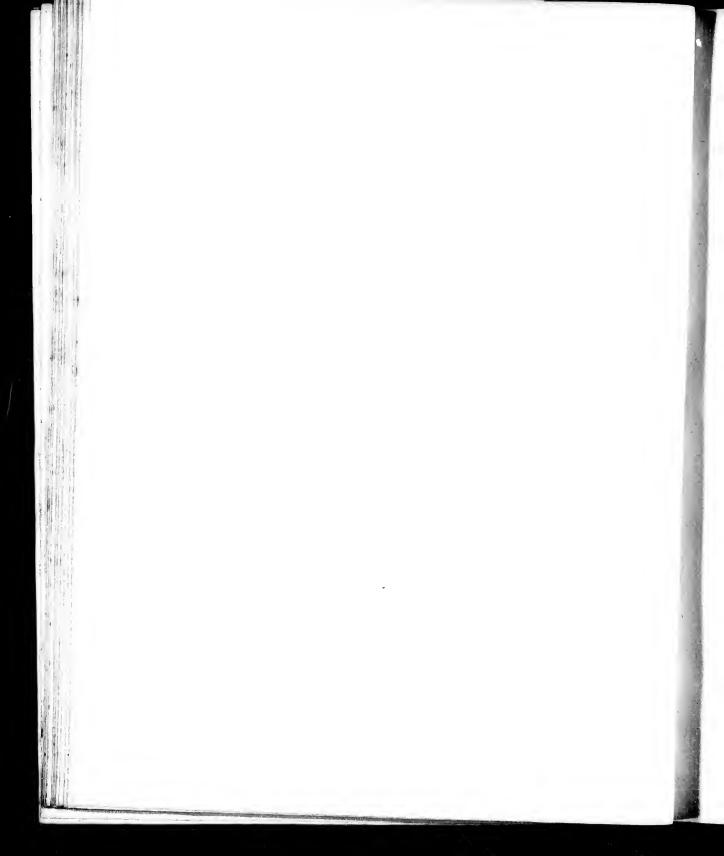
Toes divided almost to their origin, with a small membrane between the bottoms of each.

HORNED SCR.

Palamedea cornuta, Lin. Syft. i. p. 232. 1.
Le Kamichy, Brif. Orn. v. p. 518. 1.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 335. pl. 18.— Pl. Enl. 451.
Anhima, Raii Syn. p. 96. 7.—Will. Orn. p. 276. pl. 47.
Aigle d'eau cornu, Defcr. Surin. ii. p. 143.
Camoucle, Mem. fur Cayen. ii. p. 286. pl. 4.

DESCRIPTION. PL. LXXIV. **S** IZE of a *Turkey*: length three feet four inches. The bill two inches and a quarter long, and black; the upper mandible a little gibbous at the bafe, the under flutting beneath it, as in the gallinaceous tribe: the noftrils oval and pervious, and placed near the middle of the bill: from the crown of the head fprings a flender horn of more than three inches in length, and pointed at the end: the irides are the colour of gold: the plumage on the head, neck, and upper part of the body, is black, margined with grey on the first, and downy: fome of the feathers round the neck are likewife edged with the fame: the under 5 parts





SCREAMER.

parts of the wings are pale rufous, appearing on the fhoulders and edges of them, when clofed: at the bend of the wing are two ftrong, fharp, horny, yellow fpurs, one above another, the uppermoft an inch and a half in length: the belly, thighs, and vent are white: the tail eight inches and a half long, and black: the legs ftout and dufky: the fore claws moderately bent; the hind one nearly ftraight, not unlike that of a Lark, and one inch in length.

The female is faid to be like the male.

They are observed to be always met with in pairs, and if one dies, the other mourns to death for the lofs. They frequent places near the water, make a large neft of mud, in the shape of an oven, upon the ground *, and lay two eggs, the fize of those of a Goofe. The young are brought up in the nest till able to shift for themselves: they have but one nest in a year, which is in January or February, except the first eggs are taken away, in which cafe they make a fecond in April or May. The young birds are frequently eaten by the natives, though the colour of the flefh is very dark; that of the old ones is tough, and ill tafted. By fome authors this fpecies is faid to feed on crabs and birds, fuch as pigeons, poultry, and even to attack sheep and goats; but this is denied by others, who fay that its principal food is reptiles. In the stomach of one which M. Bajon diffected, there were only found berbs and feeds of plants; however he adds, that the bird has no gizzard. This is a rare species, is found in certain districts in Cayenne, Guiana, Surinam, and other parts of South America, chiefly in the marshes and wet favannas, and for the most

• Authors differ. Bajon fays, that it makes the neft both in *thickets*, at fome diffance from the ground, and often among the *rufbes*. Fermin tells us, that it builds on high *trees*. See Mem. fur Cay. and Defer. Surin.

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part

FEMALE. PLACE AND MANNEES.

SCREAMER.

part near the fea. These should feem to be the birds mentioned by Ulloa *, which are called by the inhabitants of Quito, Di/pertadores, or Awakeners, from their giving notice to others of the approach of danger; as on hearing the leaft noife, or feeing any one, though at a great diftance, they rife from the ground, and make a loud chattering, like a Magpie, continuing the noife, and hovering over the object which caufed the alarm, whereby the reft of the birds, taking the hint, are able in time to escape the impending danger. This fcreaming noife, which fome authors relate as being exceedingly loud and terrible +, has occasioned Mr. Pennant to give the genus the name annexed to it.

In the Hunterian Museum is a fine specimen of this bird, brought from Cayenne.

CRESTED SCR.

Palamedea criftata, Lin. Syft. i. p. 232. 2. Le Cariama, Brif. Orn. p. 516. 1.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 325.-Raii Syn. p. 96. 6 .- Will. Orn. p. 276. pl. 51.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of an Heron. The bill fhort, bent like that of a bird of prey, and of a yellowifh brown: irides gold-colour: on the forehead, just above the bill, is a tuft of black feathers, variegated with afh-colour : the head, neck, and body, are grey, mixed with rufous and brown, most inclining to the last on the wings and tail : the wings are not furnished with spurs : the legs pretty long,

> • Voy. vol. ii. p. 243 .- Ulloa makes their fize no bigger than that of a Cock. He fays, that the head is adorned with a tuft of feathers. Perhaps he may mean the next species.

+ Tessibili voce clamitans. Linnam.

os

SCREAMER.

of a dull yellow: claws brown; the hind toe placed high up, fo as not to touch the ground in walking.

This bird inhabits Brafil. Linnæus makes it to belong to the Screamer genus, perhaps from its cry, for it is faid to be heard far off, and is not unlike that of an ben Turkey. None of our later writers feem to have feen it, all of them relying on Marcgrave both for defcription and figure *. It is faid to feed on the fame food as the Heron tribe : the flefth is good, and the bird by fome kept tame. PLACE AND MANNERS.

• That referred to in Willugbby is copied from this author.

GENUS

[22]

GENUS LXII. JABIRU.

I. American J.

B I L L long and large, both mandibles bending upwards; the upper triangular. Noftrils fmall. No tongue *. Toes divided.

AMERICAN J.

Mycteria Americana, Lin. Syft. i. p. 232.
La Cicogne du Breßl, Brif. Orn. v. p. 371. 4.
Le Jabiru, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 280. pl. 13.—Pl. Enl. 817.—Raii Syn. p. 96. 4.—Will. Orn. p. 275. pl. 47 †.
Le Cicogne de la Guiane, Brif. Orn. v. p. 373.
Jabiru-guacu, Nhandhu-apoa, Raii Syn. p. 96. 5.—Will. Orn. p. 276.
Touyouyou, Mem. fur Cayenne, vol. ii. p. 263. pl. 3.

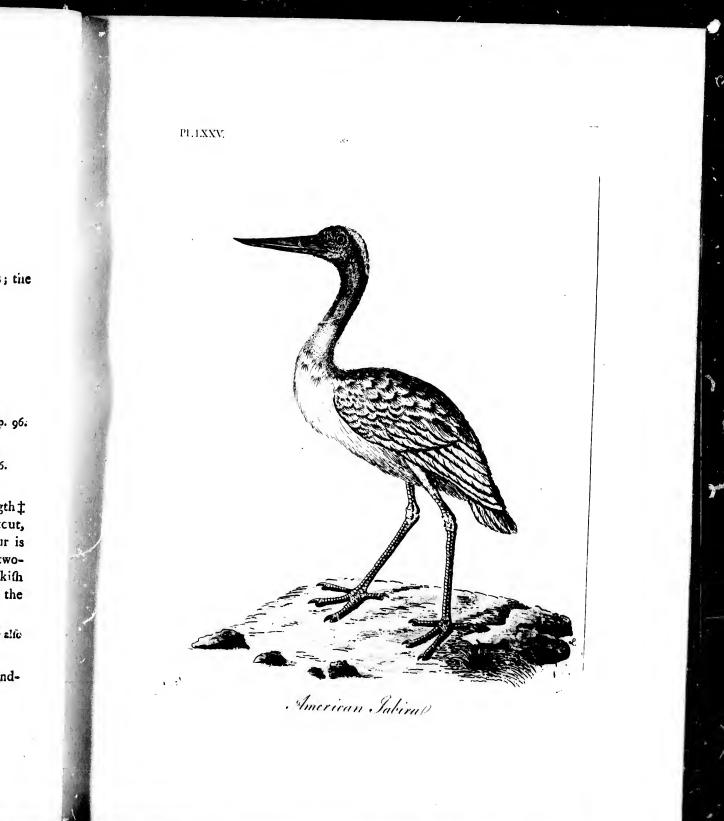
DESCRIPTION. PL. LXXV. **T** HIS bird in fize yields only to the Offrich, and is in length ‡ not far from fix feet. The bill is thirteen inches long, flcut, not unlike that of a Stork, and bends upwards; the colour is black: the whole plumage is white, except the head, and about twothirds of the neck, which are bare of feathers, and of a blackish colour; the remainder is also bare, and of a fine red: on the

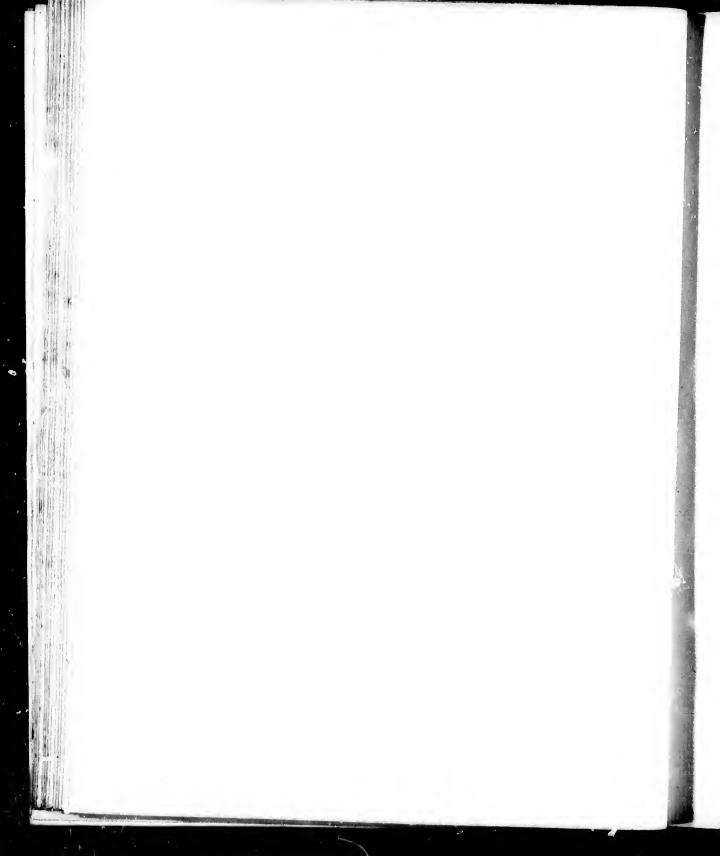
· Marcgrave.

* By this reference is meant the bill at the bottom of the plate.—See alfo Grow's Must. t. v. f. z.

1 Barrere fays fix feet in height as it flands. See Fr. Eq. 133.

hind-





hind-head are a few greyish feathers: the legs are strong, of a great length, and covered with black scales: wings and tail even at the end.

This bird is found in all the favannas of Cayenne, Guiana, and other parts of South America. It makes its neft in great trees, which grow on the borders; lays two eggs, and brings up the young in the neft till they can defeend to the earth. The food is fift. The colour of the young birds is grey; the fecond year it changes to rofe-colour, and the third pure white: they are faid to be very voracious, taking great quantities of fift to fatisfy them. In their nature are very wild. The flefth is good to eat, but that of young birds only, as the old ones are hard and oily.

M. Bajon is inclined to think that this bird is the American Offrich of authors *; and indeed, on canvaffing matters, I cannot with-hold my affent to the fame opinion, for many reafons : in the first place, there is no figure of that bird extant, writers referring to that of Nieremberg \dagger , which is clearly the Caffowary : fecondly, the very great fimilarity of names in the birds quoted by authors, viz. Nhandhuguacu, for the Offrich of America, by Marcgrave \ddagger ; Jabiru-guacu, and Nhandhu-apoa ||, for a greater Jabiru; again, Jabiru §, for a fimaller species. These names seem to run much into one another; the last is also, according to Barrere, called Aouarou, by the inhabitants of Guiana. This author also likens

+ Hift. p. 118 .- See the fame fig. in Aldrev. iii. p. 541.

1 Hift. Braf. p. 290. Pifon. Hift. Nat. Nº 84.

Mareg. p. 200. § Ibid.

PLACE AND MANNERS:

the

[•] Struthio Rhea, Lin. Syft. i. p. 266. 3.—Thouyou, Brif. Orn. v. p. 8. Buf. Oif. i. 452.—Nhanduguacu, or American Offrich, Raii Syn. p. 36. 2. Will. Orn. p. 150.

JABIR U.

the Nhandhuguacu, or the supposed Offrich of America, to a Crane*.

It feems however to have gained univerfally the name of Offrich by the Europeans, but unfortunately fcarce any two have given the fame account: Marcgrave fays, it has three toes furnished with claws forwards, and one without a claw behind; Fermin, that it has only two toes, joined by a membrane +; but Bajon ‡ affures us that it has four, all placed as in the Heron genus. However this be, we meet with birds called Oftriches, on the whole of the American continent, from Guiana to the most fouthern coaft of continent; at Rio Grande ||, about Buenos Ayres §, and fo on to the coafts of Patagonia **: indeed many other voyagers have mentioned, but none described the bird fufficient to ascertain the species. Dampier ++ also talks of Offriches being found to the fouth of Babia in great plenty, though not fo large as those of Africa, and found chiefly in the fouthern parts of Brafil, efpecially among the large favannas near the river Plate, and from thence further fouth, as far as the ftreights of Magellan.

• Grus cinerea fe rivora; but adds, that it has fomewhat the appearance of an Ofricb. He calls it likewife, in other places, an Heron.

† Defcr. Surin. ii. p. 142.—He adds, that the bird ¹ two fpurs on each wing, like the Hedge-hog's quills, but confess that he has never seen one. He is right, however, in faying that it stands from four to five feet in height.

‡ Mem. Jur Cay.

|| Klein, p. 17.

§ Falk. Patag. p. 52 .- Said to abound in this neighbourhood.

• See Falk. Pat. p 52, 53, 101, 109, 126, where he mentions the methods of taking them, and fays their name is *Choique*. See alfo *Wallis's Voy*. p. 373.

†† Vol. iii. part 1. p. 76.

The

JABIRU.

The above fubject wants further elucidation; and it is to be hoped, that future navigators will pay fome attention to it, and use their endeavours to procure a specimen; which appears, from the relations of the several voyagers, not to be attended with the utmost difficulty.

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VOL. III.

GENUS

[26]

GENUS LXIII. BOAT-BILL.

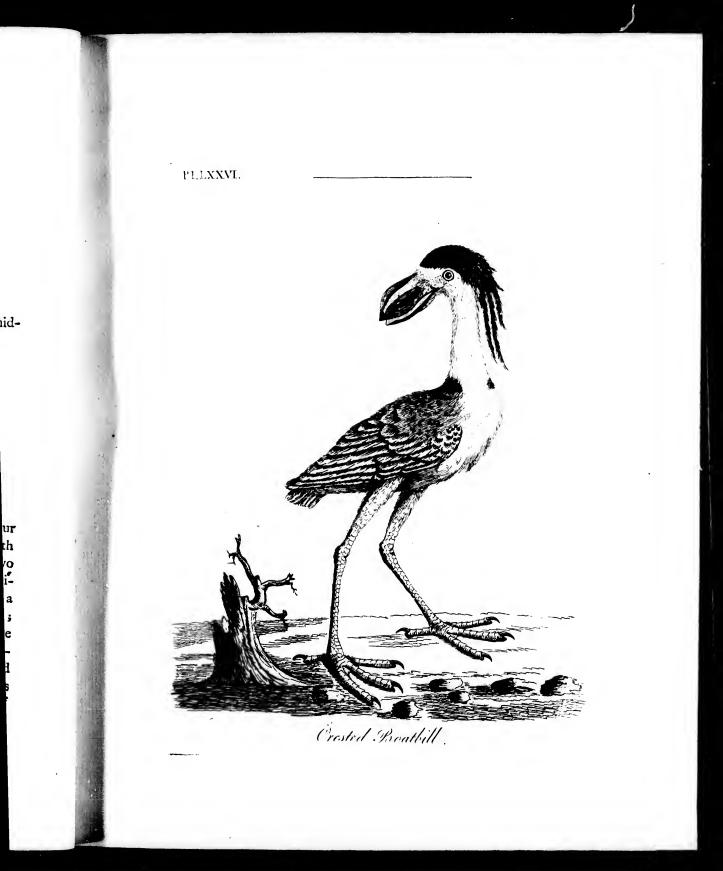
N° I. Crefted B. VAR. A. Spotted B. VAR. B. Brown B.

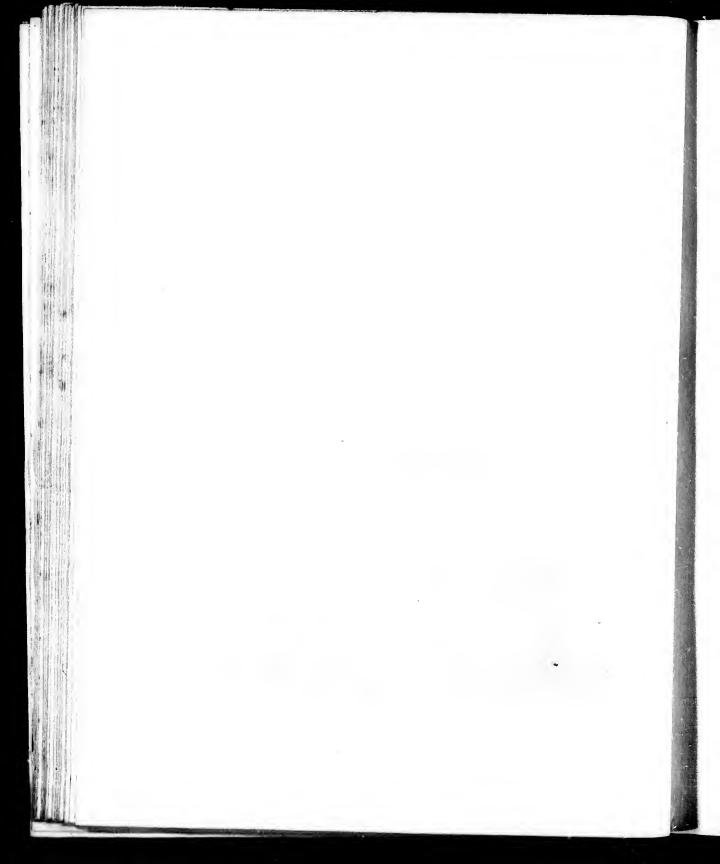
THE bill in this genus is broad, with a keel along the middle, like a boat reverfed. Noftrils fmall, lodged in a furrow. Tongue fmall. Toes divided.

CRESTED B.

Cancroma cochlearia, *Lin. Syft.* i. p. 233. N^o 1. La Cuilliere, *Brif. Orn.* v. p. 506. Le Savacou, *Buf. Oif.* vii. p. 443. pl. 23.—*Pl. Enl.* 38. Boat-bill, *Brown, Illuftr.* p. 92. pl. 36. *Lev. Muf.*

DESCRIPTION. PL. LXXVI. S IZE of a *fowl*: length twenty-two inches. The bill is four inches long, and of a fingular form, not unlike a boat with the keel uppermoft, or, as fome think, like the bowls of two fpoons, placed with the hollow parts together; the upper mandible has a prominent ridge at the top, and on each fide of this a long channel, at the bottom of which the noftrils are placed; thefe are oval, and fituated obliquely; the general colour of the bill is dufky, or in fome fpecimens dark brown; the fkin between the under jaw capable of diftenfion: from the hind head 7





fprings a long black creft, the feathers which compose it narrow, and end in a point; the middle ones are fix inches in length, the others leffen by degrees, the outer ones being not more than one inch: between the bill and eye the skin is bare and dusky; the plumage on the forehead white; the reft of the bird of a pale blueish ash-colour: across the lower part of the neck behind is a transverse band of brownish black, which passes forwards on each fide towards the breaft, ending in a point, but does not encompass it: the fore part of the neck, and under parts, are blueish white, except the belly and thighs, which are rufous: the feathers which hang over the breaft are loofe, like those of the Heron: the tail is three inches and a half long, and the wings, when clofed, reach nearly to the end of it : the leg is three inches in length; and the thigh, from its infertion to the knee, four; the middle toe two inches and a half; the bare part above the knee one inch and a half: the colour of the bare parts yellowish brown; claws black: the toes are connected at the bafe by a membrane, which, as in the Umbre, is deepest in the outer one.

This description is taken from a fine specimen now in the Leverian Museum.

La Cuilliere tachetée, Bris. Orn. v. p. 508. A.

THIS differs from the last, in being varied with spots of brown.

VAR. A. SPOTTED B.

E 2

Cancroma

BOAT-BILL

VAR. B. BROWN **B.**

Cancroma cancrophaga, Lin. Syst. i. p. 233. 2.

La Cuilliere brune, Brif. Orn. v. N° 509. 2.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 443.— Pl. Enl. 869.

Tamatia, Raii Syn. p. 116. 12. - Will. Orn. p. 318. pl. 73. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the laft. Head and creft the fame: the upper parts, inftead of afh-colour, are of a pale rufous brown: the tail rufous afh: the under parts wholly of a cream-colour: bill and legs yellow brown.

I find these birds vary much: in the first place, the crefts are by no means of equal lengths; fince the cinereous one, mentioned by Buffon, had a shorter crest than the brown fort; whereas in those which came under my inspection, it was just the contrary; and in one fpecimen the creft was fcarcely manifeft: the bills too vary in colour; fome are black, others brown, and in one which I faw it appeared to have been yellow. If I may be allowed a conjecture, it is, that the cinereous, or first-described, is the male, the plain brown one the female, and the spotted variety of Briffon a young male; and that the crefts of both are equal, when in an adult flate. In the Pl. Enl. I observe a patch of grey in the middle of the greater wing coverts, which is not in any specimen that I have seen. The figure referred to in Brown is not good, being too fhort and fquat; that in Hift. des Oif. much worfe, though the bill and creft are well expressed: both those in the Pl. Enl. are fufficiently expressive; and it is to be hoped, that our representation will likewise give a just idea of so curious a bird.

This

BOAT-BILL.

This fpecies, for I refer all that has been treated of above to one only, inhabits Cayenne, Guiana, and Brafil, and chiefly frequents fuch parts as are near the water: in fuch places it perches on the trees which hang over the ftreams, and, like the Kingsfifber, drops down on the fifh which fwim beneath. It has been thought to live on crabs likewife, whence the Linnean name; but this is not clear, though it cannot be denied; yet we are certain that f_i/b is the most common if not the only food.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

arts, tail and s are oneď as in ary ; bills one e all, is riety jual, h of ot in oron uch hofe ped, ious

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Chis

29

GENVS.

[30]

GENUS LXIV. U M B R E.

Nº 1. Tufted Umbre.

BILL firong, thick, compressed, the upper mandible appearing to be composed of several pieces. Nostrils linear, and placed obliquely. Toes divided, furnished with a flight membrane at the base.

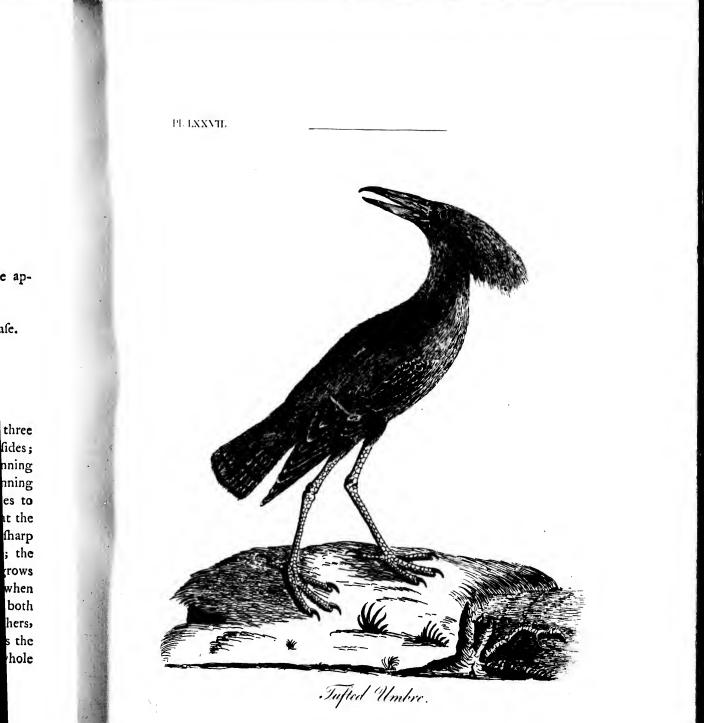
TUFTED U.

DESCRIPTION.

PL. LXXVII.

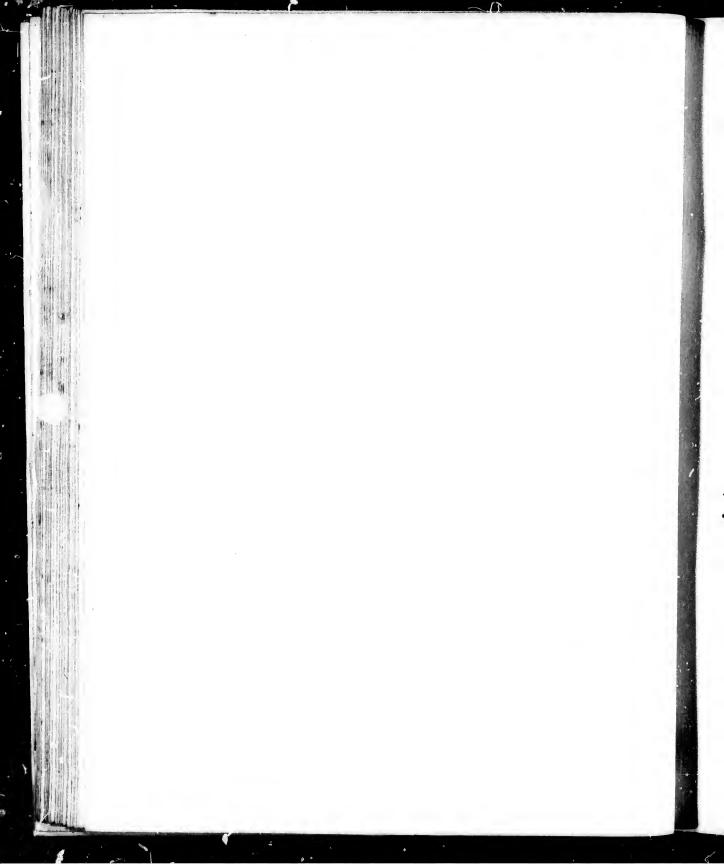
L'Ombrette, Brif. Orn. v. p. 503.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 440. — du Scnegal, Pl. Enl. 796. The Umbre, Brown. Illustr. p. 90. pl. 35.

SIZE of a Crow: length twenty inches. The bill is three inches and a half in length, and comprefied on the fides; along each fide of the upper mandible is a furrow, running lengthwife, about one-eighth of an inch from the ridge, beginning at the bafe, and finifhing about half an inch before it comes to the point of the bill, which is fomewhat bent downwards; at the bafe of it are the noftrils, which are a mere flit, placed at a fharp angle with the furrow, and about half an inch in length; the under mandible is lefs deep at the bafe than the upper, grows fimaller towards the end, is there a little truncated, and when clofed, fhuts in beneath the upper one; the colour of both brown: from the hind head fprings a creft of loofe feathers, exceeding full, and four inches in length; this, as well as the whole



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UMBRE.

whole body, is of an uniform brown colour, most like that of *Umber*, but rather paleft beneath, and the neck feathers paleft down the fhafts: the wings and tail are even; the last is barred with three or four bars of deeper brown, and tipped for about an inch with the fame: the legs are long, and the thighs bare for two-thirds of the length; the colour of both dusky: between each toe is a membrane, about a quarter of an inch deep between the middle and outer, and fomewhat less between that and the inner: the claws are fimall and bent.

I fufpect the bird figured in the *Pl. Enluminées* to be a *female*, as there does not appear the least rudiment of a creft. The tail in this bird is of a paler brown, and croffed with five narrow bars of darker brown, with the tip of this last colour. That defcribed by *Briffon* is also without a creft. The bird figured in *Brozon*'s work, gives a false idea; it there appears a heavy, fquate uncouth figure, the legs much too fhort, and the membrane between the toes nearly as much webbed as in a *Duck*.

At Sir Joseph Banks's is a most perfect specimen of the male, which came from the Cape of Good Hope. Buffon's bird came from Senegal.

GENUS

[32]

GENUS LXV. HERON.

Nº 1. Crowned H. 2. Demoifelle H. 3. Sibirian Crane. 4. Indian Cr. VAR. A. s. Common Cr. VAR. A. Japan Cr. 6. Hooping Cr. 7. Brown Cr. 8. Gigantic Cr. 9. White Stork. 10. American St. TI. Black St. 12. Collared H. 13. Night H. 14. Jamaica Night H. 15. Caledonian N. H. 16. Cayenne N. H. 17. Bittern. VAR. A. 18. Greater B. VAR. A. 19. Rufous B. 20. Swabian B.

21. Rayed B.

Nº 22. Zigzag B. 23. Brasilian B. 24. Tiger B. 25. Lineated B. 26. Yellow B. 27. Little B. 28. Minute B. 29. Senegal B. 30. Green H. VAR. A. VAR. B. 31. Spotted H. 32. Gardenian H. 33. Cinereous H. 34. New Guinea H. 35. Philippine H. 36. Squaiotta H. 37. Chefnut H. 38. Red-legged H. VAR. A. 39. Squacco H. VAR. A. 40. Castaneous H. 41. Ferruginous H. 42. Dwarf H.

43. Cinnamon

Nº 43. Cinnamon H.	Nº 61. Snowy H.
44. Malacca H.	62. Sacred H.
45. Blue H.	VAR. A.
VAR. A.	63. Little White H.
VAR. B.	VAR. A.
VAR. C.	VAR. B.
46. Yellow-crowned H.	64. Black H.
47. Louifiane H.	65. Crested Purple H.
48. Striated H.	66. Purple H.
49. Wattled H.	67. Mexican H.
50. Common H.	68. Cracra H.
51. Great H.	69. Violet H.
52. Red-shouldered H.	70. Agami H.
53. Rufty-crowned H.	71. Cocoi H.
54. Afh-coloured H.	72. Rufous H.
55. Streaked H.	73. Chinefe H.
56. Reddifh Egret.	74. Johanna H.
57. Demi Egr.	75. Dry H.
58. Great Egr.	76. Houhou H.
59. Little Egr.	77. Pondicherry H.
60. Great White H.	78. Coromandel H.
VAR. A. Black-crefted H.	79. Scolopaceous H.

THE characters of this genus are :

A long, ftrong, fharp-pointed bill. Noftrils linear.

Tongue pointed.

Toes connected by a membrane, as far as the first joint: the middle claw of fome of the species pectinated.

Vol. III.

F

Ardea

33

amon

CROWNED H.

Ardes Pavonina, Lin. Syft. i. p. 233. 1.

L'Oifeau Royal, Brif. Orn. v. p. 511. 1. pl. 41. (the female.)-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 317. pl. 16.-Pl. Enl. 265. (the male).

Balcaric Crane, Raii Syn. p. 95. 3.-Will. Orn. p. 275. pl. 48.-Sloan. Jam. p. 314.

Peacock, Kolb. Cape, ii. p. 245. pl. 7. f. 4. Crowned African Crane, Edw. pl. 192. Crown Bird, Voy. to Guinea, p. 253. pl. 11.

Br. Mus. Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION. MALE. "HIS is as large as the common Heron; the length two feet nine inches. The bill is two inches and a half long, ftrait, and of a brownish colour: irides grey: the crown of the head covered with foft black feathers, like velvet; on the hind part is a tuft composed of hair, or rather briftles, arising near each other at the bafe, and fpreading out on all fides in a globular form; this is four inches in length, and of a reddiff brown colour: the fides of the head are bare of feather being covered only by a flefhy membrane, of a reddifh colour at the lower part, and in fhape not unlike a kidney: on each fide of the throat hangs a kind of wattle : the general colour of the bird, blueish ash. The feathers on the fore part of the neck are very long, and hang over the breaft : wing coverts white; the greater ones incline to rufous, and those farthest from the body to black : the greater quills and tail are black, and the fecondaries chefnut: the legs, and the bare part above the knee, are dufky.

FEMALE.

The *female* is black, where the male is blue afh: and the wattles on the throat are wanting: the long feathers on the breaft are also lefs confpicuous.

This

34

This beautiful fpecies is an inhabitant of *Africa*, particularly the Coaft of *Guinea*^{*}, as far as *Cape Verd*; at this laft place they are faid to be wonderfully tame, and will often come into the court-yards to feed with the poultry.

Why the name of *Balearic Crane* has been given to this bird, is not well afcertained, as it is certainly not met with in the *Balearic Iflands* + at this day. Thefe birds are often kept in our menageries, and, with fhelter of nights, often live a good while. Their chief food fuppofed to be worms, and fuch other things as the *Heron* tribe ufually feed on; alfo vegetables of all kinds. Often fleeps on one leg; runs very faft; and is faid not only to fly well, but to fuftain it for a long time together. The flefh of this bird is faid to be very tough \ddagger .

Ardea Virgo, Lin. Syft. i. p. 234. 2. La Grue de Numidie, ou Demoifelle, Brif. Orn. v. p. 388. 12.—Buf. Oif. + DEMOISELLE vii. p. 313. pl. 15.—Pl. Enl. 241. Numidian Crane, Albin iii. pl. 83. Demoifelle of Numidia, Edw. pl. 134. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of the *Crane*: length three feet three inches. The bill ftrait; two inches and a half long; greenifh at the bafe, then yellowifh, with the tip red: irides crimfon. The crown of the head is afh-colour; the reft of the head, the upper part of the

• Common about the whole country of Ardra; a few at and about Acra; and feveral at Whidab.—Bojman.

+ Majorca and Minorca.

1 Kolben.

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neck

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

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. Jam.

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the

reaft

This

neck behind, and all the under parts, to the breaft, black; on the laft, the feathers are long, and hang downwards: the back, rump, and tail, and all the under part from the breaft, are of a blueifh afh-colour: behind each eye fprings a tuft of long white feathers, which decline downwards, and hang in an elegant manner: the quills and tail are black at the ends: the legs black.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This fpecies is found in many parts of Africa and Afia. In the first, has been met with on the Coast of Guinea*; but is most plentiful about Bildulgerid (the ancient Numidia), and Tripoli; from thence along the coasts of the Mediterranean Sea; and pretty common in $Egypt \ddagger$. They are also at Aleppo ‡, and in the fouthern plain about the Black and Cassian Seas; and are feen frequent beyond Lake Baikal, about the rivers Selenga and Argun, but never venture to the northward \parallel . In all places found to prefer marshes and neighbourhood of rivers, as the food is fish, like most of the Heron genus.

It is frequently kept in menageries, being endowed with great gentlenefs of manners, added to its being an elegant bird. At various times puts itfelf into ftrange and uncouth attitudes, and efpecially those which imitate dancing and *Keysler* mentions one in the *Great Duke's* Gallery, at *Florence*, which had been taught to dance to a certain tune, when played or fung to it §. The name this bird is known by in the eaft is *Kurki*, or *Querky*. Sometimes will breed in confinement: one is recorded to have

• Hift des Oif.

1 Riffel. Alep. p. 69.

+ Haffelq. p. 287.

Mr. Pennant.

. § See Trav. vol. ii. p. 34.—Called by Pococke, the Dancing Bird. See his Trav. vol. ii. p. 207.

lived

lived twenty-four years at Versailles, which had been raifed there*.

Grus Leucogeranos, Pall. Trav. ii. p. 714. 30. t. 1.—Georgi Reife, p. 171. Sibirian Cr. 1e, Ard. Zool. p. 455.

THIS is a very large fpecies, being four feet fix inches high, when ftanding erect. The bill fhaped like that of a crane, but bigger, and of a red colour; the mandibles ferrated at the edges near the tip: the face naked beyond the eyes; rugofe, of a red colour, and fprinkled with numerous rufous tubercles: irides white: the plumage white as fnow, except the ten first greater quills, with the coverts of them, which are black: the fcapulars fhorter than in the *Crane*: tau pretty even, confisting of twelve feathers: legs long, red.

In old birds the hind part of the neck is yellowish: young birds of the first year are wholly of an oker colour; with the face, bill, and legs of a greenish brown.

This fpecies inhabits the vaft marfhes and lakes in Sibiria, efpecially those about the *If him*, and along the rivers Ob and *Irtifb*. Makes the neft among the reeds, feldom acceffible by man, upon rifing green graffy tufts, made up of herbs and grafs heaped together : lays two afh-coloured eggs of the fize of those of a *Goofe*, and fpotted with brown.

These are shy birds, and always upon their guard against an enemy; having a centinel to warn them of an approach: on the least alarm cry aloud, not unlike the Swan, and sy off directly.

. Hift. des Oif.

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The

PLACE AND MANNERS.

SIBIRIAN CR.

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DESCRIPTION.

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great bird. ides, iions been it §. erky. nave

e his ved

The fportiman finds, in courfe, much difficulty in approaching them within gunfhot; for, as they ftand near five feet high from the ground, they are enabled to efpy him at a great diffance. Sometimes indeed he approaches them under cover of a *ftalkingkorfe*, or other object; at other times a finall *dog* will divert their attention, as they will without fear attack the dog, while his mafter gets within reach. In breeding-time, however, they are more bold, as they will defend their young even againft men, fo as to make it dangerous to come near their haunts. The *male* and *female* faid to guard the neft alternate.

The more northern parts are those of the fummer refidence, and to which they come in fpring; departing fouth in autumn, probably winter about the *Caspian Sea*, and parts beyond. Fly always in pairs*. A bird fimilar to this, if not the fame, we often fee depicted in *Chinese hangings*. I rather think this, as I have more than once met with it in fome drawings of *Chinese* birds.

The food is *frogs*, fmall , *u*, *lizards*, and fuch-like. The *Ruffians* know it by the name of *Sterchi*; and if the bird hinted at as *Chinefe* be the fame, it is _alled by them *Tzew-ting-ha*.

Ardea Antigone, Lin. Syft. i. p. 235.6.

Greater Indian Crane, Edw. 45.

La Grue des Indes Orientales, Brif. Orn. v. p. 378. 7.

4. INDIAN CRANE.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a larger bird than the common Crane, being in height five feet. The bill is of a greenish yellow, dusky at the tip: irides of a bright reddish hazel: crown of the head bare and

· Decouv. Ruff. ii. p. 145.

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efidence, in aubeyond. he fame, this, as of *Chinefe*

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n height the tip : are and

white;

HERON.

white; on each fide of the head, about the cars, is a bare white pot; the reft of the head, and a finall part of the neck, covered with a fine red fkin, and is alfo deflitute of feathers: the plumage of the bird is afh-colour, lighteft about the neck: the quills are black: tail and fecondaries afh-colour; those neareft the body are pointed at the ends, longer than the quills, and hang over them: the legs, and bare space above the knee, are red: the claws white; the middle and outer too connected by a membrane as far as the first joint.

This fpecies inhabits the *Eaft Indies*, also the *Mongolian Defarts*; from whence it migrates into that part of the *Ruffian* dominions which lies beyond *Lake Baikal*, keeping chi-fly within the plains below the rivers *Onon* and *Argun*, which is the western extremity of the *Gobean Plain* *.

La Grue à Collier, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 307.—Pl. Enl. 865. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

S I Z E very large: length four feet three inches and a half. Bill long and black: the head, and neck for above half its length, are almost naked, being covered with a reddiffh white down; round the middle of the neck is a collar of red: the lower art of the neck, and the rest of the body, of a blueisth as collour: on the rump is a tast of flowing feathers, which hang over the ends of the wings and tail, as in the common *Crane*: the tail is black: the legs dufky.

Inhabits the East Indies.

Mr. Pennant:

PLACE.

Ardea

MANNERS.

VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

39

COMMON CRANE.

- Ardea Grus, Lin. Syl. i. p. 234. 4.—Faun. Suec. 161.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 122.—Brun. p. 156.— Muller, p. 22.—Kram. El. p. 345.—Frijcb, pl. 194.
- La Grue, Brif. Orn. v. p. 375. 6.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 237. pl. 14 -- Pl. Enl. 769.
- The Crane, Raii Syn. p. 95. A. 1.—Will. Orn. p. 274. pl. 43.—Kolben, Hift. Cap. ii. p. 141.—Albin. ii. pl. 65.—Br. Zool. app. .p. 629, pl. 6.— Arel. Zool. p. 453.

Lev. Mus.

THIS is a large bird, not unfrequently weighing ten pounds,

and measures more than five feet in length. The bill is almost four inches and a quarter long, and of a greenish black : the fore-

DESCRIPTION.

head, to the middle of the crown, covered with black down or hairs; the hind part bare and red, with a few fcattered hairs: on the nape, below this, is a bare fpace of two inches, and of an afh-colour: the fides of the head, behind the eyes, and the hind part of the neck, are white: between the bill and eyes, the cheeks beneath them, and the fore part of the neck, are of a blackifh afh-colour: the lower part of the neck, and the reft of the body, fine afh-colour, deepeft on the tail coverts: the greater wing coverts are blackifh; and those farthest from the body, with the baftard wing, and quills, black: from the pinion of each wing fprings an elegant tuft of loose feathers, curled at the ends, which may be erected at will, but in a quiefcent ftate hang over and cover the tail: the legs are black.

PLACE AND MANNERS, This species seems far spread, being met with in great flocks throughout northern Europe, and Asia; in Sweden, Russia throughour, and Sibiria as far as the river Anadyr, migrating even to the arctic circle. In Kamtschatka only seen on the southern promon-

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tory:

tory *: are migratory, returning northward to breed in the fpring, and generally choofing the fame places which had been occupied by them the feafon before \dagger . In the winter inhabiting the warmer regions, fuch as $Egypt \ddagger$, $Aleppo \parallel$, India, &cc.: alfo met with at the Cape of Good Hope, changing place with the feafon. In their migrations frequently fly fo high as not to be visible; their passing only being known by the noise they make, being louder than any other bird §. In France they are feen fpring and autumn; but for the most part are mere passing. We are told that they frequented the marshes of Lincoln/hire and Cambridge/hire, in vast flocks, formerly; but the cafe is altered, as of late none have been met with, except, a few years fince, a fingle bird shot near Cambridge.

We are told that they make the neft in the marshes, and lay two blueish eggs. The young birds are thought very good food. They feed on reptiles of all kinds, and in turn on green corn; of which last they are faid to make fo great havock, as to ruin the farmers, wherever the flocks of these depredators alight.

* Ara. Zool.—One of the reafons supposed to be, the want of frogs, toads, and ferpents; none being found in Kamt/cbatka.—Hift. of Kamt/cb.— They have kowever plenty of lizards.

+ Aman. Acad. iv. p. 589.

1 Id. note (m.)-Willugbby met with them at Rome in the winter feason.

|| Ruff. Alep. p. 69.

§ Supposed to arise from the fingular conformation of the wind-pipe, which, "entering far into the breast-bone, which has a great cavity to receive it, and being there thrice reflected, goes out again at the fame hole, and fo turns down to the lungs."—Will. Orn. p. 274. pl. 48.—The above structure is not very unlike that of the Parragua Pheasant. See vol. ii. part 2. p. 722. of this Work.

VOL. III.

G

Le

. Ann. i. -Frisch; 14 -Pl. Chen, Hist.

pl. 6.---

pounds, s almoft he foredown or I hairs : d of an the hind yes, the are of a e reft of e greater e body, inion of d at the te hang

nt flocks hroughn to the bromontory :

Le Grue du Japon, Brif. Orn. v. p. 381. 9.

CIZE and fhape of the laft. Bill and legs dull green: the upper part of the head covered with a red skin, sprinkled DESCRIPTION. with a few briftly feathers: fore part of the neck black: the hind part of the reft of the plumage in general white, except the greater quills, which are black : fome of the fecondaries are pointed at the ends, and fo long as almost to reach the end of

PLACE.

the tail.

VAR. A.

JAPAN. CR.

Inhabits Japan. I observe this bird to be frequent in Chine/e paintings and paper-hangings; as alfo reprefented in china ware: in all these the loofe feathers which hang over the tail are black.

6. HOOPING CR.

DESCRIPTION.

Ardea Americana, Lin. Syst. i. p. 234. 5. La Grue d'Amerique, Bris. Orn. v. p. 382. 10.-Pl. Enl. 829. - blanche, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 308. Hooping Crane, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 75 .- Edw. p. 132 .- Art. Zool. Nº 339.

I ENGTH four feet fix inches; and to the end of the claws five feet feven inches. Bill fix inches, toothed at the edges near the end, and of a yellow brown colour: the top of the head, and under the eyes, covered with a red fkin, befet with black hairs, which are placed fo thick next the bill as to appear nearly black; this ends in a point nearly beneath the ears: behind the crown, on the nape, is a triangular black mark : the general colour of the plumage white; except the bend of the wing, which is of a pale rofe-colour; the nine first quills are black; the tenth black and white; and the reft white: the legs, and bare

bare part of the thighs, black : on the rump the feathers are tufted, and hang curved downwards, as in the common Crane.

This is an American fpecies, often feen at the mouths of the Savanna, Aratamaba, and other rivers nearer St. Augustine: in fpring going to the north to breed, like the common Grane, and returning, like that bird, to the fouth in autumn. In the fummer are found in Hudson's Bay, at which place they arrive in May, and retire in September; and are chiefly met with in un-frequented places, in the neighbourhood of lakes, where they breed. The neft is made on the ground, composed of grafs and feathers. They lay two white eggs, like those of the Swan, and fit twenty days: the young are at first yellow, changing to white by degrees. These birds have a loud long note, which may be heard at a great distance: the food is chiefly worms and infects, which it fearches for at the bottoms of ponds. The natives of Hudson's Bay call it Wapaw-uchecbauk *.

LENGTH three feet three inches: weight feven pounds and a half. Bill three inches and three quarters, and dufky;

* For the vernacular name of this, as well as many other birds of North America, as also the manners of many species, I am indebted to the observations of Mr. Hutchins, of the Hud/on's Bay Company, an intelligent and communicative Naturalist.

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DESCRIPTION.

BROWN CR.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

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Nº 339.

black; s, and bare

but the tip of the under mandible is pale flefh-colour: the top of the head covered with a red fkin thinly befet with hairs: cheeks and throat whitifh: the hind head and neck are cinereous: the upper part of the back, fcapulars, and wing coverts, pale rufous, margined with brown; the lower and rump cinereous: the breaft, belly, thighs, and fides, afh-colour, changing to white at the vent: the greater wing covert fartheft from the body, blackifh brown; thofe neareft the body grey, forming a band on the wing: the greater quills dark brown, with white fhafts; the fecondaries pale rufous: fome of thefe laft are long and narrow, and reach beyond the greater quills: the tail of a deep afh-colour: legs and bare part of the thighs black.

Scarce any difference between the male and female.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This is likewife a fpecies peculiar to America; migrating at the different feafons, as the former. Seen by Kalm fo early as the 7th of February, paffing over New Jer/ey and Pen/ylvania; but he fays they are feen in much fewer numbers than formerly. Come into the parts about Hud/on's Pay in May: lay two eggs, and have the fame manners as the laft : will alfo eat corn, and at times do damage by eating the maize*. The flefth is thought good by many. Called at Severn River the Blue Crane, by the natives Samak-ucbecbauk.

This is probably *Willugbby's Indian Crane* +; which he fays is lefs than the *common one*, but the bill larger in proportion: the top of the head red, fet with long hairs: the body afh-colour; and the tail fhort, being hid by the feathers. *Ray* fuppofes it to be the *Toquilcoyotl* of *Hernandez*, which is a *Mexican* fpecies \pm .

* Aret. Zool. † Orn. p 275. ‡ Syn. p. 95. 2.-See alfo la Grue du Mexique, Brif. v. p. 380.

Argill,

e top heeks : the le ru-: the nite at olacknd on hafts; g and a deep

at the he 7th he fays ne into ave the do dapod by natives

fays is n: the olour; pofes it cies ‡.

Argill,

Argill, or Hurgill, Ives's Voy. p. 183.

THE bird here quoted feems to be of the *Heron* tribe, and is a very large fpecies; from tip to tip of the wings measuring fourteen feet ten inches; and from the tip of the bill to the claws, feven feet and a half: the bill fixteen inches round at the bafe, of different colours, and nearly of a triangular fhape: the feathers of the back and wings very ftrong, and of an iron-colour; those of the breast long: over the belly a great deal of down, of a dirty white: the legs and half the thighs naked; the naked parts full three feet in length.

This monfter, as *Ives* terms it, inhabits *Bengal*, and is alfo found at *Calcutta*; at the laft place called *Hurgill*, or *Argill*. It majeftically ftalks along before one, and appears at firft like a *naked Indian*. The common opinion is, that the fouls of the *Bramins* poffers there birds. "On opening one of there, a *Terapin*, or land Tortoife, ten inches long, was found in its craw, and a large male *black cat* was found intire in its ftomach *."

I have fcarce a doubt of the above being the fame as a fpecies remarked by Mr. Smeathman in Africa, while refident there; an adult one of which will often measure full 7 feet, when standing erect. He describes the plumage much the fame as in Mr. Ives's bird; adding, that the gape is monstrously wide: the head covered with white down, thinly dispersed, appearing not unlike a greybeaded man: on the middle of the neck before, a long, conic

• In Sumatra is faid to be a great variety of the Stork kind; fome of a prodigious fize, and otherwife curious; as the Boorong Cambing and Booring-oclar. --See Mar/d. Sumatr. p. 98.

membrane,

PLACE AND MANNERS.

GIGANTIC CR.

DESCRIPTION.

membrane, like a bladder, fprinkled very thinly with flort down, rifing or falling as the animal moves the beak, and always appearing inflated.

Thefe birds are met with in companies; and when feen at a diftance, near the mouths of rivers, coming towards an obferver, which they do with the wings extended, may well be taken for *canoes*, upon the furface of a fmooth fea: when on the fand banks, for *men* and *women* picking up fhell-fifh or other things on the beach.

One of these, a young bird, about five feet in height, was brought up tame, and prefented to the Chief of the Bananas, where Mr. Smeathman lived; and being accuftomed to be fed in the great hall, foon became familiar; duly attending that place at dinner-time, placing itfelf behind its mafter's chair, frequently before any of the guefts entered. The lavants were obliged to watch it narrowly, and to defend the provisions with fwitches in their hands; but, notwithftanding this, it would frequently fnatch off fomewhat or other, and was known once to have purloined a whole boiled fowl, which it fwallowed in an inftant. Its courage is not equal to its voracity; for a child of eight or ten years old foon puts it to flight with a fwitch, though at first it feems to fland upon its defence, by threatening with its enormous bill, widely extended, and crying out with a loud hoarfe voice, like a bear or tiger. It is an enemy to fmall quadrupeds, as well as birds and reptiles, and deftroys fowls and chickens, though it dare not attack a ben with her young openly : it preys alfo on rats, young kittens, and the like; and has been known to fwallow a cat whole : a bone of a fhin of beef being broken afunder, ferves it but for two morfels.

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ght, was Bananas, be fed in hat place requently bliged to vitches in requently ave purant. Its nt or ten at first it its enord hoarfe adrupeds, chickens, it preys known to en afun-

The

HERON.

The individual above mentioned used to fly about the island, and rooft very high among the filk cotton trees; from whence, at two or three miles diftance, it could fpy the dinner carrying across the yard; when, darting from its station, it would enter promifcuoully with the women who carried in the diffes. When fitting, it was observed to reft itself on the whole length of the hind part of the leg. It fometimes flood near, for half an hour after dinner, with the head turning alternately, as if liftening to the conversation; and during this time would every three or four minutes void the excrements, which were liquid, and whitifh; and took care always to do this on his legs, by wheeling the back parts round over one or the other, and this regularly on different legs; for if he had muted on the left leg laft, he would be fure to do the fame on the right the next time; never making any mistake.—As to the rest of its manners, such as incubation, &c. my friend is filent.

Ardea Ciconia, Lin. Syft. i. p. 235. 7 .- Faun. Suec. 162 .- Scop. Ann. i. Nº 123 .- Brun. Nº 154.-Muller, p. 22. La Cicogne blanche, Brif. Orn. v. p. 365. pl. 32.-Pl. Enl. 866.-B.f.

White Stork, Raii Syn. p. 97. A. 1.-Will. Orn. p. 286. pl. 52.-Albin. ii.

Oif. vii. p. 253. pl. 12.

7

pl. 64.-Ara. Zool. p. 455.

9. + WHITE STORK.

SIZE of a Turkey, or larger : length three feet three inches. Bill feven inches and three quarters ; the colour of it a fine red : the plumage is wholly white, except the orbits of the eyes, which are bare and blackifh: fome of the feapulars, the greater

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

coverts,

DESCRIPTION.

47.

coverts, and quills, are black : the fkin, legs, and bare part of the thighs, are red *.

Male and female much alike.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

This familiar fpecies inhabits in turn the various parts of the old continent; but avoiding alike the extremes of heat and cold, being never met with between the tropics, nor fcarce ever feen more north than Sweden, or in Russia beyond 50 degrees. It never frequents Sibiria, though fometimes feen in Bucharia, where it makes its neft; tending towards the fouth in autumn, to winter in Egypt. It has fcarce ever been met with in England +; though it is well known, that in Lorrain and Allace, in France, as well as in Holland, they every where build on the tops of the houfes, and the good-natured inhabitants provide boxes for them to make their nefts in; this they not only do, but are particularly careful that the birds fuffer no injury, refenting it as done to themfelves. At Bagdad Ives faw a neft of these, June 13, on a dome of a decayed molque; and fays that hundreds are to be feen on every house, wall, and tree, quite tame ‡. At Persepolis, or Chilmanar, in Persia, the remains of the pillars ferve them to build on, " every pillar having a neft of them "." They are common at Aleppo §; and in plenty at Seville ** in Spain. Thought to

• The bill and legs are fometimes brown. Salerne.—Such a variety I recollect to have feen in the collection of that well-informed naturalift, Marmaduke Tunflall, Efq; whose liberal communications on Ornithology I beg leave to acknowledge.

+ Two inftances only are on second : Willugbby mentions one being that in Norfolk; and Albin a fecond in Middlefex.

1 Iver's Voy. p. 299, 307. || Fryer's Trav. p. 251. § Ruffel Alep. p. 69. • In the winter feafon Storks are very numerous in Seville; almost every tower

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rts of the heat and arce ever degrees. Bucharia, utumn, to ngland †; France, as he houfes, n to make rly careful to themon a dome be feen on fepolis, or them to y are com-Thought to

riety I recol-, *Marmaduke* beg leave to

being fhot in

Alep. p. 69. every tower in to have two broods in a year; the first towards the north, the latter one in the warmer places. Are feen in vast flocks during their migrations. Shaw faw three flights of them leaving Egypt, passing over mount Carmel, towards the north-east, in the middle of April, each of them half a mile in breadth, and they were three hours passing over *. Said to remain the whole year in Japan †, and, if I mistake not Hasselfelquist ‡, at Alexandria likewife.

The *female* makes a large neft, composed of flicks; and lays from two to four eggs, which are of a dirty yellowish white, the fize of those of a goose, but a trifle longer. The young are hatched in a month, and at first are brown: the *male* and *female* faid to watch them by turns, till they are fit to take care of themselves. The *Stork* sees on one leg, and shaps with its bill in a singular manner \parallel . The food consists of *frogs*, *fnakes*, and other reptiles: hence the veneration of all sects for this useful bird, which frees them from these pefts; added to the fless being

in the city is peopled with them, and they return annually to the fame nefts. They deftroy all the vermin on the tops of the houfes, and peck up a great number of fnakes; fo that they are welcome guefts to the inhabitants, and looked upon with particular veneration.—Dillon Trav. p. 308.

* Trav. p. 423.—Some perfons have fuppofed this to be the *Ibis* of the antients, with full as good reafon as any other bird. It is certain that the Egyptians embalmed the bodies of birds; and it is as certain that birds of the Stork kind make a part of them. That in Edw. pl. 105, feems to be that of the *Ibis* or Curlew genus.—Compare Pococke Trav. i. pl. 64. G.

+ Kampfer. ‡ Voy. p. 9.

If In doing this the head is turned backwards, the upper part of the bill placed on the rump, and the under, fet into the quickeft motion, made to act on the other.—Iver's Voy. p. 307.

Vol. III.

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no

no temptation as a food, as it is allowed on all hands to be unfavoury.

La Cigogne d'Amerique, Bris. Orn. v. p. 369. 3.

thighs, are red: claws broad and flat.

pl. 82 .- Art. Zool. p. 456.

Le Maguari, Buf. Ois. vii. p. 275.

Ciconia Americana, American Stork, Raii Syn. p. 97. 3.-Will. Orn. p. 287.

QIZE of the laft. Bill nine inches long; the bafe half of a

yellowish green, the rest of a blueish ash-colour: irides filvercoloured; orbits red; and between the bill and eyes a bare skin of the same colour: the plumage in general is white: the feathers on the lower part of the neck before, long and loose: the tail is white; but the feathers above it are black: the greater scapulars, greater coverts, and quills, are also black; and those nearest the body as long as the quills: the legs, and bare part of the

DESCRIPTION.

10. AMERICAN

ST.

PLACE.

BLACK ST.

This fpecies is found in the warmer parts of America, efpecially Brafil, and is accounted good food: is faid to fnap with the bill, like the common Stork.

Ardea nigra, Lin. Syst. i. p. 235. 8. - Faun. Suec. 163. - Scop. Ann. i. N° 124. - Brun. N° 157. - Muller, p. 22. - Georgi Reifs, p. 171.
 La Cicogne brune, Bris. Orn. v. p. 362. pl. 31. - Pl. Enl. 399.
 - - - noire, Bust. Ois. vii. p. 271.
 Black Stork, Raii Syn. p. 97. A. 2. - Will. Orn. p. 286. pl. 52. - Albin, iii.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of a fmall Turkey: length two feet nine inches. Bill five inches and a half long, of a greenifh grey, with a whitifh tip: the top of the head is brown, gloffed with violet 6 and

s to be

Vill. Orn.

half of a es filverbare fkin e feathers he tail is. er fcapufe neareft rt of the

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p. Ann. i.. 171.

-Albin, iii.

hes. Bill , with a th violet and

HERON.

and green: throat and neck brown, dotted with white, but the lower part of the neck is gloffed with violet, and dotted with grey brown*: back, wing coverts, and fcapulars, violet brown, gloffed with green: rump plain brown: from the breaft to the vent white: quills brown, gloffed with green and violet; those neareft the body, narrow, and as long as the greater when the wing is clofed: tail rounded in fhape: legs of a dull red: claws broad and flat.

This fpecies inhabits many parts of *Europe*; but is lefs common than the *wbite*, and like that migrates fouth in autumn. It is not familiar with man; but retires to the thick forefts and marfhes, at a diftance from habitations, in order to breed, being a folitary bird. Is pretty common in *Poland*, *Litbuania*, *Pruffia*, and *Switzerland*; and migrates much farther north than the white fpecies. In the more temperate parts of *Ruffia* and *Sibiria* not uncommon; and is plentiful all along the *Don*. It perches on trees, and makes the neft on them in the depths of forefts. From its being lefs common, we hear of it among authors feldomer than the former : it is however ranked by authors among those frequenting the *Ca/pian Sea* +; and by *Ruffel* as a bird of *Aleppo*. Like the *Wbite Stork*, it feeds on reptiles and fifh : the flefh is faid to be no better tafted.

* This is not conftant; fome birds have no fpot. Briffon.

H 2

+ See Georgi .- Dec. Ruff. ii. p. 77.

Le

PLACE AND MANNERS.

Le Heron noir à collier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 440. COLLARED H. Ardeæ congener, Raii Syn. p. 102. 10. The bird akin to the Heron, Will. Orn. p. 282. pl. 50. SIZE of a Curlew. Bill fhort *, yellow; marked at the end DESCRIPTION. and in the middle with a black fpot : plumage black, except a ring of white round the neck : legs black. Found about Bologna in Italy. PLACE. Ardea nycticorax, Lin. Syft. i. p. 235. 9 .- Scop. Ann. i. p. 116. + NIGHT H.Le Bihoreau, Brif. Orn. v. p. 493. 45. pl. 39 .- Buf. Oif. vii. p. 435. MALE. pl. 22.-Pl. Enl. 758. Ardea Kwaka, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 452. t. 14. Leffer ash-coloured Heron, or Night Raven, Raii Syn. p. 99. 3 .- Will. Orn. p. 279. pl. 49.- Albin, ii. pl. 67.- Ard. Zool. Nº 356. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS elegant species is in length twenty inches. The bill is ftout, three inches and three quarters long; black, with the bafe yellowifh : irides orange : lore, and round the eye, green : the crown of the head is greenish black, extending a little way down the back part of the neck, and there ends in a point : from the hind head fpring three very narrow feathers, near fix inches in length, of a pure white, with dufky tips : the hind part of the neck, and fides, are afh-colour : the upper part of the back dull

• In Willugbby's plate the bill is curved, not much lefs than in the bird called Ibis, in pl. 49. I therefore *sufpect* that this bird does not belong to the Herom genus.

green:

52

12.

green: the lower part, rump, wings, and tail, pale afh-colour: the forehead, and reft of the body, white: legs yellowifh green: claws dufky.

> Ardea Grifea, *Lin. Syft.* i. p. 239. 22. Le Heron gris, *Brif. Orn.* v. p. 412. 9. Femelle du Bihoreau, *Pl. Eil.* 759.

+ NIGHT H. FEMALE.

53

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the last. Bill the fame: lore white: crown of the head brown and gloffy: the upper parts of the body the fame, but with a tinge of grey; the hind parts of the neck paleft, and ftreaked with darker brown down the fhaft; and the lower part of the back and rump almost grey : over the eye, from the noftrils, is a whitish streak, mixed with brown : the cheeks are of a mixed white and brown colour: the chin is white; but the fore part of the neck is grey, marked with a yellowish streak down each shaft; the feathers towards the bottom of the neck longer than the others : the reft of the under parts grey, growing white on the belly and vent: the wings are grey brown, ftreaked with yellowish white; fome of the greater coverts tipped with white: the quills are cinereous grey; and the eighteen first have white tips : tail the fame colour; all, except the two middle feathers, marked more or lefs with white at the ends : legs grey brown.

This bird is common both to *Europe* and *America*; but, except in a fingle inftance, I do not hear of its having been met with in *England**: it is most likely not met with fo far north as *Sweden*,

PLACE AND MANNERS.

• One of these, a male, is in the Leverian Museum; which was shot, not many miles from London, in the month of May, 1782.

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P• 435•

ill. Orn.

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green :

or Linneus would have mentioned it in his Fauna. Pretty common in Ruffia, particularly on the river Don, where it builds on trees: is met with alfo at Aftrachan during fummer *: formerly in plenty at Sevenbuys, near Leyden, along with the Spoon-bills and other birds \dagger ; but the wood that grew there is now no more \ddagger . It migrates, like many of the fpecies, being found at Aleppo; and I have often teen figures of it in Chinefe drawings \parallel . In America it is met with at New York and Rkode Ifland, and probably common to other parts of that continent. It is faid to make the neft in the alders, and to lay three or four white eggs; but fometimes builds among the rocks. The food confifts of frogs, reptiles, and fife; and is faid not to be palatable food.

The Germans call it Nachtrab, or Night Raven, from its uncouth, rough voice, like a perfon firaining to vomit§. By the Russians it is called Kwaka, from its cry.

+ JAMAICA NIGHT H. Description. LENGTH one foot eleven inches. Bill four inches long, and dufky; the upper mandible bends a trifle downwards at the point; the colour dufky; the ridge of the upper part blackifh: the irides pale ftraw-colour: between the eye, and round it, bare and greenifh: the head is fomewhat crefted; the crown dark brown; each feather is ftreaked down the middle with ferruginous: neck the fame, but the colours duller and paler: chin and throat white: neck feathers pretty loofe: the

* Dec. R.f. ii. p. 146. + Willugbby. 1 Brit. Zool.

|| I met with a specimen of the female, at Sir *Joseph Banks's*, which came from *China*; but in this every feather of the wings was tipped with white, and the spots were more distinct than in the *European* species.—Said also by *Pernetty* to have been met with in *Falkland's Illes*. See Voy. aux Malouin. vol. ii. p. 26. § Willugbby.

upper

upper part of the back darker than the reft; the reft of the back, and fcapulars, yellowifh brown; fome of the laft tipped with white: wing coverts like the back; but the lower order of them much paler, giving the appearance of a broad bar: all the coverts white down the fhaft, which fpreads out to the tip, and forms a longifh triangular fpot: quills the colour of the leffer coverts: the primaries and baftard wing tipped with white; the fecondaries plain: breaft and belly white, ftreaked with obfcure pale brown: vent white: legs brown.

This bird I received from *Jamaica*, where it goes by the name of *Clucking Hen**: it frequents woods, contrary to the generality of the genus, which haunt moraffes: is a fearce bird, and very fhy-Has a great affinity to the *female Night Heron*, but is larger.

LENGTH twenty-two inches. Bill ftrait, fhaped like that of the Night Heron, and black: between the eye and bill bare, and green: irides yellow: from the nape behind fpring three long feathers, as in the abovementioned bird: the crown of the head is black: over the eye, between that and the creft, a ftreak of white: the general colour of the plumage ferruginous, inclining to brown; neck the paleft; the feathers of it loofe on the fore part: breaft, belly, and under parts, white: legs yellow: claws dufky.

Inhabits New Caledonia +.

• Dampier observes, that there are many clocking Hens in the Bay of Campeachy, and elsewhere in the West Indies, which make a noise like our brood Hens, when they have chickens; but does not determine the species.

+ See Cook's Voy. vol. ii. p. 111. pl. 50.-I do not find it there described, but Dr. Forster was so obliging as to supply that desect. 15. CALEDONIAN NIGHT H. Description,

PLACE.

PLACE.

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came from e, and the Pernetty to p. 26.

upper

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Le Bihoreau de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 439 .- Pl. Enl. 899.

CAYENNE NIGHT H.

16.

THIS is as big as the European fpecies, but more flender, and the legs longer : length twenty-one inches. The bill black : the lore pale green: the crown of the head white; and a ftreak of white from the noftrils paffes beneath the eye, towards the hind head; the reft of the head is black, which ends in a point on the back part of the neck : from the back part of the head fprings a creft, composed of fix long feathers of unequal lengths; half of them white, the reft black : the general colour of the reft of the plumage a blueish afh-colour, but darkeft on the back and wings, which are marked with a blackish streak down the middle of each shaft : the quills are black : it is high mounted on its legs; and the thighs are bare a great way up: the colour of the bare part and legs is yellowish.

PLACE.

+ BITTERN.

Ardea stellaris, Lin. Syst. i. p. 239. 21.—Scop. Ann. i. p. 125.—Brun. N° 155.—Muller, p. 22.—Kram. El. pl. 148.—Frisch. pl. 205.—Georgi Reise, p. 171.

This is found at Cayenne.

Le Butor, Brif. Orn. v. p. 444. 24. pl. 37. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 411. pl. 21.—Pl. Enl. 789.

Bittour, or Bittern, Raii Syn. p. 100. A. 11.—Will. Orn. p. 282. pl. 50. 52.—Albin, i. pl. 68.—Br. Zool. ii. N° 174.—Arci. Zool. N° 357. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is an elegant species, and is somewhat less than the *He*ron: length two feet six inches. The bill brown, beneath inclining to green: irides yellow: the head feathers are long; and

and those of the neck loose and waving : the crown of the head black; the lower jaw on each fide dufky: the plumage in general is beautifully variegated; the ground a ferruginous yellow, paleft beneath, marked with numerous bars, ftreaks, and zigzag lines of black : the legs are pale green ; claws long and flender ; and the inner edge on the middle claw ferrated.

The female is lefs, darker coloured, and the feathers on the head and neck lefs flowing than in the male.

This is a common bird in our islands, and we believe in most of the temperate parts of the continent : in fome of the colder Frequents migratory*; with us it remains the whole year. marfhy places, and efpecially where reeds grow, among which it makes the neft, in April, which is chiefly composed of a bed of rushes, &c. The female lays four or five eggs, of a pale greenish ash-colour; the young are hatched in twenty-five days. It is an indolent bird, ftirring very little in the day, unlefs difturbed; though, if once roufed, is not difficult to fhoot, as it flies heavily. In the evening, after fun-fet, is feen to foar aloft in a fpiral ascent, till quite out of fight, and this chiefly in autumn, making a fingular kind of noife : it has alfo another noife, like that of a bellowing Bull, beginning in February, and cealing after breedingtime; but this is done while on the ground. If attacked by dogs or men, defends itfelf well; and is faid to ftrike at the eyes of the enemy. The food is frogs, mice, and other reptiles, which it fwallows whole, as well as fifh; as I well remember to have found two middle-fized trouts in the ftomach of one, perfectly whole. It is reckoned pretty good eating.

* For instance Sweden .- Amæn. Acad. iv. p. 583.

VOL. III.

I

Le

FEMALE.

57

PLACE AND MANNERS.

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nder, and ill black : 1 streak of the hind int on the d fprings s; half of eft of the nd wings, middle of n its legs; f the bare

os .- Georgi vii. p. 411.

-Brun. Nº

282. pl. 50. Nº 357.

n the Hebeneath are long; and

17. Var. A. Le Butor de la Baye d'Hudíon, Brif. Orn. v. p. 449. 25.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 430. Bittern from Hudíon's Bay, Edw. pl. 136.—Phil. Tranf. vol. lxii. p. 410.

THIS is fmaller than the common Bittern, and is two feet three

longer than in our fpecies.

inches in length: it is very like that in all refpects; but the ground colour is darker, more inclined to brown, and the bill

DESCRIPTION.

MANNERS.

This inhabits Hudfon's Bay, and appears a mere variety of ours. It appears at Severn River the beginning of June, and makes the neft in the fwamps, laying four cinereous green eggs. The neft is composed of water plants, placed on fome dry spot among the long grass. The young are at first black. Departs in Oslober. Said to be delicate eating. The natives call it Mokobofue.

18. GREATER B.

DESCRIPTION.

Le grand Butor, Brif. Orn. v. p. 455. 28.—Buf. Oif. vii. 422. Greater speckled, or red Heron, Raii Syn. p. 100. 13.—Will. Orn. p. 283.

THIS is confiderably bigger than the common Bittern: length three feet nine inches. Bill eight inches long, and yellowifh: irides yellow: lore, and fpace round the eye, naked and yellow: feathers of the head black, and pretty long: the upper part of the neck and body, wings and tail, cinereous brown: fides of the neck rufous, marked with a ftreak of black: throat and fore part of the neck white, dafhed with black, and rufouswhite ftreaks: feathers on the breaft long and pendent: the colour of the under parts of the body rufous: fcapulars the fame, and very narrow: thighs white: legs brown.

Found

5.8

Found in the marshes of *Italy*, and in some parts known by the name of *Ruffey**. Said also to inhal it *Aftrachan* during the fummer feason +.

Ardea botaurus major, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 482. Nº 22. t. 24. (Gmelin.)

L ENGTH four feet fix inches. Bill yellow : eye-lids naked, of a yellowifh blue : irides faffron-colour : head black, and crefted : temples yellow, partly dotted with black : head beneath white : neck chefnut, marked with three narrow longitudinal bands of black ; the lower part chefnut, fpotted with black, and black and white : back of a deep afh-colour ; the feathers on the loweft part long, broad, and red ; the longeft white at the ends : rump grey brown : under parts of the body black and red mixed : wing coverts cinereous ; fome of the feathers tipped with yellowifh : edge of the wing ferruginous : quills and tail black : thighs chefnut : legs reddifh brown : claws pale brown ; middle one ferrated within.

This fpecies, if diffinct from the laft-defcribed, is found at *Aftrachan* in *May*, migrating from the fouth. It lays three fmooth plain green eggs, the fize of those of a Hen; and is found in the marshes, where the other *Herons* refort.

• Aldrow. Av. iii. p. 408.—This author suspects it to be a mixed breed between the common Horon and Bittern.

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+ Dec. Ruf. ii. p. 146.

. p. 430, . 410.

t three out the he bill

iety of ne, and n eggs. Iry fpot Departs call it

p. 283.

e length yellowand yelper part n: fides throat rufousthe cohe fame,

Found

PLACE.

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PLACE.

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18.

VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

19. RUFOUS B.

60

Le Butor roux, Brif. Orn. v. p. 458. 29.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 425. Ardeæ stellaris tertium genus Aldrov. Raii Syn. p. 100. 12. Aldrovandus's 3d sort of Speckled Heron, Will. Orn. p. 283. Quoimeau, Salerns Orn. p. 315.

DESCRIPTION.

A TRIFLE bigger than the Swabian Bittern. Bill blackifh, horn-coloured beneath: irides yellow: crown of the head black; the reft of the head, throat, and neck, ferruginous: back, fcapulars, and rump, blackifh: from the breaft to the vent pale rufous: wing coverts ferruginous and white, mixed: greater quills blackifh, the leffer ones ferruginous: tail blackifh: legs brown.

PLACE.

This is faid to inhabit the neighbourhood of *Bologna*. Salerne thinks it may probably prove the bird called *Quoimeau*, which is not unfrequent about *Sologne* in *France*. This defcription was from a young bird; and, if fo, it is fcarcely clear whether it was a diffinct fpecies or not.

Le petit Butor, Brif. Orn. v. p. 452. 26.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 423.

20. SWABIAN B.

DESCRIPTION.

T HIS is much lefs than the common Bittern. The irides whitifh: bare fpace between the bill and eye yellow: the head, and upper part of the neck, breaft, belly, fides, rump, and tail coverts, are rufous, ftriated with brown: the back is much the fame; but the ftriæ are broader, and more numerous: throat and fore part of the neck white: upper part of the thighs brownifh white: quills pale brown, croffed with bars of deeper brown: tail whitifh: legs pale yellow.

PLACE.

Inhabits the banks of the Danube.

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Le Butor rayé, Brif. Orn. v. p. 454. 27. ———— brun rayé, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 424.

SIZE of the laft. Bill brown, yellowifh beneath: lore naked and yellow: all the upper parts of the body, the belly, and vent, croffed with lines of brown, black, and pale rufous, mixed irregularly, fo as at a diftance to appear wholly brown: the fore part of the neck and breaft are whitifh: legs and claws grey.

Found on the banks of the Danube, with the last.

Le petit Butor de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 430.-Pl. Enl. 763.

LENGTH thirteen inches. Bill brown; under mandible pale: lore blueifh: the whole plumage is of a yellowifh or rufous grey, croffed with narrow fireaks of black brown; thefe are pretty regular on the back, but elfewhere undulated, and in a zigzag manner: the top of the head is black, and the feathers on the neck exceeding full, fo as to appear nearly of the fame fize as the body: the fore part of the neck is paleft, and has fewer brown markings than the upper part: and the belly and thighs have only a few irregular zigzags: the legs are yellow.

This is a most beautiful species, and is found at Cayenne.

22. ZIGZAG B.

PLACE.

RAYED B.

DESCRIPTION.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

lackifh, ne head : back, pale ruer quills orown. Salerne which is ion was it was a

e irides w: the rump, back is nerous: thighs deeper

Le

61

Ardea

BRASILIAN B.

Ardea Brafilienfis, Lin. SyA. i. p. 239. 23. Le Heron du Brefil, Brif. Orn. v. p. 441. 23. L'Onoié de Bois, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 433. Soco, Raii Syn. p. 100. 14.—Will. Orn. p. 284. pl. 51. Brafilian Bittern, Brown's Ill. p. 88. pl. 34.—Gent. Mag. vol. xxxiv. p. 209. pl. in do. Clucking Hen, Brown Jam. p. 478.—Damp. Voy. iii. p^t 1. p. 75?

ENGTH two feet eight inches. Bill black : irides yellow :

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS. the head and neck are brown, marked with finall black fpots: throat and fore part of the neck white, marked with longitudinal black and brown fpots: the upper and under parts of the body, and leffer wing coverts, are blackifh, fpotted all over with yellow; but the greater coverts are plain: the quills and tail are blackifh: the legs brown.

This is found in various parts of South America. A different defcription is given of this bird in the Gent. Mag.*; which obferves, that i is a quarter lefs than in the common Heron. The bill reddifh yellow: head and upper part of the body deep orange red, finely barred with black: chin whitifh red: fore part of the neck pale red, with oblong black fpots; the feathers long and loofe: belly white, fpotted with yellow: thighs barred with dufky: quills black, tipped with white: rump and tail coverts dafhed with white, black, and yellow narrow lines: tail black, croffed with a few white lines, and tipped with the fame: legs dull ruft-colour.

A fecond differed in fome respects. The long neck feathers were white on their lower parts: breast and sides white, marked

• The defcription likewife in Brown's Ill. differs not materially from this. 10 with

with regular rows of large black fpots: middle of the belly white: quills like the other, and belides fpotted on the exterior web with white: legs pale brown.

The above were probably male and female, and inhabit the lakes and rivers of the hot parts of North America and new-ceded ifles of the West Indies. Feed on fish, yet are reckoned good eating, especially the young birds. The fowlers watch in the sedges, and shoot them.

L'Onoré, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 431.—Pl. Enl. 790. Heron Tigré, Fermin Surin. ii. p. 151. Lev. Mus.

THIS is about two feet fix inches in length. The bill is greenifh: irides yellowifh: the top of the head black: the throat and fides of the neck pale rufous, marked with regular fpots of black; and the neck feathers very long: the reft of the plumage deep rufous, marked with black, like the fkin of a tiger: the chin is white: the under parts much as the upper, but the ground yellowifh white: vent plain white: the tail black, barred with four narrow bars of white: legs green.

This inhabits Cayenne, Surinam, and other parts of South America, and does not appear to be a very rare fpecies, as I have met with feveral. It lays feven or eight rounded whitifh eggs, fpotted with green; making the neft on the ground. It hides itfelf in the reeds, like our *European Bittern*, and frequents the fame kind of places. It is a most beautiful species. It seems much allied to the last. + TIGER BITTERN.

DESCRIPTION.

MANNERS.

L'Onoré

v. p. 209.

yellow : k fpots : gitudinal ody, and yellow ; olackifh :

different nich ob-The bill o orange rt of the ong and ed with l coverts l black, ne: legs

feathers marked m this. with

LINEATED B.

Description.

L'Onoré rayé, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 432.—Pl. Enl. 860. Lev. Muf. THIS fpecies is rather larger than the laft : in length two feet

fix inches. The bill and lore are both blue; the last bare the whole breadth of the base of the mandibles: the upper parts of the

head and neck are bright rufous, croffed with numerous brown lines: down the fore part paffes a ftreak of white, beginning at the chin; this is bounded half way by dafhes of brown, and the lower half mixed along with the white itfelf: the upper parts of the body are croffed with fine waved lines of rufous, pale yellow, and brown: the under parts of the body dirty white: quills and tail black: legs yellow.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This frequents the banks of the rivers at *Cayenne*, with the laft: moftly found fingle. Like our fpecies, when one is fhot it makes great defence, throwing out the neck fuddenly, when it can frike at the enemy with advantage, efpecially at the eyes. One of these kept tame, was of fingular use in destroying rats, watching them with all the attention of the house cat, and even with better fucces.

^{26.} YELLOW B.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of a Duck: length two feet three inches. Bill four inches and a half long, ferrated next the point; brown, with a pale green base: irides golden: the head and hind part of the neck are pale yellow, ftreaked with black: back brown, with yellowish ftreaks:

jaune du Brefil, *Buf. Oif.* vii. p. 429. Ardea bras. roftro ferrato, cinereæ fimilis, *Raii Syn.* p. 101. 16. Brafilian Bittern, with a ferrated bill, *Will. Orn.* p. 285.

Le Butor du Brefil, Brif. Orn. v. p. 460. 30.

ftreaks: throat white: the fore part of the neck, breaft, and belly, are white, waved with brown; the laft edged with yellow: quills black and green mixed, tipped with white: the tail like the quills, but croffed with white lines: the legs of a dark grey. Inhabits *Brafil*, and is accounted good eating.

Ardea minuta, Lin. Syft. i. p. 240. 26. β.—Kram. El. p. 343.—Fri/kb. pl. 206. 207.
Le Blongios, Brif. Orn. v. p. 498. 46.
Blongios de Suiffe, Pl. Enl. 323.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 395.
Boo-onk, or Long-neck, Shaw Trav. pl. in p. 255.—Ruf. Alep. p. 71. pl. 10.—Edw. p. 275.
Little Bittern, Br. Zool. App. p. 663. pl. 8.—Aret. Zool. N° 359.

Lev. Muf.

T HE fize of this bird fcarce exceeds that of a *Tbrufh*: length fifteen inches. The bill is of a greenifh yellow; the upper mandible black at the tip; the edges jagged: the top of the head, the back, and tail, dull green: the neck very long; the fore part of it, breaft, and thighs, buff-colour *: belly and vent white: the hind part of the neck bare of feathers, but covered by those growing on the fides of it: at the fetting-on of the wing is a large chefnut fpot: the leffer wing coverts yellowifh buff; the greater whitifh: the web of that next the back half buff, half black: quills black: legs dufky: thighs feathered to the knees: middle claw ferrated.

• In the Pl. Enl. and Briffon's description and figure, the upper part of the belly is spotted with black.

VOL. III.

K

Ardea

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

65

27. LITTLE B.

MALE.

wo feet bare the ts of the s brown nning at wn, and per parts bale yele: quills

the laft: s fhot it when it the eyes. ying rats, and even

o1. 16.

ur inches th a pale the neck yellowith ftreaks:

LITTLE B. Female. Ardea minuta, Lin. Syfl. i. p. 240. 26. Le Blongios tacheté, Brif. Orn. v. p. 497. 47.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 395. Little Brown Bittern, Edw. pl. 275.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the former. The crown blackifh green: the feathers on the upper part of the body brown, margined with pale rufous; beneath, the fame, but paler, and the feathers more deeply margined with rufous: forehead edged with chefnut: the feathers on the fore part of the neck long, as in the other: belly white: tail blackifh green, margined with fulvous at the ends: legs greenifh.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

This and the former are by most authors confidered as the fame species, of which the last is supposed to be the *female*. They have been found frequently in *Switzerland*, and met with also in *Arabia*, but scarce in other parts. We learn in the *British Zoology*, that the *male* has been once shot, perched on one of the trees of the public walks in *Shrewsbury*; and another killed in 1773, near *Christeburch* in *Hampshire*, now in the *Museum* of Mr. *Tunstall*. In *France* they are likewise rare, only now and then one being met with by accident. We are told that they are observed frequently to stand with the neck stretched strength upwards *.

28. + MINUTE B. Description.

SIZE of a *Thrufk* in the body: length eleven inches and a half. Bill two inches long, greenifh, with a pale point: irides ftraw-

Shaw.

colour :

colour: crown of the head dark rufous chefnut: fides of the neck rufous; the feathers pretty long, and meeting behind, where it is nearly bare : chin and fore part of the neck white, with a feries of feathers on each fide the white, of a pale ferruginous colour; each feather marked with a blackish line down the shaft: on the lower part of the neck the feathers are long and loofe; fome of them nearly white, and hang over the breaft, which is brownish black, this colour passing upwards on each fide as a crescent to the back; but the feathers on each fide have whitish margins: the back is rufous chefnut, with pale yellow margins: the first and third order of wing coverts like the back, but plain ; the middle ones ferruginous, with a dusky line down each shaft : quills black; fome of the inner prime ones marked with chefnut at the tips; fecondaries the fame, with fome few of them wholly chefnut: belly, thighs, and vent, white: tail black: legs green, bare for three quarters of an inch above the knee.

Inhabits Jamaica, where it is a rare bird.

Le petit Butor du Senegal, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 426. Petit Heron roux du Senegal, Pl. Enl. 315.

LENGTH twelve inches. Bill rufous brown, yellow beneath: upper part of the head, neck, and back, rufous: fore part of the neck the fame, but very pale, and each feather marked with a black ftreak down the fhaft; but the loofe feathers which hang over the breaft are plain, and darker than the reft: down the middle of the wing, from the fhoulder, reddifh; the reft of the wing, without and within, white; but fome of the inner quills are K 2 10

PLACE.

67

29. SENEGAL B.

DESCRIPTION.

395.

feathers ith pale rs more nut: the r: belly ne ends:

I as the e female. net with the Bri-I on one er killed fufeum of now and hat they y are obrait up-

d a half. es ftraw-

colour :

the fame colour as the back: the under parts of the body and tail are white: the legs yellow. Inhabits Senegal.

PLACE.

+ GREEN H.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of a finall *Fowl*: length eighteen inches. The bill is greenifh brown; the under mandible yellowifh next the bafe; between that and the eye bare and yellow: irides yellow: the crown of the head of a blackifh gold green, mixed with a glofs of copper in fome lights, and the feathers elongated, forming a handfome creft: neck ferruginous bay: chin and throat white: the reft of the neck before ftreaked with white: in the direction of the under jaw, beneath it, a ferruginous ftreak back, tail, and wings, dufky brown, with a tinge of lead-colour: the leffer wing coverts and prime quills the colour of the back, edged with buffcolour: the middle and larger wing coverts gloffy dark green, with ferruginous edges: the breaft and belly dufky: the feathers on the lower part of the neck are narrow, and fall over the breaft; thofe of the back the fame, covering the rump: the legs greenifh.

FEMALE.

The *female* has the crown dufky; the feathers of it fcarcely elongated: feathers of the neck pale brown, ftreaked with white: back and fcapulars brown; the laft marked with white 9

just at the tip: all the wing coverts have a triangular white fpot at the tip: the last row of wing coverts are tipped like the others, and margined with the fame: fecondary quills dusky green, with pale edges; the greater brown, glossed with green, and tipped with white: the under parts of the body pale ashcolour: bill and legs as in the *male*.

Inhabits New York, and other parts of North America; as alfo Jamaica, and other Weft India Iflands. I have received thefe from both places, and observe that the Jamaica one is higheft coloured. Supposed to breed in Carolina, as they are found there only in fummer. It feeds on small fifth, frogs, and crabs. Sits with the head drawn in between the shoulders for a long time together, on a branch of a tree hanging over the water; from whence it may possibly dart on a fish, in the fame manner as the belted Kingfifher *; which likewife is known by the name of Crabcatcher in Jamaica.

Le Crabier gris à tête & queue vertes, Buf. Oi/. vii. p. 408. Crabier de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 908.

SIZE of the laft. Bill black: the crown of the head crefted, and coloured as in that bird: general colour of the plumage pale flate-colour: fore part of the neck white, marked with longitudinal ferruginous ftreaks: chin pure white: wing coverts blackifh green, margined with rufous: tail flort, of the fame colour as the creft: legs yellow.

Found at Cayenne. This is most certainly a mere variety of the last, if not of a different fex.

• Vol. i. p. 637. 27. A.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

30. VAR. A. Description.

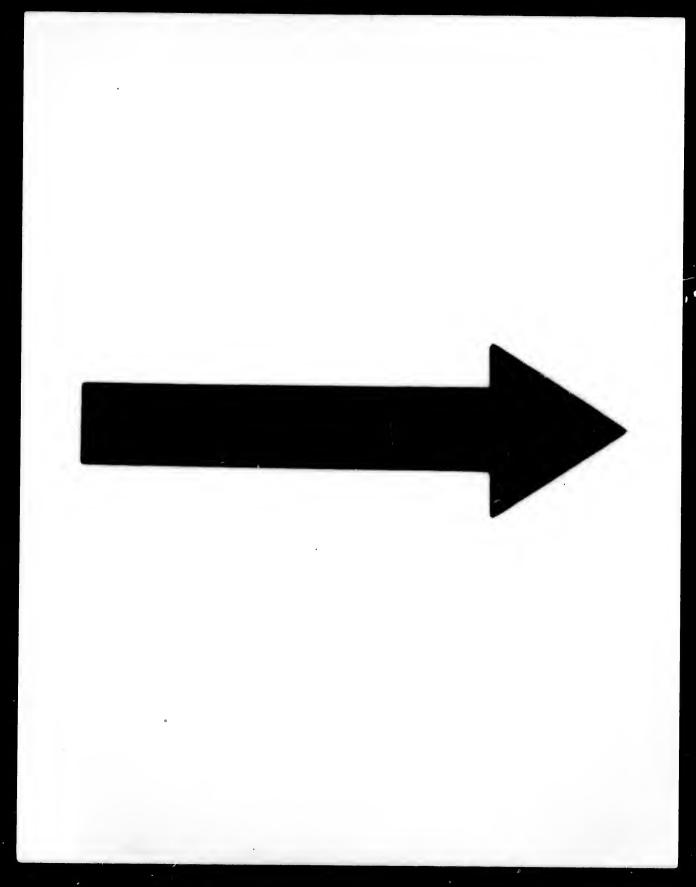
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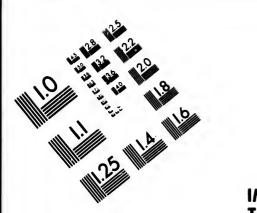
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(female).

: bill is ie bafe; ow: the a glofs ming a white: lirection tail, and ler wing th buffen, with rs on the t; those lifh. fcarcely ed with h white juft





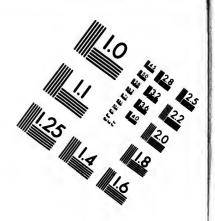
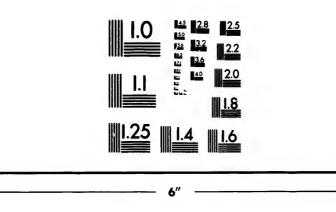


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3с. Var. B. Le Butor tacheté d'Amerique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 464. 32. L'Etoiló, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 428. A fmall Bittern, Raii Syn. p. 189. 4.—Sloan Jam. p. 315. 5. pl. 263. fig. 2. Crab-catcher, Brown Jam. p. 478. Brown Bittern, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 78. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

LENGTH twenty inches. Bill greenish black, beneath pale green : lore naked, and of the fame colour : irides gold-colour : general colour of the plumage brown; palest beneath : wings spotted with white : tail of a blueisch ash-colour : legs greenish yellow.

This inhabits Jamaica, Carolina, and other parts of North America. We believe it to be a mere variety of the first-defcribed, and a *female* of the Green; having received all of them from Jamaica and North America. They certainly differ, as Briffon has defcribed them; but by comparison no one can fail of being of the opinion here advanced.

31. Le Butor tacheté, ou le Pouacre, Brif. Orn. v. p. 462. 31.—Buf. Oif. vii. SPOTTED H. p. 427. Der Schwartze reiger, Frijkb. ii. pl. 9.

This frequents the marshes; feeds on frogs and fifb.

SIZE of a Crow: length eighteen inches and a quarter. Bill brown; beneath greenifh yellow: lore naked, greenifh: general colour brown, paleft beneath: the upper parts fpotted with white, except the lower part of the back, which is plain: quills deep brown, marked with white at the tips: tail plain brown: legs greenifh brown.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

Le

70

Le Pouacre de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 939. Gardenian Heron, Ara. Zool. Nº 355 ? Lev. Muf.

GARDENIAN H.

CINEREOUS H.

PLACE.

NEW GUINEA

H.

71

THIS is much like the laft, and of the fame fize: length twenty-two inches. Bill ftrong, dufky: it differs in having the ground of the plumage more inclined to black on the back : the fore parts whitish, dashed with brown.

This inhabits Cayenne, and has also been fent from South Ca-PLACE. rolina.

Le Heron cendré d'Amerique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 406. 6. Le Crabier cendré, Buf. Ois. vii. p. 401.

TRIFLE bigger than the laft. Bill two inches and a half DESCRIPTION. long, blue with a black tip: bare fpace between the bill and eye blue: the head, and all the upper parts, are pale ash-colour : the wing coverts mixed with black : the under parts of the body are white: quills part black, part white: legs blueish.

Inhabits America.

Le Crabier noir, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 394. Crabier de la Nouvelle Guinée, Pl. Enl. 926.

ENGTH ten inches. Bill brown: between that and the DESCRIPTION. eye bare and greenish : irides yellow : the general colour of the plumage black.

This species is found at New Guinea.

PLACE.

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Bill

renewith quills bwn:

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PHILIPPINE H.

72

Le Crabier des Philippines, Brif. Orn. v. p. 474. 38. pl. 37. fig. 2. Le petit Crabier, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 395 .- Pl. Enl. 898.

DESCRIPTION. **QIZE** finall: length eleven inches. Bill greenish yellow: between that and the eye bare, green: the top of the head, and all the upper parts of the neck, rufous brown, most inclining to brown on the head : the back is croffed with transverse rufous and brown lines: the wings black, edged with rufous white: quills and tail black: the fore part of the neck dirty rufous white : belly, thighs, and vent, white : legs yellow. Inhabits the Philippine Ifles.

PLACE.

36. SQUAIOTTA H.

Le Crabier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 466. 33. ------ Caiot, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 389. Squaiotta, Raii Syn. p. 99. 9. - Will. Orn. p. 281. pl. 50.

T ENGTH about eighteen inches. The bill three inches and DESCRIPTION. three quarters, yellow, with a black tip : between the bill and eye, bare and yellow : it has a tuft on the head confifting of thirty feathers, the middle one white, the outer ones black : befides thefe, the general colour of the plumage is a fine chefnut : the fcapulars are long and narrow, and white at the bafe: legs green.

Inhabits Italy, about Bologna, where it is called Squaiotta. PLACE.

Le Crabier marron, Bris. Orn. v. p. 468. 34. ------ roux, Bus. Ois. vii. p. 390.

37. CHESNUT H. Description.

S IZE of a *Crow*. The bill four inches in length, and brown : irides pale yellow: the head and upper parts are chefnut : the under parts of a dirty white: there is alfo a ftreak of pure white down all the fore part of the neck and breaft, quite to the belly: the wing-coverts incline to blue: the quills black : tail chefnut *: legs red.

This is met with in Silefia; builds in high trees, and feeds PLACE. on fifh, infects, &c.

Le Crabier roux, Bris. Orn. v. p. 469. 35.	3 ⁸ . RED-LEGGED
marron, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 390.	
Ardea hæmatopus, seu Cirris, Raii Syn. p. 99. 7 Will. Orn. p. 281.	н.
pl. 50.	

SIZE of the Green Heron. Neck fhort: bill blue and green, DESCRIPTION. with a black tip: irides yellow, incircled with red: head crefted; the colour yellow and black: throat, neck, and whole body, faffron-colour, inclining to chefnut, paleft above: tail very fhort: legs of a deep red, like those of a Pigeon: claws black. Inhabits Italy, chiefly about Bologna.

• This colour should more properly be termed rufeus, as Schwenefield, who first mentioned it, calls it ardea rubra. -- Hift. des Oif.

VOL. III.

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Le Crabier roux tacheté, Bris. Orn. v. p. 471.

38. VAR. A. Description.

SQUACCO H.

LIKE the last, except the neck, which is spotted with black on the fides; and the legs yellowish instead of red. This is a mere variety of the last, if not a young bird.

> Ardea comata, Pall. Trav. iii. p. 715. N° 31. Le Crabier jaune, Brij. Orn. v. p. 472. 37. Le Guacco, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 392. Crabier de Mahon, Ibid. p. 393.—Pl. Enl. 348. Sguacco, Raii Syn. p. 99. 8.—Will. Orn. p. 381. 8. Lev. Muf.

Description. SIZE of the blue Heron. Bill of a livid red, with a brown tip: lore greenifi: irides yellow: crown of the head much crefted, fix of the feathers hanging quite down to the back; thefe are narrow, white margined with black: the neck and breaft pale ferruginous; the feathers on the firft very long and loofe: back ferruginous, inclining to violet, and furnifhed with long narrow feathers, which reach beyond the wings when clofed, and fall over them: wings, rump, tail, belly, and vent, white; the tail pretty long: legs flout, of a greenifh yellow; claw of the middle toe ferrated within.

PLACE.

This is an elegant species, and inhabits the bays of the Caspian Sea, and the flow streams of the southern Defert. It is also met with in Italy, about Bologna, where it is called Sguacco, and is faid to be a bold and courageous bird.

74

Le

Le Crabier de la Cote de Coromandel, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 393.-Pl. Enl. 910.

LENGTH twenty-one inches. The bill is yellow: between the bill and eyes bare and grey: the head not crefted: general colour of the plumage white: the upper part of the head, and hind part of the neck, inclining to rufous; as are the long feathers which hang over the breaft; there is alfo a rufous tinge on the back and wing coverts: the legs are yellow.

Inhabits the coast of *Coromandel*. It feems to be a variety of the last, if not differing in fex.

In the Br. Muf. is one answering in most respects to this, except in having a creft composed of several long feathers, ftriped dusky and white, and reaching to the middle of the neck: the feathers of the lower part of the back are narrow and long, and reach beyond the tail: legs brown. I judge this to be a variety of the male of the above-described.

Ardea castanea, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 454. 9. t. 15. (Gmelin.) Ardea ralloides, Scop. Ann. i. Nº 121.

L ENGTH one foot ten inches and a half. Bill near three inches long, black, the bafe of it livid : between the bill and eye green : irides faffron-colour : creft reaching to the middle of the neck : throat white : fides of the head yellowifh ; neck the fame, inclining to chefnut : back rufous-chefnut, covered with long narrow feathers : breaft, belly, wings, rump, thighs, and tail, white, tinged with yellow in fome parts : the inner webs of fome of the quills have a few fpots of black, and the L 2

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e are pale back rrow I fall tail mid*pian* met d is

tip:

reft-

Le

PLACE.

39. VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

DESCRIPTION.

CASTANEOUS

tips of the tail feathers are also marked with black: legs faffroncolour: claws black, and much bent, except the hinder one.

This bird inhabits *Ruffia*, about the River *Don*, coming thereto from the *Black Sea*, and *Arabia**; but does not ftray far inland. It builds in trees. It feems a mere variety of the *Sguacco*, if not differing in fex. *Scopoli* obferves, that at a certain time of the year it emits an agreeable fmell.

Ardea ferruginea, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 456. t. 16.

41. FERRUGINOUS H. Description.

PLACE.

L ENGTH twenty-one inches and a half. Bill ftrait, fharp; the bafe greenifh flefh-colour, the end brownifh; the upper mandible fomewhat bent at the tip: between that and the eyes, and over them, naked and green: irides faffron-colour: feathers of the head, neck, and back, longifh, black tipped with ferruginous; those on the crown fomewhat elongated: chin yellowish white: wing coverts black brown; the outer ones have ferruginous tips; those nearess the body varied with rusous and white: quills black: rump, breass, and belly variegated with ferruginous, whitish, einereous, and brown; thighs, with rusous and cinereous white: the wings, when closed, reach a trifle beyond the tail: legs green.

PLACE.

This fpecies is found about the river *Don*, in the fummer only; as it is migratory, coming from the *Black Sea*, and departing to it again in autumn. Feeds on fish and infects. Frequently met with along with the last fpecies.

Dec. Ruff. i. 164.

Ardea

Ardea pumila, N. C. Petr. xiv. p. 502. pl. 14. 1.

LENGTH nineteen inches and a half. Bill three inches, black, with yellow edges; the lower mandible yellowifh white, with a dufky bafe: lore and irides yellow: head, hind part of the neck, and fides, white; fometimes rufous white, with dull chefnut margins and white tips: throat white; from it a longitudinal ftripe of the fame colour paffes down the fore part of the neck to the breaft, which with the belly is yellowifh white: the fcapulars, leffer wing coverts, and back, are chefnut; the other coverts mixed white and pale yellow: the two firft quills are afh-colour on the outer webs, the reft only at the tips, obfcurely fhaded with rufous and white: rump and tail white: legs dufky: claws blackifh.

Inhabits the borders of the Ca/pian Sea.

Br. Muf.

S IZE of the *Green Heron*: length to rump * one foot. Bill two inches and a half long, and yellow: general colour of the plumage cinnamon-colour, verging to chefnut, much paler on the under parts: chin and vent almost white: down the middle of the fore part of the neck streaked with brown: on each side of the throat, under the jaw, a small patch of white: legs yellow.

Inhabits China.

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• The tail is wanting.

42. DWARF H. DESCRIPTION.

77

PLACE.

CINNAMON H. Duscription.

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sdea

Le Crabier blanc et brun, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 394. MALACCA H. - de Malac, Pl. Enl. 911.

ENGTH nineteen inches. Bill dufky, with the fides near DESCRIPTION. the base yellow : between the bill and eye, and beyond, bare and grey : the head and neck are ftreaked brown and white; the whole of the feathers long, narrow, and loofe: the back is brown: wings, under parts of the body, and tail, white: legs yellow. This came from Malacca.

PLACE.

45. + BLUE.

FEMALE.

Ardea cærulea, Lin. Syst. i. p. 238. 17. Le Crabier bleu, Bris. Orn. v. p. 484. 42.-Buf. Ois. vii. p. 398. Black, or blue Gaulding, Raii Syn. p. 189. 3 .- Sloan Jam. p. 315. pl. 263. f. 3 .- Brown Jam. p. 478. Blue Heron, Catefb. Car. pl. 76 .- Ara. Zool. Nº 351. Lev. Muf.

SIZE rather less than a Crow: weight fifteen ounces: length DESCRIPTION. near eighteen inches. Bill three inches; colour blue, yellowish beneath : irides yellow : round the eye, and between that and the bill, bare and yellowifh : the head feathers are fomewhat crefted, and those of the breast elongated : the general colour of the plumage deep blue, inclining to lead-colour: head and neck changeable purple; the back covered with narrow, long, filky feathers, hanging near four inches beyond the tail : legs green.

> The female has the head and neck of a dull purple: chin white, passing in a streak half-way down the neck before; the lower part mixed white and black in ftreaks : the head is fcarcely crefted : the back lead-coloured; and the long filky feathers of it, fo confpicuous in the male, wholly wanting.

> > Inhabits

Inhabits America. Found in Carolina in fpring: in winter inhabits Jamaica, and other islands of the West Indies. It has also been met with at Otabeite, and other islands of the South Seas, where it is much respected*.

> Le Crabier bleu à Cou brun, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 399: Heron bleuatre de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 349.

THE length of this bird is nineteen inches. The bill is deep yellow: between the bill and eye bare and reddifh: head and neck rufous brown: at the hind head fpring two long feathers, which reach almost two-thirds down the neck: the rest of the body, wings, and tail, deep blue: legs brown.

This inhabits Cayenne.

S IZE of the laft: length eighteen inches. Bill two inches and a half; colour yellow: the bare fkin between that and the eye the fame: the irides alfo pale yellow: the head feathers loofe, and fomewhat elongated at the back part: general colour of the plumage pale blue green: chin and throat white: legs yellow: claws black.

Inhabits Queen Charlotte's Sound, where the natives call it Matook.

• "So far are the Otabeitan: from eating all kinds of birds, that they have "a kind of fuperfitious regard for Herons and Kingfifters, almost like that "which is paid to the Stork, the Robin-rest-breas, Swallow, and other harmlefs familiar birds in England."—Forft. Obf. p. 207.—Parkinfon talks of a grey Heron being facred at Etbooa, p. 70. PLACE.

45. VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

45. VAR. B. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

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VAR. C.

DESCRIPTION. THIS is fearce as big as a Pigeon: length fixteen inches. The bill two inches and a half long, dufky, the under part white: irides, and bare fkin round the eyes, yellow: the general colour of the plumage is black, with a polifhed fteel glofs, mixed with a little brown on the head, and brown and yellowifh on the back, with the addition of afh-colour on the wing coverts: all the under parts are white, variegated with cinereous and pale yellow feathers: the quills are greenifh, with a white fpot near the tips: the tail the fame, but not marked with white: legs yellow.

PLACE.

This inhabits *Brafil*, and is a ftately fpecies, walking erect: it is by the natives called *Cocoi*.

Ardea violacea, Lin. Syst. i. p. 238. 16.

46. YELLOW-CROWNED H.

Le Crabier de Bahama, Brif. Orn. v. p. 481. 41. gris-de-fer, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 399. Ardea cærulea, Raii Syn. p. 189. 2.—Sloan. Jam. p. 314. pl. 264. fig. 5. Grey-crefted Gaulding, Brown Jam. p. 478. Crefted Bittern, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 79.—Arct. Zool. N° 352.

DESCRIPTION.

L ENGTH fifteen inches and a half: weight half a pound. The bill near two inches and three quarters long, and black : irides red; the bare fkin round them green: crown of the head yellow, ending in a creft, which elongates into four or five white feathers, the longeft near fix inches; the reft of the head is blue black; on each fide is a white ftreak from the corner of the mouth,

mouth, tending towards the hind head: the back ftreaked black and white; and from the lower part are long narrow feathers, which hang over the tail, as in many of the *Heron* genus: the whole of the under parts, from the chin to the vent, is of a dufky blue: the quills are blueifh brown: tail dull blue: legs yellow: claws dufky.

This fpecies is found in *Carolina*, in the rainy feafon; but at the *Bahama IJlands* they breed among the rocks, in the buffes on the banks: at this laft place they are called *Crab-catchers*; and are in fo great plenty, that one may load a boat with the young ones in a few hours; being fo far from fly, that they will fcarce get out of the way of those who mean to take them. They are accounted pretty good eating.

Le Crabier roux à tête & queue vertes, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 407. Crabier de la Louisiane, Pl. Enl. 909.—Ard. Zool. N° 350.

LENGTH fixteen inches. Bill dufky: lore pale yellow: top of the head of a deep green, and lengthened into a creft at the nape: the reft of the head and neck rufous; the fore part of it white, marked with long rufous fpots: the back cinereous, with a tinge of purple, and the feathers long and narrow: the belly rufous brown: wing coverts dull green, with fulvous edges: quills blackifh, many of them tipped with white: tail blackifh green: legs yellow: claws black.

Inhabits Louisiana.

PLACE.

VOL. III.

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Ardea

PLACE AND MANNERS.

LOUISIANE H.

DESCRIPTION.

^{48.} STRIATED H.

DESCRIPTION.

Ardea striata, Lin. Syst. i. p. 19. Heron of Guiana, Bancr. Guian. p. 171.

S IZE of the common *Heron*. Bill ftrait, compreffed, furrowed on the fides: head flightly crefted; crown black: hind part of the neck and back hoary: fore part of the neck ferruginous: wings brown: fecondaries black at the points.

This is *Bancroft*'s defcription. *Linnæus* fays, that the back in his bird is hoary, and ftriated; and that the fecondaries are white on the margins, at the tip.

Inhabits Guiana and Surinam : faid also to be at Astrachan* in

PLACE.

March.

WATTLED H. PL. LXXVIII. Description.

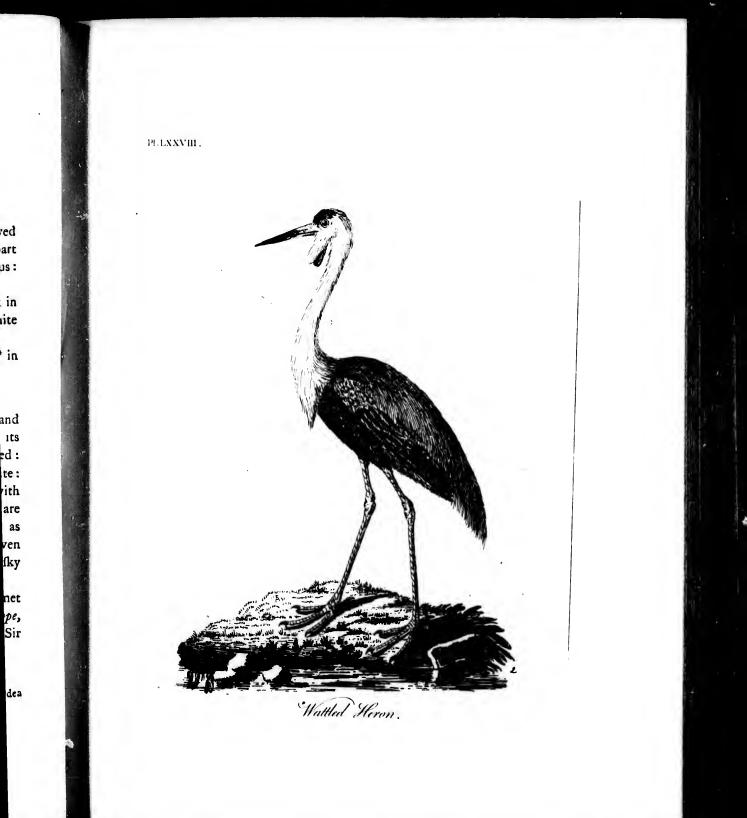
SIZE of the Stork: length five feet fix inches. Bill red and carunculated for one third next the bafe; the reft of its length dufky black: round the eye bare and red: irides pale red: top of the head blue grey; the reft of the head and neck white: under the chin are two appendages like wattles, covered with white feathers, as the reft of the neck: the back and wings are blue grey: on the back hang fome long narrow feathers, as in many other Herons: the quills are black, and about even with the tail: breaft, belly, and under parts, black: legs dufky blue grey.

PLACE.

Inhabits Africa, but is not a common bird. One of them met with tame, in the Company's gardens, at the Cape of Good Hope, from which a drawing was taken, now in the collection of Sir 7. Banks.

· Decoury. Ruff. ii. p. 146.

Ardea





- HERON.
- Ardea major, Lin. Syft. i. p. 256. 12.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 117.—Kram. El. 50. p. 346. Nº 4.—Frisch. t. 199.

Le Heron hupé, Brif. Orn. v. p. 396. 2. pl. 35.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 342.— MALE. Pl. Enl. 755.

Common Heron, Raii Syn. p. 98. A. 1.-Will. Orn. 277. pl. 49.

Crefted Heron, Albin, i. pl. 67 .- Br. Zool. Nº 173 .- Ara. Zool. Nº 3+3.

Ardea cinerea, Lin. Syft. i. p. 256. 11.—Faun. Suec. 165.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 117.—Brun. p. 156.—Muller, p. 22.—Frifch. t. 198.

- Le Heron, Brif. Orn. v. p. 392. 1. pl. 34. Buf. Oif. vii. p. 342. pl. 19. -Pl. Enl. 787.
- Common Heron, Albin, iii. pl. 78.—Br. Zool. Nº 173. pl. 61.— Aret. Zool. Nº 343.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

THIS is a beautiful though common species.

The Male weighs about three pounds and a half: length three feet three inches. Bill fix inches long, colour dufky, beneath at the bafe yellowifh: round the eye greenifh, and bare of feathers; irides yellow: forehead and crown white; fides of it over the eye black: all the feathers of the crown long, two in particular being eight inches in length; on the whole forming a most elegant creft *: the neck white; the fore part of it marked with a double row of black fpots: wing coverts blueifh grey: outer edges of the wing white: baftard wing, and greater quills, black: middle of the back almost bare, covered by the fcapulars, which are grey and white, of a loofe texture, long and narrow:

• These are used as ornaments in the *Eaft*, and bear a confiderable price. We believe that this appendage is found only in *males* of a full age, or perhaps very old birds.

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FEMALE.

DESCRIPTION.

the feathers of the lower part of the neck before are also of the fame texture, and hang loofe over the breaft: on each fide, under the wing, a bed of black feathers: breaft and under parts white: legs dirty green: inner edge of the middle claw ferrated.

The *Female* has little or no creft: the head grey: feathers over the breaft fhort: fcapulars of not fo loofe a texture as in the *Male*; but in other things much refembles that fex.

This fpecies is very common in these kingdoms; and frequently found, except in breeding-time, dispersed throughout the marshy places, and edges of streams, where it may be seen motionless for hours together, waiting the passing of a f/b^* , which it may stream up for food; in this interval the head is crouched between the shoulders, and the body frequently resting on one leg. Besides fi/b, it will eat frogs, and at times feed on vegetables. In flying it draws in the head between the shoulders, the legs hanging down. In breeding-time unite together in large societies, and build in the highest trees \dagger ; making a ness of sticks, lined with a few rushes and wool, or stathers. The eggs are pale greenish blue, four or five in number. It may be brought up tame, if taken young, but when old birds are captured, they shortly pine away, and will refuse nouriss make the ness in high cliffs over the fea.

Heron-hawking was formerly a favourite diversion, and a pé-

• They are great deftroyers of *fifb*. We remember to have feen a *fifb* of ten inches long, taken out of the flomach of one. Others are mentioned to have *feventeen Carps* at once found within them; and a tame one has been known to eat *fifty* fmall *Roaches* and *Dace*, one day with another.—*Gent. Recreat.* 8vo. p. 32.

+ So many as eighty in one tree.-Br. Zool.

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PLACE AND MANNERS.

FEMALE.

nalty of *twenty fhillings* incurred on taking *the eggs*; but now out of effecm, as is in a great measure their flesh, though rated at a great price in former times, equal to that of a *Peacock**.

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There is fcarce a place, either in the old world or in the new, where this bird has not been met with: witnefs the relations of numberlefs voyagers; yet few talk of its migrations. Indeed M. *Ekmarck* + mentions the difappearing of the *whole* of the *Heron* tribe from *Sweden*, in autumn: and this fpecies is faid only to be feen in *New York* from *May* till *October* \ddagger .

Ardea Herodias, Lin. Syst. i. p. 237. 15.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 118. Le Heron hupé de Virginie, Bris. Orn. v. p. 416. 10. Le grand Heron d'Amerique, Bus. Ois. vii. p. 385. Largest crested Heron, Cateß. Car. App. pl. 10. fig. 1.—Ar.B. Zool. N° 341.

THIS is a very large fpecies: length more than five feet. Bill full eight inches long; colour of it brown, inclining to yellow on the fides: the head is crefted; fome of the feathers which compose it are five inches in length: between the bill and eye bare, of a pale yellow: the neck and breaft are rufous; the fore part of them fpotted with brown: all the upper parts of the body, belly, tail, and legs, brown: quills black §.

* "At PRINCIPAL Feafts.—Item, it is thought in likewyze that HEARON-SEWYS be bought for my Lordes own mees; fo that they be at'xii^d a pece."— We likewife here fee the value, by the comparison : a Goode felling for 3d. or 4d. at most : Partridges 2 d. apiece : Woodcocks 1 d. or $1\frac{1}{2}d$. : Snipes three for a penny : also that the Herons, Bytters, Pacocks, Fejaunts, and Curlews, were all of equal value.—North Houf. Book, p. 104.

+ Aman. Acad. iv. p. 588. 1 Ard. Zool.

§ Scopoli fays, that the tail is black, and the vent rufous. Perhaps his bird is a flight variety?—Linnæus adds, that the thighs are rufous.

Inhabits

DESCRIPTION.

GREAT H.

Inhabits Virginia, frequenting the lakes and rivers: feeds on *lizards, frogs, and fifb.*

RED-SHOUL. Ardea Hudfonias, Lin Syft. i. p. 2;8. 18.

- Le Haron de la Baye de Hadíon, Brij. Orn. v. p. 407. 7. Buf. Ojf. vii. p. 386.
- Ash-coloured Heron from North America, Edw. pl. 135.—Ard. Zool. Nº 342.

Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is alfo a large fpecies, though lefs than the laft: length three feet three inches. Bill five inches and a half long; the upper mandible black; the under orange: the crown of the head black, and crefted; the longeft feathers four inches in length: between the bill and eye naked, of a greenifh yellow: fides and under part of the head white: neck covered with long flender feathers, marked with dufky bars on the hind part, and before with broad white dafhes down the middle of each feather: the back and upper part of the body cinereous brown: wing coverts paleft: inner edge of the wing reddifh: breaft white, marked with long fpots of black: thighs reddifh brown: belly and vent white: legs dufky: middle claw pectinated; hind claw very long.

PLACE.

Inhabits North America, from New York to Hud/on's Bay, frequenting the inland lakes of the last place in summer. By some supposed to be the *female* of the last*.

* Artt. Zool.

Rufty-

86

PLACE.

DERED H.

Rufly-crowned Heron, Ara. Zool. Nº 358. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of the common Bittern. Head fmooth, flightly crefted: bill feven inches long, flender, yellow : irides the fame: forehead dufky : throat white : creft and back part of the neck deep ferruginous; on the fore part four ftreaks of black : feathers of the breaft long and loofe: a dark line paffes from the breaft upwards to the back of the neck: back and wing coverts deep ferruginous, marked with a few black fpots : quills dufky : tail fhort, lead-coloured : belly and breaft dirty white, ftriped with black : legs dirty yellow.

Inhabits North America.

Afh-coloured Heron, Ara. Zool. Nº 353.

I ENGTH two feet one inch. Bill ftrong, black : cheeks and chin whitish : neck pale cinereous brown, streaked before with white : back, wings, and tail, cinereous, clouded round each feather with dufky : feathers on the fides of the back long and broad, hanging over the ends of the wings: belly white: legs yellowifh.

Inhabits New York: arrives in May; breeds, and leaves the country in October.

> Streaked Heron, Art. Zool. Nº 354. Lev. Maf.

STREAKED H.

ENGTH feventeen inches. Bill two inches: crown dufky: cheeks and hind part of the neck rufty and black: chin, 6 throat,

ASH-COLOUR-ED H. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

RUSTY. CROWNED H. DESCRIPTION.

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length long; of the hes in ellow: d with d part, of each brown: breaft brown: l; hind

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Rufty-

throat, and fore part of the neck, white; the laft ftreaked with black: wing coverts ftreaked black and pale buff-colour: outer edge of the wing white: quills dufky: legs greenifh.

Another of these, supposed to differ in fex, has a white line on each jaw: scapulars and greater wing coverts dusky, spotted with white at the ends.

PLACE.

Inhabits North America.

Nº 348.

Inhabits Louisiana.

the tail, which is very fhort.

56. REDDISH EGRET.

Description.

LENGTH two feet. Bill yellowifh, with a dufky point: lore and round the eye green: the head and neck are covered with loofe long feathers of a rufty rufous colour: the long narrow feathers of the back of the fame colour: the reft of the body blackifh grey: legs black.

L'Aigrette rouffe, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 378 .- Pl. Enl. 902 .- Arct. Zool.

PLACE.

57. DEMI EGRET.

Description.

LENGTH fcarcely two feet. Bill dufky yellow; between that and the eye bare, and of the fame colour: the head and neck, as far as the breaft, and the upper parts, wings, and tail, are deep blue black: the under parts of the body, and thighs, white: the legs yellowish: at the hind head hang two long feathers, of the fame colour with the head: and on the lower part of the back are a few long narrow rufous feathers, which fall over

Heron bleuatre à ventre blanc de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 350.

La Demi-Aigrette, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 378.

Inhabits

Inhabits *Cayenne*. I met with one of these in a collection from that part: it was two feet in length: bill yellow; tip black: creft long, and white: head and neck inclining to violet: chin and throat mottled with rusous white: long feathers over the rump grey: legs brown: in other things it answered to the above description.

La grande Aigrette, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 377.—Pl. Enl. 925.—Arci. Zool. 58. N° 346. GREATEGRET.

Guiratinga, Raii Syn. p. 101. 17?-Will. Orn. p. 285?

THIS is double the fize of the European Egret, and the head is not crefted as in that fpecies. The bill is of a dirty yellow; with the top and end dufky: the whole plumage white: the narrow feathers which fpring from the back are much longer in this bird, and fuller, fo as to hang beyond the tail: the legs are black.

This is found at *Cayenne*, *Guiana*, and other parts of *South America*; alfo at *St. Domingo* and *Louifiane*: at the first-named place is frequent, among the *iflets* in the wet *favannas*; not on the borders of *falt-water* rivers, nor the *fea*; but only near ftagnant waters or rivers, where it can shelter itself among the *reeds*. They do not collect in flocks, and are very shy, though not uncommon. *Bougainville* * also met with *Egrets* in *Falkland Islands*, and took them at first for *common Herons*. Towards night they made a harsh barking noise, not unlike that of the *wolf* which frequents those parts.

* Voy. p. 67.—It is most likely to prove this, rather than the following, from the fize.

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Vol. III.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

Ardea

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Inhabits

59. LITTLE EGRET.

Ardea Garzetta, Lin. Syft. i. p. 237. 13 .- Kram. El. p. 346. 3.

L'Aigrette, Brif. Orn. v. p. 431. 16.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 372. pl. 20.—Pl. Eul. 901.

Ardea alba minor, feu Garzetta, Raii Syn. p. 99. 5.-Will. Orn. p. 280. Egiet, Br. Zool. App. pl. 7.-Ar. Zool. Nº 347. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of a Fowl: length near a foot: weight one pound. Bill

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS. black: irides pale yellow: the hind head crefted; two of the feathers are five inches in length, and narrow, hanging down behind in an elegant manner: between the bill and eye bare and green: the whole plumage is of a pure white: there are also on the back a fet of long loofe feathers, which cover and hang over the rump: the legs are greenish black: claws black. This species is almost a general inhabitant, being found in all

the moderate and warm parts of the globe. Once in plenty in thefe realms^{*}, now extinct: at least one being flot in Anglefea has been thought a rarity \ddagger . In many parts of Europe and Afia not uncommon. Found in Africa, Ifles of Madagafcar and Bourbon; also in great plenty in Siam \ddagger . On the American continent are met with at New York and Long Ifland, some of the West India Iflands, and Cayenne §.

• No lefs than one thousand were in the lift of the famous feast of Archbishop Nevil.-Leland It.

+ Br. Zool. App. p. 631.

t Seem to be the *Griel Herons* mentioned by *P*. *Tachard*, which he fays fwarm in the trees, fo as to be taken for bloffoms at a diffance; the white mingled with the green rendering it a pleafing fight.—*Harris Coll. Voy.* vol. ii p. [468].

§ Mem. fur Gay. ii. p. 257.—The author observes, that the Egret is flate-coloured for the first year; grey, spotted with white, the second; and pure white as show the third, which it retains ever ster.

This

This fpecies, like others of the Heron tribe, frequents marshes and banks of itreams, and feeds on fifb.

- Ardea alba, Lin. Syft. i. p. 239. 24 .- Faun. Suec. 166 .- Scop. Ann. i. Nº 126.-Kram. El. p. 346. 2.
- Le Heron blanc, Brif. Orn. v. p. 428. 15 .- Buf. Oif. vii. p. 365 .- Pl. Enl. 886.
- Great white Gaulding, Sloan Jam. p. 314. pl. 266 .- Brown Jam. p. 478. -Raii Syn. p. 189. 1.
- Great white Heron, Raii Syn. p. 99. A. 4.-Will. Orn. p. 279. pl. 49.-Br. Zool. ii. Nº 175 .- Ara. Zool. Nº 344. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

THIS fpecies measures three feet fix inches in length, and is DESCRIPTION. of a fize proportionate. The bill is above fix inches long, and yellow : irides pale yellow : the plumage wholly of a pure white : legs black, inclining to green on the thighs.

This bird is very rarely found in *England**; but is fufficiently common on the continent of Europe. Not very plenty in Sweden. Found about the Ca/pian and Black Seas, the lakes of Great Tartary, and the river Irtifch, and fometimes as high as lat. 53 +. Alfo met with in the fouthern parts of America. Migrates northward in fpring. Found at New York from June to October; at other times found in Jamaica ‡ and Brafil §: found alfo by our circumnavigators at New Zealand ||.

• One of them was shot not many years ago in Cumberland.-Dr. Hey/bam.

+ Art. Zool.

‡ Where it haunts fea marshes, salt ponds, &c. and feeds on small fishes and fift fry .- Sloane.

§ L'Heron blanc du Bresil, Brif. Orn. v. p. 434-This is not fo long by fix inches.

|| In Dufky Bay. Cook's Voy. i. p. 87 .- Forft. Voy. i. p. 177.

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PLACE AND MANNERS.

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VAR. A. BLACK CREST-ED WHITE H.

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Le Heron blanc à calotte noire, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 380. hupé de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 907.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS measures two feet in length; and the plumage is totally white, except a patch of black on the top of the head; the hind part of which has a pendent creft, composed of fix long narrow feathers.

It is faid to frequent the rivers of Guiana, and is a rare species.

61. SNOWY H. Description.

PLACE.

Ardea nivea, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 458. t. 17.

THE length exceeds two feet. Bill ftout, ftrait, three inches and a half long, and black: fkin round the eyes of a yellowifh blue: plumage in general white: the head is fmooth, but on the neck are fome feathers ftanding out; and those of the lower part hanging over the breaft: back terminated with very long narrow feathers of a yellowifh white: legs black: toes faffron-colour: claws black.

FEMALE.

PLACE.

The *female* is lefs, and the neck and back feathers fhorter.

This is found about the river *Don* in fpring, coming from the *Black Sea*^{*}; and returns again to the fouth in autumn. It builds the neft in high trees. I have feen a fpecimen of this bird which came from *China*.

6z. SACRED H. Description. SIZE of the little *Egret*? length two feet three inches. General colour of the plumage white: bill four inches long, dufky brown: on the middle of the crown a few obfcure dufky ftreaks

* Probably also from Egyp1, Arabia, or Greece.—Dec. Ruff. i. p. 164. down

down the fhafts of fome of the feathers: feveral of those of the back, wing, and tail coverts, marked in the fame manner: fcapulars dashed with black: greater quills more or less dusky at the tips: the tail feathers marked with dusky down the shafts, from the tip, an inch and a half upwards; except the outer feather, which is plain: legs yellow.

Inhabits Otabeite, and the neighbouring isles, where it is held facred.

In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

WITH the above is one not far different. The crown of a plain white: fcapulars fome white, fome black: on the fore part of the neck fome loofe long feathers, black and white mixed, hanging over the breaft; and fome others of the fame loofe texture, and mixed colours, falling on the tail: the wing coverts have likewife fome black feathers intermixed: the quills plain white; and the tail the fame, except one feather wholly black: legs black.

Ardea Æquinoctialis, Lin. Sy/t. i. p. 240. 25. Le Heron blanc de la Caroline, Brif. Orn. v. p. 435. 18. Le Crabier blanc à bec rouge, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 401. Little White Heron, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 77.—Arct. Zool. N° 345. Br. Muf. Lew. Muf. 62. VAR. A. Description.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

LITTLE

WHITE H.

THIS measures eighteen inches in length. The bill is two inches and three quarters long, and red; as is the bare space between the bill and eye: irides yellow: the plumage univerfally white: legs green.

Inhabits

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PLACE AND

MANNERS.

Inhabits *Carolina* in fpring, and is believed to breed there. Not feen in winter. Is common at *New York*, and I have also received it from *Jamoica*; but at both thefe places the bill is black, though in my fpecimen the lore was of a brownish or faded red colour. I observe also that in fome specimens several of the secondaries have the ends brown.

63. Le petit Heron blanc. Brif. Orn v. p. 438. 20.
VAR. A. La Garzette blanche, Buf. Oif. vii p. 371.
Third fmall white Heron of Aldrovand, Will. Orn. p. 280.—Raii Syn. p. 99. 6.

DESCRIPTION. IN this the bill is fmall, thick, and yellow : lore and irides the fame: the top of the head and neck nearly of a faffron-colour; breaft the fame, but paler : the reft of the plumage white : legs faffron-colour.

PLACE. Found at Bologna, in Italy.

63. VAR. B. Le Heron blanc du Mexique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 437. 19.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 406. Ardea Mexic. minim. candidiff. Raii Syn. p. 102. 22.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of a Pigeon. Bill and legs purple: lore yellow: the whole plumage pure white.

Inhabits Mexico, where the natives call it Hoitzilaztatl.

64. BLACK H. Description.

SIZE of the common Heron. Bill black : general colour of the plumage the fame, with a glofs of blue on the wings : the

Le Heron noir, Brif. Orn. v. p. 439. 21.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 368.

fpace between the bill and eyes covered with a bare black fkin: the

the legs are black : the middle and outer toe connected at the bafe by a membrane.

Inhabits Silefia.

PLACE.

CRESTED

PURPLE H.

DESCRIPTION.

95

Ardea purpurea, Lin. SvA. i. p. 236. 10. Le Héron pourpr. hupe, Brif. Orn. v. p. 424. pl. 36. fig. 2. Le Heron pourpié, Buf. Oil. vii. p. 369 .- Pl. Enl. 788.

RATHER less than the common Heron: length two feet ten inches and a half. Bill fix inches, brown, with a dufky point; beneath yellowifh: the top of the head is crefted with narrow pointed black feathers, fome of them near five inches in length : round the eyes bare and yellowifh : from the gape to the hind head a narrow ftreak of black: chin white: the neck for half the length is rufous, marked with three longitudinal black lines, the reft of the neck cinereous olive behind, rufous on the fides, and rufous white before, where each feather is dashed with black, and is long and narrow, hanging over the breaft; the lowest of these are white at the ends: the upper parts of the body are gloffy olive: fome of the fcapulars long and narrow, ending in a point, with rufous tips : the under parts are of a bright purplish chefinit, with a band of black from the middle of the breaft to the "ent: under tail coverts white, mixed with rufous, and tipped with black : thighs rufous : edge of the wing the fame : wing coverts bright dark olive, fome of them edged with rufous; the greater ones fartheft from the body dark afh-colour : quills dark : tail cinereous olive : legs greenifh : claws dufky.

Inhabits the fouthern latitudes, towards and about the Cafpian and Black Seas; as also the lakes of Great Tartary, and the river PLACE.

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p. 406.

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river Irtisch; but not farther east in Sibiria; nor ever ventures beyond 50 degrees north latitude *.

Le Heron pourpré, Bris. Orn. v. p. 420. 12.-Buf. Ois. vii. p. 369.

66. PURPLE H. Description.

S IZE of the common Heron, but has a longer head and bill; the upper mandible yellowifh green; the under yellowifh: fpace between the bill and eye bare and yellowifh: the crown is blackifh afh-colour: neck the fame, marked behind with fmall blackifh lines; the fore part fpotted with dull yellow: the upper part of the body and wings purplifh chefnut: belly, fides, and thighs, afh-colour, paleft near the vent: greater wing coverts fartheft from the body blackifh brown: quills much the fame: legs brown: outer and middle toe joined at the bafe.

PLACE.

Inhabits the banks of the Danube.

67. Le Heron pourpré du Mexique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 422. 13. MEXICAN H. Le Crabier pourpré, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 402. Ardea Mexicana, feu Avis Xoxouquihoactli, Seba, i. pl. 64. fig. 2.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of a Crow: length twelve inches. Crown of the head black; the reft of it pale chefnut: general colour of the bird purplish chefnut, palest beneath; quills and tail chefnut. PLACE. Inhabits Mexico.

68.Le Crabier d'Amerique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 477. 39.CRACRA H.Le Cracra, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 403.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of a large Fowl. Bill black; beneath yellowish brown: irides of a golden yellow: the bare skin round the eye pale

• Mr. Pennant.

yellow :

yellow: crown of the head blueifh afh-colour: the nape and hind part of the neck brown, mixed with fillemot: the back and rump, like the crown, mixed with dull green and rufous: the under parts are white, fpotted with fillemot as far as the breaft; from thence to the vent afh-colour: the leffer wing coverts are dull green, with rufous edges; the greater and quills black, edged with white: the tail greenifh black: legs yellow: claws black.

This fpecies is found in *Chili*, and other parts of *America*, on the banks of rivers at a diftance from the fea. It is called by fome *Cra-cra*, from its cry, which it exhibits in its flight. The natives call it *Jaboutra*. It is met with alfo at *Martinico*.

> Heron de la Côte de Coromandel, Pl. Enl. 906. Le Heron violet, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 370.

T HIS is thirty-three inches in length. The bill is dufky brown: the top of the head, the lower part of the neck, the body, wings, and tail, of a blueifh black, gloffed with violet; the reft of the head and neck white: the vent and under tail coverts the fame: legs reddifh brown.

Inhabits the Coromandel coaft.

Le Héron Agami, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 382.-Pl. Enl. 859.

LENGTH thirty-one inches. Bill long, dufky: the crown of the head blue black: the nape a light blue; from this hang fix or eight long narrow feathers, the largeft almost the whole length of the neck: back, wings, and tail, deep blue: the neck and under parts of the body rufous; but the lower half of Vol. III. O the 70. AGAMI H.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION

PLACE.

бо. VIOLET H.

DESCRIPTION.

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the neck and the fides of it are covered with loofe blue feathers, hanging longer and loofe on the breaft : from the lower part of the back are long flender feathers, which hang loofe, and reach the end of the tail : on the fides of the head, and just above the eye, the parts are white, paffing a little way in a line on each fide of the neck : legs yellow.

PLACE.

This is a moft beautiful fpecies, and inhabits Cayenne. One of thefe, which I fuppofe to be a *female*, is in the collection of Colonel Davies. The bill is five inches and three quarters long, and blackifh; the bafe of the under mandible pale: the crown, creft, and hind part of the neck, blueifh afh-colour: chin white: fides of the neck, as far as the middle, fine rufous; down the middle of this a beautiful white and rufous line, bounded on each fide with black: the breaft covered with long, loofe, blackifh feathers: those on the back part of the neck black, but ftreaked down the middle of the fhaft with white: the upper parts of the body, wings, and tail, fine green, like that of a Duck's head, and gloffy; the under parts deep rufous: quills black: tail brown. I have never feen the male; but by Buffon's defcription it must be ftill more beautiful than the female, and is certainly the most elegant of the genus.

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Ardea Cocoi, Lin. Syft. i. p. 237. 14. Le Heron hupé de Cayenne, Brif. Orn. v. p. 400. 3. Le Soco, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 379. Cocoi, Raii Syn. p. 100. 15.-Will. Orn. p. 284. pl. 51. Blue Heron, Albin. iii. pl. 79?

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a large species, in length above three feet. The bill of a greenish yellow: irides of a gold-colour: top of the head

head cinereous; the fides of the upper part black; the feathers of the hind head are cinereous, very long and narrow, forming a handsome creft, being about five inches and a half in length *: between the bill and eye bare and cinereous: cheeks, throat, and neck, white; the fore part of the last marked with a double row of longifh dufky fpots; the feathers of the lower part very long, and hang over the breaft: the reft of the bird fine pale afh-colour: on the back the feathers are long and narrow, and hang down behind, like many of this genus: the legs are afh-colour.

PLACE. Inhabits Brafil and Cayenne. Said to be pretty good eating in the rainy feafon, at which time it is fat.

Ardea rufa, Scop. Ann. i. Nº 119.-Kram. El. p. 347. Nº 6.

ESS than the common Heron. Bill feven inches long: from the eye to the nape on each fide a black ftreak : head, neck, belly, quills, and tail, black: breaft rufous: temples and thighs ferruginous: lower part of the neck whitish, marked with longitudinal brownish spots: the upper part of the neck, the back, and wings, cinereous brown : legs brown.

Inhabits the Austrian dominions.

CIZE fmall. Bill long, pale yellow : upper part of the plumage brown, dashed with a paler brown; under parts the fame, but more dilute : quills and tail black : legs green.

Inhabits China, and called Soy-ie. The defcription taken from a collection of Chinefe drawings.

• Only two of the feathers are of this length .- Willugbby.

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73. CHINESE H. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

PLACE.

SIZE

72. RUFOUS H.

DESCRIPTION.

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> e bill the head

JOHANNA H. Description.

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S IZE not mentioned. Bill yellowifh: between that and the eye bare, and of a yellowifh green: on the crown a fhort pendant black creft: plumage on the upper parts grey, the under white: the feathers on the fore part of the neck long and loofe, marked with longitudinal black fpots: quills all black: legs brownifh: infide of the middle toe ferrated.

drawings formerly in the poffeffion of the late Dr. Fothergill.

Inhabits the island of Johanna.

Hoacton, Will. Orn. p. 391. (the female.)

PLACE.

DRY H.

Le Heron hupé du Mexique, Bris. Orn. v. p. 418. 11. L'Hoeti, Bus. Ois. vii. p. 382. Hoaetli, or Dry Bird, Raii Syn. p. 179. 8.—Will. Orn. p. 389. (the male.)

Taken from fome Chinefe

DESCRIPTION. MALE. LENGTH two feet three inches. Bill five inches; black, the fides of it yellow: irides yellow: eyelids red: the head crefted and black: forehead from eye to eye white: between the bill and eye bare and yellowifh: the upper parts of the neck and body are greenifh black: wing coverts greenifh afh-colour: all the under parts of the body white: the quills and tail afh-coloured: legs yellow.

FEMALE.

PLACE.

The *female* has the upper parts brown, mixed with white: the under white, varied with brown: otherwife like the male.

Inhabits the lakes of *Mexico*, and breeds among the reeds: it bites hard, and has a loud flat voice. The *Spaniards* call this bird *Martinete Pefcador**, but this muft be from its catching fifh, for it cannot otherwife be called a *Kingfifter*.

· Kingsfifter.

Le

Le Heron cendré du Mexique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 504. 5. Hohou, Buf. Oif. vii p. 384. Xoxoukqui Hoactli, Hoacton, seu ardea cinerea minor mexicana cristata, Raii Syn. p. 102. 21.

L ENGTH two feet three inches. Bill feven inches, black: the fore part of the head is variegated with white and black, the reft of the head purple; at the back part a creft of the fame colour: the general colour of the bird cinereous: edges of the wings white: wing coverts blue and afh-colour, mixed: the fecond quills nearly of equal length with the prime ones: legs variegated with brown, black, and yellowifh.

Inhabits the wet places of *Mexico*, but is fcarce, being only PLACE. feen at intervals.

Buffon gives it the name Houbou, from its fuppofed cry being like that word*.

Le Bec ouvert, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 409.-Pl. Enl. 932.

PONDICHERRY H.

DESCRIPTION.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a fingular fpecies, and measures in length fourteen inches and a half. The bill is as long as in the *Heron* tribe, very thick and ftout at the base, for about one fourth of its length, it then becomes flender, and finisfies in a point; the under mandible is less ftout, and gradually lessens to the end, but is curved inward the whole length, fo that the mandibles only touch at the bases and tips, ftanding hollow from each other in the middle; the colour of both is yellow, but towards the head dusky: the

• The fame name is also given by Buffon to a Cuckow. See $\mathcal{E}_{gyptian}$ Cuckow, vol. i. p. 522. N° 16. of this work.

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fpace between the bill and eye, and round the laft, is quite covered with feathers: the general colour of the bird is a dirty, cinereous grey; but the quills are black, and greatly exceed the tail in length: the legs are yellowifh, and teffellated their whole length, as is the bare part of the thighs: the claws are fmall and black, the middle claw not ferrated.

PLACE.

Inhabits Pondicherry, and other parts of the East Indies.

78. COROMANDEL H. DESCRIPTION. Le Bec-ouvert des Indes, Son. Voy. Ind. vol. ii. p. 219. pl. 219.

DIFFERS from the laft, in that the edge of the upper mandible is ferrated from the middle to the end, the toes united at the bafe to the first joint, and the wings reach only to the tail: the head, rump, belly, and wing coverts, are white; those of the head are short, narrow, and erect: the back, quills, and tail, black: from the base of the bill to the eye, bare and black; this black bare space also extends round the throat; the bill is rusous yellow: irides red: legs rusous yellow.

PLACE.

79. SCOLOPACE-

OUS H. Description. Found on the coast of Coromandel, in September, October, and November. Frequents, like the Heron, the borders of rivers and ponds, for the fake of fish and reptiles, which are its food.

Le Courlan, ou Courliri, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 442.-Pl. Enl. 848.

THIS is a large bird, almost equalling an *Heron* in fize: the length twenty-five inches. Bill four inches long, reddifh, with a blueish point; it is rather shout at the base, and nearly strait, but inclines downward towards the tip: on the upper mandible is a long furrow two thirds of the length of the bill, in which the nostrils are placed, these feem to be a flit only: round

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HERON.

round the eye bare * of feathers, and of a reddifh brown colour : the plumage in general is brown, gloffed with a reddifh coppercolour on the quills and tail : moft of the feathers of the upper part have the edges paler than the reft of the feathers; and thofe of the neck and breaft are ftreaked with white down the fhaft : the chin white : the naked parts of the thighs and legs are white : the toes are not joined by a membrane at the bafe, but the middle claw is pectinated on the inner margin, where it rifes into an edge.

This inhabits Cayenne, and is a doubtful fpecies, hanging between the Heron and Curlew, but feems most allied to the former.

• Not clear, it feems to be fo in the Pl. Enl.

GENUS

PLACE.

[104]

GENUS LXVI. IBIS.

Nº r. Wood Ibis.

9. White I.

10. Egyptian I.

2. Scarlet I. 3. Cayenne I. 4. Mexican I. 5. Black-faced I. 6. White-necked I. 7. Grey I. 8. Brown I.

Nº 11. Black I. 12. Bay I. VAR. A. 13. Green I. 14. Gloffy I. 15. White-headed I. 16. Bald I. 17. Manilla I.

- 18. Leffer I.
- 19. Crested I.

RILL long, thick at the bafe, incurvated. Face, and fometimes the whole head, naked. Noftrils linear. Tongue fhort.

Toes connected at the base by a membrane.

Tantalus loculator, Lin. Syft. i. p. 240. 1. WOOD I. Le grand Courli d'Amerique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 335. 8. Couricaca, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 276.-Pl. Enl. 868.-Raii Syn. p. 103. 4.-Will. Orn. p. 295. pl. 54. - Damp. Voy. iii. pl. in p. 96. fig. 2. Wood Pelican, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 81.-Ara. Zool. Nº 360.

QIZE of a Goofe: length three feet. The bill is ftout, nine DESCRIPTION. inches in length, and bends downwards towards the tip; the colour of it yellowish brown : irides pale rusous : the fore part of 8

IBIS.

of the head, and round the eyes, covered with a blue fkin: from the head to the middle of the neck the fkin is alfo bare of feathers, but rough and warty, and of a brown or blackifh colour: beneath the jaw is a pouch holding at leaft half a pint: the whole plumage of the bird is white, except the quills and tail, which are black: the bare part of the thighs is four inches, the legs above a foot long, the colour of both dufky: between the toes a membrane.

The male and female are much alike.

Birds of this fpecies are found in *Carolina*, and in various parts of *South America*, where they frequent the open favannas, which are under water during the fummer; but retire from the first in *November*. They often sit on the tall *Cyprefs*-trees in numbers together, refting their ponderous bills on their breasts: are stupid birds, and easily shot when once met with. They feed on fish and reptiles, but are accounted pretty good eating. Are known at *Brafil* by the name of *Curicaca*, and are called by the *Portuguefe*, *Mafarino*.

In the Museum of the late Dr. W. Hunter is a fine specimen, which came from Cayenne. The bird referred to in Dampier was met with at Sharks Bay, New Holland. PLACE AND MANNERS.

VOL. III.

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Tantalus

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+ SCARLET L

Tantalus ruber, Lin. Syft. i. p. 241. Nº 5 .- Scop. Ann. i. Nº 130.

Le Courly rouge du Bresil, Brif. Orn. v. p. 344. 12. pl. 29. fig. 1. 2. —Buf. Oif. viii. p. 35.—Pl. Enl. p. 81. (the old bird.)—Pl. Enl. 80. (one of the second year.)

Guara, Raii Syn. p. 104. 6 .- Pernett. Voy. i. p. 183.

----- or Indian Curlew, Will. Orn. p. 296. pl. 54.--Sloan. Jam. p. 317. N° 8.-Harr. Coll. Voy. i. p. 728.

inches long, and of a pale red: eyes black: the bafe of the bill paffes a little way back on the forehead: the fides of

Red Curlew, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 84.-Bancr. Guian. p. 172.

Scarlet Ibis, Art. Zool. Nº 361.

Br. Muf. Lew. Muf. T. ENGTH twenty-one inches. Bill between fix and feven

DESCRIPTION.

FEMALE. PLACE AND MANNERS. the head, quite beyond the eyes, are bare, and of a pale red: the whole plumage is of a glowing fcarlet, except four of the outer prime quills, which are of a gloffy blue black at the ends: the fhafts of the quills and tail are white: legs pale red. The *female* differs in the colours being formewhat lefs lively.

This beautiful fpecies is met with in moft parts of America within the tropics; also pretty common in East Florida, and a few are feen in the fouth of Carolina; in fome of the West India islands in great plenty, especially the Bahamas. It generally frequents the borders of the fea, and fides of the neighbouring rivers, and lives on small fry of fish, and infects, which it picks up when the fea retires from the shore. These birds frequently perch on the trees in great numbers, but lay their eggs on the ground *, on a bed of leaves; the eggs are of a greenish colour : the young,

• Pernetly fays that the female lays her eggs on the houfe-tops, and the holes of walls.—Voy. i. p. 183.

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when

IBIS.

when hatched, are black, in a little time after grey, but are nearly white before they are able to fly; from this they change to red by degrees †, but it is not till the third year that the red colour is complete, and in many birds even at that time many of the neck feathers are found mixed with brown. It is moftly feen in numbers together, and the young birds and old ones keep in feparate flocks: is frequently domefticated, in the parts where it naturally inhabits, and I have alfo known it brought to *England* for the fame purpofe. I have one now by me, which lived for fome time among the poultry; but it grew fickly, loft all the brilliancy of plumage, and before it died faded to a dull rofecolour. By fome it is efteemed for food.

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Le Courlis des Bois, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 42. verd de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 820.

RATHER lefs than the laft: length twenty-two inches. The bill bent, five inches and a half long, and dufky; the bafe, and round the eye, bare, and of a dufky pale red: the general colour of the plumage is black, with a greenish gloss in fome lights; the quills and tail deepeft: legs brownish yellow.

In fome birds the top of the head and nape have the middle of each feather dashed with deep black, without any reflection of green, and the legs almost black; at first fight this may be taken for the young bird of the *Scarlet Ibis*; but in the one here

† Ulloa is faid to have met with large flights of Curlews within twenty or thirty leagues of Juan Fernandez; these were mostly white, except the breast and upper part of the wings, which were of a rose-colour.—See Voy. ii. p. 228. Most likely they were this species.

P 2

defcribed,

3. CAYENNE I.

DESCRIPTION.

I B I S.

defcribed, the legs are only eight inches in length, whereas in the *Scarlet Ibis* they are twelve at leaft; in the first they do not reach to the end of the tail, but in the last much beyond it.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This is met with at *Cayenne*, but not in numbers; always in pairs: perches on the decayed trees which float down with the ftream, in order to fifh, generally at fome diftance from the fea: and is called by the people at *Cayenne*, *Flammant des Bois*.

Le Courly varié du Mexique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 333. 7. L'Acalot, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 45. Acacalotl, Raii Syn. p. 104. 5. Acacalotl, or Water Raven, Will. Orn. p. 296.

Description.

MEXICAN L

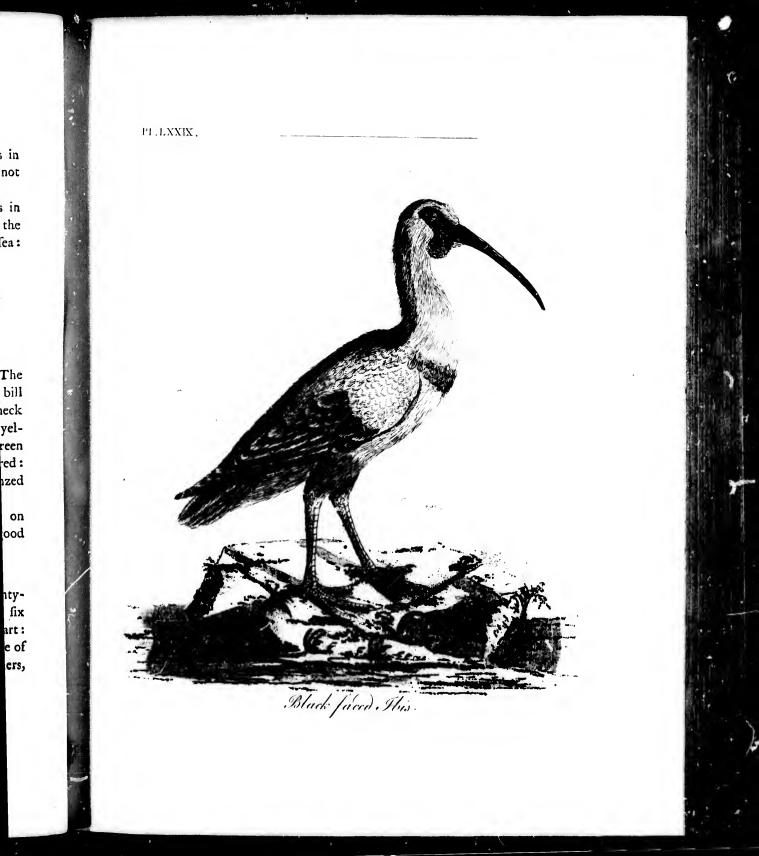
THIS is a large fpecies, being three feet in length. The bill eight inches, and blueifh: irides red: between the bill and eyes, and round them, bare and reddifh: the head and neck covered with dufky, white, and green feathers, with a few yellow ones intermixed: back and rump black, gloffed with green and purple: breaft and belly brown, with a little mixture of red: the wing coverts are green; and the quills and tail green bronzed with copper: legs black.

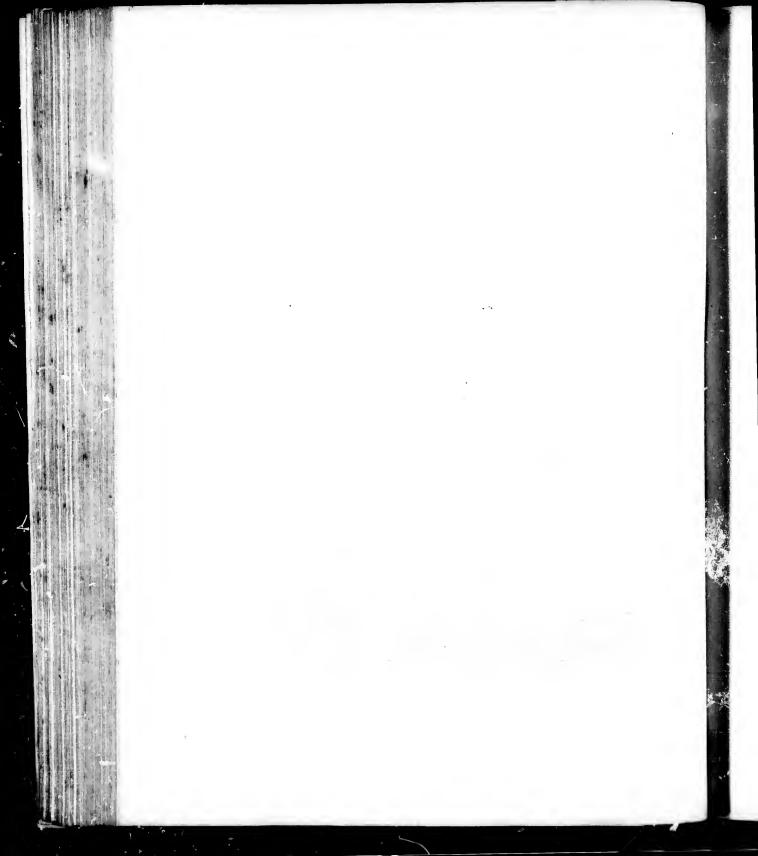
PLACE.

This inhabits *Mexico*, frequenting the lakes, and feeding on *fifb*: it breeds in those places, and is accounted pretty good food.

BLACK-FACED I. PL. LXXIX. Description.

SIZE large, not much inferior to the *Wood Ibis*: length twentyeight inches, breadth forty-nine inches and a half. Bill fix inches, and black: tongue triangular, ciliated at the back part: irides reddifh: the whole face, quite beyond the eyes, is bare of feathers,





I B I S.

feathers, black, and warty, particularly round the eyelids: under the chin hangs a loofe, wrinkled, bare fkin, forming a pouch: the crown of the head is deep fulvous yellow, and the feathers at the back part longifh: the reft of the neck and breaft pale yellow: the back and fcapulars are cinereous, margined with brown: acrofs the breaft a band of the fame: the middle of the feathers of the back brown: the wing coverts blueifh afh-colour, margined with brown: the quills, fides, thighs, vent, and tail, are greenifh black; the laft confifts of twelve feathers, and is rounded in fhape: the legs feven inches long, rough, naked but a little way above the knee, and red: claws black.

This species was found by Dr. Forster on New Year's Island, near Staten Land*. It builds the nest in inaccessible places in the rocks. The specimen is in the collection of Sir Jos. Banks.

> Le grand Courlis de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 47. Courlis à Cou blanc, Pl. Enl. 976.

6. WHITE-NECK-ED I.

PLACE.

PLACE.

ty- Description.

THIS is much bigger than the common Curlew: length twentyfeven inches. Bill black: the head and neck rufous white; the first deepest: between the bill and eyes bare: general colour of the plumage brown, undulated with grey and glossed with green: the greater wing coverts white: legs red.

Inhabits Cayenne.

early of the

* See Forf. Voy. vol. ii. p. 521.

Le

I B I S.

y. Le petit Courly d'Amerique, Bri/. Orn. v. p. 337. 9. GREY I. Le Matuitui des Rivages, Buf. Oi/. viii. p. 46. Matuitui, Will. Crn. p. 296[•].

> SIZE of a Fowl. Bill reddifh brown: irides rufous: round the bill and eyes bare and black: hind part of the head and neck grey: the reft of the plumage whitifh: but the lower part of the back: and rump, quills, and tail, are greenifh black: legs of a pale red: claws black. Inhabits *Brafil.*

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

8. BROWN I.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH near two feet. Bill fix inches: colour pale red, as is the bare fkin between that and the eye: irides grey: the head, neck and back, wings, and tail, are cinereous brown, the two first palest: the lower part of the back, rump, and under parts from the breast, white: legs pale red: claws brown: the skin and fat are yellow.

Male and female alike.

PLACE AND MANNERS. Inhabits the warmer parts of America, Cay. 3, Guiana, &c. and is frequently met with in Carolina in the fummer, departing to the fouth in winter. This affociates with the White Ibis, but is a much fearcer bird.

* See a Kingsfisher of this name in vol. i. p. 640. of this work.

Tantalus

Tantalus albus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 242. 6.

Le Courly blanc du Brefil, Brif. Orn. v. p. 339. 10.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 41. —Pl. Enl. 915.

White Curlew, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 82.-Art. Zool. Nº 363.

S I Z E of the *Whimbrel*: length twenty-two inches. The bill is fix inches and a half long, and of a pale red: from the bill round the eyes and chin bare, and of the fame colour: irides grey: the reft of the body of a pure white: the ends of the four firft quills are greenifh black: legs red.

Male and female much alike.

These birds are met with in the low watery lands in *Carolina*, in great numbers, about the latter end of fummer, and feed on *fifb* and water *infetts*: they remain for about fix weeks, and then depart, returning every autumn. The tat and flesh of this bird is faid to be as yellow as faffron: it is eaten by fome, but not greatly esteemed.

 Tantalus Ibis, Lin. Syft. i. p. 241. 4.—Haffelq. Voy. p. 248. N° 25.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 128.
 L'Ibis blanc, Brif. Orn. v. p. 349. 14.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 14. pl. 1.—Pl.

EGYPTIAN I.

L'Ibis blanc, Brif. Orn. v. p. 349. 14.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 14. pl. 1.—Pl. Enl. 389.

Emfeely, or Ox bird, Sharw's Trav. p. 255.

THIS is a large bird, fomewhat exceeding the Stork, and measures from thirty to forty inches in length. The bill is feven inches long; the colour yellow, growing reddish towards the tip; it is flightly curved, and ends in a blunt point: the fore part of the head, all round as far as the eyes, is naked and reddish: the skin under the throat is also bare and dilatable: the plumage

DESCRIPTION.

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antalus

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9. WHITE I.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

plumage reddifh white, most inclining to red on the back and wings: quills and tail black: the legs are long, and the thighs bare for three parts of their length; the colour of them red: the toes united as far as the first joint. Hasselquist adds, that the irides are whitish, and the end of the bill, and the legs, black : and that it is found in Lower Egypt in great plenty, in places just freed from the inundations of the Nile. It lives on frogs and infests : feen in gardens, morning and evening, and fometimes in fo great plenty, that whole palm-trees are covered with them : when at reft they fit quite erect, their tail touching the legs. This author believes it to be the *Ibis* recorded by the antients; first, because it is both common as well as peculiar to Egypt: fecondly, as it eats *ferpents* as well as other things : and thirdly, becaufe the urns, which contain the remains of embalmed birds, found in the fepulchres along with the mummies, feem to contain fuch as are of this fize.

I fuspect it to be the *Emsely* or Ox Bird of Shaw. He defcribes it as wholly white, except the bill and legs, which are of a fine red : and fays it feeds in the meadows, with cattle : but the flesh is unfavoury, and foon corrupts.

BLACK I.

L'Ibis, Brif. Orn. v. p. 347. 13. ——— noir, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 17. Ibis of Bellonius, Raii Syn. p. 98.—Will. Orn. p. 288. pl. 44.

DESCRIPTION.

R ATHER lefs than the Curlew. Bill red: the fore part of the head and behind the eyes bare, and of the fame colour: the general colour of the plumage black : legs red.

PLACE.

The black Ibis, like the white, is an inhabitant of Egypt, and the more ftrictly fo, as it is never found out of it, none being met

met with, except in the neighbourhood of Damietta*. It is by fome fuppofed to be the fame with the white fpecies; which it probably may, if we allow it to be the young one, as fome white birds are black before they come to maturity of plumage †: authors have however been able to hand us down fo little concerning it, that we shall perhaps remain for a long time, before we ascertain the circumstance.

Tantalus falcinellus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 241. 2.-Brun. 167.-Muller, Nº 178. -Scop. Ann. i. Nº 131.-Kram. El. p. 350. 2. Le Courly verd, Brif. Orn. v. p. 326. 4. pl. 27. fig. 2 .- Buf. Oif. viii. p. 29. Courlis d'Italie, Pl. Enl. 819. Falcinellus, or Sithe-bill, Raii Syn. p. 103. A. 3 .- Will. Orn. p. 295. pl. 54. Bay Ibis, Art. Zool. p. 460. A. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of our Curlew: length one foot nine inches. Bill near DESCRIPTION. four inches long, and brown: from the bill, all round the eye, bare, and dufky green: the head and neck are chefnut, verging to brown on the head, where the feathers have pale edges : the upper parts of the body are gloffy green, appearing bronzed in different lights : the breaft, belly, and under parts, are brown, with a glofs of green gold on the breaft : quills and tail darker than the back, and with very little gloss: legs dusky blue: between each toe a fmall membrane at the bafe.

* Circa Pelusium tantum nigra est, cæteris omnibus locis candida.-Plin. x. 30.

+ Inftanced in the Egret, Red Ibis, and many others.

VOL. III.

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12. BAY I.

This inhabits Italy, fome parts of Germany, and is also very common about the Ca/pian and Black Seas, afcending up the rivers to breed. Frequent in flocks about the lakes; but none feen in Sibiria, though faid to be met with in Denmark*, where it is called Ryle-Domfneppe.

Le Courly marron, Brif. Orn. v. p. 329. 5.

THE plumage in this is mostly of a gloffy chefnut, and the breaft has a green tinge. It is most likely a variety of the last described, and found on the shores of the Danube.

Numenius viridis, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 462. t. 19. (Gmelin.)

SIZE of the Curlew : length nineteen inches and a half. Bill three inches and a half; much bent, fmooth, and of a leadcoloured brown; the lower mandible flefh-colour at the fides, and beneath : irides pale ; between the bill and eyes black, rough, and naked : under the chin the fkin is dilatable, forming a fmall pouch : above the eye a white fpot, beginning behind, and tending to the hind head : on the crown two or three irregular fpots of the fame; excepting these spots the head is blackish, the feathers margined with a pale colour: chin blackifh, marked with finall whitish spots: neck greyish black; on the upper part before three transverse whitish bands, with a fourth beneath them, but less diffinct : back and tail green gold : rump, breaft, belly, and thighs, blackifh brown : wing coverts and quills deep fhining green, gloffed with blue : legs and claws deep black.

* Muller. Brunnich.

This

114

12. VAR. A. DESCRIPTION.

13. GREEN I.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

This has the fame haunts as the next species, and feeds in the fame manner, being often found together; but differs in not foaring so high, rather skimming along the air, somewhat in the nature of the Swallow. It seems to have great affinity to the Bay Ibis.

Numenius igneus, N. C. Petr. xv. p. 460. t. 18. (Gmelin). Lev. Muf.

LENGTH almoft two feet. Bill five inches, finooth, roundifh, much bent, green, fading to olive when dead : eye-lids brown: irides olive: eyes placed in a white fpace: under the chin a finall dilatable pouch : head and neck black ; the feathers fringed with white: the reft of the body variegated with blackifh blue, green, and vinaceous, and in general very gloffy ; hence the bird, in flying, appears gilded when the fun fhines upon it: quills green gold, and when clofed reach the end of the tail: wing coverts next the body reddifh and blue mixed ; the next feries black, red, and green ; the laft, and quills, green gold : tail the fame, gloffed in different lights with red and violet: legs very long, of a bright green : claws crooked, black.

This inhabits *Ruffia*, chiefly the fhores of the *Don*, and about the *Choper*: lives on fifh and infects: flies in flocks, and builds on trees. In the *Leverian Mufeum* is one of thefe, which was fhot in *Cornwall*.

PLACE.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

I4. GLOSSY I.

DESCRIPTION.

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WHITE-HEAD-ED I. Tantalus leucocephalus, Zool. Ind. p. 20. t. 10. White-headed Ibis, Ind. Zool. p. 11. pl. 10.

DESCRIPTION.

L ARGER than our *Carlew*. Bill yellow, very long, and thick at the bafe, and a little incurvated : noftrils very narrow, and placed near the head : all the fore part of the head, quite behind the eyes, covered with a bare yellow fkin, which feems a continuation of the bill; the reft of the head, neck, back, belly, and fecondaries, white : acrofs the breaft a transverse broad band of black : the quills and wing coverts black : tail coverts very long, and of a fine pink-colour; these fall over, and conceal the tail : the legs and thighs very long, and of a dull flefh-colour : the feet connected by webs as far as the first joint.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This bird was taken in the *Ifle of Ceylon*, and kept tame for fome time at *Colombo*: it made a fnapping noife with the bill, like a *Stork*; and, what was remarkable, its fine rofy feathers loft their colour during the rainy feafon.

16. BALD I. Courly à tête nue, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 32.—Pl. Enl. 867. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the common *Curlew*: length from twenty-six to thirtyone inches. Bill five inches and three quarters long, and of a red colour: the head and part of the neck bare of feathers, and tuberculated at the back part; the whole crown is red, the reft white: fkin of the throat flaccid, dilatable, and bare of feathers: irides brown: the plumage in general black, gloffed with green on the wing coverts; the tips of them gloffed with copper: the

the tail confifts of twelve feathers, and is feven inches long : the wings reach almost to the end of it: legs pale red. ' The female fcarcely differs, except in having the top of the FEMALE. head more flat. Inhabits the Cape of Good Hope, and other parts of Africa. PLACE. Found near watery places. Not difficult to be tamed, as one was kept for a time in the Company's garden at the Cape. Le Courly brun de l'Isle de Luçon, Son. Voy. p. 85. pl. 47.-Buf. Oif. MANILLA I. viii. p. 31. **CIZE** of our *Curlew*. Bill greenish : eye encircled with a naked DESCRIPTION. greenish skin: irides bright red: general colour of the plumage rufous brown : legs the colour of red lake. PLACE. Inhabits the island of Luçonia. Tantalus minutus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 241. 3. 18. LESSER I. Leffer Ibis, Edw. pl. 356. SIZE of the Whimbrel, or lefs. Bill two inches and a half long, DESCRIPTION. blue at the bafe, black at the point : fides, between the bill and eyes, and round them, bare: plumage on the upper parts of the body and tail dufky brown : the feathers of the breaft loofe, and longer than the reft: rump and under parts white: legs dark lead-colour: claws black.

Inhabits Surinam.

PLACE.

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19. CRESTED I. Le Courly hupé de Madagascar, Pl. Enl. 841.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 33.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is a moft beautiful fpecies: in length twenty inches. The bill is four inches long, not greatly bent, and of a brownifh yellow: fides of the head, round the eyes, bare of feathers, and of a pale colour: the head and part of the neck are black; the back part furnished with a tuft of very long feathers, half of them white, half black; the reft of the neck and the body are ferruginous: the whole wing dirty white: vent and tail black : legs pale yellow brown. This inhabits Madagafcar.

PLACE.

GENUS



[119]

GENUS LXVII. CURLEW.

Nº 1. Common C.

Nº 6. Whimbrel.

- 2. Madagafcar C. 3. Luzonian C.
- 7. Brasilian Wh.
- 8. Efquimaux C.
- 4. Otaheite C. 9. Cape C.
- 5. White-headed C. 10. Pygmy C.

B^ILL long, incurvated. Face covered with feathers. Noftrils linear, longitudinal near the bafe. Tongue fhort, fharp-pointed. Toes connected as far as the first joint by a membrane.

Scolopax arquata, Lin. Syft. i. p. 242. 3.—Faun. Suec. 168.—Brun. N° 158. Muller, p. 22.—Kram. El. p. 350. 1.—Frijcb. t. 229.
Le Courly, Brif. Orn. v. p. 311. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 19.—Pl. Enl. 818.
The Curlew, Raii Syn. p. 103. A. 1.—Will. Orn. p. 294. pl. 54.—Albin, i. pl. 79.—Br. Zool. N° 176. pl. 63.—Arct. Zool. p. 462. A. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

THE common length of this bird is two feet, but it is apt to vary much in fize. Bill feven inches, brown, near the end black; bafe of the under mandible flefh-colour: the feathers of the head, neck, and wing coverts, pale brown, dafhed down the middle with black: round the eye, on the fore part, white: back white, ftreaked with black: breaft and belly white, marked with narrow longifh lines of black: quills black, fpotted on the inner

DESCRIPTION.

+ COMMON C.

33.

inches. d of a of feaeck are eathers, and the ent and

GENUS

inner webs with white: tail reddifh white, barred with black: legs dufky blue.

Male and female much alike.

This fpecies is pretty common in England, where it is to be met with at all feafons: in the winter haunting the fea coafts and fens; repairing in fummer to the mountains and more inland parts, to breed. The female in April lays four eggs, of a pale olive-colour, marked with brownish spots. The food, while in the neighbourhood of the fea, confifts of worms, marine, cruftaceous, and other infects; at other times it feeds on flugs and worms, which it draws out of the earth morning and evening with its long bill. It is often met with in large flocks, and flies rather fwiftly. It is by many accounted good food, but is apt to have a rank tafte *. It is also found in most parts of Europe; but in general retiring north to breed, and returning to the fouth as autumn approaches. Met with in Italy and Greece, and perhaps much farther to the fouth, as flocks are feen paffing over the island of Malta fpring and autumn +. To the north it is found in plenty, in all the plains and open marshes, or heath grounds, of Russia and Sibiria ; alfo in Kamt/chatka, and in Europe as high as Lapmark and Iceland 1.

VARIETY.

DESCRIPTION.

inland, were very good.

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twenty inches in length. The bill is a trifle longer in proportion: the ground colour of the plumage pale rufous brown: • I believe only when on the *fea coafts*; feveral which I have taffed, killed

1 Ara. Zool.

THE Curlew is also found in America, but differs in some

particulars; weighing from fourteen to eighteen ounces, and

the

120

PLACE AND

MANNERS.

the crown of the head dufky black: the chin very pale: neck dafned with ftreaks of black: back and fcapulars black; the feathers of the first margined, and of the last spotted on the edges with the ground colour: the wing coverts dashed down the shafts with black, ending in a point: the three first prime quills black; the fourth barred within; the rest, on both fides the shafts, with black; as are the rump, tail coverts, and tail: the under parts, from the breast, very pale reddish brown, or creamcolour: legs black.

I received a fpecimen of this from New York. Sir A/pton Lever is likewife in pofferfion of a fecond from Hud/on's Bay, where it is feen on the coafts and marfhes, the end of May: when the rivers are open, returns to the plains. It forapes a few foattered leaves together by way of neft, on which it lays as far as three eggs, of a light blue fpotted with black: the young hatched in July. They retire again to the marfhes the middle of August; and leave the coaft on the appearance of winter. Our laft voyagers met with the Curlew at Hervey's Island in the South Seas*. PLACE AND MANNERS.

121

Scolopax Madagascariensis, Lin. Syst. p. 242. 2. Le Courly de Madagascar, Bris. Orn. v. p. 321. 3. pl. 28.—Pl. Enl. 198.

MADAGASCAR C. Description.

SIZE of our Curlew. The bill much the fame, but very little bent, except towards the tip: on the head, neck, and upper parts, the feathers are chiefly brown, with grey margins: the upper tail coverts rufous grey, marked with fome transverse bands of grey, and others parallel to the margin: chin, belly,

VOL. III.

• Cook's last Voy. i. p. 220. R

thighs,

black :

to be *fts* and inland a pale in the iceous, which ng bill. ly. It a rank general autumn s much land of plenty, f Russia as Lap-

ces, and proporbrown : ed, killed

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th hs, and vent, white: breaft and fides yellowifh, dafhed with brown; the laft barred transversely with the fame: the three first quills are plain black; the fourth spotted on the inner web; and the others on both webs; the secondaries much the fame, but the ground colour grey: tail grey, barred with brown: legs red brown.

PLACE.

This inhabits *Madaga/car*, and feems very fimilar to our fpecies.

Le Courlis tacheté de l'Isle de Luçon, Sonn. Voy. p. 85. pl. 48 .- Buf, Oif.

3. LUZONIAN C.

viii. p. 32.

Inhabits the island of Luconia.

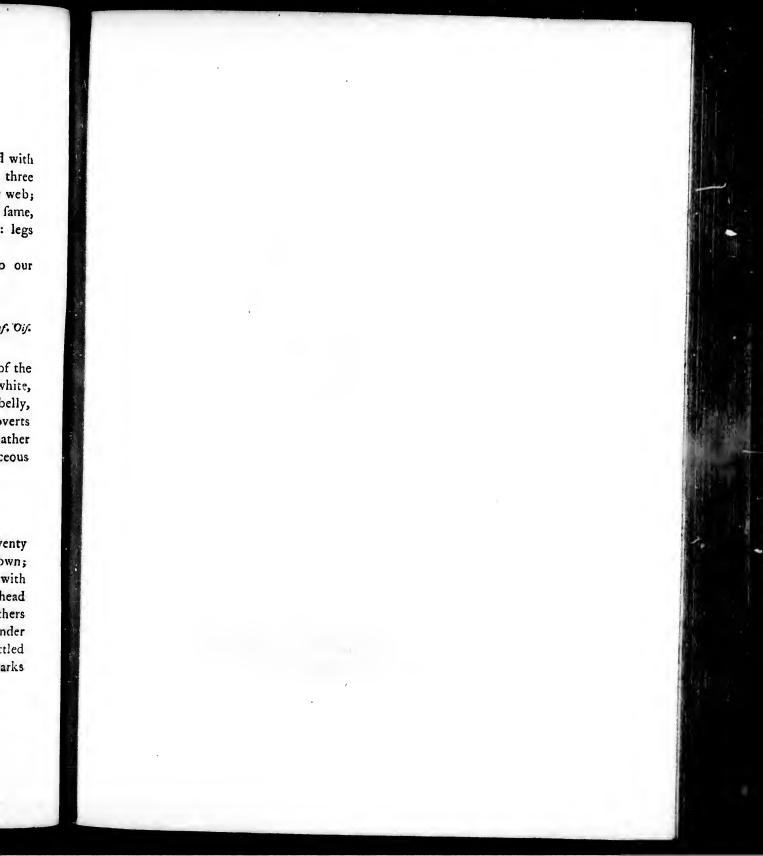
DESCRIPTION.

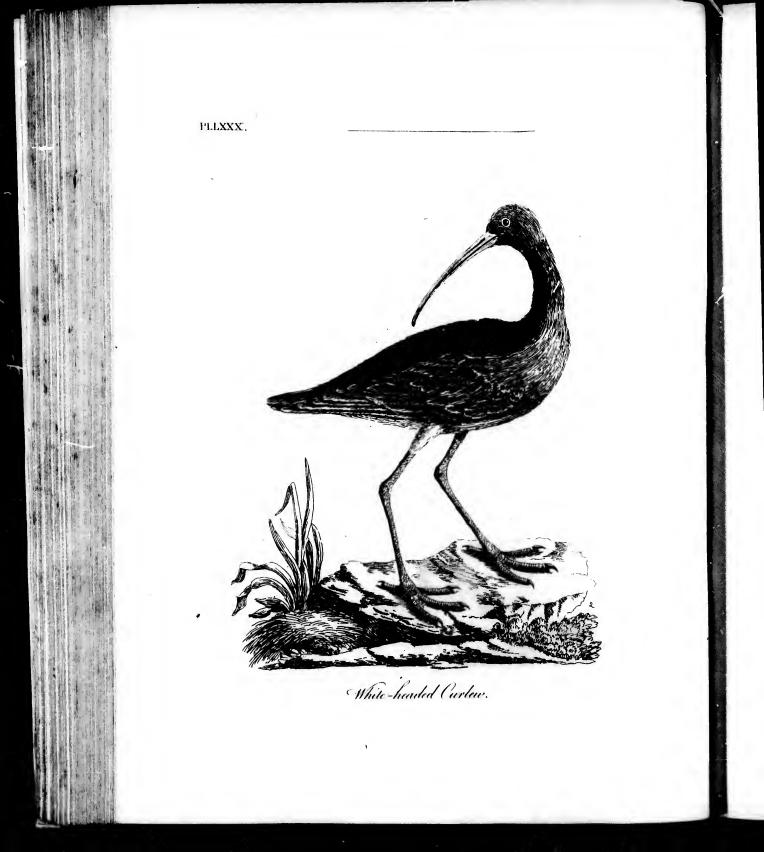
THIS is much lefs than the common Curlew. The top of the head black; the reft of the head, neck, and breaft, white, marked with narrow longitudinal ftreaks of black: the belly, with transverse femicircular bands of the fame: wing coverts

and back the colour of amber; on the margin of every feather from two to fix white fpots: greater quills black: tail vinaceous grey, croffed with black lines.

PLACE.

OTAHEITE C. DESCRIPTION. **N** EARLY the fize of the common Curlew: length twenty inches. Bill four inches long, moderately bent, and brown; bafe reddifh: the head and neck pale reddifh white, marked with numerous dufky lines, perpendicularly placed: crown of the head brown: over the eye a pale ftreak: back dufky black, the feathers margined with pale reddifh white, appearing waved: the under parts, from the breaft, of this laft colour, with a few mottled marks





marks over the thighs: the wing coverts reddifh white and dufky mixed: quills dufky, with pale edges: tail of a dirty yellow; the bafe half marked with irregular dufky fpots; the end half barred acrofs with the fame: legs blue grey: claws black.

This inhabits Otabaite, where it is known by the name of P Tevrea. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

SIZE and fhape of the common Curlew. Bill pretty long, and WHI red: the head and part of the neck white: the reft of the plumage of a very deep blue, except the quills, which are black: legs cincreous grey.

This was met with at the Cape of Good Hope. From the PLACE. drawings of Sir Joseph Banks.

Scolopax Phæopus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 243. 4.-Faun. Suec. p. 169.-Scop. 6. Ann. i. N° 132.-Brun. N° 159.-Muller, p. 22.-Kram. El. p. 350. + WHIMBREL. -Georgi Reife, 171.

Corlieu, ou petit Courly, Brif. Orn. v. p. 317. 2. pl. 27. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 27.—Pl. Enl. 842.

Whimbrel, Raii Syn. p. 103. A. 2.-Will. Orn. p. 294.-Edw. pl. 307.-Br. Zool. ii. Nº 177. pl. 64.-Arst. Zool. p. 462. B.

Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH feventeen inches; breadth twenty-nine: weight fourteen ounces and a half. The bill three inches long, black; the base of the under mandible pale red: the head, neck, and breast, pale brown, streaked with dusky brown: chin white: the soft he head are also fomewhat paler than the rest; and between the bill and eye is a dusky streak: all the upper parts of the body and wing coverts are pale brown, streaked with dusky,

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PLACE.

WHITE-HEAD-ED C. PL. LXXX. Description.

each feather being fo marked down the fhaft; befides which many of them are margined or marked on the edge with pale fpots: the lower part of the back and rump are white: the upper tail coverts white, barred with dufky: tail brown, croffed with feven or eight darker bars: quills dufky black, marked on the inner webs with femicircular fpots of dufky white; the fhafts white: belly, thighs, and vent, dufky white: legs black. Such is the defeription of my fpecimen, which is the largeft we have hitherto feen, the ufual length being about fifteen inches; though Mr. *Pennant* mentions one which meafured fixteen: in this the bill was only two inches. Hence it feems to vary in τ great degree in refpect to fize.

PLACE AND MANNER3. The Whimbrel has much the fame manners as the Curlew, but is lefs common in England, and is migratory; at leaft paffes from one part of the kingdom to another, according to the feafon. In the neighbourhood of Spalding, in Lincolnfhire, it is met with in vaft flocks, from April to May, on its paffage to the north *, where it is faid to breed. It is alfo feen in flocks about the fame time on the Kentifh coafts: and it may be that the major part pafs elfewhere; yet many remain, as I had the fatiffaction of receiving the one from which the above defcription was taken, from our intelligent friend Mr. Boys of Sandwich. This was flot at Romney in the month of August, where it is called a Jack \dagger ; with the affurance that many of them flay on those coafts throughout the fummer, and breed thereabouts.

• Breeds in the heath of the Higbland hills, near Invercauld.—Flor. Scot. i. p. 32.—Tour in Scotl. 8vo. p. 108.—Br. Zool.

† It is probably called the Jack Curlew, from its being lefs in fize, though like in colour, to the common Curlew; in the fame manner as two of our Snipes are diffinguished.

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This bird is also found in America; but seems to differ much in the fame manner as the Curlew of that country does from the European one, being darker coloured.

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Scolopax Guarauna, Lin. Syft. i. p. 242. I. Le Courly brun d'Amerique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 330. 6. Le Gouarona, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 44. Guarauna, Raii Syn. p. 104. 7.-Will. Orn. p. 292. pl. 53.

BRASILIAN WH.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the Whimbrel : length twenty-one inches. Bill four : colour brown, with a yellow bafe: the head and neck are brown; the feathers margined with whitish: the back, and under parts, from the breaft, of a chefnut brown : fcapulars, rump, upper and under tail coverts, and tail, bright brown, gloffed with green: wing coverts the fame; but the greater ones, fartheft from the body, are brown within : the quills are brown; the outer edges gloffy green brown : legs grey brown : claws blackish.

This is found at Brafil, Guiana, and other parts of South America.

Scolopax borealis, Eskimaux Curlew, Pbil. Trans. vol. 1xii. p. 411.-Ara. Zool. Nº 364 ?

8: + ESKIMAUX C.

PLACE.

Br. Muf. Lew. Muf.

A LITTLE more than half the fize of the Whimbrel : length DESCRIPTION. thirteen inches; breadth twenty-one. Bill two inches long, bent, remarkably flender, and blackish; the under mandible rufous at the base : head pale, marked with longitudinal brown lines : forehead deep brown, with pale fpots : neck, breaft, belly, and vent, yellowish white; the two first dashed with brown flender

flender lines : the feathered part of the thighs yellowish white, fpotted with brown: fides under the wings rufous, transversely fasciated with brown : back deep brown, the feathers margined with greyish white: wings brown: shafts of the prime quills white : fecondaries and leffer coverts margined with grey : lower coverts ferruginous, transversely fasciated with brown: rump brown, the feathers edged and fpotted with whitish: tail short, brown, croffed with whitifh bands : legs blueifh black.

Inhabits the fens of Hudson's Bay. Appears near Albany the beginning of May; going further north, and returning to Albany in August : it stays there till September, when it departs for the South. It lays four eggs, and appears in flocks, young and old together, till their departure. Found in flocks in Nova Scotia in October and November. Feeds on the Black-berried Heath, and may be heard at a fmall diftance, by a kind of whiftling note.

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Met with also in Newfoundland : called there Curlew. The natives of Hudson's Bay call it Wee-kee-me the fe-su. It is eftemed for its delicacy of flavour. In the Bri. 1 Muleum is one of these, which came from Rio Janeiro in South America.

This is certainly a diffinct fpecies.

CAPE C. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND

MANNERS.

Lev. Mul.

ESS than the common Snipe. Bill long and bent, but lefs fo than in the Curlew; colour blackish brown: the crown of the head, hind part of the neck, and upper parts of the body, are cinereous : the face, as far as the eyes, the chin, fore part of the neck, rump, and belly, white : breaft cinereous, fpotted with ferruginous: quills brown, with white shafts: from the first to the

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126-

the fourth plain; from the fifth to the ninth white on the outer margins: the fecond coverts tipped with white: edge of the wing white and grey mixed: legs black.

This bird inhabits the marshes and other moist grounds of the Cape of Good Hope; and slies in flocks.

Pygmy Curlew, Gen. Birds, p. 64. pl. 11.

IO. PYGMY C. Description.

PLACE.

SIZE of a Lark. Bill black; bent like that of the Curlew: head, back, and coverts of the wings, mixed with brown, ferruginous, and white: primaries dufky, edged with white: breaft, belly, and rump, white: tail dufky; the exterior feathers edged with white: legs black.

Inhabits Holland.

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PLACE.

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GENUS

[128]

GENUS LXVIII. SNIPE.

Nº 1. Woodcock. 2. Little W.

Savanna W.
 Great Snipe.

Cayenne Sn.
 Common Sn.

U. Common Si

7. Finmark Sn.

8. Jack Sn.

 9. Cape Sn. VAR. A.
 VAR. B.
 VAR. C.
 VAR. D.
 10. Madras Sn.
 White India

11. White Indian Sn.

12. American Godwit.

13. Red G. VAR. A.

14. Common G.

VAR. A.

N° 15. Cinereous G. 16. Cambridge G. 17. Jadreka Sn. 18. Greenfhank.

> 19. Spotted Sn. VAR. A.

20. Redshank. VAR. A. Chinese R.

21. White R.

22. Semipalmated Sn.

23. Stone Sn.

24. Yellowshanks.

25. Nodding Sn.

26. Black Sn.

27. Red-breafted Sn.

28. Brown Sn.

29. Afh-coloured Sn.

30. Dufky Sn.

31. Terek Sn.

32. Caurale Sn.

B^{ILL} more than one inch and a half in length, flender, ftrait, weak.

Noftrils linear, lodged in a furrow.

Tongue pointed, slender.

Toes divided, or flightly connected ; back toe fmall.

Scolopax

S N I P E.

Scolopax rufticola, Lin. Syft. i. p. 243. 6.—Faun. Suee. 170.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 134.—Brun. Nº 164.—Muller, p. 23.—Kram. El. p. 351.—Frifch. pl. 226. 227.—Georgi Reife, p. 171.

La Becasse, Brif. Orn. v. p. 292. 1.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 462. pl. 25.—Pl. Enl. 885.

Woodcock, Raii Syn. p. 104. A. 1. -- Will. Orn. p. 289. pl. 53. -- Borlaf. Cornw. p. 245. pl. 24. fig. 12. -- Albin, i. pl. 70. -- Br. Zool. ii. N° 178. pl. 65. -- Arct. Zool. p. 470. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

LENGTH fifteen inches. Bill three inches; the upper mandible hangs over the lower: noftrils placed at the bafe; from thence is a furrow the whole length of the bill: forehead cinereous: from the bill to the eyes a line of black: crown of the head, and the upper parts of the neck, back, and wing coverts, mixed and barred with ferruginous, black, and grey; crown of the head darkeft: the under eyelid white: the chin pale afh-colour: fore part of the neck yellowifh, marked with dufky minute dafhes: the under parts of the body dufky white, barred with numerous dufky lines: quills dufky, marked on the outer web with triangular rufous fpots, and the fame on the inner web clofe to the fhaft: tail rounded, tipped with afh-colour, and rufous on the outer web: legs pale flefh-coloured brown.

This bird inhabits England during the winter featon, coming in with the Redwings: those which are with us during that time, supposed to come from Sweden, their appearance and disappearance from thence coinciding: about the beginning of Oslober they are first feen, but continue coming till December: do not come in flights, but fingly, or at most two together, and chiefly Vot. III. PLACE AND

MANNERS.

+ WOODCOCK.

129

DESCRIPTION.

ftrait,

R.

olopax

of evenings, or very mifty weather: in general proceed inland immediately on their arrival; but fhould the wind be against them, and the paffage over difficult, take a day's reft on the first land they make, and in this case have been met with so fatigued as to be taken by the hand. About the middle of March all tend towards the coafts for their departure; but if the wind be not favourable for their flight, multitudes are collected together, and the fportfinan, availing himfelf of the circumftance, finds plenty of fport. Though Woodcocks in general leave this kingdom, yet a few are known every year to remain : Mr. Pennant mentions that a few breed in Cafe Wood near Tunbridge annually : a brace of them were flot in Chellenden Wood, by the gamekeeper to Horace Mann, esquire, May 1, 1769, and another brace the day before; they were fitting on their young. A friend of mine met with a female fitting on the eggs, and the male close at hand; fhe was fo tame as to fuffer him to ftroke her without rifing; this was in a wood near Farningham, Kent : and about three years fince, in the fame wood, a brace of old birds, with five young ones in company, full fledged, were found ; three of the young were taken, and given to a lady in the neighbourhood; one of them foon died, and is now in my poffeffion : other instances also have been noticed by authors. They are stupid birds, and often taken in nets placed at the openings where they come out of the woods and return to them of evenings, which they do in particular paths; they are also caught in */pringes* placed on the ground, or near it, fometimes by the legs, at other times by the neck; for, as these birds will not walk over the le it obstacle which projects in their way, it is usual to place a rang of ftones, and in the avenues between to fet fpringes, by which means many are often

often taken. These birds are found also in the warmer parts of Europe, as well as Africa and Afia; in France, Italy, Greece, and Barbary; on the Gold Coaft, and that of Guinea; as well as in China and Japan : in these places inhabit the plains in the winter, retiring in fummer to the fummit of the highest mountains to breed. To the north inhabit Sweden and Ruffia throughout, and Kamtschatka, as well as Iceland; hence a general inhabitant of the old continent, and its isles. Few need be told that its flesh is delicious, and much fought after; and, that nothing may be loft, the entrails are not drawn out, being thought a neceffary appendage as fauce to the bird.

It makes an artlefs kind of neft on the ground, composed of a few dried fibres and leaves, generally against an old ftump, or great root of a tree: the eggs four or five in number, rather bigger than those of a Pigeon, of a rusous grey, marked with dusky blotches: the young run as soon as hatched, but, as they cannot immediately provide for themfelves, the male and female accompany them for fome time.

We have observed three varieties : in the first, the head of a pale red: body white: wings brown. . The fecond, of a dun, or rather cream-colour: and the laft, of a pure white. Specimens of which may be feen in the Leverian Museum, and in the collection of Mr. Tunstall.

> Little Woodcock, Ar.J. Zool. p. 463. Lev. Muf.

LITTLE WOOD-COCK.

VARIETIES.

ENGTH eleven inches and a half. Bill two inches and a DESCRIPTION. half long, the under mandible much the fhorteft : forehead cinereous : hind part black, with four transverse yellowish bars : S 2 from

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from the bill to the eye a dufky line : chin white : under fide of the neck, breaft, belly, and thighs, of a dull yellow, paleft on the belly : hind part of the neck black, edged with yellowifh red : back, and leffer coverts, the fame ; the reft of the coverts marked with zigzags of black and dull red : primaries dufky : inner coverts ruft-coloured : tail black, tipped with brown : legs thort, pale brown.

This fpecies is American, and appears in New York at the end of April, or beginning of May; when they lay eight or more eggs, in fwampy woods: while the *ken* is fitting, the male of an evening often flies up perpendicular to a great height, and returns ftrait down to the fame fpot, and from the moment of its defcent begins an agreeable kind of whiftle, and continues it till it alights on the ground, and after ftaying a little time, repeats the fame for feveral times together, and this fometimes even after it is dark. It lays the eggs on the ground, or fome decayed flump of a tree, very clofe to it. Have been found in Carolina in September. The flefth thought to be as excellent as that of the European fpecies.

3. SAVANNA WOODCOCK. Description.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

La Becasse des Savanes, de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 895 - Buf. Oif. vii. p. 481.

THIS is one fourth lefs than the common Woodcock, but has the bill longer in proportion; colour of it brown: over the eye is a black ftripe, and between the bill and eye another: the upper parts of the plumage infous, varied with black, fomewhat in the manner of our Woodcock, but more diffinct: the under parts are dufky white, and the black marks the fame; but those from the breaft to the vent are transverse blotches, not lines, as in the Woodcock. It feems a species between our great Snipe and Woodcock, but is most allied to the latter. The legs are brown.

This

This inhabits the moift favannas of Cayenne; in the rainy feafon moves into the higheft fituation to breed. It makes the neft on fome rifing ground, choofing a cavity, and lining it with dried leaves: lays two eggs; and makes two nefts in a year, the laft in $\mathcal{J}uly$: does not fancy the woods, like that of *Europe*, but the marfhes only, like the *Snipe*.

The flefh of these thought to be as good as the European species.

Scolopax media, Frisch. t. 228. Great Snipe, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 188.—Art. Zool. p. 470. B. Lev. Mus.

S IZE between the *Woodcock* and *Snipe*: weight eight ounces: length fixteen inches. Bill four inches long, and like that of the *Woodcock*: crown of the head black, divided down the middle by a pale ftripe: over and beneath each eye another of the fame: the upper parts of the body very like the *common Snipe*: beneath white: the feathers edged with dufky black on the neck, breaft, and fides; and those of the belly spotted with the fame, but the middle of it is plain white: quills dufky: tail reddifh, the two middle feathers plain, the others barred with black: legs black.

This is a rare species: a fine specimen of it has been shot in Lancashire, now in the Leverian Museum: faid also to have been met with in Kent. It is found likewise in Germany, and inhabits the Aretic region of Sibiria. I once shaw this among a parcel of birds from Cayenne, and have no reason to suppose otherwise than that it came from that part.

LENGTH

PLACE.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

GREAT SNIPE

DESCRIPTION.

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DESCRIPTION.

CAYENNE SN. J ENGTH thirteen inches. Bill strait, stout, a trifle bent at the end; colour dufky, reddifh at the bafe: plumage on the upper part of the body pale cinereous brown, mottled with pale buff-colour: greater wing coverts dirty white; fome of the outer ones edged with brown: bafe of the quills white, the reft of their length brown, and fome of the inner ones white at the tips: baftard wing brown: under wing coverts mottled dufky and white : all the under part of the neck and body white; but the fore part of the first a little mottled with dusky: rump white: tail the fame as the reft of the upper parts, barred and tipped with dufky : legs brown.

PLACE.

Inhabits Cayenne.

 COMMON SNIPE.

Scolopax Gallinago, Lin. Syft. i. p. 244. 7 .- Faun. Suec. 173 .- Scop. Ann. i. 138 .- Brun. 160. 161. - Muller, p. 23. - Kram. El. p. 352. - Frifch. pl. 229 .- Georgi Reile, 182.

La Becaffine, Brif. Orn. v. p. 298. 2. pl. 26. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 483: pl. 26.-Pl. Enl. 883.

Snipe or Snite, Raii Syn. p. 105. A. z .- Will. Orn. p. 290. pl. 53 .- Albin, i. pl. 71.-Br. Zool. ii. p. 187. pl. 63.-Art. Zool. Nº 366. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

WEIGHT four ounces: length near twelve inches. Bill three inches long, colour dufky; flat at the end, and rough : the head is divided by two black lines lengthwife, and three of red; one of the last passing down the middle of the head, and one above each eye: between the bill and eye is a dufky line: chin white: neck varied with brown and red: the icapulars are beautifully marked with black and yellow: quills dufky;

dufky; the edge of the firft, and tips of the fecondaries, white; and those next the back barred with black and pale red: breaft and belly white: tail coverts long, of a reddifh brown, and almost cover the tail, which confifts of fourteen feathers, black on their lower part, then croffed with a bar of deep orange, another narrow one of black, and the ends white or pale orange: the vent of a dull yellow: legs pale green: toes divided to their origin.

We fearce know of any bird which is fo univerfally fpread over the furface of the globe as this fpecies; being mentioned by moft voyagers, as well as brought into England from fuch variety of places. It is feen throughout the old continent from the arctic regions of Sibiria to the Cape of Godd Hope, at which laft place it is pretty common. It also inhabits the islands of Ceylon and Japan. In America it is met with almost without exception, particularly in South Carolina, where it fwarms *. I have also feen a specimen which came from Cayenne, and been informed that it is likewife at Surinam. I have received it myself from Jamaica. Said to be extremely common in Falkland Islands, even more fo than in England \dagger .

With us it difappears as the fpring advances; but we have just reason to suppose that the whole of them do not depart *England*, the neft being frequently found in the fens and marshes in many parts of this kingdom ‡. The neft is composed of dried plants, with a few feathers. The eggs, four or five in number,

* Ara. Zool.

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‡ Both this and the Jack Snipe are to be found the whole year through in Cumberland. Dr. Hey/ham.—In the fens of Lincoln/hire, Wolmar Forest, Bodmyn Downs. Barring. Mi/c. p. 211.—I have been informed that it breeds in several of the islets, called Aytes, of the river Thames.

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oblong,

PLACE.

MANNERS.

oblong, of a dirty olive-colour, marked with dufky fpots. When difturbed, in the breeding feafon, foars to a vaft height, making a fingular bleating kind of noife; and when they defcend, dart down with vaft rapidity. The *male* alfo (while his mate fits on the eggs) often poifes himfelf on his wings, making fometimes a whiftling, and fometimes a drumming noife*. They feed on finall worms, and other infects, which they find in the moift ground; as alfo on *fmall fnails*; having found the laft whole in the ftomachs of both this and the next fpecies. They are dreffed without exenterating, as the *Woodcock*, and are accounted delicate.

Scolopax gallinaria, Muller, p. 23. Nº 183. FINMARK SN. Finmark Snipe, Arct. Zool. p. 471. D. DESCRIPTION: VERY like the common Snipe, and the bill tuberculated in the fame manner; but differs in the head being entirely grey: legs yellow. Inhabits Finmark. PLACE. Scolopax Gallinula, Lin. Syst. i. p. 244. 8 .- Scop. Ann. i. Nº 139 .- Brun. 8. + JACK SNIPE. p. 163 .- Muller, p. 23. Nº 189 .- Frisch. t. 231. La petite Becassine, Bris. Orn. v. p. 303. 3. pl. 26. fig. 2 .- Buf. Ois. vii. p. 490.-Pl. Enl. 884. Gid, Jack Snipe, or Judcock, Raii Syn. p. 105. A. 3 .- Will. Orn. p. 291. -Albin, iii. pl. 86.-Br. Zool. ii. Nº 189. pl. 68.-Ard. Zool. Nº 367. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is half as big as the former, and weighs fcarce two ounces: length eight inches and a half. Bill above an inch

· Br. Zool.

and

S N I P E.

and a half long, and black: crown of the head black, tinged with ruft-colour: over each eye a yellow ftreak: neck varied with white, brown, and pale red: fcapulars narrow, long, and of a brown colour, margined with yellow: the rump of a gloffy blueifh purple: belly and vent white: greater quills dufky: tail brown, with tawny edges, and confifts of twelve feathers: legs cinereous green.

This fpecies is either lefs common than the former, or not fo well afcertained by the different voyagers; as I cannot trace it more fouth than *Aleppo*, where it is not uncommon *, and to the north as far as lat. 80. 27 †. It is found both in *Europe* and *North America*. I fulpect likewife, from a paffage in *Fermin* ‡, that it inhabits *Surinam*. The manners are much like those of the last fpecies.

· Ruffel Alep. p. 65.

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+ Phypps mentions a low flat isle off Waygats, which " abounds with a small Snipe, similar to the Jack Snipe in England." See Voy. p. 53.

t Hift. Surin. vol. ii. p. 189, 190.—He there talks of a large and a fmall Snipe: the first is rusous, black, and ash-colour, mixed: breast and belly ashcolour: it is smaller than the Partridge, and flies flowly, but runs quick. The small one he defcribes much like ours; and fays, they are feen by thousands on the fea flores; that it muss be a bad markssman that does not kill fixty at once, with fine shot; and that he has killed eighty-five with a single charge. The field of both is accounted very delicate; but the last is fo small that a man may Asfely eat twenty at a meal.

YoL. III.

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Scolopax

PLACE AND MANNERS.

9. CAPE SN. Scolopax Capenfis, Lin. Syft. i. p. 246. 14. La Becaffine du Cap de B. Efperance, Brif. Orn. App. p. 141. pl. 6.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 494.—Pl. Enl. 270.

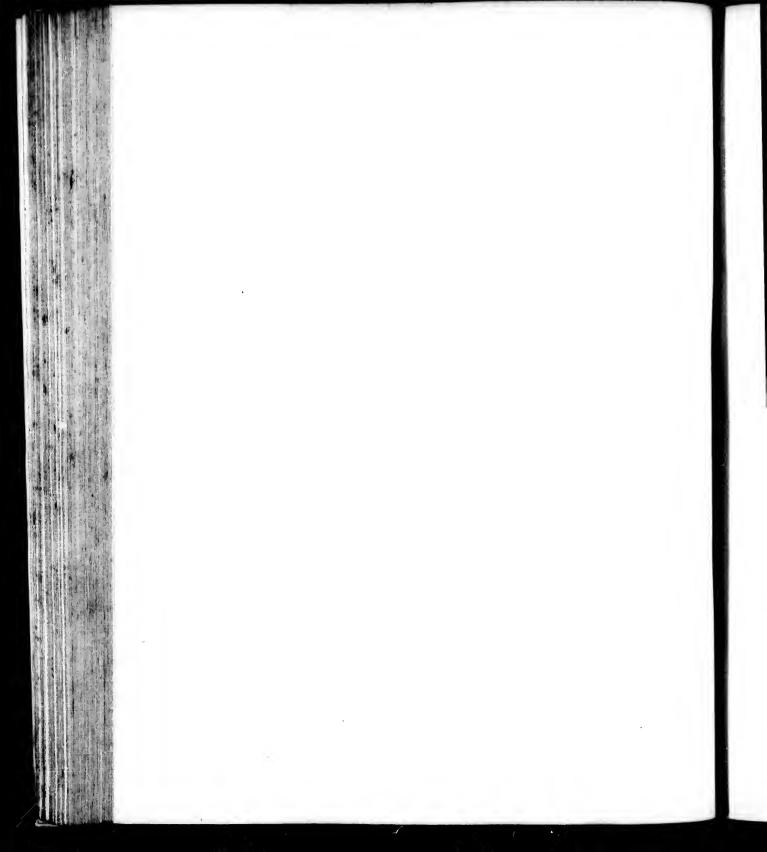
DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of our Snipe: length ten inches. Bill one inch and three quarters; colour of it reddifh brown: the crown of the head is afh-colour, croffed with ftreaks of black: down the middle is a pale band from the base of the bill to the hind head : round the eyes white, ending in a streak behind : the under part is bounded by a black line; the reft of the head and neck rufous: at the top of the breaft a narrow band of black; from this all the under parts are dufky white: the upper part of the body, wings, and tail, are afh-colour, transversely waved and croffed with black; most regular on the wing coverts, each feather of which is marked with four or five yellowish bars on the inner web, and as many round fpots of the fame on the outer : the tail feathers are also marked in the fame manner; the four middle feathers having bars of the yellowish colour, and the four outer ones on each fide fpots, as in the quills : the inner edge of the wing, in: the course of the scapulars, streaked with white : legs dusky. Inhabits the Cape of Good Hope.

PLACE.

9. Var. A. Pl. LXXXI. Description. THE top of the head, throat, and fore part of the neck, are rufous chefnut: chin almost white: the eye furrounded with black, and placed in a large bed of white, pointing to the hind head; the reft of the head, neck, and breast, black: the back, rump, wing coverts, and fecond quills, dark olive green, elegantly mottled and barred with dusky: fcapulars white: the two 7.





middle tail feathers like the back; the others, and greater quills, dufky black, marked with large orange fpots, five or fix on each feather: belly, thighs, and vent, white: bill and legs pale brown.

The defcription and figure of this variety is taken from a painting by the late Mr. Edwards, now in my posseficition.

La Becassine de la Chine, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 495 .- Pl. Enl. 881.

SMALLER than the common Snipe: length ten inches. Bill yellow, with a dufky tip: top of the head brown, mixed with black: down the middle of the crown, and over each eye, a ftripe of white: the chin white: the reft of the head and neck mixed grey and pale brown: the fore part of the neck is ftreaked perpendicularly; and the back part, and all round the bottom, tranfverfely: the upper part of the body and wings delicately mixed and waved with blueifh grey, brown, pale rufous, and black: breaft and under parts white: quilts dufky, marked with oval cream-coloured fpots: tail blue grey and dufky mixed, with three or four roundifh cream-coloured fpots on each feather, furrounded with black: legs grey.

Inhabits China.

La Becassine de Madagascar, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 495 .- Pl. Enl. 922.

LENGTH ten inches. Bill of a brownifh red; ftrait, except towards the end, where it bends a trifle downwards: round the eye white, paffing a little way down the neck on each fide; above this a black ftreak: the chin white: reft of the head and neck rufous: the lower part of the neck and back undulated T 2 with 9. VAR. B. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

9. VAR. C.

DESCRIPTION.

with black and grey: wing coverts finely undulated black and afh-colour: the fecond quills and tail are undulated grey and black, with three or four oval fpots of a pale rufous, encircled with black: the great quills are banded with rufous and black alternately: the under part of the body white: legs the colour of the bill.

PLACE.

Inhabits Madaga/car.

9. Var. D.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the laft: length eight inches and a half. Bill fhorter than in the others; colour of it and the irides yellow: crown of the head white: round the eyes the fame, paffing towards the hind head, and ending in a point: fides of the head, throat, and neck, deep brown: upper part of the back, the fcapulars, and wing coverts, green: lower part of the back and rump, the upper tail coverts, and under parts of the body, white: prime quills purple; the outer webs marked with five orange fpots: the fecondaries are green, and as long as the greater quills; the one neareft the body white: tail purple, marked with orange fpots: legs of a greenifh yellow.

PLACE.

Inhabits Bengal. I have fcarce a doubt of this being a further variety of the Cape species.

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La Beccaline de Madraft, Brif. Orn. v. p. 308. 4.—Baf. Oi/. vii. p. 496. Partridge Snipe, Rait Syn. p. 193. pl. 1. fig. 2.

THIS has a pale rufous bill: the upper parts mixed with fulvous and blackifh: down the middle of the crown a blackifh brown ftripe; and on each fide of the head, behind the eye, another: on the back are two black brown bands: the throat and fore part of the neck fulvous, marked with blackifh fpots: the reft of the under parts white, except a band of black acrofs the breaft: the quills and tail are variegated with black, fulvous, and grey: the hind toe of equal length with the fore ones. Inhabits Madras.

La Beccassine blanche des Indes, Son. Foy. Ind. vol. ii. p. 218.

L ESS than ours. Bill black: the head white, tinged with very pale dirty grey: through the eye a grey fireak, reaching almost to the hind head: a little beneath the eye is another of the fame colour: throat white: neck and breast dirty white, marked with spots and longitudinal streaks of dirty grey: the back, rump, wing coverts, secondaries, and tail, dirty grey, crossed with waved bands of the colour of *umber*: the leffer wing coverts are almost white on the outer web; and the greater ones deep dirty grey: the belly and vent are white: the fides of the belly crossed with pale dirty grey bands: legs black.

Inhabits India.

WHITE INDIAN SN. Description.

PLACE.

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MADRAS SN.

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AMERICAN GODWIT. DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of our *Godwit*: length fixteen inches. Bill fix inches long; colour of it yellow, towards the point black: eyes placed far back in the head: over the eye a white line: from bill to eye a dufky line: beneath the throat white: head and neck mottled with dufky and light brown: breaft barred with black: belly brown: back and wing coverts varied with rufty brown and dufky: quills ferruginous on the outer webs: tail barred light brown and black: legs long, black, naked high above the knees: the outer and middle toes connected to the first joint. Inhabits *Hud/on's Bay*, where it is called a *Curlew*.

PLASE.

RED GODWIT.

Scolopax Lapponica, Lin. Syft. i. p. 146. 15.—Faun. Suec. 174.—Brun. Nº 165.—Muller, Nº 186.—Phil. Tranf. vol. lxii. p. 411.

La Barge rouffe, Bri/. Orn. v. p 281. 5. pl. 25. fig. 1 - Buf. Oif. vii. p. 504. ---Pl. Enl. 900.

Red-breasted Godwit, Edw. pl. 138.—Br. Zool. Nº 181. pl. 77.—Ara. Zool. Nº 372.

Br. Muf. Lev. Mus.

Description.

LENGTH eighteen inches: weight 12 ounces. Bill three inches and three quarters, rather inclining upwards; colour dufky, inclining to yellow next the head: the head, neck, breaft, and upper part of the back, are ferruginous, ftreaked with black, except the neck, which is plain : over the eyes a ftreak of a paler colour :

SNIFE.

colour: Iower part of the back and rump rufous white; the feathers dufky down the fhafts: the upper tail coverts are barred rufous, white, and brown: the leffer wing coverts are brown, fringed with white; the greater ones plain, and of a darker brown; fome of them tipped with white, forming a bar on the wing: greater quills black on the outer webs, white towards the bafe within: the fecondaries half white, half black: the tail of the fame colours: legs black.

This fpecies feems to be most plentiful in America, being found in numbers in the fens about Hudfon's Bay, where they breed, and then retire fouthward. The natives know it by the name of Pufquatifbifbue. It now and then appears in England, but is very rare^{*}. It is however more plentiful on the continent. Is found in Lapland +. Appears about the Cafpian Sea in fpring; but is never feen in Sibiria, nor in the north of Afia \ddagger . It is faid to be a fine-flavoured bird.

Lev. Mus.

A TRIFLE bigger than the laft. The bill four inches and a half in length, and turns much upwards; colour dufky, with the bafe reddifh, and the point nearly black: the upper parts of the body plain brown: head and neck cinereous: chin nearly white: over the eye a pale ftreak: breaft mottled with red: from thence to the vent white: tail as in the laft defcribed: legs dufky.

• The Br. Zool. mentions its being once that near Hull; and Mr. Tunffall has a fpecimen in his collection which came out of Dor/et/bire.

+ Linnæus. ‡ Ar&. Zool..

I3. VAR. A. DESCRIPTION.

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PLACE.

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The above specimen came from *Gibraltar*, and appears to be a variety: and I suspect it may also be a young bird, from the want of fullness of colour on the breast *.

+ COMMON GODWIT. Scolopax ægocepha'a, Lin. Syll. i. p. 146. 16. La grande Barge grife, Brif. Orn. v. p. 272. 3. pl. 24. fig. 2. ____________ aboyeufe, Buf. Off. vii. p. 501.--Pl. Enl. 876. Godwit, Yarwhelp, or Yarwip, Raii Syn. p. 105. A. 4 --IVill. Orn. p. 292. --Albin, ii. pl. 70.-Br. Zool. ii. N° 179.-Art. Zool. N° 373. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

I ENGTH fixteen inches : weight twelve ounces. Bill four

inches long, bending a little upwards; the bafe half pale

DESCRIPTION.

purple, from thence to the end black; the under mandible fhorteft; from the bafe, paffing over the eye, a whitifh ftreak: the head, neck, and upper parts, reddifh brown, each feather marked down the middle with a dark fpot: belly and vent white: the fix prime quills are 'lack; the inner edges reddifh brown; the fhaft of the firft white, moft of the others brown; the outer margins pale, and clouded with pale brown; the inner webs whitifh, banded with greyifh brown: the tail feathers are white; the two middle barred with brown; the others the fame on the outer web, and the inner likewife towards the tips only: legs dufky. In fome birds the rump is white, and the chin nearly fo.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This bird is found in *England*, at the fame time with the *Ruffs*, and taken with them promifcuoufly, a *Stale-Bird* being placed as for the others; but the *Godwit* continues with us the winter through, walking on the open fands, like the *Curlew*, and feeds on

• This circumftance has also been observed by Mr. Pennant, in the Br. Zool. but thinks it may be mere variety.

infects.

S N I P E.

infects *. It is likewife met with in various parts of the continent of *Europe* and *Afia*, as well as in *America*.

La grande Barge rouffe, Brif. Orn. v. p. 284. 6.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 505.— Pl. Enl. 916. Barbary Godwit, Shaw's Trav. p. 255.

THIS bird is fifteen inches long, and has a bill like the laft. It is dufky on the upper parts; the feathers edged with rufous: over the eyes a ftreak of rufous white: the throat and neck are rufous: lower part of the back and rump white, marked with dufky fpots: upper tail coverts and tail barred black and white: under parts from the breaft white: under tail coverts and fides marked with transverse black spots: thighs plain: fome of the outer wing coverts edged at the ends with white: quills black, with the shafts white; the three first marked with a transverse white spot one third from the end: fecondaries edged and tipped with rufous: legs greenish brown.

Said to inhabit *England*. It is probably a mere variety of the laft. I have obferved them to vary much; and this feems to differ in fex: at leaft there are two birds in the *Leverian Mu-feum*, which were there placed as *male* and *female*, and anfwer to the defcription of these laft birds: one of them has the breaft of a pure white, the other pale rufous.

Cinereous Godwit, Br. Zcol. ii. Nº 180. pl. 66.

CINEREOUS G.

SIZE of the Greenshank. Bill two inches and a halt long, but DESCRIPTION. thicker than in that bird: the head, neck, and back, va-

* Br. Zool.-I have feen them in the Lendon markets, in the winter. VOL. III. U riegated 14. Var. A.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

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our pale ortthe ked the the uter rebs ite; the egs ſo. ffs, as as nter on Lool. cts.

riegated with afh-colour and white: tail flightly barred with cinereous: throat and breaft white; the laft marked with a few afh-coloured fpots: legs long, flender, and afh-coloured.

A specimen shot near Spalding in Lincolnshire.

16. CAMBRIDGE G. Description.

PLACE.

Cambridge Godwit, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 185.

LARGER than the common Red/bank. Head, upper part of the neck, and back, cinereous brown: leffer wing coverts brown, edged with dull white, and barred with black: primaries dufky, whitifh on their inner fides: fecondaries barred dufky and white: under fide of the neck and breaft dirty white: belly and vent white: tail barred cinereous and black: legs orange.

Shot near Cambridge. In the collection of the Rev. Mr.

PLACE.

Green.

JADREKA SN.

Scolopax limofa, Lin. Syft. i. p. 245. 13. — Faun. Succ. 172. — Faun. Groenl. N° 72. — Muller, N° 190. — Georgi Reife, 171.
La Barge, Brif. Orn. v. p. 252. 1. — Buf. Oif. vii. p. 500. pl. 27. — Pl. Enl. 874.
Stone Plover, Raii Syn. p. 105. A. 5.
Second fort of Godwit, Will. Orn. p. 293. pl. 53.
Leffer Godwit, Br. Zool. ii. N° 182.

Jadreka, Olaf. Icel. ii. p. 201. t. 48 .- Arct. Zool. Nº 375.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH feventeen inches: weight nine ounces. Bill near four inches long, dusky, the base yellowish: irides white: the head and neck are cinereous: cheeks and chin white: back brown: on the wings a line of white: rump and vent white: two middle tail feathers black, the others white at the ends; which increases on

S N I P E.

on the outer feathers, fo as the exterior ones are white for nearly the whole length : legs dufky.

This inhabits Iceland, Greenland, and Sweden. Migrates in PLACE. flocks in the fouth of Ruffia. Seen about lake Baikal; and is faid alfo to have been met with in England.

Scolopax glottis, Lin. Syf. i. p. 245. 10.—Faun. Suec. 171.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 137.—Brun. 167.—Muller, p. 23.
La Barge grife, Brif. Orn. v. p. 267. 2. pl. 23. fig. 1.
variée, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 503.
Pluvialis major, Raii Syn. p. 106. A. 8.
Greater Plover of Androvand, Will. Orn. p. 106. pl. 55.—Sioan Jam. p. 317. 9. pl. 268?—Raii Syn. p. 190. 6?
Green-legged Horfeman, Albin, ii. pl. 69.
Greenfhank, Br. Zool. N° 183.—Arct. Zool. N° 379. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

S IZE of the *Red/bank*: length fourteen inches: weight fix ounces. Bill two inches and a half long, black, and flender; the upper mandible is ftrait, but bends a trifle downwards at the tip; the under curves in the fame manner upwards: the head, hind part of the neck, and back, are pale afh-colour, marked down the fhafts with brown; the laft colour deepeft on the back, and occupying most of the middle feathers: over the eye is a ftreak of white: fcapulars as the back: the lower part of the back, and all the under parts from the breaft, white: quills dutky, marked on the inner webs with white fpots; the five outer ones darkeft: tail white, croffed with dufky bars: legs dutky green, pretty long: the outer toe united to the middle one as far as the first joint: claws black.

These birds are sometimes in tolerable plenty on our coasts, U 2 being PLACE AND MANNERS.

DESCRIPTION.

18. + GREEN-SHANK.

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being met with in fmall flocks in the winter feafon, as well as in marfh lands in the neighbourhood of the fea. Sometimes fent up to the *London* markets, where I have bought them, and thought their flefh to be well flavoured. Their fummer refidence is no doubt to the northward, fince they are met with in *Sweden*, and other parts*, and are in plenty in *Ruffia* and *Sibiria*. Inhabits alfo the province of *New York* \dagger . *Sloane* calls his bird a *Curlew*, but fays the bill is ftrait; and no doubt means this very fpecies: that it is in *Jamaica* is certain, as I have received it from thence.

19. SPOTTED SNIPE.

DESCRIPTION.

Scolopax totanus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 245. 12.—Brun. N° 157.—Muller, 187. —Georgi Reife, 171.
Totanus alter, Raii Syn. p. 106. 1 —Will. Orn. p. 299.
Barker, Albin, ii. pl. 71?
Spotted Redshank, Br. Zool. N° 186.

SIZE of the Greenshank. The head of a pale afh-colour, marked with oblong ftreaks of black: back dufky, varied with triangular white fpots: wing coverts afh-coloured, fpotted in the fame manner: quills dufky: breaft, belly, and thighs, white; the first thinly fpotted with black: the middle feathers of the tail afh-coloured; the fide feathers whitisth, barred with black: legs long, and of a bright red.

PLACE.

Inhabits various parts of the continent of *Europe*; and has been met with, though rarely, in *England*.

* Sondmaer, Strom. 235. † Art. Zool.

Spotted

Spotted Woodcock, Phil. Trans. vol. lxii. p 410. Spotted Snipe, Ars. Zool. Nº 374. Lev. Mus.

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THIS is larger and longer than the Greenshank: in length near fixteen inches. The bill more than two inches long, and brown: orbits, chin, and throat, white: from the bill to the eye a line of white: cheeks and fore part of the neck white, with fhort dufky fireaks: crown and upper part of the neck brown, fireaked with white: wings black, marked with elegant triangular fpots of white: breaft and belly white: legs long, and in the living bird of a rich yellow; fometimes red.

This is found in North America, and is common at Hudfon's Bay: comes into the neighbourhood of Albany fort, the end of April or beginning of May, and departs the end of September. Frequents the banks of rivers, feeding on finall fhell-fifth and worms. On its return towards the fouth ftops at New York for a time, but proceeds more fouthward, in order to pais the winter. The natives call this fpecies Sa-fa-fbew; the Englifth, Yellow-legs. This, and feveral other fpecies of Snipes and Sandpipers, are called, in North America, Humilities^{*}.

My fpecimen feems ftronger marked; with lefs white about the head than in the above, and the fpots on the wings very diftinct; but the prime quills are dufky, and not fpotted: the bill is two inches and a quarter long, brown, fhaped exactly as that of the *Green/hank*: the legs yellowifh brown. I received this from *Hudjon's Bay*, and effeem it as differing in fex only from the laft defcribed.

* Arg. Zool.

Scolopax

PLACE AND MANNERS.

19.

DESCRIPTION.

+ VAR. A.

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+ REDSHANK.

Scolopax calidris, Lin. Syft. i. p. 245. 11.—Muller, Nº 186.—Kram. El. p. 353.—Frisch. ii. 240.

--- totanus, Faun. Suec. 167.

Le Chevalier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 188. 4. pl. 17. fig. 1.

aux pieds rouges, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 513.

Redshank, or Pool-Snipe, Raii Syn. p. 107. A. 1.-Will. Orn. p. 299.-Albin, iii. pl. 87.-Br. Zool. Nº 184. pl. 65.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS. LENGTH twelve inches. Bill almost two; bafe reddifh; end dusky black: irides reddifh hazel: head and hind part of the neck dusky afh-colour: back and fcapulars glosfy greenish brown: wing coverts afh-colour, mixed with dusky and brown, and marked with whitish spots: ends of all the secondaries, except the two inner ones, white for an inch at the tip: quills dusky; four or five of the inner ones more or less tipped with white, with dusky margins: over the eye a streak of white; and between the bill and eye a dusky mark: chin and fore part of the neck marked with short dusky streaks: the under parts from the breast, and the lower part of the back and rump, white, marked with minute dusky specks: tail coverts and tail crossed with numerous bars of black, twelve or thirteen on each feather: legs orange: claws black. In fome birds both the rump and belly are of a pure white.

The *Red/hank* is pretty common in this kingdom, but grows fcarcer towards the north. It breeds, like many others of this genus, in the marfhes; and lays four whitifh eggs, tinged with olive, and marked with irregular black fpots, most numerous at the large end. When difturbed it has the actions of a *Lapwing*, flying round its neft, which it is faid to do in a circular manner, and

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and this regular, with the neft in the centre, be the circuit larger or fmaller; infomuch that an attentive observer will often find it out by this circumstance. It is common also in many parts of *Europe*, as high as *Finmark*; and is likewise found in *Sibiria**: is indigenous also to the *American* continent.

B^{ILL} black; bare, reddith, as in the *Red/bank*: irides blue: head, hind part of the neck, and back, greyifh: chin, throat, breaft, and belly, white; fides of the three firft marked with fmall dufky fpots: over the eyes a line of white: wings dufky: the outer webs of the coverts and fecondaries barred with white and black; fhaft of the outer quill white: rump and tail barred black and white: legs orange red.

Inhabits the marshes of China. From the drawings of the late Dr. Fothergill.

Scolopax candida, Lin. Syst. i. p. 247. 18. Le Chevalier blanc, Bris. Orn. v. p. 207. 8.—Buf. Ois. vii. p. 519. White Redshank, Edw. pl. 139.

SIZE of the *Red/bank*: length eleven inches. Bill almoft two, of an orange-colour, with the tip black: the upper part of the head, neck, back, fcapulars, leffer wing, and upper tail coverts, are white, varied with transverse rusous grey ftreaks: fore part of the head, throat, and from thence to the vent, as also the rump, pure white: greater wing coverts dirty white: prime quills grey: fecondaries and tail white, spotted transversely with rusous grey: legs orange.

· Art. Zeol.

20. VAR. A. CHINESE REDSHANK. Description.

21. WHITE

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

REDSHANK.

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151

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PLACE.

This was met with at Hudson's Bay; and, on our further acquaintance with it, is not unlikely to prove a mere variety of the Redsbank.

22. SEMIPALMAT-ED SN.

Servipalmated Snipe, Ard. Zool. Nº 380.

DESCRIPTION.

I ENGTH fourteen inches. Bill two inches long, dufky: head and neck ftreaked black and white: breaft white, marked with round black fpots: belly and fides white; the laft croffed with transverse bars of brown : back and wing coverts cinereous, with great fagittal fpots of black : primaries dufky, croffed with a white bar : fecondaries white : the middle feathers of the tail cinereous, barred with black; outmost white: legs dusky: toes femipalmated.

PLACE.

Stone Snipe, Art. Zool. Nº 376.

Inhabits New York.

23. STONE SN. DESCRIPTION.

TWICE the fize of a Snipe. Bill black : head, neck, breaft, back, fcapulars, and greater coverts, fpotted black and white: rump and tail barred with the fame : primaries dufky : legs long and yellow.

PLACE.

Obferved in autumn, feeding on the fands on the lower part of Chateaux Bay, and are called Stone Curlews. Are perpetually nodding their heads.

YELLOW-SHANKS. DESCRIPTION. Yellowfhanks, Art. Zool. Nº 378.

ENGTH eleven inches. Bill slender, black, a little bent at the end : head, hind part of the neck, back, and greater wing

wing coverts, dirty white, spotted with black : lesser coverts plain brown : primaries dufky : breaft and fore part of the neck spotted black and white: belly and tail coverts white: tail barred brown and white : legs yellow.

Appears in the province of New York in autumn.

Nodding Snipe, Ard. Zool. Nº 370.

SIZE of the common Snipe. Bill flender, long, black: crown and upper part of the back dusky, streaked with red : cheeks cinereous, streaked with black : neck and breast cinereous, mixed with ruft-colour, and marked with obfcure dark fpots: belly white : thighs fpotted with black : leffer wing coverts afh-coloured; greater dusky, edged with brown: quills dusky; the secondaries tipped with white: lower part of the back white, fpotted with black : tail barred black and white ; tip reddifh : legs greenish: the toes bordered by a narrow plain membrane.

Observed in Chateaux Bay, on the coast of Labrador, in September. Are perpetually nodding their heads.

Black Snipe, Ard. Zool. Nº 381.

RILL and legs red: plumage most intenfely black. Observed by Steller in the islands towards America.

Red-breafted Snipe, Art. Zool. Nº 368.

CIZE of the common Snipe. Bill like that bird; above two inches long: head, neck, and scapulars, varied with black, ashcolour, and red: fore part of the neck and breaft ferruginous, VOL. III. х thinly

BLACK SN. PLACE.

RED-BREASTED SN. DESCRIPTION.

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PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.Y

NODDING SN. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

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thinly fpotted with black: coverts and fecondaries dark cinereous; the laft tipped with white: back and rump white, concealed by the fcapulars: tail barred dufky and white: legs dark green: middle and outer toe connected by a finall web.

Inhabits the coafts of New York.

Found with the former.

28. BROWN SN.

PLACE.

Brown Snipe, Art. Zool. Nº 369. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the laft: length eleven inches. Bill two inches and a half long, and brown: between the bafe of it and the eye a white bar; and above the eye a fpeck of white: the head, neck, and fcapulars, of a fine uniform cinereous brown, marked in a few places with black; fides of the head and fore part of the neck paleft: wing coverts and prime quills dark brown; fhaft of the firft quill white: fecondaries pale brown, edged with white: back white: rump and tail barred black and white: breaft mottled white and brown: belly white: legs dark brown: hind toe placed high up, and pretty long.

PLACE.

29. ASH-COLOUR-ED SN. Description.

LENGTH eleven inches. Bill more than an inch and a half long, ftrait, except at the tip, where it is a trifle bent; colour black: upper part of the head, neck, and body, afh-colour: between the bill and eye a whitifh mark: chin and fore part of the neck while, mottled a little with brown on the throat: breaft and fides of the body afh-colour: middle of the belly white: legs yellowifh green.

Inhabits

Inhabits Eimeo and Palmerston Ifles. In the collection of Sir PLACE. Joseph Banks.

Scolopax fusca, Lin. Syll. i. p. 243. 5. JUSKY SN. La Barge brune, Brif. Orn. v. p. 276. 4. pl. 23. fig. 2 .- Buf. Oif. vii. p. 508 .- Pl. Enl. 875. Dufky Snipe, Aret. Zool. p. 471. 6.

ENGTH almost twelve inches. Bill two inches and one third, DESCRIPTION. a little bent downwards at the point; colour black; the bafe of the lower mandible pale: plumage on the upper part of the body dufky black; the edges of the feathers whitish: crown darkeft, and plain : fcapulars and leffer wing coverts marked with whitish fpots on the margins: lower part of the back and rump white : cheeks, throat, and fore part of the neck, deep afh-colour : from thence to the vent the fame, but growing lighter as it approaches the laft, and here and there mixed and edged with white: quills brown, paleft within, and fpotted with grey on the outer margin, and fome of the fecondaries on both webs: the two middle tail feathers dufky brown, marked with transverse whitish ftreaks; the others brown, croffed in the fame manner with white : legs brown.

biria.

Scolopax cinerea, N. C. Petr. vol. xix. 6. t. 19. (J. Gueldenstaedt.) Terek Avolet, Ara. Zool. p. 502.

31. TEREK SN.

PLACE.

155

ENGTH nine inches. The bill bends upwards from the bafe, and a little downwards at the tip, and is nearly two X 2 inches

DESCRIPTION.

Breeds within the Artic circle. Migrates into Ruffia and Si-

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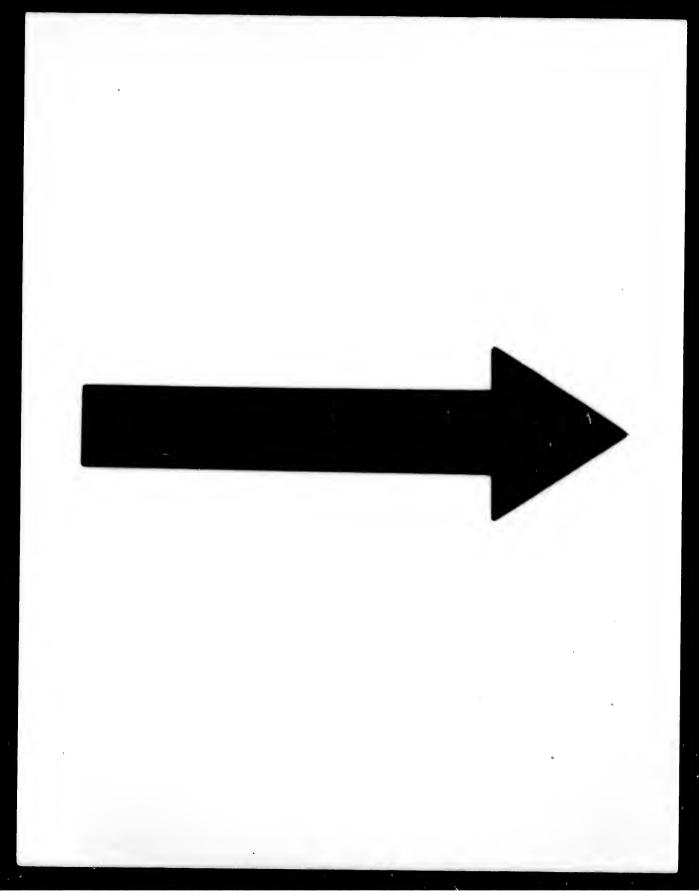
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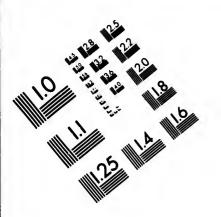
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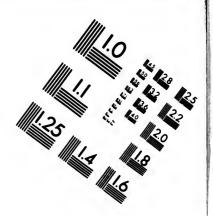
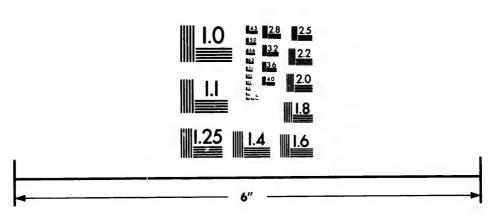
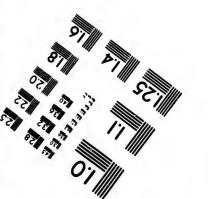


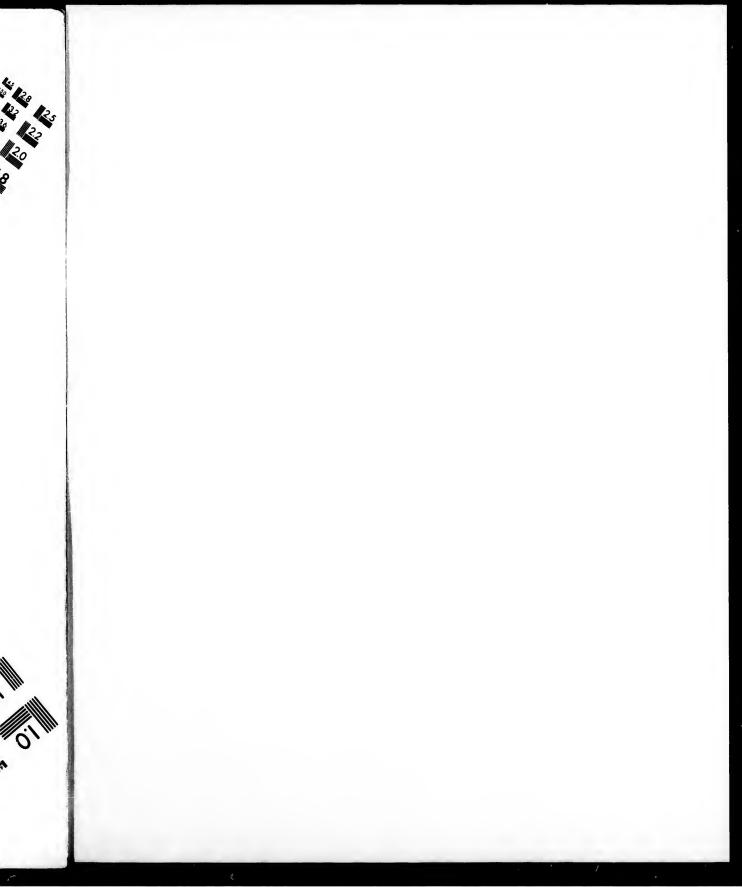
IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)





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inches in length; colour of it black : irides brown: the plumage on the upper parts is wholly cinereous; the middle of each feather brown, which is in ftreaks on the head and neck, on the back oblong, and on the rump transverse: the under parts white; but the throat and breast streaked with ash-colour: wings ash-colour, croffed with a bar of white: quills brown; the staft of the first white, the second cinereous: secondaries tipped with white: the two middle tail feathers are cinereous; the rest the fame, varied with whitish, but not banded: legs reddish brown: toes formewhat palmated at the base : claws blackish.

Male and female alike.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This inhabits, during the fummer, the neighbourhood of the *Cafpian Sea*, particularly about the mouth of the river *Terek*, where it breeds. Met with in flocks in the marshes, especially on the borders of falt lakes, and feeds on infects. This feems not perfectly confonant to any genus: seems a link between the *Snipe* and *Avoset*: but, in our opinion, the bill turning downwards at the point, seems to forbid the placing it with the latter; though the feet being palmated gives it great affinity.

32. Le Caurâle, ou petit Paon des Roses, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 169. pl. 14.-Pl. CAURALE SN. Enl. 782.

Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION. THIS is a moft beautiful fpecies: is about the fize of the *Wbimbrel*, and meafures fifteen inches in length. The bill is near two inches long, of a yellowifh green, and bends a very trifle downwards: the head and fides below the eyes are black: over the eye is a ftreak of white; and the black is bounded beneath by white, paffing from the chin and throat to the hind head; in the

the middle of this white, on each fide, in the direction of the jaw, is a black flender line: the neck and breaft are rufous, ftriated transverfely with flender black lines: back the fame, but more grey, croffed with broad bars of black: fcapulars grey, banded with white: the wings are cream-colour, mottled with black near the fhoulder, and beautifully banded with rufous red; in the middle, and at fome diffance from the end of the quills, in both places accompanied with black: the tail is grey, mottled and ftriated acrofs with black interrupted bands; and near the end croffed with a broad bar of black, bounded above with rufous red: the belly, thighs, and vent, are white: legs yellow, and rather fhort for the fize of the bird.

This inhabits the interior parts of Guiana, but is not common. It frequents the fides of rivers: is a folitary bird, and known by a kind of plaintive whiftle, which the natives imitate, in order to decoy the bird within reach. The fpecimen in the Leverian Mufeum is a most perfect and fine-coloured one. I have feen three or four others, which were less brilliant in their plumage. Hence we may fuspect that the male may differ from the female merely by this circumstance; and that Sir Albton Lever's bird is a male. The inhabitants of Guiana give this species the name of Paon des Roses. One which came under my inspection had a label affixed, with the name of le Par d. PLACE AND. MANNERS.

Genus

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[158]

GENUS LXIX. SANDPIPER.

Nº 1. Ruff.

2. Lapwing.

VAR. A. 7. Goa S.

8. Senegal S.

10. Swifs S.

11. Grey S. VAR. A.

12. Green S.

VAR. A.

VAR. B. 13. Wood S.

16. Waved S.

18. Dufky S.

3. Greater Dº. 4. Red-legged Sandpiper. 5. Cayenne S. 6. Louisiane S. 9. Gambet S. 14. White-winged S. 15. Selninger S. 17. Uniform 5. 19. Freckled S.

Nº 20. Grifled S. 21. Striated S. VAR. A. 22. Afh-coloured S. 23. Common S. 24. Spotted S. 25. New York S. 26. Streaked S. 27. Boreal S. 28. Newfoundland S. 29. Variegated S. 30. Purre. VAR. A. 31. Red-necked S. 32. Little S. 33. Dunlin. 34. Red S. 35. Southern S. 36. Knot. 37. Turnftone. VAR. A. VAR. B. VAR. C.

THE bill in this genus is strait, slender, and an inch and a half long, or under. Noftrils fmall.

Tongue

SANDPIPER,

Tongue flender.

Toes divided, or very flightly connected at the base by a membrane : hind toe weak.

Tringa pugnax, Lin. Syst. i. p. 147. 1.—Faun. Suec. 175.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 140.—Brun. 168. 169.—Kram. p. 352.—Frisch. t. 232. 235.— Georgi Reise, p. 172.

Le Combattant, ou Paon de Mer, Brij. Orn. v. p. 240. 18. pl. 22. fig. 1. 2. —Buf. Oif. vii. p. 521. pl. 29. 30.—Pl. Enl. 305. 306.

Ruffe, Raii Syn. p. 107. A. 3 .- Will. Orn. p. 302. pl. 56.

Ruff and Reeve, Albin, i. pl. 72. 73.—Br. Zool. Nº 192. pl. 69.—Arcl. Zool. p. 479. A.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

ENGTH one foot. Bill more than one inch, yellowifh; DESCRIPTION. in fome black: the whole face covered with numerous yellow pimples: irides hazel: the back part of the head, and the neck, are furnished with very long feathers, standing out in a remarkable manner, not unlike the ruff worn by our anceftors; a portion of this fet of feathers stands up over each eye, imitating ears: the ruff is of as many different colours as there are birds who wear it, no two being alike; in general it is barred with black, yet I have feen many white, or of one plain colour; and I observe, that of whatever colour the ruff may be, the breast is very little different; and the transverse markings on the upper parts of the plumage fomewhat correspond : the ground colour, however, is mostly brown; the feathers in general barred with black, and many of them marked with concentric circles of black : quills dufky : lower belly, vent, and upper tail coverts, white; the last pretty long: the four middle tail feathers barred not 9

and a

ngue

159

+ RUFF.

not unlike the back; the others plain brown: the legs in all are dull yellow: claws black.

The *female*, or *Reeve*, wants the *ruff* on the neck, and is lefs than the *male*. General colour brown: the middle of each feather dufky, in fome parts almost black; the edges of the feathers very pale: primaries dufky or black: fecondaries barred rufous brown and black: belly, vent, and upper tail coverts, white: tail dufky: legs as in the *male*.

The male bird does not gain the ruff till the fecond feafon, being till then like the female; as he also is from the end of June till the feafon of love commences, when nature clothes him with the ruff, and the red pimples break out on the face; but after the time of incubation the long feathers fall off, and the caruncles shrink in under the skin, so as not to be differend.

PLACE AND MANNERS. Thefe birds inhabit the north of *Europe* in fummer, as far as *Iceland*, as well as the northern marfhes of *Ruffia* and *Sibiria*. They arrive in *England* in the fpring, chiefly in *Lincolnfbire*^{*}, the ifle of *Ely*, and the *Eaft Riding* of *Yorkfbire*. The males are in much greater number than the *females*; hence the continual battles for the fake of poffeffion. The male chufes a ftand on fome dry bank near a fplash of water, running round a particular fpot fo often as to make a bare circular path : the moment a *female* appears, all the males within a given diffance begin fighting, at which time the fowlers catch them, by means of nets, in great numbers +. They are also caught by means of *Stale Birds*, but

· Chiefly in the West Fen. Tour in Scotl.

+ By placing a clap-net, fourteen yards long and four broad, over night, fortyfour birds have been caught at one pull, the morning following; and in all fix dozen in the course of the morning.—A fowler has caught between forty and fifty dozen in one feafon.—Br. Zeel.

in

160

FEMALE.

in much lefs quantity. It is ufual to fat these birds for the table by means of *bread* and *milk*, mixed with *bemp-feed*, and fometimes boiled *wbeat*, to these by many *fugar* is added; which last in a fortnight's time will cause them to be one lump of fat, when they will fetch from two shillings to half a crown each. The *Reeve* lays four eggs in a tust of grass, the beginning of *May*; they are white, marked with large rusty spots: and the young are hatched in about a month. It is not known for certain where this species pass the winter, and perhaps it may be fome time before we do; for, as the bird has the characteristic marks of the *Rust* of the *female*, being wholly white, except the wings, which have much the fame marking as usual, except of a very pale colour.

Tringa vanellus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 248. 2.—Faun. Suec. 176.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 141.—Brun. N° 170.—Muller, N° 192.—Kram. El. p. 353.— + LAPWING. Frijch. ii. 213.—Olin. Uc. pl. in p. 21.—Georgi Reije, p. 172.

Le Vanneau, Brif. Orn. v. p. 94. 1. pl. 8. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 48. pl. 4.—Pl. Enl. 242.

Lapwing, or Baftard Plover, Raii Syn. p. 110. A. 1.—Will. Orn. 307. pl. 57.—Albin, i. pl. 74.—Br. Zool. Nº 190.—Art. Zool. p. 480. D. Lev. Muf.

LENGTH thirteen inches and a half: weight eight ounces. DESCRIPTION. Bill one inch or more, and black: irides hazel: the crown of the head is gloffy greenish black; at the back part fprings a creft composed of narrow feathers, fome of which are four inches in length, and turn upwards at the ends: round the eye and the Vol. III. Y fides

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fides of the neck white : beneath the eye a ftreak of black : fore part of the neck, as far as the breaft, black; hind part white and brown : the back and wings green; the first gloffed with purple, the last with blue : quills black; the four first have a white spot at the tip: the base half of the secondaries white : breast and belly white : upper tail coverts and vent pale rusous : tail white, for half way next the base; the end half black; the outer feathers almost wholly white : legs brownish red.

Male and female alike, but the last is rather smaller.

This fpecies is pretty common in *England*, where it remains the whole year. They lay their eggs on the ground, fcraping together a little dried grafs for a bed; they are four in number, of a dirty olive, fpotted with black. The hen fits about three weeks: the young run within two or three days after they are hatched. The *female* has great addrefs in decoying the curious impertinent from the neft or young, ufing many ftratagems of deceit; flying over the head of any one with great noife: is faid to be most clamorous when fartheft from the neft; and will even feign to run along the ground, as if lame, in order to decoy. Towards winter both young and old collect in flocks of four or five hundred, or more, and are feen on our heaths; and in fome places are taken in nets, for the use of the table*. Their eggs are alfo thought a delicacy, and fetch a good price \dagger .

These are also common in most parts of Europe, as far as

• In the provinces of *Brie* and *Champaign*, in *France*, are feen in vaft flocks of thousands, and decoyed into the nets by the playing of a mirror, with the addition of fome fluffed birds, with here and there a live one intermixed. *Hift. des Oif.*

+ Three fhillings per dozen .- Br. Zool.

Iceland;

PLACE AND MANNERS.

Iceland; and on the continent. Change place according to the feafon; being met with in the winter in *Perfia* and *Egypt*. We have alfo feen a fpecimen from *China*. The chief food of the bird in its wild ftate is worms, which it draws out of the ground morning and evening. It is frequently kept in gardens, of which it is a ufeful inhabitant, freeing them from worms and *flugs*, and in time becoming tolerably familiar. I have feen this bird approach a worm caft, turn it afide, and after making two or three turns about, by way of giving motion to the ground, the worm came out, and the watchful bird feizing hold of it drew it forth. During frofty and hard weather, this pretty gardener will feed on bits of *pudding*, *meat*, and fuch like; but ever forfaking thefe when worms can be had, its moft efteemed food.

Le grand Vanneau de Bologne, Brif. Orn. v. p. 110. 5.

BIGGER than a Lapwing. Bill yellowifh, with the tip black: head and hind part of the neck chefnut: back, wings, fcapulars, and rump, black: throat, fore part of the neck, and breaft, white, marked with ferruginous fpots: belly, fides, and thighs, white: quills and tail black: legs the colour of yellow oker.

Inhabits Italy, about Bologna, where it is called Ginocchiella.

Tringa erythropus, Scop. Ann. i. 146.

BIGGER than the *Ruff*. Bill black: forehead rufous white: the upper parts of the body and wings cinereous brown: the fecond quills white; the first feven prime ones black: belly foot-Y 2 colour:

GREATER LAP-WING. DESCRIPTION.

163

PLACE.

RED-LEGGED

SANDPIPER.

DESCRIPTION.

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colour: rump and tail rufous white, the last crossed with a black band at the tip: the thighs naked for the greatest part of their length: legs red.

Native place uncertain.

5. CAYENNE S. Le Vanneau armé de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 66.—Pl. Enl. 836. Vanneau, Defer. Surin. ii. p. 193.

DESCRIPTION.

L ESS than our Lapwing : length eight inches and a half. The bill is red, three quarters of an inch long, with the tip black: the forehead and throat are black : the middle of the crown afhcolour : hind head brown; from it fpring five or fix blackifh long feathers, forming a creft not unlike that of the Lapwing : the neck is dufky white : on the breaft a broad band of black : belly and vent white : the back of a greenifh purple : the outfide of the wing, for fome way from the fhoulder, white; near the bend a fhort, brown, fharp fpur, rather bent : the bafe half of the tail is white; the end half black; the tip fringed with white : legs reddifh : toes of moderate length : claws black.

PLACE.

Inhabits Cayenne. Met with commonly in the marshy favannas, and lives on infects.

6. LOUISIANE S. Le Vanneau armé de la Louifiane, Brif. Orn. v. p. 114. 7. pl. 8. fig. 2.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 65.-Pl. Enl. 835. Armed Sandpiper, Ara. Zool. N° 395.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the *Lapwing*: length eleven inches. Bill orange; at the bale of it a naked fkin of the fame colour, which rifes up on the forehead, takes in the eyes, and hangs on each fide of the mandible like a *wattle*: the top of the head is black: the reft of the

the upper parts grey brown : the under yellowish white : at the bend of the wing a sharp spur : quills chiefly black, mixed more or less with grey : tail yellowish white, tipped with black : legs red : claws black.

Inhabits Louisiana.

PLACE.

6.

VAR. A.

165

Parra Dominica, Lin. Syft. i. p. 259. 1. Le Vanneau armé de St. Domingue, Brif. Orn. v. p. 118. 8.

SIZE of the laft. Bill yellow, the bafe of it furrounded with a DESCRIPTION. yellow fkin, as in that bird: the head and upper parts pale yellow: the under yellowifh white, inclining to rofe-colour: tail as the back, but the fide feathers incline to rofe-colour on the inner webs: legs yellow.

Inhabits feveral of the warmer parts of America and St. Domingo. PLACE.

 Vanneau armé de Goa, Pl. Enl. 807.
 7.

 ______ des Indes, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 64.
 GOA S.

L ENGTH thirteen inches. Bill dufky : head and neck black : before the eye, and round it, carunculated and red : from the back part of the eye a ftripe of white, paffing down on each fide the neck, and communicating with the breaft, which, as well as the under parts of the body, is white : the back and wing coverts are rufous brown : greater coverts white : quills black : the bafe of the tail for one third is white, the middle black, and the end brown : legs yellow : it has four toes, all of a moderate length : on the fore part of the wing, near the joint, is a fhort fharp fpur.

This came from Goa.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

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8. SENEGAL S. Parra Set.-galla, Lin. Jyfl. i. p. 259. 2. Le Vanneau armé du Senegal, Brif. Orn. v. p. 111. 6. pl. 10. fig. 2.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 62.-Pl. Enl. 362.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the Lapwing: length twelve inches. Bill yellowish green, with the tip black: the forehead covered with a yellow skin, as in the Louisiane species, but not taking in the eye: the forehead is white: chin and throat black: the head and upper parts of the neck, body, and lesser wing coverts, grey brown: the under parts the same, but paler: lower part of the belly, upper and under tail coverts, dirty white: the greater wing coverts the same: quills black, more or less white at the bottom: at the bend of the wing a black spur: tail, half way from the base, dirty white; the rest of the length black, with pale rusous tips.

PLACE.

This species inhabits Senegal.

It was perhaps these that interrupted Mr. Adanfon's shooting, as they alarmed all the birds within hearing by their cries. The Negroes called them Uett Uett; the French, Squallers; because, as soon as they see a man, they set up a loud screaming, on which all other birds take the hint, and say off. He says that they always says in pairs, and have a spur on each wing *.

· See Voy. 8vo. p. 77.

Tripga

Tringa gambetta, Lin. Syft. i. p. 248. 3. - Faun. Sute. 177. - Scop. Ann. 1. 142. Tringa variegata, Brun. Nº 181.- Muller, Nº 204. Le Chevalier rouge, Brif. Orn. v. p. 192. 4. La Gambette, Pl. Enl. 845. Gambetta, Raii Syn. p. 107. 2.-Will. Orn. p. 300. Red-legged Horfeman, Albin, ii. pl. 68. Gambet, Br. Zoel. Nº 198. pl. 70.-Ara. Zoel. Nº 394.

CIZE of the Green/hank : length twelve inches. Bill of a reddifh colour, with a black tip: the irides yellowish green : head, back, and breaft, cinereous brown, fpotted with dull yellow: wing coverts and fcapulars cinereous, edged with dull yellow: prime quills dusky; shaft of the first white: tail dusky, bordered with yellow : legs yellow.

This inhabits England, but is not common: has been shot on the coast of Lincoln/bire. Known in France; but is there a rare bird. Has a note not unlike the whiftle of a Woodcock; and the flesh is esteemed. Inhabits Scandinavia and Iceland; called in the last Stelkr. It has also been taken in the Frozen Sca, between Afia and America.

Tringa Helvetica, Lin. Syst. i. p. 250. 12.-Phil. Trans. vol. lxii. p. 412. Vanneau de Suisse, Brif. Orn. v. p. 106. 4. pl. 10. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. viii. SWISS S. p. 60.-Pl. Enl. 853. Swifs Sandpiper, Art. Zool. Nº 396. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

10.

GIZE of the Lapwing : length eleven inches. Bill one inch DESCRIPTION, and a quarter, and black, fwelling at the point: forehead and neck white; the feathers of the last dashed with brown down the

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167

GAMBET S.

DESCRIPTION:

PLACE AND MANNERS.

the fhafts: hind part of the head fpotted with black and white: cheeks, fore part of the neck, breaft, and belly, black: thighs and vent white: back and wing coverts white, fpotted with black: prime quills black: tail white, croffed with narrow bars of black, which are leaft in number on the outer feathers: legs black: hind toe fmall. The bird defcribed in the *Philofophical Tranfactions* had a mixture of white lunated fpots with the black on the under parts; which Dr. Forfter fulpects may prove the young bird.

PLACE.

GREY S.

This fpecies inhabits the coafts of *ConneElicut* and *Hudfon's* Bay: vifits the laft in fpring; and feeds on berries, infects, and worms. Common throughout the fouth of *Ruffia*, and *Sibiria*: fuppofed to breed in the arctic flats of the laft. It is alfo found in *France* and *Switzerland*; but never many of them together.

Tringa fquatarola, Lin. Syf. i. p. 252. 23.—Faun. Suec. 186.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 144.—Brun. N° 176.—Muller, p. 25.—Georgi Reife, p. 172. Le Vanneau grie Reif. Org. v. p. 200. 2. pl 0. for 1.—Pl. Fal. Stat.

Le Vanneau gris, Brif. Orn. v. p. 100. 2. pl. 9. fig. 1.—Pl. Enl. 854. Le Vanneau pluvier, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 68. Grey Plover, Raii Syn. p. 111. A. 3.—Will. Orn. p. 309. pl. 57.—Brown Jam. p. 478.—Albin, i. pl. 76.

Grey Sandpiper, Br. Zool. Nº 191.-Art. Zool. Nº 393. Lew. Mul.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the Golden Plover: weight feven ounces: length twelve inches. Bill one inch and a quarter in length, black: the head, back, and wing coverts, black, edged with greenisch ashcolour, with fome white: cheeks and throat white, marked with oblong dusky spots: belly and thighs white: outer webs of the quills black; the lower part of the inner webs of the four first white:

white : rump white : tail barred black and white *: legs dirty green : back toe fmall.

This is now and then feen on the coafts of *England*, in the winter time, in fmall flocks. Found in *Carolina* in great numbers. Alfo common in *Sibiria*; appearing there in autumn in great flocks, coming from the extreme north, where they breed \dagger .

Tringa varia, *Lin Syst.* i. p. 252. 21. Le Vanneau varié, *Bris. Orn.* v. p. 103. 3. pl. 9. fig. 2.—*Pl. Enl.* 923.

SIZE of the laft. Bill black: the head, hind part of the neck, back, and fcapulars, are brown; the feathers fpotted and margined with white: rump the fame, but the fpots are yellowifh: upper tail coverts white, edged with grey and pale yellow: throat white: fore part of the neck grey brown; margins of the feathers white: from thence to the vent white: the wing coverts like the back; fome of the outer greater ones dufky, margined at the ends with white: baftard wing dufky: quills the fame; from the fifth to the ninth edged with white at the tips; the others incline to grey brown, edged outwardly with white; the fix inner ones fpotted on the margins with white: the tail feathers barred with brown and white; the outer one all white, except a brown longitudinal ftreak on the outer web: legs black.

• Linnæus observes, that the outer feather has but one black bar, the others-feveral.

+ Art. Zool.

VOL. III.

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Tringa

II. Var. A.

Description.

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12. + GREEN S.

DESCRIPTION.

- Tringa ochropus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 250. 13 .- Faun. Suec. 180.-Muller, p. 25 .- Brun. Nº 183 .- Frifch. ii. 239.
- Le Beccaffeau, ou Cul blanc, Brif. Orn. v. p. 177. 1. pl. 16. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. vii. p. 534 .- Pl. Enl. 843.

Tringa of Aldrovand, Raii Syn. p. 108. A. 7 .- Will. Orn. p. 300. pl. 56. (Cinclus Bellonii.)

Tringa tertia Aldrov. Raii Syn. p. 109. 8 .- Will. Orn. 301. pl. 56. Green Sandpiper, Br. Zool. Nº 201.-Artt. Zool. Nº 389. Lev. Muf.

ENGTH ten inches. Bill one inch and a half long, black : top of the head and hind part of the neck dufky afh-colour : over the eye a pale ftreak; and between the bill and eye dufky: back and wings greenish glosfy brown; the edges of the feathers spotted with dirty white: chin white: fore part of the neck dufky white, marked with dark ftreaks: from thence to the vent white; as are the upper and lower tail coverts: quills and outer edge of the wing plain dufky brown: fecondaries nearly as long as the quills: under the wings dufky, the feathers barred with white, the bars meeting obliquely, and forming the shape of the letter V: the tail is white, the feathers more or lefs barred with dufky; the outer one leaft of all: the legs are of a greenifh leadcolour, flender: the outer and middle toes united at the bafe by a membrane.

PLACE.

This bird is common to many parts of Europe, and is for the most part a folitary species. It frequents fresh waters and ftreams. Is very plenty in the watery places of Ruffia and Sibiria; and is found as far as Iceland. It is also in England, though rather fcarce; and I am not clear that it is feen, except in the winter feafon, having never heard of the circumstance : nor is it ever

ever met with in greater numbers than four or five together. Is found also in America. This has a musky kind of fmell, not unlike fome of the Petrel genus.

Tringa littorea, Lin. Syf. i. p. 251. Nº 17 .- Faun. Suec. Nº 185 .- Brun. Nº 177. 178 --- Muller, Nº 200. Le Chevalier cendré, Bris. Orn. v. p. 203. 7. pl. 17. ng. 2. ----- varié, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 517 .-- Pl. Enl. 300.

Mr. Oldham's white Heron, Albin, iii. pl. 89. Shore Sandpiper, Art. Zool. p. 481. F.

THIS differs not materially from the other. The spots on the back are ferruginous instead of white : the shaft of the first quill is white, as in that bird; and the fecondaries have white tips: the legs are brown.

This bird is faid to migrate from Sweden into England at the approach of winter*.

Brunnich mentions a further variety, wherein the first quill has a black fhaft, and the fpots on the back and wings lefs: and obferves, that they differ in age and fex.

ENGTH ten inches. Bill one inch and a quarter long, and black: head and hind part of the neck pale ash-colour: through the eye a dufky ftreak : forehead white : over the eye a line of the fame : back and wings cinereous, marked with whitifh fpots, not very confpicuous: fides of the head, and under parts, dirty white; across the breast verging to ash-colour: quills dusky: tail the fame; all but the two middle feathers barred with white on the outer webs : legs dufky green.

· Aman. Acad. iv. p. 590.

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Inhabits

12. VAR. B. DESCRIPTION.

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VAR. A.

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DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

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PLACE.

172

Inhabits King George's Sound. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

13. WOOD S. Tringa glareola, Faun. Suec. Nº 184. Wood Sandpiper, Art. Zool. p. 482. G.

DESCRIPTION.

T HIS is faid to equal a *Starling* in fize. Back brown, dotted with white: rump and belly white: quills brown; the fhaft of the first white: fecondaries white at the tips: tail banded brown and white; the outer feathers least brown in them. Inhabits the moift woods of *Sweden*.

PLACE.

14. WHITE-WING-ED S. Description. A TRIFLE bigger than the *Purre*: length eight inches and a half. Bill one inch, cinereous: irides dufky brown: over the eye a pale ftreak: the head, hind part of the neck, back, and wings, are brownifh black: leffer wing coverts dufky black: from the bend of the wing an oblique ftreak paffes over the wing coverts; the greater ones mixed ferruginous and black: quills black, and reach almost to the end of the tail: the throat, breaft, belly, and rump, are rufous: vent dirty yellow: the two middle tail feathers deep blackish brown; the others barred black and rufous; the outer feathers only on the exterior webs: legs dufky green.

PLACE.

VARIETIES.

This inhabits Otabeite, near the rivers, and is called Torowé. Alfo met with at Eimeo, or York Ifle, and is there called Te-te.

This bird varies. In one fpecimen which came under my view, the crown of the head was dufky: the line over the eye ferruginous; and a tinge of the fame was visible throughout the whole of the plumage: bill and legs yellowish.

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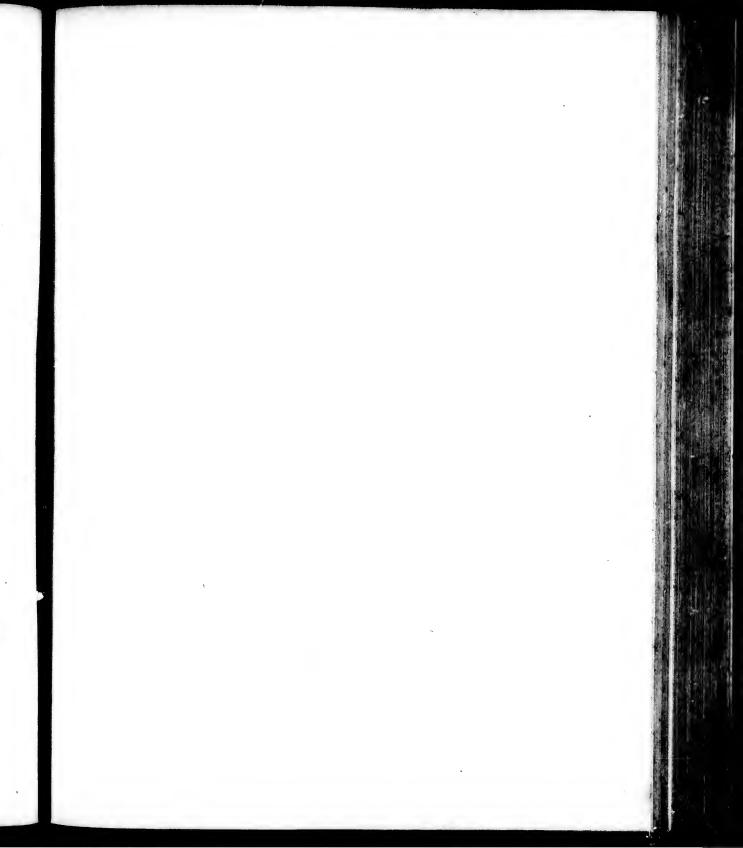
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In another all the leffer wing coverts were white: four of the PL. LXXXII. middle tail feathers plain; the others barred as usual: but all had the fireak over the eye.

Tringa maritima, Brun. N° 182.-Muller, N° 206.-Leems Lap. N° 254. Selninger Sandpiper, Ar.B. Zool. p. 480. C. SELNINGER S.

S IZE of a *Starling*. Upper parts varied with grey and black: DESCRIPTION. middle of the back tinged with violet: fore part of the neck dusky: under part of the body white: tail dusky: the four outer feathers fhortest, and edged with white: legs yellow.

Inhabits Norway and Iceland. Lives about the fea fhores, and PLACE. emits a piping note.

> Tringa undata, Brun. Orn. p. 55. Nº 183. Waved Sandpiper, Arci. Zool. p. 481. E. WAVED S.

GENERAL colour dufky, undulated with luteous and white: DESCRIPTION. wing coverts and fecondaries tipped with white: rump white: tail cinereous, and margined with black at the tip: the first prime quill has a white shaft.

Inhabits Denmark and Norway.

Tringa roftro brevi nigro, tota diluté cinerea, Muller, Nº 205. Uniform Sandpiper, Arct. Zool. p. 482. H.

THIS fpecies has a fhort black bill; and the whole of the DESCRIPTION. plumage of an uniform pale afh-colour. Inhabits *Iceland*.

Tringa

PLACE.

UNIFORM S.

DUSKY S.

Tringa calidris, Lin. Syft. i. p. 252. 19.

La Manbeche, Brif. Orn. v. p. 226. 14. pl. 20. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. vil. p. 529. pl. 31.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the *Red/bank*: length nine inches and a quarter. Bill one inch and a half, and black, with the bale pale: the plumage on the upper parts is brownish black, the feathers margined with pale chefnut: the rump cinereous brown, transversely streaked with black, the margins of the feathers white: the under parts of the body chefnut*: fides transversely streaked with pale chefnut and white: tail greyish brown; all except the two middle feathers margined with white: legs brown: the outer and middle toe united to the first joint.

PLACE.

white : this came from Gibraltar. La Manbeche tachetée, Brif. Orn. v. p. 229. 15. pl. 21. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 531.—Pl. Enl. 365.

This fpecies is fpoken of by authors as a bird of both France

and Germany; but is not, as we hear of, in England. It frequents the fea fhores, picking up the food there: further than this the manners are unknown. We have feen one quite corresponding with the above description, except that the under parts were

Freckled Sandpiper, Arta. Zool. p. 480. B.

DESCRIPTION.

19. FRECKLED S.

> A TRIFLE lefs than the *Red/bank*: length nine inches. Bill dufky: the upper parts of the body afh-colour, fpotted with red and black; the laft gloffed with violet: beneath reddifh

> > * Linneus calls it olive.

white,

white, varied with dufky and chefnut fpots: the two middle tail reathers cinereous, edged with white; the reft the fame, but darker: the outer feathers marked lengthways on the exterior web with a white line: legs greenifh.

Inhabits France, the north of Ruffia, and Sibiria.

PLACE.

ZO. GRISLED S.

175

La Manbeche grife, Brif. Orn. v. p. 233. 16. pl. 21. fig. 2.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 531.—Pl. Enl. 366.

SIZE of the *freckled Sandpiper*: length nine inches and a quarter. Bill more than one inch, and black: the plumage above is grey, the feathers with paler edges; but those of the upper part of the back and fcapulars plain grey; of the rump pale grey, marked with a double brown band parallel to the margin, which is white: the under parts are white; but the feathers of the neck, breaft, and fides, marked with a waved brown band parallel to the edge; and those of the belly with a longitudinal brown line near the end: quills brown, edged with a paler colour; the ten first with white fhasts: the fecondaries grey; and the five next the body marked with a brown band parallel to the margin: tail grey, with white margins; and parallel to them a deep grey band: the legs black.

Inhabits Europe: found among its congenera on the fea coafts.

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Tringa

Tringa Ariata, Lin. Syft. i. p. 248. 5 .- Muller, Nº 194 .- Faun. Groenl. 21. Nº 73. Le Chevalier rayé, Bris. Orn. v. p. 196. 5. pl. 19. fig. 1.-Buf. Ois. vii. p. 516.-Pl. Enl. 827.

Striated Sandpiper, Ard. Zool. Nº 383.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

SIZE of a Starling : length ten inches and three quarters. Bill one inch and a half long; the bafe half red, the end black : the upper part of the body undulated with dufky and cinereous: fore part of the neck dufky: breaft and belly white: primaries and fecondaries black, the last tipped with white : tertials white, with a ftripe of black : tail black : the feathers on the fide cinereous, edged with white : legs orange.

Linnæus fays, the rump and tail are white; the last fasciated with brown : and that the under parts are white, marked with both longitudinal and transverse stripes : possibly this may differ in fex, if the fame bird.

This inhabits the colder parts of Europe; being found in Sweden and Norway. Is found, but less frequent, in Russia and Sibiria, though it is met with even in Iceland and Greenland: in the last place the winter throughout; running backwards and forwards on the fhore, according as the waves approach or recede, feeding on fuch infects as are left on the beach. Often fkims along the furface of the water, like a Swallow, catching infects; rifing and falling with the waves, but ever avoiding coming in contact with them. In breeding-time retires within fhore, and lays from four to fix eggs, a little bigger than those of the Starling, marked with pale obscure spots. Twitters like the Swallow. Is not a very ſhy

176

STRIATED S.

fhy bird : often caught in fnares; and the flefh is accounted good food. The feathers used for ftuffing, like other feathers.

Le Chevalier tacheté, Bris. Orn. v. p. 200, 6.

THIS is fmaller than the laft. The upper parts of the head, neck, and back, are blackifh, margined with rufous grey: fcapulars the fame, but barred with grey on the fides: lower part of the back and rump white: fore part, as far as the breaft, mixed black and white; verging to rufous on the fides: breaft and belly white, marked with minute black fpots: lower belly plain white: wing coverts grey brown; fome of them croffed at the end with rufous grey and black: quills dufky, within hoary; fhaft of the firft white: upper and under tail coverts; the fides, and tail, barred black and white. This feems much allied to the laft, though varying fomewhat in defcription. Briffon's two figures feem to differ not fufficiently to form two diftinct fpecies.

Tringa cinerea, Brur. Nº 179.-Muller, Nº 202.-Frisch. t. 237. Ash-coloured Sandpiper, Br. Zool. ii. p. 194.-Ara. Zool. Nº 386.

LENGTH ten inches: weight five ounces. The head is afhcolour, fpotted with black: neck the fame, marked with dufky ftreaks: back and wing coverts finely varied with concentric femicircles of black, afh-colour, and white: coverts of the tail barred black and white: tail cinereous, edged with white: breaft and belly white; the first fpotted with black: legs dufky green: toes bordered with a narrow finely-fcolloped membrane.

Aa

Vol. III.

VAR. A. DESCRIPTION

ASH-COLOUR-ED S.

DESCRIPTION.

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PLACE AND MANNERS.

This fpecies is feen on the fhores of *Flint/bire*, in the winter time, in vaft flocks. Suppofed to breed in *Denmark*. It also inhabits *America*. Seen in great numbers on *Seal Iflands*, near *Chateaux Bay*. Breeds at *Hudfon's Bay*, continuing the whole fummer*; and is there called *Safqua pifqua nifbifb*.

+ COMMON S.

PLACE.

Tringa hypoleucos, Lin. Syft. i. p. 250. 14.—Faun. Suec. 182.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 143.—Brun. Nº 174.—Muller, p. 25.—Kram. El. p. 353. La Guignette, Brif. Orn. v. p. 183. 2. pl. 16. fig. 2.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 540. Petite Alouette de Mer, Pl. Enl. 850.

Sandpiper, Raii Syn. p. 108. A. 6. - Will. Orn. p. 301. pl. 55. - Br. Zool. ii. N° 204. pl. 71. - Ard. Zool. N° 388. Br. Mul. Lev. Mul.

CIZE of the *Purre*: length feven inches and a half: weight

DESCRIPTION.

two ounces. Bill brown: irides hazel: the plumage on the upper parts very gloffy: the head brown, ftreaked with black: over each eye a white ftreak: neck dull afh-colour: back and wings greenifh brown, croffed with dufky narrow lines: the breaft and under parts white: quills brown; the firft plain; on the nine following a white fpot on the inner web: tail rounded, of a greenifh gloffy brown; the four middle feathers croffed with fine blackifh lines; the two next on each fide the fame, with the tips white; the laft but one fpotted white on the edges; and the outer one white, marked on the inner web with brown bars: legs greenifh brown⁺.

This fpecies is not uncommon with us in the fummer feafon,

Arct. Zool. + Scopoli adds, that the toes are femipalmated.

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but none are feen late in autumn. They breed with us, and the eggs are five in number; the female lays them in fome convenient hole in the bank of the river which the frequents : the colour of them dirty yellowish white, with numerous dusky markings, moftly round; and a few large ones of a paler colour, moft at the large end. The bird is known at fome diftance by its piping note, which it frequently emits, and often flirts up its tail.

It is frequently met with also in France, into which it comes in May, and departs in September. It is also found in the northern latitudes of Sibiria, as far as Kamt/chatka; and is also not uncommon in America, inhabiting Chateaux Bay to the north. The American species differs very little, except in the colour of the legs, which are yellowifh.

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One of these, which came under my inspection from Cayenne, had fewer fpots on the back: a white bar across the wings: quills and tail brown: beneath wholly white, except here and there a little dufky mottling on the breaft : the legs very pale.

Tringa macularia, Lin. Syft. i. p. 249. 7. La Grive d'Eau, Brif. Orn. v. Nº 20.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 140. Spotted Tringa, Edw. pl. 277. fig. 2. Spotted Sandpiper, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 196 .- Art. Zool. Nº 385. Lev. Muf.

- SPOTTED S.

ENGTH near eight inches : fize of a Thrush. Bill dusky, towards the bafe reddifh : over the eye a white ftreak : the upper parts of the bird greenish brown : head marked with small longifh dufky fpots: thefe increase on the neck to the back, where they are much larger : the rump plain : the shoulders and wings marked with the fame colour; but the fpots are transverse: the

A a 2

DESCRIPTION.

the under fide of the body is white, marked with dufky fpots: the two middle tail feathers greenifh brown; the others white, croffed with dufky lines: legs dufky flefh-colour.

The *female* differs in not having the under parts of the body fpotted.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

FEMALE.

This fpecies inhabits America, from Penfylvania to Hudfon's Bay, where it arrives in May; and after breeding there, departs again in September. Is known there by the name of Chechifha-. *fbifb.* It has also been met with in England; the bird from whence Mr. Edwards took his figure and description being flot in Effex.

NEW YORK S.

New York Sandpiper, Art. Zool. Nº 387.

Description.

THE leffer wing coverts are dufky, edged with white: the back dufky; the edges of the feathers cinereous: fecondaries the fame: tail coverts barred black and white: under fide of the neck and body white: the breaft fpotted with brown: fides beneath the wings ftreaked with the fame: tail cinereous.

Inhabits the province of New York.

PLACE.

STREAKED S. Description. SIZE of the common Snipe. Bill one inch and a quarter long, dufky: head and neck white, marked with numerous longitudinal dufky ftreaks: back dufky, the feathers edged with white: fcapulars dufky, margined and mottled with ferruginous: lower part of the back and tail dufky afh-colour: wing coverts afh-colour: quills dufky: upper tail coverts, and all the under parts, white: fides fpotted with dufky: legs dufky, with a tinge of yellow. Inhabits Sandwich Sound.

PLACE.

10

SIZE

SIZE uncertain. Bill fhort, ftout, and a little fwelling at the point; colour dufky brown, with a black tip: the upper part of the plumage cinereous, mottled on the fides of the neck with a paler colour, which comes forward on the breaft: over the eye a ftreak of white: chin, under parts of the body, and upper tail coverts, white: quills and tail dufky: legs deep brown.

Inhabits King George's Sound.

BORÉAL S. Description.

181

PLACE.

28.

S IZE uncertain. Bill black : upper part of the neck and body dufky black, the feathers edged with ferruginous : beneath cinereous white : baftard wing, quills, and tail, black : legs cinereous.

NEWFOUND-LAND S. Description.

Inhabits Newfoundland. From the drawings of Sir Joseph Place. Banks.

Lev. Muf.

SIZE of the *Purre*. Bill one inch and a half long, and dufky: upper parts of the head, neck, and body, variegated with brown, black, and rufous: forehead and throat pale: fore part of the neck and breaft dirty white, longitudinally ftreaked with black; acrofs the breaft a dufky mottled bar: fides of the body much the fame: middle of the belly and thighs white: tail fhort, brown; the inner coverts white on the inner webs: legs dufky.

Inhabits King George's Sound.

29. VARIEGATED S. Description.

PLACE.

Tringa

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e body

Hudfon's departs bechifha-. d from ng fhot

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r long, s longiwhite: lower colour: white: w.

SIZE

^{30.} + PURRE. Tringa cinclus, Lin. Syl. i. p. 251. 18.—Georgi Reife, p. 172.
L'Alouette de Mer, Brif. Orn. v. p. 211. 10. pl. 19. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 548.—Pl. Enl. 851.
Stint, or Ox Eye, Raii Syn. p. 110. A. 13.—Will. Orn. p. 305.
Leaft Snipe, Raii Syn. p. 190. 11.—Sloan Jam. p. 320. 14. pl. 265. 4.
Wagtail, Kolb. Cape, ii. p. 152?—Brown Jam. p. 477.
Sanderling, Albin, iii. pl. 88.
Purre, Br. Zool. N° 226. pl. 71.—Arel. Zool. p. 390.
Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH feven inches and a half. Bill one inch and a quarter, black : the head and hind part of the neck are pale afhcolour, ftreaked with dufky : from bill to eye a white line: back and wing coverts brownifh afh-colour; greater coverts darker, tipped with white : fore part of the neck, breaft, and belly, white; the first mixed with brown: tail cinereous; the two middle feathers darkeft, the others edged with white : legs dufky green.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This fpecies is common to most parts of *Europe*; and, if the bird meant by *Kolben*, at the *Cape of Good Hope*: is also common in *America*, at *New York*; from thence as far as *Jamaica*, and other *West India Islands*, and *Cayenne*. It only frequents these kingdoms in winter; when they may be feen on the coasts in vast flocks, flying in large circles, alternately taking in the water and land: are shot fometimes in great numbers, and thought very good to eat. Formerly known by the name of *Stints*; in some parts called *Ox-birds*. I have much sufficient that these breed on the coasts of *Kent*, as I had fome birds fent to me by Mr. *Boys* of *Sandwich*, shot at *Romney* in the month of *August*, which fearcely differed

differed from the description, except in having the margins of the feathers on the upper parts of a pale ferruginous colour.

L'Alouette de Mer à collier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 216. 11. pl. 19. fig. 2. Le Cincle, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 553.—Pl. Enl. 852. Lev. Muí.

L ESS than the *Purre*: length fix inches and three quarters. Bill black: on the upper parts of the head, neck, and body, the feathers are dufky or black in the middle, with pale rufous or whitifh margins: throat and fore part of the neck white, minutely dafhed with brown down the fhafts: breaft and fides brown, edged with white: the reft of the under parts white: the wing coverts are grey brown, dafhed down the fhafts with a deeper colour, the edges pale; fome of the greater ones white at the tips: the quills brown; the nine first have the end half of the fhafts white; the others more or lefs edged with white: the tail feathers are grey; the two middle ones brown on the inner webs; the others white within, and have the fhafts white: the legs are brown.

This bird has much affinity with the *Purre*, and is often found in company with that bird : probably a fexual difference, or that of age.

Tringa ruficollis, Pall. Tr. iii. p. 700.

SIZE of the *Purre*. The bill is fhorter than the head: the crown and hind part of the neck ftriated ferruginous and black: fore part of the neck, as far as the breaft, deep ferruginous: the reft not unlike the *Purre*: legs black.

RED-NECKED P. S. Description.

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DESCRIPTION.

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quarafhback urker, belly, two dufky

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PLACE.

JITTLE S.

184

This is protty common about the falt lakes of the province of *Dauria*, in fpring. It is gregarious, and often found in company with other fpecies.

Tringa pufilla, Lin. Syst. i. p. 252. 20.

La petite Alouette de Mer de St. Domingue, Brif. Orn. v. p. 222, pl. 25, fig. 2.

Little Sandpiper, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 207.-Gen. Birds, p. 65. pl. 12.-Arci. Zool. Nº 397.

DESCRIPTION. **S**IZE of a *Hedge Sparrow*: length five inches and eight lines, Bill brown, with a black tip: the head and all the upper parts brown, edged with black and pale rufty brown: greater wing coverts and all the quills dufky, tipped with white: tail dufky: breaft and belly white: legs black.

PLACE.

This bird is found in *England*, though not very frequent. The *British Zoology* mentions one having been shot near *Cambridge* in *September*.

It is also met with in St. Domingo, but differs in the white on the under parts being tinged with rufous; the three outer tail feathers having white fhasts; and the rump a little mottled. Our circumnavigators found it in Nootka Sound. It is likewife met with in the northern parts of Europe; and is both in Iceland and Greenland.

Tringa

Tringa Alpina, Lin. Syft. i. p. 429. 11. — Faun. Suec. N° 181. — Brun. N° 167 ? 173. — Muller, 197. — Frifeb. t. 241. — Faun. Groenl. N° 77. DUNLIN. La Becassine d'Angleterre, Brif. Orn. v. p. 309. 5. La Brunette, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 493. Dunlin, Raii Syn. p. 109. A. 12. — Will. Orn. p. 305. — Br. Zool. ii. N° 205. — Arci. Zool. N° 391. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

S IZE of the *fack Snipe*. Bill black, rather fwelling out at the end: the upper parts of the plumage ferruginous, marked with large fpots of black, and a little white: wing coverts brownifh afh-colour: throat, fore part of the neck, and breaft, white, ftreaked with dufky: belly, thighs, and vent, white; the firft irregularly marked with black in the middle: the tail has the two middle feathers brown, marked with rufous; the others very pale brown: legs black: toes divided to their origin.

This fpecies inhabits the northern parts of *England*: has been met with on the *York/bire* coaft, and on the fhores of *Flint/bire*, both in *May* and *Auguft**. Said to lay four dirty white eggs, blotched with brown round the thicker end; with a few leffer ones at the fmaller. It is alfo found in *Greenland*, *Iceland*, *Scandinavia*, the alps of *Sibiria*; and in its migration the coafts of the *Cafpian Sea*.

* Br. Zool.

Vol. III.

Bb

Tringa

PLACE AND MANNERS.

DESCRIPTION.

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Iceland

34. RED S. Tringa Icelandica, Lin. Syfl. i. Addend. Tringa ferruginea, Brun. Nº 180.—Muller, Nº 203. Scolopax fubarquata, N. C. Petr. xix. p. 471. t. 18. Red Sandpiper, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 202. pl. 72.—Arcl. Zool. Nº 392. Aberdeen D°, Br. Zool. 203.

DESCRIPTION.

L ENGTH from eight to ten inches. Bill brown, one inch and a half long, and a little bent downwards: head, hind part of the neck, and beginning of the back, dufky, marked with red: fore part of the neck and breaft cinereous, mixed with ruftcolour, and obfcurely fpotted with black: leffer wing coverts cinereous: quills dufky: fecondaries tipped with white: the two middle tail feathers dufky; the others cinereous: legs long and black.

Linnæus likens his bird to the Woodcock on the upper part; and fays, that the under parts are rufo-ferruginous: rump whitifh, undulated with black: and that the fhafts of the quills and tail feathers are white. The Aberdeen Sandpiper has the breaft reddifh brown, mixed with dufky: belly and vent white: elfe little differing in defcription from the Red, of which it is fuppofed to be the female, or a young bird.

PLACE AND MANNERS. The Red Sandpiper has appeared in great flocks on the coafts of Effex, on the effate of Col. Schutz: the Aberdeen one in Scotland. They have also been met with on the coafts of New York, Labrador, and Nootka Sound; and are also found in Iceland. In the fummer frequent the neighbourhood of the Cafpian Sea; also the river Don; but particularly about the mouth of the Choper. It is perpetually running up and down on the fandy banks, picking up infects and fmall worms, on which it feeds.

Lev.

Lev. Muf.

T ENGTH eleven inches. Bill one inch and a half long, and black: crown of the head ftreaked with brown: the upper part of the neck, back, and wings, afh-colour, mottled with brown, and sparingly spotted with buff-colour, most numerous on the scapulars : throat, fore part of the neck, and breast, pale rufous: belly dirty white: rump the fame, croffed with dusky bars: quills and tail dusky; the last palest : the upper tail coverts very long, almost reaching to the end of the tail : legs black.

Inhabits Cayenne.

PLACE.

Tringa canutus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 251. 15 .- Faun. Suec. 183.-Brun. Nº 182. Le Canut, Bris. Orn. v. p. 258. 21.-Buf. Ois. viii. p. 142. The Knot, Raii Syn. p. 108. A. 5 .- Will. Orn. p. 302. pl. 56 .- Edw.

pl. 276.-Br. Zool. ii. Nº 193.-Flor. Scot. p. 34. pl. 3.-Ard. Zool. Nº 384.

Lev. Muf.

WEIGHT four ounces and a half: length nine inches, or more. Bill one inch and a quarter; colour dusky ash: irides hazel: from the bill to the eye a dufky line; over the eye a white one: the top of the head, neck, back, and wings, aihcolour: lower order of coverts tipped with white, and edged a little way up with the fame, making a bar across the wing: greater quills darker, with white fhafts : lower part of the back and tail coverts dark afh-colour, mixed with white, forming fpots like crefcents : tail afh-coloured : the under part, from the throat to the vent, white, with fmall dufky fpots on the throat and breaft: the fides under the wings, the belly, thighs, and vent, croffed

Bb 2

^{36.} КNОТ.

DESCRIPTION.

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Lev.

187

SOUTHERN S.

DESCRIPTION.

croffed with dufky lines : ridge of the wing white : legs blueish alh-colour.

These birds vary. That in the *British Zoology* has the forehead, chin, and fore part of the neck, cinereous brown: back and scapulars brown; the feathers margined with ash-colour: tail ash-colour; the outer feather on each fide white: toes divided to the bottom. We have also feen other inconsiderable varieties.

These birds frequent the coasts of *Lincoln/hire* in great numbers, and are caught in nets by means of *Stale Birds*; fourteen dozen have thus been taken at once *: the feason, from *August* to *November*. In general disappear with the first frosts; yet *Edwards*'s bird was bought in the *London* markets in the hard frost 1740, which did not commence till *Christmas* 1739. Are fatted as the *Ruffs*, and are by fome even preferred to those birds +.

This fpecies has also been observed about Lake Baikal; and Mr. Pennant mentions a specimen which came from New York.

37. TURNSTONE. Tringa interpres, Lin. Syft. i. p. 248. 4.—Faun. Suec. Nº 178.—Brun. Nº 175.—Muller, Nº 193. E

Le Coulon-chaud, Brif. Orn. v. p. 132. 1.-Pl. Enl. 856.

Le Tourne-pierre, Buf. Ois. viii. p. 130. pl. 10.

Turnstone, or Sea Dotterel, Raii Syn. p. 112. A. 5.-Will. Orn. p. 311. pl. 58. (bad figure).-Edw. pl. 141.

Hebridal Sandpiper, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 200.—Flor. Scot. Nº 152. pl. 3.— Ar.B. Zool. Nº 382.

Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of a Thrush: length eight inches and a quarter. Bill nearly one inch; colour black, and turns a trifle upwards:

• Br. Zool. + They were fatted with bread and milk. Willugbby. forehead,

PLACE AND MANNERS,

forehead, throat, and belly, white : breaft black : neck furrounded with a black collar; from thence another bounds the fides of the neck, and paffes over the forehead : head and lower part of the neck behind white; the first streaked with dusky lines : back ferruginous mixed with black : coverts of the tail white, croffed with a black bar: tail black; tipped with white: coverts of the wings cinereous brown; the lower order edged with white : primaries and fecondaries black; the ends of the last white : tertials ferruginous and black : legs rather short, and of a full orange.

Male and female much alike.

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77.

In *Edwards*'s bird the lower part of the back and rump are white. In that defcribed by *Willughby* no mention is made of any white on the forehead or chin; and the middle of the back is white : yet in other things it fcarcely differs.

These birds appear in flocks on the western shores of England, about Penzance and Cornwall, and Aberdaren in Merionethschire, three or four in company; also frequent on the shores of Norfolk, and in Sbropschire. Are met with likewise in America. Appears in Hudson's Bay in May, and departs in September. Makes a slight nest on the dry ground, and lays four olive-coloured eggs, spotted with black, and hatches early. The young seen the middle of July. The natives call it Gega-washue.

The name of *Turnstone* has arisen from the method of fearching for infects, by turning up the stones they lurk under with their bills, which are stout for that purpose.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

Tringa

37. VAR. A. Tringa morinella, Lin. Syft. i. p. 249. 6. Le Coulon-chaud cendré, Brif. Orn. v. p. 137. 2. pl. 11. fig. 2. Turnftone, or Sea Dotterel, Catefb. Car. pl. 72.—Br. Zool. ii. Nº 199.

Description.

SIZE of the other. The upper part of the head and neck, back, wings, and fcapulars, are greyifh brown; the feathers of the laft pale on the edges: two of the fcapulars white: forehead, chin, and throat, white : fore part of the neck and breaft deep brown, variegated with white on the fides: lower part of the back, rump, belly, thighs, and under the tail, white : upper tail coverts part white, part brown: quills brown, with white fhafts; fome of them edged with white ; and the bafe of all, from the fourth, white; increasing to the nineteenth, which, with the reft, is wholly white: the tail, half way from the bafe, is white; the two middle feathers brown from thence to the end, with the tips white; the four on each fide the fame, but the brown part narrower, as the feathers are more outward ; the exterior feather wholly white, except a brown fpot on the inner web : legs red.

The last described is most certainly a mere variety of the others. The few which I have seen seem to vary much: hence the disagreement of the authors who have described them.

The above is found in Scotland, and its islands, as well as in North America.

Coulon-chaud de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 340.

VAR. B. Description.

PLACE.

BILL formed as in the others; colour dull yellow; tip black: plumage on all the upper parts mottled brown and white; the patches largeft on the back: chin, throat, fore part of the neck,

neck, and all the under parts, white : on the wings a bar of white obliquely placed, and a fecond acrofs the greater coverts : the prime quills and tail dufky black : fecondaries edged with white : legs red.

Coulon-chaud gris de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 857.

BILL black: upper parts not much unlike the laft: fides of the head mixed with more white: under the eye a dufky ftreak: forehead, chin, and throat, nearly white: breaft mottled with fmaller fpots: from thence all the under parts are white: wings and tail as in the other; the margins and tips of the laft white: legs dufky.

Both the above are defcribed from the *Planches Enluminées*. Whether the bafes of the quills and tail are white, cannot be afcertained. Both inhabit *Cayenne*; and it is very probable that they are mere varieties of the *Turnftone* first defcribed. 37. VAR. C. Description.

191

PLACE.

GENUS

99.

back, of the , chin, orown, rump, ts part f them white; wholly ie two he tips rt narfeather s red. of the hence

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black: white; of the neck,

[192]

GENUS LXX. PLOVER.

Nº 1. Golden Pl. Nº 13. Mongolian Pl. VAR. A. 14. Dotterel. 2. Ruddy Pl. VAR. A. 3. Long-legged Pl. VAR. B. 4. Sanderling. 15. Black-crowned Pl. VAR. A. 16. Dufky Pl. 5. Alwargrim Pl. 17. Fulvous Pl. 6. Noify Pl. VAR. A. VAR. A. 18. White-bellied Pl. 7. Collared Pl. 19. Red-necked Pl. 8. Ringed Pl. 20. Spur-winged Pl. VAR. A. VAR. A. 9. Alexandrine Pl. VAR. B. VAR. A. 21. Hooded Pl. VAR. B. 22. Wreathed Pl. VAR. C. 23. Wattled Pl. 10. New Zealand Pl. 24. Black-headed Pl. 11. Gregarious Pl. 25. Cream-coloured Pl. 12. Afiatic Pl. 26. Coromandel Pl.

BILL ftrait, for the most part not longer than the head*. Nostrils linear.

Toes three in number, all placed forwards.

• The long-legged, N° 3, is an exception, as the bill is nearly of twice that length. The two last species likewise differ in the bills, being curved at the end.

8

The

The birds of this genus feem to run much into one another in refpect to plumage, fo as to make it quite uncertain where to draw the specific line; and we are perfuaded that, on a further inveftigation of the individuals, many which are here placed as diftinct, will turn out to be varieties only.

Charadrius pluvialis, Lin. Syst. i. p. 254. 7 .- Faun. Suec. 190 .- Brun. Nº 187 .- Kram. El. p. 354. 1. - Frisch. t. 217. Le Pluvier doré, Brif. Orn. v. p. 43. 1. pl. 4. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 81. pl. s .- Pl. Enl. 904. Le petit Pluvier doré, Brif. Orn. v. p. 47. Nº 2. Green Plover, Raii Syn. p. 111. A. 2. 190. g .- Will. Orn. 308. pl. 57 .-Sloan. Jam. p. 318. 10. pl. 269. 1.- Albin, i. pl. 75 .- Br. Zoul. Nº 208. pl. 72 .- Ara. Zool. Nº 399. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

ENGTH ten inches and a half. Bill one inch, dusky : irides dull red: the upper part of the plumage dufky, fpotted with greenish yellow : round the eyes and the chin almost white : fides of the head, the neck, and fides of the body, the fame as the upper parts, but much paler: middle of the belly dufky white: the greater quills are dufky: tail barred dufky and dull yellow : legs black.

Individuals of this fpecies vary in colour : in fome the belly is black, in others black and white; and the fmall claw is fometimes observed in lieu of an hind toe.

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The male and female differ very little. In young birds the fpots are not of a full yellow colour, inclining more to grey.

This elegant species inhabits England the whole year, and breeds on feveral of our unfrequented mountains; is very com-VOL. III. Cc mon



DESCRIPTION.

GOLDEN PL.

PLOVER,

mon on those of the Isle of Rum, and the lostier Hebrides^{*}. Also on the Grampian, and all the heathy hills of the islands and highlands of Scotland[†]. They make a shrill whistling noise, and may be inticed within gun-shot by a skilful imitator of their voice. The eggs are four in number, two inches and one eighth in length, more pointed in shape than those of the Lapwing; of a pale cinereous olive, blotched with blackish spots. On the continent they are met with in Sweden, Denmark, Lapland, Iceland, and other northern parts: to the south as far as Aleppo[‡]; and, if the species be not mistaken, in the island of Batavia[§], as well as in China: our last voyagers met with them at Owbybee^{||}, and York Islands, in the South Seas, but of a smaller fize.

In America met with on the coast of Labrador, and Hudfon's Bay \P ; from thence to New York, as low as Carolina; migrating from one to the other according to the feasons: and, if the following be admitted as a variety, at the island of Saint Domingo, and in Cayenne^{**}.

VAR. A. Description. Le Pluvier doré de Saint Domingue, Brif. Orn. v. p. 48. pl. 6. fig. 1.

SIZE of the laft: length nine inches and three quarters. Bill the fame: the feathers round the base of it and the throat rufous white: the plumage on all the upper parts dusky, marked

* Br. Zool. † Flor. Scot. i. p. 35. ‡ Ruffel, p. 71. § Hawkef. Voy. iii. p. 782. || Ellis Nar. ii. p. '95. Alio at Tongataboo. Cook's lat Voy. i. p. 334.

¶ Mr. Hutchins definited to us a bird which we fulpect to be this, or very like it_a called by the natives $Wupu/kapethayi/\beta$.

•• One from the last place, in the collection of Colonel Davies, measures near twelve inches in length.

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with

with yellowish spots : upper tail coverts brown, streaked transverfely with pale yellow : fore part of the neck and breaft pale grey, the feathers edged with pale yellow : belly, fides, and thighs, white: prime quills brown, with white shafts : tail brown, the feathers fpotted on the margins with yellowifh white : legs grey.

Inhabits Saint Domingo.

Ruddy Plover, Art. Zool. Nº 404.

RUDDY PL. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

195

RILL strait, one inch long, and black : head, neck, breast, fcapulars, wing coverts, and those of the tail, of a ruddy colour, fpotted with black, and powdered with white: in the fcapulars and wing coverts the black prevails : the outer webs of the four first quills are brown; the inner white, tipped with brown: the upper part of the others white; the lower brown: the two middle tail feathers are brown, edged with ruft; the others of a dirty white : legs black : toes divided to their origin.

Inhabits Hudson's Bay, where it is known by the name of Mistchaychekiskaweshish.

Charadrius himantopus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 255. 11.-Haffelg. Iter. 253. Nº 29. -Scop. Ann. i. Nº 148.

+ LONG-LEGGED PL.

PLACE.

L'Echaffe, Brif. Orn. v. p. 33. 1. pl. 3. fig. 1 .- Buf. Oif. viii. p. 114. pl. 8.-Pl. Enl. 878.

Himantopus, Raii Syn. p. 106. 9. p. 193. pl. 1. fig. 1 .- Will. Orn. p. 297. pl. 54.

Long legs, Raii Syn. p. 190. 7 .- Sloan Jam. ii. p. 316. 6. pl. 267.

Long-legged Plover, Br. Zool. Nº 209.-Flor. Scot. i. p. 35. pl. 4 .- Aret. Zool. Nº 405.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

THIS is a fingular bird, on account of its great length of legs: it measures, from the end of the bill to that of the tail, thirteen

DESCRIPTION:

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thirteen inches, but to the claws nearly one foot and a half. The bill is two inches and a half long, flender, and black: irides red: the forehead, round the eye, and all the under parts, are white: the crown of the head, back, and wings, gloffy black: the hind part of the neck marked with dufky fpots: rump white: tail the fame, inclining to grey; the outer feather quite white: legs red: the outer and middle toes connected at the bafe.

This is now and then met with in England, but is far from common. Sir R. Sibbald mentions two being flot in Scotland; the British Zoology, one killed near Oxford; and Mr. White of Fleet-street is in possession of another, which was shot out of a flock of fix or feven, in Frencham ponds, in Hampleire. The plumage of this bird was wholly white, except the weaks, and the back as far as the rump, which are black : bill and legs as the other. We believe this to differ in fex merely; the more to, as two birds, answering to the above descriptions, are placed in the Leverian Museum as male and semale.

It is common in $Eg_{j\mu}t$, and is found in the marfhes there in Oblober; the food faid to be chiefly flies. It is likewife plentiful about the falt lakes, and often on the flores of the Ca/pian fea, as well as the rivers which empty themfelves into it; and in the fouthern defarts of *Independent Tartary*: we have also feen it in *Chinefe* paintings; and it is known to be at *Madras*, in the *East Indies**.

In the warmer parts of *America* it is fufficiently plentiful; and is feen as far north as *Connesticut*. We have received it from *Jamaica*, where *Sloane* tells us it is not uncoming. The fpe-

• Ray .- It is there described under the name of Red-legged Grane.

cimens

196

PLACE.

eimens from this place, as well as those from the *East Indies*, differ, in having not only the crown, but all the hind part of the neck, black; and measure fifteen inches in length*.

Charadrius calidris, Lin. Syft. i. p. 255. 9. — Georgi Reife, p. 172. Tringa arenaria, Lin. Syft. i. p. 251. 16? La petite Maubeche grife, Brif. Orn. v. p. 236. 17. pl. 20. fig. 2. La Sanderling, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 532. Sanderling, or Curwillet, Raii Syn. p. 109. A. 11. — Will. Orn. p. 303. — Albin, ii. pl. 74. — Br. Zeel. N° 212. pl. 73. — Arcl. Zeel. N° 403. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

SANDERLING.

L ENGTH eight inches: weight one ounce and three quarters: body flender. Bill one inch long, and black: the fore part of the head, fides under the eyes, and beneath, from chin to vent, white: through the eyes a greyifh ftreak: the upper part of the head, neck, and body, ftreaked with black: back and fcapulars brownifh grey, edged with dirty white: wing coverts and quills dufky: tail afh-colour, with pale margins: legs black.

The female is paler in fome parts than the male.

This species is found in flocks on the sea-coasts of Cornwall, and has also been shot in Lancasbire. Not frequent on the continent, except in the neighbourhood of Lake Baikal; but is more plenty in North America, as it abounds in the Seal Islands on the coast of Labrador.

SIZE of a Snipe. Bill one inch long, black: upper parts brownish ash-colour, mixed with brown, and streaked with 4. VAR. A. DESCRIPTION:

• This is thecase with the Mexican one; see l'Echasse du Mexique, Bris. Orn. v. p. 362.

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FEMALE. Place and Manners.

black : forehead and under parts cinereous white : leffer and middle wing coverts black, fringed with afh-colour ; the greater cinereous, with whitifh edges : quills and tail dufky : legs black. Inhabits *Newfoundland*, and is gregarious.

PLACE.

ALWARGRIM PL

Charadrius apricarius, Lin. Syst. i. p. 254. 6.—Faun. Suec. Nº 189.— Brun. Nº 186.—Muller, Nº 212.—Faun. Groenl. Nº 79.—Georgi Reife, p. 172.

Le Pluvier doré de la Baye de Hudson, Brij. Orn. v. p. 51. 4. Le Pluvier doré à gorge noire, Buf. Oij. viii. p. 85.

S. c lover, Edw. pl. 140.-Bancr. Guian. p. 173.

Alway, in Plover, Ara. Zool. Nº 398.

Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the Golden Plover. Bill one inch long, and black: eyes large: irides brown: eyelids black: the plumage on all the upper parts is black, fpotted with orange: at the bafe of the upper mandible the feathers are black: the forehead between the eyes white, which paffes over each eye in a line, down the fides of the neck, to the breaft, uniting to form a band of the fame acrofs the latter: all the fore parts of the neck, breaft, and under parts, are likewife black, except where the white band croffes: the vent fpotted with white: fecondaries, quills, and "ail, barred brown and black: legs black.

The *male* differs in having the temples black; but in the *female* they are dufky or brown.

This inhabits the northern parts of Europe, Sweden, Denmark, the Ille of Oeland*, Iceland, and Greenland. In the last it is found,

• Known there by the name of *Alwargrim*, and is faid to frequent the barren heaths.—*Faun. Succ.*

though

FEMALE.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

1.98

PLOVER,

though not in plenty, in all the fouthern lakes, feeding on mollu/ca, and the buds of black-berried beath: it arrives in fpring; and after breeding retires fouthward. It is alfo found in all the arctic parts of Russian America, at Hudson's Bay, it is well known by the name of Hawk's Eye. Comes to New York in May; breeds there, departing in collected flocks the end of October. It is probably met with alfo in Guiana, where Bancrost fays it is feen in vaft flocks near the mouths of rivers. The flesh is thought to be delicious.

> Charadrius vociferus, Lin. Syß. i. p. 253. 3. Le Pluvier à collier de Virginie, Brif. Orn. v. p. 68. 9. Kildir, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 96. Chattering Plover, or Kill-deer, Cateß. Car. i. pl. 71. Noify Plover, Ar.B. Zool. Nº 4CO. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

6. + NOISY PL.

SIZE of a Snipe: length nine inches and three quarters. Bill DESCRIPTION. above an inch long, and black: eyelids red: eyes black: the forehead is white: between the eyes, acrofs the head, a bar of black, paffing on each fide to the hind head: the chin and fore part of the neck is white; at the lower part of the neck the white encircles it like a ring, and is accompanied by a bar of black all round: on the breaft is another black bar; and, except thefe, all the under parts are white: the hind part of the head, neck, and upper part of the body and wings, are dufky brown: rump rufty orange; the feathers very long: fome of the feathers which fall over the greater quills fringed with white; the laft black; a few of the outer ones have white fhafts: tail the colour of the rump,

r and reater black.

189.— —Georgi

black : on all of the een the fides of acrofs parts, he vent brown

female:

nmark, found, e barren

though

rump, much rounded in fhape; near the end barred with black; the tip white: legs pale yellow.

Male and female much alike.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This fpecies is confined to America; and is found at New York, Virginia, and Carolina: remains in Virginia throughout the year; is there called Kill-deer, from the note refembling that word. Migrates to New York in fpring, where it breeds, and lays three or four eggs: returns fouth in autumn.

This is a very clamorous, reftless fpecies; and, like the Jay in *England*, fets up its cry the moment any one approaches, to the entire disappointment of those who carry a gun.

Charadrius torquatus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 255. 8.

6. Var. A.

Le Pluvier à collier de Saint Domingue, Brif. Orn. v. p. 70. 10. pl. 6fig. 2.—Pl. Enl. 286.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of the laft, but is an inch fhorter. The bill is blue grey, with a black tip: the forehead white, paffing through the eyes on each fide, and ending at fome diffance behind them: behind the white on the forehead, between the eyes, is a black fpot: the reft of the head grey brown, edged with sufous: the chin, throat, and fore part of the neck, white, paffing round the laft as a collar: beneath this is a collar of black, broad on the fore part: the reft of the under parts white, except a bar of black mixed with white on the breaft: the back and fcapulars grey brown, like the head: the rump and upper tail coverts rufous: the four middle tail feathers brown, with rufous tips; the others rufous, except the outer one, which is white; and all, except the two middle ones, croffed with a black bar near the ends: fome of the wing coverts are edged with rufous, and others with white:

white : greater quills black on the outer webs, and marked with white on the fhafts near the ends : legs blue grey.

Inhabits Saint Domingo.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

201

Le Pluvier à Collier de la Jamaique, Brif. Orn. v. p. 75. 11. Larger grey Snipe with a white neck, Brown Jam. p. 477. Greateft Snipe, Raii Syn. p. 190. 10.—Sloan. Jam. p. 318. pl. 265. fig. 3. (bad figure.)

SIZE a little finaller than the *noi/y Plover*: length eight inches. Bill one inch, black: irides orange: the upper part of the head, neck, body, and wings, are dull brown: throat, fore part of the neck, belly, thighs, and vent, white; at the lower part of the neck the white paffes round as a collar: breaft fpotted black and white: quills dull brown: tail whitifh, varied with rufous and blackifh: legs white, the joints dufky: claws black.

Inhabits Jamaica, where it frequents the banks of rivers.

Charadrius hiaticula, Lin. Syst. i. p. 253. 1.—Faun. Suec. 187.—Scop. 8. Ann. i. Nº 147.—Brun. Nº 184.—Muller, Nº 209.—Kram. El. p. 354. 2. + RINGED PL. —Frisch. t. 214.—Georgi Reise, p. 172.—Faun. Groenl. Nº 78.

Le petit Pluvier à Collier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 63. 8. pl. 5. fig. 2.—Pl. Enl. 921.

Le Pluvier à Collier, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 90. pl. 6.

 Sea Lark, Raii Syn. p. 112. A. 6. 190. 13.—Will. Orn. p. 310. pl. 57.— Sloan. Jam. p. 319. 13. pl. 269. fig. 2.—Albin. i. pl. 80.
 Ringed Plover, Br. Zool. N° 211.—Arst. Zool. N° 401.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

LENGTH from fix to feven inches and upwards. Bill orange, Description. the end half black: irides hazel: the base of the upper Vol. III. Dd mandible,

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mandible, and from thence through the eyes, and behind them to the ears, black : forehead white : Lehind this, from eye to eye, black : the reft of the head pale brown : chin and throat white, paffing round the neck in a broad collar : beneath this, on the lower part of the neck, is a fecond of black, encircling the neck behind, but growing narrow as it paffes backward : breaft and all the under parts white : back and wing coverts pale brown : quills dufky, mixed with fome white on the inner webs : the two middle feathers of the tail greyifh brown, growing almoft black towards the ends; the three next on each fide the fame, with the tips white; the laft but one is white, with a brown band : the outer one white, marked with a fpot only : legs orange-colour : claws black.

MALE.

PLACE AND MANNERS. than in the *female*, there is a greater portion of white in the wings, and the plumage inclines more to afh-colour. Thefe birds migrate into *England* in the fpring, and depart in autumn: frequent our fhores during the fummer. They lay four eggs an inch and a half in length of a pale afh colour

In the male the white on the forehead takes up more fpace

four eggs, an inch and a half in length, of a pale afh-colour, fpotted and blotched with black, leaft fo at the fmall end: thefe they lay on the ground, under fome fhelter, but make no neft. They run very faft, fometimes taking fhort flights, twittering loud at the fame time, then alight and run again, and if much difturbed, either fly quite off, or creep into fome hole till the danger is over.

Found also in feveral parts of the continent, and in Greenland, as well as in various parts of America, in the fouthern as well as the northern extremes. Visits Hudson's Bay the middle of June, and departs in September. Has the fame manners there as in England.

England. Is a folitary bird; and observed, on any one's approaching near the nest, to use many stratagems to decoy the person from it, by drawing off his attention. Called at Hudson's Bay, Kisqua the napi shift.

SIZE of the laft: length fix inches and a half. Bill black: forehead, and before as far as the breaft, white, paffing round the lower part of the neck as a collar: the reft of the plumage pale dufky afh-colour: the end half of the tail dufky black, the tip fringed with rufous: legs pale.

Inhabits Cayenne. I have also feen this pale-coloured variety brought from Owbybee, and have one of the fame which came from Hudfon's Bay. We believe it to be a variety only of the last; and feems to be at least as plentiful on the American continent as the dark-coloured one.

Charadrius Alexandrinus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 253. 2.—Haffelq. II. p. 256. N° 30.—Muller, N° 210.—Brun. App. p. 77. Le Pluvier à Collier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 60. pl. 5. fig. 1.

SIZE of a *Lark*. Bill black: forehead white, paffing backwards in a ftreak over the eye: from the bafe of the bill a ftreak of black runs through the eye, and reaches behind to the ears: the top of the head, the back, and wings, brown: round the neck a collar of white*: belly white: the quills blackifh grey; the first has a white shaft; from the fifth to the eighth each feather has an oblong white spot on the outer web: fecondaries and larger coverts tipped with white: the four middle tail

* Briffon's bird has a black collar beneath the white one.

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feathers

8. + VAR. A. Description.

PLACE.

ALEXANDRINE PL.

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feathers are dufky brown; the two next on each fide dirty white, tipped with brown; and the two exterior ones white*: fhape of the tail much rounded: legs black.

Inhabits Egypt, on the canal of the Nile. Feeds on infects and fmall Frogs. Found also in the diocefe of Drontheim, and Norway, and common about the falt lakes between the rivers Argun and Onon, but not observed elsewhere in the Russian dominions.

Charadrius Ægyptius, Lin. Syst. i. p. 254. 4.-Haffelq. Iter. p. 2;6. 31.

9. VAR. A. Description.

PLACE.

S IZE of a *Thrufb*. Irides black : from the forehead a line of white paffes over the cye to the hind head : the crown, fides of the head, and middle of the back, black : on the breaft a band of black, paffing backwards, and ending in a point on the back : breaft, fides of the belly, thighs, and vent, yellowifh white : throat and middle of the belly white : fides of the back and fhoulders hoary : quills white, croffed with a band of black in the middle and tip : tail even at the end; colour of the feathers hoary ; near the ends a bar of black, the tips white : legs blue : claws black.

PLACE.

Inhabits the funny plains of Egypt, and feeds on infects.

9. Var. B. Description. Lev. Muf.

LENGTH eleven inches and a half. Bill half black, half orange: crown black: over the eyes a white ftreak, paffing

• The eight middle feathers are brown, blackifh near the ends, and white at the tips; the two outer ones white: on the outer web of the exterior feather a brown fpot, and on the inner web of the last but one a few dusky fpots.—Briffon.

on

on each fide backwards to the hind head as a wreath; this is again bounded by black : all the upper parts pale brown : chin white : fore part of the neck dufky white : on the breaft a bar of black : belly and vent white: quills dufky black; fome of the inner ones have the margins white : tail white, croffed with a bar of black, an inch broad, near the end; the tip white: legs long and red.

In the Leverian Museum it is called the red-eyed Plover; one of these is also in the collection of Sir Joseph Banks, brought from the Cape of Good Hope. It is the opinion of fome, that the five last described are mere varieties*; which we cannot absolutely deny; but, till the circumftance can be more fully afcertained, we have fuffered them to ftand as above. The following may, we think, fafely be admitted as a further variety of the Alexandrine fpecies.

Petit Pluvie à collier de L'ifle de Lucen, Son. Voy. p. 84. t. 46.

CIZE of the Alexandrine Plover. Bill black : irides yellow : on the forehead is a fpot of white: from thence beyond the eye, and the fides, black ; this laft is bounded by a brown line, paffing from behind one eye to the other across the head : the hind head and nape, back, and wings, brown, the colour of umber: tail black, tipped with white: the throat, fore part of the neck, and belly, white; which is continued on each fide below the nape, fo as nearly to furround the neck: below this is a collar of black, paffing quite round the neck : legs blackifh.

This bird is found in the marshy places of the isle of Luconia, especially such as are enriched by the dung of cattle

· Buffon.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

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9. VAR. C.

DESCRIPTION.

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that feed there, which, by fertilifing the spot, perhaps may contribute to increase the produce of infects, which are its food.

IO. NEW-ZEALAND PL. Description. PL. LXXXIII. A TRIFLE bigger than the *Ringed Plover*: length eight inches. Bill one inch long, red, with a black tip: irides blue grey: eye-lids red: the fore part of the head, taking in the eye, chin, and throat, black, paffing backwards in a collar at the hind head; all the back part of the head, behind the eye, greenifh afh-colour; thefe two colours divided by white: the plumage on the upper parts of the body the fame colour as the back of the head: quills and tail dulky: the laft order of coverts white for fome part of their length, forming a bar on the wing: the under parts of the body white: legs red.

PLACE.

Inhabits Queen Charlotte's Sound. Known there the name of Doodooroa-àttoo.

In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

GREGARIOUS PL. DESCRIPTION.

Charadrius Gregarius, Pall. Trav. i. p. 456.

SIZE of a Lapwing. Bill in fhape and fize the fame as in that bird: crown of the head brown, mottled with white: forehead white, paffing in a ftreak over each eye to the hind head: through the eyes a black ftreak: body afh-colour, fomewhat approaching to that of a *Turtle*: the chin whitifh: at the lower part of the breaft a large crefcent of black; behind it a dirty rufous one; from thence to the vent white: tail even at the end, white, croffed with a black band, which is not confpig

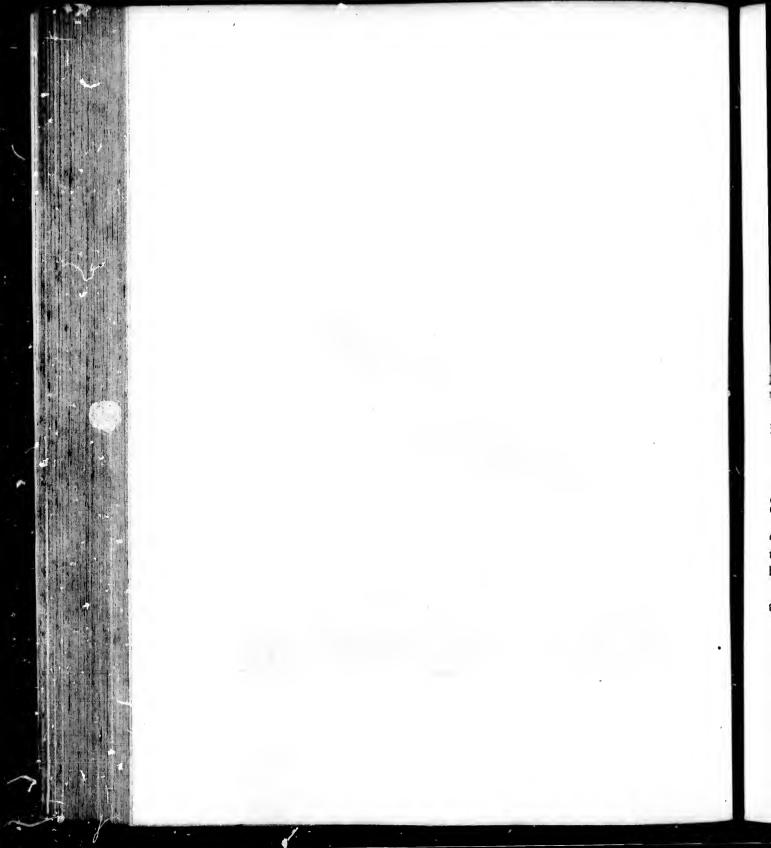


th eight p: irides og in the lar at the e, greenplumage the back f coverts he wing:

he name

ne as in h white: the hind r, fome-: at the hind it a even at t confpicuous PULLXXXIII.





cuous in the fide feathers: legs furnished with an imperfect back toe.

This frequents the fields about the Volga, Jaick, and Samara, PLACE. in flocks, and is pretty plentiful; but not feen farther north than 54 degrees. Is called by fome the Hen of the Steppes *.

Charadrius Afiaticus, Pall. Trav. ii. p. 715.

A LITTLE bigger than the *Ringed Plover*. Bill as in that bird: crown of the head, the back, and wings, greyifh afhcoloured brown: forehead, eye-brows, fides of the head, and chin, white: from thence to the middle of the neck ferruginous, bounded by a transverse band of brown: the reft of the under parts white: tail brown, the feathers whitish on the edges, and tipped with black: legs red.

Inhabits the falt lakes of the fouthern defarts, of *Tartary*; and is a rare and folitary bird.

Charadrius Mongolus, Pall. Tr. iii. p. 700: 29.

SIZE of the *Dotterel*. Forehead white; crown black: from the bill arifes a ftreak of black, which grows wider, and encircles the throat, which is white; beyond this the fore part of the neck is ferruginous: breaft the fame, but paler: belly white: back cinereous brown.

Inhabits the falt lakes on the confines of the Mongolian country, in tolerable plenty. Is a folicary fpecies.

* Ruffia, vol. iv. p. 282 .- Dec. Ruff. ii. p. 17.

13. MONGOLIAN

PLACE.

ASIATIC PL.

DESCRIPTION,

PL. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE

Charadrius

+ DOTTEREL.

- Charadrius Morinellus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 249. 5.-Faun. Suec. Nº 188.-Brun. Nº 185.-Muller, Nº 211.
- Le petit Plavier, ou le Guignard, Brif. Orn. v. p. 54. 5. pl. 4. fig. 2.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 87.-Pl. Enl. 832.

The Dotterel, Raii Syn. p. 111. A. 4. --Will. Orn. p. 309. pl. 55. 57.-Albin, ii. pl. 62. --Br. Zool. Nº 210. pl. 73. -- Ar. a. Zool. p. 487. A. Lev. Muf.

Description.

LENGTH from nine to ten inches: weight four ounces. Bill lefs than an inch long, and black: the forehead is dufky and grey mixed; the back part of it dull black: over the eye is a white band, which bends downwards, and paffes to the hind head: fides of the head, and throat, white: the hind part of the neck, the back, and wings, greyifh brown, the feathers margined with pale ferruginous; but those of the lower part of the back and rump incline to grey: fore part of the neck cinereous olive, mixed with a little white next the throat; the lower part of the neck is bounded with a line of black, beneath it another of white: the breaft and fides of a pale dull orange: middle of the belly black; lower part of the belly and thighs rufous white: the greater quills are brown; the outer edge and fhaft of the first white: tail olive brown; near the end a bar of dufky; the tip white; the two outer feathers margined with white: legs black.

FEMALE.

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PLACE AND MANNERS. dull.

These birds are common in some parts of *England*; in others not known. Found in tolerable plenty in *Cambridgeshire*, *Lin*colnshire, and *Derbyshire*. Are migratory, appearing in flocks of eight

The female differs in being a trifle bigger; having the black

on the belly mixed with white, and a white line on the breaft; the white over the eye narrower; and the colour in general more

Iº 188.-

fig. 2.-

5. 57 ----

187. A.

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the tip black.

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eight

eight or ten, the latter end of April, and ftay all May and June, when they get very fat, and are much effeemed for the table. In April and September taken on the Wilt/bire and Berk/bire downs: in the beginning of the first month are seen on the sea fide at Meales in Lanca/bire, continuing there about three weeks; from thence remove northward to Leyton Haws, where they stay about a fortnight*; and at the same time are in plenty about Holdernefs, and upon the York/bire woulds \ddagger . It is very probable that they breed in the mountains of C: nberland and Westmoreland, as they appear there in May, and are not observed there after the breeding feason \ddagger .

They are common in the northern parts of *Europe*, where we may fuppofe they likewife breed. *Linnœus* fays, that they are very frequent in *Dalecarlia*, and the *Lapland* alps; and that they visit *Sweden* in *May*. Known to breed in the northern parts of *Ruffia* and *Sibiria*; appearing fouthward only in their migrations. They are stupid birds, and are easily enticed into a net, or defiroyed by the gun.

Le Guignard d'An eterre, Brif. Orn. v. p. 58.6. Dottrel, Albin, ii. pl. 63.

THIS varies little from the laft defcribed. Irides white : the crown of the head varied with white, greyifh brown, and pale yellow : fore part of the neck, breaft, belly, fides, and thighs, pale yellow and white mixed : the two middle tail feathers brown ; the others white : legs greenifh.

* Br. Zool. + Mr. Tunstall.

[‡] Ten or twelve were shot on the top of Skiddaw, in the month of June last. Dr. Heysham.—Breed on several of the Highland hills. Flor. Scot.

Vol. III. E e

PLACE.

14. VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

Charadrius

PLOVER,

Charadrius tataricus, Pall. Trav. ii. p. 714. 32.*

SIZE of a Miffel Thrush. Top of the head black, the feathers edged with white : over the eye a white ftreak, passing to the hind head, where it is pretty broad: the hind part of the neck is dark ash-colour; the fore part the same, but paler : fides of the head and chin white, dotted with black : across the throat a transverse collar of black : the breast ferruginous, with a band of black; from thence to the vent white : wings brown; the edges of some of the features yellowish : tail feathers much the fame, with the ends black.

Inhabits the falt lakes of the fouthern defarts of *Tartary*, with the laft deferibed.

Black-crowned Plover, Arct. Zool. Nº 402. Lev. Mus.

LENGTH ten inches. Bill ar inch long, red, with the end black: forehead black: crown the fame, furrounded with a circle of white: throat white: neck and breaft very light afhcoloured brown, divided from the belly by a dufky transverfe ftroke: belly and vent white: back, fcapulars, and wing coverts, cinereous brown: primaries dufky; towards the bottoms white: tail white at the bafe; black towards the end; the tip white: legs very long; naked an inch above the knees; and of a blood red: toes very fhort.

PLACE.

Inhabits the province of New York. Has much the habit of the European Dotterel.

BIGGER

210

VAR. B.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

BLACK.

DESCRIPTION.

CROWNED PL.

BIGGER than a Snipe. Bill black : forehead pale reddiff white : plumage on the upper part of the bird dufky; the feathers with pale edges : chin and fore part of the neck dufky white : lower part of the neck, breaft, and under parts, dufky yellow oker-colour, with a tinge of red : the neck marked with pale and dufky ftreaks, and transversely mottled on the fides with narrow lines : quills dufky : legs blueifh : claws black.

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ER.

Inhabits New Zealand. Found at Dufky Bay. The name given it by the natives Hapoho-èra. From the collection of Sir Jofeph Banks.

LESS than the Lapwing: length twelve inches and a half. Bill dufky: irides blueifh black: the plumage above, from the crown of the head to the rump, black; the feathers margined with fulvous yellow: the forehead and throat dufky white: breaft fulvous, fpotted with black: the reft of the under parts dufky white, fpotted with black: the wing coverts are black, fpotted with fulvous; the lower order brown black, tipped with white: quills brownifh black; the fhafts white: tail the fame colour, croffed with whitifh bands: legs blue: claws black, and blunt.

Inhabits the flores and marshy places of Otabeite. Communicated by Dr. Forster.

Lev. Muf.

LENGTH eight inches. Bill one inch, dark brown; the noftrils pervious: the plumage on the upper parts of the body brown; each feather margined with a golden yellow: the under part of the body white, except the breaft, which is of a dufky E e 2 pale PLACE.

16. DUSKY PL.

DESCRIPTION.

FULVOUS PL. Description,

PLACE.

17. VAR. A. . Description.

pale brown : quills brown; the end half of the fhafts white : the fecondaries as long as the quills, and both of them reach to the end of the tail, and hide it : the tail is two inches long, brown, and marked with obfcure pale brown fpots on each fide of the webs : legs about two inches long, and of a pale yellow.

Native place uncertain. It feems clearly to correspond with the last; but is confiderably lefs in fize.

18. WHITE-BEL-LIED PL. Description.

PLACE.

Lev. Muf.

LENGTH fix inches. Bill one inch: the plumage on the upper parts dirty brown: the forehead white: above and beneath the eye a ftreak of the fame: under parts white: fecondaries and prime quills equal in length; fome of the first white from the base for half the length; the shafts white: fix of the middle tail feathers brown; the outer of these is white just at the tip and base; the three exterior ones white; the last but one has a brown spot on the inner web near the tip; and the third is black at the end: legs pale blue.

PLACE,

19. RED-NECKED PL. Description.

PLACE.

SIZE of the *Purre*. The bill flefh-coloured; the end black: irides orange: head and neck black: on each fide of the neck a large fquare chefnut fpot, the fize of a filver penny, almost meeting together at the back part: the upper part of the plumage afh-colour, with a little mixture of white about the baftard wing: the breaft and under parts white: quills and tail dufky: legs flefh-colour.

Native place uncertain.

Inhabits the South Seas. Found in Adventure Bay, Van Diemen's Land.

Charadrius

Charadrius spinosus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 256. 12.—Hasselfelq. Iter. p. 260. 261. Le Pluvier armé du Senegal, Bris. Orn. v. p. 86. pl. 7. fig. 2.—Pl. Enl. 801. SPUR-WINGED Le Pluvier à aigrette, Bus. Ois. viii. p. 99. Br. Mus. Lev. Mus.

SIZE of the Golden Plover: length twelve inches. Bill above an inch long, and black: irides red: the crown of the head and throat are black, paffing a little way down the neck before: the hind head a little crefted: the back part of the neck, and upper part of the body, and fcapulars, grey: fides of the head, and all the under part, from throat to vent, yellowifh white, except a crefcent of black on the breaft, the convex part uppermoft: the leffer wing coverts are black; the middle ones as the back; the greater yellowifh white; but fome of the outer ones, and the nine outer great. quills, are black; the ten next half white half black; the two following yellowifh white; and the four next the body grey: on the fore part of the wing, juft within the bend, is a fpur half an inch in length, a little bent, and black: tail yellowifh white, tipped with black, deepeft on the two middle feathers: legs black.

This fpecies inhabits the marfhy places of lower Egypt, in the month of *September*; is also found in other parts of that neighbourhood. It goes there by the name of *Dominican*, the neck being black, with white fides, not unaptly refembling the fame part of the habit of that order *.

* Haffelquift.

Charadrius,

PLACE

DESCRIPTION.

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Die-

lrius

20. Var. A.

214

Charadrius fpinofus, Lin. Sy/1. i. p. 256. 12. B. Le Pluvier hupé de Perle, Brif. Orn. v. p. 84. 14.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 98. Black-breafted Indian Plover, Edw. pl. 47. (male). Spur-winged Plover, Edw. pl. 280. (female).

DESCRIPTION.

L ENGTH eleven inches and a half: breadth twenty-three inches: weight four ounces. Bill a little more than one inch, and black: top of the head gloffy black: hind head a little crefted: cheeks, hind head, and fides of the neck, white: upper part of the neck, back, fcapulars, rump, and upper tail coverts, chefnut brown: throat and fore part of the neck black: breaft and upper part of the belly the fame; the firft gloffed with violet: the lower part of the belly and vent white: wing coverts like the back; but those fartheft from the body, and fecondaries, brownish chefnut, tipped with white: greater quills black: the tail four inches long; even at the end; white for two-thirds of the length; the reft black: legs deep brown.

FEMALE.

The other (fuppofed to be the $f \leq le$) is the fize of a Lapwing. Bill and creft the fame: differs chiefly in having the whole of the neck white: the black on the throat only reaching for an inch down: breaft and u_r per part of the belly black: outer tail feathers tipped with white. Both of them have a fpur on the bend of the wing.

PLACE.

These inhabit Russia; and are very frequent near Aleppo, about the river Coic*.

• Ruffel, p. 72. pl. 11.—In the plate the bird feems to have a back toe, or at leaft a fpur; though the text mentions only three toes in all. The having a minute fpur is not uncommon in the *Plover* genus; the fpecimen in the *Britifb* Mufeum is furnished with a small one.

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Le Pluvier armé de Cayenne, Buf. Ois. viii. p. 102.-Pl. Enl. 833.

LENGTH about nine inches. Bill one inch; colour dufky: the back part of the head, and nape of the neck, are white, mixed with grey: the fore part and fides black, paffing back to the nape, and occupying all the hind part of the neck; and then comes forward on the fore part, above the breaft: between this and the chin it is white: the middle of the back and wings is rufous grey: near the bend of the wing a fharp bent fpur: fcapulars and quills black: the under parts, from the breaft, white: the bafe half of the tail is white, the reft black : legs yellowifh.

This inhabits Cayenne.

LENGTH ten inches and a half. Bill yellow, red towards the end, and black at the tip: the forehead covered with a carunculated yellow membrane, passing round the eyes: the head, and a little way on the neck, black: the hind head furnished with a few short pointed feathers', hanging like a small creft; under this the hind head is white: the upper parts of the body are ru-

grey: all the under parts white, with a few dufky dafhes down the fore part of the neck: the quills and end of the tail black; the laft fhort: legs red.

This is found at Senegal.

20. VAR. B. DESCRIPTION.

215

PLACE.

HOODED PL.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE

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WREATHED PL. Le Pluvier couronne, Buf. Oi/. viii. p. 101: Pluvier du Cap de Bonne Esperance, Pl. Enl. 800.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is twelve inches in length. The bill is reddifh, towards the point dufky: the head even with the eve, and chin, are black: round the crown runs a lift of white, encircling the head like a wreath: the hind part of the neck, and upper part of the body, are brown, with a glofs of greenifh purple in fome lights; this is likewife feen on the breaft, which is marked with a few fpots of black: the neck, as far as the breaft, is grey: the belly white; as are the greater coverts: the tail white, with a broad band of black near the end: quills black: legs ruft-colour. This comes from the Cape of Good Hope.

PLACE.

23. WATTLED PL.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the *Golden Plover*: length nine inches and a half. The bill is yellow: on the forehead a naked bare fkin, hanging down in a pointed flap on each fide of the jaw: crown of the head black: through the eye a white ftreak: the neck and upper parts of the body yellowifh grey, deepeft on the back: the under parts, from the breaft, white: acrofs the greater wing coverts a band of white: quills black: the tail is like the back, croffed with a black bar at the end; and the tips and outfides of fome of the outer feathers white: legs pale yellow.

This is met with on the coaft of Malabar.

Le Pluvier à lambeaux, Buf. Oi/. viii. p. 102.

Pluvier de la Cote de Malabar, Pl. Enl. 880.

PLACE.

Le

Le Pluvian, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 104.-Pl. Enl. 918.

L ENGTH feven inches. Bill black; one inch long: the upper part of the head, taking in the eyes, is black: the forehead yellowifh, paffing over each eye in a broad ftreak: the hind part of the neck and back are black: the wings, rump, and tail, greyifh afh-colour: the quills black, mottled with white on the outer part of the wing: all the tail feathers except the two middle ones marked with black near the ends; the very tips white: the under parts, from the chin, pale rufous, deepeft on the breaft, where it is mottled with transfverse dusky markings; and towards the vent nearly white: legs cinereous grey: claws black.

Native place not mentioned.

Le Courvite, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 128 .- Pl. Enl. 795.

LENGTH ten inches. Bill three quarters of an inch; fiender, bent at the tip, not unlike that of the *Pratincole*: plumage in general cream-colour, paleft beneath: behind the eyes a patch of black; through them a pale ftreak, paffing to the hind head, and dividing the black: quills black: tail the fame as the upper parts, marked with black near the tip: legs yellowifh white.

The above was killed in *France*: it was observed to run with great fwiftness.

Le Courvite de la Coromandel, Pl. Enl. 892.

26. COROMANDEL PL. Description.

PLACE.

CREAM-CO-LOURED PL.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the other. Top of the head, and fore parts as far as the breaft, reddifh chefnut: chin whitifh: behind the eye a Vol. III. F f white

BLACK-HEAD-ED PL. Description.

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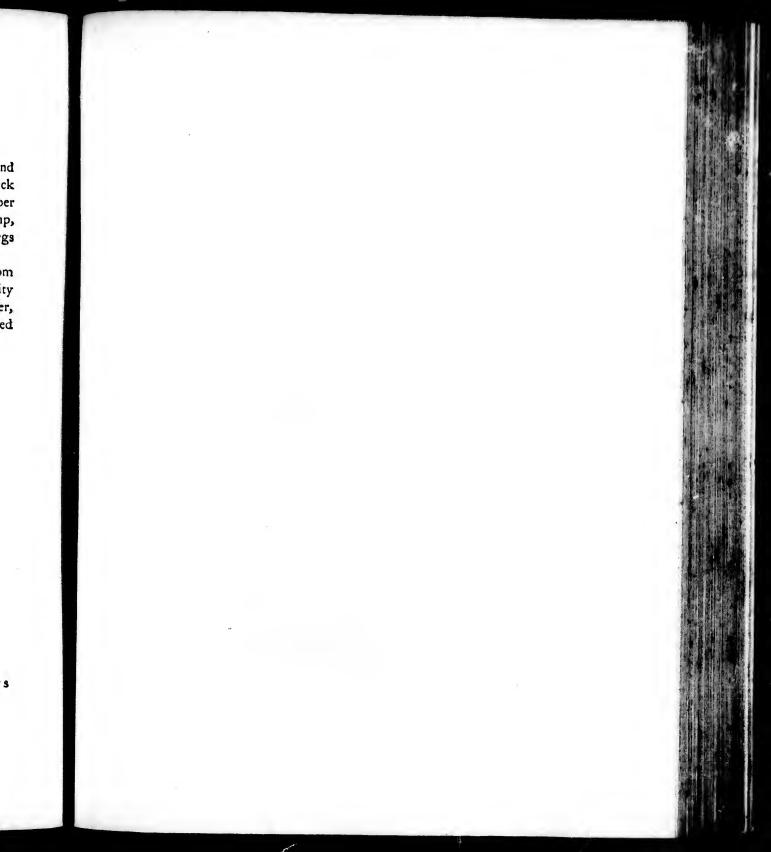
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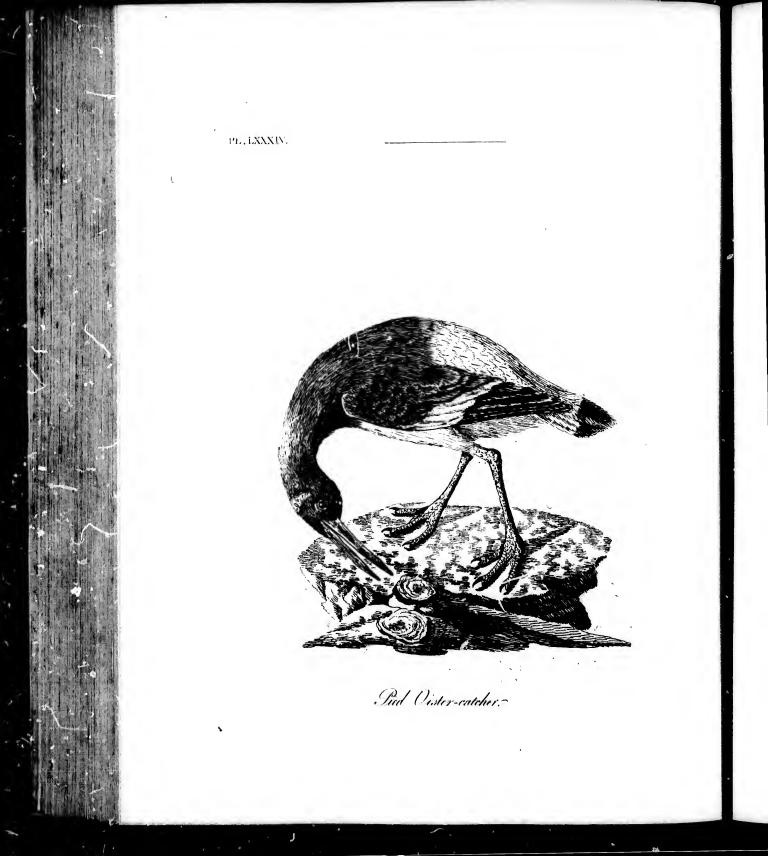
white ftreak, and through the eye a black one, paffing to the hind head, the white entering a little way into the black at the back part : behind the neck, the back, wings, and tail, brown : upper part of the belly dufky : the reft of the parts beneath, the rump, upper tail coverts, and tip of the tail, white : quills black : legs yellowifh white.

PLACE.

From the coast of *Coromandel*. The two last differ much from the *Plovers* in the shape of the bill; but have so great an affinity to them on account of the toes, which are only three in number, and all placed forward, that they cannot with propriety be placed in any other genus.

GENUS





[219]

GENUS LXXI. OISTER-CATCHER.

Nº 1. Pied Oifter-catcher.

D I L L long, compressed, cuneated at the end. D Noftrils linear.

Tongue fcarce a third of the length of the bill.

Toes three in number, all placed forwards; the exterior joined to the middle by a ftrong membrane.

Hæmatopus oftralegus, Lin Syft. i. p. 257: 1.-Faun. Suec. 192.-Brun. +PIED OISTER-189 .- Muller, p. 27. Nº 215. CATCHER. Scolopax Pica, Scop. Ann. i. Nº 135. PL. LXXXIV. L'Hutrier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 38. pl. 3. fig. 2.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 119. pl. 9. -Pl. Enl. 929. Sea-pie, Raii Syn. p. 105. 7 .- Will. Orn. p. 297 .- Albin, i. pl. 78. Pied Oifter-catcher, Br. Zool. p. 213 .- Catef. Car. i. pl. 85 .- Aret. Zool.

Nº 406.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

GIZE of a Crow : length fixteen inches and a quarter : weight feventeen ounces. Bill above three inches in length; ftrait, compressed on the fides, and in old birds blunt at the end; the colour of it and the eye-lids orange: irides a glowing crimfon: the head and neck are black, except a fmall fpot of white under the eye-lid, and a crefcent of the fame acrofs the throat: the leffer wing coverts, fcapulars, and upper part of the back, are black: the middle coverts the fame, tipped with white: the greater white: the quills are black, marked more or lefs with

DESCRIPTION.

Ff 2

white

OISTER-CATCHER.

white within: the lower part of the back, rump, breaft, and under parts, are white: tail white half way from the bafe, the end half black: legs dirty red: claws black.

Birds have been feen with the end half of the bill black; and in others the white under the eye-lid and chin are both wanting: the laft is also not unfrequently met with white, mottled with black.

The Oifter-catcher is pretty common in England; most fo on the western shores; feeding on shell-fish, and in particular oisters and limpets. On observing any one of the first, which gapes wide enough for the infertion of its bill, it thrufts it in, and takes out the inhabitant: it will also force the limpets from their adhefion to the rocks with fufficient eafe. In turn feeds on marine infests and worms. In winter we often fee thefe birds in confiderable flocks; but they do not depart from us. In the fummer are met with only in pairs, though chiefly in the neighbourhood of the fea or falt rivers. The female lays four or five eggs, on the bare ground, on the fhore, above high-water mark : they are of a greenish grey, blotched with black. The young are faid to be hatched in about three weeks. These birds are pretty wild when in flocks, yet are eafily brought up tame, if taken young : I have known them to be thus kept for a long time, frequenting the ponds and ditches during the day, attending the ducks and other poultry to shelter of nights, and not unfrequently to come up of themselves as the evening approaches. Are known in fome parts of England by the name of Sea-Pie, or Olive.

This fpecies feems a general inhabitant; being found in moft parts of the old continent, and univerfally in the neighbourhood of the fea. It is also fufficiently plenty throughout America, from

PLACE AND MANNERS.

OISTER-CATCHER.

from New-York to the Bahama Iflands *, as well as Cayenne and Surinam †. Dampier met with it on the coaft of New Holland ‡, and Kæmpfer at Japan §; our late circumnavigators, at Van Diemen's Land, Terra del Fuego ||, and New Zealand **: but in the laft-named places, as well as in fome others ††, the plumage is wholly black.

* Aret. Zool.-Catefb. Car. 1. 85 .- Park. Voy. p. 144.

+ Descrip. Surin. ii. p. 167. ‡ Voy. iii. pl. in 123.-Cook's last Voy. i. 110.

§ Kamp. Jap. i. p. 113. || Forf. Voy. i. p. 453 -Park. Voy. p. 483.

** Hawkefw. Voy. ii. p. 333 .- Cook's laft Voy. i. p. 151.- ld. ii. p. 378.

++ In the illand of Curaçoa.-Feuill. Obf. 1725. p. 289.

Genus

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[222]

GENUS LXXII. PRATINCOLE.

N[•] I. Auftrian Pr. VAR. A. Collared Pr. VAR. B. Maldivian Pr. VAR. C. Coromandel Pr. VAR. D. Madras Pr. Nº 2. Senegal Pr.

3. Spotted Pr.

B I L L fhort, ftrong, ftrait, hooked at the end: gape wide. Noftrils, near the bafe, linear, oblique.

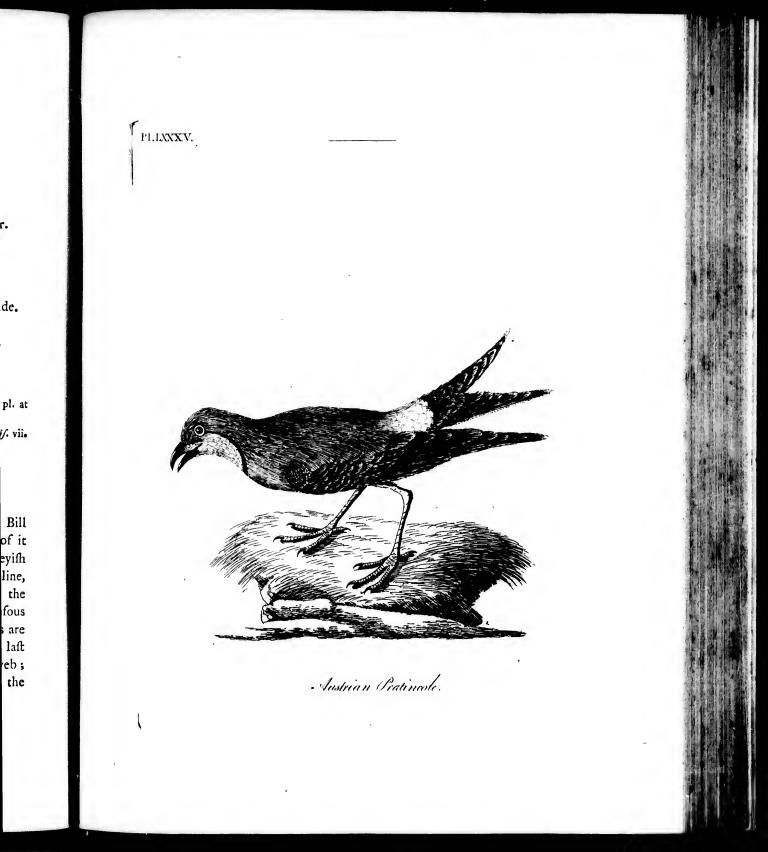
Toes long, flender, connected by a membrane at the bafe. Tail forked; confifting of twelve feathers.

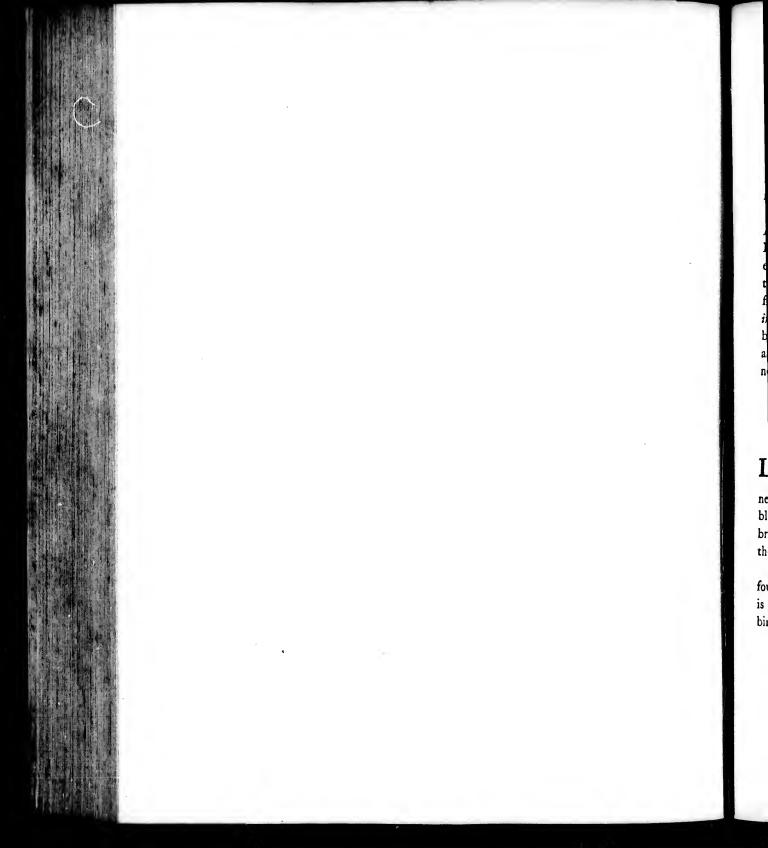
AUSTRIAN PR.

Hirundo Pratincola, Lin. Sylt. i. p. 345. 12.—Kram. El. p. 381. pl. at the end.
La Perdiix de Mer, Brij. Orn. v. p. 141. 1. pl. 12. fig. 1.—Buf. Oij. vii.

p. 544.—Pl. Enl. 882. Hirundo marina Aldrov. Raii Syn. p. 72. Sea Swallow of Aldrovandus, Will. Orn. p. 214. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION. PL, LXXXV. S_{ten} IZE of a *Blackbird*: length nine inches and a quarter. Bill ten lines and a half long, curved at the end; the bafe of it red, the reft black: the upper parts of the bird are of a greyifh brown: chin and throat white, furrounded with a black line, which begins at the hinder angle of the eye, and bounds the whole of the white parts all round: the under parts are rufous grey, growing paler towards the vent: the upper tail coverts are alfo of this laft colour: the quills and tail are dufky; the laft much forked in fhape, and tipped with grey on the inner web; 6 the





PRATINCOLE.

the outer web of the exterior feather white the whole of its length: the legs and bare fpace above the knees are blood red.

This bird inhabits Germany, particularly the borders of the *Rbine*, near Strafburgh, and lives on worms and aquatic infects. It is alfo at times feen in fome of the provinces of France, especially Lorraine; but is in the greatest plenty in the deferts towards the Caspian Sea, frequenting the dry plains in great flocks. It is common alfo throughout the whole defert of the independent Tartars, as far as the rivers Kamyschloska and Irtifh, but not farther into Sibiria, the plains fit for it being there at an end; and in general it is not observed beyond 53 deg. to the northward*.

La Perdrix de Mer à collier, Brif. Orn. v. p. 145. 2.—Buf. Oif. vii. p. 546.

LESS than the other. Bill dufky: the plumage on the upper parts grey brown: on each fide of the head is a white fpot near the eyes: the fpace between the two fpots, or forehead, is black: throat and fore part of the neck white, furrounded by a brown line like a collar: the breaft and under parts are whitifh: the quills dufky: the tail like the back: legs blackifh.

It makes the neft on the fandy fhores of rivers; and is always found in the neighbourhood of ftreams. Inhabits Germany, and is faid to lay as far as feven oblong eggs. Is a noify, reftlefs bird.

. Mr. Pennant.

I. VAR. A. COLLARED PR.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

Perdrix

PLACE.

PRATINCOLE.

Perdrix de Mer, Son. Voy. p. 216.

VAR. B. MALDIVIAN PR. Description.

THIS is nine inches in length. The bill black: irides red brown: the head and upper parts of the body the colour of umber: under wing coverts red brown: throat white, furrounded with a black band, and each feather has a longitudinal black line: the quills and tail are black: the rump, belly, and vent, white.

PLACE.

This was taken at open fea, in the latitude of the *Maldivia Ifles.* It lived a month on flies, and bread foaked in water. Mr. *Sonnerat* mentions two other fpecies.

VAR. C. COROMANDEL PR. Description. T HE fecond has the head and upper parts paler: throat rufous white, encircled with a black band: quills blackish brown: beneath the wings bright chefnut: tail forked; the feathers white half way from the base, and brown the reft of their length, with a spot of dirty grey at the end: rump and upper tail coverts white, occupying more space than in the former: breast rufous white: belly and vent white: irides reddish: bill and legs black.

Found on the coaft of Coromandel.

PLACE.

VAR. D. MADRAS PR. Description. THE third is lefs than the others. The wings reach beyond the end of the tail: top of the head deep brown: neck, back, and wing coverts dirty rufous grey: quills brown: under wing coverts pale red brown: upper tail coverts white, but this takes up lefs fpace than in the others: the two middle tail feathers are brown; the others the fame, with a curved white mark at the ends; the outer ones half white from the bafe, and brown the reft

PRATINCOLE.

reft of their length: breaft and belly pale brown: thighs and vent white : bill and legs black : irides red brown.

This also is found about Madras, and other parts on the coast PLACE. of Coromandel.

Tringa fusca, Lin. Syl. i. p. 252. 22. La Perdrix de Mer du Senegal, Bris. Orn. v. p. 148. 4. - brune, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 544.

T ENGTH nine inches and a half. Bill eleven lines long, DESCRIPTION. and brown: general colour of the plumage brown: tail forked as in the others : legs brown. Inhabits Senegal. PLACE.

La Perdrix de Mer tachetée, Brif. Orn. v. p. 147. 3. La Giarole, Buf. Oif. vii. p. 545. Gallinula melampus, Rotknussel, Raii Syn. p. 109. 9.-Will. Orn. p. 304. pl. 56. (fig. bad.)

SIZE of the others. The bill is black : the head, neck, breaft, and upper part of the belly, are fpotted brown and white: the upper parts of the body brown, but the fpots lefs diffinct: the lower part of the belly, fides, and vent, rufous white, fpotted with black: the quills are black: the fecond quills black and ash-colour: tail whitish, tipped with black: legs and bare space above the knees of this laft colour.

Inhabits Germany.

VOL. III.

Gg

GENUS

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION

SPOTTED PR.

SENEGAL PR.

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[226]

GENUS LXXIII. RAIL.

Nº 1.	Water Rail.	N°	11.	Pacific R.
	VAR. A. Virginian R.		12.	Tabuan R.
2.	Clapper R.		13.	Black R.
3.	Troglodyte R.		14.	Sandwich R.
4.	Philippine R.		15.	Otaheite R.
	VAR. A.		16.	Dufky R.
	VAR. B.		17.	Long-billed R.
	VAR. C.		18.	Variegated R.
5.	Banded R.		19.	Cayenne R.
6.	Brown R.			VAR. A.
7.	Red-breafted R.		20.	Jamaica R.
8.	Cape R.		21.	Little R.
9.	Blue-necked R.			VAR. A.
10.	Ceylon R.		22.	Barbary R.

BILL flender, a little compreffed, and flightly incurvated. Noftrils fmall. Tongue rough at the end. Body much compreffed.

Tail very fhort.

Rallus

R I L.

Rallus aquaticus, Lin. Syf. i. p. 262. 2. - Faun. Suec. Nº 195 .- Scop. Ann. i. +WATERRAIL. Nº 155 .- Brun. Nº 193 .- Muller, Nº 219 .- Kram. El. p. 349. 2. Le Râle d'Eau, Brif. Orn. v. p. 151. 1. pl. 12. fig. 2.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 154. pl. 13 .- Pl. Enl. 749. Gallinula ferica Gesneri, Raii Syn. p. 114. 4? Velvet Runner, Will. Orn. p. 315? Water Rail, Bilcock, or Brook-ouzel, Raii Syn. p. 113. A. 2. 190. 12.-Will. Orn. p. 314. pl. 58 .- Sloan Jam. p. 321. 16 .- Albin, i. pl. 77 .-Br. Zool. ii. Nº 214. pl. 75. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

T ENGTH twelve inches: breadth fixteen: weight four ounces and a half. Bill an inch and three quarters; colour dufky black, at the bafe reddifh : irides red : all the upper parts are olive brown'; the middle of each feather black: the under parts, from the chin to the middle of the belly, afh-colour*: the lower belly, thighs, and vent, the fame, with rufous edges : fides of the body transversely barred with black and white: quills dusky : under tail coverts white : tail flort, and black ; the tips of the two middle feathers ferruginous; the others the fame on the margins : legs dufky red : toes long, and divided to the bottom.

This fpecies is fufficiently common in this kingdom; but in the northern parts of it is only feen in winter.

The egg is more than an inch and a half in length; of a pale yellowish colour, marked all over with dusky brown spots, of nearly the fame fize, but irregular.

It is found chiefly on the edges of ponds and rivulets well furnished with cover, under which it may run for shelter on the ap-

* Briffon observes, that in some birds the feathers on the fore part of the neck are margined with white : fuch I have feen, but fuppose them to be young birds. Gg2 pearance

PLACE AND MANNERS.

DESCRIPTION.

227

llus

pearance of an enemy; it rather trufts to its legs than its wings, as it runs very faft and flies but ill, and during flight the legs hang down: it will alfo frequently take to the water, where it fwims tolerably well; and often feen to run on the furface, if there be any weeds to bear it up. This bird is alfo found in plenty on the continent of *Europe*, *Sweden*, *Norway*, and *Ruffia* throughout: likewife in the weftern part of *Sibiria*. On the continent is migratory, being feen fpring and autumn paffing over the ifland of *Malta*; and has been met with at fea fifty leagues diftant from the coaft of *Portugal**.

> Rallus Virginianus, Lin. Syf. i. p. 263. 10. Le Râle de Penfilvanie, Brif. Orn. vi. Suppl. p. 138. American Water Rail, Edw. pl. 279. Virginian Rail, Arct. Zool. Nº 408. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

VIRGINIAN R.

SIZE of the laft. Bill dufky, with the point black; the under mandible reddifh at the bafe \dagger : irides red: crown dufky: fides afh-coloured: from the bill, over each eye, a ftreak of white: chin the fame: hind part of the neck, back, and tail, brown ftreaked with black; fore part of the neck and breaft brownifh orange: lower part of the belly, fides, and thighs, barred dufky and white: vent white, orange, and black, mixed: the wing coverts reddifh brown: ridge of the wings white: quills and tail dufky: legs dark flefh-colour.

PLACE.

• Hift. des Oif.

Inhabits Pensylvania.

+ Edwards mentions a fmall degree of baldnefs on the forehead; but I could never find it in any which have come under my infpection.

Clapper

R A I L:

Clapper Rail, Artt. Zool. Nº 407. I.er., Muf.

LARGER than our *Rail*: length from fourteen to fixteen inches. Bill two inches long; colour dufky brown: crown, and all the upper parts of the bird, olive brown, the feathers edged with pale afh-colour: cheeks afh-colour: chin white: fore part of the neck and breaft yellowifh brown: fides over the thighs barred afh-colour and white: legs brown.

Inhabits New York from May to October. Lays in June. Is PLACE. called there the Meadow Clapper*.

Lev. Muf.

S IZE of a fmall *Fowl*: length feventeen inches. Bill reddifh brown, two inches long, and a trifle bent: irides dirty yellow: the feathers of the crown, neck, back, breaft, and belly, are brown, margined with rufous grey: cheeks and throat cinereous: over the eye a ftreak of the fame: the wings are very fhort; the coverts the fame colour as the back: the baftard wing furnifhed with a fpine, which is half an inch long, ftrait, pointed, and lies hid among the feathers: quills brown, marked with tranfverfe ferruginous fpots on each margin: vent and fides brown: tail four inches long; brown, margined with rufous grey: legs reddifh brown.

That in the Leverian Museum has the upper parts of a deep chefnut, the feathers dashed with black down the shafts : the under parts cinereous, verging to chefnut on the breast : quills,

· Ara. Zool.

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TROGLODYTE R. Description;

2. - CLAPPER R

DESCRIPTION.

RAIL.

lower order of coverts, and tail, barred chefnut and black : legs flout, brown.

PLACE AND MANNERS. These inhabit New Zealand, particularly in Dufky Bay, where they are numerous, and are called Water Hens; and indeed, at a distance, appear not unlike Fowls. They run fwiftly, and fcratch on the ground like our poultry: from the shortness of their wings are unable to fly, nor do they ever take to the water: chiefly met with on a fea-beach, and the skirts of woods, w' ere they pick up worms, &c. their chief food. Are often found under the roots of trees; and will frequently run into holes, and hide under the bushes: faid to cry against rain. Are very tame, infomuch as to suffer themselves to be knocked down with a stick. Were esteemed as good food by our people, but thought to be best when skinned: the fat is high-coloured, inclining to orange*.

They are found also in *Charlotte Sound*, and on the neighbouring islands, but in very small numbers.

PHILIPPINE R.

Rallus Philippenfis, Lin. Syft. i. p. 263. 7. Le Râle des Philippines, Brif. Orn. v. p. 163. 4. pl. 14. fig. 1. – Pl. Enl. 774.

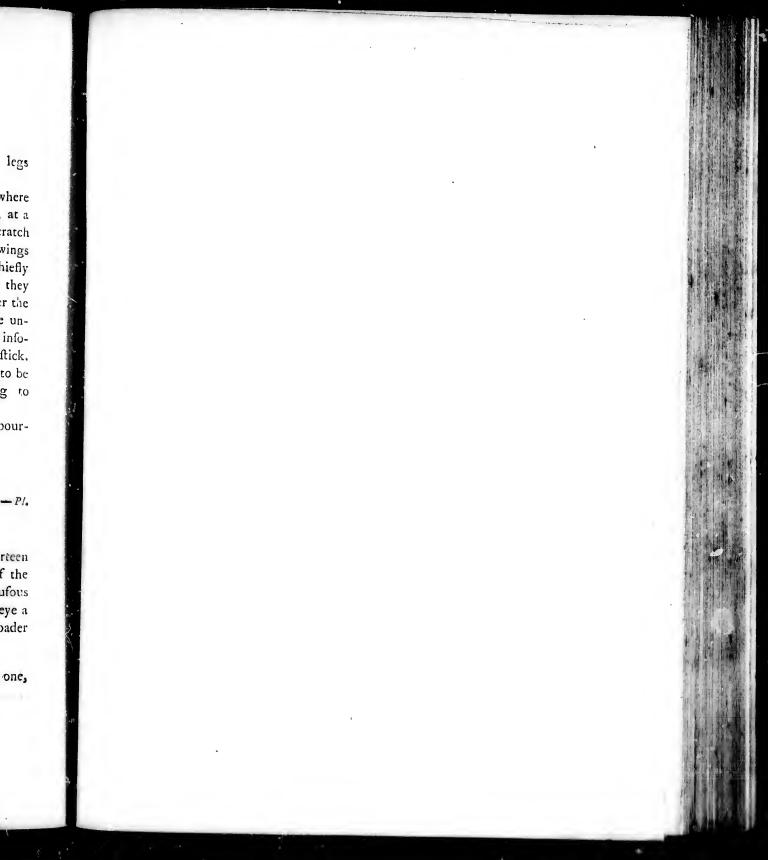
Le Tiklin, ou Râle des Philippines, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 160.

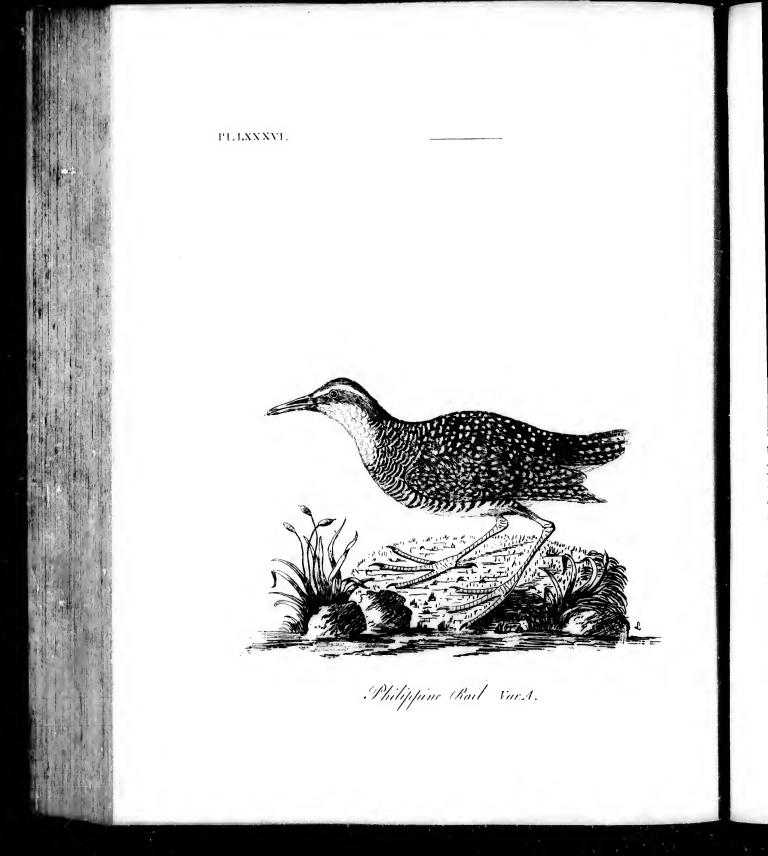
DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of the first species: length eleven inches. Bill thirteen lines and a half long; colour grey: the upper parts of the head, neck, and body, are dusky, the feathers edged with rusous grey; fome of the scapulars spotted with white: over each eye a white streak, teading to the hind head; beneath this a broader

" Dr. Forfer.

one,





R A I L.

one, paffing through the eyes backwards: throat dirty white: fore part of the neck rufous grey, marked with transverfe indiftinct brownifh bands: breaft, belly, fides, and thighs, barred grey and brown; leaft fo on the belly, where it is almoft white: wings marked with white and chefnut fpots: greater coverts barred with chefnut: quills brown, the two firft marked on the outer edge of each web with white, and towards the fhaft with chefnut; the reft only with the laft colour: tail dufky, edged with rufous grey; all but the two middle feathers fpotted on the inner web with chefnut: legs grey.

Inhabits the Philippine islands, where it is called Tiklin.

Lev. Mus.

LENGTH ten inches. Bill an inch and a quarter, and brown : noftrils in a long furrow : the head and fides, taking in the eye and nape, ferruginous chefnut : from bafe of bill over the eye paffes a pale ftreak almost to the hind head : the upper part of the body brown, but each feather marked with a black and white transverse ftripe near the end, giving the appearance of black and white ftripes on a brown ground : the hind part of the neck appears ftriated, but on the back more like spots, and more white than black : the rump is plain : the under parts from the chin, and down the middle to the breast, ash-colour; but the neck on the fides, the breast and belly, are ftriated with black and white : vent pale ferruginous brown : the wing coverts not to be diftinguished in markings from the back : quills spotted brown and white : the tail is very little longer than the wings : the legs are flesh-colour : claws brown.

Inhabits Otabeite.

2

PLACE.

VAR. A. Description. PL. LXXXVI.

PLACE.

THE

RAIL.

T H E head in this variety is paler, and the ftreak over the eye grey: the hind part of the neck transversely ftriated brown and white: the middle of the back, and scapulars, white, with a very little mixture of brown on the first: wing coverts olive brown, transversely blotched with white; second quills white on the inner webs, on the outer olive brown; the greater quills olive brown, marked with large ferruginous spots; the first wholly white, the second white within: tail even with the end of the quills, barred olive brown and white: all the under parts white: bill and legs pale yellow brown.

Inhabits Tongataboo. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

Le Râle rayé des Philippines, Bris. Orn. v. p. 167. 5. pl. 14. fig. 2.

Le Tiklin rayè, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 161.

Inhabits the Philippine Ifles.

4. VAR. C.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is in length eight inches and a quarter. Bill above an inch and a quarter long, and horn-colour: crown of the head dufky and chefnut mixed: hind part of the neck plain chefnut; the lower part of it, the back, and fcapulars, dufky brown, marked with whitifh fpots: rump and upper tail coverts the fame, but paler: on the wing coverts a few transverse white streaks: throat rusous white: cheeks, fore part of the neck, breass, and upper part of the belly, ash-colour, with an olive tinge: the lower part of the belly, fides, and thighs, barred dufky and white: quills deep brown, barred with rusous white on the outer, and with white on the inner webs: tail dufky brown barred with white: legs grey brown.

PLACE.

Ralles

232

VAR

DESCRIPTION.

R I L A

Rallus torquatus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 262. 6.

Le Râle à collier des Philippines, Brif. Orn. v. p. 170. 6. pl. 15. fig. 1. Le Tiklin à collier, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 162.

BIGGER than the Land Rail: length twelve inches. Bill more than an inch and a half in length, grey brown: the plumage on the upper parts brown tinged with olive: cheeks and throat dirty black: from the bafe of the bill a ftreak of white paffes under each eye, and finishes fome way behind it : the under part, from chin to vent, transversely streaked with black and white, except just above the breast, where a band of chefnut three quarters of an inch broad encircles it as a collar: thighs barred brown and white: the quills have the outer margins paler; the three first banded with white on the inner webs, and the fix following with rufous chefnut : tail brown : legs the colour of the bill.

This fpecies inhabits the Philippine Ifles.

Rallus fuscus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 262. 4. Le Râle brun des Philippines, Brif. Orn. v. p. 173. 7. pl. 15. fig. 2. -Pl. Enl. 773. Le Tiklin brun, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 161.

I ENGTH feven inches. Bill three quarters of an inch long, and brown : the plumage on the upper parts is brown : beneath reddiff brown, paleft on the throat: lower part of the belly inclining to grey : beneath the tail barred with black and white: legs yellow.

Found at the Philippine Ifles, with the four last described; all of which go by the general name of Tiklin.

VOL. III. Hh

BANDED R.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

6. BROWN R.

DESCREPTION

PLACE.

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Ralles

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RAIL.

RED-BREAST-ED R. DESCRIPTION.

234

SIZE of our *Rail*: length nine inches. Bill pale: plumage above dufky: over the eye a pale line: hind part and fides of the neck, and the breaft, ferruginous: under parts of the body afh-colour; fides of it barred acrofs with white narrow lines: legs yellow.

In the collection of M. Tunstall, Esquire.

8. CAPE R. Rallus Capenfis, Lin. Syft. Mantiff. 1771. p. 525. The Rail, Brown Ill. p. 94. pl. 38?

DESCRIPTION.

N EARLY the fize of the *Crake Gallinule*. Bill black : head, neck, back, and upper part of the breaft, ferruginous : lower part of the breaft, belly, thighs, and vent, quills and tail, undulated with black and white : two middle tail feathers ferruginous : legs of a deep blood red.

PLACE.

Inhabits the Cape of Good Hope; and, if the fame as in Brown's work, also met with at Ceylon. The bill and legs in his plate are painted brown.

BLUE NECRED R. Description.

LENGTH feven inches and a half. Bill an inch and a half, colour red; the upper ridge and end dufky: all the upper parts of the head, neck, and body, reddifh brown: chin, fore part of the neck, and breaft, pale blue: from thence to the vent white, transverfely ftreaked on the fides with black, as in the common Water-Rail: vent white: legs red.

PLACE.

Inhabits the Cape of Good Hope. From the drawings of Sir Joseph Banks,

Rail,

R A I L.

Rail, Brown Ill. p. 95. pl. 37.

LARGER than the common Rail. Bill red: head dufky: neck, back, and tail, ferruginous; the laft pretty long: wing coverts as the back: prime quills black: fore part of the neck, breaft, and belly, reddifh, clouded with brown: legs red.

Inhabits the island of Ceylon.

DESCRIPTION.

235

PLACE.

PACIFIC R. Description:

S IZE of ours. Bill blood red, tip pale brown: irides red: head brown: over the eyes a whitifh ftreak: nape ferruginous: throat white: breaft blueifh afh-colour: back and rump black, fprinkled with fmall white fpots, but not numerous: wings fhort, wholly of a deep black, variegated with interrupted white fafciæ: quills brown: tail very fhort, black, fpotted with white, fcarcely to be diftinguifhed from the reft of the feathers: belly, fides, and vent, whitifh: legs flefh-colour: claws pale. Inhabits Otabeite, and the neighbouring ifles.

LENGTH fix inches and a half. Bill black: eyelids and irides red: general colour of the plumage brownish black: beneath dusky: legs reddish brown.

Inhabits Tongo Taboo*, Otabeite, and the neighbouring illes in the South Seas.

This varies in having the plumage more inclined to brown; the vent white, transversely barred with black lines : legs red. Inhabits the island of *Tanna*. Sir *Joseph Banks*.

· Cook's last Voy. i. 158.

H h 2

Description. Place.

Br.

PLACE.

TABUAN R.

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tail,

Sir

RAIL.

13. BLACK R. Description.

Br. Muf.

SIZE of the Spotted Gallinule: length nine inches. Bill yellow at the bafe; the tip brown: general colour of the plumage dufky black, deepeft on the head: legs brown; in fome birds red.

Inhabits the Cape of Good Hope, and other parts of Africa.

PLACE.

SANDWICH R. Description.

PLACE.

SIZE finall. Bill dufky afh-colour: general colour of the plumage pale ferruginous; the feathers on the upper parts darkeft in the middle: tail fhort, hid by the upper coverts: legs dufky flefh-colour.

Inhabits Sandwich Ifles. Was also found on the island of Tanna*; but the plumage is darker on the upper parts; and the bill and legs yellowish. Sir Joseph Banks.

OTAHEITE R. Description.

LENGTH fix inches. Bill three quarters of an inch, black : the head, neck, and all the under parts of the body, dark afh-colour; paleft on the chin: the upper parts, and wing coverts, deep red brown: quills dufky, edged with white: edge of the wing, and the first quill feather, white: tail an inch and a half long, rounded in fhape, and black: legs dufky yellow: claws black.

PLACE.

Inhabits Otabeite, and the Friendly Isles. Sir Joseph Banks.

• In Cook's last Voy. i. p. 151. mention is made of a fandy-coloured Plover at New Zealand : perhaps this species ?

Lev.

R Ι A L.

Lev. Muf.

T ENGTH fix inches. Bill fcarcely one inch; colour dufky black; edges of the mandibles yellowifh: all the upper parts of the plumage deep brown, with a ferruginous tinge, and ftreaked with black: beneath ferruginous brown : legs two inches long, red brown.

Inhabits the Sandwich Islands.

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16. DUSKY R. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

LONG-BILLED

R.

DESCRIPTION.

Le Râle à long bec de Cayenne, Buf. Ois. viii. p. 163.-Pl. Enl. 849.

ARGER than our *Rail*: length nine inches and a half. Bill long in proportion, and rather ftout; the colour of it ferruginous, with a dufky point: the upper parts of the body of a faint ash-colour, each feather dashed with a dusky streak down the middle : the chin is nearly white : from thence all the under parts are of a ferruginous white, ftriated on the fides of the body as in our Rail: legs pale straw-colour.

Inhabits Cayenne.

R. DESCRIPTION.

T ENGTH eleven inches. Bill one inch and a half, and yellowifh: the back part of the head is dufky: the chin white: the reft of the head, neck, and body, fpotted irregularly with black and white, and ftreaked transversely on the fides of the body, as in the common Rail: the wing coverts are brown dashed with white; the reft of the wing brown: tail dufky, fome of the middle feathers edged with white : legs yellow.

Le Râle tacheté de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 165 .- Pl. Enl. 775.

Inhabits Cayenne.

237

PLACE.

1.8. VARIEGATED

PLACE.

Le

R A I L.

ENGTH near eight inches. The bill brown: the crown

of the head is rufous: from thence all the upper parts are olive brown: beneath rufous as far as the thighs, which are the fame as the upper part: the vent pale: from the gape a broad blackifh ftreak paffing through the eyes, and beneath them: the

19. CAYENNE R.

DESCRIPTION.

Le Kiolo, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 164. Le Raste de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 363. Lev. Mus.

quills are black : the legs reddifh brown.

19. VAR. A. Description.

PLACE.

THIS is only feven inches in length: and the upper parts are of a deeper brown: the crown chefnut; the chin and vent rufous white; and the broad ftreak through the eye is blue grey: the under parts are rufous, but much deeper than in the laft bird, and that colour paffes on to the vent and thighs; but the infides, and the lower parts of the laft, are dufky. It is probable that this differs from the other only in fex.

Le Râle à ventre roux de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 753.

Both these inhabit *Cayenne*. I have met with one of the last measuring very little more than fix inches : they therefore differ much as to fize.

Thefe birds are common alfo at *Guiana*, where they are known by the name of *Kiolo*; arifing, no doubt, from their cry, which is not unlike that word. Thefe birds may be heard making a noife, or rather c.lling, in the evening just at fun-fet, calling one another together, in order to pass the night; being dispersed fingly among the thick bushes in the day-time. They make the neft

R A I L.

neft between the forks of the fhrubs, near the ground, of a reddifh kind of plant, making a cover at the top ⁱmpenetrable to the rain.

JAMAICA R.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE fmall: length fix inches. The bill is black, with the bafe reddifh: head and throat black: the upper parts of the head, neck, and back, rufous brown, croffed with blackifh ftreaks: fore part of the neck and breaft blueifh afh-colour: belly, fides, and thighs, barred white and brown: wing coverts brown, fpotted with white: quills rufous brown, barred with black; the fecondaries fpotted with white: tail as the greater quills, marked with a few fpots of white: legs brown.

Inhabits Jamaica, where it is called Bidi-Bidi.

Le petit Râle de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 167 .- Pl. Enl. 847.

THIS is the fmalleft of its race yet known: length five inches. The bill is brown: the upper parts of the body the fame; darkeft on the back and fcapulars, which are ftreaked with white: the wing coverts black, fpotted with white: fides of the body undulated black and white, as in our *Rail*: over the eye a ftreak of white: the under parts are pale dufky yellow, almoft white on the chin and throat, and verging to afh-colour on the belly: quills brown: tail barred black and white: legs pale yellow.

Inhabits Cayenne.

21. LITTLE R. Description.

PLACE.

PLACE.

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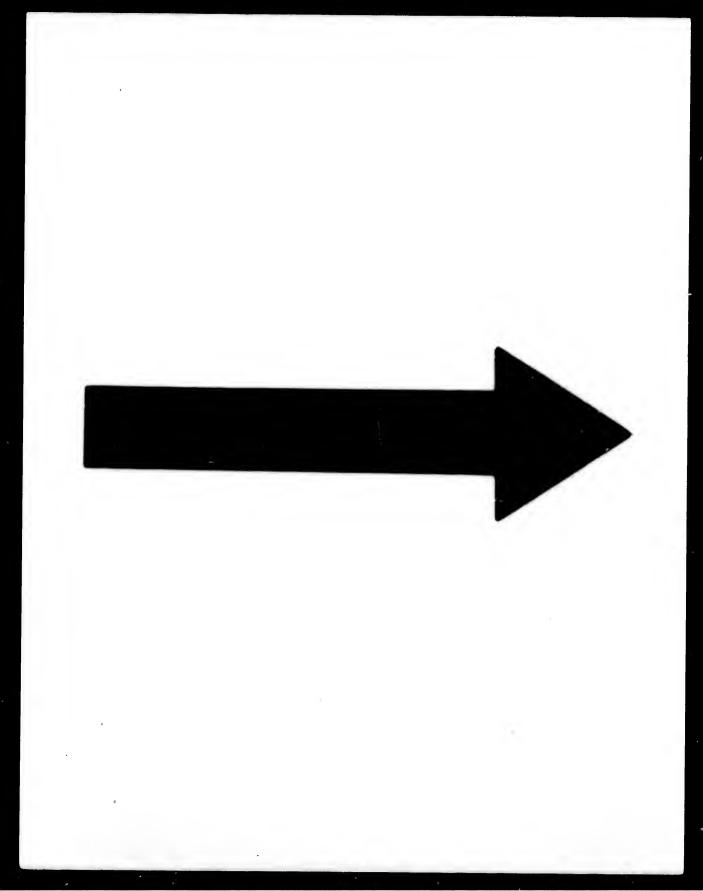
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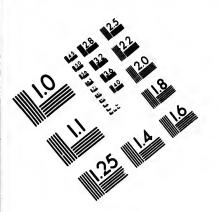
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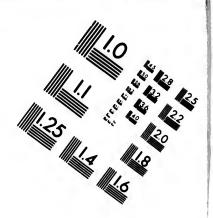
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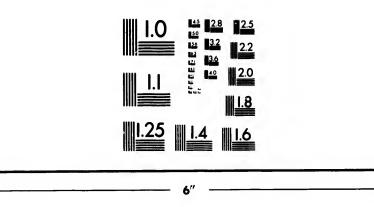


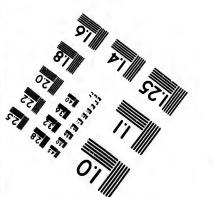


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IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)





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R A I L.

21. + Var. A.

DESCRIPTION.

Lev. Mus.

LENGTH five inches and a half. Bill brown; under mandible yellow: upper parts of the plumage brown, marked with many firiated bands of white on the back and wing coverts: the chin and fore part of the neck, as far as the breaft, dirty white: the middle of the neck behind rufous; fides of it afhcolour: belly, fides of the body, and vent, undulated black and white: quills and tail cinereous brown: legs yellow.

PLACE.

This last I received from $\mathcal{J}amaica$; and have also seen the fame from *Cayenne*. It is clearly a mere variety or fexual difference from the *Little Rail*; and we have our sufficient also, that it does not effentially differ from the $\mathcal{J}amaica$ species.

Barbary Water Hen, Shaw's Trav. p. 255.

BARBARY R. Description.

LESS than a *Plover*. Bill an inch and a half long, and black : belly and breaft dark brown, or rufty : back the fame, but much darker : wings fpotted with white : rump variegated above with black and white ftreaks, below white : legs dark brown.

PLACE.

Inhabits Barbary. From the length of bill, in proportion to the fize of the bird, and from no bareness of the forehead being mentioned, I suspect this rather to belong to the genus under which it is now placed, than to that of the Gallinule referred to by the author.

GENUS

[\$41]

GENUS LXXIV. JACANA.

Nº 1. Chefnut J. 2. Black J.

Nº 6. Luzonian J. 7. African J.

8. Chinefe J.

9. Faithful J.

- 3. Brafilian J.
- 4. Green J.
- 5. Variable J.

THIS genus has a stender, sharp-pointed bill, thickest towards the end; the base carunculated.

Noftrils fubovated, placed in the middle of the bill.

Wings armed on the front with one or more fharp fhort fpurs.

Toes four on each foot, very long, and furnished with long ftrait pointed claws.

Parra Jacana, Lin. Syft. i. p. 259. 3.
Le Chirurgien brun, Brif. Orn. v. p. 125. 4. pl. 11. fig. 1.
Le Jacana, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 185. pl. 16.—Pl. Enl. 322.
Gallinula Brafilienfis, 4ta. Marcgr. Raii Syn. p. 115. 11.
Yohualquachili, Raii Syn. p. 178. 5.
The fourth Brafilian Water Hen of Marcgrave, Will. Orn. p. 318.
Le Chevalier, Ferm. Surin. ii. p. 193.
Spur-winged Water Hen, Edw. pl. 357.

Br. Mus. Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

+ CHESNUT J.

SIZE of the *Water Rail*: length nearly ten inches. Bill an inch and a quarter, and of an orange-colour: on the forehead is a membranous flap half an inch long, and nearly the fame in breadth; on each fide of the head is another of the fame, about a quarter Vol. III. I i of

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of an inch in breadth; and thefe together furround the bafe of the bill: the head, throat, neck, breaft, and under parts, are black: in fome the belly is mixed with white: back, wing coverts, and fcapulars, fine chefnut; the outer angle of the wing mixed with black: on the fhoulder a ftrong, fharp, yellow fpine, a quarter of an inch in length: quills olive yellow, with the ends for one third, and the tips, margined with dufky; the outer one the whole way on the outer edge: tail rounded; the two middle feathers chefnut and brown mixed, with the ends black; the others the fame, but no mixture of brown: the legs greenifh afhcolour.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This fpecies inhabits Brafil, Guiana, and Surinam; but is equally common at St. Domingo, where they frequent the marfhy places, fides of ponds, and ftreams, and wade quite up to the thighs in the water. Generally feen in pairs, and when feparated call each other continually, till they join again. Are very fhy, and most common in the rainy feasons in May and November. Are at all times very noify; their cry fharp and fhrill, and may be heard a great way off. This, as well as the other species, is called by the French, Chirurgien. The flesh is accounted pretty good.

BLACK J.

Le Chirurgien noir, Brif. Orn. v. p. 124. 3.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 189. Gallinula tertia spec. Matcgr. Raii Syn. p. 115. 10. The third Brafilian Water Hen of Marcgrave, Will. Orn. p. 318.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of the other. Bill faffron-colour: on the forehead a membrane of a rufous colour: head, throat, neck, back, and rump, black: breaft, belly, thighs, and under tail coverts, brown:

brown: quills green, tipped with brown: tail black: on the fore part of the wing a yellow fpur: legs afh-colour.

Inhabits Brafil.

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Le Jacana armé, ou le Chirurgien, Brif. Orn. v. p. 123. 2. Le Jacana-peca, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 190. Aguapecaca, Raii Syn. p. 115. 9.—Will. Orn. p. 317.

S IZE of the first species. The colour of the plumage wholly greenish black : on the fore part of the wing a sharp yellow spur : and the legs and toes long, as in the others.

Inhabits Brafil, Cayenne, and Guiana, where it is called Aguapecaca. The manners like that of the Chefnut one; but now and then twenty or thirty are feen together: skulk among the flags in the watery places, and feed on fish and aquatic infects, wading fome way in the water after them.

Le Jacana, Brif. Orn. v. p. 121. 1. vert, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 189. Gallinula Brafilienfis, Jacana dicta, Raii Syn. p. 115. 8. Brafilian Water Hen, called Jacana, Will. Orn. p. 317. pl. 59,

SIZE of a Pigeon. Bill more than an inch long; the colour half red half yellow: the fore part of the head covered with a round membrane the colour of a *turcoi/e*: the head, throat, neck, and breaft, blackifh green, gloffed with violet: back, rump, fcapulars, coverts of the wings and tail, belly, and thighs, blackifh green: quills and tail much the fame: under tail coverts white: legs yellowifh green: toes very long; the middle one two inches and a half in length: claws alfo long and yellow.

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None

DESCRIPTION.

GREEN I.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

PLACE.

BRASILIAN J.

None of the authors above referred to mention the fpur on the wing; but we may conclude that, as it is feen in all the others, this is not without it.

PLACE. Inhabits Brafil.

VARIABLE J.

DESCRIPTION.

I ENGTH nine inches. Bill fourteen lines long, orange yellow: on the forehead a flap of red skin, laying back on the head, and divided at the hind part: crown of the head brown, marked with spots of a darker colour: hind part of the neck the fame, but very deep: above the eye a line of white, paffing down on each fide the neck; accompanying this a black one, which fprings from the bill, and paffes through the eye: fides of the head, throat, fore part of the neck, breaft, belly, thighs, and under tail coverts, white, with a few reddifh spots on the sides of the belly and base of the thighs: on the fore part of the wing a yellow fpur : fcapulars pale brown : leffer wing coverts purplish chefnut; the middle ones brown; the greater black: the four quills next the body are brown; all the others green, margined with black at the ends; and the outer one the whole length, on the outer web: legs furnished with long toes as in all the others; colour of them blueish ash.

VARIETY.

One of these, which came under my inspection in a collection from *Cayenne*, was rather smaller: had the upper parts much paler:

paler: over the eye a ftreak of white, passing no further, and not accompanied by a black one: hind part of the neck dusky black: it had only a rudiment of a spur: and the red caruncle on the forehead was less, and laid back on the forehead. I conjecture this to differ either in sex or age from the other.

The fpecies above-mentioned inhabits *Brafil*; and is faid to be plentiful about *Carthagena*, in *South America*.

Le Chirurgien de l'Ille de Luçon, Son. Voy. p. 82. tab. 45.

R ATHER lefs than a Lapwing. Bill of a greyish colour, ftrait, and a little enlarged at the end: top of the head deep brown : over the eye a stripe of white, passing down on each fide the neck, and changing into pale yellow behind the eye: through the eye another stripe of an ash-colour accompanies the first quite down to the wing: the back is brown: the under parts, from chin to vent, white, except a large fpot of brown on the breaft : at the bend of the wing is a fharp fpur : the leffer wing coverts are white, the others pale brown, transversely barred with black: the fecond quills white; the prime ones black: from the three last of these arise three naked shafts, two inches long, and ending in a launce-fhaped feathered point; they fpring from the middle of the fhaft of the feather to which they belong, the fhaft appearing as divided or branching into two at that part : the toes and claws are very long, as in the others, and of a dufky black.

This is found in the island of *Manilla*; chiefly frequenting the low moist places, borders of the fea, lakes, and rivers; and has the manners usual to others of this genus.

6. LUZONIAN J. Description.

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Br. Muf.

AFRICAN J. PL. LXXXVII. Description.

LENGTH nine inches and a half. Bill dufky, of a pale brownifh horn-colour at the tip: forehead bare: the upper parts of the plumage of a very pale cinnamon-colour: chin and throat white: breaft of a tawny yellow, mottled and barred, on the fides of it and the neck, with black: the under parts from thence like the back, but darker: greater quills black: on the inner part of the bend of the wing a fhort blunt fpur: through the eyc, paffing to the hind part of the neck, quite to the back, black: legs greenifh black: toes and claws very long, as in the variable Jacana: hind claw an inch and a half in length. Inhabits Africa.

PLACE.

8. CHINESE J. Description. LENGTH twenty-one inches. Bill dufky: crown of the head, forehead, and all beneath, as far as the breaft, pale cinereous cream-colour: back part of the head black, of the neck yellow, divided from the white before by a line of black on each fide: the body vinaceous red: wing coverts white: quills black: tail long: legs and toes long, and of a greenifh colour.

Supposed to inhabit *China*: feen by me among fome fine drawings done in that country, and appears a very large species.

FAITHFUL J. Description.

PLACE.

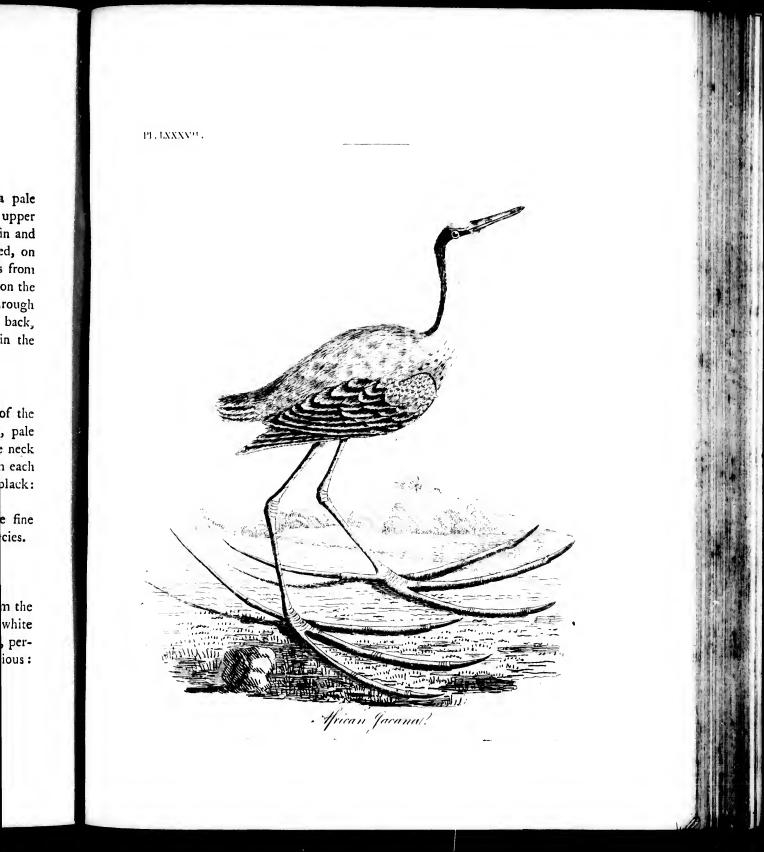
Parra chavaria, Lin. Syft. i. p. 260. 5.

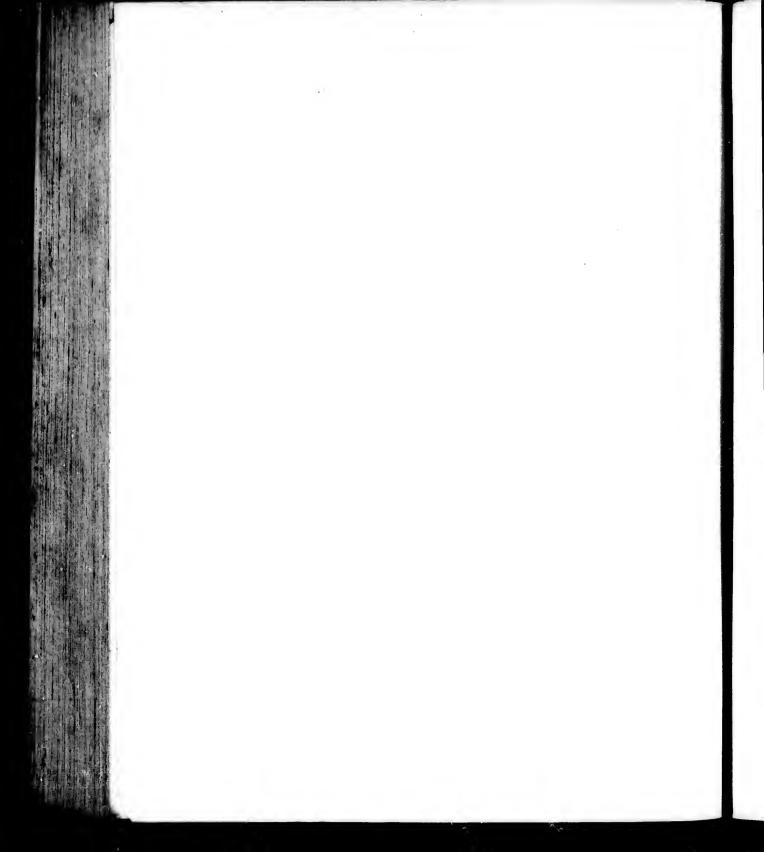
SIZE of a dungbill Cock, and flands a foot and a half from the ground. The bill is conic, a little bent, and of a dirty white colour; the upper mandible as in the Cock: noftrils oblong, per-

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vious: on both fides, at the bafe of the bill, is a red membrane, which extends to the temples; in the middle of this are placed the eyes: the irides are brown: the hind head is furnifhed with about a dozen blackifh feathers, three inches in length, which form a creft; thefe hang downwards: the reft of the neck, which is pretty long, is covered with a thick black down; but under the bill and temples it is of a pure white: the body is brown: the wings and tail blackifh, clouded with grey; the laft fhort: on the bend of the wing two or three fpurs half an inch in length : belly black, but lefs deep : the thighs are half way bare of feathers: knee joints thick and fwelling: legs very long, ftrong, and of a yellowifh red colour: toes alfo fo long as to entangle the one in the other in walking.

This bird inhabits the lakes, &c. near the river Cinu, about thirty leagues from Carthagena, in South America, and is faid to feed on vegetables. Its gait is folemn and flow; but it flies eafily and fwiftly. It cannot run, unlefs affifted by the wings at the fame time. When any part of the fkin is touched by the hand a crackling is felt, though it is very downy beneath the feathers; and indeed this down adheres fo clofely as to enable the bird at times to fwim. The voice is clear and loud, but far from agreeable. The natives, who keep poultry in great numbers, have one of thefe tame, which goes along with the flock about the neighbourhood to feed during the day, when this faithful shepherd defends them against birds of prey; being able, by means of the fpurs on the wings, to drive off birds as big as the Carrion Vulture, and even that bird itself. It is fo far of the greatest ufe, as it never deferts the charge committed to its care, bringing them

PLACE AND MANNERS.

them all home fafe at night. It is fo tame as to fuffer itfelf to be handled by a grown perfon; but will not permit children to attempt the fame.—For the above account we are indebted to Lin-naus, who feems to be the only one who has given any account of this wonderful bird.

GENUS

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GENUS LXXV. GALLINULE.

THE bill is thick at the bafe, and flopes to the point: the bafe of the upper mandible reaching far upon the forehead, where it becomes membranaceous.

Body compreffed. Wings fhort and concave. Tail fhort. Toes divided to their origin.

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VOL. III.

Κk

Rallus

+ CRAKE G.

250

Rallus Crex, Lin. Sylt. i. p. 261. 1.—Faun. Suec. 194.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 154.—Brun. N° 192.—Muller, N° 218.—Kram. El. p. 349. 1.— Frijleb. t. 211.—Georgi Reife, p. 172.
Le Râle de Genet, ou Roi des Cailles, Brij. Orn. v. p. 159. pl. 13. fig. 2. —Buf. Oij. viii. p. 146. pl. 12.—Pl. Enl. 750.
La Poule-Sultane rouffatre, Brij. Orn. v. p. 533. 5.
Daker Hen, or Rail, Raii Syn. p. 58. A. 8.—Will. Orn. p. 170. pl. 29.— Albin, i. pl. 32.
Land Hen, Will. Orn. p. 316.
Crake Gallinule, Br. Zool. N° 216. pl. 75.—Arct. Zool. N° 412. Br. Muf. Lev. Muj.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNERS. LENGTH nine inches and a half: weight from fix to eight ounces. Bill one inch, colour greyish brown: irides hazel: the plumage on the upper parts pale rusous brown, each feather dashed down the middle with black: the under parts the fame, but paler, and not spotted: chin very pale: belly yellowish white: on the fides a few bars of the same: legs the colour of the bill.

This is a very plentiful bird in fome parts of thefe realms; particularly fo in *Ireland*, where it is probable they parts the winter. Are alfo found in most of the *Hebrides* and *Orknies*. Appear at *Anglefea* in *Wales* about the 20th of *April*; fuppofed to have come from *Ireland*. Few places in *England* are defitute of them in fummer: are found alfo in *Scotland* and the *Orknies**; but no where what may be called common; and it is faid that wherever *Quails* are in plenty, the *Crake* abounds †; at leaft it is fo obferved in the temperate parts of *Ruffia* and *Sibiria*, where

* Flora Scot.

+ Hence called the King of the Quails.

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they are fufficiently common *. Are found on the continent as far as Norway : inhabit alfo Germany, France, Italy, and Greece ; and are feen, if we miltake not the fpecies, fpring and autumn at Aleppo +; but only on their paffage north and fouth. This bird is faid to lay ten or twelve eggs, an inch and a haif in length, and not very unlike those of the Miffel Thrush, of a reddish cincreous white, marked with ferruginous blotches, with a few indiffinct ones of a pale reddifh afh-colour: thefe it lays among the thickeft grafs, on a bed made of mofs or dry grafs. The young are covered with a black down, and very foon find the ufe of their legs. The old ones run faft, but fly awkwardly, with the legs hanging down. The usual note is not unlike the noise made by drawing one's nail over the teeth of a Comb; and is compared to the word Crek, Crek, Crek, which it often repeats; whence it is called in fome parts the Corn Crake. The food is grain and feeds of many kinds, as also infects. On their first arrival in England are so lean as to weigh lefs than fix ounces; but before their departure have been known to exceed eight, and are fo fat that we have more than once feen it exude through the fkin like oil, foon after the bird was killed. Their flesh is reckoned an exquisite morfel.

SIZE of the *Crake Gallinule*. Bill larger than in that bird, and black : the upper parts of the head, neck, and body, fine rufous brown : the under much paler : quills and tail darkeft : the chin and vent reddifh white : legs dufky red.

I received this from Jamaica.

• Particularly to about the Steppes of Syfran, as well as other deferts, where they make a great noise of nights; and are known by the names of Dergun and Korastel.—Dec. Russ. i. 470.

+ Ruff. Alep. p. 64.

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I. + VAR. A. Description.

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I. Var. B.	Lev. Muf.
DESCRIPTION. Place.	LESS than the others. Bill longer than in the first : plumage like that of the <i>Crake</i> on the upper parts of the body: wing coverts and under parts rufty brown : legs dusky. Supposed to have come from <i>China</i> , as we have seen such a one in some paintings done in that part of the world.
2. CARTHAGENA	Fulica Carthagena, Lin. Syft. i. p. 258. 6.
G. Description.	SIZE of the Coot. Bare place on the forehead blue: the body wholly of a rufous colour.
PLACE.	Inhabits Carthagena.
CAYENNE G.	La grande Poule-d'Eau de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 182.—Pl. Enl. 352. Lev. Muf.
Description.	LENGTH eighteen inches. Bill yellow, with a dufky tip: the chin, fides of the head, and a little way on the fore part of the neck, greyifh white: head, neck, tail, lower belly, and thighs, dufky grey brown: back and wing coverts dull olive: breaft, upper part of the belly, and quills, bright reddifh rufous colour: legs red.
	The young birds are wholly grey, not having any red about them till after the first moult.
PLACE.	Inhabits Guiana and Cayenne, where it is pretty common in the marshy places, and lives on small fish and infects.

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ENGTH seventeen inches. Bill two inches and a half; base BLACK BELred; end yellow: crown brown: hind part of the neck cinereous brown : back greenish brown : quills the fame, with ru-DESCRIPTION. fous margins: chin white: fore part of the neck and breaft bright rufous : belly, thighs, vent, and rump, black : fides and under wing coverts transversely barred with rufous and black : legs red, and pretty long.

Supposed to inhabit Cayenne, as it was among others from that place.

> La Poule-Sultane de Madraft, Bris. Orn. v. p. 543. 10. L'Angoli, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 205. Madras Rail-Hen, Raii Syn. p. 194. pl. 1. fig. 4.

SIZE of a Duck. The bill and legs pretty long: forehead bare and white *: the plumage on the upper parts of a fine afhcolour: fides of the head, and under parts, white: across the lower part of the neck black fpots in the fhape of crefcents : quills afh-colour, edged with black : the tail is fhort.

Found in the neighbourhood of Madras, where it is called Boollu-cory. It is also at Malabar, and known there by the name of Caunangoly.

• This is not mentioned in Ray's description, nor does it appear in the very bad figure in the plate.

Fulica

PLACE.

MADRAS G.

DESCRIPTION:

PLACE.

LIED G.

 $\stackrel{6.}{+} PURPLE G.$

Fulica porphyrio, Lin. Syß. i. p. 258. 5.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 152. La Poule-Sultane, Brif. Orn. v. p. 522. 1. pl. 42. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 194. pl. 17.

La Talève de Madagafcar, Pl. Enl. 810.

Porphyrio, Raii Syn. p. 116. 13. 14 .- Will. Orn. p. 318.

Purple Water Hen, Edw. pl. 87 .- Albin, iii. pl. 11 *.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf. $\mathbf{QIZ} \in \mathbf{Of}$ a Fowl: length one foot five inches. Bill very flout

at the bafe, compreffed on the fides, and above an inch and a half in length; colour a deep red: irides fulvous: the forehead bare and red: the head and hind part of the neck are gloffy

DESCRIPTION.

FEMALE. Place and Manners. violet: cheeks, throat, and fore part of the neck, violet blue: back, rump, and fcapulars, dull green, but gloffy: quills the fame, but brown within: the tail nearly the fame, and rounded in fhape: legs very ftout, and the colour of the bill. The *female* is fmaller than the *male*.

This bird is more or lefs common in all the warmer parts of the globe. On the coafts of *Barbary* they abound, as well as in fome of the iflands of the *Mediterranean*. In *Sicily* they are bred in plenty, and kept for their beauty; but whether indigenous there we are not certain. It is frequently met with in various parts of the fouth of *Ruffia*, and weftern parts of *Sibiria*, among reedy places; and in the neighbourhood of the *Cafpian Sea* not uncommon: but in the cultivated rice-grounds of *Gbilar* in *Perfia*, in great plenty and in high plumage. The *female* makes the neft among the reeds in the middle of *Marcb*; lays three or four eggs, and fits from three to four weeks. That it is com-

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mon in *China* the paper-hangings from thence will every where teftify. Is also met with in the *East Indies*, the islands of *Java*, *Madagascar*, and many others. Our late navigators faw them at *Tongataboo* in vast numbers, as well as in the island of *Tanna**, and other parts. It is also common in the southern parts or *America*.

In refpect to its manners, it is a very docile bird, being eafily tamed +, and feeding with the poultry, fcratching the ground with the foot as the *Cock* and *Hen*. It will feed on many things, fuch as *fruit*, roots of *plants*, and *grain*; but will eat *fifb* with avidity, dipping them into the water before it fwallows them : will frequently ftand on one leg, and lift the food to its mouth with the other, like a *Parrot*. A pair of thefe, kept in an aviary in *France*, made a neft of fmall flicks, mixed with a quantity of ftraw, and laid fix white eggs, perfectly round; but the hen was carelefs of them, and they came to nothing. The flefh is faid to be exquifite in tafte \ddagger .

 Fulica Martinica, Lin. Syft. i. p. 259. 7.

 La petite Poule-Sultane, Brif. Orn. v. p. 526. 2. pl. 42. fig. 2.—Buf. + MARTINICO Oif. viii. p. 206.

 G.

 Lev. Muf.

LESS than the common Gallinule, and the body more flender : DESCRIPTION. length about twelve inches. Bill thirteen lines long, yellow, with a red bafe: forehead bald and blue: irides red: the plu-

* Forft. Voy. i. 448. ii. 358 .- Cook's laft Voy. i. 226. 334.

mage

mage is in general of a fine gloffy green; but the head, neck, and under parts, are of a changeable blue: the vent white: quills and tail dufky, edged with green: legs yellow: toes very long, and flender. That defcribed by *Briffon* differs from the above in having the bare part of the forehead and legs red; and is faid to inhabit the *Eaft Indies* as well as *America*.

PLACE AND MANNERS. I have feen many of thefe birds, both from *Cayenne* and the *Weft India Iflands*, all of which anfwered to our defcription, except one, which had the upper parts of the plumage blue green, tinged with brown: the crown of the head brown: beneath white; a little mottled with black in the middle of the belly, and greatly fo acrofs the lower part of the neck, juft above the breaft: chin quite white: legs brown. This feems by defcription to differ greatly; but on comparison of fize, fhape of bill, and legs, I am inclined to fuppofe it of a different fex only, if not a young bird.

These have been brought alive to *England*; but not fo tame as to be at large. Such as have come under our inspection were content to live on *rice*, *bread*, *lettuce*, and other such food, and feemed to bear confinement tolerably well.

8. FAVOURITE G. La Favorite de Cayenne, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 207.—Pl. Enl. 897. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH twelve inches. Bill yellow: upper parts of the plumage deep blue: fides of the head and neck paler: fore part of the neck blueifh white: belly, thighs, and rump, white: quills and tail brown, the laft darkeft: legs long, yellow: hind toe very long.

PLACE.

Inhabits Cayenne.

L'Acintli,

L'Acintli, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 208. Quachilto, Raii Syn. p. 116. 14 .- Will. Orn. p. 319.

THE bill of this is pale: irides fulvous: the plumage of a dark purple colour, with fome white feathers intermixed : the legs greenifh yellow.

This inhabits Mexico: is a marsh bird, feeding on fish, and thought to be not ill-tafted meat. It is called by fome Yacacintli, and is faid to imitate the crowing of a Cock.

La Poule-Sultane à tête noire, Bris. Orn. v. p. 526. A. 1.

THIS is wholly blue, except the head and neck, which are black: and there is a broad bare space on the top of the head.

The female is faid to have a deep fulvous crown *: the upper parts of the body the fame, ftreaked with white on the fcapulars : the wings greenish, with a fulvous tinge: quills greenish blue. Inhabits America.

La Poule-Sultane verte, Bris. Orn. v. p. 529. 3 .- Buf. Ois. viii. p. 204.

ENGTH eleven inches and a half. Bill of a greenish yellow, as is the bare part of the forehead: the upper parts of the body are of a dull green; the under white: legs of a greyish yellow : claws grey.

Inhabits the East Indies.

• Hift. des Oif. viii. p. 209. (i) .- From Feuillé Obf. (edit. 1725.) p. 288. VOL. III. L1

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PLACE.

11. GREEN G. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

Fulica

10. BLACK-HEAD-ED G. DESCRIPTION.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

9. CROWING G.

+- COMMON G.

258

Fulica chloropus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 258. 4.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 153.—Brun. Orn. Nº 191.—Maller, p. 27.—Kram. El. p. 358. 2.—Frifch. ii. 209. La Poule d'Eau, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 3. 1. pl. 1. fig. 1, 2.—Buf. Oif. viii.

p. 171. pl. 15.—*Pl. Enl.* 877. Common Water-Hen, or More-Hen, *Raii Syn.* p. 113. A. 1. p. 190. 15.— *Will. Orn.* p. 312. pl. 58.—*Albin*, ii. pl. 72. iii. pl. 91.

Common Gallinule, Br. Zool. Nº 217. pl. 77. - Aret. Zool. Nº 411. Br. Muf. Lew. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THE length of this well-known fpecies is fourteen inches : the weight fifteen ounces. Bill red, with a greenifh tip; at the bafe of it a red bare membrane, fpreading fome way on the forehead : irides red : colour of the plumage footy black above, with a tinge of olive; beneath cinereous : outer edge of the wing, and under tail coverts, white : above the knee, at the commencement of the bare part, a circle or *garter* of red: the reft of the bare fpace, and legs, are greenifh : the toes flat and broad.

The *female* is lefs, the colours paler, and the throat fometimes * white.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This is a common fpecies in *England*; frequenting every where the borders of rivers and ponds, where weeds grow. It makes a neft upon fome low ftump or fhrub by the water fide, composed of herbaceous matter; and lays feven eggs, almost two inches in length, of a yellowish white, marked with irregular reddish brown spots, which are not numerous; with a few minute ones interspected; and breeds twice in the feason. It flies awkwardly, with its legs hanging down, and not far at a time; though it runs pretty fast; and will now and then, notwithstand-

* Not always; for in fome it is only grey, and in others like the reft of the neck.

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ing it is not web-footed, fwim, which it feems to do tolerably well.

It is pretty common on the continent, though in fome parts more fcarce than in others. Is also an inhabitant of America, from New York to Carolina; and is recorded as a native of Jamaica*, and other islands in the West Indies. Is faid to feed on plants and finall fifh. The flefh is for the most part pretty good.

> Red-tailed Water-Hen, Ind. Zool. p. 10. pl. g. Rallus Phænicurus, Zool. Ind. p. 19. pl. 9.

CIZE of the common Gallinule: length nine inches: weight feven ounces and a quarter. The bill yellowifh green; at the bafe reddifh : forehead bare, and flefh-coloured : the plumage above is black : the forehead, round the eyes, and under parts, white: the quills black, marked with large fpots of a blueish cast: the vent and tail ferruginous red : legs dirty green, tinged with red : toes long.

This species inhabits Ceylon, where it is pretty frequent, and called Kalu-kerenaka; and feems to be one of the kinds we fo often see figured in Chinese paintings.

> La Poule-Sultane brune, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 204. de la Chine, Pl. Enl. 896.

ENGTH fifteen or fixteen inches. The crown and upper parts of the plumage dufky afh-colour : forehead and under parts white: belly and vent rufous: the quills and tail are black: the legs yellow: toes long.

Inhabits China.

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* Sleane. Brown. L1 2

259

13. RED-TAILED G.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

13. VAR. A.

DESCRIPTION.

13. + VAR. B. Description.

PLACE.

IN my possession is another variety, of the fame length as the first. The crown and upper parts, quills and tail, a full glossy black: forehead, and under parts as far as the vent, white: the last red: legs flender and yellow: toes long *.

This laft came either from the Cape of Good Hope, or Madagafcar, and was attempted to be brought to England alive, as it was tolerably familiar; but it died in the paffage.

Kolben mentions a Water Hen as common at the Cape \dagger , and merely fays that it is " black, and of the fize of the common European Water Hen." It may perhaps prove one of the varieties of this fpecies.

BROWN G.

Fulica fusca, Lin. Syst. i. p. 257. 1. La petite Poule d'Eau, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 6. 2. La Poulette d'Eau, Bust. Ois. viii. p. 177. Another green-footed Water-Hen of Bellonius, Will. Orn. p. 314. Aldrowandus's Italian Rail, Raii Sym. p. 116. 15.—Will. Orn. p. 319.

DESCRIPTION. T

THIS is lefs than the common Gallinule : length one foot. Bill one inch, olive green: irides red: eyelids white: the plumage above is olive brown: throat, and fore part of the neck, deep afh-colour, with a tinge of olive : breaft, belly, and thighs, afhcolour, the feathers margined with white at the tips : under tail. coverts black : bend of the wing white : quills dufky brown; the

• These birds no doubt vary much in colour. I have met with them in two different sof *Chinese* drawings, in both of which the forchead was of a deepred: the bill and legs green: quills and tail dusky black.

+ Kolb. Cape, vol. ii. p. 140.

outer

outer one edged with white : the tail is olive brown; the outer feather white, and a little rounded in fhape : legs olive brown : *garter* round the knee yellow.

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This inhabits *France*, and is a folitary bird; frequenting the fame places with the *common Gallinules*, but not mixing with that fpecies: it feeds on the fame food as that bird, and the flefh is much like it in the tafte.

In all probability this is the fame with *Aldrovandus*'s *Italian Rail*, which is taken in the neighbourhood of *Venice* with great ceremony: feveral perfons wading among the marfhy places, and driving them from the bufhes and places where they lurk, while others being ready with *Hawks*, let them off as foon as they take wing. They are faid to have been much efteemed at the time of the above-mentioned author.

La grande Poule-d'Eau, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 9. 3. —, ou Porzane, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 178. Gallina chloropus altera Aldrov. Raii Syn. p. 114. 3. 'The other green-footed Water-Hen of Aldrovand, Will. Orn. p. 313.

LARGER than the last: length eighteen inches. Bill two inches long; the bafe, and most part of the under mandible, yellow; the rest of the length black: bare part on the forehead yellow: the head and neck are blackiss the upper parts of the body and wings chefnut: breast, belly, and fides, dull ash-colour, edged with white: lower belly and vent white: the thighs ashcolour, crossed with indistinct lines of white: tail rounded in shape; the colour chefnut, except the two outer feathers, which are white: legs green.

The female differs only in being paler in colour.

FEMALE,

Farres

Yellow-

14: Var. A.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

YELLOW-BREASTED G. Description. Yellow-breafted Gallinule, Ara. Zool. Nº 410.

S IZE fmaller than a *Quail*. Crown and hind part of the neck dark olivaceous brown, fpotted with white: back plain brown: fcapulars edged with yellowifh white: breaft dirty yellow: legs brown.

PLACE. Inhabits the province of New York.

Rallas Carolinus, Lin. Syst. i. p. 263. 9. La Poule-Sultane de la Baye d'Hudfon, Brist. Orn. v. p. 541. 9. Le Râle de Virginie, Bust. Oist. viii. p. 165. Little American Water-Hen, Edw. pl. 144. Soree, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 70.—Burnab. Trav. p. 16. 42.—Arct. Zool. N° 409. Lev. Must.

THIS species is the fize of a Quail, but stands higher on its

legs: length from feven to eight inches. Bill an inch long, and yellow: over the forehead fomewhat bare: irides red: the crown, and the upper parts of the bird, are dull brown, fpotted with black: the whole face, round the bill, the chin, and part of the neck before, black: fides of the head, the neck, and breaft,

DESCRIPTION.

16. + SOREE G.

> blueifh afh-colour: belly and fides dufky white; the laft tranfverfely barred with black: the wing coverts are the colour of the back, but plain; fcapulars edged with white: outer edge of the wing white: quills and tail brown: legs dufky green. Thefe inhabit *Virginia*, at certain feafons, in vaft plenty. *Bur*-

PLACE AND MANNERS. Thefe inhabit Virginia, at certain feafons, in vaft plenty. Burnaby * mentions catching one hundred dozen of Soruffes in one

* Burnab. Trav. p. 42, also p. 16.—He here calls them more delicious than the Ortolan.

night,

night, by the Pamunky Indians in King William's Country. "The "manner of taking thefe birds is remarkable. The Serus is not "known to be in Virginia, except for about fix weeks from the "latter end of September: at that time they are found in the "marfnes in prodigious numbers, feeding on the wild oats. At "first they are exceeding lean, but in a short time grow fo fat as "to be unable to fly: in this state they lie upon the reeds, and "the Indians go out in canoes, and knock them on the head with their paddles. They are rather bigger than a Lark, and fafon you meet with them at the tables of most of the Planters, *breakfast, dinner, and fupper.*"

La Poule-Sultane tachetée, Brif. Orn. v. p. 538. 8. La Grinette, Buf. Oif. viii. p 179. Poliopus, Gallinula minor Aldrov. Raii Syn. p. 114. 5. A fmall Water Hen, called Grinetta, Will. Orn. p. 315. pl. 58. Small Water Hen, Albin, ii. pl. 73.

GRINETTA G.

DESCRIPTION.

L ESS than the Water Rail: length nine inches and three quarters. Bill ten lines long; colour of it and the irides yellowifh green: forehead bare and yellow: the feathers of the head and upper parts black, with rufous margins; those of the back have the margins likewife fringed with white: over the eye a white ftreak: the throat blueifh afh-colour: fore part of the neck and breaft the fame, with an olive tinge, and fpotted with black: belly and thighs pale rufous: fides transversely barred black and white: wing coverts rufous, marked with transverse, waved, or zigzag lines: quills dusky brown, edged outwardly with white: tail the fame, but the two middle feathers white on both margins,

of the c plain ty yel-

N° 409.

on its h long, d: the fpotted part of breaft, tranfof the dge of

Burin one ous than night,

margins, and rounded in fhape *: legs dirty green: toes very long.

This fpecies inhabits *Italy*, about *Bologna*, and known by the name of *Grinetta*, and at *Milan* called *Gillerdine*. This has much affinity, if not the fame, with the following fpecies.

18. +SPOTTED G.

PLACE.

Rallus porzana, Lin. SyA. i. p. 262. 3.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 144.—Frifch. t. 211.

Le petit Râle d'Eau, ou le Marouette, Brij. Orn. v. p. 155. pl. 13. fig. 1.-Buf. Oif. viii. p. 157.-Pl. Enl. 751.

Gallinula ochra, Wynkernel, Raii Syn. p. 115. 7.-Will. Orn. p. 316. Spotted Gallinule, Br. Zool. Nº 215.

Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is much fmaller than the *Crake*, and meafures in length lefs than nine inches: breadth near fifteen: weight four ounces. The bill three quarters of an inch long, and of a greenifh yellow: irides reddifh hazel: the head is brown, dafhed with black: over the eyes a ftreak of pale grey: hind part of the neck and fides cinereous brown, marked with fmall white fpots: back and wing coverts olive brown, dafhed with black, and fpotted with white on the edges of the feathers: greater coverts blotched and barred with white: fides of the head, beneath the eyes, the chin, and fore part of the neck, pale grey, dotted with brown: breaft brown, fpotted with white: fides under the wings irregularly barred with white: belly cinereous and white mixed; down the middle dirty white: vent and under tail coverts yellowifh white: legs pale green.

• Willugbby obferves, that the tail when fpread out is concave, and not even, as in other birds, and is a peculiar characterific.

This

ALLINULE. G

This bird haunts the fame places as the common Gallinule, but is not very frequent in this kingdom: we have not been able to trace it farther north than Cumberland, where it is known to breed*; and one of them, in company with its mate, was fhot near Dartford in Kent, the farthest fouth we have heard of it. It is fuppofed to be migratory here as well as in France and Italy, where it is found early in fpring, and is not uncommon. We likewife find it in the fouthern reedy grounds of Ruffia, and the weft of Sibiria +; but we believe no where fo plentiful as the common fpecies. It is a folitary bird, except in breeding-time; fkulks among the rufhes and reeds, and builds among the latter: the neft is composed of rushes matted together in form of a boat, like which it is as it were moored, by fastening one end to a reed, to prevent its being carried away by the water. The female lays feven or eight eggs; the young run as foon as hatched, and are wholly black. Buffon mentions one of this species that was kept tame, and was observed to stand in water for a long time together, if not diffurbed: it was fed with bread and hempfeed **‡**.

A fpecies analogous to this, if not the fame, is also found at Hudson's Bay; it is much finaller, measuring in length only eight inches, breadth fourteen, and weighs fcarce three ounces; it comes there in May, and is feen in plenty along the coafts of the bay, and about rivers, brooks, and lakes. Lays ten or twelve white eggs, in a bush or grass : departs in October. Known there by the name of Paupakapatefew §.

* Dr. Hey/ham. + Mr. Pennant. 1 Hift. des Oif. § Mr. Hutchins. VOL. III.

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265 PIACE AND

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19, SPECKLED G La Poule-Sultane mouchetée, Brij. Orn. v. p. 536. 7. Matkneltzel, Matkern, Raii Syn. p. 109. 10. - Will. Orn. p. 304. pl. 56.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of the *Crake Gallinule*: length eleven inches. Bill of a dull yellow: forehead bare, and of the fame colour: the upper parts of the plumage rufous brown, marked with black and white fpots on the wings: fides of the head, throat, and fore part of the neck, white: from thence to the vent brown: the two middle tail feathers are black, tipped with white; the others brown: legs grey.

PLACE.

This frequents the marshes of Germany. It is called Matkneltzel, and Matkern.

YEI LOW- LEGGED G.	La Poule-Sultane rousse, Bris. Orn. v. p. 534. 6.
	La Smirring, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 180.
	Gallinula ochropus major, Raii Syn. p. 115. 6.
	The Water-Hen, called Ochropus, Will. Orn. p. 316.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the common Gallinule. Bill yellow, with the end black: edges of the eyelids faffron-colour: forehead bare, and of a pale yellow: the reft of the head, and upper parts of the bird, rufous, fpotted with black: fides of the head and under parts white: leffer wing coverts fpotted with dufky, and a little brown; the edges reddifh near the tips; the outer greater ones the fame; but those near the body white: quills black: tail rufous, fpotted with black: legs of a pale yellow*.

PLACE.

Inhabits Germany, where it is called Schmirring.

• There is a figure in Ge/ner, fee Ic. 103.—Av. 507. but it feems to want the back toe.

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La

GALLINULE.

La Poule-Sultane brune, Brif. Orn. v. p. 531. La Glout, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 181.

T HE bill in this fpecies is black: the forehead bare, and of a yellowifh green: the plumage on the upper parts brown: fides of the head, and under parts, white; and there is a little mixture of the fame on the wing coverts: quills and tail brown: legs yellowifh grey: claws grey.

Inhabits Germany, and frequents the banks of rivers and ponds, like most of the genus. It is known about Strafburg by the name of Glutt, and has a shrill kind of note not unlike that of a small flute or fife.

Br. Muf.

SIZE of the *Coot*: length eighteen inches. Bill as in that bird: forehead and crown bare, and of a reddifh colour, rifing at the back part into a knob, not unlike that on the head of the *Guinea Pintado*: the head and neck afh-colour: chin mottled with white: body and wings greenifh afh-colour; outer edge of the laft pale: under parts of the body pale afh: middle of the belly white: legs very flout and brown.

Supposed to have come from China.

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CRESTED G. Description.

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GENUS

267

PIPING G.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND

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[268]

GENUS LXXVI. SHEAT H-BILL*.

Nº 1. White Sheath-bill.

BILL ftrong, thick, a little convex; the top of the upper mandible covered with a corneous fheath.

Noftrils finall, just appearing beyond the fheath.

Tongue round above, flat beneath, and pointed at the end. At the bend of the wing a blunt knob.

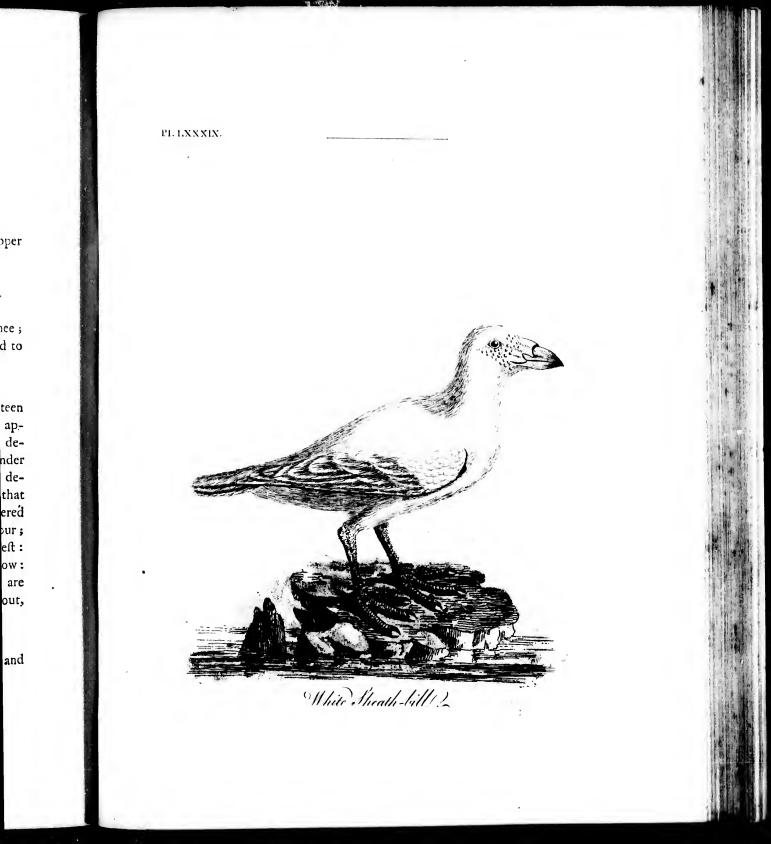
Legs flout, gallinaceous, bare a little way above the knee; toes edged with a thick membrane, the middle one connected to the outer as far as the first joint; claws channelled beneath.

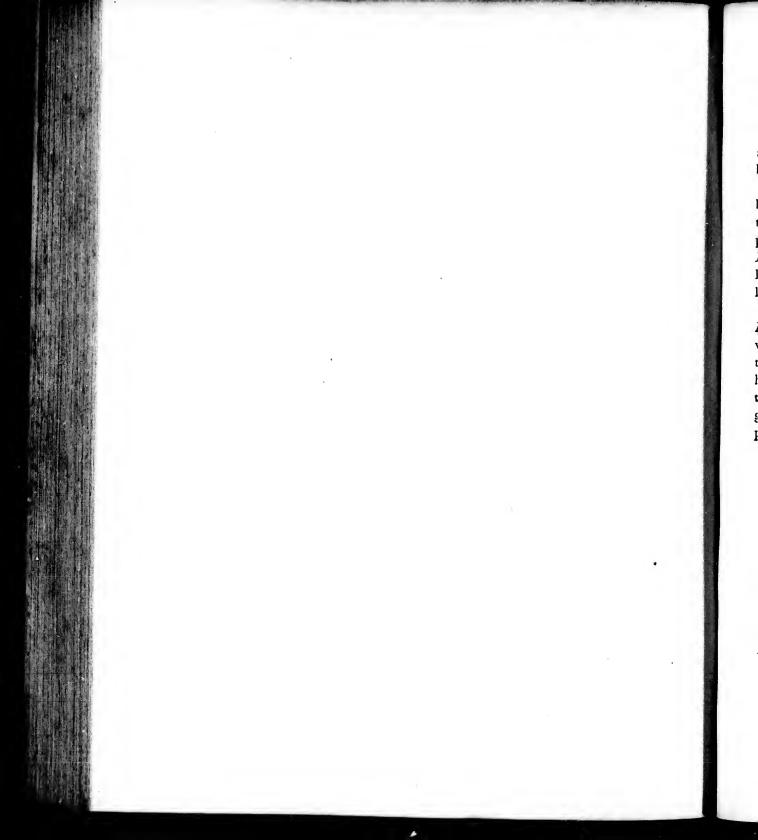
WHITE SH. PL. LXXXIX. DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of a large *Pigeon*: length from fifteen to eighteen inches. Bill black at the bafe; over the noftrils a horny appendage, which covers them, except just on the fore part; and defcends fo low on each fide, as to hang over part of the under mandible; this is moveable, and may be raifed upwards, or depreffed fo as to lay flat on the bill: round the bafe, between that and the eyes, and round them, the parts are bare, and covered only with warty excrefcences, of a white, or pale orange-colour; over the eye a brown or blackish one, larger than the reft: irides dull lead-colour: the plumage is all over as white as show: at the bend of the wing is a blunt blackish knob: the legs are bare a little way above the knees, and are two inches long, shout,

· Genera of Birds, p. 43.

and





SHEATH-BILL.

and of a reddifh colour : claws black. In young birds the tubercles round the eyes are very finall, or wholly wanting.

Thefe inhabit New Zealand, and feveral other parts explored by our late circumnavigators; and are apt to vary in regard to the colour of their extremities, as well as fize, in the different places in which they have been feen. In those from Kerguelen's Land fome had brown legs, with the toes black; and others the legs white, or a pale blue. In one met with at Staaten Land the legs were black; and the bill in fome specimens of a pale brown.

These birds haunt the fea shores in flocks, and feed on *Shell* Fifb and carrien*. In respect to their being used for food, our voyagers differ greatly: some of them put it in competition with the *Duck* \dagger ; while others tell us that it is worse than carrien; for it had such a horrid offensive smell, that they could not venture to taste the flesh, and that at a time when they were not casily difgusted \ddagger : we may therefore venture to conclude, that those who praised it as a *delicacy* were at least very hungry.

* Forft. Voy. i. 518. + Cook's laft Voy. i. p. 88. I Forft. Voy. ii. p. 205.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

ORDER

[270]

ORDER VIII. With PINNATED FEET.

GENUS LXXVII. PHALAROPE.

Nº 1. Red Ph. VAR. A.

2. Grey Ph.

Nº 3. Plain Ph. 4. Brown Ph. 5. Barred Ph.

B^{ILL} strait. Nostrils minute.

Body and legs in every refpect like the Sandpiper. Toes furnished with broad and generally scolloped membranes.

Tringa hyperborea, Lin. Syst. i. p. 249. 9 .- Faun. Suec. Nº 179 (laft de-RED PH. fcribed) .- Muller, Nº 196.- Faun. Groenl. Nº 75. THE MALE. Le Phalarope cendré, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 15. 2.-Buf. Ois. viii. p. 224. Phalarope de Siberie, Pl. Enl. 766. Larus fidipes alter noftras, Raii Syn. p. 132. A. 7. Small cloven-footed Gull, Will. Orn. p. 355. Cock Coot-footed Tringa, Edw. pl. 143. Red Phalarope, Br. Zool. Nº 219. pl. 76 .- Ard. Zool. Nº 413. Lev. Muf.

QIZE of the Purre : length eight inches. Bill one inch, and DESCRIPTION. black: the top of the head, hind part of the neck, and back, are ash-colour, furrounding the neck at the lower part: from the bafe of the bill, paffing through the eyes, to the hind head, is a dufky

dufky ftripe: behind each eye is a rufous one, paffing on the fides of the neck, and joining the laft behind : the rump and upper tail coverts are banded dufky and white: all the under parts of the body white, the under wing coverts croffed with black lines: the upper coverts are afh-colour; the greater incline to brown, and are tipped with white, forming a band on the wings: fcapulars margined with rufous: quills dufky; fome of the fecondaries tipped with white: tail dufky: legs lead-colour.

Tringa fulicaria, Lin. Syst. i. p. 249. 10 Faun. Greenl. Nº 76.	7.
Le Phalarope rouffatre, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 20. 4.	RED PH
rouge, Buf. Ois. p. 225.	FEMALE
Red Coot-footed Tringa, Edw. pl. 142.	

QIZE of the laft. Bill the fame : head, throat, hind part of the neck and back, fcapulars, and upper tail coverts, black, with rufous margins : over the eyes a pale rufous ftreak : rump white, fpotted with dufky: the under part, from the throat, dufky red : wings and tail as in the laft defcribed.

Thefe two birds are undoubtedly male and female; and are rare in England; their having once been fhot in York/bire is on record. More common on the continent. Found in Sibiria, and in the neighbourhood of the Caspian Sea; also in Scandinavia. Met with in Hudfon's Bay; and found by our circumnavigators between Afia and America. Come into Greenland in April, and depart in September. Generally found in pairs; and are observed while fwimming to be continually dipping their bills in the water after infects; for it cannot dive, nor fwim but very imperfectly. They come into Hudson's Bay the beginning of June, and lay four eggs,

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DESCRIPTION,

PLACE AND MANNERS.

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eggs, the middle of that month, on a dry fpot; the young fly in *August*; departs in *September*. Known there by the name of *Occumushifich*.

VAR. A. PLATE IN FRON-TISPIECE. DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH eight inches and a half. Bill three quarters of an inch, and black: the plumage on all the upper parts dufky brown, a little clouded: chin white: the breaft the colour of the upper parts, but paler: belly and vent white: on each fide of the neck is an irregular large fpot, of a deep ferruginous red colour: the greater wing coverts tipped with white, forming a bar on the wing: quills black: tail cinercous, the two middle feathers darkeft: legs dufky: the toes furnifhed with a lobated membrane like the *Red Phalarope*, which it much refembles.

PLACE.

Found between Afia and America, from lat. 66 to 69. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

+ GREY PH.

Tringa lobata, Lin. Sylt. i. p. 249. 8.—Faun. Suec. 179.—Brun. N° 171.— Muller, N° 195.—Faun. Groenl. N° 75.—N. C. Petr. vol. xiv. 3. tab. 13. fig. 3?

Le Phalarope, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 18. 1.

Grey Coot-footed Tringa, Edw. pl. 308 -Phil. Trans. vol. 1. pl. 6.

Grey Phalarope, Br. Zool. Nº 218. pl. 76. - Art. Zool. Nº 412.

Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

B ILL black, flatted near the tip: forehead white: crown dufky: hind part of the neck light grey: back, rump, and fcapulars, deep dove-colour, marked with dufky fpots; edges of the fcapulars yellow: coverts and prime quills dufky; the first edged with white: breast and belly white: tail dufky, edged with

with afh-colour : legs black : toes fealloped : the margins of the membranes finely ferrated.

In my collection is a fpecimen, which differs fomewhat. The whole top of the head, fides, chin, and neck, are white: the hind part of the head and neck dufky: the prime quills plain; the fecondaries margined with white: the fcalloped membranes yellowifh. I fufpect it to be a young bird, not yet come to its full plumage.

Inhabits the northern parts of Europe, Iceland and Greenland; is feen also in England, but rarely. Frequent throughout Sibiria, in the neighbourhood of the lakes and rivers, especially in autumn. Also met with among the ice between Asia and America. If the fame with that in the Philosophical Transations, it frequents the falt marshes, and flies in flocks about the borders of the Caspian Sea.

Plain Phalarope, Ara. Zool. Nº 415.

BILL black, fiender, dulated at the end: crown dufky and dull yellow: acrofs each eye a black line: cheeks and fore part of the neck clay-colour: breaft and belly white: back and tertials dufky, edged with dull yellow: wing coverts, primaries, and tail, cinereous; the laft edged like the tertials: legs yellowifh: toes bordered with a plain or unfcalloped membrane.

Taken in the Frozen Sea, lat. 691, long. 1911.

VARIETY.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

PLAIN PH. Description.

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BROWN PH.

Le Phalarope brun, Brij. Orn. vi. p. 18. N° 3. Coot-footed Tringa, Edw. pl 46. Brown Phalarope, Ar&. Zool. N° 414.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of the other. Bill flender, a trifle bent at the end, and black: crown of the head black: the colour of the upper parts not unlike those of the *Purre*: fore part of the neck afh-colour, with a flight bloffom-coloured tinge: the rest of the under parts white: legs black: the toes furnished with a fcalloped membrane on the fides.

PLACE.

Inhabits America. One of the above flew on board a ship on the coast of Maryland.

BARRED PH. Description. LENGTH feven inches and a half. Bill one inch, black: the feathers on the upper parts of the bird brown, edged with white: under parts white, transversely barred with dusky: quills dusky, with the ends brown, and the margins and tips very pale: tail the fame, spotted on both webs with white: legs dusky.

PLACE.

Inhabits Christmas Island. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

GENUS

[275]

GENUS LXXVIII. С 00Т.

N•	I.	Common Coot.	Nº 4. Mexican C.
	2.	Greater C.	5. Cinereous C.
	3.	Crefted C.	

DILL ftrong, thick, floping to the point; the base of the D upper mandible rifing far up into the forehead : both mandibles of equal length.

Noftrils incline to oval, narrow, fhort.

Body compreffed : wings fhort.

Tail fhort.

Toes long, furnished with broad scalloped membranes.

This last distinction in the toes will ferve to feparate the above genus from the Gallinule, both being ranked under one (Fulica) by Linnaus: as in the last, the toes are quite plain.

Fulica atra, Lin. Syft. i. p. 257. 2. - Faun. Suec. 193. - Scop. Ann. i. Nº 149. --Brun. 190 .- Muller, Nº 216 .- Kram. El. p. 357. 1 .- Frifch, t. 208. --Georgi Reife, p. 172.

+ COMMON C.

Le Foulque, ou Morelle, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 23. 1. pl. 2. fig. 2. - Buf. Oif. viii. p. 211. pl. 18 .- Pl. Enl. 197.

The Coot, Raii Syn. p. 116. A. 1.-Will. Orn. p. 319. pl. 59 - Albin, i. pl. 83 .- Br. Zool. Nº 220. pl. 77 .- Art. Zool. Nº 416. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of a fmall Fowl: length fifteen inches: weight from twenty-four to twenty-eight ounces. The bill is an inch and one third long, of a greenish white : the forehead bare as far Nn 2

DESCRIPTION.

as

СООТ.

as the crown, and covered with a white fkin*: the head, neck, and back, are black; the laft inclining to aih-colour: the breaft, belly, and vent, afh-colour: outer edge of the wing white: at the beginning of the naked part above the knee a circle or garter of yellow: the colour of the legs yellowifh green: toes furnished on each fide with a fcalloped broad membrane.

No difference observed between the sexes.

The Coot is pretty common throughout England at all feafons; fometimes met with many together in winter; but in breedingtime chiefly in pairs about the borders of ponds well covered with weeds, rushes, &c. and both swims and dives well. It makes a very large neft of weeds well matted together, lining it within with grais, &c. and lays as far as fourteen or fifteen egg. two inches and a quarter long, of a pale brownish white, regularly peppered with chocolate-coloured fpots, fome of them very minute, the biggeft only an eighth of an inch in fize, most spotted at the largest end: the young take to the water very soon after hatching. This fpecies is not fo numerous as might be expected; for we find that vaft numbers fall a prey while young to the Buzzards, which frequent the marshes. The food is small filb and water infects; but will fometimes eat the roots of the bulrufb, and with it feed the young; is faid likewife to cat grain. We believe this fpecies to extend throughout the old continents and perhaps the new alfo. Authors record it as inhabiting Greenland, Sweden, Norway, Ruffia, Sibiria, Perfia, and China,

* Briffon fays red; but it is only fo in the feafon of incubation. I have never yet feen it of a full red.

+ As far as eighteen or twenty, Hift. des Oif.—And further, that if the first set is taken away, it will lay ten or twelve more for a second hatch.

and

276

PLACE.

and many of the intermediate parts. It is also met with in Jamaica, Carolina, and other parts of North America. The Indians about Niagara drefs their skins, and use them for pouches. Called in Carolina, Flusterers *.

A Coot has been once fhot, at Spalding in Lincolnsbire, which was white, except a few feathers in the wings and about the head +.

We do not find the *Coot* effeemed as food; but remember once to have tafted fome young ones which were skinned and put into a pie, which was thought very good.

Fulica aterrima, Lin. Syft. Pp. 258. 3.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 150.
La grande Foulque, ou la Macroule, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 28. 2. pl. 2. fig. 2.—
Buf. Oi/. viii. p. 220.
Fulica major, or greater Coot, Raii Syn. p. 117. 2.—Will. Orn. p. 239.

THIS is of a larger fize than the laft, but differs not in the colour of the plumage, except that it is blacker. Briffon diftinguishes the two by the colours of the bare part of the forehead, which is in this white; and the garters, which are of a. deep red \ddagger .

This bird is faid to be found in *Lancafbire* and *Scotland*. It should feem to be a mere variety of the former, did not authors join in advancing the contrary. They are more plentiful on the continent, being found in *Ruffia* and the *weftern* part of *Sibiria* very common; and are also in plenty at *Sologne* and the neigh-

Arct. Zool. + Br. Zool.

pl. 51.-Br. Zonl. Nº 221.

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[‡] This can be no diffinction, as birds differ in the colour of these parts according to the seafon.

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bouring parts, where they call it Judelle. The people eat them on maigre days, and the fiesh is much esteemed *.

CRESTED COOT. PL. XC. DESCRIPTION. La grande Foulque à crête, Buf. Ois. viii. p. 222. Foulque de Madagascar, Pl. Enl. 797.

THIS is ftill larger than the greater fpecies, being eighteen inches in length. Bill red at the bafe, and whitifh the reft of its length: the whole crown bare, of a deep red, and rifing into a bifid detached membrane like a creft, as in fome of the Jacana fpecies is whole plumage blue black: legs dufky, and fhaped like thole if the common fpecies.

PLACE.

Inhabits *Madagafcar*, and I make no doubt *China* alfo; as one feen by me in fome *Chinefe* drawings anfwered to the above defoription. The garter above the knee was of three colours, red, green, and yellow; and the name of the bird *Tzing Kye*.

MEXICAN C.

La Foulque du Mexique, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 31. 3. Yohoalcoachillin, Raii Syn. p. 117. 3.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

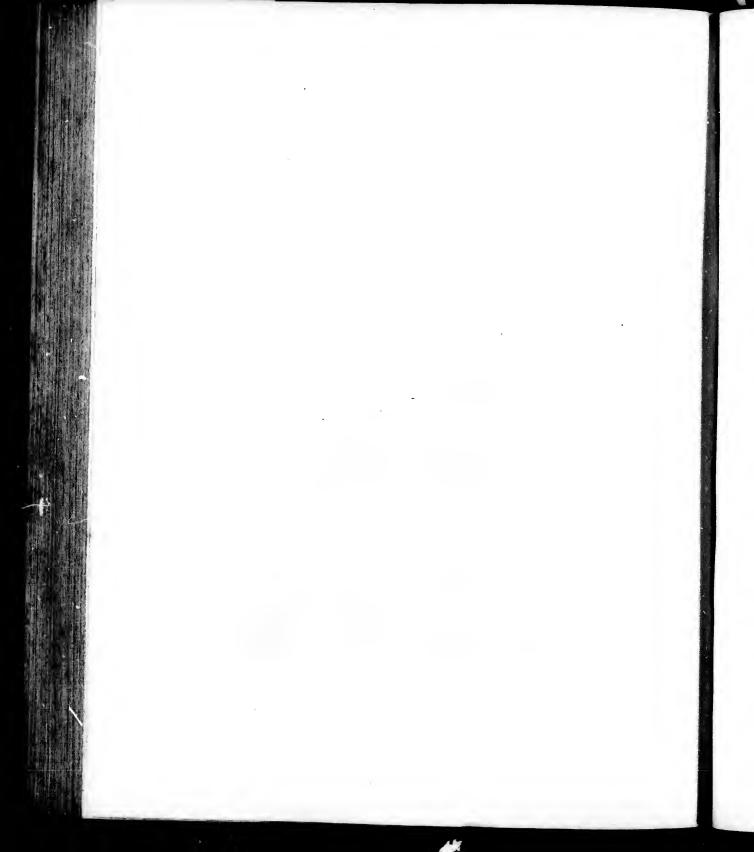
SIZE of the greater Coot. Bill red t, with a yellow tip: forehead bare and red : head, neck, breaft, belly, thighs, under wing and tail coverts, purple : back, rump, and wing coverts, pale green, varied with blue and fulvous : quills pale green. Inhabits Mexico.

* Salerne Orn. p. 357. † Ray fays it is white.

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Lev





С О О Т.

Lev. Muf.

CINEREOUS C. Description.

SMALLER than the common Coot. Bill pale green: bare place over the forehead fmaller than in that fpecies, and white: plumage above dufky afh-colour; beneath the fame, but paler: chin dufky white: down the middle of the belly the fame: legs blue black: the membranes on each fide of the toes much narrower than in any other of the fpecies.

Said to inhabit North America.

PLACE.

GENUS

[280]

GENUS LXXIX. GREBE.

Nº 1. Crefted Gr. 2. Tippet Gr. 3. Cayenne Gr. 4. Eared Gr. VAR. A. 5. Dufky Gr. 6. Horned Gr. VAR. A.

Nº 7. Red-necked Gr. 8. Black-breafted Gr.

- 9. Louisiane Gr.
- 10. Little Gr.

VAR. A.

- 11. White-winged Gr.
- 12. Black-chin Gr.

13. Pied-bill Gr.

THE bill in this genus is ftrong, slender, and sharppointed.

Noftrils linear.

Space between the bill and eye [or lore] bare of feathers.

Tongue flightly cloven at the end.

Body depressed : feathers thick fet, compact, and very fmooth and gloffy.

Wings fhort. No tail.

Legs placed far behind *, much compressed, and doubly at the back part.

Toes furnished on each fide with a broad plain membrane.

This genus is placed by Linnæus, with the Guillemot and Diver, under the general name of Colymbus, without even a division ; but they differ materially from one another in many particulars,

• From the legs being as it were placed in the vent, fome of the genus have been called, by the lower class, by the very vulgar name of Arfe-foot.

more

more efpecially in the legs: in the Grebes they are not webbed; the Guillemots, though web-footed, have only three toes, all placed forwards; and the Divers have three toes before and one behind *.

Colymbus criftatus, Lin. Syst. i: p. 222. 7.— Faun. Suec. Nº 151.—Scop. 1. Ann. i. Nº 99.—Brun. 135.—Muller, Nº 57.—Frisch. tab. 183. +CRESTED GR.

La Grebe huppée, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 38. 2. pl. 4.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 233.— Pl. Enl. 944.

La Grebe cornue, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 45. 4. pl. 5. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 233. pl. 19.—Pl. Enl. 400.

Colymbus major cristatus & cornutus, Raii Syn. p. 124. A. 2.

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Greater crefted and horned Ducker, Will. Orn. p. 340. § 4. 5. pl. 61.-Plott. Hift. Staff. p. 229. pl. 22.- Albin, i. pl. 81. ii. pl. 75. Great crefted Grebe, Br. Zool. Nº 223.-Arct. Zool p. 498. A.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of a *Duck*: length twenty-three inches: breadth twentythree and a half. Bill two inches and a half long, of a reddifh flefh-colour; tip brown: lore and irides crimfon: head greatly enlarged with feathers, fo as to make it appear unnatural; thefe feathers are much elongated on each fide of the hind head, appearing like ears, and from thence rounded like a ruff to the under jaw; the colour black, except the middle of the laft, which is bright ferruginous: the hind part of the neck, upper parts of the body, and wings, are brown: fides of the head, round the eyes, and under parts, from chin to vent, filvery white: in many birds a mixture of pale ferruginous acrofs the breaft: on the wings an oblique white bar: the inner ridg: of the wing is alfo white: legs dufky.

• See Brif. Orn. vol. vi. p. 33. 70. 104.—Gen. of Birds, p. 46. 51. Vol. III. O o The

The female is faid to differ in having the head lefs tufted; in

282

FEMALE.

other things it much refembles the male *. Young Bians. The young birds differ exceedingly at different

The young birds differ exceedingly at different ftages of life: at first they are perfectly downy, and striped, especially down the neck, with black: after this, when about half grown, the stripes on the neck are less distinct, being rather mottled than striped; and the under part, though white, is clouded with dusky +; at this period a fullness round the head is observed: as the bird advances still further towards perfection the brown and white appear clear and distinct, the head becomes much tusted, and the horns are a little elongated. But we have great reason to believe that the bird does not obtain the full and perfect cress till the fecond year at least.

PLACE AND MANNERS. The above are fufficiently common in fome parts of *England*, breeding in the meres of *Shrop/hire* and *Che/hire*, and in the eaft fen of *Lincoln/hire*, where they are called *Gaunts*; in fome parts known by the name of *Cargoo/e*. The *female* lays four white eggs the fize of those of a *Pigeon*: the neft is of a large fize, and formed of *bogbean*, stalks of *water-lilly*, *pond-weed*, and *waterviolet*, floating independent among the reeds and flags; the water penetrates it, and the bird fits and hatches in that condition. The food of the old bird is small *fi/b*, which it gets by diving, and at times will eat *vegetables* ‡. It feeds the young with small *eels*;

• In one fhewn to us at Mr. Boddam's as a female, the ruff was white, and fmaller than in the male: the tufts on the top of the head were fhorter, and white alfo, the head having no rufous tinge about it.—We fuffect the above to be a bird in incomplete plumage.

+ See Brunnich, p. 42. Nº 139.

t Dr. Hey/ham mentions one of the Tippet Grebes being flot near Carlifle, which had half-digefted wegetables, and a great number of feathers, in its flomach. and

and will carry them, when tired, on its back : is feldom or never feen on land : is a quick diver, and difficult to be fhot, as it darts down on the leaft appearance of danger; and feldom flies farther than the end of the lake it frequents *.

Colymbus urinator, Lin. Syst. i. p. 223. 9.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 102 †. 2. La Grebe, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 34. 1. pl. 3. fig. 1.—Buf. Ois. viii. p. 227.— TIPPET GR. Pl. Enl. 941. Colymbus major, Raii Sym. p. 125. 6. Greater Loon, or Arte-foot, Will. Orn. p. 339. —Dobchick, Edw. pl. 360. fig. 2. Tippet Grebe, Br. Zool. N° 222. pl. 78. Lev. Mus.

AUTHORS inform us that this is fomewhat lefs than the great crefted Grebe; and that it wants both the creft and ruff, fo confpicuous in that bird. The fides of the neck are ftriped downwards from the head with narrow lines of black and white: in other refpects the colours and marks agree.

It is faid to be rather fcarce in *England*, but has been fhot on *Rofterne-mere* in *Chefhire*. Are common in the winter time on the lake of *Geneva*, appearing in flocks of ten or twelve, and are killed for the fake of their beautiful fkins; the under fides of them, being dreffed with the feathers on, are made into *muffs* and *tippets*:

* Br. Zool.

† Scopoli defcribes two birds : in one the upper parts are brown : belly and under fide of the wings white. The other (fuppofed to be of a different fex) larger; but differs in having a white throat, a rufous neck, and two black freaks produced downwards from each eye.

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PLACE AND MANNERS.

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parts white and atervater tion. , and eels; , and

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each bird fells for about fourteen fhillings*. It is also mentioned as a common bird in the lakes of Sibiria; but not feen in Ruffia +.

It is with fome reluctance that we pen our doubts concerning the identity of this as a species, at least as being distinct from the great crefted Grebe, in contradiction to what former authors have recorded on the fubject. It is certain that the laft-named bird varies exceedingly at different periods of life, from what has been faid above; and we are likewife as certain that the birds which have been pointed out to us as the Geneva Grebes, have been no other than young ones of the great crefted, not having yet attained the creft; and whoever will compare Briffon's three figures of the birds in queftion ‡, will find (the creft excepted) that they all exactly coincide, allowing for their different periods of age. We have been further led into this opinion from the circumftance of a large flock of them, which appeared in various parts of the shores of the Thames, from Gravefend to Greenwii last winter, many of which were killed and came under our fpection: among them we found the greatest variety about the head, from being perfectly without a creft, to the most complete one, with all the intermediate stages above mentioned.

3. CAYENNE GR. Le grand Grebe, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 242. Grebe de Cayenne, Pl. Enl. 404. fig. 1.

DESCRIPTION.

T HIS is nineteen inches and a half in length. The bill is dufky; the under mandible yellow at the bafe: head, and upper parts of the neck and body, dufky brown: fore parts, as far

• Br. Zool. † Mr. Pennant. ‡ Brif. vol. vi. pl. 3. fig. 1. pl. 4. and pl. 5. fig. 1. 6

as

as the breaft, and fides, rufous: the laft mixed with brown: breaft and upper part of the belly white; the lower part, and vent, brown: legs dufky.

Inhabits Cayenne.

PLACE.

PLACE.

285

Colymbus auritus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 222. 8.—Faun. Suec. 152.—Scop. Ann. i. N° 100.—Brun. 136. 137.—Muller, p. 20. La Grebe à oreilles, Bri/. Orn. vi. p. 54. 6. Le petit Grebe huppé, Buf. Oi/. viii. p. 235. Eared Dobchick, Edw. pl. 96. fig. 2. —Grebe, Br. Zool. N° 224. pl. 79.—Arel. Zool. p. 499. B. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

SIZE of a *Teal*: length twelve inches. Bill one inch, black; DESCRIPTION. bending a little upwards at the point; the colour of the bafe reddifh: lore and irides crimfon: the head is very full of feathers, and of a dufky black: the neck and under parts of the body the fame*: from behind each eye fprings a tuft of orangecoloured feathers, growing broader, and almost meeting behind: the breast and under parts are filvery white: fides of the body ferruginous chefnut: legs black.

The *female* differs in having the head lefs full of feathers than **FEMALE**. the male.

This is found in the northern parts of *Europe*, the temperate and northern parts of *Sibiria*, and in *Iceland*. Said alfo by *Bou*gainville to be met with in *Falkland Iflands*, where it was named the Diver with Spectacles ‡.

• In fome birds the fore part of the neck is mottled with white. ‡ See Boug. Voy. p. 61.

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4. Var. A. La petite Grebe huppée, *Brif. Orn.* iii. pl. 3. fig. 2. Colymbus nigricans, *Scop. Ann.* i. Nº 101? Afh-coloured Loon, *Raii Syn.* p. 124?—Will. Orn. p. 340. pl. 61?

DESCRIPTION.

B O D Y the fize of a *Lapwing*: length eleven inches. Bill an inch and a quarter, black : head rather full of feathers, and elongated into two fhort tufts, one on each fide the hind head : colour of the head, neck, and upper parts, fine brown : fides of the head, and fore part of the neck, white, the laft marked with chefnut fpots; the white of the throat paffes far back below the hind head on each fide, and under this the brown advances towards the fore part : the breaft, belly, thighs, and fides, white; the laft marked with chefnut and brown fpots: wing coverts brown; fome of those next the body, and part of the fecond quills, white : legs olive brown.

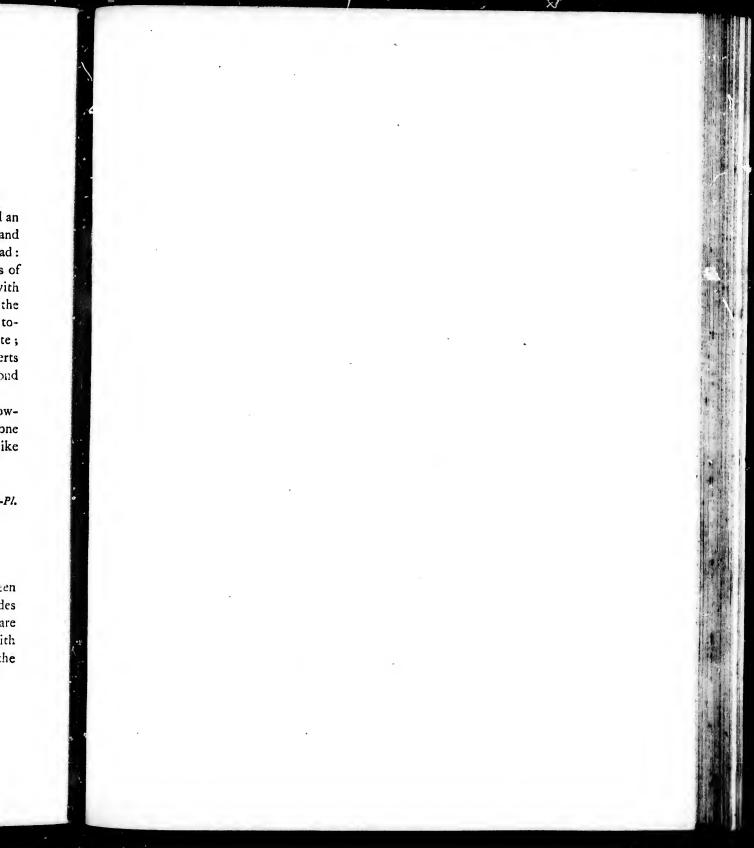
This feems to partake both of the laft as well as of the following fpecies; but we hefitate not to pronounce it the former in one of its progreffive ftages towards perfection, as it varies much like the *crefted fpecies* at the different periods of age.

+ DUSKY GR.

La petite Grebe, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 56. 7.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 232.—Pl. Enl. 942. Black and white Dobchick, Edw. pl. 96. fig. 1.

Dusky Grebe, Br. Zool. Nº 225. - Ar.A. Zool. Nº 420. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION. SIZE of a fmall *Teal*: length eleven inches. Bill thirteen lines long, colour black, with the fides red : lore and irides red : above, the upper parts of the head, neck, and body, are dufky brown : ridge of the wing white : fecondaries tipped with the





the fame: forehead, and beneath, from chin to vent, white: breaft very gloffy: at the throat the white paffes backwards almost to the hind head, and the brown comes forward on each fide on the middle of the neck: on the thighs a few black spots: legs flesh-colour tinged with purple.

In fome birds the whole neck is afh-coloured; and others are fpotted between the legs with black.

This fpecies inhabits the fens of *Lincolnfhire*. Mr. *Edwards* mentions his having had feveral out of the *London* markets, from which place we have likewife received a specimen.

> Eared or Horned Dobchick, Edw. pl. 49. Horned Grebe, Arcl. Zool. Nº 417. Lev. Mul.

SIZE of a *Teal*: weight one pound: length one foot: breadth fixteen inches. Bill one inch, dufky: head very full of feathers, and of a gloffy deep green, nearly black: through each eye a ftreak of yellow feathers, elongated into a tuft as it paffes to the hind head: upper part of the neck and back dufky brown: fore part of the neck and brea dark orange red: leffer wing coverts cinereous; the greater and quills black; middle ones white: belly gloffy white: legs cinereous blue before, pale behind.

Inhabits Hudfon's Bay. First appears in May, about the fresh waters. Lays from two to four while eggs, in June, among the aquatic plants; faid to cover them when abroad. Retires fouth in autumn; appears then at New York, staying till spring, when it returns to the north. For its vast quickness in diving it is called the Water Witch. Known at Hudfon's Bay by the name of Seekeep. PLACE AND MANNERS.

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PLACE.

HORNED GR.

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DESCRIPTION.

6. Var. A. La petite Grebe cornue, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 50. 5.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 237. Grebe d'Eiclavonie, Pl. Enl. 404. fig. 2.

Description.

T H E head of this bird is much tufted, and black : behind the eyes a firipe of loofe rufous yellow feathers : the hind part of the neck, and upper parts of the body and wings, dufky black : on the quills a patch of white : fore parts, from the chin to the breaft, and fides, chefnut : breaft, belly, and thighs, refplendent white : legs lead-colour.

PLACE.

Said to inhabit Sclavonia, and feems to be a mere variety of the last species.

RED-NECKED GR. Le Grebe à joues grifes, ou le Jougris, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 241.—Pl. Enl. 931. Red-necked Grebe, Ara. Zool. p. 499. C.

DESCRIPTION.

THE crown, hind part of the neck, back, and wings, are dufky brown: fecondaries white: cheeks and throat the fame; the first marked with a few brown streaks: under side of the neck bright ferruginous: belly white: legs active.

This fpecies was fent to Mr. Pennant from Copenhagen, and fuppofed to inhabit Denmark or Norway; it is also found, though

PLACE.

very rarely, towards the *Caspian Sea*. That mentioned by *Buf*fon was feventeen inches in length; had the breaft mottled with ferruginous; and a white fpot on the quills: in other things it exactly coincided with the above defeription.

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La Grebe de l'Isle de St. Thomas, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 58. 8. Le Grebe Duc-laart, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 240.	8. BLACK-BREAST ED GR.
SIZE of a fmall <i>Fowl</i> . Bill one inch long, black, with a pale tip: irides white: the head and upper parts are dull brown: between the bill and eye is a white fpot: the under parts are white, except a large fpot of black on the breaft; and the belly, fides, and thighs, fpotted with grey: the wing coverts are pale rufous: legs dufky.	DESCRIPTION.
This inhabits the ifle of St. Thomas, and is called Duc-laart.	PLACE.
Le Grebe de la Louifiane, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 240.—Pl. Enl. 943. Louifiane Grebe, Arst. Zool. Nº 419.	9. LOUISIANE GR
THE bill in this fpecies is flightly bent at the point: the upper parts of the head and body deep brown: fides of the neck and body, quite to the rump, ruft-coloured: middle of the breaft dufky white: from the bafe of the neck to the thighs,	Description.
marked with large transverse black spots : legs dusky.	
Inhabits Louifiane.	PLACE.
Colymbus auritus, Lin. Syft. i. p. 223. 8. yFaun. Suec. p. 184Frijch. t. 184. La Grebe de la riviere, ou le Castagneux, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 59. 9Buf.	+ LITTLE GR.
Oif. viii. p. 244. pl. 20.—Pl. Enl. 905.	
Didapper, Dipper, Dobchick, &c. Raii Syn. p. 125. A. 3Will. Orn. p. 340. pl. 61.	
Little Grebe, Br. Zool. Nº 226. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.	
LENGTH ten inches: breadth fixteen: weight fix ounces	DESCRIPTION.

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289

LEN and a half. Bill not quite an inch long, and reddifh brown : irides reddifh hazel : all the upper parts * of the head, neck, and

• The colour on the upper parts in fome varieties is almost black; fee La Grebe de Riviere noiraftre, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 62. A.

body, Рp VOL. III.

body, reddifh brown; very pale on the rump: fides of the head and fore part of the neck yellowifh grey *: chin the fame, but paler: breaft and belly white, mottled with afh-colour and red: thighs and vent grey: legs dirty green. *Male* and *female* much alike, and both vary according to the age, as in other fpecies.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

This fpecies frequents the fame places with the other Grebes, but is infinitely more common, few frefh waters being without it. It makes a large neft, a foot or more in thicknefs, in the water, composed of grafs and other water plants, and lays five or fix dirty yellowish white eggs; the neft is fo placed in the water that it is constantly kept wet, which feems effential to the hatching of the young brood both of this and other species of the genus. The food is fifh, water infects, and plants. It is an admirable diver, and feems to make way under the water at a very great rate, arising at an inconceivable distance from the place it plunges in at; for the most part, considerably beyond the length of gunshot \ddagger . We believe this bird to be pretty frequent on the old continent : it is likewise found common at Hud/on's Bay in America, where it is called Difhishet feekeep \ddagger . In England called by the various names of Didapper, Dipper, Loon, and Dobchick.

10. Var. A: Le Caftagneux des Philippines, Buf. Oif. vi. p. 246 .- Pl. Enl. 945.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is rather larger than the *little Grebe*, and differs from it in a few particulars. The upper parts are brown, as in that

• In old birds the cheeks are of a bright bay.

+ If the poffibility of flying under water be allowed, no bird of this kingdom claims the epithet more than the little Grebe. By fome it is faid to be able to flay under water for a quarter of an hour.—Salerne Orn. p. 377.

‡ Mr. Hutchins.

bird,

bird, but tinged with purple; and the cheeks and fides of the neck incline to rufous: in other things it refembles the above faid, of which it appears to be a mere variety.

Inhabits the Philippine Islands.

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Colymbus Dominicus, Lin. Syf. i. p. 223. 10.
La Grebe de Riviere de St. Domingue, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 64. 11. pl. 5. fig. 2.
Le Caftagneux de St. Domingue, Buf. Oif. viii. p. 248.
Le Plongeon, Defer. de Surin. ii. p. 155.
Twopenny Chick, Hughes Barb. p. 72.

L ESS than the *little Grebe*: length fcarcely eight inches. Bill thirteen lines, colour black: plumage of all the upper part dufky: fides of the head, chin, and fore part of the neck, dufky grey: breaft, belly, fides, and thighs, filvery grey, marked with fmall brown fpots: quills greyifh white, more or lefs marked with greyifh brown on the outer webs and tips: legs brown.

Inhabits the island of St. Domingo. I received one of these from Jamaica, of an uniform dusky lead-colour, except the middle of the belly, which had a large patch of white: the quills were as in the above-described: this most likely differs merely in fex. We have likewise seen a third, which had the belly wholly brown, but differed from the first-described in no other particular: this came from Cayenne, where it is known by the name of Soccové. It is called at Jamaica, as well as in Barbadoes, the Twopenny Chick. It is likewise an inhabitant of Surinam, where Mr. Fermin * mentions another to exist, fmaller than this, wholly co-

* Hift. de Surin. ii. p. 155.

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PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

+ WHITE-

WINGED GR.

vered with *cotlony* white feathers; the bill yellow, and the legs fhort. He tells us that it is only feen in the *favannas*, near fmall ponds, and feeds on the leffer *fife*. It is most likely that the last is the young of the others, and not a diffinct species.

BLACK CHIN GR. Description. Black-chin Grebe, Br. Zool. Nº 227. pl. 79.

RATHER larger than the *little Grebe*. Chin black: fore part of the neck ferruginous; hind part mixed with dufky: belly cinereous and filver intermixed.

Inhabits Tirée, one of the Hebrides.

PLACE.

+ PIED-BILL GR. Colymbus podiceps, Lin. Syst. i. p. 223. 11. La Grebe de Riviere de la Caroline, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 63. 10. Le Castagneux à bec cerclé, Bus. Ois. viii. p. 247. Pied-bill Dobchick, Catefb. Car. i. pl. 91.—Arst. Zool. Nº 418. pl. 22. Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION. LENGTH fourteen inches. Bill ftrong, a little bent, not unlike that of the common *Poultry*; crack olive, with a dufky bafe, and croffed through the mide *z* of both mandibles with a bar of black : noftrils very wide : irides white : chin and throat of a gloffy black, bounded with while : upper part of the neck and back dufky : cheeks and under parts of the neck pale brown : breaft and belly filvery, the first mottled with ash-colour : wings brown ; ends of the fecondaries white : toes furnished with a broad membrane.

FEMALE.

The *female* wants the black bar on the bill, and has the chin and throat of the fame colour with the reft of the neck.

PLACE.

Inhabits from New York to South Carolina; is called in the first the Hen-beaked Wigcon, or Water Witch. Arrives there late in the autumn, and goes away in April.

ORDER

[293]

ORDER IX. WEB-FOOTED.

*WITH LONG LEGS.

GENUS LXXX. AVOSET.

N[•] 1. Scooping Av. N[•] 3. White Av. 2. American Av.

B^{ILL} long, flender, very thin, and bending confiderably upwards.

Noftrils narrow and pervious.

Tongue fhort.

Feet palmated; the webs deeply femilunated between each toe. Back toe very fmall.

Recurvirostra Avocetta, Lin. Syst. i. p. 256.—Faun. Suec. 191.—Aman. Acad. iv. 591.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 129.—Brun. Nº 188.—Muller, Nº 214. —Kram. El. p. 348.—Georgi Reile, p. 172.
L'Avocette, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 538. pl. 47. fig. 2.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 466. pl. 38.—Pl. Enl. 353.
etta, Raii Syn. p. 117. A. 1.—Will. Orn. p. 321. pl. 60.—Albin, i. pl. 101.—Br. Zool. Nº 228. pl. 80.—ArA. Zool. p. 503. B.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

τ.

AV.

SCOOPING

T HIS bird is the fize of the Lapwing in the body, but has very long legs: length eighteen inches. The bill is three inches and a half long, and fingular in fhape; flender, very flat, and

AVOSET.

and turns up towards the end, where it finishes in a sharp point; the nostrils narrow and pervious: irides hazel: the top of the head, taking in the eyes, is black, passing some way down the neck, and ending in a point: above and beneath the eye a spot of white: the remainder of the head and neck, and all the under parts, are white: the back, major part of the scapulars, outer part of the wing, and lesser quills and tail, are of the fame colour; but the inner scapulars, and all down the middle of the wing coverts, and outer webs and ends of the greater quills, are black: the legs very long, and of a pale blue; and the thighs naked for a great part of their length: the toes are webbed, the webs deeply indented; the hind toe small, and placed too high up to be of use.

The male and female much alike.

This fpecies is frequent, in the winter, on the fea-fhores of this kingdom: in *Gloucefterfbire*, at the *Severn*'s mouth, the eaftern coafts of *Suffolk* and *Norfolk*, and fometimes on the lakes of *Sbrop-fbire*^{*}. Alfo common, at the fame feafon, on the fhores of *Kent*[†]. In the breeding feafon are found in the fens in vaft numbers; near *Foffdike Wafb* in *Lincoln/bire*, in the fens of *Cambridgefbire* and *Suffolk*, and other fimilar places. They lay two eggs, the fize of thofe of a *Pigeon*, an inch and three quarters in length, of a cinereous grey, whimfically marked with deep brownifh black patches, of irregular fizes and fhapes, befides fome under markings of a dufky hue. They are faid to feed on worms and infects[±], which they fcoop out of the foft mud with their bills, the

- · Br. Zool.
- + Mr. Boys twice met with them at Sandwich, fo early as the month of Ollober.
- I On the Sea-Flea and Locust, the Cancer pulex, and locusta. Lin.

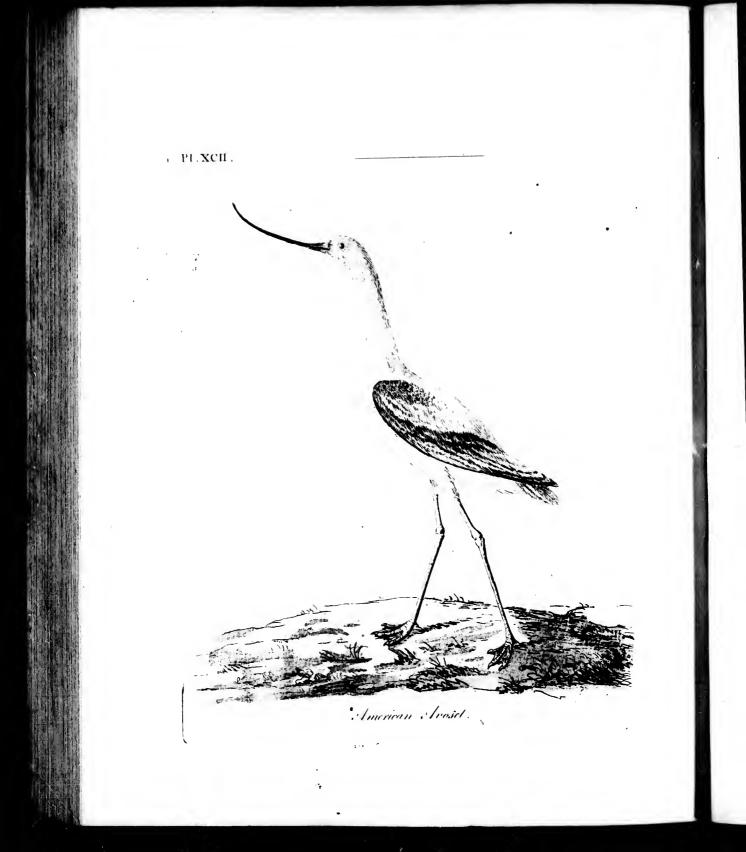
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294

PLACE AND MANNERS. oint, f the h the pot of under outer e cof the , are high

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A V O S E T.

traces of which may be observed in the places where they frequent. Often seen to wade, as far as their legs will let them, into the water, and will also occasionally swim, but always close to the edge of the shore.

It is also feen in various parts of the continent of Europe. Found in Ruffia, Denmark, and Sweden^{*}, but not in plenty; also met with in Sibiria, but more frequent about the falt lakes of the Tartarian Defart, and about the Caspian Sea⁺. Found on the coasts of Picardy in France, in April and November; also at Orleans, but very rare. In breeding time in fuch plenty on the coasts of Bas Poistou, that the peasants take their eggs by thousands in order to feast on them[‡]. We have not been able to trace these birds further fouth in Europe than Italy, where they have been long noticed as inhabitants.

> Avosetta, Damp. Voy. iii. pl. in p. 123. fig. 3. American Avoset, Arci. Zool. Nº 421. pl. 21. Lev. Mus.

AMERICAN AV. PL. XCII. Description.

THIS is larger than the Scooping Avofet, and exceeds it fomewhat in length; being in height, as it ftands, from the head to the ground, fourteen inches. The bill is made like that of the common fpecies], the colour black : the forehead dufky white:

· Chiefly in the ifle of Oeland, and in Gotbland.-Faun. Suec.

+ Aret. Zool. \$ Salern. Orn. p. 359.

If The fpecimen in the Leverian Museum has the bill three inches and three quarters in length, but is blunt at the end, as if it had been broken off; and in another, in the collection of Mr. Boddam, we observed the fame circumstance, with a fironger appearance of being injured; from which we judge that these birds had originally the bills ending in a point, as in the common Avoset.— Dampier's figure is fcarce worth bringing as a voucher, being a very bad one; but in that the bill is pointed at the end.

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the

AVOSET.

the head, neck, and upper part of the breaft, of a deep creamcolour, paleft under the chin: lower parts of the neck behind white: back black: the under parts from the breaft pure white: the firft and third order of wing coverts, with the outer part of the wing between, and the greater quills, are black: the middle coverts, and fome of the fecondaries, white; feveral of the laft tinged with afh-colour: the legs and thighs together are above eight inches in length, colour dufky: feet femi-palmated, the webs bordering the toes for a confiderable way; the hind toe placed very high up, and fhort.

PLACE.

3. WHITE AV.

Scolopax alba, Lin. Sy/i. i. p. 147. 17.
La Barge blanche, Brif. Orn. v. p. 290. 8.—Buf. Oi/. vii. p. 508.— Pl. Enl. 875.
White Godwit, Edw. pl. 139.

Inhabits North America; and was found by Dampier in Shark's

Bay, on the coaft of New Helland.

DESCRIPTION.

SIZE of the *Red Godwit*: length fourteen inches and a quarter. Bill more than three inches in length, and turns greatly upwards, as in the *Scooping Avofet*; the colour of it orange, with the point black: general colour of the plumage white, except the under wing coverts, which are pale brown: the edge of the wing the whole length, the greater quills, and tail, white, with a tinge of yellow: the wings exceed the tail a triffe in length: the legs are pretty long, and of a deep brown: the toes divided.

PLACE.

The above was fent from Hudfon's Bay, and, from the figure, has every appearance of an Avofet: however, in Edwards's plate the toes appear cloven to the bottom; a circumstance feeming to overturn

A V O S E T.

overturn the fuppofition, and only to be authenticated when other fpecimens shall have come under the eye of the well-informed naturalist *.

* Mr. Pennant observes, with great. propriety, the probability of its being a variety of the American species.—Arca. Zool.

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GENUS

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[298]

GENUS LXXXI. COURIER.

N° 1. Italian C.

DILL fhort, ftrait.

Legs long: thighs fhort: feet palmated, and furnished with a back toe.

ITALIAN C.

Le Coureur, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 542. Trochilus, or Corrira, Raii Syn. 118. 3.-Will. Orn. p. 321. pl. 60.

DESCRIPTION.

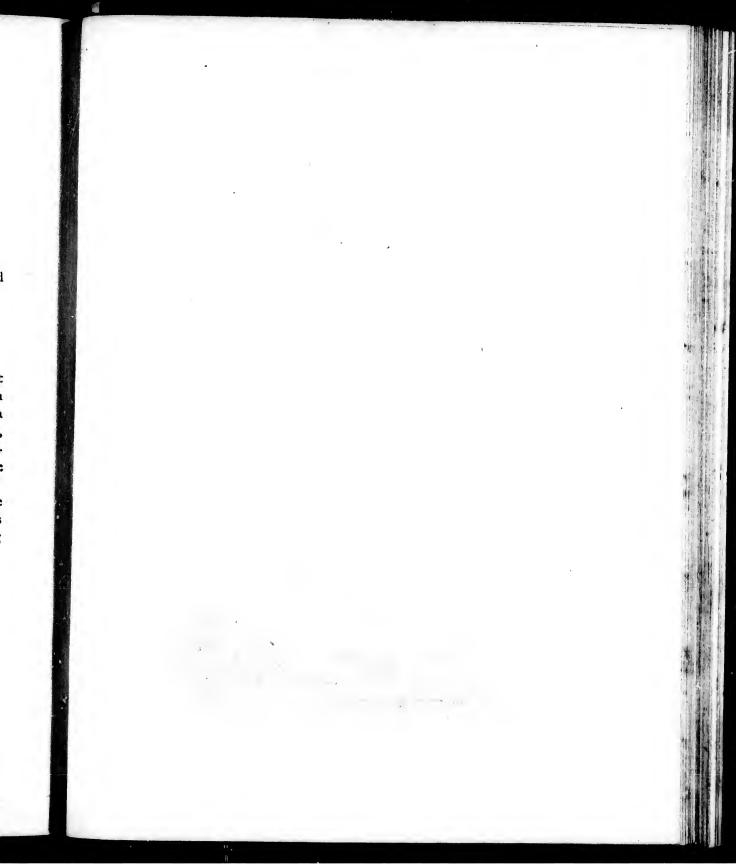
T HIS bird is faid to be lefs than the *Avofet*, and the legs not fo long in proportion. The bill fhorter, ftrait, yellow, with a black tip: irides of two colours, first white, furrounded with chefnut: the head, and all the upper parts of the body and wings, are ferruginous: the under parts white: the two middle tail feathers are white, tipped with black: the others fuppofed to be black : toes webbed, as in the *Avofet*.

PLACE.

This bird is faid to inhabit *Italy*, and to run very faft; whence the name given to it. *Aldrovandus** is the only one who has feen the bird; and it is from him alone that the fucceeding authors have all had the defcription and figure.

* Av. tom iii. p. 288. fig. in p. 289.

GENUS





[299]

GENUS LXXXII. FLAMINGO.

Nº 1. Red Flamingo.

THE bill in this genus is thick, large, bending in the middle, forming a fharp angle; the higher part of the upper mandible carinated; the lower compressed; the edges of the upper mandible fharply denticulated; of the lower, transversely fulcated.

Noftrils covered above with a thin plate, pervious, linearly longitudinal.

Tongue cartilaginous, and pointed at the end; the middle muscular; base glandular; on the upper part aculeated.

Neck very long.

Legs and thighs of a great length.

Feet webbed; the webs extend as far as the claws, but are deeply femilunated.

Back toe very fmall.

Phænicopterus ruber, Lin. Syft. i. p. 230.-Scop. Ann. i. Nº 114.

Le Flammant, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 533. pl. 47. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. viii. p. 475. + RED FL. pl. 39.—Pl. Enl. 63.

Phænicopterus, Flammant, Raii Syn. p. 117. 2.—Will. Orn. p. 320. pl. 60. — Arg. Zool. Nº 422.

Flamingo, Raii Syn. p. 190. 1.—Sloan. Jam. p. 321. 17.—Catefb. Car. i. pl. 73. 74.—Albin, ii. pl. 77.—Kolb. Cap. ii. p. 137.—Phil. Tranf. vol. xxix. N° 350. pl. 2. p. 523.—Grew Muf. p. 67.—Brown Jam. p. 480.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

THIS fingular bird is fcarce to big as a Goole; but has the neck and legs in a greater difproportion to the body than any PL. XCIII.

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DESCRIPTION.

other

other bird: the length, from the end of the bill to that of the tail, is four feet two or three inches; but to the end of the claws fometimes measures more than fix feet. The bill is four inches and a quarter long, and of a conftruction different from that of any other bird; the upper mandible very thin and flat, and fomewhat moveable; the under thick; both of them bending downwards from the middle: the noftrils are linear, and placed in a blackish membrane: the end of the bill, as far as the bend, is black, from thence to the bafe reddifh yellow; round the bafe, quite to the eye, covered with a flefh-coloured cere : the neck is flender, and of a great length: the tongue large, flefhy, filling the cavity of the bill; furnished with twelve or more hooked papilla on each fide, turning backwards; the tip a fharp cartilaginous fubstance. The bird, when in full plumage, is wholly of a most beautiful deep fcarlet*, except the quills, which are black: from the bafe of the thigh to the claws measures thirty-two inches, of which the feathered part takes up no more than three inches; the bare part above the knee thirteen inches; and from thence to the claws fixteen: the colour of the bare parts is red; and the toes are furnished with a web, as in the Duck genus, but is deeply indented.

Young.

These birds do not gain their full plumage till the third year. In the first they are of a greyish white for the most part; the second of a clearer white, tinged with red, or rather rose-colour, but the wings and scapulars are red; in the third year a general glowing *fcarlet* manifests itself throughout: the bill and legs also keep pace with the gradation of colour in the plumage,

• Those of Africa faid to be deepest coloured.

thefe

these parts changing to their colours by degrees, as the bird approaches to an adult state.

Flamingoes prefer a warm climate: in the old continent not often met with beyond 40 degrees north or fouth. Every where feen on the African coast and adjacent isles, quite to the Cape of Good Hepe *; and now and then on the coafts of Spain +, Italy, and those of France lying in the Mediterranean Sea; being at times met with at Marseilles, and for fome way up the Rbone. In fome feafons frequent Aleppo ‡ and parts adjacent. Seen alfo on the Perfian fide of the Caspian Sea, and from thence along the western coast, as far as the Wolga; though this at uncertain times, and chiefly in confiderable flocks, coming from the north-eaft, mostly in Ottober and November ; but fo foon as the wind changes they totally difappear §. They breed in the Cape Verd isles, particularly in that of Sal ||. The neft is of a fingular construction, made of mud, in shape of an billock, with a cavity at top; in this the female lays generally two white eggs **, of the fize of those of a Goofe, but more elongated. The hillock is of fuch an height as to admit of the bird's fitting on it conveniently, or rather standing, as the legs are placed one on each fide at full length ††. The young cannot fly till full grown, but run very fast.

* In Zee Coow river.—Phil. Tranf.—Once plenty in the Isle of France.—Voy. to Mauritius, p. 66.

+ About Valencia, in the lake Albufere .- Dillon Trav. p. 374.

1 Ruff. Alep. p. 69. § Decour. Ruff. ii. p. 248.

|| Damp. Voy. i. p. 70.

** They never lay more than three, and feldom fewer .- Phil. Tranf.

++ Sometimes will lay the eggs on a projecting part of a low rock, if it be placed fufficiently convenient fo as to admit of the legs being placed one on each fide.—Linn.

Flamingces.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

Flamingoes for the most part keep together in flocks; and now and then are feen in great numbers together, except in breedingtime. Dampier mentions having, with two more in company, killed fourteen at once; but this was effected by fecreting themfelves, for they are very fhy birds, and will by no means fuffer any one to approach openly near enough to fhoot them *. Kolben observes that they are very numerous at the Cape, keeping in the day on the borders of the lakes and rivers, and lodging themfelves of nights in the long grass on the hills. They are likewife common to various places in the warmer parts of America, frequenting the fame latitudes as in other quarters of the world; being met with in Peru and Chili, Cayenne +, and the coaft of Brafil, as well as the various islands of the West Indies. Sloane found them in Jamaica; but particularly at the Bahama islands, and that of Cuba, where they breed. When feen at a diftance they appear as a regiment of foldiers, being ranged alongfide one another on the borders of the rivers fearching for food, which chiefly confifts of fmall fifth t, or the eggs of them, and of water-insets, which they fearch after by plunging in the bill and part of the head, from time to time trampling with their feet to muddy the water, that their prey may be raifed from the bottom. In feeding are faid to twift the neck in fuch a manner that the upper part of the bill is applied to the ground § : during this one of them is faid to ftand centinel, and the moment

* Davies talks of the gunner difguifing himfelf in an Ox's bide, and by this means getting within gun-fhot. -Hift. Barbad. p. 88.

+ Called there by the name of Tococo.

1 Small shell-fish.-Gesner.

5 Linnaus, Briffon.

302

he

he founds the alarm the whole flock take wing. This bird, when at reft, ftands on one leg, the other being drawn up clofe to the body, with the head placed under the wing on that fide of the body it ftands on.

The flefh of these birds is esteemed pretty good meat, and the young thought by some equal to that of the *Partridge**; but the greatest dainty is the *tongue*, which was esteemed by the ancients an exquisite morfel +. Are sometimes caught young, and brought up tame; but are ever impatient of cold: and in this state will feldom live a great while, gradually losing their colour, flesh, and appetite, and dying for want of that food which in a state of nature at large they were abundantly supplied with.

• Commonly fat, and accounted delicate.—Davies Hift. Barbad. p. 88.— The inhabitants of *Provence* always throw away the flefth, as it taftes fifthy; and only make use of the feathers as ornaments to other birds at particular entertainments.—Dillon Trav. p. 374. extr.

+ See Plin. 1. x. cap. 48 .- Martial fays thus of it, Lib. xiii. ep. 71.

" Dat mihi penna rubens nomen, fed lingua gulofis Noftra fapit: quid fi garrula lingua foret?" 303

* WITH

[304]

**WITH SHORT LEGS.

GENUS LXXXIII. A L B A T R O S S.

N° 1. Wandering A.N° 3. Yellow-nofed A.2. Chocolate A.4. Sooty A.

BILL firong, bending in the middle, and hooked at the end of the upper mandible; that of the lower abrupt; the lower part inclining downwards.

Noftrils opening forwards, and covere with a large convex guard.

Tongue fcarcely perceivable, only the rudiment of one. Toes three in number, all placed forwards.

+ WANDERING A. Diomedea exulans, Lin. Syft. i. p. 214. 1.
L'Albatros, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 126.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 339. pl. 24. — Pl. Enl. 237.
Man of War Bird, Albin, iii. pl. 81. (the head.)
Tchaiki, Hif. Kamtfchat. p. 154.
Albatrofs, Eaw. pl. 88.—Pall. Spic. Fafc. v. p. 28.
Wandering Albatrofs, Ard. Zool. p. 506. Br. Muf. Lew. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

BIGGER than a *Swan*: length from three feet fix inches to four feet: the general extent is ten feet from wing to wing; but many of our voyagers mention them as greatly exceeding thefe

thefe dimensions *: weight from twelve to twenty-eight pounds. The bill dirty yellow: crown of the head pale cinereous brown: the reft of the body for the most part white, croffed with blackish lines on the back and wings, and with spots in the fame direction towards the rump: the greater quills are black: the tail dufky lead-colour, and rounded in space: legs stefth-colour.

The young birds are faid to be brown; as they advance have more or lefs a mixture of white; but do not become of the colour of the above-defcribed till mature age.

Albatroffes are very frequent in many parts without the tropics, both to the northward as well as fouth; not being by any means confined to the laft, as has been by fome imagined \ddagger . Indeed they are in great plenty in the neighbourhood of the Cape of Good Hope, as all voyagers can teftify; and not only these but other forts alfo, and from thence in every temperate fouthern latitude \ddagger , as far towards the pole as has yet been exploded.

These birds are also often seen in vast flocks in Kamtschatka, and adjacent islands, about the end of June, where they are called Great Gulls; but it is chiefly in the bay of Penschinensi, the whole inner sea of Kamtschatka, the Kurile isles, and that of Bering; for on the eastern coasts of the sirft they are scarce, a single straggler only appearing now and then. Their chief motive for

* Above ten fect. Forfl. Voy. i. p. 87 — Ten feet two inches called an enormous fize. Hawkef. Voy. iii. p. 627. — Eleven feet feven inches. Parkinf. Voy. p. 82. — Eleven feet. Cook's Journal, p. 77. — Twelve feet. MS. at Sir Jofepb Banks's. — One at Sir Afston Lever's is faid to have expanded thirteen feet. — And Ives even mentions one fhot off the Cape of Good Hope, which measured as far as feventeen feet and a half from wing to wing. Sce Voy. p. 5.

+ Buf. Oif. ix. p. 339.

t Seldom below 30 degrees: never in the torrid zone. For/i. Voy. i. p. 482. Vol. III. R r frequenting PLACE AND MANNERS.

frequenting these places seems to be plenty of food; and their arrival is a fure prefage of fhoals of fifh following. At their first coming are very lean, but foon grow immenfely fat. Are very voracious birds, and will often swallow a Salmon of four or five pounds weight; but as they cannot take the whole of it into their ftomach at once, part of the tail end will often remain out of the mouth; and the natives, finding the bird in this fituation, make no difficult matter of knocking it on the head on the fpot. Before the middle of August they migrate elsewhere. They are often taken by means of a hook baited with a filb*; but it is not for the fake of their flesh that they are valued, it being hard and unfavoury †, but on account of the inteffines, a particular part of which they blow up as a bladder, to ferve as floats to buoy up their nets in fishing. Of the bones they make tobacco-pipes, needle-cases, and other useful things 1. When caught they defend themfelves ftoutly with the bill. Their cry is harfh and difagreeable, not unlike the braying of an A/s §. The breeding places of the Albatrofs, if at all in the northern hemisphere, have not yet been pointed out; but we are certain of their multiplying in the fouthern, viz. Patagonia || and Falkland Islands **: to

• Forfler mentions nine being caught with a line and hook baited with a bit of fheep's fkin - Voy. i. p. 87. - Cook's Voy. i. p. 84.

+ Yet they were eaten by our voyagers.—As foon as caught they were fkinned, and foaked in falt-water till next morning; then parboiled, and the liquor being thrown away, flewed with fresh-water till tender; and being served up with favoury fauce, they were much commended.—Hawkef, Voy. iii. p. 66.

t The New Zealand women wear pieces of the down in the holes of their ears, by way of ornament.—Forfl. Voy. i. p. 141.—Id. Obf. p. 310.—Hawkef. Voy. iii. p. 456.

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§ Or rather like a trumpet, fuch as the children buy at fairs .- Clayton.

|| Ar.A. Zool. ** Clayton.

this

this last place they come about the end of September or beginning of Ollober, among other birds, in great abundance *. The nefts are made on the ground with earth †, are round in shape, a foot in height, indented at top. The egg larger than that of a Goofe, four inches and a half long, white, marked with dull fpots at the bigger end; and is thought to be good food, the white never growing hard with boiling. While the female is fitting the male is conftantly on the wing, and fupplies her with food : during this time are fo tame as to fuffer themfelves to be shoved off the neft while their eggs are taken from them; but their chief destruction arises from the Hawk 1, which, the moment the female gets off the neft, darts thereon, and flies away with the egg. The Albatrofs itfelf likewife has its enemy, being greatly perfecuted while on the wing by the dark grey Gull, called Skua. This bird attacks it on all fides, but particularly endeavours to get beneath, which is only prevented by the first fettling on the water ||; and indeed they do not frequently fly at a great diftance from the furface, except obliged fo to do by high winds §, or other caufes. As foon as the young are able to remove from the neft, the Penguins take poffession, and hatch their young in turn. It is probable that they pais from one part of the globe to another according to the feafon; being now and then met with,

* A part of New Zealand is called Albatrofs Point, from this circumstance.----Parkinf. Voy. p. 113.

+ With fedges, in form of a bay-cock, three feet in height .- Arct. Zool.

t Of two forts. Penroje.-One of which is our New Zealand Falcon, vol. i. P. 57.

|| Forft. Voy. i. p. 118 .- Hift. des Oif.

§ Sometimes foars above the clouds .- Aman. Acad. v. p. 75.

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by different voyagers, at various times, in intermediate places*. The food is fuppofed to be chiefly fmall *marine* animals, effecially of the *Mollufcæ* or *Blubber* clafs †, as well as *Flying Fifb* ‡.

Deep brown, or chocolate Albatros, Cook's Voy. ii. p. 116. 150 ||. Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

CHOCOLATE A.

SIZE larger than the *Sooty Albatrofs*. The bill in this bird of a yellowifh white: irides brown: fore part of the head, round the eye, chin, and throat, white: the plumage in general of a fine deep chocolate-colour; the neck and under parts paleft: the inner ridge of the wing, and under wing coverts, white; and the belly inclines much to white: the tail is fhort, rounded in fhape; that and the wings equal in length: the legs blueifh white: claws white.

PLACE.

This bird varies in having more or lefs white about the head, and in a greater or lefs degree of purity. Seen in the South Seas, in lat. 37, the end of December.

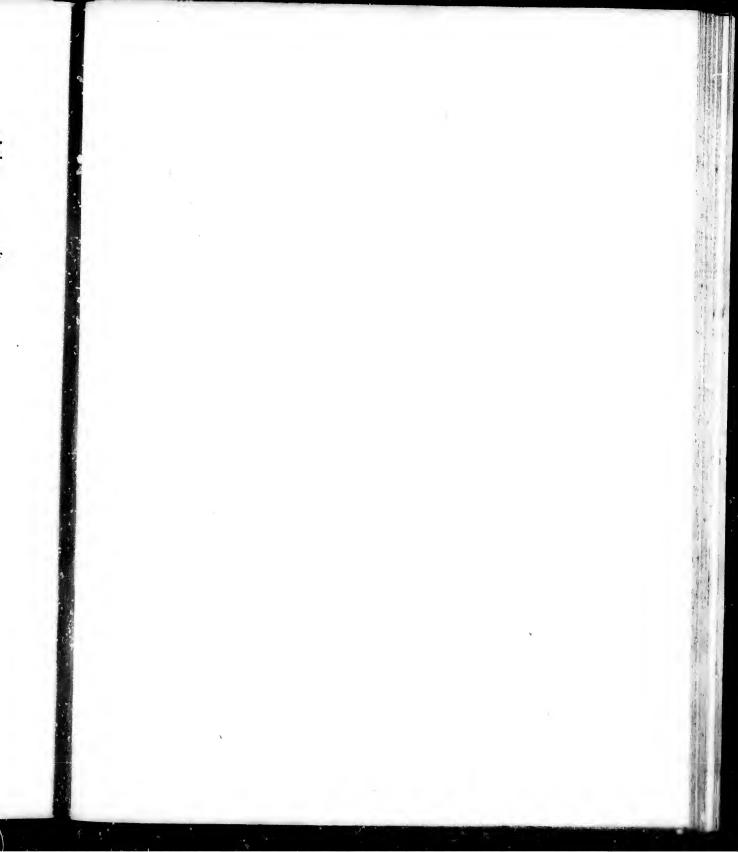
* Seen between fix and seven hundred leagues from land, in the middle of the fouthern ocean.—Forf. Obs. p. 211.— Met with at the Sandwich Islands.—Ellis Narr. ii. p. 149.— Also in lat. 26. 31. N. on the 4th of April.—Id. p. 193.— Off Japan and Jesso, in O.Stober 1771.—Cook's laft Voy. vol. iii. p. 391.—Lat. 33. S. May 5.—Obeck Voy. i. p. 109.

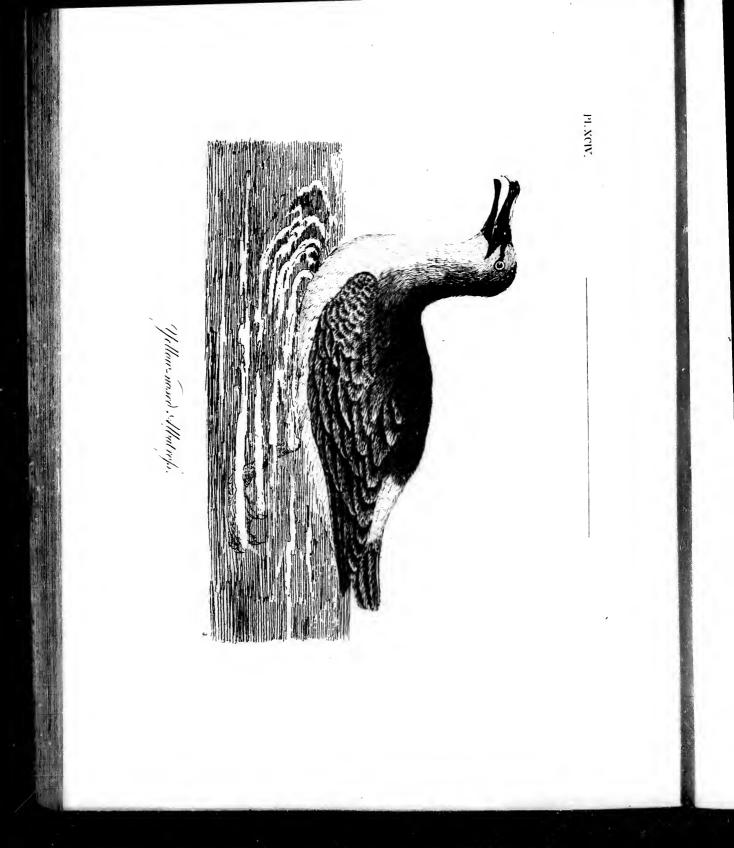
+ Forft. Voy. i. p. 118.

1 Aman. Acad. v. p. 75 .- Art. Zool. Nº 507.

|| As few of the voyagers have thought worth while to defcribe the birds to which they have given names, we cannot always be clear of the fpecies meant : are therefore not quite certain it was the one here defcribed.—*Chocolate Alba*trofs also mentioned by Forfler; t. were not observed by him, except among the ice.—*Voy.* i. p. 258.—Perhaps the *Albatrofs* with a white beak.—Park. *Voy.* p. 83. 84 ?

Br.





Br. Muf.

LENGTH three feet: breadth feven. The bill four inches long, hooked at the end, but not very flout; the colour of it is black, except the upper ridge, which is yellow the whole length, quite to the tip, where it is hooked; the bafe of the under mandible is alfo yellow: irides brown: the head is 'grey: between the bill and eyes is an obfcure black fpot; juft over the eye a dufky one: the hind part of the neck dufky, the lower part white: back, fcapulars, and wings, dufky blue black: rump, and under part of the body, white: the tail dufky: the legs are pale yellowifh white; the fore part of them, and the webs, dufky.

This fpecies is met with in the fouthern hemifphere, from 30 to 60 degrees, all round the pole^{*}. The fpecimen from whence the above defcription was drawn up, was taken off the *Cape of Good Hope*. Inhabits the *South Seas* without the *tropics*. Fly about five or fix feet above the furface of the water.

Sooty, or brown Albatrofs, Forft. Voy. i. p. 91. Albatrofs with a white cyc-brow, Cook's Voy. i. p. 38 +.

S IZE of a *Goole*: length near three feet. Bill black: irides pale yellow: at each angle of the eye a nictitating membrane: general colour of the plumage brown: the head and tail inclin-

· One was caught in lat. 57. 30. S. in the month of February.

+ Perhaps the black-billed Albatrofs of Park. Voy. p. 84 i—In Forf.. Voy. i. p. 91. it is called the leaft of the Albatroffes; and therefore may prove the fmaller one with a black face, met with off Kerguelen's Land in the month of December. Cook's laft Voy. i. p. 87.

YELLOW-NOSED A. PL. XCIV. DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

ing

SOOTY A.

ing to black or *foot*-colour: for a fmall fpace above, behind, and beneath the eye, the feathers are white, but not on the fore part of it: quills and tail dark brown, nearly black; the fhafts of both white; the laft pointed in fhape: legs pale brownifh lead-colour: claws black.

PLACE.

This fpecies was first met with in lat 47. fouth*, but was afterwards observed throughout the *Southern Ocean* within the *antarEtic* circle. It was called by our failors the *Quaker*, from its brown plumage.

* First met with about the time of first falling in with the ice.—Cook's Voy. i. p. 38.

GENUS

[311]

GENUS LXXXIV. A U K.

Nº 1. Great A.

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2. Tufted A.

3. Puffin A.

VAR. A.

4. Labrador A.

5. Razor-bill A.

6. Black-billed A.

9. Perroquet A. 10. Ancient A. 11. Little A. 12. Flat-billed A.

Nº 7. Crefted A.

8. Dufky A.

BILL ftrong, thick, convex, compressed on the fides *. Noftrils linear, placed parallel to the edge of the bill. Tongue almost as long as the bill.

Toes three in number, all placed forwards.

Alca impennis, Lin. Syf. i. p. 210. 3.—Faun. Suec. Nº 140.—Brun. Nº 105. — Muller, p. 17.—Faur. Greenl. Nº 52.

GREAT A.

Le grand Pingoin, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 85. 1. pl. 7. - B.f. Oif. ix. p. 393. pl. 29. - Pl. Enl. 367.

Penguin, or Goifugel, Raii Syn. p. 118. 1.-Will. Orn. p. 322. pl. 65.-Edw. pl. 147.

Great Auk, Br. Zool. ii. Nº 229. pl. 81. — Arci. Zool. Nº 424. Lev. Msf.

S I Z E of a *Goofe*: length three feet. Bill four inches and a quarter, covered great part of the way with downy thort feathers, the colour of it black, and croffed with feveral furrows: the colour of the plumage of the head, neck, and upper part of

* The last species excepted, which is depressed; yet, answering in other particulars, may still be admitted at the heels of this genus. DESCRIPTION.

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the

A U K.

the body, wings, and tail, is black; the reft white; and there is a large oval fpot of the laft, occupying most of the space between the bill and eye: the second quills are tipped with white, forming an oblong stripe on the wings; which are so small as to be useless for slight, being little more than sour inches in length to the first joint: legs black.

In Mr. *Tunftall's Mufeum* is one of thefe with only two or three furrows on the bill, and the oval fpace between the bill and eye fpeckled black and white. This is probably a young bird.

This bird is fometimes feen on the ifle of St. Kilda, appearing there the beginning of May, and retiring in June. It lays one large egg, close to the fea mark, fix inches long, white, irregularly marked with purplish lines, and blotched at the larger end with black or ferruginous spots; and it is faid, that if the egg be taken away the bird will not lay a fecond. It hatches late, as the young in August are only covered with grey down. It is feldom to be met with beyond foundings. Sometimes frequents the coafts of Norway, the Ferroe Isles, Iceland, Greenland, and Newfoundland*. Feeds much on the lump-fifb, father-lasher, and other fish of that fize. The young birds eat rose-root +, and other plants. The old ones are very rarely feen on fhore, though the. young are not unfrequently met with : is a very fly bird; walks ill, but dives well, and is taken in the manner used for the Razorbill and Puffin. The fkin between the jaws is blown into a bladder, and used for the darts of the Greenlanders, as is also that of some other birds t. The fkin of the body fuppofed to be used by the E/kimaux Indians for garments #.

* Arel. Zool .- Br. Zool.

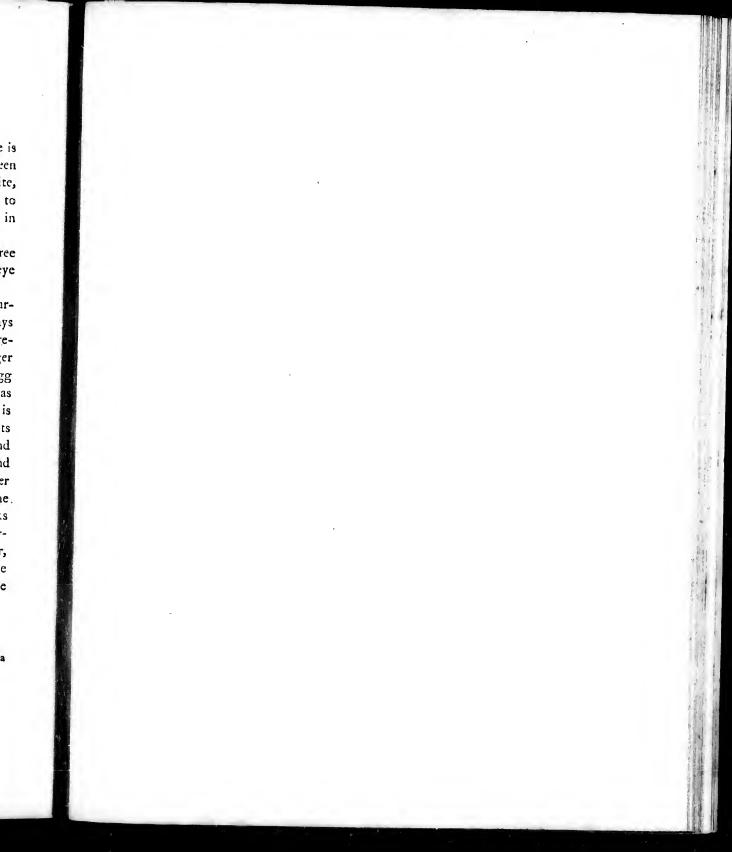
‡ Faun. Greenl.

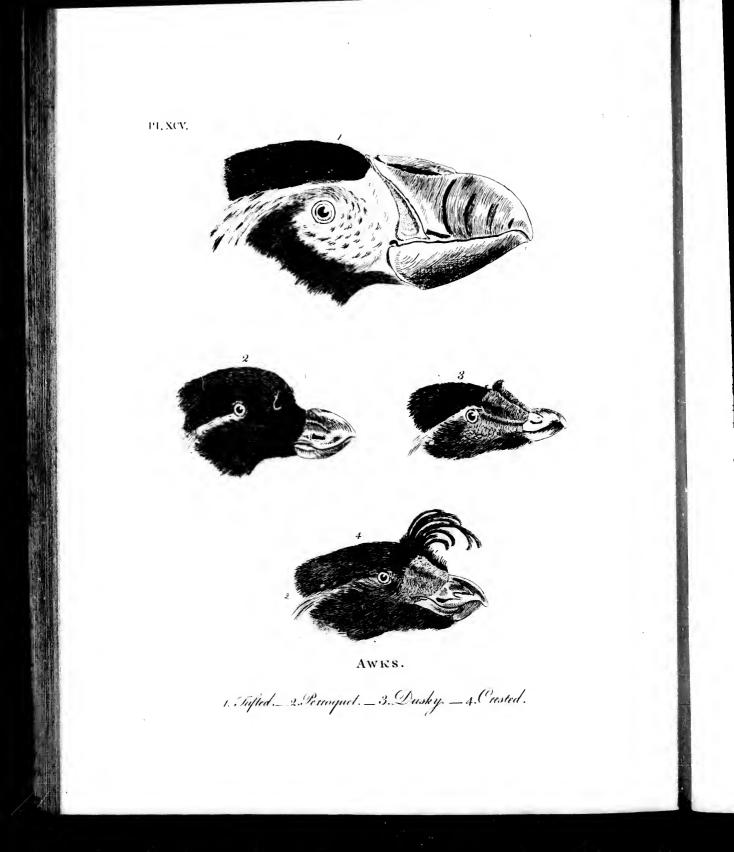
+ Rhodiola rofea. Lin. || Ara. Zool.

Alca

312

PLACE AND MANNERS.





Alca cirrhata, Pall. Spic. v. p. 7. pl. 1 and 5. Le Macareux de Kamtschatka, Buf. Oif. ix. p. 368 .- Pl. Enl. 761. Tufted Auk, Art. Zool. Nº 432. Lev. Mul.

TUFTED A. PL. XCV. Fic. 1.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is fomewhat bigger than the common Puffin: length nineteen inches. Bill an inch and three quarters in length, the fame in depth at the bafe, and croffed with three furrows : the colours much as in the common Puffin: the forehead, fides of the head, and chin, are white : irides yellowish brown : over each eye arifes a tuft of feathers four inches or more in length, which falls elegantly on each fide of the neck, reaching almost to the back; these are white as far as they are attached to the head, but afterwards of a fine buff yellow : the reft of the plumage is black, paleft on the under parts, and inclining to afh-colour: the fhafts of the quills are white : tail very fhort, confifting of fixteen feathers : legs of a brownish orange : claws black.

The female fcarcely differs, except in being lefs *; the bill croffed only with two furrows, inftead of three; and the tuft fmaller.

This species is found at Kamtschatka, and the neighbouring islands. Our last voyagers first met with it a little to the south of Cape Hermogenes, and after that daily, fometimes in large flocks †. Pallas ‡ remarks, that the Kamtfchatkan girls imitate the tufts of thefe birds, which nature has fupplied them with, by placing a fimilar strip of the white skin of the Glutton behind each ear, hanging down behind by way of ornament; and is a well-received prefent from a lover to his mistrefs. The bills both

· Some of these which we have seen measured only sourceen inches and a half. + Cook's last Voy. vol. ii. p. 411. \$ Spic. Zool. VOL. III. Sſ of PLACE AND MANNERS.

of this and the common Puffin were formerly held by the natives as a charm, and worn by the priefts as amulets; indeed at the prefent these have been feen fixed round their head-dreffes, but fupposed now to be only effected as mere ornaments: the fkins are however made use of for cloathing, being fewed together. It is called in Kamtfcbatka, Muechagatka; and in Ofcbotka, Igilma*. The manners of this coincide with the last, and like that it burrows under ground, lining the nest with feathers and fea-plants. Lays one white egg, the end of May or beginning of June, which alone is thought fit to be eaten, the flesh of the bird itself being inspid and hard. It feeds on crabs, forimps, and fbell-fifb, which last it forces from the rocks with its ftrong bill \dagger .

+ PUFFIN A.

Alca Arctica, Lin. Sy/l. i. p. 211. 4.—Faun. Suec. Nº 141.—Brun. Nº 103. —Muller, Nº 140.—Fri/cb, t. 192.

Le Macareux, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 81. pl. 6. fig. 2.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 358. pl. 26.—Pl. Enl. 275.

Ipatka, Hift. Kamtf. p. 153.

Puffin, Raii Syn. p. 120. A. 5. - Will. Orn. p. 325. pl. 65. - Hift. Groenl. ii. pl. 1. - Albin, ii. pl. 78, 79. - Edw. pl. 358. fig. 1. - Br. Zool. ii. N° 232. - Ar8. Zool. N° 427. - Tour in Wales, pl. 20. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE of a *Teal*: length twelve inches: breadth twenty-one: weight twelve ounces. The bill is an inch and a quarter long, and of a fingular fhape, much compressed on the fides, and near an inch and a half deep at the base; from whence both mandibles tend to a point, which is a little curved; across the upper are four oblique furrows; on the under three : half of the

+ Arct. Zool.

* Hift. Kamtfch. p. 183.

bill

bill next the point is red; that next the bafe blue grey; and at the bafe is a fort of rifing *cere*, full of minute holes: the noftrils are a long and narrow flit on each fide, near the edge of the upper mandible, and parallel to it: the irides are grey: the edges of the eye-lids crimfon; on the upper, a callous protuberance, triangular in fhape; on the under, an oblong one of the fame texture: the top of the head, hind part of the neck, and all the upper parts of the plumage, are black, paffing round the throat in a collar: the fides of the head, chin, and all the parts beneath, are of the pureft white: the legs are orange: in fome birds there is a great portion of a dufky mixture on the cheeks, and a patch of the fame on each fide of the under jaw.

Male and female much alike.

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They vary exceedingly, in regard to the bill, according to their age: in the first year it is small, weak, destitute of any furrow, and of a dusky colour: in the second, larger, ftronger, and lighter coloured, with a faint vestige of a furrow at the base; but those of more advanced years are of vivid colours, and great strength: hence these birds are supposed not to be perfect, or at least not to breed, till the third year, especially as not a single one has ever been observed at *Prinstholm* which had not the bill of an uniform growth *.

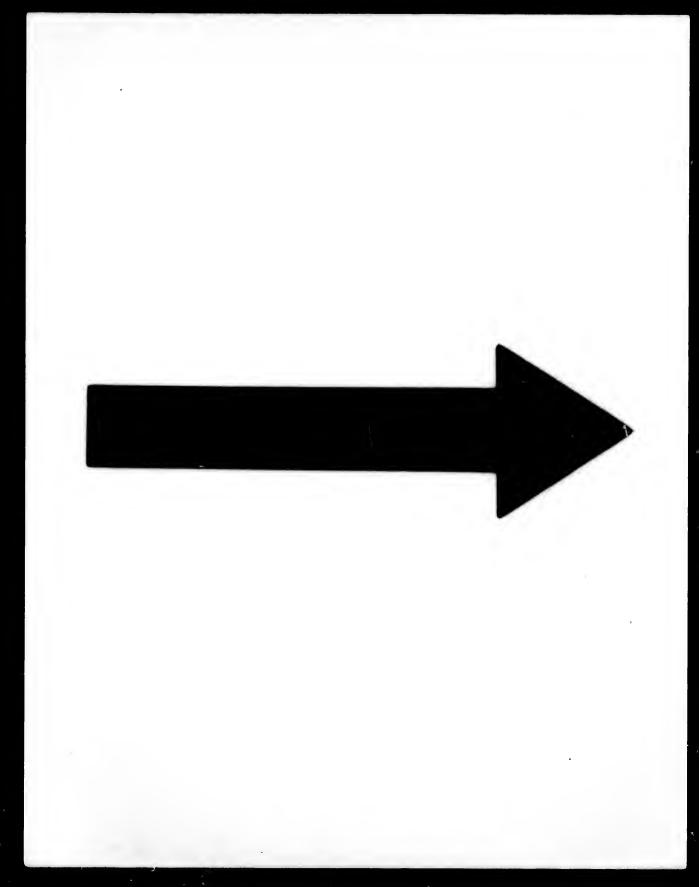
This species frequents several parts of the coasts of *England*; a few about the rocks at *Dover*, and the neighbourhood; great numbers about the *Needles*, in the *Isle of Wight*, *Beachy Head*, and other parts; but no where in such plenty as at *Priestholm Isle*, where they are seen in flocks innumerable. They come to that

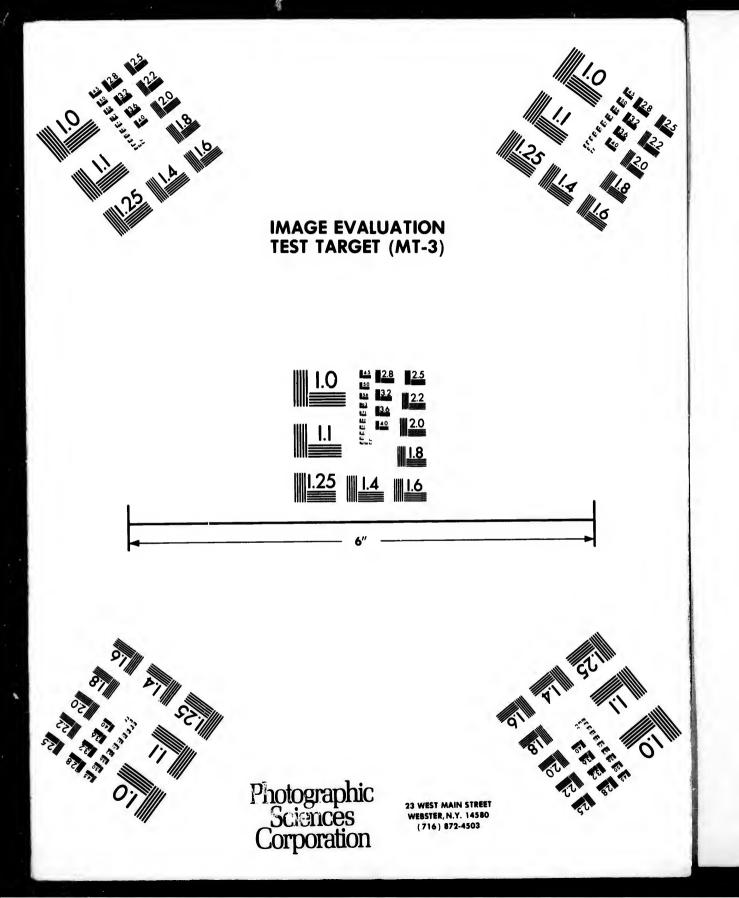
* See Tour in Wales, p. 252; and figures of the different growths of the bill in pl. 20.—Compare the Alca Deleta of Brunnich and Muller—Pall. Spic. ii. p. 22.

Sf 2

PLACE AND MANNERS.

place







place from the 5th to the 10th of April; but quit the place again, and return, twice or thrice before they fettle to burrow, which they do the first week in May, when many of them diflodge the Rabbits from their holes, by which they fave themfelves the trouble of forming one of their own : in the last case, they are fo intent on what they are about, as to fuffer themselves to be taken by the hand. It has been observed that this task falls chiefly to the share of the males, and that these last also affift in incubation: this has been proved on diffection. The female lays one white egg: the young are hatched the beginning of July: and about the eleventh of August they all go off, to a fingle bird, and fo completely as to defert the young ones that are late hatched ; leaving them a prey to the Peregrine Falcon, who watches at the mouth of the holes for them as they, through hunger, are compelled to come out. Notwithstanding the neglect of the young at this time, no bird is more attentive to them in general, as they will fuffer themfelves to be taken by the hand, and use every means of defence in their power to fave them; and, if laid hold of by the wings, will give themfelves most cruel bites on any part of the body they can reach, as if actuated by defpair; and when releafed, inftead of flying away, will often hurry again into the burrow to their young*.

The food of these birds is *fprats*, the smaller kind of *crabs*, and *fea-weeds*: they are excessively rank, yet the young are preferved with spices, and pickled, and by some people much admired +.

· Ara. Zool.

+ Are potted at St. Kilda and elsewhere, and sent to London as rarities. The bones are taken out, and the fiesh wrapped in the skin; are eaten with vinegar, and taste like baked Herring.

They

They are also common in Ireland; on the island Sberries, three leagues N. N. W. of Holybead; and in the S. Stack, near Holybead, they breed in plenty*. Inhabit Iceland and Greenland; and breed in the extreme part of the islands, especially on the west part of Di/co, and the island Orpikfauk. Found in the Ferroe isles, and there called Lunda. In the Farn Isles called Coulter-neb, from the state of the bill: it goes also by various other names; such as Guldenbead, Bottle-no/e, and Helegug, in Wales; at Scarborougb. Mullet; and Cornwall, Pope +.

In America are faid to frequent Carolina in winter; and have been met with in Sandwich Sound by our late voyagers: the natives ornament the fore parts and collar of their Seal-*fkin jackets* with the beaks of them; and those of Aconalashka wear gowns of their fkins, along with those of other birds.

On the coaft of Kamt/cbatka and the Kuril/cbi islands they are common, even on the Pen/cbin/ki Bay, almost as far as Ochotka: the nations of the two first wear the bills about their necks fastened to straps; and, according to the superstition of these people, their Shaman or Priest must put them on with a proper ceremony, in order to procure good fortune \ddagger .

LENGTH fixteen inches. The bill two inches long, much of the fame colour with the last, but not fo deep at the base: crown of the head, as far as the nape, ash-colour: fides of

VAR. A. Description.

• "Which come in a furprifing manner, in a flock, in the compais of a night; and, when their feason comes, depart in the fame manner."—Bibl. topog. Brit. Nº 10. P. 10.

+ Will. Orn. 1 Hift. Kamtfeb.

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the

the head white: throat, neck, and all the upper parts of the body, wings, and tail, black: breaft and under parts white: legs orange.

The other fex has the bill more flender: the crown of the head brown black: fides of the head white, paffing backwards almost to the nape: thighs ash-coloured: the rest as in the last-described.

PLACE.

This was met with at Bird Ifland, between Afia and America. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

Labrador Auk, Aret. Zool. Nº 428. Br. Muf.

Description.

LABRADOR A.

SIZE of the *Puffin*: length near twelve inches. The bill near an inch and a quarter in length, much carinated at top, a little convex, but more narrow than in any of the *Auk* genus; the upper mandible is dufky red; the lower whitifh, marked with a black fpot, and has an angle as in the *Gull*: place of the noftrils covered with a dufky fkin; the noftrils themfelves a flit near the edge: all the upper parts of the plumage are black: the fides of the head dufky white: throat dufky: the under parts white: wings and tail dufky; the laft very fhort: legs red.

PLACE.

A fpecimen of this is in the British Museum, supposed to come from the coast of Labrador.

Alca

A U K.

Alca torda, Lin. Syll. i. p. 210. 1. - Faun. Suec. Nº 139. - Scop. Ann. i. + RAZOR-BILL. Nº 94. - Brun. Nº 100. - Muller, p. 16.

Le Pingoin, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 89. 2. pl. 8. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 390. pl. 27.—Pl. Enl. 1003. 1004.

Razor-bill, Auk, or Mutre, Raii Syn. p. 119. A. 3.-Will. Orn. p. 323. pl. 64.-Albin, 3. pl. 95.-Edw. pl. 358. fg. 2. Br. Zool. ii. N° 230. pl. 82.-Art. Zool. N° 425.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

L ENGTH eighteen inches: breadth twenty-feven. Bill two inches long, black, curved at the point; the feathers coming greatly forwards at the bafe, and croffed with four transverse grooves, one of which is white, forming an oblique band on both mandibles: infide of the mouth yellow: from the base of the forehead to the eye a narrow line of white: the rest of the head, chin, throat, back part of the neck, back, wings, and tail, black: under parts from the breast white: the greater wing coverts tipped with white, forming a band on the wings: legs black.

These birds, like the Auk, recognise their old breeding-places before they fettle thereon to breed: appear first the beginning of February, but do not fettle on their breeding-places with an intent to lay till the beginning of May, when they are met with on most of the high craggy coasts of England; where our merciles shooters go to try the use of the gun, too frequently leaving many hundreds of these and the Guillemots, after being maimed, to die by flow degrees at the foot of the rocks; for they are fo stupid as to fuffer themselves to be shot at one after another. They are called by some, Parrot-billed Willocks; and lay one egg on the bare rock, which they so fix by cement* to the surface,

* See Ara. Zool. p. 510.

PLACE AND MANNERS.

that

that it refts fecure from rolling off, yet if diffurbed by human hand can never be replaced with certainty : if this be taken away it will lay another, and even a third, fhould the fecond be alfo taken. The colour of the egg is dufky white, marked with many irregular blackifh fpots.

These eggs the natives are fond of, and run the greatest risk in procuring them, being lowered from above by ropes. Sometimes two persons, having a rope tied to each of their middles, the one takes fast hold, while the other lowers himself as convenience ferves; but the weight of the lower one sometimes exceeding the uncertain hold of his companion, they both fall, and perish together.

We find these birds in the north of Europe, also in Iceland, Greenland, and on the coast of Labrador. In Europe they extend along the White Sea into the ArElic Afiatic shores, and from thence to Kamtschatka and the gulph of Ochotka. Is the only one which reaches the inland Baltic; being found there on the Carls-Ozar Isles, near Gothland, and the isle of Bondon off Angermania^{*}.

6. ⊢ BLACK-BIL-LED A. Alca Pica, Lin. Syß. i. p. 210. N° 2.—Faun. Groenl. N° 51.
Alca unifulcata, Brun. N° 102.—Muller, N° 138.
Le petit Pingoin, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 92. t. 8. fig. 2.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 396.
Mergus Bellonii, Utamania dicta, Raii Syn. p. 119. 2.—Will. Orn. p. 324. pl. 64.
Black-billed Auk, Br. Zool. ii. N° 231.—ArG. Zool. N° 426. Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS weighs eighteen ounces: is in length fifteen inches: breadth twenty-four. The bill is not above half the breadth

* See Hift. Kamtfeb. p. 153 .- Art. Zool.

of

of the *Razor-bill*'s, and very little curved, perfectly finooth throughout the whole of its furface, except a flight indentation at the bafe: infide of the mouth pale flefh-colour: the top of the head, taking in the eyes, part of the neck, the back, wings, and tail, are black; on the fides of the neck the black comes forward fo as almost to meet on the fore part: the fides of the head, throat, fore part of the neck, and all beneath, white: from behind the eye a dusky black mark tending to the hind head, as in the *leffer Guillemot*; the white on the fides of the head lefs pure than on the under parts: all the fecond quills are tipped with white; and the primaries are of a deeper black than the others: legs brownish black*.

This, from its external marks, fhould appear to be a different fpecies from the *Razor-bill*, but we are pretty certain it is no other than the young of that bird. Mr. *Pennant* obferves, that it is fometimes found on our coafts; but it is in the winter feafon only, when the common fort has quitted them.

We have received the above, along with another, in a farther advanced ftate, killed on the coaft of *Devonfbire* the middle of *December* 1783; this laft was one inch longer, and weighed nineteen ounces: it had the plumage exactly marked as in the above-defcribed, except that the ufual white trace betweeen the bill and eye was visible, but of a greyish colour: the bill had the four furrows fcarcely complete, but the ftreak across the mandibles was visible, and of a dirty yellow instead of a pure white: the legs in both brown black.

* Linnaus fays the legs are red, but no other author records it.

+ We owe thefe to the kindness of M. Martin, equire, of Teingmonth.

VOL. III.

Τt

Briffon's

PLACE.

Briffon's figure feems in a state prior to both of these, as in that the *forebead* is likewise white*.

In the first state, then, it should seem that the bill is finall, and quite destitute of furrows+; in the next, a finall furrow at the base; in the third, the furrows complete, but without the white ftreak either acrofs the bill, or that between the bafe of it and the eye §; and laftly, both of them complete, with the addition of the black plumage of the head; which, as we have proved, does not come on till the stage of perfection #. Whatever has therefore been faid under the head of the Razor-bill, must be applicable to this; and that it breeds before it comes to its perfection in plumage fhould feem not improbable, as Fabricius politively mentions the circumstance **¶**. It is faid to be met with on the coaft of the Isle of Candia, and other parts of the Mediterranean; where no doubt the complete old bird is likewife found, as I have been informed that they are common in the Bay of Gibraltar, where it is curious to fee their activity under water when purfuing the fi/b; for, as the water in the Bay is fometimes clear for a great depth from the furface, thefe birds may be often feen as it were flying after their prey, with all the agility of a bird in the air, turning in every direction after the fifh, with fuch wonderful address and dexterity as feldom to miss their aim**.

• Vol. vi. pl. 8. fig. 2. † Alca deleta, Brun. N° 104.—Muller, p. 17. † Unifulcata, Brun. 102. † Balthica, id. 101. ¥ See the bills in the first and last stages, Tour in Wales, vol. ii. pl. 20. at the bottom.

¶ Faun. Groenl.'p. 79.—He observes that they are in greater plenty in Greenland than the Razer-bills, in the breeding-feason, and that they disperse in winter. • We are indebted to Colonel Davies for this last anecdote.

Alca

A U K.

Alca cristatella, Pall. Spic. v. p. 18. t. 3. and 54 Black Stariki, Hif. Kamt. p. 156. Crefted Auk, Arct. Zool. Nº 434.

SIZE of the *Miffel Tbrufs*: length twelve inches. The bill fhaped fomewhat like that of the *Puffin*, but the upper mandible more hooked at the tip, and the feathers of the chin produced half way on the under one: at the angle of the mouth a callous flap; the colour of that and the bill crimfon; tip of the laft yellow: the head is rather fmall; and on the forehead is an upright creft composed of long feathers, which curve forwards as in the *Crefted Grakle**: eyes fmall, under them a line of white, and behind them a ftreak composed of four or five flender white feathers: the head and neck black: the back the fame, marked with ferruginous brown spots, changing into hoary on the rump: the under parts of a dusky brown: the wings reach to the base of the tail, which is black, and confists of fourteen feathers; the outmost but one ferruginous at the tip; the outer one marked with indiftinct white dots: legs livid: webs dusky.

This species inhabits the islands contiguous to Japan. One of these, in the collection of Sir Joseph Banks, came from Bird Island, between Asia and America. It sheeps of nights in burrows on shore, and fiftures of rocks, from whence it is often taken by hand, with other birds of this stupid race.

* See vol. i. p. 464. of this Work.

Tt2

Alca

PLACE.

DESCRIPTION.

CRESTED A:

PL. XCV. FIG. 4.

8. DUSKY A. PL. XCV. FIG. 3. Description. Alca tetracula, Pallas, Spic. v. p. 25. t. 4. and 5. Dufley Auk, Arci. Zool. Nº 435.

SIZE of the laft: length eleven inches. The bill fmaller in proportion, but the upper mandible bent at the point; the colour yellow brown; the ridge white: the irides are white, furrounded with a circle of black: the forehead is covered with downy feathers, which are pretty full, and reflexed half one way, half the other: behind the eyes a ftripe of white: the head and neck are black, marked with a few obfcure ferruginous fpots on the nape: the upper parts of the body black; beneath cinereous, growing whitifh near the vent: the wings reach to the bafe of the tail, which is composed of fourteen feathers, all of which, except the two middle ones, are ferruginous at the ends: legs livid: webs black.

PLACE AND MANNERS. This fpecies is met with in the feas between Japan and Kamtfchatka, and fometimes very far from land; in this cafe feen fingle, but on land are found in flocks^{*}. Make the nefts in burrows among the rocks. Are wonderfully active in the water, but on the contrary no bird is more clumfy and flupid on fhore; with the greateft difficulty get upright on their legs, and then cannot ftand, except the rump be propped up on a ftone or other elevation: will now and then fly on board fhips of evenings, when they may be taken by the hand. The flefth is very little valued;

* This may poffibly be the kind of Aak mentioned by *Ellis*, which was feen by *myriads*. It had a compressed bill, and large in proportion to the bird : plumage a dark brown, or rather black : breast whitish : and towards the abdomen of a reddifh brown colour.—*Ellis*, *Narr*. vol. ii. p. 252.

nor

nor can the down be separated from the skin, so as to become useful; but the eggs are thought very good.

> Alca pfittacula, Pall. Spic. v. p. 13. pl. 2. 5. Stariki, Hifl. Kamtfeb. p. 155. Perroquet Auk, Ard. Zool. Nº 433.

T HIS is a trifle bigger than the *Little Auk*, but not unlike it in fhape. The bill is much compreffed on the fides, and in fhape convex both above and beneath: the noftrils are pervious, placed in the middle of it; parallel to the edge, and at a little diftance from it, above thefe, is a furrow, reaching from the bafe to the middle: the colour of the bill a deep red: the vifage adjoining the bill is much prolonged, whence the eyes, which are fmall, appear far back in the head: in the middle of the upper eyelid is a white fpot; and from the hinder part of the eye fprings a flender tuft of white feathers, which hang loofely on each fide of the neck: the head, neck, and upper parts, are black, inclining to hoary on the fore part of the neck: the under parts from the breaft white: thighs dufky: wings and tail even, the laft very fhort: legs dirty yellow: webs brown.

Found at Kamtfchatka, with the laft fpecies: also in the isles towards Japan, and the western shores of America; most frequent in the last: sometimes seen in slocks, but feldom far from land, except driven by storms. Of nights harbour in the crevices of rocks. Lay an egg almost the size of a Hen's, of a dirty white or yellowish colour, spotted with brown; this they do about the middle of June, upon the bare rock or fand, for they make no nest. Are, like most of the tribe, stupid birds, as may be evinced by

PLACE AND MANNERS.

325

PERROQUET A.

PL. XCV. FIG. 2.

DESCRIPTION.

by the ridiculous method of catching them :—One of the natives places himfelf under a loofe garment of fur, of a particular make, with large open fleeves, among the rocks, at evening; when the birds, returning to their lodging-places at dufk, run under the fkirts, and up the arm-holes, for fhelter during the night; the man concealed beneath kills them as faft as they enter, and by this means as many are taken in one evening as he can carry away. Their flupidity likewife occasions them to fly aboard a thip at fuch times, miftaking it for a roofting-place; whereby navigators have been taught to avoid the danger of falling in too near with land, either of evenings or on approaching ftorms. The eggs are efteemed good.

Ancient Auk, Ara. Zool. Nº 430. Lev. Mus.

A TRIFLE bigger than the Little Auk: length near eleven inches. Bill one inch and a quarter; the bafe white; from the noftrils to the end black: the feathers come very forward on the bill; and the eyes are placed far back in the head: the head, fides, and throat, are deep black: the upper part of the body and wings dufky black; the under of a pure white: on the ears, juft behind the eyes, fpring feveral long narrow white feathers, which lay on each fide of the neck, meeting at the lower part, and forming a crefcent; thefe are fomewhat curled at the origin, where they are most numerous, and may *perhaps* be erected, at the will of the bird, as a ruff: the legs are placed quite in the vent, are one inch and a quarter long, and dufky: the tail fhort, rounded, and black.

Inhabits

3:6

10. ANCIENT A.

DESCRIPTION.

Inhabits various parts, from the west of North America to Kamtfchatka and the Kurile Islands *.

Alca alle, Lin. SyA. i. p. 211. 5. - Faun. Suec. Nº 142. - Brun. Orn. Nº 106. - Faun. Greenl. Nº 54. - AA. Nidr. i. p. 261. t. 6. - Martin Spith. + LITTLE A. p. 61. t. M. c.

Le petit Guillemot, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 73. 2.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 354. Mergulus molanoleucos roftro acuto brevi, Raii Syn. p. 135. A. 5. Small black and white Diver, Will. Orn. p. 343. pl. 59.—Edw. pl. 91. Greenland Dove, or Sea Turtle, Albin, i. pl. 85. Little Auk, Br. Zool. ii. N° 233. pl. 82.—Arti. Zool. N° 429. Lew. Muf.

SIZE of a *Blackbird*: length near nine inches. The bill is fhort and flout, and fomewhat rounded in fhape; colour black: the upper parts of the bird are black, the under white: fcapulars ftreaked with white: acrofs the wings a trace of white: the legs

yellowish brown : webs black.

The male is faid to differ in having the throat black.

Edwards's bird, and that figured in the Britifb Zoology, have the head and neck black; and are fuppofed to differ in fex from the above-defcribed, but this is not clear: I have received the laft from North Americo, from which place I have feen two more of the fame; but the few I have met with of Englifb fpecimens, among which are two in my own collection, were like the first-mentioned.

We believe this fpecies not to be very common in England, being only met with now and then. We have received it from *Dover*; and a fecond fpecimen was flot near *Dartford*. It feems to be most plentiful towards the north, being met with in various parts as far as *Spit/bergen*. Common in *Greenland*, in company

· Art. Zool.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE AND MANNEPS.

327

PLACE.

wich

with the *black-billed* fpecies, and feeds on the fame food. Lays two blueifh white eggs, larger than those of a *Pigeon*. Flies quick, and dives well; and is always dipping its bill into the water while fwimming, or at reft on the water. Walks better on land than others of the genus. It grows fat in the ftormy feason, from the waves bringing plenty of *crabs* and fmall *fi/b* within its reach. From its fize is lefs fought after than the others; but the fame means are used in taking it, being not a very crafty bird. In *Greenland* * it is called the *Ice-bird*, being the harbinger of ice \ddagger . This fometimes is feen of a pure white \ddagger .

Pygmy Auk, Ara. Zool. Nº 431.

FLAT-BILLED A.

DESCRIPTION.

S IZE a trifle lefs than the Little Auk: length feven inches. Bill under three quarters of an inch in length, colour black; along the top it is ridged, but on each fide of the ridge confiderably depreffed, as in the Duck genus: the noftrils are placed parallel to the edge of the upper mandible; the point of the bill flightly curved: the vifage is fomewhat prolonged, as in the Perroquet Auk; and the fides between the bill and eye furnifhed with a few narrow pale feathers: the plumage on all the upper parts is footy black: chin and throat very pale: fore part of the neck, breaft, and belly, paler than above, and inclining much to afh-colour: middle of the laft dirty white: legs dufky.

PLACE.

The above inhabits *Bird Island*, between *Asia* and *America*; where our late voyagers met with them in confiderable numbers.

* Met with there in great abundance.—*Phipp. Voy.* p. 186. *† Arel. Zool.* ‡ Alca candida, Brun. p. 26. N° 107.—Muller, p. 17.

GENUS

[329]

GENUS LXXXV. GUILLEMOT.

Nº 1. Foolifh G.	VAR. C.
2. Leffer G.	VAR. D.
3. Black G.	VAR. E.
VAR. A.	Nº 4. White G.
VAR. B.	5. Marbled G.

BILL fiender, pointed; the upper mandible flightly bending towards the end; bafe covered with fhort feathers. Noftrils lodged in a hollow near the bafe. Tongue fiender, almost the length of the bill. Legs furnished with three toes, all placed forwards.

Colymbus Troile, Lin. Syst. i. p. 220. 2.—Faun. Suec. Nº 149.—Brun. Nº 108.—Muller, Nº 152.—Frisch. t. 185.

+ FOOLISH G.

Le Guillemot, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 70. 1. pl. 6. fig. 1.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 350. pl. 25.—Pl. Enl. 903.

Lonruvia Hoieri, Guillemot, or Sea-hen, Raii Syn. p. 120. A. 4.-Will. Orn. p. 324. pl. 65.-Alb. i. pl. 84.-Edw. pl. 359. fig. 1.

Foolish Guillemot, Br. Zool. Nº 234.—Arct. Zool. Nº 436. Br. Mus. Lev. Mus.

DESCRIPTION.

LENGTH feventeen inches: breadth twenty-feven: weight twenty-four ounces. The bill is three inches long, ftrait, pointed, and black: the infide of the mouth yellow: the feathers on the upper part of the bill fhort and foft like velvet: from the eye to the hind part of the head is a fmall division of the Vol. III. Uu feathers: feathers: the head, neck, back, wings, and tail, deep mousecolour: tips of the lesser quills white: under parts of the body the fame: fides under the wings marked with dusky lines: just above the thighs are fome long feathers, that curl over them: legs dusky.

Mr. Brunnich^{*} mentions a variety, having a broader and fhorter bill, and the margins of it yellow, even in dried specimens; and Muller[†] another, with a ring of white round the eyes, and a line of the same behind them.

This bird is fufficiently plenty on the English coafts in the fummer feafon, when it is found fometimes in aftonishing numbers on our rocky cliffs; at which time our gunners frequently go, in order to perfect themfelves in the art of fhooting flying; for which purpofe none are more fit than these filly birds, as they will fee their companions killed one after another, without doing more than making a circuit, and alighting in the fame place, to be fhot at in turn. Along with thefe are the Auks, and both of them are indifcriminately called Willocks by the fportsmen. They lay one large egg, more than three inches in length, of a blueish white, or pale fea-green, and fo irregularly spotted and ftreaked with black, that no two are alike. They are faid to continue in the Orknies the whole year 1. The chief places they are known to breed in are, the uninhabited ifle of Priestholm, near the isle of Anglesey: on a rock called Godreve, not far from St. Ives in Cornwall: the Farn Ifles, near the coaft of Northumberland: and the cliffs about Scarborough in York (hire §. They are also found in most of the northern parts of Europe,

• Orn. Nº 109. + Zool. Dan. \$ Br. Zool. § Wil. . gbby.

5

to

PLACE AND MANNERS.

to Spitsbergen*, the coast of Lapmark, and along the White and Icy Sea, quite to Kamtschatka. Is frequently met with on the coasts of Italy in the winter \ddagger . It is also known in Newfoundland, and in a few parts of the continent of North America, but has not hitherto been talked of as common. Our last voyagers met with it on the coast north of Nootka Sound \ddagger .

It is known by feveral names; by the Welch, Guillem: at Northumberland and Durham, Guillemot, or Sea-ben: in Yorkfhire, a Scout: by the Cornifb, Kiddaw: and in the fouthern parts, Willock. In Kamtfchatka it is called Aru or Kara. The inhabitants of the laft kill them in numbers for the fake of their flefh, though it is certainly very tough and ill-tafted; but more effecially for their fkins, of which, as of other fowls, they make garments: the eggs are alfo accounted a great delicacy §.

Ringuia, Brun. Nº 110. 111.—Scop. Ann. i. Nº 103. Leffer Guillemot, Br. Zool. Nº 235. pl. 83. fig. 1. Lev. Mu/.

+ LESSER G.

DESCRIPTION.

THIS is lefs than the foolifb Guillemot: its length fixteen inches: breadth twenty-fix: weight nineteen ounces. Bill two inches and a half, black: the top of the head, taking in the eyes, the hind part of the neck, the back, wings, and tail, are black; behind the eye continued in a ftreak on each fide: the greater wing coverts tipped with white, forming a narrow band on the wings: the fides of the head beneath the eye, and all the under parts, white: legs black.

* Phypps Voy. p. 187. † Arci. Zool. ‡ Cook's laft Voy. vol. ii. p. 352. § Hift. Kamt/ch. p. 154.

It

It varies in having the black ftreak behind the eye much broader in fome birds *.

This is much lefs common than the foolifb Guillemot; and only frequents our coafts in winter: is rarely feen on those of Wales; but in the Firth of Forth, in Scotland, met with, along with the Black-billed Auks, in innumerable flocks, in pursuit of fprats; they are there called Morrots; and all retire before fpring \ddagger . Are frequent alfo, along with the young or Black-billed Auks, on our western coafts, in the winter; having received them from Teignmouth in Devonshire, the middle of December 1783. We have great reason to supper that these birds are no other than the foolish Guillemot in a young state: as to shape and make they no ways differ; and as to their being white on the fides of the head and throat, it is so with the young Razor-bills; and we have fcarce a doubt, but that they change with age, in the fame manner as those birds do.

+ BLACK G.

Colymbus Grylle, Lin. Syft. i. p. 220. 1.—Faun. Suec. Nº 148.—Brun. Nº 113.—Muller, Nº 151.—Act. Nidr. i. t. 4.—Frifcb. t. 185.

Le petit Guillemot noir, Brif. Orn. vi. p. 76.—Buf. Oif. ix. p. 354.— Pl. Enl. 917. (Female.)

Kaiaver, or Kaior, Hift. Kamtf. p. 157.

Greenland Dove, or Sea Turtle, Raii Syn. p. 121. 6.—Will. Orn. p. 326. pl. 78.—Anderf. Groenl. ii. pl. 1.—Albin, ii. pl. 80. (The male.)

Black Guillemot, Br. Zool. Nº 236.-Arct. Zool. Nº 437.

Br. Muf. Lev. Muf.

DESCRIPTION.

T HIS species is thirteen or fourteen inches in length: twentytwo in breadth: and weighs fourteen ounces. The bill an inch and a half long, strait, slender, and black: the inside of the

Brunnich. + Br. Zool.

mouth

332

PLACE.

mouth red : the general colour of the plumage is black, except a large portion of white on the wing coverts; and the fecond quills tipped with white: the legs are fcarlet: claws black. This is the fummer drefs.

The *male* and *female* are faid not to differ when of adult age: they certainly change colour in the winter *: fometimes individuals are met with wholly black [†].

LARGER than the laft : length eighteen inches. Bill an inch and a half long, and black : the general colour of the plumage footy black, paleft beneath : feveral of the middle wing coverts tipped with white, forming a broad oblong fpot across the wing : the fecondaries are also marked with white, meeting the first in an acute angle : legs red.

Inhabits Aconalashka. In the collection of Sir Joseph Banks.

Le petit Guillemot rayé, Bris. Orn. vi. p. 78. 4. Uria Balthica, Brun. Nº 116 ‡. Spotted Greenland Dove, Edw. pl. 50.

I N this the upper parts are of a brownish black, transversely striped with a darker colour: the fides of the head, and under part, from chin to vent, dusky white, transversely barred with pale ash-colour: wing coverts white, part of them mixed with black: legs dirty flesh-colour.

This came from Greenland.

• Faun. Groenl. + Mr. Hutchins.

t Both this and the following are fupposed to be old birds in the winter dress. Faun. Groenl.-Some become wholly white in winter. Arct. Zool. J. VAR. A. Description.

PLACE.

3. Var. B.

DESCRIPTION.

PLACE.

Uria

Uria Balthica, Brun. Nº 115.

VAR. C. Description.

• **I** N this the head, neck, and breaft, are white, very lightly fpotted with black: back black, with fome of the feathers edged with white: belly fnow white: wings and tail black; and a patch of white on the first, as in the others.

PLACE.

This from Christiansoe, and called there Sildeperris.

- 5......

J. VAR. D. DESCRIPTION. A T Sir Jojeph Banks's I observe a further variety, not greatly differing. Length fourteen inches: the upper parts of the body dufky black: crown mottled with white: hind part of the neck inclining to afh-colour: greater wing coverts irregularly marked black and white: quills and tail black: the under parts white, marked with obscure dufky black lines, except the chin, which is plain white: legs pale brown: webs dufky.

PLACE. From Kamt schatka?

3. VAR. E. Uria grylloides, Brun. Nº 114?-AB. Nidr. i. p. 268. Spotted Guillemot, Br. Zool. ii. pl. 83. fig. 2.

DESCRIPTION.

I N this the plumage is in patches of white and black on the upper parts, and all beneath white. In Brunnich's bird the belly was fpotted white and black: he fuppofes it to be a bird of the first year *.

PLACE.

The Black Guillemot is found on the Bass island, in Scotland, and the Isle of St. Kilda: visits the last in March. Makes the nest

* See Faun. Groenl.

far

far under ground: lays a grey egg; or, according to others, two^{*}, of a whitifh colour, as big as those of a Hen, marked with many grey and black spots. Seen also on the rocks of *Llandidno*, in *Caernarvonshire* \dagger , and in the *Farn Isles*, off the coast of *Northumberland*. Mostly sy in pairs. Dive well, hence by some called *Diving Pigeons* \ddagger .

Met with on all the Greenland fhores in numbers, and feeds on fmall f_i/b . It lays the beginning of fune; the eggs are eaten by the inhabitants. The fkin of the body put to the fame ufes as that of the Auks; and that of the legs ufed as a bait to their fifting-lines. Found alfo at Spitzbergen §. At Kamtfchatka builds the neft on high rocks in the fea, and whiftles very loud; hence by the Coffacs is called Jvofhik, or Post-boy ||. In this last place a variety is alfo found, with a white line isfuing from the white spot on the wings ¶. Common at Hudfon's Bay at all feasons, in the extremes of the bay, and very numerous: called there by the name of Sefekeferwack.

Cepphus lacteolus, Pall. Spic. v. p. 33.

WHILE G. Description.

SIZE of the Black Guillemot. Bill brownish flesh-colour: infide of the mouth white: irides brown: eye-lids brownish

* See Faun. Groenl.—According to Steller, the eggs are whitish, spotted with rult, and speckled with ash-colour.—Br. Zool. † Id. t Arts. Zool

+ Id. # Art. Zool. § Phipps Voy. p. 186.

|| The bill, as well as the legs, is there faid to be red; but I cannot find any one who has feen the bill of that colour. Indeed Linnæus fays, "Roftrum, & "pedes, & faux fanguinea;" but I fear he did not aver it from his own obfervations. I ArG. Zool.

flefh-

flefh-colour : head and body white as fnow : back, wings, and bafe of the tail, pale grey : the reft of its length white : fhape fomewhat pointed : quills whitifh, down the fhafts inclining to brown; the outer one the longeft : all the fecondaries nearly of equal length : legs dufky flefh-colour; naked far above the knees: claws dufky.

PLACE.

This *Pallas* mentions as a *nondefcript*; and was met with by him on the coaft of *Holland*, caft afhore between the villages of *Catwick* and *Scheveningen*, in the winter 1760.

Marbled Guillemot, Arcl. Zool. Nº 438. pl. 22. Lev. Muf.

MARBLED G PL. XCVI. Description.

PLACE.

T HIS is larger than the *little Auk*: and is ten inches in length. The bill comprefied a little on the fides, rather flender, and one inch in length: crown of the head dufky: upper part of the body transversely barred with tawny, chefnut, and blackish brown, as far as the tail, which is flort and black: the wing coverts dufky, fome of the larger edged with white: quills black: the chin and throat are dufky, mixed with irregular blotches of white: fides of the neck plain dufky: breast, belly, and vent, irregularly barred and undulated with dufky and white, changing to the last at the vent: legs and toes of a pale orange: webs and claws black.

Male and female much alike.

The above inhabits Prince William's Sound, on the western coast of America; from whence the pair in the Leverian Museum was brought. One in the possession of Sir Joseph Banks was found at Kamtschatka.

GENUS

. 1 and hape g to ly of nees: n by rs of gth. and the wn, erts the ite: urly laft uws rn um nd S.

