

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES:

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1896.

Vol. XXV. No. 22

Calendar for May, 1896.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter, 4th day, 11h. 12m., a. m.
New Moon, 12th day, 3h. 34m., a. m.
First Quarter, 20th day, 2h. 8m., p. m.
Full Moon, 28th day, 5h. 44m., p. m.

Day of Week	Sun rise	Sun set	THE MOON	High Water
M	h	m	Rises	Ch'town
1 Fri	6 51	3 27	11 42	11 55
2 Sat	6 48	3 30	11 52	12 13
3 Sun	6 45	3 33	12 02	12 31
4 Mon	6 41	3 37	12 12	12 49
5 Tues	6 37	3 40	12 22	1 07
6 Wed	6 33	3 44	12 32	1 25
7 Thurs	6 29	3 48	12 42	1 43
8 Fri	6 25	3 52	12 52	2 01
9 Sat	6 20	3 56	1 02	2 19
10 Sun	6 16	4 00	1 12	2 37
11 Mon	6 12	4 04	1 22	2 55
12 Tues	6 08	4 08	1 32	3 13
13 Wed	6 04	4 12	1 42	3 31
14 Thurs	6 00	4 16	1 52	3 49
15 Fri	5 56	4 20	2 02	4 07
16 Sat	5 52	4 24	2 12	4 25
17 Sun	5 48	4 28	2 22	4 43
18 Mon	5 44	4 32	2 32	5 01
19 Tues	5 40	4 36	2 42	5 19
20 Wed	5 36	4 40	2 52	5 37
21 Thurs	5 32	4 44	3 02	5 55
22 Fri	5 28	4 48	3 12	6 13
23 Sat	5 24	4 52	3 22	6 31
24 Sun	5 20	4 56	3 32	6 49
25 Mon	5 16	5 00	3 42	7 07
26 Tues	5 12	5 04	3 52	7 25
27 Wed	5 08	5 08	4 02	7 43
28 Thurs	5 04	5 12	4 12	8 01
29 Fri	5 00	5 16	4 22	8 19
30 Sat	4 56	5 20	4 32	8 37
31 Sun	4 52	5 24	4 42	8 55

A SNAP TIES AND HOSE

Three Ties for 25 cents, Three Pairs of Hose for 25 cents,

Good Wearing—Guaranteed all Cotton.

D. A. BRUCE,

Canada's Famous Tailoring Establishment.
Charlotte own, May 6, 1896.

Wall Paper.

McMILLAN & HORNSBY'S

American and Canadian Wall Paper,

Latest Patterns

WALL PAPER.

ARE YOU ALIVE? Are you up to the Times? THEN LEARN SHORTHAND.

Poor Handwriting Improved by a Rapid and Easy Method.

Send a stamp for circulars, specimens, and full particulars.

North British and Mercantile FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—
EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

Total Assets, 1891, — \$30,032,727.

TRANSACTS every description of Fire and Life Business on the most favorable terms.

This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the past thirty years.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Agent.
Watson's Building, Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Jan. 21, 1895.—17

JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Special attention given to Collections

MONEY TO LOAN.

Scott's Emulsion

Has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (Ask your Doctor.) This is because it is always palatable—always uniform—always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-Liver Oil and Hypophosphites. Insist on Scott's Emulsion with trade-mark of man and fish.

TORTURES OF RHEUMATISM

The pains of rheumatism are removed and the disease driven from the system by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the conqueror of thousands of the several cases.

Mrs. J. M. Monkman, of Arkwright, Ont., says:—I took inflammatory rheumatism in February, 1894, and doctored it for some weeks, but found I was getting worse. All my joints were swollen very much and I was not able to leave my bed, and could get neither sleep nor rest.

Hearing from a neighbor that she got your Burdock Blood Bitters for her daughter, who had the same disease and it cured her, I purchased a bottle, and after taking about the half of it I found myself recovering, and after continuing it for some weeks, I recovered, but when the cold weather set in this winter I found it returning again. So I commenced to take the B. B. B. again, when I found, after taking it about a week, that all pain and swelling of the joints had disappeared, and I consider that I am entirely cured.

Local and Special News.

A pair of slippers—two eels.

THE BEST ADVERTISEMENTS.

Many thousands of unsolicited letters have reached the manufacturers of Scott's Emulsion from those cured through its use of Consumption and Scrofulous diseases. None can speak so confidently of its merits as those who have tested it.

Minard's Liniment cures dandruff.

THE PRINCE OF PECTORAL REMEDIES. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, asthma, hoarseness, and bronchitis without fail. Price 50c, all druggists.

NORWAY PINE SYRUP heals the lungs.

Medium—The spirit of your husband wishes to speak to you. "Woman—What does he say? Medium—He says you need not send him any winter clothing."

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Diphtheria.
JOHN D. BOUTELLE, French Village.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure croup.
J. F. CONNORHAM, Cape Island.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best remedy on earth.
JOE A. SNOW, NORWAY, ME.

Minard's Liniment cures burms.

People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, etc., yield at once to Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, the spouseful throat and lung specific.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

He—I believe in letting a woman have her own way. She—What! And deprive her of the pleasure of blaming somebody else if things go wrong?

Geo. Andrew of Lowell, with ulcers over half his body, cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

That Hacking Cough can be quickly cured by the use of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. Price 25c.

The purifying effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla are sure and speedy. Take it this month.

Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup removes worms of all kinds from children or adults.

NORWAY PINE SYRUP cures bronchitis.

THAT HACKING, PERSISTENT, DISTRESSING COUGH can be quickly cured by Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It cures all Throat and Lung troubles.

Burdock Pills, small, safe and sure, regulate the liver and cure constipation.

Drive out the impurities from your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and thus avoid that tired, languid feeling and even serious illness.

NORWAY PINE SYRUP cures coughs.

Spring requires that the impurities which have accumulated in your blood during the winter shall be promptly and thoroughly expelled if good health is expected. When the warm weather comes those impurities are liable to manifest themselves in various ways and often lead to serious illness. Unless the blood is rich and pure that tired feeling will afflict you, your appetite will fail, and you will find yourself "all run down." Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the system, drives out all impurities and makes pure, rich, healthy blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and the best spring medicine. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Seville's Cathedral.

(Sacred Heart Review.)

The opening article in the current Cosmopolitan is a short paper on "Seville, the Fair," by H. C. Custard-Taylor, who tells us that the Cathedral, rising in its stately grandeur in the centre of Seville, is the one reminder that the Pœnician and the Roman, the Visigoth and the Moor once held sway in this beautiful Andalusian city. Here is his description of the church itself: "This ponderous church stands, sombre and gray, among the delicate houses of Seville, like an altar of death in the midst of revelry. It is mighty and magnificent, yet it makes the gay, cheerful city that one pauses to wonder whence it came. Only when one enters does one appreciate the harmony and unity of the edifice. Other churches are chaste and magnificent, and even grand; but the first impression of the Cathedral of Seville is one of solemn reverence. There is a severity and simplicity in its vast proportions which is awe-inspiring. Part of the roof fell in some ten years ago, and now huge scaffolding fills the greater portion of the church, and the click of the hammer and chisel is heard." Mr. Custard-Taylor attributes to the cleverness of Spanish labor the fact that work will have to be continued for four years yet before the repairs on the cathedral are completed, but he must remember that such churches as the Seville cathedral were not built in a day or a year, after the fashion of modern times; and that its rebuilding, even in part, must necessarily be a slow task if the beauty of its original form is to be restored. For American Catholics this Seville cathedral has an especial interest, as it was from Seville that the first missionaries came, after the discovery of this western world by Columbus, to preach here the doctrines of Christianity.

The Worship of the Devil.

To what infamous depths that irreligion which exists in certain circles has descended may be partially estimated from a perusal of the short article on "Occultism and Magic," which Françoise Sorey contributes to this same magazine.

M. Sorey tells how he attended a lecture given in one of the aforesaid circles by one Jules Bois, and was surprised at the size of the attendance, as well as by the character of the lecture itself. Coming from the lecture he met a friend with whom he held a short conversation which we give in his own words: "Tell me, I said, 'do all those people whom I have just seen around the chair of Jules Bois form a little chapel only, or do they constitute a large church? Has magic really so large a number of adepts among us at this day and in our land of common sense?' 'A larger number than you would believe,' my friend, 'it is a wind of folly that is blowing over the present generation. What would you say if I were to tell you that the thefts of concealed wafers from the churches of Paris have become so frequent that the Archbishop has sent a circular to the bishops, ordering them to change the tabernacles for strong boxes? But what can they want wafers for, consecrated or not? For a wafer has no marketable value.' 'The point is that the priest, by consecrating the wafers, has caused Jesus Christ to descend from heaven and to enter into them. This is my body,' says the evangelist. It is therefore the Body of Jesus Christ that the thieves steal. They carry it to the satanic altars, break it into pieces and defile it, evoking at the same time by abominable rites the spirit of evil, who places himself at their orders. This is the black Mass.' 'Do you really believe that many of these black Masses are celebrated in Paris?' 'I am certain of it. . . . Never has the belief in the occult power of the marvellous, in Satan, if you will, been so insensate, so blind as it is at this end of the century and in this city which is famed for the frivility of its elegant skepticism.' No comment is needed on this terrible avowal, which shows to what almost incredible depths French infidelity has descended. And yet M. Sorey intimates that a lower level yet may be reached by the presentation, if the public censor will permit it, of a 'black Mass,' with all demonic surroundings, on the Parisian stage.

Millet's Childhood.

The opening paper in the May number of McClure's Magazine is from the pen of Mr. W. H. Low, who has taken for his subject the painter of "The Angels," Françoise Millet. Mr. Low tells us that the famous Frenchman was reared by his grandmother, a woman of great force of character and very devout, and he adds that with her "the

most ordinary occupation of the day was made the subject not of uttered prayer, but that would have entailed suspension of her ceaseless activity, but of spiritual example tersely expressed, which fell upon the fruitful soil of Millet's young imagination, and left such a lasting impression that to the end of his life his natural expression was almost biblical in character of language." Another influence that had a great deal to do with the formation of the youthful Millet's character, admires Mr. Low, "was that of a granduncle, Charles Millet, a priest who, driven from his church by the Revolution, had returned to his native village and taken up the simple life of his people, without, however, abandoning his vocation." He was to be seen behind his plough, his priest's robe gathered up about his loins, his breviary in one hand, following the furrow up and down the undulating fields which ran to the cliffs. Gifted with great strength, he piled up great masses of granite, to reclaim a precious morsel of earth from the hungry maw of the sea: lifting his voice, as he worked, in resonant chants of the Church." From this sacerdotal relative Millet learned to read, and by him and another priest, Abbe Labrieux, the artist was aided in his studies and instructed in Latin, with the Bible and Virgil for text-books, while his mind was nourished by the reading of the "Lives of the Saints" and the works of SS. Augustine and Jerome and those of Bossuet and Fenelon.

A letter from Trebizond to the editor of *Le Monde*, written by an Armenian refugee, gives an account of the doings of the Brothers of the Christian Schools, during those dreadful October days of 1895. From the beginning of the Armenian massacres, the Brothers hoisted the French flag before their house, opened wide their doors and their arms to all the Christians who sought refuge under the tri-colored flag. More than 3,000 persons hastened here, from all parts, and filled even their vast house from garret to cellar. The Brothers gave up their rooms, their beds, and every mattress and covered they could lay hands on, for the sick and wounded. For more than ten days terror kept this multitude within their walls, and, night and day, the Brothers were on their feet, caring for the house, for the wounded, collecting and distributing provisions, calming the terror of women and children. One of the Brothers constantly traversed the streets in search of poor Christians overtaken by night in the Turkish quarters, and brought them in, to the number of 200, and the assassins dared not pursue them to their refuge, because they feared and respected the Brothers. Another went to the groceries and markets to buy provisions for the crowds. A third mounted guard over the door to keep out malefactors. The three remaining Brothers took care of the sick and wounded and distributed the rations. They provided milk for the babies whose poor mothers could no longer give them nourishment. They gave sweetmeats to the little children. It was a joy to behold the white-bearded Brother playing his part of mother, purveyor and gardener, but always with a smile upon his lips and courage on his serene forehead. "One day," says the writer, "he was distributing bits to the children when some one whispered a word in his ear. We saw him go at once down stairs and bar the way against a Turkish commander who said he had come to inspect the house, and he was successful, too. M. Chiffre, the sympathetic and devoted French consul at Trebizond, proud of the heroism of the Brothers, has not failed to report it at headquarters, and the result is that the gold medal and tri-colored ribbon was sent them by the French Government. The poor Brothers have raised themselves, financially to save our lives, and now to see them in the greatest straits, and to be powerless to help them is a source of deepest grief to us."

The celebrated and beautiful bell-tower, called the "Leaning Tower of Pisa," is situated in the town of Pisa, Italy, and was built during the twelfth century by the German architect, William of Suscruck. It is cylindrical in shape, 50 feet in diameter, 180 feet high, and leans about 14 feet out of the perpendicular. It is entirely of white marble, and consists of seven stories, divided by rows of columns. The top, which is surmounted by a flat roof and an open gallery, is reached by 300 steps. The tower was not originally intended to lean, but the foundation settled more on one side than on the other until it reached the present inclination, which it has maintained with scarcely any perceptible increase for hundreds of years. The upper part of the structure was built in a manner to counteract in part the inclination; and the grand chime of bells, seven in number, of which the

Royal Baking Powder

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

largest alone weighs 12,000 pounds, is mounted with reference to counteract this fault still further.

mountain situated as described in the revelation. For several days they explored this mountain, but in vain. Then they were on the very point of abandoning all further examination, when they suddenly came across the ruins of a house. Some peasant women who were working in the neighborhood informed them that these ruins were known as "Panaghia Capouli," which means the "Virgin's Place." A close examination showed the perfect accuracy of the description given in the revelations. As soon as the discovery was made known numerous pilgrims visited the "Panaghia Capouli." Father Paulin was accompanied in his search by the superior of the French College at Rome, the Rev. Father Eschbach of the Congregation of the Holy Spirit, a very learned priest, who has informed the Holy Father of the supposed discovery. It is stated that the Holy Father displayed the greatest interest.—Rome correspondence Phil. Standard and Times.

Is the Prince of Wales a Catholic?

(From the Glasgow Observer.)

The Freeman's Journal of Sydney, N. S. W., in a recent issue made a strange statement about the Prince of Wales. The statement was the startling one that he was baptised a Catholic, and the circumstances stated in support of it were these: At the baptism of the Prince of Wales the two Anglican prelates who were officiating at the ceremony magnanimously agreed to divide the honors of the occasion between them, and made an arrangement whereby one of them poured the water and the other pronounced the words of the "baptism"—a joint ceremony which was duly carried out. There happened to be present on the occasion a member of the Belgian Royal House related to the Queen. It will be recalled that the Queen's mother, the Duchess of Kent, was a Catholic. This royal Belgian personage, seeing how the ceremony was carried out, and knowing that baptism to be valid must be in essentials an act of one person—that the water must be poured and the words pronounced by the same person—and believing the ceremony he had just witnessed to be invalid, made it her duty to draw the attention of the Queen to what had taken place. The story goes that the Queen, quite approving the representation made to her, asked how the mistake could be set right, and that her informant said nothing could be easier. One of the chaplains of the Belgian court, who happened to be in convenient proximity, performed the ceremony immediately and privately. The statement is one which admits of easy test. It should be a simple matter to ascertain whether at the baptism of the Prince of Wales two Anglican prelates took part, whether the Queen of the Belgians was present, whether the chaplain was there, and whether the public ceremony was gone through as described. If enquiries established that in all these circumstances the facts were as already laid down, it is a reasonable presumption that the whole story is true. It is pointed out that the Prince of Wales has always been favorably disposed towards Catholics, always treating them with fair play and courtesy, and that on one notable occasion, when presiding as chairman of the Commission on the Housing of the Poor, he gave precedence to Cardinal Manning, thus making manifest the fact that to him, at least, the title and rank of a Catholic dignitary were matters to be treated as actualities and not as mere empty things, conferring no honor.

Blessed Virgin's Last Residence.

The news has been received that the last residence of the Divine Mother on earth has been discovered, and though the centuries which have elapsed since her death and assumption into heaven have reduced that sacred house to ruins, yet that enough remains to enable the imagination to re-construct the edifice. This edifice is naturally second in importance only to that of Nazareth. The account of its rediscovery has a strong character of credibility about it, a credibility which on the one side leans not on any legend or tradition of unknown origin and history, but on the direct utterance of a mystic, and on the other side upon the most tangible sort of evidence possible under the circumstances. Moreover, it is not unlikely that further study and examination will go to enlarge the body of evidence. The account is as follows: "The Rev. Father Paulin, superior of the Lazarist community at Ephesus, pursued the 'Life of the Blessed Virgin,' as made known in revelation to Anne Catherine Emmerich, in a disposition of mind very remote—as he says himself in his report to the Vatican—from credulity. He noticed, however, a passage in detail the house in which Our Lady dwelt, and where she died. Father Paulin resolved to put to the test the value of this revelation. In doing so he had every possible facility. Sister Emma, a rich as well as an unacquainted with the Holy Land, yet the spot where the house stood was designated with considerable precision by Anne Catherine Emmerich. Its position she says 'is at three leagues and a half from Ephesus; to the left of the road as one comes from Jerusalem, on a mountain to which access is gained by narrow paths to the south of Ephesus, and from the top of which mountain Ephesus is seen on one side and the sea on the other, the sea being nearer than the city. The searchers left Ephesus on foot and after three hours walking, reached a

Merit

It is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, its constantly increasing sales, and enables it to accomplish its wonderful and unequalled cures. The combination, proportion and process used in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make Hood's Sarsaparilla

Peculiar to Itself

It cures a wide range of diseases because of its power as a blood purifier. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system. Thus all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficent influence of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. \$1 per bottle. Hood's Pills take easy to operate.

FOR ELECTION JUNE 23 THE PEOPLES' CANDIDATES.

- KINGS: A. C. Macdonald. WEST QUEEN'S: Dr. Jenkins. EAST QUEEN'S: Alexander Martin. WEST PRINCE: Edward Hackett. EAST PRINCE: Richard Hunt.

"It seems to me you will clearly see without permission, that the best interests of the Dominion are identified with the triumph of Conservative principles in the coming struggle."

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1896. PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT denounced the idea of preferential trade last session, and now Mr. Laurier has adopted it as a party plank. The Opposition is evidently bound to face both ways on everything.

MR. LABOUCHERE has described the Liberal party as he finds it at present in England, and it is curious to note how well his description applies to the Liberal party in Canada. "What is now the Liberal party?" he asks.

In his speech at Guelph, Ont. the other day, Mr. Foster quoted a statement made by Mr. Laurier in 1876, which did not credit the leader.

MR. LAURIER is trying hard to impress upon the public that should he reach power, his will be a government by commission. A few years ago, he made the following promise: "When the Liberal party comes into power it will send commissioners to Washington to propose a mutual agreement by which there will be free trade along the whole line, doing away with restrictions and removing Customs houses that go so far to cause friction between the two countries."

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PATRICK McALEER, a truckman, while engaged hauling clay from the excavations for the new cathedral had his leg broken on Saturday last. He was standing under a bank when a mass of clay, containing a large piece of iron, fell upon him and fractured his leg just above the ankle.

The Two Policies Contrasted.

A LITTLE less than four weeks time now remains till the electorate of Canada shall have an opportunity of deciding who shall govern this Dominion for the next five years. The exercises of the franchise is a privilege whose importance should be most conscientiously weighed.

The Two Leaders.

In another article in this issue, we invite a comparison between the respective records and policies of the two great parties now seeking the suffrages of the Canadian electorate. Here we propose saying a few words regarding the respective leaders of these parties, viz., Sir Charles Tupper, Premier of Canada, and Hon. Wilfred Laurier, Leader of the Opposition.

Leaders at Loggerheads.

"My hope is, may my conviction is, that on the 23rd of June the Liberal party will be at the head of the polls, and then it will be the Liberal party with its policy of a revenue tariff that will send commissioners to London to arrange for a basis of preferential trade."

A Letter From His Grace the Archbishop.

"On my arrival here from the East, a few days ago, I learned from the reports of Parliament, as well as from newspapers, the fate of the Remedial Bill. I need scarcely say it was a source of grief as well as a source of regret. So strong was my faith in the good sense of my countrymen, and in their spirit of loyalty to our peaceful Constitution, to say nothing of their love of fair play, that I felt it would be an insult to doubt the practical unanimity of the House in upholding the Constitution, and in deciding 'once for ever' that in Canada there is as little room for religious fire-brands as there is for political crackpots."

Grand Opening OF NEW Spring Goods

Everything that is new and fashionable in Mantles, Millinery and Dress Goods, is now being shown by us. We Personally Visit the European markets twice a year, and are in a position to offer you all the staples and novelties that are worn for the spring and summer season of 1896.

Our 50c. Black Cashmere IS THE BEST ON P. E. ISLAND.

STANLEY BROS. BUILT TO WEAR! FINISHED TO PLEASE! These two sentences tell the whole story of our FURNITURE. Nothing better on the market. Cost you less than any other makes of equal value.

Old P. E. In New

The month of May our big store. Are all on the jump. Spick and Span That's what the new or child's face on new trimmings are you can't find just exceedingly hard.

A Nine Day

That's what our big yards direct from at lower prices than we have a beautiful handsome novelty married in; in fact.

Love at First

When you see our... better goods. buy it at our store at \$1.05.

As Good L

We struck a bargain... Canada has an eye that we sold through 8 cents a yard. all records and st.

The More

We're having a... the very thing you

Facts are

We don't pretend... claim that no sh... today as we are.

Deeds, not

Is our motto. W... we advertise. T... business of this c...

As Merry

Because there's... money buys a big... wash well, and... woman who wan...

Tho' Last

We've got a hun... excellent cloth... of it, only one b... How we got the... portant thing i... daughter.

What's in

A good deal. C... a hundred other... HERALD. Now

BEE

WHC

Paton & Co.



Thousands of yards of OILCLOTH -AND- New Carpets JAMES PATON & CO.



Men's Suits -AND- Spring Overcoats OVERALLS and Waterproof Coats. -AT- JAS. PATON & CO'S.



PATON & CO. PATON & CO.

City Hardware Store, Charlottetown.

pled this wretched excuse to justify opposition to its abolition. We may add, it is an insult to non-Catholics to suppose that any appreciable number of them will allow a difference of religious belief to blind them to the dictates of ordinary justice; or that they can be made the puppets of a movement which must end, if successful now, in the surrender to the claims of the minority, which is probably contemplated by the leaders, or in disaster to the country.

A Curious Melange. (Mail and Empire). At Westmount, near Montreal, the other day, Mr. Laurier declared that as soon as he reached office he would despatch a commission to England to get preferential trade.

Old Proverbs In New Settings. The month of May is going to be one of very unusual interest in our big store. An immense quantity of goods has arrived, and we are all on the jump selling them.

Spick and Span New. That's what the new Hats and Bonnets are. There is not a ladies or child's face on this island that we cannot suit to a "T."

A Nine Days Wonder. That's what our big stock of Dress Goods is. We bought nearly 3,000 yards direct from the mill that made them, and so are selling them at lower prices than we ever were able to do before.

Love at First Sight. When you see our \$2.98 stylish Capes, that's what's going to happen, we know as a fact that \$4.00 is frequently asked elsewhere for no better goods.

As Good Luck Would Have It. We struck a bargain in Print Cottons. There was an awful quantity, but we cleared it first.

The More the Merrier. We're having a rattling spring trade, but we want yours too. You save money by dealing with us, and more than that we've got just the very thing you want.

Facts are Stubborn Things. We don't pretend to have all the bargains in the world, but we do claim that no shop on P. E. Island is offering so many bargains to-day as we are.

Deeds, not Words. In our motto. We've got ten bargains on our shelves to one that we advertise. That's why we have captured so large a slice of the business of this city.

As Merry as the Day is Long. Because there's no excuse for long faces in our store. A little money buys a big parcel of goods that wear well, look well and wash well, and we're bound to capture the trade if every smart woman who wants to do as we and boomingly.

Tho' Last not Least. We've got a hundred Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets all sizes, made of excellent cloth, and our price for them is just \$1.00 each.

What's in a Name? A good deal. Our name backs up all we have said, and promises a hundred other bargains equally as good to every reader of the HERALD. Now is the time to buy.

BEER BROS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ministers, has been talking at Stellar on, N. S., a coal mining centre. He says coal is to continue on the protected list. Mr. Martin declares that coal oil is to be made free, but Mr. Fraser and Mr. Lister in Lunenburg, say that coal oil is to be protected. Sir Richard Cartwright asserts that we are to have free trade, and no "half measures."

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS. FRESH strawberries were on sale in the Halifax market on Wednesday last. PROFESSOR ROBERTSON, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, arrived here on Monday evening, accompanied by his recently wedded wife. They are at the Hotel Davies.

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The More the Merrier. We're having a rattling spring trade, but we want yours too. You save money by dealing with us, and more than that we've got just the very thing you want.

Facts are Stubborn Things. We don't pretend to have all the bargains in the world, but we do claim that no shop on P. E. Island is offering so many bargains to-day as we are.

Deeds, not Words. In our motto. We've got ten bargains on our shelves to one that we advertise. That's why we have captured so large a slice of the business of this city.

As Merry as the Day is Long. Because there's no excuse for long faces in our store. A little money buys a big parcel of goods that wear well, look well and wash well, and we're bound to capture the trade if every smart woman who wants to do as we and boomingly.

Tho' Last not Least. We've got a hundred Ladies' Black Cloth Jackets all sizes, made of excellent cloth, and our price for them is just \$1.00 each.

What's in a Name? A good deal. Our name backs up all we have said, and promises a hundred other bargains equally as good to every reader of the HERALD. Now is the time to buy.

A GOOD Many People in town and country use hammocks. LOTS OF PEOPLE do not know the Comfort of a half hour's rest after a hard day's work, NO REST so good as a rest in one of our Hammocks. Prices from 75c. to \$5.00. HAZARD & MOORE. BOOKSELLERS. May 6, 1896.

The Lieutenant-Governor at Tignish. On Wednesday his Honor the Lieut. Governor Howland visited Tignish for the first time since his appointment to the Lieutenant-Governorship. He was accompanied by a grand reception and a most hearty welcome by the people among whom he had lived so long.

Wholesale and Retail. W. A. WEEKS & CO. HON. MR. FERGUSON'S MEETINGS. ENEAS A. MACDONALD, BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office, Great George St., Near Bank Nova Scotia, Charlottetown. Nov 8, 1892-ly

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills. Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over."

PYNY-PECTORAL. Positively Cures COUGHS and COLDS in a surprisingly short time. It is a scientific remedy, tried and true, soothing and healing in its effects.

Job Work. Performed at short notice at The HERALD Office. Tickets Posters Note Heads Letter Heads Check Books Receipt Books Note of Hand Books Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster. Back-ache, Face-ache, Stomach-ache, Pain in the Side, etc. Promptly Relieved and Cured by this Plaster.

Ninety Per Cent. Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla to prevent their run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerve.

THE SPRING GOODS ARE IN. Large Importations of ENGLISH GOODS. Grand Opening of the Spring Business at the People's Store.

IF YOU ARE A MAN, let's see, you will require a new Hat. We keep the right kind. You will want Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Suspenders, perhaps Cloth for a new Pants or Suit, some Gloves, Ties, Bows, Top Shirts, or Handkerchiefs or Hosiery.

WEEKS & CO. Have drawn hundreds of new customers to the People's Store during the past year, and if anyone is not satisfied with our treatment, our goods and our prices, we have yet to hear of it. Come and join the crowd—we want your trade.

Wool, Wool! Wool! PROWSE BROS. Cash or Trade. Clothing! Clothing! Clothing! For Men and Boys, the finest assortment ever seen on P. E. Island, and the prices away down to low water mark.

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Great Attractions. We are daily opening and selling rapidly our new stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Our Boot Department is filling up daily, and such bargains. This department is an eye-opener, no one can, and no one will attempt to undersell us. We are the leaders in low prices.

Wool, Wool! Wool! PROWSE BROS. Cash or Trade. Clothing! Clothing! Clothing! For Men and Boys, the finest assortment ever seen on P. E. Island, and the prices away down to low water mark.

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PAIN-KILLER THE GREAT Family Medicine of the Age. Taken Internally, It Cures Diarrhoea, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Cold, Cough, etc., etc.

To tame the savage beast of Passions wild, Uproot impurity's gigantic mountains, And flood the stage with beauty undimmed!

B. B. B. Turns Bad Blood Into Rich Red Blood. In Spring Time got Pure Blood by using B. B. B.

Mary Anderson's Autobiography. A Few Memories. By Mary Anderson (Madame Navarro) with portraits. New York: Harper Brothers.

Genuine French Calf Boot Tops, Best quality, just arrived from England. Also, American Tan Dressing. GOFF BROTHERS.

THE DRAMA SPIRITUALIZED. BY ELIZABETH C. DONNELLY. Read before the Convention in the Women's Building of the Cotton States and International Exposition, Atlanta, Georgia, on November 26, 1895.

When to thy bosom she is, rapturous, lifted, And borne aloft to higher, purer spheres.

was given to make assurance doubly sure."—Hon. Wm. Macdougall in 1892.

People Who pay for Their Paper. (Since last publication of names.) KING'S CO.

Carter's "Tested" Seeds. are the best. They are suitable to the climate and soil of P. E. Island, and are sold at the Seed-store in Charlottetown and by leading merchants throughout the Province.

Where Pluto holds his court, and Proserpine Ringed by the Harpies and the Fates (fool legion), Belongeth a Queen infernally divine!

Most important testimony. (Herald, May 13, 1896.) The opponents of remedial legislation persist in misrepresenting the question to the public.

HON. PETER MITCHELL. "I helped to make the bargain with Archbishop Tache for the admission of Manitoba, one of the terms of which was the preservation of the Catholic schools, and the Greenway bill was a violation of that promise."

People Who pay for Their Paper. (Continued.) Queen's Co.

OUR SPRING CLOTHING. Suits, Trousers, Overcoatings. Have arrived, and have struck within the circle of popular favor.

Pressing his way to Pluto's throne of fire (Past the Dog Cerberus and the scorching flames), The mighty minstrel strikes his golden lyre.

It was understood that the people were to have schools of their own not where they were to be taught another religion than their own, but where they could control in this and other respects.

PRINCE CO. Peter Gillis, Kensington, \$1.00; Dr. Darrach, do 1.00; Ed Renegar, do 1.00; Jas Kilbride, Lot 11, 1.00; Andrew Martin, Bloomfield, 1.00; D. T. Botts, do st, 1.00; Jas Sherry, Alberton, 1.00; Richard Keeffe, do 1.00; P. J. O'Connor, Kildare, 2.00; Peter Whelan, do 2.00; Wm. Cahill, do 1.00; Walter J. Cahill, do 1.00; J. G. Doiron, Mill River, .45; Matthias Hickey, Indian River, 2.00; James Higgins, Summerside, 2.00; Angus Fitzpatrick, do 2.00; Rev. Gregory McDonald, do 1.00; Dr. Gillis, do 1.00; Patrick O'Leary, do 1.00; Michael Hynes, do 1.00; Jas O'Farrell, Lot 16, 1.00; Douglas Currie, Richmond sta 1.00; Joseph Gillis, do 1.00; Angus McDonald, N. Bedeque, 1.00; Edward Christopher, Tignish, 1.00; Jas Sherry, Sea Cow Head, 1.00; Edward McPhillips, Middleton, 1.00; Lot 27, 1.00; Wm. Walsh, Elusdale, 2.50; Alex. McNeill, South West Road, 1.00; F. G. Gillis, Miscouche, .50.

So as to prepare himself the more thoroughly for his great work of illustrating the Bible, the New Testament portion of which he has completed, the artist James Tissot went to Palestine an infidel and came back so intensely fervent a Christian that it is understood that when he has finished his work, which he will do perhaps next year, he intends to give up the world and spend the remainder of his life in a Trappist monastery.

If You Can Read And Write. Then write us at once for quotations on all kinds of Furniture!

Take her—but look not back! The mortal dieth Who turns one backward glance on us and Hell!

Some of them are out of public life, and others of them are opposed on general principles to the present government at Ottawa; but all are agreed regarding the conditions relative to education, upon which Manitoba entered the union.

MR. LEONARD TILLEY. "I said that the terms of union as to schools were in my mind closely connected with the condition of the original union. The reason is that the delegates from Manitoba, as distinctly remembered, claimed that the minority there should be placed in at good a position as the minority of Ontario and Quebec. This was agreed on. We went further, because it was doubtful whether the schools of Manitoba could be said to exist by law in Manitoba, the clause was made to read 'by law or practice,' in order that the minority might be absolutely sure of protection. We who were members of the government at that time could see no reasonable objection to granting the same privilege in Manitoba that was given in Ontario and Quebec."

MR. LEONARD TILLEY. "You feel quite certain that that separate school should be granted to the minority if they desired them?" "Unquestionably I do. There is no doubt about it. Sir Leonard went on: 'It seems to me very important that the history of the case should be understood, because my observation has been that many of both parties who oppose remedial legislation do so because they are opposed to separate schools. I cannot help thinking that when the people come to see that it is not a question of policy at all but a question of preserving the constitution and maintaining a solid compact, they will not condemn the policy of remedial legislation whatever view they may take of other matters of government policy. I know that many men who are condemning remedial legislation, would honestly and faithfully carry out their personal convictions even to their own hurt, and do not see why they should support the violation of a compact by a public body. It seems to me that sympathy ought to go out to the aggrieved rather than to the aggressor in Manitoba. If the case had been otherwise and Quebec province had repealed the provisions allowing Protestants their separate schools, we would all have protested and demanded protection and would be justified in doing so. As to the remedial bill, I do not flatter myself that I am as competent as some other persons to discuss its details. But it certainly seemed to me that the offer made Mr. Greenway's government by Sir Donald Smith and his fellow commissioners was not unreasonable. In closing the interview Sir Leonard said: 'Personally I have not taken an active part in politics since I left the ministry in 1885. It is true that

JOHN NEWSON. June 12, 1895—6m. Boots & Shoes. REMEMBER THE OLD RELIABLE SHOE STORE. when you want a pair of Shoes. Our Prices are the lowest in town. A. E. McEAOHEN, THE SHOE MAN, Queen Street.

My gentle friends, methinks you are well able To solve this riddle of antiquity, To read the moral of this Grecian fable Of hapless, lovely, lost Eurydice.

Some of them are out of public life, and others of them are opposed on general principles to the present government at Ottawa; but all are agreed regarding the conditions relative to education, upon which Manitoba entered the union. Sir John McDonald was Premier of Canada at the time; Hon. William Macdougall was actively concerned in the acquisition of the new territory; Sir Donald Smith was a special agent of the Dominion Government to effect a settlement with the people of Rupert's Land; Hon. Peter Mitchell, Sir Hector Langrin and Sir Leonard Tilley were all members of Sir John McDonald's Government at the time Manitoba became a Province of the Dominion. Following are their opinions regarding the matter:

MR. LEONARD TILLEY. "I said that the terms of union as to schools were in my mind closely connected with the condition of the original union. The reason is that the delegates from Manitoba, as distinctly remembered, claimed that the minority there should be placed in at good a position as the minority of Ontario and Quebec. This was agreed on. We went further, because it was doubtful whether the schools of Manitoba could be said to exist by law in Manitoba, the clause was made to read 'by law or practice,' in order that the minority might be absolutely sure of protection. We who were members of the government at that time could see no reasonable objection to granting the same privilege in Manitoba that was given in Ontario and Quebec."

Results Astonish. MEN OF SCIENCE. AYER'S Sarsaparilla. A MEDICINE WITHOUT AN EQUAL. Statement of a Well Known Doctor.

WHOLESALE! Zinc, Glass, Bar Iron, Cut Nails, Horse Nails, Clinch Nails, Horse Shoes, Sleigh Shoe Steel, Disston's Circular Saws, Disston's Cross Cut Saws. Agents for the Celebrated American Highland Ranges. FENNEL & CHANDLER. Charlottetown, Jan. 8, 1896.

Oh! who shall free the captive from her fetters! Who led her, radiant, from Hell's gloomy door?

MR. LEONARD TILLEY. "I said that the terms of union as to schools were in my mind closely connected with the condition of the original union. The reason is that the delegates from Manitoba, as distinctly remembered, claimed that the minority there should be placed in at good a position as the minority of Ontario and Quebec. This was agreed on. We went further, because it was doubtful whether the schools of Manitoba could be said to exist by law in Manitoba, the clause was made to read 'by law or practice,' in order that the minority might be absolutely sure of protection. We who were members of the government at that time could see no reasonable objection to granting the same privilege in Manitoba that was given in Ontario and Quebec."

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Dr. F. H. Merrill. Results Astonish. MEN OF SCIENCE. AYER'S Sarsaparilla. A MEDICINE WITHOUT AN EQUAL. Statement of a Well Known Doctor.

John T. Mellish, M. A., LL. B. P. E. Island Railway. Barrister & Attorney-at-Law, NOTICE. Useful change of Time Table a Special Mail Train will leave Charlottetown at 6.30 a. m. for Summerside; returning will leave Summerside at 4.15 p. m., standard time, connecting with steamer to and from Point du Chêne.