

THE PROTESTANT AND EVANGELICAL WITNESS.

Secular Department.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

From the St. John N. B. Church Wines. The Sardinian Parliament was opened at Turin on the 21st inst. In spite of the Papal communication, which every one laughs at, about 270 deputies and as many senators were present on the occasion.

The streets of Turin were elegantly decorated with numerous banners, pennons, festoons of flowers, and similar ornaments. The appearance of the king was of the most enthusiastic character; his speech was noble and dignified, and it has justly raised the hopes of the Italian patriots.

No pen could describe the thrill of enthusiasm which ran through the audience when Victor Emmanuel, in firm, distinct, and ringing tones pronounced the words, "Firm as my forefathers in the catholic dogmas and in the respect for the chief of the religion, if the ecclesiastical authority employs spiritual weapons for temporal purposes, in the security of my conscience and in the traditions of my ancestors, I shall find the strength to maintain intact the civil liberty and my authority, of both of which only one account to God and to my people." This, and the end of the speech, in which the King said that Italy must henceforth be for the Italians, were the two passages which were most applauded by the audience.

The annexation of the Romagna to Sardinia has fearfully disturbed the digestive organs of the Irish Ultramontanes. The Vatican suggests that all Christian domes should combine in a crusade against "that vicious Monarch," that "sacriligious robber, Victor Emmanuel," who has taken possession of the property "which belongs to the Church of God and to the Catholics of the world."

THE POPES BULL has been published in a semi-official journal of Turin. In a few introductory lines, it is stated that papacy is its sole object.

The annexation of Savoy to France is still the subject of discussion and of continued diplomatic correspondence. England protests and protests warmly, but she will not go to prevent it. In a very able despatch written by Lord John Russell, in reply to M. Thouvern, the timely pretences which have been put forward by France in justification of the annexation of Savoy are effectually disposed of, and he concludes as follows:—

Her Majesty's Government would beg to submit that no case has been made out to justify this cession (of Savoy) on the ground of necessary defence for France, and that this cession would most unjustly, and in violation of treaty engagements, materially weaken a defensive arrangement which united Europe has provided as a security for the neutrality and integrity of Switzerland. Great Britain has no direct interest of her own in this matter, and it is from no unfriendly feeling towards France that her remonstrances on this subject have proceeded.

The Times condemns in strong terms the policy of France, but at the same time scolds the idea that war should arise between the two nations. It says:—

That the Northern provinces of Savoy are avowed to this annexation is now sufficiently proved; that Switzerland and England have been equally deceived, and that the Emperor of the French believed that they held war in their clenched hand, it was an act of earnest necessity to tell him that the hand was empty. Such a game could have led to nothing but mutual exasperation and ultimate war.

Switzerland is greatly agitated on the subject of the annexation; she is making urgent representations to the great powers, and taking as far as she is able such precautionary measures as may protect her against possible contingencies. The understanding between the Federal Assembly and the Federal Council is complete; and all the authorities appear to be acting together for the common cause with equal cordiality and discretion.

British and For. American News.

United States.

A THIRTY-SEVEN BOAT MEN—FROM THE BRITISH—In August, 1858, a party of young men, mostly lumbermen, started from St. Anthony's Falls, Minn., for the Falls of St. Anthony, Minn., for the purpose of capturing the fish which were taken from the river by the Indians.

The light of the fire was so bright, that at Richmond, Ontario, six miles distant, a newspaper could be read by it, and in the street the illumination was discernible twenty miles beyond Hamilton.

Some very remarkable mineral discoveries have been made in Lower Canada. A local paper says:—

A new era is opening for the province of the Province, a new and apparently boundless field of employment and an inexhaustible source of wealth.

The richest and most extraordinary copper mine in the world, is now opening at Aston. The Paris-Bureau of Assayers, who have examined the ore, and who are now in possession of the mine, estimate the value of the mine at £2,000,000.

No narrow ledge compressed between rocky walls, to be followed laboriously into the bowels of the earth, here presents itself, but a great bed of ore so vast that belief as to its extent is almost impossible.

When the question was put on the part of the majority of the House, and such authority having been exercised with that result, the Government were in promising to re-enact the Bill of last session, they had ample time to do so, as its principles and details had been fully discussed and agreed to; but having failed to do so, it is to be regretted that the Government have not done so.

Resolved, therefore, that if the Government were sincere in promising to re-enact the Bill of last session, they had ample time to do so, as its principles and details had been fully discussed and agreed to; but having failed to do so, it is to be regretted that the Government have not done so.

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Hon. Mr. Longworth moved that the Education Bill be read a third time.

Hon. Mr. Cotes suggested that a clause should be added to it, similar to one in the present Act, providing that Teachers of the highest class who may communicate instruction in the Classics, should receive the additional fee for each scholar so taught, up to the amount of five pounds.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Longworth a clause to that effect was added as a rider to the Bill, as also another in reference to existing contracts of Teachers in Charlotetown.

Hon. Mr. Longworth then moved that the Bill, with the riders, do now pass.

Mr. Cooper moved in amendment that it pass this day three months.

Hon. Mr. Cotes moved in amendment—Messrs. Cooper, Whelan, Cotes and Kelly—4.

Against it—Messrs. Gray, Beer, McNeill, Montgomery, Laird, Yeo, Hamilton, Holm, Longworth, Howat, McAnlay, Montgomery, Beer, Howat, Holm, Doyle, 14.

The original motion was then put and carried.

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The Protestant.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1860.

Latest European News.

The English Mail arrived at Halifax on Thursday last, and we received here yesterday morning. Liverpool dates are to the 21st ult. The following are the most important items of European intelligence.

The fight for what is called the "Championship of England," came off on Tuesday, the 17th ult. Though the hour appointed was 4 o'clock in the morning, it is said some thousands were present, chiefly of the "upper classes," and amongst them were to be found "members of the aristocracy, the gentry, the nobility, the painters, and even clergymen."

When the business of the day was over, satisfactory as it appears to have been, it was not without its interest. The English champion, according to report, was every way inferior to his American antagonist, Heenan, in physique—in height, in weight, in length of arm; his only superiority consisted in the fact that he was a native of the island, and was admitted, in an encounter of this kind, to be superior to his opponent.

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Public Dispensary.

At a Meeting of the Committee of the above Institution, recently held at the Colonial Building, the following resolutions were adopted and ordered to be published:—

1. Resolved, That the want of public sympathy with the Institution, renders it necessary to do, for the present, our own operations.

2. Resolved, That the several annuals collected by the friends of the Institution, be put into the hands of the Treasurer, William Cundall, Esq., and that he be instructed, out of such monies to pay of the liabilities already incurred, and hold the balance in trust for the several purposes respectively entitled thereto.

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WEEKLY CALENDAR-MAY.

- Full Moon, 5th day, 2h. 45m., morning.
Last Quarter, 12th day, 2h. 4m., evening.
New Moon, 20th day, 2h. 32m., evening.
First Quarter, 27th day, 2h. 51m., evening.

Table with columns: DAY, DAY WEEK, SUN, MOON, WIND, TEMPERATURE, etc. Rows for May 6 to 13.

RAILS-SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Mail for the neighboring Provinces, &c., will, until further notice, be made up as follows:
For New South Wales, every Monday and Thursday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

LEGISLATIVE DEBATES.

CHARLOTTEVILLE MARKET HOUSE.

Thursday, March 22.

Mr. McNeill-I am opposed to the market being held on Queen Square, which is at present quite amply enough for the health and general convenience of the inhabitants.

Mr. Hume-The principal objection to locating the Market House on Queen Square is, that such a location would interfere with the business of the City.

Mr. Hume-I am not in favor of the market being held on Queen Square, but I am in favor of the market being held on the site of the old Market House.

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Mr. Owen-Would the Charlotteville people be willing to purchase the site at an expense, perhaps, of £2000 or £3000?

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A corruption of the blood, by which the fluid becomes vitiated, weak and poor. Being in the circulation, it provides the cells, and may be said to be the life of the body.

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