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Blue Greys, Browns with Also cool steel Greys,

happily combined in our such high-grade fabrics as all have in stock a complete below usual, because we

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the above day for at Half Batten- in many Sets at

ains. Regular \$5.00. \$2.50 lar \$9.00. Saturday \$4.50 ar \$10.00. Saturday \$5.00 lar \$10.50. Saturday \$5.25 lar \$15.00. Saturday \$7.50 Curtains, \$1.25 a pair. 65c. ce Curtains. Regular 75c.

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**Special this Week**

20.00 Suits for \$14.00  
15. " " 10.50  
12. " " 8.50

In Nice, New Patterns, Serges, Tweeds and Worsteds.

**C. H. GORDON & CO.**

# The West.

**Special this Week**

Regular \$5.00 H.B.K. Suits \$3.95  
Regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 Winter Caps, choice for 65c  
Regular 4.00, 4.50 and 5.00 Boots, Broken Lines, \$2.45.

**C. H. GORDON & CO.**

VOL. 10 No. 1

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1908.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER YEAR

**FOR SALE**

54 foot frontage on Victoria Street, east of Broad, for \$1200  
54 foot frontage on Deyward Street, west of Albert, for 1200  
50 foot frontage on Cornwall Street, south, for 12 0  
54 foot frontage on Victoria Street, between Albert and Angus.  
25 foot, corner Rae and 15th Avenue, for 700  
50 foot, corner Albert and 15th Avenue, for 1500  
54 foot, corner McIntyre and 10th Avenue.

These are all choice Building Sites  
Terms of payment can be arranged.

Apply to **P. MCARA, Jr., Financial Agent,**  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Guarantee Insurance.  
**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
Sales and Vault Doors.

**Imperial Bank of Canada**

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital Authorized \$10,000,000  
Capital Paid Up \$4,925,000  
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D. B. WILKIE, President  
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AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN—Lloyds Bank Ltd. 71 Lombard Street, London.

BRANCHES IN PROVINCES OF MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA, JUBBEC, ONTARIO, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Farming and general business transacted.

**Savings Bank Department.**—Interest allowed on deposits from date of deposit and credited quarterly.

**REGINA BRANCH**  
J. A. WETMORE, MANAGER.

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Take a KODAK with you, press the button—the TANK DEVELOPER does the rest.

No Dark Room No Spoiled Pictures

We have all sizes of **Kodaks and Tank Developers** And everything else in the line of PHOTOGRAPH GOODS, both professional and amateur.

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**Canada Drug & Book Co. LIMITED**

**WATCH TALK**

For New Watches see our new stock. Gents' up-to-date, very reliable, for \$10.00

Watch Repairing. We have added a new stock of materials—not a spring or wheel missing. All work the best and no delay.

No Not Injure Your Eyes—Get Glasses. We Test Eyes scientifically FREE OF CHARGE. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**M. G. HOWE - Jeweller and Graduate Optician**

The Right Kind of a **COOK STOVE FOR \$15.00**

Its Size is No. 9.  
Its Oven is 16x19x10 in.  
It Will Bake Perfectly.  
It Will Burn Wood or Coal.  
Its Name is **"Souvenir"**

**Armstrong, Smyth & Dowswell**  
SCARTH STREET  
The Oldest Exclusive Hardware Firm in Regina.

## THIRD SESSION OF FIRST LEGISLATURE

### The Administrator Reads Speech From the Throne—Address in Reply Moved by Messrs. Bole and Garry.

The third session of the first legislative assembly of Saskatchewan was opened last Thursday afternoon, in the absence of Lieutenant Governor Forster, by the administrator for Saskatchewan, Chief Justice Wetmore.

There was a large attendance of visitors and the inadequacy of the old assembly buildings was amply proved. Every bit of space was filled with guests leaving scarcely room for the members to stand on the floor of the House.

The supreme court judges in their true that the weather conditions in the past season affected the crop production in certain areas, it is a matter of much regret that our province has come through this year with credit. Our financial standing is unimpaired; our farmers are entering upon the new season with hope; and our prospects generally were never brighter than they are at the present time.

Owing to the scarcity of seed grain of sufficiently good quality in certain portions of the province and the difficulty which our farmers were likely to experience in securing good seed my government thought it advisable to take steps to deal with the matter. All documents relating thereto will be laid before you for your consideration.

Since your last meeting a very important measure affecting the relations of the province with the Dominion has been passed by the Imperial Parliament. The measure grew out of the proceedings of the inter-provincial conference held at Ottawa in 1906 at which representatives of my government were present. You will, I am sure be glad to learn that as a result of the measures referred to the annual subsidies paid to the province by the Government of Canada have already been materially increased and that provision is made for further large increases as the population of the province continues to grow.

You will have noted with pleasure that steps are being taken throughout the Dominion to nationalise the historic Plains of Abraham and to celebrate the three hundredth birthday of Canada in a manner worthy of our country and of the empire.

My government is engaged into the question of the inauguration of a telephone system for the province, owned and controlled by the people through their government, have been complied with, and measures dealing with the subject will be submitted to you.

The question of the establishment and organization of a provincial university has been receiving the attention of my government, and I am happy to be able to inform you that with the exception of the selection of president, the various governing bodies have been elected, or appointed, and that the active work connected with the organization of this important institution may now be proceeded with.

The necessary preliminary steps having been taken by the Federal government, the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories was dissolved during the past year and the Provincial Courts provided for by

**S. J. DONALDSON, M.L.A.**  
Of Prince Albert District, who took his seat for the first time last Thursday, after being kept out for two sessions.

gowns as well as the sheriff were also present.

The administrator was escorted from his residence by an escort under Inspector Church, Col. Saunders and Inspector Heffernan were the aides-de-camp.

**SPEECH FROM THE THRONE**

The speech from the throne which the administrator read was as follows:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

Among the duties which have devolved upon me during my administration of the affairs of this province owing to the absence of the Lieutenant Governor, none has afforded me today, when I am called upon to welcome you to the Third Session of the First Legislative Assembly.

It is very gratifying to be able to congratulate you upon the conditions prevailing throughout Saskatchewan and upon the bright prospects for the continued growth and development of the province. Whilst it is

## L. I. D. COUNCILLORS IN CONVENTION

### A Very Large Convention Discusses Parliament Questions—Municipal Commissioners' Report Under Discussion.

The convention of councillors from local improvement districts in the province opened yesterday morning in the city hall, with the President, S. Chivers-Wilson, and G. D. Fitzgerald as secretary, in their places.

There were over a hundred at the opening meeting and most of those were accredited delegates.

The work of the morning session consisted of appointing two committees, one on credentials and the other on resolutions. These committees retired to prepare their reports, and the meeting adjourned till 1.30 in the court room.

The following were among the delegates registered:

John Hurst, 1-A-2.  
H. J. Schwandt, 12-R-2.  
J. R. Dinnan, 11-H-3.  
F. A. Black, 21-P-3.  
J. B. Moreton, 4-C-2.  
W. P. Osler, 9-E-2.  
R. McEachern, 7-B-1.  
J. H. Winteringham, 2-A-2.  
D. Wilson Paul, 22-T-2.  
W. Cameron, 18-B-3.  
R. Monk, 18-B-3.  
H. L. Law, 8-T-2.  
Jas. Bell, 19-D-3.  
P. Dekker, 19-C-3.  
D. F. Maxwell, 20-P-3.  
H. K. Bligh, 10-O-1.  
A. McKenzie, 1-B-2.  
J. H. Riesen, 17-N-2.  
A. Nicol, 24-T-3.

Robt. Fisher, 8-D-2.  
A. E. Falloon, 15-R-2.  
A. D. Thompson, 23-T-2.  
A. B. Bompas, 9-E-2.  
J. C. McLean, 13-S-2.  
Thos. McCloy, 23-S-2.  
A. E. Potter, 21-1-3.  
A. H. McTavish, 19-E-3.  
H. J. Hallstrom, 16-M-2.  
S. S. Bergman, 10-M-2.  
D. B. Keeler, 14-A-3.  
E. Baucher, 21-W-2.  
A. Marlin, 9-N-2.  
N. Arnold, 19-T-2.  
Geo. Brown, 20-W-2.  
J. L. Cowan, 2-A-1.  
John Haygarth, 8-B-2.  
A. Cowan, 7-B-2.  
Jas. Smith, 5-M-2.  
W. W. McDonald, 6-A-1.  
Chas. A. Lee, 8-H-5.  
A. Banninger, 7-D-2.  
J. H. Brierley-ex.  
A. A. Campbell, 4-B-2.  
Wm. McInerney, 4-B-2.  
F. W. Tobey, 23-N-3.  
D. Venn, 29-T-3.  
T. J. McGuire, 17-R-3.  
R. M. Honricker, 15-D-3.  
E. R. Pagen, 1-E-2.  
Lorenz Manner, 18-R-2.  
J. J. Ecker, 18-R-2.  
Wm. Lee, 8-A-1.  
H. W. Lindsay, 11-C-2.  
W. H. Cowsey, 13-O-3.

**Bissell's**

**CARPET SWEEPERS**

Save your Carpets. Save Labor. Save your Time.

No house should be without one. **\$3.00 to \$4.50**

**Big Stock of JAP MATTINGS**

A full range of dainty Jap Mattings in all colors. These make the very nicest coverings for bed-room floors, especially for the warm weather.

Per yard, 20c. to 60c.

**A Special Line of BRUSSELS CARPETS**

Nine patterns in a special quality of Brussels Carpet from the best mills in England—a direct import. We have borders to match some of these. This carpet is unexcelled for wear and the patterns are new and very handsome. We will make and lay these carpets for you at, per yard \$1.35

**R. H. Williams & Sons, Limited**  
THE GLASGOW HOUSE The Store That Serves You Best

**McCarthy's SATURDAY Bargains**

SATURDAY, April 4th, 1908

Below are a Few Special Bargains from Our Big Lines for Saturday, April 4th, and They're Winners

**Boots and Shoes**

Men's \$2.50 to \$3.50 Boots, \$1.70  
120 pairs of Men's Kid, or Patent Leather, or Box Kid Lace Boots, sizes 6 to 13. Values to \$3.50. Saturday at \$1.70

Misses' \$1.50 to \$2.50 Boots, 95c.  
47 pairs of Misses' Lace or Button Boots, sizes 1 to 2 only. Sells up to \$3.50. Saturday at 95c.

Child's, 8 to 10 and 11, at 75c.  
30 pairs of Lace Boots for Girls or Boys. If the sizes suit you have the \$1.00 and \$1.25 at 75c.

Ladies' \$3 and \$3.50 Boots at \$1.95  
38 only Ladies' Dongola Kid Lace Boots sizes 2 1/2 to 6. Values to \$3.50. Saturday at 1.95

**Hats and Caps**

Men's 75c. Caps, 35c.  
18 dozen Men's and Boys' Peak Caps. Some Silk lined. Samples of the newest styles and up to 75c. value. at 35c.

Agents for Foote Schurz (St. Paul) Men's and Ladies' Shoes.  
Instructor Shoes for Children

**Men's Furnishings**

Men's \$1 to \$1.50 Shirts, 75c.  
8 dozen Men's Fancy Dress Shirts, soft or stiff bosom, \$1.00 to \$1.50 values. Saturday at 75c.

15c. and 20c. Sox, 2 for 25c.  
25 dozen Men's Grey Mixed, Black or Blue Sox to clear, values up to 30c. Saturday, 2 for 25c.

Boys' 50c. Underwear, 30c.  
Boys' Flannel Shirts and Drawers, 50c. values. Saturday, per suit 30c.

50c. Neckwear, 25c.  
6 dozen Fancy Silk Neckwear to clear, values to 50c. For 25c.

**Clothing, etc.**

\$15 Men's Suits at \$6.95  
40 only Men's Fine Tweed Suits, nicely trimmed and made, sizes 36 to 44, up to \$15.00, for \$6.95

Men's Odd Pants, \$1.25  
60 pairs of Men's Odd Pants, a nice line of patterns, at \$1.00 to \$2.00, good value. Saturday at \$1.25

P.S.—Agent Progress Brand Clothing.

**THE MCCARTHY SUPPLY CO., LTD.**  
Regina's Greatest Departmental Store Regina, Sask.

**LITTLE TALKS**

"Say—good washing powder is a great thing isn't it? You can tell a good grocer by the fact that I am in his store. That's right—let me prove it to you."

Yours truly,  
**YOUNG TOM**

**"YOUNG TOM" WASHING POWDER--THE GOOD HOUSEKEEPER'S BEST FRIEND**



Third Session of First Legislature

Your legislation of last session were established on a basis which meets present requirements.

You will, I am sure, be pleased to learn that plans for the new legislative and departmental buildings are practically completed...

The commission appointed to inquire into the question of municipal organization has completed its work...

A number of measures will be laid before you for consideration, amongst which will be Bills relating to elections, for increasing the representation in the Legislative Assembly...

A statement of receipts and expenditures of the past year and the estimates of the current year will be submitted to you at an early date...

I now leave you for the consideration of the business of the session and trust that under Almighty guidance your labors will result in the welfare of the people whom you represent.

After the administrator had left, the speaker read the announcement of the election of Hon. A. Turgeon for Prince Albert city. Mr. Turgeon was then introduced to the speaker by Premier Scott and Hon. J. A. Calder...

The other usual first day formalities were then gone through. The votes and proceedings are to be printed this year.

FRIDAY, APRIL 3.

Purely formal proceedings were gone through in the House today. All members were present, except Messrs. Langley and J. T. Brown.

The session only lasted a few minutes during which the standing committees were announced.

Mr. Turgeon gave notice of three bills, and Mr. Haultain gave notice of several questions and motions to be taken up on Monday.

The standing committees are as follows: Standing orders—Scott, Neeley, Gillis, Sutherland, Brown, Grant, Sheppard, Langley and Wellington.

Privileges and Elections—Grant, Bole, Haultain, Stewart, Motherwell, Sanderson, Brown, Calder, Gillis, Turgeon, Champagne, Ellis and Wellington.

Private Bills and Railways—Sutherland, Scott, Haultain, Ellis, Ens, Turgeon, Brown, Garry, Champagne, Elliott, Stewart, Donaldson, and Sheppard.

Public Accounts and Printing—Ens, Scott, Elliott, Sheppard, Ellis, Haultain, Turgeon, Calder, Gillis, Donaldson, Neeley, Bole and Garry.

Agriculture—Langley, Elliott, Ellis, Stewart, Motherwell, Wylie, Ens, Calder, Argue, Sheppard, Garry, Donaldson and Grant.

Law Amendments—Sanderson, Langley, Haultain, Brown, Turgeon, Motherwell, Argue, Neeley, Wylie and Sutherland.

Education and Library—Champagne, Elliott, Calder, Wellington, Scott, Grant, Argue, Wylie, Bole, and Sanderson.

MONDAY, APRIL 6

The feature of today's session was the consideration of the speech of His Honor, the Administrator. The address in reply was moved by J. F. Bole, Regina, and seconded by A. T. Garry of Yorkton.

Neither of the speakers seemed to have many flattering remarks to apply to the government as might be expected, in fact in very few particulars were the government commended.

Both members struck out of their own bats and this is considered by the opposition as a lack of that supreme confidence in the ability of the administration which follows of a strong government usually have.

MR. BOLE in his opening remarks referred to the changes which had taken place since the last session. He welcomed the premier back in his house. He congratulated the new attorney general and made a reference to the member for Prince Albert district having taken his seat in the House. He outlined the cases which led up to the distribution of seed grain, gave the figures to show how much had been distributed. In trying to show that the price to the farm-

ers was reasonable and the quality good he stated that he had read a criticism in a local paper, but thought that it had been answered by a local farmer who had written to a local paper.

Mr. Wylie here interposed and said he was talking to that farmer on Saturday and that that farmer had changed his opinion.

Nevertheless Mr. Bole thought care had been exercised in having good seed distributed. If seed had not been provided, about a half million acres would not have been sown or would have been sown with inferior seed. He estimated that the seed distribution would benefit the province to the extent of from six to eight million dollars.

On the question of telephones he favored government ownership and management by a commission, with the rates just high enough to cover the interest on the investment and cost of wear and tear.

He showed the necessity for a distribution of seats, and by a comparison of the populations of British Columbia and Manitoba deduced that there ought to be more representatives in the assembly. He believed that a committee composed of members from both sides of the House ought to bring in a report.

"The people want a square deal," said Mr. Bole, and there was opposition to his motion.

He thought a new election law was needed and would like to see registration made easy, and when the lists were made up only those who were on should vote. He believed that when an election was over there should be no doubt as to who was elected. He would support a strong and severe penalty for any bribery, corruption or electoral crookedness.

He agreed with the government on the subject of free tree books. In his reference to the consolidation of the Liquor License Law he stated he had more fault to find with the enforcement of the Act than with the Act itself.

MR. GARRY who seconded the motion, was somewhat nervous and evidently his only training in speech making has been at political meetings. He indicated that it would have been preferable to himself if the government had got someone else to speak in his place.

He thought it would have been impossible for the provincial government to have handled the seed grain question alone. He knew criticism of the methods and seed would be made but it was impossible to do everything that would not be criticised.

He believed it would be good policy to buy the telephone systems in the province for what they were worth, but on a self-paying basis and operate them in a business way.

Speaking on the subject of a Municipal Bill which is to be introduced, he stated that he could not agree with the report of the commission. They must have been comparatively new men on these commissions for they recommended raising the councillors' salaries from \$2 a meeting to \$4 a meeting and mileage, this up to fifteen meetings a year. He thought \$2 enough and up to six meetings a year at the most. He advocated caution in the drafting of the municipal bill.

He thought a new election law wouldn't be a luxury. The old one which was good when it was passed was out of date. If we had had a new one the member for Prince Albert district would not have been kept out of his seat for two sessions.

He made objection to the present registration of lands. There was laid in districts that nobody seemed to know who owned it and districts were kept out of their taxes. He thought that the registration should be put in such shape that they would know who owned the land and whether it was taxable or not.

Mr. Haultain, after complimenting the premier on his return, said it must be a source of particular gratification to his own party, which had been wandering in the desert without a head. The premier, however, could look for but little consideration from the Opposition; for its personnel had looked for a sign of competency, but this had not been given. He congratulated the new attorney general, who was considered the rising hope of the government; but he was afraid he had come too late to do good. In granting his seat to Mr. Donaldson, the member for Prince Albert district, a very tardy act of justice had been done.

As for the unimpaired financial condition of the province, it was a myth, all persons felt their individual standing to be impaired, and the minister of finance had said that the province had no financial standing.

The distribution of seed grain was a matter that would receive further consideration on the introduction of the Bill. While it was good policy for the government to get what assistance it could from Ottawa, it should not have shirked its own duty. If there was a surplus of \$500,000, the money should have been spent in the province for the purchase of seed grain. The farmers had

no reason to consider themselves highly favored; for in giving security on next year's crop they had given a great deal.

New light had been thrown on the public lands question by the recent speech of Hon. Clifford Sifton in the course of which he had proposed that three millions of acres of land be set aside for building the road, he had valued the land at \$10 an acre. Was one per cent. on a property little exceeding that mentioned by Sifton a sufficient return? Had the province got its lands it would not have been necessary to go to Ottawa and pay five per cent. for money to buy seed grain.

It was surprising that in the speech there was no reference made to the shipment of grain. It greatly concerned the farmers. Whether the government should control or participate in the interior elevators, Mr. Haultain could not express a positive opinion; but an enquiry should be made.

Proceeding to discuss the universal question the speaker was surprised that a president had not been appointed and said the matter should not be delayed. He also noted that a neighboring community (Moose Jaw) was very much exercised over the question of a university site. He hoped that the government would soon ally that anxiety and not bring about a repetition of the capital agony. The responsibility for selecting a site was of an executive nature.

Mr. Haultain then touched upon the matter of the centralization of institutions and said, "I believe in the establishment of institutions in different parts of the province. There are certain peculiar institutions that must go to certain places. The distribution of these should be where necessary and they should not be put in one place."

It was extremely amusing to hear the minority member for Regina congratulate Mr. Donaldson on his appearance in the House. The same gentleman had complained of the existing Election Act, but he had little cause for objection. Personally he (Haultain) hoped there would be a voters' list and a fair method of registration. The opposition would do all in its power to make the people's real. The proposal to submit the redistribution measure to a joint committee sounded well; but the benefit would probably be more apparent than real. The assembly was at present sitting under one of the most infamous gerrymanders ever perpetrated in Canada and to which the premier had been a party. No attention had been paid to the principle of representation by population in the north, some constituencies having one-fifth the population of southern constituencies, had the same representation as the latter.

There had been no great demand for free readers, and Mr. Haultain said, "I would request that the minister ask his friends Sall and Morgan to ask them to contribute out of their profits from one of the most profligate contracts ever entered into. A proposition was made whereby we would have had equally good text books and this free distribution would have been given. The honorable gentleman knows why the contract was not given to them, and why the contract was given to the man it was given to, the House would know it and so would the country."

Mr. Haultain concluded by drawing attention to the omissions from his speech. Nothing had been said of the elevator and grain question. No mention had been made of the supplementary Revenue Tax. No reference had been made to school legislation. The government was silent on the very important matter of C.P.R. employment; also on the school test case. Could anyone imagine the attorney general pushing this last matter.

The defence produced a sample of barley which he admitted had been cleaned, and also stated that parties buying barley "as it was in the bins" had to clean it before taking it from their premises.

The following summary of evidence and decision was given by the magistrate: "I find that the barley produced has, on the admission of the defendant, been cleaned; that that offered for sale in the advertisement 'as it is in the bins now' on the like admission required cleaning; and that the state of crop as shown by the witnesses not being denied, I find that the seed barley is offered for sale contrary to Section 16 of the Noxious Weed Ordinance." A fine of ten dollars and costs was imposed.

Dr. Neeley of Humboldt is having his name freely mentioned as federal Liberal candidate for Humboldt to succeed A. J. Adamson.

Shehe, Sask. April 8.—At the conclusion of the Church of England service last Sunday in which Rev. C. Wynne-Jones dealt appropriately with the Lenten season, Mr. William Sadder, who is prominent as a freethinker and airs his opinions on every occasion, caused quite a stir in denouncing in unmeasured terms the whole clergy for advocating the observance of Lent. Mr. Hiram Tripp, in whose house the service was being held, ordered the interrupter outside and this ended the incident.

Saskatoon, April 6.—Judge Prudergast has handed down a judgment that should be of considerable importance to the real estate people here and elsewhere. The judgment is in

the case of Schuchard vs. Brinkley & Co., and was argued before his lordship on December 17th last. The plaintiff claimed commission on the sale of land in 34-7-W-3, which was sold during the fall of 1905 to Gratias brothers. The total amount claimed was \$280. His lordship gave judgment for the plaintiff for the full amount and costs. His lordship held that it was through the plaintiff's efforts that conditions were brought about that resulted in the agreement of sale, and that the plaintiff was in effect the "causa causans" of the sale.

Medicine Hat, April 4.—The last plank was laid this morning on the vehicular traffic portion of the new provincial government bridge across the south branch of the Saskatchewan river at this point.

Jas. Fleming was the first to cross with a horse and single rig and was followed with an auto. It will take another month to complete the board walk for pedestrians and paint the bridge. The members of the legislature will be invited to participate in the formal opening ceremonies about May 1st.

Rosthern, Sask., April 5.—A case of more than usual local interest came up yesterday. Annie Wall charged her husband, Henry Wall, with attempting to murder. The action arose from a family quarrel. Wall and his wife lived at Rosthern with his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Urzuh. There had been considerable friction between Wall and the rest of the household, ending in a general fracas one night. Wall has been twice convicted and fined for assault. The assault was the result of the fracas, and apparently this was not enough, hence the action of his wife.

Justices Hildebrand, Hague, Condit and Kliever, presided. After listening to evidence the case was dismissed. Jas. Mackay, Prince Albert, for plaintiff, R. W. Shannon, Saskatoon for defendant. Wall had not means to engage counsel, but the Rosthern citizens by a popular subscription, raised the money for the defence.

The cabinet meeting will be difficult owing to the rival claims of John Morley and John Lloyd-George for the chancellorship of the exchequer. Gossip in the smoking rooms of the House of Commons points to Lewis Harcourt as a compromise candidate, but there is no authority for it. Winston Churchill is also suggested as a possible successor, succeeding Lord Elgin. Mr. Asquith will have a surplus of \$25,000,000 when he introduces his budget after the Easter recess. The big surplus is largely due to the huge receipts from death duties following the demise recently of an exceptional number of wealthy persons.

The charge was laid in consequence of our advertisement in the Arcola Star offering for sale "Seed Barley at 50c in the bin now"—E. H. Porter, Wainwright, prompted by Crown Attorney Harris, appeared for the defendant.

The evidence given it was shown that the crop was badly infested with wild oats, hares, ear, yellow and wild mustards.

The defence produced a sample of barley which he admitted had been cleaned, and also stated that parties buying barley "as it was in the bins" had to clean it before taking it from their premises.

The following summary of evidence and decision was given by the magistrate: "I find that the barley produced has, on the admission of the defendant, been cleaned; that that offered for sale in the advertisement 'as it is in the bins now' on the like admission required cleaning; and that the state of crop as shown by the witnesses not being denied, I find that the seed barley is offered for sale contrary to Section 16 of the Noxious Weed Ordinance." A fine of ten dollars and costs was imposed.

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PREMIER RESIGNS

Bannerman Resigns Premiership of Great Britain and Asquith Called.

London, April 5.—The resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman was officially announced tonight in the court circular. The resignation is the result of the urgent advice of Sir Henry's physicians, who felt that there might be a chance for a change in his condition, once his mind was freed from the strain of political cares.

It has been well known by friends of the premier that he has throughout his long illness kept close watch on the movements of his rival Herbert Asquith. As the latter appeared to strengthen his hold on the leadership of the party from day to day, while the breach between the Laborites and Liberals became wider the strain on the already overworked nerves of the sick man became greater and added to seriously weaken his heart action, making recovery apparently impossible. As a last resort his physician advised him to resign his position as premier.

Instead of waiting the return of King Edward from Biarritz, as planned, Mr. Asquith has been summoned to Biarritz for a conference with the King regarding the formation of a ministry, as the Bannerman ministry expires. Pending the conference no steps can be taken towards the appointment of a new cabinet.

The last bulletin of Sir Henry's condition announces that while he is resting easily, no change has been noted during the past 24 hours. H. H. Asquith's leadership has been attended with so much success that there is very little likelihood of a general election before 1910, despite the recent temporary reverses suffered by the government party. H. H. Asquith's leadership, although largely due to the huge receipts from death duties following the demise recently of an exceptional number of wealthy persons.

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TERRIBLE EXPLOSION

Powder Magazine at Minneapolis Explodes Doing Material Damage.

Minneapolis, April 5.—With a crash that could be heard for miles around the powder magazine at the state university exploded shortly after six o'clock last night, completely wrecking the place and throwing the debris for hundreds of feet, and breaking windows in all the nearby buildings.

Immediately following the explosion, a tongue of flame shot up to the height of about one hundred feet. The roof of the cave where the explosives were kept, and which consisted of boiler iron, was thrown some 300 feet into the air, and came down in a crumpled mass, twisted and distorted as though it had consisted of nothing more substantial than cardboard.

It is not positively known what caused the explosion. It is said that some boys had started a grass fire early in the afternoon and had been left to make its way toward the magazine. The underground cave in which the powder was kept was protected by a steel door, but it is largely due to the huge receipts from death duties following the demise recently of an exceptional number of wealthy persons.

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DIRTY SEED

Farmer Fined for Offering Dirty Barley for Sale.

The seed grain department should be prosecuted under the provisions of the Noxious Weed Ordinance for selling to some of the farmers seed grain that contains noxious weeds. Why should they be let off when others are punished.

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**THE MANAGER,**  
 THE WEST COMPANY, LIMITED  
 REGINA, SASK.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1908

**Volume 10, Number 1**

With this issue The West starts on another year in its history and in doing so we take this opportunity of extending to our patrons our thanks for their generous support in the past. We also wish to thank our readers for bearing with us in our many shortcomings. The life of a newspaper is as full of as many ups and downs as that of any other business and requires as much perseverance to succeed. However, all days are not dark and the message of Easter hope and joy is welcomed as much in newspaperdom as elsewhere. The prospects for a good year for 1908 are in evidence everywhere and we hope our patrons will enjoy their full share.

**They Backed Up.**

The Regina Leader has dropped the seed grain discussion except in their "fool's folly" column, where an attempt is made to ridicule the evidence which we have adduced to prove that after the next harvest a considerable portion of the land in this province will be polluted owing to the distribution by the government of dirty seed grain. The most recent samples which we have seen are from the Spy Hill district where between three and four hundred bushels of very dirty wheat was unloaded on the farmers. This grain was never cleaned since it was threshed, as will be admitted by anyone who sees it. The wheat was bought for No. 4 Northern at \$1.01, but when it is cleaned, it will have cost the purchaser \$1.25.

It is a gross imposition that those farmers were not allowed to see the grain till they had signed a lien on their next crop. This treatment is an outrage, and the government must accept responsibility for it.

**Unsatisfactory Explanations.**

Explanations are now the order of the day at Ottawa. The ministers, through their organs, are as busy as can be, dodging responsibility for the crookedness exposed by the Civil Service Commission, and blaming it all upon other people. One of the stories issued for the defence is to the effect that the evils of the Marine Department were inherited from the government which went out of office twelve years ago, and that the administration of today was absolutely ignorant of all these wrongs until the commissioners found them out and mentioned them in their report. This is a yarn that ought to be told to the marines.

What innocent men these Ottawa politicians must be if for twelve years graft was practiced under their very noses without attracting their attention. How blind they must be if their party workers acquired all the advantages of double prices and raffles without their knowledge. Men

who do not know that these things are going on are surely not sufficiently intelligent to govern a country such as this. Another form of defence lays the blame at the grave of the late Raymond Prefontaine. The minister, who died so dramatically at Paris, and was brought home in a battleship, is hinted at as the author of all the improper operations. The transference of the wrongs to the departed minister relieves the government of twelve years ago. At the same time it is a mean manoeuvre, for it seeks to save the living at the expense of the dead. The final is the suggestion that the permanent officers are responsible for the system. This is as disgraceful a line of defence as that which brings in the name of the minister who died in office. Everyone knows that the regular officials are merely administrative machines who carry out the will of their superiors, the heads of departments. No line of policy is followed without ministerial direction; no principle becomes operative unless ordered by the minister in charge. If the officers can direct the course of the department, and even establish a patronage and raven system, without authority, then the minister under whom such a thing can go on is unfit to hold office.

All the explanations are schemes to protect the guilty men. If the grafting be enquired into it will be found that it is the invention of politicians, who, through it, reward their party friends, or make provision for the collection of a corruption fund. It is not the public man of twelve years ago, or the minister long since dead, who is responsible for this roguesy. The things exist because the men of today have devised it, and the men of today will have to tell the people what they mean by it.—Mail and Empire.

**Editorial Notes**

In 1896 the total expenditure was \$41,702,383; for the present year the estimate is \$110,000,000. This is an increase of 165 per cent. This increase in expenditure is in excess of the increase in trade, which during this period was 158 per cent. But the statistics of the export trade, which are the record of things sold since 1896 do not tell as favorable a story; for the increase of exports has been only 113 per cent. From these figures it would seem that the country has been spending in excess of its means. Moreover while the estimated expenditure for this year shows a large increase, the Minister of Finance predicts a considerable decrease in revenue. So much for the country's finances in general.

The speech from the throne does not indicate much as to the government's policy, however, it is quite in keeping with Mr. Scott and his colleagues. Notwithstanding the vagueness of the speech there will be

considerable heavy legislation, and the session promises to extend over a couple of months.

Moose Jaw is making a big kick to have the University of Saskatchewan located in that city. The only argument they seem to advance is that Regina shouldn't get it, therefore it ought to be put somewhere else and why not Moose Jaw.

Since the publication of the report of the Civil Service Commission the government press has been silent concerning what was called "obstruction policy" of the opposition. The disclosures of the session show that Mr. Borden and his supporters in the House were justified in pursuing the vigorous policy, which the government, after being crowded into a corner, called "obstruction."

The Galicians in the Saulteaux district live almost solely on "hard-breads" made from flour of No. 3 feed wheat. Mr. Parrott's mill at Saulteaux, out of mere charity, grists the wheat even if it will not make twenty pounds to the bushel. These people are badly disappointed in the Laurier government for giving them such a poor crop.

**ANOTHER COMMISSION**

**Walter Cassels Will Investigate Report of Civil Service Commission.**

Ottawa, April 1.—Shortly after the House met today Sir Wilfrid Laurier made an important statement outlining the policy it is the intention of the government to pursue in respect to the civil service report. He said: "It is my duty to inform the House what action has been taken by the government on report of the civil service commission. The house is aware that on two previous occasions I stated that the report, insofar as it concerned the department of marine and fisheries, called for consideration and action by the government. My hon. friend who has charge of that department has been engaged for some time as far as his other duties will permit him, investigating his department, so as to determine in what respect it could be reformed. In discharge of that duty, one of the officers of that department was suspended by him some few weeks ago. Since the report of the commission has been laid on the table my colleague has come to the conclusion that he should also put under suspension two other prominent officers. It is only just to the deputy minister of that department that I should say in this connection that on two previous occasions he tendered his resignation to the minister and this morning again proposed his resignation and that the matter is now in the hands of the minister for consideration."

"The House is aware that a report made certain very grave statements with regard to the honesty of officials in that department. The matter is of such a serious character that the minister did not think it advisable for him to deal with that part of the report, but he thought it advisable to recommend that a royal commission should be issued to deal with that part of the report of the commissioners. In order to have the state of facts which they may exist in the department properly investigated, it has pleased the government to accede to this view, and to appoint as commissioner, Walter Cassels, judge of exchequer court of Canada. Now the report is a very broad and general one.

"I may simply remind the House that last year the government being aware that the civil service question was one which engrossed the attention of the government generally, thought it advisable to appoint a commission of men, who they had reason to believe to be absolutely impartial and disinterested to look over this question and give them the benefit of their views. The House is aware that the commission has made a report which is pretty general and broad. It is the intention of the government to deal as soon as possible with the various questions brought to the attention of the country in this report. I cannot say that during the present session, it will be possible to go very far. Having sat now for something like four months and all being anxious to get to the blessings of a prorogation, if such a thing can be effected during 1908, at all events, it is the intention of the government to proceed as far and as speedily as it is possible to go during the present session.

"There is the broad question of civil service reform as it is generally understood. I understand that the commissioners have made a general representation on this point though, as far as I am concerned, I must say that I have had no opportunity to read the report except as I have seen it in newspapers, but there is this general recommendation, but everybody has noticed that, while the

members of the commission have made a recommendation in that line they have not embodied their views in the shape of a bill as they did on the question of superannuation, for instance; and, therefore, the idea having been brought here without more specification than this, it may require some time before a bill can be prepared on that line. All I have to say at this moment is that it is the intention of the government to deal with the question and all questions brought up by the report of the commission as speedily as it is possible to do so.

Subsequent to the premier's statement it was announced that the suspended officials are J. U. Gregory, agent of the department at Quebec, and J. F. Fraser, commissioner of lights with headquarters at the same place. The official whom the premier mentioned as having been suspended some weeks ago is A. A. Owens, accountant of the department.

R. L. Borden asked whether the Royal Commission was to deal with the department generally or solely with matters advanced by the civil service commission. He also asked whether the government would adopt a system of competitive examination by an independent board. The premier replied that the order in council would be brought down. In regard to the second question he thought it better before making any statement to have the report before him.

**Health for Children Ease for Mothers**

Baby's Own Tablets will promptly and surely cure all the minor ailments of babies and young children, such as constipation, colic, indigestion, diarrhoea, worms, teething troubles. They break up colds, prevent croup and cure simple fever. The tablets contain no poisonous opiate or narcotic, as is testified by a government analyst. Mrs. Ronald F. Seafield, Palmer Rapids, Ont., says: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets so satisfactory in curing the ailments of childhood that I would not care to be without them in the home." Sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**THE PROVINCE OF SASKATCHEWAN.**

Saskatchewan, which became a province on September 1, 1905, comprises the greater portions of the territorial divisions formerly known as Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Athabasca. The province extends from the international boundary, or the 49th parallel on the south to the 60th parallel on the north, a distance of 760 miles. On the east it is bounded by the province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories, and is separated from the province of Alberta on the west by the meridian of 110 degrees west from Greenwich. The width of the province at its southern boundary is 393 miles, 300 miles in the middle, and 277 miles wide at the 60th parallel, which is the northern boundary. It has a land area of 242,332 square miles, or 155,092,460 acres and a water area of 3,318 square miles. The area of districts wholly or partially under settlement is 73,171,780 acres, of which the area under crop in 1907 was 3,058,917 acres, or £18 per cent.

**Canada's External Affairs**

**A Department Advocated by Joseph Pope for Diplomatic Work with Other Lands.**

Among the other papers made public with the report of the Civil Service Commission is a memorandum submitted to that body by Mr. Jos. Pope, C.M.G., Under Secretary of State, for the establishment of a Canadian Department of External Affairs. Mr. Pope, who is probably the best authority on this subject, points out that there is no common authority to deal with our relations with the other nations of the Empire or with other nations through Great Britain, with the result that now our records of these regulations are in chaos. He suggests that to meet the need the department of the present secretary of state might be divided into two parts, one for Canadian and one for external affairs. His object, he explains to the commissioners, is to establish "a more systematic mode of dealing with what I might term, for want of a better phrase, the external affairs of the Dominion."

Mr. Pope continues: "My suggestion is that all despatches relating to external affairs should be referred by the privy council to one department, whose staff should contain certain men trained in the study of these questions, and in the conduct of diplomatic correspondence. These officials should be in close touch with the other departments, from which they could draw all necessary information, the raw material, as it were, of their work; but the digesting of this information, and its presentation in diplomatic form should rest with them, through, of course, the same channels as at present, for in this suggestion there is no thought of change in that regard. Every effort should be made to collect from the beginning all papers bearing on the questions I have indicated, from the office of the governor general, the privy council office, the various departments, and foreign and colonial offices. I wish most earnestly to impress upon all concerned that if this work is not soon systematically begun it will be too late. The few men throughout the service conversant with these questions are growing old, and must soon disappear. So far as I know they will leave no successors. Much of the early history of these subjects, so far as Canadian records are concerned, will thus be lost.

"I recommend that a small staff of young men, well educated and carefully selected, be attached to the department whose creation I have advocated, and that they be specially trained in the knowledge and treatment of these subjects. In this way we shall acquire an organized method of dealing with the international questions which at present we wholly lack.

"I have spoken of the creation of another department, but I see no reason why this work should not be done under the supervision of the secretary of state, whose present department might be divided into two sections, one for Canadian and one for External Affairs."  
 (Signed) JOSEPH POPE,  
 Ottawa, May 25, 1906.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.



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 Children's Garden Sets at 25c., 50c. and 85c.

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 Importers and Retailers  
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 Wishes to announce to the public that he has purchased the stock of the O. A. ANDERSON DRUG CO. and solicits a share of your patronage  
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 This Company, which is sold as the continent, has assets of eight million dollars, and is prepared to lend on first mortgages on good farms in this district.  
 They will insist on your having fire insurance on your buildings. Is your life not much more valuable? Certainly! Then see us at once about a policy that will protect your family and your home.  
 W. D. McBRIDE, Provincial Manager. H. T. CROSS, City Agent.  
 Northern Bank Offices. P. O. Box 1028

**Seed Wheat**  
 SEVERAL THOUSAND BUSHELS OF WHEAT, suitable for Seed, bought in October and November, 1907, and shipped from districts not affected by frost, now in store at MILL ELEVATOR, Dewdney and Smith Streets.

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 Samples shown and Orders Taken at Office, 1720 Scarth Street.

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 Regina Sask.

A coal that is easy to light and will give a quick, hot fire, without waste, is the coal for you to use during the warm days.  
**Banff Briquettes**  
 Is the ideal coal for use in the kitchen and the price is \$9.00 a ton  
 A TRIAL WILL PLEASE YOU.  
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**OUR Witch Hazel Toilet Cream**  
 Is an high-grade preparation for softening the skin and allaying the discomfort of sunburn. We make this Cream and our reputation as "THE QUALITY STORES" recommends it.  
 The price is 25c.  
**THE REGINA PHARMACY, Limited**  
 1715 Scarth St. 1843 Broad St.

**Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.**  
**Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.**  
 It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.  
**Use Scott's Emulsion after Influenza.**  
 Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.  
 ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

**B A**  
 Ha Ha Int  
 We sacrifice it. Com and get H  
 Ta  
 Nice quarter cut oak price \$2.50. Sale  
 Parlor Tables, mahogany Regular price \$7.00  
 Solid quarter cut oak top, nicely finished Sale price \$5.00  
 Card Tables, early English x 30 inch, solid 2' \$14.50. Sale price \$10.00  
 Pembroke Folding Table 26 x 34. Regular price \$8.00  
 Extension Dining Table 5 legs, top 42 x 42 Regular price \$8.00  
 Heavy Plain Oak Extension polished, 5 man tending to 8 feet Sale price \$12.00  
 Extension Table, quarter finish, well polished top, heavy iron strongly constructed long. Regular price \$10.00  
**Morris**  
 Plain Solid Oak Morris well polished and seat and back in leather. Regular price \$12.00 Sale price \$8.00  
 Morris Reclining East oak frame, well polished spring seat and quality Spanish \$37.00. Sale price \$25.00  
 All goods stored until  
**WR**  
 1921-1923

# MANY BARGAINS

Have Gone, but we  
Have Many Yet to  
Interest You

We must get the Cash and are  
sacrificing our entire stock to get  
it. Come in and examine the goods  
and get prices.

Here are a Few :

### Tables

Nice quarter cut oak Centre Tables. Regular price \$2.50. Sale price \$1.75.  
Parlor Tables, mahogany finish, highly polished. Regular price \$7.00. Sale price \$5.00.  
Solid quarter cut oak Centre Table, 24 x 24 inch top, nicely finished. Regular price \$3.00. Sale price \$2.00.  
Card Tables, early English finish, round top 30 x 30 inch, solid 2 inch legs. Regular price \$14.50. Sale price \$10.00.

Pembroke Folding Tables, beautifully finished top 26 x 34. Regular price \$11.00. Sale price \$8.00.  
Extension Dining Tables, elm, nicely finished, 5 legs, top 42 x 42 extending to 6 feet. Regular price \$2.80. Sale price \$2.00.

Heavy Plain Oak Extension Dining Tables, highly polished, 5 massive legs, 44 x 44 inch extending to 8 feet. Regular price \$20.00. Sale price \$15.00.

Extension Table, quarter cut oak, rich golden finish, well polished, pedestal style, 44 x 44 inch top, heavy rim, perfect running slides, strongly constructed, extending to 8 feet long. Regular price \$41.00. Sale price \$30.00.

### Morris Chairs

Plain Solid Oak Morris Chairs, reclining back, well polished and neatly carved, deep spring seat and back in heavy quality velour covering. Regular price \$10.00. Sale price \$8.00.

Morris Reclining Easy Chairs, solid one-fourth cut oak frame, 3 in. posts, spring seat and back, covered in heavy velour, castored complete. Regular price \$21.00. Sale price \$16.00.

Morris Reclining Easy Chairs, solid quarter cut oak frame, well polished, neatly carved, deep spring seat and back, covered with good quality Spanish leather. Regular price \$37.00. Sale price \$26.00.

### Rocking Chairs

Rocking Chairs, made in hardwood, nice finish. Regular price \$3.50. Sale price \$2.00.  
Beautiful Hardwood Rocking Chairs, upholstered with loose cushions. Regular price \$9.00. Reduced to \$6.75.  
Quarter Cut Oak Rocking Chairs, No. 1 leather back and seat. Regular price \$30.00. Sale price \$15.00.

### Dressers and Washstands

Dresser and Washstand, mahogany finish, bevel plate mirror 12 by 22, 3 large drawers, Washstand to match the two pieces. Regular price \$13.50. Reduced to \$10.00.  
Dresser and Washstand, beautiful early English finish, 4 large drawers, large British bevel plate mirror, 12 by 22. These are extra well made and finished throughout. Regular price \$54.00. Reduced to \$40.00.

Spring Couch, upholstered all over and covered in heavy velour covering. Regular price \$11.00. Reduced to \$8.25.  
Spring Edge Couch, upholstered all over, made with deep spring edge and spring arm, oak frame, tapestry cover, exceedingly comfortable, complete with castors. Regular price \$18.00. Reduced to \$13.50.

Beautiful Oak Couch, upholstered in leather covering, nice finished frame, complete with castors. Regular price \$48.00. Reduced to \$32.00.  
Beautiful Parlor Suite, 3 pieces, mahogany finished frames, spring seats, covered in silk tapestry covering. Regular price \$40.00. Reduced to \$28.00.

Music Cabinets, mahogany finish, well polished, height 3 ft. 8 in., solid mahogany top, five shelves, well finished throughout. Regular price \$6.00. Reduced to \$4.50.  
Solid Mahogany Music Cabinets, fitted with sliding shelves, drawer in top. Regular price \$21.00. Reduced to \$15.00.

Parlor Cabinets, very pretty design, mahogany finished, six bevel plate mirrors. Regular price \$38.00. Reduced to \$28.00.

### PROVINCIAL NEWS

The statement telegraphed from Moose Jaw to the effect that the contract for the construction of the second fifty miles of the projected railway from Moose Jaw to Lacombe is only partially correct, says the Winnipeg Free Press. The work is not to be abandoned, but its completion has been deferred, in order that the company's forces and energies may be concentrated in the completion of other lines, where gaps remain to be closed up. The grade for the first 50 miles of the Moose Jaw line has been built and the track laying will be completed forthwith. The work of completing the Kirkella-Asquith line from Asquith to Hardisty will be prosecuted energetically. The Sheho line will be finished to main line at Lanigan; the Weyburn line will be finished to the junction at Stanton, and the Regina line will be extended from Balfour to Walsley as quickly as possible. It may be stated that the route of the Moose Jaw-Lacombe line as at present proposed has not been definitely decided upon, and it is just possible that some changes in the location will be made. This probably accounts in some measure for postponing construction.

Rev. Dr. McDougal, Doukhobor commissioner, accompanied by M. White, interpreter, has been in this district for a number of days accepting filings from a number of Doukhobors across the river who are tired of the community idea and who will take out their naturalization papers and become Canadians. Thirty-five have availed themselves of this privilege—all on the north side of the river. All of the third community on this side of the river have disbanded and either taken their homesteads or trekked from the district. Dr. McDougal says that what are known as the first and second villages appear to be a rendezvous for a greater number of these people from Yorkton and elsewhere. As all corners are welcomed by these villages it is possible that they may be under orders from Peter Verigin to meet here and in the spring make this the point from which one of their periodical pilgrims may start.—Langham Times.

Rosthern, April 2.—While driving home with another man yesterday afternoon, Abram Reiger, a well known German farmer, sixty-two years old, suddenly died. He was laid in the sleigh intoxicated, but the fact of his death was not learned until he reached home, when an attempt was made to arouse him. Reiger was drinking heavily for days. He leaves a wife and growing family. No inquest is likely.

### G.T.P. BRANCH READY

W. J. Hunter, general freight agent of the Grand Trunk, who has been on a trip of inspection over the western lines of the G.T.P. from Portage to Saskatoon, has returned to the city.

He said trains would be running between Portage and Saskatoon by April 15th if not sooner. All that remains to be completed in this division is some forty odd miles where steel has to be laid and the track ballasted. This would only be a matter of a week or so as they were laying steel at the rate of from three to three and a half miles a day. The bridge at Saskatoon is completed with the exception of some riveting. West of Saskatoon the work has been hampered on account of recent bad weather the snow filling in the cuts, making work very difficult, but large gangs of men are at work at present cleaning things up, and work is moving briskly.

Regarding the line between Winnipeg and Portage everything is being rushed forward to its fullest extent, and it is confidently expected that trains will be running from Winnipeg to Saskatoon by the middle of the summer.

The settlers are crowding onto the land along the route of the new line, particularly heavy is the movement in the neighborhood of Saskatoon. Most of these people are coming from the States via Portage. The outlook for a very favorable year could not be brighter, judging by present appearances.—Winnipeg Telegraph.

Weak women get prompt and lasting help by using Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. These soothing, healing, anesthetic suppositories with full information how to proceed are interestingly told in my new book, "No. 4 For Women." The book and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Simply write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., for my book No. 4. Sold by Regina Pharmacy Stores.

### General News

Ottawa, April 2.—The first shipment of silver coin was made from the Royal Canadian Mint today, a total of \$24,000 being sent to various points in the country. The money was shipped by the Dominion Express Company to the receiver general at Toronto, Montreal and Vancouver and other cities, who will deal out the coins as they are applied for. Shipments of silver will be made regularly now, as the supply sent out is exhausted. There will be no gold sent out for some time as the refiners have not yet arrived.

Montreal, April 2.—There is every

## THERE IS ENVY



AMONG men who see their fellows clothed as we clothed men. The jealousy isn't confined to looks—we shame others as to prices. How are you going to know beyond this bold statement, fact as it is? Come in here the first day you're this way.

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THE TAILORS SCARTH STREET



**HURRY** are our special jobs. When the pipes burst or the plumbing leaks, don't stop to worry but send for us. The job will be quickly and properly done and the smallness of the price will surprise you. A GOOD PLUMBER will save you much worry and much money.

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Plumbers and Gas Fitters  
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Subscribed Capital Over \$600,000  
Government Deposit, \$54,733.33

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VICE-PRESIDENTS: ALEXANDER TURNER, Hamilton  
PHILIP COOKE, London

Advisory Board for Saskatchewan:  
J. F. BOLE, M.P.P., Regina  
F. N. DARKE, Regina  
G. R. WHITMORE, Regina

General Agent for Saskatchewan:  
**Thos. Wilkinson, Regina**  
Application for Agencies to be made to General Agent

### UNIFORM KEENNESS

NO HONING—NO GRINDING.  
You want comfort and satisfaction of clean smooth shaves every morning.  
The Carbo Magnetic is the only razor UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED to give this. The secret Electric Tempering positively merges every particle of carbon (the life of steel) into the metal—giving diamond-like hardness throughout the blade—something absolutely impossible with fire tempered steel used in making all other razors.  
But test this razor in your own home—of have your barber use it on you. Secure one 30 DAYS TRIAL with NO OBLIGATION TO PURCHASE.

Sole Agents:  
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**Farmers** coming to Regina can't do better than come for a joint of meat to **John Ferguson & SON** Model Meat Mart Rose Street Phone 543 Highest prices given for Poultry.

### PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of manufacturers, engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Advice sent upon request. Martin & Martin, Reg'd., New York Life Bldg., Montreal; and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

### BUSINESS CARDS

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc.  
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**ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT**  
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Imperial Bank Chambers Regina.  
J. A. ALLAN, L.L.B., A. L. GORDON, J. F. BRYANT, L.L.B.

**Ross & BIGELOW.**  
Barristers, Advocates, Notaries.  
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Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Money to Loan—Collections. Office: Smith and Ferguson Block, South Railway St., REGINA, SASK.

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ARCHITECTS  
Top Floor, Northern Bank Bldg. SCARTH STREET  
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**Hutchinson-MacGlashen Co.**  
Architects  
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P.O. Box 1176  
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G. E. Hutchinson, R.A.A., L.A.C., Chief Designer  
E. MacGlashen, Supervising Architect

**DR. L. D. STEELE**  
Dentist. Successor to Dr. Polard. Office over Pettigall & VanValkenburg's drug store.

**W. A. THOMSON, M.D., C.M.**  
Fellow Trinity College. Office hours, 9:10, 1-3, 5-7, P.M. Office and residence next door to City Hall, Scarth Street.

**W. R. COLES, M.D., C.M.,**  
Post Graduate Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat College. Special attention given to Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Office and residence, three doors north of Lands' Office.

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(McGILL)  
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EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT EXCLUSIVELY  
Office—Northern Bank Building, Regina, Sask.  
Phone 874. Office hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 5; 7 to 8.

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**HARRY MORELL, M.D.**  
Trinity, Victoria and Toronto Universities

Surgery—SUITE "A," Masonic Temple, Regina.

**DR. F. J. BALL**  
M.B., Tor. Univ.; M.D., O.M., Trin. Univ.; M.R.O.S., Eng.; L.R.C.P., Lond.; M.O.F. & S.O.  
Office and Residence—Cor. South Railway and Scarth Sts., over the Dominion Bank.  
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**DR. JOHN WILSON**  
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Treats all diseases of domesticated animals.  
Residence—Rose Street, Regina. Three doors south of Peart Bros. Hardware.

**NAY & JAMES**  
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General Agents, Representing—The London Assurance Corporation of England; The London Guarantee and Accident Co.; The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Co.; The Royal Trust Company; The Sovereign Life Assurance Co.; Commercial Union Hartford Fire; and other first class companies. Phone 127. P.O. Box 716, Regina, Sask.

### FARM SALES

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**GEO. WESTMAN,**  
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ounce to the  
as purchased  
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### APPELLE PATENT

ALWAYS GUARANTEED

### Milling Co., Ltd

Grocery: ELEVENTH AVE.  
Rose and Broad Streets  
House on Track.  
Office: South Qu'Appelle

### LOOKS GOOD

### American Life!

continent, has assets of eight  
first mortgages on good farms  
insurance on your buildings. Is  
certainly. Then see us at once  
ly and your home.

H. T. CROSS, City Agent.  
P.O. Box 1028

## Wheat

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Seed, bought in  
1907, and shipped  
by frost, now in

TOR, Dewdney and

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Orders Taken  
Scarth Street.

### OUR MILL CO.

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light and will give a  
at waste, is the coal  
the warm days.

### riquettes

use in the kitchen  
00 a ton  
EASE YOU.

### RE BROS.

South Railway St.

### Toilet Cream

ation for softening the  
discomfort of sunburn.  
and our reputation as  
RES" recommends it.

is 25c.

### ARMACY, Limited

1848 Broad St.

# WRIGHT BROS.

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers

1921-1923 Railway St.

Day Phone 53  
Night Phone 141

### Woman Suffrage

In furtherance of their plan to make converts in different parts of the British Empire, the English suffragettes have sent an apostle to Canada, but it is likely that Mrs. Wells will find our women indifferent to their political disabilities. It is true that there are some Canadian women, and noble women they are, who have taken a keen interest in social reforms, and have not hesitated to publicly declare their convictions. Like as a rule, the women of Canada, like the men, find it difficult to understand why such commotion should be created by their English kinswomen in their attempt to secure the franchise.

It must not be supposed that the English women are taking the lead in the battle for equality with men. In Finland, women both vote and sit in the Landtag. So far the measures they have introduced, are excellent campaign material, as they seem to argue that women, through the absence of direct representation, have been debarred from certain rights in the past. One of the bills established the legal independence of women; another raised the legal marriageable age to 17; another opens to them more offices in the civil service, while other bills relate to the educational affairs and orphan homes. Besides these pieces of what may be called class legislation, the women in the Landtag have introduced two bills calling for railway extension; and, so far as Finland is concerned, it cannot be contended that women have proved incapable of handling public affairs.

In New Zealand where so much experimental legislation has been made women enjoy the suffrage; and, indeed, the word "enjoy" is apt, in view of the large number that voted in the last elections. Eligible to vote were 212,975 women, of whom 175,046 voted; whereas of the 263,572 men 221,611 voted. These figures have been quoted in some quarters as evidence that women are really interested in politics. But they do not necessarily prove so much. The candidates for office will naturally try to get the women vote to the polls, and that they were successful is not evidence that the ladies who cast their votes took any particular interest in public business. In Iceland the women have already exercised the franchise in local elections, and are now clamoring for equal rights in the management of national affairs.

But if the Englishwomen have not been the world's leaders in this reform, they have fought for it more determinedly and more picturesquely than the women of any other land. They have invaded the parliament buildings, stormed the houses of the cabinet ministers, created riots in the parks and provoked disorder in political meetings. They have chained themselves to the iron railings in front of the prime minister's official residence in Downing street, and have cheerfully suffered imprisonment. After the fashion of Salvation Army lasses, they have recently made collections in the streets, thereby securing considerable funds with which to carry on their vehement campaign. In fine they have stirred up public opinion, which was once indifferent, and now most people in the old country have strong convictions on the question of women suffrage. Much of the opinion is hostile; but that the agitators consider to be more desirable than apathy.

The result of masculine antipathy has been to arouse many brilliant women who ordinarily would have taken no part in the crusade. Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Beatrice Harraden, Marie Corelli, Clemence Hausman and Evelyn Sharp are women whose strength of intellect men cannot gain, and several of them were among the suffragettes who begged in the streets the other day. Such men as George Meredith, Israel Zangwill, Lord Russell, the Rev. R. J. Campbell, are in sympathy with the suffragettes, while philosophers like Goldwin Smith argue that women are not suffering under any injustice, and if they had any real grievance men would fight for its removal more resolutely than the women themselves. Every woman has a father, or a husband, or a lover, or a friend who would be glad to strike a blow or cast a ballot in her defense. Every woman can influence some man now; and if women had the franchise would not every woman be susceptible to influence from some man?

The millennium will not arrive with the granting of the suffrage to the women in England. It will not make any of them any younger or any prettier. It will not be considered an additional attraction to a man who pays a girl attentions that she has the right to vote. It will not make her husband's toil any lighter, nor the home more attractive. There can be no doubt that on moral questions the average woman has better principles than the average man. But these are the very questions on which men will strongly object to women legislating for them. On other questions the granting of the franchise to women would be the lowering of the franchise.

L. I. D. Conventions  
In Convention

(Continued from page 1.)

Robt. Brown, 7-C-2.  
A. H. Latman, 8-B-1.

Thos. Taylor, 8-E-2.  
P. Lowe, 9-T-2.  
J. Dalgleish, 4-I-2.  
W. J. Bullis, 4-I-2.  
M. B. Ayles, 19-W-2.  
G. D. Fitz-Gerald, 9-D-2.  
W. C. Reding, 20-T-2.  
W. H. Chambers, 3-B-2.  
A. Lannen, 20-S-2.  
E. V. Cooper, 8-H-2.  
A. J. Bradley, 6-P-2.  
N. McLeod, 16-D-2.  
A. H. Lophthorn, 15-R-2.  
A. H. Lophthorn, 15-R-2.  
F. M. Stephen, 4-B-1.  
J. McCowan, 9-D-2.  
J. R. Mitchell, 9-D-2.  
W. Blizard, 9-D-2.  
M. Henderson, 9-P-2.  
Jas. Grassick, 9-P-2.  
S. Sell, 8-A-2.  
W. Montgomery, 14-T-2.  
C. N. Syme, 5-B-1.  
A. S. Caldecott, 21-D-3.  
W. J. Grose, 14-C-3.  
A. J. Wegin, 17-A-3.  
Thos. H. Aude, 5-E-2.  
A. P. Deckman, 20-C-3.  
E. Hingley, 20-E-3.  
H. O. Hutchins, 10-W-2.  
D. Purdew, 4-A-1.  
Robt. Blackmore, 14-W-2.  
W. McCutcheon, 13-B-3.  
A. H. Nettleton, 7-T-2.  
G. A. Logan, 10-T-2.  
E. Silcox, 6-B-2.  
W. Greene, 12-P-2.  
J. L. Rooke, 14-A-1.  
R. M. Johnson, 9-S-2.  
J. H. Huffman, 7-H-2.  
H. E. Clinite, 8-I-3.  
J. Cope, 8-B-2.  
I. Bennett, 4-A-2.  
M. Van Dusen, 4-H-3.  
J. Sawyer, 2-E-2.  
Simon Gower, 11-M-2.  
Chas. Edwards, 11-S-2.  
Jas. Anderson, 10-S-2.  
Jno. P'ices, 11-E-2.  
A. C. Moynes, 3-C-2.  
H. Larson, 12-T-2.  
J. Donahue, 10-A-2.  
A. Olson, 10-A-2.  
T. H. Clay, 6-S-2.  
T. Aitkins, 8-S-2.  
Jas. W. Smith, 5-I-2.  
R. Jacques, 6-N-2.  
E. W. Strain, 6-R-2.  
Thos. Murray, 5-N-3.  
R. H. Henderson, 1-A-1.  
R. White, 3-A-1.  
A. B. McGregor, 13-W-1.  
W. Brownlee, 5-A-2.  
Dennis Duffy, 24-A-3.  
A. Couch, 24-Z-2.

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### NEW STRENGTH FOR THE SPRING

Nature Needs Assistance in Making Health Giving Blood.

In the spring your system needs toning up. In the spring to be healthy and strong you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap. Nature demands it and nature's laws are inexorable. Without new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism, or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia, there may be disfiguring pimples or eruptions of the skin, a tired feeling in the morning, and a variable appetite. These are some of the signs that the blood is out of order, that the long trying months of indoor winter life have upon you. A purgative medicine such as too many people take in spring, can't help you. Purgatives merely gallop through the system, and further weaken you. Any doctor will tell you that this is true. What people need in the spring is a tonic medicine, and in all the world there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine helps to make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new, red blood clears the skin, drives out disease and makes weak, easily tired men, women and children bright, active and strong. Try this great blood building medicine this spring, and see what new life and energy it will give you.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Stoessel in Prison

St. Petersburg, April 7.—Your correspondent paid a visit to ex-general Stoessel's prison today. He was first shown into a small waiting room used in common by the defender of Port Arthur, ex-Admiral Nebogatov and other naval officers condemned to various terms in the gloomy forests of St. Peter and St. Paul, on account of their conduct in the battle of Tsushima straits. The waiting room is clean and neat, and there is nothing prison like about, save a copy of the prison rules hanging on the wall. Ex-General Stoessel is visited every Thursday by General Fock Reiss and other Port Arthur leaders. He cheerfully salutes everybody on entering the room, but it is evident that his attempt at gaiety is forced. The former commander's spirits are low. His face is paler, and thinner than formerly, his voice feebler and his step less firm. He has nothing to complain of, however, and says the prison governor is kind and attentive.

### C. N. R. TO BRANDON

Line Will be Put in Good Operating Shape at Once.

Winnipeg, April 7.—Dr. R. Hanna, third vice president of the Canadian Northern Railway, who has been in the city for a couple of days, returned east today. Before leaving he stated that the Brandon-Regina line on which track laying was completed last fall, would be put in shape for operation as soon as the work can be undertaken in the spring. He also stated that a great deal of betterment work would be done this year on the main line west of Port Arthur. The line will be re-laid with eighty-pound rails between Winnipeg and the lake front.

The recently constructed lines in the west will be ballasted and put in shape. As to new construction Mr. Hanna said that certain projects have been under consideration, but a definite programme had not yet been mapped out. Among the projects the Hudson Bay railway is by no means the least interesting. With regard to this line, it is likely that the governments, both federal and provincial, will probably take an interest in some form, as it is undoubtedly one of the most important proposals concerning transportation that has come before the Canadian public in recent times.

### Indians Poisoned

Swan Lake, Manitoba, April 7.—Three Indians of the reserve here have died from drinking what they believed to be essence of lemon secured at local stores yesterday. Corner Speechley called an inquest, which was adjourned until an analysis of the essence shows, perfect health with no injuries. It appears that essence of lemon is a favorite beverage with Indians. Two full bottles and one partly used was found, the corks bearing evidence of long usage.

### IRISHMEN MEET.

The regular meeting of the Irishmen's Association of Regina will be held in the McCarthy Hall on Monday night the 13th. An interesting programme is promised, among which is a talk from Rev. Mr. Henry, one of the association's most enthusiastic members.

The Bell Telephone system in Alberta, which the Alberta government has just bought for \$675,000 includes the long distance lines from Edmonton to Calgary, from Calgary to McLeod and Lethbridge, and from these cities to Cardston. Along this long

distance system are scattered seven-teen toll offices. Besides the company owns sixteen urban exchanges, including those of Calgary, Lethbridge, Wetaskiwin, High River, La-combe, Okotoks, Claresholm, Cardston, Raymond, Innisfail, Didsbury, Nanton, Ponoka, Red Deer and Magrath. Coupled with the government built system this provides communication from Lethbridge to the extreme southwestern portion of the province, including every important town and village.

Toronto, April 6.—About five thousand American settlers are being brought into Alberta and Saskatchewan by one land company, according to a letter received at the head offices of the C.N.R., which also tells of the new town of Englefeldt, one month old, with two hotels and three stores.

Shelo, Sask., April 6.—The construction of the C.P.R. extension beyond Shelo has been stopped at Leslie, 25 miles west, and will not be renewed till the part that is laid has been ballasted.

### SEED DISTRIBUTION

The department has handed out the following figures respecting seed grain distributed: Saskatchewan: Wheat 482,279 bushels; oats, 484,539 bushels; barley 58,269 bushels. Total for the province, 1,025,075. Alberta: Wheat 27,795 bushels, oats 183,850 bushels; barley 30,513 bushels Total, 262,158 bushels.

The total number of applications received were 15,063, being Saskatchewan 11,644 and Alberta 3,419. The oats imported from the old country are selling at 85 cents a bushel, and other grades average 70 cents. Up to Thursday 62 cars of grain had been shipped out.

### By-Law No.

A By-Law to provide for the closing of the Lane in Block Four Hundred and Sixteen (416) in the City of Regina.

The Council of the City of Regina in Council assembled enacts as follows:—  
1. All the lane in Block Four hundred and Sixteen (416) in the City of Regina according to a map or

plan of the said City on record in the Land Titles Office for the Assiniboia Land Registration District as Old Number 33 is hereby closed.

2. The said lane hereby closed may be sold or leased by the Council of the said City on such terms and conditions as may be expressed in any By-law passed in that behalf.

READ the first time, this 6th day of April, 1908.  
J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH  
City Clerk Mayor.

READ the second time, this 6th day of April, 1908.  
J. KELSO HUNTER, J. W. SMITH  
City Clerk Mayor.

### NOTICE

I hereby give Notice in accordance with the provisions of Section 311 of

the Regina Charter, that the foregoing is a true copy of a By-law intended to be passed by the Council of the City of Regina.

The By-law will not be passed until at least fifteen days after this Notice has been served upon the persons registered or assessed as the owners of the lands abutting upon the lane proposed to be closed and sold or leased, and published in at least two weekly issues of a newspaper published in the City of Regina.

Any person who claims that his land will be injuriously affected thereby and petitions to be heard, will be afforded an opportunity to be heard by himself or his agent.

DATED at Regina this 7th day of April, A.D. 1908.  
J. KELSO HUNTER,  
City Clerk.

## COAL Domestic and Hard Coal

Always on Hand

We are prepared to Buy Grain in Car Lots

A. D. MILLAR & CO.  
Hamilton Street .. Beside New City Hall

### FEDERAL BUSINESS COLLEGE Bank of Ottawa Bldg., Regina

One month's salary pays the entire cost

It is not necessary, nor is it wise for young people to spend years of the best portion of their lives in preparing for professions which are not so remunerative as is the work for which they may prepare in a few months. The majority of our graduates receive as much for their services in one month as would pay the total amount of their college fees. Our courses form a short cut to business success. During the last six months the Regina Federal Business College has placed more than sixty students in excellent situations; with initial salaries ranging from \$50 to \$60 per month. Every capable student is guaranteed a good situation upon graduation. The Federal Schools are open the year round and students may enter for instruction at any time. Free catalogue. Write today  
GEO. S. HOUSTON, Manager

## "A Kingly Gift"

### EARL GREY'S APPEAL

#### On behalf of Needy Consumptives

#### Strong words of Canada's Governor-General

At the official opening of the King Edward Sanatorium for Consumptives, near Toronto, His Excellency delivered an address that must have an important bearing on the future of the sanatorium movement in Canada. We quote:—

"The proceedings this afternoon commenced with a beautiful and reverent prayer from your old friend, Dr. Potts. He prayed that the light of the Lord might shine upon us. That prayer is abundantly answered. He also prayed that the White Plague might be removed. Well, whether that prayer will be answered or not depends upon yourselves."

"Is it not a standing shame and reproach to the governments and individuals that there is not more care taken by the people of Canada to protect themselves against the curse of consumption?"

On his way out to the King Edward Sanatorium, so named by permission of His Majesty King Edward VII—the Governor-General's car was stopped in its progress outside the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. by a large crowd of his employees. A contribution of one hundred dollars was handed the Governor-General, a donation to the Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives.

"'Twas a kingly gift" said His Excellency in making acknowledgment. "I will tell the King."

Addressing the large audience that attended these opening exercises, referring to this event, Earl Grey said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, when the workingmen of Canada are setting an example of this character, I hope you will not be slow to follow, and I trust that the example of the Canada Cycle & Motor Co. may be followed, as I am sure it will, in every factory and manufacturing industry throughout the land."

We carry these words to the people of Canada in our appeal to-day on behalf of the

## Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives

An institution that has never refused a single applicant admission, because of his or her inability to pay.

Seventy-five patients can be cared for to-day. Accommodation could be provided for three hundred if the required money were forthcoming.

To make this possible, our appeal is for \$50,000, to be used in extension of buildings and maintenance of patients.

Where will your money do more good? Every community and every individual is interested.

His Excellency Earl Grey has shown his interest and sympathy in the work at Muskoka for needy consumptives, by accepting the position of Honorary President of the National Sanitarium Association.

Contributions may be sent to Sir Wm. E. Meredith, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto; W. J. Gage, Esq., 84 Spadina Ave., or J. S. Robertson, Sec'y-Treas., National Sanitarium Association, 247 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.

### Romance of Fingerprints

Many a criminal owes his detour or less directly to the fact that he was registered in the identification department, London, just retired after twenty-five years of the force. Now he is only out and served, previous to police in the post office.

He joined at Stoke Newington passed to Kentish Town where his opportunity in the C.I. 1885. Ten years later he was led to assist the medical expert in the introduction of the lipometric system, and was in charge of the officers who carry out that work.

When the more subtle fingerprint system was introduced in 1901, Sideman was promoted to inspect and given charge of that department under the assistant commissioner. This post he held until his death.

His quick perception of what was required, his grasp of details, his general readiness were so far in advance of his colleagues that he was named first class inspector and was offered that of chief clerk on condition that he remain some time longer in the service. The latter he declined, being of opinion that a quarter of a century is long enough for any officer to remain in a police force.

During the past few years Mr. Sideman has visited every prison in England and Wales for the purpose of instructing wardens in the taking of fingerprints, at the same time upon police officers at the various districts to instruct the police in the same work.

He has also taught the system of fingerprint classification to a number of colonial and foreign police forces, so that although the public may not be generally acquainted with his work, it is well known to the police and other officials of this and other countries than, perhaps, any police officer.

To Mr. Sideman was also much of the development of the fingerprint branch of Scotland Yard. Since the inception of the fingerprint system, the tracing of criminals has been remarkable, many crimes being elucidated in this way. One of the earliest was the fatal murder of Mrs. Straton, who was murdered in High Street, Deptford, once against the two ruffians, the other out of a highly intelligent nature, but an ordinary cash box found in the shop with its lid forced open, she was found dead in the chair.

Some fingerprints were noted on the box, and being considerably enlarged were found to correspond with the elder Straton. The portrait of Old Bailey of these enlarged and their comparison with the prisoner's by Inspectors Stedman and Collins created at the time a sensation. Whirl by whirl and culminated in the fatal conviction of the judge and jury the fatal conviction, convincing even the sceptical.

Only last year "Smith of New York" as he styled himself, who was charged with burglary in New York and wearing gloves when at work. Although this fact did not weigh with the magistrate, discharged him, it did with the police authorities, who took his prints. It was then found that he was a notorious criminal, with many aliases had suffered terms in prison in South Africa last being for four years for violent robbery from person.

How useful this evidence proved is only too fresh in the mind, for "Smith of New York" and Smith of many aliases, who was charged with burglary in New York and wearing gloves when at work. Although this fact did not weigh with the magistrate, discharged him, it did with the police authorities, who took his prints. It was then found that he was a notorious criminal, with many aliases had suffered terms in prison in South Africa last being for four years for violent robbery from person.

His companion on his voyage South Africa, Louis Farrar, owes his retirement from public life to their powers. Within six months of his arrival in Scotland Yard he was searched for by the police. Farrar, who received the sentence due to a convict and a first offender, as he represented himself to be.

The man who some time ago was snazzing New York as Lord in his confinement in the prison had his fingerprints taken to Scotland Yard. He was recognized as an old "lag" and underwent penal servitude more than one occasion.

Another link with the old was provided at Leavenworth, Kansas, by a set of prints sent over for inspection to a man serving a term there. They proved to be of a man, who while serving a term in Malta, was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Mr. Sideman is most expert over the "print" system, and sets it the most reliable identification, and declares that the many thousand he

Regina Charter, that the foregoing is a true copy of a By-law...

Romance of Fingerprints

Many a criminal owes his detection to or less directly to Inspector C. Stedman...

He joined at Stoke Newington, thence passed to Kentish Town...

When the more subtle finger print system was introduced in 1901...

His quick perception of what was required, his grasp of details...

The latter he declined, being of the opinion that a quarter of a century is long enough for any officer...

During the past few years Mr. Stedman has visited every prison in England and Wales...

Mr. Stedman was also due much of the development of the photographic branch of Scotland yard...

Since the inception of the finger print department the tracing of criminals has been remarkable...

One of the earliest was the Deptford murder. Here, two brothers named Stratton murdered Thomas and Ann Farrow...

Only last year "Smith of Nowhere" as he styled himself when charged with burglary in North London...

How useful this evidence eventually proved is only too fresh in the public mind...

His companion on his voyage from South Africa, Louis Farraria, also owes his retirement from public life to their powers...

The man who some time ago was dazzling New York as Lord Barringten in his confinement in The Tombs...

Another link with the old country was provided at Leavenworth penitentiary, Kansas...

Mr. Stedman is most enthusiastic over the "print" system, and considers it the most reliable method of identification...

Many devices are resorted to by criminals who have reason to dread the system...

DEATH IN A MINE

Dangers From Water and Compressed Air—Poor Chances of Safety.

The advantage of being in an explosion is that you can die, is a rule pleasantly because only about five in a hundred ever feel the fire...

It is quite different when the water breaks into the pit from some forgotten old working...

Besides, it is the easiest thing in the world to know what has happened when the roar of an explosion makes the pit shake...

The flood rolls in and fills up the stall. It comes in with such a rush that, at first, everything floats and twists in it—shovels, mandrels, food tins and drinking cans...

Then for a moment you join your friend and the other wreckage, and the flood whirrs you all round near the roof up against the timber.

It may be a black floor, or it may be yellow. I have seen it as red as fire. In color it always takes after the minerals of the particular geological freak that sent it into you unexpectedly.

In their workings the men and boys are running hard in all directions to avoid any personal contact with the flood...

Whenever it can find an opening the water dashes in and drowns horses as easily as it drowns boys...

One or two strong natured men will rise up in the darkness, panic and disorder and find a passage for terror stricken hundreds through the red or black sea...

By this time the flood has followed and found him. Water has rushed in and filled up the road by which he came. He is entombed with the other fifteen, and he knows it.

For making quickly and perfectly, delicious hot biscuits, hot breads, cake and pastry there is no substitute for...

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

The active principle of which is derived from grapes, pure cream of tartar, the most wholesome of all fruit acids

No alum—No lime phosphates

Those caring for health must avoid alum powders. Alum is a sharp, poisonous, mineral acid.

Study the label. Buy only where cream of tartar is named.

But he gathers the men and boys into one group behind him. He has been able to keep his lamp lighted...

"We are safe here," says the man with the light. "Wait a bit."

RECIPE FOR RHEUMATISM

Directions To Prepare Simple, Yet Remarkable, Home Mixture.

There is so much rheumatism here in our neighborhood that the following advice by an eminent authority...

It is claimed that there are few victims of this dread and torturous ailment who will fail to find ready relief in this simple home-made mixture...

This simple recipe is said to strengthen and cleanse the eliminative tissues of the kidneys...

Two Prince Ruperts.

Vancouver, April 1.—The Grand Trunk Pacific is threatened with having to change the name of their Pacific coast terminus...

One of two strong natured men will rise up in the darkness, panic and disorder and find a passage for terror stricken hundreds through the red or black sea...

By this time the flood has followed and found him. Water has rushed in and filled up the road by which he came.

The council, in order to make most practical these principles at the present hour, issued the decree 'No temere, which (1) changes the discipline of the church with regard to betrothal...

'1. That every marriage be contracted before the ordinary or the parish priest, provided the ordinary or parish priest has jurisdiction over the place in which the marriage is performed.

'2. That every marriage be contracted in the presence of at least two witnesses besides the priest.

'3. That the presence of the priest having jurisdiction be voluntary, and that he ask and receive the consent of the parties contracting.

The decree affects a very radical change in regard to mixed marriages which, after Easter, will not be valid unless contracted before the priest having jurisdiction over marriage in the place where the ceremony is performed.

That on and after Easter Sunday (1) no marriage will be valid unless it is performed by a priest duly authorized and before at least two witnesses...

The Roman Catholic decree from Rome regarding marriages and engagements of church members, which takes effect after Easter...

In opening the new letter states as follows: "This action of the church is but another striking example of the wise and prudent policy she adopts with regard to the holy sacrament of matrimony..."

Piles are easily and quickly checked with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment to prove it I will mail a small trial box as a cheering test.

Professor Charles Zuehlke, of Chicago University, sees danger in too much thrift. In a recent lecture before the Chicago League for Political Education, the professor said:

"Savings is more dangerous than spending. The French peasant who can live decently on nothing a year and Edwin K. Markham's 'Man with the Hoe' are not individuals to be emulated."

"People who are going to retire from business when they have \$100,000 or a million can't do it. If they have waited till then to spend their money they don't know how."

"We must learn to spend and educate ourselves as we go along. The workman who labors six days in the week doesn't know how to enjoy himself. There should be a half holiday each week given to educating the working man to a higher standard of living."

"Thrift leads often to a life not admissible," continued the professor. "Too much saving is to the individual advantage, but public disadvantage."

"If all people put their money away in investments would be of no account. Thrift may lead to niggardliness. Niggardliness eats into character. Beginning with saving for the family often ends in neglecting the family to save."

Heart Strength. Heart Strength or Heart Weakness—mean Nerve Strength or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Frequently not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased...

Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The Regina Pharmacy Stores.

SIFTON'S DODGES. Wants an Acclamation and is Pulling Wires With That End in View.

Brandon, April 1.—Although this is All Fools' Day, it is no joke that your correspondent is trying to work off on the public.

Mr. Sifton, the Young Napoleon, has been here and gone again, and would you believe it, the man has actually been pulling wires in Brandon for election by acclamation.

The Conservative managers were actually approached to see if they would not agree to an acclamation. It was pointed out that the "Liberals" gave Hon. George Goldwell an acclamation. It was quietly intimated that Sifton was going back into the cabinet as Minister of Trade and Commerce and that it would be a great feather in Brandon's cap to have a minister in the federal arena as well as the local.

Use was also made of the "cagreness" of Winnipeg to grab up the minister, and to snatch from Brandon the proud distinction that Winnipeg was courting so eagerly.

It is quite apparent that what Sifton is after is an acclamation. He fears a contest, as a rabbit fears a dog, and it will not surprise the people of Brandon if an acclamation is asked for him in Winnipeg. By dint of marvellous manipulation he has escaped every election court since he entered public life, notwithstanding that practically every election he fought developed into an orgy before the end came.

Of course he "can't not do much work single-handed. He has always been able to control a large element of the Conservative machine, and there is no evidence that his hand has lost any of its cunning. Indeed, it is the Conservative organs that are now looting for him and ably assisting in his political rehabilitation. It was reported here that Mr. Borden if he ever ran again it would be as an independent, that party politics had lost their glamour for him. In view of this it is perhaps not to be wondered, the man who is willing to stand in Winnipeg as a Conservative candidate if there was no other way of arranging matters, found some credence here.

The letter enters into lengthy explanations and provides exceptions in the case of death-bed marriages, etc.

As regards betrothals the letter states that as pre-nuptial engagements may involve serious obligations the church desires to remove all doubt, and hence legislates that in order to be valid, and canonical, after Easter engagements must be drawn up in writing and duly signed by the parties contracting and attested by proper witnesses.

BOARD OF TRADE

Discusses By-Laws and Railway Matters—Estimates and Contracts.

There was a small attendance at the board of trade meeting last Thursday evening. A short time was spent considering the proposed new by-laws which had been drafted by a special committee.

The monthly report from the Council of the Board was presented by the secretary and was adopted.

The report gave the following list of estimates for the year:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Revenue: Grant from city - \$5,000.00, Membership fees - 750.00, Total - \$5,750.00. Expenditure: Salaries - \$2,100.00, Postage, telegrams, telephone and express - 500.00, Delegates expenses - 500.00, Office supplies - 200.00, Entertainment - 200.00, Maintenance - 100.00, Furniture, typewriter - 100.00, Fee Associated B. of T. - 25.00, Grant Spl. entertainm't - 25.00, Advertising - 2,000.00, Total - \$3,750.00.

Of the above amounts total expenditures for the year to date are as follows: Salaries - \$500.00, Delegates' Expenses - 235.00, Printing and advg. - 92.85, Fuel and light - 14.40, Expenses - 67.43, Total - \$599.48.

Advertising contracts have been made with: The Standard of Empire - \$750, Canada - 250, Canada West Magazine - 150.

I was cured of acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Bay of Islands. J. M. CAMPBELL. I was cured of facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Springfield, N.S. W. DANIELS. I was cured of Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Albert Co., N.B. GEO. TINGLEY.

GEO. STURDY CONTRACTOR & BUILDER. House Mover and Raiser. All kinds of Moving done on short notice. Mail orders promptly attended to. OFFICE: SOUTH RAILWAY ST. OPPOSITE ELEVATORS. P.O. BOX 26. PHONE 268. REGINA, ASSA.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING. All kinds of blacksmithing done promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Horse Shoeing a Speciality. J. A. NEILY, BROAD ST., opposite Waverley Hotel.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. PATENTS. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. MUNN & CO. 35 Broad St., New York.

GALT COAL. CLEANEST AND BEST. The Smith & Fergusson Co. Sole Agents. Phone 45. Smith Block, Ross St.

SAND, GRAVEL and STONE. None better in Saskatchewan than that obtained at LUMSDEN. We are the reliable dealers in these building commodities. Sold in any quantity and delivered on cars at Lumsden. If you anticipate building write us for full particulars. Jas. Mair & Sons, Box 89, LUMSDEN, SASK.

Don't Read This If You Are SATISFIED. IF NOT Bring your Watch to us for Repairs. L. R. MORRIS, Stemsborn's Old Stand, Phone 167.

Ideal Meat Market. Broad Street. For Choice Fresh and Cured Meats give us a call. We are headquarters for the above. Try our Fresh Sausage. Phone 168. R. EHMANN, H. K. COLLINCK, Manager.

Domestic and Hard Coal Always on Hand.

Grain in Car Lots. R & CO. Beside New City Hall.

COLLEGE. Bank of Ottawa Bldg., Regina. Pays the entire cost.

For young people to spend years in preparing for professions the work for which they may wish to do. Our graduates receive nothing as would pay the total course form a short cut to six months the Regina Federal Normal sixty students in excellent building from \$50 to \$60 per month. A good situation upon graduation the year round and students. Free catalogue. Write today. D. S. HOUSTON, Manager.

"Gift" REAL Consumptives. Superior-General. Must have an important Canada. We quote:— "I had with a cough, Dr. Potts. I was upon us. I prayed that whether that 'yourselves.'" "The government is taken by the against the



discusses, referring to this event, of Canada you will not of the Canada it will, in every but the land."

ospital. ves. admission, because of his or on could be provided for three sed in extension of buildings

od? al is interested. the work at Muskoka for needy National Sanitarium Association. Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto; National Sanitarium Association.

