

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.

FIVE



Government oan Bonds able to bearer, and have been eep them. Deposit Boxes ROYAL LOAN AND SAVor \$3.00 per year upwards. assured. Enquire at office of ket St., Brantford **ERLAND'S**

thing **Club Bags** it Cases



2 tins Fry's Cocoa for 45c

2 cans Campbell's Soups for 24c

Keen's Mustard, small size 17c

C. and B. Malt Vinegar, bottle 25c

Red Salmon, per can 18c

Patna Rice, best, 3 lbs. for 25c

Magic Baking Powder, 1 lb. can 22c

Flour, 24 lbs. sack, Great West, for 69c

Coffee, 40c. Quality for 35c

Lard, Pure, per lb: 20c

Matches, best quality, 3 boxes for 13c

Broom, Special at 25c

Ammonia, 10c. size, 2 for 15c

Soap Chips, 3 1-2 lbs. for 25c

Light Sultanas, per lb. 15c

Purity Laundry Soap, 7 bars for 25c

Holbrook's Malt Vinegar, Bottle 25c

Corn Flakes, 3 packages for 1119...... 25c

Rolled Oats, 7 lbs. for 25c

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST'8, 1916.

Word was received in the city this morning by Mrs. W. C. Livingston. that her son Arthur Livingston, who went overseas with the University Corps as reinforcements to the Prin cess Pats, was suffering from shell shock in a field hospital. Lorrie Watson, another local boy

IS SHELL SHOCKED

Princess Pat Man, Son of P

M. Livingston, Is Now

in Hospital.

ART LIVINGSTON

who went with the same draft, is at present in a convalescent home England, after having been ill fo

The Courier is siveys pleased to

Michigan.

Brant avenue.

parental summer

Social and Personal

Mis. W. Laing and son Charles, an visiting with relatives in Saranac,

Mr. Fred Watson is a visitor at the Mr. Fred Watson is a visitor at the home of his lather, Dr. Watson, 215 Brant avenue. of War Department, Canadian Red

the guest of her aunt, Miss Philip. for a few weeks, has returned to the home in Goderich

Interned Prisoner of War, L.-Sgt. Colin Alexander, Regt. No. Mr. Andrew McKie, of Hamilton, spent the holiday at his home, on Chestenut Ave., with his wife and 24554. 13th Batt. Canadian Infantry,

Hotel Beau Sejour, Chateau y'Oex, Miss Annabel Ryerson arrived here Switzerland, 28th June '10. yesterday after visiting friends in Wipnipeg, Brandon and Chicago. Mrs. Wm. Watt: Dear Friend,-I write from this Mr. and Mrs. Finaker, of Chicago, country, Switzerland, to thank you so much for your kindness in help are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ryer. ing me by sending parcels of food to

me whilst a prisoner of war in Germany. I really cannot thank you Miss Irene Hampel, spent the week nough for such a kindness, because end in Port Dover. you have helped me to sit down to a good meal which the Germans never Mr .and Mrs. Frank Thomson and would have shown us, let alone give daughter, Dorothy, Detroit, are vis-iting at the parental home. us. I have written to the Canadian

Red Cross to stop all my parcels, but let the Red Cross continue to help BILLION DOLLAR others through their good arrange-CROP EXPECTED ments, because they know more

After a thorough canvass of various less the names of those wanting points throughout Western Canada, ood. Do not stop helping prisoners n Germany, because all are needing Dr. McGill of the Dominion Grain wholesome food and moreover all Commission, is quoted in Calgary as are worthy of it. It is no waste of saying that Alberta would have a crop as good as last year, that the money to help such a good cause, so Dominion would have a billion dollar please keep on sending to our men grain crop and that the grain crop in Germany. of the three Prairie provinces would I am now lucky enough to get to be little, if any, behind that of last Switzerland, and I do appreciate be

ing in such first class hotels. We all 'The country as a whole never have feathered beds and first class looked better than it does at pre-sent," said Dr. McGill. "The weather food and the doctors are also doing their best for us. was made to order, as you might say and I am of the opinion that this I was wounded near Ypres, April



111/2 lbs. Redpath's Granulated \$1.00 Sugar, for - - - -

Toilet Paper, 10c. size, 4 rolls for 25c Flour Royal Gold, 24 lb. sack for 79c Picnic Hams, Special per lb. 23c 2 packages Shredded Wheat for 23c Tea, Special per lb. 35c Rice, Patna, 4 lbs for 25c Starch, Laundry, 2 lbs. for 15c 3 lbs. Tea, 40c. qual- **\$1** ity for Extracts, 10c. size, 3 for 21c Bacon, Back, in piece, 30c 24 lb. sack Purity SI Bacon. side, in piece 28c Dairy Butter, per lb. 30c Castile Soap, large bar 22c 12 lbs. yellow sugar **\$1** for Salmon, Maple Leaf, per can 24c Health Salts, 2 cans for 20c 9 tall cans, best pink **\$1** Salmon for Custard Powders, 3 packages for 22c Taylor's Borax Laundry Soap, 6 for 25c Corn Starch, 2 packages for 15c 3 lbs. loaf sugar, 3 lbs ic-Baking Powder, 1 lb can for12c ing sugar, 3 lbs Fruit **\$1** Sugar for Salmon, pink, 2 cans for 23c

Seeded Raisins, 2 packages for 20c Raisins, large and choice, per lb. 14c Lye, 3 cans for 25c Toilet Soap, 10c. cake for 5c Old Dutch, 3 cans for24c O Cedar Polish, per bottle 22c

THE WHOLE OF TO BE PAVED. Special Session Las

to Proceed With man Ward Statin bor Would Not h

The paving of the whole of Eri Avenue, from Emilie street to the T H. and B. station is to be carried ou this year following upon the resolution of the city council at a special session held last evening to deal with the matter and to wind it up once and for all. A deputation of residents of Eagle Place waited upon the coun-cil in regard to the question, and when the final vote was taken a total of 9 yeas was shown, against

Streets to be Oiled

The first matter dealt with by council was that of the oiling of number of additional streets. On the motion of Ald. Ward, se onded by Ald. Freeborn, an amend ment was made to the oiling and watering of the city streets, to include the following:

Burford, Oxford to Brant. Oak, Balfour to Brunswick Marlboro, Brock to Rawdon. Brock, Park Ave. to 17 feet no of south of Lot 6, W. Brock St. Mary, Brock, 132 feet easterly

Superior, Cayuga to Brighton Row Strathcona, Erie to River Road. Main, Wilkins to Buffalo. Park Ave., Brock, Drummond. The by-law introduced for the purpose having passed, Ald. Welsh mo ed the prohibition of the sale of an meat on the city market after th hour of 1 p.m. between April 1st an This resolution was late Oct. 1st.

withdrawn. Erie Ave. Matters.

The matter of the paving of E Avenue was then broached, Ward submitting a report of board of works, which moved th the work be proceeded with at once from Emilie St. to the T. H. and B station, the necessary finances to 4 provided by the finance committe Messrs C. H. Waterous and D. Ansell, members of the deputation Eagle Place residents, then address ed the council All or Nothing

Mr. C. H. Waterous favored the the present time, if possible, and at a future date if a future date, if present finance would not permit, of the other alter native. The general opinion of Eagle Place residents was to have all don or none. The speaker admitted necessity of watching every dollar o the city finances, but favored th completion of the work if possible a the present time. He expressed assur-ance that the interests of the city were in the heart of every membe of the council.

Mr. J. D. Ansell spoke also in favor of the immediate paving of the entir street, pointing out the desire Eagle Place residents to obtain thoroughfare in keeping with that

section of the city. Suggested Holding for a Year Ald. Bragg questioned the advi ability of the work at present, cause of the labor situation, and al

so because of the tying up of the Street Railway, essentially atten

CE-3008-3008-3008-3008-3008-300

Clearing Out The

This is one of the larges ture Stocks in the city. I store is to be leased. If

ing this is an opportunity

Everything Marke

24th, 1915, having a fractu year's harvest will be another wonfrom the effects of a German shell derful one." Those who contemplate going West The doctors (Swiss) gave me to un derstand that they are going to break

will do well to remember that the most fertile districts in Western had four X-ray photographs taken C.N.R. and that this season they can travel from their home districts to destination Canadian Northern all with silver wire. Then they did not do it properly and very soon I expect the way. Arrangements have been made to go to Lucerne to have my leg pro whereby passengers may travel in perly attended to. My leg is now fair-comfort. Colonist and lunch coun-ly strong, but 1 1-2 inches short in length, but if I were to have a very The first of these excursions will slight fall it would easily break be run in August, the date will be again. I have always to use a walkter cars being a feature. ing stick, but I've done my little announced later. For further information apply to bit for the right of civilization and nearest Canadian Northern Agent, cr. I'm quite contented for the present write to R. L. Fairbairn, General time. May God help our cause and

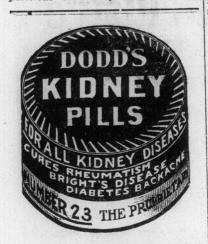
The CARRANZA NOTE THE CARRANZA THE CARRANZA NOTE

Yours thankfully. Wilson Cabinet to Take Up Mexican COLIN ALEXANDER. Reply To-day.

Washington, Aug. 8.—President Wilson and his cabinet will take up Car Service to-day Gen. Carranza's note inform ing this government of the appoint ment of the Mexican members of the is Resumed joint commission to be created by the two governments for the settle

ment of their difficulties. It is believed from intimations dropped by high officials yesterday

that the Carranza note will be accepted as a basis for proceeding to the appointment of the American sioners, and that the United States will agree to having the comconsider first the three pro-



H. B Beckett FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

Monnted Police, has been gazetted as inspector of the force in succes-sion to Inspector Pennefather, pro-moted, Staff-Sergt. Kristjan Fjelsted An-erson, of the Royal North-west 158 DALHOUSIE STREET First-Class Equipment and Prompt as inspector of the force in succes-Service at Moderate Prices. sion to Inspector Pennefather, pro-Both Phones: Bell 23. Auto, 23. moted,



CARLASSALSALSSALSALSALSALSALSALSALSALSALASSALAS

Crisco, 30c., Red Salmon

20c., 1 lb Tea 45c., Vanilla

10c., Gold Soap 5c.; to- \$1 tal \$1.10, for \$1

Fleury front. At about 5 o'clock this DORCHESTER BARN morning the Germans delivered a AND CROPS BURNED series of powerful attacks with heavy St. Thomas, Aug. 8-The season's ideal propounded by a number of reason why many small-holders and

positions defined by Gen. Carranza. Bronx was resulted in gaining a footing in British on Guillemont. The French succeeded in gaining a footing in

with Mayor Mitchell. Under the terms of the agreement the right of the employes to organize is conceded, and the two companies promised to treat with committees to their employes in considering griev-ances. A demand for increased wages will be discussed by committees not later than Aug. 30, and if they fail of an agreement the controversy will ater than Aug. 30, and if they fail of an agreement the controversy will be submitted to arbitration. Oswald Cumimngs, the 11-year-old

Oswald Cumimngs, the 11-year-old extreme violence on the Thiaumont-

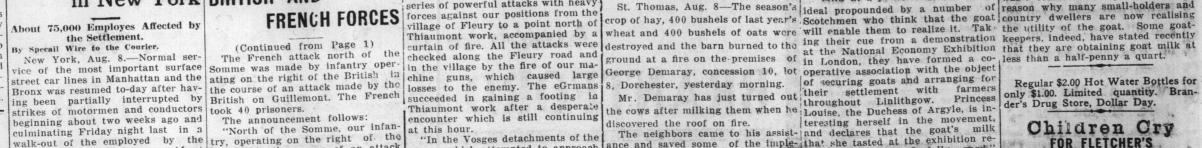
n of Oswald and Mrs. Cummings, Hamilton north, was found dead at the foot of an elevator shaft on the premises of E. T. Wright and Co.

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in New York BRITISH AND

RMONY LODGE PICNIC Invitations have been issued the

A saje, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three de-No. 2, 33; No. 3, 55 per box Fold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt Address, Free pamphlet. Address, re on doubt this one will prove THE COON MILDICINE CO., years, no doubt, this one will prove TORONTO, ONT. (Fermenty Windser.) as great a success.



Milk

and is protected by \$2,000 insurance. To make a goat pay and to get that CASTORIA

"Milk at a penny a quart" is the ground is necessary and the garden waste comes in handy. That is the

New oYrk Railways Company. About 7,500 employes of this company and of the Third Ave. Railway system are affected by the settlement agreed upon yesterday by the directors and took 40 prison-

quart of milk at a penny a bit of

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S

Most Thrifty Women

buy N.P. SOAP because it saves money. One bar of N.P.SOAP costs only 15t. Four cakes of other soaps weigh less and cost 20! Five cakes of some soaps weigh less and cost 25? N.P. SOAP saves from 25 to 40 cents on every dollars worth, - and when you try it you will say it's better soap.



THE CLIFFORD STO

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.



bor Would Not be Excessive.

Streets to be Oiled The first matter dealt with by the On the motion of Ald. Ward, sec-

watering of the city streets, to in-Oak, Balfour to Brunswick.

Mary, Brock, 132 feet easterly. Superior, Cayuga to Brighton Row. Strathcona, Erie to River Road. Main, Wilkins to Buffalo.

Eagle Place residents, then address-



in great excitement. "A I'll find him sitting there."

patch of moonlight was cranky as cranky could be. "The train's late!" he snapped. "And the fairies in the confield hate to be kept waiting. What's more, they won't travel without a

off like a rocket until you find your Castle, hit the ground below with a

the father of the present Donnel when in occupation of the farm had his rent fixed by the late Cardinal McCabe



SEVEN



Ogilvie, Lochead and Co. ongcloth and ok Bargains \$1 * Longcloth \$1 Longcloth \$1 Jainsool \$1 Nainsool \$1 Nainsook e Bargains e Lisle Gloves, Regular 19C Black, our regular 50c. · 35c is colors only pink and 50c Voiles 8 yds. \$1 es and Crepes, new small pat- **\$1** , yard, Dollar Day **8 yards for \$1** ork Shirts or \$1 orking Shirts, with collar, Black, Navy and striped; Dollar Day or \$1 ings 4 yds 1.00 eting, 2 yards wide, to-day's **\$1** av Price 4 yards for **\$1**

ow; 22c. Heavy Unbleached **\$1** llar Day Price .. 6 yards for **\$1**

ue Long Cloth, 36 in. wide, **\$1** Dollar Day Price, 6 yards for **\$1**

full 45 inches wide, regular **\$1** yay Price 5 yards for **\$1**

.. 5 yards for **\$1**.

\$1

\$1

ly Cloth, Dollar Day

Linen Lawns , Dollar Day Price

1 Lawn, Dollar Day

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BONDHOLDERS RUSSIAN ARMY, WELL BORN;

SECURITY OF.

Received Splendid Education and Be gan His Army Life in a Fashionable **Cavalry** Regiment

BRUSSILOFF, COMMANDER OF

Petrograd, Aug. 8 .--- General Alexis Brussiloff, commander of the Russian army which swept through Bukowina, was little known outside of Russia before the present war. In fact it was not until 1914 that he-was given command of an army corps. His work in the war won him promotions. He is almost the only one of the many prominent social figures in the army who has made good.

General Brussiloff is 68 years old, searching eyes and nose with a high, commanding curved bridge, and a square jaw. His hair is close cropped; he wears a long thin gray moustache.

Carpathian campaign when the Russians were ready to pour down into Hungary, but were forced to retreat for lack of ammunition. Unlike many Russian generals, Brussiloff had the advantages of an excellent education, and began army life in a fashionable cavalry regiment. Ability and influence combined to make his advancement rapid. He held many positions, was recognized a favorite at court, distinguished himself as a daring rider, encouraged cavalry officers to go in for polo and cross country steeplechases, and was popular in Petrograd society. Then came the war to try out the capacity and characters of men. Brussiloff was one of the studious, professional type of officer who came to the front and made good.

It was General Brussiloff who commanded an army in the first

FAVORITE Northern Fires Will Result in Bigger and Better Towns Being Built. Specail Wire to the Courier.

Toronto, Aug. 5 .- In response to an inquiry by the Monetary Times as to the financial position of the tion as to whether men of technical fire-swept towns in Northern Ontario, Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provin-cial Treasurer made the following organizing France after the war.

Henry le Chatelier, of the Insti-tute, proposes that the Academy go "We cannot at present make any declaration in regard to the question of the bonds of these towns, for we to work at once to formulate working methods best calculated to to not yet know the position in this accelerate the industrial and econom respect. The government have al-ready stated that they will render ic recovery of the country, without waiting for politicians to decide wheassistance possible in the ther the services of technical and stricken district. I imagine that the scientific men will be accepted. ecople in the towns which have been Members of the Institute expected lestroyed will most likely build up destroyed will most likely build up their communities again and that the bondholders will have just as much that the government would have re-course to their technical knowledge years out of 11. security, if not more, as they had be- in the organization of some of the Better towns of more perman- army departments. Instead, members ent construction are likely to be of parliament, entirely lacking in built in the place of those destroyed. technical knowledge, were placed in The government are in a very recep- charge of services such as the munitive mood and will certainly do all they can. No doubt the town authpartment, while men of technical orities have made known their var- training were allowed only to sub- that threatened war, the navy was

Paris, Aug. 8.—(Correspondence the presence of men not members of of the Associated Press).—Although parliament in the government is not French scientists have done a good looked upon with favor. Premier Brideal to help the government catch up with Germany in the scientific de-partments of her military prepara-the chamber of deputies to accept tion, there is still complaint that such specialists as General Gallieni their services have not been utilized in the war department and Admiral to the best advantage, and the Ac- Lacaze at the head of the army. "The administration has no use for

Departments Men Who Are Not Specialists.

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.

savants," is a remark attributed to training shall not have a greater the beaurocrats of the war and navy share in the formidable work of re- departments. Both those portfolios have been held by civilians at most critical periods of the history of the

> Third Republic. that preparations are being made in Previous to the Rouvier administration in 1905, there had always department, with the exceptions of the administrations of Charles de

not been in the hands of civilians 7

The navy department has been ad ministered by a naval officer only three years out of the last twenty The rest of the time it was in the hands of lawyers or journalists. Just prior to the Tangiers incident administered by a journalist and the

Them to Germany Vlaardingen, Netherlands, Aug. 5 Although the real herring fishing eason has not yet begun, Dutch fish ermen are already reaping a golden harvest, as a result of the absence

Women and Boys Dotting Scottish Hills Picking Balm for Wounded Men

Glasgow, Aug. 8 .- The hills of of the German and a large part of the Scotland are dotted with moss pick-British fishing fleets from the North catches. One fortunate man has authorities turf moss on account of brought in a catch of herring estimated at a value of \$14,000, or three its elasticity and great properties times as much as its owners make in for sucking up liquids, forms a most useful dressing for open wounds. It great bulk of the exports goes to may also be used as padding for the whole of a normal year. The

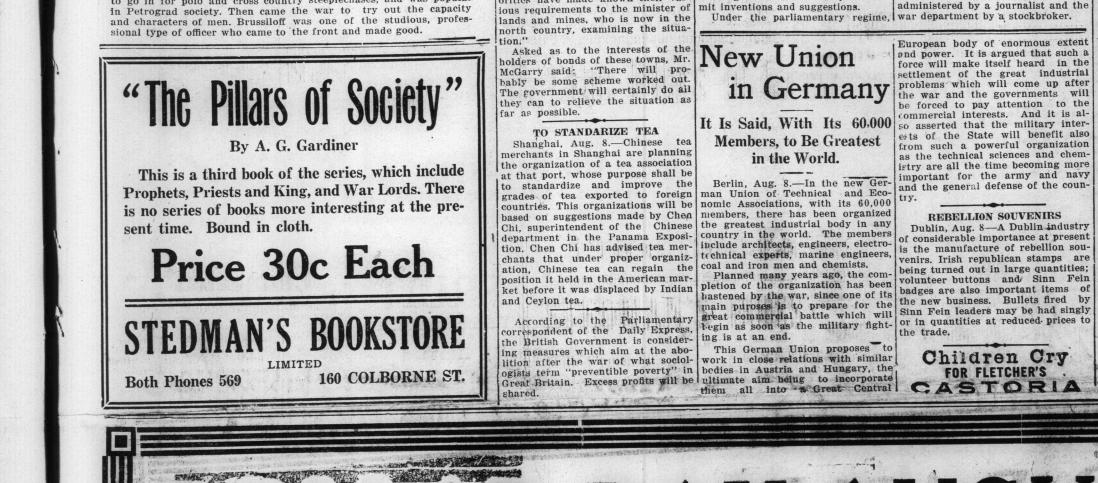
Turf Moss

After the moss is picked it is covered with absorbent cotton gauze at War Office advertisements appearing in Vienna newspapers indicate various Red Cross depots and sent off to headquarters in London. Every Austria-Hungary for another winter day big packages arrive there, tell-campaign. Tenders are invited for ing silently of long days spent in all

been a soldier at the head of the war department, with the exceptions of of all kinds. the administrations of Charles de Freycinet, who was, however, a technican of the highest competence. Since that period the denartment has

Since that period the department has lrn, has left for service at the front. with great baskets full.





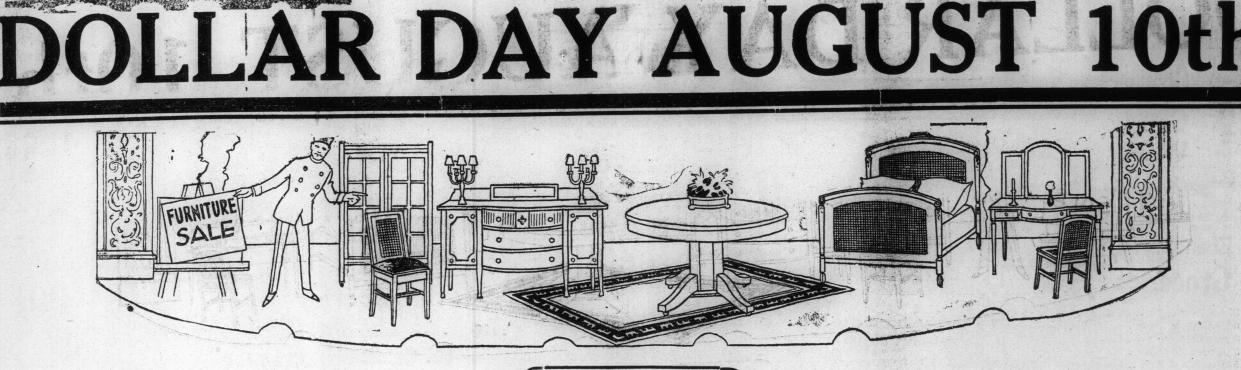


Germany.

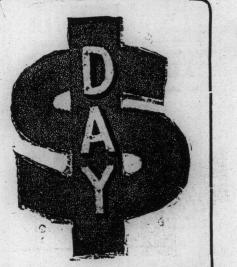
NINE 3

For Troops

and Boys' tta Shirts for \$1 Printed Regatta Shirts in alue 75c., Dollar Day each ur Millinery Dept. ...25c. and 50c lats and Bonnets and Boys Ties for 50c in fancy Silk and knitted, reto 50c., Dollar Day for 50c ery Bargains Black and White, to \$1 ther Pillows 50c ea. \$ đ e Year



In exchange for \$1.00 (One Dollar) we will place any single article from our store in your home, and you can pay the balance in small payments as can be arranged.



PURSEL & SON, 179 COLBORNE ST.

Take Advantage of Our Mid-Summer Sale Prices We cordially invite any out-oftown friends to make use of our store, to leave parcels, rest, or meet

your friends. : : : : : : : :





BRITAIN'S WAR EXPENDITURE TTI Total Credit Since Begin-

ning of War Now Approximatel v \$14,160,000,000.

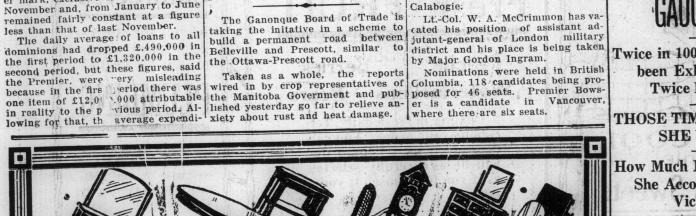
The vote of ' credit of £450,000,000 asked for by Premier Asquith in the House of Conf. mons last week is the largest asked by the Government since the beginning of the war and will bring the total voted this year to £1,050,000,00% and the total since the beginning of the war to £,832,-000,000 (approxi mate \$14,160,000,-000).

The Premier said the recent expenditure out of the vote of credit was approximately \$5,000,000 daily. The £6,000,000 dail, v referred to by every div and good fellowship, health Reginald McKenna, the Chancellor of the Exxchequer, represented all the outgoing, the premier said. All the expenditure from April 1 to July 22 was £559,000,000. to you. Mr. Asquith said that the navy, army and munitions cost £79,000,-000, the loans to Great Britain's Allies £157,000,000 and food, supplies, railways, etc., £23,000,000. The avrage daily expenditure on the war he said, was £4,950,000. After expending £559,000,000 bc tween April 1 and July 22, continued the Premier, there was a balance on hand of £41,000,000, which was sufficient to carry on the services to the end of July instead of the first week in August, as he had estimated. The daily average of expenditure had risen from £4,820,000 during the period from May 1 to June 30, to £5.050.000 during the period from Place in the Sun. June 21 to July 22, or an average of over the two periods of £4,950,000. The principal causes of the increase were the army and army munitions. During the first period average in

recoverable expenditure was £3,000, 000, being exclusive of supplies t the Allies. During the second period it was $\pounds_{3,600,000}$. From both these figures should be deducted the averture under this head had increased. age peace expenditure of £220,000 The figure for the second period was daily. The naval expenditure, added swollen by the fact that the Govern-the Premier, proceeded at a uniform ment had advanced £11,000,000 to rate and was not expected to increase Australia to enable that commonin the near future. Army expendi-tures, he said, reached the high wat-wheat contracted for for the home nechere river, and Mr. M. J. O'Brien

er mark, exclusive of munitions, last government. November and, from January to June remained fairly constant at a figure less than that of last November. The daily average of loans to all dominions had dropped £.490,000 in the first period to £1,320,000 in the the Ottawa-Prescott road. second period, but these figures, said

lowing for that, the average expendi- xiety about rust and heat damage. where there are six seats.



Kamloops and Irrigation

(1) Panoramic View of Kamloops. (2) Irrigation Ditches. (3) Field of Mangolds, raised by Irrlgation. THE Western Canada Irrigation

Association held its Tenth Annual convention at the City of Kamloops the last week in July. The picturesque little city takes its name from the Indian equivalent "Mee m; of the 1# ters," where the sun shines and hat piness radiate from all, and opens wile in hospitality its doors Away back ower a. hundred years ago, the North West Fur Trading Co., with keen appreciation of the auvantages of the location, es tablished a post on the present site of Kam opps-the junction of the now called North and South Thompson Rivers. Its excellent water communications; its central position in a wide open stretch of splendid grazing coun try and its healthy, growing climate, attracted Indians and traders from all parts, and soon the little trading-post grew in importance and population. Seventy-five years alterwards the Canadian Pacific Railway thrust its sicel rails through the main street of the aspiring little community, and it was but an endorsement of the opinion of the old trading company, that Kamloops was indeed, "The

There are irrefutable reasons why Kamloops claims the distinction of and 540 from Edmonton, it sees no and to its uninterrupted steady pro-being the leading inland city of the possible rival. With a population of gress. With abundance of water, con-Province of British Columbia. Its some 5000, it points with pardonable tinuous bright sunshine and undis-geographical position marks it ast pride to its splendid streets and pavesome 5000, it points with pardonable tinuous bright sunshine and undisserving a very large area; 250 miles ments, to its modern electric lights, attributes necessary to future co...from Vancouver, 390 from Calgary, power, water and telephone systems, mercial and agricultural development,



THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.

will develop 5,000 horsepower a GAUGE OF FRADE Twice in 100 Years Has She been Exhausted, and Twice Recovered.

THOSE TIMES SHE WAS BEATEN.

How Much More Then Shall She Accomplish When Victorious.

of the dominant powers of people on earth than the French Also the close knowledge and ac-Europe. The Second Indemnity. The second experience, and a some-The second experience is the second of Com-Europe merce and Commercial Bulletin.) robable after-results of the present uropean war and especially its ef-European war and especially its ef-fects upon international trade. Opin-War of the Commune which follow-Great experience lately has been gained and organization perfected ions vary from the extremes of opti-mism to pessimism and, as usually is the case, the truth will be found somewhere between them. One phase of the question, and a phase that is often overlooked in the discussion is often overlooked in the discussion, is Alsace and Lorraine must be ceded, ganization will serve for manufac-the probable rapidity with which the a \$1,100,000,000 indemnity paid in tures and trade in time of peace. warring nations will recover in an economic sense. This is most im-portant, for the foreign commerce the expense of the French people un-the at the average of the french people un-the expense of the french people un-The thrifty French people may b expected again to do their work as f each nation will in the long run epend in great part upon its attain-ent of a sound internal economic midition. in the past, and a commercial and industrial resurrection doubtless wil speedily follow this war, which will horses. The cession of Alsace and match in its results the spiritual, and Lorraine meant a loss of about 1,indition. patriotic experience already noted France an Illustration. Fortunately, we have good illustra- 600,000 inhabitants to France and tions from the past history of France which indicate what the probable decreased by about 500,000 on acourse of events will be in that count of the war. Again, Only Three Years untry. Twice within the past cen-"As in 1815, so in 1871, Franc ury has France been considered exwent to work to redeem herself, austed beyond immediate repair, and each time events have belied says Prof. Charles D. Hazen of John contemporary opinion. The first ex-perience followed the Napoleonic 1873, the final instalment was me wars. After being overthrown by the "Great Coalition" of the Euro-France. The French soil was freed France. The French soil was freed nearly six months earlier than was pean powers in 1814, France acand settled down for a few months under restored Bourbon rule. Napoeffected by two successful loans con 15, and the "Hundred Days" fol-red, which resulted in the Battle Waterloo. Nanoleon was battle other in 1873 for over 2,000,000 francs, the eon returned from Elba in March, 1815, and the "Hundred Days" fol-St. Helena and the leading powers of Europe—Austria, England, Prussia and Russia—determined to provide the former was oversub-latter over fourteen times. The 14 quart Enamelled Preserving Kettles, complete with \$1 cover 2 for \$1 France for this recent uprising and amazing success bore striking so to weaken her that there would dence to the wealth of the country. Best quality Enamelled Tea Kettles, No. 8, with flat **\$1** bottom, each be no further danger from her for What France has accomplished twice before when defeated she can vears to come. A Surprising Recovery. complish again when victorious. 4-piece Cereal Cookers, large They forced upon her the accept-To-day the nation is united as never enamel \$1 ance of the Second Treaty of Paris, before and intensely loyal to its gov according to which her territory ernment. In 1815 and in 1871 the inhabitants. A war indemnity of 700,000,000 francs was laid upon her and eighteen French fortresses were garrisoned by 150,000 other that the government previously established one put in its place. These new gov-**Our Special** were garrisoned by 150,000 allied or a minimum of three veers Tipperary Gas Range, 2-covtroops supported at French expense for a minimum of three years or a maximum of five. It is estimated that the total cost to France of the episode of the "Hundred Days" was about \$1.200,000,000 in money of to-day. This was in addition to the burdens that had followed from over twenty years of revolutionary and ered good large oven with rack, spec-ial large flues for natural gas 8 one \$ twenty years of revolutionary and some sections of the city damaged or Japoleonic warfare. To the surprise destroyed. **Government** is Good Europe, the French people as-med the high taxes, reestablished To-day France has a government the national credit and paid off the war indemnity so rapidly that the allied troops were entirely with-drawn by the close of the year 1818. fiery years since August 1, 1914, has fiery years since August 1, 1914, has

ultaneously with this, France re-licen the wonder of the world. There



"" ELEVEN

We are offering our entire stock of Imported Suitings without reserve comprising a full range of Scotch Tweeds, Worsteds, Cashmeres, Cheviots, etc.

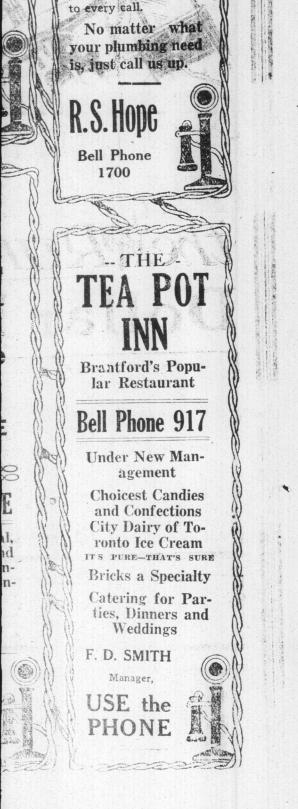
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TWO-PIECE SUIT MADE TO YOUR ORDER

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economic warfare

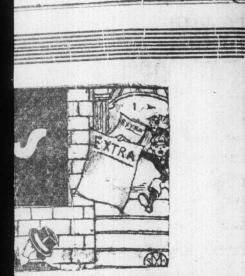
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against Germany along the lines at

of peace.











THIRTEEN





Unusu	al Ba	rgain	e will offer s in Fc	otwe	ar	
Com	e Farly and Secure Som	ne of the Numerous B	argains That You Will Fin PART	d Displayed	ST	
Men's Box Kip Blucher Cut La New Lines of goods. The sizes are for	ace Boots, e 6 to 10, ace Boots, ollar Day \$\$1.00 Amake visit pa	e Sure you t this de- artment & Day	Make Sure you visit, this de- partment \$ Day Child's C These are m \$1.50 and \$1 Child's W come in size and 90c. for Boys' Bo The sizes in bar Day	alf and Patent Strap Slipp ade up of broken sizes, Regul 75, for	^{ey} ^{\$1} 50c ^{ts} ^{b1-} \$1.75	M orini size F Reg Dol
goods. They come in sizes 11 to 2 \$1.75 for Youths' Box Kip Blucher Cut La The sizes in this lot come in 11 to 15 lar Day	ace Boots. 3. For Dol- \$1.50	Trunks and		omen's Boots, They come in breey are new goods. Regular \$4 OTHER LINES WILL BE	OFFERED	Sal

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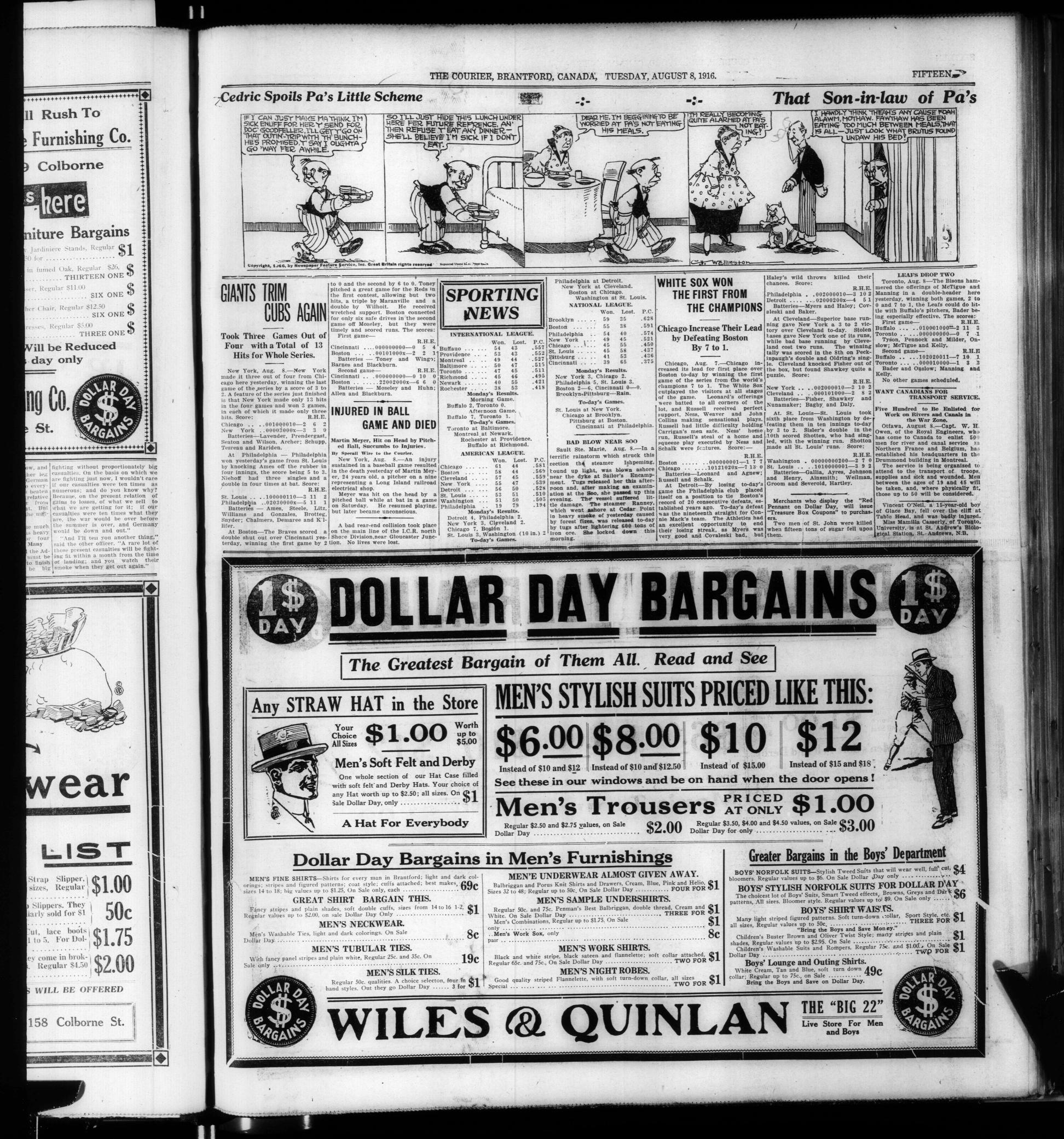
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O ared es up EAT làin 2.00,

M









THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.



or Dollar Day istalled by us in Brantford since last May: ge Cost to run \$2.25 per month, including and toaster. No other make of Electric equals ours in economy, durability and

OR DOLLAR DAY Moifatt Cabinet Electric range. **\$55** new Moifat Cabinet Electric range. \$65 only, new Moffat Electric Range so0.00. For Il the Above Guaranteed Two Years

One, only, Electric Electric Hughes \$30; with top shelf. \$2.50 Iron \$35 s79.00. One only, Moffat Hot ^{11ar} \$8 mly, Electric **\$2** Platé. Regular Prices on Reading Lamps, ctric Toasters, Glassware, Etc. DEPOSITS ACCEPTED **ON ELECTRIC RANGES** ELECTRIC MOTORS



PUBLIC

Do High Class Electric

rt of the sum collected on the **Investigating Af** hal object of the charity and nly steal twenty or thirty thousand und Many Un-

71 COLBORNE SPREET

rized Funds. to the Courier.

z. 8.--(Correspond

ociated Press) -Longistration of charity funds "But," says the Daily Mail, "that s not enough. First let us have the s been stirred by the ome of its titled and title of the bogus charities or the names of their 'treasurers.' Titled and prominent people who lend their members have unlending their names war charity organiza mes of the funds and names in this way place a vicious and contemptible blot on our social system, and it would do a world of cood if the names of these dummy patrons were published along with the frauds they have helped to fos of England's ariste rved on committees n out by the governe which made the dis

lose on the heels of the nder of a war fund was Many promoters have found the aily convicted and senvar charity a gilt-edged investment, he Daily Sketch deduces and adds he imprisonmen for converting it There are certain men and women wn use. In passing in society who think that they hav curt condemned wide ulfilled most of their oblications to s who had allowed harity by allowing their names to go n every committee which writes to be used on "dummy

t all was not straight many of the "char-REPORT NOT TRUE. ns which have sprung By Special Wire to the Courier. break of the wa New York, Aug. 8-A Journal disthis year and i

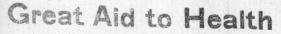
ten from London says: The report pointment of th culated by the Central News that port bristles with King George and Queen Mary intend harities, astounding the overseas dominions libility of mankind, of Great Britain was officially denied rewith distinguished by the government press bureau to rewith distinguished e trapped into lending day.



e germs have their breeding-place in the waste dy. Don't, then, let your bowels clog and throw is back on the blood. Take no chances with serious wels free, and the bile regulated with



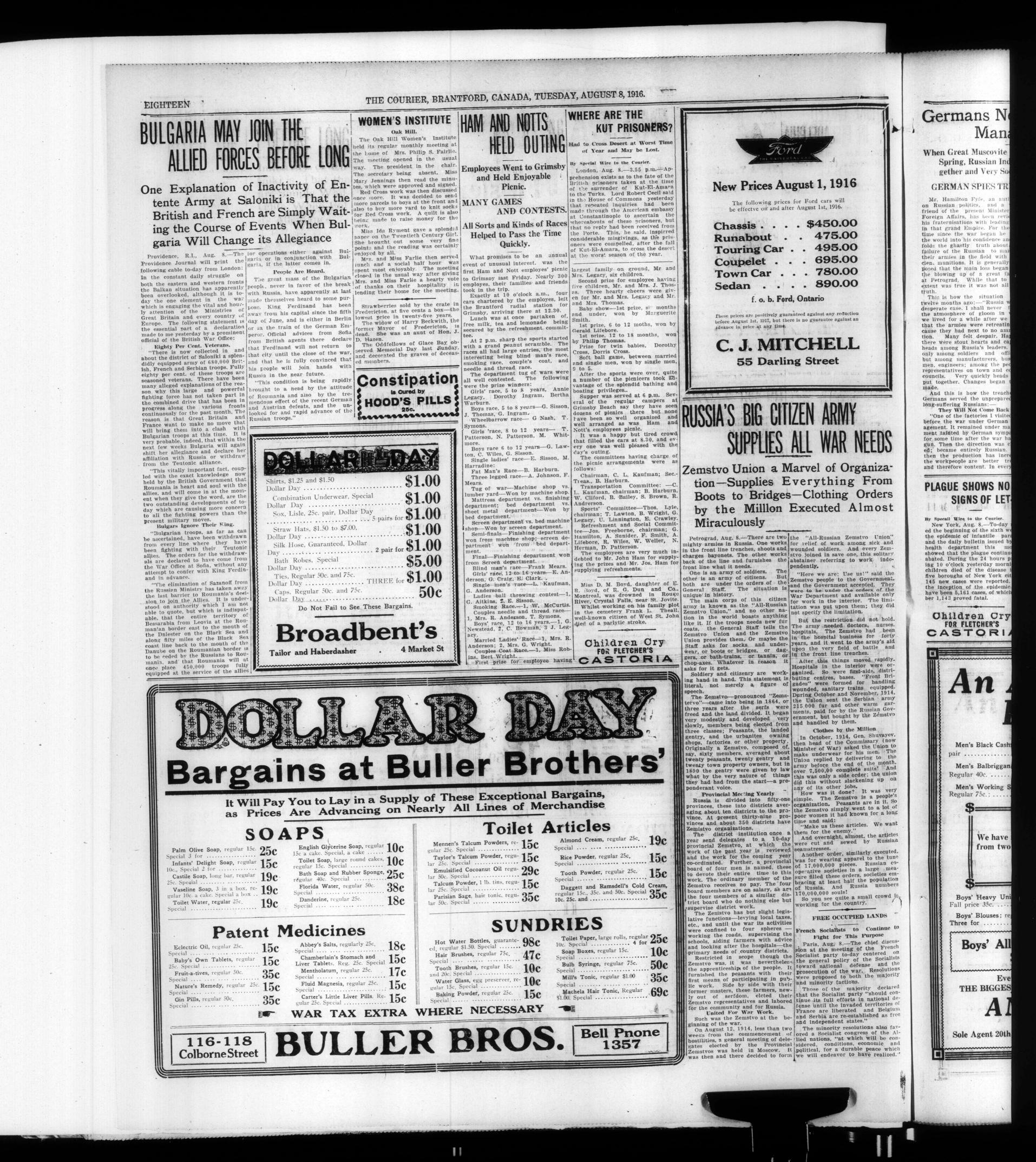
hey are compounded from drugs of vegetable not habit-forming. The experience of three scham's Pills prevent disease and are



FORD.

Worth a Guinea a Box mas Beecham, St. Heleos, Lancashire, England, anada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents

SEVENTEEN



w Prices August 1, 1916

he following prices for Ford cars will

effective on and after August 1st, 1916.

assis \$450.00 475.00 nabout . . uring Car . . 495.00 695.00 upelet . . . wn Car . . . 780.00 lan 890.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario

ces are positively guaranteed against any reduction st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an

J. MITCHELL 55 Darling Street

BIG CITIZEN ARMY UPPLIES ALL WAR NEEDS Union a Marvel of Organizaupplies Everything From to Bridges-Clothing Orders

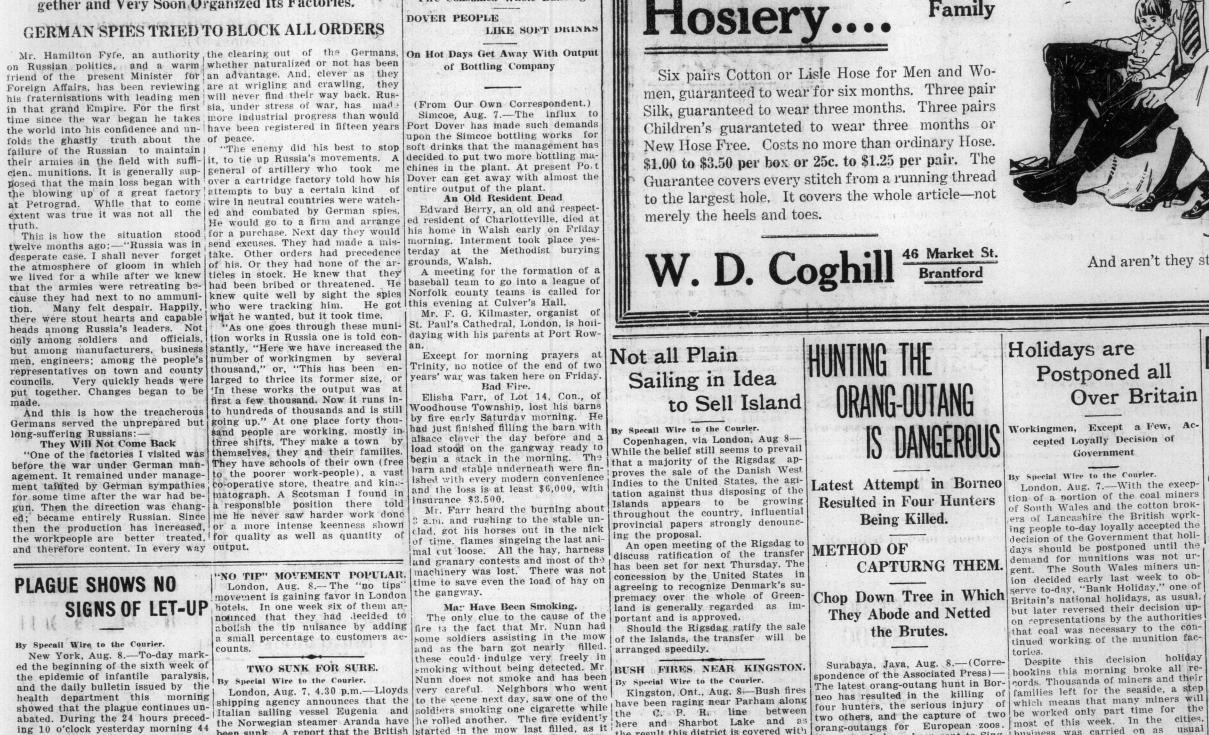
Million Executed Almost lously

.-There are two the "All-Russian Zemstvo Union" Russia. One works for relief of work among sick and nches, shoots and vounded soldiers. And every Zem-The other works stvo ioined in save one, this solitary nd furnishes the abstainer referring to work independently. of soldiers.

"Here we are: Use us!" said the But of citizens. Zemstvo people to the Government, The situation is and the Government accepted. They War Department and available only

citizen for work in the interior. The limis the "All-Russian tation was put upon them; they did and no other nanot specify the limitation. l boasts anything

But the restriction did not hold. needs new fur ral Staff tells the The army needed doctors, nurses and the Zemstvo hospitals. The Zemstvo had been em. Or maybe the in the hospital business for forty ocks and under- years, and it went to the army's aid upon the very field of battle and dag



The animals have been sent to Sing- business was carried on as usual the result this district is covered with clouds of smoke which has been a great hindrance to navigation. A apore for shipment. number of barges of the Montreal The huntsmen, he The huntsmen, headed by Charles at full pressure. transportation Co. had to tie up as Mayer, an expert in wild animals, the smoke was so heavy on the St. who recently arrived in Borneo on a collecting expedition for European Lawrence.

Holeproof For the

Port McNicoll, a few hours pleaszoos, set out for the Landak River

GREAT LAKES.

Committee of Union and Progress Is Rapidly Get-

ing More Enemies.

By Specail Wire to the Courier London, Aug. 8,-(N. Y. Timees' able)-The London times' Constantza correspondence telegraphs as follows under date of August 3: "The movement in Constantinople against Enver Pasha and the com mittee of union and progress is rap-idly gaining strength. The old Turk party has latterly been reinforced by the clandestine adhesion of many in portant persons who, while openly professing loyalty to the policy of

the Young Turks, secretly favor the use of the entente and steadily aim at the overthrow of Enver and is partisans. Their resolve to put an end to the present regime has been quickened by the prospect of the approaching ruin of Turkey. Once while the munition factories worked their plan accomplished, they would mmediately ask for peace in the DELIGHTFULLY COOL ON THE

hope of obtaining comparatively favorable terms from the entente powers, and averting an impending catastrophe. Their design, however,

WARRANT

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916.

MODERN BARN

Just Filled It With Clover When Fire Consumed Whole Building

Germans No Longer FARMER LOST Manage Russ Affairs

When Great Muscovite Retreat Began a Year Ago Last Spring, Russian Industrial Men Put Their Heads Together and Very Soon Organized Its Factories.

GERMAN SPIES TRIED TO BLOCK ALL ORDERS

Mr. Hamilton Fyfe, an authority the clearing out of the Germans, on Russian politics, and a warm whether naturalized or not has been friend of the present Minister for an advantage. And, clever as they Foreign Affairs, has been reviewing are at wrigling and crawling,

his fraternisations with leading men will never find their way back. Rus-in that grand Empire. For the first sia, under stress of war, has made time since the war began he takes more industrial progress than would the world into his confidence and un- have been registered in fifteen years Port Dover has made such demands folds the ghastly truth about the of peace. failure of the Russian to maintain; "The enemy did his best to stop soft drinks that the management has their armies in the field with suffi- it, to tie up Russia's movements. A decided to put two more bottling ma cient munitions. It is generally sup- general of artillery who took me chines in the plant. At present Po.t

cien. munitions. It is generally sup-posed that the main loss began with the blowing up of a great factory attempts to buy a certain kind of the blowing up of a great factory wire in neutral countries were watch-An Old Resident Dead at Petrograd. While that to come wire in neutral countries were watchextent was true it was not all the ed and combated by German spies. Edward Berry, an old and respect-truth. He would go to a firm and arrange ed resident of Charlotteville, died at

Many felt despair. Happily, who were tracking him. there were stout hearts and capable what he wanted, but it took time. heads among Russia's leaders. Not "As one goes through these muni-St. Paul's Cathedral, London, is holiheads among Russia's leaders. Not only among soldiers and officials, tion works in Russia one is told con- daying with his parents at Port Row

but among manufacturers, business stantly, "Here we have increased the an. representatives on town and county thousand," or, "This has been en-councils. Very quickly heads were larged to thrice its former size, or put together. Changes began to be In these works the output was at made. men, engineers; among the people's number of workingmen by several

before the war under German man-agement. It remained under manage-to the poorer work-people), a vast begin a stack in the morning. The barn and stable underneath were finment tainted by German sympathies for some time after the war had be-natograph. A Scotsman I found in incorrence \$2,500 for some time after the war had be-gun. Then the direction was chang-a responsible position there told Mr. Farr heard the burning about ed; became entirely Russian. Since me he never saw harder work done then the production has increased, or a more intense keenness shown the workpeople are better treated, for quality as well as quantity of and therefore content. In every way output.

which is unknown.

PLAGUE SHOWS NO

By Specail Wire to the Couries

SIGNS OF LET-UP

New York, Aug. 8 .- To-day mark-

ed the beginning of the sixth week of

the epidemic of infantile paralysis.

and the daily bulletin issued by the

health department this morning

showed that the plague continues un-abated. During the 24 hours preced-

ing 10 o'clock yesterday morning 44

children died of the disease in the

five boroughs of New York city and

the inception of the epidemic there

have been 5,161 cases, of which num

Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASTORIA

ber 1,143 proved fatal.

new cases were reported. Since

the Norwegian steamer Aranda have he rolled another. The fire evidently been sunk. A report that the British started in the mow last filled, as it steamer Spiral has been sunk, says was most developed there when Mr.

Nunn came out. the agency, is unconfirmed. FOREST FIRE IN FTALY. FARM LOAN COMMISSION By Special Wire to the Courier Specail Wire to the Courier.

Paris, Aug. 8.—A great fire in a forest near Savona, Italy, along a Washington, Aug. 8.-George Nor front of nearly miles, is reported in a Havas despatch from Rome.

Merchants who display the Pennant on Dollar Day, will Two thousand soldiers have been Loan Commissioner, executive head sent to fight the fire, the cause of of the Farm Loan Bank system cre-"Treasure Box Coupons" to purchasated by the new rural credit act.

Family

Whole

And aren't they stylish, too!"

ENVER PASHA IS

STIRRING AGAINST A

NINETEEN

in the front line trenches or tannin, or After this things moved rapidly. ver in reason Hospitals in the interior were or-ganized. So were first-aids, distri-

izenry are work- ganized. This statement is buting centres, bases. "Front Bria figure of gades" were formed for handling vounded, sanitary trains equipped.

ronounced "Zems- During October and November, 1914, being in 1864, or the Union sent the Serbian army 215 000 fur and other warm garthe serfs were divided. It began ments, paid for by the Russian Government, but bought by the Zemstvo d developed very and handled by them. being elected

Clothes by the Million sants, the landed In October, 1914, Gen. Shuvayev, hen head of the Commissary (now urbanites owning other property Minister of War) asked the Union to tvo, composed make underwear for his men. The rs, averaged about Union replied by delivering to the twenty gentry and army before the end of the month. erty owners, but in over 7,500,00 complete suits! And were given by law things this was only a side order; the union nature of n the start-a pre- did this without slackening up on

any of its other jobs. How was it done? It was very

Aecting Yearly mple. The Zemstvo is a people's ided into fifty-one into districts aver- organization. Peasants are in it. So istricts to the pro- the Zemstvo simply went to a lot of pro- poor women it had known for a long thirty-nine 350 districts have time and said:

"Make us these articles. We want institution once a them for the enemy."

And overnight, almost, the articles to a 10-day were cut and sewed by Russian the ear is reviewed seamstresses.

Another order, similarly executed, he coming year was for wearing apparel to the tune 17,000,000 pieces. Russian coperative societies in a large meae filled these orders, societies emracing at least half the population And Russia numbers 70.000.000 souls!

So you see quite a small crowd is orking for the country.

as but slight legis FREE OCCUPIED LANDS ying local taxes

ie war its activitie rench Socialists to Continue to Fight for This Purpose supervising th

Paris, Aug. 8 .- The chief discusat the meeting of the French Socialist party to-day centered ral policy of the Socialists toward national defense and the prosecution of the war. Resolutions ere proposed to both the majority and minority factions.

the majority declared that the Socialist party "should continue its full efforts in national deense until the invaded territories of France are liberated and Belgium and Serbia are re-established as free and independent states."

The minority resolutions also fav-Socialist congress of the Allied nations, "at which will be conint sidered, conditions, economic and It political, for a durable peace which will endeavor to have realized."



and a first set of the second se

