

Wholesale Desertions Are Taking Place in The German Army

Eleven Thousand Have Deserted From Bruges Alone—Canadians to Remain in England Until Epidemic of Spinal Meningitis is Suppressed—Turkish Forces Rally in the Religion of the Caucasus --Earthquakes Cause Panic at Rome

WHOLESALE DESERTIONS FROM GERMAN ARMY.

HAVRE, Jan. 13.—The real reason for the strict guard by the Germans of the Belgian-Dutch frontier, is an epidemic of desertions which began in the German ranks after the battle of the Yser. During December there were 11,000 deserters from the garrison of Bruges alone.

REASON OF THE DUNKIRK AERIAL RAID.

DUNKIRK, Jan. 13.—The importance of the great German air raid on Dunkirk, Sunday, is increased by reason of the fact that the raid was intended to harm the French President, who was expected at Dunkirk to present a standard to the famous French Marine Fusiliers. The President did not arrive until Monday morning, but that the German aviators were misled by their spies is evident from the fact that at the end of their day's bombardment, they threw down weighted streamers on the town which bore the words "Bon Jour, Poincare, a demain."

CANADIANS TO REMAIN AT SALISBURY FOR THE PRESENT.

SALISBURY, Jan. 13.—It is stated that the Canadians will remain in England until all the meningitis is cured. Of twenty-nine cases there were only two recoveries. Twenty men died and the two other cases are in the hospital, incurable. Prof. Ashworth, of the Lister Institute has been engaged by the War Office to help check the disease. There are five cases among children at Salisbury.

A commission has been appointed to investigate the Post Office system which is inefficient. Changes are planned.

TURK'S STUBBORN RESISTANCE IN THE CAUCASUS.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 13.—The Russians in the Caucasus find their difficulties by no means removed since the crushing blow inflicted on the two Turkish Army Corps, which had ventured too far into Russian territory. The Turks assembled a force of 100,000 men at Kara Urgan where they succeeded in checking the victorious Russians on the threshold of Ottoman territory. Turkish resistance in the region of Kara Urgan already has lasted several days and does not show any signs of breaking down.

FURTHER REPORTS OF EARTHQUAKE AT ROME.

ROME, Jan. 13.—Further reports regarding the earthquake which threw Rome into a panic early to-day and destroyed a number of buildings in the outskirts, say, caused a loss of life in the suburbs. The shock was very severe outside of the city and has interrupted telegraphic communication with many of the outlying cities and towns. The quake was the strongest ever felt in Rome.

CARDINAL MERCIER ALLOWED HIS LIBERTY.

COLOGNE, Jan. 13.—Cardinal von Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, has persuaded General von Bissing, military governor-general of Belgium, to allow Cardinal Mercier, the Archbishop of Malines, to leave the palace and communicate freely with his episcopate. Cardinal von Hartmann has also obtained

the release of Belgian priests who were interned in Germany. Some of these are already home, and others are on their way to Belgium.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS TO DEFEAT ZEPPELINS.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—Abbe Moreaux, director of the observatory at Bourges, answers the question of whether Paris or London need fear a Zeppelin attack with a positive negative. He says that it is impossible as long as science is unable to predict with certainty for several days for a squadron of Zeppelins, starting from different points, all at a considerable distance away, to reach their goal at the same time, and that any attempt to do in the present state of meteorological science is bound to result in failure.

BRITISH CRUISER LIES OFF MORRO CASTLE.

HAVANA, Jan. 13.—The unknown cruiser which appeared off this port yesterday is tonight lying about four miles off Morro Castle. She has not communicated directly with the port and displays no colors, but has been identified by her appearance as a British armored cruiser of the Suffolk class.

It is conjectured that she is watching for the German steamer President which left here this port.

BLOW TO GERMANS.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 13.—A severe blow to German hopes has been caused by a great fire last night at Antwerp. The important oil works of Van Gorpen & Company and Martens & Company were entirely destroyed, together with food stores and twelve houses. The blaze was visible at Putten, on the Dutch frontier. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Travellers from Bergen and Opzoom say it was due to a bomb dropped by an aeroplane, but I cannot confirm this statement.

SULTAN'S INVESTIGATOR TAKEN PRISONER.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 13.—Noury Bey, chief of the general staff of the third Ottoman army corps, who was sent by the Sultan to the Caucasus to investigate the cause of the defeat of the Sari Kamysh, has been captured by Cossacks at Kara Urgan, according to the Tiflis correspondent of The Bourse Gazette.

SWISS GOVERNMENT CONTROLS ALL CEREALS.

LAUSANNE, Jan. 13.—The Swiss Government's monopoly on the exportation of all cereals from the country, as well as the sale of all cereals within the country, went into operation to-day. It is intended to prevent any contraband trade in foodstuffs in favor of Germany or Austria.

PEACE MOVEMENT SAID TO HAVE BEEN LAUNCHED.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Neue Freie Presse publishes a statement that Queen Wilhelmina, the Grand Duchess of Luxemburg and the Swiss President, under the guidance of President Wilson, are working for peace. All monarchs of neutral countries have been invited to join the peace movement.

GERMANS DESTROY DUNKIRK LIGHTS

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The Official Press makes public a report from Rotterdam stating that "the expedition of a German airship flotilla for the purpose of destroying the military lighting establishment of Dunkirk and its surroundings had accomplished its purpose completely."

MARKS OF TRUE CITIZEN

Dr. Gordon Addressed Large Gathering at Canadian Club Last Evening

One of the members of the Canadian Club present at the banquet last night at the Y.M.C.A. characterized Dr. Gordon's address on "True Citizenship" as the finest after dinner speech ever delivered in the City of Belleville. There was a large attendance and the remarks were followed with great interest.

Dr. Gordon was at his best, engaging in pleasantries and anecdotes, which showed his sense of humor of the finest type.

A fine spread of viands was enjoyed by the club, after which the president, Mr. J. L. Hoes, introduced the guest of the evening.

Dr. Gordon expressed his opinions on the need for enthusiasm in national life. Canadian clubs are one of the strongest forces at stilling the national emotions. A true citizen will stand for a nation's glory. Foreigners find the highest ideal here, and soon learn to live up to the standard.

There is coming to Canada the finest stream of immigration. "We are all here," said Dr. Gordon on quoting Tennyson's lines on the coming federation of the world, "when the war drums throb no longer." Canada is fusing the races is working towards that great end of a united world. All Canadians are the children of immigrants.

A true citizen should wear a crown of prophecy. Nothing is more manlike a little man. God save us from littleness and meanness.

ENGLISH UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE

"I predicted a universal language; in the world, the language of John Milton and William Shakespeare. One hundred and twenty million speak it and it is growing faster than any other language of the world. A man that speaks English will be understood all over the world."

"I predict the removal of all tariff walls and dividing lines between the nations (cheers), political equality for men and women, equal distribution of wealth according to ability and skill, and the abolition of the liquor traffic to guarantee universal sobriety."

"I believe in the motion picture houses, properly censored. I believe in the book of Job in dramatic form. Many of the great teachers of history have been actors and dramatists. A man may be a great actor and not receiving benefits from the world is not ready to do something for humanity. Napoleon lived for himself and ended at St. Helena with No. 1."

"Have pride in your city. What we need is dynamite in our activities. The legislation and the world is in the hands of the professional and business men. The business man is the dark horse of politics. What kind of business men are we developing?"

The address closed with interesting anecdotes about milliners. "God grant that our principal men shall be men of principle."

On motion of Rev. Dr. Baker seconded by Mr. D. V. Sinclair a hearty vote of thanks was tendered the speaker.

FUNERAL OF LATE MRS. BAXTER

The funeral of the late Mrs. Arabella Baxter, wife of Hugh Baxter, took place on Monday from her home at Consecration to Consecration Methodist church where the Rev. Mr. Williams conducted a solemn service. Many friends were present and countless flowers marked the public esteem. The bearers were Messrs. R. J. Bedford, W. W. Ward, Frank Zuffel, Herman Alyea, W. Booth and J. Thompson.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS L. O. L. NO 300 WEST HUNTINGDON

At the last annual meeting for election of officers for L.O.L. No. 300, for the year 1915, the following were elected as follows—

W.M.—Wilmot Kingston D.M.—E. T. Saries Chap.—Morley Haggerty Rec. Sec.—Percy and Ashley Fin. Sec.—Philip Carr Treas.—J. W. Haggerty D. of C.—S. J. Dunnan Lecturers—Foster Wilson and Wm Gray Com.—Thos. Donnan, E. G. Reid, A. Kingston, Clayton Hagerman, Frank Ashley

Mr. and Mrs. George Hollinger, of Moira, returned home on Monday last, after spending New Year's week, visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. J. G. Kitz, of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

GREAT GATHERING LAST NIGHT AT A. O. U. W. BANQUET

Grand Master W. C. Mikel Installed Officers of Belleville Lodge No. 251—Splendid Addresses by Men Prominent in the Order

The most important event in the history of the A.O.U.W. in this district, took place last night when the Grand Master Workman, Bro. W. C. Mikel, K.C., made his official visit to Belleville Lodge and installed the officers elect for the year 1915. The Grand Master was accompanied by the following Grand Lodge officers: Col. Craig, P.G.M., J. Lockie Wilson, Grand Supt. of Fall Fairs of the Province, Grand Foreman; F. G. Inwood, Grand Recorder; J. B. Nixon, Chairman of Laws, Bert Armstrong, Supt. of Organisation and Alex. Moore, D.D.G.M.W. Over 200 members were present, including visiting members from Trenton, Ameliasburg, Shannonville, Stirling, Plainfield, Cannington, Northport and Deseronto.

Regrets were received from the following prominent brethren, among others, who were unable to be present—Hon. Geo. P. Graham, M.P., of

of his members. The lodge meetings have kept members from the school and questionable resorts. Counsel and advice have been given by members to members by which the average hand of passion has been stayed and tragedies averted. Brothers laid low by illness have been relieved, the fevered brow cooled and parched lips quenched. When gaunt want forced in the door of the home, it was driven out by the charity and beneficence of brothers. When a bereaved widow was carried off by the grim reaper "Death" brothers were there to extend relief and consolation in the hour of affliction, also protection and guidance to the bereaved family from the selfish and overreaching. Many a child of a departed member has been helped by brethren into a career of usefulness and honor that otherwise might have been a life of crime, degradation and expense to the community. It should be a matter of great pride to belong to an organization that has done this good work.

Past Grand Master Col. J. J. Craig, of Guelph, was next called upon, and first performed the pleasing duty of presenting a wise wish to Bro. A. E. Lloyd, who has volunteered for overseas service with the third contingent. Bro. Lloyd briefly responded, and then Col. Craig said that he also had sent from his home a volunteer for active service, and the day before he had, as recruiting officer for Wellington county brought in 21 volunteers. Col. Craig made an admirable speech, well illustrated with witty stories.

Bro. J. Lockie Wilson, who is perhaps better known as superintendent of fairs for Ontario, followed. He complimented Belleville upon its fair women and brave men and was proud to know that Belleville was doing her share in the defence of the empire.

Bro. G. Inwood, the Grand Recorder, for many years Liberal organizer for Ontario, delivered a most eloquent and humorous address, during which he referred to one of the

most interesting facts in regard to Belleville Lodge. This lodge had been established 29 years ago. During that time the members had paid into Grand Lodge by way of dues \$118,000. In that same period there had been paid back by the Grand Lodge to families of 55 deceased members a total of \$128,000. Less dues the Grand Lodge of Ontario paid out in mortuary and other benefits the enormous total of \$948,000.

Bro. J. B. Nixon, of Toronto, chairman of laws of the Grand Lodge and Bro. Bert Armstrong, superintendent of organizers, also spoke briefly.

The toast to "The Parliament of Canada," was proposed by Bro. Alex. Moore, D.D.G.M.W., Plainfield, and owing to the lateness of the hour briefly responded to by Bro. F. E. O'Flynn.

The toast to "The Visitors" was happily proposed by Ald. St. Charles and responded to in short speeches by Bro. M. Roy Anderson, Master of Ameliasburg lodge, and by the Master of Trenton Lodge.

"The Ladies" found an earnest champion in Bro. T. G. Smith and met with a bright response from Sister H. H. Lazier.

"The Press" was proposed by the chairman and responded to by J. O. Herity, editor of The Ontario.

The guests then joined in the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and the floors were cleared for those who wished to enjoy a dance briefly.

The success of the program was very greatly contributed to by the imitatively amusing selections of the Excelsior male quartet composed of Messrs. Duhaime, St. Lawrence, H. Wrightmeyer and J. Monck.

Three members of Belleville lodge have already enlisted, and their contribution to the patriotic fund amounts to \$25.

Bro. C. Donovan, Bert Asselstine, and Vincent Asselstine were each presented with handsome gold watches for the activity they had shown in the bringing in of new members, while Bro. H. H. Lazier was rewarded with a gold ring for similar work.

DISEASED TURKEY

A party in this town purchased a turkey during the holidays. Upon dressing it she found that the liver was diseased and consulted with others about the matter. The liver was sent to the Guelph Agricultural College, where microscopic examination revealed the fact that the turkey had been infected with Entero-hepatitis, commonly known as "blackhead," which is a disease that affects turkeys in the United States and Canada, and which of course renders them unfit for consumption. The liver becomes affected early and later the head of the bird becomes black.

This incident will doubtless prove a warning to citizens to examine food carefully and also to exercise care as to whom they purchase from—Co-Boys World.

Mrs. J. B. Gauthier left for Montreal today, where she will attend the obsequies of her niece, Alice Gauthier, who died there on Monday.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION AT MOIRA

On the evening of January 7th., the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Brown assembled in the Workman's Hall to bid adieu to their departing friends.

Mr. Harold Welsh read the following address to which Mr. and Mrs. Brown replied most appropriately. To Mr. and Mrs. Harris Brown and Family.

Dear Friends: We, your neighbors and associates, having learned that you are about to leave our midst, in the near future, and, thus sever the ties that have bound us together for so many years, have gathered here this evening to bid you adieu, and to spend a social evening ere you take your departure to your new home in Chatterton.

We know that words at best give but poor expression to our deepest feelings, but we assure you, that you will be greatly missed from our community.

As friends and neighbors, you have always proved yourselves to be cheerful, kind, and true, and ever ready to lend a helping hand.

We assure you, that your kindness has been appreciated by us all, and, as a community, feel that your well-comme services will be missed greatly both in social and religious life, where you have always exerted your far-reaching influence for the betterment of the community.

As members of the Moira Methodist Church, you were always present in the choir, and ever ready to do your part, for which we owe to you our heartfelt appreciation.

Now we feel that we cannot let you depart from us without some token of your appreciation.

We would ask you to accept this Set of Dishes and, in presenting it to you, we express in wish that it may convey our heartiest good wishes for your comfort through life and may it often remind you of the pleasant days spent at Moira. Be assured that our prayers and best wishes will follow you wherever duty calls you and may God grant you long life, health, happiness, and prosperity in your new home.

Signed on behalf of your many friends.

Sam. Herity, Albert Welsh, Several of the gentlemen spoke of the different ways in which Mr. Brown had benefited their neighborhood.

Miss Hazel Salisbury then rendered a most sweetly "It's a long way to Tipperary," the audience joining in the chorus. Other selections of music were given by the school children and others.

Tea was then served by the ladies, after which the National Anthem was sung. Everyone then departed all agreeing that they had spent a most enjoyable evening.

THE ROBE WAS CUT TO PIECES

The horse that made the sensational run on Saturday evening along the railway track belonged to Mr. Arthur Chase of Frankford. The horse got away from his brother above Bayside, At Bayside yesterday a robe which was thrown out of the gutter was found on the track cut to pieces. The horse escaped injury, which is remarkable owing to the flooring of the C.P.R. bridge. One of the men at the shanty who saw the horse cross the bridge said it ran so fast that he could not tell whether there was a cutter or buggy attached. Neither horse nor cutter were injured or damaged. Mr. LaRue who caught the animal was able to state its color because it had become so wet and lathered in its ten mile run.

INTERMEDIATE DEFUALT GAME

Belleville intermediates having lost five games without a win, have defaulted to Oshawa the game scheduled to be played here tonight.

JOHN STREET JOTTINGS

Mrs. Dr. Kimmel last night spoke to the Young Peoples' Guild of John Street church on the subject of "Social Service," in an address which was full of interest and profit to all present. Having defined what social service means, and the various lines of its operation, prison reform, amelioration of the conditions of the poor, etc. She dwelt to considerable length on the development of talent for service. "Behind all distress is wrong thinking," and some very practical suggestions were given in the direction of simple, inexpensive, plain living in the matter of food, dress, and residence and the obligation to this kind of service on the part of Christian people who follow in the lead of the greatest social servant and savior.

John Street Sunday School contributed \$121 to the Belgian Fund on Sunday last.


The Church Help Society, which has had an exceptionally good year, held its annual meeting and election of officers for 1915, this afternoon.







# 'Overland'



## Overland Model 81

### Comfort & Convenience

Electric Lighting and Starting.

Model 81 Touring Car, 106 in. wheel base, 30 h.p. \$1135  
 Model 81 Roadster Car, 106 in. wheel base 30 h.p. \$1065  
 Model 80 Touring Car, 114 in. wheel base 35 h.p. \$1425  
 Model 80 Roadster 114 in. wheel base 35 h.p. \$1390  
 Model 82 Touring 7 passenger, 125 inch wheel base 6 cylinder 45-50 h.p. price \$1975.

The above prices are f.o.b. Hamilton, Ontario.

A large number of slightly used Ford cars at bargain prices.

Full line of supplies for different makes of cars.

Cars of all types repaired by skilful mechanics.

Catalogues mailed on request.

## C. A. Gardner

Dealer for Hastings and Prince Edward Counties of the Willys-Overland of Canada, Limited.

Show Rooms and Garage

Foxboro, Ontario

## INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF MAYOR PANTER TOUCHED MANY POINTS

### Of Municipal Interest—Zwick's Island Filtration Scheme—Permanent Pavements—Railway Issue.

"It is with a feeling of great responsibility," said Mayor Wm. H. Panter, this morning in his address to the new council, following his installation and investment with the chain of office, "that I assume the position of Chief Magistrate for the Municipality of the City of Belleville, especially at this particular time, when the country is plunged in a war which, to some extent is paralyzing industry, and making it difficult to negotiate financial matters, thereby handicapping us in our ability to carry on the necessary improvements which our people are demanding and which the council is willing and anxious to give them, and I trust that whatever ability I lack for the successful carrying out of the city's business will be supplied by the aid and support of the council members, and that we may all work harmoniously together for the best interests of our beautiful city.

#### SALE OF DEBENTURES

"One of the first things that will demand our attention, will be the sale of our debentures. It will be the duty of whoever is elected to the position of the Chairman of the Executive as early as possible and at the best figure we can obtain, to dispose of them so that we can go on with our work without having this matter hanging over our heads, and I am sure that the chairman will realize the aid and co-operation of all the members of the council.

#### RAILWAY ISSUE IN BELLEVILLE

"Another matter which the council will have to deal with, will be the question at issue with the railways the problem of inter-switching should be settled at an early date, as our large shippers have been and are suffering for the want of this valuable service. A determined stand should be made for the necessary subsidies for the protection of life as well as for the non-interruption of traffic. As you know Mr. Porter is acting for us in this case (true of cost) and when the matter comes before parliament in February, he should be given every assistance, not only by the council but also by the Belleville Board of Trade.

#### A FREE BAY BRIDGE DESIRED

"A combined effort by the Council of Belleville and the County of Prince Edward should be made this year for the purpose of endeavoring to place the Bay Bridge on a free basis, and it is my belief that if the two municipalities together with the visible aid of our representatives in the Dominion Parliament and Provincial Legislature present to the governments as strong a case as facts in the matter warrant, the above results could be accomplished.

#### MORE PERMANENT PAVEMENTS

"Permanent paving will no doubt be an important factor in this year's work, and it is necessary that we should gain all the knowledge we can as early in the season as possible so as to be in a position to give the citizens a good durable pavement at a reasonable cost. Already petitions have been signed for certain streets, and as the residents are paying the total cost it is incumbent on us to be up and doing thereby adding sanitation and beauty to our city and at the same time giving employment to our people.

#### RESERVOIR ON ZWICK'S ISLAND

"The paving and lighting of Front street are now accomplished facts, as well as valuable assets to the city. And to my mind another great achievement in the city's interests would be achieved if we could have a reservoir on Zwick's Island for our Water Works system. The island as you know is beautifully situated, is a natural park enjoyed even now by many of our citizens. It is admirably adapted for the establishment of bathing houses, recreation grounds and so forth. "A reservoir would give us a natural filtration system, an unlimited supply of absolutely pure water, and what a fine thing for future generations an ideal resting spot.

#### SEWAGE SYSTEM FOR WEST SIDE

"The long deferred sewage system for West Belleville should at least be started this year. It has become an absolute necessity, the people want it, and are willing to pay for it, and it is a work that could be started at once. The trench in which trunk sewers are to be constructed, and all the digging, which is not affected by cold weather.

#### MUST NOT EXCEED PRIVILEGE

"I have noticed this last year or so a growing tendency on the part of officials and chairmen to order and purchase material for the city far beyond their privilege. The law is that officials should not purchase beyond consulting their chairmen and that the purchase by a chairman shall not exceed \$25.00 without first consulting his committee.

#### MAYOR IS OPTIMISTIC

"These and many other matters will give this year's council plenty of scope to display their ability to achieve things and it is my belief that we shall not be found wanting. "Difficulties and obstacles will of course arise, but let us not be dismayed, let us buckle on our armor, meet the difficulties and obstacles, overcome them and finally attain these things for which we are contending.

#### THE WAR.

"In conclusion gentlemen, members of the council and citizens generally, allow me to wish you all a happy and prosperous New Year, and may the great war between Britain and her sister colonies have been drawn, be brought to a speedy and successful conclusion, and may those principles which are dear to the heart of every British subject be finally established."

#### BYLAWS

Bylaws were passed to make certain appointments as follows—  
 Board of Health—S. Robertson, L. F. Hughes, A. McGie, Mayor Panter, Dr. H. A. Tomana, M.H.O.  
 High School Trustees—J. Elliott, H. Aneby  
 Auditors—Jos. Clarke, Thos. Thomson  
 County Public Library—J. F. Willis  
 County of Hastings Auditor—J. W. Holmes, city representative.

There was considerable discussion over the expenditure by city officials. The consensus of opinion was that officials should be placed on a strict budget so that the council might be consulted.

Ald. Duckworth said "we have to keep our hand on the money bag and not allow everybody to dip into it."

Ald. Woodley moved, seconded by Ald. Wallbridge "That the city officials be requested to consult their chairmen before engaging help or purchasing supplies, and any violation of said rule will be charged to said officials."

Mayor Panter said there was much to be said for the Coleman street sewer at once.

Ald. Wallbridge said the Provincial Board of Health would have to be consulted. He believed the sewer and water problems were very pressing.

Ald. Smith understood that it was either a sewerage disposal plant or a filtration plant that Belleville would have to build. He thought if possible Belleville should go ahead with the filtration plant.

Ald. Duckworth thought the railway situation should be definitely settled on this week before the sewerage system was determined. There is a conflict and the city expend money unnecessarily.

M. Smith moved, seconded by Ald. Platt that the City engineer be instructed to report on the feasibility and probable cost of constructing a filtration basin on Zwick's Island and of beginning a trunk sewer on Coleman street—Carried.

Council adjourned.

## Belleville—Its Beginning and Early History

Maurice D. Lynch in Chicago-Belleville News.  
(Continued from November Issue.)  
PART II.

The Bay of Quinte looked good to the original settlers of Belleville, as it has to anyone who has seen it since, and they built their homes near it. That part of the village site around the mouth of the river was a barren plain with a heavy cedar swamp on each side of it. What is now Front street was a very thick cedar swamp, and none dreamt that one day a beautiful paved thoroughfare would go right up through the heart of it.

The little settlement began to grow around Dundas street and for many years that street was its northern limit. The first man to build a house there was Asa Wallbridge. His friends followed his example and soon there was quite a group of houses there. It must have looked a promising little town when John Simpson in 1798, for after John happened along there he gave the settlement "the once over" he delivered this monologue to himself: "John, what these boys need is a gable put, where they can wet their whiskies. It'll be the first tavern in Thurlow, John, and there'll be money in it. Now, git boy and git it on the ground floor." John liked what he had to say, so he built a hotel at Front and Dundas streets where it stood for many years. John's tavern was right at the spot where things were doing, for the ferry was at Dundas and Front, and was also the first bridge across the river. A few years later the bridge was moved, and by the way, that moving of the bridge started a lively little scrap. A new bridge was badly needed, but the people being economical, wanted it to cost as little as possible, so they picked out the narrowest part of the river and decided to build the new bridge there. The spot selected was where the present Lower Bridge stands. Many were opposed to the new site; they claimed that it was too far from the center of population, and that it was altogether too far off the main road, but they were overruled and the new bridge was built "away up north" of the settlement.

Speaking of the river reminds us that the Indian name for it was "Sagoy-Akwa," and it had also been known as "Singleton's River," as a compliment to the doughty Captain John. Later it was named Moira, in honor of the Earl of Moira, afterwards Marquis of Hastings.

Belleville, at the time we've been speaking of, and, in fact, until 1816, was known as Meyer's Creek. In 1816, however, Governor Gore and his wife, the Lady Bella, visited the settlement and the Governor named the place "Belleville" as a compliment to his wife. And then you should have heard the roar that went up. The women of the place claimed that the Governor had a "nerve" to name it after his wife and the "very lively" Mr. Stronach's Corcoran was called out to express to such effect that the men were covered into sticking an "e" in after the "Bel" and that made it "Belleville" and everyone was happy. "Belleville" was a beautiful town, and that's exactly what Belleville is.

In 1818, Surveyor Wilnot got busy with Lot No. 4, which good-hearted Louis Kotte, in 1787, had set aside as a place to plant good Indians, and the "Indiana Land Ground" was cut up into town lots of a half-acre each and Belleville was ready to branch out. In this same year a post-office was established and Mr. S. McNab got the job of postmaster. There were a very lively lot of people in Belleville in 1816, although there were only about one hundred of them.

In 1817, Belleville's first church was erected by the Methodists. It was not much of a structure, compared with present-day churches, being but a rough frame building, 60x30, but that it filled a want is evidenced by the fact that services were held within the frame before it was enclosed. Indeed, the church never was properly finished, the pulpit being of rough boards, and the seats of common boards placed upon blocks. It was replaced in 1831 by a better building. (To be continued.)

Errata.—The name Kossuth in Part I should be "Kotte."

## The Standard Bank OF CANADA

Quarterly Dividend Notice No. 97.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Thirteen Per Cent Per Annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 30th January, 1915, and the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City, and at its branches, on and after Monday, the 1st day of February, 1915, to Shareholders of record of the 21st January, 1915.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 17th of February next, at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,  
 Geo. P. Scholfield, General Manager.  
 Toronto, 22nd December, 1914.  
 John Elliott, Manager, Belleville Branch

## Merchants' Bank of Canada

CAPITAL \$7,000,000  
 RESERVE \$7,000,000  
 ASSETS, \$85,000,000

### Your Savings Account Invited

Interest will be added to your balance every six months. Small or large amounts (\$1.00 and upwards) may be deposited by you at any time. Our statements show figures which guarantee the utmost security for your money. We help you to save money. Cheese factory accounts a specialty. Banking can be done by mail.

A general banking business conducted.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH H. SNEYD MANAGER

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

With Cash in the Bank You Can Buy to Advantage

You know how everything costs more when you have to buy on credit. Why not practice self-denial a while if necessary, open a Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, and, with the money in hand, buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank balance, and you will have made a good start towards financial independence.

Belleville Branch: J. G. Moffat, Manager.  
 Picton Branch: W. Brown, Manager.

## 1915 COUNCIL ENTERED INTO OFFICE THIS MORNING

### Various Appointments Made—Relief of Distress Discussed—Work Transacted in Business Manner.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Belleville's City Council for 1915 was inaugurated this morning in the New Year's work. Mayor Panter and every member of the council were present and the seats at the rear were filled with representative citizens.

City Clerk J. W. Holmes read the electoral results for Mayor, Aldermen and Trustees, and on the plebiscite regarding assessment publication and declared the council now ready for business.

On motion of Ald. Wallbridge, seconded by Ald. Woodley, the Mayor, Wm. H. Panter was escorted to the chair and invested with the chain of office by Ald. McCurdy and Ald. Earle, the new members.

Mayor Panter called upon Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to ask a blessing upon civic affairs.

Rev. Mr. Kerr, offered up a beautiful prayer for our King and Country in the time of stress, for the men who had one from Canada to fight liberty, for victory in the cause of righteousness, thanking God for the blessings of our national rule; prayer for the city, gratitude for its past, prayer for guidance and righteousness in civic administration.

Mayor Panter then delivered his address on the public outlook. Loud applause greeted the Mayor as he sat down.

Ald. Woodley moved, seconded by Ald. Duckworth, that a hearty vote of thanks be presented the mayor for his able and instructive address. The motion was carried unanimously by a standing vote and presented to the mayor by City Clerk Holmes. Mayor Panter replied that he hoped he would act so as to merit these thanks.

Council went into committee of the whole. Ald. Woodley in the chair.

#### CHAIRMEN

Chairmen were appointed as follows Executive—Ald. C. F. Wallbridge  
 Gas—Ald. E. O. Platt  
 Public Works—A. C. McFee  
 Light—Ald. W. S. Smith  
 Water Works—Ald. W. A. Woodley  
 Fire—Ald. J. O. St. Charles  
 Markets and City Property—Ald. James Duckworth  
 Parks, Printing and Stationery—Ald. J. O. B. McCurdy  
 Industries—Ald. H. C. Earle

#### PRESENTS CITY WITH FLAG

Messrs. Tiekell and Sons Company presented the city with a twelve foot Union Jack for use on the city hall.

Ald. Duckworth moved that the clerk extend to Tiekell and Sons for their generous gift the thanks of the council.

Ald. Smith took great pleasure in seconding the motion.

The motion carried unanimously.

Mr. W. B. Riggs offered the city gratis a couple of thousand loads of sand loan for placing on the city park. He would furnish the city with two men to load the material if the city would draw it away.

Ald. Earle and Ald. Smith spoke in favor of its acceptance.

## CITY HOCKEY LEAGUE FORMED

A meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. parlor Friday evening for forming a City Hockey League. After the meeting was called to order business was begun. Moved by Mr. Davidson and seconded by Mr. Chapman that Mr. White take the chair. The election of officers then took place. The Executive Committee: J. Elliott, Mr. R. Arnot, Mr. A. M. Chapman, president; Mr. J. Elliott, secretary; treasurer, Mr. Faulkner. There were eight representatives at the meeting and ten teams entered. First are the Grand Trunk Railway not represented and the Albert College represented by a filtration plant that Belleville Telephone represented by Mr. Alford. O. B. C. represented by Mr. Chapman. Belleville Hardware Co., represented by Mr. Goyer. Griffin's theatre represented by Mr. Burgess. Belleville Bankers represented by Mr. Gies. Bridge street Ever Ready were not represented. Front street, not represented. It was moved by Mr. Chapman that one O.H.A. man be allowed to pay with each team. Seconded by Mr. Alford.

Moved by Mr. Chapman that the 15th of January be the time limit for players taking up their residence in Belleville and any special case to be handled by the executive. Seconded by Mr. Goyer.

Moved by Mr. Chapman that the entrance fee of \$3.00 be paid by each club, and any club not finishing the season shall forfeit the above fee. Seconded by Mr. Alford.

Moved by Mr. Webb that there be no restrictions as to any number of player to be signed by any club. Seconded by Mr. Hunter. Moved by Mr. Chapman that no registration cards be recognized, and that no player who has played a league game or part of it in the league will be eligible to play with any other team during the season of 1915. Moved by Mr. Chapman that all entries for placing a team in the Belleville City Hockey League must be in by Monday night the 11th inst, accompanied by their registration fee of \$3.00. Seconded by Mr. Alford. Moved by Mr. Gies that the meeting be adjourned until Tuesday at 8 o'clock. Seconded by Mr. Goyer.

#### CRUELTY.

What was supposed to be a fox chase took place on New Year's day. The fox and a few dogs were there, and a big crowd, but there was no chase. When the fox was liberated the poor animal was apparently so frightened it did not know what to do. So confused was it that it did not run, with the result that the dogs soon made quick work of it. We do not profess to be an expert in the management of fox should have a better chance for its life than the one had on Friday of last week. A number who were there expressed the opinion that the affair bordered on cruelty to animals.—Deseronto Post.

#### Light Meat

A Mrs. Simmons bought on Saturday a piece of meat supposed to weigh 30 pounds. When it was delivered it weighed 24 lbs. The lady has reported the occurrence to the police.

## Remember

It is wise to get rid quickly of ailments of the organs of digestion—of headache, languor, depression of spirits—the troubles for which the best corrective is

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

## What You Pay For in Buying Meat.

Meat has been for several years the most costly item in food bills, and the present increase in price makes it more difficult the task which confronts the housewife who must make these bills as low as possible and at the same time provide her family with sufficient food.

Therefore the thrifty housekeeper is more keenly interested than ever in learning how to buy to advantage and how to get the best possible results out of the meat purchases. She knows that no woman can buy to advantage unless she understands just what she is getting, what it ought to cost and how far it will go.

To achieve this object a little study of the market reports published in the daily newspapers is necessary, says the Ladies Home Journal. Then an occasional comparison of the prices charged by her own butcher with those sufficient understanding of the situation to enable her to deal with it intelligently and effectively. Unless she knows exactly what she ought to pay the protest against an excessive price has very little force.

The butcher counts upon this ignorance or carelessness and in nine cases out of ten charges just what he thinks "the traffic will bear." And he can hardly be blamed for doing this, because when a housewife orders over the telephone without asking the price, or says that of course she wants the best, and although the price is high, she supposes it must be paid. If moments practically to an invitation to the butcher to charge the limit.

So much for meat prices, over which the housewife has little or no control. She may prevent her butcher from charging more than the prevailing market price, but when that prevailing price is high she had to pay it or go without.

Intelligent economy never goes without, unless the case is extreme. Therefore the housewife who must make the most of her housekeeping allowance will rather study how to buy so that she may receive the greatest possible value for her money.

In learning to do this, she must take into consideration the proportion of each cut that is edible. The reason chops are the most expensive of all cuts of meat is that the percentage of waste is very high. The actual price paid for the meat may seem reasonable enough, but when the waste is subtracted the cost of the rest starts the woman who is trying her conscientious best to economize.

As aid in estimating the proportion of waste, and so determining which is the more economical cuts, may be found in the following table, drawn up by the food experts in the United States department of agriculture. It mounted on a piece of cardboard and hung conveniently in the kitchen if will serve as a constant reminder, and will undoubtedly be a valuable check in meat purchasing.

Kind of meat	Percentage of bone of edible meat in cut
Beef	23 76.7
Brisket	23 76.7
Rump	19.0 80.9
Flank	5.5 94.5
Chuck Rib	53.8 46.2
Porterhouse	12.7 87.3
Neck	31.2 68.8
Ribs	20 80
Round	8.5 91.5
Shin	38.3 61.7
Heart	3.9 96.1
Tongue	26.5 73.5
Veal	
Cuts	3.4 96.6
Breast	24.5 75.5
Mutton	
Leg	47.7 52.3
Chops	14.8 85.2
Forequarter cut for stewing	21.2 78.8
Pork	
Loin	19.3 80.7
Salt Pork	8.1 91.9
Bacon	8.7 91.3
Ham	12.2 87.8

## IF HEAD AGES AND YOUR EARS BUZZ YOU SURELY HAVE CATARRH

It doesn't matter how long you have suffered, or how often you have failed to get relief—even though Catarrh may affect every organ in your body, you can be permanently cured by inhaling the soothing vapor of Catarrhazone.

A few breaths through Catarrhazone inhaler clears the phlegm out of the throat and stops your cough. The nostrils are cleansed of offensive mucous discharge, and sneezing and snuffling stop at once. Partial loss of hearing and headache (very common symptoms of catarrh) are quickly cured, and in a short time every trace of catarrh disappears.

Nothing can be simpler or more pleasant than Catarrhazone. It's healing piney vapor sends a warm cleansing sensation through the nasal passages in the head and throat—makes you feel better in half a minute.

"My ears buzzed by the hour and I had frightful head noises," writes J. P. Purdy, from Port Huron. "Catarrh fairly filled my whole head and throat. I get relief mighty fast when I tried Catarrhazone; it hit the spot instantly. You bet Catarrhazone has cured me and I simply swear by it. Get the complete \$1.00 outfit; it does the trick in a hurry—never fails small size 50c; trial or sample size 25c., sold by dealers everywhere.

## Remember

It is wise to get rid quickly of ailments of the organs of digestion—of headache, languor, depression of spirits—the troubles for which the best corrective is

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The Weekly Ontario
Morton & Herity, Publishers

DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1915.

PROGRESS WILL BE SLOW.

A London correspondent in a recent cable stated that it was now the opinion of some military experts that it will require a summer campaign to bring about an expulsion of Germany from Belgium and France.

The key to an understanding of the extensive operations that are now in progress in Northern France and Belgium is, a writer in the Manchester Guardian points out, the river system of the country.

There are five main lines of communication. First there is the coast road, which runs by the broadest river of all—the sea.

With La Basse and Menin in our hands Lille would fall to us and we should threaten the main line of communications through Flanders from France to Antwerp.

It would be wicked, this writer thinks, to raise hopes that these successive campaigns will be short and sharp. It is, on the contrary, the most formidable task any army has ever been set in the history of war, and it is, alas, likely to be terribly costly in life.

along the whole line. The process is most vigorous at two extremities in Flanders, where the British forces are engaged, away to the East in Alsace, in the Moselle Valley near Nancy, in the Meuse Valley, and the thickly mountainous districts of the Argonne.

"The Germans will not be able, we imagine, to concentrate their forces at one point of the line; in the face of an attack which is constantly feeling for the weak points of their lines and which may develop in strength at any one point they will hardly be able to establish a great numerical superiority at the real points of attack.

THE REAL ISSUE.

A striking and significant comment on the American Note to the British Government regarding the seizure of contraband cargoes is contained in a letter written to the Boston Transcript, by Professor Barrett Wendell, of Harvard University, one of the most distinguished men of letters in the United States.

In brief, he names five things: 1, national honor, inasmuch as England has guaranteed the independence and neutrality of Belgium; 2, the right of small States to independent existence; 3, the cause of constitutional liberty and popular government; 4, the cause of European peace, of the organization of the state, on a pacific basis is against militarism and all that it implies; 5, national existence, for the "aim of Germany is clear; it is to hold back Russia, to crush France, and then to subjugate Great Britain."

"If," says Professor Wendell, "Mr. Prothero's opinions be, as I believe them, worthy of confidence and respect, there can be no doubt that any influence which should just now weaken our fundamental sympathy with England—whatever our own good reasons for discontent—is an influence hostile to the nobler traditions of America."

We are glad to believe that Professor Wendell voices the judgment of right-thinking Americans who will not let their politicians forget that the issue for which Britain is standing, far transcends mere questions of temporary trade difficulties.

Are we downhearted? NO!

"Life" says that the favorite sport in Germany this year is Belgian not boar-hunting.

Let the slogan for the New Year be "Business Better Than Usual!"

Again we give you: "The Homeland, the best land!"

When the Kaiser yoked up with the unspeakable Turk, he made another grievous miscalculation.

Princess Pat's Pets are doing well. They won distinction in the firing line, and Lord Kitchener has called them "a fine Canadian regiment."

The answer to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's claim that Germany has plenty of copper in store is that the Prussians are stealing the door knockers in Belgium and shipping them off to the Krupp factories.

As the London Advertiser says, the churches have a wonderful invitation to service in starving Belgium. Premier Murray's appeal to the leaders of the Canadian churches promises to set a fresh stream of benevolence flowing.

British recruiting is quite satisfactory to the War-Office, but it is not going to give infor-

mation of enormous value to the enemy by disclosing the number of recruits, merely to gratify public curiosity. That is not Kitchener's way of doing things.

Lord Haldan, the present Lord High Chancellor, who has recently been the object of malicious attacks by the "rump" of the Unionist press because he worked for peace with Germany, makes it plain that nothing short of the crushing out of Prussian militarism will suffice. So say we all.

Lord Kitchener's statement in the House of Lords disproves the stories sent to American papers about the disappointing response to the call for volunteers in the United Kingdom. There is now a surplus of training officers and recruiting is almost restored to its "former satisfactory level."

Who would have dreamed in 1900 that fifteen years later Kitchener would stand in his place in the House of Lords and pay tribute to the "masterly manner" in which General Botha had upheld the British cause in South Africa! It demonstrates the truth of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's dictum that "freedom breeds loyalty."

The Military Cross, instituted as a new decoration will differ from the Kaiser's famous "Iron Cross," in that it is of silver. A more important difference however, will be that it will be bestowed in recognition of real meritorious service, and not as in the Kaiser's case distributed by the bucket when the weary German soldiers need something to "spunk" them up.

It is announced that Sir Edward Cook has joined the Official Press Bureau as assistant director. Sir Edward Cook has the distinction of having edited at different times the London Daily News, the Pall Mall Gazette and the Westminster Gazette. Since the war began he has written three pamphlets on the war which have been translated into most languages of Europe and Asia.

Dr. Mayo, the well-known surgeon, talking recently on the subject of cancer, says it is not contagious; that no one knows what causes it; that one man of every thirteen may expect to die of it, and one woman of every seven. On top of this he says the disease is easily curable if taken in time and that the only remedy is the surgeon's knife. His advice is to go at once to your physician as soon as you discover any sign of irritation about warts, tumors, moles or injuries which do not heal promptly. It is from such causes most cancers start, hence the advice.

Lord Kitchener, who is not the man to raise false hopes, says that the advantages which Germany enjoyed at the outset, by reason of her superiority of numbers and extensive war preparations, have certainly diminished, while the Allies daily are increasing their resources in such a way as to enable them to prosecute the war to a triumphant end. In other words, the Kaiser has shot his bolt.

The German theologians who have issued another futile appeal to "Protestant Christians abroad," are quite right in speaking about "the strong feeling in Canada"—but not in the sense they mean. The "strong feeling in Canada" is that Prussianism and all that it implies shall be wiped out root and branch.

The Dominion Government is confronted with a serious financial problem. The revenue of Canada has fallen off during 1914 nearly Forty-five Million Dollars, while the expenditure during the same period has been increased by over Fifteen Millions, and over Seventy-three Millions have been added to the national debt which now stands at \$376,744,164.

British lawyers may well be proud of the response which has been made in the legal world to the manhood of the Nation. The Law Journal prints a list of the names of 668 solicitors, including the President of the Law Society, who are serving in the King's forces. The list, which has been compiled by the Secretary of the Law Society, contains, in addition, the names of 434 articulated clerks, and since its compilation about 500 further names have been received. The number of solicitors and articulated clerks who have responded to the Nation's call may already be put, therefore, at over 1,600, and the contribution of the Bar, including Bar students, will finally be ascertained to over 1,000. When both lists are complete the legal profession will probably be found to have contributed some 3,000 men to his Majesty's forces.

Recent suggestion from Germany that exequators of American Consuls accredited to Belgium would have to be "modified," whatever that may mean, have renewed the expectation

that the Kaiser was on the verge of formally annexing conquered Belgian territory to the German Empire. This expectation has inspired the republication of the official telegrams sent by the German Foreign Office to its Embassy in London and communicated to the British Government just before Great Britain cast its lot with the Allies. In part, this telegram reads:

Please dispel any mistrust that may exist on the part of the British Government with regard to our intentions, by repeating most positively formal assurance that, even in case of armed conflict with Belgium, Germany will, under no pretence whatever, annex Belgian territory. Sincerity of this declaration is borne out by the fact that we solemnly pledged our word to Holland strictly to respect her neutrality. It is obvious that we could not profitably annex Belgian territory without making at the same time territorial acquisitions at the expense of Holland.

These declarations of Germany's attitude toward Belgium are so clear and explicit as to be incapable of misunderstanding. It will be interesting to observe, as an American journal says, if they constitute another "scrap of paper," as did the treaties, to which Germany was a party, that guaranteed Belgium's neutrality. If they do, their re-reading may make Holland rather uncomfortable.

A TURNING HOME.

Thou, whose deep ways are in the sea, Whose footsteps are not known, To-night a world that turned from Thee Is waiting—at Thy Throne.

The towering Babels that we raised Where scoffing sophists brawl, The little Anti-Christis we praised,— The night is on them all.

The fool hath said . . . The fool hath said . . . And we, who deemed him wise, We who believed that Thou wast dead, How should we seek Thine eyes?

How should we seek to Thee for power Who scorned Thee yesterday? How should we kneel, in this dread hour? Lord, teach us how to pray!

Grant us the single heart, once more, That mocks no sacred thing, The sword of Truth our fathers wore When Thou wast Lord and King.

Let darkness unto darkness tell Our deep unspoken prayer, For, while our souls in darkness dwell, We know that Thou art there. —Alfred Noyes, in London Daily Mail.

PAYING OUR DEBT.

The splendid response made in the Sunday Schools of Belleville on Sunday last when the appeal for a hundred Bags of Flour for the Belgians was answered by a collection amounting nearly to \$800 will go a little way towards paying our debt to the Belgians. That debt is graphically illustrated in the following remarkably strong dialect poem from the English humorist journal "Punch."

Old England's dark o' nights and short Of 'busses: still she's much the sort Of place we always used to know, There's women lonely—hid away, But mills at work and kids at play, And docks alive with come and go.

But Belgium's homes is blasted down; Her shops is ash-heaps, town by town; There's harvests soaked and full of dead; There's Prussian prowling after loot And choosing who they'd better shoot; There's kids gone lost; there's fights for bread.

It's thanks to that there strip of sea, And what floats on it, you and me And things we love aren't going shares In German culture. They'd 'a tried To spare us some, but we're this side, It's so arranged—no fault of theirs.

Them Belgians had the chance to shirk, And watch, instead of do, the work; But no! They chose a bigger thing And blocked the bully; gave us breath To get our coats off. Sure as death They're Men— King of Men for King.

Don't think they're beat with what they've got And begging pennies, 'cos they're not, It's this—their job is good as done; They're fighting-pals; they're hungry, cold; We owe for blood that's more than gold— A debt of honor, or we've none.

They've stood for us; for them we'll stand Right through; and so we'll lend a hand Until the foe's account is quit. That happy day is working through; But meanwhile, it's for men and you— Well, dash it, pass along your bit. —Punch

W. H. ROWLEY DEAD

Manufacturer is Stricken While Drinking Tea in Toronto.

WAS HEAD OF EDDY CO.

Prominent Business Man and Former President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association Expires After Sudden Collapse—Was a Strong Anglican and a Staunch Imperialist.

TORONTO, Jan. 13.—Stricken while drinking tea in the Alexandra room of the King Edward Hotel, William Rowley, 47, one of Canada's well-known business men, and president of the E. B. Eddy Co. of Hull, Que., died suddenly of heart disease yesterday afternoon. With no warning whatever, Mr. Rowley collapsed while sitting at a table and expired a few minutes after being carried out of the room. No commotion was caused as the impression gathered by the spectators was simply that a man had fainted. Medical aid was at once summoned, but nothing could be done to save Mr. Rowley's life.

Through his connection as president of the E. B. Eddy Co., and as vice-president and afterwards president of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, Mr. Rowley was very well known to business men all over the continent, and was everywhere respected as a first-class business man and the controller of the largest industry of his kind in the British Empire.

Mr. Rowley was born in Yarmouth in 1851 and was educated for the army, in which he was commissioned as a lieutenant of artillery. He turned to commerce before taking up his commission.

An Anglican in religion, Mr. Rowley was a delegate to the Synod, a member of the Chapter of the Treasurer-Senechal of Christ Church Cathedral, Ottawa. He claimed to be "non-political" in his views, but was a strong imperialist and an uncompromising protectionist.

STAYS AT HIS TASK.

Bishop of Arras Refuses to Leave Post Despite Dangers.

NORTHEAST FRANCE, Jan. 13.—One of the noblest figures in French ecclesiastical circles, at the present moment is the Bishop of Arras, Mgr. Lobbadey, who, undaunted by German shells, has ministered to those of his flock who remained in their cellars in the bombarded area and to the sick and wounded among the French troops. Since the tide of invasion ebbed, Arras has stood at the apex of the enemy's roughly-drawn, obtuse-angled triangle.

The Germans still hold the hecatombs of chalk to the east of the city—natural entrenchments, from which they must be starved or smoked out. Hidden batteries here play on Arras and its suburbs practically every day. Not a single church remains, but the bishop has lived underground with a few scores of elderly members of his congregation, who prefer to be buried under the ruins of their homes rather than to go out into the new and strange world that they know not. So far, the bishop's palace has escaped the enemy's fire, except for a few broken windows, and here the prelate holds his services for the devoted few.

RISK WAS UNJUSTIFIABLE.

Beresford Condemns Admiralty For Loss of Formidable.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, retired, in a letter to the press yesterday discusses the loss of the battleship Formidable, which was destroyed recently in the English Channel by a German submarine.

"The ship was lost," says Lord Charles, "under conditions whose repetition after the losses of the Aboukir, Cressy, and Hogue, we thought impossible. In both cases heavy ships were sent into water infested with submarines without the protection of torpedo boat destroyers, which are the natural defence against the submarine. The efficacy of the destroyer is shown by the fact that submarines are unable to injure the British squadron off the Belgian coast. It is unpardonable that officers and men should be thus gratuitously exposed to conditions under which they are sent to the bottom without a shot being fired."

Japanese Seek Prinz Eitel.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 13.—Japanese cruisers continue to be active along the coast of Peru seeking the German converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

The latest reports received here set forth that the Japanese armored cruiser Asama went into the port of Payta, Peru, Monday, took on provisions, and left the same afternoon. There is reason to believe that the British steamer Oriana, on her way back to Liverpool from the Pacific coast of South America, was being sought by the German boat.

Smallpox In Vienna.

VENICE, Jan. 13.—Private reports and statements appearing in the Austrian papers show that conditions in the Austrian capital are daily becoming more serious. Smallpox, cholera and typhoid fever are prevalent, 45 cases of smallpox being officially reported in Vienna during the first nine days of January.

To Select Metropolitan.

KINGSTON, Ont., Jan. 13.—The Anglican bishops of Ontario will meet in this city on Jan. 21 for consideration of the vacancy at Ottawa. The Bishop of Algoma was selected, but he has not accepted the call, and it is understood that he does not care to take over this charge.

THOMAS

Thomasburg, Jan. 13.—Kilpatrick, of White Lake with Mr. Tom. Do Mr. Thomas Fennell, spending a few days at Mr. C. E. Fennell, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Montreal, and Miss B. spent Friday at Mr. E. Mrs. Morney Hamilton days with her parents week.

Miss Willie Robinson school spent over Sunday a large number too slipped at Lodiin, on F. reported a good time. Mr. Jordan, Jr., of spending a few days on's.

Miss Ethel McTaggart days with her sister. Lt.-Col. L. Kinbu gins, visited at the hotel Embury's, on the tends leaving for the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Ville, spent over Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Rob. spent Sunday at Mr. Mr. Hugh Campbell Sherry have enlisted.

Miss Harry Lee is also Mr. Tom Jr., both a speedy recovery. Mr. Walter Embury the village.

Mr. Chapp of Fil a few days, the guest nel.

Mr. Bert Rutherford spent Sunday at Mr. ton's.

Messrs. Murney Hoce and W. McTaggart in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mrs. Wesley Maynes of Mr. and Mrs. M. Zill on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Archie, spent Saturday Mr. W. Embury's.

Mr. Edgar Jones Fisher, Mr. Will. Miss Edith Wallace, evening at Mr. Foster's.

Mr. L. Ketcheson West, on Saturday.

Mr. Thomas Fennell last week at Mr. Jo Mr. and Mrs. John spent Sunday at Mr. Mrs. Will Maynes' tin, spent Sunday after Embury's.

Mr. Robert Fleming spent a few days at Mrs. Irene Moulck afternoon, the guest Mrs. Helen Kerr.

Mr. John Douglas, tended church here, ing.

Mr. John Emery evening guest of Mr. The Women's Institute their yearly meeting 23rd, afternoon and J. Wilson, our well sports there is to be the weather having Saturday night.

Mr. W. Harrison's days at Mr. A. Conl Amongst those who hockey match on the night were Messrs. Norton and Willie Gladys Shub, Nettie Holbert.

Mr. Dickert, of Bingham of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Dine, visiting friends in

MADOC JT

The Sunday evening well attended here. Rev. C. S. Reddie cupped the pulpit at Cor-5 Church. It w should furnish food every church member Mr. and Mrs. H. Sunday with Mr. A. Tufts, of Foxboro.

Miss Pearl and bourne have returned on a visit to friends Mr. and Mrs. Conbourg, on Monday, nelly will be statione next Movement. Mr. accompanied them.

Mr. and Mrs. Will daughter, Vera, spent Mr. and Mrs. J. Stuy Mr. Eggleston and were renewing acquaint this week.

Master Bert Andr from spending the morn A. E. Richmond, p tist church Sidney, v last week.

VICTO

Church next Sand Mr. and Mrs. W. Mrs. E. Brickman, and Miss Vera, Mr. man Andra and Mr. visited at Mr. Burle on Thursday.

Watch for the de to be given in Victo Mr. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Mrs. H. Pulver, Mr. man attended the d trustees of the chu ening. All report lots to eat.

Mr. and Mrs. Bur Mrs. E. Brickman, and Miss Vera, spe ad Mr. Will Fox's.



AMONG OUR CORRESPONDENTS

THOMASBURG.

Thomasburg, Jan. 11.—Mr. Percy Kilpatrick, of White Lake, spent Friday with Mr. Tom Downey.

Mr. Thomas Fenwick, of Newwood, is spending a few days with his brother Mr. C. S. Fenwick.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Trampour, of Montreal, and Miss Beatty, of Toronto, spent Friday at Mrs. Ed. Morton's.

Mrs. Murney Hamilton, spent a few days with her parents at Roslin, last week.

Mr. Willie Robinson, of Tweed High school, spent over Sunday at his home.

A large number took in the oyster supper at Roslin, on Friday night. All report a good time.

Mr. Jordan, Jr., of Belleville, is spending a few days at Mr. Tom Easton's.

Miss Ethel McTaggart, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. H. Holbert.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Martin, of Belleville, spent over Sunday at Mr. E. Maynes.

Mr. and Mrs. Rob Howe, of Roslin, spent Sunday at Mr. Elsie Mayne's.

Mr. Hugh Campbell and Mr. A. Cherry have enlisted for the 3rd contingent.

Mrs. Harry Lee is on the sick list also Mr. Tom J. We wish them both a speedy recovery.

Mr. Walter Embury has moved to the village.

Mrs. Chapp of Fuller is spending a few days, the guest of Mr. O. Fenwick.

Mr. Bert Rutherford, of Roslin, spent Sunday at Mr. Murney Hamilton's.

Misses Murney Holbert, J. L. Cartwright, W. McTaggart, spent Saturday in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Frances, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Maynes, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Tommon, of Zion Hill, on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Jones and son, Archie, spent Saturday evening at Mr. W. Embury's.

Mr. Edgar Jones and Miss Annie Fisher, Mr. Willard McTaggart and Miss Edna Wallace, spent Saturday evening at Mr. Foster Shipkins, of Roslin.

Mr. L. Ketcheson left for the North West, on Saturday.

Mr. Thomas Fenwick, spent one day last week at Mr. John Embury's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Collins, of Stooey, spent Sunday at Mr. William Collins's.

Mrs. Will Maynes and Mrs. A. Martin, spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. W. Embury's.

Mr. Robert Fleming, of Crookston, spent a few days at Mr. Will Holbert's.

Miss Irene Mounck, spent Sunday afternoon, the guest of her cousin, Miss Helen Kerr.

Mr. John Douglas, of Crookston, attended church here, on Sunday evening.

Mr. John Emerson was a Sunday evening guest of Mr. Robert Kerr's.

The Women's Institute, interlocking their yearly meeting on January 23rd afternoon and evening sessions.

J. Wilson, our weather prophet, reports there is to be some change in the weather, having heard an owl on Saturday night.

Mr. W. Harrison is spending a few days at Mr. A. Coulter's, of Foxboro.

Amongst those who attended the hockey match at Tweed on Friday night were: Messrs. T. Frances, H. Morton and Willie Vance, Misses Gladys Shish, Nettie Holbert and Dora Holbert.

Mr. Robert, of Belleville, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Slush for a few days.

Mr. A. A. Pine, spent over Sunday visiting friends in Madoc.

MADOC JUNCTION.

The Sunday evening service was well attended here.

Rev. C. S. Redick, our pastor, occupied the pulpit and spoke from 2 Cor.—I Chap. It was a sermon that should furnish food for thought for every church member.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Ashley, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Willie Tufts, of Foxboro.

Miss Pearl and Miss Cecil Webborne have returned from the West on a visit to friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Connelly left for Cobourg, on Monday, where Mr. Connelly will be stationed by the Holiness Movement. Miss Stella Bird accompanied them.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Cooke and little daughter, Vera, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. Stapley.

Mr. Eggleston and sister, Miss Ethel were renewing acquaintances here this week.

Master Bert Andrews has returned from spending the holidays in Munro.

A. E. Richmond, pastor, of the Baptist church Sidney, visited friends here last week.

VICTORIA.

Church next Sunday at 2.45 p.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush, Mr. and Mrs. E. Brickman, Mrs. F. Brickman and Miss Vera, Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman and Mrs. L. Ainsworth, visited at Mr. Burley White's, Sidney on Thursday.

Watch for the date of the lecture to be given in Victoria church by Rev. Mr. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bonter, Mr. and Mrs. H. Pulver, Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman attended the dinner given to the trustees of the church on Friday evening by Rev. and Mrs. Williams, Concession.

A number from here attended the dinner at Roblin's on Wednesday evening. All report a good time and lots to eat.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton Fox, Mr. and Mrs. E. Brickman, Mrs. F. Brickman and Miss Vera, spent Friday evening at Mr. Will Fox's.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE.

Our Literary Club had a splendid time at Miss Munn's, on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Hubbs, Mrs. M. Hubbs and Mrs. H. Brickman, took dinner at Mrs. H. Pulver's, on Sunday.

Miss Vera Brickman, spent Friday with Mrs. F. Weese.

Mr. and Mrs. Bas Fox, spent Wednesday, at Mrs. Hubbs's, near Concession, and Mrs. D. Snider, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bonter visited at Mr. Carl Bryant, on Wednesday.

Sorry to see Mr. George Sager's windmill destroyed by the wind.

Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox, visited at Mr. Fred Snider's, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Sager, Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman, Mr. and Mrs. E. Brickman, spent Tuesday at Mr. W. Glenn's, Belleville—the men attending the Workmen's banquet in the evening at Belleville.

Mr. J. Glendinning returned home on Wednesday from Toronto to resume his work at Mr. L. Brickman's Sunday School convention in at Victoria church, during this month. Date will appear later.

CROOKSTON.

Crookston, Jan. 11.—Messrs. Percy Lancaster and James Chambers, spent Sunday at Mr. W. H. Westover's.

Rev. W. H. Westover, of Bridgewater, occupied the pulpit here, on Sunday, and our pastor, Mr. Bick went to the Bridgewater mission.

A number of our Polish friends attended our church Sunday afternoon.

Messrs. Warren Haggerty and Peter Wilson, spent Sunday evening with lady friends in our vicinity.

Rev. Mr. Cottrell, of Marmora, visited friends in our neighborhood last week.

Misses VanAllen and Mr. Hudgins and Auldren Emerson, of Plainfield, spent Sunday with Miss Laura Emerson.

The Stork visited Mr. and Mrs. J. Collins, last week, and left a little baby girl.

Miss May Chambers visited Mrs. Hector Wood, Jr., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Hamilton, of Madoc, took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. T. Sullivan, on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Sullivan, and Miss Francis Sullivan attended Rebecca lodge at Madoc, on Friday night.

We are glad to see Miss Fetta back in our midst, on Sunday.

Mr. Charles Emerson, of Toronto, is visiting at his home here.

Mr. V. Emerson, and Charlie, attended the Oyster supper at Roslin, on Friday night.

Miss Nellie French returned to her home today.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Walter Martin is very low.

Mr. Geo. Morgan lost a valuable horse, last week.

Miss Myrtle Holland is visiting friends at Cooper.

FRANKFORD.

The Frankford branch of the Women's Institute, on Tuesday, Jan. 5, at the home of Mrs. Wm. Rose.

A young daughter has come to make its home with Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Hendrick. Congratulations.

The concert held in Window Hall by the Trinity Church Ladies was a success. Although the night was very unfavorable, the rain coming down in torrents, the Stirling people certainly have a great amount of courage in turning out on such a night. The concert was appreciated by those who attended.

Miss Ada Munn has returned home after spending a couple of weeks at Oshawa.

Mr. Tom Murphy returned to town on Saturday after spending the holidays with his parents and friends near Napanea.

We are pleased to report that Dr. Malone has so far recovered as to be visiting Mrs. Malone's aunt at Entreprise, and they are expected home in a few days.

Miss Myrtle Weese of Toronto is spending her holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Weese.

She is spending the banquet at Trenton, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. A. Ford.

The young people are enjoying themselves skating on the canal since it has frozen. The rink is expected to be ready for skating in a few days.

Mr. W. H. Weese has sold their home on the Belleville road to Mr. Everett Nicholson, he is taking possession in the spring.

Services were held in Trinity Church at 7 p.m. on Sunday.

Mr. Grant Goodsell of Trenton was in town on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ford and Tom spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Wm. Ford.

Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Potter spent the week-end with their daughter Mrs. Ed. Pyear Jr. of Glen Ross.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wainmaker from the west are visiting his mother and sisters in town.

Mr. G. E. Sine left on the early train on Sunday morning for Toronto where his sister Miss Maud Sine is ill at the hospital.

The service was well attended at the Methodist Church on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hollinger, of Moira, paid a flying visit to Ivanhoe last Monday evening on their return from Ottawa where they spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Mitz.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wallace and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. Shaw.

Mrs. Bick, of Babaycon is visiting her son, Rev. J. B. Bick at the parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz, spent Sunday at Moira the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rollins, spent Sunday with friends at Madoc.

Miss Norma Fleming, of Madoc High school, spent over Sunday at her home here.

Mr. Hargrove, of Actonville and Rev. Mr. Bick, of this circuit, exchanged pupils on Sunday.

Miss N. S. Good, of Thomasburg, spent last Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE.

Women's Institute met at Mrs. L. Sprague's, Wednesday, Jan. 6th, in spite of the rain there was a large attendance. The Institute purposes giving a contribution to the poor in Toronto. This contribution is to be handed in at the February meeting which will take the form of a social in the basement of Mountain View church.

The members also decided to give fruit and vegetables to the Children's Shelter at Fenton.

Mr. Clayton Sprague fell and hurt his foot, but it is not serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wager had company on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Morden celebrated their wedding anniversary on Monday. The following guests were Mr. and Mrs. John Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Moran. A very enjoyable time was spent.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Valieu, Toronto, and Mr. and Mrs. Hazard, Massachusetts, took dinner at Mr. Jas. I. Anderson's, Saturday.

Mr. William White, from north of Stirling has been looking for horses in this neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Sprague had dinner with Mr. and Mrs. E. Anderson, Friday.

W. M. S. hosts at Mrs. G. Basa's on Wednesday, Jan. 13.

PHILLIPSTON.

The banquet given in the Sunday school for the benefit of the pupils was well attended and all report a very enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert McKee were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Hagerman on Wednesday evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Claverly, Mr. and Mrs. Ben. Severs, Mr. and Mrs. B. Phillips were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Phillips on New Year's night.

Miss Luella Black has been spending her holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Everett Sills.

Mr. Ivry Roblin, Miss Ethel Roblin, Miss Bishop and Mr. Harry Phillips were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Sills on Saturday evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Sills, Mr. Ewart Sills and Miss L. Black were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Phillips on Tuesday evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Phillips and Miss Leah Phillips were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Collins on New Year's day.

A number of our young people attended the tea-meeting in Plainfield on New Year's Night and report a very enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. George Chambers spent a few days last week with friends in this neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Parosol, spent New Year's day with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carter.

Mr. Harry Ketcheson left on Monday to attend Albert College.

The W.M.S. will hold their meeting on Wednesday and we hope there will be a large number present.

Miss Lena Phillips was the guest of Miss Ruth Collins, on Monday.

Mr. John Owens is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. B. Phillips.

Mrs. Alice Snyder who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Emerson has returned to her home in Harrowsmith.

AMELIASBURG.

Quite a number from here attended the supper at Roblin's Mills in the English church on Wednesday night.

The rain has spoiled the sleighing Mrs. Morley Carrington and Mr. Henry Ayrhart visited with the latter's brother, Mr. Charles Ayrhart on Sunday before his departure with the third contingent.

Mr. Delbert Snider and wife and Mr. Fred Bonter and wife visited the latter's brother-in-law, Mr. Carl Bryant on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith Brown visited at Mr. Charles Adams' on Sunday.

Mr. Roy Dempsey had the misfortune to upset last Wednesday night coming home from the banquet at Roblin's. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Mr. Redner Coon has returned home for a short time.

Miss Flossie Carrington attended a birthday party at Mr. S. Humphrey's on Saturday night.

Mr. Clarence Spencer and his father-in-law have been cutting wood at Mr. B. O. Adams'.

Our new teacher Mr. Reginald Snider is progressing favorably, considering the number of small children he has to teach.

Our young folks are enjoying the skating.

IVANHOE.

Ivanhoe, Jan. 11.—Our Public school opened for the winter term this morning. It being closed for a week on account of the Smallpox scare.

Mr. Percy Wood and Mr. and Mrs. Slater, of Toronto, and Miss E. Slater, of Belleville, spent New Year's at Mr. John Wood's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hollinger, of Moira, paid a flying visit to Ivanhoe last Monday evening on their return from Ottawa where they spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Mitz.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wallace and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. Shaw.

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Miss N. S. Good, of Thomasburg, spent last Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mitz.

BIG ISLAND.

The farmers are very busy teaming this fine weather, and their wise busy makes things unsettled over here, and so I'm full of doubt and fear. I thought I would enlarge my stock and put the store and oil the clock, before the rumors filled the air, but now I feel I do not dare. I'll wait until the war is done before I spend my hard-earned money.

The shirkers sit around his store, and talk of war and death and sorrow, but few cash customers draw near, they do not like the atmosphere.

Another dealer, down the street, goes prancing round on active feet. And if you mention war to him he says, "It's bad, so help me Jim! I hate to think of grown-up chaps engaging in such foolish scraps, all packing weapons in their clothes, and shooting holes through unknown foes. But what I think or what I say about the war will bale no hay. So I keep such reflections out—I have my trade to think about."

I've planned a corking winter trade, to make all former Christmas fads, to have all the throngs and goods, with squeaking dolls, Red Ridinghoods, fine Noah's Arks, top rocking chairs, tin crocodiles and polar bears. The kids will dance around a block when they behold my winter sale. And every day I try to spring some bargain that will make folks hiss and try to make things fairly hiss can't all his time and thought devote to France's jinx or Prussia's goat.

"I read war stories when I can, like every other business man; but first I read, and seek the aid of papers which concern my trade. In them I get the news I need; they help me out whenever I read; they show me where I ought to gain, and where my efforts are in vain. Last week I read how I should drape my windows so they'd be in shape to draw attention to my goods, and people, as they went along, would stop and look, and then come in and often bring a roll of tin. And that's what I'm in business for; it beats this graft of talking war."

—Walt Mason.

CROFTON.

As a result of last Wednesday's we have lost our beautiful sleighing, but our wells are very materially benefited as in many instances they had failed to supply the necessary water for the stock.

Mr. Brewster gave a party to a number of friends on Friday evening. Owing to the inclement weather and bad state of roads the attendance at the Ladies' Aid held at Mrs. Lorae Caughy's, on Thursday last, was not so large as usual.

Mr. and Mrs. Royal Pearsall, of Gardenville have been spending a few days with the former's brother, Mr. J. S. Pearsall.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Purcell, of Platon spent a couple of days last week with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Moran, attended the wedding anniversary at Mr. Wilcox Vallance's, on Monday last.

Mr. Sidney Tripp, of Milford, passed through here last week with a large assortment of fur which he was anxious to display to the prospective buyer.

FRONT OF THURLOW.

About fifty young people gathered and spent a very pleasant evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Bradshaw on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gault have returned home after spending a week with friends in Brighton.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Greatrix and children spent last Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. John Donaldson, 2nd concession.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Hall gave an oyster supper to a number of their friends on Friday evening when a most enjoyable evening was spent.

Mr. R. J. Martin of Marysville visited Mr. Robert Gault on Monday.

Miss Myrtle Bradshaw left on Monday for Winnipeg where she intends making her home in the future. She was accompanied by her parents as far as Oshawa where they will remain for a few days with friends.

Miss Mabel MacDonald and her brother Clifford left on Saturday to make a two weeks' visit with friends in Trenton.

Miss Beatrice Fuller of Shannonville spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Harry Greatrix.

Little Miss Ruby Crouse has returned to her home in Oshawa after spending the past two months with her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw.

About 25 young people had a very enjoyable skating party on Hall's creek the other evening.

MOIRA.

Everyone is enjoying the mild weather although we are sorry to lose our sleighing.

On Thursday night last a large gathering of neighbors and friends met to bid Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Brown and latter's family before leaving for their new home at Chatterton. A splendid address was read by Mr. Harold Welch and they were presented with a beautiful set of dishes as a small token of appreciation.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Ketcheson visited at the home of Mr. L. Burke on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hall of Plainfield gave the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Welch on Tuesday last.

Miss Lena Phillips returned home on Sunday after spending a few days visiting Miss Helen Salisbury.

Mr. Wallace Salisbury of Tweed, visited his mother on Friday.

Mrs. Simmons returned missionary from China gave an excellent address on her work there at the church on Friday night.

Mrs. E. Morrow of River Valley is staying with her mother, Mrs. P. J. Salisbury the past week on account of the severe illness of the latter whose condition remains about the same. Dr. Hill is in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. George Clark visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vandewater on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Salisbury spent Sunday evening visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Vandewater.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Mitz of Ivanhoe were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Foster on Sunday.

A big load of young folks took in the oyster supper at Roslin on Friday night and report a splendid time.

Mr. and Mrs. Miss Evelyn Emerson have returned home after spending two weeks with friends at Gilmore.

Useful in Camp.—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

Mr. William Malloch, engineer of the city pumping station, shows no signs of improvement. He is seriously ill in Belleville Hospital.

WAR AND BUSINESS

One dealer says, "That mighty scrap, which rages now o'er Europe's map, makes things unsettled over here, and so I'm full of doubt and fear. I thought I would enlarge my stock and put the store and oil the clock, before the rumors filled the air, but now I feel I do not dare. I'll wait until the war is done before I spend my hard-earned money."

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—Walt Mason.



HEAD JOINT INSTALLATION LAST NIGHT

Great Gathering of Oddfellows Witnessed a Pleading Ceremony—Splendid Banquet Held Later

What was generally admitted to be the most successful of the long series of joint installations of officers of Belleville Lodge 1,003, No. 51, and Mixpah Lodge No. 127 was held in the lodge room, Bridge St., last night. A new and very pleasing departure was the presence during the speaking program of a large number of the members of Oddfellows Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah. The latter prepared the menu, and received many fine compliments upon its excellence. There was a great abundance of a tempting array of delicacies such as had not been seen at any Oddfellows' banquet in this city before.

- District Deputy Grand Master Whittam of Pictou took official charge of the installation. When this agreeable duty was completed he was warmly complimented by several speakers for the impressive and finished manner in which he had conducted the ceremony, and was tendered a hearty vote of thanks. He was assisted by past grands Wills, Ostrom, Chesser, Cook and Ketcheson as installing officers. Those who will preside over the destinies of the two lodges for the year 1915 are: Mixpah 127 Belleville 81 J.P.G. L. E. Wainisley Noble Grand E. K. Timmerman Vice Grand Walter Soales Rec. Sec. S. A. Barclay Fan Sec. R. W. Adams Treas. John Coon Chap. W. F. Ashley W. Edmondson R.S.N.G. C. R. Massie W. Lazier L.S.N.G. Geo. S. Kerr E. G. Fleming R.S.V.G. G. F. Youker H. Lindstrom L.S.V.G. A. Burton D. McKee R.S.S. E. Juby G. Galloway L.S.S. B. Doollittle G. Ormond Outside Guard Chas. Frost Inside Guard Geo. Thompson Conductor H. Ransom H. Wilder R. W. M. Gilbert Dr. E. O. Platt Dr. A. E. MacColl John Neate W. D. Embury It required a double sitting of the tables to accommodate the many hungry diners who came to patronise the banquet. After this part of the program had been appreciated in a very practical manner, Past Grand Barclay took charge of the toast limit. The toast to "The King" was heartily endorsed by all singing "God Save the King". The toast to "The Grand Lodge of Ontario" had for its sponsors D.D.G. M. Whittam and Col. L. B. Cooper, who next year will be promoted to the highest office in the gift of Oddfellows in Ontario—the Grand Master's chair. Bro. Whittam, who is a pleasing and forcible speaker, reviewed the work as district deputy, and spoke in an optimistic tone of the prospects and progress of the order in the district and in the province. He said if the nations of Europe had been animated by the spirit of fraternalism instead of jealousy the present disastrous war would never have occurred. Bro. Cooper, the Deputy Grand Master, also eloquently voiced the great work being done by local and provincial Oddfellows.

Coupled with the toast to the "sovereign Grand, and the Grand Encampment" was Ontario was the name of Grand Representative R. H. Ketcheson who has also just retired from the responsible office of Grand Patriarch of Ontario. Bro. Ketcheson gave a splendid address, telling of the noble work being done by the order in Canada and in the United States. The various branches of the Oddfellows' fraternity had paid out in the year 1913 in the two countries mentioned nearly six million dollars for relief and benefits. The interests of "The City of Belleville" found three very able and eloquent champions in Aldermen McCurdy, Platt, and Duckworth who all spoke hopefully of the coming year as likely to be one of great achievement for the city. "The Press" received a brief tribute from J. O. Heritz, editor of The Ontario. Other features of a delightful program were a solo by Bro. Baldwin, "Tipperary," with the audience joining in the chorus, a recitation, "The Day" delivered in a very impressive manner by Bro. Myers Gilbert, and spirited selections by the Oddfellows' orchestra and the player piano. The function was brought to a close about one o'clock a.m. by the singing of the national anthem.

Hope for the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Parnee's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.

PITTSBURG PASTOR SPOKE ON "PEACE"

Eloquent Sermon at St. Andrew's Church Sun. night by Rev. H. T. Kerr D. D. of Pittsburg Pa.

Rev. H. T. Kerr, D.D., the brilliant young Canadian pulpitist who has lately assumed the pastorate of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Pittsburg, Pa., delivered a timely sermon at St. Andrew's church in this city Sunday evening. His theme was "Peace" and his fund and masterly presentation of the subject was followed with deep attention by the large congregation present. Dr. Kerr chose for his text part of the second verse of the seventh chapter of Hebrews, "After that King of peace."

"Peace," said the speaker, is secondary, not primary; not consecutive, but consequential; not the root, but the fruit; not a gift, but an achievement; not the beginning, but the end; it does not precede civilization, but follows after; like the glory on the eastern hills it comes after the darkness. Jesus is first the King of Righteousness, and after that, Prince of Peace. That is the divine order, we cannot alter it even if we would wish. It is also the divine order for nations. He that soweth righteousness shall reap peace. That order is also true of character. It has been said "uncesay lies the head that wears a crown" but it might also be said that "uncesay lies the head that wears a guilty conscience." There is no peace for the wicked. Peace is the result of righteousness living. Peace is not a by-product, but the first fruits of a right life. The same principle holds good in the social order. If the social order is going wrong it is because right has got into the mechanism. There must be social purging before there can be social health. Angels sang at the birth of Christ, "Peace on Earth" but Christ Himself said that he brought not peace but a sword. Wherever Christ went he caused disturbance, and upheaval. His Gospel is like salt applied to a wound—it stings before it heals. Christ's coming is like the light which causes those things which love the darkness to flee away. We all know something of social injustice. Take for instance the liquor traffic. Do business men think they can have peace in a mother's heart as long as the traffic is retained? First righteousness, then peace. Wherever there is anything unholy, untrue or abominable in His sight it must be banished before we can have peace. There never was a time, continued Dr. Kerr, when we were nearer peace than we are today. Never was society more sympathetic, never such willing hearts to make sacrifices. The principle which holds good in the life of nations that we must have righteousness before we can have peace. After a residence of 20 years in the United States he now saw the American nation preparing for a victory for the side of righteousness.

Things have not been right in Europe. The "bloody harvest of hate" must be reaped, and then we can look for an enduring peace. It is not right to glorify war as it has been glorified in Germany. War does stimulate some of the virtues, but it is not right to promote war for that purpose. It was not right for nations to break solemn pledges not right to use strength to oppress weakness, not right to engage in secret intrigue. Until these things are destroyed we can have no peace. "Knowing all this," said the speaker in conclusion, I am willing to wait God's time, for out of the tumult there will come righteousness and a peace that will abide." During the service Mrs. Laidman sang a solo very sweetly and expressively.

Figured taken from the Government Report of 1913, giving the amounts of Debentures, of bonded cities, towns, counties, townships, villages, and school districts, of some of the CANADIAN and other LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Table with 2 columns: Company Name, Amount. Includes Canada Life, Confederation Life, Continental Life, Equitable Life, Federal Life, Great West Life, Imperial Life, London & Lancashire Life, London Life, Manufacturers Life, Metropolitan Life, Mutual Life of Canada, National Life of New York, Northern Life, Royal Ins. Co. Life.

WANT 400 RESERVED SEATS Frontenacs expect to come up to Belleville with a great backing of supporters on Friday night, when they play their first game with the local union. A special train will bring them up. Mr. Richard C. Arnott, this morning had a request from Kingston for 400 reserved seat tickets for this game. Confidence in Belleville Juniors seems to be very prominent in local hockey circles.

OFFICERS FOR 3RD CONTINGENT

Those Who Have Been Recommended in 3rd Division Local Men Included

The following officers who were recommended for appointments in the third contingent of the overseas expeditionary force for the third division area have been approved by the Minister of Militia, and the appointments will be made at once, provisionally. The 39th Battalion of Infantry will be mobilized in Ottawa, together with the 8th Battalion of Mounted Rifles, and the 39th Brigade will be mobilized in Belleville. The following is a list of the officers approved provisionally for the 39th Brigade.

- 39TH BATTALION. Officer Commanding, Lt.-Colonel J. A. V. Preston, R. O. Senior Major, Major E. W. Smart, 46th Regiment, not yet appointed. Adjutant, Not yet appointed. Quartermaster, Capt. A. G. Carruthers, 57th Regiment. Signalling Officer, not yet appointed. Captains—F. D. Boggs, 40th Regiment; J. H. Fee, 45th Regiment; R. Vanderwater, 40th Regiment; C. R. Spencer, 49th Regiment; A. A. Bywater, 49th Regiment; E. E. Porter, 45th Regiment; W. H. Hudson, 14th Regiment; H. S. Neilson, 40th Regiment. Lieutenants—A. G. Thompson, 40th Regiment; L. W. Hopkins, 45th Regiment; A. G. Thompson, 40th Regiment; J. E. G. Craig, 49th Regiment; J. A. Dalton, 14th Regiment; B. K. Allen, 15th Regiment; B. B. S. Campbell, 50th Regiment; F. D. Raymond, 50th Regiment; F. J. Carew, 46th Regiment; G. R. Cameron, 57th Regiment; W. P. Eastwood, 57th Regiment; N. Fleming, 47th Regiment; R. G. H. Travers, 47th Regiment; H. B. McConnell, 46th Regiment; W. W. Wallace, 49th Regiment.

REDNERSVILLE. Mr. Peter Croner, of Deseronto, is visiting friends in this locality. Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Ostrom entertained a number of their friends on Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson who have been visiting the latter's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Russel have returned to their home in Springfield. We are glad to report that Mr. Albert Wannamaker who has been seriously ill, is on a fair road to recovery. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wright and his wife have returned to their home in Port Britain after spending some time visiting friends in this vicinity. Mrs. Herb Kemp, of Trenton, is spending a few days under the parental roof. Mr. W. K. Ostrom is spending a few days with relatives at Port Hope. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brickman and family, spent Friday evening the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brickman. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wannamaker and Harold, spent Friday at Mr. Hiram Adams. Mr. W. H. Brickman, who has been on the sick list is slowly recovering. Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Ashton attended the Dedication Service of the Church of England at Ameliasburg on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Babcock, spent Sunday at Mr. Chas. Dempsey's. Bro. Wannamaker and wife visited at Spurgood Dempsey's, on Sunday. Mr. Wm. Vassau of Avondale, visited at Mr. T. G. Thompson's, on Sunday. Mrs. Finkle and family, of Bayside, are spending a few days at Mrs. Freer Herman. Mrs. W. J. Babcock visited at Mr. Wm. Booth's, on Sunday. Mrs. R. G. Stafford who has been on the sick list during the past week is slowly recovering. Stanley Brickman, spent Sunday in the village. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Redner called at Mr. Burton Redner on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Eaton, of McLeod, are visiting friends in this locality.

RHEUMATISM FOR THIRTY-FOUR YEARS CURED BY TWO BOXES OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. Quebec Man Tells How He Found Quick Relief and Permanent Cure When He Got to the Root of the Disease. ST. FAUSTIN STATION, Que., Jan. 11th (Special). "I suffered from rheumatism for thirty-four years. Two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me." That is the statement of Joseph Boiteau Charter of this place and his neighbors are satisfied that the statement is a true one. Pressed for further details of his cure Mr. Charter said: "I had rheumatism, sciatica, and pains in my back. My memory was failing, and I was always tired and nervous. I perspired freely with the least exertion, and my perspiration had an unpleasant odor. "I was also troubled with heart flutterings, my limbs were heavy, and I had a dragging sensation across the loins. These symptoms tell just what Dodd's Kidney Pills cured Mr. Charter so quickly and completely. They are, every one of them, symptoms of kidney disease. Mr. Charter's rheumatism was caused by the diseased kidneys failing to remove the uric acid from the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured his kidneys; the cured kidneys strained the uric acid from the blood, and the rheumatism disappeared.

SMALL FIRE IN VICTORIA HOTEL Fire was discovered at five minutes to three o'clock this morning in the upper storey of the Victoria hotel and the alarm was given. The firemen succeeded in extinguishing it before there was much of the building or furniture destroyed, but the quantity of water which was poured upon the wood-work caused heavy damage. The water even ran to the ground floor and destroyed the paper on the walls. The blaze started apparently in a partition. Some think that the cause was defective wiring but electric people after an examination, declare that this was impossible. It may have caught from some piping. The fire alarm gave a scare to the poultrymen who have birds at the City hall at the annual exhibition.

Useful in Camp.—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

LADIES PLUSH COATS AT SALE PRICES

We have ten only beautiful Plush and Brocade Velvet Coats, real dressy garments, all silk or satin lined, sizes 34 to 40 bust measures, regular prices \$18.50, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$32.50 and \$35.00, to clear at January sale, now on, 1 only at \$12.50, 2 only at \$16.50, 2 only at \$18.50, 1 only at \$20.00 and 4 only at \$22.50 each.

These are real Coat Bargains.

Ladies' Silk Dressing Gowns \$4.00 We have just a few of these Jap silk full length, quilted Dressing Gowns, in colors cardinal, mauve and new blue, large roomy gowns and very cheap at our sale price only \$4.00 EACH

1-3 off Ladies Tailored Suits This means that we offer your choice of any Ladies Suit in our store, including Northway's Best Tailored Styles in all this season's new cloths and colors at 1-3 OFF REGULAR PRICE

Half Price Luys any Girls Cloth Coat We are getting ready for our Annual Stock Taking and to clear the balance of our Coats we offer any Girls Cloth Coat, in our store, sizes 3 to 17 years, Children's, Girls and Junior's, all this season's Coats, from \$3.50 to \$16.50 EXACTLY HALF PRICE

Sinclair's January Sale Sinclair's

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS At their lodge rooms on Front St. on the 8th inst. Court Belleville, No. 736 held their election and installation for the current year. The officers were installed by Past Chief Ranger, Bro. R. E. White. C. R.—J. L. H. Gorman V.C.R.—C. Johnson Fin. Sec.—J. A. Goodsell Rec. Sec. & Treas.—W. Wessels Chap.—J. Delaney Con.—G. P. Rutlan S.W.—G. G. Taylor J.W.—J. Turney Auditors—R. P. White, G. G. Taylor

SACRED CONCERT Griffin's theater was packed to the doors Sunday evening for the sacred band concert by the Fifteenth Band. Some two hundred were unable to obtain admittance. The concert was of the highest class and the audience was delighted. The program was as follows: Sacred March Selection—Gems from Overtures—Mackay-Beyer Tuba Solo—"Asleep in the Deep"—Petrie—Mr. Robert Blaind, Sr. Morceau Oriental—"Star of India"—Bratton Violin Solo—"Romance"—Scendsen—Miss Joy Higge; Mr. Wheatley, accompanist Selection—"Home Sweet Home, the World Over"—Lampe Vocal Solo—"The Lost Chord"—Llewellyn; Sergt G. Dobbs Sacred Selection—"Throw Out the Life Line"—Hares God Save the King

OUR daily news letter from this thriving town furnished by The Ontario's special representative.

Busy Trenton THE latest news of the town and surrounding neighborhood is given in an interesting manner

CENTER. Mr. and Mrs. H. Kem Trenton, spent Sunday with Mrs. Kemp's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Spencer. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Robin entertained a number of their friends on Wednesday. Freeman Spencer left on Saturday for Pictou to take a 'six weeks' course in Agriculture. M. B. Redner has returned home from Belleville much improved. Mr. and Mrs. B. Fox, spent Sunday with Mrs. Fox's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Wood, Ameliasburg. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Robin called at Elwood Spencer's, on Saturday night. Ralph Redner is on the sick list. Nelson Parliament M. P. P. spent a couple of days in Pictou.

LOST TREASURES An old friend, Judge D. F. Coyle, Humboldt, Owa, lately sent to me the following classical lines, resembling very much the style of Dryden—and his own brilliant composition—which I present as an interesting subject and worthy of thought, reflection and adoption, especially at this season: As one who bearing pearls Kings scarce could buy, Perceives the string has parted in his hand, And finds his treasures scattered in the sand O'er weary miles, would turn with eager eye To search the sands to find them where they lie, So would I turn, ere yet my years are spanned, And seek my treasures lost in 'life's wide land. Perchance to find them ere comes evening sky, O friendships lost to me through stubborn pride! O loyal hearts in folly cast aside! O wronged ones more than thrice denied! You can not hear my heart's throbs deep yearning cry, Would you might come from out the days gone by, If but to let me say "Forgive"—and die. —J.S.S.

Blame Hockey Match A worthy young citizen unused to drunkenness, according to his story, appeared in court this morning to answer a charge of this description. He acknowledged that he had been drunk. When asked why he said—"I was at the hockey match last night and was disgusted and came up street and had a few drinks." Magistrate Masson allowed him to go.

TO TRENTON, and to congratulate the citizens for so generously appreciating what Mr. Weller is doing for their pleasure. Film shows are all very well for part of the week, but they become monotonous when dished up on every occasion. Patrons of the play who have forgotten or neglected to reserve their seats may be able to secure standing room for Fiske O'Hara tomorrow evening if they get there early. The Pictou hockey team was in town on Friday and Saturday, in their way to and from Oshawa. This team is the likely winner of the district.

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THE BITCH

Jan

Ma During the

Probably never seen a piece of furniture as well picked up at Every price tickle here dozens of fur buyers. Rom

A chance to is worth far more but are warm coz 3 only Astrachan choice for... 3 only Bakhora 4 only Persian at \$75.00 for or

Two only with Covers, natural C and natural Sable and 38. Regular Two only Mink inches long; size lar \$70 for ..... One only extra orat, 50 inches orly \$100 for ..

After BETW will be se (Millinery) every after QU Daughte Splendid vided and go to cha as the "Ch and "The

See Windows To-Night

WHEN

This article is not a p the result of a close st bilities and probabili Military Resources of and of the Enemy. T Military Author of we pute, consented to the of his analysis only of standing that for the least his name is not n Clearly, logically, this tains that

THE WAR WILL END 25, 1915.

It is almost certain t will end by June 25. I just possible that germ shattered and suing for terms before April, 191 first date, June 25, is m This is not a prophecy fair of simple calculati calculations, of course, can some unexpected accid within the bounds of pos through some mischance will be thrown back on the sources. In this case, the war three years, as Lord Kite oneed when he took on the ing it through. But the difference between possi probabilities. The positio has altered since Lord made his first calculation altered much for the be because of the Allies as the cause of the Allies Let us look how things Germans have done won ganizing their materials— mechanical. They have t well might eight millio the firing line—such a m as has never been seen fore. They have thrown men across the Russia



THE RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE RITCHIE COMPANY, LIMITED.

# January Clearance Sale

NOW IN FULL SWING

## Marvellous Fur Values!

During the Greatest Sale of Furs the Store Has Ever Known

Probably never in the history of this store has a greater or more sweeping sale of high class furs taken place than the one now in progress. Every piece of fur in our entire collection are offered at prices that in most instances are less than cost. Occasionally such bargains as these can be picked up at the end of the season, but rarely in the month of January. Every price ticket is marked in red ink at the reduced price, and there are here dozens of surprising and benefitting bargains that await intending fur buyers. Remember every piece at cost or less.

### CHEAP EUR COATS

A chance to buy a warm Fur Coat at a very small price. The fur alone is worth far more than we ask for the coat. They are not the latest styles, but are warm comfortable garments.

3 only Astrachan and Greenland Seal Coats, originally up to \$35.00. Your choice for \$10.00

3 only Bakhora Lamb Coats, regular up to \$50.00. Your choice for 15.00

4 only Persian and Russian Lamb Coats, regularly sold as high as \$75.00, for only \$25.00

### LADIES' EUR LINED COATS

Two only with black broadcloth. Covers, natural Canadian Rat lining and natural Sable Collars; sizes 34 and 38. Regular price \$60, for \$40

### LADIES' FUR COATS

Two only Mink Marmot Coats 50 inches long; sizes 36 and 38, regular \$70 for \$55

One only extra fine Mink Marmot coat, 50 inches long, size 39, regularly \$100 for \$75

One only, same as above only with Columbia Sable Collar; black cover size 40; regular \$50 for \$35

One only natural muskrat Coat, 50 inches long, size 36, regular \$70 for \$55

One only natural Muskrat Coat, size 38, regularly priced at \$95.00 for \$80

## Men's Overcoats at Sharp Reductions

Every Men's Colored Overcoat in our stock is included at these drastic Price Reductions. All new coats in the best styles and materials, and good warm winter weights.

This offers you the greatest chance of the year to procure an all-round high-grade coat at an extremely low price. Here are the Reductions:

\$12 Overcoats on sale at \$9.50

\$15 Overcoats on sale at \$12.00

\$18 Overcoats on sale at \$14.50

\$20 Overcoats on sale at \$16.00

\$22 & \$23 Overcoats on sale \$17.50

\$25 Overcoats on sale at \$18.50

## 1-2 Price Coats

There are no exceptions in this great Coat offer. Every Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Coat in stock is included at the 50 per cent. reductions. All new garments in the best styles and materials, offering the greatest money saving chance of the year to buy your winter coat at such reductions as these—

\$8.00 Coats at \$4.00; \$10.00 Coats at \$5.00; \$15.00 Coats at \$7.50; \$20.00 Coats at \$10.00

## 1-2 Price Millinery

After a heavy season's selling there are still dozens of pretty hats, trimmed or untrimmed, in our millinery parlors, to be cleared out during this sale at just half their former selling prices. There are no exceptions. Imported Pattern Hats, black and colored; Untrimmed Shapes, Hats trimmed in our own workrooms, and Children's Millinery, all at JUST HALF PRICE.

## 1-2 Price Dresses

Your choice during the January Clearance Sale of about 50 Ladies' and Misses' Silk and Serge Dresses, all new fashionable styles, in black and best colors. While they last at JUST HALF PRICE—which means \$6.00 Dresses for \$3.00. \$8.00 Dresses for \$4.00. \$10.00 Dresses for \$5.00

## Children's Coats Greatly Reduced

During the January Clearance Sale we will sell every Child's Coat in stock at reductions of 15 to 1-3 off Regular Prices.

## Afternoon Tea

BETWEEN 4 AND 6 O'CLOCK

will be served on the second (Millinery) floor of our store every afternoon by the

QUINTE CHAPTER

## Daughters of the Empire

Splendid music is being provided and the proceeds will go to charitable causes, such as the "Children's Aid Society" and "The Belgian Relief Fund"

See Windows To-Night

# The Ritchie Company Limited

See Windows To-Night

## WHEN THE WAR WILL END

This article is not a prophecy, but the result of a close study of possibilities and probabilities, of the Military Resources of the Allies and of the Enemy. The writer, a Military Author of world-wide repute, consented to the publication of his analysis only on the understanding that for the present at least his name is not made public. Clearly, logically, this expert maintains that

### THE WAR WILL END ON JUNE 25, 1915.

It is almost certain that the war will end by June 25, 1915. It is just possible that Germany will be shattered and suing for peace on any terms before April, 1915; but the first date, June 25, is more likely. This is not a prophecy, but an affair of simple calculation. All calculations, of course, can be upset by some unexpected accident. So it is within the bounds of possibility that through some mischance the Allies will be thrown back on their vital resources.

In this case, the war would last three years, as Lord Kitchener reckoned when he took on the job of seeing it through. But there is a great difference between possibilities and probabilities. The position of affairs has altered since Lord Kitchener made his first calculation, and it has altered much for the better, so far as the cause of the Allies is concerned. Let us look how things stand. The Germans have done wonders in organizing their materials—human and mechanical. They have thrown pretty well eight million men into the firing line—such a military force as has never been seen on earth before. They have thrown two million men across the Russian frontier,

where the Austrians brought up another two millions. Then they have thrown six million men across the Belgian and French frontier.

### Showing Why It Is Impossible for General Joffre and General Foch to Win a Succession of Victories

If you desire to understand why General Joffre and Sir John French cannot win such a succession of victories as the Grand Duke Nicholas has won in Russian Poland and in East Prussia, you must study the figures. The Russians—five to six millions of them—have had only two million Germans at the most to fight against—three millions of foes altogether, counting the Austrians. For the Austrians came up a million at a time, got a bad beating, and came up in another million. But the French, British, and Belgian troops—never numbering together much more than one and a half millions—have met and defeated six million Germans. This, of course, has been done generally. In August German brought up two millions of men.

Early in September, the two millions were beaten at the Battle of the Marne. Germany threw in another million, during the fight at the Aisne. Failing to break through the Franco-British front, she rallied more and more men into Northern France, and made a new battle-line, stretching to the North Sea.

The result was that towards the end of November the sixth-million German soldier had passed over the Rhine into the trenches in Belgium and France.

To Keep Two Million in the Fighting Line, Germany has to Bring up Six Million Men.

And now for the great, astonishing,

decisive fact. In spite of the enormous number of German troops rallied across the Rhine, the Allied soldiers—French, British and Belgian—have never had, on any occasion, more than two million Germans to fight against.

What became of the other four millions? A good many of them are under the earth; others have been sent home disabled for life; the greater number are in hospital, being treated for light wounds, or for sickness that caused them to fall out while on the march or in the trenches. Germany, in short, has had four million casualties already! To keep two million men in the fighting line she has had to bring up six millions.

Let us say that one-half of these men, who have been put out of action, can be patched up and sent again into the fight. But in many cases their nerve and spirit will be diminished, and their old hurts and troubles will still tell on them in the hard, bitter, wearing work of winter battles. Sleet and frost, catarrh, rheumatism, and pneumonia will assail them, and few of them will be left fit enough to face bayonet, bullet, and shrapnel.

We can take it that the men who have been put out of action will not count for much in the terrible, severe winter battles in which the fate of Germany will practically be decided. The stress of the war in its fiercest, critical stage will fall mainly upon those Germans who have survived the early struggles or come late into the fight.

So we have to find out how many men Germany can put into the field in addition to the eight millions which are now half used up. The total number of males in Germany is 32 millions. Nearly 19 millions of these are between seventeen and seventy years of age, and liable to military service; but only nine millions of them are of the material from which good soldiers can be made. The others are too old, too young, or too weakened by ill-health.

Thus we see that Germany only has material for another million army of good quality. But this million of able-

men cannot fight! It is wanted to work the railways, run the war factories for making armaments, clothes, food stores, ammunition. In other words, Germany has shot her bolt and missed. What available men remain—youthsters, grey-heads, short-sighted, spectacled city clerks—are barely sufficient to feed the German armies that exist. These armies cannot possibly be increased, and every severe battle diminishes their fighting ability.

### Nearly One Million German Troops Battling Against a Quarter-of-a-Million British Soldiers.

When Germany, towards the middle of November, made her supreme effort and put her eight-millionth soldier into the field, the end of the war became visible.

It was high-tide in German warfare and the waves of it beat terribly upon our little army round Ypres in Belgium. There were nearly one million German troops battling against a quarter-of-a-million British soldiers. But one Briton showed himself a match for four Germans. This was not altogether due to the personal qualities of the single Briton. He was a good fighting man—the best in the world—but it was the backing he got from Sir John French and Lord Kitchener that enabled him to withstand four Huns. His commanders made things easy for him by besting the Germans at their own game.

The Germans, all along, had relied upon the machinery of war—the great howitzer, massed machine-gun fire, and Maxims on motor-wagons. At Ypres the British Army was so well provided with all this machinery of death that the German machinery was clean outclassed. Sir John French had written to Lord Kitchener, and Lord Kitchener had had a talk with Mr. Winston Churchill.

The result was that our great naval guns—the most terrible, far-reaching weapon in the world—had been quickly mounted in a new way, and hurled by motor traction to the

The little British Army then had scores of tremendous fighting machines, capable of blowing apart any mass of flesh or metal of any size. All things built by Krupp—his 11-in., 16-in., and his talked-about but unmade 20-in. howitzers—were outranged. For our guns carried ten miles and threw two-thirds of a ton all that distance. We had also in reserve a new naval gun that could throw one ton of horrible explosive to a distance of twenty miles. One shot could annihilate 5,000 men, and when they were a full day's march from the gun that killed them.

Such is the weapon now used on our latest battleships, which we could adapt for land warfare, if necessary. The Germans have subsidised and corrupted the newspapers of almost every neutral country, and filled many of the columns they purchased at high advertising rates with terrifying descriptions of their new machinery of death.

## OBITUARY

### EDWARD LANG

The death occurred this morning at a very early hour of Edward Lang at his home 58 Murray st. He was born in Suffolk, England Sept 14th, 1833 and came to Canada as a very young man and had resided here ever since, being a resident of Belleville for nearly 50 years. By occupation he was a carpenter and builder. He had been in ill-health for three years past.

He was a member of Oxford Lodge Sons of England and was highly respected. He leaves a widow, two sons, Albert of Toronto; and Norman of Hamilton and five daughters, Mrs. Joseph Morgan of St. Louis, Mrs. W. Benson of Jacksonville, Ill.; Mrs. M. W. DeLorbe, Corning, N.Y.; Mrs. H. C. Chishill, Toronto and Miss Ethel at home.

The funeral will be under Sons of England auspices to Belleville cemetery.

## Horse Ran Over R. R. Bridge

A queer runaway occurred on Saturday evening when a farmer's equine took to the run on the C. P. R. track some place west of the bridge crossing, followed the track to the Railway bridge, crossed it, navigated the C. N. R. and C. P. R. yards and was not caught until it reached the vicinity of the rifle range when it was captured by Mr. LaBue.

## READ.

We are having very ideal weather. The roads are in almost favorable condition.

Wedding bells are ringing.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Armstrong, of Relay, River, are spending a few weeks in our midst.

The Trustees of Sunday School No. 30, have been fortunate enough to engage Miss Mary Freeman, as teacher, for the year.

Miss N. Mullen has returned to Bath to resume her duties as teacher. Some of our young people attended the dance at Mr. J. O'Leary's, last Wednesday night. All report a jolly time.

Messrs Dick and Jim Enright, also Jim Wringe have returned to work after spending the holidays at their homes here.

Mr. Edward Brennan of Michigan is visiting friends here.

Mrs. W. Powers of Marysville, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. R. Kerwin.

A load of jolly merry makers, filling the air with laughter and songs and reminding you that the holiday season was in time, passed through here on New Year's Eve.

Miss Jennie Butler of Belleville, returned to her home on Monday after spending the holiday with relatives here.—Tweed News

men while luring the Germans to be slaughtered against the Allied defenses—will have two million first-line troops and two million reserves. On the Eastern front of war, Russia will have eight million troops. The war will be over by June 25, 1915.

## SPLENDID RESPONSE TO APPEAL

Belleville Sunday Schools on Sunday Contributed by Way of Collection Nearly \$500 For Belgian Relief

On Sunday the various Sabbath schools of Belleville took up special offerings for the purpose of raising sufficient funds to purchase one hundred bags of flour for the Belgium fund. Every Sabbath school took a lively interest in the effort. The results surpassed the expectations. Yesterday morning the various superintendents met in the Y.M.C.A. secretary's office to report. Mr. D. V. Sinclair took the chair. Mr. E. P. Frederick was appointed treasurer. Whilst all schools have not completed their full returns we are pleased to report that up to the present the following represents the responses from the various schools:

RECEIPTS	
Emmanuel Ref. Episcopal	\$28.22
University Sunday school	20.60
Baptist	78.62
Holloway St. Methodist	82.45
Tabernacle Methodist	50.75
Bridge St. Methodist	145.00
St. Andrews Presby.	102.50
John St. Presbyterian	121.95
Bethel Hall	24.00
Christ Ch. Anglican	56.60
St. Thomas Anglican	50.00
City Mission	7.19
Dr. Goodwin	5.00
Thus far	\$769.68

DISBURSEMENTS	
Printing	\$4.00
Postage	30.00
	\$7.20

The balance \$762.48 may possibly be increased to \$900.00 by the 20th when the flour to be purchased by this money will be shipped.

Any further offerings should be sent to Mr. E. P. Frederick, of Ritchie's.

## MRS. R. CLAPP DROPPED DEAD

Monday Morning While Visiting Her Daughter—Apoplexy Cause

A sad message was received here on Monday morning at eight o'clock announcing that Mrs. Gertrude Clapp of this city dropped dead at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Elmann, Buffalo, whom she had been visiting since the Christmas holidays. She was the mother of Dr. H. S. Clapp, veterinary surgeon of this city. Her husband, Capt. Robert Clapp died about five years ago. Mrs. Clapp's demise came as a result of apoplexy. She had been in her usual apparent good health and the news of her death was a great shock to her son. Dr. Clapp left at noon for Buffalo.

The Oak Hall are offering some splendid inducements in MEN'S AND BOYS' Overcoats



DR. GORDON ON "MISTAKES OF MARRIED MEN"

Another Powerful Address in Bridge Street Last Evening

"The Mistakes of Married Men" was the subject of Dr. Gordon's address which drew a capacity congregation to Bridge Street Methodist Church last evening.

Dr. Gordon opened his address by stating that every nation has a manhood of its own peculiar type by which it is known.

At a celebrated preacher passing along the stately, mentioned Fifth Avenue in New York City said "Haunted House," "idiotic child here, prodigal son there, verge of bankruptcy and approaching insanity."

QUESTION OF INSURANCE. On the mistake of not providing for the future welfare of the family, the speaker declared that it was a crime to organize a home without future provision.

CLUB LIFE. There is a mistake in allowing a club life to blast the home life. A good club is all right, but a bad club is a hole and a man hole out of which comes the blasting influence on the home.

POULTRY SHOW IS IN PROGRESS. Largest Entry List in History of Belleville Association—Some Famous Birds at City Hall.

Bel must have been dead indeed could not hear the cock's shrill clarion before dawn this morning in the vicinity of the city hall.

Yesterday Belleville's annual poultry show opened with the greatest list of entries in its history. Nearly 800 birds are in coops in the city hall now.

The exhibition will last until Thursday.

OAK HILLS. The horse buyers are around again they are picking up some good horses.

Mr. Charles Davis, formerly of Trenton, has purchased the property of Mr. Dennis Welsh and has taken possession.

Mrs. Nathan, Eggleton and niece Mrs. Edy Clark, visited at his brother Herbs, Foxboro, last week.

Richard and Ethel Eggleton of Belleville visited their uncle Nathan

WEDDING BELLS

On Tuesday, Jan. 12th at the Tabernacle, Rev. W. E. Clarke, William Thomas Calvery, of Belleville and Ina Maud Howerton, Deseronto were united in marriage. They were unattended.

THE BIGGEST ATTORNEY

Mr. George R. Sturges, of Woodbury Conn., has left for home after spending the holiday season with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. J. Sturges, Dundas St. Mr. Sturges is State's attorney at Woodbury and has the distinction of being the state.

LYDFORD LODGE INSTALLATION

Lydford Lodge, Sons of England held its annual installation last evening in the lodge-room. The attendance of the brethren was very large.

Chief Newton made a capital address and was followed by Bro. H. F. Ketcheson, who related his experiences in England at the outbreak of war.

G.O.H.C. INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

The Belleville Local No. 202 Canadian Order of Home Circle met in their Lodge room, Cannifton, Jan. 5.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Stewart, Belleville are spending a few days among their relations.

ENGAGEMENT INSTALLATION

The officers of the Quinte and Moira Encampments, I.O.O.F. were installed last evening at the lodge rooms, Bridge Street.

CAPTAIN BYWATER JUNIOR MAJOR

Capt. Bywater now on the divisional staff, has been appointed junior major of the 38th Battalion of the Third contingent which will mobilize at Belleville.

GIRL IS MISSING

Mr. Fred. Tyce of the Seventh Concession of Sidney telephoned to the police at one fifty yesterday morning that a hired girl had left this home and \$100 is said to be missing also.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN PORT HOPE AND COBURG

There is keen disappointment in Cobourg, Port Hope, Peterboro, and Lindsay on account of the decision of the department of militia to make Belleville the mobilization center for the entire district.

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.

THREE VOLUNTEERS FROM ONE FAMILY

Ald. Willet McTaggart, of West Huntingdon, came to the city yesterday to bring his two sons, George and Frederick here to take their places as volunteers in the Third Overseas Contingent.

BELLEVILLE IS BEING SIDETRACKED

I understand that some trouble has arisen between Mr. Small, of Toronto, and the Griffin management, which is deplorable in its results.

QUINTE CHAPTER OPENS TEA-ROOM

In Ritchie Building—Pretty Decorations—Philanthropic Work to be Carried on For Four Weeks.

HELD WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

The home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Bell, 325, Front Street was the scene of a pleasant event last evening.

POLICE COURT

John Ricketts, charged with having been drunk was remanded until tomorrow, on his plea of not guilty.

SIDNEY COUNCIL

The following persons duly elected filed their declaration of qualifications of Office with the clerk and took their seats in Council.

PERSONAL MENTION

At the largest and most enthusiastic meeting in this village of ladies from here and Madoc townships.

MELROSE

Rev. Mr. Conrod is preparing to move in to the manse.

OBITUARY

CHAS. W. W. ROSS. The death occurred last evening at his home in the Front of Sidney, of Charles W. W. Ross, son of the late Samuel Ross in his sixty-ninth year.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

All parties having claims against the estate of William O'Brien late of the township of Tyendinaga in the County of Hastings, farmer, who died the 15th day of December last.

FARM FOR SALE

100 acres, 5th Con. Thurlow, about 80 acres workland, balance pasture and wood-land. Well fenced and watered.

COW FOR SALE

The undersigned has for sale a thoroughbred Jersey Cow, new milch, Robt. Bird, 5th Con. Thurlow, 1 1/2 miles east of Foxboro.

FOR SALE

Highest cash price for Rye. Also cheap feed for sale. Cannifton Mills, Wm. H. Lingham. 3141 tw.

HOLSTEIN SALE

Important Credit Auction Sale of 20 head of pure-bred, registered Holstein cattle; also horses, hay, grain, farm implements and household goods.

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The Weekly Ontario  
Morton & Herity, Publishers

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish job work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1915.

A NOTABLE RECORD.

Although the destruction of the pre-dreadnought battleship Formidable does not appreciably impair the strength of the British battlefleet, yet it is a loss which is distressing. The men who have given up their lives so tragically, cannot be replaced, and we can do no more than salute the memory of those gallant seamen who did not flinch at the supreme moment.

A recent Admiralty announcement indicates the capacity of the British shipyards. The Secretary issued the following:

An interesting record of ship-construction has been established in the building at Messrs. Cammell, Laird, and Company's yard, Birkenhead, of his Majesty's new light cruiser "Caroline." Her keel was laid on January 28, 1914, she was launched on September 21, and delivered complete on December 17, after satisfactory trials on December 15, the contract date for delivery having been May 21, 1915.

This is indeed a remarkable record in shipbuilding. It has a special interest for Canadians, for the firm of Cammell, Laird and Company is one of the firms which tendered for the construction of the ships for the Canadian Navy, and was eager to establish a shipbuilding plant in Canada.

"NO SMALLPOX IN MADOC."

The Ontario has received a copy of The North Hastings Review in which the following statement was marked,

It is frequently said that if you would learn what is being said about you go from home. In perusing the journals of our neighboring confreres we were much surprised on reading that our village was a perfect hotbed of smallpox germs—a place, in fact, where it was dangerous for a person to go.

"I, Dr. W. A. Dafeo, Medical Health Officer of the village of Madoc, do hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, there is not a single case of smallpox in the Village of Madoc.

(Signed) W. A. Dafeo, M.D., Medical Health Officer, Madoc Village. Dated at Madoc, Jan. 5th, 1915.

Surely The Review is laboring under a misapprehension when it asserts that journals in neighboring towns referred to Madoc as "a perfect hotbed of smallpox germs—a place in fact where it was dangerous for a person to go."

We read very carefully every week all the local papers of the district and we have seen in none of them any such grossly exaggerated statements as The Review reports. Certainly The Ontario can plead "not guilty" to having defamed the northern metropolises in such fashion.

We remember having noticed casual reports in some of the papers of there having been a number of cases of smallpox in Madoc some weeks ago. We presume the statement was true, and if it were true surely there was no crime in its publication. Otherwise it becomes a crime to publish a newspaper at all.

If there has not been a case of smallpox in Madoc Village within the last two months, The Ontario will gladly publish a statement to that

effect. But if the newspapers were publishing only what was strictly correct, we do not see why the impression should be given out that these same journals have been publishing unfair and malicious reports about what never existed.

It is no disgrace to any community to have a visitation of smallpox. But it would be a disgrace if by lax quarantine methods the disease were permitted to remain or spread.

If Madoc Village had a more or less serious outbreak of smallpox within recent weeks, and if, as both Dr. Dafeo and The Review state, there is not NOW a single case of smallpox in the village, the result is a splendid tribute to the preventive measures that have been undertaken and enforced. We congratulate everybody concerned.

But, at the same time, The Ontario does not wish to be grouped with "the journals of our neighboring confreres," who are accused of having given publicity to extravagant and injurious statements.

We know that there is in the minds of business men, and particularly of retail merchants, a very strong aversion against newspapers publishing any reference to the fact, whenever some particular center is visited by a smallpox epidemic. They fear that it will "keep people away from the town" and "hurt business."

That fear is, we believe, very largely groundless. People no longer dread smallpox as of old, because of its changed character. One of the strangest phenomena in the history of disease is the way that smallpox has become transformed within the present generation from being one of the most malignant to one of the mildest of human maladies.

Twenty-five years ago people shunned it as they now do the bubonic plague. And not without reason. It then frequently resulted in death after terrible suffering. Or if the patient survived there was ordinarily life-long disfigurement.

Now, however, the disease almost never results in death. The afflicted ones usually suffer only slight illness such as used commonly to occur with chickenpox.

The altered nature of smallpox has led to many violent quarrels among attendant physicians, owing to disputed diagnosis. Many doctors have been called to account for labelling this modified smallpox as simple chickenpox, while other reputable physicians in Ontario have asserted that the affliction is not smallpox at all but a pustular disease known to the medical world as impetigo contagiosa.

The ordinary lay mind is not trained to follow the learned hair-splitting of the medical practitioners. But the man on the street knows that every winter within late years various parts of the province have been visited with an epidemic disease that bears a strong family resemblance to the old-time smallpox in everything except malignancy. This later disease produce only slight illness, rarely results in "pitting," and almost never ends in death.

Therefore the man on the street has come to classify it with measles and other epidemic travellers that are not very seriously regarded.

The result has been that wherever serious outbreaks have occurred, the medical officers have found it almost impossible to enforce effective quarantine, while orders for general public vaccination have given rise to open revolt.

The net effect has been that people do not any longer boycott a town where there happens to be a case or two of smallpox. The abject fear does not now exist. But if it did exist the publication of a truthful report in a newspaper would have small effect one way or the other. All the people within trading distance would hear of it if the newspaper never said a word. There are other means of spreading good or bad news aside from the public press.

But if such a fact as the presence of a smallpox epidemic is mentioned in a newspaper we do not see that any blame attaches to the publisher. There is far more danger to society in a spineless periodical press that is afraid to speak its mind, and publish legitimate news, than in those papers that choose for their motto, "All the news that's fit to print." The greatest formative agent in the creation of public opinion is the modern newspaper, and healthy public opinion is the greatest factor in the promotion of the highest type of civilization.

Greece is ready to mobilize at any hour, announces the Greek Premier. "Kultur" is likely to get another rude jolt at an early date.

Australia, with a population under five millions, has 164,361 men under arms, and expects to send 2,000 men to the front every month.

Cardinal Mercier, of Belgium, appeals to the American people to "keep their hearts open to us." And the appeal is to us as well as to our neighbors.

The charge of the French soldiers at the capture of the Alsatian town of Steinbach is one of the most dramatic exploits of the war. All honor to their gallantry!

It has been learned in Italy that a party of

Italian journalists who have gone to the front with the German armies were given £30 gratuity to equip themselves, and to be allowed expense money at the rate of £2 10s. a-piece a day, the money being paid by the German government. It is probable that the articles they will write will be as enthusiastically pro-German as some recent "special correspondence" from Germany in certain United States publications.

The New York World which published a cable about Belgium, evoked a communication from "A German Officer," whose letter it prints, saying that it has gone "a little too far" this time. Consequently, announces this officer, "I send your paper to-day to Gen. Oberst von Blissing, Brussels, in order to prepare in future the necessary reception to your and other American correspondents in Belgium, as well as in Germany; also after the war. So you had better prepare for the consequences of your foolishness." This is a sample of the gentle spirit of "Kultur."

Shipping freights in Great Britain have continued to rise, and higher rates are now obtainable than during the "boom" period of 1912. The extraordinary rate of 35s. per ton is paid for the carriage of grain from Argentina to the United Kingdom, whereas before the war the rate was 13s. and in normal times 25s. would be considered a very high rate. Neutral owners can obtain as much as 55s. per ton for the carriage of grain to Italy, Holland, and the Scandinavian countries. Charterers for cotton from the United States are paying about 60s. per ton (net register) if vessels are loaded for the United Kingdom, and about 80s. if destined for Italy. Coal shipments from England to the Mediterranean have been arranged at about 17s. and to Port Said at 21s., rates which are practically double the normal.

It will be recalled that Captain Lucy of H. M. S. Glasgow, in reporting to the Admiralty his vessel's share in the naval reverse off Coronel on November 1st, stated that his crew were not dismayed, but all were anxious to again meet the enemy. In the despatch which we published the other day, describing the fight off the Falkland Islands, it is said: "The Glasgow engaged the Leipzig and sank her." Thus, at the first opportunity, it will be seen that the little ship and its gallant crew made good the captain's words.

"At this moment not a single Austrian soldier remains on Serbian territory." So says the Crown Prince; and allowing for any rhetorical exaggeration, we get in these words the measure of the Serbian victory. We have independent evidence of the thrashing which has been given the Austrian troops in the telegram of a correspondent of the Times, who says:

There are myriad evidences of the completeness of the great debacle, which far surpassed the flight of the Turks from Yenidjei-Vardar. The retreat is a terrible tragedy of war. The whole route is a litter of abandoned impedimenta of every description. The roads along which the Austrians fled are strewn with corpses, demonstrating the havoc worked by the Serbian artillery.

When we recollect that the Austrian invasion of Serbia was spoken of as "a punitive expedition," we get some measure of the miscalculations upon which this war was based.

The London Times is indebted to a correspondent for the translation of an interview between the correspondent of the Secolo and one of the King's Indian soldiers now in France. The correspondent was curious to discover the temper of the Indian troops. "Are you glad," he asked, "to have come here to fight for a country which is not yours—France—at the bidding of another country—England—which dominates you?" The Indian looked at him with eyes full of wonder and indignation, and replied: "India is not oppressed by anyone; she is a part, and not a small part, of a great Empire. Therefore the Indians are not slaves of this Empire, but subjects as are the English, the Scottish, and the Irish. The English Empire is menaced by a nation called Germany, and to defend itself it has appealed to all its subjects. If the Empire were menaced in India, the English soldiers would have gone there, but as it is menaced in Europe, we have come here." He added in accents of profound pride, "We are English!"

We give these telling extracts from a message which Mr. Lloyd George contributed to the Christmas number of the Methodist Times, of London:

"I recently visited one of the battlefields of France. I saw a village being shelled by the German guns. A prisoner of war was just being brought into the French lines. He was in a motor-car under guard. He was wounded and looked ill and in pain.

"A French general with whom I had gone to the front went up to the wounded Prussian and told him that he need not worry; he would be

taken straight to the hospital and be looked after as if he were 'one of our own men.' The Prussian replied: 'We treat your wounded in exactly the same way.'

"It was a curious rivalry under those conditions for you could hear the whizz of the German shells and the shuddering crack with which they exploded dealing out death and destruction in the French trenches close by. We were in sight of a powerful French battery which was preparing to send its deadly messengers into the Prussian ranks a little further on.

"I marvelled that his exhibition of goodwill amongst men who were sworn foes should be possible amid such surroundings until my eyes happened to wander down a lane where I saw a long row of wagons each marked with a red cross. Then I knew who had taught these brave men the lesson of humanity that will gradually surely overthrow the reign of hate. Christ had not died in vain."

Dr. Mayo, the well-known surgeon, talking recently on the subject of cancer, says it is not contagious; that no one knows what causes it; that one man of every thirteen may expect to die of it, and one woman of every seven. On top of this he says the disease is easily curable if taken in time and that the only remedy is the surgeon's knife. His advice is to go at once to your physician as soon as you discover any sign of irritation about warts, tumors, moles or injuries which do not heal promptly. It is from such causes most cancers start, hence the advice.

A PROPHECY.

For I dipt into the future, far as human eye could see,  
Saw the vision of the world, and all the wonder that would be;

Saw the heavens fill with commerce, argosies of magic sails,  
Pilots of the purple twilight, dropping down,  
with costly bales;

Heard the heavens fill with shouting; there rain'd a ghastly dew  
From the nations' airy navies grappling in the central blue;

Far along the world-wide whisper of the south wind rushing warm  
With the standards of the peoples plunging through the thunderstorm;

Till the war drum throbb'd no longer, and the battle flags were fur'd  
In the Parliament of Man, the Federation of the World!

—Alfred Tennyson.

MOTHER BRITAIN AND HER SONS.

We are coming, Mother, coming—we are coming home to fight,  
To defend the Empire's honor, to uphold the Empire's might.  
From the plains of Manitoba, from the diggings of the Rand,  
We are coming, Mother Britain, coming home to lend a hand.  
From the islands and the highlands fast across the seven seas;  
Look where'er the sun is shining, and your flag is in the breeze,  
We'll prove our breed in your hour of need, and teach the bally Huns,  
Who strike at Britain, they must likewise reckon with her sons.

We are coming, Mother, coming—save a good place at the front;  
Where the battle wages fiercest, let your children bear the brunt,  
Tis a long way from Australia, and we've earned the right to stand  
In the first ranks, Mother Britain, have your orders when we land.  
From the islands and the highlands, from the outposts of the earth,  
On a hundred ships we hasten to your side to prove our worth.  
We've come to stick through thin and thick and woe betide the ones  
Who dares to smite the Mother-might forgetting of the Sons.

We are coming, Mother Britain, we are coming to your aid,  
There's a debt we owe our fathers, and we mean to see it paid.  
From the jungles of Rhodesia, from the snows of Saskatoon,  
We are coming, Mother Britain, and we hope to see you soon.  
From the islands and the highlands, just as fast as we can speed,  
We are hastening to serve you in the hour of your need.  
For, wherever peril calls abroad for loyal hearts and guns,  
We'll show the foe, that weal or woe, we're Mother Britain's sons.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson III.—First Quarter, For Jan. 17, 1915.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Judg. vi, 11-16, 33-40—Memory Verses, 14-16—Golden Text, Ps. lxxv, 4—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

I often read what I copied from one of Dr. Andrew Murray's Bibles in his study in Wellington, South Africa, in August, 1908: "The central thought of this book is God. Its one object is to reveal God—His glory, His will, His love. In reading it our chief desire ought to be to know God." I am reminded of this as I read carefully our lesson chapter and note in these forty verses some name of the Deity forty-four times (LORD or GOD, 27; God, 7; Lord, 2; Spirit, 1; Angel, 7). Thus the sin of Israel draws forth the love and grace of God and this time in connection with a great deliverance through a seemingly very weak man called Gideon.

The chapter opens with the oft repeated saying, "The children of Israel did evil in the sight of the Lord." This led to great oppression by the Midianites for seven years. Then they cried unto the Lord in their trouble, and He saved them out of their distresses (verses 1, 6; Ps. cvl, 6, 13, 14, 28). In our lesson verses, 7-10, He reminded them by a prophet of how He had brought them out of Egypt and planted them in this good land, warning them against any fellowship with the people of the land, but they disobeyed His voice (chapter ii, 1, 2). He calls us still to separation from this evil age unto Himself, but the god of this age, the devil, who also ruled the inhabitants of the land He gave to Israel, is still blinding and deceiving the people of God and running the so-called church for his own ends, and those who are willing to see Jesus only and follow Him fully are comparatively few.

Since Adam sinned God has been patiently and persistently seeking man, and mankind has been as persistently, under the power of the devil, turning away from God. God has thousands of angels who delight to do His will, but He never had but one man wholly and utterly at His disposal and under His control. Many redeemed men and women have been in greater or less degree yielded to Him, but none absolutely except the Son of Mary, the Son of God, the Lord Jesus Christ. We have already read in this book of Judges of His selection of Othniel, Ehud, Shamgar, Deborah and Barak, and how His choice fell upon Gideon of the tribe of Manasseh, whom He visits in person and talks with him as a man with his friend.

These appearances of God in human form before He came as the Son of Mary are some of the most fascinating as well as the most profitable of Bible studies. In each instance it is the Son of God whom we see, whose goings forth have been from of old, from the days of eternity (Mic. v, 2, margin), for "the man hath seen God at any time; the only begotten Son of God who declared Him" (John i, 18). The glory of the tribe of Manasseh, whom He visits in person and talks with him as a man with his friend.

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Gideon's seeming unwillingness and probably his conscious unworthiness (verse 15) remind us of Moses and Jeremiah (Ex. iii, 11; Jer. i, 6) and show us the Lord's difficulty in finding willing instruments. The Lord's encouragements to these three and to others were written for us that we may not hold back as they did. It is never a question of what we are or can do, but only and always, Who is He, and what can He do? The incident of verses 17-24, the Lord tarrying while Gideon prepared the kid and the unleavened cakes, reminds us of the Lord and the two angels waiting for Abraham and Sarah's preparation, but in that case they ate the food; in this it was consumed by fire, while in the incident of Manoah, the father of Samson, the angel of the Lord ascended in the flame which consumed the offering (Gen. xviii, 8; Judg. vi, 6-21; xiii, 19, 20). Gideon's readiness when encouraged by this sign is seen in his fearless destruction of his father's altar to Baal. It is refreshing to see Josiah stand with his son in this matter and to hear him say concerning Baal, "If he be a god let him plead for himself" (verses 25 to 32). If we would be used of God we must break with all idolatry and serve only the living and true God. There must be no compromise, no worldly lying or compromise with the world lying in the wicked one. As the spirit of the Lord clothed Himself with Gideon (verse 34, margin), so He will use us if we are whole hearted. The three signs granted to Gideon, the two of the fleece (38-40) and the one of the offering, remind us of the three signs granted to Moses (Ex. iv, 1-9). Our one only sign is the crucified and risen Christ (Gal. vi, 14).

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"Free for the asking"

"THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BRITANNIC AND GERMANIC IDEALS."

Subject of Interesting Lecture by N. W. Rowell, K.C., Before the Canadian Club at Trenton Last Evening.

Trenton, Jan. 8.—The most successful meeting held by the Canadian Club since its inception was that of last evening, when Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., delivered the finest address ever heard in Trenton.

Some 70 members and friends partook of the luncheon, for the excitement of which, Mr. Robert Robertson is entitled to much praise. After luncheon the high school boys and about 50 belated members entered the hall.

Mr. Rowell expressed pleasure at being able to visit Trenton for the first time, and added that he thought it was the duty of every public man to do as much as possible for the people in which he lived and worked.

said it gave him great pleasure to see them taking advantage of the hospitality of the Canadian Club. Like all the other speakers we have heard, he eulogized the work of Canadian Clubs throughout the Dominion.

Mr. P. J. O'Rourke, in a well timed and finished manner, spoke feelingly on the brilliancy of Mr. Rowell's effort, and stated that he thought it would be better for the members present to go home carrying the impressions left by Mr. Rowell, without having their minds disturbed by the remarks of other speakers.

At the request of the Canadian Club, Trenton, Mr. Herbert B. Amos, M.P., Honorary Secretary of the National Canadian Patriotic Fund, was consented to deliver his illustrated lecture on the British Navy in Canterbury Hall, on Friday evening January 22nd, for the benefit of the fund now being raised in Trenton for the support of the wives and dependents of the volunteers who have enlisted

to go to the front. This lecture will be magnificently illustrated with stereopticon views, and the lecturer, who spent the autumn of 1913 in England, and on the continent studying this subject, will describe the composition, organization and distribution of the British Navy. Every one desirous of intelligently following the great naval campaign now being carried on in the North Sea, the Mediterranean, and on the high seas should hear this address. Admission will be 25c. As the services of the lecturer are given without charge, the proceeds of the entertainment (less only the cost of the lanterns) will go as a subscription towards the fund, and will be acknowledged as such in the public prints. There are many who can subscribe their hundreds, not a few their thousands, but this affords the man who wants to devote a smaller sum towards lifting the burden of anxiety from the shoulders of those going to fight for the Empire, an opportunity to contribute in a way which will be not the less appreciated. Children under 10 not admitted.

W. C. A. NOTES

The regular meeting of the Women's Christian Association was held in the Council Chamber of city hall, on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 5th. Expenditure For Hospital and Home \$971.27. Receipts From paying patients \$1208.25. City patients 15.50. Medicine and Dressings 98.60. Grand Total 1322.35. Extra Meals 1.00. \$1323.35. Number of patients admitted during Dec.—60. Lady on Hospital, Dec. 31st—40. Lady on Hospital duty for Jan.—Miss Yeomans. Lady on duty for the Home—Mrs. Dyer.

GIFTS TO THE HOME Queen Mary's School—2 bags of potatoes, cakes, 12 cans of fruitbiscuits, 1-1/2 leaves of bread, vegetables. Thos Hart—500 Christmas cheer. Townsley & Co.—Candlers. Miss Preston—Box of candy to Miss Mary Connors—Approx of ties to all. P. A. Twiddy—Bag of potatoes.

Mrs. Joshua Lang—1 doz. of cream puffs. Mrs. A. W. Dickens—Oysters, hams, bugs, pie, buns, cake and candy. Mrs. B. A. Gibson—Fruit cake. Mrs. J. H. Murdock—2 pies. Mrs. Graham—1-1/2 lb. tea. Mrs. Chas. Ostrom—Gifts. University Sunday school—Dates, candy, apples, fruit, pickles, biscuits, sugar, hampers, plum pudding, cheese, salmon and ham. A Friend—Turkey, bag of potatoes. Mrs. Sprague (Pine St.)—4 plugs of tobacco. Mrs. Donovan—Cabbage, parsnips, carrots. Mr. S. Farley—22 cans of fruit. Mrs. S. Trevorton—Pie, apples and gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Bishop Christmas cheer—\$1.00. Mrs. Geo. Carr—Vegetables—Fruit headache. Mrs. Tower—Clothing, quilt Green & Co.—Roast pork, calendar. Miss Hudson—Roll butter. A Friend—Bag of turnips, plum pudding, 2 gals. pickles, 6 pts. fruit, mince pie, cake, candy. Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Knight—Christmas cheer \$1.00. Mrs. Simfield—Herring and gifts. Mrs. McInerney—2lbs. of hampers. 1 qt. fruit. Mrs. Logue—1 qt. of fruit, bottle of catsup. Miss Jack—Bottle of pickles. Mr. A. Wallace—Mixed candy. Miss McRae—Gifts to all. Mrs. John Elliott—Book, jelly and gifts. Deacon Shirt Co.—5 shirts. Mrs. E. Guss Porter—Peppermints and Tobacco. Mrs. Chas. Clapp—Candy. Mrs. Waddell—2 cans of fruit. Senator H. Corby—Crate of oranges. Mrs. Daise—Tea. Mrs. Mayo, Mrs. Osborne, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. O'Connell, Mrs. Dave Fisher, Mrs. Morton, Mrs. T. Bell, each gave a can fruit. Miss Sutherland—Gifts. Mrs. Way—Gifts.

INVITED TO MADOC Rev. W. S. McTavish, one of the Ontario Alliance field secretaries, has been invited to the marriage of St. Peter's Protestant church, Madoc. Cant. P. McT. Forin of the 34th Battery, R.C.F.A. is home from the R.S.A., Kingston.

MAMORA DEFEATED BY TWEED

At Tweed Last Night—Score 7-2 Special to The Ontario.

TWEED, Jan. 8.—The local hockey team got away to a good start in the home league tonight, defeating Marmora by a score of 7-2. Both teams displayed remarkable good attack handling considering the length of time they have had to practice but the score was above hockey great played in team work and shooting. The score at the end of 20 minutes was 4 to 1 and at 40 minutes 5 to 1, each team netted a goal in the third period, concluding the contest with the score as above stated. It was the cleanest game of hockey ever played in Tweed, only two penalties resulting and these for minor offences. This splendid feature of the game will have a very helpful influence toward the general support of the club. Trent Valley Hockey League comprises Stirling, Marmora, Madoc and Tweed teams, who have arranged a double schedule of games and an interesting season is anticipated.

Line-up was Marmora Goal W. Tweed C. Clairmont Defence W. Turcott J. McLartin Defence Wm Tarroft J. Froats Defence R. McGuire A. Shannon Rover R. Murray J. Jones Center F. Sager C. Jones Right Wing Wm Beatty F. Sweet Left Wing C. Donohue Referee—H. Shannon

BELLEVILLE DEFEATED AT PETERBOROUGH

Belleville intermediates were defeated in Peterborough last night by the score of 15 to 2. For the first time the Petes stepped on the ice, full strength. Parks and Kelley, the home team's forwards exhibited sterling hockey.

Peterborough Belleville Janes Goal Levitt Hunter Defence T. Brant Pethick Defence Marshall Spratt Rover Whalen Park Center Earle Kelly Right Wing Kingman Left Wing B. Brant

Referee—Lou Mraah, Toronto. Peterborough is scheduled to play a return match in Belleville on Monday night.

FRONTENACS WON Frontenac Juniors in opening game of season at Kingston last night defeated the K.C.I. by 4 to 3. PICTON'S CHANCES GOOD Picton defeated Oshawa at last town in intermediate hockey last night by the score of 6 to 2.

SATURDAY'S MARKET

This morning's market had the aspect of Belleville's usual markets. The effects of the Christmas and the crowds were once again in the city today. There was some difference in price Hogs have gone up to 7.50 and 7.60 per cwt live and 10.00 to 10.50 dressed. Spring lamb is higher at 15c to 16c per pound. There were a few loads of hay bringing 15.00 to 18.50 this morning. Apples are a little higher, spices being worth \$5.50 per barrel. Butter was bringing 32c per lb., eggs 40c per dozen. Ducks were worth 75c each and geese 1.35. Chickens sold at 65c to 70c each. Potatoes brought 70c per bag. Beef was 9.00 to 10.00 per cwt.

VOLUNTEERS

The Picton detachment of the 3rd contingent has been strengthened by the addition of the following to the list published last week—J. F. Bamsey Harold Besoiday Thomas O'Rourke Albert E. Nutley Donald Norton Albert Bryant A. W. Skuffman Irvine Kellar John Guest Thos. Wolfenden A. A. Humphrey Rae Welsh Frank Brown. making twenty in all. Mr. Rae Welsh son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Welsh, Ferguson street, Picton, came to Trenton and joined the volunteers of the Third Contingent. Mr. Welsh formerly belonged to the Prince Edward county dragoons.

BETTER THAN SPANKING. Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W. 87, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Mr. Greenlaw will sing by request King's "Recessional" at the four o'clock meeting in Bridge Street tomorrow afternoon.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

FOR A PURE WATER SUPPLY. Editor of The Ontario, Dear Sir:

I read with interest the excellent letter of Mr. W. B. Deacon on the Zwick's Island Filtration Scheme, published on Thursday, and trust that some action may be taken to improve the quality of our water supply.

Mr. Deacon dealt mainly with the benefit that would accrue to our unemployed through providing them with work. Let us for a moment consider the immense benefit that every citizen would enjoy through having a constant supply of fresh clear filtered water. Some years ago the scheme of having water reservoirs on Zwick's Island was gone into and it was pronounced to be quite feasible, and not expensive. The island is formed of gravel which would consist of a splendid filter. Wells were sunk on the island and it was found that a supply of very clear water was obtained. The supply was pronounced to be inexhaustible so long as there is water left in the bay.

What a boon it would be if every citizen could rely on a constant supply of pure drinking water. As it is now our water is not very palatable. During the summer when the wind blows from certain directions the water is not only a very bad color but has a very unpleasant flavor. One has only to run a quantity into a bath tub and allow it to stand for a time to see the great amount of sediment that is deposited at the bottom. Even now when the ice protects it from the wind those who use stone filters find a great quantity of deposit after one day's use of the filter. This deposit is not only a very unwholesome appearance but also has a most unpleasant odor. If our citizens could see the quantity and quality of evil smelling stuff that is taken from the bottom of the stand pipe when it is cleaned, they would not drink the water coming from it with great relish. I have seen cart load after cart load taken out of the vilest looking stuff one could imagine. I understand this stand pipe has not now been cleaned in a couple of years.

Many cities are obliged to pipe their water from points many miles distant at great expense. If we have almost at our doors a natural filtration plant that would give beautiful Belleville a constant and copious supply of pure water, let us thoroughly investigate it and our new mayor and council could cover themselves with everlasting glory if they take this matter up and rush it through successfully. Might it not be well to hold a public meeting regarding it? Yours respectfully, C. M. REID.

Aldermanic Qualifications

Belleville, Jan. 8th, 1915. Editor Ontario,

Dear Sir: As many of your readers will remember it was the custom, some years ago to publish the list of qualifications of Mayor and Aldermen. Can this not be done, as there was much talk a year ago, about two of the aldermen not having the legal property qualification. I am told that the way the law is, the man who qualifies falsely, is not only liable to a severe penalty, but that all proceedings of a Council in which he takes part, are illegal and can be upset by any person who wishes to take the proper course. I may add that in Toronto and many other places, this custom is usual and the vote in favor of the Publication of Assessment Rolls, shows that many people are getting woke up id regard to city matters. Thanking you for space, I remain, Yours resp. "Inquirer."

Donations to Red Cross Fund.

The Treasurer of the Red Cross and Hospital Supply Committee of the Belleville Patriotic Association acknowledges with thanks the following donations received since the last meeting. Mrs. MacAllister, Moore \$5.00 "Esperantist" " " " 5.00 Mr. William Moore, Plainfield 5.00 Young Men's Bible Class 30.75 Wooler 3.00 Mrs. Henry Pringle 3.00 Box at Jennings & Sherry 3.00 Disbursements for month \$54.95

It is very gratifying to have such contributions coming in for the good work on hand and to the Young Men's Bible Class of Wooler. We wish to express our appreciation for their substantial donation. The different committees are organizing in full strength again for work and the Hospital Supply Committee is making arrangements to prepare articles needed by hospitals to send off as soon as possible. From the Camp Committee while other comforts are needed, the demand comes for socks, socks and more socks. Although the donations and offers of help have been most generous in the city and throughout the surrounding country we ask you to respond even more generally than you have. It is expected also to try, and supply the members of the 3rd contingent who will be located in Belleville. The Committee rooms are open as usual on Wednesday afternoons from 3 to 4.30 o'clock and on Saturdays from 10 to 2 o'clock.

Birth Notice.

DOYLE—In Belleville, on Thursday, January 7th, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Doyle, 36 Chatham St. A daughter.

GILLETTS BEATS LYE DIRT CLEANERS-DISINFECTS

CANADA WILL SURPRISE FOE

London Standard Refers to the Country's Preparations for Keeping the Empire Intact

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Alluding to Lord Kitchener's reference to the "fine Canadian regiment" now at the front, the Evening Standard says: "Everything goes to show that equally fine Canadian regiments will be poured into the scene of hostilities in a stream that will astound the Germans, for 125,000 Canadians are now under arms, the Premier tells us. Ontario has become a province of drill companies, says a telegram. At Toronto a large part of the university students are drilling, and so it is everywhere. Canada even furnishes a quota of Belgians to reinforce King Albert's army.

It is not only in men and gifts that the Empire comes to our help. It is providing and as time goes on it will increasingly provide us, with engines of war. Australia is building a sister ship of the vessel that crushed the German, and three destroyers, Canada is prepared to build submarines. It is however, on men that we must chiefly rely; therefore it is most reassuring to learn that the men scattered about in scores of training camps are physically fitter than ever in their lives before."

THE HIGH SCHOOL WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The January meeting of the High School Women's Institute will be held at 4 p.m. Monday, Jan. 11th in the Domestic Science building. "What the Other Women are Doing" will be given by members of the West Belleville Institute, demonstrated lecture on "Making Biscuits" by Miss Tobina Templeton, head of the High School Department of Domestic Science, and there will be a mother's discussion of "Would Medical Inspection in our schools increase our Children's Efficiency for the Present and Future?" led by Mrs. Leavens, convener of the Medical Inspection Committee of Queen Alexandra Women's Institute. All High school mothers specially invited.

ANOTHER LUCKY EDITOR

The Advocate feels very grateful for the many kindly greetings and good wishes from our subscribers at this glad season of the year, amongst which are tokens of remembrance from as far west as British Columbia and in the east extending to Montreal, Que., and St. John, N.B. Amongst the number from nearer home we wish to acknowledge the receipt of a nice fat goose from East Hangerford and a nice plump turkey from North Marmora. Thanks awfully.—Tweed Advocate

Lost Load of Coal.

Mr. Amos Reid, of this city while driving across the bay with a load of two tons of coal, yesterday had a narrow escape. Near the head of Zwick's Island the back of the sleigh broke through and the load of coal gradually slipped into the water. The horses were not pulled off the ice.

Mr. John B. Dargavel, M.P.P. for Leeds County was in the city yesterday en route home from Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Convention at Peterborough.

Mr. Wm. McMechan of Madoc is in the city today on business.

Mr. John Lewis of Madoc is a visitor in the city today.

Dr. Alger of Stirling of the 49th Regt. has volunteered for active service.

Mr. Robert Coulson and Mrs. Coulson of Picton left for their home last night after spending a few days visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. J. E. Terrill and daughter, of Leithridge are visiting Mrs. Terrill's mother, Mrs. Wm. Sutherland, Victoria avenue.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Belleville Agricultural Society will be held in the City Hall, Belleville, Wednesday, Jan. 20th 1915, at 2 p.m. sharp. G. M. Campbell, R. H. Ketcheson, President. Secretary. 21w and 2 Sat. d.

FARM FOR SALE

That desirable farm, belonging to the estate of the late Sidney L. Sharpe, east 1-1/2 lot, 22 con 4, Sidney, containing 100 acres. Farm is in a fine state of cultivation. Large brick residence, good barn, drive-house and other outbuildings. Well fenced and watered. Spring creek through pasture. 5 acre orchard and 12 acres of pine and hardwood bush. Rural daily mail. Convenient to church and school. Less than 3 miles from Belleville. For further particulars apply on the premises to Mrs. C. Caverly or R. E. Shores or Frankford P. O., R. No. 2. d104w124a



# The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

THE DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

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TELEPHONE MAIN 93, with private exchange connecting all departments.

W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1915.

## THE FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.

If the matter has not already progressed too far, The Ontario would like to see more adequate consideration given to that question of introducing a new fire alarm system for Belleville. As far as we have been able to ascertain, the proposed telephone system of alarm will actually be more unsatisfactory than the present very inadequate and incomplete service. There are about half a dozen links in the telephone plan where delays may be caused, and delays are especially dangerous after a fire is under way.

Is there not a possibility of introducing an electric service that will be really effective, and, at the same time, not prohibitive in cost?

If we institute a system that breaks down at critical moments we can look for augmented insurance rates, and our property will continually be menaced by the danger of depending upon a system that is undependable.

We do not think that cheapness in first cost should be the sole determining factor in regard to the service to be installed.

A cheap service is liable to cause an increase in insurance rates, a thoroughly reliable system might bring about a reduction of even the present rate.

A very slight lowering in the percentage would in course of a surprisingly short time pay the total cost of installation of the better scheme. A cheap outfit may mean fire disasters, and prohibitive rates. Cheapness is sometimes the most insidious form of extravagance.

The Ontario will be glad to receive and publish the views of the President of the Board of Trade or of others who have given this question careful study.

## UNEMPLOYMENT.

Yesterday we read in the Toronto papers that fifteen thousand workers were out of employment in that city. Conditions are not nearly so bad here in Belleville, but none the less there are numbers of men out of work. The shutting down of the Steel Company's plant and the partial closing of the Marsh and Henthorn shops have thrown a very considerable body of good mechanics on their own resources. It need scarcely be stated that few of them have provided for such a long continued rainy day as the present. In fact, with the cost of living away up in the clouds as it has been for several years past, there has been small opportunity for the working-man to put away any large bank account.

It is now known that in Foster ward, and the section surrounding, there are now many families at the end of their resources, with positive distress staring them in the face. They do not want charity. All that they ask is an opportunity to work.

The problem of providing fuel for them is one of the most pressing. The Ontario would suggest that some of the shade trees on our streets be removed to supply this need. At many places there are shade trees that are partially dead and no longer sightly. One of these would provide a family with fire-wood for a considerable period. At other points the shade trees have grown large, and are now so thick that they shut out the sunlight, and preserve on the streets a continuous supply of mud through the summer. A judicious thinning out at such places would be in the interests of both health and beauty.

There should be immediate action.

## WHERE MAJORITY DOES NOT RULE.

Several years ago all the municipalities of Prince Edward County, with one exception, and notwithstanding legislative handicaps placed in their way, banished from their bounds the sale of intoxicating liquors. The one exception was the town of Picton, which, like a festering sore, has continued from its position in the center of

the county to send out its corrupting and contaminating stream. Law enforcement in the remainder of the county has been made doubly difficult, and the temperance people have been unfairly deprived of the fruits of victory.

Notwithstanding that this is an "off" year, and that the anti-liquor forces were disheartened from maintaining for so long a fight against odds, on Monday last the electors of Picton declared by a majority of thirty-eight votes that they desired no longer to have part or parcel in the sale of whisky, and in this way to make Prince Edward County all "dry."

But local option will not go into effect in Picton on the first day of May next, because—we all know the reason why—because the Conservative government at Toronto has declared that it requires three temperance votes to carry as much weight as two booze ballots. In this way popular government has been made a mockery and a whisky Family Compact has been entrenched in power to defy the people's will.

Last June, when they were in a penitent mood because they feared they had stuck to the fraud too long, we heard many local conservatives say that the Three-Fifths clause would have to go. If we were to discuss the same subject with those self-same penitents to-day they would repeat to us all those stale and barren arguments in behalf of the Three-Fifths clause, and show how it was one of the most beneficent measures ever devised by the minds of sagacious statesmen for the promotion of permanent temperance results. The true tory follows up a wrong course once adopted with as much zeal as a porous plaster sticks to a lame back. The only thing that ever moves him to change his mind is the fear of losing office.

It remains to be seen whether the government of Hon. W. H. Hearst will be more progressive than that of Sir James Whitney and remove this G. and W. device from the statute books of Ontario. Some things have happened lately at Hamilton and in Dundas that may cause a new idea to find lodgment in the somnolent atmosphere of Queen's Park.

## HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

Speculation as to the duration of the war may seem rather a vain thing at present when the situation is in some respects so undefined. Still, where such great and varied interests are at stake, it is difficult to refrain from guessing if one can do no better. But we are by no means bound down to mere conjecture. There are many suggestive indications.

For one thing, we know what the Germans themselves thought and said before war was declared, at their own chosen moment. They were unanimous in declaring that everything for them would depend on the suddenness and completeness of their initial operations. They believed it essential to their ultimate success that they should be in Paris within less than a month from the beginning of hostilities, so that they might be able to send back their armies to strike and demoralize Russia before she could complete her mobilization. Their whole plan of campaign and all their hopes depended on the carrying out of this pre-arranged programme. This cannot be denied even by their own tainted news-bureau. There is too much written evidence from their leaders against them. It may be assumed, therefore, that the final outcome of the war is no longer in doubt. Germany is already defeated. The only question is, how much longer it will take to complete the victory for the Allies.

In considering this question, it is necessary, first of all, to decide what would be accepted as complete victory by the Allies. We do not think that there should be much difficulty in deciding. The war is one not against Germany but against Prussian militarism. Therefore, nothing but the complete overthrow of Prussian militarism can or will satisfy the Allies, who are solemnly pledged to stand together to the end. The complete downfall of Prussian militarism can only be demonstrated in one way—by the unconditional surrender of the German forces on land and at sea. It seems very unlikely that less than that would be accepted by the Allies if they are to secure anything adequate in return for their enormous sacrifices, or if Germany herself and the neutral world are to profit as they should from the war.

That Germany will make unconditional surrender until definitely and unquestionably defeated is hardly probable. The German people, are, to all outward appearances, as much possessed by the spirit of militarism as are their rulers. Therefore, we are brought back to the inquiry, how long will it take to exorcise that spirit. It may be accepted as reasonably certain that there will be no yielding on the part of Germany so long as she can defend herself and keep the fields of battle outside of her own territory. When she can no longer do that, we have little doubt that German practical common sense will assert itself very quickly, and that the war will come to a sudden end.

Should Russia force her way into Silesia and make good her position in East Germany it would be the beginning of the end. In Silesia and Posen lie one of the main industrial fields of Germany. The invasion of that field would

be a solar plexus blow to the German giant. It would paralyze Germany's energies. She might recover breath sufficiently from it to rally her strength for further effort, but to do so she would be compelled to weaken her defensive efforts on her western side. There she is bravely holding her own now with every soldier that she can muster and every available gun. Three months hence Lord Kitchener's First Army of a million men together with all the Overseas forces will be ready for action on that side. The probabilities all seem to be that they, with the two or three million effective men whom France by that time will have in the field, should be able to force back the German lines to the Rhine even without the diversion certain to be caused by the Russian advance in the East.

Once on the Rhine, Westphalia, the western and greater industrial nerve centre of Germany would be within immediate reach. If the invasion of Silesia by the Russians would be of similar effect to a solar plexus blow delivered in the prize ring, the penetration of Westphalia would be the full national equivalent of a smashing swing to the chin of a boxing opponent. Westphalia is the main nerve centre of manufacturing and commercial Germany. There lies the defensive centre of the Kaiser's Empire. There are the Krupp works.

The Rhine fortresses will not long bar the way against the Allies once the banks of that river have been reached. There will have been afforded abundant time for the manipulation of siege guns quite as effective as those with which the Germans "hacked their way" into Belgium and France. Should Italy enter the fray on the side of the Allies in the meantime, there would not even be any immediate need of the reduction of the Rhine fortifications. Germany could be penetrated from the South between the Rhine and the Oder, and the fortifications on those rivers flanked and masked, while the heart of the Empire was being assailed. There is every probability that Italy will be found arrayed with the Allies in the near future. She is evidently but awaiting an opportunity.

Germany has already put forth her supreme effort in means and men. Hereafter she must weaken every day. Already she is feeling the pinch of approaching hunger. Already she is displaying the temper of the vanquished. Her munitions of war have been seriously depleted. Her food supplies are rapidly becoming exhausted. She is beset on every side by foes and insurmountable obstacles. Her one effective ally, Austria, is almost prostrate, Turkey is negligible. Greece is likely to step in before long and take care of her.

The logical conclusion from the present situation would, therefore, seem to be that, however deperately Germany may struggle, the end cannot be delayed much, if any, beyond a year from the outbreak of war, if, indeed, it does not come much sooner. We are confidently of the opinion, that German militarism will collapse from within as soon as the armies of Germany have been thrust back upon German soil. We do not believe that German armies are likely to maintain themselves beyond their own territory many months longer, either on the East or on the West.

That Russian victory over the Turks is like the old-time Tory majority in North Hastings—it keeps getting bigger every day.

That surely was a deadly offence for the Belgians of Brussels to make a parody of the German national song by changing "Rhine" into "Swine." Small wonder that yesterday's despatches told of the arrest of ten of the offending Belgian vocalists. One can imagine the effect upon the lordly sausage-eaters of transforming such a magnificent line as "Zum Rhein, zum Rhein, zum Deutschen Rhein!" into "zum Schwein, zum Schwein, zum Deutschen Schwein!" Or the last line of the stately chorus "Fest steht und treu die Wacht, die Wacht am Rhein!" which by the changing of one little word becomes "Fest steht und treu die Wacht, die Wacht am Schwein!"

We do not know whether the quartering of so large a contingent of troops at Belleville is due to the good offices of Colonel Sam, who always holds in pleasant memory the town where he spent several happy years, training up the future premiers of Canada. Or whether it is all due to the effective work of E. Guss of West Hastings, or to Billy B., the suave representative for East Hastings, or to all three working in combination. But we do know that the coming here of so numerous a force will mean many thousands of dollars put into local circulation. In the present winter of slack business and much unemployment, this will be a very welcome addition to the ways and means of meeting the shock of war as it affects local industries and affairs. We are all very grateful for the good fortune that has come Bellevillewards.

And now the great newspapers of Hometown, the hilarious, are discussing with awful solemnity the tragedy that happened to poor McCarthy on Friday last. "I done it," The Telegram has proclaimed with a cruel, gloating em-

phasis. "You couldn't have did it," says The World in reply, "for nothing is surer than that McCarthy come to his unanimous and untimely end through the fatal meddling of The Globe. The latter is enough to joney anything." To all of which The Globe yesterday made answer by pointing the scornful finger of conviction at the wicked toy machine at Ottawa. In the meantime, McCarthy has not made any remark about the reports of the disaster to himself being in any way exaggerated.

No one who hasn't seen this can realize what it is like. The Germans have a hell of a machine which has been brought into play against our trenches in the last three days. Shot from a distance of 300 yards, a long two-foot projectile, which one can watch at all points in its flight, goes high into the air and comes almost plumb down on the point aimed at. It is called, I believe, a Minenwerfer—200 pound shell. They put these infernal bombs into a circle of thirty yards' radius. They smash in the trenches, blow men to bits, stupefy, deafen and poison others. It's an extraordinary explosive. It blows huge holes in the ground, crushes in the trenches, and if it falls on a man knocks him to pieces, though it may let off his neighbor with a scratch and nervous attack which may last a day or two. All yesterday C company was sending in little dribbles of men who are more like gibbering idiots than human beings.—Letter from British officer in the trenches.

Congratulations to The Stratford Beacon which has just completed sixty years of publication. The Beacon is a credit to its publisher and under his able direction has become one of the brightest stars in the newspaper firmament of Ontario. Its pages are clean, and its editorial department brilliantly managed and influential. Like most of the other good things of Ontario, Brother O'Beirne, the publisher of the Beacon, is a product of the Bay of Quinte district. He received his first lessons in the manly art of journalism at Napanee where for several years before his removal to Stratford he was editor and publisher of The Express.

In Stratford the people appreciate good newspapers and the men who furnish them with the good papers. Mr. Dingman, publisher of the Stratford Herald was within recent years twice elected to the mayoralty, while, upon the occasion of The Beacon's diamond jubilee, Mr. O'Beirne was presented with a purse containing five hundred dollars in gold by the citizens of Stratford as a public recognition of the services the enterprising publisher had rendered to the community.

Contrast that sort of thing with the cold-blooded indifference shown by the people of Belleville to their newspaper benefactors. Here The Ontario has entered upon the seventy-fifth year of continuous publication and no showers of gold or even copper have fallen over The Ontario sanctum. If the editor were to offer himself as a sacrifice for some ten-cent public office, he would surely be told to go away back to his farm in the Second Concession, and engage in something more suited to his talents.

## A CASUALTY.

John Delaney of the Rifles has been shot—  
A man we never knew.  
Does it cloud the day for you  
That he lies among the dead  
Moving, hearing, heeding not?

No historian will write his humble name;  
No sculptured stone will tell  
The traveller where he fell;  
That he lies among the dead  
Is the measure of his fame.

When our troops return victorious shall we care  
That deaf to all our cheers,  
Lacking tribute of our tears,  
He is lying with the dead,  
Stark and silent—God knows where!

John Delaney of the Rifles—who was he?  
A name seen on the list,  
All unknown and all unmissed,  
What to us that he is dead?  
Yet he died for you and me.  
—W. M. Letts, in The London Observer.

## SMILE A FEW.

Here, you discontented knocker,  
Growlin' 'bout the country's ills,  
Chloroform your dismal talker;  
Take a course of liver pills,  
Stop yer durn eternal howlin',  
Chaw some sand and git some grit;  
Don't sit in the dumps a growlin',  
Smile a few, and boost a bit.

Fall in while the band's aplaying',  
Ketch the step an' march along;  
'Stead o' pessimistic brayin',  
'Jine the halleluiahs song;  
Drop your hammer—do some rootin',  
Grab a hori, you cuss, an' split  
Every echo with your tootin',  
Smile a few, an' boost a bit.

## Other Editors' Opinions

### TO MOBILISE GERMAN-AMERICANS.

Herman Ridder, the editor of the New York Staats-Zeitung, is doing an ill-service to people of German blood in both the United States and Canada by the frothy editorials in his paper. His latest suggestion is that 2,000 German societies in Greater New York should unite for conducting an immense campaign to include every German society in America for the purpose of influencing public opinion in the United States to keep the United States out of war, and also to remedy the injury done to Germany by the war. He goes further than this. Speaking no doubt, as the mouthpiece of the German Government, he declares that any Germans or people of German descent on this continent who do not answer to his "clarion call" are traitors.

We are glad to see that some of the more level-headed Germans in New York are protesting vigorously against the stand taken by this paid agent of the Kaiser. For instance, Maurice Leon, a well known German-American intimates that there must be more in this call to organize that is to put in plain words by Ridder. He declares that Ridder's attitude, taken in conjunction with the pan-German campaign conducted of a peace propaganda, gains a significance which has been clear to but few citizens of the United States. It leads one to suspect he says, that the Los Angeles Times may be well informed in its disclosure of the preparations for a raid against Canada by a German force mobilized in California. He continues:

Mr. Ridder's call to "organize" is intended to be understood as meaning "mobilize." This mobilization is not to be largely military in character, at least for the present or rather political. Dr. Dernburg, as boss of an enormous German political machine, is to be enabled to dictate to the American Government so that it will recognize the annexation of Belgium by the Kaiser. Once that is achieved, our Ministers and Consuls in Belgium will be treated as meddlers concerning themselves improperly with matters affecting German subjects if they continue their activities in behalf of a prostrate people to whom the United States still stands as the symbol of human justice and pity.

I beg my fellow citizens, especially those of German descent, most of whom I believe to be loyal to our common country not to mistake the meaning of the activities of Dr. Dernburg, Mr. Ridder and the like. If successful in carrying out the programme now openly proclaimed through Mr. Ridder's agency these men will be in fair way to achieve the pan-German domination of the United States. How many American voters of German descent want that? The sooner we know it the better.

These are plain words of warning to the United States of the great campaign which the Kaiser is fostering on this continent. They are words of warning also to the Canadian Government to keep a close watch on German activities in both Canada and the United States.

### HARMONIOUS ALLIES

The French, under Napoleon, used to fight for glory, glory of the nation, if not the individual; but glory, even more than ambition, is the last infirmity of a noble mind, and it may mislead a people to shed its blood for a shadow. There is some egotism in the pursuit even, of national glory; but there is none in the spirit with which the French and all the allied armies are waging the war. And that is clear, from the brotherhood that exists and increases between their troops and ours. There never has been a war in which allies have worked together so harmoniously for a common cause, in which they had so completely lost sight of their peculiar national interests for the sake of the common victory.

### UNCLE SAM'S NEUTRALITY

Some critics are condemning the United States for not seeking an excuse to jump into the European war, while others are urging the Washington Government to protest whenever unusual acts are committed. One speaker for literature and arts calls upon President Wilson to organize a protest against the destruction of Belgium, pointing out that more cities will suffer when the Germans are being driven back into their own country. As the only way the United States could prevent this would be for the Government to raise an army and navy big and powerful enough to overawe all the belligerents, no action can be taken. The protestations of an outsider are of little avail when big nations are at war.—Montreal Gazette

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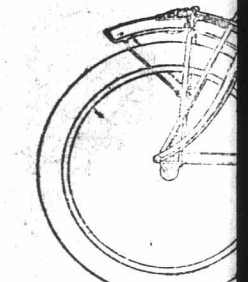
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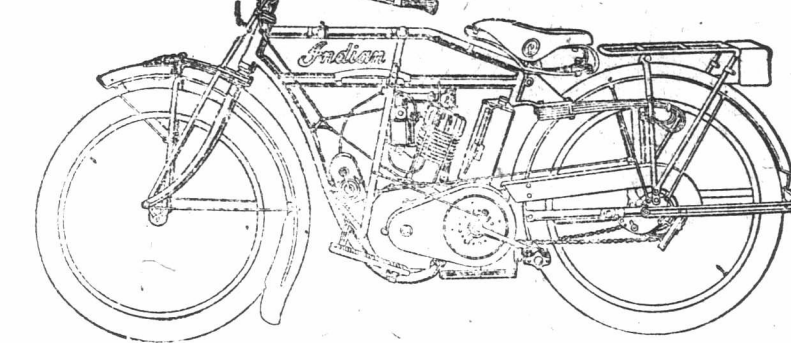
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Every farm in this section contains some non-productive portion.

Why not apply about 500 pounds, per acre of **SIDNEY BASIC SLAG** made in Canada for Canadians, and increase the yield on grass, hay or grain several hundred pounds per acre.

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- 10 set Wagon Bolster Springs.
- Big Bargains while this sale lasts.

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BELLEVILLE

## LOCAL ICE CASE BECOMES PRECEDENT

"The Ontario Weekly Notes" published by the Law Society of Upper Canada of date Jan. 2nd, 1915, contain the full judgment in the appeal of Little vs. Smith. This case is that dealing with the protection of ice routes on the Bay of Quinte and the judgment in this case will be quoted as precedent in future cases.

The case was an appeal by the defendants from the judgment of the Senior Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings in favor of the plaintiff, upon the verdict of a jury in an action brought to recover damages for the loss of the plaintiff's horse. The appeal was heard by Meredith, C.J.O., MacLaren & Hodgins, J.J.A. and Clute, J. W. B. Northrup, K.C., for the appellants; E. G. Porter, K.C., for the plaintiff, respondent.

### JUDGMENT

Meredith, C.J.O.—The female appellant conducts an ice business, which is managed by her husband, the other appellant, and for the purpose of the business they cut ice in the Bay of Quinte. There is a conflict of testimony as to the area of the opening made in the ice in the cutting; but it was at least 150 feet long and 8 or 9 feet wide; and the appellants failed to provide the protection around it required by sec. 287 of the Criminal Code. A horse of the respondent which was driven by him, attached to a sleigh in which there were a number of empty milk-cans, ran away and in the course of his flight broke through the thin ice which had formed over the hole and was drowned. The bay when frozen over is used as a means of travelling from Belleville to the county of Prince Edward; and the respondent was driving across the bay for the purpose of getting a supply of milk from farmers in that county. There was a beaten track which was used in crossing the bay, and the respondent was driving on it when his horse ran away and ultimately came to the hole in the ice, which was distant about 150 feet from the travelled way.

The respondent brings his action to recover damages for the loss of his horse, and claims to recover on two grounds: (1) that the hole in the ice, insufficiently guarded as it was, constituted a nuisance in the highway which he was lawfully using, and that the loss of the horse was due to the existence of the nuisance; (2) that the appellants were guilty of a contravention of sec. 287 in not protecting the hole as that section requires and that the loss of his horse was due to the failure so to protect it.

The contention of the appellants is that the hole in the ice did not constitute a nuisance, because the distance from the hole to the travelled way; that no action lies for the failure to provide the protection which sec. 287 requires; and that the proximate cause of the drowning of the horse was his running away and being no longer under the control of his driver or of any one else; and the appellants also contend that the learned County Court Judge misdirected the jury as to the effect of sec. 287, and that the running away of the horse was occasioned by the negligence of the respondent, who, it was contended, was under the influence of liquor and unfit to drive the horse.

The question of contributory negligence was fairly left to the jury, and their verdict against the respondent of it, and there was evidence which warrants the jury's finding. The main question is as to the liability of the appellants for injury done to a runaway horse, in driving it, it was the duty of the appellants, both at common law and under the provisions of the Code, to guard the hole that had been made, in my opinion, and that such a duty exists was decided by a Divisional Court in Pennoek v. Mitchell (1908), 12 O.W.R. 767.

It may be that sec. 287 imposes a greater duty as to the nature of the guard than is imposed by the common law; but it is unnecessary, in the view I take, to consider that question. The learned Chief Justice quoted sec. 287.

While the purpose of this enactment was the safeguarding of human life, I have no doubt that a hole guarded, in the protection of it, in a public highway, as the Bay of Quinte is, is a nuisance; and, if it be a nuisance, the respondent, having suffered damage directly resulting from that which was suffered by the public at large, is entitled to maintain an action for the recovery of the damages which he has sustained.

There is more difficulty as to the liability of the appellants in the circumstances of the case, the horse having run away, without, as the jury have found, any negligence on the part of the respondent, and in his having broken through the thin ice which had formed over the hole cut by the appellants.

The cases are certainly not satisfactory and are not easily reconcilable, but I am of opinion that the true rule is that laid down in the Sherwood case, and that the Atkinson case does not stand in the way of its being applied. The respondent, as a municipal corporation where the highway is out of repair owing to the corporation's neglect of the statutory duty to keep it in repair; but, if the rule is otherwise, and the corporation is not liable where horses are running away, that would not, in my opinion, help the appellants. The Bay of Quinte—the whole bay—is a highway, and open to the public, and open its waters when frozen any person may travel on foot or driving his horse or other animal. The public have the right to cut the ice, but this right is subordinate to the right of travel, as is clearly shown by the provision of the Code to which I have referred; and I am unable to find any ground upon which

## ACTIVITY AT ARMOURIES

Recruits for Third Contingent Drilling in Belleville—Enlistment for Local Units

The armouries on Bridge street are again the scene of bustling activity these days for the tramp of Canadian troops enlisted for foreign service is heard within the walls of its drill hall. Twice daily the recruits of the Third Canadian Contingent of the local regimental units, the 15th and 49th drill at the armouries 10 a.m. to 2.30 p.m. and 8.00 p.m. to 10.00 p.m.

There is no drill instructor here at present as recruiting has just begun and the men are only answering roll call and going through squad-drill.

The Fifteenth Regiment has 25 or 30 recruits some of whom are from the rural district. The 49th has a similar number. Officers from both regiments have applied for commissions in the new battalion which will be stationed here.

It is likely the 16th Regiment will send its recruits here shortly. Twenty-six recruits of the 14th of Kingston were out drilling yesterday at artillery park. Ottawa has secured 160 recruits; Peterboro 56; Lindsay 160; the 47th have recruited 15 and the 4th Hussars 9.

There is rumor in military circles that Capt. Bywater of the district staff is likely to go to the front with the Third Contingent. During the brief period he has been in his present position he has made a large circle of friends and he has the name of being a very obliging and capable officer.

There are about 30 accepted Kingston recruits for the new battalion.

## WEDDING BELLS

FOX-BEARNS

The home of Mr. James H. Hearns was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday evening, Dec. 30th, when his younger daughter, Harriett Amanda, was united in marriage to Mr. Herbert R. Fox, of Oyen, Alta.

The bride was charmingly gowned in ivory striped marquisette over messaline silk, and was led to the altar leaning on the arm of her best man, and carrying a beautiful spray of white carnations tied with satin ribbon. The ceremony took place in the drawing room. Rev. Mr. Crook-shanks of Thomasburg officiating.

After congratulations had been repeated to the dining room where a sumptuous repast was partaken of. The remainder of the evening was spent in music and other pastimes.

The groom's gift to the bride was a brooch set with pearls and amethysts. Many other beautiful gifts were received, including the wedding cake which was sent by her uncle, Mr. Gunyon of Sault Ste. Marie.

Much joy and prosperity is extended to the happy couple who will be leaving in the near future for Oyen where they will reside.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Dear Sir: There were five statements made by Rev. Dr. Gordon, all of which I think are inaccurate. I would respectfully ask Dr. Gordon, where proof is to be found, for the following incidents he mentioned in his very eloquent address.

The first is that Robert Burns was a cripple. As an exciseman he rode two hundred miles each week. The second, that Burns overheard the lady of his love say, that she would never marry a cripple, and hearing that, in a great degree, wrecked his life.

The third, that Jane Welsh Carlyle, declared that she had married Thomas Carlyle because of his fame, and without love, and as a consequence was miserable.

The fourth, that Robert G. Ingersoll, the celebrated lawyer, was addicted to drinking to such a degree, that his wife and children, were leaving him, and their home, forever; and only remained, because he pledged himself to entirely abstain.

The fifth is, that any map was found of Belgium, upon which Wellington had inscribed at a certain undecided spot. The battle will be fought here. The publisher's letters, and of Jane Welsh Carlyle, are couched in the most tender love; and show that she loved Carlyle with all her very sensitive and affectionate heart, as anyone can learn by reading these letters as published. Yours, Scrutator.

## HALSTON.

Mr. Dunk of Toronto, preached at Mt. Pleasant last Sunday night. Mrs. M. Boldrick who has been very sick, is recovering. Mr. and Mrs. Tucker of Stirling visited Mr. Gibson's last week. Miss Lillie Wilson spent New Year's with her sister, Mrs. B. Colden. Mr. Wallace of Lindsay, and Mrs. Cook, of Belleville, visited their sister, Mr. Boldwick, one day last week. Mrs. Frank Treverton, spent Christmas in Toronto. Mrs. Grills and son, of Thomasburg visited her sister, Mrs. Sherry, on Christmas. Mr. and Mrs. J. Shannon, spent one night last week at Larkins'. Mr. and Mrs. J. Boldrick visited at Theodora Park's, on Monday night. Mr. W. Collins has returned home after visiting friends at White Lake.

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## WOMAN GOES MARCHING ON

Special to The Ontario.

TORONTO, Jan. 7.—Some people said that the war would kill all such movements as votes for women. This opinion was based not on the assumption that women's suffrage would become less popular but that there would be no interest in the subject of the interest arising from the war. These predictions, however, as far as Ontario is concerned and as far as one specific branch of the Woman's Suffrage question is concerned, have been fulfilled. The votes taken in a number of Ontario towns this week favoring the extension of the Municipal Franchise to married women if they were otherwise qualified, is most significant. The plebiscites were carried in all the places they were submitted including Stratroy, Guelph, Thamesville, Orangeville, Clinton, Bracebridge and North Bay. These results simply confirm what the vote recorded in Toronto last year, on the same question, 26,238 votes were polled in favor, against only 12,575. Requests for this legislation, is most significant.

The Municipal Franchise for married women, otherwise qualified, is one of the planks in the Government and Mr. Rowell's view is expressed thus: "With the possible single exception of Tax Reform, we have not had in recent years, a greater demand presented to this House in favor of this proposal."

It is interesting to note in connection with the majorities in favor of this measure recorded this week, that it is only a few weeks ago that the Minister of Education, in a speech of a deputation of women who had come to see him asking for this reform, but who found that Mr. Hearst had suddenly left for Ottawa and was not there to receive them. It looks as if the new administration is going to be as hostile as the old to this reform, which, as repeated votes are showing, is one of the popular issues of the day.

## Dispute in Hotel

Some trouble arose at a hotel last night two men being mixed up. The hotelman says it was the famous, "The Bear's" rolling on the floor.

It is said that some pepper was thrown about in a man's eyes and down his neck and that a spittoon figured in the dispute.

This morning Michael Callaghan charged B. McConnell with assault. The case will be tried tomorrow before Magistrate Mason.

## Charged With Theft.

Oscar Spafford was arrested by County Constable Patrick Hayes on a charge of having broken into and entered the storeroom of the complainant, Edith Staples, in Tyndinaga, some time in December and stolen one brown cloth overcoat, one pea-jacket, one pair of white flanneling sheets and other articles at about the value of \$15. Spafford was remanded until Jan. 15th as the crown was not ready to proceed.

## Belleville Rifle Association

The Belleville Rifle Association last evening held its regular shoot at the armouries. The scoring was excellent.

- J. Douch . . . . . 100
- G. Anderson . . . . . 99
- J. C. Wills . . . . . 97
- A. Haggerty . . . . . 97
- G. Ellis . . . . . 96
- W. J. Andrews . . . . . 95
- H. Raymond . . . . . 95
- A. Symons . . . . . 95
- H. Thompson . . . . . 94
- Dr. Clarke . . . . . 94
- C. C. Walker . . . . . 93
- L. R. McMillan . . . . . 91
- J. D. Gratton . . . . . 91
- C. Symons . . . . . 90
- P. Geen . . . . . 88
- H. Weese . . . . . 88
- G. Maxam . . . . . 88
- M. Wright . . . . . 88
- H. Hall . . . . . 78

## OPEN LETTER TO THE MAYOR

And the Members of the City Council

Belleville, Jan. 7th, 1915.  
Your Worship,  
Mayor Panter,  
and members of the City Council,  
Gentlemen!

I wish to bring before you what is, in my opinion, the most vital question in our city to-day, namely, the unemployment in our midst.

We are all aware that most of our manufacturing plants have been running on about time, some have been compelled to close entirely. This has been a great hardship, in fact the unemployment has fallen the heaviest upon those citizens who are really the mainstay of our city and this effect is felt wherever you go.

One means of immediate relief during this winter is the employment of a hundred or more men on the long proposed filtering basin on Zwicks Island. Plans have been prepared for this and a ten thousand dollar bylaw was some years ago favorably voted upon, giving authority to do the work. Employment could be given at once by excavating the gravel for the basin and this gravel could be tested at the various parts of the city where it will be ready to be used on the streets during the coming summer.

There might be some difficulty the first few days in clearing away and getting below the frozen earth but the situation could assuredly be handled.

Standard wages should be paid, married men with families have the preference, all employed must be our own citizens, the teams in Belleville towns are more applied than could be conveniently handled alternate shifts could be worked.

Gentlemen, the situation facing many of our citizens calls for prompt action on your part. Something must be done to relieve the situation and honest employment only is what the people want. The financing of the above plan, or any similar plan, that may be proposed can be easily taken care of the express being allotted to the various departments securing the benefits.

I am sure, gentlemen, in taking the question of unemployment into your consideration and giving it your immediate attention you will be conferring a great benefit on many of our citizens.

Yours respectfully,  
W. B. DEACON.

Editor's Note.—Mr. Deacon has here touched upon a pressing need and an important public question. Here is a suggested method of helping those who are unfortunately thrown out of employment, and at the same of helping ourselves by the creation of a great public utility.

The Ontario will be glad to publish the views of any of our citizens who may have further suggestions to offer.

## THE WORLD'S HUGEST CRIME

This article by Dr. William Waugh is found in Medical World, Philadelphia January issue, and very few medical journals have larger circulations, and in our Dominion it has been said that no journal medical of the U. S. has more Canadian doctors as subscribers. Probably, M.D. WORLD has in Canada more subscribers than any two of our best Medical Journals and its influence is very pronounced equally in the U. S. and in Canada.

Dr. Waugh's classical words are in a sense equalled by the illustration, denouncing German Militarism as one may notice on the front page of SAUTER'S EVENING POST, last issue, Jan. 2nd—which needs no words to describe the fine timely illustration.

In times like these, when men's passions are heated to the boiling point, the position of a neutral is not as peaceful as it seems. It is not for you, unqualifiedly, he is against you. But in all the warring nations there are those who keep their heads and can look on things as they are dispassionately, disinterestedly, without partisanship.

I am neither German, English, French, Russian, Montenegro, Austro-Hungarian, Belgian, Japanese or Serbian, but simply American, if an unbroken lineage of American ancestry for 200 years make me such, by age and disposition I am judicial and conservative, I have neither interests nor connections that could sway me to one side or the other. I claim the right to my opinion; and in answer to German critics who object to my previous article I would suggest that they might more profitably ask themselves why under these conditions I and the vast body of my countrymen feel as I do. For after allowing full values for the German greatness of qualities and achievement, the truth is that Germany has not won the confidence or the liking of any country or people beyond her own limits.

Let us look at the matter broadly. For it is evident that each of the contending parties is in deadly fear of the other, and each seeks safety to herself only in establishing her own military supremacy over them; as to England, in providing such a naval force as will surely counterpoise the immense military machines of the continent.

Europe's motto is—"Do the other man before he can do you."

Survey the field of Europe, and note France, with the subdivision of her arable, and pushed to the uttermost possibility, and a population scarcely sustaining its numbers. True, Africa has opened to her an outlet for her surplusage of men, money and energy; and it may be that a vivifying circulation there may be established whereby the home stagnation shall be relieved. To this and to democracy may be attributed the difference between France in the present conflict and the showing she made in 1870.

Comes Germany, whose prolific womb sends forth her yearly swarm of youth, as in Caesar's days; and as pressing insistently in their need of breathing room. That these should seek new homes is mathematically certain and so every new land welcomes the German immigrant, every virgin soil is turned by the German plow. But Germany's rulers prefer to keep their surplus under their own control, to add it to their own power. Hence the cry of Germany for more European and colonial space, for expansion under her own flag.

France of Germany stand the thorough multitudes of the Slavs. Even more prolific than the Teutons, their masses grow yearly more portentous, as a menace to their neighbors. They threaten all their boundaries, not by military tendencies or disposition, but by the sheer force of numbers. Eastward they have room to expand in

Verandah Blown Down  
The verandah in front of Mr. H. Day's residence, Bridge street, west, was blown down at an early hour this morning by the wind. No other damage of consequence was reported through the city by the heavy wind storm.



"THE WAR"

Dr. Gordon-Deliver... principles for which... (From Monday) The patriotic gathering...

THE WAR, THE HO... Is it possible in the... should be called upon...

(1) The man who... Britain fights for a... national honor...

Farmer... Bring your... skins, Whea... Rye, Buckwhe... etc., and get... cash prices at...

Belleville... Co.

GR... We commence the year with a great Picture Framing and Picture Sale...

The Scantlebury... New Wall Paper Store... C. B. SCANTLEBURY Designer Decorator



Don't deprive yourself of the pleasure and heartfelt results of "a daily constitutional" out in the open air these crisp winter days for fear your feet will get cold. Buy shoes to suit the conditions, shoes that will keep your feet warm and dry.

- Men's Felt Boots or Gaiters, \$1.50 to \$2.00
Men's Overshoes, \$1.50 to \$3.00
Women's Felt Boots, \$1.25 to \$1.75
Women's Overshoes and Lined Rubbers, 75c to \$1.50

A.W. Vermilyea & Son THE STORE OF QUALITY & SERVICE

LETUCE & PARSLEY DELICIOUS COFFEE At former low prices 30, 35, 40 & 45c lb. At Wallbridge & Clarke's H-O Steam Cooked Oatmeal Easy to digest Roman Meal, pkgs., 10 & 25 Clean Bouillon bottles 25c Oat Chowder 2 tins 25c Snider's Tomato Soup 10 & 15 C & B Pickles all varieties Finest Sugar-cured Hams and Bacon Boneless & Shredded Cod Fish At Wallbridge & Clarke's New Prunes New Apricots Sliced California Peaches Hawaiian Pineapple, California Apricots (halves) (tins) Royal Anne Cherries Finest Vostizza Currants Flavour To be used in special Cakes and buns White Clover Honey Maple Syrup Buckwheat Flour At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Keep in Mind That The Up-Town Liquor Store is here for your convenience, catering to your wishes and supplying you with whatever your wish in the way of High Grade Liquors. W. A. RODBOURN Phone 88, Orders delivered promptly to any part of the city. Box 103.

NO MORE FOREIGN TOYS "We have imported the last foreign toys that will ever be sold over our counters," announced one of the largest departmental stores in Canada, in speaking to your correspondent today about the Christmas trade and its features. "Of course, for this season we had already brought in heavy shipments, but we find that the demands of the Canadian market better even than the foreign firms. By next Christmas instead of having dolls dressed according to the partitions of foreign designers, there will be Canadian dolls, boy dolls with toques and sweaters, and girl dolls with the kind of outer clothing Canadian girls wear. For our toy department to roost stably in Canada is working out splendidly. "But does the Canadian-made toy cost any more?" asked the reporter. "Sometimes yes—sometimes no. European labor has, as a rule been cheaper than labor here but on the other hand Canadian-made goods are likelier to be made by healthy workmen in healthy shops—not the cramped workrooms of Nuremberg, or the sweatshops of New York. When we count in the expenses of our buyers-travelling in Europe, the freight getting shipments on time, and replacing certain lines that may sell out more quickly than we than in favor of the Canadian-made doll or other toy. "What about mechanical toys?" we next asked. "The finest toys for Canada to get them in Canada partment. It needs for Canada to get this additional industry is a little enterprise and patriotism. Our firm has just realized that if we order goods from Canadian factories and workmen, then the money we spend is fairly likely to come back to us for other purchases, whereas the money that we export to Europe and the United States, was absolutely exported beyond our reach. It would even pay us better to buy Canadian goods at a slightly higher rate than foreign goods."

COLLIP FLORIST NIGHT PHONE 175 - DAY 201 All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season. Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty. Shipped to all parts. Front Street opposite Geen's Drug Store

A. H. BRUEIN REPAIRING, UPHOLSTERING REFINISHING Full line of Tapestries, Silks and Leatherette Coverings Phone 735 236 1-2 Front St., over Blackburn's Jewelry Store FURNITURE PACKING A SPECIALTY

Eggs 40c Dozen And your hens not laying yet. Better start now and feed DR. HESS' POULTRY PANACEA 35c pkgs., guaranteed WATERS DRUG STORE Dog Spooks. The phantom dog specter was one of the hardest of old English superstitions. Almost every county had its black dog which haunted its lonely spots and was the dread of every native. Most of them were regarded as devils, but some were held to be the spirits of human beings transformed thus as a punishment. Lady Howard, a Devon notable of the days of James I, for instance, was said to be compelled to haunt Okehampton in the form of a dog as a punishment for her cruelty to her daughter.

Birth Notice. WILSON.—On Monday, Jan. 4th, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Wilson, a son. Benefit Band Concert at Griffin's Theater on Sunday, Jan. 10th at 8.30 p.m. by Fifteenth Band assisted by Miss Higgs, Mr. Moxek and Mr. Wheatley, Silver Collection. Argyle Chapter I. O. D. E. will give a musical in the Armories, on Tuesday, Jan. 19 from 4 to 6. Admission 10c and over. All proceeds to go to Patriotic Fund. A very enjoyable evening was spent Friday, 8th, at the home of Master James Whittier, Griffin street, when a number of his friends gathered to celebrate his sixth birthday. After partaking of a bountiful repast the evening was spent in games and listening to a program of music and recitations.

he is to obey God rather than man, and not to be afraid of man. He may comply with his orders to the extent of doing the trenches and being shot at, but no further. It is urged that such a view of Christianity would wreck our present civilization. The rapidity with which nothing in the Bible implies that our civilization is Christian or that the Lord ever expected it to be Christian. God's time for saving the world from sin and weakness has not yet come. The present is the time for calling, finding, testing and delivering the Elect. The Elect, when glorified, will constitute Messiah's Kingdom, and with Him will be empowered with spiritual control for the government of the entire world. Then will come the time for the enlightenment and uplift and blessing of the whole world of mankind—the non-elect. There will not be blessing of the same kind that the Elect will secure, but a blessing which they will appreciate equally. The world's blessing and salvation will not consist of a transfer from human to spirit, but a restitution to human perfection.—Acts 3:19-23. What are to-day styled "Christian nations" and "Christian people" and "kingdoms of this world"; and their complete disintegration is Scripturally outlined as incidental to the establishment of God's glorious Kingdom under Messiah, for which we pray. "The kingdoms of this world will be done on earth, even as in Heaven." Some may wonder how it ever came to pass that all the people of the world—except Jews and professed infidels. Statistics tell us that all the inhabitants of Italy are Christians; that more than ninety-nine per cent of the population of Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, etc., are Christians; and that the total number of Christians thus reckoned is nearly five hundred millions. Surely it is time that intelligent people realize that some great mistake has been made, and that more than ninety-nine per cent of the "Christians" make no pretense of being followers of Jesus. The error arose in the long ago. Pope Leo III, recognized a king as a Christian king, and his kingdom as a Christian kingdom, he recognized that king's subjects as Christians. There we have the matter in a nutshell. The whole thing was a mistake. The king was not a Christian, did not know the meaning of Christianity and was not taught it. His kingdom was not a Christian kingdom, and his people were not Christians. Meantime, here and there, obscured to the world, there were true followers of the Lord Jesus Christ in every denomination. They have been out of accord generally with the great leaders of the church systems as well as with the political leaders of the world. It has been true of them as the Apostle wrote: "The world knoweth us not, even as it knew Him not." (1 John 3:1.) The world does not yet know, understand or appreciate the church of Christ is not to be found in any one of the professed churches of various names—Roman, English, Lutheran, Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist, etc. The Church of Christ is composed exclusively of those who have made a covenant with the Lord through faith in the precious blood, who have been baptized of the Lord by the begetting of the Holy Spirit, and who are seeking to walk to the best of their ability in the footsteps of Jesus.—1 Peter 2:21. The theory that Christians only are saved from eternal torture has been much to do with the error of counting all civilized people Christians. The creeds save Christians only—Jews, Mohammedans, heathen, all go to Hell, however they may be. The Catholic provides a Second Chance for members of their church, in Purgatory; and many Protestants hold to a Second Chance for the heathen who have never heard of Christ. All the while, however, the Bible declares for only one chance, but that a full one for every member of the human family. The only chance offered during this Gospel Age is the opportunity of becoming a member of the Church—a true follower of Jesus. Such are they that get the Heavenly inheritance, but not until the Resurrection. The remainder of the world will be offered an earthly future; and this offer will begin with the Resurrection of Messiah's Kingdom of a thousand years. The Bible nowhere teaches that either saints or sinners pass to a conscious condition at death. The Bible declares that they all "sleep," and that they will be raised up at the Second Coming of the Redeemer to establish His Kingdom. The First Resurrection will be the Church, and subsequently "every man in his own order." When once the fact is grasped that the Bible Hell is the grave—Sheol, Hades—then all is plain. The great Divinely arranged Purgatory, to last a thousand years, will be glorious. All the heathen and the ignorant, superstitious millions of Christians, who were taught to call themselves Christians, but who knew that they were not, will have the opportunity of coming to a knowledge of the true God and of His gracious provision for them. Joked While Charging. "One realizes with a curious surprise," says G. Ward Price in the London Daily Mail, "that men running across the open towards their death have after all very much the same preoccupations as men running to catch a train at home. They are anxious when they see the train; they pant out little jokes to each other. Don't talk. Keep your mind. Don't waste the steam," gasps out one zouave to another as they start a voyage charge at the great distance of 1,000 yards. Girls Take the Posts. All the men hitherto employed there having gone to the front, the work of the Camberwell Public Library is now being carried on by eight girls.

WHAT IS A CHRISTIAN? WHAT HIS STANDARDS?

Duties, Rights and Privileges of Christians.

GETTING INTO CHRIST'S BODY "Putting on Christ"—"The Very Elect"—Their Citizenship in Heaven—"Christian World"—"Misanomer"—Civilization Not Christianity—"Kingdoms of This World"—Basis of Membership in the Church of Christ—Covenant Relationship With God Through the Precious Blood—Character-Likeness to Christ a Necessary Requirement.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 10.—Pastor Russell delivered a very interesting discourse here to-day on the text, "A Man of thou persuadest me to be a Christian." (Acts 26:28.) He said in part: "A Christian is a person who intelligently believes that he is by nature a sinner, that by Divine grace Jesus Christ the Righteous died for his sins, and that through faith in the atoning blood and obedience to the Redeemer's teachings he has become a New Creature in Christ Jesus."

For such, "Old things have passed away, and all things have become new." Such New Creatures are separate and distinct from all other members of the race. Instead of earthly aims, ambitions and hopes, theirs are Heavenly. It is not sufficient that these should make the proper start of faith in Christ, and full consecration to do God's will and not their own wills. It is incumbent upon them, after having made such a start and after having been begotten of the Holy Spirit, that they shall grow in Christ, knowledge and love. (2 Peter 3:18.) This is styled "putting on Christ"; that is to say, adding the graces of character which God will accept and reward with association with the Lord Jesus Christ in His Kingdom. For these God has made provision of spiritual food in the Bible—"meat in due season for the Household of Faith." (Matthew 24:45.) These are represented as at first "babes in Christ," requiring the milk of the Word, but if faithful gradually attaining full stature—"strong in the Lord and the power of His might."

Such spirit-begotten Christians must needs "fight a good fight," not with others, but with themselves—overcoming the weaknesses and besetments of their own fallen flesh, the allurements of their environment, and the wiles of the adversary. These are the highest order of spirit beings, "strong in the Lord and the power of His might." Such spirit-begotten Christians must needs "fight a good fight," not with others, but with themselves—overcoming the weaknesses and besetments of their own fallen flesh, the allurements of their environment, and the wiles of the adversary. These are the highest order of spirit beings, "strong in the Lord and the power of His might."

These are the Christians addressed by the Master, saying, "I say unto you, That ye resist not evil; but whosoever shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also. And if any man shall sue thee at law, and take away thy coat, let him have thy cloak also. And whosoever shall compel thee to go a mile, go with him twain."—Matthew 5:39-42. The thought of non-resistance is here, yet not to the extreme degree supposed by some. The turning of the other cheek, as illustrated by Jesus' own conduct, was a figurative expression, signifying the willingness to have both cheeks smitten rather than to do injury to another. Christians are to be law-abiding, when the law is just, and when the law is just, if, therefore, the law deprive us of a coat, they are to yield it up. If it go still further and deprive them of their cloak, they are still to be non-resistant to the law, but submit

HIS HEALTH IN A TERRIBLE STATE

"Fruit-a-tives" Healed His Kidneys and Cured Him

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913. "About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My Kidneys were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. I felt the need of some good remedy and having seen 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their effect, I found more than satisfactory. Their action was mild and the result all that could be expected. My Kidneys aimed their normal action after I had taken upwards of dozen boxes, and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am enjoying the best health I have ever had."

ST. THOMAS CHURCH CHRISTMAS TREE

The annual entertainment and children's Christmas tree in connection with St. Thomas' church was held last night in the new parish hall, and was one of the most successful in the history of the S.S. The large auditorium and gallery were filled with children and their parents, all of whom were delighted with the excellent program which had been carefully prepared for the occasion. In addition to the recitations, carols and choruses by the children, several excellent songs were sung by Mrs. Wilmot and Mr. Booth. Professor Wheatley favored the audience with several very acceptable piano selections. During the evening the Rector, Rev. Canon Beamish, and the Supt. Mr. John Elliott, gave short addresses. Mr. Elliott showed the school to be in a most flourishing condition, and his remarks regarding the Rector, teachers and officers were of the most complimentary character. He also appealed to the congregation for more Sunday School workers, as the figures submitted convinced the audience more teachers could be used to advantage. At the close of the excellent program, the presents were taken off the tree and handed to the 100 obedient and thoughtful children of the teachers, no child was overlooked and each one got a present and a bag containing candy and oranges. At 9:45 the meeting was closed by singing the National Anthem, the children going to their respective homes highly delighted and looking forward to their next Christmas entertainment. The piano used was supplied by Mr. W. R. Riegan, and the food and from the parish hall by Mr. E. Bunnett.

MILITARY NEWS OF THIS DIVISION

An assistant Adjutant will be allowed to all battalions in Canada, together with a second major. This will give the 21st Battalion, an assistant to Captain Hemming, with the rank of Lieutenant. Each company of the 21st Battalion is entitled to 1 company Sergeant Major, one company Quartermaster Sergeant, eight Corporals, 2 Lance Sergeants, 8 Corporals, and 10 Lance Corporals. The evening classes for officers and non-coms of the 21st Battalion were resumed in the Armories, Kingston. The classes have been given according to the course necessary to officer or non-com. For officers, the work covers qualifications necessary for promotion to Captain, and also a Field Officer's qualification.

McConnell Will Pay the Costs

Ben. McConnell was found guilty this morning on a charge of having assaulted Michael Callaghan in a hotel on the evening of Wednesday last. McConnell was directed to pay the costs within 21 days or in default 30 days with hard labor. The complainant did not desire compensation. Callaghan's evidence was to the effect that McConnell had put pepper figures in his face as he was sitting on a chair with his eyes shut and later put some down his neck and knocked him down.

INCUMBENT AT HASTINGS.

Rev. Thomas McKim has been appointed by the Bishop of Toronto as incumbent of Hastings, Rosemeath and Warkworth.

Hope for the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Farnes's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.



"THE WAR, THE HOUR, THE MAN"

Dr. Gordon-Delivered Patriotic Address on Sunday Afternoon—Principles for Which British Soldier Fights—Warning as to Future.

(From Monday's Daily.) The patriotic gathering in Bridge Street Methodist Church on Sunday afternoon, was one of the largest held in Belleville at the recent series of meetings by Rev. Dr. John Gordon. The British Union Jack covered the pulpit. The Salvation Army Band furnished music as did the S. A. choristers, Mr. J. L. Hess and Mr. A. M. Chapman took part in the program.

Mayor W. H. Pinter made his initial appearance as chief magistrate of the city of Belleville and delivered an address of appreciation. He expressed the sense of honor he felt at being allowed to speak and the feeling of the citizens that Dr. Gordon was performing a work which is a public benefit in disseminating knowledge throughout the city.

THE WAR, THE HOUR, AND THE MAN.

—Is it possible in the twentieth century that the finest specimens of men should be called upon to go to the front to be riddled with bullets and mown down by the guns? This was the sentiment expressed by Dr. Gordon at the opening of his address. Yet to many as a result of the war there have come a sense of God and a dream of empire, never realized before. It has stretched its flag to the winds. Wherever it floats are liberty and emancipation.

THE WAR. (1) The man who fights for Great Britain fights for a great principle—national honor. Never in all history was there ever such a clear cut case as today. Christianity will not fail while national honor stands upon a scrap of paper and while a strong commercial nation enters upon war to protect a weaker.

(2) He fights a sentiment, which binds his colonies in one chain. The imperial sentiment is stronger than armies and navies. (3) He fights for a great king, who is not a monarch but a God.

Farmers!

Bring your hides and skins, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat Peas, etc., and get highest cash prices at Belleville Produce Co.



Great Overcoat SALE! HERE is and Overcoat Offering that will write the name of OUR STORE into the memory of EVERY MAN who takes advantage of our unusual inducements.

Quick & Robertson The Clothiers

"SOME REFLECTIONS ON THE WAR" Toronto University Professor Lectured to the Women's Canadian Club at the Armouries.

(From Monday's Daily.) "Some Reflections on the War" was the subject of an address in the armouries on Saturday afternoon by Prof. Maurice Hutton, LL.D., of the University of Toronto, to the members of the Belleville Women's Canadian Club. Mrs. J. F. Wills, president, was in the chair. There was a very large attendance. Miss Anna Ponton sang an appropriate lyric with great feeling and depth of expression.

LOCAL BELGIAN RELIEF Clothing for men, women and children will be received at the City Hall by members of the Quinze Chapter I. O. D. E. for the Belgians on Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 12th and 13th. Please hand in your donation of money to Mrs. O. A. Marshall, treasurer, 124 Bridge Street by January 15th.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT

Principal R. G. Lawlor, B. A., of the High School, met with a painful accident on Monday afternoon a few minutes before four o'clock, when he had his right hand badly lacerated, while giving a demonstration science to one of the classes. Mr. Lawlor was operating the whirling machine, the disc of which became detached and fell across the back of his fingers, inflicting a deep gash in them. As the disc resembled a circular saw and is made to revolve at a very high speed the serious results which must accrue from its flying off and striking the person operating it are very evident. The injured member was dressed by Dr. S. P. Ford, Norwood Register.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.

Lucas County, (ss) Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARRH-CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. (Seal) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catharrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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January Shoe Snaps

- Misses' High Cut Button Boots, sizes 11 to 2, \$2.50 and \$3.00, clearing at \$1.98
Child's, same style, \$2.00 and \$2.50, \$1.48 at
Ladies' \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 Tan Calf Laced and Buttoned Boots, all sizes in the lot, to clear at \$2.50
A lot of Ladies' \$2.00 Hockey Boots, \$1.50 sale price
Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's Slippers, clearing at 50c

SEE WINDOWS FOR THESE LINES The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses Belleville, Napanee, Trenton Smith's Falls

CHRISTMAS MONEY

You probably received a present of money and wish to buy with it something to keep as a remembrance. Nothing is better than Furniture. It is lasting and useful. We have odd prices from \$1.00 up. Centre Tables, Desks, Bookcases, Jardineres Stands, Music Cabinets, Rockers, Arm Chairs, Mirrors, Carpets, Curtains, Shades, Linoleums, Stoves, Comforters

Xmas Shopping

is now in full swing. Toys, Dolls, Sleighs, Games, Xmas Decorations, China Glassware, Cut Glass, Xmas Boxes, Holly Boxes, Xmas Crackers, Baskets, Fancy Work Purses, etc., etc. Books, Books, Books. This year we have made extra large purchases of English and American Juvenile Books of all kinds, and we are now showing the largest and most complete variety of these goods ever shown in Ontario. Everything marked at lowest possible prices. Inspection wanted. Our prices sell our goods. THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

January Sale Prices

- Men's Fleece Underwear Sale 40c
Men's Ribbed Wool Underwear, Sale 60c
Boy's Fleece Wool Underwear, Sale 28c
Boy's Pure Wool Undershirts, Sale 35c
Men's Knitted Wool Caps Sale 80c, 60c and 40c
Great sale of Men's Gloves and Mitts, see these.
Men's Sweater Coats clearing at any price.
Boy's Sweater Coats clearing at 75c
Men's heavy tweed 10p Shirts, worth \$1.50 sale 75c
Men's and Boys' fine print shirts, worth 75c and \$1.00 sale 50c
Flannelette Blankets, White and Grey, sale \$1.59, \$1.39 & \$1.15
20 per cent discount on all Wool Blankets and Comforters
36 inch wide striped Flannelette, sale 10c and 12 1/2c
Ask for the towelling on sale at 9c
20 per cent discount on all Dress Goods, Silks, etc.
Women's and Boy's heavy black worsted Hose, sale 2 prs. 35c
Ladies' and Girls' "Avon Knit" Mitts, regular 25c and 30c, sale 20c
Ladies' fine, pure wool Vests and Drawers, regular up to \$2.00 sale 75c
Girls' fine wool Vests, worth 75c, sale 50c
1 lb. can pure Baking Powder and 1-2 dozen spoons for 20c
White Clover Toilet Soap, regular 5c, sale 3 for 10c
12 quart Enamelled Water Pails, regular 75c, sale 49c
Sale of heavy galvanized Wash Tubs, 79c, 69c, 59c, 49c
12 quart heavy galvanized Water Pails, regular 35c, sale 25c
10 quart heavy galvanized Water Pails, regular 30c, sale 20c

Wm. McIntosh & Co.

It pays to Advertise



# Seven Keys TO Baldpate

By EARLDERR BIGGERS

Copyright, 1915, by the Bobbs-Merrill Company

"Nothing," replied Kendrick wildly. "There's nothing the matter. Let me by—please." He crossed the swaying platform and disappeared into the other car.

The train slowed down at a small yellow station. Mr. Magee peered out the window. "Hooperstown," he read, "Reuton—Ten Miles." He saw Mr. Max get up and leave.

Noisily, Max returned to the group and stood silent, his eyes wide, his yellow face puffed, the fear of a dog about to be whipped in his every feature.

"Jim," he cried, "Jim! You got to get me out of this. You got to stand by me."

"Why, what's the matter, Lou?" asked the mayor in surprise.

"Matter enough," whined Max. "Do you know what's happened? Well, I'll tell."

Mr. Max was thrust aside and replaced by a train newsboy. Mr. Magee felt that he should always remember that boy, his straw colored hair, his freckled beaming face, his lips with their fresh perpetual smile.

"All the morning papers, gents," proclaimed the boy. "Get the Reuton Star. All about the bribery." He held up the paper. It's huge black headlines looked dull and old and soggy. But the story they told was new and live and startling.

"The Mayor Trapped," shrieked the headlines. "Attempt to Pass Big Bribe at Baldpate Inn Foiled by Star Reporter. Hayden of the Suburban Commits Suicide to Avoid Disgrace."

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"The Mayor Trapped," shrieked the headlines. "Attempt to Pass Big Bribe at Baldpate Inn Foiled by Star Reporter. Hayden of the Suburban Commits Suicide to Avoid Disgrace."

He held up the paper. It's huge black headlines looked dull and old and soggy. But the story they told was new and live and startling.

A horrible parody of a man's real fear was in his face. The mayor shook himself as though he would be rid forever of the coward banging on the arm.

"Hush up, can't you?" he said. "I'll see you through."

"You got to," Lou Max wailed.

Miss Rhodes' story went on to tell how Hayden refused to phone the combination; how the mayor and Max examined the safe and secured the precious package, only to lose it in another moment to a still different contingent at the inn; how Hayden had come of his suicide when he found that his actions were in danger of exposure. "A bitter smile for Kendrick in that," reflected Magee—and how finally, through a strange series of accidents, the money came into the hands of the writer for the Star. These accidents were not given in detail.

"An amusing feature of the whole affair," said Miss Rhodes, "was the presence at the inn of Mr. William Hallowell Magee, the New York writer of light fiction, who had come there to escape the distractions of a great city, and to work in the solitude, and who immediately on his arrival became involved in the surprising drama of Baldpate."

"I'm an amusing feature," reflected Magee.

"Mr. Magee," continued Miss Rhodes, "will doubtless be one of the state's chief witnesses when the case against Cargan comes to trial, as will also Professor Thaddeus Bolton, holder of the Crandall chair of comparative literature at Reuton university, and David Kendrick, formerly of the Suburban, but who retired six years ago to take up his residence abroad. The latter two went to the inn to represent Prosecutor Drayton and made every effort in their power to secure the package of money from the reporter for the Star, not knowing her connection with the affair."

"What's the matter?" asked Professor Bolton, laying down the paper which he had been perusing at a distance of about an inch from his nose.

"Once again, professor," laughed Magee, "reporters have entered your life. The old man sighed.

"You got to get me out of this," Max was still telling the mayor.

"For God's sake," cried Cargan, "shut up and let me think!" He sat for a moment staring at one place, his face still lacking all emotion, but his eyes a trifle narrower than before.

"You haven't got me yet?" he cried, standing up. "By the eternal, I'll fight to the last ditch, and I'll win. I'll show Drayton he can't play this game on me. I'll show the Star. That dirty sheet has hounded me for years. I'll put it out of business. And I'll send the reformers howling into the alleys, sick of the fuss they started themselves."

"Perhaps," said Professor Bolton, "but only after the fight of your life, Cargan."

"I'm ready for it!" cried Cargan. "I ain't down and out yet. But to think a woman—a little bit of a girl I could love in my pocket—it's all a big joke. I'll bet them. I'll show them. The game's far from played out. I'll win, and if I don't!"

He crumbled suddenly into his seat, his eyes on that unpleasant line about "Prison Stripes For the Mayor."

"If I don't," he stammered pitifully, "well, they sent him to an island at the end. The reformers got Napoleon at the last. I won't be alone in that."

At this unexpected sight of weakness in his hero, Mr. Magee set up a renewed table of fear at his side. The train was in the Reuton suburbs now. At a neat little station it slowed down to a stop and a florid policeman entered the smoking car. Cargan looked up.

"Hello, Dan," he said. His voice was lifeless; the oldtime ring was gone. The policeman removed his helmet and saluted it nervously.

"I thought I'd tell you, Mr. Cargan," he said. "I thought I'd warn you. You'd better get off here. There's a big crowd in the station at Reuton."

"They're waiting for you, sir; they've heard you're on this train. This lying newspaper, Mr. Cargan, it's been telling tales—I guess you know about that. There's a big mob. You better get off here, sir, and go downtown on a car."

If the mighty Cargan had looked limp and beaten for a moment he looked that way no more. He stood up and his head seemed almost to touch the roof of the car. Over that big patrolman he towered; his eyes were cold and hard again; his lips curved in the smile of the master.

"And why," he bellowed, "should I get off here? Tell me that, Dan."

"Well, sir," replied the embarrassed copper, "they're ugly. There's no telling what they might do. It's a bad mob. This newspaper has stirred 'em up."

"They are ugly?" sneered Cargan. "Ever seen the kind I would go out of my way for, Dan?"

"I mean it, all right, sir," said Dan—"as a friend to a man who's been a friend to me. No, I never saw you afraid of any bunch yet, but this!"

"This," replied Cargan, "is the same old bunch—the same I've lived crowd that I've seen in the streets since I laid the paving stone under 'em myself in '91. Afraid of them? H—I'd walk through an ant hill as scared as I would through that mob. Thanks for telling me, Dan, but Jim Cargan won't be in the mollicodice class for a century or two yet."

"Yes, sir," said the patrolman admiringly. He turned out of the car, and the mayor turned to find Lou Max pale and fearful by his side.

"What all you now?" he asked.

"I'm afraid!" cried Max. "Did you hear what he said? A mob! I saw a

mob once. Never again for me!" He tried to smile to pass it off as a pleasant jest, but he had to wet his lips with his tongue before he could go on.

"Come on, Jim. Get off here. Don't be a fool."

The train began to move.

"Get off yourself, you coward!" sneered Cargan. "Oh, I know you! It doesn't take much to make your stomach shrink. Get off!"

Max eagerly seized his hat and bag. "I will if you don't mind," he said.

"See you later at Charlie's," he said. "A dash of tawdry attire he was gone."

The mayor of Reuton no longer sat limp in his seat. That brief moment of seeming surrender was put behind him forever. He walked the aisle of the car, fire in his eyes, battle in his heart.

"So they're waiting for me, eh?" he said aloud. "Waiting for Jim Cargan. Now, ain't it nice of them to come and meet their mayor?"

### CHAPTER XXV. The Mayor Welcomes Home.

B. MAGEE and the professor went into the day coach for their baggage. Mrs. Norton motioned to the former.

"Well," she said, "you know now, I suppose. And it didn't do you no harm to wait. I sure ain't glad this is all over, and that child is safe. And I hope you'll remember what I said. It ain't no work for a woman, nohow, what with the shooting and the late hours."

"Your words," said Mr. Magee, "are engraved on my heart." He proceeded to gather up his baggage with his own hands and was thus engaged when Kendrick came up. The shadow of his discovery in the smoking car an hour before still haunted his sunken eyes, but his lips were half smiling with the new joy of living that had come to him.

"Mr. Magee," he began, "I hardly need mention that the terrible thing which happened—in there—between you and me—and the man who's dead. No one must know. Least of all, the girl who is to become my wife—it would embitter her whole life—as it has mine."

"Don't say that," Magee pleaded. "You will forget in time, I'm sure. And you'll forget me—I had forgotten already." And indeed he had, on the instant when his eyes fell upon the Reuton Star.

Miss Thornhill approached, her dark smiling eyes on Magee. Kendrick looked at her proudly and spoke suddenly, determinedly.

"You're right, I will forget. She shall be me."

A shadow had fallen upon the train—the shadow of the huge Reuton station. In the half light on the platform Mr. Magee encountered the mayor of

Reuton. He ordered the police back into the car. "And stay there!" he demanded. The lieutenant demurred. "One look from the mayor sent him scurrying. Mr. Cargan took from his pocket a big cigar and calmly lighted it.

"Some of them guys out there," he remarked to Magee, "belong to the Sunday school crowd. Pretty actions for them, pillars of the church howling like beasts."

And still, like that of beasts, the mutter of the mob went on, now in an undertone, now louder, and still that voice that first had pleaded for tar and feathers pleaded still for feathers and tar. And here a group preferred the rope.

And toward them, with the bland smile of a child on his great face, his cigar tilted at one angle, his derby at another, the mayor of Reuton walked unflinchingly.

The roar became mad, defiant. But Cargan stepped forward boldly. Now he reached the leaders of the mob. He pushed his way in among them, smiling, but determined. They closed in on him. A little man got firmly in his path. He took the little man by the shoulders and stood him aside with some friendly word. And now he was past ten rows or more of them on his way through, and the crowd began to waver away. They scampered like ants, clawing at one another's backs to make a path.

And so finally, between two rows of them, the mayor of Reuton went his way triumphantly. Somewhere, on the edge of the crowd, an admiring voice spoke. "Hello, Jim!" The mayor waved his hand. The rumble of their voices ceased at last. Jim Cargan was still master of the city.

"Say what you will," remarked Mr. Magee to the professor as they stood together on the platform of the car, "there goes a man."

He did not wait to hear the professor's answer, for he saw the girl of the Upper Asquewan station standing in the crowd. He was the very best proof of the mob wave to him over his head. Eagerly he fought his way to her side. It was a hard fight. The crowd would not part for him as it had parted for the man who owned the city.

"Hello, Mr. Holdup Man!" The girl seized Mr. Magee's proffered hand and leaped down from the truck to his side.

"Bless the gods of the mountains," said Magee; "they have given me back my accomplice, safe and sound!"

"They were black, lonesome gods," she replied, "and they kept whispering fearful things in my ear I couldn't understand. I'm glad they didn't keep me."

"So am I." The crowd surged about them. Many in it smiled and spoke admiringly to the girl. "It's great to be acquainted with the heroine of the hour," Mr. Magee continued. "I congratulate you. You have overthrown a empire of graft, it seems."

"Alone and unaided," she quoted, smiling mockingly up into his face. "Absolutely alone and entirely unaided," said Billy Magee. "I'll swear to that in court."

As Mr. Magee and the girl turned they beheld the hermit of Baldpate sitting with undisguised exultation at the tall buildings of Reuton.

"Why, it's Mr. Peters!" the girl cried.

"Yes," replied Magee. "His prediction has come true. We and our excitement proved too much for him. He's going back to Brooklyn and to her."

"I'm so glad!" she cried. She stretched out her hand to the hermit. He took it, somewhat embarrassed.

"Glad to see you," he said. "You certainly appear to have stirred things up, miss. But women are good at that. I've always said—"

"Mr. Magee tells me you're going back, after all?" she broke in.

"I told you so. It was all right in the summer, when the bands played and the warm wind was whistling on the mountain top. But in the fall it's always been hard, and I've heard the white lights calling, calling—why, I've even heard her voice. This fall you came, and there was something doing on Baldpate—and I know that when you went I'd just naturally go to go. So—I'm going."

"Splendid!" commented the girl.

"It'll be somewhat delicate," continued the hermit, "bursting in on Ellen after all these years. As I told Mr. Magee I wish I had an inaugural address or something like that."

"I have it," responded Evelyn Rhodes. "I'll write a story about you for tomorrow morning's paper—all about how the Christmas spirit has overcome the hermit of Baldpate and how he's going back to his wife with his heart filled with love for her. It is filled, isn't it?"

"Well, yes," agreed Mr. Peters. "I reckon you might call it that."

"And then you can send her a copy of the paper and follow it up in person."

"A good idea," commented Billy Magee.

"At first glance, yes," stunted Peters; "but, on the other hand, it would be the death knell of my postcard business, and I'm calculating to go back to Baldpate next summer and take it up again. No, I'm afraid I can't let it be generally known that I've quit living in a shack on the mountain for love of somebody or other."

"Once more," smiled Magee, "big business muzzles the press."

"Not that I ain't obliged to you for the offer," added the hermit.

"Miss—Miss Rhodes and I will see you again," predicted Mr. Magee, "next summer at Baldpate inn."

The hermit looked at the girl, who turned her face away.

"I hope it'll turn out that way, I'm



"Did you hear what he said? A mob!" Reuton. Above the lessening roar of the train there sounded ahead of them the voices of men in turmoil and riot.

Mr. Cargan turned upon Magee a face as placid and dispassionate as that of one who enters an apple orchard in May.

"The boys," he smiled grimly, "welcoming me home."

Then the train came to a stop, and Mr. Magee looked down into a great array of faces and heard for the first time the low, unceasing rumble of an angry mob. Afterward he marveled at that constant guttural roar, how it went on and on, humming like a tune, never stopping, disconnected quite from the occasional shrill or heavy words that rang out in distinguishable words. The mayor looked coolly down into those upturned faces, he listened a moment to the rumble of a thundershower; then he took off his derby with satiric politeness.

"Glad to see one and all!" he cried.

And now above the mutterings angry words could be heard. "That's him!" "That's '200,000 Cargan!" "How's the weather on Baldpate?" and other sarcastic flings about tar and feathers.

A squad of policemen who had entered the car from the rear forced their way out on to the platform.

"Want us to see you through the crowd, Mr. Cargan?" the lieutenant asked.

New boots and cries ascended to the station rafters. "Who pays the police?" "We do." "Who owns 'em?" "Cargan." This question and answer were banded back and forth. And a voice demanded in strident tones the ignominious tar and feathers.

Jim Cargan had not risen from the slum to be master of his town with-

out a keen sense of the theatre. He ordered the police back into the car. "And stay there!" he demanded. The lieutenant demurred. "One look from the mayor sent him scurrying. Mr. Cargan took from his pocket a big cigar and calmly lighted it.

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"It's wonderful," she went on, "how curt a city editor can be with any one who pulls off a good story. The job I've got now reminds me of the experience of an old New York reporter who used to work on the Star."

With difficulty they threaded their way through the crowd and moved along beside the green-decked windows.

"He was the first man sent out by his paper on Park row on the Spanish war assignment," she went on, "and he behaved rather brilliantly, I believe. Well, he came back after the fight was over, all puffed up and important, and they told him the city editor wanted him. 'They're going to send me to the Philippines,' he said, 'and I thought as he went into the province. When the city editor ordered him to rush down to a two alarm fire in Houston street he nearly collapsed. I know how he felt. I feel that way now.'

"What was it, a one alarm fire?" asked Magee.

"No," she replied, "a sweet little story about the Christmas toys. I've done it to death every Christmas for three years. Oh well, I can do it again. But I'll have to wait until after Mrs. Norton's lunch."

She led him into a street where every house was like its neighbor, even to the "Rooms" sign in the windows, and up the steps of one she could have recognized only by counting from the corner. They entered the murky and stereotyped atmosphere of a boarding house, but with its inevitable tatting and the uncollected letters of the homeless on a table. Mrs. Norton came breezily forth to meet them.

"Well, Mr. Magee," she said, "I'm certainly an glad you're come. I'm busy on that lunch now. Dearie, show him into the parlor to wait."

Mr. Magee was shown in. That rooming house parlor seemed to moan dimly as it received him.

On an easel was the sad portrait of a gentleman, undoubtedly the late lamented Norton. His uninteresting nose appeared to be turned up at the constant odor of cookery in which it dwelt.

sure. "I'll let you have a reduction on all postcards, just for old times' sake. Now, I must find out about the New York trains."

He melted into the crowd, an odd figure still, his garb in a fashion long forgotten, his stummily backed, hair brushing the collar of his ancient coat. Magee and the girl found the check room and, after he had been relieved of the burden of his baggage, set out up the main street of Reuton. It was a typical up state town, deep in the throes of the holiday season. The windows of the stores were green with holly. The faces of the passers-by reflected the excitements of Christmas and of the upheaval in civic politics which were upon them almost together.

"Tell me," said the girl, "are you glad-at the way it has turned out? Are you glad I was no lady Captain Kidd?"

"It has all turned out—or is about to turn out—beautifully," Mr. Magee answered. "You may remember that on the veranda of Baldpate inn I spoke of one summer hotel flirtation that was going to prove more than that. Let me—"

Her laugh interrupted.

"You don't even know my name."

"What's the matter with Evelyn Rhodes?" suggested Magee.

"Nothing. It's a perfectly good name. But it isn't mine. I just write under it."

"I prefer Mary, anyhow," smiled Billy Magee. "She called you that. It's Mary."

"Mary what?"

"You have no idea," said he, "how immaterial that is. It's a perfectly good name. But it isn't mine. I just write under it."

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"Cargan says he will fight."

"Of course he will," she replied.

"But this will prove Napoleon's Waterloo. Whether or not he is sent to prison—and perhaps he can escape that; he's very clever—his power in Reuton is broken. He can't possibly win at the next election. It comes very soon. I'm so glad! For years our editor has been fighting corruption, in the face of terrible odds and temptations. I'm glad it's over now—and the Star has won."

"Through you," said Magee softly. "With—some one to help," she smiled. "I must go upstairs now and find out what new task is set for me."

"The office of the Star," explained the girl, "the crowd is looking for new excitement. Do you know, I've two whole hours this morning had on exhibition in the window a certain package—a package of money!"

"I think," smiled Magee, "I've seen it somewhere."

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Mr. Magee stared round the room and smiled. Was the romance of reality never to resemble the romance of his dreams? Where were the dim lights, where the distant waltz, where the magic of moonlight amid which he was some day to have told a beautiful girl of his love? Hardly in Mrs. Norton's parlor.

She came and stood in the doorway. Fatness, content, smiling, she flooded the place with her beauty. Mr. Magee looked at the baby angels on the wall, expecting them to hide their faces in shame. But not they still rode brazenly their unstable clouds.

"Come in!" he cried. "Don't leave me alone here again, please. And tell me, is this the gentleman who took the contract for making Mrs. Norton happy?"

"I—I can't come in," she said, blushing. She seemed to wish to avoid him. "Yes, that is Mr. Norton." She came nearer the easel and smiled at the late lamented's tonsorial crown. "I must leave you—just a moment—"

"You're never going to leave me again," he cried. "Don't you know that? I thought you knew. You're mine, I love you, I love you. It's all I can say, my dearest. Look at me—look at me, please."

"It has happened so quickly," she murmured. "Things can't be true when they happen so quickly."

"A woman's logic," said Mr. Magee. "It has happened. My beautiful girl! Look at me."

And then—she looked. Trembling, flushed, half frightened, half exultant, she lifted her eyes to his.

"My little girl!" he cried down at her.

A moment longer she held off and then limply she surrendered. And Billy Magee held her close in his arms.

"Take care of me," she whispered. "I—I love you so!" Her arm went timidly about his shoulders. "Do you want to know my name? It's Mary."

"Mary what? The answer was seemingly of no importance, for Mr. Magee's lips were on hers, crushing the word at its birth.

So they stood, amid Mrs. Norton's gloomy objects of art. And presently she asked:

"How about the book, dear?"

But Mr. Magee had forgotten.

"What book?" he asked.

"The novel you went to Baldpate to write. Don't you remember, dearest—no melodrama, no wild chase, no—"

"Why— Mr. Magee paused for a moment in the joy of his discovery. Then he came back to the greater joy in his arms.

"Why, darling," he explained gently, "this is it."

THE END.

The most popular puzzle of the day—solving the Mexican problem.

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