Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a

été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exem-

plaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibli-

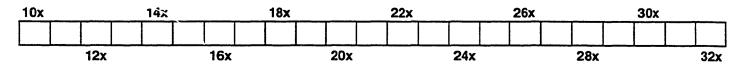
The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly checked below

mages in the reproduction, or which may icantly change the usual method of filming are ed below.	ographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la métho- de normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.
Coloured covers /	Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
Couverture de couleur	Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
Covers damaged /	
Couverture endommagée	Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
Covers restored and/or laminated /	
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée	Pages discoloured, stained or foxed /
	Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque	T ages deconnees, lachelees ou piquees
	Pages detached / Pages détachées
Coloured maps / Cartes géographiques en couleur	r ages delached / r ages delachees
obiolited maps / Oanes geographiques en couleur	Showthrough / Transparence
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) /	Showinought Hanspalence
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)	Ouality of print varias /
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que biede ou noire)	Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
Coloured plates and/or illustrations /	
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur	
Fianches er/ou mustrations en couleur	Includes supplementary material /
Downd with other motorial (Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
Bound with other material /	
Relié avec d'autres documents	Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best
Only edition available /	possible image / Les pages totalement ou
Seule édition disponible	partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along	obtenir la meilleure image possible.
interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de	oblemina memeure image possible.
l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.	Opposing pages with varying colouration or
inteneure.	discolourations are filmed twice to ensure the best
Plants leaves added during south settings may appear	possible image / Les pages s'opposant ayant des
Blank leaves added during restorations may appear	colorations variables ou des décolorations sont
within the text. Whenever possible, these have been	filmées deux fois afin d'obtenir la meilleure image
omitted from filming / Il se peut que certaines pages	possible.
blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration	
apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était	
possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.	

Additional comments /

Commentaires supplémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below / Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.





STATUTES,

OF HIS MAJESTY'S PROVINCE

OF

UPPER CANADA,

PASSED IN

THE THIRD SESSION OF THE ELEVENTH PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT OF

UPPER CANADA.

By Anthority.

SIR JOHN COLBORNE, K.C.B.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR-

YORK, U. C.

Printed by ROBERT STANTON, Printer to the KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

STATUTES,

OF

Upper Canada,

PASSED IN THE THIRD SESSION OF THE ELEVENTIL PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

MET AT YORK ON THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER 1852, AND PROROGUED ON THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY 1833, IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN

OF WILLIAM IV.

SIR JOHN COLBORNE, K. C. B. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

ANNO DOMINI 1855.

CHAP. I.

 \bullet

AN ACT to repeal part of, amend and reduce to one Act of Parliament the scoeral Laws now in force in this Province, for the recovery of Small Debts; and to extend the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests within the same.

[Passed 13th Feb. 1833.]

WHEREAS it is found necessary to repeal part of, and amend and reduce to one Act of Parliament, the several Laws now in force in this Province for the recovery of small debts; and also to extend the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests within the same.—Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled CHAP. I. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

32 Geo. 3, cb. 6; part of 37 Geo. 3, ch 6, sec. 6; and 56 Geo. 3, ch. 5, repealed.

Two or more Commissioners may hold a Court of Requests,

Saturday of each month, within their Divisions. Magistrates to declare the respective Divisions at their Quarter Sessions.

Jurisdiction of the Court.

Commissioners to hold their office during pleasure,

"An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of September next, a certain Act passed in the thirty second year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King George the Third, entitled "An Act for the more casy and speedy recovery of small debts;" a certain other Act, passed in the Fifty-sixth year of His said Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to extend the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests," and also so much of the Sixth Clause of a certain other Act passed in the Thirtyseventh year of His said late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to extend the Jurisdiction and regulate the proceedings of the District Court and Court of Requests," as applies to the said Court of Requests, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the First day of September next, it shall and may be lawful for any two or more Commissioners, acting under and by virtue of a commission from the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government of this Province, who is hereby duly authorised and empowered to grant the same, under his hand and seal of office, to assemble, sit and hold a Court of Justice, to be called a Court of Requests, on the On the first and third first and third Saturday of each month, at some place within their respective divisions, which divisions shall be ascertained and declared by the Justices in Quarter Sessions assembled, or the greater part of them, at the General Quarter Sessions, which shall be holden first after the First day of April next; and the said Commissioners for the time being, or any two or more of them, shall have power and authority, and are hereby authorised, empowered and required to hear and determine all matters of debt or contract, when the demand doth not exceed the sum of Ten Pounds, and to give and pronounce such judgment and decree therein respectively, and to award execution thereupon, with such costs as are hereinafter specified, against the goods and chattels of all and every the person and persons against whom they shall give or pronounce any judgment or decree, as to them shall seem just in law or equity; and that the acts, orders, judgments and decrees of the said Commissioners shall be final, between the parties thereto;-Provided always, that the Commissioners hereinbefore mentioned, shall be appointed, and hold their office during pleasure only.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. I. 3d. YEAR WILLLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so soon Divisions to be as the said divisions shall have been declared in each District as aforesaid, cribed in a book to the same shall be numbered by the said Justices in General Quarter be kept by the Clerk Sessions assembled, beginning at number one, and continuing to the highest number of such divisions in each District; and shall be particularly described in a book to be kept for that purpose, and deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of the Peace Clerk of the Peace in and for each District, shall transmit to the office to transmit to the of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Go- Governor's Office a vernment of this Province, a copy of the book or list of divisions, from time to time declared as aforesaid, within the limits of the District of which he is Clerk of the Peace, describing them according to their respective numbers.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and Clerk of the Court after the First day of September next, it shall and may be lawful for every to issue Summonser. person or persons, who then or thereafter may have any debt or debts owing to him, her or them, not exceeding the sum of Ten Pounds currency of this Province, by any person or persons whatsoever, being an inhabitant of the District within which the Court shall be holden, to cause such person or persons to be summoned by a writing under the hand of the Clerk of the said Court, who shall be appointed as hereinafter mentioned; a copy of which shall be left with some grown person at the dwelling-Summonses may be house or usual place of abode of such person or persons, or by service served by leaving copy at Defendant's of the same on the person of such debtor, to appear before the Com-house. missioners of the said Court: and the said Commissioners, after such Summons as aforesaid, shall, upon proof of such copy of said Summons having been so left or served, at least six days previous to the Summonsto beserved day of appearance, have full power and authority, by virtue of this Act, six days before the to make or cause to be made, such acts, orders, decrees, judgments and proceedings, between such plaintiff and his, her or their debtors, defen-Upon proof of service, Court may give dants, touching such debt or debts, not exceeding the sum of Ten Pounds Judgment not excurrency of this Province, in question before them, as they shall find ceeding £10. consistent with law or equity; and all such acts, orders, decrees, judg- Proceedings to be ments and proceedings, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that entered in a book. purpose. Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained, shall extend or be construed to extend, to authorise the summoning of any summoned out of his defendant or defendants before any Court of Requests, within any Dis-Division. trict, other than that which shall be established by the Magistrates in Quarter Sessions, as by law directed, for the division in which such defendant or defendants shall, at the time of issuing such summons, be

served.

Privilege of Barristers and Attornies taken away.

Court not to hold debt, or for Liquors drank at a Tavern.

Title: to real Estate not to be involved.

Particulars of Plaintiff's demand to be to which parties are confined at the trial.

Judgment may be given on the confession of the party, or affidavit by Plaintiff of the debt having been due bona fide.

No Judgment to be resident :- And provided also, That the Court shall in no case give given over 40s, where given over 40s. where judgment against a defendant for a larger sum than Forty Shillings, unless it shall be proved to them that he has been personally served with the summons issued in such cause.

> VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no Barrister, Attorney at Law, or Solicitor, being served with process of the said Court, shall be allowed to plead or maintain any privilege against the process, authority, jurisdiction or judgment thereof; nor shall any Barrister, Attorney at Law, or Solicitor, have or maintain any privilege of bringing in a superior Court an action upon any cause of action, which, from its nature, shall be properly cognizable in the Court of Requests.

VII. Provided always, And be it further enacted by the authority Plea of any gambling aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend to authorise the holding plea in such Court, for any gambling debt whatsoever, or for any spirituous liquors drunk at a Tavern.

> Provided also, And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend to give jurisdiction to any Court of Requests, to take cognizance of any cause involving the right or title to Real Estate.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a statement of the particulars of the demand upon which any party shall sue in annexed to Summons the said Court of Requests, shall be annexed to, or endorsed on every summons taken out, and served on the defendant or defendants, with such summons; to which bill of particulars the name of the plaintiff or plaintiffs bringing the suit shall be subscribed; and to the items contained in the said bill of particulars, the said plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be required to confine his, her or their proof at the trial.

> IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in order to prevent unnecessary expense, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any one of them, at any time to give judgment, and cause the same to be entered on the voluntary confession of any defendant when the amount demanded does not exceed the jurisdiction of the said Court ; which confession may be in the form hereinafter set forth, and that judgment shall not be entered up on any such confession, in a case where no summons has been sued out by the plaintiff, until such plaintiff shall have made an affidavit to be endorsed on or annexed to the confession, declaring that the defendant before giving that confession, did truly, and bona fide, owe him the amount therein specified.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. I. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833,

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case False swearing declared Perjury. any person or persons, shall make oath or give evidence, in any cause depending before the said Commissioners in the said Court, whereby he, she or they shall wilfully and corruptly forswear themselves, such person or persons shall on conviction, suffer the pains and penalties inflicted on persons guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Continuance of present Courts of Requests shall be and continue established until the present Court of Requests until lyt First day of September next, and that all suits or controversies which september. shall remain unsettled, or which shall not have been finally disposed of in the several Courts of Request in this Province, shall, after the First day of September next, be transferred to the Court of Requests having the jurisdiction in such suit or controversy, established by this Act, together with all papers and proceedings relating thereto; which said unsettled suits or controversies shall be proceeded in until finally disposed of Saits instituted in present Court conby the Court of Requests having jurisdiction, and established by this Act, tinued in new Court. in the same manner that such unsettled suits or controversies would have been proceeded in if this Act had not been passed.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act to extend to Act shall extend to all new Districts which may be hereafter created or all new Districts. set apart within this Province, and that the Justices of the Peace in such new Districts shall, at their first Court of General Quarter Sessions to be by them holden, partition and set off the same into divisions, and do and perform all such other matters and things, in the same manner as is required by this Act of the Justices in the several Districts now by law cstablished.

XIII. And for the better discovery of the truth, and the more solemn determination of matters and causes which shall be depending in the said Court: Be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any two or more coaths to Witnesses or of them assembled in Court as aforesaid, and they are hereby authorised Parties. and empowered to administer or cause to be administered an Oath or Oaths to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants respectively, and to such Witness or Witnesses as shall be produced by each party, and also to all or any of the officers of the said Court, and to all other persons whatsoever, for or concerning any business relative thereunto, and to take the Affirmation or Affirmations of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, Witness or Witnesses, or other persons as aforesaid, who are or shall be of the people called Quakers, or of such other denomination of Christians as are allowed to give evidence on their Affir-

CHEP. I. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

No Judgment sustained or set off for a sum over 40s. by oath of either purty.

Commissioners to the an only to the following effect.

e'orm.

Oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace, and stansmitted to the Cierk of the Peace.

Commissioners to appoint a Clerk. His duty.

mation: Provided always, that although the Court may for their better allowed or disallowed satisfaction and for the discovery of the truth, require the Plaintiff or Defendant to be examined on Oath or Affirmation, they shall in no case, give Judgment for either party in any cause for more than Forty Shillings, or allow or disallow any set off to a greater amount than Forty Shillings, on the mere Oath or Affirmation of the Plaintiff or Defendant respectively, nor without sufficient evidence to warrant such Judgment, independent of such Oath or Affimation.

> XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner or Commissioners in the execution of the power given by this Act, until he or they shall respectively have taken an Oath to the effect following :

> "I, A. B. do swear that I will faithfully, impartially, and honestly, according to the best of my Judgment, hear and determine such matters and things as shall be brought before me as a Commissioner of the Court of Requests of Division Number-----constituted and established under and by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of this Province, entitled 'An Act to repeal part of, amend and reduce to one Act of Parliament the several Laws now in force in this Province for the recovery of small debts, and to extend the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests within the same,' without favour or affection to either party-So help me God."

Which Oath may be administered by any Justice of the Peace, and shall be by such Justice transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace of the District in which the Division for which such Commissioner shall have been appointed shall be situated.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners of each Court of Requests to appoint a fit and proper person to discharge the duties of Clerk, who shall be subject to be removed from his office by the Commissioners, or a majority of them, for the time being, and whose duty it shall be to issue all Summonses, Subpœnas, Executions, and other Process necessary to be issued out of the said Court, to receive from the Bailiffs all money collected under this Act, and to pay the same over to the parties to whom it was decreed, and to keep a faithful record in a suitable book to be by him provided for that purpose, (which book shall be the property of the District) of all the proceedings of the Court for which he may be appointed, and which Clerk shall, before he enters upon the duties of his Office, take the following Oath:

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. I. 3d. YEAB WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

"I, A. B. do swear, that I will well and truly perform and fulfil all duties belonging to the Office of Clerk of the Court of Requests for the Clerk's oath. -----, and will faithfully make, enter and preserve all proceedings and remembrances of the said Court to the best of my skill and ability-So help me God:"-Provided always, That no Clerk so appointed shall Clerk to give security enter upon the duties of his Office, until he shall have given security to to perform his office. the Commissioners in the sum of One Hundred Pounds, for the proper performance of his duty-that is to say, shall enter into the Covenant hereinafter mentioned, binding himself without limitation as to amount, with two or more sureties to such amounts severally as shall together make up One Hundred Pounds, such surcties to be persons sufficiently responsible in the Judgment of the Commissioners, and it shall also be Commissioners to the duty of the said Commissioners and they are hereby empowered to ap-appoint a Bailiff, who point one or more fit and proper persons to discharge the duties of Bailiff, according to the provisions of this Act; which Bailiff or Bailiffs shall give security in the same manner and to the same amount as the Clerk of such Court, and shall hold his Office during the pleasure of the Commissioners who, or a majority of them, may in their discretion remove such Bailiff and appoint another in his stead.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the security to be given by every Clerk or Bailiff of any Court of Requests in this Province, shall be in the following form, or to the like effect, that is to say:

Know all men by these presents, that we A. B. Clerk, or Bailiff, (as the case may be) of Division number—, in the District of —, C. D. of the District of -, and E. F. of —, in the District of (when more Sureties here insert their names) do hereby jointly and seveverally covenant and promise that A. B. Clerk, or Bailiff, (as the case Form of Security may be) of the — Division as aforesaid, shall well and truly pay over to the person or persons entitled to the same all such monies as he shall receive by virtue of his office of Clerk, or Bailiff, (as the sase may be) from the date of this Covenant, during his continuance in Office, and that he shall not within that period negligently or wilfully misconduct himself in his said Office of Clerk, or Bailiff, (as the case may be) nevertheless it is hereby declared that no other or greater sum shall be recovered against the Sureties respectively than as follows, that is to say :—

> Against C. D. Against E. F. If other Suretics add them in like manner.

B

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and Seals theday of-

> L. S. L. S. L.S.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered, ? in presence of

Party injured may bring Action upon the security given by the Clerk or Bailiff.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons who may be injured, delayed or damaged by the negligent or wilful misconduct of any Clerk or Bailiff of any Court of Requests, shall and may sue upon such covenant in his own name, and the Commissioner or Commissioners of such Court are hereby authorised to give such Judgment thereon as to them shall seem just in Law and Equity, not exceeding in amount the sum to which their Jurisdiction is limited: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the bringing any Action upon such covenant in a superior Court for a cause of Action beyond the Jurisdiction of the Court of Requests.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That every Bailiff appointed by the Commissioners of any Court of Requests shall attend at the sittings of such Court at ten o'clock of the day on which any Process or Execution shall have been made returnable, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to administer, and they are hereby authorised to administer, an Oath to such Bailiff, to the effect following, that is to say :--

"You A. B., Bailiff of Division number------of the Court of Retored to him touching quests, in the-District, shall truly answer all such questions as shall be put to you by the Court, touching the service or execution of any Writ or Process issued from this Court which may have been placed in your hands, and returnable here this day-So help you God."

> XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs who may hereafter bring an Action in the Court of Requests shall fail to appear, or otherwise establish his, her, or their claim, either in his, her, or their own person or persons, or by Agent, at the time specified in the Summons, it shall be the duty of said Commissioners to give Judgment against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs for all costs attending the same, as also such sum to compensate the Defendant or Defendants for loss of time in attending the said Court as the said Commissioners (unless they shall find such failure to have

Bailiff to attend all sittings of the Court.

Oath to be adminisservices.

Plaintiff neglecting to attend and substantiate his claim, to pay costs, and a compensation to Defendant.

occurred with the assent of, or upon a previous understanding with the Defendant) may deem just and equitable.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all Actions which may hereafter be brought before the Commissioners of Court may give Judg-the Court of Requests, if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Defendant for so Court that the claim of the Defendant exceeds that of the Plaintiff, it much of his set of as shall exceed shall be the duty of the said Commissioners, and they are hereby re-Plaintiff's demand. cuired, to enter Judgment in favor of the Defendant for such balance as may appear to be due to the said Defendant, together with costs : Pro- No set off beyond vided always, that no sett off shall be allowed to be given in evidence ^{£10 to be received.} before such Commissioners which shall exceed the amount of Ten Pounds : And provided always, that if the Plaintiff shall contest such Plaintiff entitled to sett off, it shall be incumbent on the Commissioners to suspend Judg-four days notice of ment, and to admit both parties on the next or other subsequent Court adjourn to consider day to produce evidence respecting the same, unless the Defendant shall same. satisfy the Commissioners, by evidence on oath, that he did, four days before the return of the Summons issued against him, serve the Plaintiff with a statement of the particulars of his sett off, signed by the Defendant, in which case the Commissioners may on the first day appointed for the trial hear and determine the same, confining the sett off to the items specified in such bill of particulars.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Witnesses may be any Witness or Witnesses necessary in any trial live out of the Division summoned out of where any case may be tried, but within the District in which such Di- the Division, if within vision is situated, then, and in such case, he, she or they may be of such Witness in Subpœnaed in like manner as if he, she or they lived within such Di- Court. vision, but no costs shall be allowed for such Witness against the opposite party, unless the Commissioners shall find that his evidence was necessary to make out the case of the party calling him.

XXII. And whereas it is customary among the people of this Province to contract for the payment of a certain specified amount, or of certain sums, in produce or labour, or in some manner otherwise than in money, and doubts may arise with the Commissioners acting under this Act whether they can adjudge such amount or sums to be paid in money: Be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in any Judgment may be such case, after the day is passed in which the produce or goods should given for Stock Notes. have been delivered, or other thing should have been done, it shall be in the power of the Court, if they find it just in other respects, to give Judgment for the amount in money, as if the debt or agreement had been for money.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all fines levied under the provisions of this Act shall be by the Commissioner or Commissioners of every Court of Requests, paid over to any Overseer or Overseers of Highways in the Division wherein such fine. or fines shall have been levied, and such Overseer or Overseers are hereby authorised and required to expend the same in the same manner as other monies coming into their hands to be expended on the Highways, and shall render an account thereof within three months after the expenditure thereof, to the Commissioner or Commissioners from whom he shall have received the same, and such Commissioner or Commissioners are hereby required to make a return of such fines and expenditure to the ensuing Quarter Sessions.

Disorderly persons may be imprisoned

Disposition Fines.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall use contemptuous or insulting language to the Commisor fined by the Court sioners aforesaid, while discharging the duties imposed upon them by this Act, or shall in any manner disturb the proceedings of any Court of Requests, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to imprison such offender or offenders in the Common Gaol of the District. for a period not exceeding six days, or impose a fine not exceeding two pounds, at the discretion of the Commissioners, such fine to be levied and collected in a summary way, by Warrant of Distress, to be issued by the said Commissioners, directing the same to be made of the goods and chattels of the offender.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when levied out of Division any execution shall be issued out of the said court, against any defendant or defendants, or against any plaintiff or plaintiffs, and sufficient goods and chattels of the party or parties against whom such execution shall have been issued, shall not be found within the division where such cause shall have been tried, to satisfy the same, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to levy the amount of such execution or the balance thereof, of the goods and chattels of such party or parties, in any other division within the same District, and the Clerk of the Court from whence the same issued, may direct another execution for the amount due, to the Bailiff of the same division, or the Bailiff of the division in which the execution is to be enforced; Provided always, that the Bailiff of the division in which judgment was entered, shall not be compelled to go out of his division, nor shall the cost of travelling from one division to another, be taxed against the person against whom the execution shall be issued.

No costs allowed for travelling out of Division.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. I. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A. D. 1833.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any judgment in the said Court shall exceed the sum of Forty Shillings, ^{No Execution on} it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners to issue any execution to issue within forty thereon, until the expiration of forty days from the time of giving and ^{days.} recording such judgment, unless the party obtaining judgment shall make it appear by his own oath, or other testimony, to the satisfaction of the Unless in case of Commissioners, that he will be in danger of losing the debt in conse- danger. quence of such delay, in which case, and also in the case of any Judgment against a Clerk or Bailiff, for monies received by him and not paid over, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any one of them, to order the issue of execution at such time as he may think fit.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Eight days notice no Bailiff shall proceed to the sale of any effects taken by virtue of any of Sale to be given. Writ of Execution issued by a Court of Requests, unless public notice in all cases. in writing be given at least eight days before such sale, at the most public place in the Town or Township where such effects may have been taken in Execution, of the time and place where such effects are to be exposed to sale.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Costs on Actions in if any Action shall hereafter be brought in any of the Superior Courts, cognizable in the which might have been tried in the Court of Requests, no higher costs Court of Requests, shall be taxed to the Plaintiff than would have been recoverable in the Requests court of Court of Requests, unless it shall be shewn to the Court, or to a Judge thereof, in vacation, that from the nature of the Plaintiff's evidence, or cases. the situation of his Witnesses, he could not have proved his case in the Court of Requests, or unless in the Action in the Superior Court, the Defendant shall have been arrested.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever either of the parties to any cause shall apply for an adjourn- any malfor sufficient ment, in consequence of the absence of some material Witness, or for reason. other sufficient reasons shown upon oath to the satisfaction of the Court, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners to grant the Application upon the payment of reasonable costs by the party applying for such adjournment.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the several fees and sums of money hereinafter limited and expressed, and no more shall be taken.

٢

COMMISSIONER'S FEES.

For every final Judgment-Two Shillings.

CLERK'S FEES.

For recording Judgment—Sixpence. For every Summons or Subpœna—Sixpence. For every copy of Judgment (if demanded)—One Shilling. For every Execution—One Shilling.

BAILIFF'S FEES.

For serving every Summons or Subpœna within one mile of the Clerks House—One Shilling.

For every mile in travelling to execute process, or execution, where the distance exceeds one mile—Four Pence.

For serving a writ of Execution, seizing and selling effects, and making return, if the judgment does not exceed five pounds—Two Shillings and Sixpence.

Ditto, do., if Judgment exceeds £5, in like proportion.

Witnesses Fees.

The allowance to be paid to all and every of the witnesses, to be left to the discretion of the Commissioners, but not to exceed 2s. 6d. per day, to each.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the following forms may be used by the Commissioners of the Court of Requests.

IN THE COURT OF REQUESTS.

District, Divison, No. to wit.

To

Plaintiff, Defendant.

the Defendant.

Forms to be used in the Court.

14

Table of Fees.

IN THE COURT OF REQUESTS.

District, To

to wit: You are hereby summoned and required to be and appear before the Commissioners of His Majesty's Court of Requests to be held at ______in the town of ______on Saturday the ______day of ______at ____o'clock in the forenoon, to testify the truth according to your knowledge in a certain cause then and there to be tried between ______Forms to be used in ______Plaintiff and ______Defendant, on the part of the ______ the Court.

Witness——A. B. Clerk of the said Court, this ———day of —— in the year of Our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Thirty———

TO A. B. BAILIFF.

District Vou are hereby authorised and required to make Division, No. to wit: the sum of _____Provincial Currency, to satisfy a Judgment given by the Court of Requests held in division number ______ in the said District on Saturday the ______day of ______at the suit of _______ in the plea of debt heard against the said _______ together with the sum of _______ being the costs of the said suit; and should there be any overplus after deducting the legal expenses of the seizure and sale, you are to return the same to the said _______ and you are to certify to the said Court on Saturday the ______ day of ______ what you shall have done in the Execution hereof_Herein fail not.

Witness ----- A. B. Clerk of the said Court.

 Debt
 Costs

 Bailiff's Fees
 Solution

IN THE COURT OF REQUESTS.

I ______ of the Town of ______ in the _____ District do hereby acknowledge that I am justly indebted to ______ in the sum of ______ being the amount due to ______ on a note, account, or contract (as the case may be) and I do consent that Judgment be forthwith entered against me for the said sum with the Costs, but no Execution to be issued until the ______ day of ______ next

Witness

(Form of the Oath to be administered to a Witness.)

"The Evidence you shall give to this Court touching the matter in Oath to Witness or question, shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so Party. help you God."

CHAP. II.

AN ACT to provide for Partition of Real Estates.

[Royal Assent given by Message.]

Prean ble-

Proceedings for the Partition of Real Estate may be had before King's Bench or District Court.

Petition may be presented to King's Beach or District Court, praying that Partition be made.

WHEREAS in many cases much inconvenience is experienced from the want of some Court competent to order the Partition of Lands held in Joint Tenancy, Tenancy in Common, and Co-parcenary :- Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That all Joint Tenants, Tenants in Common, and Co-parceners of any Estate or Estates, in Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, within this Province, may be compelled to make or suffer Partition of such Estate or Estates in manner hereinafter prescribed, and that when such Estate or Estates is or may be situated in two or more Districts, the proceedings under this Act shall be heard before the Court of King's Bench, and where such Estate or Estates is or may be situated in one District only, the proceedings may be had before the District Court or Court of King's Bench.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person being a Joint Tenant, Co-parcener, or Tenant in Common of any such Estate or Estates, or the Executor, Administrator, Guardian or Agent of any such person, may file his or her Petition in the Court of King's Bench or District Court, as the case may require, praying that Partition of such Estate or Estates may be made, which Petition shall set forth the nature of the Title or Claim of the Demandant, the Tract or Tracts of Land, the Tenements or Hereditaments of which Partition is demanded, and also the name and place of residence of each Joint Tenant, Co-parcener and Tenant in Common, with such Demandant, if they shall be known to such Demandant, and if on examination it shall appear that the Demandant has a good and legal right and title to any part or proportion of such Estate or Estates, then the Court shall proceed at the term in which such Petition may be filed, to order and direct a Partition to be had and made; in the manner prescribed by the provi-

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. II. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

sions of this Act: *Provided*, it shall appear, that the notice required by Notice of the Petition this Act hath been sufficiently and legally given, and no sufficient reason interested. shall appear why the prayer of the Petitioner should not be granted, otherwise the Court shall order and direct notice of such demand of Partition to be given, either by publication in one or more Newspapers printed in this Province, when the parties concerned reside out of this Province, or by personal notice to be served at least forty days before the ensuing Term, if the party or parties concerned reside within this Province : *Provided always*, that when the person or persons of whom Par-Notice on Agent tition is demanded, reside out of this Province, and have an Agent or sufficient when party Attorney residing within this Province, personal notice of such demand or Partition shall be given to such Agent or Attorney, as is required in the case of Resident Proprietors.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at After due notice heat the first or succeeding Term (in case a continuance hath been granted) been given, Court after the filing of such Petition, it shall appear to the Court that due may order Partition. notice hath been given, and if no sufficient reason shall appear why Partition should not be made, the Court shall proceed to order such Partition, and shall issue their Writ, directed to the Sheriff of the District in which Writ to be directed the Estate or Estates shall or may lie, or to the Sheriff of either of the to the Sheriff of the District or Distr Districts in which the Estate or Estates shall or may lie, in case such where the Lands lie, Estate or Estates is or are in more than one District, commanding him by commanding him. by the oaths of three judicious and disinterested Freeholders of the vicinity, Freeholders, to make to be appointed by said Court and named in said Writ, who are not of Partition. kin to any of the said parties concerned, to cause to be set off and divided to the Demandant in said Petition, such part or proportion of such Estate or Estates as the Court shall have ordered and directed; and in making such Partition, it shall be the duty of said Freeholders to view and ex- How Freeholders to amine such Estate or Estates, to set apart the same in such Lot or Lots proceed. as will be most advantageous and equitable, having due regard to the improvements, situation and quality of the different parts of such Estate or Estates, and if the bounds or title of any Tract or Tracts, or any part thereof shall be controverted, it shall be the duty of the said Frecholders to separate the same from the uncontroverted part, and to make Partition of the Estate or Estates in such manner, that a due proportion of the controverted as well as the uncontroverted part may be allotted to the Demandant.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That which Disputed points to be the facts alleged in any Petition, for Partition hereafter to be preferred in decided as other consequence of this Act, are controverted by any of the Tenants in Com-Issues of Law or fact

C.

by the Court or Jury, as the case may be.

Costs to be awarded to the successful party.

Partition may appoint the Court may name them.

be made without spoiling the whole Estate,

mon. Co-parceners, or Joint Tenants, the answer or objection to the Petition shall be made in writing, in the form of a Plea, to which the Petioner may reply or demur, to the end that the matter in dispute may be reduced to an issue in Law or fact, and receive a determination by the Court or a Jury in the manner other issues are determined; and in case the issue be determined in favor of the Petitioner, Judgment shall be entered by the Court, that Partition be made by disinterested Freeholders as aforesaid, and the Court shall proceed to appoint them accordingly: And also, that the Petitioner recover against the adverse party the Costs attending the Trial, and Execution may issue for said costs in the form prescribed by Law, as in other cases; but if on such pleading it shall be determined that the Petitioner holds a less share or proportion in the common and undivided property than he has in his Petition alleged, the adverse party shall recover against the Petitioner his reasonable costs; but notwithstanding, Judgment may be rendered in favor of the Petitioner, to have an assignment of such parts of the Real Estate in severalty, as he in fact held in common and undivided.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any Parties consenting to time after the filing of a Petition as aforesaid, and before a Writ shall Arbitrators to make have issued to the Sheriff, the Person or Persons, Joint Tenants, Co-par-Partition, and if they concers or Tenants in Common, of whom Partition is demanded, shall persons to be named, appear by him or themselves, or by his or their Attorney, and shall pay their proportion of the Costswhich have occurred on such Partition, and shall consent to a Partition of such Estate or Estates, then Partition shall be made of such Estate or Estates, by such person or persons as said Joint Tenants, Co-parceners, or Tenants in Common shall agree upon. and in case they do not agree upon any person or persons to make such Partition before the end of the Term, then a Writ shall issue to the Sheriff as is hereinbefore provided.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when Course of proceeding any Writ of Partition shall issue as aforesaid, if the Freeholders who are directed to make such Partition shall be of opinion that the Estate or Estates cannot be divided according to the demand of the Writ, without prejudice to, or spoiling the whole; the Freeholders shall then make and return to the Court a true valuation and appraisement of such Estate or Estates, whereupon, if the said Court shall approve the said return, and if any one or more of the parties shall elect to take the said Estate or Estates at the appraised value, the same shall be adjudged to him or them, he or they paying or securing to be paid to the other parties their proportion of the appraised value, according to their respective rights, and the Sheriff shall, according to the order of the Court, make and execute

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT,-CHAP. II. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

conveyances to the party or parties electing to take the same, subject nevertheless to a lien thereon, in favor of the others of the said parties. until payment be made to them of their respective shares of the money as aforesaid; and in case the said parties shall not agree who shall take the said Lands and Tenements on the terms aforesaid, then the said Court shall or may, at the instance of the Demandant in the said Partition, make an order for the Sale of the said Lands and Tenements at Public Auction Lands may be sold in certain cases. by the Sheriff, who shall have holden the said inquisition, or his successors in office, after due and fair notice of the time and place of such Sale, by advertisements published and set up in the several Districts where the Lands lie; and also, in such public Newspaper as shall be most likely to give fair and full notice of such Sale to all parties concerned and others, which public notice shall be given at least twenty days before the time of Sale, in cases where the Lands all lie in the same District, and at least sixty days when the Lands lie in different Districts, and the said Sheriff is hereby authorised, empowered and ordered to execute Deeds to the purchasers of the Lands and Tenements so as aforesaid sold, on receiving payment of the consideration money, or taking sufficient security therefor to the satisfaction of the Court, which money or security shall be brought into Court before or at the time of the said Sheriff's acknowledging the Deed, in open Court to be distributed and paid by order of the said Court, amongst the several parties entitled to receive the same, in lieu of their respective parts and proportion of the said Lands and Tenements, according to their just rights and proportions.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any Writ of Partition shall issue, or when the parties interested shall the same shall be agree on some person or persons to make Partition, it shall be the duty described by metcs of the inquest or persons so agreed on, to make a true and accurate plan plan shall accompany or map, and field book of such Lands as may be so divided, and to de- the return to the court having cogniscribe particularly the metes and bounds of all Tenements so divided and zance thereof. aparted, which plan or map, field book and description, the persons or inquest shall sign, and send under seal to the next Court having cognizance of the same, and after the division and return thereof shall be made to Partition, when apthe Court, it shall be examined by the Court, and if found justly and ac-proved of, to be re-corded by the Clerk. curately made, the Clerk shall record such return, which record shall be deemed valid and effectual in Law for the Partition of such Lands, Tene- Record to be deemed an effectual Partition. ments or Hereditaments, and thereupon the party or parties shall have and hold the Shares or Parcels to them respectively allotted in severalty.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Court before whom any Partition shall be had, shall tax the costs and expences which may accrue on such proceedings, and shall issue Execu-

19

Costs to be taxed, and Execution to isdetermination of the Partition.

New Partition may be awarded, if the ends of Justice shall seem to require it.

Guardians may act for infants.

Parties out of the three years, apply to and a new Partition may be awarded.

tion therefor against such Person or Persons, their Goods, Chattels, sue therefor on a final Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, interested in such Partition. as shall not have paid their proportion of the costs and expenses so taxed: Provided always nevertheless, that it shall be in the power of the Court in which any such proceeding for Partition is depending, to award a new Partition by another Jury, when it shall appear necessary for the ends of Justice, in the same manner and for the same causes as new trials are now grantable by Law, but that no new Partition shall be granted when all the parties interested are resident within the Province, unless the same is applied for before the end of the Term next after that in which the former verdict has been rendered.

> IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Guardians of all Minors are hereby respectively authorized and empowered on behalf of their Wards, to do and perform any act, matter or thing respecting the Partition of Land under this Act, and the same shall be deemed valid and effectual in Law, to every intent and purpose, as if the same had been done by such Minor after his arrival at full age.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Partner shall have a larger share set off than is such Partners true and Province may, within real interest, or if any share set off should be more than equal in value to the Court for redress, the proportion it was set off for, then and in every such case, upon com-" they conceive themselves aggrieved, plaint to the Court, which caused such Partition to be made, within three years of the making thereof, by any aggrieved Partner or Partners, who at the time of making such Partition were out of the Province, and not notified thereof agreeably to the Provisions of this Act, the said Court shall cause Partition thereof to be made anew, and in such new Partition, so much and no more shall be taken off from any, than as such share shall be adjudged more than the proportion of the whole it was designed for, estimating such Lands or Real Estate as in the state they were in when first divided, and in case any improvements shall be made on the part that may by such new Partition be taken off as aforesaid, the Partner or his Assigns who made such improvements, shall have reasonable satisfaction made him by the Partner or Partners to whose share the same shall be added by the estimation of the Freeholders employed in making such new Partition, or the major part of them; and the same Court who ordered Partition, are also empowered to issue Execution for such satisfaction, and for costs in such new Partition, the same being first taxed and allowed by the said Court.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT,-CHAP. III. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

CHAP. III.

AN ACT relating to the Bailing and Commitment, Removal and Trial of Prisoners in certain cases.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to define under what circumstances persous may be admitted to Bail in cases of Felony or Misdemeanor, and Freemble. to make better provision for taking Examinations, Informations, Bailments. and Recognizances, and returning the same to the proper Tribunals; and also, fer obtaining the evidence of Prisoners confined in any Prison upon the Limits thereof, without the necessity of suing out a Writ of Habcas Corpus.—Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That when any per-Duty of Justices beson shall be taken on a charge of Felony, or suspicion of Felony, before fore whom persons one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, and the charge shall be may be brought on charges of Felony. supported by positive and credible evidence of the fact, or by such evidence as if not explained or contradicted shall in the opinion of the Justice or Justices raise a strong presumption of the guilt of the person charged, such person shall be committed to Prison by such Justice or Justices, in manner hereinafter mentioned; but if there shall be only one Justice present, and the whole evidence given before him shall be such as neither to raise a strong presumption of guilt, nor to warrant the dismissal of the charge, such Justice shall order the person charged to be detained in custody until he or they shall be taken before two Justices at the least ; and where any person so taken, or any person in the first instance, taken before two Justices of the Peace, shall be charged with Felony, or on suspicion of Felony, and the evidence given in support of the charge shall, in their opinion, not be such as to raise a strong presumption of the guilt of the person charged, and to require his or her committal, or such evidence shall be adduced on behalf of the person charged as shall, in their opinion, weaken the presumption of guilt, but there shall notwithstanding appear to them, in either of such cases, to be sufficient ground for Judicial inquiry into his or her guilt, the person a

charged should be admitted to Bail by such two Justices in the manner hereinafter mentioned : Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to require any Justice or Justices to hear evidence on behalf of any person or persons so charged as aforesaid, unless it shall appear to him or them to be meet, and conducive to the ends of Justice, to hear the same.

Instices to take the Examination of Witnesses, and reduce same to writing in presence of the accused.

in recognizance to give Evidence.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the two Justices of the Peace, before they shall admit the Bail, and the Justice or Justices, before he or they shall commit to prison any person arrested for Felony, or on suspicion of Felony, shall take the examination of such person, and the information upon oath of those who shall know the facts and circumstances of the case, and the particular grounds of suspicion, in cases where direct proof is not adduced, and shall put the same into writing in the presence of the party accused, if he be in custody, who shall have full opportunity afforded him of cross-examining such witnesses, if he shall think proper so to do; and the two Justices shall thereupon certify such Bailment in writing, and every such Justice shall have authowitnesses to be bound rity to bind by Recognizance, all such persons as know, or declare any thing material touching any such Felony, or suspicion of Felony, to appear at the next Court of Over and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, or Sessions of the Peace at which the trial thereof is intended to be had, then and there to prosecute or give evidence against the party accused; and such Justice or Justices respectively, shall subscribe all such Examinations, Informations, Bailments and Recognizances, and deliver, or cause the same to be delivered, to the public Prosecutor, before or at the opening of the said Court.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every Daty of Justices when Justice of the Peace before whom any person shall be taken on a charge fore them on charges of Misdemeanor, or suspicion thereof, shall take the examination of the of Misdemanor. party charged, and the information, upon oath, of those who shall know the facts and circumstances of the case, and shall put the same, or so much thereof as shall be material, into writing, before he shall commit to prison, or require Bail from the person so charged; and in every case of Bailment, shall certify the Bailment in writing, and shall have authority to bind all persons by Recognizance to appear to prosecute or give evidence, as in cases of Felony, and shall subscribe all Examinations, Informations, Bailments and Recognizances, and deliver, or cause the same to be delivered, to the public Prosecutor, or Clerk of the Court in which the trial is to be, before or at the opening of the Court, as in cases Mo traverse to be allowed in cases of of Felony; and that no traver ..., or other postponement of any trial to Misdemeanor as of be thereupon had, shall be allowed, except upon special cause shewn to sight.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. HI. 3d. YEAR WILLEIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

the satisfaction of the said Court, or by consent of His Majesty's Attorney or Solicitor General conducting the Prosecution thereof.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every Coroner, upon any Inquisition before him taken, whereby any person Duty of Coroners in taking Inquests. shall, be indicted for Manslaughter or Murder, or as an accessory to Murder before the fact, shall, in presence of the party accused, if he can be apprehended, put in writing the evidence given to the Jury before him, or so much thereof as shall be material, giving the party accused full opportunity of cross-examination; and shall have authority to bind by Recognizance, all such persons as prove or declare any thing material touching the said Manslaughter or Murder, or the offence of being accessory to Murder, to appear at the next Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery at which the trial is to be, then and there to give evidence against the party charged; and every such Coroner shall certify and subscribe the same evidence, and all such Recognizances. and also the Inquisition before him taken, and shall deliver the same to the Court at which the trial is to be, before or at the opening of the Court next ensuing the taking the same.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Justice or Coroner shall offend in any thing, contrary to the true intent Justices and Coroners and meaning of these provisions, the Court of Oyer and Terminer or may be fixed by the General Gaol Delivery, or Sessions of the Peace respectively, holden Court Oyer and Terwithin the District where any party accused shall be liable to be tried, or Sessions of the shall, upon examination, and proof of the offence, in a summary way, set Peace. such fine upon every such Justice or Coroner, as the Court shall think meet.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when, Manner of procuring and so often as any person shall be committed for trial by any Justice or Prisoners to be bailed Justices, or Coroner, as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for such by Justices, under the Prisoner, his Counsel, Attorney or Agent, to notify the said committing of King's Bench, or Justice or Justices, or Coroner, that he will so soon as Counsel can be the Judges thereof. heard, move His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or one of the Judges thereof, for an order to the Justices of the Peace, or Coroner, for the District where such Prisoner shall be confined, to admit such Prisoner to bail, whereupon it shall be the duty of such committing Justice or Justices, or Coroner, to transmit to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown, close under the Hand and Seal of one of them, a certified copy of all the informations, examinations, and other evidences touching the offence wherewith such prisoner shall be charged, together with a copy of the Warrant of Commitment and Inquest, if any such there be, and that the packet containing the same shall be handed to the person applying there-

for, in order to such transmission, and shall be certified on the outside : thereof to contain the information, touching the case in question.

Upon applications to as if Prisoner were brought up on a Writ Corpus. of Habeas Copus.

Prisoners confined in der of the Court requiring such attendance.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon King's Bench for the any application to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or to any Judge Bailment of any Prisomer under this Act, thereof, the same order, touching the prisoner being bailed or continued same order to be made in custody, shall be made as if the party were brought up upon a Habeas

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when, Gaolor on the Limits, and so ulten as the attendance of any person confined in any Gaol or may be brought up to that so often as the attendance of any person commed in any date of give Evidence by or. Prison in this Province, or upon the limits thereof, shall be required in any Court of Assize and Nisi Prius, or Over and Terminer, or General Gaol Delivery, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom such Prisoners shall be required to attend, in its discretion, to make an order upon the Sheriff, Gaoler, or other person having the custody of such Prisoner, to deliver such Prisoner to the person named in such order to receive him, which person shall thereupon instantly convey such prisoner to the place where the Court issuing such order shall be sitting, there to receive and obey such further order as to the said Court shall seem meet: Provided always, that no prisoner confined for any debt or damages in any Civil Suit, shall be thereby removed out of the District where he shall be confined.

CHAP. IV.

AN ACT to reduce the number of cases in which Capital Punishment may be inflicted ; to provide other punishment for offences which shall no longer be Capital after the passing of this Act; to abolish the privilege called benefit of Clergy; and to make other alterations in certain Criminal Proceedings, before and after conviction.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is fit that it should be plainly declared in the Statutes of this Province, for what crimes offenders shall be liable to be punished with death: And whereas it does not seem to be indispensible, for the security and well being of society, that the punishment of death should be inflicted in any other cases than those hereinafter mentioned.-Be it. therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the

Preamble.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IV. 3d. YEAR WILLLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That if a person do compass or ^{What Offences shall be Capital.} imagine the Death of our Lord the King, or if a person do levy War against our Lord the King, in this Province, or be adherent to the High Treason. King's enemies in this Province, giving to them aid and comfort, in this Province, or elsewhere, and thereof be provably attainted of open deed by people of his condition, such person so attainted shall be deemed guilty of Treason, and shall suffer Death.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every Murder, person convicted of Murder, or of being an accessory before the fact to Murder, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every offence which, before the passing of this Act, would have amounted to Petit Treason to be Petit Treason, shall be deemed to be Murder only, and no greater or treated in all respects other offence; and all persons guilty in respet thereof, whether as principals or accessories, shall be dealt with, indicted, tried, and punished as principals and accessories in Murder.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons whatsoever shall by force set at liberty or rescue, or Resculag persons attempt to rescue, or set at liberty, any person out of prison, who shall or committed for be committed for, or found guilty of Murder; or rescue, or attempt to Murder. rescue, any person convicted of Murder going to execution, or during execution, every person so offending shall be deemed, taken and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every Rape. person convicted of the crime of Rape, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Carnal knowledge of any person shall unlawfully carnally know, and abuse any Girl under the a girl under ten years age of ten years, every such offender shall be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

D

CHAP. IV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.-THIRD SESSION

Sodomy.

Robbery.

Robbing the Mail.

Place of trial.

Burglary.

to be part of the dwelling house.

Arson.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every person convicted of the abominable crime of Buggery, committed either with mankind or with any animal, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall Rob any other person of any Chattel, Money, or valuable Security; or shall Rob any person carrying or conveying, or having charge of His Majesty's Mail, in any part of this Province, of any letter or letters, packet or packets, bag or mail of letters, every such offender, being convicted thereof, shall suffer Death as a Felon: and such offences shall and may be inquired of, tried and determined, either in the District in which the offence shall be committed, or in which the offender shall or may be apprehended.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every person convicted of Burglary, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

X. Provided always, And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no Building, although within the same curtilage with the What shall be deemed Dwelling-house, and occupied therewith, shall be deemed to be part of such Dwelliug-house, for the purpose of Burglary, unless there shall be a communication between such Building and Dwelling-house, either immediate, or by means of a covered and enclosed passage leading from the one to the other.

> XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any Church or Chapel, or to any Building commonly used for Religious Worship, or to any House, Stable, Coach-house, Out-house, Ware-house, Office, Shop, Mill, Malt-house, Barn or Granary, or to any Building or erection used in carrying on any trade or manufacture, or any branch thereof, whether the same, or any of them respectively, shall then be in the possession of the offender, or in the possession of any other person, with intent thereby to injure or defraud any person, or any Body Corporate, or Company of persons, every such offender shail be guilty of Felony, and being convicted thereof, shall suffer Death as a Felon.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every Accessories before the person convicted of being an accessory before the fact to any of the fact. offences made Capital by this Act, shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony.

XIII. And whereas, for the preventing and suppressing of Riots and Tumults, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the offenders 1, chap 5, commonly therein, an Act was passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the called "The Riot first year of the Reim of King Commonly The Riot first year of the Reign of King George the First, entitled "An Act for Act," recited. " preventing Tumults and Riotous Assemblies, and for the more speedy " and effectual punishing the Rioters," whereby it is among other things enacted, that "if any persons to the number of twelve, or more, being "unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously assembled together, to the "disturbance of the Public Peace, at any time after the last day of July, "in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, and "being required or commanded by any one or more Justice or Justices " of the Peace, or by the Sheriff of the County, or his Under Sheriff, or "by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Head Officer, or Justice of "the Peace of any City, or Town Corporate, where such assembly shall " bc, by Proclamation, to be made in the King's name, in the form in the "said Act directed, to disperse themselves and peaceably to depart to "their habitations, or to their lawful business, shall, to the number of "twelve or more, (notwithstanding such Proclamation made) unlawfully, "riotously and tumultuously remain or continue together by the space of "one hour after such command or request made by Proclamation, that "then such continuing together to the number of twelve or more, after "such command or request made by Proclamation, shall be adjudged "Felony without benefit of Clergy, and the offenders therein shall be "adjudged Felons, and shall suffer death as in case of Felony, without "benefit of Clergy." And it is in the said Act further enacted, that "the order and form of the Proclamation which shall be made by the "authority of the said Act shall be as hereafter followeth, (that is to "say) :-- That the Justice of the Peace, or other person authorised by "the said Act to make the said Proclamation, shall, among the said "Rioters, or as near to them as he can safely come, with a loud voice " command, or cause to be commanded silence to be, while Proclama-"tion is making; and after that, shall openly and with a loud voice, "make, or cause to be made Proclamation in these words, or like in " effect :----

"OUR Sovereign Lord THE KING Chargeth and Commandeth all

- " persons being assembled immediately to disperse themselves, Proclamation for
- "and peaceably to depart to their habitations or to their law-Rioters to disperse;
- " ful business, upon the pains contained in the Act made in the
- " First year of King George, for preventing tumults and riotous
- " assemblies.-GOD SAVE THE KING."

" And every such Justice, and Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Under She-"riff, Mayor, Bailiff, and other Head Officer aforesaid, within the limits"

" of their respective Jurisdictions, are by the said Act authorized, em-" powered, and required, on notice or knowledge of any such unlawful "riotous and tumultuous assembly, to resort to the place where such " unlawful, riotous and tumultuous assemblies shall be, of persons to the " number of twelve or more, and there to make, or cause to be made, " Proclamation in manner aforesaid." And it is in the said Act further enacted, that "if such persons so unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously "assembled, or twelve or more of them, after Proclamation made in "manner aforesaid, shall continue together, and not disperse themselves " within one hour, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for every "Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, or Under Sheriff of the County where "such assemblies shall be, and also to and for every High and Petty "Constable, and other Peace Officer within such County, and also to and " for every Mayor, Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Bailiff, and other Head "Officer, High or Petty Constable, and other Peace Officer of any City " or Town Corporate, where such assembly shall be, and to and for such "other person and persons as shall be commanded, to be assisting unto "any such Justice of the Peace, Sheriff or Under Sheriff, Mayor, Bailiff, "or other Head Officer aforesaid, (who are thereby authorized and em-"powered to command all His Majesty's Subjects of age and ability, to "be assisting to them therein) to seize and apprehend, and they are "thereby required to seize and apprehend, such persons so unlawfully, "riotously, and tumultuously continuing together, after Proclamation "made as aforesaid, and forthwith to carry the persons so apprehended "before one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County "or place where such persons shall be so apprehended, in order to their "being proceeded against for such their offences according to Law; and " that if the persons so unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously assembled, "or any of them, shall happen to be killed, maimed or hurt, in the dis-"persing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse, seize or "apprehend them, by reason of their resisting the persons so dispers-"ing, seizing or apprehending, or endeavouring to disperse,'seize or "apprehend them, that then every such Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, "Under Sheriff, Mayor, Bailiff, Head Officer, High or Petty Constable, "or other Peace Officer, and all and singular, persons being aiding and "assisting to them, or any of them, shall be free, discharged and indem-"nified, as well against the King's Majesty, His Heirs and Sussessors, " as against all and every other person and persons, of, for, or concerninig "the killing, maining, or hurting of any such person or persons, so unlaw-"fully, riotously, and tumultuously assembled, that shall happen to be so "killed, maimed, or hurt as aforesaid." And it is in the said Act further enacted, that "if any persons unlawfully, riotously, and tumultuously "assembled together, to the disturbance of the Public Peace, shall unlaw-

"fully, and with force, demolish or pull down, or begin to demolish or " pull down, any Church, Chapel, or any Building for Religious Wor-" ship, certified and Registered according to the Statute made in the first " year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, entitled "An "Act for exempting their Majesty's Protestant Subjects dissenting from "the Church of England from the Penalties of certain Laws;" or any "Dwelling-house, Barn, Stable, or other Out-house, that then every such " demolishing or pulling down, or begining to demolish or pull down, shall " be adjudged Felony, without benefit of Clergy, and the offenders therein "shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony, " without benefit of Clergy." And it is in the said Act further enacted, that "if any person or persons do, or shall with force and arms, wilfully "and knowingly oppose, obstruct, or in any manner wilfully and know-"ingly let, hinder or hurt, any person or persons that shall begin to pro-" claim, or go to proclaim, according to the Proclamation thereby directed "to be made, whereby such Proclamation shall not be made, that then "every such opposing, obstructing, letting, hindering, or hurting such " person or persons so beginning or going to make such Proclamation, "as aforesaid, shall be adjudged Felony without benefit of Clergy, and "the offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death " as in case of Felony, without benefit of Clergy; and that also every "such person or persons so being unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously "assembled, to the number of twelve as aforesaid, or more, to whom "Proclamation should or ought to have been made, if the same had not "been hindered, as aforesaid, shall likewise, in case they, or any of "them to the number of twelve or more, shall continue together, and "not disperse themselves within one hour after such let or hindrance so "made, having knowledge of such let or hindrance so made, shall be ad-"judged Felons, and shall suffer death as in case of Felony, without bene-"fit of Clergy." And it is in the said Act further enacted, that "no person "or persons shall be prosecuted by virtue of the said Act, for any offence "or offences committed contrary to the same, unless such prosecution "be commenced within twelve months after the offence committed:" Be it enacted, by and with the authority aforesaid, That nothing in The provisions of this Act contained shall affect or be construed to affect, or in any manner 1 Geo. 1, ch. 5, (Riot to repeal or vary any of the provisions in the said Act contained, but the ed, or affected by this same shall continue and remain, as if this Act had not been passed.-- Act. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Churches and places That the provisions in the fourth clause of the same Act shall apply and of worship to be extend to all Churches or Chapels, or Places for Religious Worship in though not registered. this Province, notwithstanding the same, or any of them, shall not be certified or registered, as provided in the said Act.

CHAP. IV. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION.

British Statute, 12 Geo. 3. chap. 24, respecting the Larning His Majesty's Ships, Naval Aisenals Sec recited.

British Statute, with the Lnemy beyond Sen, recited.

The above Acts of 12 Geo. 3, ch. 24, and 2 & 3 Anne, ch. 20, not to be affected by this Act.

XIV. And whereas by a certain Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, passed in the twelfth year of the Reign of King George the Third, entiiled "An Act for the better securing and preserving His Majesty's Dock Yards, Magazines, Ships, Amunition and Stores," it is enacted, That "if any person or persons shall within the Realm, or in any of the Islands, " Countries, Forts or Places thereunto belonging, wilfully and maliciously, "set on fire, or burn, or otherwise destroy, or cause to be set on fire or "burnt, or otherwise destroyed, or aid, procure, abet or assist in the set-"ting on fire, or burning, or otherwise destroying, of any of His Majesty's " Ships or Vessels of War, whether the said Ships or Vessels of War "be on float or building, or begun to be built, in any of His Majesty's " Dock Yards, or building or repairing by contract in any private yard, " for the use of His Majesty, or any of His Majesty's Arsenals, Maga-" zines, Dock Yards, Rope Yards, Victualling Offices, or any of the build-"ings crected therein or belonging thereto, or any timber or materials "there placed, for building, repairing or fitting out of Ships or Vessels, " or any of His Majesty's Military, Naval, or Victualing Stores, or other "Ammunition of War, or any place or places where any such Military, "Naval or Victualing Stores, or other Ammunition of War is, are, or " shall be kept, placed or deposited, that then the person or persons guilty " of any such offence being thereof convicted, in due form of Law, shall be "adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer death, as in cases of Felony, " without benefit of Clergy :" And whereas also, by a certain other Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, passed in the Second and Third Years of 2d x 3d Anne, ch. 20, the Reign of Queen Anne, entitled "An Act for punishing Mutiny, Desermaking in High Tren- " tion, and fulse Musters, and for better paying of the Army and Quarters, Soldier to correspond " and for satisfying divers Arrears, and for a further continuance of the " powers of the five Commissioners for the examining and determining the "Accounts of the Army," it is enacted, That "if any Officer or Soldier in " Her Majesty's Army, shall either upon land out of England, or upon the " sea, hold correspondence with any rebel, or enemy of Her Majesty, or " give them advice or intelligence, either by letters, messages, signs or "tokens, or any manner of way whatsoever, or shall treat with such re-" bels or enemies, or enter into any condition with them without Her Ma-"jestys's Licence, or Licence of the General, Lieutenant General or " Chief Commander, then every such person so offending shall be deemed " and adjudged to be guilty of High Treason, and suffer such pains and "penalties as in case of High Treason." Be it therefore enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed or taken to affect, in any manner, the provisions of the above in part recited Acts, or either of them.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Thirty- Statutes of Upper Canada, 36 Geo 3, Sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act ch. 1; 38 Geo. 3, ch. 1: "for the better regulation of certain Coins current in this Province."— as they make any of-And of an Act passed in the Parliament of this Province, in the Thirty- funce named in them Eighth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act "to establish on a permanent footing the boundary lines of the different " Townships of this Province." And of an Act passed in the Parliament of this Province, in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act for the further introduction of the Criminal " Law of England in this Province, and for the more effectual punish-"ment of certain offenders," and of the several Acts of the Parliament of this Province, passed for authorising the issuing of Government Debentures, as provides that any offence in any of those Statutes respec- And also, so much of tively mentioned, shall be punishable with death, shall be, and the same it Capital to Forge is hereby repealed; and that such offences shall continue to be of the de- any Government gree of Felony, and the persons convicted thereof shall be liable to the any Forged Debenpunishments, or any of them, which are by this Act provided in respect ture, &c. to Felonies generally, which are not punishable with death.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall be indicted for any offence made Capital by this, or any Persons confessing, or outlawed, to be other Statute made or to be made, such person shall be liable to the same punished in the same punishment, whether he, or she shall be convicted by verdict or confes- inanner as if convictsion, or shall be outlawed, upon indictment; and this as well in the case of Accessories as of Principals.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person being arraigned upon any indictment for Treason or Felony, Certain forms on arshall plead thereto a plea of "Not Guilty," he shall by such plea without with. any further form be deemed to have put himself upon the Country for trial -and that if any person being arraigned upon any indictment for Treason or Felony, shall stand mute of malice, or will not answer directly to the Standing mute. indictment, in every such case it shall be lawful for the Court, if it shall so think fit, to order the proper officer to enter a plea of "Not Guilty," on behalf of such person, and the plea so entered, shall have the same force and effect, as if such person had actually pleaded the same.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person indicted for any Treason or Felony, shall challenge peremp- torily more of the torily a greater number of the men returned to be of the Jury than such Jury than the Law person is entitled by Law so to challenge, in any of the said cases, every allows. preremptory challenge beyond the number allowed by Law, in any of the

Capital, repealed.

Such challenge to be said cases, shall be entirely void; and the trial of such person shall prodisregardes. ceed as if no such challenge had been made.

> XIX. And whereas in certain cases of High Treason, as the Law now stands, the sentence or judgment required by Law to be pronounced or awarded against any persons convicted or adjudged guilty of the said crime, in such cases, is, that they should be drawn on a hurdle to the place of execution, and there be hanged by the neck, but not until they are dead, but that they should be taken down again, and that when they are yet alive their bowels should be taken out, and burnt before their faces; and that afterwards their heads should be severed from their bodies, and their bodies divided into four quarters, and their heads and quarters to be at the King's disposal: And whereas it is expedient in the said cases of High Treason to alter the sentence or judgment now required by Law-Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases of High Treason in which, as the Law now stands, the sentence or judgment ordained by Law is as aforesaid, the sentence or iudgment to be pronounced or awarded from and after the passing of this Act against any person convicted or adjudged guilty shall be, that such person shall be drawn on a hurdle to the place of execution, and be there hanged by the neck until such person be dead-and that afterwards the body of such person shall be dissected and anatomized.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when-Persons convicted of ever any person shall be convicted of Murder and executed therefor, the body of such murderer shall be delivered by the Sheriff, or his Deputy, and his Officers, to a Surgeon, for the purpose of being dissected and To be Dissected. anatomized.

> XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That sentence shall be pronounced in open Court immediately after the conviction of such Murderer, and before the Court shall proceed to any other business, unless the Court shall see reasonable cause for postponing the same; in which sentence shall be expressed, not only the usual judgment of death, but also the time appointed for the execution thereof, and the mark of infamy hereby directed for such offenders; in order to impress a just horror in the mind of the offender, and on the minds of such as shall be present of the heinous crime of murder.

> XXII. Provided always, And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after such sentence pronounced as aforesaid, in case there shall appear reasonable cause, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Judge or Justice, before whom such criminal shall have been so tried, to stay the

Sentence in certain cases of High Treason mitigated.

Murder.

Sentence when to be passed.

Terms of the Sentence,

Mespite.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IV. Sd. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1835.

execution of the sentence, at the discretion of such Judge or Justice, regard being always had to the true intent and purpose of this Act. *Provided also*, That it shall be in the power of any such Judge or Jus-^{Judge may order the tice to appoint the body of any such criminal to be dissected and anatomized.}

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the anihority aforesaid, That from and after such conviction, and judgment given thereupon, the Gaeler How persons senor Keeper to whom such criminal shall be delivered for safe custody, tor Murder shall be shall confine such prisoner to some cell or other proper and safe place kept after sentence. within the prison, separate and apart from the other prisoners; and that no person or persons whatsoever, except the Gaoler or Keeper, or his Servants shall have access to any such prisoner, without licence being first obtained for that purpose, under the hand of such Judge or Justice before whom such offender shall have been tried, or under the hand of the Sheriff, his Deputy or Under Sheriff: Provided always, That in case any In case of respite, re-such Judge or Justice shall see cause to respite the execution of such gulations may be reoffender so condemned as aforesaid, such Judge or Justice may relax or laxed. release any or all of the restraints, or regulations hereinbefore or hereinafter directed to be observed by the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison where such prisoner shall be confined, by any licence in writing, signed by such Judge or Justice for that purpose, for and during the time of such stay of execution, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after sentence passed, as aforesaid, and until the execution thereof, such offender shall be fed with bread and water only, except in case of any violent Food of Convict. sickness, or wound, in which case some known Physician, Surgeon or Attendance of Physi-Apothecary may be admitted by the Gaoler or Keeper of the said Prison, cian or Surgeon, to administer necessaries, the Christian and Surname of such Physician, Surgeon or Apothecary, and his place of abode being first entered in the books of such Prison or Gaol, there to remain; and, in case such Gaoler or Prison Keeper shall offend against, or neglect to put in execution, any of the directions or regulations hereby enacted to be observed, such for diregarding these Gaoler or Prison Keeper shall for such offence forfeit his office, and be regulations. imprisoned for a time not exceeding three months, upon conviction thereof, by indictment.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from Benefit of Clergy and after the passing of this Act, benefit of Clergy in this Province shall abolished. be abolished, and that the same need not in any case be prayed, and shall

CHAP. IV. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

the punishment of fore this Act were punishable with death, either with or without benefit of Clergy.

Banishment.

Trausportation.

fuprisonment.

Hard Labor

Solitary Confinement.

Returning from Transportation.

Manslaughter.

For what Felonies offenders may be whipped or set in the pillory.

not in any case be allowed, any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary General provision for notwithstanding; and that in all cases of crimes made punishable by adences not specified this Act with death, the effect of such provision shall be the same as in in this Act, which, be- the case of any offence which, before the passing of this Act, was made punishable with death without benefit of Clergy; and that all persons who may hereafter be duly convicted of any offence not specified in this Act, and which before the passing thereof was punishable in this Province with death, with or without benefit of Clergy, shall be liable to be banished, or to be transported beyond the seas for life, or for such term not less than seven years, as the Court before which such person shall be convicted shall adjudge, or shall be liable, in case such Court shall think fit. to be imprisoned only, or imprisoned and kept to hard labour, or in solitary confinement in the Common Gaol, or in any Penitentiary, or House of Correction, that may be provided for such purposes, for any term not exceeding fourteen years, except persons convicted of returning from transportation or from banishment, with respect to whom the term of imprisonment, with or without hard labour, or by solitary confinement, may, if the Court shall think fit, be extended to the term of his or her natural life : and that in case of Manslaughter, the offender shall be liable to be fined or imprisoned, or both, in the discretion of the Court, Prorided that such imprisonment shall not exceed twelve calendar months: And provided, that the offence of Manslaughter shall be punishable by such fine and imprisonment only, and not by all or any of the other descriptions of punishment in this clause before mentioned.

> XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority efforesaid, That if any person shall be convicted, after the passing of this Act, of Forgery, or of uttering any forged deed, will, instrument, note, bill or writing, or of falsely personating any person or persons, which forgery, or which uttering, or which false personating was, before the passing of this Act. punishable with death in this Province, the Court before which such person shall be convicted may, if they shall think fit, adjudge such person (unless in case of a female) to be set in the Pillory, once or oftener, or to be once or oftener publicly or privately whipped, at such time or times, and at such place or places as they may direct, which punishment shall either be in addition to any other punishment which the Court, according to Law. may award, or otherwise, as may to them appear proper.

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

AN ACT to take away Corruption of Blood, save in certain cases.

[Passed 13th Feb. 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to mitigate the rigor of the Law in respect to Corruption of Blood upon Attainder for Felony :- Be it therefore Preamble, enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourtcenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That no Attainder for Felony which shall take place from and after the passing of this Act, save and No attainder, except except in cases of the crime of High Treason, or of Abbetting, procu-ring, or Counselling the same, shall extend to the disinheriting of any here. Heir, nor to the prejudice of the right or title of any person or persons, other than the right or title of the offender or offenders during his, her, or their natural lives only; and that it shall be lawful for every person or persons to whom the right or interest to or in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, after the death of any such offender or offenders should or might have appertained if no such Attainder had been, to enter into the same.

and the second and the second definition of the second s

A state of the sta

CHAP.

CHAP. VI.

AN ACT to Revive and continue an Act passed in the Fifty-fifth year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled " An Act to Repeal an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled An Act to supply, in certain cases, the want of County Courts in this Province, and to make further provision for proceeding to Outlawry, in certain cases therein mentioned.""

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-fifth year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act to Repeal an Act passed in the Fifty-fourth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act to supply, in certain cases, the want of County Courts in this Province, and to make further provision for proceeding to Outlawry in certain cases therein mentioned"; And whereas the said Act having been passed for a limited time, has been continued by several Acts, and has lately been suffered to expire, and it is expedient to Revive and Continue the same :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the 55 Geo. 3d, Chap. 2, said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said Act shall be, and the same is hereby Revived, and shall be and continue in force, any thing in the said Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

For six years.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and continue in force for the space of Six years, and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.

Preamble.

continued.

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

AN AC'I' to provide for the Apprehending of Fugitive Offenders from Foreign Countries, and delivering them up to Justice.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide by Law for the Apprehending and delivering up of Felons and other Malefactors, who having committed Preamble. Crimes in Foreign Countries have sought, or may hereafter seek, an asylum in this Province :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council any Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, shall have power, and he is hereby au- Government authethorized at his discretion, and by and with the advice of the Executive rized to deliver up to Council, on requisition being made by the Government of any Country, may have field from or its Ministers or Officers, authorized to make the same, within the other countries into jurisdiction of which Country the crimes hereinafter mentioned shall be charged with beinous charged to have been committed, to deliver up to Justice any person who offences. may have fled to this Province, or who shall seek refuge therein, being charged with Murder, Forgery, Larceny or other crime, cemmitted without the jurisdiction of this Province, which crimes if committed within this Province would by the Laws thereof be punishable by death, corporal punishment, by Pillory, or Whipping, or by confinement at hard labour, to the end that such person may be transported out of this Province to the place where such crime shall have been charged to have been committed; Provided always, that this shall only be done upon such evidence of criminality as, according to the Laws of this Province, would, in the opinion of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government, and of the Executive Council, warrant the apprehension and commitment for trial of such fugitive from Justice, or person so charged, if the offence had been committed within this Province. and the second

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for preventing the escape of any person so charged, before any order for his

offences committed in Foreign Countries, may be committed until an application can be made to the Government for de-Evering up such -siender.

Persons charged with apprehension can be obtained from the Governor, Lieutenant Governor. or Person Administering the Government of this Province. it shall be lawful for any Judge, or for any Justice of the Peace in this Province. acting within his jurisdiction, to issue his Warrant for the apprehension. and for the commitment of any such person charged as aforesaid. in order that he may be detained in secure custody until application can be made to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government, under the provisions of this Act, and until an order can be made thereon; which Warrant shall nevertheless only be granted upon such evidence on oath as shall satisfy such Judge or Justice that the person accused stands charged with some crime of the description hereinbefore specified, or that there is good ground to suspect him to have been guilty thereof.

This Act not to affect . the Provisions of 37 Geo. 3, ch. 15, or deliver up persons charged as aforesaid. or to prevent their discharge on a Habeas Corpus, if too long detained in custody.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to affect the provisions of a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the thirty-seventh year to make it incumbent to of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act to authorize the apprehending of Felons and others escaping from any of His Maiestv's Provinces, and Governments in North America into this Province," or to make it incumbent upon the Governor and Council of this Province to deliver up any person charged, if for any reason they shall deem it inexpedient so to do, or to prevent the discharge of any person upon Habeas Corpus who, having been committed under this Act. shall be detained in custody beyond the time that may be reasonably required under the circumstances of the case, for carrying the provisions of this Act into effect.

CHAP. VIII.

AN ACT to Facilitate legal Remedies against Corporations.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

. ;

WHEREAS it is expedient to facilitate legal proceedings against Corporations :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an

Preamble.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Act passed in the fourteenth year of Ilis Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That all Writs and Process at Law hereafter to be issued against any Forcess in Suits inni-Body or Bodies Corporate, in the commencement of any Action, and all rations, how to be papers and proceedings, before final Judgment in any such Action, may be served on the President, Presiding Officer, Cashier, Secretary, or Treasurer thereof, in the same manner as upon any individual Defendant in his natural capacity, or on such other person, or in such manner, as the Court in which the Action shall be brought may direct.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That when Upon due service of any Writ or Process against a Body Corporate, in the commencement Process, l'haufiff may of a Suit, shall be returned duly served, and the service thereof duly enter an appearance proved as in other cases, the Plaintiff may enter an appearance for the proceed thereon as in Defendant of course, and that the Plaintiff in any Suit against a Body persons. Corporate, in which an appearance shall be entered as aforesaid, or to which the Defendant shall appear, may after such appearance proceed in like manner as in cases of Actions against natural persons, or in such other manner as the Court by general rule shall direct.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this continuation of this Act shall be in force for two years, and from thence to the end of the Act. next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP. IX.

AN ACT to make certain regulations relating to the Office of Sheriff in this Province, and to require the several Sheriffs of this Province to give Security for the due fulfilment of the dutics of their Office.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS from the tenure of the Office of Sheriff' in this Province, and the nature of the Security exacted for the due performance of its Preamble. duties, sufficient indemnity is not afforded against damages that may arise from the misprisions or defaults of Sheriff's :--Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper

On Gi before first August, all Sheriffs to enter into Dondy to the King, with two Sureties conditioned to account for all Public Monies received by them.

Sheriffs to give Security for the due performance of their by entering into a Covenant with sufficient Sureties.

dessions.

Bond to His Majesty to be deposited with Inspector General.

....

Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Guebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same. That the Sheriff of each and every District of this Province shall, on or before the first day of August next after the passing of this Act, enter into a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the penal sum of One Thousand Pounds, together with two Surctices, to be approved of by the Inspector General of Public Accounts, in the sum of Five Hundred Pounds each, with a condition that he shall well and faithfully account for and pay over all such monies as he shall receive for Ilis Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, which Bond and Condition shall be in the form given in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked A, or in words to the like effect.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Sheriff of each and every District of this Province, shall also, on or before Duty in private Suits, the same first day of August, provide either two or four sufficient persons who, together with himself, shall enter into a Covenant under their Seals. joint and several, according to the form given in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked B, or in words to the same effect, which Covenant shall be available to, and may be sued upon by any person suffering damages by the default or wilful misconduct of any such Sheriffs respectively.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such Surveies to be approv. Surveies shall not be accepted as sufficient, unless a majority of the Justices of the Peace at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the District in which any such Sheriff is serving, shall ascertain and determine that they are good and sufficient, and unless a Certificate shall be given in pursuance of such determination, under the Hand and Seal of the Chairman of such Quarter Sessions, declaring that the Court are satisfied that the persons named in the Certificate are responsible persons to the full amount to which they are required to become Surety. which Certificate shall be produced and filed at the time of the delivering and filing of the said Covenant as hereinafter provided. 2.3

> Alternation of the antipart of the latter 1991 - 1991 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 -IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid; That the Bond to His Majesty, required by this Act, shall be deposited with the Inspector General of Public Accounts in this Province, and that the Covenant required by this Act shall be made in duplicate, each part of which

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IX. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

shall be marked duplicate, but shall be considered and received as origi- Covenants to be exenal, one of which parts shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of the one part to be filed Province, and the other part thereof shall be filed in the Office of the with the Secretary of the Province, and the Clerk of the Peace of the District for which such Sheriff shall be ap-other with the Clerk pointed, for which filing the said Clerk of the Peace shall be entitled to of the Peace. demand and receive from the Sheriff, the sum of Two Shillings and Six Peace, Two Shillings and Six Pence. Pence, and no more.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and Any person may ex-every person or persons shall be authorized to search and examine any amine Covenant, and such Covenant, and shall and may demand and have from any Clerk of require a copy upon the Peace of any District of this Province, a copy of such Covenant as ling and Three Pence may be filed as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, and it shall and may for the search, and Five Shillings for the be lawful for such Clerk of the Peace to demand and receive for every copy. such search and examination, One Shilling and Three Pence, and for every such copy, Five Shillings, and no more.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the She-Bonds and Covenants riff of every District of this Province, now appointed or hereafter to be to be renewed every appointed, shall at or before the expiration of every period of four years four years. from the date of the Bond and Covenant given by him and his Sureties according to this Act, renew his Bond and Covenant in the same sums respectively, either with the same or with other Sureties, whose sufficiency shall be certified in the manner hereinbefore provided; and all the provisions of this Act, in respect to the Bond and the Covenant first required to be given, shall apply to such renewed Bond and Covenant.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at No Sheriff to be ap any time, and at all times hereafter, when the Office of Sheriff of any pointed until Bonds District of this Province shall become vacant, it shall not be lawful for the been regularly given Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Govern- and filed according to ment of this Province, to appoint any person to the said Office of Sheriff^{this Act.} until such person shall have given and filed a Covenant with Sureties, and shall also have given a Bond with Sureties, in the same manner and to the same tenor and effect as are by this Act required from the several persons now holding Commissions, and executing the said Office of Sheriff.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no pointed Sheriff who person shall hereafter be appointed to the office of Sheriff in any District shall not be possessed who shall not be possessed of Real Estate in this Province of the actual value of £750, ascervalue of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, above incumbrances, and tained by his own Affidavit.

F

who shall not before he receives his Commission file an affidavit to that effect in the Office of the Secretary of this Province, which affidavit shall be sworn before the Chairman of the Quarter Sessions of the District, in open Sessions, who is hereby authorized and required to take the same.

Absence, or Insolvency of any Surety, new Sureties to be given.

New Security being given, not to avoid former lisbility.

Sureties apprehensive of the insolvency of their Principal may notify the Governupon new Sureties may be required.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any In case of the Death, person who shall have become an Obligor in any such Bond, or Surety in any such Covenant, shall die, or shall become resident out of this Province, or shall become insolvent, the person holding such Office of Sheriff. for whom the person so dying, leaving this Province, or becoming insolvent. shall have become such Obligor or Surety, shall, within four months after such death or departure, or after such insolvency shall be certified in the manner herein provided, give anew the like Bond and Security, and in the same manner as hereinbefore required.—Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to discharge allor any of the parties to such former Bond or Covenant from their liability, on account of any matter or thing which shall have been done or omitted before the renewal of the Security as herein directed.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if during the period for which any such Covenant as aforesaid shall be given, the Sureties executing the same, or any of them, shall apprehend ment thereof, where that the Sheriff for whom such Surety was given is insolvent, or has not property to the amount of seven hundred and fifty pounds, over and above all incumbrances and debts, and shall transmit to the Govercor. Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, an Affidavit made by him or them to that effect, and sworn to before a Commissioner for taking Affidavits in the Court of King's Bench, the Sheriff for whom the Security was given, shall be thereupon officially notified by the Secretary to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, that he must forthwith furnish new Security in the manner pointed out by this Act, or must on affidavit deny that he is insolvent, or that he is worth less than the sum of seven hundred and fifty pounds, over and above all incumbrances and debts, and that if such requisition is not complied with within one month after the sitting of the then ensuing Quarter Sessions of the District, he shall for that cause be removed from Office.

New Surcties being given not to discharge former defaults.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any new Surety or Suretics shall be given, either at the expiration of any stated period, or by way of substitution for any other Surety within the period, the former Surety shall only be discharged as to defaults or mis-

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

feasances suffered or committed after the perfecting of such now Security, and not as to any previous defaults or misfeasances,

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after the Covenant required to be entered into by this Act shall have been Actions brought on Sheriffs Covenant not sued upon by any person having or alleging a claim upon the parties to to discharge subsethe same, by reason of the default or misfeasance of the Sheriff, it shall quent actions brought on the same Coremant notwithstanding be in the power of any person, or of the same person, to for other causes. bring an Action upon the same Covenant for any other default or misfeasance, and such subsequent Action shall not be barred by reason of any prior recovery, or of any Judgment for the Defendant rendered in a former action, or of any other action being depending upon the same Covenant for any distinct cause of action.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any peron or persons who shall or may have become such Surety, shall have Any Surety having paid, or shall be liable to pay any sum or sums equal to the sum for paid the full amount which he or they shall have become Security, the said Bond or Covenant for which he became liable, shall be thereshall as to such person or persons be taken and deemed to be discharged by discharged, whereand satisfied as to any claim or demand thereon beyond the amount of procure other Surety such payment or liability; and such Sheriff shall, within four months instead of the one to after such person or persons shall have become so discharged, give anew discharged. such Securities as are required by the provisions of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if against any Surety the amount of any damages so recovered, which such Security has been and paid, shall not be equal to the amount obliged to pay, is not equal to the amount for which he shall have be-for which he shall come Security as aforesaid, then the Court shall, after deducting such such amount so paid sums therefrom, render Judgment against such Security for any amount shall be deducted not exceeding the residue of the sum for which such Security shall have and the Judge in any become responsible as aforesaid.

subsequent action thercon restrained to the residue.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if it shall be made appear by Affidavit, or other sufficient proof, to the if Covenant shall have become dis-General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of any District, that any such charged, or Sureties Covenant has been or may be discharged as aforesaid, or that the Se-Insolvent, Quarter Sessions may notify curities therein mentioned, or any or either of them, have become insol- sheriff to furnish vent, it shall and may be lawful for the said Quarter Sessions to give thereof. notice thereof to the Sheriff of such District, and such Sheriff shall, and he is hereby required, to give anew the like Covenant as hereinbefore required by the provisions of this Act, within four months after such notice.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon the issuing of any Writ of Execution upon any Judgment recovered on such Covenant, the Plaintiff in such suit, or his Attorney, shall, by an indorsement on such Writ, direct the Coroner to levy the amount thereof upon the Goods and Chattels of the Sheriff in the first place, and in default of Goods and Chattels of such Sheriff to satisfy the amount. then that the same, or the residue thereof, shall be made of the Goods and Chattels of the other Defendants in such suit, and so in like manner with any Writ which shall issue against the Lands and Tenements, in any Judgment upon such Covenant as is required by this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon application for, or granting of, by any of the Courts of this Province, the Costs of all Rules any rule or rules upon any Sheriff for the return of any Writ or Writs. Court shall otherwise or for the performance of any other duty or matter relating to the said office of Sheriff, such Sheriff shall be liable to, and pay to the party making such application or obtaining such rule or rules, all taxable costs thereon, unless the Court shall otherwise order : Provided always, that if such application shall be made, or any such rule granted, previous to the day next after which such return should have been made, or such duty or matter performed, the Sheriff against whom such application shall be made or such rule granted, shall not be liable for any costs or charges which may arise or occur upon the same : And provided also, that if upon such application for a rule or rules it shall appear to the said Judge or Judges of the said Courts respectively, that the same is frivolous or vexatious, the said Judge or Judges of the said Courts respectively, may, upon discharging such application, order that all taxable costs and expenses for opposing the same be paid to the said Sheriff.

> XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no Sheriff shall be entitled to any fees on any Writ placed in his hands fifteen days before the return day mentioned therein, if he does not return the same to the Attorney from whom he received it, within four days after the return thereof, or enclose the same by Post within that time to the Attorney, unless delayed by an order in writing from the Party, his Attorney or Agent, placing the same in his hands.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Sheriffs neglecting to any Sheriff now appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, shall neglect give Security shall be or omit to give and perfect such Security as this Act requires, within the period limited by this Act, in any case, then upon such neglect or omission being officially notified in writing to the Governor, Lieutenant. Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province,

Executions against Sheriffs and their Sureties, to be levied first on Sheriffs.

Sheriffs liable to pay upon them, unless order.

In vexatious applications, Costs may be awarded to the Sherifís.

Where Sheriffs not entitled to Fees on Writs placed in their hands fifteen days before the return.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

either by the Inspector General, the Secretary of the Province, or the Chairman of the Quarter Sessions of the Peace in the District in which such Secretary of the Pro-Sheriff shall be serving : and they are hereby severally required officially vince, or Chairman of to notify the same : such Sheriff shall for that cause be removed from his report such neglect. office, and a new Commission shall issue, with as little delay as possible, for supplying the vacancy : *Provided always*, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the Governor, Sheriffs may be reappointed. Licutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, from re-appointing any person to the said office, upon his duly fulfilling the provisions of this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Covenant to be entered into with the Sheriffs of the several Districts respectively, shall specify the following sums as the extent to which the several parties thereto shall be considered as Covenanting to afford indemnity, that is to say :- The Sheriff of the Home District, One Sums to be specified Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four nants for the several Surcties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the Districts. District of Niagara, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of Gore, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of London, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds cach, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the Western District, Five Hundred Pounds; Two Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each, or four Sureties, One Hundred and Twentyfive Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of Newcastle, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the Midland District, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of Johnstown, One Thousand Pounds; two Suretics, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of Bathurst, Five Hundred Pounds; two Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each, or four Sureties, One Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds each. The Sheriff of the District of Ottawa, Five Hundred Pounds; two Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each, or four Sureties, One Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds each. The Sheriff of the Eastern District, One Thousand Pounds; two Sureties, Five Hundred Pounds each, or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each. And that the Sheriff of any new District hereafter to be formed shall give such Se--

CHAP. IX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

curity, himself in One Thousand Pounds, two Sureties Five Hundred Pounds each. or four Sureties, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds each.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority oforesaid, That the persons entering into any such Covenant as Sureties, shall be held liable Nature of the liability to indemnify against any omission or default of the Sheriff in not paying over monies received by him, and against damages sustained by the parties to any legal proceeding, in consequence of his wilful or negligent inisconduct in his office; and that the Sheriff shall be joined in any Action to be brought on the Covenant against all or any of the Sureties.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That notwithstanding the Sheriff of any District may forfeit his office and become liable to be removed therefrom by reason of his failing to comply with sheriffs to continue in the provisions of this Act, he shall nevertheless be continued in his office to all intents and purposes, and the liability of himself and of his Securities shall remain until a new Sheriff shall be appointed and sworn in his stead.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any Sheriff in this Province shall die, the Under Sheriff or Deputy puty shall continue to Sheriff by him appointed, shall nevertheless continue in his office, and shall execute the same, and all things belonging thercunto, in the name appointment of a Suc- of such deceased Sheriff, until another Sheriff be appointed for the same District, and sworn into office; and the said Under Sheriff or Deputy Sheriff shall be answerable for the execution of the said office, in all things, and to all respects, intents and purposes whatsoever, during such cution of the Office in interval, as the Sheriff so deceased would by Law have been if he had been living; and the Security given to the Sheriff so deceased by the said Under Sheriff, and his pledges, shall stand, remain, and be a Security to the King, His Heirs and Successors, and to all persons whatsoever, for such Under Sheriff's due performance of his office during such interval.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all Men by these Presents, that we, A. B., Sheriff of the District of-----, C. D. of-----, in the District of-----, Esquire, and E. F. of-----, in the District of-----, are held and firmly bound to our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, in the several sums following, that is to say :- The said A. B. in the sum of One Thousand Pounds; the said C. D. in the sum of Five Hundred Pounds; and the said E. F. in the sum of Five Hundred Pounds : to be paid to

Notwithstanding any forfeiture of Office, Office until Successor spointed.

Upon the Death of any Sheriff, his Deexecute the Office in his name, until the ¢CSSOF.

Deputy Sheriff and his Sureties to be re--possible for the exethe interval.

Form of Bond to the King.

of Sureties.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. IX. 3d. YEAB WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

our Sovereign Lord the King, His Heirs and Successors, for which payments to be well and truly made, we bind ourselves severally and respectively, and each of us, His Heirs, 'Executors and Administrators, firmly by these Presents, Sealed with our Seals,'and dated this—day of—, in the Year of our Lord—.

The condition of this Obligation is such, that if the above bounden A. B., his Executors or Administrators, shall well and faithfully account for, and pay over to His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, or to such person as may be authorized to receive the same, all such sum and sums of money as he shall receive as such Sheriff as aforesaid, for our said Lord the King, His Heirs or Successors, from the date of this Obligation until the day of , in the Year of our Lord (four years), then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

ľ	L.	S.	1
Ī	L.	s.	j
Ī	L.	S.	Ĵ

Signed and Delivered } in presence of

SHEDULE B.

Know all Men by these Presents, that we, A. B., Sheriff of the District of _____, C. D. of _____, in the District of ____, and E. F. of _____, in the District of ______, (when four Sureties are given, the names of the other two to be inserted in like manner) do hereby jointly and severally, for ourselves, and for each of our Heirs, Executors and Administrators, covenant and promise, that A. B., as Sheriff of the said District, shall well and duly pay over to the person or persons entitled to the same, all such monies as he shall receive by virtue of his said office of Sheriff, from the date of this Covenant to the expiration of four years thence next ensuing, and that neither he nor his Deputy shall, within that period, wilfully misconduct himself in his said office, to the damage of any person being a party in any legal proceeding: nevertheless, it is hereby declared, that no greater sum shall be recovered under this Covenant, against the several parties thereto, than as follows, that is to say:—

In witness whereof, we have to these Presents set our Hands and Seals, this-day of-, in the Year of our Lord-.

[L.S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] Ĩ L. S. Ĩ

Signed, Sealed and Delivered, } in presence of

CHAP. X.

AN ACT to afford greater facility in barring the right of Dower.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to afford greater facilities to married women to bar their claim to Dower of and in any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments which their husbands may be about to depart with: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, resident Dower may be barred within this Province, entitled to Dower of and in any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to appear before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, of the District wherein such person or persons may be resident, and acknowledge her consent to be barred of her right of Dower, of, in and to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments within this Province, which two Justices shall have power and authority to grant a Certificate to the following effect:

before two Justices.

We, A. B. and C. D. of the District of -----, in the Province of Form of Certificate. Upper Canada, Esquires, two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in and for the said Distrist, do certify that E. F. wife of G. F. personally, ap-

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. XI. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A. D. 1833.

peared before us, and being duly examined by us, touching her consent to be barred of her right of Dower, of and in the Lands in the within Deed mentioned, it did appear to us that the said E. F. did give her consent thereto, freely and voluntarily, without coercion, or fear of coercion on the part of her husband or any other person whomsoever. Dated at ______ A. B. C. D., J. P.

Which Certificate shall have the same force and be as valid as if the same had been made and certified under the provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, entitled "An Act for the more easy barring of Dower."

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Justices Fee, Two Justices shall be entitled to receive the sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence. Pence, for granting the Certificate authorised by this Act.

CHAP. XI.

AN ACT to revive and continue a certain Act passed in the Fourth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Forty-fifth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Trial of Controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to serve in the House of Assembly, and to make more effectual provision for such Trials:'" and also, a certain other Act passed in the Eighth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to continue and amend the Law now in force for the Trial of Controverted Elections.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS an Act passed in the Fourth year of the Reign of His late Majesty, entitled "An Act to repeal an Act passed in the Forty-fifth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Trial Preamble. of Controverted Elections, or Returns of Members to serve in the House of Assembly, and to make more effectual provision for such Trials?" and also, an Act passed in the Eighth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to continue and amend the Law now in force for the Trial of Controverted Elections" have been allowed to expire: And whereas it would greatly facilitate the proceedings on such Trials, if these Laws were revived :—Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council 4th Geo. 4, ch. 4, &

8 Geo. 4, ch. 5. Continued for four

vears.

CHAP. XII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.-THIRD SESSION

and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That the said above mentioned Acts shall be and continue in force for the space of four years, and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP. XII.

AN ACT to make perpetual an Act passed in the thirty-third year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Returning Officers of the several Counties of this Province," and to make provisions respecting the duties of Returning Officers, and expenses attending Elections.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Freamble.

W HEREAS an Act passed in the thirty-third year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, entitled "An Act for the appointment of Returning Officers of the several Counties within this Province," unless continued will shortly expire :—Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said first recited Act shall be and is hereby made perpetual.

33 Geo. 3, chop. 12, made perpetual.

Fees to be taken by Returning Officers. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Returning Officer for any Riding, County or Town in this Province, shall be entitled to receive from the Treasurer of the District in which such Riding, County or Town may be situated, the following fees and expenses, and no more :---

For each days attendance in taking the Poll—One Pound, Five Shillings. For a Poll Clerk, (per diem)—One Pound. For Hustings, (when necessary)—Five Pounds. For two Constables, (each per diem)—Ten Shillings.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Returning Officer, in all cases where a Poll shall be demanded, to keep a Book in which a true and correct state of the Manner of Keeping Poll shall be inserted and contained in the following form :— Poll Bock.

NUMBER OF Votes.	Names of Voters.	Township.	Lot.	Conces- sion.	NAMES OF CANDI- DATES.		Remarks.
					A. B.	C. D.	
	-						
		1					

of which Poll Book the Returning Officer shall keep a correct copy, and shall transmit the original, with the Writ of Election and return, to the turned with Writ of Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, within ten days after the closing of the Election. Election for which the same shall be taken, and the Returning Officer shall attach the following oath to such Poll Book at the time of transmitting of the same :—

"I, A. B. Returning Officer for the———(Riding, County or Town,) of———, do solemnly swear, that the Poll Book hereto annexed was truly and correctly taken under my direction, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the same contains a true and correct statement of the votes taken at the Election for the (Riding, County or Town,) of———,"

which oath may be administered by any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or by a Commissioner of the Court of King's Bench.

Returning Officer wilfully forswearing himself, subject to the

Poll Book to be received in evidence.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Returning Officer who shall wilfully and corruptly forswear himself in penalties of Perjury. taking the said oath shall be subject to the penalties of wilful and corrupt

perjury; and that such Poll Book proved as aforesaid shall be received and taken as prima facic evidence on the trial of any contested Election.

CHAP. XIII.

AN ACT to dispense with the necessity of taking certain Oaths, and making certain Declarations in the cases therein mentioned; and also to render it unnecessary to receive the Sacrament of the Lords Supper as a qualification for Offices, or for other temporal purposes.

[Passed 13th Feb. 1833.]

WHEREAS it is inexpedient to impose upon persons admitted to Offices in this Province, or persons called to the Bar, or admitted as Attornies, or becoming Officers or Members of any Corporation, the necessity of taking certain Oaths and making certain Declarations which have been heretofore usually required in such cases :- Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be necessary for any person appointed or to be appointed to any office in this Province, Civil or Military, or who is or Office not required to may be a Mayor, or other Officer or Member of any Corporation therein, or for any person admitted, called or received, or hereafter to be admitted, called or received, as a Barrister or Attorney, to make any declaration or subscription, or to take or subscribe any other oath than the oath following, that is to say :---

> "I, A. B. do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King William, (or the Reigning, Sovereign for the time being,) as lawful Soverign of the United Kingdom. of Great Britain and Ireland, and of this Province dependant on, and

Preamble.

Persons appointed to take or subscribe any other Oath or declaration than that hereinafter set forth.

Form of Oath.

ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT.-CHAP. XIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

belonging to the said Kingdom, and that I will defend Him to the utmost of my power against all traitorous conspiracies or attempts whatsoever which shall be made against His Person, Crown or Dignity; and that I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, all treasons or traitorous conspiracies and attempts which I shall know to be against Him or any of them; and all this I do swear without any equivocation, mental evasion or secret reservation, and renouncing all pardons and dispensations from any person or power whatsoever to the contrary.—So help me God."

And also, such oath for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, or for the due exercise of his profession or calling as hath been heretofore required, or shall be hereafter required in any Act to be passed in that behalf.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Oath of Allegiance herein prescribed and set forth shall, in case of a Queen succeeding to the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, be taken in the following words, that is to say:—

"I, A. B., do sincerely promise and swear, that I will be faithful, Form of Oath when and bear true Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen — (the Queen who to the Throne, shall be then Reigning), as Lawful Sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of this Province dependant on, and belonging to the said Kingdom; and that I will defend Her to the utmost of my power against all Traitorous Conspiracies or attempts whatsoever which shall be made against Her Person, Crown and Dignity; and that I will do my utmost endeavor to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, all Treasons and Traitorous Conspiracies and attempts which I shall know to be against Her, or any of them: and all this I do swear without any equivocation, mental evasion or secret reservation, and renouncing all pardons and dispensations from any Person or Power whatsoever to the contrary—So help me God."

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Oath of Allegiance herein prescribed and set forth, together with the Period within which Oath of Office, or Oath for the due exercise of any profession or calling taken. respectively, shall be, and is hereby required to be taken within the same period, and in the same manner, and subject to the like disabilities and penalties for the omission thereof, as is now by Law provided with respect to the Oaths heretofore required to be taken in any case respectively.

IV. And whereas it is expedient to dispense with the necessity of taking the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, according to the Rites or Usage of the Church of England, for the purpose of qualifying any person to hold Office in this Province, or for any other temporal purpose, privilege or advantage whatsoever: Be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That notwithstanding any thing contained in purpose of qualifying any Law or Statute to the contrary, it shall not be necessary, from and after the passing of this Act, for any person within this Province, for any such purpose as aforesaid, to take or receive the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper according to the Rites or Usage of the Church of England. or to deliver a Certificate, or make proof of his having received the said Sacrament in manner aforesaid ; and that no person shall hereafter, within this Province, be subject to any penalty, forfeiture, incapacity or disability whatsoever, for or by reason of any neglect or omission to take or receive the said Sacrament.

CHAP. XIV.

AN ACT to continue an Act passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled "An Act to revive and continue, with certain modifications, an Act passed in the Fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act to alter the Laws now in force for granting Licences to Inn-Keepers, and to give to the Justices of the Peace in General Quarter Sessions assembled for their respective Districts, authority to regulate the Duties hereafter to be paid on such Licences."

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

 $\mathbf W$ HEREAS an Act passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled "An Act to revive and continue, with certain modifications, an Act passed in the Fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act to alter the Laws' now in force for granting Licences to Inn-Keepers, and to give to the Justices of the Peace in General Quarter Sessions assembled for their respective Districts, authority to regulate the Duties hereafter to be paid on such Licences," will expire at the close of the present Session of Parliament, if not continued : and it is expedient to continue the same: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly

No person to be required to take the Sacrament for the such person for any Office.

of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said recited ^{11 Geo. 4, chap. Act shall be and continue in force for four years from the passing of this years. Act, and from thence to the end of the next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.}

CHAP. XV.

AN ACT to make further provision for carrying into effect, an Act passed in the Fifty-sixth year of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act to afford relief to persons holding or possessing Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in the District of Niagara."

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty-sixth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, entitled." An Act to afford relief to persons holding or possessing Lands, Tenements, or Heredita- Preamble. ments in the District of Niagara," by which Act it was directed, that five Commissioners should be appointed by the Governor, Licutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the purposes in the said Act set forth: And whereas three of the five Commissioners who were appointed under the authority of the said Act have departed this life, and inasmuch as the purposes contemplated by the said Act have not yet been fully answered, and the authority to appoint Commissioners for carrying the same into effect was limited to two years after the passing thereof, it is necessary to make provision for the appointment of additional Commissioners for the purposes in the said Act mentioned :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the

Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from time to time, and at any time after the passing of this Act, and so long as it may continue necessary to afford persons holding or possessing Real Estate in the District of Niagara, and so much of the District of Gore as was formerly comprised within the Niagará District. the relief provided by the said Act, passed in the Fifty-sixth year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the Third, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to issue one or more Commission or Commissions, under the Great Seal of this Province, directed to any five fit and discreet persons, which said Commissioners, or any three of them, shall have full power and authority to do and execute all such things as are by the said Act authorized and directed to be done by the Commissioners to be appointed under the power given in the first clause of the said Act.

CHAP. XVI.

AN ACT to alter the manner of holding the Elections for Members to represent the Counties of York and Lincoln, in the House of Assembly; more equally to divide the County of York into Ridings, and to encrease the Representation of the said County of York.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to alter the manner of holding the Elections for Members to represent the Counties of York and Lincoln in the House of Assembly in this Province, and also to make a new division of the County of York, in order that the same may be more equally represented in the said Assembly, and that Elections for that purpose may be more conveniently held :—Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of, and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the twenty-first and twenty-second clauses of an Act of the

Period extended during which the Governor may appoint Contails ioners for earrying into effect the provisions of 56. Geo. 3. Chap.

Preamble.

Parliament of this Province passed in the thirty-eighth year of the Reign 38 Geo. 3rd, ch. 5, of His late Majesty King George the Third, entitled "An Act for the better division of this Province," and also the second clause of an Act passed in the fifty-sixth year of the Reign of King George the Third, 56 Geo. 3rd, ch. 19. entitled "An Act to erect and form a new District out of certain parts of sec. 2. the Home and Niagara Districts, to be called the District of Gore;" and also so much of the seventh clause of an Act passed in the second year And also part of of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled, "An Act to repeal 2nd Geo. 4, chap. 3, part of an Act passed in the thirty-eighth year of His late Majesty's Reign, sec. 7, repealed. entitled 'An Act for the better division of this Province, and to make further provision for the division of the same into Counties and Districts," as relates to the East and West Ridings of the County of York, be, and the same are hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, the County of York shall be divided into Four Ridings, to be called county of York the First, Second, Third and Fourth Ridings, respectively; and that the divided into four Ridings. Townships of York, including its Peninsula, Etobicoke, Vaughan and King, do form the First Riding : the Townships of Caledon, Chinguacousy, Toronto, Gore of Toronto and Albion, the Second Riding : the Townships of Scarborough, Markham, Pickering and Whitby, the Third Riding ; and the Townships of East Gwillimbury, North Gwillimbury, Scott, Georgina, Brock, Reach, Whitchurch and Uxbridge, the Fourth Riding of the said County.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Elections in York Election for Members to Represent each of the said Counties of York and Lincoln to be and Lincoln in the Assembly of this Province shall be by Ridings, and shall be held at such place in each of the said Ridings as shall be appointed for that purpose.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each Each Riding to be of the said Ridings in the County of Lincoln shall, after the present Par-^{represented by one} liament, be Represented in the House of Assmebly by one Member; and that each of the said Ridings in the County of York shall be Represented in the House of Assembly by one Member.

CHAP.

CHAP. XVII.

AN ACT to define the Limits of the Town of Hamilton, in the District of Gore, and to establish a Police and Public Market therein.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

Board of Police constituted.

WHEREAS from the great increase of Population of the Town of Hamilton, in the District of Gore, it is necessary to make further provision than by Law exists for the internal regulation thereof :- Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth vear of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province." and by the authority of the same, That there shall be in the said Town a Board of Police, to be composed and constituted in the manner hereinafter described, which shall be, and is hereby declared to be, a Body Corporate and Politic in fact and in law, by the name of "the President and Board of Police of Hamilton," and by that name they and their successors may have perpetual succession, and be capable of suing and being sued, impleading and being impleaded, in all Courts, and in all actions, causes, and complaints whatsoever, and may have a common seal, and may alter the same at pleasure, and shall be in law capable of purchasing, holding and conveying, any Estate, real or personal, for the uses of the said Town.

Limits of Hamilton. defined. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said Town of Hamilton shall be comprised within the following limits or boundaries, that is to say:—Commencing at the North East corner of Broken Lot number Thirteen, in the First Concession of the Township of Barton, at the water's edge of Burlington Bay; thence along the shore of the said Bay to the North West corner of Lot number Sixteen; thence Southerly along the allowance for road between Lots number Sixteen and Seventeen, to the allowance for road in rear of the Third Concession; thence Easterly along the said allowance, to the allowance for road between Lots number Thirteen and Twelve; thence along the said allowance to Burlington Bay, to the place of beginning, including the whole of the said allowance for roads and that part of the Harbour lying in front of the said Town.

111. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for the purpose of Electing the Members of the said Corporation the said four Wards. Town shall be divided into Four Wards in the following manner, that is to say :—The Street heretofore called the Mountain Street or Ancaster Road, and which shall hereafter be called Johns' Street, and the Street leading from the Eastern part of the District, in the direction towards Dundas, hereafter to be called Kings' Street, and all that part of the 'Town lying West of Johns' Street and South of Kings' Street shall comprise the First Ward ; and all that part of the said Town lying North of Kings' Street and West of Johns' Street and North of Kings' Street shall comprise the Third Ward ; and that part of said Town lying North of Kings' Street and East of Johns' Street and North of Kings' Street shall comprise the Third Ward ; and that part of said Town lying North of Kings' Street and East of Johns' Street shall comprise the Fourth Ward.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each of the said Wards shall Elect annually one person to be a Member of Each Ward to elect the said Corporation from among the Inhabitant Householders of the Corporation. said Town, who being a Subject of His Majesty shall be a Freeholder therein to the assessed value of Sixty Pounds; and that the persons entitled to vote at the election for either of the said Wards shall be Subjects of His Majesty and the male Inhabitant Householders resident within such Ward, who shall severally be possessed for their own use and bene-Qualification of fit of a dwelling house and lot of ground within the Ward in which they roters. shall so vote, such dwelling house and lot of ground being by them held in Freehold, or who, being Subjests of His Majesty and male Inhabitant Householders within the said Ward at the time of such election, shall bona fide have paid within one year next before the election one years rent for the dwelling house, or dwelling houses, if they shall within one year have changed their place of residence within the said Ward in which they shall have resided, at the rate or Five Pounds per annum, or upwards.

V. And be it further enacted by the authoriy aforesaid, That the first election of Members of the said Corporation shall be holden on the first to be holden. Monday in the month of March next, at some place within each Ward respectively, to be appointed by the Sheriff of the District of Gore, who shall give public notice thereof at least six days before the said election, and who shall preside at the election for one of the said Wards, and the Deputy Sheriff, High Constable, and a Bailiff or Constable, or other per-Manner of holding son appointed for that purpose by the Sheriff of the said District, shall

CHAP. XVII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

severally preside at the first election for each of the other three Wards. that is to say, each respectively shall preside at the first election for such Ward as the Sheriff shall direct, and shall declare the person in each of the said Wards who shall have the greatest number of votes to be duly elected a Member of the said Corporation, and shall give notice thereof to the person so elected in the said Ward as a Member of the said Corporation, within six days after such election.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the members of the said Corporation so chosen shall serve until the first Monday of March in the next year, and until a new Board shall be chosen and formed as hereinafter mentioned; and that on the first Monday in March in every year an election shall be holden in each of the Wards of the said Town, for choosing a member of the said Corporation before the Bailiff of such Ward, who shall be appointed from time to time by the said Corporation, and who shall appoint the place for holding the said election and shall give notice thereof, and proceed in all respects as the Sheriff is hereby required to do at and after the first election to be holden as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That before any person shall proceed to hold an election under this Act he shall take the following oath, which any Justice of the Peace for the District of Gore shall have authority to administer, that is to say :---

I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and impartially, to the best of my ability, discharge the duty of Presiding Officer at the election which 1 am about to hold for a Member of the Board of Police in the Town of Hamilton.—So help me God.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Officer presiding at any election under this Act shall have authority, and quired to take an oath he is hereby required at the request of any person qualified to vote at such election, to examine on oath or affirmation (when the party is allowed to affirm) any Candidate for the office of Member of the said Corporation respecting his qualification to be elected to the said office; and shall also have authority, and is hereby required upon such request as aforesaid, to examine on oath or affirmation (when the party is allowed to affirm) any person tendering his vote at any election respecting his right to vote, and that the oath to be administered for either of the said purposes shall and may be in the form following :----

> "You shall true answer make to all such questions as the Officer presiding at this election shall put to you respecting your qualification to be

Time and manner of holding all future elections.

60

Person holding an election to take an Oath.

Form of Oath.

Candidates and voters may be reof qualification.

Form of oath.

elected at this election, (or respecting your qualification to vote at this election, as the case may be)—So help you God." and the affirmation to be taken shall be according to the common form of an affirmation to the same effect.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person being examined upon oath or affirmation under this Act in regard False oath declared to his qualification to vote or to be elected, shall wilfully forswear himself, he shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and on conviction thereof, shall suffer as in other cases of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the election of any member of the Board of Police aforesaid shall be Time and manner complained of, either on the ground of want of qualification in the person controverted election. returned, or on the ground that such person had not a majority of legal votes at such election, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff, after the first elections to take place under this Act, upon receiving within forty-eight hours after the termination of the election a written requisition, signed by any three Inhabitants of the Town having a right to vote at such election, to appoint a time and place within the Town or Ward for which the election was held, for entering upon a scrutiny into the matters complained of, and that such time shall be within six days after the election, and the Sheriff shall have power to summon Witnesses, and to take evidence on oath respecting the matters to be inquired into, and shall determine upon the validity of the election or return as shall appear to him to be right according to the evidence, and in case an election shall be declared void, but it shall not appear proper to the Sheriff for any cause to amend the return by substituting the name of any other person as entitled to have been returned at such election, then he shall, after giving eight days notice thereof, hold a new election of a Member to serve according to this Act; and that if after any election to be holden. after a Board of Police under this Act shall have been completely organized a requisition signed as aforesaid shall, within forty eight hours after the termination of such election, be served upon the President or any other Member of the Corporation, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, and they are hereby required, to appoint a time for entering upon a scrutiny of the matters complained of, at any place within the said Town, which time shall be within six days after the election, and the Corporation, or such Member or Members thereof as shall not be individually concerned in the questions to be determined, shall have power to summon Witnesses, and to take evidence on oath respecting the matters to be inquired into, and shall determine upon the validity of the

election or return as shall appear to be right according to the cvidence, and in case an election shall be declared void, but it shall not appear proper for any cause to amend the return by substituting the name of any other person as entitled to have been returned at such election, then the Corporation shall issue their Precept for a new election as in other cases. under this Act.

Oath to be taken by the officer trying any contested election.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That before the Shoriff, or any Member of the said Corporation, shall enter upon any such trial or scrutiny as aforesaid, he shall take an oath in the following form, before some one of the Justices of the Peace for the District of Gore, that is to say :---

I do solemnly swear that I will truly and impartially, to the best of my judgment, try and determine the merits of the complaint against the election of A. B.-So help me God.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Penalty for witnesses Witness who being duly summoned to attend upon such trial or scrutiny," shall wilfully neglect or refuse to attend shall, on conviction before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District of Gore, having been duly summoned to answer such complaint, be liable to be imprisoned on the commitment of such Justice in the Common Gaol of the District, for a time not exceeding one month; and if any Witness shall upon any trial or scrutiny wilfully and corruptly swear falsely, he shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Time and place to be declared for the first meeting of the Police.

refusing to attend.

Any three members of the Board may choose a fifth

In case of disagreement, the fifth mentbor to be elected by the qualified Inkabitants.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the person presiding at any such election shall give public notice, immediately upon declaring the result of the election, of the time and place at which the Members of the Corporation so chosen are first to meet, which meeting shall be at such time and place within the said Town as the Sheriff of the said District shall appoint, being within ten days after the election; and that at such meeting a Fifth Member of the said Corporation shall be appointed by the concurrent voice of any three of the Members chosen," which person shall possess the same qualifications as this Act provides with respect to the other Members to be chosen ; and in case they cannot agree in the election or appointment of such fifth Member they shall issues a Precept to the Sheriff of the District after the first election, and to any one of the Bailiffs so to be appointed as aforesaid after every subsequent election, requiring him to appoint some proper time and place within the said Town, giving forthwith eight days notice thereof, and then and there proceed to the election of such fifth Member of the Corporation by the

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XVII. Sd. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1853.

Electors of the Town generally, at which election the said Sheriff shall preside after the first election of Members, and the said Bailiff so to be appointed as aforesaid (to whom the said Precept shall be directed after every subsequent election,) and the Sheriff or Bailiff (as the case may be) shall declare that person elected who shall have the greatest number of votes of the persons present qualified to vote, and shall give notice thereof to the person so elected within six days after such election.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the said five Members elected as aforesaid shall, within ten days after the President to be appointment or election of the fifth Member of the said Corporation as ^{elected by the Board}. aforesaid, appoint one of their number President, and the said President and Members shall form the said Corporation, and shall hold their office until the first Monday in March in the ensuing year, and until the election and formation of the new Board.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Penalty for neglecteither of the Members elected or appointed as aforesaid, after notice ing to take the oath thereof, shall neglect or refuse for ten days to take the oath of office of office. hereinafter contained, which any one of the said Members so to be elected or appointed is hereby authorised to administer to the others, he shall for such neglect or refusal, forfeit the sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered with costs, by information before any Justice of the Peace who is authorised to proceed in the same manner as hereinafter is provided for the recovery of any penalty, for the transgression of any order or regulation of the said Corporation: *Provided*, that no person having been elected a Member of the said Corporation during his absence from the said Town, or who at the time of the election shall openly give notice to the Officer presiding that he will not accept the office, shall be subject to the penalty hereinbefore stated for his refusal to act as a Member of the said Corporation.

XVI. And be it further enacled by the authority aforesaid. That in case any vacancy shall at any time happen among the Members of the said Corporation, by neglect or refusal to take the oath of office here-be filled. inafter contained, within the time hereinbefore limited, or by death, removal from the Town, or from any other cause, the Corporation shall issue a Precept to the Bailiff of the Ward, for which the Member whose office shall have become vacant was chosen, to hold an election for the said Ward, giving notice of the time or place of holding the said election, and the member so elected shall hold his office until the next annual election, and until another is chosen in his place; and that if the vacancy shall occur in the office of the member appointed by the four Members elected as aforesaid, or elected by the Town generally, such vacancy shall be filled by the appointment of the then Members of the said Corporation, or a majority of them, and in case they cannot agree, then in the same manner as provided for the election of the fifth Member by the electors of the Town generally; and in case any such vacancy shall happen among the Members elected at the first election of Members of the said Corporation, by one of the Members neglecting or refusing to take the oath of office as aforesaid, or in case it shall happen that the Member appointed by the Member elected respectively after the first election, or the Members elected by the town generally after the first election, shall neglect or refuse to take the oath of office as aforesaid, then the Precept shall issue to the Sheriff of the District, as is hereinbefore provided.

of Officers on day appointed.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in corporation not dis-solved by non-election case it shall at any time happen that an election or appointment of Members of the said Corporation shall not be made on any day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but that it shall and may be lawful on any other day, to hold and make an election or appointment of Members, in such manner as shall have been regulated by the laws and ordinances of the said Corporation.

Corporation may make Ordinances and By-Laws.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation, from time to time, to establish such ordinances, by-laws and regulations, as they may think reasonable in the said Town, to regulate and license victualling houses and ordinaries, where fruit, victuals and liquors not distilled shall be sold to be eaten or drunk in such houses or groceries, to regulate wharves and quays, to regulate the weighing of hay and measuring of wood, to regulate carts and cartmen, to regulate slaughter-houses, to prevent the firing of any guns, muskets, pistols, squibs, and fire balls, or injuring or destroying trees planted or growing for shade or ornament in the said Town, to prevent the pulling down or defacing of sign boards, or inscribing or drawing any indecent words, or figures, or pictures on any building, wall, fence, or other public place, and generally to prevent vice and preserve good order in the said Town, to enter into and examine all dwellinghouses, warehouses, shops, yards, and out-houses, to ascertain whether any such places are in a dangerous state with respect to fires, and to direct them to be put in a safe and secure condition, to appoint fire Wardens and fire Engineers, to appoint and remove firemen, to make such rules and by-laws as may be thought expedient for the conduct of such fire companies as may be raised with the sanction of the said Corpora-

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XVII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

tion, to compel any person to aid in the extinguishment of any fire, to require the Inhabitants to provide and keep fire-buckets and scuttles and ladders to their houses, to stop or authorise any other person to stop any one riding or driving immoderately in any street, or riding or driving on any side walk, or to inflict fines for any such offence, to regulate the assize of bread, to prevent and abate and remove any nuisances, to restrain and prevent any horses, cattle or swine from running at large, to prevent and remove encroachments in any streets, and to make such rules and regulations for the improvement, good order and government of the said Town, as the said Corporation may deem expedient, not repugnant to the laws of this Province, except in so far as the same may be virtually repealed by this Act, and to enforce the due observance thereof, by inflicting penalties on any person for the violation of any by-law or ordinance of the said Corporation, not exceeding One Pound Ten Shillings, and to fix upon and to appoint such days and hours for the purpose of selling butchers meat, butter, eggs, poultry, fish, and vegetables, and to make such other orders and regulations relative thereto as they shall deem expedient.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for Annual Assessment the purpose of raising a fund to provide for the purchasing any real estate may be levied, not for the use of the said Town, to procure fire-engines, aqueducts, and a exceeding four pence supply of pure and wholesome water, for lighting, paving, flagging and repairing the streets, and for all other purposes deemed expedient and necessary by the said Corporation, for the welfare and improvement of the said Town, it shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation to lay an assessment annually upon the persons rated or liable to be rated upon any assessments for property in the said Town, not exceeding Four Pence on the pound, exclusive of the sum such persons may be rated for in and upon any other assessments of this Province, and it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Peace of the said District, to select from a general assessment of the Township of Barton, a list or assessment of the ratable property that every person owns or possesses in the said Town, and lay the same before the Corporation annually, upon its organization after every general election.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every What shall be con-Town lot in the said Town of Hamilton, shall be rated upon the assess-sidered a Town Lot, ment roll at Twenty-five Pounds, and that every lot or portion of a lot on which a house shall be built, shall be deemed and taken to be a Town lot.

Ŧ

CHAP. XVII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall refuse to pay the sum or rate for which he or she stands rated in manner aforesaid, for the space of ten days after demand duly made of the same by the Collector to be appointed by the said Corporation for that purpose, the said Collector shall and he is hereby required to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person so neglecting or refusing to pay, after having obtained a Warrant for that purpose from some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who is hereby authorised to grant the same upon information made on oath before him of the neglect or refusal to pay the said assessment, and to render the overplus, if any there shall be over and above the said rate, to the owner thereof, after deducting the legal charges of the distress and sale.

Corporation may appoint and remove Officers.

Assessments may be

levied by distress.

May take Security for due performance of duties.

No new Streets to be less than 66 feet in width,

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the said Corporation may from time to time appoint, and at their discretion remove and re-appoint, a Surveyor of Streets for the said Town, a Clerk and Assessor or Assessors, a Bailiff or Bailiffs, a Collector or Collectors, a Treasurer, and as many and such other officers as they may require, and assign the duty or services to be performed by each, with such salaries or allowances as to them may seem meet, and may take such reasonable security for the due performance of the duties assigned to any officer or servant as they shall think proper.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any person holding lands within the boundaries of the said Town, to lay out any new streets, or protract any street or streets already laid out, which new street or protraction of a street shall be less than sixty-six feet in width.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Rules to be published. rule or regulation of the said Corporation, for the infraction of which any penalty is inflicted, before it shall have any effect, shall be published in one or more of the Newspapers of the said Town, and that in like manner shall be published in each and every year before the annual election, an account of all monies received and in the Treasury, and the amount expended and for what purpose.

Fenalty for breach of By-Laws. XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person shall transgress the orders or regulations made by the said Corporation under the authority of this Act, such person shall for every such offence forfeit the sum which in every such order, rule or regulation

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XVII. Sd YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

shall be specified, with costs, to be recovered by information before the said Corporation, to be levied of the goods and chattels of such offender, How levied. and in default of such goods and chattels, the offender shall be liable to be committed to the Common Gaol of the District, for a time not exceeding one month, in the discretion of the said Corporation before whom such offender shall have been convicted, and that no person shall be deemed an incompetent witness upon any information under this Act, by reason of his being an Inhabitant of the said Town of Hamilton: Prorided always, that the information and complaint for a breach of any orders or regulations of the said Corporation must be made within fifteen days of the time of the offence committed.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Application of penalties recovered under the provisions of this Act shall be paid into penalties. the Treasury of the said Corporation, and applied in the same manner as other monies coming into the said Treasury may be applied for the public uses of the said Town.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Corporation shall and may in the said Town of Hamilton, per- the power of Justices form all the functions and exercise the authority now by law given to Jus-tian cases. tices of the Peace acting within their divisions, with respect to making or amending any street or highway or road within the said Town.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the market for the said Town of Hamilton shall be established in such Market where and place within the said Town, as a majority of the Justices of the Peace how to be established. for the District of Gore shall determine at any Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden after the passing of this Act: Prorided always nevertheless, that such determination shall be made on the second day of the sitting of the Court at the Sessions in which it shall be made, and when not less than ten Magistrates shall be present : And provided also, that the plot or piece of ground required for a Market as aforesaid shall not be of less extent than one Acre, and shall be either such ground, if any there be, which has been hitherto reserved for the site of a Market, or such ground as any proprietor or proprietors shall voluntarily convey for that purpose to the said Corporation, either gratuitously, or for a consideration to be paid by the said Corporation.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Corporation may it shall and may be lawful to and for the Corporation of the said Town borrow £1000 for certain purposes, to borrow the sum of One Thousand Pounds of and from any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, willing to lend the same, for the

CHAP. XVII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

purpose of building a Market House, and for purchasing one or more Fire Engine or Engines as may be deemed necessary, and to provide some fit and proper place where the same may be kept.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the Loan to be redcemed said Corporation shall set apart so much of the Assessments authorized by this Act to be raised for the use of the said Town as may be sufficient to pay the yearly interest of the said sum of one Thousand Pounds, and to liquidate the principal in a term not longer than ten years from and after the making of such loan.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in of votes, person precase an equality of votes shall happen at any election for the Members of the said Corporation in either of the said Wards, or in case of an election of a fifth Member, it shall and may be lawful for the person Presiding at the said election to give a casting vote, whether he shall be otherwise duly qualified to vote in such Ward or not, and that except in case of the votes being equal it shall not be lawful for the persons Presiding at any election under this Act to vote at such election.

> XXXII. And be it further cnacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any action or suit shall be brought against any person or persons for any matter or thing done in pursuance of this Act, such action or suit shall be brought within Six Calendar Months next after the fact committed and not afterwards, and the Defendant or Defendants in such action or suit may plead the general issue only, and give this Act and the special matter in evidence on the trial.

> XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and is hereby declared to be a Public Act, and as such shall be judicially noticed by all Judges, Justices of the Peace, and other persons, without being specially pleaded.

FORM OF OATH:

I, A. B. do swear that I will faithfully discharge the duties of a Member of the "Board of Police of the Town of Hamilton," to the best of my skill and knowledge.

CHAP.

Suits to be brought within six months for any thing done under this Act, and General Issue pleaded.

In case of equality

siding at Election to

have a casting vote.

Public Act.

68

CHAP. XVIII.

AN ACT granting to His Majesty a sum of Money, to be raised by Debenture, for the Improvement of the Navigation of the River Saint Lawrence.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS it is highly important to the Agricultural and Commercial interests of this Province that the Navigation of the River Saint Lawrence should be improved ; and whereas it is expedient to raise a sum of Money by way of loan for that purpose :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Preamble. Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Goverment of the said Province," " and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, so soon after the passing of this Act as he may deem expedient, to authorize and direct His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by £70,000 to be raised loan, from any person or persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic, who may by Debenture. be willing to advance the same upon the Credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued under this Act, a sum of Money not exceeding Seventy Thousand Pounds, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Five per Cent per annum payable half yearly in this Province, or Four per Cent per annum payable half yearly in London, or at as much lower rate of Interest as the same can be obtained for.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall Receiver General to and may be lawful for the Receiver General for the time being, to cause issue Debentures. or direct any number of Debentures to be made cut for any such sum or sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of Seventy Thousand Pounds, as any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and that for each loan or advance three separate Debentures shall issue at the same time, bearing date on the day on which the same shall actually be issued, and being each for the payment of one third of the sum so advanced, at the expiration of Eight, nine, and ten years respectively, with interest at the rate aforesaid, from the date of each Debenture until the same shall be discharged, and every such Debenture shall and may be signed by the said Receiver General of this Province for the time being.

Punishment for forging Debentures.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall Forge or Counterfeit any such Debenture as aforesaid which shall be issued under the authority of this Act and uncancelled, or any stamp, endorsement or writing thereon or therein, or tender in payment any such forged Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereon, or shall demand to have any such couterfeit Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein exchanged for ready Money by any person or persons who shall be obliged and required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whomsoever, knowing the Debenture so tendered in payment or to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein to be forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the persons appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or any other person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, then every such person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer as in case of Felony.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Receiver General of this Province for the time being shall, before each Session of the Parliament of this Province, transmit to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, a correct account of the numbers, amounts, and dates of the different Debentures which he may have issued under the authority of this Act, of the amount of the Debentures redeemed by him and the interest paid thereon respectively, and also of the amount of the said Debentures out-standing and unredeemed at the periods aforesaid, and of the expenses attending the issuing of the same, to be laid before the Legislature of this Province.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the interest growing due upon the said Debentures, shall and may be payable in half yearly periods, to be computed from the date thereof, and shall and may be paid on demand by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, who shall take care to have the same indorsed on each Debenture at the time of the payment thereof, expressing the period

Receiver General to transmit to the Governor, before each Session of the Legislature, an account of the Debentwres issued.

interest on Debentures when and how to be paid.

ELEVENTII PARL'T.-CHAP. XVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

up to which the said interest shall have been paid, and shall take receipts for the same from the persons respectively, and that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, shall, after the Thirtieth day of June, and the Thirty-first day of December in each year, issue Warrants to the Receiver General for the payment of the amount of interest that shall have been advanced according to the receipts to be taken by him as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a separate Warrant shall be made to the Receiver General by the Governor, be paid off and Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this cancelled. Province for the time being, for the payment of each Debenture, as the same may become due, and be presented in favor of the lawful holder thereof, and that such Debentures as shall from time to time be discharged and paid off, shall be cancelled and made void by the said Receiver General.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time after the said Debentures, or any of them, shall respectively become Interest on Debendue, according to the terms thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the tures outstanding Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, if he thinks proper so to do, to direct a notice to be inserted in the Upper Canada Gazette, requiring all holders of the said Debentures to present the same for payment according to this Act; and if after the insertion of the said notice for three months, any Debenture then payable shall remain out more than six months from the first publication of such notice, all interest on such Debentures after the expiration of the said six months shall cease, and be no further payable in respect of the time which may elapse between the expiration of the said six months and their presentment for payment.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners Honorable Thomas Clark, the Honorable John Hamilton, Philip Van appointed. Koughnett, Jonas Jones, Hiram Norton, George Langley, and Peter President to be Shaver, Esquires, shall be Commissioners, (who may appoint a President named. and one or more acting Commissioner or Commissioners from among Duty of Commisthemselves,) whose duty it shall be to cause a survey or surveys, and a sioners to plan or plans of improvements to be made in the Navigation of the Saint Survey St. Lawrence between Prescott and the eastern extremity of this Province, eastern boundary of Lawrence; between Prescott and the eastern extremity of this Province, eastern boundary of by Canals, Locks, or otherwise, with estimates of the expense of such To prepare Estimates improvements, and who shall or may contract with such person or per- of the expense of sons as shall undertake the said improvements, and all works therewith To make contracts; connected, or any part thereof, and who shall do and perform all and.

CHAP. XVIII. Sd. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

To fix Tolls on any funshed part of unprovements;

To make report of their proceedings.

Governor to appoint Commissioners

Commissioners to appoint Engineers and other Officers and Servants necessary for carrying on the work:

to fix Salaries and take Security for the discharge of duty.

Commissioners to have no interest in contracts.

Commissioners to explore the country along the line of intended improvements, and to take and hold the line and boundary of Canal, with the necessary ground for Basins, &c.

whatsoever act and acts, thing and things necessary and proper to carry the intention of this act into full effect; and shall and may from time to time, after the completion of any part of the said improvements, fix such rates and tolls as to them may seem just, and shall report to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the information of the Legislature, on or before the first day of November in each and every year, all matters by them done or performed by virtue of this Act, with an account in detail of all monies by them received and paid under the provisions thereof.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person in case of vacaucies. Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, to nominate and appoint under his hand and seal, such person or persons as he shall think fit to fill any vacancy or vacancies which from time to time shall or may happen in the said Board of Commissioners, by death, resignation or otherwise.

> X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners may from time to time appoint such Engineers, Agents, Officers, Workmen, and Servants, as they may think fit, and pay them such salaries as they may deem just and reasonable to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, taking when necessary, good security for the faithful discharge of the trust imposed.

> · XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no Commissioner or Secretary appointed under the provisions of this Act, shall be directly or indirectly concerned, engaged or interested in any contract or agreement, for the performance of any work which may be necessary under the authority of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall have full power and authority to explore the country lying between Prescott and the eastern extremity of this Province, and to designate and establish, take, appropriate, have and hold, to and for the use of this Province, the line and boundary of a Canal, with its necessary Locks, Towing Paths, Basins, and all other necessary erections; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to contract with such person or persons as they may think necessary, to do, perform, and undertake all and whatsoever act or thing, work or works which may be thought necessary to carry the intention of this Act into full effect.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners or workmen may enter said Commissioners are hereby authorised and empowered by themselves, upon ground of inditheir agents or workinen, contractors or servants, to enter into or upon surveys. the lands or grounds of or belonging to any person or persons, bodies politic or corporate, and to survey and to take levels of the same, or any part thereof, and set out, and ascertain such parts thereof as they shall And set out what land think necessary and proper for making the said Canals, Locks, Reser- shall be required for the works. voirs, Aqueducts, and Tunnels, and all such other improvements, matters and conveniencies as they shall think proper and necessary for making, effecting, preserving, improving, completing and using in the said naviga- General powers in tion; and also, to bore, dig, cut, trench, remove, take, carry away, and lay terials on private proearth, soil, clay, stone, rubbish, trees, roots of trees, beds of gravel or perty. sand, or any other matter or thing which may be dug or got in the making the said Canals, Locks, Tunnels, Aqueducts or other improvements, or out of any lands or grounds of any person or persons adjoining or lying contiguous thereto, and which may be necessary for constructing or repairing the said Canals, or other the said works or improvements, or which may obstruct the constructing or maintaining the same; and also, to make, Alteriog route and build," and erect and set up, in and upon the said Canal, or upon the land repairing works. adjoining or near to the same, such and so many Bridges, Tunnels, Aqueducts, Sluices, Locks, Wears, Pens for water, Tanks, Reservoirs, Drains, Wharves, Quays, Landing Places, and other works, ways, roads and conveniencies, as the said Commissioners shall think requisite and convenient for the purposes of the said navigation; and also, from time to time to alter the route of the said Canal, and to amend, repair, widen or enlarge the same, or any other of the conveniencies above mentioned, as well for carrying or removing goods, commodities, timber, and other things, to and from the said Canals, as for the carrying or conveying all manner of materials necessary for making, erecting, furnishing, altering, repairing, amending, widening or enlarging the works, of and belonging to the said navigation; and also, place, lay, work, and manufacture the said materials, on the ground near to the place or places where the said works, or any of them, are or shall be intended to be made, erected repaired, or done; and to build and construct the several Locks, Bridges, Works, and erections belonging thereto; and also to make, maintain, repair, and alter any Fences or Passages over, under, or through the said Canals or the Reservoirs and Tunnels, Aqueducts, Passages, and Gutters, Water-courses and Sluices respectively, which shall communicate therewith ; and also to make, set up, and appoint Towing Paths, for drawing Boats, Barges, Vessels, or Rafts passing in, through, along, or upon the said Canals, as the said Commissioners shall think convenient; and to construct, erect, and keep in repair any Piers, Arches, or other W KALE LEVEL

CHAP. XVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

works in, upon, and across any Rivers or Brooks, for making, using, maintaining, and repairing the said Canals and the Towing Paths on the sides thereof, or along or under the bank of the River; and also, to construct, make, and do all other matters and things which they shall think necessary and convenient for the making, effecting, preserving, improving, completing, and using the said Canals in pursuance and within the meaning of this act, they, the said Commissioners, doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the several powers to them hereby granted: Provided always, that the improvements by this Act authorized the head of the Long to be made shall be commenced and finished between the Head of the to be first completed. Long Sault and Cornwall, in the Eastern District, before any money be laid out in the purchase of any Lands or making improvements on any other part of the River Saint Lawrence, hereby intended to be explored.

Commissioners to of Land for the purchase of what may be required, and for damages done in the progress of the works.

Navigation between

Sault and Cornwall

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after agree with the owners any Land or Ground shall be set out and ascertained to be necessary for making and completing the said Canals, and other purposes and conveniences hereinbefore mentioned, the said Commissioners be hereby empowered to contract, compound, compromise, and agree with all bodies politic, communities, corporations, aggregate or sole guardians, and all other person or persons for themselves or as Trusteess, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their heirs and successors, but also for and in behalf of those whom they represent, whether infants, lunatics, idiots, femme coverts, or other person or persons who shall occupy, be possessed of, or interested in any Lands or Grounds which shall be set out or ascertained as aforesaid, for the absolute surrender of so much of the said Land as shall be required, or for the damages which he, she, or they may be entitled to receive from the said Commissioners in consequence of the said intended Canals, Locks, Towing-paths, Rail Ways, or other constructions and erections being cut and constructed in or upon his, her. or their respective Lands; and that all such contracts, agreements, and surrenders, shall be valid and effectual in Law to all intents and purposes whatsoever, any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

have been made, Arbitrators to be appointed to scule claims.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if When no agreements before the completion of the Canals through the Lands of any person or persons no voluntary agreement shall have been made as to the amount of compensation to be paid for damages, according to this Act, the Commissioners superintending the said work, shall at any time after the completion of such portion of the Canal, upon the notice or request in writing of the proprietor of such Lands, or his agent legally authorized. appoint one of their number as an Arbitrator, who, at the day to be named in such notice, shall attend upon the premises in question to meet the Arbitrator to be appointed by such claimant, and such two Arbitrators shall and may before proceeding to consider the claim, appoint a third Arbitrator, which three Arbitrators shall first make an oath or affirmation before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, then there present (which oath or affirmation the said Justices of the Peace are hereby authorized to administer) to give a just and true award upon the claim submitted to them; and shall upon the statements of the parties and owner of the premises, and upon the testimony of witnesses to be examined upon oath or affirmation, (if either party shall require it,) which oath or affirmation any one of the said Arbitrators is hereby authorized to administer, make their award in writing under their hands of the amount of damages to be paid to such claimant.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if either of the Commissioners superintending the said works, or the party abide by award, may claiming damages as aforesaid, shall decline to abide by any such award, bave damages assesssuch refusal shall be declared in writing within ten days after such award, own expense. and damages upon such claim shall be thereafter assessed in manner following, but at the sole expence of the party refusing to abide by such award.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in all cases in which awards shall be made, to which either party shall re-^{Mode of proceeding} fuse to conform as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the party from. dissenting from such award to serve on the other party a notice in writing, appointing a day, not less than thirty days from the time of serving such notice, for having the damages for which he is entitled to claim compensation according to this Act assessed in the manner hereinafter provided ; and that the party giving such notice, shall also specify some day therein, which shall be at least six days before the day appointed for such assessment, and not less than ten days from the time of serving such notice; at which he will attend at the office of the Sheriff of the District in which the Lands lie; for the purpose of striking a Jury to assess the damages so claimed as aforesaid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,: That on the day so appointed as last aforesaid, the Parties, their Attornies, or Jury Agents, shall attend at the Sheriff's Office, and that the Sheriff' shall, at the hour of one of the clock in the afternoon proceed in the presence of the Parties; or such of them, their Attornies, or Agents, as may be present, to select the names of forty-one persons from among those qualified to serve on Special Juries, and in the manner directed by Law for selecting Special Juries; and that the names of such forty-one persons so drawn, being fairly written out by such Sheriff, each Party, or his Attorney, or Agent attending for that purpose shall alternately strike off one; that party beginning at whose instance such Jury is struck, until the whole number is reduced to seven; and that such seven persons shall be a Jury for assessing damages to be paid to such Claimant as aforesaid: *Provided always*, That in case either party shall omit to attend Personally, or by Agent at the time appointed, the Sheriff or Deputy shall strike in behalf of such party not attending.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the seven persons so struck to serve as aforesaid, shall be summoned by the Sheriff to attend upon the premises in respect to which the damages are claimed as aforesaid, giving not less than six days notice of such attendance; and that the Sheriff or his Deputy shall also attend at the time so appointed, and shall administer to the five persons who shall first answer upon being called in the order in which they shall stand upon the original list, the oath following; that is to say: "I, A. B: do swear that I will well and truly assess the damages upon the claim of C. D. according to the Act in that behalf;" and thereupon the said Jury, having viewed the Premises and received the testimony upon oath or affirmation of such witnesses as shall be brought before them, which oath or affirmation the said Sheriff or his Deputy is hereby authorized to administer, shall deliver their verdict by the opinion of the majority of such Jury of the amount of damages to be paid to such Claimant.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid; That the party desiring such Jury to be summoned, shall pay to the Sheriff for summoning the same, six pence per mile for the whole distance he shall be compelled to travel in order to summon such Jury; and the like sum of six pence per mile for the distance he shall travel to attend and takes the verdict; and for taking the verdict the sum of twenty-five shillings; and to each Juryman attending in pursuance of such summons, the sumof ten shillings for every day he shall be necessarily absent from his place of residence.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in estimating the claim of any person or persons to compensation for property taken, or for damages done under the authority of this. Act, the Arbitrators or Jury assessing such damages, shall take into their consideration the benefit which will probably accrue to such person or persons from the construction of the said Canal, by its enhancing the value of his property or producing other advantages: *Provided always never* theless, That it shall not be competent to any Arbitrators or Jury to di-

Jury to attend upon the Premises in question, and access damages.

Jaryman's Oath.

Expenses of Jury, what and how paid.

Advantages of any improvements to be considered in estimating damages. rect any person or persons claiming as aforesaid, to pay a sum in consideration of such advantages over and above the amount at which the damages of such persons shall be estimated."

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any award or awards to be made under the provisions of this Act, shall and a rule of Court. may be made a rule or order of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in this Province, which Court shall have full power and authority to make such order, touching the performance of such award as shall to such Court seem just.

XXIII. And whereas, it may hereafter happen from floods, or from some unexpected accident, that Weirs, Flood-gates, Dams; Banks, Reservoirs, Trenches, or other Works of the said navigation may be damaged or destroyed, and the adjacent Lands, or the property thereon thereby damaged, and that it may be necessary that the same should be imme-" diately repaired or rebuilt, to prevent further damages: be it therefore enac- Materials may be taken from any adted by the authority aforesaid, That when and so often as any such case jacent Lands for the may happen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners from time to expected damages to time, or for their agents or workmen without any delay or interruption the works. from any person or persons whomsoever, to enter into any Lands, Grounds, or Hereditaments adjoining or near to the said Canal or Canals, Branches, Reservoirs, or Trenches, or any of them, not being an Orchard, Garden. or Yard, and to dig for, work, get, and carry away, and use all such Stones, Gravel, and other materials as may be necessary and proper for the purposes aforestaid, without any previous treaty whatsoever with the owner or owners, occupier or occupiers of, or other person or persons interested in such Lands, Grounds, or Hereditaments, or any of them, doing as little damage thereby as the nature; of the case will 'admit of. and making recompense for such damages to the owners and occupiers of, or other persons' interested in such Lands, Grounds, Property, or Recompense to occullereditaments within the space of six calendar months next after the determined and liquisame shall have been demanded; for all damages which shall or may be dated. done by means of such accident, and by means of the digging for. getting, working, taking, carrying away, and using such Stones, Gravel, and materials, or any of them, which damages, and the satisfaction and recompense in respect thereof, shall be settled; adjusted, ascertained, and determined by the ways and means hereinbefore described, with respect to other damage done by the making and completing the said navigation. 1) and a static static is in the second state of the second second

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sphere to be left in said Commissioners shall and may in such parts of the said "navigation banks of Canal for as shall not be of sufficient breadth for admitting a Boat, Vessel, or Raft other.

to turn about or lie, or for two Boats or other Vessels or Rafts to pass. each other, to open or cut proper spaces or places in the Lands adjoining. to the said Canals at convenient distances from each other, for the turning, lying, and passing of any such Boats, Vessels, or Rafts; and that the said Boats, Vessels, or Rafts being hauled or navigated upon the said Canal, shall upon meeting any other Boat or Vessel, stop at, or go back to and lie in the said spaces or places, in such manner as the said Commissioners under their hands shall direct and appoint.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the improvement hereby authorized to be made between the head of the Longue Sault Rapids and Cornwall, shall be constructed so as to admit of the passage or navigation by Vessels drawing nine feet water; and that all Locks, which may be erected or constructed in the course of such improvement, shall be not less than one hundred and fifty feet in length, fifty-five feet in breadth, and with Nine Feet water above the Mitre Sill.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to grant or to lease, tet water privileges. for any time not exceeding twenty-one years, by an instrument under their hands and seals, the use of any water which they may permit to be taken and drawn from the said Canal or Canals for hydraulic purposes, giving to the owners of the Lands through which such Canal or Canals shall pass, the option of using such water at the price fixed by the said Commissioners, paying the proceeds of such Sale or Lease into the hands of the said Receiver General, in the some manner as is provided respecting the Tolls or Dues arising from the use of such Canals; which said sums shall be applied in the same manner as the said Tolls and Dues are hereinafter directed to be applied.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Commissioners to fix the rates and dues to sec occasion.

Schedule of rates and public plans on the ruute of the Canal.

Rates to whom to be paid and manner of enforcing payment.

be taken, and to alter the said Commissioners shall, of their first General Meeting, held after the same as they shall any of the said Canals shall be finished, ascertain and fix the Rates and Dues to be taken by virtue of this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to alter the said Rates and Dues at any dues to be affixed on subsequent meeting, after giving two months notice of their intention so to do, and that a Schedule of Rates and Dues shall be affixed on the different public places on the route of the said navigation.

> XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several dues shall be paid to such person or persons, at such place or places near to the said Canals, in such manner and under such regulations as the said Commissioners shall direct or appoint; and in

Commissioners may

case of denial or neglect of payment of any such Rates or Dues, or any part thereof, on demand to the person or persons appointed to receive the same as aforesaid, the said Commissioners may sue for and recover the same in any Court having jurisdiction thereof, or the person or persons to whom the said Rates or Dues ought to be paid, may, and he is. and they are hereby authorized and empowered to seize and detain such Boat, Vessel, Barge, or Raft, for or in respect whereof such Rates and Ducs ought to be paid, and detain the same until payment thereof. where a part of the second state of the second

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid; That an account of all Dues and Tolls received by the Commissioners under the be rendered half authority of this act, shall be rendered to the Inspector General of the yearly to Inspector Province on the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of Decem- and 31st December. ber in each year, and the amount thereof, deducting any necessary expenditure on account of the said Canal, shall within ten days thereafter be transmitted to His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, to be Tolls to be paid into the hands of the Reapplied towards the payment of the Principal and Interest of any loan ceiver General, to be contracted in pursuance of this Act, and after the Interest and the whole applied to the liqui-dation of the princiof the Principal sum loaned under the provisions of this Act shall be paland interest of the paid and discharged, the proceeds of the said dues and tolls after deduc- the authority of this ting the expenses of the collection thereof, and defraying the necessary Act. expenses of repairs, shall be subject to the disposal of the Logislature of this Province. '. [•] And the second second second 4 States and the

XXX. And to prevent disputes touching the Tonnage of any Boat, Barge or other. Vessel navigating upon the said Canals, be it further Manner of ascertain-cnacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Owner or Master of every sets. such Boat, Barge or Vessel, shall permit and suffer every such Boat, Barge or Vessel, to be guaged or measured, and refusing so to permit and suffer, shall forfeit and pay the sum of Forty Shillings; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, or their Agent or Agents, or such other person or persons as shall be appointed by them for that purpose, to proceed with such Owner or Master, or such other person or persons as shall be chosen or appointed by such Owner or Master, to measure and ascertain such Tonnage, and to mark the same on such Boat, Barge or other Vessel, which mark shall always be evidence of the Tonnage in all questions respecting the payment of the aforesaid Rates or Dues; and it such Master or Owner shall refuse or decline to choose a person on his behalf as aforesaid, then the person appointed by the Commissioners, or their Agent or Agents, shall alone have the power of ascertaining such a Tonnage. We shall be a factor of the affin per provident bar, jew of

provide the providence of the second s

Commissioners to construct Bridges

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where Highways are when it shall be necessary to cut into any High-way in order to conduct intersected by Canal, any of the said Canal or Canals through the same, the said Commissioners shall cause to be constructed within one month, a secure, sufficient, and commodious Bridge for the passing of Carriages, in order to re-establish the communication between the several parts of such High-ways.

Penalty for wilfully

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if damaging the works, any person or persons shall wilfully or maliciously break down, damage, or destroy any Bank, Lock, Gate, Sluice, or any Works, Machine, or Device to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful act, hurt or mischief, to disturb, hinder or prevent, the carrying into execution or completing, supporting or maintaining the said Canal or Canals, improvement or improvements, every such person or persons so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

or Locks.

Fenalty for obstructing navigation with vessels and not removing the same when required.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That reality for throwing in Arrithmen and of a garanter challed by the dathoring distributed, into rubbish into the Canal if any person shall throw any Ballast, Gravel, Stones or Rubbish, into any part of such Canals or Locks, every such person shall, for every such offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding five pounds Currency.

> XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Boat, Vessel, Timber, or Raft, shall be placed in any part of the said Canal or Canals, so as to obstruct the navigation thereof, and the person having the care of such Boat, Vessel, Timber, or Raft, shall not immediately upon the request of any of the persons employed by the said Commissioners, made for that purpose remove the same, he shall for every such offence forfeit a penalty of ten shillings for every hour such obstruction shall continue; and it shall be lawful for the Agents, Toll-gatherers, or others employed by the said Commissioners, to cause any such Boat, Vessel, Timber or Raft, to be unloaded if necessary, and to be removed in such manner as shall be proper for preventing such obstruction in the navigation, and to seize and detain such Boat, Vessel, Timber, or Raft, and the loading thereof, or any part of such loading until the charges occasioned by such unloading or removal shall be paid; and if any Boat or Vessel shall be sunk in the said Canal or Canals, and the owner or owners, or person or persons having the care of such Boat or Vessel, shall not without loss of time weigh or draw up the same, it shall and may be lawful for the Agents, Toll-gatherers, or persons employed by the said Commissioners, to cause such Boat or Vessel to be weighed or drawn up, and to detain and keep the same until payment be made of all expences necessarily occasioned thereby.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

XXXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Owners of Land adit shall and may be lawful to and for the owners or occupiers of any pass along the same Land adjoining to the said Canals, to use any boats thereon for the bandry, purposes of husbandry, or for conveying cattle from one farm, or part of a farm or lands, to another farm or lands of the same owner or occupier, not passing through any Lock without the consent of the said excepting through the Commissioners, or their principal Agent for the time being, without Locks free, of Toll. interruption from the said Commissioners, and without paying any rate or duty for the same, so as the same be not made use of for the carriage of any goods, wares or merchandize to market, or for sale, or for any person or persons for hire; and shall not obstruct or prejudice the navigation of the said Canal or Canals, or the Towing-Paths thereof.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all persons whatsoever shall have liberty to use with horses, cattle and All persons may use carriages, the Roads and Ways to be made as aforesaid, except the the towing paths for Towing-Paths, for the purpose of conveying any goods, wares, merchan- to the Canal or works, dize, timber, and commodities whatsoever, to and from the said Canals; and navigate the same and also to navigate on the said Canals with any Boats, Barges, Vessels Tolls fixed by the or Rafts, and to use the Wharves and Quays appertaining to the same, Commissioners. for loading and unloading any goods, wares, merchandize, lumber and commodities; and also to use the said Towing-Paths with horses for drawing and hauling such Boats and Vessels, upon payment of such rates and dues as shall be established by the said Commissioners.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Penalties how re-all penaltics and forfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any covered. rule, order or by-law of the said Commissioners, to be made in pursuance hereof, shall, upon proof of the offences respectively before any two Justices of the Peace for the Johnstown or Eastern Districts, either by confession of the party or parties, or by the oath of one credible witness, be levied by distress and sale of the Goods and Chattels of the parties offending, by Warrant under the hand and seal of such Justices, and the overplus, after such penalties and forfeitures, and the charges of such distress and sale are deducted, shall be returned, upon demand, to the owner or owners of such Goods and Chattels; and in case such sufficient distress cannot be found, or such penalties and forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their hands and seals, to cause such offender or offenders to be committed to the common Gaol of either of the said Districts, there to remain without bail or mainprise, for such time as such Justices may

Penaltics when re-

covered how appro-

priated

pleaded.

CHAP. XVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

direct, not exceeding twenty days, unless such penalties and forfeitures, and all reasonable charges attending the same, shall be sooner paid and, satisfied.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all penalties and forfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any rule, order or by-law of the Commissioners to be made in pursuance thereof, when levied and satisfied in manner aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Commissioners, to be by them with other monics transmitted to His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, to be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Plaint shall be brought or commenced against any person or persons All suits for any thing for any thing done, or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or in execudone under this Act to be commenced tion of the powers and authorities, or the orders and directions hereinwithin six months, before given or granted, every such suit shall be brought or commenced within six calendar months next after the fact committed; or in case there shall be a continuation of damages, then within six calendar months after the doing or committing such damages, shall cease, and not after-General issue may be wards ; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the general issue, and give this Act, and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in. pursuance and by authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to bedone so, or if any Action or Suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, then a verdict shall be given for : the Defendant.

Construction of term " Commissioners."

Commissioners may make rules and bylaws.

XL. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever the Commissioners appointed under this Act shall be named therein, it shall be taken and construed to mean the majority of the said Commissioners, and that the said Commissioners shall have power to makeand subscribe such Rules and Regulations as to them shall appear needful and proper touching the management and disposition of the Monies coming into their hands, and touching the duty and conduct of the Officers, Clerks and Servants employed by them, and all such other matters as appertain to the conduct of the said Commissioners in carrying, into effect the Provisions of this Act.

Acting Commissioner to be appointed.

XLI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall have power and authority to appoint one of their own number, or some other person, to act in all matters relating to.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XIX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

the management and control of the Works to be carried on under their orders and directions, subject to such restrictions as the said Commissioners or a majority of them shall think proper and expedient to impose, and the said Commissioners shall meet at least once in each month for meet once a month. the purposes of inspecting and investigating all matters relating to the said Works, at such place as a majority of them shall appoint, and shall have power, at such meetings, to allow to the person appointed by them as aforesaid for his services, out of the Monies which shall come into Acting Commistheir hands under the provisions of this Act, such sum as they may compensation not consider proper, not exceeding three hundred Pounds per annum, and to annum. each of the said Commissioners the sum of twenty Shillings for each days Each Commissioner actual attendance in and about the affairs of the said Improvements to mented to 20s, per actual attendance in and about the affairs of the said Improvements to mented to 20s, per molecular the proventies and about the affairs of the said Improvements to employed.

XLII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the First meeting when said Commissioners shall hold their first meeting at such time and place as the majority of the said Commissioners may name and appoint.

XLIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Monies which shall be raised by Debenture under the provisions of this Monies raised under Act shall be paid by the Receiver General of this Province in discharge this Act, how to be paid and accounted of such Warrant or Warrants as may from time to time be issued by the for. Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, in favour of such Commissioners; and shall be accounted for through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XIX.

AN ACT to Incorporate a Company under the style and title of the British America Fire and Life Assurance Company.

[Passed 13th Feb. 1833.]

WHEREAS William Maxwell, James Meyers, John G. Culverwell, David Browne, Richard Northcote, Richard Crispin, William Ware, Alexander Dixon, Thomas Wallis, Richard H. Oates, William Stennett, Preamble, Alexander Erskine, George Monro, William Proudfoot, James King, Alexander Wood, John Strachan. Thomas Mercer Jones, James Cull, R. B. Sullivan, A. W. Hart, Gamble and Birchall, Christopher A. Hagerman, William B. Jarvis, John Rolph, R. A. Parker, Samuel P. Jarvis. Watkins and Harris, R. C. Ferrier, S. Washburn, John Ross, J. Baby. J. M. Strange, John Kitson, S. Cockburn, S. P. Hurd, J. G. Chewett, B. W. Bonycastle, G. W. Haughton, Thomas Bell, M. McNamara, James Such, George A. Barber, John H. Dunn, Alexander Hamilton, Peter Deihl, John Bishop Sen'r. Henry J. Boulton, C. J. Baldwin and John Elmsley, have Petitioned the Legislature praying that an Association under the style and title of the British America Fire and Life Assurance Company may be Incorporated, the better to enable such Institution to conduct and extend the business of Fire and Life Assurance, and for granting Annuities and sums of Money payable at future periods within His Majesty's Dominions in North America and other parts abroad; and whereas it hath been considered that it would in many respects be greatly advantageous if such Corporation were established : Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That all such persons as now are or hereafter shall become Stockholders of the said Company shall be hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be, from time to time, and until the Third day of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, a Body Corporate and Politic in Law, in fact and in name, by the style and title of the "British America Fire and Life Assurance Company," and by that name, style and title, they and their successors, until the said third day of November One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, shall and may have continued succession, and shall be capable in Law of sueing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, defending and being defended, in all Courts and places whatsoever in all manner of Actions, suits, complaints, matters and causes whatsoever, and that they and their successors may have a common Seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure; and also, that they and their successors, by and under the name, style and title, of the British America Fire and Life Assurance Company, shall be capable in Law of purchasing, holding and conveying, any Estate, real or personal, for the use of the said Corporation, subject to the rules and conditions hereinafter mentioned.

British America Fire and Life Assurance Company Incorporated. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a Share in the Stock of the said Corporation shall be twelve Pounds ten Shillings ^{Capital Stock} _{8,000} Shares, of or the equivalent thereof in specie, and the number of Shares shall not £12 ios. each. exceed Eight Thousand, and that Books of Subscription shall be opened Subscription Books at the same time in the Towns of Kingston, Niagara, York, Cobourg, where to be opened. Brockville, Prescott, Amherstburgh, Hamilton and Cornwall, within two months after the passing of this Act, by such person or persons. and under such regulations as the majority of the said Petitioners shall direct.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it When £25,000 have shall and may be lawful, as soon as two thousand out of the aforesaid been subscribed, eight thousand Shares shall have been taken up, or twenty-five thousand Directors to be Pounds out of the aforesaid Capital Stock of one hundred thousand Pounds shall have been subscribed, for the Shareholders or Subscribers to proceed to the Election of Seventeen Directors, at such time and place as the majority of such Subscribers shall appoint, giving thirty days notice thereof in six or more of the Public Newspapers of this Province, which Directors shall be Subjects of His Majesty, and Stockholders at the time Governor, Deputy of their Election, and during their continuance in office, to the amount Governor, Deputy of twenty Shares, and shall have power to choose from among themselves Trustees to be selected from among the a Governor, a Deputy Governor, and three Trustees. Directors.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors so chosen shall serve till the first Monday in August next cleating Directors. after their Election, and that of the said Seventeen Directors three shall go out of office yearly, and three others from and among the Stockholders shall be Elected in their stead by the proprietors at their annual general Court, to be holden as hereinafter directed at their House of business at York Upper Canada on the first Monday in August in each year, and the three Directors who shall go ont of office shall be those who had the fewest votes at the time of their Election.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall also be appointed by the Directors, and from among the Stock-Directors to appoint a baldana Managing holders, a Managing Director, who shall reside at the house of business Director. of the said Corporation, serve the Office of Actuary, and devote himself wholly to the business of the said Corporation; such Managing Director is to hold his office at the will and pleasure of the majority of the Directors.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Stockholders may vote by proxy or in person; and all elections shall be by:

CHAP. XIX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Method of votiag al Elections.

hallot, and each Stockholder shall be entitled to a number of votes proportioned to the number of shares which he or she shall have held in his or her own name, at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following ratio, that is to say :-- at the rate of one vote for each share, not exceeding four; five votes for six shares; six votes for eight shares; seven votes for ten shares; and one vote for every five shares above ten; and no proxies admitted of any person living out of the Province of Upper Canada.

Wao may be cleeted. Directors.

Corporation not diselect Directors at the day appointed.

Directors may make Ly Laws:

Appoint Clerks, and their salaries.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall be eligible to be Elected, or to be allowed to continue in the office of Director, unless he shall be a Subject of His Majesty, and hold in his own name and right at least twenty Shares in the Capital Stock of the said Corporation, and in case of the death, or resignation, or inability to serve the office of Director, the vacancy or vacancies Vacancies how filed, thereby occurring shall be filled up for the remainder of the year in which they may happen by the Election of some one or more (if necessary) of the Stockholders, by the remaining Directors.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in roired by a neglect to case it shall so happen that an Election of Directors shall not be made on the day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not therefore and for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful on any other day to hold and make an Election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the By Laws and Ordinances of the said Corporation.

> IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors, or three-fourths of them, at their weekly Board assembled. shall and may have power to make, prescribe and alter such By-laws. Rules, Regulations and Ordinances, as shall appear to them proper and needful touching the well ordering of the said Corporation, the management and disposition of its Stock, Property, Estate and effects ; they also shall and may have power to appoint Clerks and such other persons as may to them appear necessary for the carrying on the business of Fire and Life Assurance, with such salaries and allowances to each as shall seem meet and advisable : Provided always, that such By-laws, Rules, Regulations and Ordinances, shall be in no wise inconsistent with the true intent and meaning of this Act, and the powers hereby granted, nor repugnant to the Laws of this Province.

> X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the major part of the Directors of the aforesaid Corporation shall constitute

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XIX: 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

a Board of Directors, and to them it shall be competent to transact all Majority of Directors the business of the said Corporation, and all questions before them shall be decided by a majority of voices or votes, each Director to have one vote, and in case of an equality of votes the Presiding Officer shall give the casting vote, over and above his proper vote as a Director.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the General business Corporation hereby created shall have power and authority to make and which the Corporaeffect Contracts of Assurance with any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, against loss or damage by fire, on any Houses, Stores, Shipping, or other Buildings whatsoever, and on any Goods, Chattels, or Personal Estate whatsoever; it shall also have power and legal authority to make or effect Assurances on life or lives, or in any manner dependant on life or lives, and to grant Annuities for such time or times, and for such premium or consideration, and under such modifications and restrictions as may be bargained or agreed upon, or set forth by and between the said Corporation and the person or persons agreeing with them for such Assurance.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Managing Director Managing Director, together with any three Directors, shall have full and three others, may grant Policies; power and authority to make or grant Assurances in the name and on behalf of the Corporation; and all Policies of Assurance so made o granted by the said Managing Director and three other Directors, and under the Seal of the said Cerporation, shall be binding and obligatory upon the whole Corporation, in the same manner, and with like force as if under the hand and seal of each individual member of the said Corporation: Provided always, that it shall not be competent to the But not to draw Eith Managing Director, or any other Officer of the Corporation, or person responsibilities, whatsoever, to draw any Checque, accept any Bill, grant any Assurance, vest any Money, pay any claim, or in any way incur any cost or expense to the said Corporation, unless specially commanded so to do in each and every single instance by a Board of Directors, such command being registered in a book to be kept for that and other purposes, and countersigned by at least three of the Directors at their weekly Board assembled.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be holden a weekly Board of Directors, on a day to be appointed Board to be heed a by the Board of Directors, and also an annual Court of Proprietors, to be holden on the first Monday in the month of August, at the house of business of the Corporation, in York; and before the Proprietors so assembled, the Board of Directors shall exhibit a full and most unreserved statement of the affairs of the Corporation; of the funds, propertyand securities; shewing the amount in real estate, in bonds and mortgages; in notes, and the securities thereof; in public debt or other stock; and the amount of debt due to and from the said Company; which said statement shall be certified by the Managing Director and three other Directors, and under the hand and seal of each; and after such exhibition statement, it shall require the sense of three-fourths of the Directors then and there assembled, to declare a Dividend on the Joint Stock of the Corporation.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for any Director or Officer of this Corporation to hold Office in any other Assurance Company or Assurance Institution.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for any person or persons, His Majesty's Subjects or Foreigners, to subscribe for such and so many Shares as he, she or they may think fit, not however exceeding, in the first instance, eighty; and ten per centum to be ready as a deposit at the time of subscribing, to be called for by the Directors appointed by virtue of this Act as soon as they may deem expedient, and the remainder shall be payable in such Instalments as a majority of the Stockholders at a meeting to be expressly convened for that purpose, shall agree upon : Provided always, that no Instalment shall exceed ten per centum upon the Capital Stock, nor becalled for, nor become payable in less than sixty days after public notice shall have been given in at least two newspapers at the Seat of Government: if any Stockholder or Stockholders as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to pay to the said Directors the Instalment due upon any Share or Shares held by him, her or them, at the time required by law so to do. such Stockholder or Stockholders as aforesaid shall forfeit such Shares as aforesaid, together with the amount previously paid thereon; and the said Share or Shares so forfeited it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors to sell, and the sum arising from such sale, together with the amount previously paid thereon, shall be accounted for and divided in like manner as the other monies of this Corporation.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the whole number of Shares shall not be subscribed for within two months after the said Books of Subscription shall be opened, then, and in such case it shall be lawful for any former subscriber or subscribers to increase his, her or their subscriptions : And provided further, that if the total amount of subscriptions within the period aforesaid shall exceed the Capital Stock limited by this Act to One Hundred Thousand Pounds, then, and in such case the Shares of each subscriber or sub-

No Director or Officer to hold office in any other Assurance Company.

Not more than 80 shares may be subscribed in the first instance by any one person.

Shares payable by instalments.

No instalment to ex--cced ten per cent.

,

Shares forfeited upon non-payment of instalments.

If shares not taken up in two months, subscriptions may be increased. scribers above ten shares, shall, as nearly as may be, be proportionably reduced, until that the total number of Shares be brought down to the limits above said : And provided, nevertheless, that the said limitation in respect to persons subscribing to the said Capital Stock, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to prevent the acquisition of a greater number of Shares by purchase, after the said Corporation shall have commenced its operations.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Stock of the said Corporation shall be assignable and transferable, transferred. according to such rules, and subject to such restrictions and regulations as the Board of Directors shall from time to time make and establish. and shall be considered as personal property; but in case the said Corporation shall have any claim or demand against any Stockholder thereof, whether such claim or demand is due, or to become due at any future period, such Stockholder shall not be entitled to make any transfer for conveyance or sale of his Stock in the said Corporation, or to receive Dividend thereon, until such claim or domand shall be paid, or secured to be paid to the said Corporation; and unless such claim or demand shall be paid, or secured to be paid in the manner aforesaid, within three months after the same shall become due, then and in that case such Stock of any such debtor, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient for that purpose, may be Sold by the said Corporation, and the proceeds thereof applied towards the satisfaction of such claim or demand.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, which it shall be lawful for the hold Land for in said Corporation to hold, shall be only such as shall be requisite for its own use only. immediate accommodation, in relation to the convenient transaction of its business, or such as shall have been bona fide mortgaged to it by way of security, or conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings, or purchased at sales, upon Judgments which shall have been obtained for such debts : And further, the said Corporation shall not directly or indirectly deal or trade in buying or selling any Goods, Warcs, or Merchandize, or Commodities whatsoever, or in any Banking operations, or in the purchase and sale of any funded debt, created under the Law of this Province: but it shall nevertheless be lawful for the said Corporation to purchase and hold any such Stock or Funded Debt, created or to be created, for the purpose of investing therein any part of their Capital Stock, Funds or Money, and also to sell and transfer the same, and again to renew such investments when and as often as the exigencies or a due regard to the M

interests of the said Corporation shall require; and also to make loan of the Capital Stock, proceeds or monies, on Bonds and Mortgages, and the same to call in and re-loan as occasion may render expedient; and provided further, that the said Corporation shall be bound to sell or dispose of any Real Estate that may be purchased by virtue of this Act, except such as may be necessary as aforesaid for their accommodation in the transaction of their business, within seven years after acquiring the same, and shall not be capable of holding the same after the expiration of the said seven years, but the same shall, immediately after the expiration of the said seven years, be forfeited to and vested in the King's most Excellent Majestv.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no No transfer to entitle person to vote under transferred Share shall entitle the person to whom it is transferred to a vote until the expiration of ninety days after such transfer.

> XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no transfer of any Policy of Assurance, or of any Share of the said Corporation, shall be valid until entered in the Books of the said Corporation and certified to by the Managing Director.

> XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in respect to all Debts contracted by the said Corporation before the third day of November, which will be in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, or whenever the said Corporation may be dissolved, the persons composing the said Corporation at the time of its dissolution shall be responsible in their individual or private capacity to the extent of their respective Shares and no further in any Suit or Action brought or to be brought after the dissolution of the said Corporation.

Company not to commence business until 10 per cent. on the Capital be paid in.

Public Act.

Legislature may repeal, alter, or amend this Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to commence Insuring until the amount of ten per Cent upon the Capital be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Institution.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act be and is hereby declared to be a Public Act, and that the same may be construed as such in His Majesty's Courts in this Province.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall at all times hereafter be lawful for the Legislature of this Province to Repeal, alter or amend this Act.

Policies not valid until entered in the Books of the Com-

ninety days.

pany.

Debts contracted before 1882, how recovered.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the said Company to make a Return, under the oath Return to be made of the Governor and Trustees of the said Company, to the Provincial to Farliament. Parliament once in each year, which Return shall contain a full and true account of the Funds and Property of the said Company, the amount of Capital subscribed and paid in, the amount Insured during the previous year, the amount of Insurance charged upon the several kinds of Property, or on Lives Insured, and the amount which the Company have paid, or are liable to pay, for Losses or otherwise during such year.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this This Act of Incorpopresent Act of Incorporation shall in nowise be forfeited for non user at ration not to be forany time before the first day of January in the year of our Lord One before 1835. Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-five.

CHAP. XX.

AN ACT to Incorporate certain persons under the name and title of the Saint Lawrence Inland Marine Assurance Company.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS Charles C. Clark, Ebenezer Perry, Benjamin Throop, J. G. Bethune, Rufus Holden, John C. Boswell, George Ham, John D. Smith, William Burnham and divers others, have Petitioned the Legislature praying that an Association under the style and title of "the Saint Lawrence Inland Marine Assurance Company" may be Incorporated, Preamble. the better to enable such Institution to conduct and extend the business of Inland Navigation Assurance within His Majesty's Dominions in North America: and whereas, it hath been considered that it would in many respects be greatly advantageous if such Corporation were established: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That all such persons

as now are, or hereafter shall be Stockholders of the said Company. shall be hereby ordained, constituted, and declared to be from time to time, and until the first day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty, a Body Corporate and Politic, in law, in fact, and in name. by the style and title of "The Saint Lawrence Inland Marine Assurance Company"; and by that name, style and title, they and their successors, until the said first day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty, shall and may have continued succession, and shall be capable in-Law of suing or being sued; pleading, and being impleaded; answering and being answered unto; defending, and being defended in all Courts and places whatsoever, in all manner of actions, suits, complaints. matters and causes whatsoever; and of contracting and being contracted with, relative to the funds of the said Corporation, and the business and purposes for which the said Corporation is hereby created; and that they and their successors may have a common Seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure; and also that they and their successors by and under the name, style and title, of the Saint Lawrence Island Marine Assurance Company, shall be capable in Law of purchasing, holding and conveying, any Estate Real and Personal for the use of the said Corporation, subject to the rules and conditions hereinafter mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Corporation is hereby created for the purpose, and shall have power and authority to make Contracts of Assurance with any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, against losses or damage of or to Vessels. Boats or other Craft, Navigating upon the Lakes or Rivers of this Province, or elsewhere, upon the waters of the Saint Lawrence or of the Lakes Superior, Huron, Eric or Ontario, or upon any of the waters or Rivers connected with said Lakes, or any of them ; and against any loss or damage of or to the Cargoes or Property conveyed in or upon any such Vessels, Boats or other Craft, or to Timber, cr other Property of every description conveyed in any manner upon the said waters, and generally to do all matters and things relating to the said objects; and all Policies shall be subscribed by the President, or in his absence by a Vice President if any be appointed, or by a President pro tempore, and countersigned by the Secretary, and shall be binding and obligatory upon the said Corporation, though not subscribed in the presence of a Board of Trustees, if done in conformity to a By-law of the Directors which may be made and ordained for that purpose.

Capital Stock £100,000. Shares £12 10s. each. that each Share in the said Corporation shall be One Hundred Thousand Pounds, Shares £12 10s. each. that each Share in the said Corporation shall be Twelve Pounds Ten

The Saint Lawrence Inland Marine Assurance Company Incorporated.

Power and objects of the Company.

Policies to be subscribed by the President.

Shillings, and that no person be allowed to hold more than Fifty Shares of the said Stock in the first instance, and that the Shares respectively subscribed shall be paid in the following manner, that is to say :- ten per Centum to be ready as a deposit at the time of Subscribing, to be called for by the Directors hereafter to be appointed by virtue of this Act as Shares how sub-soon as they may deem expedient, and the remainder shall be paid in ments how called in. such instalments as the Directors for the time being may in like manner deem expedient; Provided, no instalment shall exceed ten per Centum upon the Capital Stock, or be called for or become payable in less than thirty days after public notice shall have been given in one or more of the several Newspapers published in every District where such Stock may be held to that effect, and if any Stockholder or Stockholders shall refuse or neglect to pay to the said Directors the instalment due upon any Share or Shares held by him, her or them, at the time required by Law so to do, they shall forfeit their Shares with the amount previously non-payment of paid thereon, and said Share or Shares may be Sold by the said Direc- instalments, and to be sold by Directors. tors, and the sum arising therefrom, together with the amount previously paid thereon, shall be accounted for and divided in like manner as other monies of the Company.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Real Estate which it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to hold Real Estate, for what shall be only such as shall be requisite for its immedite accommodation by the Corporation. in relation to the convenient transaction of its business, or such as shall have been or may be bona fide Mortgaged to the said Company by way of Security, or which may be conveyed to it in satisfaction of Debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings, and with regard to all such Real Estates so to be held by the said Corporation as aforesaid, except such as may be for its immediate accommodation as aforesaid, or such as it may hold by way of Mortgage and whereof the actual possession shall remain in the Mortgagors, their Heirs or Assigns, the said Corporation shall be bound to Sell and dispose of the same respectively within seven years after it acquires the same, and shall not be capable of holding the same after the expiration of the said seven years, but the same shall immediately at the expiration of the said seven years be forfeited. to and vested in His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Corporation shall not directly or indirectly deal or trade in buying Corporation not to or selling any Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities whatsoever, trade in Merchandize or in buying any Stock of any Joint Stock Company, or Stock created by any Act of the Legislature of this Province, unless in buying the same in order to invest its Capital Stock, or any part or parts thereof, by way of

CHAP. XX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

securing the said Capital Stock, or in selling the same for the payment of its debts, or to re-invest in other Stock, or when truly pledged to it by way of security for debts due to the said Corporation ; nor shall the said Corporation engage in or carry on any Banking operation whatever; and further, it shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to issue or emit any Notes or Bills, or make any contracts for the payment of Money. except the same be under the Seal of the said Corporation; and all such notes, bills and contracts, shall be construed and taken to be specialties. and shall not possess any other or greater power of being assigned or transferred than specialties at Common Law.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in Upon the dissolution respect to all Debts which shall be contracted by the said Corporation, or obligations incurred before the said first day of January One Thonsand Eight Hundred and Sixty, or whenever the said Corporation may be dissolved, the persons composing the said Corporation at the time of its dissolution shall be responsible in their individual and private capacity to the extent of their respective Shares, and no further, in any Suit or Action to be brought or prosecuted after the dissolution of the said Corporation.

Stock transferable.

to the Compay not his stock.

Eleven Directors to be elected annually.

Qualification of Directors.

A President, Vice-President, Secretary, and two Trustees to be chosen by the Directors from among themselves.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Stock of the said Corporation shall be assigned and transferable, accord-Stockholder indebted ing to such rules as the President and Directors shall make and establish. to the Compay not at liberty to transfer and no Stockholder indebted to the Company shall be permitted to make a transfer or receive a dividend until such debt be paid, or secured to be paid, to the satisfaction of the President and Directors.

> VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That for the well ordering of the affairs of the said Corporation, there shall be chosen annually, by ballot, eleven Directors, who shall be Stockholders at the time of their election, and during their continuance in office to the amount of twenty shares, and be subjects of His Majesty; and so soon as twenty-five thousand pounds shall have been subscribed, it shall be lawful for the Shareholders or Subscribers to proceed to the election of eleven Directors, gualified as aforesaid, at such time and place as the majority of such Subscribers shall appoint, giving thirty days notice thereof in six or more of the Public Newspapers of the Province, which Directors shall serve until the first Monday in May One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-four, and shall after their election, choose from among their number, five persons, viz. a President, Vice President, Secretary, and two Trustees, who shall be considered Directors, to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Or carry on any Banking business.

of the Corporation,

Stockholders to he responsible to the

amount of their

shares.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Mains to be Stock, property, affairs and concerns of the said Corporation, shall be ors. managed and conducted by the said eleven Directors.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the election of the Directors of the said Corporation shall take place on the first Monday in May, in each and every year, at their House of business ^{Time and manner} of bolding the in Prescott, at the hour of Two o'clock, Post Meridian, and Stockholders annual Election of may vote in person or by proxy, and such Stockholders shall be entitled to a number of votes, proportioned to the number of Shares which he, she or they shall have held in his, her or their name, at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following ratios, that is to say, at the rate of one vote for each Share not exceeding four, five votes for six Shares, six votes for eight Shares, seven votes for ten Shares, and one vote for every five Shares above ten; and in case of the death or refusal or inability of any officer chosen to serve, then the remaining officers shall have full power to conduct and manage the affairs of the said Corporation, until the expiration of the year for which they were elected to serve.

X1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time it should happen that an election of Directors should not be Corporation not dismade, on the first Monday in May, the said Corporation shall not for that solved by reason of cause be deemed to be dissolved; and it shall and may be lawful on any Directors. other day to hold and make an election of Directors, in such manner as may be directed and required by the By-laws of this Corporation.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors to make Directors for the time being, or the majority of them, shall have power By-Laws: to make, prescribe and alter such By-laws, Rules and Regulations as shall to them appear proper and needful, touching the well ordering of the said Corporation, the management and disposition of its Stock, property, estate and effects, to appoint Agents, Clerks, and such other per-Servants, and fix sons as the business of the Corporation may require, to regulate the sala-their salaries. ries and allowances of said Agents, Clerks and other persons, provided such By-laws are not contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Charter, and the powers hereby granted.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid; That Directors to meet the said Directors shall meet together at least once a week, at such time once a week and place as may be designated in the By-laws, to be called a Weekly Board, for the purpose of transacting the business of the Corporation.

CHAP. XX. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Shares to be held bolder to vote.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no unety days to eatile transferred Share shall entitle the holder thereof to a vote, until the expiration of ninety days after such transfer, and that no Director or officer in the said Corporation shall hold any office in any other Assurance Institution.

Directors to make Dividends.

to the names of all Stockholders.

in their individual capacity to the

This a public Act.

Return to be made

year.

amount of their shares.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the Directors shall, from time to time, make such dividends of their profits, as in their discretion they may deem expedient and consistent with the outstanding risks of claims for losses.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That during Stockholders entitled the hours of business, every Stockholder of said Corporation shall have power to ask and receive from the President or Secretary, the names of all the Stockholders of the said Corporation.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Stockholders liable Stockholders of the said Corporation shall be liable and responsible, in their individual and private capacity, to the amount of their respective Shares. and no more.

> XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act be and is hereby declared to be a Public Act, and that the same may be construed as such in His Majesty's Courts in this Province.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the said Company to make a Return, under the oath to Parliament once a of the President and Secretary of the said Company, to the Provincial Parliament, once a year, which Return shall contain a full and true account of the Funds and Property of the said Company; the amount of Capital subscribed and paid in; the amount of Property Insured during the previous year; the amount of Insurance charged upon the several kinds of Property Insured, and the amount which the Company have paid or are liable to pay, for losses during such year; a copy of which Return shall be laid before the Stockholders at their next meeting.

Business not to be commenced until 10 per cont paid in.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall not be lawful for this Company to commence Insuring, until the amount of ten per cent upon the Capital be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of said Institution. rita e 👬 🕯 👘

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Books of Subscription shall be opened, at the same time, in the Towns of Kingston, Niagara, York, Brockville, Perth, Sandwich, London, Cobourg, Subscription Books Cornwall, and Hamilton, in the Gore District, by such person or persons as a majority of the Petitioners shall direct: *Provided always*, that such Books shall not be opened at any earlier period than ten days, not at a later period than three months after the passing of this Act.

XXII. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, When subscriptions That if the whole number of Shares shall not be subscribed within two may be increased. months after the said Books of Subscription shall be opened, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for any former Subscriber or Subscribers to increase his, her, or their Subscriptions : And provided further, that if the total amount of subscriptions within the period aforesaid shall exceed the Capital Stock limited by this Act, then and in such case the Shares of each Subscriber or Subscribers above ten Shares shall, as nearly as may be, be proportionably reduced until the total number of Shares be brought down to the limits above mentioned : And provided necertheless, that the said limitation in respect to persons subscribing to the said Capital Stock shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the acquisition of a greater number of Shares by purchase after the said Company shall have commenced its operations.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Act not forfeited for present Act shall in nowise be forfeited for non-user at any time before the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the ^{This Act may be} Legislature of this Province may at any time hereafter make such addi- Legislature. tions to this Act, or such alterations in any of its provisions as they may think proper, should the public interest require it.

CHAP. XXI.

AN ACT to Incorporate a Joint Stock Company for the Manufacture of Salt, at Saint Catharines, in the Niagara District.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS the establishment of Salt Works in the Province of Upper Canada would greatly conduce to the advantage of the Inhabitats thereof; Preamble.

and whereas, William Hamilton Merritt, George Adams, Horatio N. Monson, William C. Chace, John Donaldson, Alexander Boles, William B. De Forest, Thomas J. Cushman, Elisha Hayward, and Robert E. Burns, by their Petition presented to the Legislature have prayed for the privilege of being Incorporated for the promotion of that object : Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said William Hamilton Merrit, George Adams, Horatio N. Monson, William C. Chace John Donaldson, Alexander Boles, William B. De Forest, Thomas J. Cushman, Elisha Hayward, and Robert E. Burns, and all such other persons as hereafter shall become Stockholders of the said Salt Works, shall be, and are hereby ordained, constituted and declared, to be a Body Corporate and Politic in fact, by the name of " The Saint Catharines Salt Com-Salt Works Company pany," and that by this name they and their Successors shall and may have perpetual succession, and by such name shall be capable of contracting and being contracted with, of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, in all Courts and places whatsoever, and that they and their Successors may and shall have a common Seal, and may change and alter the same at their will and pleasure : and also, that they and their Successors, by the same name of "the Saint Catharines Salt Company," shall be in Law capable of purchasing, having and holding, to them and their Successors, any Estate real, personal or mixed, to and for the use of the said Company. Provided always, that the said Corporation shall not have power to hold any more or other Real Estate than may be required by them for the Site of their Works, or for any Machinery connected therewith, or for such Stores, Warehouses or other Buildings, as may be requisite for carrying on the proper business of the said Corporation: and provided also, that it shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to carry on the business of Banking.

Shares £23 each, not to exceed 1,000.

The St. Catharines

Incorporated.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a Share in the said Stock of the said Salt Company shall be Twenty-five Pounds, and the number of Sinres not exceed one thousand, and that the whole amount of the Stock, Estate and Property, which the said Corporation

shall be authorized to hold, including the Capital Stock or Shares before Capital £25,000.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each Ratio of voting for Stockholder shall be entitled to a number of votes proportioned to the Directore. number of Shares which he or she shall have held in his or her name, at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following ratios, that is to say:—at the rate of one vote for each share not exceeding four; five votes for six shares; six votes for eight shares; seven votes for ten shares; and one vote for every five shares above ten.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the stock, property, affairs and concerns, of the said Company shall be managed Three Directors to be and conducted by three Directors, one of whom to be the President, who chosen annually. shall hold their offices for one year, which Directors shall be Stockholders to the amount of at least ten Shares, and be Elected on the first Monday in May in each and every year, public notice of which shall be given in one Newspaper published in the District of Niagara not less than thirty days previous to the Election, and all Elections of Directors shall be by ballot, and the three persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any Election of Directors, except as hereinafter directed, shall be Directors; and if it should happen at any Election that two or more persons have an equal number of votes in such manner that a greater number of persons than three shall by plurality of votes appear to be chosen as Directors, then the said Stockholders hereinbefore authorized to hold such Election shall proceed to ballot a second time, and by plurality of votes determine which of the said persons so having an equal number of votes shall be the Director or Directors so as to complete the whole number of three. and in case any vacancy or vacancies shall at any time happen among the Directors by death, resignation or removal from the Province, the same shall be filled for the remainder of the year by such person or persons as the remaining Directors or Director may appoint.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors for the time being, or a major part of them, shall have power ^{Directors may make} to make and subscribe such Rules and regulations as to them shall appear needful and proper touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the said Corporation, and touching the duties and conduct of the officers, Clerks and servants employed therein, and shall also have power to appoint as many officers, clerks and servants, for carrying on the said business, and with such salaries and allowances as to them shall seem meet; *Provided*, that such rules and regulations be not repugnant to the Laws of this Province.

CHAP. XXI. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Directors to make yearly dividends.

Shares transferable.

Instalments when in.

. Shares forfeited for non-payment of mistalments.

Corporation not disof Directors.

First election.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Directors to make yearly dividends of so much of the profits of the said Corporation, as to them or a majority of them, shall appear adviseable.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Shares of the said Capital Stock shall be transferable, and may be from time to time transferred by the respective persons so subscribing the same : Provided always, that such transfer be entered or registered in a Book or Books to be kept for that purpose by the Directors.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the and how to be called Directors to be hereafter appointed by virtue of this Act, as soon as they may deem expedient, may from time to time call in Instalments upon the Capital Stock as they shall deem expedient ; Provided no Instalment shall be called for or become payable in less than thirty days after public notice shall have been given in some Paper published in the District of Niagara : Provided always, that if any Stockholder or Stockholders as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to pay to the said Directors the Instalment due upon any Share or Shares held by him, her or them, at any time when he shall be required by Law so to do, such Stockholder or Stockholders as aforesaid shall forfeit such Shares as aforesaid, with the amount previously paid thereon; and such Share or Shares may be sold by the said Directors, and the sum arising therefrom, together with the amount previously paid thereon, shall be accounted for and divided in like manner as other monies of the Corporation.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case it should at any time happen that an Election of Directors should solved by non-election not be made on any day, when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but that it shall and may be lawful on any other day to hold and make an Election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the laws and ordinances of the said Corporation.

> X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the first Election of Directors shall take place within one month after the passing of this Act.

> XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act be, and is hereby declared to be a Public Act, and that the same may be construed as such in all His Majesty's Courts in this Province.

Fublic Act.

CHAP. XXII.

AN ACT to repeal part of, and amend an Act passed in the second year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled, "An Act to Incorporate a Joint Stock Company to improve the Navigation of the Grand River."

[Passed 13th Feb. 1833.]

W HEREAS it is necessary to repeal part of, and to amend an Act passed in the second year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Preamble. Act to Incorporate a Joint Stock Company to improve the Navigation of the Grand River": *Be it therefore enacted*, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty', by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That the thirty-fifth clause of the said Act entitled "An Act to sec. 35, repealed. Incorporate a Joint Stock Company to improve the Navigation of the Grand River," be, and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Company shall forfeit and lose all the benefits of their Charter, and Period for completing the privileges and powers thereby conferred, unless the said improvement contemplated up to the Indian Village, or Mohawk Castle, shall be completed within five years from the passing of this Act, so as to afford a navigable channel for Boats and Vessels drawing not less than Three Feet water.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXIII.

AN ACT to Incorporate a Joint Stock Company, for the construction of a Harbour at the mouth of the Twenty Mile Creek, on Lake Ontario.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS the construction of a safe and commodious Harbour at the mouth of the Twenty Mile Creek, in the Niagara District, would manifestly tend to the improvement of that part of this Province, as well as be of great advantage to all persons in any way concerned in the Navigation of Lake Ontario: And whereas James William Osgoode Clark, George Henry Kerr, James Secord, Peter Ware, John Weismer, Cyrus Culp, Isaac Overholt, and others, have petitioned to be by Law Incorporated, for the construction of such Harbour, by means of a Joint Stock Company:-Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said James William Osgoode Clark, George Henry Kerr, James Secord, Peter Ware, John Weismer, Cyrus Culp, Isaac Overholt, together with all such other persons as shall become Stockholders in such Joint Stock or Capital as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be, and they are hereby ordained, constituted, and declared to be a Body Corporate and Politic, in fact and in Law, by and under the name and style of "The President, Directors and Company of the Louth Harbour," and that by this name they and their successors shall and may have continued succession, and by such name shall be capable of contracting, and being contracted with; of suing, and being sued; pleading, and being impleaded; answering, and being answered unto in all Courts or places whatsoever, in all manner of suits, actions and complaints, matters and causes whatsoever; and that they and their successors may and shall have a Common Seal, and change and alter the same at their will and. pleasure; and also, that they and their successors, by the name of the President, Directors and Company of the Louth Harbour, shall be in Law capable of purchasing, having and holding, to them and their suc-

Freamble.

The Louth Harbour Company Incorporated.

May have a common Seat.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

cessors, any Estate, real, personal or mixed, to and for the use of the said Company, and of letting, conveying, or otherwise departing therewith, for the benefit, and on the account of the said Company, from time to time, as they shall deem necessary and expedient: *Provided always*, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to allow the said Company to carry on the bussiness of Banking.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Company be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, at ^{Company may construct a Harbour at their own costs and charge, to construct a Harbour at the mouth of the the mouth of the Twenty Mile Creek, in the Township of Louth, in the Niagara District aforesaid, which shall be accessible to, and fit, safe and commodious, for the reception of such description and number of Vessels as commonly navigate the said Lake; and also to erect and build all such needful Moles, Piers, Wharves, Buildings and Erections whatsoever, as shall be useful and proper for the protection of the said Harbour, and for the accommodation and convenience of Vessels entering, lying, loading and unloading within the same, and to alter and amend, repair and enlarge the same, as may be found expedient and necessary.}

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors of the Company shall be, and they are hereby empowered to Company may agree with the occupiers contract, compound, compromise and agree with the owners and occu- of ground for Land piers of any Land through or upon which they may determine to cut and taken, or damages done in the construcconstruct the said intended Harbour, with all necessary and convenient tion of the Harbour, roads, streets and approaches thereto, to be constructed and made, either for the absolute purchase of so much of the said land as they shall require for the purposes of the said Company, or for the damages which he, she or they shall or may be entitled to recover from the said Company in consequence of the said Harbour, Roads and Streets, and Approaches thereto being cut and made, and constructed in and upon his, her or their respective Lands, other than the pond of the said Twenty Mile Creek, which is hereby vested in the said Company; and in case of any disagreement between the said Directors and the owners or occupiers aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors from time to time, as often as the said Directors shall think fit, for each owner Arbitrators may or occupier so disagreeing with the said Directors, either upon the value determine disputes.of the Lands and Tenements proposed to be purchased, or upon the amount of damages to be paid to them as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint one or more indifferent person or persons, and for the said Directors to nominate an equal number of indifferent persons, who, together with one other person, to be elected by ballot by the persons so named, shall be the Arbitrators to award, determine, adjudge and

CHAP. XXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

order the respective sums of money which the said Company shall pay to the respective persons entitled to receive the same, the award of the majority of whom shall be final; and the said Arbitrators shall, and are hereby required, to attend at some convenient place in the vicinity of the said intended Harbour, to be appointed by the said Directors, after eight days previous notice given them for that purpose by the said Directors, then and there to arbitrate, award, adjudge and determine such matters and things as shall be submitted to their consideration by the parties interested, and that each Arbitrator shall be sworn before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said District, any one of whom may be required to attend the said meeting for that purpose, well and truly to assess the damages between the parties, according to the best of his judgment: Provided always, that any award made under this Act shall be subject to be set aside, on application to the Court of King's Bench, in the same manner and on the same grounds as in ordinary cases of submission by the parties, in which case reference may be again made to Arbitrators, as hereinbefore provided, and that the said Company shall in no case take possession of any Land. the value of which shall be so awarded, unless payment be made according to the said award, or a tender thereof made to the party or parties therein interested, and shall not in any manner obstruct or interfere with the Highway now passing the mouth of the said Twenty Mile Creek; and shall construct and maintain a good and sufficient Bridge across the same, without any charge to the public.

When Tolls may be exacted.

Award may be made

a rule of Court:

Extent of Harbor.

Rates of Tolls.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That as soon as the said Harbour shall be so far completed as to be capable of receiving and sheltering Vessels, the said Company shall have full power and authority to ask for, demand and receive, recover and take as Toll, to and for their own proper use and benefit and behoof, on all Goods and Merchandize shipped on board, or landed out of any Vessel or Boat, or other Craft, from or upon any part of the Lake Shore between one half Mile East and one half Mile West of the mouth of the said Creek, in the Township of Louth, in the said Niagara District, and upon all Vessels and Boats entering the said Harbour, according to the rates following; that is to say:

Pot and Pearl Ashes, per Barrel, Six Pence. Pork, Whiskey, Salt Beef and Lard, per Barrel, Four Pence half penny. Flour, per Barrel, Two Pence. Lard and Butter, in Barrels, Three Pence.

Lard and Butter, in Kegs, One Penny.

Wheat, per sixty pounds, and all other Grain for Exportation, One Penny. Merchandize, per Barrel Bulk, Six Pence. Merchandize, per Hundred weight, Two Pence.

Boards and Lumber, per thousand feet, board measure, One Shilling and Three Pence.

Pipe Staves, per M., Seven Shillings and Six Pence.

West India Staves, per M., Two Shillings and Six Pence. Boats, under Twele Tons, One Shilling and Three Pence.

- Boats and Vesels, over Twelve Tons and under Fifty Tons, Five Shillings.
- Boats and Vessels, from Fifty Tons and upwards, Seven Shillings and Six Pence.

And all articles not enumerated, to pay in proportion to the above rates, subject to the direction of the Directors appointed by virtue of this Act : Provided nevertheless, that the said Directors shall have power to reduce the said rates of tolls should they see fit.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Harbour, Moles, Piers, Wharves, Buildings, Erections, and all Harbor, &c. vested Materials which shall be from time to time got or provided for construc- in the Company. ting, building, maintaining or repairing the same, and the said Tolls on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, as hereinbefore mentioned, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Company, and their successors for ever.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Goods or Versels may person or persons shall neglect or refuse to pay the Tolls or Dues to be be seized for non-collected under this Act, it shall and may be lowfel for the said Compayment of Tolls. collected under this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company, or their Officer, Clerk or Servant duly appointed, to seize and detain the Goods, Vessels, Boats, or other Craft on which the same were due and payable, until such Tolls are paid; and if the same shall be unpaid for the space of thirty days next after such seizure, the said Company, or their Officer, Clerk or Servant aforesaid, may sell or dispose of the said Goods, Vessels, Boats, or other Craft, or such parts thereof as may be necessary, to pay the said Tolls, by Public Auction, giving ten days notice thereof, and to return the overplus, if any, to the owner or owners thereof.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Property, affairs and concerns, of the said Company shall be managed Seven Directors to be elected. and conducted by Seven Directors, one of whom shall be chosen President, who shall hold their offices for one year, which said Directors shall Directors, qualificat be Stockholders to the amount of at least four Shares, as well as Inhabi- tion of.

CHAP. XXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Time and manner of Election.

tants of this Province, and be Elected on the second Monday in May in every year at or near the said Harbour, at such time of the day as a majority of the Directors for the time being shall appoint, and Public notice thereof shall be given in any Newspaper or Newspapers that may be published in the said Niagara Disirict, and in not less than three conspicuous places in the neighbourhood of said Harbour, at least thirty days previous to the time of holding the said Election ; and the said Election shall be held and made by such of the Stockholders of the said Company as shall attend for that purpose in their own proper persons. or by proxy, and all Elections for such Directors shall be by ballot, and the seven persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any Election shall be Directors, and if it shall happen at any such Election that two or more have an equal number of votes in such manner that a greater number of persons than seven shall by a plurality of votes appear to be chosen Directors, then the said Stockholders hereinbefore authorized to hold such Election shall proceed to elect by ballot until it is determined which of the said persons so having an equal number of votes shall be a Director or Directors so as to complete the whole number of seven, and the said Directors so chosen, as soon as may be after the said Election, shall proceed in like manner to elect by ballot one of their own number to be President; and if any vacancy or vacancies shall at any time happen among the Directors by death, resignation or removal from the Province, such vacancy or vacancies shall be filled for the remainder of the year in which they may happen by a person or persons to be nominated by a majority of the Directors.

Ratie of voting,

Vacancies how

filled up.

 Corporation not dissolved by non-election of Directors.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That each Stockholder shall be entitled to a number of votes proportioned to the number of Shares which he, she, or they as aforesaid shall have held in his, her or their own name, at least one month prior to the time of voting, according to the following rate, viz: one vote for every Share not exceeding four, five votes for six Shares, six votes for eight Shares, seven votes for ten Shares, and one vote for every five Shares above ten.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case it should at any time happen that an Election of Directors should not be made on any day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful on any day thereafter to make and hold an Election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the By-laws and Ordinances of the said Corporation.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Directors for the time being, or the major part of them, shall have power Directors may make to make and prescribe such Rules and regulations as to them shall appear needful and proper touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the said Corporation, and touching the duties of the officers, Clerks and servants, and all such other matters as appertain to the business of the said Company, and shall also have power to appoint as many officers, clerks and servants, for carrying on the said business, and with such salaries and allowances as to them shall seem fit.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on the second Monday in May after the passing of this Act, a meeting of Stockholders when the Stockholders shall be held at or near the said Harbour, who, in the and where to be held, same manner as hereinbefore provided, shall proceed to elect seven persons to be Directors, who shall continue in such office until the first Monday in May next after their Election, and who during such continuance shall discharge the duties of Directors in the same manner as if they had been elected at the annual election: *Provided always*, that if Shares to the amount of Two Thousand Pounds of the Capital Stock No meeting to be held until that amount of Stock shall have been taken up, and at least thirty days notice given in any Newspaper or Newspapers that may be published in the said Niagara District, and notices posted up in three conspicuous places in the neighbourhood of the said Harbour, as before directed by this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the whole Capital or Stock of the said Company, inclusive of any Real Estate which the said Company may have or hold by virtue of this Act, shall not exceed in value Five Thousand Pounds, to be held in Eight Number of shares Hundred Shares of Six Pounds Five Shillings each, and that the Shares of the said Capital Stock may, after the first instalment thereon shall have been paid, be transfered by the respective persons holding the same, to other person or persons, and such transfer shall be entered and registered in a book or books to be kept for that purpose by the said Company.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That as Instalments when soon as the Directors have been appointed as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for them to call upon the Stockholders of the said Company, by giving thirty days notice thereof in the manner before mentioned, for an Instalment of Ten per Cent. upon each Share which they or any of them may subscribe, and that the residue of the sum or Shares of the Stockholders shall be payable by Instalments, at such time and in such proportion as a majority of the Stockholders, at a meeting to be expressly convened for that purpose, shall agree upon, so as that no such Instal. ment shall exceed Ten per Cent, nor become payable in less that thirty days after public notice as aforesaid: Provided always, that the said Directors shall not commence the construction of the said Harbour until the first Instalment shall be paid in.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Stockholder or Stockholders as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to

pay at the time required any such Instalment or Instalments as shall be

lawfully required by the Directors, as due upon any Share or Shares, such Stockholder or Stockholders so refusing or neglecting, shall forfeit such Share or Shares as aforesaid, with any amount which shall have been previously paid thereon, and that the said Share or Shares shall be

sold by the Directors, and the sum arising therefrom, together with the amount previously paid in, shall be accounted for and applied in like manner as other monies of the said Company: Provided always, that the purchaser or purchasers shall pay the said Company the amount of the Instalment required, over and above the purchase money of the Share or Shares so purchased by him, her or them, as aforesaid, immediately. after the sale, and before they shall be entitled to the certificate of the transfer of such Share or Shares so purchased as aforesaid : Provided also, that thirty days notice of the sale of such forfeited Share or Shares. shall be given, in the manner hereinbefore directed, and that the Instal-t ment due may be received in redemption of any such forfeited Share or

Shares forfeited on non-payment of Justalments.

Forfeited, to be sold.

Directors to make Lividends.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shalls be the duty of the Directors to make annual Dividends of so much ofthe profits of the said Company as to them or a majority of them shall? seem adviseable, and that once in each year an exact and particular: statement, in detail, shall be rendered, of the state of their affairs, debts, credits, profits and losses, such statement to appear on the books. and to be open to the perusal of any Stockholder or Stockholders, at: his, her, or their reasonable request.

Shares at any time before the day appointed for the sale thereof.

His Majesty may of the Harbor within fifty years.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time after fifty years after making and completing the said Harbour. assume the possession His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, may assume the possession and property of the same, and all and every the works and dependencies thereto belonging, upon paying to the said Company, for the use of the Stockholders thereof, the full amount of their respective Share or Shares.

or of the sums furnished and advanced by each Subscriber towards the making and completing the said Harbour, together with such further sum as will amount to twenty-five per cent. upon the monies so advanced and paid, as a full indemnification to such Company; and the said Harbour shall from the time of such assumption in manner aforesaid, appertain and belong to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, who shall from thenceforth be substituted in the place and stead of the said Company, upon the conditions, and subject to any Act of the Legislature of this Province that may be passed for or respecting the same: Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, at any time after the expiration of the said fifty years to assume the possession and property of the said Harbour, with its appurtenances as aforesaid, unless it shall appear from the accounts of the said Company, to be for that intent laid before the Legislature, that the Stockholders of the said Company have received every year, upon an average, the sum of Twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings, for every One Hundred Pounds they shall be possessed of in the said Company.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the period when the possession of the right, interest and pro-appropriated after perty in and to the said Harbour, shall have been assumed by His the Harbor shall have Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, as hereinbefore authorized, all Tolls His Majesty. and profits arising therefrom, shall be paid into the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General, to and for the public uses of this Province, at the disposition of the Legislature thereof, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct: Provided always, that the said Harbour shall be commenced within three years, and completed within seven years after the passing of this Act, otherwise this Act, and every matter and thing herein contained, shall cease, and be utterly null and void.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall give the said Company, or be construed Company to enjoy ne to give to the said Company the exclusive right of fishing within the exclusive right of said Harbour or Lake shore, within the limits hereinbefore mentioned; and that it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to take, catch or kill, or to attempt to take, catch or kill any Fish by torch or fire-light; within one hundred yards of any work erected by the said Company.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be duly convicted by the oath of one or more fish near the Harbor. credible Witness or Witnesses, before any two of His Majesty's Justices for the said District, of having so caught or killed, or so attempted to catch or kill any Fish in manner aforesaid, such person or persons respectively, upon conviction as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Five Shillings, for every offence so committed, with all reasonable costs both before and after conviction, or in default of payment to be committed to the common Gaol of such District, as aforesaid, for a term of not more than thirty days, nor less than two days, unless the fine and costs are sooner paid.

CHAP. XXIV.

AN ACT to explain and repeal part of an Act passed in the first year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to erect the County of Prince Edward into a Separate District."

[Passed 13th February, 1893.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS by an Act of the Legislature of this Province passed in the first year of His present Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to erect the County of Prince Edward into a Separate District," it is amongst other things enacted, that so soon after the passing of the said Act as the said County of Prince Edward shall have paid into the Midland. District Treasury, out of the Assessed Rates and Taxes now or hereafter raised within said County, the full sum of Six Hundred Pounds, it shall be and be taken to be in full satisfaction for all arrears of said loan and interest thereon to be contributed and paid by the said County towards the said Midland District Debt: and whereas the sum of Six Hundred and twenty-four Pounds, twelve Shillings and ten Pence, was paid by the said County into the said Midland District Treasury up to the time. of holding the General Quarter Sessions in said District in the month of April next after the passing of the said Act, out of the Assessed Rates and Taxes of the said County for the year one thousand eight hundred. and thirty : and whereas doubts have arisen whether the said Rates of the said County for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty were applicable towards the payment of the said Six Hundred Pounds mentioned in the said Act, or whether the same should be considered as belonging to the Midland District Funds :- Be it therefore enacted, by

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That Six Hundred Pounds of the aforesaid sum of Six Hundred and twenty-four Pounds, twelve Shillings and ten District mileu of all claims on Prince Edward. of the said Act shall be, and be taken to be, in full satisfaction of the proportion so to be contributed and paid by the said County of Prince Edward towards the said Midland District Debt, any Law, usage, or custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the 1 William 4, ch. Seventh Section of the said Act shall be, and the same is hereby sec. 7, repealed. Repealed.

CHAP. XXV.

AN ACT to authorise the Magistrates of the Eastern District to borrow a further sum of Money for the completion of the Gaol and Court House in the said District, and for inclosing the same; and also to empower the said Magistrates to continue the Assessments already imposed for building the said Gaol and Court House, until the Money so borrowed shall be repaid, with the Interest thereon.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS it is expedient to enable the Magistrates of the Eastern District to borrow a further sum of money for the completion of the Gaol and Court House at Cornwall, in and for the said District, and for Freemble. inclosing the same, and also to empower the said Magistrates to continue the Assessments already imposed upon the Inhabitant Householders of said District by the fifth clause of an Act passed in the Eighth year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a Gaol and Court House in the Eastern District," until the Additional loan, not exceeding £2,000, may be raised.

Additional rate continued until debt and interest paid.

No greater interest than 6 per cent to be given.

Not less than £500 per annum to be applied in liquidation of the debt.

money loaned under the authority of this Act shall be repaid :---Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in General Quarter Sessions assembled, by an order of the Court, to authorize and direct the Treasurer of the said District to raise by loan, from such person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to lend the same on the credit of the District, a sum of money not exceeding Two Thousand Pounds, to be applied by the Commissioners appointed by Law for the completion of the Gaol and Court House at Cornwall, in said District, and for inclosing the same.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the fifth clause of the said Act passed in the Eighth year of His late Majesty's Reign as empowers the Magistrates of the said District in General Quarter Sessions assembled, to levy by Assessment, an additional rate upon every Inhabitant Householder in the said District, for the erection of the said Gaol and Court House, be, and the same is hereby continued for such term of years as may be necessary to repay the said sum of money and Interest, and no longer.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the money so loaned under the authority of this Act, shall not bear a greater Interest than Six per Centum per annum, and that from and after the payment of the loan heretofore contracted for the building of the said Gaol and Court House, the Treasurer of the said District for the time being shall annually, until the loan raised under this Act, with the Interest accruing thereon, shall be paid and discharged, apply towards the payment of the same a sum not less than Five Hundred Pounds, from and out of the Rates and Assessments which may come into his hands for the purposes of the said District, together with all such monies as may remain in his hands after the payment of the ordinary and incidental charges of the year.

CHAP,

. •.•

CHAP. XXVI.

AN ACT to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty, entitled, "An Act for the relief of the sufferers who sustained loss during the late War with the United States of America," and also of a certain other Act passed in the same year, entitled "An Act to authorise the Receiver General of the Province to raise by Debentures, on the credit of certain Duties therein mentioned, a Sum of Money for the relief of the Sufferers during the late War with the United States," and for affording further relief to the said Sufferers.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, entitled "An Act for the relief of the sufferers who sustained Preamble. loss during the late War with the United States of America," and also a certain other Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the same year, entitled "An Act to authorize the Receiver General of this Province to raise by Debentures, on the credit of certain Duties therein mentioned, a sum of money for the relief of the sufferers during the late War with the United States," have been found ineffectual for the purposes intended, and it is expedient to repeal the same : We therefore beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said Acts, and every clause, Part of 11 Geo. 4. matter and thing therein contained, be, and the same are hereby 're- ch. 21 & 22, repeated. pealed, save and excepting so much thereof as continues the Duty upon Salt and Whiskey, which shall, after the passing of this Act, be paid into the hands of the Receiver General, to and for the public uses of this Province.

P

£55,000 to be raised by Debenture, for payment of War Losses. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by loan, such a sum, not exceeding Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, from any person or persons, bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the Debentures authorized to be issued by virtue of this Act, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Four per Centum per annum, payable half yearly, as shall, together with the monies already appropriated for that purpose, be sufficient to pay the sum of Fifty-seven Thousand, Four Hundred and Twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings, Sterling, towards the liquidation of the said claims.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, to cause any number of Debentures to be made out for any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, as any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province for the time being shall think most safe and convenient, and that for each loan or advance a Debenture shall issue, bearing date on the day on which the same shall be actually issued, expressed to be for the payment of Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, or such part thereof as may be actually received, and redeemable at the expiration of twenty years, and signed by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the provisions contained in a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to authorize the Government to borrow a certain sum of moncy, upon Debentures, to be loaned to the Welland Canal Company," respecting the Debentures authorized by the said Act passing current with Public Accountants; the payment of Interest on the same by such Accountants, and the suspension of Interest in certain cases; the submitting to the Legislature accounts of such Debentures; the paying off and cancelling the said Debentures; or for any thing relating thereto, shall apply to and be in force in respect to the Debentures which shall be issued under the authority of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all monies required to be paid by virtue of this Act shall be paid by the

Receiver General to issue Debentures for any sum not exceeding £55,000.

Redeemable in twenty years.

Certain provisions in 7 Geo. 4, ch. 20, extended to this Act. Receiver General of this Province, in discharge of any such Warrant or Monies how paid and Warrants as shall for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant accounted for. Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXVII.

AN ACT to afford further Relief to the Snfferers who sustained Loss during the late War with the United States of America.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN.

WHEREAS a Bill hath passed the House of Assembly of this Province and been transmitted to the Legislative Council for its concurrence during the present Session of the Legislature, entitled "An Act to repeal Preamble, certain parts of an Act passed in the eleventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty, entitled 'An Act for the relief of the Sufferers who sustained loss during the late War with the United States of America," and also of a certain other Act passed in the same year, entitled "An Act to authorise the Receiver General of the Province to raise by Debentures, on the credit of certain Duties therein mentioned, a sum of money for the relief of the Sufferers during the late War with the United States, and for affording further relief to the said Sufferers," authorising the Governor, Licutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the time being, to direct the Receiver General of this Province to raise by loan the sum of Fifty-five Thousand Pounds, at a rate of interest not exceeding four per centum per annum, to be applied to the payment of losses sustained by certain Inhabitants of this Province during the late War with the United States of America : and whereas, after applying the said sum of fifty-five thousand Pounds, and the sum of five thousand five hundred Pounds arising from the duties on Salt and Whiskey, now in the hands of the Receiver General, and heretofore appropriated towards the payment of the said claims, there will still remain a balance of three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings, and four Pence unprovided for, to make up the sum of fifty-seven thousand, four hundred and twelve Pounds, ten Shillings,

Sterling, required by the Despatch of Earl Bathurst, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, to be raised exclusively upon the credit of this Province, before His Majesty's Government would make any further payment on account of the said losses; which sum of three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings. and four Pence, Provincial Currency, it is therefore expedient should be raised by loan and granted to His Majesty to make up the said deficiency: and whereas, it is also doubtful whether the before mentioned sum of fifty-five thousand Pounds could be borrowed in the Province, at so low a rate of interest as four per centum payable in this Province : Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by Loan such a further sum, not exceeding £3,291 13 4, ceeding three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings and four Pence, from any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the Debentures authorized to be issued by virtue of this Act, as shall together with the said sum of fifty-five thousand Pounds, and monies already raised from the said Dutics on Salt and Whiskey, and appropriated for that purpose, be sufficient to pay the sum of fifty-seven thousand, four hundred and twelve Pounds, ten Shillings, Sterling, towards the liquidation of the said claims, which sum is hereby granted to His Majesty towards the payment of the losses sustained by the said Sufferers during the late War with the United States of America.

Rate of Interest at which money to be borrowed.

Further sum, not ex-

ment of War Losses,

to be raised, and applied towards pay-

> II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several sums of fifty-five thousand Pounds, and three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings and four Pence, shall and may be raised at any rate of interest, not exceeding four per centum per annum payable half yearly in London, or five per centum per annum payable half yearly in this Province, any thing in the said in part recited Bill to the contrary notwithstanding. · · · 12

Receiver General to issue Debentures.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General of this Province, for the time being, to cause any number of Debentures to be made out for any such sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said several sums of fifty-five thousand Pounds, and three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings and four Pence, as any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, for the time being, shall think most safe and convenient; and that for each loan or advance a Debenture shall issue, bearing date on the day on which the same shall be actually issued, expressed to be for the payment of the said several sums of fiftyfive thousand Pounds, and three thousand, two hundred and ninety-one Pounds, thirteen Shillings and four Pence, or such part thereof as may be actually received, and redeemable at the expiration of twenty years, and signed by the Receiver General of this Province, for the time being.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Interest growing due upon the said Debentures shall and may be Interest when and demandable in half yearly periods computing from the date thereof, and shall and may be paid on demand by the Receiver General of this Province, for the time being, who shall take receipts for the same from the parties respectively, and that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, shall after the thirtieth day of June, and thirty-first day of December in each year, issue Warrants to the Receiver General for the payment of the amount of Interest that shall have been advanced according to the receipts to be by him taken as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the provisions contained in a certain Act of the Parliament of this Certain provisions Province passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled of 7 Geo. 4, ch. 20. "An Act to authorise the Government to borrow a certain sum of money upon Debentures to be loaned to the Welland Canal Company," respecting the Debentures authorized by the said Act passing current with certain public Accountants ; the payment of Interest on the same by such Accountants, and the suspension of Interest in certain cases ; the submitting to the Legislature Accounts of such Debentures and the Interest paid thereon and the expenses attending the same ; the remuneration to the Receiver General for the services required by the Act ; the paying off and cancelling the said Debentures, and the punishment awarded for forging any of the said Debentures, or any endorsement thereon, or for uttering or tendering in payment any such Debenture, knowing the same to be forged, or for any thing relating thereto, shall apply to and be in force in respect to the Debentures which shall be issued under the authority of this Act.

and accounted for.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Money how to bepaid Monies required to be paid towards the compensation of the said Losses by the authority of this or of any other Act passed or to be passed, shall be paid by the said Receiver General in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administeriug the Government of this Province; and shall be accounted for to His Majesty by the Receiver General of this Province, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasurv for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXVIII.

AN ACT to repeal part of, and amend an Act passed in the Fiftyseventh year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third. entitled "An Act to establish a Police in the Towns of York, Sandwich, and Amherstburgh."

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

Magistrates of the Home District, in April in each year, a sum not exceeding four pence in the pound on rateable property in the Town of .Yusk.

W HEREAS the Law now in force authorizing the Magistrates in the Town of York to raise by Assessment a sum not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, for Police purposes, as therein mentioned, is found, from the great increase of the said Town, insufficient :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this toraise by Assussment Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrates of the Home District, or the major part of them, in Quarter Sessions assembled, in the month of April in each and every year, to raise by Assessment from the persons rated upon any Assessment for property in the said Town, a sum

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXIX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

not exceeding Four Pence in the Pound, on the amount for which each person shall be Assessed in the said Town in any one year, for purchasing to be applied. and keeping in repair Fire-Engines, Ladders, Buckets, and other Utensils, for the extinguishing of fires, and for making any other necessary improvements in the said Town, exclusive of the sum such persons may he rated for in and upon any other Assessment of this Province ; and in order to carry the said Assessment into effect, it shall be the duty of Clerk of the Peace the Clerk of the Peace for the Home District, to select from the rateable property in General Assessment of the said District, a list or assessment of the ^{the Town}. rateable property that each and every person owns or possesses in the said Town, ready to be laid before the Magistrates in Quarter Sessions assembled for the said District, in April in each and every year.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the second clause of an Act passed in the fifty-seventh year clause of 57 Geo. 3d, of the Reign of King George the Third, entitled "An Act to establish ch. 2, r pealed. a Police in the Towns of York, Sandwich and Amherstburgh, as relates to the levying an Assessment in the Town of York, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

CHAP. XXIX.

AN ACT to prevent the felling of Timber in the River Thames.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS much injury has arisen and may continue to arise from the felling of Timber into the River Thames in this Province, by endan-Preamble. gering the Mill Dams and Bridges, and impeding the Navgation thereof: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and Penalty for felling Timber into the Thames end not cutfelling any Trees into the said River Thames, or upon such parts of the ting the tranks and Banks thereof as are usually overflowed in the Autumn or Spring of into short lengths. the year by means of the rising of the waters of the said River, who shall not top off the Branches of such Trees, and cut up the 'Trunk thereof' into lengths of not more than eighteen feet, before they are or shall be allowed to be floated or cast into the said River, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of twenty Shillings.

Method of levying penalty.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any person or persons who shall, after the said first day of August next, cut down or fell any Trees as aforesaid contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall, upon conviction before any two Justices of the Peace in the District in which such person or persons may reside or have committed such offence, pay such fine as to the said Justices the case may seem to require, not exceeding the sum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied by distress out of the Goods and Chattels of the said person or persons so convicted, and in case no such distress can be found wherefrom to levy such fine, or that the said person or persons so convicted do not otherwise pay the said fines, then and in such case the said Justices may confine the said person or persons in the common Gaol of the District where such person or persons shall be convicted, for the term and space of ten days.

Appropriation of penaltics.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all fines and forfeitures to be levied by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the District where the same shall be levied, and shall be applied to the Improvement of the Roads within the same.

CHAP. XXX.

AN ACT to protect the White-Fish Fisheries in the Straits or Rivers Niagara, Detroit, and Saint Clair, in this Province.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is necessary to protect the White-Fish Fisheries in this Province :— Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts"

Freamble.

of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any person or Penalty of £125 impersons shall use or employ, or cause to be used or employed, any using Seines in cer-Seine, or other Nets, for the taking of White-Fish, in the Straits or tain Rivers. Rivers Detroit, Saint Clair, and Niagara, within the Province of Upper Canada, of a greater length than Fitty Fathoms, he or they, for every such offence, shall forfeit the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds.

II. And be it further cnacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Penalty for fishing person or persons who shall be found fishing for White-Fish in either on Sunday. the said Straits or Rivers within this Province, with Seines, Gill-Nets, or other Nets, on the first day of the week, called Sunday, shall forfeit, for every such offence, the sum of Fifty Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Penalty for diverting any person or persons shall attempt to divert the natural progress or the progress of the running of the White Fish within this Province by Shingling or other fish from their accusdevice, he or they shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of one hundred and twenty-five Pounds, or be Imprisoned, not exceeding three months, at the discretion of the Court.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall fish in the said Straits or Rivers fronting the persons not to fish Farm or Land of any person or persons, except in the Channel of said individuals, under a Straits or Rivers, after notice given to desist by the owner or occupant of such farm or Land, he or they shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of fifty Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Penalty how to be forfeitures which shall be incurred under the provisions of this Act shall recovered and be recovered by Action of Debt with Costs of Suit before any Court having competent Jurisdiction; one moiety thereof to the person or persons who may sue for the same, and the other moiety to be paid into the hands of the Receiver General, to and for the uses of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Public uses of this Province and towards the support of the Government thereof, to be accounted for to His Majesty, through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as it shall please His Majesty to direct.

Q

CHAP. XXXI.

AN ACT Granting a sum of Money to defray the expense of erecting a Bridge over the Grand River at Brantford, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN.

WHEREAS it is expedient to erect a Bridge across the Grand River at Brantford; and whereas it is necessary to provide a sum of Money to defray the expense of erecting and keeping the same in repair : may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted-And be it enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain. entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Goverment of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That Charles Duncombe, Jedediah Jackson, James Racey, John Westbrook and Absalom Shade, be Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to procure plans and estimates of a Bridge across the Grand River at Brantford, and to contract with such person or persons as shall undertake to build and crect the same, and the works and approaches therewith connected or any part thereof, and who shall do and perform all and whatsoever act and acts, thing and things, necessary and proper to carry the intentions of this Act into full effect; and shall and may from time to time after the completion of such Bridge and the approaches thereto, fix such Rates and Tolls as to them may seem just; and shall report to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the information of the Legislature, on or before the first day of November in each and every year, all matters by them annually done or performed by virtue of this Act, with an account in detail of all monies by them received and paid under the provisions thereof.

£1,500 to be raised by lean to build Brantford Bridge. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, so soon after the passing

Preamble.

Commissioners appointed.

Duty of Commissioners.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXI. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

of this Act as he may deem expedient, to authorize and direct His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by Loan from any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued under this Act, a sum of money not exceeding fifteen hundred Pounds, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Six per Cent. payable half yearly in this Province.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General of this Province for the time Debentures to be issued by Receiver being, to cause or direct any number of Debentures to be made out for General. any such sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of fifteen hundred Pounds, as any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and that for each loan or advance three several Debentures shall issue at the same time, bearing date on the day on which the same shall actually be issued, and being each for the payment of one-third of the sum so advanced, at the expiration of eight, nine, and ten years respectively, with interest at the rate aforesaid from the date of each Debenture until the same shall be discharged; and every such Debenture shall and may be signed by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall Forge or Counterfeit any such Debenture as Debeutures. aforesaid which shall be issued under the authority of this Act and uncancelled, or any stamp, endorsement or writing thereon or therein, or tender in payment any such forged Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereon, or shall demand to have any such counterfeit Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein exchanged for ready money by any person or persons who shall be obliged and required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whomsoever knowing the Debentures so tendered in payment or to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein to be forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the persons appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or any other person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, then every such person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in cases of Felony.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Return of the number Receiver General of this Province for the time being shall, before each of Debentures issued to be made annually. Session of the Parliament of this Province, transmit to the Governor. Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, correct accounts of the numbers, amounts, and dates of the different Debentures which he may have issued under the authority of this Act: of the amount of the Debentures redeemed by him. and the Interest paid thereon respectively; and also of the amount of the said Depentures outstanding and unredeemed at the periods aforesaid, and of the expenses attending the issuing the same, to be laid before the Legislature of this Province.

> VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the Interest growing due upon the said Debentures, shall and may be payable in half-yearly periods, to be computed from the date thereof, and shall and may be paid, on demand, by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, who shall take care to have the same endorsed on each Debenture at the time of payment thereof, expressing the period up to which the said Interest shall have been paid, and shall take reccipts for the same from the persons respectively, and that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, shall, after the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of December in each year, issue Warrants to the Receiver General, for the navment of the amount of Interest that shall have been advanced according to the receipts to be taken by him, as aforesaid.

> VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a separate Warrant shall be made to the Receiver General by the Governor. Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of the Province for the time being, for the payment of each Debenture as the same may become due, and be presented in favour of the lawful holder thereof, and that such Debentures as shall from time to time be discharged and paid off, shall be cancelled and made void by the said Receiver General.

how to be called in and made payable.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at Debentures when and any time after the said Debentures, or any of them, shall respectively become due according to the terms thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, if he thinks proper so to do, to direct a notice to be inserted in the Upper Canada Gazette, requiring all holders of the said Debentures to present the same for payment according to this Act; and if after the insertion of the said notice for three months any

Debentures when and how to be made pavable.

Warrants to be issued for payment of Debentures.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXI. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Debenture then payable shall remain out more than six months from the first publication of such notice, all Interest on such Debentures, after the expiration of six months, shall cease and be no further payable in respect of the time which may elapse between the expiration of the said six months and their presentment for payment.

1X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Governor to fill va-Administering the Government of the Province for the time being, to of Commissioners. nominate and appoint under his Hand and Seal, such person or persons as he shall think fit, to fill any vacancy or vacancies which from time to time shall or may happen in the said Board of Commissioners, by death, resignation, or otherwise.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners may said Commissioners may from time to time appoint such Engineers, appoint Engineers, Agents, Officers, Workmen and Servants, as they may think fit, and and Agents to pay them such salaries as they may deem just and reasonable, to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, taking, when necessary, good security for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed.

X1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no No Commissioner of Commissioner or Secretary appointed under the provisions of this Act, terested in any shall be directly or indirectly concerned, engaged or interested in any Contract, contract or agreement for the performance of any work which may be necessary under the authority of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall, at their first general meeting held after the Commissioners when said Bridge, together with the approaches thereto, shall be completed, and where to be held ascertain and fix the rates and dues to be taken by virtue of this Act, completed, and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to alter the said rates and dues at any subsequent meeting, after giving two months notice of their intention so to do, and that a schedule of rates and dues shall be affixed on the gate of the said Bridge.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several tolls or dues shall be paid to such person or persons, and in to whom made such manner, and under such regulations as the said Commissioners payable. shall direct or appoint; and in case of denial or neglect of payment of any such tolls or dues, or any part thereof, on demand, to the person or persons appointed to receive the same, as foresaid, the said Commissioners may sue for and recover the same in any Court having jurisdiction thereof.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Penalty for maliciousby damaging Bridge. person or persons shall wilfully or maliciously break down, damage or destroy any bank, gate, or any works, machine or device to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful act, hurt or mischief, to disturb, hinder or prevent the carrying into execution this Act, or completing, supporting or maintaining the said Bridge, every such person or persons so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

> XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all persons whatsoever shall have liberty to use with horses, cattle and carriages, the Bridge, Roads and Approaches to be made as aforesaid, upon payment of such tolls and dues as shall be established by said Commissioners.

> XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all penalties and forfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any rule, order or by-law of the said Commissioners to be made in pursuance thereof, shall, upon proof of the offences respectively before any two Justices of the Peace for the District of Gore, either by the confession of the party or parties, or by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, be levied by distress and sale of the Goods and Chattels of the parties offending, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of such Justices, and the overplus, after such penalties and forfeitures, and the charges of such sale are deducted, shall be returned, on demand, to the owner or owners of such Goods and Chattels; and in case such sufficient distress cannot be found, or such penalties or forfeitures shall not be faithfully paid, it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cause such offender or offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol of the District of Gore, there to remain without bail or mainprize for such time as such Justices may direct, not exceeding twenty days, unless such penalties and forfeitures, and all reasonable costs and charges attending the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Penalties how ao ecunted for.

1

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all penalties and forfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any rule, order or by-law of the Commissioners to be made in pursuance thereof, when levied and satisfied in manner aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Commissioners, to be by them with other monies transmitted to His. Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, to be accounted for to His

All persons may use Bridge, &c. on payment of Tolls.

Penalties and forfeitures how recovered. Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct.

XVIII. And be it further exacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any plaint shall be brought or commenced against any person or per-Actions against sons, for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or in this Act to be brought execution of the powers or authorities or the orders and directions within six months. hereinbefore given or granted, every such suit shall be brought or commenced within six calendar months next after the fact committed; or in case there shall be a continuation of damages, then within six calendar months after the doing or committing such damages, shall cease, and not afterwards, and the Defendant or Defendants in such action or suit may Defendant may plead plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matters in general issue. evidence at any trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be done so, or if any action or suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, then a verdict shall be given for the Defendant.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That whenever the Commissioners appointed under this Act shall be named make rules and regutherein it shall be taken and construed to mean the majority of the said lations for carrying Commissioners; and that the said Commissioners shall have power to make and subscribe such Rules and Regulations as to them shall appear needful and proper touching the management and disposition of the monies coming into their hands, and touching the duties and conduct of the Officers, Clerks, and Servants employed by them, and all such other matters as appertain to the conduct of the said Commissioners in carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said Commissioners shall have power and authority to appoint one of their Acting Commissioner may be appointed &. own number, or some other person, to act in all matters relating to the management and control of the Works to be carried on under their orders and directions, subject to such restrictions as the said Commissioners or a majority of them shall think proper and expedient to impose, and the said Commissioners shall and may allow to the person appointed by them as aforeaaid for his services, out of the monies which shall come into their hands under the provisions of this Act, such sum as they may consider proper.

Act into effect.

First meeting of Commissioners when and where to be holden.

Monies raised under this Act to whom to be paid, and how accounted for.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall hold their first meeting at such time and place as the majority of the said Commissioners may name and appoint.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all monies which shall be raised by Debenture under the provisions of this Act shall be paid by the Receiver General of this Province in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as may from time to time be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the time being, in favour of the said Comissioners, and shall be accounted for through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXXII.

AN ACT granting a sum of Money for the construction of Works to Improve and preserve the Harbour of York, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is necessary to grant a sum of Money for the Improvement and preservation of the Harbour of York, in the Home District; we, Your Majesty's faithful Commons of Upper Canada, in Provincial Parliament assembled, beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted : And be it enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more' effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That there be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, out of the Rates and Duties raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be levied and collected, of the Town of York, and in the hands of the Receiver General unappropriated, the sum of

£2,000 granted to His Majesty for constructing improvements in the Harbor

Two Thousand Pounds, which sum shall be applied in constructing Works for the Improvement and Preservation of the said Harbour of York.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That William Chisholm, Hugh Richardson, and James G. Chewett, be Commissioners appointed for carryfor superintending the construction of such Works as by them shall be ing the objects of the thought necessary for the Improvement and Preservation of the said Harbour.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for the purpose of raising a fund for the repayment into the Public Treasury for raising a fund for of the Province of the annual Interest of Six per Cent. on the said sum defraying the Priocipal and Interest of two thousand Pounds granted by this Act, and for the gradual repay- the sum granted. ment of the said Principal sum, itshall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the same, from time to time to impose such Rates and Tolls upon the Cargoes of Vessels coming into the Port of York and unladen within the same, and for Wharfage on Vessels lying under and protected by any Work which may be constructed by the said Commissioners, as shall be deemed necessary to pay the said annual Interest, and for the gradual repayment of the said Principal sum of two thousand Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authoriy aforesaid, That it shall Governor and Council and may be lawful for the Governor, Licutenant Governor or Person Ad- to make regulations ministering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, from time to time to make and declare such regulations for the levying and collecting of the Tolls and Wharfage to be imposed under and by virtue of this Act as shall be thought most effectual and convenient.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall refuse to comply with, or shall wilfully violate any Penalty for disobeying the Portregula-Rule or Regulation made or declared by the Governor, Lieutenant Gover-tions. nor or Person Administering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, such person or persons for any such offence shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty Pounds, to be recovered by information in any Court of Record in this Province, one half thereof to be given to the Informer, and the other half shall be paid into the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General to and for the Public uses of this Province.

R

CHAP. XXXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Collector of the

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That it shall Customs to levy tolls, and may be lawful for the Collector of the Customs for the Port of York. for the time being, to demand and receive all monies levied under and by virtue of this Act, and to pay the same into the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General at the times prescribed by Law for paying Rates and Duties levied and collected on Imports at the said Port of York.

Tolls to cease on re-payment of the sum granted, and Interest.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That sosoon as the said sum of two thousand Pounds granted by this Act, and the Interest thereon, shall have been repaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to annul all orders for the levying of Rates and Tolls upon the Cargoes of Vessels coming into the said Port, and for Wharfage on Vessels lying under and protected by any Work erected. in pursuance of this Act.

Monics how to be accounted for.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Monies granted by this Act, and all Monies collected under and by virtue of the same, shall be accounted for to Ilis Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXXIII.

AN ACT to provide for the Improvement of certain Inland. Waters in the District of Newcastle.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to Improve the Navigation of the River, Otonibee, in the District of Newcastle, and also the adjacent waters, leading from Mud Lake to Scugog Lake, in the Township of Ops, in the said District : and whereas such Navigation is manifestly advantageous to the surrounding Settlement, and would if improved greatly extend the benefits of Commerce in the said District : and whereas Petitions have been presented to the Legislature this Session requesting aid to the above object, and the Committee to whom such Petitions were referred have recommended that a sum of Two Thousand Pounds should be appropriated to that purpose :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's

ELEVENTH PARL'T .-- CHAP. XXXIII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Govern- $\frac{f_{2,000}}{r_{aised}}$ by way of ment of this Province, to authorize and direct the Receiver General to loan. raise by Loan, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Six per centum per annum, and as much lower as can be obtained, from any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued as hereinafter mentioned, a sum of Money not exceeding Two Thousand Pounds, to aid in completing the Navigation of the said waters.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Debentures to be shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General for the time being to issued for the sums cause or direct any number of Debentures to be made out for such sum or sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of two thousand Pounds, as any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and shall be signed by him, and that for each loan or advance four several Debentures shall issue at the same time, bearing date the day on which the same shall be actually issued, and being each for the payment of onefourth of the sum so advanced, and payable out of the Tolls, Dues and Rates authorized to be levied by this Act and no other, at the expiration of periods not shorter than three, five, seven and ten years respectively, with Interest according to the rate at which such loan shall be negociated, from the date of such Debenture until the same shall be discharged.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such Debentures, with the Interest thereon, shall be and are hereby charged Debentures to be and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid and borne out of the Monies Tolls authorized by that shall come into the hands of the Receiver General of this Province this Act. arising out of the Rates, Tolls and Dues, hereafter to be collected upon the said Navigation, and from no other source.

CHAP. XXXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Tolls to be applied towards the liquidation of the loan hereby authorized.

Certain provisions ch. , extended to the Debentures to be

Receiver General not to be entitled to Poundage.

Commissioners appointed to carry the objects of this Act into effect.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the whole of the net proceeds arising out of the Rates, Tolls and Dues hereafter to be raised, levied, and collected on the suid Navigation shall be applied to the purpose of redeeming the loan authorized to be made by this Act until it shall be liquidated with the Interest thereon: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Collector of the said Tolls to receive out of such Rates, Tolls and Dues, to be collected on the said Navigable waters, such sum or sums as the Commissioners hereinafter mentioned, or the majority of them, shall appoint.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all contained in 7 Geo. 4, and every the provisions contained in a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, issued under this Act. entitled "An Act to authorize the Government to borrow a certain sum of money upon Debenture to be loaned to the Welland Canal Company," respecting the submitting to the Legislature accounts of such Debentures and the Interest paid thereon; the payment of Interest to holders of such Debentures; paying off and cancelling the said Debentures: and also the provision made in the Seventh Section of the said Act for punishing the Forging of any Debenture thereby authorized to be issued, or of any matter or thing relating thereto; or the knowingly uttering any such forged Debenture or other matter as aforesaid, shall apply to and be in force in respect to the Debentures which shall be issued according to this Act.

> VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of money herein authorized to be raised by loan shall not be subject to any deduction of Poundage to the Receiver General of this Province.

> VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That James G. Bethune, Thomas Need, John Hall, John Huston, William Whitla, Robert Brown, and Alexander McDonell, Esquires, be Commissioners for the purpose of receiving plans, tenders and estimates, and of contracting for and superinteding the work and labour necessary to be done and performed in order to complete, secure, and make permanent the said Navigation, with the banks, piers, excavations and other works thereto appertaining; and to them or any of them shall be paid in discharge of such warrant or warrants as shall for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, the sum or sums required by this Act to be expended for the purpose of completing the said Navigation: Provided always that the sums so applied shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in such manner and

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

form as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct : and that if any of the persons hereby nominated and appointed Commissioner shall die or point new Connuirefuse to Act as such Commissioner under the authority of this Act, it sioners in cases of shall be in the power of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government, to appoint another Commissioner in the place of him who may die or refuse to act as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners to Commissioners appointed by virtue of this Act shall appoint a Collector appoint Toll Collector. of Tolls, whose duty it shall be to collect all such Rates, Tolls and Dues, as are imposed by this Act on all Boats, Steam Boats, Vessels or Barges, using the said Navigation, and on all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, transported in the same, which Collector shall account to the said Commissioners at such time and in such manner as they shall see fit to appoint.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Toll Collector may shall and may be lawful for the Collector aforesaid to appoint one or more Deputy or Deputies. Deputy or Deputies to collect the Tolls or Dues authorized to be levied and collected by virtue of this Act.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the following Tolls and Dues shall be levied and collected on the said Navigation, and continued until such time as the said loan and the interest thereon shall have been repaid, that is to say:—

On each trip of every Boat, Steam Boat or Vessel, carrying goods or Rate of Tolls to be passengers up or down the River Otonibee, Five Shillings.

On all Goods, Wares or Merchandize transported up or down the said River, per hundred weight, Two Pence.

On Pork or Pot Ash, per Barrel, Three Pence.

On each trip of every Boat, Steam Boat or Vessel, carrying goods or passengers from Mud Lake to Sturgeon Lake, Five Shillings.

On all Goods, Wares or Merchandize, transported from Mud Lake to Sturgeon Lake, per hundred weight, Two Pence,

X1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Toll Collectors to Collector or Collectors of Tolls to be apppointed by the said Commis-receive Tolls, and in sioners shall have full power and authority to ask, demand, and receive may seize Boats, &c. the said Tolls, and in default of payment to seize and detain the Boat or until paid. Vessel, Goods, Wares or Merchandize, on which the Tolls are unpaid, and in case the same are not paid within eight days it shall and may be lawful for such Collector or Collectors, after giving twenty days notice, notice.

CHAP. XXXIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.-THIRD SESSION

to sell and dispose of the Boat or Vessel, or Goods, Wares, or Merchandize so seized, and out of the proceeds of such sale pay the said Tolls, and to render the overplus, if any, to the owner or owners thereof.

Yenalty for malicious XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any impuries to the works, person or persons shall wilfully or maliciously break down, damage, or destroy any Bank, Gate, or any Works, Machine or Device, to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful act, hurt or mischief, to disturb, hinder, or prevent the carrying into execution this Act, or completing, supporting, or maintaining the said Navigation, every such person or persons so offending shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Actions to be brought within six calendar months for any thing done under the authority of this Act,

General issue may be pleaded.

Acting Commissioner to be selected to superintend the Works.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any plaint shall be brought or commenced against any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in execution of the powers or authorities, or the orders and directions hereinbefore given or granted, every such suit shall be brought or commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the fact committed, or in case there shall be a continuation of damages, then within Six Calendar Months after the doing or committing such damages and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such action or suit may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matters in evidence at any trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by authority of this Act, and if it shall appear to be done so, or if any action or suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, then a verdict shall be given for the Defendant.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall have power and authority to appoint one of their own number, or some other person, to act in all matters relating to the management and control of the Works to be carried on under their orders and directions, subject to such restrictions as the said Commissioners, or a majority of them, shall think proper and expedient to impose, and the said Commissioners shall and may allow to the person appointed by them as aforesaid for his services, out of the Monies which shall come into their hands under the provisions of this Act, such sum as they may consider proper.

Erst meeting when and where to be held, said Commissioners shall hold their first meeting at such time and place as the majority of the said Commissioners may name and appoint.

ELEVENTH PARL'T .- CHAP. XXXIV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the

said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered by themselves, General powers of their Agents or Workmen, Contractors or Servants, to enter into or upon Commissioners in the the Lands or Grounds of or belonging to any person or persons, Bodies formance of the Politic or Corporate, and take, carry away, and lay all such Timbers, works placed under their management. Stone and other materials, out of or upon any Lands or Grounds of any person or persons adjoining or lying contiguous thereto, and which may be necessary for constructing and keeping in repair the said Navigation, and the Roads or approaches thereto; and also to place, lay, work and manufacture the said materials on the grounds near to the place or places where the said Works or any of them are or shall be intended to be made or erected, repaired or done; and also to make, maintain, repair and alter any fences or passages which shall communicate therewith; and also to construct, make and do, all other matters and things which they shall think necessary and convenient for the making, preserving, completing, and repairing the said Navigation and approaches in pursuance and within the true meaning of this Act; they the said Commissioners doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the several powers to them hereby granted.

CHAP. XXXIV.

AN ACT to provide for the erection of a Bridge across the River Trent, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS it is expedient to erect a Bridge across the River Trent, in the Township of Murray, at or as near to the mouth of the said River as the convenience of the public and the security of such Bridge may Preamble. admit; and whereas it is necessary to provide a sum of Money to defray the expense of erecting and keeping the same in repair, and also to provide for the expenses incurred by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in procuring certain Plans and Surveys in pursuance of an Address of the House of Assembly during the last Session : May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada,,

Commissioners appointed to carry the objects of this Act into effect.

constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That Reuben White, James G. Bethune, and Robert C. Wilkins, Esquires, be Commissioners, whose duty it shall be to cause a Survey or Surveys to be made, and to determine the most fit and proper situation for a Bridge across the mouth of the said River Trent, to procure Plans and Estimates thereof, and to Contract with such person or persons as shall undertake to erect the same, and the works and approaches therewith connected, or any part thereof, and who shall do and perform all and whatsoever act and acts, thing and things, necessary and proper to carry the intention of this Act into full effect; and shall and may from time to time, after the completion of such Bridge and the approaches thereto, fix such Rates and Tolls as to them may seem just; and shall report to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, for the information of the Legislature, on or before the first day of November in each and every year, all matters by them annually done or performed by virtue of this Act, with an account in detail of all monies by them received and paid under the provisions thereof.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall 24.050 mey be raised and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, so soon after the passing of this Act as he may deem expedient, to authorize and direct His Majeesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by Loan from any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued under this Act, a sum of Money not exceeding Four Thousand and Fifty Pounds, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Six per Cent. per annum, payable half yearly in this Province.

Debentures therefor to be issued by Receiver General. III And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General to cause or direct any number of Debentures to be made out for any such sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of four thousand and fifty Pounds, as any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and that for each loan or advance three several Debentures shall issue at the same time, bearing date on the day on which the same shall actually be issued, and being each for the payment of one-third of the sum so advanced at the expiration of eight, nine, and ten years respectively, with Interest at the rate aforesaid from the date of each Debenture until the same shall be discharged, and every such Debenture shall and may be signed by the said Receiver General of this Province.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall Forge or Counterfeit any such Debenture as feiting Debentures. aforesaid which shall be issued under the authority of this Act and uncancelled, or any stamp, endorsement or writing thereon or therein, or tender in payment any such forged Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereon, or shall demand to have any such counterfeit Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein exchanged for ready money by any person or persons who shall be obliged and required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whomsoever knowing the Debentures so tendered in payment or to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein to be forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the persons appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or any other person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, then every such person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon. and shall suffer as in cases of Felony.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Account of the Receiver General of this Province for the time being shall before each Debentures issued Session of the Parliament of this Province transmit to the Governor, the Legislature. Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, a correct account of the numbers, amounts and dates, of the different Debentures which he may have issued under the authority of this Act; of the amount of the Debentures redeemed by him and the Interest paid thereon respectively; and also of the amount of the said Debentures outstanding and unredeemed at the periods aforesaid, and of the expenses attending the issuing of the same, to be laid before the Legislature of this Province.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Interest when and Interest growing due upon the said Debentures shall and may be paya- how made payable, ble in half yearly periods, to be computed from the date thereof, and S

137

for payment of Probentures.

CHAP. XXXIV. 3d, YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

shall and may be paid on demand by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, who shall take care to have the same endorsed on each Debenture at the time of payment thereof, expressing the period up to which the said interest shall have been paid, and shall take receipts for the same from the persons respectively, and that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, shall, after the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of December in each year, issue Warrants to the Receiver General for the payment of the amount of Interest that shall have been advanced according to the receipts to be taken by him as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a Warrants to be issued separate Warrant shall be made to the Receiver General by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, for the payment of each Debenture as the same may become due and be presented in favour of the lawful holder thereof, and that such Debentures as shall from time to time be discharged and paid off shall be cancelled and made void by the said Receiver General.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at Octentures when and any time after the said Debentures, or any of them, shall respectively hew to be called in. become due according to the terms thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, if he thinks proper so to do, to direct a notice to be inserted in the Upper Canada Gazette requiring all holders of the said Debentures to present the same for payment according to this Act, and if after the insertion of the said notice for three months any Debenture then payable shall remain out more than six months from the first publication of such notice, all Interest on such Debentures after the expiration of the said six months shall cease and be no further payable in respect of the time which may elapse between the expiration of the said six months and their presentment for payment.

Vacancies in the Board of Commisby the Licutenant Governor.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person sioners to be filled up Administering the Government of this Province, for the time being, to nominate and appoint, under his hand and seal, such person or persons as he shall think fit to fill any vacancy or vacancies which from time to time shall or may happen in the said Board of Commissioners by death, resignation or otherwise.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXIV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners may from time to time appoint such Engineers, appoint Officers. Agents, Officers, Workmen and Servants, as they may think fit, and pay them such Salaries as they may deem just and reasonable, to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, taking when necessary good security for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no Neither Commis-Commissioner or Secretary appointed under the provisions of this Act sioners nor Secretary shall be directly or indirectly concerned, engaged, or interested in any contracts. contract or agreement for the performance of any Work which may be necessary under the authority of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall have full power and authority to examine and General powers of Commissioners. survey such parts of the Townships of Murray and Sidney as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act, and to designate and establish, take, appropriate, have and hold, to and for the use of this Province, the said Bridge and all other necessary erections, and to contract with any person or persons to undertake, do, and perform all and every act or thing, work or works, which may be thought necessary to carry the intention of this Act into full effect.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforssaid, That the said Commissioners are herel y authorized and empowered by themselves, Further powers of Commissioners, as 1, their Agents or Workmen, Contractors or Servants, to enter into or upon taking possession of the Lands or Grounds of or belonging to any person or persons, Bodies Land, and taking materials, kc. Politic or Corporate, and to Survey the same or any part thereof, and set out and ascertain such parts thereof as they shall think necessary and proper for making Roads or approaches to such Bridge in connection with the Highway through this Province; to take, carry away and lay, all such timber, stone, and other materials, out of or upon any lands or grounds of any person or persons adjoining or lying contiguous thereto, and which may be necessary for constructing and keeping in repair the said Bridge and the Roads or approaches thereto; and also to place, lay, work, and manufacture the said materials on the grounds near to the place or places where the said Works or any of them are or shall be intended to be made, erected, repaired or done; and also to make, maintain, repair and alter, any fences or passages which shall communicate therewith; and also to construct, make, and do all other matters and things which they shall think necessary and convenient for the making, effecting, preserving, completing, using and repairing, the said Bridge and approaches in pursuance and within the true intent and meaning of

this Act, they the said Commissioners doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the several powers to them hereby granted.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after any lands or grounds shall be set out and ascertained to be necessary for making the said Roads and appoaches the said Commissioners be hereby empowered to contract, compound, compromise and agree, with all bodies politic, communities, corporations, aggregate or sole guardians, and all other person or persons, for themselves or as trustees, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their heirs and successors, but also for and in behalf of those whom they represent, whether infants, lunatics, idiots, femmes covert, or other person or persons who shall occupy, be possessed of, or be interested in any grounds or lands which shall be set out or ascertained as aforesaid, for the absolute surrender of so much of the said land as shall be required ; for the damages which he, she or they, may be entitled to receive from the said Commissioners in consequence of such roads and approaches and other constructions and erections being made or constructed in or upon his, her, or their respective lands, and that all such contracts, agreements and surrenders, shall be valid and effectual in Law to all intents and purposes whatsoever, any Law, Statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

to Arbitration.

Arbitrators selected may appointed a third.

Arbitrators to be sworn.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if no Disputes may be left voluntary agreement shall have been made as to the amount of compensation to be paid for damages according to this Act, the Commissioners superintending the said Works shall, at any time after the completion of such Bridge, together with the roads and approaches thereto, upon the notice or request in writing of the proprietor of such lands, or his agent legally authorized, appoint one of their number as an Arbitrator, who at a day to be named in such notice, shall attend upon the premises in question to meet the Arbitrator to be appointed by such claimant, and such two Arbitrators shall and may, before proceeding to consider the claim, appoint a third Arbitrator, which three Arbitrators' shall first make an Oath or Affirmation before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace then there present, (which oath or affirmation the said Justices of the Peace are hereby authorized to administer,) to give a just and true award upon the claim submitted to them, and shall upon the statement of the parties and view of the premises, and upon the testimony of witnesses, to be examined upon oath or affirmation if either party shall require it, (which oath or affirmation any one of the said Arbitrators is hereby authorized to administer) make their award in writing under their hands of the amount of damages to be paid to such claimant.

done.

Commissioners may agree with parties

interested, for lands

taken or damages

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if either of the Commissioners superintending the said Works, or the party with award may have claiming damages as aforesaid, shall decline to abide by any such award, damages assessed by such refusal shall be declared in writing within ten days after such award, expense. and damages upon such claim shall be thereafter assessed in manner following, but at the sole expense of the party refusing to abide by such award.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases in which awards shall be made to which either party shall refuse to conform as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the party dissenting from such award to serve on the other party a notice in writing, appointing a day not less than thirty days from the time of serving such notice, for having the damages for which he is entitled to claim compensation according to this Act assessed in manner hereinafter provided, and that the party giving such notice shall also specify some day therein, which shall be at least ten days before the day appointed for such assessment, and not less than ten days from the time of scrving such notice, at which he will attend at the office of the Sheriff of the District in which the lands lie for the purpose of striking a Jury to assess the damages so claimed as aforesaid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on Time and manner of the day so appointed as last aforesaid the Parties, their Attornies or striking Juries. Agents, shall attend at the Sheriffs' office, and that the Sheriff shall at the hour of one of the clock in the afternoon proceed in the presence of the parties, or such of them their Attornies or Agents as may be present. to select the names of forty one persons from among those qualified to serve on Special Juries, and in the manner directed by Law for selecting Special Juries, and that the names of such forty one persons so drawn being fairly written out by such Sheriff, each party, or his Attorney or Agent attending for that purpose, shall alternately strike off one, that party beginning at whose instance such Jury is struck, until the whole number is reduced to seven, and that such seven persons shall be a Jury for assessing damages to be paid to such claimant as aforesaid: Prorided always, that in case either party shall omit to attend personally or by Agent at the time appointed, the Sheriff or his Deputy shall strike in behalf of such party not attending.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Jury to attend upon Seven persons so struck to serve as aforesaid shall be summoned by the the premises in gues-Sheriff to attend upon the premises in respect to which the damages are administer the folclaimed as aforesaid, giving not less than six days notice of such atten-lowing dance, and that the Sheriff or his Deputy shall also attend at the time so

appointed, and shall administer to the Five persons who shall first answer upon being so called in the order in which they shall stand upon the original list the Oath following, that is to say :---

"I, A. B. do swear that I will well and truly assess the damages upon the claim of C. D. according to the Act in that behalf."

And thereupon the said Jury, having viewed the premises and received the testimony upon oath or affirmation of such witnesses as shall be brought before them, which oath or affirmation the said Sheriff or his Deputy is hereby authorized to administer, shall deliver their verdict by the opinion of the majority of such Jury of the amount of damages to be paid to such claimant.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the party desiring such Jury to be summoned shall pay to the Sheriff for summoning the same six pence per mile for the whole distance he shall be compelled to travel in order to summon such Jury, and the like sum of six pence per mile for the distance he shall travel to attend and take the verdict, and for taking the verdict the sum of twenty-five shillings, and to each Juryman attending in pursuance of such summons the sum of ten shillings for every day he shall be necessarily absent from his place of residence.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in estimating the claim of any person or persons to compensation for property taken or for damages done under the authority of this Act, the Arbitrators or Jury assessing such damages shall take into their consideration the benefit which shall probably accrue to such person or persons from the constructing and erecting of the said Bridge by its enhancing the value of his property or producing other advantages : Provided always nevertheless, that it shall not be competent to any Arbitrators or Jury to direct any person or persons claiming as aforesaid to pay a sum in consideration of such advantages over and above the amount at which the damages of such persons shall be estimated.

Awards to be made roles of Court.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any award or awards to be made under the provisions of this Act shall and may be made a rule or order of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in this Province, which Court shall have full power and authority to make such order touching the performance of such award as shall to such Court seem just.

+)ath,

Vees to Sheriff and Jurymon,

In ascertaining damages, the benefit conferred by the erection of the bridge to be considered.

ELEVENTII PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXIV. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall at their first general meeting held after the Commissioners to fix said Bridge together with the approaches thereto shall be completed, ascertain and fix the Rates and Dues to be taken by virtue of this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to alter the said Rates and Dues at any subsequent meeting, after giving two Rates of Toll to be months notice of their intention so to do; and that a Schedule of Rates affixed on the gate of the Bridge.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Manner of collecting said several Tolls or Dues shall be paid to such person or persons, and Tolls. in such manner and under such regulations as the said Commissioners shall direct or appoint; and in case of denial or neglect of payment of any such Tolls or Dues, or any part thereof on demand, to the person or persons appointed to receive the same as aforesaid, the said Conmissioners may sue for and recover the same in any Court having jurisdiction thereof.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall wilfully or maliciously break down, damage or Penalty for damaging destroy, any bank, gate, or any works, machine or device to be erected or made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful act, hurt or mischief, to disturb, hinder or prevent the carrying into execution, or completing, supporting or maintaining the said Bridge, every such person or persons so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That All persons may pass all persons whatsoever shall have liberty to use with horses, cattle and over the bridge on carriages, the bridge, roads and approaches to be made as afcresaid, upon payment of such toils and dues as shall be established by the said Commissioners.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That all penalties and ferfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any Penalties how rule, order or by-law of the said Commissioners to be made in pursuance thereof, shall, up in proof of the offences respectively before any two Justices of the Peace for the Newcastle or Midland Districts, either by the confession of the party or parties, or by the oath of one credible witness, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the parties offending, by Warrant under the hand and seal of such Justices, and the overplus, after such penalties and forfeitures and the charge of such sale are deducted, shall be returned, on demand, to the owner or owners of such goods and chattles; and in case such sufficient distress

CHAP. XXXIV. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

cannot be found, or such penalties and forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their hands and seals, to cause such offender or offenders to be committed to the common Gaol of either of the said Districts, there to remain without bail or mainprize for such time as such Justices may direct, not exceeding twenty days, unless such penalties and forfeitures, and all reasonable charges attending the same, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Penalties when levied how to be applied.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That all penalties and forfeitures for offences against this Act, or against any rule, or order, or by-law of the Commissioners to be made in pursuance thereof, when levied or satisfied in manner aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Commissioners, to be by them with other monies transmitted to His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province, to be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissi ners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct.

All Actions to be brought within six done under this Act.

General issue may be pleaded.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any plaint shall be brought or commenced against any person or permonths for any thing sons for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or in execution of the powers and authorities, or the orders and directions hereinbefore given or granted, every such suit shall be brought or commenced within Six Calendar Months next after the fact committed, or in case there shall be a continuation of damages, then within Six Calendar Months after the doing or committing such damages shall cease, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such action or suit may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by authority of this Act, and if it shall appear to be done so, or if any action or suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, then a verdict shall be given for the Defendant.

Commissioners to be construed to mean

Commissioners may make rules and regulations.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever the Commissioners appointed under this Act shall be named therein, it shall be taken and construed to mean the majority of the said the majority thereof. Commissioners, and that the said Commissioners shall have powers to make and subscribe such rules and regulations as to them shall appear needful and proper, touching the management and disposition of the monies coming into their hands, and touching the duty and conduct of the Officers, Člerks and Servants employed by them, and all such other matters as appertain to the conduct of the said Commissioners in carrying into effect the provisions of this Act. 1.5

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall out of the monies to be raised or granted under $\mathcal{L}_{\text{person who made}}^{50 \text{ to be paid to the}}$ the provisions of this Act, pay to the person or persons employed by the Survey. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in pursuance of the address of the House of Assembly of this Province during its last Session, the sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall have power and authority to appoint one of An acting Commistheir own number, or some other person, to act in all matters relating to pointed. the management and control of the Works to be carried on under their orders and directions, subject to such restrictions as the said Commissioners, or a majority of them, shall think proper and expedient to impose, and the said Commissioners shall and may allow to the person appointed by them as aforesaid for his services, out of the Monies which shall come into their hands under the provisions of this Act, such sum as they may consider proper.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That First meeting of the said Commissioners shall hold their first meeting at such time and and where to be place as the majority of the said Commissioners may name and appoint. appointed.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all monies which shall be raised by Debenture under the provisions of Monies how to be this Act shall be paid by the Receiver General of this Province, in dis-for. charge of such Warrant or Warrants as may from time to time be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, in favor of the said Commissioners, and shall be accounted for through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXXV.

AN ACT to provide for the maintenance of four Light-Houses now erected in this Province.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the maintenance of Light-Houses in this Province: may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted-And be it enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An'Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,"" and by the authority of the same. That from and out of the rates and duties now raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, and remaining unappropriated in the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General, there be granted unto His Majesty the sum of six hundred pounds, annually, which said sum, or so much thereof as shall be found necessary for that purpose, shall be applied towards the payment of a salary, not exceeding sixty-two pounds ten shillings, per annum, to the Light-House Keeper having charge of each of the four Light-Houses now erected in this Province, on Gibraltar Point, the False Ducks Island, Long Point, in the County of Prince Edward, and Long Point in Lake Erie, and of the other contingent expences incident to keeping the same in use.

Governor to appoint Light-House keepers.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, to appoint proper Light-House Keepers, and from time to time to remove them, or any of them, and appoint others in their stead.

Light-House keepers III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall to be under the superintendance of the Inspector General of this Province, for the time being, the Inspector General. to make the necessary arrangement for causing the said Light-Houses to

Preamble.

£600 granted to His Majesty for the support of four Light-Houses.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXVI. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

be kept properly lighted during the continuance of the navigation in each year, and that no Light-House Keeper shall be entitled to receive any Salary of keeper portion of his salary during any half year in which he shall have ne-not kept up. glected to keep the Lamps under his charge lighted, throughout any night during the period in which the said Inspector General shall direct the same to be lighted.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the monies authorized to be expended under this Act shall be accounted for to accounted for. His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors may please to direct.

CHAP. XXXVI.

AN ACT granting a Sum of Money to defray the expense of crecting a Light-House on Nine Mile Point, at the entrance of the Harbour of Kingston.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS it is necessary, for the security of vessels navigating Preamble. Lake Ontario, that a Light House should be erected on a Point called Nine Mile Point, at the entrance of the Harbour of Kingston, in the Midland District: We beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted : And be it enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That there be granted to His Majesty, from and out of the rates and duties levied and col-£750 granted to lected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, and in the hands erection of a of the Receiver General unappropriated, the sum of Seven Hundred Light-House on Nine Mile Point. and Fifty Pounds, to be applied towards the erection and completion of

a Light-House on a Point called Nine Mile Point, at the entrance of the Harbour of Kingston, in the Midland District.

Commissioners appointed to superintend the erection of the Light-House.

Money how paid and accounted for,

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That John Macaulay, John Marks, and Hugh Christopher Thomson, Esquires, be Commissioners to contract for, and superintend the erection and completion of the said Light-House.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of money hereby granted shall be paid by the Receiver General, in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as may be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person administering the Government of this Province, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to direct.

CHAP. XXXVII.

AN ACT to defray the expenses of keeping a Light at the Burlington Canal, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

Freamble,

W HEREAS it is necessary to provide a sum of Money for the purpose of keeping a Light or Lights on the Pier or Piers at the entrance of the Burlington Bay Canal, at the head of the Lake Ontario, and to pay the salary of a person to keep the said Light, and to attend the Bridge erected across the entrance of the said Canal: *Be it therefore enacted*, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXVII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A. D. 1833.

by the authority of the same, That from and out of the rates and duties now raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and ally to His Majesty collected, and in the hands of the Receiver General and unappropriated, to be placed at the there be granted annually to His Majesty the sum of One Hundred Commissioners of Pounds; which sum of One Hundred Pounds shall be placed at the the Eurlington disposal of the Commissioners of the said Canal, for the purpose aforesaid, and to be expended as hereinafter directed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Canal to appoint a Commissioners to appoint a Lightfit and discreet person to keep the snid Light and attend the said Bridge, House and Bridge as hereinbefore mentioned, whose duty it shall be to keep and superin, keeper. tend such Light or Lights as the said Commissioners may doem expedient for the safety of vessels entering or intending to enter the said Canal: *Provided*, that the expense of keeping and maintaining the said Light or Lights shall not in any one year exceed the sum of One Hundred Pounds.

III And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Canal to make Commissioners to such rules and regulations for the keeping and maintaining the said respecting the Light. Light, and for keeping open the said Bridge, as they may deem most and opening of the expedient for vessels entering the said Harbour.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authoriy aforesaid, That the Monies how paid and Receiver General of this Province shall pay the said sum of One Hun-accounted for. dred Pounds annually to the Commissioners of the said Canal for the time being, in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, and shall account for the same to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty may be graciously pleased to direct.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the said Canal shall transmit annually to His Excel- the expenditure to lency the Lieutenant Governor, or person administering the Government, be laid before the a statement of the expenditure of the said sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be laid before the Legislature.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXXVIII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

AN ACT to raise a sum of Money to improve certain Roads in the vicinity of the Town of York, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS the Inhabitants of the Town of York, and of the Home District generally, will be much benefited by the Improvement of the three Public High Roads approaching the said Town of York commonly called Dundas Street, Yonge Street and the Kingston Road, by which more easy and safe access may be had to the said Town, and the trade thereof increased : and whereas it is expedient to raise a sum of Money by way of Loan to Macadmize or otherwise Improve the said Roads, the annual Interest whereof to be paid by certain Tolls levied on the said Roads, and also to establish a fund for the liquidation and redemption of the said loan :- Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General of this Province, so soon after the passing of this Act as may be deemed expedient, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, Body Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same on the credit of the Tolls to be levied and collected on the roads hereby authorized to be improved, and not paid or chargeable against the general revenues of the Province, any sum or sums of money not exceeding Ten Thousand Pounds, to make, complete and Macadamize, or otherwise improve the said Roads.

Receiver General to issue Debentures for any sums loaned.

£10,000 may be

raised by loan on the credit of the tolls.

> II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General for the time being to cause or direct any number of Debentures to be made out for such sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of Ten Thousand Pounds, as any person or persons, Bodies Corporate or Politic, shall agree to advance on the credit of the Tolls, which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such method and form as His

Preamble.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and shall be signed by the Receiver General for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General for the time being to paid to the Trustees. pay such sum and sums of money out of the said loan so to be raised on the said Debentures, as the Trustees may require for such part of the work as may be completed, or for such materials as may be there furnished, on such Trustees certifying that such work has been finished or such materials furnished and delivered, not exceeding in the whole the sum of Ten Thousand Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Interest due upon the said loan or Debentures shall and may be paya-Interest when and ble in half yearly periods, to be computed from the date thereof, out of the funds hereafter provided, and shall and may be paid by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, who shall take care to have the same endorsed on each Debenture at the time of payment thereof, expressing the period up to which the said Interest shall have been paid, and shall take receipts for the same respectively; and that the Receiver General of this Province shall pay the Interest on the said Loan or Debentures half-yearly, as the same becomes due, out of the funds provided for by this Act.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any such Debenture as Penalty for forging aforesaid which shall be issued under the authority of this Act and un- or counterfeiting Debentures. cancelled, or any stamp, endorsement or writing thereon or therein, or tender in payment any such forged Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereon, or shall demand to have any such counterfeit Debenture, or any Debenture with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein exchanged for ready money by any person or persons who shall be obliged and required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whomsoever knowing the Debenture so tendered in payment or to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein to be forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the persons appointed to pay off the said Debentures, or any of them, or any other person or persons, bodies Politic or Corporate, then every such person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Eelon.

CHAP. XXXVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.-THIRD SESSION

Interest on loans when to cease.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That at any time after the said Debentures or Loan, or any part thereof respectively become due according to the terms thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General of this Province, if he thinks proper so to do, to direct a notice to be inserted in the Upper Canada Gazette, requiring all holders of the said Debentures to present the same for payment according to this Act; and if after the insertion of the said notice for three months any Debenture then payable shall remain out more than six months from the first publication of such notice, all Interest on such Debentures after the expiration of the said six months shall cease, and be no further payable in respect of the time which may elapse between the expiration of the said six months and their presentment for payment.

Account of the Delientarcs issued to be faid before the Legislature.

Trustees to cause Surveys to be made, to make Contracts, and to require security for their due performance.

.

Trustees appointed.

Their general duty.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, shall transmit to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person Administering the Government of this Province, a correct account of the numbers, amount and dates of the different Debentures made up to the thirty-first December, inclusive, which he may have issued under the authority of this Act; of the amount of the Debentures redeemed by him, and the interest paid thereon respectively; and also of the amount of the said Debentures outstanding and unredeemed at the periods aforesaid, and of the expenses attending the issuing of the same; together with the amount of 'Tolls received on the said Road, to be laid before the Legislature of this Province.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Trustees hereinafter mentioned shall have full power and authority to cause the necessary Surveys and Estimates to be made preparatory to the commencing the said improvements, and by public tender, or otherwise as they shall deem most advantageous, to Contract for the construction and completion of any part of the said Roads or improvements, or for the supply of any materials therefor; for the due performance of all which contracts the said Trustees shall demand and take such good and sufficient security as they shall deem reasonable in each case.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Jesse Ketchum, D'Arcy Boulton the younger, Charles Coxwell Small, George Denison and Charles Thompson, be Trustees for making, constructing, and improving the said Roads under the authority of this Act; and that the said Trustees shall have full power and authority, so soon as the improvements contemplated by this Act shall have been completed upon the said Roads, or on any one mile of any one of the said Roads, to erect. Toll Gates and houses at such places as they shall think convenient, and from time to time to esablish the rate of Tolls to be demanded thereat, and to appoint Keepers to attend the said Gates and collect the Tolls payable thereat, and from time to time to alter and change the situation of such Gates as they shall find expedient and circumstances require, and to remove the Keepers and appoint other Keepers in their place and stead as they shall deem to be proper; and that the said Trustees shall have full power and authority to appoint an Engineer or other fit and proper person to Superintend the progress of the several Works hereby authorized to be undertaken, and to remove him at their pleasure, and to appoint another person in the place of the one so removed.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Trustees to make an Trustees shall on the second day of January in each year make up an annual report, to be laid before the account, and transmit the same to the Lieutenant Governor, of such work Legislature. and of all matters by them done or performed by virtue of the authority so vested in them, to be laid before the Legislature at its next meeting.

X1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Trustees if they think proper may commute the Tolls with any Tolls may be comperson or persons by taking of him or them a certain sum either monthly or annually in lieu of such Tolls; and that the said Trustees shall affix in a conspicuous place at all such Toll Gates a table of the rates of Toll to be exacted and taken, to be plainly and legibly printed.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if Penalty for deviating any person or persons shall, after proceeding upon any of the said Roads from the Turnpike with any of the carriages or animals liable to Toll, turn out of the same into any other Road, and shall enter the said Roads beyond the said Turnpike Gate or Gates without paying Toll, whereby such payment shall be evaded, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of Ten Shillings, which said sum shall be expended on the said Roads or towards the payment of the Principal or Interest of the sum expended thereon, and any one Magistrate of the said Home District shall on conviction of said offender fine such person in the said penalty, and from whose judgment there shall be no appeal.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it £4000 may be exshall and may be lawful for the said Trustees to expend the sum of Four pended on Yonge Thousand Pounds on Yonge Street, commencing at the Northern limit of the Town of York; on the Western Road called Dundas Street the sum of £1,500 to the West of York, and £2,000 One Thousand Five Hundred Pounds ; and commencing at the Eastern to the East. limit of the said Town to expend Two Thousand Pounds on the Eastern Road leading to Kingston.

> XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Trustees, after having expended the said sums of Money herein before provided, to apply so much of the remaining sum of Two Thousand i ive Hundred Pounds, or so much thereof as may not be applied in paying the Interest on the said loan for one year, in such manner as a majority of them may deem expedient : *Provided always*, that such sum or sums of Money be applied in the Improving of all or any of the said Roads, and be drawn from the funds remaining in the Receiver General's hands so raised by such loan as aforesaid.

Penalty for allowing persons to pass through private property to clude the payment of tolls.

Residue of the Loan

now to be expended.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons occupying or possessing any enclosed lands near any Toll-houses or Toll-gates, which shall be erected in pursuance of this Act, shall knowingly permit or suffer any person or persons to pass through such lands, or through any gate, passage, or way thereon, with any carriage, or with any horse, mare, gelding or other animal liable to the payment of the Toll whereby such payment shall be avoided, every person or persons so offending, and also the persons riding or driving the animal or carriage whereon such payment is avoided being thereof convicted, shall for every such offence severally forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding Ten Shillings which shall be laid out in improving such road.

No toll on funerals.

Such partion of the tolls to be paid by the Trustees to the Receiver General as will pay off the Interest for fifteen years, and to apply the residue to the improvement of the Roads,

XVI. Provided always, And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all persons, horses or carriages, going to or attending or returning from any funeral of any person shall pass the gate free of Toll.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the said money so raised and collected at such Toll Gates as aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Trustees as often as they may demand the same of such Collectors, and that they shall at least once in every three months pay the same into the hands of the Receiver General or so much thereof as may be required, to pay the Interest on the said loan for fifteen years, and the surplus thereof to be applied in extending and improving such roads as the Trustees may think best according to the amount of travelling on such roads.

Trustees to raise toils XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it after fifteen years, shall and may be lawful for the Trustees of such roads to raise such

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XXXIX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Tolls on the said roads from and after the expiration of fifteen years from sufficient to pay the interest of the loan, the passing of this Act, as will enable them to keep such roads in repair, keep the Road in pay the interest on the said loan, and redeem the principal sum of Ten repair and pay of the Principal in 30 Thousand Pounds within a period of not less than thirty years from the years.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Vacancies among the shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Trustees to be filled administering the Government of this Province for the time being, from up by the Lieutenant Governor. time to time by commission under his hand and seal to nominate and appoint such person or persons as he may think fit to fill any vacancy or vacancies which may happen in the said Board of Trustees by death, resignation or otherwise.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforcsaid, 'That nothing Decentures may be in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the Receiver General issued redeemable in from issuing any Debentures authorised to be issued by this Act, redeemable at a shorter period than thirty years from the date of any such Debenture, and from issuing other Debentures for a renewed loan to replace the same or any part thereof, so that the whole sum of Ten Thousand Pounds be liquidated within the period of thirty years.

CHAP. XXXIX.

AN ACT to establish the Side Lines between certain Lots in the Township of North Gwillimbury, in the Home District.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS certain Inhabitants of the Township of North Gwillimbury, in the Home District, have by their Petition set forth, that the Preamble. Lots in the Third Concession of that Township from number Nine to Thirty, inclusive, have not been surveyed and marked out by posts, in consequence of the road between the Second and Third Concessions running into Lake Simcoe at Lot number Eight: And whereas in consequence thereof the owners and occupiers of the said Lots in that Concession have made improvements upon their respective Lots, having had them run from the rear of the Third Concession corresponding with the posts in front of the Fourth Concession : and it is expedient to confirm and establish the Side Lincs Letween the said respective Lots : CHAP. XL. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That the Side Lines between the respective Lots in the Third Concession of the Township of North Gwillimbury from numbers Nine to Thirty, inclusive, shall be ascertained and established by, and shall correspond with the posts in front of the Fourth Concession of that Township, any Law for regulating surveys to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. XL.

AN ACT to provide for the erection of a Light House on Point Pele Island in Lake Eric.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

 $\mathbf W_{\mathbf H\mathbf E\mathbf R\mathbf E\mathbf A\mathbf S}$ it would greatly tend to the safety and convenience of Navigation upon Lake Erie if a Light House were constructed on Brushy Marsh Point, Point Pele Island, in the County of Essex on said Lake: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful immediately after the passing of this Act for the Commissioners hereinafter named, to erect a good and sufficient Light House on such part of Brushy Marsh Point, on Point Pele Island in Lake Erie, as they shall judge the most proper, and for procuring the necessary Apparatus for lighting the same.

Preamble,

Light-House to be crected on Point Pelé Island.

Side Lines in 3rd Concession of North Gwillimbury, how determined.

156

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XL. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That William Commissioners Elliot, Predeaux Girty, and Peter Scratch, in the Western District, Esquires, be Commissioners for the purposes of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and out of the rates and duties now raised, levied and collected, or which £750 granted to may hereafter be raised, levied, and collected, and remaining in the hands carry into effect the objects of this Act. of the Receiver General unappropriated, there be granted to His Majesty the sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, to enable His Majesty to defray the expense of erecting the said Light House and furnishing the same, and that such sum shall be paid by Warrant of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government of this Province for the time being, to be issued in favor of the aforesaid Commissioners or any of them, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty shall be graciously pleased to direct.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners to Commissioners hereinbefore appointed for the purposes of this Act shall make a report before on or before the First day of January One Thousand Eight Hundred and January 1834, to be Thirty-four, render an account to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Legislature. or Person administering the Government of this Province, of the Monies expended by them under this Act, and shall at the same time report what tonnage or other duties upon vessels of all descriptions navigating Lake Erie, will in their opinion be sufficient to defray the charge of maintaining the said Light House, and to repay the said sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds with the Interest accruing thereon, and in what manner and at what place the said duties can be most conveniently collected, which account and report shall be laid before the Legislature at their next Session.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Contracts not to Commissioners shall not in any Contract or Contracts exceed the sum exceed £750, and to be let by public hereby granted for the erection and completion of the said Light House, Tender. and that public notice by advertisement shall be given for the Tender of Contracts, accompanied by two good and sufficient Sureties for the due performance of the same ; and further that the said Commissioners shall contract with the person or persons who shall submit the lowest Tender Superintendant not to receive more than or Tenders, with such two good and sufficient Sureties ; and also that 3 per cent for his trouble, on the sum on further sum shall be allowed any Superintendant than three per Cent. expended. upon the amount expended over and above his absolute and reasonable expenses. -

CHAP. XLI.

AN ACT to establish a Market in the Town of Brockville.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary that a Market should be established in the Town of Brockville, and would if properly located tend much to promote the convenience of the Inhabitants, and general prosperity of the said Town : Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," " and by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, a Market shall be established and kept in the said Town of Brockville upon that piece or parcel of Land butted and bounded as follows :-- that is to say, beginning at a stake planted on the North-Westerly angle of a piece of Ground reserved for a Market Square in the said Town, as laid out on Lot number Ten, and the West half of Lot number Eleven, in the First Concession of Elizabethtown, by Charles Jones, Esquire; and at the North-West angle of the Lot on which the house commonly called the Pierce House is erected, on the South side of the King's High Way or King's Street. Then South thirty-four degrees East, to the water's edge of the River Saint Lawrence. Then North-Easterly along the water's edge Two Hundred and Forty Feet, more or less, to a certain Wharf erected by and belonging to the said Charles Jones. Then North thirty-four degrees West Four Hundred Feet, more or less, to the said King's High Way or King's Street. And then South Fifty-six degrees West along the said High Way Two Hundred and Forty Feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, shall be, and is hereby established as the Market Place of the said Town, so soon as the said Charles Jones, Esquire, shall have executed a Deed conveying the said piece of Land to the Corporation of the said Town of Brockville.

Preamble.

Market place established.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XLI. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforcsaid, That unless a good and sufficient title to the piece of ground here- Unless market place inbefore described, and hereby fixed upon and established as a site for of Police within six the Market in the said Town, shall be conveyed without purchase or months, they may expense to the President and Board of Police of the said Town, and their Successors in office forever, for the uses of the said Town, within Six Calendar Months from and after the passing of this Act, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the said President and Board of Police to fix upon any such site or place for a Market within the limits of the said Town as they may think suitable and proper.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Corporation of the said Town of Brock-Market days to be ville, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, to fix upon and to appoint such days and hours for the purpose of selling Butcher's Meat, Buttér, Eggs, Poultry, Fish and Vegetables, and to make such other Orders and Regulations relative thereto, as they shall deem expedient.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Finesmay be imposed said Corporation shall be, and they are hereby authorized and empowered for offences against to impose such fines, not exceeding Twenty Shillings for any offence Police regulations. committed against such Rules and Regulations, as to them in their discretion shall seem requisite and proper.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Police regulations such Orders, Rules and Regulations, shall be published, by causing a ¹⁰ be published. copy of them to be affixed in the most public place in every Township in the County of Leeds, and at the doors of the Churches, Market Place, and Court House, in the said Town of Brockville, or published in one or more of the Newspapers of the said Town, and that such Orders, Rules and Regulations, shall not be in force until thirty days after such publication.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall transgress the Orders and Regulations so Forfeitures how to made by the said Corporation, such person or persons shall for every be recovered. such transgression forfeit the sum which in every such Order, Rule and Regulation shall be specified, not exceeding the sum of twenty shillings as aforesaid, to be recovered by information before the said Corporation upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be levied of the Goods and Chattels of such offender or offenders, and that it shall be paid into the Treasury of the said Corporation, and applied in the same manner that other monies coming into the Treasurers hands may be applied for the Public uses of the said Town.

CHAP. XLII.

AN ACT to authorize the Erection of Mill Dams upon the River Thames, in the London District.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS it hath been represented by the Petition of sundry persons, Inhabiting upon or near the Banks of the River Thames, in the Townships of Caradoc and Lobo, in the London District, that the erection of Mills upon the said River, near the Fulling Mills of Burley Hunt, in the Township of Westminster, and opposite to the Broken Lot Number Twenty-four, in the first range South of the Long Woods Road in Caradoc, and at or near Broken Lot number Seven in the front on the River Thames in Lobo, would greatly increase the general prosperity and wealth of the surrounding Country, and that the natural fall of the said River at those places is almost sufficient for the above mentioned purpose, but that to render the water privileges completely efficient at all seasons of the year it will be necessary to erect a Dam across the said River at each of the above mentioned Sites, of such height as will not flood or otherwise injure any Lands lying above the same :---Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may, be lawful for any person or persons, having first obtained permission by an Instrument under his or their hands and Seals from the proprietor or proprietors, or the proprietor or proprietors his or their Heirs and Assigns. to erect one Dam upon each or either of the above mentioned Sites, of such height only as will not flood or otherwise injure any Lands lying above the same: Provided always, that such Dam or Dams shall be constructed with suitable Locks for the safe and convenient passage of

Preamble.

Mill dams may be created with the consent of the owners of the land adjacent on certain falls in the Thames,

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XLIII. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A. D. 1833.

, such Boats or other Craft as are now or may hereafter be in use upon Locks and inclined the said River; and also inclined planes of not less than forty feet in structed thereat. length and thirty feet in width, and good and sufficient Aprons for the safe passage of Rafts and the ascent of Fish, and to maintain and keep the same in good repair, free from toll or other charge, as long as the said Dam or Dams shall exist.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if the the Navigation for passage aforesaid shall at any time be obstructed for the period of twenty twenty days by the works hereby suthodays successively, the grant hereby intended to be made shall be absolutely rized, to avoid the privileges hereby void. granted.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall This Act may be and may be lawful for the Legislature of this Province at any time here- repealed by any after, when in their opinion the Public interest shall require it, either to Legislature. amend or repeal this Act.

CHAP. XLIII.

AN ACT to alter and amend the provisions of An Act passed in the last Session of the Provincial Parliament entitled, "An Act to incorporate certain Persons under the style and title of the President, Directors and Company, of the Commercial Bank of the Midland District."

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is necessary to alter and amend the provisions of An Act passed in the last Session of the Provincial Parliament, entitled "An Preamble Act to incorporate certain Persons under the style and title of the President, Directors and Company, of the Commercial Bank of the Midland District:-Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government X

161

in other parts of His

CHAP. XLIV. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That all persons who now are or who hereafter may become Stockholders in the Stockholders residing said Commercial Bank of the Midland District, being Subjects of His Majesty's dominions Majesty, and resident in the Colonies or other Dominions of His Majesty. may vote by proxy. shall be and they are hereby authorized and permitted to vote by proxy or otherwise at the election of Officers for the management of the said Bank, and on all other occasions and for all other purposes in like manner as the Stockholders resident in this Province, are by the said Act authorized and permitted to vote.

II. And for the purpose of facilitating the transaction of the business A Vice-President may of the said Bank; Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That be elected. it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Commercial Bank of the Midland District, from time to time to elect from among their number a Vice President, who in the absence of the President of the said Bank shall preside at the meetings of the said Directors, and who shall have full power and authority at all times to sign the Bills issued by the said Bank, and to do and perform such other matters and things which may be lawfully required to be done by the President of the said ŗ Bank.

CHAP. XLIV.

٤.. AN ACT granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to defray the expense of crecting a Penitentiary in this Province, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS the erection of a Penitentiary for the reception of condemned Criminals within this Province, is highly necessary for the just and effectual punishment of such offenders; We your Majesty's faithful Subjects the Commons of Upper Canada in Provincial Parliament assembled, beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted ; And be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An ٤.,

Freamble.

Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That from and out of the rates and duties now levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, and remaining in the hands of the Receiver General of this Province unappropriated, there be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, the sum of Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Pounds; which sum shall be applied in erecting a suitable building for a Penitentiary, in or near the Town of Kingston in the Midland District : *Provided always*, That the said sum of Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Pounds, shall be advanced by three equal annual instalments, the first instalment to be paid on the First day of May next after the passing of this Act, and the two remaining instalments on the First day of May in each succeeding year.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That John Commissioners ap-MacAulay, Hugh Christopher Thompson, and Henry Smith, Esquires, ^{pointed.} be Commissioners for superintending and managing the erection and completion of the said Penitentiary, and for the purchasing and otherwise obtaining, choosing, and determining the site thereof.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Penitentiary to be said Penitentiary, and all grounds and appurtenances obtained for and ^{vested in His Majusty}. appropriated to the use thereof, be and the same shall be vested in His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the $\pounds_{12,500}$ hereby said Sum of Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Pounds, shall be paid by granted, to be paid the Receiver General of this Province, in discharge of such Warrant or counted for the Warrants as shall for that purpose, from time to time be issued by the Lords of the Treasury Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government of this Province, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP.

CHAP. XLV.

An Act to continue the duty upon Licenses to Hawkers and Pedlers.

[Passed 13th February 1833.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the ninth year of His late Majesty's reign, entitled "An Act to continue an Act entitled 'An Act to continue for a limited time an Act passed in the fifty-eighth year of His late Majesty's reign, entitled 'An Act to continue, repeal part of, and amend. an Act passed in the fifty sixth year of His Majesty's reign, entitled 'An Act granting to His Majesty duties on Licenses to Hawkers, Pedlers and Petty Chapmen, and other trading persons therein mentioned, and to extend the provisions of the same, is about to expire, and whereas it is expedient to continue the same for a limited period ;" --- Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain entitled. "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign entitled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America. and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the said recited Act be, and the same is hereby continued for four years, and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP. XLVI.

AN ACT to continue an Act passed in the eleventh year of His late Majesty's reign entitled, "An Act to authorise the Quarter Sessions of the Home District to provide for the relief of Insane destitute persons in that District," and to extend the provisions of the same to the other Districts of this Province.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty entitled, "An Act to authorise the Quarter Sessions of the Home District to provide for the relief of Insane destitute persons in that District," will expire at the end of the present Session: And whereas it

Preamble.

56 Geo. 3rd continu-

Preamble.

is expedient to continue the said Act: Be it therefore cnacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain entitled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign entitled, "An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the 11th Geo. 4th Ch. 2C authority of the same, That the said Act be, and the same is hereby con-continued tinued for and during the space of two years from the passing of this Act, and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing Session of Parliament, and no longer.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the and extended to the provisions of the said Act shall be extended to the several Districts of the Province.

CHAP. XLVII.

AN ACT to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of the Light House on Gibraltar Point, and for imposing duties for defraying the charge of the same, and for erecting other Houses in this Province."

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

W HEREAS by an Act passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of the Light House on Gibraltar Point, and for imposing duties for defraying the charge of the same, and for erecting other Houses in this Province, certain duties are imposed upon vessels entering the Port of York, to provide a fund for the support of the said Light House; and whereas, by an Act of the Congress of the United States of America, passed in the month of March 1831, it is enacted. That from and after the First day of April then next, the same and no higher tonnage duties and Custom House charges of any kind shall be levied and collected on any British Colonial raft, flat boat or vessel, entering otherwise than by sea at any Port of the United States; on lakes and rivers on the Northern, North-Eastern, and North-Western frontiers thereof, than may be levied and collected on any raft, flat boat or vessel, entering otherwise than by sea into any Ports of the British Possessions on the Northern, North-Eastern, and North-Western frontiers of the said United States: and whereas, the levving of the said Light House duty at the Port of York, upon all American Vessels entering the said Port, hath rendered it necessary for all the Collectors of Customs at the Ports of the United States bordering on the frontiers of Canada to make the like charge upon all British vessels entering each and every of the said Ports which is charged upon American vessels entering the Port of York only: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain entitled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign entitled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That the second, third and fourth clauses of the said Act, passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign entitled. "An Act to provide for the improvement of the Light House on Gibraltar Point, and for imposing duties for defraying the charge of the same, and for crecting other Houses in this Province," be and the same are hereby repealed.

CHAP. XLVIII.

AN ACT to establish Boards of Health, and to guard against the introduction of Malignant, Contagious and Infectious Diseases, in this Province.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

Preamble.

ł

7th Geo. 4 ch.

Sec. 3 and 4 repealed.

O guard against the introduction of Malignant, Contagious and Infectious Diseases, and for the preservation of the public health of the Province;—Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Aritain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec,

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. XLVIII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and Governor may apmay be lawful for the Governor, Licutenant Governor, or Person Admi-point Health Officers nistering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice and it neccessary. consent of His Majesty's Executive Council, from time to time, to appoint three or more persons in each and every town in this Province, and in such other places as may be deemed necessary, to act as Health Officers within the limits of the town or place for which they shall be so appointed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall Health Officers may and may be lawful for such Health Officers, or any two of them, as often enter into and examas they shall think necessary, in the day time to enter into and upon the individuals residing premises of the persons resident within the limits of the town or place within their jurisfor which they shall have been so appointed, and to examine the same : diction. and if upon such examination it shall be found that the said premises are in an unclean or filthy state, or that any matter or thing exists thereon, which in their opinion may endanger the public health, it shall and may be lawful for such Health Officers, or any two of them, to order and direct And may order the the proprietor or occupant of such premises to cleanse the same, and to Proprietor to cleanse remove whatsoever shall or may be found thereon, which, in the opinion of the said Health Officers, or any two of them, may endanger the public health; and in case the proprietor or occupier of any such premises, shall neglect or refuse to obey the orders and directions of such Health may cause such Officers, or any two of them, it shall and may be lawful for the said Health Premises to be cleansed. Officers, or any two of them, to call to their assistance all Constables and Peace Officers, and such other persons as they may think fit, and to enter on the said premises and cleanse the same, and remove therefrom, and destroy whatsoever in their opinion it may be necessary to remove or destroy, for the preservation of the public health.

III And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall Governor in Council and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person may make rules con-Administering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice cerning the entry and departure of Vessels and consent of His Majesty's Executive Council, to make and declare and the landing of such rules and regulations concerning the entry and departure of any Boats or Vessels at the different Ports or other places within this Province, and the landing or receiving Passengers and Cargoes on board the same, as shall be thought best calculated to preserve the public health.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authoriy aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall wilfully disobey or resist any lawful order of the ing the Health Offi-Health Officers duly appointed under and by virtue of this Act, or of any cers or Rules made two of them, or shall wilfully violate any rule or regulation made and Council. Penaltics how to be levied and accounted For,

t ontinuance of this Ast.

declared by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Executive Council, in pursuance of the power in him vested by this Act, or shall wilfully resist or obstruct the said Health Officers in the execution of their duties, such person or persons, on being convicted of such wilful disobedience, or violation of such rules and regulations, or of resistance to the said Health Officers, before two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the District where such offender or offenders reside, shall forfeit and pay a fine not less than Twenty Shillings, nor more than Twenty Pounds, which said fine shall and may be levied and collected by seizure and sale of such offender or offenders Goods and Chattels, under and by virtue of a Warrant issued under the Hand and Seal of the Justices before whom such offender or offenders shall or may have been convicted, and shall be paid into the hands of His Majesty's Receiver General, to and for the public uses of this Province, and be accounted for through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty shall be pleased to direct.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be and continue in force for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing Session of the Provincial Parliament, and no longer.

CHAP. XLIX.

AN ACT for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money towards defraying the expense of the Civil Administration of the Government of this Province

[Passed 13th February, 1833.].

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for defraying the charges for the several services hereinafter mentioned; We Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of Upper Canada in Provincial Parliament assembled, therefore beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted, *And be it therefore enacted*, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of

Preamble.

Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and cut of the rates and duties raised, levied, and collected, or hereafter to His Majesty to debe raised, levied, and collected, to and for the public uses of this Profray certain charges of the Civil Adminisvince, and in the hands of the Receiver General, and unappropriated, tration of the Govern there be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, the Sum of ment for the years Twelve Thousand Four Hundred and Forty-six Pounds, which said Sum shall be applied in payment of the following charges annually, for the years One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-two, and One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three.

FOR THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

The Secretary to the Lieutenant Governor, Two Hundred Pounds. The First Clerk, Two Hundred and Seventy-eight Pounds. Second Clerk, Two Hundred Pounds.

Distribution of the Sum granted.

Third Clerk, One Hundred and Seventy Pounds. Contingencies, Seven Hundred Pounds.

FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OFFICE.

Senior Clerk, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds. Junior Clerk, Two Hundred Pounds. Contingencies, Twenty-five Pounds.

FOR THE RECEIVER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Senior Clerk, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds. Junior Clerk, Two Hundred Pounds. Contingencies, One Hundred and Thirty Pounds.

FOR THE INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Senior Clerk, Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds. Junior Clerk, Two Hundred Pounds. Contingencies, Fifty Pounds.

FOR THE SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Ł

Senior Clerk, Three Hundred Pounds. Second Clerk, Two Hundred Pounds.

Y

Two Junior Clerks. Three Hundred Pounds.

Draftsman, Three Hundred Pounds.

Contingencies for the Offices in the Public Buildings, Four Hundred Pounds.

Government Printer, Seven Hundred and Eighty Pounds.

Usher of the King's Bench, Forty Pounds.

For Casual and extraordinary Expenses, Six Hundred Pounds.

For the repairs of the Government House, Two Hundred Pounds.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there be Allowantes to the At. granted to His Majesty from and out of the rates and duties raised, levied, and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied, and collected to and for the public uses of this Province, and in the hands of the Receiver General and unappropriated, such a sum as will enable His Majesty to pay to His Majesty's Attorney General of this Province, for each of the years One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-two, and One Thousand Eight Hundred and Tharty-three, in lieu of all fees, travelling expences, contingencies, or other charges for Public Services, the Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds, including his present salary and his allowance in lieu of fees as an Officer of the Land Granting Department, and such of the sum or sums as he may receive on Fiats and other instruments; and also, To His Majesty's Solicitor General, in lieu of all fees, travelling expences, contingencies, or other charges for Public Services, the Sum of Six Hundred Pounds Currency, for the years One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-two, and One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty three, including his Salary.

Sums now paid and accounted for.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the several Sums of Money hereby granted shall be paid by the Receiver General of this Province, in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, in such manner and form, as His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP.

torney and Solicitor General.

CHAP. L.

AN ACT to make good certain Monies advanced for the payment of the Contingent expenses of the Legislature of this Province during its last Session.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an Address of Your Commons House of Assembly at its last Session to His Excellency Sir John Colborne, Lieu-Preamble. tenant Governor of Your Majesty's Province of Upper Canada, the sum of Five Thousand Four Hundred and Fifty-seven Pounds, two Shillings and two Pence three farthings, has been issued and advanced by Your Majesty, through Your said Lieutenant Governor, to the Clerks and other Officers of the two Houses of Parliament, to enable them to pay the Contingent expenses of the last Session of the Provincial Legislature : May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That out of the fund or funds subject £5,457 2 23 to the disposition of the Parliament of this Province now remaining in the granted to make good hands of the Receiver General and unappropriated, there shall be issued in pursuance of an and applied the sum of Five Thousand Four Hundred and Fifty-seven Assembly. Pounds, two Shillings and two Pence three farthings, to make good the like sum which has been issued and advanced as aforesaid

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the due application of the said sum of Money pursuant to the direction of this ^{Sum how accounted} Act shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commisioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, may be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. LI.

AN ACT granting a further sum of Money for the Completion of the Parliament Buildings.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

 $\mathbf{W}_{ ext{HEREAS}}$ by an Act passed in the seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign entitled, "An Act to authorise the raising by Debenture a sum of Money to be applied in erecting Buildings for the use of the Legislature," the sum of Seven Thousand Pounds hath been raised and expended : and whereas it appears from the Report of the Commissioners appointed for Superintending the erection of the said Buildings that an additional sum is required for their completion : May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That from and out of the Rates and Duties already raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, and unappropriated, there be granted to Your Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, the sum of Three Thousand Five Hundred Pounds; which said sum of Three Thousand Five Hundred Pounds shall be appropriated and applied in completing the said Buildings, in improving or altering the same, in enclosing and levelling the ground appertaining thereto, and discharging any claims for work done to the said Building, which the Commissioners hereinafter named shall deem just.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Honorable Alexander McDonell, David A. Macnab, and James FitzGibbon, Esquires, be Commissioners to carry the provisions of this Act into effect, and also for the purpose of examining the Accounts of the expenditure under the said recited Act : *Provided always, nevertheless*, that if any of the said Commissioners shall die, or shall decline to act as Commissioner under this Act, it shall be in the power of the Governor, Lieu-

Freamble.

£3,500 granted to His Majesty for completing the Parliament Buildings.

Commissioners appointed. tenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners in the room of any one or more of such Commissioners as shall die or refuse to act as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Monies how paid and monies hereby granted and so applied, shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct: and that an account of the expenditure thereof, in detail, shall be submitted to the Legislature at its next Session.

CHAP. LII.

AN ACT granting a Sum of Money for the relief of sick and destitute Emigrants at Prescott.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS among the great and annually increasing influx of Emigration from the Mother Country to this Province, many persons are found on their arrival at the Port of Prescott, in consequence of fatigue and expense incident to so long a voyage, in a Sickly and Destitute state; and whereas humanity directs that some Relief should be afforded to persons of this description over and above what may arise from the Christian feelings and benevolence of the people residing at that place of general disembarkation : May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That out of the Rates and Duties now raised, levied and collected, or which may be hereafter raised, levied and collected, and unappropriated, there be granted to

£250 granted to His Majesty, to be applied to the relief arriving at Prescott.

Your Majesty the sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds ; which said sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds shall be appropriated and or destitute Emigrants applied to the Relief of such Emigrants from the Mother Country as may be found on their arrival at the Port of Prescott in this Province, during the ensuing season, to be Sick, and Destitute of the means of Subsistence.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Money how paid and sum hereby granted as aforesaid shall be paid in discharge of any Waraccounted for. rant or Warrants issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, in favour of the Trustees appointed by this Act, to relieve the distresses of such Sick and Destitute Emigrants as aforesaid; and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, in such manner as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

Trustees appointed.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Reverend Robert Boyd, the Reverend Philander Smith, and Stephen Miles, shall be Trustees for the purposes of this Act, and shall render an account in detail of the expenditure of all monies coming into their hands by virtue thereof to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person administering the Government aforesaid, on or before the fisst day of December next, to be laid before the Legislature at its next Session.

CHAP. LIII.

AN ACT granting to His Majesty a sum of Money in aid of the York Hospital and Dispensary.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS the great utility of the Public Hospital and Dispensary in the Town of York has been further exemplified during the year past, by the attention paid and Medical and Surgical assistance afforded to destitute distressed Emigrants and others : and it is desirable to afford further aid to the said Institution: We therefore beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council

Preamble,

174

and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province,'" and by the authority of the same, That from and out of the Rates and Duties already raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, and unapfor the Government of this Majesty, the sum of Five Hundred York Hospital. Pounds of lawful Money of this Province, to be held by His Excellency the Licutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, in trust, to be applied to the use and benefit of the said Hospital and Dispensary.

II. And be it further cnacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Money how paid and money hereby granted shall be paid by the Receiver General, in dis-accounted to charge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, in favor of any person or persons, to be applied to the purposes of this Act; and shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. LIV.

AN ACT to provide for the re-payment of certain sums of Money adranced by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, during the prevalence of the Asiatic Cholera.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

W HEREAS His Excellency Sir John Colborne did during the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-two, advance Preamble from his own private funds the sum of Four Thousand and Sixty-four Pounds, Three Shillings and One Penny Half-penny, to enable the

Justices of the Peace in the several Districts of this Province to mitigate as far as should lie in their power the sufferings of the Inhabitants of this Province, and of persons emigrating thereto, occasioned by the calamitous visitation of that dreadful and mysterious disease called Asiatic Cholera, and to stay, in as far as human wisdom could devise, and the means put in their possession would enable them, the direful ravages of the same : and whereas it is expedient to make good to His Excellency the said sum so advanced by him, with the interest grown due upon the same : We therefore beseech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted ; And be it cnacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the 'Government of the said Province,' " and by the authority of the same, That out of the rates and duties now levied and collected, or which may hereafter be levied and collected, and in the hands of the Receiver General of this Province and unappropriated, Licutenant Governor there be granted to His Majesty, the sum of Four Thousand, One Hunduring the prevalence dred and Fifty-eight Pounds, and Seven Pence Half-penny, to make good to His Excellency Sir John Colborne the said sum of Four Thousand and Sixty-four Pounds, Three Shillings and One Penny Half-penny, so advanced by him as aforesaid, and the Interest grown duc thereupon.

Grant how to be paid and accounted fər.

£4153 0s. 74d. prented to Ilis

Majesty, to make

of the Gholera.

good certain monies advanced by the

> II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the monies authorized to be issued by this Act shall be paid by the Receiver General of this Province, in discharge of any Warrant or Warrants issued for that purpose by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person administering the Government of the same, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be pleased to direct.

> > 1.1.1

time of the statute of descent and the Boltonies CHAP. LV. There is the state of the state

AN ACT for affording further aid towards the completion of the Welland Canal, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to grant the sum of Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pounds in aid of the Welland Canal Company, for the purpose of deepening the Feeder from the Grand River, and keeping the Canal Preamlie. in repair during the current year :- Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majcsty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province, to authorize His Majesty's Receiver General of this Province to raise by loan from any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued under raised by loan to the authority of this Act, a sum not exceeding Seven Thousand Five be paid to Commis-Hundred Pounds, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Five per Cent, and that as soon as the said sum, or any part thereof, shall be so raised, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to issue his Warrant upon the said Receiver General for the same in favour of the Commissioners hereinafter named, whose, duty it shall, be to Superintend the expenditure thereof. and the second second

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Application by the said sum of Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pounds shall be paid, applied Commissioners of and expended, in and towards the deepening and enlarging the Feeder the sum granted from the Grand River; in repairing and in keeping the Locks and Canal

177

in repair during the current year, and in making the Surveys and Reports hereinafter mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Absalom Shade, William B. Robinson and John Macaulay, Esquires, shall be Commissioners under the provisions of this Act, whose duty it shall be to Superintend the expenditure of the said sum of Money according to the directions of this Act; and to cause a complete Survey of the said Canal and all the Works connected therewith to be made by a competent Engineer, and to make a detailed Report of the state of the said Canal, of the improvements necessary to be made for completing the same, with the estimate of the probable expense of finishing the same, and to suggest any alteration which it may be thought advisable to make in any part of the route of the Canal, or in any of the works constructed thereon.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That immediately after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to direct His Majesty's Receiver General to Subscribe Stock in the Welland Canal Company to the amount of the said sum of Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pounds, which Stock shall from thenceforth be held as, and deemed to be Public Stock, and that the Government of this Province shall as the holders of such Stock be subject to the same conditions and have the same powers, advantages and privileges, as other Stockholders in the said Company.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the three Commissioners above named, together with Samuel Street, and David Thorburn, Esquires, shall be appointed to arbitrate and determine the amount of damages due by the Company to the different individuals on the line of the said Canal, under and according to the provisions of an Act passed in the first year of His present Majesty's Reign entitled, "An Act to afford further aid to the Welland Canal Company, and to repeal part of and amend the Laws now in force relating to the said Company"—and that the award of a majority of the said Arbitrators shall be final.

51

CHAP

Commissioners appointed.

Duty of Commissioners.

Receiver General to subscribe Stock in the Welland Canal to the amount of the said loan granted.

Commissioners to act as Arbitrators in conjunction with those heretofore appointed, for settling certain claims.

CHAP. LVI.

AN ACT for granting to His Majesty a certain sum of Money in aid of the Funds already granted for the Support of Common Schools in this Province.

[Passed 15th February, 1838.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

WHEREAS it is expedient for the promotion of Education in this Province that a further sum of Money should be appropriated for the use of Common Schools than is at present allowed by Law : May it there-Preamble. fore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain entitled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign entitled, "An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same. That from and out of the Rates and Duties now raised, levied and collected, or hereafter to be raised, levied and collected, to and for the uses of this Province, and in the hands of the Receiver Ge- £5,650 granted in neral, and unappropriated, there be granted to His Majesty for the use of aid of Common Common Schools in this Province, for the year one thousand eight hun-of the years 1633 dred and thirty-three, the sum of Five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty and 1534. Pounds, and for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four the like sum of Five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty Pounds, in addition to the sums now appropriated by Law, to be applied in the same way and manner, and in conjunction with the present sums for Common Schools granted by Act of Parliament : which said sums of Five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty Pounds shall be apportioned among the several Districts of this Province as follows: that is to say-

To the Ottawa District, the sum of One Hundred Pounds. To the Eastern District, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds. To the Johnstown District, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds. To the Bathurst District, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds. To the Midland District, the sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds, including Two Hundred Pounds for Prince Edward.

Distribution.

CHAP. LVII. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833 .- THIRD SESSION

To the Newcastle District, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

To the Home District, the sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pounds.

To the Gore District, the sum of Six Hundred Pounds.

To the Niagara District, the sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

To the London District, the sum of Six Hundred Pounds

To the Western District, the sum of Three Hundred and Fifty Pounds. and I also

Grant how to be paid and accounted for.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of Five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty Pounds, in each of the years above mentioned, shall be paid by the Receiver GeneraLof this Province in discharge of such Warrants as may for that purrose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

Schools when entuled to allowance hereby provided.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall trachers of Common not be lawful during the years aforesaid for the Board of Education in each District of this Province to pay to any Teacher of a Common School the annual allowance, unless the Trustees of the said School shall make it appear to the satisfaction of the Board of Education that they have made provision for his support so as to secure him for his services in a sum at least equal to double the amount which may be allotted by the Board of Education from the Public Money, any thing to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Cierks to Boards of an additional allowance of £5.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall Education to receive and may be lawful to and for the Board of Education in each and every District to allow to the Clerks of their respective Boards, in addition to the sum they are now by Law authorized to receive, the further sum of Five Pounds annually during the continuance of this Act.

CHAP. LVII.

AN ACT granting to His Majesty a certain sum of Money to enable His Majesty to defray certain charges incurred during the prevalence to ar of the Cholera during the last Summer. 111

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]101

. ::??

. . . .

WHEREAS during the prevalence of the Cholera in the year one

thousand eight hundred and thirty-two it became necessary for certain Districts in this Province to expend a greater sum of Money than was Preamble. advanced to them respectively by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor; and whereas it is expedient to make good the several sums so expended :---Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That there £567 124. 4d. be granted to His Majesty the sum of Five Hundred and Sixty-seven granted to His Majes-Pounds, twelve Shillings and four Pence, to enable: His Majesty to pay ty, to make good the following sums of Money to the undermentioned persons, that is to advanced during the prevalence of the say :--chelera.

To the Treasurer of the Home District, Two Hundred and Forty-three Pounds, two Shillings, and ten pence.

To the Treasurer of the Brockville Police, Two Hundred and Thirtyfour Pounds, thirteen Shillings, and eleven pence.

To the Treasurer of the District of Niagara, Eighty-nine Pounds, fifteen Shillings, and seven Pence.

11. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said several sums of Money shall be paid in discharge of such Warrant or accounted for Warrants as may for that purpose be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province : and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to direct.

CHAP. LVIII.

AN ACT granting to His Majesty a sum of Money to remunerate the Honorable John Henry Dunn, for certain services therein mentioned.

1.1.1

[Passed 13th February, 1833.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN: WHEREAS it is just and reasonable to remunerate the Honorable Preamble

John Henry Dunn, Your Majesty's Receiver General, for services required of him, and which he has heretefore performed in distributing divers sums of Money granted by the Legislature of this Province to Sufferers during the late War with the United States of America, We, Your Majesty's faithful Subjects the Sommons of Upper Ganada, in Provincial Parliament assembled, beseech Your, Majesty, that, it may be enacted : And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain entitled, "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign entitled, 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That out of the Rates and Duties levied and collected, or hereafter to be levied and collected, and unappropriated, there be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the sum of Six Hundred Pounds, to be paid to the said Honorable John Henry Dunn, to remunerate him for services required of him, and which he has heretofore performed as aforesaid. 11 14

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the money hereby granted shall be paid by the Receiver General, in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall be issued by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government of this Province; and shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, shall be graciously pleased to direct.

CHAP. LIX.

AN ACT to authorize the Receiver General to borrow a Sum of Money for the purposes therein mentioned.

[Passed 13th February, 1853.]

. . · ·

W HEREAS the provisions of an Act passed in the eleventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act to borrow a sum of Money in England at a reduced rate of Interest to cancel the Public Deleventhis

£500 granied to His Majesty, to commerate the Receiver General for certain services.

How pold and seconneed for

Secondar.

ELEVENTH PARL'T-CHAP. LIX. 3d., YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

Province," have not enabled His Majesty's Receiver General to contract for a Loan of Money on the terms stipulated in that Act: and whereas it is important to the Public interests of the Province that the Debentures now outstanding and payable, as well as those which may hereafter become due, and which are bearing an annual Interest of Six per Cent. should be redeemed : Be it therefore enacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled "An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Receiver General Receiver General of this Province to contract with any person or persons, Bodies Corporate may contract for a or Politic, whether in England or elsewhere, for a loan or loans of such loan to redecming Debensum or sums of Money as may be necessary to redeem the Debentures now twee. due or which may become payable, and which are chargeable with the rate of Interest aforesaid: Provided, that such loan or loans can be Bate of Interest and effected at an annual rate of Interest not exceeding Five Pounds per Cent. new lean. payable in this Province, or Four and a half per Cent. payable in London.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That it shall Receiver General and may be lawful for the Receiver General to issue Debentures in such may issue Dedenture, manner and form as he may think proper for the paymenr of such Ioan or Ioans as aforesaid, which Debentures together with the Interest accruing thereon shall be issued on the credit of the Province, and payable at such periods as may be found convenient, not exceeding fifteen years.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the Interest accruing on the Debentures authorized to be issued under the Interest on new loan authority of this Act shall be paid half yearly, upon such Warrant or he paid. Warrants as shall from time to time be issued upon the Receiver General by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, and together with all monies raised and collected under and by virtue of this Act shall be accounted for to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners Monies raised hew to be accounted for.

183

te produktive officient and the base of the CHAP. LX.

AN ACT granting to His Majesty a sum of Money for the Improve-ment of Roads and Bridges in the several Districts of this Province. en en al construit a sub

14.1 . 10.170 1

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN:

the second state of the se WHEREAS it is desirable and necessary to afford aid towards repairing Roads and Bridges in the several Districts of this Province : May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, And be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province of Upper Canada, constituted and assembled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of Great Britain, entitled "An Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty's Reign, entitled 'An Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Brovince of Quebec in North America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province," and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, to authorize and direct His Majesty's Receiver the improvement of General of this Province to raise by Loan from any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Government Bills or Debentures authorized to be issued under this Act, a sum of Money not exceeding Twenty Thousand Pounds, at a rate of Interest not exceeding Five per Centum per Annum, to be applied to the said Roads and Bridges.

Boards and Bridges.

£29,000 may be raised by loan to be

applied towards

Receiver General to issue Debeutures.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Receiver General for the time being to cause any number of Debentures to be made out for any such sum or sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds, as any person or persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall agree to advance on the credit of the said Debentures; which Debentures shall be prepared and made out in such manner and form as His Majesty's Receiver General shall think most safe and convenient, and that for each Loan or advance a Debenture shall issue, bearing date at the day on which the same shall be actually issued, conditioned for the payment of the said sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds, or such part

Preamble.

thereof as shall be actually received, and redeemable at a period not exceeding twenty years, and which Debenture or Debentures shall and may be signed by the said Receiver General of this Province for the time being.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Receiver General to Receiver General of this Province for the time being, shall before each make a Report of Debentures issued. Session of the Parliament of this Province transmit to the Governor, to be had before the Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Legislature. Province, a correct account of the numbers, amounts and dates of the different Debentures which he may have issued under the authority of this Act, of the amount of the Debentures redeemed by him and the interest paid thereon respectively, and also of the amount of the Debentures outstanding and unredeemed at the periods aforesaid, and of the expenses attending the issuing the same to be laid before the Legislature of this Province.

IV. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Interest growing due upon the said Debentures, shall and may be payable how to be paid. in half yearly periods to be computed from the date thereof, and shall and may be paid on demand by the Receiver General of this Province for the time being, whose duty it shall be to have the same endorsed on each Debenture at the time of payment thereof, expressing the period up to which the said Interest shall have been paid, and shall take receipts for the same from the Persons respectively, and that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, shall after the first day of January and the first day of July in each year, issue Warrants to the Receiver General for the payment of the amount of Interest that shall have been advanced according to the receipts to be by him taken as aforesaid.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a separate Warrant shall be made to the Receiver General by the Governor, Warrants to be issued Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Debentures. Province for the time being, for the payment of each Debenture as the same may become due and be presented in favour of the lawful holder thereof, and that such Debentures as shall from time to time be discharged and paid off shall be cancelled and made void by the said Receiver General.

V1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Punishment for Person or Persons shall Forge or Counterfeit any such Debenture as forging Debentures. aforesaid, which shall be issued under the authority of this Act and uncancelled, or any Stamp, Endorsement or Writing thereon or therein, or tender in payment any such Forged Debenture, or any Debenture with such Counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereon, or shall demand to have any such Counterfeit Debenture, or any Debenture with such Counterfeit Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein exchanged for ready Money by any Person or Persons who shall be obliged and required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whomsoever, knowing the Debenture so tendered in payment, or to be exchanged, or the Endorsement or Writing thereupon or therein to be Forged or Counterfeited with intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or the Persons authorised to pay off the same or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, bodies Politic or Corporate, then every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon.

Debentures charged upon the public revenues of the Province.

Interest on Debentures when to cease.

Appropriation of the said sum of £20,000.

Eastern District, £1,900. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such Debentures, with the Interest thereon, and all the charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid and borne by and out of the Monies that shall come into the hanos of the Receiver General to and for the public uses of this Province, and at the disposal of the Legislature thereof.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That at any time after the said Debentures, or any of them, shall respectively become due according to the terms thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province, if he think proper so to do, to cause a notice to be inserted in the Upper Canada Gazette, requiring all holders of said Debentures to present the same for payment, according to this Act; and if after the insertion of the said notice for three months, any Debentures then payable shall remain out more than six months from the first publication of such notice, all interest on such Debentures shall, after the expiration of the said six months, cease, and be no further payable, in respect of the time which may clapse between the expiration of the said six months and their presentment for payment.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds so granted as aforesaid, shall be apportioned to the several Districts of this Province as follows:—

To the Eastern District-the sum of Nineteen Hundred Pounds.

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. LX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

To the Ottawa District—the sum of One Thousand Pounds. Ottawa, £1,000. To the Bathurst District-the sum of Nineteen Hundred Pounds. Eathurst, £1,900. To the Johnstown District—the sum of Nineteen Hundred Pounds. Johnstown, £1,900. To the Midland District-the sum of Two Thousand Two Hundred Midland, £2,200. Pounds. To the Newcastle District-the sum of Nineteen Hundred Pounds. Newcastle, £1,900 To the Home District—the sum of Nineteen hundred Pounds. Home, £1,900. To the Gore District-the sum of Two Thousand Pounds. Gore, £2,000. To the Niagara District-the sum of Sixteen Hundred Pounds. Niagara, £1,600. To the London District-the sum of Two Thousand Pounds. London, £2,000.

To the Western District-the sum of Seventeen Hundred Pounds. Western, £1,700.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Appropriation for the sum of One Thousand Nine Hundred Pounds hereby granted to the Eastern District Eastern District, be appropriated and expended as follows :

In the County of Glengary.—On the post road from Dundas Street to the rear of Lochiel, the sum of one hundred and thirty pounds. On the road leading from lot number nineteen, in the fifth concession of Lochiel, to Rigaud, the sum of twenty-five pounds. On the road leading from lot number nineteen, in the fifth concession of Lochiel, towards the River La Grasse, the sum of twenty-five pounds. On the road leading from Dundas Street, East of the Indian Reservation, to the front of Charlottenburgh, the sum of seventy-five pounds. On the nine mile road leading from Martintown to Kenyon, the sum of sixty-eight pounds. On the nine mile road leading from Dundas Street to the South Branch, including the erection of a bridge across the River aux Raisins, the sum of fifty pounds. On the nine mile road leading from Archibald Cameron's, Dundas Street, to the rear of Kenyon, the sum of eighty pounds, six shillings and eight pence. On the nine mile road from John Ban McLennon's, to the rear of Kenyon, the sum of fifty pounds. On the road leading through the Indian Reservation North of the River aux Raisins, the sum of fifty pounds. On the nine mile road North of Dundas Street, between lots numbers twenty-four and twenty-five, to Kenyon, the sum of fifteen pounds. On the nine mile road from the South Branch. to Alexander McGruer's, the sum of fifteen pounds. On the nine mile road leading from Charles Westley's to Dundas Street, the sum of twenty-five pounds. On the nine mile road leading from Dundas Street, in Lancaster, to the third concession of Lochiel, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Hugh McGillis, John McGillivray, John Mc-

and by whom to be expended.

187

Lennan, Alexander Chisholm, Donald Catanach, Angus Catanach, and Angus McDonell, Alexander Fraser and Alexander McMartin, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the County of Stormont, the sum of six hundred and thirty-three nounds, six shillings and eight pence, be expended as follows:-On the road between lots six and seven, in the second, third, and fourth concessions of Cornwall, the sum of forty pounds; and that John Cameron, John McDonell, of number ten in the fifth concession of Cornwall. and Alexander McDougall, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road now in use from Daniel Campbell's junior, in the Township of Cornwall, to the Indian Land, the sum of twenty pounds; and that John Cameron, John Gibson, and Duncan Ferguson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the second and third concessions of Cornwall, from lot thirteen to twenty-three, the sum of twentypounds; and that John Hartle, junior, Nathan Groves, and Joel Eastman, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Cornwall to the rear of Roxborough, the sum of ninety-five pounds : and that Alexander McLean, Esquire, John McDonell, and Duncan Mc-Donell, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between lots numbers eighteen and nineteen, from the front of the third concession of Cornwall to Dundas Street, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Nadab Eastman, junior, John Milroy, and William McLaughlin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Henry Empey's to John Roy's, on the St. Lawrence, the sum of thirty-one pounds, thirteen shillings and four pence; and that Alexander McLean, Esquire, John Roys, and Henry Empey, be Commissioners for expending the same. To be applied in opening and establishing a road in the most fit and convenient place for the inhabitants in the West part of the Township of Roxborough, leading to the Saint Lawrence, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Alexander McLean, Esquire, James Roy Mc-Donell, and Angus McDonell, (elder) be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Indian Lands, between the first and second concessions of Cornwall, the sum of forty pounds; and that Guy C. Wood, Esquire, John Chesley, and Martin McMartin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the front near the Church in Osnabruck, to the rear of Finch, the sum of eighty pounds; and that John Chrysler, Esquire, Joseph Bockus, Esquire, and Michael Empey, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Charlesville to the fifth concession of Osnabruck, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John N. Ault, James Grant, and Philip W. Empey, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in that part of Osnabruck called Pleasant Valley, the sum of forty pounds; and that Jeremiah Vanduser.

William Hollester, and John Rambough, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Thomas Maxwell's to the fith concession of Osnabruck, the sum of forty pounds, and that Thomas Maxwell, Jacob W. Empcy, and John Waldroff, be Commissioners for expending On the road from John Dixon's, junior, leading into Finch, the same. to the rear of the third concession, the sum of sixty pounds; and that Robert Dixon, Alexander McMillin, and Hector McLean, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the concession road between Osnabruck and Finch, from the East side of number twenty-two to Roxborough, twenty pounds; and that Alexander McMillan, Donald McIntire, and Hector McLean, be Commissioners for expending the same. To be applied in repairing such Roads in the East part of Roxborough as may be most conducive to the interest of the Inhabitants thereof, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John Montgomery, Benjamin Helmer, and Duncan McCallum, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Fraser's Mills, in Cornwall, till it intersects the road leading to the Township of Finch, the sum of thirty-six pounds, thirteen shillings and four pence; and that Simon Fraser, Esquire, Angus McDonell, the elder, and James (Roy) McDonell, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the County of Dundas.-On the nine mile road between lots number four and five, in the second concession of Williamsburgh, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John Piller, junr. and John Weaver, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number eighteen and nineteen in Williamsburgh, the sum of fifty-five pounds; and that George Cook, and George Fetterly, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number twenty-five and twenty-six in Williamsburgh, the sum of thirty-five pounds: and that Henry Barkley, sen., and Christopher Redick, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number thirty and thirty-one, leading through Williamsburgh and Winchester, the sum of one hundred and sixty pounds; and that John Dix, and Henry Weager. the second, and John Dillibaugh, of Winchester, be Commissioners for expending the same. For building a bridge on lot number thirty-four, in the fifth concession of Williamsburgh, the sum of sixteen pounds, thirteen shillings and four-pence; and that Barnard Whittiker. and John T. Merkeley, be Commissioners for expending the same, **On** the nine mile road in Williamsburgh, between the fifth and sixth concessions, between lot number thirty-seven and the commons A, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Jacob J. Merkeley, and William Louckes, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between Williamsburgh and Matilda, the sum of ten pounds; and that Gilbert VanAllin, and Julius Grout, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number six and seven in Matilda, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Flagg, and David Robinson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number twelve and thirteen in Matilda, the sum of fifty-two pounds, ten shillings; and that Peter Bowan, and John A. Shaver, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road through the centre of Matilda and Mountain, the sum of one hundred and sixtyfour pounds, three shillings and four-pence; and that Peter Shaver. Peter Boulton, and Peter Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number twenty-four and twenty-five, the sum of fifty-two pounds; and that George Bronse, and Peter Carman. be Commissioners for expending the same. On the nine mile road between lots number thirty-one and thirty-two, the sum of twelve pounds. ten shillings; and that James West, and John Walliser, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of one thousand pounds hereby granted to the District of Ottawa, be appropriated and expended as follows, that is to say :-- On the road from Point Fortune to the Eastern boundary of the Township of Longueil. the sum of two hundred pounds; and that Charles A. Law, Daniel Wyman, and William Kerby, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Eastern boundary of the Township of Alfred to the Petit Nation River, on the front road, the sum of two hundred pounds; and that Charles Waters, William Wait, and John O'Brian, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Petit Nation River to the River Rideau, near Bytown, the sum of two hundred pounds; and that Bradish Billings, Thomas McKay, and John Buchanan, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the County of Glengary to the Ottawa, commencing in the rear of West Hawkesbury. and from thence on the line of said road to the Scotch Church on Van Clack's Hill, the sum of two hundred pounds; and that Peter VanClack, Waters Wells, and Hugh McLaughlin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from George Moade's through East Hawkesbury, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Barney VanClack, Simeon S. Eastman, and John Cameron, be Commissioners for expending the On the road from Griffin's to Caledonia, the sum of twenty-five same. pounds; and that Joseph Griffin, Donald McAlpin, and John McMaster, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Chesser's Mills to New Inverness, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Alexander McDonell, (Sheriff) John Chesser, and John Paxton, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading through the Town-

Appropriation for Ottawa District how distributed, and by whom to be expended. ship of Osgoode towards Bytown, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Colin McNabb, Peter McLaurin, and Archibald McDonell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Chesser's Mills to Longueil, commonly called Chesser's road, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Charles P. Treadwell, Elijah Kellogg, and Chancey Johnson, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of nineteen hundred pounds hereby granted to the District of Ba-Appropriation for thurst, be appropriated and expended as follows, that is to say:—On the tributed, and by road from the house of Simon Hogan, in Drummond, to the Town line whom to be expended. of Beckwith, the sum of forty-five pounds; and that Sutton Frizell, John Tatlack, and Archibald McGregor, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Town line of Beckwith to the road leading. from Franktown to Carleton Place, the sum of forty-five pounds; and that John Jackson, Alexander McKenzie, and John McDonell, be Commissioners for expending the same. To repair the road through Mc-Gregor's Swamp, the sum of twenty five pounds; and that Archibald McGregor, John McDonell, and John Cameron, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Perth to Hughe's Swamp, on the road to Richmond, the sum of fifty pounds; and that James Boulton, Josias Taylor, and Alexander Fraser, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Hughe's Swamp to Franktown, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Thomas James, and Phineas Lowe, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Franktown to the Eastern boundary of Beckwith, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Stephen Tomlinson, William Davies, and Thomas Sanders, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Franktown to Carleton Place, the sum of forty pounds; and that William Wallace, Robert Johnston, and Donald Robertson, Le Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Carleton Place to the Village of Lanark, the sum of forty-five pounds; and that William Kirkpatrick, John Smith, and David Moffatt, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the house of Henry Montgomery, to Avery's, in Bathurst, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that James Young, William McNaughton, and Benjamin Boulton, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Avery's to Boulton's Mills, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that James Ward, and Samuel Walker, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Boulton's Mills to lot number fifteen, in the third Concession of Dalhousie, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John McIntyre, John Armour, and James Robertson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the-road from Balderson's Inn to Freer's Falls, in Drummond, the sum of forty-five pounds; and that Peter Nichol,

Donald Robertson, and George Gould, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the house of George Gould, in Drummond, to Ferguson's Falls, the sum of twenty pounds; and that William Gould, John Richey, and Peter Ferguson, be Commissioners for expending the On the road from Ferguson's Falls to Bellamy's Mills, in Ramsame. say, the sum of forty-pounds; and that Andrew Dickson, Samuel Bellamy, and Alexander McVicar, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Balderson's Inn to the Village of Lanark, the sum of seventy pounds; and that James Maxwell, senior, Matthew Leech, and John Balderson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Perth to South Sherbrooke, the sum of forty pounds; and that John Nuttal, Patrick Kennedy, and John Millican, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from lot number twenty, in the third concession, to lot number nine, in the sixth concession of Bathurst, the sum of forty-five pounds, and that John Bennett, Thomas Cove, and Peter Campbell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between the Townships of Drummond and Elmsley, the sum of thirty-five pounds; and that John McKay, William McPherson, and Robert Thompson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the house of Duncan McInnes, leading to the fourth concession of North Sherbrooke, by David Wylie's, the sum of twenty pounds; and that James Gilmour, James Nisbet, and Robert Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Township line between Bathurst and Dalhousie, the sum of ten pounds; and that Robert Crawford, Donald McKeller, and Matthew Miller, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the house of Hugh Robertson, in Drummond, to Freer's Falls, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Hugh Robertson, Thomas McCaffery, and James McLean, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Carleton Place, between the tenth and eleventh concessions of Beckwith, to the Eastern side of the Township, the sum of thirty pounds; and that James Cram, Duncan Robertson, and Duncan Cram, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Bathurst and Burgess, from Grant's Creek to lot number nine in Bathurst, the sum of twenty-five pounds;' and that James Bryce, senior, Thomas Barber, and John Ritchie, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the fifth concession of Bathurst, from lot number fourteen to the Town line of Drummond, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that John Clarke, Daniel Fisher, and Alexander Ferguson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Balderson's to the Mississippi, at Legary's, and from thence to Boulton's Mills, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Joseph Le Gary, John F. Elliott, and William Lee, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Simon

Hogan's to the road leading from Balderson's to Freer's Falls, the sum of thirty-five pounds, and that Duncan McEwin, William Ross, and Peter Nichol, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Carleton Place to Packenham Mills, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Andrew Dickson, William Drynan, and James Bennie, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Lot number Sixteen to Lot number Twenty-four, in the Seventh Concession of Beckwith, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Duncan Ferguson, James Ferguson, and Finlay McEwan, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Town line of Macnab through Horton, to the, Town line of Ross, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that C. J. Bell, and Thomas O'Neil, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road leading through the Township of Macnab, the sum of twentyfive pounds; and that Archibald Macnab, and James Morris, be Commissioners for expending the same. From the Main Road through Dalhousie, along the road past the house of Neil McNeil, the sum of forty pounds; and that Neil McNeil, John Livingston, and John McNeil, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Village of Lanark, through the Township of Lanark, to the Town line of Darling, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Robert Boyle, Alexander McInnes, and James Hall, be Commissioners for expending the same. To erect a Bridge on the Creek between Marlborough and Richmond, and to make good the road leading through the swamp to the Township of Huntley, the sum of two hundred pounds; and that John Sproule, David Harrison, William Cathcart, Robert Little, and A. McGee, be Commissioners for expending the same. To erect a Bridge over the Creek in Fowler Street, and to open out the road leading from the fourth concession to the said Bridge, the sum of fifty pounds, and that Joseph Hinton, Thomas Stanley, and John Turney, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open the road commencing at lot number fourteen, in the fourth Concession of Goulbourn, and continuing towards the ninth concession, forty pounds; and that George Richey, Thomas Brownlee, and William Burwell, be Commissioners for expending the same. Commencing at lot number eighteen, in the twelfth concession of Goulbourn, on the road leading to Bytown, the sum of thirty pounds; and that William Roe, James Park, and John McGuire, be Commissioners for expending the same. Commencing on the ninth concession of Goulbourn, and continuing on a road recently opened, leading to Bytown, the sum of sixty pounds; and that James Malone, John Withers, and Chester Chapman, be Commissioners for expending the same. Commencing at the allowance for road between

lots number twenty and twenty-one in Nepean, to Orlando Chapman's

Mills, and from thence to the Rideau, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Orlando Chapman, Samuel Shiels, and Daniel Forgarts, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the twelfth concession of Goulbourn to Bytown, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Robert Grant, Robert Malkinson, and William Looney. be Commissioners for expending the same. From Packenham Mills to Fitzroy Harbour, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Andrew Dickson, and Alpin McMillan, be Commissioners for expending the same. From the North-East Angle of Packenham to Huntley, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that James Morris, and John Grant, be Commissioners for expending the same. Commencing at the allowance for road between lots number five and six, in the second concession of Huntley, and between lots number five and six in the first concession of March, and to repair the Bridge over the River Carp, the sum of forty pounds; and that Sands Bradley, John Mulligan, and Edward Logan, senior, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the sixth concession of Huntley, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that George Carter, John Styles, and Michael Lowry, be Commissioners for expending the same. To complete the road on the third concession line of Huntley, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Edward Johnston, and James Donnington, be Commissioners for expending the same. For a Bridge across the River Constance, and improving the road leading to said Bridge in Torbolton, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that David Beard, jun'r. John Grierson, and John Buckam, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Torbolton to the Big Bay, commencing at the Bridge commonly called Kingsbridge, to the rear of Captain Weatherbey's cleared land, where the road turns off to Headley's Farm, the sum of thirty-four pounds-from said road along the concession line that leads to the Lake road, the sum of twelve pounds-from Headley's Farm, along the public road as far as the Township line, the sum of twelve pounds-on the public road that leads from Lewis' Forge to Goulbourn, the sum of twelve pounds; and that George Clark, Edward Logan. junior, and Henry Edwards, be Commissioners for expending the same. To complete the road from the Town line of Huntley to Fitzroy Harbour, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Heman Landon, John Donnington, and Francis Hodgins, be Commissioners for expending the same. To build a Bridge over the River Carp, at lot number seventeen, in the third concession of Huntley, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Hugh Donington, Thomas Jury, and James Larritt, be Commissioners. for expending the same. From the Town line of Beckwith to the River Fork, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John Anderson, John Dwyer. and — Tighe, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Eastman's to F. Davisdes in Nepean, the sum of fifteen pounds; and

,

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. LX. 3d. YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

that Amherst Eastman, Bartholomew Monaghan, and James Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. From James Shouldier's Tavern in Nepean, the sum of ten pounds; and that Robert Vincent, Robert Malkinson, and Bernard Hughes, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of one thousand nine hundred pounds hereby granted to the Johnstown District, shall be appropriated and expended as follows :--

Appropriation for Johnstown how distributed, and by whom to be expended.

In the County of Grenville.-On the road between the County of whom to be expended. Dundas and Grenville, leading from the River Saint Lawrence to the River Rideau, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Hugh McCarger, John McIntire, and Peter Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the River Saint Lawrence, near Thomas O'Neil's in Edwardsburgh, to the rear of the said Township, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Roswell Cook, and James Froom, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Johnstown to Kemptville, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Lyman Clothier, John Selick, and Hiram Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Timothy Hodge's, senior, in Augusta, to the River Rideau, called the white road, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Henry Burritt, Esquire, John Bass, senior, and John Martin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Lyman Stone's, in Augusta, to the Rideau, in the road called the Bellamy road, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel J. Bellamy, Edmund Burritt, and Samuel Towsley, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Merrickville through Wolford, until it intersects the Bellamy road, near the South Branch of the Rideau, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Elisha Coller, Edmund Burritt, and Alexander McCue, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Kemptville through Oxford, to Abel Adams', the sum of fifty pounds; and that Abel Adams, Truman Hurd, Esquire, and Israel Banks, senior, be Commissioners for expending the same. On' the road from John Froom's to the River Rideau, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Froom, and Milo McCarger, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Merrickville towards Smith's Fall's, within the County of Grenville, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Thomas McCrae, and James Maitland, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from John Laurence's in Edwardsburgh, to Abraham Cummings' in Augusta, by J. Heck's Mills, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Jacob Heck, Abraham Cummings, and Henry Lane, Commissioners for expending the same. On

the road from Eastman's in North Gower, leading to Richmond, between the second and third concessions of North Gower, the sum of twentyfive pounds; and that Gilbert Thompson, David McCuen, and Andrew Christie, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road established and partly opened from Kemptville till it intersects the road leading towards Johnstown and George Adam's in Edwardsburgh, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that William H. Bottom, Esquire, Thomas McCarger, and Andrew Carson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Maitland's Rapids to Beckwith, through Montague, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that James Maitland, Esquire, and John Kilborne, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Henry Brownules in Marlborough, to Richard Martin's in North Gower, the snm of seventy-five pounds, and that Zeba Eastman, Richard Martin, and Richard Olmsted, senior, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from James Humphrey's, in first concession of Edwardsburgh, to Gideon Adams', Esquire, in South Gower, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Lewis Grant, Esquire, and Elijah Froom, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the County of Leeds .- On the front road from Jones' Mills, in Yonge, to Frederick Brandy's in Elizabethtown, the sum of fifty pounds: and that John Weatherhead, Esquire, and Isaac Cole, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading northerly, from Hogaboom's in Yonge, to Wiltse's Mills, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Benjamin R. Munsell, Esquire, Joseph Wiltse, Esquire, and Cornell Hunt, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the Township line of Bathurst, in the Bathurst District, and Burgess in the Johnstown District, the sum of forty Pounds; and that John Halladay, James Allan, and John Richie, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Thomas Barber's, in Burgess, to the narrows of the Rideau Lake, the sum of forty pounds; and that Thomas Barber, James Condie, and Thomas Thompson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Alexander Mc-Tavish's, on the Town line of Elmsley, to Weatherhead's Mills, the sum of thirty-five pounds; and from Weatherhead's Mills to Smith's Falls, the sum of thirty-five pounds; and that William L. Weatherhead, Duncan McTavish, and John Kilborne, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Seth Cornell's in Yonge, to John Wiltse's, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Henry Zeed, Edward Parish, and John Wiltse, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the School-House, near John Johnston's in Yonge, to Cleveland Stafford's in Landsdown, the sum of forty pounds; and that

ŝ

ELEVENTH PARL'T.-CHAP. LX. 3d YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D. 1833.

William Webster, Richard Johnson, and Thomas Shuffield, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Town line of Brockville to Abraham Dayton's, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Abraham Dayton, Esquire, Elnathan Hubbell, Esquire, and Daniel Jones, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the corner near Increase Smith's, to Smith King's in Elizabethtown, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Increase Smith, Smith King, and Reuben Mott, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Ira Lewis' in Elizabethtown, to Benjamin F. Wilson's in Kitley, the sum of forty pounds; and that Benjamin F. Wilson, Jonathan Mills Church, junior, and John Ketchum, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Benjamin F. Wilson's in Kitley, to Oliver's Ferry in Elmsley, the sum of forty pounds; and that Ephraim Koyl, Elisha Landon, and Solomon Landon, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Oliver's Ferry to the Town line of Perth, the sum of forty pounds; and that William Rutherford, Fitzwilliam Burford, Abel Wright, and William McPherson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Russel Field's, in Elizabethtown, to Robert Clark's, in Elizabethtown, the sum of forty pounds; and that Robert Clark, Ebenczer Smith, and John Henderson, he Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Joshua: Bates', in Yonge, to Beverly, in Bastard, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Joshua Bates, Otis Smith, and Seneca Washburn, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road and bridges from Smyth's Falls to the Perth road at Dack's, the sum of thirty-five pounds; and that William Elliott, James Brownlie, and William Riddle, be Commissioners for expending the same. For building a bridge over Mud Creek, and making the approaches thereto on or near lot number seventeen, in the eighth concession of Elizabethtown, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that Nicholas Horton, Henry Maude, Walter Atkins, and Thomas Hill, be Commissioners for expending the same. For building a bridge over the outlet of South Lake, in the Township of Leeds, between Marble Rock and Kingston road, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that John McDonell, Esquire, John Emery, and James Howard, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Peter Cole's, in Elizabethtown, to Unionville, the sum of eighty pounds; and that Zerus Orton, Samuel Cromwell, and Archibald Fletcher, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of two thousand two hundred pounds, hereby granted to the Midland District, be appropriated and expended as follows, that is to say:— Appropriation for Midland District how distributed, and by whom to be expended.

In the County of Frontenac.-On the front road leading from Catarooui Bridge, along the River St. Lawrence, to Fairman's on the Montreal road, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Marks, and Richard Rice, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Perth road, leading from the Montreal Road, near Franklin's, to Brewer's Mills, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Allan McLean, Robert Drummond, and James Matthewson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Barriefield to intersect the Montreal road, at or near Franklin's Inn, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John Marks, Adam Laidlaw, and John Baillie, Senior, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Waterloo to Loughborough, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Horace Yeomans, Henry Wood, and William Latimore, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading round the southern end of Loughborough Lake, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Donald Bethune, John Simikins, and Lawrence Rail, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Jacob Shibley's to the top of Hoggin's Hill, in Portland, the sum of twenty pounds; and that William Scott, John Goldsmith, and William Jackson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the front of the Second Concession of Portland, between lots number six and seven, to Waterloo, the sum of eighty pounds; and that Jacob Shibley, James Gordon and Henry Shibley, be Commissioners for expending the On the road from Kingston to Waterloo, the sum of one hundred same. and seventy pounds; and that Henry Smith, Albert McMichael, and Benjamin Olcott, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Waterloo to Ernestown line, fifty pounds; and that Lambert VanAlstine, Anthony McGuin, and James Powley, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the Counties of Lennox and Addington.—On the road leading from the York road in Ernestown to Peter's Mills in Camden, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Milton Fisk, Sidney Warner, and Nathaniel Hicks, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Ernestown, the sum of two hundred pounds; and that Henry Lasher, John Asselstine, Nathan Fellows, Jacob Ham, and Michael Asselstine, be Commissioners for expending the same, on such roads and bridges as a majority of the Commissioners may deem most expedient. That there be expended in the Township of Fredericksburgh, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that Jacob B. Chamberlain, James Forshee, Frederick Kellar, John Fralick, and Henry Ham, be Commissioners for expending the same, on such roads and bridges as a majority of the Commissioners may deem most expedient. That there be expended in the Township of Richmond, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Allan McPherson, Archibald Caton, James Long, William Prindle, and John Baldwin, be Commissioners for expending the same, on such roads and bridges as a majority of the Commissioners may deem most expedient. And that there be expended in the Township of Camden, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Samuel Clark, Jacob Rombough, Jacob Huffman, Calvin Perry, John Pomeroy, Samuel Madden, and Samuel Scott, be Commissioners for expending the same, on such roads and bridges as a majority of the said Commissioners shall deem most expedient.

In the County of Hastings.—For repairing the bridge across the River Moira, at the Town of Belleville, the sum of one hundred and thirty-five pounds; and that John Turnbull, William Zwick, and Robert Smith, be Commissioners to expend the same. To aid in the erection of a bridge across the River Moira, in the sixth concession of the Township of Thurlow, to connect the main road leading from the Township of Huntingdon and Hungerford, through the Township of Thurlow to the Town of Belleville, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that William Ketcheson, Junior, Gideon Turner, and Samuel McTaggart, be Commissioners to expend the same. For cutting down the Hill near Rawdon Creek, on the road to Madoc, surveyed by William Ketcheson Junior, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, the sum of tem pounds-for making a bridge on the road leading to the Township of Madoc, near John McCoy's, in the Township of Huntingdon, the sum of seven pounds, ten shillings-for building crossway bridges on the road through lots number four and five, in the fifth concession of Madoc, the sum of ten pounds-for levelling the Hill near Hog Lake, in the Township of Huntingdon, the sum of twelve pounds, ten shillings; and that James O'Hara, Jacob Young, and Cyrus Riggs, be Commissioners to expend the same. To aid in erecting a bridge across Salmon River on the allowance for road through the first concession of the Township of Tvendenaga, or so near to such allowance as the nature of the situation will admit, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that William Portt, Richard Lazier, and John Reynolds, be Commissioners to expend the same. For improving the forty foot road between lots number twelve and thirteen in the Township of Sidney; commencing on the public highway in the first concession, and running through near to Thomas Ketchison's in the fifth concession of said Township, and from thence until it intersects the River Trent, the sum of forty pounds; and that Thomas Ketchison, Henry Bonesteel, and George McMullen, be Commissioners to expend For opening and making the road laid out and confirmed by the same. the Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the Midland District, commencing on the West side of the River Moirs, nearly opposite to Church Street in the Town of Belleville; thence nearly in a direct line to the allowance for road between the first and second concessions of Sidney; thence along the concession road until it intersects the forty foot road between lots number thirty and thirty-one; and thence along the said forty foot road to the sixth concession, the sum of sixty pounds, and that Ruliff Purdy, Henry Hagerman, and James Farley, be Commissioners to expend the same.

In the County of Prince Edward.—On the road leading from Bellu's, in Ameliasburgh, to James Pearson's, in Hillier, twenty-five pounds; and that Edmond Marsh, and James Pierson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Marsh's Mills, on the South side of the concession to Hallowell Village, forty-five pounds; and that James Knoxon, junior, and Daniel Levens, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Wellington, past Freer's Mills, to Henry Rednor's, in Ameliasburgh, sixty-five pounds; and that Archibald McFall, Caleb Platt, Owen Roblin, and William Brickman, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Job Young's, in Ameliasburgh, to Benjamin Stapleton's, fifteen pounds; and that John B. Wey, and Simon DeLong, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Demorestville in Sophiasburgh, to Benjamin Stapleton's, twenty-five pounds; and that Jacob Howell, and Benjamin Stapleton, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Demorestville to Hallowell, thirty-five pounds: and that Thomas Davis, and John Ellison, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Demorestville to John Goslin's, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Israel Tripp, and Peter Stickles, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between John Darlin's and David Covert's in Ameliasburgh, the sum of ten pounds; and that John Darlin, Thomas Howard, Senior, and Samuel Paterson, be Commissioners for expending the same. To build a Bridge across Marsh Creek, from Murney's Point to Mississagua Point, on Lot number sixty eight, in the second concession of Ameliasburgh, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Samuel Potter, Richard Spring, and Andrew P. Wanamaker, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the new road leading from Henry Harris's to Hallowell Village, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Calvin Pyre, and Henry A. Johnson, be Commissioners for expending the same. For making the new road laid out from Jacob Platt's, across the swamp to the village of Hallowell, the sum of fifty-five pounds; and that Daniel Hare, and Nicholas Williams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Picton to Williiam Johnson's, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Henry Spafford, and William Johnson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the

road leading from Picton, past John Richard's, to Phillip Clap's Mills, in Marysburgh, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Andrew Minacre, and John Lane, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Hallowell Bridge to the top of the Hill at the Lake of the Mountain, in Marysburgh, the sum of forty pounds; and that Thomas Eyre, and Hugh McDonell, Esquire, 'be Commissioners for expending the same. On the cross road leading from Pruyn's, in Marysburgh, to the Stone Mills, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Alexander McIntosh, and Samuel Molyneaux, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Elijah Bently's, to Soup Harbour, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Benjamin Richards, and John Scott, junior, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the first and second concessions, South side of East Lake, the sum of twenty pounds; and that James Thomson, and David Kelly, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the cross road leading from Elisha Millar's to John Cooper's, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Arthur Elsworth, and Amos Hubbs, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of one thousand nine hundred pounds hereby granted to the Newcastle District, be appropriated and expended as follows:

In the County of Northumberland.-On the road leading from the River Trent, in the Township of Murray, to Kellog's Tavern, the sum Appropriation for the of fifty pounds; and on the River Trent, from Sheldon Hawley's till it Newcastle District how to be exponded. intersects the Sidney and Town line, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Sheldon Hawley, and William Robinson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from John Simpson's, in the Township of Cramahe, to the Percy Settlement, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Joshua Webster, and Richard Steavens, be Commissioners for expending the same. From the English Settlement, in the Township of Murray, to the Main Highway through the said Township, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Abijah Smith, and James Rankin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Percy Settlement to the Asphodel Bridge, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Joseph Stone, Joseph Sparrow, and David Cummings, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Townships of Percy and Seymour, the sum of fifty pounds; and that James Platt, Nathan Stone, and Joshua Webster, be Commissioners for expending the same. For re-building the Bridge over the River Trent, between the Townships of Percy and Asphodel, the sum of three hundred pounds; and that Thomas Walker, Esquire, Ebenezer Perry, and John Gilchrist, be Commissioners for ex-

C c

pending the same. From the West side of the fourth concession of the Township of Haldimand, to cut out a road to the Asphodel Bridge across the Trent, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that Ebenezer Perry, and John McCarty, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road surveyed by Mr. Rubidge, from the rear of Cobourg to the Rice Lake, the sum of fifty pounds; and that William Falkner, Esquire, and John McArtey, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Rice Lake to Peterboro', in the Township of Otonibee, the sum of eighty pounds; and that Charles Rubidge, and William Whitlar, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Bridge, near Gilchrist's Mills, in the Township of Otonibee. to the base line, and thence along the base line Easterly to Asphodel, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Thomas Carr, Esquire, and John Hope, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road. leading from Peterborough to the West boundary of the Township of Monaghan, the sum of sixty pounds; and that Thomas V. Tupper, and John Hall, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the, communication road leading from Peterborough to Mud Lake, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that John Hutchinson, and Thomas V. Tupper, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in the fourth concession of the Township of Haldimand to Baltimore, in Hamilton, the sum of forty pounds; and that Josiah Muirhead, and Robert English, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the County of Durham.-On the stage road from Brown's Mills: to Peterboro', until it intersects the boundary of the Townships of Cavan. and Monaghan, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that John Huston, Esquire, Barnabas Bletcher, and David Bedford, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the middle road as opened through Hope, and until it intersects the middle road in the third concession of Cavan, between lots number twelve and thirteen, in the said Township of Cavan, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that John Huston, Richard Bullock, Esquires, and Thomas Kells, be Commissioners for expending: the same. To open the base line from King Street, in Port Hope, until it intersects the Stage road leading from Port Hope to Kingston, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John D. Smith and Richard Bullock? Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open a road, between lots number thirty-two and thirty-three, commencing on the Stage road leading from York to Kingston, to the sixth concession of Hope, the sum of fifty pounds; and then to open a road on the concession line; between the fifth and sixth concessions of Hope, from lot number, thirtytwo until it intersects the boundary road, now open between the boundary. of Hope and Clarke, Cavan, and Manvers, the sum of fifty pounds; and

that John D. Smith, Richard Bullock, Esquires, and William S. Marsh, be Commissioners for expending the same. To make a road between the front of Ops and Emily, or as near as practicable, and then leading to the Mills now built by Mr. Purdy, in the Township of Ops, the sum of fifty pounds; to open a road through Ops to Purdy's Mills to the Township of Mariposa, fifty pounds; to build a bridge near the said Mills of Mr. Purdy, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that John Logie, John Huston, and Alexander McDonald, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. For building a bridge across Pigeon Creek, in the Township of Emily, near C. T. Baldwin's Mills, so as not to impede the navigation, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that C. T. Baldwin, Alexander McDonell, and John Huston, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. To repair the road between the Townships of Clark and Darlington, Manvers and Cartwright, and to crossway the said line of road or build a bridge in the Township of Manvers, near the Township of Ops, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Logie, Robert Fairbairn, Esquires, and Captain William McIntosh, be Commissioners for expending the same. To re-build the bridge on Walton Street, in Port Hope, across the Port Hope River, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that John D. Smith, and Richard Bullock, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open a road between the fourth and fifth concessions of Manvers, or as near as is practicable, commencing on the boundary road of Cavan and Manvers, the sum of thirty-seven pounds ten shillings; and that George Hughes, Alexander Brown, and John Huston, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open a road between the eleventh and twelfth concessions of Manvers, or as near the same as is practicable, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Huston, George Hughes, Esquires, and Alexander Brown, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open the road North of the third concession of the Township of Emily, between lots number six and seven in the said Township, the sum of fifty pounds; and that David Armstrong, Samuel Cottinham, and Thomas Mitchell, be Commissioners for expending the same. To open the boundary road between Cavan and Hope, or as near the same as is most practicable, commencing on the boundary road of Hope and Hamilton, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Robert McCammis, John Kennedy, and George Elliott, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of nineteen hundred pounds, hereby granted to the Home District, Appropriation for the be appropriated and expended as follows:—On the Township line beto be distributed, and tween Markham and Whitchurch, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Jacob by whom expended. Stouffer, Ludovic Wideman, and John Bogart, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the allowance for road between lots twenty and twenty-four, on the East side of Yonge Street, in the Township of York, the sum of forty pounds; and that John Kennedy, Joshua Lemoureux; and Duncan Wier, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road running through North Gwillimbury, fifty pounds; East Gwillimbury, fifty pounds; and that David Sprague, Henry Rose, Junior. and John Lepard, Senior, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road running through Georgina, the sum of fifty pounds; and that James O'Bouchier, William Johnson, Esquire, and John Comer. be Commissioners for expending the same. For further opening the centre road leading through Chinguacousy and Caledon, the sum of fifty pounds: and that Archibald McNaught, and George Bell of Caledon, and William Johnson, of Chinguacousy, be Commissioners for expending the same. For the allowance for road in the Township of Markham, on the line from Yonge Street to the eighth concession, between numbers twentyfive and twenty-six, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Oyer, William Clark, and Abraham Leymon, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Windsor Bay in Whitby, through Reach and Brock. to Lake Simcoe, one hundred and fifty pounds; and that John Farguharson, Jacob Way, and Thomas McMullen, be Commissioners for expending the same. To aid in building a bridge across the River Rouge, on lot number one in the eighth concession of the Township of Markham. on the line between that Township and Scarborough; and also for a bridge across the branch of said River on lot number one in the tenth concession of Markham, on the said line, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Thomas Whaley, Joshua Tomlinson, and John DeHart, be Commissioners for expending the same. For building a bridge across the River Credit at Streetsville, and improving the travelled road on the East side of the River to Dundas Street, the sum of one hundred pounds : and that Timothy Street, Israel Ransom, and Peter Wolfe, he Commissioners for expending the same. To reimburse Warren Clarkson for work done on the Lake road in one thousand eight hundred and thirtytwo, within the County, the sum of thirty-three pounds, fifteen shillings; and the further sum of sixteen pounds, five shillings, to improve the Hills West of the River Credit and the Western limits of the Township of Toronto, and that the last named Commissioners do also expend the To build a bridge across the Etobicoke, on the line in the new same. survey of Toronto, on the side road between lots numbers five and six, and cutting down the Hills, the sum of fifty pounds; and that James Mackay, Edward W. Thomson, and Gordon Burgess, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the Town line between Toronto, Trafalgar, Esquesing, and Chinguacousy, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel Marlatt, Charles Cameron, and Alexander Proudfoot. Esq.

be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the road on: the West side of the River Credit, from Streetsville to Dundas Street. the sum of fifty pounds; and that William Patterson, John Embleton. and James Patterson, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving Dundas Street from Colonel Givins' corner to the limits of the County, the sum of ninety-two pounds, ten shillings; and that John-Macfarlane, John McGill. Amasa Wilcox, and Stanous Daniels, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the road leading from the line between the fifth and sixth concessions of Toronto, East of the centre road through Etobicoke to Dundas Street, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that George Miller, and Daniel Custead, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the road between the sixth concession and the Gore of Toronto, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Thomas Burrell, and James Read, be Commissionersfor expending the same. For the road lately surveyed by Mr. Gibson, running from the Don Bridge through the third concession from the Bay, in the Township of York, the sum of twenty-five pounds :, and that. John Eastwood, Samuel Sinclair, and P. DeGrassi, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Brock to Stonffer-ville, by Uxbridge Mills, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Abraham; Stouffer, senior, John B. Plank, and C. B. Sheldon, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the road in Scarborough, between lots numbers thirty-four and thirty-five, the sum of thirty pounds ; and that William Devenish, and William Fitzpatrick, be Commissionersfor expending the same. For the improvement of the road leading from Danforth road in Scarborough to the eighth concession of Markham,. between lots number eighteen and nineteen in the intervening concessions, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Peter Secor, and Richard Houck, of Scarborough, and Robert Armstrong of Markham, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the main road through the Township of Albion leading to York, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Captain William Campbell, James Bolton, senior, and John Coates, be-Commissioners for expending the same. On the road called Campbell's road, from the South side of the West branch of the Humber to the Gore. of Toronto, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Captain William Campbell, Isaac Maxwell, and William Porter, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the roads leading from Skay's and McDonell's Stores, through Whitby and Reach, and Brock to Eldon, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that Abner Hurd, of Reach, Ezra Crary, and Edward Skay, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the Stage road from the Township of York to the further limit of the Township of Whitby, the sum of ninety-two pounds ten shif-lings; and that Francis Leys, Esquire, Jabez Hall, and William Weller,

be Commissioners for expending the same. That the four hundred pounds for the County of Sincoe be distributed as follows :- In the Township of Tecumseth, between the seventh and eighth concession. along lots twenty-one and twenty-two, the sum of twenty pounds; and that W. Mears, and John Thompson, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Tecunseth, between the seventh and eighth concessions, from lots seven to twelve, the sum of fifteen pounds: and that W. Hammil, and F. Stephens, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Tecumseth and West Gwillimbury, from Sutherland's Tayern to James Doan's, the sum of ten pounds; and that James Doan, and W. Mears, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Tecumseth and West Gwillimbury, to finish the causeway leading to Essa, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Perry, and George Dunwoody, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Penetanguishine road, from William Robinson's, in West Gwillimbury, to the Town line of Innisfil, the sum of thirty pounds; and that John Caton, Christopher Burns, and James Tindall, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Penetanguishine road, from L. J. Clement's to Kempenfeldt Bay, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Lewis J. Clement, and Thomas McConkey, be Commissioners for expending the same. To improve the road on the Beach around the head of Kempenfeldt Bay, the sum of twenty pounds; and that David Edgar, and Alexander Walker, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Penetanguishine road, to aid in causewaying the Swamp along lots twenty-two and twenty-three, the sum of thirty nounds: and that Peter White, and Thomas Mair, be Commissioners' for expending the same. On the Penetanguishine road, from Thomas Mair's to lot number twenty-two, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Peter White, and Thomas Mair, be Commissioners for expending the same: From Craig's Hotel, on the Penetanguishine Road, to the Naval Establishment, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel Richardson, Robert Jeff, and John Craig, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Peter White's, on the Penetanguishine road, through Oro to Lake Simcoe, Eastward, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Peter White, and Arthur Carthew, be Commissioners for expending the same. In Thorah, from lot twenty-three, on what is called the Lake Road, to the Talbot River, the sum of thirty pounds; and that William Turner, Esq. and S. Farnsworth, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road through Mono and Mulmur, to join the main road between Caledon and Albion, leading to York, the sum of twenty pounds; and that F. McLaughlin, and John Walker, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Mono and Adjala, from number one, Northward, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that George McManus;

and George Snell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in the Township of Adjala, in the fifth concession, from lots twentythree to twenty-seven, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Michael Healey, and Hugh Ferguson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Tosorontio and Adjala, from the seventh concession West to the Town line of Mono, the sum of ten pounds; and that James. Forbes, and Robert Keenan, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Garrafraxa and Amaranth, from lots number one to four, the sum of ten pounds; and that Robert Keys, and Usha Goldsmith, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Thorah, from Mr. Turner's, between the first and second concessions, to the leading road through Eldon to Ops, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Ewan Cameron, and Duncan Cameron, be Commissioners for expending the same.

d: ninbere . 1. XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority oforesaid, That of the sum of two thousand pounds, hereby granted to the District of Gore, Appropriation for there be expended on the Roads and Bridges in the County of Went- Gote, how to ke worth, the sum of six hundred pounds in manner following, that is to say ; expended. On the road commonly called the night way from the Village of Dundas to the Village of Aucaster, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Manuel Overfield, James Bell Ewart, and Matthew Crooks, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from William Vanderlip's to Fairchild's Creek on the Indian Lands, the sum of ninety pounds; and that Samuel Andruss, John Westbrook, Enos Bunnel, and Edward Vanderlip, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the top of the mountain, near Hamilton, to the Villags of Ancaster; the sum of fifty pounds; and that Thomas Hammil, Patrick Hammil, and Jacob Rynel, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading through Glanford to Crawford's, on the the Grand River, in the Niagara District, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that Thomas Choat, David Kerns, and Elisha Bingham, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Samuel Tapley's, on the mountain, to the Western boundary of Saltfleet, between the sixth and seventh concessions, the sum of forty pounds; and that Samuel Tapley, Jeremiah Springsteen, and John Law, of Saltfleet, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Albion Mills, in Barton, past the farm of the late William Davis, to Lake Ontario in Saltfleet, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Elijah Secord, Daniel K. Servos, and Lewis Bielley, be Commissioners for expending the same .: On the main road from Stoney Creek to the Fitty Nile Creek, in Saltfleet, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel Green, John Galbraith, Jonathan Petitt, Ebenezer Place, and Samuel Nash, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road

from William Case's, to William Loteridge, near the Beach, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Michael Aikman, and Thomas Loteridge, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from William Terryberry's Tavern, in Barton, to Glanford, the sum of twenty-five pounds ; and that Stephen Blackstone, and David Kerns, junior, be Cominissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Hamilton to Dundas, on what is called Beasley's Hollow, the sum of twenty-five pounds: and that Peter Hess, and Caleb Forsyth, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading up the mountain by Annanias Smith's, in Saltfleet, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that William Carpenter, Robert Petitt, and Silas Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Albion Mills, past Obadiah Taylor's, to William Terryberry's, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Obadiah Taylor, John Snyder, and Elijah Secord, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Stoney Creek, up the mountain. to Binbrook, and on the line between blocks number three and four, to the rear of the fourth concession of Binbrook, the sum of thirty pounds ; and that John Rathben, John Zeager, and William Green, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the eighth concession in Saltfleet, past Cosper K. B. Tenyck, until the same shall meet the road between the eighth and ninth concessions of Grimsby, the sum of ten pounds; and that Thomas Canden, senior, and Cosper K. B. Tenyck, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the Eastern District of Halton, six hundred pounds, as follows :---On the town line between Trafalgar and Toronto, Esquesing and Chinguacousy, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Alexander Proudfoot. Samuel Mullat, and Charles Cameron, be Commissioners for expending. the same. On the road leading from Post's Inn, in the Township of Trafalgar, through said Township of Trafalgar, and the Townships of Esquesing and Erin, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Kenny, Charles Kennedy, and Phillip Truman, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Post's Inn, in Trafalgar, to Oakville, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Merrick Thomas, Jacob Raudal, and William Butts, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Mrs. Munn's Tavern to Oakville, the sum of thirty-seven pounds ten shillings; and that George Chalmers, Charles Biggars, and John Keating, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Dundas Street, between the fourth and fifth concessions in the Township of Trafalgar, new survey, to the Township of Esquesing, leading to the Scotch block, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Anthony Fitzpatrick, William Beaty, and John Biggar, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Ephraim

Hopkin's, on Dundas Street, to Oakville, the sum of fifty pounds ; and that Robert Smith, Hiram McCrany, and John Street, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Hagars, through the Townships of Trafalgar, Esquesing and Erin, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Joseph Bows, George Brown, and John Burns, be Commissioners for expending the same, on such road as shall be pointed out by George Chalmers, William Crooks, and William McCoy, Esquires, leading through the Townships of Esquesing and Erin. On the Township line between Nelson and Trafalgar, Nassagaweya, and Esquesing, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that William H. Proctor, Finlay McNaughton, and William Campbell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Moses McKay's, in the township of Nelson, to the rear part of Eramosa, the sum of fifty pounds; and that William McKoy, William Smith, and E. Easterbrooke, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Moses McCoy's, between lots number fifteen and sixteen to Lake Ontario, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Joseph Ireland, James Willson, and James Fisher, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Lake road from Oakville to Burlington Beach, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that William J. Kerr, A Gage, and Merrick Thomas, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Daniel O'Rielly's to the town line between Nelson and Trafalgar-then down the town line to Lake Ontario, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Triller, John Lucas, and Ramsay Crooks, be Commissioners for expending the same. To be expended in erecting a bridge across the Sixteen Mile Creek, and making improvements upon the Hill on the West side of said Creek by widening the road and making it of easier ascent upon the route now travelled; the sum of one hundred and eighty-seven pounds ten shillings; and that George Chalmers be Commissioner for expending the same. On the Dundas Street, from the Village of Dundas to the West line of the Indian land, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that Peter Bomberger, Hiram Capron, and Nathan Howell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Waterloo road from the East line of the township of Beverley, through Beverley and Dumfries,. via Galt, to the town line of Waterloo, the sum of two hundred and and eighty pounds; and that George Clemens, Jacob. C. Snyder, and Absalom Shade, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between lots number six and seven, from the second concession West Flamborough to Robert Patterson's, thence through the corner of Beverly to the Township of Puslinch, and from the North West line of Guelph on the line between Woolwich and Nichol to the Falls of the Grand River, the sum of sixty-five pounds; and that James Crooks, John D'd't afrair to the

Linderman, and William Reynolds, be Commissioners for expending the On the road up the mountain, from Dundas to Flambro', West, same. the sum of twenty pounds; and that Peter Bomberger be the Commissioner for expending the same. On the road between the first and second concession in the Township of Beyerly, twenty-five pounds; and that Bernard Howard, Adam Thompson, and Bernard Markle, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the second and third concessions of the Township of Beverly, forty-five pounds; and that Hugh Mulholland, David Cornell, and William Coleman, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Dumfries, sixtyfive pounds; and that Isaac S. Howell, Hiram Capron, and Absalom Shade, be Commissioness for expending the same. On the road from Waterloo Town line to the Falls of the Grand River, in the Township of Woolwich, East side of the Grand River, eighteen pounds fifteen shillings; and that Zephaniah Sexton, Alpheus Smith, and Thomas Robinson, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road through the centre of the Township of East Flamboro' to the rear of the said Township, thirty six pounds five shillings; and that Alexander Brown, John Eaton, and Edward Evans, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Village of Dundas, past Harker Lyon's, up the mountain, to John Davis', on Dundas Street. in East Flamboro', twenty pounds; and that Manuel Overfield, and Harker Lyons, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Waterloo, fifty pounds; and that Henry Warner, Isaac Shoutz, and Jacob S. Shoemaker, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the German or centre block, in Wilmot, twelve pounds ten shillings ; and that Christian Erb, and John Haymaker, be Commissioners for expending the same. In the Township of Woolwich, West side of the Grand River, twelve pounds ten shillings ; and that David Mussleman, and George Eby, jun'r. be Commissioners for expending the same.

Appropriation for Niagara how to be expended, XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of one thousand six hundred pounds, hereby granted to the Niagara District, be appropriated and expended as follows :---

In the First Riding in the County of Lincoln.—On the road from Charles Anderson's, in Grimsby, to Daniel Camp's, on the twenty mile Creek, the sum of forty-seven pounds ten shillings; and that John Beamer, Daniel Palmer, and William Freher, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the line between lots number fifteen and sixteen, in the eighth concession, to the Caistor line, the sum of twenty five pounds; and that William Bri 'geman, John Harris, and George Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road from Daniel Camp's, by George A. Ball's, to the District line of Gore, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that William Bridgeman, John Harris, and Gco. Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the thirty mile Creek, in Clinton, to the River Welland, on the Canboro' line, the sum forty pounds; and that Smith Griffin; Robert Waddle, and John Beam, be Commissioners for expending the same .--On the road from Cyrus Summer's to' Lake Ontario, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Cyrus Sumner, Timothy Hixon, and John Kilburn, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Michael Rittenhouse's to Lake Ontario, the sum of twelve pounds ten shilling; and that Michael Rittenhouse, Andrew Black, and Abraham Gruff, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from James Simmerman's corner to the South line, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Robert S. Kelly, Daniel Smith, and David Moyer, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the line between lots number sixteen and seventeen, from the main road in Grimsby, to Geo. A. Ball's, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Denis Woolverton, Ralph Walker, and Jacob Tufford, be Comissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Cherry Tree to George Adams', on the twenty mile Creek, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that William Bridgeman, and George Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Lake road, from Clinton line to the thirty mile Creek, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings ; and that Conrad Tufford, Thomas Walker, and Henry Konklin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the third and fourth concessions of Gainsboro' to Canboro' road, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Jacob Schram, and William Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the Second Riding of the County of Lincoln.—On the road from Niagara through the Black Swamp, to Clinton line, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that William Ball, of Niagara, Joseph Smith, and Geo. Henry Kerr, of Louth, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Lake road from Port Dalhousie to Clinton line, the sum of twentyfive pounds; and that Nathan Pawling, James W. O. Clark, and Isaac Weismer, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Hainer's corner, in Grantham, by Adam Brown's and Henry Disher's, to Pelham line, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Jacob Hainer, Adam Brown, and William Adams, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Henry Disher's, by Ball's Mills to the main road, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Henry Disher, John Salmon, and Peter Hostrosser, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from St. Davids to the ten mile Creek, on the road intersecting the ł

swamp road, the sum of fifty pounds; and that David Secord, Richard Woodruff, and Frederick Goring be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Daniel Gregory's, by E. Collver's to Pelham line, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Barnabas Gregory, and James Johnson, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the Third Riding of the County of Lincoln.—For repairs to the bridge at the Village of Chippewa, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel Street, and William Hepburne, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road from the Beaver Dams, by John DeCoo's to Adam Brown's, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that George Marlatt, and Nicholas Smith, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Jacob Ball's to the Beaver Dams-thence on the road leading to Saint Johns, the sum of twenty-five pounds-and on the road from Saint Johns to Brown's bridge, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Jacob Ball, Jacob Keefer, and John Street, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from John Snures to John Bowman's, by Clark's mills, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that John Raisin, and Joseph Disher, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Saint Johns to George Oills, the sum of thirty-seven pounds ten shillings; and that Hezekiah Davis, John Snure, and George Oill, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Quaker Meeting House, in Pelham, to Riley's bridge on the River Welland, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that James Fell, and William Beckett, junior, be Commissioners for expending the same. To finish the new bridge across the River Welland at Port Robinson, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Duncan McFarland, and Edward Beckett, be Commissioners for expending the same.

In the Fourth Riding of the County of Lincoln.—For repairs to the bridge at the mouth of the Chippewa River, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Samuel Street, and William Hepburne, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Village of Chippewa, by Crook's mills to Sugar Loaf Settlement, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that David Davis, and Henry Fitch, be Commissioners for expending the same. From the Village of Chippewa along the River Welland, to the Canboro' line, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Daniel Robins, and Christopher McAlpine, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Chippewa to Fort Erie, on the river road, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Reuben Waite, and Samuel McAfee, be Commissioners for expending the same. To complete the new bridge at Port Robinson, over the River Welland, the sum of twenty-five pounds;

and that Duncan McFarland, and Edward Beckett, be Commissioners for expending the same. From Fort Erie on the Garrison road, by the Sugar Loaf to the London District line, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Colin McNeilledge, Elijah Done, Emanuel Winter, Michael Grabiel, and John Baxter, Jacob Hoover, and William Steel, be Commissioners for expending the same-and that this money shall be expended on such part of the road, between Fort Erie and the London District line, as shall most require it. That the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds be laid out on the best and most direct road leading from Fort Erie through Dunville, to the London District line leading to Mr. McNeilledge's mills; and that Colin McNeilledge, Elijah Done, Emanuel Winter, Michael Grabiel, John Baxter, Jacob Hoover, and William Steel, be Commissioners for expending the same: this money to be expended on such parts of this road as may most require it, with a view of opening the same for the passing of teams from Long Point to Fort Erie: no part to be expended between Nanticoke and David Hoover's on the concession line, until the remainder of the road is passable-twenty-five pounds of the above may be expended on the front road from David Hoover's to Nanticoke for bridges if the Commissioners shall deem it advisable. That the sum of three hundred and fifty pounds be expended on such part of the road leading from the Falls of Niagara via. Canboro', to the District line, to be expended on such parts of the road as may be most required, with a view of opening the same throughout for the passage of teams; and that William Wilson, John Decow, Benjamin Canby, Benjamin Birdsall, James Davis, Peter Steinhoof, and Anthony Upper, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of two thousand pounds, hereby granted to the District of London, shall be appropriated and expended as follows, that is to say :---On the Appropriation for road leading from the Furnace in Dereham to Port Burwell on Lake London District how to be expended. Erie, the sum of two hundred pounds, seventy-five pounds of which shall be applied between the Furnace and Talbot road; one hundred and twelve pounds ten shillings, between Talbot Road and the road allowance between the first and second concessions of Bayham, and the remaining twelve pounds ten shillings, between the said road allowance and Port Burwell. On the Lake Road in Bayham, East of James Hutchinson's, the sum of twenty-five pounds-on Pitt Street, from James Hutchinson's to Big Otter Creek, the sum of twenty-five pounds. On the allowance for road between lots number ten and eleven in the Township of Bayham, between the second concession and Lake Erie, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Samuel Edison, John Burwell, Andrew Dobbie, and Isaac Draper, Esquires, and James Hutchinson, and Joseph

• •

Merrill, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the roads between lots number twenty and twenty-one in Malahide, between Talbot Road and the front of the second concession, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Gilbert Wrong, William Summers, and Doyle McKenny, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from St. Thomas to Port Stanley, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Benjamin Willson, James Nevills, and John Thompson, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. For improving the road at the Hill on the West side of Kettle Creek on Talbot road, in Southwold, the sum of twenty pounds. On the road from the Five Stakes to Saint Thomas, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Edward Warren, Samuel Smith; and Richard D. Drake, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Union Road in Southwold, from the North branch of Talbot Road to Samuel Burwell's, the sum of seventeen pounds ten shillings-on the same road from Samuel Burwell's to John Waddles, the sum of thirtyseven pounds ten shillings; and that John Waddle, Esquire, James Meek, Samuel Burwell, and Benjamin Johnston, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road allowance between Dunwich and Southwold, from the River Thames to the Dividing Ridge, the sum of twenty-five pounds. On the Tyrconnel Road between lots number twelve and thirteen in Dunwich, from the back street to the River Thames, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Leslie Patterson, Esquire, Thomas McCall, and Bray Willy, be Commissioners for expending the same .---On the main road in the Township of Dorchester, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that James Ingersoll, Joshua Putnam, and Gardner Myrick, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Dundas Street in the Township of London, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Scatchard, Esquire, and Solemon Shenich, be Commissioners for expending the same. On Wharncliffe Highway, from Michael McLaughlin's to the River Thames, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John O'Neil, and Henry Shenich, be Commissioners, for expending the same. On the road from the Town of London, passing Black Friars Bridge, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Kent; and Thomas Park, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from the Commissioners road in Westminster, to the Town of London, passing O'Niel's Bridge across the Thames, the sum of twentyfive pounds; and that John O'Neil, Albert Odell, and Linus Forbes, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road crossing from the North branch of the Talbot road, near the farm of William Owry, do the bridge across the River Thames at Carradoc, by: way of the line be: tween lots number five and six in the broken front of the Township of Delaware, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Benjamin Springer, William Owry, and Andrew Martin, be Commissioners' for expending the

same. On the Long Wood in Carradoc, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that James Craig, and James Fisher, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road allowance between the Townships of Ekfrid and Mosa, North of the Long Wood road, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Archibald McKellen, John Ferguson, and Alexander McIntyre, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in front of the fourth concession of London, West of the proof line, the sum of fifteen pounds. On the road in front of the second concession of Lobo, the sum of fifteen pounds. From the East line of Carradoc to James Craig's, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Duncan McKenzie, Esquire, James Craig, and Benjamin Woodhull, be Commissioners for expending the To Marvel White, and Benjamin Woodhull, to enable them to same. pay a balance due on a bridge across the River Thames at Woodhull's Mills, the sum of forty pounds. On the road from Benjamin Woodhull's Mills to the residence of Marvel White in Lobo, following that part of the route laid out by Roswell Mount, Esquire, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Marvel White, and Benjamin Woodhull, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road leading from Finlay Malcolm's to Norwich, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that Finlay Malcolm, Esquire, John Kelly, and Peter Sackrider, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Whitehead's to the Quaker Meeting House, the sum of fifty pounds; and that George W. Whitehead, Esquire, David Wilson, and George Wright, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road from Whitehead's in Burford, to Dodge's in Oxford, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that John Weir, John Kern, and Calvin Martin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Ingersoll's to Dundas Street, opposite the second concession of Zorra, the sum of twenty pounds. From Thomas Choat's Mills to Dundas Street, twenty pounds. From Peter Hagle's to the Furnace in Dereham, forty pounds. On the Township line between the Townships of Zorra and Nissouri, twenty pounds; and that Hugh McDermid, James Ingersoll, and John Galaway, be Commissioners for expending the same. On Dundas Street, from the Town Plot of Oxford to the Township line of London, the sum of eighty-five pounds : and that Jacob Kearn, Hugh McDermid, and Salmon Vining, be Commissioners for expending the same. On Dundas Street, from Lewis Charles to the Town Plot of Oxford, the sum of fifty pounds; and that John Hatch, Esquire, Joseph Smith, and John Baraclaugh, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the twelfth concession in Zorra, the sum of ten pounds; and that Alanson Harris, and Daniel Mowin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from D. Cross to White's Mills in Zorra, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that R. M. Stitt. and Welcome Yale, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Whitehead's to Dundas Street at Well's Tavern, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings; and that G. Whitehead, Esquire, and Levi Lawrence, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road passing James McLeod's to Spaldin's Mills, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that James McLeod, Thomas Roach, and John Daniels, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Dundas Street, between lots six and seven, to the sixth concession line in Blenheim.⁴ the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Michael Showers, Scnior, and Michael Shower's, Junior, be commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Peter Bastedo's, on the second concession line of Blenheim, to the road from Dundas Street to the Mills of E. A. Spalding, the sum of ten pounds; and that Peter Bastedo, Burns, and Martin, living on the road, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Eastern Town line of the Township of Burford, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Charles Duncombe, Esquire, Abner Matthews, and Stephen Douglass, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the Furnace across Otter Creek at Cromwell's Mills in Norwich, to Windham, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Peter Hamilton, Esquire, John Hardy, and William Cromwell, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Ingersol's bridge to the thirteenth concession of Nissouri, the sum of ten pounds; and that Hugh McDermid, Samuel Canfield, and John Cameron, be Commissioners for expending the same. In aid to build a bridge across Smith's Creek, between the fourth and fifth concessions in Blenheim, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Jackson, John Daniels, and Thomas Roach, be Commissinners for expending the same. On Dundas Street from the Eastern line of the District of London, West across lot number one in Burford, the sum of ten pounds; and that Michael Showers, Junior, and Elial Martin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Luke V. Spurs to the Governor's Road, the sum of ten pounds; and that Luke V. Spur, and Benjamin Cole, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road along the East side of lot number seven, in the seventh concession of Burford, the sum of ten pounds ; and that George W. Whitehead, Esquire, and Horatio Fowler, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from George Wright's to Cromwell's Mills on the ninth concession of Norwich and Dereham, the sum of ten pounds; and that Francis Stond, and George Wright, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the new road from the Governor's Road, past Lieutenant Brown's to Norwich, the sum of ten pounds. On the road between lots number seven and eight in the Township of Blanford, the sum of ten pounds; and that Edward Buller, Captain Drewe, and Captain Graham, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the main road between Townsend and Woodhouse, leading to Walpole from lot

number seven to Nanticoke. Creek, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that William Wilson, Peter Steinhoof, John Decow, Anthony Upper, James Davis, Benjamin Birdsall, and Mr. Fisk, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the second concession of Woodhouse, from C. McNeilledge's Mills to Walpole line, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that Colin McNeilledge, Elijah Doan, Jacob Hoover, John Baxter, Michael Graybill, Emanuel Winters, and William Steele, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the side line between lots number six and seven in the Township of Woodhouse. from the fourth concession to the Township line, between Woodhouse and Townsend, the sum of forty pounds; and that Phillip Austin, and John Parks, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the town line between Windham and Townsend, from Lang's Saw Mill to the corner of Burford, the sum of forty pounds; and on the eleventh concession of Townsend, the sum of fifteen pounds; and on the eleventh concession of Windham, the sum of thirty pounds; and that Israel W. Powell, Esquire, John Robbins, Jacob Langs, and Phillip Beamer, the Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in Boston settlement, from the Baptist Meeting House, through by Milford Mills to Oakland, the sum of twenty pounds; and that, Aaron Barber, and Uriah Corlis, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Talbot Road in Middleton, from Sovereign's to Coltman's, the sum of ten pounds; and that Frederick Sovereign, and Tisdale Parley, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Town line between Charlotteville and Walsingham, from the first concession to the Lake, the sum of twenty pounds; and that Jacob Potts, Esquire, and William Backhouse, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the sixth to the eighth concession of Charlotteville, thence along the eighth concession to James Blancy's, the sum of fifteen pounds; and that Aquilla M. Walsh, and Henry Sovereign, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Lake road in Houghton, from the Walsingham line to the plains, the sum of ten pounds; and that Edward Foster, and Thomas Burgar, he Commissioners for expending the same.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the sum of one thousand seven hundred pounds, granted to the Western Appropriation for District, be appropriated and expended as follows, that is to say:—For the Western District opening one rod wide and bridging the middle road between Talbot road and the River Thames, through the Townships of Maidstone, Rochester and West Tilbury, and from the division line between West and East Tilbury to lot number twenty-four in the last mentioned Township,

Еe

the sum of two hundred pounds; and for opening, one rod wide, a road to be laid out on the best ground which may be found by actual survey during the course of six months from the date of the passing of this Act, from the said lot number twenty-four on the middle road in the Township of East Tilbury to the River Thames, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that George Jacob the elder, George Jacob the younger, Esquires, and Mr. Benjamin Lavallee, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the communication road in the Township of Harwich, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Duncan McGregor, and James W. Little, Esquires, and Mr. Robert Wood, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between Dover and Chatham to Big Bear Creek, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Duncan McGregor, Esquire, and Messieurs Pierre Paul La Croix, and Laughlin McDougall, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road along the River Saint Clair, in the Township of Sombra, and the Indian Reservation adjoining the said Township, the sum of twenty pounds; and for the road along the said River Saint Clair, in the Township of Moore, the sum of thirty pounds; and that William Jones, Claud Gouin, Esquires, and Mr. Louis Rendt, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Talbot Road in the five mile woods, in the Township of Romney, the sum of twenty pounds; and on the road passing between the farms of Joseph Klinansmith, and Joseph Smith, in Raleigh, leading to the settlement on the middle road in the said Township, the sum of fifty pounds; and that James W. Little, Joseph Smith, and Thomas Renwick, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between lots number ninety-one and ninety-two in the Township of Howard to the Lake shore, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Messieurs Robert Wood, and John Unsworth, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road dividing the Townships of Chatham and Camden from the River Thames, through Dawn, to the East branch of Bear Creek, the sum of forty pounds; and that George Kirby, Esquire, Christopher Arnold, and William Wallen, be Commissioners for expending the same. Towards crecting a Draw-Bridge across the River Thames, from the Town of Chatham, in the Township of Harwich, to the Township of Chatham, at such place as may be fixed upon by the Justices in General Quarter Sessions in the said Western District assembled, the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds; and that John Dolson, and Duncan McGregor, Esquires, and Lewis Arnold, the elder, be Commissioners for expending the same: provided that the said sum of two hundred and fifty pounds shall not be paid to the said Commissioners, until they shall thave proved to the said Justices in Quarter Sessions assembled, that a sufficient additional sum of moncy shall have been provided to complete the said Bridge. On the Sandwich Talbot road, from Sandwich to Goodbody's farm, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and from lot two hundred and ninety six to two hundred and eighty-two, inclusive, the sum of one hundred and forty pounds; and that George Jacob, Charles Askin, and Chrysostom Pajot, Esquires, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the said Sandwich Talbot road, from lot number two hundred and sixty to two hundred and sixty-four, inclusive, the sum of seventy-five pounds; and that John Fulmer, Eliakim Field, and George Bruner, jun. be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Talbot road in Mersea, East of Hairsign's, the sum of fifty pounds; and that Francis Wilkinson, Daniel McKenzie, and Charles Hairsign, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the concession roads in Gosfield, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Peter Scratch, John Scratch, and Joseph Wigle, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the allowance for road between the East and West divisions of Gosfield, from Lake Eric to Talbot Road, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that John Scratch, John Wigle, and Prideaux Girty, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the new road in Colchester, authorised at the last October Sessions, the sum of fifty pounds, to be laid out from John Little's to Beaman's; and that Alexander McCormick, 'Thomas Wright, and Adam Fox, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the concession roads in Colchester, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Jarius Brush, Mathew McCormick, and James Lockart, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the Malden road, from Amherstburgh to the Sandwich Talbot road, for bridging the same, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that James Caldwell, William McGee, and Charles Berczy, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from the East side of Rochester to Lavallee's, along Lake Saint Clair, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Benjamin Lavallee, Charles Campeau, and James Askin, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road from Detroit River to the second concession, between Lauzon's and Campeau's farm, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Antoine Cecile, and James Dore Langlois, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the new road from Jacob Shaffer's, above Pike's Creek, to the second concession line of the Township of Sandwich, and along the same to Andre Peltier's, the sum of eighty-eight pounds; and that Benjamin Lavallee, Charles Campeau, and James Askin, be Commissioners for expending the same. Toward turnpiking the road on the Huron Reserve, from Bazil Drouillard's to the River Aux Canards, the sum of ten pounds; and that Laurent Bondy, and Francois Monfreton, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road between the Townships of Howard and Harwich, the sum of sixty-two pounds; and that Robert Wood, John Unsworth, & Christopher Arnold, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the roads between lots number eighty

six and eighty-seven, in the Township of Howard, from Talbot road to the shore of Lake Eric, the sum of forty pounds; and that David S. Baldwin, and John Unsworth, be Commissioners for expending the same. Towards repairing the bridge across the River Thames, from Camden to Howard, the sum of one hundred pounds; and that Christopher Arnold, and George Kirby, Esquire, be Commissioners for expending the same. On the road in Gosfield, from Jonas Fox's to the Furnace, the sum of twenty-five pounds; and that Jonas Fox, and Eliakim Field, be Commissioners for expending the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That some one of the Commissioners hereinbefore named or appointed under the authority of this Act, for any division of road, shall and he is hereby required to make an Oath before some one of the Justices of the Peace in the District in which such Commissioner or Commissioners shall act, and annex or subjoin the same to the Schedule or Abstract Statement of the expenditure of the Monies under the direction of such Commissioner or Commissioners, in the following form :---

Form of oath.

Commissioners to

make a return on oath of the monies

expended by them

respectively.

Receiver General to pay monies to the Ticasurers of the several Districts, to be accounted for the Treasury.

Treasurers to pay monies to Commissioners so soon as contracts shall have been made and the work commenced.

I. A. B. a Commissioner under the Road Act, make Oath and say, that the prefixed Schedule or Abstract Statement is a true and faithful account, in all its particulars, of the Monies expended by the Commissioners, of which I am one, to the best of my knowledge and belief.-So help me God.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any Monies to be laid out and expended under the provisions of this Act, shall be paid by the Receiver General to the Treasurers of the several Districts, in discharge of such Warrant or Warrants as shall be issued through the Lords of for that purpose by the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, and shall be accounted for to His Majesty through the Lords Commissioners of Ilis Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors shall be graciously pleased to direct. ,

> XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Treasurers of the several Districts are hereby anthorised and required to pay over to the Commissioners named in this Act or appointed under the authority thereof, or a majority of them, so soon as contracts shall have been made for the expenditure thereof and the work shall have been commenced, the several sums by this Act appropriated to be expended on that portion of the Roads which such Commissioners are appoint-. 10F 1.980

ELEVENTH PARL'T .- CHAP: LX. 3d: YEAR WILLIAM IV. A.D.: 1853.

ted to superintend: Provided always, that the said Treasurers shall not be entitled to any Commission for receiving and paying the several sums mentioned in this Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in vacancies among the the event of the death, removal, or refusal to act, of any of the Commiss- Commissioners may sioners named in this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, he filed up by the Licutenant Governor. Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of this Province for the time being, to appoint such person or persons as he shall think fit to fill the vacancies that may be occasioned as aforespid.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 'That the Monies to be expended upon the roads in the several ed by the 15th Districts of this Province, shall be expended and applied on or before as relates to bridges the fiftcenth day of August next, after the passing of this Act: Provided and cauzeways. always, that nothing herein contained shall apply to the construction of Bridges or Causeways not required to be covered with earth.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioners hereinbefore mentioned, and they let. are hereby required in all cases where improvements are to be made upon the Roads and Bridges throughout the several Districts of this Province, to expose the same at Public Auction, and in small portions where it may be practicable, so as to afford ample competition to all persons desirous of contracting for portions of the work to be performed, and to strike off the same in convenient portions to the lowest bidder, having in all cases given at least three weeks previous notice thereof by public advertisement, or to procure the performance of such improvements or repairs, in such manner as the majority of such Commissioners shall deem most advantageous and expedient: Provided always, that no Commissioner hereinbefore named shall be a Contractor for any part of the work over which he shall have been appointed such Commissioner.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioners hereinbefore named, or that may Commissioners to make out pay lists of be appointed under the authority of this Act, and they are hereby requi-monies expended, red to make out, and at the time of paying over any monies, cause to be and cause the same to be signed in preexecuted in the presence of at least one credible witness, vouchers or pay sence of a witness. lists containing abstract statements of the monies expended and the service performed, stating the names of the several Contractors, the pieces of work performed, the rate at which such work shall have been performed, and the signatures of the Contractors, acknowledging the receipt of the sums opposite their names respectively; which vouchers

Vouchers to be delivered to the Treasurers, together with any balance remainfing unexpended. Tionsurers to transruit returns to the tiovernor's Office by the 30th November. to be laid before the Assembly, and all be re-paid to Receiver General.

shall be made according to the annexed Schedule or Form, and together with any balance remaining unexpended, delivered to the Treasurers of the several Districts, who shall cause such returns to be transmitted to the office of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administering the Government, on or before the Thirtieth day of November next, and be by him laid before the Commons House of Assembly, and such balances to be repaid to His Majesty's Receiver General, to be accounted balances of money to for as a part of the General Revenues of this Province.

SCHEDULE

Or Abstruct Statement, and Receipts of Monies Expended, in the _____ District, under the Road Act of 1833, by _____ Commissioners.

CONTRACTORS NAMES.	Description of Work Contracted for.	SUMS IN CUR- rency for which Contracts have been made.	SIGNATURES OF Contractors ac- knowledging the receipt of Sums opposite their Names.	NAMES OF WIT- nesses to the pay- ment and Signa- tures.

INDEX.

	AGE.
Bailing and Commitment, of Prisoners in certain cases,	158
Capital Punishment-cases in which to be inflicted	38 161 168 175 179 180 48
Elections—to regulate trial of Controverted. Elections, (Counties of York and Lincoln)—to alter manner of holding. Eastern District, Gaol and Court House—further loan authorised for	49 56 111 173
Fugitive Felons-for apprehending of.	- 37
Grand River Navigation Company-amending Act of Incorporation	123 155 58
Hawkers and Pedlers-continuing duty upon Licenses to I	64
Innkeepers-continuing duty upon Licenses to	54 164
Life and Fire Assurance Company—to Incorporate	46 47 48 56 65

INDEX.

	₽₄g	B.
Marine Assurance Company-to Incorporate	. (91
Niagara District—to afford relief to persons holding Lands in Newcastle District—grant for improving Inland Waters	. !	55 30
Outlawry—provisions for proceeding to Oaths and Declarations—dispensed with in certain cases,		36 5 2 .
Prince Edward County—explaining Act for creeting into a separate District. Police, Town of York—for levying Assessment by. Penitentiary—grant for erection of. Parliament Buildings—grant for completion of.	. 1 . : 1	18 6 2 :
Real Estates-to provide for partition of. Returning Officers-appointment of, and payment of expenses, River Thames-to prevent felling of Timber in. River Thames-to authorise creeting Mill Dams upon. Receiver General-to authorise Loan by, to redeem outstanding Debentures, Roads and Bridges-grant for improvement of.	. 1	50: 19 60;
Sherifisregulating the office of	• •	39 69 97
'Trent Bridge-grant for crection of	. 1	35
War Losses—authorising Loan for payment of. War Losses—further relief to Sufferers. White Fish Fisheries—for protection of. Welland Canal—further aid for completion of.	. 1	15 20
York Harbour-grant for improvement of York Roads-to raise Money for improvement of York Hospital-grant in aid of	1	50 74