

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE TIMES YIELD RESULTS.

WOLL. NO. 286.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1905.

THE WEATHER. - Clouds no part of day. Light night day. Not much change in temperature.

ONE CENT.

THE EVENING TIMES.

SAYS WATER IS POLLUTED HOW THEY ARE COMING OVER

Citizen Complains About Lake Latimer Supply NOT WHAT IT SHOULD BE

He Alleges That Little or No Precaution Is Taken to Prevent Water From Becoming Contaminated On Its Passage to City Reservoir.

WINDYBEE, Sept. 1. - The movement of home-seekers into Western Canada through St. Paul, Minn., has attained enormous proportions.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 2. - (Special.) - An unknown man was found lying on one of the city wharves this morning by the police with his skull fractured and at the point of death.

FIRE AT MARYSVILLE FREDERICTON, Sept. 2. - (Special.) - The dwelling house of Wm. J. Estabrooks, of Marysville, was totally destroyed by fire this morning.

LADIES MUST PAY MORE FOR THEIR BONNETS THIS YEAR Will Be a Complete Change from Styles of Last Year and They Will Be Priced Higher--Big Stores Now Preparing for Wholesale Openings.

With the return from summer resorts to city homes and the routine of city life, the question of fall millinery becomes one of absorbing interest to the ladies and is said readily to the male portion of the community.

CATTLE EMBARGO A PROTECTIVE MEASURE IN INTEREST OF ALL ST. JOHN AND ITS INDUSTRIES

British Board of Agriculture Reports to Colonial Office Against Removal of Restrictions on Canadian Cattle--It Casts No Stigma or Discredit on Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 2. - (Special.) - The report of the British Board of Agriculture to the colonial office against the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle says:

SHANGHAI FLOODED SHANGHAI, Sept. 2. - Shanghai was visited by a typhoon last night and a flood of water poured into the city from the sea.

LOCH LOMOND WATER WORKS Engineer Barbour Skeptical of Success of Plan for Clearing Dry Lake and Trench.

It is stated that Engineer Barbour's visit to the waterworks at Loch Lomond on Tuesday was not a very satisfactory one for the contractors.

TODAY'S BALL GAME The ball game this afternoon is creating great interest as both teams have won a game and the contest today will decide which is the better.

M. WITTE ONCE MORE PORTSMOUTH, N.H., Sept. 2. - (Special.) - M. Witte sent for the press corps and responded today and thanked them again.

CONGRATULATIONS. LOSTER CREEK, L.L., Sept. 2. - (Special.) - The president is overwhelmed with congratulations from all the crowned heads, etc.

THEIR MAYOR WAS "PICKLED" A Boston Transcript Man Publishes His Impressions

Atlanta's Chief Magistrate Had a Swell Time ON TOLEDO TRIP

Over Indulgence in "Pleasure Potions" Made Him Hilarious--Now Comes Reckoning--Council Scores Him but He Denies Charges.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 1. - The city council in executive session tonight adopted resolutions condemning Mayor James G. Woodward for his conduct at the recent meeting of the League of American Municipalities at Toledo.

WEDDINGS Gross-Cheley A pretty wedding took place in Trinity church this morning at seven o'clock when Miss Elizabeth Gross-Cheley and Mr. John A. Cheley were united in matrimony.

AL. ADAMS' NEW HOTEL WILL BREAK NEW YORK RECORDS Policy King Will Create the Newest Marvel of the Metropolis--Will be Forty-Nine Stories High and Accommodate Over Two Thousand Guests.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2. - As soon as the working drawings are completed, ground will be broken for the erection in the Tenderloin district of what is intended to be the largest hotel in the world.

The Times New Reporter.

MEMOIRS OF SHERLOCK HOLMES BY A. CONAN DOYLE

THE ADVENTURE OF THE NOBLE BACHELOR

(Continued) "And an exceedingly interesting case it appears to be. I would not have missed it for worlds. But there is a ring at the bell, Watson, and as the clock makes it a few minutes after four, I have no doubt that this will prove to be our noble client. Do not dream of going, Watson, for I very much prefer having a witness, if only as a check to my own memory."

what we call in England a tomboy, with a strong nature, wild and free, unfettered by any sort of traditions. She is impulsive—volcanic, I was about to say. She is swift in making up her mind, and fearless in carrying out her resolutions. On the other hand, I would not have given her the name which I have the honor to bear—the gave a little stately cough—"had not I thought her to be at bottom a noble woman. I believe she is capable of heroic

"And this, of course, remains to you, since the marriage is a fait accompli." "I really have made no inquiries on the subject." "Very naturally not. Did you see Miss Moran on the day before the wedding?" "Yes."



"But this maid, Alice, as I understand, deposes that she went to her room, covered her bride's dress with a long ulster, put on a bonnet and went out."

"The gentleman was not one of your wife's friends?" "No, no, I call him a gentleman by courtesy, but he was quite a common-looking person. I hardly noticed his appearance. But really I think that we are wandering rather far from the point."

"Lady St. Simon, then, returned from the wedding in a less cheerful frame of mind than she had gone to it. What did she do on re-entering her father's house?" "I saw her in conversation with her maid."

"Well, to tell the truth, I saw them the first signs that I had ever seen that her temper was just a little sharp. The incident, however, was too trivial to recall, and I can have no possible bearing upon the case."

THE NEW PROVINCES Comment of English Newspapers Upon Inauguration Ceremonies.

YELLOW FEVER IN NEW YORK New York, Sept. 1.—Henry P. Wardell, an American employed by the Panama railroad as a hattermaker, is seriously ill tonight with yellow fever in the quarantine hospital on Swanbourne Island.

SAKHALIN MAY CAUSE HITCH Expected Treaty May Be Finitished Today, but All is Not Yet Settled.

MUCH LUMBER BURNED Quebec, Sept. 1.—A fire broke out this evening in the Bertrand lumber yards and nearly all the lumber piled there has been burned.

THE FLOWERS THAT BLOOM IN THE SPRING Are Not More Fragrant Than The Pleasing Aroma Of An IRISH CIGAR

\$100.00 FOR A SHORT SENTENCE. Foot Fixer... Many Imitate But None Equal... Foot Fixer Fixes Feet... Foot Fixer is a Great Foot Doctor.

The world's palate has been satisfied for many years by the superior quality and flavor of DEWAR'S WHISKY "Popularized by quality."

Dr. Eric's Tablets FOR Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Etc., Etc. Price, 25 Cents.

ABBNEY'S Effervescent SALT. Is Nature's Remedy for Tired, Fagged-out and Run-down Men. If taken regularly contributes to the Perfect Health, Makes Life Worth Living.

Binding Our Bindery is fitted throughout with all the most recent and improved machinery for the rapid execution of all classes of Bookbinding. LEATHER BINDING, CLOTH BINDING, ACCOUNT BOOKS.

Advertisers Get Best Results THE EVENING TIMES

Advertisements for classified ads, including 'SAINT JOHN', 'EVENING', 'TIMES', 'CLASSIFIED', 'ADVERTISING', and 'DEPARTMENT'.

Look! Classified Advertising is FREE to Evening Times Subscribers. Until further notice we will publish free of charge all classified advertising sent in by subscribers.

CLASSIFIED ADS. FREE to subscribers.

Financial and Commercial. THE WORLD OF SHIPPING.



Table with columns for 'MINIATURE ALMANAC', 'FOREIGN PORTS', and 'PORT OF ST. JOHN'.

CANADA IN THE FAR EAST. An Opening for the Development of Trade in Japan and China.

LONDON PAPER ON C. P. R. OUTLOOK. What the Statist Has to Say of the Company's Position.

PEACE AND THE MARKETS. Latest News Causes Satisfaction Throughout the Financial World.

ROYAL ARCANUM. Supreme Council Held Secret Session Yesterday, but Refused to Give Nothing Out.

ALBERTA YIELD ENORMOUS. WINNIPEG, Aug. 30.—The Alberta grain harvest is rapidly nearing completion.

BUILDING IN TORONTO. The remarkable activity in the building trade at Toronto, which has existed for the past two years shows no sign of lessening.

MARCONI WIRELESS \$5.00. Money invested in Marconi Wireless will return a great profit in the near future.

ROYAL HOTEL. 41, 43 and 45 King Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

MALE HELP WANTED. BOY WANTED—LAD OF ABOUT 16 FOR OFFICE WORK.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. WANTED—GENERAL GIRL, FAMILY OF THREE.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND MAREB HARRIS WHEEL.

MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED—THE PUBLIC TO KNOW that the lectures now being delivered.

TO LET. TO LET—SELF-CONTAINED HOUSE 122 KING ST. EAST.

BOARDING. BOARDING—LARGE, BRIGHT, SUNNY rooms with board.

RECENT CARRIAGES. Norwegian steamer Duncan, 833 tons from Montreal.

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT. S. J. DICKSON—SELECTED HAMS AND CURED MEATS.

FOUND. FOUND—A SUM OF MONEY ON PREMISES of J. M. Humphrey Co.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting and Office Method. DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.

W. S. BARKER, Commission Stock Broker, Room 7, Palmer's Chambers.

THE EQUITY FIRE INS. CO., Anglo-American Fire Ins. Company.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. New York, Sept. 1.—Very strong pressure was directed against the stock market.

BRADSTREET'S TRADE REVIEW. New York, Sept. 1.—Bradstreet's state of trade tomorrow will say—

ONTARIO CROP. Reports from the corn growing districts of Ontario say that in spite of the disadvantages of a cold, wet spring.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE. NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Prime mercantile paper 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 per cent.

THE VACATION SEASON. YOU WILL GET THE BEST SERVICE and the lowest prices if you will place your order for the week ended Aug. 27.

WESTERN ASSURANCE CO. Assets \$3,300,000. Losses paid since organization over \$40,000,000.



THE EVENING TIMES, N. B., SATURDAY, SEP. 18, 1914

BARTLET PEARS... 2 doz. for 25c. SWEET POTATOES... 7 lbs for 25c. GREEN TOMATOES... 6 POUNDS SPANISH ONIONS...

F. BURRIDGE, 255 King St., St. John West. TELEPHONE 449 O.

Grocery Specials FOR THIS WEEK.

- Shredded Wheat Biscuit, 2 pkgs for 25c. Snider's Salad Dressing 20c. Snider's Tomato Catsup 28c. Olives, 10c. a bottle.

W. L. McELWAIN, Grocer, Cor. Sydney and Leinster Streets. Telephone Number 1370.

PATTERSON'S DAYLIGHT STORE.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS

SEE WINDOW OF LADIES' VESTS, 25c. Each

White and Natural Color.

Cor. Duke & Charlotte Sts.

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

\$750 Proverb Competition

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST:

Conditions of the Contest Things to Keep in Mind... (1) Each answer must be plainly and correctly written upon the Coupon bearing the number corresponding with the number on the picture.

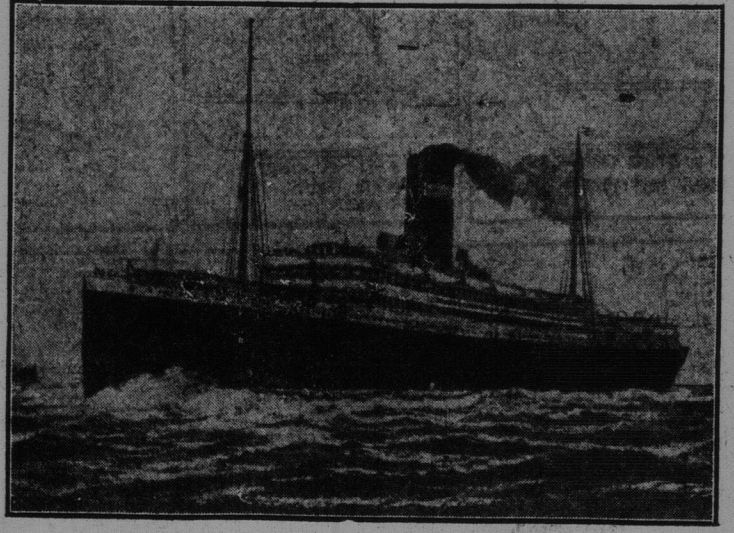
Prizes You May Win 1. Bell Piano, given by W. H. Bell \$350 2. Gold Watch and Chain, given by W. T. Gard 100

Table listing prizes such as Glenwood Range, Tailor Made Suit, Fur Boa, Eastman Kodak, Gun, Chira Dinner Set, Picture, Cigars, Trimmed Hat, Toilet Set, Camera, Pair of Shoes, Umbrella, Cash.

YOUR AD. HERE Would be read by thousands every evening

TURBINER VICTORIAN HARD AGROUND IN THE ST. LAWRENCE

Fog and Dense Smoke from Forest Fires Blamed for the Occurrence—Leyland Liner Victorian Also Ashore—Fears That Victorian May Block Channel.



Montreal, Sept. 18 (Special)—Sailing from Montreal at daylight this morning with 300 passengers and general cargo for Liverpool the Allan line Royal mail turbine steamship Victorian ran hard aground in a dense fog and smoke from forest fires at Cape Charles, below Three Rivers, and thirty miles this side of Quebec, soon after noon. In grounding she punctured her bottom with the result that No. 2 hold contains nineteen feet of water. Her stern extends out into the channel and outgoing steamers have been ordered to anchor at Basquin this morning until advised to proceed.

STREET RAILWAY MUST PAY

Board of Works Decides to Charge Them an Annual Rental for New Sidings—The Ludlow Officially Taken Over and Registered.

The street railway will be asked to pay \$50 a year rental for a siding at Indian town. This request was entered as after an animated discussion by the board of works yesterday—other street railway matters were discussed and held over.

MORE NEW GOODS AT M. R. A.'S.

CHOICE DRESS AND MANTLE TRIMMINGS.

Fashion Folks Say There Will Be Plenty of Trimmings this season, because the materials for suits and mantles are severely plain. We have the newest.

A LEADER IN DRESS GOODS.

Venetians for Coat and Skirt Costumes—Plain, smooth finish, very dressy and thoroughly shrunken. Undoubtedly a leader in dress materials and suitings for the season now commenced.

A ROWING WAGON WILL COMPLETE A BOY'S HAPPINESS.



For \$3.75—Single-Seater, Steel Wheels. For \$4.75—Single-Seater, Rubber Tires. For \$6.50—Single-Seater, Rubber Tires. For \$10.00—'French Mobile,' regular Auto.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON, ALLISON, LIMITED. King Street, Gormain Street, Market Square.

Hair Brushes.

A special line of 50c. HAIR BRUSHES for - - - 33c. All bristles solid back Brushes, finished in Oak, Maple and Rosewood.

Nobby Fall Hats.

Many hat stores claim this or that maker to be the best. To prove to you the style and quality of our hats we propose this test.

S. ROMANOFF, Successor to B. Myers, 695 Main Street.

When You Feel Out of Sorts Look for the Symptoms of Torpid Liver and Bilioussness.

Bilioussness is caused by the failure of the liver to filter the bile and other poisonous impurities from the blood. The result is a clogging and poisoning of the whole system.

Robinson's Blueberry Pies are made with FRESH FRUIT. If you want RICH, LUSCIOUS FILLING, now's the time to try them.

We Have Every Good Style in Stiff and Soft Hats FOR FALL WEAR.

A shape for every customer, and the styles are exclusive and correct. From \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Each.

A Comfortable Pose

is easily obtained by those who wear our fine Laundered Work.

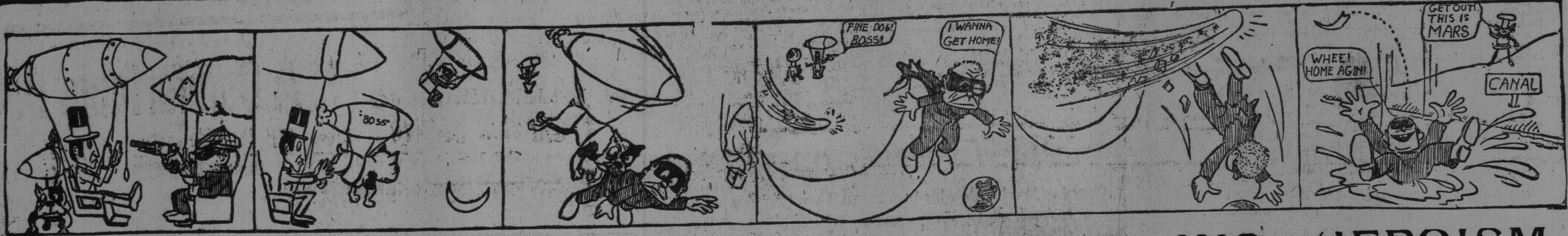
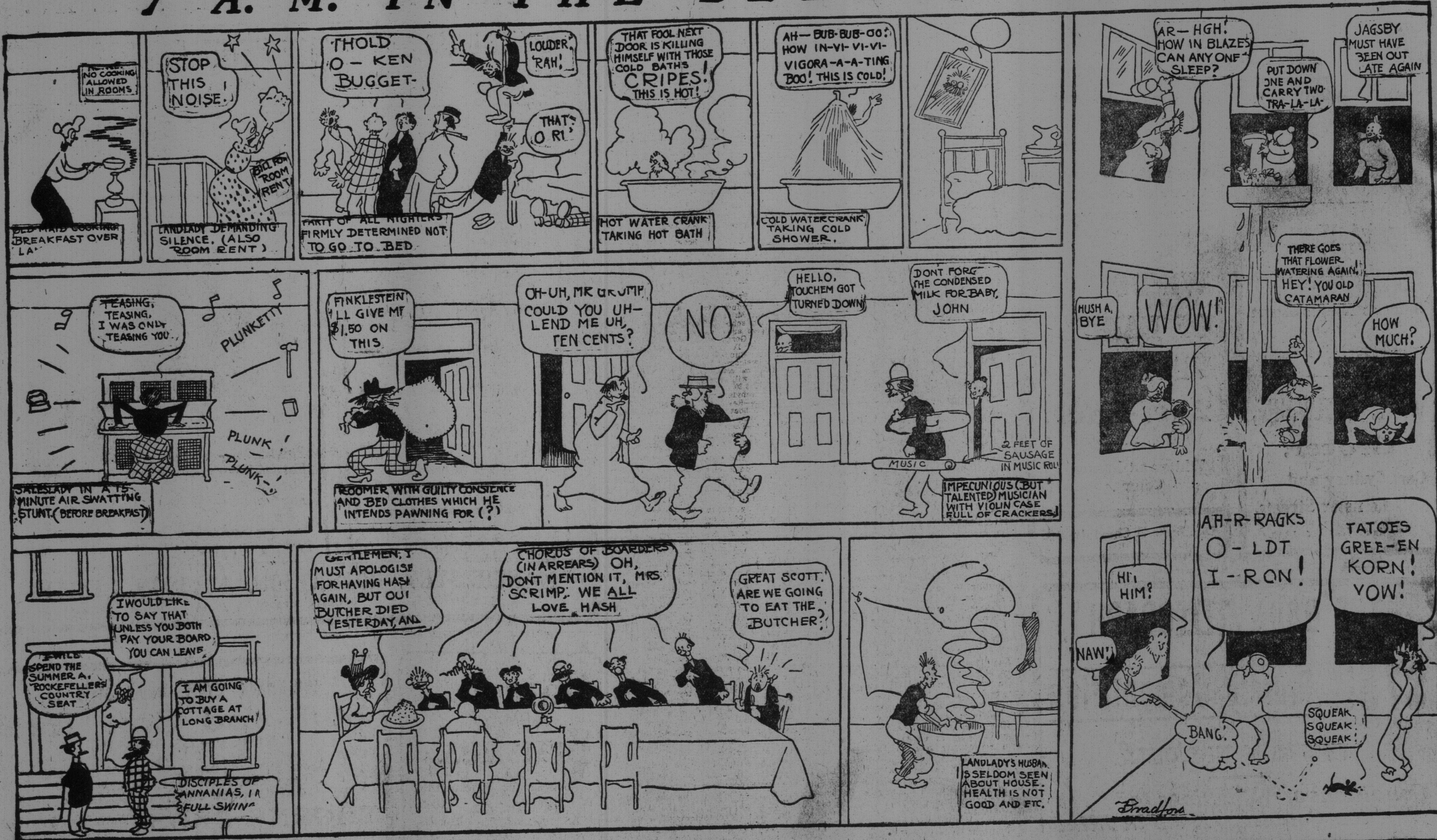
We will sell Hair Brushes in lots of Twenty-five Dollars and Upwards at Twenty Per Cent. off Regular Prices.

The Canadian Drug Company Limited, St. John, N. B.

Timely Tip Have you changed your ad. in the street cars lately? If not, The Telegraph designs and prints them.

...TIMES, ST. JOHN, N.B. ...AY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1905.

7 A. M. IN THE BEDLAM FLATS



MUGSY GETS ANOTHER REWARD FOR HIS HEROISM









# Interesting Suggestions for Our Lady Readers



ELEGANT STYLES IN SEPARATE WAISTS

## FALL SUGGESTIONS FOR SEPARATE WAISTS

**There is No Blouse Effect in the New Odd Bodices, but a Marked Tendency to Elongate and Trimness, While Shoulder Lines are Longer Than in Summer.**

**For the Real Shirt Waist the Gigot Sleeve, Wrist or Three-Quarter Length, With the Fullness Laid in Pleats, is Much Exploited.**

**Soft Wool Textures are Rivals of Silk and Linen for Independent Waists—White May Be Worn With Skirts of Any Color, but Colored Waists Demand Self-Tone Skirts.**

(By Mary Dean.)  
There is no diminution in the prestige of the separate waist. That admirable little garment, which can be made to suit all times and seasons, is as much exploited as ever among the new styles. If anything, it may be said to have achieved a more enviable position, for nowadays the odd bodice is merely an odd bodice, as scarcely counted on the calendar of fashion. The waist, different from the skirt, strives for a modern individuality, and the finer hand-made sorts, even in lingerie, might almost appear at court without challenge.

The first thing noticed about the new odd bodices is their marked departure from the old blousing lines. There is only the slightest bagging of the front, and this change, with the high girthing and dressy sleeve effects, promotes, in proper materials, a most elegant look. There is a tendency with many dressy models to lengthen the shoulders, through either the trimming or cut, and the back fastenings more generally employed seem, in the extreme. For this rear fastening is not confined to the youthful-mamma, maiden aunts and even grand-mamma going by with the proper complement of back buttons.

Another point with the ultra-stylish waist is that it fits everywhere more snugly than formerly, and so much is this fastidious model feature that women who buy ready-made bodices now find it necessary to get smaller sizes, for example, waists who formerly took a 38 bust, now get, of, and if the bodice is properly made this is simply large.

In everyday effects, such waists as follow shirt-waist lines and are made in shirt-waist materials, the gigot sleeve is much exploited. This is wrist or three-quarter length, with the fullness of the top put in with box or side pleats. The sleeve may be in one or there may be an under-arm piece, and with quite a number of the models there is an extra fullness at the elbow, which gives the effect of a top puff and tight forearm.

The smaller drawing displays two smart everyday effects with gigot sleeves in the two lengths. The dressier model is of French flannel, with quillings of narrow black satin ribbon. This is put on the front at the edge of the button plait and to edge two wide side tabs which border it. The ribbon also neatly trims the stock and the double cuffs of the three-quarter sleeve. The girde is of black satin, with a blue and black metal buckle, and the round buttons are in the same material.

The second waist, which is of white wool albatross, contrasts through a red and white plaid braid, a sort of continuity of costume, for the skirt is entirely of red and white plaid wool. However, the ornamental yoke effect is outlined by the braid, the same design and plain band appearing upon the sleeve.

All sorts of soft wool textures vie with soft finished linens among the latest skirt

## WHAT YOU DON'T GET NOWADAYS

From "Circus Day," by Eugene Wood, in September McClure's.

People try to lay the blame of the modern circus's failure to interest them on the three rings. They say so many things to watch at once keeps them from being interested in any one act. They can't give it the attention it deserves. But I'll tell you that's wrong. There isn't any Puny Old Clown, a particular one, to give it interest. It is all too splendid, too magnificent, too far beyond us. We want to hear somebody talk foolish and human once in a while.

They pretended that the tent was too big for the clown to be heard, but I take notice it wasn't too big for the fellow to get up and declaim: "The pullawance of the yall have o'ah. The juitlemannly agents will now pawse around the ring with tickets law the concert." I used to hate that man. When he said the performance was not yet half over, he lied like a dog, consarn his picture! He knew it, and we knew that there were only a few more acts to come. We waited the show to go on and on, and always to be just as exciting as the very first, and it wouldn't! We had got to the point where we couldn't be interested in anything any more. We were as little ones unable to prop their eyelids open and yet quarreling with bed. We were excited, but not excited. We sat there and pouted because there wasn't any more, and yet we couldn't but yawn at the act before us. We were mad at ourselves and mad at everybody else. We clambered down the rattling bed-ast seats, sour and aullen. We didn't want to look at the animals; we didn't want to do this, and we didn't want to do that. We whined and snarled, and wriggled and shook ourselves with temper, and we got a good sharp slap, side of the head, right before everybody, and then we yelled as if we were being killed alive.

"Now, mister, if I ever take you any place again, you'll know it. I'd be ashamed of myself, if I was you. Hush up! You're never going to the show again. Do you hear me? Never. I mean it. You're never going again."

## CULTIVATE THE CHARMS

One of the most cleanly and delicately minded woman I ever knew, and one amazingly proud of her lineage, when deprived of her original fortune, and obliged to live in a remote country place, simply clothed herself in decent gingham. No other house was in sight from the door to which she came to welcome her husband returning nightly from his insularish rice fields. The worn paths through the sand led in every direction, north, south, east and west, toward what in that vicinity were called neighbors. The wider tracks told where to find a primitive church and schoolhouse, the narrower were worn by the feet of the negroes going backward and forward on their multitudinous errands. As she stood listening for the hollow sound these sandy roads give to a hoof-beat, she looked a woman ten years older than she really was, and had succeeded in disguising her claims to gentle ancestry. She had ceased to think of her person in any way. One night, to please her maturing schoolgirl daughter, she put on an old-fashioned white gown, fastened a big lace about her throat, drew her hair into a bun, and stood transfixed by the sunset light. It was her husband's birthday, and the schoolgirl had dressed her mother in her best. The light in her husband's eyes awoke. The light in her husband's eyes awoke. The light in her husband's eyes awoke.

## YE GOLFER

I want to be a golfer. And with the golfer stand, a striking thro' the m' with waist trimming. And the old fashion of contrasting rich shades of blue with black looks, from the many evidences seen, as if this is to be one of the winter fads. Wattleau pink gros-grain silk shapies the fourth waist, whose black velvet girde and front bows would create the necessary harmony for a black skirt. Bands of the silk embroidered with black evolve the rest of the effective garment.

## THE LOST LEADER

Hall and farwell. Through golf of sunset. Brave as of old your ship was forth to the sea. We stand upon the shore to watch your Dreaming of years long gone, of years that slip saits forth, but not from our remembrance. We were very proud of your ship's command. Master may a strong and splendid ship. Your ship sets sail. Whatever the end before you. On God's part or Night without a star. Never, Great Heart, has braver bark been saluted or fought, or crossed the sounders bar.

## HOW TO COOK LATE VEGETABLES

Very Few Women Know How to Make Use of the Cheap Fall Legume, Turnips—Here Are Toothsome Recipes for Offering It to the Family.

**Both Timbale of Pumpkin and Baked Pumpkin Fit Well into the Vegetable Course, and Squash Furnishes Several Good Dishes.**

**Various Ways for Serving Cabbage and a Combination of Late Vegetables Which is Pleasing.**

The average housewife has little use for the late garden vegetables, chiefly because she does not know how to offer them in a tempting guise. They shrank, up in the September sun or are packed away by the market gardener to be sold in mid-winter, when, with some care in their preparation, they could be made quite as toothsome as the other summer vegetables, while they are in season.

Most unavailing among fall legumes are turnips. They are watery when cooked alone and have very little taste. Several methods have been suggested for their preparation, but the most palatable dish is a timbale of pumpkin.

Cooked after a German recipe they are even more delicious. Cut the turnips into dice and wash; then carefully after they have been peeled. Heat two tablespoons of oil in a frying pan, put in the turnips and shake over the fire until they are a golden brown. Dump them into another sautepan, cover with soup stock, butter and salt, and boil for half an hour. When tender, allow the turnip dice to drain on a colander, white paper, and the following sauce: To a pint of the stock in which they were boiled, add a tablespoon of butter, two tablespoons of paste made from a tablespoon of flour, as soon as the stock comes to a boil, add a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of pepper. Swedish turnips or rutabagas are most tasty when beaten and mashed together with sweet potatoes. Pars and slice two medium stock preferred—and boil for half an hour. When tender, allow the turnip dice to drain on a colander, white paper, and the following sauce: To a pint of the stock in which they were boiled, add a tablespoon of butter, two tablespoons of paste made from a tablespoon of flour, as soon as the stock comes to a boil, add a teaspoonful of salt and a dash of pepper.

Carrots in combination with turnips are served in the following way: Scrape two carrots and cut into dice. Boil until tender. Serve the carrots and turnips mixed together with this sauce: Boil together one bay leaf and a tablespoonful of vinegar in two tablespoons of water. Strain and add to a gravy made from two tablespoonful of butter and one of flour mixed with half a pint of boiling water. Remove from the fire and beat in the yolks of two eggs. Heat once more and season with salt and pepper and finely chopped parsley.

Quite a number of Bostonians are lecturing in that new suburb he's building up and he's thinking of calling the place "Stilling." "I don't quite see the idea." "Well, that's the English word, you know."—Philadelphia Press.

**Babies Thrive on Nestle's Food**  
on Nestle's Food because it contains all the food properties of rich, creamy cow's milk—in a form that tiny babies can assimilate. Ready for the bottle by adding water—no milk required to prepare it.

**Nestle's Food**  
makes sturdy babies. SAMPLE (for 8 meals) mothers can get from THE LEARNIN, N.Y.

To bake pumpkin, cut a large sound in half and remove the seeds from one side, leaving the other for some future use. Lay in a pan, skin side down, and bake for three-quarters of an hour. Care should be taken that the oven is not too hot, enough to discolor the skin. Cut in small pieces and serve with butter, salt and pepper. The dish is especially delicious when the pump-

## Quick, Easy Ironing

Colman's Starch makes ironing quick and easy—because it won't stick to the iron. It saves all the drudgery, and most of the labor, that attends ironing with ordinary starch.



is equally good for fragile laces and heavy linens. Anything in the wash, that is to be starched, looks its best when Colman's Starch is used.

ON APPLICATION TO E. A. SMITH, 10 Water Street, St. John

Selected Reading for Sunday's Quiet Hours

GAMBLING AND SPORT

Rev. R. J. Campbell's Plea for the Separation of Gambling and Sport.

Under the terms of the Dribbin Brand Charity, founded last year for the benefit of the poor of Holborn, there is provision for the preaching of an annual sermon against betting and gambling. The first discourse was delivered yesterday at the Sunday service at the City Temple.

The Rev. R. J. Campbell based his remarks on Luke c. xv. v. 2. "Wherefore do ye spend money for that which is not bread? and eat ye that which is not flesh? Hearken diligently unto me, and eat ye that which is good, and let your souls delight itself in fasting."

The preacher said: "It was a matter of course that in the last twelve months the drinking habits of the people had undergone some amendment with regard to gambling there were no signs of diminution. The habit had many manifestations in the body politic, from the top to the bottom. In high society bridge had its votaries and its victims. Perhaps things were worse than in the eighteenth century, when people gambled away the whole of their substance. At any rate, we did today say what we thought about the character of responsible men who were addicted to these things, and we did require a higher standard. There was a section of society which set an example to the rest, and if half the stories they heard of excesses at the gaming table were true, it was a reflection upon our beloved land."

"But how many commercial men who listen to me," asked the preacher, "ever pause to think what a large part of the sin of hazard lies at the door of business?" The man who was clever at providing something which did not add to the wealth of the community abounded in our midst, and instead of being regarded as the bloodsucker he was, we gave him titles and honors, and bowed down to him. Might the day come when, instead of striving to take from us, we should endeavor to follow the golden rule of serving men. Men were to be got rich quickly, and in so doing to secure as large a portion for themselves as they could. If James Ballour's name had only succeeded a little more, he would have been a greater name than ever, and would have been still more highly esteemed. Men who were in the same sort of thing were rewarded with honors. As regards the working classes, their gambling was particularly in connection with sport. We prided ourselves that we were a nation wedded to sport. It was not sport as sport that was to be deprecated, but the fact that it led so often to the sin of hazard. Men lived, not for the excitement of sport as sport, but for the excitement of winning or losing. People betted who could not afford it, and who had never seen a horse on a racetrack. Worst of all, women and children betted.

"How was it that this lamentable condition of things arose? The pent-up energies of the soul found vent in an undesirable direction. A young man recently wrote to him, through a periodical, asking for help. One of thousands upon thousands who lived a narrow life, he stated that he became a debauchee simply because of a morbid desire to do something unusual, and live for a while a life of excitement. This young man had a physical repugnance to drink, which to him was like quinine, but he overcame it for the deliberate purpose of drinking himself into another region and leading another life. There was a desire to know something of the world's mischief. Let them look at the poor man's home, with its narrow bounds, its feeble opportunities for the realization of higher aspirations. They could then understand how irresistibly men came to desire to break out into another region. Was there nothing to make these pent-up energies less dangerous? Let them get a man to love that which was worthy of his love, and that which was called into the army of Christ. In a concluding passage the preacher observed:—

"And let me add this. Our King is a greater force for good than any monarch in the world. He is beloved by his people, and wholly desirous of their good. He has been given the title of Peacemaker of the World, and he deserves it. Would to God that King Edward could be induced to use his great influence to separate gambling and sport. The one in its essence is evil; the other in its essence is good. Some applause, such as is not unusual at these week-day services, followed Mr. Campbell's final utterances."

TEMPERANCE GROWTH

(From the New York Sun.)

A very large number of the wage earners in America by the terms of their contracts with their employers are bound to abstain from intoxicants, keep out of saloons and lead lives of temperance and sobriety. This number is increasing annually as corporations realize the danger involved in committing important tasks to men with fuddled minds. Competition carries on a temperance crusade of its own, for the drinking man learns that he is not as valuable to his employer as his non-drinking associate. When the time comes to lay off a portion of the working force, the total abstainer is not the first to go. His work may be done no better than that of the others, but he is more dependable and thus more valuable to his employer.

Public drunkenness is comparatively rare in all the cities of America today among all classes of society. James Dalrymple, of Glasgow, speaking of his recent trip to this country, mentioned the absence of drunken men from the streets of Chicago as something that attracted his attention and roused his admiration throughout his stay here. The spectacle of a drunken working-man is rarely presented in any community nowadays. It is not necessary to hark back to the Revolutionary times to find a time when different conditions prevailed. The figures supplied by the Internal Revenue Commissioner merely confirm a fact of general observation. Beer drives out hard drink. Moderation and temperance are supplanting excess in the use of liquor.

There will be a tenuous place for those who do not fit the common people. The crater in the pupil needs to remember that no man was ever struck by thunder.

Repairing Evil Is the Only True Religion

By CHARLES WAGNER (Author of the Simple Life).

"If I have taken anything from any man by false accusation, I restore him fourfold." Evil is done quietly, with some people it passes unheeded. If no bad result comes from it the evil that they have done allows them to sleep in perfect peace. Ill gotten money, for many people, is as honorable as any other, for what they respect above all is wealth. Wealth is the one who possesses it. There are unclean hands that are touched every day, and all the more easily, as many others have touched them before. Each one shelters himself behind the others.

Every now and then some thief in full tide of success is saying to himself: "Really, this is too much; all my illegitimately acquired wealth will end badly. In order that my children should enjoy at least a part of it, the largest and finest part, and so that my soul should be more at rest, I will make some little sacrifice. I will put aside a portion of it; the remainder will then be cleaner."

What a strange yet human mentality! For how many centuries past have not men of prey endeavored to corrupt the gods? Others wrap themselves up in the cloak of holiness. They have done harm to their fellow men and then they have repented of it. They express regret, they smite their breast, but they keep the money. If they were to give it back, would not that be acknowledging that it has been wrongly acquired and taking dishonor? What a profanation of the sanctuary! There are even some men who, instead of repairing the evil they have done, and of which they silently feel and own themselves guilty before God, nevertheless commit further acts of inquiry in order to conceal it from their fellow men. It is the cog-wheel of evil-doing; our whole body risks to be drawn into it if one finger is caught.

Difficult to Repair Evil

Every day we see how difficult it is to repair evil. It is easier to mend a twisted limb than to repair wrong when justice and truth have been distorted. It is not only in the case of ordinary possessions and the common honesty that applies to spiritual possessions that it is difficult to repair the evil that man does to man. You have been victimized, lies have been circulated about you, at first in small matters, then wholesale; nothing is done with greater ease. Have you noticed the impatience of public attention to learn of some scandal and its patience when waiting for the hour of reparation? When a man is executed, condemned, when he falls within the grasp of too rapid justice, whether it be the justice of individuals or the justice of the state, with what fury his poor honor is torn to pieces. But what trouble he has in finding the different bits when he wishes to put it together again! Those who make such haste when it was a question of dishonoring and ruining him are somewhat slow when it is a matter of giving him back his good reputation.

Public law is not equitable on this point. The reparation offered to a man for an error made in regard to his person is not equal to the harm done, and does not take into account his torments and suffering. That is a rotten spot in the conscience of men, in private as well as in public life. Look upon this chief of the publicans. He realizes what reparation means and he also understands what it is to become converted.

The name of conversion (and that is a point on which I wish to intervene) is given, in the religious world, to a certain change that comes into one's life. This chief of the publicans is an example of a moral conversion to integrity and honesty, in spite of a thousand obstacles. How often it happens when people become converted, in the world of today as in that of former days, that their conversion is purely and simply a change in their intellectual attitude. All this is platonic. Yesterday they thought thus on a religious subject — today they think otherwise, but they believe in the same way. They are as unkind today to their neighbor as they were yesterday. These conversions remind one of certain removals; we see poor people removing from one unhealthily lodging to another unhealthily lodging. In the same way some people imagine that they have undergone a religious conversion when they have merely only changed their pride. The heart is not in it, no reparation is done. Let us take care! There is a certain reparation that is taught us by the Old and New Testaments, a reparation according to which the man who has done evil to man also wrongs God. Nothing is more true. But what conclusion do we draw from it? We confess our sins to God, we go to Him in public or private confession, and we acknowledge ourselves to be guilty. That is right, but it is not enough.

The Only True Religion

The only true religion is, first of all, human. If you have trampled upon your fellow-man you must, first of all, raise him from the dust; if you have deceived him you must ask his forgiveness. Then present yourself before the Eternal Father. Otherwise He will speak to you as the old prophet Isaiah spoke to the men who brought sacrifices and filled the temple with holocausts:—"To what purpose is the multitude of your sacrifice unto me, saith the Lord. Being no more vain pliations, increase ye an abomination unto me. And when ye spread forth your hands I will hide mine eyes from you, when ye make many prayers I will not

Probation System

Created in 1878, It Has Won the Confidence of the Public and Is Now Being Extended.

Massachusetts has the credit of having discovered or invented the probation system. The first law, creating the office for Boston, in 1878, recognized the principle that there were some offenders who might be allowed to remain at large under supervision. But the Boston official was attached to the police department, and not to the court, performed his duties under direction of the chief, and made his reports to him. But twenty-five years ago when the law of 1880 authorized the appointment of probation officers by all the cities and towns, independent of police departments, and gave them duties and powers far greater than the Boston officer had.

The development of the probation system during the past quarter of a century is an interesting one. Its growth was slow, at first, but for the past fourteen years it has been rapid. Even at the present law went into effect, compelling the appointment of probation officers, some of the courts made almost no use of them, insisting that the only thing to do to a criminal was to punish him. Some of the courts still hold this view, and put few on probation, but the use of the officers has steadily increased, until the number placed on probation is almost as large as the number sentenced to terms of imprisonment. The superior court has its probation officers, and probation, instead of being used merely for petty misdemeanors, is now applied successfully to criminals who have committed serious offenses.

That the probation work has won public confidence has been shown by the latest legislation, which greatly enlarges the powers and responsibilities of the officers. Many years ago the state, in its legislation, committed itself to the proposition that the man who was arrested for drunkenness need not be punished by the courts, unless it was shown that he was a habitual offender. In 1891 it put into the hands of the police the power of releasing those who came only occasionally. This did not work satisfactorily, and the power was transferred to the courts, which were authorized to release without arraignment. The prisoner is not even told what charge is made against him, but is allowed to leave the court if the judge is satisfied that he has not been in the habit of committing serious offenses.

This power to release the occasional offender has not been used by all the courts, but nearly 10,000 were released under it last year, and with good results — so good that the legislature has provided for its enlarged application, and for an administration which will more fully remedy the evils which the law of 1893 was designed to remove — the loss of employment by the arrested person and the disgrace which comes from public exposure in court. Most of those arrested for drunkenness are mechanics and laborers. Situations are easily lost. If a man does not appear for work in the morning another man is put in his place.

and exasperate. We do not wish to see our wrongdoer. Yet that is the only true and great reparation. The chief of the publicans gave no thought to anything, neither to the wisdom of the world, nor what would be said. He determined to climb into the eyecore and then to rise still higher in the moral world and to break through the barriers of ordinary conventionality and to do what is not usually done. In his action there is a great and fine lesson. This my brethren, is a stern message I wished to bring to you today. There are some great difficulties in life that proceed from the obscurity of our intelligence, problems that we cannot solve and against which our poor heads are battered as against a hard rock. There are mysteries that we cannot penetrate, although curiously and the laws of enlightenment unceasingly impel our souls toward them, and we cannot prevent them from putting those questions before us. But there are simple things of everyday life that are under our hand, and yet we see unsurmountable difficulties in coping with these simple and clear duties. One would think that it was a matter of climbing up to the stars. We cannot be spared that effort; it is to the result of each practical and almost petty obstacle that the gospel leads us, first of all.

This story is great and magnificent, as well as natural and simple. There is nothing impossible in it, nothing that belongs to a domain to which any age can not be initiated. We cannot say, we the men of today, that our way of thinking refuses to assimilate these facts. The luminous and flaming honesty that devours darkness and dishonesty, as fire devours all impurities, had sprung forth from that man's heart, because it was brought into contact with Christ. When the passerby's gaze fell on him, his eyes that had taken pleasure in counting out gold, and perhaps even ill-gotten gold, were filled with shadows. They could no longer bear the idea of enjoying those riches alone, and above all, the thought of retaining anything that was not worthy of the definite goodness of the gaze that rested upon him. As soon as Christ had shown him the greatness of true life, "salvation came to his house." We are all strayed souls seeking our salvation in, certain compromises and stretched trivial combinations that might at times be compared with the ruses of animals. We do not realize that a man's salvation is in the freedom of his soul. It consists of breaking away from shame-filled bonds that are unworthy of us; it consists of living under the gaze of One who gives us true life, in the practice of honesty, justice and goodness. My brethren, I wish you to take this away with you in your hearts, not as a platonic impression, but as a violent feeling and will work into your deepest feelings and will end by making you a new creature. Amen. Only seven feet two inches tall, Horvath Mattoevan stepped off the Cunard liner Ivernia, at Boston, and muttered an Armenian prayer of thanks that at last he had got into a place where he could stand straight. He stretched his arms, and when at last sure that the day would not bump into him, boarded a car that took him to the home of a friend, Dr. Jelvian of Watertown. Mattoevan says he is the tallest Armenian that ever lived. He has been janitor of Dr. Chambers' missionary school at Constantinople.

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In the World of Labor.

The French minister of commerce has nominated a commission to consider means for organizing an international exhibition in Paris in 1905.

Wage committees of the National Association of Pressed and Blown Glass Manufacturers and of the American Film Glass Workers' Association have reached an agreement, and wages and hours are to be unchanged in the big tabular factory during the coming year.

President Dold, of the Chicago Federation of Labor, was selected to that office. He announces that he will resign as soon as the Federation's affairs are straightened out.

Seamen on Canadian lake vessels are demanding an advance in wages of about five cents per day, and there may be trouble, as vessel owners say they cannot afford to pay the advance with freight rates on their present basis.

The unprecedented demand for material by agricultural implement makers has resulted in the starting of a number of steel plants throughout the country, including the mills of the Crucible Steel Company of America.

Four thousand two hundred and thirty-nine laborers are at present employed by the New Zealand government on cooperative works - road and railway making.

The conditions of the farming community in the province of Seville, Spain, is becoming desperate. Thousands of laborers, without bread or other food, have been reduced to eating the roots of wild plants.

President Compton of the American Federation of Labor, by direction of the executive council of that body, recently called upon the Labor Council, in common with other central bodies of the Pacific coast, to intervene in the controversy between the International Seaman's Union and the International Longshoremen's Association, and "to see that the Longshoremen's Union are maintained in all the rights to which they are entitled."

For some years there has been an institution in New York City known as the State Free Employment Bureau, which State Labor Commissioner Sherman has declared to be "a local charity of doubtful expediency, and in practice foreign to the scope and plan of the state department of labor."

It is said that the strike of the knicker-bakers on the East side of New York City has not only brought thousands of other-

dox Hebrews face to face with famine, but threatens to cut off the bread supply of the entire Greater New York by precipitating sympathetic action of the journeymen bakers of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Bronx.

To prevent delays in settling industrial disputes in the Arbitration Court, the New Zealand government is going to establish a second court.

The Japanese and Korean Exclusion League of San Francisco is growing rapidly.

The tendency of American labor organizations is becoming more in favor of less boycotts and strikes, and more legislation favorable to labor.

Colored cooks have been displaced by white men at dining cars on the Union Pacific Railroad.

The last report of the United States commissioner of labor shows that in 102 occupations where labor was organized there was for the most part a steady increase in wages.

One of the Australian governments is negotiating to acquire land near cities for workmen's homes, the money to be raised by a low rate of interest to enable the lessees to build.

As a result of the wage agreement made between the Window Glass Manufacturers' Association and the Association of the Window Glass Workers at Columbus, O., recently, a strike in the window trade may occur.

A Pennsylvania coal company is installing mechanical coal breakers, throwing a large number of breaker boys out of employment.

Many employes and laborers at work on the Panama Canal recently are returning to the United States.

New Jersey State Federation of Labor is objecting to the employment of convict labor in union industries in that state.

The Industrial Workers of the world, which was founded in Chicago June 27, 1905, has already secured an active membership of over 40,000.

According to the shoe manufacturers' report, 64,000 workers in 1905 produced \$114,000,000 in value and received \$22,000,000 in wages. In 1904, ten years later, 62,000 workers produced \$121,000,000 in value and received \$23,000,000 in wages.

All railroads in the American Northwest have ordered their traveling passengers

and freight agents and their agents in other territory to do their utmost to induce harvest hands to go to Minnesota and the Dakotas. It is estimated that 50,000 harvest hands will be needed within two weeks in the Northwest.

The National Association of Letter Carriers will hold a convention next month at Portland, Ore. It is understood that many of the delegates are in favor of affiliating with the American Federation of Labor. For the past ten years or more the U. S. letter carriers have been striving in vain for an increase of wages.

The strike of several hundred men at the Black Creek mine of the Hazel Mountain Coal Company, near Hazleton, Pa., has been declared off. Concussions were made to the miners.

The political labor organizations of the Australian states met recently in convention in Melbourne, and had a very extensive programme to dispose of. Their deliberations will have an important influence upon the future policy of the federal labor party.

At the recent conference of the National Union of Ship Assistants, Warehousemen and Clerks of Great Britain, which has 15,000 members, a resolution was carried expressing the conviction that adult suffrage, male and female, was the only franchise reform which merited support from the labor party in parliament.

The Chicago Stereotypers' Organization affiliated with the International Typographical Union, voted recently for a disaffiliation fund.

The Pittsburg officers of the Bricklayers' and Stonemasons' International Association have received notice from the national officials, giving the local union instructions to resume work for the United States Steel Corporation and throwing open every plant operated by the combine. The action ends a strike of three years.

In 1903 Minneapolis cooper tried to establish a large co-operative shop, which failed.

The U. S. Brotherhood of Painters and the Amalgamated Painters' Society, which have been in a long and bitter fight to amalgamate, failed to come to an agreement and stopped all negotiations. Strikes of all the workers in the union against the other, which had been suspended during the peace negotiations, are to be resumed.

In the forthcoming report from the Pennsylvania Department of Factory

Inspection, mechanical devices will be blamed for the steadily increasing number of children who are entering factories all over the state. The little knowledge required to operate these machines and the correspondingly small amount of skill needed has much to do with adults being laid off and children taken on.

The proposed Georgia child labor bill passed the house but was killed by a narrow margin in the senate.

Immigration into the port of New York for the year of 1905 to date has passed all previous records.

The 2300 striking Chicago woodworkers effected a compromise, and the strike is ended.

The Sydney (Australia) Shipwrights' Provident Union is forty-one years old, and has a credit balance of about \$10,000.

The proposition of a national home for union carpenters will probably be taken up in the near future by that union.

Trade unionism is making rapid strides in Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Switzerland, the intention being to equalize conditions of labor.

Women are now being substituted for men in the Italian postal service.

Of the 100,000 men in Newfoundland more than half are fishermen.

A Chicago labor union was once fined as a corporation, this being, it is said, the first action of its kind ever taken by a court in the history of trade-unionism in the United States.

Washington navy yard painters are striking.

The strike of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers against the American Bridge Company is said to be extending, and will soon involve 20,000 iron workers.

The Glass Blowers' Union some time ago adopted the income tax for dues, and each man pays two per cent. of his earnings until a defunct fund of \$200,000 is raised.

One hundred and fifty national and international unions and their subordinate unions have in hand, while the individual members of labor unions have at least \$300,000,000.



Baby's Own Soap. Pure Fragrant, Cleansing. The best for delicate skins. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mts. MONTREAL.

Butter! Butter! We have just received a large lot of very choice Creamery and Dairy Butter, in solids, lumps and one pound prints.

W.A. CATHERS & CO., 156 Prince Wm. St.

ASK FOR Labatt's India Pale Ale. The standard to which other brewers endeavor to work. Taken by Nervous People at night it acts as a very effective and harmless hypnotic.

It is Undoubtedly Better for the sick and convalescent than patent medicines or tonics, of which no one knows the composition. Ask your wine merchant for a sample order.

Bottling Vaults, 51-53-55 Dock St. Phone 596

COAL. GIBBON & CO., best quality Hardwood, which must be mowed quickly, and which is being sold saved up and delivered at \$1.50 per load.

Soft Coal Ex Yard. Acadia, Pictou, Springhill and Reserve Sydney, all coal well screened.

OTTAWA LADIES' COLLEGE. One of the best equipped and most efficient of Ladies' Colleges in this country.

Rothsay College For Boys, Rothsay, N. B. Calendar for the year 1905-1906 briefly descriptive of the school and its work.

FRANK P. VAUGHAN, ELECTRICAL ENGINEER AND CONTRACTOR. 5 Mill St., St. John, N. B. Telephone No. 213.

Telephone Subscribers. Please add to your Directories. 6684 Boyd James, residence, 28 Dangle Ave.

Ask Your Wine Merchant for GAELIC WHISKY! (10 Years Old) IMPORTED DIRECT FROM ORAIOHELLA O'HEEN-LINLLET, DISTILLING CO., LTD., Glasgow, Scotland.

The 2 Popular Brands of SCOTCH WHISKIES. Buchanan's "Special Quality" and "Black and White."

FOR SALE. One 2500 lbs Howe Scale suitable for warehouse use. GOOD AS NEW. E. S. STEPHENSON & Co., Machinists.

The Old Blend Whisky of the White Horse Cellar. The Original Recipe Dated 1746. The Old-fashioned Blend of the Coaching Days, without adulteration for 150 years.

Dr. Eric's Tablets. For Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Etc., Etc. These Tablets are prepared with the finest herbs and effect a sure and safe cure.

Dr. Sullivan's White Horse Cellar. 44 and 46 Dock St.

A PROGRESSIVE POPE

(Boston Transcript.) ROME, Aug. 28.—One of the most important reforms yet instituted in the church by Pope Pius X is that contained in an apostolic letter which he has recently addressed to all the bishops of Spain and South America.

In this document the pope absolutely forbids the sale in future of any privilege, dispensation or faculty by the bishops and clergy for a money consideration, and abolishes particularly the custom which has prevailed for centuries of furnishing Catholics with the special list of dispensations and faculties commonly called the "Bulla Cruciatas." It was during the time of the Crusades, when the popes were organizing expeditions against the Mohammedans who were threatening the invasion of Christian Europe, that funds were collected all over the world for the purpose.

Following this precedent, a parish priest in the diocese of Pistoia has just issued a circular letter to all the parish priests of Italy, asking that in view of the fact that the present pope had been for many years one of their number, they should all contribute from the income of their parishes an annual sum to be yearly presented to the pope under the name of the parish priests of Italy. There is no doubt that the plan will succeed, as many priests have already responded favorably.

Since the suppression of the theological faculty of the Vatican Seminary for reasons of economy, Pius X. has been paying his attention to the need of similar reforms in many of the Italian dioceses, which because of their poverty are not in position to maintain an individual seminary suitably equipped for the efficient education of their clergy. It is the intention of the pope that in the diocesan seminaries there shall be in the future imparted only the classical education, and that for theology and the higher studies several dioceses should be grouped together to maintain a common institution of learning to which all their clerical students can be sent, and which would not involve such a large expense of maintenance for each individual diocese.

By direct order of Pius X, the content of the Vatican administration with the company which furnishes water to nearly all the city of Rome, has been ended by the refusal of the Vatican authorities longer to use the water in question in the papal residence. It is known, and just now it is a burning question here, that the company has for years been charging exorbitant rates to its customers. The Vatican administration, with an eleven-thousand-room establishment to care for, has been a principal sufferer and has had to pay enormous monthly water bills. This is now ended, as Pius X. has been able to secure for the Vatican palace the neglect of nature's warning means uric acid poisoning and dreaded Bright's disease.

GIN PILLS make kidneys healthy. They instantly relieve all Kidney Troubles—fever, heat, pain, etc.—and strengthen the kidneys in perfect condition to perform their work as nature intended. We have such implicit confidence in the virtues of the Pills that we subscribe drugs to refund the money if they fail to cure, see a box, 50c. Sample box free—mention this paper.

Pharmaceutical Castor Oil

At Very Low Prices. Vestal Olive Oil, 1 Gallon Tins, the best table oil imported. Grossmith's Perfumes and Soaps. Munn's God Liver Oil in tin lined barrels. Glycerine in 28 and 56 lb. tins.

Lowest Quotations on These Goods Just Landed. THE CANADIAN DRUG CO.

WHERE TO STOP WHEN TRAVELLING NEW YORK. COMFORT is easily found when you stop at the HOTEL ALBERT. Largest and most magnificent Hotel in New York city, and the only Absolutely Fire Proof one below 23rd street.

Three hundred rooms at \$1.00 per day and upward. Two hundred rooms with private bath at \$2.00 a day and upward. FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT at moderate charges. Write for guide of New York City, sent free to any address.

ST. JOHN. Victoria Hotel, King Street, St. John, N. B. Electric Elevator and all Latest and Modern Improvements. D. W. McORMICK, Prop.

PRINCE ROYAL HOTEL, 111-113 Princess Street, St. John, N. B. Location central on exclusive residential street, near Post office, banks and principal business houses.

The DUFFERIN, E. LeROI WILLIS, Prop. KING SQUARE, St. John, N. B. ABERDEEN HOTEL, Home-like and attractive. A temporary home. Newly furnished and thoroughly renovated.

CLIFTON HOUSE, 74 Princess Street, and 114 and 143 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. Recently Renovated Throughout. Special attention given to summer tourists. W. ALLAN BLANCH, Proprietor.

Best Quality Hardwood cut last winter; dry enough to burn; \$2.00 per load saved; \$2.25 saved and split. Best quality dry hardwood 25 cents higher. GIBBON & CO., Smythe street, and 64 Charlotte street, Upper Eastings.

PROBATION SYSTEM

(Continued from page 10.) Compelled, under the present law, to wait until court orders his release, he finds himself out of work, with his family dependent on him. Public exposure in court is another serious matter for a man who has a good reputation, a home and family.

But the prospect for the future may be shattered by the telling of the story by one who sees him in the dock, and who tells the story of his misdeed, he is likely to leave the path which led him to the station house. The legislature, after careful consideration, has decided to vest in the probation officers the power of release, and the courts, whose agents the probation officers are, will without doubt be able to work out a system by which the intent and purpose of the legislature may be accomplished.

TENNESSEE LIQUOR LAWS (From the Washington Post.) There are only eight towns in the State of Tennessee where spirituous liquors can be legally retained. This is because the law forbids the sale of intoxicants in any town that has a population of less than 500.

A TELEGRAPHER'S ERROR Philadelphia Ledger. A libel suit down in Louisiana grew out of an error of the telegraph. A correspondent of a New Orleans paper wrote one of the speakers at a Baton Rouge meeting: "The Rev. Thomas J. Upton is a cultured gentleman."

It is almost impossible to find a man who doesn't know all about it. A. C. NORTHROP, Proprietor.

CALENDAR

Of Temple of Honor and Temperance of N. B.

TEMPLES
Victoria No. 2 meets every Tuesday (except third) at 8 p. m. Temple Hall, Market Street, St. John.

COUNCILS
Eastern Star No. 1 meets third Tuesday at 8 p. m. Temperance Hall (Market Building), Charlotte Street, St. John, N. B.

TODAY'S ATTRACTIONS
This Afternoon
Professor Crocker's Educated Horses, at the Opera House at 2:30 o'clock.

Want Ads. are free to Evening Times subscribers. Boarders Wanted. Help Wanted. Lost Found. Situations Wanted. To Let. For Sale. Etc. Everything in classified advertising with the exception of Business Cards and Announcements is ABSOLUTELY FREE to Evening Times Subscribers. Send 25 cents for ONE MONTH'S trial subscription.

Local News

Prompt attention to the eyes may save the sight. Consult D. Boyaner, 631 Main St. Gloucester, N. B.

A lady's black pocket book, found on Queen Square, is at the central police station.

Registrar John B. Jones reports for this week five marriages and fourteen births—nine females and five males.

A big sale of ladies' vests tonight at Patterson's Daylight Store, corner Duke and Charlotte streets. See ad. See window.

Steamer Hampton went on the route again yesterday after having a new shaft put in.

Two boys have been reported by the police for running through the flower beds in King Square. The case comes up Tuesday.

Allen Appleby, son of the late B. H. Appleby, has received the contract for supplying the granite for the Fredericton bridge.

J. N. Harvey's clothing and gentlemen's furnishing store will be open tonight, the half 11 o'clock, as usual, but the half holiday season is over, and will be closed all day (Monday) Labor Day. He is showing some special bargains for the holiday. Read his ad on the 4th page today.

Harry Titan, of 63 Meekinsburg street, while practicing foot ball with the Beaver team, on Thursday evening, on the Victoria grounds, lost a pocket book containing a sum of money and some papers, only valuable to himself.

The steamer Calvin Austin, Captain Pike, arrived this morning from Boston direct, with 120 passengers, and the St. Croix, Captain Thompson, landed 68 last night. The travel westward by the above line is now very large, tourists are returning to their homes, and a large number are booked to go by the Austin tomorrow night.

The Montreal Transcript announces that the Ocean Limited will be discontinued with the last run at the end of next week. The Steadfast train from Montreal to St. Flavie, No. 184 and 181, will be discontinued on Monday and the Boston train between Point du Chene and St. John, numbers 3 and 4, will be also discontinued on Monday.

Steamer Clifton will run a public excursion to Hampton on Labor Day. A start will be made from Indian town at 9 a. m. and after allowing for a stay of two hours and a half in the pretty little village, the boat will return to Indian town at 7 p. m. The scenery on the peninsula is at its best at this season, and the trip is always a popular one. 831-3.

Macaulay Bros. & Co. have been appointed the selling agents in this city and province for the sale of the celebrated Novi-Modi cloth and tweed man-made costumes for ladies. It will be of interest to those who wish exclusive costumes that they can select the cloth and have Novi-Modi costumes made to their own measure and from latest models of expert designers and first class tailors. Read their advertisement in this evening's Times.

MONDAY ON THE RIVER
The City Council had excursion and picnic to Watters' Landing on Monday will be the last public opportunity of the season to have a joyous day on the river. The steamer Majestic will leave Indian town at 9:30 a. m., and the Victoria at 10 a. m.

There will be a quiet competition in morning between the Algerines and an Brook team, and an open competition in the afternoon. There will be athletic sports. With the sports, the music, and the charms of a picnic grounds, a happy day is in store. No doubt, quite a number of us will be up river also on Monday.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENT
(Too late for classification.)
WANTED—PRESSMEN AND COAT-MAKERS. First class workmen will find it to their advantage to apply. Gilmore, 68 King St.

TO WORK ON THE ISLAND

Marconi Man Here to Erect Wireless Station on Partridge Island.

J. D. Taylor, superintendent of the Marconi Company in Canada, arrived in the city last night from Cape Sable Island (N.S.). He has lately put up a station at that island, and another at Sable Island, and came here to erect the station on Partridge Island. He has about twenty men working for him and these will arrive the middle of the week and commence work as soon as the final arrangements are completed. It is expected that the work here will be finished in about five weeks if the weather is favorable.

ENTERTAINMENT COURSE

F. G. Spencer Will Conduct a High Class One in St. John This Winter.

The public is always looking for something new, and F. G. Spencer is usually in search of that which will satisfy them. Mr. Spencer has prepared a course of entertainments for the coming season which in point of merit and novelty are unquestionably superior to anything before offered in the city at popular prices. The course will consist of a course of lectures, the subjects of which will be of an American character, the subjects of Boston, with a lady reader, who will open the course on the evening of Nov. 6th. Dec. 6th will be given over to A. W. Hawke, a wonderful orator and entertainer, who will doubtless easily rival Drummond in popular local favor. Hawke will be followed by the Boston Concert Co., one of the finest aggregations of its kind in the eastern States. That versatile actor Edwin P. Elliot will be the February attraction, when he will again be heard in the presentation of David Harum. The last attraction in the course will be a decided novelty in the appearance of the greatest of all American comedians, Y. M. C. B. The course will be a series of lectures, and Mr. Spencer is operating the same course in all a number of places, and has arranged to sell a course ticket admitting to all the events for a very low figure, and canvassers will wait upon the citizens in a few days for the sale of these course tickets. Mr. Spencer has taken a long time in the careful selection of the talent, and he is finally only after going to the states for the purpose of hearing them. Several young ladies can find profitable employment in canvassing for the sale of these course tickets by applying immediately to Mr. Spencer.

SUSSEX

SUSSEX, Sept. 2.—Dr. W. Graham left today for a short visit to Brown's Plaza. Miss Adeline Elliott left this morning for a trip to Oak Point and other points on the river. A. B. Maggs, W. A. Maggs and Dr. A. H. Fenkes are spending a few days at their camp near Ferry's Point. A number of school teachers left here this morning to attend the teachers' institute, which is being held at Kingston. The Messrs. Beattie and Bertie Koch returned to St. John last evening.

RUPTURE CURED

St. John citizens will learn with interest of the coming visit of Mr. Bernhard Lindman, the celebrated Trustee of Montreal. This eminent specialist will be at the Royal Hotel, St. John, from Sept. 11th to Sept. 15th, both dates for ruptures, where he will treat all cases of Rupture. No charge for examination or advice.

Read the following letter, which is only one of many hundreds:— John Hamilton, Carpenter and Builder, 210 St. John street, Montreal, 2nd July, 1903. Mr. Lindman,—I have used your Truss for six months and I think it is the best Truss on the market, as I tried several others before I got yours. I was cured of rupture. I have left your Truss off for several days and I think that I am completely cured and I would recommend your Truss to anyone that is obliged to wear one, as yours has given me great satisfaction. JOHN HAMILTON. (Sgd.)

THE SALVATION ARMY

On Sunday evening, September 3rd, commencing at eight o'clock, there will be a special farewell meeting at the Drimley street Salvation Army barracks, when Cadets McKervie, Patrick and Smith will farewell for the Salvation Army Training College at Toronto. These comrades have been faithful workers at the local corps and their services will be greatly missed. Cadet Patrick has held the commission as junior soldier sergeant-major, and Cadet McKervie that of Sunday school treasurer. Everybody is cordially invited to attend the service on Sunday evening.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

New Victoria Hotel.—A. E. Brock, Fredericton; J. W. N. Baker, M. D., Fredericton; Miss Baker, Fredericton; W. J. Lorimer, Boston; George Driffield, Toronto. At the Boston House.—J. Kelly, wife and family, New London, Conn.; Charles Chute and A. Macavoy, Boston; W. H. Roberts and W. G. Booth, Waterbury, Conn.; C. M. Bennett and wife, Prescott, Me.; Mrs. J. M. Lockhart, Boston; James McLean, St. George; Wm. S. Lester, Bradford; Eng. G. E. Starr, Canning, N. S.; Miss Mary Starr, Brandon, Man.

LABOR DAY

For Labor Day the Canadian Pacific Railway will issue tickets between all stations in Canada at the rate of one fare for the round trip, going September 2nd, and 4th. Good for return till September 5th, 1903.

The Halifax express, known as No. 10, which leaves here at 11:25 p. m., was delayed at Norton last night for about fifty minutes, owing to an accident to the engine. Word was sent to Sussex and a locomotive was sent from there, which took the train to Moncton.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENT
(Too late for classification.)
WANTED—PRESSMEN AND COAT-MAKERS. First class workmen will find it to their advantage to apply. Gilmore, 68 King St.

THE P. E. ISLAND LETTER

Labor Day Sports at Charlottetown—An Interesting Assault Case—The Scott Act in Summerside—Conference of Provincial Premiers.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Sept. 1.—Among the events of Labor Day in this city will be athletic sports carried on under the joint management of the labor unions and the Abergavenny Athletic Club. H. M. S. Cornwall and Berwick will be in port on that day and the sailors have accepted the invitation to take part in the tug of war and open events. A cut of some interest was taken before the Sportsman of this city this morning. Samuel MacArthur, aged 21, and his sister, Catherine, aged 16, of Dartington, are accused of assault upon their mother. Mrs. MacArthur alleges that one morning last after breakfast her son and daughter seized her and notwithstanding her struggles, bound her ankles and then dragged her to the back door where she saw a horse and buggy standing. When the children ran after it she managed to get in the house, secure a knife and cut herself free from the cords. She then fled barefooted to a neighbor's house. The defence is that the woman had previously been in the asylum and that her children thought it necessary to take her back there. The case was adjourned to the 22nd inst. The London papers did not appear on the second occasion and it is understood they have left the province. The London papers did not appear on the second occasion and it is understood they have left the province. The London papers did not appear on the second occasion and it is understood they have left the province.

The proposed conference of the provincial government representatives from Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. Island is being awaited with deep interest by the people of this province. The public accounts last year showed a deficit of over \$400,000, due to a decrease in revenue and increase in the cost of the administration of the necessary public services. Unlike other provinces, the Island has to depend on land revenue from the dominion subsidy and local taxation. There are not only taxes on land, but also on houses, incorporated companies, commercial travellers, banks, etc. An education is practically carried on at the government expense and for this item alone a very large proportion of the revenue is expended, and the salaries of the teachers are not nearly so large as they ought to be. The other departments of the public service have to be run along very economical lines and an increase of local taxation would be a measure that any government would hesitate to take. The period of the manufactured goods and the carrying on of the necessary public services have to be run along very economical lines and an increase of local taxation would be a measure that any government would hesitate to take.

At Brookline, Mass., the secret service department was set to work in the case of two Chinese grocers and two white girls, all four having set forth in the magazine houses that they were residents of Brookline and married in Providence. The bride of one of the girls, Annie Loretta Hendon, aged 21, daughter of George Hendon, a blacksmith of P. E. I.

The ladies of Charlottetown are not members of a rifle association. The officers are as follows: Honorary President, Mrs. D. A. McKinnon, wife of the lieutenant-governor; president, Mrs. Dr. Goodwill; secretary, Mrs. McCreedy.

At the highest price paid was 11:18 cents. This is a record price for cheese during the month of August. The price ever since the season began has been such as to revive the wailing enthusiasm of the farmers, many of whom were going out of the business owing to a succession of poor seasons.

The people of Summerside are not satisfied with the manner in which the law is administered there at present. They state that the Scott Act is violated. The illegal business is carried on in small places with practically no attempt at concealment and no fear of punishment. The temperance people say that the town has allowed itself to become a partner in the business by making conditions such that the liquor dealers are allowed to sell their goods in the town a fair share of the proceeds in the form of fines.

Another condition that calls for improvement in Summerside is the need of a better water supply. A bill has been passed in the legislature which is intended to have the necessary steps taken to construct water works, but a delay has taken place which has caused murmuring from those who fear for their property during the dry spell, and who desire a better quality of water than the town now receives.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of Vernon River Bridge, it was decided to have the name of the place changed to Port Vernon, as the former name is often confounded with the name of the small matter, baggage, etc., in constantly going astray.

Among the deaths of Islanders that have occurred recently are the following: At Salmon Poaching on St. John River. Fish Wardens Catch One Chap Who Escapes by Jumping Overboard.

FREDERICTON, Sept. 2 (Special).—Fish wardens are making it lively for poachers who operate on the St. John river by the mouth of Long's Creek. They wanted to catch a man drifting for salmon near the mouth of Long's Creek. He had a loaded shot gun in his canoe and attempted to get back for him. One salmon was found in his canoe, and one was confiscated along with the net and the poacher made his escape by the jumping overboard.

The Times is asked to state that the report that John Keele, driver for T. McAvity & Sons, is the man who backed a team against a house on Sheriff street, thereby breaking the door, is not correct. Mr. Keele knows nothing whatever about the matter, and has been put to considerable trouble in consequence of the report.

BRUNSWICK, Sept. 2.—Miss Naryshkin, secretary of the Russian legation here, and daughter of M. White, the Russian consul plenipotentiary, while leaving the theatre last night, missed a pearl necklace, valued at \$9,000. The thief escaped.

W. J. Simpson left this week for a holiday trip to Boston. FREDERICTON PERSONALS. The following are from yesterday's Fredericton papers: Prof. Roberts, who has been spending his vacation here, is to leave tomorrow evening for Halifax to resume her duties at the School for the Blind. Miss Ida McElroy was a passenger to St. John by the steamer Pokonoket this morning. Prof. W. P. P. Stookley, formerly of the U. N. B., is here saying farewell to his old friends before proceeding to Ireland, where he will in future reside. Rev. I. E. Kierstead and wife were in the city yesterday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Clark of York street. The latter part of September they expect to sail for their duties as missionaries. A photograph was taken yesterday of five generations. The one who posed for the picture in the order of generations were—Mrs. Robert Thorburn, who is over eighty years old, Mrs. Hugh Matheson, Mrs. J. D. Fowler, Mrs. Buchanan of Boston and her son.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE

The St. Croix Courier says:—"The marriage of Mr. N. Marks Mills and Miss Winifred Todd occurs in Trinity church on Wednesday next. Mrs. F. C. McNeill of St. John, is visiting friends in town. Miss Breanna Ross, daughter of Dr. R. K. Ross, and Mr. Spinye, of Yarmouth (N.S.), G. W. Ganong, M.P., and Mrs. Ganong have concluded their tour of the continent and are back in England. They are to visit Ireland and Scotland, and expect to sail for home on September 28th."

Mrs. Thomas A. Brewer, who has been visiting her parents, will leave by the Calvin Austin this evening for her home in Boston. She will be accompanied by Miss Julia Riley, 138 Orange street. Wm. F. Gill, who has been seriously ill for the past eight weeks with pneumonia at his home 79 Victoria street, is so improved as to be able to be out. Mrs. Frank Belyea and Master Percy have returned from the Celars, spending a very pleasant vacation there. Miss Elizabeth Sharp, who has been visiting friends in St. John, returned this morning. Mrs. James Aggie, of Boston, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Richard Adams, west side.

Macaulay Bros. & Co.

Novi-Modi Costumes are exclusive in styles, and costs no more than other makes. We, TODAY, have placed in our Costume Department a full range of Novi-Modi Cloths and Tweed Costumes FOR LADIES.

In presenting these most stylish costumes before our customers, we wish it well understood that there is no line of costumes offered that has the skill and work put in them equal to Paris, London and New York for this season.

EVERY GARMENT the result of best designer, and all Man-Tailored. Customers can have Novi-Modi Costumes made to their Measure from own selection of material.

NOVI-MODI COSTUMES are not brought out till the correct fashion of the season has been fixed. MACAULAY BROS. & CO. have the sole right to sell Novi-Modi Garments for New Brunswick. By this all may procure exclusive suits.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Auction Sale of Dry Goods Commencing Tuesday Afternoon, Sept. 5th. D. A. KENNEDY, 32-36 King Square. Every Afternoon at 2.30. Evening Sale at 7.30. GREAT BARGAINS FOR ALL. Don't Fail to Come. Remember the Date, "Tuesday," September 5th. Afternoon and Evening.

The Globe Clothing House. BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS.

The largest and best variety and best values at the lowest prices for good, strong Boys' Suits. Prices range from 90c., \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00. Men's Clothing Department. The Greatest Bargains in this Department ever offered before. Men's Tweed Suits in Plaids or Stripes. Regular Prices Were from \$6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00. The Prices Now Are from 3.50, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 6.00.

Don't fail to come and see these great bargains. Also all kinds of Fancy Shirts, Collars, Ties, Socks, Braces, etc., etc., all at Bargain Prices at The Globe Clothing House, 7 & 9 Foot of King St.

CORSETS

Must fit easy as well as have a perfect form and that is what we show in our Corset Department. We have four different styles in White and Drab; sizes 18 to 30 inch; at 50 cents pair. We have three different styles at 75 cents, with hose supporters or without. Just whatever you fancy. And our styles at \$1.00 are numerous. White and Drab, with and without suspenders; all sizes—18 to 32 inch. The Great is a corset especially adapted to stout figures, as it is so constructed that it will give support where it is most needed. We have two qualities and all sizes—18 to 38 inch. Ladies' Corsets, Misses' Corsets and Children's Waists; Shoulder Braces and all kinds of Suspenders.

ROBT. STRAIN & CO'S., 27 and 29 Charlotte St

Cow Brand Baking Soda, 3c. a package. Reversible Washing Powder, 3c. a package. Pure Cream of Tartar, 25c. per pound. ROBERTSON & CO., 562 and 564 Main St., St. John, N. B.

Black Sateen Waists and Cotton Wrappers AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

We have placed on sale today the balance of our stock of COTTON WRAPPERS and BLACK SATEEN WAISTS at a big reduction. These garments are all of this season's importation, and are a great bargain at these prices. 90c. Wrappers for \$1.00. 75c. Wrappers for \$1.00. 50c. Wrappers for \$1.00. Black Sateen Waists that were \$1.20 to \$1.85. Now Only \$1.10 Each.

S. W. McMACKIN, SHARP & McMACKIN, 335 Main Street, North End.

Bargains at Our Stores THIS WEEK. 40c. Mocha and Java Coffee, 30c. lb. 40c. Assorted Chocolates, 25c. lb. 20c. Jars Batger's Marmalade only 12c. a jar. CHAS. F. FRANCIS & CO., 141 Charlotte St. 72 Mill St. Meat and Fish Store, 70 " MILL END SALE. Shaker Flannel Remnants, 1 to 8 yard lengths, at Bargain Prices. Gents' Hose, 3 pair for 25 cents. Ladies' Hose, 3 pairs for 25 cents. Good Toweling, 6c. yard. PEOPLES' DEPT. STORE, 142 Mill St.