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DEVOTED TO TEMPERANCE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION, AND LITERATURE.
VOLUME XXIII. No. 14.

MONTREAL \& NEW YORK̇, JULY 13, 1888.
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## A HARD PROBLEM

"To climb stcop hills
nequires slow pace at first
said tho Bard of A von. How we should like to peap over our littlo maid's shoulder to see what sort of a mathematical "Hill Difficul.ty" she has come to that she needs to stop) so and restr. No casy one, we are sure, and yet with the instincts of a true student she rofuses all holp until sho seos just what she herself cin do-only palusing at the hardest part of tho ascont to take her bearings, that her noxt step may not loe a backward one. It does not require much of a prophet to foretell that such a climber will soon. reach the top.

The vory slate in her hand las no little interest for us. It looks like a slato with it history. Our little student is not the first who lats used it, we tre sure, nor the second cither. It is surely pintb of her inheritance frem older sisters and broblers, stiuclious, thoughtful girls, and bright romping boys, whohave outgrown it. Its routghened frame with itsstrongly lanced corners shows striking examples of the inventivo power and oxecutive ibility of the double-bladed jackknife and small boy combined, and could tell if it chose many it tale of school-boy fracas that its former owners have, somehow, never yet made a subject of homo conversation.

But our student will not prize it tho less for all this, we think; but more. Thodelightful, smooth old surface is

the result only of long years of servico and could never be found in n new ono, no matter how expensive. BC sides a lialo of ohd me-: mories of sisters and brothers ind father clings around it, though, it maty be,only she of all her schoolmates can seo it, and our littlo girl,' young. as sho is, is bogimming to loan that, oven in! so common a thing as a worn-ont school slate, - "Wo cannot

Buy with gold tho old associations.'

## LIBERTIY

Peoplo talk of liberty as if it meant the liberty of doing what: man likes, Tho only liberty that a man, worthy the name of : man, ought to ask for is to lave all restrictions, inward aud outward, removed, to provent his doing what ho ought. I call that mam freo whe is master of his hower appetites, when is able to valo himsclf. I call him free who has his flesh in. subjection to his spiriti ; who fears doing wrong, but who fears noithar man nor devil besides. I think that man free that has learnt that most.blessod of all truths-that liberty consists in oledience to tho power, and to the will, and to tho law that his higher soul reverences and approves. He is not freo beeanso he docs what he likes, for in his better moments his soul protests' agriinst the act, and rejects, the authority of tho passion, which conmanded him, as a usurping force and tyramy. He fecls that he is a shivo to his own un-
hallowed passions. But he is free when he does what he ought, beciuse there is no protest in his soul igainst that submission. -Frederich W. Rudertson.

## A BEAUTLIUUL CUSTOM.

The hardest and stemest of men are touched and softened by the defencoless innocence of little children. In the beathtiful legend of St. Christopher, it was the littlo Christ-child bhit subduod and won over the frimt who cinried in comers across the strean ; and cannot cach ond of us recaln some reconcinition that childish not hive been offected but for the childish
pencemiaker? All the Yerr Rownd tells the pencomaker? All the Yerr hown tells the service some Gorman ch
thcir city 450 years aro:
"In the month of July there wis annially celobrated for four centuries at. Hatmburg a stmage festival, known as "The Cherry Feast." Liko evory other coromony it colebrates an event which has not yet been forgotten. In 1433 is great His site miny besciged the city of Hamburg The war hat wared for many years, and on both sidus it had become both bitter and coucl. When they saw tho army outside their walls, the poople of Himburg became extremely frightened, is they could not extremely frightened, is they could not
hope to hold out long igninst such odds. A council of chicf citizens was held to de A council of chict eitizens was held to de-
vise some method of siving the town. vise some method of saving the town.
Nothing secmed feasible until some one Nothing seemed feasible until some one
suggested thit they should send out all the suggested thit they should send out all the
little children, for, said one, the sight little children, for, said one, whe sight
will surely molt the hearts of the soldiers and they will do us no harm." The suggestion was acted upon. Great wast the surprise of the army to see the gates of the city swing open ; but greater still their surprise when they silw march out an arimy of littlo children clad in white. Wheii they heard the pattering of the tiny feet and when the little ones drow ajp tinindly before the tents, the warriors were fairly conquered und ten's filled their oyes. They who had come to rob; kill hud butm, threw down their arms, ind, gatheritig beatiful branches full of fruit off the cherry trees, sent the childien banck to their parents with those brinches and ia their parents with those branches and ia messarge of peace, which wast fathtully ob-
served. The children won a great and served. The ehnken won a great and bloodless victory, inid in commemolationo it these branches were until recently, if not
now, carried through the streets by the now, curri
children."

## PERRSEVERANCE

Uemosthencs, the poor stuttering son of a butler, became the must fanous orator of ancient timus. Virgil, the son of ablaker, was the most colebrated of Latini poets Whap, the son of it slave; ind ilmost a Absop, the son of it shate, and immost :
slave himself, minnged to acquire imper-

 of Rone, ind next to the king, in his day of Rome, ind next to the king, in his diay
the most powerful person in the Bigglish the most powerful person in the Bhglish
Dominion. Willian Shakespeare was also Dominion. William Shakespene was abs
theson of ibutelue, yetone of the most fim the son of ibutelur, yetone of the most fim
ous poets the world has ever beheld. Oli ver Cromwell ruse from a compmativoly humblo station to be protector of the Ens lish Commonwealth. Benjimin Fxanklin was a printer in lus ourly dias; ho afterwards became one of the most celebrated philosophers and statesmon. Willian Grildford, the editor of the Querterly Rebuby, wis in youth it humble shoenake apprentice, and, for want of paper, was
obliged to work his allgobuac problems upon leather with ins awl. Robert Bums ploughman, of Ayrshine, Scotiand, was ifterwirds the greitest of Scoteh poets. Jhmes Couk, for it Jone bium was it common stilor, but afterwarils, on voyages of discovory, sailed threo tilues round the work. Jaremy Taylor was a birber's bey, and Jaremy Ciaylor was a hirber's loy, ind
afterwards is D.D. Dhomas Tedford, the rreat civil ongincer, was mee it shepherd's ereat civil ongincer, was mee inshepherats
boy. Inigo Jones was first a joumeyman carpenter, aud afterwards the chiaf architect of his age. Halley, the istronomer, was the son of a poor soap boiler. Haydn, the composer, was the son of it poor wheel wright. Hemy, tho chemist, was the son of a weaver. Smenton and Remic, eminont engincers, were both of them, it one timo, merely makers of mathematicul instruments. And when you have read tho lives of all these, ask yoursolf whether porseveranice had not as much to do in making these men great, as any other quality which they possossed.

TEACHING THE BIBLE TO LITTLE CHILDREN

## br mis jula a." terhune

$\therefore$ Teach first of all the great value of the Biblo for the knowledge it brings us. Just as the parent's worl is the immediate Yule for is the hives of hithe children, so God.s should bo roverned. Little children cim understand these things, and, in a degree we miy little suspect, realize tho value of the Bible.
Teach by precept, and by your own ex mple, reverence for tho Dible, for the book itself. Take it up and liy st down with reverence; holdit with revergeice, show that you fully belicve it to be a holy book, written by hol, men inspired by tho Holy Spirit, to be received and belicved an beyed from cover to cover.
IWach something of tho book as a book,
-the two 'Cestiments, ind the object for which eich was written. Both tell about Jesus : the ofd Testament pointine for wardito him; the New 'Testinnent pointing wardito him.
bick to liin.
back to hiini...........-
Teach the number of books, the number of authors, and the number of centuries in which the Bible was written. Gradually by weokly repetition of a fow at at time adding one new niaine eacli' Sunday; teach the nimites of the books of the Bible Learned in the primary class they will neve be forgotion. Teach the children to conn mit verses of the Bible to momory. How quickly your babies learn "Mother" Goose" and other rilymes ind jingles!. Store their minds early with the sweet, precious thoughts with which Goul's Word is fillod Givetis rovards copies of thio New Testament oi gospels. I give a little ticket for eich porfectly recited golden text; exclanging eight of the small ones for one large curd three of the large oues entiAling the child to a "Gospel." The ver smiunce above evorything the " little Cible" so oftainined, though not realiving the far greator inize meonsciously gained,-God' own word stored in the mind. Lncourage
those who lave Bibles to bring them to those who have Bibles to bring them to
thie class. Read a verse or two very slowly thie class. Read a verse or two very slowly
from your own Bible, rather than from rrom your own Bible, -rather than from
fesson-help,--letting the children follow fou in theirs. Occasionally call on some child to stand and read, or let eneveral $^{\text {sen }}$ rike 'turns.
Frequently remind the elildren of the aporance of reakins litterending-circle and select yoursolf the verses to be read duriug the week. Do not give them more thin two yerstis eith dity. Fincourage them to real these wer more than once,- even to commit: it lenst one to memory.. Ques fion on the rewdings eweh succecting sumitay; and mec in it whito hold a special
weok dity meeting. dove meeting
Above all, teith that to understand Gorl's Word we must hirve God's spirit, and by precép and example train them to ask Goch, help before reading. How can you
do ioll this? Only by fitithful, payerfol study of Gods Worn, and by daily feeding pon it. If you go before your chass with our heart aglow with love for God and his word, your chiddren will eateh, att least in some degree, yout spirit. No higher testimony wass ever paici a teacher thand by little girl who went home and siidt:, "Mammit, my teacher hiss seen Jesus." "Seoney Jesus in his lory. Word, gres. point results.—Sindey' school Tlimes.

## scholars' ' Notes.

## (From Intcrnational Question Book.)

## LESSON V.-JULTY ?

The 'rabernacle --Ex. $40: 1.60$. Comatr virases 1-3:
GOLDEN TEXT.
Beholt the tabernacle of God is with men, and ari centlial trumi:
Sinvation, throuph atoncment, reconeration, ho light of the Word and prayer to communion
with tho God of lova, $a$ pertect ifo, and a holy heaveu.
dally readings.

## 





 ing of rams' aud badgers' (probably sedis') skins
over tho tent to protectit fron the weather. The



## heLps over imard places

 hiaf cubits long by ono and oric have wido one of the lave: hencenches). It conlained the tables non." Over it whe tha mercy seat ind fhe chortholics. belhind thio genarating yeil. 4. Table: of gold placed in the holy place, on ihe north sido. symbol of comminion with hin, Canillestitice
of gold, with seven prancles, to pive llfht foi
 of yoid: the Altav for the incoliso in iyno of pray-
 The laver of buss, for dhe washiuss of tho
pricsts beforo verforming any Eorvice. Flacod

outside. between the altar and the tabernacle
The colut: 100 cubits Dy 50 (175 feet by $871 / 2$
 23.30, by puthing on of which nyything
anted to God. A Ape of the Holy Spirit

SUBJECT:THE WAY OF SALVATION IL

## Questions.

I. Tha House or God (xs. $1.2,8$. Who do fire a description of the tivernete as to jits

 havernace niade so sosity ame so beamifult hy

 were contained in the tabernate?
 What wis put into the ark? Hex. to:en; lleb
 IIy of holies? (Joln 15: 10 ; 1 Johu 3 3: 2t.)



 hile spirituali meaning of the allur and its siteri-
flecs? tices?

 Whitwis its obicelt What
$3: 5 ;$ Thitus $3: 5 ;$ Acts $2: 38$.


 Chistian life? What docs Chatist sas of the the
church? Mat, $5: 11,15$, What is the churd church? Mat. $5: 11,15.1$
called in Rov. $1: 12,13,201$
VI. Tue Tableofshow-bread,-Communton



 Why is prayer neceplable to
essential to tho Chrisuan ito?
VIII,-Tut Anoistiva-Trus Holy Spinit



LESSON VI-AUGUST 5
THE DURNI OFFERING.-1cv. $1: 10$ Commir verses 4-5.
GOLDEN TEEXT.
The Lord hath hatd on him tho iniquity of us CENTRAL TRU'IIL.
The need of an atonement for sin,
DAILY ILEADINGS


Leviricus.-The book of service, setting forth
 rom the Levies. whoso ontee ind wort is sut during hes afly days menlionted above. probably

HELPS OFER ILARD PLACES.
2. Jf any man wing an fofering: ho is now
givint tho haw of freewif ollerings. Jforl?:


 to Gods servico as tho or secessind consecration
anproach to God on tho part of tic oftion of
 Who accepts the fath and love oxpresscd in the
offoring. At dhe dor of the tobcrucele whore
tho nattar of sacrifice stood. 4. Henel won the



 pleasant: to
questions
When was the tabernacle got up? (Sieo last,
lesson.) How long after this did they rematin it
 cord 1
 WI. The Burnt Ofrerina, -Opening Tum
 enco bewsen (hem helys.) What was thedimerfle differ from tile others? From what animits must this sacrifeo bo selected? (vs. 2, 11.) Why
must it bo without, blemish? why volimtiry Where must inis sacrilice be offered? (v. $3 ; 1 \mathrm{x}$. $10: 6$. .)
Tescritngs.-Wrint did the necessily of sirerif. ces teach the people? What were they langht hathe What hy is heing without henish
Mat. $1: 8$.) What by the oflering bong volus ${ }^{2 r y}$ ?
Ts. Omebrina tile Sacrivice,-Going to God
 acept, the atonement Goll had hus pronated fo Whero was it sprinklent? What, was chen done
with the victin? How was the olor a swle With tho victim? How wal
sivor to God? (Phild $1: 18$. )
IV. New Testamine laghe on Oud Tesq.
 'ro what great sacriffec did all theso saterifices




 1John1:7.)

## LESSON CAJENDAR. <br> (Thivel Quarter, isss.)



## THE HOUSEHOLD.

## HATTIES DILEMMA.

There was never anything so discouraging Here it was eleven o'clock, ind the boys and Hattie would bo home to dimer in an hour and a half, as hungry ns young beans ; and th
house to eat.
Nelly sat down by the kitchen door, in despair; and wondered what she should do. Why, Nelly! What is the matter? Sick ?" and the inxious voice wats followed by the bright fice of the little neighbor across the way. "I thought perhaps you might not be getting on very easily this first
day you are alone, and brought over a day you are alone, mand brought over a crust and had to use it;" she added apolo getically, as she phaced the temptinc looking, flaky crustect pio upon the tablo. "But, what is the trouble, Nelly ?"
"Oh, Mrs. Hall! It's every thing! There isn't anything in the house for dinner'; I forgot-to ask Hittic to stop at the market when she went to school; Willy hasn't sent any one to attend to the telephone, and I have no way to send for anything. If Bridget's sister hid only chosen some nore convenient time to bo sick, or some nore contemient time to bo sick, or
mother hadn't gone nuite so soon; or-I mother hadn't gone ninte so soon, or-1
knew how to do anything myself. Tivery knew how to do anything myself., Every
thing has gone wrong, ind I don't know thing has gone
what to do."
"I'm glad I came over. I have little to do at home just now, and cin help you." "You have, already," replied Nelly, laughing. "Things don't Jook half so dismal as they did before yon came in, and that pie will do wonder's; but I'm nfraid I shall never be is successful house-keeper for'all my boasting. But really, I can't make a dimner out of nothing.'

Out of almost nothing, sometimes," silid Mrs. Hial, with is smile, recalling some of her "pieked up dimers. "Let us see
what we cin do. You certainly keep what we cun do. Yot
"Oh, I cun keep the house clam, but the getting meals, the phanniug, to know just, what to have for breakfast, dimner and supper, to-day, to-morrow and next dayI feel as if I shouldn't mave a back hair left by the time mother gots home.".

You :are not very gray yot," laughed her friend. "Now let us see what is forthcoming from the 'cupboard.'
"There is a little cold stenk and roust beef in the refrigerator, but not half enough to do any thing with for dimer." The refrigerator disclosed, besides the plate of cold meat, several boiled eggs and a plate of boiled buets.
"Now, Nelly, we will make ourselves famons. You run out in the grarden for a famous. yon run out in the girden for a beets and eggs. Are they soft boiled? If so " must crook dhem again."
id Nelly, putting "ver after brakfast," suid Nelly, putting on her hat.
I comld use them in fish balls."
Iowld use them in hish balls." " of vinegar heating in a smath carthern satuepun, with a few cloves in it. The beets were sliced, and the eggs peeled innd cut in halves longthwise.
When the vinceare boiled Mrs. Hall poured it uver the beet and oggs and put
the dish in a pan of cold water. In in few mimutes she jut in fresh water, adding ice to make it still colder.
"Now, Nelly, if yom will poel ind slice a doven of those tenatows. I will chop the meat, and then you might make some biscuit, is you have $n o$ bread in the house. I will tell you how, and my rule never fails, Now put anpping tablespoonful of butter
into the siacepm, as soon is it is hot nutu the saucepan, as soon is it is hot
put in the tomatoes and cover closely put in the tomatoes and cover closely the little woman set down the chopping
tray in which the meat was chopped to pertray in
fection.
"The flour must be sifted and every thing at hand, for one must work quickly to have sucubrall biscuit;" sho said, lelping to get out the silt and baking powder
boxes, while Nelly took the butter and milk looxes, while Nelly too
from the refrigerator.
"Put four teacups of flour into the mixing bowl, adde two tablespoonfuls of butter, and mix them quickly with the hands, rubbing it as you do fir pie crust. See how
like a coitre powder it lookst Now sift like a coarse powder it lookg Now sift stir together lightly till thoroughly mixed.

Then add a teacup and a half of milk. Now stir all together as quickly as possible. Now a stout spoon or a wooden inixer: I Use a stout spoon or a wooden mixer a
like that the best. I cmit endure to uso like that tho besti, I cim't en

Put in little flour on the mixing board and turn the dough upon it. Roll up in a ball with as littlo handling as possible; roll out about half inch thick and cut with a round or squire cuttor. Fere is your quickly ; the ovon is very hot; you conld hardly have it too hot.
And now we will look at the tomatoes I stirred them a few minutes ago. They have cooked twenty minutes. Stir in that chopped meat, ndd silt and pepper to searson as you like, and leave the pan uncov time, and IIl putts them on this pretty glass plate.
"There!" she exclaimed, in a minute. "doesn't that look tempting enough for hungiy boys?"' holdingr out the plate with a pyrumid of beet in that around the edge.
Jaid ar
"Yes it does, indeed; and they will appreciate it, too. Just see how nice these
biscuit look," opening the oven door to take a peepat the puify, beantifully browning balls. "llow they have risen."
"They had to rise, they were put in so closely. That's one of the secrets of succiosely. Whats one of the secrets of sucbetter for crowding." "

How relieved I fecl. An hour ago I didn't think we should have such a nice dimner just out of scraps."
"They are tho best dinners out, at least we think so," siaid Mrs. Hall, tying on her pretty shade hat with the soft muli strings so becoming to her fresh, bright face; "1 slaall send you in is plate of my boiled ham, I'm rather proud of my boiled ham, and the boys will like it with the baked potatoes and hot biscuit; don't let these potatoes bake too long, and if you got into an-; other 'slongh of despond' send for me," with a little laugh itt her own importance. "Indeed I will," replied Nelly, gratefully. "You don't know how much yon have helped me already, and every thing looks so nicely, too," as she placed the last dish on the table just as the boys came in.

Well, Sis ! commend me to you for a good dimneri;"' said Harry, as he rose from the tible. "If I had thought you were
equil to such a success I should have equin to such a, success I should have
brought Ned Nllen home with me to dinbrought Ned Allen home with me to din-
ner. I met him coming up from the stinor. I met hin coming up from the stabut thought perlaips it wouldn't be just right, and you wouldn't like it.

I'u glad you didn't," siid Tom, with glance at Nelly's blushing fice. "He would have wanted to begin housekeeping right $n$ way.
"That's true !" exclaimed Willy, helping himself to another biscuit and a slice Hark study does give a follow such an appetito.
"And Yll wash all the dishes, Nelly," aid Fattie.

Nellie had to call upon her kind little neighbor many times for advice and assistrince, fur Bidgget "took' a little rest" after her sister recovered; but shie developed such a capacity for housekeeping that when her father and mother cance home from their western trip, mother said she might have stayed a month longer, but that she feared sheshould find them hatf staryed. But the boys were loud in their praises, and although Nelly has now beon housekepper in her own hotsso sevemal yoars Nis wifen hats never been known to tol did."-Emily Layes in Household.

## MIND RESTP.

I have manged to read a good deal when tending baby: I have my magazine handy and keep at mark so if I do not have time
to finisl an article. I can resume it the to finish an article, I can resume it the next time I hive to hold biloy. I think it very helpful to. us while at our work to have sounething wo havo read to think
about, rather than to have our mizuls full about, wather than to have our minds full pinings over our hard lot in life. I found the ronding of the artieles in the Cuthtry! on Russian phisons quite conducive to content of mind; and the quickest way to cure me of repining at my lot is to read of poor
creatures deprived of everything which
milkesilife enjoyable. Look from evenyour kitchen window, and in most cases there are finc anmays the henvens above with their evor Whays the henvens above with their eve shifting panmama of loveliness, You are at liberty to walk outside at least for in good look above and around you. To many, this would bo a grcit privilege Sing, shout, if you wish. The poor Rus sian political prisoner must make nio andi ble sound. Enjoy intercourse with ehiidren or friends, and try to preserve a
checrful frame of mind. Think of thiegreat army of the insine in our lame with thein tortured mind and sometimes tortured bodies, tro. Many of them were brought to their terrible condition by brooding over their troubles, when they should have been ounting their mercies, ind trying hy God's help to forget theirown greis in sympathy
for others. Do let us have something to think of besides our troubles, our cires, and our mivations. Pick up the mugil ane or paper and in half an hour some writer will take you away to the Pacific coast and back, or another will tell you how some of our great western milways lished in an "ineredibly' short time! The building of the pyrumids of Jigypt was not the only colosssh undertaking the wond Colonel Rose with hi; eager helpers, dug a tumnel frem Libly Prison, with old case lnives and in chisel, while perhaps you have been pitying yourself because you had no the jatest improved sad irons, or a patent self-winging mop. The poorestio of us have often many blessings.
"Well," siys one sister, "I cannot af ford to tike the magaines." still I be lieve many more could aflord oven the best
of them if they really wanted them. of them if they really wanted them
Thousamds of families throughout the comntry spend enourn money on a single circus to pay for a good magazine; others, spend chungh on a dance to do the stime. pole very general application, and especially so in the matter of reading.-Correspondent Housckeper.

HER BUTTON-HOLES.
Upon a steamship that crossed last spring from Boston to liverpool was one cabin passenger who looked singularly out of keeping with her surromingss. She was no better dreysed than were the steerage some of them.
Perbaps no one would have noticed her at all butfor the very shabliness of her attire, and the siugularly enger look in her watehful eyes, as if she were determined watehtul eyes, as if nia were deukimied thiat nothing smal nor great shouk esciphe
her. She suoke to no one at first ; but her. She sjoke to no ono at inst; but
after a day or two a hady with an inquiraitter ad day or two a haty
"Hive you ever been at sea before!" she asked, and this was the begriming of it long conversation: After it was over, the
lady of the inguiring mind communicated lady of the inguiring mind commu
che result to tho wther passengrers.
the result to the other passengers.
"Just think,", she sinid, carnestly, "this is the first time the ploa
making button-holes!"
"What do you mem?"
"Oh, just iblout what I say. She began to make button-loles for her living when she wass a little ginl, and she has nade then ever since. When she was cause she wantel to help, buy a little home. And then the war came, and her home. And then he war eime, and her honsic and made bution-loles. And then he was killed, and she never got : matil lately, and has been making button holes all the time. Uoh! 'Think how many housind she must havo made!"
"Ancl now she's got her pension,", some no asked, "a good one, 1 suppose sine she's stopped work ind come nibuend!"
"No; that is, it's large to her, but it's
not wuch over a thousind collars, and she not much over a thousind dollars, and she wo wered for atwhe gust what she hat best in on her mind whati, yould do her the most rood, and she concladed to cross the ocem. "She didn't ubject to working buttonholes," she sind. "She was so used to the to it thin not ; but she winted smmething to think about, ind so sho had started out to get some sights and some menories that would keep her company, when she got
home: You inecdn't laugh ; I think it was
inc."
ho rest of tho passengerscamo to the amio conchasion before the voynge was over. It was a ren pleasure to talk or to read to this poorly clad womm, with her searching eyes, to whom all the wordd was like a
book with uncut leaves. She was so eager book with uncut leaves. Sho was so eiger
to learn, that it pat all the lazy minds on to learn, that it put all the lazy minds on
board to shime to sec the intentness of her board to
She stoppedat Qucenstown,-she wanted to see Treland,-but. she turned up again in London afterward. She saw the Queen's Jubilee, ind tho Queen's presents ; she went, day after diay, to the National Gailery. Sho said sho wanted to fix those pictures the dead great folks had painted where they'd staty in her mind.
"If I gret them so I can just seem to see them," she stid, "while I sit workining my button-holes, I'll be just about as wall ofl
as if I lived in London." She sived in London.
She suw all that six months of time and
thousand dolliurs in money thousand dolliars in money could afforch her oplportunity to see, and then she
came contentedly home; ind now she sits cume contontedly home; ind now she sits
aut in Roxbury and works her button holes. But her eyes have visions, and her mind has thoughts, and who shaill say she was not a wise woman? - Yuilli's Companion.:

How Litume in Taklas. - There are chilTren in thonsamds of households who scareey hear from their parents any other than mile of censure and reproof, who would kind and helpful they late been, and what comforts they were to their jurents, and would go to slecp to dream of angels and all bright and lappy things. Ah! how little it takes to makes hearts happy, and how little also to make them miscrable !
Green Corn Punding.-One pint grated green corn, one quart new milk, three eggs, tle salt. Stir occasionally until thick, and bake two homs.

PUZZLES.-NO. 15
chamade.
My firsh in neary every elime,
Bueath the stin is found; And though of value very great,
Is castinto the ground.
My sitcond holds whinin its clasp
The hope of every nation ; ls crer held in high estem,
And protound venevation.

My whole is made to hold my first,
And for no other use on curth.

Jaging ing.
Raging in
bo run.
Aresh lat
Gund dor:
OR Reel.
Ma foils
hinhor
Ho Romils G .1 B .
Hin hold.
Rum, ring, gad-fly.
lire her luings, Kong.
DROP-LETTER VEREE.


 Peler N. Mneg was a varabom, wamp; hut now he is solnep wespected:-who can Tell mow whati was it that, mate him n man.
ANSWERS TO PUZZLES-NUMBER 14. A rontwi-- bingon tree, abon, (able), chacry, oury, Mr: touthathe, surai, milk, Finger brow gan, pophar ( popular). anper-mbin-b
aters), ctath, alds), chet,
quruce onk,
ount
 hy: Mun (plunb), stipury elm, row tutio horn, hoison; hoon, dok, coma,
allow tud oil, cedar (cedter, trap.



The Family Circle.
A MATTER-OF FAOT OINDERELLA. hy mims. annik $A$, pheston.
"Oln! what a fine carriage, and what hondsome hosses ! They aro ass say as tho eoach and horses of Ciuderellis?
"It dashed by so quickly, I had no time to notice it," rephied Gazadma Raton. " $x$
wguder whose it can bo? There ! it:lats Wgoner whose it can bo "There ! it "hit
stopped. What is thatitfor, Ella, child ?"
stopped. What is that for, Ella, child?" think somethngy about the harness has given wity. The gentleman has jumperd from the carrige. Ho has taken some thing from liss procket. It laoks like n knife. Oh, yes!"
"I had drood eyes once, but they lava
sorved their day," sighod Gradma Laton.
"The horses iwe quict, now," went on Fila, who hitd not once taken her observint eyes from an spectaclo so masual for that
quiet neighormood. 'Now the strut is quiet neighborhood. "Now the strup is mended, I think, mind overything is all
right," :und as the gentlomationo swiftly on, she left the window and skipued ont to the edge of the rond, to soe the fine lowses prance away.
 sene of the teecident. "It was at broken strup, for here is a picee, ahoost tome in I found wascat ond. and its ber is penny peuny-as yollow as gold!
"This is no pemy:" said the womam, takitus the sho jumg coin int her own hand and looking itit colosely; "It is an eagle," do us "age oxclumed the little givy as she do us'" oxclumed the hittle give as she ghanced athergrandmother's thinshawhand
at the seant belongings of their humble home.

We are not to think of that," suid GrandamiBaton,speaking so decidediy that
i fush overspread her thin, woyn face. a flush overspread har thin, wom face.
"The cuin belongs to the gemilomin who just dropped it ; and I do not doubt that: t just dropiped it; and 1 do not doubt hath
wity will be opened for it to he retimed to its owner. Those who seek to do right sokdont fack npportunity Cinderolja's
horses and arryitge pass this way toos selhorses and earriate pass this way tom sel-
dom to cseqpe nutice, ind probithy some of our jeighbors will, be ablo to tell us to whom they belong."
But all the men in the quiet, out-of-theway neighowhowl had been at town-menting that afternoon, and none of the women folk hind seen the carriago.
On the very next Mondiry morning after this episode, thit sime ghassy-hinired, blueeyed Elta, with Gumdun's thin shawl binned about her sloudders, made me of a bevy of gits who, with tums full of books, slates, and huch-baskets, wero drawing
near a plain littla brown schooh housu!" near a plain lithe brown schoolhouss !
"Oh, there's a fire in the schoollonse !"
cried Limaie Barber: "ind l'm rlad, for cried Liekie Barber; "and I'm ghat, for my fingers ams cold.
Gise dont otten find afire made on tho first day of sehool," suin Abby Wood "hoecanse the committec-mm has to go for the tencher."
"Ho mast have kindled it before he
utted ays," said lila, "hearse it has been burning some time. I cian tell by the thimess of the smoke,"
"Iluat is just Jiko you, Jolla Eatem," put in Augeliaa Brown. "Youre al ways protending to hnow things hy what you see "the boys must lave climbed iu atite one of the windows," whispered Jhla, "Le is serematla them."
And she begrar one of their faniliar sehool songs in a eleur, vinging voice, hercompanions at once joning in with the melody. By this time they wore at the sehoolhouse dowr; but, on trying to onter, they wero suypised to had tho stout hasp ha the hous yacabion.
Inmedtitely lleavy footsteps were heard huryiedly crussing the school-wom, one of haryedy crussing the sehooveoom, one "al bang, ama a stout, wayg tookimg, tauglent bang, man, studby follews scymbled ont in great hasto. He cast his eyes sharply
about, mado a yush at the group of afrightcd lithe ginls hudded togother uyon the
brond dor-stone, grabbed Thats lunch brond door-stone, grabbed Wha's lunch
basket with one hand and Ancelina's basket with one hand and Angelina's dimor-mil with the other, cleared the low
rail fence near by at in ruming jump, and mil fenco noar by at hruming jump, and
was list to sight in the woodland at tho end was hast tosig
of the field.
As the rufinnly tramp ran in ono direc tion, tho little girls, dropping all their wrupsamd tions, and seizing hotd of hands, ram amost as fast in the other.
How far they mighlt hava gone, had they not been turned about by moeting the committee-mm and the pretty young haly teacher, it wonld bo hard to say.
On roturnint tho party foumd in the buidang, $a$ broken windas, it fregment of
bread, the teacher's chairy sphit juts) kind lings and nemy burned, anda hayre bund of expensive silks and lices.
The intruder had apparently either fall on asleep by the hire amd overslegt hinsolf, or, not supposing that school was to begin so efrly in the seatson, had intended to miko tho sectuded building his hiding-pheo foe the day.
Willinotio as a buyghy committed a Willimotie night before last," siid Mr Sties, the committee-man, "mid I finey hese mo a part of tho sponls. A layge ro ward is offered for thadetection and inonti-
fication of the roblers; so, girls, it will be to your advantage to remember how that cellow looked.
"I shall never furget him," said Lizzie he was the tellest man I ever sniw.
Ably was sure ho was short. Angelina maicel her was hune ; amd Fhli remember ed he had a bent nose. They all agreed ho was fierce mud horid, and were equally
sure they should koow him if they should sure they shonld ko
over see him tgain.
The afthir made agreat local oxcitement and when the goods wore identified as belonging to the grent Willinotic dry goods anjoyed such an exparience with a rea burghar were the cury of all the boys in the community.
But time sped on, mad Jume had mrrived with its roses, whon one day ward came trom Cark \& Roigors, isking Mr. Stios, the comminttoominh, to brime the burgher, to Willintich to seo if bey could recognize him among n momber of mea who had been atrested whine madern
railway envert some days before :
"I min so glad my nother sent to New Yonk foi mo wyisy hat," suid Angecinat. My mother inishea my blue dress last
 on ahoad, fearing thateshic might ho pites-
 rery well that nothing now, pretty, or the sold eagle did cross her mind ; but she mavoly put it away from her.
And neither could the dear old grand mother help thinking of it; but only said to herself:
"My grandehida shows her good bieeding in lee gentle nummers and syeeeh, and beyare better than fine clothes.
The dry at Willinotic was a unique experience for the bevy of little country ginls. The grand, white-marble courthonse, where they were taken, billed most of them with a wage nhame. Though the haif-open doorway they canght glimpses of the yrave, gold-swectacled judge at his
highl dosk; the black-cozted lawyers seated high desk; the bhek-cinted lawyers seated
at their long table in, fromb; the withessstand with its yailing ; ind a pule-faced misoner sitting beside in oflicer.
"There is soing to be a shunder-shower," said Angelina. "it
frightened todenth
"Let ns all take hode of hameds," snidAbby Woud. "I never folts so lonesome in all my hife 1 lm gring brok to the depot for "I'll with
"Ml go with you," saill Lizaie. "I bamp, cmly that ho was short-and I wish thadh't come.
"Why, Lizgie Bamber," eried Augolima, "you binve always snial he was the tallest man you ever saw! Hoy-Mr. Stiles will man yolt
hagh "
"Well, I shan't stay to be laughed at!" half subved Livaic. "Come, Elh."
Mr. St Mmast not henve this room, where us," satid Ellia, so resolutely that her com-
panions sat down aguin, although Abby panions sat down aga
whispered to Angelina.
"tho iden of our minding a little gir Jiko JIllia, just as if she were the school teacher herself?"
Hippily, Mr. Stiles appeared in time to
prevent another outbroak, snying:
"Come, Angolina You may as well go
in first."
Oh, dear", sighed Angelina. "t wish
her had come!" And she wis ledaviy mother had come!" And s
into the great court-room.
Mr. Stiles enme for the ginls ona ly one, untii Thla was left alone. She curled herself up like a kitten in oma of the lame ann-chairs, and silently took in her unacnent.
"Come, Ella," said Mr. Stiles kindly. And she followed him slowly into the courtrom, hearing some one whisper lightly ats she passed:
"So there is mother one. I wouder if her testimony will carry as much weight as that of her mates. It was foolish to expect such children, ind girls too, to identify any

As Ella cast a low, thoughtful look abont tho room, her bluc eyes saddenly diated, mad, leiving Mr. Stiles's side, she walked staight up to ono of the lawyers, who rogutded her curiously, when, droping it nambt jithle courtesy that her gyan
had tilught her, sho sail modestly
"Rocuso me, sir, - perkips I ought not to tell you here, but perhaps I mayy motisee you agoin-aud I fornd your gohd engle."
"What did youn say ?" asked the gentleman kindly. "How do you haypuca to
 "hout a gold cergle!"
"I do not know you, sir"; but gramdma says one may speali to asstmiger on businoss. $I_{\text {saw you that day-Freeman's moet- }}$ nug-day, it was, you know-when you drove through North Damesfiedd, and a shap iza our harness doroke. Whion yot tow onit four knifa ta mend it, you dropped agod eagle, and I pieked it un, Gumdme luss it at home in her ohina ter-pot, mad will be evor so glad I sit you, for ten dolhars is it grate dend of money to have in the honsewhen it is not your own.
Th was a fumy little eqisode te happon
 alturned to listen; and the grave juage, frou his high sent, looked kindly doyn ny on the little girl; while $t$ snitle buged at tho corners of his mouth and hinted of grind-daughters at home.
"How do yon know it. was I who Jost tho money? asked Mr. Gordon, with twinkling eyes.
Why, I sat you, sir, and I could now help buowing you agim.

How was it, Mr: Gordon?" asked tho judge, ns if this diversion was not alti
il did friva through Nowner phiad
II did drivo through Nerth Daucsfield, on Freeman's medtag-lay, by the ohl tum
 The larmess did break, and If forvel for : timo I might havo tronblo will ney hiorses, $T$ had purchased them only two daysh hofore I did wake new hole in the strmp with my pooket-knife, and I anrely on that day last aten-dollat gold jucec. I thought, how ever, that it was stolen from 1 ne at the miserable Jittlo tavern whereT had spen the jrovious night. 1 am so ghad to find
myself mistaken, that I gradly give the myself mistaken, that I gladly give the
gold pieco to my little friend here, who, it rold piece to my little friend here, whan, it
seems to me, has a better claim to it than 1 seems t.
have."
"Oh, sir, I thank you; but, indoed, I do not think grandma would jet mo take it, buciuse, deally, it doesn't bolong to mo at all.'
It does, if I chonse to give it to yon, my chid, sam the genteman, shoobhing you will bo as sure of the fellow who gave you such a sory fright, and stole your din-
as you were of mo?
Oh, yes, sir! If ha is here, I shanl know him, I saw hinn hainly." And, tuming about ans sho was told, she faced the halt "That is the one," whith a jittle shiver. one with his hands in lis arookets. "the nuse is lont just $a$ little to one side, you soe. And oht sit ! if you' look at the
thumb on his right hand you will see that the end has beon ent off ; mat that the nat grows sharp and lous, like a claw. I saw
 but I have never thought of it since
seemed ta see it again when I saw his face." "That is an interesting little point, showing the association of idens," said one of tho hayyers in a how tone to nother; and the prisonar whom tho little gipl designated ets. The to take his hamas from mispmekseous refused duggedly at irse ; but, sist, ho withdrey then, ind holdine up his peculiar thumb in a dafint way, he muttered:
"The sinl suw my thmmb when she came to gret thic yeward.
"Tho prisoner kept his hands in hispocksuid the slionift
"Not contimmally, I think," said one of the lawyers ; and -Mi. Gordon suggested: "It miy bo woll to put this child's memwy to mother tust." Aud, turning to Wila, he asked lindly, "Aro you often in Willinotic, little girl?"
"I was never here watil to-dily, sir," she mswered.
"Do you think yon would know my horses if you baw them on tho street "' in quired Mr. Gordom,
should know, them anyw "I am sume I "She will hame anywhere.
She will hawe her mateh this time, I fancy," said one of the Jaryers to another in it low wice; "of eabso she is not yre-
pared for the variety of tems to be seen on pared for tho varie
our main strect."
A arcat deal of curiosity was felt in re gatd to this third test of the womanly lit We gin's memory, and the court took a recess, Jawyors, judgo, Mr. Stiles, and all the sehool-gints going to thadecp batouny of the court room.
Tha secmed simply unconscicus that the cyes of the whole $z^{n}$ rby centred upon her as sho lewned agmanst the miling, holding her hat in her hand, white the wind lifted her conds anal brought tho color lack to her pule ehechs.
There were, indeed, many fine carringes and boxses. Elar was alosely obsorvint, but mot omfused. She did not apucar to notice one team more than another mitil ton mimutes had yassed; then the oolor went out of her ehecks again, her eyes gioned vide, turd she exchamed:
"There ther come, sir ! up the shreetthe gray with s sonvel mate. It is a differ ent andiage, but the very same biy-roho.
Fon haditspread aver a white far one when Ion had itsp
"Yery trino", said Mr". Comedon. "Your hree tests of memny : we nmimpenchable and now, will yon bo so lind as to tell us how it happens that yom memory is si
mach moro retentive fhun that of most wheh moro lotentive
childien of your aso?"
"I suppesse, sir," side Emh, iss the others Ethered about to lision, "it; is beenuse aizy ather used to tench me that it was rudo and useless to staro long at iny jerson
or anything. Ho satid mast, trin my eyo or anythmg. Ho sud 1 mant, tran my eyo to seo evorything at is glaneo, and we used
comuse ourselves by looking at pictures that way It is fiost lilow a ging at pictnes cun phay at it all alone boo I layo lient it ui beciuse I live alone with my geandma out on thic ohk turnpike, and I sehom have any one to phty with. I only had one goul lank it you, six, but I suw your black cyes, your may monstade, and the look in
yom face that cm bo steru or can bo yevy your f
kind."
At this, Squire Gordon's brother lawyers all langhed in concert and the grove judtre mimed, for thoy all were familiar with tho leseribed.
Tho thicf confessed his crime later.
"I moticed how that bluc-eyed girl looked at me that morning it the school-house," he said, "rad I felt, somelow, as tilough suo wh
The burglar was sont to prison ; and Thla not only was given the gold eagle she had found, butshe also received the rewand for dentifying the thicf. And she won so may winm and helpful friends that day at are court-housa that her gromdmotiser used conch imd pair to you, dear. And you mo a matere-of-finet Caderella yourself, though you huvo nu firy godmothor, such as she him."
"But I havo yon," dorr grandma," suidEla, "and you'pe woth a dozen fairy godChaderolla, after all!"-St. Nicholas,

## NOnlHERNMESSENGER

## TEMPLE WORSHIP IN CHINA

by yan mou des.
Of ail the innumerible structures dealicited to religious uses there aro nime more quaint and splendid than the temples of Teaven and Bath which are foumd in Pekin, China. The Chinese call theut al tars, but they are really magnificent temphes, built of costly mutcrials and survound ed ly grounds of vast extent.
The altur of the Supreme Ruler of Henven is in the south-enstem quarter of the capital, on the eastem side of the road which, rumning north and south, cuts the city into two equal jurtions. It stands in in enclosure three miles in circumforenco ind cossists of a round termee with three stiages, eatch ten feet ligh ind respuctuve slages, anch tend fee high ind rimsperive- It
ly 120,90 , and 60 teet in dimetar. ly 120,30 , and 60 feet is 1 mved with oname-
and protected by balusand protected by balus-
trades. The tila roofs are painted blue to reare painted blue to re-
semble the azure of semble
heaven.
The illustration is that of the ntar erected to the Spirit of the Earth, which stimens on the other side of the roid above mentioned ind directly "ypusite to the Tomple of Heaven. This building is similar in shape to the other, with the dillerence that it has two stages instend of three and the dimeusions are also different. Thisaltarstands in an enclusure abouti two miles reound, in which may also be seen whee other aittars dethree onther the inserior
diented to the int diented to the inferior minits of the heavens, Nuap the mytholorient Numg, the mythologicml It is a curious fact, illustrative of Chineso ghorance of tho real shupe of the gloke, that the lose of tha altar to With is stuare, while that of the allire to Hearen is round.
The color stared to heaven is azare, henco the ribes worn loy the emprerar in worship empered to it are blue. Yellow, of the other hand, is a color peediliar to the earth; hence, yelLow gowns are worn in the ceremonies performed on its altar.
The sicrifiecs ofiered bitewentandeuth wero omjomed by Confucire, mad lie merdeaf cenducting them are minutely freseribed by themacient Bonk of Rites. They ane wat the only deities that; constitute the Puntheon of the State, but everybinging the material miverse is worshipped, such as sum, moon, stirs, mountains, rivers, ete.; besides the spinits of doceased momirchs and Confucius himself.

The worship of these supreme powers of natture and of ead monarchs is confined to the Empleror, the imperin elan, the nobles and high ofticers of state, and is forbidelen whipuing or stawagulation, Itho moniarch is the high priest of this Stite religion, while the lierophunts who assist in the White the hierophants who assist in the fucimenists.

Tho time for performing saterifices (n) heaven is at the winter solstice, while the earth gets its share at the summer sulstice.
The preparations mato are the same in either service and beat everything of hat kind in ehbomateness. They are interestiins enough to merit a recital. In the first piace, those who intend to maticipnitomust be fred from, recent crill
law, and not inmonining.
The sicredness and sole
law, and not in:monning
The siteredness and sole
cusions wo evidenced hy frequentablutions, taking of vows and fisting for thee dinys, with a complote change of rament. Beonely but dean ebumbers, mad ati tha sime time ebstain from juidging eriminals, from listening to music, from attendiace at feasts, from duinking wine, and from cating onions and garlic. The pmashment for neglect or omission miny bo forfoituro of sulary, or the bastinado, which is genorally commuted for it inc. The anmals acriliced to Henven and Darth aro heifers, bullocks, oxen amd pigs or sheep, They must bo houlthy and without in defect:
These victims go through in pocess of puriration nincty diys puevious to their bose Jrought to the altan.
Chimesa sacrifices difter from thinse of the
ligion, wibl its cold rituulism, should have ernshed all that is spinitual ont of its bind wy were neded of tho utter inadequiey of hatianal religion to satisfy man's suiritua needs.

But there is one feature of this State worship which is deserving of 1 neise, and that is the :mmull ploughing ceremony performed by the Rmyeror and the gramedes of the hmpireat the vermal equinox. Those who talie part assemble together in the moming on a fied sacred to argriculture the Tarth enclosure wherem the altars of the Sarth and of Shun Nung stand, and there, one after :unother, take hold of the plough diawn by a water buiblo and pough a number of furrows, tirst of all tho Man-

About a forthight, however, after her dis appananco from , hascow, her well known mew was heard at the street dom of her Edinburerl mistress; and there sho was with both her kittens. They wore very fat sho very thin. It is eleald she conld only cary ono kitten atb a time. Tho distance from (ilasersw to Matinburgh is forty four miles, si that, if sho brourrht onc kitten mant of way arl then went buck for tho bther, and the conveyed themelturn (aly
 so mony mile at lana. Sho mondred an bubly luva jumo bubly have joumeyed only daring the night and must have resoited to many othe precmbions for tho safety of her young.
The story seans incredible, but tio ChildThe stony seans incredible, b
ren's $f$ nienel grives it ats a-fact.

dUE teampe of the Eartil pekn

A THRILLING BPISODF
One of the impressive incidents that chametorized the closing session of tho recont anmand of tho rine of the. IV oman's Presbyterim Board of Presbyterian Bond of West, licldin Divenurit West, leldin Divvenport, Ta, was the following, as reported hy The Inderior: Minneapulis, who, though Minneapolis, who, thought
about cieghty years of about eighty years of
age, has strengti of hody arge, hasstrengti of hody :undmind that is wonder ful, saying that she wish ed to toll a atory of interest to the delegates, stated that in her travels in Northern Dakota, she once saw, near one of the old Hudsou's Buy Company's trails, the prowo of a woman, a missionary, who wis murdered by the Sioux Indians about thirty yours ago being zhot twice through the lungs as she wiss attending to lier sick babo in the night, the light of her candle showing her form to the sumbres who were Iurking untsideher ware hurking vutsituene buried her shere, and whiced a tombstone, and berly inseribed, at her jerly inseribed, at her grwo A settler took that slab, broke itin two, of it for the bick and of it for the bick and frontidoors of his house. Mrs. Vinn Cleve then told of herscarch for further information con cerning tho martyred missionirry, and of her
oljtatininge it throurh it olitaining it chrough : packingo of letters sont from Indias. by a correspumdent of the hashund of cho murdered woman, Mra: Van Clevo's ohject ather address was the risining of a fund by the ${ }^{2}$ ressyteriesinthoNorth West to buld a suitable monumest pyer that giave. Mrs. Well, of Oxfurd, Pir., to whom the Jetters were forwarded from Inda, had sonta dolliur for the purpose.

Rommes, Greeks and Jows, in that tho mamer does the Chinese Govermment vietims are butehered the dity before and afterwirds brought to the ithar ath drossed and rendy to bo cotitand distributed to the Ho worshiplers
Iho imperial high-prest doos not doign he Surm the highest :ect of homage to stronge to relan ors of the kon-tow, comsisting of three lincolings ninc hows and nine knocks of tho hent but the last are onitted by the Sun of Henven.
All the cercmonies being insoluntatily incerity whith a lack of henrimess :unt of worship. They are so preciso, ede and formal, thet the common jeople mity conrabulate themselves on being exemmit from hem.
It is no wonder that such a heartless re-
ets an evauipe for all its subjectsto follow It is wortly of mestion as al piece of em-summatestatesmanship.--Illashaded Clorislian Tredely.

## A DEVOTHD MOTHMR.

A lidy residing in Clasgow had a hame some cati, sent to her from Delinburgh. It Was conveyed to her in a close carringe. The animal was curefnlly watelued for two months, but laving land at pins of young oft to her own diseretion, whic was very ho sma with both her Jittens. The lady in Glascow wrote to her friend in ledinburgh, deploring her loss, and the cat was burgh, deploring her loss, and the cat was
monosed to have found a new homo.

At this point in the namptive a ditly's trembling voice inquided, "May I saty at iss. "Youre uime, please?" The vates, still trembling, lut giving no name, contimued: "Ihat missionaly wats my brother, and his murdered wife was my sister-12iliaw. 1 He wis Dizviel liminturl Spencus. The elder elind in the celbin that night has been it missionary in Iurkey ten years. arms when she wos shot heas beeun in her minister in Thimins a mumber of yeus!" The speaker's name was afterwarls given as Mrs. Drew, of Jevinsvillo, Ind., who stated hat Mr. Spencer died about threo yenrs ago in Benzonit, Mieli. It is satid that it didn't talko that crowd long to mise "and hand to Mrs. Vinn Cleve a givand "starter" for a fund for a now and suitable
monument to the menory of Mrs. Spencer.

ON COLLECTING MOTHS

## by helens s. conant

Moths belong to the order of insect life called Lepidopter:a-aname signifying scaly wings. If yon touch the wings of thes insects toio roughly, what apsears to be is
firme mealy powder is loft on your fingers. If you examine the wings with a powerful
which givo it the nime of five-spotted sphan.: You will think at farst that" in eatebing it you have broken off the long hongue which you sinw it thenst into the hower enpe; lhut losk under its haud, and there you will liud the tongue snugly iolled ap liken wateh spring. Take is yin and wroll it curufully beforo it is dry, fon it is a wonderful tongue, tivo or six inches in length, long enough to jenetrate to the buttom of the
larrest flowers. The caterlargest flowers. The cater-
pillar of the five-sported pillar of the five-spotted
sinhinx is the huge green po. siphinx is the hage green jor.
tato-worm faniliar to every tato-worm familiar to every
country boy. It crawls: into comatry boy. It crawls: into the ground to form its chrysilis, which is of a'shing brown color.
The great elm-moth is an other splimx which is casily captured. Itlives in elm-trees during July and August. It is as large as the moth just described, and las lieght brown wings, marked with diark brown and white. In summe evenings these creatimes often fly inte the lighted parlois of cothtry houses, especially When elm-trees grow on the
liwn. There is one arony of
THE HAWK NOTI.
microscope, you will find that they are covered with litile scales so tine that to the naked cye bley seen like jowder. These seales cover the cutive wing, overlapping each other like the sciles on it fish
The s:me mothod shonk he followed in eapturing moths as in humting for buttorHios, only you can mat dake yame net and hant for them in the smmy fields. In the cevening, when the limus atre lighted, they will Hy in at the open window, and bump their hemls agininst the exiling of the rom,
or flnter blindly about the dimn on the or fluter blindly about the limp on the table, and if you hive your nict and cther ready you can easily catch them and add them to your collection.
It is very easy to distinguish a butteray from it moth when the insect is it rest. A butterfly ilways has its wings upright. The little skipper butterfles be the only exeeption to this rule, ind even those always elevate the fore-wings. But tho moth whenit, alights inways puts its wings in a homizontal prosition, follling the fore pair backward so that the hind-wings are almost concealed. Another difference is that while butterllios flutter about in the sumshine and at night creep in anong the loaves and go to sleep, mothis go to sleep all day, coming from their hiding-places as it grows dink, to spend the night hunting for the sweet litthe honey cups of Howers where their food is stomed. In scrambling about among the bushes in the daytime you will often dis: turb some muth. Then it will flattor about blindly and be easily caught. There is also a great dilierence betweon the catorpillats of moths and butferflies, and in the mintnar in which they form their chrystlides and cocouns; which you will find fully de. seribed in houks on Lepidopteres -

chbysalis of tine hawk-motif.
Muthes uro divided into two great fumities, Iawk-moths or Sphimeses, and Moths or Phatente. The finw -moths aro
called sphinxes because the caterpillars called sphuxes because the caterpilars hive of the body und rembinines imuovable bor bo the which reninded Limeus tho or hours, which remmeded Limneus, the great naturalist who named them, of the Egyptian Sphinx. The hawk-moths hover
in the air like atiummingr-bird while thoy in the air like thamming-bird
suck honey from the flowers.
Suck Mere is onie very large hawk-moth which mity bo found any summer ovening taking its supper from the honey-suckle and other sweet thowers. As it poises in the nir flut tering its" large. Wings, it makes a loud hamming somnd like the buzzing of a
heetile. Throw in notover it carefully, and give it it goon doso of ether, for it is a sive it a goom doso of ehner, for it is a
strong insect, and will mot yieh its lifo strong insegt, ank win mot yich its hat
easily. Its hivge griay wings, which oxpamd dibont five inches, aro ommmonted with bhackish mankines, and on cach side $\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { with bhekish markings, and on ench side } \\ & \text { of its thick body are ive dull orange spots }\end{aligned} \right\rvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { without room and } \because \text { nir. } \\ & \text { Whe moth first onwls }\end{aligned}$ sphinxes which, unlike most of thene family my in the daytime. They lomk hike han
ming-bids as they fit about over sweet-ming-bide as hey fit about ovel sweet-
scented flowers. They lave thick dark brown bodies covered with down, and their wings ine like lace with a downy bordor of teddish-brown. These moths are cilled Aggeritus.
The division of Lepidopteria, which IM neus named Phabena, contains a great mulbitude of moths. The tiny ereatines Which as caterpillars eat woollea and fur in the summer belong to this family, and in sume tropical conamies there are moths
among the Phalana with wings expanding twelve inches.
One of the largest moths which flys hiere wings expand fully attacus cecrophe. Its reddish-brown in colow, with th gray mar gin omancited with wayy blick lines. Neur the centre of cach wing is:in oblong white spot slinded on the edge with hinick red. This lindsome moth appears in:June, and is marely found during the lititer part of summer, but its grat eaterpillare crawls about on fruit trees and currant bushes in August. Abont the first of Scptamber, when it is fully grow., it is m enomons oreatare, lareer and longer thain a man's finger. It is the: of it light green color, and coveral with red, yollow, and blie warts. lit spins its cocoon endy in the Wurts. It spins its cocom ouny in the
natum, fistening itself to the side of at twig where it hind been feeding. The cocoon looks like an obloigg bunch of thick brown puper, and is fastened to the twig with threads so strong that it is very diftiWith thrends so strong that it is very difti-
cult to break them. If you find it cocoon, do not try to detach it froin its restingplace, but break off the twir, and if you place, but break of the Gis, and if you tiful moth will crinw forth in the spring.

Tho Dryocampe imperiales is anothei lage and very liandsome moth. Its wings, which expand ibotit fivo inches, aro pale yollow, cotted with purple,
wavy. purplo bainds. It wavy. purplo bands. It
leaves the chrysalis zin June, nind fics about uns. til enrly in July; when it disappears. The last of caterpillar crawling about on button-wuod tryeos. It is a great green creaturo. with a red back and ornage:colored head. The last of September it goes into the gromal to form at chrysalis, which lies safely hiddeni nl winter, and works its way to the surfice of the eirth in spring just before the time when the moth will buist forth.

It is well to gather all the cocoons and ehrysulides yout cin fittd, but do no boxes, for a mose covered oxpand nud dry its wings When the moth first crawls

forth its wings are folded round its body had it loolis like ar.worm. It tikes several hours for the wings to open and become soft and velvaty. If you aro successful in getting a guind collection of chuysalides, bace thon on sh sholf whero they will not bo disturbed, and cover them with wire covers or buskets of :fine. wicker-work.
Watch hom car ofully, Watch them carifully, otherwiso the moth may come out and dic, and become so dry before it is found that it will crumble if you try to armange it in your collection.
Nearly all of the small gray millers which flutter around the evening lamp belong to tho Phatien fimily, Thesc little insects are not rery pretty, but sometimes you will fild olla among them with beautifully colored wings. Tho Jeiopeirs bella, which fies all through the summer, is a very pretty ittle creature. It expands mily one inch and a half Its fore wings are yellow. marked with white bands and black dots, and the hind-wings are scarlet, bor? dered with black.
Miny of the Aretians, or

great, ignorance of whit is proper, or gront ignorance towards the porson to whom it is addressed, and is consejpently disrespectful. It mikes no amends to add an or the pity of their friends. To write a latter with nergligenoe, without proper stops, with cyouked lines mud great Hourishing dishes, is inelegrat ; it nrgues either nothy bears, are phetty
woolly bears becauso the caterpillars are apology for having semwled a sheet of covered with hair. Tho black and tin-red caterpillar which rolls itself inter a little ball when tonched is one of the woolly bears. Its moth is dull yellow spolted with black. One of the prettiest: of the woolly-bear moths is the Aretian arrech
Miko your collection
Mako your collection as large and perfect as possible, and if you can oammine your will admire more than ever microseope you derful delicacy and evar before the wonclerful delicacy and perdection of mat
handiwork.-Haper's Young Pcople.

## LORD COLLINGIVOOD TO HIS

 DAUGETTER.No sportsman ever hits a partidge with out aiming it it; and skill is acquired by epeated attempls. It is the same thing in every att, uiless you aim at perfection you will nover attaln it; but frequent, it fore, do mill make it easy, Never, there Whether it be to mend aith indifference ment, or finish the most denticate your gar art, endeavor to do it as perfectly as it is possible. When yon write a fectly as it is your greatost cure that it an leter, give it your greatest care, that it may he as jerLet the subjet lo most plain, intellivible, and elpressed in the that you are capable of. If, in ant maner hat you are cupable of. If, in a faniliar guistic, you chefully that your wit bo not joenlar, sond carefully that your wit be not sharl, fors to gou write an sentence person; and be the words of whichit isce, eximme it, even the words of whichit is composed, that thore be nothing vulgar or inelegant in them. Remember, my dear, that your lettor is the picture of your brains, ind those whise brains are a compound of folly, nonsense and impertinence, wo to blame who ex. . | ex. | Or |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  | apology for having schuwled a sheet of

piper, for bid pens, for you should mend piyer, for bad pens, for you shomat mend
:inem, or want of time, for mothing is more inportint to you, or to which your time cin more properly be devoted. I think I can kore propery the chanacter of a lidy pretty nenty by her land-wibing. The dashers are all impudent, however they may conceal it from thomselves or others, and the saribblers flatiter themselves with a vain
hope that as their letter canot be read, it may be mistaken for sense.

## QUESTIONS.

Can you put the spider's web buck in place
Thit onee has been swept awas:a Cati you put the appleagoin on the bough
Which fell at Which fell at our fect to-day? Can you put the hiycop back on the stem, And canso it to live and grow? an you mond the butherny's broken wing
$\because$ That you erushed with a hasty blow? Thab you purthed wow - Aud Can you put the dowdrops thec on And mato the dew spaps back on the flowers, And mako them sparkle and shine If you could, would it smell as sweet Can you pult the grain again in the husk, And show me the ripened wheat? Can you put the kernel again in the nut Or the broken egg in the sheth? Can you putithe honey back in the And cover with wax each cell? Can you put the perfume back in the vaso Whon once it hat sped awns?
Can yot pati the com silk back on the com, Of down on the calkins? Say? You think my questions are trifling, dear let me ask anoherone:
Can a hasty word be ever unsaid, Wialc Awake.

## WOOD COLLECTIONS.

An interesting and useful collection for a farmer's boy to make is one of woods. The specimens should bo of convenient size and length ; three or four inches long will inswer ; they, like lumber, are best cut im: winter, and should be placed under cover
to seisou ; they should bo so cit as to show to seasou, they should be so cut as to show
the different suifaces of thic wood. The end of a limb of most of our Northerrs trees and slurubs whon cut down shows a series


## Fis. 1.

of rings, one of which is formed each year of growth. When cut lengthwise, whith is called- "the grain", of the wood is shown. called. "the gran." of the wood is shown,
A specimen of this kind shows the bark; A specimen of this kind shows the bark,
ind the chatacter of the wood just bencath iand bue chatacter of the wood just bencathy
the biuk. With very line and slarip sitw jou can, after sonio practiee, make crosssections that will show the chanactivistic appeatunce of the "eme of the wood," -as workers in wood call it.

## mountring mie sections.

Sections of word miy be mounted for a collection in this method. The sections are matle as thin as possible with a vory fine siaw. A leaf of cardbond is folded in the centre, as in fiscure 1 , and an oval opening is matlo in this, as in figme 2. Over this opening the section of wood is glued (figure 1.), which shows on the right site, is in figure 2, upon this sille in label is placed. The shects are phaced in a case to preserve them from injury ind dust.
With sections mounted in this maner, the $\square$ stiructure of the wood
$\begin{aligned} & \text { cimbe readily eximnined } \\ & \text { with in simplo micro- } \\ & \text { werpe. Some of our }\end{aligned}$ shrubshave wood which, though small, is yery tine-grained, mid mikes very pretty ithicles of
turnory. I once siny in turnery. I ouco satr it
collection of woods in Hie form of "jack:Hinuws." A gentlemian
of my acequintince, skilled in whittling, made a beautiful set of jack-straws, cach of a different hind of wood; he did not contine himself to mative wools, mand the collection was curious sather
than instractive. Those of you who are than instructive. Those of you who are
ohd enough to work with a buthe should cut tho stoms of viurious shrubs ind lity them by to season. The varions Dog-woods, the
Liturel (Kelmier), Holly, and others, make pretty materind for hamdes to small tools innel turned work.-American Ayricullerist.

## NOVEL USEES OF PAPER.

There are few things that cannot now be made out of pipher. Its maptability is astonishing, and tho wildest sipeculations as to its future are excusible when we reHect upon tha present uses of this material. As the delieate substance can bo made to serve fur steel or iron, it is not difficult to understind how pipor is for many purposes now taking tic place of wood. Paper of different thickinesses, and pasteboard made of white noss have already been shown, the lattor even in sheets three-guarters of an inclı thick. It is as hardins wood, It has
cin be easily painted and polislied. all the good' cualitics, but none of the dofects of wood. The pasteborted cin conse: quently be used for door and window quently bo used for door arnents, and all frimes, architectur
kinds of furniture.
Paper froin strong fibres, such as liney, call, in fact, be compressed into ab substinde so hard that it almost camot be scuatched. As houses have been mude of this novel:
building material, so almost everything re: quisite to complete and furnish a residenco lins sinco been manufacturcd of paper: After the Brestiut tireproof chimnoy, it is quite possible, for instince, that cooking or
hautinir stoves can bemade of similia mir-
terials. These paper stoves are annealed- | than netal, theso rails may be carried that is, painted over wilh a composition and laid at far less cost, and they will which becomes part of the puper, and is doubtless diminish oscillition and wear and fireproof. It is said to be impiossible to burn them out, and they are much cheaper than iron stöves. Bath-tubs and pots are made in the sime mamer by compressing the puper mide of linen fibres, and amoalfor ever, und we wre assure Placed on thio fire, they will not burn up; and it is almost impossible to break or injure them. Our rooms cin bo floored with this wonderfullyacoumnolating material. It may here be mentioned that cracks in floors, around tho skiating-board. or other parts of a
room, may he naitly amd permanently filied by thoroughly soaking nowspapers in paste made of ono pound of flour, thireo quarts of water, and a tablesploonful of illum thoroughly boiled ind mixed. The mixture will be alout as thick as putty, and may be forced into the cricks with it case-knifo. It will harden like papiermache.
Drawiug-rooms can bo set of by handsome pianos manufiactured from paper-i French invention. A beautiful musical instrument of this kinid has hately been an object of groat curiosity to the comnoisseurs caso is made of compressed priper, to which is given a hard surface and a cream-white brilliant polish. The legs and sides are ornumented with arabestues and flomal dosigns: The exterior and as much of the interior as cun be seen when tho instrument is open, are covered with wreaths and modatlions painted in mimature by somo of the lealing artists of Paris. Tho tono of this instrument, is said to be of oxcellent quality, though not loud. The broken, alternating chanacter of piamo masic is replaced by a rich, full, continuous woil of sound, rescmbling somowhit that of the organ. Only two of those instruments tion ; the other: has been sold to tha Duke of Devonshire
Paper plates, introduced by an ingonious restanrutert of Berlin, can now be used. Breal and butter, cakes, and similar articles were sorved by him on it pretty papior-mache plate, lawing it border in relief, and resembling porcolin. 'lhey are cherp and Even kinives aind forks maty now, we are told, bo mado of sed for any practical purpose sed for any practica parpose,
ike steel ones. The househod autlory, it misy be here nountioned cuthery, it mity be here mentioned can be well preservect in wripped ap in paper prepmed from
zokerit. This waxed paper is zokerit. This waxed paper is wrilphing hardware. Cindios, ish amd butter, and a score of other articles, are also thus wrapped, and. sived from injury hrough dimp.
Our houschold may also be supplied with the parper bottles now - made on a large scale in Germany and Austrin. The payer is coited on both sides with and alum. Aftor drying, the and alum. Aftor drying, the
leaves aro placed over ench other, leaves are placedover ench other, These bottles are made in two pieces, which are afterward joined. Neither water nor alcolol las any action on such bottles,
and it is thought that they will prove of groatt valuo to trivellers, is there is little fear of breakige. Our sloeping apartments cim be novided with papor bed-clothes. curtains and bed stends.. The lattor pieces of furniture look boaviful, and are declared to be everlasting. They aro made of slips of paper, inistond of paper riugs, is, in the ease of mathy whees, bure mentioned in the puper, which wheels can, now
iun on lails of the sime materia, somo neew pirticulars of teria, somo new pritucular of Iliese, it is stated, cun be pro-duced-by aneAmericinn company in Russin- it athird of the cost of stecl rails; ind are extromely
durible. Being auch lighter

A finger's breadth is equal to one inch.
$A$ shekel of silver was about fifty cents.
A shokel of crold wiss $\$ 8$.
A talent of silver was $\$ 538.30$.
A talent of gold was $\$ 13,809$.
A pieco of silver, or a pemy, was thirteen ents.
A farthing was three cents.
A mito was less than it quarter of a cent.
A gerall was one cent.
An ephalh or batil contains seven gallons nd five pints.
A hin was ono gallon and two pints.
A firkin was seven pints.


A homer was six 1 ints.
A calb was three pints.
PILRASES THH GIRLS MUST jeschinv.
The list of wrords, $]$ harases and expresions to be avoided by yomme lidies of Wellesley College includes tho following: "I guess so" for I suppeso so, or I hink so.
"Fix things," for aryage things, or pre"uc things.
The use of "ride" and "clrive" interchangeably.
"Real gool" or "real nice" for very ood or reilly nice.
"I have studied sone," for studied somewhiat, on "I have nut stadied any," for not studicel at all.
"Not as I know," for not that I know:
"lly m experiment," for mako an. experiment.
"Ind rather," for would rather, and
"had bettor," for would better.
"Right awiay," for inmediately or now: "Well jostod,", for well informed.
"Wry, and do," for try to do, or "try nd ro," for thy to go.
"It looks good cno "It looks grood cnough," for it looks well enough, or "does it look 'good enough?" for does it look woll enough?
"Somebody olse's" for somebody's else.
-Philadelphia I'ines.
"Timi Longbic I Live, the move Tint certitin that the great difference betweon men, between the fecble ind the powerful, the groat and the insignificent, is energy the gincible determination, a purposo once
ind fixed, and then death or victory."-Sir Irowell Buston:

Evany Sonnow, overy smart That the etemal Father's heart Hath appointed me of yore, As my lifo llows on, I'Il talke Calmily, gladly, for his silke.

## NORTHERN MESSENGER

## A FELLOW'S MOTHER.

"A fellow's mother," said Wral the wise,
With his rosy checks ind his merry cyes, "Knows what to in if i fellow gotsilurt By a thump,or it berise, or r fall in the dirt.
"A fellow's mollice las bags and strings, Rags and butions, and lots of things; No malter how busy she is, she'll stop
To sce how well you can spin your top
"She docs nol caro, not much; I mean, If a fellow's face is nol alwiys clean; And if your hronsers are torn at the knce She can put in a paiteh thit yoụd never see
" $A$ fellow's mother is never mad, But only sorry if you are bat, And. I cell you this, if yource only truo,
"I'm sure of this," said prod the wise, With a manly look in his laughing oyes, "I'll mind my molher, guick, evory day A fellow sa baby that don'l obey." -M. E. Sanustcr, in Youth's Companion.

## AN OBJECT LMSSON FOR MISSION 3SNDS.

Of course you do not think this a beautiful picture, but it is one that is worth studying. It tells its own story, and we will let il preach its own sermon. As
they study jt, I imn sure that inl our they statly it, I iun sure that inl our
Mission Band workers are resolving very carnestly that tho monmment huilt from the census of 1900 will not have liquor for its bruad foundation if they cun preventit. But we said we would let the picture preach its own sermon, so we will simply tell how a hand of boys, with its help, give an object hesson to the good people of their
church. church.
An oxercise had boen promised, but what if was to be, no one knew:- You can imagine how puzaled and surprised every one was when two of the largest boys ontered, carrying locween them the great
foundation slab, marked in large black


Letters, "Licpurs, $\$ 000,000,000$." Then cane the tobace slib, then the others, the smaller ones mime of piste-bourd, until the little cube, hardly large enough to contain the single word Missions, was placed int tho summit of line pyimaid. Do you
not think that those who watched the building, felt that it was an unworthy monument to be raised in a Christian lind where thousinds of voices sing
"Christ for the world we sing,
Tho world to Christ we wring
-Chillden's Work for Childrein.

## ON THE HOUSE TOP.

I am sitting on the top of the house But do mo not the injustice to imagin that I im astride the ridge-jole. The root is in flat one, made of earth and gravel,
rolled very hard. The edges are budl rolled very hard. The edges are bordered
with grass and littlo plants, as our side With grass and little plants, as, our side-
walk edges often are at home, though tho walk edges often are at home, though tho hot Syrian sum has protty woll scorched the teuder blades. I wish I could open
the window for the sick ones and let thom the wiudow for the sick ones and let thom
see what I do. Abeik is built on the steop see what I do. Abeik is built on the steop
side of one of tho mountains of Lebanon. The mission house, on whose roof I am seated, is at tho top of the villago, and is I look duwn on the flat roofs of the litile square, one-story stone houses which fild down the mountain, $I$ feol is if I could almost descend by thein, as by.- flights of steps. You cannot think. how odd a chinneyless town looks. On a roof near
by, i woman has just comoont and lifted a
heap of somethine she interids to dry a I heap of something she interds to dry. cun imgine that it is. Rnhah, come up to
soo if the spies ure still under the flax where she lid them last night. On an other roof sits it woman cross-legged. She is beating the wool which fills the mattress on which she slecps. She has washed the cover, ind is getting the luinps out of the wool before putting it back. Another hits Washed some wheat, to free it from the dust of the threshing floor, and hiss brought it to tho roof to dry. She is walking about, manging the corners of thio sheet on which it is spread, while her children nur runuing across it with their bure, brown feet, and evidently find it great fun.
The house-top is a favorite point of outlook, when thore is anything going on in lhe stroet, if the little nanrow, stony footpriths between, the houses can be cilled paths between, the houses can be cilled streets. Tho other day I saw from my
window scores of people gathered on the window scores of people gathered on the
roofs to look at a funeral procession. A roois to look at a funeral procession. A
young bride was being taken to her last young bride was being taken to her last
home: She was arrayed in her marriago dress and veil, and curried through the streets in an open, board box, hung, with
bright rugs, and followed by a train of bright rugs, and followed by a train of
shrieking, wailing, gesticulating friends. shrieking, wailing, gesticulating friends.
Illness and death are so dreadful in a Tllness and de:
Christloss land.

Hidd I come up a little enrlier, I might hive seen people here and there lifting the mats on which they had slept; for on hot night the roof affords an agreeable change from the close room where men women and chitdren sleep all together on the foor, ind which is often infested with vermin. The Arabs spend but little time on morning and evening toilet. They lie down with their clothes on, only the inore advanced removing the outside gimment. Sometimes one sees if woman. With ler dollies, whose clothes do not take oft The hair is combed only occasionally, ind then the operation is a severe one. Not unfrequently the teacher of the Mission sehool asks the reason for the absence of a pupil, and recetves this reply, "She is puph, and receves this reps, "She is sily, "She is cleaning house." sily, "She is clemng house.
A few weekssinco I stood
the house whid ooupias on the roof of the house which occupies the site of that in Which it is satid Simon, the timmer, liverl in Joppa. You will romember that Peter went to the house-top to wait; while his food was preparing in the room below, ant While there he had his wonderful vision Bach one of these earth-roofs we wre looking down upon, covers a home, where not only the slecping, but the sitting, eating, and working irt done upon the floor. There is no talbe; anil even bread monding is done by a womin kneeling over or sitting bosido the pan which holds the dough. Sometimos one finds chaits, but they are very new fashioned and the natives do not, take to then. One woman hung hers on a nai Hhe winst the wall to keep it ondio of the way in winter little light enters, excepte at the open door. But the material dinkness of The windows is nothing to the spintuan the true light. It is to bring this light, that the missiouary has come, on whose roof I an sitting. In the rooms below me scores of children gather daily for instruc tion, and on Sunday they aro filled with i school of one hundred and thirty pupils. A church has been fommed, and it is in
blessed thought, that bencath moro than one of these flat roofs which I am looking uno of, the morning prayer is ascending and that imong tho miny Wusy mothors there, there are some Marys, who have bidden the Christ come in that they mity sit it his
Window.

Family Worship must be regarded as having in place innong the tests of true god-
liness, and where it is vainly looked-for there is not the best evidenco of renuinio piety. A religious profession with this donicency is, to sity tho least, considerably discounted. It is related that a professor of religion married a wifo who mindo no such profession, and, in deferonce to her, dropped his custom of family priyyer. At length sho told him she thought she was murrying a Christian ; but slie had come
to doubt it, for Clivistians pray with their amilies. Ifo excused himself: on the ground of his regard for her, to which she
replied that that hat nothing to d. with his duty; and that she thoughtto sec those making such a profession as his fathfil and susistent; nor would she rest until the amily altar was restored to its placo. This may not be a solitary case in which family prayar lias been, more thin cessarily neglected.- Watchmanu.
That Church Menber who has so far fallon from lis former spirituality as to with a that cood conscience" needs to theatre lect that good conscience is not to recol lect that a good conscience is not necessirily "I verily thought I ought to do many things against the name of Jesus." His conscience not only did not condemm, but actually approved actions for doing which "e subsequently confossed himself to be "the chicf of simners." Hence the silont conscience of a worldly-minded man is no proof that he is doing right when ho sits with an ungodly. crowd fansting his lowe nature on the frivolitios of the stage. Perhaps his conscience might give a dificrent testimony if he would place it awhile in the light of the expressive fact, that " the friendship of the world is onmity with God God!"
An Old Cainese woman camo oneday to the missionary with the tears rolling down her cheeks ; she sitid she loved the Loid Jesus, and he had forciven her sins, but she had heard that he witid; "Go yo inte all the world and preach the Gospel," ind sho was neauly seventy yours old, and blind, sho was nealy seventy yoars old, and blind,
so she could not,go! But she was willing so she could mot; go! But she was willing to tell her neighbors, and maybe she could walk to the next villige and tell them ; would the dear Lord iccept this from her, since it was all she could do?
When the missionary explained that this was just what Jesus askel of her, she wiper way the tears and siaid: "Then I an realy to be baptised ; I bolong to Jesus.'
If You Wash your chfldren to think well of the church, spoak well of the minister who servestitand the people who belong to ponv method to get people into it.- West cru Christian Adrocate.

## Question Corner.-No. 14.

PRIZE BIBLE QUESTIONS.
 Was , ho General? (b) Who was the wonnan? (c)
What nation were they flehtime with (d) Who was the Jinges (c) Who was tho leader' of his 4. What four commadments wero moken by aling to oblian a piece of ground? (a) Who wais
the ting (b) Who was the owner of tho ground? In roply beveral questons we would sur hare Hint it is not absulutely necessary to send the an siwers to each sel of these questions separately. If more convenient, the answers to the ore four sets mily be senttorether. Thecompetition berrn with tho Jambary $13 H_{1}$ number. The question of the Biblical Seer in that number is oue of the prize questionsalso.

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Our subscribers throughout the United Sates who camot procure the intermational Post Office orders at their post-office an get, instead, a Poist Oflico order, pryable it R Rouse's Point, N. Y., which: will prevent much inconvenience both to ourselves and to subscribers.

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Sumple package supplied free on application John Dougami is Son, - Publishers, Montreal.

Montreal Dally Witness, $\$ 3.00$ a yoar post-paid. Montreal Weekly Witness, $\$ 1.00$ a yaur, post-paid. John Dougali \& Son; Publishers, Montrual, Que.

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venture, by R. M. Ballantyne.
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c. Mas Solonon Sutri Lookina On.-By Panay;
6. Tine Ph.ciet Mraburs.- Dy "Pahey

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