

The Conception-Bay Mail.

"TRUTH—Ever lovely since the world began, The foe of Tyrants and the friend of Man."

VOL. 2

HARBOUR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st 1858.

NO. 45

Post Office Notice—Registration of Letters.

On and after the 1st April next, Letters may be registered in Newfoundland by the payment by a fee of 6d. currency on Local Letters, and 6d. sterling on Letters for the United Kingdom and for British Colonies, not passing through the United Kingdom, a further fee will be charged on Letters forwarded through the United Kingdom.

The safe delivery of those Letters, will not be guaranteed by the Post Office; yet their inland transmission will be comparatively secure, from the means that will be adopted to trace them to their destination.

The postage on Registered letters must be paid in advance.

Full information respecting the Registration of Letters may be obtained on application at the General Post Office, or Post Offices in the external districts.

W. L. SOLOMON, P. M. G.

Post Office Department, 1st. March, 1858.

Office of the Board of Works,

April 8th, 1857.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board on the 4th inst.

Resolved.—That the Board of Works will not be accountable for any expenditure on Roads or public Buildings, or any institution over which it has control, except such expenditure shall be ordered by the Board, such order to be verified by the written order of the Chairman and Secretary for such expenditure.

Resolved.—That no surveyor or Inspector of Roads, or servant of the Board, shall give or have authority to give any order for supplies, or work of any description, without first obtaining the written order of the Chairman and Secretary.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE BOARD OF WORKS hereby give notice that the temporary Light exhibited on Green Island, at the entrance of Catalina Harbor, Trinity Bay, since the 1st March last, was on the 13th instant, removed, and replaced by one of a more brilliant character and extensive range. This is a FIXED WHITE LIGHT burns at an elevation of 92 feet above high water, exhibited every night from sunset to sunrise, and in favourable weather will be seen from E. N. E. seaward, to W. 12 miles. Vessels bound Northward by keeping this Light open with the North-head of Catalina until Bonavista Light opens with Cape Le Jean, will give the Flowers Rocks an ample berth—or when coming from the Northward and bound for Catalina, by giving the N. ends a moderate berth, you will clear the Brandy Rocks by steering for Green Island Light. Green Island is situated in lat. 48. 30. N. long. 53. 03 West.

JOHN STUART

Acting Secretary Board of Works

Board of Works Office
St. John's July 8th

Warren, Brothers.

ST. JOHN'S... NEWFOUNDLAND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GENERAL AGENTS

C. S. WARREN

NOTARY PUBLIC

Agent Canada, Life Assurance Company.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Infirm, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor H. way personally superintends the manufacture of this medicine and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Bloathes on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore-throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-douloureux, Tumours Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 2d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by

T. McCONNAN.

t. John N. F.

N & J. JILLAD

WATCH AND CLOCK

Makers, Jewellers, General Dealers, and Commission Agents.
Quadrants, Compasses, Charts, Nautical Altimeters, Accordions, Violins, Flutes, and other Musical and Nautical Instruments
Sold and Repaired,

Depository for the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the Religious Tracts Society

BIBLES and other BOOKS
Sold at the Society's Prices, Tract Grants

A MARVELOUS REMEDY FOR MARVELOUS AGE.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

The Grand External Remedy.

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part.—Disease of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthma, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

Erysipelas and Rheumatism, Scorbutic Humours.

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of disease of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scarcely a Sore Head, Scrofula, Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health. Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds and Ulcers.

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years standing.

Piles and Fistulas.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Flies, Cocco-bay, Cheigo-toot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns, (soft) Cancers, Contrasted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Skin-diseases, Scurvy, Sore-heads, Tumours Ulcers, Wounds, Yaw.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. sterling, each Pot
Sub Agents, —John McCarthy, Carbonear; N. & J. Jillard, Harbour Grace; John Stenford Briggs.

Wholesale and Retail by

T. McCONNAN, Agent
N. B.—Directions or guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND MINING ASSOCIATION

CAPITAL—£50,000 Sterling

WILL deal LIBERALLY both by Money Payments and in awarding Paid up shares to any Party who may bring to the Notice of their Manager at St. John's, any Mineral discoveries or INDICATIONS which may lead to the Discovery of any remunerative Mineral Deposits.

The Discoverer of any specimens which may on examination at the Company's Office, prove worthy of attention, will be FAITHFULLY SECURED in his rights on account of such Discovery, before application shall be made to the Colonial Government for any Licence of occupation on the Company's account.

F. N. GIBBORNE,

Manager

OFFICE at the head of Messrs. GIBBORNE and HENDERSON'S Wharf, St. John's, Newfoundland to whom please direct all parcels of samples Letters, &c.

PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Lombard Street, and Charing Cross, London

[ESTABLISHED IN 1782.]

Insurances against Fire are effected by the PHENIX COMPANY upon all descriptions of Property in Newfoundland, on the most favourable terms; and the experience of nearly three quarters of a century has manifested to the public the promptitude and liberality with which all losses have been adjusted by them.

Persons Insured by this Company do not depend upon restricted funds for the payment of their claims; the Security offered by the PHENIX OFFICE being unlimited, comprising in addition to the large invested Capital of the Company the whole fortunes of a numerous Proprietary, composed of some of the most opulent gentlemen and merchants in the United Kingdom.

Rates of Premiums, and all particulars of Insurance, will be made known on application to the undersigned, by whom Policies are issued free of charge.

W. & G. RENDELL,

Agents for Newfoundland

Post Office Notice.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

MAILS will be made up at the General Post Office for the following places:—
Harbour Grace, Carbonear and Brigus—on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 10 o'clock a. m.

Trinity, Bonavista and King's Cove,—every Thursday, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Baybills and Ferryland,—every Wednesday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Trepassey, St. Mary's, Placentia, Burin Harbor Briton, Burgeo and Greenspond—every alternate Thursday commencing on Thursday the 16th inst.

Fogo and Twillingate,—monthly commencing on Thursday, the 16th inst.

W. L. SOLOMON.

Post-Master General,

Post Office Department,
Newfoundland
9th April 1857.

THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

From Willmer.
NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Just received from Valencia:—
Treaty of Peace concluded with China—England and France indemnified.

The *North American*, with the Canadian, and the *Asia* with direct Boston mails, leave Liverpool, and *Fulton*, Southampton, Saturday next.

To-day's papers have long interesting reports by Bright, the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Engineer.

INDIA NEWS.—Bombay dates to 19th July—the mutiny was being rapidly quelled.
St. John's, August 25.

The number of European troops in India and on their way is 78,416 men. At the date of the last returns the troops of the Company's service amounted to 15,855 additional troops. From this was to be deducted about 7,400 sick, making on the whole 86,000 or 87,000 troops ready to assist in quelling the rebellion.

TROOPS REQUIRED FOR INDIA.—It is stated on what is held to be excellent authority, that 80,000 European troops are requisite for the complete suppression of the insurrection in India and that 26,000 is about the actual number now available for field service. If a decisive and final blow is to be struck in the course of the next cold season, it is obvious that no time must be lost in making the necessary preparations. The *Daily News* is therefore anxious that Lord Stanley should, before Parliament rises, make some satisfactory statement on this important subject. From the *Morning Herald* we learn that the War Office has given its sanction to the raising of 17 regiments of cavalry for India, giving a force of 14,000 men, and that men of 5 feet 2 inches will be accepted. From another source we learn that several additional regiments of militia are to be embodied, and that the men, when properly drilled, will be invited to volunteer into regiments of the line.—These measures may enable the Government to spare for India a considerable number of the troops now in this country.

PRINCE ALFRED IN IRELAND.—Last week his Royal Highness passed the time at Glengariff where he is said to have been very successful angling for trout. He next visited Limerick, where, in the evening after his arrival, bonfires blazed in every direction; and his Royal Highness, who is an interesting boy about fourteen years old, was delighted with his warm reception. All along his route the Prince's reception has been enthusiastic; and "his manners," says the *Dublin correspondent* of a London contemporary, "have won the warm attachment of the Irish people." It was the intention of the Prince to visit Valencia, and see the Atlantic telegraph laid down. Previous to the Prince leaving Waterford, he and the gentlemen who accompanied him landed from his boat at Ballinakil, the residence of Captain John Power, where his Royal Highness was hospitably entertained, he and the other gentlemen having partaken of tea with Captain and Mrs. Power. He was anxious to see the room in which the unfortunate James II. slept the last night he was in Ireland. Capt. Power showed him through the house, and pointed out the identical room to the Prince, where the ex-monarch actually slept on his escape from Ireland to France.

PRESENT PHASE OF THE WAR.—It is now believed, even in Calcutta, that the Indian Rebellion is at an end, and that little remains to be accomplished by our authorities beyond the suppression of brigandage and the reestablishment of order. This conclusion is the more striking in as much as the lower provinces now present the chief scenes of disturbance, and we are told by the last despatches that Bengal and Calcutta are forthwith to be placed in a better state of defence. But it was evident to all persons of observation in India that the insurrection has lost its alarming characteristics, and has dwindled from the dimensions of a great military revolt to the complexion of mere local disorders. No organised rebellion any longer subsists. No leader is abroad with any military power. "Matters seem settled down," said our telegram of yesterday, "in all parts of India."—*Times*, August 20.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The long expected journey of the Queen and the Prince Consort to Prince Frederick William of Prussia, took place on Tuesday last, when the royal party left Gravesend, the Mayor and Corporation of that place presenting an address before the embarkation. They reached Breitenbach the next afternoon, and would speedily be at their destination. It appears that her Majesty expressed a wish that the scholars of St. Paul's, should have an additional holiday this year in commemoration of the marriage of her daughter, Princess Frederick William, so that the school, instead of meeting on the 3rd of September will not meet until the 10th.—an act

of condescension on the part of the Monarch which will secure her the best wishes of the boys.

(From the *Morning Post Extra*, 26 ult.)

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

NEWS OF YESTERDAY FROM ENGLAND, BY THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

We hasten to give general circulation to the following Telegram received last night from the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Superintendent at Cyrus Station, Trinity Bay:—

"From Cyrus Station,
Aug. 25th 1858.

"To W. J. Ward.
The following news, just received from Valencia, may possibly interest you for publication.

Treaty of peace concluded with China—England and France indemnified. The "North American" with the Canadian, and the "Asia" with direct Boston mails leave Liverpool, and the "Fulton," Southampton, on Saturday next. To-day's (English) papers have a long interesting report by Mr. Bright, the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Engineer.

INDIAN NEWS.—Bombay dates to 19th July.—The Mutiny was being rapidly quelled. DESAUTY."

BOMBARDMENT OF JEDDAH.—MALTA, AUGUST 18.—The *Cyclops* arrived at Suez yesterday, reporting that on her arrival at Jeddah a despatch had been sent to Khaimakin Pasha, who was absent, giving him thirty-six hours to punish the insurgents.—Forty elapsed and no answer. We commenced bombarding the town for three days at intervals, at the expiration of which time, Mami Pasha went on board the *Cyclops*, assuring the Captain that the culprits were condemned, and that he only awaited orders from Constantinople to execute them. This communication had not the desired effect, and did not prevent the bombardment from continuing until Ismael Pacha, the commissioner arrived from Constantinople, causing eleven insurgents to be hanged in the presence of all the shipping, the rest to be sent to Constantinople for trial, many vessels were destroyed during the bombardment. The fleet left for Malta this morning.

FRANCE.—The *Times* correspondent mentions the possibility of an expedition being undertaken against Madagascar, by the united forces of England and France to punish the natives for their insults and piracy. The same authority says the conference will sign the convention to-morrow.

THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1858.

WHEN the Atlantic Telegraphic Cable was safely landed upon our shores, and the denizens of the capital gave themselves up to excitement and unrestrained jubilation, we deemed ourself at liberty to relax a little from our vocation, and with our friends to dispose of the harvest month, as rationally and agreeably as circumstances would permit; but it seems "we reckoned without our host," and some of our subscribers remind us of what should never have been forgotten,—that Newspaper Editors are public servants, and whoever may lay claim to indulgence, they are the least likely to succeed in their demand. The communications which we publish to day are proof sufficient of the fact; and we must as in duty bound, resume our occupation. With regard to the address alluded to by *Consistency*, we must take leave to refer our readers to the remarks which we copy from the "Express," and if anything more pungent be required, it will be found in a previous number of that journal, which is generally pretty well kept up to the mark. For our own part we are not disposed to lay much stress upon such things, signatures to flattering addresses are obtained much in the same way as signatures to petitions for benefits sought or commutation of punishment deserved. More depends upon the influence of the party soliciting than upon the propriety of the appeal; and when experienced government whips or whippers in are employed, it is not to be wondered at that in Newfoundland, a goodly list may always be filled,—when our present talented and high minded Attorney General's turn comes for judicial honour, we doubt not the same process will be gone thro' and with the same Newfoundland-lauded effect.

With regard to the question why our late Premier did constitute himself senior to his senior? we may observe that according to the Royal Instructions, the Senior Executive Officer should during the Governors absence administer the Government, and as such should be termed Lieutenant Governor, this honor, not to mention the pay, would be worth the small sacrifice of modesty thus despotically displayed. The same honorable ambition no doubt prompted the preference for the senior assistant Judgeship. The Chief Justice will soon be leaving

or retiring and then,—In short, the whys and wherefores may be answered by some of the lines of Wordsworth upon Rob Roy's grave.

For why? because the good old Rule Sufficeth him, the simple plan That they should take who have the power And they should keep who can.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

SIR,—Not a few of your readers are inclined to feel apprehensive, either that you are tired of pointing out inconsistencies, or that you do not feel perfectly at liberty to discuss some matters of a local and political character, which should not pass unnoticed. You have with much truth and plainness, during the past two years, severely criticised many of the acts of the Ministry,—of which Mr. P. F. Little was not only Chief but Director. Passing over many things, his complicity with Mr. Labouchere and Governor Darling, in yielding up our joint Fishery Rights to the French, should have been sufficient to prevent at least Merchants and Fishermen from signing an address in commendation of his very questionable career, whilst to Newfoundlanders generally his first act of oppression, that of displacing Mr. F. Carter, upon slight pretence, from office, merely to make room for his brother John, ought to connect his character with any thing but adulatory language in this country. Yet this act was only in accordance with others still more selfish, why upon obtaining the power did he place his own name first, and as senior of the Council, overlooking the claim, age, and character, of the Honourable and Venerable Laurence O'Brien? And lastly why appoint himself senior Assistant Judge, whilst a gentleman, his senior in years and in practice, and his superior in degree at the Bar, was being appointed his junior? But I have strayed from my purpose, which was not so much to attack an absent party, as to awaken you to the danger of yielding too much to influences which to some minds would be sufficiently intimidating.

Depend upon it Mr. Editor your own personal interest will be best advanced by remembering your position at all times, and fearlessly exposing every act of a public nature which may have a tendency to mystify political character or to strengthen the position of parties many of whose acts you have heretofore rightly and consistently denounced.

CONSISTENCY.

THE *Newfoundlander* is so overjoyed with the partial success of the canvass signatures to the address to the Hon. Judge LITTLE that he cannot let well alone. That four or five leading merchants, who have hitherto been considered as opposed to the party in power should sign an address implying even partial confidence in the administration of which the Hon. Judge was lately the head, actually deprives our contemporary of his ordinary prudence, and he exults at the prospect of the government obtaining a further lease of power. What will he say to the numerous refusals to sign the address, some of them by former partizans of the administration—and to the fact that several of those who signed without reading the address as they formerly signed without reading the address to Governor Darling? The *Newfoundlander* has nothing to congratulate his party upon—the hand-writing is upon the wall—they have been weighed in the balance and found wanting,—and their ignominious expulsion from office and the reconstruction of the Cabinet are events by no means distant.—[Express.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

SIR,—Your silence upon political matters lately, is beginning to cause uneasiness amongst some of your steady supporters, whatever your motive may be, dissatisfaction to a majority of your readers must be the consequence, if last year you objected to £250 Stg. being taken from the public fund for the St. John's races, why suffer £100, to be taken this year without a word, and such races as even a Government paper, was forced to acknowledge as characterized by drunkenness rowdyism and other scenes too disgraceful to publish.

Now Sir, to use your own words, the amount, tho' by no means trifling, is not so much the consideration, as the object and principle, if £100 can be taken thus with impunity, what is then to prevent £10,000 being taken another time, for any other purpose?

Then Sir, we are reminded of the large amounts granted the telegraph company by our government, upon which you wrote so freely last year; your account as furnished, is not only not denied, but paraded at the Telegraph Banquet, by the Colonial Secretary by whom great credit is claimed, for thus freeing the fisherman of the country out of many thousands of pounds sterling, whilst the neighbouring Colonies enjoy the same advantage, scot free, and all this because we were in a position which would enable us to make our own terms with the millionaires who compose the Telegraph Company. This is too poor a country to lavishly spend thousands of pounds for cosmopolitan purposes, our own poor require all that can be spared from local im-

provements and colonial necessities, yet our ministers called responsible have not scrupled to rob the country for the advantage of a company, who would not condescend even to be bound by their obligations, but who have left unfinished their portion of the contract.

MORE ANON.

WE respectfully congratulate the numerous friends of Mrs. and Miss Munn, and Miss Allen, on the safe arrival of those ladies, after a considerable absence from home.

THE Revd. Dr. BURNS preached Sunday last, morning and afternoon, to a large and attentive congregation in the Free Church of Scotland, in this place.—A more eloquent and impressive expositor of Divine truths, it has never been our privilege to attend to.

DIED.—On Friday, 27 Inst, after a short illness, Anne the beloved wife of Mr. George Snow.

Shipping Intelligence

ENTERED.

Aug. 19.—Marcellia, Tracey, Baltimore, 20.—James Wellington; Weddleton, LaHava, 21.—Andaz, Vaello, Cadiz, 23.—May Flower, Dugret Quebec,

Punton & Munn.

Aug. 20.—Andante, Ingram, Cadiz, 25.—Casilda, (Sp.) Gomez, Santander, 26.—Jacinta, Paris, Cadiz, Aguilá, Bengoechea, San Sebastian, Mischief, Dawe, Cadiz,

Ridley & Sons.

Aug. 20.—Queen, Bailly, Brazils, 25.—Eter, (Sp.) Perez, Italy, 28.—Eliza, Walling, Brazil, James Wellington, Wadleton LaHava

Punton & Munn.

Aug. 24.—Puzzle, Trinick Civita Vecchia, 31.—Casilda, (Sp.) Gomez, Labrador,

Ridley & Sons.

ALTERATION OF ROUTE.

THE STEAMER.

ELLEN GISBORNE

Will ply in this Bay, as follows:—

Mondays and Wednesdays, will leave Harbor Grace at 9 o'clock, A.M., for Brigus, calling at Carbonear and Portugal Cove.

Tuesdays and Thursdays, leave Brigus at 9 A.M., for Harbor Grace, calling at Cove and Carbonear.

Saturdays, leave Harbor Grace at 9 A.M., for Cove, return to Brigus, Carbonear, and Harbor Grace.

N.B.—Will leave Harbor Grace every alternate Wednesday, six hours before English mail closes in St. John's.

When not more than four passengers for Carbonear, they will be sent by land carriage from Harbor Grace.

G. MAKINSON.

Harbor Grace, 25th, August 1858.

FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED

SCALES,

of every variety,

34 Killby Street, Boston,

GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER, Ex GLENCOE from Wallace N.T.

50 Tons assorted Scantling

50 M. Hemlock Boards & Deals

16 Small Spars

Harbor Grace, } H. W. TRAPNELL, }
Aug. 7th, 1858. }

POST

MAILS will be delivered at Harbor Grace on Thursdays, at 10 o'clock, A.M. Brigus, every day, at half past 10. Trinity, Bonaventure, Thursday, Greenpond, every day, at half past 10. Bay Bulls, at ten o'clock. Trapassey, St. John's, Harbor B. Odein, St. John's, and Burge, 1st September. Fogo and Terra Nova, Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

Post Office at St. John's

BUILDING

RICK-VANING, done to notice. Thomas Lynn with prompt Harbor Grace 14th, July

The

Ex "Ro" "Ma" 1800

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Harbor Grace August 18

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THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

NOTICES.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

MAILS will be made up at the General Post Office for the following places:—
 Harbor Grace and Carbonear, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at half-past nine o'clock, A.M.
 Brigus, every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at half-past nine o'clock, A.M.
 Trinity, Bonavista, and King's Cove, every Thursday, at half-past nine o'clock, A.M.
 Greenspond, every alternate Thursday, commencing on Thursday, the 2nd September at half-past nine o'clock, A.M.
 Bay Bulls and Ferryland, every Wednesday, at ten o'clock, A.M.
 Trépassy, St. Mary's Placentia, Little Placentia Harbor, St. John's, Merasheen, Isle of Valen, Odein, St. Kyril's Burin, Harbor Briton, and Burgeo, every alternate Wednesday, the 1st September, at ten o'clock, A.M.
 Fogo and Twillingate, monthly, commencing on Wednesday, the 8th September, at ten o'clock, A.M.

M. SHEA,
 Acting Post-Master
 Post Office Department,
 St. John's, Nfld., 25th Aug, 1858.

BUILDING! BUILDING! BUILDING!

RICK-WORK SLATING & PLASTERING, done by the Subscriber at the very shortest notice. None employed but the very best workmen.—Any Commands left at the late Mr Thomas Lynche's, or at this office, will meet with prompt attention.
 Harbor Grace,
 14th, July, 1858 } J. F. MCCARTHY.

ON SALE.

BY
The Subscribers

Ex "Rover's Ride," from Baltimore, AND
 "Marie Adele," from Montreal,
1800 Brls. Extra Sp. FLOUR,
100 " Prime PORK
50 half brls. do. do.
30 brls. BEEF,
100 Kegs Superior BUTTER,

Harbor Grace, } RIDLEY & SONS.
 August 18, 1858. }

PUNTON & MUNN

ARE now landing, Ex Schooner Eter, from New York,
 657 Barrels Extra Fine. FLOUR
 290 do. Prime BEEF
 100 do. do PORK
 100 Casks do. BUTTER
 14 Bales Best Sole LEATHER.
 The whole of which will be sold at reasonable Prices.
 Harbour Grace, 17 Aug., 1858.

110 M. feet Pine BOARD,
 20 M. LATHS,
 Ex Commissary.
 RUTHERFORD BROTHERS
 17 August, 1858.

Just Received, & for Sale

by the Subscriber,
 per Schooner MARCEYIA from Baltimore,
102 Brls. prime Pork
600 " Extra Fine. Flour
50 Firkins Choice Family Butter
50 Brls. White Corn Meal
Cheap for Cash, Fish, or Oil.

Harbor Grace, } W DONNLELY.
 Aug. 24, 1858. }

NOTICES.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEW-FOUNDLAND.

A DIVIDEND on the paid up Capital of this Company at the rate of Six per cent. per annum for the half year ending 30th June, 1858, will be payable at the Banking House, in this city, on and after the 15th instant, during their usual hours of business.

(By Order of the Board.)
 R. BROWN, Manager.

July 13.

WANTED FOR THE BOARD SCHOOL AT New Harbour Schoolmaster. A competent teacher would be informed of the particulars on sending his recommendation to the Board.

Apply to the Chairman
 Rev. H. PETLEY,
 Hearts Content.

July 23.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to return thanks to his many Friends in Harbor Grace Carbonear, and the Bay generally, for the liberal support they have hitherto given him, and respectfully solicits a continuation of their patronage.

CHRONOMETERS, DUPLEX, LEVER, and all kinds of WATCHES & CLOCKS, repaired and cleaned.—QUADRANTS & COMPASSES repaired and adjusted.
 Some Superior Lever, Horizontal, & Vertical WATCHES, together with a general assortment of HARDWARE now on hand.
 Harbor Grace, } JOSEPH GODDEN
 14th. July }

ON SALE.

The Brigantine

"Charles,"

Burthen per register 142 Tons
 Brigantine

"Tiger,"

Burthen per Register 171 tons
 Length 103, 9
 Breadth 24, 2
 Depth 12, 3

Suitable Vessels for the general Trade of the country.

RUTHERFORD BROTHERS.

Harbor Grace, }
 28 July, 1841. }

140 M. HEMLOCK BOARD Cargo
 Brigantine "Tiger" from Pictou.

RUTHERFORD BROTHERS.

Harbour Grace, }
 28 July, 1858. }

At the Premises of the Subscriber

100 M. Prime Board & Plank

Per "Napoleon," from Liverpool, N. S.

25 M. Hemlock Board

20 " Pm. Pine Board

3 " Clapboard

200 " Shingles

55 " Herring Barrel Staves

170 Bushels Oats

100 Hhds. Coals

Per "Eclipse" from Sidney.

Scantling, Studding, Spruce Board, and Deals,

Per "Agnola,"

Harbor Grace, } ANDREW D RYSDALE
 June 29, 1858. }

Notice.

THE STEAMER

ELLEN GISBORNE,

Will ply in Conception Bay as follows, until further notice:

Tuesdays—leave Harbor Grace at 8 A. M. for Portugal Cove, calling at Carbonear and Brigus—return to Brigus and Harbor Grace Thursdays—leave Harbor Grace at 8 A. M. for Cove, calling at Carbonear and Brigus—return to Brigus, Carbonear, and Harbor Grace Saturdays—leave Harbor Grace at 8 A. M. for Cove, calling at Brigus—return to Brigus Carbonear, and Harbor Grace.

In order to afford the public an opportunity of answering Foreign letters, the Steamer will leave Harbor Grace at 9 A. M., for Cove—return to Harbor Grace, every alternate Wednesday.

G. MAKINSON.

Harbor Grace, June 7th, 1858.

MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT. HARBOR GRACE.

The Subscriber thanks for past patronage would respectfully intimate that he has still on hand, the following articles of the very best quality

MEDICINES.

Holloway's PILLS, Holloway's OINTMENT, Cockle's PILLS, HUNT'S PILLS, COITSH OIL, Cough LOSENGES, Matu's Patent BALSAM PLASTERS, Kolustack's VERMAFUGE, Lemon SYRUP, Essence of LEAMON, HONE, ARROWROOT, Mustroom CATCHUP, Morton's Table VINEGAR, Windsor SOAP, Bears GREASE, Essence of AVENDER, SMELLING BOTTLES, Turkey SPONGE, Washing SODA, Spirits of TURPENTINE, BLACKING, WHITELEAD, POOR MAN'S FRIEND, READY RELIEF, Taylor's PAINKILLER, TOOTHACHE DOPS, DUTCH DOPS, Oil of CANNON, TOOTH POWDER, GINGER BEER, Oil of PEPPERMENT, MARMALADE, Mixed SPICES, Morton's SALAD OIL, COLD CREAM, Hair OIL, POMATUM, Essence of BERGAMOT TOILET POTS, Salts of LEADON, BEARLASH, CARBONATE SODA, Linseed OIL, UMBER

Medicine Chests supplied and refitted, at the shortest notice.

J. J. FENNFLL.

June 16, 1858.

NOTICES.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

THE RATE OF INTEREST owed by this Bank on Special Deposits made after this date, will be Three per cent per annum, and a deposit receipts now outstanding will be reduced to the same rate of interest as they respectively fall due.

(By order of the Board.)

R. BROWN, Manager

UNION BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

THE RATE OF INTEREST on Deposit Receipts of this Bank, will be reduced to Three per cent per annum, from and after the 1st day of July next.

(By order of the Board)

JOHN SMITH, Manager.

May 25, 1858.

Wallace Free Stone Quarries.

THE undersigned being agent for the proprietors of the above quarries. Parties requiring Stone, for this Year's operations, are requested to forward their orders as soon as possible to.

GEO. BOWN.

St. John's, }
 May 20th }

Notices.

BRITANIA LIFE

Assurance Company

1, PRINCESS STREET, BANK, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED—1837.

Impowered by Special Act of Parliament, IVN

ADVANTAGES OF THIS INSTITUTION.

INCREASING RATES OF PREMIUM.
 A Table especially adapted of the securing of Loans or Debts, and to all other cases where Policy may be required for a temporary purpose only, but which may be kept up, if necessary throughout the whole term of Life.

HALF-CREDIT RATES OF PREMIUM.
 Credit given for half the amount of the First Seven Annual Premiums, the amount of the unpaid Half-Premiums being deducted from the sum assured when the Policy becomes a claim

SUM ASSURED PAYABLE DURING LIFE.
 The amount payable at the death of the Assured, if he die before attaining the age of sixty out to the assured himself, if he attain that age thus combining a provision for old age with assurance upon life.

ORPHAN'S ENDOWMENT BRANCH.
 Established for the purpose of affording to parents and others the means of having Children educated and started in life, by securing annuities, to commence at the Parent's death, and to be paid to a child, if a son, shall attain his 21st year, or, if a daughter, her 25th year of age

BRITANNIA MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION.

1, PRINCES STREET, BANK, LONDON.

INSTITUTED—1839.

Impowered by Her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent.

Annual Division of Profits—applied in reduction of the current year's Premium.

Policy-holders entitled to participate in the profits after payment of Five or Seven Annual Premiums according to the table of Rates selected.

Premiums charged for every three month difference of age—not, as is usually the case for every whole year only.

Half Credit Policies granted on terms unusually favourable to the assured, the amount of half premiums for which credit is given being liquidated out of the profits.

At the last Annual General Meeting a reduction 30 per centum was made in the current year's premium on all participating Policies.

Age of the Assured in every case admitted in the Policy.

Medical Attendants remunerated in all cases of the Reports.

Age.	Annual Premium.		Half Yearly Premium.		Quarterly Premium.	
	£	d.	£	d.	£	d.
30	2	7	1	4	0	12
35	2	10	1	4	0	12
40	2	12	1	4	0	12
45	2	15	1	4	0	12
50	2	18	1	4	0	12
55	2	21	1	4	0	12
60	2	24	1	4	0	12
65	2	27	1	4	0	12
70	2	30	1	4	0	12
75	2	33	1	4	0	12
80	2	36	1	4	0	12
85	2	39	1	4	0	12
90	2	42	1	4	0	12

Age.	Whole [Annual] Premium for remainder of Life.		Half Premium during First 7 years.	
	£	d.	£	d.
25	1	19	0	10
30	1	22	1	1
35	1	25	1	1
40	1	28	1	1
45	1	31	1	1
50	1	34	1	1
55	1	37	1	1
60	1	40	1	1
65	1	43	1	1
70	1	46	1	1
75	1	49	1	1
80	1	52	1	1
85	1	55	1	1
90	1	58	1	1

Detailed prospectuses, and every requisite information as to the mode of effecting Assurances may be obtained upon application to

ROBERT PROWSE,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Agent for Newfoundland

PERSONS having claims against the estate of the late Isabella Richards are required to furnish them to the subscribers.
 Harbour Grace } John Richards } Exceuter.
 May 13 1857. } Robert Walsh }

THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

QUEEN ELIZABETH AT KENILWORTH.

Make way, the Queen advances,
Stand forth with spear and lance,
While heralds cry, and pennons fly,
Begin the morrice-dance.
And let the minstrel deftly
Attune his sylvan lyre;
For surely 'tis a glorious day
To wake the poet's ire.

Make way, the Queen advances,
Fly, heralds, fly with speed!
See with what grace and majesty,
She reins her prancing steed.
Wave higher yet the banner,
And wider still unfurl;
For by her side, in princely pride,
Rides Leicester's gallant Earl.

And poet's lays proclaim his praise,
The favourite of the day;
While round about, 'mid laugh, and shout,
The merry minstrels play,
And courtiers bow before him,
And pages bend the knee,
And all confess his happiness,
Lord of that pageantry.

I will not call thee happy,
Queen of the prosperous reign!
I will not wish those golden days
Were ours to live again.
For under waving banner,
And under plumed crest,
And under knighthood's glittering star,
Was many an aching breast,

I will not call thee happy,
Though thousands called thee fair;
And flattering tongues pronounced thee
young,
When age had blanched thy hair.
I will not call thee happy,
When beauty woke thy hate;
Nor all the power of regal dower,
Could make thee truly great.

I will not call thee happy,
Though wonderful thy skill
To rule thy people wisely,
And bend them to thy will;
Eor one thing still was wanting,
A faithful heart and tried,
To love thee for thyself alone,
Without thy regal pride.

'Tis thus I call HER happy,
Who wields the sceptre now,
Who feels the bliss of childhood's kiss,
Upon a mother's brow.
And long may she be happy,
Who lives that woman's life,
Beneath the splendour of a crown,
A loved and honoured Wife!

THE ADMIRABLE REPLY OF CAPT. W. HUDSON, COMMANDING U. S. FRIGATE NIAGARA, TO THE ADDRESS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Honorable Gentlemen:

I am at a loss for words to say how much I thank you for the kind feelings and welcome you have expressed in my regard and that of the officers associated with me in the great national event now happily accomplished. It is quite true, gentlemen, we have endeavoured to do our duty on the occasion,—but after all, we were mere instruments in the hands of an all-directing Providence who willed that His good work should be done, and was pleased to employ our humble agency. To that Power to whom nothing is impossible, is due all gratitude and thanksgiving.

And from this great work of Telegraphic junction, I hope with you, gentlemen, for the best fruits to the civilized world. To Great Britain and America especially it will surely prove a bond of the closest union. We are already united by a common origin, common interests, common language, and common aims—Britain and America, the nations to whom above all others, the world looks for the defence and protection of freedom—but by this wonderful link now laid along the sea's deep bed we are made one in a still more perfect identity. Believe me, gentlemen, this well-cemented connexion will not be soon or easily disturbed, whatever diplomatists may say. I know well the feelings on both sides, and I am firmly persuaded that the talk of differences between us is just the language of diplomacy and no more. To be sure, we may have our family jars, like most other families, but we have always known how to settle them amicably, and we shall now know still better. And besides, in all countries where civilization and education are rightly extended, whatever kings and rulers may desire, there is an unseen power behind the throne, and this power is on the side of peace and all the inter-

ests which peace promotes.

In the work just done, gentlemen, British and Americans have been, as you know, associated from the beginning to the end—and, I assure you, we have known no shades of distinction—we have been all British and all Americans, and most nobly and fully have the officers and men of the British service done their parts, and proud are we to acknowledge it. We have also to own gratefully the unbounded kindness and hospitalities extended to us in England and Ireland during our late stay. Words cannot convey all we feel in return, nor shall we ever cease to remember them with all our hearts.

I have often heard of your colony in connexion with the enterprise, and I trust, gentlemen, the result may tend to prosper the interests you represent. Newfoundland took the first part in it, and Great Britain and America joined her, and now she is the very heart and focus through which their current of union runs—truly a proud position, one of such hope and promise as prompts my sincere congratulations to you all.

Again, honorable gentlemen, for myself and my officers, I beg to thank you for all your kindness.

(From Willmer, July 31.)

EAST INDIA HOUSE DESPATCH.

FURTHER DETAILS.

To J. D. Dickens, Esq., India House,
From Allahabad, June 24, 1858.
From F. Edmondstone, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, with the Governor-General.

OUDE.

Sir H. Grant, on the 18 June, attacked a large body of the rebels at Nawabgunge, on the Tussabad road, and after a hard fight dispersed them, killing 600 men and capturing six guns, the Rajah of Airovhe, one of the leaders, being among the slain.

Rajah Khan Singh is being attacked in his fort at Shahjunge, but the rebels have as yet made no impression upon it. The Rajah has applied to Government for ammunition and funds, which will be supplied to him.

NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES (BENARES DIVISION.)

The district of Azimghur and Ghazepore have been again disorganised, owing to the presence of rebels from Jugdespore. The main body under Ummer Ghummer, on the approach of Brigadier Douglass, abandoned Ghummer, and fled southwards; but several large parties recrossed the Ganges, and made for Oude, burning most of the Government though (?) and fustreds (?), and plundering many large towns on their way.

The rest of the Benares division is quiet.

GORUCKPORE DISTRICT.

The column under Major Cox, which relieved the Rajah Wu Bansee, joined by the followers of that Chief, pursued the rebels under Mehmeed Dassin across the Frontier into Oude and on their return attacked and drove the rebels out of the west at Amorba.

ALLAHABAD DIVISION.

This division is quite quiet, with the exception of the frontier Pergunnahs of the Allahgand district which has been some what disturbed.

A large marauding party was attacked and dispersed near Soram by a small force sent out by Brigadier Richer (?); 13 men were killed and 11 taken prisoners in a charge made by the 6th Madras light cavalry.

The Banda district is setting down quietly.

AGRA DIVISION.

Some excitement prevailed in the southern frontier of the Agra, Mynpoorie, and Atawah districts, caused by the state of affairs in Gwahor, but the rapid movement of troops on Gwahor from all sides, and the vigorous measures adopted by Sir Hugh Rose, issuing in the recapture of the town and fort of Gwahor on the 20th instant, have restored confidence and tranquillity.

Fewing, the rebel Rajah of dynposie, has surrendered himself to the magistrate of Etawas (qv. Etawah?) on a guarantee of his life. The Decrut division is quite peaceful.

ROHILCUND DIVISION.

The districts of Bodahow, Bignour, and Moradabad are quiet. A band of rebels has been routed near Beheree, in the Bareilly district by a small column of the Rohilcund force and Kutoe police levies, under Captain Costoman; 70 rebels were killed.

The notorious Moulvie, Ahmedoolle Fakkan, of Fyzadad and Lucknow, has been killed in the Shahjehanpoore district, at Prwean, which place he had attacked with 5000 men.

BENGAL.

The rebels under Ummer Singh, who were driven out of the Jugdespote jungles by Sir Edward Lugare, and had at first made Cawler poore district, have retraced their steps, and are spreading over the eastern side of Bengal, plundering and burning all villages whose inhabitants

they suppose to be well affected.

The station of Gyahas has been reinforced by 300 Madras Rifles. Her Majesty's 77th regiment, 599 strong, had arrived from Australia and will be immediately moved up to Dinapore. A wing of the 2nd battalion 60 Rifles has been sent to Decca, Central India.

GWALIOR.

On the 16th of June the Central India field force, from the east, and the Sepree brigade from the south, had concentrated around Gwalior.

On the 17th four guns were taken by the Sepree brigade.

On the 18th the Ranree of Jhansi was killed. On the 19th the town and palace of Gwalior were taken by Sir Hugh Rose, after an action which lasted five hours and a half.

The fort was successfully stormed next day by a detachment of the 25th Bombay Native Infantry. Their brave leader, Lieutenant Rose was killed.

A column of horse artillery and cavalry, under Brigadier-General Napier, was sent in pursuit of the rebels; and Colonel Riddell's column from Dholepore was directed by Sir Hugh Rose to cross the Chumbul, and pursue the fugitives Brigadier-General Napier, overtook them on the 21st near Goura-Allipore, on the old Bombay road, defeated them, captured 25 guns, and cut up a considerable number. Tantia Toppe Balaras and the Nawab of Binda have, it is believed, escaped. Brigadier Napier has continued the pursuit towards Jabulpore.

On the 20th June Sir H. Rose and Sir R. Hamilton conducted the Maharajah of Gwalior to his palace. The streets through which they passed were lined with immense crowds, who received the Maharajah with every appearance of attachment.

The Baiza Race, with the family Scindia, returned under the escort of the Sepree brigade, and are now in the palace with the Maharajah.

NAGPORE.

Yenkut Rao, the rebel zemindar of Arpegle in the Chanda district, has been captured by the followers of the zemindaree Anirae.

HYDROPHOBIA.—A Statement lately made that the fatal indisposition which results from the bite of a mad dog, and some other animals affected in the same way, might be prevented by supplying the canine race with the means of quenching their thirst in the public thoroughfares, has probably resulted from the erroneous idea that heat and want of water produces rabies. Dr. J. Hunter says that in the hot Island of Jamaica, where dogs are very numerous, not one was known to go mad during a period of forty years.—(Transactions for the improvement of Medical Knowledge.) At Aleppo, where these animals perish in great numbers from want of food and water, and the heat of the climate, the distemper is said to be unknown. There is another false notion of a very dangerous tendency prevalent in regard to the disease, rabies, as it appears in the canine race. The peculiar symptom (fear of water) which often attends the complaint in the human subject has been applied to the disease in the dog, and those distinguished by the same name, hydrophobia. This, however, is a misnomer, for mad dogs have no dread or fear of liquid; on the contrary, in a rapid state they are very partial to water; and it has been proved by experiments, of which an account is given in Magendie's Journal, (T.S., p. 328,) that sheep, when rabid have not any dread of water, but frequently drink without the appearance of aversion. A rabid wolf, at Frejus, swam across several rivers.—(Darbuc Rebucll Period. d' Gbeere, vol. 4.) Du'onaish has seen mad dogs drink without difficulty, and plentifully.—(Hist. de la Soc. Med., an, 1780) Rabid animals will also sometimes eat. Thus the wolf which bit so many persons in Meyne in 1718, was found the next morning devouring a shepherd's dog; and Dr. Gilman (on the Bite of a Rabid Dog) speaks of a dog which was not considered to be mad, because it ate and drank well; but, as it seemed indisposed, it was killed, though not before it had bitten a man, who afterwards died of hydrophobia. Another erroneous idea prevails that every mad dog must be furious. In the greater number of instances there is not much of that savage fury expected by the generality of persons. The facts and authorities quoted will perhaps be accepted as sufficient proof that dogs do not become rabid from unsatisfied thirst, and that when rabid they are not characterised by an aversion to water. The unfounded supposition, that no dog that can drink is mad, has too frequently conducted to fatal errors, many persons having thereby fancied themselves secure from danger.

We understand that Sir Houston Stuart K. C. B., Commander-in-Chief of the North American and West India Stations, will leave Halifax early in September for St. John's to pay a visit to His Excellency the Governor The Flag Ship, the *Indus*, 78 guns will be left at Halifax, as the Admiral's stay here will be necessarily very short, and we believe he will embark in Her Majesty's Steam Sloop *Styaz* Commander Dacey.—*Nfld.*

To the Independent Electors of the District of Harbor Grace.

GENTLEMEN,—

Called upon by an influential portion of the community whose good opinion I gratefully appreciate, and to whose judgement I feel bound to defer; I cannot hesitate to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages, to represent this important district in place of the Gentleman who has lately accepted the office of Her Majesty's Solicitor General of Newfoundland.

The first principle of Responsible Government, I apprehend to be,—Government by the People—when their representatives become placemen it is evident they must waver between their duty to their constituents and their own personal interests, which may be more readily advanced by a blind subserviency to party or sycophancy to the ruling power, than by a faithful maintenance of the rights and privileges of those whose confidence they forfeit, thus bringing the Liberal or Responsible principle, which they pretend to advocate, into general disrepute.

It shall be my earnest endeavour, if returned as your Representative, to oppose and discountenance by all means such a foul perversion of the spirit of the Constitution, and to this end I promise not to accept of office myself, and to discourage to the best of my ability, the continuance of a practice which has brought so much odium upon the liberal cause.

A Native of the Country, it is scarcely needful for me to express my ardent desire to participate in the Legislation which, morally socially and politically should elevate my Countrymen, and contribute generally to the comfort happiness and prosperity of the people; and as a Sealer and a Mariner I cannot act otherwise than sustain the particular interests of those with whom I have long been associated, the Sealers and Fisherman of my native land.

Agriculture and its great auxiliary, Good Roads, should certainly engage the earnest attention of the legislature, and I shall neither be dilatory nor parsimonious in supporting the necessary appropriations for these most essential objects.

No Country can rise in the scale of civilisation, or even long remain free, unless a comprehensive and liberal system of Education be generally adopted. Education therefore, shall be deemed one of the primary objects of my earnest attention.

The erection of light houses along our northern line of coast is a subject of vital importance to my fellow mariners, and one in which the Inhabitants of this Bay are deeply interested; my best exertions shall be made to induce the Government to contribute liberally for this laudable, humane, and life preserving object.

Outport interests generally shall be faithfully advanced by me, but the requirements of the District I aspire to represent shall, if successful be the particular objects of my strenuous and uncompromising advocacy.

Reduction of taxation can only take place after the reduction of extravagant public expenditure. It shall be my constant endeavour if returned, to prevail upon the Government so to effect the latter that the former may be reasonably expected.

I shall avail myself of an early opportunity to express my sentiments freely upon French claims and Labrador taxation.

I have the honour to remain,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient faithful servant

WILLIAM HAYES.

Harbor Grace, 28th July, 1858.

For the Conception-Bay Man.

MR. EDITOR.

Permit me to publish, once for all my reply to several questions, which have been put verbally to me.

"If returned for this District I will certainly vote for Carter's Bill, for the purification of the Assembly, and assist to carry out its provisions in the most effectual and stringent manner.

"I will further vote either for the removal of duties upon Labradore imports, or in support of the principle of having its permanent settlers fairly represented in the Assembly.

"And I will strenuously oppose the assumption of French exclusive right to our common fishing ground and Harbors, and at all proper times evince my hostility to that erroneous interpretation of Treaty, proffered by Governor Darling, and most unaccountably supported by our ministry.

Please supplement my address with the above.

WILLIAM HAYES.

Harbor Grace }
Aug. 16th 1858 }

THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

Is Edited and Published every Wednesday morning by GEORGE WEBBER at his office water street, opposite the Premises of W. DONNELLY Esq.

TERMS: Fifteen Shillings per annum half in advance.

VOL.

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The follow Board or the Resolved.— be accountable public Buidin has control, ordered by th ed by the wretary for su Resolved.— Roads, or se have authorit work of any o the written tary.

NOTICE

THE BOA notice on Green Is Harbor, Trin was on the 13 by one of a sive range. LIGHT burn high water, et to sunrise, an seen from 8 miles. Vesse this Light op until Bonavis Jean, will giv berta—or wh ar d bound fo A moderate l Rocks by ste Green Islan long. 53,03

Board of Wo St. John's

Warn St. JOHN'S COMMISSION

Agent Can