KING NICHOLAS OF MONTENEGRO IS DEPOSED BY ASSEMBL

Circulation Last Week
270,326
Daily Average, 45,054

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION
THE WEATHER—MILD, RAIN.

55TH YEAR. NO. 22256 THE LONDON ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2, 1918. 96 COLUMNS PRICE TWO

Plot To Put the Ex-Emperor o Germany On His Throne Agai Brought To Light In Hun Capita

German Munition Makers Financed Campaign To Put Ex-Kaiser On Throne Again

Plot Collapsed When Secret Service Man Discovered Plans by Overhearing Telephone Conversation — Many Arrests Made in Berlin.

London, Dec 2.—A plan to restore imperialism and secure the return of Emperr William has been discovered in Berlin, according to a dispatc from Amsterdam to the Express.

According t the dispatch, which was filed at Amsterdam on Friday, the chi men behind the plot were Field Marshal von Mackensen, Genron Born and Gen. Count Sixt von Arnim. It is said that they ittructed the Prussian Officers' Corps to carry on a pro-emperor a tation beginning immediately after the demobilization of the tros was completed. Huge sums of money are said to have been pled at the disposal of the leaders by munition makers.

The plot collpsed owing to the fact that a secret service agent overheard a telepone conversation. Many arrests have been made in Berlin and oer cities, while the Government has long lists of suspects who d planned to seize members of the present Government.

NEW COMMISSIONER



Advertiser Illustrations

SIR EDGAR BOWRING, the new high commissioner for Newfoundland in London. He represented Newfoundland on the Empire trade commission which visited Canada a few years ago. He declines to accept any salary in his new position.

PEACE AID RECONSTRUCTION PROBLMS TO BE TAKEN UP BY 65H AMERICAN CONGRESS

Legislative Progm Will Cove r a List of Business, Including the Annual propriation Measures, Revenue Legis- ation and In vestigations.

Washington, Dec. .—Problems of peace and reconstrun promise to occupy fully the third last session of the 65th Congres which opened today at noon, to conte until it ends by limitation on Marc After a ten-day holiday following e long second war session, most of e members of both Senate and Houwere on hand today to start the woof the winter.

Framing of the leative program had been held in abeye to await the address of President Wilson an hour after the opening. This program must cover an extraordinary congestion of business, including the many annual appropriation measures, revenue, legislation, investigations and miscellaneous bills.

After calls of Senate and House rolls disclosed presence of quorums, committees were appointed to notify the president and the respective branches of Congress that the new session had begun.

NORWAY MATAKE OVER 285,0I TONS OF DEAD HIPPING

Press of That Cotry Calls For An Adjustm of the Question Witl. S.

Christiania, Dec. 1.— Norwegian press is discussing thequisition of 285,000 tons dead weigof shipping under construction or cocted for by the Norwegian accou when the American shipping boainvoked the law of requisition. Tnewspapers assert that "for sixteen ths Norway has received no damagno interest and no compensation for use of the ships," and added thandreds of millions of kroner havi this way been withheld from thNorwegian efforts to reconstruct the nage which Norway lost in her deless fight against German submar warfare.

The loss, therefore, it inted out, falls upon the whole natand weakens Norway's future on seas. It affects not only the mans who contracted for the new s and the banks advancing the cal but also thousands of shareholders invested their savings.

After declaring that Nay's sympathies had been with thtern powers in the war, the papappeal for an adjustment of the m

It was announced fromashington on April 22 last that the ing board had chartered 400,000 tor Norwegian sailing ships that wo be put into non-hazardous tradeincipally with South America, relaships for war trades. The charterships were permitted to fulfill exist contracts and then were directed inAmerican service according to needs. Previously all available stss flying the Norwegian, Swedish atch and Danish flags had been cted in a similar way.

Up to last June reprentives of the emergency fleet corion and representatives of the Norin shipping interests had been unto come to an agreement regardingment for the Norwegian tonnage reloned by the United States. Thewegian claim amounted to about,000,000, which was deemed excessi

EARTHQUAKE RECO.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Anhquake of moderate intensity, estimo have been centred about 2,900 from Washington, was recorded horning on the seismographs at Geon University. The shocks began 5 a.m., and continued about an hou

MAURETANIA ARRIVES WITH 4,000 SAMMIES

The Giant Liner Was Delayed Owing to Heavy Storms.

New York, Dec. 2.—The British steamship Mauretania, sister ship of the Lusitania, is in port today with the first large contingent of American troops from overseas. The 4,000 men, mostly non-combatant troops who were stationed in England, will be taken to Camp Mills on Long Island during the day. Demobilization will take place at this camp the near future.

Heavy storms delayed the giant transport's voyage so long that she was unable to dock at noon yesterday as was expected, and it was not until 7 o'clock last night that the liner entered the Narrows, too late to pass quarantine. She anchored for the night in Gravesend Bay.

A tremendous chorus of whistles from every manner of craft broke loose as the Mauretania steamed slowly up the harbor. The liner was gay with a multitude of flags. Her rails were lined with cheering, gesticulating soldiers.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night :Highest, 30; lowest, 17.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 37; lowest, 22.

TOMORROW—MILD, RAIN.

Toronto, Dec. 2—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Strong winds or moderate gales from the south and southwest; mild today and on Tuesday, with local rains.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Sations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	44	42	Rain
Calgary	48	32	Clear
Winnipeg	14	2	Cloudy
Port Arthur	28	4	Cloudy
Port Stanley	28	26	Cloudy
Buffalo	24	20	Clear
Toronto	26	20	Cloudy
Kingston	24	14	Cloudy
Ottawa	18	8	Snow
Montreal	14	4	Cloudy
Quebec	14	4	Clear
Father Point	24	2	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

The weather is fair and cold in Manitoba, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, and mild elsewhere.

There are several disturbances on the chart this morning, and the general conditions are rather unsettled.

Germans Have But Eight Days Left To Evacuate Territory

French Will Be Represented By Contingents In All the Enemy Territory.

Paris, Nov. 30.—(Havas).—Eight days remain for the Germans to evacuate the left bank of the Rhine from Lower Alsace to Holland, French and allied forces which crossed the German frontier yesterday have received strict instructions as to their attitude toward the German population in the occupied territories. France will be represented by contingents in all enemy territory, according to an announcement.

SOCIALISTS ASK THAT LIEBKNECHT AND HIS CLAN BE SUPPRESSED

Bolshevik Teachings Must Be Checked Says Philipp Scheidemann.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—Four thousand noncommissioned officers at a mass meeting today adopted a resolution calling upon the Government to end the Bolshevist agitation of Dr. Karl Leibknecht and Rosa Luxemburg and demanding the consecration of a national assembly.

Philipp Scheidemann, the majority Socialist leader, was the chief speaker. He pointed out the difficulties the Government was having because of the activities of what he characterized as irresponsible elements. He warmly championed the idea of calling a constituent assembly. The Spartacus group of ultra-Radicals announced today that it would hold six meetings on Sunday.

VICTORIA CROSSES AWARDED AIRMEN

Major William Barker and Capt. Proctor Established Great Records.

London, Dec. 1.—(British Wireless Service).—The Victoria Cross has been awarded to Major William George Barker and Capt. Andrew W. B. Procter of the Royal Air Force. Major Barker brought down 50 German machines during the war, while Capt. Proctor, from August 8, 1918, to the end of hostilities, destroyed 22 German airplanes and 16 German kite balloons and drove down 16 enemy aircraft out of control.

In addition to his success in bringing down airplanes and balloons, Capt. Proctor is praised for his reconnaissances and other work during the British retirement last March and the German retreat of this fall

Major Barker, whose home is in Warren, Man., has already been awarded the D. S. O. with a bar, and has two bars to the Military Cross.

EX-KAISER DISMISSED BECAUSE HE VIOLATED ALL LAWS OF HUMANITY.

Paris, Dec. 2.—Discussing the situation in Germany brought about by the former emperor's act of renunciation, the National Zeitung of Basle, according to a dispatch to L'Information, says: "The impression is that the Hohenzollerns were dismissed, only because they failed to conquer, and not because they violated all laws of humanity."

MONTENEGRO'S KING HAS BEEN DEPOSED BY NATIONAL GOVT.

Members of the Skupshtina Voted to Compel the Monarch's Withdrawal and Have Declared For a Union of Montenegro With Serbia, With K ing Peter as Ruler.

London, Dec. 2.—King Nicholas of Montenegro has been deposed by the Skupshtina, the Montenegrin National Assembly, according to a message received here from Prague today.

The dispatch was sent from Prague by the Czecho-Slovak press bureau by way of Copenhagen. It says that the Skupshtina voted the deposition on Friday last and declared for a union of Montenegro with Serbia under King Peter.

The family of the king was included in the act of deposition.

WANTS CZECHO-SLOVAK TROOPS RELEASED IN RUSSIA SO THAT SLOVAKIA CAN BE OCCUPIED

Professor T. G. Masaryk Hopes That the Entente Powers Will Soon Reach a Decision Regarding Their Policy Towards Russia.

London, Dec. 1.—Hope that the United States and the Allies will soon reach a decision regarding their policy toward Russia, so that Czecho-Slovak troops in Siberia may be released for the occupation of Slovakia, was expressed in an interview here today by Professor T. G. Masaryk, who has just arrived here from New York on his way to Prague to take the oath as head of the new Czecho-Slovak state.

"I have just received the news," he said, "that the Magyars will resist occupation and organization of Slovakia. I hope the Allies will send troops to help us occupy Slovakia territory.

"It is necessary that our armies be brought back from Italy and France, and I want our armies in Siberia to send a home but this is unless depends on the decision of the Allies. I trust that the Allies and the United States will soon formulate a definite plan about Russia."

COAL GAS KILLS ONE, OVERCOMES FOUR IN TOWER

Fumes Escaped in Powerhouse of Grand Trunk at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—One man is dead and four others escaped by the narrowest margin as the result of inhaling coal gas fumes while at work on Saturday in the tower of the Grand Trunk powerhouse. The dead man is Theodore Baker of Eastview. The others, who were overcome, but who have practically recovered are: Chief Engineer W. J. Harding, Samuel La Balbo, Pasquale Melchili aand Steven Wasylwyck. The victims of the fumes were all unconscious when brought into the fresh air. They were lowered to the ground from the tower room by means of ropes tied around their bodies.

PLANS FORMULATED FOR DEMOBILIZATION OF CANADA'S ARMY

Conference to Discuss Arrangements Under Way at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—The preliminary conference between Sir James Lougheed, minister of the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment, Lieut.-Col. Hugh Clark, Parliamentary secretary, Lieut.-Col. F. P. Healey, the deputy minister, the secretaries of all provincial returned soldiers' commissions, and others interested in the important work of demobilization of Canada's fighting forces, opened here today. The deliberations will cover at least two days, and it is anticipated that important and useful results will be achieved.

The deliberations relate largely to the necessary development of the new demobilization branch of the department, of which Major Anthes is the director. Machinery will be created to put this branch of the department in touch and close co-operation with the twenty-one dispersal centres at which soldiers from overseas will receive their discharges from military service. This will necessitate the establishment of district offices all over the country.

BOLSHEVIKI SEIZE SWISS DOCUMENTS IN NORWEGIAN LEGATION

Demand Is Made for a Break With the Soviet Government.

London, Dec. 2.—Bolshevists have entered the Norwegian legation at Petrograd and removed documents belonging to Switzerland, whose interests are under protection of Norway, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Mail. The Norwegian minister has protested in vain and the newspapers of that country are demanding that Norway break relations with the Soviet Government.

CANADA'S TRADE IS RESUMING ITS NORMAL COURSE

Reports on Customs Receipts Appear To Indicate Such a Condition.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—In spite of a falling off in the importation of goods used in the manufacture of war munitions, the decrease in the customs receipts for the month of November is about the same as in the previous month. This would seem to indicate that the trade of Canada is beginning to resume its normal course. The decrease in customs receipts for the month of November as compared with the same month a year ago is $459,446, the figures being $12,949,612 in 1917 and $12,490,167 in 1918.

Ex-Kaiser Bill is a Dangerous Lunatic; Should be Watched

Newfoundland Premier Declares That World's Greatest Murderer Should Be Punished.

London, Dec. 2.—(Canadian Press Dispatch from Reuter's, Limited).—In an interview with a Reuter correspondent, William Lloyd, premier of Newfoundland, said that Newfoundland was determined that what had been won on the field had not been lost in the council chamber. The popular governments of the world must insure that no autocracy should again hold the power of the sword. The only safeguard was that this power should be in the hands of the people. Military power must be retained in order to enforce the program decided upon. The ex-kaiser must be kept under proper surveillance. He has been a danger and menace to the whole world, and must be regarded as a dangerous lunatic and must be treated accordingly. Those responsible for the policy of frightfulness must be absolutely punished. In the interests of national safety it was essential to keep a hold on our raw materials in order to safeguard industries on which the safety of the Empire depend. Another thing of paramount importance was that no peace conference must jeopardize freedom and communication by sea between the various parts of the Empire.

TO ADVERTISER SUBSCRIBERS

Within the past four years the price of newsprint has increased 97 per cent, whereas the receipts from subscribers have increased only 50 per cent.

Every effort has been made to curtail expenses, and even though publishers generally have sacrificed their profits in order to keep the price of the daily papers within reach of everyone, conditions have grown more serious with every increase in the cost of newsprint.

Owing to this grave situation the paper controller recently ordered all publishers to carry only mail subscriptions which are paid in advance in order to reduce every possible expense.

This order will compel The Advertiser to cut off all subscriptions not so paid. Look at your label.

Pres. Wilson Tells Congress That He Considers It His Duty to Attend Conferen

Head of U. S. Government Declares in Address Today T Allied Governments Had A ccepted Principles Enun by Him He Could Not Decline To Be Present.

Washington, Dec. 2.—In an address to Congress in joint session today, President Wilson formally announced his intention to go to Paris for the peace conference, saying the allied governments have accepted principles enunciated by him for peace, and it is his paramount duty to be present.

The president said he will be in close touch by cable and wireless, and that Congress will know all that he does on the other side.

Referring to his announcement that the French and British governments had removed all cable restrictions upon the transmission of news of the conference to America, the president said he had taken over the American cable systems on exeprt advice so as to make a unified system available.

Asks for Co-operation.

He expressed the hope that he would have the co-operation of the public and of Congress, saying through the cables and wireless constant counsel and advice would be possible.

The president said he hoped to see a formal declaration of peace by treaty "by the time spring has come."

Much of the address was devoted to the railroad problem, for which the president said he now had no solution to offer. He recommended careful study by Congress, saying it would be a disservice to the country and to the railroads to permit a return to old conditions under private management without modifications.

The president declared he stood ready to release the railroads from Government control whenever a satisfactory plan of readjustment could be worked out.

No definite program of construction can be outlined now, Mr. Wilson said, but as soon as the armistice was signed Government control of business and industry was released as far as possible. He expressed the hope that Congress would not object to conferring upon the war trade board or some other agency the right of fixing export priorities to assure supply of food to starving people abroad.

The new three-year naval- program was indorsed becaus president said, it would be unwis tempt to adjust the American p to a future world policy as yet u mined.

Paying tribute to the people's c in war, he spoke particularly work of women and again appea woman suffrage by federal amen

Declaring he had no "private or purpose" in going to Franc that he regarded it as his highes the president added: "It is now m to play my full part in makin what they (America's soldiers) their life's blood to obtain."

Democratic representatives aros applauded vociferously when the dent announced his intention of in person to the peace conferenc Republican side was silent, and s many senators on both sides o Chamber.

The president concluded after s ing forty-two minutes and left chamber amidst applause limited Democratic side. Interruptions o address for questions which had threatened by some Republican bers of the House did not materia

President's Address.

The president said:

"Gentlemen of the Congress:

"The year that has elapsed sin last stood before you to fulfill my station's duty to give Congress time to give information on the of the Union has been so crowded great events, great processes and results, that I cannot hope to giv an adequate picture of its transac or of the far-reaching changes have been wrought in the life of our tion and of the world. You have selves witnessed these things, as I h It is too soon to assess them, an who stand in the midst of them and part of them are less qualified than of another generation will be to what they mean or even what they h been. But some great outstanding are unmistakable and constitute,

Continued on Page Three.

WANTED BY WOMEN



Advertiser Illustrations

A movement is on foot amongst the women's organizations to ask that the women of Canada shall have a voice in the peace conference, and the name of Lady Drummond of Montreal is suggested as that of a fitting representative. Lady Drummond has long been actively identified with women's work in Canada, and during the war has done noble work in connection with the Canadian Red Cross and the forwarding of food to prisoners of war.

Jugo-Slavs Want Amalgamation Of Different Peoples

Unanimous Resolution Passed At Meeting Held In Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2—With 600 Jugo-Slav delegates, representing every colony in America, in convention with all members of the Pittsburg colony, the greatest meeting of Slavs ever called in America was held here yesterday. An unanimous resolution for the amalgamation of all Serbs, Croats and Slovenes under a government headed by their great and democratic king, Peter Karadgordjevich," was adopted, which will be sent to the American delegates at the peace conference and also to the Allied and Serbian governments.

SHELL PLANT DESTROYED.

Minneapolis, Dec. 2.—The shell plant of the Minneapolis Steel and Machinery Company was destroyed by fire Sunday with a loss estimated at $500,000, fully covered by insurance. One man was burned to death.

KING ALBERT AND FAMILY ENTER THE CITY OF LIEGE

People of Belgian City Tender an Enthusiastic Welcome.

Brussels, Sunday, Dec. 1.—British Wireless Service.—King Albert and the Belgian royal family made their official entry into Liege Saturday at the head of the troops who conducted the heroic defence of that town in 1914, says a Belgian official statement. The king and queen and Gen. Leman, the defender of Liege, were cheered enthusiastically by the citizens.

Almost at the same time, the statement adds, a Belgian cavalry brigade entered Aix-la-Chapelle, Germany, at the request of German authorities.

REICHSTAG WILL CONVENE SHORTLY

Paris, Dec. 2.—The Reichstag will be convened shortly, according to newspapers in South Germany, says a Zurich dispatch to L'Information.

BATTLE CASUALITIES IN THE CANADIAN ARMY AT AN EN

Records Office States That Names To Come in the Future Will Be of Men in Hospitals and Prisoners Recently Repatriated.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—The battle casualties in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces are practically all through. At the records office this morning it was stated that, though now and then a fighting casualty, delayed for some reason in transmission, came in, the number of such cases was very small. Of course this does not mean that there are no more casualties to be reported. There are still many cases in hospitals which will have to be recorded when the final outcome of the soldiers' illness is known.

The majority of casualties now coming through deal with the repatriation of prisoners of war, and in connection with these the department is trying to secure information with regard to the physical condition of the repatriated men. The acting director of records has cabled overseas to try and arrange to have the physical condition of each repatriated man embodied in the casualty list, so that his relatives will know just how he has come through the ordeal of confinement. The prisoners when repatriated are, it is understood, examined by a medical board, and it is the result of this examination which the records office desires to have put on the casualties sheet.

45,000 CANADIAN SOLDIERS ARE IN BRITISH HOSPITALS

Dominion Board of Pension Commissioners Has Lots of Work Ahead.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—There is no prospect of any diminution in the work of the board of pensions commissioners for some months to come. There are in Canada at the present time approximately seven thousand soldiers under treatment or receiving vocational training who are in receipt of pensions.

The evacuation of the numerous hospitals and convalescent homes all over Great Britain will result in a large influx of Canadian invalided soldiers, whose cases for pensions will have to be considered. A rough estimate places the number of Canadian soldiers at present in British hospitals alone at 45,000. It is possible, of course, that many of these may be eventually discharged as fit.

OLYMPIC RUNNING LATE.

Halifax, Dec. 2.—The transport Olympic, which, it was thought, would arrive here today from England, with over 4,000 military and civilian passengers is not now expected to reach port until Thursday or Friday of this week. local transport officers said today.

BISHOP FUNSTEN DEAD.

Boise, Dec. 2.—Right Rev. James Bowen Funsten, first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Idaho, died suddenly at his home here yesterday.

RADICALS HAVE NOT SECURED CONTROL OF OVERSEAS WIRELESS

Scheidemann's Action Prevented Raid on the Large Stations.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—By the Associated Press.—Radical-Socialists have not yet obtained control of the greater German wireless stations at Nauen and Konigswusterhausen, but Independent Socialists, in company with the Spartacus group, have secured control of all home stations with a restricted radius. Only the refusal of Philipp Scheidemann to approve an order transferring the entire wireless system to the jurisdiction of the soldiers' and workmen's council temporarily halted a raid on the larger overseas stations.

CONSERVATION WEEK

Washington, Dec. 2.—The food administration's "conservation week for world relief" campaign got into full swing today over the country. It opened yesterday with the reading in all the churches of a message from Food Administrator Hoover which outlined the nation's opportunity for renewed sacrifice in feeding the millions of people in Europe released from German domination.

Meetings of fraternal and other organizations under the auspices of the state and county bodies began today and will continue throughout the week. The need for the fulfillment of America's food pledge for this year of twenty million tons will be dwelt upon. Every possible avenue of reaching the public, it was announced, will be utilized during the week.

COMMERCE CHAMBER TO BOOST BUILDING OF MEDICAL SCHOOL

The newly-reorganized Chamber of Commerce is likely to come out strongly behind the proposal to build a new medical school in London.

In the questionnaires that were sent out to the members it was found that a very large number of them had stated their opinion that the development of the Western University was one of the projects that should be taken in hand at once. It is the intention to gather those interested in the welfare of the Western University into a strong committee which will aim to advance the interests of the university generally. The immediate task will be to get behind the movement for the building of a new medical school, which it is expected will be submitted at the end of the year to a vote of the ratepayers.

The accommodation at the medical school has been taxed this year more than any year in the history of the institution, and the directors say that it is evident that in the next few years the classes will steadily increase, and any further increase over this year's attendance will have to be turned away unless something is done in the immediate future.

Dr. Paul McKibbon while in the city spent all his spare time in drawing plans for the new school, which he had faith would be built before long. The drawings will furnish the basis of plans for the building.

PRESIDENT SMITH OF L. D. SAINTS SPEAKS IN CITY

"Many people are afraid to look into and study the gospel of Christ, because it is then that they see the frailty of their nature and their unbelief in the Almighty, and this cuts. They would rather be in the dark, as to their petty weaknesses," said Frederick M. Smith, president of Latter Day Saints, Reorganized Church, speaking to the Maitland Street L. D. S. Church Sunday.

He dwelt on the duty of a church member to his or her church, during which he brought in the text, "Am I my brother's keeper?" which he fully discussed and described the attitude of different people towards God.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c. z

WORKERS IN Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN TO MEET AT SUPPER TONIGHT

Tonight all the workers in the Y. M. C. A.-Y. W. C. A. campaign will meet at 6:15 for supper at the Y. M. C. A. Building, where the ball will be set rolling for the drive which on Thursday is expected to see the objective reached.

The captains and members of the teams will meet at the supper, and final arrangements will be made for the beginning of the drive.

Do Corns Lead to Cancer?
As yet this has not been proved, but interested parties will find nothing better for corns than Putnam's Corn Extractor, 25c at all dealers.

FACULTY RECITAL AT CONSERVATORY TONIGHT

The second of the series of faculty recitals will be given at the London Conservatory Hall tonight. A particularly interesting program will be presented by two artistes, Miss Dorinda Abbott and Mrs. Arthur Lyster, including some of the finest works of modern and classical composers.

Miss Abbott is a brilliant exponent of the singing methods of the famous Shakespeare, while Mrs. Lyster is a distinguished pupil of the pianist Godowsky.

NOVEMBER 1918 QUITE SUMMERY

Rainfall in November of this year was much heavier than in November 1917. This year 1.91 inches fell, while a year ago only .087 inches was measured.

Less snow fell this year in November, one and one-half inches, than in 1917, when eight inches fell in November.

The temperatures this year ranged from 64 on November 7, to 19 on November 26. Last year November was much colder, the thermometer figures showing the highest 58, on the eleventh, and the lowest, 5 above, on the twenty-seventh.

Grip or Influenza

has all the symptoms of a very bad Cold, in fact, Colds Cause Grip and Influenza. A good plan is not to wait until you feel sick and feverish, but just as soon as you feel a Cold coming on

Stop It

by taking LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets, which destroy germs, act as a Tonic and Laxative, and keep the system in condition to throw off attacks of Colds, Grip and Influenza.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Tablets remove the cause of Colds, Grip and Influenza

Soon Relieve Feverish and Painful Headaches caused from Colds

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is the first and original Cold and Grip Tablet. It is used by every Civilized Nation, and has a larger sale in the United States than the combined sales of all other cold and grip remedies. It has stood the test for more than a Quarter of a Century.

Remember there is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

Call for full name and look for this signature on box

Price 30 Cents

E. W. Grove

LONDON SHOULD BECOME GREAT EDUCATIONAL CENTRE HAVING A SITUATION NOT SECOND TO ANY

SAYS UNIVERSITY NEEDS EXTENSION

President E. E. Braithwaite Urges Preparation For the Influx of Population and Includes as Necessities New Medical School and Extension of University Accommodation.



Advertiser Illustrations
DR. E. E. BRAITHWAITE.

President E. E. Braithwaite of the Western University and a director of the London Chamber of Commerce, is looking forward to the day when London is to be a great educational centre in the Dominion. "There is no city in Canada more favorably situated for higher education," he declares, explaining the reasons why.

Not only does he dream of a great influx of students to this university centre, but of a large increase in the population within the next few years, owing to the coming of immigration to Canada from the old world.

Europeans Coming.

He says: "After the American civil war there was a great movement of people to the western states. The northener fought by the side of the westerner and learned from him some of the advantages of life in the newer sections of the country. Similarly, many Europeans will have learned from Canadians, with whom they have been closely associated in the recent war, of the wonderful opportunities of this great Dominion, and in view of the fact that their homes have been broken up and their communities devastated, they will flock to this new world to make a fresh start. The west will absorb a large proportion of the newcomers, but many will remain in this premier province.

London's Opportunity.

"London, as the centre of this rich section of the province, will have a good chance for providing a permanent home for many of these, as well as for many of the returned soldiers from all parts of Western Ontario who will come back here for demobilization. I fully believe that this city may reasonably anticipate quite a considerable increase in population during the next few years.

Important Needs.

"As to our most important local needs, different issues will arise from time to time and for the moment assume the most conspicuous place. Almost at once, the problem connected with demobilization will be sufficient to absorb all our energies for the time being. Aside from these issues, which will be more or less temporary, there are those whose importance continues permanent, such as the development of the type of municipal government, the securing of the highest class of men to give their services to the community, and the building of the city in general, according to a plan well considered in advance with reference to its beauty, its convenience, its healthfulness, and its adaptability to serve the interests of its citizens in the best possible manner.

Education Leads.

"Among these latter questions, none is more important than that of education, which in its widest sense, the war has shown to have an increasing significance. There is no city in Canada more favorably situated for successful higher education than London. There are more high schools, which are the natural feeders of a university, within easy reach of London than of any other university centre in the Dominion. The size and spirit of the city and its surroundings are also favorable towards making this a great educational centre. The need of a good building for the medical department is an imperative one at the very moment, and if the plans of the governing boards in respect to other departments of the Western University are successful, there is little question that there will very soon be such an enrolment of students as to demand a big program of extension in the way of buildings and other forms of university development."

MORE INFLUENZA IS DEVELOPING IN CITY, SAYS THE INSTITUTE

One Doctor Had Twelve New Cases Sunday.

Many new cases of influenza are developing in the city, according to information received this forenoon at the Institute of Public Health. One doctor reported today that he had twelve new cases on Sunday.

"Influenza is still here," was the comment made to The Advertiser,, "and people should continue to take precautions. Last week a number of doctors called up for the names of practical nurses for their cases."

St. Joseph's Hospital has continued to get one or two new cases a day, though there hasn't been anything to compare with the rush of some weeks ago. A similar statement is made from Victoria Hospital.

The opinion is expressed at the Institute of Public Health that even if a recurrence of influenza isn't yet taking place here there should be preparation to meet such an emergency in case it repeated as it has done in Hamilton and some other places.

While influenza has occupied the centre of the stage during the past fall, other contagious diseases have been considerate in taking a far back seat. Reports of these are very light, according to the vital statistician.

WELFARE CONGRESS TO BE HELD IN TORONTO

Several Londoners Expected to Attend Postponed Meeting.

It is expected that a number of London people interested in social welfare will attend the Social Welfare Congress to be held in Toronto on January 14, 15 and 16, which has been postponed from December 5 and 6. Postponement has been necessitated by the influenza epidemic, which has made it impossible to proceed with arrangements. The congress will be held in conjunction with the Dominion Social Service Council and the Ontario Social Service Council.

Among subjects which will be given consideration will be reconstruction of industrial life, reconstruction and the new social order, care of the feebleminded, combatting venereal diseases, immigration, child welfare and mothers' allowances.

BIBLE CLASS STARTED FOR CHRIST CHURCH

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a Bible class for men and women was started under the direction of Raymond Smith, in connection with Christ Church, Jack Dickenson being appointed president of the men's section. It is proposed to develop the class on a united plan with both a male and female set of officers, so that eventually they may be separated, if desired, without any rupture or rearrangement.

Principal Waller of Huron College has promised to give Bible instruction on Sundays December 8 and 15 and as often as he may be in the city for the week end. Men and women of all ages over 16 years are urged to attend.

MUST HELP TO REDEEM GERMANY FOR HER OWN SAKE AND OUR CREDIT

So Says Rev. W. R. McIntosh, Urging Prayer for Vanquished.

"What we must do for Germany is help to redeem her for her own sake and for the world's sake, and for our own credit," said Rev. W. R. McIntosh, speaking in the King Street Presbyterian Church on Sunday, in connection with the national thanksgiving services ordered by the Government.

His subject was, "Can Germany's Sins Be Forgiven?" "It is no easy task. Forgiveness that is moral and redeeming is never easy. Sin is a dreadful thing. Its cost to God is terrible, and terrible also to the sinner. Germany, like her great Luther, will have to climb the altar stairs of penitence for many a day and give proof to the nations of the genuineness of her change of heart. All we can do for Germany now is to pray for her," said Mr. McIntosh.

During the service, Stretcher-Bearer Gordon Golby, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Golby, 520 Charlotte street, who was recently killed in action by a gas shell on the west front, was especially mentioned. Sympathy on behalf of the congregation was extended to Mr. and Mrs. Golby by Mr. McIntosh.

MAJOR THOMAS BRADLEY ARRIVES AT ST. JOHN

Former Commander of 149th Battalion Served With A. M. C.

Major Thomas Bradley, former commander of the 149th (Lambton) Battalion, arrived in St. John, N. B., last night. Major Bradley went overseas with the 149th, but transferred to the Army Medical Corps when in England. He reverted to the rank of major in order to get to the front and served a year in France and Belgium with the A. M. C. His wife resides at 534 Dundas street. He is a physician, and was practicing in Sarnia before enlisting. Major Bradley recruited the 149th Battalion. It is thought that he came to Canada on the Scandinavian.

CHILD WELFARE WORK

Meeting Addressed by Mrs. F. M. Smith of Independence, Mo.

Mrs. F. M. Smith of Independence, Mo., addressed a woman's meeting on Saturday evening in the Latter-Day Saints' Church on child welfare and social service work. Friends from St. Thomas, Stratford, St. Marys were present.

Mrs. Smith has been connected with this class of work for over fourteen years in Kansas City, and it is hoped her instructions will be of great benefit to the local auxiliary.

Mrs. Teir, president, spoke on district work, a subject on which she is qualified to speak, being president of the district, including ten locals. The women's auxiliary of the church here has done much in the past year in the way of child welfare work and social service.

Mrs. Smith was presented with a dozen American Beauty roses at the close of her address by one of the Little Orioles, a girls' department of the auxiliary.

THREE MEN ARE COMING HERE FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.

Three returned men have left St. John, N. B., for this district, according to a message received by Ed. H. Lance, Soldiers' Aid Commission, today The message reads: "Notify next of kin," which is nearly impossible to do, as no address is given. The names are as follows: George Warren Chase, Mark Dickinson and George Joseph Drouillard. The message was sent by the Returned Soldiers' Aid Commission, which has never been heard from before by the Soldiers' Aid Commission here.

THIS SMALL RIVER NOW GREAT STREAM FLOWING TO DESERT

Work of York Street Mission Has Extended.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

Interesting Address Given in Hall Where the Movement Began Years Ago.

"Ever go swimming, boys?"

"Yes."

"You know how particular girls are about not getting their feet into the water?"

"Sure."

"Don't you like to see the river growing bigger and bigger until it is a great big roaring torrent? Last spring, when the water was so high down in the river here, I saw boys standing on cakes of ice, looking at it. If it had been me, I'm sure I'd have toppled over into the water."

"Ha, ha," came a laugh to interrupt the narrative.

The occasion of this incident was the twenty-third anniversary of the York Street Mission, and the Sunday evening service last night. The man who carried on the conversation with the boys was none other than the preacher of the evening, Rev. Dr. Peever of the First Methodist Church. It was that kind of a service, a nice, family, sociable kind, in which everybody took part from the preachers present to the tiniest babe who was obliged to crow to let its presence be known.

Interesting Decorations.

Just as on every other anniversary night in the York Street Hall, the lights were brighter than usual and decorations added the note of festivity. This year the touch of adornment was added by big clusters of chrysanthemums and flags, any number of them. There was a story about those flags which gave them unusual interest. They had been sent home from France and Belgium by a former mission boy, Frank Hier, who is coming back some day with a bride and a decoration won for valor. One day, somewhere over on the front, Frank Hier and six comrades were sent out to perform a particularly difficult and daring task on which much depended. Six gallant lads never returned to their lines. The seventh was Frank Hier and his job was so well done that he is bringing back a military medal. Three more of the Hier boys are coming back, and all of them with brides.

But, that isn't by any means all of the York Street Mission boys who have fought for King and country. If they all came back, there would be a hundred and twenty of them, almost enough to fill the Mission Hall and crowd everybody else out.

A Hard Start.

Evangelist T. L. Belcher is immensely proud of these boys. Away back 22 years ago, when it was hard sledding to start the York Street Mission, he used to carry a big pocketful of peppermints to keep quiet through the services those little fellows who were going to be brave soldiers some day.

He told about it last night.

And among those who listened to him were old people, young people, people of all ages; some of them people who had attended the opening service 22 years ago, and the children and grandchildren of some of these.

The very man who said 22 years ago: "This building shall be called the York Street Mission Hall," was there last night. It was Rev. Dr. Daniels, who hurried down after he had finished conducting the evening service in the First Methodist Church to say a few words of congratulation and greeting. The heart of his message was about the importance of finding the right centre in order to successfully draw a perfect circle of life, the centre Christ Jesus.

To get back to the sermon which started with that query to the boys in the congregation about swimming. It was about a river that started as a tiny little trickling streak from under the altar in a church and flowed out eastward, away towards the desert, increasing in volume as it made its way towards the sea, bringing health and healing wherever it passed.

The Broadening Stream.

Following the laugh of the boys about toppling off a cake of ice, there was restlessness for some minutes, tens of little girls and boys wiggling and babies wriggling, while it was a bit hard for the grown-ups to concentrate all their attention upon what was being said. But gradually, the story became so absorbing that the folks forgot to move, and the babies went to sleep.

The tiny stream, that became a mighty river of healing, said the preacher, was typical of Christianity, bringing life abundant wherever it goes. Where did the stream rise? Under the altar, the nearest place to God's throne. And he wanted his hearers to note the direction it flowed, away out to the desert, the thirsty place that needed it. That was why the York Street Mission was started 22 years ago by Evangelist and Mrs. Belcher, because there was a need for it, just in the place it was and still is located. And the little stream of Christianity starting from the fountain head of God in the years that have gone has grown in volume as the little stream of one Christian life after another has been joined to it.

"Does Christianity bring life and healing?" was a question raised by Dr. Peever. He drew attention to what the gospel of Christ has done for child life right in this city through the child welfare movement, and in this connection he said, "My heart was sad when I read of the death of Mrs. Hill, wife of the former medical officer of health in London, because of what I knew of her work for child welfare here. She was in truth, in this work of saving the children, a messenger of God."

Then he referred to what Christianity has done for the emancipation of womanhood, for the giving to labor of its proper position and bringing possessors of capital to an understanding of their stewardship. Christianity has banished slavery, polygamy, the liquor traffic, he stated, "and it can banish war," he declared.

Purse of Gold.

One of the pleasing little incidents of anniversary night was the presentation of a purse of gold to Evangelist and Mrs. Belcher as a token of the love and appreciation of their congregation, and in recognition of their devoted services through 22 years.

Replying, Mr. Belcher stated that last night's anniversary was the second he had enjoyed this fall. On the 15th of October, he and Mrs. Belcher were bidden to the home of a member of the congregation. On their arrival, they found that a party had been arranged in honor of his 72rd birthday.

"I saw the picture of the cake for Sir Wilfrid Laurier," he said, "but it was nothing to my birthday cake."

Solos, choruses, quartets, to the accompaniment of an organ and a couple of violins, and congregational singing in which everybody joined, whether they knew the words or not, and whether they were old enough to pronounce them or not, constituted the musical part of the service. The anniversary service lasted from 7 o'clock until after 9 o'clock, and nobody seemed to be weary at all, as is the wont of people at more formal church services.

DIZZINESS, CONSTIPATION
bad taste in the mouth, despondency or "the blues," and other miserable ailments call attention to the liver. It is torpid. Take Hood's Pills—they rouse the liver and relieve all liver ills. They are the old and favorite family cathartic. Purely vegetable. Gentle and thorough; 25c. All druggists.

National Cash Registers
Never Get Tired and Never Make Mistakes.
JULIUS MADDI, Sales Agent.
The N. C. R. Co. of Canada, Limited, 350 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

DECEMBER

Do we realize how near we are to Christmas? How much Christmas shopping have I done? Customers who have not finished their gift buying will find greater satisfaction (now that the December rush is on) in shopping early in the week, and early in the day—the morning is the delightful time to do your shopping now.

In return for coming out in the morning you will find the store less crowded and our staff of experienced salespeople bright and fresh and in good humor to render their best service—merchandise at its best and the afternoon hurry avoided.



The Designer
For One Year 59c

This is possibly your last opportunity at this price. We advise taking a two-years' subscription at this rate, which will be accepted during this campaign.
IF MAILED, $1.25 Year.
SINGLE COPIES.... 15c

A New Bow and a Little Girl

Form about the happiest combinaton possible to find. Here we have Ribbo. Bows to give every little girl of your acquaintance—colorful for gloomy winter days. Thy are plain colored, flowered and brocaded ribbons that will make useful and cheery greeting.

5-inch Fancy Ribbon, satin and Dresden stripe, splendid hair ribbon; in mauve, maize, red, white, pink ..... 55c yard

5½-inch Fancy Ribbon, colored stripe, Dresden border, beautiful stiff quality for hair bows, in maize, sky and pink ..... 80c yard

6-inch Fancy Ribbon, Dresden and satin stripe, for hair bows, girdles, bags, etc., in maize, mauve, alice, sky, pink or rose..... 85c yard

5½-inch Fancy Ribbon, Dresden centre, fancy border, beautiful quality for bags, in green, purple and alice ..... $1.00 yard

6-inch Fancy Ribbon, beautiful stiff quality, makes an excellent hair bow, in alice, purple, green, black and navy ground with pretty floral designs ..... 90c yard

5-inch Taffeta Ribbon, stiff quality, self spot, in alice, navy, maize, pink and sky... 85c yard

6-inch Ribbon, duchess centre, moire border, in white, pink, sky, alice, navy or rose ..... $1.25 yard

5-inch Satin Ribbon, one of the daintiest we have for hair bows, fancy bags, camisoles, pink ground with blue stripe, blue ground with pink stripe ..... 95c yard

7-inch Jacquard Ribbon, just the thing for camisoles, in daintiest maize, pink, sky or white ..... $1.75 yard

8½-inch Taffeta Ribbon, satin border, excellent quality, large floral designs, beautiful shades in red, purple and green, splendid for bags ..... $2.50 yard

Gifts of Leather Goods



Those who know the delight of possessing articles of the finer leathers will find the means of expressing this delight in choosing their gifts from our collection of uncommon leather goods. Some are decorated, some mounted, others are handsome in their severe plainness and the richness of the leather itself. These suggest what the assortment offers: Chiffon Velvet Bags, made of very fine chiffon velvet, with beautiful silk lining, fitted with purse and mirror, chenille velvet tassel, in black, taupe, Belgian blue, brown, green and grey. Price ..... 2.50 to $13.00

Genuine Pin Seal Purses, with top or backstrap, overlapping safety frame, with extra place for car tickets, etc. Prices ..... $6.00 to $20.00

Smart Hand Purses, with top or back strap, in fine Morocco and seal grain, also patent leather, place for change, bills and car tickets. Price ..... $1.50 and up

Service or Overnight Bags, in textile leather, an excellent bag for shopping, week-ends, etc. Prices $5.00 to $8.00 each

Children's Purses, in silk or leather, with little hanging mirror, great variety of colors. Prices 39c, 50c and 75c each

Photo Cases, leather, for two or three snaps, at, each ..... 25c and 39c

Men's Genuine Leather Three-Fold Billfold, in fine pin seal, Morocco or calf. Prices ..... $3.00 to $4.50 each

Ladies' Leather Handbags, with safety lock, fitted with coin purse and hanging mirror. Prices ..... $2.50 and $3.00 each

Good range of Fancy Leather Goods.

Handsome Writing Outfits ..... $3.00 to $15.50

Traveling Toilet Roll-Ups for ladies or men. Prices ..... $3.00 to $18.00

Handkerchief Cases ..... $1.50 to $4.00

Military Brushes in genuine ebony, in leather cases. Prices ..... $3.50 to $7.00 pair

Buy Toys Now

We have arranged a large bondroom, where toys selected now may be stored for later delivery. As many of the better toys cannot be duplicated this season, it will be wisdom to have your selection bonded.
A SPLENDID SELECTION OF BOOKS, INCLUDING "CHUMS," IN TOYTOWN.

AFTERNOON SPECIALS.
Served from 3 to 5:30 p.m.
Oyster Patties 15c
Cold Sliced Chicken with Currant Jelly, Thin Bread and Butter, Cut Cake, Cup of Tea 50c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED
Restaurant License No. 19-205.

AFTERNOON SPECIALS.
Served from 3 to 5:30 p.m.
Oyster Stew, Thin Bread and Butter 25c
Chicken Salad, Thousand Island Dressing, Thin Bread and Butter 40c

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

MAKE GERMANY PAY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

As a slight recognition for the lessons taught and benefits conferred, would it not be within the range of modesty to require the German Confederation to pay the dependents of every Canadian killed in action the sum of $10,000, and where there are no dependents to distribute the money among those permanently disabled by wounds. Of course, the expenses of the war to Canada would be paid in addition. Two of the lessons are that righteousness prevails over perfidy, and a civilian volunteer in a great cause is more than a match for a soldier long trained to kill his fellow-man. Three of the benefits are that the German people are relieved from the enormous expense of

1. Maintaining, equipping and training the largest standing army in the world.
2. Spending millions annually on warships and submarines.
3. Spending millions annually on supplies and armaments of war.

A fraction of these annual expenditures from which Germany is now relieved would soon pay Canada's expenses of the war and pay $600,000,000 compensation for the dead and wounded heroes of Canada who:

"As maple in the springtime gave
Her sweet wine in generous flow,
So gave our sons their blood to lave
The now free land where poppies grow."

T. J. MURPHY.

RE MILK SUPPLY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

I am greatly pleased to read that the new chamber of commerce has included in its program of work a resolution calling for the enactment and enforcement of strict regulations in the interest of public health and the thorough inspection of food and milk supply.

According to a recent newspaper article, Dr. C. S. Tamlin, in his report to the board of health, claims "that the milk supply of London is better than that of any other city." This is news to us! This would seem to include all cities in the world; but if qualified to include only the cities of Ontario it still seems a little far-fetched to me.

I am not in a position to know the conditions that hold in all the cities of the province, but have lived in Toronto. I think that if any city allows worse milk to be sold than is sold in London by some milk dealers, then that city is indeed slow, and the people "soft." When we stop to think that the open can is still in use in London, and that milk is poured from one can to another in the street amid dust and flies, and that many dealers supply milk either bottled or from the can, we may well think that some improvements would be opportune.

How does this compare with Toronto, where milk has to be brought from greater distances? There all milk must be bottled and pasteurized and all bottles scalded each time used. Our own experience in Toronto, we must confess, was confined to the milk of one company, from which we got milk continually for over three years without having to make the same complaint we have had to make about the milk received from five different dealers in London. We have come to the conclusion that it is hard to get milk here that has not a thick deposit of brown or black particles of dirt in the bottom. They say it cannot be helped, so if you don't like it you can leave it.

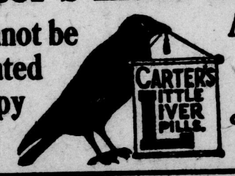
Here is hoping that the chamber of commerce sees to it that these conditions are righted; not that we believe there are no exceptions or that we want to put any unnecessary burden on anyone and eventually raise the milk price, but we want milk that we are sure is clean. Yours truly, DOUBTFUL.

"THEY WHO COME BACK."

"They Who Come Back" is the title of an artistic little book of collected verse by Amy Campbell. It is particularly suitable as a gift to soldiers or friends of the boys "coming back." Price, 35 cents, postpaid. Address, Amy Campbell, care of The Advertiser, London, Ontario. tf

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy



A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

Genuine bears signature
Brent Good

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

QUERIES ANSWERED

A SUBSCRIBER, Newbury. Q.—I have been summoned to serve as a petit juror on December 9. I understand that some petit jurors are to serve on December 3. Am I required at both sittings?

Ans.—You will be required to attend as a petit juror on December 9 only, that is, at the fall assizes, which were postponed from November 4. You are not required to attend the county court, which is being held on December 3, as it is entirely different from the supreme court, or postponed fall assizes on December 9.

UPSET STOMACH

Pape's Diapepsin at Once Ends Sours, Gases, Acidity, Indigestion.

Undigested food! Lumps of pain; belchings, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—no waiting!



The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion pain, dyspepsia, misery, the sourness, gases and stomach acidity ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any store, but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known.

RELIANCE Garage
and
SERVICE Station

Florists Telegraph Delivery Association

We are members, along with 600 up-to-date florists, representing every principal city and town of Canada and United States.

"Say It With Flowers" By Wire

DICKS FlowerShop

COUNTY COUNCIL IN SESSION HAS MANY POINTS TO DISCUSS

Highway Question and Navy Grant Among Them.

LEAGUE ASKS $21,000

But Already $2,000 of This Has Been Subscribed.

At the December sessions of the coonty council, which commenced this afternoon at 2 o'clock, the provincial highway question will be discussed. The question of a grant to the Navy League also will be discussed, and it is expected, will be laid over for next year's council at the January session. The Naval League is asking $21,000, or 50 cents per head from Middlesex. However, $2,000 have been subscribed, so that the amount wanted will only be $19,000. This has been figured out to be one-half of one mill of the tax rate.

Subjects for Discussion.

The Peterborough county council has forwarded a copy of its motion that the Provincial Government refund the auto licence fees to the counties. This will be discussed. A motion of the Frontenac County council that titles in Canada be abolished has been sent by that council to be discussed.

J. C. Miller, a turnkey at the jail, will ask that his salary be raised to $75 per month.

No More Grants.

A message from Sir Herbert Ames, head of the patriotic fund, stating that no more grants will be asked, will be read. The council will decide whether it will send a member to the Chamber of Commerce.

A petition of the residents of two school sections of Biddulph Township, asking that there be no union of the two sections, will be read and discussed. The question of erecting a suitable memorial for the soldiers who have fallen in the war will be introduced.

On Wednesday at 3 p.m., W. I. Chisholm, assistant chief inspector for Ontario, will speak on the reorganization of the inspectoral districts of Middlesex.

FOUR COMMISSIONS TO GOVERN LONDON, NEWEST PROPOSAL

City's Railway Eliminated On Solicitor's Advice.

On the advice of City Solicitor T. G. Meredith, Controller J. M. Moore has cut off the London and Port Stanley Railway commission from the list of commissions that are to be elected by the people under the form of commission government proposed by him, and which will come up for ratification by the city council at a special meeting on Friday night.

City Solicitor Meredith points out that as the railway is operating under a Dominion charter, it would be necessary to get the bylaw ratified by the Dominion Government before this commission could be included. At present its members are appointed by the city council. The board of control will recommend to the council that the bylaw he adopted as amended.

Twenty-One Elections.

There will be elected only five commissions of four members each, and the mayor, under the commission form of government as amended. The five commissions will be the following: Board of health, public utilities, board of works, finance board, and board of education. It was at first intended to include the London and Port Stanley commission.

May Be Included.

It is pointed out that when it comes up before the council the aldermen may decide that this commission should be included, and may yet be incorporated in the bylaw. If this is done and the bylaw carries, it would necessitate making an application to the Dominion and Provincial Governments for ratification before it could be adopted by the city. The twenty or twenty-four commissioners—whichever number is chosen—with the mayor, will compose the council.

Make This Your Christmas Store

It will please us to show you our many Gift Suggestions.

A small deposit will secure any article till Christmas.

Cairncross' the Chemists

216 Dundas Street. Phone 880.

LOCAL NEWS

SESSIONS TUESDAY.—The county court at which Judge Macbeth will preside will open at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. There are nineteen cases to be tried, ten of which are jury.

KHAKI DANCE TONIGHT. — The khaki dance, which is usually held every Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Overseas Chapter, I. O. D. E., will be held tonight, owing to the Masonic Hall being in use on Tuesday night.

DOING WELL.—Reports on Sunday from Victoria Hospital state that George White, a well-known Grand Trunk carshop man, is resting as well as can be expected, after undergoing a most critical operation for mastoid during Saturday.

GOES TO CONGRESS.—Miss Bertha Smith, child welfare nurse, is being sent by the London Child Welfare Association to attend the American Child Welfare Association congress, which is being held in Chicago this week.

CUSTOMS RETURNS UP. — The customs returns for the city of London for last month showed an increase of $10,975.88 over the returns of November, 1917. The returns for November, 1918, were $131,736.07, while those of November, 1917, amounted to $120,-756.19.

RECRUITS FOR SIBERIA.—Siberian forces are still being recruited, according to a report from the local mobilization centre. Although orders have been received to enlist men for Siberia, it does not apply to any other branch of the service. All recruiting for France was suspended a few days after the armistice was signed.

GOES TO CONVENTION.—Secretary A. M. Hunt of the Western Fair Association leaves tonight for Chicago to attend the annual meeting and convention of the American Association of Fairs and Expositions which is being held there this week. All the larger exhibitions of Canada and the United States will be represented at this convention.

A NEW OBJECTION. — Complaints have been received at military headquarters ever since the war started, of all kinds and descriptions, but a new one was sprung the other day when a letter was received from a lady complaining that her son had been in the army only a month and was now sent home discharged. This is the first instance of anyone objecting to the discharge of a relative.

Continued From Page One

PRESIDENT WILSON

sense, part of the public business with which it is our duty to deal. To state them is to set the stage for the legislative and executive action which must grow out of them and which we have yet to shape and determine.

"A year ago we had sent 145,198 men overseas. Since then we have sent 1,-950,613, an average of 162,542 each month, the number in fact rising in May last to 245,551, in June to 278,760, in July to 307,182, and continuing to reach similar figures in August and September—in August 289,570, and in September 257,438. No such movement of troops ever took place before across 3,000 miles of sea, followed by adequate equipment and supplies, and carried safely through extraordinary dangers of attack—dangers which were alike strange and infinitely difficult to guard against. In all this movement only 788 men were lost by enemy attacks—630 of whom were upon a single English transport, which was sunk near the Orkney Islands.

Profited By Experience.

"I need not tell you what lay back of this great movement of men and material. It is not invidious to say that back of it lay a supporting organization of the industries of the country and of all its productive activities more complete, more thorough in method and effective in results, more spirited and unanimous in purpose and effort than any other great belligerent had ever been able to effect. We profited greatly by the experience of the nations which had already been engaged for nearly three years in the exigent and exacting business, their every resource and every executive proficiency taxed to the utmost. We were the pupils. But we learned quickly and acted with a promptness and a readiness of co-operation that justify our great pride that we were able to serve the world with unparalleled energy and quick accomplishment.

"But it is not the physical scale and executive efficiency of preparation, supply, equipment and dispatch that I would dwell upon, but the mettle and quality of the officers and men we sent over, and of the sailors who kept the seas, and the spirit of the nation that stood behind them. No soldiers or sailors ever proved themselves more quickly ready for the test of battle, or acquitted themselves with more splendid courage and achievement when put to the test. Those of us who played some part in directing the great processes by which the war was pushed irresistibly forward to the final triumph may now forget all that, and delight our thoughts with the story of what our men did.

Praises the Soldiers.

"Their officers understood the grim and exacting task they had undertaken and performed with audacity, efficiency and unhesitating courage that touch the story of convoy and battle with imperishable distinction at every turn, whether the enterprise were great or small—from thir chiefs, Pershing and Sims down to the youngest lieutenant; and their men were worthy of them—such men as hardly need to be commanded and go to their terrible adventure blithely and with quick intelligence of those who know just what it is they would accomplish. I am proud to be the fellow-countryman of men of such stuff and valor. Those of us who stayed at home did our duty—the war could not have been won or the gallant men who fought it given their opportunity to win it otherwise—for over a long day we shall think ourselves 'accursed to rest not there, and hold our manhood cheap while any speaks that fought,' with these at St. Mihiel or Thierry. The memory of those days of triumphant battle will go with those fortunate men to their graves and each will have his favorite memory. 'Old men forget: yet all shall be forgot, but he'll remember with advantage what feats he did that day.'"

Went in at Critical Time.

"What we all thank God for with deepest gratitude is that our men went in force into the line of battle just at the critical moment when the whole fate of the world seemed to hang in the balance and threw their fresh strength into the ranks of freedom in time to turn the whole tide and sweep of the fateful struggle—turn it once for all, so that theneforth it was back, back, back for the enemies, always back, never again forward. After that it was only a scant four months before the commanders of the central powers knew themselves beaten: and now their very empires are in liquidation."

BOARD OF EDUCATION TO DISCUSS SALARIES

An increase in salaries for the teachers of the Collegiate Institute and the proposed assistant inspector possibly will occupy much of the attention of the members of the board of education on Tuesday afternoon. The increase in salary is recommended by the Collegiate Institute committee. Some months ago it was decided that an assistant for C. B. Edwards is necessary, but the question of the salary which will be offered has not yet been decided.

FIRST SLEIGH PARTY

Owen Sound can't claim all the honors for setting the pace for Santa Claus. London, too, had its first sleigh of winter on Sunday. It appeared about 9 o'clock on Sunday night in the vicinity of the market. It was a long, long bobsleigh, half a dozen bobs, in fact, hitched together, and loaded with youngsters. Two mettlesome steeds, otherwise a couple of boys, were dragging the sledge train, amid much shouting. London, at least, has held the first sleigh-ride party of the season.

BACK HOME AGAIN



Advertiser Illustrations.

MAJOR C. M. R. GRAHAM.

OFFICERS INSTALLED FOR LIBERAL CLUB

Enthusiastic Meeting Held and Program Arranged.

Interest in the Liberal Club is just as great as ever, if not greater. This was shown at the installation of the officers, recently elected, at a large and enthusiastic meeting held in Hyman Hall Saturday night. There was a full attendance of the newly-elected, and committees to carry on the work for 1919 were appointed. At the conclusion refreshments were served.

The weekly euchre parties that have been a feature of the club for a number of winters past will commence again this Wednesday evening in Hyman Hall, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. President Andrew Robson announced at the meeting that an opening entertainment, a sort of "get together" affair, will be held during the course of the next two weeks, when special speakers will be present, and rousing addresses will be given.

The following are the committees appointed:

House Committee—President A. Robson (chairman), First Vice-President A. Sippi, Second Vice-President P. Cameron, Secretary A. F. Tytler, Treasurer C. C. Ferguson.

Bowling and Pool—A. F. Tytler (chairman), J. Webber, J. S. Brown, Stuart Seymour, C. C. Ferguson, and A. Sippi.

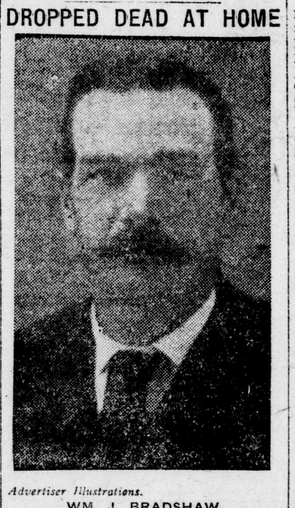
Cards—J. Lamy (chairman), D. A. Graham, Scott Murray, Reg Scott, P. Cameron, C. Keene.

Entertainment—J. S. Brown (chairman), Capt. H. Greenlees, C. Oliver, S. Seymour, W. Laurence, H. McAlpine, J. Wilson, D. Soper.

Visiting—President A. Robson (chairman), D. A. Graham, P. Cameron, Scott Murray, D. Soper, J. Webber, H. Greenlees.

Membership—Full executive, with the president as chairman.

DROPPED DEAD AT HOME



Advertiser Illustrations.

WM. J. BRADSHAW.

The death of William J. Bradshaw occurred at his residence, 59 High street on Sunday. He had recovered recently from the influenza and was apparently in good health, when yesterday afternoon while talking with his family in his home he dropped dead. He was an employee of the London and Port Stanley Railway, and had been a resident of this city for 37 years.

Mr. Bradshaw came from Belfast, Ireland, and was a member of Nassau Orange Lodge and Covenant Preceptory, the Royal Black Knights, and a member also of Myrtle Lodge, No. 2, Knights of Pythias and Court Welcome, I. O. F. He is survived by his wife, Elizabeth; one, son, Stanley, of The Advertiser, and one daughter, Mrs. Margaret Plumbe of Grand avenue, and a brother in Australia.

The funeral will be held from the family residence, 59 High street, on Tuesday to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. W. J. Ashton.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

DIED IN WINDSOR.

The death of Lawrence Roy Thomas occurred in Windsor on Saturday from Spanish influenza. He was formerly of Belton street, this city. The body will be brought here for interment.

DIED ON BIRTHDAY.

The death of Mrs. William Patton occurred on Saturday, on her birthday. She was 74 years of age, and is survived by her daughters—Mrs. Frank Lewis, Princess avenue, and Miss Patton, living at home. The funeral will be held privately on Tuesday from the family residence, 1024 York street, at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. C. H. Wickett will conduct the services.

BURIED AT WOODLAND.

Harry Frangas, a Greek, died at Port Stanley on Friday from Spanish influenza. He was 27 years of age, and kept a restaurant at Port Stanley. He was buried on Saturday in Woodland Cemetery. A service in Greek was conducted at the grave.

DIED FROM CANCER.

The death occurred in Victoria Hospital on Sunday of Wong Yung in his fortieth year. He had been ailing for some time and the immediate cause of his death was cancer. He is survived in this city, by his cousin, who resides at 341 Clarence street, his other relatives all living in China. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

DEATH OF BENJAMIN REILY.

The death of Benjamin Reily occurred at the residence of his son, lot 3, concession 11, London Township, in his 83rd year, on Sunday. He came to Canada in 1858, and had lived for the past 35 years in Nissouri. He is survived by two sons, John of London Township and James of Alberta.

The funeral will be held on Wednesday at 8:30 o'clock. Interment will be made in St. Peter's Cemetery.

EDMOND ROSTAND DEAD.

Paris, Dec. 2.—Edmond Rostand, the poet and playwright, died this afternoon. He had been ill from grippe.

CONTRASTS

Have you met those chronic kill-joys since the armistice was signed,
Who complain of lack of pep in daily news?
They miss the great big scare-head type and every day have whined
In a sneering way that gives a chap the blues.
Their minds have been surfeited with a glut of war's red rage,
And they crave sensations new in all editions;
Now the normal things of life appear upon the printed page,
They affect disdain for old pre-war conditions.

But the cheery, optimistic chap, with uplift in his soul,
Thanks the powers above that war is on the wane;
The scare-head type on front page may have thrilled the curious crowd,
But the "Roll of Honor" filled his soul with pain.
He sees ships again reported as they sail from berth to berth,
And he knows that greatest minds in all creations
Are working night and day to make a war-torn, shattered earth
Live in harmony in one great League of Nations.

—FRED YOUNG.

War Brides Beginning To Arrive Here From Old Land; One Lands In City With American Husband

Several Get Off Train at Woodstock and Others Are Due To Get Here Soon—Accommodation For Them Required.

The war brides who have arrived in Canada from overseas are beginning to reach this part of Western Ontario, some of them coming in to London this forenoon. The conductor on the C. P. R. train reaching London at 11:35 o'clock stated that four English war brides had come on his train to Woodstock. At 12:10 o'clock among those who stepped off the train from the east was Pte. Chase of the C. A. M. C., who went over with a detachment from No. 1 Depot Division three years ago.

He brought back with him his young wife, who was getting her first experience of Canadian ways. One thing she couldn't understand was why he didn't go to claim their trunks as soon as they were taken off the baggage car. She was a very weary war bride, indeed, after two whole days and nights on the train without ever removing her shoes.

Pte. Chase came from "the other side" to enlist in London with the A.M.C. and consequently was not very familiar with the course of procedure to adopt on his arrival here. They were finally sent to the Princess Barracks for luncheon by instruction of Lieut.-Col. G. W. Nelson, and from there were to be put in touch with the Soldiers' Aid Commission in regard to suitable rooming accommodation.

It was stated that three or four war brides had come in on the same train. In fact, they had come from overseas on the same boat as Chase and his wife, the Metagama, which reached St. Johns, N. B., a few days ago. Others are due soon.

Accommodation Needed.

Ed. Lance, secretary of the Soldiers' Aid Commission states that he will be glad to receive the names of any rooming or boarding house keepers who can give temporary accommodation to returned soldiers and their wives, or to the war brides. "There is practically no housing accommodation, and something must be done at once," he says, adding that such a case as that of Pte. Chase and his wife demonstrates the immediate need of a hostel where soldiers having passes can go directly from the train with their wives and families, or to which wives of soldiers arriving alone can be directed.

YOUNG MEN FOUND BEHIND COUNTER IN TAYLOR DRUG STORE

Have Thermos Bottle in Their Possession.

TRACKED BY CONSTABLE

Had Entered Store by Cellar Window in Early Morning Hours.

Two young men pleaded guilty in police court today to stealing a thermos bottle from the Wellington and Horton street branch of the Taylor Drug Company early Sunday morning. A third who had been seen with the other young men at midnight by Constable Malcolm McRae, was sent for trial after an inquiry had been made.

Constable McRae told of seeing the boys about midnight walking along Wellington street in the neighborhood of the Taylor Drug Company, and when he returned to the corner of Wellington and Horton 40 minutes later, one of the boys who had been standing at the corner, made off up Horton street. His speed made the constable suspicious, and he stood in a near-by doorway while the young fellow went round the block, but on his return, searching him, found nothing, and allowed the youth to go to his home on Simcoe street. McRae then made a careful search of the premises and tell-tale foot prints in the snow led to the cellar window of the drug store, which had been broken. The constable waited for an hour until Constable William McCullough arrived on the scene. The latter immediately entered the cellar, and on going upstairs found the two boys crouched behind one of the counters with a thermos bottle in their possession. They were put under arrest and taken to the station, a call being made at the house of the other boy. He, too, was led off to the cells.

J. M. McEvoy, who appeared for one of the lads and Crown Attorney J. B. McKillop had several warm passages during the course of the inquiry, but finally left the courtroom together like two cooing doves.

BYLAW AGAINST SMOKE NUISANCE EXISTS; HARD TO ENFORCE PROVISIONS

In connection with the suggestion of Controller J. M. Moore regarding the complaints in reference to the smoke from the Collegiate Institute, First Methodist Church, Y. M. C. A. and apartment houses, City Engineer H. A. Brazier says there is a bylaw covering this. He was requested to report to No. 2 committee on the question. There have been no complaints made to him, he states, but he will recommend that the parties be communicated with in reference to the abating of the smoke in some way.

Bylaw No. 4796 states that opaque or dense smoke must not be allowed to escape into the atmosphere for a period of more than six minutes in any one hour. This does not apply to private residences, excepting apartment houses of more than three stories and basement in height. Plants for the reduction, smelting or refining of ores and minerals, or for the manufacture of cement, are also excluded from the provisions of the bylaw.

Under the bylaw no prosecution may be started against any offenders until at least 90 days' notice has been given in writing by the municipality. The penalty provided is a fine not to exceed $50 for each offence.

Dispensing

Quality Care Reliability

All embodied in our prescription work. Established 1874. Four graduate druggists.

STRONG'S Drug Store

184 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

37tf

MORTALLY WOUNDED BEFORE ARMISTICE



Advertiser Illustrations

Pte. Thomas S. Bayley, who is in the employ of Brig.-Gen. L. W. Shannon, is another parent who has received the heart rending message that his son had been mortally wounded a few days before the armistice was signed. Pte. Bayley, who is a veteran of the Northwest rebellion, was notified by Ottawa today that his son, Pte. William Carroll Bayley had died of wounds in a London Hospital. The lad, who was but 23 years of age, enlisted in the A. S. C. here and has been in France for a year and a half. He had been gassed twice, but on each occasion was able to return to duty. Before enlisting, Pte. Bayley was employed in the Ford Motor Company, Detroit, Mich.

An effort will be made by his father to have the remains sent home for burial. Besides his parents, the young soldier is survived by four sisters, Mrs. Florence Probyn, and the Misses Ethel, Gretta and Mildred, all of this city, and one brother, Alvin.

L. AND P. S. R. RATES DISCUSSION MAY BE LEFT OVER TONIGHT

Sir Adam Beck Not Expected at Council Meeting.

INCREASE IS PROPOSED

Some Aldermen Determined That People Shall Vote On Question.

Increased fares for the London and Port Stanley Railway Company probably will not be discussed by the aldermen at the council meeting tonight, as Sir Adam Beck may not be present. It is expected that he will attend the meeting in the Y.M.C.A. auditorium in connection with the proposed route west from London of the provincial highway.

Aldermen S. R. Manness says that in any event the citizens will have the final say in the matter and it is his opinion that they will not grant the request. Sir Adam Beck and Philip Pocock with J. E. Richards, manager of the London and Port Stanley Railway, waited on the council recently to request that the commission be allowed the privilege of increasing the excursion fares from 30 cents.

Amount Not Stated.

The amount of the increase was not stated nor was it definitely stated that an increase would be made. The members of the council preferred that if the request were granted the commission would probably increase the rates.

It was admitted that the commission had made an agreement with the M. C. R. in reference to carrying its freight that was not advantageous to the commission's cash account. In fact it was pointed out that it is a losing proposition as far as this is concerned.

The Alternative.

Several of the aldermen intimated that rather than make the citizens pay higher fares to Port Stanley during the summer holiday some effort should be made to get increased rates from the M.C.R. Sir Adam Beck informed the council that as there is an agreement with the M.C.R. which has three years to run, this could not be done.

Ald. Manness intimates that he will press for a referendum of the voters to be taken on the question. He thinks they should decide as to whether the commission is to be allowed to increase the rates.

DEATH OF MRS. ANDERSON.

The death of Christina Anderson occurred on Sunday at the family residence, 567 Duffer in avenue. She is survived by three brothers, Archie, Will and Robert of this city, and three sisters, Mrs. F. B. McLeod of Grand Rapids, Mrs. J. Downing of Minneapolis, and Mrs. A. Somerville of Lambeth.

The funeral will be held on Tuesday from the family residence at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made in Woodland Cemetery. Rev. W. R. McIntosh will conduct the services.

REGULAR TALKFEST ANTICIPATED AT THE MEETING OF COUNCIL

Executive Committee's Duties Will Be Discussed.

OPINIONS VARY WIDELY

Whether the New Body Shall Have Any Authority, Is Problem.

One of the good old talkfests for which some of the former councils were noted is expected to be held at the council meeting tonight. Among the subjects that will cause considerable discussion is the procedure bylaw, proposing the appointment of an executive committee for next year. This is intended to make up for the board of control, which passes out of existence this year after five years of more or less usefulness, according to the members of the council who have not sat on the board at any time.

Ald. P. J. Watt is one of those who thinks that the usefulness of the board has been decidedly less.

Difference of Opinion.

Controller C. H. Merryfield thinks otherwise, and is ready at all times to stand behind his opinion. This is possibly where the discussion may arise, as each one has his following in the council. Members of No. 2 committee want the new executive committee to act as a check on the other committees only, while No. 1 committee thinks it should have power to deal with any matters requiring immediate attention.

This phase of the question was fought out at a joint meeting of the two committees last Tuesday night. With the exception of one or two members, No. 2 committee voted solidly against the latter plan.

Motion Carried.

The motion to give the executive committee this authority was carried, however, No. 1 committee voting strongly for it. It was pointed out by its defenders that if the committee is to be a joke committee it had better not be appointed. Members of No. 2 committee wanted to keep as far away from the appearance of evil as possible. In other words, they wanted nothing that savors of the board of control.

Whether the members of the council will take the same stand on the question as they did at that meeting, no one will hazard a guess. Some were there who did not express an opinion then. It is possible that they may do so tonight. Others may have changed their opinion since that night. At any rate, an interesting discussion is anticipated.

NURSING SISTERS LEAVE FOR EUROPE

Nine nursing sisters are leaving tonight for the east, on their way overseas. Headquarters has had no definite word as to where they will be sent when they arrive in England. It is rumored that they will be used for relief, so as to make it possible for some of the nurses who have seen service in France to return home.

CAR IN GARAGE, BUT OWNER PAYS HIS FINE

B. Faulds Does Not See How Motor Was Offending.

B. Faulds, charged in police court today with allowing his automobile to lead a fast life, (39 miles an hour), pleaded that his car, so far as he and his wife knew, had never been out of the garage on the day in question, but of course he couldn't swear that it hadn't been out cutting up.

The magistrate was just as sorry as Mr. Faulds over the matter, but pointed out the fact that the police constable had got his number and what could he do in the matter.

"What gets me is how any policeman could get my number if I was going 39 miles an hour," observed Mr. Faulds.

"If the policeman had good eyesight that would be easy," returned Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon.

"Not on my car; the numbers are generally pretty well mud covered," came back Mr. Faulds. "However, I guess about all you can do is fine me."

"I guess you're right. Five dollars and costs," stated Mr. Graydon in dulcet tones. Mr. Faulds paid.

WALL STREET.

New York, Dec. 2—Wall Street, 1:30 p.m.—United States Steel's rally of 1¼ points was accompanied by moderate strength in Bethlehem and Crucible Steels, but Lackawanna Steel reflected the recent suspension of extra dividends. Rails, metals and specialties held most of their gains, but utilities shaded.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, Dec. 2.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Corn—				
Dec.	$1 25⅜	$1 29¼	$1 25⅜	$1 28⅝
Jan.	1 26	1 29⅛	1 26	1 28⅞
Feb.	1 27⅛	1 29¼	1 26¼	1 28⅝
Oats—				
Dec.	72⅝	73⅝	72	73⅛
Jan.	71⅝	73⅛	71⅝	72¾
Feb.	71⅞	72	71⅞	72½

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 2.—Closing prices today were:

British 5 per cent loan	94½
British 4½ per cent loan	99¼
Atchison, com.	98
Baltimore & Ohio	57
Canadian Pacific	177
Chesapeake & Ohio	61
Chicago Great Western	9
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	56
De Beers	15⅞
Denver & Rio Grande	10
Erie, com.	23
Erie, 1st pfd.	35
Grand Trunk	12
Illinois Central	105
Louisville & Nashville	122
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	8
New York Central	82
Norfolk & Western	111
Ontario & Western	25
Pennsylvania Railway	49
Rand Mines	3½
Reading Railway	88
Southern Railway	35
Southern Pacific	107
Union Pacific	138

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]

Toronto, Dec. 2.

	Asked.	Bid.		Asked.	Bid.
Am Cy.	41½	..	Stl Can.	59¾	59
Ames. p.	71½	..	Tw City.	51	50
Barcel.	12¾	12½	Win Ry.	48	..
Brazilian	51¾	51	Banks—		
Bell Tel.	130	..	Com'rce.		185
Burt, c.	63½	..	Dom.	202	..
Cement.	62	61¾	Imperial.	..	190
C Bread.	12¾	..	Merch.	187	..
C S L.	46½	46	NScotia	248	..
do pfd.	77	76½	Ottawa	201	..
CGElec.	105½	104½	Royal	208	..
C Dairy.	50	..	Stand.	200	..
do pfd.	..	85	Toronto	187	..
Conlife	325	..	Union.	..	153
C Smelt.	24⅜	..	Loans, etc.—		
Con Gas.	150	..	C Land.	148¾	..
Canners.	31	29½	C Perm.	..	168
do pfd.	..	71	C Invest.	..	69
DSteelC.	61¼	61	H Prov.	..	133
Dom Tel	80	..	H & E.	204	..
Duluth	41	..	20% pd.	196	..
Mackay.	76½	76	L Bank.	..	140
do pfd.	64½	63½	L & C.	126½	..
Monarch	..	46	T Mort.	134	..
NSCar, p.	..	25	Bonds—		
NSSteel.	63½	..	C Bread.	92	90
Penmans.	..	79	C Loco.	90	..
do pfd.	..	83	D Iron.	..	85
Petrol.	1575	1488	Elec Dev.	..	84½
PRico, p.	81	..	M L & P	60	..
Russell.	75	..	Penmans.	..	85
Sawyer.	25	..	Ontario.	..	76
do pfd.	40	..	Spanish.	82	..
S Wheat.	116	..	Thar Loan		
Span, p.	55	..	1937.	96¼	96

RUBBERS---



"DOMINION BRAND"
"MERCHANTS' BRAND"
RED SOLES
FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN

First Quality Rubbers Only

Ashplant's THE GOOD SHOE STORE

LONDONER IS WOUNDED THREE DAYS AFTER THE SIGNING OF ARMISTICE



PTE. G. F. SLYFORD.

Advertiser Illustrations

John Slyford, 781 Nelson street, has been officially notified that his son, Pte. George Frederick Slyford, was admitted to the 20th General Hospital at Etaples on November 14 suffering from gunshot wounds in the left thigh and knee. Pte. Slyford enlisted with the Army Medical Corps on August 10, 1915. In December, 1915, he transferred to the Cycle Corps, and left for training at Toronto on January 20, 1916. He left Toronto for overseas on April 25. Pte. Slyford was in training at Chiseldon camp in England for a year, left for France on May 18, 1917, and was in France until he was wounded. From the time that he left Canada until he has embarked from England Pte. Slyford was under the command of Lieut. Featherly. Prior to enlistment he was employed at the I. X. L. Spice and Coffee Company.

SEES NEW IMPERIAL SPIRIT AS RESULT OF THE WAR'S OUTCOME

Rev. H. H. Bingham Would Recognize All Parts of Empire.

"The New Imperialism" was the subject of an address given before the London Rotary Club at noon today by Rev. H. H. Bingham.

As the outcome of the war Mr. Bingham sees a new spirit throughout the British Empire an imperial spirit which will weld the various parts of the Empire closer together recognizing the Hindus, South Africans, New Zealanders, Canadians, and other nationalities, as part of a united whole. In this spirit, the speaker said, he would rather welcome a boatload of loyal Hindus to the shores of Canada than a load of treacherous Huns.

Drop "Little Canadianism."

He declared that Canadians must get away from "little Canadianism" and think and act in terms of imperialism.

Mr. Bingham also foresees an imperial parliament, representing the entire Empire, with separate parliaments for the internal affairs of each country, even possibly separate parliaments for England, Ireland and Scotland. He was opposed to the idea of each nation having a separate navy scattered throughout the world, believing it the duty of each part of the Empire to contribute funds to the imperial navy. He also considered it desirable for the Empire to trade within itself as one family.

Doubts War Elimination.

Mr. Bingham also remarked that he was not so sanguine as some other people as to the possibility of eliminating war, believing that war was not improbable so long as human nature remained unchanged.

W. H. Rossiter rendered a solo most acceptably, accompanied by C. E. Wheeler.

"Y" WORKERS TO MEET AT SUPPER TONIGHT

In connection with the joint campaign of the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A., to raise $30,000, which commences tonight, 300 workers will meet at supper in the Y. M. C. A. at 6:15 this evening to complete arrangements. W. R. Yendall, campaign chairman, will preside. Col. W. J. Brown and Dr. H. A. Knowles will address the gathering. Full information regarding the campaign and allotment of the districts will be announced.

The committees are compased of the following citizens:

Program—W. J. Clark, R. J. Webster, A. F. Nash, W. E. Robinson.

Advertising—Dr. K. P. R. Neville, G. F. Copeland, C. G. Markle, C. T. Glass, David Allan.

Lists—E. E. Reid, R. D. McDonald, N. Mills.

Teams—J. J. Foot, A. A. Langford, W. D. Beemer.

The team captains are as follows: John Bridge, W. T. Clark, Capt. J. Watt, Rev. H. T. Fergusson, C. B. Parkinson, D. H. McDermid, P. B. Fetterly, R. I. Watson, C. R. May, C. B. King, Mesdames F. White, McDonald, Gemmell, Leigh, E. E. Reid, Edwards, Winnett, Tanner, T. W. McFarland, Ashplant, C. B. King, John White, McEvoy, Dickson, Greenaway, Jeffery, Cahill, Sumner, Elliott, Haldane, Perkin, Moore, A. E. Miller, and Misses Leach and Curtis.

COMPENSATION ACT

Beneficiaries—Bring your claim papers here for completion. No charge for this service.

THE GEO. H. DAVIS INSURANCE AGENCY.

208 Royal Bank Bldg. Phones 776-2922. xx

$2.50 to $7.50 No charge for fitting. Anderson & Nelles, London. wvts

BANQUET COFFEE

Our own blend—fresh roasted and ground to your order—a pound, 50c.

WYCKOFF & GAFENY.

Durdas Street at Ridout.

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CUNARD ANCHOR ANCHOR-DONALDSON

PASSENGER SERVICE.

Q. S. T. S. 'AQUITANIA'

WILL SAIL FROM

HALIFAX for LIVERPOOL

December 8

For full information apply to local agents or

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., LTD., General Agents (Canadian Service)

50 King Street East, Toronto. 561

Plenty Of Sorrow But No Drink For Thirsty Reporters

Inspector Keenleyside and Sergt. Birrell Prove Real Diplomats.

Sergt. Robert Birrell has the interests of the police court reporters at heart. In fact, he has the interests of all mankind tucked away in his sturdy bosom. Both reporters had indulged in salty "eats" Sunday, and in confidential tones asked License Inspector J. E. Keenleyside's right hand man this morning for at least a sniff of one of the many corked bottles, half full of whiskey that the sergeant has tucked away in his own locker at the police station.

"How about a little nip, sergeant?" inquired the scribes in hopeful tones. "Remember Christmas is coming and we've written some pretty good stories about you lately. Surely they're worth a measley little drink."

It's Mixed.

"Maybe," admitted the police court stalwart, but boys I tell you the stuff in those bottles is poison. I've got the good 'licker' mixed up with the poor stuff, and I've got twelve bottles ready to turn over to Inspector Keenleyside here. I'm sorry about it though, if you had only seen me before I mixed it all up it might have been different," he concluded in the tones of a diplomat.

"What's a little thing liked mixed whiskey in our young lives?" quoth the alleged news gatherers as they set sail for friend Keenleyside, who was conferring with the chief of police on matters of import across the courtroom.

So Sorry.

However, fond hopes were only born to be chloroformed and otherwise put to death by the inspector. He was just as sorry as the sergeant that a drink was not to be had. In fact, it was a crying shame, etc., (here Mr. Keenleyside waxed eloquent). If doctors who hadn't gone across wouldn't come across, he could only suggest that his two unfortunate friends who had dipped too deeply into the salt cellars should make tracks for Victoria Hospital where the booze had been carted. In other words the buck was passed to Superintendent Thomas Heard of the hospital staff.

For External Use.

Mr. Keenleyside pictured in glowing terms the joy of having one's limbs rubbed with "hot stuff" down at the hospital. "For Rubbing Only" was the way the Scotch and Imperial was labelled when it went south to Ottaway avenue.

By this time the reporters decided that there was no possibility of avoiding substitutes and wearily hied themselves away to "Charlie's" for an egg flip and to discuss the possibilities of being taken on as whiskey rubber at Victoria Hospital.

SOLDIERS EXPECTED EARLY ON TUESDAY

Latest reports are to the effect that the soldiers who were expected to arrive in the city this evening will not arrive until some time early Tuesday morning. They have been delayed at Montreal, according to word that the Soldiers' Aid Commission has received. It is not known definitely what time they will come in, but it is anticipated that they will not detrain until 8 o'clock in the event of their coming in earlier.

FARMERS WILL TRY TO GAIN RECIPROCITY AT THE POLLS

Council of Agriculture Completes Platform

CANDIDATES MUST COMPLY

Convention Decides To Support Only the Men Who Espouse Its Cause.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 1.—Six resolutions, forming the eleventh plank of the Canadian farmers' economic platform, passed on Friday evening by the Canadian Council of Agriculture, were announced Saturday by Norman P. Lambert, secretary.

The resolutions complete the platform arranged by the council during the conference. One of the resolutions urges the placing in the field at the next general election of candidates who will support the platform enunciated by the Canadian Council of Agriculture.

Following are the new resolutions passed on Friday night:

Better School System.

That this council recognizes the great importance of such an educational system as will train the rising generation in the highest ideal of citizenship, and that we co-operate with those who are promoting a national congress on education;

That this council approves strongly of the work done by the laboratory in Winnipeg, and urges upon the Dominion Government the elaboration and extension of the system of laboratories for making accurate milling and baking tests of Canadian wheat, in order to secure more nearly the intrinsic value of the wheat upon the market;

That the executive take steps to investigate the conditions surrounding the marketing of stock, particularly the various items of expense that are charged against shipments;

Discharging Soldiers.

That the post-discharge allowance to returned soldiers be increased to cover a period of six months instead of three months;

That the executive be given authority to take action in connection with any movement towards standardization of text books on the schools of Canada;

That this council recommends to the provincial associations that they take action in whatever manner they deem advisable to secure the nomination and election of candidates at the next federal election who will indorse and support the platform adopted by this council."

NEW GREEK COMMANDER.

ATHENS, Dec. 1.—The appointment of General Paraskevopoulos to succeed General Danglis, as commander-in-chief of the Greek army, who retired, is announced in an official communication. General Paraskevopoulos was closely identified with the revolutionary movement in Greece.

BAVARIA WILL OPEN NEGOTIATIONS FOR A SEPARATE PEACE

Silesia Threatens to Separate From Prussia if Constituent Assembly Is Not Immed iately Called — Election Date Provisionall y Set for Feb. 16.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Bavaria will open negotiations for a separate peace with the Entente Allies, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Zurich, which adds that the rupture between the governments of Berlin and Munich is now complete.

The Government of Germany is supported by Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who placed the army at its disposal and refuses to resign or to dismiss Dr. W. S. Solf, foreign secretary in the coalition cabinet, or Dr. Mathias Erzberger.

Kurt Eisner, Bavarian premier, explained to a meeting in Munich that the breaking off of relations between Bavaria and the Berlin Government was due to the fact that the German foreign office was the base of a counter revolutionary movement, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

EISNER'S FALL PREDICTED.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30.—Advices from Bavaria say the fall of Premier Eisner is expected soon, and that Herr Auer, a Socialist, is mentioned as his successor.

The People's Council at Breslau today sent an ultimatum to the German Government demanding immediate convocation of the constituent assembly and threatening that Silesia would separate from Prussia unless a satisfactory answer is received within 48 hours.

ELECTION DATE SET FOR FEB. 16.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—By the Associated Press.—The Council of the People's Commissioners has fixed February 16 for elections to the constituent assembly, conditional on the approval of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Congress, which meets December 16.

The empire will be divided into 38 electoral districts, to which from six to sixteen seats each will be allotted, according to the population. The empire's territory as it existed before the war will be taken as the basis of division.

"St. Andrew's Day Never Dawned Brighter"—Haig

TORONTO, Dec. 1.—Messages from the British and Canadian commanders on the battlefields were read by Rev. Professor Robert Law at the St. Andrew's Day service in old St. Andrew's Church this evening. The messages were received this morning in answer to greetings sent by the St. Andrew's Society of Toronto.

Following were the messages:

"St. Andrew's Day will never have dawned brighter than it will this year, for the sons of Scotland throughout the world have indeed played a glorious part in the triumphant vindication of these ideals for which all free nations stand.

(Signed) "SIR DOUGLAS HAIG."

"In the bitter struggle, now happily past, none bore themselves more bravely on the field of battle than the sons of old Scotland; they most worthily upheld the proudest traditions of their ancestors.

(Signed) "SIR ARTHUR CURRIE."

TWO MEN DEAD AND SEVEN NEAR EXHAUSTION TAKEN FROM A DRIFTING RAFT

TRENTON, Ont., Dec. 1.—Charles Jardine and George Tryon, sailors, of Buffalo, are dead, and Captain McMinn and the remainder of his crew of nine are lying in farm houses some distance from Trenton recovering from the effects of exposure following the sinking off the Scotch Bonnets, a point in Lake Ontario some distance from Trenton, of the bow section of the steamer Northwest, which was brought through the Welland Canal in two pieces.

The bow end of the steamer Northwest cut loose from her tow some distance from Rochester during a storm on Wednesday. The crew took to a raft made of wreckage when the section sunk in a hundred feet of water during a severe storm, and drifted to the beach some distance east from Consecon during the early hours of Friday morning. Unfamiliar with the locality, the men wandered for some miles along the beach before they encountered farmers and were given shelter. One of their number was in a critical condition when Dr. Fielding reached them from Consecon. Jardine and Tryon died on the beach.

TO FOSTER GOOD-WILL AMONG ENGLISH-SPEAKING

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Announcement was made here today that the Sulgrave Institution, organized to foster good feeling among English-speaking peoples, will hold celebrations in 2,500 cities and towns in the United States on December 7, to celebrate Britain's achievements in the great war.

BURIED AT INGERSOLL.

INGERSOLL, Dec. 1.—The funeral was held Saturday morning to the Church of the Sacred Heart of Michael Lahey, whose death occurred at the family residence, King Hiram street. The service was conducted by the Rev. Father Gnam, and the pallbearers were Thomas Clear, Bert Hemsworth, Isaac McGhee, Judson Butler, Thomas Huntley and D. Shehan. Interment was made in the Catholic Cemetery.

HOLLAND TAKES UP THE CASE OF FORMER KAISER

Commission Appointed To Determine Status of "Guest."

LONDON TIMES OUTSPOKEN

If One Culprit Could Be Singled Out, William Would Be the One.

THE HAGUE, Saturday, Nov. 30.—The Netherlands Government has appointed a commission to report on the position which the former German emperor occupies in Holland.

The relationship of the Dutch Government to legal questions which may arise respecting William Hohenzollern's admission to and his stay in Holland also will be inquired into. The commission consists of B. C. J. Lodaer, Prof. A. A. H. Struycken and A. E. Alex.

THE TIMES SPEAKS OUT.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 30.—(British Wireless Service.)—Discussing plans for bringing to justice former Emperor William of Germany the Times asserts that "if we had to single out one culprit for punishment, he would be the person." The paper adds that the argument that he cannot be punished, because there are others who also are guilty cannot be admitted.

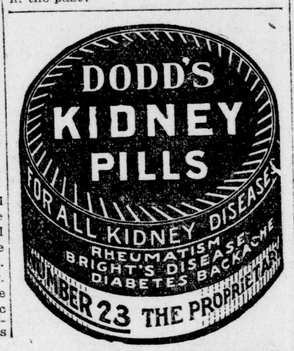
"By that argument," the Times continues, "a felon caught in the act would escape punishment, because there are other felons who have not yet been brought to judgment, and neither law nor common sense would listen to such a plea.

There Are Others.

"Besides, it is not proposed to punish the kaiser alone. There are others, too, who will be placed on trial; but he is the chief, because most highly criminal.

"The one argument against doing what we can to bring this arch criminal to justice is that at present he is a mean and contemptible figure, hiding his head from the ruin he brought on his country, and that if we prosecute him we may somehow impart dignity to him.

"On the other hand . . . . how can respect for international law in the future be based on the immunity of the principal offender against its provisions in the past?"



BERLIN WANTS NEUTRAL BODY TO DETERMINE CAUSE OF WAR

Note Sent To All Allies Through the Swiss.

KAISER BLAMES HOLLWEG

In Interview Just Before Leaving Germany, Tries to Absolve Himself.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—Via Amsterdam.—The German Government has proposed to the Entente nations that a neutral commission be established to examine the question as to who was responsible for the war.

The proposal is contained in a note to Switzerland for transmission to France, Great Britain, Italy and the United States. It asks that all the belligerents place their secret documents at the disposal of the commission.

ZIMMERMANN VS. EISNER.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—By the Associated Press.—Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, former secretary of foreign affairs, replying to the charge of Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, that the Government at Berlin was responsible for the war, declares in the Deutsche Zeitung:

"We did, in fact, consider, that with the crime of Sarajevo, Austria-Hungary's hour of destiny had struck. We did not prompt Austria-Hungary to her action, but expressly advised her against it. The Vienna ultimatum, which we considered too severe, was communicated to us too late for an endeavor to mitigate it."

KAISER IMPALES HOLLWEG.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30.—By the Associated Press.—Former Emperor William of Germany attempted to shift the blame for the war to the shoulders of Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, former German imperial chancellor, and Gottlieb von Jagow, former minister of foreign affairs, in a private conversation he had with Dr. George Wegener, five days before he fled from Germany, according to a report of the interview, written for the Cologne Zeitung by Dr. Wegener.

The emperor told Dr. Wegener that the Government's policy for the last weeks before the outbreak of the war had been carried on by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and Herr von Jagow alone.

"I knew no more about it than that," he declared. "Against my will they sent me to Norway," William is quoted as having said.

His Protest In Vain.

"I did not wish to undertake the voyage, because the gravity of the situation after the murder of Archduke Francis Ferdinand was clear at first sight. But the chancellor said to me: "'Your majesty must take this voyage in order to maintain peace. If your majesty remains here it undoubtedly means war and the world will lay to your charge responsibility for this war.'

"Well, I undertook the voyage. During all this time I received no report from my Government concerning current events. Strictly speaking I only learned from Norwegian newspapers of what was occurring in the world, and in this way I learned of the Russian mobilization measures.

Saved Germany's Ships.

"But when I heard that the British fleet had put to sea, I returned of my own accord. They had nearly caught me. On my orders, German ships returned at once to the security of Norwegian harbors. Later it would not have been possible for them to do so."

The emperor then mentioned declarations of Gen. W. A. Soukhomlinoff, Russian minister of war, during the investigations which occurred afterwards, which he later altered to the statement that he had not ordered real mobilization, but only readiness for mobilization. The emperor, however, insisted on the correctness of the first declaration, according to which the czar had been caused by the kaiser to recall his order for mobilization.

All Russia's Fault.

He declared that Gen. Nicholas Januschkevitch, chief of the Russian imperial general staff, deceived the czar and the order was carried out in spite of him. This mobilization, the kaiser would have it, was the final reason for the war.

The Russian war party at the court, the kaiser continued, had already in the spring of 1914, compelled the czar to make preparations for war. From that time Siberian regiments were gradually drawn westward. They were told that manoeuvres were the reason for these movements, and thus they marched on to the Volga river, and farther westward until they reached Vilna, where they were suddenly handed out loaded cartridges and told that they were now going to fight in earnest.

"In fact," said the kaiser, in ending the interview, "Russian troops were already over our frontier before war was declared."

PERU CALLING RESERVES ARMY TO THE COLORS

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 30.—The army reserves in this region have been called to the colors.

Three more Chilean consuls sailed for Valparaiso today.

CHILEANS ON WARPATH.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 1.—A great patriotic demonstration, directed against Peru, was held here yesterday, and continued until midnight. It was the largest ever seen in Santiago, and included almost the entire population between the ages of 16 and 60.

KING OF WURTTEMBURG FORMALLY ABDICATES

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 1.—The King of Wurttemberg has formally abdicated, according to reports from Stuttgart.

Three Million German Troops Moving East to Rhine in Good Order

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—By the Associated Press.—Three million German troops, a million horses, and great quantities of baggage, are moving towards the Rhine from Belgium and Northern France, in an orderly manner, according to a special telegram from Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussia. The troops are carrying their own provisions.

PIONEER OF WEST OXFORD SUCCUMBS

INGERSOLL, Dec. 1.—By the death of John Thompson, which occurred today at the family residence, Charles street, West Oxford County, lost another pioneer resident. Mr. Thompson was in his 91st year, and had resided in Oxford County since 1847, when he engaged in farming in Dereham Township. He was a man of splendid physique and possessed a very rugged constitution.

Despite his advanced age, he had known little illness and had only been confined to his house for a month. He was born in Yorkshire, England, and came to Canada in 1841, settling in Markham Township, where he remained for eight years, when he removed to Dereham. He came to Ingersoll thirty-seven years ago, and had resided here ever since. Although always deeply interested in public affairs he never held public office, but gave support to all measures intended to advance community interests. Two sons William and J. B. Thompson, both of Ingersoll, survive. The funeral, private, will be held on Tuesday to the Harris Street Cemetery, East Oxford.

WARNING!

Don't Put Off Buying Your New Edison Until the Last Minute!

We cannot guarantee that present prices will be maintained indefinitely. Buy now and protect yourself against increases.

TO those interested in securing a New Edison, particularly those who contemplate buying for Christmas, heed this warning.

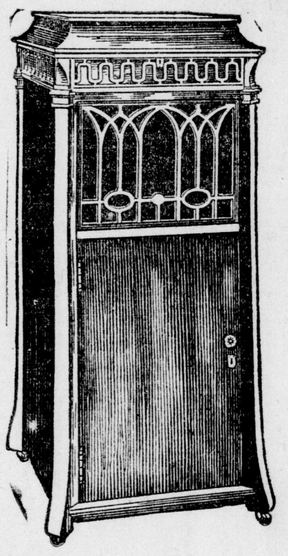
The unprecedent present demand for New Edisons, combined with advices from the Edison laboratories to the effect that the available supply of instruments for the 1918 season is almost exhausted, makes it necessary to sound a warning. From the present indications, the complete line of New Edisons will not be available to all "last-minute" purchasers.

The dull, dread pain of war is lifted at last from the hearts of the people. An era of rejoicing, of loosened pulse-strings, of preparation for the homecoming of our boys is at hand. Music in the home must be part of the preparing welcome for the returning soldier. It has been our greatest solace; it must be now our greatest inspiration for the new and better world-life before us.

The NEW EDISON

NO NEEDLES TO CHANGE —PLAYS ALL RECORDS

Tuesday, Dec. 3, will be our Grand Opening Day, from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Attend if you possibly can.



DON'T WAIT---SELECT YOUR EDISON NOW

W. McPHILLIPS

238 DUNDAS STREET

Soldiers Coming Home!

Coming home! Yes, sir! Fifty thousand of 'em to good old London!

Heroes of Ypres and Passchendaele, the men who took Vimy Ridge and wrecked the German hope forever when they smashed through the Hindenburg line.

When they reach London, what is one of the things they will look for?

The Red Triangle! Sure! The Red Triangle of the Y. M. C. A. that has stood by them from beginning to end, not asking questions, standing ready to help, to lend a hand, to meet the need, whatever it was.

Your money did that at the front. Do you want the same friendly hand stretched out to the soldier when he gets back to London? Shall the Red Triangle be your representative with him, to show a human interest, speak the word of good cheer and welcome, to offer those little courtesies and services which the Government cannot provide, which no other institution is prepared to supply?

We are not going to lose interest in the men from "over there," are we? Not much! We are going to see them through handsomely.

"THE RED TRIANGLE"

Joint Campaign

Y.M.C.A.

Y.W.C.A.

Y.M.C.A.

$30,000

December 3, 4 and 5

Let Everybody Lend a Hand!



FRENCH REPUBLIC

Loan of Liberation

New 4% Loan authorized by the Law of 19th September, 1918.

IN PERPETUAL "RENTES" OF 4% PAYABLE IN FRANCS.

Free of all present and future French taxes.

The Loan, which is a direct obligation of the Republic of France, cannot be redeemed or converted before the 1st January, 1944.

ISSUE PRICE Francs 70.80 per 100 Francs

of nominal capital, payable in full on subscription, with the benefit of accrued interest from the 16th October, 1918.

Coupons are payable quarterly, 16th January, April, July and October. The first coupon will be due on 16th January, 1919.

Subscriptions to the Loan are being received in France as well as in London. In Canada all Branches of Chartered Banks are authorized to receive subscriptions up to the 14th of December, 1918, inclusive, at the fixed rate of—

Frs. 5.35 to the Dollar

The subscription price in Canada is therefore :—

$ 33.08	for	10	frs.	in	"Rentes",	say	250	frs.	of	Nominal capital.
$ 165.42	"	50	"	"	"	"	1250	"	"	"
$ 330.84	"	100	"	"	"	"	2500	"	"	"
$1654.20	"	500	"	"	"	"	12500	"	"	"
$3308.41	"	1000	"	"	"	"	25000	"	"	"

Yield :—Taking into account the bonus of accrued interest, the investment yields approximately **5.70%.** In the event of the quotation for these rentes increasing to 90 in 5 years the yield would be 10.07% per annum for the period, corresponding to an increment of 31⅔%.

Proceeds of Canadian Subscriptions will be spent in Canada

For Subscription Blanks apply to any Chartered Bank.

CONSULATE GENERAL OF FRANCE IN CANADA,
Montreal, 18th November, 1918.

PIMPLES BROKE OUT ALL OVER FACE, ARMS AND NECK

Pimples are a sure sign that the blood is not in its proper shape.

While the skin is the seat of the irritating, unsightly pimples, the real disease is in the blood.

Medicated lotions and powders may allay the itching and irritation, but never cure, no matter how long and faithfully continued, and the condition is often aggravated and the skin permanently injured by their use. The disease is more than skin deep; the entire circulation is poisoned.

Burdock Blood Bitters quickly and effectually cures blood and skin troubles, because it goes direct to the root of the disease and stimulates and restores normal, healthy action to the different organs, cleanses and enriches the blood, and thus relieves the system of all poisonous secretions.

B. B. B. cures permanently because it leaves none of the original poison to ferment in the blood and cause a fresh attack.

Miss E. M. Davidson, Daysland, Alta., writes: "Last summer I was greatly troubled with pimples breaking out all over my face, arms and neck. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after taking two bottles, the pimples had almost all disappeared. I shall always recommend this remedy to anyone afflicted with skin troubles."

B. B. B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Gray Hair use Hay's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well.



"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my housework without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. Marie Boyd, 1421 5th St. N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

Cuticura Stops Itching and Saves the Hair



For free sample Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum address: "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston." All druggists.

CHILD'S TONGUE BECOMES COATED IF CONSTIPATED

If cross, bilious, sick, feverish or full of cold, take no chances.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver, bowels.

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is, they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well, playful child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

DR THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL

A SURE, SAFE AND SIMPLE REMEDY FOR ALL THE COMMON AILMENTS OF MAN AND BEAST. IT SHOULD ALWAYS BE KEPT ON HAND, AS A MORE SERVICEABLE PREPARATION FOR SUCH USES CANNOT BE FOUND. GET A BOTTLE TO-DAY AND HAVE IT READY FOR THE TIME WHEN YOU WILL NEED IT.



IF TEUTONIC DELEGATES TO VERSAILLES ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY A REORGANIZED GOVERNMENT, HOW CAN PEACE BE MADE?

Outlook at Present Not the Brightest — Indemnity, League of Nations Questions and British Navy May Also Prove Bones of Contention—Many Big Problems To Solve.

By Frank H. Simonds

Author of "The Great War," "They Shall Not Pass."

(Copyright, 1918, Tribune Association, New York Tribune.).

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The approach of the hour when the representatives of the various nations which have, for more than four years, been at war will meet at Versailles to frame a document restoring peace has served to concentrate the attention of the world upon the possibilities and the probabilities of what must prove the most momentous international assembly since the Congress of Vienna. And yet, despite the intensity of world interest, the problems and the difficulties which must be surmounted are as yet little understood, particularly in the United States.

We have had since November 11 one of the most dramatic and astounding pageants in all human history. We have seen the surrender of a great nation on the battlefield, followed by the swift revolution which has swept away all the old landmarks, all the familiar forms of government. And while the great enemy, Germany, was surrendering and transforming itself, Austria-Hungary has resolved itself into a chaos of races. At the moment when the discussion of peace is imminent we are not in the least certain that we shall have in the case of the two larger nations with which we have been at war any recognized government, speaking with the sanction of the German people, or any conceivable group of representatives, collectively speaking for what was a month ago the Hapsburg Empire.

Greatest Obstacle.

And this is the first and greatest obstacle which lies in the pathway of the Versailles congress. If Germany shall now eschew Russian pathways and find swift and satisfactory methods of restoring domestic tranquility and attaining such governmental unity as to enable her to send to Versailles delegates speaking for the German people and authorized and capable of binding the German people to the agreements there made, the undertakings in the way of territorial cessions and financial reparations, then the task will be simplified. But what evidence have we yet to warrant belief that this will be possible? Moreover, if it is not, how can we, in fact, achieve peace with our recent enemy at Versailles?

In the past the beaten nation or coalition of nations in the great wars of history have survived with their national integrity undestroyed. France, after 1870, changed from an empire to a republic, but the representatives of the Third Republic spoke with full and unquestioned authority, their signatures to the preliminary armistice and the definitive document of Frankfort were honored by their countrymen and unchallenged by their foes. When Napoleon abdicated at Fontainebleau in 1814, his conquerors placed a Bourbon on the French throne and made peace with him. This peace, for the moment suspended by the return from Elba, was nevertheless repeated in a new treaty of Paris after Waterloo and honored alike by France and her conquerors.

Russia An Example.

By contrast, after Russia fell and the Bolshevik rose to power, there was no one with whom Germany could satisfactorily conclude peace, and we had the amazing spectacle of Trotzky and his associates quitting Brest-Litovsk refusing to sign a treaty which they could not refuse to accept. Since that time, moreover, there has been a condition of anarchy in Russia, and no man could or can clearly undersand what is the situation. German armies have occupied Russian territory and organized independent states on old Russian soil, but even the German recognized long before they finally yielded to the western nations that the settlement of Brest-Litovsk was no settlement.

We have, then, the clear possibility that what happened in the case of Russia will now occur in the case of Germany. The revolution in the former German Empire may rapidly or slowly march to the chaos which has existed in Russia for more than a year and a half. If it does, we can occupy such portions of the German territory as we choose—Germany is helpless; we can make such provisional arrangements as may please us, but we cannot come at the German nation, we cannot settle anything, we cannot do more than decide upon such measures as we, the western nations, may collectively deem necessary to protect France and Belgium form German revolutionary attacks and occupy such German provinces as we may feel are sufficient to serve as guarantees of a future payment by Germany of the claims we hold against her, when she does achieve national reintegration.

Settle Frontiers.

With respect to Austria, we can settle the question of the frotiers between the several nationalities into which the Hapsburg Empire has resolved itself. These several states can act as nations and accept the territorial changes. They, together with Bulgaria and Turkey, will be definite entities, unless they, in turn, all or in part, succumb to Socialistic and Bolshevik revolutions; or, declining Allied arbitration, fight among themselves, or in part succumb to socialism and fighting.

But it is with Germany that we must really make peace, for it is the German who has been our great enemy, and with him we have to make the main settlement. And if Germany resolves itself into Russ anarchy then we can only choose between waiting at the Rhine until anarchy has passed and sending our armies in Germany to restore order and reorganize the nation against its will. This is the problem now before us in the case of Russia, and it seems very far from solution.

Such, then, is the first great obstacle in the pathway of those who are to meet at Versailles. Nor is it less clear that, even if Germany presently achieve national political reintegration, such reintegration as permits here to send representatives to Versailles able and authorized to speak for a people and a nation itself capable of observing the decisions accepted by its representatives, there is bound to be a very considerable loss of time. So far from a prompt settlement and a speedy signing of a treaty of peace, the best hope must be that, after serious delays, but without temporary adjournment until a new German revolution has passed, Germany will be able to send delegates having the same potentialities as those of Britain, France or the United States.

Second Obstacle.

So much for the first obstacle. But there is a second only less imposing. At Versailles two things are to be sought, and they are by no means easy to harmonize. We, the conquerors of Germany, are going to impose upon Germany the sentence of the civilized world. We are going to make her pay for her crimes in two ways. We are going to deprive her of certain provinces inhabited by people who are German, not by their own wish, but by the decision of the sword in the past. We are going to free the Danes, the Poles and the inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine. In addition, we are going to compel Germany to pay anywhere from $10,000,000,000 to $20,000,000,000 as reparation for wanton injuries done in defiance of the accepted rules of war.

This is one number on the program. But in addition we, with the Germans, are to frame a new international system, a league of nations which is to regulate all international relations in the future, serve as a superstate, with police power and with many other powers over the whole body of nations, such as have heretofore been exercised only by the central government within separate states. And unless Germany is a willing and sincere partner in this enterprise the League of Nations will be a failure, for its success must rest upon its universality. With Germany out, it is no more than a perpetuation of the existing alliance against Germany. Moreover, Germany may easily, if the Reds gain control, join hands with the Russian Reds, and then we shall have the old situation of rival alliances once more.

Not New Proposal.

Now, much of this is familiar ground. There is nothing new about the League of Nations, and after a long and exhausting general war men have before sought some insurance through international combination. Thus when Napoleon was defeated the sovereigns of Europe combined in a holy alliance. They united against what they conceived to be the peril to peace of their time, namely, republican ideas. They included France in the alliance because they were able to place one of themselves, a duly authenticated king, upon the French throne.

But in facing the same difficulty that must now be faced again the conquerors of Napoleon were far more logical than the victors of the present hour. They desired to prevent a new outbreak like the French Revolution with its twenty-odd years of consequent wars. But they realized that this would be impossible if they undertook to write a treaty which imposed upon France any such burdens as would awaken permanent resentment in the minds of the French people. Therefore they sacrificed their claims against France in the main, giving the French people almost complete immunity from punishment as a bribe to win them to the new order.

Actually, the situation was this: For more than twenty years French armies had overrun Europe, making war in foreign countries, enlisting the subjects, requisitioning the funds. The revolution, and Napoleon after it, had made war at the expense of the enemy, and France was free from debt at the hour when the emperor abdicated. Here was a clear warrant for indemnities, a clear chance for retributive justice, but the conquerors deliberately put it aside. They deprived France of her conquests, they restricted her practically to the limits of 1789, but there they left it, and the additional burdens placed upon the nation after Napoleon had returned and regained power, only to fall at Waterloo, were, in fact, insignificant.

Alliance a Failure.

The result was that France for the moment accepted Louis XVIII and the Bourbons. No permanent resentment was engendered against the conquerors of Napoleon as a result of the treaty of peace. In due course of time France upset the Bourbons, then the Orleanists, returned to the Bonapartes and then exiled Napoleon III., but the only modifications of the territorial arrangements of the Napoleonic settlement, so far as France was concerned, were the acquisition of Savoy and Nice by vote of the inhabitants and loss of Alsace-Lorraine by conquest. The holy alliance was a failure, because it was an effort to turn back the tide of human progress, but the treaty its founders framed with France stood the test of time.

Now it would be conceivable that should the victors of the present war follow the example of those of a century before, remit to Germany their just claims for indemnities, content themselves with taking for France Alsace-Lorraine and distributing German colonies as they chose, they might successfully establish some orderly regime in Germany and, in negotiating with it formulate a constitution of a League of Nations. Remember, I am not for a single moment suggesting this as a right, just or proper course. On the contrary, it would, in my judgment, be singularly inequitable and intolerable. But if the League of Nations is the chief concern of the Peace Congress this would offer a way, and I think the only conceivable way, of bringing Germany into it.

Situation in Nutshell.

If, by contrast, we proceed to frame our demands and impose them upon Germany, Alsace-Lorraine, Schleswig, Prussian Poland, with Danzig, the German colonies and an indemnity of ten to twenty billions, in what spirit will the German people be with respect to a League of Nations, organized by their enemies who have just imposed upon them this terrific sentence? And granting that Germany succeeds in establishing some sort of government which sends duly authorized delegates to Versailles, will that government be able to obtain ratification of its treaty from the German people, or will it and the treaty both be repudiated?

This, to my mind, is the fatal dilemma which grows out of the combination of two wholly dissimilar objectives at Versailles. It was the dilemma faced by the conquerors of Napoleon, who were as eager as are the victors of today to get some sort insurance against the terrible confusion which had shaken Europe, not for fifty-two months, but for twenty-two years. They solved it by separating the two objectives. They made prompt peace with France in the treaty of Paris, and in this treaty they deliberately surrendered their own material claims against France that France might not be left in a state of sullen and enduring resentment which would make a new war almost inevitable.

Having done this, they went to Vienna and there, in a real congress, undertook the reorganization of Europe and of the international relations of the world, which was expressed in the treaty of Vienna, fortified by subsequent agreement made between kings. At Vienna, France appeared as an equal, and represented by Talleyrand, soon reasserted her old influence in European gatherings. The decisions made at Vienna were an abomination. They contained the seeds of untold wars and revolutions, but this does not lessen the strength of the argument that only by the separation of the two objectives could any agreement have been made, and had the Vienna document been as good as it was bad it would not have been possible if the victors of 1814 and 1815 had pursued toward France the course we are bound to pursue toward Germany.

Can Enforce Demands.

In war and in peace, in all human relations, it is equally essential to fix upon the objective. Is the Versailles gathering to be primarily for the purpose of compelling Germany, at last conquered, to make just restitution and reparation for past sins against humanity? To make her repay to the French and Belgians what she has stolen, seized, destroyed? If so, it is easy to frame a treaty which does these things, and we have the power to enforce this repayment, however long and intricate may be the procedure. We have liberated French and Belgian soil and reclaimed Alsace-Lorraine; the German colonies are in our hands, as are the German navy and weapons of the army. We are occupying the left bank of the Rhine, and we can continue to occupy it until Germany pays up, just as German soldiers stayed in Eastern France until the indemnity of 1871 was paid.

But if our first objective is to reorganize human society, international society, by creating a league of nations to which all peoples willingly surrender the right and the power to settle their international differences, an organization which in the nature of things will be a guarantor of things as they are, of the map made at Versailles, of the surrenders made by Germany—will Germany, bleeding from the wounds of settlement, made in accordance with justice, to be sure, be a willing member of any such association, or surrender, save for the time and language alone, her freedom of action? Will she not do as Prussia did after Tilsit—submit, but circumvent?

Victors May Split.

More than this, if, for example, certain nations in the number of those associated with Germany go to Versailles, with the view that seeking reparation and restitution must be the chief objective, and others go with the belief that reparation and restitution are less important than the creation of a real league of nations, will there not be a split between the victors in this war, and will not the Germans be able to make use of this split, naturally allying themselves with those who seek to promote the league of nations rather than the claims for restitutions and reparation?

And if such a divergence of objectives occurs, it seems to me inevitable that the United States, which has suffered no material injury of consequences and is therefore least concerned for itself with any claim for restitution or reparation, will be most likely to drift toward a community of action with the Germans in the furtherance of the scheme for a league of nations at the sacrifice of the claims for reparation to Britain, France and Italy, as well as Belgium and Serbia.

The Germans, moreover, whatever degree of order they may succeed in establishing at home are bound, as their course has already indicated, to come to Versailles with an insistent demand for generous terms in order that their country may not sink into the Russian state of anarchy as a consequence of the burdens imposed upon it. The plea may be sham or sincere, but in either case it will be effective and will make a measure of impression. And it will be directed adroitly at all the socialistic and anarchistic elements in the Allied countries.

Choas Instead of Peace.

The result may easily be chaos at Versailles, an extension of the sessions through weeks and months, to the utter disorganization of the business of the world and the perpetuation of conditions out of which anarchy may grow. Such delay, too, would be to the German interest, for it must be a German policy to postpone to the last possible moment any passing of sentences upon her which will compel her to make payment. If she could achieve a permanent separation of the Allies, growing out of the different values placed upon reparation and the league of nations, then she might escape altogether.

The solution to this tangle, it seems to me, must be sought in the separation of the two functions of the Versailles congress. If the first business be the settlement with Germany, the settlement which alone can free the French and Belgians from the intolerable burdens placed upon them by German deeds of destruction, then we shall achieve peace, we shall close the war as it should be closed, and the way will be clear to the creation of a league of nations. But if the terms of peace are left to be the trading ground for German adhesion to a league of nations, we shall get nowhere, and Germany may be able to escape from the costs of her crimes, while the French and Belgian populations, left without compensation for their miseries, will be hurried along the road which leads to Bolshevism.

Size of Indemnity.

To impose peace terms upon Germany is a simple business, for the things which the Allies mean to do are all clearly established and are undiscussable. The only single point which can be debated is that of the size of the money payment to be demanded of Germany, and that can be agreed upon promptly. When the congress assembles at Versailles the Allied terms can be ready, they can be presented to Germany, and German acceptance can be made the condition upon which the next problem will be faced, the problem of the organization of the league of nations.

But no one should mistake the opportunities which the Germans will have to break up the unity of their enemies, if the congress assembles with no clear program in the minds of the Allied representatives, and no well defined understanding as to which comes first, the settlement of the present war or the prevention of future wars. Talleyrand had the congress of Vienna by the ears in no time, although he represented a beaten France, and had been barely a year before the agent of the abhorred Napoleon. Surely Prince von Bulow, if he is called upon to perform the task for which he has been preparing for four years, will have a hardly less attractive opening.

To take, for example, a single question, that of the freedom of the seas. This either means some sort of international understanding, which will limit the operations of the dominant sea power in time of war or it means nothing. If it means the former, then it will unquestionably be opposed by the British and supported by the Germans. Sea power used without regard to international law as written before the era of the submarine and in defiance of the rules of blockade, which were based upon the conditions of sail navigation, has defeated Germany and saved the world quite as much as Great Britain, from German domination.

Hardly Likely.

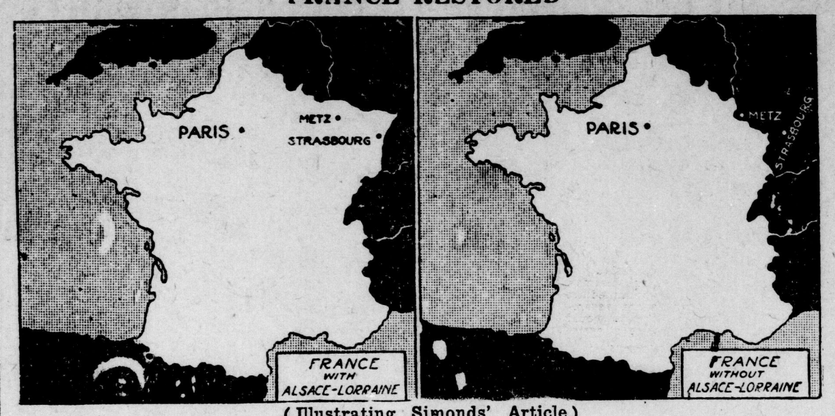
Such being the case, it is certain that the British nation will not now, whatever might be the case a generation hence if the league of nations shall demonstrate its efficiency, yield in one degree that power which alone has proved its salvation. But if Britain refuses, and Germany accepts a proposal coming from President Wilson, what will be the effect upon American representatives at Versailles? What will be the effect upon the whole congress if the question of reparation and restitution remain unsettled while the congress divides over the freedom of the seas?

I think every one of any humanitarian sympathies hopes to see evolved at Versailles some form of international agreement which may prove the framework for a true league of nations, and a real guarantee against international misunderstandings, which culminate inevitably in wars. The danger which is apparent to many today is the danger that is disclosed in the inevitable confusion which will result if, before the present war is liquidated, the conditions of a future international association become the cause of differences, debate, estrangement, between the nations who have won this war only by seeking a common end by a unity of thought and of action.

But if the condition, and the only condition, of a league of nations be to make a peace with Germany which will make the victims of German aggression and violence in the past four years bear the eventual burdens of that aggression then it seems to me that the price is too high. And the danger is very real. Nor is there less danger that we may be brought to the position of seeking to lessen the effectiveness in Britain's hands of the one weapon on which our victory in this war depended, namely, the British navy, operating without regard to conventions, regulating the "freedom of the seas."

Even Utopia would be intolerable if in it only the red-handed murderer were to have immunity from the consequence of his recent crimes, merely because he had changed his name or his employer. More than this, we hear much today of a "healing peace," and certainly everyone hopes that we shall have this blessing. But even a healing peace must be designed first to heal the wounds of the innocent victims before it strives to cure the wounds of those who were injured seeking to murder their neighbors. And if anyone is to bleed to death, to follow the figure of speech, it certainly should not be the women and children of France and Belgium.

FRANCE RESTORED



(Illustrating Simonds' Article)

CAWTHRA MULOCK IS INFLUENZA VICTIM; A GREAT FINANCIER

Canada's Youngest Millionaire Dies in Toronto.

ONE OF NOTED FAMILY

One of the Cawthras, Known as the "Astors of Canada."

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Dec. 1.—After a brief illness from influenza Cawthra Mulock, second son of Chief Justice Hon. Sir William Mulock, K.C., M.G., died yesterday in the city of New York. His death removes from the financial and industrial world Canada's youngest millionaire and capitalist, whose ability was recognized from the moment he took his seat upon the Toronto Stock Exchange in 1908 to develop a fortune which had come to him by inheritance.

The Astors of Canada."

Cawthra Mulock was a member of the Cawthra family which has been compared to the Astors of New York City. The founder of the Cawthra family came to Upper Canada when Toronto was York, of few inhabitants. Its members took a deep and careful interest in the development of the country and York. The fortunes of the Cawthra family came through industry and caution.

Born in 1884 Cawthra Mulock was educated at Upper College, and later spent some time at the University of Toronto. In June 1903 he was married to Adele Baldwin Falconbridge, the fourth daughter of Chief Justice Sir Glenholme Falconbridge. A divorce was granted Mrs. Mulock a few years ago.

Big in Financial World.

In 1908 Mr. Mulock was elected a member of the Toronto Stock Exchange. He rapidly became connected with many great corporations and enterprises. He became a director of the Toronto Penny Bank, the Imperial Bank, vice-president of the National Trust Company and head of the Canada Bread Company. Along with the Canada Bread Amalgamation came the Maple Leaf Milling Company. The enterprises, which had to do with the "staff" of life were national in their scope. The Maple Leaf Milling Company took over six mills and fifty elevators throughout Canada which had a milling capacity, when it was formed of 15,000 barrels a day, and had warehouses and offices in all the great centres of Canada. The Canada Bread Company assumed the business of a number of small bakeries in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, and now does an immense business in these centres. In the last named corporations there is invested over $5,000,000 of capital.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION

INGERSOLL.
675133 J. Rawlinson.

INGERSOLL.
675153 S. F. White.

STRATFORD.
Stewart Brown.

DIED OF WOUNDS

GALT.
730029 G. Roadhouse.

WALSINGHAM.
3210211 G. A. Ribble.

STRATFORD.
George B. Roadhouse.

DIED

PORT STANLEY.
189702 A. Oliver.

NOT STATED.
3381740 J. L. Girard.

FEVERSHAM.
260143 E. R. Young.

ILL

ZONE.
William Hope.

WINGHAM.
654658 G. Wray.

HAMILTON.
2365723 N. Sheppard.

CHATHAM.
3232059 S. Chorley.

PRISONER

LONDON.
3310309 C. Pugh.

LISTOWEL.
112142 W. Thompson.

WOODSTOCK.
Arthur Wardell.
William Obourne.

NOT STATED.
525479 K. R. Harrington.

PRISONERS REPATRIATED

ST. CATHARINES.
Capt. F. Russell.

ATWOOD.
257442 J. C. Newstead.

WOUNDED

HATCHELEY STATION, ONT.
490957 J. Young.

LYNN.
624537 J. L. Girard.

ST. THOMAS.
189398 J. E. McGuire.

GALT.
730631 W. Turnbull.

LONDON.
2310312 J. Moore.

ST. THOMAS.
723313 A. G. Smith.

CANCEL REPORT MISSING

ATWOOD.
257442 J. Newstead.

PRISONERS OF WAR RELEASED

LONDON.
823206 J. L. Arnold.

BRUCEFIELD.
2129047 E. H. Mustard.

NOT STATED.
2129346 W. Bouvier.

DORCHESTER ANNIVERSARY.

DORCHESTER, Dec. 1.—Two new cases of influenza have developed at Dochester.

The Presbyterian Church held its anniversary services today. Rev. Mr. Symington preached.

TEXAS PHYSICIAN DECLARES TANLAC IS WITHOUT EQUAL

Says It's Best Reconstructive Tonic To Be Had for Building Up Influenza Patients.

The following letter from Dr. J. W. Sandlin, one of the most prominent physicians of Southern Texas, has just been received at the Tanlac office and gives indisputable evidence as to the value of Tanlac as a reconstructive tonic for persons who are recuperating from the after-effects of Spanish Influenza. His letter follows:

"Humble, Texas, Nov. 5, 1918.

"Dear Sir,—Just a few lines in reference to Tanlac, I have found your preparation to be a wonderful reconstructive tonic, and in my opinion it has no equal in its line. I have found it to be the best tonic to be had to build up my patients who have had Spanish Influenza. I have treated within the past month about 1,400 cases, and have never been able to get sufficient Tanlac to supply our people.

"Yours very truly,

"(Signed) Dr. J. W. Sandlin."

Dr. Sandlin not only enjoys a very large practice as a physician, but he is also a man of wide influence and ranks as a leading citizen of the enterprising little city of Humble, Texas.

As a practicing physician of sixteen years' experience, Dr. Sandlin was quick to recognize the superior tonic properties of Tanlac over other remedies and unhesitatingly and voluntarily gave Tanlac his unqualified indorsement.

Although the influenza epidemic has greatly, subsided it is still prevalent, and is breaking out anew in many sections of the country, and continues to claim its victims by the thousands.

Persons who have had influenza are oftentimes left in a very weakened, rundown condition, and unless the greatest care is taken, both as to habits and diet, serious complications are apt to fololw. Persons who have had it are more apt than ever to have it the second time. If you are in this condition nothing on earth will build you up and strengthen you like Tanlac, which contains the most powerful tonic proper ties unknown to science.

As a reconstructive tonic, and body-builder it is without an equal and contains the very elements needed by the system to restore you to your normal strength and weight.

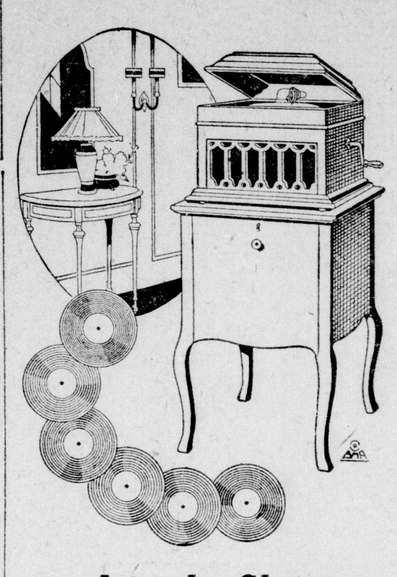
First of all, Tanlac begins its action by creating a good healthy appetite for wholesome, nourishing food, and assists the vital organs which have been weakened by the disease to perform their natural functions, thus helping to build up health and strength in the natural way.

This statement is easily proven by the fact that Tanlac is now having the greatest sale of any system tonic in the history of medicine, in less than four years' time over ten million bottles have been sold, and the demand is constantly increasing.

In connection with the Tanlac treatment it is necessary to keep the bowels open by taking Tanlac Laxative Tablets, samples of which are included with every bottle of Tanlac.

Tanlac is sold in London by Standard Drug, Limited, and by an established agency in every town.

This Splendid Pathe Phonograph and Six Records for : : : **$54.90**



MUSIC is more necessary in the home now than at any other time. We need music for the relaxation that it will bring to us. And what a marvelous thing it is that modern science and modern merchandise bring into the home of the most moderate income the gems of a music world such as were unobtainable only a few years ago by the most fabulously wealthy. There is no need for any home to be without music when such opportunities as those we offer are placed before you.

Join the Christmas Club

CLUB TERMS: $5.00 CASH, $4.00 MONTHLY.

ANY honest person may join the club; $5.00 puts the machine and six records in your home. The balance to be paid in weekly or monthly payments. Machine will be delivered at any time. The Pathe machine plays Victor, Columbia or Pathe records of any size.

The $54.90 outfit does not include the record cabinet.

NO MATTER what particular type of machine you wish, it can be purchased here under the most convenient credit terms, which make ownership extremely easy. Every one of these machines bear both the manufacturer's guarantee and our own. We stand back of every instrument we sell and guarantee it to be perfect in every detail. We do not know of any other machine with the same sound-producing qualities.

The Ontario Furniture Company, Limited

228-230 DUNDAS STREET.

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DRINK DALLEY COFFEE

A Special Selection of the *best* Coffees. *Get it for Breakfast*

Sold in 1 lb. and ½ lb. Sealed Tins *"The Most Delicious Drink"*

DEPOSITED WITH THE GOVERNMENT OVER $100,000.00

The Royal Guardians

INSURANCE MONTREAL

LIFE, SICKNESS, INDUSTRIAL AND ENDOWMENT

Notice to Consumers of Coal

Pursuant to Order-in-Council No. 664, the Fuel Administrators for the Province of Ontario hereby notify all consumers of coal, other than the owners or occupants of private residences or of buildings burning less than twenty (20) tons of coal annually, to obtain forthwith from the Fuel Commissioner of the municipality in which their respective buildings may be situate, copies of a form issued by the said Fuel Administrators, and to give the information therein required.

The said form shall be completed in duplicate, and both copies shall be delivered to the said Fuel Commissioner as soon as possible, but not later than the 10th day of December, 1918.

Dated at Toronto this 20th day of November, 1918.

R. HOME SMITH,
Fuel Administrator for Ontario.
E. L. COUSINS,
Assistant Fuel Administrator for Ontario.

London Advertiser

Member Audit Bureau of Circulation.

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THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY, LIMITED.

London, Ont., Monday, Dec. 2.

NORTHERN ROUTE BEST.

FROM THE REPORTS and views of experts and others it is very clear that the northern route is the natural and logical progression for the new provincial highway on the section from London to Windsor. It is safer, more direct, more economical and serves much more thickly-populated districts than the southern route. Taking the Longwoods road to Chatham there is a straight line with the exception of a small portion and but one considerable rise, but as this has an approach of miles there is not the difficulty which lies in the abrupt hills near St. Thomas on the Talbot road. Under certain weather conditions transportation over a concrete pavement is dangerous even when on the level. How much more so when the road leads to sudden elevations.

The southern route is a tortuous way that would add greatly to the expense of the province if adopted. It is estimated that the highway will cost $30,000 per mile. At that rate if the northern route be selected it will mean a saving of close to a quarter million dollars. And St. Thomas, as has been repeatedly pointed out, need not be cut off from easy approach to London, Chatham, Woodstock, Ingersoll and the other cities on the highway. A branch highway could serve the purposes of the Railway City. It would bring St. Thomas into rapid touch with all the more important sections of Western Ontario and would not rob those parts of the benefits of the highway to which they have distinctly the greater claim. It is to be hoped that desire for personal and political gain in some influential quarters will not force the adoption of the southern route as it would be a distinct disadvantage to Western Ontario as a whole.

For physical, industrial and commercial reasons the northern route is the better way.

ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT.

SATURDAY NIGHT was St. Andrew's night again. It was fittingly celebrated by the members of St. Andrew's Society at their rooms, at the Woodmen of the World Building, Richmond street.

St. Andrew's Society has numbered among its members many of London's best citizens of other days. One of its first presidents was the late Judge John Wilson, and among those who took part at a banquet, shortly after the Tecumseh House was built, at which he presided, were George Macbeth, M.P., father of Judge Macbeth, and William Love, father of the late Police Magistrate Frank Love. The leading Scotchmen of half a century ago were Adam Hope and Charles J. Hope, Robert Reid and William Reid, Colonel Moffat, William Moncrieff, Donald Currie, William Dunbar and James Dunbar, Colonel Walker, Daniel Macfie, Alexander and John G. MacIntosh, John J. MacKenzie, George M. Gunn, William Gordon, Hugh Rose, Alexander Tytler, Walter and Robert Simson, John Campbell, James and William Durand, John Tytler, Alexander Campbell, Alexander Purdom, John W. Jones, the McPhail brothers and others, while a little later the most enthusiastic Scotchman London ever held, John Fairgrieve, now of Detroit, for several years in succession brought athletes to London and conducted Caledonian games. The pipers were James Moon, George Angus, Piper Macdonald and others. It was during these years so many of the children learned the Scottish dances. Scotch concerts were numerous, and splendid Maggie Barr, of Hamilton, was frequently present.

It will be a pity if the records of these Scotch men and many others, are not written before it is too late. The subject was referred to on Saturday night and favorably received. They were all splendid citizens, and did their full share in building up London, and making Canada a country, believing in and holding the principles that made Scotland great.

A concert is likely to be held on Burns' night, January 25. It is very fitting that it should be held. No writer in all time did more for true and manly democracy, than Robert Burns.

MONEY AND MORAL OBLIGATIONS.

A PROMINENT American journalist, just back from Europe, declares that because of the stupendous financial obligations of Great Britain and France to the United States, Mr. Wilson will hold the leading cards at the peace meeting, and will so deal them as to dominate the conference and dictate the new world policies. We do not believe this is the mood in which the President is going to Paris nor that it represents the sentiments of the American nation as a whole. Assuming such a position would indicate an absence of that tact and sound business judgment upon which America has based much of its wonderful commercial and financial success. America knows that London and Paris are good for the debts, no matter how many billions are involved. To antagonize these two great powers by selfishly using a temporary financial embarrassment as a club would be a great folly. No banker acts in that fashion towards a borrower whose resources are unlimited and who can be depended upon to liquidate the loan to the last cent.

But if obligations are to be used as pawns at the peace conference what of the moral obligation towards Great Britain and France which rests upon the United States? Clear-thinking Americans recognize now from what they were saved by the valiant Allied armies and fleets during the first three years of war. It seems hardly necessary to point out at this late day that Great Britain and France were fighting America's battle quite as much as their own. Had the Hun in that first mighty sweep overcome the Allies the United States could not have escaped agreeing to conditions that would have been humiliating. The unpreparedness of the American nation would have made them an easy victim for the kaiser and his war lords, forced a huge ransom, and later brought on long years of agonizing warfare. If such an obligation as this were convertible to figures compared to that debt the billions loaned Great Britain and France would appear trifling and pikerish. One of the things that kultur ignored was the necessity of meeting moral obligations. President Wilson and the Washington Government will not brush it aside in order to secure a diplomatic advantage. That would be too Hun-like.

THEY CAN'T BE TRUSTED.

THE MENTAL make up of the Prussian continues to amaze. It is a bizarre and wonderful thing that has never been equalled and will never be surpassed. Dr. Solf's latest is a vivid example of it. He declares he does not understand why the Allied nations will not believe him when he says that Germany is starving. Why, he asks, should the word of himself or his colleagues be questioned. If he really expects Germany's leaders to be trusted after four years of the most stupendous lying, deception and trickery in the history of international affairs his is indeed a mentality that requires the attention of a battalion of alienists. Much more likely is it the same old brazenness that no humiliation or humbling seems to shake from its hold on the Prussian mind.

It need hardly be pointed out that if the world is inclined to brand any statement of the German leaders as a falsehood, Germany is herself to blame. Germany has not had the slightest regard for the truth. Pacts and treaties that to others have held sacred have been to Germany but "scraps of paper." She has lied and deceived at every turn. Now that she is wailing for food is it not natural that the humane nations of the Entente alliance fear another Prussian trick?

There is but one way in which this matter of food for Germany can be settled, and that is by a thorough investigation made by experts of the Allied governments. That well-poisoning, hospital-bombing, word-breaking band of murderers and thieves are no more to be trusted now than before Foch hammered them into submission.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It would be just as well to understand distinctly that Germany's soft words come from necessity, not from the heart.

By refusing to sign the armistice Marshal Foch could have achieved the greatest military triumph of all time. He let this chance for glory go rather than sacrifice thousands of Allied soldiers and thereby won for himself a greater glory.

The Hohenzollerns are going to miss another Christmas dinner at Paris, but several of them may possibly spend the holiday in London.

It is now known that the ex-kaiser holds vast properties in various parts of Europe from which he has amassed a huge fortune. He has been more of a success as a landlord than a war lord.

If the deposed crowned heads of Europe ever take to vaudeville they should be able to put on an excellent tumbling act.

Lord Shaughnessy is going to Europe. Borden could do a good deal worse than add this big Canadian to his band of experts.

THE KING HAS SPOKEN.

[London Morning Post.]

The "gallantry and constancy" to which His Majesty King George bears such just and eloquent tribute are near to the winning of their great reward, and not the least previous part of that reward will be the stronger friendship and respect that must grow out of the comradeship in arms which has endured and achieved so much. "Consecrated by the memory of the heroes who have fallen fighting side by side in this war, animated by the same devotion to their countries and to justice, this affection and this memory are pledges of our future concord." The policy of the Allies, and the ends that they hope to attain, could not be more impressively or compendiously expressed than in the words which King George has found to say at a moment so opportune. The authentic voice of Britain has been heard, not for the first time and not for the last time, through the mouth of its sovereign.

THE MOTHERLAND'S PART.

[London Daily Express.]

To none, indeed, of the valiant fighting men arrayed against the kaiser does the cause of freedom owe more than to the cockney shopman, the stockier man from the shires, the dour Scot, and the Welshman, with his terrier's grip. In France, in the Balkans, in Palestine, and in Mesopotamia, these men led by officers who, before the war, were lawyers and bank managers, shopkeepers and farmers, artisans and schoolboys, have filled the months with valorous deeds, about most of which we are allowed to know nothing.

THE DAY OF GLORY.

[Boston Globe.]

On the threshold of peace, France displays the same sublime spirit which characterized her in the war. In the deadly earnest business of laying down terms of surrender to the invader there is no vain glory of tinseled triumph. France has bled too much to make tawdry show of her deep emotions. She cannot forget the awful cost of victory, precious though it be. With solemn dignity her fighting men offer to sheath the sword only when their fair land menaced so long by this evil nightmare of Prussianism, shall be free.

DENFIELD TEACHER, LEAVING FOR LONDON, GIVEN SEND-OFF

DENFIELD, Dec. 1.—Much regret is felt at the removal from here of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Johnson, who have recently taken up their residence in London. For the past nine years Mr. Johnson has been a faithful and efficient teacher of the Denfield Public School. Both he and Mrs. Johnson will be greatly missed in the community, as they were ever deeply interested and active in all religious and philanthropic work. Mr. Johnson having been superintendent of the Baptist Sunday School for some years. The best wishes of a wide circle of friends follow them to their new home. On the eve of their departure Mrs. Johnson was presented with a life membership by the Women's Mission Circle of the Baptist Church, accompanied by an address, which was in part as follows:

"Dear Mrs. Johnson,—It is a cause of sincere regret to us as individuals and as a circle, that you have found it necessary to sever your connection with us, and we desire to express to you our deep appreciation of your untiring and faithful work with us in the service of the Master. As a circle we shall miss the stimulus of your presence, your thoughtful advice and practical help, but we rejoice that in the new sphere to which you are going God can use your consecrated gifts for many years to come we trust.

"And now, dear Mrs. Johnson, may God aid you to succeed in His work in your wider sphere, with even greater results than in the past, and as we say "farewell" to you as one of our circle members, we take great pleasure in presenting to you this life membership as a slight token of our appreciation and love, and may you ever bear in mind that a warm welcome awaits you and yours back to the hearts and homes in Denfield.

"Signed on behalf of the Denfield Baptist Mission Circle.

"LILLIAN MATTHEWS, President.

"L. H. ROSSER, Treasurer.

Miss Dodge of Strathroy has been engaged as teacher of the Denfield public school to succeed Mr. Johnson, resigned.

"CRAIG" CHURCHES DO WELL.

AILSA CRAIG, Dec. 1.—The churches of this district have been up and doing in the purchasing of Sabbath school Victory Bonds. Beechwood and Nairn Presbyterian Churches have taken $250 between them, Carlisle Presbyterian $50, Ailsa Craig Anglican and Baptist $50 each, and Ailsa Craig Presbyterian having passed the $100 mark are into the next $50. These are 15-year bonds.

THE TOONERVILLE TROLLEY
THAT MEETS ALL THE TRAINS.



(Copyright, 1918). By FONTAINE FOX.

UNCLE SAM PAYS HIS DEBTS

(By H. F. Gadsby.)

The Americans at the front, more modest than their newspapers at home, realize that it was their great privilege to lend weight to the solar plexus blow, but not to deliver it. The adversary who knocked the Hun out was the same old adversary who had fought him four rounds and left him groggy—the Entente—that is to say, England, France and Italy.

This fact, which does not lessen the high courage and the resolute intention of the United States one iota, is nicely discriminated in the diplomatic language which speaks of the "Allied powers and the United States." In some cases the United States is referred to as an "Associated Power." These distinctions spell differences which should not be overlooked when the future historian apportions merit to the various sharers in the war.

What the United States did in this war was to open such a boundless reservoir of man power that Marshal Foch could go forward with confidence, incurring wastages which would have not been possible if these eager, chafing American millions had not been in the background. To get back to my metaphor, the presence of the American armies at the front lent steam to the solar plexus blow which Marshal Foch delivered. It not only lent steam to the blow which was delivered, but it threatened more steam for any other blow that might be necessary.

It was a matter of regret with every American soldier I talked to that his country did not get into the war sooner so that he himself could have got into it deeper. What the American soldier wanted above all things was a fight—to beat up Germany—to inflict on Hunland at least the same measure of havoc France and Belgium have suffered—to march to Berlin—to overthrow the kaiser—to mete out justice to the practicers of frightfulness—to choke to death the kultur that murders churches, universities, women and children, with equal gusto. The American soldier came over tuned to that pitch, and it must be a bitter disappointment to him that the quick march of events took the task out of his hands before his hands had reached the throat they were itching for.

The United States' zest for this war of freedom and humanity must be measured not by the casualties, which were a little over a hundred thousand, but by the avenging spirit of its great army, which was infinite. This spirit of righteous anger was quite as keen in the United States army, which—much to its disgust—fought only a little while on one front, as it was in the British army, which fought four years on fifteen fronts, and incurred three million casualties.

If the United States is robbed of a fight it still reaps a great satisfaction. The war has made it a citizen of the world—a big brother in the working fraternity of free nations—an intelligent and sympathetic member of that Anglo-Saxon confederation which was Cecil Rhodes's dream. I am convinced that this rapprochement of the English-speaking race is a far more real and substantial thing than the league of nations which is still in the air. The United States has discovered that its English blood is thicker than the pro-German water which was the cover of its politics until the war showed who were the friends of democracy and who not. The old family quarrel has been very largely healed. The United States school histories will no longer twist the fact of defeating thirty thousand Hessians set on by a German king called George the Third—an imported kaiser with the divine right bug in his head—into a victory over such English champions of American liberty as Pitt, Burke and Fox. The Englishman is a free man the world over. Whatever he calls himself—English, or American, or Canadian—liberty is the altar taper that burns in his heart. The Bible and Shakespeare and his mother tongue and democracy is the ark of his covenant. It will be of great assistance to our future relations with the United States that two million Americans have gone overseas to learn for the first time at close quarters that King George the Fifth, the hereditary president of a genuine republic, has not one tithe of President Wilson's power, if he chooses to exercise his veto. King George could reign for fifty years, and never be an autocrat for a minute, while any president of the United States can reign four years and be an autocrat all that time—should he be so disposed. This amazing fact, which hits two million Americans right between the eyes, banishes their last misunderstanding about England. Yes, indeed, the Mother of Parliaments—the United States parliament included—is no pretender to freedom. Her democracy is a deep-seated religion and constitutional monarchy is merely is ritual.

The American army came over, it will be remembered, to pay the debt to Lafayette, that being the pretext spread abroad by politicians who would fain appease the anti-British vote.

There was a German baron, as the intelligent reader will recall, who had quite as much to do with the American Revolution as the Marquis de Layfayette, and no doubt the pro-Germans in the United States would have paid the old debt to him by switching the American army to the kaiser's side. But the real kinship of the United States prevailed, and under the pretense of paying Monsieur Lafayette off, Cousin Jonathan went to the help of John Bull, who sent him the Pilgrim Fathers and with them all the free institutions of the mother country. It was a safe bet that the Englishmen who had already beheaded a king for democracy's sake would have no heresy of despotism to their new home. Thus was created a debt to Oliver Cromwell, shall we say, which was in as much need of payment as that to Lafayette, who was—pardon the impoliteness—a democrat by force of circumstances, and not a militant republican like the great protector.

As a matter of fact, this debt to Lafayette was very much of an illusion. The French Revolution did not occur until twenty years after the American Revolution, and any tips Monsieur Lafayette, the Girondin, got on freedom, he got from the United States, who, as I said before, got them from Oliver Cromwell and his associates—that is to say, from England. The debt, to use a mixed metaphor, is on the other foot. It was France that should have paid the debt to George Washington—by fighting, for instance, on the northern side in the civil war—and not the United States that should have paid the debt to Lafayette. Not that the debt to Lafayette wasn't worth paying! But there was another creditor, nearer akin, who had stronger claims.

Now that the war has opened the minds of ten million Americans overseas and countless Americans at home to these forgotten facts, the debt to Lafayette sensibly dwindles, and the debt to Oliver Cromwell bulks larger, as it should. The debt to Lafayette had the good fortune to retain its identity while the debt to Oliver Cromwell had the bad luck to disappear in the hodgepodge of European hatreds that went into Uncle Sam's melting pot. From that melting pot, somehow or other, has emerged the old Anglo-Saxon spirit of freedom—quite a different thing from the devil's stew the kaiser would have cooked with his doctrine of dual allegiance. Briefly, the debt to Oliver Cromwell was an honest debt. It had to be paid some time, and what difference does it make if Lafayette's name was on the back of the note? A good debt is like a good man—you can't keep it down.

I won't say that the million Americans overseas love the Englishman any better, but I will say that they understand him better. They don't like his crust of ceremony—which is merely his armor against his best emotions—but they have got far enough under to find a warm heart and a true friend.

When Uncle Sam's boys come marching home they will bring back an interesting story about that debt to Lafayette. They are, as you might say, fed up with it. They would have remembered it with more pleasure if the French had forgotten it oftener. For the French are a thrifty people, and when two million Americans come over to pay an old debt they believe in collecting it in full with compound interest—dating from the time that Lafayette first shook hands with George Washington. The French peasant, the French tradesman, the French innkeeper—these must all be close readers of history. At any rate, they all seem to have been well informed in regard to that little outstanding account with Lafayette. Any American soldier will vouch that he paid it again and again. He couldn't buy an egg or a cigarette or a bottle of vin blanc without sensing the fact that Lafayette was getting his back, good and plenty.

Moreover, the United States Congress, in an access of gratitude to Lafayette, passed a law to the effect that any damage unnecessarily committed by American troops on French soil should be recouped at the French valuation. The United States was the only nation that allowed quixotism to go that far. All the other Allies knew what brisk valuators the French were, and kept the little matter of property damage and ground rent for the trenches in their own hands. They have had no reason to regret their caution, as may be supposed, when I tell you that a French peasant who suffers fifteen dollars worth of damage to a fifty dollar cart will invariably put in a claim for three hundred dollars. This is why I divide Germany's debt of sixty-eight billion dollars to France—as assessed by La Belle France herself—by six, knowing as I do the Gothic tendency to put a brown stone price on a wattled cottage. When Uncle Sam looks over the French bill of damages his boys have piled up, he will wonder why he left the debt to Lafayette around loose that way. He will wonder, too, which debt he likes better—the debt to Lafayette which all his fellow-country have collected, or the debt to Oliver Cromwell which nobody tried to collect at all.

The Advertiser's Daily Short Story

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HERO MINE.

By R. Ray Baker.

Verna Pomeroy had a mania for heroes.

"I will marry the man who goes through fire, water, blood and iron for me," was the way she expressed it. Many there were who would have been willing to go through water, provided it was not too deep; and also through blood, as long as it was not of their own or of their shedding; but as to fire and iron—well, the former was a little too much to expect and the latter was difficult.

If Verna had waited a few years she would have experienced no difficulty in finding a hero for herself. They are plentiful nowadays, but they were scarce when Verna was twenty-one and the "pretty stenog" in Jones & Jones' real estate office on the fourth floor of the Ashton building.

Somehow Verna figured that Don Williams was destined to be the man. He was a fireman in the station house three blocks down the street, and he clung rather heroically, she thought, to the red juggernaut that roared and screeched past the Ashton on an average of at least four times a day. There was a man who would at least go through fire, and certainly through water, and probably meet the other requirements. He was a strapping blond young man, with strength rippling through every muscle, and he was very good for a hero worshipper to look at.

"Some day he'll prove to be my hero," she had decided on the day Dan followed his pet maltese cat in its wanderings from the station house across the street to the Pomeroy residence, where Verna happened to be seated on the porch reading, "Brave Men I Have Met."

That's the way they got acquainted, and since then Dan had wooed Verna through the fourth-floor window every week day and in the parlor of her home every night he got time off.

When the siren of the ladder truck gave vent to its mournful shriek Verna always would look up from her typewriter, and exchange a wave of the hand with Dan as the red demon dashed past.

But Dan was not the only one who wooed Verna through the window. Ben Vincent rode past the Ashton building twelve times a day. His pace was not so swift as his rival's, however, because his vehicle was a street car. When he approached Verna's window he always stood on the rear platform and waved one of his hands while the other rang up fares.

Verna liked Ben fully as well as Dan, but his life was so prosaic it offered few heroic possibilities. He had dark hair and eyes and his face was attractive, but he failed to come up to the fireman's shoulder and there was no noticeable bulge just above the elbow.

His acquaintance she had formed when she moved to a residence in the suburbs and was obliged to use a trolley car twice each day.

Ben's dark complexion was another handicap. Verna had hair that she liked to hear called "raven locks" and her eyes were of a similar hue; and she had read that a person should marry an opposite.

"That's the way things stood when the rivals met one night a half block from the Pomeroy home. The conductor had been calling on Verna and the firemen knew it and was waiting for him. They both happened to be off duty, but Ben had been the first to ask her for an engagement.

"I've been waiting for you an hour," Dan announced as he stepped out from the tree against which he had been leaning. "You have been in Miss Pomeroy's parlor altogether too long. I can't stand for that."

Ben had no relish for a fight—not with those six feet of muscle—so he kept his temper in leash.

"Sorry I don't please you," he replied with sarcasm-sprinkled coolness. "I didn't know Miss Pomeroy and you were engaged."

The fireman knitted his brows into a savage scowl and looked disdainfully down at the pebble in his highway of love.

"Well, we aren't," he declared. "There is no engagement yet, but there is going to be. She wants a man, and I'm it—see? She isn't going to tie up with a shrimp like you, so you better make yourself scarce around her. I'm just warning you, that's all."

About this time Fate decided to take a hand in the affair. So a janitor went to sleep in the basement of the Ashton building late one afternoon and a cigarette dropped from his mouth into a barrel of excelsior. The Ashton was a frame relic of past architectural grandeur and the flames ate into it as a famished lion eats into a chunk of red beefsteak.

The janitor awoke, choked with smoke, and staggered to safety. The occupants of the building dashed pellmell to the street by means of the stairway and the meagre fire escape facilities. The elevator boy deserted his post and fled with the rest.

Verna's bosses were playing golf and she was alone in the office cleaning up a pile of work. She had herself some of the qualities that heroes and heroines are made of. So she remained in the office and put valuable papers in the safe while fire crept up the outside and inside of the building and smoke seeped through the floors.

"There's lots of time," she told herself; and kept rummaging for one very important document she had been unable to locate. She finally discovered it on a file on the junior partner's desk. Tossing it into the safe, she slammed the iron door, turned the knob and hurried into her coat and hat.

As she opened the office door a wave of heat and smoke rolled in upon her. She coughed and drew back for a moment, then dashed for the stairway. But the flames had been there first and there was no stairway. By this time she was really excited. She ran to the elevator entrance and pushed frantically and vainly on the bell. Baffled, she stood in a daze in the midst of stifling fumes which were becoming more dense with every minute that passed.

"Dan will save me!" she cried, and she struggled to her feet and ran back into the office, throwing open a window. Indistinctly through the smoke she made out a crowd assembled across the street. Bells were clanging as fire apparatus darted up and down the thoroughfare.

"Dan!" she cried, with all the power of her lungs. Repeatedly she called the name, while flames stole closer and closer to the fourth floor.

Presently she heard an answering shout and a huge, light-haired fireman stood out in the centre of the street and waved a hand at her, the same as he had waved it countless times from his red demon.

He disappeared from her view. The heat grew more intense and the smoke got thicker. The flames were having a feast; they were gorging themselves.

Suddenly she saw something rising before her—an extension ladder. It wabbled and quivered before the window and then slowly the ends settled against the ledge. She looked down, and there he was—the man—fighting his way up, inch by inch, through a shroud of yellow flames and blackness.

In a few moments he would be at the window and she would be saved. A dense cloud reached out, enveloped the ladder and blotted out the fireman from sight. When it rolled away there was Dan on the ladder—faltering. As she watched he shook his head, pointed at the flames above him and slowly began to descend. Verna fainted.

The next sensation she experienced was one of being jolted. She opened her eyes and discovered she was in a street car which was bumping swiftly over the rails. She was half reclining on a seat—and she was the only passenger.

There was a step in the aisle and she saw a bedraggled figure in a blue uniform standing over her. It was Ben.

"How'd I get here?" was her first question after a silent moment of contemplation and wonder.

"I put you here," he responded simply. "I'm taking you home as fast as I can. My machine (he laughed dryly) was stopped by the fire. I saw you at the window and went after you."

She took a long breath of relief or to get her lungs full of air or something. Then she noticed that about his forehead was a bloody handkerchief that his cap could not entirely conceal.

"Where'd you get that blood?" she demanded, shuddering.

He fumbled with his transfer punch.

"It wasn't much of a hurt," he said, "although it did bleed a lot. You see I was able to reach you by running the elevator, which I found standing open. There was a regular blanket of fire in the shaft, but I guess the soaking I got from a hose when I made the run for the building helped to keep me from burning up. I got the blood when I rammed my head into the iron gate at the fourth landing, thinking it was open. The blow sorta dazed me, but I managed to open the gate, picked you up in the office and beat it back down the elevator with you. I bet I made an awful dent in that gate. My head feels like it had busted right through the iron."

Verna reached up and clasped one of his hands.

"Ben," she said, "do you know you have all the qualifications of a regular hero?"

BITS OF BYPLAY

BY LUKE McLUKE

(Copyright, 1918.)

BITS OF BYPLAY

Speaking Plainly.

I know their honeymoon is o'er,
No more they tread on air;
She calls is "lingerie" no more,
She calls it "underwear."

The Wise Fool.

"Silence is golden," observed the Sage.

"Maybe that is why the average wife is always broke," commented the Fool.

Oh!

"So that magazine editor sent your story back to you?" said Brown.

"Yes," replied Smith.

"What did he say?" asked Brown.

"He said that the story was both good and original," replied Smith.

"Then why didn't he accept it?" demanded Brown.

"Oh," explained Smith, "he said that what was good wasn't original, and what was original wasn't good."

Painless.

He is a painless dentist, and
I know he tells the truth;
It can't hurt him a bit, my land,
To pull a fellow's tooth.

Paw Knows Everything.

Willie—Paw, what is a natural conclusion?

Paw—The postscript at the end of a woman's letter, my son.

Notice!

We desire to thank the intelligent men in the "Nixie" rooms in the Post-offices of this fair land for keeping tabs on Luke's whereabouts. On November 12 a letter was mailed in Bellefontaine, Ohio, bearing this address:

Luke McLuke
Somewhere.

And we got it the next day.

And on November 11 a letter was mailed in New Orleans, bearing the address:

Luke McLuke,
You know him.

And we got it on the 16th.

Strange.

He says he has no peace of mind,
I speak of poor old henpecked Burrs;
Now this is strange, because you'll find
His wife gives him a piece of hers.

After a man has lived among bluffers all his life you can't blame him for being leary. But what we started to say was that I. M. Leary lives at Blufftown, Ohio.

Cheer Up!

Be thankful, son, for your small lot,
And do not make a kick;
For lots of things you haven't got
Would only make you sick.

—Luke McLuke.

This logic offers comfort cold,
And it's about as true
As that remark we've heard of old,
"This hurts me worse than you."

Newark Advocate.

Things To Worry About.

A Mohammedan must not wear silk.

Our Daily Special.

One good Turndown Saves Another.

Oh, Joy!

No matter who is successful at the annual election of the club, Ima Hornblower, of East Pittsburg, will be on the job as usual.

Haw, Haw!

We all know that our version of the Siamese national anthem: "Oh, Wot An As Siam!" is a joke. But we learn on good authority that the patriotic salutation in Siam is "Wotog Oo Siam!" And if you repeat this rapidly you can get amazing results from it.

Luke McLuke Says

The reason why many a girl doesn't get the right husband is because she is afraid of being left.

Another good bet is that there wouldn't be much visiting done if the men had to do it.

What has become of the o. f. man who used to sit in the kitchen with a bowl on his head, while his wife trimmed his hair?

There are all sorts of henpecked men. But one of the most hopeless examples is the fellow who has to borrow his spending money from his wife.

And a man wouldn't mind his wife losing her temper if she would only lose the doggone thing permanently.

Love may be blind. But it is wonderful how soon marriage will open Love's eyes.

And what has become of the o. f. woman who had to have a good cry every day?

Some men are so useless that you get the idea that Nature gave them heads, so they would have something to hang their hats on.

A man may be too busy to make friends. But you may have noticed that he is never too busy to make enemies.



"This Typewriting Gets On My Nerves. I Wonder Why"

"I ALWAYS used to like running the machine, and took a pleasure in turning out good, neat letters.

"But I must say I cannot feel that way lately. Hitting the keys seems to jar my whole nervous system, and the noise of the machine annoys me.

"I wonder if I am getting nervous. There must certainly be something wrong with me, for I am so tired in the mornings and do not seem to have the energy to transcribe the bunch of letters which I get every day.

"Of course, I have been working harder than usual to make up for those who have been away sick. Then I have been helping more at home while mother was sick. I suppose it all helps to tire one out and exhaust the nerves.

"But what was that I was reading about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food building up the nerves? Perhaps that is what I need. There was something about worry and anxiety breaking down the nervous system, and I have surely had my share of worry.

"That may account for my headaches and sleeplessness, as well as for the tired feelings which I have all the time. Well, I am going to get some of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to-day and give it a tryout."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is so gentle in action and yet so potent as a restorative that it is a great favorite with women of all ages. It seems to be admirably suited to the needs of their delicate nervous systems, and on this account it has come to be universally used as a means of restoring vigor and energy to a run-down, nervous system.

The healthful color and appearance of people who have used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food—the elasticity and vivacity of their movements—is the best evidence of the benefits they have attained. 50c a box, 6 for $2.75, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto. On every box of the genuine you will find the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author.

The Most Satisfactory Christmas Giving



Is the sort that not only meets the demand of the practical, but also the immediate need of the recipient. Therefore

Camisoles

make the ideal gift of one woman to another. Our stock is fresh, clean and new, including many novelties, as well as the more staple numbers in white, flesh, maize silks and crepes.

Priced from

$1.00 to $3.50

BRICK & DUNDAS, Ltd.

188 DUNDAS STREET.

LONDON. ST. THOMAS.

Jimmy Coon and His Friends

The Adventures of the Little People of the Great Forest.

Tom Beaver Has a Plan.

All Beavertown — that is, all the young folks—were so envious over Tom Beaver's watch charm, made out of one of Mr. Bear's old yellow teeth, that there wasn't a minute's peace for anyone.

Tom Beaver spent all his spare time strutting round the top of the dam and showing off his new watch charm.

Jerry Beaver nearly died of jealousy, and all his little brothers and cousins did too, and the way they looked in every corner of Beavertown to see if any old Bear's teeth had been overlooked was funny.

They only found a very few, for Mother Beaver was a very good housekeeper and so were all the other mothers in town, and there wasn't a house that wasn't swept at least three or four times a year.

Now, what was to be done, when all the Beaver boys wanted watch charms and all the little Beaver girls wanted yellow lockets, and no one else had a bit of peace because they couldn't get them? Morning, noon and night it was, "Why can't I have a lovely locket like Tom Beaver's watch charm?" or "Why can't I have a lovely watch charm like Tom Beaver's?"

But after a while Tom Beaver got tired hearing so much about that silly watch charm, and he got tired of showing off; it was no fun wearing a yellow watch charm and setting the style, if no one could follow it! "What is the use of being so stylish if no one is going to follow me?" he said to his twin, Jerry. "Now Jerry, let's put our heads together and see if there isn't any way to get any more lovely yellow teeth of Mr. Bear's."

"I have looked everywhere, Tom, and there isn't a tooth to be found; and Mr. Bear will never stand still and let us pull his lovely teeth out," laughed Jerry.

Tom laughed, too, loud and long. "Oh, Jerry, you know less every day! You ought to know that all Beavertown is afraid of Mr. Bear; and we have to make a plan, a clever plan, so that he will pull his own teeth out and give them to us himself!"

"He never will do that in the world," replied Jerry, "you know less than I do—to say such a simple thing. He never would pull out his teeth and give them to us."

"Oh, he won't, he won't? You just wait and see. I have a lovely plan. You get all the boys and girls together, and I will tell them about the plan, tonight, when we have all our work done, and it is time to play. Tell them all to meet me under the old oak tree."

Tomorrow—The Meeting Under the Oak Tree.



Tom Laughed, Too, Loud and Long, "Oh, Jerry, You Know Less Every Day!"

THE LEAVES AND THE WIND.

[George Cooper.]

"Come, little leaves," said the wind one day,
"Come o'er the meadows with me and play;
Put on your dresses of red and gold,
Summer is gone, and the days grow cold."

Soon as the leaves heard the wind's loud call,
Down they came fluttering, one and all;
Over the brown fields they danced and flew,
Singing the soft little songs they knew.

"Cricket, good-bye, we've been friends so long!
Little brook, sing us your farewell song!
Say you are sorry to see us go;
Ah! you will miss us, right well, we know.

Dear little lambs, in your fleecy fold,
Mother will keep you from harm and cold:
Fondly we've watched you in vale and glade,
Say, will you dream of our loving shade?

Dancing and whirling the little leaves went,
Winter had call'd them, and they were content,
Soon fast asleep in their earthy beds,
The snow laid a coverlet over their heads.

PAGE OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Readers Are Invited to Phone All News of This Kind to the Society Editor. Phone 3670.

Mrs. A. Taylor left with her parents to spend a few days at the latter's home in Sparta.

A pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. William Fowler, Roseberry Place, Rodney, when her daughter, Mary Ella, was united in marriage to Godfrey J. Mistele, a farmer of Aldborough The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Fowler of Rodney, uncle of the bride. The bride, who was given away by her mother, was prettily gowned in alice blue satin with gold beading. The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl crescent. After a dainty luncheon the young couple left for Toronto. They will be at home to their many friends at the groom's farm after January 1, 1919.

Patriotic Western Ontario

Address All News for This Column to the Editor of the Women's Page.

WROXETER R. C. TO CONTINUE.

The following articles were shipped to headquarters at Montreal by the Wroxeter Red Cross Society: 18 flannel shirts, 54 suits pyjamas, 42 pillowcases, 30 towels, 122 washcloths, 6 quilts and 90 pairs of socks. The work will be continued, a new feature being the refugee work.

CARADOC RED CROSS.

The packing committee of the Caradoc Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. Longfield, packed the articles completed during November, and shipped them to Hyman Hall, as follows: 40 pairs stocks, 10 flannel shirts, 15 pyjama suits, 2 trench caps and 1 parcel old linen. This society also sent 31 pairs socks to Caradoc boys in England and France.

DRESDEN I. O. D. E.

Last week the I. O. D. E. members were busy at French relief work, and a Victory tea was given in the tea room to the members of the society and to all other ladies who have assisted them in war work, and in the canning factory. There were about 75 for tea, which was served by the tea committee, with Mrs. Frank Wells as convener. It was a very enjoyable affair. The ladies sewed during the afternoon for the little French orphans, and as a result have some nice clothing for shipment. Thursday a concert was given in the town hall, in aid of the French, the chief feature being a military pageant, with twelve girls in costume and chorus. Miss Winifred Stewart of London, also gave a couple of readings. The I. O. D. E. received their check from the Dominion Canners for $125 in payment for the help which the ladies gave them during the tomato campaign.

ILDERTON ANNUAL R. C. REPORT.

The Ilderton Red Cross held their annual meeting with an attendance of 44 members. The officers who have been in office since the organization of the society were again re-elected, as follows: President, Mrs. Shore; first vice-president, Mrs. Allen; second vice-president, Mrs. W. Needham; treasurer, Miss A. Charlton; secretary, Jean Charlton; assistant secretary, Miss E. Cunningham, and prisoners' relief secretary, Mrs. F. Kennedy. Total receipts for the year amounted to $1,323.69, and the disbursements $1,144.98, leaving a balance in the bank on October 16, 1918, $178.71. Donations to the various schemes were as follows: Navy $100, British navy $50, British Red Cross $150, French Red Cross $100, Y.M.C.A. $258, Soldiers' Convalescent Home $100, Canadian War Hospital $25, Soldiers' Aid Commission $25, maple sugar $10, Testaments for soldiers $10, soap for soldiers $10, socks for French soldiers $10, thirteen mattress covers $14.50, Christmas stockings $50, prisoners' relief $78, and comforts for soldiers in Germany $25.75. The number of articles sent to Hyman Hall during the year were as follows: 1,393 pairs socks, 260 shirts, 2,530 towels, 224 pyjama suits, 305 sheets, 713 pillowslips, 4 pillows, 8 boxes of soap, 50 washcloths, 19 personal property bags, 7 sweaters, 13 mattress covers. A shower for Byron Sanatorium was sent last spring; also a second shower in the fall. In the spring it consisted of 57 sealers fruit, 21 sealers pickles and catsup, 31 dozen fresh eggs, 15 quarts maple syrup, 2 pounds butter, 2 pounds maple sugar, and in the fall of 95 sealers fruit and pickles, 8 bottles pickles, 8 dozen eggs, 10 pounds honey, 5½ pounds butter, 2 cans salmon. J. C. Keeve, manager of the Home Bank, Ilderton, kindly audited the books.

WOODSLEE TO CONTINUES PATRIOTIC WORK.

The Woodslee Woman's Institute met in the I. O. O. F. Hall, with over 50 members present. It was decided to continue the war work and request is here made to anyone desiring to donate something towards the boxes for the boys overseas to send in the same, as the boxes will be packed and shipped on December 5.

THORNCLIFFE RED CROSS.

The Thorncliffe Red Cross Society met at the home of Mrs. Ernest Ellis to provide comforts for the boys overseas.

Daily Bible Question Club

UNIFORM LESSON FOR SUNDAY, DEC. 8, 1918.

ONE GOLDEN TEXT SUGGESTION.

By Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.

Joseph Made Ruler of Egypt.—Gen. 41: 33-44.

QUESTIONS FOR TODAY.

1. Verse 33.—What remarkable occurrence had led up to this advice of Joseph to Pharaoh?

2. In organizing for a great emergency how much depends upon the man put at the head of the organization?

3. Verse 34.—When, as a nation, we are warned of a coming emergency, what ought the leaders of the people do?

Golden Text.—He that is faithful in a very little is faithful also in much. —Luke 16: 10.

CHARACTER IS BACK OF FAITHFULNESS.

The boy Joseph who was sold into Egypt has now become ruler of the nation which he entered as a slave. After some very trying experiences in that country, in the good providence of God, his reliability was seen, and he was prompted by the Pharaoh to be ruler of the land at a time of important crisis in its history and that of the surrounding nations. It must be admitted that Joseph had ability of a very high order, but Joseph's chief strength lay in his character. He was a man of God and did right. He was a good man and chose the path of virtue, when it meant imprisonment, rather than live in sin in a gilded palace. It is always so, that character is essential to faithfulness and efficiency.

Advertiser Patterns



A COOL, PRACTICAL AND COMFORTABLE APRON.

2623—This is a good model for gingham, chambrey, percale, drill, khaki, lawn, sateen or alpaca. The belt is a good style feature. It has the pocket attached.

The pattern is cut in four sizes—Small, 32-34; medium, 36-38; large, 40-42, and extra large, 44-46 inches bust measure. Size medium requires 4 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern) ....

Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Caution: Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 33, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 25, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist, and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of application.

CYNTHIA GREY'S MAIL-BOX

For an Invalid.

Dear Miss Grey,—Have any readers of the Mail-Box a copy of Hearst's Magazine for November? This is for an invalid who has missed his copy for that month, and who finds the stories interesting.

If you have finished reading it, will you kindly leave your copy with Miss Grey, and I will call for it? Thanking you in advance, DELICIA.

Ans.—Shall be ever so pleased if anyone can supply a copy of the November issue for "Delicia's" invalid. Any reader who can do so will please leave the copy in The Advertiser business office addressed to me.

"D. D.'s" Cu Cu Relish.

Dear Miss Grey,—In the paper of September 28 I saw a recipe for cucumber relish, sent by "Dimpled Dottie." This recipe has been mislaid and I would like if you would reprint this again. With best wishes to the Mail-Box.

A CONSTANT READER.

Ans.—Here it is: Two cups peeled and chopped cucumbers, 2 cups peeled and chopped apples, 2 cups peeled and chopped onions, 1 red pepper, add dessertspoon salt, cover with cold vinegar and seal.

"Over the Top."

Dear Miss Grey,—As this is my first letter it will only be a note. We find some very good recipes in The Advertiser. Our township got an honor flag for going "over the top" in the Victory Loan. What do you think of my writing, for a girl 12 years old? I am sending my brother's address for anyone wishing to write to him. Yours sincerely, MAC.

Ans.—What a nice little letter you write, "Mac." You must be very pleased at the success of your township. It looks as though the hearts of the residents were in the right place. Your brother's address will be given out to some inquirer for a correspondent.

It Was Too Bad.

Dear Miss Grey,—Here I come again. I wrote you twice before and got no answer. Mamma wants the stocking-foot pattern if you have it, please. I sent you two stamped envelopes for it, but received no answer. Hoping this succeeds, may I call again? DISAPPOINTED.

Ans.—You must fancy that C. G. is making a collection of stamped envelopes! I'm ever so sorry your letters were apparently consigned to oblivion. It was not intentional, I assure you. I recollect your personal name, and feel certain that a pattern was mailed you. However, another one has now gone forward, and I sincerely hope it "travels straight." Then you'll feel encouraged to drop in again.

An Irishman's Remedy.

Dear Miss Grey,—My, but aren't ye the obligin' crature! Shure, 'tis hopin' I am that ye found the words of the auld song, "The Irish Jubilee."

I see "Bluebell" is asking for a cough remedy. Now, if the swate crature will take three tablespoons of honey and the juice of wan lemon, put them into a cup, stir well, and take a teaspoonful as often as the cough troubles her, I am sure she will get relief. Thanks very much for the song. I am, yours truly, SHANNA GOLDEN.

Ans.—Did you think I'd gone to Tipperary for the song? Not quite, but it refused to be found until past the eleventh hour. However, I've mailed it to you now, and am very pleased to have located it for you.

Towels and Things.

Dear Miss Grey,—Will you be kind enough to print a list of things a girl should have to be married, along the line of towels (how many), pillow-cases, embroidery, etc., not her wedding clothes? What do you think of my writing? Thanking you, I am, yours sincerely, ANXIOUS.

Ans.—For a bride who will keep house in a moderate way, this list may be helpful. Of course, ideas differ, and you may see fit to include fewer of some articles and more of others, according to your needs:

Bedroom linen—For each room to be "equipped," allow 3 pairs cotton sheets, 2 pairs flannelette sheets, 1 pair woollen blankets, 2 comforters, and counterpane, 4 plain pillowcases, 2 pairs slipovers with embroidered or initialed ends, dresser and stand scarf. An extra pair of blankets and additional comforters are wise purchases.

Bathroom—Six bath towels, 6 guest towels, 6 plain huck towels, 6 grey crash towels, dozen wash cloths.

Dining-Room—Two large tablecloths, with dozen napkins to match, 3 medium size cloths, 1 dozen napkins for ordinary use, 2 sets of tray cloths and centre pieces, smaller doilies for table and buffet as desired. If going to entertain much a luncheon set is nice to have.

Kitchen—Two dozen glass towels, 1 dozen cheese-cloth dusters, 4 hand towels of grey crash.

SILKS

NO better gift for mother, sister, or wife, than that of silk.
better fabric for the making of a beautiful dress, waist or skirt.
better time to buy than now, while the range of patterns and colors are complete.
better selection of choice goods and good values than we here present.

Silks for Style and Service

ranging from plain black to delicate evening shades and novelty plaids and stripes, moderately priced. Second Floor.

BLACK SILKS

BLACK PAILLETTE, with a high lustre, satin face, width 36 inches. Per yard ..... $2.25 and $2.50

BLACK DUCHESS SATIN, soft, lustrous, beautiful, of good-wearing quality, width 36 inches. Per yard ..... $2.50 and $2.75

BLACK CHARMEUSE SATIN, soft draping effect, rich satin finish, width 40 inches. Yard $3.50

BLACK TAFFETA, unusually fine quality, width 36 to 40 inches.. $1.50, $1.85, $2, $2.50

BLACK HABUTAI, good values. Per yard 65c, $1.00, $1.50

BLACK PEAU-DE-SOIE, heavy quality, good black, width 36 inches. Yard.... $3.00

COLORED SILKS

PAILLETTES—one of the season's most popular silk fabrics, in many colorings, both light and dark shades; width 36 inches. Per yard ..... $1.75 and $2.00

DUCHESS SATIN—A big range of this beautiful fabric in the newest shades; width 36 inches. Prices ..... $2.00 to $2.50

HABUTAI SILK, extra fine quality, superior finish; wears well and does not crush easily; a good range in light and dark shades; width 36 inches. Big values. Per yard ..... $1.00 to $1.50

JAPANESE SILK, 27-inch. Yard..... 65c

CHINA SILK, 22-inch. Yard 25c

Embroidered Crepe de Chine

These beautiful fabrics for evening gowns are in shades of white, embroidered in nile, green and black, champagne, and in nile, green and brown; maize embroidered in nile and cream; rose embroidered in self color and cream, pink, embroidered in self-color, and champagne, grey, embroidered in nile, green and rose; 42 inches wide. Price, yard $4.00

Crepe de Chine

Will make serviceable and pretty dresses for the coming season; a good range, in dark and light shades; widths 36 to 40 inches. Prices, yard ..... $1.50 to $2.75

GEORGETTE CREPE, best quality, in all the new shades; width 40 inches. Per yard ..... $2.25 and $2.50

NINON—A good range of shades, 40 inches wide. Yard $1.25

SILK TIES

NECKWEAR, MAIN FLOOR.

LADIES' SILK NECKSCARFS; colors khaki, grey, white, paddy, rose and coral. Price, each $3.00

WINDSOR TIES of Silk and Crepe, in copen, coral, rose, pink and cardinal. Price 50c

MIDDY TIES (extra heavy silk), in navy, cardinal and paddy. Prices, 50c and 75c

Gray's Limited

Agents for the Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.
140 DUNDAS STREET.
Phones 115, 116.

Gray's Limited

HAD WEAK AND FAINTING SPELLS

Those feelings of faintness, those weak, "all gone" sinking sensations, which come over some people from time to time, are warnings that must not go unheeded.

They mean an extremely weakened condition of the heart and a disordered nervous system.

When the system is in this condition there is no time for delay. One fainting spell may be recovered from—will the next? One dizzy spell may pass off, but the next may be more serious.

Those who are wise will start taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, before their case becomes deep rooted and perhaps hopeless.

They will act directly on the disordered heart and weakened nervous system and restore them to full strength and vigor.

Miss Mary McCoy, Algoma Mills, Ont., writes: "I was awfully troubled with fainting and weak spells, and I could never get any doctor's medicine to help me. One day a friend of mine was at the house when I took one of those spells, and she got me a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. That was six years ago, and from that day to this I have never had any of those spells. I would not be without your pills for any money, and can highly recommend them to anyone."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MAKING FLOWERS LAST.

No flowers will keep satisfactorily unless a few rules relating to their care are followed. Too few persons realize that cut flowers need air as well as water. One often finds bouquets with the stems thrust solidly into the mouth of a narrow vase. Vases with wide mouths are preferable, except when two or three buds or small flowers are to be displayed.

As a matter of fact, better effects are often obtained by using only a few blossoms than by massing many. Such kinds as peonies and lilacs may be used in large masses to create a cheerful color effect, but the daintier blooms make a much prettier picture if only a few flowers are used. The Japanese plan of using odd numbers is worth adopting. The appeal of three or five flowers is greater than that of four or six, although one may find it difficult to explain why.

A simple way to hold a few flowers upright in a wide-mouthed vase is to cut two twigs, just the right size to fit tightly across the opening. The stems of the flowers can be held between these twigs. They can also be kept upright, but close to the sides of the vase, by the use of small forked twigs. It is convenient to use flower scissors when cutting flowers out of doors, but they have a tendency to squeeze the stems so that less water will be taken up. It is best to cut all flower stems with a knife, after they have been brought to the house, if scissors are used in the garden, and the cut should be oblique rather than straight across. It is an excellent practice to cut off a little of the stem each morning, so that a fresh surface will be presented.

Some of the garden flowers, usually considered too easily wilted for indoor decoration, can be used under certain conditions.

Morning glories, when cut in the bud and just at the right stage, will open before the eyes of the family at breakfast time, if breakfast is not delayed too long. If sweet peas are cut when the dew is on them, they will hold their color better than if exposed to the hot sun on the vines. Poppies are usually classed among flowers which have but little value for cutting, because of their tendency to fall very quickly. Gardeners have learned that they will last fairly well if they are cut early in the morning, just before the buds have opened, and it is a rare thing to watch these buds unfold indoors. A good way to keep violets is to tie them loosely in little bunches of eight or ten, and thrust them into moss, with which a low receptacle has been filled. Of course, the moss must be kept moist. It is moisture for the petals which violets need more than water for the stems. Pansies may be displayed in the same way, or a suitable bowl may be filled with damp sand, into which the stems are thrust. If there are flowers enough the sand will be hidden. Otherwise, a little moss may be spread over the surface. Pansies last a long time when this method is followed.

W. M. S. CONVENTION HELD AT MT. BRYDGES

The annual convention of the W. M. S. for the Strathroy district met in the Methodist Church, Mount Brydges. There was a morning and afternoon session, the district president, Mrs. Smith of Petrolea occupying the chair. The morning session was fully taken up with the reports of the different auxiliaries of the district. Miss Clark, a returned missionary, gave a very interesting address at the afternoon session, there being a god attendance at both sessions.

I. O. D. E. CONCERT SUCCESS.

LEAMINGTON, Dec. 1.—The Leamington Chapter, I. O. D. E. concert in the Methodist Church was a big success. Miss Jessie Alexander, reader of Toronto was assisted by Mrs. Deming, organist of Windsor, Mrs. George MacDonald, soprano; Colin MacDonald, tenor; Miss Elsaline Winter, pianist. Each number was delightedly received and the proceeds from the evening made a tidy sum for patriotic work.

VICTORY DANCE.

LEAMINGTON, Dec. 1.—Many are looking forward to the "victory dance" to be given by the Girls' Khaki Club on December 6.

Wonderful Bilious Remedy Actually Prevents Attacks

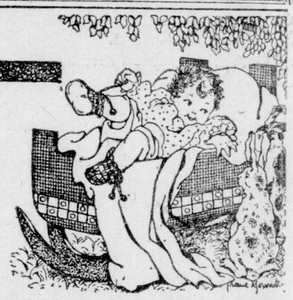
There are two great causes of biliousness—they are constipation and defective liver action.

When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are taken, they not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well.

Quite unlike ordinary medicines which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the conditions which cause biliousness, and thus permanent cures are effected. No person who occasionally uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c box today.

WHEN You Want Flowers, *Think of* WEST FLORAL COMPANY

Phone 2187. 249 Dundas Street. 2xv



Bye, Baby Bunting,
Father's gone a-hunting
For Taylor's famous
"Infants-Delight."
To keep the baby
Clean and white.

INFANTS-DELIGHT TOILET SOAP

THE wise mother uses it because it is PURE, fragrant and refreshing.

¶Send us three of these ads—all different—for beautiful Mother Goose Book in colors.

JOHN TAYLOR & CO., Limited, Dept. 4, TORONTO.

WHEN YOUR BOY COMES HOME

you will be glad you gave the last dollar you could spare to keep him at the front and to keep him happy, well clothed and well fed.

Shredded Wheat

paid its heavy toll for doing a restricted business during the war and it paid it gladly. It was a patriotic privilege. Shredded Wheat is the same breakfast cereal you have always eaten - clean, pure, wholesome and nutritious. Eat it with hot milk and a little salt. No sugar is required.



Madam

DENT'S GLOVES please men as well as women. An extra pair of DENT'S is always welcome and the compliment of receiving the best make of gloves is sure to be appreciated.

INSIST ON DENT'S

POLLY AND HER PALS.—Neewah's Humanity Was Almost His Undoing. By Cliff Sterrett



MUTT AND JEFF.—Some Fortune Tellers Tell You a Lot For a Dollar. (Copyright. 1918. by H. C. Fisher. Trade mark registered in Canada.) BY "BUD" FISHER



Carpentier and Dempsey Boxing Bout Doubtful

French Champion Will Be Big Drawing Card Anywhere and May Stay in France to Fight.

Will Carpentier come to this country? It has been talked of so many times that folks have come to look upon the great Frenchman's promised visit as a gigantic hoax. Several times they had him actually going up the gangplank to set sail for the land of the free, but always was the rumor run down to nothing.

But now, with the war over and aviators likely to be the first to be disbanded in a military way, the chances of the Paris idol coming here to box seems bright indeed. And what a match he and Dempsey would make!

Practically of the same type of fighter, fast, furiously aggressive, this fellow would uncover all, if there is any mystery about Dempsey's greatness. Right now, and for some time to come, Carpentier would be at a tremendous disadvantage in meeting any men of Dempsey's ilk.

It is hardly likely that he'd even consider Dempsey as a foe. First of all, Carpentier must fight himself back into fighting trim. That won't come with one, two or half a dozen bouts. It will take a year for him to get back to where he was. Naturally he has grown more powerful and formidable, but he will have to recover all the thousand and one knacks that go to make a supremely successful boxer, knacks that vanish with an extended absence from the ring.

And, again, Carpentier, decorated as he has been for conspicuous bravery in the air, is bound to be a tremendous favorite with his own. The French people will flock to see Carpentier fight anybody, and they'll continue to do so for some time, and indeed they'll probably feel very much hurt if Georges stirs out of the country to meet any good man. The cry will naturally go up: "Bring Dempsey here."

No matter where he fights, Carpentier is going to be immensely popular, and what a card! If Tex Rickard is lying low for a real card, then up she bobs. Tex stated the other day that he did not want to be identified with boxing just now, and, perhaps, never again. He did hint, though, that there was nothing in the way of a real attraction anywhere. He even said that a Willard and Dempsey bout was far removed from a popular demand.

Guelph Collegiate Drops O.R.F.U. Finals to U.T.S.

Toronto Team Takes Sudden-Death Game From the Guelph Squad by Score of 4 to 0 and Carries Away Silverware—Game Played on Snow-Covered Field.

TORONTO, Nov. 30.—On a snow-covered field that reminded one of hockey, Guelph C. I. and University School, met today in the final game for the inter-scholastic championship of the O. R. F. U. The game was a preliminary to the big soccer match, and there was a good crowd on hand when the game started.

First Quarter.

Shortly after play started Munro kicked to Carroll, who was forced to rouge. Munro was kicking much better than Carroll. The wind being from the northwest was rather favorable to the team kicking down the field, and Guelph had the slight advantage in this first period. After forcing the play into U. T. S. territory Guelph lost for failure to give yards, and play went back to midfield, offside fumbling and interference by both teams were costly and the ball changed hands repreatedly at half way. A forward pass by Carroll on his own 23-yard line gave U. T. S. possession, and on Munro's kick Smith was downed a few yards out from his own line. Failure to gain yards gave U. T. S. possession, but they lost for interference. Fumbling gave Guelph possession at halfway. Quarter time score: U. T. S., 1; Guelph 0.

Second Quarter.

Play started on Toronto's 25-yard line and Munro kicked out of touch at half way. Guelph intercepted a number of trick plays into the game, but they failed to work on the bad footing. After Nunan's long kick Guelph lost for interference. A nice middle line play took Guelph out of danger. Loose play at midfield was the order, both teams offending. A beautiful 40-yard run by Jeffrey took place to Guelph's 40-yard line, but the U. T. S. lost for interfence, and U. T. S. got it back for the same play. Carroll was forced to rouge on Munro's kick. A few minutes later Smith was forced to rouge, and after working the play into U. T. S. territory and losing for offside they gained possession again by the same play and put them into a good position. Munro saved by running out the kick. A fumble by Carroll was muffed half way, but was luckily recovered.

A beautiful backfield running play ended with Munro gaining 20 yards just as half time was called. Score: U. T. S., 3; Guelph 0.

Third Quarter.

U. T. S. opened the third period with a rush, Munro's long kick against the wind being foozled by Carroll, and Smith, who saved, was nailed in his tracks. Guelph then plunged twice for yards and gained on an extension run. Carroll was forced to kick out, and Munro ran back almost to centre. Jeffries went through the middle for ten. Carroll caught Munro's punt in fine style and was away, but Kearns made a fine tackle. Another long run by Jeffries featured, but he was unlucky, dropping the ball when tackled. Guelph wings were tackling well, and the play was mostly confined to the centre of the field. Munro, even against the wind, had been outpunting Carroll. Little Smith featured with a 30-yard run around the end, and there was a delay when Aggett was hurt. Munro's punt went off Smith into touch at Guelph's 30, and the former immediately kicked over for a single and the game was 4 to 0.

A fooling pass by Munro, which Jeffreys was lucky to save, transferred the play to U. T. S. forty, and when no yards was given against U. T. S., Guelph had a chance, but they lost for an offside. There was another long stoppage when a Guelph man was hurt, and Munro kicked out of danger and both goals were changed with the ball at midfield. The score: U. T. S., 4; Guelph, 0.

Fourth Quarter.

Guelph began the last period with a rush, and getting possession for interference, carried the play well into U. T. S. territory. Carroll got through for yards a few minutes later, but dropped the ball again. Munro's good punting, foot saved the situation, Jeffreys dropped a punt and U. T. S. were again placed on the defence. Guelph gained yards once, but were held on the attempt, and Munro ran out thirty yards.

Then a kick to midfield and Guelph gained forty yards on an outside kick. U. T. S. had a royal chance when Carroll fumbled a punt but the dribble was stopped by Smith at Guelph's thirty-five. Carroll was laid out in the mixup. A no-yard penalty transferred the play to U. T. S. territory and again Guelph lost for interference. Smith retired with a lame leg. Munro kicked over Carroll's head to Guelph's line and then tackled Nunan in his tracks. Time was called with the score 4 to 0.

The teams:

Guelph C. I.—Flying wing, Pequegnat; right half, Nunan; centre field, A. Carroll; left half, Smith; quarter, back, Creelman; scrimmage, J. Buckland, Schnecker, Cunningham; inside right, Wilkinson; inside left, Bell; middle right, B. Buckland; middle left, Charlesworth; outside right, Sorby; outside left, Hayes.

University Schools—Flying wing, Gardiner; right half, Kearns; centre half, Munro; left half, Jeffreys; quarterback, Sullivan; scrimmage, Grey, Whealey, Samuels; inside right, J. Fairbairn; inside left, Irwin; middle right, Aggett; middle left, Baker; outside right, Lind; outside left, Harris.

Officials—Reg. Degruchy and B. F. Munro.

THREE TEAMS IN PACIFIC COAST HOCKEY LEAGUE

Victoria Replaces Portland—Vancouver and Seattle Will Be Represented.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Nov. 29.—Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle will battle this season for the Pacific Coast hockey honors. Portland's franchise was suspended at the eighth annual meeting of the Pacific Coast Hockey Association, held here today in the office of the president, Frank Patrick. Mr. Patrick explained that he had endeavored repeatedly to get an expression of intention from Portland, but all inquiries had been ignored by the Portland management.

Frank Patrick was re-elected president for the eighth straight term, J. F. Douglas, Seattle, was elected vice-president; A. J. Small, Vancouver, secretary-treasurer, and C. W. Lester, Seattle, and Lester Patrick, Victoria, were elected as directors.

The season's shedule will be drafted within the next few days. It will call for nine home matches for each team, with the first game scheduled for January 1. The season will run to March 7, when the teams standing first and second will play a two-game series for the championship of the league. The winners expect to play the Eastern champions for the Stanley Cup about the middle of March.

The association decided to adopt the deferred penalty system, which has been in existence within the past, and which has been adopted by the National Hockey League. This insures six men to a team on the ice at all times.

Lester Patrick, who managed the Seattle Club last season, this year will control the Victoria team. "Pete" Muldoon, formerly of the Portland team, moves to Seattle and Frank Patrick continues in charge of the Vancouver team. The Portland players will be available for the new Victoria team.

The prospects for the season are considered very bright. With Victoria taking the place of Portland, the circuit is more compact, and a keen fight for the championship is anticipated.

FIFTEEN TEAMS START IN SIX-DAY BICYCLE RACE AT NEW YORK

Annual Indoor Cycling Carnival Opened at Madison Square Garden.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30. — Fifteen teams of the best cyclists available made up the field of contestants in the international 6-day bicycle race at the Madison Square Garden tonight. This is New York's annual indoor cycling carnival, which was instituted a quarter of a century ago.

Among the competitors this year are several who took part in previous grinds at the great garden. There are some newcomers, notably Gus Lang, the American amateur champion, and Lloyd Byron, holder of the Australian amateur title. These two have joined the professional ranks and will be partners in the big contest. The French point score system will govern the event again this year and two hours each afternoon and three hours each night, including the final hours of the race, will be devoted to sprints for points.

What follows is the official list of entries:

Australian Team—Spears and Grenda.

United States Navy-Belgian Team—Carman and DeBaetes.

American-Australian Team — Corry and Madden.

Amateur Team—Lang and Byron.

Newark Team—Kopsky and Coburn.

Submarine Boat Corporation Team—Grimm and Thomas.

California Team—Hanley and Lawrence.

New York Team—Chapman and Wiley.

Italian Team—Madona and Rello.

Unione Sportiva Italiana Team — Verri and Drobach.

American Team — McNamara and Magin.

American-French Team — Kramer and Dupuy.

Jersey City Team — Weber and Eaton.

Long Island Team—Bowker brothers.

Allied Team—Gerwig and Keller.

Canadian Baseball League May Reopen Next Season

Twilight Baseball Likely To Be Introduced — Six-Team League Proposed.

OTTAWA, Dec. 1. — With the announcement of definite assurances that the major leagues will resume operations next spring, and the probability of at least 50 of the minors getting back into the game, officers of the clubs which played in the Canadian circuits a few years ago are beginning to reconnoitre along the various fronts. It is altogether likely that the Canadian League will make a new start and that it will have six teams.

Just what cities will constitute the Canadian circuit is still indefinite, but it is likely that Ottawa, London, Hamilton and Brantford will certainly be there with bells! on. Six teams will be necessary, however, and in this connection Peterboro will probably be added on account of the fact that it is situated where the jump between the east and the west could be broken. Montreal is also spoken of as a probable candidate.

It is understood that the plans of the Canadian League magnates include for next season the introduction of twilight baseball.

TORONTO SOCCER MEN DEFEATED BY U. S. A. CHAMPS; SCORE 2 TO 0

Bethlehem Eleven Play Great Game Before Large Crowd.

TORONTO, Nov. 30.—The famous Bethlehem football team defeated the Toronto all-star team by the score of 2 to 0 at Varsity Stadium Saturday afternoon. The game was largely attended in spite of the weather. The field was wet and slippery.

The visitors were more than pleased with the way the Sportsmen's Patriotic Association received them. The receipts will go to the Christmas tree fund for the soldiers' dependents.

First Half.

When the game commenced the ground was covered with two inches of snow, but this in no way marred the interest in the play. Each team faced the camera in turn, and promptly on time Herring kicked off, Bethlehem having won the toss. Great enthusiasm prevailed in the early stages of the game, and it was clearly shown that the ball would be difficult to control. Campbell slipped and let in Forrest, but he kicked wildly past Helliwell. A minute later Torontos made a spectacular run, Hamilton forcing Ferguson to concede a corner kick. The kick was well placed by Barron, but equally well cleared by Fletcher. Each goal was visited in turn, Torontos showing the most enterprise.

Splendid work by Worrell let in Forsyth, who, cleverly beating Pepper, passed to Barron, who kicked past Duncan. A foul against Worrell for handling let in Ratican, but he kicked badly when being tackled by Brownlee. From the goal-kick, Brown obtained possession and sent away Herring, who passed to Forsyth who, in turn, put across to Barron. The latter returned the ball to centre, but Forsyth lifted the ball just over the bar, to the chagrin of the 10,000 people now present. Bethlehem took up the running, McKelvey being very prominent on the extreme right. Play centred round Toronto's goal but the home defence was proving to be in fine form.

Acourt shone on numerous occasions. Hamilton was putting in great work. Two corners in rapid succession fell to the visitors, the first being cleared and the second sailed over the bar. George Campbell saved what looked like a goal when he cleverly intercepted a fast one from Butler. Toronto now came into the limelight and Hamilton was loudly applauded for clever play by beating Forrest and Kilpatrick in turn. For a time the ball fairly buzzed around the Bethlehem goal, Duncan saving a great shot from Worrell. When Bethlehem finally got away, Fleming was penalized for offside. Play was fast and exciting, the game never lagging for a minute. Ratican had a great chance to open up the scoring, but fell when about to shoot. The headwork of both teams was pretty to watch and greatly admired by the spectators. Each side was having its share of the play, neither being able to claim any advantage. Two free kicks fell to the Blues, but Campbell and Brownlee rose to the occasion and cleared in great style. With five minutes to go to half-time, Bethlehem applied the pressure, but could not pierce the home defence. Campbell was ever prominent and frequently broke up the dangerous combination of Forrest and Fleming. When the whistle sounded for the interval the Dark Blues were attacking, but neither side had scored.

Half-time score: Bethlehem, 0; All Toronto 0.

Second Half.

On resuming the Bethlehem forwards went away with a rush, but Brownlee pulled them up in fine style. Barron got away on Toronto's right and put across a lovely centre, but Fletcher cleared before Herring could get up. McKelvey and Butler made a pretty run on the Bethlehem right, the latter sending across a beauty which Fleming just failed to reach. Splendid work by Worrell transferred play to the other end, but Ferguson relieved with a huge kick.

Fine combination by the whole Bethlehem forward line gave Forrest a chance, and he let drive with a hot one, but his shot struck the upright and came out, Brownlee clearing.

From one of the Bethlehem's good combination runs Butler ended up with a hot drive, the ball hitting the upright and coming out to Forrest, he shooting hard and true, but Helliwell made a magnificent save with a crowd on him. Kirkpatrick resumed, and Bethlehem again pressed, gaining two corners in as many minutes, the second of which was placed finely by Fleming, and Forrest scored from a melee in the goalmouth. Bethlehem 1, Toronto 0.

Stung by his reverse, Torontos put on the pressure, Brown, Forsythe and Herring putting in some neat work, but Fletcher and Ferguson pulled them up every time, and Duncan was not called upon. A free tkick to Toronto was nicely placed by Brown, but Campbell headed out of danger. A miskick by Brownlee looked bad for Toronto, but Helliwell ran out and just beat Butler to the ball, and cleared his lines cleverly.

Bethlehem again pressed hotly, and Fleming, working his way through prettily, sent across to McKelvey, who sent in a terrible drive which Helliwell stopped, but could not hold, the ball glancing out of his hands into the net, Bethlehem 2, Toronto 0.

Bethlehem were now easily the better team and only the sterling work of Campbell, Brownlee and Brown kept the score down. Fleming again missed an open goal, shooting yards wide, with only Halliwell to beat. Toronto made a valiant effort to score, but the light forwards had no chance against the heavy Bethlehem defence.

Just before the final McKelvey had a nice chance to increase his side's lead, but shot wide, a great game ending in a well deserved win for the Bethlehem team. Final score: Bethlehem 2, Toronto 0.

The Teams.

Bethlehem—Duncan, Fletcher, Ferguson, Kilpatrick, Campbell, Pepper, McKelvey, Butler, Ratican, Forrest and Fleming.

All-Toronto — Helliwell, Campbell, Brownlee, Acourt, Worrell, Brown, Barron, Hamilton, Forsyth, Jackson, Herring.

Referee—Banks.

EDDIE GRANT WILL BE REMEMBERED BY HIS FORMER TEAM

Tablet to His Memory To Be Placed in New York Baseball Stand.

President Hempstead of the New York National League club, is enthusiastically in favor of placing a testimonial on the Polo grounds as a permanent tribute to the heroism of Capt. Eddie Grant, who was killed while leading a battalion of American troops to the rescue of the "lost battalion" in the Argonne forest in France.

The tribute probably will be a bronze tablet placed on the upper grandstand at the entrance on Eighth avenue. This, while it will be costly, will be modest in design, to conform to the retiring disposition as a ballplayer of the dead hero.

A tribute to Eddie Grant such as an elaborate and imposing monument would be entirely foreign to his nature, although his many friends may desire such prominence given to his memory in consideration of his being the first ball-player killed in the world's war.

The suggestion or the tribute originated with a fellow-ballplayer and fellow-officer of Capt. Grant, his pal Capt. Harry McCormick, and baseball people all over the country have commended the idea.

Capt. McCormick advocated the plan of voluntary subscriptions to pay for the cost of the tribute, and that may be followed, but correspondence has not yet been completed for that project.

MIKE GIBBONS RESIGNS AS BOXING INSTRUCTOR

ST. PAUL, Nov. 30.—Mike Gibbons, St. Paul, middleweight boxer, has sent in his resignation as chief boxing instructor at Camp Gordon, Ga., according to a telegram received here tonight by friends. No action has been taken on his resignation, Gibbons said.

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IF IT'S NEW—WE HAVE IT.
zxv

London and Port Stanley Railway

Timetable Effective Sept. 9.

To St. Thomas—†5:00, †*6:20, 7:20, *8:20, 9:20, *10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, *1:20, 2:20, *3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, *7:20, 8:20, 9:20, *10:20, †11:20.

To Port Stanley—†*6:20, *8:20, *10:20 a.m., *1:20, *3:20, *5:20, *7:20, *10:20 p.m.

†Daily except Sunday.
*Limited trains London to St. Thomas.

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Good Race Horses Will Be Scarce Next Season

With Canada Back Into the Game There Will Be a Bigger Demand—Canadian Horses Among Best.

Talk about the high price of food and commodities, that is nothing compared with the prices that will be asked for horses next year. This is the expressed opinion of those in a position to know. They base their judgment on the fact that there will be considerably more racing in 1919 than this year, consequently a greater demand for thoroughbreds.

In the first place it is reasonably sure there will be racing in Canada, which will pull at least from 700 to 1,000 horses from the general collection, especially if the half-mile tracks operate. Coupled with this the prospects are there will be considerably more racing in the West than there was this year. Then there is the possibility of a longer season in New York States, it having been intimated that sport will begin earlier and end later than it did this year. The conflict of dates with Maryland this year has shown that there was sufficient material for circuits.

What will increase the value of the horse, however, more than shortage, is the goodly purses that will be offered and the rich stakes in prospect. Kentucky bristles with rich events, and New York and Maryland are both displaying decided liberality in added money. Add to this the rich Canadian purses in the event that racing is resumed in the Dominion, the prospects for earning capacity of horses is almost beyond conception.

Even now it is next to impossible to buy a horse that can win races unless a fabulous sum is offered. An idea of this is gathered from the price Commander J. K. L. Ross paid for War Pennant, Motor Cup and War Marvel, the sum being $75,000 for the three. One can, therefore, imagine what a race horse is worth if its earning possibilities are almost doubled to what they were this year, and the prospects of expenses being less now the war is over.

It is almost impossible to buy a horse equal to winning a cheap selling race for less than $1,500 or $2,000. This has been proved time and time again in selling and claiming races. With Canada resuming racing, it means that at least 25 per cent more money will be added to the annual distribution this year. Breeding and buying horses appears to be a rather alluring industry these days, as prosperity is lurking everywhere and looks as if it will continue to "lurk" for many years to come in this country.

BUTTER 57 CENTS AT INGERSOLL, ONLY 45 AT ST. MARYS; PRICES ON EGGS 10-15 CENTS DIFFERENT

Wide Discrepancy in Prices on the Western Ontario Produce Markets.

Ingersoll, Dec. 1.—The market Saturday was well attended, with the offerings of poultry the principal feature. The supply of both chickens and ducks was very large, and in some respects prices were slightly easier than for some time. While 30c per pound was the ruling price, some chickens were sold at a lower figure. Ducks were firm at 30c per pound, while eggs sold at 65c per dozen, and butter at 57c per pound.

ST. MARYS QUOTATIONS.

St. Marys, Dec. 1.—The feature in Saturday's market prices was a tendency to firmness in all farm products. Quotations were as follows: Fall wheat, standard, $2.11 to $2.14; spring wheat, standard, $2.06 to $2.09; oats, standard, 73c; barley, $1; peas, $3; flour, per cwt., $5.70 to $6; bran, per ton, without bags, $32; do., with bags, $39; shorts, per ton, without bags, $38; do., with bags, $42; honey in 10-lb. pails, 25c per lb.; dairy butter, per lb., 45c; eggs, per doz., 50c; apples, per bag, 60c to $1.25; do., per peck, 15c to 20c; potatoes, per bag, $1.25 to $1.50; do., per peck, 35c; turnips, per bushel, 15c; wool, unwashed fleece, per lb., 60c; do., washed, per lb., 80c; chickens, per lb., 20c to 25c; ducks, per lb., 25c; geese, per lb., 23c to 25c; turkeys, per lb., 32c; beefhides, per lb., 14c; hay, per ton, $16 to $17; straw, per teamload, $5 to $6; live hogs, per cwt., $17.50.

PRICES DOWN A LITTLE.

Stratford, Dec. 1.—There was a brisk business at the local market Saturday, particularly in the upstair department, where there was again a good supply of poultry, butter and eggs. Prices have changed but little from last week, except eggs, which are scarce and sold this morning as high as 65c, but 60c was the ruling price. Butter is quoted today at 45c to 48c, a drop of 2c from last week.

Potatoes have a downward tendency at $1.75 to $2, and apples of good quality sold at from $1 to $1.50 a bag.

Hay is stationary at $16 to $18 per ton, but is likely to go higher. Not much is coming in. Considerable of the available supply is being sought for pressing, and is bringing $17 at the barn.

PRICE BOARD IGNORED.

Sarnia, Dec. 1.—The attendance at the local market on Saturday was smaller than usual, owing no doubt to the fact that the farmers pay no attention to the fair price board always on display in the market building. Butter was quoted at 50c and 52c, but none could be bought under 55c. Eggs, which were quoted at 58c and 60c, sold all the way up to 65c a dozen. Chickens sold at 35c per pound, although they were listed at from 25c to 30c per pound. A liberal supply of turkeys were ocered and sold at 35c per pound, and the Chinese restaurants got the bulk of them. Geese sold at 28c. Apples sold at 20c per peck, and $2.50 and $3 per barrel. Potatoes sold at 50c per peck.

WOODSTOCK PRICES.

Woodstock, Dec. 1.—The Saturday market, despite the coldness of the weather, was a very brick one. Butter sold at 55c a pound, while eggs sold at 60c a dozen. Potatoes ruled at $1.75 a bag. Beets, carrots and parsnips were 25c a peck; turnips, 15c peck; onions, 35 @40c a peck. Apples were 25c a basket or $1 a bag; fresh water herring, 11c a pound, and plaice, 17c; beanns, 20c a quart; honey, extracter, 27@30c a pound; honey, in comb, 30c a section. Large quantities of dressed chicken and fowl were offered at prices, ranging from 50c to $1.50 each. Dressed ducks were $1.20@1.60 each; beef, 22@30c a pound; veal, 22@30c; fresh pork, 32@34c; lamb, 25@35c; mutton, 25@30c; cured ham, whole, 42c; sliced, 45c; back bacon, 50c; pork sausage, 35c; headcheese, 25c; cheese, 30c a pound; hay, $17 and $18 a ton; hogs, live weight, $17.50 per 100 hundred.

Chatham, Dec. 1.—Produce market: Butter, 55c; barley, cwt., $2; chickens, lb., 45@50c; eggs, 60c dozen; hogs, f.o.b., $17.50; hay, loose, $17@22; oats, bushel, 70c; potatoes, $1.80@2; wheat, bushel, $2.05@2.10.

2,000 Aerial Cadets Already Sent Home: 2,500 Are to Follow

TORONTO, Dec. 1.—Major H. B. Denton of the Royal Air Force announced last night that 2,000 cadets had been demobilized since Tuesday of last week and have proceeded to their homes.

It is expected that 2,000, or perhaps 2,500, will be medically boarded and permitted to return to their homes this week.

MILK 15 CENTS QUART IN CITY OF TORONTO

TORONTO, Dec. 1.—The price of milk advances one cent a quart in this city tomorrow, as the result of action taken by the executive of the Toronto and Peel Milk and Cream Producers' Association. Milk will cost fifteen cents per quart and eight cents per pint.

THIRTEEN TEAMS REACH 167-MILE LAP IN RACE

Madison Square Garden, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Thirteen of the fifteen teams who started in the six-day bicycle race shortly after midnight, had covered 167 miles 7 laps at 8 o'clock this morning. The brothers Bowker and Bello and Markey were one lap behind the leaders.

The eight-hour record made here by Lawson and Drobach in 1914 is 189 miles 9 laps.

KENTUCKY DATES FIXED FOR NEXT SPRING MEETS

LEXINGTON, Nov. 30.—Dates were awarded by the Kentucky Racing Commission here today for the next spring running race meetings in Kentucky. They are:

Lexington, April 24 to May 8; Churchill Downs, Louisville, May 10 to May 23; Douglas Park, Louisville, May 24 to June 7; Latonia, June 10 to July 5; making a total of 61 days of spring racing in this state.

U. S. A. Football Results

WEST.

Michigan 14, Ohio State 0.
Cleveland N. R. 10, Pittsburg 9.
Minnesota 7, Chicago 0.
Great Lakes 27, Purdue 0.
Iowa 0, Camp Dodge 0.
Kazoo Normal 39, Notre Dame Freshmen 0.

EAST.

Syracuse 21, Rutgers 0.
Brown 6, Harvard 3.
Philadelphia Navy Yard 27, Charleston Navy Yard 7.
Pelham Bay N. T. S. 6, Granite State 0.

CROSS COUNTRY RACE GOES TO CLIFF HORNE

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 30.—Clifton Horn of the Dorchester Club, won the New England cross-country championship today over the Franklin Park course, covering the six miles in 35 minutes 20 seconds. He was 300 yards ahead of Frank Kahdol, an Indian distance runner from Camp Edgar.

For the team championship, New Hampshire defeated Massachusetts Institute of Technology by a score of 43 to 47. Massachusetts Agricultural College finished third, and Camp Edgar fourth. There were 31 starters.

JOHN CLAPP WINS FINAL AUTUMN GOLF TOURNEY

PINEHURST, N. C., Nov. 30.—John H. Clapp, of the Chevy Chase Club, Washington, D. C., won the final autumn golf tournament here today, defeating J. Appelton Ullen, of Baltusrol Club, New York, 3 up and 1 to play.

NATIONAL SENIOR CROSS COUNTRY RACE SATURDAY

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Max Bohland of the Paulist Athletic Club of this city, won the national senior cross-country championship of the Amateur Athletic Union over the six-mile course at Van Cortlandt Park today. His time was 33 minutes flat, just 26 seconds less than when he won the national junior title over the same course two weeks ago.

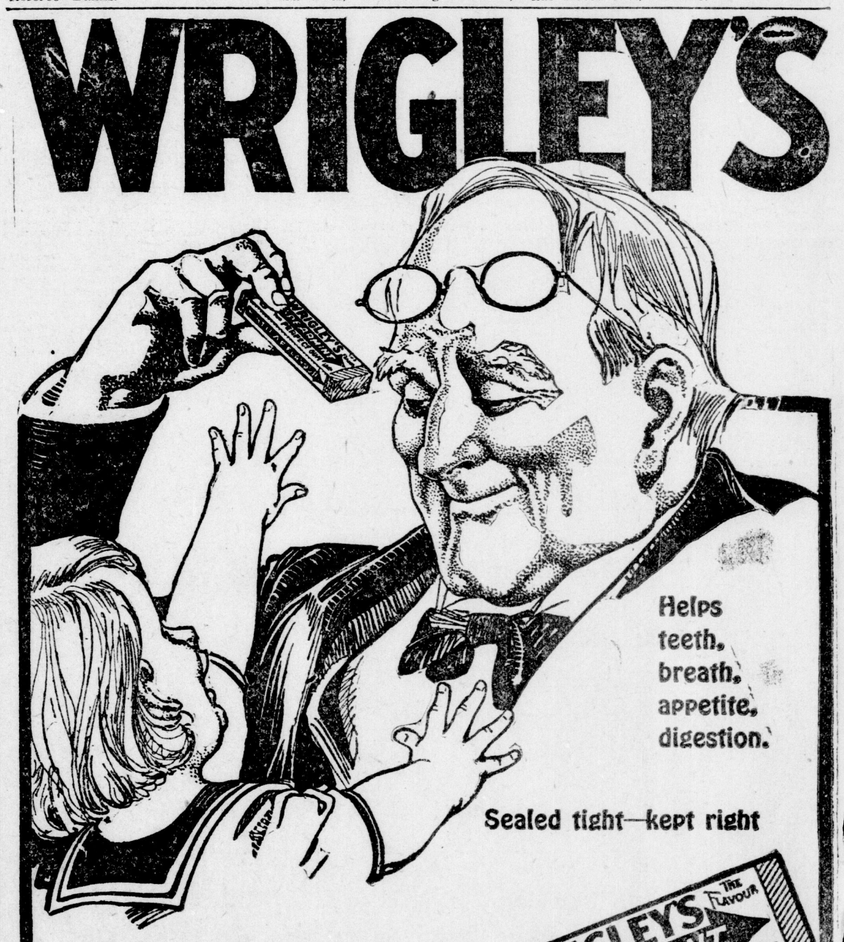
Charles Pores, the national five and ten-mile champion, running for the Pelham Bay Naval Station, was second in 33:01, and last year's winner; James P. Hennigan, of Boston, who entered from Fort Slocum, was a poor third, in 33:40.

Bohland led the field all the way. There were thirty-three starters and twenty-eight of them finished. The team prize went to the Morningside Athletic Club, with thirty-two points.

TAFT REFUSES JOB

DAYTON, O., Nov. 30.—Former President William Howard Taft, in an interview given out today, declared he would under no circumstances accept the position of baseball commissioner for the two major leagues for which office he had been suggested.

WRIGLEY'S



Helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.
Sealed tight—kept right

"Give it to me, please, Granddaddy."

"Why Bobby, if you wait a bit for it you'll have it to enjoy longer!"

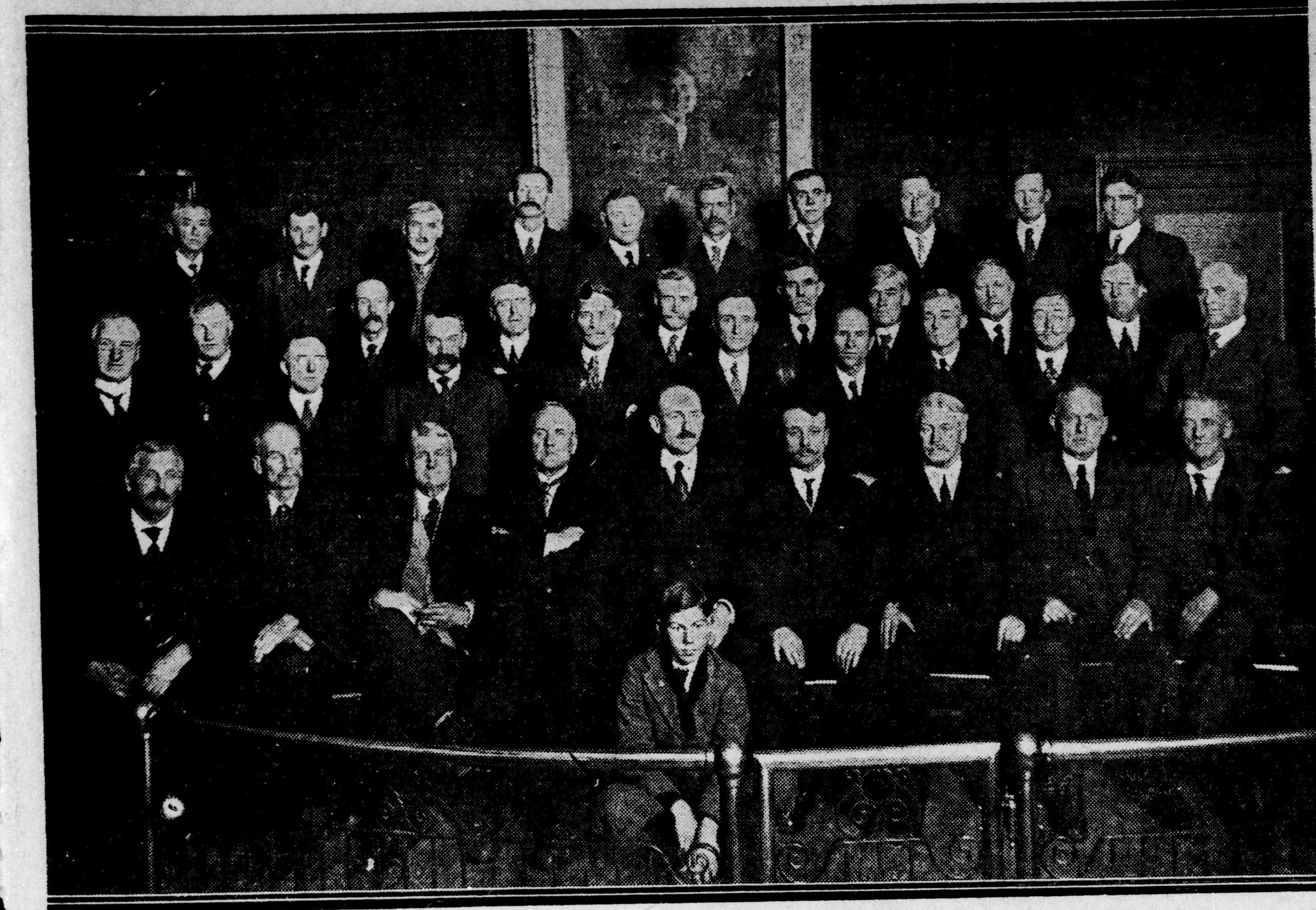
"Poo-poo! That's no argument with WRIGLEYS 'cause the flavour lasts, anyway!"

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE PERFECT GUM LASTS THE FLAVOUR MINT LEAF FLAVOUR
WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT
WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM THE FLAVOUR LASTS
MADE IN CANADA

—After every meal

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MIDDLESEX 1918 COUNTY COUNCIL IN FINAL SESSION



Advertiser Illustrations.

Members of the council, county officials and page boy. The council began its last session of the year this afternoon, with Warden D. A. Graham in the chair. He is seated in the centre of the front row.

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE HAS NOT RELINQUISHED CLAIM TO THRONE; PARIS SUSPICIOUS

Kaiser's Belated Abdication Fraught With Significance—"More Than Ever Must Allies Be On Guard," Says Paris Newspaper.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 30.—It is now believed here that the German crown prince has not relinquished his claim to the Hohenzollern throne. Emperor William's pronunciamento, in which he announced on Nov. 29, his abdication speaks for himself only.

The formal abdication of the German emperor caused surprise in England. It had been supposed, on the strength of the announcement made by Prince Maximilian of Baden, while chancellor, and the reports of the Berlin Council of Soldiers and Workers that William Hohenzollern had abdicated before he left Germany for Holland.

ALLIES MUST BE ON GUARD FOR SURPRISE.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Havas Agency.—The Petit Journal says it is convinced that the associated powers will now demand the formal abdication of Frederick William, the former German crown prince.

In an article seeking to penetrate the significance of the publication at the present moment of the German emperor's abdication, Jean Herbett, political editor of the Temps, concludes with this passage:

Preparing a Surprise?

"More than ever it is possible Germany is preparing a surprise for us. More than ever must France remain in close union with her companions in arms.

"But this union to be efficacious must be general. It is not only the Europea allies which must remain hand in hand. The role of the United States, which was decisive in the latter stages of the war, is no less decisive in preparing for peace.

"Nothing can be done which binds the future before the arrival in Europe of President Wilson. The conversations which are now going on in London have no diplomatic character. It is Foch, not Pichon (foreign minister), who accompanies Premier Clemenceau.

KAISER'S ABDICATION MADE AT AMERONGEN.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—Associated Press.—The text of the former emperor's act of renunciation, which was isued by the new German Government, "in order to reply to certain misunderstandings which have risen with regard to the abdication," follows:

"By the present document I renounce forever my rights to the crown of Prussia and the rights to the German imperial crown. I release at the same time all the officials of the German Empire, and Prussia, and also all officers, noncommissioned officers and soldiers of the Prussian navy and army, and of contingents from confederate states, from the oath of fidelity they have taken to me as their emperor, king and supreme chief. I expect from them until a new organization of the German Empire exists, that they will aid those who effectively hold the power in Germany, to protect the German people against the menacing dangers of anarchy, famine and foreign domination.

"Made and executed and signed by our own hand, with the imperial seal, at Amerongen, November 28.

"(Signed), WILLIAM."

WURTTEMBERG RULER DOES LIKE WILLIAM.

BERNE, Dec. 1.—Following the example of the former German Emperor, the King of Wurttemberg has publicly abdicated. He renounces the crown only in his own name, making no mention in his declaration of the heir-apparent.

people maintained a studied air of indifference. Once in a while the youngsters under 6 years of age were carried away by the excitement and displayed enthusiasm over the marching troops, but their forgetfulness was corrected promptly by some older person.

Brig.-Gen. Preston Brown, the military governor for occupied territory, has established his headquarters at Treves, which also has been made advanced general headquarters. General Pershing will spend part of his time at Treves. Civil affairs will be directed by Major-Gen. Harry Smith.

Looked On Silently.

The troops marched into the headquarters town with bands playing, but even the music and the presence of dozens of high ranking officers failed to jar the population from its attitude of calm silence.

A curious feature of the situation was the presence along the line of march of large numbers of discharged German soldiers, both officers and men, still in full uniform. Along the roads and in Treves these grey-clad men moved in and out of the groups of men in khaki or stood on the sidewalks watching the marching columns. At several places in the city and in the country districts Germans, armed with rifles, are seen acting as civilian guards. They had been placed there by the German authorities to maintain order. A number of released Allied soldiers appeared within the American line as it advanced. Some of them had been set free by the retreating Germans, while others had been permitted "to escape."

The Allied commissions which have been in communication with the Germans, have notified the local authorities both in Treves and in other places that where the civilian authorities are not troublesome and where they cooperate with the forces of occupation they will be permitted to remain at their posts and will not be disturbed except in so far as it is necessary for the carrying out military measures.

AUSTRIAN ARCHDUKES WERE COMPELLED TO "COUGH UP" GOOD SUM

Million and a Half Francs Contributed By Each To Government.

EX-EMPEROR A POOR MAN

Report That He Had Robbed the Treasury Is Denied.

Vienna, Saturday, Nov. 30.—(By the Associated Press).—The Budapest daily newspaper Hirlap prints a report to the effect that on the first day of the revolution in Austria the Austro-Hungarian grand master of the court asked for and secured a million and a half francs from each of eight archducal families because "they might have to go abroad." Emperor Charles and ex-Archduke Joseph, the newspaper adds, refused to subscribe to the fund.

Concerning the attacks on former Emperor Charles made by the Socialist newspapers, to the effect that the then emperor robbed the Government, drawing a million and a half crowns yearly as commander-in-chief, and also back pay, the correspondent is authorized to say that the emperor always had been a poor man, and that he also is poor at present; that even his wife, who comes from the notoriously poor house of Parma in Italy, is richer than he.

Never Knew of Such Money.

Regarding the million and a half crowns, it is said Charles never knew of its existence; that his affairs were managed by the grand master of the court, who always was behind in his accounts; that the imperial civil list was 20,000,000 crowns, from which he was compelled to maintain five thousand persons employed in the castles, the imperial gardens, museums, libraries and theatres. This number of persons really amounts to 15,000, counting all the members of the families of the employees, who were obliged to be married.

It is also asserted that the old emperor, Francis Joseph, left an estate of thirty odd million crowns. Not a cent of this was given to charity or to his people, and not a cent was bequeathed to the emperor. The old emperor, however, gave 20,000,000 crowns to the children of the assassinated Archduke Francis Ferdinand, who already were wealthy, and 10,000,000 crowns to other persons.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS IN LEMBERG CITY AS A RESULT OF OUTBREAKS

Vienna, Wednesday, Nov. 27.—(By the Associated Press).—Hundreds are homeless at Lemberg as a result of pogroms against the Jews in that city. It is reported that many people have been killed and wounded, three churches and eighty houses burned and wholesale looting has taken place. The trouble is said to be extending west to Jaroslav and south to Drohobycz, as well as to many towns in Western and Eastern Galicia.

Jewish reports say that the disorders were not attributable to Bolshevism, but were the outcome of an effort to prevent the Jews from carrying out the principle of self-determination, according to President Wilson's program. Disinterested observers state that the fighting is the outgrowth of the fact that the Ukrainians in Poland wish to be free and under Ukrainian rule. In Lemberg there is a preponderance of Polish inhabitants, while around the city the Ukrainians are in the majority. The people of Lemberg, with the exception of the Jews, want to unite with the Poles. The Poles therefore, are pursuing a policy of violence against the Jews.

EX-KAISER SHOULD HAVE MADE HIS EXIT ON THE BATTLEFIELD INSTEAD OF RUNNING AWAY

German Editor Declares Wilhelm's Actions Had Brought Disgrace On the Country—Soldiers Condemn the Ex-Emperor's Flight.

London, Dec. 2.—(British Wireless Service).—The flight of the former German emperor from Germany is condemned in many quarters there and particularly by the soldiers, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Berlinske Tidende of Copenhagen, says a dispatch received here from the Danish capital. Dr. Steinager, a professor of law, writes in the Der Tag of Berlin as follows:

"No criticism would be too strong because the emperor's a ction was unkingly, unsoldierly and unmanly and served to give the death blow to the monarchical idea in Germany. A monarch cannot run away like a school boy, a man, who, like this last of the Hohenzollerns, represents five centuries of history, commits by such conduct a crime against the dynasty and the people.

"If he thought himself incapable of retaining his position, the battlefront offered him an opportunity of at least making a kingly and dignified exist, casting a fresh lustre on the monarchical idea."

RESIDENTS OF RHENISH PRUSSIA GAZE SULLENLY UPON SAMMIES AS THEY MARCH INTO HUN TOWN

Occupation of German Province by Americans Is Received by Teutons, Without Slightest Demonstrations, Either Hostile or Friendly.

American Army of Occupation, Sunday, Dec. 2.—(By the Associated Press).—No demonstrations, either friendly or hostile, marked the entry of Major-Gen. Dickman's army into Germany today. The frontier was crossed early in the day, and by nightfall the Americans had moved forward twelve miles, reaching Radgen on the left and Saarholzbach on the right. The line extended along the Saarr River and through Zaarbrug and Treves.

The reception accorded the Americans was different than that encountered in Luxemburg and parts of Belgium and France. There they were enthusiastically welcomed by almost all of the population. The attitude of the population of Rhenish Prussia was different. Not a single act of open antagonism was reported, but it was evident that even the children had been schooled carefully in the role they must play. Officers and men were not surprised by the lack of display of flags and the absence of the cheering crowds, to which they had been accustomed, but they did not expect the calm silence with which the advance patrols and the columns of marchers were received.

Streets Deserted.

On the Luxemburg side of the Moselle River the streets of the villages were filled with those out to say goodbye to the departing troops. Across the Moselle the streets of the villages were almost deserted. Perhaps 85 per cent of the population remained within their homes, and in a majority of cases the blinds were drawn. Here and there a German stood in the doorway watchng the troops pass, but there were no signs of either pleasure or disapproval.

Larger crowds were encountered in Treves, the largest place occupied, later in the day, but even there most of the

ARGENTINE EDITOR PRAISES GALLANTRY OF CANADIAN BOYS

Addresses Members of Canadian Club at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—"The glorious record of the Canadian troops will ever remain impressed on the minds of my fellow countrymen who regret that they were not afforded the opportunity of fighting side by side with you," said Senor Jorge Mitre, proprietor and editor-in-chief of La Nacion, Buenos Ayres, the leading newspaper of the Argentine Republic, in an address delivered before the Canadian Club of Ottawa at the Chateau Laurier on Saturday afternoon.

The senor has vigorously supported the cause of the Allies through the medium of his influential newspaper ever since the war began, and the Imperial Government has recognized this by inviting him to be its guest on a trip to the battlefields.

FAVOR CONVENING OF NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

German Soldiers' and Workmen's Council Passes Resolution to That Effect.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—(By the Associated Press).—A resolution favoring the convening of the national assembly at the earliest possible moment was passed by a meeting of the soldiers' and workmen's council at the Richstag Chambers yesterday. Out of the 300 in attendance only two voted against the resolution. The meeting was orderly.

VESSEL PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 2.—The steamers Riverton (down) at 8 o'clock last night, and the Hamonic (up) 1 a.m., were the only boats to pass the canals since 6 p.m. yesterday. A northeast gale with snow flurries prevailed over this section.

Peasant Revolts In Rumania; the Capital Aflame

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 1.—By the Associated Press.—Bucharest is burning, according to reports from Berlin received here.

Peasant revolts are said to have broken out in all parts of Rumania.

Hungary to Intern Mackensen's Army Of 170,000 Soldiers

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 1.—Reuter.—The Hungarian Government has decided to intern the whole of Field Marshal von Mackensen's army of 170,000 men, in accordance with the demand of the French Government, it is reported from Budapest, by way of Berlin. Von Mackensen has declared he would yield to the decision.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—In today's casualty list the following Western Ontario names appear:

Infantry.

Died.—3040524 Charles Sim, Hamilton.

Wounded.—757462 A. Skewses, Hamilton; 55849 F. Hamel, Hamilton.

Railway Troops.

Ill.—865257 J. Vincent, Hamilton.

COMET IS DISCOVERED

Professor Schorr of Hamburg University Announces New Heavenly Body.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 2.—The discovery of a comet by Professor Schorr, director of the Hamburg observatory, was announced today in a cablegram received at the Harvard College observatory, from Copenhagen. The comet as observed on November 23 was of magnitude 14 and had a daily motion of forty seconds west and two minutes south. Its exact position on November 23, 3.39 Greenwich mean time, was right ascension four hours and 12 minutes.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THE LOCAL MARKET

The market was slow today, only a few loads of hay being offered. Oats are in good demand, but only one load reached the market this morning, the price remaining the same. Creamery butter has advanced and is 57c, while dairy butter is selling at 54c to 55c per pound. Eggs are firm at 65c per dozen, although a few farmers are asking 70c. Dressed hogs are firm. Straw is slow, bringing from $8 to $8.50 per ton. Poultry is plentiful. Hides and wools are unchanged.

Grain, Cwt.—			
Oats, per cwt	$2 10	to	$2 13
Wheat, per cwt	3 51	to	3 51
Grain, Bushel—			
Oats, per bu	72 2-5	to	72 2-5
Wheat, per bu	2 11	to	2 11
Vegetables—			
Cabbage per doz., wholesale	40	to	60
Cabbage, each, retail	5	to	10
Potatoes, per bu	1 40	to	1 50
Potatoes, retail, bag	1 60	to	1 70
Potatoes, load, bag	1 65	to	1 70
Potatoes, retail, peck	40	to	40
Celery, per doz	30	to	40
Peppers, doz., wholesale	10	to	10
Peppers, doz., retail	15	to	15
Spinach, per bu	60	to	60
Lettuce, per doz	40	to	40
Radishes, per bunch	5	to	5
Beets, per peck	15	to	20
Cauliflowers, per doz., wholesale	1 50	to	2 50
Cauliflowers each, retail	15	to	35
Hubbard squash, doz.	1 50	to	1 50
Sage, savory, doz	40	to	40
Dry onions, bu	1 00	to	1 50
Onions, per qt	18	to	20
Parsley, per doz	30	to	40
Vegetable marrow	5	to	15
Carrots, per peck	20	to	20
Turnips, per bu	30	to	40
Fruits—			
Apples, per bbl	2 00	to	2 25
Spies, per bbl	3 00	to	3 25
Apples, per bag	75	to	1 25
Snow apples, bag	1 00	to	1 10
Apples, per bu	50	to	80
Apples, cooking, 11-qt basket	25	to	35
Apples, snow, 11-qt basket, retail	25	to	40
Citrons, each	10	to	20
Pears, basket	50	to	60
Peas, per bu	1 00	to	1 50
Hay and Straw—			
New hay, ton	18 00	to	20 00
Straw, per ton	8 00	to	8 50
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	57	to	57
Butter, dairy, lb	54	to	55
Butter, crocks, lb	50	to	50
Eggs, per doz	65	to	65
Dairy Products, Wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	51	to	51
Butter, dairy lb rolls.	43	to	50
Butter, crocks, lb	48	to	48
Eggs, crate lots, doz.	60	to	60
Eggs, basket, doz	62	to	62
Poultry, Dressed, Retail—			
Spring chickens, each	1 00	to	1 50
Chickens, per lb	28	to	32
Spring ducks, dressed	1 10	to	1 50
Ducks, per lb	28	to	30
Geese, per lb	25	to	28
Geese, each	1 75	to	3 00
Turkeys, per lb	30	to	32
Live Stock—			
Hogs, dressed, cwt	23 00	to	24 00
Fat sows, cwt	14 50	to	15 00
Live hogs, cwt	17 50	to	17 50
Small pigs, pair	18 20	to	18 20
Beef, per cwt	15 00	to	16 00
Veal, per cwt	22 00	to	25 00
Heifer beef, cwt	19 00	to	20 00
Lamb, per cwt	32 00	to	34 00
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, washed, lb	70	to	85
Wool, unwashed, lb	60	to	60
Calfskins, per lb	35	to	40
Country hides, lb	11	to	11
City hides, lb	13	to	13
Sheepskins, each	2 25	to	2 50

LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Receipts of live stock at the west end market for the week have been 3,024 cattle, 3,600 sheep and lambs, 3,725 hogs and 800 calves. The offerings for today's market amounted to 1,900 cattle, 3,000 sheep and lambs, 1,900 hogs and 550 calves. Trading at this market was slow at the beginning, but the tone of prices was better and some advances have occurred. Quotations:

Choice steers, $12@12 75; good, $10 50 @11 50; medium, $9@10; common, $7 85 @8 50; choice butcher bulls, $8 50@9 25; good bulls, $7 50@8 50; medium, $6 50@ $7; choice butcher cows, $8 57@9 50; good $8@8 50; medium, $6 50@7 50.

Sheep, $9 50@11; lambs, $12@14 50.

Milk-fed calves, $12 50@15; grass-fed calves, $6@10.

Choice select hogs, off cars, $18 25@ 18 50; sows, $15@16.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—A tremendously heavy run of cattle, the largest in the past year, was experienced at the Union Stock Yards today. Trade was somewhat congested and necessarily slow. Prices for good cattle held steady, but the tendency for stock of common or medium quality was decidedly weak. Hogs displayed a firmer tendency.

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $13@14; do, medium, $12 50@13; do, bulls, $9 50@10 50; butchers, choice, $10 50@11 50; do, medium, $9 50@10 50; do, common, $6 50@7 50; do, cows, choice, $9 50@10 50; do, medium, $7 50@ 8 75; do, canners, $5 25@5 50; do, bulls, $8 50@9 50; feeding steers, $9 25@10 50; stockers, choice, $8 25@9 25; do, light, $6 50@7 50; milkers, choice, each, $90@ 140; springers, choice, each, $95@150; calves, $17@17 50.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $9@11; bucks and culls, $5@9; lambs, $14 25@14 75.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $18 25@ 18 50; f. o. b., $17 50@17 75.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Dec. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500; good steady, common easier; prime, $17@17 50; shipping steers, $16@16 50; butchers, $11@15 60; yearlings, $11 50@15; heifers, $10 50@13; cows, $5@11; bulls, $7@11; feeders and stockers, $7@11; fresh cows and springers, $65@145.

Hogs—Receipts, 19,200; slow and steady; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $17 80; light yorkers and pigs, $17@ 17 25; roughs, $12@16 80; stags, $10@13.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000; slow; yearlings, $7@11 50.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 49,000; market strong to 5c higher than Saturday's average; butchers, $17 50@17 85; light, $16 85@17 65; packers, $16 75@17 45; throw-outs, $16 25@ 16 60; pigs, good to choice, $13 75@15 50.

Cattle—Receipts, 28,000; good and choice native and western steers and butcher cattle strong, mostly 15c to 25c higher; calves steady, stockers and feeders steady to higher.

Sheep — Receipts, 46,000; opening about steady; half-fat lambs slow; packers paying $15 for choice lambs.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Opening: Corn—December, $1 26¼; January, $1 26½.

Oats—December, 72⅜c; January, 71¾c.

Winnipeg, Dec. 2.—Oats opened unchanged to ¼c up for May, at 84c@ 84¼c.

Barley, ⅝c up for May.

Flax, 2c higher for May.

Inspections on Saturday totaled 892 cars for all grains. Contract grades of wheat were 501 cars.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Corn prices averaged higher today, influenced more or less by the food administration's estimate that 200,000,000 people had been added to the bread line depending on shipments from America. On the other hand, predictions that the coming United States wheat crop would be a record-breaker tended to make bulls cautious. Resting orders to sell on the advance checked the upturn. Opening prices, which ranged from ½c off to a like advance, with December at $1 26@ 1 26¾, and J—anuary at $1 27¼@1 27½, were followed by material gains in the January and later deliveries.

Oats ascended with corn. Cash demand, however, was slow.

OILS.

London, Dec. 2.—Calcutta Linseed—Afloat, £32 10s.

Linseed Oil—58s.

Sperm Oil—£54.

Petroleum—Unchanged.

Turpentine Spirits—105s.

Rosin—Type G, 55s.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Turpentine Spirits—125s.

Rosin—Common, 64s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 6⅝d.

Linseed Oil—62s.

Cottonseed Oil—68s 6d.

War Kerosene—No. 2, 1s 2¾d.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—Beef—Extra India mess, 370s.

Pork—Prime mess western, 330s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 160s; long clear middles, light, 160s; do, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, in pails, 152s; do, boxes, 150s.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Firmness in the hog market strengthened provisions. Sellers were scarce.

WALL STREET.

New York, Dec. 2—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Heaviness of specialties created some unsettlement in the general list in the first half hour of today's stock market. Speculative issues, such as Lackawanna Steel, Royal Dutch Oil and Beet Sugar, forfeited 1⅛ to 2 points. Shippings were moderately firm with Studebaker, United States Rubber, American Woolen and American Sugar, but United States Steel and high-grade rails showed no pronounced trend, aside from C. P. R.'s decline of 3 points.

Noon.—The market settled down to a condition of extreme dullness in the first hour, traders hesitating to assume new commitments until after the publication of the president's address to Congress. Shippings, motors and a few of the prominent specialties reacted, while steels, coppers and oils made irregular recoveries. Just before midday trading slackened, rails taking the lead on another brisk demand for Southern Pacific and Reading. Liberty 4¼'s registered another low record at 96.70.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

Toronto, Dec. 2.

Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Baltimore & Ohio.	54¼	55	54¼	55
Erie, com.	18⅝	19	18⅝	18¾
Great Northern	97¾	97¾	97½	97⅝
G. Western, pfd.	27⅞	27⅞	27¾	27¾
New Havne	35⅝	36	35⅜	35½
New York Central	78⅛	78⅜	78⅛	78⅛
Rock Island	27	27⅜	27	27
St. Paul	45½	..	..	..
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Canadian Pacific	159	161	159	160
Col. Southern	20⅛	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	26½	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝
Northern Pacific	96	96⅝	96	96⅝
Southern Pacific	101⅞	103¾	101⅝	102¾
Southern Railway	29¾	30¾	29¾	30½
Southern Ry., pfd	68½	68¾	68½	68¾
Union Pacific	129⅜	130¾	129⅜	130¾
xd., 2½%				
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	58½	58¾	58½	58¾
Lehigh Valley	60	..	..	..
Ontario & West.	21	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	47	47	46¾	46⅞
Reading Railway	83⅝	84⅞	83⅝	84⅝
Tractions—				
Brooklyn Transit	38½	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers	27	27¼	27	27¼
Am. Beet Sugar	51	51⅜	50½	51⅜
American Can	42¾	..	..	..
American Car	82¾	83¼	82¾	82¾
Am. Locomotive	60¾	61	60¼	60¾
American Sugar	111	112	111	112
xd, 2½%				
Am. Smelters	81¾	82⅝	81⅜	82⅝
Am. Tel. & Tel.	103¼	..	..	..
American Wool	52	52⅛	52	52⅛
Baldwin Loco	72	72⅝	71½	71⅞
Central Leather	58¾	..	..	..
Corn Products	47	47	46	46¾
Distillers	46½	46½	46	46
Dome Mines	12½	12¼	12½	12½
General Electric	153	154¼	153	154¼
General Motors	125¾	..	..	..
Inter. Nickel	31¼	32⅛	31⅛	32⅛
Marine, com	28⅜	28⅜	27¾	27¾
Marine, pfd	117	117	115⅝	115¼
Studebaker	50½	51⅝	49⅞	50⅝
U. S. Rubber	74	74⅝	73½	73½
Virginia Chemical	52¼	53	52¼	53
Western Union	88⅝	88⅝	87½	87½
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	64⅞	65¼	64⅝	65
Inspiration	47⅝	47¾	47⅝	47⅝
Miami Copper	25¼	..	..	..
Ray Consolidated	21⅝	22	21½	22
Tennessee Copper	14⅛	..	..	..
Utah Copper	76¾	77½	76¾	77¼
Oils—				
New Mexican	156	158¾	156	156
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel	63½	64⅜	63⅝	63¾
Crucible Steel	55¼	55⅝	55¼	55½
Lackawanna	68	68¾	68	68¾
Republic Iron	74⅝	74⅞	74⅝	74¾
Railway Steel	71⅝	71⅞	71¼	71¼
U. S. Steel	94⅝	95⅞	94⅝	94⅞
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	96¼	96¼	96⅛	96⅛

Sales to noon, 175,400 shares.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Dominion Glass Company, Limited, regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on the common stock and 1¾ per cent on the preferred are both payable January 1 to holders of record December 14.

MONEY.

London, Dec. 2.—Bar silver, 48¾d per ounce.

Money, 3 per cent.

Gold premiums at Lisbon, 90.00.

CASH GRAINS CLOSE WITH SLIGHT DROP

Business Quiet on Western Canada's Big Market.

Winnipeg, Nov. 30.—Oats closed 1⅜c lower for November, 6½c down for De- Barley closed 1¾c lower for December, and 2c lower for May. Flax closed 1c lower for November, 6*c down for December, and 5½c lower for May.

Futures ranged:

	Open.	Close.
Oats—		
Dec.	$ 81¾	$ 80⅜
May	85⅛	84
Barley—		
Dec.	1 06¾	1 05¼
May	1 14	1 11⅞
Flax—		
Nov.	3 50	3 59
Dec.	3 34½	3 29
May	3 36½	3 32

Cash grain:

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 80⅜c; No. 3 C.W., 77⅜c; extra No. 1 feed, 77⅜c; No. 1 feed, 75⅞c; No. 2 feed, 72⅜c.

Barley—No. 3 C.W., $1.04⅞; No. 4 C.W., 99⅞c; rejected, 87⅞c; feed, 87⅞c.

Rye—No. 2 C.W., $2.69.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $3.47; No. 2 C.W., $3.40.

FLOUR

Toronto, Nov. 30.—Flour—Ontario, war quality, $10.25; Toronto-Montreal, $10.25, new bags; Manitoba, war quality, $11.35, Toronto.

Millfeed—Carlots, delivered, Montreal, per ton, in carlots: Shorts, $42.25; bran, $37.25; feed flour and middlings not quoted.

Montreal, Dec. 1.—The condition of the local market for spring wheat flour is unchanged for the week, there being no important developments in the situation.

A good steady trade continues to be done in millfeed, and the market is active with a firm undertone.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, war grade, $11.25@11.35.

Rolled Oats—Bags, 90 lbs., $4.85@5.

Bran—$37.25.

Shorts—$42.25.

Moullie—$68@70.

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53tf

MARSHAL FOCH IS WELCOMED IN OLD LONDON

Allied Commander-in-Chief Receives An Enthusiastic Reception.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Marshal Foch, M. Clemenceau, the French premier, Vittorio Orlando, the Italian premier, and Baron Sonnino, the Italian foreign minister, were received by Premier Lloyd George, the Duke of Connaught and other officials on their arrival in London this afternoon. Troops lined the route to the French embassy, where M. Clemenceau was immediately taken, and to the hotels where the others are staying.

All the members of the party were enthusiastically received, but Marshal Foch came in for particular attention in this direction.

Hundreds of Americans on leave augmented the roar after roar of cheers for Foch, as he drove through the streets. The marshal had his hand at salute almost constantly.

The cheering was punctuated frequently with the cry of "Good old tiger!" for Clemenceau. Trafalgar Square and other vantage points were black with people.

The visit is purely a business one, for the arrangement of certain peace preliminaries.

KING GEORGE GRATEFUL TO FRENCH CORDIALITY.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Havas Agency.—George of England has sent a message to President Poincare, expressing his deep gratitude for the manifestation by the president, the French Government, and the people of Paris, of cordial friendship towards himself and his two sons.

"The splendid welcome which we received," says the King's message, "will be considered by the people of the United Kingdom as proof that France appreciates the true effort of the empire for the common cause."

President Poincare, in replying, said that France had seized joyfully the occasion to testify to the King her sentiments of true friendship towards the United Kingdom.

"France," continued the president, "will be devoted as much in peace as in war to the cordial alliance which enabled the overthrow of German imperialism, the defence of human rights and the salvation of liberty."

METALLIC LINE IS ORDERED AT ST. MARYS

ST. MARYS, Dec. 1.—This district suffered a heavy flurry of snow last evening, practically the first "white mantle" of the season.

The St. Marys and Blanshard Telephone Company has been ordered by the municipal railway and telephone board to build a metallic line in place of the present line, and has been given until October, 1919, to complete the change. It is claimed that when changed to a metallic line it will be in a position to give more general satisfaction to the telephone users.

SECOND ATTACK OF "FLU" AT MELROSE

HYDE PARK, Dec. 1.—Real estate business has been brisk for some time in this district. Donald Barclay sold his farm of 80 acres for a good price to Anderson Bros., butchers, in London.

Craig Wilson of London, who has been night operator at the G. T. R. station for some months, has been removed, and Mr. Dempsey of Strathroy is his successor.

A great many at Melrose and the surrounding neighborhood are suffering from a second outbreak of influenza. The school and church has been closed again, but despite all precautions the disease is rapidly spreading. New cases are reported each day.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Steamer.	Arrived at.	From.
Nov. 29—		
Cameronia	New York	Rotterdam
Skinfaxe	New York	Genoa
Kalimba	New York	Gibraltar
War Painter	New York	Liverpool
Margha	New York	Rotterdam
Nov. 30—		
Talbot	New York	Liverpool
Norden	New York	Gibraltar
Trinidadian		
Westhampton	New York	Brest
Dec. 1—		
Talbot	New York	Liverpool
Olivant	New York	Rotterdam
Almeria	New York	Falmouth
Mentor	New York	Halifax
Liege	New York	Halifax
Edin. Castle	Liverpool	New York
Normandy	Rotterdam	New York
Lieut. Jean Laurent	Glasgow	Norfolk
	Glasgow	Norfolk
Mauretania	London	Montreal

NOV. CLEARINGS

Toronto	$295,575,307
Montreal	509,098,163
St. John, N.B.	10,852,205
Halifax	19,502,640
London	12,549,078
Hamilton	23,610,688
Brantford	4,483,802
Ottawa	39,790,054
Winnipeg	309,539,522
Vancouver	50,005,350
Edmonton	15,616,487
Victoria	8,420,643
Saskatoon	9,596,446
Fort William	4,147,172
New Westminster	2,220,483

HAY

Toronto, Nov. 30.—Hay—On track, Toronto, per ton, in carlots: No. 2, $21 @23; No. 2 mixed, $20@21.

Straw—In carlots, $9.50@10.

Montreal, Dec. 1.—Hay—Prices per ton, car lots, $25@26.

Detroit, Dec. 1.—Hay—Detroit dealers are paying the following prices, f.o.b. Detroit: No. 1 timothy, $28.50@29; standard, $27.50@28; No. 1 light mixed, $27.50 @28; No. 2 timothy, $26.50@27; No. 1 mixed, $24.50@25; No. 1 clover, $23.50 @24 per ton.

Straw—Wheat and oats straw, $10.50@ 11; rye straw, $11.50@12 per ton.

S. H. Reynolds' Stock Sale Postponed
Will be held Wednesday, Dec. 4.
S. H. REYNOLDS, BOTHWELL, ONT.
56u

LESS "FLU" NOW IN CLANDEBOYE DISTRICT

CLANDEBOYE, Dec. 1.—The local branch of the Farmers' Club met recently in the schoolhouse here.

News has been received here of the death of Earle Windsor of St. Thomas. Mr. Windsor spent his boyhood days here, so was well known in this vicinity. Besides his wife and child, he is survived by his parents, one sister Gladys and three brothers Arthur and Oscar of this place and Percy in the West.

The flu situation is somewhat better this week; in fact, no new cases have been reported for several days.

Cadet I. G. Bice of Camp Borden has been granted temporary leave of absence, and will leave for Detroit shortly.

ENEMY DEBTS AND CLAIMS.

By an Order-in-Council dated the 11th of November, 1918, and to be published in the Canada Gazette of the 30th of November, 1918, a Committee has been appointed to consider the subject of debts due by persons residing or carrying on business in Canada to enemies, claims of such persons against enemies or enemy Governments, and enemy property in Canada. To facilitate the work of this Committee, and pursuant to the Consolidated Orders respecting Trading with the Enemy, 1916, and to the Proclamation of the 12th of February, 1917, concerning British property in enemy territory, and claims by British subjects against enemy persons and enemy Governments, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the Minister of Finance and Receiver-General of Canada, as the Custodian appointed by the said Consolidated Orders, and by the said Committee, that:

1. Every person who holds or manages for or on behalf of an enemy any property, real or personal (including any rights, whether legal or equitable, in or arising out of property, real or personal), shall forthwith by notice in writing communicate the fact to the Custodian, and shall furnish the Custodian with such particulars thereof as the Custodian may require.

2. Every person indebted in an amount of $100 or upwards, which is due, or which, had a state of war not existed, would have been due to an enemy, shall forthwith by notice in writing communicate the fact to the Custodian, and shall furnish the Custodian with such particulars thereof as the Custodian may require.

3. Every person by whom, had a state of war not existed, any sum would have been payable and paid to or for the benefit of an enemy, by way of dividends, interest or share of profits in any business, incorporated or unincorporated, or by way of payment off of the whole or any part of the capital or principal of any share, debenture, debenture stock or other obligation of any company, shall forthwith, if the sum, had a state of war not existed, would have been paid before the date of this Notice, and in any other case within 14 days after the sum would have been paid, pay such sum to the Custodian, and the payment shall be accompanied by particulars in the prescribed form.

4. If before the date of this Notice any such sum as is mentioned in paragraph 3 hereof has been paid into any account with a bank, or has been paid to any other person in trust for an enemy, the person by whom the payment was made shall forthwith, by notice in writing, require the bank or person to pay the sum over to the Custodian, and shall furnish the Custodian with such particulars as aforesaid. The bank or other person shall, within one week after the receipt of the notice, comply with the requirement, and shall be exempt from all liability for having done so.

5. Every incorporated Canadian company, Dominion or Provincial, and every other incorporated company which has a share transfer or share registration office in Canada, shall forthwith, by notice in writing, communicate to the Custodian full particulars of shares, stock, debentures and debenture stock and other obligations of the company, which are held by or for the benefit of an enemy;

6. Every person having any claim against an enemy or an enemy Government (except claims arising out of illegal warfare, which have been dealt with by a Public Notice of the 18th of November, 1918), or having or claiming any property of any description whatsoever (including documents of title to property) in enemy territory or held by an enemy, or any interest in such property, is requested to furnish written particulars of such claim or property or interest to the Custodian.

7. Every person, including especially every solicitor, notary, curator, administrator, executor, assessor, tax gatherer, broker and real estate or other agent, who knows or has reason to suspect that any property of any description whatsoever (including documents of title to property), in Canada is owned by, or held or managed for or on behalf of, or is subject to any interest therein or claim thereto of an enemy or an enemy Government, is requested forthwith to communicate all the facts within his knowledge and all the grounds of such suspicion to the Custodian.

8. Any person who fails to comply with paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this Notice is guilty of an offence against the said Consolidated Orders and liable to the penalties prescribed thereby.

9. In this Notice:

"Person" includes both individual persons and also trustees, executors, administrators and bodies of persons incorporated and unincorporated, such as companies, municipal authorities, firms and clubs;

"Enemy territory" means the territory of a State or Sovereign at war with His Majesty (including the Colonies and Dependencies thereof), as such territory stood on the 1st of August, 1914;

"Enemy" means a person (as defined in this Notice) of whatever Nationality, who resides or carries on business within enemy territory; and also, in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 hereof, a person resident or carrying on business elsewhere (except in territory occupied by an enemy State or Sovereign), with whom dealing has at any time since the 1st of August, 1914, been prohibited by any Statute or Proclamation in force in Canada;

10. A large number of persons have already furnished to the Custodian the information called for by this Notice, but such persons may, if they so desire, furnish an amended statement.

The forms prescribed for furnishing the information called for by this Notice may be obtained upon application to James R. Forsyth, Department of Finance, Ottawa. The person applying should state under which paragraph of this Notice the information is to be furnished by him falls.

Ottawa, 25th November, 1918.

JAMES R. FORSYTH,
For the Custodian and for the Enemy Debts Committee.
D. 2, 5.

EDWARD CRONYN & CO.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENTS
Cronyn Building, 71 Bay St., Toronto.

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society
Interest on Debentures ....5 per cent
Interest on Deposits ....3½ to 4 per cent
Total assets, 31st December, 1917, amount to $2,334,803.86 as security.
OFFICE: DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING.
CORNER RICHMOND AND KING STREETS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion.

Meetings—One cent per word each insertion.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, 50 cents. Memoriam notices, $1 each insertion. Cards of Thanks, 50 cents each insertion.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodging, Lost and Found, Rooms To Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word for consecutive insertions. Advertisements ordered for special days, one cent per word, each insertion. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.

An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

AT THE WINTER GARDEN

TONIGHT

Old Tyme Dances

8:30 to 10 p.m.

Regular Program, 10 to 11:30.

You danced in days gone by. Try it again, once each week. You will enjoy it, feel better and be happier.

(The life path of many people is like York street, New Haven, Conn. It begins with a hospital, is populated with doctors, and ends at the cemetery.)

Keeping close tab on the calendar and clock induces the creepy feeling of old age.

DON'T DO IT—TRY THE WINTER GARDEN.

Tuesday Night—Novelty Gift Dances.

TONIGHT

Miss Dorinda Abbott, mezzo-soprano, and Mrs. Arthur Lyster, pianist, in

JOINT RECITAL

CONSERVATORY HALL AT 8:15.

This is the second of the faculty concert series given by the London Conservatory of Music. Invitation programs on request. b

VICTORY BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Buy Victory Loans. Best investment in the world.

F. B. CLARKE.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont.

Open Evenings.

TONIGHT

KHAKI DANCE

MASONIC HALL.

MILITARY ORCHESTRA.

Auspices Overseas Chapter, I. O. D. E. b

FORESTERS' HALL,

Corner Richmond and King Streets,

INFORMAL DANCE

Under auspices Loyal True Blue Lodge, No. 64, Tuesday evening, December 3. T. H. Pitt, chairman; Miss E. Pitt, secretary. Refreshments. Tickets, 25 cents. *b

CONCERT

MacDonald's London Juvenile Pipe Band

Cronyn Memorial Parish House, Tuesday, December 3, 8 p.m.; 25 and 15 cents. Proceeds Victory Bond fund, Memorial Church School. *56u

LANGEMARCK ORANGE LODGE — Annual oyster supper, concert and dance will be held in their hall, Egerton street, on Tuesday, Dec. 3. Brunswick Trio will take part in the concert, assisted by other local talent. Come and enjoy an old-fashioned oyster supper. Admission 50c. 55u

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DANCING TONIGHT — MONDAY night—Palace Academy. Also Wednesday and Saturday nights. Big orchestra. Latest music. Join us. Lessons any time, afternoon or evening. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist—Concert engagements accepted. Care the Purdom Hardware Company, London.

PHONE 2198 REGARDING MINERAL baths and massage treatments for various ailments. Experienced attendants.

HENDERSON'S JUVENILE KILTIE Band—Dancers, entertainers, splendid attraction for peace festivals; entire program furnished; reasonable terms. Mrs. Alice Henderson, manager. Telephone 2670.

BRUNSWICK TRIO — "THE HARMONY Boys." Big variety program, sketches, songs, violin, Scotch, comic. Other artists supplied. W. Spence, 2 Erie avenue Phone.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

MACDONALD LONDON JUVENILE Pipe Band, dancers an entertainers, specialty, Red Cross and patriotic. Whole or part program. Booker, G. W. Stark, 41 Ridout, London. Phone 2130.

SAM MUNRO, JUVENILE HARRY Lauder, featured with Henderson's Juvenile Pipe Band. 101 Waterloo street. Phone 3197.

CHIROPRACTIC.

CLARA KILBOURNE, UNIVERSAL College of Chiropractic graduate. Office, 321 Queen's avenue. Telephone 2353.

DR. B. KNIGHT, DRUGLESS PHYSICIAN—Chiropractic, electro-therapy, X-rays, etc., 267 Piccadilly. Phone 4009.

DR. A. W. MACFIE, CHIROPRACTOR, Dominion Savings Building, corner King and Richmond, has resumed practice.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. CATON, OSTEOPATH, 171 KENT street—General practice. Lady attendant. Phone 1573.

DR. BARKLIE, OSTEOPATH AND chiropractor. Magnificent electro-therapeutic equipment; fourteenth year drugless practice. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565.

ACCOUNTANTS.

ACCOUNTING — BOOKS AND ACCOUNTS audited, and statements prepared by expert accountants. Apply Box 142, Advertiser. 53n

SIGNS

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS — Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED

BORN.

JONES—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Jones announce the birth of a son at Wilton Grove, on November 26, 1918 (George Albert). b

MARRIED.

NORTON—WEBBER — On Tuesday, Nov. 26, 1918, by Rev. W. M. Walker, of Wortley Road Baptist Church, Leta E. Webber to Frederick Norton, both of this city. b

DIED.

ANDERSON—On Sunday, December 1, 1918, Isabel, youngest daughter of the late Robert and Christina Anderson.

Funeral (private) from her late residence, 567 Dufferin avenue, Tuesday, December 3. Services at 2 p.m., conducted by the Rev. W. R. McIntosh. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. *56u

BASSETT—At the family residence, 63 East street, on Friday, Nov. 29, 1918, Lena Bassett, dearly beloved wife of John Bassett, aged 43 years.

Funeral from above address on Monday, Dec. 2, at 2:30 p.m., services at 2 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. 55u

BRADSHAW—Suddenly, at his late residence, 59 High street, on Sunday, Dec. 1, 1918, William J. Bradshaw, dearly beloved husband of Elizabeth Bradshaw.

Funeral from above address on Tuesday, Dec. 3, at 2:30 p.m., services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. 56u

GAY—At the home of her son, A. K. Gay, 365 Hamilton road, Mrs. Catherine Gay, in her 94th year.

Funeral from above address on Tuesday at 3 p.m., service at 2:30. (Detroit and Hamilton papers please copy.) b

LANSDELL—At Victoria Hospital, from pneumonia following influenza, on Friday, Nov. 29, 1918, Ella Lillian Lansdell, dearly beloved wife of Corp. Morris L. Lansdell, No. 1 Artillery Depot, and second daughter of J. H. Batten, Wilton Grove, aged 25 years.

Funeral from the family residence, 755 Elizabeth street, on Monday, Dec. 2, at 2:30 p.m., services at 2 o'clock. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. 55u

PATTON—At the family residence, 1029 York street, east of Egerton, on Saturday, Nov. 30, 1918, Emma, beloved wife of William Patton, in her 74th year.

Funeral (private) on Tuesday, Dec. 3, at 2:30, from the above address; service at 2 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. b

REILLY—At the residence of his son, John B. Reilly, lot 3, concession 11, London Township, Benjamin Reilly, in his 83rd year.

Funeral from the above address on Wednesday, December 4, 1918, at 8:30 a.m. High mass at 10 o'clock. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery. *b

THOMAS—At Windsor, December 2, 1918, Lawrence Roy Thomas, formerly of 8 Belton street, West London, aged 26 years.

Funeral notice later. *56u

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Moyer, 837 Lovett street, wishes to thank kind friends for their expressions of sympathy to her in her recent bereavement in the loss of her husband, Pte. J. Howard Moyer, who was killed in action, October 7, somewhere in France. b

Mrs. Wm. Watson and parents wish to thank their relatives and friends, especially G. T. R. car shops employees, Adelaide Street and Egerton Street Baptist Churches, for their kindness and sympathy in their recent sad bereavement, also for the beautiful floral offerings. b

MEETINGS

REGULAR MEETING OF THE TUSCAN Lodge, No. 195, A., F. & A. M., G. R. C., will be held this (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock sharp, at Masonic Temple. Visitors welcome. B. N. Campbell, W. M.; J. E. Magee, secretary. b

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND, PLEASE attend the funeral of our late Sister Patton, 1029 York street, on Tuesday, December 3. Service at 2 o'clock. Funeral at 2:30. Mrs. French, president; E. Penwarden, secretary. *b

NOTICE — ALL MEMBERS OF NASSAU L. O. L. No. 2170 are requested to attend at the residence of our late brother, William Bradshaw, 59 High street, at 1:30 p.m., Tuesday, Dec. 3, for purpose of attending funeral of our late brother. Richard T. Harding, W. M.; W. E. Savill, recording secretary, 582 Adelaide street, phone 3121. b

NOTICE — ALL SIR KNIGHTS, MEMBERS of Covenant R. B. P., No. 346, are requested to meet at the residence of our late sir knight and brother, W. Bradshaw, 59 High street, for the purpose of attending his funeral on Tuesday, Dec. 3, at 1:30 p.m. G. Shoebottom, W. P.; T. B. Fox, registrar. b

THE COLDSTREAM CLUB OF THE U. F. O. will hold their annual meeting in town hall, Coldstream, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 3. Delegates to Toronto convention will be appointed. Large attendance requested. Howard V. Zavitz, secretary-treasurer. b

FOREST CITY LODGE, NO. 38, I. O. O. F., meet this (Monday) evening in their hall, Richmond street. Initiation. Officers and members are requested to attend. Visitors welcome. Roy H. Swartz, N. G. P

AUTOMOBILES AND TAXIS

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS — SPRINGS made and repaired. Carriage and wagon painting. Cook's Repair Shop, 347 Ridout street. Phone 5143.

SIX CLOSED CARS — BLUE BONNET Taxi Service—Only clean, exclusively closed taxi service in the city. Phone 6262.

HUNTER'S LIVERY AND TAXICABS —Formerly South London. 164 Maple. Phone 157.

WINTER STORAGE FOR BATTERIES.

When you lay up your car for the winter let us call for your batteries. Tires Vulcanized and Retreaded.

LONDON BATTERY REPAIR

339 TALBOT ST. zx PHONE 6151.

PARTICULAR PEOPLE ARE SATISFIED with Marley & Hexter cars. Phone 2859. Five and seven pasenger cars.

PHONE 3911 — HOP TAXI SERVICE and Garage, 381 Wellington. Dodge cars used.

AUTO AND TRUCK REPAIRING AND painting by experts; prices right. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets.

INSURANCE

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

DONALD D. LETHBRIDGE, INSURANCE of all kinds. 117 Dominion Savings Building. Phone 650.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GENERAL SERVANT—NO WASHING; four in family; good wages. 516 Ridout. *56c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL MAID — 241 Hyman street. Phone 4496. 56c

CAPABLE MAID WANTED FOR GENERAL housework; good wages; 3 in family. Apply 266 Oxford street. *56c

WANTED — GENERAL — APARTMENT, family of two. Apply Mrs. C. H. Ivey Jun., No. 2 Waterloo Apartments, 549 Waterloo street. 56u

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED BY bachelor on farm; one hired man kept; no outside work. Must be good plain cook and keep house clean and orderly. Apply Box 217, Advertiser. 56u

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL MAID —References required. Apply Mrs. A. H. Purdom, 351 Burwell street. 4tf

GIRLS, EXPERIENCED IN WRAPPING, wanted for permanent position. Apply London Soap Company. *55c

HOUSEMAID OR PARLOR-MAID— Highest wages. Apply Mrs. T. H. Smallman, "Waverly," corner Grand avenue and Ridout street. *55c

Clerk for Christmas week, clothing operators, knitters; nursemaid, near William and Queen's, to go home nights; housekeeper for girls' residence; companion.

ONTARIO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

108 DUNDAS STREET. *55u

FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS WANTED to take home small family washing. Apply Box 207, Advertiser. *55c

CAPABLE GIRL, TO DO HOUSEWORK on farm. Mrs. James McLaren, R. R. No. 8, London. *55c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL — TWO adults. References. Apply 777 Wellington street. 55u

GOOD GENERAL MAID—NO LAUNDRY—References. Apply 854 Richmond. 55n

GENERAL MAID — APPLY 552 Waterloo street. 55tf

EXPERIENCED NEEDLEWOMAN TO do family mending. 1165 Richmond street north. Phone 485. 55c

MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK— Small family. Phone 2667. *54c

GENERAL MAID WANTED AT ONCE —Three adults in family. Apply, in evenings. Mrs. W. H. Winnett, 430 King street. *54c

FIRST-CLASS DINING-ROOM GIRL wanted at once. Apply Grand Trunk restaurant. *54c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. State qualifications and particulars. Box 211, London Advertiser. 54c

Biscuit and Candy Packers Wanted

Apply—

McCORMICK MANUFACTURING CO 53k

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED —Mrs. R. E. Davis, 113 Wortley road. Phone 216. *51n

NOTICE!

Girls Who Have Been Working On War Work

AND WHO HAVE EXPERIENCE AT

Biscuit Packing,
Chocolate Dipping,
Chocolate Packing,
Bonbon Dipping,
Paper Box Making, etc.,

CALL AT ONCE ON

D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited

Where you will get good wages, steady employment, and good prospects. Dec. 6.

TOBACCO STRIPPERS WANTED — John McNee & Sons, 381 Clarence street. 75tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

EDUCATIONAL

DOLLARS FOR MINUTES—IF YOU use your spare minutes in study you can make them worth dollars. We teach you at home: Matriculation, teachers' courses, bookkeeping, Stenography, engineering, story writing, mind and memory training and many other courses. Ask about what interests you. Canadian correspondence College, Limited, Dept. A, Toronto, Canada. z

WOULD YOU BELIEVE THAT BOYS still in their 'teens, trained at Canada Business College, Chatham, readily command $15 to $20 per week, filling business positions? Our 42 years' acceptable service to the business public is the reason. For particulars get Catalogue B. For home training get Catalogue I. 55n

HELP WANTED.

STANDARD HISTORY OF THE Great War—Canada's sons in the conflict; distinguished authors; mammoth book; profusely illustrated. Great money-maker. Outfit free. Bradley-Garretson, Limited, Brantford, Ont. 45bu

PEACE WORK AT WAR PAY GUARANTEED for three years. Knit urgently needed socks for us on the fast, simple Auto-Knitter. Full particulars today; 3c stamp. Auto-Knitter Company, Dept. C29, 607 College street, Toronto. Dec.13-zxv

MAKE MONEY AT HOME—YOU CAN earn from $1 to $2 an hour in your spare time writing show cards. Quickly and easily learned. No canvassing. We teach you how and sell your work. Write Dept. "A" for full particulars. American Show Card School, Ryrie Building, Yonge and Shuter streets, Toronto. Jan.2

SITUATIONS VACANT

DEMAND FOR TRAINED HELP — IN railway stations. Telegraphers, station agents, freight clerks, etc. Steady employment at wages ranging from $85 to $150 per month to start. Day and mail courses. Particulars free. Write Dominion School Railroading, Toronto. 56tf zw

ROOFING

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

MALE HELP WANTED

YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS TAKEN chemistry course at Collegiate Institute, or has had some chemical experience in chemical laboratory; good opportunity. Apply Yocum Faust, Limited, corner St. George and Piccadilly. *56c

WANTED — A MAN TO MAKE NO. 1 marshmallow, including tray work. Good wages to capable party. Apply Box 216, Advertiser office 56c

BRAKEMEN, FIREMEN, $150-$200 monthly, experience unnecessary. Send addressed, stamped envelope, Railway, Care Advertiser, London. Dec.14-zyxt

CARPENTERS WANTED—APPLY J. Coleman, New Military Hospital, daytime—592 Talbot after six. *55c

WANTED — STATIONARY ENGINEER—One accustomed to Wheelock engines preferred. Must do own firing. Fuel used, shavings and sawdust. Wages paid, $24 per week. Apply J. H. Still & Co., Limited, Elm street, St. Thomas. 55c

100 BUSH MEN AND TEAMSTERS— Gray & Begwood Company, Main Centre. Wages $65. Board and free fare. Apply 521 Simcoe street. 55u

WANTED — A FIRST-CLASS SHOEMAKER—Apply H. Powell, 273 Wellington street. 55c

WANTED — ONE INSEAMER, ONE niggerhead operator, one edge-trimmer, one inseam trimmer. Only those experienced on ladies' high-grade shoes need apply. We offer steady employment at highest wages. Write or wire immediately. Getty & Scott, Limited, Galt, Ont. 55c

AUTOMOBILE TRIMMER — MUST be first-class on all kinds of automobile work, upholstering, tops, slipcovers, and repairs of all kinds. We want a man fit to take charge of a factory doing a very big business, and a permanent job at good wages will be given to a man that can fill the bill. Apply to Jennings & Co., 15 Wellington street, Montreal. 54c

SMART BOY WANTED AT ONCE, with wheel, to act as night messenger; excellent opportunity to learn telegraphy. Apply G. N. W. Telegraph Company. *54c

WANTED — PIPE FITTERS, Riggers, Electricians and Quarry Laborers. Apply Brunner, Mond Canada, Limited, Amherstburg, Ontario. 51n

WANTED — RELIABLE MEN TO represent us in every good town and district in Western Ontario. Good commissions, exclusive territory, extra choice list of stock. Write for full particulars. Stone & Wellington, The Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. Jan. 13.

[illegible] WANTED — POSITIONS are waiting for trained men. Our course trains you in your spare moments. Write for booklet to National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. A, Toronto.

WANTED — MOVING PICTURE operator, at once; wire or phone Crescent Theatre, Sarnia.

TIRE BUILDERS — $2.75 PER DAY while learning; steady work guaranteed. Apply at Dominion Tire Factory, or 127 King street W., Kitchener, Canada. 87tf

Linotype Operator Wanted

For position on Morning Advertiser, steady work.

Apply to Foreman Composing Room. 91tf

WORK WANTED

HIGH-CLASS SHOE REPAIRING — Best materials and workmanship. Ontario Shoe Repair, Talbot, near Dundas. Telephone 5820. Everything new.

USED CARS FOR SALE

1916 FORD TOURING CAR FOR SALE —Good tires, demountable wheels, in good condition, cheap for quick sale. Apply 1094 Dundas. Phone 3391. *17tf

USED FORDS FOR SALE

Big sale now on of reliable used Ford cars in Windsor Ont., at very low prices. We need room. Sedans, coupelets, trucks, touring cars, roadsters, and top delivery cars; some have electric starters. You can save from $50 to $75 by purchasing one of these cars. They are in perfect condition, repainted, and have good tires.

THE UNIVERSAL CAR AGENCY, WINDSOR, ONTARIO. z 54n

Would It Not Be Good Business Foresight to

BUY A USED CAR RIGHT NOW?

We have the RIGHT CARS at the RIGHT PRICE, and you will do RIGHT in placing your confidence with us. A trial will convince you.

Universal Motor Sales

390 PALL MALL STREET.

PHONE 6012. 54c

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 4, West Zorra. Duties to commence Jan. 3, 1919. Salary $750 per annum. Apply to Innes Sutherland, secretary-treasurer, Harrington West P. O. 55n

WANTED — TEACHER (PROTESTANT) for U. S. S. 15 and 12, Howard. Duties to commence after Christmas. Apply, stating salary, to Wallace Rose, R. R. No. 1, Morpeth. 55n

TEACHER (PROTESTANT) WANTED, second class professional, for S. S. No. 8, Dawn, Lambton County; duties to begin January 3. State salary and experience. Apply W. A. White, Florence, R. R. No. 3. 52l

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—CREAM POMERANIAN. LIBERAL reward information. J. W. Ley, 523 Nelson. *56c

FOUND—SUM OF MONEY. APPLY 389 Queen's avenue. *b

LOST—PAIR OF SHELL-RIMMED eyeglasses, Saturday evening, in north end. Reward. 515 Grosvenor. Phone 5511. *56c

STRAYED—FROM TAYLOR'S, BRICK street, one registered Chester hog, weighing between four and five hundred. Any information will be gladly accepted. A. J. Taylor. *56u

STRAYED—BAY HORSE, WITH white streak on forehead to nose. Lot 22, concession 3, London Township. Phone 3020 ring 2. Reward. *56u

LOST — BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING two fives and change. Reward. 500 Quebec. 56u

LOST — GOLD LOCKET, RAISED monogram, J. R. M., between Maitland street, St. Andrew's Church, and Morrison's shoe store. Reward at Morrison's, 123 Dundas street. 56c

STRAYED FROM LOT 21, CONCESSION 14, London Township, one yearling brown mare. Please notify Mrs. M. H. O'Neill, Denfield, R. 4, Ilderton. Phone connections. 56c

LOST—NOVEMBER 28, FROM LOT 8, concession 2, West Nissouri, three heifer calves, one red, two black and white. Any information appreciated. Phone or write John Dawson, R. R. No. 2, Thorndale, Ont. *55c

LOST—BLACK MUFF, BETWEEN 2ND concession and Wellington road. Please leave at Advertiser office. *55c

LOST — WHITE ROUGH-COATED puppy, black spot above tail. Reward on returning to G. B. Harris, 481 Ridout street north. *54

LOST—WEDNESDAY, BLACK AND tan hound, harrier bitch, thin. Reward. Apply J. Jackson, 19 Orchard street. Phone 5139. *54c

LOST — ON OR NEAR DUNDAS street bridge, lady's gold wristwatch. Reward. E. Webb, 18 Pipe Line. 54c

[illegible]

[illegible] CASH FOR OIL PAINTINGS [illegible] water colors; age or condition makes no difference. Box 175 [illegible] 56r

[illegible] REAL ESTATE [illegible] TION, size, price. Box 205, Advertiser. *55c

WANTED — RAW FURS — HIGHEST market prices paid; fair assortment. T. L. Borrowman & Son, Wyoming, Ont. 55n

MILK WANTED—A1 SUPPLY FOR A1 dairy; best price given. Devonshire Dairy, 890 Dufferin avenue. Phone 5298. *54c

CHOPPING OR PULPING MACHINE wanted—Baker's nursery. Ridout south. Phone 2222. 52n

WE BUY AND SELL SECOND-HAND clothes and shoes. We pay the highest price. 341 Dundas.

MELODEONS WANTED — KEENE'S Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

DEAD HORSES AND CATTLE taken away promptly. Will pay cash for live animals. Phone 4740. London Fertilizer Company.

Timber Wanted

We are buying WHITE ASH and HICKORY, standing or delivered in the log at the station.

J. H. STILL MANUFACTURING CO. ST. THOMAS, ONT. Dec. 13.

WE PAY HIGHEST PRICES FOR HIDES ALL KINDS OF

Horse Hides, Beef Hides, Calf and Sheep Skins, Wool and Furs.

T. W. WRIGHTON & SONS.

York and Talbot Streets. Phone 4008. Consignments solicited. zxv

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEBTS DUE MERCHANTS AND others collected anywhere. No collection, no charges. Rates and references on application. Canadian Bureau of Credits. Dominion Bank Chambers.

MORREN — REMOVED FROM 423 Wellington to 231 Queen's avenue. Phone 2698.

USED CARS FOR SALE

Used Car Bargains

MAXWELL Touring Car, with spare tire and tube.

DODGE Touring Car, with spare tire and tube.

FORD Roadster.

McLAUGHLIN Light Six, with spare tire and tube, and bumper.

McLAUGHLIN, D35, four-cylinder, with spare tire and tube.

McLAUGHLIN, E34, four-cylinder roadster, with spare tire, tube and cover.

McLaughlin Carriage Co. Limited

Cor. Bathurst and Richmond Street, City b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

100 ACRES, CLOSE TO CITY — GOOD land and buildings, 12 acres wheat. Will consider 50 acres or smaller farm, with good buildings. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES good clay loam, two sets of good buildings, twenty acres fall wheat, $3,000 worth timber on farm, well fenced and watered, one mile from town and station; would consider house in London or will sell for $8,500 for quick sale. Apply Box 205, Advertiser. *55c

GOOD 1½-STORY FRAME HOUSE for sale, cheap. Arthur Pearce, R. R. No. 3, Lambeth. 55c

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LADIES' SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS and skirts on credit; newest styles and fashions; also men's and boys' clothing. Drop me a line and I will bring down what you require. Lewis Wolf, 769 Dundas street, in grocery store. Phone 6112. tf

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Domestic Shortening, 1-lb. carton ..29c
Aylmer Tomatoes, per tin 19c
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Try a pound of our Bulk Tea at 50c.
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The reason your hens are not laying is because you have not been feeding the right food. Morgan's Lay Food is the right thing. 100 pounds only $2.70. 100 pounds Morgan's Scratch Food, $3. A guaranteed Government analysis is attached to each bag. You know then what you are paying for. Phone in your order. MORGAN'S, 100 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1428. zxv

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Suitable for practice purposes. Full purchase price allowed in event of exchanging for new instrument within a year. Terms to suit your convenience. Out-of-town customers write for full particulars. MASON & RISCH, LIMITED, 248 Dundas Street, London. 51n

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The Big Food Store.

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Items Of Interest to Everybody

Secrets of Health and Happiness

Why Biting the Nails Is a Dangerous Habit

By DR. LEONARD KEENE HIRSHBERG, A. B., M. A., M. D. (Johns Hopkins University.)



DR. HIRSHBERG

The horse has hoofs to withstand the heavy burdens upon it. The cow has horns to protect itself against definite dangers to which it is subjected. The length of the nails on the feet of the hen and rooster signify a definite need to scratch the earth for food. The horse's hoofs, the cow's horns, the chicken's nails—all are modifications of the outer general covering of the anatomy called skin.

In the same way that animals of the lower order have their skins modified to suit the special demands which nature has placed upon them for their preservation and maintenance, the highest of the species, man, in order to meet the needs to which his physical structure is daily subjected, has in a similar way had his skin modified. The soles, heels, finger and toe nails, cuticles and all hard surfaces have been placed upon the human structure in order to shield and to protect.

Hazards Are Many.

If human beings had never learned the art of shoemaking, but had been compelled to go barefooted, their soles and heels today would probably resemble the hoofs of cattle, having become so hardened that they would in all likelihood have taken the place of shoes, and thus have been preserved and maintained to their natural power of resistance.

It is through the use of shoes, however, and through the employment of gloves for the hands that much of this constantly used skin has become softened, though not to the extent to equal the softness of the general cutaneous covering.

The nails of the toes and fingers are the hardest form of skin upon the human construction, and continue to grow without ceasing. They protect the most delicate fibres in the skin. If by any misfortune a sharp device finds its way beneath the nails, such as a needle, pin or splinter, there is danger of blood poisoning unless hurried steps are taken to remove the substance and neutralize its possible evil effects upon the scarlet stream by the aid of an antiseptic such as iodine, peroxide and similar antipoison substances.

Because the skin beneath the nails and generally hardened skin surfaces is so delicate in texture and leads immediately to the crimson fluid of the human anatomy, no one can afford to abuse the nails or tamper with them even at the expense of inconvenience. It seems very convenient at times to relieve "nervousness' by biting the finger nails, an act involving the risk of exposing a delicate area to danger of infection. This not only causes pain, but also is a definite blow to refinement and good taste.

If the finger nails are bitten and the hardened cuticle about them is at the same time torn away by the teeth, the tips of the fingers soon become round, angular and clumsy. This condition is due to the fact when the nail is gone it remains for the muscles alone to protect and guard themselves against rough surfaces as best they can. This they accomplish by the formation of the outer skin into the same hard and firm texture as composes the skin of the soles and heels. If the owner of such fingers then further insists upon giving vent to nervous energy by biting his nails, he takes the chance of disfiguring them permanently, and run the risk of blood poisoning.

Habit Easily Cured.

The habit of biting the finger nails can easily be overcome and the nails brought back into a beautiful shape by tender nursing and care. The hardened skin at the edges of the finger can also be removed to restore delicateness of the hand. All the injury involved in the merciless outrage inflicted on the nails by biting them can be cured by an expert whose duty it is to make the nails measure up to their full standard of beauty. Once this has been accomplished the beauty of the finer nails should in time become so enhanced that the owner will entirely lose his desire ever again to disfigure them.

Answers to Health Questions

R. H. A. A.—If you will send a stamped, self-addressed envelope with your query repeated I will be glad to answer your questions.

A DAILY READER. Q.—Kindly advise what to do for self-consciousness.

A.—Try, my good friend, to forget yourself entirely in the presence of others. Look on the sunny side of life and laugh at your own foibles and weaknesses instead of bothering about what others think. Join in the laughter or fun of the young and carefree. Go around socially, take interest in dances, books, theatres and music.

APPRECIATIVE READER, London, Ont.: Q.—Kindly advise what to do for cold blisters.

A.—Mild antiseptics, such as a little white precipitate ointment and boric acid rids you of them.

Q.—Kindly advise me what to do for pimples.

2. Kindly advise me what to do for blackheads.

A.—Apply a little of the following to your pimples.

Sulphur loti	2½ drams
Balsam peru	½ dram
Camphor	½ dram
Green soap	1 dram
Lanolin	½ ounce
Vaseline	½ ounce

2. Gentle massage with a piece of sterilized absorbent cotton or chamois, followed by the application of a little paste made up with the following, will help your blackheads:

Fuller's earth	4 drams
Vinegar	2 drams
Glycerine	3 drams

R. S. J. Q.—Kindly advise what to do for pellagra.

A.—Fresh fruits, fresh meats and fresh farm vegetables often helps pellagra, and need of them causes it. Medicines are of no value. You must have sunlight, fresh air and fresh foods. Pellagra is neither contagious nor infectious.

Dr. Hirshberg will answer questions for readers of this paper on medical, hygienic and sanitation subjects that are of general interest. He cannot always undertake to prescribe or offer advice for individual cases. Where the subject is not of general interest letters will be answered personally, if a stamped and addressed envelope is inclosed. Address all inquiries to Dr. L. K. Hirshberg, in care of this office.

ARTICLES FOR SALE

SEE ME ABOUT YOUR NEW SUIT, coat, dress or anything in wearing apparel for ladies, men and boys. Terms arranged to suit your conveniences. I am also selling furniture and house furnishings. My patronage is the largest in the city. I guarantee satisfaction. Call, write or phone 3298. J. Wolf, 821 Lorne avenue.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, renovated. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

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Large Clearing Sale

—OF—

100 Head of Purebred and Grade Holstein Cattle

Horses, Hogs, Feed, Implements Furniture, Etc.

The property of JOSEPH GARTON, first farm west of Lyons, in South Dorchester, commencing at 10 a.m.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1918.

Lunch at noon. Stabling for horses.

LINDSAY & POUND, Auctioneers. 55u

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA.

Canadian Claims against Russia.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that all persons, firms and companies in Canada of British nationality having claims

(a) to property situate in territory which, on the 1st August, 1914, formed part of the Russian Empire (including Finland), or

(b) against the Russian Government (including any government exercising de facto authority in any part of that territory), or

(c) against any person, firm or company, or against any municipal or other local authority in that territory,

should file their claims with the undersigned. Instructions for filing such claims may be obtained on application.

The filing of a claim does not imply any undertaking on the part of the Canadian Government to put it forward, or any assurance that if put forward it will be satisfied. Claims should be made so as to enable the Government to put the same forward if opportunity arises.

Dated at Ottawa this 25th day of November, 1918.

THOMAS MULVEY. Under-Secretary of State. D. 2, 5.

Good Night Stories

By Blanche Seivwright

"Now, little ones," cried Mother Oak Tree merrily, "when old North Wind comes along, all let go of my twigs and drop down to the ground. There's plenty of room for all of you to build right near me, so I can watch and protect you from the strong winds until you're large enough to take care of yourselves. When you let go try to fall as near my roots as you can, and we'll build a beautiful wood of oak trees on this lively hill."

All the little Acorn children danced gleefully on their twigs and promised Mother Oak Tree they would do as she told them, except one, and he shook his little brownish-green cap and pouted.

"I'm tired of living in this same old spot!" he cried crossly, "with nothing but grass and threes and water to see all the time."

"But how very beautiful they all are!" exclaimed one of his sisters. "And such lovely blue sky so very near our mother's head."

"Not so near as you think," laughed an Acorn baby who clung to Mother Oak Tree's highest branch. "But, dear me, how anyone could be discontented in such a lovely spot I can't see. Why just beyond our hill there runs a glorious stream. At dawn its waters are the softest shades of pink. Then at noontime it runs gold. In the evening it turns into a deep, deep purple. When the old moon rides the cloud waves in the sky it seems bathed in shimmering silver. And yet you have grown discontented!"



He Splashed Into the Stream.

"What do I care for all that!" cried the little Acorn Boy. "I want to visit the village yonder and see the folks who live there."

"Foolish little fellow!" sighed Mother Oak Tree sadly. "Those very folks among whom you long to dwell would cut you down at a second's notice if you stood in the way of their street-making or their house-building. Here all nature loves you, and you can do greater work on this hill making homes for the birds and shading the flowers that grow at your feet. Better be content with what you have, for many dangers lie in store for the restless one."

But the little Acorn Boy shook his head, and when old North Wind whistled through Mother Oak Tree's branches the little Acorn children let go and dropped at their mother's feet—all save the little Acorn Boy. He gave one mighty leap and rolled down the great hill and splashed into the stream, and the waves washed him out into the ocean, where Mother Oak Tree or his sisters never heard from him again.

But the other little Acorn children heeded their mother's advice and built their lovely homes on the brow of the hill, and now they are as tall as their Mother Oak Tree, and folks for miles around come to sit and rest under their shady branches.

Some day if you should pass that hill and stop to rest maybe you can hear them telling their Acorn babies this very tale I've told to you, for that's where I heard it, under the oak trees on the brow of the hill that overlooks the changeable stream.

The largest private telephone branch in the world is the one which serves the needs of the American war department. On July 1 this branch served 3,178 extensions; on August 1, 3,626. It requires 126 trunk lines for incoming calls; 76 for outgoing calls, local and suburban toll; 17 private toll lines to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Detroit via Cleveland, Hoboken and Newport News and 105 tie lines to other Government stations in Washington. A large increase in the number of private toll lines is probable. An average of four records taken during July shows 32,938 outward and 16,564 inward calls in 24 hours. In the peak hour the calls often run as high as 7,284 an hour.

To-morrow's HOROSCOPE

By Genevieve Kemble

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3.

The forecast for this day, based on the stellar figures, is especially indicative of much pleasure, happiness, prosperity and new and advantageous friendships. Those in employment may be promoted, have increases in salaries or other evidences of preferment from their superiors. The disposition will be peculiarly exalted and joyous, under which uplift results should come in the way of brilliant successes in poetry, music or art or other accomplishments of romantic and illuminated faculties—of inspiration or spiritual insight. In social, domestic and affectional matters there should also be much happiness as well as prosperity under this combined benignant influence of Venus and Neptune most graciously disposed.

Those whose birthday it is are promised a year of happiness and prosperity, with new friendships and gratifying achievements. A child born on this day will be kind, affectionate, romantic, accomplished, successful and happy.

A consular report from Port Limon, Costa Rica, gives interesting details concerning the trade of that region in balsa or corkwood (ochroma), said to be the lightest of all known woods. It has long been used in tropical America for making canoes and a special type of raft, also known as a balsa. It is very porous and a good insulator against heat and cold, and the report above mentioned states that it would be valuable for airplaine construction. The young trees are soft and very sensitive to injury from vines.

MY SOLDIER HUSBAND

ADELE GARRISON'S CONTINUATION OF

REVELATIONS OF A WIFE

How Dicky Faced the Facts.

"Where's the crow and the carving knife, also the pie called humble, and the raiment named sackcloth? Bring 'em along, I'm ready for the entire list."

Dicky's voice sounded gayly from the door of the nursery, as my alcove room was now invariably called. But as I looked up at him quickly I saw that while there was undisguised relief in his face and voice, yet his gayety was palpably forced. No man likes to have it proved to him that he's committed a financial blunder, or that his judgment of people has been at fault, and Dicky has always been loftily intolerant of any other opinion than his own.

His words were directed at me, yet his eyes avoided mine, and the look I did catch from them was full of wounded pride. I was at my wits' end to know in just what words to couch my answer to his drollery, and Lillian's face beside him gave me no aid.

It was little Marion who unwittingly saved the situation by giving me time to regain my poise.

A Smiling Diversion.

"Oh, Uncle Dicky-bird!" she carolled, giving him the name she had bestowed upon him from their first acquaintance, and which her mother had vainly endeavored to have her change in spite of Dicky's protests that he wouldn't have any other appellation from her lips—"see, I'm holding the baby, all by myself!"

I saw his face light up with pleasure at sight of the child, and he hurried across the room to her as if her presence afforded him a reprieve from an ordeal he dreaded.

"Now, see here, Mary-Ann," he drawled, then laughed at the flash of indignation which came into the child's face at the distortion of her name with which Dicky delights to tease her, "who gave you permission to hold my son? Don't you know that anybody who takes him up has to have a permit signed and sealed by me?"

He stooped to kiss her, but Marion adroitly turned her head away.

"No, I won't kiss you, Uncle Dicky-bird," she pouted. "Not when you call me that name. And Auntie Madge told me I could hold the baby, and I guess she's boss of him more than you are, so there, now!"

He turned away from her as if she'd dealt him a blow.

"I guess she is, honey bunch," he said tonelessly. "I'm not boss of anything any longer, not even of myself."

Mother Graham rose quickly from the low chair where she'd been sewing.

"Come, Marion," she said to the child, "suppose we take Richard, Second, over to my room? I think I have some pieces there for your dolls' dresses."

"That's right, clear the room for the execution." Dicky laughed as he spoke, but there was bitterness in both voice and laughter.

His mother didn't appear to have heard him, but busied herself in the transfer of Marion, who still held the baby tightly, to her own room.

"My Own Wonderful Girl!"

As the door closed behind the little procession, Lillian spoke sharply:

"For the love of goodness, Dicky, don't spoil it all! You've been such a brick about the whole business so far—"

He stood irresolute for a moment, then crossed the room to her, put his hands upon her shoulders and looked down into her eyes.

"It's you who have been the brick, old girl," he said fondly. The next moment he had kissed her lightly on the cheek and smilingly turned her toward the door.

"I know you won't mind," he said persuasively, while my heart beat suffocatingly. He had forgiven Lillian, had accepted her conditions, but what was his real attitude toward me?

"Being kicked out?" Lillian flashed at him. "Oh, no, I love it!"

The next moment Dicky had closed the door behind her and was coming toward me.

"Don't be mad by me, sweetheart," he pleaded coaxingly, and at the words I rushed to him impetuously, found myself swept off my feet by his arms.

"Angry at you, Dicky?" I gasped as soon as I could get my breath—the blessedness of knowing that his arms were strong enough to crush me breathless—"you know better than that, dear."

"Well, you ought to be!" he returned soberly, but I put my hand on his lips.

"Please, don't speak like that again," I said. "Just tell me whatever you wish me to know."

"There isn't much to tell that you don't know," he said. "Lil's got a chunk of coin back from E. Stern, and there are some illustrations I finished before I came home that day, which Barker's and the Metropolis have taken, so you probably can pay your father back the money he lent you. But I'm afraid it's going to be mighty hard sledding for you, girl. You know my salary won't be anything like what it has been, and I'm afraid I won't have any chance to do any illustrating on the side, and—"

I put up my lips and stopped the words effectively.

"Sweetheart," I whispered a moment later, "suppose you trust me with that end of it. It's your glorious part to go and fight for your country, let it be mine to take care of things while you're gone."

"My own wonderful girl!" Dicky murmured as he drew me closer.

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When you wear Kaufman's shoes, smiles of complete satisfaction go with every pair we sell. Just you try us for that next pair, and join the "Smile" circle of satisfied customers.

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TAYLOR'S THROAT AND LUNG BALM

Is Guaranteed To Stop That Cough. 35c—65c—$1.20.

Taylor's 6-cut rate Drug Stores.

MEN OF 142ND GREET FORMER COMMANDER MAJOR C. M. R. GRAHAM

O. C. of "London's Own" Battalion Reaches Home.

Major C. M. R. Graham, who went overseas in command of the 142nd Battalion (London's Own), received a rousing welcome on his return home Saturday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. There was a large crowd of friends and relatives at the Grand Trunk station to shake Major Graham by the hand and smother him with kisses.

"It's awfully jolly to see you all," stated the major as cheer upon cheer arose. The Great War Veterans' band broke into "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and led the parade that was quickly formed up Richmond street. Some of Major Graham's men of the 142nd pulled their former commander's auto by a rope, while Majors Alex Calder and Sawyer, Capt. Percy Millman and others marched ahead of the car. Major Graham was heartily cheered by small groups as the parade moved up the street.

At his home, Major Graham, speaking to The Advertiser, referred feelingly to the reception accorded him by London residents.

"I feel deeply grateful to the people of London for their kindness shown to me on arriving," he said.

Referring to his departure from England, he said that Capt. Fred Fisher, one of the former officers of the 142nd Battalion, was on hand to see him off, and wish him safe voyage.

"The reception given the returned men in Halifax was wonderful," said Major Graham. "The whole town turned out. The Daughters of the Empire and the women's organizations of Halifax were more than kind, and when the men entered the train, they found on every seat apples, cigarettes and a magazine for each man."

"It's very jolly to be home again," added the major.

VIEWS OF PALESTINE, GREECE AND EGYPT SHOWN BY LECTURER

"Morning Lands of History" was the topic of an interesting illustrated lecture by Rev. Godfrey R. Wreford at the Auditorium yesterday afternoon. The 120 beautiful views of Palestine, Egypt and Greece were alone worth seeing, but as Mr. Wreford, who is a member of the Royal Geographical Society, and who has traveled through the places shown on the screen, explained them in his interesting manner the entertainment was well worth while.

Other than those of the three places mentioned above, scenes of London, Paris and Marseilles were shown. There were many scenes of old Athens, including the Temple of Theseus, the Temple Zeus, Temple of Erestheus and Mars Hill.

Among the Holy Land collection were scenes of the walls and gates of Jerusalem and the Church of the Holy Sepulchre.

A. L. Carr of the Military Y. M. C. A., presided, and Sergt. Gordon Scott played the piano.



Lillian and Dorothy Gish, starring in the world's greatest motion picture drama, "Hearts of the World," showing at the Majestic Theatre all this week. The great orchestra, led by Jules Brazil, will furnish many wonderful musical effects particularly suited for this colossal screen drama. "Hearts of the World" shows the happy, peaceful life of the people of a small village before the grim horror war reared its ugly head over the horizon. The causes that led up to the war are shown; the meeting of the English Parliament on the eventful night when the vote was cast for war; the session of the French Senate voting upon the declaration of war; the session of the cabinet awaiting the fatal hour when the ultimatum to Germany would expire. These scenes come as a prelude; then the great drama begins when the German hordes enter France. In taking the battle pictures for "Hearts of the World" Mr. Griffith had the assistance and co-operation of the British war office.

JEWS SEARCH NEW TESTAMENT FOR CHAPTERS AUTHORIZING PERSECUTION OF THEIR RACE

Interesting Addresses on the Restoration of Holy Land by Speakers in London.

One of the most momentous results of the war will be the return of the Jews as a nation to Palestine and the setting up there of a Jewish kingdom according to Evangelist Philip Sidersky of Baltimore, who addressed a large audience in the Majestic Theatre Sunday afternoon on the Jewish question. The turning point in the war was when General Allenby entered Palestine last year, one month after England had declared that Palestine should be given to the Jews, the speaker declared.

"God has promised to give the land into the hands of the Jews again. Now after centuries of wanderings all over the earth, being persecuted on every hand and without a home, the Jews in all countries are looking forward eargerly to their return to the land of their forefathers.

Expecting Messiah.

"For ages the Jews have been expecting the Messiah to come to earth and set up an earthly kingdom, but the majority of them do not recognize the coming Messiah as the Christ who came to earth nearly two thousand years ago.

"The Jew has been taught to regard the New Testament as a book to be shunned, but when he is persuaded to read it for the first time he looks for the chapter that authorizes the persecution of his race. He realizes that his worst persecutors have been numbered among the nations that are called Christian, and naturally he thinks that the New Testament must contain some teaching along this line."

Evangelist Sidersky declared that God is already commencing to mete out judgment to the nations that have persecuted his people.

Russia, where he was born and reared, was evidenced by him as an example. For years the Jews have been persecuted and killed by thousands there. Mr. Sidersky thinks the reign of Bolshevism in Russia can be taken as part of the judgment of God. Evangelist Sidersky is preaching in the Pentecostal Church on Dundas street for some time.

During the service yesterday afternoon he sang the Jewish national song.

Will Return.

"The Jews will undoubtedly return to Palestine sooner or later," stated Rev. Henry Singer, superintendent of Jewish missions in Toronto, speaking in Talbot Street Baptist Church Sunday morning. "I believe that God intended they should." Mr. Singer inferred that if his people did not go peaceably, the chances were that there would be some sort of persecution visited on them that would mean a return to the Holy land. God would guide them back.

Mr. Singer told of his work among the Jews of Toronto, and stated that until a short time ago the Jews of Detroit, numbering some 100,000 were without a missionary. He told of his own conversion by the late Dr. A. J. Gordon of Boston, pointing out that it was not necessary for a Jew to be converted by a Jew.

Mr. Henry will go on to Detroit this week, where he will hold a number of meetings.

MIND REFRESHMENT INSTEAD OF BODY FOR "GUID SCOTS"

"Auld Times" and "Auld Places" Interesting to St. Andrew's Members.

If the gathering of "guid Scots" in the St. Andrew's Society rooms on Saturday evening were not large, those who did attend to celebrate the day of their patron saint made up for lack of number by their enthusiasm for Scotland and all that pertains to the land of the heather. Before the meeting was called to order, sprigs of heather were handed to each one present and placed in buttonholes with real pride; they were a voice from the native hills of nearly every wearer.

"D'ye ken Blair Athol? Yin morning I mind weel starting aff to walk ower the hills by the sheep track to Braemar. We left hame at 3 o'clock and didna land at Braemar tell seeven o'clock i the evening. Mon, bit we were sair o' foot."

The words drifted across the room from one speaker, and immediately there followed an animated discussion over the roads in that locality. They were all back hame in a meenit and eyes became dreamy.

It was a social gathering and a sociable. Because of the influenza epidemic the original intention of holding a banquet was given up and refreshment for the mind was substituted for refreshment for the inner man. Songs of braw Scotland were rendered by Scottish voices, whose quality was beyond reproach. "Scots Wha Hae," and others of like ilk were rendered magnificently by Archie McCullough, who added to his reputation by his singing of that fine old sang, "The Deathless Army." The Harmony trio rendered patriotic airs in a manner which quickened the blood in every vein, and I. Ballantyne gave some rousing Scottish songs of a lighter type in a way which brought insistent encores.

Were the bagpipes there? They were, and in most capable hands. Two young pupils of Pipe Major T. M. Macdonald, sounded the pibroch valiantly, and the major himself entertained the company for a few minutes in a manner worthy of the Braemar gathering.

An address given by T. H. Purdom, K. C., was appreciated as much for the lofty patriotism it expressed as for its Scottish feeling. The speaker introduced himself as "The Last of the Mohicans," referring to the old days when he had been one of the more active members of the society, working with Scots whose names are dear to all, but who have now passed to the great majority.

Mr. Purdom dealt, without gloves, with those who dare to stand up in public and state that Britain had any part in precipitating the European war. To lay any part of the blame on Scotland, especially, was nothing short of treason. These sentiment were applauded to the echo.

Jim Anderson, one of the society's most active workers, spoke a few words, outlining what the society had done in the past year, and intimating a change in the intentions for the future. Instead of confining itself to helping needy Scots, the society proposes to branch out into other activities.

Willie Forbes acted as chairman in the regrettable absence of President Alec Fraser, who is ill. He introduced the program in a few words, and called on Tom Hyslop, secretary, to read greetings received from other branches of the society in Canada and the United States. These all sounded a patriotic and brotherly note, and the majority were written in verse, which led to the hope that another Robbie Burns may yet arise to sing the praises and portray the life of Auld Scotia.

Is it necessary to add that St. Andrew's social closed with the singing of Auld Lang Syne?

PUNCH AND PATHOS IN "THE BETTER 'OLE"

Sensational Screen Success Coming to Majestic Theatre.

BILL, BERT AND ALF

Warriors of International Fame Seen at First Hand.

The Majestic has secured for the week of December 9 the great British production of Capt. Bruce Bairnsfather, "The Better 'Ole," a film version of the successful play, has proved to be a sensational success, as its authors ventured it would be. Taken all round it is the finest British picture ever produced. No foreign picture has ever surpassed it in its power, humor, pathos, production and acting. It has taken six months to bring it from scenoria stage to the finished film, and the time has been well spent. The film goes much further than the play, is a fuller story, with connected scenes, and it introduces some new characters.

Punch and Pathos.

Quoted from the Toronto World, the picture is a succession of stinging emotions, which exhibitors call "punch," with alternating flashes of humor and humanity, connected by the wittiest sub-titles ever seen on the screen. One or another is constantly before the eyes. A tear can hardly start to trickle down the cheek before it is checked by laughter, which dries it up. The great gathering cried until it laughed and laughed until it cried. Never was there such a mingling of tears and laughter at the showing of a picture. There are times when the acting is so expressive that the motionless attitude of the players brings tears to the eyes. There are scenes so real and so tremendously powerful that one forgets that one is looking at a picture.

The secret of this play's wonderful fascination is its close and true analysis of the spirit which animates the men in the trenches, that spirit that keeps them cheerful under conditions almost indescribable. The army is full of "Old Bills," "Alfs" and "Berts," and their sorrows and pleasures—pleasures under circumstances that would seem to make the very thought of the word a mockery—are true reflections of what the daily life of the boys is "over there." But "The Better 'Ole" will do more than raise a laugh and dim the eyes with tears at pathos so piquantly drawn. It will serve to make the people at home understand as perhaps they never have understood why this war is being fought out to a bitter end, and how much is due to the "Berts" and "Alfs" and "Old Bills," who stand a living wall of protection for England against the horrors that overtook Belgium and the places where the German's foot has been set.

The play, centring round the three principal characters, is full of vivid flashes. Old Bill, scorning everything to carry through the piece of work single-handed that saves the French from the treachery of a spy, is a scene of intense and thrilling force, and the return to Blighty is a mixture of humor and true pathos that has seldom been equalled on the screen.

Charles Rock, as Old Bill, is seen in as fine a character as he has yet portrayed, and he is supported by Arthur Cleave and Hugh E. Wright as Bert and Alf respectively in character studies of the most finished kind. The settings of the play call for the highest commendation, and as a British production it can rank as amongst the best.

The Toronto public were so delighted with the picture that it was held over for another week. The manager of the Majestic, who witnessed a private showing of the picture personally guarantees it to be one of the greatest attractions of the season, a picture of which no praise is to great.

BIG RESPONSE FOR MISSIONARY WORK IN METHODIST CHURCHES

Rev. J. H. Arnup Makes Appeal at the First Methodist.

Yesterday was missionary day in the Methodist Churches of London, and it is expected that as a result of the pressing need for funds that was ably put before the people, London's quota to the work will be realized. Last year the Methodist Church raised $800,000 for missions, and this year it is hoped that $1,000,000 will be subscribed.

Rev. J. H. Arnup, B.A., assistant missionary secretary of the church, spoke in the First Methodist Church Sunday morning to a large congregation, taking as his text, "If any man be in Christ Jesus, he is a new creature." The speaker contended that the new democracy would be made safe only by putting the Christ spirit into the individual man. This work was the very genius of missions which had vindicated their right to live by their far-reaching effect on the lives of the community where they were established. No camp had been too isolated or lonely prairie village too remote for the missionaries and their work.

"Where these missions have been established all the higher things of rich citizenship have been freely taught and lived," declared Mr. Arnup. Thus the roots and springs of the nation had been touched. No governmental proclamation or organization could produce the effect that has been obtained by the missionary who had gone down to the people and lived his life with them. The church, therefore, laid just claim to the primal place in true democracy building.

The missionary society was seeking to grasp the tremendous opportunity offered and to meet its demands. If in every spot in every land there was a missionary, the hope of the gospel and the light of a new democracy with infinite healing would arise.

At Askin street Methodist Church, the day proved most successful, and about 72,000 was collected, with the Epworth League and the Sunday School contributions still to be added.

CROWD AT CONCERT.

A band concert held last night in the Patricia Theatre, under the auspices of the C.G.R. band, proved to be a great musical fete, which was enjoyed by all present. This is the first band concert held on Sunday evening, since the signing of the armistice. The theatre was crowded to the doors.

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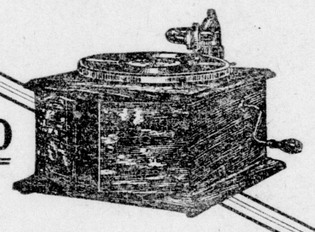
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	Patriotic Airs of the Allies (Accordion)	Pietro
45145	Holy Night (Cantique de Noel)	Marsh
	Silent Night, Holy Night	Trinity Choir
18492	Good Bye Alexander, Good Bye Honey Boy	Harris
	When Uncle Joe Steps into France	Collins-Harlan
18492	When You Sang "Hush-a-Bye Baby to Me, Stirling Trio	
	Mammy's Chocolate Soldier	Harris
18498	National Emblem March	United States Marine Band
	Lights Out March	Pryor's Band
18504	Sabre and Spurs March	Sousa's Band
	Solid Men to the Front—March	Sousa's Band
18506	Oh! How I Wish I Could Sleep Until My Daddy Comes Home	Henry Burr
	There's Nobody Home But Me	Charles Hart
16661	Darky and the Boys (Walnut Story)	Whitney
	Old Oaken Bucket—Parody	Wills
17854	Village Gossips	Stewart-Harlan
	Uncle Josh Buys an Automobile	Stewart
16849	Burbank, The Wizard	Hill
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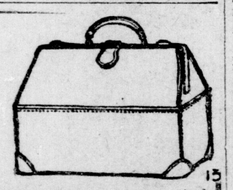
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